FIRST DAY

NOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, January 13, 1997

The House of Representatives of the 1997 regular Session of the Fifty-Fifth Legislature was called to order at 12:00 Noon by the Chief Clerk of the Fifty-Fourth Legislature, Timothy A. Martin.

The Chief Clerk requested the Sergeant at Arms to escort the Members-elect to seats on the floor of the House.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by the Joint Service Color Guard.

The National Anthem was sung by students of Zion Preparatory Academy, Seattle under the direction of Mar-Keeta Kinard and accompanied to Olympia by Mark Wheeler, Supervisor and the Dr. Reverend Eugene Drayton, Founder of Zion Preparatory Academy.

Prayer was offered by Reverend John Paul Clark, Wenatchee Free Methodist Church.

Heavenly Father,

We recognize your sovereign over our world, nation and state. We acknowledge you as the only wise God, the King eternal. We comprehend that you are the giver of every good and perfect gift. I thank you Father for these men and women who are willing to serve in public office. A tremendous load of responsibility rests on their shoulders. Often their work will either be criticized or go unnoticed. I pray that you would give to every representative the strength and comfort of your presence.

In your Holy Word we read: "If anyone lacks wisdom he should ask God who gives generously to all." I pray Father, that you would give to the House of Representatives wisdom as they make decisions on behalf of their constituents.

The Bible says: "Who is wise? Let him show it by his good life, by deeds done in humility that comes from wisdom." Heavenly Father, please impart wisdom that is pure, peach loving, considerate, submissive, full of mercy and good fruit, impartial and sincere.

Finally, Lord when it is all said and done, may these public servants remember that the fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom.

I pray these things in the strong name of our Lord Jesus Christ.

Amen.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the third order of business.

MESSAGE FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE

The Honorable
Speaker of the House of Representatives
The Legislature of the State of Washington
Olympia, Washington

Mr. Speaker:

I, Ralph Munro, Secretary of State of Washington, do hereby certify that the following is a full, true, and correct list of persons elected to the office of State Representative at the State General
Election held in the State of Washington on the fifth day of November, 1996, as shown by the official returns of said election now on file in the office of the Secretary of State:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DIST.</th>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>COUNTIES REPRESENTED</th>
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<tr>
<td>No. 1</td>
<td>O’Brien (D)</td>
<td>King (part), Snohomish (part)</td>
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<td>Sherstad (R)</td>
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<td>Bush (R)</td>
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<td>Wood (D)</td>
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<td>Gombosky (D)</td>
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<td>Sommers (R)</td>
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<td>Adams, Asotin (part), Spokane (part),</td>
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<td>Schoesler (R), Whitman, Yakima</td>
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<td>Island, Skagit (part), Snohomish (part)</td>
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<td>Sehlin (R)</td>
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<td>Cody (D)</td>
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<td>Wolfe (D)</td>
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<td>No. 23</td>
<td>Zellinsky (R)</td>
<td>Kitsap (part)</td>
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<td>Schmidt (R)</td>
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<td>No. 24</td>
<td>Buck (R)</td>
<td>Clallam, Grays Harbor (part), Jefferson</td>
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<td>No. 25</td>
<td>McDonald (R)</td>
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<td>Kastama (D)</td>
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<td>No. 26</td>
<td>Lantz (D)</td>
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<td>Huff (R)</td>
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No. 27  Fisher (D)   Pierce (part)
        Regala (D)
No. 28  Talcott (R)  Pierce (part)
        Carrell (R)
No. 29  Conway (D)   Pierce (part)
        Sullivan (D)
No. 30  Hickel (R)   King (part), Pierce (part)
        Mitchell (R)
No. 31  Robertson (R)  King (part), Pierce (part)
        Thomas (R)
No. 32  Butler (D)   King (part)
        Cole (D)
No. 33  Patterson (D)  King (part)
        Keiser (D)
No. 34  Poulsen (D)  King (part)
        Constantine (D)
No. 35  Johnson (R)  Grays Harbor (part), Kitsap (part) Mason,
        Sheldon (D)  Thurston (part)
No. 36  Sommers (D)  King (part)
        Dickerson (D)
No. 37  Mason (D)    King (part)
        Tokuda (D)
No. 38  Costa (D)    Snohomish (part)
        Scott (D)
No. 39  Dunshee (D)  King (part), Snohomish (part)
        Koster (R)
No. 40  Quall (D)    San Juan, Skagit (part), Whatcom (part)
        Morris (D)
No. 41  Wensman (R)  King (part)
        Ballasiotes (R)
No. 42  Gardner (D)  Whatcom (part)
        Linville (D)
No. 43  Murray (D)   King (part)
        Chopp (D)
No. 44  Schmidt (R)  Snohomish (part)
        Thompson (R)
No. 45  Lambert (R)  King (part)
        Backlund (R)
No. 46  Appelwick (D)  King (part)
        Jacobsen (D)
No. 47  Cooke (R)    King (part)
        Cairnes (R)
No. 48  Reams (R)    King (part)
        Van Luven (R)
No. 49  Carlson (R)  Clark (part)
        Ogden (D)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the seal of the State of Washington at Olympia this tenth day of January, 1997.

(Seal)

Ralph Munro, Secretary of State.

MESSAGE FROM KING COUNTY

MOTION NO. 10045

A MOTION appointing a replacement to the vacancy in the
WHEREAS, a vacancy has been created for the position of State Representative for the 46th Legislative District, due to the resignation of Ken Jacobsen; and
WHEREAS, the King County Democrats have submitted the names of three nominees for the vacancy;
NOW, THEREFORE BE IT MOVED by the Council of King County: Phyllis Kenney is hereby appointed to the position of State Representative for the 46th Legislative District, effective immediately, for the remainder of the term.
PASSED by a vote of 12 to 0 this 13th day of January, 1997.

KING COUNTY COUNCIL
KING COUNTY,

WASHINGTON

MOTION NO. 10046

A MOTION appointing a replacement to the Washington State House of Representatives from the 33rd Legislative District, created by the resignation of Julia Patterson.

WHEREAS, a vacancy has been created for the position of State Representative from the 33rd Legislative District, due to the resignation of Julia Patterson, a Democrat; and
WHEREAS, the 33rd District Democrats have submitted the names of three well qualified nominees for the vacancy;
NOW, THEREFORE BE IT MOVED by the Council of King County: Rod Blalock is hereby appointed to the position of State Representative for the 33rd Legislative District.
PASSED by a vote of 12 to 0 this 13th day of January, 1997.

KING COUNTY COUNCIL
KING COUNTY,

WASHINGTON

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll of the House.

MEMBERS’ OATH OF OFFICE

Supreme Court Justice Richard P. Guy administrated the oath of office to the Members-elect of the House of Representatives. Justice Guy signed the Certificate of Oath. Secretary of State Ralph Munro was present on the rostrum to deliver the certificates of election. The Chief Clerk had the Sergeant-at-Arms distribute the certificates to the members.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4600, by Representatives Lisk and Chopp

BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives Rules Committee shall meet no later than Monday, January 20, 1997, the eighth legislative day, to consider and make recommendations on permanent rules for the House of Representatives; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That no later than Friday, January 24, 1997, the twelfth legislative day, the House of Representatives shall meet to consider adoption of permanent rules for the Fifty-fifth Legislature; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That temporary House Rules for the Fifty-fifth Legislature be adopted as follows:
HOUSE RULE NO.

Rule 1 Definitions
Rule 2 Chief Clerk to Call to Order
Rule 3 Election of Officers
Rule 4 Powers and Duties of the Speaker
Rule 5 Chief Clerk
Rule 6 Duties of Employees
Rule 7 Admission to the House
Rule 8 Absentees and Courtesy
Rule 9 Bills, Memorials and Resolutions - Introductions
Rule 10 Reading of Bills
Rule 11 Amendments
Rule 12 Final Passage
Rule 13 Hour of Meeting, Roll Call and Quorum
Rule 14 Daily Calendar and Order of Business
Rule 15 Motions
Rule 16 Members Right to Debate
Rule 17 Rules of Debate
Rule 18 Ending of Debate - Previous Question
Rule 19 Voting
Rule 20 Reconsideration
Rule 21 Call of the House
Rule 22 Appeal from Decision of Chair
Rule 23 Standing Committees
Rule 24 Duties of Committees
Rule 25 Standing Committees - Expenses - Subpoena Power
Rule 26 Vetoed Bills
Rule 27 Suspension of Compensation
Rule 28 Smoking
Rule 29 Parliamentary Rules
Rule 30 Standing Rules Amendment
Rule 31 Rules to Apply for Assembly
Rule 32 Legislative Mailings

Definitions

Rule 1. "Absent" means an unexcused failure to attend.

"Term" means the two-year term during which the members as a body may act.

"Session" means a constitutional gathering of the house in accordance with Article 2 § 12 of the state Constitution.

"Committee" means any standing, conference, joint, (subcommittee,) or select committee as so designated by rule or resolution.

"Bill" means bill, joint memorial, joint resolution, or concurrent resolution unless the context indicates otherwise.

Chief Clerk to Call to Order
**Rule 2.** It shall be the duty of the chief clerk of the previous term to call the house to order and to conduct the proceedings until a speaker is chosen.

**Election of Officers**

**Rule 3.** The house shall elect the following officers at the commencement of each term: Its presiding officer, who shall be styled speaker of the house; a speaker pro tempore, who shall serve in absence or in case of the inability of the speaker; and a chief clerk of the house. Such officers shall hold office during all sessions until the convening of the succeeding term: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That any of these offices may be declared vacant by the vote of a constitutional majority of the house, the members voting viva voce and their votes shall be entered on the journal. If any office is declared vacant, the house shall fill such vacant office as hereinafter provided. In all elections by the house a constitutional majority shall be required, the members shall vote viva voce and their votes shall be entered on the journal. (Art. II § 27)

**Powers and Duties of the Speaker**

**Rule 4.** The speaker shall have the following powers and duties:

(A) The speaker shall take the chair and call the house to order precisely at the hour appointed for meeting and if a quorum be present, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read and shall proceed with the order of business.

(B) The speaker shall preserve order and decorum, and in case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct within the chamber or legislative area, shall order the sergeant at arms to suppress the same and may order the sergeant at arms to remove any person creating any disturbance within the house chamber or legislative area.

(C) The speaker may speak to points of order in preference to other members, arising from the seat for that purpose, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the house by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the house.

(D) The speaker shall sign all bills in open session. (Art. II § 32)

(E) The speaker shall sign all writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by order of the house, all of which shall be attested to by the chief clerk.

(F) The speaker shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall neither extend beyond adjournment nor authorize the representative so substituted to sign any documents requiring the signature of the speaker.

(G) The speaker, in open session, shall appoint committee chairs from the majority party of the house and shall appoint members to committees in the same ratio as the membership of the respective parties of the house, unless otherwise provided by law or house rules.

(H) The speaker shall serve as chair of the rules committee.

(I) The speaker shall have charge of and see that all officers, attaches, and clerks perform their respective duties.

(J) The speaker pro tempore shall exercise the duties, powers, and prerogatives of the speaker in the event of the speaker's death, illness, removal, or inability to act until the speaker's successor shall be elected.

**Chief Clerk**
**Rule 5.** The chief clerk shall perform the usual duties pertaining to the office, and shall hold office until a successor has been elected.

The chief clerk shall employ, upon the recommendation of the employment committee and subject to the approval of the speaker, all other house employees; the hours of duty and assignments of all house employees shall be under the chief clerk’s directions and instructions, and they may be dismissed by the chief clerk with the approval of the speaker. The speaker shall sign and the chief clerk shall countersign all payrolls and vouchers for all expenses of the house and appropriately transmit the same. In the event of the chief clerk’s death, illness, removal, or inability to act, the speaker may appoint an acting chief clerk who shall exercise the duties and powers of the chief clerk until the chief clerk’s successor shall be elected.

**Duties of Employees**

**Rule 6.** Employees of the house shall perform such duties as are assigned to them by the chief clerk. Under no circumstances shall the compensation of any employee be increased for past services. No house employee shall seek to influence the passage or rejection of proposed legislation.

**Admission to the House**

**Rule 7.** It shall be the general policy of the house to keep the chamber clear as follows:

(A) The sergeant at arms shall admit only the following individuals to the wings and adjacent areas of the house chamber for the period of time beginning one-half hour prior to convening and ending one-half hour following the adjournment of the house’s daily session:

- The governor or designees, or both;
- Members of the senate;
- State elected officials;
- Officers and authorized employees of the legislature;
- Former members of the house who are not advocating any pending or proposed legislation;
- Representatives of the press;
- Other persons with the consent of the speaker.

(B) Only members, pages, sergeants at arms, and clerks are permitted on the floor while the house is in session.

(C) Lobbying in the house chamber or in any committee room or lounge room is prohibited when the house or committee is in session unless expressly permitted by the house or committee. Anyone violating this rule will forfeit his or her right to be admitted to the house chamber or any of its committee rooms.

**Absentees and Courtesy**

**Rule 8.** No member shall be absent from the service of the house without leave from the speaker. When the house is in session, only the speaker shall recognize visitors and former members.

**Bills, Memorials and Resolutions - Introductions**

**Rule 9.** Any member desiring to introduce a bill shall file the same with the chief clerk. Bills filed by 10:00 a.m. shall be introduced at the next daily session, in the order filed: PROVIDED, That if such introduction is within the last ten days of a regular session, it cannot be considered without a direct vote of two-thirds (2/3) of all the members elected to each house with such vote recorded and entered upon the journal. (Art. II § 36)

Any member or member-elect may prefile a bill with the chief clerk commencing twenty (20) days before any session. Prefiled bills shall be introduced on the first legislative day.

All bills shall be endorsed with a statement of the title and the name of the member or members introducing the same. The chief clerk shall attach to all bills a substantial cover bearing the title and
sponsors and shall number each bill in the order filed. All bills shall be printed unless otherwise ordered by the house.

Any bill introduced at any session during the term shall be eligible for action at all subsequent sessions during the term.

Reading of Bills

Rule 10. Every bill shall be read on three separate days: PROVIDED, That this rule may be temporarily suspended at any time by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members present; and that on and after the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine die of any session, as determined pursuant to Article II, Section 12 of the state Constitution or concurrent resolution, or on and after the third day prior to the day a bill must be reported from the house as established by concurrent resolution, this rule may be suspended by a majority vote.

(A) FIRST READING. The first reading of a bill shall be by title only, unless a majority of the members present demand a reading in full.

After the first reading the bill shall be referred to an appropriate committee.

Upon being reported out of committee, all bills shall be referred to the rules committee, unless otherwise ordered by the house.

The rules committee may, by majority vote, refer any bill in its possession to a committee for further consideration. Such referral shall be reported to the house and entered in the journal under the fifth order of business.

(B) SECOND READING. Upon second reading, the bill number and short title and the last line of the bill shall be read unless a majority of the members present shall demand its reading in full. The bill shall be subject to amendment section by section. No amendment shall be considered by the house until it has been sent to the chief clerk’s desk in writing, distributed to the desk of each member, and read by the clerk. All amendments adopted during second reading shall be securely fastened to the original bill. All amendments rejected by the house shall be passed to the minute clerk, and the journal shall show the disposition of such amendments.

When no further amendments shall be offered, the speaker shall declare the bill has passed its second reading.

(C) SUBSTITUTE BILLS. When a committee reports a substitute for an original bill with the recommendation that the substitute bill do pass, it shall be in order to read the substitute the first time and have the same printed. A motion for the substitution shall not be in order until the second reading of the original bill.

(D) THIRD READING. Only the last line of bills shall be read on third reading unless a majority of the members present demand a reading in full. No amendments to a bill shall be received on third reading but it may be referred or recommitted for the purpose of amendment.

(E) SUSPENSION CALENDAR. Bills may be placed on the second reading suspension calendar by the rules committee if at least two minority party members of the rules committee join in such motion. Bills on the second reading suspension calendar shall not be subject to amendment or substitution except as recommended in the committee report. When a bill is before the house on the suspension calendar, the question shall be to adopt the committee recommendations and advance the bill to third reading. If the question fails to receive a two-thirds vote of the members present, the bill shall be referred to the rules committee for second reading.

(F) HOUSE RESOLUTIONS. House resolutions shall be filed with the chief clerk who shall transmit them to the rules committee. If a rules committee meeting is not scheduled to occur prior to a time necessitated by the purpose of a house resolution, the majority leader and minority leader by agreement may waive transmission to the rules committee to permit consideration of the resolution by the house. The rules committee may adopt house resolutions by a sixty percent majority vote of its entire membership or may, by a majority vote of its members, place them on the motions calendar for consideration by the house.
(G) CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS. Reading of concurrent resolutions may be advanced by majority vote.

Amendments

Rule 11. The right of any member to offer amendments to proposed legislation shall not be limited except as provided in Rule 10(E) and as follows:

(A) AMENDMENTS TO BE OFFERED IN PROPER FORM. The chief clerk shall establish the proper form for amendments and all amendments offered shall bear the name of the member who offers the same, as well as the number and section of the bill to be amended.

(B) COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS. When a bill is before the house on second reading, amendments adopted by committees and recommended to the house shall be acted upon by the house before any amendments that may be offered from the floor.

(C) SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS. A house bill, passed by the senate with amendment or amendments which shall change the scope and object of the bill, upon being received in the house, shall be referred to appropriate committee and shall take the same course as for original bills unless a motion not to concur is adopted prior to the bill being referred to committee.

(D) AMENDMENTS TO BE GERMANE. No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment; and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto or incorporating therein any other bill or resolution pending before the house.

(E) SCOPE AND OBJECT NOT TO BE CHANGED. No amendment to any bill shall be allowed which shall change the scope and object of the bill. This objection may be raised at any time an amendment is under consideration. The speaker may allow the person raising the objection and the mover of the amendment to provide brief arguments as to the merits of the objection. (Art. II § 38)

(F) NO AMENDMENT BY REFERENCE. No act shall ever be revised or amended without being set forth at full length. (Art. II § 37)

(G) TITLE AMENDMENTS. The subject matter portion of a bill title shall not be amended in committee or on second reading. Changes to that part of the title after the subject matter statement shall either be presented with the text amendment or be incorporated by the chief clerk in the engrossing process.

Final Passage

Rule 12. Rules relating to bills on final passage are as follows:

(A) RECOMMITMENT BEFORE FINAL PASSAGE. A bill may be recommitted at any time before its final passage.

(B) FINAL PASSAGE. No bill shall become a law unless on its final passage the vote be taken by yeas and nays, the names of the members voting for and against the same be entered on the journal of each house, and a majority of the members elected to each house be recorded thereon as voting in its favor. (Art. II § 22)

(C) BILLS PASSED - CERTIFICATION. When a bill passes, it shall be certified to by the chief clerk, said certification to show the date of its passage together with the vote thereon.

Hour of Meeting, Roll Call and Quorum
**Rule 13.** (A) **HOUR OF MEETING.** The speaker shall call the house to order each day of sitting at 10:00 A.M., unless the house shall have adjourned to some other hour.

(B) **ROLL CALL AND QUORUM.** Before proceeding with business, the roll of the members shall be called and the names of those absent or excused shall be entered on the journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. In the absence of a quorum, seven members with the speaker, or eight members in the speaker’s absence, having chosen a speaker pro tempore, shall be authorized to demand a call of the house and may compel the attendance of absent members in the manner provided in Rule 21(B). For the purpose of determining if a quorum be present, the speaker shall count all members present, whether voting or not. (Art. II § 8)

(C) The house shall adjourn not later than 10:00 P.M. of each working day. This rule may be suspended by a majority vote.

**Daily Calendar and Order of Business**

**Rule 14.** The rules relating to the daily calendar and order of business are as follows:

(A) **DAILY CALENDAR.** Business of the house shall be disposed of in the following order:

First: Roll call, presentation of colors, prayer, and approval of the journal of the preceding day.

Second: Introduction of visiting dignitaries.

Third: Messages from the senate, governor, and other state officials.

Fourth: Introduction and first reading of bills, memorials, joint resolutions, and concurrent resolutions.

Fifth: Committee reports.

Sixth: Second reading of bills.

Seventh: Third reading of bills.

Eighth: Floor resolutions and motions.

Ninth: Presentation of petitions, memorials, and remonstrances addressed to the Legislature.

Tenth: Introduction of visitors and other business to be considered.

Eleventh: Announcements.

(B) **UNFINISHED BUSINESS.** The unfinished business at which the house was engaged preceding adjournment shall not be taken up until reached in regular order, unless the previous question on such unfinished business has been ordered prior to said adjournment.

(C) **EXCEPTIONS.** Exceptions to the order of business are as follows:

(1) The order of business may be changed by a majority vote of those present.

(2) By motion under the eighth order of business, a bill in the rules committee may be placed on the calendar by the affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the house.

(3) House resolutions and messages from the senate, governor, or other state officials may be read at any time.

**Motions**

**Rule 15.** Rules relating to motions are as follows:

(A) **MOTIONS TO BE ENTERTAINED OR DEBATED.** No motion shall be entertained or debated until announced by the speaker and every motion shall be deemed to have been seconded. A motion shall be reduced to writing and read by the clerk, if desired by the speaker or any member, before it shall be debated and by the consent of the house may be withdrawn before amendment or action.
(B) MOTIONS IN ORDER DURING DEBATE. When a motion has been made and seconded and stated by the chair, the following motions are in order, in the rank named:

(1) Privileged motions:
   - Adjourn
   - Adjourn to a time certain
   - Recess to a time certain
   - Reconsider
   - Demand for division
   - Question of privilege
   - Orders of the day

(2) Subsidiary motions:
   - First rank: Question of consideration
   - Second rank: To lay on the table
   - Third rank: For the previous question
   - Fourth rank: To postpone to a day certain
     - To commit or recommit
     - To postpone indefinitely
   - Fifth rank: To amend

(3) Incidental motions:
   - Points of order and appeal
   - Method of consideration
   - Suspension of the rules
   - Reading papers
   - Withdraw a motion
   - Division of a question

(C) THE EFFECT OF POSTPONEMENT - MOTIONS TO POSTPONE OR COMMIT. Once decided, no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely shall again be allowed on the same day and at the same stage of the proceedings. When a question has been postponed indefinitely, it shall not again be introduced during the session. The motion to postpone indefinitely may be made at any stage of the bill except when on first reading.

(D) MOTIONS DECIDED WITHOUT DEBATE. A motion to adjourn, to recess, to lay on the table and to call for the previous question shall be decided without debate.

   All incidental motions shall be decided without debate, except that members may speak to points of order and appeal as provided in Rule 22.

   A motion for suspension of the rules shall not be debatable except that the mover of the motion may briefly explain the purpose of the motion and one member may briefly state the opposition to the motion.

(E) MOTION TO ADJOURN. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except when the house is voting or is working under the call of the house; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move for adjournment when another member has the floor.

Members Right to Debate

Rule 16. The methods by which a member may exercise his or her right to debate are as follows:

(A) RECOGNITION OF MEMBER. When any member desires to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the house, the member shall rise and respectfully address the speaker and pause until recognized.
(B) ORDER OF SPEAKING. When two or more members arise at once, the speaker shall name the one who is to speak.

(C) LIMITATION OF DEBATE. No member shall speak longer than ten (10) minutes without consent of the house: PROVIDED, That on and after the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine die of any session, as determined pursuant to Article II, Section 12 of the state Constitution or concurrent resolution, or on and after the third day prior to the day a bill must be reported from the house as established by concurrent resolution, no member shall speak more than three (3) minutes without the consent of the house. No member shall speak more than twice on the same question without leave of the house: PROVIDED, That the chair of the committee or the mover of the question may close debate if it is consistent with Rule 18 (Previous Question).

Rules of Debate

Rule 17. The rules for debate in the house are as follows:

(A) QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE. Any member may rise to a question of privilege and explain a personal matter, by leave of the speaker, but the member shall not discuss any pending question in such explanations.

(B) WITHDRAWAL OF MOTION, BILL, ETC. After a motion is stated by the speaker or a bill, memorial, resolution, petition, or remonstrance is read by the clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the house, but may be withdrawn by consent of the house at any time before decision or amendment.

(C) READING OF A PAPER. When the reading of any paper is called for and is objected to by any member, it shall be determined by a vote of the house.

(D) DISTRIBUTION OF MATERIALS. Any materials of any nature distributed to the members’ desks on the floor shall be subject to approval by the speaker and shall bear the name of at least one member granting permission for the distribution. This shall not apply to materials normally distributed by the chief clerk.

(E) ORDER OF QUESTIONS. All questions, whether in committee or in the house, shall be propounded in the order in which they are named except that in filling blanks, the largest sum and the longest time shall be put first.

(F) DIVISION OF POINTS OF DEBATE. Any member may call for a division of a question which shall be divided if it embraces subjects so distinct that one being taken away a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the house; but a motion to strike out and to insert shall not be divided. The rejection of a motion to strike out and to insert one proposition shall not prevent a motion to strike out and to insert a different proposition.

(G) DECORUM OF MEMBERS. While the speaker is putting the question, no member shall walk across or out of the house; nor when a member is speaking shall any member entertain private discourse or pass between the speaking member and the rostrum.

(H) REMARKS CONFINED. A member shall confine all remarks to the question under debate and avoid personalities. No member shall impugn the motive of any member’s vote or argument.

(I) EXCEPTION TO WORDS SPOKEN IN DEBATE. If any member be called to order for words spoken in debate, the person calling the member to order shall repeat the words excepted to and they shall be taken down in writing at the clerk’s table. No member shall be held in answer or be subject to the censure of the house for words spoken in debate if any other member has spoken before exception to them shall have been taken.
(J) TRANSGRESSION OF RULES - APPEAL. If any member, in speaking or otherwise, transgresses the rules of the house the speaker shall, or any member may, call the member to order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down unless permitted to explain; and the house shall, if appealed to, decide the case without debate; if there be no appeal, the decision of the chair shall prevail.

If the decision be in favor of the member called to order, the member shall be at liberty to proceed; if otherwise, and the case shall require it, the member shall be liable to the censure of the house.

Ending of Debate - Previous Question

Rule 18. The previous question may be ordered by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members present on all recognized motions or amendments which are debatable.

The previous question is not debatable and cannot be amended.

The previous question shall be put in this form: "Representative __________ demands the previous question. As many as are in favor of ordering the previous question will say 'Aye'; as many as are opposed will say 'No' ."

The results of the motion are as follows: If determined in the negative, the consideration goes on as if the motion had never been made; if decided in the affirmative it shall have the effect of cutting off all debate and bringing the house to a direct vote upon the motion or amendment on which it has been ordered: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That when a bill is on final passage or when the motion to postpone indefinitely is pending, one of the sponsors of the bill or the chair of the committee may have the privilege of closing debate after the previous question has been ordered.

If an adjournment is had after the previous question is ordered, the motion or proposition on which the previous question was ordered shall be put to the house immediately following the approval of the journal on the next working day, thus making the main question privileged over all other business, whether new or unfinished.

Voting

Rule 19. (A) PUTTING OF QUESTION. The speaker shall put the question in the following form: "The question before the house is (state the question). As many as are in favor say 'Aye'; and after the affirmative vote is expressed, "as many as are opposed say 'No'."

(B) ALL MEMBERS TO VOTE. Every member who was in the house when the question was put shall vote unless, for special reasons, excused by the house.

All motions to excuse a member shall be made before the house divides or before the call for yeas and nays is commenced; and any member requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief and verbal statement of the reasons for making such request, and the question shall then be taken without further debate.

Upon a division and count of the house on the question, only members at their desks within the bar of the house shall be counted.

(C) CHANGE OF VOTE. When the electric roll call machine is used, no member shall be allowed to vote or change a vote after the speaker has locked the roll call machine. When an oral roll call is taken, no member shall be allowed to vote or change a vote after the result has been announced.

(D) PRIVATE INTEREST. No member shall vote on any question which affects that member privately and particularly. A member who has a private interest in any bill or measure proposed or pending before the legislature shall disclose the fact to the house of which he is a member, and shall not vote thereon. (Art. II § 30)

(E) INTERRUPTION OF ROLL CALL. Once begun, the roll call may not be interrupted. No member or other person shall visit or remain at the clerk’s desk while the yeas and nays are being called.
(F) YEAS AND NAYS - RECORDED VOTES. Upon the final passage of any bill, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays and shall be recorded by the electric voting system: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That an oral roll call shall be ordered when demanded by one-sixth (1/6) of the members present. (Art. II § 21)

The speaker may vote last when the yeas and nays are called.

When the vote is by electric voting machine or by oral roll call on any question, it shall be entered upon the journal of the house. A recorded vote may be compelled by one-sixth (1/6) of the members present. A request for a recorded vote must be made before the vote is commenced.

(G) TIE VOTE, QUESTION LOSES. In case of an equal division, the question shall be lost.

(H) DIVISION. If the speaker is in doubt, or if division is called for by any member, the house shall divide.

Reconsideration

Rule 20. Notice of a motion for reconsideration on the final passage of bills shall be made on the day the vote to be reconsidered was taken and before the house has voted to transmit the bill to the senate.

Reconsideration of the votes on the final passage of bills must be taken on the next working day after such vote was taken: PROVIDED, That on and after the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine die of any session, as determined pursuant to Article II, Section 12 of the state Constitution, or concurrent resolution, or on and after the third day prior to the day a bill must be reported from the house as established by concurrent resolution, then reconsideration of votes on the final passage of bills must be taken on the same day as the original vote was taken. A motion to reconsider an amendment may be made at any time the bill remains on second reading.

Any member who voted on the prevailing side may move for reconsideration or give notice thereof.

A motion to reconsider can be decided only once when decided in the negative.

When a motion to reconsider has been carried, its effect shall be to place the original question before the house in the exact position it occupied before it was voted upon.

Call of the House

Rule 21. One-sixth (1/6) of the members present may demand a call of the house at any time before the house has divided or the voting has commenced by yeas and nays.

(A) DOORS TO BE CLOSED. When call of the house has been ordered, the sergeant at arms shall close and lock the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the chamber: PROVIDED, That the rules committee shall be allowed to meet, upon request of the speaker, while the house stands at ease: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That the speaker may permit members to use such portions of the fourth floor as may be properly secured.

(B) SERGEANT AT ARMS TO BRING IN THE ABSENTEES. The clerk shall immediately call a roll of the members and note the absentees, whose names shall be read and entered upon the journal in such manner as to show who are excused and who are absent without leave.

The clerk shall furnish the sergeant at arms with a list of those who are absent without leave, and the sergeant at arms shall proceed to bring in such absentees; but arrests of members for absence shall not be made unless ordered by a majority of the members present.

(C) HOUSE UNDER CALL. While the house is under a call, no business shall be transacted except to receive and act on the report of the sergeant at arms; and no other motion shall be in order except a motion to proceed with business under the call of the house or a motion to excuse absentees. The motion to excuse absent members shall not be adopted unless a majority of the members elected vote in favor thereof.

Appeal from Decision of Chair
Rule 22. The decision of the chair may be appealed from by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once unless by leave of the house. In all cases of appeal, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the chair stand as the judgment of the house?"

Standing Committees

Rule 23. The standing committees of the house and the number of members that shall serve on each committee shall be as follows:
1. Agriculture & Ecology (17) 11
2. Appropriations 31
3. Capital Budget (13) 11
4. Children & Family Services 11
5. Commerce & Labor (14) 9
6. Criminal Justice & Corrections (14) 13
7. Education (14) 11
8. Energy & Utilities (14) 13
9. Finance (14) 15
10. Financial Institutions & Insurance (14) 11
11. Government (Operations) Administration (14) 13
12. Government Reform & Land Use 11
13. Health Care (14) 11
14. Higher Education (14) 9
15. Law & Justice (14) 13
16. Natural Resources (14) 11
17. Rules 19
18. Trade & Economic Development (14) 9
19. Transportation Policy & Budget 27
Committee members shall be selected by each party’s caucus. The majority party caucus shall select all committee chairs.

Duties of Committees

Rule 24. House committees shall operate as follows:

(A) NOTICE OF COMMITTEE MEETING. The chief clerk shall make public the time, place and subjects to be discussed at committee meetings. All public hearings held by committees shall be scheduled at least five (5) days in advance and shall be given adequate publicity: PROVIDED, That when less than eight (8) days remain for action on a bill, the Speaker may authorize a reduction of the five-day notice period when required by the circumstances, including but not limited to the time remaining for action on the bill, the nature of the subject, and the number of prior hearings on the subject.

(B) COMMITTEE QUORUM. A majority of any committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

(C) SESSION MEETINGS. No committee shall sit while the house is in session without special leave of the speaker.

(D) DUTIES OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

(1) Only such bills as are included on the written notice of a committee meeting may be considered at that meeting except upon the vote of a majority of the entire membership of the committee to consider another bill.

(2) A majority recommendation of a committee must be signed by a majority of the entire membership of the committee in a regularly called meeting before a bill, memorial, or resolution may be reported out: PROVIDED, That by motion under the eighth order of business, a majority of the members elected to the house may relieve a committee of a bill and place it on the second reading calendar.

Majority recommendations of a committee can only be "do pass," "do pass as amended," or that "the substitute bill be substituted therefore and that the substitute bill do pass."

(3) Members of the committee not concurring in the majority report may prepare a written minority report containing a recommendation of "do not pass" or "without recommendation."
which shall be signed by those members of the committee subscribing thereto, and submitted with the majority report.

(4) All committee reports shall be spread upon the journal. The journal of the house shall contain an exact copy of all committee reports, together with the names of the members signing such reports.

(5) Every vote to report a bill out of committee shall be taken by the yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for and against, as well as the names of members absent, shall be recorded on the committee report and spread upon the journal. Any member may call for a recorded vote, which shall include the names of absent members, on any substantive question before the committee. A copy of all recorded committee votes shall be kept by the chief clerk and shall be available for public inspection.

(6) All bills having a direct appropriation shall be referred to the appropriate fiscal committee before their final passage. For purposes of this subsection, fiscal committee means the appropriations, capital budget, finance, and transportation policy and budget committees.

(7) No standing committee shall vote by secret written ballot on any issue.

(8) During its consideration of or vote on any bill, resolution, or memorial, the deliberations of any standing committee of the house of representatives shall be open to the public.

(9) A standing committee to which a bill was originally referred shall, prior to voting the bill out of committee, consider whether the bill authorizes rule-making powers or requires the exercise of rule-making powers and, if so, consider:
   (a) The nature of the new rule-making powers; and
   (b) To which agencies the new rule-making powers would be delegated and which agencies, if any, may have related rule-making powers.

Standing Committees - Expenses - Subpoena Power

Rule 25. Regardless of whether the legislature is in session, members of the house may receive from moneys appropriated for the legislature, reimbursement for necessary travel expenses, and payments in lieu of subsistence and lodging for conducting official business of the house.

The standing committees of the house may have the powers of subpoena, the power to administer oaths, and the power to issue commissions for the examination of witnesses in accordance with the provisions of chapter 44.16 RCW. Before a standing committee of the house may issue any process, the committee chairperson shall submit for approval of the executive rules committee a statement of purpose setting forth the name or names of those subject to process. The process shall not be issued prior to approval by the executive rules committee. The process shall be limited to the named individuals.

Vetoed Bills

Rule 26. Veto messages of the governor shall be read in the house and entered upon the journal. It shall then be in order to proceed to reconsider the bill, refer it, lay it on the table, or postpone its consideration to a day certain.

The merits of the bill may be debated before the vote is taken, but the vote on a vetoed bill cannot be reconsidered.

In case of a bill containing several sections or items, one or more of which has been objected to by the governor, each section or item so objected to shall be voted upon separately by the house. Action by the house upon all vetoed bills shall be endorsed upon the bill and certified by the speaker.

Vetoed bills originating in the house, which have not been passed notwithstanding the veto of the governor, shall remain in the custody of the officers of the house until the close of the term, after which they shall be filed with the secretary of state.

Suspension of Compensation

Rule 27. (1) Any member of the house of representatives convicted and sentenced for any felony punishable by death or by imprisonment in a Washington state penal institution shall, as of the time of sentencing, be denied the legislative salary for future service and be denied per diem, compensation for expenses, office space facilities, and assistance. Any member convicted of a felony
and sentenced therefor under any federal law or the law of any other state shall, as of the time of sentencing, be similarly denied such salary, per diem, expenses, facilities, and assistance if either (a) such crime would also constitute a crime punishable under the laws of Washington by death or by imprisonment in a state penal institution, or (b) the conduct resulting in the conviction and sentencing would also constitute a crime punishable under the laws of Washington by death or by imprisonment in a state penal institution.

(2) At any time, the house may vote by a constitutional majority to restore the salary, per diem, expenses, facilities, and assistance denied a member under subsection (1). If the conviction of a member is reversed, then the salary, per diem, and expense amounts denied the member since sentencing shall be forthwith paid, and the member shall thereafter have the rights and privileges of other members.

**Smoking**

**Rule 28.** Smoking of cigarettes, pipes, or cigars shall not be permitted at any public meeting of any committee of the house of representatives or within House facilities.

“No smoking” signs shall be posted so as to give notice of this rule.

**Parliamentary Rules**

**Rule 29.** The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Reed’s Parliamentary Rules shall govern all cases in which they are not inconsistent with the standing rules and orders of the house.

**Standing Rules Amendment**

**Rule 30.** Any standing rule may be rescinded or changed by a majority vote of the members elected: PROVIDED, That the proposed change or changes be submitted at least one day in advance in writing to the members together with notice of the consideration thereof. Any standing rule may be suspended temporarily by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members present except as provided in Rule 10.

**Rules to Apply for Assembly**

**Rule 31.** The permanent house rules adopted at the beginning of the term are to govern all acts of the house during the course of the term unless amended or repealed.

**Legislative Mailings**

**Rule 32.** The house of representatives directs the house executive rules committee to adopt procedures and guidelines to ensure that all legislative mailings at public expense are for legitimate legislative purposes. (With respect to member mailings to constituents, these policies and guidelines shall ensure that:

(A) All mailings are subject to applicable provisions of the code of ethics established in Rules 1 through 9 of the joint rules of the legislature.

(B) Within the twelve months preceding the expiration of a member’s term of office, identical mailings are limited as follows: One mailing mailed within thirty days after the start of the regular legislative session and one mailing mailed within sixty days after the end of the regular legislative session. For purposes of this rule, an identical mailing is a mailing of identical content in excess of two hundred pieces not mailed in response to a constituent contact.

(C) Within the twelve months preceding the expiration of a member’s term of office, individual letters are limited as follows: A member may mail to an individual constituent a letter or other information, including the member’s opinion, on a matter relevant to legislative business if the member has a reasonable belief that the constituent is interested in that matter.

(D) The total cost of each member’s mailings, including production costs, printing costs, and postage, are limited by an annual expenditure level established by the house executive rules committee.)
MOTION

Representative Lisk moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Lisk and Chopp spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4600 was adopted.

ELECTION OF SPEAKER

The Chief Clerk announced that nominations were in order for Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Representative K. Schmidt: The election of the Speaker of the House reflects much about the people who serve in this chamber. The principles and character of the Speaker not only reflect on the individual selected but also on all of us as well as upon the institution. In my 16 years, I have served with six different speakers each of whom had their own style. Some were dictatorial and tried to impose their own will over the deliberations while others sought more of a consensus. Some were sticklers for decorum while others were not. Nearly all were protective of the integrity of the institution understanding that the institution was more important than any single issue of the moment.

Our founding fathers placed such importance on the role of Speaker that they even provided a method for selecting a leader from outside the elected membership in the event that a viable candidate was not available. In the last 54 legislatures it has not been necessary to look outside the membership of the House of Representatives. Even in 1978-80, when the House was equally divided a co-speakership was created. Now, as we begin the fifty-fifth legislature we have an excellent proven leader that will provide the quiet leadership and dignity demanded of a great speaker.

To be a leader of leaders requires a number of qualities. First and foremost integrity. To build the trust necessary to develop a consensus the people you work with must know that you are dealing with them fairly and your word is your bond. As any of us who have worked with Clyde can tell you if Clyde gives you his word on something you can take it to the bank.

Clyde does not dictate policy, but instead uses the talents and abilities of the membership to draft the best response possible. The role of the Speaker is not just to standup and preside during floor sessions but to keep the business of the legislature flowing. Ninety percent of what we do is agreed upon by both parties and merely requires the efficient passage of the legislation. Five percent of what we do is agreed upon policy but we may have differences as to how we respond. Compromises must be developed. Five percent are philosophical differences which provoke our most spirited debates and require a leader with patience and fairness allowing all sides to state their case. Clyde has shown, over and over again that he has the patience, sense of humor and fairness to allow every member to have their say.

Each of us brings a wealth of experience to these chambers Clyde came from the humblest of beginnings as the son of a sharecropper in Arkansas. His parents eventually moved either to find better conditions or perhaps recognized that Arkansas isn’t big enough for TWO budding political careers. I just wonder if our Speaker was ever known as Bubba Ballard Backlund then?

As a career, Clyde operated an ambulance service. The hours were terrible, and he worked with people who were at their most vulnerable. With the help and support of his wife Ruth, he became a success in his business, and was a strong family man raising three sons. Clyde is a living example of the American Dream where even a sharecroppers’ son can raise himself up through opportunity and hard work. When we debate the plight of the poor, he knows first hand what that means. When we discuss ways to strengthen the family he knows the importance of giving parents the tools to help them raise good kids. When we develop policies to keep our businesses healthy so they can produce the jobs we will need for our families, Clyde understands what it means to make a payroll.

As Speaker, it would be very easy to preside in Olympia and have the state come to you but that is not Clyde’s style. He has logged thousands of miles crisscrossing Washington to speak to citizens, attend meetings and respond to requests from members who ask him to join them at forums in their districts. This practice has not only brought the stature of the Speakership to far flung districts from Port Angeles to Kettle Falls but it has also made Clyde aware of the issues and needs in all of our regions.
During the 54th legislature, there was a great deal of speculation about how long it would take for our caucus to blow apart thus making it impossible for any work to get done. It did not happen in large measure through the personal efforts of Clyde. It is not secret that our caucus has a VERY diverse membership. We have very conservative members as well as moderates and liberals. The legislature is a place where very diverse ideas are discussed reflecting that diversity is healthy but it also provides a challenge for the Speaker and leadership to keep all of us on track. Clyde’s patience and respect for everyone’s opinion has allowed all of the diverse views to be heard. Not all are adopted but everyone has had a chance to make their case. Not all Speakers would have allowed this because it is time consuming and dicey but Clyde doesn’t believe in shutting people out of the process but rather trying to include as many as possible with a variety of views.

The man that will lead us for the next two years will be a credit to us and the institution as he brings his good humor, patience, compassion, respect, dignity, hard work and integrity to the job.

It is my pleasure to nominate Jeffrey Clyde Ballard as Speaker of the 55th Legislature.

Representative Lisk: Traditionally, those who rise to nominate one of their colleagues for speaker of the House try to provide a description — paint a portrait, if you will — of the leader who will preside over this chamber in the coming months. Most often, this is done by outlining the personal history of that individual, and, usually, it’s one that illustrates dedication and honesty and demonstrates perseverance and hard work — those qualities we recognize as defining strong personal character. Well, as the son of migrant workers who, along with the support of his wife, Ruth, built a successful small business, raised a wonderful family and always took advantage of opportunities to serve his community, Clyde Ballard, the private citizen, certainly has the personal history that foots that bill.

But Clyde Ballard, the public servant, has now spent 14 years as a member of the Washington state Legislature. As you know, he represents the people of north central Washington. But Clyde also understands that he serves all of the citizens of our state. And I think it’s the qualities he has continually demonstrated during this public life that truly define the man I am proud to support today as speaker.

This is the first day of the 55th state Legislature in Washington. And if we take a moment to reflect Backlund upon those who have gathered in this chamber before us, we can be proud of the legacy of character, compassion and dedication that has defined the individuals who have served here. Through the years, issues come and issues go. And I don’t mean to trivialize the importance of the work we do.

This year, for example, our priorities include: creating a more efficient, more productive state government one that is more responsive to the people it serves; rebuilding a welfare system based on individual responsibility and accountability; protecting our streets, neighborhoods and communities from crime; ensuring our kids are prepared with the basic academic skills they’ll need for success; and promoting an economic climate that creates and protects good family-wage jobs.

Of course, these issues are important and how we address them is critical to the future of the state of Washington. But, when all is said and done and we pass this chamber onto those who will come behind us, it is not our response to the issues of this day that people will remember. No what they will remember is the kind of leaders that we were and the manner in which we conducted ourselves while working out our differences of opinion. Will we leave them the will and conviction to continue on? Did we continue that legacy of character, compassion and dedication?

That’s why it’s such a privilege for me to second the nomination of Clyde Ballard for speaker of the House because, to me, Clyde Ballard has always represented the very essence of this legacy. Clyde’s service to the people of this state has been based on principle and marked by a dedication and willingness to share and live what he believes.

When I first met Clyde in 1986, his fourth year in Olympia, it was when I asked him to come speak to a community group I was involved with in Zillah. He and Ruth drove to Zillah and back to Olympia the same day during session. I met them at the Cherry Patch and, while there, he changed clothes in their van. Since then, Clyde has logged literally hundreds of thousands of miles in the air and over this state’s highways in an effort to share his vision for the future of Washington, a vision that is based upon strong basic principles from which he has never wavered.

He has made many sacrifices along the way. And I want to take this opportunity to say thanks to his wife, Ruth, their three sons, Jeff, Shawn and Scott, and their families. Thank you from all of us here and from all of the citizens of Washington for the sacrifices your family has made over the years in loaning us your husband and father.
But just as important as his dedication to his own principles, Clyde Ballard’s tenure as speaker of this House has been based on integrity and marked with fairness and respect for the personal beliefs of each one of his colleagues. Clyde understands the critical roles that each one of us plays in this debate — that it’s important we all have the opportunity to voice the ideas and concerns of those we represent. And, as speaker, he has worked hard to develop a process based upon respect and cooperation.

Because make no mistake. The public is watching us. It’s critical that we make them proud of this institution that we continue its legacy by treating each other with dignity and respect — especially during those times when we passionately disagree — and by being leaders who demonstrate character, compassion and dedication. You will find no better example of this legacy and I can think of no one better to lead us in such a public debate as speaker of the House than Clyde Ballard.

Representative Chopp: Thank you, Mr. Chief Clerk. I would like to place the nomination of Marlin Appelwick before the House. There are at least three characteristics that distinguish a great candidate for Speaker. First, a true commitment to the House of Representatives. Second, a real ability to bring people together, whether Republican or Democrat. And third, a significant record of accomplishments. Marlin Appelwick exemplifies these traits and would make a tremendous Speaker.

Let me amplify on his record of accomplishments. He has been a practicing attorney for sixteen years, and a professional mediator and negotiator which is actually great training for being Speaker of the House of Representatives. Representative Appelwick was first elected to the House of Representatives in 1982, the same year as the other well known candidate for this office. He chaired the Judiciary Committee for six years, the Revenue Committee for two years and was a member of the Appropriations Committee for twelve years. During his legislative service, Marlin Appelwick authored a significant volume of legislation including the Omnibus Drug Act, which led to Referendum 43 so overwhelmingly approved by the voters not to long ago, the Community Protection Act, legal services for low income people, and several constitutional amendments.

Representative Appelwick, in 1994, brought together Democrats and Republicans in equal number to debate and discuss juvenile justice reform. As a result, a bipartisan proposal came out of committee to pass through the House by overwhelming numbers. This was a good lesson from which we could learn today. Throughout all his efforts, Marlin has exhibited a strong respect for this institution, a real willingness to listen and an ability to get things done.

But above all, Marlin remembers what being here on the first day of Session means. Marlin’s energy, commitment and challenge would serve us well as Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Representative Appelwick: Thank you, Mr. Chief Clerk. I rise first to say thank you to Representative Chopp for his nomination and kind words. I rise also to say thank you to my caucus for again giving me the privilege of being their leader; it’s a humbling honor that I cherish very deeply. I rise to say thank you to my family for their sacrifices. I rise to quote Speaker- nominee Ballard; "I must admit to you that I would prefer our roles were reversed". Barring that reversal, I would have welcomed standing at the rostrum, shoulder to shoulder with Representative Ballard, each firmly gripping one handle of a wish boned gavel, ringing out progress with every strike but that is not to be.

Wishes are secondary to the importance of how this institution conducts itself and to what is accomplished. Leadership is very important. And of my classmate of twelve years, I can say, he is clearly a man that respects the institution, and he respects the minority party and its role within that institution. He has been personally open, frank and helpful. He is filled with integrity, and he is gracious in the best sense of the House and I would like you to support a man who would have been a great Minority leader, but who will continue to be our fine Speaker in the best traditions. I ask you to support Clyde Ballard, Speaker of the House.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Lisk, the nominations for Speaker of the House were closed.
On motion of Representative Lisk, a unanimous ballot was cast for Representative Clyde Ballard as Speaker of the House.

COMMITTEE OF HONOR

The Chief Clerk appointed Representatives Ogden and Parlette to escort Representative Ballard to the rostrum.

Justice Guy administered the oath of office to Speaker Ballard.

The Chief Clerk presented the gavel to the Speaker.

SPEAKER’S ACCEPTANCE SPEECH

Mr. Speaker: As a point of personal privilege, I wish to thank my wife, my sons and my family for their continuing support and backing. It has been my honor to serve as speaker of this House for the past two years and I consider it a tremendous privilege to be entrusted with the responsibility of leading this chamber for the next two years. Assuming the duties of speaker of the House requires a dedication and commitment to protecting the institution and ensuring its integrity on behalf of both the members and the citizens we serve.

Protecting the integrity of the House of Representatives and, more important, preserving the public’s trust in all of us is the my highest duty. It is a duty I pledge to carry out diligently and to the very best of my ability. I thank you for the confidence you have shown me, the trust you have placed in me, and — above all else — the friendship we share.

To Minority Leader Marlin Appelwick and the members of the minority caucus, it has been a pleasure to work with you and to have you as friends. I look forward to working with you in this session. As we come Backlund into session and begin grappling with the many issues before us, it is very easy to become absorbed in the importance — or PERCEIVED importance — of what we do here. It is all too easy to take ourselves too seriously and to attach too much importance to the battles we fight. But it is valuable to put our efforts in perceptive, to help ourselves remember those things that are truly important that is, those things that have a direct effect upon the people and families of this state.

Over the past several weeks we have seen a series of natural disasters create danger and cause tragedy in our communities throughout this state. When confronted with forces beyond our control that leave people homeless or facing the threat of losing their home, that leave families without heat and power or struggling to put food on the table, it makes us all more aware of the fragile nature of the lives we enjoy and the lives we want all of our fellow citizens to enjoy. I spent many hours over several days on the roof of our house trying to shovel off enough ice and snow to keep it from collapsing and destroying our home and we were among the fortunate ones who had a chance to prevent a disaster. Unfortunately, all of us here today know friends, relatives and neighbors who had no chance, who did face disaster and must now deal with tragic circumstances. Compared to the necessity of helping our neighbors and taking action to assist all of those in need, the debates and fights we engage in within the legislative process lose much of the importance we are tempted to attach to them.

This is a reminder to all of us that we will serve our constituents better if we limit the self importance we are sometimes tempted to attach to our work here or to ourselves, if we keep in mind that our legislative services are not always the most significant part of the lives of Washingtonians, and if we steadfastly hold to the idea that the most important things we do are those that will directly affect the lives of those we represent and make their lives a little better. As we focus upon those issues and problems that directly affect the livelihood and well being of the individuals and families we serve, and as we approach the dawning of a new century that we know will bring with it both new challenges and new opportunities, I am also hopeful that we can bring forth a new spirit in this Legislature — a spirit of resolve to come together in finding the best ways to meet the challenges and seize the opportunities that lie before us.

The legacy I would choose for those of us serving in this new Legislature is that we look beyond the immediate proposals and measures we will consider to begin laying the foundation for a broader effort to accomplish real change positive change that will make life better for all the people of
Washington. Making this legacy a reality will require the kind of new spirit I’m talking about, in which we look beyond the details that may spark disagreement and really zero in on the objectives we hope to achieve and upon which we agree. I believe that by concentrating on our shared desire and commitment to reach a common goal for the good of society we can better work together in our efforts to forge legislation that achieve those goals.

Let me share just one example of the vision I have in mind. Our ability to improve the quality of education we provide and strengthen the teaching of our children will have an incredible effect upon what life is like in the coming century. We must do a better job of ensuring that students leave school with the fundamental skills and basic knowledge they need, otherwise they will be woefully unprepared to face the challenges of our changing society and ill-equipped to take advantage of the new opportunities to come.

Let me bluntly state the fact that we all know exists today: We are allowing too many youngsters to move through the public school system and come out with a degree that means little or nothing and makes it incredibly difficult for employers to find and hire the productive workers they need. Even worse, we are seeing too many youngsters get through the process without ever learning the skills or obtaining the knowledge they need to have a chance at a good and fruitful life. Now, we all know that strong steps must be taken to make a high school diploma mean something, that we must do more to encourage students to reach higher and strive for more. We all know that decisive action must be taken to ensure that students are taught, and that they receive, the academic skills and knowledge a EARN a degree. We all know that significant changes must be made so that we can be certain that students are learning the skills they need as they move through each grade.

These are needs we all recognize and we share a common commitment to address these needs. That is where our attention must be focused, because by doing so, we can greatly enhance our ability to overcome whatever differences we might have over the details of specific proposals.

Clearly, the solutions that will completely restore our education system to the health, vitality and quality demanded by the citizens of Washington will not be found in legislation that will be passed this year, or even next, but by concentrating on the common objective we share we can begin making needed changes and bringing them to fruition in time to change our society for the better as the new century arrives. As we look at all of the issues before us during the next 105 days, we must, of course, confront the differences in outlook and philosophy that exists among us. Yet, we must always strive to look beyond the differences and embrace the common goals we share. I believe this attitude is important not only in our deliberations within the Legislature, but also in our relationship with the governor. And by choosing to embrace the hopes and desires we have in common, we will make it much easier to overcome the differences over how best to reach our shared objectives.

That is the surest way to get the results we all want to deliver to our constituents. It is the surest way to not only preserve, but also increase, the public’s confidence and trust in this institution. And that is a responsibility we all share.

Again, I thank you for your confidence, your trust and your friendship. Let’s have a great session.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Appelwick: Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I would like an opportunity to reflect on your remarks, and to share a vision from our caucus on this Session as well. We welcome the invitation to a new legacy, and to an era of progress. No one can come through the campaign experience and the journey here without appreciating that the problems faced by the people of this State far out strip the apparent resources we have to address them or our abilities in the time we have to tend to them. Only is progress possible if we are not wasting the moments on unnecessary fights - unnecessary missed opportunities. Only is significant progress for the people possible if in fact we stand shoulder to shoulder and arm in arm, and embrace what is possible and concentrate on success. Our pledge talks about liberty and it talks about justice for all. We must keep, in the spirit of your legacy, that in mind; that it is not a partisan kind of liberty or a partisan kind of justice. We stand to represent one state and one people. The merits of ideas are not in the sponsor or the proponent but in the ideas themselves. Honest discourse of give and take is possible. Because this is of great concern, your invitation to this new legacy is extremely welcomed. We should all be mindful that we want to leave this a better institution and a better State than we come to it today with our Oath. I am sure we can recall examples in the best when we have risen to greatness in that tradition. When the Sex
Predator Act was required in 1990. In the House version of Juvenile Justice, we didn’t do things because we had the numbers to do them, we did them because we needed the talents of everyone to do them right. I welcome an opportunity to share that kind of process with you, Mr. Speaker and with your caucus.

I would like to leave one final thought with you. Reflecting on something said by a Senator from my home state of Minnesota, because I think this is a test I would like us to pass with flying colors. That in our new legacy the fundamental moral test of us as a government would be how we treat the children who are in the dawn of life, the elderly who are in the twilight of life and those who are in the shadows of life, the sick, the needy and the disabled. And if we come with that focus on progress, that moral center, for these people and our commitment to work together as we have in the recent past we should do great things with your leadership, Mr. Speaker.

ELECTION OF SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The Speaker announced that nominations were now in order for Speaker Pro Tempore.

Representative Carlson: Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I would like to place the nomination for Speaker Pro Tem of John Pennington, before the House. John, born slightly more than thirty years ago in Nashville Tennessee, has a recognition of the commitments which are made, and which are needed for leadership in the House of Representatives. He and his wife, Valerie, married for six years, now live in Battleground, one of our growing emerging communities of Southwest Washington. He started in this area as a business person in the Timbertown Coffee Company with a $700 federal income tax refund. He first entered the political arena as a chairperson of the Cowlitz County 601 campaign, and in 1995 was awarded the 1995 Washington State Young Republican Man of the Year award. He continues to manage a small tree farm. He is an outdoorsman and a musician. I have found John to be a warm and energetic person. He will bring to the Speaker Pro Tem position an enthusiasm and a sense of humor, which we will all have a chance to respect and enjoy. I believe he brings to this position, a maturing human resource, which will grow as the office continues to provide him an opportunity to lead. I believe he clearly has gained the respect of both sides of the aisle, as he often times seeks the council of members of both sides of the aisle. I am pleased to nominate a true friend and colleague, John Pennington.

Representative McMorris: It is with great pleasure and pride that I offer the name of State Representative John Pennington to serve as Speaker Pro Tem for the Washington State House of Representatives.

To be nominated for such an important position is a significant tribute to the abilities and accomplishments of any legislator, particularly one who has just completed his first term in office. Anyone who has worked with Representative Pennington can attest to his strong work ethic, his dedication to the legislative process, and the conviction with which he serves the people of this state and, more particularly, the people of his district. In his first term in the House, Representative Pennington has acquired a reputation for undertaking projects that require long hours, hard work, and coalition building.

As one who has worked with Representative Pennington on many pieces of legislation about which we both cared deeply. I can testify to his strength of character, his depth of knowledge on the issues important to his constituents, and his diligence in sticking to his principles as a matter of conscience and honor. You only have to look at the record particularly in his dealings encouraging employment growth in Washington, reducing taxes on small businesses, and protecting Second Amendment rights. Probably the one key issue Representative Pennington is best known for is his perseverance in streamlining government to better meet the needs of the people of this state. In the past two years I have worked closely with Representative Pennington. I have come to know him and to fully appreciate his many excellent qualities which make him a remarkably effective legislator and which assure his performance as an outstanding Speaker Pro Tem.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Lisk, the nominations for Speaker Pro Tempore were closed.
On motion of Representative Lisk, a unanimous ballot was cast for Representative John Pennington as Speaker Pro Tempore of the House.

COMMITTEE OF HONOR

The Speaker appointed Representatives Mielke and Mason to escort Speaker Pro Tempore Pennington to the rostrum.

Justice Guy administered the oath of office to Speaker Pro Tempore Pennington.

SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE PENNINGTON REMARKS

Representative Pennington: Thank you so very much. Justice Guy, Speaker Ballard, Minority Leader Appelwick, friends and distinguished colleagues of this House, Mom and Dad. I am most humbled by the confidence you have placed in this young man of thirty years. Thank you so much.

To Representative Carlson and Representative McMorris, I thank you for those warm and kind remarks. Don and Cathy, you have both become good friends to me and to Valerie.

I stand prepared, Speaker Ballard, to assist you in presiding over this assembly at your will. And I look forward to listening and, more important, to learning from your great wisdom and experience in guiding this House. It truly is an honor (and I thank you).

My wife and best friend, Valerie, to me is the most lovely and charming young lady in all the world. At the age of 19 she helped begin her first small business, and a year later her second. She exhibited through the trials and tribulations of founding those businesses that someone her age can contribute in a positive way to the economy of this state. All the same, I have discovered in six years of marriage that she would also do quite well within the confines of this capitol for she has demonstrated that she can be very persuasive and is a great debater. A good example of this is the fact that she refused to marry me until I became a Republican. (Love can cast strange spells.) Of course, by now you know she won.

The point is this that it is often said that the collective youth of this nation has revealed itself as a generation lacking direction and purpose, a generation described as nothing more than "lost." Here today I cannot help but to disagree. For to glance at Washington state from the outside, even to glance around this very chamber, reveals what you and I as Washingtonians already know that our youth are not only America’s future, but have indeed become a significant part of leading America and Washington today. They have become our fifth grade teachers, local police officers and increasingly our small business owners. They are Representative Brad Benson, who along with his wife Jill, own and operate an Ice Cream Parlor in the Spokane area. They are Representative Brian Hatfield, who along with his wife Freddie, began a Child Care Facility on the coast. They are Representative Richard DeBolt, one of, if not the youngest, directors of a Chamber of Commerce in the state of Washington.

Most people are amazed to discover that these newest small businesses are overwhelming being founded and operated by that same "lost" generation. The fact is Washington’s youth are demonstrating that the entrepreneurial spirit is not only alive but with proper encouragement and incentives can thrive beyond our wildest imaginations. And just as that entrepreneurial spirit has evolved, so too has the willingness of these same individuals to involve themselves in the political process evolved. It confirms our every belief that these new energetic leaders are becoming role models, not only for the youth of America, but for the youth of this ever-changing world.

And in America’s greatest process of all democracy, I believe that this younger generation is trying to show that, despite our philosophical differences, there exists between us a shared desire to see Washington truly become a better place. That we share an innate duty to the brave pioneers who have come before us and to those that may follow in our footsteps to govern in a way that offers as much liberty, hope, and opportunity as can be responsibly afforded to any one individual.

As we traverse these final shadows that mark the end of the most productive, technologically creative and arguably destructive century in mankind’s history, I still today find the greatest of comfort in knowing that I shall be a part be it only a small part of this upcoming legislative session, working with intelligent, compassionate, and enthusiastic leaders such as yourselves toward the dawn of the 21st century.

I appreciate this opportunity you have given me to serve you and I accept the responsibilities and the trust you have placed in me. I graciously accept this challenge and offer to you three things:
fairness, always a willingness to listen, and above all integrity for we are all too often reminded that the only thing we bring into this chamber is our integrity, and once it is lost it may never be retrieved. From the very bottom of my heart thank you.

ELECTION OF CHIEF CLERK

The Speaker announced that nominations were in order for Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Representative Robertson: Thank you Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker, I rise to nominate Timothy A. Martin for Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

When I was elected in 1994 and even today, one if my pledges to the people of my district is to limit the size of government and its spending. During the past two years, the House of Representatives has led by example regarding the size and spending of this agency. This, Mr. Speaker, was a team effort by all of the members and staff in the House, but the coach was clearly Tim Martin. Mr. Martin and his staff worked diligently to ensure only a minimal number of essential employees were maintained and only essential purchases were made. We now have about 100 less employees than we did in 1991, the lowest FTE count in the House since 1987.

While we are definitely operating in a lean fashion, we also have made advances in areas to make the House more efficient. Under Mr. Martin’s leadership, the House has upgraded its computers and its computer system to one that supports our mission. The public can access the House members and bills with its web page and internet access. With all of these accomplishments, the House turned back $2.68 million, 11% of the House budget in 1996, to the state general fund. While making the tough decisions, I have found Mr. Martin to be a pleasure to work with. The morale amongst the employees is outstanding and productive, even with some of the staff and equipment reductions.

On a personal note, I want to recognize that Mrs. Kim Martin is with us today. Those of us that were here two years ago, when Tim was first elected Chief Clerk, may recall that Kim had a sudden departure from the ceremony. It seems that their son, Gust, wanted to join us on opening day — yes, Kim went into labor during the opening ceremony and left for the hospital. After Tim was sworn in, Gust was born and joined his brother, Max. Today, Kim is here to see Tim be elected Chief Clerk, and we are hoping this ceremony will be less eventful. Gust still did not get to attend.

I urge the members of this body to support Mr. Martin’s re-election, so he may continue to lead our outstanding staff in this responsible manner for another two years.

Representative Romero: Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I rise to second the nomination of Tim Martin. I’ve known Tim for two years. When I first saw him, I thought what’s this well-scrubbed, clean cut young man doing here. He looks more like he should work for Disneyland than this body. Then I had to think for one second, he does fit.

I must admit that I have enjoyed working with Tim. He has been real fair minded and even handed when he has dealt with all of us. I think we can all agree with that. And as one of the more conservative members of this body, I can say that I do appreciate some of the cost saving measures he has implemented. Now what I really appreciate about Tim besides his fairness and even handedness is that he has truly taken the time to get to know all the staff that work here. It has meant a great deal to them, it has really helped a lot with moral and I think the place is a better place for that technique. And so with that, I would like to second the nomination and encourage a unanimous vote for Tim Martin. Thank you.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Lisk, the nominations for Chief Clerk were closed.

On motion of Representative Lisk, a unanimous ballot was cast for Timothy A. Martin as Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Justice Guy administered the oath of office to Chief Clerk Martin.

CHIEF CLERK MARTIN’S REMARKS
Chief Clerk Martin: Thank you, Mr. Speaker and Representatives Robertson and Romero for your kind comments.

I cannot tell you how pleased I am to have the honor of serving you another two years. I am flattered, because your message to me today is that after two years of on-the-job training, I may at last be suitable for the job of Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives.

In the months to come, you will be challenged to meet the high expectations placed on this body by the citizens of Washington State. My experience tells me that Washington will not be disappointed. I join with all of House staff in committing that we will do our best to support you as you seek to do the public good.

On a personal note, I would like to thank my wife, Kim, for joining me this year. My moment in the sun two years ago, Kim left the floor in labor. Kim and our boys, Max and Gust, are my life, and I thank them in advance for their indulgence over the next few months.

Congratulations to each and every one of you and to your families. I look forward to working with you. Thank you.

The Speaker thanked Justice Guy.

APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE

The Speaker appointed Representatives Lambert and Costa to escort Justice Richard Guy of the Supreme Court from the House Chamber.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4601, by Representatives Lisk and Chopp

BE IT RESOLVED, That the Speaker appoint a committee of four members of the House to notify the Senate that the House of Representatives is now organized and ready to conduct business.

MOTION

Representative Lisk moved adoption of the resolution.

Representative Lisk spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4601 was adopted.

APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE

The Speaker appointed Representatives Talcott, Delvin, Keiser and Murray to notify the Senate that the House was organized and ready to conduct business.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

January 13, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8400,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

A committee from the Senate was recognized by the Speaker and escorted by the Sergeant-at-Arms to the front of the House chambers. Senators Benton, Brown, Horn, Jacobsen, Patterson and Stevens notified the House that the Senate is organized and ready to conduct business.
There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING


AN ACT Relating to reducing the state property tax levy; and adding a new section to chapter 84.55 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1001 by Representatives L. Thomas, Dyer and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to interest on tort judgments; and amending RCW 4.56.115 and 4.56.110.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1002 by Representatives L. Thomas, Dyer and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to insurance antifraud plans; and amending RCW 48.30A.045.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1003 by Representatives Pennington, Hatfield, Mielke, Thompson, Cole, DeBolt, D. Sommers, Conway, Boldt, Alexander, Schoesler, Kessler, Bush, Smith, Dyer and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to deferral of property taxes by senior citizens and disabled persons; amending RCW 84.38.020; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1004 by Representatives Carlson, Honeyford, Dunshee and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to independent political advertising; and amending RCW 42.17.510.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1005 by Representatives Carlson, Pennington, Ogden, Dunn, Boldt and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to a pilot project on resident tuition rates and financial aid portability for students residing in certain border counties in Washington and Oregon; amending RCW 28B.15.012, 28B.10.790, 28B.10.802, and 28B.12.030; adding new sections to chapter 28B.80 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28B.15 RCW; providing a contingent effective date; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1006 by Representatives Carlson, Ogden, Pennington, Regala, Mielke, Keiser, D. Schmidt, Radcliff, B. Thomas, Sheahan, Dunn, McMorris, Huff, Skinner, Johnson, Sehlin, Boldt, Mulliken, Honeyford, Thompson, D. Sommers, Alexander, Murray, Buck, Sheldon, Cooke, Van Luven, Anderson, Chandler and Backlund
AN ACT Relating to restrictions on mailings by incumbents; and amending RCW 42.17.132.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1007 by Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe; by request of Pollution Liability Insurance Agency

AN ACT Relating to heating oil pollution liability protection; amending RCW 70.149.040 and 70.149.070; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1008 by Representatives Robertson, Fisher, Chandler, Hatfield, Johnson, Zellinsky and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to license plates; amending RCW 46.16.270, 46.16.290, 46.16.301, 46.16.305, 46.16.309, 46.16.313, 46.16.316, 46.16.350, 46.16.650, 73.04.110, and 73.04.115; adding new sections to chapter 46.16 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1009 by Representatives Backlund, Zellinsky, Johnson, Skinner, Cairnes, Hankins, Mitchell, Alexander and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to the liability account; and amending RCW 43.84.092.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1010 by Representatives Mitchell, Hankins, Cairnes, Skinner and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to reimbursable transportation expenditures; amending RCW 43.79A.040; adding a new section to chapter 47.04 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1011 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Johnson, Skinner, Zellinsky, Mitchell, Robertson, Fisher, Hatfield, Hankins, Smith, Dunn, Mielke, Anderson and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to state and county ferries; amending RCW 82.38.030, 82.36.410, and 47.56.725; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1012 by Representatives Cairnes, Skinner, Hankins, Robertson, Chandler, Mitchell, B. Thomas, L. Thomas, Cooke and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to state highway bonds; and amending RCW 47.10.812.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.


AN ACT Relating to proper lane travel for heavy vehicles; and amending RCW 46.61.100.
HB 1014 by Representatives Buck, Backlund, Zellinsky, Johnson, Sterk, Robertson, Skinner, Chandler, Cairnes, Hankins, Boldt, Mulliken, Sheldon, Cooke, Dunn and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to the sales tax on highway and ferry construction contracts; adding a new section to chapter 82.32 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

HB 1015 by Representatives Chandler, Cairnes, Hatfield, Skinner, Hankins, Mitchell, McMorris, Koster, Boldt and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to paying for services provided to general aviation by exempting fuels used for aviation from sales and use taxation and increasing the aircraft fuel tax rate from three to six percent; amending RCW 82.42.025, 82.42.090, and 43.84.092; reenacting and amending RCW 82.08.0255 and 82.12.0256; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

HB 1016 by Representatives Schoesler, Honeyford, McMorris, Carlson, Boldt, Mason, Sheahan, Buck, Ogden, Huff, Grant, Chandler and Clements; by request of Washington State University

AN ACT Relating to transferring Lind property to Washington State University; and creating a new section.

HB 1017 by Representatives Sehlin, Anderson, Koster, Quall, Huff, L. Thomas and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to exchanges of state-owned aquatic lands with privately owned lands under the public interest standard; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

HB 1018 by Representatives Honeyford, McMorris, Mastin, Thompson, DeBolt, Boldt, Mielke and Clements

AN ACT Relating to the availability of information regarding reforestation obligations; amending RCW 76.09.070; and adding a new section to chapter 76.09 RCW.

HB 1019 by Representatives Honeyford, Ogden, D. Sommers and Mason; by request of Public Works Board

AN ACT Relating to appropriations for projects recommended by the public works board; creating new sections; making an appropriation; and declaring an emergency.

HB 1020 by Representatives Boldt, Carlson, Carrell and Mielke
AN ACT Relating to the office of inspector general within the department of social and health services; amending RCW 41.06.076; adding new sections to chapter 43.20A RCW; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1021 by Representatives Boldt, Koster, Lambert, Schoesler, Sterk, Mulliken, Sherstad, Carrell, L. Thomas, Cooke, Bush, Smith, Dunn, Mielke, Cairnes, O'Brien and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to suspension of public assistance payments; amending RCW 74.08.290; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.


AN ACT Relating to the department of natural resources; adding a new section to chapter 43.30 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1023 by Representatives Buck, Cooke, Mielke and Cairnes

AN ACT Relating to commuter ride-sharing qualifications; and amending RCW 46.74.010.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1024 by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Skinner, Sherstad, Thompson, Carlson, D. Sommers, Sterk, Huff, L. Thomas, Cooke, Dunn, Mielke, Clements and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to the notice requirements for bringing beds out of the bank under certificate of need provisions; and amending RCW 70.38.111.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1025 by Representatives O'Brien, Keiser, Veloria, Delvin, Murray and Regala

AN ACT Relating to investment of state funds in corporations doing business in Northern Ireland; and adding new sections to chapter 43.84 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1026 by Representatives Schoesler, Chandler, Sheahan, Sterk, Mastin, McMorris, Honeyford, Boldt, Mulliken, Bush, Smith, Mielke and Grant

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax on the cubing of hay or alfalfa for sale at wholesale; amending RCW 82.04.120; and reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.260.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1027 by Representatives Schoesler, Chandler, Sheahan, Sterk, McMorris, Honeyford, Dyer, Mielke and D. Schmidt
AN ACT Relating to restrictions on mailings and public service broadcasts by state officials; and adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1028 by Representatives Sheahan, Schoesler, Chandler, Sterk, McMorris, Mastin, Mulliken, Boldt and Smith

AN ACT Relating to exempting granges from property taxation; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1029 by Representatives Schoesler, Dickerson, Chandler, Radcliff, Sheahan, Sterk, Backlund, L. Thomas, McMorris, Mastin, Chopp, Quall, Koster, Conway, Mason, Murray, Mulliken, Ogden, Kessler, Cooke and Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions for nonprofit organizations; amending RCW 82.04.365, 82.04.366, and 82.08.02571; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1030 by Representatives Chandler, Mulliken, Schoesler and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to offender scoring while under supervision; amending RCW 13.40.0354; and reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.360.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1031 by Representatives Sterk, Mulliken, Koster, Johnson, Thompson, D. Sommers, Boldt, Sheahan, Sherstad, Carrell, Bush, Smith, Chandler, D. Schmidt and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to limiting late-term and partial-birth abortions; adding new sections to chapter 9.02 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1032 by Representatives Reams, Mulliken, Thompson, McMorris, Koster, DeBolt, D. Sommers, Boldt, Hickel, Sheahan, Buck, Schoesler, Honeyford, Mitchell, D. Schmidt, Sherstad, L. Thomas, Dunn, Dyer, Mielke, Cairnes, Robertson and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to regulatory reform; amending RCW 76.09.010, 76.09.040, 48.02.060, 48.44.050, 48.46.200, 34.05.350, 34.05.328, 34.05.380, 34.05.010, 34.05.230, 82.32.410, 34.05.354, 19.85.025, 34.05.570, 34.05.534, 48.04.010, 34.12.040, 34.05.630, 34.05.640, 34.05.655, 34.05.660, 4.84.360, 4.84.340, and 43.41.110; adding a new section to chapter 43.22 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 34.05 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 4.84 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1033 by Representatives Schoesler, Honeyford, Sheahan, Grant and Chandler
AN ACT Relating to requirements for grain facilities under the Washington clean air act; and amending RCW 70.94.151.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1034 by Representatives Mulliken, Backlund, McMorris, Koster, Johnson, Thompson, Boldt, Sheahan, Sherstad, Smith and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to the restoration of parents' rights; amending RCW 70.96A.095, 71.34.030, 46.20.292, and 70.24.105; reenacting and amending RCW 70.96A.020; adding a new section to chapter 13.32A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 4.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.320 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.150 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 26.28 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1035 by Representatives Pennington, Mielke, McMorris, Mulliken, Kastama, Johnson, Hatfield, DeBolt, Sheahan, Lambert, Schoesler, B. Thomas, Sheldon, Kessler, L. Thomas, Bush, Smith and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax relief for flood victims; adding new sections to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.12 RCW; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1036 by Representatives Boldt, Mulliken, Koster, Johnson, Thompson, Sheahan, Sherstad, Carrell, Bush, Smith, Dunn, D. Schmidt and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to parental notification for abortions provided to minors; amending RCW 9.02.100 and 13.34.030; adding new sections to chapter 9.02 RCW; repealing RCW 9.02.170; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.


AN ACT Relating to making the 4.7187% state property tax levy reduction permanent; amending RCW 84.55.012; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1038 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to recording documents in the county auditor’s office; and amending RCW 4.28.320, 4.28.325, 36.18.005, 47.28.025, 60.44.030, 60.68.045, 61.16.030, 61.24.030, 64.32.120, 65.04.020, 65.04.060, 65.08.060, 65.08.140, 65.08.160, 84.26.080, 84.33.120, 84.33.140, 84.34.108, and 84.56.330.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
HB 1039 by Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott

AN ACT Relating to auditor’s fees; and amending RCW 36.18.010.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1040 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Thompson and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to the order of candidates on ballots; amending RCW 29.30.025; and repealing RCW 29.30.040.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1041 by Representatives Dunshee, Butler, Morris, Conway, Dickerson, Keiser, Veloria, Poulsen, Hatfield, Cole, Romero, Blalock, Cooper, Mason, Lantz, Cody, Murray, Costa, Fisher, Ogden, Linville, Kessler, Constantine, Regala, Grant, Anderson, Chopp, Gardner, Gombosky and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to property tax relief; amending RCW 84.52.080, 84.56.050, 84.36.383, 84.36.385, 84.36.387, and 84.36.389; adding a new section to chapter 84.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.55 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 84.55.---; repealing 1997 c ... s 9 (unmodified); prescribing penalties; providing a contingent effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1042 by Representatives Dyer, B. Thomas, Dunshee, Robertson, Grant, Thompson, Smith and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to taxation of dental appliances, devices, restorations, and substitutes; amending RCW 82.04.120, 82.08.0283, and 82.12.0277; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1043 by Representatives Schoesler, Dunn and Smith

AN ACT Relating to the regulation of residential landlord-tenant duties; and adding a new section to chapter 59.18 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1044 by Representatives Murray, Chopp, Keiser, Veloria, Dickerson, Poulsen, Quall, Mason, Cody, Costa, Ogden, Constantine, Regala, Kenney, Anderson, Appelwick and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to discrimination in employment; and amending RCW 49.60.040, 49.60.180, 49.60.190, and 49.60.200.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1045 by Representatives Carlson and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to replacement of school levy funding; amending RCW 84.52.0531 and 43.135.025; adding a new section to chapter 84.52 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.
HB 1046 by Representatives Carlson, Pennington, Radcliff, Ogden, Doumit, Keiser, Scott, Cole, DeBolt, Cooper, Mason, Cody, Costa, L. Thomas, Dyer, Regala, Anderson, Appelwick and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to personal flotation devices; amending RCW 88.12.115; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1047 by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Dunn and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to tuition waivers; and amending RCW 28B.15.535.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1048 by Representatives Carlson, Ogden, Hatfield, Radcliff, Boldt and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to legal counsel for institutions of higher education; and amending RCW 28B.10.510.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1049 by Representatives Carlson, Ogden, Radcliff, Pennington and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to promoting the desegregation of group homes; amending RCW 35.63.220; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; recodifying RCW 35.63.220; and repealing RCW 35A.63.240, 36.70.990, and 36.70A.450.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1050 by Representatives Pennington, McMorris, Mielke, Delvin, Mulliken, Thompson, Hatfield, Boldt, Buck, Schoesler, Sherstad, Smith and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to firearms licensing; amending RCW 9.41.070 and 9.41.110; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1051 by Representatives Pennington, Mielke, Carlson, McMorris, Delvin and Keiser

AN ACT Relating to school bus route stops as drug-free zones; and amending RCW 69.50.435.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1052 by Representatives Pennington, Carlson, Boldt, Thompson and DeBolt

AN ACT Relating to littering; amending RCW 70.93.060 and 70.93.070; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1053 by Representatives Pennington, Mielke, Boldt and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to independent expenditures on written political advertising relating to a candidate undertaken as an independent expenditure; and amending RCW 42.17.510.
Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1054** by Representatives Dunn, Carlson, Mason and Mielke; by request of Higher Education Coordinating Board

AN ACT Relating to the state educational trust fund; and amending RCW 28B.10.821.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 1055** by Representatives Radcliff, Dunn, Carlson, Dickerson, Hatfield, Conway, Quall, Mason, Costa, Ogden, Anderson and O'Brien; by request of Higher Education Coordinating Board

AN ACT Relating to undergraduate fellowships for needy and meritorious students; and adding a new chapter to Title 28B RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 1056** by Representatives Hatfield, Pennington, Doumit, Mielke, Johnson, Buck, Kessler, Sheldon, Mastin, Grant, Thompson, DeBolt, Quall, Boldt and Linville

AN ACT Relating to natural area preserves; and adding a new section to chapter 79.70 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**HB 1057** by Representatives Backlund and Cody; by request of Department of Health

AN ACT Relating to public disclosure of complaints filed under the uniform disciplinary act; amending RCW 18.130.095; and adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 1058** by Representatives Dyer, Cody and Backlund; by request of Department of Health

AN ACT Relating to the disclosure of information obtained by the department of health related to meeting licensing standards in hospitals; and amending RCW 70.41.150.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 1059** by Representatives Backlund, Cody and Mason; by request of Department of Health

AN ACT Relating to the merger of the health professions account and the medical disciplinary account; amending RCW 18.71.310; adding a new section to chapter 18.71 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 18.71.400 and 18.71.410; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 1060** by Representatives Sehlin, Ogden, Hankins, Grant, Keiser, Scott, Dickerson, Cole, Conway, Quall, Lantz, Cody, Murray, Costa, Morris, Linville, Anderson and Chopp; by request of Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation

AN ACT Relating to including additional projects contained in LEAP CAPITAL DOCUMENT NO. 5 in the list of Washington wildlife and recreation program projects authorized in section 327, chapter 16, Laws of 1995 2nd sp. sess.; amending 1995 2nd sp.s. c
16 s 327 (uncodified); creating a new section; authorizing expenditures; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1061 by Representatives Sheldon, Mielke and Grant

AN ACT Relating to metal detectors in state parks; adding a new section to chapter 43.51 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1062 by Representative Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to stadium naming rights; and amending RCW 36.100.035.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1063 by Representative Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to property taxes; adding new sections to chapter 84.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.40 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1064 by Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe, Dyer and Mason; by request of Insurance Commissioner

AN ACT Relating to the financial and reporting requirements of health care service contractors and health maintenance organizations; amending RCW 48.44.035, 48.44.037, 48.44.095, 48.46.080, and 48.46.235; adding a new section to chapter 48.44 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 48.46 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1065 by Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe and Mason; by request of Insurance Commissioner

AN ACT Relating to the filing of corporate documents by insurance companies, health care service contractors, and health maintenance organizations; amending RCW 48.06.060, 48.06.200, and 48.07.070; adding a new section to chapter 23.86 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 23B.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 23B.02 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 23B.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 23B.10 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 23B.14 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 23B.15 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 24.03 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 24.06 RCW; and adding new sections to chapter 25.15 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1066 by Representatives Pennington, Chopp, Mason, Costa, Skinner, Hankins, Ogden and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to the maintenance of state facilities; amending RCW 43.82.150, 43.88.032, and 43.88.110; reenacting and amending RCW 43.88.030; adding a new section to chapter 43.82 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.
HB 1067 by Representatives Sterk, Thompson, Costa, Sheahan, Sherstad, Smith, Mielke and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle offenses involving deaths; and reenacting and amending RCW 9A.04.080.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1068 by Representatives Sterk, D. Sommers, Boldt, Smith and Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to possession of liquor in certain buildings on the state capitol campus; adding a new section to chapter 66.44 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1069 by Representatives Sterk and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to malicious use of explosives; amending RCW 70.74.270 and 70.74.280; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1070 by Representatives Reams, Thompson, Boldt, Carrell, Dunn and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to state government reorganization; amending RCW 43.17.020 and 72.09.040; reenacting and amending RCW 43.17.010; adding a new section to chapter 41.06 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.09 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; creating new sections; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1071 by Representatives Reams, Mulliken, Thompson, Boldt, Sterk, Carrell, Dunn and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to state government reorganization; amending RCW 72.09.040, 43.17.020, 43.17.010, and 43.17.020; reenacting and amending RCW 43.17.010; adding new sections to chapter 41.06 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 72.09 RCW; adding new chapters to Title 43 RCW; creating new sections; providing effective dates; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1072 by Representatives Sterk, Sheahan, Hickel and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to interception, transmission, recording, or disclosure of communications; adding a new section to chapter 9.73 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1073 by Representatives B. Thomas, Thompson, Boldt, Wensman, Ogden, Kessler, Dyer, Mielke and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to funding community use of public schools; adding a new section to chapter 84.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.500 RCW; and creating a new section.
Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1074 by Representatives Sheahan, Costa, Hatfield and Constantine

AN ACT Relating to the protection of personality rights; adding a new chapter to Title 63 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1075 by Representatives Hickel, Mitchell, Keiser and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to court jurisdiction; amending RCW 35.20.030; reenacting and amending RCW 13.04.030; adding a new section to chapter 28A.225 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1076 by Representatives Reams, Poulsen, Mastin, Hatfield, Skinner, Linville, Dyer, Kessler, Sherstad, Grant, Pennington, Mielke, Thompson, Carlson, Boldt, Bush, Smith and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to state and local government; and amending RCW 34.05.310, 34.05.328, and 42.30.020.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1077 by Representatives Sterk, D. Sommers, Boldt and Sheahan

AN ACT Relating to identification; adding a new chapter to Title 19 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1078 by Representatives Pennington, Mielke, Carlson, Boldt, McMorris, Delvin, Keiser, Quall, DeBolt, Sterk, Cooke, Smith and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to possession or use of tobacco by minors; amending RCW 70.155.080; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.


70.74.135, 70.74.360, 70.74.370, 66.24.010, 43.63B.040, 70.95D.040, 17.21.130, 17.21.132, 64.44.060, 19.146.210, 19.146.220, 26.09.160, 26.09.165, 26.23.050, 26.18.100, 26.23.060, 74.08.025, 74.08.080, and 74.08.340; reenacting and amending RCW 18.145.080 and 74.04.005; adding new sections to chapter 74.25 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.13 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.20A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 2.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.39 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.51 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.76 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.85 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.96 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.104 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.106 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.130 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.140 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.145 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.165 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.170 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.175 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.185 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 20.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 47.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 88.02 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.95B RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.09 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 44.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.23 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 74.08.120, 74.08.125, and 74.12.420; repealing 1993 c 312 s 7; repealing 1992 c 136 s 1; repealing 1992 c 165 s 1; prescribing penalties; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1080 by Representatives Backlund, Ballasiotes, Koster, Skinner, Talcott, Carrell, Dyer, Mulliken, Mastin, D. Sommers, Quall, Costa, Sterk, Sherstad, Sheldon, Bush, Smith, Mielke and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to protecting the health and safety of department of corrections and jail staff; amending RCW 70.24.015 and 70.24.105; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1081 by Representatives Koster, Mulliken, Dunn, Mielke, Thompson, McMorris, Boldt, Sterk, Sherstad, Bush and Smith

AN ACT Relating to tobacco policies for schools; amending RCW 28A.210.310; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1082 by Representatives McDonald and Sheahan

AN ACT Relating to contempt of court; and amending RCW 7.21.020.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1083 by Representatives McDonald, Sheahan and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to use of department of licensing records in criminal prosecutions; and amending RCW 46.52.120.
Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1084** by Representatives Mulliken, Johnson, Koster, Backlund, Sump, Talcott, Crouse, Thompson, Mielke, Bush, Boldt, Benson, Sherstad, Carrell, Smith and Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to authorizing parents to inspect classroom materials; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.320 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1085** by Representatives Mulliken, Johnson, Koster, Backlund, Sump, Talcott, Crouse, Thompson, Mielke, Bush, Sherstad, Carrell, Smith and Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to notification of student testing or survey; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1086** by Representatives Mulliken, Johnson, Koster, Sump, Thompson, Crouse, Mielke and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to removing a child from school grounds; and amending RCW 28A.605.010.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1087** by Representative Sheahan

AN ACT Relating to penalties for public consumption of liquor; amending RCW 66.44.100; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1088** by Representatives Sheahan and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to the state fossil; adding a new section to chapter 1.20 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1089** by Representatives Cooke, Tokuda, Radcliff, Backlund, Boldt, Mason and Cairnes


Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**HJM 4000** by Representatives Sterk, O’Brien, Delvin, Robertson, Mulliken, Dickerson, Thompson, Hatfield, Conway, D. Sommers, Cooper, Boldt, Alexander, Cody, Murray, Costa, Sheahan, Buck, Schoesler, Sherstad, Ogden, Linville, Kessler, L. Thomas, Smith, Dyer, Chandler, Chopp and D. Schmidt
Honoring law enforcement officers.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HJR 4200 by Representatives Dunshee, Butler, Morris, Conway, Dickerson, Keiser, Hatfield, Blalock, Cooper, Mason, Cody, Costa, Ogden, Linville, Kessler, Constantine, Grant, Anderson, Chopp, Wood, Gardner and Gombosky

Amending the state Constitution to allow a credit against property taxes on owner-occupied residential property.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HJR 4201 by Representative Sheldon

Amending the Constitution to permit property tax relief.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HCR 4400 by Representatives Lisk, Chopp and Mason

Calling a Joint Session for the State of the State address.

HCR 4401 by Representatives Lisk, Chopp, Mason and L. Thomas

Convening a Joint Session to hear the Chief Justice.

HCR 4402 by Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Conway, L. Thomas and Dyer

Establishing the Veterans and Military Affairs Task Force.

SCR 8400 by Senator McDonald

Notifying the Governor that the Legislature is organized.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills, memorial and resolutions listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of HCR 4400, HCR 4401 and SCR 8400 which were advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8400, by Senator McDonald

BE IT RESOLVED. By the Senate, the House of Representatives concurring, That a committee consisting of two members of the Senate, to be named by the President of the Senate, and two members of the House of Representatives, to be named by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, be appointed to notify the Governor that the Legislature is organized and ready to conduct business.

The resolution was read the second time.

On motion of Representative Lisk, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the was placed on final adoption.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8400.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8400 was adopted.

APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE

The Speaker appointed Representatives Robertson and Hatfield to notify the Governor that the Legislature is organized and ready to conduct business.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4400, by Representatives Lisk, Chopp and Mason

BE IT RESOLVED, That the House meet the Senate in Joint Session on Tuesday, January 14, 1997, at 11:45 a.m. in the House Chamber, for the purpose of canvassing the vote of Constitutional elective state officers as required by Article III, section 4 of our Constitution, and receiving the State message of Governor Mike Lowry; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House meet the Senate in Joint Session on Wednesday, January 15, 1997, at 11:45 a.m. in the House Chamber for the purpose of inaugurating the Governor-elect Gary Locke, to receive his message, and to administer the oath of office to the Constitutional elective state officers.

The resolution was read the second time.

On motion of Representative Lisk, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the resolution was placed on final adoption.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of House Concurrent Resolution No. 4400.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4400 was adopted.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4401, by Representatives Lisk, Chopp, Mason and L. Thomas

BE IT RESOLVED, By the House of Representatives, the Senate concurring, That the House of Representatives meet the Senate in Joint Session on Monday, January 20, 1997, at 10:45 a.m. in the House Chamber, for the purpose of receiving an address from the Chief Justice of the Washington State Supreme Court, Barbara Durham.

The resolution was read the second time.

On motion of Representative Lisk, the rules were suspended, and House Concurrent Resolution No. 4401 was advanced to third reading and final passage.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of House Concurrent Resolution No. 4401.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4401 was adopted.

There being no objection, House Joint Resolution No. 4401 was immediately transmitted to the Senate.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker introduced the 1996-97 Lakefair Queen, Miss Jami Barber.
MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

January 13, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted:

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4400,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

January 13, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted:

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4401,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE

The Honorable
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Legislature of the State of Washington
Olympia, Washington 98504

Mr. Speaker:

We herewith respectfully transmit for your consideration a copy of Initiative to the Legislature Number 192, originally filed with this office on April 4, 1996. On January 3, 1997, the sponsor of the proposed initiative filed 10,629 petition sheets in support of the measure. We have completed our preliminary canvas of these petition sheets and have determined that they contain 189,087 signatures.

Accordingly, pursuant to the provisions of Article II, section 1 of the State Constitution, we are provisionally certifying Initiative to the Legislature Number 192 to you at this time. We expect to complete verification of signatures no later than February 11, 1997 and we will provide the Legislature with a final certification as soon as possible thereafter.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand and affixed the Seal of the State of Washington, this tenth day of January, 1997.

(Seal)

Ralph Munro, Secretary of State

INITIATIVE 192

I, Ralph Munro, Secretary of State of the State of Washington and custodian of its seal, hereby certify that, according to the records on file in my office, the attached copy of Initiative Measure No. 192 to the Legislature is a true and correct copy as it was received by this office.

AN ACT Relating to health plans; adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; and creating a new section.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The purpose of section 2 of this act is to expand access to health care providers so that Washington state residents, not the government or health insurance companies, select health care providers for themselves and their families.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

Every health plan delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed by a health carrier on and after July 1, 1998:
(1)(a) Shall permit every individual doctor, as defined below, to provide health services or care for conditions to the extent that:
   (i) The provision of such health services or care is within the doctor’s scope of practice; and
   (ii) The doctor agrees to abide by standards related to:
       (A) Provision, utilization review, and cost containment of health services;
       (B) Management and administrative procedures; and
       (C) Provision of cost-effective and clinically efficacious health services; and,
   (iii) The plan covers the condition or provides the service.

(b) For purposes of this section, the term "doctor" means doctor of podiatric medicine and surgery licensed under chapter 18.22 RCW, doctor of chiropractic licensed under chapter 18.25 RCW, doctor of naturopathy licensed under chapter 18.36A RCW, doctor of optometry licensed under chapter 18.53 RCW, doctor of osteopathic medicine and surgery licensed under chapter 18.57 RCW, doctor of pharmacy or pharmacist licensed under chapter 18.64 RCW, doctor of medicine licensed under chapter 18.71 RCW, and doctor of psychology licensed under chapter 18.83 RCW. This subsection (1) shall not apply to a health maintenance organization to the extent that it directly employs doctors.

(2) May include patient cost-sharing requirements, gatekeeper or referral requirements, or any other managed care provisions, only to assure efficient delivery of health care services. Such requirements or provisions may not discriminate unfairly against any category of provider included in the plan and must be written and applied on a substantially fair and uniform basis among all health care providers included in the plan.

There being no objection, Initiative Number 192 was referred to the Committee on Health Care.

MESSAGE FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE

The Honorable Clyde Ballard
Speaker of the House of Representatives
State of Washington
Olympia, Washington

Dear Mr. Speaker:

I respectfully transit the attached Report on Petitions for the Formation of New Counties as requested by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate during the previous session of the Washington State Legislature.

Sincerely,

RALPH MUNRO
Secretary of State

Report to the Senate and House of Representatives
of the State of Washington on

Petitions for the Formation of New Counties

Secretary of State Ralph Munro
Legislative Building
Olympia, Washington 98504-0220

INTRODUCTION AND EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Between April of 1995 and November of 1996, four separate groups of voters submitted petitions to the state Legislature to create new counties within Washington state (as provided under Article 11, section 3, of the state Constitution). The four proposed new counties (as identified by their respective proponents) are:

Cedar -- in eastern King County -- for which signature petitions were submitted on February 28, September 16, and November 4, 1996;
Freedom -- in northern and northeastern Snohomish county -- for which signature petitions were submitted on April 23, 1995, and on October 31, 1996;
Pioneer -- in northwestern Whatcom county -- for which signature petitions were submitted on January 31, September 16, and November 4, 1996; and
Skykomish -- in southeastern Snohomish county and northeastern King county -- for which signature petitions were submitted on March 6, May 30, September 16, and November 4, 1996.

The Chief Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate transmitted the petitions to the Secretary of State with the request that we examine the signatures on each of the formation petitions and report the results of those examinations to the Legislature. Although there are no implementing statutes governing the petition process for the formation of new counties referred to in the state Constitution or providing for the verification of the signatures on the formation petitions for new counties (by either state or local election officials), the Secretary of State agreed, with the assistance of local election officials in the areas where the new counties were proposed, to compare the signatures on the formation petitions to the voter registration records of those counties. A more detailed discussion of the historical and legal precedents on which this approach is based is included in the body of this report.

The examination of the signatures on the formation petitions for these four new counties indicates that these petitions contain the following numbers of signatures of registered voters who reside within the territory of the respective proposed counties:

Number of signatures of registered voters residing within proposed Cedar county 23,765
Number of signatures of registered voters residing within proposed Freedom county 9,558
Number of signatures of registered voters residing within proposed Pioneer county 4,134
Number of signatures of registered voters residing within proposed Skykomish county 7,193

More detailed information on the petitions submitted in support of each of the proposed new counties is included in the body of this report. The report also discusses some legal issues raised by the proponents of the new counties during the examination of the petitions.

Our experience with these formation petitions dramatically demonstrates the need for the Legislature to adopt implementing statutes governing the formation of new counties as provided in the state Constitution. There are too many unanswered questions about this process. The absence of a clear statutory process is unfair to the proponents of new counties, as well as those who may be opposed to those formations. The lack of statutory standards has also complicated the job of this office and the local election officials who assisted us. I recommend that the Legislature give the highest priority to legislation on the formation of new counties.

REPORT ON PROPOSED CEDAR COUNTY

On February 28, 1996, Ms. Lois Y. Gustafson submitted petition sheets containing approximately 23,625 signatures to the Legislature in support of the formation of a new county, to be named Cedar county, out of a portion of the eastern part of the existing territory of King county. A letter regarding the legal description of the boundaries of proposed Cedar county is included as part of Appendix 1 to this report.
The Secretary of State arranged for the Division of Records and Elections in King county to compare the signatures on these petitions to the voter registration records of King county and report the results of that examination. Information about the legal description of the proposed county was added to the voter registration information of the county for the purposes of this examination. The Division of Records and Elections determined that there were 97,226 registered voters in the area of the proposed county at the time that the petitions were submitted.

The results of the examination of these petitions by the Division of Records and Elections in King county are summarized in the following table:

Petition to Form Cedar County (2-28-96):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signatures on the petition or petitions</td>
<td>23,798</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county</td>
<td>(5,174)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once</td>
<td>(2,432)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures</td>
<td>16,192</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Also on February 28, Ms. Gustafson submitted four small petitions each of which requested that additional territory be added to the proposed county for which the larger petition had been circulated. There was a batch of two petitions containing twelve signatures for one area presumably adjacent to the territory of proposed Cedar county, a batch of twenty-three petitions containing seventy-seven signatures for a second area, one petition containing seven signatures for a third area, and a batch of nine petitions containing one hundred sixteen signatures for a fourth area.

Presumably, these additional petitions were each signed by voters living in the respective regions which were requesting to be added to proposed Cedar county. Since there are no statutes permitting, prohibiting, or governing petitions for the addition of areas to a proposed new county, the Secretary of State has retained these four batches of petitions subject to further instructions from the Legislature.

On September 16, 1996, Ms. Gustafson submitted an additional batch of formation petitions for proposed Cedar county containing approximately 11,321 signatures. On November 4, 1996, she submitted a third batch of petitions containing approximately 66 signatures in support of the formation of proposed Cedar county.

There are no statutes permitting, prohibiting, or governing the submission of supplemental petitions for the formation of new counties. However, groups of petitions of this size would have no relevance unless the Legislature decides to consider them as part of the previous petition or petitions submitted by the same proponents. For proposed Cedar county (and each of the other three proposed counties), the Secretary of State decided to examine the signatures on the subsequent batches of petitions and provide the Legislature with the results of the examination of those signatures separately from and then combined with the totals for all petitions for that county.

The Secretary of State compared the signatures on these batches of petitions for proposed Cedar county to the voter registration records used for the verification of initiatives and referendum to determine which signatures on the petition were those of registered voters in King county and to records provided by the Division of Records and Elections to determine if those persons were registered to vote at addresses within proposed Cedar county. Subsequently, the Division of Records and Elections in King county compared the signatures of the registered voters within proposed Cedar county to voter registration records containing the results of the examination of the petition submitted on February 28 to determine which registered voters had signed both petitions.
The results of the combined examination of these petitions by the Secretary of State and King county are summarized in the table at the top of the following page:

Petitions to Form Cedar County (9-16-96 and 11-4-96):

- Signatures on the petition or petitions: 11,447
- Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county: 2,204
- Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once: 1,670
- Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures: 7,573

On November 4, Ms. Gustafson also submitted two more batches of petitions to add additional territories to proposed Cedar county. There was a batch of five petitions containing twenty-seven signatures for one area and a batch of three petitions containing thirty-two signatures for a second area. The Secretary of State has retained these two batches of petitions subject to further instructions from the Legislature.

The combined results of the examination of the signatures on all of the petitions submitted by the proponents of proposed Cedar county are summarized in the following table:

Combined Petitions to Form Cedar County:

- Signatures on the petition or petitions: 35,245
- Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county: 7,378
- Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once: 4,102
- Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures: 23,765

REPORT ON PROPOSED FREEDOM COUNTY

On April 23, 1995, Mr. Peter J. Poeschel submitted petition sheets to the Legislature in support of the formation of a new county, to be named Freedom county, out of a portion of the northern and northeastern part of the existing territory of Snohomish county. A legal description of the boundaries of the proposed county is included as part of Appendix 1 to this report.

The Secretary of State arranged for the County Auditor in Snohomish county to compare the signatures on these petitions to the voter registration records of Snohomish county and report the results of that examination. Information about the legal description of the proposed county was added to the voter registration information of the county for the purposes of this examination. The County Auditor determined that there were 30,569 registered voters in the area of the proposed county at the time that the petitions were submitted.

On June 7, 1995, the Snohomish County Auditor reported to the Secretary of State the results of his examination of these petitions. On June 8, the Secretary of State transmitted these results to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the State Senate. When petitions for a second proposed county to be formed, in part, out of existing territory in Snohomish county were submitted the following year, the Secretary of State and the Snohomish County Auditor decided to re-examine the formation petitions for Freedom county to insure that consistent procedures were used for
examining petitions for all of the proposed counties and to respond to questions from the proponents about signatures where the address information on the petition was incomplete or conflicted with the information on residence address in the voter registration file.

The results of the examination of this first batch of petitions by the County Auditor in Snohomish county are summarized in the table on the top of the following page:

Petition to Form Freedom County (4-23-95):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signatures on the petition or petitions</td>
<td>12,439</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county</td>
<td>2,722</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once</td>
<td>804</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures</td>
<td>8,913</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On October 31, 1996, Mr. Poeschel submitted an additional batch of formation petitions for proposed Freedom county. This group of petitions contained approximately 1,256 signatures. The Secretary of State compared the signatures on these batches of petitions for proposed Freedom county to the voter registration records of Snohomish county (using a network connection with Snohomish county developed and tested during the verification of state initiatives and referendums earlier this year). The results of the examination of these petitions by the Secretary of State are summarized in the following table:

Petition to Form Freedom County (10-31-96):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signatures on the petition or petitions</td>
<td>1,257</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county</td>
<td>379</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once</td>
<td>233</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures</td>
<td>645</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The combined results of the examination of the signatures on all of the petitions submitted by the proponents of proposed Freedom county are summarized in the following table:

Combined Petitions to Form Freedom County:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Count</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signatures on the petition or petitions</td>
<td>13,696</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county</td>
<td>3,101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once</td>
<td>1,037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures</td>
<td>9,558</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
On January 31, 1996, Mr. Howard Andreasen submitted petition sheets containing approximately 4,076 signatures in support of the formation of a new county, to be named Pioneer county, out of a portion of the northwestern part of the existing territory of Whatcom county. A legal description of the boundaries of the proposed county is included as part of Appendix 1 to this report.

The Secretary of State arranged for the County Auditor in Whatcom county to compare the signatures on these petitions to the voter registration records of Whatcom county and report the results of that examination. Information about the legal description of the proposed county was added to the voter registration information of the county for the purposes of this examination. The County Auditor determined that there were 17,611 registered voters in the area of the proposed county at the time that the petitions were submitted.

The results of the examination of these petitions by the County Auditor in Whatcom county are summarized in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Petition to Form Pioneer County (1-31-96):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signatures on the petition or petitions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On September 16, 1996, Mr. Andreasen submitted an additional batch of formation petitions for proposed Pioneer county which contained approximately 646 signatures. On November 4, 1996, he submitted a third batch of petitions containing approximately 436 signatures in support of the formation of proposed Pioneer county.

The Secretary of State compared the signatures on these batches of petitions for proposed Pioneer county to the voter registration records used for the verification of initiatives and referendum to determine which signatures on the petition were those of registered voters in King county and to records provided by the County Auditor in Whatcom county to determine if those persons were registered to vote at addresses within proposed Pioneer county and to determine which registered voters had signed both petitions.

The results of the combined examination of these petitions by the Secretary of State and Whatcom county are summarized in the table on the top of the following page:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Petitions to Form Pioneer County (9-16-96 and 11-4-96):</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Signatures on the petition or petitions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The combined results of the examination of the signatures on all of the petitions submitted by the proponents of proposed Pioneer county are summarized in the following table:
Combined Petitions to Form Pioneer County:

- Signatures on the petition or petitions: 5,163
- Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county: 828
- Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once: 201
- Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures: 4,134

REPORT ON PROPOSED SKYKOMISH COUNTY

On March 6, 1996, Mr. Arnold C. Hansen submitted petition sheets containing approximately 9,446 signatures in support of the formation of a new county, to be named Skykomish county, out of a portion of the southeastern part of the existing territory of Snohomish county and a portion of the northeastern part of the existing territory of King county. (The portion of proposed Skykomish county which is in existing King county is also contained in proposed Cedar county.) A legal description of the boundaries of this proposed county is included as part of Appendix 1 to this report. On May 30, 1996, Mr. Hansen submitted a second batch of petitions containing approximately 1,175 signatures in support of the formation of proposed Skykomish county.

The Secretary of State arranged for the County Auditor in Snohomish county and the Division of Records and Elections in King county to compare the signatures on these petitions to the voter registration records of their respective counties and report the results of that examination. Information about the legal descriptions of the proposed county was added to the voter registration information of Snohomish and King counties for the purposes of this examination. The Snohomish County Auditor determined that there were 20,488 registered voters in the area of the proposed county (in Snohomish county) at the time that the petitions were submitted and the Division of Records and Elections in King county determined that there were 382 registered voters in the area of the proposed county (in King county) at the time that the petitions were submitted.

The results of the examination of these petitions by the Snohomish County Auditor and the Division of Records and Elections in King county are summarized in the following table:

Petitions to Form Skykomish County (3-6-96 and 5-30-96):

- Signatures on the petition or petitions: 10,645
- Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county: 3,049
- Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once: 1,276
- Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures: 6,320

On September 16, 1996, Mr. Hansen submitted an additional batch of formation petitions for proposed Skykomish county which contained approximately 1,041 signatures. On November 4, 1996, he submitted a fourth batch of petitions containing approximately 108 signatures in support of the formation of proposed Skykomish county.

The Secretary of State compared the signatures on these two batches of petitions for proposed Skykomish county to the voter registration records of Snohomish county. The results of the examination of these petitions by the Secretary of State are summarized in the following table:
Petitions to Form Skykomish County (9-16-96 and 11-4-96):

Signatures on the petition or petitions 1,194

Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county (189)

Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once (132)

Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures 873

The combined results of the examination of the signatures on all of the petitions submitted by the proponents of proposed Skykomish county are summarized in the following table:

Combined Petitions to Form Skykomish County:

Signatures on the petition or petitions 11,839

Signatures of persons not registered to vote in the proposed county (3,238)

Signatures of persons registered to vote in the proposed county who signed the petition or petitions more than once (1,408)

Signatures of persons registered to vote within the proposed county, excluding multiple signatures 7,193

EXAMINATION OF THE PETITIONS BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE

The submission of the first batch of signature petitions for Freedom county to the Legislature in April of 1995 posed a series of legal and procedural questions, the most immediate of which was, "How should the Legislature proceed to determine the sufficiency of the formation petition?" This section of the report discusses how the Chief Clerk of the House and the Secretary of the Senate, together with representatives of the presiding officers of the House and Senate and the Secretary of State, reached a consensus about what steps could be taken relative to the petition (based on historical experience and relevant judicial precedent) to assist the Legislature in its consideration of the question of forming a new county.

Specifically, it addresses the suggestion that the Secretary of State should verify the signatures on these petitions, in the same manner that signatures on state initiatives and referendums are verified, and certify to the Legislature whether or not the petitions qualify under the provisions of Article 11, section 3. A consensus was reached that the Secretary of State does not have any legal authority to determine the sufficiency of formation petitions for new counties but that it would be useful for the Secretary of State, together with the appropriate local election officials, to compare the signatures on the petitions to the voter registration records of those counties and provide the Legislature with whatever information about the signatures might be necessary for the Legislature to make a determination about the sufficiency of those petitions.

The formation of new counties in this state is governed by Article 11, section 3, of the state Constitution which reads as follows:

"New counties. No new counties shall be established which shall reduce any county to a population less than four thousand (4,000), nor shall a new county be formed containing a less population than two thousand (2,000). There shall be no territory stricken from any county unless a majority of the voters living in such territory shall petition therefor and then only under such other conditions as may be
prescribed by a general law applicable to the whole state. Every county which shall be
enlarged or created from territory taken from any other county or counties shall be
liable for a just proportion of the existing debts and liabilities of the county or counties
from which such territory shall be taken: Provided, That in such accounting neither
county shall be charged with any debt or liability then existing incurred in the purchase
of any county property, or in the purchase or construction of any county buildings then
in use, or under construction, which shall fall within and be retained by the county:
Provided further, That this shall not be construed to affect the rights of creditors."

Any procedure for determining the sufficiency of the formation petitions must derive from the
authority in this constitutional provision. The section does not, by itself, provide a process for
determining the sufficiency of the formation petition nor does it authorize the Secretary of State
to make that determination. In addition, there are no general state laws governing the process of
circulating and submitting petitions for the formation of a new county nor providing for the verification
of the signatures on the formation petitions. The state Legislature has considered bills on this subject in
several recent sessions but no proposal has yet been approved by both houses.

There were five new counties formed in the first twenty-five years after Washington became a
state, all of them in eastern Washington:

    In 1899, the state Legislature created Ferry county out of a portion of the
    original territory of Stevens county;

    Also in 1899, the Legislature created Chelan county out of portions of the
    original territories of Okanogan and Kittitas counties;

    In 1905, the Legislature created Benton county out of portions of the original
    territories of Klickitat and Yakima counties;

    In 1909, the Legislature created Grant county out of a portion of the original
    territory of Douglas County; and

    In 1911, the Legislature created Pend Oreille county out of a portion of the
    territory of Stevens county which remained following the creation of Ferry county in
    1899.

Two distinct processes were used by the Legislature in the formation of these counties. In some
cases, a petition was presented to the Legislature before it passed a bill to create the county (Ferry,
Grant, and Pend Oreille). In other cases, the Legislature passed a bill to create the county if a sufficient
petition was presented within a specified time (Chelan and Benton).

In 1907, the state Legislature attempted to create a new county out of a portion of the original
territory of Chehalis county. The new county was to be called Grays Harbor county. However, the
effort was unsuccessful because the State Supreme Court ruled that a crucial provision of the enabling
legislation was unconstitutionally vague. The Legislature later changed the name of Chehalis county to
Grays Harbor county.

None of these historical examples provided a precedent for having the Secretary of State verify
the signatures on the petitions or determine the sufficiency of the petition. In a more recent case,
however, the Secretary of State did play a role in the examination of the formation petition prior to
consideration of the petition by the state Legislature.

There was an effort -- and a petition campaign -- in the early 1980's to form a new county out
of the western portions of Clallam and Jefferson counties. The proponents of this new county, which
they proposed be called Olympic county, were uncertain whether to submit their formation petitions to
the Secretary of State or directly to the Legislature. The Secretary of State agreed to accept the
petitions, pending instructions from the Legislature about their disposition.
The Legislature subsequently requested that the petitions by transmitted to the appropriate county auditors and that the auditors determine how many of the signatures on the petitions were those of registered voters living within the territory of the proposed county. Bills to create Olympic county were introduced in both houses of the Legislature in 1982 and 1983. One of these bills (Senate Bill 3264 in 1983) passed the Senate in 1983 and again in 1984, but it failed to pass the House in either session. No legislation to create Olympic county was introduced in subsequent sessions.

Following the more recent historical precedent, the Secretary of State agreed to coordinate the examination by the local election officials of the formation petitions for proposed Freedom county (and each of the subsequent petitions that were submitted to the Legislature). Although we concluded that the Secretary of State does not have any statutory authority to make a determination about which signatures on the petitions are valid for the purpose of forming a new county or whether the petition itself satisfies the requirements of Article 11, section 3, we felt that the consideration of these questions by the Legislature would be facilitated by a comparison of the signatures to the current voter registration records of the counties and a summary of the results of that examination.

ALTERNATIVE RECOMMENDATIONS BY THE PROPONENTS

In March of 1996, following the submission of formation petitions for Pioneer, Cedar, and Skykomish counties, the proponents of the four new counties advanced a series of their own recommendations about how the signatures should be examined and what authority the Secretary of State has to determine the sufficiency of the petitions. The proponents of the four new counties, acting jointly through a group called the New Counties Summit, sent a letter to the Secretary of State in which they argued three legal premises (which we paraphrase as follows):

1. A formation petition for a new county is sufficient if it contains the number of valid signatures of registered voters who reside in the proposed county exceeds fifty percent of the number of votes cast at the last state general election (as opposed to fifty percent of the registered voters residing in area of the proposed county);

2. The formation petition is a "species of special election" which, if sufficient, automatically results in the creation of the county without action by the Legislature; and

3. The Secretary of State effectively has the authority to determine the sufficiency of the petition, because he has a duty under the state statutes on canvassing to certify the results of this type of "special election".

A copy of the letter from the New Counties Summit, together with the legal analysis on which it was based, is included as Appendix 2 to this report. The Secretary of State declined to adopt the analysis and recommendations of the New Counties Summit. A copy of the response from the Secretary of State is included as Appendix 3 to this report.

We believe that the assertion by the proponents of the four new counties that "petitions … will result in the creation of each county upon validation of the requisite number of signatures and certification of the results by the Secretary of State" conflicts with decisions of the Washington State Supreme Court in this area, which the analysis accompanying the letter from the Four Counties Summit fails to discuss or distinguish. We are convinced that the proper posture for an agency of the executive branch is to defer to the conclusion that only the Legislature has the authority to create a new county and that the determination of the sufficiency of the petition required by Article 11, section 3, is solely a legislative function.

Although we do not feel that the Secretary of State has the authority to resolve the argument advanced by the new county proponents (that the petition need only be signed by fifty percent of the votes cast in the last general election), it is important that the Legislature have the information necessary to proceed if they decide to adopt that approach. The Division of Records and Elections in King County and the County Auditors of Snohomish and Whatcom counties provided us with data on the number of votes cast by registered voters residing in the territories of the proposed counties who
voted at the last state general election prior to the submission of the petitions for those proposed counties. This information is summarized in the table on the top of the following page:

Votes cast in the territory of proposed Cedar county at the 1995 state general election 45,033
(The petitions for Cedar County contained the signatures of 23,765 registered voters residing within the proposed new county.)

Votes cast in the territory of proposed Freedom county at the 1994 state general election 17,477
(The petitions for Freedom County contained the signatures of 9,558 registered voters residing within the proposed new county.)

Votes cast in the territory of proposed Pioneer county at the 1995 state general election 8,132
(The petitions for Pioneer County contained the signatures of 4,134 registered voters residing within the proposed new county.)

Votes cast in the territory of proposed Skykomish county at the 1995 state general election 11,109
(The petitions for Skykomish County contained the signatures of 7,163 registered voters residing within the proposed new county.)

In each case, the number of signatures of registered voters submitted by the proponents of the proposed county exceeds "fifty percent of the votes cast" in the territory of that proposed county at the last state general election prior to the submission of the petitions for that proposed county but does not exceed fifty percent of the registered voters residing in the territory of that proposed county at the time the petition was submitted.

It could be argued that, if the term "voters" in the second sentence of Article 11, section 3, were to be construed to refer only to those registered voters who participated in the last state general election, then only the signatures of those registered voters should be counted as valid signatures on these petitions. We did not feel that the Secretary of State should attempt to determine which registered voters on the petitions participated in the last general election without further instructions from the Legislature.

Appendix 1

Legal Descriptions of the Proposed Counties

There is no statutory requirement that the proponent of a proposed new county file the legal description of the territory or boundaries of the proposed county with the Secretary of State, or any other public agency. Implicitly, some description (or depiction such as a map) of the territory to be included in the proposed county must appear on the petition so that the signers have notice of the effect of their support, and so that the Legislature can adequately determine the territory to which the petition applies. However, there is no statute which requires that the legal description of the boundaries or territory of the proposed county appear on the petition or which specifies a particular form for including this information on the petition.

For proposed Cedar county, we have included a letter from Ms. Lois Gustafson to the Speaker of the House of Representatives on May 10, 1996, which discusses errors in the legal description of the proposed area on some of the petitions and provides a corrected legal description for the boundaries of that proposed county. We believe that this represents the most authoritative source of information on the territory or boundaries of proposed Cedar county which is available from the records of the Secretary of State.
With the exception of proposed Cedar county, the legal descriptions of the boundaries or territory included in the proposed counties are taken directly from the face of the petitions. Copies of portions of the petitions containing either maps, legal descriptions, or both are included for proposed Freedom county, proposed Pioneer county, and proposed Skykomish county. We believe that these represent the most authoritative sources of information on the territory or boundaries of these proposed counties which are available from the records of the Secretary of State.

Appendix 2

Letter from the New Counties Summit (March 25, 1996)
copy on file in House Workroom

Appendix 3

Response to the New Counties Summit (July 15, 1996)
copy on file in House Workroom

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4602, by Representatives Robertson, Grant, Chopp and Mitchell

WHEREAS, On December 26, 1996, and the days immediately following, the state of Washington was pummeled with some of the most extreme weather in over twenty years, including severe snowstorms, ice storms, and rainstorms; and

WHEREAS, As a result of the storms at least seven lives were lost, and extensive destruction of property was caused throughout the state of Washington, including the loss of electrical power and communication lines to hundreds of thousands of individuals as trees collapsed under the weight of ice; and

WHEREAS, These storms were followed by a period of rapid warming in temperature with resulting snow and ice melt and severe water run-off conditions; and

WHEREAS, As a consequence of these conditions, severe flooding, mudslides, and avalanches occurred throughout the state, resulting in additional loss of property including the destruction of many homes and severe damage to many roads, as well as the closure of the mountain passes connecting eastern and western Washington, and serious disruption of commerce throughout the state; and

WHEREAS, Members of law enforcement agencies, fire fighters and paramedics, emergency service crews, public and private utility crews, local governments, churches, charitable organizations, and many volunteers worked extended hours and made great personal efforts to ease the suffering of their fellow citizens;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, By the House of Representatives, that sincere gratitude and appreciation be extended to every person and organization throughout the state who through extraordinary diligence, hard work, dedication, and sacrifice reached out to assist their fellow citizens in their time of need during the inclement weather and extreme conditions caused by the storms.

There being no objection, the resolution was moved.

Representatives Robertson, Grant and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4602 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

The Speaker asked the members to sign their oaths of office, and return them to the Chief Clerk’s Office.
STANDING COMMITTEE ASSIGNMENTS

The Speaker announced the following standing committee appointments.

Member Assignments to
House Standing Committees
1997

Alexander, Gary — Appropriations, Vice Chairman; Natural Resources; Trade and Economic Development.

Anderson, David H. — Health Care; Natural Resources; Agriculture and Ecology.

Appelwick, Marlin — Rules.

Backlund, Bill — Transportation Policy & Budget; Health Care, Vice Chairman; Rules.

Ballard, Clyde — Rules, Chairman.

Ballasiotes, Ida — Criminal Justice & Corrections, Chairman; Children & Family Services; Trade and Economic Development.

Benson, Brad — Appropriations; Criminal Justice & Corrections, Vice Chairman; Financial Institutions & Insurance.

Blalock, Rod — Criminal Justice & Corrections; Transportation Policy & Budget.

Boldt, Marc — Children & Family Services, Vice Chairman; Finance; Commerce & Labor.

Buck, Jim — Natural Resources, Chairman; Transportation Policy & Budget.

Bush, Roger — Children & Family Services, Vice Chairman; Energy & Utilities; Government Reform & Land Use.

Butler, Patty — Finance; Natural Resources; Higher Education.

Cairnes, Jack — Transportation Policy & Budget; Government Reform & Land Use, Vice Chairman; Criminal Justice & Corrections.

Carlson, Don — Higher Education, Chairman; Appropriations.

Carrell, Michael — Finance, Vice Chairman; Law and Justice; Children & Family Services.

Chandler, Gary — Agriculture and Ecology, Chairman; Transportation Policy & Budget; Natural Resources.

Chopp, Frank — Appropriations; Rules.

Clements, Jim — Appropriations, Vice Chairman; Commerce & Labor.

Cody, Eileen L. — Appropriations; Health Care; Law and Justice.

Cole, Grace — Education; Commerce & Labor.

Constantine, Dow — Transportation Policy & Budget; Law and Justice; Financial Institutions & Insurance.
Conway, Steve — Finance; Health Care; Commerce & Labor.
Cooke, Suzette — Children & Family Services, Chairman; Appropriations.
Cooper, Mike — Transportation Policy & Budget; Energy & Utilities; Agriculture and Ecology.
Costa, Jeralita "Jeri" — Capital Budget; Law and Justice; Rules.
Crouse, Larry — Energy & Utilities, Chairman; Appropriations.
DeBolt, Richard C — Transportation Policy & Budget; Energy & Utilities, Vice Chairman; Financial Institutions & Insurance.
Delvin, Jerome — Agriculture and Ecology; Criminal Justice & Corrections; Rules.
Dickerson, Mary Lou — Finance; Children & Family Services; Criminal Justice & Corrections.
Doumit, Mark L. — Appropriations; Government Administration.
Dunn, Jim — Higher Education; Government Administration; Trade and Economic Development, Vice Chairman.
Dunshee, Hans — Finance; Government Administration.
Dyer, Philip E. — Health Care, Chairman; Appropriations.
Fisher, Ruth — Transportation Policy & Budget; Government Reform & Land Use.
Gardner, Georgia — Transportation Policy & Budget; Government Administration; Government Reform & Land Use.
Gombosky, Jeff — Appropriations; Children & Family Services.
Grant, William A. — Appropriations; Financial Institutions & Insurance.
Hankins, Shirley — Transportation Policy & Budget, Vice Chairman; Capital Budget; Rules.
Hatfield, Brian — Transportation Policy & Budget; Natural Resources; Commerce & Labor.
Hickel, Timothy T. — Criminal Justice & Corrections; Education, Vice Chairman.
Honeyford, Jim — Energy & Utilities; Commerce & Labor, Vice Chairman; Capital Budget, Vice Chairman; Rules.
Huff, Tom G. — Appropriations, Chairman.
Johnson, Peggy — Education, Chairman; Transportation Policy & Budget.
Kastama, Jim — Finance; Children & Family Services; Energy & Utilities.
Keiser, Karen — Appropriations; Education; Financial Institutions & Insurance.
Kenney, Phyllis — Higher Education; Law and Justice; Appropriations.
Kessler, Lynn — Energy & Utilities; Appropriations.
Koster, John — Agriculture and Ecology; Criminal Justice & Corrections, Vice Chairman; Capital Budget.

Lambert, Kathy — Appropriations; Law and Justice; Rules.

Lantz, Patricia T. — Capital Budget; Law and Justice; Government Reform & Land Use.

Linville, Kelli — Appropriations; Education; Agriculture and Ecology.

Lisk, Barbara — Appropriations; Commerce & Labor; Rules.

Mason, Dawn — Trade and Economic Development; Finance; Higher Education.

Mastin, Dave — Agriculture and Ecology; Appropriations; Energy & Utilities, Vice Chairman.

McDonald, Joyce — Children & Family Services; Law and Justice, Vice Chairman; Trade and Economic Development.

McMorris, Cathy — Commerce & Labor, Chairman; Appropriations.

Mielke, Thomas M. — Transportation Policy & Budget, Vice Chairman; Energy & Utilities; Government Reform & Land Use.

Mitchell, Maryann — Transportation Policy & Budget, Vice Chairman; Capital Budget; Criminal Justice & Corrections.

Morris, Jeff — Finance; Energy & Utilities; Trade and Economic Development.

Mulliken, Joyce — Finance, Vice Chairman; Government Reform & Land Use; Energy & Utilities.

Murray, Ed — Government Administration; Health Care; Transportation Policy & Budget.

O’Brien, Al — Transportation Policy & Budget; Higher Education; Criminal Justice & Corrections.

Ogden, Val — Transportation Policy & Budget; Capital Budget; Rules.

Parlette, Linda Evans — Appropriations; Health Care; Agriculture and Ecology, Vice Chairman.

Pennington, John E. — Natural Resources; Rules; Finance.

Poulsen, Erik — Appropriations; Energy & Utilities.

Quall, Dave — Education; Criminal Justice & Corrections; Rules.

Radcliff, Renee — Transportation Policy & Budget; Law and Justice; Higher Education, Vice Chairman.

Reams, Bill H. — Government Reform & Land Use, Chairman; Government Administration.

Regala, Debbie — Appropriations; Natural Resources; Agriculture and Ecology.

Robertson, Eric — Transportation Policy & Budget; Criminal Justice & Corrections; Rules.

Romero, Sandra Singery — Transportation Policy & Budget; Government Reform & Land Use; Rules.

Schmidt, Dave — Government Administration, Chairman; Appropriations.
Schmidt, Karen — Transportation Policy & Budget, Chairman; Rules.

Schoesler, Mark G. — Agriculture and Ecology, Vice Chairman; Finance; Rules.

Scott, Patricia "Pat" — Transportation Policy & Budget; Government Administration; Rules.

Sehlin, Barry — Capital Budget, Chairman; Appropriations.

Sheahan, Larry — Law and Justice, Chairman; Higher Education; Appropriations.

Sheldon, Tim — Natural Resources; Trade and Economic Development.

Sherstad, Mike — Health Care; Government Reform & Land Use, Vice Chairman; Law and Justice.

Skinner, Mary — Transportation Policy & Budget; Health Care, Vice Chairman; Law and Justice.

Smith, Scott — Financial Institutions & Insurance, Vice Chairman; Education; Government Administration.

Sommers, Duane — Government Administration, Vice Chairman; Capital Budget.

Sommers, Helen — Appropriations; Capital Budget.

Sterk, Mark — Transportation Policy & Budget; Education; Law and Justice, Vice Chairman.

Sullivan, Brian — Capital Budget; Criminal Justice & Corrections; Financial Institutions & Insurance.

Sump, Bob — Education; Natural Resources, Vice Chairman; Agriculture and Ecology.

Talcott, Gigi — Appropriations; Education; Rules.

Thomas, Brian — Finance, Chairman; Energy & Utilities.

Thomas, Les — Financial Institutions & Insurance, Chairman; Government Administration.

Thompson, Bill — Finance; Natural Resources, Vice Chairman; Government Reform & Land Use.

Tokuda, Kip — Appropriations; Children & Family Services.

Van Luven, Steve — Trade and Economic Development, Chairman; Higher Education; Finance.

Veloria, Velma — Education; Trade and Economic Development.

Wensman, Mike — Appropriations, Vice Chairman; Government Administration; Financial Institutions & Insurance.

Wolfe, Cathy — Children & Family Services; Government Administration; Financial Institutions & Insurance.

Wood, Alexander — Transportation Policy & Budget; Commerce & Labor; Health Care.

Zellinsky Sr., Paul W. — Transportation Policy & Budget; Health Care; Financial Institutions & Insurance, Vice Chairman.

MOTION
On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 11:00 a.m., Tuesday, January 14, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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SECOND DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, January 14, 1997

The House was called to order at 11:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by the American Legion Department Color Guard. Prayer was offered by Reverend Sam McKinney, Mt. Zion Baptist Church.

Reverend McKinney: O God, four years ago we gathered in this place to welcome Michael Lowry as Governor of Washington State. He has served as a King county Council person, a U.S. Representative to Congress and Governor.

We pray that history will accord him his rightful place as one who placed human needs and concerns above individual and special interest gain, who was committed to the inclusion of all persons and groups into society’s mainstream.

He dreamed that this state would gather all the varying threads represented here and create a single garment of destiny to cover us all. This garment would be the envy of all other states.

We ask your blessings and mercies upon all successes and shortcomings of this administration. We pray that Governor Elect Locke will welcome and receive the torch of leadership passed onto him. We further pray that those elected and appointed officials will rise above precinct and parochial politics and guarantee for all excellence in education, fairness in taxation, opportunities in employment, justice in the courts, security in senior years and wholesome trade in the marketplace. Usher in a new day of integrity, civility, and righteousness in all that is done in this state.

Now, smile, we pray upon Governor Mike Lowry as he transitions into another phase of his life -- may your canopy of goodwill cover him, your presence under him, your love surround him and your peace dwell within him.

We finally pray that this State will forge new ties in serving the needs of the least, last, lost, left out, letdown, locked in, locked out and locked up.

Grant us wisdom, grant us power for the living of this day.
Grant us wisdom, grant us power that we serve this present age.
Grant us wisdom, grant us power that we fail not humanity nor thee.
Amen.
Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1090 by Representatives Radcliff, Dickerson, Fisher, Carrell, Van Luven, Robertson and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to lists of registered and legal owners of vehicles; and amending RCW 46.12.370.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1091 by Representatives Sterk, Cody, Backlund, Kenney, D. Sommers, Hatfield, Dunn, O'Brien, Lantz, Kessler, Murray, Costa, Quall, Anderson and Conway

AN ACT Relating to third degree assault of health care personnel; amending RCW 9A.36.031; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1092 by Representatives Dyer, B. Thomas and Zellinsky

AN ACT Relating to charitable donations for children; and amending RCW 70.200.010.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1093 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Costa, D. Sommers, Dunn, O'Brien and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to election laws; amending RCW 29.04.050, 29.04.120, 29.04.170, 29.07.010, 29.07.120, 29.07.260, 29.08.080, 29.10.100, 29.13.010, 29.13.020, 29.15.025, 29.15.050, 29.30.101, 29.36.013, 29.57.010, 29.57.070, 29.57.090, 29.57.100, 29.57.130, 29.57.140, 29.57.150, and 29.57.160; and repealing RCW 29.57.030, 29.57.080, 29.57.110, and 29.57.120.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1094 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Costa, D. Sommers and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to election costs; and amending RCW 29.13.047.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1095 by Representatives Pennington, Hatfield, Alexander and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to used mobile homes; and amending RCW 82.45.032.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1096 by Representatives Sheahan, Costa, Lambert, Scott and Hatfield

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1097** by Representatives Costa, Sheahan, Scott and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to publication of notice in dependency cases; and amending RCW 13.34.080.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1098** by Representatives Carlson, H. Sommers, Cooke, Conway, Sehlin, Ogden, Wolfe, Blalock, Constantine, Tokuda, Hatfield, Dunn, Wood, O’Brien, Veloria, Kessler, Cairnes, Murray, Keiser, Sheldon, Anderson, Cody, Kenney, Scott, Dunsehee and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

AN ACT Relating to the teachers’ retirement system plan III contribution rates; and amending RCW 41.32.8401 and 41.45.061.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1099** by Representatives Cooke, Ogden, Sehlin, Carlson, Wolfe, H. Sommers, Dyer, Cairnes, Murray and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

AN ACT Relating to transferring prior service in the law enforcement officers’ and fire fighters’ pension system plan I; and adding a new section to chapter 41.26 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1100** by Representatives Wolfe, Carlson, H. Sommers, Sehlin, Ogden, Zellinsky, Dyer, Murray, Anderson, Conway and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

AN ACT Relating to minimum benefits in the Washington state patrol retirement system; adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW; decodifying RCW 43.43.275 and 43.43.277; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1101** by Representatives Ogden, Conway, Sehlin, Carlson, Wolfe, Robertson, Blalock, Gombosky, Dunsehee, Tokuda, Hatfield, Morris, O’Brien, Veloria, Kessler, Keiser, Costa, Sheldon, Quall, Scott and Anderson; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

AN ACT Relating to death benefits in the volunteer fire fighters' relief and pension system; amending RCW 41.24.160; adding a new section to chapter 41.24 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1102** by Representatives Lambert, H. Sommers, Cooke, Carlson, Conway, Ogden and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

AN ACT Relating to retirement benefits based on the definition of excess compensation; and amending RCW 41.50.150.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1103** by Representatives Sehlin, Carlson, Ogden, Cairnes and Anderson; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy
AN ACT Relating to eligibility for survivor benefits; amending RCW 41.32.520 and 41.40.270;

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1104 by Representatives H. Sommers, Cooke, Carlson, Ogden, Sehlin and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

AN ACT Relating to restrictions on postretirement employment; amending RCW 41.26.490, 41.32.010, 41.32.480, 41.32.570, 41.32.800, 41.32.860, 41.40.150, 41.40.690, and 41.50.130; reenacting and amending RCW 41.40.010 and 41.40.023; adding new sections to chapter 41.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.50 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1105 by Representatives Ogden, Sehlin, H. Sommers, Lambert, Carlson, Wolfe, Anderson and Scott; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

AN ACT Relating to retirement credit for leave for legislative service; adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 28B.10 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1106 by Representatives Conway, Wolfe, Ogden, Dunn, Morris, Keiser, Anderson, Cody and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

AN ACT Relating to receipt of the proportionate share of investment earnings by the pension funding account; amending RCW 43.84.092; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1107 by Representatives Buck, Boldt, Doumit, Hatfield, McMorris, Kessler, Sheldon, Schoesler, Mastin, Sump, Morris, Johnson and DeBolt

AN ACT Relating to county excise tax on harvesters of timber; and amending RCW 84.33.051, 84.33.035, 84.33.040, and 84.36.473.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1108 by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, O’Brien, Kenney, Mason, Dunn, Kessler and Quall; by request of Higher Education Coordinating Board

AN ACT Relating to financial aid account flexibility between state work study and state need grant programs; and adding a new section to chapter 28B.85 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1109 by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, O’Brien, Kenney, Mason, Dunn, Kessler and Quall; by request of Higher Education Coordinating Board

AN ACT Relating to authorizing the higher education coordinating board to conduct pilot programs in alternative tuition setting for distance education, packaging tuition and fees, and enrollment agreements with other states; and adding new sections to chapter 28B.80 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.
HB 1110 by Representatives Chandler, Mastin, McMorris, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Schoesler and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to water resources; adding a new section to chapter 90.03 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21A RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 43.27A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1111 by Representatives Chandler, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, B. Thomas and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to granting water rights; and adding a new section to chapter 90.03 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1112 by Representatives Chandler, Mastin, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, B. Thomas and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to general adjudication proceedings for water rights; and amending RCW 90.03.160, 90.03.170, 90.03.190, 90.03.200, 90.03.210, and 90.03.243.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1113 by Representatives Chandler, Mastin, McMorris, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, Schoesler and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to water transfers and changes; amending RCW 90.03.380, 90.44.100, 90.03.290, and 90.44.445; and adding a new section to chapter 90.03 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1114 by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, McMorris, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, Schoesler and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to reclaimed water; amending RCW 90.46.010, 90.46.080, and 90.46.090; adding a new section to chapter 90.48 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1115 by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, McMorris, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, Dyer and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to the water-related actions of the department of ecology; amending RCW 43.21B.110, 43.21B.130, 43.21B.240, 43.21B.310, 43.27A.190, 90.03.383, 90.14.130, 90.14.190, 90.14.200, and 90.66.080; reenacting and amending RCW 34.05.514; adding new sections to chapter 43.21B RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1116 by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, McMorris, Delvin and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to the hydraulic continuity of ground and surface waters; and adding new sections to chapter 90.44 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.
HB 1117 by Representatives Benson, Sheahan, Costa, D. Sommers, McDonald, Gombosky, Mulliken, Robertson, O'Brien, D. Schmidt, Backlund, Sterk, Wood, Sheldon, Quall, Anderson, Boldt and DeBolt

AN ACT Relating to penalties for the supplying of liquor to or the consumption of liquor by persons under the age of twenty-one; amending RCW 66.44.270; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1118 by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, Johnson, Boldt and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to water rights claims; amending RCW 90.14.041 and 90.14.071; and adding new sections to chapter 90.14 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1119 by Representatives Schoesler, Sheldon, Buck, Hatfield, Johnson, Kessler and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to private timber purchaser reporting; amending RCW 84.33.0501; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1120 by Representatives Koster, Costa, Johnson and Scott; by request of Board of Education

AN ACT Relating to school district territory included in city and town boundary extensions; and amending RCW 28A.315.250.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1121 by Representatives Veloria, Cooke, Tokuda, Wolfe, Dunn and Costa

AN ACT Relating to dependent children; amending RCW 13.34.030; and reenacting and amending RCW 13.34.130 and 13.34.145.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1122 by Representatives Veloria, Tokuda, Cody and Mason

AN ACT Relating to mitigation of impacts of siting a baseball stadium; and amending RCW 82.14.360 and 36.100.037.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing: HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4400, HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4401, JOINT SESSION
Sergeant-at-Arms announced the arrival of the Senate at the bar of the House.

The Speaker instructed the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House and Senate to escort the President of the Senate Joel Pritchard, President Pro Tem Irv Newhouse, Majority Leader Dan McDonald and Minority Leader Sid Snyder to seats on the Rostrum.

The Speaker invited the Senators to seats within the House chamber.

The Speaker declared the joint session to be in order. The House and Senate clerks called the roll. A quorum was present.

The Speaker: This joint session has more than one purpose. It has been called to hear the State of the State address of the Governor. This occasion also provides the Legislature with the most appropriate opportunity to recognize the retiring state officials for their long and effective service to the state of Washington. The Joint Session also complies with the constitutional requirement of canvassing the vote for and against referendums and initiatives, and for the constitutional elective officers. For this latter purpose, the Clerk will read the message from the Secretary of State.

MESSAGE FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE

The Honorable Speaker of the House
State House of Representatives
Olympia, Washington

Dear Mr. Speaker:
I, Ralph Munro, Secretary of State of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that according to the provisions of RCW 29.62.130, I have canvassed the returns of the 2,293,895 votes cast by the 3,078,128 registered voters of the state for and against the initiatives which were submitted to the vote of the people at the state general election held on the 5th day of November, 1996, as received from the County Auditors.

Initiative to the People 655

“Shall it be a gross misdemeanor to take, hunt, or attract black bears with bait, or to hunt bears, cougars, bobcat or lynx with dogs?”
Yes 1,387,577
No 815,385

Initiative to the People 670

“Shall the secretary of state be instructed to place a ballot notice concerning congressional and legislative candidates who have not supported Congressional term limits?”
Yes 937,873
No 1,146,865

Initiative to the People 671

“Shall amended tribal/state agreements be authorize permitting limited electronic gaming on Indian lands for tribal government purposes, with joint regulation and specified use of revenues?”
Yes 934,344
No 1,222,492

Initiative to the Legislature 173

“Shall the state pay scholarship vouchers for primary and secondary students to attend voucher-redeeming private or public schools or choice?”
Yes 775,281  
No 1,406,433

Initiative to the Legislature 177

“Shall voters be authorized to create “renewed” school districts where nonprofit organizations may operate publicly-funded “independent” public schools with parental choice and revised state regulation?”

Yes 762,367  
No 1,380,816

I further certify that, according to the provisions of RCW 43.07.030, I have canvassed the returns of the votes cast at the state general election held on the 5th day of November, 1996, for all federal, state-wide, legislative and joint judicial offices, and that the votes cast for candidates for these offices are as follows:

President/Vice-President of the United States
Bill Clinton/Al Gore (D) 1,123,323  
Bob Dole/Jack Kemp (R) 840,712  
Ralph Nader/Winona LaDuke (IC) 60,322  
Ross Perot/Pat Choate (REF) 201,003  
Monica Gail Moorehead/Gloria LaRiva (WWP) 2,189  
Charles E. Collins/Rosemary Giumarra (IC) 2,374  
Howard Phillips/Herbert W. Titus (UST) 4,578  
James E. Harris/Laura Garza (SWP) 738  
Harry Browne/Jo Jorgensen (LBP) 12,522  
John Hagelin/Vinton D. “Mike” Tompkins (NLP) 6,076

U. S. Representative, District 1
Jeff Coopersmith (D) 122,187  
Rick White (R) 141,948

Kevin Quigley (D) 122,728  
Jack Metcalf (R) 124,655  
Karen Leibrant (NLP) 9,561

Brian Baird (D) 122,230  
Linda Smith (R) 123,117

Rick Locke (D) 96,502  
Doc Hastings (R) 108,647

Judy Olson (D) 105,166  
George R. Nethercutt, Jr. (R) 131,618

Norm Dicks (D) 155,467  
Bill Tinsley (R) 71,337  
Ted Haley (IC) 5,561  
Michael Huddleston (NLP) 3,545

Jim McDermott (D) 209,753  
Frank Kleschen (R) 49,341

Dave Little (D) 90,340  
Jennifer Dunn (R) 170,691

Adam Smith (D) 105,236

U. S. Representative, District 2

U. S. Representative, District 3

U. S. Representative, District 4

U. S. Representative, District 5

U. S. Representative, District 6

U. S. Representative, District 7

U. S. Representative, District 8

U. S. Representative, District 9
Randy Tate (R) 99,199
David Gruenstein (NLP) 5,432

Gary Locke (D) 1,296,492
Ellen Craswell (R) 940,538

Governor

Brad Owen (D) 1,022,878
Ann Anderson (R) 989,661
Shawn Newman (REF) 78,510
Art Rathjen (LBP) 39,277

Secretary of State

Phyllis Kenney (D) 838,632
Ralph Munro (R) 1,223,769
Gary P. Gill (NLP) 73,229

Lieutenant Governor

Mike Murphy (D) 1,155,498
Lucy DeYoung (R) 939,578

State Treasurer

Brian Sonntag (D) 1,338,577
Robert B. Keene, Jr. (R) 747,378

State Auditor

Christine Gregorie (D) 1,280,955
Richard Pope (R) 756,639
Richard Shepard (LBP) 58,672
Luanne Coachman (NLP) 37,320

Attorney General

Jennifer Belcher (D) 1,098,548
Bruce Mackey (R) 940,154
Marc Strauch (NLP) 68,011

Commissioner of Public Lands

Teresa “Terry” Bergeson (NP) 1,260,885
Ron Taber (NP) 729,080

Superintendent of Public Instruction

Deborah Senn (D) 1,163,832
Anthony “Tony” Lowe (R) 872,280
Steve Sévick (NLP) 66,348

Insurance Commissioner

Barbara Durham (NP) 1,450,710
Charles Z. Smith (NP) 1,386,878
Charles W. Johnson (NP) 975,945
Douglas J. Smith (NP) 592,007

State Supreme Court Justice, Position 1
State Supreme Court Justice, Position 2
State Supreme Court Justice, Position 3

Court of Appeals, Division II, District 2, Position 1
(Clallam, Grays Harbor, Jefferson, Kitsap, Mason, Thurston)
Joyce “Robin” Hunt (NP) 174,476

Court of Appeals, Division III, District 1, Position 1
(Ferry, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens)
Phillip J. Thompson (NP) 114,583

Court of Appeals, Division III, District 3, Position 1
(Chelan, Douglas, Kittitas, Klickitat, Yakima)
Stephen M. Brown (NP) 79,665

Court of Appeals, Division III, District 3, Position 2
(Chelan, Douglas, Kittitas, Klickitat, Yakima)
Frank L. Kurtz (NP) 57,576
Susan Cawley (NP) 40,982
Superior Court Judge, Position 1 (Chelan, Douglas)
Carol A. Wardell (NP) 24,555

Superior Court Judge, Position 2 (Chelan, Douglas)
T. W. “Chip” Small (NP) 23,930

Superior Court Judge, Position 3 (Chelan, Douglas)
John E. Bridges (NP) 23,788

Superior Court Judge, Position 2 (Ferry, Pend Orielle, Stevens)
Larry M. Kristianson (NP) 16,323

Superior Court Judge, Position 1 (Island, San Juan)
Alan R. Hancock (NP) 24,297

Superior Court Judge, Position 1 (Klickitat, Skamania)
E. Thompson “Tom” Reynolds (NP) 7,181

Superior Court Judge, Position 1 (Pacific, Wahkiakum)
Joel Penoyar (NP) 8,280

State Senator, District 1
Rosemary McAuliffe (D) 24,119
Ian Elliot (R) 20,823

State Representative, District 1, Position 1
Al O’Brien (D) 11,212
Tim Olsen (R) 11,098

State Representative, District 1, Position 2
Judy J. Janes (D) 10,206
Mike Sherstad (R) 12,068

State Representative, District 7, Position 1
Kurt Matter (D) 20,220
Bob Sump (R) 27,305

State Representative, District 7, Position 2
Brady Lyons (D) 16,688
Cathy McMorris (R) 30,309

State Senator, District 9
Eugene A. Prince (R) 29,519

State Representative, District 9, Position 1
Brian Douglas Day (D) 11,460
Larry Sheahan (R) 23,696

State Representative, District 9, Position 2
Robert F. Henager (D) 11,409
Mark G. Schoesler (R) 23,512

State Senator, District 10
Mary Margaret Haugen (D) 25,354
Jim Youngsman (R) 22,754

State Representative, District 10, Position 1
Dave Anderson (D) 23,529
Barney Beeksma (R) 22,459

State Representative, District 10, Position 2
Glen S. Johnson (D) 16,681
Barney Sehlin (R) 27,108

State Senator, District 12
George L. Sellar (R) 32,836

State Representative, District 12, Position 1
Bill Stroud (D) 12,956
Clyde Ballard (R) 28,539  
Stephanie S. Gilliland (D) 12,344  
Linda Evans Parlette (R) 28,413  
R. Virgil Donovan (D) 11,566  
Gary Chandler (R) 28,183  
B. Wendy Katz (D) 13,477  
Joyce Mulliken (R) 25,884  
Jim Honeyford (R) 20,801  
Barb Lisk (R) 21,172  
Valoria H. Loveland (D) 19,597  
Bryan Alford (R) 17,853  
Del Lathim (D) 13,059  
Dave Mastin (R) 23,868  
Bill Grant (D) 22,639  
Allen A. Panasuk (R) 14,487  
Shirley A. Galloway (D) 23,513  
Don Benton (R) 24,430  
Gary Akizuki (D) 20,921  
Marc Boldt (R) 26,192  
Mike Carmichael (D) 22,739  
Jim Dunn (R) 24,434  
Ted Thomas (D) 22,043  
Joseph Zarelli (R) 25,673  
Farley Maxwell (D) 21,840  
Tom Mielke (R) 24,999  
Al Swindel (D) 19,129  
John Pennington (R) 28,190  
Sid Snyder (D) 31,831  
Brian Hatfield (D) 27,092  
Budd Gilbert (R) 12,078  
Mark Doumit (D) 25,154  
Bob Ryan (R) 13,546  
Cody Arledge (D) 21,563  
Dan Swecker (R) 24,171  
Lois Lopez (D) 21,708  
Richard DeBolt (R) 23,516  
Tina Edwards (D) 17,512
Gary C. Alexander (R) 26,909
Jim Hargrove (D) 36,778
Diane Ellison (D) 23,782
Jim Buck (R) 26,721
Lynn Kessler (D) 31,499
Jan Christensen (R) 15,837
Calvin Goings (D) 24,760
Grant Owen Pelesky (R) 19,829
Luanne R. Green (D) 19,846
Joyce McDonald (R) 22,495
Mark Downey (PP) 1,005
Jim Kastama (D) 22,983
Dave Morell (R) 20,259
Patricia Lantz (D) 24,489
Lois McMahan (R) 24,328
Sandy Arndt (D) 18,452
Tom Huff (R) 29,635
Eric Ulis (D) 17,398
Tim Hickel (R) 22,439
Paul Mallary (D) 14,377
Maryann Mitchell (R) 23,142
Darrell Carrier (D) 13,650
Eric Robertson (R) 24,527
Christopher Hurst (D) 18,567
Les Thomas (R) 18,967
Lena Swanson (D) 21,599
Peggy Johnson (R) 25,509
Tim Sheldon (D) 31,200
Richard Godderz (R) 12,710
Patricia Patterson (D) 21,686
Val Stevens (R) 26,757
Hans Dunshee (D) 25,631
Keith Groen (R) 22,515
Jeff Soth (D) 22,372
John Koster (R) 25,006
Harriet A. Spanel (D) 30,635
Skip Richards (R) 20,508
Dave Quall (D) 29,850

State Senator, District 24
State Representative, District 24, Position 1
State Representative, District 24, Position 2
State Senator, District 25
State Representative, District 25, Position 1
State Representative, District 25, Position 2
State Representative, District 26, Position 1
State Representative, District 26, Position 2
State Representative, District 30, Position 1
State Representative, District 30, Position 2
State Representative, District 31, Position 1
State Representative, District 31, Position 2
State Representative, District 35, Position 1
State Representative, District 35, Position 2
State Senator, District 39
State Representative, District 39, Position 1
State Representative, District 39, Position 2
State Senator, District 40
State Representative, District 40, Position 1
Mr. Speaker: In view of the election results just read, certified to by the Secretary of State, and to which there have been no protests, this joint session now declares the following qualified citizens to be elected the constitutional elected officials for the State of Washington.

Gary Locke  Governor
Brad Owen  Lt. Governor
Ralph Munro  Secretary of State
Mike Murphy  State Treasurer
Brian Sonntag  State Auditor
Christine Gregoire  Attorney General
Terry Bergeson  Superintendent of Public Instruction
Jennifer Belcher  Commissioner of Public Lands
Deborah Senn  Insurance Commissioner

Having discharged the constitutional requirements imposed upon the Speaker of the House, it is now my pleasure to call upon the President of the Senate to preside over the Joint Session.

APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES


The President appointed Representatives Dyer, Sump, Morris and Doumit and Senators Rossi, Wood, Fraser and Deccio to escort the State elected officials to the House chamber. The President introduced the elected officials: Secretary of State, Ralph Munro, State Treasurer, Daniel K Grimm; State Auditor; Brian Sonntag; Attorney General, Christine Gregoire; Commissioner of Public Lands, Jennifer M. Belcher; Superintendent of Public Instruction, Judith A. Billings; and Insurance Commissioner, Deborah Senn.

The President appointed Representatives Mitchell and Veloria and Senators Zarelli and McAuliffe to notify Governor Mike Lowry that the joint session has assembled and to escort him to the House chamber. The President introduced the Governor, Mike Lowry.

The President welcomed the Honorable Linda Smith, Superintendent of Public Instruction-Elect Terry Bergenson, Her Majesty’s Consul of Britain, The Honorable Michael Upton and Mrs. Upton; The Consul General of Canada, The Honorable Thomas Beem; The Consul General of Japan, The Honorable Naotoshi Sugiuichi and Mrs. Sugiuichi; The Consul General of Mexico, The Honorable Hugo Abell Castro and his wife Rebecca. The President recognized The Reverend Sam McKinney.

Mr. President: As the Speaker has announced, this occasion provides all of us with the opportunity to recognize old friends who are leaving office. Secretary Munro, will you do the honor of introducing our friends?
Secretary Munro: I would like to begin with our State Treasurer, Dan Grimm. Twenty four years ago he began his career in this building as a clerk for the Higher Education Committee for the House of Representatives. Three years later he was elected as a representative from the twenty-fifth legislative district, Puyallup, North Tacoma, Bonney Lake and Sumner. Representative Grimm served with distinction in the House for twelve years. During that time, he had the privilege of chairing the House Higher Education Committee, the Democratic Caucus and the House Ways and means committee which he led for six years. Dan Grimm was elected State Treasurer in 1988 and re-elected in 1992. There is no question that he is considered the father of our beautiful new State Historical Society Building in Tacoma. Dan, we thank you for your service and the leadership you have provided. Ladies and Gentlemen, State Treasurer Dan Grimm.

The President and Speaker presented retiring State Treasurer Dan Grimm with a photograph of the Legislative Building.

Mr. Grimm: Thank you. Mr. Governor, Mr. Speaker, Mr. President, ladies and gentlemen. As I stand here I am reminded of the day about twenty years when I sat for the first time in the back of this chamber. I want to say to those of you who are new to this legislative body, that if you, during your time here, are as blessed as I have been with as many acts of personal kindnesses as I have received, and with as many friends as I have been able to make, than you will have been truly fortunate. I want to thank you for your dedication and your commitment to public service. I also as a former legislator, want to take this opportunity to thank and to ask you to thank your predecessors who have made it possible and me to make the contributions that we have made. There are many. Tom Copeland who made it possible for us to have our own offices. Bob Shafer who made it possible for us to have our own secretarial assistants. Len Sawyer who made it possible for all of us to truly have independent and professional staff so that you can exercise your constitutional obligations to be an independent branch of government equal among the three. To Bud Shinpoch every time you look at budget documents, every time you look at numbers from LEAP, every time you look at the books of the bill reports, you can thank Bud Shinpoch. And I hope in doing so, that I will convey to you a commitment and enduring obligation that you have to this institution and through it to the people of the State.

As State Treasurer, I want to thank Governor Mike Lowry. No one has done more and adhered to higher standards of fiscal integrity in the twenty some years that I have been here than Governor Mike Lowry. If you as a legislature sustain those standards in this session and in the years to come, you will have served well the people of this state.

Finally, I want to say thank you to the one person who, since 1985, has been the constant source of support and love and inspiration. This person is my daughter, Whitney K Grimm. Whitney K, I love you biggest much. Thank you.

Secretary Munro: Superintendent of Public Instruction, Judith Billings: Superintendent Billings has served her state with the deep understanding of the value of our public schools. She has been a constant vocal outspoken advocate for kids across our State. Superintendent Billings realizes that in this rapidly changing world, public education plays a vital role as the great equalizer. The opportunity for children to advance beyond their parents station in life. She is constantly reminding all of us what the constitution says; it is our paramount duty to provide for ample education for all children. Today we thank our Superintendent of Public Instruction, Judith Billings.

The President and Speaker presented retiring Superintendent of Public Instruction Billings with a photograph of the Legislative Building.

Ms. Billings: Thank you. It is as I always say when one of my staff is retiring, a bitter sweet time because we always cherish the times that we have had with the people we with whom we work. At the same time, some anticipation of what is to come beyond where we are now in terms of new challenges. I certainly have in my professional life there is nothing that equals the challenge and enjoyment of running for office and serving in office. Of course I might add that nothing equals the frustration either. That goes along with the office. It has been a wonderful eight years, with the associations that have been made here at the State level with the agency officials, with other elected State-wide officials and with the Legislature. One of the things that I have been so delighted with in
working with the legislature in this State is that although we have not always agreed on issues, we have always been civil personally with one another. That is something that I think is extremely important to continue.

I cannot leave without reminding you one more time; each year we give rewards to outstanding teachers and principals and school boards members in these chambers and I always look at them and say wouldn’t it be fun if you were the ones sitting here making the laws and appropriating the dollars that fund public education. But I can’t leave without that one gentle reminder that it is the paramount duty of the State to make ample provisions for the education of all children residing within our borders regardless of gender, race, religion or ethnicity. I hope you take that charge seriously with you through this session and I wish you all the very best. Thank you.

Secretary Munro: Most of us in this room were not born or cannot remember World War II. And when we do read or see documentaries of the world, they often focus on the European Theatre. The last few months of the war were in the Pacific were terrible. Tens of thousands of our young GIs were maimed or killed in action. Joel Pritchard of Queen Anne Hill was an infantryman in the American New Caledon division, the famed Amercals. They sloughed and fought their way north toward the long sought victory in the Pacific. Pritchard was a lucky one. He came home to Seattle and entered public service, representing the 36th District, Queen Anne Hill and Magnolia. He came to the Capitol in 1958 and served until 1966 in the House of Representatives. From 1967 to 1971 in the Washington State Senate. He will long be remembered for his fight to win open housing for all citizens and for a woman’s right to chose. In 1972, it was off to Congress where he served until 1984 representing the First Congressional District. He record on the Foreign Relations Committee bringing a closure to the war in Viet Nam and his service as a delegate to the United Nations General Assembly for the United States of America is still talked about today. He was elected our Lt. Governor in 1988 and has served with dignity and distinction, frankness and fairness. Ladies and Gentlemen, 54 years of public service. Lieutenant Governor Joel Pritchard.

The Speaker presented Lieutenant Governor Joel Pritchard with a photograph of the Legislative Building.

Mr. President: If I get started, we will really get off track. Ralph did get to me, I didn’t think he could, but he did. Thank you. No one has enjoyed this capitol or the National Capitol in service as much as I did. I enjoyed it. It is a great experience and a wonderful honor by the citizens in your communities to send you here. This business of democracy is a wonderful form of government but it is not easy. It is not easy. It is always difficult and you are right in the middle of it where it is going to be so important what you do in the coming years. I intend to watch it with keen interest, and maybe write a few letters to you, but I am going to watch all of you and enjoy your efforts. I know that the future should be better. We are bother; in fact for the first time in America’s history there are people who seriously doubt whether tomorrow is going to be as good as today. Through all our years, people have taken it for granted that tomorrow will be better. We have some serious challenges - you have them and I am going to watch your efforts with great interest because I know you are going to live up to the responsibilities that you have. I thank you for what you are doing and I thank you for the friendships so many of you have had with me, and the kindnesses you have shown me in the last eight years in Olympia. Thank you very much.

Secretary Munro: In some ways, the old high school at Endicott High School is like this building. On the top floor, there are pictures of each class year by year decade by decade. There is no question that the class of 1957, and their most known graduate, Mike Lowry is a point of pride for this rural country school. His story epitomizes the long held belief in Washington State that it doesn’t really matter whether your parents are farmers on the Palouse or shipyard workers on the Sound. Each of us has a chance at the golden ring. One of his first jobs, after graduating from WSU, was as a committee clerk in the basement of this building. "workin’ for Durkin" as they use to say. He went on to serve as a King County Councilman and chair of the Council in 1979. He was elected President of the Washington Association of Counties and returned to this Capitol as their spokesman on many occasions. He became an outspoken member of Congress from the seventh congressional district, a blue collar lunch bucket area in South Seattle, Renton, White Center and Auburn, constantly speaking up for the poor, the unemployed, the less fortunate of our citizens. He was elected as our governor in
1992, and in these tumultuous times of change, he has helped to steer our State into an era of prosperity. Through it all, his watch words have been "kids, jobs and the environment". I think the thing I have appreciated most about Governor Lowry is that he has never forgotten the poor. Regardless of his own station in life, he has not spent his time scheming or dreaming of ways to improve his own lot but has instead concentrated his efforts on assisting the lives of our less fortunate. Ladies and gentlemen, today we thank our Governor, Governor Mike Lowry.

The President and Speaker presented retiring Governor Mike Lowry with a photograph of the Legislative Building.

Mr. Speaker: It is my pleasure to say thank you for your commitment. The one observation I have made about you, and it is good for all of us to remember in this chamber, particularly for our new members, that when Mike Lowry says something or Mike Lowry states a belief, you know exactly where he is. That is a quality that I think is paramount upon us as legislators: that we speak clearly to what we believe and for what we stand for, and when we say it, people can understand and believe it. It has been a pleasure serving with you. Thank you.

Mr. President: Thank you, Ralph. As always, you did a wonderful job. I would also like to introduce Mary Lowry and ask her to stand and be recognized.

Mr. President: The purpose of the Joint Session is to receive a message from his excellency, Mike Lowry.

STATE OF THE STATE ADDRESS

Governor Lowry: Thank you, Mr. President, Mr. Speaker, distinguished members of the Supreme Court, distinguished state elected officials, members of the Legislature, Consular Corps, and citizens of the great state of Washington.

Before I begin, I want to thank you for the honor and privilege of serving as governor. Also, I would like to express my gratitude to Mary and Diane for their support. I have always believed that one of life’s most challenging and thankless roles is that of the families of people in public service. Mary and Diane have long served in that role with courage and grace, and I am grateful and proud.

I congratulate Governor-elect Locke, who will be an excellent governor, and each and every one of you in this chamber, who I’m sure will endeavor to serve the state well.

To the elected officials who served so well with me, thank you. And of this excellent new team of elected officials, I have high hopes and expectations. The voters chose you for your integrity and ability. Thank you for your willingness to serve.

To my staff and cabinet, and all state employees and educators -- you did a great job, and I thank you.

Today, our state is in excellent shape. Our economy is strong, our business climate has improved significantly, our commitments to education and the environment are intact, and our quality of life has magazine editors consistently naming Washington cities among the most livable and the best places to do business.

There are challenges ahead, yet we have good reason to be optimistic. We are on the right track.

Over the past four years, the state’s economy has improved dramatically. Independent, private studies continue to show our economy as one of the strongest in the nation. Tens of thousands more people have jobs. Many of our state’s cornerstone industries, which have for years been the backbone of our economy, are choosing to stay here, to expand and grow in Washington, rather than move elsewhere. Other world-class companies are joining them, building an even stronger, more diversified economy. And we have opened the doors of international trade to large and small businesses alike.

Over the past 4 years, our state’s unemployment rate has dropped from 8.4 percent to 5.8 percent -- more than a 30% decrease. The state budget has gone from a record $1.7 billion shortfall to a healthy reserve. And every business day, more than 100 people on public assistance enter the workforce.

For the first time since the early 1980s, state government is growing at a rate well below the state’s population. And during the coming biennium, state general fund taxes are already lower than
they were four years ago. Over the past four years, we have turned our economy around and we have
greatly improved the state budget. I am proud of those accomplishments.

But I wouldn’t be speaking from my heart if I didn’t tell you what I am most proud of is that
we have accomplished those goals without turning our backs on the needs of children, or on those for
whom a stronger economy doesn’t always mean more food on the table, or those who don’t yet have
the skills to apply for one of the new jobs.

And, we have improved our economy and our business climate without weakening our
commitment to the environment. Today, fewer families have to choose between paying rent and seeing
a doctor when their children get sick, because nearly 195,000 children in low-income working families
now have health care coverage. And more than 143,000 adults who might otherwise have been shut out
of the health care system altogether now receive benefits through the state’s very successful Basic
Health Plan.

More children are going to class ready to learn, because thousands more kids are receiving free
or low-cost breakfast in school. More young adults are able to attend college, and thousands of at-risk
youth are learning valuable job skills through the Washington Service Corps.

Thousands of low-income working parents are able to keep their jobs without worrying about
whether they can afford child care, because during these four years, we have eliminated the statewide
waiting list for subsidized child care.

We have given businesses a reason to move here and to stay here, and we have taken steps to
help more people benefit from our economy and our quality of life.

Today, all of us in this chamber, and those watching or listening elsewhere, can be very proud
to live in a state where we share a commitment to improving what we can, preserving what we must,
and never losing sight of the belief that Washington is a great place to live, to work, to raise a family,
and to enjoy life.

Today, the state of our state is clearly very good.
The challenge, over the coming months and years, is to continue that prosperity without losing
sight of the reasons why all of us live here, and to go forward without leaving behind those who have
been denied the tools they need to keep up.

In the face of tighter budget constraints and even deeper cuts coming from the federal
government, that task will not be simple.

Keeping our state on the right track will require continued vision and courage - especially by
all of you in this chamber.

One thing is certain, however: There are a few guaranteed ways of not keeping our state on
track for the future.

• We will not continue to prosper if we let go of our commitment to education.

A business is only as good as its workforce. Unless we take steps to ensure that our educational
system - both K-12 and higher education - can keep pace with a growing demand and meet the
needs of tomorrow’s employers, our economy and our quality of life will pay the price.

We will not continue to prosper if we sacrifice our magnificent environment for short-term gain.

Over the past four years, we have proven that a healthy environment is good for business.
Time and again, officials of companies that locate here have told me how important it is for
them to settle in a place where their employees will want to live. In the state of Washington,
good environmental policy is good economic policy.

We will not continue to prosper if our transportation system fails to keep pace with the state’s growth.
In fact, our growing transportation problem is one of the few obstacles that could reverse our economic
prosperity.

And we will not continue to prosper if we weaken our commitment to good growth management.

During the decade of the 1990s alone, our state’s population is expected to grow by more than
a million people - the fastest rate of growth since the war years of the 1940s. That growth will
put tremendous pressure on our roads, our land, our watersheds, and our environment.
The state’s Growth Management Act is one of the best ways to ensure that we think about how and where we want to grow before it is too late - and before unplanned development destroys even more of the natural drainage systems that are so vital to flood control efforts.

We will not continue to prosper if we fail to recognize that some parts of the state’s population are growing faster than others; and that our budget laws need the flexibility to adjust to those population demographics, to federal cutbacks that are much harder on individuals than perhaps earlier anticipated, to natural disasters and emergencies, and to remove disincentives for efficient management.

I am of course referring to Initiative 601. It is important state policy, and I know the Legislature will honor its intent. But Initiative 601 was not carved in stone and brought down from the mountain. Across-the-board spending limits that do not account for growing needs will create across-the-board problems long into the future -- problems that can be avoided with minor amendments that stay consistent with the voters’ intent.

- And speaking of initiatives with unintended consequences, it is time we took another look at term limits. A mandatory six-year limit for legislators takes the power of our democracy out of the hands of voters and puts it into the hands of people who were never elected by anyone. That is not a democratic ideal.

- We will not continue to prosper if we turn our backs on our state’s commitment to diversity. The strength of our state lies in the contributions of every single person who lives here. We must stay committed to equal opportunity, equal rights, and respect for diversity. To those who would bring hate and intolerance of any person, belief, lifestyle or circumstance into our state, I say "hands off."

- We will not continue to prosper if we forget about the needs of children in our pursuit of affluence.

Today, nearly a quarter of the nation’s children live in poverty. We’re doing a little bit better in our state, but even our statistic of one-in-six is far too high. Building America’s future on a foundation of one quarter of our kids growing up in poverty is just plain dangerous. We simply must, as a society, make our children a higher priority.

- We also must not duplicate, here at home, the breadth of cutbacks the federal government is making, by making even deeper cuts in critical state services. Adjusting to the upcoming federal cutbacks and new state responsibilities is one of our greatest challenges. The worst of all possible solutions is for the state to act oblivious to those changes, make even deeper cuts, pass responsibility onto others - and force people into the streets.

Here in our state, the new federal welfare law, along with other cost-cutting measures approved by Congress, is expected to reduce federal dollars by $619 million over the next biennium. Those cutbacks will affect everything from food stamps and food banks to housing assistance and environmental protection programs. In our state, more than 200,000 low-income families will face cutbacks in food stamps and other food subsidy programs. That includes about 38,000 legal immigrants - many of them working parents with children - who will be dropped from the Food Stamp Program entirely. And about 11,000 legal immigrants who are blind, elderly or disabled will lose eligibility for the federal Supplemental Security Income program, which provides about $470 a month to low-income people who can’t work. Our state’s legal immigrants are people who have always played by the rules.

In addition, nearly 1,000 non-immigrant children with severe behavioral disorders will lose disability benefits they had received through the federal SSI program. Most are in foster homes. We have both the financial resources and the moral obligation to ensure that low-income children, families, and senior citizens affected by federal cutbacks are not left out in the cold.

- If we think that a few dollars a month in tax cuts for the average Washingtonian is more important than keeping food on the table for tens of thousands of low-income people in our state, we are a society in trouble. In my budget proposal, I have asked the Legislature to replace some of the deepest federal cuts with $220 million to help our neediest neighbors. That commitment might
require a minor adjustment in Initiative 601, and that you forego some of your additional desired tax cuts.

Most of the problems we count on government to deal with would be solved if everyone had a living-wage job. Today especially, the fallout from families that are torn apart by poverty, or those who have simply lost hope, affects everyone. And today, all of us must come to terms with a new reality: that helping people enter the workforce is in everyone’s best interest, and punitive proposals that pass judgment on a person’s inability to find a job have never put anyone to work.

I have been fortunate. I grew up in a healthy environment, with two parents who loved my sisters and me, and loved each other. There were no drugs, there was no abuse, there was no violence. Most of the kids I went to school with came from the same background. In fact, most of the people in my generation grew up with those values and advantages. When we were old enough, nearly all of us got jobs and became productive members of society. That is what our parents had done; and that is the path they helped create for us. The cards were never stacked against us, as they are for so many people today.

Today, thousands of children grow up in an environment where there is physical violence, mental abuse, or neglect; an environment where, at best, only one parent plays a role in a child’s life; where handguns are a tragic ticket to respect on the streets; where peer pressure is unlike anything any of us have ever known. When some of these kids become young adults, their troubled lives are in the hands of many who still believe that what worked when they were young - tighter boot straps, their parents’ expectations, a little help from mom and dad - ought to be enough for anyone. They believe that telling someone to "get a job" is enough to help them overcome a lack of job skills, a history of abuse, a lifetime of disadvantages. It’s just not that simple. Like it or not, the world has changed. We all share the goal of getting able-bodied people into the workforce. In our state, we have programs in place that are doing exactly that - in record numbers.

Our success is proof that the vast majority of people on welfare want to work, and if they are given the right tools, they will not only join the workforce, they will stay in the workforce. Choosing to believe otherwise to justify politically popular rhetoric is self-defeating fantasy, and it simply will not work.

And unless we continue to take steps that address today’s reality rather than yesterday’s expectations; unless we base our policy decisions on something more substantial and more compassionate than an attitude of, "I did it, why can’t they," a huge number of people will fail in our society. And that will mean we will fail.

We will fail because most people who are driven into the workforce without job skills end up in minimum wage jobs -- if they can find jobs at all -- and minimum-wage jobs do not pay enough for single-parent families to make it on their own.

A single parent with two small children who works full time, earning minimum wage, pays about 72 percent of his or her salary in child care expenses, and takes home about $74 a week. That adds up to $300 a month, out of which a working parent must pay the rent, put food on the table, pay utility bills and transportation costs - and just plain hope that no one gets sick. We will fail because forcing people into minimum-wage jobs or onto the street will do nothing to solve the many problems that have kept them from self sufficiency -- the lack of job skills needed to earn a living wage, an inability to afford basic medical care, the need for quality, affordable child care. And we will fail because a growing gap between those who have much and those who have little will continue to tear at the fabric of our society until the only thing that unites our communities is a sense of fear, anger, resentment, and hate. We are better than that.

Those who call our state home are some of the most generous and giving people in the world. We help each other when we can. During the holidays we hear more stories of people who are having a rough time, and our instinct is to help make things right. During the recent winter storms, I heard dozens of examples of people looking out for each other; clearing tree branches out of neighbor’s driveways, delivering groceries to people who couldn’t leave their homes, pulling cars out of piles of snow. I heard about workers staying on the job past midnight to help drivers who needed tire chains, and I met utility crews who were working around the clock - day after day. There are countless other examples. But whether we give blankets to the homeless or help push cars out of snowbank, when someone needs help, most of us are eager to lend a hand.

Yet despite our generosity, the greatest problem facing America today is the growing number of people in our society who are truly in need. Whether they are workers who have been downsized out
of a job; people who have never had the skills needed to keep up; or those whose circumstances have just taken a turn for the worse, thousands of people in our state wake up every single day facing challenges every bit as difficult as a winter storm.

Their stories are compelling. Over the past year, I’ve met dozens of people in our state who have left public assistance and entered the workforce. Almost to a person, they have told me -- sometimes with tears in their eyes -- about how desperately they wanted to get off welfare, just to have a measure of self respect, and how grateful they were to finally be earning a living. I learned of a single mother who just wanted to earn enough money to afford to live in a house or apartment -- so her children could go to school without having to lie about the place they call home.

And I met a man who had grown up on public assistance, who told me that as a child, the greatest wealth his family ever knew was the day the food stamps arrived. For him, as for so many others, the difference between continuing that cycle of desperation and becoming self-sufficient was the chance to learn, the tools to advance, the opportunity to succeed, and a job. I am certain the people of our state will step forward to help those who are in real trouble, if given the chance. Today, more than ever before, it is absolutely critical that we not turn back from the progress we have made, and that we commit ourselves to ensuring that all people have an opportunity to work and to share in our prosperity.

We live in the wealthiest country on earth. We pay lower taxes than nearly any other industrialized nation -- only Turkey and Australia pay less. In Washington state, we are now enjoying one of the nation’s strongest economies and greatest qualities of life. Over the past four years, we have made significant strides in making government more efficient. We can do more, certainly. No government -- including ours -- should ever be beyond reproach. Few exist that could not be improved upon.

But we’re kidding ourselves if we choose to believe that in today’s world, government is not important to a good economy and a higher quality of life. In a democracy, government is not the enemy; it is what we, the people choose to make of it. In our state, we have worked hard to create a balanced approach to government that recognizes the need for tax and regulatory policies that help businesses prosper without compromising our environment, our health and safety, or our children’s future; a balanced approach that recognizes that today’s prosperity carries with it a responsibility to invest in our future, support education and workforce training, build a transportation network that helps get people to work and products to market, and preserve our quality of life.

A strong economy gives us both the capability and the responsibility to do more than widen the gap between those who have much and those who have little. It allows us the flexibility to decide what we value as a society, and the freedom to invest in policies and practices that help close that gap.

We are, today, at a crossroads. One path divides us, denies the common good, and closes the door of prosperity to all but a few. The other path unites us, seeks the common good, and opens the door of opportunity to everyone. Our decision to follow the path of least resistance and political expediency, or the path of right decisions and political courage, will determine our future - and that of our children and grandchildren.

Let it be our quest to seek the greater good; to choose justice over inequity, possibility over privilege, hope over despair. Let us take the road less traveled, if that is where fairness lies. And let us end our days with promises kept: That we fought for hard-working people, That we were good stewards of the earth, That we stood against discrimination, That we gave all people a chance to work and to prosper, And most important, that we took care of the children. Thank you.

The President thanked Governor Lowry for his comments and instructed the special committee to escort the Governor to the State Reception Room.

The President instructed the special committee to escort the State elected officials from the chamber to the State Reception Room.

The President instructed the special committee to escort the Supreme Court Justices from the chamber to the State Reception Room.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the Joint Session was dissolved.
The House and Senate Sergeants-at-Arms escorted the Senators from the chambers.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 11:00 a.m., Wednesday, January 15, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

THIRD DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, January 15, 1997

The House was called to order at 11:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

January 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8400,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Signed by the Speaker

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1123 by Representatives Schoesler, Sheldon, Alexander, Hatfield, DeBolt, Chandler, Thompson, Kessler and Dunn
AN ACT Relating to increasing interstate trade through tax incentives for warehouse and grain elevator operations; amending RCW 81.104.170; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 46.87 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1124 by Representatives Quall, Carlson, Mason, Radcliff, Hatfield, Chopp, Lantz, O’Brien, Kessler, Murray, Gombosky, Morris and Costa

AN ACT Relating to disclosure of state support received by higher education students; and amending RCW 28B.10.044.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1125 by Representatives McMorris, Ogden, Regala, H. Sommers, Cooke, Carlson, O’Brien, Wood, Dyer and Anderson; by request of Joint Legislative Audit & Review Committee

AN ACT Relating to allowing the department of social and health services access to employment security department data on clients in the job opportunities and basic skills training program and any subsequent state welfare program; adding a new section to chapter 50.13 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.20A RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1126 by Representatives Mastin, Sump, Boldt, Doumit, Hatfield, McMorris, Kessler, Sheahan, Sheldon, Mulliken, Grant, Chandler, O’Brien, Conway, Wood, Cooper, Murray and Morris

AN ACT Relating to the implementation of the enhanced 911 excise tax study recommendations regarding 911 emergency communications system funding; amending RCW 82.14B.030 and 38.52.540; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1127 by Representatives Schoesler, Linville, Chandler, Grant, Mastin, Parlette, Buck, Sheahan, Thompson and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to integrated pest management; and adding a new chapter to Title 17 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1128 by Representatives Thompson, Sump, McMorris, Mielke, Mulliken, Buck, Sheldon and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to necessary emergency measures for the Loomis state forest; adding new sections to chapter 76.06 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1129 by Representatives Thompson, Sheahan, Sterk, Sump, Mielke, Delvin, DeBolt, Mulliken, Conway, Chandler, O’Brien, Kessler, Dunn, Costa, Anderson and Bush
AN ACT Relating to attempting to elude a pursuing police vehicle; amending RCW 46.20.285, 46.20.311, and 46.61.024; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1130 by Representatives Thompson, Koster, Mulliken, L. Thomas, Bush, Backlund, Dunn, Sump, Mielke, Pennington, Talcott, Chandler, Johnson, Lambert, D. Sommers, Sheahan, McDonald, D. Schmidt, McMorris, Sterk, Boldt, Crouse, Benson, DeBolt and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to reaffirming and protecting the institution of marriage; amending RCW 26.04.010 and 26.04.020; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1131 by Representatives Costa, Blalock, Chopp, Conway, Lantz, Keiser, Poulsen, O'Brien, Murray, Gombosky, Cody and Anderson; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to domestic violence; amending RCW 5.60.060, 9A.16.060, 9A.36.041, 10.31.100, and 9.94A.040; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320 and 9.94A.120; adding a new section to chapter 40.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.58 RCW; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1132 by Representatives Kessler, Hatfield, Chopp, Murray, Cody and Anderson; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to economic and employment impact of natural resources harvest variation in rural communities; amending RCW 43.31.601, 43.31.611, 43.31.621, 43.63A.021, 43.31.641, 43.63A.440, 43.160.020, 43.160.076, 28B.50.030, 28B.80.570, 28B.80.580, 50.12.270, 43.131.385, and 43.131.386; amending 1995 c 226 s 7 (uncodified); amending 1995 c 226 s 8 (uncodified); amending 1995 c 226 s 9 (uncodified); reenacting and amending RCW 50.22.090 and 43.20A.750; creating a new section; repealing RCW 43.31.651; providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1133 by Representatives Regala and Anderson; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to financing watershed planning and implementation; amending RCW 86.26.007, 86.26.007, 82.24.027, 82.26.025, and 70.146.030; adding a new section to chapter 39.42 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.135 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21A RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW; providing an effective date; providing for submission of certain sections of this act to a vote of the people; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1134 by Representatives Cody, Chopp and Anderson; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to regulation and control of tobacco products; amending RCW 70.155.010, 70.155.030, 70.155.040, 70.155.050, 70.155.100, 70.155.110, 70.155.130,
82.24.500, and 82.24.550; adding a new section to chapter 70.155 RCW; repealing RCW 70.155.060 and 82.24.270; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1135 by Representatives Cody, Murray and Costa; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to child death review and prevention; amending RCW 70.05.170; adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW; and adding a new chapter to Title 70 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1136 by Representatives Cody and Anderson; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting smoking in public places and worksites; amending RCW 70.160.010, 70.160.020, 70.160.030, 70.160.040, and 70.160.070; adding a new section to chapter 70.160 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 70.160.050, 70.160.060, 70.160.080, and 70.160.100; prescribing penalties; and providing for submission of this act to a vote of the people.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1137 by Representatives Tokuda and Murray; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to the confidentiality of child welfare records; and adding new sections to chapter 74.13 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1138 by Representative Appelwick; by request of Governor Lowry


Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1139 by Representative Appelwick; by request of Governor Lowry

74.12.035, and 74.04.062; reenacting and amending RCW 18.145.080, 74.20A.270, 42.17.310, 74.20A.060, 74.20A.056, and 26.09.020; adding new sections to chapter 74.20A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 2.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.39 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.51 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.76 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.85 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.106 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.130 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.140 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.145 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.165 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.170 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.175 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.185 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 20.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 47.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 88.02 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.95B RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.25 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 77.32 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.20 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 26.23 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 26.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.26 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.18 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.12A RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.20A RCW; adding new sections to chapter 50.13 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; providing effective dates; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**HB 1140** by Representatives Scott, Costa, Blalock, O’Brien and Cody; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to access to firearms by minors; adding a new section to chapter 9A.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9.41 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1141** by Representatives Scott, Dunshee and Poulsen; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to the elimination and consolidation of boards and commissions; amending RCW 18.39.010, 18.39.173, 18.39.175, 18.39.217, 18.39.300, 18.39.800, 68.05.020, 68.05.095, 68.05.105, 68.05.175, 68.05.195, 68.05.205, 68.05.285, 68.24.090, 68.40.040, 68.44.115, 68.46.010, 68.46.040, 68.46.090, 68.46.110, 68.46.130, 68.50.165, 68.50.230, 68.60.030, 68.60.050, 68.60.060, 18.135.030, 19.16.100, 19.16.360, 19.16.380, 19.16.420, 43.43.705, 43.43.785, and 43.43.800; reenacting and amending RCW 18.39.145; adding a new section to chapter 18.39 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 68.05.040, 68.05.050, 68.05.060, 68.05.080, 68.05.100, 19.16.280, 19.16.290, 19.16.300, 19.16.310, 19.16.320, 19.16.330, 19.16.340, 19.16.351, 28C.20.010, 28C.20.020, 28C.20.030, 43.43.790, 43.43.795, and 42.17.261; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1142** by Representatives Dunshee, Blalock and O’Brien; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to homeowner’s property tax deferral; amending RCW 84.38.010; adding new sections to chapter 84.38 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.
HB 1143 by Representatives Mason, Kastama, Carlson, O'Brien, Gombosky, Cody and Costa; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to the Washington advanced college tuition payment program; and adding a new chapter to Title 28B RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1144 by Representatives Conway, Sheldon, Blalock, Keiser, Kessler, Murray and Cody; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to employment and training funds; creating a new section; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1145 by Representatives Sheldon, Conway, Blalock, Chopp, Keiser, O'Brien, Kessler, Murray and Cody; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to the work force employment and training trust fund; amending RCW 50.24.018; repealing RCW 43.131.377 and 43.131.378; repealing 1993 c 226 s 20 (uncodified); and repealing 1993 c 226 s 10, 1993 c 226 s 12, and 1993 c 226 s 14.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1146 by Representatives Cairnes, Wensman, Mielke, Buck, Sterk, Radcliff, Mitchell, Backlund, Smith, Clements, Skinner, Thompson, Cooke, L. Thomas and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle trip permits; amending RCW 46.16.160; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1147 by Representatives Cairnes, McMorris, Zellinsky, Backlund, Buck, Mielke, Smith, DeBolt, Mulliken, Thompson, Cooke, Sheldon, Dunn and Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to reducing motor vehicle excise taxes; amending RCW 35.58.273, 82.44.010, 82.44.020, 82.44.041, 82.44.060, and 82.44.150; reenacting and amending RCW 82.44.110; adding a new section to chapter 82.44 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.


AN ACT Relating to growth management hearings boards; amending RCW 36.70A.270, 36.70A.280, 36.70A.300, 36.70A.320, and 36.70A.340; adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW; and repealing RCW 36.70A.330.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1149 by Representatives Cairnes, Wensman, Zellinsky, Radcliff, Wood, Cooper, Mitchell, Mielke, Buck, Backlund and Thompson
AN ACT Relating to actions relating to real property; amending RCW 4.16.020 and 7.28.010; adding a new section to chapter 4.16 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 7.28.050, 7.28.060, 7.28.070, 7.28.080, and 7.28.090.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1150 by Representatives Cairnes, Cooper, L. Thomas, Sterk, Zellinsky, Radcliff, Wood, Hankins, Clements, Skinner, McMorris, Wensman, D. Schmidt, DeBolt, Keiser, Thompson, Carlson, O’Brien, Quall and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to assault; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.390; adding a new section to chapter 9A.36 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1151 by Representatives Hankins, Murray, Ogden, Mitchell, Cairnes, Mielke, Radcliff, Robertson, Sterk and K. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to a fee on the sale of replacement tires; and adding a new section to chapter 46.37 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1152 by Representatives Mastin and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to computation of time for when actions must be commenced with state government; and amending RCW 1.12.040 and 43.21B.230.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1153 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Sheahan, Skinner, Radcliff, Mitchell, K. Schmidt, Hankins, Costa, Kessler, Dickerson, Quall, Talcott, Cairnes, Hatfield, Blalock, DeBolt, Conway, Lantz, Keiser, Thompson, Poulsen, O’Brien, Sheldon, Schoesler, Cooper, Gombosky, Dunn, Koster and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to sex offenses; amending RCW 9.94A.310; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320 and 9.94A.120; adding a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1154 by Representatives Boldt, Mulliken, Thompson and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions for nonprofit camps and nonprofit conference centers; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1155 by Representatives Boldt, Mulliken, B. Thomas, Thompson and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to small business tax relief; amending RCW 82.04.4451; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.
HB 1156 by Representatives Dunn, Boldt, Delvin, D. Sommers, Carrell and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to arming community corrections officers; and adding a new section to chapter 72.02 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1157 by Representatives Dunn, Buck, Thompson, D. Schmidt, Boldt and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to environmental appeals; and amending RCW 43.21B.170, 43.21B.180, 36.70A.300, 75.20.140, and 90.58.180.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HJM 4001 by Representatives Buck, Cairnes, Sheldon, L. Thomas, Carlson, Talcott, Doumit, Johnson, Mitchell, Hankins, Lisk, McMorris, Clements, Kessler, Schoesler, Grant, Dunn, Alexander, Mastin, Hatfield, D. Sommers, DeBolt, Mulliken, Honeyford and Thompson

Petitioning and directing the commissioner of public lands to not sign an implementation agreement for a habitat conservation plan.

HJR 4202 by Representatives Dunn, L. Thomas, Buck, Thompson, D. Schmidt, Boldt, McDonald, Benson, Delvin, McMorris, Johnson, Mulliken, Chandler, Sherstad, Backlund and Koster

Making English the official language of the state of Washington.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

On motion by Representative Lisk, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

The Speaker introduced Chase Rynd, President of the Tacoma Art Museum and Dr. Josep Garcia Reyes, Director. Dr. Reyes addressed the House, inviting all to visit the museum where the largest collection of Spanish art was on display.

The Sergeant at Arms announced the arrival of the Senate at the bar of the House.

The Speaker instructed the Sergeants at Arms of the House and Senate to escort the President of the Senate, Joel Pritchard, President Pro Tempore Irv Newhouse, Majority Leader Dan McDonald, and Minority Leader Sid Snyder to seats on the rostrum.

The Speaker invited the Senators to seats within the House Chamber.

The Speaker presented the gavel to President of the Senate, Joel Pritchard.

JOINT SESSION

The President declared the Joint Session to be in order. The Clerk of the House called the roll of the House and there was a quorum. The Clerk of the Senate called the roll of the Senate and there was a quorum.

The President appointed Representatives Mastin and Kenney, and Senators Winsley and Bauer as a special committee to advise Governor-elect Gary Locke that the joint session had assembled, and to escort him and Mrs. Locke to the House of Representatives.
The President appointed Representatives Van Luven, Skinner, Sullivan and Gardner, and Senators Kohl, Finkbeiner, Goings and Hockstatter as a special committee to escort the Supreme Court Justices from the State Reception Room to seats within the House Chamber.

The President appointed Representatives Sehlin, McMorris, Butler and Kastama, and Senators Oke, Schow, Spanel and Haugen as a special committee to escort the State Elected Officials from the State Reception Room to seats within the House Chamber.

The President introduced the Supreme Court Justices, the State Elected Officials and the Congressional Delegation, Senator Patty Murray and Congresswoman Linda Smith.

The President called on Secretary of State Ralph Munro to introduce the visiting dignitaries, delegates and diplomats.

The President introduced Linda Owen, seated on the Rostrum, and the distinguished guests, former Governor & Mrs. Al Rosellini, the reigning Miss Washington, Janet Reasons. Mr. Charlie Hodde, former Speaker of the House was recognized.

The Sergeant-at-Arms announced the arrival of Governor-elect Gary and Mrs. Locke. The President introduced them and asked that they be escorted to a place on the rostrum.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by the Washington State Patrol Honor Guard. The national anthem was sung by Doris Clark. The prayer was offered by Rabbi Richard Rosenthal of Temple Beth El Tacoma.

Mr. President: The purpose of this Joint Session is to administer the Oath of Office to the constitutionally elected state officials of the State of Washington and receive the Inaugural Address of Governor Gary Locke.

OATH OF OFFICE TO ELECTED OFFICIALS

Justice Barbara Madsen administered the oath of office to Deborah Senn, Insurance Commissioner, and the President of the Senate presented her the Certificate of Office.
Justice Charles Z. Smith administered the oath of office to Jennifer Belcher, Commissioner of Public Lands, and the President of the Senate presented her the Certificate of Office.
Justice Richard B. Sanders administered the oath of office to Terry Bergeson, Superintendent of Public Instructions, the President of the Senate presented her the Certificate of Office.
Justice Richard Guy administered the oath of office to Christine Gregoire, Attorney General, and the President of the Senate presented her the Certificate of Office.
Justice Charles W. Johnson administered the oath of office to Brian Sonntag, State Auditor, and the President of the Senate presented him the Certificate of Office.
Justice Gerry Alexander administered the oath of office to Mike Murphy, Treasurer, and the President of the Senate presented him the Certificate of Office.
Justice James Dolliver administered the oath of office to Ralph Munro, Secretary of State, and the President of the Senate presented him the Certificate of Office.
Justice Phillip Talmadge administered the oath of office to Brad Owen, Lieutenant Governor, and the President of the Senate presented him the Certificate of Office.
Former President of the Senate Joel Pritchard passed the gavel to President of the Senate Brad Owen.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR’S ACCEPTANCE SPEECH

Mr. President: Thank you, Mr. President. Over the last year as I traveled from town to town, appeared before a dozen editorial boards and spoke to numerous organizations your name, Mr. President
regularly came up followed by comments like "a man of integrity, and "he served with distinction", and "he's sure a darn nice guy".

All of us who have had the privilege of serving with you, Mr. President, of course know that all of these description are very accurate and very deserving. Should any of us here leave office with anywhere near the same level of respect that you have acquired over years of service, we can claim success in our careers.

Mr. President, Joel, thank you for 38 years of public service.

Our single greatest privilege is to serve the people we live, work and socialize with. It is a great responsibility. I feel it most when I sit alone in the House or Senate chambers, leaning back in my chair and stare at the magnificence of these great chambers, I see not just the beauty and grandeur of the architecture but the phenomenal history that has been written here. Sometimes I step outside at night and look at the capital building whose lights dramatically outline it against the dark blue sky making it appear even more awesome than it already is. Do this as I do, and I believe it will help you realize the magnitude of the importance of the job you have been given the honor to come here and do for the citizens of our great state.

With this great honor comes great expectation which create great challenges for us all. I believe the greatest of these challenges for our nation for our state and our communities is to reverse the skyrocketing increase of drug and alcohol use and abuse by our kids. Please don't forget them.

If I and my office can help you to meet these great challenges please ask. I am here to work with you.

To the citizens of our great state, thank you for this tremendous honor. I will do my best to uphold the dignity of the office.

I would like to say how much I appreciate the tremendous support I have received by my wife Linda over the years.

Finally to my mother thank you for your tremendous support and for giving me the, "Things are tough but don't give up" work ethic that got me here today. Thank you.

Chief Justice Barbara Durham administered the oath of office to Gary Locke, Governor, and the President of the Senate presented him the Certificate of Office.

Mr. President: Ladies and gentlemen of the House and Senate, Honorable Elected Officials, distinguished guests, it is a great honor for my first official responsibility to be introducing our new governor on this historic occasion. He has had a distinguished career as an assistant prosecuting attorney, Appropriation chair in the House of Representatives, and King County Executive.

You will find him to be a tough negotiator yet a compassionate person with a vision for Washington state.

Ladies and gentlemen, Governor Gary Locke.

INAUGURAL ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR GARY LOCKE

Governor Locke: Mr. President, Mr. Speaker, Madam Chief Justice, distinguished justices of the Supreme Court, statewide elected officials, members of the Washington State Legislature, other elected officials, members of the Consular Corps, fellow citizens, and friends of Washington state across America and around the world.
I am deeply humbled by this honor of being this state’s 21st governor. And I am deeply grateful to all those who have made this day possible, and to all those who made our American tradition of freedom and democracy possible.

I also want to express my gratitude to members of my family, and with your permission I’d like to introduce them to you. First I’d like you to meet my father, Jimmy Locke, who fought in World War II and participated in the Normandy invasion. I’d like you to meet my mother, Julie, who raised five children, learned English to become a United States citizen at the same time that I was learning English in kindergarten, and who went back to community college when she was almost 60 years old, my mom Julie Locke. And I’d like to introduce my brothers and sisters Marian Monwai, Jannie Chow, Jeffrey Locke and Rita Yoshihara. I also would like to introduce you to my mother and father-in-laws Mr. and Mrs. Larry Lee. And finally, it is my greatest pleasure to introduce Washington’s new First Lady, Mona Lee Locke.

This truly is a wonderful day for the Locke family. And its great to see so many relatives return to Olympia for this celebration because our family has its roots in Olympia. One of my ancestors a distant cousin, actually was a merchant who immigrated to Olympia in 1874 and became a leader of the Chinese-American community just a few blocks from this state capitol. He acted as a bridge between the Chinese and white communities, and became friends with the other downtown merchants, and with the sheriff, William Billings.

In 1886, an anti-immigrant, anti-Chinese mob threatened to burn down the Chinese settlement here. But what happened next is a story that every Washington resident ought to know: Sheriff Billings deputized scores of Olympia’s merchants and civic leaders. And those citizen deputies stood between the angry mob and the Chinese neighborhood. Faced by the sheriff and the leading citizens of Olympia, the mob gradually dispersed. Not a single shot was fired, nor a single Chinese house burned.

For the Locke family, that incident helped establish a deep faith in the essential goodness of mainstream American values:

The values that reject extremism and division, and embrace fairness and moral progress;
The value of working together as a community; and
The values of hard work, hope, and opportunity.

Just a few years after that Olympia show of courage, my grandfather came to America to work as a "house boy" for the Yeager family, who lived in a house that’s still standing, less than a mile from here. His purpose was to get an education, and so the Yeager family agreed to teach him English in return for work. Like everyone else in our family, my grandfather studied and worked hard, and he eventually became the head chef at Virginia Mason Hospital in Seattle.

So while I may be standing less than a mile from where our family started its life in America, we’ve certainly come a long long way. 100 years to travel one mile. Our journey was possible because of the courage of Sheriff Billings and the heroes of Olympia history. And our journey was successful because the Locke family embraces three values: Get a good education, work hard and take care of each other.

But our family history is more the norm than the exception. There is Governor Rosellini, this state’s first Italian-American governor, whose parents migrated to America at the beginning of this century.

There is Representative Paul Zellinsky, whose grandfather was a Russian sea captain.

There is Senator Dan McDonald, whose ancestors were among the pioneer families of this state.

And there is Senator Rosa Franklin, whose family rose from slavery in South Carolina to civic leadership in Tacoma.

There are millions of families like mine, and millions of people like me; people whose ancestors dreamed the American Dream and worked hard to make it come true. And today, on Martin Luther King Jr.’s birthday, we are taking another step toward that dream. This is a historic day, I’m humbled and honored to be the first Asian-American governor on the continental United State. And I am humbled and honored to be the first person of color to be governor of this great state of Washington. These honors are a testament to how great our state is and how far we have progressed.

In the 108 years since Washington became a state, we have gone from riding horses to flying in jets; from sending telegrams to sending e-mail; and from cooking on wood stoves to cooking in microwave ovens. Can anyone even guess what the next hundred years will bring? We already know
that people are developing computers that actually think, that telephones and television will merge, and that biotechnology will reveal the secrets of our genetic code that will cure many of today's diseases. Many of our children will produce goods and services that haven't even been invented yet.

Our challenge then is to embrace change rather than to fear it. We have no time to waste. To keep the American Dream alive in a high-tech and unpredictable future, we have to raise our sights, and our standards. We must raise our sights above the partisanship, the prejudice, and the arrogance that keep us from acknowledging our common humanity and our common future. And we must raise our standards of academic achievement, of government productivity and customer service, of preserving our environment, and of protecting the well-being of Washington's working families.

The principles that will guide me in this quest for higher standards and the principles that will guide my response to legislative proposals are clear and simple.

My first principle is that education is the great equalizer that makes hope and opportunity possible. That's why I am passionately committed to developing a world-class system of education. In the last century, the drafters of our Constitution made education of our children the "paramount duty" of the state. But learning is not just for kids anymore. For the next century, the paramount duty of this state will be to create an education system for lifelong learning a system that every person regardless of age can plug into for basic skills, professional advancement or personal enrichment.

My second principle is to promote civility, mutual respect and unity, and to oppose measures that divide, disrespect, or diminish our humanity. I want our state to build on the mainstream values of equal protection and equal opportunity, and to reject hate, violence and bigotry. And I want our state to be known as a place where elected officials lead by example.

My third principle is to judge every public policy by whether it helps or hurts Washington's working families. Everyone who works hard and lives responsibly ought to be rewarded with economic security, the opportunity to learn and to advance in their chosen field of work, and the peace of mind that comes from knowing that the essential services their families need like health care insurance and child care will be affordable and accessible. And every senior citizen who has spent a lifetime contributing to the freedom and prosperity we enjoy deserves dignity and security.

My fourth principle is to protect our environment, so that future generations can enjoy the same natural beauty and abundance we cherish today.

These principles require self-discipline, and a commitment not to settle for quick fixes, Band-Aids, or political expediency. To help us live up to these principles, I intend to set clear, challenging goals, and to measure our progress toward achieving those goals. Everyone in state government will be held accountable for achieving results not for convening meetings, creating commissions, or following Reams of clumsy regulations.

I want to liberate the creativity and expertise of state employees, and to make working for government as respectable as building airplanes, designing software, or inventing new medical technologies. I call on every state employee to search for new and better ways of doing our work, to strive toward a higher level of customer service to citizens, and to show greater respect for every hard-earned tax dollar that we collect.

In fact, let's take a moment to thank both state and local government employees for the truly heroic work they've done during the storms of the past few weeks. They made visible something too many of us often don't see: that we truly can't live without basic government services, and that these services are provided by people our dedicated public employees. In the storm and its aftermath, those public employees focused on helping citizens and solving problems and they achieved results.

Now it's time to harness that same energy and sense of urgency to solve problems and achieve results in our education system. We have to do a better job of making our schools safe, and ensuring that students respect their teachers, and each other.

Let's hold our schools and students accountable for learning, not just for following all the rules or sitting through the required number of classes. We will not break our promise to raise academic standards. Every third grader must read at the third grade level, and every high school graduate must master basic academic skills and knowledge. To meet these ambitious goals, our schools need a stable base of funding, including the ability to pass school levies with the same simple majority that it takes to pass bond measures to build other public facilities.

But money alone is not the answer. Greater accountability - coupled with more local control and more flexibility are also essential to school improvement. To meet the growing demand for education in our colleges and universities, my administration will present a proposal to increase
enrollments, to improve quality, and to provide more management flexibility while insisting on greater productivity and accountability.

To do all this, we will make education the first priority in every budget we write. That will not be easy. Developing a quality education system depends on the soundness of our fiscal and tax policies. That’s why it’s so important to write budgets that are sustainable beyond the current biennium. And that’s why we must maintain a prudent reserve, so we’ll have funds to see us through a recession without cutting schools or vital services.

This year, a balanced approach to budgeting will also include tax relief. In the last biennium, we gave almost a billion dollars in tax breaks to business. Isn’t it time to help working families? That means property tax relief for middle-class homeowners. Of course, I also support rolling back the business and occupation tax to pre-1993 levels. We raised that tax in a time of fiscal emergency. That emergency has passed, and it’s important that we keep faith with the business community by repealing the increase.

We also have a host of other problems that urgently need our attention. We need to agree on a bipartisan, comprehensive plan to invest in our transportation system, on which all our jobs and our economic growth depend.

Our farmers need good highways and rail systems to get their crops to market. Our commuters need transit and car pool lanes, so they can spend more time with their children and less time stuck in traffic. Our ports need a transportation system that supports the growth of our international trade, which generates so many of our new jobs. There is a great deal our state can and must do to increase our competitive position in the world economy. We have an opportunity to improve Washington’s international trade climate. I’m committed to establishing strong personal relationships with overseas governments and business leaders to help Washington companies expand existing export markets and establish new ones.

It’s also time to break the stalemate and make some tough decisions about how to use and protect our water resources, which have been tangled in a web of conflicts and controversies year after year. It’s time to fine-tune and also re-affirm our commitments to manage growth, to protect fish and wildlife, and to preserve the vitality of our farms and our forests.

As a result of last year’s federal welfare reform legislation, we have a once-in-a-lifetime chance to redesign our social safety net, so that it reflects our mainstream values of hard work, hope and opportunity. If we do this right, we can reduce poverty and protect children and that ought to be our purpose.

So I will propose a system that puts work first a system designed to help people in need build on their strengths rather than be paralyzed by their problems. To make welfare reform succeed, we need to become partners with the business community to find jobs and to improve training programs, so that every entry-level job in Washington is the first step on a career ladder rather than a treadmill that keeps the poor stuck in place. And to make work the solution to poverty, we need to make sure that work pays more than being on public assistance.

At the same time, we have a duty to ensure that the ill, elderly and disabled live with dignity, and that legal immigrants who have paid local, state and federal taxes are not denied equal treatment and equal protection.

And finally, we have waited too long to fix our juvenile justice system a system that lets kids get away with too much; that misses too many opportunities to turn kids around; and that leaves too many of us vulnerable to violent and dangerous young criminals. To procrastinate on any one of these issues from education to water to juvenile justice is to court disaster. The clock is ticking. A new century is coming at us like a bullet train. And it’s up to us to either rise to these challenges, or watch as that train rushes by.

If we cultivate a habit of genuine partnership entered into with a commitment to solving problems and achieving results we can accomplish all of our goals. Students, parents and teachers can create the best schools in the world. Community leaders, local and state officials can build a transportation system second to none. And farmers, city-dwellers, tribal governments and developers can, if they work as real partners, untangle the web of water disputes and find ways to protect this precious resource.

We must all come together, work together, and stay together until our work is complete. Let’s work as hard as our parents and grandparents did. Let’s match their record of accomplishment, and their level of responsibility to the next generation.
As most of you already know, Mona and I are expecting our first child in March. So in very rapid succession, I will be blessed with two titles that carry immense responsibility and immense honor: Governor and Dad.

As the advent of fatherhood gets closer, I am more and more conscious that everything I do as governor and everything we do together we do for our children.

Our child will be a child of the 21st Century. He or she will come of age in a world that we can scarcely imagine. But it is his or her world that we must now work together to create. For our children and yours, I want to foster a new century of personal responsibility, of community, and of hope and optimism.

Please help me carry on the Locke family tradition of focusing on those three crucial values: get a good education, work hard, and take care of each other.

With your hand in partnership, and with an abiding faith in the essential goodness of the people of our great state, I want to devote the next four years to making the American Dream come true for children whose faces we have yet to see. Thank you.

Mr. President: Thank you, Governor Locke for your moving and thoughtful comments.

Mr. Speaker: Thank you, Governor Locke, for those remarks and those challenges. Congratulations on your new position and God’s speed as you begin to assume the responsibility in tackling the duties of your new job. Having begun our political careers together, when we first took the oath of office as State representatives in 1983, we share a lot of history. I dare say that when we first set out fourteen years ago neither one of dreamed that the other would be standing here today in our respective positions. (Governor Locke: We fooled leadership.) Yet here we are. I am very excited at the opportunity that we now have to embark on a new chapter in our personal relationship. While we have, on separate occasions, taken somewhat different approaches to the issues we have been working on, we share common hopes and desires. Our commitment to serve what we sincerely believe to be in the best interest of our constituents and to serve them to the best of our abilities was the same just as it is today. You and I have the opportunity to work with. I know for an absolute fact that both of us have felt challenged as we carry out our respective duties and our responsibilities over the years. But the greatest challenge of all is ours today as we begin to work together in the roles we never expected have together and that challenge is to generate a spirit of cooperation and good will which enables us to reach the objectives we have in common. Most of all, I look forward to your friendship as we move together.

Senator McDonald & Speaker Ballard presented a cradle to Governor and Mrs. Locke for the State’s new First Baby due in March.

Closing prayer was offered by Pastor Joseph Yoshihara of Cornerstone Christian Fellowship, Bellevue, Governor Locke’s brother-in-law.

The President of the Senate instructed the special committee to escort the Governor and Mrs. Locke from the chambers.

The President of the Senate instructed the special committee to escort the Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Owen from the chambers.

The President of the Senate instructed the special committee to escort the Supreme Courts from the House Chambers.

The President of the Senate instructed the special committee to escort the Elected Officials to the State Reception Room.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the Joint Session was dissolved.

The President of the Senate returned the gavel to the Speaker.
There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

**MOTION**

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, January 16, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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THIRD DAY, JANUARY 15, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
FOURTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, January 16, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1158 by Representatives Sehlin and Ogden; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to the capital budget; adding new sections to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16; making appropriations and authorizing expenditures for capital improvements; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1159 by Representatives Sehlin and Ogden; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to the capital budget; making appropriations and authorizing expenditures for capital improvements; adding a new section to chapter 28B.25 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1160 by Representatives Cooke, Appelwick, Smith, Mason, Conway, Dickerson, Wolfe, Romero, Delvin, Huff, Benson, Cairnes, Lambert, Backlund, Morris, Ballasiotes, Murray, Johnson, Dunshee, Carlson, Cody, Wensman, Keiser, Honeyford, Anderson and Cooper

AN ACT Relating to state investment board membership; and amending RCW 43.33A.020.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1161 by Representatives Dyer, Cody and Mielke; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

AN ACT Relating to statutory authority to revise medical assistance managed care contracting under federal demonstration waivers granted under section 1115; amending RCW 74.09.522; repealing RCW 48.46.150; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1162 by Representatives Dyer and Cody; by request of Department of Social and Health Services
AN ACT Relating to delegation of lien and subrogation rights to medical health care systems by contract; and amending RCW 74.09.180 and 43.20B.060.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1163 by Representatives Lambert, Wolfe, O’Brien, Chandler, Sheahan, Carrell, Costa, Sherstad, Smith, Veloria, Scott, Cody, Murray and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to child support expenses; and amending RCW 26.19.080.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1164 by Representatives Sheahan and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to dispute resolution services; and amending RCW 7.75.030.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1165 by Representatives Backlund, O’Brien, Skinner, Cairnes, Dyer, Dunn, Lambert, Sherstad, Sterk, Delvin and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to homicide or assault by watercraft; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320; adding new sections to chapter 88.12 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1166 by Representatives Romero, D. Schmidt, Scott, Wolfe, Dunn and Mason

AN ACT Relating to property; and amending RCW 63.21.030.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.


Limiting health care providers' liability when third party payors refuse to pay for health care services.

Held on First Reading.

HB 1168 by Representatives Pennington, Appelwick, Carlson, Murray, Regala, Cooper and Mielke; by request of Legislative Ethics Board

AN ACT Relating to mailings by legislators; amending RCW 42.17.132; adding a new section to chapter 42.52 RCW; and recodifying RCW 42.17.132.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1169 by Representatives Kessler and Lantz

AN ACT Relating to senate confirmation of growth management hearings board members; and amending RCW 36.70A.260.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.
HB 1170 by Representatives Sehlin and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to state general obligation bonds and related accounts; amending RCW 70.146.030, 39.42.060, 43.99I.020, 43.99I.040, 43.99I.090, 43.99K.010, and 43.99K.020; adding new chapters to Title 43 RCW; repealing RCW 43.99I.050; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1171 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott and Dunshee; by request of Military Department

AN ACT Relating to emergency management; amending RCW 38.52.010, 38.52.030, 38.52.050, 38.52.070, 38.52.400, 38.52.420, 38.52.530, 38.54.020, 38.54.030, 38.54.040, and 38.54.050; and reenacting and amending RCW 38.54.010.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1172 by Representatives D. Sommers, Sterk, O’Brien, Koster, Thompson, Delvin, Sherstad, Schoesler, Hatfield and Conway

AN ACT Relating to sex offender registration; amending RCW 9A.44.130; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1173 by Representatives Van Luven, Veloria, Mason, Gombosky, Cody, Murray, Conway and Wolfe

AN ACT Relating to economic development; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1174 by Representatives Koster, Dunn, McMorris and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to formation of less than county-wide port districts; amending RCW 53.04.023; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1175 by Representatives Koster, Smith, Dunn, McMorris, Boldt and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to permanent concealed pistol licenses; and amending RCW 9.41.070 and 9.41.090.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1176 by Representatives Koster, Boldt, Smith, Backlund, Dunn, McMorris, Schoesler, Sheldon, Johnson, DeBolt and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to persistent offenders; and reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.030.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.
HB 1177 by Representatives Cole, Poulsen, Chopp, Cody, Murray, Hatfield, Blalock, Conway, Wolfe, Kenney, Cooper and Mason; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to school district elections; amending RCW 28A.535.020, 28A.535.050, 84.52.056, and 39.36.020; repealing RCW 28A.530.020; and providing a contingent effective date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1178 by Representatives Quall and Wolfe; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to sentencing requirements for nonviolent offenders who violate drug laws; amending RCW 9.94A.137; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320 and 9.94A.120; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1179 by Representative Quall; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to the indeterminate sentence review board; and amending RCW 9.95.0011 and 9.95.003.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1180 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Sheahan, Dickerson, Quall, Sterk, Poulsen, Conway and Mason; by request of Sentencing Guidelines Commission

AN ACT Relating to juvenile offender sentencing; amending RCW 13.40.0354, 13.40.0357, 13.40.077, 13.40.160, and 13.40.193; reenacting and amending RCW 13.40.020; adding a new section to chapter 13.40 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1181 by Representatives Sterk, O’Brien and Crouse

AN ACT Relating to evidence; adding a new section to chapter 46.63 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1182 by Representatives Sterk, O’Brien, Crouse and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax relief for law enforcement agencies; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1183 by Representatives Reams, Koster, Sherstad, Thompson, Mulliken, Mielke, Wensman, Dunn and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to competitive strategies in the delivery of government services; amending RCW 41.06.380 and 41.06.382; reenacting and amending RCW 41.06.070; adding a new section to chapter 28A.400 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1184 by Representatives Van Luven, Mason, Smith, Dunn, Carrell, Delvin, Cairnes, Sheldon, B. Thomas, Morris, Quall, Koster, Mulliken, Sherstad, Schoesler, D. Schmidt, Hatfield, Wood, Honeyford and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to coin-operated laundry facilities; and reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.050.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1185 by Representatives Van Luven, Mason, Smith, Carrell, Dickerson, Dunn, Cairnes, Morris, B. Thomas, Delvin, Sheldon, Quall, Koster, Mulliken, Sherstad, Schoesler, Hatfield and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation taxes; and reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.050.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1186 by Representatives Hickel, Mitchell, Ballasiotes, Dickerson, Robertson, Blalock, Benson, Quall, Sheahan, Delvin, Lisk, Carrell, Cairnes, McDonald, Johnson and DeBolt

AN ACT Relating to criminal law

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1187 by Representatives Alexander, Van Luven, McMorris, DeBolt, Morris, Veloria, Sheldon, Pennington, Sump and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to associate development organizations; and amending RCW 43.330.080.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1188 by Representatives Carlson, Mason, Radcliff, Kenney, Butler, O’Brien, Van Luven, Sheahan, Dunn, Dyer, Chopp and Murray

AN ACT Relating to tuition differential exemptions for medical students; and amending RCW 28B.15.225.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.


AN ACT Relating to the moratorium on oil and gas exploration and production off the Washington coast; amending RCW 43.143.005 and 43.143.010; and repealing RCW 43.143.040.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.
HB 1190 by Representatives Backlund, Huff, Lambert, McMorris, Cairnes, Honeyford, Sherstad, McDonald, D. Schmidt and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to performance audits; amending RCW 43.88.090 and 44.28.091; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1191 by Representatives Backlund, Dyer, Skinner and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to review of mandated health insurance benefits; amending RCW 48.42.060, 48.42.070, and 48.42.080; adding a new chapter to Title 48 RCW; and recodifying RCW 48.42.060, 48.42.070, and 48.42.080.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1192 by Representatives Fisher, Murray, Wolfe and Romero; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to the functions and responsibilities of the office of marine safety; amending RCW 88.46.020, 88.46.030, 88.46.040, 88.46.060, 88.46.070, 88.46.080, and 88.46.090; adding a new section to chapter 88.46 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21I RCW; adding new sections to chapter 90.56 RCW; creating new sections; recodifying RCW 88.46.060, 88.46.062, and 88.46.065; decodifying RCW 88.46.063; repealing RCW 43.21I.020, 88.46.920, 88.46.921, 88.46.922, 88.46.923, 88.46.924, 88.46.925, 88.46.926, and 88.46.927; repealing 1995 2nd sp. s c 14 s 521 & 1991 c 200 s 1120 (uncodified); repealing 1995 2nd sp. s c 14 s 522 & 1993 c 281 s 73 (uncodified); repealing 1995 2nd sp. s c 14 s 524 (uncodified); providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1193 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunn, L. Thomas, Wolfe, Scott and Wensman


Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1194 by Representatives Cody, McMorris, Clements, Conway, Wood, Hatfield, Honeyford, Romero, Skinner, Dyer, Chopp, Murray, Morris, Keiser, Cooper and Mason

AN ACT Relating to infant breast-feeding; and adding a new section to chapter 49.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1195 by Representatives Robertson, Schoesler, Dunshee, Sterk, Scott, K. Schmidt, Buck, Smith, Delvin, Hickel, Carlson, Hatfield, DeBolt, Dunn and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to proof of financial responsibility for motor vehicle operation; and amending RCW 46.30.020.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1196 by Representatives McDonald, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk and Skinner; by request of Secretary of State
AN ACT Relating to charitable trusts; amending RCW 11.110.060, 11.110.070, and 11.110.075; adding a new section to chapter 11.110 RCW; and repealing RCW 11.110.050, 11.110.073, and 11.110.080.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HJM 4001 by Representatives Buck, Cairnes, Sheldon, L. Thomas, Carlson, Talcott, Doumit, Johnson, Mitchell, Hankins, Lisk, McMorris, Clements, Kessler, Schoesler, Grant, Dunn, Alexander, Mastin, Hatfield, D. Sommers, DeBolt, Mulliken, Honeyford and Thompson

Petitioning and directing the commissioner of public lands to not sign an implementation agreement for a habitat conservation plan.

Held on first reading from 1/15/97.

HJR 4203 by Representatives Cole, Poulson, Chopp, Carlson, Cody, Murray, Hatfield, Blalock, Conway, Wolfe, Kenney, Cooper and Mason; by request of Governor Lowry

Amending the Constitution to provide for a simple majority of voters voting to authorize school district levies.

Referred to Committee on Education.

There being no objection, the bills, memorial and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

January 13, 1997

HB 1037 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Making the 4.7187% state property tax reduction permanent. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Kastama; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Mason and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Carrell, Mulliken, Boldt, Kastama, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler, Conway, Mason and Morris.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business was placed on the second reading calendar for the next working day, January 17, 1997.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, January 17, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
Committee Report 7
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FOURTH DAY, JANUARY 16, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FIFTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, January 17, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Dana Smith and Matt Vacanti. Prayer was offered by Pastor Gary Hatter, Wordalive Christian Embassy, Olympia.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

January 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4400,
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4401,

and the same are herewith transmitted. 

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

January 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8402,

and the same is herewith transmitted. 

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING


Making the 4.7187% state property tax reduction permanent.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunshee: (001)

On page 1, line 11, strike everything through line 17 and insert:

"(2) The state property tax levy for collection in 1997 shall be reduced by 4.7187 percent of the levy amount that would otherwise be allowed under this chapter without regard to this section. (3) The tax reductions provided in this section (is) are in addition to any other tax reduction legislation that may be enacted by the legislature. (3) State levies for collection after 1996 1997 shall be set at the amount that would be allowed otherwise under this chapter if the state levy for collection in 1996 each year had been set without the reductions under subsection (1) of this section."

Representatives Dunshee and Butler spoke in favor of the amendment.

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Smith: (During Representative Butler’s remarks) I would ask that the members of the opposite aisle address the amendment before us and not future amendments or future bills that I do not see upon the table. And to stick to this amendment which would delay the permanent tax decrease a year and have the corporate tax increase go away.

SPEAKER’S RULING

Mr. Speaker: The amendment before us addresses a 4.7% tax relief. The conversation is going to the essence of another bill that is not before us at this time. If you would like to continue with your remarks, please keep that in mind.

Representative Butler continued her remarks. Representatives Conway, Cooper, Morris, Mason, Appelwick, and Chopp spoke in favor of the amendment.
Representative B. Thomas, Carroll, Van Luven, Pennington, L. Thomas, Smith, Cooke, Lisk, and Dyer spoke against the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

Representative Talcott asked that Representatives Buck and Reams be excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of Representative Dunshee’s amendment to House Bill No. 1037.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (001) on Page 1, line 11, to House Bill No. 1037 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 40, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Buck and Reams - 2.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on amendment 001 to House Bill No. 1037.

ALEXANDER WOOD, 3rd District

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and House Bill No. 1037 was advanced to third reading and final passage.

Representative L. Thomas, Pennington, Robertson and B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee, Gombosky, Dickerson and Morris spoke against passage of the bill.

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Dyer: (During Representative Morris’ comments) This bill has nothing to do with differential between the taxing levels.

SPEAKER’S RULING

The Speaker indicated Representative Dyer’s point of order was well taken but he was going to allow more latitude at this time. The Speaker reminded the members of House Rule 17H: Confine all remarks to the question under debate.

Representative Morris continued his remarks. Representative Appelwick spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1037.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1037 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Voting nay: Representatives Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunshee, Fisher, Gombosky, Grant, Hatfield, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Mason, Morris, Murray, O'Brien, Ogden, Poulsen, Regala, Scott, Sommers, H., Sullivan, Tokuda, Veloria, Wolfe and Wood - 34.

Excused: Representatives Buck and Reams - 2.

House Bill No. 1037, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING


AN ACT Relating to limiting health care providers’ liability when third parties refuse to pay for health care services; and adding a new section to chapter 7.70 RCW.

Held on first reading from 1/16/97. Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1197 by Representatives Sheahan, Constantine and Costa

AN ACT Relating to a municipal court defendant incarcerated at a jail facility in the county but outside the city limits; and amending RCW 35.20.100.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1198 by Representatives Mitchell, Fisher, Robertson, Johnson, Costa and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle dealer practices; and amending RCW 46.70.180.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1199 by Representatives Kessler, Romero, Regala, Appelwick, Grant, Murray, Dickerson, Doumit, Hatfield, Butler, Keiser, Chopp, Blalock, Poulsen, Lantz, Scott, Wood, Linville, Tokuda, Veloria, Gombosky, O’Brien, Fisher, Sheldon, Morris, Constantine, Costa, Conway, Gardner, Ogden, Cooper, Wolfe, Cody and H. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to ocean resources; and amending RCW 43.143.010.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1200 by Representatives Buck, D. Schmidt and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to the code of ethics for municipal officers; and amending RCW 42.23.030 and 42.23.040.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1201 by Representatives Buck, Johnson, Sheldon, Blalock, Regala, Linville, Hatfield, Kessler, Tokuda, Anderson, Morris, Zellinsky, Dunn, Conway, Doumit, Ogden, Grant, Mastin, Butler and Murray
AN ACT Relating to economic and employment impact of natural resources harvest variation in rural communities; amending RCW 43.31.601, 43.31.611, 43.31.621, 43.31.641, 43.63A.440, 43.160.020, 43.160.076, 28B.50.030, 28B.80.570, 28B.80.580, 50.12.270, 43.131.385, and 43.131.386; amending 1995 c 226 s 7 (uncodified); amending 1995 c 226 s 8 (uncodified); amending 1995 c 226 s 9 (uncodified); reenacting and amending RCW 50.22.090 and 43.20A.750; creating a new section; repealing RCW 43.31.651; providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1202 by Representatives Quall, Dickerson, Poulsen, Smith, O'Brien, Costa, Ogden and Mason

AN ACT Relating to high school credit equivalencies; amending RCW 28A.230.090 and 28A.305.285; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1203 by Representatives Murray and Romero; by request of Governor Lowry

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting gender discrimination in the granting of civil marriage licenses; amending RCW 26.04.010, 26.04.020, and 26.04.210; adding a new section to chapters 4.08, 4.20, 5.60, 6.13, 6.15, 6.27, 9A.16, 9A.76, 11.02, 11.04, 11.80, 26.04, 26.09, 26.16, 26.20, 26.33, 41.16, 41.18, 41.24, 41.28, 41.44, 42.17, 43.20B, 51.32, 59.20, 60.04, 64.04, 64.28, 65.12, 70.123, 71.09, 72.01, 72.36, 74.13, 74.42, 87.03, 89.12, and 91.08 RCW; creating new sections; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1204 by Representatives McMorris, Mulliken, Thompson, Mielke, Backlund, Crouse, L. Thomas, Benson, Delvin, Koster, Alexander, D. Sommers, Clements, Sump, Cairnes, Chandler, Johnson, Schoesler, Honeyford, Wensman, Dunn and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to senate confirmation of gubernatorial appointees; and amending RCW 43.06.092.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1205 by Representatives Lambert, Koster, McMorris, L. Thomas, Pennington, Sump, Carrell, Johnson, Sheahan, Cooke, Schoesler, Mielke, McDonald, Zellinsky and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to sex offenses against children; adding new sections to chapter 9A.44 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1206 by Representatives Schoesler, Boldt, Grant, Regala, Doumit, Wolfe, McMorris, Dunn, Cole, Poulsen, DeBolt, Carlson, Honeyford, Sheahan, Johnson, Mielke, Blalock, Linville, Hatfield, Kessler, Tokuda, O'Brien, Anderson, Murray, Zellinsky, Conway, Keiser, Cooper, Scott and Butler

AN ACT Relating to vocational student leadership organizations; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; creating a new section; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1207 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunshee, Poulsen, Kessler and Mielke; by request of Military Department

AN ACT Relating to enhanced 911 excise taxes; amending RCW 82.14B.020, 82.14B.030, 82.14B.040, 82.14B.060, 82.32.010, and 82.32.105; adding new sections to chapter 82.14B RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.
Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1208 by Representatives Koster, Smith, Boldt, Mulliken, Sherstad, Dunn and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to revoking the growth management act; amending RCW 35.58.2795, 36.70C.030, 36.79.150, 36.94.040, 36.105.070, 39.88.110, 43.155.070, 43.160.060, 43.168.050, 43.210.010, 43.210.020, 47.26.080, 57.16.010, 58.17.060, 58.17.110, 66.08.190, 70.94.455, 70.94.527, 70.94.743, 70.146.070, 76.09.050, 76.09.060, 81.104.080, 81.112.050, 82.02.020, 82.46.010, 82.46.030, 82.46.050, 84.40.030, and 86.12.200; reenacting and amending RCW 35.77.010, 36.81.121, 43.88.030, 82.46.040, and 82.46.060; repealing RCW 36.70A.010, 36.70A.020, 36.70A.030, 36.70A.040, 36.70A.045, 36.70A.050, 36.70A.060, 36.70A.100, 36.70A.103, 36.70A.106, 36.70A.110, 36.70A.120, 36.70A.130, 36.70A.140, 36.70A.150, 36.70A.160, 36.70A.170, 36.70A.172, 36.70A.175, 36.70A.180, 36.70A.190, 36.70A.200, 36.70A.250, 36.70A.260, 36.70A.270, 36.70A.280, 36.70A.290, 36.70A.300, 36.70A.305, 36.70A.310, 36.70A.320, 36.70A.330, 36.70A.340, 36.70A.345, 36.70A.350, 36.70A.360, 36.70A.365, 36.70A.370, 36.70A.380, 36.70A.385, 36.70A.390, 36.70A.400, 36.70A.410, 36.70A.420, 36.70A.430, 36.70A.450, 36.70A.460, 36.70A.470, 36.70A.480, 36.70A.481, 36.70A.490, 36.70A.500, 36.70A.510, 36.70A.800, 36.70A.900, 36.70A.901, 36.70A.902, 36.70B.010, 36.70B.020, 36.70B.030, 36.70B.040, 36.70B.050, 36.70B.060, 36.70B.070, 36.70B.080, 36.70B.090, 36.70B.100, 36.70B.110, 36.70B.120, 36.70B.130, 36.70B.140, 36.70B.150, 36.70B.160, 36.70B.170, 36.70B.180, 36.70B.190, 36.70B.200, 36.70B.210, 36.70B.220, 36.70B.230, 19.27.097, 35.13.005, 35.63.125, 35.14.005, 35.63.105, 36.70.545, 36.93.157, 36.93.230, 43.17.065, 43.17.250, 43.62.035, 43.63A.550, 47.80.010, 47.80.020, 47.80.030, 47.80.040, 47.80.050, 59.18.440, 59.18.450, 82.02.050, 82.02.060, 82.02.070, 82.02.080, 82.02.090, 82.08.180, 82.14.215, and 82.46.035; repealing 1990 1st ex.s. c 17 s 64 (uncodified); and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1209 by Representatives Koster, Smith, Boldt, Mulliken, McMorris, Sherstad, Dunn, Thompson, Johnson, Mielke, Zellinsky, DeBolt, Pennington and Mastin

AN ACT Relating to counties engaging in growth management planning; amending RCW 36.70A.040; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1210 by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick, Robertson, Kessler, Romero, Wensman and Costa

AN ACT Relating to civil jurisdiction of district courts; and amending RCW 3.66.020.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.


AN ACT Relating to making accident reports available to the traffic safety commission; and amending RCW 46.52.060.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1212 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Mielke and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to the combining of water and sewer districts; amending RCW 57.04.050, 57.08.005, 57.08.014, 57.08.030, 57.08.044, 57.08.047, 57.08.065, 57.08.081, 57.08.085, 57.08.110, 57.08.180, 57.16.060, 57.16.110, 57.20.120, 57.20.140, 57.24.040, 57.24.050, 57.28.050, 57.32.023, 57.36.040, 57.90.010, 27.12.470, 32.20.070, 32.20.110, 35.13A.010, 35.13A.020, 35.13A.030, 35.13A.040, 35.13A.060, 35.13A.070, 35.13A.090, 35.58.210, 35.58.220, 35.58.230, 35.58.410, 35.67.300, 35.91.020, 35.92.012, 35.92.170, 35.97.010, 35.97.050, 35.16.138, 35.93.020, 35.93.093, 35.93.105, 35.93.185, 35.94.220, 36.94.430, 36.96.010, 36.94.410, 36.94.420, 39.69.010, 39.80.020, 39.50.010, 43.20.240, 43.70.195, 43.155.030, 44.04.170, 48.62.021, 52.08.011, 53.48.001,
53.48.010, 54.04.030, 70.44.000, 70.95B.020, 70.119.020, 79.44.003, 84.04.120, 84.33.100, 
84.34.310, 84.64.080, 84.69.010, 87.03.015, 87.03.720, and 87.03.725; reenacting and amending 
RCW 57.08.050; repealing RCW 56.08.070; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1213** by Representatives Costa, McDonald, Radcliff, Mason, Lantz, Lambert, Kenney, Cody, Dickerson, 
Scott, Regala, Kastama, Constantine, Sheahan, Blalock, Hatfield, Kessler, Tokuda, Veloria, 
Backlund, O’Brien, Conway, Chopp, Sheldon, Anderson, Murray, Morris, Ogden, Cooper, 
Mastin and Butler

AN ACT Relating to breast-feeding; amending RCW 9A.88.010; adding a new section to 
chapter 49.60 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1214** by Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes, Radcliff, O’Brien, Sheahan, Cody, Lantz, Dickerson and 
Conway

AN ACT Relating to sentencing; amending RCW 9.94A.040, 9.94A.310, 9A.32.060, and 
9A.32.070; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.030 and 9.94A.320; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**HB 1215** by Representatives Costa, Sheahan, Radcliff, Lantz, Kenney, Cody, Scott, Hatfield, Kessler, O’Brien, 
Wensman, Sheldon, Thompson, Keiser, Ogden and Mason

AN ACT Relating to rights of child victims and witnesses; and amending RCW 7.69A.030.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1216** by Representatives Dyer, Backlund and Zellinsky

AN ACT Relating to telemedicine; adding a new section to chapter 18.71 RCW; and creating a 
new section.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 1217** by Representatives Cooke, H. Sommers, Ogden and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension 
Policy

AN ACT Relating to public employees’ retirement system plan I members who separate from 
service without withdrawing their contributions from the retirement system; amending RCW 41.40.150; 
and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1218** by Representatives Morris, Dunshee, Mielke, Blalock, Conway, Murray, Ogden, Cooper, Mason and 
Butler

AN ACT Relating to reducing business and occupation taxes; and adding a new section to 
chapter 82.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1219** by Representatives Pennington, Appelwick, B. Thomas, H. Sommers, Mulliken, Carrell, Morris, 
Mielke, Backlund, O’Brien, Zellinsky, Thompson, Kastama and Mason
AN ACT Relating to a tax exemption for prepayments for health care services provided under Title XVIII (medicare) of the federal social security act; and amending RCW 48.14.0201.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1220 by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Backlund, Conway, Skinner, Murray, Zellinsky, Costa, Pennington and Mason

AN ACT Relating to the use of the title of nurse as a professionally licensed designation; and amending RCW 18.79.030.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1221 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Sheahan, Robertson, Chandler, Cody, Crouse, K. Schmidt, Costa, Scott, Buck, Kessler, Schoesler, Chopp, Johnson, Honeyford, O’Brien, Wensman, Sheldon, McDonald, Zellinsky, Thompson, H. Sommers and Mason

AN ACT Relating to the impoundment and immobilization of vehicles being operated by persons who have a suspended or revoked driver’s license; amending RCW 46.55.113 and 46.55.120; adding a new section to chapter 46.20 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 46.20.344.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1222 by Representatives Carrell, Ballasiotes, Lambert, Sherstad, Sterk, McDonald, Talcott, Boldt, Hickel, Backlund, Thompson, Smith, Zellinsky, Johnson, Schoesler, Kessler, Conway and Costa

AN ACT Relating to earned early release; amending RCW 9.92.151, 9.94A.150, and 70.48.210; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1223 by Representatives Carrell, Zellinsky, Talcott, Hickel, Thompson and Conway

AN ACT Relating to landlord-tenant relations; amending RCW 59.18.130 and 59.18.180; and adding a new section to chapter 59.18 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1224 by Representatives Carrell, Boldt, Smith, Sherstad, Radcliff, Zellinsky, Thompson and Skinner

AN ACT Relating to reimbursement of public entities for payments made because of criminal acts of officers, employees, or contractors; amending RCW 4.92.070, 6.15.020, 41.28.200, and 43.43.310; reenacting and amending RCW 41.26.053, 41.32.052, and 41.40.052; adding new sections to chapter 43.10 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1225 by Representatives Carrell, Lambert, Sherstad, Hickel and Zellinsky

AN ACT Relating to tax lien foreclosures; and amending RCW 84.64.080.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1226 by Representatives Sheldon, Van Luven and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to the community economic revitalization board; amending RCW 43.160.080 and 82.16.020; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.
HB 1227 by Representatives Scott, Koster, Mielke, Backlund, O'Brien and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to human immunodeficiency virus testing for persons arrested for prostitution and patronizing a prostitute; reenacting and amending RCW 9A.36.021; adding a new section to chapter 70.24 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1228 by Representatives H. Sommers, Reams, Scott, Dunshee, Blalock, Linville, Hatfield, Tokuda, O'Brien, Murray, Constantine, Costa, Ogden, Mason, Butler and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to conducting elections with the use of absentee ballots and mailed ballots; amending RCW 29.30.075, 29.36.045, 29.36.060, 29.36.121, 29.36.130, 29.62.020, and 29.62.040; and repealing RCW 29.36.126 and 29.36.139.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1229 by Representatives Keiser, Mason, Kenney, Radcliff, Wood, O'Brien, Kessler, Regala, Conway, Van Luven, Cairnes, Romero, Scott, Blalock, Hatfield, Gombosky, Anderson, Murray, Constantine, Cooper and Butler

AN ACT Relating to excise taxation of college textbooks; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1230 by Representatives Backlund, Johnson, Lambert, Carrell, Sherstad, D. Schmidt, Thompson, Boldt and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to students' rights; adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1231 by Representatives Sump, Johnson, Talcott, Hickel, Benson, McMorris, Honeyford, Buck, Mielke, Backlund and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to providing additional educational opportunities for students; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.150 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1232 by Representatives Sump, Sheldon, Wood, Morris, Quall, K. Schmidt, Honeyford, Talcott, Hickel, Delvin, McMorris, Wensman and Doumit

AN ACT Relating to state highway routes; amending RCW 47.17.005; and adding a new section to chapter 47.17 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1233 by Representatives Sump, Pennington, Morris, McMorris, Quall, Sheldon, Hickel, Honeyford, Doumit and Buck

AN ACT Relating to the landowner contingency forest fire suppression account; and amending RCW 76.04.630 and 43.84.092.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.
HB 1234 by Representatives Cairnes, Mason, Clements, Mulliken, Thompson, McMorris, Reams, Honeyford, Sterk, Kenney, Blalock, Cody, Keiser, Conway, Cooper, O’Brien, Tokuda, Dunshee, Wood, Fisher and Kastama

AN ACT Relating to the board of plumbers; and amending RCW 18.106.110.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HJM 4001 by Representatives Buck, Cairnes, Sheldon, L. Thomas, Carlson, Talcott, Doumit, Johnson, Mitchell, Hankins, Lisk, McMorris, Clements, Kessler, Schoesler, Grant, Dunn, Alexander, Mastin, Hatfield, D. Sommers, DeBolt, Mulliken, Honeyford, Thompson and Mielke

Petitioning and directing the commissioner of public lands to not sign an implementation agreement for a habitat conservation plan.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTIONS

Representative Lisk moved that House Bill No. 1042 and House Joint Resolution No. 4200 be referred from Health Care to Finance.

Representative Chopp moved that House Bill No. 1042 and House Joint Resolution No. 4200 be referred from the Committee on Finance to the Committee on Health Care.

Representative Lisk spoke against the motion to refer the bill to the Committee on Health Care.

Representative Chopp spoke in favor of the motion to refer the bill to the Committee Health Care.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be passage of Representative Chopp’s motion to relieve the Committee on Finance of House Bill No. 1042 and House Joint Resolution No. 4200, and to refer the bill to the Committee on Health Care.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the motion to relieve the Committee on Finance of House Bill No. 1042 and House Joint Resolution No. 4200 and refer the bills to the Committee on Health Care. And the motion failed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Buck and Reams - 2.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION
On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Monday, January 20, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
1037
Second Reading Amendment 1
Third Reading Final Passage 4
1042
Other Action 11
1167
Intro & 1st Reading 4
1197
Intro & 1st Reading 4
1198
Intro & 1st Reading 4
1199
Intro & 1st Reading 4
1200
Intro & 1st Reading 4
1201
Intro & 1st Reading 4
1202
Intro & 1st Reading 4
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Intro & 1st Reading 5
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Intro & 1st Reading 8
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Intro & 1st Reading 8
1221
Intro & 1st Reading 8
1222
Intro & 1st Reading 9
1223
Intro & 1st Reading 9
1224
Intro & 1st Reading 9
The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jason Allen and Ashley Halverson. Prayer was offered by Reverend Philip Rue, Gloria Dei Lutheran Church, Olympia.
Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1235 by Representatives Ogden, McMorris, H. Sommers, Carlson, Wolfe, O’Brien, Dunshee, Kenney, Dickerson, Cole, Mason and Robertson; by request of Joint Legislative Audit & Review Committee

AN ACT Relating to personal service contracts; and adding a new section to chapter 39.29 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1236 by Representatives Dunn, Sherstad, Sheldon, Mulliken, Boldt, Costa and Robertson

AN ACT Relating to rental payments to landlords from public assistance; and adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1237 by Representatives Dunn, Sherstad and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to relocation assistance; and amending RCW 59.18.440 and 82.02.020.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1238 by Representatives Sheahan, Ballasites, Delvin, Appelwick, O’Brien, Costa, Wensman, Constantine, Mason and Robertson; by request of Supreme Court and Administrator for the Courts

AN ACT Relating to pro tempore judges; amending RCW 2.04.240, 2.04.250, 2.06.150, 2.06.160, and 2.10.030; reenacting and amending RCW 41.40.010; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1239 by Representatives Honeyford, Cody, McMorris, Backlund, Dyer, Boldt, Parlette, Clements, Skinner, Crouse and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to requirements for retired active licenses for health care practitioners; and amending RCW 18.130.250.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1240 by Representatives Pennington, Appelwick, D. Schmidt, Mulliken, O’Brien, Dunshee, Kenney, B. Thomas, Anderson, Wensman, Lantz, Dickerson, Murray, Linville, Dunn and Mason; by request of Legislative Ethics Board

AN ACT Relating to elected officials’ guest editorials or columns in newspapers; and amending RCW 42.52.180.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
HB 1241 by Representatives Pennington, Appelwick, Carlson, D. Schmidt, Wensman, Linville and Mason; by request of Legislative Ethics Board

AN ACT Relating to the citizen members of the legislative ethics board; and amending RCW 42.52.380.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1242 by Representatives Delvin, Smith, L. Thomas, McMorris, Koster, Mielke, Wood, Hatfield, Sherstad, Radcliff, O’Brien, Sheldon, Cairnes, D. Schmidt, Quall, Huff, Thompson, Dickerson, Buck, Costa, Scott, DeBolt, Johnson, Ballasiotes, Murray, Lisk, Cooke, Hankins, Zellinsky, Pennington, Mastin, Poulsen, Dunn and Mason

AN ACT Relating to motorcycle equipment; and amending RCW 46.37.530 and 46.37.535.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.


AN ACT Relating to driver’s license and identicard security; amending RCW 46.20.091, 46.20.117, 46.20.118, 46.20.161, and 46.20.181; adding a new section to chapter 46.20 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1244 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher, McMorris, Scott, Zellinsky, Hatfield, Skinner, Mitchell, Wood, Delvin, Smith, Robertson, O’Brien, Sterk, Backlund, Cairnes, Radcliff, Boldt, Ogden, L. Thomas, Hankins, Johnson and Benson

AN ACT Relating to identification requirements for drivers' licenses and identicards; and amending RCW 46.20.035.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1245 by Representatives Sheahan, K. Schmidt, Sterk, Ballasiotes, Zellinsky, Skinner, Cairnes, Delvin, Smith, Robertson, O’Brien, Backlund, Fisher, Scott, McMorris, Radcliff, Mulliken, Boldt, Hatfield, L. Thomas, Costa, Hankins, McDonald, Wensman, Benson and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to penalties for using drivers' licenses and identicards to commit fraud; amending RCW 46.20.336 and 46.20.091; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1246 by Representatives Boldt, K. Schmidt, Radcliff, Cooke, Cairnes, Robertson, Mulliken, O’Brien, L. Thomas and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to utilizing drivers’ licenses and identicards to prevent welfare fraud; adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.
HB 1247 by Representatives Chandler, Mulliken, Linville, Mastin, Boldt and Quall; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax exemptions for farmworker housing; amending RCW 82.08.02745 and 82.12.02685; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1248 by Representatives Sump, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Sherstad, Skinner, Lantz, Lambert, D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Backlund, Ogden, Wensman and Constantine; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to filing of business and nonprofit documents with the secretary of state; and adding a new section to chapter 43.07 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1249 by Representatives Dunn, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Kenney, Lambert, Skinner, Gardner, D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Ogden, O'Brien, Dunshee, B. Thomas, Wensman, Mason and Kessler; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to state agencies issuing federal employer identification numbers; adding a new section to chapter 19.02 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.07 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 50.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.02 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1250 by Representatives Wensman, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Kenney, Skinner, Sherstad, Lambert, Gardner, D. Schmidt and Pennington; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to trademarks; and amending RCW 19.77.030.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1251 by Representatives Parlette, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Kenney, Skinner, Lambert, Gardner, D. Schmidt and Wensman; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to names of corporations and units of government; adding a new section to chapter 23B.14 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 24.03 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 24.06 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 24.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 24.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 24.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 24.28 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 23.86 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1252 by Representatives Wensman, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Skinner, Kenney and Lambert; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to limited partnerships; amending RCW 25.10.453 and 25.10.553; adding new sections to chapter 25.10 RCW; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.
HB 1253 by Representatives Parlette, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Skinner, Sherstad, Lambert, Gardner, D. Schmidt, Kenney and Wensman; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to business organizations; amending RCW 23B.04.010, 23B.15.060, 24.03.045, 24.06.045, 25.04.710, 25.04.715, 25.10.020, 25.15.010, and 25.15.325; and adding a new section to chapter 25.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1254 by Representatives Sterk, D. Sommers, Carrell, Mulliken, Delvin, Chandler, O’Brien and Bush

AN ACT Relating to the destruction of driving records; and amending RCW 46.01.260.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1255 by Representatives Butler, B. Thomas, Morris, Wolfe, Doumit, Ogden, Cody, Linville and Keiser; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to the creation of a leasehold excise tax exemption for organizations qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code that provide student housing; amending RCW 82.29A.130; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1256 by Representatives Veloria, Van Luven, Alexander, Dunn, Sheldon, Blalock, Wolfe, Doumit, Gardner, Ogden, O’Brien, Costa, Conway, Murray, Cody, Linville, Keiser, Mason, Kessler, Chopp and Kenney

AN ACT Relating to incentives for basic skills training; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 28C.18 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1257 by Representatives DeBolt, Alexander, Pennington, Sheldon, Kessler, Poulsen, McMorris, Mielke, Van Luven, Grant, Crouse, Mastin, Doumit and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to the taxation of coal-fired thermal electric generating facilities placed in operation before July 1, 1975; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.16 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1258 by Representatives McMorris, Honeyford, Dyer, Boldt, Sheldon, Clements, Thompson, Lisk, Mulliken and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to expansion of employer workers' compensation group self-insurance; amending RCW 51.14.080 and 48.62.011; adding a new chapter to Title 51 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1259 by Representatives Sump, Sheldon, McMorris, Doumit, Dyer, Butler, Buck, Regala, B. Thomas, Thompson, Chandler, Linville, Sullivan, O’Brien, Lantz and Johnson
AN ACT Relating to habitat conservation plans; amending RCW 76.09.340; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1260 by Representatives Skinner, Dyer, Cody, Backlund, Murray, Anderson, O'Brien, Mason and Quall

AN ACT Relating to privileged communications between certified counselors and clients; adding a new section to chapter 18.19 RCW; and repealing RCW 18.19.180.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1261 by Representatives Mulliken, Pennington, Boldt and Wensman; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to the business and occupation tax small business credit; amending RCW 82.04.4451; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1262 by Representatives Scott, Zellinsky, O'Brien, Sterk, Blalock, Anderson, Cole, Murray, Cooper, Mason, Quall, Johnson, Kessler, Bush and Robertson

AN ACT Relating to special parking privileges for disabled persons; amending RCW 46.16.381; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1263 by Representatives Robertson, Ogden, Dunn, Carrell, Dyer, Cairnes and Benson

AN ACT Relating to current use taxation provisions; amending RCW 84.33.120, 84.33.140, 84.33.145, and 84.34.108; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1264 by Representatives Boldt and Johnson

AN ACT Relating to limitations on the number of passengers in a vehicle driven by a minor; adding a new section to chapter 46.61 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1265 by Representatives Sterk, O'Brien, Delvin, D. Sommers, Hickel, Wood, Robertson and Grant

AN ACT Relating to training for community corrections officers; adding new sections to chapter 43.101 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1266 by Representatives Dyer, Cody and Cole

AN ACT Relating to confidentiality of information provided to the health care policy board and the interagency quality committee; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310; and declaring an emergency.
Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1267 by Representatives B. Thomas, Zellinsky and Dickerson

AN ACT Relating to a use tax exemption for vessel manufacturers and dealers; and adding new sections to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1268 by Representatives Carrell, B. Thomas, Mulliken, DeBolt, Lisk, Mastin, Hickel, Boldt, D. Sommers, Backlund, Chandler, Dyer, McDonald, Cooke, Dunn, Kessler, Bush and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to property taxes; reducing the one hundred six percent limit for all taxing districts to the lesser of inflation or six percent; allowing for spreading out over time valuation increases without the use of credits or caps on valuation; amending RCW 84.55.005, 84.55.010, 84.55.020, 35.61.210, 70.44.060, and 84.08.115; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, The Governor and Legislature have designated 1997 as the Year of the Reader to promote the joys and successes of reading at any age; and
WHEREAS, The Legislature recognizes that the ability to read with comprehension and skill is essential for success in school and future life, and that the ability to read is critical to personal, family, and the state’s economic prosperity; and
WHEREAS, A year-long state-wide cooperative effort between schools, parents, literacy agencies, libraries, the media, businesses, government, and social and health services will recognize reading efforts and successes; and
WHEREAS, The Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington shall be designated the “open book” of the House of Representatives, distributing Year of the Reader stickers and other information to visitors; and
WHEREAS, Members of the House of Representatives are encouraged to contribute to the state’s effort in their home districts by using the logo and theme throughout the year and by lending their support to reading, literacy, and other educational efforts; and
WHEREAS, Citizens of the State of Washington are encouraged through a state-wide, coordinated year-long schedule of events to celebrate reading;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives declare the official beginning of the Year of the Reader in Washington State, and urge all citizens to open a book and read, today, throughout the year, and every day of their lives.

Representative Johnson moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Johnson, Cole and Mason spoke in favor of the resolution.
House Resolution No. 4603 was adopted.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4605, by Representatives Robertson, Grant, Carlson, Gardner, D. Schmidt, Poulsen, Hatfield, Conway, Ogden, L. Thomas, Lantz, B. Thomas, Costa, Dyer, Regala, Morris, Cooke, Linville, Keiser, Mason and Kenny

WHEREAS, January 20, 1997, has been designated as the holiday in which we, as a nation, remember Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.; and

WHEREAS, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. set an example of devotion to the principle that all Americans should live in freedom, dignity, and justice; and

WHEREAS, Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. endeavored to end violence and discrimination against all persons; and

WHEREAS, Dr. King’s leadership achievements were recognized when he was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize; and

WHEREAS, Dr. King’s efforts were further recognized by the Congress of the United States, which created a permanent federal holiday to commemorate the date of his birth; and

WHEREAS, Dr. King’s efforts are also recognized by the State of Washington, which honors his remembrance as a state holiday; and

WHEREAS, Dr. King’s untimely death deeply grieved our nation;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives pause in our endeavors on behalf of the citizens of the State of Washington to commemorate the life of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.

Representative Robertson moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Robertson, Kessler, Quall, Chopp, Lambert, Conway, Mason, Carlson, Sherstad and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4605 was adopted.

JOINT SESSION

Sergeant-at-Arms Finley announced that the Senate requested to be admitted to the chamber for purposes of joint session. The Speaker asked that the Sergeant-at-Arms escort President of the Senate Brad Owen, President Pro Tempore Irv Newhouse, Majority Leader Dan McDonald and Minority Leader Sid Snyder to seats on the rostrum. The Speaker invited the senators to seats within the chamber.

The Speaker passed the gavel to President Pro Tempore Irv Newhouse.

APPOINTMENTS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES

The President Pro Tempore appointed Representatives Backlund, Sherstad, Cooper and Wood and Senators Goings and Benton to escort the State elected officials from the State Reception Room to the House chamber.

The President Pro Tempore appointed Representatives Zellinsky, Mulliken, Gombosky and O’Brien and Senators Long, Strannigan, Wojahn and Spanel to escort the Supreme Court Justices to the House chamber.

The President Pro Tempore appointed Representatives Hickel and Anderson and Senators Johnson and Brown to notify Chief Justice Barbara Durham that the Joint Session had assembled, and to escort her to the House chamber.
The Sergeant-at-Arms announced that the State elected officials had arrived and the President Pro Tempore requested they be escorted to their seats in the front of the chamber. The President Pro Tempore greeted and introduced Secretary of State Ralph Munro, State Treasurer Mike Murphy, State Attorney General Christine Gregoire, Superintendent of Public Instruction Terry Bergeson, State Auditor Brian Sonntag, Commissioner of Public Lands Jennifer Belcher, and Insurance Commissioner Deborah Senn.

The Sergeant-at-Arms announced that the Justices of the Supreme Court had arrived, and the President Pro Tempore requested they be escorted to their seats in the front of the chamber. The President Pro Tempore greeted and introduced Associate Chief Justice James M. Dolliver, Justice Charles Z. Smith, Justice Richard P. Guy, Justice Charles W. Johnson, Justice Barbara A. Madsen, Justice Gerry L. Alexander, Justice Philip A. Talmadge and Justice Richard B. Sanders.

The Sergeant-at-Arms announced that the Honorable Barbara Durham, Chief Justice of the State Supreme Court had arrived. The President Pro Tempore requested that she be escorted to the rostrum and introduced her to the assembly.

The President Pro Tempore stated the purpose of the joint session was to receive a message from Chief Justice Barbara Durham.

STATE OF THE JUDICIARY

Chief Justice Durham: I feel very honored this morning to be speaking with you on the same day we honor the memory of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. During his life, Dr. King spoke eloquently and often about justice. In his famous letter from a Birmingham Jail he wrote: "Injustice anywhere, . . .is a threat to justice everywhere." And shortly before his tragic death, he suggested to some friends the wording for his own eulogy. He said, in part: "Yes, if you want to say that I am a drum major, say that I was a drum major for justice."

The question before us this morning is: "What are we doing to make the justice system better for all our citizens?" I am pleased to report that from Bellingham to Vancouver, Aberdeen to Pullman — our courts and our judges have been working hard to make our justice system efficient. Thanks to your support in the legislature, and the voter's approval of Initiative 8210 two years ago, we have brought stability to judicial leadership. For more than one hundred years, chief justices in our state automatically rotated as Chief Justice for a single, two-year term. Today, I stand before you as the first chief justice who has been elected by the court to serve a four-year term. My colleague, Justice Jim Dolliver, our court’s most senior member and a former chief justice, has become the court’s first Associate Chief Justice, or second in command.

Stabilizing judicial leadership will enable us to operate more efficiently as we sharpen our judicial vision and create our first statewide, long-range plan. Three of our justices have been working hard to make the courts more accessible — not only to litigants — but also to citizens, voters, and others who need our help. Justice Charles Z. Smith has served for 8 years as chair of the Washington Minority and Justice Commission. The commission has conducted groundbreaking cultural diversity studies and educational programs to ensure that all people are treated fairly and equally.

Justice Charles Johnson chairs the Supreme Court Rules Committee, which is working on ways to streamline court procedures to make courts more "user friendly." Justice Johnson’s efforts include revising the rule-making process to provide for more public participation.

Associate Chief Justice Jim Dolliver presides over our court interpreter committee. We are one of the very few state judicial systems that train and certify foreign language interpreters to work in courts with those who speak little or no English.

Let’s now examine some of our judiciary’s exciting innovations, in the areas of television and technology. In the past, very few people visited our court to observe cases being argued. . .until recently. Now, friends and utter strangers stop us on the street and tell us what they thought about a case we heard two days ago—or even that morning. That’s the power of television. Our hearings, we understand, were the first gavel-to-gavel, appellate court proceedings televised live, anywhere in the world. This innovative educational tool is a two-way street - TVW takes the court to the people and it brings people to the court.
In addition to having a presence on television, we are also taking advantage of the technology of the Internet. The Washington Court Home Page has become a popular web site. You can now find current Supreme Court opinions on-line. We also plan to put on-line the court’s past opinions in cooperation with Gonzaga Law School. Besides judicial opinions, our web pages offer a wealth of general and technical information about the courts.

Another successful project that combined technology and cooperation, was recommended by the Walsh Commission -- that was the Judicial Voter’s Pamphlet. Last year the Court directed distribution of the first, statewide judicial voter pamphlet ever published in Washington. Under the leadership of a committee chaired by Justice Gerry Alexander and Justice Phil Talmadge, and the generous cooperation of our state’s daily newspapers, we distributed nearly one and a quarter million pamphlets.

Citizens received the pamphlets just before the September primary, the time when most judges are elected. Voters received thorough, helpful information about each judicial candidates’ qualifications. By means of this public and private endeavor, we were able to print and deliver the pamphlets for only three-and-one-half-cents a copy. The response we received was overwhelmingly positive. Many voters asked us to produce the pamphlet regularly. We also posted voter information on the Internet. More than twelve hundred individuals accessed our Internet edition.

Improving the information voters have about judicial candidates was only one of the recommendations of the Walsh Commission. At the core of that report is a recommendation that would change the way judges are selected in our state. I believe that judges -- all judges -- should be elected -- that voters should have the right to cast a ballot about the competence of every judge. There are, of course, many ways to achieve that goal. During the next few years, I anticipate a healthy and vigorous debate on this subject.

I would like to now turn to our criminal justice system. I am particularly proud of the leadership the judicial branch has demonstrated in dealing with the issue of domestic violence. Domestic violence is a crime that afflicts every community, and every racial, ethnic, and economic group. How large is the problem? In 1994, the courts in our state handled nearly 31,000 petitions for protective orders and civil-harassment protection orders. That’s about 84 cases a day, one every 17 minutes. In the last legislative session alone, you considered 34 different measures, introduced to eliminate the problem of domestic violence. As judicial leaders, we firmly believe that domestic violence must be dealt with in a coordinated comprehensive way. Two years ago, Attorney General Christine Gregoire, Justice Richard Guy and I hosted the first domestic violence “summit”. As a follow up, last month we called a second statewide summit. In that meeting, we continued to build relationships among organizations and to foster cooperation. We also heard encouraging reports from local leaders about their efforts to combat the problem. In the Tri-cities, for example, a summit was hosted by Craig Mattheson, a superior court judge in Benton–Franklin Counties who worked together with the Gender and Justice Commission. The Commission will use the Tri-cities’ mini-summit as a model for other cooperative local events.

Next July, we will complete a project that you initiated in 1995 authorizing us to create a statewide domestic violence tracking system. With this tracking system in place, chronic spouse abusers may still run — but they won’t be able to hide their past. Arrest and conviction information will be instantly available to police, prosecutors, and judges across the state. We will know whether or not a civil protection order has been issued in any county in the state, no matter what type of proceeding.

Violent crime is no longer confined to our streets. As you may recall, three women and an unborn child were shot and killed, two years ago, in the hallway outside a busy King County courtroom. I convened an emergency meeting of presiding judges to examine ways our courthouses could be made safer. Yakima County prosecutor, Jeff Sullivan, chaired an advisory group of county commissioners, lawyers, judges, law enforcement officers, and security experts. Together, they developed a set of safety guidelines. These guidelines form a "blueprint for safety," and are being adopted in many of our courts and courthouses. The personal well-being of the public is always a high priority.

As every judge, county commissioner and each of you know, our state’s jail and prison space is severely limited. Space is especially limited for juvenile detention. The professionals in juvenile court realize that they must act early, particularly with young, high-risk offenders. Our state’s Early Intervention Program, which is in place in 12 juvenile courts, allows court officials to reach juvenile offenders early in their probation through the use of intensive monitoring. Our courts have worked
hard to explore alternatives to incarceration. Today, throughout the state, courts are experimenting with aggressive electronic home-monitoring, weekend schooling, day-reporting-centers, and community-service work crews. Judges have long recognized the connection between crime, delinquency, and the state of health of our families. Judicial and legislative leaders are continuing to work together to help, reconcile troubled youth and their families. Last year our courts handled more than 9000 truancy petitions, compared to a statewide total the year before of just 91! Superior court judges helped shape some of last session’s most far-reaching juvenile measures. We will continue to work with you to deal with the challenges of our criminal justice system.

Let’s now turn to legislative and judicial cooperation. Because our functions sometimes overlap, we took another step last November, aimed at a more effective partnership with the legislature. We sponsored a leadership workshop to discuss our mutual roles in establishing our state’s laws. Important questions were explored. For example: "What steps can the legislature take to ensure that its intent is preserved when constitutional questions are raised?" And, "How can we better assure that laws are interpreted the way the legislature intended?" We will continue to explore these and other questions — that affect both civil and criminal laws.

Another challenge we all face is the way we manage our limited resources. Local courts have found new ways, and often new resources, to meet these budget challenges. A good example of how our judicial leaders are finding innovative ways to manage their limited resources is the "courts helping courts" program. In order to stretch employee resources, staff members from one court visit another to lend help and expertise. And, to hold down expenses, host courts accommodate visitors in their own homes. Judges from the trial courts to the appellate courts are striving to maximize limited resources.

The Supreme Court voted unanimously just last week to seek your support for a bill requiring appellate judges, upon leaving the bench, to complete their opinions within 60 days.

Last month, Judge Faith Ireland, President of the Superior Court Judges’ Association and Judge Robert McBeth, President of the District and Municipal Court Judges’ Association, held four meetings across the state to discuss funding issues. Judges recognize the growing challenges you and county commissioners face in finding ways to keep pace with the rising costs of the criminal justice system. We pledge our cooperation in trying to find new and more efficient ways to allocate scarce dollars.

Recently, we scrutinized our entire court budget. Under the leadership of Justices Phil Talmadge and Richard Guy, the Supreme Court initiated a zero-based budget process to take a hard look at where our departments could reduce expenses. We used this process to construct our budget proposal for the upcoming biennium. We have also just completed an internal management review, coordinated by Justice Alexander. Our goal was to improve our internal communications and day-to-day operations. We have now reviewed all of our operations — and evaluated our core functions. We will ask you to consider legislation to update some of our operations.

These and others efforts will allow us to hold the line on expenses while keeping the wheels of justice turning. Another example of cooperation, is the state’s improved lawyer discipline system. The bench and the bar have been working together to improve the process by which lawyers are disciplined, and to make the process more responsive to the needs of the public. Based on recommendations made by a joint task force of judges, lawyers, and the public at large, the Washington State Bar Association significantly reorganized its discipline process. The bar underwrites the discipline system at a cost of two-point-three million dollars a year. And lawyers pay for it — no public tax money is involved.

To do this, the state bar association has

- increased bar association dues
- doubled the staff who review complaints
- and created consumer affairs positions to serve the public.

The bar may now cooperate with criminal investigations and the public can get more information on past sanctions. Already we see dramatic improvements in the way complaints are handled. For the first time in years, more cases were closed last year than were opened. Later this month the Court will publish, for comment, these and other recommendations for improving the lawyer discipline system.

Five individuals in particular have contributed their vision and leadership to this project. I would like to recognize their contributions. They are:

- Current bar president Tom Chambers;
- Former chief justice Jim Andersen;
- Former bar president Paul Stritmatter;
Chair of the board of governor’s discipline committee, Peter Ehrlichman; and The association’s chief disciplinary counsel, Barrie Althoff.

Let me share with you two examples of how we are using technology to make our courts more efficient. To make valuable court information more readily available, Judicial Information System terminals can be found in the Office of Support Enforcement, Department of Licensing, and in county prosecutor’s offices. The State Patrol and some local law enforcement offices also have access to our data. Last month a performance audit was conducted on our JIS by the National Center for State Courts in Virginia. Representative Ballard, you will be pleased with the results of the audit: The report states that our JIS staffing levels are among the most efficient in the country. We operate more efficiently, and reliably, and at less cost-per-user than comparable systems in other states, similar systems in Washington State, and even systems in the private sector.

Chaired by Justice Phil Talmadge, JIS now handles six-hundred, seventy-five thousand transactions a day. This number will soon reach the million mark.

And now for something different . . .

Judges are not often perceived as "warm and fuzzy". But a unique program which brings judges into the classrooms to explain our legal system has received high marks. This isn’t a new program. When I came to the court 12 years ago, I was concerned that judges were isolated from the public. Having been raised by a mother who was an educator for forty years, this idea was a natural. Co-chaired by Justice Richard Sanders and myself, a group of judges, educators, lawyers and members of the public have developed lesson plans for students from kindergarten through college about our legal system. Judges who volunteer their time are partnered with teachers around the state to visit classrooms. Since the program’s beginning, over 130 judges have educated more than 1,300 students.

Just last week, a committee of judges chose public education as the theme for our annual fall judicial conference. In early September some 300 judges will arrive in Yakima. At least 100 of them will have the opportunity to visit local schools from Zilla to Sunnyside. We even hope to visit one of the most exciting educational facilities in our state, Heritage College. Set on the Yakama Indian Reservation not far from Toppenish, Heritage College is led by Dr. Kathleen Ross, a Roman Catholic nun. Fifty percent of undergraduates at Heritage College are either Native-American or Hispanic-American. Eighty-five percent are the first in their families to attend college.

Heritage College was established through the mutual efforts of Dr. Ross, Yakima community leaders and the Yakama Indian Nation. It is an unusual and outstanding institution and certainly one that would have pleased Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Dr. King closed his Birmingham letter saying: "We are caught in an inescapable network of mutuality, tied in a single garment of destiny. Whatever affects one directly, affects us all indirectly."

Together let us continue to seek what is fair, what is right, and what is just for the citizens who have placed their trust in us. Thank you.
HB 1009  Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Crediting the liability account with interest earnings. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Buck and Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1012  Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Authorizing highway bonds. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson, Romero, Scott, Skinner, Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Buck and Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills listed the day's standing committee reports sheet under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Tuesday, January 21, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
Committee Report 13

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EIGHTH DAY, JANUARY 20, 1997

WASHINGTON STATE LEGISLATURE
State of the Judiciary 8

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
NINTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, January 21, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

January 20, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: HOUSE BILL NO. 1037,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1037

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1269 by Representatives Robertson, Costa, Scott, Tokuda, Delvin and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to death investigations; and amending RCW 70.58.107.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1270 by Representatives Delvin, O’Brien, Robertson, Scott, McDonald, Bush and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to awarding the state law enforcement medal of honor; amending RCW 41.72.030; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1271 by Representatives L. Thomas, Scott, D. Sommers, Dunshee, Doumit, Mulliken, Gardner, Wensman and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to public hospital district elections; amending RCW 70.44.040, 70.44.042, and 70.44.053; and adding new sections to chapter 70.44 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1272 by Representatives Delvin, Chandler, Robertson, McMorris, Honeyford and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to water transfers; and adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**HB 1273** by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick, Cody, Sherstad, Wensman and Costa

AN ACT Relating to a debtor’s liability for a deficiency after default under a security agreement; and amending RCW 62A.9-501.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1274** by Representatives Van Luven and Wensman; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to the elimination of the requirement for a study of the property tax exemptions and valuation rules for computer software; and repealing 1991 sp.s. c 29 s 5 (uncodified).

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1275** by Representatives Mastin, Mitchell, Radcliff, Morris, Mason, Schoesler, Keiser, Dickerson, Wood, Kessler, Scott, Blalock, Thompson, Costa, Kenney and Conway

AN ACT Relating to public utility tax credits for weatherization and energy assistance programs; adding a new section to chapter 82.16 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

**HB 1276** by Representatives Carrell, Sheldon, Morris, Quall, Koster, Smith, Mulliken, Sherstad, Crouse, D. Sommers and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to the taxation of physical fitness services; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.050; adding a new section to chapter 43.135 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1277** by Representatives B. Thomas, Dunshee, Carrell, Thompson and D. Schmidt; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to confidentiality of property tax information; amending RCW 84.40.020 and 84.40.340; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310; adding a new section to chapter 84.08 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1278** by Representatives K. Schmidt, Hatfield, Mitchell, Pennington, Scott, Mielke, Cody, Honeyford and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to requiring beer manufacturers to use the term lager on the outside label of contents of packages containing malt liquor; and amending RCW 66.28.120 and 66.04.010.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1279** by Representatives Thompson, Morris, Mulliken, Scott, Schoesler, Hatfield, Dunshee, Boldt and D. Schmidt
AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions for sales, use, and distribution of magazines and periodicals by subscription; amending RCW 82.08.02535; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1280 by Representatives Honeyford, Koster, Sheldon, Sump, Boldt, D. Sommers, McMorris, Clements, Crouse, Dunn, Schoesler, Johnson, DeBolt, Mulliken, Thompson, Mielke and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to public art and educational displays; and amending RCW 43.17.200.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1281 by Representatives Ogden, Cooper and Constantine

AN ACT Relating to public utility district commissioners; amending RCW 54.08.010, 54.08.060, 54.12.010, 54.40.040, and 54.40.060; adding a new section to chapter 54.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 54.40 RCW; and repealing RCW 54.40.010, 54.40.030, and 54.40.050.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1282 by Representatives Ogden, Carlson, Constantine, O'Brien, Keiser, Dickerson, Wood, Tokuda, Scott, Blalock, Mason, Costa and Kenney

AN ACT Relating to petitions to be filed with government; amending RCW 29.79.090, 29.79.100, 29.79.110, and 29.79.490; adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.81 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1283 by Representatives Mason, Van Luven, Veloria, Ballasiotes, Costa, Morris, Wood, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to funding for business and economic development programs; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; creating a new section; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.


AN ACT Relating to improving K-4 student learning; adding new sections to chapter 28A.300 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1285 by Representatives McMorris, Honeyford and Conway; by request of Department of Licensing
AN ACT Relating to regulating engineers and land surveyors; amending RCW 18.43.035, 18.43.110, and 18.43.130; adding a new section to chapter 18.43 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1286 by Representatives McMorris, Honeyford, Conway, Cole and Thompson; by request of Department of Licensing


Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1287 by Representatives Radcliff, Pennington, Morris, O’Brien, Costa, Linville, Mitchell, Van Luven, Wood, Scott, Mason, Conway and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to exemption of state regular property taxes for low-income multifamily housing; adding a new chapter to Title 84 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1288 by Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Conway, Cody, Cole, Quall, Smith, Blalock, L. Thomas and D. Schmidt


Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1289 by Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Conway, Cody, Cole, Quall, Smith, Clements, Keiser, Blalock, Costa and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to medicinal and catheterization administration in public schools; and amending RCW 28A.210.260 and 28A.210.280.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1290 by Representatives Sheahan, Lantz and Costa

AN ACT Relating to eliminating dead man’s statute provisions; and amending RCW 5.60.030.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.


AN ACT Relating to affordable housing; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; and creating a new section.
Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1292** by Representatives McMorris, Lisk, Quall, Linville, Thompson, Mulliken, Sheldon, Grant, D. Schmidt, Skinner, Robertson, Boldt, Honeyford and Clements

AN ACT Relating to expanding claims management authority for industrial insurance retrospective rating programs; and adding a new section to chapter 51.16 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1293** by Representatives Boldt, Thompson, Dunn, Mielke and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to limiting public assistance payments; and amending RCW 74.12.030.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**HB 1294** by Representatives Boldt, Pennington, Mulliken, Dunn, Carrell, Mielke, Backlund and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to requiring approval by a two-thirds vote of each house to amend Initiative 601; amending RCW 43.84.092 and 43.88.033; and adding a new section to chapter 43.135 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1295** by Representatives Carrell, Sheahan, Backlund, Lambert, D. Sommers, Sterk, McDonald, Zellinsky, Boldt, Delvin, Ballasfoites, Schoesler, Mitchell, DeBolt, Dyer, Mulliken, Clements, Radcliff, Hickel, Talcott, Thompson, Dunn and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to jury verdicts in criminal cases in courts of record; and adding a new section to chapter 10.61 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1296** by Representatives DeBolt, Pennington, Ballasiotes, Robertson, Schoesler, Carrell, Mielke, Boldt, McMorris, Mulliken, Clements, Talcott, Parlette, Benson, Crouse, Backlund, Costa, Sullivan, Sump, Sheldon, Cooke, Morris, Thompson, Conway and D. Schmidt


Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**HB 1297** by Representatives DeBolt, Sheahan, Ballasiotes, Costa, Benson, McMorris, Thompson, Lambert, Radcliff, K. Schmidt, Mitchell, Sherstad, Robertson, Pennington, Hickel, Kastama, Sullivan, Sump, Sheldon, Delvin, Cooke, Morris, Wensman, Mason and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to aggravating circumstances in first degree murder; reenacting and amending RCW 10.95.020; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.
HB 1298 by Representatives Chandler, Linville, Schoesler, Regala, Koster, Morris, Anderson and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to compensatory mitigation; and adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1299 by Representatives Romero, Kenney, Veloria, Regala, Tokuda, Cole, Mason and Costa

AN ACT Relating to providing instruction in the language and cultures of other nations; adding new sections to chapter 28A.180 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1300 by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick, Hickel and L. Thomas; by request of Statute Law Committee

AN ACT Relating to correcting or removing deficiencies, conflicts, or obsolete provisions affecting the department of financial institutions; amending RCW 21.20.740, 21.30.010, 30.04.010, 31.45.160, 32.04.020, and 33.44.020; and repealing RCW 30.04.270, 30.04.290, 30.04.900, 30.08.120, 30.12.050, 30.43.010, 30.43.020, 30.43.045, 31.12.095, 31.12.355, 32.04.040, 32.12.060, 32.20.290, and 33.04.010.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1301 by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick and Hickel; by request of Statute Law Committee

AN ACT Relating to making technical corrections to the Revised Code of Washington; amending RCW 36.32.210; reenacting and amending RCW 57.08.050 and 70.47.060; reenacting RCW 18.71.210, 35.02.200, 70.47.020, and 74.15.020; and repealing RCW 56.08.070.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1302 by Representatives Pennington, Kessler, Carrell, Boldt, Thompson, Sheldon, Cairnes, Lambert, B. Thomas, Mitchell, Chandler, Talcott, Cooke, Schoesler, Robertson, Huff, Mielke, Lisk, Delvin, Wensman, Mulliken, Backlund and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to intangible personal property; amending RCW 84.36.070, 84.40.030, and 84.48.080; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1303 by Representatives Hickel, Johnson, Talcott, Smith, Backlund, McMorris, Radcliff, Thompson, Clements, Sheahan, B. Thomas, D. Schmidt, L. Thomas, Huff, Crouse, Robertson, Schoesler, Pennington, Cooke, Sullivan, Mitchell, Kastama, Dyer, Cairnes, Sump, Sterk, McDonald and Koster

AN ACT Relating to education; amending RCW 28A.150.220, 28A.405.100, 41.56.030, and 41.59.935; adding new sections to chapter 28A.320 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.150 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.155 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.165 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.175 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.180 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.185 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.210 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.220
RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.225 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.230 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.235 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.305 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.330 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.400 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.405 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.605 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.640 RCW; repealing RCW 28A.305.140, 28A.305.145, and 28A.630.945; and providing a contingent expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1304 by Representatives Sheldon, Buck, Morris, Pennington, DeBolt, Linville, Johnson, Dunshee, Honeyford, Skinner, Grant, Gardner, Kessler, Schoesler, Doumit and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax exemptions for call centers in distressed areas; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1305 by Representatives Sheldon, Buck, Morris, Pennington, DeBolt, Gardner, Johnson, Dunshee, Honeyford, Skinner, Linville, Kessler, Grant, Schoesler, Doumit, Hatfield, Wood, Tokuda, Scott, Veloria, Boldt, Mason, Costa and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to tax credit for job creation in distressed areas; and amending RCW 82.62.010 and 82.62.030.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1306 by Representatives Keiser, Mitchell, Blalock, Constantine and Poulsen

AN ACT Relating to a study of airport noise; creating new sections; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1307 by Representatives Mielke, Sheahan, Sterk, Pennington, Doumit, Mulliken and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to carrying concealed pistols; and amending RCW 9.41.050.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1308 by Representatives Mielke, McMorris, Mulliken, Sterk and McDonald

AN ACT Relating to hazardous devices; and amending RCW 70.74.191.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1309 by Representatives Mielke, Mulliken, Sterk, McMorris, Pennington, Bush, Doumit, McDonald, Boldt, Thompson, Costa and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to disarming an officer; adding new sections to chapter 9A.76 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.
HB 1310 by Representatives Smith, L. Thomas and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to the pollution liability insurance program; and amending RCW 43.84.092.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.


AN ACT Relating to studded tires; amending RCW 46.37.420; adding a new section to chapter 46.04 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 46.37 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HJR 4204 by Representatives Boldt, Pennington, Mulliken, Dunn, Carrell and Mielke

Encapsulating Initiative 601 into the Washington state Constitution.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HJR 4205 by Representatives Carrell, Sheahan, Backlund, Lambert, D. Sommers, Sterk, McDonald, Zellinsky, Boldt, Delvin, Ballasiotes, Schoesler, Mitchell, DeBolt, Dyer, Mulliken, Clements, Radcliff, Hickel, Talcott and Thompson

Amending the Constitution to authorize verdicts by ten or more jurors in criminal cases in courts of record.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

There being no objection, the bills and resolutions listed on today's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

HB 1003 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Redefining "special assessment" for the purposes of tax deferrals for senior citizens and disabled persons. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Carrell, Mulliken, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 16, 1997
HB 1010 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mitchell: Establishing procedures for federal transportation pass-through moneys. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Voting Yea: Representatives K. Schmidt, Hankins, Mielke, Mitchell, Fisher, Blalock, Cooper, Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representatives Buck and Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 16, 1997

HB 1032 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Implementing regulatory reform. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, bills listed on today’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, January 22, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
Committee Report
Committee Report
Committee Report
Other Action
Messages
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NINTH DAY, JANUARY 21, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

TENTH DAY

MORNING SESSION
House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, January 22, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Brian Graham and Hannah Steinweg. Prayer was offered by Pastor Bob Cassis, South Sound Presbyterian Church, Lacey.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
January 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: HOUSE BILL NO. 1037, and the same is herewith transmitted. Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1312 by Representatives Sherstad, Sheahan, O'Brien, Costa and Dunshee

AN ACT Relating to superior court judges; amending RCW 2.08.064; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1313 by Representatives McDonald, Sheahan, Bush, Robertson, Conway, Lantz and Talcott

AN ACT Relating to superior court judges; amending RCW 2.08.061; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1314 by Representatives Bush, Cooper, Carrell, Wood, Smith, Lambert, McDonald, Benson, Mielke, Cole, Talcott, Romero, Mastin, Scott, Sheahan, Lantz, L. Thomas, D. Schmidt, Cooke, Sherstad, Wensman and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to computing the time within which an act is to be done; and amending RCW 1.12.040.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1315 by Representatives D. Sommers, Sterk, Benson, Sheahan, Crouse, Schoesler and Mastin

AN ACT Relating to the appointment of county assessors; amending RCW 36.16.030; and adding a new section to chapter 36.21 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1316 by Representatives Honeyford, Lisk, Boldt, Sump, Fisher and Dunn
AN ACT Relating to designation of state route number 35; and adding a new section to chapter 47.17 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1317 by Representatives Honeyford, Sheldon, Crouse and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to amusement games; and amending RCW 9.46.0331.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1318 by Representatives Honeyford, Sheldon, Crouse and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to amusement games; and adding a new section to chapter 9.46 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1319 by Representatives Buck, Sheldon, Pennington, Kessler, Schoesler, Regala, Johnson, Mielke and Morris

AN ACT Relating to increasing anadromous fish runs in the Elwha river; adding new sections to chapter 75.50 RCW; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1320 by Representatives L. Thomas, Cooke, Cairnes, D. Schmidt, Keiser, Robertson, Blalock, Ogden, Constantine, Veloria, Dunn and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to the state insect; and adding a new section to chapter 1.20 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1321 by Representatives Sump, McMorris, Quall, DeBolt, Chandler, Honeyford, Talcott, D. Sommers, Schoesler, Mulliken and Mastin

AN ACT Relating to intergovernmental relations; and amending RCW 43.17.360.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1322 by Representatives Delvin, Scott, Sterk, Morris, Conway, Sullivan, Mielke, Linville, Constantine, Cole, Murray, Cody, Kenney, O’Brien, Butler, Blalock, Dunshee, Keiser, Lantz, Bush, Veloria, Doumit, Mason, Dickerson and Cooper

AN ACT Relating to Washington state patrol employment agreements; amending RCW 41.56.030 and 41.56.475; and adding a new section to chapter 41.56 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1323 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Wensman, Morris, Costa and Dunn; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to the distribution of rules notices; amending RCW 34.05.230, 34.05.310, and 34.05.320; adding a new section to chapter 34.05 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1324 by Representatives Dunshee, Chandler and Buck; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to the collection of the metals mining and milling fee; amending RCW 78.56.080; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1325 by Representatives Ogden, Mitchell, Costa, Hankins, O'Brien and Mason

AN ACT Relating to capital projects for social service organizations; and adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1326 by Representatives McMorris, Conway, Boldt, Hatfield, Clements, Wood, Lisk, Cole, Wensman, Costa and Dunn; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to electronic signatures; amending RCW 19.34.030, 19.34.040, 19.34.100, 19.34.110, 19.34.120, 19.34.200, 19.34.210, 19.34.240, 19.34.250, 19.34.260, 19.34.280, 19.34.300, 19.34.310, 19.34.320, 19.34.340, 19.34.350, 19.34.400, 19.34.500, and 19.34.901; adding new sections to chapter 19.34 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.105 RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1327 by Representatives Huff, Carrell, Quall, Mulliken, Morris, Linville, Ogden, Dunshee, B. Thomas, Johnson, Conway, Sheldon, Grant, Mastin, D. Schmidt, Robertson, Kessler, Skinner, Boldt, Lisk, Mielke, Dickerson, L. Thomas, O'Brien, Hatfield, Kenney, Gardner, Cooke, Costa, Ballasiotes, Thompson, Koster, Lantz, Mason, Schoesler, Dunn, Alexander and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to reimbursing sellers for sales tax collection costs; amending RCW 82.08.050; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1328 by Representatives Schoesler, Chandler, Sheahan, Mulliken, Bush, McMorris and Mastin; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax on the handling of hay, alfalfa, and seed; amending RCW 82.04.120; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.260; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1329 by Representatives Van Luven, Sheldon, Quall, Koster, Smith, Mulliken, Sherstad, Crouse, D. Sommers, Schoesler and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax reimbursements and advances received by property management companies for the payment of wages to on-site employees; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.
HB 1330 by Representatives L. Thomas, Grant, Zellinsky, Sheldon and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to administration of the responsibilities of self-insurers; and amending RCW 51.14.020.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1331 by Representatives Sheahan and Costa

AN ACT Relating to criminal procedure; and amending RCW 10.61.006.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1332 by Representatives Sheahan, Costa, Dickerson, Blalock, O’Brien, Kenney, Linville, Wood, Benson, Ballasiotes, Ogden, Murray, Cody, Dunshee, Conway, Lantz, Carrell and Mason

AN ACT Relating to diversion; and amending RCW 13.40.080 and 13.40.160.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1333 by Representatives Pennington, Van Luven, Boldt and Kessler; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax deferrals for rentals of machinery and equipment used in the installation and construction of investment projects in distressed areas; and amending RCW 82.60.020.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1334 by Representatives D. Sommers, Sterk, O’Brien, McMorris and Smith

AN ACT Relating to private investigators; amending RCW 18.165.010, 18.165.030, 18.165.040, 18.165.050, 18.165.060, 18.165.080, 18.165.110, 18.165.130, 18.165.150, 18.165.160, and 18.165.170; adding new sections to chapter 18.165 RCW; repealing RCW 43.101.250; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1335 by Representatives Van Luven, Veloria, Dunn, D. Sommers, D. Schmidt, Blalock, Ogden, O’Brien, Hatfield, Morris, Doumit, Kenney, Linville, Cooke, Costa, Ballasiotes, Lantz, McMorris, Mason, Schoesler and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to the creation of a task force on tourism promotion and development; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1336 by Representatives Dyer, Cody and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to nonprofit hospital sales; adding a new chapter to Title 70 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1337 by Representatives Dyer, Backlund and Sherstad
AN ACT Relating to authorizing providers and provider groups to offer health care coverage; and adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1338 by Representatives Mulliken, Hatfield, Reams, Mielke, Doumit, McMorris and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to increasing flexibility for counties and cities in implementing growth management; amending RCW 36.70A.040 and 36.70A.110; and adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1339 by Representative Sterk

AN ACT Relating to graduated driver’s licensing; amending RCW 46.20.100 and 46.20.120; adding a new section to chapter 46.20 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1340 by Representatives McDonald, Pennington, Hatfield, Mielke, Lambert, Ballasiotes, Doumit, Mulliken, Dickerson, O’Brien, Cooke, Costa, Backlund, McMorris, Mason and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to invasion of privacy; reenacting and amending RCW 9A.04.080; adding new sections to chapter 9A.44 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1341 by Representatives Thompson, Dunshee, B. Thomas and Wensman; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to technical corrections for tax provisions; amending RCW 82.01.070, 82.01.080, 82.32.080, 82.32.180, 82.60.040, 84.36.470, 84.36.800, 84.36.805, and 84.36.810; decodifying RCW 82.04.435; repealing RCW 82.04.444 and 82.04.445; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1342 by Representatives B. Thomas, Dunshee and Wensman; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to interest and penalty administration of the department of revenue; and amending RCW 82.32.050, 82.32.060, 82.32.210, 82.45.100, and 83.100.070.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1343 by Representatives Mielke, Mulliken, Talcott, Backlund, Thompson, Boldt, Pennington, Crouse, Dyer, Smith, Bush, Sherstad and Carrell

AN ACT Relating to restricting lobbying activities by taxpayer-supported entities; adding a new section to chapter 41.04 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
HB 1344 by Representatives Mielke, Doumit, Pennington, Alexander, Boldt, Hatfield, Bush and Smith

AN ACT Relating to minutes of meetings held by county legislative authorities; and adding a new section to chapter 36.32 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1345 by Representatives Mielke, DeBolt, Pennington, Doumit, Hatfield, D. Schmidt and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to commercial telephone solicitation; adding a new section to chapter 19.158 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 80.36 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1346 by Representatives B. Thomas and Crouse; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to use tax on electricity; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1347 by Representatives Crouse, Carrell, Smith, Sheldon, Sterk, Sheahan, D. Sommers, Mulliken, Mielke, Sherstad and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to payment responsibility for utility service; and amending RCW 35.21.290, 35.67.200, 36.94.150, 57.08.081, and 80.28.010.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1348 by Representatives Crouse, Poulsen, Sterk, Sheahan and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to provision of utilities to mobile home parks; adding a new section to chapter 35.67 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.92 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 54.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 57.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 80.28 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

SCR 8402 by Senators McDonald, Snyder, Loveland, Sellar, Johnson and Sheldon

Adopting cutoff dates.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8402 was advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING
SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8402, By Senators McDonald, Snyder, Loveland, Sellar, Johnson and Sheldon

WHEREAS, It is of paramount importance to establish cutoff dates for the consideration of legislation during the 1997 Regular Session of the Fifty-Fifth Legislature;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, By the Senate of the State of Washington, the House of Representatives concurring, That the following cutoff dates apply to all bills, memorials, and joint resolutions with the exception of budgets, matters necessary to implement budgets, initiatives to the legislature, and alternatives to initiatives to the legislature;

(1) Wednesday, March 5, 1997, the fifty-second day, will be the final day to read in committee reports in the house of origin with the exception of reports from the Senate Ways and Means, Senate Transportation, and House of Representatives fiscal committees;

(2) Monday, March 10, 1997, the fifty-seventh day, will be the final day to read in Senate Ways and Means, Senate Transportation, and House of Representatives fiscal committee reports in the house of origin;

(3) Wednesday, March 19, 1997, the sixty-sixth day, at 5:00 p.m., will be the final time to consider bills in their house of origin;

(4) Friday, April 4, 1997, the eighty-second day, will be the final day to read in committee reports on bills from the opposite house with the exception of reports from the Senate Ways and Means, Senate Transportation, and House of Representatives fiscal committees;

(5) Monday, April 7, 1997, the eighty-fifth day, will be the final day to read in Senate Ways and Means, Senate Transportation, and House of Representatives fiscal committee reports on bills from the opposite house; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That after 5:00 p.m. on Friday, April 18, 1997, the ninety-sixth day, neither house may consider any bills, memorials, or joint resolutions except initiatives to the legislature and alternatives to such initiatives, messages pertaining to amendments, matters of differences between the two houses, conference and free conference reports, and matters incident to the interim and to the closing of the business of the 1997 Regular Session of the Legislature.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the resolution was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Lisk and Chopp spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final adoption of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8402.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8402 was adopted.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4606, by Representatives Lisk and Chopp

BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives Rules Committee shall meet no later than Monday, January 20, 1997, the eighth legislative day, to consider and make recommendations on permanent rules for the House of Representatives; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That no later than Friday, January 24, 1997, the twelfth legislative day, the House of Representatives shall meet to consider adoption of permanent rules for the Fifty-fifth Legislature; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That permanent House Rules for the Fifty-fifth Legislature be adopted as follows:

PERMANENT RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
FIFTY-FIFTH LEGISLATURE
1997-1998

HOUSE RULE NO.

Rule 1 Definitions
Rule 2 Chief Clerk to Call to Order
Rule 3 Election of Officers
Rule 4 Powers and Duties of the Speaker
Rule 5 Chief Clerk
Rule 6 Duties of Employees
Rule 7 Admission to the House
Rule 8 Absentees and Courtesy
Rule 9 Bills, Memorials and Resolutions - Introductions
Rule 10 Reading of Bills
Rule 11 Amendments
Rule 12 Final Passage
Rule 13 Hour of Meeting, Roll Call and Quorum
Rule 14 Daily Calendar and Order of Business
Rule 15 Motions
Rule 16 Members Right to Debate
Rule 17 Rules of Debate
Rule 18 Ending of Debate - Previous Question
Rule 19 Voting
Rule 20 Reconsideration
Rule 21 Call of the House
Rule 22 Appeal from Decision of Chair
Rule 23 Standing Committees
Rule 24 Duties of Committees
Rule 25 Standing Committees - Expenses - Subpoena Power
Rule 26 Vetoed Bills
Rule 27 Suspension of Compensation
Rule 28 Smoking
Rule 29 Parliamentary Rules
Rule 30 Standing Rules Amendment
Rule 31 Rules to Apply for Assembly
Rule 32 Legislative Mailings
Rule 33 Liquor

Definitions

Rule 1. "Absent" means an unexcused failure to attend.

"Term" means the two-year term during which the members as a body may act.

"Session" means a constitutional gathering of the house in accordance with Article 2 § 12 of the state Constitution.

"Committee" means any standing, conference, joint, or select committee as so designated by rule or resolution.

"Bill" means bill, joint memorial, joint resolution, or concurrent resolution unless the context indicates otherwise.

Chief Clerk to Call to Order

Rule 2. It shall be the duty of the chief clerk of the previous term to call the house to order and to conduct the proceedings until a speaker is chosen.

Election of Officers

Rule 3. The house shall elect the following officers at the commencement of each term: Its presiding officer, who shall be styled speaker of the house; a speaker pro tempore, who shall serve in absence or in case of the inability of the speaker; and a chief clerk of the house. Such officers shall
hold office during all sessions until the convening of the succeeding term: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That any of these offices may be declared vacant by the vote of a constitutional majority of the house, the members voting viva voce and their votes shall be entered on the journal. If any office is declared vacant, the house shall fill such vacant office as hereinafter provided. In all elections by the house a constitutional majority shall be required, the members shall vote viva voce and their votes shall be entered on the journal. (Art. II § 27)

Powers and Duties of the Speaker

Rule 4. The speaker shall have the following powers and duties:
(A) The speaker shall take the chair and call the house to order precisely at the hour appointed for meeting and if a quorum be present, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read and shall proceed with the order of business.

(B) The speaker shall preserve order and decorum, and in case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct within the chamber or legislative area, shall order the sergeant at arms to suppress the same and may order the sergeant at arms to remove any person creating any disturbance within the house chamber or legislative area.

(C) The speaker may speak to points of order in preference to other members, arising from the seat for that purpose, and shall decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the house by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the house.

(D) The speaker shall sign all bills in open session. (Art. II § 32)

(E) The speaker shall sign all writs, warrants, and subpoenas issued by order of the house, all of which shall be attested to by the chief clerk.

(F) The speaker shall have the right to name any member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall neither extend beyond adjournment nor authorize the representative so substituted to sign any documents requiring the signature of the speaker.

(G) The speaker, in open session, shall appoint committee chairs from the majority party of the house and shall appoint members to committees in the same ratio as the membership of the respective parties of the house, unless otherwise provided by law or house rules.

(H) The speaker shall serve as chair of the rules committee.

(I) The speaker shall have charge of and see that all officers, attaches, and clerks perform their respective duties.

(J) The speaker pro tempore shall exercise the duties, powers, and prerogatives of the speaker in the event of the speaker’s death, illness, removal, or inability to act until the speaker’s successor shall be elected.

Chief Clerk

Rule 5. The chief clerk shall perform the usual duties pertaining to the office, and shall hold office until a successor has been elected.

The chief clerk shall employ, upon the recommendation of the employment committee and, subject to the approval of the speaker, all other house employees; the hours of duty and assignments of all house employees shall be under the chief clerk’s directions and instructions, and they may be dismissed by the chief clerk with the approval of the speaker. The speaker shall sign and the chief clerk shall countersign all payrolls and vouchers for all expenses of the house and appropriately transmit the same. In the event of the chief clerk’s death, illness, removal, or inability to act, the speaker may appoint an acting chief clerk who shall exercise the duties and powers of the chief clerk until the chief clerk’s successor shall be elected.
Duties of Employees

Rule 6. Employees of the house shall perform such duties as are assigned to them by the chief clerk. Under no circumstances shall the compensation of any employee be increased for past services. No house employee shall seek to influence the passage or rejection of proposed legislation.

Admission to the House

Rule 7. It shall be the general policy of the house to keep the chamber clear as follows:

(A) The sergeant at arms shall admit only the following individuals to the wings and adjacent areas of the house chamber for the period of time beginning one-half hour prior to convening and ending one-half hour following the adjournment of the house’s daily session:

- The governor or designees, or both;
- Members of the senate;
- State elected officials;
- Officers and authorized employees of the legislature;
- Former members of the house who are not advocating any pending or proposed legislation;
- Representatives of the press;
- Other persons with the consent of the speaker.

(B) Only members, pages, sergeants at arms, and clerks are permitted on the floor while the house is in session.

(C) Lobbying in the house chamber or in any committee room or lounge room is prohibited when the house or committee is in session unless expressly permitted by the house or committee. Anyone violating this rule will forfeit his or her right to be admitted to the house chamber or any of its committee rooms.

Absentees and Courtesy

Rule 8. No member shall be absent from the service of the house without leave from the speaker. When the house is in session, only the speaker shall recognize visitors and former members.

Bills, Memorials and Resolutions - Introductions

Rule 9. Any member desiring to introduce a bill shall file the same with the chief clerk. Bills filed by 10:00 a.m. shall be introduced at the next daily session, in the order filed: PROVIDED, That if such introduction is within the last ten days of a regular session, it cannot be considered without a direct vote of two-thirds (2/3) of all the members elected to each house with such vote recorded and entered upon the journal. (Art. II § 36)

Any member or member-elect may prefile a bill with the chief clerk commencing twenty (20) days before any session. Prefiled bills shall be introduced on the first legislative day.

All bills shall be endorsed with a statement of the title and the name of the member or members introducing the same. The chief clerk shall attach to all bills a substantial cover bearing the title and sponsors and shall number each bill in the order filed. All bills shall be printed unless otherwise ordered by the house.

Any bill introduced at any session during the term shall be eligible for action at all subsequent sessions during the term.

Reading of Bills

Rule 10. Every bill shall be read on three separate days: PROVIDED, That this rule may be temporarily suspended at any time by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members present; and that on and after the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine die of any session, as determined pursuant to
Article II, Section 12 of the state Constitution or concurrent resolution, or on and after the third day prior to the day a bill must be reported from the house as established by concurrent resolution, this rule may be suspended by a majority vote.

(A) FIRST READING. The first reading of a bill shall be by title only, unless a majority of the members present demand a reading in full.
   After the first reading the bill shall be referred to an appropriate committee.
   Upon being reported out of committee, all bills shall be referred to the rules committee, unless otherwise ordered by the house.
   The rules committee may, by majority vote, refer any bill in its possession to a committee for further consideration. Such referral shall be reported to the house and entered in the journal under the fifth order of business.

(B) SECOND READING. Upon second reading, the bill number and short title and the last line of the bill shall be read unless a majority of the members present shall demand its reading in full. The bill shall be subject to amendment section by section. No amendment shall be considered by the house until it has been sent to the chief clerk’s desk in writing, distributed to the desk of each member, and read by the clerk. All amendments adopted during second reading shall be securely fastened to the original bill. All amendments rejected by the house shall be passed to the minute clerk, and the journal shall show the disposition of such amendments.
   When no further amendments shall be offered, the speaker shall declare the bill has passed its second reading.

(C) SUBSTITUTE BILLS. When a committee reports a substitute for an original bill with the recommendation that the substitute bill do pass, it shall be in order to read the substitute the first time and have the same printed. A motion for the substitution shall not be in order until the second reading of the original bill.

(D) THIRD READING. Only the last line of bills shall be read on third reading unless a majority of the members present demand a reading in full. No amendments to a bill shall be received on third reading but it may be referred or recommitted for the purpose of amendment.

(E) SUSPENSION CALENDAR. Bills may be placed on the second reading suspension calendar by the rules committee if at least two minority party members of the rules committee join in such motion. Bills on the second reading suspension calendar shall not be subject to amendment or substitution except as recommended in the committee report. When a bill is before the house on the suspension calendar, the question shall be to adopt the committee recommendations and advance the bill to third reading. If the question fails to receive a two-thirds vote of the members present, the bill shall be referred to the rules committee for second reading.

(F) HOUSE RESOLUTIONS. House resolutions shall be filed with the chief clerk who shall transmit them to the rules committee. If a rules committee meeting is not scheduled to occur prior to a time necessitated by the purpose of a house resolution, the majority leader and minority leader by agreement may waive transmission to the rules committee to permit consideration of the resolution by the house. The rules committee may adopt house resolutions by a sixty percent majority vote of its entire membership or may, by a majority vote of its members, place them on the motions calendar for consideration by the house.

(G) CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS. Reading of concurrent resolutions may be advanced by majority vote.

Amendments

Rule 11. The right of any member to offer amendments to proposed legislation shall not be limited except as provided in Rule 10(E) and as follows:
(A) AMENDMENTS TO BE OFFERED IN PROPER FORM. The chief clerk shall establish the proper form for amendments and all amendments offered shall bear the name of the member who offers the same, as well as the number and section of the bill to be amended.

(B) COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS. When a bill is before the house on second reading, amendments adopted by committees and recommended to the house shall be acted upon by the house before any amendments that may be offered from the floor.

(C) SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS. A house bill, passed by the senate with amendment or amendments which shall change the scope and object of the bill, upon being received in the house, shall be referred to appropriate committee and shall take the same course as for original bills unless a motion not to concur is adopted prior to the bill being referred to committee.

(D) AMENDMENTS TO BE GERMANE. No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted under color of amendment; and no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto or incorporating therein any other bill or resolution pending before the house.

(E) SCOPE AND OBJECT NOT TO BE CHANGED. No amendment to any bill shall be allowed which shall change the scope and object of the bill. This objection may be raised at any time an amendment is under consideration. The speaker may allow the person raising the objection and the mover of the amendment to provide brief arguments as to the merits of the objection. (Art. II § 38)

(F) NO AMENDMENT BY REFERENCE. No act shall ever be revised or amended without being set forth at full length. (Art. II § 37)

(G) TITLE AMENDMENTS. The subject matter portion of a bill title shall not be amended in committee or on second reading. Changes to that part of the title after the subject matter statement shall either be presented with the text amendment or be incorporated by the chief clerk in the engrossing process.

Final Passage

Rule 12. Rules relating to bills on final passage are as follows:

(A) RECOMMITMENT BEFORE FINAL PASSAGE. A bill may be recommitted at any time before its final passage.

(B) FINAL PASSAGE. No bill shall become a law unless on its final passage the vote be taken by yeas and nays, the names of the members voting for and against the same be entered on the journal of each house, and a majority of the members elected to each house be recorded thereon as voting in its favor. (Art. II § 22)

(C) BILLS PASSED - CERTIFICATION. When a bill passes, it shall be certified to by the chief clerk, said certification to show the date of its passage together with the vote thereon.

Hour of Meeting, Roll Call and Quorum

Rule 13. (A) HOUR OF MEETING. The speaker shall call the house to order each day of sitting at 10:00 A.M., unless the house shall have adjourned to some other hour.

(B) ROLL CALL AND QUORUM. Before proceeding with business, the roll of the members shall be called and the names of those absent or excused shall be entered on the journal. A majority of all the members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. In the absence of a quorum, seven members with the speaker, or eight members in the speaker’s absence, having chosen a speaker pro tempore, shall be authorized to demand a call of the house and may
compel the attendance of absent members in the manner provided in Rule 21(B). For the purpose of determining if a quorum be present, the speaker shall count all members present, whether voting or not. (Art. II § 8)

(C) The house shall adjourn not later than 10:00 P.M. of each working day. This rule may be suspended by a majority vote.

**Daily Calendar and Order of Business**

**Rule 14.** The rules relating to the daily calendar and order of business are as follows:

(A) DAILY CALENDAR. Business of the house shall be disposed of in the following order:

First: Roll call, presentation of colors, prayer, and approval of the journal of the preceding day.
Second: Introduction of visiting dignitaries.
Third: Messages from the senate, governor, and other state officials.
Fourth: Introduction and first reading of bills, memorials, joint resolutions, and concurrent resolutions.
Fifth: Committee reports.
Sixth: Second reading of bills.
Seventh: Third reading of bills.
Eighth: Floor resolutions and motions.
Ninth: Presentation of petitions, memorials, and remonstrances addressed to the Legislature.
Tenth: Introduction of visitors and other business to be considered.
Eleventh: Announcements.

(B) UNFINISHED BUSINESS. The unfinished business at which the house was engaged preceding adjournment shall not be taken up until reached in regular order, unless the previous question on such unfinished business has been ordered prior to said adjournment.

(C) EXCEPTIONS. Exceptions to the order of business are as follows:
(1) The order of business may be changed by a majority vote of those present.
(2) By motion under the eighth order of business, a bill in the rules committee may be placed on the calendar by the affirmative vote of a majority of all members of the house.
(3) House resolutions and messages from the senate, governor, or other state officials may be read at any time.

**Motions**

**Rule 15.** Rules relating to motions are as follows:

(A) MOTIONS TO BE ENTERTAINED OR DEBATED. No motion shall be entertained or debated until announced by the speaker and every motion shall be deemed to have been seconded. A motion shall be reduced to writing and read by the clerk, if desired by the speaker or any member, before it shall be debated and by the consent of the house may be withdrawn before amendment or action.

(B) MOTIONS IN ORDER DURING DEBATE. When a motion has been made and seconded and stated by the chair, the following motions are in order, in the rank named:

(1) Privileged motions:
   - Adjourn
   - Adjourn to a time certain
   - Recess to a time certain
   - Reconsider
   - Demand for division
Question of privilege
Orders of the day

(2) Subsidiary motions:
   First rank: Question of consideration
   Second rank: To lay on the table
   Third rank: For the previous question
   Fourth rank: To postpone to a day certain
               To commit or recommit
               To postpone indefinitely
   Fifth rank: To amend

(3) Incidental motions:
   Points of order and appeal
   Method of consideration
   Suspension of the rules
   Reading papers
   Withdraw a motion
   Division of a question

(C) THE EFFECT OF POSTPONEMENT - MOTIONS TO POSTPONE OR COMMIT. Once decided, no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or to postpone indefinitely shall again be allowed on the same day and at the same stage of the proceedings. When a question has been postponed indefinitely, it shall not again be introduced during the session. The motion to postpone indefinitely may be made at any stage of the bill except when on first reading.

(D) MOTIONS DECIDED WITHOUT DEBATE. A motion to adjourn, to recess, to lay on the table and to call for the previous question shall be decided without debate.

All incidental motions shall be decided without debate, except that members may speak to points of order and appeal as provided in Rule 22.

A motion for suspension of the rules shall not be debatable except that the mover of the motion may briefly explain the purpose of the motion and one member may briefly state the opposition to the motion.

(E) MOTION TO ADJOURN. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except when the house is voting or is working under the call of the house; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move for adjournment when another member has the floor.

Members Right to Debate

Rule 16. The methods by which a member may exercise his or her right to debate are as follows:

(A) RECOGNITION OF MEMBER. When any member desires to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the house, the member shall rise and respectfully address the speaker and pause until recognized.

(B) ORDER OF SPEAKING. When two or more members arise at once, the speaker shall name the one who is to speak.

(C) LIMITATION OF DEBATE. No member shall speak longer than ten (10) minutes without consent of the house: PROVIDED, That on and after the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine die of any session, as determined pursuant to Article II, Section 12 of the state Constitution or concurrent resolution, or on and after the third day prior to the day a bill must be reported from the house as established by concurrent resolution, no member shall speak more than three (3) minutes without the consent of the house. No member shall speak more than twice on the same question without
Rules of Debate

Rule 17. The rules for debate in the house are as follows:

(A) QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE. Any member may rise to a question of privilege and explain a personal matter, by leave of the speaker, but the member shall not discuss any pending question in such explanations.

(B) WITHDRAWAL OF MOTION, BILL, ETC. After a motion is stated by the speaker or a bill, memorial, resolution, petition, or remonstrance is read by the clerk, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the house, but may be withdrawn by consent of the house at any time before decision or amendment.

(C) READING OF A PAPER. When the reading of any paper is called for and is objected to by any member, it shall be determined by a vote of the house.

(D) DISTRIBUTION OF MATERIALS. Any materials of any nature distributed to the members' desks on the floor shall be subject to approval by the speaker and shall bear the name of at least one member granting permission for the distribution. This shall not apply to materials normally distributed by the chief clerk.

(E) ORDER OF QUESTIONS. All questions, whether in committee or in the house, shall be propounded in the order in which they are named except that in filling blanks, the largest sum and the longest time shall be put first.

(F) DIVISION OF POINTS OF DEBATE. Any member may call for a division of a question which shall be divided if it embraces subjects so distinct that one being taken away a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the house; but a motion to strike out and to insert shall not be divided. The rejection of a motion to strike out and to insert one proposition shall not prevent a motion to strike out and to insert a different proposition.

(G) DECORUM OF MEMBERS. While the speaker is putting the question, no member shall walk across or out of the house; nor when a member is speaking shall any member entertain private discourse or pass between the speaking member and the rostrum.

(H) REMARKS CONFINED. A member shall confine all remarks to the question under debate and avoid personalities. No member shall impugn the motive of any member’s vote or argument.

(I) EXCEPTION TO WORDS SPOKEN IN DEBATE. If any member be called to order for words spoken in debate, the person calling the member to order shall repeat the words excepted to and they shall be taken down in writing at the clerk’s table. No member shall be held in answer or be subject to the censure of the house for words spoken in debate if any other member has spoken before exception to them shall have been taken.

(J) TRANSGRESSION OF RULES - APPEAL. If any member, in speaking or otherwise, transgresses the rules of the house the speaker shall, or any member may, call the member to order, in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down unless permitted to explain; and the house shall, if appealed to, decide the case without debate; if there be no appeal, the decision of the chair shall prevail.

Ending of Debate - Previous Question
Rule 18. The previous question may be ordered by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members present on all recognized motions or amendments which are debatable.

The previous question is not debatable and cannot be amended.
The previous question shall be put in this form: "Representative _________ demands the previous question. As many as are in favor of ordering the previous question will say 'Aye'; as many as are opposed will say 'No'."

The results of the motion are as follows: If determined in the negative, the consideration goes on as if the motion had never been made; if decided in the affirmative it shall have the effect of cutting off all debate and bringing the house to a direct vote upon the motion or amendment on which it has been ordered: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That when a bill is on final passage or when the motion to postpone indefinitely is pending, one of the sponsors of the bill or the chair of the committee may have the privilege of closing debate after the previous question has been ordered.

If an adjournment is had after the previous question is ordered, the motion or proposition on which the previous question was ordered shall be put to the house immediately following the approval of the journal on the next working day, thus making the main question privileged over all other business, whether new or unfinished.

Voting

Rule 19. (A) PUTTING OF QUESTION. The speaker shall put the question in the following form: "The question before the house is (state the question). As many as are in favor say 'Aye'; and after the affirmative vote is expressed, "as many as are opposed say 'No'."

(B) ALL MEMBERS TO VOTE. Every member who was in the house when the question was put shall vote unless, for special reasons, excused by the house.

All motions to excuse a member shall be made before the house divides or before the call for yeas and nays is commenced; and any member requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief and verbal statement of the reasons for making such request, and the question shall then be taken without further debate.

Upon a division and count of the house on the question, only members at their desks within the bar of the house shall be counted.

(C) CHANGE OF VOTE. When the electric roll call machine is used, no member shall be allowed to vote or change a vote after the speaker has locked the roll call machine. When an oral roll call is taken, no member shall be allowed to vote or change a vote after the result has been announced.

(D) PRIVATE INTEREST. No member shall vote on any question which affects that member privately and particularly. A member who has a private interest in any bill or measure proposed or pending before the legislature shall disclose the fact to the house of which he is a member, and shall not vote thereon. (Art. II § 30)

(E) INTERRUPTION OF ROLL CALL. Once begun, the roll call may not be interrupted. No member or other person shall visit or remain at the clerk’s desk while the yeas and nays are being called.

(F) YEAS AND NAYS - RECORDED VOTES. Upon the final passage of any bill, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays and shall be recorded by the electric voting system: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That an oral roll call shall be ordered when demanded by one-sixth (1/6) of the members present. (Art. II § 21)

The speaker may vote last when the yeas and nays are called.

When the vote is by electric voting machine or by oral roll call on any question, it shall be entered upon the journal of the house. A recorded vote may be compelled by one-sixth (1/6) of the members present. A request for a recorded vote must be made before the vote is commenced.

(G) TIE VOTE, QUESTION LOSES. In case of an equal division, the question shall be lost.
(H) DIVISION. If the speaker is in doubt, or if division is called for by any member, the house shall divide.

Reconsideration

Rule 20. Notice of a motion for reconsideration on the final passage of bills shall be made on the day the vote to be reconsidered was taken and before the house has voted to transmit the bill to the senate.

Reconsideration of the votes on the final passage of bills must be taken on the next working day after such vote was taken: PROVDED. That on and after the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine die of any session, as determined pursuant to Article II, Section 12 of the state Constitution, or concurrent resolution, or on and after the third day prior to the day a bill must be reported from the house as established by concurrent resolution, then reconsideration of votes on the final passage of bills must be taken on the same day as the original vote was taken.

A motion to reconsider an amendment may be made at any time the bill remains on second reading.

Any member who voted on the prevailing side may move for reconsideration or give notice thereof.

A motion to reconsider can be decided only once when decided in the negative.

When a motion to reconsider has been carried, its effect shall be to place the original question before the house in the exact position it occupied before it was voted upon.

Call of the House

Rule 21. One-sixth (1/6) of the members present may demand a call of the house at any time before the house has divided or the voting has commenced by yeas and nays.

(A) DOORS TO BE CLOSED. When call of the house has been ordered, the sergeant at arms shall close and lock the doors, and no member shall be allowed to leave the chamber: PROVDED, That the rules committee shall be allowed to meet, upon request of the speaker, while the house stands at ease: AND PROVDED FURTHER, That the speaker may permit members to use such portions of the fourth floor as may be properly secured.

(B) SERGEANT AT ARMS TO BRING IN THE ABSENTEES. The clerk shall immediately call a roll of the members and note the absentees, whose names shall be read and entered upon the journal in such manner as to show who are excused and who are absent without leave.

The clerk shall furnish the sergeant at arms with a list of those who are absent without leave, and the sergeant at arms shall proceed to bring in such absentees; but arrests of members for absence shall not be made unless ordered by a majority of the members present.

(C) HOUSE UNDER CALL. While the house is under a call, no business shall be transacted except to receive and act on the report of the sergeant at arms; and no other motion shall be in order except a motion to proceed with business under the call of the house or a motion to excuse absentees. The motion to excuse absent members shall not be adopted unless a majority of the members elected vote in favor thereof.

Appeal from Decision of Chair

Rule 22. The decision of the chair may be appealed from by any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once unless by leave of the house. In all cases of appeal, the question shall be: "Shall the decision of the chair stand as the judgment of the house?"

Standing Committees

Rule 23. The standing committees of the house and the number of members that shall serve on each committee shall be as follows:

1. Agriculture & Ecology 11
Committee members shall be selected by each party's caucus. The majority party caucus shall select all committee chairs.

**Duties of Committees**

**Rule 24.** House committees shall operate as follows:

(A) **NOTICE OF COMMITTEE MEETING.** The chief clerk shall make public the time, place and subjects to be discussed at committee meetings. All public hearings held by committees shall be scheduled at least five (5) days in advance and shall be given adequate publicity: PROVIDED, That when less than eight (8) days remain for action on a bill, the Speaker may authorize a reduction of the five-day notice period when required by the circumstances, including but not limited to the time remaining for action on the bill, the nature of the subject, and the number of prior hearings on the subject.

(B) **COMMITTEE QUORUM.** A majority of any committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

(C) **SESSION MEETINGS.** No committee shall sit while the house is in session without special leave of the speaker.

(D) **DUTIES OF STANDING COMMITTEES.**

(1) Only such bills as are included on the written notice of a committee meeting may be considered at that meeting except upon the vote of a majority of the entire membership of the committee to consider another bill.

(2) A majority recommendation of a committee must be signed by a majority of the entire membership of the committee in a regularly called meeting before a bill, memorial, or resolution may be reported out: PROVIDED, That by motion under the eighth order of business, a majority of the members elected to the house may relieve a committee of a bill and place it on the second reading calendar.

Majority recommendations of a committee can only be "do pass," "do pass as amended," or that "the substitute bill be substituted therefor and that the substitute bill do pass."

(3) Members of the committee not concurring in the majority report may prepare a written minority report containing a recommendation of "do not pass" or "without recommendation," which shall be signed by those members of the committee subscribing thereto, and submitted with the majority report.

(4) All committee reports shall be spread upon the journal. The journal of the house shall contain an exact copy of all committee reports, together with the names of the members signing such reports.

(5) Every vote to report a bill out of committee shall be taken by the yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for and against, as well as the names of members absent, shall be recorded on the committee report and spread upon the journal. Any member may call for a recorded vote, which shall include the names of absent members, on any substantive question before the
committee. A copy of all recorded committee votes shall be kept by the chief clerk and shall be available for public inspection.

(6) All bills having a direct appropriation shall be referred to the appropriate fiscal committee before their final passage. For purposes of this subsection, fiscal committee means the appropriations, capital budget, finance, and transportation policy and budget committees.

(7) No standing committee shall vote by secret written ballot on any issue.

(8) During its consideration of or vote on any bill, resolution, or memorial, the deliberations of any standing committee of the house of representatives shall be open to the public.

(9) A standing committee to which a bill was originally referred shall, prior to voting the bill out of committee, consider whether the bill authorizes rule-making powers or requires the exercise of rule-making powers and, if so, consider:

(a) The nature of the new rule-making powers; and
(b) To which agencies the new rule-making powers would be delegated and which agencies, if any, may have related rule-making powers.

**Standing Committees - Expenses - Subpoena Power**

**Rule 25.** Regardless of whether the legislature is in session, members of the house may receive from moneys appropriated for the legislature, reimbursement for necessary travel expenses, and payments in lieu of subsistence and lodging for conducting official business of the house.

The standing committees of the house may have the powers of subpoena, the power to administer oaths, and the power to issue commissions for the examination of witnesses in accordance with the provisions of chapter 44.16 RCW. Before a standing committee of the house may issue any process, the committee chairperson shall submit for approval of the executive rules committee a statement of purpose setting forth the name or names of those subject to process. The process shall not be issued prior to approval by the executive rules committee. The process shall be limited to the named individuals.

**Vetoed Bills**

**Rule 26.** Veto messages of the governor shall be read in the house and entered upon the journal. It shall then be in order to proceed to reconsider the bill, refer it, lay it on the table, or postpone its consideration to a day certain.

The merits of the bill may be debated before the vote is taken, but the vote on a vetoed bill cannot be reconsidered.

In case of a bill containing several sections or items, one or more of which has been objected to by the governor, each section or item so objected to shall be voted upon separately by the house. Action by the house upon all vetoed bills shall be endorsed upon the bill and certified by the speaker.

Vetoed bills originating in the house, which have not been passed notwithstanding the veto of the governor, shall remain in the custody of the officers of the house until the close of the term, after which they shall be filed with the secretary of state.

**Suspension of Compensation**

**Rule 27.** (1) Any member of the house of representatives convicted and sentenced for any felony punishable by death or by imprisonment in a Washington state penal institution shall, as of the time of sentencing, be denied the legislative salary for future service and be denied per diem, compensation for expenses, office space facilities, and assistance. Any member convicted of a felony and sentenced therefor under any federal law or the law of any other state shall, as of the time of sentencing, be similarly denied such salary, per diem, expenses, facilities, and assistance if either (a) such crime would also constitute a crime punishable under the laws of Washington by death or by imprisonment in a state penal institution, or (b) the conduct resulting in the conviction and sentencing would also constitute a crime punishable under the laws of Washington by death or by imprisonment in a state penal institution.

(2) At any time, the house may vote by a constitutional majority to restore the salary, per diem, expenses, facilities, and assistance denied a member under subsection (1). If the conviction of a member is reversed, then the salary, per diem, and expense amounts denied the member since
sentencing shall be forthwith paid, and the member shall thereafter have the rights and privileges of other members.

Smoking

Rule 28. Smoking of cigarettes, pipes, or cigars shall not be permitted at any public meeting of any committee of the house of representatives or within House facilities. "No smoking" signs shall be posted so as to give notice of this rule.

Parliamentary Rules

Rule 29. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Reed's Parliamentary Rules shall govern all cases in which they are not inconsistent with the standing rules and orders of the house.

Standing Rules Amendment

Rule 30. Any standing rule may be rescinded or changed by a majority vote of the members elected: PROVIDED, That the proposed change or changes be submitted at least one day in advance in writing to the members together with notice of the consideration thereof. Any standing rule may be suspended temporarily by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members present except as provided in Rule 10.

Rules to Apply for Assembly

Rule 31. The permanent house rules adopted at the beginning of the term are to govern all acts of the house during the course of the term unless amended or repealed.

Legislative Mailings

Rule 32. The house of representatives directs the house executive rules committee to adopt procedures and guidelines to ensure that all legislative mailings at public expense are for legitimate legislative purposes.

Liquor

Rule 33. The House of Representatives shall strictly adhere to the liquor laws of the state of Washington, including provisions relating to banquet and special occasion permits. The proper permits must always be obtained before consumption of liquor in any house facility.

Representative Lisk moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Lisk, Sheldon, Chopp and Wensman spoke in favor of the resolution.

Representative Talcott moved to excuse Representative Van Luven.

House Resolution No. 4606 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, January 23, 1997.
TENTH DAY, JANUARY 22, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

ELEVENTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, January 23, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

January 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8401,

and the same is herewith transmitted.
There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1349 by Representatives McMorris, Kessler, Hatfield, Linville, Costa, Sheldon and Doumit

AN ACT Relating to extending existing employer workers' compensation group self-insurance to the logging industry; and adding a new section to chapter 51.14 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1350 by Representatives Koster, Johnson, Backlund, Sterk, Boldt, Cairnes, Smith, Lambert, Sherstad, McMorris, Mulliken and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to flood damage reduction; amending RCW 36.70A.060, 36.70A.070, 36.70A.170, 43.21C.020, 75.20.100, 75.20.103, 75.20.130, 79.90.150, 79.90.300, 86.15.030, 86.15.050, 86.15.160, 86.26.105, 90.58.180, 86.12.200, and 90.58.030; adding new sections to chapter 75.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 79.90 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 86.26 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 86.12 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 79.90.325; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1351 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher and Mitchell

AN ACT Relating to the marine fuel tax refund account; amending RCW 43.99.040 and 43.99.070; repealing RCW 43.99.030; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1352 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher, Buck and Mitchell; by request of Department of Transportation

AN ACT Relating to environmental mitigation of transportation projects; amending RCW 43.79A.040; adding new sections to chapter 47.12 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1353 by Representatives Buck, Fisher, K. Schmidt, Mitchell and Wensman; by request of Department of Transportation

AN ACT Relating to sale of materials from department of transportation lands; and amending RCW 47.12.140.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1354 by Representatives Pennington, Mielke, Dunn and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to air pollution control; amending RCW 70.94.130, 70.120.070, 70.120.100, 70.120.170, and 46.16.015; and adding a new section to chapter 70.120 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.
HB 1355 by Representatives Boldt, Johnson and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to standardized high school transcripts; and amending RCW 28A.305.220.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1356 by Representatives Sherstad, Quall, Sheldon, Cooke and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to a low-income housing study; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1357 by Representatives Boldt and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to excise tax exemptions related to horses; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1358 by Representatives Buck, Regala, Sump, Schoesler, Johnson, Linville, Sheldon, Wensman and Kessler, by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to the taxation of materials purchased by farmers to improve wildlife habitat or forage; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.050; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1359 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Sterk, Johnson, Kessler and Bush

AN ACT Relating to allowable blood alcohol concentration; amending RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, and 88.12.025; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1360 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Scott, Zellinsky and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to private employment for Washington state patrol officers; amending RCW 42.52.160; and adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1361 by Representatives Clements, Skinner and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to regulation of electricians and electrical installations; and

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1362 by Representatives Clements, Skinner, Veloria, Tokuda, Mason, Poulsen, O'Brien, Costa, Blalock, Cooper, Dickerson, Wood, Kenney and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to funding for minority and women business development; amending RCW 43.31.0925, 43.31.093, 43.172.040, and 43.172.050; and making appropriations.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1363 by Representatives Delvin, McMorris and K. Schmidt; by request of Gambling Commission

AN ACT Relating to professional gambling definitions; amending RCW 9.46.0269, 9.46.220, and 9.46.221; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1364 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Delvin, Mitchell and Wensman; by request of Gambling Commission

AN ACT Relating to the seizure and forfeiture of gambling-related property; and amending RCW 9.46.231.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1365 by Representatives Delvin, O’Brien, Sterk, Fisher, Sheahan, Hatfield, Carrell, Morris, Smith, Costa, Bush, Mitchell, Conway, Doumit, Kessler and Gombosky

AN ACT Relating to eliminating a limitation on state criminal justice financial assistance; and reenacting and amending RCW 82.44.110.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1366 by Representatives Cooke, Sterk, O’Brien, Robertson, Conway, Kenney, Gombosky, Schoesler, Cooper, Sheldon, Mason, Keiser, Kessler and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to admitting fish and wildlife enforcement officers into the law enforcement officers’ and fire fighters’ retirement system; reenacting and amending RCW 41.26.030; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1367 by Representatives Johnson, Cole, Smith, Schoesler, Poulsen, O’Brien, Linville, Costa, Blalock, Cooper, Dickerson, Dunshee, Mason, Keiser, Wensman, Wood, Kessler and Gombosky; by request of Superintendent of Public Instruction

AN ACT Relating to disposal of surplus educational property; and amending RCW 28A.335.180.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1368 by Representatives Huff, Hatfield and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to a fund raising event; and amending RCW 9.46.0233.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1369 by Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, Cody, Murray, Conway, Lantz, Kenney, Cooke, Ballasiotes, Delvin, Costa, Constantine, D. Schmidt, Blalock, L. Thomas, B. Thomas, Cooper, Dickerson, Keiser, Wensman, Kessler and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to assault on bus drivers; amending RCW 9A.36.031; and prescribing penalties.
Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1370 by Representatives Carlson, Talcott, Linville and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to the merger of technical and community colleges; amending RCW 28B.50.215; and reenacting and amending RCW 28B.50.140.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1371 by Representatives Carlson, Dunn, Quall and Costa

AN ACT Relating to mobile home parks; adding a new section to chapter 35.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.70 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1372 by Representatives Carlson, Mason, Radcliff, O'Brien, Dunn, Kenney, Sheahan, Talcott, Hatfield, Schoesler, Mitchell, Costa, Cooper, Dickerson, Keiser, Wood and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to the Washington advanced college tuition payment program; amending RCW 43.79A.040; and adding a new chapter to Title 28B RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1373 by Representatives McDonald, Tokuda, Kastama, Dickerson, Poulsen, Linville, Costa, Blalock, Cooper, Dunshee, Cooke, Mason and Wood; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

AN ACT Relating to interstate agreements to provide adoption assistance for special needs children; adding new sections to chapter 74.13 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1374 by Representatives Smith, Johnson, Hickel, Talcott, B. Thomas and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to alternate teacher certification; amending RCW 28A.150.410; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1375 by Representatives Smith, Carrell, Talcott and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to the right of certain correctional officers to carry a firearm to and from work; and amending RCW 9.41.050 and 9.41.060.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1376 by Representatives Smith, Talcott, Mielke, McDonald, Mitchell, D. Sommers, Carrell, Dunn, Thompson and Bush

AN ACT Relating to processing of incoming absentee ballots; and amending RCW 29.36.060.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
HB 1377 by Representatives Romero, Linville, O'Brien, Costa, Blalock, Sheldon, Dunshee, Mason, Wood, Kessler and Gombosky

AN ACT Relating to state budgeting; amending RCW 43.88.140; adding new sections to chapter 43.88 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.


AN ACT Relating to providing educational opportunities for students; amending RCW 28A.205.020 and 28A.205.080; adding a new section to chapter 28A.150 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1379 by Representatives Radcliff, Costa, Scott, Thompson, O'Brien, Linville, Blalock, Cooper, Dickerson, Cooke, Mason, Conway and Wood

AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions for new construction of alternative housing for youth in crisis; amending RCW 82.08.02915 and 82.12.02915; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1380 by Representatives Lambert, Wolfe, Sheahan, Mitchell, Dunshee, Mason and Scott

AN ACT Relating to child support health care expenses; and amending RCW 26.19.080.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1381 by Representatives Lambert, Poulsen, Dyer, Backlund, Sheahan, Blalock, Cooke and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to vehicle registration fees; adding a new section to chapter 46.16 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1382 by Representatives Lambert and Talcott

AN ACT Relating to health benefits provided through the health care authority; and amending RCW 41.05.065 and 41.05.140.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1383 by Representatives Sheahan, Dickerson, Ballasiotes, Constantine, Costa, Radcliff, McDonald, Mason, Schoesler, Mitchell, Blalock, L. Thomas, Sheldon, Wensman, Kenney and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to criminal sentencing; amending RCW 9.94A.140 and 9.94A.145; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.142 and 9.94A.390; and prescribing penalties.
Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**HB 1384** by Representatives Boldt, Van Luven, Morris, Dunn and Wensman; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to reducing the penalty for failure to file manufacturing machinery and equipment exemption certificates or annual summaries; amending RCW 82.12.02565; reenacting and amending RCW 82.08.02565; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1385** by Representatives Johnson, B. Thomas, Talcott, Sump and Hickel

AN ACT Relating to the probationary period for certificated educational employees; amending RCW 28A.405.100; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HJM 4002** by Representatives Koster, Sherstad, Smith, Cairnes, Lambert, Sterk, Boldt, McMorris, Mulliken, D. Schmidt, L. Thomas, B. Thomas, Carrell, Dunn and Thompson

Claiming state sovereignty under the Tenth Amendment.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HJM 4003** by Representatives Koster, Mulliken, Lambert, Sherstad, Sterk, Backlund, Smith, Boldt, McMorris, Johnson and Bush

Requesting that Senate adoption of the Convention on the Rights of Children be denied.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HJM 4004** by Representatives Bush, Sheahan, Sheldon, Carrell, Cairnes, Talcott, McDonald, Boldt, Mulliken, McMorris, Smith, Lambert, Wensman, Pennington, Koster, Backlund, Cooke, Johnson, Mielke, Delvin, Robertson and Thompson

Petitioning the Washington Supreme Court to rewrite Canon Seven of the Code of Judicial Conduct.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SCR 8401** by Senators McDonald, Sellar and Johnson

Adopting procedures for joint bill sponsorship.

There being no objection, the bills, memorials and resolution listed on today’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8401 advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

January 21, 1997
HB 1022 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Prohibiting the department of natural resources from entering into certain agreements with the federal government without prior legislative and gubernatorial approval. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

**MINORITY recommendation:** Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Anderson.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representatives Regala, Butler and Anderson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 21, 1997

HJM 4001 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Petitioning and directing the commissioner of public lands to not sign an implementation agreement for a habitat conservation plan. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

**MAJORITY recommendation:** Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

**MINORITY recommendation:** Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Anderson.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representatives Regala, Butler and Anderson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bill and memorial listed on today’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

**RESOLUTION**

**HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4611** by Representatives Sheahan, Huff, D. Sommers, Koster, Honeyford, Dunn, Wensman, Kenney, Scott and Robertson

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to acknowledge those who have made outstanding contributions in the public service; and

WHEREAS, Former state Supreme Court Justice William Goodloe, who was an outspoken conservative and a true patriot, died on January 18, 1997; and

WHEREAS, William Goodloe served in the United States Navy during World War II on a destroyer escort and on an aircraft carrier, and was commissioned as an officer at sea during the war; and

WHEREAS, William Goodloe graduated from the University of Washington Law School in 1948, was in private practice in Seattle for twenty-four years, served in the state Senate from 1951 to 1959, chairing the Senate Judiciary Committee, and then headed the 1962 Seattle World’s Fair Committee; and

WHEREAS, William Goodloe served as King County Superior Court Judge for twelve years, and was a member of the Washington Supreme Court from 1984 until 1988; and
WHEREAS, William Goodloe resigned his position as Supreme Court Justice after four years of his six-year term because he thought that he could more successfully advance conservative causes through his newsletter, the Goodloe Report; and

WHEREAS, William Goodloe became well-known for his campaign against declining morality in the public schools, for his "Great American" lectures profiling presidents, and for his conservative newsletter; and

WHEREAS, William Goodloe was an ardent Republican, serving as the state party chairman from 1960 to 1962, and as a candidate in several other races; and

WHEREAS, William Goodloe was a loving and supportive father who is fondly remembered by his surviving family members;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives remember and give honor to William Goodloe; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to each surviving member of the William Goodloe family.

There being no objection, House Resolution No. 4611 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, January 24, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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ELEVENTH DAY, JANUARY 23, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
TWELFTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, January 24, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by the 205th Regiment, Washington Army National Guard. Prayer was offered by Aurelia Jo DeBolt, mother of Representative DeBolt.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, Over eight thousand men and women of the Washington National Guard, consisting of the Army National Guard and the Air National Guard, continue to serve the country as a key part of our national defense; and

WHEREAS, These citizen soldiers and airmen reside in every legislative district throughout Washington and through the gift of their time and personal energies serve the needs of the people of Washington State; and

WHEREAS, The Guard is active in promoting positive activities for the youth of our state through active involvement in the Guard’s helicopter outreach programs, drug demand reduction presentations at local schools, and Camp Minuteman, a motivational summer youth experience at Camp Murray; and

WHEREAS, The Guard makes a major contribution to our state’s counter drug effort by providing over sixty soldiers and airmen on duty throughout the year in thirty-five different local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies. Guard men and women supported and participated in over four thousand fifty arrests and seizure of over two hundred fifty million dollars in drugs, assets, and cash; and

WHEREAS, In communities throughout the state, the Guard continues to be an essential source of social support for our communities by making armories available for public use as classrooms, food banks, and centers for community and youth activities. The Guard also answered numerous calls for assistance from local communities for missions varying from traditional color guards to hauling food in support of antihunger initiatives; and

WHEREAS, The Guard continues to demonstrate its essential role as an integral part of the state’s ability to protect and sustain the lives and property of its citizens. The Guard was ready when windstorms and floods threatened Washington citizens during November and December 1995. In February 1996 over three hundred airmen and soldiers responded to disaster from flooding in twenty-one counties in our state. Citizen soldiers and airmen from the Guard evacuated people from rooftops and flooded homes and farms. National Guard soldiers and airmen delivered hundreds of thousands of
sandbags to stricken communities throughout our state. November 1996 brought out the Guard to help the citizens of Spokane when an ice storm disrupted the power and water supplies for thousands of homes. In December 1996 the Guard answered the call when thirty Washington counties were struck by a devastating ice storm, a snowstorm, and the resulting floods as the snow and ice melted. Soldiers and airmen worked side by side to help evacuate stricken homes, direct traffic, assist over-burdened law enforcement officials, transport medical personnel through snow blocked streets, and fill and place sandbags in flooded areas; and

WHEREAS, These soldiers and airmen sacrifice their time, comfort, and energies to protect and preserve the lives and property of their fellow citizens. In doing so, these dedicated people demonstrate the vitality of the great tradition of sacrifice and service to State and Nation that characterize the Washington National Guard; and

WHEREAS, The Washington National Guard is composed of citizen soldiers and airmen who, in the noble and time-honored tradition of the Minutemen from the Massachusetts Bay Colony in 1636, stand ready at a moment’s notice to answer the call of need from their State or Country to protect and guarantee the blessings of liberty and providence or to respond to calamity or natural disaster;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives express its appreciation to the families and employers of our Guard soldiers and airmen for their support without which the Guard’s mission could not be successful; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives specifically and particularly recognize the value of a strong Washington National Guard to the economy and well-being of this state, both through the performance of its state disaster relief mission, and through the ongoing benefit to local communities by the presence of productively employed, drug free, and efficiently trained Guard members and the armories that house them; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to the Honorable William J. Clinton, President of the United States; the Honorable Gary Locke, Governor of the State of Washington; the Adjutant General of the Washington National Guard; the Secretary of the Army; and the Secretary of the Air Force.

Representative D. Schmidt moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives D. Schmidt, Sullivan, Dyer, Mason, and D. Sommers spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4607 was adopted.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker: I would like to mention when most of Eastern Washington, just a few years ago, was on fire, it was the Washington National Guard, one of the key players, making sure that a lot of homes were saved and many other duties performed. I wish to reflect back to Desert Storm in which the Washington National Guard performed with absolute total quality. We are very proud of the job that you do as citizens of Washington State. Thank you from all of us.

MOTION

On motion of Representative DeBolt, Representatives Backlund and Johnson were excused.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative D. Schmidt: I would like to note that Governor Locke re-appointed Major General Gregory P. Barlow to head the Military Department.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

January 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Signed by the Speaker

The Speaker announced he was signing:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8402,

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

Mr. Speaker: Yesterday, the House adopted House Resolution No. 4611, honoring Supreme Court Justice, William Goodloe. I am pleased that we are able to honor Justice Goodloe with this resolution and to do so with his family in attendance. William Goodloe served his nation in the armed services and during World War II. He served the citizens of his community as a legislator. He served all the people of Washington as a Supreme Court Justice. He was a staunch defender of individual freedom. But most important he was a man who loved and cherished is family very deeply. I know he would be pleased that they are here today to join us in paying this tribute.

The Speaker introduced and asked the body to recognize the family of Justice William Goodloe.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1386 by Representatives Morris, D. Sommers, Kessler, Scott, Wood, Gardner, Butler, Wolfe, O’Brien, Dunshee, Kastama, Doumit, Hatfield, Quall, Blalock, Murray, Linville, Kenney, Tokuda, Keiser, Cooper, Costa, Lantz, Constantine, Gombosky, Ogden and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to paid signature gathering; amending RCW 42.17.020; and adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1387 by Representatives Zellinsky, K. Schmidt, L. Thomas, Johnson, Huff and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to mandatory offering of basic health plan benefits; and amending RCW 48.44.023.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1388 by Representatives Conway, Ballasiotes, Sullivan, Dickerson, Cairnes, Quall, Robertson, Wood, Blalock, O’Brien, Scott, Wensman, Cooper, Costa and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to siting of work release programs; and amending RCW 72.65.220.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1389 by Representatives Chandler, Appelwick, Sheahan, Sterk, Linville, Sump, Hickel, Delvin, Blalock, O’Brien, Mulliken, Costa, Thompson, Mielke, Dunn and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to the penalty for third degree theft; amending RCW 9A.56.050; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.
HB 1390 by Representatives Hatfield, Pennington, Doumit, Robertson, Murray, D. Schmidt, Chopp, Scott, Gardner, Romero, Dunshiee, Wolfe, Morris, Wensman, Kessler and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to municipal officers' interest in contracts; amending RCW 42.23.030, 42.23.040, 42.23.050, and 42.23.060; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1391 by Representatives Appelwick, Costa, Sheahan, Constantine, Kenney, Radcliff, Blalock, Tokuda, Zellinsky, Lantz and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to unincorporated nonprofit associations; and adding a new chapter to Title 24 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1392 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Radcliff, O'Brien, Kessler, Blalock, Cody, Murray, Cole, Morris, Tokuda, Conway, Skinner, Johnson, Linville, Scott, Keiser, Cooper, Gombosky, Ogden and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to the crime victims' compensation program; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310; and adding a new section to chapter 43.08 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1393 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Radcliff, O'Brien, Kessler, Blalock, Cody, Murray, Cole, Morris, Tokuda, Conway, Skinner and Kenney

AN ACT Relating to crime victims' compensation; amending RCW 7.68.110; and adding a new section to chapter 51.52 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1394 by Representatives Blalock, Costa, Radcliff, O'Brien and Skinner

AN ACT Relating to execution witnesses; and amending RCW 10.95.185.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1395 by Representatives D. Sommers, Sheldon, Gombosky, Dunn, Cairnes, Sterk, D. Schmidt, Mulliken, Boldt, Benson, McMorris, Murray, Tokuda, Scott and Regala

AN ACT Relating to the filling of vacancies in legislative and partisan county offices; adding new sections to chapter 42.12 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1396 by Representatives Delvin and Regala

AN ACT Relating to volatile organic compound emissions from automotive paint; amending RCW 70.94.030; and adding a new section to chapter 70.94 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1397 by Representatives Ballasiotes, O'Brien, Delvin, Robertson, McDonald, Sheldon, Hatfield, Zellinsky, Kessler and Sullivan
AN ACT Relating to false accusations of child abuse or neglect; amending RCW 26.09.191; adding new sections to chapter 26.44 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1398 by Representatives Benson, Sheahan, Sump, Wood, O'Brien and Gombosky; by request of Administrator for the Courts

AN ACT Relating to superior court judges; amending RCW 2.08.061; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1399 by Representatives McMorris and Conway; by request of Liquor Control Board


Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1400 by Representatives Benson, L. Thomas, Wolfe, Zellinsky, Sheahan and Appelwick

AN ACT Relating to the bank statement rule; and amending RCW 62A.4-406.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1401 by Representatives Van Luven, Hatfield, Blalock, Butler, Tokuda, Scott, Keiser, Cooper, Costa, Zellinsky, Doumit, Conway, Ogden, Constantine, Gombosky, Dunn, Kessler and Quall

AN ACT Relating to residential property tax exemptions; and amending RCW 84.36.381.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1402 by Representatives Ogden, Carlson, Fisher, Blalock, O'Brien and Doumit

AN ACT Relating to the financing of street, road, and highway projects; and amending RCW 35.72.010, 35.72.020, and 35.72.050.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1403 by Representatives Lambert, McDonald, Sterk, Carrell and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to requiring a juvenile offender to remain in the presence of a parent; amending RCW 13.40.160; reenacting and amending RCW 13.04.030; and prescribing penalties.
Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1404 by Representatives McMorris, Honeyford, Robertson, Ballasiotes, Conway, Wood, Cole, Boldt and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to punch boards and pull-tabs; and amending RCW 9.46.110.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1405 by Representatives McMorris, Robertson, Wood, Conway, Boldt and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to charitable bingo games; and amending RCW 9.46.0205 and 9.46.120.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1406 by Representative Sheahan

AN ACT Relating to the death penalty; amending RCW 10.95.030 and 10.95.040; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1407 by Representatives Sheahan and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to the well-being of children; adding new sections to chapter 9.68 RCW; repealing RCW 9.68.015, 9.68.050, 9.68.060, 9.68.070, 9.68.080, 9.68.090, 9.68.100, 9.68.110, 9.68.120, 9.68.130, 9.68A.140, 9.68A.150, and 9.68A.160; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1408 by Representatives Mielke, Sheahan, Doumit, Pennington, Mulliken, Sterk, Thompson, Dunn and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to the carrying of a concealed pistol by persons from another state; and amending RCW 9.41.050 and 9.41.060.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1409 by Representatives Scott, Costa, Wood, Morris, Keiser and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax exemptions for bulk food products sold through vending machines; amending RCW 82.08.0293 and 82.12.0293; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1410 by Representatives Dunshee, O’Brien, Keiser, Costa, Kessler and Cooper

AN ACT Relating to extending the 4.7187 percent state property tax levy reduction through 1997; amending RCW 84.55.012; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1411 by Representatives L. Thomas, Grant, Zellinsky, DeBolt and Benson
AN ACT Relating to authorizing the collection of fees in connection with making consumer loans; and amending RCW 31.04.105.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

**HB 1412** by Representatives Cody, Dyer, Keiser, Zellinsky, Conway, Bush, Kessler, Ogden and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to the use of the title of nurse as a professionally licensed designation; and amending RCW 18.79.030.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 1413** by Representatives Veloria, McMorris, Conway, Skinner, Cody, Mason, Radcliff, Kenney, Murray, Butler, Tokuda, Scott and Costa

AN ACT Relating to industrial insurance compensation for beneficiaries; and amending RCW 51.32.140.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1414** by Representatives Dunshee, Appelwick, Murray, Linville, Wood, Blalock, Butler, O'Brien, Kenney, Tokuda, Scott, Morris, Doumit, Lantz, Conway, Romero, Regala, Wolfe, Constantine, Hatfield, Chopp, Kessler, Cooper, Gombosky, Gardner, Ogden and Fisher; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to extending the 4.7187 percent state property tax levy reduction; amending RCW 84.55.012; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1415** by Representatives Chandler, Doumit, D. Schmidt, Murray, Radcliff, Cody, Johnson, Thompson, Sheldon, Cooper, Costa, Hatfield, McMorris, Sullivan and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to compensation for public utility district commissioners; and amending RCW 54.12.080.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1416** by Representatives Mulliken, Romero, Talcott, Clements, Johnson, Costa, Wolfe, Mielke and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to recognizing teaching degrees in deaf education from a program approved by the council on education of the deaf; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1417** by Representatives B. Thomas, Carrell, Cairnes, Dyer, L. Thomas, Mulliken, Sheldon, Robertson, Thompson, Cooke, Mielke and Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to reducing total state levy amounts by 4.7187 percent; amending RCW 84.55.012 and 84.55.012; adding new sections to chapter 84.55 RCW; creating new sections; providing for submission of sections 4 through 6 of this act to a vote of the people; and declaring an emergency.
HJM 4005 by Representatives Mulliken, Chandler, Hankins, Sheahan, Skinner, Lisk, Delvin, Clements, Honeyford, Schoesler, Mastin, Grant, Mielke and McMorris

Returning land within the Hanford control zone to agricultural and wildlife uses.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills and memorial listed on today’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated except that House Bill No. 1417 be advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

STANDING COMMITTEE REPORTS

January 22, 1997

HB 1038 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Providing procedural requirements for recording documents in the office of the county auditor. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 22, 1997

HB 1094 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Extending state payment of election costs. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on today’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL No. 1022, by Representatives Buck, Johnson, Mitchell, McMorris, Talcott, Hickel, Chandler, Mastin, Lambert, Sheldon, Schoesler, Hatfield, Kessler, Mulliken, Honeyford,
Prohibiting the department of natural resources from entering into certain agreements with the federal government without prior legislative and gubernatorial approval.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1022 was substituted for House Bill No. 1022 and substitute bill was advanced to second reading.

Substitute House Bill No. 1022 was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1022 was advanced to third reading, and placed on the third reading calendar for January 27, 1997.


Petitioning and directing the commissioner of public lands to not sign an implementation agreement for a habitat conservation plan.

The memorial was read the second time. There being no objection, House Joint Memorial No. 4001 was placed on the third reading calendar for January 27, 1997.

AN ACT Relating to reducing total state levy amounts by 4.7187 percent; amending RCW 84.55.012 and 84.55.012; adding new sections to chapter 84.55 RCW; creating new sections; providing for submission of sections 4 through 6 of this act to a vote of the people; and declaring an emergency.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (002)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 84.55.012 and 1995 2nd sp. s. c 13 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The state property tax levy for collection in 1996 shall be reduced by 4.7187 percent of the levy amount that would otherwise be allowed under this chapter without regard to this section or any other tax reduction legislation enacted in 1995.
(2) The tax reduction provided in this section is in addition to any other tax reduction legislation that may be enacted by the legislature.
(3) State levies for collection after 1996 shall be set at the amount that would be allowed otherwise under this chapter if the state (levy) levies for collection in 1996 and 1997 had been set without the reduction under subsection (1) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 84.55 RCW to read as follows:
The state property tax levy for collection in 1998 shall be reduced by 4.7187 percent of the levy amount that would otherwise be allowed under this chapter without regard to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Section 1 of this act applies to taxes levied for collection in 1997."
NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Section 1 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The secretary of state shall submit section 2 of this act to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at the next general election to be held in this state, in accordance with Article II, section 1 of the state Constitution and the laws adopted to facilitate its operation.

Correct the title accordingly.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment to the amendment by Representative Carrell: (005)

On page 1 of the amendment, beginning on line 20, strike everything through line 24.

On page 1 of the amendment, beginning on line 31, strike everything through "operation." on page 2, line 3.

Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler and Appelwick spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representatives B. Thomas, Carroll, Pennington, Delvin and Dyer spoke against adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call and it was sustained.

MOTIONS

Representative Chopp moved that Representatives Poulsen and Cody be excused. Representative DeBolt moved that Representative Hankins be excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the adoption of Representative Dunshee’s amendment to Representative Carrell’s amendment to House Bill No. 1417.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the amendment to the amendment to House Bill No. 1417 and the amendment failed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 39, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Backlund, Cody, Hankins, Johnson and Poulsen - 5.

The amendment to the amendment was not adopted.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of the amendment by Representative Carrell to House Bill No. 1417.

Representatives Carrell, Pennington and B. Thomas spoke in favor of the amendment.

Representatives Conway, H. Sommers and Hatfield spoke against the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Sheldon, Parlette, Dyer, Huff, Dunshee, Clements and Carrell spoke in favor of the bill.

Representatives Anderson, Dickerson, Doumit, Appelwick, Morris and Chopp spoke against the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1417.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1417 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Backlund, Cody, Hankins, Johnson and Poulsen - 5.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1417, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RESOLUTION

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION No. 8401, by Senators McDonald, Sellar and Johnson

Adopting procedures for joint bill sponsorship.

The bill was read the second time.

MOTION

Representative Chopp moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chopp: (003)
On page 2, line 3, after "Reviser" insert ", and (3) before a jointly sponsored bill may be dropped into the hopper it must be available for one day in the Secretary of the Senate’s office, in the case of a House bill, and the Chief Clerk’s office, in the case of a Senate bill, for members to sign as cosponsors. The Secretary and Chief Clerk shall establish procedures for notifying members of the bill’s availability for sponsorship"

Representative Chopp and List spoke in favor of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Chopp moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chopp: (004)

On page 1, after line 2, strike all material through line 15, and insert the following:

"NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, By the Senate of the State of Washington, the House of Representatives concurring, That during the 1997 legislative session forty bills, memorials, or resolutions (hereinafter collectively referred to as "bills") recommended by a joint, statutory, or conference committee established by the Senate and House of Representatives may, if introduced as a Senate bill, be also sponsored by a member or members of the House of Representatives, and if introduced as a House bill, be also sponsored by a member or members of the Senate; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the authority to determine which bills recommended by a joint, statutory, or conference committee are eligible to be jointly sponsored shall be allocated to the respective four caucuses as follows: Senate majority caucus, ten bills; Senate minority caucus, ten bills; House of Representatives majority caucus, ten bills; and House of Representatives minority caucus, ten bills; and"

On page 1, line 20, after "bill" insert "recommended by a joint or statutory committee"

Representatives Chopp and Appelwick spoke in favor of the amendment. Representative Lisk spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the resolution was placed on final passage.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8401, as amended by the House, was adopted.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4612, by Representatives Lisk and Chopp

WHEREAS, The State of Washington spends millions of dollars each year to contract with vendors for the delivery of necessary goods and services to the citizens of this state; and

WHEREAS, The efficient delivery of goods and services under these contracts is essential to achieving legislative objectives and ensuring the best use of public funds; and

WHEREAS, There is a need to review the adequacy of laws and policies of the state that govern vendor contracting and the performance of vendor services;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives do hereby establish a select committee to examine the laws and policies of the state that govern vendor contracting and vendor services; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the committee shall consist of seven members and shall have all the powers and duties of a standing committee of the house; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the committee shall issue a report of its findings to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the minority leader no later than Friday, November 14, 1997.
MOTION

Representative Lisk moved adoption of House Resolution No. 4612.

Representatives Lisk and H. Sommers spoke in favor of adoption.

House Resolution No. 4612 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, January 27, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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TWELFTH DAY, JANUARY 24, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FIFTEENTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, January 27, 1997
The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Amanda Griego and Marc Peck. The pledge of allegiance was given. Prayer was offered by Representative Kathy Lambert.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4610, by Representatives Cooper, Conway, Cody, Robertson, O'Brien, Costa, Chopp, L. Thomas, Talcott, D. Schmidt, Regala, Ogden, Butler and Morris

WHEREAS, The members and staff of the House of Representatives have lost a friend and colleague with the passing of Jimmy W. Cason; and
WHEREAS, The citizens of the State of Washington have lost a tireless public servant who, as a fire fighter, advocate for fire fighters, member of the State Investment Board, and citizen activist, contributed so much to the well-being of our state; and
WHEREAS, Jimmy W. Cason contributed more to his community in his forty-eight years than most do in a lifetime; and
WHEREAS, He was also a dedicated husband, father, and grandfather; and
WHEREAS, We share the sense of loss and grief felt by his family, friends, and coworkers; and
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives formally convey our most sincere condolences to the family of Jimmy W. Cason and thank them for sharing him with us in his all-too-brief time among us; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives urges all citizens of the State of Washington to join us in recognizing and honoring his life of service and his commitment to the safety and well-being of each and every one of us; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to the family of Jimmy W. Cason.

Representative Cooper moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Cooper, Robertson, Conway, Carlson and Keiser spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4610 was adopted.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) recognized the family and friends of Jimmy Cason in the galleries.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4613, by Representatives Skinner, Clements, Veloria and Hatfield

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to honor those individuals that make extraordinary efforts which benefit the citizens of Washington; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz, a businessman who made outstanding contributions to the Filipino-American Community of the Lower Yakima Valley, died on January 19, 1997; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz was born in the Philippine Islands on August 15, 1907, and emigrated to the United States in 1927; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz, with a goal of improving the status of Filipinos in the United States, organized the Filipino-American Community of Yakima Valley in 1937 and was elected to be its first President; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz was President of the organization almost continuously until 1953; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz, during his incumbency as President, was instrumental in the development of the Filipino Center in Wapato; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz formed the Philippine Produce Company of Wapato in 1942, to which he was subsequently elected President, Chairman of the Board of Directors, and Business Manager; and
WHEREAS, The Philippine Produce Company enabled farmers to obtain the maximum prices for their produce; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz, from 1956 to 1960, was President of the Filipino Inter-Community Council of the Pacific Northwest, the forerunner of the present Filipino-American Council of the Pacific Northwest; and
WHEREAS, One of the Council’s highest priorities is an ongoing scholarship foundation which benefits deserving American-born Filipino students; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz, in 1964, formed the Inter-Valley Produce Company of Parker, Washington, a joint venture of Filipinos and Americans, and was elected to be its President and Manager; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz courageously championed the causes of civil rights and peaceful coexistence between all people; and
WHEREAS, Roy C. Baldoz was a loving husband and father who is fondly remembered by his surviving family members;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize and honor Roy C. Baldoz, whose life immensely benefited many citizens of this state; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Roy C. Baldoz’s surviving wife, Remy Baldoz, and to each of his sons and daughters.

Representative Skinner moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Skinner, Clements and Veloria spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4613 was adopted.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) recognized the family of Roy C. Baldoz: Presing del Fierro, Mary Baldoz Smith, Robert Smith, Joseph Roy Baldoz Smith, Cassandra Baldoz Smith and Aimee Baldoz.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1418 by Representatives Buck and Regala; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands and Department of Natural Resources

AN ACT Relating to eliminating the pooling of the resource management cost account and removing reference to agricultural college lands; amending RCW 79.64.030; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1419 by Representatives Chandler, Linville and Regala; by request of Department of Ecology

AN ACT Relating to solid waste permit renewal; amending RCW 70.95.030 and 70.95.180; and repealing RCW 70.95.190.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.
HB 1420 by Representatives McDonald, Regala, Huff, Talcott, Conway, Smith, Mitchell, Fisher and Bush

AN ACT Relating to local public health financing; amending RCW 70.05.125 and 82.14.200; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1421 by Representatives Mitchell, Ogden, Carlson, Scott, Fisher, Hickel, Costa, Robertson, Radcliff, Carrell, Lambert, Talcott, O’Brien and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to expanding the list of transportation supportive uses permitted in transportation centers; and amending RCW 81.75.020 and 81.75.030.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1422 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, L. Thomas, Dunn, Doumit, Wolfe, Dunshee, Gardner, Lantz, Ogden, Thompson, Boldt, Mielke, Wensman, D. Sommers, Carlson and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to boundary review board members' per diem; and amending RCW 36.93.070.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1423 by Representatives Sterk, Costa, Sheahan, McDonald, Koster, Robertson, Carrell, Sherstad, Hickel, Delvin, L. Thomas, O’Brien and Conway

AN ACT Relating to criminal justice training; adding new sections to chapter 43.101 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1424 by Representatives Skinner and Murray

AN ACT Relating to kidney dialysis centers; and amending RCW 18.64.011.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1425 by Representatives Romero, D. Schmidt, Scott and Chopp

AN ACT Relating to alternative public works contracting procedures; amending RCW 39.10.030, 39.10.050, 39.10.060, 39.10.110, 39.10.120, and 39.10.902; adding a new section to chapter 39.10 RCW; repealing 1996 c 18 s 17 (uncodified); providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1426 by Representatives Bush, McMorris and Dickerson; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

AN ACT Relating to liens filed by the department of social and health services; amending RCW 43.20B.720, 43.20B.730, 43.20B.735, 43.20B.740, 74.20A.070, and 74.20A.080; and repealing RCW 43.20B.725.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.
HB 1427 by Representatives Radcliff, Mitchell, Robertson, Buck, Cairnes, Ballasiotes, L. Thomas, Sterk, Thompson, DeBolt, Mielke, Smith, Johnson and Dunn; by request of Legislative Transportation Committee

AN ACT Relating to special fuel tax; amending RCW 35A.82.010, 82.04.4285, 82.38.020, 82.38.030, 82.38.070, 82.38.080, 82.38.090, 82.38.100, 82.38.110, 82.38.120, 82.38.130, 82.38.150, 82.38.160, 82.38.170, 82.38.180, 82.38.190, 82.38.210, 82.38.220, 82.38.230, 82.38.235, 82.38.240, 82.38.260, 43.05.110, 82.47.010, and 82.80.010; reenacting and amending RCW 82.08.0255, 82.12.0256, and 82.38.140; adding new sections to chapter 82.38 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 82.38.040, 82.38.082, and 82.38.086; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1428 by Representatives Van Luven and Regala; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands and Department of Natural Resources

AN ACT Relating to condominium and cooperative leasehold interests in state-owned aquatic land; and adding a new section to chapter 79.90 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1429 by Representatives Sump, O’Brien, Sullivan, Mielke, Mulliken and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to littering; amending RCW 70.93.060 and 7.80.120; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1430 by Representatives Fisher, Gardner and Talcott

AN ACT Relating to processing of absentee ballots; and amending RCW 29.36.060.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1431 by Representatives Skinner, Romero, Honeyford, Linville and Costa

AN ACT Relating to significant historic places; and amending RCW 27.34.220 and 27.34.270.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1432 by Representatives Cooke, Tokuda, Kastama and Dickerson; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

AN ACT Relating to modification of the adoption support reconsideration program; and amending RCW 74.13.150.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1433 by Representatives Sump, McMorris, Ballasiotes, DeBolt, Sheahan, Talcott, Quall, D. Sommers, Honeyford, Chandler, Schoesler, Crouse, Mastin and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to leases with consortiums of counties formed to acquire correctional facilities; amending RCW 43.17.360; and declaring an emergency.
Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1434 by Representatives McMorris, Hatfield, Boldt, Cole and Conway; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to quality awards; amending RCW 43.330.140; adding new sections to chapter 43.07 RCW; and recodifying RCW 43.330.140.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1435 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to clarifying and harmonizing provisions affecting cities and towns; amending RCW 19.16.500, 39.30.010, 41.04.190, 35.27.070, 35.07.040, 9.41.050, and 35A.12.010; adding a new section to chapter 35.23 RCW; and repealing RCW 35.07.030, 35.17.160, 35.23.390, and 35.23.400.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1436 by Representatives Van Luven, Veloria, Keiser, Morris, Wolfe, Scott, Cole, Mason, Dunn, Quall, Lantz, Cooper, Gombosky, Murray, Costa and Anderson; by request of Washington State Library

AN ACT Relating to electronic information access for public libraries; adding new sections to chapter 27.04 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1437 by Representatives Carlson, Mason, Radcliff, O'Brien, Kenney, Dunn, Dickerson, Butler, Mielke, Scott, Cole, Chopp, Gombosky, Ogden, Murray and Costa

AN ACT Relating to gender equity in higher education; amending RCW 28B.15.455, 28B.15.460, 28B.15.465, 28B.15.470, and 28B.110.040; repealing RCW 28B.15.480; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1438 by Representatives Crouse, Poulsen, Morris, DeBolt, Kessler, Kastama, Cooper, Mielke and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to mandatory measured telecommunications service; and amending RCW 80.04.130.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1439 by Representatives B. Thomas, Sherstad, Murray, L. Thomas, Wolfe, Cole, DeBolt and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to authorizing counties to set deadlines for petitioning county boards of equalization for changes in assessed valuation; and amending RCW 84.40.038.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1440 by Representatives Robertson, Blalock, Skinner, O'Brien, Fisher, Radcliff, Hankins, Mitchell, Sterk, Delvin, Cole and Ogden
AN ACT Relating to safety belts; and amending RCW 46.61.688.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1441** by Representatives McDonald, Pennington, Ballasiotes, Mielke, Hatfield, Lambert, Doumit, Costa, Bush, Dickerson, O’Brien, Keiser, Kastama and Smith

AN ACT Relating to the crime of voyeurism; reenacting and amending RCW 9A.04.080; adding new sections to chapter 9A.44 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1442** by Representatives Mielke, Sheahan, Sterk, Mulliken, K. Schmidt, McMorris, Sump, Cairnes, McDonald, Robertson, Hankins, Bush, Doumit, Hatfield, O’Brien and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to authorized emergency vehicles; and amending RCW 46.61.035.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1443** by Representatives Mastin, Grant, Johnson, Quall, Koster, Linville, Wensman, Hatfield, Mielke and Smith

AN ACT Relating to flood damage reduction; amending RCW 75.20.100 and 86.26.007; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**HB 1444** by Representatives Van Luven, Chopp, Morris, Hankins, Radcliff, Carlson, H. Sommers, Dyer, Blalock, Dickerson, O’Brien, Keiser, Butler, Wood, Scott, Cole, Mason, Dunn, D. Schmidt, Cooper, Gombosky, Ogden and Murray

AN ACT Relating to the advanced technology research initiative; adding a new chapter to Title 28B RCW; creating a new section; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**HB 1445** by Representatives Thompson, Dyer, Morris, Pennington, Linville, D. Schmidt, Ogden and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax deferrals for high technology businesses; amending RCW 82.63.010, 82.63.030, and 82.63.045; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.


AN ACT Relating to making appropriations to assist retired dentists to provide dental services to children in rural and underserved communities; creating a new section; and making appropriations.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1447 by Representatives Robertson, L. Thomas, Clements, Kastama and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions related to thoroughbred horses; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1448 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Sheahan, Talcott, Wensman, Mielke and Conway; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to the state voters' pamphlet; adding new sections to chapter 29.81 RCW; and repealing RCW 29.80.010, 29.80.020, 29.80.030, 29.80.040, 29.80.050, 29.80.060, 29.80.070, 29.80.080, 29.80.090, 29.81.010, 29.81.011, 29.81.012, 29.81.014, 29.81.020, 29.81.030, 29.81.040, 29.81.042, 29.81.043, 29.81.050, 29.81.052, 29.81.053, 29.81.060, 29.81.070, 29.81.080, 29.81.090, 29.81.100, 29.81.110, 29.81.120, 29.81.130, 29.81.140, 29.81.150, 29.81.160, and 29.81.180.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1449 by Representatives Dunn, Sheahan, Sump, Sherstad, Koster, Sheldon, Delvin and Mielke


Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1450 by Representatives Thompson, Dunshee, Butler, Pennington, Van Luven, Schoesler, Boldt, Carrell, Mulliken, Morris and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to taxation of time share resort properties held in trust; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 67.28 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1451 by Representatives Sheahan, Costa, Constantine, Lantz, Sterk, Skinner, Appelwick, Sullivan, Mason and Kenney

AN ACT Relating to making the unauthorized practice of law, as determined by the supreme court, a violation of the consumer protection act; adding new sections to chapter 2.48 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1452 by Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe, Zellinsky, Alexander and Keiser

AN ACT Relating to title insurers; and amending RCW 48.29.010.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

AN ACT Relating to property tax exemptions for persons confined in adult family homes and certain boarding homes; and amending RCW 84.36.381.

Referred to Committee on Finance.


Encouraging greater federal funding of research into finding the cause, prevention, and cure for breast cancer.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills and memorial listed on today’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Joint Memorial No. 4006 which be moved to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING


Encouraging greater federal funding of research into finding the cause, prevention, and cure for breast cancer.

The memorial was read the second time.

Representative Mitchell moved that the rules be suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the memorial was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mitchell, Ogden, Cody and Backlund spoke in favor of the resolution.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representatives Appelwick and Poulson were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4006.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4006 and the memorial passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 1.

Absent: Representative Thompson - 1.

Excused: Representative Poulsen - 1.

House Joint Memorial No. 4006, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL**

I intended to vote YEA on House Joint Memorial No. 4006. 

BILL THOMPSON, 44th District

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

**REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES**

January 24, 1997

**HB 1031 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Limiting late-term and partial-birth abortions. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice**

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff and Sherstad.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Kenney; Lantz and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff and Sherstad.

Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Kenney, Lantz and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Cody.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 24, 1997

**HB 1067 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Extending the time limits for commencing a prosecution for certain traffic crimes where a death results. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice**

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Cody.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1069 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Prohibiting the malicious use of explosives. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Cody.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1022, by House Committee on Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Representatives Buck, Johnson, Mitchell, McMorris, Talcott, Hickel, Chandler, Mastin, Lambert, Sheldon, Schoesler, Hatfield, Kessler, Mulliken, Honeyford, Thompson, Koster, DeBolt, D. Sommers, Carrell, L. Thomas, Dunn, Mielke, Clements, O’Brien and Doumit)

Prohibiting the department of natural resources from entering into certain agreements with the federal government without prior legislative and gubernatorial approval.

The bill was read the third time.

Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Hankins, Johnson and Carlson spoke for the bill.

Representative Regala, Anderson, Doumit, Romero, Kessler, Sheldon and Butler spoke against the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1022.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Cairnes, Representatives Lisk and Poulsen were excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1022 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Pennington, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Robertson, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Van Luven, Wensman, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 66.


Excused: Representatives Lisk and Poulsen - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1022, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Petitioning and directing the commissioner of public lands to not sign an implementation agreement for a habitat conservation plan.

The memorial was read the third time.

Representative Buck spoke in favor of the memorial.

Representative Regala spoke against the memorial.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4001.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4001 and the memorial passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 65, Nays - 30, Absent - 1, Excused - 2.


Absent: Representative Dyer - 1.

Excused: Representatives Lisk and Poulsen - 2.

House Joint Memorial No. 4001, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Robertson, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Tuesday, January 28, 1997.
Third Reading  11
Third Reading Final Passage  12

1031  Committee Report  10
1067  Committee Report  10
1069  Committee Report  10
1418  Intro & 1st Reading  3
1419  Intro & 1st Reading  3
1420  Intro & 1st Reading  3
1421  Intro & 1st Reading  3
1422  Intro & 1st Reading  3
1423  Intro & 1st Reading  3
1424  Intro & 1st Reading  3
1425  Intro & 1st Reading  4
1426  Intro & 1st Reading  4
1427  Intro & 1st Reading  4
1428  Intro & 1st Reading  4
1429  Intro & 1st Reading  4
1430  Intro & 1st Reading  4
1431  Intro & 1st Reading  5
1432  Intro & 1st Reading  5
1433  Intro & 1st Reading  5
1434  Intro & 1st Reading  5
1435  Intro & 1st Reading  5
1436  Intro & 1st Reading  5
1437  Intro & 1st Reading  5
1438  Intro & 1st Reading  5
1439  Intro & 1st Reading  6
1440  Intro & 1st Reading  6
1441  Intro & 1st Reading  6
SIXTEENTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, January 28, 1997
The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

**HB 1454** by Representatives Clements, Cooke, Ballasiotes, Dickerson, Tokuda, Wolfe, D. Sommers, Linville, Kessler, Scott, Blalock, Gombosky and Costa

AN ACT Relating to training for child care providers; amending RCW 74.13.090; adding new sections to chapter 74.13 RCW; creating new sections; making an appropriation; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**HB 1455** by Representatives Koster and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to deregulation of household movers; amending RCW 81.80.070, 81.80.130, 81.80.140, and 81.80.330; and repealing RCW 81.80.150, 81.80.175, 81.80.220, and 81.80.230.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1456** by Representatives Koster, Robertson, Backlund, Sherstad, Mitchell, Hickel, Delvin, Cairnes, Wensman, Mulliken and Dunshee

AN ACT Relating to sex offenders; amending RCW 72.09.340; adding new sections to chapter 72.09 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**HB 1457** by Representatives Chandler, Fisher and Zellinsky; by request of Department of Licensing

AN ACT Relating to permits and certificates issued by the department of licensing; amending RCW 46.09.070, 46.10.040, 46.12.010, 46.12.080, 46.12.170, 46.12.181, 46.16.210, 46.16.220, 46.16.305, 46.16.630, and 88.02.075; and adding a new section to chapter 46.16 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1458** by Representatives Zellinsky, Fisher and Robertson; by request of Department of Licensing

AN ACT Relating to licensing; amending RCW 46.70.023; adding a new section to chapter 46.70 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 88.02 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1459** by Representatives Cairnes, Fisher and Chandler; by request of Department of Licensing

AN ACT Relating to the department of licensing; amending RCW 46.87.020, 46.87.030, 46.87.120, 46.87.140, 46.87.290, 82.36.335, 82.38.190, and 82.42.060; adding a
new section to chapter 46.87 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.38 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.42 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1460** by Representatives Huff and Carlson

AN ACT Relating to higher education tuition; amending RCW 28B.15.067; adding a new section to chapter 28B.15 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 1461** by Representatives Huff and Carlson

AN ACT Relating to higher education tuition; amending RCW 28B.15.067; adding a new section to chapter 28B.15 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 1462** by Representative Huff

AN ACT Relating to higher education tuition; and amending RCW 28B.15.067.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 1463** by Representative Carlson

AN ACT Relating to higher education tuition; amending RCW 28B.15.067; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 1464** by Representatives Chandler and Linville; by request of Department of Agriculture

AN ACT Relating to noxious weeds; amending RCW 17.10.905, 17.10.010, 17.10.020, 17.10.030, 17.10.040, 17.10.050, 17.10.060, 17.10.070, 17.10.074, 17.10.080, 17.10.090, 17.10.100, 17.10.110, 17.10.120, 17.10.130, 17.10.134, 17.10.140, 17.10.145, 17.10.154, 17.10.160, 17.10.170, 17.10.180, 17.10.190, 17.10.210, 17.10.235, 17.10.240, 17.10.250, 17.10.300, 17.10.310, 17.10.350, 17.10.890, and 17.10.900; adding new sections to chapter 17.10 RCW; recodifying RCW 17.10.905; and repealing RCW 17.10.005, 17.10.150, 17.10.200, 17.10.205, 17.10.320, 17.10.330, and 17.10.340.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**HB 1465** by Representatives Sump, Sheldon, Grant, Hatfield, Pennington, Delvin and Koster

AN ACT Relating to surface mining; and amending RCW 78.44.310.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**HB 1466** by Representatives Sump, Sheldon, Grant, Hatfield, Delvin and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to surface mining; and amending RCW 78.44.131 and 78.44.085.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.
HB 1467 by Representatives Sump, Sheldon, Chandler, Grant, Alexander, Hatfield, Delvin and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to surface mining; and amending RCW 78.44.087.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1468 by Representatives Buck, Chandler, Grant, Sump, Sheldon, Hatfield, Alexander, Delvin and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to surface mining; and amending RCW 78.44.085.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1469 by Representatives Buck, Chandler, Grant, Sump, Sheldon, Hatfield, Delvin and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to surface mining; amending RCW 78.44.011, 78.44.020, 78.44.040, 78.44.050, and 36.70A.060; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1470 by Representatives Schoesler and Mastin

AN ACT Relating to juries in criminal trials; amending RCW 10.01.060; and adding a new section to chapter 10.46 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1471 by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Zellinsky, Conway, Ogden, Linville, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott, Blalock, Gombosky, Costa and Dickerson; by request of Attorney General

AN ACT Relating to vulnerable adults; amending RCW 9A.42.010, 9A.42.050, 9A.42.020, 9A.42.030, 9A.44.010, 9A.44.050, 9A.44.100, 18.130.200, 43.43.842, 70.124.020, 70.124.030, 70.124.040, and 70.124.070; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.040; adding a new section to chapter 9A.42 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.124 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.34 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1472 by Representatives Reams, Romero, Pennington, Sherstad and Lantz

AN ACT Relating to mineral resource land designation; adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1473 by Representatives Sheldon, Buck, Veloria, Morris, Kessler, Scott and Dickerson

AN ACT Relating to providing supplemental appropriation authority for the development loan fund; amending 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 s 108 (uncodified); creating a new section; making an appropriation; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.
HB 1474 by Representatives Reams, Cairnes, Lisk, Sherstad, Sheldon, Sheahan, Pennington, Hatfield, Koster, Dunn, Doumit, McMorris, Alexander, Thompson, Bush, McDonald, Delvin, Wensman and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to increasing categorical exemptions from the state environmental policy act within areas designated as urban growth areas under the growth management act; and adding a new section to chapter 43.21C RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1475 by Representative Reams

AN ACT Relating to fees charged by local registrars; and amending RCW 70.58.107.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1476 by Representatives Buck, Doumit, Kessler, Hatfield and Costa

AN ACT Relating to recycled products; and amending RCW 43.19A.010 and 43.19A.020.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1477 by Representatives L. Thomas, Van Luven, Zellinsky, Fisher, Mitchell, Lantz and Conway

AN ACT Relating to urban stabilization; and adding a new chapter to Title 84 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1478 by Representatives Clements, Buck, Huff, Lisk, Mulliken, McDonald, Honeyford, Sehlin, McMorris, Sump, Sheldon, Parlette, Skinner, Chandler, Kessler, Hatfield and Grant

AN ACT Relating to feeding wildlife during episodes of severe winter weather; creating a new section; making an appropriation; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1479 by Representatives Zellinsky and Quall

AN ACT Relating to procedures after vehicle impoundment; and amending RCW 46.55.105, 46.55.110, 46.55.120, and 46.55.130.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1480 by Representatives Sherstad, Carrell, Dunn and Smith


Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1481 by Representatives Sherstad, Mulliken, Dunn and Smith

AN ACT Relating to censorship by school districts; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.230 RCW.
Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1482** by Representatives Sherstad, Koster, Mulliken, Smith and Dunshee

AN ACT Relating to the state lottery; and amending RCW 67.70.040.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1483** by Representatives Van Luven, Zellinsky and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to the determination of where a retail sale of towing services occurs for tax purposes; and amending RCW 82.14.020.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1484** by Representatives Carlson, Kenney, Radcliff, Bush, Mason, Talcott, Butler, Quall, Doumit, Van Luven, Dunn, Sheahan, Ogden, Linville, Conway, Morris, Tokuda, Kessler, Hatfield, Scott, Blalock, Gombosky, Mulliken and Dickerson

AN ACT Relating to faculty salary increments for community and technical colleges; adding a new section to chapter 28B.50 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 1485** by Representatives Linville, Buck, Hatfield, Chandler, Cooper, Sump, Regala, Butler, Anderson, Doumit, Morris, Sheldon, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott, Blalock and Dickerson

AN ACT Relating to salmon harvest reporting; and adding a new section to chapter 75.08 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**HB 1486** by Representatives Pennington, Kessler, Carrell, Grant, Mulliken, Linville, Schoesler, Boldt, Thompson, Wolfe, Buck, DeBolt, Zellinsky, Quall, Van Luven and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to moneys collected on beer; amending RCW 66.24.290, 69.50.520, and 66.08.180; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1487** by Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher, Mitchell and Hankins

AN ACT Relating to transportation planning; amending RCW 36.70A.040, 36.70A.070, 36.70A.200, 36.70A.210, 47.05.021, 47.05.030, 47.80.023, and 47.80.030; and adding a new section to chapter 47.06 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1488** by Representatives Chandler, Linville, L. Thomas, Sheldon, Schoesler, Veloria, McMorris and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to the Puget Sound action team; and amending RCW 90.71.020.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.
HB 1489 by Representatives Chandler, Linville, L. Thomas, Reams, Sheldon, Cairnes, McMorris, Veloria and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to public works and water pollution control funding; amending RCW 43.155.070 and 70.146.070; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1490 by Representatives Thompson, Mielke, L. Thomas, McMorris, Chandler, Sterk and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to liability of drivers of authorized emergency vehicles; and amending RCW 46.61.035.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1491 by Representatives Cody, Cooke, Tokuda, Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Costa

AN ACT Relating to dog guides and service animals; amending RCW 49.60.010, 49.60.030, 49.60.040, 49.60.130, 49.60.174, 49.60.175, 49.60.176, 49.60.178, 49.60.180, 49.60.190, 49.60.200, 49.60.215, 49.60.222, 49.60.224, 49.60.225, 70.84.020, 70.84.021, 70.84.040, 70.84.050, 70.84.060, 70.84.100, 70.84.110, and 70.84.120; reenacting and amending RCW 49.60.120 and 49.60.223; adding new sections to chapter 49.60 RCW; creating a new section; recodifying RCW 70.84.100, 70.84.110, and 70.84.120; and repealing RCW 70.84.030.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1492 by Representatives Buck, Kessler and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to natural area preserves; amending RCW 79.70.040 and 79.70.010; adding new sections to chapter 79.70 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 43.98A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1493 by Representatives Buck, Regala, Talcott, Balasios, Kessler and Dyer


Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1494 by Representatives Robertson, D. Schmidt, Cairnes, Cooper, Conway, Romero, D. Sommers, Chandler, Dunshee, Dyer, L. Thomas, Koster, Costa, Sterk, Carrell, Lantz, Radcliffe, Morris, Honeyford, Delvin, Scott and Wolfe

AN ACT Relating to law enforcement officers for the state parks and recreation commission and the state liquor control board; reenacting and amending RCW 41.26.030; and adding new sections to chapter 41.40 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1495 by Representatives Veloria, Van Luven, Skinner, Chandler, McMorris, Mason, Regala, Butler, Blalock, Sheldon, Clements, Dunn, Linville, Kessler and Scott
AN ACT Relating to alternative trade organizations; and adding a new section to chapter 43.330 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1496 by Representatives Benson, Cooke, Mulliken, Dunshee, Linville, Sheahan, Gombosky, Carrell, Sterk, McMorris and Kastama

AN ACT Relating to the definition of negligent treatment of a child; amending RCW 26.44.020; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1497 by Representatives Hickel, Johnson, Talcott, Mitchell, Sherstad, Backlund, McMorris, Radcliff, Thompson, Clements, B. Thomas, Dyer, L. Thomas, Huff, Crouse, Schoesler, Pennington, Sump, McDonald, Koster, D. Sommers and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to educational employees' collective bargaining and contractual obligations; amending RCW 41.59.120; and adding a new section to chapter 41.59 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1498 by Representatives Van Luven, Dyer, Murray, Wood, Zellinsky, Backlund and Skinner

AN ACT Relating to utilization reviews of services provided by mental health practitioners; and adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1499 by Representatives Schoesler, Sheahan, Doumit, Morris, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott and Dickerson; by request of Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development

AN ACT Relating to a rural development council; adding new sections to chapter 43.31 RCW; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HJR 4206 by Representatives Chandler, Linville, Sump, L. Thomas, Schoesler, Reams, Appelwick, McMorris, Veloria, Thompson, Kessler and Mulliken

Providing a chaplain for state employees.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

HB 1016 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Transferring property to Washington State University Lind dryland research unit. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.

Excused: Representative Costa.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 23, 1997

HB 1019 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Implementing the public works board’s recommendations for project loans. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.

Excused: Representative Koster.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 23, 1997

HB 1060 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sehlin: Authorizing Washington wildlife and recreation program projects for fiscal year 1997. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.

Excused: Representative Koster.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, January 29, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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Committee Report 8
Committee Report 9
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SIXTEENTH DAY, JANUARY 28, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

SEVENTEENTH DAY

MORNING SESSION
The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Kyle Wachter and Linnea Volker. Prayer was offered by Reverend Ed Evans, First Congregational Church, Vancouver, Washington.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1500 by Representatives Mastin, Grant, Doumit and Kessler; by request of County Road Administration Board

AN ACT Relating to eligibility for the rural arterial program; and amending RCW 36.79.010, 36.79.020, 36.79.040, 36.79.050, 36.79.060, and 36.79.140.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1501 by Representatives Robertson, Scott and Mielke; by request of Department of Licensing

AN ACT Relating to drivers' licenses; amending RCW 13.40.265, 46.20.118, 46.20.265, 46.20.285, 46.20.308, 46.20.355, 46.29.040, 46.61.503, and 46.61.5152; creating a new section; repealing RCW 46.61.5057; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1502 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Zellinsky, Robertson, Romero, Fisher, Mitchell and Dunn; by request of Department of Licensing

AN ACT Relating to restricting the release and use of certain personal information from state motor vehicle and driver records; amending RCW 46.12.370, 46.12.380, 46.52.060, and 46.52.120; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310, 46.52.130, and 46.63.020; adding a new chapter to Title 46 RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1503 by Representatives Backlund, Cody, Anderson and Mason

AN ACT Relating to making technical corrections to statutes administered by the department of health; reenacting and amending RCW 18.71.210, 18.130.040, and 18.35.080; and reenacting RCW 18.35.060 and 18.35.090.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1504 by Representatives McMorris, Boldt, Honeyford and Dunn
AN ACT Relating to public record protection; and reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1505 by Representatives Cairnes, O’Brien, Robertson, Delvin, Scott, McDonald, L. Thomas, Costa, Linville, Mitchell, Schoesler, Mielke, Thompson, Carrell, Conway and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to exemptions from public disclosure; and reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1506 by Representatives Robertson, O’Brien, Delvin, Hatfield, McDonald, Morris, Bush, Sterk, Smith, K. Schmidt, Hickel, Zellinsky, Scott, Conway, Regala, Sullivan, Chandler, Cooper, Costa, Linville, Mitchell, Schoesler, Thompson, Anderson, Carrell and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to a bill of rights for peace officers; and adding a new chapter to Title 41 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1507 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Sherstad, Mielke, L. Thomas, McMorris, Smith, Sump, D. Sommers, Crouse, Delvin, Honeyford, Cairnes, Pennington, Gardner, Dunn, Sullivan, Robertson, Koster, Thompson, McDonald, Bush, Kastama, Sheahan, Mulliken, Schoesler and Zellinsky

AN ACT Relating to procedures for fees for governmental services; adding a new section to chapter 34.05 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 19.85 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1508 by Representatives Wensman, D. Schmidt, Cooper, Chopp, Doumit, Blalock, Dickerson, B. Thomas and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to absentee ballots; and adding a new section to chapter 29.36 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1509 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Appelwick, Cooper, Thompson, L. Thomas, Dunn, Wensman, Carlson, Honeyford, D. Sommers, Koster, Chopp, Linville, Grant, Hatfield, Doumit, Dickerson, Constantine, Backlund, Kenney, O’Brien, Wolfe, Blalock, Gombosky, Cole, Butler, Tokuda, Gardner, Keiser, Costa, Mulliken, Quall, Morris, Ogden, Cody, Kessler, Anderson and Mason

AN ACT Relating to petitions to be filed with government; amending RCW 29.79.090, 29.79.100, 29.79.110, 29.82.030, 35.17.270, 35.22.200, 35A.11.100, and 35A.29.170; adding a new section to chapter 29.79 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.82 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.29 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 36.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.85 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.81 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.81A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.11 RCW; recodifying RCW 35A.29.170; and prescribing penalties.
Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1510** by Representatives Wensman, D. Schmidt, Scott, Doumit and Cooper

AN ACT Relating to filing statements of financial matters; amending RCW 42.17.240 and 42.17.241; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1511** by Representatives Romero, Conway, Wolfe, Gardner, Lantz, Constantine, O’Brien, Cooper, Gombosky, Cole, Veloria, Tokuda, Keiser, Linville, Dickerson, Morris, Ogden, Cody, Kessler and Mason

AN ACT Relating to targeting certain positions within designated job titles for early retirement; adding a new section to chapter 41.40 RCW (uncodified); adding a new section to chapter 43.01 RCW (uncodified); adding a new section to chapter 39.29 RCW (uncodified); providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1512** by Representatives Mulliken, Sheldon, Sherstad, Dunn, Boldt and Chandler

AN ACT Relating to the use of collection agencies by governmental entities; and amending RCW 19.16.250 and 19.16.500.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1513** by Representatives Radcliff, Scott, Sterk, O’Brien, Robertson, Hatfield, Skinner, Murray, Cairnes, Wolfe and Wensman; by request of Commute Trip Reduction Task Force

AN ACT Relating to transportation demand management; amending RCW 70.94.521, 70.94.527, 70.94.531, 70.94.534, 70.94.537, 70.94.551, 46.74.010, 46.74.030, and 51.08.013; and reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1514** by Representatives Conway, McMorris and Schoesler; by request of Joint Task Force on Nonpayment of Employer Obligations

AN ACT Relating to keeping records of unified business identifier account numbers; and amending RCW 39.06.010, 50.12.070, 51.16.070, and 82.32.070.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1515** by Representatives Conway and McMorris; by request of Joint Task Force on Nonpayment of Employer Obligations

AN ACT Relating to tax evasion; amending RCW 51.48.020; reenacting and amending RCW 9A.04.080; adding a new section to chapter 51.48 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1516** by Representatives McMorris, Conway, Cooke, Constantine, Kenney, O’Brien, Cooper, Gombosky, Cole, Gardner, Keiser, Costa, Linville, Morris, Ogden, Kessler, Sherstad and Mason; by request of Joint Task Force on Nonpayment of Employer Obligations
AN ACT Relating to reporting payments under unemployment insurance and industrial insurance; and amending RCW 50.12.070 and 51.16.060.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1517 by Representatives DeBolt, Mulliken, Sump, Mielke, Boldt, Cairnes, Sheahan, Robertson, McMorris, Dunn, Benson, Clements and Smith

AN ACT Relating to counties that choose not to plan under the growth management act; and amending RCW 36.70A.040.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1518 by Representatives DeBolt, Sheahan, Mulliken, Mielke, Cairnes, Sump, Dunn, Chandler, Boldt, Robertson, Benson, McMorris, Costa and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to imposing a fine on parents for the support, treatment, and confinement of their children; and amending RCW 13.40.220.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1519 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Kenney, Constantine, D. Sommers, O’Brien, Cooper, Wolfe, Blalock, Gombosky, Cole, Veloria, Butler, Keiser, Costa, Linville, Morris, Ogden, Kessler, Conway and Mason

AN ACT Relating to bereavement leave for state employees; and amending RCW 41.06.150.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1520 by Representatives Clements, Skinner, Carlson, O’Brien, Wensman and Costa

AN ACT Relating to the nonresident tuition fees differential; and amending RCW 28B.15.014.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1521 by Representatives B. Thomas, Dickerson and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to extending to local agencies the same authority now authorized for state agencies to protect taxpayer information under public records; and reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310.

Referred to Committee on Finance.


AN ACT Relating to sentencing; amending RCW 9.94A.310 and 13.40.160; adding a new section to chapter 9.94A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.40 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1523 by Representatives Smith, Mielke, Zellinsky, Benson, Honeyford and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to certificated educational employees; and reenacting and amending RCW 28A.410.010.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1524 by Representatives Alexander, Linville, Kessler, DeBolt, Buck, Hatfield, Doumit, Costa, Anderson, Pennington, Constantine, Blalock, Gardner, Sullivan, Lantz and Morris

AN ACT Relating to commercial salmon fishery licenses; and amending RCW 75.28.110 and 75.28.095.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1525 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Hatfield and Skinner; by request of County Road Administration Board

AN ACT Relating to the submittal date for county six-year transportation programs; and reenacting and amending RCW 36.81.121.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1526 by Representatives Carrell, Sheahan, Talcott, Costa, Regala, Fisher, Smith, Sullivan and Conway

AN ACT Relating to county jail construction and depreciation costs; and amending RCW 82.14.350.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1527 by Representatives Chandler and Linville; by request of Department of Agriculture


Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1528 by Representatives Chandler, Clements and Linville; by request of Department of Agriculture

AN ACT Relating to authorizing fees for commodity commissions and the department of agriculture; amending RCW 15.86.070; adding a new section to chapter 15.65 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 15.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.23 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1529 by Representatives Delvin, O’Brien, Sterk, Mason, Linville, Scott, Reams, Cairnes, DeBolt, Murray, Hatfield, Ogden, Butler, Tokuda, Keiser, Chopp, Fisher, Cooper, Constantine, Gombosky, Cole, Regala, Costa, Dickerson, Cody and Anderson
AN ACT Relating to investment of state funds in corporations doing business in Northern Ireland; and adding new sections to chapter 43.84 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1530 by Representatives Scott, Radcliff, O'Brien, Cooper, Costa, Keiser, Mielke, Fisher, Cole, Dickerson, Conway, D. Sommers, Carrell, Dunshee, Cody, Quall, Hatfield, McMorris, Constantine, Mitchell, Ogden, Kessler and Mason

AN ACT Relating to rearview mirrors on trucks; and amending RCW 46.37.400.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1531 by Representatives DeBolt, Alexander, Crouse, Sump and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to providing tax exemptions for nonnuclear thermal electric generating facilities; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1532 by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, O'Brien, Poulsen, Butler, Sheahan, Van Luven, Gombosky, Morris, Lambert, Dunn, Keiser, Regala, Kenney, Quall, Cooke, Constantine, Cooper, Wolfe, Blalock, Cole, Tokuda, Costa, Linville, Doumit, Ogden, Cody, Mielke and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to the membership of the governing boards of the state's institutions of higher education; and amending RCW 28B.20.100, 28B.30.100, 28B.35.100, and 28B.40.100.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1533 by Representatives Sehlin, Quall, K. Schmidt, D. Schmidt, Scott and Hankins

AN ACT Relating to use of county road funds; and amending RCW 36.82.070.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1534 by Representative Crouse

AN ACT Relating to intimidation of witnesses; and amending RCW 9A.72.110.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1535 by Representatives Sherstad, Cody, Dyer, Murray, Cooke, O'Brien, Cooper, Wolfe, Cole, Veloria, Butler, Ogden, Anderson, Mason and Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to naturopathic health care practitioners; and reenacting and amending RCW 18.135.020.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1536 by Representatives Backlund, Cody and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to respiratory care; amending RCW 18.89.010, 18.89.020, 18.89.040, 18.89.050, 18.89.060, 18.89.080, 18.89.090, 18.89.110, 18.89.120, 18.89.140,
and 18.120.020; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.040; adding a new section to chapter 18.89 RCW; repealing RCW 18.89.130 and 18.89.900; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1537 by Representatives Dickerson, Reams, Lantz, D. Schmidt, Thompson, Dunshee, Scott, Wensman, Constantine, Hatfield, Kenney, O’Brien, Cooper, Wolfe, Blalock, Gombosky, Tokuda, Gardner, Keiser, Costa, Linville, Mitchell, Sullivan, Doumit, Morris, Ogden, Cody and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to signature gatherers; adding a new section to chapter 29.79 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.82 RCW; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1538 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Costa and Ogden; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to review of county election procedures; and amending RCW 29.60.070.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HJM 4007 by Representatives McMorris, Sump, Schoesler, Mulliken, Koster, Boldt, Smith, Mielke, Sterk, Pennington and Dunn

Advocating the apportionment of state senates in a manner that reflects the values and interests of the state.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.


Preserving the U.S.S. Missouri.

HJR 4207 by Representatives McMorris, Sump, Schoesler, Mulliken, Koster, Boldt, Smith, Mielke, Sterk, Pennington, Sherstad and Dunn

Creating a plan for electing state senators by county.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

ESJM 8005 by Senators Hale, Loveland, Rasmussen, Bauer, Haugen, Oke, Horn, Morton and Deccio

Petitioning for use of the Fast Flux Test Facility to meet critical national needs.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills, memorials and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.
MEMORIAL


TO THE HONORABLE WILLIAM J. CLINTON, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, AND TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE AND THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AND TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES, IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED:

We, your Memorialists, the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Washington, in legislative session assembled, respectfully represent and petition as follows:

WHEREAS, The Battleship U.S.S. Missouri (BB 63) is the solitary identifiable symbol of the end of World War II for both the servicemen and women who served overseas during that period and the millions of home front defense workers; and

WHEREAS, This intrinsic historical vessel is presently moored on the mainland of the contiguous states of the union where the majority of veterans and home front defense workers and their descendants reside and are economically able to visit and observe the significance of the U.S.S. Missouri’s involvement in ending the most important event of the 20th century; and

WHEREAS, The youth of the United States of America, the future leaders of this republic, will learn from and appreciate the sacrifices for freedom which the U.S.S. Missouri represents; and

WHEREAS, The Missouri on the Mainland Committee (MOM) has been duly organized and proposes that the Battleship U.S.S. Missouri (BB 63) be moored at a suitable location on the mainland to provide accessibility for the majority of the American public to savor a taste of freedom and their heritage; and

WHEREAS, The Washington State legislature supports the actions and the proposal of the Missouri on the Mainland Committee (MOM);

NOW, THEREFORE, Your Memorialists respectfully pray that the Congress of the United States of America enact appropriate legislation to retain the Battleship U.S.S. Missouri (BB 63) at a selected site on the mainland.

BE IT RESOLVED, That copies of this Memorial be immediately transmitted to the Honorable William J. Clinton, President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and each member of Congress from the State of Washington.

The memorial was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and House Joint Memorial No. 4008 was advanced to third reading.

Representative Zellinsky moved adoption of the memorial.

Representative Zellinsky, Sheldon, Schmidt and Chopp spoke in favor of the memorial.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of House Joint Memorial No. 4008.

House Joint Memorial No. 4008 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

January 27, 1997

HB 1001 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Revising the rate of interest on certain tort judgments. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Benson; DeBolt; Sullivan and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Constantine and Keiser.

Voting Nay: Representatives Wolfe, Grant, Constantine and Keiser.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 27, 1997

HB 1002 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Clarifying submission of insurance antifraud plans. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 27, 1997

HB 1007 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Expanding the duties of the director of the Washington state pollution liability insurance agency. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 27, 1997

HB 1026 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Revising business and occupation tax on the cubing of hay or alfalfa for sale at wholesale. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
January 27, 1997

HB 1033 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Revising requirements for grain facilities under the Washington clean air act. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 27, 1997

HB 1064 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Changing the financial and reporting requirements of health care service contractors and health maintenance organizations. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives L. Thomas, Zellinsky, Wolfe, Grant, Benson, Constantine, DeBolt, Keiser, and Wensman.

Voting Nay: Representatives Smith and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 27, 1997

HB 1065 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Filing certain insurance related corporate documents. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Voting Yea: Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe, Grant, Benson, Constantine, DeBolt, Keiser, Sullivan and Wensman.

Voting Nay: Representatives Smith and Zellinsky.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 28, 1997

HB 1082 Prime Sponsor, Representative McDonald: Extending authority to cite for contempt of court. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.
HB 1087 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Providing penalties for public consumption of liquor. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 28, 1997

HB 1092 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Defining "distributing organization" for charitable donations to children. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 28, 1997

HB 1093 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Making various changes in election laws. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 28, 1997

HB 1117 Prime Sponsor, Representative Benson: Providing penalties for supplying liquor to or consuming liquor by minors. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

January 29, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) and has passed the following bill as amended by the House:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8401,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

January 29, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1417,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1417,

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

January 29, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4006,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

January 29, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSSED SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8005,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER
The Speaker announced he was signing: HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4006,

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8005, by Senators Hale and Loveland

Petitioning for use of the Fast Flux Test Facility to meet critical national needs.

The memorial was read a second time.

There being no objection, Engrossed Senate Joint Memorial No. 8005 was adopted.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

January 29, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: ENGROSSED SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8005,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing: ENGROSSED SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8005

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, January 30, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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SEVENTEENTH DAY, JANUARY 29, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
EIGHTEENTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, January 30, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

January 29, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1417, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

January 29, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8401, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

January 29, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4006, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8401

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1539 by Representatives Honeyford, Fisher, Schoesler and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to fire district associations; and amending RCW 52.12.031.
Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1540** by Representatives Carlson, Van Luven, H. Sommers, Cooper, Sullivan, Lantz, Cole, Wolfe, Scott, O’Brien, Mason, Backlund and Radcliff

AN ACT Relating to a business and occupation or public utility tax credit for persons making contributions to public institutions of higher education in this state; adding a new chapter to Title 82 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 1541** by Representatives Sump, McMorris, Sheahan, Sheldon, Crouse, Sherstad, Honeyford, DeBolt, Koster, Chandler, Linville, Clements, Boldt, Sterk, Smith, Conway and Bush

AN ACT Relating to protecting sport shooting ranges; and adding a new section to chapter 9.41 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1542** by Representatives Cole, Conway, Keiser, Veloria, Cody, Mason, Gombosky, Butler, Sullivan, Cooper, Blalock, Kenney, Wolfe, O’Brien, Wood and Scott

AN ACT Relating to compensation during reconsideration or appeal of department of labor and industries’ industrial insurance orders; amending RCW 51.52.050; and reenacting and amending RCW 51.52.060.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1543** by Representatives Radcliff, Tokuda, Ballasiotes, Skinner, Cooper, Chopp, Blalock, Conway, Costa, Lantz, Cole, Wolfe, O’Brien, Mason, Wood and Scott

AN ACT Relating to the prevention of juvenile violence; amending RCW 43.121.050 and 43.121.090; adding new sections to chapter 43.121 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 43.88 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**HB 1544** by Representatives Radcliff, Cooke, Skinner, O’Brien, Scott, Cooper, Conway, Costa, Lantz, Cole, Wolfe, Mason and Wood

AN ACT Relating to homelessness prevention activities; adding new sections to chapter 43.63A RCW; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1545** by Representatives Sheahan, Costa, Tokuda, Cooper, Blalock, Keiser, Kenney, Conway, Lantz, Cole, Wolfe, O’Brien, Mason, Wood and Scott

AN ACT Relating to funding for domestic violence shelters; and amending RCW 70.123.100.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1546** by Representatives Skinner, Mason, Van Luven, Veloria, Hankins, Hatfield, D. Schmidt, Cooper, Chopp, Blalock, Keiser, Kenney, Conway, Poulsen, Costa, Sullivan, Lantz, Cole, Wolfe, Sheldon, O’Brien and Scott
AN ACT Relating to youth job training and work force preparation; amending RCW 50.72.010, 50.72.020, 50.72.030, 50.72.040, 50.72.050, 50.72.070, and 43.185.070; adding a new section to chapter 50.72 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28C.18 RCW; repealing RCW 50.67.030; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1547 by Representatives Skinner, Clements and Honeyford; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to the taxation of membership sales in discount programs; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1548 by Representative Koster

AN ACT Relating to the creation of Freedom county, subject to the requirements of the state Constitution and statutes in respect to the establishment of new counties; amending RCW 36.04.310 and 36.04.040; adding a new section to chapter 36.04 RCW; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1549 by Representatives H. Sommers, Reams, Scott, B. Thomas, Dunshee, Gombosky, Cooper, Chopp, Conway, Costa, Lantz, Cole, O'Brien and Mason

AN ACT Relating to reducing property tax assessments in response to government restrictions; amending RCW 84.69.020; and adding a new section to chapter 84.40 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1550 by Representatives Doumit, Ballasiotes, Hatfield, Pennington, Kessler, Tokuda, Carlson, Ogden, Romero and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to disability retirement benefits resulting from criminal conduct; adding a new section to chapter 41.26 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.40 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1551 by Representatives Mason, Carlson, Radcliff, Kenney, Cooper, Conway, Costa, Sullivan, Wolfe, Scott, O'Brien and Wood

AN ACT Relating to higher education fiscal flexibility; and amending RCW 28B.15.740.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1552 by Representatives Sherstad, Mulliken, Koster, Cairnes, D. Sommers, Cooke, Smith, Boldt, Mielke, Delvin, McMorris and Thompson

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1553** by Representatives Skinner, Hankins, Murray, Fisher, Mielke, O'Brien, Mitchell, Constantine, Mastin, Cooper, Chopp, Blalock, H. Sommers, Conway, Mason, Wood and Scott

AN ACT Relating to city and town transportation funding; amending RCW 84.52.010, 84.52.043, 82.80.020, 82.80.060, 82.80.070, 82.80.080, and 41.16.060; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; creating new sections; and repealing RCW 82.80.050.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1554** by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Backlund and Sherstad; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

AN ACT Relating to recovery of the costs of long-term medical care paid by the department of social and health services; amending RCW 43.20B.080, 74.34.010, and 74.39A.170; adding a new section to chapter 43.20B RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 74.34 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 1555** by Representatives Pennington, Ballasiotes, Costa, Sheahan, Lantz, Tokuda, McDonald, Cooper, Blalock, Conway, Cole, O'Brien, Mason and Wood

AN ACT Relating to bicycle safety; amending RCW 46.61.750, 28A.220.050, 46.20.095, 46.82.430, and 46.83.040; adding a new section to chapter 46.61 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 46.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.70 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 5.40 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1556** by Representatives Keiser, Radcliff, Romero, Cooper, Cole, Butler, Veloria, Conway, Carlson, Hatfield, Chopp, Blalock, Kenney, Poulsen, Costa, Regala, Wolfe, O'Brien, Mason and Scott

AN ACT Relating to employment policies to allow employees to attend school conferences and meetings; and adding a new section to chapter 49.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1557** by Representatives Buck, Linville, Crouse, Kastama, Hankins, Grant, Lisk, Doumit, Hatfield, Johnson and Regala

AN ACT Relating to taxation of property improvements used for fish and wildlife habitat restoration and protection and water quantity and quality improvement programs; amending RCW 84.40.030; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**HB 1558** by Representatives Zellinsky, Dyer, Lantz and K. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to inspections by local health officers; and adding a new section to chapter 70.05 RCW.
Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1559 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to making technical changes by deleting references to the former judicial council; amending RCW 1.08.025, 2.56.030, 3.34.020, 7.75.020, 10.101.020, 13.34.102, 26.12.177, and 36.22.210; reenacting and amending RCW 43.10.067; and repealing RCW 2.56.035 and 13.70.005.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1560 by Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe, Smith, Benson and Mason


Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1561 by Representatives Cody, Veloria, Dickerson and Costa

AN ACT Relating to the provision of services by dental hygienists; amending RCW 18.29.021, 18.29.045, 18.29.060, 18.29.071, 18.29.100, 18.29.110, 18.29.120, 18.29.130, 18.29.140, 18.29.150, 18.29.160, 18.29.180, 18.29.190, and 18.29.210; adding new sections to chapter 18.29 RCW; repealing RCW 18.29.050 and 18.29.056; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1562 by Representatives Smith, Carrell, Talcott, Sheahan, Mielke, McMorris and Koster

AN ACT Relating to the rights of correctional officers employed by the department of corrections; and amending RCW 9.41.050 and 9.41.060.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1563 by Representatives Smith, Koster, Dunn, Sherstad, Carrell, Zellinsky, D. Sommers, L. Thomas, B. Thomas, Hickel, Talcott, Bush, Wensman and Scott
AN ACT Relating to requiring voters to show identification when voting at polling places; and amending RCW 29.51.060 and 29.10.125.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1564 by Representatives Mielke, Pennington, Talcott and Cole

AN ACT Relating to conducting elections with the use of absentee ballots and mailed ballots; and amending RCW 29.36.045, 29.36.060, 29.62.020, and 29.62.040.

HB 1565 by Representatives Mielke, Pennington, Carrell, Mulliken, Thompson and Cairnes

AN ACT Relating to small scale prospecting and mining; amending RCW 75.20.100; adding a new section to chapter 75.20 RCW; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1566 by Representatives Hatfield, Cairnes and Costa; by request of Washington State Patrol

AN ACT Relating to accident reports; and amending RCW 46.52.030.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1567 by Representatives K. Schmidt and Scott; by request of Washington State Patrol

AN ACT Relating to the delegation of authority by the chief of the Washington state patrol; and amending RCW 43.43.020, 43.43.040, 43.43.060, 43.43.070, 43.43.080, 43.43.090, 43.43.100, 43.43.370, 43.43.550, 43.43.650, and 43.43.710.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1568 by Representatives Zellinsky and Fisher; by request of Washington State Patrol

AN ACT Relating to restricting the distance a vehicle may travel in a two-way left turn lane; and reenacting and amending RCW 46.61.290.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1569 by Representatives Thompson, Mulliken, Pennington, Cairnes, Van Luven, Schoesler, L. Thomas, Sherstad, Koster, Boldt and Johnson

AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions for labor on construction and remodeling on real property; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1570 by Representatives Sherstad, L. Thomas, Mielke, Smith, Cairnes, Dunn, Thompson, McMorris, Crouse and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to disclosure for transfers of new residential construction; and amending RCW 64.06.010.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.
HB 1571 by Representatives Sherstad, Dunn, Cairnes and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to enforcement of the state building code as it relates to single-family and multifamily residential buildings; amending RCW 19.27.015 and 19.27.040; reenacting and amending RCW 19.27.060; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1572 by Representatives Reams, Romero, Wolfe, Sullivan and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to quieting title; and amending RCW 7.28.090.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1573 by Representatives Dunn, Ogden, Carlson, Mason, Radcliff, Kenney, Cole, Wolfe, Van Luyen, Sheldon, O’Brien, D. Schmidt, Alexander, Mielke, Cooke, Boldt, Keiser, Costa and Cooper

AN ACT Relating to authorizing educational agencies to rent, sell, or transfer assistive technology for the benefit of individuals with disabilities and authorizing the creation of interagency cooperative agreements for the purpose of providing assistive technology for children with disabilities; amending RCW 28A.335.180; adding a new section to chapter 28A.335 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.155 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

January 28, 1997

HB 1059 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Merging the health professions account and the medical disciplinary account. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad and Wood.

Excused: Representative Zellinsky.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 28, 1997

HB 1077 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Specifying the official forms of establishing proof of identity. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheetah, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, January 31, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
EIGHTEENTH DAY, JANUARY 30, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

NINETEENTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, January 31, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

January 31, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5212,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE
The Honorable Speaker of the House of Representatives  
Legislature of the State of Washington  
Olympia Washington

Mr. Speaker:

On January 13, 1997, this office certified that we had begun the signature checking process on Initiative to the Legislature #192 which was originally filed with this office on April 4, 1996.

We have completed a canvass of 58,883 signatures out of 188,967 signatures submitted in support of this measure. Of the number canvassed, we have determined that 49,380 were signatures of legal voters, 9,503 were either not registered, illegible or were multiple signatures.

Article II, section 1A of the State Constitution establishes the minimum number of acceptable signatures in order to qualify an initiative measure for the ballot as eight percent of the total votes cast for the office of Governor, or 181,667 signatures. The total number of invalid signatures permissible on Initiative Measure #192, therefore is 7,300 (188,967 - 181,667).

Since the total number of invalid signatures discovered during the canvassing procedure was 9,503, which exceeds the permissible number, we have terminated the signature checking process and we are unable to certify the measure to you for your consideration.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand and affixed the Seal of the State of Washington this 29th day of January, 1997.

(RALPH MUNRO, Secretary of State)

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1574 by Representatives Mason, Radcliff, Carlson, Dunn, Cooper, Conway, Tokuda, Kenney, Doumit, Quall, Sheahan, Hatfield, Blalock, Dickerson, Scott, O’ Brien, Costa, Cody and Regala

AN ACT Relating to financial aid portability; amending RCW 28B.10.790 and 28B.10.802; adding a new section to chapter 28B.10 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28B.80 RCW; creating a new section; and providing expiration dates.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1575 by Representatives Sherstad, Koster, Mulliken, Thompson, Ballasiotes, Lambert, Hickel, Sheahan, Reams and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to a model ordinance for cities, towns, and counties for the regulation of live adult entertainment establishments; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1576 by Representatives Sherstad, Cairnes, Mulliken, Reams, Koster, Mielke, Dunn, McMorris, Pennington, Sheahan and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to buildable lands; amending RCW 43.62.035; and adding a new chapter to Title 36 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.
HB 1577 by Representatives Mulliken, Sheldon, Cairnes, L. Thomas, Reams, Sherstad, Mielke, Smith, Koster, McMorris, Dunn, Thompson, Bush, Pennington, Sheahan and Robertson

AN ACT Relating to land division; and amending RCW 58.17.020 and 58.17.060.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1578 by Representatives H. Sommers, McMorris, Lisk, Scott, Cole, Clements, Gombosky, Honeyford, Schoesler, Ballasiotes, Cody, Conway, Carlson, Kenney, Ogden, Chopp, Hatfield, Sheahan, Sterk, Wood, Romero, Tokuda, Blalock, Dickerson, O’Brien, Sheldon, Cooper and Gardner

AN ACT Relating to the regulation of liquor sales in designated restricted liquor zones; amending RCW 66.24.010, 66.24.360, and 66.24.370; adding new sections to chapter 66.24 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1579 by Representatives Boldt, Dunn, Pennington, Honeyford and Lisk

AN ACT Relating to the Columbia River Gorge commission; and amending RCW 43.97.015.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1580 by Representatives Regala, Cooke, Conway, Schoesler, Grant, Tokuda, Skinner, Benson, Chopp, Veloria, Van Luven, Blalock, Hatfield, Wood, O’Brien, Ogden and Constantine

AN ACT Relating to community gardens; creating a new section; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1581 by Representatives Sterk, Quall, Cooper, Hatfield, Kastama, Talcott, Robertson, D. Schmidt, Sump, Mulliken, Johnson, Smith, Crouse, Boldt, Dunn, Sheahan, Schoesler, Carrell, Thompson, Honeyford, Bush, Keiser, Kessler and Morris

AN ACT Relating to schools; amending RCW 13.40.160, 13.40.215, 28A.225.225, 28A.600.010, and 28A.600.420; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1582 by Representatives Schoesler, Carlson, Butler, Mason, Kenney and Radcliff

AN ACT Relating to police forces at institutions of higher education; and amending RCW 28B.10.550.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1583 by Representatives Blalock, Conway, Cooper, Keiser, Morris, Wood, Gombosky, Dunshee, Mason, Veloria, Butler, Dickerson, Kenney, Tokuda, O’Brien, Linville and Constantine
AN ACT Relating to discharge of employees; and adding a new section to chapter 49.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1584 by Representatives Sherstad, Zellinsky, Dyer, Skinner, Backlund and Johnson

AN ACT Relating to school district employee benefits; and amending RCW 28A.400.270.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1585 by Representatives Huff, L. Thomas, Clements, H. Sommers, Wolfe and Carlson; by request of State Investment Board

AN ACT Relating to the operation of the state investment board; amending RCW 43.33A.030; and adding a new section to chapter 43.33A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1586 by Representatives Huff, L. Thomas, Clements, H. Sommers, Wolfe and Carlson; by request of State Investment Board

AN ACT Relating to the operation of the state investment board; and adding new sections to chapter 43.33A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1587 by Representatives Lantz, McDonald, Cody, Skinner, Mason, H. Sommers, Ogden, Sheahan, Bush, Blalock, Dickerson, Conway, O'Brien, Linville, Keiser, Costa, Kessler, Kenney, Regala and Cooper

AN ACT Relating to sexual exploitation of minors; amending RCW 9.68A.040; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1588 by Representatives Mulliken, Dickerson, Kastama, Thompson, Boldt, Clements, Romero, Mason, Conway, Blalock, Hatfield, Scott, O'Brien, Costa, Ogden, Dunn, Kessler, Kenney and Cooper

AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions for hearing instruments; amending RCW 82.08.0283 and 82.12.0277; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1589 by Representatives Robertson, Costa, Radcliff, Cody, Scott, Cole, Skinner, Lantz, Constantine, Delvin, K. Schmidt, Murray, Hankins, Blalock, Hatfield, Wensman, O'Brien, Linville, Cooke, Ogden, Sheldon, Kessler and Kenney

AN ACT Relating to crime victim rights; amending RCW 7.69.030; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1590 by Representatives Dyer and Backlund
AN ACT Relating to the definition of health plan; amending RCW 48.43.005; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1591 by Representatives Reams, Mulliken, Sherstad, Cairnes and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to local project review; and amending RCW 36.70B.110.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1592 by Representatives Bush, Kastama, Mulliken, Regala, K. Schmidt, McDonald, Lantz, Robertson, Chandler, Poulsen, Talcott, Backlund, McMorris, Thompson, O’Brien, Linville, Dunn and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions for small water districts and systems; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.16 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1593 by Representatives Scott, Zellinsky and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to solid waste route collection vehicles; and amending RCW 46.61.660.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1594 by Representatives Zellinsky, Scott and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to garbage and recycling trucks; and amending RCW 46.44.034.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1595 by Representatives Wolfe, Cody, Mason, Dunn, Kenney, Butler, Costa, Cooper, Blalock, Dickerson, Conway, Scott, Wood, O’Brien, Keiser, Romero, Regala, Constantine and Gardner

AN ACT Relating to insurer discrimination against victims of abuse; adding a new section to chapter 48.30 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1596 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunshee, Gardner, L. Thomas and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to state-issued solid waste collection certificates in cities and towns; amending RCW 35.02.160, 35.13.280, and 35A.14.900; and adding a new section to chapter 81.77 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1597 by Representatives Delvin, Grant, Schoesler, Hankins, Mastin and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to exempting unassisted self-service motor vehicle wash, wax, and vacuum services rendered through coin-operated devices from sales and use taxes; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.
Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1598** by Representatives Sterk, Johnson, Talcott and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting the use of certain psychological techniques in the classroom; adding new sections to chapter 28A.150 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1599** by Representatives L. Thomas, Zellinsky, Wolfe, Wensman, Keiser and Benson

AN ACT Relating to mandatory offering of personal injury protection insurance; and repealing RCW 48.22.005, 48.22.085, 48.22.090, 48.22.095, 48.22.100, and 48.22.105.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

**HJR 4208** by Representatives Wensman, B. Thomas, H. Sommers, Talcott, Cole, Regala, Constantine, Ballasiotes, Radcliff, D. Schmidt, Carlson, Clements, Dyer, Bush, Johnson, Cairnes, Quall, Morris, Keiser, Linville, Sterk, Dunn, Blalock, Hatfield, Dickerson, Conway, Thompson, Scott, Wood, O’Brien, Backlund, Cooke, Costa, Ogden, Cody, Kessler, Kenney, Cooper and Gardner

Allowing school levies for four-year periods.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**ESSB 5212** by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Hale, Zarelli, Johnson, McDonald, McCaslin, Deccio, West, Schow, Horn, Strannigan, Hochstatter, Benton, Sellar, Anderson and Oke)

AN ACT Relating to limiting property taxes by reducing the one hundred six percent limit calculation and allowing for valuation increases to be spread over time.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

There being no objection, the bills and resolutions listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

**REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES**

January 29, 1997

**HB 1013** Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Facilitating smoother flow of traffic. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Chandler.
HB 1023  Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Clarifying qualifications for commuter ride sharing.  Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget  

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Chandler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 29, 1997

HB 1072  Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Regulating interception of communications.  Reported by Committee on Law & Justice  

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff and Sherstad.

Excused: Representative Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 29, 1997

HB 1186  Prime Sponsor, Representative Hickel: Changing duties for aiding injured persons and the penalties for second degree murder.  Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections  

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Benson, Quall, O'Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representative Koster.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 29, 1997

HB 1205  Prime Sponsor, Representative Lambert: Prohibiting specified sex offenses against children.  Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff and Sherstad.

Excused: Representative Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 29, 1997

HB 1238 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Authorizing appellate judges to be appointed as pro tempore judges to complete pending business at the end of their terms of office. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff and Sherstad.

Excused: Representative Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 29, 1997

HB 1248 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Allowing facsimile filings with the secretary of state’s office. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 29, 1997

HB 1249 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Streamlining registration and licensing of businesses. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1250 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wensman: Regulating trademarks. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1251 Prime Sponsor, Representative Parlette: Clarifying naming conventions for corporations and units of government. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1253 Prime Sponsor, Representative Parlette: Regulating naming of businesses. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of the following bills which were then placed on the second reading calendar for Monday, February 3, 1997, the Twenty-second Legislative Day: House Bill No. 1002, House Bill No. 1003, House Bill No. 1007, House Bill No. 1012, House Bill No. 1016, House Bill No. 1019, House Bill No. 1038, House Bill No. 1060, House Bill No. 1065, House Bill No. 1067, House Bill No. 1082, House Bill No. 1087, House Bill No. 1092 and House Bill No. 1093.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, February 3, 1997.
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Committee Report 6
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Committee Report 7
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Committee Report 7
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Other Action 10
Committee Report 7
Committee Report 7
Committee Report 8
Committee Report 8
Committee Report 8
Committee Report 9
Committee Report 9
Committee Report 9
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (REPRESENTATIVE PENNINGTON PRESIDING)
Message - Secretary of State, Initiative 192 1
NINETEENTH DAY, JANUARY 31, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
TWENTY-SECOND DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, February 3, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Erich Davis and Luke Williams. Prayer was offered by Representative Val Ogden.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1600 by Representatives Sheldon and Buck

AN ACT Relating to surface mining; and amending RCW 78.44.081, 78.44.091, and 78.44.151.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1601 by Representatives McMorris, Dyer and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to benefits for occupational disease; and amending RCW 51.28.055.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1602 by Representatives Schoesler, Huff, Lisk, Chandler, Clements and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to information on household hazardous waste or consumer product substitutes; and adding a new section to chapter 49.70 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1603 by Representatives Clements, McMorris, Honeyford, L. Thomas, Mielke and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to residential real property transfers; adding a new section to chapter 64.06 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1604 by Representatives Cairnes, O'Brien, Radcliff, Hankins, Mielke, K. Schmidt, Fisher, Mitchell, Skinner, Johnson, Hatfield, Buck and Clements

AN ACT Relating to limousine advertising; and amending RCW 46.72A.080.
HB 1605 by Representatives Radcliff, Ballasiotes, Quall, Dunn and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to disclosure of information concerning diseases; amending RCW 70.24.105 and 70.24.340; adding a new section to chapter 72.09 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.48 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1606 by Representatives Carlson, Johnson, Linville, Cole and Keiser

AN ACT Relating to education; and amending RCW 28A.150.410.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1607 by Representatives McMorris, Thompson, Dyer, Sheldon, Boldt, Honeyford, Lisk, Clements, Mulliken and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to determination of benefits for permanent partial disability by industrial insurance self-insurers; and amending RCW 51.32.055.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1608 by Representatives Cody, Dickerson, Wood, Ogden, Conway, Costa, Tokuda, Butler and Cole

AN ACT Relating to medicare supplemental insurance policies; and adding a new section to chapter 48.66 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1609 by Representatives Mastin, Poulsen, Hankins and Kessler; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

AN ACT Relating to low-level radioactive waste disposal sites; and amending RCW 81.108.050.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1610 by Representatives DeBolt, Poulsen, Mastin, Hankins and Kessler; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

AN ACT Relating to exempting regulated utilities from seeking commission preapproval of some short-term notes having a maturity of twelve or fewer months; and adding a new section to chapter 80.08 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1611 by Representatives DeBolt, Poulsen, Mastin, Hankins and Kessler; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

AN ACT Relating to reducing the time required for public notice of telecommunications rate reductions; and reenacting and amending RCW 80.36.110.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.
HB 1612 by Representatives Koster, O'Brien, Thompson, Dunshee, D. Schmidt, Kenney, Costa, Cooper, Backlund and Cole

AN ACT Relating to construction of certain highway projects under a design-build procedure; creating a new section; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1613 by Representatives Chandler and Regala

AN ACT Relating to funding of a state biosolids management program; amending RCW 90.48.465; and adding a new section to chapter 70.95J RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1614 by Representatives Alexander, Regala, Sump and Keiser; by request of Parks and Recreation Commission

AN ACT Relating to the state parks and recreation commission fiscal matters; amending RCW 43.51.050, 43.51.052, 43.51.090, 43.51.685, and 70.88.070; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1615 by Representatives Alexander, Regala and Sump; by request of Parks and Recreation Commission

AN ACT Relating to offenses committed in state parks or parkways; amending RCW 43.51.180; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1616 by Representatives Cooke, Tokuda, Dyer, Cody, Sheahan, Regala, Talcott, Skinner, Murray, Carrell, Gombosky, Ogden, Carlson, Dickerson, Wood, Conway, Anderson, Costa, Cooper, Butler, Cole and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to healthy children and families; amending RCW 74.09.790; adding a new section to chapter 74.09 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1617 by Representatives McMorris, Mulliken, L. Thomas, Honeyford, Mielke, Boldt, Conway, Dunn and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to a performance audit of the department of labor and industries' claims administration; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1618 by Representatives Skinner, Dyer, Conway, Zellinsky, Cody, Backlund, Parlette and Clements

AN ACT Relating to treatment programs for impaired physicians; and amending RCW 18.71.0195, 18.71.300, 18.71.310, 18.71.320, 18.71.330, 18.71.340, 18.71.410, 18.71.420, 18.130.070, 18.130.080, 18.130.175, and 18.130.300.
HB 1619 by Representatives Zellinsky, Dyer, Cody, Skinner, Parlette, Sherstad and Clements

AN ACT Relating to compensation for members of medical boards; and amending RCW 18.71.015 and 18.57.003.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1620 by Representatives Dyer, Zellinsky, Cody, Skinner, Backlund and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to abrogating the corporate practice of medicine doctrine; amending RCW 18.100.040, 18.100.050, 25.04.720, 18.100.050, and 25.04.720; reenacting and amending RCW 25.15.045 and 25.15.045; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1621 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Dickerson, Wood, Ogden, Keiser, Constantine, Costa, Tokuda, Cole and O'Brien; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to the processing of absentee ballots; amending RCW 29.36.060; and adding new sections to chapter 29.36 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.


AN ACT Relating to the Hispanic American endowed scholarship program; and adding a new chapter to Title 28B RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1623 by Representatives Zellinsky, Schoesler, Dyer, Conway, Dunshee, Cooke, Mulliken, Romero, Kessler, Sheldon, Talcott, Kastama, Costa, Koster, Buck, Scott, Johnson and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to insurance coverage of pharmacy services; adding new sections to chapter 48.43 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1624 by Representatives Thompson, Dunn, Mulliken, Mielke and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to defining wetlands for growth management purposes; and amending RCW 36.70A.030.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1625 by Representatives Thompson, Sump, Pennington, Mulliken, Mielke, Boldt, Schoesler and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to county legislative authority confirmation of growth management hearings board members; and amending RCW 36.70A.260.
Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1626 by Representatives Huff and H. Sommers; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to fiscal matters; making appropriations and authorizing expenditures for the operations of state agencies for the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1999; amending RCW 43.08.250; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1627 by Representatives Huff and H. Sommers; by request of Office of Financial Management


Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1628 by Representatives Boldt, Koster, Sheahan, McMorris, Crouse, D. Sommers, Lambert, Dunn, Mulliken, Smith, Johnson, D. Schmidt, Bush, Schoesler and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to abstinence education; adding a new section to chapter 70.58 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 70 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1629 by Representatives Cooke and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to public assistance for legal immigrants; adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1630 by Representatives DeBolt, Sheldon, Alexander, Pennington, Mielke, Thompson, McMorris and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to transfer of state forest lands Backlund to counties; and adding a new section to chapter 76.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1631 by Representatives Costa, Kenney, Dickerson, Ogden, Mason, Regala and Lantz; by request of Washington Uniform Legislation Commission


Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.
HB 1632 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Reams, Kenney, Blalock, Dickerson, Wood, Ogden, Costa, Dunn, Tokuda, Butler and Cole; by request of Attorney General

AN ACT Relating to training for state investigators; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1633 by Representatives Cooke, Schoesler, Anderson, Dunshee, Grant, Romero, Kessler, Carrell, Talcott, Sheldon, Kastama, Costa, Buck, Koster, Scott, Zellinsky, Johnson, Keiser and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to fairness in drug manufacturer pricing; adding a new chapter to Title 69 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HJM 4009 by Representatives Sherstad, Backlund, Cody, Thompson, O'Brien, D. Schmidt, Lambert and Skinner

Expediting the FDA’s approval of new products.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HJR 4209 by Representatives Chandler, Regala and Mulliken

Authorizing public money derived from the sale of stormwater or sewer services to be used in financing stormwater and sewer conservation and efficiency measures.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HCR 4403 by Representatives Carlson, Conway, Kenney, Dickerson, Ogden, Keiser, Radcliff, Mason, Regala, Costa, Lantz, Cooper, Tokuda and Butler

Approving the recommendations of the 1996 update of the Work Force Training and Education Coordinating Board’s comprehensive plan.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

There being no objection, the bills, memorial and resolutions listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

MOTION

Representative Lisk moved that House Bill No. 1562 be referred to the Committee on Criminal Justice and Corrections.

Representative Chopp moved to amend Representative Lisk’s motion to send House Bill No. 1562 to the Committee on Law and Justice.

Representative Chopp spoke in favor of the amendment. Representative Lisk spoke against the amendment.

Representative Chopp’s motion to amend Representative Lisk’s motion was not adopted.

Representative Lisk’s motion was adopted.
REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

HB 1008 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Standardizing issuance of license plates. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1030 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Increasing offender scoring while under supervision. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Hickel; Mitchell and Robertson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dickerson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O'Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Hickel, Mitchell and Robertson.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dickerson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1046 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Requiring personal flotation devices for children on certain recreational vessels. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1054 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Referencing the prior fiscal period rather than biennia for refunds and recoveries to the state educational trust fund. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

January 29, 1997

January 31, 1997

January 31, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.


HB 1066  Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Providing for the maintenance of state facilities. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.


Excused: Representative Ogden.


HB 1090  Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Providing vehicle owners’ names and addresses to commercial parking companies. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Cairnes; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Chandler.


HB 1096  Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Concerning the payment and recovery of fees. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1097 Prime Sponsor, Representative Costa: Revising requirements for publication of notice in dependency cases. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1127 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Requiring integrated pest management. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1162 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Providing for delegation of lien and subrogation rights to medical health care systems by contract. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1168 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Revising restrictions on legislators’ newsletters. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representatives Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1181 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Taking judicial notice of radar evidence. Reported by
Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1189 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Making the moratorium on oil and gas
exploration and production off the Washington coast permanent. Reported by
Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1240 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Allowing an elected official to prepare and send
guest editorials or columns that include arguments for or against ballot propositions if
the editorial or column is requested by a newspaper. Reported by Committee on
Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representatives Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1241 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Limiting political activities of citizen members of
the legislative ethics board. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 31, 1997

HB 1254 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Prohibiting destruction of driving records for alcohol or drug-related offenses. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 30, 1997

HB 1310 Prime Sponsor, Representative Smith: Allowing the pollution liability insurance program trust account to retain the interest on its fund. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Voting Yea: Representatives L. Thomas, Zellinsky, Smith, Grant, Benson, Constantine, DeBolt, Keiser, Sullivan and Wensman.

Voting Nay: Representative Wolfe

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Quall was excused.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the third order of business.

MESSAGE FROM THE SECRETARY OF STATE

The Honorable Clyde Ballard
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Legislature of the State of Washington
Olympia Washington 98504

Dear Speaker Ballard:
We respectfully transmit for your consideration the following bills which were vetoed by the Governor, together with the official vote message setting forth his objections to the bills, as required by Article III, section 12, of the Washington State Constitution:

Substitute House Bill No. 2394;
Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2406;
Substitute House Bill No. 2447;
House Bill No. 2604;
Substitute House Bill No. 2634;
Substitute House Bill No. 2690;
Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2695;
House Bill No. 2790;
House Bill No. 2932;
Substitute House Bill No. 2936.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the State of Washington this 13th day of January, 1997.
(SEAL) Ralph Munro, Secretary of State

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2447
Passed Legislature - 1996 Regular Session

By House Committee on Finance (originally sponsored by Representatives Robertson, Cairnes, L. Thomas, Silver, Mulliken and Carrell)

Read first time 02/06/96.

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax exemptions for wholesale transactions involving motor vehicles at auctions; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows: This chapter shall not apply to amounts received from the sale of motor vehicles at wholesale auctions purchased by dealers licensed under chapter 46.70 RCW or dealers licensed by any other state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

Passed by the House February 10, 1996 Yeas 90 Nays 6
Passed by the Senate March 7, 1996 Yeas 48 Nays 1

VETO MESSAGE ON HB 2447-S

March 30, 1996
To the Honorable Speaker and Members,
The House of Representatives of the State of Washington
Ladies and Gentlemen:

I am returning herewith, without my approval, Substitute House Bill No. 2447 entitled:

"AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax exemptions for wholesale transactions involving motor vehicles at auctions;"
Substitute House Bill No. 2447 creates a new business and occupation tax exemption for
proceeds from the sale of automobiles at a wholesale car auction.
Substitute House Bill No. 2447 would benefit only a few taxpayers, primarily large automobile
companies that dispose of vehicles at wholesale auctions and the auction houses that sell them. This
exemption would neither create nor preserve a significant number of permanent jobs in our state.
Moreover, Substitute House Bill No. 2447 sets a precedent for other businesses to seek similar
exemptions to relieve them of business and occupation taxes on the auction of construction equipment
or other goods. I cannot approve of this variation in general revenue policy.
For these reasons, I have vetoed Substitute House Bill No. 2447 in its entirety.

Respectfully submitted,

Mike Lowry
Governor

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION
Representative Robertson moved that Substitute House Bill No. 2447 pass the House
notwithstanding the veto of the Governor.

Representatives Robertson and Keiser spoke in favor of the motion.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be that Substitute House Bill No. 2447
pass the House notwithstanding the veto of the Governor.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll that Substitute House Bill No. 2447 pass the House notwithstanding
the veto of the Governor and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 5,
Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements,
Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee,
Dyer, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Kastama,
Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason, Mastin, McDonald,
McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, O'Brien, Ogden, Parlette, Pennington, Poulsen,
Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin,
Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sommers, H., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump,
Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood,
Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 92.
Voting nay: Representatives Cody, Cole, Dickerson, Fisher and Murray - 5.
Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 2447 passed the House notwithstanding the Governor’s veto.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING
HOUSE BILL NO. 1002, by Representatives L. Thomas, Dyer and Mielke
Clarifying submission of insurance antifraud plans.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1002.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1002 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

House Bill No. 1002, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Redefining "special assessment" for the purposes of tax deferrals for senior citizens and disabled persons.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1003 was substituted for House Bill No. 1003 and the substitute bill was advanced to second reading.

Substitute House Bill No. 1003 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Pennington and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1003.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1003 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1003, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1007, by Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe; by request of Pollution Liability Insurance Agency

Expanding the duties of the director of the Washington state pollution liability insurance agency.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, the Substitute House Bill No. 1007 was substituted for House Bill No. 1007 and the substitute bill was advanced to second reading.

Substitute House Bill No. 1007 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1007.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1007 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1007, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1012, by Representatives Cairnes, Skinner, Hankins, Robertson, Chandler, Mitchell, B. Thomas, L. Thomas, Cooke and Mielke

Authorizing highway bonds.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cairnes and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1012.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1012 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

House Bill No. 1012, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1016, by Representatives Schoesler, Honeyford, McMorris, Carlson, Boldt, Mason, Sheahan, Buck, Ogden, Huff, Grant, Chandler and Clements; by request of Washington State University

Transferring property to Washington State University Lind dryland research unit.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1016 was substituted for House Bill No. 1016 and the substitute bill was advanced to second reading.

Substitute House Bill No. 1016 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Schoesler and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1016.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1016 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1016, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1019, by Representatives Honeyford, Ogden, D. Sommers and Mason; by request of Public Works Board

Implementing the public works board's recommendations for project loans.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1019.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1019 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

House Bill No. 1019, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1038, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott and D. Sommers

Providing procedural requirements for recording documents in the office of the county auditor.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1038.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1038 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

House Bill No. 1038, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1060, by Representatives Sehlin, Ogden, Hankins, Grant, Keiser, Scott, Dickerson, Cole, Conway, Quall, Lantz, Cody, Murray, Costa, Morris, Linville, Anderson and Chopp; by request of Interagency Committee for Outdoor Recreation


The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1060 was substituted for House Bill No. 1060 and the substitute bill was advanced to second reading.

Substitute House Bill No. 1060 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sehlin and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1060.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1060 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1060, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1065, by Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe and Mason; by request of Insurance Commissioner

Filing certain insurance related corporate documents.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1065 was substituted for House Bill No. 1065 and the substitute bill was advanced to second reading.

Substitute House Bill No. 1065 was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1065.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1065 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Smith - 1.

Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1065, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1067, by Representatives Sterk, Thompson, Costa, Sheahan, Sherstad, Smith, Mielke and O'Brien

Extending the time limits for commencing a prosecution for certain traffic crimes where a death results.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1067.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1067 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

House Bill No. 1067, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1082, by Representatives McDonald and Sheahan

Extending authority to cite for contempt of court.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative McDonald spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1082.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1082 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

House Bill No. 1082, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

On motion by Representation Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Tuesday, February 4, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
Second Reading 14
Third Reading Final Passage 15

Second Reading 15

Second Reading 15 (Sub)
Second Reading 15
Third Reading Final Passage 16

Second Reading 16

Second Reading 16 (Sub)
Second Reading 16
Third Reading Final Passage 16

Committee Report 7

Second Reading 16
Third Reading Final Passage 17

Second Reading 17

Second Reading 17 (Sub)
Second Reading 17
Third Reading Final Passage 18

Second Reading 18
Third Reading Final Passage 18

Committee Report 7

Second Reading 18
Third Reading Final Passage 19

Committee Report 8

Committee Report 8

Second Reading 19

Second Reading 19 (Sub)
Second Reading 19
Third Reading Final Passage 20

Second Reading 20

Second Reading 20 (Sub)
Second Reading 20
Third Reading Final Passage 20

Committee Report 8

Second Reading 20
Third Reading Final Passage 21

Second Reading 21
Third Reading Final Passage 21

Committee Report 9

Committee Report 9
Committee Report 9
Committee Report 9
Committee Report 10
Committee Report 10
Committee Report 10
Committee Report 11
Committee Report 11
Committee Report 11
Committee Report 11
Committee Report 12
Other Action 7
Intro & 1st Reading 1
Intro & 1st Reading 1
Intro & 1st Reading 1
Intro & 1st Reading 1
Intro & 1st Reading 1
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Intro & 1st Reading 3
Intro & 1st Reading 3
Intro & 1st Reading 3
Intro & 1st Reading 3
Intro & 1st Reading 3
Intro & 1st Reading 3
The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1634 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Dunshee, Dunn and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to local government financial obligations; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.01 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 53.36 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1635 by Representatives Costa, Lantz, Ogden and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to collection of spousal maintenance; adding a new section to chapter 26.18 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1636 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Tokuda, Keiser, Ogden and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to the crime of harassment; and amending RCW 9A.46.020.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1637 by Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes, Dickerson, Keiser, Wood, Ogden, Blalock, Cooke and Scott

AN ACT Relating to teen court programs; reenacting and amending RCW 13.40.020; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1638 by Representative Kessler; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to an absentee ballot request; and amending RCW 29.36.010 and 29.36.035.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1639 by Representatives Costa, Robertson, Cooper and Scott

AN ACT Relating to accident reports; and amending RCW 46.52.080.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1640 by Representatives Costa, Cooper, Keiser, Wood, Ogden and Kenney

AN ACT Relating to mobile home parks; adding a new section to chapter 59.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 59.22 RCW; creating a new section; and making appropriations.
HB 1641 by Representatives Dunn, D. Sommers, Scott, Wolfe, D. Schmidt, Wensman and Reams

AN ACT Relating to conforming the authority for water system development charges with a city’s authority; and amending RCW 57.08.005.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1642 by Representatives D. Sommers, Scott, Wolfe, D. Schmidt, Wensman and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to bid requirements for water-sewer districts; and reenacting and amending RCW 57.08.050.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1643 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, D. Sommers, Wolfe and Reams

AN ACT Relating to voter approval of city assumption of a water or sewer district; amending RCW 35.13A.020, 35.13A.030, and 35.13A.040; and adding a new section to chapter 35.13A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1644 by Representatives Reams, Scott and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to the role of special districts in growth management planning; and amending RCW 36.70A.030, 36.70A.110, 36.70A.150, 36.70A.210, and 36.70A.350.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1645 by Representatives Wensman, Scott, Wolfe, D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Dunn and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to using population projections in determining adequacy of water supply; and amending RCW 43.62.035.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1646 by Representatives Quall, Ballasiotes, Dickerson and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to the indeterminate sentence review board; and amending RCW 9.95.0011 and 9.95.003.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1647 by Representatives Radcliffe, Van Luven, Mason, Carlson, Veloria, Morris, Ogden, Kenney and Costa

AN ACT Relating to higher education; amending RCW 28B.15.012 and 28B.15.725; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1648 by Representatives Honeyford, Sheahan, Skinner, Clements, H. Sommers, Boldt, Delvin and Sullivan
AN ACT Relating to declaring buildings used for criminal street gang activity to be a nuisance; adding a new chapter to Title 7 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1649 by Representatives Cairnes, Mulliken, Sherstad, Koster, Boldt, Skinner, Clements, Mielke, Radcliff, Dunn and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to growth management; amending RCW 36.70A.010, 36.70A.020, 36.70A.030, 36.70A.050, 36.70A.060, 36.70A.070, 36.70A.110, 36.70A.130, 36.70A.160, 36.70A.210, 36.70A.370, 76.09.050, 36.70B.010, 36.70B.020, 36.70B.040, 36.70B.060, 36.70B.070, 36.70B.090, 36.70B.110, 36.70B.120, 36.70B.130, 36.70B.140, and 36.70B.160; amending 1995 c 347 s 433 (uncodified); adding new sections to chapter 36.70A RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 36.70B.030 and 36.70B.080; repealing 1995 c 347 s 411 (uncodified); and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1650 by Representatives Cairnes, Cole, O'Brien, Keiser, Blalock, Dickerson, Sullivan, Quall, Hickel, Mitchell and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to schools with special standards; and amending RCW 28A.320.140.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1651 by Representatives Scott, Costa, Conway and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to the sale of malt liquor in kegs; and amending RCW 66.24.400, 66.28.200, and 66.28.220.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1652 by Representatives Crouse, Pennington, Morris, Kessler, DeBolt, Robertson and Grant

AN ACT Relating to the electric utility industry; amending RCW 80.12.020, 80.12.040, 80.24.010, 80.28.020, and 80.28.050; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310; and adding a new chapter to Title 80 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1653 by Representatives Zellinsky and Quall

AN ACT Relating to surplus moneys from abandoned vehicle auctions; and amending RCW 46.55.130.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1654 by Representatives Schoesler, Appelwick, Hankins, Reams and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to contracts with certified public accountants to conduct financial audits of public school districts; and amending RCW 43.09.045.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
HB 1655 by Representatives Hankins, Cooper, Fisher, Romero, Blalock, Constantine, Gardner, O'Brien, Scott, Zellinsky, Hatfield and Keiser

AN ACT Relating to assault on bus drivers; amending RCW 9A.36.031; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1656 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher, Mitchell, Blalock, Romero, Cooper, Robertson, DeBolt, Constantine, Gardner, Johnson, Backlund, O'Brien, Scott, Zellinsky, Hankins, Radcliff and Cairnes

AN ACT Relating to rates charged for public conveyance or transportation of persons eligible under the federal Americans with disabilities act; and amending RCW 49.60.215.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1657 by Representatives Chandler and Linville

AN ACT Relating to allowing the pass-through of disposal fees for certain solid waste collection companies; amending RCW 81.77.160; and adding a new section to chapter 81.16 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1658 by Representatives Honeyford, Poulsen, Cooper, Crouse and Mastin

AN ACT Relating to the regulation

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1659 by Representatives Clements, Doumit, Schoesler, D. Sommers, Grant, Johnson, Tokuda and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to the recruitment, preparation, and continuing education of vocational agriculture teachers; adding a new section to chapter 28A.415 RCW; creating a new section; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1660 by Representative Koster

AN ACT Relating to the creation of Skykomish county, subject to the requirements of the state Constitution and statutes in respect to the establishment of new counties; amending RCW 36.04.310, 36.04.170, 36.04.040, 2.08.064, and 3.34.010; adding a new section to chapter 36.04 RCW; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1661 by Representatives Koster and Smith

HB 1662 by Representatives Sheahan, Butler, Mason and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to higher education tuition; amending RCW 28B.15.067; and adding a new section to chapter 28B.15 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1663 by Representatives Romero, Cole, Regala, O'Brien, Blalock, Ogden, Kenney, Costa, Appelwick, Fisher, Kastama, Dickerson, Veloria, Hatfield, Dunshee, Kessler, Conway, Chopp, Morris, Wood, Murray, Cooper, Cody, Keiser, Tokuda and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to educational interpreters in schools; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.155 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1664 by Representatives Regala, Fisher, Romero, Dickerson, Lantz, Tokuda, Anderson, Dunshee, Cooper, Wolfe, Blalock, Kenney, Costa and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to protecting the marine environment and associated ecosystems through oil spill prevention, the protection, conservation, and enhancement of marine waters and of salmon habitat, and a ban on off-shore oil exploration and drilling; amending RCW 88.46.130, 82.23B.020, and 82.23B.030; adding new sections to chapter 90.71 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.21I RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.56 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 84 RCW; recodifying RCW 43.21A.705, 43.21A.710, 43.21A.715, and 43.21A.720; repealing RCW 88.46.921, 88.46.922, 88.46.924, 88.46.925, 88.46.926, and 88.46.927; creating new sections; making appropriations; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1665 by Representatives Mulliken, Sheldon, Van Luven, Koster, Boldt, Mielke, Dunn and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to property taxes; amending RCW 84.41.050 and 84.55.010; adding new sections to chapter 84.40 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 84.41 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.55 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 84.41.030, 84.41.041, 84.41.070, and 84.41.130.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1666 by Representatives Mulliken, Sheahan, Mielke, Sherstad, Koster, Boldt, Sterk, Thompson and Bush

AN ACT Relating to protecting unborn children from abuse; amending RCW 9A.42.010, 9A.42.020, and 9A.42.030; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1667 by Representatives Lambert, Johnson and Mulliken

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.
AN ACT Relating to questioning students concerning their personal beliefs or practices, or the beliefs or practices of their parents or guardian, regarding sex, religion, political affiliation, or mental or psychological treatment; adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1668** by Representatives Lambert, Johnson and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to student health services; and amending RCW 28A.210.300.

**HB 1669** by Representatives Johnson, Talcott, Mulliken, Sterk, Carlson, Hickel, Smith, Sump, D. Schmidt, Wensman, Sheahan, Clements, Boldt, Schoesler and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to alternative teacher certification; amending RCW 28A.410.025, 28A.410.040, and 28A.150.410; adding new sections to chapter 28A.410 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1670** by Representatives Sheahan, Lambert, Appelwick, Romero, Keiser, Wolfe, Mitchell, Gombosky, Blalock and Scott

AN ACT Relating to restricting child support for postsecondary education of adult children; and amending RCW 26.19.090.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1671** by Representatives Pennington and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to retirement of plan II law enforcement officers; amending RCW 41.26.010, 41.26.020, 41.26.040, 41.26.045, 41.26.046, 41.26.047, 41.26.450, 41.26.500, 2.10.155, 26.09.138, 35.20.270, 36.28A.010, 41.04.205, 41.04.270, 41.04.350, 41.04.400, 41.04.440, 41.04.450, 41.05.320, 41.18.210, 41.20.170, 41.24.400, 41.32.800, 41.32.860, 41.40.059, 41.40.690, 41.45.010, 41.45.020, 41.45.050, 41.45.060, 41.45.070, 41.50.055, 41.50.075, 41.50.110, 41.50.150, 41.50.500, 41.50.670, 41.50.790, 41.54.010, 41.54.040, 41.56.030, 41.56.465, and 72.72.060; reenacting and amending RCW 41.26.030, 41.40.010, and 46.52.130; adding a new chapter to Title 41 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1672** by Representatives Bush, Sheahan, Ballasiotes, Koster, O’Brien, Quall, McDonald, Costa, Carrrell, Johnson, DeBolt, Sherstad, Clements, Talcott, Reams, Thompson, Backlund, Delvin, Honeyford, Smith, Mulliken, McMorris, Cody, Scott, Pennington, Kastama, Boldt, Dunn, Hickel, Sheldon, Buck, Benson, Keiser, Blalock, Lambert and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting the use of voluntary intoxication as a defense against a criminal charge; and amending RCW 9A.16.090.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1673** by Representatives Dunn, Bush, Boldt, Koster, Thompson, Mielke, Chandler, Wensman, Alexander, Clements, Skinner, Mulliken and Johnson

AN ACT Relating to the transitional bilingual program; and amending RCW 28A.180.040.
Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1674 by Representatives Dunn, Alexander, Clements, Skinner, Thompson and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to the Washington state reformatory; adding a new section to chapter 72.09 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

January 30, 1997

HB 1032 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Implementing regulatory reform. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Keiser, Kenney, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 31, 1997

HB 1057 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Limiting public disclosure of complaints filed under the uniform disciplinary act. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representative Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.


Voting Nay: Representative Murray.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 1074** Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Protecting personality rights. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excuse: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 1079** Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Requiring personal responsibility. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Ballasiotes; Carrell and McDonald.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson; Gombosky and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Bush, Boldt, Ballasiotes, Carrell and McDonald.

Voting Nay: Representatives Tokuda, Kastama, Dickerson, Gombosky and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 1088** Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Designating Mammuthus primigenius as the official fossil of the state of Washington. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 1108** Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Authorizing the higher education coordinating board to transfer moneys between the state work study program and the state need grant program. Reported by Committee on Higher Education
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 31, 1997

HB 1166 Prime Sponsor, Representative Romero: Limiting the amount collected by a government for handling found property. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 31, 1997

HB 1171 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Revising emergency management statutes. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representatives Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 31, 1997

HB 1320 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Designating Anux junius as the official insect of the state of Washington. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 3, 1997
HB 1330 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Modifying the administration of the responsibilities of self-insurers. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Benson; DeBolt and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; Keiser and Sullivan.

Voting Nay: Representatives Wolfe, Constantine, Keiser and Sullivan.
Excused: Representative Grant.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 1032 which is placed on Second Reading for the next working day.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, February 5, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
TWENTY-THIRD DAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
TWENTY-FOURTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, February 5, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Troy Jenison and Liz Cox. Prayer was offered by Pastor Jeff Lockhart, Northwest College of the Assemblies of God, Kirkland.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1087, by Representative Sheahan

Providing penalties for public consumption of liquor.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representative Talcott, Representatives Sehlin, Dunn, Mastin, Dyer and Thompson were excused. On motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Quall and Mason were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1087.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1087 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.

House Bill No. 1087, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1092, by Representatives Dyer, B. Thomas and Zellinsky
Defining "distributing organization" for charitable donations to children.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1092.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1092 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Mason, Quall, Sehlin and Thompson - 6.

House Bill No. 1092, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1093, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Costa, D. Sommers, Dunn, O’Brien and Anderson

Making various changes in election laws.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1093 was substituted for House Bill No. 1093 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1093 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker assumed the chair.
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 1093 and the bill held it’s place on the third reading calendar.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1668 by Representatives Lambert, Johnson and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to student health services; and amending RCW 28A.210.300.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1675 by Representatives Skinner, Scott, O’Brien, Zellinsky, Fisher, Radcliff, Thompson, Cooper, Costa, Dunshee, Ogden, Chandler, K. Schmidt, Constantine, Lisk, Anderson and Clements

AN ACT Relating to sales and use taxes for public transportation systems operated by cities; and amending RCW 82.14.045.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1676 by Representatives O’Brien, Skinner, K. Schmidt, Fisher, Ogden and Gardner; by request of County Road Administration Board

AN ACT Relating to the residency of the county road engineer; and amending RCW 36.80.010.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1677 by Representatives B. Thomas, Buck, Dunshee, Appelwick, Wensman, Ogden, O’Brien, Robertson, Sullivan, Anderson and Carrell

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting separate reporting and valuation of intangible personal property; and amending RCW 84.40.030 and 84.40.040.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1678 by Representatives L. Thomas, Smith, Wolfe, Sullivan and Zellinsky


Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1679 by Representatives Sterk, Quall, Tokuda and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to juvenile services; and amending RCW 13.04.035.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1680 by Representatives Sump, McMorris, L. Thomas, Chandler, Buck, Sheldon and Mielke
AN ACT Relating to mining and milling operations; amending RCW 78.56.010, 78.56.020, 78.56.030, 78.56.050, 78.56.060, 78.56.070, 78.56.080, 78.56.090, 78.56.100, 78.56.110, 78.56.120, 78.56.130, 78.44.131, and 78.44.161; adding new sections to chapter 78.56 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 78.44 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1681 by Representatives Clements, Linville and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to solid waste; amending RCW 70.95.010, 70.95.020, 70.95.040, 70.95.050, and 36.58.045; and adding a new section to chapter 70.95 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1682 by Representatives Thompson, Cole and Hankins

AN ACT Relating to the certification of an architect; amending RCW 18.08.350; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.


AN ACT Relating to the women in military service for America memorial; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1684 by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kessler, Ogden, O’Brien, Kenney and Costa; by request of State Board for Community and Technical Colleges

AN ACT Relating to building fee payments by community and technical colleges; and amending RCW 28B.50.360.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.


AN ACT Relating to the creation of a school construction endowment with associated property tax reductions; amending RCW 67.70.040 and 67.70.240; adding a new section to chapter 84.55 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1686 by Representatives Appelwick and O’Brien
AN ACT Relating to the election to enter the judicial retirement system; and amending RCW 2.10.100.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1687 by Representatives Sheahan, Delvin, Sheldon, McMorris, L. Thomas, Mielke, Grant, Morris, Benson, D. Schmidt, Alexander, D. Sommers, Johnson, Thompson, Talcott and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to wage garnishment; amending RCW 6.27.100, 6.27.110, 6.27.200, 6.27.250, 6.27.280, 26.18.100, 26.18.110, 26.23.060, 26.23.090, 74.20A.080, 74.20A.100, and 74.20A.240; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1688 by Representatives Mulliken, Koster, Mielke, Cairnes, Thompson, McDonald, Bush, Schoesler, Boldt, Sheldon, Van Luven, Zellinsky, Robertson, D. Schmidt and Smith

AN ACT Relating to excise tax exemptions for fire departments; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1689 by Representatives Mulliken, B. Thomas, Koster, Thompson, Boldt, Mielke, Ogden, Conway, Gardner and Smith

AN ACT Relating to increasing the amount of the small business and occupation tax credit; amending RCW 82.04.4451; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1690 by Representatives Mulliken, Koster, Sherstad, Bush, Cairnes, Backlund, Thompson, McDonald, Mielke, Van Luven, Zellinsky, Smith, Dunn, Pennington, Lambert, Sump, Clements, D. Schmidt, Hankins, D. Sommers, Delvin, Sheldon, Robertson and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to excise tax exemptions for school districts; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1691 by Representatives McMorris, Mitchell, Honeyford, Lisk and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to restricting actions against employers under industrial insurance; and amending RCW 51.24.020.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1692 by Representatives Sehlin, Morris, Anderson, Honeyford, Huff, Lantz and Chopp

AN ACT Relating to management of state-owned aquatic lands; amending RCW 79.90.465, 79.90.475, 79.90.520, and 79.93.040; and adding a new section to chapter 79.90 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.
HB 1693 by Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe

AN ACT Relating to credit for reinsured ceded risks; amending RCW 48.12.160; adding new sections to chapter 48.12

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1694 by Representatives Skinner, Murray, Dyer, Cody and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to the adoption of rules concerning practice standards and quality of care; and amending RCW 43.70.075.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1695 by Representatives D. Sommers, Sheahan, Sterk and Crouse

AN ACT Relating to the appointment of county auditors; amending RCW 36.16.030; and adding a new section to chapter 36.22 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1696 by Representatives Sherstad, Koster, Mielke, Backlund, Mulliken, McMorris, Boldt, Carrell and Smith

AN ACT Relating to limiting public funding for abortion; adding a new section to chapter 9.02 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1697 by Representatives Dickerson, Ballasiotes, Cooke, Sheldon, Ogden, O’Brien, Sullivan, Scott, Anderson, Kessler, H. Sommers and Costa

AN ACT Relating to involuntary use of long-term pharmaceutical birth control for mothers who have given birth to a child with drug addiction; adding new sections to chapter 70.96A RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.


AN ACT Relating to the K-20 telecommunications network; amending RCW 28D.02.010 and 28D.02.060; adding new sections to chapter 28D.02 RCW; providing effective dates; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1699 by Representatives Huff, Dyer, Backlund, Cody, H. Sommers, McDonald, O’Brien, Anderson and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to public health financing through the county sales and use tax equalization account; amending RCW 70.05.125 and 82.14.200; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.
HB 1700 by Representatives McMorris, Wood and Linville

AN ACT Relating to creating a property tax credit as an incentive for the improvement of streams, rivers, and riparian areas; amending RCW 90.58.030; adding a new section to chapter 89.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.70 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21C RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 79.90 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.48 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 84 RCW; providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1701 by Representatives McMorris and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to pesticide complaints; amending RCW 17.21.340; adding a new section to chapter 15.58 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 17.21 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1702 by Representatives McMorris, Koster and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to pesticide applicators; and amending RCW 17.21.128 and 17.21.132.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1703 by Representatives McMorris, Koster and Wood

AN ACT Relating to noxious weed control; and adding a new section to chapter 17.10 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1704 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to entry for the purposes of water pollution investigations on agricultural land; amending RCW 90.48.120; adding a new section to chapter 90.48 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1705 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to child abuse and neglect information; amending RCW 26.44.100 and 74.15.030; and adding a new section to chapter 26.44 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1706 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to public health and community safety networks; amending RCW 70.190.100; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.
HB 1707 by Representatives McMorris and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to defining misconduct for unemployment insurance purposes; and amending RCW 50.04.293.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1708 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to the minimum rate of compensation for employment in excess of a forty-hour work week; and amending RCW 49.46.130.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1709 by Representatives McMorris, Chandler, Mastin and Smith


Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1710 by Representatives McMorris, Cole and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to technology grants; adding new sections to chapter 28A.650 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1711 by Representatives McMorris, Schoesler and Smith

AN ACT Relating to property tax exemptions for adult individuals; amending RCW 84.36.110 and 84.36.120; creating a new section; and providing a contingent effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1712 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to loan fees; and amending RCW 63.14.130.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1713 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to signature requirements for initiatives, referendums, and recalls; and amending RCW 29.79.120 and 29.82.060.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1714 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to basic health plan eligibility for persons eligible for medicare; reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.020 and 70.47.060; and providing an effective date.
Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1715 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to notifying victims of criminal proceedings; and amending RCW 7.69.050.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1716 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to records of pistol purchases or transfers; and amending RCW 9.41.129, 9.41.090, and 9.41.110.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1717 by Representatives McMorris, Sump, Koster, Chandler, Mastin, Mulliken and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to the fish and wildlife commission; amending RCW 77.04.030; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1718 by Representatives McMorris and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle excise tax; amending RCW 35.58.273, 82.14.046, 82.44.041, 82.44.120, and 82.44.150; reenacting and amending RCW 82.44.110; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1719 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle accident property damage reporting threshold amounts; amending RCW 46.29.060 and 46.52.030; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1720 by Representatives Sheahan, Wolfe, Keiser, Mitchell, Smith, Clements, Gombosky, Sullivan, Anderson, Tokuda and Carrell

AN ACT Relating to stepparents' financial responsibility; and amending RCW 26.16.205 and 74.20A.020.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1721 by Representatives McMorris, Koster, Honeyford, Van Luven and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to commercial activity by government agencies; and adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1722 by Representatives Dyer, Skinner, Cody, Conway, Anderson, Clements, Murray, Gombosky, Smith, Wood, Doumit, Grant, Keiser, Dickerson, Hatfield, Carlson,
AN ACT Relating to health insurance; and adding a new section to chapter 41.04 RCW

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HJM 4005 by Representatives Mulliken, Chandler, Hankins, Sheahan, Skinner, Lisk, Delvin, Clements, Honeyford, Schoesler, Mastin, Grant, Mielke and McMorris

Returning land within the Hanford control zone to agricultural and wildlife uses.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture and Ecology.

HJM 4010 by Representatives Buck, Kessler and Tokuda

Renaming the Sequim Bypass.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HJR 4210 by Representatives McMorris and Schoesler

Amending the Constitution to make the head of family property tax exemption available to all adult individuals and increasing it to ten thousand dollars.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HCR 4404 by Representatives Pennington, Ogden, O'Brien, Zellinsky, Keiser, Scott, Kessler, Skinner, Hankins, Clements, D. Schmidt and Tokuda

Remembering former legislators.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills, memorial and resolutions listed on the day's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Concurrent Resolution No. 4404, which was advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION

Representative Lisk moved that House Bill No. 1668 be referred to the Committee on Education.

MOTION

Representative Chopp moved to amend Representative Lisk's motion to refer House Bill No. 1668 to the Committee on Health Care.

Representative Chopp spoke in favor of the motion.

Representative Lisk spoke against the motion.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the motion to refer House Bill No. 1668 to the Committee on Education. The motion was not adopted.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the motion to refer HB 1668 to the Committee on Health Care. The motion was adopted.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4404, by Representatives Pennington, Ogden, O’Brien, Zellinsky, Keiser, Scott, Kessler, Skinner, Hankins, Clements, D. Schmidt and Tokuda

WHEREAS, A number of former members of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the State of Washington have passed from this life, leaving a record of service to the people; and

WHEREAS, It has been a custom at each session of the Legislature to hold a memorial service in order to pay special and fitting tribute to the lives and services of these valued public servants and to express our sympathies to their bereaved families;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, By the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, the Senate concurring, That in recognition of the valued services rendered to the State by these eminent citizens, the Senate and the House of Representatives shall meet in Joint Session and that an appropriate service be held in the House Chamber on Thursday, February 27, 1997, at 1:30 p.m., that their bereaved families be invited to attend the memorial service, and that an opportunity be given for tribute to their memories; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That four members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, together with four members of the Senate, to be appointed by the President of the Senate, act as a Joint Committee to arrange for the memorial service.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the resolution was placed on final adoption.

Representatives Pennington and Ogden spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4404 was adopted.

APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE

The Speaker appointed Representatives Pennington, D. Schmidt, Ogden and Dunshee to the Joint Committee.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

January 31, 1997

HB 1024 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Shortening the notice time given by nursing homes to the department of health to convert beds Backlund to nursing home beds. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
February 4, 1997

HB 1027 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Restricting mailings and public service broadcasts by state officials. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas and Wensman.


Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee and Wolfe.
Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

January 31, 1997

HB 1058 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Providing for disclosure of information obtained by the department of health related to meeting licensing standards in hospitals. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 3, 1997

HB 1198 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mitchell: Regulating motor vehicle dealer practices. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representatives Chandler, Hatfield and Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 4, 1997

HJM 4000 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Honoring law enforcement officers. Reported by Committee on Government Administration
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Reams, L. Thomas, Wensman and Wolfe.
Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Murray and Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

MOTION

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, It is the policy of the legislature to recognize excellence in all fields of endeavor; and
WHEREAS, The sixty-seven members of the Yelm Prairie Elementary School choral group were invited to sing at the second inaugural address of President William J. Clinton; and
WHEREAS, The students performed an original piece, "If it Takes a Village," written by their music teacher, Lynn Roselle Kourehdar; and
WHEREAS, An ambitious fund-raising project which generated over one hundred thousand dollars in donations from people across the state made the trip possible; and
WHEREAS, The students were excellent ambassadors of the state of Washington;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives give honor to each member of the Yelm Prairie Elementary School choral group, and to music teacher Lynn Roselle Kourehdar; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to each member of the Yelm Prairie Elementary School choral group, and to Lynn Roselle Kourehdar.

Representative Alexander moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Alexander, Kastama, Conway, Boldt and Romero spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4615 was adopted.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4616, by Representatives Carlson, L. Thomas, Cody, Ogden, Kessler, D. Schmidt, McDonald, Cole and Conway

WHEREAS, Athletics is one of the most effective ways for girls and women in the United States to develop leadership skills, self-discipline, initiative, and confidence; and
WHEREAS, Sports and fitness activity contributes to emotional and physical well-being, increased self-esteem, and develops strong bodies; and
WHEREAS, The communication and cooperation skills learned through athletic experience play a key role in the contributions of athletes to the home, to the workplace, and to society; and
WHEREAS, Early motor skill training and enjoyable experiences of physical activity strongly influence life-long habits of physical fitness; and

WHEREAS, The bonds built among women through athletics help break down the social barriers of racism and prejudice; and

WHEREAS, The history of women in sports is rich and long, but there has been little national recognition of the significance of the athletic achievements of women; and

WHEREAS, The state of Washington has been a leader in the fight for gender equity in athletics by passing legislation making it illegal to discriminate against girl’s and women’s sports, in hopes of encouraging more participation in athletics; and

WHEREAS, The state of Washington has produced women athletes who are winners, such as Olympic skier Debbie Armstrong, ice skater Rosalynn Summers, track star Doris Heritage, swimmer Mary Wayte, synchronized swimmer Tracie Ruiz-Conforto, marathon runner Lisa Weidenbach, soccer player Shannon Higgins, boxer Dallas Malloy, and rower Karen Kraft, whose spirit, talent, and accomplishments distinguished them from others and were a source of inspiration and pride to all of us; and

WHEREAS, Women’s sports are beginning to receive state and national attention through professional sports teams such as the Seattle Reign in the American Basketball League; and

WHEREAS, There is still a large gap between men’s and women’s professional sports teams, as well as salaries and endorsements; and

WHEREAS, The number of women in the leadership positions of coaches, officials, and administrators has declined drastically over the past decade, and there is a need to restore women to these positions to ensure a fair representation of the abilities of women and to provide role models for young female athletes; and

WHEREAS, Historically, women athletic coaches, officials, and administrators have not received the same recognition as their male counterparts. Women in sports are still climbing an uphill battle for acceptance and strive to receive equal compensation for excelling in their field; and

WHEREAS, The athletic opportunities for male students at the college and high school level remain significantly greater than the athletic opportunities for female students; and

WHEREAS, The number of funded research projects focusing on the specific needs of women athletes is limited, and the information provided by the projects is imperative to the health and performance of future women athletes;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That February 6, 1997, be designated as National Girls and Women in Sports Day.

Representative Carlson moved the adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Carlson, Cody, Quall, L. Thomas and Cole spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4616 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

APPOINTMENT OF COMMITTEE

The Speaker appointed the following representatives to the select committee to study vendor contracting as created in House Resolution No. 4612: Representatives Clements, Chair; Backlund, Delvin, Parlette, Dickerson, Ranking Minority; Gardner and Gombosky.

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, February 6, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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TWENTY-FOURTH DAY, FEBRUARY 5, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

TWENTY-FIVE DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, February 6, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1723 by Representatives Cole, Cody, Ogden, Blalock, Cooper, Murray, Dunshee, Wood, Mason, Keiser and Chopp

AN ACT Relating to tobacco prevention programs for youth; adding a new section to chapter 82.24 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1724 by Representatives Boldt and Dunn


Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1725 by Representatives Ogden, Radcliff, Zellinsky, Grant, Costa, Blalock, Cooper, Murray, Dunshee, Morris, Wood and Mason

AN ACT Relating to residential housing in urban centers; and amending RCW 84.14.010, 84.14.030, and 84.14.050.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1726 by Representatives Robertson, Linville, L. Thomas, Regala, Benson, Kastama, Smith, Hatfield, Koster, Sullivan, McDonald, Chandler, Zellinsky, DeBolt, B. Thomas, Cairnes, Johnson, Cooke, Clements, Kessler and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to outdoor burning of storm or flood-related debris; and amending RCW 70.94.743 and 70.94.755.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1727 by Representative Sterk

AN ACT Relating to running red lights; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1728 by Representatives Linville, Romero, Grant, Dickerson, Ogden, Costa, Blalock, Tokuda, Murray, Dunshee, Morris, Wood, Mason and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to incentives for state agencies to save money; amending RCW 43.88.140; adding new sections to chapter 43.88 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1729 by Representatives Chandler, Schoesler, Grant and Linville

AN ACT Relating to the administration of irrigation districts; amending RCW 87.03.051, 87.03.435, and 87.03.560; and adding a new section to chapter 87.03 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1730 by Representatives Chandler, Schoesler and Grant

AN ACT Relating to sufficient cause for nonuse of water rights; and amending RCW 90.03.320 and 90.14.140.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.
HB 1731 by Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe, Linville, Ogden, Blalock, Cooper, Murray, Morris, Mason and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to repealing the expiration of longshoreman's and harbor worker's compensation coverage; repealing 1995 c 327 s 2, 1993 c 177 s 3, and 1992 c 209 s 6 (uncodified); and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1732 by Representatives Cairnes, Radcliff, Alexander, Mielke, L. Thomas, Chandler, Smith, Zellinsky and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions for cigarettes to be consumed on vessels engaged in the commercial fishery in waters of states not contiguous with Washington state; amending RCW 82.24.290 and 82.24.040; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1733 by Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas, Benson, DeBolt, Dyer and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to personal injury protection automobile insurance; and amending RCW 48.22.090.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1734 by Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas, Benson, DeBolt, Dyer and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to personal injury protection automobile insurance; and amending RCW 48.22.090.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1735 by Representatives Reams, Quall, Doumit, Radcliff, Cairnes, D. Sommers, Hankins, Zellinsky, Sheldon, Costa, Sehlin, Dyer, Pennington, Ogden, Carlson, Scott, Mitchell, Morris, Gardner, Kenney, Cooke, Kessler, Mielke, Hatfield, Romero, Dickerson, Poulsen, Linville, Johnson, Blalock, Tokuda, Cooper, Murray, Dunshee, Wood, Mason, Clements, Keiser, Mulliken, Chopp and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to expanding employment opportunities for people with disabilities; amending RCW 43.19.530 and 43.19.1906; adding new sections to chapter 43.19 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1736 by Representatives Lantz, Huff, Ogden and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to repairs at Olympic College; making an appropriation; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1737 by Representatives Poulsen, H. Sommers, Linville, Cole, Dickerson, Cody, Tokuda, Gombosky, Fisher, Keiser, Constantine, Kenney, Chopp, Butler, Ogden, Blalock, Murray and Mason
AN ACT Relating to the general fund expenditure limit; and amending RCW 43.135.025.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1738 by Representatives Poulsen, Cole, Cody, H. Sommers, Keiser, Gombosky, Chopp, Kenney, Tokuda, Regala, Constantine, Dickerson, Fisher, Lantz, Butler, Ogden, Blalock, Murray, Mason and Scott

AN ACT Relating to the state expenditure limit; and amending RCW 43.135.025.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1739 by Representatives Cairnes, Hatfield, Conway, McMorris, Zellinsky and Fisher

AN ACT Relating to defining gross receipts from activities under chapter 9.46 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9.46 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1740 by Representatives Sheahan, Boldt, Thompson and Clements

AN ACT Relating to liquor sales to persons apparently under the influence of liquor; amending RCW 66.44.200; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1741 by Representatives Cairnes, Hatfield, Conway, Fisher and Zellinsky

AN ACT Relating to social card games; and amending RCW 9.46.0281.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1742 by Representatives McMorris, Conway, Hatfield andBoldt

AN ACT Relating to punch boards and pull-tabs; and amending RCW 9.46.110.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1743 by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Kenney, Cooke and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to the long-term care ombudsman program; amending RCW 43.190.030; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1744 by Representatives Dickerson, Conway, Costa, Dunshee, Cody, Blalock, Cooper, Murray, Keiser and Gombosky

AN ACT Relating to corporate endangerment; adding a new section to chapter 9A.36 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1745 by Representatives Poulsen, Cody, Costa, Constantine, Skinner, Dickerson, Kenney, Blalock, Murray, Clements, Keiser, Scott and Gombosky
AN ACT Relating to sexual abuse by health professionals; and amending RCW 18.130.180.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1746 by Representatives Sherstad, Morris, Radcliff, Hatfield, D. Schmidt, Grant, Pennington, Sullivan, Koster, Mulliken, Wood, L. Thomas, Scott, Carrell, Doumit, Sheahan, Huff, Kastama, Boldt, Hickel, McMorris, Thompson, Cooke and Dunshee

AN ACT Relating to making minor possession of tobacco a class 3 civil infrac tion and clarifying penalties for violation of current laws regarding youth access to tobacco; amending RCW 70.155.020, 70.155.080, 70.155.090, 70.155.110, and 70.155.120; adding new sections to chapter 70.155 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HJM 4011 by Representatives Boldt and Dunn

Requesting Congress to review the impact of the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area Act.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

HB 1051 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Simplifying designation of school bus stops as drug-free zones. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1081 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Strengthening school policies and prohibitions on the use of tobacco at schools. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1084 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Authorizing parents to inspect classroom materials. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

February 4, 1997

HB 1085 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Requiring notification before a school conducts certain student tests, questionnaires, surveys, analyses, or evaluations. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Smith, Sterk, Sump and Talcott.
Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 4, 1997

HB 1086 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Establishing criteria that limit school employees' ability to remove students from school. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, February 7, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

clyde ballard, speaker
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TWENTY-FIVE DAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

TWENTY-SIXTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, February 7, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Courtney Nutter and Jeff Fyffe. Prayer was offered by Reverend James Parker, Retired United Methodist Minister.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, February 7, 1997, is the official date of the Chinese New Year and festivities will occur for the following month; and
WHEREAS, Washington state prides itself as the home of Governor Gary Locke, the nation's first Chinese American governor; and
WHEREAS, Chinese Americans first emigrated to the Washington Territory nearly 150 years ago and shaped the early development of Washington state, including its infrastructure; Chinese American laborers made substantial contributions to major rail lines, canals, bridges, and roads in Washington; Chinese American workers contributed to emerging industries such as mining, agriculture, fishing, and salmon canneries; Chinese Americans also made substantial contributions to Seattle following the Great Fire of 1889; and
WHEREAS, Chinese Americans survived harsh conditions and prejudice; discrimination included the anti-Chinese uprisings of the mid-1880s, which forced nearly all Chinese Americans from Tacoma and Seattle; while not long after, Chinese, including those who had mastered masonry techniques, were brought Backlund to Seattle after the Great Fire of 1889 to rebuild the city; and
WHEREAS, Residents of Olympia prevented the forced removal of Chinese Americans from that city in 1886; Olympia's Sheriff Billings deputized scores of local merchants and civic leaders to stand between the angry mob and the Chinese neighborhood, an act which ultimately caused the crowd to disperse; among the peacemakers assembled was an ancestor of Governor Gary Locke; and
WHEREAS, Today Chinese Americans in Washington continue to make contributions in the fields of commerce, science, education, medicine, the military, religion, social science, agriculture, engineering, and the arts; and
WHEREAS, There are more than 275,000 Asian Pacific Americans in Washington state, making Asian Pacific Americans the state’s largest and fastest-growing racial minority; among them, Chinese Americans are the third largest subgroup; and
WHEREAS, Washington state is proud of having the nation’s greatest number of Chinese American elected officials; current Chinese American officials include Governor Gary Locke, Seattle City Council members Charlie Chong and Cheryl Chow, King County Superior Court Judge Linda Lau, Judge Mark Chow of King County District Court - Seattle Division, and Bellevue City Council member Conrad Lee; other public officials include former King County Superior Court Judge Warren Chandler, former King County Superior Court Judge Liem Eng Tuai, former King County Council member Ruby Chow, former Washington State Representative John Eng, former Washington State Representative Art Wang, and former Seattle City Council member Wing Luke. Elected in 1962, Luke was nationally renowned as a trailblazer for Chinese Americans in politics and he is today remembered with a school and an award-winning museum bearing his name; and
WHEREAS, Washington acknowledges that its status as a leading trade state is linked to its ability, familiarity, and knowledge about many cultures; including the Chinese culture; and
WHEREAS, Celebration of ethnic festivals is a mutually beneficial way to promote good will and cultural exchange among all people;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the contributions of Chinese Americans to the history of Washington state and join in the spirit of the celebration of the Chinese New Year of the calendar year 4695, ushering in the Year of the Ox; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Governor Gary Locke and the Wing Luke Asian Museum.

Representative Mason moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Mason, Tokuda, Van Luven, and Sterk spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4617 was adopted.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) recognized Erika Chung and Juliet Luen from the Washington State Commission on Asian Pacific-American Affairs.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted: HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4404, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1747 by Representatives Morris, Van Luven, Kastama, Veloria, Sheldon, Benson, Butler, DeBolt, Dunshee, Conway, Alexander, Quall, Wolfe, Keiser, Hatfield, Doumit, Kessler, Thompson, Scott, Mason, Wood, Blalock, O’Brien, Constantine, Costa, Gombosky, Dunn, Tokuda, Murray, Ogden, Cody and Lantz

AN ACT Relating to small business stability by providing tax credits for employer-provided child care benefits; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.
HB 1748 by Representatives Morris, Van Luven, Quall, Kessler, Sheldon, Anderson, Buck, Cooper, Dunn, Hatfield, Thompson and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to fostering economic development through increased maritime trade competitiveness; amending RCW 88.02.030, 88.02.040, and 88.02.050; and adding a new section to chapter 88.02 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1749 by Representatives Smith and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to transporting students; amending RCW 28A.160.210; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1750 by Representatives D. Sommers, Sterk and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to mobile home park sewer systems; and adding a new section to chapter 35.67 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1751 by Representatives Zellinsky, Clements, L. Thomas, Fisher, Sheldon, Chandler, Carrell, Grant, Ballasiotes, K. Schmidt, Radcliff, Johnson, Cooke, Reams, Smith, Van Luven, Thompson, Lambert, Wensman, O'Brien, Boldt, Wolfe, Dunn and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to communications between state employees and legislators; and adding a new section to chapter 41.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1752 by Representatives Cooke, Dyer, Tokuda, McDonald, Sheahan, Cairnes, Cody, Ballasiotes, Bush, Boldt, Wolfe, Mitchell, Doumit, Ogden, Thompson, Blalock, Poulsen, L. Thomas, O'Brien, Costa, Backlund, Veloria, Kenney and Carlson

AN ACT Relating to the long-term care ombudsman program; and amending RCW 43.190.010, 43.190.020, 43.190.030, and 43.190.040.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1753 by Representatives Romero, Conway, Keiser, Kastama, Cody, Chopp, O'Brien, Tokuda, Kenney, Dickerson, Regala, Ogden, Lantz, Morris, Blalock, Fisher, Cole, Cooper, Wolfe, Poulsen, Murray, Scott, Mason, Costa, Gombosky, Veloria and Butler

AN ACT Relating to increasing leave from employment for family responsibilities; amending RCW 49.78.010, 49.78.020, and 49.78.030; adding new sections to chapter 49.78 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1754 by Representatives Romero, Cole, O'Brien, Costa, Doumit, Kessler, Hatfield, Blalock and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to cooperating teachers; adding a new section to chapter 28A.415 RCW; and creating a new section.
Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1755 by Representatives Delvin, Cooper, Sterk, Robertson, Zellinsky and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to the inclusion of educational attainment pay as basic salary in the law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system plan I; and reenacting and amending RCW 41.26.030.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1756 by Representatives Delvin, Koster, Mitchell, Robertson, McMorris, Sheahan, Zellinsky, Smith, Van Luven, Thompson, O'Brien and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to the property taxation of nonprofit cancer clinics; amending RCW 84.36.800, 84.36.805, and 84.36.810; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1757 by Representatives Delvin, Sterk, Zellinsky and Hickel

AN ACT Relating to security guard licenses; and amending RCW 18.170.030, 18.170.110, 18.170.130, 18.170.165, and 43.43.838.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1758 by Representative Boldt

AN ACT Relating to the family policy council; amending RCW 70.190.005, 70.190.040, and 70.190.070; adding a new section to chapter 70.190 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; recodifying RCW 70.190.040; and repealing RCW 70.190.050, 70.190.060, 70.190.065, 70.190.075, 70.190.080, 70.190.085, 70.190.090, 70.190.100, 70.190.110, 70.190.120, 70.190.130, 70.190.150, 70.190.160, 70.190.170, 70.190.180, and 70.190.190.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1759 by Representatives Schoesler, Thompson, Mielke and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to eliminating the state board of education; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1760 by Representatives Mulliken, McMorris, D. Sommers, Benson, Koster, Smith, Zellinsky, Sherstad, Sump, Honeyford, Boldt, Backlund, Chandler, Clements, Lisk and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to rights regarding union security; amending RCW 28B.52.045, 41.06.150, 41.56.122, 41.59.100, 47.64.160, 53.18.050, 54.04.170, 41.56.020, and 42.41.020; adding a new section to chapter 28B.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.06 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.56 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.59 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 47.64 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 53.18 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 54.04 RCW; and repealing RCW 54.04.180.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.
HB 1761 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Talcott and Lambert

AN ACT Relating to mutual aid and interlocal agreements; adding a new section to chapter 38.52 RCW; and repealing RCW 38.52.090.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.


AN ACT Relating to changing primary dates and associated election procedures; amending RCW 29.13.070, 29.24.020, 29.24.035, 29.15.020, 29.15.120, 29.18.150, 29.15.170, and 29.15.190; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1763 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Koster, Wolfe, Grant, Boldt, Fisher, Lantz, Thompson, Chopp, Clements, Reams, Pennington, Radcliff and Cole

AN ACT Relating to using state lottery moneys for compulsive gambling education and awareness; amending RCW 9.46.071, 67.70.240, and 67.70.042; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1764 by Representatives Veloria, Dyer, Cody, Mason, Kenney, Lantz, D. Schmidt, Dunn, Clements, Scott, Keiser, Blalock, Costa, Conway, Tokuda and Murray

AN ACT Relating to incorporating environmental health into the public health improvement plan; and amending RCW 43.70.520 and 43.70.580.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1765 by Representatives Doumit, Buck, Kessler, Hatfield, Butler, Grant, Morris, Regala, Sheldon, D. Schmidt, Linville, Benson, H. Sommers, Dunshee, Cole, Mielke, Fisher, Conway, Tokuda, Quall, Thompson, Scott, Keiser, Mason, Blalock, Poulsen, O’Brien, Constantine, Costa, Gombosky, Murray, Ogden, Cody and Lantz

AN ACT Relating to the jobs for the environment program; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; recodifying RCW 43.21J.800; repealing RCW 43.21J.005, 43.21J.010, 43.21J.020, 43.21J.030, 43.21J.040, 43.21J.050, 43.21J.060, 43.21J.070, 43.21J.900, 43.21J.901, 43.21J.902, 43.21J.903, and 43.21J.904; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1766 by Representatives Conway, Sheldon, Wood, Cole, Dickerson, Kenney, Cooper, Keiser, Butler, Gombosky, Chopp, Doumit, Veloria, Dunshee, Cody, Sullivan, Hatfield, Poulsen, Mason, Scott, B. Thomas, Clements, Radcliff, Kessler, Blalock, O’Brien, Costa and Murray
AN ACT Relating to private business entities supported by state economic development programs; amending 1994 c 302 s 1 (uncodified); and adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1767 by Representatives Zellinsky and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to prescription drugs; amending RCW 69.41.120; adding new sections to chapter 69.41 RCW; and repealing RCW 69.41.130 and 69.41.160.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1768 by Representatives Dyer, Zellinsky, Sheldon and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to pharmacy ancillary personnel; amending RCW 18.64A.010, 18.64A.020, 18.64A.030, 18.64A.040, 18.64A.050, 18.64A.060, 18.64A.070, and 18.64A.080; and adding a new section to chapter 18.64A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1769 by Representatives Zellinsky, Sheldon and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to electronic transfer of prescription information; amending RCW 69.41.010 and 69.50.101; adding a new section to chapter 69.41 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 69.50 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1770 by Representatives Alexander, Linville, Hatfield, Anderson, Doumit, Buck, Chandler and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to the Dungeness crab coastal fishery; amending RCW 75.28.011, 75.30.360, and 75.30.380; and repealing RCW 75.30.410.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1771 by Representatives Mitchell, Tokuda, Constantine, Sheahan, Keiser, Mason, Blalock, Costa, Conway, Butler, Murray and Cody; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to court appointed guardians; amending RCW 2.56.030 and 11.88.020; and adding a new section to chapter 11.88 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1772 by Representatives Clements and Costa

AN ACT Relating to the imposition of sales and use taxes by cities for criminal justice purposes, for jails, and for courts; and amending RCW 82.14.340 and 82.14.350.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1773 by Representatives McMorris and Conway

AN ACT Relating to employer payment of industrial insurance compensation; and adding a new section to chapter 51.32 RCW.
AN ACT Relating to sales tax credits for capital investments in ski areas; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

AN ACT Relating to notification of pesticide application; amending RCW 17.21.020; and adding a new section to chapter 17.21 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

AN ACT Relating to school audits; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

AN ACT Relating to modifying the timelines for development and implementation of the student assessment system; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.630.885; repealing 1995 c 335 s 803 (uncodified); and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

AN ACT Relating to the formula for determining certificated instructional staff salaries in basic education and special education programs; and amending RCW 28A.150.410 and 28A.400.200.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

AN ACT Relating to excise tax exemptions for purchases by school districts and educational service districts; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.
AN ACT Relating to service of process; amending RCW 4.28.080; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1781 by Representatives Lambert, Ballasiotes, Clements, McMorris, Talcott, Costa, Backlund, Cooke, Huff, Delvin and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to the monitoring of supervised offenders under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections; adding a new section to chapter 43.10 RCW; creating a new section; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.


AN ACT Relating to downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.14 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1783 by Representatives Dunshee, Kessler, Mason, Wood, Blalock, Gombosky, Tokuda, Murray and Cody

AN ACT Relating to campaign reform; amending RCW 42.17.640, 42.17.080, 42.17.065, 42.17.090, 42.17.510, 42.17.040, 42.17.105, 42.17.175, and 42.17.680; adding new sections to chapter 42.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.80 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 42.17.128.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1784 by Representatives Boldt, Bush, Cooke, Lambert, L. Thomas, Backlund and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to public assistance fraud; amending RCW 43.20A.020 and 41.06.076; adding new sections to chapter 43.20A RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 5, 1997

HB 1156 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Arming community corrections officers. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.
MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Quall, Ranking Minority Member; and Blalock.

Voting Yea: Representatives Koster, Benson, O'Brien, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.
Voting Nay: Representatives Quall and Blalock.
Excused: Representatives Ballasiotes and Cairnes.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 5, 1997

HB 1172 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Concerning the failure to register as a sex offender. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Koster, Benson, Quall, O'Brien, Blalock, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.
Excused: Representatives Ballasiotes and Cairnes.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 5, 1997

HB 1214 Prime Sponsor, Representative Costa: Revising sentencing provisions. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Koster, Benson, Quall, O'Brien, Blalock, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.
Excused: Representatives Ballasiotes and Cairnes.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 4, 1997

HB 1232 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Changing the SR 2 spur to SR 41. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representative Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
February 4, 1997

HB 1242 Prime Sponsor, Representative Delvin: Revising motorcycle equipment laws. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Radcliff; Scott; Skinner; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Mitchell, Vice Chairman: Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Murray; Ogden and Robertson.


Voting Nay: Representatives Fisher, Mitchell, Blalock, Cooper, Gardner, Murray, Ogden, Robertson and Sterk.

Excused: Representative Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 5, 1997

HB 1257 Prime Sponsor, Representative DeBolt: Providing tax exemptions and credits for coal-fired thermal electric generating facilities placed in operation before July 1, 1975. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke and Mulliken.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative B. Thomas.

Voting Yea: Representatives Crouse, DeBolt, Poulsen, Morris, Bush, Cooper, Honeyford, Kastama, Kessler and Mulliken.

Voting Nay: Representative B. Thomas.

Excused: Representatives Mastin and Mielke.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 5, 1997

HB 1422 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Raising the maximum per diem for boundary review board members. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 5, 1997

ESSB 5212 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Limiting property taxes. Reported by Committee on Finance
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Kastama; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Mason and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Kastama, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Conway, Mason and Morris.

Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212 which was advanced to the Monday, February 10, 1997 second reading calendar.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1093, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Costa, D. Sommers, Dunn, O'Brien and Anderson

Making various changes in election laws.

Representatives Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1093.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1093 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1093, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING
HOUSE BILL NO. 1032, by Representatives Reams, Mulliken, Thompson, McMorris, Koster, DeBolt, D. Sommers, Boldt, Hickel, Sheahan, Buck, Schoesler, Honeyford, Mitchell, D. Schmidt, Sherstad, L. Thomas, Dunn, Dyer, Mielke, Cairnes, Robertson and Backlund

Implementing regulatory reform.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 was substituted for House Bill No. 1032 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 was read the second time.

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Romero: (018)

On page 2, line 31, after "regulations;" strike "and" and insert ((and))

On page 2, line 33, after "state" insert "; and (j) Protect the air quality, recreation potential, and scenic beauty of this state coincident with maintenance of a viable forest products industry"

Representative Romero spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representative Reams spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Murray moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Murray: (016)

On page 4, beginning on line 28, strike all of Section 104, Section 105, and Section 106

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly and correct the title.

Representatives Murray and Cody spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Dyer and Mastin spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of the amendment by Representative Murray.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of the amendment by Representative Murray on page 4, beginning on line 28, and the amendment failed by the following vote: Yeas - 46, Nays - 52, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carlson, Chandler, Clements, Cooke, Crouse, Delvin, Dunn, Dyer, Grant, Hankins, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Koster, Lambert, Lisk, Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Mulliken,
STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on amendment 016 to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032.

RICHARD DEBOLT, 20th District

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on amendment 016 to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032.

PEGGY JOHNSON, 35th District

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative H. Sommers: (011)

Beginning on page 6, line 27, strike all of section 108.

Correct the title.

Representatives H. Sommers and Keiser spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Dyer and Reams spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of the amendment by Representative H. Sommers beginning on page 6, line 27, and the amendment failed by the following vote: Yeas - 43, Nays - 55, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Regala moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Regala: (010)

On page 7, beginning on line 32, after "preservation of" strike "((the)) public health((r)) or safety,((or general welfare,))" and insert "the public health, safety, or general welfare,"

On page 8, beginning on line 7, after "basis." strike "The agency's finding and a concise statement of the reasons for its finding" and insert "((The agency's finding and a concise statement of the reasons for its finding))The agency shall make specific findings showing how the rule meets the criteria for an emergency rule under this section. The agency's findings"
Representative Regala spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representative Reams spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of the amendment by Representative Regala on page 7, beginning on line 32, and the amendment failed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 40, Nays - 58, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Gardner moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Gardner: (007)

On page 8, line 2, after "detriment" insert "and the department of fish and wildlife may adopt emergency rules governing seasons and harvest limits for recreational and commercial fishing and recreational hunting"

Representatives Gardner and Reams spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Mulliken moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mulliken: (017)

Beginning on page 13, line 1, strike all of section 203

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representative Mulliken spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Bush moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Bush: (013)

On page 15, after line 34, insert the following:

“(5) No rule, adopted by an agency after the effective date of this section, is effective for more than seven years after the rule is adopted, unless the rule has been reviewed under the procedure in this subsection. An agency shall review a rule to evaluate:
(a) Achievement of the goals and objectives of the rule;
(b) Technological changes that impact the implementation of or compliance with the rule;
(c) Controversy surrounding the implementation or enforcement of the rule, stating the nature of the controversy;
(d) The outcome of any court challenges to the validity of the rule or its authority to draft the rule;
(e) Actual costs or changes undergone by the regulated community; and
(f) Laws or other rules passed since the rule was adopted that are in conflict, impact its implementation, or render the rule obsolete.

The agency shall place in a rules review file documentation sufficient to show that the agency conducted the review under this section."

Renumber the remaining subsection consecutively.

Representatives Bush and Reams spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representative Romero spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Delvin demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of the amendment by Representative Bush on page 15, after line 34, and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 59, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (014)

On page 32, beginning on line 18, after "statute" strike all material through "proceeding" on line 21 and insert "and rules governing an issue in any adjudicative proceeding. An agency rule is invalid if it does not allow a presiding officer to consider both the statute and the rules in an adjudicatory proceeding".

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Huff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff: (019)

On page 38, beginning on line 6, strike all of Section 501 and insert the following:

"Sec. 501. RCW 4.84.350 and 1995 c 403 s 903 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, a court shall award a qualified party that prevails at any step in a judicial review of an agency action fees and other expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, unless the court finds that the agency action was substantially justified or that circumstances make an award unjust. A qualified party shall be considered to have prevailed if the
qualified party obtained relief on a significant issue that achieves some benefit that the qualified party sought.

(2) The amount awarded a qualified party under subsection (1) of this section shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars for the fees and other expenses incurred in superior court, and twenty-five thousand dollars for the fees and other expenses incurred in each court of appeal to a maximum of sixty thousand dollars. Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply unless all parties challenging the agency action are qualified parties. If two or more qualified parties join in an action, the award in total shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars in the superior court and twenty-five thousand dollars in each court of appeal to a maximum of sixty thousand dollars. The court, in its discretion, may reduce the amount to be awarded pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, or deny any award, to the extent that a qualified party during the course of the proceedings engaged in conduct that unduly or unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the matter in controversy.

(3) A party who is awarded fees and other expenses by the superior court or by any court of appeal shall be entitled to those fees and expenses, regardless of whether the party ultimately prevails in a final resolution of the matter. The fees and other expenses shall be paid under RCW 4.84.360.

On page 38, line 16, after "RCW 4.84.340" strike "((and)) RCW 4.84.350, or section 501 of this act" and insert "and 4.84.350"

On page 38, line 19, after "within" strike "sixty days" and insert "((sixty days)) thirty days of the decision of a superior court or court of appeal. The fees and other expenses shall be paid"

On page 38, beginning on line 32, after "4.84.360" strike "and section 501 of this act"

On page 39, beginning on line 19, after "means" strike "a judicial review as defined by chapter 34.05 RCW" and insert "(a judicial review as defined by chapter 34.05 RCW) review of an agency action in the superior court and courts of appeal"

Representative Huff spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Lantz moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lantz:

(021)

On page 38, after line 5, insert the following:

"Sec. 501. RCW 4.84.350 and 1995 c 403 s 903 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, a court shall award a qualified party that prevails in a judicial review of an agency action fees and other expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, unless the court finds that the agency action was substantially justified or that circumstances make an award unjust. A qualified party shall be considered to have prevailed if the qualified party obtained relief on a significant issue that achieves some benefit that the qualified party sought.

(2) The amount awarded a qualified party under subsection (1) of this section shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars for the fees and other expenses incurred in superior court, and twenty-five thousand dollars for the fees and other expenses incurred in the courts of appeal. Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply unless all parties challenging the agency action are qualified parties. If two or more qualified parties join in an action, the award in total shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars in the superior court and twenty-five thousand dollars in the courts of appeal. The court, in its discretion, may reduce the amount to be awarded pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, or deny any award, to the extent that a qualified party during the course of the proceedings engaged in conduct that unduly or unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the matter in controversy.

(3) No final decision on an award of fees and other expenses under this section shall be rendered until a final and unreviewable decision is rendered on the merits."

On page 38, beginning on line 6, strike all of Section 501
On page 38, line 16, after "RCW 4.84.340" strike "((and))_.4.84.350, or section 501 of this act" and insert "and 4.84.350"

On page 38, beginning on line 32, after "4.84.360" strike "and section 501 of this act"

On page 39, beginning on line 19, after "means" strike " a judicial review as defined by chapter 34.05 RCW" and insert "((a judicial review as defined by chapter 34.05 RCW)) review of an agency action in the superior court and courts of appeal"

Representative Lantz spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representative Reams spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Thompson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Thompson: (022)

On page 43, at the beginning of line 29, strike "July" and insert "October"

Representative Thompson spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative H. Sommers: (012)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that although state agency rules are intended to protect essential public health, safety, environmental, and welfare functions and to protect citizens from the unwarranted exercise of power by public officials, many of the rules adopted by state agencies have, in fact, impeded the public welfare and imposed unnecessary cost, burden, and complexity. The legislature further finds that there has been a vast increase in the number and complexity of permits, licenses, certificates, and other approvals that individuals and organizations must obtain from an increasing number of government agencies in order to undertake commercial, industrial, and personal projects or activities in the state. Further, many of these rules are difficult to understand, and duplicate or may conflict with other regulations.

The legislature further finds that the inefficiencies and intrusions resulting from excessive government regulation constitute an unreasonable financial and personal burden on residents of the state. Unnecessary and inconsistent government regulation inconveniences individuals, inhibits business growth and the creation of jobs, and places Washington’s industries at a competitive disadvantage relative to their out-of-state and foreign competitors.

It is the intent of the legislature to better serve the citizens of the state by reducing the number, length, and complexity of agency rules, leaving only those that are essential to the public good.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) Each agency shall promptly undertake a review of every rule which it has adopted, other than an emergency rule, which is in effect on the effective date of this act.

(2) After conducting the review required by chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act), and except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, each agency shall sunset all of its rules on or before twenty-four months after the effective date of this act by taking such steps as are required by law to repeal or amend such rules.

(3) Each agency shall retain only those rules which are mandated by law or essential to the health, safety, environment, or welfare of the state's residents. To find that a rule meets this standard, an agency must demonstrate, in its review, that: (a) There is a specific need for governmental intervention that is clearly identified and precisely defined; (b) the rule is not excessively costly and does not require outdated methods of technology; (c) less restrictive and intrusive alternatives have
been considered and found less desirable based on a sound evaluation of the alternatives; (d) the agency has established a process and a schedule for measuring the effectiveness of the regulation; and (e) the rule is time-limited or provides for regular review. Rules not meeting this standard shall be repealed, or amended to meet this standard, in accordance with law.

(4) In its review, each agency shall ensure that every rule is clear, concise and drawn in plain and readily understandable language. Each agency shall adopt the shortest and simplest rules necessary to achieve the purposes of such rules. In the review required by this act, each agency shall demonstrate how this objective has been achieved.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. An agency may adopt only those new rules which meet the standards of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act). Any new rule must also be approved pursuant to such standards, terms, and schedules as the director of the financial management shall establish under section 5 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Each agency shall appoint a senior official who shall be the contact person for all actions and reviews pursuant to chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act). The agency head may, but need not, designate herself or himself as the contact person.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The director of financial management shall, consistent with the requirements of law, establish such standards, terms, and schedules as the director deems appropriate and necessary to accomplish the reviews of existing and newly proposed rules as required by chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act). The director may also provide for such waivers or exceptions as are essential for the public health, safety, environment, or welfare.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Sections 2 through 5 of this act shall constitute new sections in chapter 34.05 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Representative H. Sommers spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representative Reams spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of the amendment by Representative H. Sommers on page 1 after the Enacting Clause, and the amendment failed by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


The bill was ordered engrossed.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams, Schoesler, Dyer, D. Schmidt and Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero, Murray, Cody and Wolfe spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1032 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 65, Nays - 33, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032.

ERIC POULSEN, 34th District

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4404

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, February 10, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
TWENTY-SIXTH DAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Trey Shafor and Kristina Vander Schoor. Prayer was offered by Reverend Ellis H. Casson, Senior Pastor, First African Methodist Episcopal Church, Seattle.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8008,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

February 7, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4404,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

February 10, 1997

The Speaker assumed the chair.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1785 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Zellinsky and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to naming Washington state ferries; amending RCW 47.60.310; and adding a new section to chapter 47.60 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1786 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher, Murray, Cooper, Mitchell, Hatfield, Sterk, Skinner, Blalock, Ogden, Robertson, DeBolt, Gardner, Johnson, Wood, Backlund, O’Brien, Scott, Zellinsky, Hankins, Chandler and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to transportation improvement board reporting requirements; and adding a new section to chapter 47.26 RCW.
Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1787** by Representative Delvin

AN ACT Relating to the inclusion of Washington public power supply system security officers in the law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system plan II; amending RCW 41.26.450; reenacting and amending RCW 41.26.030; and adding a new section to chapter 41.40 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1788** by Representatives Boldt and Appelwick

AN ACT Relating to the restricted use of spirituous liquor at no charge; and amending RCW 66.28.040, 66.28.150, and 66.28.155.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1789** by Representatives Appelwick, Sterk, Chopp and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to Washington state bar association membership fees for industrial appeals judges; and amending RCW 51.52.030.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1790** by Representatives Sterk, Johnson, Talcott, Hickel, Mulliken and Smith

AN ACT Relating to hearings for change of contract status of educational employees; and amending RCW 28A.405.310.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1791** by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, Linville, Grant, Clements, Mulliken, Koster, Boldt and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to the taxation of activities conducted for an agricultural commodity commission or board; and adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**HB 1792** by Representatives Chandler, Delvin, Hankins, Mastin, Linville, Veloria, Van Luven, Regala and Grant

AN ACT Relating to certification of environmental technologies; and adding new sections to chapter 43.21A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**HB 1793** by Representative Sheahan; by request of Washington State University

AN ACT Relating to service credit; and amending RCW 41.50.165.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 1794** by Representatives Pennington, Hatfield and Mielke
AN ACT Relating to exempting jail construction from sales and use taxes; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1795 by Representatives Buck, Hatfield and Kessler; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands

AN ACT Relating to the conversion of forest practices; and amending RCW 76.09.040, 76.09.050, 76.09.060, 76.09.065, 76.09.240, and 43.21C.037.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1796 by Representatives Smith, Zellinsky, Wolfe, Grant, Benson, DeBolt, Wensman, Constantine, L. Thomas, Keiser and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to delivery of the cancellation notice for an insurance policy; and amending RCW 48.18.290.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1797 by Representatives D. Sommers, Scott and Reams; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

AN ACT Relating to state-issued solid waste collection certificates in cities and towns; amending RCW 35.02.160, 35.13.280, and 35A.14.900; and adding a new section to chapter 81.77 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1798 by Representatives Backlund, Dyer, Cody and Skinner

AN ACT Relating to orthotic and prosthetic services; amending RCW 18.59.130; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.040; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1799 by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick, Costa and Sullivan; by request of Washington Uniform Legislation Commission


Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1800 by Representatives Delvin, Poulsen, Sheahan, Costa, Kessler, Dickerson, Blalock, Hatfield, Conway, Gombosky, Keiser, Cody, Morris, Ogden, Mason and McDonald

AN ACT Relating to community involvement in stopping crime; adding new sections to chapter 43.330 RCW; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.
HB 1801 by Representatives Johnson, Ogden, Honeyford, Kessler, Dickerson, Blalock, Conway, Wensman, D. Schmidt, Gombosky, Keiser, Wood, Carlson, Quall, Constantine and Mason; by request of Washington State Historical Society

AN ACT Relating to governor's awards for excellence in teaching history; and adding a new section to chapter 27.34 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1802 by Representatives Hankins, Fisher and Mitchell; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

AN ACT Relating to requiring auto transportation companies to file reports once per year; and amending RCW 81.24.020 and 46.16.125.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1803 by Representatives Wood, Conway, Gombosky, Cody, Kenney, O'Brien, Mason, Cole, Tokuda, Dunshee, Dunn, Veloria, Blalock, Sullivan, Butler, Keiser, Morris and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to employer sponsored programs for voluntary work force reductions; adding a new section to chapter 50.20 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1804 by Representatives Huff, Scott, Dyer, Sheldon, Sherstad, Alexander, Skinner, Clements, Zellinsky, Carrell, Lisk and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to civil actions; amending RCW 4.24.005, 7.70.070, 4.22.070, 4.22.015, 5.60.060, 70.02.050, 4.16.190, 4.16.350, 4.16.300, 51.24.035, and 46.61.688; adding a new section to chapter 4.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 4.16 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 4 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.


AN ACT Relating to health care savings accounts under the basic health plan; and amending RCW 48.68.005.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1806 by Representatives Alexander, Grant, Mastin, Buck, Johnson, Butler, Hatfield, Kessler, Sheldon, Chandler, Thompson, Regala, Anderson, Pennington, Clements, Kenney, Sullivan, Blalock, Conway, Mulliken, Tokuda, Constantine, Mason and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to the illegal killing and possession of wildlife; amending RCW 77.21.070; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1807 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Dyer, Cody, Backlund and Cooke
AN ACT Relating to the use of restraints on residents of long-term care facilities; and amending RCW 70.129.120.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1808 by Representatives D. Sommers, D. Schmidt, Sherstad and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to public works projects for state agencies; and adding a new section to chapter 43.19 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1809 by Representatives D. Sommers, D. Schmidt, Sherstad and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to limiting private electrical work by public utilities; and adding a new section to chapter 80.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1810 by Representatives D. Sommers, Carlson, Radcliff, H. Sommers, Talcott, Ogden, Mielke and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to education centers; amending RCW 28A.205.070; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1811 by Representatives Dunn, Boldt, Radcliff, Benson, L. Thomas, Chandler, Honeyford, Mulliken and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to higher education services contracts; and amending RCW 41.06.382.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1812 by Representatives Dunn, Koster, Sherstad, Thompson, Honeyford, Alexander, Keiser and Carlson

AN ACT Relating to tax exemptions for mobile homes and manufactured homes; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1813 by Representatives Dunn, Van Luven, Veloria, Alexander, Sheldon, Morris, Mason, McDonald, Honeyford and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax exemptions for motion picture and video production equipment and production services; and amending RCW 82.08.0315 and 82.12.0315.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1814 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Skinner, Mitchell, Hankins, Buck, Zellinsky, Robertson, Mielke and Johnson
AN ACT Relating to replacing the administrator of the office of marine safety as an ex officio member of the board of pilotage commissioners with a public member experienced in marine incident investigation; and amending RCW 88.16.010.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1815 by Representatives Reams and Sump

AN ACT Relating to growth management hearings boards; and amending RCW 36.70A.280.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1816 by Representatives Reams and Sump

AN ACT Relating to comprehensive plans under the growth management act; and amending RCW 36.70A.070.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1817 by Representatives Chandler, Kessler, Alexander, Linville, DeBolt, O'Brien, Skinner, Wolfe, McMorris, Ogden, D. Sommers, Hankins, Cooke and Mason

AN ACT Relating to a reclaimed water demonstration program; amending RCW 90.46.005; adding a new section to chapter 90.46 RCW; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1818 by Representatives McDonald, Quall, Sterk, Hatfield and D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to the allowance on retirement for service under the Washington law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system, plan I; and amending RCW 41.26.100.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1819 by Representatives Benson, Grant, L. Thomas and Zellinsky

AN ACT Relating to the confidentiality of voluntary compliance efforts by financial institutions; and adding a new chapter to Title 7 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1820 by Representatives Dyer, Scott, Skinner, Sheldon, Sherstad, Zellinsky and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to health care liability reform; amending RCW 5.60.060, 70.02.050, 4.16.190, 4.16.350, 4.24.005, and 7.70.070; adding new sections to chapter 7.70 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 4.16 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 4 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1821 by Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Bush, Zellinsky, Kastama, Sullivan, Wensman, Carrell and Schoesler
AN ACT Relating to consolidating business and occupation tax rates into fewer categories; amending RCW 48.14.080, 82.04.240, 82.04.250, 82.04.255, 82.04.270, 82.04.290, 82.04.2201, 82.04.293, and 82.04.440; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.260; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; repealing RCW 82.04.055; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1822 by Representatives McMorris, Sump, Boldt, Mulliken, Carrell and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to a pilot program to investigate welfare fraud in Pend Oreille county; amending RCW 41.06.380; adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW; making an appropriation; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1823 by Representative Reams

AN ACT Relating to requiring local governments to periodically update their shoreline master programs; and adding a new section to chapter 90.58 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1824 by Representatives Buck, Hatfield and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to natural area preserves and natural resources conservation areas; adding a new section to chapter 79.70 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SJM 8008 by Senators Oke, Winsley, Benton, Roach, Horn, Swanson, Sheldon and Kohl

Preserving the U.S.S. Missouri.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the except of House Bill No. 1820.

MOTION

Representative Lisk moved that House Bill No. 1820 be referred to the Committee on Health Care.

Representative Chopp moved to amend Representative Lisk’s motion to refer House Bill No. 1820 to the Committee on Law and Justice.

Representative Chopp spoke in favor of adoption of the motion.

Representative Lisk spoke against the motion.

The motion to amend Representative Lisk’s motion was not adopted.

Representative Lisk’s motion to refer House Bill No. 1820 to the Committee on Health Care passed.
HB 1011 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Exempting state and county ferry fuel sales and use tax. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Constantine.


Voting Nay: Representatives Constantine and Cooper.

Excused: Representative Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 7, 1997

HB 1040 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Determining the order of candidates on ballots. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Smith, L. Thomas and Wensman.

Excused: Representatives Murray, Reams and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 7, 1997

HB 1047 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Changing tuition waivers for employees of institutions of higher education. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1109 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Requiring the higher education coordinating board to develop models for the delivery of technology-based programs. Reported by Committee on Higher Education
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien and Sheahan.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1120 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Changing provisions relating to territory included in city and town boundary extensions. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.


Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 7, 1997

HB 1130 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Reaffirming and protecting the institution of marriage. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1188 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Exempting Wyoming students admitted to the University of Washington’s medical school from the tuition differential. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien and Sheahan.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1206 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Requiring the superintendent of public instruction to maintain support for the state-wide coordination of vocational student leadership organizations. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.


Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1211 Prime Sponsor, Representative DeBolt: Making accident reports available to the traffic safety commission. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1234 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Modifying the size of the state advisory board of plumbers. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1285 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Regulating engineers and land surveyors. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.
HB 1286  Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Correcting real estate brokers and salespersons statutes for administrative and practical purposes. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1288  Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Changing the name of the noncertificated employee category. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.


Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1289  Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Providing medical assistance in public schools. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.


Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1293  Prime Sponsor, Representative Boldt: Limiting public assistance payments for persons who have not resided in Washington for the preceding twelve continuous months. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell and McDonald.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson; Gombosky and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Bush, Boldt, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell and McDonald.
Voting Nay: Representatives Tokuda, Dickerson, Gombosky and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1308 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mielke: Providing additional exemptions from state law for the handling of hazardous devices. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 4, 1997

HB 1316 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Designating state route number 35. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1363 Prime Sponsor, Representative Delvin: Updating professional gambling definitions. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997
HB 1364 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Updating provisions about the seizure and forfeiture of gambling-related property. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 7, 1997

HB 1367 Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Allowing surplus educational property to be given or loaned to entities for educational use. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997

HB 1378 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Providing educational opportunities for students with different learning needs. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 7, 1997

HB 1387 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Clarifying the frequency of filing of rate adjustments for mandatory offering of basic health plan benefits. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Benson; DeBolt and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; Keiser and Sullivan.

Voting Nay: Representatives Wolfe, Grant, Constantine, Keiser and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 7, 1997
HB 1390 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hatfield: Revising provisions regulating municipal officers’ interest in contracts. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Dunshee.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representatives Gardner, Dunshee and Wolfe.
Excused: Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1400 Prime Sponsor, Representative Benson: Removing a termination date in the bank statement rule. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

SECOND READING

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5212, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Hale, Zarelli, Johnson, McDonald, McCaslin, Deccio, West, Schow, Horn, Strannigan, Hochstatter, Benton, Sellar, Anderson and Oke)

Limiting property taxes.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative B. Thomas moved the following amendment by Representative B. Thomas:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"PART I
VALUE AVERAGING

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. A new section is added to chapter 84.04 RCW to read as follows:
"Appraised value of property" means the aggregate true and fair value of the property as last determined by the county assessor according to the revaluation program approved under chapter 84.41 RCW, including revaluations based on statistical data between physical inspections.

Sec. 102. RCW 84.04.030 and 1961 c 15 s 84.04.030 are each amended to read as follows:
"Assessed value of property" shall be held and construed to mean the aggregate valuation of the property subject to taxation by any taxing district as determined under section 105 of this act, reduced by the value of any applicable exemptions under RCW 84.36.381 or other law, and placed on the last completed and balanced tax rolls of the county preceding the date of any tax levy.

Sec. 103. RCW 84.40.020 and 1973 c 69 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
All real property in this state subject to taxation shall be listed and assessed every year, with reference to its appraised and assessed values on the first day of January of the year in which it is assessed. Such listing and all supporting documents and records shall be open to public inspection during the regular office hours of the assessor's office: PROVIDED, That confidential income data is exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 42.17.310. All personal property in this state subject to taxation shall be listed and assessed every year, with reference to its value and ownership on the first day of January of the year in which it is assessed: PROVIDED, That if the stock of goods, wares, merchandise or material, whether in a raw or finished state or in process of manufacture, owned or held by any taxpayer on January 1 of any year does not fairly represent the average stock carried by such taxpayer, such stock shall be listed and assessed upon the basis of the monthly average of stock owned or held by such taxpayer during the preceding calendar year or during such portion thereof as the taxpayer was engaged in business.

Sec. 104. RCW 84.40.030 and 1994 c 124 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:
All personal property shall be valued at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and assessed on the same basis unless specifically provided otherwise by law.

All real property shall be appraised at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and assessed as provided in section 105 of this act unless specifically provided otherwise by law.

Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such price as they would bring at a fair, voluntary sale for cash without any deductions for any indebtedness owed including rentals to be paid.

The true and fair value of real property for taxation purposes (including property upon which there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry) shall be based upon the following criteria:

(1) Any sales of the property being appraised or similar properties with respect to sales made within the past five years. The appraisal shall be consistent with the comprehensive land use plan, development regulations under chapter 36.70A RCW, zoning, and any other governmental policies or practices in effect at the time of appraisal that affect the use of property, as well as physical and environmental influences. The appraisal shall also take into account: (a) In the use of sales by real estate contract as similar sales, the extent, if any, to which the stated selling price has been increased by reason of the down payment, interest rate, or other financing terms; and (b) the extent to which the sale of a similar property actually represents the general effective market demand for property of such type, in the geographical area in which such property is located. Sales involving deed releases or similar seller-developer financing arrangements shall not be used as sales of similar property.

(2) In addition to sales as defined in subsection (1) of this section, consideration may be given to cost, cost less depreciation, reconstruction cost less depreciation, or capitalization of income that would be derived from prudent use of the property. In the case of property of a complex nature, or being used under terms of a franchise from a public agency, or operating as a public utility, or property not having a record of sale within five years and not having a significant number of sales of similar property in the general area, the provisions of this subsection (2) shall be the dominant factors in valuation. When provisions of this subsection (2) are relied upon for establishing values the property owner shall be advised upon request of the factors used in arriving at such value.

(3) In valuing any tract or parcel of real property, the true and fair value of the land, exclusive of structures thereon shall be determined; also the true and fair value of structures thereon, but the appraised valuation shall not exceed the true and fair value of the total property as it exists. In valuing agricultural land, growing crops shall be excluded.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. A new section is added to chapter 84.40 RCW to read as follows:
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Previous assessed value" means the assessed value for the year immediately preceding the year for which a calculation is being made under this section.
(b) "Current appraised value" means the appraised value for the year for which a calculation is being made under this section.
(c) "Total value increase" means the current appraised value minus the previous assessed value. Total value increase can never be less than zero.
(d) "Improvement increase" means the portion of the total value increase attributable to any physical improvements made to the property since the previous assessment, other than improvements exempt under RCW 84.36.400 for the year for which a calculation is being made under this section. Improvement increase can never be less than zero.
(e) "Market increase" means the total value increase minus the improvement increase. Market increase can never be less than zero.

(2) The assessed value of property is equal to the lesser of the current appraised value or a limited value determined under this section. The limited value is equal to the greater of:
(a) The improvement increase plus one hundred fifteen percent of the previous assessed value;
(b) The sum of:
(i) The previous assessed value;
(ii) The improvement increase; and
(iii) Twenty-five percent of the market increase.

(3) Upon loss of preferential tax treatment for property that qualifies for preferential tax treatment under chapter 84.14, 84.26, 84.33, 84.34, or 84.36 RCW, the previous assessed value shall be the assessed value the property would have had without the preferential tax treatment.

Sec. 106. RCW 84.40.040 and 1988 c 222 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
The assessor shall begin the preliminary work for each assessment not later than the first day of December of each year in all counties in the state. The assessor shall also complete the duties of listing and placing valuations on all property by May 31st of each year, except that the listing and valuation of construction and mobile homes under RCW (36.21.040 through) 36.21.080 and 36.21.090 shall be completed by August 31st of each year, and in the following manner, to wit:
The assessor shall actually determine as nearly as practicable the true and fair value of each tract or lot of land listed for taxation and of each improvement located thereon and shall enter as the appraised value one hundred percent of the true and fair value of such land and of the total true and fair value of such improvements, together with the total of such one hundred percent valuations, opposite each description of property on the assessment list and tax roll.
The assessor shall determine the assessed value, under section 105 of this act, for each tract or lot of land listed for taxation, including improvements located thereon, and shall also enter this value opposite each description of property on the assessment list and tax roll.
The assessor shall make an alphabetical list of the names of all persons in the county liable to assessment of personal property, and require each person to make a correct list and statement of such property according to the standard form prescribed by the department of revenue, which statement and list shall include, if required by the form, the year of acquisition and total original cost of personal property in each category of the prescribed form, and shall be signed and verified under penalty of perjury by the person listing the property: PROVIDED, That the assessor may list and value improvements on publicly owned land in the same manner as real property is listed and valued, including conformance with the revaluation program required under chapter 84.41 RCW. Such list and statement shall be filed on or before the last day of April. The assessor shall on or before the 1st day of January of each year mail a notice to all such persons at their last known address that such statement and list is required, such notice to be accompanied by the form on which the statement or list is to be made: PROVIDED, That the notice mailed by the assessor to each taxpayer each year shall, if practicable, include the statement and list of personal property of the taxpayer for the preceding year. Upon receipt of such statement and list the assessor shall thereupon determine the true and fair value of the property included in such statement and enter one hundred percent of the same on the assessment roll opposite the name of the party assessed; and in making such entry in the assessment list, the assessor shall give the name and post office address of the party listing the property, and if the party resides in a city the assessor shall give the street and number or other brief description of the party's
residence or place of business. The assessor may, after giving written notice of the action to the person to be assessed, add to the assessment list any taxable property which should be included in such list.

Sec. 107. RCW 84.40.045 and 1994 c 301 s 36 are each amended to read as follows:
The assessor may, after giving written notice of the action to the person to be assessed, add to the assessment list any taxable property which should be included in such list.

The notice shall contain a statement of both the prior and the new (true and fair) appraised and assessed values (and the ratio of the assessed value to the true and fair value on which the assessment of the property is based), stating separately land and improvement appraised values, and a brief statement of the procedure for appeal to the board of equalization and the time, date, and place of the meetings of the board.

The notice shall be mailed by the assessor to the taxpayer.

If any taxpayer, as shown by the tax rolls, holds solely a security interest in the real property which is the subject of the notice, pursuant to a mortgage, contract of sale, or deed of trust, such taxpayer shall, upon written request of the assessor, supply, within thirty days of receipt of such request, to the assessor the name and address of the person making payments pursuant to the mortgage, contract of sale, or deed of trust, and thereafter such person shall also receive a copy of the notice provided for in this section. Willful failure to comply with such request within the time limitation provided for herein shall make such taxpayer subject to a maximum civil penalty of five thousand dollars. The penalties provided for herein shall be recoverable in an action by the county prosecutor, and when recovered shall be deposited in the county current expense fund. The assessor shall make the request provided for by this section during the month of January.

Sec. 108. RCW 84.41.041 and 1987 c 319 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Each county assessor shall cause taxable real property to be physically inspected and valued at least once every six years in accordance with RCW 84.41.030, and in accordance with a plan filed with and approved by the department of revenue. Such revaluation plan shall provide that a reasonable portion of all taxable real property within a county shall be revalued and these newly-determined values placed on the assessment rolls each year. The department may approve a plan that provides that all property in the county be revalued every two years. If the revaluation plan provides for physical inspection at least once each four years, during the intervals between each physical inspection of real property, the appraised valuation of such property may be adjusted to its current true and fair value, such adjustments to be based upon appropriate statistical data. If the revaluation plan provides for physical inspection less frequently than once each four years, during the intervals between each physical inspection of real property, the appraised valuation of such property shall be adjusted to its current true and fair value, such adjustments to be made once each year and to be based upon appropriate statistical data. If the appraised valuation is changed, the assessed value shall be recalculated under section 105 of this act.

The assessor may require property owners to submit pertinent data respecting taxable property in their control including data respecting any sale or purchase of said property within the past five years, the cost and characteristics of any improvement on the property and other facts necessary for appraisal of the property.

Sec. 109. RCW 84.48.010 and 1988 c 222 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

Prior to July 15th, the county legislative authority shall form a board for the equalization of the assessment of the property of the county. The members of said board shall receive a per diem amount as set by the county legislative authority for each day of actual attendance of the meeting of the board of equalization to be paid out of the current expense fund of the county: PROVIDED, That when the county legislative authority constitute the board they shall only receive their compensation as members of the county legislative authority. The board of equalization shall meet in open session for this purpose annually on the 15th day of July and, having each taken an oath fairly and impartially to perform their duties as members of such board, they shall examine and compare the returns of the assessment of the property of the county and proceed to equalize the same, so that the appraised value of each tract or lot of real property and each article or class of personal property shall be entered on the assessment list at
its true and fair value, according to the measure of value used by the county assessor in such assessment year, (which is presumed to be correct pursuant to RCW 84.40.0301) and so that the assessed value of each tract or lot of real property is entered on the assessment list at its correct amount, and subject to the following rules:

First. They shall raise the appraised valuation of each tract or lot or item of real property which is returned below its true and fair value to such price or sum as to be the true and fair value thereof, and raise the assessed valuation of each tract or lot or item of real property which is returned below its correct amount to the correct amount after at least five days’ notice shall have been given in writing to the owner or agent.

Second. They shall reduce the appraised valuation of each tract or lot or item which is returned above its true and fair value to such price or sum as to be the true and fair value thereof, and reduce the assessed valuation of each tract or lot or item of real property which is returned above its correct amount to the correct amount.

Third. They shall raise the valuation of each class of personal property which is returned below its true and fair value to such price or sum as to be the true and fair value thereof, and they shall raise the aggregate value of the personal property of each individual whenever the aggregate value is less than the true valuation of the taxable personal property possessed by such individual, to such sum or amount as to be the true value thereof, after at least five days’ notice shall have been given in writing to the owner or agent thereof.

Fourth. They shall reduce the valuation of each class of personal property enumerated on the detail and assessment list of the current year, which is returned above its true and fair value, to such price or sum as to be the true and fair value thereof; and they shall reduce the aggregate valuation of the personal property of such individual who has been assessed at too large a sum to such sum or amount as was the true and fair value of the personal property.

Fifth. The board may review all claims for either real or personal property tax exemption as determined by the county assessor, and shall consider any taxpayer appeals from the decision of the assessor thereon to determine (1) if the taxpayer is entitled to an exemption, and (2) if so, the amount thereof.

The clerk of the board shall keep an accurate journal or record of the proceedings and orders of said board showing the facts and evidence upon which their action is based, and the said record shall be published the same as other proceedings of county legislative authority, and shall make a true record of the changes of the descriptions and appraised values ordered by the county board of equalization. The assessor shall recalculate assessed values and correct the real and personal assessment rolls in accordance with the changes made by the said county board of equalization, and the assessor shall make duplicate abstracts of such corrected values, one copy of which shall be retained in the office, and one copy forwarded to the department of revenue on or before the eighteenth day of August next following the meeting of the county board of equalization.

The county board of equalization shall meet on the 15th day of July and may continue in session and adjourn from time to time during a period not to exceed four weeks, but shall remain in session not less than three days: PROVIDED, That the county board of equalization with the approval of the county legislative authority may convene at any time when petitions filed exceed twenty-five, or ten percent of the number of appeals filed in the preceding year, whichever is greater.

No taxes, except special taxes, shall be extended upon the tax rolls until the property valuations are equalized by the department of revenue for the purpose of raising the state revenue.

County legislative authorities as such shall at no time have any authority to change the valuation of the property of any person or to release or commute in whole or in part the taxes due on the property of any person.

Sec. 110. RCW 84.48.065 and 1996 c 296 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The county assessor or treasurer may cancel or correct assessments on the assessment or tax rolls which are erroneous due to manifest errors in description, double assessments, clerical errors in extending the rolls, clerical errors in calculating the assessed value under section 105 of this act, and such manifest errors in the listing of the property which do not involve a revaluation of property, except in the case that a taxpayer produces proof that an authorized land use authority has made a definitive change in the property’s land use designation. In such a case, correction of the assessment or tax rolls may be made notwithstanding the fact that the action involves a revaluation of property. Manifest errors that do not involve a revaluation of property include the assessment of property
exempted by law from taxation or the failure to deduct the exemption allowed by law to the head of a family. When the county assessor cancels or corrects an assessment, the assessor shall send a notice to the taxpayer in accordance with RCW 84.40.045, advising the taxpayer that the action has been taken and notifying the taxpayer of the right to appeal the cancellation or correction to the county board of equalization, in accordance with RCW 84.40.038. When the county assessor or treasurer cancels or corrects an assessment, a record of such action shall be prepared, setting forth therein the facts relating to the error. The record shall also set forth by legal description all property belonging exclusively to the state, any county, or any municipal corporation whose property is exempt from taxation, upon which there remains, according to the tax roll, any unpaid taxes. No manifest error cancellation or correction, including a cancellation or correction made due to a definitive change of land use designation, shall be made for any period more than three years preceding the year in which the error is discovered.

(2)(a) In the case of a definitive change of land use designation, an assessor shall make corrections that involve a revaluation of property to the assessment roll when:
(i) The assessor and taxpayer have signed an agreement as to the true and fair value of the taxpayer’s property setting forth in the agreement the valuation information upon which the agreement is based; and
(ii) The assessment roll has previously been certified in accordance with RCW 84.40.320.
(b) In all other cases, an assessor shall make corrections that involve a revaluation of property to the assessment roll when:
(i) The assessor and taxpayer have signed an agreement as to the true and fair value of the taxpayer’s property setting forth in the agreement the valuation information upon which the agreement is based; and
(ii) The following conditions are met:
(A) The assessment roll has previously been certified in accordance with RCW 84.40.320;
(B) The taxpayer has timely filed a petition with the county board of equalization pursuant to RCW 84.40.038 for the current assessment year;
(C) The county board of equalization has not yet held a hearing on the merits of the taxpayer’s petition.

(3) The assessor shall issue a supplementary roll or rolls including such cancellations and corrections, and the assessment and levy shall have the same force and effect as if made in the first instance, and the county treasurer shall proceed to collect the taxes due on the rolls as modified.

Sec. 111. RCW 84.48.075 and 1988 c 222 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department of revenue shall annually, prior to the first Monday in September, determine and submit to each assessor a preliminary indicated ratio for each county: PROVIDED, That the department shall establish rules and regulations pertinent to the determination of the indicated ratio, the indicated real property ratio and the indicated personal property ratio: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these rules and regulations may provide that data, as is necessary for said determination, which is available from the county assessor of any county and which has been audited as to its validity by the department, shall be utilized by the department in determining the indicated ratio.
(2) To such extent as is reasonable, the department may define use classes of property for the purposes of determination of the indicated ratio. Such use classes may be defined with respect to property use and may include agricultural, open space, timber and forest lands.
(3) The department shall review each county’s preliminary ratio with the assessor, a landowner, or an owner of an intercounty public utility or private car company of that county, if requested by the assessor, a landowner, or an owner of an intercounty public utility or private car company of that county, respectively, between the first and third Mondays of September. Prior to equalization of assessments pursuant to RCW 84.48.080 and after the third Monday of September, the department shall certify to each county assessor the real and personal property ratio for that county.
(4) The department of revenue shall also examine procedures used by the assessor to assess real and personal property in the county, including calculations, use of prescribed value schedules, and efforts to locate all taxable property in the county. If any examination by the department discloses other than market value is being listed as appraised value on the county assessment rolls of the county by the assessor and, after due notification by the department, is not corrected, the department of revenue shall, in accordance with rules adopted by the department, adjust the ratio of that type of property, which adjustment shall be used for determining the county’s indicated ratio.
Sec. 112. RCW 84.48.080 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 13 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Annually during the months of September and October, the department of revenue shall
examine and compare the returns of the assessment of the property in the several counties of the state,
and the assessment of the property of railroad and other companies assessed by the department, and
proceed to equalize the same, so that each county in the state shall pay its due and just proportion of
the taxes for state purposes for such assessment year, according to the ratio the assessed valuation
of the property in each county bears to the correct total assessed valuation of all property in the state.

First. The department shall classify all property, real and personal, and shall raise and lower
the assessed valuation of any class of property in any county to a value that shall be equal, so far as
possible, to the true and fair correct assessed value of such class as of January 1st of the current
year, after determining the correct appraised value, and any adjustment applicable under section 105 of
this act for the property, for the purpose of ascertaining the just amount of tax due from each county
for state purposes. In equalizing personal property as of January 1st of the current year, the department
shall use the assessment level of the preceding year. Such classification may be on the basis of types of
property, geographical areas, or both. For purposes of this section, for each county that has not
provided the department with an assessment return by December 1st, the department shall proceed,
using facts and information and in a manner it deems appropriate, to estimate the value of each class of
property in the county.

Second. The department shall keep a full record of its proceedings and the same shall be
published annually by the department.

(2) The department shall levy the state taxes authorized by law. The amount levied in any one
year for general state purposes shall not exceed the lawful dollar rate on the dollar of the assessed value
of the property of the entire state, which assessed value shall be one hundred percent of the true and
fair value of such property as of January 1st of the current year, as equalized under this section. The department shall apportion
the amount of tax for state purposes levied by the department, among the several counties, in
proportion to the assessed valuation of the taxable property of the county for the year as equalized by
the department: PROVIDED, That for purposes of this apportionment, the department shall recompute
the previous year’s levy and the apportionment thereof to correct for changes and errors in taxable
values reported to the department after October 1 of the preceding year and shall adjust the apportioned
amount of the current year’s state levy for each county by the difference between the apportioned
amounts established by the original and revised levy computations for the previous year. For purposes
of this section, changes in taxable values mean a final adjustment made by a county board of
equalization, the state board of tax appeals, or a court of competent jurisdiction and shall include
additions of omitted property, other additions or deletions from the assessment or tax rolls, any
assessment return provided by a county to the department subsequent to December 1st, or a change in
the indicated ratio of a county. Errors in taxable values mean errors corrected by a final reviewing
body.

In addition to computing a levy under this subsection that is reduced under RCW 84.55.012,
the department shall compute a hypothetical levy without regard to the reduction under RCW
84.55.012. This hypothetical levy shall also be apportioned among the several counties in proportion to
the valuation of the taxable property of the county for the year, as equalized by the department, in
the same manner as the actual levy and shall be used by the county assessors for the purpose of
recomputing and establishing a consolidated levy under RCW 84.52.010.

(3) The department shall have authority to adopt rules and regulations to enforce obedience to
its orders in all matters in relation to the returns of county assessments, the equalization of values, and
the apportionment of the state levy by the department.

(4) After the completion of the duties prescribed in this section, the director of the department
shall certify the record of the proceedings of the department under this section, the tax levies made for
state purposes and the apportionment thereof among the counties, and the certification shall be available
for public inspection.

Sec. 113. RCW 84.12.270 and 1994 c 301 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of revenue shall annually make an assessment of the operating property of all
companies; and between the fifteenth day of March and the first day of July of each of said years shall
prepare an assessment roll upon which it shall enter (and assess) the (true and fair) assessed value of
all the operating property of each of such companies as of the first day of January of the year in which
the assessment is made. For the purpose of determining the (true and fair) assessed value of such
property the department of revenue may inspect the property belonging to said companies and may take into consideration any information or knowledge obtained by it from such examination and inspection of such property, or of the books, records and accounts of such companies, the statements filed as required by this chapter, the reports, statements or returns of such companies filed in the office of any board, office or commission of this state or any county thereof, the earnings and earning power of such companies, the franchises owned or used by such companies, the assessed valuation of any and all property of such companies, whether operating or nonoperating property, and whether situated within or outside the state, and any other facts, evidence or information that may be obtainable bearing upon the value of the operating property: PROVIDED, That in no event shall any statement or report required from any company by this chapter be conclusive upon the department of revenue in determining the amount, character and (true and fair assessed value of the operating property of such company.

Sec. 114. RCW 84.12.280 and 1987 c 153 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In making the assessment of the operating property of any railroad or logging railroad company and in the apportionment of the values and the taxation thereof, all land occupied and claimed exclusively as the right-of-way for railroads, with all the tracks and substructures and superstructures which support the same, together with all side tracks, second tracks, turn-outs, station houses, depots, round houses, machine shops, or other buildings belonging to the company, used in the operation thereof, without separating the same into land and improvements, shall be assessed as real property. And the rolling stock and other movable property belonging to any railroad or logging railroad company shall be considered as personal property and taxed as such: PROVIDED, That all of the operating property of street railway companies shall be assessed and taxed as personal property.

(2) All of the operating property of airplane companies, telegraph companies, pipe line companies, water companies and toll bridge companies; the floating equipment of steamboat companies, and all of the operating property other than lands and buildings of electric light and power companies, telephone companies, gas companies and heating companies shall be assessed and taxed as personal property.

(3) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the limit provided under section 105 of this act shall be applied in the assessment of property under this section to the same extent as that limit is generally applied to property not assessed under this chapter.

Sec. 115. RCW 84.12.310 and 1994 c 301 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of determining the system value of the operating property of any such company, the department of revenue shall deduct from the (true and fair assessed value of the total assets of such company, the (actual cash assessed value of all nonoperating property owned by such company. For such purpose the department of revenue may require of the assessors of the various counties within this state a detailed list of such company's properties assessed by them, together with the assessable or assessed value thereof: PROVIDED, That such assessed or assessable value shall be advisory only and not conclusive on the department of revenue as to the value thereof.

Sec. 116. RCW 84.12.330 and 1994 c 301 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon the assessment roll shall be placed after the name of each company a general description of the operating property of the company, which shall be considered sufficient if described in the language of (subdivision (17) of) RCW 84.12.200(13), as applied to (said) the company, following which shall be entered the (true and fair assessed value of the operating property as determined by the department of revenue. No assessment shall be invalidated by reason of a mistake in the name of the company assessed, or the omission of the name of the owner or by the entry as owner of a name other than that of the true owner. When the department of revenue shall have prepared the assessment roll and entered thereon the (true and fair assessed value of the operating property of the company, as herein required, it shall notify the company by mail of the valuation determined by it and entered upon (said) the roll.

Sec. 117. RCW 84.12.350 and 1994 c 301 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon determination by the department of revenue of the (true and fair assessed value of the property appearing on such rolls it shall apportion such value to the respective counties entitled thereto, as hereinafter provided, and shall determine the equalized assessed valuation of such property in each
such county and in the several taxing districts therein, by applying to such actual apportioned value the same ratio as the ratio of assessed to ((actual)) the correct assessed value of the general property in such county: PROVIDED, That, whenever the amount of the true and correct assessed value of the operating property of any company otherwise apportionable to any county or other taxing district shall be less than two hundred fifty dollars, such amount need not be apportioned to such county or taxing district but may be added to the amount apportioned to an adjacent county or taxing district.

Sec. 118. RCW 84.12.360 and 1994 c 301 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

The ((true and fair)) value of the operating property assessed to a company, as fixed and determined by the department of revenue, shall be apportioned by the department of revenue to the respective counties and to the taxing districts thereof wherein such property is located in the following manner:

(1) Property of all railroad companies other than street railroad companies, telegraph companies and pipe line companies—upon the basis of that proportion of the value of the total operating property within the state which the mileage of track, as classified by the department of revenue (in case of railroads), mileage of wire (in the case of telegraph companies), and mileage of pipe line (in the case of pipe line companies) within each county or taxing district bears to the total mileage thereof within the state, at the end of the calendar year last past. For the purpose of such apportionment the department may classify railroad track.

(2) Property of street railroad companies, telephone companies, electric light and power companies, gas companies, water companies, heating companies and toll bridge companies—upon the basis of relative value of the operating property within each county and taxing district to the value of the total operating property within the state to be determined by such factors as the department of revenue shall deem proper.

(3) Planes or other aircraft of airplane companies and watercraft of steamboat companies—upon the basis of such factor or factors of allocation, to be determined by the department of revenue, as will secure a substantially fair and equitable division between counties and other taxing districts.

All other property of airplane companies and steamboat companies—upon the basis set forth in subsection (2) of this section.

The basis of apportionment with reference to all public utility companies above prescribed shall not be deemed exclusive and the department of revenue in apportioning values of such companies may also take into consideration such other information, facts, circumstances, or allocation factors as will enable it to make a substantially just and correct valuation of the operating property of such companies within the state and within each county thereof.

Sec. 119. RCW 84.16.040 and 1994 c 301 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of revenue shall annually make an assessment of the operating property of each private car company; and between the first day of May and the first day of July of each of said years shall prepare an assessment roll upon which it shall enter ((and assess)) the ((true and fair)) assessed value of all the operating property of each of such companies as of the first day of January of the year in which the assessment is made. For the purpose of determining the ((true and fair)) assessed value of such property the department of revenue may take into consideration any information or knowledge obtained by it from an examination and inspection of such property, or of the books, records and accounts of such companies, the statements filed as required by this chapter, the reports, statements or returns of such companies filed in the office of any board, office or commission of this state or any county thereof, the earnings and earning power of such companies, the franchises owned or used by such companies, the assessed valuation of any and all property of such companies, whether operating property or nonoperating property, and whether situated within or without the state, and any other facts, evidences or information that may be obtainable bearing upon the value of the operating property: PROVIDED. That in no event shall any statement or report required from any company by this chapter be conclusive upon the department of revenue in determining the amount, character and ((true and fair)) assessed value of the operating property of such company.

Sec. 120. RCW 84.16.050 and 1994 c 301 s 27 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of revenue may, in determining the ((true and fair)) assessed value of the operating property to be placed on the assessment roll value the entire property as a unit. If the company owns, leases, operates or uses property partly within and partly without the state, the
department of revenue may determine the value of the operating property within this state by the proportion that the value of such property bears to the value of the entire operating property of the company, both within and without this state. In determining the operating property which is located within this state the department of revenue may consider and base such determination on the proportion which the number of car miles of the various classes of cars made in this state bears to the total number of car miles made by the same cars within and without this state, or to the total number of car miles made by all cars of the various classes within and without this state. If the value of the operating property of the company cannot be fairly determined in such manner the department of revenue may use any other reasonable and fair method to determine the value of the operating property of the company within this state.

Sec. 121. RCW 84.16.090 and 1994 c 301 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:
Upon the assessment roll shall be placed after the name of each company a general description of the operating property of the company, which shall be considered sufficient if described in the language of (subsection (3) of) RCW 84.16.010(3) or otherwise, following which shall be entered the (true and fair) assessed value of the operating property as determined by the department of revenue. No assessment shall be invalid by a mistake in the name of the company assessed, by omission of the name of the owner or by the entry of a name other than that of the true owner. When the department of revenue shall have prepared the assessment roll and entered thereon the (true and fair) assessed value of the operating property of the company, as (herein) required, it shall notify the company by mail of the valuation determined by it and entered upon (said) the roll; and thereupon such assessed valuation shall become the (true and fair) assessed value of the operating property of the company, subject to revision or correction by the department of revenue as hereinafter provided; and shall be the valuation upon which, after equalization by the department of revenue as hereinafter provided, the taxes of such company shall be based and computed.

Sec. 122. RCW 84.16.110 and 1994 c 301 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:
Upon determination by the department of revenue of the true and (fair) correct assessed value of the property appearing on such rolls the department shall apportion such value to the respective counties entitled thereto as hereinafter provided, and shall determine the equalized or assessed valuation of such property in such counties by applying to such actual apportioned value the same ratio as the ratio of assessed to (actual) the correct assessed value of the general property of the respective counties: PROVIDED, That, whenever the amount of the true and correct assessed value of the operating property of any company otherwise apportionable to any county shall be less than two hundred fifty dollars, such amount need not be apportioned to such county but may be added to the amount apportioned to an adjacent county.

Sec. 123. RCW 84.16.120 and 1994 c 301 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:
The (true and fair) assessed value of the property of each company as fixed and determined by the department of revenue as herein provided shall be apportioned to the respective counties in the following manner:
(1) If all the operating property of the company is situated entirely within a county and none of such property is located within, extends into, or through or is operated into or through any other county, the entire value thereof shall be apportioned to the county within which such property is (situate [situated]) situated, located, and operated.
(2) If the operating property of any company is situated or located within, extends into or is operated into or through more than one county, the value thereof shall be apportioned to the respective counties into or through which its cars are operated in the proportion that the length of main line track of the respective railroads moving such cars in such counties bears to the total length of main line track of such respective railroads in this state.
(3) If the property of any company is of such character that it will not be reasonable, feasible or fair to apportion the value as hereinafore provided, the value thereof shall be apportioned between the respective counties into or through which such property extends or is operated or in which the same is located in such manner as may be reasonable, feasible and fair.

Sec. 124. RCW 84.36.041 and 1993 c 151 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) All real and personal property used by a nonprofit home for the aging that is reasonably necessary for the purposes of the home is exempt from taxation if the benefit of the exemption inures to the home and:
   (a) At least fifty percent of the occupied dwelling units in the home are occupied by eligible residents; or
   (b) The home is subsidized under a federal department of housing and urban development program. The department of revenue shall provide by rule a definition of homes eligible for exemption under this subsection (b), consistent with the purposes of this section.
(2) All real and personal property used by a nonprofit home for the aging that is reasonably necessary for the purposes of the home is exempt from taxation if the benefit of the exemption inures to the home and the construction, rehabilitation, acquisition, or refinancing of the home is financed under a program using bonds exempt from federal income tax if at least seventy-five percent of the total amount financed uses the tax exempt bonds and the financing program requires the home to reserve a percentage of all dwelling units so financed for low-income residents. The initial term of the exemption under this subsection shall equal the term of the tax exempt bond used in connection with the financing program, or the term of the requirement to reserve dwelling units for low-income residents, whichever is shorter. If the financing program involves less than the entire home, only those dwelling units included in the financing program are eligible for total exemption. The department of revenue shall provide by rule the requirements for monitoring compliance with the provisions of this subsection and the requirements for exemption including:
   (a) The number or percentage of dwelling units required to be occupied by low-income residents, and a definition of low income;
   (b) The type and character of the dwelling units, whether independent units or otherwise; and
   (c) Any particular requirements for continuing care retirement communities.
(3) A home for the aging is eligible for a partial exemption on the real property and a total exemption for the home’s personal property if the home does not meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section because fewer than fifty percent of the occupied dwelling units are occupied by eligible residents, as follows:
   (a) A partial exemption shall be allowed for each dwelling unit in a home occupied by a resident requiring assistance with activities of daily living.
   (b) A partial exemption shall be allowed for each dwelling unit in a home occupied by an eligible resident.
   (c) A partial exemption shall be allowed for an area jointly used by a home for the aging and by a nonprofit organization, association, or corporation currently exempt from property taxation under one of the other provisions of this chapter. The shared area must be reasonably necessary for the purposes of the nonprofit organization, association, or corporation exempt from property taxation under one of the other provisions of this chapter, such as kitchen, dining, and laundry areas.
   (d) The amount of exemption shall be calculated by multiplying the assessed value of the property reasonably necessary for the purposes of the home, less the assessed value of any area exempt under (c) of this subsection, by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of dwelling units occupied by eligible residents and by residents requiring assistance with activities of daily living. The denominator of the fraction is the total number of occupied dwelling units as of January 1st of the year for which exemption is claimed.
   (4) To be exempt under this section, the property must be used exclusively for the purposes for which the exemption is granted, except as provided in RCW 84.36.805.
   (5) A home for the aging is exempt from taxation only if the organization operating the home is exempt from income tax under section 501(c) of the federal internal revenue code as existing on January 1, 1989, or such subsequent date as the director may provide by rule consistent with the purposes of this section.
   (6) In order for the home to be eligible for exemption under subsections (1)(a) and (2)(b) of this section, each eligible resident of a home for the aging shall submit an income verification form to the county assessor by July 1st of the assessment year in which the application for exemption is made. The income verification form shall be prescribed and furnished by the department of revenue. An eligible resident who has filed a form for a previous year need not file a new form until there is a change in status affecting the person’s eligibility.
   (7) In determining the ((true and fair)) assessed value of a home for the aging for purposes of the partial exemption provided by subsection (3) of this section, the assessor shall apply the
computation method provided by RCW 84.34.060 and shall consider only the use to which such property is applied during the years for which such partial exemptions are available and shall not consider potential uses of such property.

(8) A home for the aging that was exempt or partially exempt for taxes levied in 1993 for collection in 1994 is partially exempt for taxes levied in 1994 for collection in 1995, has an increase in taxable value for taxes levied in 1994 for collection in 1995 due to the change prescribed by chapter 151, Laws of 1993 with respect to the numerator of the fraction used to determine the amount of a partial exemption, and is not fully exempt under this section is entitled to partial exemptions as follows:

(a) For taxes levied in 1994 for collection in 1995, the home shall pay taxes based upon the taxable value in 1993 plus one-third of the increase in the taxable value from 1993 to the nonexempt value calculated under subsection (3)(d) of this section for 1994.

(b) For taxes levied in 1995 for collection in 1996, the home shall pay taxes based upon the taxable value for 1994 as calculated in (a) of this subsection plus one-half of the increase in the taxable value from 1994 to the nonexempt value calculated under subsection (3)(d) of this section for 1995. For taxes levied in 1996 for collection in 1997 and for taxes levied thereafter, this subsection (8) does not apply, and the home shall pay taxes without reference to this subsection (8).

(c) For purposes of this subsection (8), "taxable value" means the value of the home upon which the tax rate is applied in order to determine the amount of taxes due.

(9) As used in this section:

(a) "Eligible resident" means a person who:

(i) Occupied the dwelling unit as a principal place of residence as of January 1st of the year for which the exemption is claimed. Confinement of the person to a hospital or nursing home does not disqualify the claim of exemption if the dwelling unit is temporarily unoccupied or if the dwelling unit is occupied by a spouse, a person financially dependent on the claimant for support, or both; and

(ii) Is sixty-one years of age or older on December 31st of the year in which the exemption claim is filed, or is, at the time of filing, retired from regular gainful employment by reason of physical disability. Any surviving spouse of a person who was receiving an exemption at the time of the person’s death shall qualify if the surviving spouse is fifty-seven years of age or older and otherwise meets the requirements of this subsection; and

(iii) Has a combined disposable income of no more than the greater of twenty-two thousand dollars or eighty percent of the median income adjusted for family size as most recently determined by the federal department of housing and urban development for the county in which the person resides. For the purposes of determining eligibility under this section, a "cotenant" means a person who resides with an eligible resident and who shares personal financial resources with the eligible resident.

(b) "Combined disposable income" means the disposable income of the person submitting the income verification form, plus the disposable income of his or her spouse, and the disposable income of each cotenant occupying the dwelling unit for the preceding calendar year, less amounts paid by the person submitting the income verification form or his or her spouse or cotenant during the previous year for the treatment or care of either person received in the dwelling unit or in a nursing home. If the person submitting the income verification form was retired for two months or more of the preceding year, the combined disposable income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the average monthly combined disposable income of such person during the months such person was retired by twelve. If the income of the person submitting the income verification form is reduced for two or more months of the preceding year by reason of the death of the person’s spouse, the combined disposable income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the average monthly combined disposable income of such person after the death of the spouse by twelve.

(c) "Disposable income" means adjusted gross income as defined in the federal internal revenue code, as amended prior to January 1, 1989, or such subsequent date as the director may provide by rule consistent with the purpose of this section, plus all of the following items to the extent they are not included in or have been deducted from adjusted gross income:

(i) Capital gains, other than nonrecognized gain on the sale of a principal residence under section 1034 of the federal internal revenue code, or gain excluded from income under section 121 of the federal internal revenue code to the extent it is reinvested in a new principal residence;

(ii) Amounts deducted for loss;

(iii) Amounts deducted for depreciation;

(iv) Pension and annuity receipts;

(v) Military pay and benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid payments;
(vi) Veterans benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid payments;
(vii) Federal social security act and railroad retirement benefits;
(viii) Dividend receipts; and
(ix) Interest received on state and municipal bonds.
(d) "Resident requiring assistance with activities of daily living" means a person who requires significant assistance with the activities of daily living and who would be at risk of nursing home placement without this assistance.
(e) "Home for the aging" means a residential housing facility that (i) provides a housing arrangement chosen voluntarily by the resident, the resident’s guardian or conservator, or another responsible person; (ii) has only residents who are at least sixty-one years of age or who have needs for care generally compatible with persons who are at least sixty-one years of age; and (iii) provides varying levels of care and supervision, as agreed to at the time of admission or as determined necessary at subsequent times of reappraisal.
(10) A for-profit home for the aging that converts to nonprofit status after June 11, 1992, and would otherwise be eligible for tax exemption under this section may not receive the tax exemption until five years have elapsed since the conversion. The exemption shall then be ratably granted over the next five years.

Sec. 125. RCW 84.52.063 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 195 s 105 are each amended to read as follows:
A rural library district may impose a regular property tax levy in an amount equal to that which would be produced by a levy of fifty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value multiplied by an equalized assessed valuation (equal to one hundred percent of the true and fair value of the taxable property in the rural library district), as determined by the department of revenue's indicated county ratio: PROVIDED, That when any county assessor shall find that the aggregate rate of levy on any property will exceed the limitation set forth in RCW 84.52.043 and ((RCW)) 84.52.050, as now or hereafter amended, before recomputing and establishing a consolidated levy in the manner set forth in RCW 84.52.010, the assessor shall first reduce the levy of any rural library district, by such amount as may be necessary, but the levy of any rural library district shall not be reduced to less than fifty cents per thousand dollars against the value of the taxable property, as determined by the county, prior to any further adjustments pursuant to RCW 84.52.010. For purposes of this section "regular property tax levy" shall mean a levy subject to the limitations provided for in Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution and/or by statute.

Sec. 126. RCW 84.70.010 and 1994 c 301 s 56 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) If, on or before December 31 in any calendar year, any real or personal property placed upon the assessment roll of that year is destroyed in whole or in part, or is in an area that has been declared a disaster area by the governor and has been reduced in value by more than twenty percent as a result of a natural disaster, the (true and fair) assessed value of such property shall be reduced for that year by an amount determined as follows:
(a) First take the (true and fair) assessed value of such taxable property before destruction or reduction in value and deduct therefrom the true and fair value of the remaining property after destruction or reduction in value.
(b) Then divide any amount remaining by the number of days in the year and multiply the quotient by the number of days remaining in the calendar year after the date of the destruction or reduction in value of the property.
(2) No reduction in the (true and fair) assessed value shall be made more than three years after the date of destruction or reduction in value.
(3) The assessor shall make such reduction on his or her own motion; however, the taxpayer may make application for reduction on forms prepared by the department and provided by the assessor. The assessor shall notify the taxpayer of the amount of reduction.
(4) If destroyed property is replaced prior to the valuation dates contained in RCW 36.21.080 and 36.21.090, the total taxable value for that year shall not exceed the value as of the appropriate valuation date in RCW 36.21.080 or 36.21.090, whichever is appropriate.
(5) The taxpayer may appeal the amount of reduction to the county board of equalization within thirty days of notification or July 1st of the year of reduction, whichever is later. The board shall reconvene, if necessary, to hear the appeal.

PART II
106 PERCENT LIMIT

Sec. 201. RCW 84.55.005 and 1994 c 301 s 49 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, the term:

(1) "Inflation" means the percentage change in the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures for the United States as published for the most recent twelve-month period by the bureau of economic analysis of the federal department of commerce in September of the year before the taxes are payable;

(2) "Limit factor" means:

(a) For taxing districts with a population of less than ten thousand in the calendar year prior to the assessment year, one hundred six percent;

(b) For taxing districts for which a limit factor is authorized under section 204 of this act, the lesser of the limit factor authorized under that section or one hundred six percent;

(c) For all other districts, the lesser of one hundred six percent or one hundred percent plus inflation; and

(3) "Regular property taxes" has the meaning given it in RCW 84.04.140, and also includes amounts received in lieu of regular property taxes.

Sec. 202. RCW 84.55.010 and 1979 ex.s. c 218 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in this chapter, the levy for a taxing district in any year shall be set so that the regular property taxes payable in the following year shall not exceed (one hundred six percent of) the limit factor multiplied by the amount of regular property taxes lawfully levied for such district in the highest of the three most recent years in which such taxes were levied for such district plus an additional dollar amount calculated by multiplying the increase in assessed value in that district resulting from new construction, improvements to property, and any increase in the assessed value of state-assessed property by the regular property tax levy rate of that district for the preceding year.

Sec. 203. RCW 84.55.020 and 1971 ex.s. c 288 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding the limitation set forth in RCW 84.55.010, the first levy for a taxing district created from consolidation of similar taxing districts shall be set so that the regular property taxes payable in the following year shall not exceed (one hundred six percent of) the limit factor multiplied by the sum of the amount of regular property taxes lawfully levied for each component taxing district in the highest of the three most recent years in which such taxes were levied for such district plus the additional dollar amount calculated by multiplying the increase in assessed value in each component district resulting from new construction and improvements to property, and any increase in the assessed value of state-assessed property by the regular property tax rate of each component district for the preceding year.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 204. A new section is added to chapter 84.55 RCW to read as follows:

Upon a finding of substantial need, the legislative authority of a taxing district other than the state may provide for the use of a limit factor under this chapter of one hundred six percent or less. In districts with legislative authorities of four members or less, two-thirds of the members must approve an ordinance or resolution under this section. In districts with more than four members, a majority plus one vote must approve an ordinance or resolution under this section. The new limit factor shall be effective for taxes collected in the following year only.

Sec. 205. RCW 35.61.210 and 1990 c 234 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The board of park commissioners may levy or cause to be levied a general tax on all the property located in said park district each year not to exceed fifty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value of the property in such park district. In addition, the board of park commissioners may levy or cause to be levied a general tax on all property located in said park district each year not to exceed twenty-five cents per thousand dollars of assessed valuation. Although park districts are authorized to impose two separate regular property tax levies, the levies shall be considered to be a single levy for purposes of the (one hundred sixty percent) limitation provided for in chapter 84.55 RCW.

The board is hereby authorized to levy a general tax in excess of its regular property tax levy or levies when authorized so to do at a special election conducted in accordance with and subject to all the requirements of the Constitution and laws of the state now in force or hereafter enacted governing the limitation of tax levies. The board is hereby authorized to call a special election for the purpose of
submitting to the qualified voters of the park district a proposition to levy a tax in excess of the seventy-five cents per thousand dollars of assessed value herein specifically authorized. The manner of submitting any such proposition, of certifying the same, and of giving or publishing notice thereof, shall be as provided by law for the submission of propositions by cities or towns.

The board shall include in its general tax levy for each year a sufficient sum to pay the interest on all outstanding bonds and may include a sufficient amount to create a sinking fund for the redemption of all outstanding bonds. The levy shall be certified to the proper county officials for collection the same as other general taxes and when collected, the general tax shall be placed in a separate fund in the office of the county treasurer to be known as the "metropolitan park district fund" and paid out on warrants.

Sec. 206. RCW 70.44.060 and 1990 c 234 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

All public hospital districts organized under the provisions of this chapter shall have power:

1. To make a survey of existing hospital and other health care facilities within and without such district.

2. To construct, condemn and purchase, purchase, acquire, lease, add to, maintain, operate, develop and regulate, sell and convey all lands, property, property rights, equipment, hospital and other health care facilities and systems for the maintenance of hospitals, buildings, structures, and any and all other facilities, and to exercise the right of eminent domain to effectuate the foregoing purposes or for the acquisition and damaging of the same or property of any kind appurtenant thereto, and such right of eminent domain shall be exercised and instituted pursuant to a resolution of the commission and conducted in the same manner and by the same procedure as in or may be provided by law for the exercise of the power of eminent domain by incorporated cities and towns of the state of Washington in the acquisition of property rights: PROVIDED, That no public hospital district shall have the right of eminent domain and the power of condemnation against any health care facility.

3. To lease existing hospital and other health care facilities and equipment and/or other property used in connection therewith, including ambulances, and to pay such rental therefor as the commissioners shall deem proper; to provide hospital and other health care services for residents of said district by facilities located outside the boundaries of said district, by contract or in any other manner said commissioners may deem expedient or necessary under the existing conditions; and said hospital district shall have the power to contract with other communities, corporations, or individuals for the services provided by said hospital district; and they may further receive in said hospitals and other health care facilities and furnish proper and adequate services to all persons not residents of said district at such reasonable and fair compensation as may be considered proper: PROVIDED, That it must at all times make adequate provision for the needs of the district and residents of said district shall have prior rights to the available hospital and other health care facilities of said district, at rates set by the district commissioners.

4. For the purpose aforesaid, it shall be lawful for any district so organized to take, condemn and purchase, lease, or acquire, any and all property, and property rights, including state and county lands, for any of the purposes aforesaid, and any and all other facilities necessary or convenient, and in connection with the construction, maintenance, and operation of any such hospitals and other health care facilities, subject, however, to the applicable limitations provided in subsection (2) of this section.

5. To contract indebtedness or borrow money for corporate purposes on the credit of the corporation or the revenues of the hospitals thereof, and the revenues of any other facilities or services that the district is or hereafter may be authorized by law to provide, and to issue and sell: (a) Revenue bonds, revenue warrants, or other revenue obligations therefor payable solely out of a special fund or funds into which the district may pledge such amount of the revenues of the hospitals thereof, and the revenues of any other facilities or services that the district is or hereafter may be authorized by law to provide, to pay the same as the commissioners of the district may determine, such revenue bonds, warrants, or other obligations to be issued and sold in the same manner and subject to the same provisions as provided for the issuance of revenue bonds, warrants, or other obligations by cities or towns under the Municipal Revenue Bond Act, chapter 35.41 RCW, as may hereafter be amended; (b) general obligation bonds therefor in the manner and form as provided in RCW 70.44.110 and 70.44.130, as may hereafter be amended; or (c) interest-bearing warrants to be drawn on a fund pending deposit in such fund of money sufficient to redeem such warrants and to be issued and paid in such manner and upon such terms and conditions as the board of commissioners may deem to be in the best interest of the district; and to assign or sell hospital accounts receivable, and accounts receivable
for the use of other facilities or services that the district is or hereafter may be authorized by law to provide, for collection with or without recourse. General obligation bonds shall be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW. Revenue bonds, revenue warrants, or other revenue obligations may be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW.

(6) To raise revenue by the levy of an annual tax on all taxable property within such public hospital district not to exceed fifty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, and an additional annual tax on all taxable property within such public hospital district not to exceed twenty-five cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, or such further amount as has been or shall be authorized by a vote of the people. Although public hospital districts are authorized to impose two separate regular property tax levies, the levies shall be considered to be a single levy for purposes of the ((one hundred six percent)) limitation provided for in chapter 84.55 RCW. Public hospital districts are authorized to levy such a general tax in excess of their regular property taxes when authorized so to do at a special election conducted in accordance with and subject to all of the requirements of the Constitution and the laws of the state of Washington now in force or hereafter enacted governing the limitation of tax levies. The said board of district commissioners is authorized and empowered to call a special election for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of the hospital district a proposition or propositions to levy taxes in excess of its regular property taxes. The superintendent shall prepare a proposed budget of the contemplated financial transactions for the ensuing year and file the same in the records of the commission on or before the first Monday in September. Notice of the filing of said proposed budget and the date and place of hearing on the same shall be published for at least two consecutive weeks in a newspaper printed and of general circulation in said county. On the first Monday in October the commission shall hold a public hearing on said proposed budget at which any taxpayer may appear and be heard against the whole or any part of the proposed budget. Upon the conclusion of said hearing, the commission shall, by resolution, adopt the budget as finally determined and fix the final amount of expenditures for the ensuing year. Taxes levied by the commission shall be certified to and collected by the proper county officer of the county in which such public hospital district is located in the same manner as is or may be provided by law for the certification and collection of port district taxes. The commission is authorized, prior to the receipt of taxes raised by levy, to borrow money or issue warrants of the district in anticipation of the revenue to be derived by such district from the levy of taxes for the purpose of such district, and such warrants shall be redeemed from the first money available from such taxes when collected, and such warrants shall not exceed the anticipated revenues of one year, and shall bear interest at a rate or rates as authorized by the commission.

(7) To enter into any contract with the United States government or any state, municipality, or other hospital district, or any department of those governing bodies, for carrying out any of the powers authorized by this chapter.

(8) To sue and be sued in any court of competent jurisdiction: PROVIDED, That all suits against the public hospital district shall be brought in the county in which the public hospital district is located.

(9) To pay actual necessary travel expenses and living expenses incurred while in travel status for (a) qualified physicians who are candidates for medical staff positions, and (b) other qualified persons who are candidates for superintendent or other managerial and technical positions, when the district finds that hospitals or other health care facilities owned and operated by it are not adequately staffed and determines that personal interviews with said candidates to be held in the district are necessary or desirable for the adequate staffing of said facilities.

(10) To make contracts, employ superintendents, attorneys, and other technical or professional assistants and all other employees; to make contracts with private or public institutions for employee retirement programs; to print and publish information or literature; and to do all other things necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

**Sec. 207.** RCW 84.08.115 and 1991 c 218 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall prepare a clear and succinct explanation of the property tax system, including but not limited to:

(a) The standard of true and fair value as the basis of the property tax.

(b) How the assessed value for particular parcels is determined.

(c) The procedures and timing of the assessment process.

(d) How district levy rates are determined, including the ((one hundred six percent)) limit under chapter 84.55 RCW.
(e) How the composite tax rate is determined.
(f) How the amount of tax is calculated.
(g) How a taxpayer may appeal an assessment, and what issues are appropriate as a basis of appeal.
(h) A summary of tax exemption and relief programs, along with the eligibility standards and application processes.
(2) Each county assessor shall provide copies of the explanation to taxpayers on request, free of charge. Each revaluation notice shall include information regarding the availability of the explanation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. It is the intent of sections 201 through 207 of this act to lower the one hundred six percent limit while still allowing taxing districts to raise revenues in excess of the limit if approved by a majority of the voters as provided in RCW 84.55.050.

Sec. 209. RCW 84.55.120 and 1995 c 251 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
A taxing district, other than the state, that collects regular levies shall hold a public hearing on revenue sources for the district’s following year’s current expense budget. The hearing must include consideration of possible increases in property tax revenues and shall be held prior to the time the taxing district levies the taxes or makes the request to have the taxes levied. The county legislative authority, or the taxing district’s governing body if the district is a city, town, or other type of district, shall hold the hearing. For purposes of this section, "current expense budget" means that budget which is primarily funded by taxes and charges and reflects the provision of ongoing services. It does not mean the capital, enterprise, or special assessment budgets of cities, towns, counties, or special purpose districts.
If the taxing district is otherwise required to hold a public hearing on its proposed regular tax levy, a single public hearing may be held on this matter.
No increase in property tax revenue, other than that resulting from the addition of new construction and improvements to property and any increase in the value of state-assessed property, may be authorized by a taxing district, other than the state, except by adoption of a separate ordinance or resolution, pursuant to notice, specifically authorizing the increase in terms of both dollars and percentage. The ordinance or resolution may cover a period of up to two years, but the ordinance shall specifically state for each year the dollar increase and percentage change in the levy from the previous year.

PART III
MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. (1) Sections 101 through 126 of this act apply to taxes levied for collection in 1999 and thereafter.
(2) Sections 201 through 207 of this act apply to taxes levied for collection in 1998 and thereafter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. Part headings used in this act are not any part of the law."

Correct the title accordingly.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment (027) to the striking amendment by Representative B. Thomas:

On page 26, beginning on line 31, after "with" strike everything through "thousand" on line 32 and insert "fewer than seven thousand registered voters as of the November general election"

Representative Dunshee spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.
Representative B. Thomas spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment (028) to the striking amendment by Representative B. Thomas:

On page 26, beginning on line 31, strike everything through page 27, line 2, and insert:

"(a) For the state, the lesser of one hundred six percent or one hundred percent plus inflation;
(b) For other districts, one hundred six percent; and"

On page 27, beginning on line 33, strike all of section 204

On page 33, beginning on line 8, strike all of section 208

Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives Dunshee, Wood, Cooper and Morris spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representatives B. Thomas, Robertson, Mitchell and Carrell spoke against adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Gardner was excused.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of amendment 028 to the striking amendment by Representative B. Thomas and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 40, Nays - 57, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Gardner - 1.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment (025) to the striking amendment by Representative B. Thomas:

On page 1, beginning on line 7, strike everything through page 34, line 8, and insert:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The intent of this act is to provide property tax relief by setting base years for property tax valuation computation, limiting property tax valuation increases to two percent
per year over the base year until ownership of the property changes, and limiting the tax assessed on owner-occupied property claimed as a principal place of residence.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 84.36 RCW to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this section and sections 3 and 4 of this act.

1) "Base value" means the following, as appropriate:
   (a) The assessed value for 1996 determined under RCW 84.40.030 of property acquired in or before 1996;
   (b) The assessed value determined under RCW 84.40.030 of the property for the year in which the property is acquired; or
   (c) The assessed true and fair value as determined under RCW 84.40.030 for all property that has changed or transferred ownership since the last assessment.

2) (a) "Adjusted value" means the lesser of the following:
   (i) The assessed true and fair value of property, as determined under RCW 84.40.030; or
   (ii) The base value of the property increased on January 1st of each year thereafter by a maximum of two percent, compounded annually, plus the portion of the true and fair value attributable to any construction or alteration not included in the most recent assessment, other than improvements exempt under RCW 84.36.400 for the assessment year.

   (b) This subsection does not apply to special levies or levies approved under RCW 84.55.050.

3) (a) "Change of ownership" and "transfer of ownership" are equivalent, and mean a transfer of a present interest in real property, including a transfer of the beneficial use of real property.

   (b) "Change of ownership" and "transfer of ownership" include, except as provided in (c) of this subsection:
   (i) Contracting to convey the title to or ownership of real property upon the fulfillment of one or more stated conditions if the right to possession of the property is transferred currently;
   (ii) The creation, transfer, or termination of a joint tenancy interest;
   (iii) The creation, transfer, or termination of a tenancy-in-common interest;
   (iv) The vesting of a right of possession or enjoyment of a remainder or reversionary interest that occurs upon the termination of a life estate or other similar precedent property interest;
   (v) An interest that vests in persons other than the trustor if a revocable trust becomes irrevocable; and
   (vi) The transfer of stock of a cooperative housing corporation, vested with legal title to real property, that conveys to the transferee the exclusive right to occupancy and possession of the property or a portion of the property.

   (c) "Change of ownership" does not include:
   (i) A transfer between co-owners that results in a change in the method of holding title to the real property transferred without changing the proportional interests of the co-owners in the real property, such as a partition of a tenancy in common;
   (ii) A transfer for the purpose of merely perfecting title to the real property;
   (iii) The creation, assignment, termination, or reconveyance of a security interest in real property, or the substitution of a trustee under a security instrument;
   (iv) A transfer of real property by the trustor, or by the trustor’s spouse, or by both, into a trust for so long as the transferor is the sole present beneficiary of the trust, or the trust is revocable, or any transfer of real property by a trustee of such trust backlund to the trustor;
   (v) A transfer of real property by an instrument whose terms reserve to the transferor an estate for years or an estate for life. However, the termination of such an estate for years or life estate shall constitute a change of ownership;
   (vi) A transfer of real property between or among the same parties for the purpose of correcting or reforming a deed to express the true intention of the parties, if the original relationship between the grantor and grantee is not changed; or
   (vii) An interspousal transfer of real property, including, but not limited to:
       (A) Transfers to a trustee for the beneficial use of a spouse, or the surviving spouse of a deceased transferor, or by a trustee of the trust to the spouse of the trustor;
       (B) Transfers that take effect upon the death of a spouse;
       (C) Transfers to a spouse or former spouse in connection with a property settlement agreement or decree of dissolution of marriage or legal separation; and
NEW SECTION, Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 84.36 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) In addition to the limitations under this title, a specific property tax exemption is created whereby:
(i) The tax payable on property used as an owner-occupied principal place of residence may not exceed one-half of one percent of the property's adjusted value, as determined either under section 2 of this act or by applicable law, or both; and
(ii) A taxing district may not increase the actual monetary property tax assessed against property used as an owner-occupied principal place of residence by more than an additional one-half of one percent per year.
(b) This subsection does not apply to special levies or levies approved under RCW 84.55.050.

(2) The following specific conditions, as appropriate, must be satisfied by an owner-occupant claiming exemption for a principal residence under this section:
(a) The residence must be occupied by the person claiming exemption under this section as a principal place of residence in the year in which taxes are due;
(b) The claimant must notify the assessor in writing of the claimant's request for exemption under this section for a claim of exemption to be considered valid. The exemption shall be effective from the date of filing of a request for the exemption at the assessor's office by the claimant or duly authorized representative; and
(c) The person claiming exemption must have owned, at the time of filing, the property in fee, as a life estate, or by contract a share in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership. A share in the ownership of the property in fee, as a life estate, or by contract in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership representing a marital community or owned by cotenants shall be deemed to be owned by each spouse or cotenant, and any lease for life shall be deemed a life estate.

(3) Confinement of the claimant to a hospital or nursing home does not disqualify the claim of exemption if:
(a) The residence is temporarily unoccupied;
(b) The residence is occupied by a person who is either or both a spouse or a person financially dependent on the claimant for support; or
(c) The residence is rented for the specific purpose of paying nursing home or hospital costs.

(4) A person who is displaced from a principal residence may transfer a claimed exemption status to a similar replacement residence.

(5) A claimed exemption shall continue annually until change of ownership of the affected property, or until rescinded by the claimant.

(6) A claimant may not receive more than one active owner-occupant exemption at any time. A new claim for such an exemption invalidates any prior such exemption.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 84.40 RCW to read as follows:
(1) All property tax assessments shall be computed using the adjusted value of a property.
(2) The definitions in section 2 of this act apply to this section.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 5. This act applies to taxes payable in 1998 and thereafter.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 6. Funds accumulated due to implementation of chapter 2, Laws of 1994 may be used to offset the effects of implementation of this act."

Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

POINT OF ORDER

Representative B. Thomas: Mr. Speaker, I request a ruling on Scope and Object on this amendment.

SPEAKER’S RULING
The Speaker: Representative Thomas, The Speaker is prepared to Rule on your Point of Order which challenges amendment 025 to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212 as being beyond the Scope and Object of the amendment.

The subject portion of the title to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212 is: "AN ACT Relating to limiting property taxes by reducing the one hundred six percent limit calculation and allowing for valuation increases to be spread over time;"

The scope of the bill, as measured by the title of the act, is narrow and specific. The Act by its title is limited to proposals which reduce the 106 percent levy lid or which provide for smoothing out valuation increases over time.

Amendment 025 by Representative Sheldon would hold down the value of each parcel of property to two percent per year until the property ownership changes on owner occupied residences.

This plan to hold values down to two percent for owner occupied properties with a valuation catch up when the property changes ownership is not found in any part of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212.

The Speaker finds that Amendment 025 is not within the Scope of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212.

Representative B. Thomas, your Point of Order is well taken.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 026 to the striking amendment to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212 was withdrawn.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of striking amendment by Representative B. Thomas to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212.

The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the bill was placed on third reading final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Pennington, Cooke, Robertson, Talcott, and Smith spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Hatfield: Mr. Speaker, please ask the speaker to stick to the subject of this bill, and not try to impugn anyone in this body, on this floor.

SPEAKER’S RULING

The Speaker: Representative Hatfield, I would be glad to do that. And I will do that with all other members who will be speaking in the rest of this debate. So please do not refer to any other plans other than the one before us, Representative Smith. And all future speakers, please stand with the same ruling.

Representatives L Thomas, and Carrell spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Butler, Conway, Doumit, Morris, and Dickerson spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Gardner - 1.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5212, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Tuesday, February 11, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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THIERTIETH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, February 11, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate has passed: SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5028, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5049, and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1825 by Representatives Sump, Thompson, Pennington, Sheldon, DeBolt, Kessler and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to the forest development account; and amending RCW 76.12.110 and 43.84.092.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1826 by Representatives Thompson, Sheldon, DeBolt and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to the moneys derived from public lands managed by the commissioner of public lands; amending RCW 76.12.030 and 79.01.744; and reenacting and amending RCW 76.12.120.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1827 by Representatives Honeyford, Cole and Clements; by request of Department of Licensing

AN ACT Relating to boxing, kickboxing, martial arts, and wrestling; amending RCW 67.08.002, 67.08.010, 67.08.015, 67.08.017, 67.08.030, 67.08.050, 67.08.060, 67.08.080, 67.08.090, 67.08.100, 67.08.110, 67.08.120, 67.08.130, 67.08.140, 67.08.170, and 67.08.180; adding new sections to chapter 67.08 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1828 by Representative Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to inspection requirements for private residence conveyances; and amending RCW 70.87.010 and 70.87.120.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1829 by Representative Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to trade-in or exchange of computer hardware; amending RCW 19.60.010; adding a new chapter to Title 19 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1830 by Representative Boldt

AN ACT Relating to developmental disabilities; and amending RCW 71A.10.050 and 71A.20.080.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1831 by Representatives Boldt and Mulliken
AN ACT Relating to harassment by state employees; amending RCW 26.44.056 and 26.44.060; and adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1832 by Representatives Clements, Linville, Lisk and Grant

AN ACT Relating to the transfer of funds to provide for plant pest control activities; amending RCW 17.24.131; adding a new section to chapter 15.17 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1833 by Representatives Van Luven, Sheldon, Dunn and Kessler; by request of Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development

AN ACT Relating to existing economic development revolving loan funds in distressed areas; and amending RCW 43.168.120.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1834 by Representatives Chandler, Linville and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to agriculture; and adding a new section to chapter 49.17 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1835 by Representatives Skinner and Clements

AN ACT Relating to audit resolution reports; and amending RCW 43.88.160.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1836 by Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes, Mitchell, Quall, Cooke and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to child, adult dependent, and developmentally disabled person abuse; and amending RCW 26.44.030 and 26.44.080.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1837 by Representative B. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to the regulation of private property; and adding a new chapter to Title 64 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1838 by Representatives Cairnes, Conway, Wood, Alexander, Cody, Mielke, Kenney, Talcott, Cole, Hatfield, Murray, O'Brien, Smith, Constantine and Mason

AN ACT Relating to regulation of plumbers; amending RCW 18.106.010, 18.106.020, 18.106.030, 18.106.050, and 18.106.070; and adding a new section to chapter 18.106 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.
HB 1839 by Representatives Carlson, Sehlin, H. Sommers, Linville, Lambert, Ogden, Wolfe and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to the adjustment of a retirement allowance when a designated beneficiary predeceases a retiree; amending RCW 2.10.146, 41.26.460, 41.32.530, 41.32.785, 41.40.188, 41.40.660, and 41.04.275; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1840 by Representatives Dyer and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to agents for health plans; and amending RCW 70.47.120 and 70.47.130.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1841 by Representatives Honeyford, Linville, Clements, Carrell, Mielke, Benson, Mitchell, Hickel, Sheahan, Dunn, Skinner, Johnson, L. Thomas and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to school safety; amending RCW 28A.635.020, 28A.600.020, 28A.635.060, and 9.41.280; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.225.330; adding a new section to chapter 9A.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9A.46 RCW; adding a new sections to chapter 13.04 RCW; adding a new sections to chapter 13.50 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28A.600 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 28A.320 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1842 by Representatives Honeyford, Clements, Boldt, Lisk, McMorris, Koster, Skinner, Johnson, L. Thomas and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to the minimum length of school years; amending RCW 28A.150.220, 28A.150.220, 28A.190.030, 28A.195.010, and 28A.410.080; providing a contingent effective date; and providing a contingent expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1843 by Representatives Honeyford, Clements, Mielke, Koster, Carlson, Hickel, Mitchell, Dunn, Skinner and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to school inspections; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.


AN ACT Relating to voter registration; and amending RCW 29.07.005, 29.07.070, 29.07.090, 29.07.140, and 29.08.070.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1845 by Representatives Smith, Sump, Talcott, Hickel, Koster, Mulliken, Mielke, Sheahan, Johnson, L. Thomas and Backlund
AN ACT Relating to parents' rights; amending RCW 28A.320.230 and 28A.230.070; and adding a new chapter to Title 28A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1846 by Representatives Smith, Koster, Talcott, Sump, Lambert, Buck, Thompson, Mielke, Crouse, Bush, Hankins, McMorris, Chandler, Radcliff, Parlette, B. Thomas and Sheahan

AN ACT Relating to periodically maintaining voter registration lists; amending RCW 29.10.090 and 29.10.180; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1847 by Representatives Honeyford, McMorris and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to on-premises sales of liquor other than wine by the manufacturer; and amending RCW 66.08.050.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1848 by Representatives Clements, L. Thomas, Doumit, Van Luven and Grant

AN ACT Relating to benefiting the equine industry by parimutuel satellite and simulcast wagering restricted to live racing facilities and providing lottery games; amending RCW 67.16.050, 67.16.105, 67.16.200, and 67.70.240; adding a new section to chapter 67.70 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 67.16 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 67.16.190 and 67.16.250; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1849 by Representative Delvin

AN ACT Relating to children with developmental disabilities; amending RCW 13.34.030; reenacting and amending RCW 13.34.130; adding new sections to chapter 71A.10 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1850 by Representatives Dyer, Backlund, Skinner, Talcott, Schoesler, Mitchell and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to the long-term care reorganization and standards of care reform act; amending RCW 9A.42.010, 9A.42.050, 9A.42.020, 9A.42.030, 9A.44.010, 9A.44.050, 9A.44.100, 18.130.200, 43.43.842, 70.124.020, 70.124.030, 70.124.040, 70.124.070, 70.129.030, 70.129.110, 70.129.150, 43.190.030, 43.190.070, 74.39A.030, 74.39A.040, 74.39A.050, 74.39A.060, 74.39A.080, 43.20B.080, 74.34.010, 74.39A.170, 18.20.040, 70.128.175, and 43.17.020; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.040, 18.130.040, and 43.17.010; adding a new section to chapter 9A.42 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.124 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.34 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.20B RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.06 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 74.39.001, 74.39.005, 74.39.030, 74.39.040, 74.39A.005, 74.39A.007, and 74.39A.008; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.
HB 1851 by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Dunn, Talcott and Sullivan


Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1852 by Representatives Lambert, Mulliken, Backlund, Chandler and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to designating and zoning lands for agricultural purposes apart from those lands designated as having long-term significance for the commercial production of food or other agricultural products under the growth management act; and adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1853 by Representatives Smith and Bush

AN ACT Relating to the relationship between school district boundaries and the boundaries of a city or town with a population of less than three thousand; creating a new section; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1854 by Representatives Chandler, Linville, Koster, Doumit, Grant, Lantz, Kessler, Hatfield, Schoesler, Honeyford and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to funding for conservation districts to address nonpoint source pollution water quality problems; reenacting and amending RCW 70.146.060; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1855 by Representatives Carrell, Talcott and B. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to the method of allocating state funds to cities and towns; and amending RCW 43.62.020.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1856 by Representatives Dickerson, Costa, Constantine, Scott, Mason, Ogden, Conway, Tokuda, Cody, Kenney, Romero, H. Sommers, Cooper, Linville, Butler, Wolfe, Murray, Veloria, Fisher, Regala, Gardner, Quall, O’Brien, Doumit, Anderson, Morris, Kessler, Hatfield, Grant, Appelwick, Chopp, Kastama, Lisk, Gombosky, Wood and Blalock

a new section; repealing RCW 9.94A.045, 13.40.025, 13.40.0354, and 13.40.075; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1857 by Representatives Mastin, Hankins, Kessler, DeBolt, Morris, B. Thomas, Mielke, Delvin, Grant, Honeyford and Chandler

AN ACT Relating to the nonregulated activities of public service companies; and amending RCW 80.04.270.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1858 by Representatives Boldt, Cooke, Dickerson and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to information about parents' rights; amending RCW 26.44.120; and adding a new section to chapter 26.44 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1859 by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt and McDonald

AN ACT Relating to abuse of children and adult dependent and developmentally disabled persons; amending RCW 26.44.010, 26.44.015, 26.44.020, 26.44.030, 26.44.035, 26.44.040, 26.44.056, and 26.44.060; and reenacting and amending RCW 26.44.050.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1860 by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt, McDonald, Regala, Costa, Mason, Anderson, Kessler and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to adoption; amending RCW 26.33.350; adding a new section to chapter 26.33 RCW; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1861 by Representatives Cooke, Boldt, McDonald, Blalock and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to creating a department for employment services; amending RCW 43.17.020; reenacting and amending RCW 43.17.010; adding a new section to chapter 41.06 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1862 by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt and McDonald

AN ACT Relating to community-based alternative response systems; adding a new section to chapter 26.44 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1863 by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt, McDonald, Hatfield, Gombosky, Wood, Regala, Blalock, Conway, Costa, Pennington, Anderson, Kessler and Ogden
AN ACT Relating to child care; amending RCW 74.13.0903 and 74.25.040; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1864 by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt and McDonald

AN ACT Relating to prevention and early intervention; amending RCW 26.44.056; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1865 by Representatives B. Thomas, Johnson, Talcott, Thompson, Radcliff, Mulliken, Hickel, Backlund, Zellinsky and McDonald

AN ACT Relating to school district contracting; amending RCW 28A.400.285; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.320 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1866 by Representatives Chandler, Linville, Lisk, Delvin and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to the establishment of voluntary programs creating environmental excellence program agreements; amending RCW 90.54.020, 70.105D.070, 70.94.015, and 90.48.465; adding new sections to chapter 43.131 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.94 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.95 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.105 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.56 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.58 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.64 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.71 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; creating a new section; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1867 by Representatives Backlund, Cody and Sullivan; by request of Department of Health

AN ACT Relating to food and beverage service worker permits; amending RCW 69.06.010, 69.06.030, and 69.06.050; adding a new section to chapter 69.06 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1868 by Representatives Backlund, Dyer and Cody

AN ACT Relating to somatic education; amending RCW 18.108.050; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1869 by Representatives Reams, Romero, Cairnes, Mulliken, Fisher, Gardner, Lantz, Dunshee, Linville, Chopp, Regala, Cody, Blalock, Conway, Costa, Mason, Kenney, Anderson and Kessler; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to implementing the recommendations of the land use study commission; amending RCW 36.70A.030, 36.70A.070, 36.70A.160, 36.70A.190,
36.70A.130, 36.70A.270, 36.70A.290, 36.70A.300, 36.70A.305, 36.70A.320, 36.70A.330, 36.70A.500, 84.34.020, 84.40.030, 90.60.030, 35A.14.295, 35A.14.295, 36.93.170, and 84.14.010; adding new sections to chapter 36.70A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.14.295 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1870 by Representatives Sherstad, Zellinsky, Sterk and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to the adult family home disciplinary board; and adding new sections to chapter 18.48 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.


Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5028 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Sellar, Swecker and Loveland)

Modifying county treasury management.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5049 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Prentice, Horn, Brown, Prince and Haugen)

Providing vehicle owners' names and addresses to commercial parking companies.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

HB 1005 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Creating the border county higher education opportunity pilot project. Reported by Committee on Higher Education
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.
Excused: Representative Kenney.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 7, 1997
HB 1006 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Expanding incumbent’s authority to send individual letters. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Smith, L. Thomas and Wensman.
Excused: Representatives Murray, Reams and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 6, 1997
HB 1076 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Reforming regulatory activities. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 7, 1997
HB 1089 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Correcting references to the former aid to families with dependent children program. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Bush, Boldt, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 1121** Prime Sponsor, Representative Veloria: Revising legal custody of children. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Bush, Boldt, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 7, 1997**

**HB 1230** Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Protecting students’ religious rights. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump and Talcott.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cole and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 7, 1997**

**HB 1271** Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Relating to the establishment of commissioner districts and the election of commissioners of public hospital districts. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 7, 1997**

**HB 1370** Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Adopting recommendations of the state board for community and technical colleges regarding the 1991 merger of community and technical colleges. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Excused: Representative Kenney.

On page 6, line 11, after “specific” insert “academic”

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1415 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Setting compensation for public utility district commissioners. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1432 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Modifying the adoption support reconsideration program. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Bush, Boldt, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, February 12, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
1844 Intro & 1st Reading 4
1845 Intro & 1st Reading 4
1846 Intro & 1st Reading 4
1847 Intro & 1st Reading 4
1848 Intro & 1st Reading 4
1849 Intro & 1st Reading 5
1850 Intro & 1st Reading 5
1851 Intro & 1st Reading 5
1852 Intro & 1st Reading 5
1853 Intro & 1st Reading 6
1854 Intro & 1st Reading 6
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1856 Intro & 1st Reading 6
1857 Intro & 1st Reading 6
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1864 Intro & 1st Reading 7
1865 Intro & 1st Reading 7
1866 Intro & 1st Reading 8
1867 Intro & 1st Reading 8
1868 Intro & 1st Reading 8
1869 Intro & 1st Reading 8
1870 Intro & 1st Reading 8
3900 Intro & 1st Reading 9
THIRTIETH DAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
THIRTY-FIRST DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, February 12, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington, presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Dessa Dan Porto and Brian Rowe. Prayer was offered by Dr. Joe Fuiten, Pastor, Cedar Park Assembly of God, Bothell.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1008, by Representatives Robertson, Fisher, Chandler, Hatfield, Johnson, Zellinsky and L. Thomas

Standardizing issuance of license plates.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1008 was substituted for House Bill No. 1008 and the substitute bill was advanced to second reading.

Substitute House Bill No. 1008 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Robertson, Fisher and K. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Van Luven and Sheldon spoke against passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representatives Quall, Wolfe, Kenney, Keiser and Tokuda were excused. On motion of Representative Talcott, Representatives Reams and Dyer were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1008.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1008 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 83, Nays - 13, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Substitute House Bill No. 1008, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Facilitating smoother flow of traffic.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 020 to House Bill No. 1013 was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1013.

ROLL CALL


Voting nay: Representatives Koster and Sherstad - 2.

Absent: Representative Dyer - 1.


House Bill No. 1013, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1023, by Representatives Buck, Cooke, Mielke and Cairnes
Clarifying qualifications for commuter ride sharing.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1023.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1023 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


House Bill No. 1023, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1871 by Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas and Benson

AN ACT Relating to underinsured motor vehicle insurance coverage; and amending RCW 48.22.030.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1872 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Scott, Mitchell and Hankins

AN ACT Relating to improving public transportation performance; amending RCW 35.58.2795, 35.58.2796, 36.57A.140, 35.58.273, 82.44.150, 82.44.180, 47.78.010, 47.78.010, and 49.60.215; adding a new section to chapter 39.34 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 35.58 RCW; creating new sections; providing effective dates; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1873 by Representatives Boldt, Dunn and Mulliken

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1874 by Representatives Robertson, O'Brien and Fisher

AN ACT Relating to electrical inspections within county road rights of way; and amending RCW 19.28.360.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1875 by Representatives Skinner, Carlson, Radcliff, Cody, Murray, Hatfield and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to updating terminology in chapter 18.108 RCW; and amending RCW 18.108.005, 18.108.010, and 18.108.030.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1876 by Representatives Mulliken, Murray and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to training to use teletype writers; adding a new section to chapter 43.20A RCW; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1877 by Representatives Skinner, Cole, Cody, Clements, Blalock, Kenney, Lantz, Cooper, Mason, Tokuda, Gombosky, Quall, Butler, Dickerson, Anderson, Keiser, Gardner, Regala, Ogden, Conway, Costa, Wood and Linville; by request of Governor Locke and Attorney General

AN ACT Relating to regulation and control of tobacco products; amending RCW 70.155.010, 70.155.020, 70.155.030, 70.155.040, 70.155.050, 70.155.090, 70.155.100, 70.155.110, 70.155.130, 82.24.500, and 82.26.050; adding a new section to chapter 70.155 RCW; repealing RCW 70.155.060 and 82.24.270; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1878 by Representatives Mason, Sheahan, Morris, Kessler, Radcliff, Van Luven, Veloria, O'Brien, Dunn, Kenney, Keiser, Dickerson, Hatfield, Carlson, Tokuda, Lambert, Thompson, Mulliken, Conway, Blalock, Kastama, Lantz, Wensman, Cooper, Wolfe, Gombosky, Quall, Cody, Anderson, Regala, Ogden and Linville

AN ACT Relating to parent and education partnerships; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1879 by Representatives Constantine, Poulsen, Blalock, Cooper, Mason, Butler, Dickerson, Keiser and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to on-site sewage disposal systems; amending RCW 4.16.300; adding a new section to chapter 70.118 RCW; and adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW.
Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1880** by Representatives Chandler, Sump and Mastin; by request of Washington State University

AN ACT Relating to Morrill act trust lands and other public trusts; amending RCW 79.01.088, 79.01.136, 79.01.724, 79.64.010, 79.64.020, 79.64.030, 79.64.040, 79.66.050, 79.66.060, and 79.90.100; adding a new section to chapter 79.64 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**HB 1881** by Representatives Wensman, Scott, Linville, Wolfe, D. Schmidt and Chandler

AN ACT Relating to public water systems; amending RCW 90.03.320 and 90.03.330; adding a new section to chapter 90.03 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**HB 1882** by Representatives Dyer and Cody

AN ACT Relating to referrals to the department of health by the legislature to review proposed substantial changes to scope of practice or level of regulation of health professions; amending RCW 18.120.010, 18.120.020, 18.120.030, 18.120.040, and 18.120.050; adding a new section to chapter 18.120 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 1883** by Representatives Lisk, McMorris, Huff, Reams, Honeyford and Clements

AN ACT Relating to state civil service reform, including reform of civil service collective bargaining with respect to issues other than wages; amending RCW 41.06.150, 41.06.160, 41.06.170, and 41.64.090; adding new sections to chapter 41.06 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 41.64.010, 41.64.020, 41.64.030, 41.64.040, 41.64.050, 41.64.060, 41.64.070, 41.64.080, 41.64.090, 41.64.100, 41.64.110, 41.64.120, 41.64.130, 41.64.140, 41.64.910, and 41.06.163; providing effective dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1884** by Representatives Constantine, Poulsen, Carrell and Butler

AN ACT Relating to city and town utility taxes; amending RCW 35.21.870; and repealing RCW 35.21.871 and 35A.82.070.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1885** by Representatives Romero, Cole, Kenney, Blalock, Appelwick, Constantine, Fisher, Poulsen, Tokuda, Sullivan, Butler, Dickerson, Anderson, Costa and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to the humane trapping of animals; amending RCW 77.32.197; adding a new section to chapter 77.16 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**HB 1886** by Representatives Sheahan, McMorris, Sherstad, Lambert, Mulliken, Honeyford, Clements, Mitchell, Thompson and Sullivan
AN ACT Relating to information provided by former or current employers to prospective employers; and adding a new section to chapter 4.24 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1887 by Representatives McMorris, Conway, Clements, Honeyford, Cole and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to establishing the department of labor and industries WISHA advisory committee; adding a new section to chapter 49.17 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1888 by Representatives Van Luven, Veloria, Dunn, McDonald, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Sheldon, Morris, Mason, Kastama, Wensman, Wolfe, Doumit, Hatfield, Thompson, Butler, Chandler, Kessler, Dickerson, Constantine, Ogden, Conway, Costa, Cole and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to the executive-legislative task force on international trade; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1889 by Representative Mastin

AN ACT Relating to inclusion of lands in irrigation districts; amending RCW 87.03.615; and repealing RCW 87.03.560.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1890 by Representatives Parlette, Chandler, Buck and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to exempting ski lift tickets sold by nonprofit organizations from sales and use taxes; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1891 by Representatives Dyer, Wolfe and Butler

AN ACT Relating to the commercial and business uses of government records in electronic form; amending RCW 42.17.020, 42.17.255, and 43.105.310; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.260, 42.17.300, and 42.17.310; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1892 by Representatives Kessler, Blalock, Cooper, Mason, Doumit, Hatfield, Gombosky, Quall, Cody, Dickerson, Anderson, Constantine, Keiser, Regala, Ogden, Conway, Costa, Wood, Cole and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to property tax exemptions for senior citizens; amending RCW 84.36.381; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1893 by Representatives Kessler and Ballasiotes
AN ACT Relating to an autopsy of a minor; and amending RCW 68.50.010 and 68.50.101.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1894 by Representatives Blalock, Sterk, Constantine, Ogden, Cooper, Kenney, Keiser, Sullivan and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to covering materials; amending RCW 46.61.655; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1895 by Representatives Mielke, Boldt, Doumit, Thompson, Mulliken, Cairnes, Hatfield, Pennington, Sump, Smith and Zellinsky

AN ACT Relating to the inspection of commercial motor vehicles; amending RCW 46.32.010 and 46.32.040; adding a new section to chapter 46.61 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 46.64.060 and 46.64.070; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1896 by Representatives Carlson, Wolfe, Romero, Quall, Keiser, Conway, Costa and O'Brien; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to leave for state employees; and adding a new section to chapter 41.06 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1897 by Representatives Reams, Lantz and Gardner

AN ACT Relating to making corrections to the omnibus 1995 legislation that integrates growth management planning and environmental review, and conforming the terminology and provisions of

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1898 by Representatives Johnson, Cole, Blalock, Zellinsky, Cooper, Tokuda, Dickerson, Keiser, Regala, Ogden, Conway and Linville; by request of Board of Education

AN ACT Relating to teacher assessment for certification; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 28A.410.020.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1899 by Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas, Carrell, Wolfe, Grant and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to life insurance illustrations; adding a new chapter to Title 48 RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1900 by Representatives Mastin, Grant, Van Luven, Dyer, Chandler, McMorris, Thompson and Mulliken
AN ACT Relating to tax credits for charitable contributions; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; and adding a new chapter to Title 84 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1901 by Representatives Mastin, Cooke, Kessler, Boldt, Tokuda, Quall, McDonald, Sherstad, Parlette, Cooper, McMorris, Dyer, Chandler, Backlund, Blalock, Kastama, Sullivan, Mulliken, Linville and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to providing vouchers for pregnant minors; adding new sections to chapter 74.12 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HJR 4211 by Representatives Boldt, Koster, Mulliken, Mielke, Thompson and Carrell

Imposing term limits on judges.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 11, 1997

HB 1075 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hickel: Providing concurrent jurisdiction for certain courts dealing with compulsory school attendance. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1110 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Prohibiting a moratorium on new appropriations of Columbia or Snake river waters based on certain contingencies. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1111 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Granting water rights to certain persons who were water users before January 1, 1993. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.


Voting Nay: Representative Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1114 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Revising regulations concerning reclaimed water. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1129 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Increasing penalties for attempting to elude a pursuing police vehicle to a class B felony. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1165 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Creating the crimes of homicide by watercraft and assault by watercraft. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1196 Prime Sponsor, Representative McDonald: Regulating registration of charitable trusts.  
Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1197 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Allowing an interlocal agreement between a county and municipality to transfer jurisdiction over a defendant. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1233 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Revising provisions relating to the landowner contingency forest fire suppression account. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1252 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wensman: Regulating the dissolution of limited partnerships.  
Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.
HB 1297 Prime Sponsor, Representative DeBolt: Including the existence of a no contact order as an aggravating circumstance in first degree murder. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1309 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mielke: Creating the crime of disarming a law enforcement officer. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1335 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Creating a task force on tourism promotion and development. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1360 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Allowing state patrol officers to engage in private employment. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

Majority Report: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by 12 members: Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.
Excused: Representatives Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1452 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Providing definitions concerning title insurers. 
Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1488 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Requiring the commissioner of public lands to be on the Puget Sound action team. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.


Voting Nay: Representatives Cooper and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1367 was referred from the Committee on Capital Budget to the Rules Committee; House Bill No. 1084 was referred from the Committee on Appropriations to the Rules Committee; House Bill No. 1740 was referred from the Committee on Commerce and Labor to the committee on Law and Justice; and House Bill No. 1176 was referred from the Committee on Law & Justice to the Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, February 13, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
THIRTY-FIRST DAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1997
THIRTY-SECOND DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, February 13, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

February 12, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5029,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5062,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5071, 
SENATE BILL NO. 5468,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

February 12, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8406,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

February 12, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) and has passed the following bills as amended by the House:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5212,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

February 12, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5398,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary
There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1902 by Representatives Cody, Carrell, Conway, Sheahan, Kenney, Costa, Lantz, Lambert, Sherstad, Thompson and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to offenses involving the taking of a motor vehicle; amending RCW 9A.56.040; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320; adding a new section to chapter 9A.56 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1903 by Representatives Cairnes, Linville, Conway, Honeyford, Hatfield, Clements, Kenney, Blalock, Cody, Cole, Gardner, Cooke and Tokuda

AN ACT Relating to registration of contractors; amending RCW 18.27.010, 18.27.020, 18.27.030, 18.27.040, 18.27.060, 18.27.090, 18.27.100, 18.27.104, 18.27.110, 18.27.114, 18.27.117, 18.27.200, 18.27.230, 18.27.270, and 18.27.340; reenacting and amending RCW 51.12.020; adding a new section to chapter 18.27 RCW; repealing RCW 18.27.140; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1904 by Representatives Cairnes, Linville, Conway, Clements, Hatfield, Honeyford and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to accounts under the authority of the department of labor and industries; amending RCW 18.27.340, 43.22.434, 43.22.480, and 43.22.500; adding a new section to chapter 18.27 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 43.22 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1905 by Representatives Lisk, Huff, Quall, Mulliken, Hatfield, Dyer, Grant, Butler, Doumit, McMorris, Gardner, Benson, Morris, Cooke, Kastama, Kessler, Zellinsky, Linville, Wolfe, D. Sommers, Thompson, Robertson and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to repealing the carbonated beverage tax; amending RCW 69.50.520; creating a new section; repealing RCW 82.64.010, 82.64.020, 82.64.030, 82.64.040, and 82.64.050; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1906 by Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes, Quall, Blalock, Linville, Cole and Tokuda

AN ACT Relating to sentencing; amending RCW 9.94A.110; and reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.120 and 9.94A.200.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1907 by Representatives Cairnes, Radcliff, Koster, Thompson, Costa, O’Brien, D. Schmidt, Kessler, Mielke, Kastama, Scott and Morris

AN ACT Relating to competitive telecommunications services by establishing categories of service that are not subject to regulation; and amending RCW 80.36.300 and 80.36.370.
Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

**HB 1908** by Representatives Thompson and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to the enforcement of workplace safety standards by the department of labor and industries; adding a new section to chapter 49.17 RCW; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1909** by Representatives Sheahan, McMorris and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to land division; and amending RCW 58.17.010, 58.17.020, 58.17.030, 58.17.033, 58.17.035, 58.17.040, 58.17.060, 58.17.110, 58.17.150, 58.17.195, and 58.17.900.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**HB 1910** by Representatives Boldt, Carrell, Dickerson, Tokuda and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to a crisis residential center; and amending RCW 13.32A.030, 13.32A.042, 13.32A.044, and 13.32A.130.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**HB 1911** by Representatives Benson, Mastin, McMorris, Mulliken, Boldt, Sterk, Lambert, Honeyford, Smith, Mielke, Buck, Thompson, Clements, Sherstad, O'Brien, Zellinsky, Sump, Hickel, Schoesler, Koster, Delvin, Wensman, Chandler, L. Thomas, Quall, Crouse, Pennington, Huff, Grant, Talcott, D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Sheldon and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to the employment of minors; amending RCW 49.12.121, 49.12.170, 49.12.390, and 49.12.420; repealing RCW 49.12.123 and 49.12.410; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 1912** by Representatives Sherstad and Constantine

AN ACT Relating to preservation of confidential records; adding a new section to chapter 9.91 RCW; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**HB 1913** by Representatives Van Luven and Dickerson

AN ACT Relating to the business and occupation taxation of payments and contributions to nonprofit convention and tourism promotion corporations by public entities; and adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**HB 1914** by Representatives Grant, Pennington, Scott, Thompson, Mielke, Cairnes, Sherstad, Ballasiotes, Buck, Schoesler, Robertson, Hickel, Kessler, Romero, Linville, Hatfield, Sheldon, Benson, Wensman, Mitchell, Dyer, Alexander, Blalock, Morris, Hankins and Backlund
AN ACT Relating to taxation of cigars; amending RCW 82.26.010; and adding a new section to chapter 82.26 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1915 by Representatives Skinner, Murray, Thompson, Blalock, Cody and Costa

AN ACT Relating to removing regulatory barriers to the provision of oral health care services to rural, remote, and underserved populations; amending RCW 18.29.050 and 18.29.056; and repealing 1993 c 323 s 6 (uncodified).

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1916 by Representatives Skinner, Murray, Thompson, Blalock, Cody and Costa

AN ACT Relating to improving access for oral health care services for rural and underserved populations; adding a new section to chapter 70.185 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28B.115 RCW; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1917 by Representatives Skinner, Murray, Thompson and Cody

AN ACT Relating to the certification of public health dental hygienists practicing among underserved populations; adding new sections to chapter 18.29 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1918 by Representatives Skinner, Cody, Dyer, Kenney, Costa, Conway and Morris

AN ACT Relating to domestic relations; and amending RCW 26.04.160.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1919 by Representatives B. Thomas, Thompson, Robertson, Linville, Wensman and Morris

AN ACT Relating to repealing the sales taxation of certain services enacted in 1993; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.050; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1920 by Representatives Pennington, Cody, Backlund, Conway and Veloria

AN ACT Relating to clinical laboratory science practitioners; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.040; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SB 5029 by Senator Morton

Eliminating obsolete references in the water code.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.
SSB 5062 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Haugen, Johnson, Winsley and Oke; by request of Secretary of State)

Streamlining registration and licensing of businesses.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5071 by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Haugen and Hochstatter; by request of Board of Education)

Changing provisions relating to territory included in city and town boundary extensions.

Referred to Committee on Education.

ESSB 5398 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Zarelli, Oke and Schow)

Reaffirming and protecting the institution of marriage.

SB 5468 by Senators Rasmussen, Morton, Fraser, Newhouse, Oke and Jacobsen

Promoting beekeeping operations.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SCR 8406 by Senators Prince and Snyder

Recognizing the "Old Timers" reunion.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5398 and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8406 which are held on first reading.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 11, 1997

HB 1017 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sehlin: Exchanging state-owned aquatic lands with privately owned lands. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; and Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representatives Regala and Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997
HB 1083 Prime Sponsor, Representative McDonald: Authorizing use of department of licensing records in criminal prosecutions. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1112 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Adjudicating water rights. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1113 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Authorizing a change in the use of water made surplus by certain activities and modifying transfer provisions. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.


Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Cooper and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1118 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Reopening the water rights claim filing period. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Regala.
HB 1141 Prime Sponsor, Representative Scott: Eliminating boards and commissions. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Voting Nay: Representative Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1191 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Providing for review of mandated health insurance benefits. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representative Conway.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1266 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Exempting certain information provided to the health care policy board and interagency quality committee from public disclosure. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1314 Prime Sponsor, Representative Bush: Computing the time within which an act is to be done. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 12, 1997

HB 1328 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Revising the business and occupation tax on the handling of hay, alfalfa, and seed. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1353 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Facilitating sale of materials from department of transportation lands. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Constantine, Gardner, Johnson, and Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 10, 1997

HB 1421 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mitchell: Using transportation centers. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Constantine, Gardner, and Romero.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1424 Prime Sponsor, Representative Skinner: Revising provisions for kidney dialysis centers. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Conway; Parlette, Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1525 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Revising the submittal date for county six-year transportation programs. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Gardner, Johnson, Murray, Ogden, and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1533 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sehlin: Using county road funds. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Radcliff; Robertson, Romero, Scott, Skinner, Sterk, Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Gardner, Johnson, Murray, Ogden and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1593 Prime Sponsor, Representative Scott: Collecting solid waste or recyclables. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.


Voting Nay: Representative Cooper.

Excused: Representatives Gardner, Murray, Ogden and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 11, 1997

HB 1594 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Relaxing front end length limits on garbage trucks.

Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Buck, Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Radcliff; Robertson, Romero, Scott, Sterk, Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Gardner, Murray, Ogden and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 13, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5212, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing: ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5212

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, February 14, 1997.
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THIRTY-SECOND DAY, FEBRUARY 13, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

THIRTY-THIRD DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, February 14, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.
The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Morgan Moloney and Charissa Brecht. Prayer was offered by Pastor Robert Christensen, Olympia-Lacey Church of God.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4621, by Representatives Buck, Cairnes, Kessler, Sheldon, Doumit, Hatfield, D. Schmidt, Conway and Cody

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to honor those who have engaged in heroic acts to assist those facing harm; and
WHEREAS, Three young Coast Guardsmen lost their lives on February 12, 1997, while attempting to rescue sailors in peril near the mouth of the Quillayute River; and
WHEREAS, The Coast Guardsmen who perished, along with one surviving Coast Guardsman who also participated in the rescue attempt, set out at 12:35 a.m. in driving rain, twenty-five foot seas, and winds of thirty-five to forty-five knots; and
WHEREAS, The deceased Coast Guardsmen are Seaman Clinton P. Miniken, 22, of Snohomish, Washington; Petty Officer 2nd Class David A. Bosley, 36, of Coronado, California; and Petty Officer 3rd Class Matthew E. Schlimme, 24, of Whitewater, Missouri; and
WHEREAS, The only surviving member of the rescue team was Seaman Apprentice Benjamin Wingo, 19, of Bremerton, Washington; and
WHEREAS, Each of these men risked their lives to rescue sailors who were in peril, demonstrating courage, braving treacherous conditions, and epitomizing the commitment to duty that the Coast Guard is so well known for;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives extend its sincere appreciation to the Coast Guard for its ongoing efforts to ensure the safety of maritime activities on Washington waters; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize and honor each member of the Coast Guard rescue crew that voluntarily and courageously entered into harm’s way to assist those in danger, and extend its sincere condolences to each of the surviving family members; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Rear Admiral J. David Spade, 13th Coast Guard District Commander, Seaman Apprentice Benjamin Wingo, and to the surviving families of Seaman Clinton P. Miniken, Petty Officer 2nd Class David A. Bosley, and Petty Officer 3rd Class Matthew E. Schlimme.

Representative Buck moved adoption of the resolution.

Representative Buck, B. Thomas and Kessler spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4621 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1054, by Representatives Dunn, Carlson, Mason and Mielke; by request of Higher Education Coordinating Board

Referencing the prior fiscal period rather than biennia for refunds and recoveries to the state educational trust fund.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dunn, Carlson and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1054.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1054 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Schmidt, K. - 1.

House Bill No. 1054, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 1054.  

KAREN SCHMIDT, 23rd District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1059, by Representatives Backlund, Cody and Mason; by request of Department of Health

Merging the health professions account and the medical disciplinary account.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1059.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1059 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Schmidt, K. - 1.

House Bill No. 1059, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 1059.  

KAREN SCHMIDT, 23rd District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1072, by Representatives Sterk, Sheahan, Hickel and Delvin

Regulating interception of communications.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1072 was substituted for House Bill No. 1072 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1072 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1072.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1072 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Schmidt, K. - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1072, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1072.  

KAREN SCHMIDT, 23rd District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1074, by Representatives Sheahan, Costa, Hatfield and Constantine
Protecting personality rights.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1074 was substituted for House Bill No. 1074 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1074 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 009 to Substitute House Bill No. 1074 was withdrawn.

Representative Sheahan moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheahan: (029)

On page 4 line 26 strike "knowingly transports such goods into or"

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sheahan moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheahan: (031)

On page 6 line 4 strike "suggest" and insert "claim"

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1074 was advanced to third reading final passage.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Wensman, Representative K. Schmidt was excused.

Representatives Sheahan, Constantine and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1074.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1074 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 1, Absent - 1, Excused - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1074, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1090, by Representatives Radcliff, Dickerson, Fisher, Carrell, Van Luven, Robertson and O'Brien

Providing vehicle owners' names and addresses to commercial parking companies.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Radcliff and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1090.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1090 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Schmidt, K. - 1.

House Bill No. 1090, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1921 by Representatives Honeyford, Smith, L. Thomas, Sterk, Boldt, Koster and Clements

AN ACT Relating to bidding procedures used by state agencies and educational institutions to comply with goals for participation of women and minority-owned and controlled businesses in public works and procuring goods or services; and amending RCW 39.19.070.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
HB 1922 by Representatives Honeyford, Lisk, Mastin and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to granting courts of limited jurisdiction concurrent jurisdiction over certain juvenile offenses; reenacting and amending RCW 13.04.030; adding a new section to chapter 13.04 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1923 by Representatives Sheldon, Dunn, D. Sommers, Kastama, Lambert, Sump, Ballasiotes, Doumit, Linville, Chandler, Veloria, Grant, Conway, O'Brien, Wensman, Mulliken, Sullivan and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to making advisory committees and task forces subject to the open public meetings act; and amending RCW 42.30.020.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1924 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Sheahan, Dickerson, Radcliff, Sheldon, Chopp, Mason, Conway, Costa, Mitchell, K. Schmidt, Buck, Wensman, Schoesler, Parlette, Hankins, Backlund, Johnson, D. Schmidt, Sterk, Sump, Cooke, Mastin, Scott, O'Brien, Cooper, Hatfield, Blalock, Kessler, Mulliken, Cole, Kenney, Gardner, McMorris and Tokuda

AN ACT Relating to sex offenses; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320 and 9.94A.120; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1925 by Representatives Clements and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to retirement benefits under the teachers' retirement system, plan I; and adding a new section to chapter 41.32 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1926 by Representatives Sterk, Sheahan, Crouse, Benson, Schoesler, Koster, Chandler, Mastin, Mulliken, Dunn and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to excise tax exemptions for agricultural machinery and equipment used in field and turf grass seed farming; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1927 by Representatives Clements, Appelwick, O'Brien, Costa and Conway

AN ACT Relating to civil legal services; adding a new chapter to Title 2 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.131 RCW; creating new sections; repealing 43.08.260; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1928 by Representatives Skinner, Mason, Van Luven, Radcliff and D. Schmidt; by request of Housing Finance Commission

AN ACT Relating to the Washington state housing finance commission; and amending RCW 43.180.080.
Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**HB 1929** by Representatives Mastin, Grant, DeBolt, Sheldon, Johnson, Chandler, McMorris, Thompson, Buck, Lisk, Schoesler and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to legislative approval of agency rules; and amending RCW 34.05.350 and 34.05.380.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**HB 1930** by Representatives Chandler, Linville, D. Schmidt and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to birth certificates; adding a new section to chapter 70.58 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1931** by Representatives Cairnes and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to fees and costs regarding appeal of land use decisions; and repealing RCW 4.84.370.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**HB 1932** by Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes, Sheahan, Scott, O’Brien, Wensman, Blalock, Kessler, Conway, Mason and Tokuda; by request of Department of Labor & Industries

AN ACT Relating to including terrorism committed outside of the United States in the definition of criminal act for the purposes of crime victim compensation and assistance; amending RCW 7.68.020; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**HB 1933** by Representatives O’Brien, Radcliff, Cody, Blalock, Morris, Murray, Scott, Ogden, Cooper, Costa, Cole, Conway, Mason and Tokuda

AN ACT Relating to school nurses; adding a new section to chapter 28A.210 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1934** by Representatives Koster, Ballasiotes, Hickel, Robertson, Mitchell, Dickerson, Cairnes, Regala, Delvin, Dunn and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to deductions from inmate funds; and amending RCW 72.09.480.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**HB 1935** by Representative Reams

AN ACT Relating to the development of inherited property; adding a new section to chapter 35.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.70 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.
HB 1936 by Representatives Sterk, Sheahan, Costa, Carrell, Hickel, Radcliff and Quall

AN ACT Relating to liens on owner's proceeds in favor of commercial real estate brokers; and adding a new chapter to Title 60 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1937 by Representatives Carrell, B. Thomas, Talcott, Zellinsky, Thompson, Chandler, Mielke, McDonald, Smith, Boldt, Hickel, Huff, Sheahan, Sterk, D. Schmidt, L. Thomas, Robertson, Cairnes, Mitchell, D. Sommers and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to property tax administration; providing full disclosure; revising billing procedures; requiring annual revaluations; amending RCW 84.40.045, 84.56.050, 84.52.054, 84.56.020, 84.41.030, 84.41.041, and 84.40.0301; adding a new section to chapter 84.41 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 84.56.022; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 1938 by Representatives Carrell, Cooke, Talcott, Cairnes, Mulliken, Sterk, Huff, L. Thomas, Reams, D. Schmidt, McMorris, Robertson, Hickel, Mitchell, Buck, D. Sommers, B. Thomas, Delvin and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to at-risk youth; amending RCW 4.92.060, 4.92.070, 4.92.150, 13.32A.082, 13.32A.197, and 71.34.030; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1939 by Representatives Ogden, Cooper, Lantz, Anderson, Scott, O'Brien, Hatfield, Blalock, Kessler, Conway, Cody and Gardner

AN ACT Relating to covering reserve law enforcement officers under volunteer fire fighters relief benefits; amending RCW 41.24.020, 41.24.150, 41.24.160, and 41.24.400; and adding new sections to chapter 41.24 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1940 by Representatives Robertson, Appelwick, Sheahan, Regala, Scott, O'Brien, Ogden, Cooper, Blalock, Costa, Cole, Conway, Cody, Wolfe and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to driving while under the influence of liquor or drugs; amending RCW 10.05.090, 46.20.3101, 46.20.380, 46.20.391, 46.20.394, 46.20.400, 46.20.720, 46.20.730, 46.20.740, 46.61.5055, and 46.61.5056; reenacting and amending RCW 46.63.020; adding a new section to chapter 46.04 RCW; recodifying RCW 46.20.730; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1941 by Representatives Robertson, Scott, D. Schmidt, Ogden, Cooke, Poulsen, Carrell, Wood, O'Brien, Cooper, Blalock, Costa, Cole, Conway, Gardner, Mason and Tokuda

AN ACT Relating to supported employment for persons with developmental disabilities; adding new sections to chapter 41.04 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
HB 1942 by Representatives B. Thomas, Thompson and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to the repeal of the coal mining code; and repealing RCW

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1943 by Representatives Reams, Scott, D. Schmidt, Kessler and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to special district commissioner per diem compensation; and amending RCW 35.61.150, 52.14.010, 53.12.260, and 57.12.010.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1944 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Tokuda, Dickerson, Wolfe, Scott, O’Brien, Cooper, Blalock, Costa, Cole, Cody, Sullivan, Gardner and Mason

AN ACT Relating to teen pregnancies; creating a new section; making an appropriation; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1945 by Representatives Dunn and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to county expenditures of revenues generated by forest board lands; and amending RCW 76.12.030.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1946 by Representatives Kenney, Dyer, Cody, Van Luven, Chopp, Cooke, Keiser, Anderson, Cole, Cooper, Veloria, Hatfield, Constantine, Morris, O’Brien, Ogden, Blalock, Costa, Conway and Tokuda
AN ACT Relating to increasing protections for vulnerable persons; amending RCW 43.43.832, 43.43.842, 43.20A.710, 18.52C.010, 18.52C.020, and 18.52C.040; adding a new section to chapter 43.20A RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1947 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Thompson, Huff, Hatfield, Wensman and Reams

AN ACT Relating to studying the feasibility of hosting the 2004 or 2008 summer Olympic Games; creating a new section; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1948 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Thompson, Scott and Koster

AN ACT Relating to annexations by cities and towns; and amending RCW 35.13.005 and 35A.14.005.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1949 by Representatives Mason, O'Brien and Gardner

AN ACT Relating to higher education; adding new sections to chapter 28B.50 RCW; creating new sections; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1950 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Thompson, Scott and Koster

AN ACT Relating to incorporations of cities and towns; amending RCW 36.93.150; and adding a new section to chapter 35.02 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1951 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Carlson, Sullivan, Carrell, Dyer, O'Brien, Costa, Conway and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to education grants for members of the Washington national guard; and adding a new section to chapter 38.40 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 1952 by Representatives Dyer, Morris, Backlund, Grant and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to health facilities and services; amending RCW 70.38.025, 70.38.105, 70.38.115, 70.38.135, and 43.70.052; adding a new chapter to Title 70 RCW; creating new sections; decodifying RCW 70.38.155, 70.38.156, 70.38.157, 70.38.914, 70.38.915, 70.38.916, 70.38.917, 70.38.918, and 70.38.919; repealing RCW 70.38.095 and 70.170.080; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1953 by Representatives Regala, Anderson, Butler, Romero, Blalock and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to protection and restoration of water quality; adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1954 by Representatives Honeyford, Quall and Bush

AN ACT Relating to real estate appraisers; amending RCW 18.140.010 and 18.140.020; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1955 by Representatives McMorris, Quall, Bush and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to real estate brokerage relationships including different licensees affiliated with the same broker representing different buyers and sellers in competing transactions involving the same property, termination of those relationships, and consumer information about those relationships; amending RCW 18.86.020, 18.86.040, 18.86.050, 18.86.060, 18.86.070, 18.86.080, and 18.86.120; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1956 by Representative Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to stolen motor vehicles; and reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.360 and 13.04.030.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 1957 by Representatives Sullivan, O’Brien, Conway and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to providing a scoring preference on civil service examinations to certain persons who served in the reserves; and amending RCW 41.04.010.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1958 by Representatives Sherstad, Cody and Zellinsky

AN ACT Relating to maintaining market forces and consumer choice in boarding home care; amending RCW 74.39A.010, 74.39A.070, and 74.39A.080; adding a new section to chapter 74.39A RCW; and repealing RCW 74.39A.020.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1959 by Representatives Robertson, Grant, Mulliken, Cairnes, Mastin, Ogden, Keiser, Dunn and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax exemptions for wholesale transactions involving motor vehicles at auctions; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

HJM 4012 by Representatives Koster, B. Thomas, Mulliken, Sheahan, McMorris, D. Sommers, Sterk, Skinner, Smith, Delvin, Backlund, Clements, Benson, Schoesler, Johnson, Cairnes, Sullivan, Sherstad and Dyer

Requesting a balanced budget amendment to the United States Constitution.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.
HCR 4405 by Representatives Wood, Gombosky, McMorris, Conway, Hatfield, Blalock, O'Brien, Cooper, Cole and Sullivan

Establishing an interagency task force to conduct a study of contingent work force issues.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

ESSB 5398 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Zarelli, Oke and Schow)

AN ACT Relating to reaffirming and protecting the institution of marriage; amending RCW 26.04.010 and 26.04.020; and creating new sections.

SCR 8406 by Senators Prince and Snyder

Legislative Old Timers’ Reunion

There being no objection, the bills, memorial and resolutions listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated except for Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8406, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5398, and House Bill 1959 which are placed on the Second Reading Calendar.

SECOND READING

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8406, by Senators Prince and Snyder

Resolves that there shall be a "Legislative Old Timers” Reunion and related events planned and conducted Thursday, February 27, 1997, as a formal and official program of this legislative session.

The resolution was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the resolution was placed on final adoption.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8406 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

HB 1193 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Controlling personal service contracts. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Dunshee.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1202 Prime Sponsor, Representative Quall: Adopting the recommendations of the task force examining high school credit equivalencies. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Excused: Representative Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1272 Prime Sponsor, Representative Delvin: Establishing water conservancy boards. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1292 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Expanding claims management authority for industrial insurance rating programs. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1395 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Clarifying procedures for filling vacancies. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Murray; Reams; Smith; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunn and L. Thomas.
Voting Nay: Representative L. Thomas.
Excused: Representative Dunshee.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 13, 1997

HB 1491 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cody: Changing references from guide or service dog to dog guide or service animal. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell, Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1959, by Representatives Robertson, Grant, Mulliken, Cairnes, Mastin, Ogden, Keiser, Dunn and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax exemptions for wholesale transactions involving motor vehicles at auctions; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Robertson, Keiser and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1959.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1959 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

House Bill No. 1959, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5398, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Zarelli, Oke and Schow)

AN ACT Relating to reaffirming and protecting the institution of marriage; amending RCW 26.04.010 and 26.04.020; and creating new sections.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson, Sheahan, Mitchell, and Cooke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Chopp, Murray, Mason, Dickerson, Costa, Butler, Anderson, Appelwick, Regala, and Kessler spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5398.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5398 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5398, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

NOTICE OF RECONSIDERATION

Representative Lisk: Having voted on the prevailing side, gave notice of her motion that the House reconsider the vote on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1074 on the next working day.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1121 was moved from the Committee on Law and Justice to the Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

APPOINTMENTS TO SPECIAL COMMITTEES

Mr. Speaker: The Speaker is pleased to inform you of the following appointments and re-appointments to boards, commissions, task forces, and studies. Please note that this list only contains the recently made appointments and re-appointments. It does not, in all cases, list the full committee membership.
JOINT ADMINISTRATIVE RULES REVIEW COMMITTEE

Representative Dave Mastin
Representative Ed Murray
Representative Mark Schoesler
Representative Cathy Wolfe
Representative Jim Honeyford (alternate)
Representative Karen Keiser (alternate)

COUNCIL ON AGING

Representative Don Carlson
Representative Dave Anderson

JOINT LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND REVIEW COMMITTEE

Representative Bill Backlund
Representative Georgia Gardner
Representative Tom Huff
Representative Cathy McMorris
Representative Val Ogden
Representative Debbie Regala
Representative Helen Sommers
Representative Mike Wensman

CAPITOL CAMPUS DESIGN ADVISORY BOARD

Representative Duane Sommers
Representative Sandra Romero

COUNCIL FOR THE PREVENTION OF CHILD ABUSE & NEGLECT

Representative Patty Butler

COMMUNITY ECONOMIC REVITALIZATION BOARD

Representative Steve Van Luven
Representative Tim Sheldon

CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES BOARD

Representative Ida Ballasiotes
Representative Dave Quall

JOINT COMMITTEE ON CORRECTIONS COST-EFFICIENCIES OVERSIGHT

Representative Ida Ballasiotes
Representative John Koster
Representative Dave Quall

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY

Representative Jim Dunn
Representative Jeff Morris

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Representative Richard DeBolt
Representative Phyllis Kenney
Representative Dawn Mason
Representative John Pennington
Representative Bill Thompson
Representative Velma Veloria

JOINT SELECT COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION RESTRUCTURING
Representative Peggy Johnson

STATUTORY COMMITTEE ON ENERGY & UTILITIES
Representative Larry Crouse
Representative Lynn Kessler
Representative Erik Poulsen
Representative Brian Thomas

WESTERN STATES LEGISLATURE FORESTRY TASK FORCE
Representative Mark Doumit
Representative Cathy McMorris

GAMBLING COMMISSION
Representative Ruth Fisher
Representative Karen Schmidt

HORSE RACING COMMISSION
Representative Barb Lisk
Representative Eileen Cody

TOPC/K-20 TELECOMMUNICATIONS OVERSIGHT AND POLICY COMMITTEE
Representative Helen Sommers
Representative Phyllis Kenney (alternate)

JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE TO DEVELOP LAKE HEALTH PLAN
Representative Patty Butler

LEGISLATIVE EVALUATION AND ACCOUNTING PROGRAM
Representative Gary Alexander
Representative Lynn Kessler
Representative John Koster
Representative Erik Poulsen

LEGISLATIVE ETHICS BOARD
Representative Marlin Appelwick
Representative John Pennington

JOINT LEGISLATIVE SYSTEMS COMMITTEE
Representative Eileen Cody
Representative Renee Radcliff

MUNICIPAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

Representative Jim Honeyford
Representative Pat Lantz
Representative Al O’Brien
Representative Dave Schmidt

ORAL HISTORY ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Representative Karen Keiser

ORGANIZED CRIME ADVISORY BOARD

Representative Lynn Kessler
Representative Karen Schmidt
Representative Pat Scott
Representative Mark Sterk

PACIFIC FISHERIES LEGISLATIVE TASK FORCE

Representative Kelli Linville
Representative Bob Sump

JOINT COMMITTEE ON PENSION POLICY

Representative Don Carlson
Representative Steve Conway
Representative Suzette Cooke
Representative Kathy Lambert
Representative Val Ogden
Representative Barry Sehlin
Representative Helen Sommers
Representative Cathy Wolfe

INSTITUTE FOR PUBLIC POLICY

Representative Ida Ballasiotes
Representative Jeff Gombosky

SENTENCING GUIDELINES COMMISSION

Representative Ida Ballasiotes
Representative Jeralita Costa

STATE BUILDING CODE COUNCIL

Representative Jack Cairnes
Representative Mike Cooper

STATE INVESTMENT BOARD

Representative Tom Huff
STATUTE LAW COMMITTEE

Representative Dow Constantine
Representative Joyce McDonald
Representative Tim Hickel

GOVERNOR’S COUNCIL ON SUBSTANCE ABUSE

Representative Jerome Delvin
Representative Jim Kastama

TAX ADVISORY COUNCIL

Representative Hans Dunshee
Representative Brian Thomas

WASHINGTON-HYOGO FRIENDSHIP COUNCIL

Representative Kip Tokuda
Representative Gary Alexander

WWII MEMORIAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Representative Paul Zellinsky

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, February 17, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

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THIRTY-THIRD DAY, FEBRUARY 14, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

THIRTY-SIXTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, February 17, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jil Thomas and Jake Yancey. There was a presentation of the National Historical Colors under Lt. Marion Ball, Military Order of World Wars in conjunction with the Veterans Wars Post #3694. Lt. Ball led the pledge of alliance. The Washington State flag pledge was given by James Morgan, 5th Grade student, Jackson Elementary School, Everett.

Prayer was offered by Pastor Doug Dornhecker, First Christian Church, Olympia.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.
The Speaker introduced James Howell, Consul General of New Zealand. The Speaker also explained the history behind the day’s activities.

The Speaker introduced Governor and Mrs. Gary Locke who addressed the assembly. Together with the Speaker, the Governor presented a gift to the newest member to the Legislative family, Katlin Marie Mastin and her family.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

February 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

| SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5100, |
| SENATE BILL NO. 5242, |
| SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5334, |
| SENATE BILL NO. 5380, |
| SENATE BILL NO. 5423, |

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

February 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

| ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5398, |
| SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8406, |

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

| SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8406 |
| ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5398 |

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Johnson: This year — 1997 — is the "Year of the Reader." Throughout the year, we will join in statewide efforts to highlight reading as an essential skill. As part of the campaign, we have secured, on loan, a set of children’s books for member and staff use. Members may wish to use these books in their discussions with groups of younger children. Members and staff are also welcome to borrow books to entertain young visitors to their offices. Today, with so many children around, might be a good day to check out a book or two!

The books are displayed in the glass-front book cases at the rear of the chambers. They will be rotated through the course of the year. The books currently in the cases are part of the SRA series and are arranged into four reading levels (starting with "Setting Out," for beginning readers, to "Well Underway," to "Forging Ahead," to "Gathering Speed," for more advanced readers.) Within each level are series of books encompassing a variety of interests. Staff who want to check out books should see one of the security guards on the Floor.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4622, by Representatives Blalock, Kenney, Kastama, Wolfe, Fisher, O'Brien, Gombosky, Anderson, H. Sommers, Butler, Dickerson, Keiser, Cooper, Dunshee, Chopp, Lantz, Sullivan, Wood, Doumit, Grant, Hatfield, Constantine, Cody, Romero, Morris, Quall, D. Schmidt and B. Thomas
WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to recognize excellence in all fields of endeavor; and
WHEREAS, George Washington, the first President of these great United States of America, was the epitome of excellence in leadership and service to his country; and
WHEREAS, This great state of Washington, established in 1889, bears and honors the name of George Washington and the vignette of his likeness adorns the state seal; and
WHEREAS, George Washington’s accomplishments and contributions as a native son of the original American Colonies, from Westmoreland, Virginia, were sparked by the original pioneering spirit; and
WHEREAS, George Washington’s lifetime commitment to education began with valued home tutoring by his mother, Mary Ball Washington, and continued with his educational studies at the venerable institution of William and Mary College, Williamsburg, Virginia, of which he later became its first Chancellor; and
WHEREAS, George Washington’s brave and principled leadership was indispensable in our nation’s early bid for freedom as he valiantly served as the Commander-in-Chief of the Continental Army during the Revolutionary War, where challenges of every kind, from the unrelenting hardships endured by the Continental Army at Valley Forge in 1777 to the size and experience of the British forces which might have overwhelmed a less dedicated army, were convincingly vanquished by loyalty to cause, strength of purpose, and nurture from the vision of the birth of a great and lasting nation for those with the fortitude to fight for liberty, equality, and justice; and
WHEREAS, George Washington, following the triumphant victory of the Continental Army, continued his inspirational leadership and service to his country by presiding over the Constitutional Convention in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania in 1787, wherein the greatest charter ever conceived was commissioned as the Constitution of the United States of America and later adopted and ratified by the several states to form the union of these great United States of America; and
WHEREAS, George Washington again resolutely answered his country’s call to service when he faithfully assumed his duties as the first President of these great United States of America, thus ensuring this nation’s progress toward liberty, equality, and justice for all;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor George Washington, the first President of these great United States of America and a founding father of this great nation, for his immeasurable contribution to, and noble sacrifices for, the cause of liberty, equality, and justice.

Representative Blalock moved adoption of the resolution.

Representative Blalock spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Joint Resolution No. 4622 was adopted.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4618, by Representatives Backlund, Sherstad, Zellinsky, Mielke, Bush, Koster, Lambert, Clements, Mulliken, Thompson, Parlette, D. Schmidt and B. Thomas

WHEREAS, The Washington State Legislature recognizes excellence in all fields of endeavor; and
WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln, the sixteenth President of the United States of America, demonstrated the highest level of excellence in service to this nation; and
WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln demonstrated unimpeachable moral character in all matters, and thereby earned for himself the nickname "Honest Abe"; and
WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln, the son of a Kentucky frontiersman, was raised in a log cabin, cleared land and split rails to earn a living as a young man, and although he eventually attained great stature in public life, he never lost touch with the values he shared with the common person; and
WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln made extraordinary efforts to obtain an education, often studying by candlelight late into the night, and is an example to today’s youth of the success that is possible if a disciplined effort is made to seek an education; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln continues to be known and admired for his eloquent and accomplished oratory, and his ability to articulate the foundational principles of liberty and justice, as exemplified in his debate with Judge Stephen A. Douglas, in which Lincoln voiced opposition to slavery, as well as in his delivery of the Gettysburg Address; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln believed the republican form of government established by the Founding Fathers was the best means of ensuring freedom from despotic government, and he became the father of the Republican Party, dedicated to maintaining the principles of constitutional representation under the rule of law; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln unselfishly gave of himself throughout his long and distinguished career of public service, which included judicial service in the Eighth Circuit, membership in the Illinois State Legislature, the United States Congress, and service in the office of the President of the United States of America; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln courageously issued the Emancipation Proclamation on January 1, 1863, which declared forever free those slaves within the Confederacy; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln, while President of the United States, issued a Proclamation declaring a national day of prayer, recognizing that "It is the duty of nations as well as of men to own their dependence upon the overruling power of God, and to confess their sins and transgressions in humble sorrow, yet with assured hope that genuine repentance will lead to mercy and pardon, and to recognize the sublime truth, announced in Holy Scripture, and proven by all history, that those nations only are blessed whose God is the Lord.”; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln, within one month of being inaugurated as President, was confronted by the challenge of a Civil War, which tore at the fabric of the Union, pitting brother against brother, and family against family; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln responded to this challenge with a love of liberty, and a firm assurance in divine providence as his guide, directing the Union forces to victory; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln continued, throughout the conflict, to hold fast to the principles which he articulated in his second inaugural address, "With malice towards none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right," and, through adherence to these principles, helped bind the nation together and heal its wounds; and

WHEREAS, Abraham Lincoln suffered an untimely death at the hands of an assassin while attending Ford’s Theater, just five days after bringing the Civil War to an end in April 1865; and

WHEREAS, The American people continue to be instilled with hope that the difficulties faced by our nation can be overcome, as we remember the words of Abraham Lincoln, "That this nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth”;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor Abraham Lincoln, the sixteenth President of the United States.

Representative Backlund moved adoption of the resolution.

Representative Backlund spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Joint Resolution No. 4618 was adopted.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Wensman, Representative Dunn was excused.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4624, by Representatives Conway, Mason, Radcliff, Kenney, Tokuda, Murray, Cody, Veloria, Chopp, D. Schmidt and B. Thomas
WHEREAS, Each year February marks the national observance of Black History Month to celebrate the significant contributions of Americans of African ancestry to the history of our great nation; and

WHEREAS, Americans of African ancestry came to these shores in the early 1500's with early explorers and trade expeditions and later in human bondage and have remained on the soil of the Americas for more than four hundred years helping to build and protect the integrity of our economy; and

WHEREAS, For more than three hundred years as part of an established system of slavery and human bondage, they toiled and survived and then overcame the degradation and shame of this system to become contributors at every level of our public and private enterprises; and

WHEREAS, The ancestors of the very first Africans to arrive on the shores of America have been scattered throughout the United States, and many of them reside in our State of Washington; and

WHEREAS, Many organizations and individuals are a testimony to the ongoing contributions made by Americans of African ancestry and this is exemplified in their presence in communities throughout Washington; and

WHEREAS, Blacks in Government represents the thousands of residents proud to work for their cities, counties, state, and the federal government which they see as an honorable way to serve their country; and

WHEREAS, The Black Professional Engineers provide outreach to students through mentoring, training, and support for innovation and intellectual development in the field of engineering; and

WHEREAS, The Tuskegee Airman continue to support the education and training of airplane pilots through scholarships and exposure to the historic establishment of this all black air corps, an entity which continued the presence of African Americans who bravely served throughout this nation's history, including during the Revolutionary War at which the first soldier to shed blood was an African American; and

WHEREAS, First Fridays of Washington brings together accomplished professionals, labor unionists, and entrepreneurs at the Mecca International to continue the African culture of spiritual healing, intergenerational dialogue, and organizing to provide enrichment and opportunities for the emerging leaders of this state and nation; and

WHEREAS, Washington's Tracy Hall, Esther "Little Dove" John, Jourdan Keith, Danae Jones, Lauri Conner, Bernard Harris, Felicia Loud, Chukundi Salisbury, James "Boogie" Stewart, Crystal Allen, Salah Mason, Mansa Musa, Neb-Ra Musa, Debrena Jackson Gandy, Bernard C. Bennett, Veronica Williams, Angelyn C. Frazer, Dian E. Ferguson, Baruti, and Reverend Cecilia Johnson are examples of Washington's young black artists, business owners, educators, and public servants who are descendants of early Americans; and

WHEREAS, The Washington State Legislature has had among its elected African-American Representatives and Senators, representing both the Democratic and Republican parties, George Washington Bush, Sam Smith, Charles Stokes, Marjorie Pitter-King, Michael Ross, Peggie Joan Maxie, George Fleming, Bill Smitherman, Jesse Wineberry, Rosa Franklin, Vivian Caver, and Dawn Mason. Other African-American elected officials currently serving include Seattle Mayor Norm Rice, King County Executive Ron Sims, Seattle City Councilman Richard McIver, and Yakima City Councilman Henry Beauchamp; and

WHEREAS, Washington is a great state and America is a great nation because of our recognition of the contributions made by many diverse ethnic populations and because of our ability to work together and grow together as a state dependent upon international peace, harmony, and trade;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the great contributions of African Americans to our past and present by commemorating Black History Month 1997.

Representative Conway moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Conway, Mason and Veloria spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Joint Resolution No. 4624 was adopted.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) recognized representatives of the African American Affairs.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1320, by Representatives L. Thomas, Cooke, Cairnes, D. Schmidt, Keiser, Robertson, Blalock, Ogden, Constantine, Veloria, Dunn and Anderson

Designating Anax junius as the official insect of the state of Washington.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1320 was substituted for House Bill No. 1320 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1320 was read the second time.

Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Van Luven: (035)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the small, rounded, brightly colored beetle of the family Coccinellidae, commonly known as the lady bug, can be found throughout Washington and is easily recognizable by its reddish color and black spots. The legislature further recognizes that the lady bug is a beneficial contributor to our ecosystem, feeding primarily on insect pests, such as scale insects and aphids. The legislature further determines that, indubitably, it is time for oppressed lady bug lovers to be recognized for their long standing perseverance in the quest to gain recognition for the frequently maligned lady bug.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 1.20 RCW to read as follows:

The brightly colored beetle of the family Coccinellidae, commonly known as the lady bug, is hereby designated as the official insect of the state of Washington.

Representative Van Luven spoke in favor of the amendment.

Representatives L. Thomas, DeBolt and D. Schmidt spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Substitute House Bill No. 1320 was advanced to third reading final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1320.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1320 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunshee,
Voting nay: Representative Ballasiotes - 1.

Excused: Representative Dunn - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1320, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1088, by Representatives Sheahan and Schoesler

Designating Mammuthus primigenius as the official fossil of the state of Washington.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1088 was substituted for House Bill No. 1088 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1088 was read the second time.

Representative Cooper moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooper: (034)

On page 1, after line 3, strike the remainder of the bill and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature recognizes that the large, hairy prehistoric donkeys of the extinct genus Grantasaur roamed the north American continent, including the Pacific Northwest, during the Pleistocene epoch (Ice Ages).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 1.20 RCW to read as follows:
The Venerable legislator of South Eastern Washington State, William Grantasaurus, is hereby designated as the official fossil of the state of Washington."

Correct the title.

Representative Cooper spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Grant spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Substitute House Bill No. 1088 was advanced to third reading final passage.

Representatives Sheahan, and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1088.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1088 and the passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 2, Excused - 1.

Absent: Representatives Fisher and Wood - 2.

Excused: Representative Dunn - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1088, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1051, by Representatives Pennington, Mielke, Carlson, McMorris, Delvin and Keiser

Simplifying designation of school bus stops as drug-free zones.

The bill was read the second time.

The rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Johnson and Boldt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1051.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1051 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dunn - 1.

House Bill No. 1051, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1081, by Representatives Koster, Mulliken, Dunn, Mielke, Thompson, McMorris, Boldt, Sterk, Sherstad, Bush and Smith

Strengthening school policies and prohibitions on the use of tobacco at schools.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Koster, Johnson and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1081.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1081 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dunn - 1.

House Bill No. 1081, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Lisk: Having voted on the prevailing side, and having given notice of reconsideration, moved that the House immediately reconsider the vote on final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1074. The motion was adopted.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1074.

Representative Sehlin spoke in favor of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1074 upon reconsideration of the vote and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Excused: Representative Dunn - 1.
Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1074, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

**HB 1960** by Representatives Ogden, Pennington, Lantz, Mielke, Sump, Anderson, Buck and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to limitations on contributions associated with local government elective offices; adding new sections to chapter 42.17 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1961** by Representatives Quall, Keiser, Blalock, O’Brien, Tokuda, Cole and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to record checks of educational employees; adding a new section to chapter 28A.195 RCW; making an appropriation; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1962** by Representatives Quall, Johnson, Keiser, Sullivan, Blalock, Thompson, O’Brien and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to the learning materials loan program; adding a new section to chapter 28A.195 RCW; creating a new section; making an appropriation; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 1963** by Representatives Boldt and Carrell

AN ACT Relating to property tax appeals; amending RCW 84.40.0301 and 84.48.010; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 1964** by Representative Boldt

AN ACT Relating to responsibility of registered owners for stolen or impounded vehicles; amending RCW 46.55.105 and 46.55.110; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**HB 1965** by Representatives Radcliff and Huff

AN ACT Relating to the information services board; and amending RCW 43.105.032.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 1966** by Representatives Chandler, Mulliken, Radcliff, Butler, Mason, O’Brien and Morris

AN ACT Relating to higher education fees; and amending RCW 28B.15.910.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.
HB 1967 by Representatives Wolfe, Scott, Mason, Gombosky, Gardner, Hatfield, Dickerson, Keiser and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to early retirement benefits; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.400.212; creating new sections; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 1968 by Representatives Wolfe, Gombosky, Tokuda, Kastama, Blalock, Gardner, Cooke, Cole and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to commitment placements for juvenile offenders; and amending RCW 13.40.460.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1969 by Representatives Chandler and Regala; by request of Department of Health

AN ACT Relating to regulation of public water systems; amending RCW 64.06.020, 70.119.030, 70.119A.115, and 70.119A.170; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1970 by Representatives Bush, Mulliken, Carrell, Johnson, Smith, Thompson, L. Thomas, Mielke, Huff, Lambert, Koster, Backlund, Talcott, Buck, D. Schmidt and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to classroom discipline; amending RCW 28A.600.020; adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Education.


AN ACT Relating to preventing double payment for insurance benefits for teachers who are members of the legislature; adding a new section to chapter 44.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.05 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.


AN ACT Relating to economic impact analysis of proposed actions by government; and adding a new section to chapter 43.21C RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 1973 by Representatives Wolfe, Lambert, Gombosky, Scott, Carrell, Keiser, Hatfield, Blalock, Gardner, Tokuda, Cole and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to a grandparent’s visitation rights; and amending RCW 26.09.240.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.
HB 1974 by Representatives Wolfe, Lambert, Veloria, Dickerson, Cody, Keiser, Sullivan, Blalock, Gardner, Kenney, Cole and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to granting custody of children to grandparents; and amending RCW 26.10.100.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1975 by Representatives DeBolt, Morris, Benson and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to the ownership of coal-fired thermal electric generating facilities placed in operation before July 1, 1975; amending RCW 35.92.052 and 54.44.020; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1976 by Representatives Mitchell, Hankins, Koster, Sherstad and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to redistributing funding for community growth; amending RCW 36.70A.020, 36.70A.070, 36.70A.350, 36.70B.030, 36.70B.170, 39.92.010, 39.92.020, 39.92.030, 43.21C.060, 58.17.110, 82.02.020, 82.45.060, 82.46.010, 82.46.070, 82.80.010, and 82.80.070; reenacting and amending RCW 82.46.035; adding a new section to chapter 43.21C RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.46 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 28A RCW; and repealing RCW 39.92.040, 43.21C.065, 82.02.050, 82.02.060, 82.02.070, 82.02.080, 82.02.090, and 82.02.100.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 1977 by Representatives Honeyford, Boldt and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to high school students' options; adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 1978 by Representatives Sheahan, Mitchell and O'Brien; by request of Washington State Patrol

AN ACT Relating to disposal of firearms; and amending RCW 9.41.098.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 1979 by Representatives L. Thomas and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to payment of health care providers in the event of a health insurer's insolvency; adding a new section to chapter 48.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.46 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 1980 by Representatives Lisk, McMorris, Dyer and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to employment in the construction industry; amending RCW 51.24.035; adding new sections to chapter 49.17 RCW; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.
HB 1981 by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Blalock and Tokuda; by request of Health Care Authority

AN ACT Relating to health care authority standards for basic health plan agents and brokers; and amending RCW 70.47.015.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1982 by Representatives Dyer, Cody and Backlund; by request of Health Care Authority

AN ACT Relating to defining basic health plan eligibility for persons in institutions; and reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.020 and 70.47.060.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1983 by Representatives McMorris, Kessler and Butler

AN ACT Relating to employee wearing apparel; and adding a new section to chapter 49.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1984 by Representatives McMorris and Chandler

AN ACT Relating to compensation for employment; amending RCW 49.48.010; and adding a new section to chapter 49.46 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1985 by Representatives Buck, Regala, Sump, Pennington, Sheldon, Hatfield, Anderson, Butler and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to forest practices landscape management plan pilot projects; amending RCW 76.09.060, 75.20.100, and 76.09.220; adding new sections to chapter 76.09 RCW; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 1986 by Representatives Crouse, DeBolt, Mulliken and Cooper

AN ACT Relating to encouraging the development of telecommunications infrastructure in all areas of the state and ensuring that telecommunications services are available in rural and hard-to-serve areas of the state by establishing a universal service fund for telecommunications; adding new sections to chapter 80.36 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 1987 by Representatives Honeyford, McMorris, Boldt and Clements

AN ACT Relating to exempting housekeepers referred by licensed employment agencies from unemployment compensation and industrial insurance coverage; amending RCW 50.04.160; and reenacting and amending RCW 51.12.020.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

AN ACT Relating to expanding days of sale while not changing days of use of common fireworks and clarifying other provisions of the existing state fireworks law; amending RCW 70.77.160, 70.77.170, 70.77.180, 70.77.236, 70.77.255, 70.77.270, 70.77.325, 70.77.343, 70.77.345, 70.77.355, 70.77.375, 70.77.395, 70.77.420, 70.77.425, 70.77.435, 70.77.440, 70.77.450, and 70.77.555; reenacting and amending RCW 70.77.250; reenacting RCW 70.77.315 and 70.77.455; adding a new section to chapter 70.77 RCW; repealing 1995 c 369 s 56; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1989 by Representatives Van Luven, Morris, Sehlin, Conway, DeBolt, Dickerson, Quall, Kastama, Doumit, Cooper, Gardner, Veloria, Blalock, Poulsen, Chopp, Keiser, O’Brien, Anderson and Linville

AN ACT Relating to marine tourism with British Columbia, Canada; adding a new section to chapter 47.60 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 1990 by Representatives Doumit, Tokuda, H. Sommers, Sullivan, Clements, Keiser, Hatfield, Blalock, Benson, Skinner, O’Brien, Cooke and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to the definition of child abuse; and amending RCW 26.44.020.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 1991 by Representatives Honeyford, McMorris and Clements

AN ACT Relating to civil penalties for accident prevention program violations; and amending RCW 49.17.180.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1992 by Representatives McMorris, Honeyford, Clements and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to workplace safety rule implementation; and amending RCW 49.17.050.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HJM 4013 by Representatives Mielke, Thompson, Dunn and Honeyford

Requesting the Washington State Patrol enforce the traffic law against motorists who drive continuously in the left lane of multilane roadways and impede the flow of other traffic.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SSB 5100 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Strannigan)

Allowing qualified trusts to hold shares in professional service corporations.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.
SB 5242 by Senators Oke, McAuliffe, Snyder, Kohl, Sheldon, Winsley, Fairley, Long, Haugen, McDonald, Deccio, McCaslin, Sellar, Brown, Goings, Jacobsen and Patterson

Requiring personal flotation devices for children on certain recreational vessels.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5334 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley, Heavey, Finkbeiner, Benton, Rasmussen, Hale and West)

Crediting certain insurance premium taxes.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SB 5380 by Senators Horn, Haugen, Benton, Franklin, Zarelli and Bauer

Raising the maximum per diem for boundary review board members.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SB 5423 by Senators Winsley and Prentice

Removing a termination date in the bank statement rule.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 14, 1997

HB 1091 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Penalizing assault of health care personnel. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lantz and Sherstad.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Lambert.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, and Sherstad.

Voting Nay: Representative Lambert.

Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 13, 1997

HB 1372 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Creating the Washington advanced college tuition payment program. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.
HB 1383 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Establishing restitution for rape of a child. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 12, 1997

HB 1388 Prime Sponsor, Representative Conway: Requiring that private organizations that contract with the department to operate work release facilities go through the siting process. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.


Excused: Representatives Delvin and Robertson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 12, 1997

HB 1389 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Increasing penalties for repetitive third degree theft. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel and Sullivan.


Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, and Sullivan.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cairnes, Mitchell, and Robertson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 12, 1997

HB 1392 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ballasiotes: Enhancing crime victims’ compensation. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 12, 1997

HB 1393 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ballasiotes: Requiring that a petition for review of a final order or judgment of the board of industrial insurance appeals regarding crime victim compensation be filed within ninety days of the final order or judgment. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 12, 1997

HB 1394 Prime Sponsor, Representative Blalock: Concerning the witnesses of an execution. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 13, 1997

HB 1411 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Authorizing the collection of fees for consumer loans. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; DeBolt; Keiser and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Constantine and Sullivan.

Voting Nay: Representatives Constantine and Sullivan.
Excused: Representative Benson.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1429 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Penalizing cigarette discard. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1457 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Regulating the issuance and cost of permits and certificates issued by the department of licensing. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1458 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Regulating vehicle and vessel licensing. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1459 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Regulating licensees of the department of licensing. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 13, 1997

HB 1464 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Updating and modifying certain noxious weed provisions. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 14, 1997

HB 1655 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hankins: Extending protection for bus drivers. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, and Sherstad.

Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 13, 1997

HB 1693 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Allowing credit for reinsured ceded risks. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith; Zellinsky; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Excused: Representative Benson.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HJR 4209  Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Authorizing public money derived from the sale of stormwater or sewer services to be used in financing stormwater and sewer conservation and efficiency measures. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Tuesday, February 18, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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THIRTY-SIXTH DAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

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THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, February 18, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).
Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5011,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 7902,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 1993 by Representatives Cairnes, Cooper, Conway, Zellinsky, Clements and O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to eliminating transfers of funds from the public works administration account; and amending RCW 39.12.070 and 39.12.080.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1994 by Representatives Van Luven, Romero, Anderson, Blalock, Murray, Cody, Zellinsky and Cole

AN ACT Relating to providing certain health and safety standards for registered commercial breeders of dogs and cats as pets; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.040; adding a new chapter to Title 16 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 1995 by Representatives D. Sommers, D. Schmidt, Backlund, Clements, Appelwick, Dunshee, Buck, Scott, Dyer, Cooper, Conway, Cody, Cole, L. Thomas, Romero, Regala, Chopp, Doumit, Alexander, Cooke, Poulsen, Kessler, Blalock and Costa; by request of State Auditor

AN ACT Relating to whistleblowers; amending RCW 42.40.020, 42.40.040, and 42.40.050; adding new sections to chapter 42.40 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 1996 by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Quall, Conway, Cole, Murray, Skinner, Cooke and Costa

AN ACT Relating to referrals to physical therapists from licensed nurse practitioners; and amending RCW 18.74.010.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 1997 by Representatives B. Thomas and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to disclosure of branded titles to vehicle purchasers; amending RCW 46.70.101; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 1998 by Representatives Clements, Chandler, Cole and Boldt
AN ACT Relating to the application of pesticides; amending RCW 17.21.020, 17.21.100, 17.21.420, and 17.21.430; and adding a new section to chapter 17.21 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 1999 by Representatives Skinner, Cooke, Carrell, Ballasiotes and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to the involuntary commitment of mentally ill persons; amending RCW 71.05.010, 71.05.040, 71.05.050, 71.05.100, 71.05.150, 71.05.160, 71.05.170, 71.05.180, 71.05.190, 71.05.200, 71.05.210, 71.05.215, 71.05.220, 71.05.230, 71.05.240, 71.05.260, 71.05.270, 71.05.280, 71.05.290, 71.05.300, 71.05.320, 71.05.330, 71.05.340, 71.05.350, 71.05.360, 71.05.370, 71.05.410, 71.05.460, 71.05.470, 71.05.490, 71.05.525, 9A.44.010, and 71.24.025; reenacting and amending RCW 71.05.020; adding a new section to chapter 71.05 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 2000 by Representative B. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to the certificate of mastery; amending RCW 28A.230.090; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.630.885; adding a new section to chapter 28A.630 RCW; repealing 1995 c 335 s 803 (uncodified); and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2001 by Representatives O’Brien, Ballasiotes, Blalock, Kenney, Mason, Wood, Butler, Lantz, Ogden, Kessler, Tokuda and Costa

AN ACT Relating to medical rehabilitation services; and reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.060.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2002 by Representatives O’Brien, Sheahan, Quall, Mitchell, Blalock, Ballasiotes, Kenney, Butler, Radcliff, Wood, Schoesler, Hatfield, Dickerson, Kessler, Keiser and Costa

AN ACT Relating to state investment board membership; and amending RCW 43.33A.020.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.


AN ACT Relating to property tax exemptions for property with an assessed value of less than one thousand dollars; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2004 by Representatives Kastama, Pennington, Van Luven, Boldt, Conway, Wolfe, Lantz, Butler, Cody, Mason, Blalock, Grant, Cooke, Hatfield, Dickerson, Kessler, Keiser, Tokuda and Anderson
AN ACT Relating to excise tax exemptions for equipment used by individuals to accommodate an illness or disability; adding new sections to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.12 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2005 by Representatives Cooper, Grant, Regala, Linville, Kastama, Anderson, Chopp, Blalock, Morris, Poulsen, Constantine, Reams, Dunshee, Butler, Lantz, Cooke, Dickerson, Keiser, Tokuda, Costa and Doumit

AN ACT Relating to the office of marine safety; amending RCW 88.46.030, 88.46.060, 88.46.080, 88.46.090, 88.23B.020, and 90.56.510; adding a new section to chapter 88.46 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.21I RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 43.21I.020, 88.46.920, 88.46.921, 88.46.922, 88.46.923, 88.46.924, 88.46.925, 88.46.926, and 88.46.927; repealing 1995 2nd sp.s. c 14 s 521 and 1991 c 200 s 1120 (uncodified); repealing 1995 2nd sp.s. c 14 s 522 and 1993 c 281 s 73 (uncodified); repealing 1995 2nd sp.s. c 14 s 524 (uncodified); providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2006 by Representatives Thompson, Van Luven, McMorris, Cooke, Mulliken, Sheldon, Dunn and Pennington

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax exemptions; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2007 by Representatives Sterk, Costa, Ballasiotes, Delvin, O'Brien, K. Schmidt, Cooke and Conway; by request of Criminal Justice Training Commission

AN ACT Relating to criminal justice training; reenacting and amending RCW 43.101.200; and adding new sections to chapter 43.101 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2008 by Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, Crouse and Costa

AN ACT Relating to persons who patronize prostitutes; adding a new section to chapter 9A.88 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2009 by Representatives L. Thomas, Grant, Dyer, Keiser, Benson, DeBolt, Wolfe and Smith

AN ACT Relating to termination of contracts with general agents; and amending RCW 48.17.591.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 2010 by Representatives Mitchell, Cole and Tokuda; by request of Secretary of State

AN ACT Relating to Fircrest school; adding new sections to chapter 79.01 RCW; and adding new sections to chapter 43.131 RCW.
Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**HB 2011** by Representatives Wensman, Cole, H. Sommers, Talcott, B. Thomas, Regala, Constantine, Ballasiotes, Radcliff, D. Schmidt, Carlson, Clements, Dyer, Bush, Johnson, Cairnes, Quall, Morris, Keiser, Linville, Veloria, L. Thomas, Backlund, Cooke, Kenney, Poulson, Hatfield, Dickerson, Ogden, Kessler, Blalock, Tokuda, Conway, Costa and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to authorizing school levies for periods not exceeding four years; amending RCW 84.52.053; and providing a contingent effective date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 2012** by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Backlund, Cooke, Keiser and Costa

AN ACT Relating to prostate cancer screening and treatment education; adding new sections to chapter 43.70 RCW; creating new sections; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 2013** by Representatives Chandler, Regala, Schoesler, Linville, Johnson, Bush, McDonald, Mastin, Talcott, Delvin, Carrell, Smith, Koster, Sullivan, Kastama, Fisher, Conway, Cooper and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to the full and complete development of existing permits or certificates of ground water right; amending RCW 90.44.100; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**HB 2014** by Representatives Mastin, B. Thomas, Grant, Clements, Reams, Cairnes, Sheldon, Kessler, Sump, Chandler, McMorris, Schoesler and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to regulation of private property; adding a new section to chapter 84.56 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 64 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**HB 2015** by Representatives Clements, Johnson, Cooke, Zellinsky, Honeyford, Skinner, Huff and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to students with unexcused absences from school on whose behalf public assistance is received; amending RCW 28A.225.030; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.225.035; adding a new section to chapter 28A.225 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 2016** by Representatives Ogden, Scott, Costa, Lantz, Hankins, Mitchell, D. Sommers, O'Brien, Sullivan, Dunshee, Mielke, Skinner, Dunn, Keiser, Blalock, Conway and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to comments by the attorney general on the constitutionality or enforceability of proposed ballot measures; and adding a new section to chapter 29.79 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
HB 2017 by Representatives Carlson, H. Sommers, Lambert, Sehlin, Cooke, Ogden, Lantz and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to the Washington educational employees' retirement system; amending RCW 41.32.010, 41.32.044, 41.32.065, 41.32.067, 41.32.780, 41.32.812, 41.32.817, 41.32.835, 41.32.8401, 41.32.875, 41.34.060, 41.45.010, 41.45.020, 41.45.050, 41.45.060, 41.45.061, 41.45.070, 41.45.070, 41.50.030, 41.50.075, 41.50.080, 41.50.086, 41.50.200, 41.50.205, 41.50.215, 41.50.230, 41.50.240, and 43.33A.020; reenacting and amending RCW 41.40.010; adding a new section to chapter 41.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.40 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 41.45 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.54 RCW; creating a new section; decodifying RCW 41.32.032 and 41.50.132; repealing RCW 41.32.020 and 41.32.818; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2018 by Representatives Dyer, Grant, Backlund, Quall, Zellinsky, Sheldon, Sherstad, Morris, Parlette, Scott and Skinner

AN ACT Relating to health insurance reform; amending RCW 48.43.005, 48.43.025, 48.43.035, 48.20.028, 48.44.022, 48.46.064, 48.41.030, 48.41.060, 48.41.080, 48.41.110, 48.41.200, and 48.43.045; adding new sections to chapter 43.70 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 48.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.46 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.21 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 48.20 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 48.43.055 and 48.46.100; providing effective dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.


AN ACT Relating to charter schools; amending RCW 41.32.010; reenacting and amending RCW 41.40.010; adding a new section to chapter 41.56 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.59 RCW; and adding a new chapter to Title 28A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2020 by Representatives L. Thomas, Dyer, Zellinsky and DeBolt

AN ACT Relating to limiting actions for damages by certain persons; adding a new chapter to Title 4 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2021 by Representatives Carrell, Dyer, Boldt, Zellinsky, Backlund, Sheldon, Sump, Gombosky, Mielke, Smith, Kastama and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to potential health hazards posed by service animals; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.
Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 2022 by Representatives Cairnes, O’Brien, Sherstad, Cooper, Radcliff and K. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to alternative permitting procedures for projects of regional significance; and adding a new section to chapter 47.80 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2023 by Representatives Van Luven, Dunn and Mason

AN ACT Relating to student fees; adding new sections to chapter 28A.325 RCW; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2024 by Representatives Boldt, Koster, Thompson, Carrell and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting the use of state funds for promoting a sexual minority initiative; and adding a new section to chapter 43.88 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2025 by Representatives Boldt and Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to exempting impact fees from property taxation; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2026 by Representative Boldt

AN ACT Relating to overpayment of wage assignment; and amending RCW 26.18.090.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2027 by Representatives Lisk, McMorris, Schoesler, Boldt, Hickel, Honeyford and Zellinsky


Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2028 by Representatives Regala, Anderson, Doumit, Alexander, Cooper, Morris, Blalock and Costa

AN ACT Relating to fish dealers’ and sellers’ licenses; amending RCW 75.28.300, 75.28.315, 75.28.323, 75.28.328, and 75.28.335; and adding a new section to chapter 75.28 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.
**HB 2029** by Representatives Mastin, Grant, Cairnes, D. Schmidt and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to promoting telecommunications network investment by encouraging the modernization of the telecommunications infrastructure; adding new sections to chapter 80.36 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

**HB 2030** by Representative Carlson; by request of Washington State University

AN ACT Relating to higher education; amending RCW 28B.15.012; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 2031** by Representative Boldt

AN ACT Relating to the powers of initiative and referendum within counties; and adding new sections to chapter 36.01 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 2032** by Representatives Backlund, Dyer and Zellinsky

AN ACT Relating to the practice of optometry; and amending RCW 18.53.010.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 2033** by Representatives D. Sommers, Gombosky, Wood and Benson

AN ACT Relating to increasing authority of transportation benefit districts to issue general obligation bonds; and amending RCW 36.73.070.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**HB 2034** by Representatives Carrell, Dunshee, Mulliken, Morris, Dyer, Kastama, Schoesler, Boldt, Pennington, Kessler and Costa

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax exemption for licensed nursing homes and licensed boarding homes; amending RCW 82.04.390 and 82.04.4289; and adding new sections to chapter 82.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HB 2035** by Representatives Smith and Bush

AN ACT Relating to changing the names of the commission on student learning and the essential academic learning requirements; amending RCW 28A.630.883; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.630.885; repealing 1995 c 335 s 803 (uncodified); and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 2036** by Representative Smith
AN ACT Relating to selective service registration; adding a new section to chapter 28B.10 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 2037 by Representatives Gombsky, Veloria, Kastama, Wolfe, Carrell, Dunshee, Cooper, Murray, Quall, Lantz, Chopp, Mason, Kessler, Keiser, Blalock, Conway, Cole, Costa, Anderson and Doumit

AN ACT Relating to voluntary community service; adding new sections to chapter 28A.230 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2038 by Representative B. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to excise taxation of lodging; amending RCW 67.28.080, 67.28.120, 67.28.130, 67.28.150, 67.28.160, 67.28.170, 67.28.180, 67.28.184, 67.28.200, 67.40.100, 35.43.040, 59.18.440, 67.38.140, 67.40.110, 67.40.120, and 82.02.020; adding new sections to chapter 67.28 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 67.28.090, 67.28.100, 67.28.110, 67.28.182, 67.28.185, 67.28.190, 67.28.210, 67.28.240, 67.28.260, 67.28.270, 67.28.280, 67.28.290, 67.28.300, 67.28.310, 67.28.320, 67.28.360, and 67.28.370; providing an effective date; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2039 by Representatives Johnson, Ballasiotes, Bush, Koster, Sump, Clements, Mielke, Dunn, Hickel, D. Schmidt, McMorris, Mulliken, Benson, D. Sommers, Smith, Mitchell, Boldt, Sheahan, Pennington, Delvin, Talcott, Sheldon, Wensman, Schoesler and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to inmate fees; adding a new section to chapter 72.01 RCW; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2040 by Representatives Hankins, Delvin, McMorris and Conway; by request of Department of Labor & Industries

AN ACT Relating to authorizing the continuation of a special insuring agreement for workers' compensation for the United States department of energy; amending 1951 c 144 s 1 (uncodified); adding a new section to chapter 51.04 RCW; and repealing 1951 c 144 s 2 (uncodified).

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2041 by Representatives Honeyford, Thompson, Sherstad, Mielke and Koster

AN ACT Relating to employers failure to pay industrial insurance premiums; adding a new section to chapter 51.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 51.04 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2042 by Representatives Johnson, Talcott and Hickel
AN ACT Relating to reading in the primary grades; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2043 by Representatives Conway, Delvin, Wolfe, Lambert and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to joint committee on pension policy recommendations on rates and economic assumptions for the retirement systems; and amending RCW 41.45.020, 41.45.030, 41.45.060, and 44.44.060.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2044 by Representatives Crouse, Pennington, Mastin, McMorris, DeBolt, D. Sommers, Kessler and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to revising definitions for personal wireless service facilities; and amending RCW 43.21C.0384, 80.36.375, 19.27A.027, and 70.92.170.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 2045 by Representatives Cairnes, Cooke, L. Thomas, Keiser and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to using sales and use tax revenues generated for rail transportation expansion for noise abatement and safety purposes; adding a new section to chapter 82.32 RCW; and adding a new chapter to Title 47 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2046 by Representatives Cooke, Kessler and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to foster care; amending RCW 74.13.031; adding new sections to chapter 74.13 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 2047 by Representative McMorris

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting a health service provider from charging a percentage of benefits for acting as a representative; and amending RCW 51.48.280.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2048 by Representatives Clements and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to filing timely claims for occupational disease or injury; and amending RCW 51.28.055.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2049 by Representatives Chandler and Clements

AN ACT Relating to research on diseases and pests that threaten the apiary industry; amending RCW 15.60.040; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.
HB 2050 by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, Clements and Honeyford

   AN ACT Relating to determining the impairment of water rights and uses; and amending RCW 90.44.030, 90.44.035, and 90.44.070.

   Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2051 by Representatives Chandler, Linville, Regala, Mastin, D. Schmidt, Grant, Veloria, Clements, Cody and Parlette

   AN ACT Relating to exempting from taxation remedies and remedial actions regarding hazardous waste; reenacting and amending RCW 82.04.050 and 82.04.190; and adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW.

   Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2052 by Representatives Chandler, Clements and Honeyford

   AN ACT Relating to agricultural commodity commissions and boards; amending RCW 43.135.055; and creating a new section.

   Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2053 by Representatives Chandler and Clements

   AN ACT Relating to referenda on commodity assessments; and amending RCW 15.28.180.

   Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2054 by Representatives Chandler, Clements, Mastin and Honeyford

   AN ACT Relating to water resource management; amending RCW 90.54.020, 90.54.180, 43.84.092, 90.03.383, 90.03.330, and 90.14.140; adding new sections to chapter 90 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 34.05 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW; creating new sections; and providing expiration dates.

   Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2055 by Representatives Chandler and Linville

   AN ACT Relating to fees for the state’s organic certification program; and amending RCW 15.86.070.

   Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2056 by Representatives Mason, Tokuda, Wolfe, Dunn, Johnson, Bush, Backlund, B. Thomas, Smith, Cooke, Skinner and Lantz

   AN ACT Relating to educational grants; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.200 RCW.

   Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2057 by Representatives Mason, Kastama, Dunn, Smith, Romero, Johnson, Backlund, Mulliken, Lantz and Kessler
AN ACT Relating to excise tax exemptions for home-based instruction supplies; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HCR 4406 by Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, L. Thomas, Wensman, Cairnes, Doumit, Dunshee, Smith, Reams, Dunn, Wolfe, Gardner and Dickerson

Establishing a joint select committee on absentee voting.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5011 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Prentice and Winsley)

Changing the financial and reporting requirements of health care service contractors and health maintenance organizations.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

ESB 7902 by Senators Hale, Bauer, McDonald, Haugen, Sellar, Prentice, McCaslin, Rasmussen, West, Newhouse, Heavey, Swecker, Hargrove, Fraser, Johnson, Morton, Patterson, Rossi, Kline, Anderson, Jacobsen, Strannigan, Prince, Finkbeiner, Oke, Winsley, Long, Stevens, Horn, Benton, Schow, Wood, Roach, Deccio, Zarelli and Goings

Lowering business and occupation tax rates (Introduced with House sponsors).

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 14, 1997

HB 1055 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Creating undergraduate fellowships for needy and meritorious students. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.


Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 14, 1997

HB 1124 Prime Sponsor, Representative Quall: Requiring that information about state higher education support be given to students with their tuition and fee bills. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason,
Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.


Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 17, 1997

HB 1187 Prime Sponsor, Representative Alexander: Contracting with associate development organizations. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 14, 1997

HB 1210 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Adjusting the jurisdictional amount for district courts. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell, Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, and Sherstad.

Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 13, 1997

HB 1303 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hickel: Changing education provisions. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall and Veloria.


Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 14, 1997
HB 1358 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Excluding materials purchased by farmers to improve wildlife habitat or forage from the definition of "sale at retail" or "retail sale" for tax purposes. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1437 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Eliminating the expiration of gender equity in higher education. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.


Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 14, 1997

HB 1444 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Adopting the advanced technology research initiative. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; McDonald; Morris and Alexander.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; and Mason.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, McDonald and Morris.

Voting Nay: Representatives Veloria and Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 17, 1997

HB 1551 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mason: Increasing fiscal flexibility for institutions of higher education. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1590 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Defining health plan. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Murray and Anderson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 14, 1997

HB 1647 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Establishing a home tuition program. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.


Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 14, 1997

HJM 4009 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Expediting the FDA’s approval of new products. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Murray, Anderson, and Zellinsky.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, February 19, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
2011: Intro & 1st Reading 4
2012: Intro & 1st Reading 4
2013: Intro & 1st Reading 4
2014: Intro & 1st Reading 4
2015: Intro & 1st Reading 5
2016: Intro & 1st Reading 5
2017: Intro & 1st Reading 5
2018: Intro & 1st Reading 5
2019: Intro & 1st Reading 5
2020: Intro & 1st Reading 6
2021: Intro & 1st Reading 6
2022: Intro & 1st Reading 6
2023: Intro & 1st Reading 6
2024: Intro & 1st Reading 6
2025: Intro & 1st Reading 7
2026: Intro & 1st Reading 7
2027: Intro & 1st Reading 7
2028: Intro & 1st Reading 7
2029: Intro & 1st Reading 7
2030: Intro & 1st Reading 7
2031: Intro & 1st Reading 7
2032: Intro & 1st Reading 8
2033: Intro & 1st Reading 8
2034: Intro & 1st Reading 8
2035: Intro & 1st Reading 8
2036: Intro & 1st Reading 8
2037: Intro & 1st Reading 8
2038: Intro & 1st Reading 9
THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
THIRTY-EIGHTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, February 19, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Cynthia Parker and John McGlone. Prayer was offered by Pastor Tim Robinson, Life Stream Christian Fellowship.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to recognize and honor those individuals that have made significant contributions to the well-being of the citizens of Washington; and

WHEREAS, John D. McAlister, who was an active member of many agricultural industry organizations and served on the Government Affairs Council of the Association of Washington Business, as well as their Board of Directors, passed away on Monday, February 10, 1997; and

WHEREAS, John D. McAlister moved to Yakima in 1983 and established the public relations department for Tree Top, Inc.; and

WHEREAS, John D. McAlister was very active in the Yakima community, serving on the board of the Yakima Symphony Orchestra and on the board of New Vision; and

WHEREAS, John D. McAlister was the founder and chairman of the Yakima Excellence in Education Program, and was pleased when Yakima area teachers received recognition for their service and dedication to local students; and

WHEREAS, John D. McAlister was an active member of First Presbyterian Church; and

WHEREAS, John D. McAlister gave many hours of dedicated service to the citizens of the Yakima community, and will be greatly missed; and

WHEREAS, John D. McAlister is fondly remembered by his wife, Patricia McAlister, their three children, three step-children, and their families;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives give honor to John D. McAlister, whose life has immensely benefitted many citizens of this state; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Patricia McAlister and each of the surviving family members.

Representative Parlette moved adoption of the resolution.
Representatives Parlette, Lisk, Chandler, Skinner, Sheldon, Clements, and Honeyford spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4623 as adopted.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

Mr. Speaker: John McAlister set the mold for the type of person we as legislators would like to see representing the State’s industries and interests here in our offices and in committee hearings. He was a man of compassion, a man of strong faith, and a man to whom I always looked forward to talking. Those of you on this floor know that some of the people who come to our offices are not always those we look forward to talking with, but John was always a delight. It gives me great pleasure today to introduce John’s wife Patricia, his son Rod Nash, and several family friends. John will be sorely missed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to honor those organizations that have engaged in outstanding service to the public; and
WHEREAS, The Parent Teacher Association (PTA) is the oldest and largest volunteer association in the United States working on behalf of children and young people in our schools; and
WHEREAS, The PTA was founded in 1897 as the National Conference of Mothers; and
WHEREAS, For one hundred years, the PTA has promoted good schools and quality education; and
WHEREAS, One of the PTA’s founders, Alice Birney, appealed “to all mankind and to all womankind, regardless of race, color, or condition, to recognize that the republic’s greatest work is to save the children”; and
WHEREAS, Education reform continues today as one of the central issues facing our society; and
WHEREAS, The importance of parental involvement in successfully educating a child cannot be overstated; and
WHEREAS, The PTA’s research demonstrates that children learn best when their parents devote time and attention to them and their schoolwork; and
WHEREAS, The PTA assists parents in taking primary responsibility for educating, nurturing, and training their children;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize and honor the Parent Teacher Association on its one hundredth anniversary; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Barbara Webb, the President of the Washington State Parent Teacher Association.

Representative Johnson moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Johnson, Cole, and Keiser spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4625 was adopted.

RESOLUTION
WHEREAS, On February 19, 1942, President Franklin D. Roosevelt issued Executive Order 9066, which authorized the forced assembly, evacuation, and internment of approximately 12,000 Japanese Americans residing in the state of Washington; and

WHEREAS, The order for assembly and detention at Camp Harmony in Puyallup, Washington, prior to evacuation and subsequent internment caused the Japanese Americans from the state of Washington to lose millions of dollars in property and assets, to suffer immeasurable physical and psychological damage, and to be deprived of their constitutional liberties without due process of law; and

WHEREAS, The alleged purpose of this drastic course of action was to prevent Japanese Americans, all of whom were deemed disloyal and untrustworthy, from committing acts of espionage and sabotage against the United States during the period of its involvement in World War II; and

WHEREAS, An overwhelming number of Japanese Americans from the state of Washington responded to questions of their loyalty and patriotism by volunteering from within barbed wire camps to serve in the United States Military Intelligence Service and the U.S. Army's 442nd Regimental Combat Team, the latter of which became the most decorated American unit of its size in World War II with seven Presidential Unit Citations, a Congressional Medal of Honor, 52 Distinguished Service Crosses, 588 Silver Stars, 4,000 Bronze Stars, 9,486 Purple Hearts, and a total of 18 decorations from France and Italy; and

WHEREAS, A few equally patriotic Japanese Americans like Gordon Hirabayashi, then a student at the University of Washington, were willing to face imprisonment to seek justice by challenging the constitutionality of the evacuation and internment orders; and

WHEREAS, Hindsight has proven that the predominant factor that actually led to the internment of Japanese Americans was not a military necessity to protect the United States from possible espionage or sabotage, but was the result of "race prejudice, war hysteria, and a failure of political leadership"; and

WHEREAS, Japanese American internees from the state of Washington endured economic, physical, and psychological hardship and suffered in silence for over forty years before the state of Washington provided monetary redress and reparations to municipal and state employees;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives, along with the people of Washington, pause in its endeavors this day to recognize the Japanese American internees from the state of Washington and honor their patience, heroism, sacrifice, and patriotic loyalty, and to remember the lessons and blessings of liberty and justice for all; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to the Nisei Veterans Committee, the Military Intelligence Service - Northwest Association, and the Japanese American Citizens League.

Representative Tokuda moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Tokuda, Constantine, Veloria, Schoesler, Wensman, Mason, and Buck spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4614 was adopted.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) recognized the family of Representative Tokuda, and representatives of the following organizations: Nisei Veterans' Committee, Japanese American Citizens League, Veterans of US Army Military Intelligence Service, Seattle Sansei, and the Japanese-American Chamber of Commerce.
Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2059 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Grant, Thompson and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to theft of rental property; amending RCW 9.45.062 and 9A.56.095; adding a new section to chapter 9A.56 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2060 by Representatives Lambert, Chandler, L. Thomas, Benson, Sterk, Carrell, Mulliken, Thompson, D. Schmidt, McDonald, Dunn, Sherstad, Smith, Bush, Buck, McMorris, Boldt, Sheahan, Dyer, Backlund, Koster, Clements, Pennington, Talcott, Delvin, Sump, Mielke, Ballasiotes, Honeyford, Van Loven, Zellinsky, Johnson, Schoesler and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to restoring the balance of powers between the branches of government as established by the people in the state Constitution; adding a new chapter to Title 44 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2061 by Representatives Keiser, Skinner, Cole, Scott, Constantine, Doumit, Cooper, Morris, Blalock, Gombosky, Dickerson, Kenney, Costa, Lantz, Anderson, Wolfe, Murray, Gardner, Ogden, Kessler, Butler, Mason, Cody, Regala, Conway and Tokuda

AN ACT Relating to child care employees; adding a new chapter to Title 74 RCW; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 2062 by Representatives Linville, Chandler, Gardner, Mastin and Grant

AN ACT Relating to seed crop standards; and amending RCW 15.66.010, 15.66.030, and 15.66.140.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2063 by Representatives Dyer and Conway

AN ACT Relating to nursing assistants; and amending RCW 18.88A.020.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2064 by Representative Parlette

AN ACT Relating to leasehold excise taxation of public golf courses; amending RCW 82.29A.020; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2065 by Representatives Kastama, Regala, Boldt, Anderson, Sullivan, Blalock, O’Brien, Gombosky, Dickerson, Costa, Thompson, Keiser, Conway and Tokuda

AN ACT Relating to consumer choices in automotive insurance and repairs; amending RCW 48.30A.015; adding new sections to chapter 48.30 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 2066 by Representatives Romero, Johnson, Cole, Blalock, Dickerson, Costa, Anderson, Sullivan and Butler

AN ACT Relating to cooperating teachers; amending RCW 28A.415.105; adding a new section to chapter 28A.415 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2067 by Representatives Conway, O'Brien, Clements, Mason and Cody

AN ACT Relating to regulation of plumbers; amending RCW 18.106.010, 18.106.020, 18.106.030, 18.106.040, 18.106.050, 18.106.070, 18.106.080, 18.106.110, and 18.106.170; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2068 by Representatives McMorris, Grant, Sherstad and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to electrical inspection regulatory reform; amending RCW 19.28.010, 19.28.015, 19.28.070, 19.28.120, 19.28.190, 19.28.210, and 19.28.360; adding a new section to chapter 19.28 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2069 by Representatives Wensman, Cole, Bush, H. Sommers, Benson, D. Schmidt, L. Thomas, Dyer, B. Thomas, Reams, Doumit, Ballasiotes, Alexander, Hatfield, Lantz, Sullivan, Thompson, Kessler and Butler

AN ACT Relating to school district levies; amending RCW 84.52.0531; and repealing RCW 28A.320.150.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2070 by Representatives Wensman, B. Thomas and Sheahan

AN ACT Relating to arrests without warrant; and amending RCW 10.31.100.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2071 by Representatives Wensman, Ballasiotes, Dyer, Schoesler, Smith, Keiser and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to school site-councils; and amending RCW 42.30.020.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2072 by Representatives Kastama, McDonald, Bush, Wood, Sullivan, Boldt, Hickel, Doumit, Anderson, O'Brien, Lantz and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to school attendance policies; and amending RCW 28A.600.030.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2073 by Representatives McMorris, Lisk, Clements, O'Brien, Dyer, Mulliken, Chandler and Thompson
AN ACT Relating to tips received in employment; and adding a new section to chapter 49.46 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2074 by Representatives Alexander, Wolfe and Gardner

AN ACT Relating to internal matters for the operation of counties; amending RCW 2.08.100, 36.40.200, and 36.40.250; adding a new section to chapter 36.40 RCW; and repealing RCW 36.40.110.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2075 by Representatives McMorris, Gombosky, Wood, D. Sommers, Benson, Chandler and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to tax increment financing; amending RCW 84.52.043, 84.52.065, 84.52.067, 36.33.220, 36.79.140, 36.82.040, 46.68.124, and 82.03.130; adding a new section to chapter 27.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.61 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.69 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.75 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 52.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 53.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 54.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 67.38 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 68.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 86.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.55 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 39 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 39.88.010, 39.88.020, 39.88.030, 39.88.040, 39.88.050, 39.88.060, 39.88.070, 39.88.080, 39.88.090, 39.88.100, 39.88.110, 39.88.120, 39.88.130, 39.88.900, 39.88.905, 39.88.910, 39.88.915, and 84.55.080; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2076 by Representatives Boldt and Carrell

AN ACT Relating to prohibiting the use of public funds to be used for domestic partner benefits; adding a new section to chapter 41.05 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2077 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to competitive bidding; 

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2078 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Skinner, Radcliff, Cody, Scott, Anderson, Constantine, Morris, Keiser, Wood, Lantz, Ogden, Appelwick, Blalock, O'Brien, Dickerson, Murray, Poulsen, Cole, Regala and Tokuda

AN ACT Relating to the safe storage of firearms; adding a new section to chapter 9A.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9.41 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2079 by Representative Carrell
AN ACT Relating to mandatory automobile liability insurance; amending RCW 46.16.212, 46.16.210, 46.30.040, 46.30.020, and 46.30.030; adding a new section to chapter 48.22 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 2080 by Representatives Parlette, Reams, Mulliken, Chandler and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to agricultural lands with long-term commercial significance for the production of food or other agricultural products; amending RCW 84.34.020, 84.34.070, and 84.34.108; and adding a new section to chapter 84.34 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 2081 by Representatives Parlette and Chandler

AN ACT Relating to agricultural spraying; amending RCW 36.70A.060; adding a new section to chapter 7.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 17.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.70 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2082 by Representatives Parlette, Reams, Alexander, Sump, Mastin, Zellinsky, Chandler and Mulliken

AN ACT Relating to defining rural lands for growth management purposes; and amending RCW 36.70A.030.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 2083 by Representatives Reams, Scott, Buck, Sheldon, Delvin, D. Sommers and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to authorized uses for master planned resorts; amending RCW 36.70A.360; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 2084 by Representatives Cole and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to vocational rehabilitation; reenacting and amending RCW 51.32.095; and adding a new section to chapter 51.12 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2085 by Representative Mastin

AN ACT Relating to exempting printed sales messages and related services from sales and use taxation; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2086 by Representatives Mastin, Robertson, Thompson and Smith
AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax on printers; amending RCW 82.04.280 and 82.04.290; and adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2087 by Representatives Veloria, Tokuda, Mason, Kenney, O’Brien, Gombosky, Dickerson, Costa, Murray, Ogden, Cody and Conway

AN ACT Relating to community empowerment; amending RCW 43.63A.700, 43.63A.710, 84.14.010, 84.14.050, 82.60.020, 82.60.040, and 82.62.010; adding new sections to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.14 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.19 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; adding new chapters to Title 82 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 74 RCW; creating new sections; recodifying RCW 43.63A.700 and 43.63A.710; and providing expiration dates.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2088 by Representative Chandler

AN ACT Relating to litter; and amending RCW 70.93.010, 70.93.020, 70.93.180, and 82.19.010.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2089 by Representatives Chandler and Honeyford


Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2090 by Representatives Schoesler, Dyer, D. Sommers, Carrell, LINville, Sterk, PARlette and Doumit

AN ACT Relating to community and technical college employees; and adding a new section to chapter 28B.50 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HJM 4014 by Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes, Poulsen, Sheahan, Morris, Keiser, McDonald, Mitchell, Kenney, Hankins, Sullivan, D. Sommers, Sterk, Lantz, Cody, Radcliff, Robertson, Sherstad, Veloria, Tokuda, Anderson, Cole, Quall, H. Sommers, Murray, Constantine, Conway, Fisher, Doumit, Dunshee, Cairnes, Cooke, Blalock, O’Brien, Gombosky, Dickerson, Gardner, Ogden, D. Schmidt, Kessler, LINville and Mason

Requesting Congress adopt the proposed victims’ rights amendment to the Constitution of the United States.
Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**HJM 4015** by Representatives Boldt, Sump, Schoesler, Carrell, Dunn and B. Thomas

Petitioning Idaho and Oregon to establish a tristate committee to deal with the problem of interstate public assistance fraud.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**ESB 7902** by Senators Hale, Bauer, McDonald, Haugen, Sellar, Prentice, McCaslin, Rasmussen, West, Newhouse, Heavey, Swecker, Hargrove, Fraser, Johnson, Morton, Patterson, Rossi, Kline, Anderson, Jacobsen, Strannigan, Prince, Finkbeiner, Oke, Winsley, Long, Stevens, Horn, Benton, Schow, Wood, Roach, Deccio, Zarelli and Goings

Lowering business and occupation tax rates (Introduced with House sponsors).

Referred to Committee on Finance.

There being no objection, the bills and memorials listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

**REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES**

**February 17, 1997**

**HB 1226** Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheldon: Funding public facilities. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 17, 1997**

**HB 1445** Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Extending sales and use tax deferrals for high technology businesses. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 17, 1997**

**HB 1527** Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Regulating pesticides. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Anderson, Cooper, and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 17, 1997

HB 1613 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Funding a biosolids management program.
Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 18, 1997

HB 1646 Prime Sponsor, Representative Quall: Extending the existence of the indeterminate sentence review board. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representative Dickerson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 17, 1997

HB 1678 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Regulating mortgage brokers. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1096, by Representatives Sheahan, Costa, Lambert, Scott and Hatfield

Concerning the payment and recovery of fees.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa:

(015)

On page 24, after line 6, insert:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:

If a juvenile is ordered to pay legal financial obligations, including fines, penalty assessments, attorneys’ fees, court costs, and restitution, the money judgment remains enforceable for a period of ten years. When the juvenile reaches the age of eighteen years or at the conclusion of juvenile court jurisdiction, whichever occurs later, the superior court clerk must docket the remaining balance of the juvenile’s legal financial obligations in the same manner as other judgments for the payment of money. The judgment remains valid and enforceable until ten years from the date of its imposition. The clerk of the superior court may seek extension of the judgment for legal financial obligations, including crime victims’ assessments, in the same manner as RCW 6.17.020 for purposes of collection as allowed under RCW 36.18.190.

Sec. 8. RCW 13.40.080 and 1996 c 124 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A diversion agreement shall be a contract between a juvenile accused of an offense and a diversionary unit whereby the juvenile agrees to fulfill certain conditions in lieu of prosecution. Such agreements may be entered into only after the prosecutor, or probation counselor pursuant to this chapter, has determined that probable cause exists to believe that a crime has been committed and that the juvenile committed it. Such agreements shall be entered into as expeditiously as possible.

(2) A diversion agreement shall be limited to one or more of the following:

(a) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours, not to be performed during school hours if the juvenile is attending school;

(b) Restitution limited to the amount of actual loss incurred by the victim;

(c) Attendance at up to ten hours of counseling and/or up to twenty hours of educational or informational sessions at a community agency. The educational or informational sessions may include sessions relating to respect for self, others, and authority; victim awareness; accountability; self-worth; responsibility; work ethics; good citizenship; and life skills. For purposes of this section, "community agency" may also mean a community-based nonprofit organization, if approved by the diversion unit. The state shall not be liable for costs resulting from the diversionary unit exercising the option to permit diversion agreements to mandate attendance at up to ten hours of counseling and/or up to twenty hours of educational or informational sessions;

(d) A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars. In determining the amount of the fine, the diversion unit shall consider only the juvenile’s financial resources and whether the juvenile has the means to pay the fine. The diversion unit shall not consider the financial resources of the juvenile's parents, guardian, or custodian in determining the fine to be imposed; and

(e) Requirements to remain during specified hours at home, school, or work, and restrictions on leaving or entering specified geographical areas.

(3) In assessing periods of community service to be performed and restitution to be paid by a juvenile who has entered into a diversion agreement, the court officer to whom this task is assigned shall consult with the juvenile’s custodial parent or parents or guardian and victims who have contacted the diversionary unit and, to the extent possible, involve members of the community. Such members of the community shall meet with the juvenile and advise the court officer as to the terms of the diversion agreement and shall supervise the juvenile in carrying out its terms."
(4)(a) A diversion agreement may not exceed a period of six months and may include a period extending beyond the eighteenth birthday of the divertee.

(b) If additional time is necessary for the juvenile to complete restitution to the victim, the time period limitations of this subsection may be extended by an additional six months.

(c) If the juvenile has not paid the full amount of restitution by the end of the additional six-month period, then the juvenile shall be referred to the juvenile court for entry of an order establishing the amount of restitution still owed to the victim. In this order, the court shall also determine the terms and conditions of the restitution, including a payment plan extending up to ten years if the court determines that the juvenile does not have the means to make full restitution over a shorter period. For the purposes of this subsection (4)(c), the juvenile shall remain under the court’s jurisdiction for a maximum term of ten years after the juvenile’s eighteenth birthday. Prior to the expiration of the initial ten-year period, the juvenile court may extend the judgment for restitution an additional ten years. The court may not require the juvenile to pay full or partial restitution if the juvenile reasonably satisfies the court that he or she does not have the means to make full or partial restitution and could not reasonably acquire the means to pay the restitution over a ten-year period. The county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. The restitution to victims named in the order shall be paid prior to any payment for other penalties or monetary assessments. A juvenile under obligation to pay restitution may petition the court for modification of the restitution order.

(5) The juvenile shall retain the right to be referred to the court at any time prior to the signing of the diversion agreement.

(6) Divertees and potential divertees shall be afforded due process in all contacts with a diversionary unit regardless of whether the juveniles are accepted for diversion or whether the diversion program is successfully completed. Such due process shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(a) A written diversion agreement shall be executed stating all conditions in clearly understandable language;

(b) Violation of the terms of the agreement shall be the only grounds for termination;

(c) No divertee may be terminated from a diversion program without being given a court hearing, which hearing shall be preceded by:

(i) Written notice of alleged violations of the conditions of the diversion program; and

(ii) Disclosure of all evidence to be offered against the divertee;

(d) The hearing shall be conducted by the juvenile court and shall include:

(i) Opportunity to be heard in person and to present evidence;

(ii) The right to confront and cross-examine all adverse witnesses;

(iii) A written statement by the court as to the evidence relied on and the reasons for termination, should that be the decision; and

(iv) Demonstration by evidence that the divertee has substantially violated the terms of his or her diversion agreement.

(e) The prosecutor may file an information on the offense for which the divertee was diverted:

(i) In juvenile court if the divertee is under eighteen years of age; or

(ii) In superior court or the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction if the divertee is eighteen years of age or older.

(7) The diversion unit shall, subject to available funds, be responsible for providing interpreters when juveniles need interpreters to effectively communicate during diversion unit hearings or negotiations.

(8) The diversion unit shall be responsible for advising a divertee of his or her rights as provided in this chapter.

(9) The diversion unit may refer a juvenile to community-based counseling or treatment programs.

(10) The right to counsel shall inure prior to the initial interview for purposes of advising the juvenile as to whether he or she desires to participate in the diversion process or to appear in the juvenile court. The juvenile may be represented by counsel at any critical stage of the diversion process, including intake interviews and termination hearings. The juvenile shall be fully advised at the intake of his or her right to an attorney and of the relevant services an attorney can provide. For the purpose of this section, intake interviews mean all interviews regarding the diversion agreement process.
The juvenile shall be advised that a diversion agreement shall constitute a part of the juvenile's criminal history as defined by RCW 13.40.020(9). A signed acknowledgment of such advisement shall be obtained from the juvenile, and the document shall be maintained by the diversionary unit together with the diversion agreement, and a copy of both documents shall be delivered to the prosecutor if requested by the prosecutor. The supreme court shall promulgate rules setting forth the content of such advisement in simple language.

(11) When a juvenile enters into a diversion agreement, the juvenile court may receive only the following information for dispositional purposes:
(a) The fact that a charge or charges were made;
(b) The fact that a diversion agreement was entered into;
(c) The juvenile’s obligations under such agreement;
(d) Whether the alleged offender performed his or her obligations under such agreement; and
(e) The facts of the alleged offense.

(12) A diversionary unit may refuse to enter into a diversion agreement with a juvenile. When a diversionary unit refuses to enter a diversion agreement with a juvenile, it shall immediately refer such juvenile to the court for action and shall forward to the court the criminal complaint and a detailed statement of its reasons for refusing to enter into a diversion agreement. The diversionary unit shall also immediately refer the case to the prosecuting attorney for action if such juvenile violates the terms of the diversion agreement.

(13) A diversionary unit may, in instances where it determines that the act or omission of an act for which a juvenile has been referred to it involved no victim, or where it determines that the juvenile referred to it has no prior criminal history and is alleged to have committed an illegal act involving no threat of or instance of actual physical harm and involving not more than fifty dollars in property loss or damage and that there is no loss outstanding to the person or firm suffering such damage or loss, counsel and release or release such a juvenile without entering into a diversion agreement. A diversion unit’s authority to counsel and release a juvenile under this subsection shall include the authority to refer the juvenile to community-based counseling or treatment programs. Any juvenile released under this subsection shall be advised that the act or omission of any act for which he or she had been referred shall constitute a part of the juvenile’s criminal history as defined by RCW 13.40.020(9). A signed acknowledgment of such advisement shall be obtained from the juvenile, and the document shall be maintained by the unit, and a copy of the document shall be delivered to the prosecutor if requested by the prosecutor. The supreme court shall promulgate rules setting forth the content of such advisement in simple language. A juvenile determined to be eligible by a diversionary unit for release as provided in this subsection shall retain the same right to counsel and right to have his or her case referred to the court for formal action as any other juvenile referred to the unit.

(14) A diversion unit may supervise the fulfillment of a diversion agreement entered into before the juvenile’s eighteenth birthday and which includes a period extending beyond the divertee’s eighteenth birthday.

(15) If a fine required by a diversion agreement cannot reasonably be paid due to a change of circumstance, the diversion agreement may be modified at the request of the divertee and with the concurrence of the diversion unit to convert an unpaid fine into community service. The modification of the diversion agreement shall be in writing and signed by the divertee and the diversion unit. The number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty shall be converted at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour.

(16) Fines imposed under this section shall be collected and paid into the county general fund in accordance with procedures established by the juvenile court administrator under RCW 13.04.040 and may be used only for juvenile services. In the expenditure of funds for juvenile services, there shall be a maintenance of effort whereby counties exhaust existing resources before using amounts collected under this section.

Sec. 9. RCW 13.40.190 and 1996 c 124 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In its dispositional order, the court shall require the respondent to make restitution to any persons who have suffered loss or damage as a result of the offense committed by the respondent. In addition, restitution may be ordered for loss or damage if the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor’s recommendation that the offender be required to pay restitution to a victim of an offense or offenses which, pursuant to a plea agreement, are not prosecuted. The payment of restitution shall be in addition to any punishment which is imposed
pursuant to the other provisions of this chapter. The court may determine the amount, terms, and conditions of the restitution including a payment plan extending up to ten years if the court determines that the respondent does not have the means to make full restitution over a shorter period. Restitution may include the costs of counseling reasonably related to the offense. If the respondent participated in the crime with another person or other persons, all such participants shall be jointly and severally responsible for the payment of restitution. For the purposes of this section, the respondent shall remain under the court’s jurisdiction for a maximum term of ten years after the respondent’s eighteenth birthday. Prior to the expiration of the ten-year period, the juvenile court may extend the judgment for the payment of restitution for an additional ten years. The court may not require the respondent to pay full or partial restitution if the respondent reasonably satisfies the court that he or she does not have the means to make full or partial restitution and could not reasonably acquire the means to pay such restitution over a ten-year period.

(2) Regardless of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, the court shall order restitution in all cases where the victim is entitled to benefits under the crime victims’ compensation act, chapter 7.68 RCW. If the court does not order restitution and the victim of the crime has been determined to be entitled to benefits under the crime victims’ compensation act, the department of labor and industries, as administrator of the crime victims’ compensation program, may petition the court within one year of entry of the disposition order for entry of a restitution order. Upon receipt of a petition from the department of labor and industries, the court shall hold a restitution hearing and shall enter a restitution order.

(3) If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. The restitution to victims named in the order shall be paid prior to any payment for other penalties or monetary assessments.

(4) A respondent under obligation to pay restitution may petition the court for modification of the restitution order.”

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1096.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1096 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed House Bill No. 1096, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1166, by Representatives Romero, D. Schmidt, Scott, Wolfe, Dunn and Mason

Limiting the amount collected by a government for handling found property.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1166 was substituted for House Bill No. 1166 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1166 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Romero, and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1166.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1166 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Hickel - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1166, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1166.

TIM HICKEL, 30th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1171, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott and Dunshee; by request of Military Department

Revising emergency management statutes.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1171 was substituted for House Bill No. 1171 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1171 was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1171.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1171 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Lantz - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1171, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1171.

PATRICIA LANTZ, 26th District


Making the moratorium on oil and gas exploration and production off the Washington coast permanent.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt, Kessler, Buck, Regala and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1189.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1189 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1189, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1238, by Representatives Sheahan, Ballasiotes, Delvin, Appelwick, O'Brien, Costa, Wensman, Constantine, Mason and Robertson; by request of Supreme Court and Administrator for the Courts

Authorizing appellate judges to be appointed as pro tempore judges to complete pending business at the end of their terms of office.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Sheahan moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheahan: (024)

On page 15, beginning on line 1, strike all of section 7

Correct the title accordingly.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1238.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1238 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1238, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1248, by Representatives Sump, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Sherstad, Skinner, Lantz, Lambert, D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Backlund, Ogden, Wensman and Constantine; by request of Secretary of State

Allowing facsimile filings with the secretary of state’s office.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Schoesler spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1248.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1248 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1248, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1250, by Representatives Wensman, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Kenney, Skinner, Sherstad, Lambert, Gardner, D. Schmidt and Pennington; by request of Secretary of State

Regulating trademarks.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wensman and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1250.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1250 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1250, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1840 was referred from the Committee on Health Care to the Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance, and House Bill No. 1994 was referred from the Committee on Commerce & Labor to the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, February 20, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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Third Reading Final Passage 16
Second Reading 16
(Sub)
Second Reading 16
Third Reading Final Passage 16
Second Reading 16
(Sub)
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Intro & 1st Reading 4
Intro & 1st Reading 4
Intro & 1st Reading 4
Intro & 1st Reading 4
Intro & 1st Reading 4
Intro & 1st Reading 4
Intro & 1st Reading 5
2066  Intro & 1st Reading 5
2067  Intro & 1st Reading 5
2068  Intro & 1st Reading 5
2069  Intro & 1st Reading 5
2070  Intro & 1st Reading 5
2071  Intro & 1st Reading 5
2072  Intro & 1st Reading 6
2073  Intro & 1st Reading 6
2074  Intro & 1st Reading 6
2075  Intro & 1st Reading 6
2076  Intro & 1st Reading 6
2077  Intro & 1st Reading 7
2078  Intro & 1st Reading 7
2079  Intro & 1st Reading 7
2080  Intro & 1st Reading 7
2081  Intro & 1st Reading 7
2082  Intro & 1st Reading 7
2083  Intro & 1st Reading 8
2084  Intro & 1st Reading 8
2085  Intro & 1st Reading 8
2086  Intro & 1st Reading 8
2087  Intro & 1st Reading 8
2088  Intro & 1st Reading 8
2089  Intro & 1st Reading 8
2090  Intro & 1st Reading 8
4014  Intro & 1st Reading 9
4015  Intro & 1st Reading 9
4614  Honoring Interned Japanese Americans
     Introduced 3
     Adopted 3
Honoring John McAlister
   Introduced 1
   Adopted 2

Honoring the PTA
   Introduced 2
   Adopted 2

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THIRTY-EIGHTH DAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

THIRTY-NINTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, February 20, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5008,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5009,
SENATE BILL NO. 5048,
SENATE BILL NO. 5092,
SENATE BILL NO. 5151,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2091 by Representatives Cairnes, Gardner, Linville and Reams

AN ACT Relating to industrial land banks; amending RCW 36.70A.365; and repealing RCW 36.70A.367.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.
HB 2092 by Representatives Costa, Radcliff, Cairnes, Romero, Keiser, Kenney, Lantz, Cody, Scott, Cole, Cooke and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to cardiopulmonary resuscitation training for certificated teachers; and adding a new section to chapter 28A.400 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2093 by Representatives Boldt, McMorris, Lisk, Clements and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to achieving consistency between state and federal family leave requirements; and adding a new section to chapter 49.78 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2094 by Representatives Costa, Cooke, Skinner and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to cooperative agreements for child support with Indian tribal reservations; and adding a new chapter to Title 26 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 2095 by Representatives Gombosky and Wolfe

AN ACT Relating to postdecree mediation; and amending RCW 26.09.015.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2096 by Representatives Chandler and K. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to consolidating and funding of the state’s oil spill prevention programs within the department of ecology; and amending RCW 43.21I.005, 82.23B.020, and 90.56.510.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2097 by Representative L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to investment practices of insurance companies; and adding a new section to chapter 48.13 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 2098 by Representative L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to longshore and harbor workers’ compensation insurance; amending RCW 48.22.070; repealing 1995 c 327 s 2, 1993 c 177 s 3, & 1992 c 209 s 6 (uncodified); and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 2099 by Representatives Buck, Pennington, Regala, Sheldon, Ballasiotes, Conway, Alexander, Kessler, Johnson and Quall

AN ACT Relating to port district management of state-owned aquatic lands; and amending RCW 79.90.465, 79.90.475, and 79.90.500.
Referre

HB 2100 by Representatives Buck and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to the regional fisheries enhancement program; amending RCW 75.50.080 and 75.50.100; adding new sections to chapter 75.50 RCW; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 2101 by Representatives Buck and Sheldon

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax relief for business damaged by weather conditions; adding new sections to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.12 RCW; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2102 by Representatives Koster, McMorris, Mielke, Sherstad, Honeyford and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to prevailing wage surveys; and amending RCW 39.12.015.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2103 by Representatives Koster, McMorris, L. Thomas and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to exclusions from industrial insurance coverage for beneficiaries of irrevocable trusts; and reenacting and amending RCW 51.12.020.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2104 by Representative Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax exemptions for consumables used by the lodging industry; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2105 by Representatives Sterk and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to the authority of a public transportation benefit district to contract with county, city, and town governments; and amending RCW 36.57A.080.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2106 by Representative Dyer

AN ACT Relating to vision care; amending RCW 18.53.010, 69.41.030, and 69.50.101; and adding a new section to chapter 18.130 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2107 by Representatives Costa, Cooper, Robertson, Conway, Sterk, Scott, Keiser, Gardner, Linville, Morris, Quall, Delvin, Blalock and D. Schmidt
AN ACT Relating to retirement benefits for paramedics and fire fighters; amending RCW 41.40.094; reenacting and amending RCW 41.26.030; and adding a new section to chapter 41.40 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2108 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Mitchell, Hankins and Radcliff

AN ACT Relating to jumbo ferry construction; adding new sections to chapter 47.60 RCW; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2109 by Representatives Dunn and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to the Columbia River Gorge commission; adding a new section to chapter 43.97 RCW; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 2110 by Representatives Dunn, Van Luven, McDonald, Veloria, Sheldon, Morris, Mason and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to students with disabilities; and amending RCW 72.40.060.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 2111 by Representatives Quall, Talcott, Wolfe, Blalock and Costa

AN ACT Relating to teacher preparation; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2112 by Representatives Dunn and Koster

AN ACT Relating to public dissemination of information regarding persons convicted of a crime; adding new sections to chapter 72.09 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2113 by Representatives Murray, Conway, Wood, Cody and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to requirements for medical assistance recipients; and amending RCW 74.09.520.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2114 by Representatives Cody, Wood, Murray, Anderson, Wolfe, Blalock and Costa

AN ACT Relating to expansion of the Washington state health insurance coverage access act; and amending RCW 48.41.020, 48.41.030, 48.41.040, 48.41.050, 48.41.060, 48.41.070, 48.41.080, 48.41.090, 48.41.100, 48.41.120, and 48.41.180.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.
HB 2115 by Representatives Cody, Dyer, Conway, Wood, Anderson, Murray, Wolfe, Blalock and Costa

AN ACT Relating to employer group health insurance pilot program; reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.060; and making an appropriation.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HCR 4407 by Representatives Clements, Chandler and Honeyford

Creating a joint select committee on Yakima Valley water storage.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SB 5008 by Senators Long, Hargrove, Franklin, Zarelli and Winsley; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

Modifying the adoption support reconsideration program.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

SSB 5009 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, Franklin, Zarelli, Sheldon, Winsley, Kohl and Patterson; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

Authorizing interstate agreements to provide adoption assistance for special needs children.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

SB 5048 by Senators Morton, Haugen and Prince

Changing the SR 2 spur to SR 41.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SB 5092 by Senators Roach, Swecker, Zarelli, Schow, Hochstatter, Bauer, McCaslin, Oke and Long

Penalizing disarming a law enforcement officer.

SB 5151 by Senators Roach, Johnson, Heavey, McCaslin, Loveland, Snyder and Winsley

Adjusting the jurisdictional amount for district courts.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of Senate Bill No. 5092 which is held on first reading.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 18, 1997

HB 1061 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheldon: Restricting the state parks and recreation commission authority to regulate metal detectors. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill
do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice
Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member;
Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson,
Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 17, 1997

HB 1079 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Requiring personal responsibility. Reported by
Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second
substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman;
Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson, Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer;
Grant; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin;
Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking
Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant
Ranking Minority Member; Chopp, Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.

Voting Yea: Representatives Huff, Wensman, Clements, Alexander, Benson, Carlson, Cooke,
Crouse, Dyer, Grant, Kessler, Lambert, Linville, Lisk, Mastin, McMorris, Parlette, D. Schmidt,
Sehlin, Sheahan, and Talcott.
Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Chopp, Cody, Gombosky, Keiser,
Kenney, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

February 19, 1997

HB 1173 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Creating the Washington state economic
development board. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill
do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria,
Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander;
Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes,
Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1207 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Revising provisions for enhanced 911 excise
taxes. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman;
DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris,
Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke;
Mulliken and B. Thomas.

Voting Yea: Representatives Crouse, Mastin, DeBolt, Poulsen, Morris, Bush, Cooper,
Honeyford, Kastama, Kessler, Mielke, Mulliken and B. Thomas.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1275 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Establishing public utility tax credits for weatherization and energy assistance programs. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 18, 1997

HB 1441 Prime Sponsor, Representative McDonald: Penalizing voyeurism. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell, Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 18, 1997

HB 1557 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Exempting from taxation and valuation of property improvements used for fish and habitat restoration and protection and water quantity and quality improvement programs. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 18, 1997

HB 1573 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Authorizing educational agencies to rent, sell, or transfer assistive technology. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1581 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Changing provisions relating to disruptive students and offenders in schools. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.
Excused: Representatives Keiser and Linville.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 18, 1997

HB 1587 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lantz: Penalizing parental voyeurism. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 18, 1997

HB 1596 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Concerning the transfer of solid waste regulatory authority back and forth between cities and the utilities and transportation commission. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Nay: Representatives Scott, Gardner, and Murray.
Excused: Representative Dunn.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 18, 1997

HB 1604 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Clarifying advertising requirements for limousines. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representatives Constantine, Cooper and Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1632 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Establishing a study group to determine whether further training for state investigators is needed. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Dunn.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1659 Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Establishing the Washington state vocational agriculture teacher recruitment program. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 1079 which is advanced to second reading for the next working day, February 21, 1997.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, February 21, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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THIRTY-NINTH DAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FORTIETH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, February 21, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.
The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jim Foreman and Jacob Mertens. Prayer was offered by Pastor Dale Edwards, Evergreen Christian Church, Olympia.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SECOND READING


Exempting state and county ferry fuel sales and use tax.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1011 was substituted for House Bill No. 1011 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1011 was read the second time.

Representative Huff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff:

(003)

On page 3, beginning on line 1, strike all of section 4
Correct the title accordingly.

Representative Huff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative K. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Fisher spoke against passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative DeBolt, Representatives Delvin and Hankins were excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1011.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1011 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 72, Nays - 24, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1011, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1024, by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Skinner, Sherstad, Thompson, Carlson, D. Sommers, Sterk, Huff, L. Thomas, Cooke, Dunn, Mielke, Clements and Backlund

Shortening the notice time given by nursing homes to the department of health to convert beds back to nursing home beds.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1024 was substituted for House Bill No. 1024 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1024 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1024.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1024 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1024, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred further consideration of House Bill No. 1027 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1040, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Thompson and D. Sommers

Determining the order of candidates on ballots.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Hatfield moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hatfield: (040)

On page 1, line 9, strike "primary sample," and insert "sample"

On page 1, line 10, beginning with "((4a strike all the matter through "place.))" on line 12, and insert "In the case of candidates for city, town, and district office, this procedure shall also determine the order for candidate names on the official primary ballot used at the polling place. The county auditor may rotate candidates names on ballots at primaries for federal, state, and county partisan offices, for the office of superintendent of public instruction, and for judicial offices, as outlined in RCW 29.30.040."

On page 1, after line 16, strike the remainder of the bill and insert the following:

"Sec. 2. RCW 29.30.040 and 1990 c 59 s 94, 1977 ex.s. c 361 s 54, & 1965 c 9 s 29.30.040 are each amended to read as follows:

The county auditor may rotate the names of candidates for federal, state, and county partisan offices, for the office of superintendent of public instruction, and for judicial offices. If the county auditor rotates those candidates’ names, then they shall follow the following procedures:

The names of those candidates shall, for each office or position, be arranged initially in the order determined under RCW 29.30.025. Additional sets of ballots shall be prepared in which the positions of the names of all candidates for each office or position shall be changed as many times as there are candidates in the office or position in which there are the greatest number of names. As nearly as possible an equal number of ballots shall be prepared after each change. In making the changes of position between each set of ballots, the candidates for each such office in the first position under the office heading shall be moved to the last position under that office heading, and each other name shall be moved up to the position immediately above its previous position under that office heading. The effect of this rotation of the order of the names shall be that the name of each candidate for an office or position shall appear first, second, and so forth for that office or position on the ballots of a nearly equal number of registered voters in that jurisdiction. In a precinct using voting devices, the names of the candidates for each office shall appear in only one sequence in that precinct. The names of candidates for city, town, and district office on the ballot at the primary shall not be rotated."

Correct the title.

Representative Hatfield spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative D. Schmidt spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, and D. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Fisher spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1040.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1040 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 81, Nays - 15, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

House Bill No. 1040, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1076, by Representatives Reams, Poulsen, Mastin, Hatfield, Skinner, Linville, Dyer, Kessler, Sherstad, Grant, Pennington, Mielke, Thompson, Carlson, Boldt, Bush, Smith and D. Schmidt

Reforming regulatory activities.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1076 was substituted for House Bill No. 1076 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1076 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Romero spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1076.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1076 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 73, Nays - 23, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.
Substitute House Bill No. 1076, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1097, by Representatives Costa, Sheahan, Scott and Hatfield

Revising requirements for publication of notice in dependency cases.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Costa and Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1097.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1097 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

House Bill No. 1097, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1168, by Representatives Pennington, Appelwick, Carlson, Murray, Regala, Cooper and Mielke; by request of Legislative Ethics Board

Revising restrictions on legislators' newsletters.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1168.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1168 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

House Bill No. 1168, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred further consideration of House Bill No. 1186 and House Bill No. 1214 and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1240, by Representatives Pennington, Appelwick, D. Schmidt, Mulliken, O’Brien, Dunshee, Kenney, B. Thomas, Anderson, Wensman, Lantz, Dickerson, Murray, Linville, Dunn and Mason; by request of Legislative Ethics Board

Allowing an elected official to prepare and send guest editorials or columns that include arguments for or against ballot propositions if the editorial or column is requested by a newspaper.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1240 was sent to the Rules Committee.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1241, by Representatives Pennington, Appelwick, Carlson, D. Schmidt, Wensman, Linville and Mason; by request of Legislative Ethics Board

Limiting political activities of citizen members of the legislative ethics board.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1241.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1241 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

House Bill No. 1241, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1251, by Representatives Parlette, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Kenney, Skinner, Lambert, Gardner, D. Schmidt and Wensman; by request of Secretary of State

Clarifying naming conventions for corporations and units of government.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1251 was substituted for House Bill No. 1251 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1251 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Parlette and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1251.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1251 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 2.


Absent: Representative Robertson - 1.

Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1251, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1251.

ERIC ROBERTSON, 31st District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1253, by Representatives Parlette, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Skinner, Sherstad, Lambert, Gardner, D. Schmidt, Kenney and Wensman; by request of Secretary of State

Regulating naming of businesses.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1253 was substituted for House Bill No. 1253 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1253 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Parlette and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1253.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1253 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1253, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1370, by Representatives Carlson, Talcott, Linville and Wensman

Adopting recommendations of the state board for community and technical colleges regarding the 1991 merger of community and technical colleges.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Higher Education was adopted.

On page 6, line 11, after "specific" insert "academic"

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Carlson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1370.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1370 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 2.


Absent: Representative Tokuda - 1.

Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1370, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed House Bill No. 1370.

KIP TOKUDA, 37th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1390, by Representatives Hatfield, Pennington, Doumit, Robertson, Murray, D. Schmidt, Chopp, Scott, Gardner, Romero, Dunshee, Wolfe, Morris, Wensman, Kessler and Dunn

Revising provisions regulating municipal officers' interest in contracts.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1390 was substituted for House Bill No. 1390 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1390 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hatfield, and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Talcott, Representative D. Schmidt was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1390.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1390 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1390, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1400, by Representatives Benson, L. Thomas, Wolfe, Zellinsky, Sheahan and Appelwick

Removing a termination date in the bank statement rule.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Benson and Appelwick spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1400.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1400 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1400, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1057, by Representatives Backlund and Cody; by request of Department of Health

Limiting public disclosure of complaints filed under the uniform disciplinary act.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1057 was substituted for House Bill No. 1057 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1057 was read the second time.

Representative Backlund moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Backlund: (036)
On page 1, beginning on line 18, after "respondent," strike the remainder of subsection (1) through page 2, line 14, and insert "A licensee must be notified upon receipt of a complaint, except when the notification would impede an effective investigation. At the earliest point of time the licensee must be allowed to submit a written statement about that complaint, which statement must be included in the file. Complaints filed after the effective date of this act are exempt from public disclosure under chapter 42.17 RCW until the complaint has been initially assessed and determined to warrant an investigation by the disciplining authority. Complaints determined not to warrant an investigation by the disciplining authority are no longer considered complaints, but must remain in the records and tracking system of the department. Information about complaints that did not warrant an investigation, including the existence of the complaint, may be released only upon receipt of a written public disclosure request. Complaints determined to warrant no cause for action after investigation are subject to public disclosure, must include an explanation of the determination to close the complaint, and must remain in the records and tracking system of the department."

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1057.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1057 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin,Hankins and Schmidt,K. - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1057, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1058, by Representatives Dyer,Cody and Backlund; by request of Department of Health

Providing for disclosure of information obtained by the department of health related to meeting licensing standards in hospitals.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1058 was substituted for House Bill No. 1058 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 1058 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1058.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1058 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1058, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1064, by Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe, Dyer and Mason; by request of Insurance Commissioner**

Changing the financial and reporting requirements of health care service contractors and health maintenance organizations.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1064 was substituted for House Bill No. 1064 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1064 was read the second time.

Representative L. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative L. Thomas: (008)

On page 2, line 3, after "of" strike "five" and insert "three"

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1064.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1064 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1064, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1069, by Representatives Sterk and Honeyford

Prohibiting the malicious use of explosives.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1069 was substituted for House Bill No. 1069 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1069 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1069.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1069 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.
Substitute House Bill No. 1069, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1109, by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, O'Brien, Kenney, Mason, Dunn, Kessler and Quall; by request of Higher Education Coordinating Board

Requiring the higher education coordinating board to develop models for the delivery of technology-based programs.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and O'Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1109.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1109 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1109, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1117, by Representatives Benson, Sheahan, Costa, D. Sommers, McDonald, Gombosky, Mulliken, Robertson, O'Brien, D. Schmidt, Backlund, Sterk, Wood, Sheldon, Quall, Anderson, Boldt and DeBolt

Providing penalties for supplying liquor to or consuming liquor by minors.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Benson and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1117.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1117 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1117, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1120, by Representatives Koster, Costa, Johnson and Scott; by request of Board of Education

Changing provisions relating to territory included in city and town boundary extensions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1120 was substituted for House Bill No. 1120 and the substitute bill was advanced to second reading.

Substitute House Bill No. 1120 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Koster and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1120.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1120 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1120, having received the constitutional majority, was declared adopted.


Making accident reports available to the traffic safety commission.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1211 was substituted for House Bill No. 1211 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1211 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives DeBolt and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1211.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1211 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1211, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1232, by Representatives Sump, Sheldon, Wood, Morris, Quall, K. Schmidt, Honeyford, Talcott, Hickel, Delvin, McMorris, Wensman and Doumit

Changing the SR 2 spur to SR 41.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sump spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1232.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1232 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

House Bill No. 1232, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1271, by Representatives L. Thomas, Scott, D. Sommers, Dunshee, Doumit, Mulliken, Gardner, Wensman and D. Schmidt

Relating to the establishment of commissioner districts and the election of commissioners of public hospital districts.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1271 was substituted for House Bill No. 1271 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1271 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1271.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1271 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1271, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1288, by Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Conway, Cody, Cole, Quall, Smith, Blalock, L. Thomas and D. Schmidt

Changing the name of the noncertificated employee category.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Johnson and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1288.

ROLL CALL


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1288, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1308, by Representatives Mielke, McMorris, Mulliken, Sterk and McDonald

Providing additional exemptions from state law for the handling of hazardous devices.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mielke and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1308.

ROLL CALL


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.
House Bill No. 1308, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1316, by Representatives Honeyford, Lisk, Boldt, Sump, Fisher and Dunn
Designating state route number 35.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1316.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1316 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1316, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred further consideration of House Bill No. 1363 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1364, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Delvin, Mitchell and Wensman; by request of Gambling Commission

Updating provisions about the seizure and forfeiture of gambling-related property.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1364 was substituted for House Bill No. 1364 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1364 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Robertson and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1364.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1364 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1364, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1415, by Representatives Chandler, Doumit, D. Schmidt, Murray, Radcliff, Cody, Johnson, Thompson, Sheldon, Cooper, Costa, Hatfield, McMorris, Sullivan and Kessler

Setting compensation for public utility district commissioners.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1415 was substituted for House Bill No. 1415 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1415 was read the second time.

Representative Dunn moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunn:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 54.12.080 and 1985 c 330 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Commissioners of public utility districts are eligible to receive salaries as follows:
(a) Each public utility district commissioner of a district operating utility properties shall receive a salary of one thousand dollars per month during a calendar year (which shall depend upon the total gross revenue of the district from its distribution system and its generating system, if any, for) if the district received total gross revenue of over fifteen million dollars during the fiscal year ending June 30th (prior to such) before the calendar year, based upon the following schedule:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>REVENUE</th>
<th>SALARY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OVER $15 million</td>
<td>$500 per month</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$2 to 15 million</td>
<td>$350 per month</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Each public utility district commissioner of a district operating utility properties shall receive a salary of seven hundred dollars per month during a calendar year if the district received total gross revenue of from two million dollars to fifteen million dollars during the fiscal year ending June 30th before the calendar year. However, the board of commissioners of such a public utility district may pass a resolution increasing the rate of salary up to any specific dollar amount.

(c) Commissioners of other districts shall serve without salary (unless the district provides by). However, the board of commissioners of such a public utility district may pass a resolution..."
providing (for the payment thereof, which however shall not exceed two hundred dollars per month for each commissioner) salaries of any specific dollar amount.

(2) In addition to salary, all districts may provide by resolution for the payment of per diem compensation to each commissioner at a rate not exceeding fifty dollars for each day or major part thereof devoted to the business of the district, and days upon which (his) the commissioner attends meetings of the commission of (his) the district or meetings attended by one or more commissioners of two or more districts called to consider business common to them, but such compensation paid during any one year to a commissioner shall not exceed seven thousand dollars. Per diem compensation shall not be paid for services of a ministerial or professional nature.

(((2)) (3) Any commissioner may waive all or any portion of his or her compensation payable under this section as to any month or months during his or her term of office, by a written waiver filed with the district as provided in this section. The waiver, to be effective, must be filed any time after the commissioner's election and prior to the date on which the compensation would otherwise be paid. The waiver shall specify the month or period of months for which it is made.

(((2)) (4) Each district commissioner shall be reimbursed for reasonable expenses actually incurred in connection with such business and meetings, including his subsistence and lodging and travel while away from his place of residence.

(((4)) (5) Any district providing group insurance for its employees, covering them, their immediate family and dependents, may provide insurance for its commissioner with the same coverage."

Representatives Dunn and Scott spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Scott, Sump and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Carlson spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1415.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1415 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 8, Absent - 1, Excused - 3.


Absent: Representative Keiser - 1.

Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.
Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1415, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1422, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, L. Thomas, Dunn, Doumit, Wolfe, Dunshee, Gardner, Lantz, Ogden, Thompson, Boldt, Mielke, Wensman, D. Sommers, Carlson and O’Brien

Raising the maximum per diem for boundary review board members.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1422.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1422 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1422, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Ogden: Having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 1076 on the next working day.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2116 by Representatives Dunshee, Gombosky, Blalock, Murray, Benson and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to legislative districts; and amending RCW 44.05.090.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2117 by Representatives McMorris and Conway
AN ACT Relating to taxation of gambling activities; and amending RCW 9.46.110.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2118 by Representatives Keiser, Wolfe, Constantine, Sullivan, Poulsen, Appelwick, Blalock, Lantz, Ogden, Gardner, Murray, Conway and Costa

AN ACT Relating to automated teller machines; amending RCW 19.174.010 and 19.174.020; adding new sections to chapter 19.174 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 2119 by Representatives McMorris, Conway, Honeyford, Boldt, Cole, Wood, Hatfield and Clements

AN ACT Relating to competitive bidding on public contracts; amending RCW 39.30.060; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2120 by Representative Koster

AN ACT Relating to the creation of Pioneer county, subject to the requirements of the state Constitution and statutes in respect to the establishment of new counties; amending RCW 2.08.063 and 3.34.010; adding a new section to chapter 36.04 RCW; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 2121 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Dunshee, Reams, Ogden, Anderson and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to the effect of city and town annexations or incorporations on the authorities and responsibilities of other local governments; amending RCW 35.82.020; adding a new section to chapter 43.83B RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.155 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.160 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.146 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.50A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.88 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 36.94 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 36.89 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2122 by Representatives Gombosky, Hankins, Radcliff, Butler, Mason, Kenney and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to transportation fees at institutions of higher education; and repealing RCW 28B.130.020.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 2123 by Representatives Veloria, Mason, Cody, Keiser, Blalock, Tokuda, O’Brien and Conway

AN ACT Relating to mobile home park rent justification; adding a new chapter to Title 59 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.
HB 2124 by Representatives Veloria, Cooke, Cody, Backlund, Keiser, Blalock, Tokuda, O'Brien, Mason, Conway and Costa

    AN ACT Relating to registration of mobile home parks; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

    Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2125 by Representatives Veloria, Cooke, Cody, Backlund, Keiser, Blalock, Tokuda, O'Brien, Mason, Cooper and Costa

    AN ACT Relating to certification of resident managers of mobile home parks; adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

    Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2126 by Representatives Delvin, Hickel and Robertson

    AN ACT Relating to security guard licenses; and amending RCW 18.170.010, 18.170.030, 18.170.110, 18.170.130, 18.170.165, and 43.43.838.

    Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2127 by Representatives Reams, Romero, Cairnes, Regala, Lantz, Ogden and Costa

    AN ACT Relating to requiring state agencies to make available paper copies of information electronically disseminated to the public; and adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW.

    Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2128 by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick, Cooke, Radcliff, Dyer, Cooper, Schoesler, Costa, D. Schmidt and Anderson

    AN ACT Relating to ethics in public service; and amending RCW 42.52.120.

    Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2129 by Representatives Conway, Dickerson, Cole, Wood, Veloria, Cody, Regala, Kenney, Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Keiser, Lantz, Fisher, O'Brien, Wolfe, Chopp, Constantine, Sullivan, Ogden, Cooper, Gardner, Doumit, Gombosky, Murray, Costa, Tokuda, Mason, Kessler, Dunshee and Scott

    AN ACT Relating to the state minimum wage; and amending RCW 49.46.020.

    Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2130 by Representatives Koster, O'Brien, Cairnes, Blalock, McMorris, Regala, Conway, Delvin, Thompson, Cooper and Veloria

    AN ACT Relating to inmate labor; amending RCW 72.09.010, 72.09.015, 72.09.070, 72.09.080, 72.09.090, 72.09.100, 72.09.104, 72.09.106, 72.09.111, 72.64.001, 72.64.010, 72.64.020, 72.64.030, 72.64.040, 72.64.050, 72.64.060, 72.64.070, 72.64.080, 72.64.090, 72.64.100, 72.64.110, 72.63.010, 72.63.020, 72.63.030, 72.63.040, 72.01.010, 72.01.110,
72.01.140, 72.01.150, 72.01.450, 72.01.452, 72.60.110, 72.60.160, 72.60.220, 43.19.534,
43.19.535, 72.62.010, 72.62.020, 72.62.030, 72.62.040, and 72.62.050; adding a new section
to chapter 72.09 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 72.64 RCW; creating a new section;
repealing RCW 72.60.235; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2131 by Representatives O'Brien, Koster, Blalock, Cairnes, Regala, McMorris, Conway, Delvin,
Thompson and Veloria

AN ACT Relating to the correctional industries board of directors; amending RCW
72.09.010, 72.09.015, 72.09.070, 72.09.080, 72.09.090, 72.09.100, 43.19.534, and
43.19.535; adding a new section to chapter 72.09 RCW; creating a new section; providing an
effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2132 by Representatives Conway, Wood, Cody, Cole, Gombosky, Dickerson, Blalock, Cooper,
Veloria and Costa

AN ACT Relating to payment of wages; amending RCW 49.46.100, 49.48.020,
49.48.040, 49.48.060, and 49.48.070; adding a new section to chapter 49.48 RCW; creating a
new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2133 by Representatives Koster, Veloria, Costa, Blalock, Regala, Butler, Lantz, Cody, Conway
and Dickerson

AN ACT Relating to development of a community justice act; amending RCW
9.94A.127, 9.94A.180, 13.40.135, and 43.43.754; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.030
and 9.94A.380; adding new sections to chapter 72.09 RCW; creating a new section; and
prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2134 by Representatives Benson and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to time periods for filing industrial insurance claims; amending
RCW 51.28.050 and 51.28.055; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2135 by Representatives Benson, McMorris and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to industrial insurance accidents; and amending RCW 51.28.010 and
51.28.050.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5092 by Senators Roach, Swecker, Zarelli, Schow, Hochstatter, Bauer, McCaslin, Oke and Long

Penalizing disarming a law enforcement officer.
Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

**MOTION**

On motion of Representative Chopp, the rules be suspended, and that House Bill No. 2129 be advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

Representative Chopp spoke in favor of the motion.

Representative Lisk spoke against the motion.

Representative Hatfield demand an electronic rollcall and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House was the motion to advance House Bill No. 2129 to Second Reading.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the motion to advanced House Bill No. 2129 to Second Reading, and the motion failed by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 51, Absent - 2, Excused - 3.


Absent: Representatives Appelwick and Dunn - 2.

Excused: Representatives Delvin, Hankins and Schmidt, K. - 3.

**STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL**

I intended to vote YEA on the motion to advanced House Bill No. 2129 to Second Reading.

MARLIN APPELWICK, 46th District

**STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL**

I intended to vote NAY on the motion to advanced House Bill No. 2129 to Second Reading.

JIM DUNN, 17th District

**STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL**

I intended to vote NAY on the motion to advanced House Bill No. 2129 to Second Reading.
There being no objection, the House reverted to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 18, 1997

HB 1056 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hatfield: Requiring that natural area preserves be accessible for public hunting, fishing, and trapping. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.


Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representative Chandler.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1098 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Changing teachers' retirement system plan III contribution rates. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representatives Clements, Dyer, and Lambert.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1099 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Transferring law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system plan I service. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Voting Yea: Representatives Huff, Wensman, Alexander, H. Sommers, Doumit, Benson, Carlson, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cooke, Crouse, Gombosky, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler,
Linville, Lisk, Mastin, McMorris, Parlette, Poulsen, Regala, D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1103 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sehlin: Specifying eligibility for survivor benefits. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1119 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Extending the expiration date of an act requiring the purchaser of privately owned timber to report to the department of revenue. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Excused: Representative Dickerson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1150 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Making assault of a school employee or sports official an aggravating factor for sentencing. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Carrell; Lambert and Sherstad.
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff, and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1245  Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Strengthening penalties for using drivers' licenses and identicards to commit fraud. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1259  Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Concerning habitat conservation plans. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington; and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representative Regala, Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Butler, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representative Regala.
Excused: Representative Anderson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1269  Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Providing moneys for the death investigations' account. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Carrell.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representative Carrell.
Passed to Committee on Finance.

FB 1312 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Providing for additional judges for Snohomish county superior court. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

FB 1398 Prime Sponsor, Representative Benson: Creating additional judicial positions in the Spokane superior court. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

FB 1408 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mielke: Authorizing carrying of concealed pistols by certain persons from out of state. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

FB 1423 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Strengthening the criminal justice training commission. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster,
HB 1485 Prime Sponsor, Representative Linville: Requiring the department of fish and wildlife to report to the legislature regarding salmon harvests. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Anderson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1524 Prime Sponsor, Representative Alexander: Allowing commercial salmon fishers to forego an annual season at a reduced fee. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Thompson, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Anderson.

Passed to Committee on Finance.

HB 1534 Prime Sponsor, Representative Crouse: Revising provisions relating to intimidation of witnesses. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HJM 4004 Prime Sponsor, Representative Bush: Petitioning the Washington Supreme Court to rewrite Canon Seven of the Code of Judicial Conduct. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody and Kenney.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, February 24, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
Second Reading 1
Second Reading Amendment 1
Third Reading Final Passage 2

Second Reading 2
Second Reading Amendment 2
Third Reading Final Passage 3

Other Action 3

Second Reading Amendment 3
Third Reading Final Passage 4

Committee Report 28

Second Reading 11
Second Reading Amendment 11
Third Reading Final Passage 12

Second Reading 12
Second Reading Amendment 12
Third Reading Final Passage 13

Second Reading 13
Second Reading Amendment 13
Third Reading Final Passage 14

Second Reading 14
Second Reading Amendment 14
Third Reading Final Passage 15

Second Reading 4
Second Reading Amendment 4
Third Reading Final Passage 5
Other Action 24

Second Reading 5
Third Reading Final Passage 6

Committee Report 29
Committee Report 29
Committee Report 30
Committee Report 30

Second Reading 15
Third Reading Final Passage 15
Second Reading 15
Third Reading Final Passage 16
Committee Report 30
Second Reading 16
(Sub)
Second Reading 16
Third Reading Final Passage 17
Committee Report 30
Second Reading 6
Third Reading Final Passage 6
Other Action 6
Second Reading 17
(Sub)
Second Reading 17
Third Reading Final Passage 17
Other Action 6
Second Reading 17
Third Reading Final Passage 18
Second Reading 6
Other Action 6
Second Reading 7
Third Reading Final Passage 7
Committee Report 31
Second Reading 7
(Sub)
Second Reading 7
Third Reading Final Passage 8
Second Reading 8
(Sub)
Second Reading 8
Third Reading Final Passage 9
Committee Report 31
Committee Report 31
Second Reading 18
(Sub)
Second Reading 18
Third Reading Final Passage 19
Second Reading 19
Third Reading Final Passage 19
Second Reading 19
Third Reading Final Passage 20
Committee Report 32
Second Reading 20
Third Reading Final Passage 20
Other Action 21
Second Reading 21
Second Reading Amendment 21
Third Reading Final Passage 21
Second Reading Amendment 9
Third Reading Final Passage 10
Second Reading 10
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 10
Committee Report 32
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 11
Committee Report 32
Second Reading 21
Second Reading Amendment 21
Third Reading Final Passage 23
Second Reading 23
Third Reading Final Passage 24
Committee Report 32
Intro & 1st Reading 24
Intro & 1st Reading 24
FORTIETH DAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
FORTY-THIRD DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, February 24, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Mick Edmonds and Amie Riley. Prayer was offered by Pastor Jim Hayford, Eastside Foursquare Church, Kirkland.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5109,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4628, by Representatives Gombosky, Benson, Wood, Crouse, D. Sommers and Conway

WHEREAS, The State of Washington has a rich cultural heritage; and
WHEREAS, The State of Washington recognizes "that those articles and properties which illustrate the history of the State of Washington should be maintained and preserved for the use and benefit of the people of the state" chapter 27.34 RCW; and
WHEREAS, The Eastern Washington State Historical Society is one of the two state historical societies designated as trustees of the State for the above purposes; and
WHEREAS, The Eastern Washington State Historical Society in Spokane has been actively collecting, preserving, and interpreting that rich heritage for eighty-one years, since 1916, for the people of eastern Washington and the Inland Northwest; and
WHEREAS, The Eastern Washington State Historical Society and its Cheney Cowles Museum has one of the finest and largest material culture collections anywhere in the United States relating to the American Indian; and
WHEREAS, The Eastern Washington State Historical Society is recognized as a state agency abiding by the Centennial Accord with respect to working in cooperation with the recognized tribes of the State of Washington and the Inland Northwest; and
WHEREAS, The presentation of arts and heritage are major components of the state's educational system, economic well-being, and tourism appeal; and
WHEREAS, The Eastern Washington State Historical Society has mounted an exhibition in the Secretary of State's Office through March 14, 1997, of American Indian art from its permanent collections that features the use of patriotic symbolism;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize and celebrate the educational, cultural, and economic enrichment that the Eastern Washington State
Historical Society and Cheney Cowles Museum brings to Washington State residents and visitors every year.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to the Eastern Washington State Historical Society and Cheney Cowles Museum.

Representative Gombosky moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Gombosky and D. Sommers spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4628 was adopted.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2136 by Representatives Sherstad, Sterk, Sheldon, Radcliff, Lisk and Scott

AN ACT Relating to clarifying that the construction statute of repose’s beneficiaries specifically include persons that must be registered under RCW 18.27.020 or licensed under RCW 19.28.120; and amending RCW 4.16.300.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2137 by Representatives Morris, Dunn, Sheldon, Doumit, Mason, Veloria, Kessler, Blalock and Kenney

AN ACT Relating to infrastructure financing; and adding a new section to chapter 43.155 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2138 by Representatives Morris, Dunn, Sheldon, Mason, Gombosky, Blalock, O’ Brien, Costa, Cooper, Wood and Lantz

AN ACT Relating to an exemption from the special fuel tax; amending RCW 82.38.080, 35A.82.010, and 82.38.150; and reenacting and amending RCW 82.08.0255 and 82.12.0256.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2139 by Representatives Morris, Dickerson, Dunshee, Butler, Mason, Kastama, Conway, Gombosky, Keiser, O’Brien, Costa and Cooper

AN ACT Relating to exempting new businesses from business and occupation tax; and adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2140 by Representatives Smith and Koster

AN ACT Relating to the costs and fees of collection agencies; and amending RCW 19.16.100 and 19.16.250.
Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 2141 by Representatives Cairnes and Scott; by request of Washington State Patrol

AN ACT Relating to terminal safety audit penalties; amending RCW 46.32.100; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2142 by Representatives Lisk, Cole and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to assignment of rights of lottery winnings; and amending RCW 67.70.100.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2143 by Representatives Parlette and Chandler

AN ACT Relating to volunteer ambulance personnel; and amending RCW 35.21.770.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2144 by Representatives Smith, L. Thomas, Wolfe, Sullivan, Wensman and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to the insurance commissioner's designated depository; and amending RCW 48.16.070.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 2145 by Representatives Hatfield, D. Sommers, Wood, Clements, Doumit, Radcliff, Fisher, Dunshee, Reams, Cooper, Linville, Blalock, D. Schmidt, Costa, Butler, Chandler and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to service credit under the teachers' retirement system plan I for military service; and amending RCW 41.32.260.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2146 by Representatives Huff and H. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to claims against the University of Washington; amending RCW 28B.20.253; adding a new section to chapter 28B.20 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2147 by Representatives Koster, Boldt, Sheldon, Johnson, Carrell and Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to associations of local governments; adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 27.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.320 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 52.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 53.06 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 54.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 57.08 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 87.76 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
HB 2148 by Representatives Koster, Sherstad, D. Sommers, Sterk, Thompson, Mulliken and Boldt

AN ACT Relating to eliminating the health care policy board; amending RCW 41.05.021, 43.70.054, and 43.70.068; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 43.72.320, 43.73.010, 43.73.020, 43.73.030, and 43.73.040.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2149 by Representatives Linville, Buck, Regala, Gardner, Kessler and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to removing landing requirements for the Puget Sound commercial crab fishery and allowing two licensees to operate one vessel; and amending RCW 75.30.130 and 75.28.048.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 2150 by Representatives Kenney, Costa, Mason, Grant, Blalock, O'Brien, Conway, Gardner and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle warranties; and amending RCW 19.118.021 and 19.118.100.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2151 by Representatives Sehlin, Morris, Anderson, Quall, Butler and Chandler

AN ACT Relating to the creation of a property tax exemption for nonprofit organizations exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code that provide student housing; amending RCW 84.36.800, 84.36.805, and 84.36.810; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2152 by Representative Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to the voluntary termination of the parent and child relationship by the parent; and adding a new chapter to Title 13 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2153 by Representatives Conway, Murray, Kenney, Wood, Kastama, Anderson, Fisher, Cody, Keiser, O'Brien, Dunshee, Blalock, Gombosky, Doumit, Costa, Cooper, Tokuda, Veloria, Wolfe, Dickerson, Chopp, Appelwick, Butler, Gardner and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to establishing grievance and appeals procedures for health carriers; amending RCW 48.43.055, 48.46.020, and 48.46.100; and adding a new chapter to Title 48 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2154 by Representatives Murray, Conway, Wood, Cody, Regala, Anderson, Mason, O'Brien, Gardner, Dunshee, Gombosky, Blalock, Tokuda, Doumit, Ogden and Costa

AN ACT Relating to the establishment of comprehensive quality assurance standards for health carriers; and adding new sections to chapter 48.43 RCW.
HB 2155 by Representatives Murray, Conway, Wood, Cody, Fisher, Anderson, Costa, Kenney, Dunshee, Gombosky, Blalock, Doumit, Kastama, Keiser, Cooper, Tokuda, Veloria, Wolfe, Dickerson, Chopp, Appelwick, O'Brien, Gardner and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to the establishment of a process for credentialing and recredentialing of providers contracting with health carriers; adding a new section to chapter 48.43 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2156 by Representatives Murray, Poulsen, Tokuda, Gardner, Cole, Fisher, Kenney, Butler, Veloria, Wolfe, Mason, Dunshee, Blalock, Gombosky, Appelwick, H. Sommers, Dickerson, Chopp, Constantine, Cody and O'Brien

AN ACT Relating to authorization for public funds to be used to finance political campaigns for public office; amending RCW 42.17.128; and adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2157 by Representatives Murray, Dunshee, Dickerson, Kessler, Blalock, O'Brien, Conway, Costa, Gombosky, Cody, Cooper, Gardner, Linville, Ogden and Lantz

AN ACT Relating to the citizens' commission on campaign finance and practices; creating new sections; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2158 by Representatives Murray, Romero, Ogden, Cooper, O'Brien, Blalock, Scott, Fisher, Dickerson, Costa, Cody, Gardner, Mason, Linville and Lantz

AN ACT Relating to campaign finance reform; amending RCW 42.17.640, 42.17.690, 42.17.020, 42.17.040, 42.17.100, 42.17.510, 42.17.680, 42.17.390, and 42.17.395; adding new sections to chapter 42.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 29.80 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2159 by Representatives Murray, Wood, Cole, Ogden, Gombosky, Veloria, H. Sommers, Cooper, Romero, Dickerson, Blalock, Regala, O'Brien, Costa, Butler, Fisher, Cody and Mason

AN ACT Relating to employee benefits for state employment; amending RCW 41.05.011, 41.05.065, 41.05.080, 41.05.085, 41.05.090, 41.05.150, 49.12.270, 49.78.020, 49.12.350, 49.12.360, 2.10.030, 2.10.140, 2.12.030, 28B.10.400, 28B.10.431, 28B.10.567, 41.26.048, 41.26.090, 41.26.160, 41.26.460, 41.26.470, 41.40.188, 41.40.190, 41.40.220, 41.40.235, 41.40.250, 41.40.270, 41.40.660, 41.40.700, 41.54.010, 41.54.034, 43.43.120, 43.43.270, 43.43.280, and 43.43.285; reenacting and amending RCW 41.26.030, 41.26.510, 41.40.010, and 41.40.023; and adding a new section to chapter 41.05 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2160 by Representatives Thompson and Johnson
AN ACT Relating to teacher internship credits; and amending 1995 c 284 s 4 (uncodified).

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HJM 4016 by Representatives Morris, Blalock, Gombosky, Cody, Veloria, Kessler, Keiser, Costa and Anderson

Encouraging Japan to release the five orca whales captured off the southeast coast of Japan.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HCR 4408 by Representatives Thompson, Buck, Sheldon, Sump, Alexander and DeBolt

Creating the joint select committee on management of state forest lands.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SB 5109 by Senators Roach and Johnson

Dissolving limited liability companies.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

There being no objection, the bills, memorial and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 19, 1997

HB 1102 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lambert: Retirement benefits based on excess compensation. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1104 Prime Sponsor, Representative H. Sommers: Placing restrictions on postretirement employment. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements,
HB 1105 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ogden: Providing retirement credit for leave for legislative service. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Cooke, Crouse, Dyer, Gombosky, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Lisk, Mastin, McMorris, Parlette, Poulsen, Regala, D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997

HB 1123 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Increasing interstate trade through tax incentives for warehouse and grain operations. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; McDonald and Morris.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; and Mason.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Sheldon, Alexander, McDonald and Morris.

Voting Nay: Representatives Veloria and Mason.

Excused: Representative Ballasiotes.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1161 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Authorizing revisions in medical assistance managed care contracting under federal demonstration waivers. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member;
Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representative Parlette.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997
HB 1174 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Extending less than county-wide port districts.
Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Murray, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Excused: Representative Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997
HB 1190 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Requiring preliminary compliance reviews of performance audits and consideration of performance audit recommendations in budget preparation. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Murray, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representative Dunshee.
Excused: Representative Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997
HB 1200 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Revising the code of ethics for municipal officers. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Murray, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Excused: Representative Wolfe.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1201 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Providing for reauthorization of assistance to areas impacted by the rural natural resources crisis. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Excused: Representative Ballasiotes.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1212 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Making corrections regarding combining water-sewer districts. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Wensman.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1278 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Concerning the labeling of malt liquor packages. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole and Hatfield.


Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1304 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheldon: Authorizing sales and use tax exemptions for call centers in distressed areas. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Mason; McDonald and Morris.
Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Mason, McDonald and Morris.
Excused: Representative Ballasiotes.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1368 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Easing restrictions on gambling fund-raisers. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole and Hatfield.

Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1385 Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Changing probation provisions for certificated educational employees. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Excused: Representative Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1404 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Revising provisions for punch boards and pull-tabs. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole and Hatfield.

Voting Nay: Representative Cole.
Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1405 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Authorizing joint bingo games. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole and Hatfield.


Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1426 Prime Sponsor, Representative Bush: Revising provisions for liens filed by the department of social and health services. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole and Hatfield.


Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1431 Prime Sponsor, Representative Skinner: Designating significant historic places. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Murray, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.

Excused: Representative Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1462 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Setting nonresident undergraduate tuition at the University of Washington. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O'Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O'Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 19, 1997
HB 1483 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Defining the location of a retail sale by a towing service operator as the place of business. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; Gardner; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Backlund, DeBolt and Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 18, 1997

HB 1487 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Enhancing transportation planning. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representative Robertson.

Excused: Representatives Constantine, Cooper, and Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 18, 1997

HB 1501 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Clarifying and making technical corrections to driver’s license statutes. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Constantine, Cooper, and Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997
HB 1505  Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Protecting privacy of law enforcement personnel. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Murray, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Excused: Representative Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1514  Prime Sponsor, Representative Conway: Establishing requirements for keeping records of unified business identifier account numbers. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole and Hatfield.

Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1520  Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Exempting career federal civil service employees and their families from the nonresident tuition fees differential. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O'Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O'Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1708  Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Eliminating farm implement commissioned salespeople from the minimum rate of compensation for employment in excess of a forty-hour work week requirement. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole and Hatfield.

Excused: Representative Lisk.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1731 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Repealing the expiration of longshoreman's and harbor worker's compensation coverage. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Excused: Representatives Grant, Constantine, and DeBolt.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1735 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Expanding employment opportunities for people with disabilities. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Murray, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Excused: Representative Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1750 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Protecting existing, functional mobile home park septic systems. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Murray, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representative Gardner.
Excused: Representatives Dunn and Wolfe.
Not Voting: Representative Dunshee.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1796 Prime Sponsor, Representative Smith: Delivering the cancellation notice for an insurance policy. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Excused: Representatives Grant and DeBolt.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HJR 4206 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Providing a chaplain for state employees.

Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee and Murray.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.

Voting Nay: Representatives Gardner, Dunshee, Murray, and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Ogden, having voted on the prevailing side and having given notice of a motion of reconsideration, moved to immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill 1076.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the motion to reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill 1076.

The motion passed.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of the passage of Substitute House Bill 1076.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1076 on reconsideration.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representatives Grant and Kastama were excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1076, on reconsideration and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 74, Nays - 22, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Grant and Kastama - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1076, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1363, by Representatives Delvin, McMorris and K. Schmidt; by request of Gambling Commission

Updating professional gambling definitions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Delvin and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative O'Brien was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1363.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1363 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Delvin and Hankins - 2.

House Bill No. 1363, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1075, by Representatives Hickel, Mitchell, Keiser and Delvin

Providing concurrent jurisdiction for certain courts dealing with compulsory school attendance.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1075.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1075 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Grant and Kastama - 2.

House Bill No. 1075, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1121, by Representatives Veloria, Cooke, Tokuda, Wolfe, Dunn and Costa

Revising legal custody of children.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1121 was substituted for House Bill No. 1121 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1121 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Tokuda and Cooke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1121.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1121 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,

Excused: Representatives Grant and Kastama - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1121, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Tuesday, February 25, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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FORTY-FOURTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, February 25, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5002,
SENATE BILL NO. 5067,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5110,
SENATE BILL NO. 5835,

and the same are herewith transmitted.
INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2161 by Representatives Koster and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to the development, adoption, and review of comprehensive plans and development regulations; amending RCW 36.70A.020, 36.70A.060, 36.70A.070, 36.70A.110, 36.70A.170, and 36.70A.290; and adding new sections to chapter 36.70A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 2162 by Representative Koster

AN ACT Relating to dairy waste; amending RCW 90.64.005, 90.64.010, 90.64.030, 90.64.050, 90.64.060, 90.64.070, and 90.64.080; adding new sections to chapter 90.64 RCW; and repealing RCW 90.64.090.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2163 by Representatives Sheldon, Conway, Sehlin, Zellinsky, K. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Veloria, Huff, D. Schmidt, Johnson, Lantz, Sullivan, Koster, Pennington, Smith, Costa, Cairnes, Reams, Robertson and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to veterans remembrance emblems; and amending RCW 46.16.319.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2164 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Huff, Dunn, Talcott, Mulliken, Backlund, Mielke and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to competitive strategies in the delivery of government services; amending RCW 41.06.380, 72.10.005, and 82.01.070; adding a new section to chapter 28A.400 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 28A.400.285 and 41.06.382; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2165 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Zellinsky, Fisher, Morris, Radcliff, Sehlin, Sheldon and Hatfield

AN ACT Relating to interest on retroactive compensation increases to marine employees; and amending RCW 47.64.120.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2166 by Representatives Huff, K. Schmidt, Clements, Buck, Talcott, Johnson, Mitchell, Carlson, Delvin, Cooke and Chandler

AN ACT Relating to barriers to coordinated transportation services; amending RCW 81.66.030, 82.36.275, and 82.38.080; and adding a new chapter to Title 47 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2167 by Representatives Mitchell, McMorris, Sheldon, Carrell, Sherstad, Honeyford and Boldt
AN ACT Relating to publicly owned lands; amending RCW 43.98A.010; adding new sections to chapter 43.98A RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 2168 by Representatives McMorris, Clements and Conway; by request of Department of Labor & Industries

AN ACT Relating to registration of contractors; amending RCW 18.27.010, 18.27.020, 18.27.030, 18.27.040, 18.27.060, 18.27.090, 18.27.104, 18.27.114, 18.27.117, 18.27.200, 18.27.230, and 18.27.250; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2169 by Representatives Cody, Backlund, Murray, H. Sommers, Huff, Skinner, Wood, Dunshee, Keiser, Ogden and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to the state health care purchasing and policy office; amending RCW 43.70.066, 43.70.068, and 43.72.310; adding new sections to chapter 43.73 RCW; repealing RCW 43.73.010, 43.73.020, and 43.73.040; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2170 by Representatives Pennington, Sheldon and Ogden

AN ACT Relating to investments of state-wide significance; and adding a new section to Title 43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2171 by Representatives Wolfe, Gardner, Cole, Linville, Costa, Butler, Conway, Veloria, Keiser, Sheldon, Gombosky, Doumit, Tokuda, Lantz, Murray, Mason, Cooper, Dunshee, Blalock, Wood, Ogden, Hatfield and Poulsen

AN ACT Relating to expanding property tax exemptions for senior citizens and persons retired by reason of physical disability; and amending RCW 84.36.381.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2172 by Representatives Chandler, Mielke and Mastin

AN ACT Relating to removing a fee on the use of bees for pollination services; and amending RCW 15.60.040.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2173 by Representatives Van Luven, Reams and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to the taxation of intrastate package delivery carriers of limited weight cargo and in limited weight vehicles effecting service within twenty-four hours and excluding the transportation of passengers; and amending RCW 82.16.010.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2174 by Representatives Backlund, Dyer and Skinner
AN ACT Relating to licensed midwives; amending RCW 18.50.005 and 18.50.010; adding new sections to chapter 18.50 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2175 by Representative Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to stadiums and exhibit centers; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2176 by Representative Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to sports facilities; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2177 by Representative Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to facilities for professional sports; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2178 by Representative Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to interest earnings on sales and use taxes; amending RCW 82.08.050; adding new sections to chapter 82.08 RCW; and adding new sections to chapter 43.63A RCW.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2179 by Representatives Hickel and Johnson

AN ACT Relating to open public meetings of school boards regarding impasses in collective bargaining; and amending RCW 41.59.120.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2180 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Radcliff, Mitchell, O'Brien and Robertson

AN ACT Relating to the establishment of a state policy and program for freight mobility strategic investments; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2181 by Representatives Boldt, McMorris, L. Thomas and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to industrial insurance benefits for intermittent employment; and amending RCW 51.08.178.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2182 by Representatives Pennington, Hatfield and Costa
AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax relief for disaster victims; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

HB 2183 by Representatives Buck, Hatfield, Doumit, Lantz, Dunshee and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to eliminating shellfish from the tax on enhanced food fish; and amending RCW 82.27.010, 82.27.020, 82.27.030, and 43.06.400.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 2184 by Representatives Kessler, Buck, Conway and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to the legislature; and adding a new chapter to Title 44 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2185 by Representatives Anderson, Morris, Kessler, Blalock and Costa

AN ACT Relating to oil spills; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2186 by Representatives Linville, Regala, Chandler and Blalock

AN ACT Relating to identifying critical ecological functions within a water resource inventory area; adding a new section to chapter 90.71 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2187 by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Backlund, Conway, Skinner, Murray, Hatfield, Cooke, Blalock and Costa

AN ACT Relating to rehabilitation services; and reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.060.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2188 by Representative Kessler

AN ACT Relating to driving a motor vehicle after consuming alcohol; and amending RCW 46.61.503.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2189 by Representatives McDonald, Van Luven, Veloria and Cooke

AN ACT Relating to financing needs for senior housing; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2190 by Representatives McMorris and Clements

AN ACT Relating to the application of the state wage and hour laws without altering the minimum wage; amending RCW 49.46.005, 49.12.041, 49.46.010, 49.46.040, 49.46.090,
49.46.100, 49.46.130, 49.48.030, 49.48.040, 49.52.050, 49.52.070, and 49.52.080; adding new sections to chapter 49.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 49.46 RCW; repealing RCW 49.12.050, 49.12.150, 49.30.020, and 49.46.070; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2191 by Representatives Koster, Chandler, Robertson and Honeyford

AN ACT Relating to dairy waste; amending RCW 90.64.005, 90.64.010, 90.64.030, 90.64.050, 90.64.060, 90.64.070, and 90.64.080; adding new sections to chapter 90.64 RCW; and repealing RCW 90.64.090.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2192 by Representatives Van Luven and Wolfe; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to a mechanism for financing stadium and exhibition centers and education technology grants; amending RCW 36.100.010, 36.100.020, 36.32.235, 39.04.010, 36.38.010, 82.29A.130, 67.28.180, 67.70.240, 67.70.042, 39.10.120, 39.10.050, 39.10.902, and 82.14.049; adding new sections to chapter 36.100 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 39.30 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.38 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.14 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 67.70 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 82 RCW; creating a new section; providing for submission of sections 14 and 37 of this act to a vote of the people; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HCR 4409 by Representatives Thompson, Reams, Bush, Mielke, Sherstad, Pennington, Sheldon, Grant, Kastama, McMorris and Mastin

Establishing a joint select subcommittee on wetlands.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

SSB 5002 by Senate Committee on Higher Education (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Bauer, Sheldon, Winsley, Kohl, McAuliffe and Rasmussen)

Creating the cross-sector network advisory committee to advise on K-20 educational telecommunications network technical and policy planning.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SB 5067 by Senators Roach, Haugen, Johnson and Winsley; by request of Secretary of State

Allowing facsimile filings with the secretary of state's office.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5110 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Johnson and Roach)

Updating probate provisions.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.
SB 5835 by Senators Swecker, McDonald, Benton, McCaslin, Zarelli, Horn, Sellar, Stevens, Deccio, Johnson, Newhouse, Winsley, Oke, Long, Anderson, Rossi, Roach and Hochstatter

Limiting property taxes.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 2182 and Senate Bill No. 5835 which are held on First Reading.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 20, 1997

HB 1115 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Altering appeal procedures for water-related actions of the department of ecology. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1243 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Enhancing security of identicards and drivers’ licenses. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler; Gardner; Johnson; Ogden; Radcliff; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representatives Buck, Constantine, Murray, and Romero.

Excused: Representative DeBolt.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1256 Prime Sponsor, Representative Veloria: Providing incentives for basic skills training. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.
Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1298  Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Regulating compensatory mitigation. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1433  Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Leasing property to counties for correctional facilities. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers; H. Sommers and Ogden, Ranking Minority Member.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1435  Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Clarifying and harmonizing provisions affecting cities and towns. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Murray, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.

Excused: Representative Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1443  Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Permitting expedited flood damage repairs during flooding emergencies. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.
HB 1489 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Modifying public works and water pollution control funding. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.

Voting Nay: Representative Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1535 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Declaring a naturopath a health care practitioner for certain purposes. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Parlette.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1539 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Regulating fire district associations. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1546 Prime Sponsor, Representative Skinner: Revising the Washington youthbuilt program. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1574 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mason: Creating the historically Black college fund pilot project. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O'Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O'Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1618 Prime Sponsor, Representative Skinner: Modifying certain aspects of programs that treat impaired physicians. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Parlette.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1619 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Increasing compensation for members of medical boards. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Parlette.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1620 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Abrogating the corporate practice of medicine doctrine. Reported by Committee on Health Care
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Parlette.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1657 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Allowing the pass-through of disposal fees for certain solid waste collection companies. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.


Excused: Representative Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1662 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Establishing tuition fees. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Dunn; Sheahan and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler and O’Brien.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Dunn, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Nay: Representatives Mason, Kenney, Butler, and O’Brien.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1698 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Creating the K-20 telecommunications network governance committee. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

On page 3, line 36, after "colleges" insert ", one of whom shall be a member of the teaching faculty, selected in consultation with organizations responsible for representing the faculty"
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1726 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Allowing outdoor burning of storm and flood-related debris. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefore and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, and Sump.

Excused: Representatives Mastin and Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1832 Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Transferring funds for plant pest control activities. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1834 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Defining agriculture for the purpose of safety regulations. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefore and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 1443 which is held for further consideration.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, February 26, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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FORTY-FOURTH DAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FORTY-FIFTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, February 26, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages John Castaneda and Cynthia Blau. Prayer was offered by Pastor Jack Keith, Hood Canal Community Church, Hoodsport.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker introduced the Washington Apple Blossom Royalty, Queen Stacia Wiggins, Princesses Meaghan Williams and Marie Magnoti, and their mothers and chaperones. The Royalty addressed the body.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2182 by Representatives Pennington, Hatfield, Costa, O’Brien, Kessler, Anderson and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to sales and use tax relief for disaster victims; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2193 by Representatives Carlson, D. Sommers, Gombosky, Benson and Mielke; by request of Joint Center for Higher Education

AN ACT Relating to the joint center for higher education transportation and parking fees and higher education parking fees; and amending RCW 28B.130.020 and 43.01.236.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 2194 by Representatives Van Luven, Veloria, Dunn, Sheldon, Ballasiotes, Morris, McDonald, Mason, Ogden, Cooke and Reams

AN ACT Relating to the department of community, trade, and economic development; amending RCW 43.330.020, 43.63A.021, 43.330.040, 43.330.050, 43.330.070, 43.330.125, 43.330.135, 43.63A.066, 43.63A.115, 43.63A.155, 43.63A.245, 43.63A.247, 43.63A.260, 43.63A.275, 43.63A.400, 43.63A.410, 43.63A.440, 43.63A.450, 43.63A.460, 43.63A.600, 43.330.152, 43.330.155, 43.330.156, 43.330.904, 43.63A.230, 43.330.065, 43.330.080, 43.31.057, 43.31.093, 43.31.205, 43.31.409, 43.31.422, 43.31.504, 43.31.522, 43.31.524, 43.31.641, 43.31.651, 43.31.830, 43.31.840, 43.31.960, 43.17.065, 19.02.050, 24.46.010, 28B.20.283, 28B.20.289, 28B.20.293, 28B.30.537, 28B.50.262, 28B.65.040, 28B.65.050,
Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2195 by Representatives O’Brien, Carlson and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to community and technical colleges; and adding a new chapter to Title 28B RCW.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

HB 2196 by Representatives Costa, Cooper, Carrell, O’Brien, Blalock and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to access to the retirement system for substitute and temporary school employees; amending RCW 41.56.030; reenacting and amending RCW 41.40.010 and 41.40.023; adding a new section to chapter 41.40 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 41.56 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2197 by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers, Carlson, Wensman, Talcott, Clements, O’Brien, Hatfield, Cooke, Dickerson and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to creating the education technology revolving fund; amending RCW 28D.02.060; adding a new section to chapter 28D.02 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2198 by Representatives Reams, Thompson and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to shoreline management; amending RCW 90.58.020 and 36.70A.480; adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW 90.58.185; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.
HB 2199 by Representatives Gombosky, L. Thomas, Dunshee, Blalock, Ogden, Keiser, Dickerson, Costa and Murray

AN ACT Relating to fees for disclosure made to consumers by a consumer reporting agency; and amending RCW 19.182.100.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

HB 2200 by Representatives Gombosky, Dunshee, Wood, Blalock, Cody, Ogden, Keiser, Dickerson, Butler, Sullivan, Scott, Regala, Costa, Murray and Wolfe

AN ACT Relating to the state minimum wage; and amending RCW 49.46.020.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2201 by Representatives Gombosky, Wood, Dunshee, Blalock, Cooper and Sullivan

AN ACT Relating to filing documents with county auditors; and amending RCW 65.04.045, 65.04.047, and 36.18.010.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2202 by Representative Dyer; by request of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to modifying the tobacco products tax by clarifying the base, but not changing the rates; amending RCW 82.26.010, 82.26.020, and 82.26.025; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2203 by Representatives Delvin, Sheldon, Pennington, Costa, Huff, Zellinsky, Carrell, Blalock, Cooke, Sullivan and Mason

AN ACT Relating to security on the capitol grounds; amending RCW 43.19.125; and adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2204 by Representatives O'Brien, Buck, Blalock, K. Schmidt, Wood, Scott, Mitchell, Hatfield, Zellinsky, Ogden, Skinner, Fisher, Constantine, Cooper, Kenney, Lantz, Cole and Costa

AN ACT Relating to motor vehicle sellers' reports; amending RCW 46.16.216 and 46.20.270; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2205 by Representatives Wolfe, O'Brien, Gardner, Kessler, Anderson, Costa and Conway

AN ACT Relating to tax credits for contributions to family support centers; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2206 by Representatives B. Thomas, Appelwick, Van Luven, Anderson, Sullivan, Mason, Regala and Dyer; by request of Revenue
AN ACT Relating to negotiation of cooperative agreements between the governor of the state of Washington and federally recognized Indian tribes within the borders of the state of Washington concerning the sales of cigarettes; adding new sections to chapter 43.06 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.24 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2207 by Representative O’Brien

AN ACT Relating to regulation of plumbers; amending RCW 18.106.010, 18.106.020, 18.106.030, 18.106.050, 18.106.070, 18.106.090, 18.106.155, and 18.106.170; adding a new section to chapter 18.106 RCW; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2208 by Representatives Cairnes, L. Thomas and Benson

AN ACT Relating to collaborative review of multijurisdictional projects; and amending RCW 36.70A.430.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HB 2209 by Representative Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to clarifying the exemption for the minimum wage act; amending RCW 49.46.130; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2210 by Representatives Benson and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to definitions of abuse of children, adult dependents, and developmentally disabled persons; and amending RCW 26.44.020.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 2211 by Representatives McMorris, Clements, Boldt, Lisk and D. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to work force training; and adding a new section to chapter 28C.18 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

AN ACT Relating to authorizing optometrists to use and prescribe approved drugs for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes without limitation upon the methods of delivery in the practice of optometry; and amending RCW 18.53.010, 18.53.140, 69.41.030, and 69.50.101.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2213 by Representatives Conway, Veloria, Cole, O'Brien, Blalock, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Keiser, Dickerson, Butler, Gombosky, Mason, Costa and Murray

AN ACT Relating to state purchasing contracts; adding a new section to chapter 43.19 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2214 by Representatives Huff, Clements, Carlson, Alexander, Mastin, McMorris, Buck, Mitchell, O'Brien, Backlund, D. Sommers, L. Thomas, Cooke and Dyer

AN ACT Relating to employment and training; amending RCW 50.16.090, 50.16.094, 50.16.096, and 50.12.261; creating new sections; repealing RCW 43.131.377; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5835 by Senators Swecker, McDonald, Benton, McCaslin, Zarelli, Horn, Sellar, Stevens, Deccio, Johnson, Newhouse, Winsley, Oke, Long, Anderson, Rossi, Roach and Hochstatter

Limiting property taxes.

There being no objection, Senate Bill No. 5835 is advanced to the second reading calendar.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 20, 1997

HB 1071 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Reorganizing the department of social and health services and dividing its functions among newly created and existing agencies. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.

Excused: Representative Mulliken.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997
HB 1148 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Declaring growth management hearings boards rulings to be recommendations rather than orders. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1195 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Requiring proof of auto insurance to drivers' license examiners. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representative Cairnes.
Excused: Representative Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1315 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Authorizing appointments of county assessors in large counties. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representatives Gardner and Wolfe.
Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1338 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Increasing flexibility for counties and cities in implementing growth management. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.

Excused: Representative Mulliken.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1352 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Establishing the advanced environmental mitigation revolving fund. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representative Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1425 Prime Sponsor, Representative Romero: Adopting the recommendations of the alternative public works methods oversight committee. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1434 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Providing for the quality awards council. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

HB 1436 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Authorizing electronic information access for public libraries. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kessler and B. Thomas.


Voting Nay: Representatives Mielke and Mulliken.
Excused: Representative Kastama.

February 25, 1997

HB 1472 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Providing for designation of mineral resource lands. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Fisher; Gardner; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

Excused: Representative Mulliken.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1473 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheldon: Providing supplemental appropriation authority for the development loan fund. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 21, 1997

HB 1474 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Increasing categorical exemptions from SEPA. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1500 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Revising eligibility for rural arterial programs. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representatives Constantine and Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1568 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Restricting the distance a vehicle may travel in a two-way left-turn lane. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Buck; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler and Sterk.

Excused: Representative Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1576 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Modifying buildable lands under growth management. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.

Excused: Representative Mulliken.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 20, 1997

HB 1577 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Revising land division. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush, Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1585 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Authorizing the state investment board to delegate certain powers and duties. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Excused: Representatives Grant and DeBolt.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1586 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Authorizing the state investment board to create public entities for the purposes of handling real estate and other investment assets. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Excused: Representatives Grant and DeBolt.
HB 1609 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Limiting the number of times the maximum disposal fee at a radioactive waste disposal site may be adjusted. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.

Excused: Representative Kastama.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1610 Prime Sponsor, Representative DeBolt: Exempting regulated utilities from seeking commission preapproval of some short-term notes having a maturity of twelve or fewer months. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.

Excused: Representative Kastama.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1611 Prime Sponsor, Representative DeBolt: Allowing a telecommunications company to reduce a rate or charge in a more streamlined manner. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.

Excused: Representative Kastama.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1641 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Conforming a water district’s authority for development charges with a city’s authority. Reported by Committee on Government Administration
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Nay: Representative Smith.
Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997
HB 1669 Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Creating alternative teacher certification. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall and Veloria.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997
HB 1675 Prime Sponsor, Representative Skinner: Counting certain local sales tax revenue as locally generated. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representatives DeBolt and Romero.
Excused: Representative Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997
HB 1684 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Requiring only collected building fees of community and technical colleges to be paid to the state treasury. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.
Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 25, 1997**

**HB 1695** Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Authorizing appointments of county auditors in large counties. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 24, 1997**

**HB 1729** Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Changing irrigation district administration provisions. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 24, 1997**

**HB 1743** Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Allowing the department of community, trade, and economic development to adopt rules to carry out the long-term care ombudsman program. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Anderson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 25, 1997**

**HB 1761** Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Revising provisions for mutual aid and interlocal agreements. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.
Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1800 Prime Sponsor, Representative Delvin: Assisting crime stoppers programs. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representatives Quall and Robertson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1802 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hankins: Requiring auto transport companies to report revenues to the UTC on a yearly basis. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Sterk and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representative Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1817 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Authorizing reclaimed water demonstration projects. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1899 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Providing standards for life insurance policy illustrations. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Excused: Representatives Grant and DeBolt.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1942 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Repealing the coal mining code. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Chandler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1985 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Allowing for pilot project landscape management plans. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Chandler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

ESB 7902 Prime Sponsor, Hale: Lowering business and occupation tax rates (Introduced with House sponsors). Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Conway; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.
Excused: Representative Kastama.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.
There being no objection, Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7902 is advanced to the second reading calendar.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5835, by Senators Swecker, McDonald, Benton, McCaslin, Zarelli, Horn, Sellar, Stevens, Deccio, Johnson, Newhouse, Winsley, Oke, Long, Anderson, Rossi, Roach and Hochstatter

Limiting property taxes.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative H. Sommers: (052)

On page 35, line 14, after "Except for" strike "section 401" and insert "sections 401, 505, and 506"

On page 35, after line 19, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. If the voters do not adopt and ratify this act, except for this section and sections 401 and 506 of this act, at the next general election, section 506 of this act takes effect January 1, 1998. If the voters do adopt and ratify this act, except for this section and sections 401 and 506 of this act, section 506 of this act is null and void.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 506 On each June 30th following the effective date of this act, the state treasurer shall deposit one hundred ten million dollars from the general fund into the permanent common school fund. This transfer is exempt from the provisions of RCW 43.135.035(4)."

Correct the title accordingly.

Representatives H. Sommers, Dunshee, Chopp, and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives B. Thomas, Mitchell, Sehlin, and Huff spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 35, line 14, to Senate Bill No. 5835 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 41, Nays - 57, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunshee: (054)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 84.52 RCW to read as follows:

(1) There is allowed a credit against the state regular real property tax for owner-occupied residential property. The credit is equal to the state regular property tax imposed on twenty percent of the state-wide average assessed value of owner-occupied single-family residential property multiplied by the indicated ratio fixed by the state department of revenue. The credit in any tax year shall not exceed the amount of state property tax imposed on the property.

(2) The credit in this section is in addition to any other property tax relief that may be provided by law.

(3) The following conditions apply to credit under this section:

(a) The residence must be occupied by the person claiming the credit as a principal place of residence as of January 1st of the year in which taxes are due. A person who sells, transfers, or is displaced from the person’s residence may transfer the person’s credit status to a replacement residence, but a claimant may not receive a credit on more than one residence in any year. Confinement of the person to a hospital or nursing home does not disqualify the claim of credit if:

(i) The residence is temporarily unoccupied;

(ii) The residence is occupied by either or both a spouse or a person financially dependent on the claimant for support; or

(iii) The residence is rented for the purpose of paying nursing home or hospital costs.

(b) The person claiming the credit must have owned, at the time of filing, in fee, as a life estate, or by contract purchase, the residence on which the property taxes have been imposed or if the person claiming the credit lives in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership, the person must own a share therein representing the unit or portion of the structure in which the person resides. For purposes of this subsection, a residence owned by a marital community or owned by cotenants is deemed to be owned by each spouse or cotenant, and any lease for life is deemed a life estate.

(4) RCW 84.36.383, 84.36.385, 84.36.387, and 84.36.389 apply to this section.

Sec. 2. RCW 84.52.080 and 1989 c 378 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The county assessor shall extend the taxes upon the tax rolls in the form herein prescribed. The rate percent necessary to raise the amounts of taxes levied for state and county purposes, and for purposes of taxing districts coextensive with the county, shall be computed upon the assessed value of the property of the county; the rate percent necessary to raise the amount of taxes levied for any taxing district within the county shall be computed upon the assessed value of the property of the district; all taxes assessed against any property shall be added together and extended on the rolls in a column headed consolidated or total tax. In extending any tax, whenever it amounts to a fractional part of a cent greater than five mills it shall be made one cent, and whenever it amounts to five mills or less than five mills it shall be dropped. The amount of all taxes shall be entered in the proper columns, as shown by entering the rate percent necessary to raise the consolidated or total tax and the total tax assessed against the property.

(2) After entering the amounts under subsection (1) of this section, the county assessor shall compute the amount of credit authorized under section 1 of this act for each parcel of property. The credit allowed for any property shall be extended on the rolls in a column headed tax credit. The county treasurer shall subtract the amount of the credit from the total tax and enter this amount in a column headed tax payable.

(3) For the purpose of computing the rate necessary to raise the amount of any excess levy in a taxing district which has classified or designated forest land under chapter 84.33 RCW, other than the state, the county assessor shall add the district’s timber assessed value, as defined in RCW 84.33.035, to the assessed value of the property: PROVIDED, That for school districts maintenance and operations levies only one-half of the district’s timber assessed value or eighty percent of the timber
roll of such district in calendar year 1983 as determined under chapter 84.33 RCW, whichever is greater, shall be added.

(4) Upon the completion of such tax extension, it shall be the duty of the county assessor to make in each assessment book, tax roll or list a certificate in the following form:

I, . . . . . . , assessor of . . . . . . county, state of Washington, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct list of taxes levied on the real and personal property in the county of . . . . . . for the year ((one thousand nine hundred and)) . . . .

Witness my hand this . . . . . . day of . . . . . . , . . . .

, County Assessor

The county assessor shall deliver said tax rolls to the county treasurer, on or before the fifteenth day of January, taking receipt therefor, and at the same time the county assessor shall provide the county auditor with an abstract of the tax rolls showing the total amount of taxes collectible in each of the taxing districts.

Sec. 3. RCW 84.56.050 and 1991 c 245 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) On receiving the tax rolls the treasurer shall post all real and personal property taxes from the rolls to the treasurer’s tax roll, and shall carry forward to the current tax rolls a memorandum of all delinquent taxes on each and every description of property, and enter the same on the property upon which the taxes are delinquent showing the amounts for each year. The treasurer shall notify each taxpayer in the county, at the expense of the county, of the amount of the real and personal property((and)) and the current and delinquent amount of tax due on the same((and)). The treasurer shall have printed on the notice the name of each tax ((and)), the levy made on the same, the amount of any credit under section 1 of this act, and the tax payable. The state tax credit authorized in section 1 of this act shall be credited against any state tax payable on the property. The county treasurer shall be the sole collector of all delinquent taxes and all other taxes due and collectible on the tax rolls of the county((and))

(2) The term "taxpayer" as used in this section shall mean any person charged, or whose property is charged, with property tax; and the person to be notified is that person whose name appears on the tax roll herein mentioned((and)). If no name so appears the person to be notified is that person shown by the treasurer’s tax rolls or duplicate tax receipts of any preceding year as the payee of the tax last paid on the property in question.

Sec. 4. RCW 84.36.383 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 8 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389 and section 1 of this act, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

(1) The term "residence" shall mean a single family dwelling unit whether such unit be separate or part of a multiunit dwelling, including the land on which such dwelling stands not to exceed one acre. The term shall also include a share ownership in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership if the person claiming exemption can establish that his or her share represents the specific unit or portion of such structure in which he or she resides. The term shall also include a single family dwelling situated upon lands the fee of which is vested in the United States or any instrumentality thereof including an Indian tribe or in the state of Washington, and notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 84.04.080 and 84.04.090, such a residence shall be deemed real property.

(2) The term "real property" shall also include a mobile home which has substantially lost its identity as a mobile unit by virtue of its being fixed in location upon land owned or leased by the owner of the mobile home and placed on a foundation (posts or blocks) with fixed pipe, connections with sewer, water, or other utilities: PROVIDED, That a mobile home located on land leased by the owner of the mobile home shall be subject, for tax billing, payment, and collection purposes, only to the personal property provisions of chapter 84.56 RCW and RCW 84.60.040.

(3) "Department" shall mean the state department of revenue.

(4) "Combined disposable income" means the disposable income of the person claiming the exemption, plus the disposable income of his or her spouse, and the disposable income of each cotenant occupying the residence for the assessment year, less amounts paid by the person claiming the exemption or his or her spouse during the assessment year for:

(a) Drugs supplied by prescription of a medical practitioner authorized by the laws of this state or another jurisdiction to issue prescriptions; and

(b) The treatment or care of either person received in the home or in a nursing home.
"Disposable income" means adjusted gross income as defined in the federal internal revenue code, as amended prior to January 1, 1989, or such subsequent date as the director may provide by rule consistent with the purpose of this section, plus all of the following items to the extent they are not included in or have been deducted from adjusted gross income:

(a) Capital gains, other than nonrecognized gain on the sale of a principal residence under section 1034 of the federal internal revenue code, or gain excluded from income under section 121 of the federal internal revenue code to the extent it is reinvested in a new principal residence;
(b) Amounts deducted for loss;
(c) Amounts deducted for depreciation;
(d) Pension and annuity receipts;
(e) Military pay and benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid payments;
(f) Veterans benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid payments;
(g) Federal social security act and railroad retirement benefits;
(h) Dividend receipts; and
(i) Interest received on state and municipal bonds.

"Cotenant" means a person who resides with the person claiming the exemption and who has an ownership interest in the residence.

Sec. 5. RCW 84.36.385 and 1992 c 206 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A claim for exemption under RCW 84.36.381 ((as now or hereafter amended)) or a credit under section 1 of this act shall be made and filed at any time during the year for exemption or credit from taxes payable the following year and thereafter and solely upon forms as prescribed ((and furnished)) by the department of revenue. However, an exemption from tax under RCW 84.36.381 shall continue for no more than four years unless a renewal application is filed as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The county assessor may also require, by written notice, a renewal application following an amendment of the income requirements set forth in RCW 84.36.381. Renewal applications shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the department of revenue. A credit under section 1 of this act shall continue each year as long as the residence is eligible for credit.
(2) A person granted an exemption under RCW 84.36.381 or a credit under section 1 of this act shall inform the county assessor of any change in status affecting ((the person's)) entitlement to the exemption or credit on forms prescribed and furnished by the department of revenue.
(3) Each person exempt from taxes under RCW 84.36.381 in 1993 and thereafter, shall file with the county assessor a renewal application not later than December 31 of the year the assessor notifies such person of the requirement to file the renewal application.
(4) Beginning in 1992 and in each of the three succeeding years, the county assessor shall notify approximately one-fourth of those persons exempt from taxes under RCW 84.36.381 in the current year who have not filed a renewal application within the previous four years, of the requirement to file a renewal application.
(5) If the assessor finds that the applicant does not meet the qualifications as set forth in RCW 84.36.381 ((as now or hereafter amended)) or section 1 of this act, the claim or exemption shall be denied but such denial shall be subject to appeal under the provisions of RCW 84.48.010(5). If the applicant had received exemption or credit in prior years based on erroneous information, the taxes shall be collected subject to penalties as provided in RCW 84.40.130 for a period of not to exceed three years.
(6) The department and each local assessor is hereby directed to publicize the qualifications and manner of making claims under RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389 and section 1 of this act, through communications media, including such paid advertisements or notices as it deems appropriate. Notice of the qualifications, method of making applications, the penalties for not reporting a change in status, and availability of further information shall be included on or with property tax statements and revaluation notices for all residential property including mobile homes, except rental properties.

Sec. 6. RCW 84.36.387 and 1992 c 206 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) All claims for exemption under RCW 84.36.381 or a credit under section 1 of this act shall be made and signed by the person entitled to the exemption or credit, by his or her attorney in fact or in the event the residence of such person is under mortgage or purchase contract requiring accumulation of reserves out of which the holder of the mortgage or contract is required to pay real estate taxes, by such holder or by the owner, either before two witnesses or the county assessor or his
or her deputy in the county where the real property is located: PROVIDED, That if a claim for exemption or credit is made by a person living in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership, such claim shall be made and signed by the person entitled to the exemption or credit and by the authorized agent of such cooperative.

(2) If the taxpayer is unable to submit his or her own claim, the claim shall be submitted by a duly authorized agent or by a guardian or other person charged with the care of the person or property of such taxpayer.

(3) All claims for exemption and renewal applications under RCW 84.36.381 shall be accompanied by such documented verification of income as shall be prescribed by rule adopted by the department of revenue.

(4) Any person signing a false claim with the intent to defraud or evade the payment of any tax shall be guilty of the offense of perjury.

(5) The tax liability of a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership shall be reduced by the amount of tax exemption or credit to which a claimant residing therein is entitled and such cooperative shall reduce any amount owed by the claimant to the cooperative by such exact amount of tax exemption or credit or, if no amount be owed, the cooperative shall make payment to the claimant of such exact amount of exemption or credit.

(6) A remainderman or other person who would have otherwise paid the tax on real property that is the subject of an exemption granted under RCW 84.36.381 or a credit granted under section 1 of this act for an estate for life shall reduce the amount which would have been payable by the life tenant to the remainderman or other person to the extent of the exemption or credit. If no amount is owed or separately stated as an obligation between these persons, the remainderman or other person shall make payment to the life tenant in the exact amount of the exemption or credit.

Sec. 7. RCW 84.36.389 and 1979 ex.s. c 214 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director of the department of revenue shall adopt such rules (and regulations)) and prescribe such forms as may be necessary and appropriate for implementation and administration of this chapter subject to chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act.

(2) The department may conduct such audits of the administration of RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389 and section 1 of this act and the claims for exemption or credit filed thereunder as it considers necessary. The powers of the department under chapter 84.08 RCW apply to these audits.

(3) Any information or facts concerning confidential income data obtained by the assessor or the department, or their agents or employees, under subsection (2) of this section shall be used only to administer RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, absent written consent by the person about whom the information or facts have been obtained, the confidential income data shall not be disclosed by the assessor or the assessor’s agents or employees to anyone other than the department or the department’s agents or employees nor by the department or the department’s agents or employees to anyone other than the assessor or the assessor’s agents or employees except in a judicial proceeding pertaining to the taxpayer’s entitlement to the tax exemption under RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389 or credit under section 1 of this act. Any violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 84.55.--- and 1997 c 2 s 2; and

(2) 1997 c 2 s 5 (uncodified).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) Section 8 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

(2) Sections 1 through 7 of this act take effect for taxes payable in 1998 if the proposed amendment to Article VII of the state Constitution providing tax credits for owner-occupied residential housing (HJR 4200) is validly submitted to and is approved and ratified by the voters at a general
Correct the title accordingly.

POINT OF ORDER

Representative B. Thomas: I request a scope and object ruling on this amendment.

SPEAKER’S RULING

Mr. Speaker: Representative Thomas, the Speaker is ready to rule on your request for scope and object. The subject portion of the title to Senate Bill No. 5835 is: "AN ACT Relating to limiting property taxes by reducing the state levy, reducing the one hundred six percent limit calculation and allowing for valuation increases to be spread over time;"

The scope of the bill, as measured by the title of the act, is narrow and specific. The Act by its title is limited to proposals which reduce the state levy, the 106 percent levy lid and which provide for smoothing out valuation increases over time.

Amendment 054 by Representative Dunshee would, if a constitutional amendment were to pass, allow a credit against certain property taxes.

This plan to offer credits against some property taxes is not found in any part of Senate Bill No. 5835.

The Speaker finds that Amendment 054 is not within the Scope of Senate Bill No. 5835.

Representative Thomas, your Point of Order is well taken.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Dyer, Carrell, and Huff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, H. Sommers, Poulsen, and Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Robertson: Please request the speaker (Representative Conway) to speak to the measure before the House, and not to a measure which was introduced last night and has not been reviewed by the body.

SPEAKER’S RULING

The Speaker asked Representative Conway to address the measure before the House as he continued to speak.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5835.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5835 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 38, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Cooke, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dunn, Dyer,


Senate Bill No. 5835, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 7902, by Senators Hale, Bauer, McDonald, Haugen, Sellar, Prentice, McCaslin, Rasmussen, West, Newhouse, Heavey, Swecker, Hargrove, Fraser, Johnson, Morton, Patterson, Rossi, Kline, Anderson, Jacobsen, Strannigan, Prince, Finkbeiner, Oke, Winsley, Long, Stevens, Horn, Benton, Schow, Wood, Roach, Deccio, Zarelli and Goings

Lowering business and occupation tax rates (Introduced with House sponsors).

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 053 to Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7902 was withdrawn.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cody:

On page 6, beginning on line 28, strike all of section 7 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The secretary of state shall submit this act, except sections 8 and 9 of this act, to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at the next general election to be held in this state, in accordance with Article II, section 1 of the state Constitution and the laws adopted to facilitate its operation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. If the voters do not adopt and ratify this act, except for this section and section 9 of this act, at the next general election, section 9 of this act takes effect January 1, 1998. If the voters do adopt and ratify this act, except for this section and section 9 of this act, section 9 of this act is null and void.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. On each June 30th following the effective date of this act, the state treasurer shall deposit one hundred million dollars from the general fund into the health services account. This transfer is exempt from the provisions of RCW 43.135.035(4)."

Correct the title accordingly.

Representatives Cody and Wood spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 6, line 28, to Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7902 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 39, Nays - 59, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Morris moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Morris:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:

In addition to the credit offered in RCW 82.04.4451, in computing the tax imposed under RCW 82.04.255 and 82.04.290, a credit is allowed against the amount of tax otherwise due, as provided in this section. The credit shall equal the lesser of (1) fifty percent of the amount of tax otherwise due; or (2) two hundred fifty dollars multiplied by the number of months in the reporting period, as determined under RCW 82.32.045.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Correct the title accordingly.

Representatives Morris, Anderson and Gardner spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative B. Thomas and Pennington spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 1, line 1, to Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7902 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 40, Nays - 58, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives B. Thomas, Zellinsky, Buck, Robertson, Schoesler, Carrell and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Sheldon, Appelwick, and Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7902.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7902 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7902, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

The Speaker reminded the House of the Joint Memorial Session on Thursday, February 27, 1997.

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, February 27, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5012,
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5056,
- SENATE BILL NO. 5174,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5265,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2215 by Representative Carlson
AN ACT Relating to retirement benefit plans of colleges and universities; and amending RCW 28B.10.400 and 28B.10.420.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2216 by Representatives Mastin, Chandler and Grant

AN ACT Relating to field and turf grasses grown for seed; and amending RCW 70.94.656.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

HB 2217 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Doumit, Buck, Blalock, Hatfield and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to fish passage barrier removal; adding new sections to chapter 75.50 RCW; and creating new sections.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2218 by Representatives Huff, Clements, Alexander, Wensman, Sehlin and Mitchell

AN ACT Relating to cigarettes and tobacco; amending RCW 66.44.010, 82.24.010, 82.24.110, 82.24.130, 82.24.190, 82.24.250, 82.24.550, and 82.32.300; adding a new section to chapter 82.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.26 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2219 by Representatives Thompson, Dunn, L. Thomas, Zellinsky, Mielke and Koster

AN ACT Relating to assessed valuation of natural resource lands and critical areas; and amending RCW 36.70A.060.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2220 by Representatives Linville, Blalock, Wood and Kessler

AN ACT Relating to spending public funds efficiently and effectively; adding new sections to chapter 43.88 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2221 by Representatives Appelwick, Chopp, Dickerson, Blalock, Regala, Scott, Wood, Tokuda, O’Brien, Conway and Mason; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax; amending RCW 82.04.255, 82.04.290, 82.04.293, and 82.04.4452; creating a new section; repealing RCW 82.04.055; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

HB 2222 by Representatives Mastin, Grant, B. Thomas, Sheldon, Chandler, Johnson, Sump, Koster, Schoesler, Buck, Clements, Cairnes, McMorris, DeBolt and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to regulation of private property; adding a new chapter to Title 64 RCW; and declaring an emergency.
Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**HB 2223** by Representatives Dyer and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to health plan requirements; and amending RCW 48.43.045.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HJM 4017** by Representatives Sheldon and Johnson

Requesting the Washington State Transportation Commission name the overpass at Mud Bay after Lena Hilliard.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**SSB 5012** by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley and Prentice)

Filing certain insurance related corporate documents.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

**SSB 5056** by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators McCaslin and Roach)

Limiting property assessments to permitted land use.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**SB 5174** by Senators Prince, Loveland, Morton and Rasmussen; by request of Washington State University

Transferring property to Washington State University Lind dryland research unit.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

**ESSB 5265** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Wojahn, Horn, Stevens and Benton)

Requiring that agreements between the state and Indian tribes be approved by the senate.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

**REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES**

February 24, 1997

**HB 1033** Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Revising requirements for grain facilities under the Washington clean air act. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman;
H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Grant, Kenney, Kessler, and McMorris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1050 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Revising firearms licensing. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1260 Prime Sponsor, Representative Skinner: Providing that communications between certified counselors and their clients are privileged. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representative Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1261 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Requiring a ranged table in standard increments for the business and occupation tax small business credit. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.
HB 1313 Prime Sponsor, Representative McDonald: Providing for additional judges for the Pierce county superior court. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell, Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1346 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Imposing use tax on electricity. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Excused: Representative Kastama.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1374 Prime Sponsor, Representative Smith: Establishing alternate teacher certification. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Committee on Appropriations.

February 25, 1997

HB 1484 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Providing a specific funding mechanism for making additional community and technical college faculty salary increment awards. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
On page 2, strike all of line 1 and insert, "(1) The Board of Trustees for each community and technical college shall determine".

Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1499 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Establishing a rural development council. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, and McDonald.

Excused: Representative Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1509 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Disclosing paid petition gathering. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1510 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wensman: Regulating statements of financial affairs. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative L. Thomas.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997
HB 1541 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Protecting sport shooting ranges. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Constantine and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1543 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Creating the family investment account to reduce youth violence. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Delvin; Dickerson; Mitchell and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Koster, Vice Chairman; Cairnes; Hickel and Robertson.

Voting Nay: Representatives Koster, Cairnes, Hickel, and Robertson.
Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1605 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Providing for disclosure of information concerning the disease status of offenders. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representatives Quall and Robertson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1622 Prime Sponsor, Representative Kenney: Establishing the Hispanic American endowed scholarship program. Reported by Committee on Higher Education
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O'Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O'Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1658 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Authorizing the utilities and transportation commission to exempt electrical and natural gas companies from securities regulation. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Excused: Representative Kastama.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1673 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Allowing parents to decline having their children in the transitional bilingual program. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall and Veloria.


Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1762 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Changing primary dates and associated election procedures. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997
HB 1778 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Changing the formula for determining average salaries for certificated instructional staff. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Chopp, Cody, Crouse, Dyer; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives Carlson and Keiser.
Excused: Representative Grant.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1810 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Revising provision for funding additional education centers. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Crouse; Dyer; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Grant.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1833 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Assisting existing economic development revolving loan funds. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1841 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Adopting provisions to improve school safety. Reported by Committee on Education
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.


Voting Nay: Representative Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1950 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Regulating incorporations of towns. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Dunshee.

Voting Nay: Representative Dunshee.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1975 Prime Sponsor, Representative DeBolt: Regulating public ownership of coal-fired thermal electric generating facilities. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kessler; Mielke and B. Thomas.

Excused: Representatives Kastama and Mulliken.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated which the exception of House Bill No. 1374 which is sent to the Committee on Appropriations.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

February 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

SENATE BILL NO. 5835,  
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 7902

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

JOINT SESSION

The Sergeant at Arms of the House announced that members of the Senate requested to be admitted to the Chamber for the Joint Session. The Sergeant at Arms of the House and the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate were instructed to escort President of the Senate Brad Owen, President Pro Tempore Irv Newhouse, Vice President Pro Tempore Bob Morton, Majority Leader Dan McDonald and Minority Leader Sid Snyder to seats on the Rostrum. The Senators were invited to seats within the Chamber.

The Sergeant at Arms announced that the members of the Supreme Court had arrived and was instructed to escort the members to their seats in the Chamber.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding): It is my pleasure at this time to turn the gavel and this joint session of the Legislature over to Lieutenant Governor Owen.

The President instructed the Clerk of the House to call the roll of members of the Senate and House, and of former members who were present at the day’s ceremony. Former members present included Senator Scott Barr, Representative Tom Copeland, Senator Jack England, Representative Phyllis Erickson, Representative Roy Ferguson, Representative Robert Ford, Representative Elmira Forner, Senator Pete Francis, Senator Win Granlund, Senator Barbara Granlund, Senator H. B. "Jerry" Hanna, Representative Lorraine Hine, Speaker Charles Hodde, Representative Joan Houchen, Senator Margaret Hurley, Representative Dick King, Representative Gene Lux, Representative Ron Meyers, Senator Gary Nelson, Representative Gene Neva, Senator Dale Nordquist, Senator Gary Odegaard, Senator Hal Palmer, Representative Grant Pelesky, Representative John M. Rosellini, Representative Delores Teutsch, Representative William Young, and Senator Hal Zimmerman. There was a quorum present.

The President instructed the colors to be presented by the All Service Color Guard.

The President: Honored members of the Legislature, ladies and gentlemen: the purpose of this joint session is to conduct memorial services in memory of departed former members of the Legislature. The President at this time would like to respectfully present the Honorable John Pennington, Speaker Pro Tempore of the House of Representatives.

The President turn the gavel over to Speaker Pro Tempore Pennington.

The Speaker Pro Tempore asked the memorialists to proceed to the Majority Caucus Room.

Father Michael J. Ryan, St. Michael’s Catholic Church, Olympia gave the invocation.

Father Ryan: Sisters and Brothers, let us pray. Lord of Life and Death, today we gather to remember our sister and brothers whose’ lives touched ours and added to the richness of our existence. We pause to recall the good times we shared with them. We are grateful for these imperishable
treasures which we carry with us into eternity. Within the mystery of your divine plan our life pathways came together and blended as parallel pathways. We are grateful today and every day for all we have shared in our times together: for humor and work for friendship and trust, for the celebration of life. Gracious God, we lift up into your divine heart our friends who have served to your people in our State and local communities. We ask that you grant them eternal peace and the perpetual company of your chosen ones in your Heavenly home. Amen.

Speaker Pro Tempore: We are assembled today to pay tribute to the lives and services of the distinguished former members of the Senate and the House of Representatives of the State of Washington who have passed from among us.

On behalf of the people of our State, the Fifty-Fifth Legislative Session of the State of Washington conveys its respects to those deceased legislators who once sat in these hallowed chambers of the House and Senate, like we are doing today, answered roll calls on sometimes critical and perplexing bills, attended committee meetings, and above all else served to the best of their abilities in order to make our State a better and more enjoyable place to live. While their journey in this life is completed, their achievements, records and valued services have been recorded in the journals of the Senate and House, and are now and forever more a permanent part of the history of the State of Washington.

We express our sympathies to the bereaved families and their friends, and share with them on this memorable occasion the fond and happy memories of these legislators, who served well beyond their call of duty and responsibilities, and truly loved this great State of Washington. They have indeed left a legacy of dedicated service that will remain forever etched in our hearts, our memories and our legislative records.

I wish to introduce Representative Val Ogden of the 49th District who will assist in our recognition of our departed members.

We will now call the roll of the deceased former members and officers of the Senate and House of Representatives.

Calvin B. Anderson
43rd District in King County, Served in the House from 1987 to 1994, and the Senate in 1995.

Fred H. Dore
37th and 45th districts in King County, Served in the House from 1953 to 1959 and in the Senate from 1959 to 1975. He went on to serve as a Supreme Court Justice from 1981 to 1993.

Charles W. Elicker
10th District in Island and Kitsap Counties, Served in the House from 1967 to 1969, and in the Senate from 1969 to 1972.

Edward S. Ford
44th District in King County, Served in the House from 1947 to 1949.

Bernard J. Galloway
3rd and 5th Districts in Spokane County, Served in the House from 1941 to 1943 and from 1949 to 1961.

Charlie Johnson
22nd District in Thurston County, Served in the House from 1951 to 1953 and served as Senate Sergeant-at-Arms from 1957 to 1981.

Marjorie Pitter-King
37th District in King County, Served in the House from 1965 to 1967.

Jim Kuehnle

Alfred E. Leland
Fred J. Martin
46th District in King County, Served in the House from 1957 to 1971.

Malcolm "Dutch" McBeath
42nd District in Whatcom County, Served in the House from 1953 to 1957 and served as Chief Clerk to the House from 1967 to 1973.

J. T. Quigg

Mike Riley

James E. Salatino
27th District in Pierce County, Served in the House 1977 to 1983.

Patrick M. Steele
26th District in Pierce County, Served in the House from 1953 to 1955.

Charles Stokes
37th District in King County, Served in the House from 1951 to 1955 and from 1957 to 1959.

Patrick D. Sutherland
37th District in King County, Served in the House, 1949 and in the Senate from 1951 to 1959.

Pastor Robert Cassis, South Sound Presbyterian Church, Olympia gave the memorial prayer.

Pastor Cassis: Almighty God, King David, the psalmist, asked "Oh Lord, what is man that you care for him, and son of man that you think of him?" Man is like a breathe who's days are like a fleeting shadow. As we contemplate and memorialize the lives of these men and woman who served our State and the people they represented, we are reminded of the precious gift of life we have received. Our days are few and we must be faithful stewards to the opportunities life provides. These whom we memorialize today were such faithful stewards. Someday each person who has been elected to the Senate or the House of Representatives will be remembered in a service like this. May they be humbly satisfied with the contributions of their lives.

We thank you for the service of each of these seventeen. They labored long hours using and testing their wisdom and ingenuity. They interacted with colleagues attempting to communicate to convince and to convert each other, to find that often illusive solution to the problems facing our society. They had their successes as I saw some of the legislation that they put their lives into become law and they had their defeats as some issues they strongly supported failed to muster the support necessary to become law. Yet they persevered. We thank you that these senators and representatives were willing to make the personal commitments necessary to serve in the legislature. They spent many hours away from their families, businesses and personal friends serving us. It is not easy to put one's personal life on hold to represent others but it is essential. While some of these served almost their entire professional lives in public service, others took time out from their other endeavors to serve for a briefer time. We are thankful for their differing perspectives. We ask you bless upon the families and close friends of these departed servants. Only those who have served or are serving now know the loneliness and sacrifice of their service. May these families now understand and appreciate the contributions which enabled their loved ones to serve. Comfort them in their grief by your abiding presence, assure them of your unconditional love. The Lord Jesus Christ once told his disciples "If anyone wants to be first, he must be the very last and the servant of all." We know how difficult it is to
Rabbi Theodore Stainman, Temple Bet Chaverim, Kent gave the closing prayer.

Rabbi Stainman: Our God and god of our forefathers, we acknowledge the great honor and responsibility of public service. An ancient sage once said, "Pray for the welfare of the government for without government men would tear each other limb from limb." We are meeting to pay homage to those who have served, and who have now moved onto their eternal reward. Let us recognize however, that in our homage, there is a prayer for the future. We ask the good Lord for guidance to better serve the citizens who have entrusted their well being into our hands. And for a measure of humility that alone will enable us to fulfill in a just and honorable way this charge. From the very first, human beings came to Washington with a dream and with a vision of a life made better by the great assets of our State, both natural and human. Crossing continental trails and traversing vast oceans, we or our ancestors sought in this land a home and a future. The necessity for government was clear from the very first, and men and women in each generation rose to help organize our energies and guide us to a solution, that of a better life, to make it a reality. For this we are profoundly thankful, and pray that the gifts and talents which God has bestowed upon our forefathers and mothers will continue throughout our time and term. We have received many blessing and pray continually and with our heart that we will be inheritors of the bounty of the good earth that our God has allotted to us. It is indeed in this spirit that we ask for wisdom to lead a great heart to judge and a discerning mind in enable us to live together in peace and in equity. For the sake of those who have gone before us, we beseech the Lord to grant us these simple gifts. And together we say, Amen.

The Speaker Pro Tempore turned the gavel over to the President of the Senate.

The President: Thank you, Speaker Pro Tempore Pennington, Representative Ogden, and other members of our memorial committee. Our warmest gratitude to those of you who have participated in the program today. I hope that the loved ones of those we honor today will draw comfort from today’s observance. The Color Guard will now retire the colors.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the joint session was dissolved.

President of the Senate Owen’s turned the gavel over to Speaker Pro Tempore Pennington.

Speaker Pro Tempore Pennington asked the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House and Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate to escort the President of the Senate Brad Owen, President Pro Tempore Irv Newhouse, Vice President Pro Tempore Bob Morton, Majority Leader Dan McDonald and Minority Leader Sid Snyder, and members of the Washington State Senate from the House chamber.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, February 28, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FORTY-SEVENTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, February 28, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jean Tourangeau and Rita Cole. Prayer was offered by Pastor Gary Gulbranson, Westminster Chapel, Bellevue.
Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

**INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING**

**HB 2224** by Representatives Lisk and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to unemployment insurance benefits and contributions; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HB 2225** by Representatives Conway, Zellinsky, Sheldon, Hatfield, D. Schmidt, Robertson, Kessler, Dunn, O’Brien, Blalock, L. Thomas and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to recognition of World War II veterans; creating a new section; making an appropriation; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.


AN ACT Relating to residency requirements for subsidized enrollees in the basic health plan; and reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.020.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 2227** by Representatives Clements and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to health services providers under industrial insurance; amending RCW 51.48.280; adding a new section to chapter 51.36 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**HCR 4410** by Representative McMorris

Establishing a joint select committee on consulting foresters.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

**REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES**

**HB 1070** Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Creating the department of children and family services. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1127 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Requiring integrated pest management. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Tokuda.

Escused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1178 Prime Sponsor, Representative Quall: Creating sentencing guidelines for the sale of various amounts of controlled substances. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Benson, Vice Chairman; Mitchell and Robertson.

Voting Nay: Representative Robertson.
Excused: Representatives Benson, Quall, and Mitchell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1222 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carrell: Limiting certain offenses to no more than fifteen percent good time credits. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Cairnes; Delvin; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock and Dickerson.

Voting Nay: Representatives Ballasiotes, O’Brien, Blalock, and Dickerson.
Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1274 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Eliminating the requirement for a study of the property tax exemption and valuation rules for computer software. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.
Excused: Representatives Conway and Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1277 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Providing for confidentiality of property tax information. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.
Excused: Representatives Conway and Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1305 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheldon: Increasing availability of tax credits for job creation in distressed areas. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997
HB 1372 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Creating the Washington advanced college tuition payment program. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Higher Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crous; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1439 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Authorizing counties to set deadlines for petitioning for changes in assessed valuation. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Excused: Representative Kastama.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1521 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Extending to local agencies the same authority now authorized for state agencies to protect taxpayer information under public records. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Excused: Representatives Conway and Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1571 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Revising the authority of local governments to enforce the state building code as it relates to single-family and multifamily residential buildings. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HB 1591 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Concerning local project review under the growth management act. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Fisher; Gardner; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1748 Prime Sponsor, Representative Morris: Fostering economic development through increasing maritime trade competitiveness. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1776 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Regarding school audits. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Voting Yea: Representatives Huff, Alexander, Clements, Wensman, H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Benson, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Cooke, Crouse, Dyer, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler,
Lambert, Linville, Mastin, Parlette, Poulsen, Regala, D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representatives Lisk and McMorris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1781 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lambert: Expanding the supervision management and recidivist tracking program. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, O'Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representatives Benson and Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1813 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Regulating sales and use tax exemptions for motion picture and video production equipment and services. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1815 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Changing standing for purposes of growth management hearings. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1823 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Requiring local governments to periodically update their shoreline master programs. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use
HB 1851 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Changing higher education financial aid. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1864 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Regarding infants who test positive at birth for drugs or alcohol. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 25, 1997

HB 1873 Prime Sponsor, Representative Boldt: Clarifying annexation procedures for cities and towns annexing populated and nonpopulated areas. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1878 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mason: Creating a parenting task force to study parent and education partnerships. Reported by Committee on Higher Education
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O'Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O'Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

**HB 1924** Prime Sponsor, Representative Ballasiotes: Changing the sentencing for sex offenses. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, O'Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

**HB 1934** Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Specifying deductions from inmate funds. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, O'Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

**HB 1971** Prime Sponsor, Representative Bush: Preventing double payment for insurance benefits for teachers who are legislators. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Sehlin; Sheahan and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
February 27, 1997

HB 1989 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Requiring consideration of international ferry closures' impact on tourism. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 24, 1997

HJM 4011 Prime Sponsor, Representative Boldt: Requesting Congress to review the impact of the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area Act. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1066, by Representatives Pennington, Chopp, Mason, Costa, Skinner, Hankins, Ogden and L. Thomas

Providing for the maintenance of state facilities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Pennington, Sullivan, and Sehlin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Robertson, Representatives Dyer and Reams were excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1066.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1066 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

House Bill No. 1066, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1254, by Representatives Sterk, D. Sommers, Carrell, Mulliken, Delvin, Chandler, O’Brien and Bush

Prohibiting destruction of driving records for alcohol or drug-related offenses.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Sterk moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sterk:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 46.52.100 and 1995 c 219 § 3 are each amended to read as follows: Every district court, municipal court, and clerk of superior court shall keep or cause to be kept a record of every traffic complaint, traffic citation, notice of infraction, or other legal form of traffic charge deposited with or presented to the court or a traffic violations bureau, and shall keep a record of every official action by the court or its traffic violations bureau in reference thereto, including but not limited to a record of every conviction, forfeiture of bail, judgment of acquittal, finding that a traffic infraction has been committed, dismissal of a notice of infraction, and the amount of fine, forfeiture, or penalty resulting from every traffic complaint, citation, or notice of infraction deposited with or presented to the district court, municipal court, superior court, or traffic violations bureau. In the case of a record of a conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the record shall be maintained by the court for not less than ten years.

The Monday following the conviction, forfeiture of bail, or finding that a traffic infraction was committed for violation of any provisions of this chapter or other law regulating the operating of vehicles on highways, every magistrate of the court or clerk of the court of record in which such conviction was had, bail was forfeited, or the finding made shall prepare and immediately forward to the director of licensing at Olympia an abstract of the record of the court covering the case, which abstract must be certified by the person so required to prepare the same to be true and correct. Report need not be made of any finding involving the illegal parking or standing of a vehicle.

The abstract must be made upon a form or forms furnished by the director and shall include the name and address of the party charged, the number, if any, of the party’s driver’s or chauffeur’s license, the registration number of the vehicle involved if required by the director, the nature of the offense, the date of hearing, the plea, the judgment, whether the offense was an alcohol-related offense as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2), whether bail forfeited, whether the determination that a traffic infraction was committed was contested, and the amount of the fine, forfeiture, or penalty as the case may be.

Every court of record shall also forward a like report to the director upon the conviction of any person of a felony in the commission of which a vehicle was used.

The failure of any such judicial officer to comply with any of the requirements of this section shall constitute misconduct in office and shall be grounds for removal therefrom."
The director shall keep all abstracts received hereunder at the director’s office in Olympia and the same shall be open to public inspection during reasonable business hours.

Venue in all district courts shall be before one of the two nearest district judges in incorporated cities and towns nearest to the point the violation allegedly occurred: PROVIDED, That in counties with populations of one hundred twenty-five thousand or more such cases may be tried in the county seat at the request of the defendant.

It shall be the duty of the officer, prosecuting attorney, or city attorney signing the charge or information in any case involving a charge of driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug immediately to make request to the director for an abstract of convictions and forfeitures which the director shall furnish."

Correct the title accordingly.

Representatives Sterk and Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final of Engrossed House Bill No. 1254.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1254 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1254, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1027, by Representatives Schoesler, Chandler, Sheahan, Sterk, McMorris, Honeyford, Dyer, Mielke and D. Schmidt

Restricting mailings and public service broadcasts by state officials.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 037, 038 and 048 to House Bill No. 1027 were withdrawn.
Representative D. Schmidt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative D. Schmidt: (051)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 42.17 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in this section, during the twelve-month period beginning on December 1st of the year before a general election for a state official’s election to office and continuing through November 30th, a state official other than a legislator may not mail to a constituent at public expense a letter, newsletter, brochure, or other piece of literature, and may not make public service broadcasts at public expense. This section does not apply to legislators, who are subject to the restrictions under RCW 42.17.132.

(2) The restriction on mailings under subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the following:

(a) Brochures or other pieces of literature mailed as part of the regular duties of the state office that only refer to the office and do not include the name of the state official, except that the name of the secretary of state may occur in the state voters’ pamphlet if he or she is a candidate for office in the same manner as the name of any other candidate;

(b) Individual letters or other individual pieces of correspondence mailed as official communications by the state official, or the office of the state official, directly related to matters within the purview of the official duties of the office;

(c) One mailing of an identical newsletter to constituents that may include the name of the state official no later than thirty days after the start of a regular legislative session and one mailing of an identical newsletter to constituents that may include the name of the state official no later than sixty days after the end of a regular legislative session;

(d) An individual letter to an individual constituent who (i) has contacted the state official regarding the subject matter of the letter during the official’s current term of office; or (ii) holds a governmental office with jurisdiction over the subject matter of the letter.

(3) The restriction on public service broadcasts under subsection (1) of this section does not apply to public service broadcasts that are part of the regular duties of the state office that only mention or visually display the state office and do not mention or visually display the name of the state official in the broadcast.

(4) A violation of this section constitutes use of the facilities of a public office for the purpose of assisting a campaign under RCW 42.52.180."

Representatives D. Schmidt and Gardner spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Schoesler and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1027.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1027 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1027, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred further consideration of House Bill No. 1186, House Bill No. 1214, and House Bill No. 1079, and the bills held their place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1017, by Representatives Sehlin, Anderson, Koster, Quall, Huff, L. Thomas and Dunn

Exchanging state-owned aquatic lands with privately owned lands.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1017 was substituted for House Bill No. 1017 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1017 was read the second time.

Representative Sehlin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sehlin: (046)

On page 1, line 15, after "(1)" strike "Ownership" and insert "Management"

On page 1, beginning on line 17, after "wildlife:" strike all material through "county" on page 2, line 2, and insert "All that portion of the Stillaguamish River abutting Government Lot 2, Section 24, Township 32 North, Range 3 East of the W.M., Snohomish County, Washington, said portion containing four thousand one hundred sixty-six square feet, more or less, and being more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the Southwest corner of Section 24; thence South 88° 07' 37" East, along the South line of said Section 24, for a distance of 1324.17 feet to the Southwest corner of said Government Lot 2; thence North 62° 28' 55" East for a distance of 520.07 feet to the intersection of the ordinary high water line with the South line of an existing building, said point being the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING; thence Easterly along said ordinary high water line for the following courses: North 78° 03' 17" East a distance of 24.61 feet; North 79° 37' 55" East a distance of 32.27 feet; North 81° 07' 53" East a distance of 35.69 feet; North 84° 24' 41" East a distance of 54.13 feet; North 78° 29' 25" East a distance of 50.31 feet; South 83° 22' 40" East a distance of 55.25 feet; South 36° 49' 43" East a distance of 7.77 feet; South 79° 10' 14" East a distance of 32.74 feet; South 82° 08' 20" East a distance of 14.90 feet; North 87° 25' 52" East a distance of 42.25 feet; North 89° 41' 06" East a distance of 59.93 feet; South 83° 55' 24" East a distance of 48.74 feet; South 77° 22' 30" East a distance of 3.11 feet to its intersection with the Southerly edge of an existing concrete parking structure; thence Westerly, following said Southerly edge for the following courses: South 89° 05' 33" West a distance of 132.32 feet; North 88° 39' 21" West a distance of 18.59 feet; North 88° 39' 10" West a distance of 14.89 feet; North 55° 10' 20" West a distance of 6.34 feet; North 87° 42' 58" West a distance of 30.83 feet to its intersection with the Southerly wall of an existing building; thence Westerly, following said Southerly wall for the following courses: North 89° 46' 21" West a distance of 160.46 feet; South 00° 13' 39" West a distance of 12.00 feet; North 89° 41' 55" West a distance of 92.06 feet to the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING"

Representatives Sehlin and Anderson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sehlin and Anderson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1017.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1017 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1017, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1141, by Representatives Scott, Dunshee and Poulsen; by request of Governor Lowry

Eliminating boards and commissions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1141 was substituted for House Bill No. 1141 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1141 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Scott and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1141.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1141 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

House Bill No. 1165, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

House Bill No. 1172, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
Representatives D. Sommers and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1172.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1172 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

House Bill No. 1172, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1196, by Representatives McDonald, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk and Skinner; by request of Secretary of State

Regulating registration of charitable trusts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McDonald and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1196.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1196 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

House Bill No. 1196, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1197, by Representatives Sheahan, Constantine and Costa
Allowing an interlocal agreement between a county and municipality to transfer jurisdiction over a defendant.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1197.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1197 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

House Bill No. 1197, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1202, by Representatives Quall, Dickerson, Poulsen, Smith, O'Brien, Costa, Ogden and Mason

Adopting the recommendations of the task force examining high school credit equivalencies.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Quall, Johnson, and Carlson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1202.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1202 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

House Bill No. 1202, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1252, by Representatives Wensman, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Skinner, Kenney and Lambert; by request of Secretary of State

Regulating the dissolution of limited partnerships.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wensman and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1252.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1252 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

House Bill No. 1252, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1272, by Representatives Delvin, Chandler, Robertson, McMorris, Honeyford and Mulliken

Establishing water conservancy boards.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1272 was substituted for House Bill No. 1272 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Third Reading Final Passag

Substitute House Bill No. 1272 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 062 and 063 to House Bill No. 1272 were withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Delvin and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1272.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1272 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1272, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1292, by Representatives McMorris, Lisk, Quall, Linville, Thompson, Mulliken, Sheldon, Grant, D. Schmidt, Skinner, Robertson, Boldt, Honeyford and Clements

Expanding claims management authority for industrial insurance rating programs.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1292 was substituted for House Bill No. 1292 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1292 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 057 and 058 to Substitute House Bill No. 1292 were withdrawn.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Linville: (049)

On page 2, line 4, after "with" insert "the attending physician or"

On page 2, line 9, after "difference" insert the following:

". When scheduling an independent medical examination, the employer or group must select an examiner or examiners from a rotating list provided by the department of not more than five names for each specialty, except that:

(i) If the list is not provided by the department within three working days of the department's receipt of a written request for the list, the employer or group may select any provider qualified by the department as an approved provider; or

(ii) The employer or group may select an examiner or examiners without regard to the rotating list if, under rules adopted by the department, special circumstances exist in which the employer or group is permitted, with the concurrence of the attending doctor, to schedule the examination with any provider qualified by the department as an approved provider"

Representatives Linville and McMorris spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 060 to Substitute House Bill No. 1292 was withdrawn.

Representative Wood moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Wood: (065)

On page 2, line 12, after "providers." insert "Upon written request to the department, the worker is entitled, after at least two sessions with a vocational rehabilitation counselor selected by the employer or group, to transfer to another counselor selected and scheduled by the department."

Representatives Wood and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 2, line 12, to Substitute House Bill No. 1292 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 43, Nays - 53, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 056 to Substitute House Bill No. 1292 was withdrawn.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (061)

On page 3, beginning on line 18, strike all material through "claim." on page 4, line 21, and insert the following:

"(5)(a) If the department determines that a retrospective rating employer or group, or an authorized claims administrator, may have violated the authority granted in this section, the department shall notify the employer, group, or authorized claims administrator in writing outlining the violation and the corrective action required. The notice must specify a reasonable period of time for corrective action. The employer, group, or authorized claims administrator is subject to penalties under this subsection for the violation or for failing to take the required corrective action within the specified period, or both.

(b) If the department finds a pattern of improper claims closure or other violations of the authority granted in subsection (2) or (3) of this section, the director, or his or her designee, shall suspend the retrospective rating employer’s or group’s, or authorized claims administrator’s, authority to assist the department in the processing of claims under this section for a period of up to two years. The department shall issue an order and notice under RCW 51.52.050 which states the grounds for the suspension. As provided in chapter 51.52 RCW, the order becomes final within sixty days from the
date the order is communicated to the employer, group, or authorized claims administrator unless a written request for reconsideration is filed with the department or an appeal is filed with the board of industrial insurance appeals.

(c) This subsection does not limit the department’s authority to impose penalties under chapter 51.48 RCW.

(6)(a) The director shall adopt under chapter 34.05 RCW all necessary rules governing the administration of this section. The rules should encourage broad participation in retrospective rating plans by employers and groups of employers consistent with insurance principles. The retrospective rating plan employer’s or group’s, or authorized claims administrator’s, exercise of authority under this section may require prior notification to the department, but the rules must minimize the department’s need to respond and must ensure that a failure to respond or a delay in response by the department does not impede the timely administration of the claim."

On page 4, after line 30, insert the following:
"(7)(a) Retrospective rating employers and groups, and authorized claims administrators, have a duty of good faith and fair dealing towards claimants. Violations of these good faith duties shall include, but not be limited to: (i) Attempting to close a valid claim under this section that the employer, or his or her representative, knew or should have known was closed inappropriately; (ii) interfering with a worker’s right to file a claim under this title; or (iii) having a history or pattern of repeated unfair claims practices. The department shall adopt rules on unfair claims practices.

(b) A worker of a retrospective rating employer or beneficiary of such worker who is injured or damaged because of a violation of this section or violation of a rule adopted by the director under this section may bring a civil action against a retrospective rating employer or group, or authorized claims administrator, in superior court to enjoin further violations and to recover reasonable damages sustained by him or her, together with the cost of the suit including reasonable attorneys' fees to be set by the court."

Renumber the subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Mastin and Backlund spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 3, beginning on line 18, to Substitute House Bill No. 1292 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Reams - 2.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives McMorris and Smith spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Conway and Cole spoke against passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Dickerson was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 33, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1297, by Representatives DeBolt, Sheahan, Ballasiotes, Costa, Benson, McMorris, Thompson, Lambert, Radcliff, K. Schmidt, Mitchell, Sherstad, Robertson, Pennington, Hickel, Kastama, Sullivan, Sump, Sheldon, Delvin, Cooke, Morris, Wensman, Mason and Mielke Including the existence of a no contact order as an aggravating circumstance in first degree murder.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives DeBolt and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Mason spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1297.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1297 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee,
Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1297, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Mason: Having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the rules be suspended, and the House immediately reconsider the vote on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292. The motion was carried.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292, on reconsideration and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 65, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Lisk: Having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the rules be suspended, and that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292. The motion was carried.

Representative Appelwick: I would like to remind the members that Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292 deals with workers compensation.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292, on reconsideration and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1292.

PATRICIA LANTZ, 26th District

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1309, by Representatives Mielke, Mulliken, Sterk, McMorris, Pennington, Bush, Doumit, McDonald, Boldt, Thompson, Costa and Dunn

Creating the crime of disarming a law enforcement officer.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mielke, Costa and Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1309.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1309 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.
House Bill No. 1309, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1061, by Representatives Sheldon, Mielke and Grant
Restricting the state parks and recreation commission authority to regulate metal detectors.
The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.
Representatives Sheldon and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1061.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1061 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1061, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1098, by Representatives Carlson, H. Sommers, Cooke, Conway, Sehlin, Ogden, Wolfe, Blalock, Constantine, Tokuda, Hatfield, Dunn, Wood, O'Brien, Veloria, Kessler, Cairnes, Murray, Keiser, Sheldon, Anderson, Cody, Kenney, Scott, Dunshee and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy
Changing teachers' retirement system plan III contribution rates.
The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.
Representatives Carlson and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1098.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1098 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1098, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1099, by Representatives Cooke, Ogden, Sehlin, Carlson, Wolfe, H. Sommers, Dyer, Cairnes, Murray and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy Transferring law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system plan I service.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Cooke and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1099.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1099 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1099, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1102, by Representatives Lambert, H. Sommers, Cooke, Carlson, Conway, Ogden and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy Retirement benefits based on excess compensation.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.
Representative Lambert spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1102.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1102 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1102, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1103, by Representatives Sehlin, Carlson, Ogden, Cairnes and Anderson; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Specifying eligibility for survivor benefits.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Sehlin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1103.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1103 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1103, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1104, by Representatives H. Sommers, Cooke, Carlson, Ogden, Sehlin and Mason; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Placing restrictions on postretirement employment.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives H. Sommers and Cooke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1104.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1104 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1104, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred further consideration of House Bill No. 1105 and the bill held it's place on the suspension calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1207, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunshee, Poulsen, Kessler and Mielke; by request of Military Department

Revising provisions for enhanced 911 excise taxes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1207.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1207 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine,

Excused: RepresentativesDickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1207, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1312, by Representatives Sherstad, Sheahan, O'Brien, Costa and Dunshee

Providing for additional judges for Snohomish county superior court.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1312.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1312 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1312, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1398, by Representatives Benson, Sheahan, Sump, Wood, O'Brien and Gombosky; by request of Administrator for the Courts

Creating additional judicial positions in the Spokane superior court.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Benson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1398.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1398 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1398, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1485, by Representatives Linville, Buck, Hatfield, Chandler, Cooper, Sump, Regala, Butler, Anderson, Doumit, Morris, Sheldon, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott, Blalock and Dickerson

Requiring the department of fish and wildlife to report to the legislature regarding salmon harvests.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Linville and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Robertson, Representatives Zellinsky, and K. Schmidt were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1485.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1485 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Dyer, Reams, Schmidt, K. and Zellinsky - 5.

Substitute House Bill No. 1485, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, March 3, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
Second Reading 14
Second Reading Amendment 14
Third Reading Final Passage 15
Second Reading Amendment 12
Third Reading Final Passage 14
Second Reading 26
Second Reading 27
Third Reading Final Passage 27
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 11
Committee Report 2
Other Action 14
Second Reading 27
Third Reading Final Passage 28
Second Reading 28
Third Reading Final Passage 28
Second Reading 28
Third Reading Final Passage 29
Second Reading 29
Third Reading Final Passage 30
Second Reading 30
Second Reading 30
Third Reading Final Passage 30
Other Action 30
Committee Report 2
Second Reading 15
Second Reading 15
Third Reading Final Passage 16
Second Reading 16
Third Reading Final Passage 16
Second Reading 17
Third Reading Final Passage 17
Committee Report 2
Other Action 14
Second Reading 17
Third Reading Final Passage 18
Second Reading 18
Third Reading Final Passage 18
Second Reading 18
Third Reading Final Passage 19
1207
Second Reading 30
Third Reading Final Passage 31
1214
Other Action 14
1222
Committee Report 3
1252
Second Reading 19
Third Reading Final Passage 20
1254
Second Reading Amendment 11
Third Reading Final Passage 12
1272
Second Reading 20
Third Reading Final Passage 20
1272 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 21
Third Reading Final Passage 24-26
Other Action 25
1297
Second Reading 24
Third Reading Final Passage 24
1305
Committee Report 4
1309
Second Reading 26
Third Reading Final Passage 26
1312
Second Reading 31
Third Reading Final Passage 32
1372
Committee Report 4
1398
Second Reading 32
Third Reading Final Passage 32
1439
Committee Report 4
1485
Second Reading 32
1485 (Sub)
Second Reading 33
Third Reading Final Passage 33
1521
Committee Report 5
1571
Committee Report 5
1591
Committee Report 5
1748
Committee Report 6
1776
Committee Report 6
The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.
The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Casey Winters and Andy Parlette. Prayer was offered by Pastor Cecelia Johnson-Britten, Grace United Methodist Church, Seattle.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1105, by Representatives Ogden, Sehlin, H. Sommers, Lambert, Carlson, Wolfe, Anderson and Scott; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Providing retirement credit for leave for legislative service.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Ogden and Sehlin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representatives Quall and Kenney were excused.

On motion of Representative Boldt, Representatives D. Sommers, Dunn, Chandler, Robertson and Thompson were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1105.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1105 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives Chandler, Dunn, Quall, Robertson, Sommers, D. and Thompson - 6.

Substitute House Bill No. 1105, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1501, by Representatives Robertson, Scott and Mielke; by request of Department of Licensing

Clarifying and making technical corrections to driver’s license statutes.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Mitchell and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1501.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1501 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Chandler, Dunn, Robertson, Sommers, D. and Thompson - 5.

Substitute House Bill No. 1501, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Authorizing educational agencies to rent, sell, or transfer assistive technology.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Hickel, Ogden and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1573.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1573 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Chandler, Dunn, Robertson, Sommers, D. and Thompson - 5.

House Bill No. 1573, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2228 by Representatives Gombosky, Doumit, Blalock, Butler, Cooper, Murray, Kessler, Conway, Constantine, Wood, Dunshee and Lantz

AN ACT Relating to community-oriented policing; adding a new section to chapter 43.63A RCW; creating new sections; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2229 by Representatives Gombosky, Doumit, Blalock, Butler, Cooper, Murray and Dunshee

AN ACT Relating to the education and training credit fund; amending RCW 50.16.020 and 50.16.020; reenacting and amending RCW 50.16.010 and 50.16.010; and adding a new section to chapter 50.16 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2230 by Representatives Carrell, Smith and Bush

AN ACT Relating to school district boundaries; amending RCW 28A.315.110, 28A.315.120, 28A.315.140, and 28A.315.150; and repealing RCW 28A.315.250.

Referred to Committee on Education.

HB 2231 by Representatives Cooke, Tokuda, Chopp, Gardner, Kenney, Kessler, Blalock, Cody, Murray, Fisher, Conway, Cooper, Linville, Wood and Lantz; by request of Governor Locke

HB 2232 by Representatives Crouse, Poulsen, DeBolt, Morris, B. Thomas, Cooper and Linville

AN ACT Relating to studying and developing recommendations for the restructuring of the electric energy industry; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

HB 2233 by Representatives Lisk and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to unemployment insurance benefits and contributions; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

HB 2234 by Representative B. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to excise taxes imposed on electric utilities by cities and towns; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES
HB 1128 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Implementing a recovery plan for dead and at-risk timber in the Loomis state forest. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Regala, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Anderson.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representatives Regala, Butler, and Anderson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1164 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Requiring dispute resolution costs to be shared equally between landlords and tenants. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1176 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Adding child rape to the two strikes list. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.


Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1224 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carrell: Providing for reimbursement of public entities for payments made because of criminal acts of officers, employees, or contractors. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1273 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Making certain debtors liable for any deficiency after default. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1293 Prime Sponsor, Representative Boldt: Limiting public assistance payments for persons who have not resided in Washington for the preceding twelve continuous months. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, beginning on line 10, after "(2)" strike all material through "level." on line 19 and insert the following:
"Any person qualified for temporary assistance for needy families under this title who has resided in the state of Washington for fewer than twelve of the eighteen months immediately preceding application for assistance is limited to the benefit level of the state in which the person resided immediately before Washington, that was obtainable on the date of application in Washington, if the benefit level of the prior state is lower than the level provided to similarly situated applicants in Washington. The benefit level under this subsection shall be in effect for the first twelve months after a person moves to Washington."

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.

Voting Nay: Representatives Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Keiser, Kenney, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1317 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Regulating amusement games. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Clements; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway; Wood; Boldt and Cole.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1318 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Prescribing amusement game agreements. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1326 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Regulating electronic signatures. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1332 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Authorizing diversion agreements to prohibit contact with victims or witnesses of offenses committed by the juvenile. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1380 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lambert: Changing the allocation of child support health care expenses between parents. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1403 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lambert: Asserting parental control over juvenile offenders. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1412 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cody: Clarifying who may legally use the title "nurse." Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sherstad.

Voting Nay: Representative Sherstad.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 26, 1997**

**HB 1418**
Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Eliminating pooling of the resource management cost account and removing reference to agricultural college lands. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Pennington and Sheldon.

**MINORITY recommendation:** Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Chandler and Hatfield.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representatives Chandler and Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 27, 1997**

**HB 1460**
Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Adjusting tuition rates for first-professional law students to approximate tuition rates for first-professional law students at comparable institutions. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 27, 1997**

**HB 1461**
Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Setting tuition for graduate business students at the University of Washington. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 28, 1997**

**HB 1465**
Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Requiring establishment of a no-cost consulting service regarding mining issues. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.


Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 1468 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Removing authority to modify reclamation permit fees. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.


Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1493 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Licensing whitewater river outfitters. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.


Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representative Chandler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1506 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Creating a bill of rights for peace officers. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.


Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1528 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Authorizing fees for commodity commissions and the department of agriculture. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, and Sump.

Excused: Representatives Mastin and Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1550 Prime Sponsor, Representative Doumit: Prohibiting disability retirement benefits resulting from criminal conduct. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehl; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representative Poulsen.

Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1560 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Regulating credit unions. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Excused: Representative Keiser.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1562 Prime Sponsor, Representative Smith: Regulating rights of correctional officers. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster,
Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Dickerson.

Voting Nay: Representative Dickerson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1575 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Regulating live adult entertainment establishments. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Vice Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representative Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1584 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Revising provisions for school district employee benefits. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Anderson; Parlette; Sherstad and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Conway and Wood.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cody, Murray, Conway, and Wood.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1599 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Eliminating the mandatory offering of personal injury protection insurance. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Benson; DeBolt and Wensman.
HB 1616 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Enabling the maternity care access system to continue services to some families until the child's third birthday. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Bush, Vice Chairman; and Carrell.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.
Voting Nay: Representatives Bush and Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1630 Prime Sponsor, Representative DeBolt: Allowing counties to have certain lands transferred from the state back to the county. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; and Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representatives Regala and Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1636 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ballasiotes: Specifying imminence of threat to bodily harm for crime of harassment. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
HB 1648 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Declaring buildings used for criminal street gang activity to be a nuisance. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1651 Prime Sponsor, Representative Scott: Authorizing the sale of malt liquor in untapped kegs by class H licensees. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1730 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Changing provisions relating to sufficient cause for nonuse of water rights. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Anderson, Cooper, and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1733 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Clarifying personal injury protection automobile insurance coverage. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Benson; DeBolt and Wensman.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; Keiser and Sullivan.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1734 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Modifying personal injury protection automobile insurance coverage. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Benson; DeBolt and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; Keiser and Sullivan.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1747 Prime Sponsor, Representative Morris: Providing tax credits for employer-provided child care benefits. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1763 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Creating a program for compulsive gambling education and awareness. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Cole and Hatfield.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Clements and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997
HB 1765 Prime Sponsor, Representative Doumit: Creating the jobs for the environment program.  
Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill 
do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, 
Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; 
Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, 
Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1770 Prime Sponsor, Representative Alexander: Setting the fee for the transfer of Dungeness crab-
-coastal fishery licenses. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill 
do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice 
Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; 
Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, 
Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1780 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Modifying service of process. Reported by 
Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill 
do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, 
Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority 
Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Lambert.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, 
Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1784 Prime Sponsor, Representative Boldt: Regulating public assistance fraud. Reported by 
Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill 
do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice 
Chairman; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Gombosky and 
McDonald.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Tokuda, Ranking 
Minority Member; Dickerson and Wolfe.
Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Gombosky, and McDonald.
Voting Nay: Representatives Tokuda, Dickerson and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1791 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Exempting activities conducted for an agricultural commodity commission or board from business and occupation tax. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.
Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1806 Prime Sponsor, Representative Alexander: Increasing penalties for the illegal killing and possession of wildlife. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1827 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Regulating boxing, kickboxing, martial arts, and wrestling. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1828 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Establishing inspection requirements for private residence conveyances. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1849 Prime Sponsor, Representative Delvin: Changing provisions relating to developmentally disabled dependent children. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1863 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Training public assistance recipients to be child care workers. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1867 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Revising provisions for food sanitation and safety. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sherstad.


Voting Nay: Representative Sherstad.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1871 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Allowing auto policies to require exhaustion of the at-fault party's coverage. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
On page 3, strike lines 3 through 12 and insert the following:

"(b) The policy may include options under the policy coverage described in this section to provide that:

(i) The covered person may accept benefits under the policy without exhausting the available liability insurance; or

(ii) The covered person must first exhaust the available liability insurance of the owners and operators whose fault is the basis for the covered person’s claim to the extent that:

(A) The owners or operators have applicable liability insurance; and

(B) The covered person is legally entitled to recover from the owners or operators whose fault is the basis for the covered person’s claim."

Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Benson; DeBolt and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; Keiser and Sullivan.

Voting Nay: Representatives Wolfe, Grant, Constantine, Keiser, and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1888 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Creating the executive-legislative task force on international trade. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1913 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Allowing tax deductions for nonprofit convention and tourism promotion corporations. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1926 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Exempting machinery and equipment used in field and turf grass seed farming from sales and use taxation. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 1932 Prime Sponsor, Representative Costa: Including foreign terrorism in the definition of criminal act for the purposes of crime victim compensation and assistance. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O'Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1966 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Raising the total amount of waivers allowed for Central Washington University. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O'Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O'Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1973 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wolfe: Modifying a grandparent’s visitation rights. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997
HB 1974 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wolfe: Granting custody of children to grandparents. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 2008 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Authorizing law enforcement officers to impound the vehicles of persons who are patronizing prostitutes. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representative Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 2052 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Allowing referendums on the assessments of agricultural commodity commissions and boards. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 2053 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Requiring referenda on commodity assessments. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.
Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.
Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 2193 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Allowing the joint center for higher education transportation fees and excluding higher education and the joint center for higher education from the state agency parking account. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luen.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HJM 4003 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Requesting that Senate adoption of the Convention on the Rights of Children be denied. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HJM 4005 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Returning land within the Hanford control zone to agricultural and wildlife uses. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Anderson, Cooper, and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997
HJM 4012 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Requesting a balanced budget amendment to the United States Constitution. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kessler; Lambert; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and memorials listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

SECOND READING


Requiring personal responsibility.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the second substitute bill was advanced to second reading.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1079 was read the second time.

Representative Boldt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Boldt:

(070)

On page 12, after line 18, insert the following:

"Sec. 13. RCW 74.12.030 and 1971 ex.s. c. 169 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to meeting the eligibility requirements of RCW 74.08.025, as now or hereafter amended, an applicant for aide to families with dependent children must be a needy child who is a resident of the state of Washington.

(2) Any person qualified for temporary assistance for needy families under this title who has resided in the state of Washington for fewer than twelve of the eighteen months immediately preceding application for assistance is limited to the benefit level of the state in which the person resided immediately before Washington, that was obtainable on the date of application in Washington, if the benefit level of the prior state is lower than the level provided to similarly situated applicants in Washington. The benefit level under this subsection shall be in effect for the first twelve months of a person’s residency in Washington.

The department shall conduct a periodic survey of the other states to determine their public assistance levels for programs similar to those in the state of Washington and shall by rule adopt a scale of public assistance limits based on state of origin."

"
Correct the title and internal references accordingly.

Representatives Boldt, Schoesler and Wensman spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Tokuda and Appelwick spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Pennington demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (070) on page 12, line 18, to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1079 and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 71, Nays - 26, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dunn - 1.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (076)

On page 15, line 23, after "RCW." insert "To reduce administrative costs and to ensure equal state-wide access to services, the department may develop contracts for state-wide welfare-to-work services. These state-wide contracts shall support regional flexibility and ensure that resources follow local labor market opportunities and recipients’ needs."

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (080)

On page 16, line 30, after ",(4)" insert the following:

"(a) Participants placed in community service or work programs established pursuant to this chapter may not be assigned to a community service or work program position if:
   (i) Any other individual is on layoff from the same or any substantially equivalent job;
   (ii) The employer has terminated the employment of any regular employee or otherwise reduced its workforce in order to fill the vacancy so created with a participant of a community service or work program established pursuant to this chapter; or
   (iii) Such assignment displaces or partially displaces current employees.
   (b) Participants of a community service or work program established pursuant to this chapter shall be considered employees solely for the purposes of chapter 49.17 RCW, the purposes of subsection (c) of this section, and for the purposes of subsection (d) of this section.
   (c) All private and public entities participating in a community service program or a work program established pursuant to this chapter shall enter into an agreement with the department which contains the following requirements:
(i) That paid work program positions established under this chapter meet the requirements of chapter 49.46 RCW;

(ii) That the community service and unpaid work program positions shall not require work in excess of forty hours per week;

(iii) That the conditions of work for participants of a work program or community service program will comply with the requirements of chapter 49.17 RCW;

(iv) That an entity’s participation in a community service program or work program established under this chapter shall not diminish or result in the infringement of the obligations of any applicable collective bargaining statute, agreement, or contract for services;

(v) That wages shall be paid at the usual and customary rate of comparable jobs and may include a training wage if permitted by applicable federal statutes and regulations;

(vi) That the participants in a work program or community service program shall not be denied their rights under collective bargaining statutes; and

(vii) That the department may rescind an agreement with an entity if it finds that the entity is not complying with the requirements of this section.

Among the factors the department may use to determine whether to enter into an agreement with a private or public entity, the department shall evaluate whether the entity is in compliance with the requirements of this section and is likely to remain in compliance with the requirements of this section. If the department finds that a private or public entity that has entered into an agreement with the department to provide work or community service opportunities is not complying with the requirements of this section, the department shall take action to ensure compliance, or, with good cause, rescind the agreement.

(d) Participants in a community service or work program established pursuant to this chapter are deemed workers for the purposes of workers’ compensation coverage under Title 51 RCW. The department shall reimburse entities who have entered into agreements with the department to provide work opportunities under this chapter for the premiums or assessments that they have paid under Title 51 RCW on behalf of program participants. Department reimbursement to entities that pay a wage to the participants of a work program established by this chapter shall be limited to the first six months of a participant’s employment by the entity.

(e) For the purposes of this section, “work program” does not include job search, vocational training, education, or job readiness programs.

(5)"

Representatives Cooke and Gombsky spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 067 to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1079 was withdrawn.

Representative Ballasiotes moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Ballasiotes: (081)

On page 20, after line 27, insert the following:

“(3) Recipients trained under this section shall provide child care services to clients of the department for two years following the completion of their child care training."

Representatives Ballasiotes and Tokuka spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (075)

On page 22, beginning on line 6, after “implement” strike all material through "of" on line 7

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.
The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sehlin moved the following amendment by Representative Sehlin: (073)

On page 105, beginning on line 1, insert: "NEW SECTION. Sec. 480. A new section is added to chapter 75.30 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A license renewed under the provisions of this chapter that has been suspended under section 478 of this act shall be subject to the following provisions:
   (a) A license renewal fee shall be paid as a condition of maintaining a current license; and
   (b) The department shall waive any other license requirements, unless the department determines that the license holder has had sufficient opportunity to meet these requirements.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall apply only to a license that has been suspended under section 478 of this act for a period of 12 months or less. A license holder shall forfeit a license subject to this chapter and may not recover any license renewal fees previously paid if the license holder does not meet the requirements of section 402(11) of this act within 12 months of license suspension."

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct title and internal references accordingly.

Representatives Sehlin and Doumit spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (077)

On page 118, beginning on line 28, strike all of subsection (a) and reletter the remaining subsections accordingly.

On page 118, line 32, after "clients;" insert "and"

On page 118, beginning on line 35, strike all of subsection (d) and reletter the remaining subsections accordingly.

Beginning on page 119, line 3, after "services" strike all material through "terminate." on page 121, line 37, and insert ". The joint legislative audit and review committee may contract with the Washington institute for public policy for appropriate portions of the evaluation required by this section."

Correct internal references accordingly and correct the title.

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Wolfe moved the following amendment by Representative Wolfe: (078)

On page 128, line 34 strike all material after "state-funded" through "104-193" on line 37

On page 129, line 20, after "period" insert "and the person is employed for more than 20 hours per week"

Representative Wolfe spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.
Representative Clements moved the following amendment by Representative Clements: (079)

On page 131, line 25, after "104-193;" strike "and"

On page 131, line 31, after "act" insert "; and
(5) The department shall establish rules related to the operation of this section and section 614 of this act, covering, at a minimum, appropriate uses of state maintenance of effort funds and annual reports on program operations"

Representative Clements spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Tokuda moved the following amendment by Representative Tokuda: (068)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. INTENT. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest that the state adopt public assistance policies for needy families that stress: The central role of employment in reducing poverty and need; the temporary nature of public assistance; the importance of the state’s efforts in sustaining economic independence and promoting occupational and income advancement; and the continuing responsibility of the state to protect children and other vulnerable residents.

Therefore, the legislature intends that:
(1) Work should provide the best opportunity for needy families to raise their incomes and leave poverty;
(2) Parents should be responsible for support of their children. Child support will be aggressively pursued to assure that responsibility is fulfilled;
(3) Those recipients who can work shall immediately participate in mandatory work or work preparation activities;
(4) Sanctions for nonparticipation shall be clear, timely, and progressive;
(5) Work should pay and the incentives in the system should support unsubsidized employment opportunities;
(6) Education and job training should be accessible so an entry-level job can be the first step on a career ladder;
(7) The individual shall sign a statement of personal responsibility, acknowledging responsibility for moving quickly into the world of work;
(8) The state should help provide the tools for assistance recipients to get and keep a job, and improve their opportunity for advancement;
(9) Essential services that low and moderate-income families need for sustaining independence, including health care insurance and child care, should be affordable and accessible;
(10) Assistance should be available for those unable to perform self-sustaining work;
(11) Individuals temporarily not able to work will be responsible for participating in activities designed to help them achieve self-sufficiency;
(12) Legal immigrants should be eligible for the same programs as other residents;
(13) State agencies involved with the temporary assistance for needy families program will be focused on moving people into self-sustaining work;
(14) The state’s goals should be supported by working through public and private providers who are most effective in getting people ready for and into unsubsidized employment;
(15) Partnerships should be built with local governments, business, labor, and civic and religious organizations to mobilize the resources of communities to help families raise their incomes and leave poverty; and
(16) WorkFirst should recognize the distinct needs and resources of communities and provide recipients with programs suited to the different labor markets of the state.

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 101. RCW 74.08.340 and 1959 c 26 s 74.08.340 are each amended to read as follows:
All assistance granted under this title shall be deemed to be granted and to be held subject to the provisions of any amending or repealing act that may hereafter be enacted, and no recipient shall have any claim for compensation, or otherwise, by reason of his assistance being affected in any way by such amending or repealing act. There is no legal entitlement to temporary assistance for needy families.

Sec. 102. RCW 74.08.025 and 1981 1st ex.s. c 6 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

Public assistance (shall) may be awarded to any applicant:

(1) Who is in need and otherwise meets the eligibility requirements of department assistance programs; and

(2) Who has not made a voluntary assignment of property or cash for the purpose of qualifying for an assistance grant; and

(3) Who is not an inmate of a public institution except as a patient in a medical institution or except as an inmate in a public institution who could qualify for federal aid assistance: PROVIDED, That the assistance paid by the department to recipients in nursing homes, or receiving nursing home care, may cover the cost of clothing and incidentals and general maintenance exclusive of medical care and health services. The department may pay a grant to cover the cost of clothing and personal incidentals in public or private medical institutions and institutions for tuberculosis. The department shall allow recipients in nursing homes to retain, in addition to the grant to cover the cost of clothing and incidentals, wages received for work as a part of a training or rehabilitative program designed to prepare the recipient for less restrictive placement to the extent permitted under Title XIX of the federal social security act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

TIME LIMITS. (1) A family that includes an adult who has received temporary assistance for needy families for sixty months after the effective date of this section shall be ineligible for further temporary assistance for needy families assistance.

(2) For the purposes of applying the rules of this section, the department shall count any month in which an adult family member received a temporary assistance for needy families cash assistance grant unless the assistance was provided when the family member was a minor child and not the head of the household or married to the head of the household.

(3) The legislature recognizes that under P.L. 104-193 the department may exempt no more than twenty percent of the temporary assistance for needy families caseload from the sixty-month time limit. The legislature further recognizes that not all adult recipients of temporary assistance for needy families can be expected to attain self-sufficiency within this time limit. Because the sixty-month time limit will not be applicable to recipients until 2002, the legislature further believes that it is appropriate to engage in the study required in section 501 of this act before making decisions about caseload exemptions.

Sec. 104. RCW 74.12.035 and 1985 c 335 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (A family or assistance unit is not eligible for aid for any month if for that month the total income of the family or assistance unit, without application of income disregards, exceeds one hundred eighty-five percent of the state standard of need for a family of the same composition: PROVIDED, That for the purposes of determining the total income of the family or assistance unit, the earned income of a dependent child who is a full-time student for whom aid to families with dependent children is being provided shall be disregarded for six months per calendar year.

(2) Participation in a strike does not constitute good cause to leave or to refuse to seek or accept employment. Assistance is not payable to a family for any month in which any caretaker relative with whom the child is living is, on the last day of the month, participating in a strike. An individual’s need shall not be included in determining the amount of aid payable for any month to a family or assistance unit if, on the last day of the month, the individual is participating in a strike.

(2) Children over eighteen years of age and under nineteen years of age who are otherwise eligible for temporary assistance for needy families and who are full-time students (reasonably expected to complete a program of) attending secondary school, or the equivalent level of vocational or technical training (before reaching nineteen years of age) are eligible to receive (aid to families with dependent children: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That if such students do not successfully complete such program before reaching nineteen years of age, the assistance rendered under this
NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. A new section is added to chapter 74.12A RCW to read as follows:

GRANT DIVERSION. The legislature recognizes there are low-income employable families who are in danger of becoming reliant on public assistance. With minimal short-term help from the state, these families can remain intact, actively involved in the labor market, and financially self-sufficient. Therefore, the legislature finds it is in the public interest to establish a grant diversion program to help at-risk families remain off temporary assistance for needy families.

(1) The department may provide state-funded cash aid to meet short-term need, thereby allowing employable low-income families to remain off assistance.

(2) Diversion assistance may include cash or vouchers in payment for the following needs:
   (a) Child care;
   (b) Housing assistance;
   (c) Transportation-related expenses;
   (d) Food;
   (e) Medical costs not covered under chapter 74.09 RCW; and
   (f) Employment-related expenses that are necessary to keep or obtain paid unsubsidized employment.

(3) Diversion assistance is available once in each twelve-month period. Recipients of diversion assistance are not included in the temporary assistance for needy families program.

(4) Diversion assistance may not exceed one thousand five hundred dollars for each instance.

(5) To be eligible for diversion assistance, a family must otherwise be eligible for, but not receiving, temporary assistance for needy families.

(6) Families ineligible for temporary assistance for needy families due to sanction, noncompliance, the lump sum income rule, or any other reason are not eligible for diversion assistance.

(7) Families must provide evidence showing that a bona fide need exists according to subsection (2) of this section in order to be eligible for diversion assistance.

(8) If the recipient of diversion assistance receives temporary assistance for needy families within a period specified by the department, but not to exceed twelve months following the receipt of diversion assistance, the amount of the diversion assistance shall be recovered by the state by deduction from the recipient’s temporary assistance for needy families grant.

(9) If funds appropriated for grant diversion are exhausted, the department shall discontinue the program in this section.

Sec. 106. RCW 74.09.510 and 1991 sp.s. c 8 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

Medical assistance may be provided in accordance with eligibility requirements established by the department ((of social and health services)), as defined in the social security Title XIX state plan for mandatory categorically needy persons and: (1) Individuals who would be eligible for cash assistance except for their institutional status; (2) individuals who are under twenty-one years of age, who would be eligible for ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance for needy families, but do not qualify as dependent children and who are in (a) foster care, (b) subsidized adoption, (c) a nursing facility or an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, or (d) inpatient psychiatric facilities; (3) the aged, blind, and disabled who: (a) Receive only a state supplement, or (b) would not be eligible for cash assistance if they were not institutionalized; (4) categorically related individuals who would be eligible for but choose not to receive cash assistance; (5) other individuals who ((would be eligible for but choose not to receive cash assistance)) meet the income and resource requirements of the cash assistance programs; (5) individuals who are enrolled in managed health care systems, who have otherwise lost eligibility for medical assistance, but who have not completed a current six-month enrollment in a managed health care system, and who are eligible for federal financial participation under Title XIX of the social security act; (6) children and pregnant women allowed by federal statute for whom funding is appropriated; ((and)) (7) other individuals eligible for medical services under RCW 74.09.035 and 74.09.700 for whom federal financial participation is available under Title XIX of the social security act; and (8) persons allowed by section 1931 of the social security act for whom funding is appropriated.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 107. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:
GOOD CAUSE EXEMPTIONS. The department shall establish by rule good cause exemptions consistent with the family violence options of Sec. 402 (a)(7) of Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by P.L. 104-193. Individuals granted a good cause exemption may not be subject to work requirements, child support cooperation requirements, and time limits of section 103 of this act. The department shall periodically review such exemptions to determine when they are no longer necessary.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 108. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:
STATE-FUNDED TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES. (1) The department may provide state-funded temporary assistance for needy families and medical assistance to needy families if: The needy caretaker relative is disabled; the needy caretaker relative is needed in the home to care for a disabled family member; or the needy nonparent caretaker relative is at least fifty years old.
(2) Such assistance shall be provided under the same rules and in the same amount as under the temporary assistance for needy families program except: Such families shall not be subject to temporary assistance for needy families WorkFirst requirements unless they volunteer and they will not be subject to the sixty-month time limit in section 103 of this act.
(3) The department may use state funds as appropriated to provide such benefits.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 109. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 74.12.420 and 1994 c 299 s 9; and
(2) RCW 74.12.425 and 1994 c 299 s 10.

II. WORKFIRST

NEW SECTION, Sec. 201. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:
STATEMENT OF PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY. (1) A family receiving or applying for assistance under the temporary assistance for needy families program is ineligible for continued or new assistance if the recipient and the department have not completed a statement of personal responsibility satisfying the requirements of this section.
(2) The statement of personal responsibility shall emphasize the importance of work.
(3) The statement of personal responsibility shall contain, but is not limited to (a) an explanation of Washington’s WorkFirst program, including time limits; (b) the rights and responsibilities of the recipient in the WorkFirst program; (c) a list of the available programs for which the family is eligible; and (d) the sanctions imposed on the recipient for refusing or failing to participate in the WorkFirst program.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 202. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:
WASHINGTON WORKFIRST PROGRAM. (1) There is established in the department the WorkFirst program, the welfare-to-work program for temporary assistance for needy families. The department shall administer the program consistent with the temporary assistance for needy families provisions of P.L. 104-193. In operating the WorkFirst program the department shall require recipients of temporary assistance for needy families to engage in work activities, as defined in P.L. 104-193 on the effective date of this section, including:
(a) Unsubsidized paid employment in the private or public sector;
(b) Subsidized paid employment in the private or public sector;
(c) Work experience, including work associated with the refurbishing of publicly assisted housing, if sufficient paid employment is not available;
(d) On-the-job training;
(e) Job search and job readiness assistance;
(f) Community service programs;
(g) Vocational educational training, not to exceed twelve months with respect to any individual;
(h) Job skills training directly related to employment, including structured pursuit of self-employment opportunities that involves development of a business plan and meets criteria for micro-credit and micro-enterprise opportunities;
(i) Education directly related to employment, in the case of a recipient who has not received a high school diploma or a GED;
(j) Satisfactory attendance at secondary school or in a course of study leading to a GED, in the case of a recipient who has not completed secondary school or received such a certificate;
(k) The provision of child care services to an individual who is participating in a community service program; or
(l) Other activities as defined by the department that are directly related to improving the recipient’s employability and lead to the first available job.

(2) All recipients of temporary assistance for needy families shall participate in the WorkFirst program except single custodial parent recipients with a child under age one year. The exemption shall not exceed a total of twelve months.

(3) The department shall adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW establishing criteria constituting circumstances of good cause for an individual failing or refusing to participate in an assigned activity, or failing or refusing to accept or retain employment.

(4) All teen parents under age eighteen years who are approved for assistance shall, as a condition of receiving benefits, actively progress toward the completion of a high school diploma, GED, or an approved alternative education program.

(5) The department may provide employment and training and education support services to assist temporary assistance for needy families recipients under chapter 74.12 RCW to obtain employment.

(6) The department may contract with public and private employment and training agencies and other public service entities to carry out the purposes of Washington’s WorkFirst program.

(7) The department shall adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW as necessary to effectuate the intent and purpose of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:
JOB SEARCH. (1) The department shall require temporary assistance for needy families recipients to engage in initial and ongoing job search. Failure to participate in the job search component shall result in sanctions under section 204 of this act.

(2) The Washington WorkFirst program shall include an initial job search component in which each nonexempt recipient of temporary assistance for needy families shall participate. The initial job search component will last four weeks for each recipient. Each recipient shall be required to attend initial job search component activities at least thirty hours per week. The initial job search component shall serve as an assessment tool to determine a recipient’s employability. If a recipient fails to find paid employment during the initial job search component, the department may refer the recipient to those work activities that are directly related to improving the recipient’s employability. Priority shall be given to work activities that simulate the work environment.

(3) As used in this section, "initial job search" means an activity in which nonexempt recipients engage each weekday upon entering the Washington WorkFirst program. The component shall provide classroom instruction and a minimum of fifteen hours per week of structured, individual job search activities.

(a) Individual job search shall include individual and group activities.
(b) Job search instruction shall be structured in such a way as to replicate the demands of a work environment. It shall include, at a minimum, information on how to apply for work, the current labor market, and available work force development resources.

(4) Ongoing job search shall include regular, structured work search and weekly reporting of work search plans and results.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:
SANCTIONS FOR NONCOOPERATION. Cooperation with the requirements of Washington’s WorkFirst program is required, unless exempt under this title. Failure to cooperate, absent good cause, shall result in sanctions, including but not limited to, reductions of the family’s cash assistance grant. The department shall adopt by rule, standards for the imposition of such sanctions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:
WORKFIRST--SERVICE AREAS--PROGRAMS. (1) The legislature finds that moving those eligible for assistance to self-sustaining employment is a goal of the WorkFirst program. It is the intent
of WorkFirst to aid a participant's progress to self-sufficiency by allowing flexibility within the state-wide program to reflect community resources, the local characteristics of the labor market, and the composition of the caseload. Program success will be enhanced through effective coordination at regional and local levels, involving employers, labor representatives, educators, community leaders, local governments, and social service providers.

(2) The secretary shall establish WorkFirst service areas for purposes of planning WorkFirst programs and for distributing WorkFirst resources. Service areas shall reflect identifiable labor markets.

(3) By July 31st of each odd-numbered year, a plan for the WorkFirst program shall be developed for each service area. The plan shall be prepared in consultation with local and regional sources, adapting the state-wide WorkFirst program to achieve maximum effect for the participants and the communities within which they reside. Local consultation shall include to the greatest extent possible input from local and regional planning bodies for social services and work force development. The regional and local administrator shall consult with employers of various sizes, labor representatives, training and education providers, program participants, economic development organizations, community organizations, tribes, and local governments in the preparation of the service area plan.

(4) The secretary shall have final authority in plan approval or modification. Local program implementation may deviate from the state-wide program if specified in a service area plan, as approved by the secretary. The local service area plans may adjust the temporary assistance for needy families cash grant for participants in that area, under RCW 74.04.770, and an adjustment to the grant may not exceed five percent of the state-wide grant established by the secretary. Local administrators may adapt service delivery to reflect local labor market and caseload characteristics, consistent with the service area plan, as approved by the secretary.

Sec. 206. RCW 74.04.770 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 41 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall establish consolidated standards of need each fiscal year which may vary by geographical areas, program, and family size, for ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance for needy families, refugee assistance, supplemental security income, and general assistance. Standards for ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance for needy families, refugee assistance, and general assistance shall be based on studies of actual living costs and generally recognized inflation indices and shall include reasonable allowances for shelter, fuel, food, transportation, clothing, household maintenance and operations, personal maintenance, and necessary incidentals. The standard of need may take into account the economies of joint living arrangements, but unless explicitly required by federal statute, there shall not be proration of any portion of assistance grants unless the amount of the grant standard is equal to the standard of need.

The department is authorized to establish rateable reductions and grant maximums consistent with federal law. Further, the department may adjust payment standards, within each WorkFirst service area, by up to five percent, either up or down, to reflect labor market conditions, resources needed to support work and mobilize and leverage local resources, or cost-of-living differences within local geographic areas.

Payment level will be equal to need or a lesser amount if rateable reductions or grant maximums are imposed. In no case shall a recipient of supplemental security income receive a state supplement less than the minimum required by federal law.

The department may establish a separate standard for shelter provided at no cost.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 207. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:

WORKER PROTECTIONS. (1) Recipients of public assistance who participate in WorkFirst activities shall be entitled to certain protections as provided in this section. In addition, the department shall ensure, according to the criteria in this section, that existing workers are not displaced from employment as a result of the participation of public assistance recipients in department-mandated or authorized WorkFirst activities.

(2) Work positions, paid or unpaid, held by public assistance recipients as a department-authorized WorkFirst activity shall not be created as the result of, nor result in, any of the following:

(a) The filling of a position created by termination, layoff, or work force reduction;

(b) The filling of positions that would otherwise be promotional opportunities for current employees;
(c) The filling of a position before compliance with applicable personnel procedures or provisions of collective bargaining agreements;
(d) The filling of a work assignment customarily performed by a worker in a job classification within a recognized collective bargaining unit in that specific work site, or the filling of a work assignment in any bargaining unit in which regular employees are on layoff;
(e) A strike, lockout, or other bona fide labor dispute, or violation of any existing collective bargaining agreement between employees and employers; or
(f) Decertification of any collective bargaining unit.

(3) Participants in WorkFirst activities who receive a wage shall be deemed employees, and as such shall be paid and receive benefits in accordance with local, state, and federal law governing occupational health and safety, minimum wage standards, worker compensation insurance, and unemployment insurance.

(4) A participant who does not receive a wage should not be required to participate in WorkFirst activities, other than job search, for a number of hours greater than participant’s monthly temporary assistance for needy families benefit divided by the greater of the state or federal minimum wage.

(5) Participants in WorkFirst activities who do not receive a wage shall be deemed employees for purposes of medical aid benefits under chapter 51.36 RCW and in accordance with local, state, and federal law shall be covered by appropriate occupational health and safety regulations. The agency or organization that provides the position shall be the employer and, as such any and all premiums or assessments due in relation to such benefits are the obligation of and shall be paid by the agency.

(6) Subsection (2) of this section does not apply to public assistance recipients who secure unsubsidized paid employment outside of WorkFirst.

(7) WorkFirst employment positions shall not in any way be related to political, electoral, partisan, or religious activities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:

COMMUNITY JOBS AND SUBSIDIZED EMPLOYMENT PROGRAMS. (1) The department shall establish the community jobs program and the subsidized employment program within WorkFirst to provide recipients of temporary assistance for needy families valuable work experience, increase their labor market participation, and meet business and community needs.

(2) The community jobs program shall provide work opportunities through nonprofit corporations. This shall be a mandatory program as determined by the department.

(a) The department shall contract with local nonprofit corporations for the operation of these programs. The contractor shall be responsible for identifying work sites, referring recipients to work sites, and providing support for recipients as necessary. The contractor shall be considered the employer of the participant.

(b) The contractor shall receive the temporary assistance for needy families recipient’s monthly benefit allotment and an additional payment, which together will cover the participant’s wages, job development, employee counseling, and administrative costs, including the cost of employer-paid payroll taxes. Industrial insurance and other applicable federal payroll taxes shall be deducted from wages received by the employee.

(c) In lieu of a grant from the department, the recipient shall receive wages from the contractor.

(d) In identifying recipients to place in the program, the department shall target recipients who have limited prior work experience; have low educational attainment; have children older than two years of age; or have received public assistance for at least six months.

(e) A temporary assistance for needy families recipient may participate in the community jobs program for twelve months. At the discretion of the department, the referral to community jobs may be renewed. This section does not exempt the participant from mandatory, ongoing job search requirements.

(3) The department may use cash grants as a wage subsidy in order to provide full-time employment opportunities in the private sector for temporary assistance for needy families recipients. In no case will the wage subsidy exceed the value of the cash grant for which the participant would be eligible through temporary assistance for needy families. This shall be a voluntary program and no person will be sanctioned by the department for failure to participate.
(a) The department shall adopt rules establishing the criteria for employer participation and the participation of recipients of temporary assistance for needy families in the wage subsidy program. Once the recipient is hired, the wage subsidy shall be authorized for up to nine months.

(b) In developing job opportunities through the subsidized employment program, the department shall give priority to jobs with a career ladder or reasonable opportunity for wage increases, either with the subsidized employer or with another employer in the same industrial sector. At the end of the subsidized employment, it is expected that the employee be maintained in full-time, unsubsidized employment by the employer.

(4) Participants in the community jobs program and the wage subsidy program shall remain eligible for medical benefits.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. A new section is added to chapter 74.04 RCW to read as follows:

OUTCOME MEASURES. The WorkFirst program shall be evaluated through a limited number of outcome measures designed to hold each region accountable for program success. The outcomes measured used for evaluation shall include:

(1) Exits through employment;
(2) Employment retention rates; measured every six months for up to two years after leaving temporary assistance for needy families;
(3) Reduction in average grant through increased recipient earnings; and
(4) Number of recipients working part time and full time.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 74.25.010 and 1994 c 299 s 6 & 1991 c 126 s 5;
(2) RCW 74.25.020 and 1993 c 312 s 7, 1992 c 165 s 3, & 1991 c 126 s 6;
(3) RCW 74.25.030 and 1991 c 126 s 7;
(4) RCW 74.25.040 and 1994 c 299 s 8;
(5) RCW 74.25A.005 and 1994 c 299 s 19 & 1986 c 172 s 1;
(6) RCW 74.25A.010 and 1994 c 299 s 20 & 1986 c 172 s 2;
(7) RCW 74.25A.020 and 1994 c 299 s 21 & 1986 c 172 s 3;
(8) RCW 74.25A.030 and 1994 c 299 s 22 & 1986 c 172 s 4;
(9) RCW 74.25A.040 and 1986 c 172 s 5;
(10) RCW 74.25A.045 and 1994 c 299 s 23;
(11) RCW 74.25A.050 and 1994 c 299 s 24 & 1986 c 172 s 6;
(12) RCW 74.25A.060 and 1986 c 172 s 7;
(13) RCW 74.25A.070 and 1986 c 172 s 8; and

III. CHILD CARE

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

CHILD CARE. (1) The department shall administer a child care subsidy program designed to serve families on Washington’s WorkFirst program and those families who are at or below one hundred seventy-five percent of the federal poverty level.

(2) All families participating in the child care subsidy program shall have access to the child care of their choice. However, the child care providers must comply with applicable licensing rules set by the department if they are required by law to comply with these rules.

(3) The department shall establish the eligibility and copayment structure of the child care subsidy program.

(4) The department shall administer the program within available funds.

IV. IMMIGRANTS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:

IMMIGRANTS--ELIGIBILITY--GENERALLY. (1) The state shall exercise its option under P.L. 104-193, as amended, to provide benefits and services to legal immigrants under temporary assistance for needy families, medicaid, and social services block grant programs.
(2) The department may provide state-funded cash, food, and medical assistance to legal immigrants who are not eligible for federal benefits due to their immigrant status and the provisions of P.L. 104-193.

(3) Legal immigrants who are not eligible for the supplemental security income program as a result of P.L. 104-193 are eligible to apply for benefits under the state’s general assistance programs. The department shall redetermine income and resource eligibility at least annually, in accordance with existing state policy.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows: IMMIGRANTS--STATE CASH AND MEDICAL PROGRAMS. (1) The department may provide state-funded cash and medical assistance to legal immigrants including those permanently residing in the United States under color of law who are not eligible under federal law for the temporary assistance for needy families program solely due to their date of entry or their immigration status.

(2) Such assistance shall be provided under the same rules and in the same amount as under the temporary assistance for needy families program. Any month in which a family receives such assistance should be considered a month in which the family received temporary assistance for needy families for the purpose of the sixty-month time limit.

(3) The department may use state general assistance and state medical care services funds as may be appropriated to provide such benefits.

(4) The department may provide state-funded medical care services, including long-term care, to legal immigrants including those permanently residing in the United States under color of law who are not eligible under federal law for the federal medicaid program solely due to their date of entry or their immigration status.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows: IMMIGRANTS--FOOD ASSISTANCE. (1) The department may establish a state-funded food assistance program for legal immigrants who do not qualify for federal food stamps solely due to the immigrant exclusions under P.L. 104-193. The rules and benefit amounts for the state food assistance program shall be the same as in the federal food stamp program.

(2) The department shall enter into a contract with the United States department of agriculture to use the existing federal food stamp program coupon system for the purposes of administering the state food assistance program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows: SPONSOR-DEEMING FOR LEGAL IMMIGRANTS. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, in determining the eligibility and amount of benefits for state-funded general assistance or state-funded food stamps, the department may provide that the income and resources of an alien shall be deemed to include the income and resources of any individual, and his or her spouse, who executes an affidavit of support under section 213A of the federal immigration and nationality act on behalf of the alien for a period of five years following the execution of that affidavit of support.

(2) The sponsor-deeming provisions of subsection (1) of this section do not apply to the following:

(a) An alien who has worked forty qualifying quarters of coverage as defined under Title II of the social security act or can be credited with such qualifying quarters as provided under P.L. 104-193 Sec. 435;

(b) An alien who is lawfully residing in any state and is a veteran of, or on active duty in, the armed forces of the United States, or the spouse or unmarried dependent child of such individual;

(c) An alien who served in the armed forces of an allied country, or was employed by an agency of the federal government, during a military conflict between the United States and a military adversary;

(d) Aliens who are victims of domestic violence and who petition for legal status under the federal violence against women act;

(e) For a period not to exceed twelve months, an alien for whom a determination has been made by the department that, in the absence of the assistance provided by the department, the alien would be unable to obtain food and shelter, taking into account the alien’s own income plus any cash, food, housing, or other assistance provided by other individuals including the sponsor; and
(f) An alien who achieves United States citizenship through naturalization pursuant to chapter 2 of Title III of the immigration and nationality act.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 405.** A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows: NATURALIZATION FACILITATION. The department shall make an affirmative effort to identify and contact legal immigrants receiving public assistance to facilitate their applications for naturalization.

**V. STUDIES**

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 501.** TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES STUDIES. (1) The office of financial management shall contract with a qualified and objective research organization to evaluate the critical elements of the program in chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act). Within available funds appropriated for this purpose, the research shall address the impact of the program in promoting self-sufficiency, in reducing poverty, and in improving the well-being of the families in this state. In addition, the evaluation shall specifically examine:

(a) The effectiveness of the program design and of the implementation of the program by state agencies in generating community and employer participation to address the employment and family needs of program participants;

(b) The impact of such components as wage subsidies and community employment and the roles of private sector and nonprofit employers in promoting unsubsidized employment;

(c) Participation by employed recipients and former recipients in the community college or other education and training programs and the impact of such participation;

(d) The impact of employment produced by the program on the labor market and on the availability of child care;

(e) The effectiveness of employment produced by the program in reducing poverty;

(f) The impact of other elements, such as diversion, the state-funded temporary assistance for needy families program, and sanctions in achieving the purposes of this program; and

(g) The effect of child support collections on the economic status of recipients of temporary assistance for needy families and successful collection strategies involving these families.

The evaluation in this section shall commence on the effective date of this section and shall be completed by June 30, 2001. The office of financial management shall ensure that reports are provided to the legislature annually before the start of the legislative session and that definitive responses to the research questions are available before the start of the 2002 legislative session.

(2) Exemption Characteristics. The office of financial management shall contract with a qualified and objective research organization to study carefully the characteristics of adult recipients of temporary assistance for needy families to determine the profile of recipients for whom a hardship exemption to time limits should apply or where it may be in the best interests of the state to broaden eligibility for state-funded temporary assistance for needy families. Specifically, the research shall address the extent and nature of the barriers to independence based upon the personal characteristics of adults in the temporary assistance for needy families program.

The office of financial management shall submit a final report on the findings of this research by December 15, 1998. This final report shall include an evaluation of the characteristics of adult recipients, including a careful estimate of the prevalence of serious disability and other barriers that may prevent self-supporting employment. The research shall provide recommendations regarding how best to establish criteria for exemptions to the five-year limit, how to establish whether an adult recipient has satisfied those criteria, and whether and in what ways the criteria for the state-funded program should be narrowed or widened.

**VI. DATA SHARING**

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 601.** It is the intent of the legislature to allow the department of social and health services access to employment security department confidential employer wage files, for statistical analysis, research, or evaluation of work force participation of department of social and health services' clients. This information is needed to monitor and evaluate department client outcomes in employment, to fulfill agency performance reporting requirements of chapter 43.88 RCW, for department management in evaluating and planning for changing social needs, and in the effective
development and implementation of programs to achieve goals of the department of social and health services. Chapter 50.38 RCW and federal law mandate the use of labor market information, including employment security department payroll and wage files, in the planning, coordination, management, implementation, and evaluation of state programs like those of the department of social and health services. RCW 50.13.060 requires privacy protection of personal records obtained from employment security department confidential employer wage files. Through individual matches with accessed employment security department confidential employer wage files, the department of social and health services shall report only aggregate, statistical, group level data.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:

The employment security department shall provide to the department of social and health services confidential employer wage files for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes as provided in sections 604 and 605 of this act. The department of social and health services shall limit access of its agency personnel to those professional research and technical information systems personnel needed to produce and analyze wage file data.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. A new section is added to chapter 50.13 RCW to read as follows:

The employment security department shall provide to the department of social and health services confidential employer wage files for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes as provided in sections 604 and 605 of this act. The department of social and health services shall limit access of its agency personnel to those professional research and technical information systems personnel needed to produce and analyze wage file data.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The information provided by the employment security department under sections 602 and 603 of this act for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes shall be used to measure the work force participation of department clients.

(2) The department shall protect the privacy of confidential personal data supplied under sections 602 and 603 of this act consistent with chapter 50.13 RCW and the terms and conditions of a formal data-sharing agreement between the two departments. The misuse or unauthorized use of confidential data supplied by the employment security department is subject to the penalties in RCW 50.13.080.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. A new section is added to chapter 50.13 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The information provided by the employment security department under sections 602 and 603 of this act for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes shall be used to measure the work force participation of department clients.

(2) The department shall protect the privacy of confidential personal data supplied under sections 602 and 603 of this act consistent with chapter 50.13 RCW and the terms and conditions of a formal data-sharing agreement between the two departments. The misuse or unauthorized use of confidential data supplied by the employment security department is subject to the penalties in RCW 50.13.080.

VII. MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows: EARNINGS DISREGARDS AND EARNED INCOME CUTOFFS. (1) In addition to their monthly benefit payment, a family may earn and keep one-half of its earnings during every month it is eligible to receive assistance under this section.

(2) In no event may a family be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families if its monthly gross earned income exceeds the maximum earned income level as set by the department. In calculating a household’s gross earnings, the department shall disregard the earnings of a minor child who is:

(a) A full-time student; or
(b) A part-time student carrying at least half the normal school load and working fewer than thirty-five hours per week.

Sec. 702. RCW 74.04.005 and 1992 c 165 s 1 and 1992 c 136 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this title, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Public assistance" or "assistance"—Public aid to persons in need thereof for any cause, including services, medical care, assistance grants, disbursing orders, work relief, general assistance and federal-aid assistance.

(2) "Department"—The department of social and health services.

(3) "County or local office"—The administrative office for one or more counties or designated service areas.

(4) "Director" or "secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.

(5) "Federal-aid assistance"—The specific categories of assistance for which provision is made in any federal law existing or hereafter passed by which payments are made from the federal government to the state in aid or in respect to payment by the state for public assistance rendered to any category of needy persons for which provision for federal funds or aid may from time to time be made, or a federally administered needs-based program.

(6)(a) "General assistance"—Aid to persons in need who:

(i) Are not eligible to receive federal-aid assistance, other than food stamps and medical assistance; however, an individual who refuses or fails to cooperate in obtaining federal-aid assistance, without good cause, is not eligible for general assistance;

(ii) Meet one of the following conditions:

(A) Pregnant: PROVIDED, That need is based on the current income and resource requirements of the federal ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance for needy families program((—PROVIDED FURTHER, That during any period in which an aid for dependent children employable program is not in operation, only those pregnant women who are categorically eligible for medicaid are eligible for general assistance)); or

(B) Subject to chapter 165, Laws of 1992, incapacitated from gainful employment by reason of bodily or mental infirmity that will likely continue for a minimum of ninety days as determined by the department.

(C) Persons who are unemployable due to alcohol or drug addiction are not eligible for general assistance. Persons receiving general assistance on July 26, 1987, or becoming eligible for such assistance thereafter, due to an alcohol or drug-related incapacity, shall be referred to appropriate assessment, treatment, shelter, or supplemental security income referral services as authorized under chapter 74.50 RCW. Referrals shall be made at the time of application or at the time of eligibility review. Alcoholic and drug addicted clients who are receiving general assistance on July 26, 1987, may remain on general assistance if they otherwise retain their eligibility until they are assessed for services under chapter 74.50 RCW. Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(B) of this section shall not be construed to prohibit the department from granting general assistance benefits to alcoholics and drug addicts who are incapacitated due to other physical or mental conditions that meet the eligibility criteria for the general assistance program;

(iii) Are citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise residing in the United States under color of law; and

(iv) Have furnished the department their social security account number. If the social security account number cannot be furnished because it has not been issued or is not known, an application for a number shall be made prior to authorization of assistance, and the social security number shall be provided to the department upon receipt.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6)(a)(i), (ii), and (c) of this section, general assistance shall be provided to the following recipients of federal-aid assistance:

(i) Recipients of supplemental security income whose need, as defined in this section, is not met by such supplemental security income grant because of separation from a spouse; or

(ii) To the extent authorized by the legislature in the biennial appropriations act, to recipients of ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance for needy families whose needs are not being met because of a temporary reduction in monthly income below the entitled benefit payment level caused by loss or reduction of wages or unemployment compensation benefits or some other unforeseen
circumstances. The amount of general assistance authorized shall not exceed the difference between the entitled benefit payment level and the amount of income actually received.

(c) General assistance shall be provided only to persons who are not members of assistance units receiving federal aid assistance, except as provided in subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A) and (b) of this section, and will accept available services which can reasonably be expected to enable the person to work or reduce the need for assistance unless there is good cause to refuse. Failure to accept such services shall result in termination until the person agrees to cooperate in accepting such services and subject to the following maximum periods of ineligibility after reapplication:

(i) First failure: One week;
(ii) Second failure within six months: One month;
(iii) Third and subsequent failure within one year: Two months.

(d) Persons found eligible for general assistance based on incapacity from gainful employment may, if otherwise eligible, receive general assistance pending application for federal supplemental security income benefits. Any general assistance that is subsequently duplicated by the person’s receipt of supplemental security income for the same period shall be considered a debt due the state and shall by operation of law be subject to recovery through all available legal remedies.

(e) The department shall adopt by rule medical criteria for general assistance eligibility to ensure that eligibility decisions are consistent with statutory requirements and are based on clear, objective medical information.

(f) The process implementing the medical criteria shall involve consideration of opinions of the treating or consulting physicians or health care professionals regarding incapacity, and any eligibility decision which rejects uncontroverted medical opinion must set forth clear and convincing reasons for doing so.

(g) Recipients of general assistance based upon a finding of incapacity from gainful employment who remain otherwise eligible shall not have their benefits terminated absent a clear showing of material improvement in their medical or mental condition or specific error in the prior determination that found the recipient eligible by reason of incapacitation. Recipients of general assistance based upon pregnancy who relinquish their child for adoption, remain otherwise eligible, and are not eligible to receive benefits under the federal (aid to families with dependent children) temporary assistance for needy families program shall not have their benefits terminated until the end of the month in which the period of six weeks following the birth of the recipient’s child falls. Recipients of the federal (aid to families with dependent children) temporary assistance for needy families program who lose their eligibility solely because of the birth and relinquishment of the qualifying child may receive general assistance through the end of the month in which the period of six weeks following the birth of the child falls.

(7) "Applicant"—Any person who has made a request, or on behalf of whom a request has been made, to any county or local office for assistance.

(8) "Recipient"—Any person receiving assistance and in addition those dependents whose needs are included in the recipient’s assistance.

(9) "Standards of assistance"—The level of income required by an applicant or recipient to maintain a level of living specified by the department.

(10) "Resource"—Any asset, tangible or intangible, owned by or available to the applicant at the time of application, which can be applied toward meeting the applicant’s need, either directly or by conversion into money or its equivalent: PROVIDED, That an applicant may retain the following described resources and not be ineligible for public assistance because of such resources.

(a) A home, which is defined as real property owned and used by an applicant or recipient as a place of residence, together with a reasonable amount of property surrounding and contiguous thereto, which is used by and useful to the applicant. Whenever a recipient shall cease to use such property for residential purposes, either for himself or his dependents, the property shall be considered as a resource which can be made available to meet need, and if the recipient or his dependents absent themselves from the home for a period of ninety consecutive days such absence, unless due to hospitalization or health reasons or a natural disaster, shall raise a rebuttable presumption of abandonment: PROVIDED, That if in the opinion of three physicians the recipient will be unable to return to the home during his lifetime, and the home is not occupied by a spouse or dependent children or disabled sons or daughters, such property shall be considered as a resource which can be made available to meet need.
(b) Household furnishings and personal effects and other personal property having great sentimental value to the applicant or recipient, as limited by the department consistent with limitations on resources and exemptions for federal aid assistance.

(c) A motor vehicle, other than a motor home, used and useful having an equity value not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars. Recipients of temporary assistance for needy families may retain a motor vehicle, other than a motor home, used and useful having an equity value not to exceed five thousand dollars.

(d) All other resources, including any excess of values exempted, not to exceed one thousand dollars or other limit as set by the department, to be consistent with limitations on resources and exemptions necessary for federal aid assistance. The department shall also allow recipients of temporary assistance for needy families to exempt savings accounts with combined balances of up to an additional three thousand dollars.

(e) Applicants for or recipients of general assistance shall have their eligibility based on resource limitations consistent with the temporary assistance for needy families program rules adopted by the department.

(f) If an applicant for or recipient of public assistance possesses property and belongings in excess of the ceiling value, such value shall be used in determining the need of the applicant or recipient, except that: (i) The department may exempt resources or income when the income and resources are determined necessary to the applicant’s or recipient’s restoration to independence, to decrease the need for public assistance, or to aid in rehabilitating the applicant or recipient or a dependent of the applicant or recipient; and (ii) the department may provide grant assistance for a period not to exceed nine months from the date the agreement is signed pursuant to this section to persons who are otherwise ineligible because of excess real property owned by such persons when they are making a good faith effort to dispose of that property: PROVIDED, That:

(A) The applicant or recipient signs an agreement to repay the lesser of the amount of aid received or the net proceeds of such sale;

(B) If the owner of the excess property ceases to make good faith efforts to sell the property, the entire amount of assistance may become an overpayment and a debt due the state and may be recovered pursuant to RCW 43.20B.630;

(C) Applicants and recipients are advised of their right to a fair hearing and afforded the opportunity to challenge a decision that good faith efforts to sell have ceased, prior to assessment of an overpayment under this section; and

(D) At the time assistance is authorized, the department files a lien without a sum certain on the specific property.

(11) "Income"—(a) All appreciable gains in real or personal property (cash or kind) or other assets, which are received by or become available for use and enjoyment by an applicant or recipient during the month of application or after applying for or receiving public assistance. The department may by rule and regulation exempt income received by an applicant for or recipient of public assistance which can be used by him to decrease his need for public assistance or to aid in rehabilitating him or his dependents, but such exemption shall not, unless otherwise provided in this title, exceed the exemptions of resources granted under this chapter to an applicant for public assistance. In determining the amount of assistance to which an applicant or recipient of temporary assistance for needy families is entitled, the department is hereby authorized to disregard as a resource or income the earned income exemptions consistent with federal requirements. The department may permit the above exemption of earnings of a child to be retained by such child to cover the cost of special future identifiable needs even though the total exceeds the exemptions or resources granted to applicants and recipients of public assistance, but consistent with federal requirements. In formulating rules and regulations pursuant to this chapter, the department shall define income and resources and the availability thereof, consistent with federal requirements. All resources and income not specifically exempted, and any income or other economic benefit derived from the use of, or appreciation in value of, exempt resources, shall be considered in determining the need of an applicant or recipient of public assistance.

(b) If, under applicable federal requirements, the state has the option of considering property in the form of lump sum compensatory awards or related settlements received by an applicant or recipient as income or as a resource, the department shall consider such property to be a resource.

(12) "Need"—The difference between the applicant’s or recipient’s standards of assistance for himself and the dependent members of his family, as measured by the standards of the department, and
value of all nonexempt resources and nonexempt income received by or available to the applicant or recipient and the dependent members of his family.

(13) For purposes of determining eligibility for public assistance and participation levels in the cost of medical care, the department shall exempt restitution payments made to people of Japanese and Aleut ancestry pursuant to the Civil Liberties Act of 1988 and the Aleutian and Pribilof Island Restitution Act passed by congress, P.L. 100-383, including all income and resources derived therefrom.

(14) In the construction of words and phrases used in this title, the singular number shall include the plural, the masculine gender shall include both the feminine and neuter genders and the present tense shall include the past and future tenses, unless the context thereof shall clearly indicate to the contrary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 703. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

PATERNITY ESTABLISHMENT. In order to be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families, applicants shall, at the time of application for assistance, provide the names of both parents of their child or children, whether born or unborn, unless the applicant meets good cause criteria for refusing such identification.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

TRIBAL TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES. (1) The department may (a) coordinate with and cooperate with eligible Indian tribes that elect to operate a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program as provided for in P.L. 104-193; and (b) upon approval by the secretary of the federal department of health and human services of a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program, transfer a fair and equitable amount of the state maintenance of effort funds to the eligible Indian tribe.

(2) An eligible Indian tribe exercising its authority under P.L. 104-193 to operate a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program as a condition of receiving state maintenance of effort funds shall operate the program on a state fiscal year basis. If a tribe decides to cancel a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program, it shall notify the department no later than ninety days before the start of the state fiscal year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. A new section is added to chapter 50.40 RCW to read as follows:

(1) An individual filing a new claim for unemployment compensation shall, at the time of filing the claim, disclose whether or not the individual owes an uncollected overissuance of food stamps as defined under subsection (7) of this section. If the individual discloses that he or she owes an uncollected overissuance of food stamps and is determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation, the commissioner shall notify the state food stamp agency enforcing those obligations that the individual has been determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation.

(2) The commissioner shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation payable to an individual who owes an uncollected overissuance of food stamps as defined under subsection (7) of this section:

(a) The amount specified by the individual to the commissioner to be deducted and withheld under this subsection, if neither (b) nor (c) of this subsection is applicable;

(b) The amount, if any, determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the state food stamp agency under section 13(c)(3)(A) of the food stamp act of 1977; or

(c) Any amount otherwise required to be so deducted and withheld from such unemployment compensation pursuant section 13(c)(3)(B) of the food stamp act of 1977.

(3) Any amount deducted and withheld under subsection (2) of this section shall be paid by the commissioner to the appropriate state food stamp agency.

(4) Any amount deducted and withheld under subsection (2) of this section shall be treated for all purposes as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid by that individual to the state food stamp agency in satisfaction of the individual’s uncollected overissuance.

(5) For the purposes of this section, "unemployment compensation" means any compensation payable under this chapter including amounts payable by the commissioner under an agreement under any federal law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowances with respect to unemployment.

(6) This section applies only if appropriate arrangements have been made for reimbursement by the state food stamp agency for the administrative costs incurred by the commissioner under this
section which are attributable to the repayment of uncollected overissuance to the state food stamp agency.

(7) "Uncollected overissuances of food stamps" as used in this section means only those obligations which are being enforced pursuant to section 13(c)(1) of the food stamp act of 1977.

(8) This section applies only if arrangements have been made for reimbursement by the state food stamp agency for the administrative costs incurred by the commissioner under this section which are attributable to the state food stamp agency.

VIII. LICENSE SUSPENSION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 801. It is the intent of the legislature to provide a strong incentive for persons owing child support to make timely payments, and to cooperate with the department of social and health services to establish an appropriate schedule for the payment of any arrears. To further ensure that child support obligations are met, sections 802 through 898 of this act establish a program by which certain licenses may be suspended or not renewed if a person is one hundred eighty days or more in arrears on child support payments.

In the implementation and management of this program, it is the legislature's intent that the objective of the department of social and health services be to obtain payment in full of arrears, or where that is not possible, to enter into agreements with delinquent obligors to make timely support payments and make reasonable payments towards the arrears. The legislature intends that if the obligor refuses to cooperate in establishing a fair and reasonable payment schedule for arrears or refuses to make timely support payments, the department shall proceed with certification to a licensing entity or the department of licensing that the person is not in compliance with a child support order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 802. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may serve upon a responsible parent a notice informing the responsible parent of the department's intent to submit the parent's name to the department of Licensing and any appropriate licensing entity as a licensee who is not in compliance with a child support order. The department shall attach a copy of the responsible parent's child support order to the notice. Service of the notice must be by certified mail, return receipt requested. If service by certified mail is not successful, service shall be by personal service.

(2) The notice of noncompliance must include the address and telephone number of the department's division of child support office that issues the notice and must inform the responsible parent that:

(a) The parent may request an adjudicative proceeding to contest the issue of compliance. The only issues that may be considered at the adjudicative proceeding are whether the parent is required to pay child support under a child support order and whether the parent is in compliance with that order;

(b) A request for an adjudicative proceeding shall be in writing and must be received by the department within twenty days of the date of service of the notice;

(c) If the parent requests an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of service, the department will stay action to certify the parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order pending entry of a written decision after the adjudicative proceeding;

(d) If the parent does not request an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of service and remains in noncompliance with a child support order, the department will certify the parent's name to the department of licensing and any appropriate licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order;

(e) The department will stay action to certify the parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance if the parent agrees to make timely payments of current support and agrees to a reasonable payment schedule for payment of the arrears. It is the parent's responsibility to contact in person or by mail the department's division of child support office indicated on the notice within twenty days of service of the notice to arrange for a payment schedule. The department may stay certification for up to thirty days after contact from a parent to arrange for a payment schedule;

(f) If the department certifies the responsible parent to the department of licensing and a licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order, the licensing entity will suspend or not renew the parent's license and the department of licensing will suspend or not renew any driver's
license that the parent holds until the parent provides the department of licensing and the licensing entity with a release from the department stating that the responsible parent is in compliance with the child support order;

(g) Suspension of a license will affect insurability if the responsible parent’s insurance policy excludes coverage for acts occurring after the suspension of a license;

(h) If after receiving the notice of noncompliance with a child support order, the responsible parent files a motion to modify support with the court or requests the department to amend a support obligation established by an administrative decision, the department or the court may stay action to certify the parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order. The responsible parent has the obligation to notify the department that a modification proceeding is pending and provide a copy of the motion or request for modification; and

(i) If the responsible parent subsequently becomes in compliance with the child support order, the department will promptly provide the parent with a release stating that the parent is in compliance with the order, and the parent may request that the licensing entity or the department of licensing reinstate the suspended license.

(3) A responsible parent may request an adjudicative proceeding upon service of the notice described in subsection (1) of this section. The request for an adjudicative proceeding must be received by the department within twenty days of service. The request must be in writing and indicate the current mailing address and daytime phone number, if available, of the responsible parent. The proceedings under this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of chapter 34.05 RCW. The issues that may be considered at the adjudicative proceeding are limited to whether:

(a) The person named as the responsible parent is the responsible parent;
(b) The responsible parent is required to pay child support under a child support order; and
(c) The responsible parent is in compliance with the order.

(4) The decision resulting from the adjudicative proceeding must be in writing and inform the responsible parent of his or her rights to review. The parent’s copy of the decision may be sent by regular mail to the parent’s most recent address of record.

(5) If a responsible parent contacts the department’s division of child support office indicated on the notice of noncompliance within twenty days of service of the notice and requests arrangement of a payment schedule, the department shall stay the certification of noncompliance during negotiation of the schedule for payment of arrears. In no event shall the stay continue for more than thirty days from the date of contact by the parent. The department shall make good faith efforts to establish a schedule for payment of arrears that is fair and reasonable, and that considers the financial situation of the responsible parent and the needs of all children who rely on the responsible parent for support. At the end of the thirty days, if no payment schedule has been agreed to in writing, the department shall proceed with certification of noncompliance.

(6) If a responsible parent timely requests an adjudicative proceeding pursuant to subsection (4) of this section, the department may not certify the name of the parent to the department of licensing or a licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order unless the adjudicative proceeding results in a finding that the responsible parent is not in compliance with the order.

(7) The department may certify to the department of licensing and any appropriate licensing entity the name of a responsible parent who is not in compliance with a child support order if:

(a) The responsible parent does not timely request an adjudicative proceeding upon service of a notice issued under subsection (1) of this section and is not in compliance with a child support order twenty-one days after service of the notice;
(b) An adjudicative proceeding results in a decision that the responsible parent is not in compliance with a child support order;
(c) The court enters a judgment on a petition for judicial review that finds the responsible parent is not in compliance with a child support order;
(d) The department and the responsible parent have been unable to agree on a fair and reasonable schedule of payment of the arrears; or
(e) The responsible parent fails to comply with a payment schedule established pursuant to subsection (5) of this section.

The department shall send by regular mail a copy of any certification of noncompliance filed with the department of licensing or a licensing entity to the responsible parent at the responsible parent’s most recent address of record.
(8) The department of licensing and a licensing entity shall, without undue delay, notify a responsible parent certified by the department under subsection (7) of this section that the parent’s driver’s license or other license has been suspended because the parent’s name has been certified by the department as a responsible parent who is not in compliance with a child support order.

(9) When a responsible parent who is served notice under subsection (1) of this section subsequently complies with the child support order, the department shall promptly provide the parent with a release stating that the responsible parent is in compliance with the order. A copy of the release shall be transmitted by the department to the appropriate licensing entities.

(10) The department may adopt rules to implement and enforce the requirements of this section.

(11) Nothing in this section prohibits a responsible parent from filing a motion to modify support with the court or from requesting the department to amend a support obligation established by an administrative decision. If there is a reasonable likelihood that the motion or request will significantly change the amount of the child support obligation, the department or the court may stay action to certify the responsible parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order. The responsible parent has the obligation to notify the department that a modification proceeding is pending and provide a copy of the motion or request for modification.

(12) The department of licensing and a licensing entity may issue, renew, reinstate, or otherwise extend a license in accordance with the licensing entity’s or the department of licensing’s rules after the licensing entity or the department of licensing receives a copy of the release specified in subsection (9) of this section. The department of licensing and a licensing entity may waive any applicable requirement for reissuance, renewal, or other extension if it determines that the imposition of that requirement places an undue burden on the person and that waiver of the requirement is consistent with the public interest.

(13) The procedures in chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act), constitute the exclusive administrative remedy for contesting the establishment of noncompliance with a child support order and suspension of a license under this section, and satisfy the requirements of RCW 34.05.422.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 803. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department and all of the various licensing entities subject to section 802 of this act shall enter into such agreements as are necessary to carry out the requirements of the license suspension program established in section 802 of this act.

(2) The department and all licensing entities subject to section 802 of this act shall compare data to identify responsible parents who may be subject to the provisions of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act). The comparison may be conducted electronically, or by any other means that is jointly agreeable between the department and the particular licensing entity. The data shared shall be limited to those items necessary to implementation of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act). The purpose of the comparison shall be to identify current licensees who are not in compliance with a child support order, and to provide to the department the following information regarding those licensees:

(a) Name;
(b) Date of birth;
(c) Address of record;
(d) Federal employer identification number and social security number;
(e) Type of license;
(f) Effective date of license or renewal;
(g) Expiration date of license; and
(h) Active or inactive status.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 804. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

In furtherance of the public policy of increasing collection of child support and to assist in evaluation of the program established in section 802 of this act, the department shall report the following to the legislature and the governor on December 1, 1998, and annually thereafter:

(1) The number of responsible parents identified as licensees subject to section 802 of this act;
(2) The number of responsible parents identified by the department as not in compliance with a child support order;
(3) The number of notices of noncompliance served upon responsible parents by the department;
(4) The number of responsible parents served a notice of noncompliance who request an adjudicative proceeding;
(5) The number of adjudicative proceedings held, and the results of the adjudicative proceedings;
(6) The number of responsible parents certified to the department of licensing or licensing entities for noncompliance with a child support order, and the number of each type of licenses that were suspended;
(7) The costs incurred in the implementation and enforcement of section 802 of this act and an estimate of the amount of child support collected due to the department under section 802 of this act;
(8) Any other information regarding this program that the department feels will assist in evaluation of the program;
(9) Recommendations for the addition of specific licenses in the program or exclusion of specific licenses from the program, and reasons for such recommendations; and
(10) Any recommendations for statutory changes necessary for the cost-effective management of the program.

Sec. 805. RCW 74.20A.020 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 2 s 15 are each amended to read as follows: Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the following words and phrases as hereinafter used in this chapter and chapter 74.20 RCW shall have the following meanings:
(1) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
(2) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services, (his) the secretary's designee or authorized representative.
(3) "Dependent child" means any person:
(a) Under the age of eighteen who is not self-supporting, married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States; or
(b) Over the age of eighteen for whom a court order for support exists.
(4) "Support obligation" means the obligation to provide for the necessary care, support, and maintenance, including medical expenses, of a dependent child or other person as required by statutes and the common law of this or another state.
(5) "Superior court order" means any judgment, decree, or order of the superior court of the state of Washington, or a court of comparable jurisdiction of another state, establishing the existence of a support obligation and ordering payment of a set or determinable amount of support moneys to satisfy the support obligation. For purposes of RCW 74.20A.055, orders for support which were entered under the uniform reciprocal enforcement of support act by a state where the responsible parent no longer resides shall not preclude the department from establishing an amount to be paid as current and future support.
(6) "Administrative order" means any determination, finding, decree, or order for support pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055, or by an agency of another state pursuant to a substantially similar administrative process, establishing the existence of a support obligation and ordering the payment of a set or determinable amount of support moneys to satisfy the support obligation.
(7) "Responsible parent" means a natural parent, adoptive parent, or stepparent of a dependent child or a person who has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity which has been filed with the state office of vital statistics and includes the parent of an unmarried minor with a child.
(8) "Stepparent" means the present spouse of the person who is either the mother, father, or adoptive parent of a dependent child, and such status shall exist until terminated as provided for in RCW 26.16.205.
(9) "Support moneys" means any moneys or in-kind providings paid to satisfy a support obligation whether denominated as child support, spouse support, alimony, maintenance, or any other such moneys intended to satisfy an obligation for support of any person or satisfaction in whole or in part of arrears or delinquency on such an obligation.
(10) "Support debt" means any delinquent amount of support moneys which is due, owing, and unpaid under a superior court order or an administrative order, a debt for the payment of expenses for the reasonable or necessary care, support, and maintenance, including medical expenses, of a
dependent child or other person for whom a support obligation is owed; or a debt under RCW 74.20A.100 or 74.20A.270. Support debt also includes any accrued interest, fees, or penalties charged on a support debt, and attorneys fees and other costs of litigation awarded in an action to establish and enforce a support obligation or debt.

(11) "State" means any state or political subdivision, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(12) "Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable withdrawal order account, savings account, time deposit account, or money-market mutual fund account.

(13) "Child support order" means a superior court order or an administrative order.

(14) "Financial institution" means:
(a) A depository institution, as defined in section 3(c) of the federal deposit insurance act;
(b) An institution-affiliated party, as defined in section 3(u) of the federal deposit insurance act;
(c) Any federal or state credit union, as defined in section 101 of the federal credit union act, including an institution-affiliated party of such credit union, as defined in section 206(r) of the federal deposit insurance act; or
(d) Any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money-market mutual fund, or similar entity.

(15) "Licensee" means any individual holding a license, certificate, registration, permit, approval, or other similar document issued by a licensing entity evidencing admission to or granting authority to engage in a profession, occupation, business, industry, recreational pursuit, or the operation of a motor vehicle.

(16) "Licensing entity" includes any department, board, commission, or other organization authorized to issue, renew, suspend, or revoke a license authorizing an individual to engage in a business, occupation, profession, industry, recreational pursuit, or the operation of a motor vehicle, and includes the Washington state supreme court, to the extent that a rule has been adopted by the court to implement suspension of licenses related to the practice of law.

(17) "Noncompliance with a child support order" for the purposes of the license suspension program authorized under section 802 of this act means a responsible parent has:
(a) Accumulated arrears totaling more than six months of child support payments;
(b) Failed to make payments pursuant to a written agreement with the department towards a support arrearage in an amount that exceeds six months of payments; or
(c) Failed to make payments required by a superior court order or administrative order towards a support arrearage in an amount that exceeds six months of payments.

Sec. 806. RCW 46.20.291 and 1993 c 501 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The department is authorized to suspend the license of a driver upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:
(1) Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation or suspension of license is provided by law;
(2) Has, by reckless or unlawful operation of a motor vehicle, caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury to any person or serious property damage;
(3) Has been convicted of offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles, or found to have committed traffic infractions, with such frequency as to indicate a disrespect for traffic laws or a disregard for the safety of other persons on the highways;
(4) Is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle under RCW 46.20.031(3); (((or)))
(5) Has failed to respond to a notice of traffic infraction, failed to appear at a requested hearing, violated a written promise to appear in court, or has failed to comply with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation, as provided in RCW 46.20.289; (((or)))
(6) Has committed one of the prohibited practices relating to drivers’ licenses defined in RCW 46.20.336; or
(7) Has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a child support order as provided in section 802 of this act.
Sec. 807. RCW 46.20.311 and 1995 c 332 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall not suspend a driver’s license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways for a fixed period of more than one year, except as specifically permitted under RCW 46.20.342 or other provision of law. Except for a suspension under RCW 46.20.289 (and 46.20.291(5), or section 802 of this act, whenever the license or driving privilege of any person is suspended by reason of a conviction, a finding that a traffic infraction has been committed, pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, or pursuant to RCW 46.20.291 or 46.20.308, the suspension shall remain in effect until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall determine the person’s eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the alcoholism agency or probation department designated under RCW 46.61.5056 and shall deny reinstatement until enrollment and participation in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified. Whenever the license or driving privilege of any person is suspended as a result of certification of noncompliance with a child support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, the suspension shall remain in effect until the person provides a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order. The department shall not issue to the person a new, duplicate, or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.20.289, 46.61.502, or 46.61.504, the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars.

(2) Any person whose license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways has been revoked, unless the revocation was for a cause which has been removed, is not entitled to have the license or privilege renewed or restored until: (a) After the expiration of one year from the date the license or privilege to drive was revoked; (b) after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.20.3101 or 46.61.5055; (c) after the expiration of two years for persons convicted of vehicular homicide; or (d) after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.20.265. After the expiration of the appropriate period, the person may make application for a new license as provided by law together with a reissue fee in the amount of twenty dollars, but if the revocation is the result of a violation of RCW 46.20.308, 46.61.502, or 46.61.504, the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars. If the revocation is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall determine the person’s eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the alcoholism agency or probation department designated under RCW 46.61.5056 and shall deny reissuance of a license, permit, or privilege to drive until enrollment and participation in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified. Except for a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not then issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways, and until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. For a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant that person the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways.

(3) Whenever the driver’s license of any person is suspended pursuant to Article IV of the nonresident violators compact or RCW 46.23.020 or 46.20.289 or 46.20.291(5), the department shall not issue to the person any new or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a violation of the laws of this or any other state, province, or other jurisdiction involving (a) the operation or physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or (b) the refusal to submit to a chemical test of the driver’s blood alcohol content, the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 808. A new section is added to chapter 48.22 RCW to read as follows:

If a motor vehicle liability insurance policy contains any provision excluding insurance coverage for an unlicensed driver, such provision shall not apply for ninety days from the date of suspension in the event that the department of licensing suspends a driver’s license solely for the nonpayment of child support as provided in chapter 74.20A RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 809. ATTORNEYS. The legislature intends that the license suspension program established in chapter 74.20A RCW be implemented fairly to ensure that child support
obligations are met. However, being mindful of the separations of powers and responsibilities among the branches of government, the legislature strongly encourages the state supreme court to adopt rules providing for suspension and denial of licenses related to the practice of law to those individuals who are in noncompliance with a support order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 810. A new section is added to chapter 2.48 RCW to read as follows:
ATTORNEYS. The Washington state supreme court may provide by rule that no person who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is in noncompliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act may be admitted to the practice of law in this state, and that any member of the Washington state bar association who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is in noncompliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act shall be immediately suspended from membership. The court’s rules may provide for review of an application for admission or reinstatement of membership after the department of social and health services has issued a release stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 811. A new section is added to chapter 18.04 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the certificate or license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 812. RCW 18.04.335 and 1992 c 103 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Upon application in writing and after hearing pursuant to notice, the board may:
   (((4))) (a) Modify the suspension of, or reissue a certificate or license to, an individual whose certificate has been revoked or suspended; or
   (((5))) (b) Modify the suspension of, or reissue a license to a firm whose license has been revoked, suspended, or which the board has refused to renew.
   (2) In the case of suspension for failure to comply with a support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, if the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of a certificate or license shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the individual is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 813. RCW 18.08.350 and 1993 c 475 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in section 815 of this act, a certificate of registration shall be granted by the director to all qualified applicants who are certified by the board as having passed the required examination and as having given satisfactory proof of completion of the required experience.
   (2) Applications for examination shall be filed as the board prescribes by rule. The application and examination fees shall be determined by the director under RCW 43.24.086.
   (3) An applicant for registration as an architect shall be of a good moral character, at least eighteen years of age, and shall possess any of the following qualifications:
      (a) Have an accredited architectural degree and three years’ practical architectural work experience approved by the board, which may include designing buildings as a principal activity. At least two years’ work experience must be supervised by an architect with detailed professional knowledge of the work of the applicant;
      (b) Have eight years’ practical architectural work experience approved by the board. Each year spent in an accredited architectural program approved by the board shall be considered one year of practical experience. At least four years' practical work experience shall be under the direct supervision of an architect; or
      (c) Be a person who has been designing buildings as a principal activity for eight years, or has an equivalent combination of education and experience, but who was not registered under chapter 323, Laws of 1959, as amended, as it existed before July 28, 1992, provided that application is made within four years after July 28, 1992. Nothing in this chapter prevents such a person from designing buildings for four years after July 28, 1992, or the five-year period allowed for completion of the
examination process, after that person has applied for registration. A person who has been designing buildings and is qualified under this subsection shall, upon application to the board of registration for architects, be allowed to take the examination for architect registration on an equal basis with other applicants.

Sec. 814. RCW 18.08.350 and 1993 c 475 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in section 815 of this act, a certificate of registration shall be granted by the director to all qualified applicants who are certified by the board as having passed the required examination and as having given satisfactory proof of completion of the required experience.
(2) Applications for examination shall be filed as the board prescribes by rule. The application and examination fees shall be determined by the director under RCW 43.24.086.
(3) An applicant for registration as an architect shall be of a good moral character, at least eighteen years of age, and shall possess any of the following qualifications:
   (a) Have an accredited architectural degree and three years’ practical architectural work experience approved by the board, which may include designing buildings as a principal activity. At least two years’ work experience must be supervised by an architect with detailed professional knowledge of the work of the applicant; or
   (b) Have eight years’ practical architectural work experience approved by the board. Each year spent in an accredited architectural program approved by the board shall be considered one year of practical experience. At least four years’ practical work experience shall be under the direct supervision of an architect.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 815. A new section is added to chapter 18.08 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration or certificate of authorization to practice architecture of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the individual is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 816. RCW 18.11.160 and 1986 c 324 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) No license shall be issued by the department to any person who has been convicted of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, extortion, criminal conspiracy, fraud, theft, receiving stolen goods, unlawful issuance of checks or drafts, or other similar offense, or to any partnership of which the person is a member, or to any association or corporation of which the person is an officer or in which as a stockholder the person has or exercises a controlling interest either directly or indirectly.
(2) The following shall be grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of a license, or imposition of an administrative fine by the department:
   (a) Misrepresentation or concealment of material facts in obtaining a license;
   (b) Underreporting to the department of sales figures so that the auctioneer or auction company surety bond is in a lower amount than required by law;
   (c) Revocation of a license by another state;
   (d) Misleading or false advertising;
   (e) A pattern of substantial misrepresentations related to auctioneering or auction company business;
   (f) Failure to cooperate with the department in any investigation or disciplinary action;
   (g) Nonpayment of an administrative fine prior to renewal of a license;
   (h) Aiding an unlicensed person to practice as an auctioneer or as an auction company; and
   (i) Any other violations of this chapter.
(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
Sec. 817. RCW 18.16.100 and 1991 c 324 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Upon payment of the proper fee, except as provided in section 818 of this act, the director shall issue the appropriate license to any person who:
   (a) Is at least seventeen years of age or older;
   (b) Has completed and graduated from a course approved by the director of sixteen hundred hours of training in cosmetology, one thousand hours of training in barbering, five hundred hours of training in manicuring, five hundred hours of training in esthetics, and/or five hundred hours of training as an instructor-trainee; and
   (c) Has received a passing grade on the appropriate licensing examination approved or administered by the director.
(2) A person currently licensed under this chapter may qualify for examination and licensure, after the required examination is passed, in another category if he or she has completed the crossover training course approved by the director.
(3) Upon payment of the proper fee, the director shall issue a salon/shop license to the operator of a salon/shop if the salon/shop meets the other requirements of this chapter as demonstrated by information submitted by the operator.
(4) The director may consult with the state board of health and the department of labor and industries in establishing training and examination requirements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 818. A new section is added to chapter 18.16 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 819. A new section is added to chapter 18.20 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 820. RCW 18.27.060 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 2 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A certificate of registration shall be valid for one year and shall be renewed on or before the expiration date. The department shall issue to the applicant a certificate of registration upon compliance with the registration requirements of this chapter.
(2) If the department approves an application, it shall issue a certificate of registration to the applicant. The certificate shall be valid for:
   (a) One year;
   (b) Until the bond expires; or
   (c) Until the insurance expires, whichever comes first. The department shall place the expiration date on the certificate.
(3) A contractor may supply a short-term bond or insurance policy to bring its registration period to the full one year.
(4) If a contractor’s surety bond or other security has an unsatisfied judgment against it or is canceled, or if the contractor’s insurance policy is canceled, the contractor’s registration shall be automatically suspended on the effective date of the impairment or cancellation. The department shall give notice of the suspension to the contractor.
(5) The department shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration of a contractor who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act. The certificate of registration shall not be reissued or renewed unless the person provides to the department a release from the department of social and health services stating that he or she is in compliance with the order and the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension.
Sec. 821. RCW 18.28.060 and 1979 c 156 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
The director shall issue a license to an applicant if the following requirements are met:
(1) The application is complete and the applicant has complied with RCW 18.28.030.
(2) Neither an individual applicant, nor any of the applicant's members if the applicant is a partnership or association, nor any of the applicant's officers or directors if the applicant is a corporation: (a) Has ever been convicted of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud or any other like offense, or has been disbarred from the practice of law; (b) has participated in a violation of this chapter or of any valid rules, orders or decisions of the director promulgated under this chapter; (c) has had a license to engage in the business of debt adjusting revoked or removed for any reason other than for failure to pay licensing fees in this or any other state; or (d) is an employee or owner of a collection agency, or process serving business.
(3) An individual applicant is at least eighteen years of age.
(4) An applicant which is a partnership, corporation, or association is authorized to do business in this state.
(5) An individual applicant for an original license as a debt adjuster has passed an examination administered by the director, which examination may be oral or written, or partly oral and partly written, and shall be practical in nature and sufficiently thorough to ascertain the applicant's fitness. Questions on bookkeeping, credit adjusting, business ethics, agency, contracts, debtor and creditor relationships, trust funds and the provisions of this chapter shall be included in the examination. No applicant may use any books or other similar aids while taking the examination, and no applicant may take the examination more than three times in any twelve month period.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 822. A new section is added to chapter 18.28 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 823. RCW 18.39.181 and 1996 c 217 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
The director shall have the following powers and duties:
(1) To issue all licenses provided for under this chapter;
(2) To renew licenses under this chapter;
(3) To collect all fees prescribed and required under this chapter; (and)
(4) To immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order; and
(5) To keep general books of record of all official acts, proceedings, and transactions of the department of licensing while acting under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 824. A new section is added to chapter 18.39 RCW to read as follows:
In the case of suspension for failure to comply with a support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, if the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of a license shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the individual is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 825. A new section is added to chapter 18.43 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the registration of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for membership during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate of registration shall be automatic upon the board's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 826. A new section is added to chapter 18.44 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 827. RCW 18.46.050 and 1991 c 3 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license in any case in which it finds that there has been failure or refusal to comply with the requirements established under this chapter or the rules adopted under it.
(2) The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of a license denial, revocation, suspension, or modification and provides the right to an adjudicative proceeding but shall not apply to actions taken under subsection (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 828. A new section is added to chapter 18.51 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services, division of support, as a person who is not in compliance with a child support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the division of child support stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 829. A new section is added to chapter 18.76 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the certification of a poison center medical director or a poison information specialist who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certification shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 830. A new section is added to chapter 18.85 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend the license of a broker or salesperson who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 831. RCW 18.96.120 and 1969 ex.s. c 158 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The director may refuse to renew, or may suspend or revoke, a certificate of registration to use the titles landscape architect, landscape architecture, or landscape architectural in this state upon the following grounds:
((4)) (a) The holder of the certificate of registration is impersonating a practitioner or former practitioner.
((2)) (b) The holder of the certificate of registration is guilty of fraud, deceit, gross negligence, gross incompetency or gross misconduct in the practice of landscape architecture.
((3)) (c) The holder of the certificate of registration permits his seal to be affixed to any plans, specifications or drawings that were not prepared by him or under his personal supervision by employees subject to his direction and control.
The holder of the certificate has committed fraud in applying for or obtaining a certificate.

(2) The director shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration of a landscape architect who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate of registration shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 832. RCW 18.104.110 and 1993 c 387 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In cases other than those relating to the failure of a licensee to renew a license, the director may suspend or revoke a license issued pursuant to this chapter for any of the following reasons:

((a)) (a) For fraud or deception in obtaining the license;

((b)) (b) For fraud or deception in reporting under RCW 18.104.050;

((c)) (c) For violating the provisions of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation of the department or the department of health.

(2) The director shall immediately suspend any license issued under this chapter if the holder of the license has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

(3) No license shall be suspended for more than six months, except that a suspension under section 802 of this act shall continue until the department receives a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

(4) No person whose license is revoked shall be eligible to apply for a license for one year from the effective date of the final order of revocation.

Sec. 833. RCW 18.106.070 and 1985 c 465 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in section 834 of this act, the department shall issue a certificate of competency to all applicants who have passed the examination and have paid the fee for the certificate. The certificate shall bear the date of issuance, and shall expire on the birthdate of the holder immediately following the date of issuance. The certificate shall be renewable every other year, upon application, on or before the birthdate of the holder. A renewal fee shall be assessed for each certificate. If a person fails to renew the certificate by the renewal date, he or she must pay a doubled fee. If the person does not renew the certificate within ninety days of the renewal date, he or she must retake the examination and pay the examination fee.

The certificate of competency and the temporary permit provided for in this chapter grant the holder the right to engage in the work of plumbing as a journeyman plumber or specialty plumber in accordance with their provisions throughout the state and within any of its political subdivisions on any job or any employment without additional proof of competency or any other license or permit or fee to engage in the work. This section does not preclude employees from adhering to a union security clause in any employment where such a requirement exists.

(2) A person who is indentured in an apprenticeship program approved under chapter 49.04 RCW for the plumbing construction trade or who is learning the plumbing construction trade may work in the plumbing construction trade if supervised by a certified journeyman plumber or a certified specialty plumber in that plumber’s specialty. All apprentices and individuals learning the plumbing construction trade shall obtain a plumbing training certificate from the department. The certificate shall authorize the holder to learn the plumbing construction trade while under the direct supervision of a journeyman plumber or a specialty plumber working in his or her specialty. The holder of the plumbing training certificate shall renew the certificate annually. At the time of renewal, the holder shall provide the department with an accurate list of the holder’s employers in the plumbing construction industry for the previous year and the number of hours worked for each employer. An annual fee shall be charged for the issuance or renewal of the certificate. The department shall set the fee by rule. The fee shall cover but not exceed the cost of administering and enforcing the trainee certification and supervision requirements of this chapter. Apprentices and individuals learning the plumbing construction trade shall have their plumbing training certificates in their possession at all
times that they are performing plumbing work. They shall show their certificates to an authorized representative of the department at the representative’s request.

(3) Any person who has been issued a plumbing training certificate under this chapter may work if that person is under supervision. Supervision shall consist of a person being on the same job site and under the control of either a journeyman plumber or an appropriate specialty plumber who has an applicable certificate of competency issued under this chapter. Either a journeyman plumber or an appropriate specialty plumber shall be on the same job site as the noncertified individual for a minimum of seventy-five percent of each working day unless otherwise provided in this chapter. The ratio of noncertified individuals to certified journeymen or specialty plumbers working on a job site shall be: (a) From July 28, 1985, through June 30, 1988, not more than three noncertified plumbers working on any one job site for every certified journeyman or specialty plumber; (b) effective July 1, 1988, not more than two noncertified plumbers working on any one job site for every certified specialty plumber or journeyman plumber working as a specialty plumber; and (c) effective July 1, 1988, not more than one noncertified plumber working on any one job site for every certified journeyman plumber working as a journeyman plumber.

An individual who has a current training certificate and who has successfully completed or is currently enrolled in an approved apprenticeship program or in a technical school program in the plumbing construction trade in a school approved by the work force training and education coordinating board, may work without direct on-site supervision during the last six months of meeting the practical experience requirements of this chapter.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 834. A new section is added to chapter 18.106 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend any certificate of competency issued under this chapter if the holder of the certificate has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate of competency shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 835. A new section is added to chapter 18.130 RCW to read as follows:

The secretary shall immediately suspend the license of any person subject to this chapter who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, the secretary shall automatically reissue the person’s license upon receipt of the release, and payment of a reinstatement fee, if any.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 836. A new section is added to chapter 18.140 RCW to read as follows:

A person whose license has been suspended or revoked under this chapter may petition the disciplining authority for reinstatement after an interval as determined by the disciplining authority in the order. The disciplining authority shall hold hearings on the petition and may deny the petition or may order reinstatement and impose terms and conditions as provided in RCW 18.130.160 and issue an order of reinstatement. The disciplining authority may require successful completion of an examination as a condition of reinstatement.

A person whose license has been suspended for noncompliance with a support order under section 802 of this act may petition for reinstatement at any time by providing the secretary a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, the secretary shall automatically reissue the person’s license upon receipt of the release, and payment of a reinstatement fee, if any.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 837. A new section is added to chapter 18.140 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend any license or certificate issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
Sec. 838. RCW 18.145.080 and 1995 c 269 s 504 and 1995 c 27 s 8 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in section 839 of this act, the department shall issue a certificate to any applicant who meets the standards established under this chapter and who:

(1) Is holding one of the following:
   (a) Certificate of proficiency, registered professional reporter, registered merit reporter, or registered diplomate reporter from (the) the national court reporters association;
   (b) Certificate of proficiency or certificate of merit from (the) the national stenomask verbatim reporters association; or
   (c) A current Washington state court reporter certification; or
(2) Has passed an examination approved by the director or an examination that meets or exceeds the standards established by the director.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 839. A new section is added to chapter 18.145 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend any certificate issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 840. RCW 18.160.080 and 1990 c 177 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The state director of fire protection may refuse to issue or renew or may suspend or revoke the privilege of a licensed fire protection sprinkler system contractor or the certificate of a certificate of competency holder to engage in the fire protection sprinkler system business or in lieu thereof, establish penalties as prescribed by Washington state law, for any of the following reasons:
   (a) Gross incompetency or gross negligence in the preparation of technical drawings, installation, repair, alteration, maintenance, inspection, service, or addition to fire protection sprinkler systems;
   (b) Conviction of a felony;
   (c) Fraudulent or dishonest practices while engaging in the fire protection sprinkler systems business;
   (d) Use of false evidence or misrepresentation in an application for a license or certificate of competency;
   (e) Permitting his or her license to be used in connection with the preparation of any technical drawings which have not been prepared by him or her personally or under his or her immediate supervision, or in violation of this chapter; or
   (f) Knowingly violating any provisions of this chapter or the regulations issued thereunder.
(2) The state director of fire protection shall revoke the license of a licensed fire protection sprinkler system contractor or the certificate of a certificate of competency holder who engages in the fire protection sprinkler system business while the license or certificate of competency is suspended.
(3) The state director of fire protection shall immediately suspend any license or certificate issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for issuance or reinstatement during the suspension, issuance or reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
(4) Any licensee or certificate of competency holder who is aggrieved by an order of the state director of fire protection suspending or revoking a license may, within thirty days after notice of such suspension or revocation, appeal under chapter 34.05 RCW. This subsection does not apply to actions taken under subsection (3) of this section.

Sec. 841. RCW 18.165.160 and 1995 c 277 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:

The following acts are prohibited and constitute grounds for disciplinary action, assessing administrative penalties, or denial, suspension, or revocation of any license under this chapter, as deemed appropriate by the director:
(1) Knowingly violating any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter;
(2) Knowingly making a material misstatement or omission in the application for or renewal of a license or firearms certificate, including falsifying requested identification information;
(3) Not meeting the qualifications set forth in RCW 18.165.030, 18.165.040, or 18.165.050;
(4) Failing to return immediately on demand a firearm issued by an employer;
(5) Carrying a firearm in the performance of his or her duties if not the holder of a valid armed private investigator license, or carrying a firearm not meeting the provisions of this chapter while in the performance of his or her duties;
(6) Failing to return immediately on demand company identification, badges, or other items issued to the private investigator by an employer;
(7) Making any statement that would reasonably cause another person to believe that the private investigator is a sworn peace officer;
(8) Divulging confidential information obtained in the course of any investigation to which he or she was assigned;
(9) Acceptance of employment that is adverse to a client or former client and relates to a matter about which a licensee has obtained confidential information by reason of or in the course of the licensee’s employment by the client;
(10) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor or felony or the commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, or corruption whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon such a conviction, however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder or applicant of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the person’s violation of the statute on which it is based. For the purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;
(11) Advertising that is false, fraudulent, or misleading;
(12) Incompetence or negligence that results in injury to a person or that creates an unreasonable risk that a person may be harmed;
(13) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual’s license to practice the profession by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of the order, stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;
(14) Failure to cooperate with the director by:
   (a) Not furnishing any necessary papers or documents requested by the director for purposes of conducting an investigation for disciplinary action, denial, suspension, or revocation of a license under this chapter;
   (b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation covering the matter contained in a complaint filed with the department; or
   (c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the director, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding;
(15) Failure to comply with an order issued by the director or an assurance of discontinuance entered into with the director;
(16) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice if a license is required;
(17) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of the business or profession;
(18) Failure to adequately supervise employees to the extent that the public health or safety is at risk;
(19) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the director or the director’s authorized representative, or by the use of threats or harassment against any client or witness to prevent them from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or any other legal action;
(20) Assigning or transferring any license issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, except as provided in RCW 18.165.050;
(21) Assisting a client to locate, trace, or contact a person when the investigator knows that the client is prohibited by any court order from harassing or contacting the person whom the investigator is being asked to locate, trace, or contact, as it pertains to domestic violence, stalking, or minor children;
(22) Failure to maintain bond or insurance; (or)
(23) Failure to have a qualifying principal in place; or
(24) Being certified as not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 842. A new section is added to chapter 18.165 RCW to read as follows: The director shall immediately suspend a license issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 843. RCW 18.170.170 and 1995 c 277 s 12 are each amended to read as follows: In addition to the provisions of section 844 of this act, the following acts are prohibited and constitute grounds for disciplinary action, assessing administrative penalties, or denial, suspension, or revocation of any license under this chapter, as deemed appropriate by the director:

(1) Knowingly violating any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter;
(2) Practicing fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in any of the private security activities covered by this chapter;
(3) Knowingly making a material misstatement or omission in the application for a license or firearms certificate;
(4) Not meeting the qualifications set forth in RCW 18.170.030, 18.170.040, or 18.170.060;
(5) Failing to return immediately on demand a firearm issued by an employer;
(6) Carrying a firearm in the performance of his or her duties if not the holder of a valid armed private security guard license, or carrying a firearm not meeting the provisions of this chapter while in the performance of his or her duties;
(7) Failing to return immediately on demand any uniform, badge, or other item of equipment issued to the private security guard by an employer;
(8) Making any statement that would reasonably cause another person to believe that the private security guard is a sworn peace officer;
(9) Divulging confidential information that may compromise the security of any premises, or valuables shipment, or any activity of a client to which he or she was assigned;
(10) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor or felony or the commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, or corruption whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon such a conviction, however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder or applicant of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the person’s violation of the statute on which it is based. For the purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;
(11) Misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact in obtaining a license or in reinstatement thereof;
(12) Advertising that is false, fraudulent, or misleading;
(13) Incompetence or negligence that results in injury to a person or that creates an unreasonable risk that a person may be harmed;
(14) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual’s license to practice the profession by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of the order, stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;
(15) Failure to cooperate with the director by:
   (a) Not furnishing any necessary papers or documents requested by the director for purposes of conducting an investigation for disciplinary action, denial, suspension, or revocation of a license under this chapter;
   (b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation covering the matter contained in a complaint filed with the department; or
   (c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the director, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding;
(16) Failure to comply with an order issued by the director or an assurance of discontinuance entered into with the disciplining authority;
(17) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice if a license is required;
(18) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of the business or profession;
(19) Failure to adequately supervise employees to the extent that the public health or safety is at risk;
(20) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the director or the director’s authorized representative, or by the use of threats or harassment against a client or witness to prevent them from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or any other legal action;
(21) Assigning or transferring any license issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, except as provided in RCW 18.170.060;
(22) Failure to maintain insurance; and
(23) Failure to have a qualifying principal in place.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 844. A new section is added to chapter 18.170 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend any license issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 845. A new section is added to chapter 18.175 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend a certificate of registration issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 846. A new section is added to chapter 18.185 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend any license issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 487. RCW 43.20A.205 and 1989 c 175 s 95 are each amended to read as follows:
This section governs the denial of an application for a license or the suspension, revocation, or modification of a license by the department.
(1) The department shall give written notice of the denial of an application for a license to the applicant or his or her agent. The department shall give written notice of revocation, suspension, or modification of a license to the licensee or his or her agent. The notice shall state the reasons for the action. The notice shall be personally served in the manner of service of a summons in a civil action or shall be given in another manner that shows proof of receipt.
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and in subsection (4) of this section, revocation, suspension, or modification is effective twenty-eight days after the licensee or the agent receives the notice.
(a) The department may make the date the action is effective later than twenty-eight days after receipt. If the department does so, it shall state the effective date in the written notice given the licensee or agent.
(b) The department may make the date the action is effective sooner than twenty-eight days after receipt when necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the effective date in the written notice given to the licensee or agent.
(c) When the department has received certification pursuant to chapter 74.20A RCW from the division of child support that the licensee is a person who is not in compliance with a support order, the department shall provide that the suspension is effective immediately upon receipt of the suspension notice by the licensee.

(3) Except for licensees suspended for noncompliance with a support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, a license applicant or licensee who is aggrieved by a department denial, revocation, suspension, or modification has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the adverse notice, be served on and received by the department within twenty-eight days of the license applicant’s or licensee’s receiving the adverse notice, and be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt.

(4)(a) If the department gives a licensee twenty-eight or more days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee files an appeal before its effective date, the department shall not implement the adverse action until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if the appellant causes an unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good cause.

(b) If the department gives a licensee less than twenty-eight days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee timely files a sufficient appeal, the department may implement the adverse action on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or reviewing officer may order the department to stay implementation of part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good cause.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 848. A new section is added to chapter 28A.410 RCW to read as follows:

Any certificate or permit authorized under this chapter or chapter 28A.405 RCW shall be suspended by the authority authorized to grant the certificate or permit if the department of social and health services certifies that the person is not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act. If the person continues to meet other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate or permit shall be automatic after the person provides the authority a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 849. RCW 43.70.115 and 1991 c 3 s 377 are each amended to read as follows:

This section governs the denial of an application for a license or the suspension, revocation, or modification of a license by the department. This section does not govern actions taken under chapter 18.130 RCW.

(1) The department shall give written notice of the denial of an application for a license to the applicant or his or her agent. The department shall give written notice of revocation, suspension, or modification of a license to the licensee or his or her agent. The notice shall state the reasons for the action. The notice shall be personally served in the manner of service of a summons in a civil action or shall be given in (another) manner that shows proof of receipt.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and in subsection (4) of this section, revocation, suspension, or modification is effective twenty-eight days after the licensee or the agent receives the notice.

(a) The department may make the date the action is effective later than twenty-eight days after receipt. If the department does so, it shall state the effective date in the written notice given the licensee or agent.

(b) The department may make the date the action is effective sooner than twenty-eight days after receipt when necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the effective date in the written notice given to the licensee or agent.

(c) When the department has received certification pursuant to chapter 74.20A RCW from the department of social and health services that the licensee is a person who is not in compliance with a child support order, the department shall provide that the suspension is effective immediately upon receipt of the suspension notice by the licensee.
(3) Except for licensees suspended for noncompliance with a child support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, a license applicant or licensee who is aggrieved by a department denial, revocation, suspension, or modification has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the adverse notice, be served on and received by the department within twenty-eight days of the license applicant’s or licensee’s receiving the adverse notice, and be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt.

(4)(a) If the department gives a licensee twenty-eight or more days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee files an appeal before its effective date, the department shall not implement the adverse action until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if the appellant causes an unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good cause.

(b) If the department gives a licensee less than twenty-eight days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee timely files a sufficient appeal, the department may implement the adverse action on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or reviewing officer may order the department to stay implementation of part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good cause.

Sec. 850. RCW 19.28.310 and 1996 c 241 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department has the power, in case of serious noncompliance with the provisions of this chapter, to revoke or suspend for such a period as it determines, any electrical contractor license or electrical contractor administrator certificate issued under this chapter. The department shall notify the holder of the license or certificate of the revocation or suspension by certified mail. A revocation or suspension is effective twenty days after the holder receives the notice. Any revocation or suspension is subject to review by an appeal to the board. The filing of an appeal stays the effect of a revocation or suspension until the board makes its decision. The appeal shall be filed within twenty days after notice of the revocation or suspension is given by certified mail sent to the address of the holder of the license or certificate as shown on the application for the license or certificate, and shall be effected by filing a written notice of appeal with the department, accompanied by a certified check for two hundred dollars, which shall be returned to the holder of the license or certificate if the decision of the department is not sustained by the board. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. If the board sustains the decision of the department, the two hundred dollars shall be applied by the department to the payment of the per diem and expenses of the members of the board incurred in the matter, and any balance remaining after payment of per diem and expenses shall be paid into the electrical license fund.

(2) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 851. RCW 19.28.580 and 1988 c 81 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department may revoke any certificate of competency upon the following grounds:

(a) The certificate was obtained through error or fraud;

(b) The holder thereof is judged to be incompetent to work in the electrical construction trade as a journeyman electrician or specialty electrician;

(c) The holder thereof has violated any of the provisions of RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 or any rule adopted under this chapter.

(2) Before any certificate of competency shall be revoked, the holder shall be given written notice of the department’s intention to do so, mailed by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the holder’s last known address. The notice shall enumerate the allegations against the holder, and shall give the holder the opportunity to request a hearing before the board. At the hearing, the department and the holder may produce witnesses and give testimony. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. The board shall render its decision based upon the testimony and
evidence presented, and shall notify the parties immediately upon reaching its decision. A majority of the board shall be necessary to render a decision.

(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 852. RCW 19.30.060 and 1985 c 280 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person may protest the grant or renewal of a license under this section. The director may revoke, suspend, or refuse to issue or renew any license when it is shown that:

(1) The farm labor contractor or any agent of the contractor has violated or failed to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter;

(2) The farm labor contractor has made any misrepresentations or false statements in his or her application for a license;

(3) The conditions under which the license was issued have changed or no longer exist;

(4) The farm labor contractor, or any agent of the contractor, has violated or wilfully aided or abetted any person in the violation of, or failed to comply with, any law of the state of Washington regulating employment in agriculture, the payment of wages to farm employees, or the conditions, terms, or places of employment affecting the health and safety of farm employees, which is applicable to the business activities, or operations of the contractor in his or her capacity as a farm labor contractor;

(5) The farm labor contractor or any agent of the contractor has in recruiting farm labor solicited or induced the violation of any then existing contract of employment of such laborers; or

(6) The farm labor contractor or any agent of the contractor has an unsatisfied judgment against him or her in any state or federal court, arising out of his or her farm labor contracting activities.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 853. RCW 19.16.120 and 1994 c 195 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to other provisions of this chapter, any license issued pursuant to this chapter or any application therefor may be denied, not renewed, revoked, or suspended, or in lieu of or in addition to suspension a licensee may be assessed a civil, monetary penalty in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars:

(1) If an individual applicant or licensee is less than eighteen years of age or is not a resident of this state.

(2) If an applicant or licensee is not authorized to do business in this state.

(3) If the application or renewal forms required by this chapter are incomplete, fees required under RCW 19.16.140 and 19.16.150, if applicable, have not been paid, and the surety bond or cash deposit or other negotiable security acceptable to the director required by RCW 19.16.190, if applicable, has not been filed or renewed or is canceled.

(4) If any individual applicant, owner, officer, director, or managing employee of a nonindividual applicant or licensee:

(a) Shall have knowingly made a false statement of a material fact in any application for a collection agency license or an out-of-state collection agency license or renewal thereof, or in any data attached thereto and two years have not elapsed since the date of such statement;

(b) Shall have had a license to engage in the business of a collection agency or out-of-state collection agency denied, not renewed, suspended, or revoked by this state, any other state, or foreign country, for any reason other than the nonpayment of licensing fees or failure to meet bonding requirements: PROVIDED, That the terms of this subsection shall not apply if:

(i) Two years have elapsed since the time of any such denial, nonrenewal, or revocation; or

(ii) The terms of any such suspension have been fulfilled;
(c) Has been convicted in any court of any felony involving forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, or conspiracy to defraud and is incarcerated for that offense or five years have not elapsed since the date of such conviction;

(d) Has had any judgment entered against him in any civil action involving forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, or conspiracy to defraud and five years have not elapsed since the date of the entry of the final judgment in said action: PROVIDED, That in no event shall a license be issued unless the judgment debt has been discharged;

(e) Has had his license to practice law suspended or revoked and two years have not elapsed since the date of such suspension or revocation, unless he has been relicensed to practice law in this state;

(f) Has had any judgment entered against him or it under the provisions of RCW 19.86.080 or 19.86.090 involving a violation or violations of RCW 19.86.020 and two years have not elapsed since the entry of the final judgment: PROVIDED, That in no event shall a license be issued unless the terms of such judgment, if any, have been fully complied with: PROVIDED FURTHER, That said judgment shall not be grounds for denial, suspension, nonrenewal, or revocation of a license unless the judgment arises out of and is based on acts of the applicant, owner, officer, director, managing employee, or licensee while acting for or as a collection agency or an out-of-state collection agency;

(g) Has petitioned for bankruptcy, and two years have not elapsed since the filing of said petition;

(h) Shall be insolvent in the sense that his or its liabilities exceed his or its assets or in the sense that he or it cannot meet his or its obligations as they mature;

(i) Has failed to pay any civil, monetary penalty assessed in accordance with RCW 19.16.351 or 19.16.360 within ten days after the assessment becomes final;

(j) Has knowingly failed to comply with, or violated any provisions of this chapter or any rule or regulation issued pursuant to this chapter, and two years have not elapsed since the occurrence of said noncompliance or violation; or

(k) Has been found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have violated the federal fair debt collection practices act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1692 et seq., or the Washington state consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW, and two years have not elapsed since that finding.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person who is engaged in the collection agency business as of January 1, 1972 shall, upon filing the application, paying the fees, and filing the surety bond or cash deposit or other negotiable security in lieu of bond required by this chapter, be issued a license (hereunder) under this chapter.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 854. RCW 19.31.130 and 1969 ex.s. c 228 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In accordance with the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW as now or as hereafter amended, the director may by order deny, suspend or revoke the license of any employment agency if he finds that the applicant or licensee:

((4))) (a) Was previously the holder of a license issued under this chapter, which was revoked for cause and never reissued by the director, or which license was suspended for cause and the terms of the suspension have not been fulfilled;

((2))) (b) Has been found guilty of any felony within the past five years involving moral turpitude, or for any misdemeanor concerning fraud or conversion, or suffering any judgment in any civil action involving willful fraud, misrepresentation or conversion;

((4))) (c) Has made a false statement of a material fact in his application or in any data attached thereto;

((4))) (d) Has violated any provisions of this chapter, or failed to comply with any rule or regulation issued by the director pursuant to this chapter.

(2) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other
requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 855.** RCW 19.32.060 and 1943 c 117 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director of agriculture may cancel or suspend any such license if he finds after proper investigation that (a) the licensee has violated any provision of this chapter or of any other law of this state relating to the operation of refrigerated lockers or of the sale of any human food in connection therewith, or any regulation effective under any act the administration of which is in the charge of the department of agriculture, or (b) the licensed refrigerated locker premises or any equipment used therein or in connection therewith is in an unsanitary condition and the licensee has failed or refused to remedy the same within ten days after receipt from the director of agriculture of written notice to do so.

(2) No license shall be revoked or suspended by the director without delivery to the licensee of a written statement of the charge involved and an opportunity to answer such charge within ten days from the date of such notice.

(3) Any order made by the director suspending or revoking any license may be reviewed by certiorari in the superior court of the county in which the licensed premises are located, within ten days from the date notice in writing of the director's order revoking or suspending such license has been served upon him.

(4) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 856.** RCW 19.105.380 and 1988 c 159 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A registration or an application for registration of camping resort contracts or renewals thereof may be denied, suspended, or revoked if the director finds that:

(a) The advertising, sales techniques, or trade practices of the applicant, registrant, or its affiliate or agent have been or are deceptive, false, or misleading;

(b) The applicant or registrant has failed to file copies of the camping resort contract form under RCW 19.105.360;

(c) The applicant, registrant, or affiliate has failed to comply with any provision of this chapter, the rules adopted or the conditions of a permit granted under this chapter, or a stipulation or final order previously entered into by the operator or issued by the department under this chapter;

(d) The applicant's, registrant's, or affiliate's offering of camping resort contracts has worked or would work a fraud upon purchasers or owners of camping resort contracts;

(e) The camping resort operator or any officer, director, or affiliate of the camping resort operator has been within the last five years convicted of or pleaded nolo contendere to any misdemeanor or felony involving conversion, embezzlement, theft, fraud, or dishonesty, has been enjoined from or had any civil penalty assessed for a finding of dishonest dealing or fraud in a civil suit, or been found to have engaged in any violation of any act designed to protect consumers, or has been engaged in dishonest practices in any industry involving sales to consumers;

(f) The applicant or registrant has represented or is representing to purchasers in connection with the offer or sale of a camping resort contract that a camping resort property, facility, amenity camp site, or other development is planned, promised, or required, and the applicant or registrant has not provided the director with a security or assurance of performance as required by this chapter;

(g) The applicant or registrant has not provided or is no longer providing the director with the necessary security arrangements to assure future availability of titles or properties as required by this chapter or agreed to in the permit to market;

(h) The applicant or registrant is or has been employing unregistered salespersons or offering or proposing a membership referral program not in compliance with this chapter;

(i) The applicant or registrant has breached any escrow, impound, reserve account, or trust arrangement or the conditions of an order or permit to market required by this chapter;
(j) The applicant or registrant has breached any stipulation or order entered into in settlement of the department’s filing of a previous administrative action;

(k) The applicant or registrant has filed or caused to be filed with the director any document or affidavit, or made any statement during the course of a registration or exemption procedure with the director, that is materially untrue or misleading;

(l) The applicant or registrant has engaged in a practice of failing to provide the written disclosures to purchasers or prospective purchasers as required under this chapter;

(m) The applicant, registrant, or any of its officers, directors, or employees, if the operator is other than a natural person, have wilfully done, or permitted any of their salespersons or agents to do, any of the following:

   (i) Engage in a pattern or practice of making untrue or misleading statements of a material fact, or omitting to state a material fact;

   (ii) Employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud purchasers or members;

   (iii) Engage in a pattern or practice of failing to provide the written disclosures to purchasers or prospective purchasers as required under this chapter;

(n) The applicant or registrant has failed to provide a bond, letter of credit, or other arrangement to assure delivery of promised gifts, prizes, awards, or other items of consideration, as required under this chapter, breached such a security arrangement, or failed to maintain such a security arrangement in effect because of a resignation or loss of a trustee, impound, or escrow agent;

(o) The applicant or registrant has engaged in a practice of selling contracts using material amendments or codicils that have not been filed or are the consequences of breaches or alterations in previously filed contracts;

(p) The applicant or registrant has engaged in a practice of selling or proposing to sell contracts in a ratio of contracts to sites available in excess of that filed in the affidavit required by this chapter;

(q) The camping resort operator has withdrawn, has the right to withdraw, or is proposing to withdraw from use all or any portion of any camping resort property devoted to the camping resort program, unless:

   (i) Adequate provision has been made to provide within a reasonable time thereafter a substitute property in the same general area that is at least as desirable for the purpose of camping and outdoor recreation;

   (ii) The property is withdrawn because, despite good faith efforts by the camping resort operator, a nonaffiliate of the camping resort has exercised a right of withdrawal from use by the camping resort (such as withdrawal following expiration of a lease of the property to the camping resort) and the terms of the withdrawal right have been disclosed in writing to all purchasers at or prior to the time of any sales of camping resort contracts after the camping resort has represented to purchasers that the property is or will be available for camping or recreation purposes;

   (iii) The specific date upon which the withdrawal becomes effective has been disclosed in writing to all purchasers and members prior to the time of any sales of camping resort contracts after the camping resort has represented to purchasers that the property is or will be available for camping or recreation purposes;

   (iv) The rights of members and owners of the camping resort contracts under the express terms of the camping resort contract have expired, or have been specifically limited, upon the lapse of a stated or determinable period of time, and the director by order has found that the withdrawal is not otherwise inconsistent with the protection of purchasers or the desire of the majority of the owners of camping resort contracts, as expressed in their previously obtained vote of approval;

   (r) The format, form, or content of the written disclosures provided therein is not complete, full, or materially accurate, or statements made therein are materially false, misleading, or deceptive;

   (s) The applicant or registrant has failed or declined to respond to any subpoena lawfully issued and served by the department under this chapter;

   (t) The applicant or registrant has failed to file an amendment for a material change in the manner or at the time required under this chapter or its implementing rules;

   (u) The applicant or registrant has filed voluntarily or been placed involuntarily into a federal bankruptcy or is proposing to do so; or

   (v) A camping resort operator’s rights or interest in a campground has been terminated by foreclosure or the operations in a camping resort have been terminated in a manner contrary to contract provisions.
Any applicant or registrant who has violated subsection (1)(a), (b), (c), (f), (h), (i), (j), (l), (m), or (n) of this section may be fined by the director in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars for each such violation. Proceedings seeking such fines shall be held in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW and may be filed either separately or in conjunction with other administrative proceedings to deny, suspend, or revoke registrations authorized under this chapter. Fines collected from such proceedings shall be deposited in the state general fund.

An operator, registrant, or applicant against whom administrative or legal proceedings have been filed shall be responsible for and shall reimburse the state, by payment into the general fund, for all administrative and legal costs actually incurred by the department in issuing, processing, and conducting any such administrative or legal proceeding authorized under this chapter that results in a final legal or administrative determination of any type or degree in favor of the department.

No order may be entered under this section without appropriate prior notice to the applicant or registrant of opportunity for a hearing and written findings of fact and conclusions of law, except that the director may by order summarily deny an application for registration or renewal under any of the above subsections and may summarily suspend or revoke a registration under subsection (1)(d), (f), (g), (h), (i), (k), (l), (m), and (n) of this section. No fine may be imposed by summary order.

The proceedings to deny an application or renewal, suspend or revoke a registration or permit, whether summarily or otherwise, or impose a fine shall be held in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

The director may enter into assurances of discontinuance in lieu of issuing a statement of charges or a cease and desist order or conducting a hearing under this chapter. The assurances shall consist of a statement of the law in question and an agreement not to violate the stated provision. The applicant or registrant shall not be required to admit to any violation of the law, nor shall the assurance be construed as such an admission. Violating or breaching an assurance under this subsection is grounds for suspension or revocation of registration or imposition of a fine.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 857. RCW 19.105.440 and 1988 c 159 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A salesperson may apply for registration by filing in a complete and readable form with the director an application form provided by the director which includes the following:

(a) A statement whether or not the applicant within the past five years has been convicted of, pleaded nolo contendere to, or been ordered to serve probation for a period of a year or more for any misdemeanor or felony involving conversion, embezzlement, theft, fraud, or dishonesty or the applicant has been enjoined from, had any civil penalty assessed for, or been found to have engaged in any violation of any act designed to protect consumers;

(b) A statement fully describing the applicant’s employment history for the past five years and whether or not any termination of employment during the last five years was the result of any theft, fraud, or act of dishonesty;

(c) A consent to service comparable to that required of operators under this chapter; and

(d) Required filing fees.

(2) The director may by order deny, suspend, or revoke a camping resort salesperson’s registration or application for registration under this chapter or the person’s license or application under chapter 18.85 RCW, or impose a fine on such persons not exceeding two hundred dollars per violation, if the director finds that the order is necessary for the protection of purchasers or owners of camping resort contracts and the applicant or registrant is guilty of:

(a) Obtaining registration by means of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment, or through the mistake or inadvertence of the director;

(b) Violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any lawful rules adopted by the director pursuant thereto;

(c) Being convicted in a court of competent jurisdiction of this or any other state, or federal court, of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, bribery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any similar offense or offenses. For the purposes of this section, "being
convicted" includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction, and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;

(d) Making, printing, publishing, distributing, or causing, authorizing, or knowingly permitting the making, printing, publication, or distribution of false statements, descriptions, or promises of such character as to reasonably induce any person to act thereon, if the statements, descriptions, or promises purport to be made or to be performed by either the applicant or registrant and the applicant or registrant then knew or, by the exercise of reasonable care and inquiry, could have known, of the falsity of the statements, descriptions, or promises;

(e) Knowingly committing, or being a party to, any material fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, conspiracy, collusion, trick, scheme, or device whereby any other person lawfully relies upon the work, representation, or conduct of the applicant or registrant;

(f) Failing, upon demand, to disclose to the director or the director's authorized representatives acting by authority of law any information within his or her knowledge or to produce for inspection any document, book or record in his or her possession, which is material to the salesperson's registration or application for registration;

(g) Continuing to sell camping resort contracts in a manner whereby the interests of the public are endangered, if the director has, by order in writing, stated objections thereto;

(h) Committing any act of fraudulent or dishonest dealing or a crime involving moral turpitude, and a certified copy of the final holding of any court of competent jurisdiction in such matter shall be conclusive evidence in any hearing under this chapter;

(i) Misrepresentation of membership in any state or national association; or

(j) Discrimination against any person in hiring or in sales activity on the basis of race, color, creed, or national origin, or violating any state or federal antidiscrimination law.

(3) No order may be entered under this section without appropriate prior notice to the applicant or registrant of opportunity for a hearing and written findings of fact and conclusions of law, except that the director may by order summarily deny an application for registration under this section.

(4) The proceedings to deny an application or renewal, suspend or revoke a registration or permit, whether summarily or otherwise, or impose a fine shall be held in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

(5) The director, subsequent to any complaint filed against a salesperson or pursuant to an investigation to determine violations, may enter into stipulated assurances of discontinuances in lieu of issuing a statement of charges or a cease and desist order or conducting a hearing. The assurance shall consist of a statement of the law in question and an agreement not to violate the stated provision. The salesperson shall not be required to admit to any violation of the law, nor shall the assurance be construed as such an admission. Violation of an assurance under this subsection is grounds for a disciplinary action, a suspension of registration, or a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars.

(6) The director may by rule require such further information or conditions for registration as a camping resort salesperson, including qualifying examinations and fingerprint cards prepared by authorized law enforcement agencies, as the director deems necessary to protect the interests of purchasers.

(7) Registration as a camping resort salesperson shall be effective for a period of one year unless the director specifies otherwise or the salesperson transfers employment to a different registrant. Registration as a camping resort salesperson shall be renewed annually, or at the time of transferring employment, whichever occurs first, by the filing of a form prescribed by the director for that purpose.

(8) It is unlawful for a registrant of camping resort contracts to employ or a person to act as a camping resort salesperson covered under this section unless the salesperson has in effect with the department and displays a valid registration in a conspicuous location at each of the sales offices at which the salesperson is employed. It is the responsibility of both the operator and the salesperson to notify the department when and where a salesperson is employed, his or her responsibilities and duties, and when the salesperson’s employment or reported duties are changed or terminated.

(9) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
Sec. 858. RCW 19.138.130 and 1996 c 180 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The director may deny, suspend, or revoke the registration of a seller of travel if the director finds that the applicant:
   (a) Was previously the holder of a registration issued under this chapter, and the registration was revoked for cause and never reissued by the director, or the registration was suspended for cause and the terms of the suspension have not been fulfilled;
   (b) Has been found guilty of a felony within the past five years involving moral turpitude, or of a misdemeanor concerning fraud or conversion, or suffers a judgment in a civil action involving willful fraud, misrepresentation, or conversion;
   (c) Has made a false statement of a material fact in an application under this chapter or in data attached to it;
   (d) Has violated this chapter or failed to comply with a rule adopted by the director under this chapter;
   (e) Has failed to display the registration as provided in this chapter;
   (f) Has published or circulated a statement with the intent to deceive, misrepresent, or mislead the public; or
   (g) Has committed a fraud or fraudulent practice in the operation and conduct of a travel agency business, including, but not limited to, intentionally misleading advertising.
(2) If the seller of travel is found in violation of this chapter or in violation of the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW, by the entry of a judgment or by settlement of a claim, the director may revoke the registration of the seller of travel, and the director may reinstate the registration at the director's discretion.
(3) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 859. RCW 19.158.050 and 1989 c 20 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) In order to maintain or defend a lawsuit or do any business in this state, a commercial telephone solicitor must be registered with the department of licensing. Prior to doing business in this state, a commercial telephone solicitor shall register with the department of licensing. Doing business in this state includes both commercial telephone solicitation from a location in Washington and solicitation of purchasers located in Washington.
(2) The department of licensing, in registering commercial telephone solicitors, shall have the authority to require the submission of information necessary to assist in identifying and locating a commercial telephone solicitor, including past business history, prior judgments, and such other information as may be useful to purchasers.
(3) The department of licensing shall issue a registration number to the commercial telephone solicitor.
(4) It is a violation of this chapter for a commercial telephone solicitor to:
   (a) Fail to maintain a valid registration;
   (b) Advertise that one is registered as a commercial telephone solicitor or to represent that such registration constitutes approval or endorsement by any government or governmental office or agency;
   (c) Provide inaccurate or incomplete information to the department of licensing when making a registration application; or
   (d) Represent that a person is registered or that such person has a valid registration number when such person does not.
(5) An annual registration fee shall be assessed by the department of licensing, the amount of which shall be determined at the discretion of the director of the department of licensing, and which shall be reasonably related to the cost of administering the provisions of this chapter.
(6) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be
automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 860.** RCW 19.166.040 and 1995 c 60 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An application for registration as an international student exchange visitor placement organization shall be submitted in the form prescribed by the secretary of state. The application shall include:

(a) Evidence that the organization meets the standards established by the secretary of state under RCW 19.166.050;
(b) The name, address, and telephone number of the organization, its chief executive officer, and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for supervising placements within the state;
(c) The organization’s unified business identification number, if any;
(d) The organization’s United States Information Agency number, if any;
(e) Evidence of council on standards for international educational travel listing, if any;
(f) Whether the organization is exempt from federal income tax; and
(g) A list of the organization’s placements in Washington for the previous academic year including the number of students placed, their home countries, the school districts in which they were placed, and the length of their placements.

(2) The application shall be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for supervising placements within Washington. If the secretary of state determines that the application is complete, the secretary of state shall file the application and the applicant is registered.

(3) International student exchange visitor placement organizations that have registered shall inform the secretary of state of any changes in the information required under subsection (1) of this section within thirty days of the change.

(4) Registration shall be renewed annually as established by rule by the office of the secretary of state.

(5) The office of the secretary of state shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the office of the secretary of state’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 861.** A new section is added to chapter 20.01 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 862.** RCW 21.20.110 and 1994 c 256 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

The director may by order deny, suspend, or revoke registration of any broker-dealer, salesperson, investment adviser representative, or investment adviser; censure or fine the registrant or an officer, director, partner, or person occupying similar functions for a registrant; or restrict or limit a registrant’s function or activity of business for which registration is required in this state; if the director finds that the order is in the public interest and that the applicant or registrant or, in the case of a broker-dealer or investment adviser, any partner, officer, or director:

(1) Has filed an application for registration under this section which, as of its effective date, or as of any date after filing in the case of an order denying effectiveness, was incomplete in any material respect or contained any statement which was, in the light of the circumstances under which it was made, false, or misleading with respect to any material fact;
(2) Has willfully violated or willfully failed to comply with any provision of this chapter or a predecessor act or any rule or order under this chapter or a predecessor act, or any provision of chapter 21.30 RCW or any rule or order thereunder;
(3) Has been convicted, within the past five years, of any misdemeanor involving a security, or a commodity contract or commodity option as defined in RCW 21.30.010, or any aspect of the securities or investment commodities business, or any felony involving moral turpitude;

(4) Is permanently or temporarily enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice involving any aspect of the securities or investment commodities business;

(5) Is the subject of an order of the director denying, suspending, or revoking registration as a broker-dealer, salesperson, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative;

(6) Is the subject of an order entered within the past five years by the securities administrator of any other state or by the federal securities and exchange commission denying or revoking registration as a broker-dealer or salesperson, or a commodity broker-dealer or sales representative, or the substantial equivalent of those terms as defined in this chapter or by the commodity futures trading commission denying or revoking registration as a commodity merchant as defined in RCW 21.30.010, or is the subject of an order of suspension or expulsion from membership in or association with a self-regulatory organization registered under the securities exchange act of 1934 or the federal commodity exchange act, or is the subject of a United States post office fraud order; but (a) the director may not institute a revocation or suspension proceeding under this clause more than one year from the date of the order relied on, and (b) the director may not enter any order under this clause on the basis of an order unless that order was based on facts which would currently constitute a ground for an order under this section;

(7) Has engaged in dishonest or unethical practices in the securities or investment commodities business;

(8) Is insolvent, either in the sense that his or her liabilities exceed his or her assets or in the sense that he or she cannot meet his or her obligations as they mature; but the director may not enter an order against a broker-dealer or investment adviser under this clause without a finding of insolvency as to the broker-dealer or investment adviser;

(9) Has not complied with a condition imposed by the director under RCW 21.20.100, or is not qualified on the basis of such factors as training, experience, or knowledge of the securities business; or

(10)(a) Has failed to supervise reasonably a salesperson or an investment adviser representative. For the purposes of this subsection, no person fails to supervise reasonably another person, if:

(i) There are established procedures, and a system for applying those procedures, that would reasonably be expected to prevent and detect, insofar as practicable, any violation by another person of this chapter, or a rule or order under this chapter; and

(ii) The supervising person has reasonably discharged the duties and obligations required by these procedures and system without reasonable cause to believe that another person was violating this chapter or rules or orders under this chapter.

(b) The director may issue a summary order pending final determination of a proceeding under this section upon a finding that it is in the public interest and necessary or appropriate for the protection of investors. The director may not impose a fine under this section except after notice and opportunity for hearing. The fine imposed under this section may not exceed five thousand dollars for each act or omission that constitutes the basis for issuing the order.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 863. A new section is added to chapter 48.17 RCW to read as follows:

The commissioner shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the commissioner’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 864. A new section is added to chapter 74.15 RCW to read as follows:
The secretary shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the secretary’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 865. A new section is added to chapter 47.68 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 866. A new section is added to chapter 71.12 RCW to read as follows:
The department of health shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department of health’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 867. RCW 66.20.320 and 1996 c 311 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The board shall regulate a required alcohol server education program that includes:
(a) Development of the curriculum and materials for the education program;
(b) Examination and examination procedures;
(c) Certification procedures, enforcement policies, and penalties for education program instructors and providers;
(d) The curriculum for an approved class 12 alcohol permit training program that includes but is not limited to the following subjects:
   (i) The physiological effects of alcohol including the effects of alcohol in combination with drugs;
   (ii) Liability and legal information;
   (iii) Driving while intoxicated;
   (iv) Intervention with the problem customer, including ways to stop service, ways to deal with the belligerent customer, and alternative means of transportation to get the customer safely home;
   (v) Methods for checking proper identification of customers;
   (vi) Nationally recognized programs, such as TAM (Techniques in Alcohol Management) and TIPS (Training for Intervention Programs) modified to include Washington laws and regulations.
(2) The board shall provide the program through liquor licensee associations, independent contractors, private persons, private or public schools certified by the board, or any combination of such providers.
(3) Except as provided in section 869 of this act, each training entity shall provide a class 12 permit to the manager or bartender who has successfully completed a course the board has certified. A list of the individuals receiving the class 12 permit shall be forwarded to the board on the completion of each course given by the training entity.
(4) After January 1, 1997, the board shall require all alcohol servers applying for a class 13 alcohol server permit to view a video training session. Retail liquor licensees shall fully compensate employees for the time spent participating in this training session.
(5) When requested by a retail liquor licensee, the board shall provide copies of videotaped training programs that have been produced by private vendors and make them available for a nominal fee to cover the cost of purchasing and shipment, with the fees being deposited in the liquor revolving fund for distribution to the board as needed.
(6) Each training entity may provide the board with a video program of not less than one hour that covers the subjects in subsection (1)(d)(i) through (v) of this section that will be made available to a licensee for the training of a class 13 alcohol server.

(7) Except as provided in section 869 of this act, applicants shall be given a class 13 permit upon the successful completion of the program.

(8) A list of the individuals receiving the class 13 permit shall be forwarded to the board on the completion of each video training program.

(9) The board shall develop a model permit for the class 12 and 13 permits. The board may provide such permits to training entities or licensees for a nominal cost to cover production.

(10)(a) Persons who have completed a nationally recognized alcohol management or intervention program since July 1, 1993, may be issued a class 12 or 13 permit upon providing proof of completion of such training to the board.

(b) Persons who completed the board’s alcohol server training program after July 1, 1993, but before July 1, 1995, may be issued a class 13 permit upon providing proof of completion of such training to the board.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 868. A new section is added to chapter 66.20 RCW to read as follows:

The board shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 869. A new section is added to chapter 66.24 RCW to read as follows:

The board shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 870. A new section is added to chapter 88.02 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend the vessel registration or vessel dealer's registration of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the registration shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 871. RCW 67.08.040 and 1993 c 278 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in RCW 67.08.100, upon the approval by the department of any application for a license, as hereinabove provided, and the filing of the bond the department shall forthwith issue such license.

Sec. 872. RCW 67.08.100 and 1993 c 278 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department may grant annual licenses upon application in compliance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the director, and the payment of the fees, the amount of which is to be set by the director in accordance with RCW 43.24.086, prescribed to promoters, managers, referees, boxers, wrestlers, and seconds; PROVIDED, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to contestants or participants in strictly amateur contests and/or fraternal organizations and/or veterans' organizations chartered by congress or the defense department or any bona fide athletic club which is a member of the Pacific northwest association of the amateur athletic union of the United States, holding and promoting athletic contests and where all funds are used primarily for the benefit of their members.

(2) Any such license may be revoked by the department for any cause which it shall deem sufficient.
(3) No person shall participate or serve in any of the above capacities unless licensed as provided in this chapter.

(4) The referee for any boxing contest shall be designated by the department from among such licensed referees.

(5) The referee for any wrestling exhibition or show shall be provided by the promoter and licensed by the department.

(6) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 873. RCW 19.02.100 and 1991 c 72 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall not issue or renew a master license to any person if:

(a) The person does not have a valid tax registration, if required;

(b) The person is a corporation delinquent in fees or penalties owing to the secretary of state or is not validly registered under Title 23B RCW, chapter 18.100 RCW, Title 24 RCW, and any other statute now or hereafter adopted which gives corporate or business licensing responsibilities to the secretary of state;

(c) The person has not submitted the sum of all fees and deposits required for the requested individual license endorsements, any outstanding master license delinquency fee, or other fees and penalties to be collected through the system.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prevent registration by the state of an employer for the purpose of paying an employee of that employer industrial insurance or unemployment insurance benefits.

(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 874. RCW 43.24.080 and 1979 c 158 s 99 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in section 877 of this act, at the close of each examination the department of licensing shall prepare the proper licenses, where no further fee is required to be paid, and issue licenses to the successful applicants signed by the director and notify all successful applicants, where a further fee is required, of the fact that they are entitled to receive such license upon the payment of such further fee to the department of licensing and notify all applicants who have failed to pass the examination of that fact.

Sec. 875. RCW 43.24.110 and 1986 c 259 s 149 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in section 877 of this act, whenever there is filed in a matter under the jurisdiction of the director of licensing any complaint charging that the holder of a license has been guilty of any act or omission which by the provisions of the law under which the license was issued would warrant the revocation thereof, verified in the manner provided by law, the director of licensing shall request the governor to appoint, and the governor shall appoint within thirty days of the request, two qualified practitioners of the profession or calling of the person charged, who, with the director or his duly appointed representative, shall constitute a committee to hear and determine the charges and, if in case the charges are sustained, impose the penalty provided by law. In addition, the governor shall appoint a consumer member of the committee. The decision of any three members of such committee shall be the decision of the committee. The appointed members of the committee shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.240 and shall be reimbursed for their travel expenses, in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

Sec. 876. RCW 43.24.120 and 1987 c 202 s 212 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as provided in section 877 of this act, any person feeling aggrieved by the refusal of the director to issue a license, or to renew one, or by the revocation or suspension of a license shall have a right of appeal to superior court from the decision of the director of licensing, which shall be taken, prosecuted, heard, and determined in the manner provided in chapter 34.05 RCW.

The decision of the superior court may be reviewed by the supreme court or the court of appeals in the same manner as other civil cases.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 877. A new section is added to chapter 43.24 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend any license issued by the department of licensing of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 878. RCW 70.74.110 and 1988 c 198 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

All persons engaged in the manufacture of explosives, or any process involving explosives, or where explosives are used as a component part in the manufacture of any article or device, on (the date when this 1969 amendatory act takes effect) August 11, 1969, shall within sixty days thereafter, and all persons engaging in the manufacture of explosives, or any process involving explosives, or where explosives are used as a component part in the manufacture of any article or device after (this act takes effect) August 11, 1969, shall, before so engaging, make an application in writing, subscribed to by such person or his agent, to the department of labor and industries, the application stating:

(1) Location of place of manufacture or processing;
(2) Kind of explosives manufactured, processed or used;
(3) The distance that such explosives manufacturing building is located or intended to be located from the other factory buildings, magazines, inhabited buildings, railroads and highways and public utility transmission systems;
(4) The name and address of the applicant;
(5) The reason for desiring to manufacture explosives;
(6) The applicant’s citizenship, if the applicant is an individual;
(7) If the applicant is a partnership, the names and addresses of the partners, and their citizenship;
(8) If the applicant is an association or corporation, the names and addresses of the officers and directors thereof, and their citizenship; and
(9) Such other pertinent information as the director of labor and industries shall require to effectuate the purpose of this chapter.

There shall be kept in the main office on the premises of each explosives manufacturing plant a plan of said plant showing the location of all explosives manufacturing buildings and the distance they are located from other factory buildings where persons are employed and from magazines, and these plans shall at all times be open to inspection by duly authorized inspectors of the department of labor and industries. The superintendent of each plant shall upon demand of said inspector furnish the following information:

(a) The maximum amount and kind of explosive material which is or will be present in each building at one time.
(b) The nature and kind of work carried on in each building and whether or not said buildings are surrounded by natural or artificial barricades.

Except as provided in RCW 70.74.370, the department of labor and industries shall as soon as possible after receiving such application cause an inspection to be made of the explosives manufacturing plant, and if found to be in accordance with RCW 70.74.030 and 70.74.050 and 70.74.061, such department shall issue a license to the person applying therefor showing compliance with the provisions of this chapter if the applicant demonstrates that either the applicant or the officers, agents or employees of the applicant are sufficiently experienced in the manufacture of explosives and the applicant meets the qualifications for a license under RCW 70.74.360. Such license shall continue in full force and effect until expired, suspended, or revoked by the department pursuant to this chapter.
Sec. 879. RCW 70.74.130 and 1988 c 198 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
Every person desiring to engage in the business of dealing in explosives shall apply to the
department of labor and industries for a license therefor. Said application shall state, among other
things:
(1) The name and address of applicant;
(2) The reason for desiring to engage in the business of dealing in explosives;
(3) Citizenship, if an individual applicant;
(4) If a partnership, the names and addresses of the partners and their citizenship;
(5) If an association or corporation, the names and addresses of the officers and directors
thereof and their citizenship; and
(6) Such other pertinent information as the director of labor and industries shall require to
effectuate the purpose of this chapter.
Except as provided in RCW 70.74.370, the department of labor and industries shall issue the
license if the applicant demonstrates that either the applicant or the principal officers, agents, or
employees of the applicant are experienced in the business of dealing in explosives, possess suitable
facilities therefor, have not been convicted of any crime that would warrant revocation or nonrenewal
of a license under this chapter, and have never had an explosives-related license revoked under this
chapter or under similar provisions of any other state.

Sec. 880. RCW 70.74.370 and 1988 c 198 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department of labor and industries shall revoke and not renew the license of any person
holding a manufacturer, dealer, purchaser, user, or storage license upon conviction of any of the
following offenses, which conviction has become final:
(a) A violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
(b) A crime involving perjury or false swearing, including the making of a false affidavit or
statement under oath to the department of labor and industries in an application or report made
pursuant to this title;
(c) A crime involving bomb threats;
(d) A crime involving a schedule I or II controlled substance, or any other drug or alcohol
related offense, unless such other drug or alcohol related offense does not reflect a drug or alcohol
dependency. However, the department of labor and industries may condition renewal of the license to
any convicted person suffering a drug or alcohol dependency who is participating in an alcoholism or
drug recovery program acceptable to the department of labor and industries and has established control
of their alcohol or drug dependency. The department of labor and industries shall require the licensee
to provide proof of such participation and control;
(e) A crime relating to possession, use, transfer, or sale of explosives under this chapter or any
other chapter of the Revised Code of Washington.
(2) The department of labor and industries shall revoke the license of any person adjudged to
be mentally ill or insane, or to be incompetent due to any mental disability or disease. The director
shall not renew the license until the person has been restored to competency.
(3) The department of labor and industries is authorized to suspend, for a period of time not to
exceed six months, the license of any person who has violated this chapter or the rules promulgated
pursuant to this chapter.
(4) The department of labor and industries may revoke the license of any person who has
repeatedly violated this chapter or the rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter, or who has twice had
his or her license suspended under this chapter.
(5) The department of labor and industries shall immediately suspend the license or certificate
of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and
health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued
to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or
certificate shall be automatic upon the department of labor and industries’ receipt of a release issued by
the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
(6) Upon receipt of notification by the department of labor and industries of revocation or
suspension, a licensee must surrender immediately to the department any or all such licenses revoked
or suspended.

Sec. 881. RCW 66.24.010 and 1995 c 232 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Every license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, and the holder thereof shall not allow any other person to use the license.

(2) For the purpose of considering any application for a license, the board may cause an inspection of the premises to be made, and may inquire into all matters in connection with the construction and operation of the premises. For the purpose of reviewing any application for a license and for considering the denial, suspension or revocation of any license, the liquor control board may consider any prior criminal conduct of the applicant and the provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and of chapter 9.96A RCW shall not apply to such cases. The board may, in its discretion, grant or refuse the license applied for. Authority to approve an uncontested or unopposed license may be granted by the board to any staff member the board designates in writing. Conditions for granting such authority shall be adopted by rule. No retail license of any kind may be issued to:

(a) A person who has not resided in the state for at least one month prior to making application, except in cases of licenses issued to dining places on railroads, boats, or aircraft;

(b) A copartnership, unless all of the members thereof are qualified to obtain a license, as provided in this section;

(c) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent, unless such manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee; or

(d) A corporation, unless it was created under the laws of the state of Washington or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in the state of Washington.

(3)(a) The board may, in its discretion, subject to the provisions of RCW 66.08.150, suspend or cancel any license; and all rights of the licensee to keep or sell liquor thereunder shall be suspended or terminated, as the case may be.

(b) The board shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

(c) The board may request the appointment of administrative law judges under chapter 34.12 RCW who shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony, examine witnesses, and to receive testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state, under such rules and regulations as the board may adopt.

(d) Witnesses shall be allowed fees and mileage each way to and from any such inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding at the rate authorized by RCW 34.05.446, as now or hereafter amended. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.

(e) In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the order of the board or a subpoena issued by the board, or any of its members, or administrative law judges, or on the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person resides, on application of any member of the board or administrative law judge, shall compel obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said court or a refusal to testify therein.

(4) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a license, the licensee shall forthwith deliver up the license to the board. Where the license has been suspended only, the board shall return the license to the licensee at the expiration or termination of the period of suspension. The board shall notify all vendors in the city or place where the licensee has its premises of the suspension or cancellation of the license; and no employee may allow or cause any liquor to be delivered to or for any person at the premises of that licensee.

(5)(a) At the time of the original issuance of a class H license, the board shall prorate the license fee charged to the new licensee according to the number of calendar quarters, or portion thereof, remaining until the first renewal of that license is required.

(b) Unless sooner canceled, every license issued by the board shall expire at midnight of the thirtieth day of June of the fiscal year for which it was issued. However, if the board deems it feasible and desirable to do so, it may establish, by rule pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, a system for staggering the annual renewal dates for any and all licenses authorized by this chapter. If such a system
of staggered annual renewal dates is established by the board, the license fees provided by this chapter shall be appropriately prorated during the first year that the system is in effect.

(6) Every license issued under this section shall be subject to all conditions and restrictions imposed by this title or by the regulations in force from time to time. All conditions and restrictions imposed by the board in the issuance of an individual license shall be listed on the face of the individual license along with the trade name, address, and expiration date.

(7) Every licensee shall post and keep posted its license, or licenses, in a conspicuous place on the premises.

(8) Before the board shall issue a license to an applicant it shall give notice of such application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town, if the application be for a license within an incorporated city or town, or to the county legislative authority, if the application be for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns; and such incorporated city or town, through the official or employee selected by it, or the county legislative authority or the official or employee selected by it, shall have the right to file with the board within twenty days after date of transmittal of such notice, written objections against the applicant or against the premises for which the license is asked, and shall include with such objections a statement of all facts upon which such objections are based, and in case written objections are filed, may request and the liquor control board may in its discretion hold a formal hearing subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. Upon the granting of a license under this title the board shall send a duplicate of the license or written notification to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town in which the license is granted, or to the county legislative authority if the license is granted outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.

(9) Before the board issues any license to any applicant, it shall give (a) due consideration to the location of the business to be conducted under such license with respect to the proximity of churches, schools, and public institutions and (b) written notice by certified mail of the application to churches, schools, and public institutions within five hundred feet of the premises to be licensed. The board shall issue no beer retailer license class A, B, D, or E or wine retailer license class C or F or class H license covering any premises not now licensed, if such premises are within five hundred feet of the premises of any tax-supported public elementary or secondary school measured along the most direct route over or across established public walks, streets, or other public passageway from the outer property line of the school ground to the nearest public entrance of the premises proposed for license, and if, after receipt by the school or public institution of the notice as provided in this subsection, the board receives written notice, within twenty days after posting such notice, from an official representative or representatives of the school within five hundred feet of said proposed licensed premises, indicating to the board that there is an objection to the issuance of such license because of proximity to a school. For the purpose of this section, church shall mean a building erected for and used exclusively for religious worship and schooling or other activity in connection therewith. No liquor license may be issued or reissued by the board to any motor sports facility or licensee operating within the motor sports facility unless the motor sports facility enforces a program reasonably calculated to prevent alcohol or alcoholic beverages not purchased within the facility from entering the facility and such program is approved by local law enforcement agencies. It is the intent under this subsection that a retail license shall not be issued by the board where doing so would, in the judgment of the board, adversely affect a private school meeting the requirements for private schools under Title 28A RCW, which school is within five hundred feet of the proposed licensee. The board shall fully consider and give substantial weight to objections filed by private schools. If a license is issued despite the proximity of a private school, the board shall state in a letter addressed to the private school the board’s reasons for issuing the license.

(10) The restrictions set forth in subsection (9) of this section shall not prohibit the board from authorizing the assumption of existing licenses now located within the restricted area by other persons or licenses or relocations of existing licensed premises within the restricted area. In no case may the licensed premises be moved closer to a church or school than it was before the assumption or relocation.

(11) Nothing in this section prohibits the board, in its discretion, from issuing a temporary retail or wholesaler license to an applicant assuming an existing retail or wholesaler license to continue the operation of the retail or wholesaler premises during the period the application for the license is pending and when the following conditions exist:
(a) The licensed premises has been operated under a retail or wholesaler license within ninety days of the date of filing the application for a temporary license;
(b) The retail or wholesaler license for the premises has been surrendered pursuant to issuance of a temporary operating license;
(c) The applicant for the temporary license has filed with the board an application to assume the retail or wholesaler license at such premises to himself or herself; and
(d) The application for a temporary license is accompanied by a temporary license fee established by the board by rule.

A temporary license issued by the board under this section shall be for a period not to exceed sixty days. A temporary license may be extended at the discretion of the board for an additional sixty-day period upon payment of an additional fee and upon compliance with all conditions required in this section.

Refusal by the board to issue or extend a temporary license shall not entitle the applicant to request a hearing. A temporary license may be canceled or suspended summarily at any time if the board determines that good cause for cancellation or suspension exists. RCW 66.08.130 and chapter 34.05 RCW shall apply to temporary licenses.

Application for a temporary license shall be on such form as the board shall prescribe. If an application for a temporary license is withdrawn before issuance or is refused by the board, the fee which accompanied such application shall be refunded in full.

Sec. 882. RCW 43.63B.040 and 1994 c 284 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department shall issue a certificate of manufactured home installation to an applicant who has taken the training course, passed the examination, paid the fees, and in all other respects meets the qualifications. The certificate shall bear the date of issuance, a certification identification number, and is renewable every three years upon application and completion of a continuing education program as determined by the department. A renewal fee shall be assessed for each certificate. If a person fails to renew a certificate by the renewal date, the person must retake the examination and pay the examination fee.

(2) The certificate of manufactured home installation provided for in this chapter grants the holder the right to engage in manufactured home installation throughout the state, without any other installer certification.

(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 883. RCW 70.95D.040 and 1989 c 431 s 68 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department shall establish a process to certify incinerator and landfill operators. To the greatest extent possible, the department shall rely on the certification standards and procedures developed by national organizations and the federal government.
(2) Operators shall be certified if they:
(a) Attend the required training sessions;
(b) Successfully complete required examinations; and
(c) Pay the prescribed fee.
(3) By January 1, 1991, the department shall adopt rules to require incinerator and appropriate landfill operators to:
(a) Attend a training session concerning the operation of the relevant type of landfill or incinerator;
(b) Demonstrate sufficient skill and competency for proper operation of the incinerator or landfill by successfully completing an examination prepared by the department; and
(c) Renew the certificate of competency at reasonable intervals established by the department.
(4) The department shall provide for the collection of fees for the issuance and renewal of certificates. These fees shall be sufficient to recover the costs of the certification program.
(5) The department shall establish an appeals process for the denial or revocation of a certificate.
(6) The department shall establish a process to automatically certify operators who have received comparable certification from another state, the federal government, a local government, or a professional association.

(7) Upon July 23, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1992, the owner or operator of an incinerator or landfill may apply to the department for interim certification. Operators shall receive interim certification if they:
   (a) Have received training provided by a recognized national organization, educational institution, or the federal government that is acceptable to the department; or
   (b) Have received individualized training in a manner approved by the department; and
   (c) Have successfully completed any required examinations.

(8) No interim certification shall be valid after January 1, 1992, and interim certification shall not automatically qualify operators for certification pursuant to subsections (2) through (4) of this section.

(9) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 884. A new section is added to chapter 70.95B RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 885. RCW 17.21.130 and 1994 c 283 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

Any license, permit, or certification provided for in this chapter may be revoked or suspended, and any license, permit, or certification application may be denied by the director for cause. If the director suspends a license under this chapter with respect to activity of a continuing nature under chapter 34.05 RCW, the director may elect to suspend the license for a subsequent license year during a period that coincides with the period commencing thirty days before and ending thirty days after the date of the incident or incidents giving rise to the violation.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 886. RCW 64.44.060 and 1990 c 213 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After January 1, 1991, a contractor may not perform decontamination, demolition, or disposal work unless issued a certificate by the state department of health. The department shall establish performance standards for contractors by rule in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act. The department shall train and test, or may approve courses to train and test, contractors and their employees on the essential elements in assessing property used as an illegal drug manufacturing or storage site to determine hazard reduction measures needed, techniques for adequately reducing contaminants, use of personal protective equipment, methods for proper demolition, removal, and disposal of contaminated property, and relevant federal and state regulations. Upon successful completion of the training, the contractor or employee shall be certified.

(2) The department may require the successful completion of annual refresher courses provided or approved by the department for the continued certification of the contractor or employee.

(3) The department shall provide for reciprocal certification of any individual trained to engage in decontamination, demolition, or disposal work in another state when the prior training is shown to
be substantially similar to the training required by the department. The department may require such individuals to take an examination or refresher course before certification.

(4) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate for failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter. A certificate may be denied, suspended, or revoked on any of the following grounds:
   (a) Failing to perform decontamination, demolition, or disposal work under the supervision of trained personnel;
   (b) Failing to file a work plan;
   (c) Failing to perform work pursuant to the work plan;
   (d) Failing to perform work that meets the requirements of the department; 
   (e) The certificate was obtained by error, misrepresentation, or fraud; or
   (f) If the person has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

(5) A contractor who violates any provision of this chapter may be assessed a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars for each violation.

(6) The department of health shall prescribe fees as provided for in RCW 43.70.250 for the issuance and renewal of certificates, the administration of examinations, and for the review of training courses.

(7) The decontamination account is hereby established in the state treasury. All fees collected under this chapter shall be deposited in this account. Moneys in the account may only be spent after appropriation for costs incurred by the department in the administration and enforcement of this chapter.

Sec. 887. RCW 19.146.220 and 1996 c 103 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall enforce all laws and rules relating to the licensing of mortgage brokers, grant or deny licenses to mortgage brokers, and hold hearings.

(2) The director may impose the following sanctions:
   (a) Deny applications for licenses for: (i) Violations of orders, including cease and desist orders issued under this chapter; or (ii) any violation of RCW 19.146.050 or 19.146.0201 (1) through (9); 
   (b) Suspend or revoke licenses for:
      (i) False statements or omission of material information on the application that, if known, would have allowed the director to deny the application for the original license; 
      (ii) Failure to pay a fee required by the director or maintain the required bond; 
      (iii) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director; or
      (iv) Any violation of RCW 19.146.050, 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (13), 19.146.205(3), or 19.146.265;
   (c) Impose fines on the licensee, employee or loan originator of the licensee, or other person subject to this chapter for:
      (i) Any violations of RCW 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (13), 19.146.030 through 19.146.090, 19.146.200, 19.146.205(3), or 19.146.265; or
      (ii) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director;
      (d) Issue orders directing a licensee, its employee or loan originator, or other person subject to this chapter to:
         (i) Cease and desist from conducting business in a manner that is injurious to the public or violates any provision of this chapter; or
         (ii) Pay restitution to an injured borrower; or
         (e) Issue orders removing from office or prohibiting from participation in the conduct of the affairs of a licensed mortgage broker, or both, any officer, principal, employee, or loan originator of any licensed mortgage broker or any person subject to licensing under this chapter for:
            (i) Any violation of 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (13), 19.146.030 through 19.146.090, 19.146.200, 19.146.205(3), or 19.146.265; or
            (ii) False statements or omission of material information on the application that, if known, would have allowed the director to deny the application for the original license;
(iii) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct or a felony after obtaining a license; or
(iv) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director.
(3) Each day’s continuance of a violation or failure to comply with any directive or order of the director is a separate and distinct violation or failure.
(4) The director shall establish by rule standards for licensure of applicants licensed in other jurisdictions. Every licensed mortgage broker that does not maintain a physical office within the state must maintain a registered agent within the state to receive service of any lawful process in any judicial or administrative noncriminal suit, action, or proceeding, against the licensed mortgage broker which arises under this chapter or any rule or order under this chapter, with the same force and validity as if served personally on the licensed mortgage broker. Service upon the registered agent shall be effective if the plaintiff, who may be the director in a suit, action, or proceeding instituted by him or her, sends notice of the service and a copy of the process by registered mail to the defendant or respondent at the last address of the respondent or defendant on file with the director. In any judicial action, suit, or proceeding arising under this chapter or any rule or order adopted under this chapter between the department or director and a licensed mortgage broker who does not maintain a physical office in this state, venue shall be exclusively in the superior court of Thurston county.
(5) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 888. A new section is added to chapter 75.25 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 889. A new section is added to chapter 77.32 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 890. RCW 75.25.150 and 1994 c 255 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
It is unlawful to dig for, fish for, harvest, or possess shellfish, food fish, or seaweed without the licenses required by this chapter or with a suspended license pursuant to section 802 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 891. A new section is added to chapter 75.25 RCW to read as follows:
Licenses issued pursuant to this chapter shall be invalid for any period in which a person is certified by the department of social and health services as a person in noncompliance with a support order. Fisheries patrol officers, ex officio fisheries patrol officers, and authorized fisheries employees shall enforce this section through checks of the department of licensing’s computer data base. Presentation of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with an order shall serve as prima facie proof of compliance with a support order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 892. A new section is added to chapter 77.32 RCW to read as follows:
Licenses issued pursuant to this chapter shall be invalid for any period in which a person is certified by the department of social and health services as a person in noncompliance with a support order. Wildlife agents and ex officio wildlife agents shall enforce this section through checks of the department of licensing’s computer data base. Presentation of a release issued by the department of
social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with an order shall serve as prima facie proof of compliance with a support order.

Sec. 893. RCW 75.28.010 and 1993 c 340 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as otherwise provided by this title, it is unlawful to engage in any of the following activities without a license or permit issued by the director:
   (a) Commercially fish for or take food fish or shellfish;
   (b) Deliver food fish or shellfish taken in offshore waters;
   (c) Operate a charter boat or commercial fishing vessel engaged in a fishery;
   (d) Engage in processing or wholesaling food fish or shellfish; or
   (e) Act as a guide for salmon for personal use in freshwater rivers and streams, other than that part of the Columbia river below the bridge at Longview.
(2) No person may engage in the activities described in subsection (1) of this section unless the licenses or permits required by this title are in the person’s possession, ((and)) the person is the named license holder or an alternate operator designated on the license, and the person’s license is not suspended pursuant to section 894 of this act.
(3) A valid Oregon license that is equivalent to a license under this title is valid in the concurrent waters of the Columbia river if the state of Oregon recognizes as valid the equivalent Washington license. The director may identify by rule what Oregon licenses are equivalent.
(4) No license or permit is required for the production or harvesting of private sector cultured aquatic products as defined in RCW 15.85.020 or for the delivery, processing, or wholesaling of such aquatic products. However, if a means of identifying such products is required by rules adopted under RCW 15.85.060, the exemption from licensing or permit requirements established by this subsection applies only if the aquatic products are identified in conformance with those rules.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 894. A new section is added to chapter 75.28 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 895. (1) The director of the department of fish and wildlife and the director of the department of information services shall jointly develop a comprehensive, state-wide implementation plan for the automated issuance, revocation, and general administration of hunting, fishing, and recreational licenses administered under the authority of the department of fish and wildlife to ensure compliance with the license suspension requirements for failure to pay child support in section 802 of this act.
   (2) The plan shall detail the implementation steps necessary to effectuate the automated administration of hunting, fishing, and recreational licenses and shall include recommendations regarding all costs and equipment associated with the plan.
   (3) The plan shall be submitted to the legislature for review by September 1, 1997.

Sec. 896. RCW 26.23.050 and 1994 c 230 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) If the (((office of support enforcement))) division of child support is providing support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, or if a party is applying for support enforcement services by signing the application form on the bottom of the support order, the superior court shall include in all court orders that establish or modify a support obligation:
   (a) A provision that orders and directs the responsible parent to make all support payments to the Washington state support registry;
   (b) A statement that (((a notice of payroll deduction may be issued, or other income withholding action under chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW may be taken))) withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:
One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or

(ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement; ((and))

(c) A statement that the receiving parent might be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child; and

(d) A statement that the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as defined in section 802 of this act.

As used in this subsection and subsection (3) of this section, “good cause not to require immediate income withholding” means a written determination of why implementing immediate wage withholding would not be in the child’s best interests and, in modification cases, proof of timely payment of previously ordered support.

(2) In all other cases not under subsection (1) of this section, the court may order the responsible parent to make payments directly to the person entitled to receive the payments, to the Washington state support registry, or may order that payments be made in accordance with an alternate arrangement agreed upon by the parties.

(a) The superior court shall include in all orders under this subsection that establish or modify a support obligation:

(i) A statement that (a notice of payroll deduction may be issued) or other income withholding action (under chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW) may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:

(A) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or

(B) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement; and

(ii) A statement that the receiving parent may be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child.

As used in this subsection, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" is any reason that the court finds appropriate.

(b) The superior court may order immediate or delayed income withholding as follows:

(i) Immediate income withholding may be ordered if the responsible parent has earnings. If immediate income withholding is ordered under this subsection, all support payments shall be paid to the Washington state support registry. The superior court shall issue a mandatory wage assignment order as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW when the support order is signed by the court. The parent entitled to receive the transfer payment is responsible for serving the employer with the order and for its enforcement as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW.

(ii) If immediate income withholding is not ordered, the court shall require that income withholding be delayed until a payment is past due. The support order shall contain a statement that (a notice of payroll deduction may be issued or other income withholding action under chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW may be taken) withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent, after a payment is past due.

(c) If a mandatory wage withholding order under chapter 26.18 RCW is issued under this subsection and the (office of support enforcement) division of child support provides support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, the existing wage withholding assignment is prospectively superseded upon the (office of support enforcement’s) division of child support’s subsequent service of an income withholding notice.

(3) The office of administrative hearings and the department of social and health services shall require that all support obligations established as administrative orders include a provision which orders and directs that the responsible parent shall make all support payments to the Washington state support registry. All administrative orders shall also state that the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as defined in section 802 of this act. All administrative orders shall also state that (a notice of payroll deduction may be issued, or other income withholding action may be taken, or other income withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:

(A) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or

(B) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement; and

(ii) A statement that the receiving parent may be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child.

As used in this subsection, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" is any reason that the court finds appropriate.
withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the order, unless:

(a) One of the parties demonstrates, and the presiding officer finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or

(b) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the presiding officer that provides for an alternate arrangement.

(4) If the support order does not include the provision ordering and directing that all payments be made to the Washington state support registry and a statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits if a support payment is past due or at any time after the entry of the order, or that a parent’s licensing privileges may not be renewed, or may be suspended, the division of child support may serve a notice on the responsible parent stating such requirements and authorizations. Service may be by personal service or any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(5) Every support order shall state:

(a) The address where the support payment is to be sent;

(b) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement;

(c) The income of the parties, if known, or that their income is unknown and the income upon which the support award is based;

(d) The support award as a sum certain amount;

(e) The specific day or date on which the support payment is due;

(f) The social security number, residence address, date of birth, telephone number, driver’s license number, and name and address of the employer of the responsible parent;

(g) The social security number and residence address of the physical custodian except as provided in subsection (6) of this section;

(h) The names, dates of birth, and social security numbers, if any, of the dependent children;

(i) A provision requiring the responsible parent to keep the Washington state support registry informed of whether he or she has access to health insurance coverage at reasonable cost and, if so, the health insurance policy information;

(j) That any parent owing a duty of child support shall be obligated to provide health insurance coverage for his or her child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to that parent through employment or is union-related as provided under RCW 26.09.105;

(k) That if proof of health insurance coverage or proof that the coverage is unavailable is not provided within twenty days, the obligee or the department may seek direct enforcement of the coverage through the obligee’s employer or union without further notice to the obligor as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW; and

(l) The reasons for not ordering health insurance coverage if the order fails to require such coverage; and

(m) That the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as defined in section 802 of this act.

(6) The physical custodian’s address:

(a) Shall be omitted from an order entered under the administrative procedure act. When the physical custodian’s address is omitted from an order, the order shall state that the custodian’s address is known to the division of child support.
A responsible parent may request the physical custodian's residence address by submission of a request for disclosure under RCW 26.23.120 to the office of support enforcement division of child support.

The superior court clerk, the office of administrative hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the Washington state support registry, a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation which provide that support payments shall be made to the support registry. If a superior court order entered prior to January 1, 1988, directs the responsible parent to make support payments to the clerk, the clerk shall send a true and correct copy of the support order and the payment record to the registry for enforcement action when the clerk identifies that a payment is more than fifteen days past due. The office of support enforcement shall reimburse the clerk for the reasonable costs of copying and sending copies of court orders to the registry at the reimbursement rate provided in Title IV-D of the social security act.

Receipt of a support order by the registry or other action under this section on behalf of a person or persons who have not made a written application for support enforcement services to the office of support enforcement and who are not recipients of public assistance is deemed to be a request for payment services only.

After the responsible parent has been ordered or notified to make payments to the Washington state support registry under this section, the responsible parent shall be fully responsible for making all payments to the Washington state support registry and shall be subject to payroll deduction or other income-withholding action. The responsible parent shall not be entitled to credit against a support obligation for any payments made to a person or agency other than to the Washington state support registry except as provided under RCW 74.20.101. A civil action may be brought by the payor to recover payments made to persons or agencies who have received and retained support moneys paid contrary to the provisions of this section.

Sec. 897. RCW 26.18.100 and 1994 c 230 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The wage assignment order shall be substantially in the following form:

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF.

Obligee No.

vs.

WAGE ASSIGNMENT

Obligor ORDER

Employer

THE STATE OF WASHINGTON TO: Employer

AND TO: Obligor

The above-named obligee claims that the above-named obligor is subject to a support order requiring immediate income withholding or is more than fifteen days past due in either child support or spousal maintenance payments, or both, in an amount equal to or greater than the child support or spousal maintenance payable for one month. The amount of the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt as of this date is . . . . . dollars, the amount of arrearage payments specified in the support or spousal maintenance order (if applicable) is . . . . . dollars per . . . . . , and the amount of the current and continuing support or spousal maintenance obligation under the order is . . . . . dollars per . . . . .

You are hereby commanded to answer this order by filling in the attached form according to the instructions, and you must mail or deliver the original of the answer to the court, one copy to the Washington state support registry, one copy to the obligee or obligee’s attorney, and one copy to the obligor within twenty days after service of this wage assignment order upon you.

If you possess any earnings or other remuneration for employment due and owing to the obligor, then you shall do as follows:
(1) Withhold from the obligor’s earnings or remuneration each month, or from each regular earnings disbursement, the lesser of:
   (a) The sum of the accrued support or spousal maintenance debt and the current support or spousal maintenance obligation;
   (b) The sum of the specified arrearage payment amount and the current support or spousal maintenance obligation; or
   (c) Fifty percent of the disposable earnings or remuneration of the obligor.
(2) The total amount withheld above is subject to the wage assignment order, and all other sums may be disbursed to the obligor.
(3) Upon receipt of this wage assignment order you shall make immediate deductions from the obligor’s earnings or remuneration and remit to the Washington state support registry or other address specified below the proper amounts at each regular pay interval.
You shall continue to withhold the ordered amounts from nonexempt earnings or remuneration of the obligor until notified by:
   (a) The court that the wage assignment has been modified or terminated; or
   (b) The addressee specified in the wage assignment order under this section that the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt has been paid.
You shall promptly notify the court and the addressee specified in the wage assignment order under this section if and when the employee is no longer employed by you, or if the obligor no longer receives earnings or remuneration from you. If you no longer employ the employee, the wage assignment order shall remain in effect for one year after the employee has left your employment or you are no longer in possession of any earnings or remuneration owed to the employee, whichever is later. You shall continue to hold the wage assignment order during that period. If the employee returns to your employment during the one-year period you shall immediately begin to withhold the employee’s earnings according to the terms of the wage assignment order. If the employee has not returned to your employment within one year, the wage assignment will cease to have effect at the expiration of the one-year period, unless you still owe the employee earnings or other remuneration.
You shall deliver the withheld earnings or remuneration to the Washington state support registry or other address stated below at each regular pay interval.
You shall deliver a copy of this order to the obligor as soon as is reasonably possible. This wage assignment order has priority over any other wage assignment or garnishment, except for another wage assignment or garnishment for child support or spousal maintenance, or order to withhold or deliver under chapter 74.20A RCW.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU OWE ANYTHING TO THE OBLIGOR, YOUR FAILURE TO ANSWER AS REQUIRED MAY MAKE YOU LIABLE FOR OBLIGOR’S CLAIMED SUPPORT OR SPOUSAL MAINTENANCE DEBT TO THE OBLIGEE OR SUBJECT TO CONTEMPT OF COURT.

NOTICE TO OBLIGOR: YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO REQUEST A HEARING IN THE SUPERIOR COURT THAT ISSUED THIS WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER, TO REQUEST THAT THE COURT QUASH, MODIFY, OR TERMINATE THE WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER. REGARDLESS OF THE FACT THAT YOUR WAGES ARE BEING WITHHELD PURSUANT TO THIS ORDER, YOU MAY HAVE SUSPENDED OR NOT HAVE RENEWED A PROFESSIONAL, DRIVER’S, OR OTHER LICENSE IF YOU ACCRUE CHILD SUPPORT ARREARAGES TOTALING MORE THAN SIX MONTHS OF CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS OR FAIL TO MAKE PAYMENTS TOWARDS A SUPPORT ARREARAGE IN AN AMOUNT THAT EXCEEDS SIX MONTHS OF PAYMENTS.

DATED THIS . . . . day of . . . ., 19 . .

Obligee, Judge/Court Commissioner
or obligee’s attorney
Send withheld payments to:

Sec. 898. RCW 26.23.060 and 1994 c 230 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The division of child support may issue a notice of payroll deduction:
   (a) As authorized by a support order that contains a notice clearly stating that child support may be collected by withholding from earnings, wages, or benefits without further notice to the obligated parent; or
   (b) After service of a notice containing an income-withholding provision under this chapter or chapter 74.20A RCW.
(2) The division of child support shall serve a notice of payroll deduction upon a responsible parent’s employer or upon the employment security department for the state in possession of or owing any benefits from the unemployment compensation fund to the responsible parent pursuant to Title 50 RCW:
   (a) In the manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action;
   (b) By certified mail, return receipt requested; or
   (c) By electronic means if there is an agreement between the secretary and the person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States to accept service by electronic means.
(3) Service of a notice of payroll deduction upon an employer or employment security department requires the employer or employment security department to immediately make a mandatory payroll deduction from the responsible parent’s unpaid disposable earnings or unemployment compensation benefits. The employer or employment security department shall thereafter deduct each pay period the amount stated in the notice divided by the number of pay periods per month. The payroll deduction each pay period shall not exceed fifty percent of the responsible parent’s disposable earnings.
(4) A notice of payroll deduction for support shall have priority over any wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process.
(5) The notice of payroll deduction shall be in writing and include:
   (a) The name and social security number of the responsible parent;
   (b) The amount to be deducted from the responsible parent’s disposable earnings each month, or alternate amounts and frequencies as may be necessary to facilitate processing of the payroll deduction;
   (c) A statement that the total amount withheld shall not exceed fifty percent of the responsible parent’s disposable earnings; and
   (d) The address to which the payments are to be mailed or delivered; and
   (e) A notice to the responsible parent warning the responsible parent that, despite the payroll deduction, the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as defined in section 802 of this act.
(6) An informational copy of the notice of payroll deduction shall be mailed to the last known address of the responsible parent by regular mail.
(7) An employer or employment security department that receives a notice of payroll deduction shall make immediate deductions from the responsible parent’s unpaid disposable earnings and remit proper amounts to the Washington state support registry on each date the responsible parent is due to be paid.
(8) An employer, or the employment security department, upon whom a notice of payroll deduction is served, shall make an answer to the division of child support within twenty days after the date of service. The answer shall confirm compliance and institution of the payroll deduction or explain the circumstances if no payroll deduction is in effect. The answer shall also state whether the responsible parent is employed by or receives earnings from the employer or receives unemployment compensation benefits from the employment security department, whether the employer or employment security department anticipates paying earnings or unemployment compensation benefits and the amount of earnings. If the responsible parent is no longer employed, or receiving earnings from the employer, the answer shall state the present employer’s name and address, if known. If the responsible parent is no longer receiving unemployment compensation benefits from the employment security department, the answer shall state the present employer’s name and address, if known.
(9) The employer or employment security department may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the responsible parent’s earnings after withholding under the notice of payroll deduction, even if the remainder is exempt under RCW 26.18.090. The processing fee may not exceed: (a) Ten dollars for the first disbursement made to the Washington state support registry; and (b) one dollar for each subsequent disbursement to the registry.

(10) The notice of payroll deduction shall remain in effect until released by the ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support, the court enters an order terminating the notice and approving an alternate arrangement under RCW 26.23.050((2)), or one year has expired since the employer has employed the responsible parent or has been in possession of or owing any earnings to the responsible parent or the employment security department has been in possession of or owing any unemployment compensation benefits to the responsible parent.

(11) The division of child support may use uniform interstate withholding forms adopted by the United States department of health and human services to take withholding actions under this section when the responsible parent is receiving earnings or unemployment compensation in another state.

IX. CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 901. RCW 74.20.040 and 1989 c 360 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever the department ((of social and health services)) receives an application for public assistance on behalf of a child, the department shall take appropriate action under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 74.20A RCW, or other appropriate statutes of this state to establish or enforce support obligations against the parent or other persons owing a duty to pay support moneys.

(2) The secretary may accept a request for support enforcement services on behalf of persons who are not recipients of public assistance and may take appropriate action to establish or enforce support obligations against the parent or other persons owing a duty to pay moneys. Requests accepted under this subsection may be conditioned upon the payment of a fee as required through regulation issued by the secretary. ((Action may be taken under the provisions of chapter 74.20 RCW, the abandonment or nonsupport statutes, or other appropriate statutes of this state, including but not limited to remedies established in chapter 74.20A RCW, to establish and enforce said support obligations.)) The secretary may establish by regulation, reasonable standards and qualifications for support enforcement services under this subsection.

(3) The secretary may accept requests for support enforcement services from child support enforcement agencies in other states operating child support programs under Title IV-D of the social security act or from foreign countries, and may take appropriate action to establish and enforce support obligations, or to enforce subpoenas, information requests, orders for genetic testing, and collection actions issued by the other agency against the parent or other person owing a duty to pay support moneys, the parent or other person’s employer, or any other person or entity properly subject to child support collection or information-gathering processes. The request shall contain and be accompanied by such information and documentation as the secretary may by rule require, and be signed by an authorized representative of the agency. The secretary may adopt rules setting forth the duration and nature of services provided under this subsection.

(4) The department may take action to establish, enforce, and collect a support obligation, including performing related services, under this chapter and chapter 74.20A RCW, or through the attorney general or prosecuting attorney for action under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.20, 26.21, or 26.26 RCW or other appropriate statutes or the common law of this state.

(5) Whenever a support order is filed with the Washington state support registry under chapter 26.23 RCW, the department may take appropriate action under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 26.23 or 74.20A RCW, or other appropriate law of this state to establish or enforce the support obligations contained in that order against the responsible parent or other persons owing a duty to pay support moneys.

(6) The secretary may charge and collect a fee from the person obligated to pay support to compensate the department for services rendered in establishment of or enforcement of support obligations. This fee shall be limited to not more than ten percent of any support money collected as a result of action taken by the secretary. The fee charged shall be in addition to the support obligation. In no event may any moneys collected by the department ((of social and health services)) from the person obligated to pay support be retained as satisfaction of fees charged until all current support obligations have been satisfied. The secretary shall by regulation establish reasonable fees for support enforcement
services and said schedule of fees shall be made available to any person obligated to pay support. The secretary may, on showing of necessity, waive or defer any such fee.

(7) Fees, due and owing, may be collected as delinquent support moneys utilizing any of the remedies in chapter 74.20 RCW, chapter 74.20A RCW, chapter 26.21 RCW, or any other remedy at law or equity available to the department or any agencies with whom it has a cooperative or contractual arrangement to establish, enforce, or collect support moneys or support obligations.

(8) The secretary may waive the fee, or any portion thereof, as a part of a compromise of disputed claims or may grant partial or total charge off of said fee if the secretary finds there are no available, practical, or lawful means by which said fee may be collected or to facilitate payment of the amount of delinquent support moneys owed.

(9) The secretary shall adopt rules conforming to federal laws, rules, and regulations required to be observed in maintaining the state child support enforcement program required under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The adoption of these rules shall be calculated to promote the cost-effective use of the agency’s resources and not otherwise cause the agency to divert its resources from its essential functions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 902. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS IN THE POSSESSION OF THIRD PARTIES--COLLECTION AS CHILD SUPPORT. (1) If a person or entity not entitled to child support payments wrongfully or negligently retains child support payments owed to another or to the Washington state support registry, those payments retain their character as child support payments and may be collected by the division of child support using any remedy available to the division of child support under Washington law for the collection of child support.

(2) Child support moneys subject to collection under this section may be collected for the duration of the statute of limitations as it applies to the support order governing the support obligations, and any legislative or judicial extensions thereto.

(3) This section applies to the following:
   (a) Cases in which an employer or other entity obligated to withhold child support payments from the parent’s pay, bank, or escrow account, or from any other asset or distribution of money to the parent, has withheld those payments and failed to remit them to the payee;
   (b) Cases in which child support moneys have been paid to the wrong person or entity in error;
   (c) Cases in which child support recipients have retained child support payments in violation of a child support assignment executed or arising by operation of law in exchange for the receipt of public assistance; and
   (d) Any other case in which child support payments are retained by a party not entitled to them.

(4) This section does not apply to fines levied under section 903(3)(b) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 903. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH CHILD SUPPORT PROCESSES--NOTICE--HEARINGS--LIABILITY. (1) The division of child support may issue a notice of noncompliance to any person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government that the division believes is not complying with:
   (a) A notice of payroll deduction issued under chapter 26.23 RCW;
   (b) A lien, order to withhold and deliver, or assignment of earnings issued under this chapter;
   (c) Any other wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or withholding instrument properly served by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
   (d) A subpoena issued by the division of child support, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
   (e) An information request issued by the division of child support, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, to an employer or entity required to respond to such requests under section 907 of this act; or
   (f) The duty to report newly hired employees imposed by RCW 26.23.040.

(2) Liability for noncompliance with a wage withholding, garnishment, order to withhold and deliver, or any other lien or attachment issued to secure payment of child support is governed by RCW
26.23.090 and 74.20A.100, except that liability for noncompliance with remittance time frames is governed by subsection (3) of this section.

(3) The division of child support may impose fines of up to one hundred dollars per occurrence for:

(a) Noncompliance with a subpoena or an information request issued by the division of child support, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;

(b) Noncompliance with the required time frames for remitting withheld support moneys to the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state, except that no liability shall be established for failure to make timely remittance unless the division of child support has provided the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government with written warning:

(i) Explaining the duty to remit withheld payments promptly;

(ii) Explaining the potential for fines for delayed submission; and

(iii) Providing a contact person within the division of child support with whom the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government may seek assistance with child support withholding issues.

(4) The division of child support may assess fines according to RCW 26.23.040 for failure to comply with employer reporting requirements.

(5) The division of child support may suspend licenses for failure to comply with a subpoena issued under section 908 of this act.

(6) The division of child support may serve a notice of noncompliance by personal service or by any method of mailing requiring a return receipt.

(7) The liability asserted by the division of child support in the notice of noncompliance becomes final and collectible on the twenty-first day after the date of service, unless within that time the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government:

(a) Initiates an action in superior court to contest the notice of noncompliance;

(b) Requests a hearing by delivering a hearing request to the division of child support in accordance with rules adopted by the secretary under this section; or

(c) Contacts the division of child support and negotiates an alternate resolution to the asserted noncompliance or demonstrates that the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government has complied with the child support processes.

(8) The notice of noncompliance shall contain:

(a) A full and fair disclosure of the rights and obligations created by this section; and

(b) Identification of the:

(i) Child support process with respect to which the division of child support is alleging noncompliance; and

(ii) State child support enforcement agency issuing the original child support process.

(9) In an administrative hearing convened under subsection (7)(b) of this section, the presiding officer shall determine whether or not, and to what extent, liability for noncompliance exists under this section, and shall enter an order containing these findings. If liability does exist, the presiding officer shall include language in the order advising the parties to the proceeding that the liability may be collected by any means available to the division of child support under subsection (12) of this section without further notice to the liable party.

(10) Hearings under this section are governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

(11) After the twenty days following service of the notice, the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government may petition for a late hearing. A petition for a late hearing does not stay any collection action to recover the debt. A late hearing is available upon a showing of any of the grounds stated in civil rule 60 for the vacation of orders.

(12) The division of child support may collect any obligation established under this section using any of the remedies available under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.21, 26.23, 74.20, or 74.20A RCW for the collection of child support.

(13) The division of child support may enter agreements for the repayment of obligations under this section. Agreements may:

(a) Suspend the obligation imposed by this section conditioned on future compliance with child support processes. Such suspension shall end automatically upon any failure to comply with a child
support process. Amounts suspended become fully collectible without further notice automatically upon failure to comply with a child support process;
(b) Resolve amounts due under this section and provide for repayment.
(14) The secretary may adopt rules to implement this section.

Sec. 904. RCW 26.23.090 and 1990 c 165 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The employer shall be liable to the Washington state support registry, or to the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act and issuing a notice, garnishment, or wage assignment attaching wages or earnings in satisfaction of a support obligation, for one hundred percent of the amount of the support debt, or the amount of support moneys which should have been withheld from the employee’s earnings, whichever is the lesser amount, if the employer:
(a) Fails or refuses, after being served with a notice of payroll deduction, or substantially similar action issued by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, to deduct and promptly remit from unpaid earnings the amounts of money required in the notice;
(b) Fails or refuses to submit an answer to the notice of payroll deduction, or substantially similar action issued by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, after being served; or
(c) Is unwilling to comply with the other requirements of RCW 26.23.060.
(2) Liability may be established in superior court or may be established pursuant to ((RCW 74.20A.270)) section 903 of this act. Awards in superior court and in actions pursuant to ((RCW 74.20A.270)) section 903 of this act shall include costs, interest under RCW 19.52.020 and 4.56.110, and reasonable attorneys' fees and staff costs as a part of the award. Debts established pursuant to this section may be collected ((pursuant to chapter 74.20A RCW utilizing any of the remedies contained in that chapter)) by the division of child support using any of the remedies available under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.21, 26.23, 74.20, or 74.20A RCW for the collection of child support.

Sec. 905. RCW 74.20A.100 and 1989 c 360 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision or department of the state shall be liable to the department, or to the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act and issuing a notice, garnishment, or wage assignment attaching wages or earnings in satisfaction of a support obligation, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the value of the debt which is the basis of the lien, order to withhold and deliver, distraint, or assignment of earnings, or the amount that should have been withheld, whichever amount is less, together with costs, interest, and reasonable attorney fees if that person or entity:
(a) Fails to answer an order to withhold and deliver, or substantially similar action issued by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, within the time prescribed herein;
(b) Fails or refuses to deliver property pursuant to said order;
(c) After actual notice of filing of a support lien, pays over, releases, sells, transfers, or conveys real or personal property subject to a support lien to or for the benefit of the debtor or any other person;
(d) Fails or refuses to surrender property distrained under RCW 74.20A.130 upon demand; or
(e) Fails or refuses to honor an assignment of earnings presented by the secretary.
(2) The secretary is authorized to issue a notice of ((debt pursuant to RCW 74.20A.040 and to take appropriate action to collect the debt under this chapter if:
(a) A judgment has been entered as the result of an action in superior court against a person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, or department of the state based on a violation of this section; or
(b) Liability has been established under RCW 74.20A.270)) noncompliance under section 903 of this act or to proceed in superior court to obtain a judgment for noncompliance under this section.

Sec. 906. RCW 74.20A.270 and 1989 c 360 s 35 and 1989 c 175 s 156 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) The secretary may issue a notice of ((noncompliance)) retained support or notice to recover a support payment to any person((--firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision of the state))
of Washington or any officer or agent thereof who has violated chapter 26.18 RCW, RCW 74.20A.100, or 26.23.040, (a) Who is in possession of support moneys, or who has had support moneys in his or her possession at some time in the past, which support moneys were or are claimed by the department as the property of the department by assignment, subrogation, or by operation of law or legal process under chapter 74.20A RCW, if the support moneys have not been remitted to the department as required by law;
(b) Who has received a support payment erroneously directed to the wrong payee, or issued by the department in error; or
(c) Who is in possession of a support payment obtained through the internal revenue service tax refund offset process, which payment was later reclaimed from the department by the internal revenue service as a result of an amended tax return filed by the obligor or the obligor’s spouse.
(2) The notice shall describe the claim of the department, stating the legal basis for the claim and shall provide sufficient detail to enable the person, firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision or officer or agent thereof upon whom service is made, to identify the support moneys in issue. The notice may also make inquiry as to relevant facts necessary to the resolution of the issue. The notice shall be served by certificed mail, return receipt requested, or in the manner of a summons in a civil action. (Upon service of the notice all moneys not yet disbursed or spent or like moneys to be received in the future are deemed to be impounded and shall be held in trust pending answer to the notice and any adjudicative proceeding.)
(3) The department shall serve the notice by certified mail, return receipt requested, or in the manner of a summons in a civil action. (Upon service of the notice all moneys not yet disbursed or spent or like moneys to be received in the future are deemed to be impounded and shall be held in trust pending answer to the notice and any adjudicative proceeding.)
(4) The amounts claimed in the notice shall be assessed under oath and in writing within twenty days of the date of service, which answer shall include true answers to the matters inquired of in the notice. The answer shall also either acknowledge or request an adjudicative proceeding upon a showing of any of the grounds enumerated in RCW 74.20A.100, has been violated, or the specific violation of RCW 74.20A.100 that has occurred. The notice may also request an adjudicative proceeding to contest the allegation that chapter 26.18 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, and the rules of the department. The burden of proof to establish ownership of the support moneys claimed including but not limited to moneys not yet disbursed or spent, is on the department.
(If no answer is made within the twenty days, the department’s claim shall be assessed and determined and subject to collection action as a support debt pursuant to chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW, or RCW 26.23.040. Any such debtor)
(5) After the twenty-day period, a person served with a notice under this section may, at any time within one year from the date of service of the notice of support debt, petition the secretary or the secretary’s designee for an adjudicative proceeding upon a showing of any of the grounds enumerated in RCW 4.72.010 or superior court civil rule 60. A copy of the petition shall also be served on the department. The filing of the petition shall not stay any collection action being taken, but the debtor may petition the secretary or the secretary’s designee for an order staying collection action pending the final administrative order. Any such moneys held and/or taken by collection action (prior to) after the date of any such stay (and any support moneys claimed by the department, including moneys to be received in the future to which the department may have a claim, shall be held (in trust) by the department pending the final order, to be disbursed in accordance with the final order. (The secretary or the secretary’s designee shall condition the stay to provide for the trust.
If the petition is granted the issue in the proceeding is limited to the determination of the ownership of the moneys claimed in the notice of debt. The right to an adjudicative proceeding is conditioned upon holding of any funds not yet disbursed or expended or to be received in the future in trust pending the final order in these proceedings. The presiding or reviewing officer shall enter an appropriate order providing for the terms of the trust.)
(6) If the debtor fails to attend or participate in the hearing or other stage of an adjudicative proceeding, the presiding officer shall, upon showing of valid service, enter an order declaring the amount of support moneys, as claimed in the notice, to be assessed and determined and subject to collection action.
The department may take action to collect an obligation established under this section using any remedy available under this chapter or chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.23, or 74.20 RCW for the collection of child support.

If, at any time, the superior court enters judgment for an amount of debt at variance with the amount determined by the final order in an adjudicative proceeding, the judgment shall supersede the final administrative order. Any debt determined by the superior court in excess of the amount determined by the final administrative order shall be the property of the department as assigned under 42 U.S.C. 602(A)(26)(a), RCW 74.20.040, 74.20A.250, 74.20.320, or 74.20.330.) The department may take action pursuant to chapter 74.20 or 74.20A RCW to obtain such a judgment or to collect moneys determined by such a judgment to be due and owing.

If public assistance moneys have been paid to a parent for the benefit of that parent’s minor dependent children, debt under this chapter shall not be incurred by nor at any time be collected from that parent because of that payment of assistance. Nothing in this section prohibits or limits the department from acting pursuant to RCW 74.20.320 and this section to assess a debt against a recipient or ex-recipient for receipt of support moneys paid in satisfaction of the debt assigned under RCW 74.20.330 which have been assigned to the department but were received by a recipient or ex-recipient from another responsible parent and not remitted to the department. To collect these wrongfully retained funds from the recipient, the department may not take collection action in excess of ten percent of the grant payment standard during any month the public assistance recipient remains in that status unless required by federal law.

If a person owing a debt established under this section is receiving public assistance, the department may collect the debt by offsetting up to ten percent of the grant payment received by the person. No collection action may be taken against the earnings of a person receiving cash public assistance to collect a debt assessed under this section.

Payments not credited against the department’s debt pursuant to RCW 74.20.101 may not be assessed or collected under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 907. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

ACCESS TO INFORMATION--CONFIDENTIALITY--NONLIABILITY. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of Washington law, the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act may access records of the following nature, in the possession of any agency or entity listed in this section:

(a) Records of state and local agencies, including but not limited to:
   (i) The center for health statistics, including but not limited to records of birth, marriage, and death;
   (ii) Tax and revenue records, including, but not limited to, information on residence addresses, employers, and assets;
   (iii) Records concerning real and titled personal property;
   (iv) Records of occupational, professional, and recreational licenses and records concerning the ownership and control of corporations, partnerships, and other business entities;
   (v) Employment security records;
   (vi) Records of agencies administering public assistance programs; and
   (vii) Records of the department of corrections, and of county and municipal correction or confinement facilities;

(b) Records of public utilities and cable television companies relating to persons who owe or are owed support, or against whom a support obligation is sought, including names and addresses of the individuals, and employers' names and addresses pursuant to section 908 of this act and RCW 74.20A.120; and

(c) Records held by financial institutions, pursuant to section 909 of this act.

(2) Upon the request of the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the social security act, any employer shall provide information as to the employment, earnings, benefits, and residential address and phone number of any employee.

(3) Entities in possession of records described in subsection (1)(a) and (c) of this section must provide information and records upon the request of the division of child support, the Washington state
support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The division of child support may enter into agreements providing for electronic access to these records.

(4) Public utilities and cable television companies must provide the information in response to a judicial or administrative subpoena issued by the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act.

(5) Entities responding to information requests and subpoenas under this section are not liable for disclosing information pursuant to the request or subpoena.

(6) The division of child support shall maintain all information gathered under this section confidential and shall only disclose this information as provided under RCW 26.23.120.

(7) The division of child support may impose fines for noncompliance with this section using the notice of noncompliance under section 903 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 908. A new section is added to chapter 74.20 RCW to read as follows:

SUBPOENA AUTHORITY—ENFORCEMENT. In carrying out the provisions of this chapter or chapters 26.18, 26.23, 26.26, and 74.20A RCW, the secretary and other duly authorized officers of the department may subpoena witnesses, take testimony, and compel the production of such papers, books, records, and documents as they may deem relevant to the performance of their duties. The division of child support may enforce subpoenas issued under this power according to section 903 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 909. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

FINANCIAL INSTITUTION DATA MATCHES. (1) Each calendar quarter financial institutions doing business in the state of Washington shall report to the department the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, and other information determined necessary by the department for each individual who maintains an account at such institution and is identified by the department as owing a support debt.

(2) The department and financial institutions shall enter into agreements to develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the extent feasible, to minimize the cost of providing information required under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The department may pay a reasonable fee to a financial institution for conducting the data match not to exceed the actual costs incurred.

(4) A financial institution is not liable for any disclosure of information to the department under this section.

(5) The division of child support shall maintain all information gathered under this section confidential and shall only disclose this information as provided under RCW 26.23.120.

Sec. 910. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:

(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.

(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.

(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.

(d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy.

(e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical safety, or property. If
at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.

(f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.

(g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

(k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.

(l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers, except that this information may be released to the division of child support or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, for the establishment, enforcement, or modification of a support order.
The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

(aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

(gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.

(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 911. A new section is added to chapter 74.20 RCW to read as follows:
ORDERS FOR GENETIC TESTING. (1) The division of child support may issue an order for genetic testing when providing services under this chapter and Title IV-D of the federal social security act if genetic testing:
   (a) Is appropriate in an action under chapter 26.26 RCW, the uniform parentage act;
   (b) Is appropriate in an action to establish support under RCW 74.20A.056; or
   (c) Would assist the parties or the division of child support in determining whether it is appropriate to proceed with an action to establish or disestablish paternity.
(2) The order for genetic testing shall be served on the alleged parent or parents and the legal parent by personal service or by any form of mail requiring a return receipt.
(3) Within twenty days of the date of service of an order for genetic testing, any party required to appear for genetic testing, the child, or a guardian on the child’s behalf, may petition in superior court under chapter 26.26 RCW to bar or postpone genetic testing.
(4) The order for genetic testing shall contain:
   (a) An explanation of the right to proceed in superior court under subsection (3) of this section;
   (b) Notice that if no one proceeds under subsection (3) of this section, the agency issuing the order will schedule genetic testing and will notify the parties of the time and place of testing by regular mail;
   (c) Notice that the parties must keep the agency issuing the order for genetic testing informed of their residence address and that mailing a notice of time and place for genetic testing to the last known address of the parties by regular mail constitutes valid service of the notice of time and place;
   (d) Notice that the order for genetic testing may be enforced through:
      (i) Public assistance grant reduction for noncooperation, pursuant to agency rule, if the child and custodian are receiving public assistance;
      (ii) Termination of support enforcement services under Title IV-D of the federal social security act if the child and custodian are not receiving public assistance;
      (iii) A referral to superior court for an appropriate action under chapter 26.26 RCW; or
      (iv) A referral to superior court for remedial sanctions under RCW 7.21.060.
(5) The department may advance the costs of genetic testing under this section.
(6) If an action is pending under chapter 26.26 RCW, a judgment for reimbursement of the cost of genetic testing may be awarded under RCW 26.26.100.
(7) If no action is pending in superior court, the department may impose an obligation to reimburse costs of genetic testing according to rules adopted by the department to implement RCW 74.20A.056.

Sec. 912. RCW 26.23.045 and 1994 c 230 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The division of child support, Washington state support registry, shall provide support enforcement services under the following circumstances:
   (a) Whenever public assistance under RCW 74.20.330 is paid;
   (b) Whenever a request for nonassistance support enforcement services under RCW 74.20.040(2) is received;
   (c) Whenever a request for support enforcement services under RCW 74.20.040((3)) is received;
   (d) When a support order which contains language directing a responsible parent to make support payments to the Washington state support registry under RCW 26.23.050 is submitted and the division of child support receives a written application for services or is already providing services;
   (e) When a support order is forwarded to the Washington state support registry by the clerk of a superior court under RCW 26.23.050(5);
   (f) When the obligor submits a support order or support payment, and an application, to the Washington state support registry.
(2) The division of child support shall continue to provide support enforcement services for so long as and under such conditions as the department shall establish by regulation or until the superior court enters an order removing the requirement that the obligor make support payments to the Washington state support registry as provided for in RCW 26.23.050((2)).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 913. A new section is added to chapter 26.23 RCW to read as follows:
STATE CASE Registry--SUBMISSION OF ORDERS. (1) The division of child support, Washington state support registry shall operate a state case registry containing records of all orders establishing or modifying a support order that are entered after October 1, 1998.

(2) The superior court clerk, the office of administrative hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the Washington state support registry, a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation that provide that support payments shall be made to the support registry.

(3) The division of child support shall reimburse the clerk for the reasonable costs of copying and sending copies of court orders to the registry at the reimbursement rate provided in Title IV-D of the federal social security act.

(4) Effective October 1, 1998, the superior court clerk, the office of administrative hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the Washington state support registry a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation.

(5) Receipt of a support order by the registry or other action under this section on behalf of a person or persons who have not made a written application for support enforcement services to the division of child support and who are not recipients of public assistance is deemed to be:

(a) A request for payment services only if the order requires payment to the Washington state support registry;
(b) A submission for inclusion in the state case registry if the order does not require that support payments be made to the Washington state support registry.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 914. A new section is added to chapter 26.23 RCW to read as follows: ADDRESS AND EMPLOYER INFORMATION IN SUPPORT ORDERS--DUTY TO UPDATE--PROVISIONS REGARDING SERVICE. (1) Each party to a paternity or child support proceeding must provide the court and the Washington state child support registry with his or her:

(a) Social security number;
(b) Current residential address;
(c) Date of birth;
(d) Telephone number;
(e) Driver’s license number; and
(f) Employer’s name, address, and telephone number.

(2) Each party to an order entered in a child support or paternity proceeding shall update the information required under subsection (1) of this section promptly after any change in the information. The duty established under this section continues as long as any monthly support or support debt remains due under the support order.

(3) In any proceeding to establish, enforce, or modify the child support order between the parties, a party may demonstrate to the presiding officer that he or she has diligently attempted to locate the other party. Upon a showing of diligent efforts to locate, the presiding officer may allow, or accept as adequate, service of process for the action by delivery of written notice to the address most recently provided by the party under this section.

(4) All support orders shall contain notice to the parties of the obligations established by this section and possibility of service of process according to subsection (3) of this section.

Sec. 915. RCW 26.23.030 and 1989 c 360 s 6 are each amended to read as follows: There is created a Washington state support registry within the ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support as the agency designated in Washington state to administer the child support program under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The registry shall:

(a) Provide a central unit for collection of support payments made to the registry;
(b) Account for and disburse all support payments received by the registry;
(c) Maintain the necessary records including, but not limited to, information on support orders, support debts, the date and amount of support due; the date and amount of payments; and the names, social security numbers, and addresses of the parties;
(d) Develop procedures for providing information to the parties regarding action taken by, and support payments collected and distributed by the registry; and
(e) Maintain a state child support case registry to compile and maintain records on all child support orders entered in the state of Washington.
(2) The division of child support may assess and collect interest at the rate of twelve percent per year on unpaid child support that has accrued under any support order entered into the registry. This interest rate shall not apply to those support orders already specifying an interest assessment at a different rate.

(3) The secretary of social and health services shall adopt rules for the maintenance and retention of records of support payments and for the archiving and destruction of such records when the support obligation terminates or is satisfied. When a support obligation established under court order entered in a superior court of this state has been satisfied, a satisfaction of judgment form shall be prepared by the registry and filed with the clerk of the court in which the order was entered.

Sec. 916. RCW 74.20A.060 and 1989 c 360 s 9 and 1989 c 175 s 153 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary may assert a lien upon the real or personal property of a responsible parent:
   (a) When a support payment is past due, if the parent’s support order contains notice that liens may be enforced against real and personal property, or notice that action may be taken under this chapter;
   (b) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support debt under RCW 74.20A.040;
   (c) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of financial responsibility under RCW 74.20A.055;
   (d) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of parental responsibility;
   (e) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support owed under RCW 26.23.110; or
   (f) When appropriate under RCW 74.20A.270.

(2) The division of child support may use uniform interstate lien forms adopted by the United States department of health and human services to assert liens on a responsible parent’s real and personal property located in another state.

(3) The claim of the department for a support debt, not paid when due, shall be a lien against all property of the debtor with priority of a secured creditor. This lien shall be separate and apart from, and in addition to, any other lien created by, or provided for, in this title. The lien shall attach to all real and personal property of the debtor on the date of filing of such statement with the county auditor of the county in which such property is located.

(4) Whenever a support lien has been filed and there is in the possession of any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision or department of the state having notice of said lien any property which is or might become due, owing, or belonging to said debtor, except as provided for by the exemptions contained in RCW 74.20A.090 and 74.20A.130, unless:
   (a) A written release or waiver signed by the secretary has been delivered to said person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision or department of the state;
   (b) A determination has been made in an adjudicative proceeding pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055 or by a superior court ordering release of said support lien on the basis that no debt exists or that the debt has been satisfied.

Sec. 917. RCW 74.20A.080 and 1994 c 230 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary may issue to any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States, an order to withhold and deliver property of any kind, including but not restricted to earnings which are or might become due, owing, or belonging to the debtor, when the secretary has reason to believe that there is in the possession of such person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States property which is or might become due, owing, or belonging to said debtor. Such order to withhold and deliver may be issued:
   (a) (When a support payment is past due) At any time, if a responsible parent’s support order:
      (i) Contains (language directing the parent to make support payments to the Washington state support registry; and)
      (ii) Notice that withholding action may be taken against earnings, wages, or assets without further notice to the parent; or
   (b) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support debt under RCW 74.20A.040;
(c) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of parental responsibility under RCW 74.20A.056;
(d) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support owed under RCW 26.23.110;
(e) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of financial responsibility under RCW 74.20A.055; or
(f) When appropriate under RCW 74.20A.270.

(2) The order to withhold and deliver shall:
(a) State the amount to be withheld on a periodic basis if the order to withhold and deliver is being served to secure payment of monthly current support;
(b) State the amount of the support debt accrued;
(c) State in summary the terms of RCW 74.20A.090 and 74.20A.100;
(d) Be served in the manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or by certified mail, return receipt requested.

(3) The division of child support may use uniform interstate withholding forms adopted by the United States department of health and human services to take withholding actions under this section when the responsible parent is owed money or property that is located in another state.

(4) Any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States upon whom service has been made is hereby required to:
(a) Answer said order to withhold and deliver within twenty days, exclusive of the day of service, under oath and in writing, and shall make true answers to the matters inquired of therein; and
(b) Provide further and additional answers when requested by the secretary.

(5) Any such person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States in possession of any property which may be subject to the claim of the department (of social and health services) shall:
(a) Immediately withhold such property upon receipt of the order to withhold and deliver;
(b) Immediately deliver the property to the secretary as soon as the twenty-day answer period expires;
(c) Continue to withhold earnings payable to the debtor at each succeeding disbursement interval as provided for in RCW 74.20A.090, and deliver amounts withheld from earnings to the secretary on the date earnings are payable to the debtor;
(d) Deliver amounts withheld from periodic payments to the secretary on the date the payments are payable to the debtor;
(e) Inform the secretary of the date the amounts were withheld as requested under this section; or
(f) Furnish to the secretary a good and sufficient bond, satisfactory to the secretary, conditioned upon final determination of liability.

(6) An order to withhold and deliver served under this section shall not expire until:
(a) Released in writing by the (office of support enforcement) division of child support;
(b) Terminated by court order; or
(c) The person or entity receiving the order to withhold and deliver does not possess property of or owe money to the debtor for any period of twelve consecutive months following the date of service of the order to withhold and deliver.

(7) Where money is due and owing under any contract of employment, express or implied, or is held by any person, firm, corporation, or association, political subdivision, or department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States subject to withdrawal by the debtor, such money shall be delivered by remittance payable to the order of the secretary.

(8) Delivery to the secretary of the money or other property held or claimed shall satisfy the requirement and serve as full acquittance of the order to withhold and deliver.

(9) A person, firm, corporation, or association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States that complies with the order to withhold and deliver under this chapter is not civilly liable to the debtor for complying with the order to withhold and deliver under this chapter.
The secretary may hold the money or property delivered under this section in trust for application on the indebtedness involved or for return, without interest, in accordance with final determination of liability or nonliability.

Exemptions contained in RCW 74.20A.090 apply to orders to withhold and deliver issued under this section.

The secretary shall also, on or before the date of service of the order to withhold and deliver, mail or cause to be mailed a copy of the order to withhold and deliver to the debtor at the debtor's last known post office address, or, in the alternative, a copy of the order to withhold and deliver shall be served on the debtor in the same manner as a summons in a civil action on or before the date of service of the order or within two days thereafter. The copy of the order shall be mailed or served together with a concise explanation of the right to petition for judicial review. This requirement is not jurisdictional, but, if the copy is not mailed or served as in this section provided, or if any irregularity appears with respect to the mailing or service, the superior court, in its discretion on motion of the debtor promptly made and supported by affidavit showing that the debtor has suffered substantial injury due to the failure to mail the copy, may set aside the order to withhold and deliver and award to the debtor an amount equal to the damages resulting from the secretary's failure to serve on or mail to the debtor the copy.

An order to withhold and deliver issued in accordance with this section has priority over any other wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process, except for another wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process for child support.

The division of child support shall notify any person, firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States required to withhold and deliver the earnings of a debtor under this action that they may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the debtor's earnings, even if the remainder would otherwise be exempt under RCW 74.20A.090. The processing fee shall not exceed ten dollars for the first disbursement to the department and one dollar for each subsequent disbursement under the order to withhold and deliver.

Sec. 918. RCW 26.23.120 and 1994 c 230 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any information or records concerning individuals who owe a support obligation or for whom support enforcement services are being provided which are obtained or maintained by the Washington state support registry, the division of child support, or under chapter 74.20 RCW shall be private and confidential and shall only be subject to public disclosure as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

(2) The secretary of the department of social and health services may adopt rules:

(a) That specify what information is confidential;
(b) That specify the individuals or agencies to whom this information and these records may be disclosed;
(c) Limiting the purposes for which the information may be disclosed;
(d) Establishing procedures to obtain the information or records; or
(e) Establishing safeguards necessary to comply with federal law requiring safeguarding of information.

(3) The rules adopted under subsection (2) of this section shall provide for disclosure of the information and records, under appropriate circumstances, which shall include, but not be limited to:

(a) When authorized or required by federal statute or regulation governing the support enforcement program;
(b) To the person the subject of the records or information, unless the information is exempt from disclosure under RCW 42.17.310;
(c) To government agencies, whether state, local, or federal, and including federally recognized tribes, law enforcement agencies, prosecuting agencies, and the executive branch, if the disclosure is necessary for child support enforcement purposes or required under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
(d) To the parties in a judicial or adjudicative proceeding upon a specific written finding by the presiding officer that the need for the information outweighs any reason for maintaining the privacy and confidentiality of the information or records;
(e) To private persons, federally recognized tribes, or organizations if the disclosure is necessary to permit private contracting parties to assist in the management and operation of the department;

(f) Disclosure of address and employment information to the parties to an action for purposes relating to a child support order, subject to the limitations in subsections (4) and (5) of this section;

(g) Disclosure of information or records when necessary to the efficient administration of the support enforcement program or to the performance of functions and responsibilities of the support registry and the (office of support enforcement) division of child support as set forth in state and federal statutes; or

(h) Disclosure of the information or records when authorized under RCW 74.04.060.

(((4)))) (4) Prior to disclosing the (physical custodian’s address under subsection (2)(f) of this section) whereabouts of a parent or a party to a support order to the other parent or party, a notice shall be mailed, if appropriate under the circumstances, to the (physical custodian) parent or other party whose whereabouts are to be disclosed, at (the physical custodian’s) that person’s last known address. The notice shall advise the (physical custodian) parent or party that a request for disclosure has been made and will be complied with unless the department;

(a) Receives a copy of a court order within thirty days which enjoins the disclosure of the information or restricts or limits the requesting party’s right to contact or visit the (physical custodian) parent or party whose address is to be disclosed or the child((, or the custodial parent requests a hearing to contest the disclosure));

(b) Receives a hearing request within thirty days under subsection (5) of this section; or

(c) Has reason to believe that the release of the information may result in physical or emotional harm to the party whose whereabouts are to be released, or to the child.

(5) A person receiving notice under subsection (4) of this section may request an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW, at which the person may show that there is reason to believe that release of the information may result in physical or emotional harm to the person or the child. The administrative law judge shall determine whether the (address) whereabouts of the (custodial parent) person should be disclosed based on (the same standard as a claim of "good cause" as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 602(a)(26)(c)) subsection (4)(c) of this section, however no hearing is necessary if the department has in its possession a protective order or an order limiting visitation or contact.

(((4))) (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or restricting the effect of RCW 42.17.260(((4))) (9). Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information and records if all details identifying an individual are deleted or the individual consents to the disclosure.

(((5))) (7) It shall be unlawful for any person or agency in violation of this section to solicit, publish, disclose, receive, make use of, or to authorize, knowingly permit, participate in or acquiesce in the use of any lists of names for commercial or political purposes or the use of any information for purposes other than those purposes specified in this section. A violation of this section shall be a gross misdemeanor as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

Sec. 919. RCW 26.04.160 and 1993 c 451 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Application for a marriage license must be made and filed with the appropriate county auditor upon blanks to be provided by the county auditor for that purpose, which application shall be under the oath of each of the applicants, and each application shall state the name, address at the time of execution of application, age, social security number, birthplace, whether single, widowed or divorced, and whether under control of a guardian, residence during the past six months: PROVIDED, That each county may require such other and further information on said application as it shall deem necessary.

(2) The county legislative authority may impose an additional fee up to fifteen dollars on a marriage license for the purpose of funding family services such as family support centers.

Sec. 920. RCW 26.09.170 and 1992 c 229 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7) of RCW 26.09.070, the provisions of any decree respecting maintenance or support may be modified: (a) Only as to installments accruing subsequent to the petition for modification or motion for adjustment except motions to compel court-ordered adjustments, which shall be effective as of the first date specified in the decree for implementing the adjustment; and, (b) except as otherwise provided in subsections (4), (5), (8), and (9)
of this section, only upon a showing of a substantial change of circumstances. The provisions as to property disposition may not be revoked or modified, unless the court finds the existence of conditions that justify the reopening of a judgment under the laws of this state.

(2) Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the decree the obligation to pay future maintenance is terminated upon the death of either party or the remarriage of the party receiving maintenance.

(3) Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the decree, provisions for the support of a child are terminated by emancipation of the child or by the death of the parent obligated to support the child.

(4) An order of child support may be modified one year or more after it has been entered without showing a substantial change of circumstances:
   (a) If the order in practice works a severe economic hardship on either party or the child;
   (b) If a party requests an adjustment in an order for child support which was based on guidelines which determined the amount of support according to the child's age, and the child is no longer in the age category on which the current support amount was based;
   (c) If a child is still in high school, upon a finding that there is a need to extend support beyond the eighteenth birthday to complete high school; or
   (d) To add an automatic adjustment of support provision consistent with RCW 26.09.100.

(5) An order or decree entered prior to June 7, 1984, may be modified without showing a substantial change of circumstances if the requested modification is to:
   (a) Require health insurance coverage for a child named therein; or
   (b) Modify an existing order for health insurance coverage.

(6) An obligor's voluntary unemployment or voluntary underemployment, by itself, is not a substantial change of circumstances.

(7) The department of social and health services may file an action to modify an order of child support if public assistance money is being paid to or for the benefit of the child and the child support order is twenty-five percent or more below the appropriate child support amount set forth in the standard calculation as defined in RCW 26.19.011 and reasons for the deviation are not set forth in the findings of fact or order. The determination of twenty-five percent or more shall be based on the current income of the parties and the department shall not be required to show a substantial change of circumstances if the reasons for the deviations were not set forth in the findings of fact or order.

(8)(a) All child support decrees may be adjusted once every twenty-four months based upon changes in the income of the parents without a showing of substantially changed circumstances. Either party may initiate the adjustment by filing a motion and child support worksheets.
   (b) A party may petition for modification in cases of substantially changed circumstances under subsection (1) of this section at any time. However, if relief is granted under subsection (1) of this section, twenty-four months must pass before a motion for an adjustment under (a) of this subsection may be filed.
   (c) If, pursuant to (a) of this subsection or subsection (9) of this section, the court adjusts or modifies a child support obligation by more than thirty percent and the change would cause significant hardship, the court may implement the change in two equal increments, one at the time of the entry of the order and the second six months from the entry of the order. Twenty-four months must pass following the second change before a motion for an adjustment under (a) of this subsection may be filed.
   (d) A parent who is receiving transfer payments who receives a wage or salary increase may not bring a modification action pursuant to subsection (1) of this section alleging that increase constitutes a substantial change of circumstances.
   (e) The department of social and health services may file an action at any time to modify an order of child support in cases of substantially changed circumstances if public assistance money is being paid to or for the benefit of the child. The determination of the existence of substantially changed circumstances by the department that lead to the filing of an action to modify the order of child support is not binding upon the court.

(9) An order of child support may be adjusted twenty-four months from the date of the entry of the decree or the last adjustment or modification, whichever is later, based upon changes in the economic table or standards in chapter 26.19 RCW.

Sec. 921. RCW 26.21.005 and 1993 c 318 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:
In this chapter:

(1) "Child" means an individual, whether over or under the age of majority, who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual's parent or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order directed to the parent.

(2) "Child support order" means a support order for a child, including a child who has attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state.

(3) "Duty of support" means an obligation imposed or imposable by law to provide support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an unsatisfied obligation to provide support.

(4) "Home state" means the state in which a child lived with a parent or a person acting as parent for at least six consecutive months immediately preceding the time of filing of a petition or comparable pleading for support and, if a child is less than six months old, the state in which the child lived from birth with any of them. A period of temporary absence of any of them is counted as part of the six-month or other period.

(5) "Income" includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money from any source and any other property subject to withholding for support under the law of this state.

(6) "Income-withholding order" means an order or other legal process directed to an obligor's employer or other debtor, as defined by ((chapter 6.27)) RCW 50.04.080, to withhold support from the income of the obligor.

(7) "Initiating state" means a state ((in)) from which a proceeding is forwarded or in which a proceeding is filed for forwarding to a responding state under this chapter or a law or procedure substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act ((is filed for forwarding to a responding state)).

(8) "Initiating tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in an initiating state.

(9) "Issuing state" means the state in which a tribunal issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage.

(10) "Issuing tribunal" means the tribunal that issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage.

(11) "Law" includes decisional and statutory law and rules and regulations having the force of law.

(12) "Obligee" means:

(a) An individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a judgment determining parentage has been rendered;

(b) A state or political subdivision to which the rights under a duty of support or support order have been assigned or which has independent claims based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee; or

(c) An individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's child.

(13) "Obligor" means an individual, or the estate of a decedent:

(a) Who owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;

(b) Who is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a child; or

(c) Who is liable under a support order.

(14) "Register" means to record or file in the appropriate location for the recording or filing of foreign judgments generally or foreign support orders specifically, a support order or judgment determining parentage.

(15) "Registering tribunal" means a tribunal in which a support order is registered.

(16) "Responding state" means a state ((in)) in which a proceeding is filed or to which a proceeding is forwarded for filing from an initiating state under this chapter or a law or procedure substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.

(17) "Responding tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in a responding state.

(18) "Spousal support order" means a support order for a spouse or former spouse of the obligor.

(19) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, ((the Commonwealth of)) Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. The term (("state")) includes:

(i) An Indian tribe ((and includes)); and
(ii) A foreign jurisdiction that has enacted a law or established procedures for issuance and enforcement of support orders (that) which are substantially similar to the procedures under this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.

(20) "Support enforcement agency" means a public official or agency authorized to seek:
(a) Enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty of support;
(b) Establishment or modification of child support;
(c) Determination of parentage; or
(d) Location of obligors or their assets.

(21) "Support order" means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a former spouse, that provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or reimbursement, and may include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding, attorneys' fees, and other relief.

(22) "Tribunal" means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage.

Sec. 922. RCW 26.21.115 and 1993 c 318 s 205 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a child support order:
(a) As long as this state remains the residence of the obligor, the individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit the support order is issued; or
(b) Until (each individual party has) all of the parties who are individuals have filed written consents with the tribunal of this state for a tribunal of another state to modify the order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

(2) A tribunal of this state issuing a child support order consistent with the law of this state may not exercise its continuing jurisdiction to modify the order if the order has been modified by a tribunal of another state pursuant to this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter.

(3) If a child support order of this state is modified by a tribunal of another state pursuant to this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, a tribunal of this state loses its continuing, exclusive jurisdiction with regard to prospective enforcement of the order issued in this state, and may only:
(a) Enforce the order that was modified as to amounts accruing before the modification;
(b) Enforce nonmodifiable aspects of that order; and
(c) Provide other appropriate relief for violations of that order which occurred before the effective date of the modification.

(4) A tribunal of this state shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of a tribunal of another state that has issued a child support order pursuant to this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter.

(5) A temporary support order issued ex parte or pending resolution of a jurisdictional conflict does not create continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in the issuing tribunal.

(6) A tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal support order throughout the existence of the support obligation. A tribunal of this state may not modify a spousal support order issued by a tribunal of another state having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over that order under the law of that state.

Sec. 923. RCW 26.21.135 and 1993 c 318 s 207 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter and only one tribunal has issued a child support order, the order of that tribunal controls and must be so recognized.

(2) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter, and one or more child support orders have been issued by tribunals of this state or another state with regard to the same obligor and child, a tribunal of this state shall apply the following rules in determining which order to recognize for purposes of continuing, exclusive jurisdiction:
(a) If only one of the tribunals has issued a child support order, the order of that tribunal controlling and must be so recognized.

(b) If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders, the order of the tribunal controlling must be so recognized.
(e)) If (two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, and) more than one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state of the child controls and must be so recognized, but if an order has not been issued in the current home state of the child, the order most recently issued and must be so recognized.

((d) If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, and none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the tribunal of this state may issue a child support order, which must be recognized.

(2) The tribunal that has issued an order recognized under subsection (1) of this section is the tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.))

(c) If none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the tribunal of this state having jurisdiction over the parties shall issue a child support order, which controls and must be so recognized.

(3) If two or more child support orders have been issued for the same obligor and child and if the obligor or the individual obligee resides in this state, a party may request a tribunal of this state to determine which order controls and must be so recognized under subsection (2) of this section. The request must be accompanied by a certified copy of every support order in effect. The requesting party shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights may be affected by the determination.

(4) The tribunal that issued the controlling order under subsection (1), (2), or (3) of this section is the tribunal that has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under RCW 26.21.115.

(5) A tribunal of this state which determines by order the identity of the controlling order under subsection (2)(a) or (b) of this section or which issues a new controlling order under subsection (2)(c) of this section shall state in that order the basis upon which the tribunal made its determination.

(6) Within thirty days after issuance of an order determining the identity of the controlling order, the party obtaining the order shall file a certified copy of it with each tribunal that issued or registered an earlier order of child support. A party who obtains the order and fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of the controlling order.

Sec. 924. RCW 26.21.235 and 1993 c 318 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon the filing of a petition authorized by this chapter, an initiating tribunal of this state shall forward three copies of the petition and its accompanying documents:

((((4)) (a) To the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement agency in the responding state; or

((2))) (b) If the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state information agency of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the appropriate tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.

(2) If a responding state has not enacted the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law or procedure substantially similar to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, a tribunal of this state may issue a certificate or other document and make findings required by the law of the responding state. If the responding state is a foreign jurisdiction, the tribunal may specify the amount of support sought and provide other documents necessary to satisfy the requirements of the responding state.

Sec. 925. RCW 26.21.245 and 1993 c 318 s 305 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When a responding tribunal of this state receives a petition or comparable pleading from an initiating tribunal or directly pursuant to RCW 26.21.205(3), it shall cause the petition or pleading to be filed and notify the petitioner ((by first class mail)) where and when it was filed.

(2) A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent otherwise authorized by law, may do one or more of the following:

(a) Issue or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, or render a judgment to determine parentage;

(b) Order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the amount and the manner of compliance;

(c) Order income withholding;

(d) Determine the amount of any arrearages, and specify a method of payment;

(e) Enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;

(f) Set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;
(g) Place liens and order execution on the obligor’s property;
(h) Order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor’s current residential address, telephone number, employer, address of employment, and telephone number at the place of employment;
(i) Issue a bench warrant or writ of arrest for an obligor who has failed after proper notice to appear at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the bench warrant or writ of arrest in any local and state computer systems for criminal warrants;
(j) Order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified methods;
(k) Award reasonable attorneys’ fees and other fees and costs; and
(l) Grant any other available remedy.

(3) A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a support order issued under this chapter, or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on which the support order is based.
(4) A responding tribunal of this state may not condition the payment of a support order issued under this chapter upon compliance by a party with provisions for visitation.
(5) If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order under this chapter, the tribunal shall send a copy of the order ((by first class mail)) to the petitioner and the respondent and to the initiating tribunal, if any.

Sec. 926. RCW 26.21.255 and 1993 c 318 s 306 are each amended to read as follows:
If a petition or comparable pleading is received by an inappropriate tribunal of this state, it shall forward the pleading and accompanying documents to an appropriate tribunal in this state or another state and notify the petitioner ((by first class mail)) where and when the pleading was sent.

Sec. 927. RCW 26.21.265 and 1993 c 318 s 307 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A support enforcement agency of this state, upon request, shall provide services to a petitioner in a proceeding under this chapter.
(2) A support enforcement agency that is providing services to the petitioner as appropriate shall:
   (a) Take all steps necessary to enable an appropriate tribunal in this state or another state to obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;
   (b) Request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place for a hearing;
   (c) Make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information, including information as to income and property of the parties;
   (d) Within ((two)) five days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of a written notice from an initiating, responding, or registering tribunal, send a copy of the notice ((by first class mail)) to the petitioner;
   (e) Within ((two)) five days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of a written communication from the respondent or the respondent’s attorney, send a copy of the communication ((by first class mail)) to the petitioner; and
   (f) Notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent cannot be obtained.
(3) This chapter does not create or negate a relationship of attorney and client or other fiduciary relationship between a support enforcement agency or the attorney for the agency and the individual being assisted by the agency.

Sec. 928. RCW 26.21.450 and 1993 c 318 s 501 are each amended to read as follows:
((1)) An income-withholding order issued in another state may be sent ((by first class mail)) to the person or entity defined as the obligor’s employer under ((chapter 6.27)) RCW 50.04.080 without first filing a petition or comparable pleading or registering the order with a tribunal of this state. ((2)) Upon receipt of the order, the employer shall:
   (a) Treat an income-withholding order issued in another state that appears regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of this state;
   (b) Immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor; and
   (c) Distribute the funds as directed in the income-withholding order.
(2) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income-withholding order issued in another state in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this state. RCW 26.21.510 applies to the contest. The obligor shall give notice of the contest to any support enforcement agency providing services to the obligee and to:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 929. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: EMPLOYER’S COMPLIANCE WITH INCOME-WITHholding ORDER OF ANOTHER STATE. (1) Upon receipt of an income-withholding order, the obligor’s employer shall immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor.

(2) The employer shall treat an income-withholding order issued in another state that appears regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of this state.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section and section 930 of this act, the employer shall withhold and distribute the funds as directed in the withholding order by complying with the terms of the order which specify:
   (a) The duration and amount of periodic payments of current child support, stated as a sum certain;
   (b) The person or agency designated to receive payments and the address to which the payments are to be forwarded;
   (c) Medical support, whether in the form of periodic cash payment, stated as sum certain, or ordering the obligor to provide health insurance coverage for the child under a policy available through the obligor’s employment;
   (d) The amount of periodic payments of fees and costs for a support enforcement agency, the issuing tribunal, and the obligee’s attorney, stated as sum certain; and
   (e) The amount of periodic payments of arrearages and interest on arrearages, stated as sum certain.

(4) The employer shall comply with the law of the state of the obligor’s principal place of employment for withholding from income with respect to:
   (a) The employer’s fee for processing an income withholding order;
   (b) The maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the obligor’s income; and
   (c) The times within which the employer must implement the withholding order and forward the child support payment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 930. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: COMPLIANCE WITH MULTIPLE INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDERS. If an obligor’s employer receives multiple income-withholding orders with respect to the earnings of the same obligor, the employer satisfies the terms of the multiple orders if the employer complies with the law of the state of the obligor’s principal place of employment to establish the priorities for withholding and allocating income withheld for multiple child support obligees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 931. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY. An employer who complies with an income-withholding order issued in another state in accordance with this article is not subject to civil liability to an individual or agency with regard to the employer’s withholding of child support from the obligor’s income.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 932. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE. An employer who willfully fails to comply with an income-withholding order issued by another state and received for enforcement is subject to the same penalties that may be imposed for noncompliance with an order issued by a tribunal of this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 933. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: CONTEST BY OBLIGOR. (1) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income-withholding order issued in another state and received directly by an employer in this state in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this state. RCW 26.21.510 applies to the contest.

(2) The obligor shall give notice of the contest to:
   (a) A support enforcement agency providing services to the obligee;
   (b) Each employer that has directly received an income-withholding order; and
(c) The person or agency designated to receive payments in the income-withholding order, or if no person or agency is designated, to the obligee.

Sec. 934. RCW 26.21.490 and 1993 c 318 s 602 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A support order or income-withholding order of another state may be registered in this state by sending the following documents and information to the support enforcement agency of this state or to the superior court of any county in this state where the obligor resides, works, or has property:
(a) A letter of transmittal to the tribunal requesting registration and enforcement;
(b) Two copies, including one certified copy, of all orders to be registered, including any modification of an order;
(c) A sworn statement by the party seeking registration or a certified statement by the custodian of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;
(d) The name of the obligor and, if known:
(i) The obligor’s address and social security number;
(ii) The name and address of the obligor’s employer and any other source of income of the obligor; and
(iii) A description and the location of property of the obligor in this state not exempt from execution; and
(e) The name and address of the obligee and, if applicable, the agency or person to whom support payments are to be remitted.
(2) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall cause the order to be filed as a foreign judgment, together with one copy of the documents and information, regardless of their form.
(3) A petition or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that must be affirmatively sought under other law of this state may be filed at the same time as the request for registration or later. The pleading must specify the grounds for the remedy sought.

Sec. 935. RCW 26.21.520 and 1993 c 318 s 605 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When a support order or income-withholding order issued in another state is registered, the registering tribunal shall notify the nonregistering party. (Notice must be given by certified or registered mail or by any means of personal service authorized by the law of this state.) The notice must be accompanied by a copy of the registered order and the documents and relevant information accompanying the order.
(2) The notice must inform the nonregistering party:
(a) That a registered order is enforceable as of the date of registration in the same manner as an order issued by a tribunal of this state;
(b) That a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order must be requested within twenty days after the date of receipt by certified or registered mail or personal service of the notice given to a nonregistering party within the state and within sixty days after the date of receipt by certified or registered mail or personal service of the notice on a nonregistering party outside of the state;
(c) That failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely manner will result in confirmation of the order and enforcement of the order and the alleged arrearages and precludes further contest of that order with respect to any matter that could have been asserted; and
(d) Of the amount of any alleged arrearages.
(3) Upon registration of an income-withholding order for enforcement, the registering tribunal shall notify the obligor’s employer pursuant to the income-withholding law of this state.

Sec. 936. RCW 26.21.530 and 1993 c 318 s 606 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A nonregistering party seeking to contest the validity or enforcement of a registered order in this state shall request a hearing within twenty days after the date of receipt of certified or registered mail or the date of personal service of notice of the registration on the nonmoving party within this state, or, within sixty days after the receipt of certified or registered mail or personal service of the notice on the nonmoving party outside of the state. The nonregistering party may seek to vacate the registration, to assert any defense to an allegation of noncompliance with the registered order, or to contest the remedies being sought or the amount of any alleged arrearages pursuant to RCW 26.21.540.
(2) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely manner, the order is confirmed by operation of law.

(3) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order, the registering tribunal shall schedule the matter for hearing and give notice to the parties ((by first class mail)) of the date, time, and place of the hearing.

Sec. 937. RCW 26.21.580 and 1993 c 318 s 611 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After a child support order issued in another state has been registered in this state, the responding tribunal of this state may modify that order only if((z)) section 939 of this act does not apply and after notice and hearing((z)) it finds that:

(a) The following requirements are met:
   (i) The child, the individual obligee, and the obligor do not reside in the issuing state;
   (ii) A petitioner who is a nonresident of this state seeks modification; and
   (iii) The respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state; or
   (b) (An individual party or) The child, or a party who is an individual, is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state and all of the ((individual)) parties who are individuals have filed ((a)) written consents in the issuing tribunal ((providing that)) for a tribunal of this state ((may)) to modify the support order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the order. However, if the issuing state is a foreign jurisdiction that has not enacted a law or established procedures substantially similar to the procedures under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, the consent otherwise required of an individual residing in this state is not required for the tribunal to assume jurisdiction to modify the child support order.

(2) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order issued by a tribunal of this state and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the same manner.

(3) A tribunal of this state may not modify any aspect of a child support order that may not be modified under the law of the issuing state. If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, the order that controls and must be so recognized under RCW 26.21.135 establishes the aspects of the support order that are nonmodifiable.

(4) On issuance of an order modifying a child support order issued in another state, a tribunal of this state becomes the tribunal ((of)) having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction. (((5) Within thirty days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party obtaining the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing tribunal which had continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order, and in each tribunal in which the party knows that earlier order has been registered.)))

Sec. 938. RCW 26.21.590 and 1993 c 318 s 612 are each amended to read as follows:

A tribunal of this state shall recognize a modification of its earlier child support order by a tribunal of another state that assumed jurisdiction pursuant to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law substantially similar to this chapter and, upon request, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, shall:

(1) Enforce the order that was modified only as to amounts accruing before the modification;
(2) Enforce only nonmodifiable aspects of that order;
(3) Provide other appropriate relief only for violations of that order which occurred before the effective date of the modification; and
(4) Recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon registration, for the purpose of enforcement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 939. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:

JURISDICTION TO MODIFY CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF ANOTHER STATE IF INDIVIDUAL PARTIES RESIDE IN THIS STATE. (1) If all of the parties who are individuals reside in this state and the child does not reside in the issuing state, a tribunal of this state has jurisdiction to enforce and to modify the issuing state’s child support order in a proceeding to register that order.

(2) A tribunal of this state exercising jurisdiction under this section shall apply the provisions of Articles 1 and 2, this article, and the procedural and substantive law of this state to the proceeding for enforcement or modification. Articles 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 of this chapter do not apply.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 940. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: 
NOTICE TO ISSUING TRIBUNAL OF MODIFICATION. Within thirty days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party obtaining the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing tribunal that had continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order, and in each tribunal in which the party knows the earlier order has been registered. A party who obtains the order and fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of the modified order of the new tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

Sec. 941. RCW 26.21.620 and 1993 c 318 s 701 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating or responding tribunal in a proceeding brought under this chapter or a law or procedure substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act to determine that the petitioner is a parent of a particular child or to determine that a respondent is a parent of that child.
(2) In a proceeding to determine parentage, a responding tribunal of this state shall apply the Uniform Parentage Act, chapter 26.26 RCW, procedural and substantive law of this state, and the rules of this state on choice of law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 942. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: 
ADOPTION OF RULES. The secretary of the department of social and health services shall issue such rules as necessary to act as the administrative tribunal pursuant to RCW 26.21.015.

Sec. 943. RCW 26.23.035 and 1991 c 367 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department of social and health services shall adopt rules for the distribution of support money collected by the (office of support enforcement) division of child support. These rules shall:
(a) Comply with (42 U.S.C. Sec. 657) Title IV-D of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996;
(b) Direct the (office of support enforcement) division of child support to distribute support money within eight days of receipt, unless one of the following circumstances, or similar circumstances specified in the rules, prevents prompt distribution:
(i) The location of the custodial parent is unknown; 
(ii) The support debt is in litigation; 
(iii) The (office of support enforcement) division of child support cannot identify the responsible parent or the custodian; 
(c) Provide for proportionate distribution of support payments if the responsible parent owes a support obligation or a support debt for two or more Title IV-D cases; and 
(d) Authorize the distribution of support money, except money collected under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 664, to satisfy a support debt owed to the IV-D custodian before the debt owed to the state when the custodian stops receiving a public assistance grant.
(2) The (office of support enforcement) division of child support may distribute support payments to the payee under the support order or to another person who has lawful physical custody of the child or custody with the payee’s consent. The payee may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to challenge distribution to such other person. Prior to distributing support payments to any person other than the payee, the registry shall:
(a) Obtain a written statement from the child’s physical custodian, under penalty of perjury, that the custodian has lawful custody of the child or custody with the payee’s consent; 
(b) Mail to the responsible parent and to the payee at the payee’s last known address a copy of the physical custodian’s statement and a notice which states that support payments will be sent to the physical custodian; and 
(c) File a copy of the notice with the clerk of the court that entered the original support order.
(3) If the Washington state support registry distributes a support payment to a person in error, the registry may obtain restitution by means of a set-off against future payments received on behalf of the person receiving the erroneous payment, or may act according to RCW 74.20A.270 as deemed appropriate. Any set-off against future support payments shall be limited to amounts collected on the support debt and ten percent of amounts collected as current support.
(4) The division of child support shall ensure that the fifty dollar pass through payment, as required by 42 U.S.C. Sec. 657 before the adoption of P.L. 104-193, is terminated immediately upon the effective date of this section and all rules to the contrary adopted before the effective date of this section are without force and effect.

Sec. 944. RCW 74.20A.030 and 1993 sp.s. c 24 s 926 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department shall be subrogated to the right of any dependent child or children or person having the care, custody, and control of said child or children, if public assistance money is paid to or for the benefit of the child under a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, to prosecute or maintain any support action or execute any administrative remedy existing under the laws of the state of Washington to obtain reimbursement of moneys expended, based on the support obligation of the responsible parent established by a superior court order or RCW 74.20A.055.

Distribution of any support moneys shall be made in accordance with ((42 U.S.C. Sec. 657)) RCW 26.23.035.

(2) The department may initiate, continue, maintain, or execute an action to establish, enforce, and collect a support obligation, including establishing paternity and performing related services, under this chapter and chapter 74.20 RCW, or through the attorney general or prosecuting attorney under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.20, 26.21, 26.23, or 26.26 RCW or other appropriate statutes or the common law of this state, for so long as and under such conditions as the department may establish by regulation.

(3) Public assistance moneys shall be exempt from collection action under this chapter except as provided in RCW 74.20A.270.

(4) No collection action shall be taken against parents of children eligible for admission to, or children who have been discharged from a residential habilitation center as defined by RCW 71A.10.020(7). For the period July 1, 1993, through June 30, 1995, a collection action may be taken against parents of children with developmental disabilities who are placed in community-based residential care. The amount of support the department may collect from the parents shall not exceed one-half of the parents’ support obligation accrued while the child was in community-based residential care. The child support obligation shall be calculated pursuant to chapter 26.19 RCW.

Sec. 945. RCW 74.20.320 and 1979 ex.s. c 171 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever a custodian of children, or other person, receives support moneys paid to them which moneys are paid in whole or in part in satisfaction of a support obligation which has been assigned to the department pursuant to ((42 U.S.C. Sec. 602(A)(26)(a)) Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 or RCW 74.20.330 or to which the department is owed a debt pursuant to RCW 74.20A.030, the moneys shall be remitted to the department within eight days of receipt by the custodian or other person. If not so remitted the custodian or other person shall be indebted to the department as a support debt in an amount equal to the amount of the support money received and not remitted.

By not paying over the moneys to the department, a custodial parent or other person is deemed, without the necessity of signing any document, to have made an irrevocable assignment to the department of any support delinquency owed which is not already assigned to the department or to any support delinquency which may accrue in the future in an amount equal to the amount of support money retained. The department may utilize the collection procedures in chapter 74.20A RCW to collect the assigned delinquency to effect recoupment and satisfaction of the debt incurred by reason of the failure of the custodial parent or other person to remit. The department is also authorized to make a set-off to effect satisfaction of the debt by deduction from support moneys in its possession or in the possession of any clerk of the court or other forwarding agent which are paid to the custodial parent or other person for the satisfaction of any support delinquency. Nothing in this section authorizes the department to make set-off as to current support paid during the month for which the payment is due and owing.

Sec. 946. RCW 74.20.330 and 1989 c 360 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Whenever public assistance is paid under ((this title)) a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, each applicant or recipient is deemed to have made assignment to the
department of any rights to a support obligation from any other person the applicant or recipient may have in his or her own behalf or in behalf of any other family member for whom the applicant or recipient is applying for or receiving public assistance, including any unpaid support obligation or support debt which has accrued at the time the assignment is made.

(2) Payment of public assistance under ((this title)) a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 shall:
   (a) Operate as an assignment by operation of law; and
   (b) Constitute an authorization to the department to provide the assistance recipient with support enforcement services.

Sec. 947. RCW 70.58.080 and 1989 c 55 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Within ten days after the birth of any child, the attending physician, midwife, or his or her agent shall:
   (a) Fill out a certificate of birth, giving all of the particulars required, including: (i) The mother’s name and date of birth, and (ii) if the mother and father are married at the time of birth or the father has signed an acknowledgment of paternity, the father’s name and date of birth; and
   (b) File the certificate of birth together with the mother’s and father’s social security numbers with the ((local)) state registrar of ((the district in which the birth occurred)) vital statistics.
(2) The local registrar shall forward the birth certificate, any signed affidavit acknowledging paternity, and the mother’s and father’s social security numbers to the state office of vital statistics pursuant to RCW 70.58.030.
(3) The state ((office)) registrar of vital statistics shall make available to the ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support the birth certificates, the mother’s and father’s social security numbers and paternity affidavits.
(4) Upon the birth of a child to an unmarried woman, the attending physician, midwife, or his or her agent shall:
   (a) Provide an opportunity for the child’s mother and natural father to complete an affidavit acknowledging paternity. The completed affidavit shall be filed with the ((local)) state registrar of vital statistics. The affidavit shall contain or have attached:
      (i) A sworn statement by the mother consenting to the assertion of paternity and stating that this is the only possible father;
      (ii) A statement by the father that he is the natural father of the child;
      (iii) A sworn statement signed by the mother and the putative father that each has been given notice, both orally and in writing, of the alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent is a minor, any rights afforded due to minority status, and responsibilities that arise from, signing the affidavit acknowledging paternity;
      (iv) Written information, furnished by the department of social and health services, explaining the implications of signing, including parental rights and responsibilities; and
   (b) Provide written information and oral information, furnished by the department of social and health services, to the mother and the father regarding the benefits of having ((her)) the child’s paternity established and of the availability of paternity establishment services, including a request for support enforcement services. The oral and written information shall also include information regarding the alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent is a minor any rights afforded due to minority status, and responsibilities that arise from, signing the affidavit acknowledging paternity.
(5) The physician or midwife or his or her agent is entitled to reimbursement for reasonable costs, which the department shall establish by rule, when an affidavit acknowledging paternity is filed with the state ((office)) registrar of vital statistics.
(6) If there is no attending physician or midwife, the father or mother of the child, householder or owner of the premises, manager or superintendent of the public or private institution in which the birth occurred, shall notify the local registrar, within ten days after the birth, of the fact of the birth, and the local registrar shall secure the necessary information and signature to make a proper certificate of birth.
(7) When an infant is found for whom no certificate of birth is known to be on file, a birth certificate shall be filed within the time and in the form prescribed by the state board of health.
When no putative father is named on a birth certificate of a child born to an unwed mother the mother may give any surname she so desires to her child but shall designate in space provided for father’s name on the birth certificate “None Named”.

**Sec. 948.** RCW 26.26.040 and 1994 c 230 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

1. A man is presumed to be the natural father of a child for all intents and purposes if:
   a. He and the child’s natural mother are or have been married to each other and the child is born during the marriage, or within three hundred days after the marriage is terminated by death, annulment, declaration of invalidity, divorce, or dissolution, or after a decree of separation is entered by a court; or
   b. Before the child’s birth, he and the child’s natural mother have attempted to marry each other by a marriage solemnized in apparent compliance with law, although the attempted marriage is or could be declared invalid, and the child is born within three hundred days after the termination of cohabitation;
   c. After the child’s birth, he and the child’s natural mother have married, or attempted to marry, each other by a marriage solemnized in apparent compliance with law, although the attempted marriage is or could be declared invalid, and
      i. He has acknowledged his paternity of the child in writing filed with the state registrar of vital statistics,
      ii. With his consent, he is named as the child’s father on the child’s birth certificate, or
      iii. He is obligated to support the child under a written voluntary promise or by court order;
   d. While the child is under the age of majority, he receives the child into his home and openly holds out the child as his child;
   e. He acknowledges his paternity of the child pursuant to RCW 70.58.080 or in a writing filed with the state registrar of vital statistics, which shall promptly inform the mother of the filing of the acknowledgment, if she does not dispute the acknowledgment within a reasonable time after being informed thereof, in a writing filed with the state registrar of vital statistics. An acknowledgment of paternity under RCW 70.58.080 shall be a legal finding of paternity of the child sixty days after the acknowledgment is filed with the center for health statistics unless the acknowledgment is sooner rescinded or challenged. After the sixty-day period has passed, the acknowledgment may be challenged in court only on the basis of fraud, duress, or material mistake of fact, with the burden of proof upon the challenger. Legal responsibilities of the challenger, including child support obligations, may not be suspended during the challenge, except for good cause shown. Judicial and administrative proceedings are neither required nor permitted to ratify an unchallenged acknowledgment of paternity filed after the effective date of this section. In order to enforce rights of residential time, custody, and visitation, a man presumed to be the father as a result of filing a written acknowledgment must seek appropriate judicial orders under this title;
   f. The United States immigration and naturalization service made or accepted a determination that he was the father of the child at the time of the child’s entry into the United States and he had the opportunity at the time of the child’s entry into the United States to admit or deny the paternal relationship; or
   g. Genetic testing indicates a ninety-eight percent or greater probability of paternity.

2. A presumption under this section may be rebutted in an appropriate action only by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence. If two or more presumptions arise which conflict with each other, the presumption which on the facts is founded on the weightier considerations of policy and logic controls. The presumption is rebutted by a court decree establishing paternity of the child by another man.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 949.** A new section is added to chapter 26.26 RCW to read as follows:

**PROOF OF CERTAIN SUPPORT AND PATERNITY ESTABLISHMENT COSTS.** In all actions brought under this chapter, bills for pregnancy, childbirth, and genetic testing shall:

1. Be admissible as evidence without requiring third-party foundation testimony; and
2. Constitute prima facie evidence of amounts incurred for such services or for testing on behalf of the child.

**Sec. 950.** RCW 74.20A.055 and 1996 c 21 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The secretary may, in the absence of a superior court order, or pursuant to an establishment of paternity under chapter 26.26 RCW, serve on the responsible parent or parents a notice and finding
of financial responsibility requiring a responsible parent or parents to appear and show cause in an adjudicative proceeding why the finding of responsibility and/or the amount thereof is incorrect, should not be finally ordered, but should be rescinded or modified. This notice and finding shall relate to the support debt accrued and/or accruing under this chapter and/or RCW 26.16.205, including periodic payments to be made in the future. The hearing shall be held pursuant to this section, chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, and the rules of the department.

(2) The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall be served in the same manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or may be served on the responsible parent by certified mail, return receipt requested. The receipt shall be prima facie evidence of service. The notice shall be served upon the debtor within sixty days from the date the state assumes responsibility for the support of the dependent child or children on whose behalf support is sought. If the notice is not served within sixty days from such date, the department shall lose the right to reimbursement of payments made after the sixty-day period and before the date of notification: PROVIDED, That if the department exercises reasonable efforts to locate the debtor and is unable to do so the entire sixty-day period is tolled until such time as the debtor can be located.

(3) The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall set forth the amount the department has determined the responsible parent owes, the support debt accrued and/or accruing, and periodic payments to be made in the future. The notice and finding shall also include:

(a) A statement of the name of the recipient or custodian and the name of the child or children for whom support is sought;

(b) A statement of the amount of periodic future support payments as to which financial responsibility is alleged;

(c) A statement that the responsible parent may object to all or any part of the notice and finding, and file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to show cause why said responsible parent should not be determined to be liable for any or all of the debt, past and future;

(d) A statement that the alleged responsible parent may challenge the presumption of paternity;

(e) A statement that, if the responsible parent fails in timely fashion to file an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the support debt and payments stated in the notice and finding, including periodic support payments in the future, shall be assessed and determined and ordered by the department and that this debt and amounts due under the notice shall be subject to collection action;

((4)) A statement that the property of the debtor, without further advance notice or hearing, will be subject to lien and foreclosure, distraint, seizure and sale, order to withhold and deliver, notice of payroll deduction or other collection action to satisfy the debt and enforce the support obligation established under the notice.

(4) A responsible parent who objects to the notice and finding of financial responsibility may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of the date of service of the notice or thereafter as provided under this subsection. An adjudicative proceeding shall be held in the county of residence or other place convenient to the responsible parent.

(a) If the responsible parent files the application within twenty days, the department shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parent’s objection and determine the parent’s support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application stays collection action pending the entry of a final administrative order;

(b) If the responsible parent fails to file an application within twenty days, the notice and finding shall become a final administrative order. The amounts for current and future support and the support debt stated in the notice are final and subject to collection, except as provided under (c) and (d) of this subsection;

(c) If the responsible parent files the application more than twenty days after, but within one year of the date of service, the department shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parents’ objection and determine the parent’s support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application does not stay further collection action, pending the entry of a final administrative order, and does not affect any prior collection action;

(d) If the responsible parent files the application more than one year after the date of service, the department shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding at which the responsible parent must show good cause for failure to file a timely application. The filing of the application does not stay future collection action and does not affect prior collection action:
(i) If the presiding officer finds that good cause exists, the presiding officer shall proceed to hear the parent’s objection to the notice and determine the parent’s support obligation;

(ii) If the presiding officer finds that good cause does not exist, the presiding officer shall treat the application as a petition for prospective modification of the amount for current and future support established under the notice and finding. In the modification proceeding, the presiding officer shall set current and future support under chapter 26.19 RCW. The responsible parent need show neither good cause nor a substantial change of circumstances to justify modification of current and future support;

(e) The department shall retain and/or shall not refund support money collected more than twenty days after the date of service of the notice. Money withheld as the result of collection action shall be delivered to the department. The department shall distribute such money, as provided in published rules.

(5) An application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed, the presiding or reviewing officer shall determine the past liability and responsibility, if any, of the alleged responsible parent and shall also determine the amount of periodic payments to be made in the future, which amount is not limited by the amount of any public assistance payment made to or for the benefit of the child. If deviating from the child support schedule in making these determinations, the presiding or reviewing officer shall apply the standards contained in the child support schedule and enter written findings of fact supporting the deviation.

((6) If a responsible parent provides credible evidence at an adjudicative proceeding that would rebut the presumption of paternity set forth in RCW 26.26.040, the presiding officer shall direct the department to refer the issue for scheduling of an appropriate hearing in superior court to determine whether the presumption should be rebutted.))

(6) If the responsible parent fails to attend or participate in the hearing or other stage of an adjudicative proceeding, upon a showing of valid service, the presiding officer shall enter an administrative order declaring the support debt and payment provisions stated in the notice and finding of financial responsibility to be assessed and determined and subject to collection action.

(7) The final administrative order establishing liability and/or future periodic support payments shall be superseded upon entry of a superior court order for support to the extent the superior court order is inconsistent with the administrative order.

(8) Debts determined pursuant to this section, accrued and not paid, are subject to collection action under this chapter without further necessity of action by a presiding or reviewing officer.

Sec. 951. RCW 74.20A.056 and 1994 c 230 s 19 and 1994 c 146 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) If an alleged father has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity which has been filed with the state (office) registrar of vital statistics, the (office of support enforcement) division of child support may serve a notice and finding of parental responsibility on him. Procedures for and responsibility resulting from acknowledgments filed after July 1, 1997, are in subsections (8) and (9) of this section. Service of the notice shall be in the same manner as a summons in a civil action or by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall have attached to it a copy of the affidavit or certification of birth record information advising of the existence of a filed affidavit, provided by the (center for health) state registrar of vital statistics, and shall state that:

(a) The alleged father may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding at which he will be required to appear and show cause why the amount stated in the finding of financial responsibility as to support is incorrect and should not be ordered;

(b) An alleged father may request that a blood or genetic test be administered to determine whether such test would exclude him from being a natural parent and, if not excluded, may subsequently request that the (office of support enforcement) division of child support initiate an action in superior court to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship; and

(c) If the alleged father does not request that a blood or genetic test be administered or file an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of parental responsibility shall become final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.060 that the parent-child relationship does not exist.

(2) An alleged father who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing
of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt, the amount of the current and future support obligation, and the reimbursement of the costs of blood or genetic tests if advanced by the department.

(3) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department. If no application is filed within twenty days:
   (a) The amounts in the notice shall become final and the debt created therein shall be subject to collection action; and
   (b) Any amounts so collected shall neither be refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.

(4) An alleged father who denies being a responsible parent may request that a blood or genetic test be administered at any time. The request for testing shall be in writing and served on the division of child support personally or by registered or certified mail. If a request for testing is made, the department shall arrange for the test and, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, may advance the cost of such testing. The department shall mail a copy of the test results by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the alleged father’s last known address.

(5) If the test excludes the alleged father from being a natural parent, the division of child support shall file a copy of the results with the state registrar of vital statistics and shall dismiss any pending administrative collection proceedings based upon the affidavit in issue. The state registrar of vital statistics shall remove the alleged father’s name from the birth certificate and change the child’s surname to be the same as the mother’s maiden name as stated on the birth certificate, or any other name which the mother may select.

(6) The alleged father may, within twenty days after the date of receipt of the test results, request the division of child support to initiate an action under RCW 26.26.060 to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship. If the division of child support initiates a superior court action at the request of the alleged father and the decision of the court is that the alleged father is a natural parent, the alleged father shall be liable for court costs incurred.

(7) If the alleged father does not request the division of child support to initiate a superior court action, or if the alleged father fails to appear and cooperate with blood or genetic testing, the notice of parental responsibility shall become final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.060.

(8)(a) If an alleged father has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity that has been filed with the state registrar of vital statistics after July 1, 1997, within sixty days from the date of filing of the acknowledgment:
   (i) The division of child support may serve a notice and finding of parental responsibility on him as set forth under this section; and
   (ii) The alleged father or any other signatory may rescind his acknowledgment of paternity. The rescission shall be notarized and delivered to the state registrar of vital statistics personally or by registered or certified mail.

(b) If the alleged father does not file an application for an adjudicative proceeding or rescind his acknowledgment of paternity, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of parental responsibility becomes final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.060 that the parent-child relationship does not exist.

(c) An alleged father who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt and the amount of the current and future support obligation.
   (i) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department.
(ii) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is not filed within twenty days of the service of the notice, any amounts collected under the notice shall be neither refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.

(d) If an alleged father makes a request for genetic testing, the department shall proceed as set forth under section 911 of this act.

(e) If the alleged father does not request an adjudicative proceeding, or if the alleged father fails to rescind his filed acknowledgment of paternity, the notice of parental responsibility becomes final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.060.

(9) Affidavits acknowledging paternity that are filed after July 1, 1997, are subject to requirements of chapters 26.26 and 70.58 RCW.

(10) The department and the department of health may adopt rules to implement the requirements under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 952. A new section is added to chapter 26.18 RCW to read as follows:

CHILD SUPPORT LIENS--CREATION--ATTACHMENT. Child support debts, not paid when due, become liens by operation of law against all property of the debtor with priority of a secured creditor. This lien shall be separate and apart from, and in addition to, any other lien created by, or provided for, in this title. The lien attaches to all real and personal property of the debtor on the date of filing with the county auditor of the county in which the property is located.

Sec. 953. RCW 26.23.040 and 1994 c 127 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, all employers doing business in the state of Washington, and to whom the department of employment security has assigned the standard industrial classification sic codes listed in subsection (2) of this section, shall report to the Washington state support registry:

(a) The hiring of any person who resides or works in this state to whom the employer anticipates paying earnings; and

(b) The rehiring or return to work of any employee who was laid off, furloughed, separated, granted a leave without pay, or terminated from employment.

(2) Employers in the standard industrial classifications that shall report to the Washington state support registry include:

(a) Construction industry sic codes: 15, general building; 16, heavy construction; and 17, special trades;

(b) Manufacturing industry sic code 37, transportation equipment;

(c) Business services sic codes: 73, except sic code 7363 (temporary help supply services); and health services sic code 80.

(3) Employers are not required to report the hiring of any person who:

(a) Will be employed for less than one months duration;

(b) Will be employed sporadically so that the employee will be paid for less than three hundred fifty hours during a continuous six-month period; or

(c) Will have gross earnings less than three hundred dollars in every month.

The secretary of the department of social and health services may adopt rules to establish additional exemptions if needed to reduce unnecessary or burdensome reporting.

(4) Employers may report by mailing the employee’s copy of the W-4 form, or other means authorized by the registry which will result in timely reporting.

(5) Employers shall submit reports within thirty-five days of the hiring, rehiring, or return to work of the employee. The report shall contain:

(a) The employee’s name, address, social security number, and date of birth; and

(b) The employer’s name, address, and employment security reference number or unified business identifier number.

(6) An employer who fails to report as required under this section shall be given a written warning for the first violation and shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars per month for each subsequent violation after the warning has been given. All violations within a single month shall be considered a single violation for purposes of assessing the penalty. The penalty may be imposed and collected by the (office of support enforcement) division of child support under (((RCW 74.20A.270)) section 903 of this act.
(7) The registry shall retain the information for a particular employee only if the registry is responsible for establishing, enforcing, or collecting a support obligation or debt of the employee. If the employee does not owe such an obligation or a debt, the registry shall not create a record regarding the employee and the information contained in the notice shall be promptly destroyed. Prior to the destruction of the notice, the department of social and health services shall make the information contained in the notice available to other state agencies, based upon the written request of an agency’s director or chief executive, specifically for comparison with records or information possessed by the requesting agency to detect improper or fraudulent claims. If, after comparison, no such situation is found or reasonably suspected to exist, the information shall be promptly destroyed by the requesting agency. Requesting agencies that obtain information from the department of social and health services under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received, except as necessary to implement the agencies’ responsibilities.

The registry may, however, retain information for a particular employee for as long as may be necessary to:

(a) Transmit the information to the national directory of new hires as required under federal law; or

(b) Provide the information to other state agencies for comparison with records or information possessed by those agencies as required by law.

Information that is not permitted to be retained shall be promptly destroyed. Agencies that obtain information from the department of social and health services under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received, except as necessary to implement the agencies’ responsibilities.

Sec. 954. RCW 26.23.040 and 1997 c ... s 953 (section 953 of this act) are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All employers doing business in the state of Washington, and to whom the department of employment security has assigned a standard industrial classification sic code listed in subsection (2) of this section, shall report to the Washington state support registry:

(a) The hiring of any person who resides or works in this state to whom the employer anticipates paying earnings; and

(b) The rehiring or return to work of any employee who was laid off, furloughed, separated, granted a leave without pay, or terminated from employment.

(2) Employers in the standard industrial classifications that shall report to the Washington state support registry include:

(a) Construction industry sic codes: 15, general building; 16, heavy construction; and 17, special trades;

(b) Manufacturing industry sic code 37, transportation equipment;

(c) Business services sic codes: 73, except sic code 7363 (temporary help supply services); and health services sic code 80.

(3) Employers are not required to report the hiring of any person who:

(a) Will be employed for less than one month’s duration;

(b) Will be employed sporadically so that the employee will be paid for less than three hundred fifty hours during a continuous six-month period; or

(c) Will have gross earnings less than three hundred dollars in every month.

The secretary of the department of social and health services may adopt rules to establish additional exemptions if needed to reduce unnecessary or burdensome reporting.

(2) Employers may report by mailing the employee’s copy of the W-4 form, or other means authorized by the registry which will result in timely reporting.

(3) Employers shall submit reports within twenty days of the hiring, rehiring, or return to work of the employee, except as provided in subsection (4) of this section. The report shall contain:

(a) The employee’s name, address, social security number, and date of birth; and

(b) The employer’s name, address, (and) employment security reference number, unified business identifier number and identifying number assigned under section 6109 of the internal revenue code of 1986.
In the case of an employer transmitting reports magnetically or electronically, the employer shall report newly hired employees by two monthly transmissions, if necessary, not less than twelve days nor more than sixteen days apart.

An employer who fails to report as required under this section shall be given a written warning for the first violation and shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars per month for each subsequent violation after the warning has been given. All violations within a single month shall be considered a single violation for purposes of assessing the penalty. The penalty may be imposed and collected by the division of child support under RCW 74.20A.--- (section 903 of this act).

The registry shall retain the information for a particular employee only if the registry is responsible for establishing, enforcing, or collecting a support debt of the employee. The registry may, however, retain information for a particular employee for as long as may be necessary to:

(a) Transmit the information to the national directory of new hires as required under federal law; or

(b) Provide the information to other state agencies for comparison with records or information possessed by those agencies as required by law.

Information that is not permitted to be retained shall be promptly destroyed. Agencies that obtain information from the department of social and health services under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received, except as necessary to implement the agencies' responsibilities.

Sec. 955. RCW 26.09.020 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 204 and 1989 c 375 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

1. A petition in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or for a declaration concerning the validity of a marriage, shall allege the following:
   a. The last known residence of each party;
   b. The social security number of each party;
   c. The date and place of the marriage;
   d. If the parties are separated the date on which the separation occurred;
   e. The names, ages, and addresses of any child dependent upon either or both spouses and whether the wife is pregnant;
   f. Any arrangements as to the residential schedule of, decision making for, dispute resolution for, and support of the children and the maintenance of a spouse;
   g. A statement specifying whether there is community or separate property owned by the parties to be disposed of;
   h. The relief sought.

2. Either or both parties to the marriage may initiate the proceeding.

3. The petitioner shall complete and file with the petition a certificate under RCW 70.58.200 on the form provided by the department of health.

Sec. 956. RCW 26.26.100 and 1994 c 230 s 15 and 1994 c 146 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

1. The court may, and upon request of a party shall, require the child, mother, and any alleged or presumed father who has been made a party to submit to blood tests or genetic tests of blood, tissues, or other bodily fluids. If (an alleged father) a party objects to a proposed order requiring (him to submit to paternity) blood or genetic tests, the court ((may)) shall require the party making the allegation of possible paternity to provide sworn testimony, by affidavit or otherwise, stating the facts upon which the allegation is based. The court shall order blood or genetic tests if it appears that a reasonable possibility exists that the requisite sexual contact occurred or where nonpaternity is alleged, that the requisite sexual contact did not occur. The tests shall be performed by an expert in paternity blood or genetic testing appointed by the court. The expert's verified report identifying the blood or genetic characteristics observed is admissible in evidence in any hearing or trial in the parentage action, if (a) the alleged or presumed father has had the opportunity to gain information about the security, validity, and interpretation of the tests and the qualifications of any experts, and (b) the report is accompanied by an affidavit from the expert which describes the expert's qualifications as an expert and analyzes and interprets the results. Verified documentation of the chain of custody of the blood or genetic samples tested is admissible to establish the chain of custody. The court may consider published sources as aids to interpretation of the test results.
(2)(a) Any objection to genetic testing results must be made in writing and served upon the opposing party, within twenty days before any hearing at which such results may be introduced into evidence.

(b) If an objection is not made as provided in this subsection, the test results are admissible as evidence of paternity without the need for foundation testimony or other proof of authenticity or accuracy.

(3) The court, upon request by a party, shall order that additional blood or genetic tests be performed by the same or other experts qualified in paternity blood or genetic testing, if the party requesting additional tests advances the full costs of the additional testing within a reasonable time. The court may order additional testing without requiring that the requesting party advance the costs only if another party agrees to advance the costs or if the court finds, after hearing, that (a) the requesting party is indigent, and (b) the laboratory performing the initial tests recommends additional testing or there is substantial evidence to support a finding as to paternity contrary to the initial blood or genetic test results. The court may later order any other party to reimburse the party who advanced the costs of additional testing for all or a portion of the costs.

(4) In all cases, the court shall determine the number and qualifications of the experts.

Sec. 957. RCW 26.26.130 and 1995 c 246 s 31 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The judgment and order of the court determining the existence or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship shall be determinative for all purposes.

(2) If the judgment and order of the court is at variance with the child’s birth certificate, the court shall order that an amended birth certificate be issued.

(3) The judgment and order shall contain other appropriate provisions directed to the appropriate parties to the proceeding, concerning the duty of current and future support, the extent of any liability for past support furnished to the child if that issue is before the court, the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment of the judgment, or any other matter in the best interest of the child. The judgment and order may direct the father to pay the reasonable expenses of the mother’s pregnancy and confinement. The judgment and order may include a continuing restraining order or injunction. In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800.

(4) The judgment and order shall contain the social security numbers of all parties to the order.

(5) Support judgment and orders shall be for periodic payments which may vary in amount. The court may limit the father’s liability for the past support to the child to the proportion of the expenses already incurred as the court deems just. The court shall not limit or affect in any manner the right of nonparties including the state of Washington to seek reimbursement for support and other services previously furnished to the child.

(6) After considering all relevant factors, the court shall order either or both parents to pay an amount determined pursuant to the schedule and standards contained in chapter 26.19 RCW.

(7) On the same basis as provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, the court shall make residential provisions with regard to minor children of the parties, except that a parenting plan shall not be required unless requested by a party.

(8) In any dispute between the natural parents of a child and a person or persons who have (a) commenced adoption proceedings or who have been granted an order of adoption, and (b) pursuant to a court order, or placement by the department of social and health services or by a licensed agency, have had actual custody of the child for a period of one year or more before court action is commenced by the natural parent or parents, the court shall consider the best welfare and interests of the child, including the child’s need for situation stability, in determining the matter of custody, and the parent or person who is more fit shall have the superior right to custody.

(9) In entering an order under this chapter, the court may issue any necessary continuing restraining orders, including the restraint provisions of domestic violence protection orders under chapter 26.50 RCW or antiharassment protection orders under chapter 10.14 RCW.

(10) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other party or the day care or school of any child shall prominently bear on the front page of the order the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.26 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST.
The court shall order that any restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any antiharassment protection order granted under this section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The order is fully enforceable in any county in the state.

Sec. 958. RCW 70.58.055 and 1991 c 96 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) To promote and maintain nation-wide uniformity in the system of vital statistics, the certificates required by this chapter or by the rules adopted under this chapter shall include, as a minimum, the items recommended by the federal agency responsible for national vital statistics including social security numbers.
(2) The state board of health by rule may require additional pertinent information relative to the birth and manner of delivery as it may deem necessary for statistical study. This information shall be placed in a confidential section of the birth certificate form and shall not be subject to the view of the public or for certification purposes except upon order of the court. The state board of health may eliminate from the forms items that it determines are not necessary for statistical study.
(3) Each certificate or other document required by this chapter shall be on a form or in a format prescribed by the state registrar.
(4) All vital records shall contain the data required for registration. No certificate may be held to be complete and correct that does not supply all items of information called for or that does not satisfactorily account for the omission of required items.
(5) Information required in certificates or documents authorized by this chapter may be filed and registered by photographic, electronic, or other means as prescribed by the state registrar.

X. TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1001. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and with respect to the agencies directly affected, and this finding does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act in its application to the agencies concerned. Rules adopted under this act must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state. As used in this section, "allocation of federal funds to the state" means the allocation of federal funds that are appropriated by the legislature to the department of social and health services and on which the department depends for carrying out any provision of the operating budget applicable to it.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1002. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 74.08.120 and 1992 c 108 s 2, 1987 c 75 s 39, 1981 1st ex.s. c 6 s 15, 1981 c 8 s 12, 1979 c 141 s 326, 1969 ex.s. c 259 s 1, 1969 ex.s. c 159 s 1, 1965 ex.s. c 102 s 1, & 1959 c 26 s 74.08.120; and
(2) RCW 74.08.125 and 1993 c 22 s 1 & 1992 c 108 s 3.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1003. The table of contents, part headings, and captions used in this act do not constitute any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1004. (1) Section 804 of this act expires December 31, 2000.
(2) Section 813 of this act expires July 29, 2001.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1005. Section 954 of this act takes effect October 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1006. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."
On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "responsibility;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 74.08.340, 74.08.025, 74.12.035, 74.09.510, 74.04.770, 74.20A.020, 46.20.291, 46.20.311, 18.04.335, 18.08.350, 18.08.350, 18.11.160, 18.16.100, 18.27.060, 18.28.060, 18.39.181, 18.46.050, 18.96.120, 18.104.110, 18.106.070, 18.130.150, 18.160.080, 18.165.160, 18.170.170, 43.20A.205, 43.70.115, 19.28.310, 19.28.580, 19.30.060, 19.16.120, 19.31.130, 19.32.060, 19.105.380, 19.105.440, 19.138.130, 19.160.080, 19.165.160, 19.170.170, 43.20.320, 43.20.330, 70.58.080, 26.26.040, 74.20A.055, 26.23.040, 26.23.040, 26.26.130, and 70.58.055; reenacting and amending RCW 74.04.005, 18.145.080, 74.20A.270, 42.17.310, 74.20A.060, 74.20A.056, 26.09.020, and 26.26.100; adding new sections to chapter 74.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.12A RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.08 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.25 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.04 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.20A RCW; adding new sections to chapter 50.13 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 50.40 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.20A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 2.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.39 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.51 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.76 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.85 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.106 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.130 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.140 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.145 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.165 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.170 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.175 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.185 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 20.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 47.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 88.02 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.95B RCW; adding new sections to chapter 75.25 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 77.32 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 75.28 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.20 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 26.23 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 26.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.18 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 74.12.420, 74.12.425, 74.25.010, 74.25.020, 74.25.030, 74.25.040, 74.25A.005, 74.25A.010, 74.25A.020, 74.25A.030, 74.25A.040, 74.25A.045, 74.25A.050, 74.25A.060, 74.25A.070, 74.25A.080, 74.08.120, and 74.08.125; providing an effective date; and providing expiration dates."

Representatives Tokuda, Wolfe, Gombosky, Grant and Kastama spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Cooke, Mastin, Huff and McDonald spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the striking amendment to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1079 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 43, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hatfield, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Lantz, Linville, Mason, Morris, Murray, O'Brien,
STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on the striking amendment 068 to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1079.

KAREN SCHMIDT, 23rd District

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Cooke, Alexander, McDonald, Mulligan and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Tokuda, Gombosky, Kenney and Wolfe spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Zellinsky demanded the previous question and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1079.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1079 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 69, Nays - 28, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dunn - 1.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1079, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION
On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Tuesday, March 4, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
FIFTIETH DAY, MARCH 3, 1997
JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FIFTY-FIRST DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, March 4, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

February 28, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5079,
SENATE BILL NO. 5108,
SENATE BILL NO. 5330,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

March 3, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5677,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

The Speaker assumed the chair.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2235 by Representatives Huff, Linville, H. Sommers, Hankins, Carlson, Talcott, Mitchell, Clements, Lambert and Poulsen

AN ACT Relating to the creation of savings accounts in the custody of the state treasurer; and adding new sections to chapter 43.79 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2236 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Mitchell, Fisher, Radcliff, Buck, O'Brien, Chandler, Blalock and Keiser

AN ACT Relating to environmental mitigation strategy of the department of transportation; adding new sections to chapter 47.12 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

AN ACT Relating to telecommunications access to limited-access highway rights-of-way; amending RCW 47.44.020; adding a new chapter to Title 47 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2238 by Representative Reams

AN ACT Relating to limitation of actions; and reenacting and amending RCW 9A.04.080.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2239 by Representative Sherstad

AN ACT Relating to enhanced adult residential care services; and adding a new section to chapter 18.20 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2240 by Representatives Huff, Linville, Wolfe and Poulsen; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to the efficient use of general fund moneys; adding new sections to chapter 43.79 RCW; and making appropriations.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2241 by Representative D. Schmidt

AN ACT Relating to major political parties; amending RCW 29.01.090; adding a new section to chapter 29.42 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

HB 2242 by Representative B. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to surface mining; and adding new sections to chapter 78.44 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

HB 2243 by Representatives Skinner, Thompson, Cairnes, L. Thomas and Delvin

AN ACT Relating to joint residential placement; amending RCW 26.09.004, 26.09.187, and 26.09.260; adding new sections to chapter 26.09 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

HB 2244 by Representatives Reams, Mulliken, Bush and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to revising the recommendations of the land use study commission; amending RCW 36.70A.030, 36.70A.070, 36.70A.130, 36.70A.270, 36.70A.290, 36.70A.300, 36.70A.305, 36.70A.320, 36.70A.330, 36.70A.140, 36.70A.500, 84.34.020,
84.40.030, 90.60.030, 35.13.130, 35A.14.295, 35.13.174, 36.93.170, 84.14.010, 90.61.040, and 90.61.020; adding new sections to chapter 36.70A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35.13 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 36.70A.250, 36.70A.260, 36.70A.270, 36.70A.280, 36.70A.290, 36.70A.300, 36.70A.305, 36.70A.310, 36.70A.320, 36.70A.330, 36.70A.340, and 36.70A.345; and providing expiration dates.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HCR 4411 by Representatives Dyer and Conway

Establishing a joint legislative committee on law enforcement mortality and diseases.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5079 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senator Swecker)

Providing an alternative means to comply with wastewater discharge permit requirements.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SB 5108 by Senators Roach and Johnson

Transferring certain interests in individual retirement accounts.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5330 by Senators Sellar, Snyder and McCaslin

Allowing another type of golfing sweepstakes.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

E2SSB 5677 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Wood, Long, Rossi, Zarelli, Sellar, Stevens, Swecker, Anderson, Hale, Oke, Finkbeiner, Benton, Johnson, Winsley, Horn, McCaslin, Newhouse, Strannigan, Morton, Roach, Hochstatter, McDonald, Schow, Prince, West, Wojahn and Haugen)

Implementing the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day's introduction under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

February 27, 1997

HB 1111 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Granting water rights to certain persons who were water users before January 1, 1993. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman;
Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Keiser, Kenney, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1112 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Adjudicating water rights. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1118 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Reopening the water rights claim filing period. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Keiser; Regala and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lisk.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1223 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carrell: Addressing the public nuisance activities of tenants.
Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1323 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Allowing electronic distribution of rules notices.
Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Fisher; Gardner; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 1466 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Removing authority of the department of natural resources to delegate enforcement of reclamation plans. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 1469 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Clarifying the authority to regulate surface mining.
Reported by Committee on Natural Resources
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; and Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representatives Regala and Butler.
Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 1600 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheldon: Revising provisions relating to surface mining permits. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1624 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Defining wetlands for growth management purposes. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1649 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Modifying the growth management act. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 28, 1997**

**HB 1680** Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Regulating mining and milling operations. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 28, 1997**

**HB 1710** Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Establishing technology grants for public schools. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 28, 1997**

**HB 1777** Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Changing the timelines for development and implementation of the student assessment system. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Smith, Sterk, Sump and Talcott.
Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**February 27, 1997**

**HB 1792** Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Expanding the use of environmental technology precertification. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 1795 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Concerning the classification of forest practices and the regulation of forest practices by state and local entities. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.


Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1816 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Changing the mandatory elements of comprehensive plans under the growth management act. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 1821 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Consolidating business and occupation tax rates into fewer categories. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.

Excused: Representatives Morris and Thompson.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1845 Prime Sponsor, Representative Smith: Strengthening parents’ rights in education. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1860 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Requiring full disclosure of medical and psychological history to prospective adopting parents. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1861 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Creating a department for employment services. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1862 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Requiring a community-based response system for certain families referred to child protective services. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice
Chairman: Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1906 Prime Sponsor, Representative Costa: Revising sentencing of mentally ill defendants. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cairnes and Robertson.


Voting Nay: Representatives Cairnes and Robertson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 1931 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Eliminating provisions dealing with fees and costs regarding land use decisions. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Fisher; Gardner; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 26, 1997

HB 1935 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Permitting development of inherited property. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1972 Prime Sponsor, Representative Bush: Requiring an economic impact analysis of certain proposed government actions. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush, Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 2046 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Creating foster parent liaison positions. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 27, 1997

HB 2051 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Exempting from taxation remedies and remedial actions taken regarding hazardous waste. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 2223 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Revising requirements for health plans. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Parlette; Sherstad and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson and Wood.
Voting Yea: Representatives Dyer, Skinner, Backlund, Parlette, Sherstad, and Zellinsky.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 3900 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Revising the Juvenile Code (Introduced with Senate sponsors). Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 1816 which was sent to the Committee on Appropriations, House Bill No. 1821 which was sent to the Rules Committee, and House Bill No. 1972 which was sent to the Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, March 5, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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FIFTY-FIRST DAY, MARCH 4, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FIFTY-SECOND DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, March 5, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.
The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages David Knaggs and Kate Baumann. Prayer was offered by Representative Don Carlson.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

**SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE**

The Speaker (Representative Pennington) announced that it was the Annual Dairy Day. It was his pleasure to introduce the 1996-97 State Dairy Ambassador, Lisa Watters and her associates, Ann Bishop and Carrie Kahk, and the Washington State Dairy Women’s Association.

**RESOLUTION**

**HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4630, by Representatives DeBolt and Alexander**

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to honor those individuals who engage in noble acts of voluntary service which benefit the citizens of the State of Washington; and
WHEREAS, Eatonville Elementary School was seriously vandalized on February 8, 1997; and
WHEREAS, Principal Debbie Startt of Eatonville Elementary School recruited many parents and teachers to assist in the cleanup of the school campus; and
WHEREAS, Dan Dawkins organized maintenance crews to repair structural damage to the school building; and
WHEREAS, Numerous Eatonville businesses, when contacted by Mayor Kirk Heinz, donated a substantial sum of money to be used as a reward for the capture of the perpetrators of the offense; and
WHEREAS, Mayor Kirk Heinz has gratefully acknowledged the unified efforts of the many individuals who volunteered;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize and honor the many individuals who assisted in the task of restoring Eatonville Elementary School to operating condition; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Mayor Kirk Heinz, Principal Debbie Startt, and Dan Dawkins.

Representative DeBolt moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives DeBolt, Kastama and Alexander spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4630 was adopted.

**SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE**

The Speaker (Representative Pennington) introduced Mayor Kirk Heinz, Principal Debbie Startt, and Dan Dawkins.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

**SECOND READING**

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1590, by Representatives Dyer and Backlund**

Defining health plan.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1590.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1590 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 3, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representatives Buck, Quall and Mr. Speaker - 3.

House Bill No. 1590, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 1590.

JIM BUCK, 24th District


Clarifying advertising requirements for limousines.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Cairnes, and O’Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Quall was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1604.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1604 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,

Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

House Bill No. 1604, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1632, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Reams, Kenney, Blalock, Dickerson, Wood, Ogden, Costa, Dunn, Tokuda, Butler and Cole; by request of Attorney General

Establishing a study group to determine whether further training for state investigators is needed.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1632.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1632 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1632, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1693, by Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe

Allowing credit for reinsured ceded risks.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.
Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1693.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1693 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1693, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, The second week of March is Classified School Employee Week in the state of Washington; and

WHEREAS, There are 46,000 classified school employees serving the needs of the school children of this state; and

WHEREAS, Classified school employees are instrumental in the fulfilling of this state’s paramount responsibility to educate children; and

WHEREAS, Classified school employees are involved in maintaining school buildings and grounds, providing safe transportation to and from schools, keeping school buildings clean and orderly, preparing and serving students a nutritious breakfast and lunch each day, ensuring students have a safe environment in which to learn, interpreting for deaf children and students who speak other languages, and providing numerous other essential services; and

WHEREAS, Classified school employees also make it possible for schools to provide more individualized attention to students in the classroom with the assistance of paraeducators; and

WHEREAS, These dedicated individuals deserve recognition and thanks for the outstanding work they are doing for this state, for their communities, and for the children enrolled in Washington’s schools;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives do hereby honor classified school employees and recognize Classified School Employee Week in the state of Washington.

Representative Johnson moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Johnson, Cole, Lambert, Chopp and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4632 was adopted.
There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HJM 4018 by Representatives Gombsky, O'Brien, Blalock, Kessler, Doumit, Tokuda and Murray

Petitioning Congress for a Constitutional amendment to limit campaign spending.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

There being no objection, the memorial listed on the day's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

March 3, 1997

HB 1676 Prime Sponsor, Representative O'Brien: Removing residency requirements for county road engineers. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Constantine; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representative DeBolt.

Excused: Representatives Buck, Chandler, Murray, and Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1725 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ogden: Encouraging residential housing in urban centers. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Fisher; Gardner; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1801 Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Creating the governor's award for excellence in teaching history. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.
Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1837 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Regulating private property. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Gardner.

Excused: Representative Fisher.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1840 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Requiring that persons who are appointed or authorized to solicit applications for enrollment in the Washington basic health plan comply with the insurance code. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Keiser and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives L. Thomas, Smith, Zellinsky, Wolfe, Grant, Benson, Constantine, DeBolt, and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representatives Keiser and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1847 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Allowing wine manufacturers that manufacture other liquors to sell the manufacturer’s liquor products on its licensed premises. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997
HB 1853 Prime Sponsor, Representative Smith: Establishing procedure and requirements for the removal and transfer of a portion of certain cities or towns from one school district to another. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville and Veloria.

Voting Nay: Representatives Keiser, Linville, and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1874 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Modifying electrical inspections within county road rights of way. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representatives Chandler, Murray, and Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1881 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wensman: Changing provisions relating to public water systems. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1942 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Repealing the coal mining code. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1945 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Concerning foreclosed property deeded by a county for use as state forest land. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1955 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Regulating real estate brokerage relationships. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 2044 Prime Sponsor, Representative Crouse: Revising the definition of personal wireless service facilities and microcells. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 2062 Prime Sponsor, Representative Linville: Authorizing the establishment of seed crop standards. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Regala.

Voting Nay: Representative Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 2083 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Authorizing uses for master planned resorts. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Fisher; Gardner; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 2097 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Regulating the investment practices of insurance companies. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives L. Thomas, Smith, Zellinsky, Wolfe, Grant, Benson, Constantine, DeBolt, Keiser, and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representative Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 2098 Prime Sponsor, Representative L. Thomas: Making longshore and harbor workers' compensation insurance available. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997
HB 2144  Prime Sponsor, Representative Smith: Designating depositaries. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; DeBolt; Keiser and Wensman.


Voting Nay: Representatives Constantine and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 2172  Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Removing a fee on the use of bees for pollination services. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY Recommendation: Do pass. Signed by: Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY Recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by: Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.

Voting Nay: Representative Regala.

Excused: Representative Linville.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 2208  Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Establishing collaborative review of multijurisdictional projects. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Gardner.


Excused: Representative Fisher.

Passed to Committee on Appropriations.

March 3, 1997

HJM 4010  Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Renaming the Sequim Bypass. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Chandler, Murray, and Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 2208 which is referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READINGS

HOUSE BILL NO. 1033, by Representatives Schoesler, Honeyford, Sheahan, Grant and Chandler

Revising requirements for grain facilities under the Washington clean air act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation be adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1033.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1033 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1033, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1174, by Representatives Koster, Dunn, McMorris and Boldt
Extending less than county-wide port districts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation be adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Koster and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1174.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1174 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1174, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1200, by Representatives Buck, D. Schmidt and Dunn**

Revising the code of ethics for municipal officers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation be adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Buck and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1200.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1200 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Substitute House Bill No. 1200, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1212, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Mielke and Dunn

Making corrections regarding combining water-sewer districts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation be adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1212.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1212 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1212, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1313, by Representatives McDonald, Sheahan, Bush, Robertson, Conway, Lantz and Talcott

Providing for additional judges for the Pierce county superior court.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation be adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1313.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1313 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1313, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1431, by Representatives Skinner, Romero, Honeyford, Linville and Costa

Designating significant historic places.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation be adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1431.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1431 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1431, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES (FIRST SUPPLEMENTAL)

HB 1151 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hankins: Imposing a fee on replacement tires. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

March 4, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; DeBolt; Hatfield; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk and Wood.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Chandler; Constantine; Gardner and Romero.

Voting Yea: Representatives K. Schmidt, Hankins, Mielke, Mitchell, Backlund, Cairnes, Cooper, DeBolt, Hatfield, Murray, O'Brien, Ogden, Radcliff, Robertson, Scott, Skinner, Sterk, Wood and Zellinsky.
Excused: Representatives Blalock and Buck.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1354 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Changing air pollution control provisions. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Delvin and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1387 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Clarifying the frequency of filing of rate adjustments for mandatory offering of basic health plan benefits. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representatives Benson, Mastin and McMorris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1419 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Revising provisions for solid waste permits. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1438 Prime Sponsor, Representative Crouse: Extending the prohibition on filing for a tariff on mandatory measured telecommunications service. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Kastama; Kessler and Mielke.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Honeyford; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1467 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Specifying where reclamation performance security must be posted. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1503 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Making technical corrections to statutes administered by the department of health. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1522 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carrell: Providing for enhanced sentencing for criminal street gang activity. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1536 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Modifying regulation of respiratory care practitioners. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sherstad.

Voting Nay: Representative Sherstad.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1559 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Deleting references to the former judicial council. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1572 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Exempting certain lands from adverse possession claims. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Gardner; Mielke and Mulliken.

Voting Nay: Representative Thompson.
Excused: Representative Fisher.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1598 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Prohibiting educational methods that involve dissociative mental states. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, and Talcott.
Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1606 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Clarifying the determination of "years of service" for certain educational employees. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1681 Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Changing solid waste management provisions. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1714 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Establishing basic health plan eligibility for certain persons eligible for medicare. Reported by Committee on Health Care
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1716 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Eliminating the authority of the department of licensing to keep records of pistol purchases or transfers. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representative Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1751 Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Protecting communications between state employees and legislators. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representative Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1754 Prime Sponsor, Representative Romero: Requiring a payment schedule for salary stipends for cooperating teachers. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1785 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Encouraging the public to submit names for state ferries. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Blalock and Romero.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1786 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Requiring the transportation improvement board to report to the legislative transportation committees. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Blalock and Buck.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1805 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Requiring the health care authority to offer health care savings accounts to unsubsidized basic health plan enrollees. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Parlette; Sherstad and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway and Wood.

Voting Yea: Representatives Dyer, Skinner, Backlund, Parlette, Sherstad, and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1825 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Concerning the funding of the forest development account. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

March 4, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representative Regala, Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representative Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1854 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Funding conservation districts to address nonpoint source pollution water quality problems. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1940 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Integrating ignition interlocks into administrative revocation of drivers' licenses. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1968 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wolfe: Prohibiting juvenile offenders from being placed in contact with nonoffenders in residential facilities. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.
Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1969 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Regulating public water systems. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1982 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Limiting basic health plan eligibility for persons in institutions. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 2011 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wensman: Authorizing school levies for periods not exceeding four years. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 2019 Prime Sponsor, Representative Quall: Authorizing charter schools. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Talcott and Veloria.
Voting Nay: Representative Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2033
Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Increasing authority of transportation benefit districts to issue general obligation bonds. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2042
Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Providing a grant program for reading in the primary grades. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2050
Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Identifying when a new water right would interfere with an existing water right. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2089
Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Identifying livestock. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

March 4, 1997

March 4, 1997

March 3, 1997

March 3, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Koster and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Koster, and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 2090 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Establishing a community and technical college employees attendance incentive program. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 2091 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Allowing counties planning under the growth management act to establish industrial land banks as permissible urban growth outside of an urban growth area. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Gardner; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 2094 Prime Sponsor, Representative Costa: Providing cooperative agreements for child support between the department of social and health services and Indian tribes. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 2141** Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Providing changes to terminal audit violation penalties. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk and Wood.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Mielke, Vice Chairman.


Voting Nay: Representative Mielke.

Excused: Representatives Blalock and Buck.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 2163** Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheldon: Clarifying the requirements for a veterans or military personnel remembrance emblem. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Blalock and Buck.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 2165** Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Paying interest on retroactive raises for ferry workers. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine, DeBolt; Gardner, Hatfield, Johnson, Murray, O’Brien, Ogden, Radcliff, Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Blalock, Buck, and Chandler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 2179 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hickel: Requiring open public meetings of local school boards regarding impasses in collective bargaining. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall and Veloria.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 2226 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Establishing residency requirements for subsidized enrollees in the basic health plan. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Conway.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HJR 4208 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wensman: Allowing school levies for four-year periods. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES (SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL)

March 4, 1997

HB 1280 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Removing requirements for public art in department of corrections facilities. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Sullivan,
HB 1283 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mason: Providing funding for business and economic development programs. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1325 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ogden: Providing facilities for social service organizations. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1337 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Authorizing providers and provider groups to offer health care coverage. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Parlette; Sherstad and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Conway and Wood.


Voting Nay: Representatives Cody, Conway, and Wood.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1349 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Extending existing employer workers’ compensation group self-insurance. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Cole.

Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood and Cole.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1361 Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Regulating electricians and electrical installations. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1416 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Recognizing teaching degrees in deaf education from a program approved by the council on education of the deaf. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.
Excused: Representative Hickel.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1454 Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Requiring training for persons working with children at licensed child care facilities. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice
Chairman: Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1471 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Protecting vulnerable adults. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sherstad.

Voting Nay: Representative Sherstad.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1504 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Protecting records of strategy discussions. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunsee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representative Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1513 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Enhancing transportation demand management. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; Murray and Romero.

Voting Nay: Representatives Fisher, Constantine, Murray, and Romero.
Excused: Representatives Blalock and Johnson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1548 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Creating Freedom County. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Gardner.

Excused: Representative Fisher.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1565 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mielke: Exempting small scale mining from the requirement of obtaining a hydraulic permit. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1566 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hatfield: Changing accident report requirements. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representatives Blalock and Buck.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997
HB 1570  Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Exempting the transfer of new residential construction from disclosure requirements. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1660  Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Creating Skykomish county. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation:  The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation:  Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Gardner.

Excused: Representative Fisher.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1603  Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Requiring a lien information statement for sale of new residential property. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation:  The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1607  Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Providing for industrial insurance self-insurers to determine benefits for permanent disability. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation:  The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation:  Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1631 Prime Sponsor, Representative Costa: Revising the uniform interstate family support act. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1642 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Changing bidding for water-sewer districts. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dunshee and Murray.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Reams, L. Thomas, Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Nay: Representatives Gardner, Dunshee and Murray.

Excused: Representative Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1643 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Requiring voter approval of city assumption of water or sewer systems. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dunshee and Murray.


Voting Nay: Representative Dunshee.

Excused: Representative Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1672 Prime Sponsor, Representative Bush: Prohibiting the use of intoxication as a defense.
Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Constantine and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1687 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Reducing the impact of wage garnishments on employers. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Constantine and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1691 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Restricting actions against employers under industrial insurance. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1692 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sehlin: Describing those lands eligible to be included in a port district aquatic lands management agreement. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

March 4, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1697 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dickerson: Requiring court-ordered use of long-term pharmaceutical birth control for mothers who have given birth to a baby with drug addiction. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Nay: Representative Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1709 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Changing provisions relating to school mandates. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Keiser, Ranking Minority Member; Linville, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, and Talcott.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cole and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1752 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Including persons with developmental disabilities in the long-term ombudsman program. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 1760** Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Providing employees notice of rights regarding union security agreements. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

**MINORITY recommendation:** Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**March 4, 1997**

**HB 1768** Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Regulating pharmacy ancillary personnel. Reported by Committee on Health Care

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**March 4, 1997**

**HB 1769** Prime Sponsor, Representative Zellinsky: Providing for the electronic transfer of prescriptions. Reported by Committee on Health Care

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.

**MINORITY recommendation:** Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Backlund, Vice Chairman; and Parlette.

Voting Nay: Representatives Backlund and Parlette.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**March 4, 1997**

**HB 1799** Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Regarding letters of credit under the uniform commercial code. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk,
HB 1829 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Requiring a record of transaction for trade-in or exchange of computer hardware. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1842 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Changing the minimum length of the school year if disaster circumstances exist. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Hickel, Vice Chairman; and Quall.


Voting Nay: Representatives Hickel and Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1850 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Adopting the long-term care reorganization and standards of care reform act. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Murray; Anderson; Sherstad and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Conway; Parlette and Wood.


Voting Nay: Representatives Cody, Conway, Parlette, and Wood.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
March 4, 1997

HB 1858 Prime Sponsor, Representative Boldt: Requiring parents who are the subject of an abuse or neglect allegation to be notified of their rights. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell and McDonald.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Dickerson; Gombosky and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Kastama, Carrell, and McDonald.
Voting Nay: Representatives Tokuda, Ballasiotes, Dickerson, Gombosky, and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1859 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Revising provisions on abuse of children and adult dependent and developmentally disabled persons. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1865 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Allowing school districts to contract with other public and private entities. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1866 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Allowing for the creation of environmental excellence program agreements. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.
MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Delvin, Koster, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Anderson, Cooper, and Regala.
Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997
HB 1875 Prime Sponsor, Representative Skinner: Updating terminology in chapter 18.108 RCW.
Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997
HB 1887 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Establishing department of labor and industries WISHA advisory committee. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997
HB 1898 Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Establishing teacher assessments for certification. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997
HB 1901 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Providing vouchers to assist pregnant minors living in adult-supervised homes. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1903 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Regulating the registration of contractors. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1908 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Establishing a fire fighting technical review committee. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HB 1911 Prime Sponsor, Representative Benson: Revising restrictions on the employment of minors. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997
HB 1923  Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheldon: Making advisory committees and task forces subject to the open public meetings act. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Murray.

Voting Nay: Representative Gardner.
Excused: Representatives Smith and L. Thomas.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1928  Prime Sponsor, Representative Skinner: Allowing the housing finance commission to impose covenants running with the land. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1938  Prime Sponsor, Representative Carrell: Changing provisions relating to at-risk youth. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Ballasiotes; Carrell and McDonald.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson; Gombosky and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Ballasiotes, Carrell, and McDonald.
Voting Nay: Representatives Tokuda, Kastama, Dickerson, Gombosky, and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1946  Prime Sponsor, Representative Kenney: Increasing protections for vulnerable persons. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking
HB 1948 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Concerning annexations by cities and towns. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Murray; Reams; Smith; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee and L. Thomas.


Voting Nay: Representative Dunshee.

Excused: Representatives Smith and L. Thomas.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1952 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Modifying health facility and services provisions. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Parlette; Sherstad and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway and Wood.

Voting Yea: Representatives Dyer, Skinner, Backlund, Parlette, Sherstad, and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1965 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Requiring more private sector representation on the information services board. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Murray; Reams; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Nay: Representative Dunshee.
Excused: Representative Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1980 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lisk: Changing provisions related to employment in the construction industry. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1991 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Modifying civil penalties for accident prevention program violations. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1995 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Modifying the state employee whistleblower protection act. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997
HB 2013 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Developing an existing ground water right. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2014 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Regulating property rights. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

February 28, 1997

HB 2018 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Enacting health insurance reform. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Parlette; Sherstad and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway and Wood.

Voting Yea: Representatives Dyer, Skinner, Backlund, Parlette, Sherstad, and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2027 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lisk: Regulating travel sales. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2040  Prime Sponsor, Representative Hankins: Authorizing the continuation of a special insuring agreement for workers' compensation for the United States department of energy. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2054  Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Authorizing local watershed planning and modifying water resource management. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Delvin, Koster, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Anderson, Cooper and Regala.
Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2071  Prime Sponsor, Representative Wensman: Making school site-councils subject to the open public meetings act. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Doumit.

Voting Nay: Representatives Gardner.
Excused: Representative Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2080  Prime Sponsor, Representative Parlette: Regulating classification of lands with long-term commercial significance. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

March 3, 1997
March 5, 1997
March 4, 1997
March 5, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2084 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cole: Regulating vocational rehabilitation benefits. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2093 Prime Sponsor, Representative Boldt: Achieving consistency between state and federal family leave requirements. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; and Cole.


Voting Nay: Representatives Conway and Cole.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2104 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Exempting consumables used by the lodging industry from sales and use tax. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; McDonald and Morris.


Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, McDonald and Morris.

Voting Nay: Representative Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 2110 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Facilitating assistance for students with disabilities. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes, Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2120 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Creating Pioneer county. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Gardner.

Excused: Representative Fisher.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2127 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Requiring state agencies to make available paper copies of information electronically disseminated to the public. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representative Wensman.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2143 Prime Sponsor, Representative Parlette: Concerning volunteer ambulance personnel. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.
Excused: Representative Wensman.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2164 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Delivering government services. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunshee, Murray and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representatives Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunshee, Murray and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2166 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Encouraging coordinated transportation services. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representatives Blalock and Buck.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2170 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Expediting projects of state-wide significance. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Mason; McDonald and Morris.


Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Mason, McDonald and Morris.
HB 2173 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Lowering the taxation of expedited package delivery. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2178 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Creating the investments in Washington's future fund. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Mason and Morris.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunn, Vice Chairman; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes and McDonald.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dunn, Sheldon, Ballasiotes, and McDonald.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2186 Prime Sponsor, Representative Linville: Requiring a methodology to identify critical ecological functions within a WRIA. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.
Excused: Representative Mastin.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2189 Prime Sponsor, Representative McDonald: Creating a task force to study alternative financing techniques for the development and renovation of low-income senior housing development. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria,
HB 2191 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Creating a dairy waste management program. 
Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Voting Nay: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2192 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Financing a stadium and exhibition center and technology grants. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Ballasiotes and Mason.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Alexander, Ballasiotes, and Mason.

Voting Nay: Representatives Veloria, Sheldon, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2194 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Creating the department of community development and the department of trade and economic development. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Alexander.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Voting Nay: Representative Alexander.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 2198 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Allowing counties and cities that plan under the growth management act to manage their shorelines in a streamlined process. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2227 Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Establishing requirements for health services providers under industrial insurance. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2239 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Providing for conversion of nursing home bed capacity to enhanced residential care services. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2244 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Revising the recommendations of the land use study commission. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HCR 4407 Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Creating a joint select committee on Yakima Valley water storage. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.


Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representative Regala.
Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 3, 1997

HCR 4409 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Establishing a joint select subcommittee on wetlands. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Gardner.

Excused: Representative Fisher.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES (THIRD SUPPLEMENTAL)

March 5, 1997

HB 1034 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Restoring parents' rights. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lantz and Radcliff.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, and Radcliff.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997
HB 1036 Prime Sponsor, Representative Boldt: Requiring parental notification prior to performing abortions on unemancipated minors. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lantz and Radcliff.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, and Radcliff.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 5, 1997

HB 1043 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Requiring the state landlord/tenant act to preempt all other local landlord/tenant acts. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 5, 1997

HB 1194 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cody: Requiring employers to allow mothers to breast-feed. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

Voting Nay: Representative Honeyford.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 5, 1997

HB 1221 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ballasiotes: Impounding vehicles driven by a person with a suspended or revoked license. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1300 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Making technical corrections affecting the department of financial institutions. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1301 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Making technical corrections to the Revised Code of Washington. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1303 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hickel: Changing education provisions. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.
HB 1319 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Increasing anadromous fish runs in the Elwha river. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1324 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunshee: Revising the collection of the metals mining and milling fee. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Pennington and Schoesler.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Dunshee, Conway, Mason, Morris, Pennington, and Thompson.

Voting Nay: Representatives Carrell, Boldt, and Schoesler.

Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Butler, Kastama, and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1341 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Making technical corrections for tax provisions. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Thompson.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Thompson.

Excused: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Kastama, and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1342 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Revising interest and penalty administration of the department of revenue. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken,
HB 1344  Prime Sponsor, Representative Mielke: Requiring county legislative authorities to include a summary of public testimony in the written minutes. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation:  The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Reams; Smith; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation:  Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee; Murray and L. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1391  Prime Sponsor, Representative Appelwick: Regulating unincorporated nonprofit associations. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Excused: Representative Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1397  Prime Sponsor, Representative Ballasiotes: Penalizing false accusations of child abuse or neglect. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation:  Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lantz and Radcliff.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Sherstad and Skinner.
HB 1428 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Prescribing a method for establishing rent for condominium and cooperative leasehold interests. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1442 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mielke: Amending liability for emergency vehicles. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Excused: Representative Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1462 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Setting nonresident undergraduate tuition at the University of Washington. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Higher Education be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative D. Schmidt.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1490 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Clarifying liability of drivers of authorized emergency vehicles. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representative Constantine.
Excused: Representative Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1492 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Creating easements across natural area preserves. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1496 Prime Sponsor, Representative Benson: Clarifying the definition of "negligent treatment or maltreatment" of a child. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Excused: Representative Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1507 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Requiring accountability for fees by governmental agencies. Reported by Committee on Government Administration
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dunn; Reams; Smith and L. Thomas.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1512 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Collecting the cost of governmental entities using collection agencies. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith and L. Thomas.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Nay: Representatives Scott, Murray, Wensman and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1545 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Regulating funding for domestic violence shelters. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1552 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Prohibiting mandatory child support for postsecondary education of adult children. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.
HB 1578 Prime Sponsor, Representative H. Sommers: Revising the regulation of liquor sales in designated restricted liquor zones. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1580 Prime Sponsor, Representative Regala: Providing funding for community gardens. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 4, 1997

HB 1583 Prime Sponsor, Representative Blalock: Requiring that employers provide discharged employees with a written statement of the reasons for the discharge. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1589 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Allowing a crime victim to have an advocate present at any judicial proceeding. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1602 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Requiring that information provided by governmental entities on household hazardous waste or consumer product substitutes be competent and reliable. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1614 Prime Sponsor, Representative Alexander: Regarding enterprise activities of the state parks and recreation commission. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1615 Prime Sponsor, Representative Alexander: Changing provisions relating to offenses committed in state parks or parkways. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997
HB 1670 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Restricting child support for postsecondary education of adult children. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Carrell and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Carrell and Sherstad.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1674 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Increasing the capacity of the Washington state reformatory. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Cairnes; Delvin; Hickel; Mitchell and Robertson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Dickerson and Sullivan.


Voting Nay: Representatives Quall, O'Brien, Blalock, Dickerson, and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1721 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Providing economic opportunities for private enterprise. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.

Voting Nay: Representatives Gardner, Dunshee, Murray, and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1740 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Prohibiting the purchase of liquor by intoxicated persons. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Kenney; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.


Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Kenney, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cody and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1746 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Making minor possession of tobacco a class 3 civil infraction and clarifying penalties for violation of current laws regarding youth access to tobacco. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Cole.


Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood and Cole.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1757 Prime Sponsor, Representative Delvin: Revising security guard licensing and requirements. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1771 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mitchell: Providing for certification of professional guardians. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Carrell; Lambert and Sherstad.
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff, and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1804 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Concerning contingency fees, liability reform, and other issues related to civil actions. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lantz and Radcliff.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, and Radcliff.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1808 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Requiring public works projects over five thousand dollars for state agencies to be contracted by public notice and competitive bid or small works roster. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representatives Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunshee, Murray, and Wolfe.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1819 Prime Sponsor, Representative Benson: Establishing the confidentiality of voluntary compliance efforts by financial institutions. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody and Kenney.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 5, 1997

**HB 1826** Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Administering the moneys derived from certain public lands. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representative Regala, Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representative Regala.

Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 1835** Prime Sponsor, Representative Skinner: Requiring audit resolution reports. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 1841** Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Adopting provisions to improve school safety. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Education. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 1886** Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Providing immunity from civil liability for information provided by former or current employers to prospective employers. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Sterk, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1891 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Authorizing the distribution of certain governmental lists of public information to private companies for use by federal, state or local governments and certain business entities. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Murray; Reams; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunn; Dunshee and Smith.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dunn, Murray, and Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1921 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Revising bidding procedures used by state agencies and educational institutions to comply with goals for participation of women and minority-owned and controlled businesses in public works and procuring goods or services. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representatives Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunshee, Murray, and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1922 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Granting courts of limited jurisdiction concurrent jurisdiction over certain juvenile offenses. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1930 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Restricting copying of birth certificates. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Dunn; Reams; Smith; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray and L. Thomas.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Dunn, Reams, Smith, Wensman and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1936 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Regulating notice of claim liens. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1941 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Creating supported employment programs. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1943 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Increasing special district commissioner per diem compensation. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1960 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ogden: Limiting contributions for local offices. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; L. Thomas and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunn; Smith and Wensman.


Voting Nay: Representatives Dunn, Smith, and Wensman.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1978 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Providing alternative methods for the disposal of firearms in the possession of the state patrol. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Kenney; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Cody and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Constantine, Carrell, Kenney, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Cody and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 1992 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Implementing workplace safety rules. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman;
Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2028 Prime Sponsor, Representative Regala: Establishing a fish seller’s license. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.


Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Hatfield, and Pennington.
Voting Nay: Representatives Chandler and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2041 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Limiting industrial insurance benefits for employees of illegally insured employers. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Cole.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2059 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Prohibiting theft of rental property. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Koster, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, and Sullivan.
Excused: Representatives Ballasiotes, Benson, Mitchell, and Robertson.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.  

HB 2060  
Prime Sponsor, Representative Lambert: Restoring the balance of powers between branches of the government. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Radcliff.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representative Radcliff.

Absent: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2068  
Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Allowing counties to inspect electrical installations. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood, Cole and Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2070  
Prime Sponsor, Representative Wensman: Regulating arrests without warrant for traffic and boating offenses. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representatives Benson and Mitchell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2073  
Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Prohibiting employers from requiring that tips be given to the employer. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway; Wood; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2074 Prime Sponsor, Representative Alexander: Making changes to the internal operations of counties. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2077 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Providing uniform exemptions to competitive bidding procedures utilized by municipalities when awarding contracts for public works and contracts for purchases. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2096 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Consolidating the state's oil spill prevention program. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Anderson and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997
HB 2100 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Providing a stable funding source for fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Pennington.

Voting Nay: Representative Pennington.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2102 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Revising prevailing wage surveys. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2103 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Excluding beneficiaries of irrevocable trusts from industrial insurance coverage. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.

Voting Nay: Representative Cole.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2117 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Lowering the rate of taxation for social card games. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Cole.
HB 2128 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Stating how a state officer or employee may receive a contract or grant in compliance with the ethics code. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 5, 1997

HB 2136 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Clarifying the construction statute of repose's beneficiaries. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 5, 1997

HB 2142 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lisk: Regulating assignment rights of lottery winnings. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 5, 1997

HB 2146 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Regulating claims against the University of Washington. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 4, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Benson, Lambert and D. Schmidt.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2147 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Revising associations of local governments. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee and Murray.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas, Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Nay: Representatives Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunshee, and Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2149 Prime Sponsor, Representative Linville: Modifying licensing provisions for a dungeness crab-Puget Sound fishery license. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2183 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Eliminating shellfish from the tax on enhanced food fish. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Alexander.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representative Alexander.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2190 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Affecting the application of the state wage and hour laws without altering the minimum wage. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2225 Prime Sponsor, Representative Conway: Recognizing World War II veterans. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives Dunshee and Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 2232 Prime Sponsor, Representative Crouse: Restructuring the electric energy industry. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulson, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997
HB 2241  Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Schmidt: Establishing procedures for organization of new major political parties. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Voting Nay: Representative Dunn.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HB 3900  Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Revising the Juvenile Code (Introduced with Senate sponsors). Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation:  The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Law & Justice.

Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cairnes; Delvin; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation:  Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Quall, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock and Dickerson.


Voting Nay: Representatives Quall, Blalock, and Dickerson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HCR 4408  Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Creating the joint select committee on management of state forest lands. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation:  The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation:  Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; and Anderson.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representatives Regala and Anderson.

Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 5, 1997

HCR 4410  Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Establishing a joint select committee on consulting foresters. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

March 5, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole and Lisk.


Voting Nay: Representative Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and resolutions listed on the day's first, second and third supplemental committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 2170 which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Thursday, March 6, 1997.

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FIFTY-SECOND DAY, MARCH 5, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FIFTY-THIRD DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, March 6, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Kennet Phillipson and Jennifer Wigen. Prayer was offered by Bishop William Skylstad, Diocese of Spokane.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1457, by Representatives Chandler, Fisher and Zellinsky; by request of Department of Licensing

Regulating the issuance and cost of permits and certificates issued by the department of licensing.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Chandler and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1457.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Cairnes, Representatives Reams, Lambert and Alexander were excused.

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Ogden was excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1457 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden, Reams and Thomas, L. - 5.

House Bill No. 1457, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 1457.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1458, by Representatives Zellinsky, Fisher and Robertson; by request of Department of Licensing

Regulating vehicle and vessel licensing.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Zellinsky and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1458.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1458 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.

Voting yea: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DеМг, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn,
House Bill No. 1458, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 1458.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1459, by Representatives Cairnes, Fisher and Chandler; by request of Department of Licensing

Regulating licensees of the department of licensing.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Cairnes and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1459.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1459 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden, Reams and Thomas, L. - 5.

House Bill No. 1459, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 1459.

LES THOMAS, 31st District
HOUSE BILL NO. 1499, by Representatives Schoesler, Sheahan, Doumit, Morris, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott and Dickerson; by request of Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development

Establishing a rural development council.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Schoesler and Veloria spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1499.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1499 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden, Reams and Thomas, L. - 5.

Substitute House Bill No. 1499, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1499.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1500, by Representatives Mastin, Grant, Doumit and Kessler; by request of County Road Administration Board

Revising eligibility for rural arterial programs.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Mastin and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1500.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1500 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5. 


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden, Reams and Thomas, L. - 5. 

House Bill No. 1500, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 1500. 

LES THOMAS, 31st District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1510, by Representatives Wensman, D. Schmidt, Scott, Doumit and Cooper

Regulating statements of financial affairs.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Weisman and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1510.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1510 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 4.


Absent: Representative Hatfield - 1.

Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1510, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL
I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1510.

BRIAN HATFIELD, 19th District

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1510.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1535, by Representatives Sherstad, Cody, Dyer, Murray, Cooke, O’Brien, Cooper, Wolfe, Cole, Veloria, Butler, Ogden, Anderson, Mason and Van Luven

Declaring a naturopath a health care practitioner for certain purposes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Sherstad and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1535.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1535 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1535, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1585, by Representatives Huff, L. Thomas, Clements, H. Sommers, Wolfe and Carlson; by request of State Investment Board

Authorizing the state investment board to delegate certain powers and duties.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Huff and Sullivan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1585.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1585 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1585, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1586, by Representatives Huff, L. Thomas, Clements, H. Sommers, Wolfe and Carlson; by request of State Investment Board

Authorizing the state investment board to create public entities for the purposes of handling real estate and other investment assets.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Huff and Sullivan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1586.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1586 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1586, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1609 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1610, by Representatives DeBolt, Poulsen, Mastin, Hankins and Kessler; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

Exempting regulated utilities from seeking commission preapproval of some short-term notes having a maturity of twelve or fewer months.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives DeBolt and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1610.

ROLL CALL


House Bill No. 1610, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1611, by Representatives DeBolt, Poulsen, Mastin, Hankins and Kessler; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

Allowing a telecommunications company to reduce a rate or charge in a more streamlined manner.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives DeBolt and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1611.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1611 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

Second Reading

House Bill No. 1611, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1620, by Representatives Dyer, Zellinsky, Cody, Skinner, Backlund and Sherstad

Abrogating the corporate practice of medicine doctrine.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1620.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1620 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1620, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1684, by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kessler, Ogden, O'Brien, Kenney and Costa; by request of State Board for Community and Technical Colleges

Requiring only collected building fees of community and technical colleges to be paid to the state treasury.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Carlson and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1684.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1684 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

House Bill No. 1684, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1743, by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Kenney, Cooke and Blalock

Allowing the department of community, trade, and economic development to adopt rules to carry out the long-term care ombudsman program.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1743.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1743 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 94.

Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

House Bill No. 1743, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1761, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Talcott and Lambert

Revising provisions for mutual aid and interlocal agreements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1761.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1761 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

House Bill No. 1761, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1802, by Representatives Hankins, Fisher and Mitchell; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

Requiring auto transport companies to report revenues to the UTC on a yearly basis.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Hankins and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1802.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1802 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.
Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

House Bill No. 1802, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1810, by Representatives D. Sommers, Carlson, Radcliff, H. Sommers, Talcott, Ogden, Mielke and Pennington

Revising provision for funding additional education centers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives D. Sommers and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1810.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1810 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.
Excused: Representatives Alexander, Lambert, Ogden and Reams - 4.

House Bill No. 1810, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 5, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5003,
The Senate has passed:


and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

March 6, 1997

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

**INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING**

**HB 2245** by Representatives Reams and Thompson

AN ACT Relating to a water authority; and adding a new section to chapter 35.21 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**SSB 5003** by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Loveland, McDonald, Sheldon, Winsley, Deccio, Rasmussen, Hale, Stevens, Johnson, McCaslin, Rossi, Oke, Zarelli and Roach)

Providing property tax exemptions for property with an assessed value of less than five hundred dollars.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**SB 5068** by Senators Roach, Haugen, Johnson and Winsley; by request of Secretary of State

Regulating registration of charitable trusts.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SB 5138** by Senators Oke, Snyder, Swecker and Winsley; by request of Parks and Recreation Commission
Changing provisions relating to offenses committed in state parks or parkways.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5177 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Wood, Prince, Winsley, Deccio and Johnson)

Facilitating smoother flow of traffic.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

ESB 5220 by Senators Long, Fraser, Winsley, Bauer, Franklin and Patterson; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Establishing minimum benefits on the Washington state patrol retirement system.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 5221 by Senators Long, Winsley, Fraser, Bauer, Franklin and Patterson; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Specifying eligibility for survivor benefits.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 5316 by Senators West, Strannigan, Winsley, Wood, Hale, Horn, Kohl, Prince, Oke, Patterson, Roach, Deccio, Schow, Hochstatter, Bauer, Sheldon and Heavey

Using credit and debit cards when parking at the state convention and trade center.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1581, House Bill No. 1434, House Bill No. 1435, and House Bill No. 1609 on the current Second Reading Suspense Calendar were referred to the Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Friday, March 7, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
1434 Other Action 15
1435 Other Action 15
1457 Second Reading 1
   Third Reading Final Passage 2
1458 Second Reading 2
   Third Reading Final Passage 2
1459 Second Reading 3
   Third Reading Final Passage 3
1499 Second Reading 3
   (Sub)
   Second Reading 4
   Third Reading Final Passage 4
1500 Second Reading 4
   Third Reading Final Passage 5
1510 Second Reading 5
   (Sub)
   Second Reading 5
   Third Reading Final Passage 5
1535 Second Reading 6
1535 (Sub)
   Second Reading 6
   Third Reading Final Passage 6
1581 Other Action 15
1585 Second Reading 6
1585 (Sub)
   Second Reading 7
   Third Reading Final Passage 7
1586 Second Reading 7
1586 (Sub)
   Second Reading 7
   Third Reading Final Passage 8
1609 Other Action 8, 15
1610 Second Reading 8
   Third Reading Final Passage 8
1611 Second Reading 8
   Third Reading Final Passage 9
1620 Second Reading 9
1620 (Sub)
   Second Reading 9
   Third Reading Final Passage 10
1684
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 10

1743
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 11

1761
Second Reading 11
Third Reading Final Passage 11

1802
Second Reading 11
Third Reading Final Passage 12

1810
Second Reading 12
Third Reading Final Passage 13

2245
Intro & 1st Reading 14

5003 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 14
Messages 13

5010 (Sub)
Messages 13

5068
Intro & 1st Reading 14
Messages 13

5132
Messages 13

5138
Intro & 1st Reading 14
Messages 13

5144 (Sub)
Messages 13

5154
Messages 13

5177 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 14
Messages 13

5220
Intro & 1st Reading 14
Messages 13

5221
Intro & 1st Reading 14
Messages 13

5243
Messages 13

5253
Messages 13

5266
Messages 13

5295 (Sub)
Messages 13

5316
Intro & 1st Reading 15
Messages 13

5371
Messages 13

5472 (Sub)
Messages 13
FIFTY-THIRD DAY, MARCH 6, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FIFTY-FOURTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, March 7, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jennifer Adolf and Jason Adolf. Prayer was offered by Representative Mike Sherstad.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 6, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5139,
SENATE BILL NO. 5140,
SENATE BILL NO. 5229,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5273,
SENATE BILL NO. 5372,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

March 6, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5085,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5119,
SENATE BILL NO. 5199,
SENATE BILL NO. 5200,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5281,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5347,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5394,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5514,
SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 8204,
and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

The Speaker assumed the chair.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2246 by Representative Schoesler

AN ACT Relating to sales tax exemption of farm machinery and equipment sold to nonresidents; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SSB 5010 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Prentice and Winsley; by request of Pollution Liability Insurance Agency)

Expanding the duties of the director of the Washington state pollution liability insurance agency.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

SB 5085 by Senators Roach, Swecker, McCaslin and Winsley

Removing a defense to the crime of criminal conspiracy.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5119 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Snyder and Roach)

Compensating members of the forest practices appeals board.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SB 5132 by Senators Zarelli, Schow, Winsley and Oke

Simplifying designation of school bus stops as drug-free zones.

Referred to Committee on Education.

SSB 5144 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senator Roach)

Modifying numerous local government administrative requirements.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5154 by Senators Horn, Heavey and Prince

Extending the vehicle gross weight schedule.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SB 5199 by Senators Wood, Kohl, Winsley, Bauer, Hale, Sheldon, Horn and Oke; by request of Higher Education Coordinating Board
Requiring the higher education coordinating board to develop models for the delivery of technology-based programs.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SB 5200 by Senators Wood, Kohl, Winsley and Bauer; by request of Higher Education Coordinating Board

Referencing the prior fiscal period rather than biennia for refunds and recoveries to the state educational trust fund.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SB 5243 by Senators Oke, Rasmussen, Winsley, Morton, Benton, Prince, Stevens, Horn, Zarelli, Long, Roach, Swecker, Deccio, McCaslin, Hale, Sellar, Johnson, Bauer, McAuliffe and Haugen

Exempting disabled veterans from reservation fees for state parks.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SB 5253 by Senators Strannigan, Oke, Hargrove, Roach, Morton, Swecker, Horn and Winsley

Allowing nonresidents under the age of fifteen to obtain a free fishing license.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SB 5266 by Senators Horn, Fraser, Newhouse and Schow; by request of Department of Licensing

Regulating engineers and land surveyors.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

ESSB 5281 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen and Stevens; by request of Department of Agriculture)

Updating and modifying certain noxious weed provisions.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SSB 5295 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Goings, Kohl, Wojahn, Zarelli, Schow and Patterson)

Revising district court procedures regarding small claims and appeals.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5347 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Oke, Winsley, Snyder, Bauer, Swecker, Morton, Schow, Zarelli, Rossi, Strannigan and Rasmussen)

Creating a program for juvenile fishing only waters.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.
SB 5371 by Senators Rossi, Brown, Hochstatter, Strannigan and Winsley; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

Exempting regulated utilities from seeking commission preapproval of some short-term notes having a maturity of twelve or fewer months.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

SSB 5394 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hochstatter, West and Spanel; by request of Office of Financial Management)

Regarding school audits.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SSB 5472 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West, Spanel, McDonald, Kohl, Long, Sheldon, Strannigan, Oke and Winsley)

Creating the caseload forecast council.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

ESB 5514 by Senators Morton, Rasmussen and Swecker; by request of Department of Agriculture

Authorizing fees for commodity commissions and the department of agriculture.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SJR 8204 by Senators McCaslin and Haugen

Amending the Constitution to provide an alternative method of framing a county charter.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL No. 1360, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Scott, Zellinsky and Schoesler

Allowing state patrol officers to engage in private employment.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1360 was substituted for House Bill No. 1360 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1360 was read the second time.

Representative D. Schmidt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative D. Schmidt: (066)

On page 1, line 8, after "employment" insert "in uniform"
On page 1, beginning on line 8, after "benefit," strike "subject to any rules adopted under RCW 42.52.160 and"

On page 2, after line 7, strike everything through "employment." on line 9, and insert the following:
"(4) This section does not apply to section 1 of this act."

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and O'Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

COLLOQUIY

Representative D. Schmidt: Will Representative K. Schmidt yield to a question? Do you feel that there are safeguards set out in the current state law and in SHB 1360 to prevent the use of valuable public property for personal gain?

Representative K. Schmidt: Yes, current law directs the Executive Ethics Board to adopt rules that allow for exceptions to RCW 42.52.160 that provides for the "occasional use of the state officer or state employee, of "de minimis cost and value". The word "de minimis" is defined as "trifling", meaning of no definable cost. In the case of state patrol officers, the mere wearing of the uniform and use of their authority and law enforcement training would certainly be "de minimis" cost and value. The use of their assigned patrol vehicle or other specialized equipment do represent an identifiable public value; the current law and SHB 1360 allow for rules, regulations and restrictions in the administration of that aspect of this new public policy. Programs of this nature have been in place in police agencies throughout the state for many years without incident.

Representative D. Schmidt: Does this bill create a "special class" of state employee - state patrol officers?

Representative K. Schmidt: Yes and no. A state patrol officer’s training and authority does put him or her in a "special class" by the very nature of his or her duties and responsibilities. Not all state employees graduate from the State Patrol Academy prior to setting our on their career paths and not all state employees have the power to arrest, detain and take enforcement action. It certainly does not put state patrol officers in a "special class" in relation to other police officers all over the state of Washington. Officers in the largest and highest paid agencies in the state enjoy these opportunities that are very beneficial to the taxpayers and private entities in a time when public safety is a priority and public dollars are limited.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representatives Dyer, Representatives Sehlin, Lambert and Reams were excused. On motion by Representative Kessler, Representative Ogden was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1360.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1360 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1360, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Using transportation centers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mitchell and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1421.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1421 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representative Sommers, H. - 1.

Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

House Bill No. 1421, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1491, by Representatives Cody, Cooke, Tokuda, Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Costa

Changing references from guide or service dog to dog guide or service animal.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1491 was substituted for House Bill No. 1491 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1491 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody and Cooke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1491.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1491 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1491, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1593, by Representatives Scott, Zellinsky and Sheldon
Collecting solid waste or recyclables.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Scott and Zellinsky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1593.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1593 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Conway, Cooper, Dunshee and Sullivan - 4.

Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

House Bill No. 1593, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1130 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1010, by Representatives Mitchell, Hankins, Cairnes, Skinner and Mielke

Establishing procedures for federal transportation pass-through moneys.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1010 was substituted for House Bill No. 1010 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1010 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mitchell and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1010.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1010 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1010, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1047, by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Dunn and O’Brien

Changing tuition waivers for employees of institutions of higher education.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1047 was substituted for House Bill No. 1047 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 1047 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1047.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1047 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1047, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred further consideration of House Bill No. 1085, House Bill No. 1110 and House Bill No. 1113, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1124, by Representatives Quall, Carlson, Mason, Radcliff, Hatfield, Chopp, Lantz, O'Brien, Kessler, Murray, Gombosky, Morris and Costa

Requiring that information about state higher education support be given to students with their tuition and fee bills.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1124 was substituted for House Bill No. 1124 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1124 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1124.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1124 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1124, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1162, by Representatives Dyer and Cody; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

Providing for delegation of lien and subrogation rights to medical health care systems by contract.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1162.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1162 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

House Bill No. 1162, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1314, by Representatives Bush, Cooper, Carrell, Wood, Smith, Lambert, McDonald, Benson, Mielke, Cole, Talcott, Romero, Mastin, Scott, Sheahan, Lantz, L. Thomas, D. Schmidt, Cooke, Sherstad, Wensman and Dunn

Computing the time within which an act is to be done.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1314 was substituted for House Bill No. 1314 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1314 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Bush and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1314.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1314 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1314, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1383, by Representatives Sheahan, Dickerson, Ballasiotes, Constantine, Costa, Radcliff, McDonald, Mason, Schoesler, Mitchell, Blalock, L. Thomas, Sheldon, Wensman, Kenney and Kessler

Establishing restitution for rape of a child.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1383 was substituted for House Bill No. 1383 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1383 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan, O’Brien and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1383.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1383 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1383, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1393, by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Radcliff, O'Brien, Kessler, Blalock, Cody, Murray, Cole, Morris, Tokuda, Conway, Skinner and Kenney

Requiring that a petition for review of a final order or judgment of the board of industrial insurance appeals regarding crime victim compensation be filed within ninety days of the final order or judgment.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1393 was substituted for House Bill No. 1393 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1393 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes and O'Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1393.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1393 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1393, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1394, by Representatives Blalock, Costa, Radcliff, O'Brien and Skinner
Concerning the witnesses of an execution.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Ballasiotes moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Ballasiotes: (072)

On page 1, line 17, after "(a)" strike "No more than five" and insert "Five"

Representative Ballasiotes spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Ballasiotes moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Ballasiotes: (071)

On page 2, beginning on line 4, after "representatives" strike all material through "victims" on line 6

Representative Ballasiotes spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Blalock, Ballasiotes and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
Representative Mason spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1394.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1394 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1394, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1395, by Representatives D. Sommers, Sheldon, Gombosky, Dunn, Cairnes, Sterk, D. Schmidt, Mulliken, Boldt, Benson, McMorris, Murray, Tokuda, Scott and Regala

Clarifying procedures for filling vacancies.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1395 was substituted for House Bill No. 1395 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1395 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Sommers and Sheldon spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1395.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1395 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 67, Nays - 28, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1395, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Substitute House Bill No. 1395.

JIM DUNN, 17th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1411, by Representatives L. Thomas, Grant, Zellinsky, DeBolt and Benson

Authorizing the collection of fees for consumer loans.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Keiser moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Keiser: (042)

On page 1, after line 9, strike all material through and including line 13 on page 1, and insert:
"(2)(a)(i) Until June 30, 2002, in connection with the making of a loan that is secured primarily by real estate, charge the borrower a nonrefundable loan origination fee, which may be included in the principal balance of the loan;

(ii) After June 30, 2002, in connection with the making of a loan that is secured primarily by real estate, charge the borrower a nonrefundable loan origination fee not to exceed four percent of the first twenty thousand dollars and two percent thereafter of the principal amount of the loan advanced to or for the direct benefit of the borrower, which fee may be included in the principal balance of the loan:"

On page 2, after line 28, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The department of financial institutions shall monitor the impact on consumers of removing the origination fee limit for real estate loans under this act, particularly the relationship between the interest rate charged and origination fees. The department shall report to the financial institutions committees of the legislature by October 1, 2001."

Correct the title accordingly.

Representatives Keiser and L. Thomas spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Sullivan spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1411.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1411 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 70, Nays - 25, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1411, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1424, by Representatives Skinner and Murray

Revising provisions for kidney dialysis centers.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Skinner and Murray spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1424.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1424 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Lambert, Ogden and Thompson - 3.

House Bill No. 1424, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1808 was referred from the Rules Committee to the Committee on Capital Budget.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, March 10, 1997.
Second Reading 8
1010
(Sub)
Second Reading 8
Third Reading Final Passage 9
1047
Second Reading 9
1047
(Sub)
Second Reading 9
Third Reading Final Passage 9
1085
Other Action 9
1110
Other Action 9
1113
Other Action 9
1124
Second Reading 9
1124
(Sub)
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 10
1130
Other Action 8
1162
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 11
1314
Second Reading 11
1314
(Sub)
Second Reading 11
Third Reading Final Passage 11
1360
Second Reading 4
1360
(Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 4
Third Reading Final Passage 6
1383
Second Reading 11
1383
(Sub)
Second Reading 12
Third Reading Final Passage 12
1393
Second Reading 12
1393
(Sub)
Second Reading 12
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1394
Second Reading Amendment 13
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1395
Second Reading 14
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(Sub)
Second Reading 14
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1411
Second Reading Amendment 15
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1421
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1424
Second Reading 16
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1491
Second Reading 7

1491 (Sub)
Second Reading 7
Third Reading Final Passage 7

1593
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5010 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 2

5085
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Messages 1

5119 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Messages 1

5132
Intro & 1st Reading 2

5139
Messages 1

5140
Messages 1

5144 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 2

5154
Intro & 1st Reading 2

5199
Intro & 1st Reading 2
Messages 1

5200
Intro & 1st Reading 3
Messages 1

5229
Messages 1

5243
Intro & 1st Reading 3

5253
Intro & 1st Reading 3

5266
Intro & 1st Reading 3

5273 (Sub)
Messages 1

5281 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 3
Messages 1

5295 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 3
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Statement for the Journal; Representative Dunn 14
FIFTY-FOURTH DAY, MARCH 7, 1997
JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
FIFTY-SEVENTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, March 10, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jordan Rich and Kim Matz. Prayer was offered by Reverend Kristi Hanson Kreamer, Evangelical Lutheran Church of America, Tacoma.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5060, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5107,
SENATE BILL NO. 5217, SENATE BILL NO. 5269,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5270,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5303,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5375,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

March 7, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5033,
SENATE BILL NO. 5047,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5075,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5152,
SENATE BILL NO. 5271,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5341,
SENATE BILL NO. 5448,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

March 7, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5064,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5089,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5163,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5183,  
SENATE BILL NO. 5223,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5267,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5312,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5365,  

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary  
March 10, 1997  

Mr. Speaker:  

The Senate has passed:  

SENATE BILL NO. 5016,  
SENATE BILL NO. 5018,  
SENATE BILL NO. 5111,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5142,  
SENATE BILL NO. 5155,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5157,  
SENATE BILL NO. 5195,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5327,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5337,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5359,  
SENATE BILL NO. 5434,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5527,  

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary  

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE  

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) announced that Governor and Mrs. Gary Locke were the parents of Emily Nicole Locke.  

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE  

Representative Kessler: As official den mother to the Democratic Caucus, I wish to tell the Governor and Mrs. Locke that they now begin the most important job of their lives.  

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.  

SECOND READING  

HOUSE BILL NO. 1488, by Representatives Chandler, Linville, L. Thomas, Sheldon, Schoesler, Veloria, McMorris and Honeyford  

Requiring the commissioner of public lands to be on the Puget Sound action team.  

The bill was read the second time.  

Representative Regala moved the adoption of the following by Representative Regala: (074)  

On page 1, line 15, after "team." insert "A member of the action team may designate any other person to attend a meeting or meetings of the action team and take actions on behalf of the member at the meeting or meetings."  

Representative Regala spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representative Chandler spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Regala and H. Sommers spoke against passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Ogden was excused. On motion of Representative Wensman, Representatives K. Schmidt and Dyer were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1488.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1488 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 65, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1488, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1594, by Representatives Zellinsky, Scott and Sheldon

Relaxing front end length limits on garbage trucks.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1594 was substituted for House Bill No. 1594 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1594 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Zellinsky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1594.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1594 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1594, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1646, by Representatives Quall, Ballasiotes, Dickerson and Sullivan

Extending the existence of the indeterminate sentence review board.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Quall and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1646.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1646 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1646, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred of House Bill No. 1056 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1077, by Representatives Sterk, D. Sommers, Boldt and Sheahan

Specifying the official forms of establishing proof of identity.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1077 was substituted for House Bill No. 1077 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1077 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1077.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1077 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1077, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1086, by Representatives Mulliken, Johnson, Koster, Sump, Thompson, Crouse, Mielke and Sherstad

Establishing criteria that limit school employees' ability to remove students from school.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1086 was substituted for House Bill No. 1086 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1086 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mulliken, Johnson, Smith, Linville, Robertson, and Delvin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cole, Keiser, Doumit, Mason, Regala and Cole spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1086.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1086 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 55, Nays - 40, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1086, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1089, by Representatives Cooke, Tokuda, Radcliff, Backlund, Boldt, Mason and Cairnes

Correcting references to the former aid to families with dependent children program.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1089 was substituted for House Bill No. 1089 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1089 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1089.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1089 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1089, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1114, by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, McMorris, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, Schoesler and Honeyford

Revising regulations concerning reclaimed water.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1114 was substituted for House Bill No. 1114 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1114 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mastin and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1114.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1114 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1114, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1119, by Representatives Schoesler, Sheldon, Buck, Hatfield, Johnson, Kessler and Boldt

Extending the expiration date of an act requiring the purchaser of privately owned timber to report to the department of revenue.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Schoesler and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1119.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1119 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1119, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1181, by Representatives Sterk, O'Brien and Crouse
Taking judicial notice of radar evidence.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1181.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1181 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1181, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1187, by Representatives Alexander, Van Luven, McMorris, DeBolt, Morris, Veloria, Sheldon, Pennington, Sump and Hatfield
Contracting with associate development organizations.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Alexander and Veloria spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1187.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1187 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1187, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1188, by Representatives Carlson, Mason, Radcliffe, Kenney, Butler, O'Brien, Van Luven, Sheahan, Dunn, Dyer, Chopp and Murray

Exempting Wyoming students admitted to the University of Washington's medical school from the tuition differential.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson, Mason and Skinner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1188.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1188 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1188, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1193, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunn, L. Thomas, Wolfe, Scott and Wensman

Controlling personal service contracts.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1193 was substituted for House Bill No. 1193 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1193 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1193.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1193 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1193, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1198, by Representatives Mitchell, Fisher, Robertson, Johnson, Costa and L. Thomas

Regulating motor vehicle dealer practices.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mitchell and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1198.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1198 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

House Bill No. 1198, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1205, by Representatives Lambert, Koster, McMorris, L. Thomas, Pennington, Sump, Carrell, Johnson, Sheahan, Cooke, Schoesler, Mielke, McDonald, Zellinsky and Thompson

Prohibiting specified sex offenses against children.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Lambert moved adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lambert: (050)

On page 1, line 9, after "at least" strike "four" and insert "five"

On page 2, line 1 after "at least" strike "four" and insert "five"

Representatives Lambert and Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lambert and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1205.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1205 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1205, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1210 was referred to the Rules Committee.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1085, by Representatives Mulliken, Johnson, Koster, Backlund, Sump, Talcott, Crouse, Thompson, Mielke, Bush, Sherstad, Carrell, Smith and Van Luven

Requiring notification before a school conducts certain student tests, questionnaires, surveys, analyzes, or evaluations.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1085 was substituted for House Bill No. 1085 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1085 was read the second time.

Representative McDonald moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative McDonald: (088)

On page 1, line 10, after "students" insert ", and by any member of the school board"

On page 2, after line 14, insert the following:

"(4) Each member of the school board must be notified in writing prior to administration of a test, questionnaire, survey, analysis, or evaluation that meets the criteria of subsection (2) of this section. Notification must occur prior to a regularly scheduled meeting of the school board before administration of a test, questionnaire, survey, analysis, or evaluation that meets the criteria of subsection (2) of this section."

Representatives McDonald, Mulliken, Johnson, and Lambert spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Cole and Quall spoke against of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Lisk demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment on page 1, line 10, Substitute House Bill No. 1085.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 1, line 10, to Substitute House Bill No. 1085 and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 40, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Blalock, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hatfield,

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mulliken, Mastin, Johnson, Skinner, McDonald and Hickel spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Lisk: As we go into this week of full floor debate, we are going to have lively debates. What we will want to do during those debates, on both sides of the aisle is to stay to the issue in front of the House, and not impugn the motives of the individuals presenting the issue. Just a reminder, Mr. Speaker. You might address this as well. Thank you.

Representatives Cole, Bulker, Keiser, Quall, and Appelwick spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1085.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1085 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 57, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1085, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1230, by Representatives Backlund, Johnson, Lambert, Carrell, Sherstad, D. Schmidt, Thompson, Boldt and Pennington

Protecting students' religious rights.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1230 was substituted for House Bill No. 1230 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1230 was read the second time.
Representative Smith moved the adoption of the following amendment of Representative Smith:

On page 2, at the beginning of line 1, insert "(1)"

On page 2, at the beginning of line 22, insert "(2)"

On page 2, after line 29, insert: "(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall distribute to the school districts information about laws governing students’ rights of religious expression in school."

Representatives Smith, Cole and Keiser spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Backlund and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1230.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1230 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1230, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2247 by Representatives D. Schmidt, Huff, Talcott, Benson, Mastin, Parlette and Clements

AN ACT Relating to alien offenders; and amending RCW 9.94A.280.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

ESSB 5033 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senator Roach)
Concerning the crime of possessing stolen property in the second degree.

SB 5047 by Senators Benton and Zarelli

Arming community corrections officers.

SB 5064 by Senators Roach, Haugen, Johnson, Winsley and Rossi; by request of Secretary of State

Regulating the dissolution of limited partnerships.

ESSB 5075 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker and Rasmussen)

Regulating use activities.

SSB 5089 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Zarelli, Swecker and Hochstatter)

Requiring previous bail jumpers to post bail.

SB 5139 by Senators Oke, Snyder, Swecker and Winsley; by request of Parks and Recreation Commission

Regarding enterprise activities of the state parks and recreation commission.

SSB 5140 by Senators Long, Zarelli, Schow, Kohl, Franklin, Hargrove and Winsley; by request of Department of Corrections

Revising provisions relating to community placement of offenders.

SSB 5152 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Prince, Bauer, Wojahn, Horn, Oke, Winsley and Patterson; by request of Joint Legislative Audit & Review Committee)

Allowing the department of social and health services access to employment security department data on clients in the job opportunities and basic skills training program and any subsequent state welfare program.

ESB 5163 by Senators Haugen and Schow
Filing financing statements.
Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5183 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Fairley and Winsley)

Allowing an interlocal agreement between a county and municipality to transfer jurisdiction over a defendant.
Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5223 by Senators Roach, Winsley, Long, Loveland, Bauer, Franklin, Fraser and McAuliffe; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Changing teachers' retirement system plan III contribution rates.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 5229 by Senators Prince, Loveland, Morton, Oke, Stevens, Fraser, Swecker, Rasmussen, Hochstatter, Johnson, Bauer, Horn, Snyder, Winsley, Roach, McDonald and Haugen

Extending permitted uses of assembly halls and meeting places to maintain property tax exemptions.
Referred to Committee on Finance.

SSB 5267 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Heavey, Schow and Newhouse; by request of Department of Licensing)

Correcting real estate brokers and salespersons statutes for administrative and practical purposes.
Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5271 by Senators Horn, Spanel and Long; by request of Legislative Ethics Board

Allowing an elected official to prepare and send guest editorials or columns that include arguments for or against ballot propositions if the editorial or column is requested by a newspaper.
Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

ESSB 5273 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Fraser, Swecker, Prentice, Strannigan and Haugen)

Regulating compensatory mitigation.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SSB 5312 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Haugen and Prince; by request of Department of Transportation)

Facilitating sale of materials from department of transportation lands.
Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.
SSB 5341 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Sheldon and Rasmussen)

Revising authority of the Washington economic development authority to finance projects.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

SSB 5365 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Snyder, West, Loveland, Brown, Rasmussen, Fairley, Spanel, Hargrove, Sheldon, Roach, Fraser, Wojahn, Franklin, Kline, Oke and Schow)

Prohibiting disability retirement benefits resulting from criminal conduct.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 5372 by Senators Finkbeiner, Brown, Hochstatter, Strannigan and Rossi; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

Limiting the number of times the maximum disposal fee at a radioactive waste disposal site may be adjusted.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

SB 5448 by Senators Deccio, Wojahn, Wood and Fairley

Merging the health professions account and the medical disciplinary account.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

March 6, 1997

HB 1028 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Exempting granges from property taxation.

Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representative Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Thompson.

Voting Nay: Representative Dunshee.

Excused: Representatives Mason and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 6, 1997
HB 1191 Prime Sponsor, Representative Backlund: Providing for review of mandated health insurance benefits. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Health Care. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sheldon; Sheahan and Talcott.


Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 6, 1997

HB 1267 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Providing a use tax exemption for vessel manufacturers and dealers. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Thompson.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Thompson.

Voting Nay: Representative Dunshee.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 6, 1997

HB 1298 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Regulating compensatory mitigation. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Chopp; Keiser; Poulsen and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives Chopp, Keiser, Poulsen, and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1351 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Stabilizing the monthly refund from the marine fuel tax refund account. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Cooper and Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1379 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Removing the expiration of tax exemptions for new construction of alternative housing for youth in crisis. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Thompson.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Thompson.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1427 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Updating special fuel tax provisions. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Cooper, DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Radcliff, Robertson, Scott; Skinner, Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine and Romero.


Voting Nay: Representatives Fisher, Constantine, and Romero.

Excused: Representative Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1466 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Removing authority of the department of natural resources to delegate enforcement of reclamation plans. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Natural Resources be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 6, 1997

HB 1493 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Licensing whitewater river outfitters. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Natural Resources be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Dyer; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Benson; Crouse; Grant; Lisk; Mastin and McMorris.


Voting Nay: Representatives Benson, Crouse, Grant, Lisk, Mastin, and McMorris.

Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1524 Prime Sponsor, Representative Alexander: Allowing commercial salmon fishers to forego an annual season at a reduced fee. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Natural Resources be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington and Schoesler.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, and Schoesler.

Excused: Representatives Thompson and Van Luven.
HB 1549 Prime Sponsor, Representative H. Sommers: Reducing property tax assessments in response to government restrictions. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington and Schoesler.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, and Schoesler.

Voting Nay: Representatives Thompson and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1588 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Exempting hearing instruments from sales and use tax. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Thompson.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Thompson.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1919 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Repealing the sales taxation of certain services enacted in 1993. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Conway; Kastama and Mason.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler, Conway, and Mason.

Excused: Representatives Kastama and Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1924 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ballasiotes: Changing the sentencing for sex offenses. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 6, 1997

HB 2160 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Providing for a joint legislative audit and review of internship credits granted to teachers. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1005 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Creating the border county higher education opportunity pilot project. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Higher Education be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Lambert and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997
HB 1128 Prime Sponsor, Representative Thompson: Implementing a recovery plan for dead and at-risk timber in the Loomis state forest. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crous; Dyer; Grant; Kessler; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Linville; Regala and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Lambert and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1158 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sehlin: Adopting a supplemental capital budget. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell and H. Sommers.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation: Signed by Representative D. Sommers.


Voting Nay: Representative D. Sommers.

Excused: Representative Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1201 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Providing for reauthorization of assistance to areas impacted by the rural natural resources crisis. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Trade & Economic Development. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crous; Dyer; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.

Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1222 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carrell: Limiting certain offenses to no more than fifteen percent good time credits. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kessler and Regala.


Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1224 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carrell: Providing for reimbursement of public entities for payments made because of criminal acts of officers, employees, or contractors. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Lambert; Lisk; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Mastin; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1235 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ogden: Requiring state agency personal service contracts to specify that the state owns the data generated under the contracts. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements,
Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1257 Prime Sponsor, Representative DeBolt: Providing tax exemptions and credits for coal-fired thermal electric generating facilities placed in operation before July 1, 1975. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1374 Prime Sponsor, Representative Smith: Establishing alternate teacher certification. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Kenney; Kessler; Regala and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 6, 1997

HB 1392 Prime Sponsor, Representative Ballasiotes: Enhancing crime victims' compensation. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Chopp, Dyer and Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1432 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Modifying the adoption support reconsideration program. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Children & Family Services. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler, Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1436 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Authorizing electronic information access for public libraries. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler, Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997
HB 1460 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Adjusting tuition rates for first-professional law students to approximate tuition rates for first-professional law students at comparable institutions. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Higher Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Kenney; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Sheahan and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Benson, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Sheahan and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1461 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Setting tuition for graduate business students at the University of Washington. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Higher Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Kenney; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Sheahan and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Benson, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Sheahan and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1471 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Protecting vulnerable adults. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Health Care be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke;
HB 1472 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Providing for designation of mineral resource lands.
Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kessler; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives Keiser, Kenney, Linville and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1478 Prime Sponsor, Representative Clements: Feeding wildlife during severe winter weather.
Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Mastin and Tokuda.

Voting Nay: Representatives Mastin and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1492 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Creating easements across natural area preserves.
Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

 Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell and D. Sommers.


Excused: Representative Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1522 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carrell: Providing for enhanced sentencing for criminal street gang activity. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY Recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Law & Justice. Signed by: Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1527 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Regulating pesticides. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kenney; Kessler; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives Keiser, Linville and Regala.

Excused: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1557 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Exempting from taxation and valuation of property improvements used for fish and habitat restoration and protection and water quantity and quality improvement programs. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Natural Resources. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt, Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.

Excused: Representatives Mason and Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1576 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Modifying buildable lands under growth management. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1612 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Designating and funding a highway project to be done under a design-build procedure. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; Gardner; Romero and Wood.

Voting Yea: Representatives K. Schmidt, Hankins, Mielke, Mitchell, Backlund, Blalock, Buck, Cairnes, Cooper, DeBolt, Hatfield, Johnson, O’Brien, Radcliff, Robertson, Scott, Sterk, and Zellinsky.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1622 Prime Sponsor, Representative Kenney: Establishing the Hispanic American endowed scholarship program. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Higher Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1630 Prime Sponsor, Representative DeBolt: Allowing counties to have certain lands transferred from the state Backlund to the county. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Natural Resources be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Hankins; Koster; Mitchell and D. Sommers.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Lantz and H. Sommers.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1683 Prime Sponsor, Representative Smith: Contributing to the cost of a memorial honoring the role of women in the nation’s military services. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY Recommendation: Do pass. Signed by: Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.
Excused: Representatives Lambert and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1685 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hankins: Creating a school construction endowment and providing property tax reductions. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa, Hankins, Koster, Lantz, Mitchell, D. Sommers and H. Sommers.

Excused: Representatives Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1687 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Reducing the impact of wage garnishments on employers. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Law & Justice. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representatives Lambert and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1698 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Creating the K-20 telecommunications network governance committee. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Appropriations be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; and Chopp.

Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers and Chopp.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1709 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Changing provisions relating to school mandates. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1714 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Establishing basic health plan eligibility for certain persons eligible for medicare. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Health Care. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Lambert and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1721 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Providing economic opportunities for private enterprise. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Government Administration. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp, Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.

Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1777  Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Changing the timelines for development and implementation of the student assessment system. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Yea: Representatives Huff, Alexander, Clements, Wensman, H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Benson, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Cooke, Crouse, Grant, Kenney, Kessler, Lambert, Lisk, Mastin, McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.
Voting Nay: Representatives Keiser and Linville.
Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1781  Prime Sponsor, Representative Lambert: Expanding the supervision management and recidivist tracking program. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representatives Kenney, Lambert and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1800  Prime Sponsor, Representative Delvin: Assisting crime stoppers programs. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Cooke, Crouse, Dyer, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Lambert, Linville, Lisk, Mastin, McMorris, Parlette, Poulsen, Regala, D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representative Keiser.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1808 Prime Sponsor, Representative D. Sommers: Requiring public works projects over five thousand dollars for state agencies to be contracted by public notice and competitive bid or small works roster. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Hankins; Koster; Mitchell and D. Sommers.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Lantz and H. Sommers.

Excused: Representative Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1816 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Changing the mandatory elements of comprehensive plans under the growth management act. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson, Cooke, Crouse, Dyer, Lambert, Lisk; Mastin, McMorris, Parlette; D. Schmidt, Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997
HB 1817 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Authorizing reclaimed water demonstration projects. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1823 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Requiring local governments to periodically update their shoreline master programs. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Grant; Linville and Regala.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Chopp, Grant, Linville, and Regala.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1825 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sump: Concerning the funding of the forest development account. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Natural Resources. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.
Excused: Representatives Lambert and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1833 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Assisting existing economic development revolving loan funds. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa, Hankins, Koster, Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.

Excused: Representative Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1864 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Regarding infants who test positive at birth for drugs or alcohol. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Children & Family Services. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1866 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Allowing for the creation of environmental excellence program agreements. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


March 10, 1997

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Voting Nay: Representatives Cody and Regala.
Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; DeBolt; Johnson; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Murray; Romero and Wood.

Excused: Representative Chandler and Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1898 Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Establishing teacher assessments for certification.
Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1934 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Specifying deductions from inmate funds. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1952 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Modifying health facility and services provisions. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Health Care be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1969 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Regulating public water systems. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
March 7, 1997

HB 1985 Prime Sponsor, Representative Buck: Allowing for pilot project landscape management plans. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville, Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Lambert and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 2019 Prime Sponsor, Representative Quall: Authorizing charter schools. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville, Lisk; Mastin, McMorris, Parlette, Poulsen, Regala, D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 2027 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lisk: Regulating travel sales. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Commerce & Labor. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Kessler; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin, McMorris, Parlette, Poulsen, Regala, D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp, Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Linville; Poulsen and Regala.
Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Linville, Poulsen, and Regala.
Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2041 Prime Sponsor, Representative Honeyford: Limiting industrial insurance benefits for employees of illegally insured employers. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Commerce & Labor. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Mastin; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.

Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Benson, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2042 Prime Sponsor, Representative Johnson: Providing a grant program for reading in the primary grades. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Education be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2046 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Creating foster parent liaison positions. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Children & Family Services. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements,
HB 2054 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Authorizing local watershed planning and modifying water resource management. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 2069 Prime Sponsor, Representative Wensman: Changing school levy provisions. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke and Crouse.


Voting Nay: Representative Cooke.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 2080** Prime Sponsor, Representative Parlette: Regulating classification of lands with long-term commercial significance. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

**MINORITY recommendation:** Without recommendation. Signed by Representative H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member.


Voting Nay: Representative H. Sommers.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 2096** Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Consolidating the state’s oil spill prevention program. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

**MINORITY recommendation:** Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Chopp; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives Chopp, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Regala, and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 2105** Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Extending authority of public transportation benefit districts to contract with counties, cities, and towns. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

**MAJORITY recommendation:** The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member;
Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; Gardner and Romero.

Voting Nay: Representatives Fisher, Constantine, Cooper, Gardner, and Romero.
Excused: Representatives Murray and Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 2170 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Expediting projects of state-wide significance. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Trade & Economic Development be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives Wensman, Keiser, and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 2180 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Establishing a state policy and program for freight mobility strategic investments. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Radcliff; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representative Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997
HB 2191 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Creating a dairy waste management program. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 8, 1997

HB 2197 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Creating the K-20 education technology revolving fund. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Ranking Minority Member; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading. March 7, 1997

HB 2217 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Removing fish passage barriers. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Chandler; Constantine; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Mielke, Vice Chairman; and Cairnes.


Voting Nay: Representatives Mielke, Cairnes, and DeBolt.

Excused: Representative Ogden.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2237 Prime Sponsor, Representative Hankins: Regulating telecommunications access to limited-access highway rights-of-way. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; O'Brien; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2239 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sherstad: Providing for conversion of nursing home bed capacity to enhanced residential care services. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Health Care. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2244 Prime Sponsor, Representative Reams: Revising the recommendations of the land use study commission. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use. Signed by Representatives Huff, Vice Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Majority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.

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Voting Nay: Representatives Wensman, H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 3900 Prime Sponsor, Representative Sheahan: Revising the Juvenile Code (Introduced with Senate sponsors). Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The third substitute bill be substituted therefor and the third substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL COMMITTEE REPORTS

HB 1034 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Restoring parents' rights. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY Recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Law & Justice. Signed by: Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY Recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by: Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1042 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Changing the taxation of dental appliances, devices, restorations, and substitutes. Reported by Committee on Finance

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MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.

Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1055 Prime Sponsor, Representative Radcliff: Creating undergraduate fellowships for needy and meritorious students. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Higher Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Lambert and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1126 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Providing for 911 emergency communications funding. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris and Schoesler.


Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, and Schoesler.

Voting Nay: Representatives Pennington and Van Luven.

Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1154 Prime Sponsor, Representative Boldt: Providing tax exemptions for nonprofit camps and conferences. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Kastama; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Conway; Mason and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Kastama, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.
Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler, Conway, Mason, and Morris.
Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 6, 1997

HB 1219 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Extending a tax exemption for prepayments for health care services provided under Title XVIII (medicare) of the social security act. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Conway; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler and Mason.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Conway, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Thompson.
Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler, and Mason.
Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1263 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Revising current use taxation provisions. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.
Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1269 Prime Sponsor, Representative Robertson: Providing moneys for the death investigations' account. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris and Schoesler.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Carrell, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Pennington and Van Luven.
HB 1275 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Establishing public utility tax credits for weatherization and energy assistance programs. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Excused: Representatives Conway and Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1302 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Clarifying the taxation of intangible personal property. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Butler; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Conway and Mason.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Butler, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Conway, and Mason.

Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1327 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Reimbursing sellers for sales tax collection costs. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.

Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1328 Prime Sponsor, Representative Schoesler: Revising the business and occupation tax on the handling of hay, alfalfa, and seed. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Butler; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Conway.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Butler, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.
Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, and Conway.
Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1329 Prime Sponsor, Representative Van Luven: Paying the business and occupation tax by property management companies for on-site employees. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.
Excused: Representatives Carrell and Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1346 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Imposing use tax on electricity. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Energy & Utilities be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1354 Prime Sponsor, Representative Pennington: Changing air pollution control provisions. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture &
Ecology. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 1402  Prime Sponsor, Representative Ogden: Providing additional alternatives for financing street, road, and highway projects. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 6, 1997

HB 1423  Prime Sponsor, Representative Sterk: Strengthening the criminal justice training commission. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1592  Prime Sponsor, Representative Bush: Providing tax exemptions for small water districts and systems. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Schoesler, and Thompson.

Excused: Representatives Morris, Pennington, and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1606  Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Clarifying the determination of "years of service" for certain educational employees. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson, Cooke, Crouse, Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1649 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Modifying the growth management act. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Benson, Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin, Sheahan, and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives Wensman, H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1677 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Prohibiting separate reporting and valuation of intangible personal property. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.

Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997
HB 1689 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mulliken: Providing for small business tax relief. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.
Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1752 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Including persons with developmental disabilities in the long-term ombudsman program. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Children & Family Services. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1756 Prime Sponsor, Representative Delvin: Exempting nonprofit cancer centers from property tax. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington and Schoesler.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, and Schoesler.
Excused: Representatives Pennington, Thompson and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1770 Prime Sponsor, Representative Alexander: Setting the fee for the transfer of Dungeness crab-coastal fishery licenses. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Natural Resources be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas,
Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Conway; Pennington; Schoesler and Thompson.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Thompson.

Excused: Representatives Mulliken and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1791 Prime Sponsor, Representative Mastin: Exempting activities conducted for an agricultural commodity commission or board from business and occupation tax. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Thompson.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1813 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dunn: Regulating sales and use tax exemptions for motion picture and video production equipment and services. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Trade & Economic Development be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Excused: Representative Mulliken.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1851 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Changing higher education financial aid. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Higher Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulson; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin, Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 1862 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cooke: Requiring a community-based response system for certain families referred to child protective services. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Children & Family Services. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 1905 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lisk: Repealing the carbonated beverage tax. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Conway; Kastama and Mason.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler, Conway, Kastama, and Mason.

Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 1938 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carrell: Changing provisions relating to at-risk youth. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Children & Family Services. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala, and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 2004 Prime Sponsor, Representative Kastama: Exempting home medical equipment and vehicle modifications for disabled persons from sales and use tax. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington and Schoesler.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, and Schoesler.

Excused: Representatives Thompson and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 8, 1997

HB 2017 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Creating the Washington educational employees retirement system. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 7, 1997

HB 2038 Prime Sponsor, Representative B. Thomas: Changing lodging tax authority. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken,
Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 2051 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Exempting from taxation remedies and remedial actions taken regarding hazardous waste. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Mason.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 2186 Prime Sponsor, Representative Linville: Requiring a methodology to identify critical ecological functions within a WRIA. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 10, 1997

HB 2208 Prime Sponsor, Representative Cairnes: Establishing collaborative review of multijurisdictional projects. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Regala, and Tokuda.

Excused: Representative Dyer.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Tuesday, March 11, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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Messages 2

Intro & 1st Reading 15

Messages 1

Intro & 1st Reading 15

Messages 1

Intro & 1st Reading 15

Intro & 1st Reading 16

Messages 1

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Intro & 1st Reading 18
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Intro & 1st Reading 18
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Messages 2
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The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Steve Fryer III and Amy Champlin. Prayer was offered by Reverend Ralph Vreugdenhil, Union Gospel Mission, Olympia.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1056, by Representatives Hatfield, Pennington, Doumit, Mielke, Johnson, Buck, Kessler, Sheldon, Mastin, Grant, Thompson, DeBolt, Quall, Boldt and Linville

Requiring that natural area preserves be accessible for public hunting, fishing, and trapping.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1056 was substituted for House Bill No. 1056 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1056 was read the second time.

Representative Buck moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (090)
On page 2, after line 2, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) There is created the joint select committee on natural area preserves. The joint select committee shall consist of six members, three members from the house of representatives and three members from the senate. The speaker of the house of representatives shall appoint the house of representatives members, appointing at least one member from each caucus. The president of the senate shall appoint the senate members, appointing at least one member from each caucus. The committee shall choose a chair and vice-chair from among its membership.

(2) The committee shall conduct a broad review of the natural area preserve program. The committee’s review shall include but not be limited to:

(a) A review of the current statutes in chapter 79.70 RCW and of the original intent of the legislation creating chapter 79.70 RCW;

(b) A review of the existing rules formulated under chapter 79.70 RCW and an analysis of the extent to which the rules properly comply with the original legislative intent;

(c) An evaluation of what the programs established by chapter 79.70 RCW have accomplished and whether these accomplishments are consistent with the original intent of the legislation;

(d) Identification of opportunities to provide better public notice regarding any future natural area preserves, including notice of when an area is being considered for designation as a natural area preserve, notice of when the department of natural resources is considering acquiring land for a preserve, and notice and solicitation of public input when the department of natural resources is developing a management plan for a preserve;

(e) An evaluation of how natural area preserve designation has interfered with or otherwise impacted neighboring property owners;

(f) An evaluation of whether to expand public activities such as hunting and fishing within some or all natural area preserves and a recommendation on how such an expansion might be accomplished; and

(g) Other study elements identified by the committee.

(3) The joint select committee shall be staffed by senate committee services and the house of representatives office of program research.

(4) The joint select committee shall complete its analysis and report its recommendations to the legislature by December 1, 1997.

(5) The joint select committee expires April 1, 1998."

Correct the title.

Representatives Buck and Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted. The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hatfield, Buck and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Regala spoke against passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Odgen, Poulsen and Costa were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1056.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1056 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 67, Nays - 27, Absent - 1, Excused - 3.


Absent: Representative Tokuda - 1.

Excused: Representatives Costa, Ogden and Poulsen - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1056, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1234, by Representatives Cairnes, Mason, Clements, Mulliken, Thompson, McMorris, Reams, Honeyford, Sterk, Kenney, Blalock, Cody, Keiser, Conway, Cooper, O'Brien, Tokuda, Dunshee, Wood, Fisher and Kastama

Modifying the size of the state advisory board of plumbers.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1234 was substituted for House Bill No. 1234 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1234 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cairnes and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1234.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1234 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 4, Absent - 1, Excused - 3.


Absent: Representative Tokuda - 1.

Excused: Representatives Costa, Ogden and Poulsen - 3.
Substitute House Bill No. 1234, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1234.

SANDRA ROMERO, 22nd District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1249, by Representatives Dunn, Costa, Sheahan, Sterk, Lantz, Kenney, Lambert, Skinner, Gardner, D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Ogden, O’Brien, Dunshee, B. Thomas, Wensman, Mason and Kessler; by request of Secretary of State

Streamlining registration and licensing of businesses.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill 1249 was substituted for House Bill No. 1249 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1249 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dunn and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Tokuda was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1249.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1249 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Costa, Ogden, Poulsen and Tokuda - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1249, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Conway: Having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 1234. The motion was passed.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1234.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1234 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Dunn, Koster and Schoesler - 3.

Excused: Representatives Costa, Ogden and Poulsen - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1234, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1259 was substituted for House Bill No. 1259 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1259 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump, Buck and Sheldon spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1259.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1259 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 73, Nays - 23, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1259, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1278, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Hatfield, Mitchell, Pennington, Scott, Mielke, Cody, Honeyford and Delvin

Concerning the labeling of malt liquor packages.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Blalock spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1278.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1278 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

House Bill No. 1278, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1353, by Representatives Buck, Fisher, K. Schmidt, Mitchell and Wensman; by request of Department of Transportation

Facilitating sale of materials from department of transportation lands.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1353.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1353 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

House Bill No. 1353, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1367, by Representatives Johns on, Cole, Smith, Schoesler, Poulsen, O’Brien, Linville, Costa, Blalock, Cooper, Dickerson, Dunshee, Mason, Keiser, Wensman, Wood, Kessler and Gombosky; by request of Superintendent of Public Instruction

Allowing surplus educational property to be given or loaned to entities for educational use.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Johnson and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1367.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1367 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

House Bill No. 1367, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1368, by Representatives Huff, Hatfield and Blalock

Easing restrictions on gambling fund-raisers.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1368.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1368 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

House Bill No. 1368, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1385 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1388, by Representatives Conway, Ballasiotes, Sullivan, Dickerson, Cairnes, Quall, Robertson, Wood, Blalock, O'Brien, Scott, Wensman, Cooper, Costa and Ogden

Requiring that private organizations that contract with the department to operate work release facilities go through the siting process.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Conway and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1388.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1388 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

House Bill No. 1388, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1408 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1429, by Representatives Sump, O’Brien, Sullivan, Mielke, Mulliken and Sherstad

Penalizing cigarette discard.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1429 was substituted for House Bill No. 1429 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1429 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1429.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1429 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1429, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1437, by Representatives Carlson, Mason, Radcliff, O’Brien, Kenney, Dunn, Dickerson, Butler, Mielke, Scott, Cole, Chopp, Gombosky, Ogden, Murray and Costa

Eliminating the expiration of gender equity in higher education.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1437 was substituted for House Bill No. 1437 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1437 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson, Mason and Smith spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1437.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1437 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1437, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1441, by Representatives McDonald, Pennington, Ballasiotes, Mielke, Hatfield, Lambert, Doumit, Costa, Bush, Dickerson, O'Brien, Keiser, Kastama and Smith

Penalizing voyeurism.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1441 was substituted for House Bill No. 1441 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1441 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McDonald, Costa and Hatfield spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1441.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1441 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1441, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1464, by Representatives Chandler and Linville; by request of Department of Agriculture

Updating and modifying certain noxious weed provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1464 was substituted for House Bill No. 1464 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1464 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1464.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1464 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1464, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1487 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1514 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1514, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1525 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1533, by Representatives Sehlin, Quall, K. Schmidt, D. Schmidt, Scott and Hankins

Using county road funds.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Robertson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Robertson: (099)

On page 1, line 13, after "office," strike the following:
"for insurance programs or self-insurance programs, risk management,"

and insert the following:

"and for any of the following programs when directly related to county road purposes: (1) Insurance; (2) self-insurance programs; and (3) risk management programs;"

Representatives Robertson and Fisher spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.
The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sehlin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1533.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1533 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1533, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1551, by Representatives Mason, Carlson, Radcliff, Kenney, Cooper, Conway, Costa, Sullivan, Wolfe, Scott, O’Brien and Wood

Increasing fiscal flexibility for institutions of higher education.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mason and Carlson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1551.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1551 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1551, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1587 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1596, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunshee, Gardner, L. Thomas and Dunn

Concerning the transfer of solid waste regulatory authority back and forth between cities and the utilities and transportation commission.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1596 was substituted for House Bill No. 1596 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1596 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1596.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1596 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1596, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1647, by Representatives Radcliff, Van Luven, Mason, Carlson, Veloria, Morris, Ogden, Kenney and Costa

Establishing a home tuition program.

The bill was read the second time.
Representative Radcliff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Radcliff: (041)

On page 3, after line 28, insert the following:

"Sec. 3. RCW 28B.15.014 and 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 5 are each amended to read as follows: Subject to the limitations of RCW 28B.15.910, the governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, The Evergreen State College, and the community colleges may exempt the following nonresidents from paying all or a portion of the nonresident tuition fees differential:

(1) Any person who resides in the state of Washington and who holds a graduate service appointment designated as such by a public institution of higher education or is employed for an academic department in support of the instructional or research programs involving not less than twenty hours per week during the term such person shall hold such appointment.

(2) Any faculty member, classified staff member or administratively exempt employee holding not less than a half time appointment at an institution who resides in the state of Washington, and the dependent children and spouse of such persons.

(3) Active-duty military personnel stationed in the state of Washington.

(4) Any immigrant refugee and the spouse and dependent children of such refugee, if the refugee (a) is on parole status, or (b) has received an immigrant visa, or (c) has applied for United States citizenship.

(5) Any dependent exchange students participating in the program created under RCW 28B.15.725.

(6) Any dependent of a member of the United States congress representing the state of Washington."

On page 4, after line 23, insert the following:

"Sec. 4. RCW 28B.15.910 and 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 31 are each amended to read as follows: Except for revenue waived under programs listed in subsection (3) of this section, and unless otherwise expressly provided in the omnibus state appropriations act, the total amount of operating fees revenue waived, exempted, or reduced by a state university, a regional university, The Evergreen State College, or the community colleges as a whole, shall not exceed the percentage of total gross authorized operating fees revenue set forth below. As used in this section, "gross authorized operating fees revenue" means the estimated gross operating fees revenue as estimated under RCW 82.33.020 or as revised by the office of financial management, before granting any waivers. This limitation applies to all tuition waiver programs established before or after July 1, 1992.

(a) University of Washington 21 percent
(b) Washington State University 20 percent
(c) Eastern Washington University 11 percent
(d) Central Washington University 8 percent
(e) Western Washington University 10 percent
(f) The Evergreen State College 6 percent
(g) Community colleges as a whole 35 percent

(2) The limitations in subsection (1) of this section apply to waivers, exemptions, or reductions in operating fees contained in the following:

(a) RCW 28B.10.265;
(b) RCW 28B.15.014;
(c) RCW 28B.15.100;
(d) RCW 28B.15.225;
(e) RCW 28B.15.380;
(f) Ungraded courses under RCW 28B.15.502(4);
(g) RCW 28B.15.520;
(h) RCW 28B.15.526;
(i) RCW 28B.15.527;
(j) RCW 28B.15.543;
(k) RCW 28B.15.545;
(l) RCW 28B.15.555;
(m) RCW 28B.15.556;
(n) RCW 28B.15.615;
(o) RCW 28B.15.620;
Representatives Radcliff and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1647.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1647 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1647, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1084 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1190, by Representatives Backlund, Huff, Lambert, McMorris, Cairnes, Honeyford, Sherstad, McDonald, D. Schmidt and Wensman

Requiring preliminary compliance reviews of performance audits and consideration of performance audit recommendations in budget preparation.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1190 was substituted for House Bill No. 1190 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1190 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Backlund and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1190.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1190 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 81, Nays - 16, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1190, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Substitute House Bill No. 1190.

DEBBIE REGALA, 27th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1195, by Representatives Robertson, Schoesler, Dunshee, Sterk, Scott, K. Schmidt, Buck, Smith, Delvin, Hickel, Carlson, Hatfield, DeBolt, Dunn and Mulliken

Requiring proof of auto insurance to drivers' license examiners.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1195 was substituted for House Bill No. 1195 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1195 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Robertson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1195.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1195 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1195, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1243 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1260, by Representatives Skinner, Dyer, Cody, Backlund, Murray, Anderson, O’Brien, Mason and Quall

Providing that communications between certified counselors and their clients are privileged.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1260 was substituted for House Bill No. 1260 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1260 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Skinner and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1260.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1260 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1260, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1261 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1266, by Representatives Dyer, Cody and Cole

Exempting certain information provided to the health care policy board and interagency quality committee from public disclosure.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1266 was substituted for House Bill No. 1266 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1266 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1266.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1266 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1266, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1425, by Representatives Romero, D. Schmidt, Scott and Chopp

Adopting the recommendations of the alternative public works methods oversight committee.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1425 was substituted for House Bill No. 1425 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 1425 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Romero and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1425.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1425 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1425, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1426, by Representatives Bush, McMorris and Dickerson; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

Revising provisions for liens filed by the department of social and health services.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1426 was substituted for House Bill No. 1426 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1426 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Bush and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1426.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1426 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn,

Voting nay: Representative Boldt - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1426, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1433, by Representatives Sump, McMorris, Ballasiotes, DeBolt, Sheahan, Talcott, Quall, D. Sommers, Honeyford, Chandler, Schoesler, Crouse, Mastin and Mielke

Leasing property to counties for correctional facilities.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1433 was substituted for House Bill No. 1433 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1433 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump, Sullivan and D. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1433.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1433 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1433, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1443, by Representatives Mastin, Grant, Johnson, Quall, Koster, Linville, Wensman, Hatfield, Mielke and Smith

Permitting expedited flood damage repairs during flooding emergencies.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1443 was substituted for House Bill No. 1443 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1443 was read the second time.

Representative Mastin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mastin: (095)

On page 2, line 19, strike "(3)(b)" and insert "(3)"
On page 4, beginning on line 15, strike all material through "section" on line 16, and insert "immediately notify the department if it declares an emergency under this subsection"

Representatives Mastin and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Mastin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mastin: (096)

On page 2, line 30, strike "ninety" and insert "sixty"
On page 2, line 33, strike "ninety" and insert "sixty"

Representatives Mastin and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mastin, Linville and Johnson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1443.

ROLL CALL


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1443, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1473, by Representatives Sheldon, Buck, Veloria, Morris, Kessler, Scott and Dickerson

Providing supplemental appropriation authority for the development loan fund.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheldon and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1473.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1473 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1473, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1474 and House Bill No. 1489, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1505, by Representatives Cairnes, O’Brien, Robertson, Delvin, Scott, McDonald, L. Thomas, Costa, Linville, Mitchell, Schoesler, Mielke, Thompson, Carrell, Conway and Dunn

Protecting privacy of law enforcement personnel.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1505 was substituted for House Bill No. 1505 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1505 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cairnes and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1505.
ROLL CALL


House Bill No. 1505, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1534, by Representative Crouse

Revising provisions relating to intimidation of witnesses.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Crouse and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1534.

ROLL CALL


House Bill No. 1534, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1539, by Representatives Honeyford, Fisher, Schoesler and Sheldon

Regulating fire district associations.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1539.

ROLL CALL


House Bill No. 1539, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1541, by Representatives Sump, McMorris, Sheahan, Sheldon, Crouse, Sherstad, Honeyford, DeBolt, Koster, Chandler, Linville, Clements, Boldt, Sterk, Smith, Conway and Bush

Protecting sport shooting ranges.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1541 was substituted for House Bill No. 1541 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1541 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump and Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Constantine spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1541.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1541 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 78, Nays - 19, Absent - 0, Excused - 1. Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Cody, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Dyer, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Kastama, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Linville, Lisk, Mason,
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1541, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1568, by Representatives Zellinsky and Fisher; by request of Washington State Patrol

Restricting the distance a vehicle may travel in a two-way left-turn lane.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1568 was substituted for House Bill No. 1568 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1568 was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Zellinsky and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1568.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1568 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Cairnes, Quall, Robertson, Sherstad and Sullivan - 6.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1568, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1574 and House Bill No. 1577, and the bills held their place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1605, by Representatives Radcliff, Ballasiotes, Quall, Dunn and Sullivan

Providing for disclosure of information concerning the disease status of offenders.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1605 was substituted for House Bill No. 1605 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1605 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Radcliff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1605.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1605 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Chopp, Mason and Murray - 3.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1605, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Substitute House Bill No. 1605.

KIP TOKUDA, 37th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1613, by Representatives Chandler and Regala

Funding a biosolids management program.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1613 was substituted for House Bill No. 1613 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1613 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1613.
ROLL CALL


Substitute House Bill No. 1613, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1657, by Representatives Chandler and Linville

Allowing the pass-through of disposal fees for certain solid waste collection companies.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1657 was substituted for House Bill No. 1657 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1657 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Cairnes, Representative Zellinsky was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1657.

ROLL CALL

Substitute House Bill No. 1657, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1658, by Representatives Honeyford, Poulsen, Cooper, Crouse and Mastin

Authorizing the utilities and transportation commission to exempt electrical and natural gas companies from securities regulation.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1658 was substituted for House Bill No. 1658 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1658 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Poulsen spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1658.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1658 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 1.


Absent: Representative Zellinsky - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1658, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, all bills passed today were immediately transmitted to the Senate.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

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and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1673, by Representatives Dunn, Bush, Boldt, Koster, Thompson, Mielke, Chandler, Wensman, Alexander, Clements, Skinner, Mulliken and Johnson

Allowing parents to decline having their children in the transitional bilingual program.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dunn, Johnson and Zellinsky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cole, Regala, Quall, Kenney and spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1673.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1673 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 51, Nays - 45, Absent - 1, Excused - 1.


Absent: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1673, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1726, by Representatives Robertson, Linville, L. Thomas, Regala, Benson, Kastama, Smith, Hatfield, Koster, Sullivan, McDonald, Chandler, Zellinsky, DeBolt, B. Thomas, Cairnes, Johnson, Cooke, Clements, Kessler and Mulliken

Allowing outdoor burning of storm and flood-related debris.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1726 was substituted for House Bill No. 1726 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1726 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Robertson and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1726.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1726 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1726, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1729, by Representatives Chandler, Schoesler, Grant and Linville

Changing irrigation district administration provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1729 was substituted for House Bill No. 1729 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1729 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1729.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1729 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.
Substitute House Bill No. 1729, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1750, by Representatives D. Sommers, Sterk and Sheldon**

Protecting existing, functional mobile home park septic systems.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1750 was substituted for House Bill No. 1750 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1750 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Sommers and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Sterk spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1750.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1750 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 11, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1750, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1778, by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers, Alexander, Benson, Clements, Wensman and O'Brien; by request of Office of Financial Management**

Changing the formula for determining average salaries for certificated instructional staff.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Keiser spoke against the passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1778.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1778 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 77, Nays - 20, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1778, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1832 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1834, by Representatives Chandler, Linville and Schoesler

Defining agriculture for the purpose of safety regulations.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1834 was substituted for House Bill No. 1834 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1834 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1834.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1834 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

House Bill No. 1834, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1899 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1975, by Representatives DeBolt, Morris, Benson and Sullivan

Regulating public ownership of coal-fired thermal electric generating facilities.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1975 was substituted for House Bill No. 1975 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1975 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives DeBolt and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1975.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1975 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1975, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1186, by Representatives Hickel, Mitchell, Ballasiotes, Dickerson, Robertson, Blalock, Benson, Quall, Sheahan, Delvin, Lisk, Carrell, Cairnes, McDonald, Johnson and DeBolt

Changing duties for aiding injured persons and the penalties for second degree murder.

The bill was read the second time.
Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hickel: (082)

On page 1, beginning on line 6, strike section 1 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9A.36 RCW to read as follows:
(1) A person is guilty of the crime of failing to summon assistance if:
(a) He or she knows that another person has suffered substantial bodily harm and is in need of assistance;
(b) He or she could reasonably summon assistance for the person in need without danger to himself or herself and without interference with an important duty owed to a third party;
(c) He or she fails to summon assistance for the person in need; and
(d) Another person is not summoning assistance for the person in need.
(2) The duty to summon assistance is satisfied by making reasonable efforts to summon emergency police, fire, or medical assistance that identifies the location of the victim.
(3) Except as provided in RCW 9A.76.050, a violation of subsection (1) of this section is a misdemeanor."

Representatives Hickel and Quall spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Backlund moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Backlund: (086)

On page 1, beginning on line 6, strike section 1

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly and correct the title

On page 2, beginning on line 28, strike lines 28 and 29 and insert: "(7) Fails to summon assistance for a victim of such person’s crime or juvenile offense. "Fails to summon assistance" means:
(a) He or she knows that another person has suffered or is about to suffer substantial bodily harm and is in need of assistance;
(b) He or she could summon assistance to the person in need without danger to himself or herself and without interference with an important duty owed to a third party;
(c) He or she fails to summon assistance to the person in need; and
(d) Another person is not summoning assistance for the person in need."

Representatives Backlund and B. Thomas spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Hickel, Ballasiotes and Robertson spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel, Mitchell, Keiser, and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1186.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1186 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 87, Nays - 10, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1186, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1214, by Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes, Radcliff, O'Brien, Sheahan, Cody, Lantz, Dickerson and Conway

Revising sentencing provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1214 was substituted for House Bill No. 1214 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1214 was read the second time.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa:

(043)

On page 10, after line 5, insert the following sections:

"Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.040 and 1996 c 232 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A sentencing guidelines commission is established as an agency of state government.
(2) The legislature finds that the commission, having accomplished its original statutory directive to implement this chapter, and having expertise in sentencing practice and policies, shall:
(a) Evaluate state sentencing policy, to include whether the sentencing ranges and standards are consistent with and further:
(i) The purposes of this chapter as defined in RCW 9.94A.010; and
(ii) The intent of the legislature to emphasize confinement for the violent offender and alternatives to confinement for the nonviolent offender.
The commission shall provide the governor and the legislature with its evaluation and recommendations under this subsection not later than December 1, 1996, and every two years thereafter;
(b) Recommend to the legislature revisions or modifications to the standard sentence ranges, state sentencing policy, prosecuting standards, and other standards. If implementation of the revisions or modifications would result in exceeding the capacity of correctional facilities, then the commission shall accompany its recommendation with an additional list of standard sentence ranges which are consistent with correction capacity;
(c) Study the existing criminal code and from time to time make recommendations to the legislature for modification;
(d)(i) Serve as a clearinghouse and information center for the collection, preparation, analysis, and dissemination of information on state and local adult and juvenile sentencing practices; (ii) develop and maintain a computerized adult and juvenile sentencing information system by individual superior
court judge consisting of offender, offense, history, and sentence information entered from judgment and sentence forms for all adult felons; and (iii) conduct ongoing research regarding adult and juvenile sentencing guidelines, use of total confinement and alternatives to total confinement, plea bargaining, and other matters relating to the improvement of the adult criminal justice system and the juvenile justice system;

(e) Assume the powers and duties of the juvenile disposition standards commission after June 30, 1996;

(f) Evaluate the effectiveness of existing disposition standards and related statutes in implementing policies set forth in RCW 13.40.010 generally, specifically review the guidelines relating to the confinement of minor and first offenders as well as the use of diversion, and review the application of current and proposed juvenile sentencing standards and guidelines for potential adverse impacts on the sentencing outcomes of racial and ethnic minority youth;

(g) Solicit the comments and suggestions of the juvenile justice community concerning disposition standards, and make recommendations to the legislature regarding revisions or modifications of the standards in accordance with RCW 9.94A.045. The evaluations shall be submitted to the legislature on December 1 of each odd-numbered year. The department of social and health services shall provide the commission with available data concerning the implementation of the disposition standards and related statutes and their effect on the performance of the department’s responsibilities relating to juvenile offenders, and with recommendations for modification of the disposition standards. The office of the administrator for the courts shall provide the commission with available data on diversion and dispositions of juvenile offenders under chapter 13.40 RCW;

(h) Not later than December 1, 1997, and at least every two years thereafter, based on available information, report to the governor and the legislature on:

(i) Racial disproportionality in juvenile and adult sentencing;
(ii) The capacity of state and local juvenile and adult facilities and resources; and
(iii) Recidivism information on adult and juvenile offenders.

(3) Each of the commission’s recommended standard sentence ranges shall include one or more of the following: Total confinement, partial confinement, community supervision, community service, and a fine.

(4) The standard sentence ranges of total and partial confinement under this chapter are subject to the following limitations:

(a) If the maximum term in the range is one year or less, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than one-third of the maximum term in the range, except that if the maximum term in the range is ninety days or less, the minimum term may be less than one-third of the maximum;

(b) If the maximum term in the range is greater than one year, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than seventy-five percent of the maximum term in the range, except that for murder in the second degree in seriousness category XIII under RCW 9.94A.310, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than fifty percent of the maximum term in the range; and

(c) The maximum term of confinement in a range may not exceed the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in RCW 9A.20.021.

(5) The commission shall exercise its duties under this section in conformity with chapter 34.05 RCW.

Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.310 and 1996 c 205 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

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NOTE: Numbers in the first horizontal row of each seriousness category represent sentencing midpoints in years(y) and months(m). Numbers in the second and third rows represent presumptive sentencing ranges in months, or in days if so designated. 12+ equals one year and one day.

(2) For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent.

(3) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Five years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(b) Three years for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(c) Eighteen months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(d) If the offender is being sentenced for any firearm enhancements under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (4) (a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, any and all firearm enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.
(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all firearm enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other sentencing provisions.
(f) The firearm enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, reckless endangerment in the first degree, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.
(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(4) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon as defined in this chapter other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Two years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(b) One year for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(c) Six months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(d) If the offender is being sentenced under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection for any deadly weapon enhancements and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (3) (a),
(b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, any and all deadly weapon enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all deadly weapon enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other sentencing provisions.

(f) The deadly weapon enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, reckless endangerment in the first degree, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(5) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence if the offender or an accomplice committed the offense while in a county jail or state correctional facility as that term is defined in this chapter and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection. If the offender or an accomplice committed one of the crimes listed in this subsection while in a county jail or state correctional facility as that term is defined in this chapter, and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section:

(a) Eighteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (i) or (ii) or 69.50.410;
(b) Fifteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (iii), (iv), and (v);
(c) Twelve months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(d).

For the purposes of this subsection, all of the real property of a state correctional facility or county jail shall be deemed to be part of that facility or county jail.

(6) An additional twenty-four months shall be added to the presumptive sentence for any ranked offense involving a violation of chapter 69.50 RCW if the offense was also a violation of RCW 69.50.435.

RENUMBER THE REMAINING SECTIONS CONSECUTIVELY, CORRECT INTERNAL REFERENCES ACCORDINGLY, AND CORRECT THE TITLE

Representative Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1214.

ROLL CALL

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1214, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1385, by Representatives Johnson, B. Thomas, Talcott, Sump and Hickel

Changing probation provisions for certificated educational employees.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1385 was substituted for House Bill No. 1385 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1385 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Johnson and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1385.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1385 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Honeyford - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1385, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1408, by Representatives Mielke, Sheahan, Doumit, Pennington, Mulliken, Sterk, Thompson, Dunn and Sullivan

Authorizing carrying of concealed pistols by certain persons from out of state.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 101 to House Bill No. 1408 was withdrawn.
Representative Constantine moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Constantine: (115)

On page 1, line 8, beginning with "issued" strike everything through "firearm" on line 11 and insert ". For purposes of this section, a license to carry a concealed pistol must be a valid license issued under RCW 9.41.070 or a valid permit or license issued under the law of another state or of a local jurisdiction of another state that has eligibility requirements for the issuance of the permit or license that are at least as restrictive as those under RCW 9.41.070"

Representative Constantine spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Sterk spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa: (106)

On page 2, line 2, after "jurisdiction." insert "This subsection applies also to a concealed pistol license issued in another state."

Representative Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Mielke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1408.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1408 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 75, Nays - 22, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1408, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Engrossed House Bill No. 1408.
The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1487, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher, Mitchell and Hankins

Enhancing transportation planning.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Blalock moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Blalock: (097)

On page 14, line 4, strike "excluding" and insert "including"

Representatives Blalock and Keiser spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative K. Schmidt spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment on page 14, line 4, House Bill No. 1487.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 14, line 4, to House Bill No. 1497 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 24, Nays - 73, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1487.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1487 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Conway,

Voting nay: Representatives Blalock, Constantine, Keiser, Poulsen, Robertson and Thomas, L. - 6. Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1487, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1525, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Hatfield and Skinner; by request of County Road Administration Board

Revising the submittal date for county six-year transportation programs.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative K. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1525.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1525 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1525, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1474, by Representatives Reams, Cairnes, Lisk, Sherstad, Sheldon, Sheahan, Pennington, Hatfield, Koster, Dunn, Doumit, McMorris, Alexander, Thompson, Bush, McDonald, Delvin, Wensman and Mulliken

Increasing categorical exemptions from SEPA.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1474 was substituted for House Bill No. 1474 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1474 was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams and Cairnes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Lantz and Romero spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1474.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1474 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 59, Nays - 38, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1474, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1474.  
MARK DOUMIT, 19th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1489, by Representatives Chandler, Linville, L. Thomas, Reams, Sheldon, Cairnes, McMorris, Veloria and Schoesler

Modifying public works and water pollution control funding.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Regala spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1489.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1489 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 75, Nays - 22, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1489, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1832, by Representatives Clements, Linville, Lisk and Grant

Transferring funds for plant pest control activities.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (092)

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Clements and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1832.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1832 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1832, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1899, by Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas, Carrell, Wolfe, Grant and Sullivan

Providing standards for life insurance policy illustrations.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1899 be substituted for House Bill No. 1899, and the substitute bill be placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1899 was read the second time.

Representative Zellinsky moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Zellinsky: (089)

On page 1, line 12, after "understandable." insert "Insurers will, as far as possible, eliminate the use of footnotes and caveats and define terms used in the illustration in language that would be understood by a typical person within the segment of the public to which the illustration is directed."

Representatives Zellinsky and Wolfe spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Zellinsky, Wolfe and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1899.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1899 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1899, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1577, by Representatives Mulliken, Sheldon, Cairnes, L. Thomas, Reams, Sherstad, Mielke, Smith, Koster, McMorris, Dunn, Thompson, Bush, Pennington, Sheahan and Robertson

Revising land division.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1577 was substituted for House Bill No. 1577 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1577 was read the second time.

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Romero: (107)

On page 4, after line 11, insert the following:

"(3) Cities, towns, and counties shall include in their short subdivision regulations and procedures pursuant to subsection (1) of this section provisions for public notice of proposed short subdivisions. The notice must be reasonably calculated to provide notice to property owners and other affected and interested individuals. The notice must also contain the name and telephone number of an individual from whom additional information about the proposed short subdivision may be obtained and state how persons may submit comments regarding the proposal. Examples of reasonable notice provisions include:

(a) Posting the property proposed for subdivision;
(b) Notifying owners of real property, as shown by the records of the county assessor, located within 300 feet of the boundaries of the proposed subdivision;
(c) Publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, city, or general area where the proposed subdivision is located; and
(d) Notifying public or private groups with known interest in a proposed subdivision or in the type of subdivision being considered."

Representative Romero spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Mulliken spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment on page 4, line 11, to Substitute House Bill No. 1577.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 4, line 11, to Substitute House Bill No. 1577 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 41, Nays - 55, Absent - 1, Excused - 1.


Absent: Representative Lantz - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Mulliken and Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Lantz and Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1577.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1577 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 59, Nays - 38, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1577, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1300, by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick, Hickel and L. Thomas; by request of Statute Law Committee

Making technical corrections affecting the department of financial institutions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1300.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1300 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.
House Bill No. 1300, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1301, by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick and Hickel; by request of Statute Law Committee


The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Sheahin and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1301.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1301 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1301, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1467, by Representatives Sump, Sheldon, Chandler, Grant, Alexander, Hatfield, Delvin and Pennington

Specifying where reclamation performance security must be posted.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Sump spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1467.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1467 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1467, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1503, by Representatives Backlund, Cody, Anderson and Mason

Making technical corrections to statutes administered by the department of health.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1503.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1503 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1503, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1504, by Representatives McMorris, Boldt, Honeyford and Dunn

Protecting records of strategy discussions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1504.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1504 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1504, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1559, by Representative McMorris

Deleting references to the former judicial council.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Sheahin and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1559.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1559 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1559, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1566, by Representatives Hatfield, Cairnes and Costa; by request of Washington State Patrol
Changing accident report requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Hatfield and Cairnes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1566.

ROLL CALL


Substitute House Bill No. 1566, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1580, by Representatives Regala, Cooke, Conway, Schoesler, Grant, Tokuda, Skinner, Benson, Chopp, Veloria, Van Luven, Blalock, Hatfield, Wood, O’Brien, Ogden and Constantine

Providing funding for community gardens.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Regala and Cooke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1580.

ROLL CALL

Absent: Representative Lantz - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1580, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1580. PATRICIA LANTZ, 26th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1609, by Representatives Mastin, Poulsen, Hankins and Kessler; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

Limiting the number of times the maximum disposal fee at a radioactive waste disposal site may be adjusted.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Mastin and Poulsen in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1609.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1609 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1609, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1615, by Representatives Alexander, Regala and Sump; by request of Parks and Recreation Commission

Changing provisions relating to offenses committed in state parks or parkways.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Alexander and Regala in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1615.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1615 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1615, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1631, by Representatives Costa, Kenney, Dickerson, Ogden, Mason, Regala and Lantz; by request of Washington Uniform Legislation Commission

Revising the uniform interstate family support act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Costa and Sheahin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1631.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1631 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.
Substitute House Bill No. 1631, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1676, by Representatives O'Brien, Skinner, K. Schmidt, Fisher, Ogden and Gardner; by request of County Road Administration Board

Removing residency requirements for county road engineers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives O'Brien and Skinner in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1676.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1676 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1676, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 1609.

VELMA VELORIA, 11th District


Protecting communications between state employees and legislators.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Zellinsky and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1751.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1751 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 1.


Absent: Representative Robertson - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1751, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1785, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Zellinsky and Wensman

Encouraging the public to submit names for state ferries.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative K. Schmidt and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1785.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1785 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1785, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Requiring the transportation improvement board to report to the legislative transportation committees.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1786.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1786 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1786, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1799, by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick, Costa and Sullivan; by request of Washington Uniform Legislation Commission

Regarding letters of credit under the uniform commercial code.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Sheahin and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1799.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1799 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

STERK, SULLIVAN, SUMP, TALTOTT, THOMAS, B., THOMAS, L., THOMPSON, TOKUDA, VAN LUVEN, VELORIA, WENSMAN, WOLFE, WOOD, ZELLINSKY and Mr. Speaker - 97.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1799, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1835, by Representatives Skinner and Clements

Requiring audit resolution reports.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Skinner and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1835.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1835 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1835, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1874, by Representatives Robertson, O'Brien and Fisher

Modifying electrical inspections within county road rights of way.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Robertson and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1874.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1874 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1874, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1875, by Representatives Skinner, Carlson, Radcliff, Cody, Murray, Hatfield and O’Brien

Updating terminology in chapter 18.108 RCW.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Skinner and Murray spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1875.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1875 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1875, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1942, by Representatives B. Thomas, Thompson and Dyer

Repealing the coal mining code.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.
Representative B. Thomas and Poulsen spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1942.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1942 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1942, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1945, by Representatives Dunn and Boldt

Concerning foreclosed property deeded by a county for use as state forest land.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Dunn and Regala in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1945.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1945 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1945, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2044, by Representatives Crouse, Pennington, Mastin, McMorris, DeBolt, D. Sommers, Kessler and Delvin
Revising the definition of personal wireless service facilities and microcells.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Crouse and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2044.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2044 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 2044, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2083, by Representatives Reams, Scott, Buck, Sheldon, Delvin, D. Sommers and Kessler

Authorizing uses for master planned resorts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2083.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2083 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 2083, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5035,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5082,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5133,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5479,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5763,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, House Bill No. 2146 was moved from the Suspension Calendar to the next day’s second reading calendar. There being no objection, House Bill No. 1084 was returned to the Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2248 by Representatives Huff and Cody; by request of Health Care Authority

AN ACT Relating to basic health plan agents' and brokers' commissions; and amending RCW 70.47.015.

HB 2249 by Representatives Dunshee, Gardner, Kenney, Lantz, Appelwick, Linville, Constantine, Hatfield, Romero, Chopp, Costa, Blalock, Gombosky, Murray, Quall, Ogden, Morris, Wolfe, Doumit, Cole, Wood, Kessler, Regala, Cody, Keiser, Butler, Anderson and Tokuda; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to property tax relief by allowing for valuation increases to be spread over time, allowing for a property tax credit, and reducing the one hundred six percent limit; amending RCW 84.04.030, 84.40.020, 84.40.030, 84.40.040, 84.40.045, 84.41.041, 84.48.010, 84.48.065, 84.48.075, 84.48.080, 84.12.270, 84.12.280, 84.12.310, 84.12.330, 84.12.350, 84.12.360, 84.16.040, 84.16.050, 84.16.090, 84.16.110, 84.16.120, 84.36.041, 84.52.063, 84.70.010, 84.52.080, 84.56.050, 84.36.383, 84.36.385, 84.36.387, 84.36.389, 84.55.005, 84.55.010, 84.55.020, 35.61.210, 70.44.060, 84.08.115, and 84.55.120; adding a new section to chapter 84.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.52 RCW; creating new sections; and providing a contingent effective date.

HJR 4212 by Representatives Dunshee, Gardner, Kenney, Lantz, Appelwick, Linville, Constantine, Hatfield, Chopp, Costa, Blalock, Cole, Gombosky, Murray, Anderson, Morris, Romero, Ogden, Wolfe, Doumit, Regala, Tokuda, Wood, Kessler, Butler, Quall, Cody and Keiser; by request of Governor Locke

Amending the state Constitution to allow for property tax relief.
HCR 4412 by Representative Lisk

Allowing introduction of a joint bill on making welfare work.

There being no objection, the bills and resolutions listed on the day's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 2248, House Bill No. 2249 and House Joint Resolution No. 4212 which are held on first reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and House Concurrent Resolution No. 4412 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4412, by Representative Lisk

Allowing introduction of a joint bill on making welfare work.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the resolution was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lisk and Appelwick spoke in favor of passage of the resolution.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Concurrent Resolution No. 4412.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4412, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Wednesday, March 12, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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FIFTY-EIGHTH DAY, MARCH 11, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

FIFTY-NINTH DAY
MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, March 12, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Amanda Hohn and Justin Staley. Prayer was offered by Pastor Joe Fuiten, Cedar Park Assembly of God, Bothell.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4412,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

March 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5063,
SENATE BILL NO. 5065,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5086,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5098,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5104,
SENATE BILL NO. 5113,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5121,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5125,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5149,
SENATE BILL NO. 5331,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

March 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5017,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5070,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5112,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5146,
SENATE BILL NO. 5203,
SENATE BILL NO. 5222,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5348,
SENATE BILL NO. 5364,
SENATE BILL NO. 5395,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5462,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5464,
There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 2110, by Representatives Dunn, Van Luven, McDonald, Veloria, Sheldon, Morris, Mason and Boldt

Facilitating assistance for students with disabilities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Dunn and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Cairnes, Representatives Cooke, Dyer, Van Luven and K. Schmidt were excused. On motion of Representative Kessler, Representatives Ogden, Poulsen, Kenney, Constantine, Morris, Conway, Scott and Quall were excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2110.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2110 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Conway, Dyer, Ogden, Poulsen and Schmidt, K. - 5.

Substitute House Bill No. 2110, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 2127, by Representatives Reams, Romero, Cairnes, Regala, Lantz, Ogden and Costa

Requiring state agencies to make available paper copies of information electronically disseminated to the public.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Reams and Gardner in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2127.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2127 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

House Bill No. 2127, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2143, by Representatives Parlette and Chandler

Concerning volunteer ambulance personnel.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Parlette and Gardner in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2143.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2143 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

   Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

   House Bill No. 2143, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


   Clarifying the requirements for a veterans or military personnel remembrance emblem.

   The bill was read the second time.

   There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

   Representatives Sheldon and K. Schmidt in favor of passage of the bill.

   The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2163.

   ROLL CALL

   The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2163 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
   Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

   House Bill No. 2163, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

   HOUSE BILL NO. 2165, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Zellinsky, Fisher, Morris, Radcliff, Sehlin, Sheldon and Hatfield

   Paying interest on retroactive raises for ferry workers.

   The bill was read the second time.

   There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

   Representatives K. Schmidt and Cooper in favor of passage of the bill.

   The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2165.

   ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2165 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

House Bill No. 2165, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2166, by Representatives Huff, K. Schmidt, Clements, Buck, Talcott, Johnson, Mitchell, Carlson, Delvin, Cooke and Chandler

Encouraging coordinated transportation services.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Huff and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2166.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2166 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2166, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2189, by Representatives McDonald, Van Luven, Veloria and Cooke

Creating a task force to study alternative financing techniques for the development and renovation of low-income senior housing development.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Huff and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2189.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2189 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2189, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4010, by Representatives Buck, Kessler and Tokuda

Renaming the Sequim Bypass.

The memorial was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the substitute memorial was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Buck and Kessler spoke in favor of passage of the memorial.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Joint Memorial No. 4010.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Joint Memorial No. 4010 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Poulsen - 2.
Substitute House Joint Memorial No. 4010, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1083, by Representatives McDonald, Sheahan and Mielke

Authorizing use of department of licensing records in criminal prosecutions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1083 was substituted for House Bill No. 1083 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1083 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McDonald and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1083.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1083 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1083, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1127, by Representatives Schoesler, Linville, Chandler, Grant, Mastin, Parlette, Buck, Sheahan, Thompson and Anderson

Requiring integrated pest management.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1127 was substituted for House Bill No. 1127 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1127 was read the second time.

Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Schoesler: (120)

On page 3, beginning on line 17, strike all of subsection (4) and insert the following:
"(4) By November 30th of each odd numbered year up to and including November 30th, 2001, the department of agriculture, with the advice of the interagency integrated pest management coordinating committee, shall prepare a report on the progress of integrated pest management programs. The report is to be made available through the state library and placed on the legislative alert list."

Representative Schoesler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Schoesler: (119)

On page 3, beginning on line 26, strike of all (sic) section 6 and insert the following:

Representative Schoesler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Schoesler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1127.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1127 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1127, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1129, by Representatives Thompson, Sheahan, Sterk, Sump, Mielke, Delvin, DeBolt, Mulliken, Conway, Chandler, O’Brien, Kessler, Dunn, Costa, Anderson and Bush

Increasing penalties for attempting to elude a pursuing police vehicle to a class B felony.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Thompson and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1129.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1129 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1129, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1176 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1178, by Representatives Quall and Wolfe; by request of Governor Lowry

Creating sentencing guidelines for the sale of various amounts of controlled substances.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1178 was substituted for House Bill No. 1178 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1178 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Quall and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1178.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1178 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 88, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1178, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1221 and House Bill No. 1223, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.


Strengthening penalties for using drivers' licenses and identicards to commit fraud.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1245 was substituted for House Bill No. 1245 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1245 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1245.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1245 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1245, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1273 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1274, by Representatives Van Luven and Wensman; by request of Department of Revenue
Eliminating the requirement for a study of the property tax exemption and valuation rules for computer software.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Van Luven and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1274.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1274 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1274, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1277, by Representatives B. Thomas, Dunshee, Carrell, Thompson and D. Schmidt; by request of Department of Revenue

Providing for confidentiality of property tax information.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1277 was substituted for House Bill No. 1277 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1277 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1277.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1277 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1277, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1285 and the bill is referred to the Rules Committee.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1286, by Representatives McMorris, Honeyford, Conway, Cole and Thompson; by request of Department of Licensing

Correcting real estate brokers and salespersons statutes for administrative and practical purposes.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1286 was substituted for House Bill No. 1286 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1286 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1286.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1286 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1286, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1323, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott, Wensman, Morris, Costa and Dunn; by request of Department of Revenue
Allowing electronic distribution of rules notices.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1323 was substituted for House Bill No. 1323 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1323 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1323.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1323 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1323, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1332, by Representatives Sheahan, Costa, Dickerson, Blalock, O’Brien, Kenney, Linville, Wood, Benson, Ballasiotes, Ogden, Murray, Cody, Dunshee, Conway, Lantz, Carrell and Mason

Authorizing diversion agreements to prohibit contact with victims or witnesses of offenses committed by the juvenile.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1332.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1332 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1332, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4000, by Representatives Sterk, O’Brien, Delvin, Robertson, Mulliken, Dickerson, Thompson, Hatfield, Conway, D. Sommers, Cooper, Boldt, Alexander, Cody, Murray, Costa, Sheahan, Buck, Schoesler, Sherstad, Ogden, Linville, Kessler, L. Thomas, Smith, Dyer, Chandler, Chopp and D. Schmidt

Honoring law enforcement officers.

The memorial was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the memorial was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk, O’Brien, Lambert, Conway, Robertson, McDonald and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the memorial.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4000.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4000 and the memorial passed the House by the following vote: Yea - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Joint Memorial No. 4000, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding): House Joint Memorial No. 4000 has special meaning to me. My father is also an enforcement officer. When I was six months old, my
father was engaged in a gun battle in Nashville. Over one hundred and fifty rounds of ammunition were exchanged. I was nearly orphaned. My father came home that evening, and we still have his uniform, with buckshot in his collar and all over his body, that had just barely missed him. This is a very important memorial to me.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to honor meritorious service and to recognize excellence in all fields of endeavor; and
WHEREAS, The United States Navy on February 28, 1997, retired Attack Squadron 196, known as the "Main Battery" and based at the Whidbey Island Naval Air Station and the A-6E Intruder bomber that it flew with great success and pride; and
WHEREAS, Eighty-six Whidbey Island crewmen have given their lives in service of their country while flying the A-6E Intruder, including thirty killed in combat; and
WHEREAS, Attack Squadron 196 flew more sorties and suffered greater losses than any other carrier-based squadron in the Vietnam War; and
WHEREAS, The Whidbey Island Naval Air Station has served as the training base and home to A-6E Intruder crews and their families for more than thirty years; and
WHEREAS, The A-6E Intruder was a carrier-based bomber designed to evade enemy radar by flying at treetop height in all weather conditions; and
WHEREAS, The A-6E Intruder was the mainstay of carrier aviation during the Vietnam War, as well as during combat operations in Grenada, Lebanon, Libya, and the Persian Gulf in the 1980's, and in the air war during Operation Desert Storm in 1991;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives hereby commemorate the distinguished service of the A-6E Intruder bomber, and express its gratitude to the men and women of United States Navy Attack Squadron 196 who maintained and flew this plane for the past thirty years; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to the Secretary of the Navy, Captain Terry Toms, commander of Pacific Fleet Attack Wing, and Captain Larry J. Munns, commanding officer of NAS Whidbey.

Representative Anderson moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Anderson, Sehlin, and Lisk spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4637 was adopted.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1341, by Representatives Thompson, Dunshee, B. Thomas and Wensman; by request of Department of Revenue

Making technical corrections for tax provisions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1341.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1341 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1341, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1342, by Representatives B. Thomas, Dunshee and Wensman; by request of Department of Revenue

Revising interest and penalty administration of the department of revenue.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1342 was substituted for House Bill No. 1342, and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1342 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Romero was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1342.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1342 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Excused: Representatives Ogden and Romero - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1342, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1352, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher, Buck and Mitchell; by request of Department of Transportation

Establishing the advanced environmental mitigation revolving fund.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1352 was substituted for House Bill No. 1352 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1352 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1352.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1352 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Romero - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1352, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1372, by Representatives Carlson, Mason, Radcliff, O'Brien, Dunn, Kenney, Sheahan, Talcott, Hatfield, Schoesler, Mitchell, Costa, Cooper, Dickerson, Keiser, Wood and Kessler

Creating the Washington advanced college tuition payment program.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 was substituted for House Bill No. 1372 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 was read the second time.
Representative Carlson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carlson: (093)
On page 6, line 16, after "scholarships," insert, "The board also may establish its own corporate sponsored scholarship fund under this chapter."

Representatives Carlson and Mason spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Ogden and Romero - 2.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1380, by Representatives Lambert, Wolfe, Sheahan, Mitchell, Dunshee, Mason and Scott
Changing the allocation of child support health care expenses between parents.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1380 was substituted for House Bill No. 1380 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1380 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lambert, Wolfe and Carrell spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1380.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1380 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Romero - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1380, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1391 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1412, by Representatives Cody, Dyer, Keiser, Zellinsky, Conway, Bush, Kessler, Ogden and Sullivan

Clarifying who may legally use the title "nurse."

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1412 was substituted for House Bill No. 1412, and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1412 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cody, Dyer and Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1412.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1412 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Koster, Mulliken and Sherstad - 3.

Excused: Representatives Ogden and Romero - 2.
Substitute House Bill No. 1412, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1416, by Representatives Mulliken, Romero, Talcott, Clements, Johnson, Costa, Wolfe, Mielke and Dunn

Recognizing teaching degrees in deaf education from a program approved by the council on education of the deaf.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1416 was substituted for House Bill No. 1416 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1416 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mulliken and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1416.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1416 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Romero - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1416, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 12, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

    SENATE BILL NO. 5020,
    SENATE BILL NO. 5066,
    SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5191,
    SENATE BILL NO. 5193,
    SENATE BILL NO. 5244,
    SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5254,
    SENATE BILL NO. 5257,
    SENATE BILL NO. 5272,
    SENATE BILL NO. 5283,
    SENATE BILL NO. 5287,
SENATE BILL NO. 5299, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5311, SENATE BILL NO. 5340, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5385, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5387, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5401, SENATE BILL NO. 5422, SENATE BILL NO. 5426, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5445, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5634, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5838, and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

HOUSE BILL NO. 1419, by Representatives Chandler, Linville and Regala; by request of Department of Ecology

Revising provisions for solid waste permits.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1419 was substituted for House Bill No. 1419 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1419 was read the second time.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (128)
On page 6, line 18, strike "subsection (4)" and insert "subsection (1)"
On page 6, line 20, strike "subsection (4)" and insert "subsection (1)"

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1419.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1419 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Ogden and Romero - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1419, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1428, by Representatives Van Luven and Regala; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands and Department of Natural Resources

Prescribing a method for establishing rent for condominium and cooperative leasehold interests.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1428 was substituted for House Bill No. 1428 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1428 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Van Luven and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1428.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1428 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Excused: Representatives Ogden and Romero - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1428, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, It is the policy of the State of Washington to honor extreme actions of personal courage and generosity; and
WHEREAS, Dennis Braddock donated a kidney to Carlos Olivares on March 10, 1997, which was transplanted at Swedish Medical Center in Seattle; and
WHEREAS, Dennis Braddock, in an act of altruism and service to others, donated the kidney not to a spouse or to a relative, but to a fellow colleague; and
WHEREAS, Dennis Braddock, as a former state legislator and now chief administrator of the state's largest network of community health care clinics, has demonstrated his dedication to health care in deeds as well as words; and
WHEREAS, By his gift, Dennis Braddock has spared Carlos Olivares from the difficulties of kidney dialysis and the further deterioration of his health; and
WHEREAS, By his gift, Dennis Braddock has given his colleague the ability to continue his work helping the poorest of the poor gain access to health care as the director of the Yakima Valley Farm Workers Clinic; and
WHEREAS, Dennis Braddock donated the kidney because he felt it was the right thing to do;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives hereby commemorate this heroic gift of life and self, and offer its best wishes for a healthy and speedy recovery for both Mr. Braddock and Mr. Olivares; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Dennis Braddock and Carlos Olivares.

Representative Kenney moved adoption of the resolution.


House Resolution No. 4638 was adopted.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4635, by Representatives Wolfe, Romero, Sheldon, Mason, Carlson, Dunn, Radcliff, Sheahan, Huff, Van Luven, Kenney, Alexander, Hatfield, DeBolt, H. Sommers, Mastin, Chandler, Doumit, Delvin, Butler, O'Brien, Murray, Skinner and Ogden

WHEREAS, The State of Washington recognizes the wisdom of those who thirty years ago decided to establish a new four-year state college in Olympia to serve the people of Southwest Washington and across the State; and
WHEREAS, Then Governor Evans, members of the 1967 Washington State Senate and House of Representatives, members of the Temporary Advisory Council on Public Higher Education, members of the Board of the Southwest Washington State College Committee, and the presidents of the four-year public colleges and universities demonstrated farsighted vision in founding The Evergreen State College and in determining that the new school should take advantage of the best of current knowledge about effective teaching and learning methods; and
WHEREAS, In response to the Legislature's mandate that this new college meet the needs of the students of today and of the future, the early planners restructured the delivery of higher education and developed an innovative alternative approach to the delivery of education; and
WHEREAS, That restructuring has proven to be successful, not only in effective teaching and learning, but also in efficiency of delivery; and
WHEREAS, These founding principles and the College's unique focus on teaching and learning have guided Evergreen through twenty-five years of making a profound and positive difference in the lives of thousands of students; and
WHEREAS, Evergreen has become nationally and internationally recognized as a center for innovation in higher education, has been consulted in planning new public universities, has been studied by scholars of education, and is the model for educational reform in K-12, in colleges and universities, and in workplace education; and
WHEREAS, Evergreen's collaborative, interdisciplinary approach to learning and problem solving is increasingly the model for many forward-thinking workplaces; and
WHEREAS, This month marks the passage of thirty years since enabling legislation was signed into law creating The Evergreen State College;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the accomplishments of The Evergreen State College, proclaim this to be The Evergreen State College Day, and celebrate and honor The Evergreen State College for its contributions to the Olympia community and to the State of Washington.

Representative Wolfe moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Wolfe, Carlson, DeBolt, Romero, Cooke, Lantz, Tokuda, Mason, Kenney, Skinner and Alexander spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4635 was adopted.

The Speaker introduced former Governor Daniel J. Evans, current TESC President Jane Jarvis and members of the faculty and staff at the college. Mr. Evans spoke to the chamber.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1587, by Representatives Lantz, McDonald, Cody, Skinner, Mason, H. Sommers, Ogden, Sheahan, Bush, Blalock, Dickerson, Conway, O’Brien, Linville, Keiser, Costa, Kessler, Kenney, Regala and Cooper

Penalizing parental voyeurism.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1587 was substituted for House Bill No. 1587 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1587 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representative Talcott was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1587.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1587 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and Romero - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1587, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

Enhancing security of identicards and drivers' licenses.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1243 was substituted for House Bill No. 1243 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1243 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 100 to Substitute House Bill No. 1243 was withdrawn.

Representative Cooper moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooper: (135)

On page 3, line 4 strike "A fusion" and insert "An"

On page 3, line 10, after "copier." insert "The optical variable device selected by the department of licensing shall utilize the most secure technology available to prevent tampering, fraudulent duplication, separation, and alteration."

Representatives Cooper and K. Schmidt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative K. Schmidt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative K. Schmidt: (130)

On page 4, line 19, strike "((four)) ten" and insert "four"

On page 4, line 19, after "dollars." insert "Upon issuance of an identicard incorporating the features in Section 2 of this act, the fee is increased to ten dollars."

On page 5, line 33, strike "((fourteen)) twenty-two" and insert "fourteen"

On page 6, line 5, after "licensee." insert "Upon issuance of a driver's license incorporating the features in Section 2 of this act, the fee is increased to twenty-two dollars."

On page 6, beginning on line 11, strike "((fourteen)) twenty-two" and insert "fourteen"

On page 6, line 12, after "dollars." insert "Upon issuance of a driver's license incorporating the features in Section 2 of this act, the renewal fee is increased to twenty-two dollars."

Representative K. Schmidt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Robertson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Robertson: (116)

On page 6, beginning on line 14, strike all of section 9, and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW to read as follows: Beginning October 1, 2000, the federal illegal immigration control act, P.L. 104-208, requires states to either place drivers' social security numbers on the face of their licenses, or to complete a"
social security verification process. The legislature finds that requiring the placement of social security numbers on drivers’ licenses means that whenever someone shows his or her driver’s license, the person will also be exposing his or her social security number. With the social security number accessible to so many people, it will be relatively easy for someone to fraudulently use another’s social security number to assume that person’s identity and gain access to bank accounts, credit services, billing information, driving history, and other sources of personal information. The new federal law will compound and exacerbate the disturbing trend of social security number-related fraud. In order to prevent fraud and curtail invasions of privacy, the governor, through the department of licensing, shall seek a waiver to the federal mandate. If a waiver is not granted, the department shall rely only upon the verification process proscribed in the federal law. In no event may the social security number be placed on the driver’s license or identicard. Additionally, the department shall not maintain a record of applicant or licensee social security numbers in its computer data bases."

Representative Robertson spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.


Representatives Sump, Kastama, Sherstad, McDonald, Murray and Smith spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1243.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1243 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 37, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1243, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1261 was sent to the Rules Committee.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1574, by Representatives Mason, Radcliff, Carlson, Dunn, Cooper, Conway, Tokuda, Kenney, Doumit, Quall, Sheahan, Hatfield, Blalock, Dickerson, Scott, O’Brien, Costa, Cody and Regala
Creating the historically Black college fund pilot project.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1574 was substituted for House Bill No. 1574 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1574 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 111 to Substitute House Bill No. 1574 was withdrawn.

Representative Smith moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Smith: (132)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:
(a) The racial, ethnic, and gender diversity of the population of Washington state is increasing;
(b) Employers’ demand for well-educated and well-trained graduates of each racial, ethnic, and gender background is increasing;
(c) Special efforts should be made to increase the participation of people of each racial, ethnic, and gender background in higher education programs;
(d) Some of Washington’s students of diverse racial, ethnic, and gender background would benefit from an opportunity to study in specialized programs or institutions of higher education located in other states;
(e) The state could benefit by creating pilot projects that study creative, cost-effective ways to meet the postsecondary education needs of Washington’s students; and
(f) Historically colleges limited by racial, ethnic, or gender background enroll and graduate the majority of professionals and post-graduate candidates within these diverse racial, ethnic, and gender groups in the United States.
(2) Therefore, the legislature intends to direct the higher education coordinating board to establish a pilot project that permits a limited number of students to use their state need grant awards to study at colleges or universities limited by racial, ethnic, or gender background.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28B.80 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The historically limited by racial, ethnic, or gender background college fund pilot project is created. Through the pilot project, up to one hundred students may use their state-funded need grant awards when they study at any school approved by the higher education coordinating board for this pilot project.
(2) This section expires June 30, 2002.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28B.80 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The higher education coordinating board shall administer the historically limited by racial, ethnic, or gender background college pilot project.
(2) The higher education coordinating board shall permit up to one hundred needy Washington residents domiciled in Washington for at least one year before enrollment to use their state need grant awards if the students are enrolled half-time or more in any school approved by the board for this pilot project.
(3) The higher education coordinating board shall adopt rules to establish eligibility criteria for student and institutional participation in the pilot project and shall ensure that a fair and proportionate number of students and institutions from each racial, ethnic, and gender background represented are included.
(4) The board shall limit participation in the pilot project to no more than a total of one hundred students during the course of the project.
(5) By December 15, 2002, the higher education coordinating board shall report to the governor and appropriate committees of the legislature on the results of the pilot project. The report
shall include a recommendation on the extent financial aid portability programs should be revised or expanded for Washington’s students.

(6) This section expires June 30, 2002.

Sec. 4. RCW 28B.10.790 and 1985 c 370 s 54 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Washington residents attending any nonprofit college or university in another state which has a reciprocity agreement with the state of Washington shall be eligible for the student financial aid program outlined in RCW 28B.10.800 through 28B.10.824 if they qualify as a "needy student" under RCW 28B.10.802(3), and (2) the institution attended is a member institution of an accrediting association recognized by rule of the higher education coordinating board for the purposes of this section and is specifically encompassed within or directly affected by such reciprocity agreement and agrees to and complies with program rules and regulations pertaining to such students and institutions adopted pursuant to RCW 28B.10.822.

(2) Washington residents participating in the pilot project under section 2 of this act are eligible for the student financial aid program outlined in RCW 28B.10.800 through 28B.10.824 if they qualify as needy students under RCW 28B.10.802(3), are enrolled at an eligible institution as defined by the board under section 3 of this act, and meet any additional criteria established by the higher education coordinating board for participation in the pilot project.

Sec. 5. RCW 28B.10.802 and 1989 c 254 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in RCW 28B.10.800 through 28B.10.824:
(1) "Institutions of higher education" shall mean (a) any public university, college, community college, or vocational-technical institute operated by the state of Washington or any political subdivision thereof; (b) until June 30, 2002, any institution of higher education that meets the eligibility requirements established by the higher education coordinating board under section 3 of this act; or (c) any other university, college, school, or institute in the state of Washington offering instruction beyond the high school level which is a member institution of an accrediting association recognized by rule of the board for the purposes of this section: PROVIDED, That any institution, branch, extension or facility operating within the state of Washington which is affiliated with an institution operating in another state must be a separately accredited member institution of any such accrediting association: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no institution of higher education shall be eligible to participate in a student financial aid program unless it agrees to and complies with program rules and regulations adopted pursuant to RCW 28B.10.822.

(2) The term "financial aid" shall mean loans and/or grants to needy students enrolled or accepted for enrollment as a student at institutions of higher education.

(3) The term "needy student" shall mean a post high school student of an institution of higher learning as defined in subsection (1) of this section who demonstrates to the board the financial inability, either through the student’s parents, family and/or personally, to meet the total cost of board, room, books, and tuition and incidental fees for any semester or quarter.

(4) The term "disadvantaged student" shall mean a post high school student who by reason of adverse cultural, educational, environmental, experiential, familial or other circumstances is unable to qualify for enrollment as a full time student in an institution of higher learning, who would otherwise qualify as a needy student, and who is attending an institution of higher learning under an established program designed to qualify the student for enrollment as a full time student.

(5) "Commission" or "board" shall mean the higher education coordinating board."

Representatives Smith and DeBoldt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Mason and Carlson spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was called. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was -YEAS 21; -NAYS 76. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mason, Carlson and Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1574.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1574 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 79, Nays - 18, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1574, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4209, by Representatives Chandler, Regala and Mulliken

Authorizing public money derived from the sale of stormwater or sewer services to be used in financing stormwater and sewer conservation and efficiency measures.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4209.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4209 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Joint Memorial No. 4209, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1223, by Representatives Carrell, Zellinsky, Talcott, Hickel, Thompson and Conway

Addressing the public nuisance activities of tenants.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1223 was substituted for House Bill No. 1223 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1223 was read the second time.

Representative Constantine moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Constantine: (141)

On page 2, line 31, after "informal," strike everything through line 34 and insert "that has as one of its primary activities the commission of a criminal act or acts, that has a common name, and whose members individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal gang activity."

(11) "Pattern of criminal gang activity" means the commission, attempted commission, or solicitation of two or more felony or misdemeanor offenses under the following conditions: (a) At least one of the offenses occurred after the effective date of this act; (b) the last of the offenses occurred within one year after a prior offense; and (c) the offenses are committed on separate occasions, or by two or more persons."

Representatives Constantine and Carrell spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (125)

On page 4 line 5 strike "a considerable number of people" and insert "people in at least two or more dwelling units or residences"

On page 4 line 7 strike "a considerable number of people" and insert "people in at least two or more dwelling units or residences"

On page 5 beginning on line 29 after "renders" strike "a considerable number of people" and insert "people in at least two or more dwelling units or residences"

On page 5 beginning on line 31 after "health of" strike "a considerable number of people" and insert "people in at least two or more dwelling units or residences"

Representatives Carrell and Constantine spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carrell, Constantine and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Penninging presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1223.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1223 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Mason and Veloria - 2.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1223, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1273, by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick, Cody, Sherstad, Wensman and Costa

Making certain debtors liable for any deficiency after default.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1273.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1273 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1273, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1439, by Representatives B. Thomas, Sherstad, Murray, L. Thomas, Wolfe, Cole, DeBolt and Wensman

Authorizing counties to set deadlines for petitioning for changes in assessed valuation.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1439.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1439 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1439, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1452**, by Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe, Zellinsky, Alexander and Keiser

Providing definitions concerning title insurers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1452.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1452 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.
House Bill No. 1452, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1462, by Representative Huff

Setting nonresident undergraduate tuition at the University of Washington.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1462 was substituted for House Bill No. 1462 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1462 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Huff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1462.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1462 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1462, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1465, by Representatives Sump, Sheldon, Grant, Hatfield, Pennington, Delvin and Koster

Requiring establishment of a no-cost consulting service regarding mining issues.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1465.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1465 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1465, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1468, by Representatives Buck, Chandler, Grant, Sump, Sheldon, Hatfield, Alexander, Delvin and Pennington

Removing authority to modify reclamation permit fees.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1468.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1468 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1468, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1469 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1483, by Representatives Van Luven, Zellinsky and Wensman

Defining the location of a retail sale by a towing service operator as the place of business.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Van Luven and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1483.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1483 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1483, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1469, by Representatives Buck, Chandler, Grant, Sump, Sheldon, Hatfield, Delvin and Pennington Clarifying the authority to regulate surface mining.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1469 was substituted for House Bill No. 1469 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1469 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Sheldon spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Regala spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1469.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1469 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 69, Nays - 28, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Conway, Cooke, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Doumit, Dunn, Dyer, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Kastama, Kessler, Koster,

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1469, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1496, by Representatives Benson, Cooke, Mulliken, Dunshee, Linville, Sheahan, Gombosky, Carrell, Sterk, McMorris and Kastama

Clarifying the definition of "negligent treatment or maltreatment" of a child.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Benson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Benson: (102)

On page 3, line 18, after "safety." strike everything through "parent." on line 20, and insert "The fact that siblings share a bedroom is not necessarily of itself evidence of "negligent treatment or maltreatment".

Representatives Benson and Constantine spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Benson and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1496.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1496 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.
Engrossed House Bill No. 1496, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1521, by Representatives B. Thomas, Dickerson and Dunn

Extending to local agencies the same authority now authorized for state agencies to protect taxpayer information under public records.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1521.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1521 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1521, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1545, by Representatives Sheahan, Costa, Tokuda, Cooper, Blalock, Keiser, Kenney, Conway, Lantz, Cole, Wolfe, O'Brien, Mason, Wood and Scott

Regulating funding for domestic violence shelters.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1545.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1545 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
House Bill No. 1545, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1550, by Representatives Doumit, Ballasiotes, Hatfield, Pennington, Kessler, Tokuda, Carlson, Ogden, Romero and Mielke

Prohibiting disability retirement benefits resulting from criminal conduct.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1550 was substituted for House Bill No. 1550 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1550 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Doumit and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1550.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1550 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1550, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1560, by Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe, Smith, Benson and Mason

Regulating credit unions.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1560 was substituted for House bill No. 1560, and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1560 was read the second time.

Representative L. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative L. Thomas: (121)

On page 22, after line 27, strike lines 28 through 31 and insert:

“(20) Work with community leaders to develop and prioritize efforts to improve the areas where their members reside by making investments in the community through contributions to organizations that primarily serve either a charitable, social, welfare, or educational purpose, or are exempt from taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;"

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1560.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1560 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1560, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1565, by Representatives Mielke, Pennington, Carrell, Mulliken, Thompson and Cairnes

Exempting small scale mining from the requirement of obtaining a hydraulic permit.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1565 was substituted for House Bill No. 1565 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 1565 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mielke and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1565.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1565 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1565, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1575 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1589, by Representatives Robertson, Costa, Radcliff, Cody, Scott, Cole, Skinner, Lantz, Constantine, Delvin, K. Schmidt, Murray, Hankins, Blalock, Hatfield, Wensman, O'Brien, Linville, Cooke, Ogden, Sheldon, Kessler and Kenney

Allowing a crime victim to have an advocate present at any judicial proceeding.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Robertson and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1589.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1589 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1589, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1591, by Representatives Reams, Mulliken, Sherstad, Cairnes and Thompson

Concerning local project review under the growth management act.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1591 was substituted for House Bill No. 1591 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1591 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cairnes and Lantz spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1591.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1591 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1591, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1600, by Representatives Sheldon and Buck

Revising provisions relating to surface mining permits.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1600 was substituted for House Bill No. 1600 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 1600 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheldon spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1600.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1600 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1600, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1603, by Representatives Clements, McMorris, Honeyford, L. Thomas, Mielke and Sullivan

Requiring a lien information statement for sale of new residential property.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1600 was substituted for House Bill No. 1603 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1603 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 139 to Substitute House Bill No. 1603 was withdrawn.

Representative Clements moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Clements: (143)

On page 1, line 10, after "RCW" strike "64.06.010" and insert "64.06.010(1) through (6)"
On page 1, line 12, after "any" strike "interest" and insert "earnest"
On page 1, line 17, after "statement." strike "The lien information statement is in addition to, and is a part of, the real property transfer disclosure form required under RCW 64.06.020."
On page 3, line 1, after "2." strike "The lien information statement" and insert "A new section is added to chapter 64.06 RCW to read as follows:
The lien information statement required under section 1 of this act"
Representatives Clements and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Clements and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1603.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1603 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1603, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1614, by Representatives Alexander, Regala, Sump and Keiser; by request of Parks and Recreation Commission

Regarding enterprise activities of the state parks and recreation commission.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1614.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1614 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1614, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1618, by Representatives Skinner, Dyer, Conway, Zellinsky, Cody, Backlund, Parlette and Clements

Modifying certain aspects of programs that treat impaired physicians.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1618 was substituted for House Bill No. 1618 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1618 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Skinner, Murray and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1618.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1618 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting nay: Representatives Koster and Sump - 2.
Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1618, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 12, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1959,
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5072,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5118,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5188,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5190,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5218,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5274,
SENATE BILL NO. 5486,
SENATE BILL NO. 5499,
SENATE BILL NO. 5507,
SENATE BILL NO. 5518,
SENATE BILL NO. 5519,
SENATE BILL NO. 5520,
SENATE BILL NO. 5530,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5532,
SENATE BILL NO. 5538,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5539,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5541,
SENATE BILL NO. 5551,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5565,
SENATE BILL NO. 5570,
SENATE BILL NO. 5571,
SENATE BILL NO. 5603,
SENATE BILL NO. 5613,
SENATE BILL NO. 5620,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5656,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
March 12, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5623,
SENATE BILL NO. 5626,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5628,
SENATE BILL NO. 5637,
SENATE BILL NO. 5650,
SENATE BILL NO. 5659,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5667,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5668,
SENATE BILL NO. 5669,
SENATE BILL NO. 5672,
SENATE BILL NO. 5674,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5684,
SENATE BILL NO. 5713,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5714,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5724,
SENATE BILL NO. 5736,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
March 12, 1997
HOUSE BILL NO. 1575, by Representatives Sherstad, Koster, Mulliken, Thompson, Ballasiotes, Lambert, Hickel, Sheahan, Reams and Dunn

Regulating live adult entertainment establishments.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1575 was substituted for House Bill No. 1575 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1575 was read the second time.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa:

(123)

On page 10, after line 34, insert:

"(3) The contents of an application for an entertainer's license and any additional information submitted by an applicant for an entertainer's license is confidential and is not subject to public disclosure under chapter 42.17 RCW."

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. Representative Costa requested that amendment 123 be withdrawn.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa:

(152)

On page 10, after line 34, insert:

"(3) The contents of an application for an entertainer’s license and any additional information submitted by an applicant for an entertainer’s license are confidential and are not subject to public disclosure under chapter 42.17 RCW. Nothing in this subsection prohibits the exchange of information among government agencies for law enforcement or licensing purposes."

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Costa and Sherstad spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sherstad and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1575.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1575 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Wensman - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1575, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1636, by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Tokuda, Keiser, Ogden and Blalock

Specifying imminence of threat to bodily harm for crime of harassment.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1636.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1636 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1636, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1641 was referred to the Rules Committee.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1648, by Representatives Honeyford, Sheahan, Skinner, Clements, H. Sommers, Boldt, Delvin and Sullivan

Declaring buildings used for criminal street gang activity to be a nuisance.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Honeryford and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1648.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1648 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1648, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1651 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1678, by Representatives L. Thomas, Smith, Wolfe, Sullivan and Zellinsky

Regulating mortgage brokers.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1678 was substituted for House Bill No. 1678 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1678 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 044 to Substitute House Bill No. 1678 was withdrawn.

Representative L. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative L. Thomas: (117)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 19.146.010 and 1994 c 33 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Affiliate" means any person who directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with another person.

(2) "Borrower" means any person who consults with or retains a mortgage broker or loan originator in an effort to obtain or seek advice or information on obtaining or applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan for himself, herself, or persons including himself or herself, regardless of whether the person actually obtains such a loan.

(3) "Computer loan (origination) information systems" or "((CLO)) CLI system" means the real estate mortgage financing information system defined by rule of the director.

(4) "Department" means the department of financial institutions."
(5) "Designated broker" means a natural person designated by the applicant for a license or
licensee who meets the experience, education, and examination requirements set forth in RCW
19.146.210(1)(c).

(6) "Director" means the director of financial institutions.

(7) "Employee" means an individual who has an employment relationship acknowledged
by both the employee and the licensee, and the individual is treated as an employee by the licensee for
purposes of compliance with federal income tax laws.

(8) "Independent contractor" or "person who independently contracts" means any person
that expressly or impliedly contracts to perform mortgage brokering services for another and that with
respect to its manner or means of performing the services is not subject to the other’s right of control,
and that is not treated as an employee by the other for purposes of compliance with federal income tax
laws.

(9) "Investigation" means an examination undertaken for the purpose of detection of
violations of this chapter or securing information lawfully required under this chapter.

(10) "Loan originator" means a person employed, either directly or indirectly, or retained as an
independent contractor by a person required to be licensed as a mortgage broker, or a natural person
who represents a person required to be licensed as a mortgage broker, in the performance of any act
specified in subsection (10) of this section.

(11) "Lock-in agreement" means an agreement with a borrower made by a mortgage
broker or loan originator, in which the mortgage broker or loan originator agrees that, for a period of
time, a specific interest rate or other financing terms will be the rate or terms at which it will make a
loan available to that borrower.

(12) "Mortgage broker" means any person who for compensation or gain, or in the
expectation of compensation or gain (a) makes a residential mortgage loan or assists a person in
obtaining or applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan or (b) holds himself or herself out as being
able to make a residential mortgage loan or assist a person in obtaining or applying to obtain a
residential mortgage loan.

(13) "Person" means a natural person, corporation, company, limited liability
corporation, partnership, or association.

(14) "Residential mortgage loan" means any loan primarily for personal, family, or
household use secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on residential real estate upon which is
constructed or intended to be constructed a single family dwelling or multiple family dwelling of four
or less units.

(15) "Third-party provider" means any person other than a mortgage broker or lender
who provides goods or services to the mortgage broker in connection with the preparation of the
borrower’s loan and includes, but is not limited to, credit reporting agencies, title companies,
appraisers, structural and pest inspectors, or escrow companies.

Sec. 2. RCW 19.146.020 and 1994 c 33 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided under subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the following are exempt
from all provisions of this chapter:

(a) Any person doing business under the laws of the state of Washington or the United
States relating to commercial banks, bank holding companies, savings banks, trust companies, savings
and loan associations, credit unions, consumer loan companies, insurance companies, or real estate
investment trusts as defined in 26 U.S.C. Sec. 856 and the affiliates, subsidiaries, and service
corporations thereof;

(b) An attorney licensed to practice law in this state who is not principally engaged in the
business of negotiating residential mortgage loans when such attorney renders services in the course of
his or her practice as an attorney;

(c) Any person doing any act under order of any court, except for a person subject to an
injunction to comply with any provision of this chapter or any order of the director issued under this
chapter;

(d) Any person making or acquiring a residential mortgage loan solely with his or her own
funds for his or her own investment without intending to resell the residential mortgage loans;

(e) A real estate broker or salesperson licensed by the state who obtains financing for a real
estate transaction involving a bona fide sale of real estate in the performance of his or her duties as a
real estate broker and who receives only the customary real estate broker's or salesperson's commission in connection with the transaction;

(f) Any mortgage broker approved and subject to auditing by the federal national mortgage association, the government national mortgage association, or the federal home loan mortgage corporation;

(g) The United States of America, the state of Washington, any other state, and any Washington city, county, or other political subdivision, and any agency, division, or corporate instrumentality of any of the entities in this subsection (1)(g); and

(h) A real estate broker who provides only information regarding rates, terms, and lenders in connection with a ((CLO)) CLI system, who receives a fee for providing such information, who conforms to all rules of the director with respect to the providing of such service, and who discloses on a form approved by the director that to obtain a loan the borrower must deal directly with a mortgage broker or lender. However, a real estate broker shall not be exempt if he or she does any of the following:

(i) Holds himself or herself out as able to obtain a loan from a lender;

(ii) Accepts a loan application, or submits a loan application to a lender;

(iii) Accepts any deposit for third-party services or any loan fees from a borrower, whether such fees are paid before, upon, or after the closing of the loan;

(iv) Negotiates rates or terms with a lender on behalf of a borrower; or

(v) Provides the disclosure required by RCW 19.146.030(1).

(2) Those persons otherwise exempt under subsection (1)(d) or (f) of this section must comply with RCW 19.146.0201 and shall be subject to the director's authority to issue a cease and desist order for any violation of RCW 19.146.0201 and shall be subject to the director's authority to obtain and review books and records that are relevant to any allegation of such a violation.

(3) Any person otherwise exempted from the licensing provisions of this chapter may voluntarily submit an application to the director for a mortgage broker's license. The director shall review such application and may grant or deny licenses to such applicants upon the same grounds and with the same fees as may be applicable to persons required to be licensed under this chapter.

(a) Upon receipt of a license under this subsection, such an applicant is required to continue to maintain a valid license, is subject to all provisions of this chapter, and has no further right to claim exemption from the provisions of this chapter except as provided in (b) of this subsection.

(b) Any licensee under this subsection who would otherwise be exempted from the requirements of licensing by RCW 19.146.020 may apply to the director for exemption from licensing. The director shall adopt rules for reviewing such applications and shall grant exemptions from licensing to applications which are consistent with those rules and consistent with the other provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 3. RCW 19.146.0201 and 1994 c 33 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

It is (unlawful) a violation of this chapter for a loan originator, mortgage broker required to be licensed under this chapter, or mortgage broker otherwise exempted from this chapter under RCW 19.146.020(1) (d) or (f) in connection with a residential mortgage loan to:

(1) Directly or indirectly employ any scheme, device, or artifice to defraud or mislead borrowers or lenders or to defraud any person;

(2) Engage in any unfair or deceptive practice toward any person;

(3) Obtain property by fraud or misrepresentation;

(4) Solicit or enter into a contract with a borrower that provides in substance that the mortgage broker may earn a fee or commission through the mortgage broker's "best efforts" to obtain a loan even though no loan is actually obtained for the borrower;

(5) Solicit, advertise, or enter into a contract for specific interest rates, points, or other financing terms unless the terms are actually available at the time of soliciting, advertising, or contracting from a person exempt from licensing under RCW 19.146.020(1) (f) or (g) or a lender with whom the mortgage broker maintains a written correspondent or loan brokerage agreement under RCW 19.146.040;

(6) Fail to make disclosures to loan applicants and noninstitutional investors as required by RCW 19.146.030 and any other applicable state or federal law;
(7) Make, in any manner, any false or deceptive statement or representation with regard to the rates, points, or other financing terms or conditions for a residential mortgage loan or engage in bait and switch advertising;

(8) Negligently make any false statement or knowingly and willfully make any omission of material fact in connection with any reports filed by a ((licensee)) mortgage broker or in connection with any ((examination of the licensee’s business)) investigation conducted by the department;

(9) Make any payment, directly or indirectly, to any appraiser of a property, for the purposes of influencing the independent judgment of the appraiser with respect to the value of the property;

(10) (Fail to include the words “licensed mortgage broker” in any advertising for the broker’s services that is directed at the general public if the person is required to be licensed under this chapter;

(11) Advertise any rate of interest without conspicuously disclosing the annual percentage rate implied by such rate of interest or otherwise fail to comply with any requirement of the truth-in-lending act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1601 and Regulation Z, 12 C.F.R. Sec. 226, the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 2601 and Regulation X, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 3500, or the equal credit opportunity act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1691 and Regulation B, Sec. 202.9, 202.11, and 202.12, as now or hereafter amended, in any advertising of residential mortgage loans or any other mortgage brokerage activity;

(12) Fail to pay third-party providers no later than thirty days after the recording of the loan closing documents or ninety days after completion of the third-party service, whichever comes first, unless otherwise agreed or unless the third-party service provider has been notified in writing that a bona fide dispute exists regarding the performance or quality of the third-party service;

(13) (a) Except when complying with (b) and (c) of this subsection, to act as a mortgage broker in any transaction (i) in which the mortgage broker acts or has acted as a real estate broker or salesperson or (ii) in which another person doing business under the same licensed real estate broker acts or has acted as a real estate broker or salesperson;

(b) Prior to providing mortgage broker services to the borrower, the mortgage broker, in addition to other disclosures required by this chapter and other laws, shall provide to the borrower the following written disclosure:

THIS IS TO GIVE YOU NOTICE THAT I OR ONE OF MY ASSOCIATES HAVE/HAS ACTED AS A REAL ESTATE BROKER OR SALESPERSON REPRESENTING THE BUYER/SELLER IN THE SALE OF THIS PROPERTY TO YOU. I AM ALSO A LICENSED MORTGAGE BROKER, AND WOULD LIKE TO PROVIDE MORTGAGE BROKERAGE SERVICES TO YOU IN CONNECTION WITH YOUR LOAN TO PURCHASE THE PROPERTY.

YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO USE ME AS A MORTGAGE BROKER IN CONNECTION WITH THIS TRANSACTION. YOU ARE FREE TO COMPARISON SHOP WITH OTHER MORTGAGE BROKERS AND LENDERS, AND TO SELECT ANY MORTGAGE BROKER OR LENDER OF YOUR CHOOSING; and

(c) A real estate broker or salesperson licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW who also acts as a mortgage broker shall carry on such mortgage brokerage business activities and shall maintain such person’s mortgage brokerage business records separate and apart from the real estate brokerage activities conducted pursuant to chapter 18.85 RCW. Such activities shall be deemed separate and apart even if they are conducted at an office location with a common entrance and mailing address, so long as each business is clearly identified by a sign visible to the public, each business is physically separated within the office facility, and no deception of the public as to the separate identities of the brokerage business firms results. This subsection ((13)(c)) shall not require a real estate broker or salesperson licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW who also acts as a mortgage broker to maintain a physical separation within the office facility for the conduct of its real estate and mortgage brokerage activities where the director determines that maintaining such physical separation would constitute an undue financial hardship upon the mortgage broker and is unnecessary for the protection of the public; or
Sec. 4. RCW 19.146.030 and 1994 c 33 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Within three business days following receipt of a loan application or any moneys from a borrower, a mortgage broker shall provide to each borrower a full written disclosure containing an itemization and explanation of all fees and costs that the borrower is required to pay in connection with obtaining a residential mortgage loan, and specifying the fee or fees which inure to the benefit of the mortgage broker and other such disclosures as may be required by rule. A good faith estimate of a fee or cost shall be provided if the exact amount of the fee or cost is not determinable. This subsection shall not be construed to require disclosure of the distribution or breakdown of loan fees, discount, or points between the mortgage broker and any lender or investor.

(2) The written disclosure shall contain the following information:

(a) The annual percentage rate, finance charge, amount financed, total amount of all payments, number of payments, amount of each payment, amount of points or prepaid interest and the conditions and terms under which any loan terms may change between the time of disclosure and closing of the loan; and if a variable rate, the circumstances under which the rate may increase, any limitation on the increase, the effect of an increase, and an example of the payment terms resulting from an increase.

(b) The itemized costs of any credit report, appraisal, title report, title insurance policy, mortgage insurance, escrow fee, property tax, insurance, structural or pest inspection, and any other third-party provider’s costs associated with the residential mortgage loan. Disclosure through good faith estimates of settlement services and special information booklets in compliance with the requirements of the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 2601 and Regulation X, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 3500, as now or hereafter amended, shall be deemed to comply with the disclosure requirements of this subsection;

(c) If applicable, the cost, terms, duration, and conditions of a lock-in agreement and whether a lock-in agreement has been entered, and whether the lock-in agreement is guaranteed by the mortgage broker or lender, and if a lock-in agreement has not been entered, disclosure in a form acceptable to the director that the disclosed interest rate and terms are subject to change;

(d) A statement that if the borrower is unable to obtain a loan for any reason, the mortgage broker must, within five days of a written request by the borrower, give copies of any appraisal, title report, or credit report paid for by the borrower to the borrower, and transmit the appraisal, title report, or credit report to any other mortgage broker or lender to whom the borrower directs the documents to be sent;

(e) The name of the lender and the nature of the business relationship between the lender providing the residential mortgage loan and the mortgage broker, if any; PROVIDED, That this disclosure may be made at any time up to the time the borrower accepts the lender’s commitment

Whether and under what conditions any lock-in fees are refundable to the borrower;

(f) A statement providing that moneys paid by the borrower to the mortgage broker for third-party provider services are held in a trust account and any moneys remaining after payment to third-party providers will be refunded.

(3) If subsequent to the written disclosure being provided under this section, a mortgage broker enters into a lock-in agreement with a borrower or represents to the borrower that the borrower has entered into a lock-in agreement, then no less than three business days thereafter including Saturdays, the mortgage broker shall deliver or send by first-class mail to the borrower a written confirmation of the terms of the lock-in agreement, which shall include a copy of the disclosure made under subsection (2)(c) of this section.

(4) A violation of the Truth-in-Lending Act, Regulation Z, the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, and Regulation X is a violation of this section for purposes of this chapter.

(5) A mortgage broker shall not charge any fee that inures to the benefit of the mortgage broker if it exceeds the fee disclosed on the written disclosure pursuant to this section, unless (a) the
need to charge the fee was not reasonably foreseeable at the time the written disclosure was provided and (b) the mortgage broker has provided to the borrower, no less than three business days prior to the signing of the loan closing documents, a clear written explanation of the fee and the reason for charging a fee exceeding that which was previously disclosed. However, if the borrower’s closing costs, excluding prepaid escrowed costs of ownership as defined by rule, does not exceed the total closing costs in the most recent good faith estimate, no other disclosures shall be required by this subsection.

Sec. 5. RCW 19.146.050 and 1987 c 391 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
All moneys received by a mortgage broker from a borrower for payment of third-party provider services shall be deemed as held in trust immediately upon receipt by the mortgage broker. A mortgage broker shall deposit, prior to the end of the ((next)) third business day following receipt of such trust funds, all (moneys received from borrowers for third-party provider services) such trust funds in a trust account of a federally insured financial institution located in this state. All trust account funds collected under this chapter must remain on deposit in a trust account in the state of Washington until disbursement. The trust account shall be designated and maintained for the benefit of borrowers. Moneys maintained in the trust account shall be exempt from execution, attachment, or garnishment. A mortgage broker shall not in any way encumber the corpus of the trust account or commingle any other operating funds with trust account funds. Withdrawals from the trust account shall be only for the payment of bona fide services rendered by a third-party provider or for refunds to borrowers. The director shall make rules which: (1) Direct mortgage brokers how to handle checks and other instruments that are received by the broker and that combine trust funds with other funds; and (2) permit transfer of trust funds out of the trust account for payment of other costs only when necessary and only with the prior express written permission of the borrower. Any interest earned on the trust account shall be refunded or credited to the borrowers at closing. Trust accounts that are operated in a manner consistent with this section and any rules adopted by the director, are considered exempt from taxation under chapter 82.04 RCW.

Sec. 6. RCW 19.146.060 and 1994 c 33 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A mortgage broker shall use generally accepted accounting principles.
(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section, a mortgage broker shall maintain accurate, and current, and readily available) books and records which shall be readily available at the mortgage broker’s usual business location until at least (twenty-five months have elapsed following the effective period to which the books and records relate.
(3) Where a mortgage broker’s usual business location is outside of the state of Washington, the mortgage broker shall, as determined by the director by rule, either maintain its books and records at a location in this state, or reimburse the director for his or her expenses, including but not limited to transportation, food, and lodging expenses, relating to any examination or investigation resulting under this chapter.
(4) "Books and records" includes but is not limited to:
(a) Copies of all advertisements placed by or at the request of the mortgage broker which mention rates or fees. In the case of radio or television advertisements, or advertisements placed on a telephonic information line or other electronic source of information including but not limited to a computer data base or electronic bulletin board, a mortgage broker shall keep copies of the precise script for the advertisement. All advertisement records shall include for each advertisement the date or dates of publication and name of each periodical, broadcast station, or telephone information line which published the advertisement or, in the case of a flyer or other material distributed by the mortgage broker, the dates, methods, and areas of distribution; and
(b) Copies of all documents, notes, computer records if not stored in printed form, correspondence or memoranda relating to a borrower from whom the mortgage broker has accepted a deposit or other funds, or accepted a residential mortgage loan application or with whom the mortgage broker has entered into an agreement to assist in obtaining a residential mortgage loan.

Sec. 7. RCW 19.146.080 and 1987 c 391 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as otherwise required by the United States Code or the Code of Federal Regulations, now or as amended, if a borrower is unable to obtain a loan for any reason and the borrower has paid for an appraisal, title report, or credit report in full, the mortgage broker shall give a copy of the appraisal, title report, or credit report to the borrower and transmit the originals to any other mortgage broker or lender to whom the borrower directs that the documents be transmitted. Regardless of whether the borrower has obtained a loan, the mortgage broker must provide the copies or transmit the documents within five days after the borrower has made the request in writing.

Sec. 8. RCW 19.146.200 and 1994 c 33 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person may not engage in the business of a mortgage broker, except as an employee of a person licensed or exempt from licensing, without first obtaining and maintaining a license under this chapter. However, a person who independently contracts with a licensed mortgage broker need not be licensed if the licensed mortgage broker and the independent contractor have on file with the director a binding written agreement under which the licensed mortgage broker assumes responsibility for the independent contractor’s violations of any provision of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter; and if the licensed mortgage broker’s bond or other security required under this chapter runs to the benefit of the state and any person who suffers loss by reason of the independent contractor’s violation of any provision of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter.

(2) A person may not bring a suit or action for the collection of compensation as a mortgage broker unless the plaintiff alleges and proves that he or she was a duly licensed mortgage broker, or exempt from the license requirement of this chapter, at the time of offering to perform or performing any such an act or service regulated by this chapter. This subsection does not apply to suits or actions for the collection or compensation for services performed prior to the effective date of section 5, chapter 468, Laws of 1993.

(3) The license must be prominently displayed in the mortgage broker’s place of business.

Sec. 9. RCW 19.146.205 and 1994 c 33 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Application for a mortgage broker license under this chapter shall be in writing and in the form prescribed by the director. The application shall contain at least the following information:

(a) The name, address, date of birth, and social security number of the applicant, and any other names, dates of birth, or social security numbers previously used by the applicant, unless waived by the director;

(b) If the applicant is a partnership or association, the name, address, date of birth, and social security number of each general partner or principal of the association, and any other names, dates of birth, or social security numbers previously used by the members, unless waived by the director;

(c) If the applicant is a corporation, the name, address, date of birth, and social security number of each officer, director, registered agent, and each principal stockholder, and any other names, dates of birth, or social security numbers previously used by the officers, directors, registered agents, and principal stockholders unless waived by the director;

(d) The street address, county, and municipality where the principal business office is to be located;

(e) The name, address, date of birth, and social security number of the applicant’s designated broker, and any other names, dates of birth, or social security numbers previously used by the designated broker and a complete set of the designated broker’s fingerprints taken by an authorized law enforcement officer; and

(f) Such other information regarding the applicant’s or designated broker’s background, financial responsibility, experience, character, and general fitness as the director may require by rule.

(2) The director may exchange fingerprint data with the federal bureau of investigation.

(3) At the time of filing an application for a license under this chapter, each applicant shall pay to the director the appropriate application fee in an amount determined by rule of the director in accordance with RCW 43.24.086 to cover, but not exceed, the cost of processing and reviewing the application. The director shall deposit the moneys in the banking examination fund, unless the
consumer services account is created as a dedicated, nonappropriated account, in which case the
director shall deposit the moneys in the consumer services account.

(4)(a) Each applicant for a mortgage broker’s license shall file and maintain a surety
bond, in an amount of not greater than sixty thousand dollars nor less than twenty thousand dollars
which the director deems adequate to protect the public interest, executed by the applicant as obligor
and by a surety company authorized to do a surety business in this state as surety. The bonding
requirement as established by the director may take the form of a uniform bond amount for all licensees
or the director may establish by rule a schedule establishing a range of bond amounts which shall vary
according to the annual average number of loan originators or independent contractors of a licensee.
The bond shall run to the state of Washington as obligee, and shall run first to the benefit of the
borrower and then to the benefit of the state and any person or persons who suffer loss by reason of the
applicant’s or its loan originator’s violation of any provision of this chapter or rules adopted under this
chapter. The bond shall be conditioned that the obligor as licensee will faithfully conform to and abide
by this chapter and all rules adopted under this chapter, and shall reimburse all persons who suffer loss
by reason of a violation of this chapter or rules adopted under this chapter. Borrowers shall be given
priority over the state and other persons. The state and other third parties shall be allowed to receive
distribution pursuant to a valid claim against the remainder of the bond. In the case of claims made by
any person or entity who is not a borrower, no final judgment may be entered prior to one hundred
eighty days following the date the claim is filed. The bond shall be continuous and may be canceled by
the surety upon the surety giving written notice to the director of its intent to cancel the bond. The
cancellation shall be effective thirty days after the notice is received by the director. Whether or not the
bond is renewed, continued, reinstated, reissued, or otherwise extended, replaced, or modified,
including increases or decreases in the penal sum, it shall be considered one continuous obligation, and
the surety upon the bond shall not be liable in an aggregate or cumulative amount exceeding the penal
sum set forth on the face of the bond. In no event shall the penal sum, or any portion thereof, at two or
more points in time be added together in determining the surety’s liability. The bond shall not be liable
for any penalties imposed on the licensee, including, but not limited to, any increased damages or
attorneys’ fees, or both, awarded under RCW 19.86.090. The applicant may obtain the bond directly
from the surety or through a group bonding arrangement involving a professional organization
comprised of mortgage brokers if the arrangement provides at least as much coverage as is required
under this subsection.

(b) In lieu of a surety bond, the applicant may, upon approval by the director, file with the
director a certificate of deposit, an irrevocable letter of credit, or such other instrument as approved by
the director by rule, drawn in favor of the director for an amount equal to the required bond.

(c) In lieu of the surety bond or compliance with (b) of this subsection, an applicant may obtain
insurance or coverage from an association comprised of mortgage brokers that is organized as a mutual
corporation for the sole purpose of insuring or self-insuring claims that may arise from a violation of
this chapter. An applicant may only substitute coverage under this subsection for the requirements of
(a) or (b) of this subsection if the director, with the consent of the insurance commissioner, has
authorized such association to organize a mutual corporation under such terms and conditions as may
be imposed by the director to ensure that the corporation is operated in a financially responsible
manner to pay any claims within the financial responsibility limits specified in (a) of this subsection.

Sec. 10. RCW 19.146.210 and 1994 c 33 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall issue and deliver a mortgage broker license to an applicant if, after
investigation, the director makes the following findings:

(a) The applicant has paid the required license fees;
(b) The applicant has complied with RCW 19.146.205;
(c) Neither the applicant, any of its principals, or the designated broker have had
a license issued under this chapter or any similar state statute suspended or revoked within five years of
the filing of the present application;
(d) Neither the applicant, any of its principals, nor the designated broker have
been convicted of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct or a felony within
seven years of the filing of the present application;
(e) ((Either the applicant or one of its principals, who may be designated by the applicant)) The designated broker, (i) has at least two years of experience in the residential mortgage loan industry or has completed the educational requirements established by rule of the director and (ii) has passed a written examination whose content shall be established by rule of the director; and
(f) The applicant has demonstrated financial responsibility, character, and general fitness such as to command the confidence of the community and to warrant a belief that the business will be operated honestly, fairly, and efficiently within the purposes of this chapter.

(2) If the director does not find the conditions of subsection (1) of this section have been met, the director shall not issue the license. The director shall notify the applicant of the denial and return to the applicant the bond or approved alternative and any remaining portion of the license fee that exceeds the department’s actual cost to investigate the license.

(3) The director shall issue a license under this chapter to any licensee issued a license under chapter 468, Laws of 1993, that has a valid license and is otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

(4) A license issued pursuant to this chapter is valid from the date of issuance with no fixed date of expiration.

(5) A licensee may surrender a license by delivering to the director written notice of surrender, but the surrender does not affect the licensee’s civil or criminal liability arising from acts or omissions occurring before such surrender.

(6) To prevent undue delay in the issuance of a license and to facilitate the business of a mortgage broker, an interim license with a fixed date of expiration may be issued when the director determines that the mortgage broker has substantially fulfilled the requirements for licensing as defined by rule.

Sec. 11. RCW 19.146.215 and 1994 c 33 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

((Either the applicant or one of its principals, who may be designated by the applicant, and every branch manager)) The designated broker of every licensee shall complete an annual continuing education requirement, which the director shall define by rule.

Sec. 12. RCW 19.146.220 and 1996 c 103 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall enforce all laws and rules relating to the licensing of mortgage brokers, grant or deny licenses to mortgage brokers, and hold hearings.

(2) The director may impose the following sanctions:

(a) Deny applications for licenses for: (i) Violations of orders, including cease and desist orders issued under this chapter; or (ii) any violation of RCW 19.146.050 or 19.146.0201 (1) through (9);

(b) Suspend or revoke licenses for:

(i) False statements or omission of material information on the application that, if known, would have allowed the director to deny the application for the original license;

(ii) Failure to pay a fee required by the director or maintain the required bond;

(iii) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director; or

(iv) Any violation of RCW 19.146.050, 19.146.060(3), 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (12), 19.146.205((4)) (4), or 19.146.265;

(c) Impose fines on the licensee, employee or loan originator of the licensee, or other person subject to this chapter for:

(i) Any violations of RCW 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (12), 19.146.030 through (4), 19.146.080, 19.146.200, 19.146.205((4)) (4), or 19.146.265; or

(ii) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director;

(d) Issue orders directing a licensee, its employee or loan originator, or other person subject to this chapter to:

(i) Cease and desist from conducting business in a manner that is injurious to the public or violates any provision of this chapter; or

(ii) Pay restitution to an injured borrower; or
(e) Issue orders removing from office or prohibiting from participation in the conduct of the affairs of a licensed mortgage broker, or both, any officer, principal, employee, or loan originator of any licensed mortgage broker or any person subject to licensing under this chapter for:

(i) Any violation of 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or ((13)) (12), 19.146.030 through ((19.146.090)) 19.146.080, 19.146.200, 19.146.205((3)) (4), or 19.146.265; or

(ii) False statements or omission of material information on the application that, if known, would have allowed the director to deny the application for the original license;

(iii) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct or a felony after obtaining a license; or

(iv) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director.

(3) Each day’s continuance of a violation or failure to comply with any directive or order of the director is a separate and distinct violation or failure.

(4) The director shall establish by rule standards for licensure of applicants licensed in other jurisdictions. ((Every licensed mortgage broker that does not maintain a physical office within the state must maintain a registered agent within the state to receive service of any lawful process in any judicial or administrative noncriminal suit, action, or proceeding, against the licensed mortgage broker which arises under this chapter or any rule or order under this chapter, with the same force and validity as if served personally on the licensed mortgage broker. Service upon the registered agent shall be effective if the plaintiff, who may be the director in a suit, action, or proceeding instituted by him or her, sends notice of the service and a copy of the process by registered mail to the defendant or respondent at the last address of the respondent or defendant on file with the director. In any judicial action, suit, or proceeding arising under this chapter or any rule or order adopted under this chapter between the department or director and a licensed mortgage broker who does not maintain a physical office in this state, venue shall be exclusively in the superior court of Thurston county.))

Sec. 13. RCW 19.146.228 and 1994 c 33 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The director shall establish fees by rule in accordance with RCW 43.24.086 sufficient to cover, but not exceed, the costs of administering this chapter. These fees may include:

(1) An annual assessment paid by each licensee on or before a date specified by rule;

(2) An examination investigation fee to cover the costs of any examination investigation of the books and records of a licensee or other person subject to this chapter; and

(3) An application fee to cover the costs of processing applications made to the director under this chapter.

Mortgage brokers shall not be charged investigation fees for the processing of complaints when the investigation determines that no violation of this chapter occurred or when the mortgage broker provides a remedy satisfactory to the complainant and the director and no order of the director is issued. All moneys, fees, and penalties collected under the authority of this chapter shall be deposited into the banking examination fund, unless the consumer services account is created as a dedicated, nonappropriated account, in which case all moneys, fees, and penalties collected under this chapter shall be deposited in the consumer services account.

Sec. 14. RCW 19.146.235 and 1994 c 33 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of investigating complaints arising under this chapter, the director may at any time, either personally or by a designee, examine the business, including but not limited to the books, accounts, records, and files used therein, of every licensee and of every person engaged in the business of mortgage brokering, whether such a person shall act or claim to act under or without the authority of this chapter. For that purpose the director and designated representatives shall have access during regular business hours to the offices and places of business, books, accounts, papers, records, files, safes, and vaults of all such persons. The director or designated person may require the attendance of and examine under oath all persons whose testimony may be required about the loans or the business or subject matter of any such examination or investigation, and may direct or order such person to produce books, accounts, records, files, and any other documents the director or designated person deems relevant to the inquiry. If a person who receives such a directive or order does not attend and testify, or does not produce the requested books, records, files, or other documents
within the time period established in the directive or order, then the director or designated person may
issue a subpoena requiring attendance or compelling production of books, records, files, or other
documents. No person subject to examination or investigation under this chapter shall withhold,
abstract, remove, mutilate, destroy, or secrete any books, records, computer records, or other
information.

Once during the first two years of licensing, the director may visit, either personally or by
designee, the licensee's place or places of business to conduct a compliance examination. The director
may examine, either personally or by designee, a sample of the licensee's loan files, interview the
licensee or other designated employee or independent contractor, and undertake such other activities as
necessary to ensure that the licensee is in compliance with the provisions of this chapter. For those
licensees issued licenses prior to March 21, 1994, the cost of such an examination shall be considered
to have been prepaid in their license fee. After this one visit within the two-year period subsequent to
issuance of a license, the director or a designee may visit the licensee's place or places of business only
to ensure that corrective action has been taken or to investigate a complaint.

**Sec. 15.** RCW 19.146.240 and 1994 c 33 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The director or any person injured by a violation of this chapter may bring an action against
the surety bond or approved alternative of the licensed mortgage broker who committed the violation or
who employed or engaged the loan originator who committed the violation.

2. (a) The director or any person who is damaged by the licensee's or its loan
originator's violation of this chapter, or rules adopted under this chapter, may bring suit upon the
surety bond or approved alternative in the superior court of any county in which jurisdiction over the
licensee may be obtained. Jurisdiction shall be exclusively in the superior court. Any such action must
be brought not later than one year after the alleged violation of this chapter or rules adopted under this
chapter. Except as provided in subsection (2)(b) of this section, in the event valid claims of borrowers
against a bond or deposit exceed the amount of the bond or deposit, each borrower claimant shall only
be entitled to a pro rata amount, based on the amount of the claim as it is valid against the bond or
deposit, without regard to the date of filing of any claim or action. If, after all valid borrower claims
are paid, valid claims by nonborrower claimants exceed the remaining amount of the bond or deposit,
each nonborrower claimant shall only be entitled to a pro rata amount, based on the amount of the
claim as it is valid against the bond or deposit, without regard to the date of the filing or any claim or
action. A judgment arising from a violation of this chapter or rule adopted under this chapter shall be
entered for actual damages and in no case be less than the amount paid by the borrower to the licensed
mortgage broker plus reasonable attorneys' fees and costs. In no event shall the surety bond or
approved alternative provide payment for any trebled or punitive damages.

(b) Borrowers shall be given priority over the director and other persons in distributions in
actions against the surety bond. The director and other third parties shall then be entitled to distribution
to the extent of their claims as found valid against the remainder of the bond. In the case of claims
made by any person or entity who is not a borrower, no final judgment may be entered prior to one
hundred eighty days following the date the claim is filed. This provision regarding priority shall not
restrict the right of any claimant to file a claim within one year.

3. The remedies provided under this section are cumulative and nonexclusive and do not affect
any other remedy available at law.

**Sec. 16.** RCW 19.146.245 and 1994 c 33 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

A licensed mortgage broker is liable for any conduct violating this chapter by the designated
broker, a loan originator, or other licensed mortgage broker while employed or engaged by the
licensed mortgage broker. (In addition, a branch office manager is liable for any conduct violating this
chapter by a loan originator or other licensed mortgage broker employed or engaged at the branch
office.)

**Sec. 17.** RCW 19.146.250 and 1993 c 468 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
No license issued under the provisions of this chapter shall authorize any person other than the person to whom it is issued to do any act by virtue thereof nor to operate in any other manner than under his or her own name except:

(1) A licensed mortgage broker may operate or advertise under a name other than the one under which the license is issued by obtaining the written consent of the director to do so; and

(2) A broker may establish one or more branch offices under a name or names different from that of the main office if the name or names are approved by the director, so long as each branch office is clearly identified as a branch or division of the main office. (No broker may establish branch offices under more than three names.) Both the name of the branch office and of the main office must clearly appear on the sign identifying the office, if any, and in any advertisement or on any letterhead of any stationery or any forms, or signs used by the mortgage firm on which either the name of the main or branch offices appears.

Sec. 18. RCW 19.146.260 and 1994 c 33 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:

Every licensed mortgage broker must have and maintain an office in this state, or within thirty miles of the border of this state, accessible to the public and which shall serve as his or her office for the transaction of business. The broker’s license must be prominently displayed.) Every licensed mortgage broker that does not maintain a physical office within the state must maintain a registered agent within the state to receive service of any lawful process in any judicial or administrative noncriminal suit, action, or proceeding against the licensed mortgage broker which arises under this chapter or any rule or order under this chapter, with the same force and validity as if served personally on the licensed mortgage broker. Service upon the registered agent shall not be effective unless the plaintiff, who may be the director in a suit, action, or proceeding instituted by him or her, no later than the next business day sends notice of the service and a copy of the process by registered mail to the defendant or respondent at the last address of the respondent or defendant on file with the director. In any judicial action, suit, or proceeding arising under this chapter or any rule or order adopted under this chapter between the department or director and a licensed mortgage broker who does not maintain a physical office in this state, venue shall be exclusively in the superior court of the Thurston county.

Sec. 19. RCW 19.146.265 and 1994 c 33 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

A licensed mortgage broker may apply to the director for authority to establish one or more branch offices under the same or different name as the main office upon the payment of a fee as prescribed by the director by rule. Provided that the applicant is in good standing with the department, as defined in rule by the director, the director shall promptly issue a duplicate license for each of the branch offices showing the location of the main office and the particular branch. Each duplicate license shall be prominently displayed in the office for which it is issued. (Each branch office shall be required to have a branch manager who meets the experience and educational requirements for branch managers as established by rule of the director.)

Sec. 20. RCW 19.146.280 and 1994 c 33 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) There is established the mortgage brokerage commission consisting of five commission members who shall act in an advisory capacity to the director on mortgage brokerage issues.

(2) The director shall appoint the members of the commission, weighing the recommendations from professional organizations representing mortgage brokers. At least three of the commission members shall be mortgage brokers (required to apply for a mortgage brokers license) licensed under this chapter and at least one shall be exempt from licensure under RCW 19.146.020(1)(f). No commission member shall be appointed who has had less than five years’ experience in the business of residential mortgage lending. In addition, the director or a designee shall serve as an ex officio, nonvoting member of the commission. Voting members of the commission shall serve for two-year terms with three of the initial commission members serving one-year terms. The department shall provide staff support to the commission.

(3) The commission may establish a code of conduct for its members. Any commissioner may bring a motion before the commission to remove a commissioner for failing to conduct themselves in a manner consistent with the code of conduct. The motion shall be in the form of a recommendation to
the director to dismiss a specific commissioner and shall enumerate causes for doing so. The commissioner in question shall recuse himself or herself from voting on any such motion. Any such motion must be approved unanimously by the remaining four commissioners. Approved motions shall be immediately transmitted to the director for review and action.

(4) Members of the commission shall be reimbursed for their travel expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of this chapter in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. All costs and expenses associated with the commission shall be paid from the banking examination fund, unless the consumer services account is created as a dedicated, nonappropriated account, in which case all costs and expenses shall be paid from the consumer services account.

((44)) (5) The commission shall advise the director on the characteristics and needs of the mortgage brokerage profession.

((44)) (6) The department, in consultation with other applicable agencies of state government, shall conduct a continuing review of the number and type of consumer complaints arising from residential mortgage lending in the state. The department shall report its findings to the senate committee on ((labor and commerce)) financial institutions and house of representatives committee on financial institutions and insurance along with recommendations for any changes in the licensing requirements of this chapter, ((no later than December 1, 1996)) biennially by December 1st of each even-numbered year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:

This chapter shall not apply to amounts received from trust accounts that are operated in a manner consistent with RCW 19.146.050 and any rules adopted by the director of financial institutions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. RCW 19.146.090 and 1987 c 391 s 11 are each repealed."

Representatives L. Thomas and Sullivan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was order engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Sullivan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1678.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1678 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1678, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1680, by Representatives Sump, McMorris, L. Thomas, Chandler, Buck, Sheldon and Mielke

Regulating mining and milling operations.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1680 was substituted for House Bill No. 1680 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1680 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1680.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1680 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1680, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1692, by Representatives Sehlin, Morris, Anderson, Honeyford, Huff, Lantz and Chopp

Describing those lands eligible to be included in a port district aquatic lands management agreement.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1692 was substituted for House Bill No. 1692 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 1692 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sehlin and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1692.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1692 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Cooper - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1692, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1959

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4412

HOUSE BILL NO. 1708, by Representative McMorris

Eliminating farm implement commissioned salespeople from the minimum rate of compensation for employment in excess of a forty-hour work week requirement.

The bill was the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1708.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1708 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1708, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1733, by Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas, Benson, DeBolt, Dyer and Pennington

Clarifying personal injury protection automobile insurance coverage.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1733 was substituted for House Bill No. 1733 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1733 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Zellinsky and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1733.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1733 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Romero - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1733, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1748, by Representatives Morris, Van Luven, Quall, Kessler, Sheldon, Anderson, Buck, Cooper, Dunn, Hatfield, Thompson and O'Brien

Fostering economic development through increasing maritime trade competitiveness.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1748 was substituted for House Bill No. 1748 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1748 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Morris and Van Luven spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1748.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1748 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Cole - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1748, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1776, by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers, Alexander, Benson, Clements, Wensman, O'Brien and Boldt; by request of Office of Financial Management

Regarding school audits.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1776 was substituted for House Bill No. 1776 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1776 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 131 and 146 to Substitute House Bill No. 1776 were withdrawn.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1776.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1776 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1776, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1792, by Representatives Chandler, Delvin, Hankins, Mastin, Linville, Veloria, Van Luven, Regala and Grant

Expanding the use of environmental technology precertification.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1792 was substituted for House Bill No. 1792 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1792 was read the second time.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (153)

On page 2, line 30, strike "may" and insert "shall"

On page 2, line 37, after "program," insert "developed or"

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was order engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Delvin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1792.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1792 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1792, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1795, by Representatives Buck, Hatfield and Kessler; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands

Concerning the classification of forest practices and the regulation of forest practices by state and local entities.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1795 was substituted for House Bill No. 1795 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1795 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1795.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1795 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1795, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1796, by Representatives Smith, Zellinsky, Wolfe, Grant, Benson, DeBolt, Wensman, Constantine, L. Thomas, Keiser and Sullivan

Delivering the cancellation notice for an insurance policy.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Smith and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1796.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1796 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1796, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1801, by Representatives Johnson, Ogden, Honeyford, Kessler, Dickerson, Blalock, Conway, Wensman, D. Schmidt, Gombosky, Keiser, Wood, Carlson, Quall, Constantine and Mason; by request of Washington State Historical Society

Creating the governor’s award for excellence in teaching history.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1801 was substituted for House Bill No. 1801 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1801 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Johnson, Carlson and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1801.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1801 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1801, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1806, by Representatives Alexander, Grant, Mastin, Buck, Johnson, Butler, Hatfield, Kessler, Sheldon, Chandler, Thompson, Regala, Anderson, Pennington, Clements, Kenney, Sullivan, Blalock, Conway, Mulliken, Tokuda, Constantine, Mason and Schoesler

Increasing penalties for the illegal killing and possession of wildlife.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1806 was substituted for House Bill No. 1806 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1806 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1806.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1806 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1806, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1827, by Representatives Honeyford, Cole and Clements; by request of Department of Licensing

Regulating boxing, kickboxing, martial arts, and wrestling.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1827.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1827 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1827, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1828, by Representative Van Luven

Establishing inspection requirements for private residence conveyances.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Van Luven and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1828.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1828 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

House Bill No. 1828, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1829, by Representative Van Luven

Requiring a record of transaction for trade-in or exchange of computer hardware.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1829 was substituted for House Bill No. 1829 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1829 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Van Luven and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1829.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1829 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1829, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of the following bills and they were placed on the second reading calendar: House Bill No. 1374, House Bill No. 1378, House Bill No. 2019, House Bill No. 2042, and House Bill No. 2054.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1221 was returned to the Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

**INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING**

**HB 2248** by Representatives Huff and Cody; by request of Health Care Authority

AN ACT Relating to basic health plan agents' and brokers' commissions; and amending RCW 70.47.015.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 2249** by Representatives Dunshee, Gardner, Kenney, Lantz, Appelwick, Linville, Constantine, Hatfield, Romero, Chopp, Costa, Blalock, Gombosky, Murray, Quall, Ogden, Morris, Wolfe, Doumit, Cole, Wood, Kessler, Regala, Cody, Keiser, Butler, Anderson, Tokuda, Conway, Poulsen, Cooper and Sullivan; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to property tax relief by allowing for valuation increases to be spread over time, allowing for a property tax credit, and reducing the one hundred six percent limit; amending RCW 84.04.030, 84.40.020, 84.40.030, 84.40.040, 84.40.045, 84.41.041, 84.48.010, 84.48.065, 84.48.075, 84.48.080, 84.12.270, 84.12.280, 84.12.310, 84.12.330, 84.12.350, 84.12.360, 84.16.040, 84.16.050, 84.16.090, 84.16.110, 84.16.120, 84.36.041, 84.52.063, 84.70.010, 84.52.080, 84.56.050, 84.36.383, 84.36.385, 84.36.387, 84.36.389, 84.55.005, 84.55.010, 84.55.020, 35.61.210, 70.44.060, 84.08.115, and 84.55.120; adding a new section to chapter 84.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.55 RCW; creating new sections; and providing a contingent effective date.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**HJR 4212** by Representatives Dunshee, Gardner, Kenney, Lantz, Appelwick, Linville, Constantine, Hatfield, Chopp, Costa, Blalock, Cole, Gombosky, Murray, Anderson, Morris, Romero, Ogden, Wolfe, Doumit, Regala, Tokuda, Wood, Kessler, Butler, Quall, Cody, Keiser, Conway, Poulsen, Cooper and Sullivan; by request of Governor Locke

Amending the state Constitution to allow for property tax relief.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**SB 5016** by Senators McCaslin and Haugen; by request of Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development

Making local improvements.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**SB 5018** by Senator Roach; by request of Statute Law Committee

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SSB 5030** by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senator Horn)

Establishing procedures by which owners of single-family residences may use lake water for noncommercial landscape irrigation.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**ESSB 5035** by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senator Roach)

Establishing the crime of mail theft or receipt of stolen mail.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**SSB 5060** by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Haugen and Roach)

Clarifying driving statutes.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**ESSB 5082** by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Long, Franklin, Oke and Winsley)

Revising procedures for mental health and chemical dependency treatment for minors.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**SSB 5107** by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach and Johnson)

Modifying consent provisions under the Washington business corporation act.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SB 5111** by Senators Winsley and Loveland

Requiring the preparation of maps by county assessors for listing of real estate.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**SSB 5133** by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Zarelli and Schow)

Prohibiting censorship of United States and Washington history.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**SSB 5142** by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Loveland and Winsley)

Allowing county clerks to collect civil judgments where the county is the creditor.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.
SB 5155 by Senators Horn, Heavey and Prince

Adjusting vehicle width limits.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SSB 5157 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Zarelli, Stevens and Kohl)

Providing tax exemptions for items obtained to replace weather-damaged items.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SB 5195 by Senators Deccio and Newhouse; by request of Department of Revenue

Providing for taxation of membership sales in discount programs.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SB 5206 by Senators Wood, Kohl, Bauer, Winsley, Sheldon, Prince, Patterson, Hale and Jacobsen

Exempting Wyoming students admitted to the University of Washington's medical school from the tuition differential.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SB 5217 by Senators Bauer, Winsley, Franklin, Long, Fraser, Roach, Loveland, Rasmussen, Goings, Swecker, Kohl, Oke, Patterson and Haugen; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Providing death benefits for volunteer fire fighters.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 5219 by Senators Winsley, Long, Fraser, Bauer and Franklin; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Transferring law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system plan I service.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 5269 by Senators Winsley and Snyder; by request of State Investment Board

Authorizing the state investment board to delegate certain powers and duties.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

SSB 5270 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley and Snyder; by request of State Investment Board)

Authorizing the state investment board to create public entities for the purposes of handling real estate and other investment assets.
Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

**ESSB 5303** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Sellar, Snyder, Anderson, Wojahn, McAuliffe, Kohl, Deccio and Schow)

Creating a task force on tourism promotion and development.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**SSB 5327** by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Morton, Loveland, Rossi, Stevens, Snyder and Oke)

Creating a habitat incentive program through the department of fish and wildlife.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**SSB 5337** by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Deccio and Swecker)

Extending less than county-wide port districts.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**SSB 5359** by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Fraser, West and Winsley)

Clarifying the exemption from sales and use taxation of the materials used by small companies in the design and development of aircraft parts, auxiliary equipment, and aircraft modification.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**SSB 5363** by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Snyder, Haugen and Hargrove)

Increasing the dollar amount allowed for contracts in which public officers have an interest.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**SSB 5375** by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi, Hargrove, Sellar, Winsley, Strannigan, Morton, Finkbeiner, Oke, Hochstatter and Long)

Redefining a distributing organization to include a public health agency.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SSB 5421** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Newhouse, Prentice and Horn; by request of Gambling Commission)

Updating provisions about the seizure and forfeiture of gambling-related property.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.
SB 5434 by Senators Stevens, Hargrove, Anderson, Rasmussen, Rossi and Benton

Providing for designation of mineral resource lands.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

ESSB 5479 by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Benton, West, Hochstatter, Swecker, McDonald and Oke)

Changing time periods for provisional status for certificated employees.

Referred to Committee on Education.

SSB 5492 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Loveland, Sellar, Prince and Hale; by request of Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development)

Establishing a rural development council.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

SB 5503 by Senators Anderson, Kohl, Winsley, Bauer, Hale, Wood, McAuliffe, Goings, Spanel and Patterson; by request of State Board for Community and Technical Colleges

Adopting recommendations of the state board for community and technical colleges regarding the 1991 merger of community and technical colleges.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SSB 5527 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators McDonald, Rasmussen, Sellar, Fraser and Anderson)

Providing incentives for water-efficient irrigation systems.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SB 5743 by Senators Wood, Kohl, Hale and Kline; by request of Department of Revenue

Creating a leasehold excise tax exemption for organizations qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code that provide student housing.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SSB 5763 by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Finkbeiner, Brown, Rossi, McAuliffe, Roach, Kohl, Jacobsen, Hochstatter, Haugen, Goings and West)

Prohibiting the taxation of internet service providers as network telephone service providers.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.
POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Benson: I wish to let the House know that Representative Scott Smith has received his Bachelor of Arts degree in Accounting.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, March 13, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The Speaker assumed the Chair.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Justin Salisbury and Felisha Viernes. Prayer was offered by Pastor Marius Mezin, Associate Pastor of Braila Baptist Church, Director of Braila Bible College, Romania.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1959,

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4412,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

HB 1854 Prime Sponsor, Representative Chandler: Funding conservation districts to address nonpoint source pollution water quality problems. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget
MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell and D. Sommers.


Excused: Representatives Ogden and H. Sommers.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bill listed on today’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1847, by Representatives Honeyford, McMorris and Dunn

Allowing wine manufacturers that manufacture other liquors to sell the manufacturer’s liquor products on its licensed premises.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Talcott, Representative Dyer was excused. On motion of Representative Kessler, Representatives Ogden, Quall, Mason and Murray were excused. On motion of Representative Cairnes, Representatives Reams, Sheahan and Thompson were excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1847.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1847 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Voting nay: Representative Gardner - 1.

Excused: Representatives Costa, Dyer, Mason, Murray, Ogden, Reams and Sheahan - 7.

House Bill No. 1847, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1849, by Representative Delvin

Changing provisions relating to developmentally disabled dependent children.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1849 was substituted for House Bill No. 1849 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1849 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Delvin and Kastama spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1849.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1849 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Costa, Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Reams - 5.

Substitute House Bill No. 1849, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1878 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1908, by Representatives Thompson and McMorris

Establishing a fire fighting technical review committee.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1908.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1908 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1908, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1932, by Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes, Sheahan, Scott, O’Brien, Wensman, Blalock, Kessler, Conway, Mason and Tokuda; by request of Department of Labor & Industries

Including foreign terrorism in the definition of criminal act for the purposes of crime victim compensation and assistance.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Costa and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1932.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1932 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Reams - 3.

House Bill No. 1932, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1936 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1955, by Representatives McMorris, Quall, Bush and Hatfield

Regulating real estate brokerage relationships.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1955 was substituted for House Bill No. 1955 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1955 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1955.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1955 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1955, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Preventing double payment for insurance benefits for teachers who are legislators.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1971 was substituted for House Bill No. 1971 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1971 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Bush spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1971.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1971 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1971, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1973, House Bill No. 1974 and House Bill No. 1995, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2040, by Representatives Hankins, Delvin, McMorris and Conway; by request of Department of Labor & Industries

Authorizing the continuation of a special insuring agreement for workers’ compensation for the United States department of energy.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hankins and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2040.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2040 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 2040, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2059, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Grant, Thompson and Sheldon

Prohibiting theft of rental property.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2059 was substituted for House Bill No. 2059 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2059 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2059.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2059 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2059, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 2070**, by Representatives Wensman, B. Thomas and Sheahan

Regulating arrests without warrant for traffic and boating offenses.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wensman and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2070.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2070 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

House Bill No. 2070, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2094, by Representatives Costa, Cooke, Skinner and Blalock

Providing cooperative agreements for child support between the department of social and health services and Indian tribes.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa:

(112)

On page 2, after line 29, insert the following:

"(3) The department shall actively seek to enter into cooperative agreements with the federally recognized tribes in the state. By June 30, 1998, and June 30, 1999, the department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature the progress the department has made in entering into agreements with each tribe. The report shall contain recommendations for improving the likelihood of reaching successful cooperative agreements."

On page 3, at the beginning of line 18, strike "may" and insert "shall"

Representatives Costa and Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Costa and Cooke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2094.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2094 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.
Engrossed House Bill No. 2094, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2098, by Representative L. Thomas
Making longshore and harbor workers' compensation insurance available.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2098.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2098 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 2098, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2128, House Bill No. 2149 and House Bill No. 2232, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4009, by Representatives Sherstad, Backlund, Cody, Thompson, O'Brien, D. Schmidt, Lambert and Skinner

Expediting the FDA's approval of new products.

The memorial was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sherstad and Murray spoke in favor of passage of the memorial.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4009.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4009 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Joint Memorial No. 4009, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1005, by Representatives Carlson, Pennington, Ogden, Dunn, Boldt and Mielke

Creating the border county higher education opportunity pilot project.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1005 was substituted for House Bill No. 1005 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1005 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson, Pennington and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1005.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1005 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1005, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1043, House Bill No. 1111, House Bill No. 1112, House Bill No. 1115, House Bill No. 1118, and House Bill No. 1267, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1280, by Representatives Honeyford, Koster, Sheldon, Sump, Boldt, D. Sommers, McMorris, Clements, Crouse, Dunn, Schoesler, Johnson, DeBolt, Mulliken, Thompson, Mielke and D. Schmidt

Removing requirements for public art in department of corrections facilities.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1280 was substituted for House Bill No. 1280 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1280 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Sullivan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1280.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1280 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1280, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1303 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1283, by Representatives Mason, Van Luven, Veloria, Ballasiotes, Costa, Morris, Wood, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott and Blalock

Providing funding for business and economic development programs.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1283 was substituted for House Bill No. 1283 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1283 was read the second time.

Representative L. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative L. Thomas: (154)

On page 1, after line 3, insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds:
(a) The continued economic vitality of downtown and neighborhood commercial districts in our state’s cities are essential to community preservation, social cohesion, and economic growth;
(b) In recent years there has been a deterioration of downtown and neighborhood commercial districts in rural and urban communities due to a shifting population base, changes in the marketplace, and greater competition from suburban shopping malls and discount centers;
(c) This decline has eroded the ability of businesses and property owners to renovate and enhance their commercial and residential properties; and
(d) Business owners in these districts need to maintain their local economies in order to provide goods and services to adjacent residents, to provide employment opportunities, and to avoid disinvestment and economic dislocations, and have developed downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization programs to address these problems.
(2) It is the intent of the legislature to establish a program to:
(a) Work in partnership with these organizations;
(b) Provide technical assistance and training to local governments, business organizations, downtown and neighborhood commercial district organizations, and business and property owners to accomplish community and economic revitalization and development of business districts; and
(c) Certify a downtown and neighborhood commercial district organization’s use of available tax incentives.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:
(1) There may be credit against the tax imposed by this chapter, the value of private contributions that are designed to assist in the development and operation of a downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization program.
(2) The credit allowed under this section is limited to an amount equal to:
(a) Seventy-five percent of the value of the contribution that is made directly, by the business, to a downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization program; or
(b) Fifty percent of the value of the contribution that is made directly, by the business, to the department of community, trade, and economic development for distribution as financial or technical assistance under section 6 of this act.
(3) The total credits allowed under this section for an individual downtown and neighborhood commercial district cannot exceed one hundred thousand dollars in a calendar year. The total credits allowed under this section for a business cannot exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars in a calendar year. The total credits allowed on a state-wide basis cannot exceed two million dollars in a calendar year.
(4) Prior to claiming the credit under this section, the business must obtain approval from the department of community, trade, and economic development. The businesses’ request for approval must include a description of the contribution and the value of the contribution.
(5) This section applies only to contributions for which an application is approved on or after the effective date of this act.
(6) As used in this section:
(a) "Contribution" means either cash or other in-kind contributions or both.
(b) "Downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization program" means a program certified by the department of community, trade, and economic development under sections 1 and 5 through 10 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 84.36 RCW to read as follows:
(1) A physical improvement to a commercial building upon real property, that is located in an area designated by the department of community, trade, and economic development under section 7 of this act, is exempt from taxation for the ten assessment years subsequent to the completion of the improvement. The improvement guidelines established by the local downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization program shall be compatible with existing voluntary or required historic preservation guidelines, and laws and regulations of the local governmental entity.
(2) A taxpayer desiring to obtain the exemption granted by this section must file notice of their intent to construct the improvement prior to the improvement being made on forms prescribed by the department of revenue and furnished to the taxpayer by the county assessor. This exemption cannot be
claimed more than once in a fifteen-year period. As used in this section, "downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization program" has the same meaning as in section 2 of this act.

(3) The department of revenue must adopt those rules as are necessary to properly administer the provisions of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 82.14 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The legislative authority of a local government may impose a sales and use tax in accordance with the terms of this chapter. The tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within an eligible area of the local government. The rate of tax shall not exceed two-tenths of one percent of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or value of the article used in the case of a use tax.

(2) The tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section shall be deducted from the amount of tax otherwise required to be collected or paid to the department of revenue under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW. The department of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the county at no cost to the county.

(3) Any county ordinance or resolution adopted under this section shall contain a provision allowing a credit against the county tax for the full amount of any city tax imposed under this section upon the same taxable event.

(4) All monies collected under this section shall only be used for the purpose of paying the costs for a downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization project in the eligible area where it was collected.

(5) No tax may be collected under this section before January 1, 1998.

(6) Moneys collected under this section must be matched with one dollar of local or private funds for every two dollars of funds collected under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The definitions in this section apply throughout this section and sections 1 and 6 through 10 of this act unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Area" means a geographic area within a local government that is described by a close perimeter boundary.

(2) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and economic development.

(3) "Director" means the director of community, trade, and economic development.

(4) "Local government" means a city, code city, town, or county with a population of at least three hundred thousand.

(5) "Qualified levels of participation" means a local downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization effort that has been certified by the department, as being at the participant-level, associate-level, or partner-level.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The Washington main street program is created within the department. In order to implement the Washington main street program, the department shall:

(1) Provide technical assistance to businesses, property owners, organizations, and local governments undertaking a comprehensive downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization and management strategy within a specified area. Technical assistance includes, but is not limited to: Initial site evaluations and assessments; training for local programs; training for local program staff; site visits and assessments by technical specialists; local program design assistance and evaluation; and continued local program on-site assistance;
(2) To the extent funds are made available, provide financial assistance to local governments or local organizations to assist in initial program start-up costs, specific project feasibility studies, market studies, and design assistance;

(3) Develop objective criteria for selecting recipients of financial assistance under subsection (1) of this section and providing designation of a local program under section 7 of this act;

(4) Operate the Washington main street program in accordance with the plan developed by the department, in consultation with the Washington main street advisory committee created under section 8 of this act;

(5) Allow certification of local downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization programs by local governments with a population greater than one hundred thousand; and

(6) Consider other factors the department deems necessary for the implementation of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The department shall, by rule, adopt criteria for the designation of local downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization programs and official local main street programs. The categories are limited to: Partner-level, associate-level, and participant-level. In establishing the criteria, the department shall consider:

(1) The degree of interest and commitment to downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization and, where applicable, historic preservation by both the public and private sectors;

(2) The evidence of potential private sector investment in the downtown and neighborhood commercial district;

(3) Where applicable, a downtown and neighborhood commercial district with sufficient historic fabric to become a foundation for an enhanced community image;

(4) Organization and financial commitment to implement a long-term downtown and neighborhood commercial district revitalization program that includes a commitment to employ a professional project manager with an operating budget;

(5) The department’s existing downtown revitalization services tier system;

(6) The national main street center’s criteria for designating official main street cities; and

(7) Other factors the department deems necessary for the designation of a local program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) The Washington main street advisory committee is created within the department. The members of the advisory committee are appointed by the director and consist of:

(a) The director, or the director’s designee, who shall serve as chair;

(b) One representative of private industry councils;

(c) Two representatives of local governments;

(d) The chair of the governor’s small business improvement council;

(e) Five representatives from existing main street programs or downtown and neighborhood commercial district programs; and

(f) One representative of the Washington state office of archaeology and historic preservation.

(2) The plan required under section 6 of this act must describe:

(a) The objectives and strategies of the Washington main street program;

(b) How the Washington main street program will be coordinated with existing federal, state, local, and private sector business development and historic preservation efforts;

(c) The means by which private investment will be solicited and employed;

(d) The methods of selecting and providing assistance to participating local programs; and

(e) A means to solicit private contributions for state and local operations of the Washington main street program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The Washington main street trust fund account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from private contributions, federal funds, legislative appropriations, and fees for services, if levied, must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for the operation of the Washington main street program."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

On page 2, after line 21, insert the following:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. Sections 1 and 5 through 10 of this act may be known and cited as the Washington main street act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. Sections 1 and 5 through 10 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Correct the title of the bill.

Representatives L. Thomas, Kastama and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 1283 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1324, by Representatives Dunshee, Chandler and Buck; by request of Department of Revenue

Revising the collection of the metals mining and milling fee.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dunshee and B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Schoesler spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1324.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1324 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 1324, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1325, by Representatives Ogden, Mitchell, Costa, Hankins, O'Brien and Mason
Providing facilities for social service organizations.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1325 was substituted for House Bill No. 1325 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1325 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lantz and Sehlin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1325.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1325 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Voting nay: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1325, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1466, by Representatives Sump, Sheldon, Grant, Hatfield, Delvin and Pennington

Removing authority of the department of natural resources to delegate enforcement of reclamation plans.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1466 was substituted for House Bill No. 1466 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1466 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1466.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1466 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1466, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, all bills passed today were immediately transmitted to the Senate.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1513, by Representatives Radcliff, Scott, Sterk, O'Brien, Robertson, Hatfield, Skinner, Murray, Cairnes, Wolfe and Wensman; by request of Commute Trip Reduction Task Force

Enhancing transportation demand management.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1513 was substituted for House Bill No. 1513 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1513 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Radcliff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Fisher spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1513.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1513 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 77, Nays - 19, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1513, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1524, by Representatives Alexander, Linville, Kessler, DeBolt, Buck, Hatfield, Doumit, Costa, Anderson, Pennington, Constantine, Blalock, Gardner, Sullivan, Lantz and Morris

Allowing commercial salmon fishers to forego an annual season at a reduced fee.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1524 was substituted for House Bill No. 1524 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1524 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1524.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1524 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1524, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1549, by Representatives H. Sommers, Reams, Scott, B. Thomas, Dunshee, Gombosky, Cooper, Chopp, Conway, Costa, Lantz, Cole, O’Brien and Mason

Reducing property tax assessments in response to government restrictions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives H. Sommers and B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1549.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1549 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 1549, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1557, by Representatives Buck, Linville, Crouse, Kastama, Hankins, Grant, Lisk, Doumit, Hatfield, Johnson and Regala

Exempting from taxation and valuation of property improvements used for fish and habitat restoration and protection and water quality and quality improvement programs.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1557 was substituted for House Bill No. 1557 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1557 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1557.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1557 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.
Second Substitute House Bill No. 1557, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1570, by Representatives Sherstad, L. Thomas, Mielke, Smith, Cairnes, Dunn, Thompson, McMorris, Crouse and Honeyford

Exempting the transfer of new residential construction from disclosure requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sherstad spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1570 and the bill held it’s place on third reading.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2042, by Representatives Johnson, Talcott and Hickel

Providing a grant program for reading in the primary grades.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2042 was substituted for House Bill No. 2042 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2042 was read the second time.

Representative Johnson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Johnson: (147)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature acknowledges the definition of reading as "Reading is the process of constructing meaning from written text. It is the complex skill requiring the coordination of a number of interrelated sources of information." Marilyn Adams, Becoming a Nation of Readers 7. The legislature also acknowledges the role that reading accuracy and fluency plays in the comprehension of text. The legislature finds that one way to determine if a child's inability to read is problematic is to compare the child's reading fluency and accuracy skills with that of other children. To accomplish this objective, the legislature finds that assessments that test students' reading fluency and accuracy skills must be scientifically valid and reliable. The legislature further finds that early identification of students with potential reading difficulties can provide valuable information to parents, teachers, and school administrators. The legislature finds that assessment of second grade students' reading fluency and accuracy skills can assist teachers in planning and implementing a reading curriculum that addresses students' deficiencies in reading.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows: (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall identify a collection of tests that can be used to measure second grade reading accuracy and fluency skills. The purpose of the second grade reading test is to provide information to parents, teachers, and school administrators on the level of acquisition of reading accuracy and fluency skills of each student at the beginning of second grade. Each of the tests in the collection must: (a) Provide a reliable and valid measure of student's reading accuracy and fluency skills; (b) Be able to be individually administered;
(c) Have been approved by a panel of nationally recognized professionals in the area of beginning reading, whose work has been published in peer-reviewed education research journals, and professionals in the area of measurement and assessment; and

(d) Assess student skills in recognition of letter sounds, phonemic awareness, word recognition, and reading connected text. Text used for the test of fluency must be ordered in relation to difficulty.

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall select tests for use by schools and school districts participating in pilot projects under section 3 of this act during the 1997-98 school year. The final collection must be selected by June 30, 1998.

(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop a per-pupil cost for each of the tests in the collection that details the costs for booklets, scoring services, and training required to reliably administer the test. To the extent funds are appropriated, the superintendent of public instruction shall pay for booklets or other testing material, scoring services, and training required to administer the test.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall create a pilot project to identify which second grade reading tests selected under section 2 of this act will be included in the final collection of tests that must be available by June 30, 1998.

(2) Schools and school districts may voluntarily participate in the second grade reading test pilot projects in the 1997-98 school year. Schools and school districts voluntarily participating in the pilot project test are not required to have the results available by the fall parent-teacher conference.

(3)(a) Starting in the 1998-99 school year, school districts must select a test from the collection adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. Selection must be at the entire school district level and must remain in place at that school district for at least three years.

(b) Students who score substantially below grade level when tested in the fall shall be tested at least one more time during the second grade. Test performance deemed to be "substantially below grade level" is to be determined for each test in the collection by the superintendent of public instruction during the pilot year of 1997-98.

(c) Each school must have the test results available by the fall parent-teacher conference. Schools must notify parents about the second grade reading test during the conferences, inform the parents of their students' performance on the test, and provide parents with strategies to help the parents improve their child's score.

(d) The school district must report district level results of the fall testing and the number of students who scored substantially below grade level to the superintendent of public instruction.

(e) The superintendent of public instruction must report the district level results and the number of students who scored substantially below grade level in each district to the legislature by the following August 31st of each year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall establish a primary grade reading grant program. The purpose of the grant program is to enhance teachers' skills in using teaching methods that have proven results gathered through quantitative research and to assist students in beginning reading.

(2) Schools and school districts may apply for primary grade reading grants. To qualify for a grant, the grant proposal shall provide that the grantee must:

(a) Document that the instructional model the grantee intends to implement, including teaching methods and instructional materials, is based on results validated by quantitative methods;

(b) Agree to work with the independent contractor identified under subsection (3) of this section to determine the effectiveness of the instructional model selected and the effectiveness of the staff development provided to implement the selected model; and

(c) Provide evidence of a significant number of students who are not achieving at grade level.

To the extent funds are appropriated, the superintendent of public instruction shall make initial grants available by September 1, 1997, for schools and school districts voluntarily participating in pilot projects under section 3 of this act. Subject to available funding, additional applications may be submitted to the superintendent of public instruction by September 1, 1998, and by September 1st in subsequent years. Grants will be awarded for two years.

(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall contract with an independent contractor who has experience in program evaluation and quantitative methods to evaluate the impact of the grant.
activities on students' reading skills and the effectiveness of the staff development provided to teachers to implement the instructional model selected by the grantee. Five percent of the funds awarded for grants shall be set aside for the purpose of the grant evaluation conducted by the independent contractor.

(4) The superintendent of public instruction shall submit biennially to the legislature and the governor a report on the primary grade reading grant program. The first report must be submitted not later than December 1, 1999, and each succeeding report must be submitted not later than December 1st of each odd-numbered year. Reports must include information on how the schools and school districts used the grant money, the instructional models used, how they were implemented, and the findings of the independent contractor.

(5) The superintendent of public instruction shall disseminate information to the school districts five years after the beginning of the grant program regarding the results of the effectiveness of the instructional models and implementation strategies.

(6) Funding under this section shall not become part of the state's basic program of education obligation as set forth under Article IX of the state Constitution.

Sec. 5. RCW 28A.230.190 and 1990 c 101 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every school district is encouraged to test pupils in grade two by an assessment device designed or selected by the school district. This test shall be used to help teachers in identifying those pupils in need of assistance in the skills of reading, writing, mathematics, and language arts. The test results are not to be compiled by the superintendent of public instruction, but are only to be used by the local school district. School districts shall test students for second grade reading accuracy and fluency skills starting in the 1998-99 school year as provided in section 3 of this act.

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall prepare and conduct, with the assistance of school districts, a standardized achievement test to be given annually to all pupils in grade four. The test shall assess students' skill in reading, mathematics, and language arts and shall focus upon appropriate input variables. Results of such tests shall be compiled by the superintendent of public instruction, who shall make those results available annually to the legislature, to all local school districts and subsequently to parents of those children tested. The results shall allow parents to ascertain the achievement levels and input variables of their children as compared with the other students within the district, the state and, if applicable, the nation.

(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall report annually to the legislature on the achievement levels of students in grade four.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. RCW 28A.630.886 and 1995 c 303 s 2 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction may use up to one percent of the appropriated funds for administration of the primary grade reading grant program established in chapter . . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act).

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt timelines and rules as necessary under chapter 34.05 RCW to administer the primary reading grant program in section 2 of this act.

(3) Funding under this section shall not become a part of the state's basic program of education obligation as set forth under Article IX of the state Constitution.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. If specific funding for section 4 of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number and section number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, sections 4 and 7 of this act are null and void."

Correct the title.

Representative Talcott moved the adoption of the following amendment (161) to the striking amendment:
On page 3, after line 2, insert the following subsection:
"(c) If a student, while taking the test, reaches a point at which the student’s performance will be considered "substantially below grade level" regardless of the student’s performance on the remainder of the test, the test must be discontinued."

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Talcott and Johnson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative H. Sommers spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

The amendment to the striking amendment was adopted.

Representative Keiser moved the adoption of the following amendment (162) to the striking amendment:

On page 3, line 6, after "on the test," insert: "identify actions the school intends to take to improve the child's reading skills,"

Representatives Keiser, Talcott and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment. The amendment to the striking amendment was adopted.

Representative Cole moved the adoption of the following amendment (160) to the striking amendment:

On page 3, beginning on line 8, strike subsections (d) and (e)

Representatives Cole and Johnson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment. The amendment to the striking amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the final adoption of the striking amendment (147) as amended.

Representatives Johnson, Talcott and Quall spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment as amended. The striking amendment as amended was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Johnson and Lambert spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2042.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2042 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2. Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff,

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2042, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Providing educational opportunities for students with different learning needs.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Radcliff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Radcliff: (136)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that school districts may seek to provide instructional programs to students who are academically at risk, or who have been subject to disciplinary actions due to behavioral problems. These students have very different learning needs, and providing instruction to these students can be difficult for school districts. The legislature intends to create additional options for the education of children who are likely to be suspended, expelled, or who are exhibiting poor academic performance or behavioral problems.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.150 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The board of directors of school districts may contract with alternative educational service providers for eligible students. Alternative educational service providers that the school district may contract with include, but are not limited to:
(a) Other schools;
(b) Alternative education programs not operated by the school district;
(c) Education centers;
(d) Skill centers;
(e) Dropout prevention programs; or
(f) Other public or private organizations, excluding sectarian or religious organizations.
(2) Eligible students include students who are likely to be expelled or who are enrolled in the school district but have been suspended, are academically at risk, or who have been subject to repeated disciplinary actions due to behavioral problems.
(3) If a school district board of directors chooses to initiate specialized programs for students at risk of expulsion or who are failing academically by contracting out with alternative educational service providers identified in subsection (1) of this section, the school district board of directors and the organization must specify the specific learning standards that students are expected to achieve. Placement of the student shall be jointly determined by the school district, the student’s parent or legal guardian, and the alternative educational service provider.
(4) For the purpose of this section, the superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules to permit students to reenter at the grade level appropriate to the student’s ability. Students who are sixteen years of age or older may take the GED test.
(5) The board of directors of school districts may require that students who would otherwise be suspended or expelled attend schools or programs listed in subsection (1) of this section as a condition of continued enrollment in the school district."
Sec. 3. RCW 28A.205.020 and 1993 c 211 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Only eligible common school dropouts shall be enrolled in a certified education center for reimbursement by the superintendent of public instruction as provided in RCW 28A.205.040. A person is not an eligible common school dropout if: (1) The person has completed high school, (2) the person has not reached his or her twelfth birthday or has passed his or her twentieth birthday, (3) the person shows proficiency beyond the high school level in a test approved by the superintendent of public instruction to be given as part of the initial diagnostic procedure, or (4) less than one month has passed after the person has dropped out of any common school and the education center has not received written verification from a school official of the common school last attended in this state that the person is no longer in attendance at the school, unless such center has been requested to admit such person by written communication. A person is an eligible common school dropout even if one month has not passed since the person dropped out if the board of directors or its designee, of that common school, requests the center to admit the person because the person has dropped out or because the person is unable to attend a particular common school because of disciplinary reasons, including suspension and/or expulsion. The fact that any person may be subject to RCW 28A.225.010 through 28A.225.150, 28A.200.010, and 28A.200.020 shall not affect his or her qualifications as an eligible common school dropout under this chapter.

Sec. 4. RCW 28A.205.080 and 1993 c 211 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature recognizes that education centers provide a necessary and effective service for students who have dropped out of common school programs. Education centers have demonstrated success in preparing such youth for productive roles in society and are an integral part of the state's program to address the needs of students who have dropped out of school. The superintendent of public instruction shall distribute funds, consistent with legislative appropriations, allocated specifically for education centers in accord with chapter 28A.205 RCW. The legislature encourages school districts to explore cooperation with education centers pursuant to section 2 of this act."

Correct the title.

Representatives Radcliff and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Radcliff, Cole, Cooper and O’Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1378.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1378 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1378, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1581, by Representatives Sterk, Quall, Cooper, Hatfield, Kastama, Talcott, Robertson, D. Schmidt, Sump, Mulliken, Johnson, Smith, Crouse, Boldt, Dunn, Sheahan, Schoesler, Carrell, Thompson, Honeyford, Bush, Keiser, Kessler and Morris

Changing provisions relating to disruptive students and offenders in schools.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Ballasiotes moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Ballasiotes: (167)

On page 7, after line 30, insert: "(b) After the effective date of this act, the department shall send a written notice to private and public schools under the same conditions identified in subsection (1)(a)(iii) when a juvenile adjudicated of any offense is transferred to a community residential facility."

Renumber remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly

Representative Ballasiotes spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk, Quall and Johnson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1581.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1581 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1581, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1841, by Representatives Honeyford, Linville, Clements, Carrell, Mielke, Benson, Mitchell, Hickel, Sheahan, Dunn, Skinner, Johnson, L. Thomas and Backlund
Adopting provisions to improve school safety.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1841 was substituted for House Bill No. 1841 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1841 was read the second time.

Representative Honeyford moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Honeyford: (169)

On page 3, beginning on line 20, after ",(a)" strike everything through "persons" on line 24, and insert "The offenses occur after the effective date of this section; (b) the last of the offenses occurs within one year after a prior offense; and (c) the offenses are committed on separate occasions"

On page 9, line 5, after ",who," strike "two or more times during the preceding three years, has engaged in" and insert "after the effective date of this section and within a three-year period, engages in"

Representatives Honeyford and Veloria spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Doumit spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Honeyford moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Honeyford: (168)

On page 7, after line 26, insert the following:

"(5) All school districts must collect data on disciplinary actions taken in each school. The data collected must include information about the grade, gender, ethnicity, race, and age of each child against whom disciplinary action is taken. The information shall be made available to the public upon request."

Representatives Honeyford and Veloria spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford, Linville and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

COLLOQUY

Representative Hatfield asked if Representative Honeyford would yield to a question.

Representative Hatfield: Was reference to pocket knives still within the bill?

Representative Honeyford: References to pocket knives had been removed by the committee.

Representative Mason spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1841.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1841 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 5, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1841, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1845, by Representatives Smith, Sump, Talcott, Hickel, Koster, Mulliken, Mielke, Sheahan, Johnson, L. Thomas and Backlund

Strengthening parents' rights in education.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1845 was substituted for House Bill No. 1845 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1845 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Smith, Chopp, Johnson, Mullikan, Mason and Smith spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1845.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1845 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.
Substitute House Bill No. 1845, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1374, by Representatives Smith, Johnson, Hickel, Talcott, B. Thomas and Thompson

Establishing alternate teacher certification.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1374 was substituted for House Bill No. 1374 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1374 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Smith, Linville, Quall and Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1374.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1374 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 75, Nays - 21, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1374, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1303, by Representatives Hickel, Johnson, Talcott, Smith, Backlund, McMorris, Radcliff, Thompson, Clements, Sheahan, B. Thomas, D. Schmidt, L. Thomas, Huff, Crouse, Robertson, Schoesler, Pennington, Cooke, Sullivan, Mitchell, Kastama, Dyer, Cairnes, Sump, Sterk, McDonald and Koster

Changing education provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1303 was substituted for House Bill No. 1303 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1303 was read the second time.
Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hickel: (156)

On page 3, line 7, strike "and"

On page 3, line 8, after "requirements" insert: ";and (h)Certification and other requirements in chapter 28A.410 RCW"

On page 8, beginning on line 11, strike section 20

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly and correct the title

Representatives Hickel and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hickel: (157)

On page 3, beginning on line 9, after "(6)" strike everything through "bargaining." on line 12

Representatives Hickel and Keiser spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Veloria moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Veloria: (163)

On page 5, beginning on line 9, strike section 7

Renumber remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title

Representatives Veloria and O’Brien spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hickel spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 40-YEAS; 53-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hickel: (158)

On page 12, beginning on line 16, strike section 24

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly and correct the title

Representative Hickel spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hickel: (159)

On page 13, after line 28, insert the following section:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. The superintendent of public instruction, in collaboration with school district personnel and the state board of education, shall conduct a study to identify additional actions that can be taken to increase flexibility for individual schools and school districts. The study shall review the superintendent of public instruction's rule making process, the granting of waivers from provisions of collective bargaining agreements, and other policies and practices that reduce school and school district flexibility. The study shall be submitted to the education committees of the senate and house of representatives by December 1, 1997."

Correct the title

Representative Hickel spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 142 to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1303 was withdrawn.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel, Johnson, Backlund, Quall, Linville and Sump spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cole, Veloria, Chopp, Wensman and Keiser spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1303.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1303 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 33, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1303, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1865, by Representatives B. Thomas, Johnson, Talcott, Thompson, Radcliff, Mulliken, Hickel, Backlund, Zellinsky and McDonald

Allowing school districts to contract with other public and private entities.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1865 was substituted for House Bill No. 1865 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1865 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1865.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1865 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1865, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1588, by Representatives Mulliken, Dickerson, Kastama, Thompson, Boldt, Clements, Romero, Mason, Conway, Blalock, Hatfield, Scott, O'Brien, Costa, Ogden, Dunn, Kessler, Kenney and Cooper

Exempting hearing instruments from sales and use tax.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mulliken and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1588.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1588 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 1588, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1672 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.


Contributing to the cost of a memorial honoring the role of women in the nation’s military services.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Smith spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1683.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1683 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 1683, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1714, by Representative McMorris

Establishing basic health plan eligibility for certain persons eligible for medicare.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1714 was substituted for House Bill No. 1714 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1714 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1714.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1714 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1714, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1716, by Representative McMorris

Eliminating the authority of the department of licensing to keep records of pistol purchases or transfers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1716.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1716 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 1716, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1756, by Representatives Delvin, Koster, Mitchell, Robertson, McMorris, Sheahan, Zellinsky, Smith, Van Luven, Thompson, O’Brien and Dunn
Exempting nonprofit cancer centers from property tax.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, the substitute bill was not substituted for House Bill No. 1756.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Delvin and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1756.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1756 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 1756, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1757, by Representatives Delvin, Sterk, Zellinsky and Hickel
Revising security guard licensing and requirements.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1757 was substituted for House Bill No. 1757 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1757 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Delvin and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1757.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1757 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1757, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1768, by Representatives Dyer, Zellinsky, Sheldon and L. Thomas

Regulating pharmacy ancillary personnel.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1768 was substituted for House Bill No. 1768 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1768 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Parlette and Murray spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1768.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1768 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.
Substitute House Bill No. 1768, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1781, by Representatives Lambert, Ballasiotes, Clements, McMorris, Talcott, Costa, Backlund, Cooke, Huff, Delvin and Thompson

Expanding the supervision management and recidivist tracking program.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1781 was substituted for House Bill No. 1781 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1781 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lambert, O’Brien and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1781.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1781 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1781, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Requiring the health care authority to offer health care savings accounts to unsubsidized basic health plan enrollees.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1805 was substituted for House Bill No. 1805 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1805 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representative Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Backlund again spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1805.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1805 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1805, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1819, by Representatives Benson, Grant, L. Thomas and Zellinsky

Establishing the confidentiality of voluntary compliance efforts by financial institutions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Benson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Constantine spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1819.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1819 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 74, Nays - 22, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 1819, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1826, by Representatives Thompson, Sheldon, DeBolt and Schoesler

Administering the moneys derived from certain public lands.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1826 was substituted for House Bill No. 1826 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1826 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Thomspn spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Regala spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1826.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1826 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 70, Nays - 26, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1826, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1860 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2149, by Representatives Linville, Buck, Regala, Gardner, Kessler and Anderson

Modifying licensing provisions for a dungeness crab--Puget Sound fishery license.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2149 was substituted for House Bill No. 2149 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2149 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Linville and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2149.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2149 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2149, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1046, by Representatives Carlson, Pennington, Radcliff, Ogden, Doumit, Keiser, Scott, Cole, DeBolt, Cooper, Mason, Cody, Costa, L. Thomas, Dyer, Regala, Anderson, Appelwick and O’Brien

Requiring personal flotation devices for children on certain recreational vessels.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson, Regala, Lantz, Doumit, Pennington and Butler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Sherstad, Smith and Carrell spoke against passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Murray was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1046.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1046 and the bill passed the
House by the following vote: Yeas - 75, Nays - 20, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Ballasiotes, Blalock, Boldt,
Buck, Bush, Butler, Carlson, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper,
Costa, DeBolt, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield,
Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Lantz, Linville, Mason,
Mastin, McDonald, Mitchell, Morris, O'Brien, Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala,
Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehl, Sheahan, Sheldon, Skinner, Sommers,
D., Sommers, H., Sterk, Sullivan, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven,
Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood and Zellinsky - 75.
Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Benson, Cairnes, Carrell, Cooke, Crouse, Delvin,
Dunn, Koster, Lambert, Lisk, McMorris, Mielke, Mulliken, Parlette, Robertson, Sherstad, Smith,
Sump and Mr. Speaker - 20.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray and Ogden - 3.

House Bill No. 1046, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1176, by Representatives Koster, Boldt, Smith, Backlund, Dunn,
McMorris, Schoesler, Sheldon, Johnson, DeBolt and Mulliken

Adding child rape to the two strikes list.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1176
was substituted for House Bill No. 1176 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading
calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1176 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Koster, Ballasiotes and Dickerson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill
No. 1176.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1176 and the bill
passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Dunn, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff,
Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason, Mastin,
McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, O'Brien, Parlette, Pennington, Poulsen,
Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott,
Sehl, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sommers, H., Sterk, Sullivan,
Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe,
Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 95.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray and Ogden - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1176, having received the constitutional majority, was declared
passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1860, by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt, McDonald, Regala,
Costa, Mason, Anderson, Kessler and Ogden
Requiring full disclosure of medical and psychological history to prospective adopting parents.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1860 was substituted for House Bill No. 1860 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1860 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Kessler, Representative Quall was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1860.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1860 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Quall - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1860, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1867, by Representatives Backlund, Cody and Sullivan; by request of Department of Health

Revising provisions for food sanitation and safety.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1867 was substituted for House Bill No. 1867 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1867 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1867.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1867 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Quall - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1867, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1881, by Representatives Wensman, Scott, Linville, Wolfe, D. Schmidt and Chandler

Changing provisions relating to public water systems.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wensman and Anderson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1881.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1881 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Quall - 4.

House Bill No. 1881, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1886, by Representatives Sheahan, McMorris, Sherstad, Lambert, Mulliken, Honeyford, Clements, Mitchell, Thompson and Sullivan
Providing immunity from civil liability for information provided by former or current employers to prospective employers.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1886 was substituted for House Bill No. 1886 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1886 was read the second time.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa:

(122)

On page 1, beginning on line 5, strike all of section 1.

Renumner the remaining section and correct the title.

Representatives Costa and Lantz spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Sheahan spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 37-YEAS; 57-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Keiser and Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1886.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1886 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 58, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Quall - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1886, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1887, by Representatives McMorris, Conway, Clements, Honeyford, Cole and O'Brien
Establishing department of labor and industries WISHA advisory committee.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1887 was substituted for House Bill No. 1887 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1887 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1887.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1887 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Quall - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1887, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1903, by Representatives Cairnes, Linville, Conway, Honeyford, Hatfield, Clements, Kenney, Blalock, Cody, Cole, Gardner, Cooke and Tokuda

Regulating the registration of contractors.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1903 was substituted for House Bill No. 1903 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1903 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cairnes and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1903.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1903 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Quall - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1903, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1911 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1922, by Representatives Honeyford, Lisk, Mastin and Cooke
Granting courts of limited jurisdiction concurrent jurisdiction over certain juvenile offenses.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1922.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1922 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Quall - 4.

House Bill No. 1922, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1924, by Representatives Ballasiotes, Sheahan, Dickerson, Radcliff, Sheldon, Chopp, Mason, Conway, Costa, Mitchell, K. Schmidt, Buck, Wensman, Schoesler, Parlette, Hankins, Backlund, Johnson, D. Schmidt, Sterk, Sump, Cooke, Mastin, Scott, O'Brien, Cooper, Hatfield, Blalock, Kessler, Mulliken, Cole, Kenney, Gardner, McMorris and Tokuda

Changing the sentencing for sex offenses.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1924.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1924 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Quall - 4.

House Bill No. 1924, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1928, by Representatives Skinner, Mason, Van Luven, Radcliff and D. Schmidt; by request of Housing Finance Commission

Allowing the housing finance commission to impose covenants running with the land.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Skinner and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Sherstad spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1928.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1928 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 76, Nays - 17, Absent - 1, Excused - 4.


Absent: Representative Keiser - 1.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Murray, Ogden and Quall - 4.

House Bill No. 1928, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1931, by Representatives Cairnes and Backlund

Eliminating provisions dealing with fees and costs regarding land use decisions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cairnes, Benson and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1931.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1931 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Chandler and Sump - 2.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

House Bill No. 1931, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1935, by Representative Reams

Permitting development of inherited property.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1935 was substituted for House Bill No. 1935 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1935 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams, Cairnes and Pennington spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Gardner and Romero spoke against passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1935.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1935 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 59, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1935, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1940, by Representatives Robertson, Appelwick, Sheahan, Regala, Scott, O'Brien, Ogden, Cooper, Blalock, Costa, Cole, Conway, Cody, Wolfe and Cooke

Integrating ignition interlocks into administrative revocation of drivers' licenses.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Sterk moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sterk:

(164)

On page 1, beginning on line 8, strike all of section 1 and insert:

"Sec. 1. RCW 10.05.090 and 1994 c 275 § 18 are each amended to read as follows:

If a petitioner, who has been accepted for a deferred prosecution, fails or neglects to carry out and fulfill any term or condition of the petitioner's treatment plan or any term or condition imposed in connection with the installation of an interlock or other device under RCW 46.20.720, the facility, center, institution, or agency administering the treatment or the entity administering the use of the device, shall immediately report such breach to the court, the prosecutor, and the petitioner or petitioner's attorney of record, together with its recommendation. The court upon receiving such a report shall hold a hearing to determine whether the petitioner should be removed from the deferred prosecution program. At the hearing, evidence shall be taken of the petitioner's alleged failure to comply with the treatment plan or device installation and the petitioner shall have the right to present evidence on his or her own behalf. The court shall either order that the petitioner continue on the treatment plan or be removed from deferred prosecution. If removed from deferred prosecution, the court shall enter judgment pursuant to RCW 10.05.020 and, if the charge for which the deferred prosecution was granted was a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor under Title 46 RCW, shall notify the department of licensing of the removal and entry of judgment.

Sec. 2. RCW 10.05.140 and 1991 c 247 § 1 are each amended to read as follows:

As a condition of granting a deferred prosecution petition, the court shall order that the petitioner shall not operate a motor vehicle upon the public highways without a valid operator's license and proof of liability insurance. The amount of liability insurance shall be established by the court at not less than that established by RCW 46.29.490. As a condition of granting a deferred prosecution petition, the court may also order the installation of an interlock or other device under RCW 46.20.720. As a condition of granting a deferred prosecution petition, the court may order the
petitioner to make restitution and to pay costs as defined in RCW 10.01.160. The court may terminate the deferred prosecution program upon violation of this section."

Renumber the remaining sections, correct any internal references accordingly and correct the title.

Representatives Sterk and Constantine spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Constantine, Cooke and Robertson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1940.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1940 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1940, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1946 and House Bill No. 1965, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1968, by Representatives Wolfe, Gombosky, Tokuda, Kastama, Blalock, Gardner, Cooke, Cole and Anderson

Prohibiting juvenile offenders from being placed in contact with nonoffenders in residential facilities.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1968 was substituted for House Bill No. 1968 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1968 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Wolfe and Cooke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1968.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1968 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1968, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1982, by Representatives Dyer, Cody and Backlund; by request of Health Care Authority

Limiting basic health plan eligibility for persons in institutions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Backlund, Cody and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1982.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1982 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

House Bill No. 1982, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 2028, by Representatives Regala, Anderson, Doumit, Alexander, Cooper, Morris, Blalock and Costa

Establishing a fish seller's license.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2028 was substituted for House Bill No. 2028 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2028 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Anderson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2028.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2028 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 85, Nays - 10, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 2028, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2050 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2062, by Representatives Linville, Chandler, Gardner, Mastin and Grant

Authorizing the establishment of seed crop standards.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2062 was substituted for House Bill No. 2062 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2062 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Linville and Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2062.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2062 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representative Sump - 1.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 2062, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Thompson: Having voted on the prevailing side, moved that rules be suspended, and that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 2028. The motion was carried.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2028.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2028 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 73, Nays - 22, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 2028, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2089, by Representatives Chandler and Honeyford

Identifying livestock.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2089 was substituted for House Bill No. 2089 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2089 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Sheldon and Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Linville spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Chandler against spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2089.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2089 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 29,Absent - 0,Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 2089, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2250 by Representative H. Sommers; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to payment to municipal corporations of property taxes deferred by senior citizens and persons retired by reason of disability; amending RCW 84.38.120; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2251 by Representatives Huff, Clements and Carlson

AN ACT Relating to unemployment compensation eligibility for educational employees; and amending RCW 50.44.050 and 50.44.053.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.
HB 2252 by Representatives Huff, Clements and Carlson

AN ACT Relating to offender employment goals; and amending RCW 72.09.111.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

HB 2253 by Representatives Cody, H. Sommers, Conway, Wood, Blalock, Fisher and Murray; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to the office of health policy; amending RCW 43.70.066, 43.70.068, and 43.72.310; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310; adding new sections to chapter 43.73 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 41.06 RCW; repealing RCW 43.73.010, 43.73.020, and 43.73.040; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

HB 2254 by Representatives Skinner and Cody

AN ACT Relating to authorizing dispensing opticians to perform eye refraction and modify existing prescriptions to reflect changes in vision; amending RCW 18.34.020, 18.34.060, 18.34.050, 18.34.080, 18.34.120, 18.34.136, and 18.34.010; adding new sections to chapter 18.34 RCW; recodifying RCW 18.34.010 and 18.34.060; and repealing RCW 18.34.110.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SB 5017 by Senator Roach; by request of Statute Law Committee

Making technical corrections affecting the department of financial institutions.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5020 by Senators Fairley and Winsley

Making certain sentencing conditions set by local judges enforceable county-wide.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SB 5063 by Senators Roach, Haugen, Johnson and Winsley; by request of Secretary of State

Clarifying naming conventions for corporations and units of government.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SB 5065 by Senators Roach, Haugen, Johnson and Winsley; by request of Secretary of State

Regulating naming of businesses.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SB 5066 by Senators Roach, Haugen, Johnson and Winsley; by request of Secretary of State

Regulating trademarks.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
SSB 5070 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Haugen and McCaslin)

Allowing for reasonable use exceptions in the development of certain lands.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

ESB 5086 by Senators Roach, McDonald, Schow, Swecker, Johnson, McCaslin, Oke and Long

Prohibiting mandatory child support for postsecondary education of adult children.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5098 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Loveland, Sheldon, Snyder, Fairley and Kohl)

Changing provisions relating to bond debt service payments from the community and technical college capital projects account.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

SSB 5104 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Oke, Loveland, Hale, Morton, Swecker, Rossi, Snyder, West, Bauer, Haugen and Rasmussen)

Creating the Washington pheasant enhancement program.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5112 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Winsley)

Providing property tax refund interest from the date of collection.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SB 5113 by Senator Oke

Refunding certain license fees.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SSB 5121 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Johnson, Newhouse and Winsley)

Waiving or canceling interest or penalties for certain estate tax returns.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SSB 5125 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Wojahn and Winsley; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

Authorizing revisions in medical assistance managed care contracting under federal demonstration waivers.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.
SSB 5146 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley, Fraser, Roach, Anderson and Patterson)

Requiring that the position as the retired member of the state investment board rotate among retired representatives of the public employees' retirement system, the law enforcement officers’ and fire fighters' retirement system, and the teachers' retirement system.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SSB 5149 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Spanel, Horn and Kohl; by request of Legislative Ethics Board)

Revising restrictions on legislators' newsletters.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5191 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Goings, Roach, Haugen, Schow, Oke, Winsley and Rasmussen)

Increasing penalties for methamphetamine crimes.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SB 5193 by Senators Prentice, Newhouse, Sellar, Morton, Deccio, Rasmussen, Winsley and Hale; by request of Department of Revenue

Revising sales and use tax exemptions for farmworker housing.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SB 5203 by Senators Roach, Johnson, Hargrove, Zarelli, Benton, Goings, Oke and Long

Making a defendant’s knowledge that a murder victim was pregnant aggravated first degree murder.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SB 5222 by Senators Fraser, Winsley, Long, Bauer and Franklin; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Retirement benefits based on excess compensation.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 5244 by Senators Oke, Fairley, Winsley, Deccio, Prince, Horn, Benton, Swecker, Finkbeiner, Sellar, McDonald and McAuliffe

Allowing trained volunteers to enforce the disabled persons' parking permit law.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SSB 5254 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Roach, Haugen, Jacobsen, Fraser, Zarelli, Strannigan, Deccio, Thibaudeau, Wood, Fairley, Goings and Winsley)

Limiting liability of owners or possessors for injuries to recreational users.
Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SB 5257** by Senators Hochstatter, McAuliffe, Johnson, Zarelli, Finkbeiner, Rasmussen, Goings and Sheldon

Changing the name of the noncertificated employee category.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**SB 5272** by Senators Long, Spanel and Horn; by request of Legislative Ethics Board

Limiting political activities of citizen members of the legislative ethics board.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**SB 5283** by Senators Hargrove and Long

Clarifying deductions from offender funds other than wages and gratuities.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**SB 5287** by Senators Horn, McCaslin, Wood, Prince and Hale

Repealing Title 45 RCW concerning townships.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**SB 5299** by Senators Swecker, Fraser and Oke

Requiring that a petition of review be served upon local government.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**SSB 5311** by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Finkbeiner, Haugen, Heavey, Benton, Winsley and Deccio)

Changing representation on the information services board.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**SB 5331** by Senators Swecker and Fraser; by request of Department of Ecology

Revising provisions for solid waste permits.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**SB 5340** by Senators Hochstatter, Johnson, Zarelli, Oke and Finkbeiner

Changing probation provisions for certificated educational employees.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**SSB 5348** by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Long, Zarelli, Wood, Bauer, McCaslin, Johnson, Oke, Rossi, Swecker, Benton, Anderson, Hargrove, Patterson, Goings, Heavey, Snyder, Winsley, Strannigan, Schow and Rasmussen)
Adding additional circumstances for the commission of aggravated first degree murder.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SB 5364 by Senator Snyder

Authorizing counties to designate an unclassified position for their 911 emergency communications systems.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5385 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Prentice; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands and Department of Natural Resources)

Eliminating pooling of the resource management cost account and removing reference to agricultural college lands.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5387 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators McDonald, Prentice, Kline, Oke and Spanel; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands and Department of Natural Resources)

Establishing the trust land transfer program.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SB 5395 by Senators West, Hochstatter and Spanel; by request of Office of Financial Management

Changing the formula for determining average salaries for certificated instructional staff.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SSB 5401 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Sellar, Snyder and Haugen)

Setting compensation for public utility district commissioners.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SB 5422 by Senators Schow, Newhouse, Prentice and Horn; by request of Gambling Commission

Updating professional gambling definitions.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5426 by Senator McCaslin

Deleting references to the former judicial council.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5445 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Wojahn, Wood, Fairley and Winsley)
Making technical corrections to statutes administered by the department of health.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SSB 5462 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Hale, Anderson, Haugen, Patterson, Goings, McCaslin and Winsley)

Changing local government permit timeline provisions.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

SSB 5464 by Senate Committee on Higher Education (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl, Wood, Jacobsen, Winsley, Bauer, Hale, Patterson, Prince, Brown, Spanel, Sheldon, McAuliffe, Wojahn, Franklin, Thibaudeau, Snyder and Kline)

Extending gender equity provisions.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SSB 5480 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Haugen, Horn, Prentice, Sellar, Oke and Winsley)

Authorizing city and town transportation funding.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SSB 5483 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Johnson, Oke, Snyder, Prentice, Kohl, Rossi, Spanel, Swecker and Schow)

Licensing whitewater river outfitters.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5511 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Hargrove, Zarelli, Haugen, Benton, Strannigan, Rasmussen, Hochstatter, Schow and Goings)

Modifying provisions relating to retention of reports of child abuse or neglect.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

SSB 5513 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Oke, Spanel, Wood and Horn)

Providing exceptions from vessel registration.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SB 5517 by Senators Wood, Kohl, Bauer, Patterson, Winsley, Brown, Goings, Fraser, Loveland, Benton, Sellar, Franklin and Oke

Requiring one student member on each state institution of higher education's governing board.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.
SSB 5526 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators McDonald, Sellar and Anderson)

Allowing for the diversion of certain river or stream waters without a permit.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SB 5593 by Senators Oke and Rasmussen; by request of Department of Revenue

Excluding materials purchased by farmers to improve wildlife habitat or forage from the definition of "sale at retail" or "retail sale" for tax purposes.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5634 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Wojahn, Deccio, Winsley, Long, Horn and Kohl)

Providing for osteoporosis prevention and treatment education.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SB 5642 by Senators Spanel and Oke

Regulating the taking of dungeness crab in Puget Sound.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SB 5732 by Senators Benton, Heavey and Oke

Delivering the cancellation notice for an insurance policy.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

SSB 5838 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Morton and Winsley)

Requiring health boards to respond to requests for on-site sewage permits in a timely manner.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

ESJM 8001 by Senators Hargrove, McCaslin, Snyder, Patterson and Oke

Petitioning for a plaque honoring veterans dying from war-related injuries received in the southeast Asia theater of operations.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSJM 8010 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Strannigan and Oke)

Encouraging the federal government to enact laws requiring airbag deactivation switches be installed in new vehicles.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.
There being no objection, the bills and memorials listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

MOTION

Representative Lisk moved that House Bill No. 2249 be sent to the Committee on Finance.

Representative Appelwick moved to amend Representative Lisk motion to advance House Bill No. 2249 to Second Reading.

Representative Lisk spoke against the motion to amend the motion. Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be Representative Appelwick’s motion to amend Representative Lisk’s motion and advance House Bill No. 2249 to Second Reading.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of Representative Appelwick’s motion and the motion was not carried by the following vote: Yeas - 40, Nays - 55, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Ogden and Quall - 3.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be Representative Lisk’s motion to refer House Bill No. 2249 to the Committee on Finance. The motion was carried.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Friday, March 14, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
Second Reading 10

Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 11

Other Action 11

Second Reading 43
Third Reading Final Passage 43

Other Action 11

Second Reading 44
Third Reading Final Passage 44

Other Action 11

Second Reading 11
Second Reading 11
Third Reading Final Passage 11

Second Reading 12
Second Reading 12
Second Reading Amendment 12
Other Action 16

Second Reading 31
Other Action 12
Second Reading Amendment 31
Third Reading Final Passage 33

Second Reading 16
Third Reading Final Passage 16

Second Reading 16
Second Reading 16
Third Reading Final Passage 17

Second Reading 30
Second Reading 31
Second Reading 31
Third Reading Final Passage 31

Second Reading Amendment 25
Third Reading Final Passage 27
1466  Second Reading 17
1466  (Sub)
Second Reading 17
Third Reading Final Passage 18
1513  Second Reading 18
1513  (Sub)
Second Reading 18
Third Reading Final Passage 18
1524  Second Reading 19
1524  (Sub)
Second Reading 19
Third Reading Final Passage 19
1549  Second Reading 19
Third Reading Final Passage 20
1557  Second Reading 20
1557  (2nd Sub)
Second Reading 20
Third Reading Final Passage 21
1570  Second Reading 21
Other Action 21
1581  Second Reading Amendment 27
Third Reading Final Passage 28
1588  Second Reading 34
Third Reading Final Passage 35
1672  Other Action 35
1683  Second Reading 35
Third Reading Final Passage 36
1714  Second Reading 36
1714  (2nd Sub)
Second Reading 36
Third Reading Final Passage 36
1716  Second Reading 36
Third Reading Final Passage 37
1756  Second Reading 37
Third Reading Final Passage 38
1757  Second Reading 38
1757  (Sub)
Second Reading 38
Third Reading Final Passage 38
1768  Second Reading 38
1768  (Sub)
Second Reading 38
Third Reading Final Passage 39
1781
Second Reading 39
1781
Second Reading 39
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 40
1805
Second Reading 40
1805
Second Reading 40
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 41
1819
Second Reading 41
Third Reading Final Passage 41
1826
Second Reading 41
1826
Second Reading 41
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 42
1841
Second Reading 28
1841
Second Reading Amendment 28
(2nd Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 30
1845
Second Reading 30
1845
Second Reading 30
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 30
1847
Second Reading 2
Third Reading Final Passage 2
1849
Second Reading 2
1849
Second Reading 2
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 3
1854
Committee Report 1
1860
Second Reading 44
Other Action 42
1860
Second Reading 44
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 45
1865
Second Reading 34
1865
Second Reading 34
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 34
1867
Second Reading 45
1867
Second Reading 45
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 46
1878
Other Action 3
1881  Second Reading 46
       Third Reading Final Passage 46
1886  Second Reading 46
1886  (Sub)  Second Reading Amendment 46
       Third Reading Final Passage 47
1887  Second Reading 47
1887  (Sub)  Second Reading 47
       Third Reading Final Passage 48
1903  Second Reading 48
1903  (Sub)  Second Reading 48
       Third Reading Final Passage 49
1908  Second Reading 3
       Third Reading Final Passage 4
1911  Other Action 49
1922  Second Reading 49
       Third Reading Final Passage 49
1924  Second Reading 49
       Third Reading Final Passage 50
1928  Second Reading 50
       Third Reading Final Passage 51
1931  Second Reading 51
       Third Reading Final Passage 51
1932  Second Reading 4
       Third Reading Final Passage 4
1935  Second Reading 51
1935  (Sub)  Second Reading 51
       Third Reading Final Passage 52
1936  Other Action 4
1940  Second Reading Amendment 52
       Third Reading Final Passage 53
1946  Other Action 53
1955  Second Reading 4
1955  (Sub)  Second Reading 5
       Third Reading Final Passage 5
1959  Messages 1
1965  Other Action 53
1968  Second Reading 53
1968 (Sub)  Second Reading 54
  Third Reading Final Passage 54
1971  Second Reading 5
1971 (Sub)  Second Reading 5
  Third Reading Final Passage 6
1973  Other Action 6
1974  Other Action 6
1982  Second Reading 54
  Third Reading Final Passage 55
1995  Other Action 6
2028  Second Reading 55
2028 (Sub)  Second Reading 55
  Third Reading Final Passage 55, 57
  Other Action 56
2040  Second Reading 6
  Third Reading Final Passage 6
2042  Second Reading 21
2042 (Sub)  Second Reading Amendment 21
  Third Reading Final Passage 25
2050  Other Action 56
2059  Second Reading 6
2059 (Sub)  Second Reading 7
  Third Reading Final Passage 7
2062  Second Reading 56
2062 (Sub)  Second Reading 56
  Third Reading Final Passage 56
2070  Second Reading 7
  Third Reading Final Passage 8
2089  Second Reading 57
2089 (Sub)  Second Reading 57
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2094  Second Reading Amendment 8
Third Reading Final Passage 9
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Other Action 9
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5121 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 60
5125 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 60
The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Joseph Baljo and Jeniel King. Prayer was offered by Pastor Joyce O’Connor Magee, United Methodist Church, Lynden.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 13, 1997
The Senate has passed:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Bill Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SENATE BILL NO. 5093</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO.5769</td>
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<tr>
<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO.5867</td>
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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
March 13, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

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<tr>
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<td>SENATE BILL NO. 6007</td>
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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
March 13, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

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<td>SENATE BILL NO. 6004</td>
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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 2091, by Representatives Cairnes, Gardner, Linville and Reams

Allowing counties planning under the growth management act to establish industrial land banks as permissible urban growth outside of an urban growth area.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Cairnes and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Wensman, Representatives Ballsiotes, Dyer, Reams and Skinner were excused. On motion of Representative Kessler, Representatives Poulsen and Ogden were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2091.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2091 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


House Bill No. 2091, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2141, by Representatives Cairnes and Scott; by request of Washington State Patrol

Providing changes to terminal audit violation penalties.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cairnes and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2141.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2141 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


House Bill No. 2141, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2142 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2160, by Representatives Thompson and Johnson

Providing for a joint legislative audit and review of internship credits granted to teachers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2160.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2160 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Ballasiotes, Dyer, Ogden, Poulsen and Skinner - 5.

House Bill No. 2160, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2179 and House Bill No. 2226, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2146, by Representatives Huff and H. Sommers

Regulating claims against the University of Washington.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff and H. Sommers in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2146.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2146 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Ballasiotes, Dyer and Ogden - 3.

House Bill No. 2146, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 13, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5105,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5286,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

HOUSE BILL NO. 1859, by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt, McDonald

Revises provisions on abuse of children and adult dependent and developmentally disabled persons.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1859 was substituted for House Bill No. 1859 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1859 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 1859 and the bill held it’s place on third reading.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1946, by Representatives Kenney, Dyer, Cody, Van Luven, Chopp, Cooke, Keiser, Anderson, Cole, Cooper, Veloria, Hatfield, Constantine, Morris, O’Brien, Ogden, Blalock, Costa, Conway and Tokuda

Increasing protections for vulnerable persons.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1946 was substituted for House Bill No. 1946 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1946 was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kenney, Backlund and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1946.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1946 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1946, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1859, by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt, McDonald

Revises provisions on abuse of children and adult dependent and developmentally disabled persons.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1859.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1859 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.
Substitute House Bill No. 1859, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1055, by Representatives Radcliff, Dunn, Carlson, Dickerson, Hatfield, Conway, Quall, Mason, Costa, Ogden, Anderson and O’Brien; by request of Higher Education Coordinating Board

Creating undergraduate fellowships for needy and meritorious students.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1055 was substituted for House Bill No. 1055 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1055 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Radcliff and Gombosky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1055.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1055 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1055, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1191, by Representatives Backlund, Dyer, Skinner and Sherstad

Providing for review of mandated health insurance benefits.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191 was substituted for House Bill No. 1191 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191 was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Voting nay: Representative Conway - 1.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1219**, by Representatives Pennington, Appelwick, B. Thomas, H. Sommers, Mulliken, Carrell, Morris, Mielke, Backlund, O'Brien, Zellinsky, Thompson, Kastama and Mason

Extending a tax exemption for prepayments for health care services provided under Title XVIII (medicare) of the social security act.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1219 was substituted for House Bill No. 1219 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1219 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Pennington, Dunshee, Kastama, Carlson, Backlund and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1219.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1219 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Voting nay: Representative Cody - 1.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1219, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1235, by Representatives Ogden, McMorris, H. Sommers, Carlson, Wolfe, O’Brien, Dunshee, Kenney, Dickerson, Cole, Mason and Robertson; by request of Joint Legislative Audit & Review Committee

Requiring state agency personal service contracts to specify that the state owns the data generated under the contracts.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1235 was substituted for House Bill No. 1235 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1235 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives H. Sommers and McMorris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1235.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1235 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1235, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1110, by Representatives Chandler, Mastin, McMorris, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Schoesler and Honeyford

Prohibiting a moratorium on new appropriations of Columbia or Snake river waters based on certain contingencies.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1110 was substituted for House Bill No. 1110 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1110 was read the second time.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (62)
On page 2, after line 10, insert the following:
"(3) If an applicant chooses to amend an application filed before September 1993 as described in subsection (1)(b) or (1)(c) of this section, the original application shall be divided into two applications, each carrying the application date and subsequent priority date of the original application. One of the applications shall be for the amount of water chosen under subsection (1)(b) or (1)(c) of this section and the other shall be for the amount of water listed in the original application less the amount chosen under subsection (1)(b) or (1)(c) of this section."
Renumber the remaining subsection consecutively.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Regala moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Regala: (085)
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 43.21A RCW to read as follows:
The department shall process permit applications for new domestic uses from the Columbia river or Snake river, notwithstanding the withdrawals from appropriation established in chapters 173-563 and 173-564 WAC, if applicable water system planning requirements have been fulfilled, cost-effective water conservation has been implemented, and no alternative source is available to satisfy the need for domestic water supply."
Correct the title accordingly.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representative Cooke was excused.
Representatives Regala and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representative Chandler spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
Representative Anderson spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1110.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1110 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 58, Nays - 37, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Cooke, Dyer and Ogden - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1110, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1113, by Representatives Chandler, Mastin, McMorris, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, Schoesler and Honeyford

Authorizing a change in the use of water made surplus by certain activities and modifying transfer provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1113 was substituted for House Bill No. 1113 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1113 was read the second time.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (118)

On page 6, after line 6, insert the following:

"(9) Nothing in this section authorizes a change in a water right or a portion of a water right that has not been perfected through beneficial use prior to the change."

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Mastin and Anderson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Linville spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1113.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1113 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 65, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Cooke, Dyer and Ogden - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1113, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1113, by Representatives Chandler, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, B. Thomas and Honeyford

Granting water rights to certain persons who were water users before January 1, 1993.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1111 was substituted for House Bill No. 1113 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1111 was read the second time.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (91)

On page 3, after line 3, insert the following:

"The department of ecology shall establish a registry of claims for rights conferred under this section. Statements of claim filed under this section shall be filed in the registry alphabetically, consecutively by date of filing, and by such other manner as the department deems appropriate."

Representatives Chandler, Linville and Mastin spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives H. Sommers and Regala spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1113.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 67, Nays - 28, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Cooke, Dyer and Ogden - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1112, by Representatives Chandler, Mastin, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, B. Thomas and Honeyford

Adjudicating water rights.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1112 was substituted for House Bill No. 1112 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1112 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1112.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1112 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Cooke, Dyer and Ogden - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1112, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1115, by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, McMorris, Koster, Delvin, Mulliken, Johnson, Dyer and Honeyford

Altering appeal procedures for water-related actions of the department of ecology.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1115 was substituted for House Bill No. 1115 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1115 was read the second time.

Representative Mastin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mastin: (195)

On page 8, line 13, after "RCW 43.21B.310" strike "or" and insert ". Any party to such an appeal"

On page 8, line 24, after "right;" insert "and"

On page 8, line 27, after "water" strike everything down to and including "RCW" on line 32

On page 9, line 2, after "the" strike "petitioner resides" and insert "project under review is located"

On page 9, line 3, after "telephone" insert "at the discretion of the mediator"

On page 9, line 4, after "in the" strike "mediation" and insert "informal hearing"

On page 9, line 4, after "mediator" insert "and the other parties"

On page 9, line 6, after "issues" insert "and supporting documentation"

On page 9, line 13, after "case" insert "unless the hearings board finds that the settlement agreement is contrary to law."

If the hearings board finds that the settlement agreement is contrary to law, it shall notify the parties and refer the dispute Backlund to mediation. The parties may elect for further mediation or for fact finding with recommendations in accordance with subsection (3) of this section."

On page 9, line 15, after "within" strike "fourteen" and insert "thirty"

On page 9, line 15, after "appointed," insert "the mediator shall issue a statement that a mutually acceptable settlement agreement has not been reached. After the issuance of the statement,"

On page 9, line 18, after "other" strike "party" and insert "parties"

On page 9, line 26, after "hearing," insert "The date of the hearing must be set within thirty days of the appointment of the fact finder."

On page 9, line 27, after "the" strike "petitioner resides" and insert "project under review is located"

On page 9, line 29, after "other" strike "party" and insert "parties"

On page 9, line 36, after "other" strike "party" and insert "parties"
On page 10, line 4, after "presumption" strike everything down to and including "recommendations" on line 6 and insert "as part of the findings of fact or recommendations which presumes that an action will not impair the rights of a senior water right holder"

On page 10, line 15, after "appeal" insert "the water quantity decision"

On page 10, line 18, after "in" strike everything down to and including "plan" and insert "where the land is located upon which the water is or would be used"

On page 10, line 35, after "director" strike everything down to and including "order" on page 11, line 2

On page 11, after line 5, insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

Representatives Mastin and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 188 to Substitute House Bill No. 1115 was withdrawn.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mastin, Linville and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1115.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1115 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1115, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1118, by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, Johnson, Boldt and Honeyford

Reopening the water rights claim filing period.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1118 was substituted for House Bill No. 1118 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1118 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mastin and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1118.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1118 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 82, Nays - 14, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1118, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2050, by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, Clements and Honeyford

Identifying when a new water right would interfere with an existing water right.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2050 was substituted for House Bill No. 2050 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2050 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Linville spoke against passage of the bill.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Substitute House Bill No. 2050 was returned to second reading for the purpose of an amendment.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 2050 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.
HOUSE BILL NO. 2054, by Representatives Chandler, Clements, Mastin and Honeyford

Authorizing local watershed planning and modifying water resource management.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 was substituted for House Bill No. 2054 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Clements and Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Linville and Regala spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the Rules Committee was relieved of House Bill No. 1346 which was placed on the day's second reading calendar.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1651, by Representatives Scott, Costa, Conway and Hatfield

Authorizing the sale of malt liquor in untapped kegs by class H licensees.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Scott and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion of Representative Butler, Representatives Kessler was excused. On motion of Representative Talcott, Representative Van Luven was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1651.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1651 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 74, Nays - 20, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

House Bill No. 1651, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1936, by Representatives Sterk, Sheahan, Costa, Carrell, Hickel, Radcliff and Quall

Regulating notice of claim liens.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1936 was substituted for House Bill No. 1936 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1936 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1936.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1936 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1936, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1973, by Representatives Wolfe, Lambert, Gombosky, Scott, Carrell, Keiser, Hatfield, Blalock, Gardner, Tokuda, Cole and Anderson

Modifying a grandparent's visitation rights.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1973 was substituted for House Bill No. 1973 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1973 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wolfe and Lambert spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1973.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1973 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.
Substitute House Bill No. 1973, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2128, by Representatives Sheahan, Appelwick, Cooke, Radcliff, Dyer, Cooper, Schoesler, Costa, D. Schmidt and Anderson

Stating how a state officer or employee may receive a contract or grant in compliance with the ethics code.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2128 was substituted for House Bill No. 2128 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2128 was read the second time.

Representative Sheahan moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheahan: (184)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 42.52.120 and 1996 c 213 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No state officer or state employee may receive any thing of economic value under any contract or grant outside of his or her official duties. The prohibition in this subsection does not apply where the state officer or state employee has complied with RCW 42.52.030(2) or each of the following conditions are met:

(a) The contract or grant is bona fide and actually performed;
(b) The performance or administration of the contract or grant is not within the course of the officer’s or employee’s official duties, or is not under the officer’s or employee’s official supervision;
(c) The performance of the contract or grant is not prohibited by RCW 42.52.040 or by applicable laws or rules governing outside employment for the officer or employee;
(d) The contract or grant is neither performed for nor compensated by any person from whom such officer or employee would be prohibited by RCW 42.52.150(4) from receiving a gift;
(e) The contract or grant is not one expressly created or authorized by the officer or employee in his or her official capacity (or by his or her agency);
(f) The contract or grant would not require unauthorized disclosure of confidential information.

(2) In addition to satisfying the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, a state officer or state employee may have a beneficial interest in a grant or contract with a state agency only if:

(a) The contract or grant is awarded or issued as a result of an open and competitive bidding process in which more than one bid or grant application was received; or
(b) The contract or grant is awarded or issued as a result of an open and competitive bidding or selection process in which the officer’s or employee’s bid or proposal was the only bid or proposal received and the officer or employee has been advised by the appropriate ethics board, before execution of the contract or grant, that the contract or grant would not be in conflict with the proper discharge of the officer’s or employee’s official duties; or
(c) The process for awarding the contract or issuing the grant is not open and competitive, but the officer or employee has been advised by the appropriate ethics board that the contract or grant would not be in conflict with the proper discharge of the officer’s or employee’s official duties.

(3) A state officer or state employee awarded a contract or issued a grant in compliance with subsection (2) of this section shall file the contract or grant with the appropriate ethics board within thirty days after the date of execution; however, if proprietary formulae, designs, drawings, or research are included in the contract or grant, the proprietary formulae, designs, drawings, or research may be deleted from the contract or grant filed with the appropriate ethics board.

(4) This section does not prevent a state officer or state employee from receiving compensation contributed from the treasury of the United States, another state, county, or municipality if the compensation is received pursuant to arrangements entered into between such state, county, municipality, or the United States and the officer’s or employee’s agency. This section does not prohibit a state officer or state employee from serving or performing any duties under an employment contract with a governmental entity.
(5) As used in this section, "officer" and "employee" do not include officers and employees who, in accordance with the terms of their employment or appointment, are serving without compensation from the state of Washington or are receiving from the state only reimbursement of expenses incurred or a predetermined allowance for such expenses."

Correct the title.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2128.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2128 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2128, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1965, by Representatives Radcliff and Huff

Requiring more private sector representation on the information services board.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1965 was substituted for House Bill No. 1965 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1965 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 176 to Substitute House Bill No. 1965 was withdrawn.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunshee: (183)

On page 4, after line 8, strike the remainder of the bill
Correct the title.

Representatives Dunshee and Wolfe spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Radcliff and Smith spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Radcliff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Radcliff: (189)

On page 4, after line 8, insert:

"Sec. 3. RCW 43.105.190 and 1996 c 137 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department, with the approval of the board, shall establish standards and policies governing the planning, implementation, and evaluation of major information technology projects, including those proposed by the superintendent of public instruction, in conjunction with educational service districts, or state-wide or regional providers of K-12 education information technology services. The standards and policies shall:

(a) Establish criteria to identify projects which are subject to this section. Such criteria shall include, but not be limited to, significant anticipated cost, complexity, or state-wide significance of the project; and

(b) Establish a model process and procedures which agencies shall follow in developing and implementing project plans. Agencies may propose, for approval by the department, a process and procedures unique to the agency. The department may accept or require modification of such agency proposals or the department may reject such agency proposals and require use of the model process and procedures established under this subsection. Any process and procedures developed under this subsection shall require (i) distinct and identifiable phases upon which funding may be based, (ii) user validation of products through system demonstrations and testing of prototypes and deliverables, and (iii) other elements identified by the board.

Project plans and any agreements established under such plans shall be approved and mutually agreed upon by the director, the director of financial management, and the head of the agency proposing the project.

The director may terminate a major project if the director determines that the project is not meeting or is not expected to meet anticipated performance standards.

(2) The office of financial management shall establish policies and standards governing the funding of projects developed under this section. The policies and standards shall provide for:

(a) Funding of a project under terms and conditions mutually agreed to by the director, the director of financial management, and the head of the agency proposing the project. However, the office of financial management may require incremental funding of a project on a phase-by-phase basis whereby funds for a given phase of a project may be released only when the office of financial management determines, with the advice of the department, that the previous phase is satisfactorily completed;

(b) Acceptance testing of products to assure that products perform satisfactorily before they are accepted and final payment is made; and

(c) Other elements deemed necessary by the office of financial management.

(3) The department shall evaluate projects at three stages of development as follows: (a) Initial needs assessment; (b) feasibility study including definition of scope, development of tasks and timelines, and estimated costs and benefits; and (c) final project implementation plan based upon available funding.

Copies of project evaluations conducted under this subsection shall be submitted to the office of financial management (and), the chairs, ranking minority members, and staff coordinators of the ((appropriations)) fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives, and the policy committees of the senate and house of representatives with responsibilities for issues relating to the agency that undertakes the project.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 43.105 RCW to read as follows:

The information services board shall coordinate efforts by agencies to implement modifications to state information technology necessitated by the year 2000."
Renumber the following section consecutively and correct the title.

Representatives Radcliff and Wolfe spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Radcliff and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1965.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1965 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representative Smith - 1.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1965, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2050, by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, Clements and Honeyford

Identifying when a new water right would interfere with an existing water right.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 200 to Substitute House Bill No. 2050 was withdrawn.

Representative Mastin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mastin: (206)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 90.03.380 and 1996 c 320 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The right to the use of water which has been applied to a beneficial use in the state shall be and remain appurtenant to the land or place upon which the same is used: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That said right may be transferred to another or to others and become appurtenant to any other land or place of use without loss of priority of right theretofore established if such change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. The point of diversion of water for beneficial use or the purpose of use may be changed, if such change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. Before any transfer of such right to use water or change of the point of diversion of water or change of
purpose of use can be made, any person having an interest in the transfer or change, shall file a written application therefor with the department, and said application shall not be granted until notice of said application shall be published as provided in RCW 90.03.280. If it shall appear that such transfer or such change may be made without injury or detriment to existing rights, the department shall issue to the applicant a certificate in duplicate granting the right for such transfer or for such change of point of diversion or of use. The certificate so issued shall be filed and be made a record with the department and the duplicate certificate issued to the applicant may be filed with the county auditor in like manner and with the same effect as provided in the original certificate or permit to divert water.

(2) If an application for change proposes to transfer water rights from one irrigation district to another, the department shall, before publication of notice, receive concurrence from each of the irrigation districts that such transfer or change will not adversely affect the ability to deliver water to other landowners or impair the financial integrity of either of the districts.

(3) A change in place of use by an individual water user or users of water provided by an irrigation district need only receive approval for the change from the board of directors of the district if the use of water continues within the irrigation district, and when water is provided by an irrigation entity that is a member of a board of joint control created under chapter 87.80 RCW, approval need only be received from the board of joint control if the use of water continues within the area of jurisdiction of the joint board and the change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights.

(4) Any right represented by an application for a water right for which a permit for water use has not been issued by the time a transfer or change is approved under this section shall not be construed as being injured or detrimentally affected by the transfer or change.

(5) This section shall not apply to trust water rights acquired by the state through the funding of water conservation projects under chapter 90.38 RCW or RCW 90.42.010 through 90.42.070.

Sec. 2. RCW 90.44.100 and 1987 c 109 s 113 are each amended to read as follows:

After an application to, and upon the issuance by the department of an amendment to the appropriate permit or certificate of ground water right, the holder of a valid right to withdraw public ground waters may, without losing his priority of right, construct wells or other means of withdrawal at a new location in substitution for or in addition to those at the original location, or he may change the manner or the place of use of the water: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That such amendment shall be issued only after publication of notice of the application and findings as prescribed in the case of an original application. Such amendment shall be issued by the department only on the conditions that: (1) The additional or substitute well or wells shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original well or wells; (2) use of the original well or wells shall be discontinued upon construction of the substitute well or wells; (3) the construction of an additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right conveyed by the original permit or certificate; and (4) other existing rights shall not be impaired. The department may specify an approved manner of construction and shall require a showing of compliance with the terms of the amendment, as provided in RCW 90.44.080 in the case of an original permit.

Any right represented by an application for a water right for which a permit for water use has not been issued by the time an amendment is approved under this section shall not be construed as being impaired by the amendment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

(1) In making a determination of impairment:

(a) The availability of water and the effect of granting a water right permit, transfer, change, or amendment are those that exist with the incorporation of the effects of any impoundment to be provided by the applicant under RCW 90.03.255 or 90.44.055 or any other water supply augmentation or mitigation to be provided by the applicant as part of his or her application for a water right permit, transfer, change, or amendment.

(b) The existence of hydraulic continuity between ground water and a surface body of water does not, in itself, constitute the impairment of an existing water right in the surface water body by a proposed permit for a ground water right or an amendment to a ground water right.

(c) The department shall take into consideration seasonal variations in water supply and in the recharge of surface and ground water bodies.

(d) Impairment of an existing water right in a surface body of water by a proposed permit for a ground water right or for an amendment to a ground water right does not exist if the withdrawal of
water under the permit or amendment would reduce within one hundred years the supply of water to the surface water body by less than one-tenth of one percent of the annual rate of ground water withdrawal proposed under the permit or amendment. In considering the cumulative effects of multiple applications for such permits and amendments and of ground water rights that are junior to the existing water rights in the surface water body, the department may find impairment by those applications that would, taken in the order of their priority dates, cause a reduction in the supply of water to the surface water body by one percent or more within one hundred years and would, by that reduction, result in the impairment of existing water rights.

(2) As used in this section:

(a) "Determination of impairment" means a determination made by the department as to whether the issuance of a water right permit under this chapter or chapter 90.44 RCW or whether the approval of a transfer, change, or amendment under RCW 90.03.380 or 90.44.100 would injure or impair existing water rights or would conflict with or be detrimental to existing water rights;

(b) "Impairment" means an injury or impairment of existing water rights or a conflict with or detriment to existing water rights; and

(c) "Existing water rights" includes, but is not limited to, rights to the diversion, withdrawal, storage, and use of water existing before a determination of impairment, instream or base flows set by the department by rule before a determination of impairment, and any flows determined to be necessary by the department under RCW 75.20.050.

(3) The rule of impairment provided by subsection (1)(d) of this section is provided for water allocation decisions made by the department and is provided to adjust for the uncertainty that is inherent in evaluating the effects of proposed ground water withdrawals on surface water bodies. It does not provide a standard for reviewing any claim made by a person with a senior water right in superior court or in an appeal of a superior court decision that the person’s senior water right is impaired or injured by the use of any junior water right or that the use of a junior water right conflicts with or is detrimental to the use of the person’s senior water right. A decision by a superior court regarding any claim of impairment of existing water rights shall be made based on the preponderance of the evidence presented. The superior court shall consider any such claim de novo and shall not grant deference to determinations that may have been made by the department or by the pollution control hearings board regarding such a claim.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 43.21B RCW to read as follows:

In appeals involving a decision or order of the hearings board regarding a determination of impairment made by the department of ecology or regarding the impairment of existing water rights, the appeal to superior court shall be de novo. A decision by a superior court regarding a determination of impairment or the impairment of existing water rights shall be made based on the preponderance of the evidence presented. The superior court shall not grant deference to a determination made by the department of ecology or by the pollution control hearings board regarding such a determination or such impairment. Appellate review of a decision of the superior court may be sought as in other civil cases.

As used in this section, "determination of impairment," "impairment," and "existing water rights" have the meanings provided by section 3 of this act."

Correct the title.

Representative Masting spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Linville spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2050.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2050 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 59, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2050, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2050.

JIM DUNN, 17th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 2142, by Representatives Lisk, Cole and Honeyford

Regulating assignment rights of lottery winnings.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Lisk moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lisk:

(193)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 67.70.100 and 1996 c 228 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except under subsection (2) of this section, no right of any person to a prize drawn is assignable, except that payment of any prize drawn may be paid to the estate of a deceased prize winner, and except that any person pursuant to an appropriate judicial order may be paid the prize to which the winner is entitled.

(2)(a) The payment of all or part of the remainder of an annuity may be assigned to another person, pursuant to a voluntary assignment of the right to receive future annual prize payments, if the assignment is made pursuant to an appropriate judicial order of the Thurston county superior court or the superior court of the county in which the prize winner resides, if the winner is a resident of Washington state. If the prize winner is not a resident of Washington state, the winner must seek an appropriate order from the Thurston county superior court.

(b) If there is a voluntary assignment under (a) of this subsection, a copy of the petition for an order under (a) of this subsection and all notices of any hearing in the matter shall be served on the attorney general no later than ten days before any hearing or entry of any order.

(c) The court receiving the petition may issue an order approving the assignment and directing the director to pay to the assignee the remainder or portion of an annuity so assigned upon finding that all of the following conditions have been met:

(i) The assignment has been memorialized in writing and executed by the assignor and is subject to Washington law;"
(ii) The assignor provides a sworn declaration to the court attesting to the facts that the assignor has had the opportunity to be represented by independent legal counsel in connection with the assignment, has received independent financial and tax advice concerning the effects of the assignment, and is of sound mind and not acting under duress, and the court makes findings determining so; (and)

(iii) The assignee has provided a one-page written disclosure statement that sets forth in bold-face type, fourteen point or larger, the payments being assigned by amount and payment dates, the purchase price, or loan amount being paid; the interest rate or rate of discount to present value, assuming monthly compounding and funding on the contract date; and the amount, if any, of any origination or closing fees that will be charged to the lottery winner. The disclosure statement must also advise the winner that the winner should consult with and rely upon the advice of his or her own independent legal or financial advisors regarding the potential federal and state tax consequences of the transaction; and

(iv) The proposed assignment does not and will not include or cover payments or portions of payments subject to offsets pursuant to RCW 67.70.255 unless appropriate provision is made in the order to satisfy the obligations giving rise to the offset.

(d) The commission may intervene as of right in any proceeding under this section but shall not be deemed an indispensable or necessary party.

(3) The director will not pay the assignee an amount in excess of the annual payment entitled to the assignor.

(4) The commission may adopt rules pertaining to the assignment of prizes under this section, including recovery of actual costs incurred by the commission. The recovery of actual costs shall be deducted from the initial annuity payment made to the assignee.

(5) No voluntary assignment under this section is effective unless and until the national office of the federal internal revenue service provides a ruling that declares that the voluntary assignment of prizes will not affect the federal income tax treatment of prize winners who do not assign their prizes. If at any time the federal internal revenue service or a court of competent jurisdiction provides a determination letter, revenue ruling, other public ruling of the internal revenue service or published decision to any state lottery or state lottery prize winner declaring that the voluntary assignment of prizes will effect the federal income tax treatment of prize winners who do not assign their prizes, the director shall immediately file a copy of that letter, ruling, or published decision with the secretary of state. No further voluntary assignments may be allowed after the date the ruling, letter, or published decision is filed.

(6) The occurrence of any event described in subsection (5) of this section does not render invalid or ineffective assignments validly made and approved pursuant to an appropriate judicial order before the occurrence of any such event.

(7) The requirement for a disclosure statement in subsection (2)(c)(iii) of this section does not apply to any assignment agreement executed before the effective date of this section.

(8) The commission and the director shall be discharged of all further liability upon payment of a prize pursuant to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Representatives Lisk and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lisk and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2142.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2142 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed House Bill No. 2142, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1391, by Representatives Appelwick, Costa, Sheahan, Constantine, Kenney, Radcliff, Blalock, Tokuda, Zellinsky, Lantz and Ogden

Regulating unincorporated nonprofit associations.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Appelwick moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Appelwick: (127)

On page 3, line 14, after "expenses." insert "Nothing in this subsection (2)(e) affects the application of chapter 19.09 RCW to the charitable solicitations of an organization."

Representatives Appelwick and Sheahan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Appelwick and Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1391.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1391 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Engrossed House Bill No. 1391, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1298, by Representatives Chandler, Linville, Schoesler, Regala, Koster, Morris, Anderson and Pennington

Regulating compensatory mitigation.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1298 was substituted for House Bill No. 1298 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1298 was read the second time.

Representative Keiser moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Keiser: (197)

On page 5, after line 14, insert "NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A project that involves the movement of two million cubic yards or more of soil shall provide complete on-site mitigation at the site where the soil is removed and the site where the soil is to be placed."

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Keiser spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Chandler spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1298.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1298 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1298, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1330, by Representatives L. Thomas, Grant, Zellinsky, Sheldon and Mielke

Modifying the administration of the responsibilities of self-insurers.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (186)

On page 3, after line 22, insert the following:

"(8)(a) Self-insured employers and authorized claims administrators have a duty of good faith and fair dealing towards claimants. Violations of these good faith duties shall include, but not be limited to: (i) Attempting to close a valid claim under this section that the employer, or his or her representative, knew or should have known was closed inappropriately; (ii) interfering with a worker's right to file a claim under this title; or (iii) having a history or pattern of repeated unfair claims practices. The department shall adopt rules on unfair claims practices.

(b) A worker of a self-insured employer or beneficiary of such worker who is injured or damaged because of a violation of this section or violation of a rule adopted by the director under this title may bring a civil action against a self-insured employer or authorized claims administrator in superior court to enjoin further violations and to recover reasonable damages sustained by him or her, together with the cost of the suit including reasonable attorneys' fees to be set by the court."

Representative Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative L. Thomas spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 41-YEAS; 53-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Smith and Thompson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Keiser and Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1330.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1330 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 40, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Schoesler, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Wensman, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 54.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

House Bill No. 1330, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1346, by Representatives B. Thomas and Crouse; by request of Department of Revenue

Imposing use tax on electricity.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1346 was substituted for House Bill No. 1346 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1346 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1346.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1346 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dickerson, Fisher and Regala - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1346, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1351, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher and Mitchell

Stabilizing the monthly refund from the marine fuel tax refund account.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1351 was substituted for House Bill No. 1351 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 1351 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative K. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1351.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1351 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representatives Cole, Dunshee and Lantz - 3.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1351, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1354, by Representatives Pennington, Mielke, Dunn and Boldt

Changing air pollution control provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1354 was substituted for House Bill No. 1354 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1354 was read the second time.

Representative Pennington moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Pennington: (215)

On page 1, line 14, strike "All members shall be elected officials."

On page 1, line 19, strike "except that a member shall attend at least seventy percent of the meetings."

Representatives Pennington and DeBolt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Pennington moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Pennington: (216)

On page 4, line 17, strike "twelve" and insert "fourteen"
On page 4, line 19, after "shall be" strike all language through "intended" on line 21 and insert "set at the minimum whole dollar amount required"

Representative Pennington spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Regala moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Regala: (214)

On page 7, after line 13, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Representative Regala spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Pennington spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 81-YEAS; 11-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Pennington and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1354.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1354 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representatives Cooper and Linville - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1354, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1361 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1387, by Representatives Zellinsky, K. Schmidt, L. Thomas, Johnson, Huff and Dyer

Clarifying the frequency of filing of rate adjustments for mandatory offering of basic health plan benefits.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1387 was substituted for House Bill No. 1387 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1387 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Zellinsky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Wolfe spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1387.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1387 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yea - 66, Nays - 28, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1387, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1392, by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Radcliff, O'Brien, Kessler, Blalock, Cody, Murray, Cole, Morris, Tokuda, Conway, Skinner, Johnson, Linville, Scott, Keiser, Cooper, Gombosky, Ogden and Anderson

Enhancing crime victims' compensation.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1392 was substituted for House Bill No. 1392 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1392 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Ballasiotes and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1392.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1392 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1392, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1361, by Representatives Clements, Skinner and Honeyford

Regulating electricians and electrical installations.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1361 was substituted for House Bill No. 1361 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Representative House Bill No. 1361 was read the second time.

Representative Clements moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Clements: (223)

On page 3, line 4, after "to" insert "no more than"

On page 3, line 5, after "at" strike "a trade school((" and insert "((a trade school"

On page 3, line 6 after ")1946)" and insert "public community or technical colleges, or not-for profit nationally accredited trade or technical schools"

On page 3, line 8, after "RCW" strike "and accredited by the accrediting commission of career schools and colleges of technology"

On page 3, line 16, after "trade" strike ")in a technical or trade school ((approved" and insert "in a school approved) at public community or technical colleges, or not-for profit nationally accredited technical or trade schools"

On page 3, line 19, after "RCW" strike "and accredited by the accrediting commission of career schools and colleges of technology"

On page 4, line 38, after "trade" strike "in a technical or trade school that is ((approved)) and insert "in a school that is approved) at public community or technical colleges, or not-for profit nationally accredited technical or trade schools"
On page 5, line 2, after "RCW" strike "and accredited by the accrediting commission of career schools and colleges of technology."

Representative Clements spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Clements and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1361.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1361 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representatives Doumit and Dunn - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1361, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1361.

MARK DOUMIT, 19th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1402, by Representatives Ogden, Carlson, Fisher, Blalock, O'Brien and Doumit

Providing additional alternatives for financing street, road, and highway projects.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1402 was substituted for House Bill No. 1402 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1402 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representative Carlson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1402.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1402 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1402, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, House Bill No. 1403 was referred to the Rules Committee.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1404, by Representatives McMorris, Honeyford, Robertson, Ballasiotes, Conway, Wood, Cole, Boldt and Delvin

Revising provisions for punch boards and pull-tabs.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1404 was substituted for House Bill No. 1404, and the substitute bill was placed on second reading.

Substitute House Bill No. 1404 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cole spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1404.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1404 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 38, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Substitute House Bill No. 1404, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1405, by Representatives McMorris, Robertson, Wood, Conway, Boldt and Delvin

Authorizing joint bingo games.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Smith spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1405.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1405 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 72, Nays - 22, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Benson, Bush, Cole, Crouse, Dickerson, Dunn, Dunshee, Hankins, Keiser, Kenney, Koster, Lambert, McDonald, Mielke, Murray, Parlette, Pennington, Quall, Smith, Sterk and Mr. Speaker - 22.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

House Bill No. 1405, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Sheldon: Having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 1404. The motion passed.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1404.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1404 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 55, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1404, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1418, by Representatives Buck and Regala; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands and Department of Natural Resources

Eliminating pooling of the resource management cost account and removing reference to agricultural college lands.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1418 was substituted for House Bill No. 1418 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1418 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1418.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1418 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1418, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1423, by Representatives Sterk, Costa, Sheahan, McDonald, Koster, Robertson, Carrell, Sherstad, Hickel, Delvin, L. Thomas, O’Brien and Conway
Strengthening the criminal justice training commission.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1423 was substituted for House Bill No. 1423 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1423 was read the second time.

Representative Delvin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Delvin: (150)

On page 1, after line 3, insert the following section:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.101.030 and 1981 chapter 132 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
The commission shall consist of((twelve))fourteen members, who shall be selected as follows:
(1) The governor shall appoint two incumbent sheriffs and two incumbent chiefs of police.
(2) The governor shall appoint one person employed in a county correctional system and one person employed in the state correctional system.
(3) The governor shall appoint one incumbent county prosecuting attorney or municipal attorney.
(4) The governor shall appoint one elected official of a local government.
(5) The governor shall appoint one private citizen.
(6) The governor shall appoint two peace officers representing local law enforcement agencies.
The appointments must be from a list submitted by the Washington State Council of Police Officers.

The three remaining members shall be:
(a) The attorney general;
(b) The special agent in charge of the Seattle office of the federal bureau of investigation; and
(c) The chief of the state patrol."

Renumber remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly and correct the title accordingly.

Representative Delvin and Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 108 to Substitute House Bill No. 1423 was withdrawn.

Representative Delvin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Delvin: (149)

On page 3, line 21, after "Washington." insert "The six officers under subsections (a) and (b) of this subsection may be appointed by the executive director only after the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs provides the director with the names of qualified officers."

On page 3, line 22, strike "solicited" and insert "appointed"

Representatives Delvin and Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Robertson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Robertson: (194)

On page 6, line 14, after "within" strike "one hundred" and insert "fifty"

Representative Robertson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.
Representative Sterk moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sterk:

(196)

On page 6, after line 36, insert the following:

"Sec. 13. RCW 43.101.200 and 1993 sp.s c 24 § 920 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All law enforcement personnel, except volunteers, and reserve officers whether paid or unpaid, initially employed on or after January 1, 1978, shall engage in basic law enforcement training which complies with standards adopted by the commission pursuant to RCW 43.101.080. For personnel initially employed before January 1, 1990, such training shall be successfully completed during the first fifteen months of employment of such personnel unless otherwise extended or waived by the commission and shall be requisite to the continuation of such employment. Personnel initially employed on or after January 1, 1990, shall commence basic training during the first six months of employment unless the basic training requirement is otherwise waived or extended by the commission. Successful completion of basic training is requisite to the continuation of employment of such personnel initially employed on or after January 1, 1990.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the commission shall provide the aforementioned training together with necessary facilities, supplies, materials, and the board and room of noncommuting attendees for seven days per week. Additionally, to the extent funds are provided for this purpose, the commission shall reimburse to participating law enforcement agencies with ten or less full-time commissioned patrol officers the cost of temporary replacement of each officer who is enrolled in basic law enforcement training: PROVIDED, That such reimbursement shall include only the actual cost of temporary replacement not to exceed the total amount of salary and benefits received by the replaced officer during his or her training period."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Sterk and Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk, Costa and O’Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1423.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1423 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.
Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1423, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Smith, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House immediately reconsider the vote on House Bill No. 1330. The motion was not adopted.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1427, by Representatives Radcliff, Mitchell, Robertson, Buck, Cairnes, Ballasiotes, L. Thomas, Sterk, Thompson, DeBolt, Mielke, Smith, Johnson and Dunn; by request of Legislative Transportation Committee

Updating special fuel tax provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1427 was substituted for House Bill No. 1427 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1427 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Radcliff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Fisher and Schoesler spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1427.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1427 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 59, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1427, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1432, by Representatives Cooke, Tokuda, Kastama and Dickerson; by request of Department of Social and Health Services

Modifying the adoption support reconsideration program
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1432 was substituted for House Bill No. 1432 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1432 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Gombosky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1432.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1432 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Yeas - 92, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1432, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1436, by Representatives Van Luven, Veloria, Keiser, Morris, Wolfe, Scott, Cole, Mason, Dunn, Quall, Lantz, Cooper, Gombosky, Murray, Costa and Anderson; by request of Washington State Library

Electronic information access for public libraries

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1436 was substituted for House Bill No. 1436 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1436 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dunn, Doumit and Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1436.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1436 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1436, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1512 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.


Providing for enhanced sentencing for criminal street gang activity.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1522 was substituted for House Bill No. 1522 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1522 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carrell and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1522.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1522 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Voting nay: Representatives Mason, Tokuda and Veloria - 3.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1522, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1576, House Bill No. 1592 and House Bill No. 1599, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1602, by Representatives Schoesler, Huff, Lisk, Chandler, Clements and Honeyford

Requiring that information provided by governmental entities on household hazardous waste or consumer product substitutes be competent and reliable.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1602 was substituted for House Bill No. 1602 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1602 was read the second time.

Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Schoesler: (224)

Strike all material after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 70.102 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The director shall establish a specialty chemicals alternatives advisory committee to be composed of five members appointed by the director: One member shall be a representative of the Washington state university extension services; one member shall represent a consumer based organization; one member shall represent an agricultural chemical organization; one member shall represent a household consumer products organization; and one member shall represent the department of ecology.
(2) The purpose of the committee is to review and advise the department on materials produced for the public on alternatives to household chemicals. The purpose of the review is to advise the department on the accuracy and scientific content of all materials published by the department on chemical alternatives in order to assure the accuracy of and public confidence in the information."

Representatives Schoesler and Wood spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Wood, Cole and Dickerson spoke against the passage of the bill.

Representative Schoesler again spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1602.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1602 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 40, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1602, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1607 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.


Establishing the Hispanic American endowed scholarship program.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1622 was substituted for House Bill No. 1622 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1622 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Kenney and Carlson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1622.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1622 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 84, Nays - 10, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1622, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1670, House Bill No. 1685 and House Bill No. 1687, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.


Creating the K-20 telecommunications network governance committee.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1698 was substituted for House Bill No. 1698 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1698 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Huff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1698.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1698 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1698, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1709 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1740, by Representatives Sheahan, Boldt, Thompson and Clements

Prohibiting the purchase of liquor by intoxicated persons.
The bill was read the second time.

Representative Sheahan moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheahan: (180)
On page 1, line 8, after "is" insert "apparently"

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sheahan moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheahan: (181)
On page 2, line 5, strike "misdemeanor" and insert "civil infraction"

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1740.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1740 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 73, Nays - 21, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1740, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1687, by Representatives Sheahan, Delvin, Sheldon, McMorris, L. Thomas, Mielke, Grant, Morris, Benson, D. Schmidt, Alexander, D. Sommers, Johnson, Thompson, Talcott and Boldt

Reducing the impact of wage garnishments on employers.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1687 was substituted for House Bill No. 1687 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1687 was read the second time.

Representative Appelwick moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Appelwick: (208)
On page 13, beginning on line 8, after "in effect" strike all material through "until" on line 9 and insert "for one year after the employee has left your employment or"

On page 13, beginning on line 11, after "employee" strike all material through "remuneration)" on line 18 and insert ", whichever is later. You shall continue to hold the wage assignment order during that period. If the employee returns to your employment during the one year period you shall immediately begin to withhold the employee’s earnings according to the terms of the wage assignment order. If the employee has not returned to your employment within one year, the wage assignment will cease to have effect at the expiration of the one year period, unless you still owe the employee earnings or other remuneration"

On page 14, beginning on line 35, after "in effect" strike all material through "until" and insert "for one year after the employee has left the employment or"

Beginning on page 14, line 36, after "the employer" strike all material through "obligor)" on page 15 line 8 and insert "has been in possession of any earnings or remuneration owed to the employee, whichever is later. The employer shall continue to hold the wage assignment order during that period. If the employee returns to the employer’s employment during the one year period the employer shall immediately begin to withhold the employee’s earnings or remuneration according to the terms of the wage assignment order. If the employee has not returned within one year, the wage assignment shall cease to have effect at the expiration of the one year period, unless the employer continues to owe remuneration for employment to the obligor"

On page 18, beginning on line 18, after "or" strike all material through "no longer" on line 22 and insert "one year has expired since the employer has employed the responsible parent or has been in possession of or owing any earnings to the responsible parent or the employment security department has been"

Representative Appelwick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Sheahan spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (225)
On page 15, line 12, after "((ten))" strike "thirty" and insert "fifteen"
On page 15, line 14, after "and (b)" strike "((one)) five dollars" and insert "one dollar"
On page 18, line 12, after "((Ten))" strike "Thirty" and insert "Fifteen"
On page 18, line 13, after "and (b)" strike "((one)) five dollars" and insert "one dollar"
On page 22, on line 12, strike "thirty" and insert "fifteen"
On page 22, beginning on line 12, after "department and" strike "((one)) five dollars" and insert "one dollar"
On page 23, line 34, after "((ten))" strike "thirty" and insert "fifteen"

On page 23, line 35, after "department and" strike "((one)) five dollar" and insert "one dollar"

On page 24, line 13, after "agencies." insert "In addition, the joint task force will study the ability of the office of support enforcement to pay for the processing fees that employers may charge."

Representatives Carrell and Sheahan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 51-YEAS; 43-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Appelwick spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1687.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1687 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 33, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1687, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1746, House Bill No. 1752 and House Bill No. 1760, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1771, by Representatives Mitchell, Tokuda, Constantine, Sheahan, Keiser, Mason, Blalock, Costa, Conway, Butler, Murray and Cody; by request of Secretary of State

Providing for certification of professional guardians.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1771 was substituted for House Bill No. 1771 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 1771 was read the second time.

Representative Mitchell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheahan: (182)

On page 5, line 10, strike all of section 4 and insert the following:
"NEW SECTION, Sec. 4. Sections 2 and 3 of this act take effect July 1, 1998."

Representative Mitchell spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mitchell and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1771.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1771 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 87, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1771, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1784, by Representatives Boldt, Bush, Cooke, Lambert, L. Thomas, Backlund and Sullivan

Regulating public assistance fraud.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1784 was substituted for House Bill No. 1784 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1784 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representative Boldt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Tokuda spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1784.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1784 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 74, Nays - 20, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1784, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1791, by Representatives Mastin, Chandler, Linville, Grant, Clements, Mulliken, Koster, Boldt and Schoesler

Taxation of activities conducted for an agricultural commodity commission or board.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1791 was substituted for House Bill No. 1791 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1791 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1791.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1791 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1791, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1800, by Representatives Delvin, Poulsen, Sheahan, Costa, Kessler, Dickerson, Blalock, Hatfield, Conway, Gombosky, Keiser, Cody, Morris, Ogden, Mason and McDonald

Assisting crime stoppers programs.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1800 was substituted for House Bill No. 1800 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1800 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Delvin, Poulsen, Benson, Mason and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1800.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1800 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1800, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1672, by Representatives Bush, Sheahan, Ballasiotes, Koster, O’Brien, Quall, McDonald, Costa, Carrell, Johnson, DeBolt, Sherstad, Clements, Talcott, Reams, Thompson, Backlund, Delvin, Honeyford, Smith, Mulliken, McMorris, Cody, Scott, Pennington, Kastama, Boldt, Dunn, Hickel, Sheldon, Buck, Benson, Keiser, Blalock, Lambert and Cooke

Prohibiting the use of intoxication as a defense.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1672 was substituted for House Bill No. 1672 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1672 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Bush, Sheahan, Sterk and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Constantine spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1672.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1672 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 5, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representatives Butler, Constantine, Hatfield, Murray and Veloria - 5.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Substitute House Bill No. 1672, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Revising restrictions on the employment of minors.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1911 was substituted for House Bill No. 1911 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1911 was read the second time.

Representative Cole moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cole:

(165)

On page 3, line 9, after "exceed" strike "six" and insert "four"
On page 3, line 28, after "(A)" strike "and (C)"
On page 3, beginning on line 30, after "permit" strike all material through "permitted" on line 35 and insert "up to six hours of work per day on a school day and up to twenty-eight hours of work per week during a school week".

Representatives Cole and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Benson spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Poulsen demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment on page 3, line 9 to Substitute House Bill No. 1911.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 3, line 9 to Substitute House Bill No. 1911 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 43, Nays - 51, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Representative Carlson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carlson: (173)

On page 3, line 9, after "exceed" strike "six" and insert "four"

On page 3, line 31, after "(i) Up to" strike "eight" and insert "six"

On page 3, line 32, strike "thirty-six" and insert "twenty-eight"

On page 4, line 1, after "year," insert "In reviewing a variance request under this subsection, the official at the school with responsibility for granting the variance must consult with each teacher of the minor for whom the variance is sought."

Representative Carlson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Benson spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Carlson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carlson: (178)

On page 4, line 1, after "year," insert "In reviewing a variance request under this subsection, the official at the school with responsibility for granting the variance must consult with each teacher of the minor for whom the variance is sought."

Representatives Carlson and Benson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representative Cooke spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 68-YEA; 26-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (166)

On page 4, line 1, after "year," insert "In reviewing a variance request under this subsection, the official at the school with responsibility for granting the variance must consult with each teacher of the minor for whom the variance is sought."

Representative Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment on page 4, beginning on line 18 to Substitute House Bill No. 1911.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 4, beginning on line 18 to Substitute House Bill No. 1911 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 44, Nays - 50, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Benson, Radcliff and Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Chopp, Butler, Dickerson and Mason spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1911.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1911 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 55, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Cooke, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dunn, Grant, Hankins, Hickel,


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1911, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1746, by Representatives Sherstad, Morris, Radcliff, Hatfield, D. Schmidt, Grant, Pennington, Sullivan, Koster, Mulliken, Wood, L. Thomas, Scott, Carrell, Doumit, Sheahan, Huff, Kastama, Boldt, Hickel, McMorris, Thompson, Cooke and Dunshee

Making minor possession of tobacco a class 3 civil infraction and clarifying penalties for violation of current laws regarding youth access to tobacco.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1746 was substituted for House Bill No. 1746 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1746 was read the second time.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Kessler: (221)

On page 4, line 29, after "((thirty))" strike "eighty" and insert "fifty"

On page 5, line 4, after "((seventy))" strike "twenty" and insert "fifty"

Representatives Dunshee, Sherstad and Dunn spoke in favor of the amendment.

Representative Quall spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cody: (211)

On page 5, after line 14, insert the following:

"Sec. 8. RCW 26.28.080 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 § 437 are each amended to read as follows:
Every person, including a parent or guardian, who sells or gives, or permits to be sold or given to any person under the age of eighteen years any cigar, cigarette, cigarette paper or wrapper, or tobacco in any form is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
It shall be no defense to a prosecution for a violation of this section that the person acted, or was believed by the defendant to act, as agent or representative of another."

Correct the title.

Representatives Cody, Quall, Costa, Mastin and Lisk spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representatives Sherstad, Dunn and Robertson spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 5, after line 14, to Substitute House Bill No. 1746 and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representatives Dunn and Sherstad - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Representative Cole moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cole:

(202)

On page 3, after line 18, strike all of sections 5 through 7

Correct the title.

Representatives Cole and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Sherstad and Dunn spoke against the adoption of the amendment. Division was demanded. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 40-YEAS; 53-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Cole moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cole:

(203)

On page 2, after line 21, strike the remainder of the bill

Correct the title.

Representative Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Sherstad spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sherstad and Clements spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cody, Dunn and Quall spoke against passage of the bill.
Representative Zellinsky demanded the previous question and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1746.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1746 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 68, Nays - 26, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Kessler, Ogden and Van Luven - 4.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1746, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5284,
SENATE BILL NO. 5288,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5313,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5360,
SENATE BILL NO. 5370,
SENATE BILL NO. 5554,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5578,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5600,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5618,
SENATE BILL NO. 5647,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5653,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5676,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5703,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5718,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5727,
SENATE BILL NO. 5787,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5790,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5864,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5976,
SENATE BILL NO. 5997,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6030,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

Implementing the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 (Introduced with Senate sponsors).

HJM 4019 by Representatives Boldt; Dunn; Sump; Pennington; Mielke; McMorris; Koster; Clements; Backlund; D. Sommers ; D. Schmidt ; Schoesler; Cooke; Lambert; Bush

Petitioning Idaho and Oregon to establish a tristate committee to deal with the problem of interstate public assistance fraud.

SB 5072 by Senators Kohl, Roach, Fairley, Hargrove, Haugen, Goings, McCaslin, Long, Winsley and Oke

Increasing the penalty for providing liquor to persons under age twenty-one.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5118 by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators McAuliffe, Hargrove, Winsley, Long and Sheldon)

Changing school truancy petition provisions.

Referred to Committee on Education.

SSB 5188 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Goings, Long, Hargrove, Zarelli, Schow, Winsley and Rasmussen)

Revising policies concerning health care and information about the health status of inmates.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5190 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Goings, Long, Hargrove, Zarelli, Bauer, Schow, Oke, Winsley, McCaslin, Rasmussen and Haugen)

Limiting health care for inmates sentenced to death.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5218 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Fraser, Winsley, Long, Bauer, Franklin, Roach and Loveland; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy)

Placing restrictions on postretirement employment.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

ESSB 5274 by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Hochstatter, Zarelli, Stevens, Strannigan, Rasmussen, Deccio, Benton, Roach, Horn and Winsley)

Limiting disclosure of students' social security numbers.
Referred to Committee on Education.

**SB 5486** by Senators Morton, Snyder and Prince; by request of County Road Administration Board

Revising eligibility for rural arterial programs.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**SB 5499** by Senators Roach, Johnson, Goings, Jacobsen, Haugen, Horn, Zarelli, McCaslin, Long, Franklin, Winsley, Oke and Rasmussen

Defining when an assault on a bus driver constitutes assault in the third degree.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SB 5507** by Senators Prince, Hochstatter, Morton and Rasmussen

Allowing the holder of a juvenile agricultural driving permit to participate in school traffic safety classes.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**SB 5518** by Senators McCaslin, Hale, Horn, Winsley and Oke

Clarifying the application of the housing for older persons act.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**SB 5519** by Senators Sellar and Oke

Enhancing compliance with sentence conditions.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**SB 5520** by Senator McCaslin

Revising provisions relating to intimidation of witnesses.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SB 5530** by Senators Morton and Rasmussen

Defining agriculture.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**SSB 5532** by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators McCaslin, Haugen and Winsley)

Requiring mediation before appeal of land-use decisions involving conditional use permits.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**SB 5538** by Senators Long, Hargrove, Zarelli, Oke and Winsley
Requiring permission before disclosing the address of a child victim or witness or the address of a parent of a child victim or witness.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5539 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Horn; by request of Washington State Patrol)

Changing accident report requirements.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SSB 5541 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Goings and Winsley; by request of Washington State Patrol)

Restricting the distance a vehicle may travel in a two-way left-turn lane.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SB 5551 by Senators Prince, Fraser, Haugen, Jacobsen, McAuliffe and Winsley

Designating significant historic places.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

ESB 5565 by Senators Winsley, Haugen and Hale; by request of Secretary of State

Facilitating review of election procedures.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SB 5570 by Senators Newhouse, Schow, Horn, Heavey, Franklin, Fraser and Oke; by request of Joint Task Force on Nonpayment of Employer Obligations

Expanding tax evasion penalties.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5571 by Senators Newhouse, Schow, Anderson, Horn, Heavey, Franklin, Fraser, Long and Oke; by request of Joint Task Force on Nonpayment of Employer Obligations

Providing for a single form for employers to report unemployment insurance contributions and industrial insurance premiums and assessments.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5603 by Senators Stevens, Zarelli, Johnson, Roach, Oke and Hochstatter

Allowing parents access to student records and prohibiting their release without parental consent.

Referred to Committee on Education.

SB 5613 by Senators Winsley, Rasmussen, Haugen, Prince, Wood, Schow, Jacobsen, Heavey, Goings, Patterson and Finkbeiner
Authorizing reserved parking for homeowners near colleges.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SB 5620 by Senators Haugen and McCaslin

Granting additional authority to aquifer protection areas.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

SSB 5623 by Senate Committee on Higher Education (originally sponsored by Senators Prince, Wood, Spanel, Fraser and Winsley)

Establishing a home tuition program.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SB 5626 by Senators Morton, Hargrove, Swecker, Hochstatter, Stevens, Schow, Strannigan and Anderson

Providing game transport tags at no cost in order to meet harvest management goals.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5628 by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Hochstatter, Deccio, Brown and Strannigan)

Authorizing the utilities and transportation commission to exempt electrical and natural gas companies from securities regulation.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

SB 5637 by Senators Haugen, Horn, Rasmussen and Winsley; by request of County Road Administration Board

Removing residency requirements for county road engineers.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SB 5650 by Senator McDonald

Allowing cities to assume jurisdiction over water or sewer districts.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

ESSB 5656 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Zarelli, Kline, Hargrove, Stevens, McCaslin, Oke and Goings)

Penalizing voyeurism.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5659 by Senator Morton

Regulating the beef commission.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**SSB 5667** by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Haugen and Kohl; by request of Secretary of State)

Providing for certification of professional guardians.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SSB 5668** by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Prentice, Deccio, Sellar, Newhouse, Hale, Anderson and Winsley)

Allowing the department of health to adopt a temporary worker housing code.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**SB 5669** by Senator Morton; by request of Department of Revenue

Revising the collection of the metals mining and milling fee.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

**SB 5672** by Senators Strannigan, Franklin, McCaslin, Benton, Wood, Winsley, Horn, Wojahn, Kline, Kohl and Oke

Authorizing drug-free zones around public housing authority facilities.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**SB 5674** by Senators Wood, Haugen, Jacobsen, Prince, Winsley and Kohl

Creating the governor’s award for excellence in teaching history.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**SSB 5684** by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Haugen and Wood)

Prescribing procedures for decreasing fire protection district commissioners.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**SB 5713** by Senators Prentice, Winsley and Hale; by request of Housing Finance Commission

Defining nonprofit corporation.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**SSB 5714** by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi and Prentice; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands and Department of Natural Resources)

Concerning the classification of forest practices and the regulation of forest practices by state and local entities.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.
SSB 5724 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Roach and Haugen)

Extending the statute of limitations for first degree theft when the victim is a 501(c)(3) corporation.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5736 by Senators Roach, Winsley, Oke, Benton, Schow, Snyder, Heavey, Bauer and Rasmussen

Increasing county burial costs for indigent deceased veterans.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 3901 and House Joint Memorial No. 4019 which were held on first reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Saturday, March 15, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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SIXTY-FIRST DAY, MARCH 14, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

SIXTY-SECOND DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Saturday, March 15, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Katie Miller and Bradley Wolf. Prayer was offered by Representative Lynn Kessler.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5762,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1283, by Representatives Mason, Van Luven, Veloria, Ballasiotes, Costa, Morris, Wood, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott and Blalock

Providing funding for business and economic development programs.

Representative L. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment to amendment 154 by Representative L. Thomas: (171)

On page 1, beginning on line 33 of the amendment, strike all of section 2.

On page 2, beginning on line 35 of the amendment, strike all of section 3.

On page 3, beginning on line 20 of the amendment, strike all of section 4.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references, and correct the title of the bill.

On page 7, after line 15 of the amendment, insert the following:

“(3) In addition to the plan required under this chapter, the Washington main street advisory committee must conduct a study on possible financial incentives to encourage the development and retention of businesses located within downtown and neighborhood commercial business districts. The study must contain information on:
(a) Existing state and local financial incentives available to businesses located in downtown and
neighborhood commercial business districts;
(b) Financial and tax incentives available in other states to encourage the development or
retention of businesses located in downtown and neighborhood commercial business districts;
(c) Other information the advisory committee deems appropriate to the required study.
(4) By November 15, 1997, the Washington main street advisory committee shall submit their
report with findings and recommendations to the appropriate legislative committees of the house of
representatives and the senate."

Representatives L. Thomas and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representatives McMorris and Dyer were excused. On
motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Ogden and Mason were excused.

The amendment to the amendment was adopted.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative
Sheldon: (154)

On page 2, after line 21, insert:
"Sec. 3. RCW 82.62.010 and 1996 c 290 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout
this chapter.
(1) "Applicant" means a person applying for a tax credit under this chapter.
(2) "Department" means the department of revenue.
(3) "Eligible area" means: (a) A county in which the average level of unemployment for the
three years before the year in which an application is filed under this chapter exceeds the average state
unemployment for those years by twenty percent; (b) a county that has a median household income that
is less than seventy-five percent of the state median household income for the previous three years; (c)
a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the office of federal statistical policy and standards, United
States department of commerce, in which the average level of unemployment for the calendar year
immediately preceding the year in which an application is filed under this chapter exceeds the average
state unemployment for such calendar year by twenty percent; (d) a designated community
empowerment zone approved under RCW 43.63A.700; or (e) subcounty areas in those counties that are
not covered under (a) of this subsection that are timber impact areas as defined in RCW 43.31.601.
(4)(a) "Eligible business project" means manufacturing or research and development activities
which are conducted by an applicant in an eligible area at a specific facility, provided the applicant’s
average full-time qualified employment positions at the specific facility will be ((at least fifteen
percent)) greater in the year for which the credit is being sought than the applicant’s average full-time
qualified employment positions at the same facility in the immediately preceding year.
(b) "Eligible business project" does not include any portion of a business project undertaken by
a light and power business as defined in RCW 82.16.010(5) or that portion of a business project
creating qualified full-time employment positions outside an eligible area or those recipients of a sales
tax deferral under chapter 82.61 RCW.
(5) "Manufacturing" means all activities of a commercial or industrial nature wherein labor or
skill is applied, by hand or machinery, to materials so that as a result thereof a new, different, or useful
substance or article of tangible personal property is produced for sale or commercial or industrial use
and shall include the production or fabrication of specially made or custom made articles.
"Manufacturing" also includes computer programming, the production of computer software, and other
computer-related services, and the activities performed by research and development laboratories and
commercial testing laboratories.
(6) "Person" has the meaning given in RCW 82.04.030.
(7) "Qualified employment position" means a permanent full-time employee employed in the
eligible business project during the entire tax year.
(8) "Tax year" means the calendar year in which taxes are due.
(9) "Recipient" means a person receiving tax credits under this chapter.
(10) "Research and development" means the development, refinement, testing, marketing, and commercialization of a product, service, or process before commercial sales have begun. As used in this subsection, "commercial sales" excludes sales of prototypes or sales for market testing if the total gross receipts from such sales of the product, service, or process do not exceed one million dollars.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 82.62.030 and 1996 c 1 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person shall be allowed a credit against the tax due under chapter 82.04 RCW as provided in this section. For an application approved before January 1, 1996, the credit shall equal one thousand dollars for each qualified employment position directly created in an eligible business project. For an application approved on or after January 1, 1996, the credit shall equal two thousand dollars for each qualified employment position directly created in an eligible business project.

(2) The department shall keep a running total of all credits granted under this chapter during each fiscal biennium. The department shall not allow any credits which would cause the tabulation for a biennium to exceed fifteen million dollars. If all or part of an application for credit is disallowed under this subsection, the disallowed portion shall be carried over for approval the next biennium. However, the applicant's carryover into the next biennium is only permitted if the tabulation for the next biennium does not exceed fifteen million dollars as of the date on which the department has disallowed the application.

(3) No recipient is eligible for tax credits in excess of three hundred two hundred ninety-five thousand dollars per taxable year.

(4) No recipient may use the tax credits to decertify a union or to displace existing jobs in any community in the state.

(5) No recipient may receive a tax credit on taxes which have not been paid during the taxable year."

Correct title accordingly.

Representatives Sheldon and Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1283 and the bill held it's place on third reading.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 2179, by Representatives Hickel and Johnson**

Requiring open public meetings of local school boards regarding impasses in collective bargaining.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2179 was substituted for House Bill No. 2179 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2179 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel and Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cole, Keiser and Cooper spoke against passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2179.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2179 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 52, Nays - 42, Absent - 1, Excused - 3.
Absent: Representative Sommers, D. - 1.
Excused: Representatives Dyer, Mason and Ogden - 3.
Substitute House Bill No. 2179, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 2179.

DUANNE SOMMERS, 6th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1825, by Representatives Sump, Thompson, Pennington, Sheldon, DeBolt, Kessler and Hatfield

Concerning the funding of the forest development account.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1825 was substituted for House Bill No. 1825 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1825 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1825.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1825 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.
Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Second Substitute House Bill No. 1825, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1851, by Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Dunn, Talcott and Sullivan

Changing higher education financial aid.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1851 was substituted for House Bill No. 1851 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1851 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and Kenney spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1851.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1851 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Mason and Ogden - 3.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1851, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1888, by Representatives Van Luven, Veloria, Dunn, McDonald, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Sheldon, Morris, Mason, Kastama, Wensman, Wolfe, Doumit, Hatfield, Thompson, Butler, Chandler, Kessler, Dickerson, Constantine, Ogden, Conway, Costa, Cole and O’Brien

Creating the executive-legislative task force on international trade.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1888 was substituted for House Bill No. 1888 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1888 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Van Luven, Veloria and Alexander spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1888.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1888 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Mason and Ogden - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1888, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1934, by Representatives Koster, Ballasiotes, Hickel, Robertson, Mitchell, Dickerson, Cairnes, Regala, Delvin, Dunn and Blalock

Specifying deductions from inmate funds.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1934 was substituted for House Bill No. 1934 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1934 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Koster, Ballasiotes and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Quall and Costa spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1934.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1934 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 77, Nays - 18, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Mason and Ogden - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1934, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1938, by Representatives Carrell, Cooke, Talcott, Cairnes, Mulliken, Sterk, Huff, L. Thomas, Reams, D. Schmidt, McMorris, Robertson, Hickel, Mitchell, Buck, D. Sommers, B. Thomas, Delvin and Backlund

Changing provisions relating to at-risk youth.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1938 was substituted for House Bill No. 1938 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1938 was read the second time.

Representative Carlson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carlson: (212)

On page 7, beginning on line 23, strike all of section 9.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly and correct the title.

Representative Carlson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1938 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1969, by Representatives Chandler and Regala; by request of Department of Health

Regulating public water systems.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1969 was substituted for House Bill No. 1969 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1969 was read the second time.
Representative Mastin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mastin: (174)

On page 5, line 23, after "by" strike everything down to and including "available" on line 34 and insert "January 1, 1999, adopt final joint rules and requirements for the provision of financial assistance to public water systems as authorized under federal law. Prior to the effective date of the final rules, the department and the public works board may establish and utilize guidelines for the sole purpose of ensuring the timely procurement of financial assistance from the federal government under the safe drinking water act, but such guidelines shall be converted to rules by January 1, 1999. The department and the public works board shall make every reasonable effort to ensure the state’s receipt and disbursement of federal funds to eligible public water systems as quickly as possible after the federal government has made them available. By December 15, 1997, the department and the public works board shall provide a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature reflecting the input from the affected interests and parties on the status of the program. The report shall include significant issues and concerns, the status of rulemaking and guidelines, and a plan for the adoption of final rules."

On page 7, beginning on line 38, strike everything down to and including "1998" on line 39 and insert "adopt such rules as are necessary under chapter 34.05 RCW to administer the program by January 1, 1999."

Representatives Mastin and Regala spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mastin and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1969.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1969 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Mason and Ogden - 3.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1969, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Murray, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 1934.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be the motion to immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 1934. The motion was carried.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1934.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1934 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 81, Nays - 14, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Mason and Ogden - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1934, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1985, by Representatives Buck, Regala, Sump, Pennington, Sheldon, Hatfield, Anderson, Butler and Dyer

Allowing for pilot project landscape management plans.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1985 was substituted for House Bill No. 1985 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1985 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck, Regala and Dunn spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1985.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1985 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Excused: Representatives Dyer, Mason and Ogden - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1985, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1991, by Representatives Honeyford, McMorris and Clements

Modifying civil penalties for accident prevention program violations.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1991.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1991 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Dyer, Mason and Ogden - 3.

House Bill No. 1991, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2008 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2013, by Representatives Chandler, Regala, Schoesler, Linville, Johnson, Bush, McDonald, Mastin, Talcott, Delvin, Carrell, Smith, Koster, Sullivan, Kastama, Fisher, Conway, Cooper and Honeyford

Developing an existing ground water right.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2013 was substituted for House Bill No. 2013 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 2013 was read the second time.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (213)

Beginning on page 2, after line 8, strike all material through "construction." on page 3, line 7, and insert the following:

"(2) An amendment to construct replacement or a new additional well or wells at a location outside of the location of the original well or wells or to change the manner or place of use of the well shall be issued only after publication of notice of the application and findings as prescribed in the case of an original application. Such amendment shall be issued by the department only on the conditions that: 

(a) The additional or replacement well or wells shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original well or wells;

(b) the use of the original well or wells shall be discontinued upon construction of the substitute well or wells;

(c) the construction of an additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right conveyed by the original permit or certificate; and

(d) other existing rights shall not be impaired.

The department may specify an approved manner of construction and shall require a showing of compliance with the terms of the amendment, as provided in RCW 90.44.080 in the case of an original permit.

(3) The construction of a replacement or new additional well or wells at the location of the original well or wells shall be allowed without application to the department for an amendment. However, the following apply to such a replacement or new additional well:

(a) The well shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original well or wells;

(b) if a replacement well is constructed, the use of the original well or wells shall be discontinued and the original well or wells shall be properly decommissioned as required under chapter 18.104 RCW;

(c) where an additional well or wells is constructed, the original well or wells may continue to be used, but the combined total withdrawal from the original and additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right conveyed by the original water use permit or certificate; and

(d) other existing rights shall not be impaired.

The department may specify an approved manner of construction and shall require a showing of compliance with the conditions of this subsection (3).

(4) As used in this section, the "location of the original well or wells" is the area described as the point of withdrawal in the original public notice published for the application for the water right for the well."

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2013.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2013 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Voting nay: Representative Mastin - 1.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2013, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2038, by Representative B. Thomas

Changing lodging tax authority.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2038 was substituted for House Bill No. 2038 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2038 was read the second time.

Representative B. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative B. Thomas: (199)

On page 3, line 8, strike "1997" and insert "1998"

On page 3, line 11, strike "1997" and insert "1998"

On page 3, line 12, after "town" insert "other than a municipality described in (a) of this subsection"

Authorized Current

| Pierce county and cities therein | 7% | 4% |
| City of Chelan                  | 5% | 4% |
| City of Leavenworth             | 5% | 3% |

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

COLLOQUY

Representative Skinner asked if Representative B. Thomas would yield to a question. Is it the intent of this legislation to in any way restrict access to these hotel-motel funds by current categories of recipients such as arts, cultural or heritage activities or facilities?
Representative B. Thomas: No.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2038.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2038 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Benson, Buck, Crouse and Kessler - 4.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2038, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2046, by Representatives Cooke, Kessler and Boldt

Creating foster parent liaison positions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 2046 was substituted for House Bill No. 2046 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 2046 was read the second time.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (170)

On page 4, after line 9, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows: The secretary or the secretary's designee may purchase services from nonprofit agencies for the sole purpose of conducting home studies for legally free children who have been awaiting adoption finalization in foster or group care."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Huff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff:

(232)

On page 5, line 27, strike "section 2 or 3 of"
Representatives Huff and Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2046.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2046 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2046, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2073 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2074, by Representatives Alexander, Wolfe and Gardner

Making changes to the internal operations of counties.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2074.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2074 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 2074, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2077, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Scott and D. Sommers

Providing uniform exemptions to competitive bidding procedures utilized by municipalities when awarding contracts for public works and contracts for purchases.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2077 was substituted for House Bill No. 2077 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2077 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2077.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2077 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2077, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2084, by Representatives Cole and McMorris

Regulating vocational rehabilitation benefits.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cole and McMorris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2084.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2084 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 2084, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, all bills passed today were immediately transmitted to the Senate.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1257, by Representatives DeBolt, Alexander, Pennington, Sheldon, Kessler, Poulsen, McMorris, Mielke, Van Luven, Grant, Crouse, Mastin, Doumit and Hatfield

Providing tax exemptions and credits for coal-fired thermal electric generating facilities placed in operation before July 1, 1975.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1257 was substituted for House Bill No. 1257 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1257 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives DeBolt, Poulsen, B. Thomas, Cooper, Mielke, Conway and Alexander spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1257.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1257 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Substitute House Bill No. 1257, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2090, by Representatives Schoesler, Dyer, D. Sommers, Carrell, Linville, Sterk, Parlette and Doumit

Establishing a community and technical college employees attendance incentive program.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2090 was substituted for House Bill No. 2090 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2090 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2090.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2090 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2090, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2093, by Representatives Boldt, McMorris, Lisk, Clements and Honeyford

Achieving consistency between state and federal family leave requirements.

The bill was read the second time.
Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (220)

On page 1, line 7, after "(1)" strike "The" and insert "Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the"

On page 2, line 3, after "(2)" insert "An employee’s right under RCW 49.78.070(1)(b) to be returned to a workplace within twenty miles of the employee’s workplace when leave commenced shall remain in effect."

Representatives Conway and Boldt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Boldt and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2093.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2093 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed House Bill No. 2093, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2097, by Representative L. Thomas

Regulating the investment practices of insurance companies.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2097 was substituted for House Bill No. 2097 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2097 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives L. Thomas, Wolfe and Wensman spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Sullivan spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2097.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2097 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 81, Nays - 15, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2097, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2117, by Representatives McMorris and Conway

Lowering the rate of taxation for social card games.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2117.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2117 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 85, Nays - 11, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.
House Bill No. 2117, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2170 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2180, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Radcliff, Mitchell, O’Brien and Robertson

Establishing a state policy and program for freight mobility strategic investments.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2180 was substituted for House Bill No. 2180 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2180 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2180.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2180 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2180, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2186, by Representatives Linville, Regala, Chandler and Blalock

Requiring a methodology to identify critical ecological functions within a WRIA.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2186 was substituted for House Bill No. 2186 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2186 was read the second time.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Linville: (227)
Representatives Linville and Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Linville and Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2186.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2186 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.  
Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.  

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2186, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2193, by Representatives Carlson, D. Sommers, Gombosky, Benson and Mielke; by request of Joint Center for Higher Education

Allowing the joint center for higher education transportation fees and excluding higher education and the joint center for higher education from the state agency parking account.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2193 was substituted for House Bill No. 2193 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2193 was read the second time.

Representative Carlson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carlson: (94)

On page 2, after line 5, insert the following:  
"(3) Any funds collected under this section shall be used for the joint center’s parking program."
Representative Carlson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fisher moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Fisher: (175)

On page 2, after line 5, insert the following:

"Sec. 2. RCW 28B.130.020 and 1993 c 447 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The governing board of an institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 may impose either a voluntary or a mandatory transportation fee on employees and on students at the institution. The board of the joint center for higher education under Chapter 28B.25 RCW may impose either a voluntary or a mandatory transportation fee on employees working at the Riverpoint higher education park and on students attending classes there. The transportation fee shall be used solely to fund transportation demand management programs that reduce the demand for campus and neighborhood parking, and promote alternatives to single-occupant vehicle driving. If the board charges a mandatory transportation fee to students, it shall charge a mandatory transportation fee to employees. The transportation fee for employees may exceed, but shall not be lower than the transportation fee charged to students. The transportation fee for employees may be deducted from the employees’ paychecks. The transportation fee for students may be imposed annually, or each academic term. For students attending community colleges and technical colleges, the mandatory transportation fee shall not exceed sixty percent of the maximum rate permitted for services and activities fees at community colleges, unless, through a vote, a majority of students consent to increase the transportation fee. For students attending four-year institutions of higher education or classes at the Riverpoint higher education park, the mandatory transportation fee shall not exceed thirty-five percent of the maximum rate permitted for services and activities fees at the institution where the student is enrolled unless, through a vote, a majority of students consents to increase the transportation fee. The board may make a limited number of exceptions to the fee based on a policy adopted by the board.

(2) The board of the joint center for higher education under Chapter 28B.25 RCW shall not impose a transportation fee on any student who is already paying a transportation fee to the institution of higher education in which the student is enrolled."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references and the title accordingly.

Representative Fisher and Carlson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Sommers and Kenney spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2193.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2193 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2193, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2197, by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers, Carlson, Wensman, Talcott, Clements, O’Brien, Hatfield, Cooke, Dickerson and Kessler

Creating the K-20 education technology revolving fund.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2197.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2197 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

House Bill No. 2197, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2217, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Doumit, Buck, Blalock, Hatfield and Kessler

Removing fish passage barriers.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2217 was substituted for House Bill No. 2217 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2217 was read the second time.

Representative Cairnes moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cairnes: (144)

On page 4, after line 19 insert:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. This act does not apply to fish passage barriers in seasonal streams or drainage ditches."

Renumber the remaining sections and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Cairnes, Buck, Doumit and Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 50-YEAS; 46-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt, Doumit and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2217.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2217 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2217, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Regulating telecommunications access to limited-access highway rights-of-way.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2237 was substituted for House Bill No. 2237 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2237 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and O'Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2237.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2237 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2237, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2239, by Representative Sherstad

Providing for conversion of nursing home bed capacity to enhanced residential care services.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 2239 was substituted for House Bill No. 2239 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 2239 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sherstad, Murray and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2239.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2239 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 2239, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Mulliken, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 2237. The motion carried.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2237.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2237 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 83, Nays - 13, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 2237, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

THIRD READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1570, by Representatives Sherstad, L. Thomas, Mielke, Smith, Cairnes, Dunn, Thompson, McMorris, Crouse and Honeyford

Exempting the transfer of new residential construction from disclosure requirements.

Representative Sherstad spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1570.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1570 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 33, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.
House Bill No. 1570, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1607, by Representatives McMorris, Thompson, Dyer, Sheldon, Boldt, Honeyford, Lisk, Clements, Mulliken and Mielke

Providing for industrial insurance self-insurers to determine benefits for permanent disability.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1607 was substituted for House Bill No. 1607 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1607 was read the second time.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (209)

On page 4, line 33, after "subject to" insert "(b) of this subsection and to"

On page 4, line 36, after "(b)" insert the following:
"If an independent medical examiner or panel selected by the self-insurer determines that a worker’s condition is fixed and stable and the worker’s attending or treating physician disagrees in writing with that determination within thirty days of the physician’s receipt of the report by the examiner or panel, the self-insurer may not close the worker’s claim, but must forward the claim to the department within ten days after receipt of the attending or treating physician’s written response. The department must review the claim and enter a determinative order as provided for in RCW 51.52.050.

(c)"

On page 5, line 12, strike "](c)" and insert "](d)"

Representative Conway and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative McMorris and Backlund spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of amendment 209 to Substitute House Bill No. 1607.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 4, line 33, to Substitute House Bill No. 1607 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 46, Nays - 50, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Cooke, Crouse, Delvin, Dunn, Hankins, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Koster, Lambert, Lisk, Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Mulliken, Parlette, Pennington, Radcliff, Reams, Robertson, Schmidt, D.; Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Sehlin, Sheahan,
Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Sommers, D., Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Van Luven, Wensman, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 50.

Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (210)

On page 5, after line 32, insert the following:

“(12)(a) Self-insured employers have a duty of good faith and fair dealing towards claimants. Violations of these good faith duties shall include, but not be limited to: (i) Attempting to close a valid claim under this section that the employer, or his or her representative, knew or should have known was closed inappropriately; (ii) interfering with a worker’s right to file a claim under this title; or (iii) having a history or pattern of repeated unfair claims practices. The department shall adopt rules on unfair claims practices.

(b) A worker of a self-insured employer, or beneficiary of such worker, who is injured or damaged because of a violation of this section or violation of a rule adopted by the director under this section may bring a civil action against the self-insurer in superior court to enjoin further violations and to recover reasonable damages sustained by him or her, together with the cost of the suit including reasonable attorneys' fees to be set by the court.”

Renumber the subsections consecutively.

Representative Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Clements spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1607.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1607 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 40, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Substitute House Bill No. 1607, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
THIRD READING

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1283 by Representatives Mason, Van Luven, Veloria, Ballasiotes, Costa, Morris, Wood, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott and Blalock

Proving funding for business and economic development programs.

Representative Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1283.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1283 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1283, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5759, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

March 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5102,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5103,
SENATE BILL NO. 5160,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5184,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5308,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5322,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5332,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5409,
SENATE BILL NO. 5439,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5508,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5509,
SENATE BILL NO. 5542,
SENATE BILL NO. 5566,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5592,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5701,
SENATE BILL NO. 5748,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5750,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5770,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5774,
SENATE BILL NO. 5795,
SENATE BILL NO. 5888,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5903,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6002,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6046,
SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8009,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2255 by Representatives Sehlin, Sullivan and D. Sommers; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to the capital budget; making appropriations and authorizing expenditures for capital improvements; creating new sections; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 2256 by Representatives Sehlin, Sullivan and D. Sommers; by request of Office of Financial Management


Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 2257 by Representatives Sehlin, Sullivan and D. Sommers; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to the capital budget; amending 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 s 713 (uncodified); adding new sections to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16; making appropriations and authorizing expenditures for capital improvements; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

HB 2258 by Representatives Huff and H. Sommers; by request of Governor Locke

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 2259** by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers, Dickerson and Conway; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to fiscal matters; making appropriations and authorizing expenditures for the operations of state agencies for the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1999; amending RCW 43.08.250; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 2260** by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers and Wensman; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to the right of individuals to self-direct their own care in their own homes; amending RCW 18.88A.140, 18.64.255, 18.79.240, 18.79.260, 70.127.250, and 70.127.270; adding new sections to chapter 18.88A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.79 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.39 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.127 RCW; creating a new section; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**HB 2261** by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers and Wensman; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to reducing paperwork related to requirements for the governor’s budget document; and reenacting and amending RCW 43.88.030.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 2262** by Representatives Huff and H. Sommers; by request of Governor Locke

AN ACT Relating to higher education tuition and fees; and amending RCW 28B.15.067 and 28B.15.069.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

**HB 2263** by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers and Wensman; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to the aquatic lands enhancement account; amending RCW 79.24.580; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 2264** by Representatives Koster, Huff, D. Sommers, Sterk, Sherstad, Boldt, Mulliken, Thompson and McMorris

AN ACT Relating to eliminating the health care policy board; amending RCW 41.05.021, 43.70.054, and 43.70.068; and repealing RCW 43.72.320, 43.73.010, 43.73.020, 43.73.030, and 43.73.040.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.
AN ACT Relating to implementing the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996; amending RCW 74.08.025, 74.08.340, 74.09.510, 74.09.331, 28A.630.876, 50.16.030, 74.04.050, 41.06.380, 74.12A.020, 74.13.0903, 74.25.040, 74.12.255, 74.04.0052, 13.34.160, 74.12.250, 74.12.410, 74.20A.020, 46.20.291, 46.20.311, 18.04.335, 18.11.160, 18.27.060, 18.39.181, 18.46.050, 18.96.120, 18.104.110, 18.130.150, 18.160.080, 18.165.160, 18.170.170, 43.20A.205, 43.70.115, 19.28.310, 19.28.580, 19.30.060, 19.16.120, 19.31.130, 19.32.060, 19.105.380, 19.105.440, 19.138.130, 19.158.050, 19.166.040, 21.20.110, 67.08.100, 19.02.100, 43.24.080, 43.24.110, 43.24.120, 70.74.110, 70.74.130, 70.74.370, 66.24.010, 43.63B.040, 70.95D.040, 17.21.130, 64.44.060, 19.146.220, 75.28.010, 26.09.160, 26.23.050, 26.18.100, 26.23.060, 74.20.040, 26.23.090, 74.20A.100, 26.23.045, 26.23.030, 74.20A.080, 26.23.120, 26.04.160, 26.09.170, 26.21.005, 26.21.115, 26.21.135, 26.21.235, 26.21.245, 26.21.255, 26.21.265, 26.21.450, 26.21.520, 26.21.530, 26.21.580, 26.21.590, 26.21.620, 26.23.035, 74.20A.030, 74.20.320, 74.20.330, 70.58.080, 26.26.040, 74.20A.055, 26.23.040, 26.26.130, 70.58.055, 50.13.060, and 74.04.062; reenacting and amending RCW 74.04.005, 74.20A.270, 42.17.310, 74.20A.060, 74.20A.056, 26.09.020, and 26.26.100; adding new sections to chapter 74.12 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.630 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.30 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 50.62 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.330 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.330 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 50.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 44.28 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.20A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 2.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.39 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.51 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.76 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.85 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.106 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.130 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.140 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.145 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.165 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.170 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.175 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.185 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 20.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 47.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 88.02 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.95B RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.25 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 77.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.30 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.09 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.20 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 26.23 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 26.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.26 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.18 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.20A RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 74 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 74.12.420, 74.12.425, 74.04.660, 74.25.010, 74.25.020, 74.25.030, 74.25.900, 74.25.901, 74.04.770, 74.08.120, and 74.08.125; providing effective dates; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Placed on Second Reading Calendar.
Petitioning Idaho and Oregon to establish a tristate committee to deal with the problem of interstate public assistance fraud.

Placed on Second Reading Calendar

**HJM 4020** by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Radcliff, Cole, Hankins, Quall, Skinner, Morris, Thompson, Poulser, Kenney, DeBolt, Conway, Mason, Benson, Cooper, Delvin, Blalock, Honeyford, Dunshee, Van Luyen, Zellinsky, Mulliken, Alexander, Scott, L. Thomas, Clements, Parlette, Mastin, Chandler, Schöesler, Robertson and Linville

Requesting Congress adopt the proposed victims' rights amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Placed on Second Reading Calendar.

**SB 5093** by Senator Roach

Prescribing procedures for capital punishment sentencing.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**ESSB 5105** by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, McCaslin, Hale, Goings, Johnson, Haugen, West, Winsley, Oke, Schow and Roach)

Tightening requirements for administrative rule making.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**SB 5181** by Senators Roach, Fairley, Prentice, Benton and Winsley

Making certain debtors liable for any deficiency after default.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**SSB 5207** by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Oke, Stevens, Hargrove, Snyder, Haugen, Morton, Rossi, Roach and Anderson)

Concerning habitat conservation plans.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**SSB 5276** by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Roach and Oke)

Providing an alternative for persons whose water rights permits were conditioned due to impact on existing rights or established flows.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**ESSB 5286** by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Benton, West, McCaslin, Wood, Prince, Roach, McDonald, Hale, Sellar, Anderson, Deccio, Johnson, Oke, Morton, Zarelli, Swecker, Hochstatter, Schow and Strannigan)

Clarifying the taxation of intangible personal property.
Referred to Committee on Finance.

**SB 5338** by Senators Horn, Heavey and Schow

Allowing restricted use of spirituous liquor at no charge.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**ESSB 5351** by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Benton, Strannigan, Oke, Anderson, Swecker, Zarelli and Rossi)

Limiting the regulations of small scale mining.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**SSB 5470** by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi, Hargrove, Benton, Sellar, Morton, Winsley, Finkbeiner, Oke, Hochstatter, Long, Swecker, Johnson, Zarelli and Strannigan)

Doubling penalties for passing school buses.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**SSB 5474** by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Morton, Snyder and Winsley)

Concerning standards for recycled products.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**SB 5484** by Senators Hale and Loveland

Revising regulation of swimming pools.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

**SSB 5569** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Sellar and Wood)

Revising provisions for overtime compensation for commissioned salespersons.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**ESB 5590** by Senators Newhouse, Fraser, Swecker, Morton, McAuliffe and Rasmussen

Funding a biosolids management program.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**SSB 5612** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Wojahn, Hale and Horn)

Providing qualifications for granting certificates of registration to architects.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.
SB 5741 by Senators Wood and Winsley

Requiring a statement of permitted uses and use restrictions for condominiums.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

SSB 5768 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Thibaudeau, Winsley, Anderson, Oke, McDonald, Wood, Fairley, Wojahn and Heavey)

Creating supported employment programs.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5769 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Johnson and Goings)

Concerning the theft of beverage crates and merchandise pallets.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5799 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Rasmussen, Newhouse and Loveland)

Transferring funds for plant pest control activities.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

ESB 5800 by Senator Hargrove

Changing the shoreline substantial development exemption for docks.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

SSB 5803 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Finkbeiner and McCaslin; by request of Department of Revenue)

Allowing electronic distribution of rules notices.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SB 5804 by Senators Finkbeiner and West; by request of Department of Revenue

Eliminating the requirement for a study of the property tax exemption and valuation rules for computer software.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SB 5809 by Senators Fraser, Hale, Winsley and Prentice

Requiring unauthorized insurers to be financially sound.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

SSB 5867 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Sellar, Hale and Kohl)
Allowing special excise taxes in certain cities and towns for tourism promotion.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**SB 5968** by Senators Thibaudeau, Wood, Haugen and Prince

Regulating electric-assisted bicycles.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

**ESSB 5983** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Bauer, Snyder, Heavey and Patterson)

Assisting industrial investments and projects of state-wide significance.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

**SB 6004** by Senators Wood, Bauer, Winsley, Jacobsen and Kohl

Creating the K-20 education technology revolving fund.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**SB 6007** by Senators Winsley and Finkbeiner

Eliminating the operating expenses limitation on mutual savings banks.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

There being no objection, the bills and memorials listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 3901, House Joint Memorial No. 4019, and House Joint Memorial No. 4020 which were placed on second reading.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee is relieved of further consideration of the following bills, and the bills were placed on the next working day’s second reading calendar: House Bill No. 1578, House Bill No. 1769, House Bill No. 1269, House Bill No. 1317, House Bill No. 1506, House Bill No. 1552, House Bill No. 1643, House Bill No. 1921, House Bill No. 1943, House Bill No. 1952, House Bill No. 2018, House Bill No. 2041, House Bill No. 2069, House Bill No. 2144, House Bill No. 2191, House Joint Memorial No. 4004, House Joint Memorial No. 4005, and House Concurrent Resolution No. 4409.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

**MOTION**

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Monday, March 17, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
1257
  Second Reading 17
1257  (Sub)
  Second Reading 17
  Third Reading Final Passage 18
1269
  Other Action 39
1283  (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 1
  Third Reading Final Passage 31
  Other Action 3
1317
  Other Action 39
1506
  Other Action 39
1552
  Other Action 39
1570
  Third Reading 28
  Third Reading Final Passage 28
1578
  Other Action 39
1607
  Second Reading 29
1607  (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 29
  Third Reading Final Passage 31
1643
  Other Action 39
1769
  Other Action 39
1825
  Second Reading 4
1825  (2nd Sub)
  Second Reading 4
  Third Reading Final Passage 5
1851
  Second Reading 5
1851  (2nd Sub)
  Second Reading 5
  Third Reading Final Passage 6
1888
  Second Reading 6
1888  (Sub)
  Second Reading 6
  Third Reading Final Passage 6
1921
  Other Action 39
1934
  Second Reading 7
1934  (Sub)
  Second Reading 7
  Third Reading Final Passage 7, 10
  Other Action 9
1938
  Second Reading 7
1938  (2nd Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 7
Other Action 8
1943
Other Action 39
1952
Other Action 39
1969
Second Reading 8
1969 (2nd Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 8
Third Reading Final Passage 9
1985
Second Reading 10
1985 (Sub)
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 10
1991
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 11
2008
Other Action 11
2013
Second Reading 11
2013 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 11
Third Reading Final Passage 13
2018
Other Action 39
2038
Second Reading 13
2038 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 13
Third Reading Final Passage 14
2041
Other Action 39
2046
Second Reading 14
2046 (2nd Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 14
Third Reading Final Passage 15
2069
Other Action 39
2073
Other Action 15
2074
Second Reading 15
Third Reading Final Passage 16
2077
Second Reading 16
2077 (Sub)
Second Reading 16
Third Reading Final Passage 16
2084
Second Reading 17
Third Reading Final Passage 17
2090
Second Reading 18
2090  (Sub)
  Second Reading 18
  Third Reading Final Passage 19
2093
  Second Reading Amendment 19
  Third Reading Final Passage 20
2097
  Second Reading 20
2097  (Sub)
  Second Reading 20
  Third Reading Final Passage 20
2117
  Second Reading 20
  Third Reading Final Passage 21
2144
  Other Action 39
2170
  Other Action 21
2179
  Second Reading 3
2179  (Sub)
  Second Reading 4
  Third Reading Final Passage 4
2180
  Second Reading 21
2180  (Sub)
  Second Reading 21
  Third Reading Final Passage 22
2186
  Second Reading 22
2186  (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 22
  Third Reading Final Passage 23
2191
  Other Action 39
2193
  Second Reading 23
2193  (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 23
  Third Reading Final Passage 24
2197
  Second Reading 24
  Third Reading Final Passage 25
2217
  Second Reading 25
2217  (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 25
  Third Reading Final Passage 26
2237
  Second Reading 26
2237  (Sub)
  Second Reading 26
  Third Reading Final Passage 27, 28
  Other Action 27
2239
  Second Reading 27
2239  (2nd Sub)
Second Reading 27
Third Reading Final Passage 27
2255 Intro & 1st Reading 32
2256 Intro & 1st Reading 32
2257 Intro & 1st Reading 33
2258 Intro & 1st Reading 33
2259 Intro & 1st Reading 33
2260 Intro & 1st Reading 33
2261 Intro & 1st Reading 33
2262 Intro & 1st Reading 33
2263 Intro & 1st Reading 34
2264 Intro & 1st Reading 34
3901 Intro & 1st Reading 34
Other Action 39
4004 Other Action 39
4005 Other Action 39
4019 Intro & 1st Reading 35
Other Action 39
4020 Intro & 1st Reading 35
Other Action 39
4409 Other Action 39
5093 Intro & 1st Reading 35
5102 (Sub) Messages 32
5103 (Sub) Messages 32
5105 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 35
5160 Messages 32
5181 Intro & 1st Reading 36
5184 (2nd Sub) Messages 32
5207 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 36
5276 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 36
5286 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 36
5308  (Sub)
     Messages 32
5322  (Sub)
     Messages 32
5332  (Sub)
     Messages 32
5338
     Intro & 1st Reading 36
5351  (Sub)
     Intro & 1st Reading 36
5409  (Sub)
     Messages 32
5439
     Messages 32
5470  (Sub)
     Intro & 1st Reading 36
5474  (Sub)
     Intro & 1st Reading 37
5484
     Intro & 1st Reading 37
5508  (2nd Sub)
     Messages 32
5509  (Sub)
     Messages 32
5542
     Messages 32
5566
     Messages 32
5569  (Sub)
     Intro & 1st Reading 37
5590
     Intro & 1st Reading 37
5592  (Sub)
     Messages 32
5612  (Sub)
     Intro & 1st Reading 37
5701  (Sub)
     Messages 32
5741
     Intro & 1st Reading 37
5748
     Messages 32
5750  (Sub)
     Messages 32
5759  (Sub)
     Messages 31
5762  (Sub)
     Messages 1
5768  (Sub)
     Intro & 1st Reading 37
5769  (Sub)
     Intro & 1st Reading 38
5770  (Sub)
     Messages 32
5774
     Messages 32
5795
The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.
The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jordan Yeates and Colleen Bender.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

Prayer was offered by Father Seamus Laverty, St. Patrick’s Parish, Seattle.

Speaker Pro Tempore Pennington turned the gavel to former Speaker of the House and Speaker Pro Tempore John L. O’Brien.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4634, by Representatives O’Brien, Romero, Constantine, Cairnes, Johnson, H. Sommers, Ballasiotes, Radcliff, Chopp, Kenney, Carlson, Blalock, Doumit, Morris, Dunshee, Hatfield and Kessler

WHEREAS, Our democracy has been enriched by the countless immigrants who have made their way to our shores and added to this Nation’s tremendous diversity; and
WHEREAS, Irish immigrants transformed our Nation’s largest cities into dynamic centers of commerce and industry, and their contributions to our smaller cities and towns are evident today in the cultural, economic, and spiritual makeup of the communities; and
WHEREAS, Nine of the people who signed our Nation’s Declaration of Independence were of Irish origin, and thirteen Presidents of the United States proudly claim Irish heritage; and
WHEREAS, Through the years of America’s greatest growth -- the building of the Erie Canal in the 1820’s, the transcontinental railroad in the 1860’s, and the first skyscrapers in the 1890’s -- Irish-Americans gave their labor; and
WHEREAS, The largest wave of Irish immigrants came in the late 1840’s, when the Great Famine ravaging Ireland caused two million people to emigrate, mostly to American soil; and
WHEREAS, Upon arrival, Irish immigrants faced ”No Irish Need Apply” signs, but persevered and overcame prejudice; and
WHEREAS, Today, millions of Americans of Irish ancestry continue to enrich all aspects of life in the United States; and
WHEREAS, St. Patrick, born near the Severn in Britain probably in A.D. 389, is the patron saint of Ireland; and
WHEREAS, Irish-Americans in communities all across the country celebrate St. Patrick’s feast day with parades and the wearing of the green; and
WHEREAS, On St. Patrick’s Day, Irishness comes out in everybody;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives hereby honor the rich heritage of the millions of Americans who trace their lineage to Ireland by celebrating St. Patrick’s Day.

Representative O’Brien moved the adoption of the resolution.

Representatives O’Brien, Dickerson, Murray, Doumit, Sheahan and Benson spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4634 was adopted.

Former Speaker of the House O’Brien: In closing I would like to give this Irish toast: ”If I had a ticket to Heaven, and you did not have one too, I would tear mine into little bits, and go to Hell with you.”

Former Speaker of the House O’Brien turned the gavel back to the Speaker Pro Tempore Pennington.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE
Representative H. Sommers: Thank you. I want to say a fine and hardy welcome to John O’Brien, our former Speaker and our former Speaker Pro Tem. It is really nice and a great privilege to see you here again this morning as you have come back each year to remind us of all that you stood for and of all you did. I do remember a lot of things about the way Representative O’Brien presided and the things he did and the things he said. He was famous for his rulings over the years. The book of rulings grew and grew under Speaker O’Brien. One time I recall that he was stumped over a particularly difficult challenging ruling. But he came out and he said simply, "It’s moot." That was the decision, he issued the ruling he wanted to issue and we lived with it. Now, I want to say that this morning is again a special morning because I never recall again other four letter words coming from Representative O’Brien but he certainly gave us a touch this morning with the tearing up of the ticket. I assume a whole bunch of us will go to Hell with you, John.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Lisk: I also would like to extend a welcome from this side of the aisle to former Speaker, Representative O’Brien. I will never forget the most informative session I ever had was the sessions Representative O’Brien conducted for the new freshmen members on the protocol and rules of the House. I still have the book and the information he distributed to the freshmen on how to conduct oneself on the floor, and what the rules were and what protocol to follow. I still refer to it. I also will never forget the day in the cafeteria lunch line where Representative O’Brien, who was then the Speaker Pro Tem and would call on members to speak, turned and looked down at me and said "You sure talk alot". It was quite enlightening for me as a new member. I have tried since to think more about what I am saying. It is a pleasure to welcome you back. I remember the day we honored Representative O’Brien for being the longest serving member of any House of Representatives in the United States. I believe that record still stands. It is wonderful to welcome you here. It is wonderful to see you again. God bless you on this special day.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Mason: It is so good to see my representative. For those you don’t know, I am sitting in the seat that Representative O’Brien held with so much distinction for so many years. He has always been my representative and he still is. I learned a lot from him on how to serve my district and to care about the people of my district. It is good to see you here, Representative O’Brien. I am always honored to know I am serving in Position 1, the seat that he held for many, many years. Happy Saint Patrick’s Day to you.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) thanked former Speaker O’Brien for the traditional green carnations on the members’ desks.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) announced that the three minute ruling on speeches was in effect during the day’s debates.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1043, by Representatives Schoesler, Dunn and Smith

Requiring the state landlord/tenant act to preempt all other local landlord/tenant acts.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1043 was substituted for House Bill No. 1043 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1043 was read the second time.
With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 124 and 222 to Substitute House Bill No. 1043 were withdrawn.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa:

(246)

On page 2, line 3, after "3" insert "or 4"
On page 2, line 12, after "3" insert "or 4"
On page 2, after line 29, add the following:
"NEW SECTION Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 59.18 RCW to read as follows: Section 2 of this act does not apply to local laws that are intended to protect tenants from discrimination on the basis of sex, race, political ideology, sexual orientation, ancestry, age, parental status, or participation in a program under section eight of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 USC 1437(f))."

Representative Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representative Schoesler spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.
Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call. Representative Lisk pointed out the House had already voted on the amendment and the amendment had failed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 1043 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1576, by Representatives Sherstad, Cairnes, Mulliken, Reams, Koster, Mielke, Dunn, McMorris, Pennington, Sheahan and Thompson

Modifying buildable lands under growth management.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1576 was substituted for House Bill No. 1576 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1576 was read the second time.
With the consent of the House, amendment number 207 to House Bill No. 1576 was withdrawn.

Representative Sherstad moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sherstad: (219)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds and declares land use planning needs to ensure that an adequate supply of land appropriate for development is actually available for development. Land use planning that restricts the supply of develop able land tends to cause land prices to rise, making affordable housing impossible and economic growth difficult.
(2) Comprehensive plans and development regulations may identify undeveloped land for particular uses. However, those uses may never be realized and the assumption that land will actually be used for such purposes may be misplaced.
(3) The legislature finds and declares local governments planning under chapter 36.70A RCW need to analyze whether sufficient available land for development exists in order to provide for both residential and nonresidential needs of the population in those jurisdictions. Merely regulating land so
as to allow for the development is insufficient. Specifically, local jurisdictions planning under chapter 36.70A RCW must inventory lands available for development and adjust plans or development regulations if insufficient land is available to meet the population projections for the following twenty years.

Sec. 2. RCW 36.70A.110 and 1995 c 400 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall designate an urban growth area or areas within which urban growth shall be encouraged and outside of which growth can occur only if it is not urban in nature. Each city that is located in such a county shall be included within an urban growth area. An urban growth area may include more than a single city. An urban growth area may include territory that is located outside of a city only if such territory already is characterized by urban growth whether or not the urban growth area includes a city, or is adjacent to territory already characterized by urban growth, or is a designated new fully contained community as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(2) Based upon the growth management population projection made for the county by the office of financial management, the county and the city within the county shall include areas and densities within urban growth areas sufficient to permit the urban growth that is projected to occur in the county or city for the succeeding twenty-year period. Each urban growth area shall permit urban densities and shall include greenbelt and open space areas. An urban growth area determination may include a reasonable land market supply factor and shall permit a range of urban densities and uses. In determining this market factor, cities and counties may consider local circumstances. Cities and counties have discretion in their comprehensive plans to make many choices about accommodating growth.

Within one year of July 1, 1990, each county that as of June 1, 1991, was required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, shall begin consulting with each city located within its boundaries and each city shall propose the location of an urban growth area. Within sixty days of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall begin this consultation with each city located within its boundaries. The county shall attempt to reach agreement with each city on the location of an urban growth area within which the city is located. If such an agreement is not reached with each city located within the urban growth area, the county shall justify in writing why it so designated the area an urban growth area. A city may object formally with the department over the designation of the urban growth area within which it is located. Where appropriate, the department shall attempt to resolve the conflicts, including the use of mediation services.

(3) Urban growth should be located first in areas already characterized by urban growth that have adequate existing public facility and service capacities to serve such development, second in areas already characterized by urban growth that will be served adequately by a combination of both existing public facilities and services and any additional needed public facilities and services that are provided by either public or private sources, and third in the remaining portions of the urban growth areas. Urban growth may also be located in designated new fully contained communities as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(4) In general, cities are the units of local government most appropriate to provide urban governmental services. In general, it is not appropriate that urban governmental services be extended to or expanded in rural areas except in those limited circumstances shown to be necessary to protect basic public health and safety and the environment and when such services are financially supportable at rural densities and do not permit urban development.

(5) On or before October 1, 1993, each county that was initially required to plan under RCW 36.70A.040(1) shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Within three years and three months of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Adoption of the interim urban growth areas may only occur after public notice; public hearing; and compliance with the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, and RCW 36.70A.110. Such action may be appealed to the appropriate growth management hearings board under RCW 36.70A.280. Final urban growth areas shall be adopted at the time of comprehensive plan adoption under this chapter.
(6) Each county shall include designations of urban growth areas in its comprehensive plan.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 3, This chapter applies to counties planning under RCW 36.70A.040, and the cities within those counties, that had a population greater than one hundred fifty thousand in 1995 as determined by the office of financial management population projection and that are located west of the crest of the Cascade mountain range.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 4. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Lands available for development" are lands that are suitable for development and likely to be on the market within the time period provided in RCW 36.70A.110. "Lands available for development" include both vacant land and developed land likely to be redeveloped. Land that is developed with a building currently occupied and determined habitable by the local jurisdiction with an assessed value greater than the assessed value of the land on which the building is located may not be considered developed land likely to be redeveloped.

(2) "City" means any city or town, including a code city.

(3) "Suitable for development" means the lands:

(a) Are not within any critical area or governed by any development regulation designed to protect critical areas adopted under RCW 36.70A.060, regardless of whether any development may occur on the lands;

(b) Are serviced by all public facilities necessary for development or needed public facilities are provided for in the capital facilities element of the county or city's comprehensive plan adopted under RCW 36.70A.070 within the following five years; and

(c) May be developed without causing the level of service on a transportation facility to decline below the standards adopted in the transportation element of the comprehensive plan.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 5. (1) A comprehensive plan must provide sufficient lands available for development within the urban growth areas established under RCW 36.70A.110 to accommodate estimated residential and nonresidential needs for the following twenty years.

(2) Beginning with the next periodic review under RCW 36.70A.130 or any other review of an urban growth area or comprehensive plan, but at least by July 1, 1999, a county shall:

(a) Inventory the supply of lands available for development within the urban growth area;

(b) Determine the density and type of development likely to occur on lands inventoried under (a) of this subsection, by considering all regulations applicable to the lands and the market for land available for development;

(c) Determine the actual residential density and the actual intensity and amount of land developed for nonresidential uses which have occurred within the urban growth area since the last periodic review or five years, whichever is greater;

(d) Conduct an analysis of housing need by type and density range to determine the amount of land needed for each needed housing type for the next twenty years;

(e) Conduct an analysis of nonresidential development needed to serve the commercial, office, retail, industrial, and public service and facility needs of the population for the next twenty years; and

(f) Compare the inventory in (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection with the needs determined in (d) and (e) of this subsection.

(3) If the determination required by subsection (2) of this section indicates the urban growth area does not contain sufficient lands available for development to accommodate projected needs for twenty years at the actual developed density that has occurred since the last periodic review, the county shall take one or more of the following actions:

(a) Amend its urban growth area to include sufficient land available for development to accommodate projected needs for twenty years at the actual developed density during the period since the last periodic review or within the last five years, whichever is greater. As a part of this process, the amendment shall include sufficient land reasonably necessary to accommodate the siting of new public school facilities;

(b) Amend its comprehensive plan or development regulations to include new, incentive-based measures that demonstrably increase the likelihood that development will occur at densities sufficient to accommodate the projected needs for twenty years without expansion of the urban growth area; or

(c) Any combination of actions in (a) or (b) of this subsection.
(4) A county that adopts incentive-based measures under subsection (3)(b) of this section must monitor and record the level of development activity and development density following the date of the adoption of the new measures. If the monitoring shows that development has not occurred at densities sufficient to accommodate the project needs, the county must, at its next review under subsection (2) of this section, amend its urban growth area as provided in subsection (3)(a) of this section.

(5) If the determination required by subsection (2) of this section indicates the urban growth area within a city does not contain sufficient lands available for development to accommodate residential and nonresidential needs for twenty years at the actual developed density that has occurred since the last periodic review, the city shall amend its comprehensive plan or development regulations to include new, incentive-based measures that demonstrably increase the likelihood that development will occur at densities sufficient to accommodate projected needs for twenty years without expansion of the urban growth area. A city that takes this action must monitor and record the level of development activity and development density following the date of the adoption of the new measures.

(6) Amendments must comply with the requirements of chapter 36.70A RCW.

(7) In establishing that actions and measures adopted under subsections (3) and (5) of this section demonstrably increase the likelihood of higher density development, the county or city shall at a minimum ensure that land zoned for development is in locations appropriate for the types of development identified under subsection (2) of this section and is zoned at density ranges that are likely to be achieved by the market using the analysis in subsection (2) of this section. Actions or incentive-based measures, or both, must be adopted as part of development regulations, must be available to all applicable properties within the zone, must not be negotiated on a case-by-case basis, and may include, but are not limited to:

(a) Financial incentives for higher density development, including, but not limited to removal of fees associated with development;
(b) Removal or easing of approval standards or procedures;
(c) Redevelopment and infill strategies; and
(d) Authorization of housing types not previously allowed by the comprehensive plan or development regulations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) A county shall annually update the inventory and determinations required by section 5(2) of this act.

(2) At least every five years after the first inventory, determinations, and steps required under section 5 of this act:
(a) A county shall take any steps required by section 5 (3) and (4) of this act; and
(b) A city shall take any steps required by section 5(5) of this act.

Sec. 7. RCW 43.62.035 and 1995 c 162 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The office of financial management shall determine the population of each county of the state annually as of April 1st of each year and on or before July 1st of each year shall file a certificate with the secretary of state showing its determination of the population for each county. The office of financial management also shall determine the percentage increase in population for each county over the preceding ten-year period, as of April 1st, and shall file a certificate with the secretary of state by July 1st showing its determination. At least once every five years beginning in 2001 the office of financial management shall prepare twenty-year growth management planning population projections required by RCW 36.70A.110 for each county that adopts a comprehensive plan under RCW 36.70A.040 and shall review these projections with such counties and the cities in those counties before final adoption. The county and its cities may provide to the office such information as they deem relevant to the office’s projection, and the office shall consider and comment on such information before adoption. Each projection shall be expressed as a reasonable range developed within the standard state high and low projection. The middle range shall represent the office’s estimate of the most likely population projection for the county. If any city or county believes that a projection will not accurately reflect actual population growth in a county, it may petition the office to revise the projection accordingly. The office shall complete the first set of ranges for every county by December 31, 1995.

A comprehensive plan adopted or amended before December 31, 1995, shall not be considered to be in noncompliance with the twenty-year growth management planning population projection if the
projection used in the comprehensive plan is in compliance with the range later adopted under this section.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 8.** Sections 1, 3, 4, and 6 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 36 RCW to be codified to follow chapter 36.70C RCW."

Correct the title.

Representative Gardner moved the adoption of the following amendment (266) to the amendment by Representative Sherstad: (219)

On page 1, line 12 of the striking amendment, after "difficult." insert "If too much land is zoned for new growth, taxpayers foot the high cost of newly sprawled roads, sewers, and utility lines to serve it."

Representative Gardner spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Sherstad spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment to the amendment was not adopted.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment to the amendment:

On page 7, after line 29 of the amendment, insert the following:

"**NEW SECTION. Sec. 9.** If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Representatives H. Sommers and Huff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House is the striking amendment 219 as amended.

Representative Sherstad spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment as amended was adopted.

The bill was order engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sherstad, Cairnes, and Reams spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero, Dunshee and Gombosky spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1576.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1576 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Cooke, Couse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dunn, Dyer, Grant,
Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1576, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1938, by Representative Carrell

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (251)

On page 4, beginning on line 14, strike subsection (4).
Renumber remaining subsections consecutively.

Representative Carrell spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (235)

On page 4, beginning on line 17, strike subsection (5) and insert the following:
"(5) An individual who is not an owner, operator, or employee of a child-serving agency is guilty of a misdemeanor if the individual violates subsection (1) of this section with the intent to engage the child in a crime, to conceal the child from law enforcement, the department, or the child’s parents, or to assist the minor to avoid or attempt to avoid the custody of a law enforcement officer."

Representatives Carrell and Tokuda spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (234)

On page 7, line 13, after "child’s" strike "in compliance" and insert "noncompliance"
On page 7, line 33, after "RCW" strike "28A.225.080" and insert "28A.225.090"

Representative Carrell spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Carrell spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Wolfe spoke against passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1938.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1938 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 57, Nays - 41, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1938, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2008, by Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, Crouse and Costa

Authorizing law enforcement officers to impound the vehicles of persons who are patronizing prostitutes.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2008 was substituted for House Bill No. 2008 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2008 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2008.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2008 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Substitute House Bill No. 2008, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2170, by Representatives Pennington, Sheldon and Ogden

Expediting projects of state-wide significance.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2170 was substituted for House Bill No. 2170 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2170 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 2170 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1091, by Representatives Sterk, Cody, Backlund, Kenney, D. Sommers, Hatfield, Dunn, O’Brien, Lantz, Kessler, Murray, Costa, Quall, Anderson and Conway

Penalizing assault of health care personnel.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk, Costa, Dyer, Sterk and Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Lambert and Appelwick spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1091.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1091 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 8, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1091, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2170, by Committee on Trade and Economic Development

Expediting projects of state-wide significance.

Representative Dunn moved the adoption of the following striking amendment by Representative Dunn: (268)
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that certain industrial investments merit special designation and treatment by governmental entities. The legislature further finds that such investments bolster the local economy and have an impact on the state economy as a whole. It is the intent of the legislature to recognize that certain industrial investments and projects are of state-wide significance and that it is in the state interest to expedite their completion.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and economic development.
(2) "Director" means the director of the department of community, trade, and economic development.
(3) "Eligible projects" means:
   (a) Construction of new buildings and the acquisition of new machinery and equipment when the buildings, machinery, and equipment are to be used for either manufacturing or research and development activities; or
   (b) Acquisition of new machinery and equipment to be used for either manufacturing or research and development if the machinery and equipment is housed in a leased new building; or
   (c) Modernization projects involving construction, renovation, acquisition, or upgrading of existing buildings or machinery and equipment, including labor and services, and are intended to increase the production of the facility.
(4) "Local government" means either: (a) A city or county that plans under chapter 36.70 RCW; or (b) a city or county that is required to plan or elects to plan under chapter 36.70A RCW.
(5) "Machinery and equipment" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.61.010 and 82.63.010.
(6) "Manufacturing" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.61.010.
(7) "Project of state-wide significance" means an eligible project that meets the requirements of section 3 of this act.
(8) "Research and development" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.61.010 and 82.63.010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. For purposes of this chapter an industrial investment of state-wide significance or a project of state-wide significance is a border crossing project that involves both private and public investments carried out in conjunction with adjacent states or provinces or a private industrial development with private capital investment in manufacturing or research and development. To qualify as an industrial project of state-wide significance, the project must be completed after January 1, 1997, and have:

(1) In counties with a population of less than or equal to twenty thousand, a capital investment of twenty million dollars;
(2) In counties with a population of greater than twenty thousand but no more than fifty thousand, a capital investment of fifty million dollars;
(3) In counties with a population of greater than fifty thousand but no more than one hundred thousand, a capital investment of one hundred million dollars;
(4) In counties with a population of greater than one hundred thousand but no more than two hundred thousand, a capital investment of two hundred million dollars;
(5) In counties with a population of greater than two hundred thousand but no more than four hundred thousand, a capital investment of four hundred million dollars;
(6) In counties with a population of greater than four hundred thousand but no more than one million, a capital investment of six hundred million dollars; or
(7) In counties with a population of greater than one million, a capital investment of one billion dollars.
(8) Been designated by the director as a project of state-wide significance either (a) because the county in which the project is to be located is a distressed county and the economic circumstances of the county merit the additional assistance such designation will bring; or (b) because the impact on a region due to the size and complexity of the project merits such designation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) A local government that receives an application for the development of a project of state-wide significance may, at their option, develop a process for expediting the review, approval, permitting, and completion of the project.
(2) The local government shall notify the department within ten days of receipt of an application for the development of a project of state-wide significance. The notification to the department shall contain information on the type of project, the amount of public and private investment in the project, and the local government contact person.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The director shall assign an ombudsman to each project of state-wide significance. The ombudsman is responsible for assembling a team of state and local government and private officials to help meet the planning and development needs of the specific project of state-wide significance.

(2) The ombudsman shall include those in the team that have responsibility over the planning, permitting and licensing, infrastructure development, work force development services, transportation services, and the provision of utilities for the specific project of state-wide significance.

(3) The team shall work together to expedite the approval of necessary permits for the furtherance of the specific project.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Sections 1 through 5 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW."

With the consent of the House, amendment number 277 to the striking amendment was withdrawn.

Representative Dunn moved the adoption of the following amendment (287) to the striking amendment by Representative Dunn: (268)

On page 3, line 9 of the amendment, after "government" strike "shall" and insert "may"

On page 3, after line 27 of the amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. In order to provide service to developers of projects of state-wide significance, the department shall charge reasonable fees for services under this chapter. The fees must be based on a percentage of the cost of the eligible project and are not intended to exceed the costs of providing the service. The fees may not be paid from funds from a federal, state, or local government source.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The ombudsman fee account is created in the state treasury. The account consists of all receipts from fees charged by the department under section 6 of this act. Expenditures from the account may be used only for purposes of this chapter. Only the director or the director’s designee may authorize expenditures from the account. Expenditures from the account may be spent only after appropriation."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Dunn and Veloria spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment to the striking amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the striking amendment as amended.

Representatives Dunn and Veloria spoke in favor of the adoption of the striking amendment as amended. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson, Veloria, Sheldon and Dunn spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2170.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2170 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2170, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1338 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1344, by Representatives Mielke, Doumit, Pennington, Alexander, Boldt, Hatfield, Bush and Smith

Requiring county legislative authorities to include a summary of public testimony in the written minutes.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1344 was substituted for House Bill No. 1344 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1344 was read the second time.

Representative Mielke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mielke: (228)

On page 1, after line 5, strike everything and insert the following:
"Voice recordings or written minutes must be kept of every public meeting of a county legislative authority and shall include any public testimony taken, but this requirement shall not apply to executive sessions. Copies of the voice recordings or minutes shall be available to the public at a reasonable fee."

Representatives Mielke, D. Schmidt and Honeyford spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Gardner and Doumit spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Mielke, D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Gardner and Doumit spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1344.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1344 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 68, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1344, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1349, by Representatives McMorris, Kessler, Hatfield, Linville, Costa, Sheldon and Doumit

Extending existing employer workers' compensation group self-insurance.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (187)

On page 3, after line 2, insert the following:

"(5)(a) Self-insured employers, self-insured groups, and authorized claims administrators have a duty of good faith and fair dealing towards claimants. Violations of these good faith duties shall include, but not be limited to: (i) Attempting to close a valid claim under this section that the employer, or his or her representative, knew or should have known was closed inappropriately; (ii) interfering with a worker’s right to file a claim under this title; or (iii) having a history or pattern of repeated unfair claims practices. The department shall adopt rules on unfair claims practices.

(b) A worker of a self-insured employer or beneficiary of such worker who is injured or damaged because of a violation of this section or violation of a rule adopted by the director under this title may bring a civil action against a self-insured employer, self-insured group, or authorized claims administrator in superior court to enjoin further violations and to recover reasonable damages sustained by him or her, together with the cost of the suit including reasonable attorneys' fees to be set by the court."

Representative Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Clements spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 2, after line 3, to House Bill No. 1349 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 44, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris, Dyer, Sheldon, Clements and Thompson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Conway and Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1349.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1349 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1349, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1472, by Representatives Reams, Romero, Pennington, Sherstad and Lantz

Providing for designation of mineral resource lands.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunshee: (250)

On page 2, after line 22, insert the following:

“(2) Prior to designating mineral resource lands of long-term commercial significance as provided in this section, the county shall consider whether probable significant adverse impacts on the
quality of the environment are likely to result. The county seeking to designate mineral resource lands shall complete an environmental checklist as provided in WAC 197-11-960 to identify the impacts from the proposed designation of mineral resource lands of long-term commercial significance, to reduce or avoid impacts from the proposal, if this can be accomplished, and to help the applicable agency decide whether an environmental impact statement is required."

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Dunshee and Gardner spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Reams spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Koster moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Koster: (243)

"On page 2, line 33, after "regulations." insert the following: "Reasonable notice of additions or amendments to comprehensive plans or development regulations shall be given to property owners and other affected and interested individuals. The county shall use either an existing reasonable notice provision already employed by the county or a new reasonable notice provision, including any of the following:
(a) Notifying owners of real property, as shown by the records of the county assessor, located within 300 feet of the boundaries of the proposed designation;
(b) Publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, city, or general area where the mineral resource deposits are located;
(c) Notifying public or private groups with known interest in the proposed mineral resource designation; or
(d) Placing notices in appropriate regional, neighborhood, or trade journals."

Representatives Koster and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

COLLOQUY

Representative Dunshee asked if Representative Koster would yield to a question, and Representative Koster did.

Representative Dunshee: Sir, do you take this amendment to mean that notification will occur prior to the designation, and that citizens will know prior to the designation?

Representative Koster: Yes, that is the intent of the amendment.

Representatives Dunshee and Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Gardner and Linville spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1472.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1472 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 79, Nays - 19, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed House Bill No. 1472, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1478, by Representatives Clements, Buck, Huff, Lisk, Mulliken, McDonald, Honeyford, Sehlin, McMorris, Sump, Sheldon, Parlette, Skinner, Chandler, Kessler, Hatfield and Grant

Feeding wildlife during severe winter weather.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1478 was substituted for House Bill No. 1478 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1478 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 192 to Substitute House Bill No. 1478 was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Clements spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Tokuda spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1478.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1478 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 85, Nays - 13, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1478, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1862, by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt and McDonald

Requiring a community-based response system for certain families referred to child protective services.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862 was substituted for House Bill No. 1862 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Gombosky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1864, by Representatives Cooke, Dickerson, Boldt and McDonald

Regarding infants who test positive at birth for drugs or alcohol.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1864 was substituted for House Bill No. 1864 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1864 was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Gombosky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1864.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1864 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute House Bill No. 1864, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Lisk updated the members on the tragedy at Zillah where two divers lost their lives in an irrigation ditch. She asked that the House remember during their debates that life was continuing outside the Chambers, and asked that the members remember these men and their families.


Revising the Juvenile Code (Introduced with Senate sponsors).

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 was substituted for House Bill No. 3900 and the third substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 was read the second time.

Representative Sheahan moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheahan: (275)

On page 32, beginning on line 1, strike section 6

Renumber remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title.
Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dickerson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dickerson: (260)

On page 33, beginning on line 19, after "1994," strike everything through "act," on line 20

On page 33, beginning on line 26, after "separately" strike everything through "this act" on line 27

On page 40, at the beginning of line 15, strike "(1)"

On page 47, at the beginning of line 23, strike "(2)"

On page 53, beginning on line 3, strike all of subsection (3)

On page 70, beginning on line 16, strike all of section 19

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives Dickerson, Wolfe, Kastama, Constantine, Chopp, and Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Sheahan, Sterk, and Robertson spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Robertson demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 33, beginning on line 19, to Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote:

Yeas - 38, Nays - 60, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Dickerson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dickerson: (261)

Beginning on page 76, line 10, strike section 24 and insert:

"Sec. 24. RCW 13.40.160 and 1995 c 395 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (When the respondent is found to be a serious offender, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range of disposition for the offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section.)) The standard range disposition for a juvenile adjudicated of an offense is determined according to RCW 13.40.0357."
Option A, the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard ranges, except as provided in subsections (2), (4), (5) and (6) of this section. The disposition may be comprised of one or more local sanctions.

(b) When the court sentences an offender to a standard range as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 Option A that includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement, except as provided in subsections (2), (4), (5) and (6) of this section.

(2) If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range, as indicated in option ((B) C of ((schedule D-3-r)) RCW 13.40.0357. The court’s finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

((2) Where the respondent is found to be a minor or first offender, the court shall order that the respondent serve a term of community supervision as indicated in option A or option B of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the court determines that a disposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice the court may impose another disposition under option C of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a disposition other than a community supervision may be imposed only after the court enters reasons upon which it bases its conclusions that imposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court’s finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

Except for disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, disposition may be appealed as provided in RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section may not be appealed under RCW 13.40.230.)

(3) Where a respondent is found to have committed an offense for which the respondent declined to enter into a diversion agreement, the court shall impose a term of community supervision limited to the conditions allowed in a diversion agreement as provided in RCW 13.40.080(2).

(4) ((If a respondent is found to be a middle offender:

(a) The court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range(s) for such offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the standard range includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement; or

(b)) If the ((middle)) juvenile offender ((has less than 110 points,)) the court shall impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to thirty days confinement, as indicated in option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150. If the middle offender has 110 points or more) is subject to a standard range disposition of up to 36 weeks of confinement and is not a violent offender, the court may impose a disposition under option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender violates any condition of the disposition including conditions of a probation bond, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

((c) Only if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that disposition as provided in subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to

...
(d) A disposition (pursuant to) entered under this subsection (4)((e) of this section is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition pursuant to subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section) is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5) When a (serious, middle, or minor first) juvenile offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent’s version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent’s offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent’s social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator’s information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent’s amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(a)(i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and therapist;
(ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;
(iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;
(iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and
(v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender’s amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the victim’s opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section. If the court determines that this special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range for the offense, or if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that such disposition would cause a manifest injustice, the court shall impose a disposition under option C, and the court may suspend the execution of the disposition and place the offender on community supervision for ((up to)) at least two years. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose the conditions of community supervision and other conditions, including up to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the offender do any one or more of the following:

(b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or occupation;
(ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation counselor object to the change;
(iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the offender’s address, educational program, or employment;
(iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall have prior approval by the court;
(v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;
(vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform community service, or any combination thereof;
(vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling reasonably related to the offense; or
(viii) Comply with the conditions of any court-ordered probation bond.
The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the respondent’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

Except as provided in this subsection (5), after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender’s home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (5) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition or the court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days’ confinement for violating conditions of the disposition. The court may order both execution of the disposition and up to thirty days’ confinement for the violation of the conditions of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

For purposes of this section, “victim” means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. “Victim” may also include a known parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(6) A disposition entered under this subsection (5) is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.
(7) If the juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 24 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose the disposition alternative under section 25 of this act.
(8) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.
(9) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or execution of the disposition.
(10) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the same offense.”
On page 102, after line 21, insert the following:

"Sec. 36. RCW 72.09.460 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 19 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature intends that all inmates be required to participate in department-approved education programs, work programs, or both, unless exempted under subsection (((4))) (4) of this section. Eligible inmates who refuse to participate in available education or work programs available at no charge to the inmates shall lose privileges according to the system established under RCW 72.09.130. Eligible inmates who are required to contribute financially to an education or work program and refuse to contribute shall be placed in another work program. Refusal to contribute shall not result in a loss of privileges. The legislature recognizes more inmates may agree to participate in education and work programs than are available. The department must make every effort to achieve maximum public benefit by placing inmates in available and appropriate education and work programs.

(2) The department shall provide a program of education to all inmates who are under the age of eighteen and who have not met high school graduation requirements as established by the state board of education. The program of education established by the department for inmates under the age of eighteen must consist of curriculum that will enable the inmate to achieve a high school diploma. The department shall extend the program of education required under this subsection to an inmate who is over the age of eighteen but less than twenty-one if the inmate was incarcerated prior to his or her eighteenth birthday and failed to obtain a high school diploma before reaching the age of eighteen.

(3) The department shall, to the extent possible and considering all available funds, prioritize its resources to meet the following goals for inmates in the order listed:

(a) Achievement of basic academic skills through obtaining a high school diploma or its equivalent and achievement of vocational skills necessary for purposes of work programs and for an inmate to qualify for work upon release;

(b) Additional work and education programs based on assessments and placements under subsection (((4))) (5) of this section; and

(c) Other work and education programs as appropriate.

(((4))) (4) The department shall establish, by rule, objective medical standards to determine when an inmate is physically or mentally unable to participate in available education or work programs. When the department determines an inmate is permanently unable to participate in any available education or work program due to a medical condition, the inmate is exempt from the requirement under subsection (1) of this section. When the department determines an inmate is temporarily unable to participate in an education or work program due to a medical condition, the inmate is exempt from the requirement of subsection (1) of this section for the period of time he or she is temporarily disabled. The department shall periodically review the medical condition of all temporarily disabled inmates to ensure the earliest possible entry or reentry by inmates into available programming.

(((4))) (5) The department shall establish, by rule, standards for participation in department-approved education and work programs. The standards shall address the following areas:

(a) Assessment. The department shall assess all inmates for their basic academic skill levels using a professionally accepted method of scoring reading, math, and language skills as grade level equivalents. The department shall determine an inmate’s education history, work history, and vocational or work skills. The initial assessment shall be conducted, whenever possible, within the first thirty days of an inmate’s entry into the correctional system, except that initial assessments are not required for inmates who are sentenced to life without the possibility of release, assigned to an intensive management unit within the first thirty days after entry into the correctional system, are returning to the correctional system within one year of a prior release, or whose physical or mental condition renders them unable to complete the assessment process. The department shall track and record changes in the basic academic skill levels of all inmates reflected in any testing or assessment performed as part of their education programming;

(b) Placement. The department shall follow the policies set forth in subsection (1) of this section in establishing criteria for placing inmates in education and work programs. The department shall, to the extent possible, place all inmates whose composite grade level score for basic academic skills is below the eighth grade level in a combined education and work program. The placement criteria shall include at least the following factors:

(i) An inmate’s release date and custody level, except an inmate shall not be precluded from participating in an education or work program solely on the basis of his or her release date;

(ii) An inmate’s education history and basic academic skills;

(iii) An inmate’s work history and vocational or work skills;
(iv) An inmate’s economic circumstances, including but not limited to an inmate’s family support obligations; and

(v) Where applicable, an inmate’s prior performance in department-approved education or work programs;

(c) Performance and goals. The department shall establish, and periodically review, inmate behavior standards and program goals for all education and work programs. Inmates shall be notified of applicable behavior standards and program goals prior to placement in an education or work program and shall be removed from the education or work program if they consistently fail to meet the standards or goals;

(d) Financial responsibility. (i) The department shall establish a formula by which inmates, based on their ability to pay, shall pay all or a portion of the costs or tuition of certain programs. Inmates shall, based on the formula, pay a portion of the costs or tuition of participation in:

(A) Second and subsequent vocational programs associated with an inmate’s work programs;

and

(B) An associate of arts or baccalaureate degree program when placement in a degree program is the result of a placement made under this subsection;

(ii) Inmates shall pay all costs and tuition for participation in:

(A) Any postsecondary academic degree program which is entered independently of a placement decision made under this subsection; and

(B) Second and subsequent vocational programs not associated with an inmate's work program. Enrollment in any program specified in (d)(ii) of this subsection shall only be allowed by correspondence or if there is an opening in an education or work program at the institution where an inmate is incarcerated and no other inmate who is placed in a program under this subsection will be displaced; and

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an inmate sentenced to life without the possibility of release:

(i) Shall not be required to participate in education programming; and

(ii) May receive not more than one postsecondary academic degree in a program offered by the department or its contracted providers.

If an inmate sentenced to life without the possibility of release requires prevocational or vocational training for a work program, he or she may participate in the training subject to this section.

((54)) (6) The department shall coordinate education and work programs among its institutions, to the greatest extent possible, to facilitate continuity of programming among inmates transferred between institutions. Before transferring an inmate enrolled in a program, the department shall consider the effect the transfer will have on the inmate’s ability to continue or complete a program. This subsection shall not be used to delay or prohibit a transfer necessary for legitimate safety or security concerns.

((64)) (7) Before construction of a new correctional institution or expansion of an existing correctional institution, the department shall adopt a plan demonstrating how cable, closed-circuit, and satellite television will be used for education and training purposes in the institution. The plan shall specify how the use of television in the education and training programs will improve inmates’ preparedness for available work programs and job opportunities for which inmates may qualify upon release.

((74)) (8) The department shall adopt a plan to reduce the per-pupil cost of instruction by, among other methods, increasing the use of volunteer instructors and implementing technological efficiencies. The plan shall be adopted by December 1996 and shall be transmitted to the legislature upon adoption. The department shall, in adoption of the plan, consider distance learning, satellite instruction, video tape usage, computer-aided instruction, and flexible scheduling of offender instruction.

((84)) (9) Following completion of the review required by section 27(3), chapter 19, Laws of 1995 1st sp. sess. the department shall take all necessary steps to assure the vocation and education programs are relevant to work programs and skills necessary to enhance the employability of inmates upon release."
Representatives Costa, Sheahan, Doumit and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sheahan moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheahan: (293)
On page 102, after line 21, insert the following:

"Sec. 36. RCW 72.01.410 and 1994 c 220 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Whenever any child under the age of eighteen is convicted in the courts of this state of a crime amounting to a felony, and is committed for a term of confinement in a correctional institution wherein adults are confined, the secretary of corrections, after making an independent assessment and evaluation of the child and determining that the needs and correctional goals for the child could better be met by the programs and housing environment provided by the juvenile correctional institution, with the consent of the secretary of social and health services, may transfer such child to a juvenile correctional institution, or to such other institution as is now, or may hereafter be authorized by law to receive such child, until such time as the child arrives at the age of twenty-one years, whereupon the child shall be returned to the institution of original commitment. Retention within a juvenile detention facility or return to an adult correctional facility shall regularly be reviewed by the secretary of corrections and the secretary of social and health services with a determination made based on the level of maturity and sophistication of the individual, the behavior and progress while within the juvenile detention facility, security needs, and the program/treatment alternatives which would best prepare the individual for a successful return to the community. Notice of such transfers shall be given to the clerk of the committing court and the parents, guardian, or next of kin of such child, if known.
(2)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2)(b) of this section, an offender under the age of eighteen who is convicted in adult criminal court and who is committed to a term of confinement at the department of corrections must be placed in a housing unit, or a portion of a housing unit, that is separated from offenders eighteen years of age or older, until the offender reaches the age of eighteen.
(b) An offender under the age of eighteen may be housed in an intensive management unit or administrative segregation unit containing offenders eighteen years of age or older if it is necessary for the safety or security of the offender or staff. In these cases, the offender shall be kept physically separate from other offenders at all times.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 37. A new section is added to chapter 72.01 RCW to read as follows:
An offender under the age of eighteen who is convicted in adult criminal court of a crime and who is committed for a term of confinement in a jail as defined in RCW 70.48.020, must be housed in a jail cell that does not contain adult offenders, until the offender reaches the age of eighteen."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives Sheahan and Dickerson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Radcliff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Radcliff: (138)
On page 128, after line 14, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 48. A new section is added to chapter 43.121 RCW to read as follows:
The legislature of the state of Washington finds that community deterioration and family disintegration are increasing problems in our state. One clear indicator of this damage is juvenile crime and violence. The legislature further finds that prevention is one of the best methods of fighting juvenile crime. Building more facilities to house juvenile offenders is only one part of the solution: Increased spending on confining juvenile offenders must be closely linked to efforts to prevent juvenile crime. Research indicates that providing funding for prevention programs is a cost-effective method of preventing and reducing juvenile crime. To this end, the legislature establishes the family investment
account. By encouraging spending on juvenile crime prevention programs to equal state increases in spending on confining juvenile offender rehabilitation facilities, the legislature intends to improve outcomes for children and youth and prevent the continued deterioration of communities and the breakdown of families. As a reflection of this priority, the legislature should transfer sufficient funding to the newly created family investment account, created in section 49 of this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 49. A new section is added to chapter 43.121 RCW to read as follows:
The family investment account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. Expenditures from the account shall be used only for the purposes of section 50 of this act. Only the executive director of the council or his or her designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 50. A new section is added to chapter 43.121 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The council’s executive director or his or her designee may authorize expenditures from the family investment account created under section 49 of this act, subject to available funds. The expenditures shall be in the form of grants to be awarded by the council on a competitive basis based on the recommendations of the family investment grant review team, created in section 51 of this act.
(2) All grant applications shall:
(a) Identify the program or proposed program;
(b) Identify the entity or organization proposing the program. Eligible organizations include, but are not limited to, local charities, civic organizations, local governments, tribes, and community networks;
(c) Include a plan for expenditure of the funds, including specifying what percentage of the grant will be spent on administration and evaluation costs; and
(d) Include a plan to analyze the effectiveness of the program.
(3) A program is eligible for a grant under this section only if the program:
(a) Is designed to reduce conditions associated with the entry of youth into the juvenile justice system;
(b) Is a new program or an expansion of an existing program;
(c) Is based on research that supports the program’s effectiveness;
(d) Has community support and is community-based;
(e) Will be used for prevention of juvenile crime and not for the treatment or confinement of adjudicated or diverted juvenile offenders;
(f) Is in addition to any other state or locally funded prevention program and will not supplant existing state or local funds; and
(g) Demonstrates that strategies are locally planned and outcome driven.
(4) To encourage local ownership of youth violence prevention programs, grants awarded by the council under this section shall:
(a) Have a duration of up to two years, with funding provided in decreasing amounts over the duration of the grant; and
(b) Not exceed more than seventy-five percent of the total estimated cost of a program. Entities or organizations applying for grants under this section must demonstrate that at least twenty-five percent of the cost of the program will be funded from nonstate moneys.
(5) To encourage grant applications, the council shall simplify the grant application process to the greatest extent possible.
(6) The council may require that a percentage of the expenditures for a grant be spent to evaluate the program’s effectiveness. The council may also require that the evaluation be conducted by individuals or organizations that are not participating in the program.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 51. A new section is added to chapter 43.121 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The family investment grant review team is established to make recommendations to the council on the funding of grants from the family investment account.
(2) The review team shall consist of no more than fifteen persons appointed by the council. Appointees must represent the state’s geographic and cultural diversity and have demonstrated an interest in juvenile violence and its prevention. The review team shall include representatives from entities that disperse funds targeted at youth, including, but not limited to, the office of crime victims
advocacy, the governor’s juvenile justice advisory committee, the family policy council, the department of health, the stop youth violence advisory committee, the Washington council for the prevention of child abuse and neglect, and the division of alcohol and substance abuse within the department of social and health services.

(3) Review team members are eligible for reimbursement of expenses under RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

(4) Review team members serve two-year terms.

Sec. 52. RCW 43.121.050 and 1988 c 278 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

To carry out the purposes of this chapter, the council may:

(1) Contract with public or private nonprofit organizations, agencies, schools, or with qualified individuals for the establishment of community-based educational and service programs designed to:

(a) Reduce the occurrence of child abuse and neglect; and

(b) Provide for parenting skills which include: Consistency in parenting; providing children with positive discipline that provides firm order without hurting children physically or emotionally; and preserving and nurturing the family unit. Programs to provide these parenting skills may include the following:

(i) Programs to teach positive methods of disciplining children;

(ii) Programs to educate parents about the physical, mental, and emotional development of children;

(iii) Programs to enhance the skills of parents in providing for their children’s learning and development; and

(iv) Learning experiences for children and parents to help prepare parents and children for the experiences in school. Contracts also may be awarded for research programs related to primary and secondary prevention of child abuse and neglect, and to develop and strengthen community child abuse and neglect prevention networks. Each contract entered into by the council shall contain a provision for the evaluation of services provided under the contract. Contracts for services to prevent child abuse and child neglect shall be awarded as demonstration projects with continuation based upon goal attainment. Contracts for services to prevent child abuse and child neglect shall be awarded on the basis of probability of success based in part upon sound research data.

(2) Award grants from the family investment account in accordance with section 50 of this act.

(3) Facilitate the exchange of information between groups concerned with families and children, and juvenile crime.

((4)) (4) Consult with applicable state agencies, commissions, and boards to help determine the probable effectiveness, fiscal soundness, and need for proposed educational and service programs for the prevention of child abuse and neglect and the prevention of juvenile crime.

((5)) (5) Establish fee schedules to provide for the recipients of services to reimburse the state general fund for the cost of services received.

((6)) (6) Adopt its own bylaws.

((7)) (7) Adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW as necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 53. RCW 43.121.090 and 1987 c 505 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

Subject to RCW 40.07.040, the council shall report biennially to the governor and to the legislature concerning the council’s activities and the effectiveness of those activities in fostering the prevention of child abuse and neglect and juvenile crime.

"Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and fix the title.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 308 to amendment 138 was withdrawn.

Representative Sheahan moved the adoption of the following amendment (309) to the amendment by Representative Radcliff: (138)

Beginning on page 1, after line 7 of the amendment, strike all material through "crime." on page 4, line 38, and insert the following:
"The legislature of the state of Washington finds that community deterioration and family disintegration are increasing problems in our state. One clear indicator of this damage is juvenile crime and violence. The legislature further finds that prevention is one of the best methods of fighting juvenile crime. Building more facilities to house juvenile offenders can be at best only one part of any solution. Any increased spending on confining juvenile offenders must be closely linked to existing efforts to prevent juvenile crime."

Representatives Sheahan and Huff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representatives Radcliff and Tokuda spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment 309 to amendment 138 to Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment to the amendment on page 1, line 7, to Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 and the amendment was adopted by the following vote:
Yeas - 52, Nays - 46, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House was the adoption of amendment 138 as amended. The amendment as amended was adopted.

Representative Dickerson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dickerson (263):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 5.60.060 and 1996 c 156 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A husband shall not be examined for or against his wife, without the consent of the wife, nor a wife for or against her husband without the consent of the husband; nor can either during marriage or afterward, be without the consent of the other, examined as to any communication made by one to the other during marriage. But this exception shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding against a spouse if the marriage occurred subsequent to the filing of formal charges against the defendant, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by said husband or wife against any child of whom said husband or wife is the parent or guardian, nor to a proceeding under chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW: PROVIDED, That the spouse of a person sought to be detained under chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW may not be compelled to testify and shall be so informed by the court prior to being called as a witness."
An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of his or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the client to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the course of professional employment.

(b) A parent shall not be examined as to a communication made by that parent’s minor child to the child’s attorney after the filing of juvenile offender or adult criminal charges, if the parent was present at the time of the communication. This privilege does not extend to communications made prior to filing of charges.

3. A member of the clergy or a priest shall not, without the consent of a person making the confession, be examined as to any confession made to him or her in his or her professional character, in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she belongs.

4. Subject to the limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 or 71.05.250, a physician or surgeon or osteopathic physician or surgeon shall not, without the consent of his or her patient, be examined in a civil action as to any information acquired in attending such patient, which was necessary to enable him or her to prescribe or act for the patient, except as follows:

(a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child’s injury, neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and
(b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court may impose pursuant to court rules.

5. A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the public interest would suffer by the disclosure.

6. (a) A peer support group counselor shall not, without consent of the law enforcement officer making the communication, be compelled to testify about any communication made to the counselor by the officer while receiving counseling. The counselor must be designated as such by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol, prior to the incident that results in counseling. The privilege only applies when the communication was made to the counselor while acting in his or her capacity as a peer support group counselor. The privilege does not apply if the counselor was an initial responding officer, a witness, or a party to the incident which prompted the delivery of peer support group counseling services to the law enforcement officer.

(b) For purposes of this section, "peer support group counselor" means a:

(i) Law enforcement officer, or civilian employee of a law enforcement agency, who has received training to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting in his or her official capacity; or

(ii) Nonemployee counselor who has been designated by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting in his or her official capacity.

7. A sexual assault advocate may not, without the consent of the victim, be examined as to any communication made by the victim to the sexual assault advocate.

(a) For purposes of this section, "sexual assault advocate" means the employee or volunteer from a rape crisis center, victim assistance unit, program, or association, that provides information, medical or legal advocacy, counseling, or support to victims of sexual assault, who is designated by the victim to accompany the victim to the hospital or other health care facility and to proceedings concerning the alleged assault, including police and prosecution interviews and court proceedings.

(b) A sexual assault advocate may disclose a confidential communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury or death of the victim or another person. Any sexual assault advocate participating in good faith in the disclosing of records and communications under this section shall have immunity from any liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the action. In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a disclosure under this section, the good faith of the sexual assault advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall be presumed.

Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1996 c 289 s 1 and 1996 c 275 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

(2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

(3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.

(4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned early release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120 (6), (8), or (10) served in the community subject to controls placed on the inmate's movement and activities by the department of corrections.

(5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.

(6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.

(7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.

(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in this section.

(9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

(10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430.

(11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct.

(12) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

"Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and serious violent offenses and shall also include a defendant's other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(9); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic
the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.)

(13) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing judge that equals the difference between the offender’s net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.

(14) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the defendant’s daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the defendant is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing judge.

(15) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(16) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.

(17) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.

(18) "Drug offense" means:
   (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
   (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or
   (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.

(19) "Escape" means:
   (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
   (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.

(20) "Felony traffic offense" means:
   (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
   (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(21) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.

(22)(a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under this chapter, or ((b) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug, nor the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers as defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2), nor the selling for profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, (and except as provided in (b) of this subsection,) who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.

(b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses and serious violent offenses.)
(23) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended:
(a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
(b) Assault in the second degree;
(c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
(d) Child molestation in the second degree;
(e) Controlled substance homicide;
(f) Extortion in the first degree;
(g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
(h) Indecent liberties;
(i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
(j) Leading organized crime;
(k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
(l) Manslaughter in the second degree;
(m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
(n) Rape in the third degree;
(o) Robbery in the second degree;
(p) Sexual exploitation;
(q) Vehicular assault;
(r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
(s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;
(t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;
(u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection.

(24) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.

(25) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.

(26) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention as defined in this section.

(27) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:
(a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and
(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or
(b)(i) Has been convicted of (A) rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, or burglary in the first degree, with a finding of sexual motivation; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (27)(b)(i); and
(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection.
(28) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender’s community placement that is not community custody.

(29) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.

(30) "Serious traffic offense" means:
   (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
   (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(31) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense and means:
   (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; or
   (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

(32) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court’s discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

(33) "Sex offense" means:
   (a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;
   (b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9.94A.127 or 13.40.135; or
   (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.

(34) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification.

(35) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

(36) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender’s successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender’s requirements and obligations during the offender’s period of community custody.

(37) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.

(38) "Violent offense" means:
   (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughters in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in the second degree, drive-by shooting, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
   (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and
   (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

(39) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those offenders sentenced
to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county or the state are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection (33) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program.

(40) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.

(41) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

(42) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance.

Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.040 and 1996 c 232 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A sentencing guidelines commission is established as an agency of state government.

(2) The legislature finds that the commission, having accomplished its original statutory directive to implement this chapter, and having expertise in sentencing practice and policies, shall:

(a) Evaluate state sentencing policy, to include whether the sentencing ranges and standards are consistent with and further:

(i) The purposes of this chapter as defined in RCW 9.94A.010; and

(ii) The intent of the legislature to emphasize confinement for the violent offender and alternatives to confinement for the nonviolent offender.

The commission shall provide the governor and the legislature with its evaluation and recommendations under this subsection not later than December 1, 1996, and every two years thereafter;

(b) Recommend to the legislature revisions or modifications to the standard sentence ranges, state sentencing policy, prosecuting standards, and other standards. If implementation of the revisions or modifications would result in exceeding the capacity of correctional facilities, then the commission shall accompany its recommendation with an additional list of standard sentence ranges which are consistent with correction capacity;

(c) Study the existing criminal code and from time to time make recommendations to the legislature for modification;

(d) (i) Serve as a clearinghouse and information center for the collection, preparation, analysis, and dissemination of information on state and local adult and juvenile sentencing practices; (ii) develop and maintain a computerized adult and juvenile sentencing information system by individual superior court judge consisting of offender, offense, history, and sentence information entered from judgment and sentence forms for all adult felons; and (iii) conduct ongoing research regarding adult and juvenile sentencing guidelines, use of total confinement and alternatives to total confinement, plea bargaining, and other matters relating to the improvement of the adult criminal justice system and the juvenile justice system;

(e) Assume the powers and duties of the juvenile disposition standards commission after June 30, 1996;

(f) Evaluate the effectiveness of existing disposition standards and related statutes in implementing policies set forth in RCW 13.40.010 generally, specifically review the guidelines relating to the confinement of minor and first offenders as well as the use of diversion, and review the application of current and proposed juvenile sentencing standards and guidelines for potential adverse impacts on the sentencing outcomes of racial and ethnic minority youth;

(g) Solicit the comments and suggestions of the juvenile justice community concerning disposition standards, and make recommendations to the legislature regarding revisions or modifications of the standards (in accordance with RCW 9.94A.045). The evaluations shall be submitted to the legislature on December 1 of each odd-numbered year. The department of social and health services shall provide the commission with available data concerning the implementation of the disposition standards and related statutes and their effect on the performance of the department’s responsibilities relating to juvenile offenders, and with recommendations for modification of the
disposition standards. The office of the administrator for the courts shall provide the commission with available data on diversion and dispositions of juvenile offenders under chapter 13.40 RCW; and
(h) Not later than December 1, 1997, and at least every two years thereafter, based on available information, report to the governor and the legislature on:
(i) Racial disproportionality in juvenile and adult sentencing;
(ii) The capacity of state and local juvenile and adult facilities and resources; and
(iii) Recidivism information on adult and juvenile offenders.
(3) Each of the commission’s recommended standard sentence ranges shall include one or more of the following: Total confinement, partial confinement, community supervision, community service, and a fine.
(4) The standard sentence ranges of total and partial confinement under this chapter are subject to the following limitations:
(a) If the maximum term in the range is one year or less, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than one-third of the maximum term in the range, except that if the maximum term in the range is ninety days or less, the minimum term may be less than one-third of the maximum;
(b) If the maximum term in the range is greater than one year, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than seventy-five percent of the maximum term in the range; and
(c) The maximum term of confinement in a range may not exceed the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in RCW 9A.20.021.
(5) The commission shall exercise its duties under this section in conformity with chapter 34.05 RCW.

Sec. 4. RCW 9.94A.120 and 1996 c 275 s 2, 1996 c 215 s 5, 1996 c 199 s 1, and 1996 c 93 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.
(1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and (8) of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence range for the offense.
(2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.
(3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range shall be a determinate sentence.
(4) A persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement for life without the possibility of parole or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the first degree, sentenced to death, notwithstanding the maximum sentence under any other law. An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. The foregoing minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in subsection (2) of this section. In addition, all offenders subject to the provisions of this subsection shall not be eligible for community custody, earned early release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early release as defined under RCW 9.94A.150 (1), (2), (3), (5), (7), or (8), or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer or officers during such minimum terms of total confinement except in the case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment or for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree.
(5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:
(a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
(b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;
(c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational training;
(d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender’s address or employment;
(e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer; or
(f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.

(6)(a) An offender is eligible for the special drug offender sentencing alternative if:
(i) The offender is convicted of the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW or RCW 69.50.407, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes, and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4);
(ii) The offender has no prior convictions for a felony in this state, another state, or the United States; and
(iii) The offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance.

(b) If the midpoint of the standard range is greater than one year and the sentencing judge determines that the offender is eligible for this option and that the offender and the community will benefit from the use of the special drug offender sentencing alternative, the judge may waive imposition of a sentence within the standard range and impose a sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a state facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. During incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for the offender. The treatment services shall be designed by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services, in cooperation with the department of corrections. If the midpoint of the standard range is twenty-four months or less, no more than three months of the sentence may be served in a work release status. The court shall also impose one year of concurrent community custody and community supervision that must include appropriate outpatient substance abuse treatment, crime-related prohibitions including a condition not to use illegal controlled substances, and a requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that status. The court may require that the monitoring for controlled substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring. In addition, the court shall impose three or more of the following conditions:
(i) Devote time to a specific employment or training;
(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer before any change in the offender’s address or employment;
(iii) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;
(iv) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;
(v) Perform community service work;
(vi) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing judge.
(c) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in (b) of this subsection, the department shall impose sanctions administratively, with notice to the prosecuting attorney and the sentencing court. Upon motion of the court or the prosecuting attorney, a violation hearing shall be held by the court. If the court finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the court may impose confinement consisting of up to the remaining one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. All total confinement served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender, regardless of whether the total confinement is served as a result of the original sentence, as a result of a sanction imposed by the department, or as a result of a violation found by the court. The term of community supervision shall be tolled by any period of time served in total confinement as a result of a violation found by the court.
(d) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the value of a day fine based on the offender’s income and reasonable obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and
any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, and the commission.

(7) If a sentence range has not been established for the defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement, community service work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

(8)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
(B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;
(C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members and others;
(D) Anticipated length of treatment; and
(E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may, or on a motion by the state shall, order a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sexual offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less than eight years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:

(A) The court shall place the defendant on community custody for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is greater, and require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section; and

(B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. In addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender’s address or employment;

(III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
(IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination thereof; or

(V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling required as a result of the offender’s crime.

(iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, defendant’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the defendant’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at sentencing.

(iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the defendant’s compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. At the treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of community custody, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community custody.

(v) If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the department shall either impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 9.94A.205(2)(a) or refer the violation to the court and recommend revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in (a)(vi) of this subsection.

(vi) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community custody and order execution of the sentence if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

(vii) Except as provided in (a) (viii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.

(viii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex offender pursuant to this subsection (8) does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender’s home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (8) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

(ix) For purposes of this subsection (8), "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(x) If the defendant was less than eighteen years of age when the charge was filed, the state shall pay for the cost of initial evaluation and treatment.

(b) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department. Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his or her term of confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender’s address or employment;
(iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
(iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department of corrections.

Nothing in this subsection (8)(b) shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (8)(b) does not apply to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.

(c) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to available funds.

(9)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under subsection (6) of this section, committed on or after July 1, 1988, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence.

(b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before June 6, 1996, a serious violent offense, vehicular homicide, or vehicular assault, committed on or after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community placement for offenders sentenced pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions:

(i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
(ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved education, employment, and/or community service;
(iii) The offender shall not consume controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
(iv) An offender in community custody shall not unlawfully possess controlled substances;
(v) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the department of corrections; and
(vi) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period of community placement.

(c) As a part of any sentence imposed under (a) or (b) of this subsection, the court may also order any of the following special conditions:

(i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified geographical boundary;
(ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
(iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or counseling services;
(iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;
(v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions; or
(vi) For an offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, the offender shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the department of corrections relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.

(d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of the department of corrections.

(10)(a) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after June 6, 1996, the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody for three years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).

(b) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community custody shall be the same as those provided for in subsection (9)(b) of this section and may include those provided for in subsection (9)(c) of this section. As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section.

(c) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender’s term of community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender’s term of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender’s term of community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.195 and may be punishable as contempt of court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040.

(11) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.

(12) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender’s compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be supervised by the department. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no later than ten years after the last date of release from confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered. Independent of the department, the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order.

(13) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision or community placement which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(14) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the department of corrections and shall follow explicitly the instructions and conditions of the department of corrections.

(a) The instructions shall include, at a minimum, reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community
corrections officer of any change in the offender’s address or employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment.

(b) For sex offenders sentenced to terms involving community custody for crimes committed on or after June 6, 1996, the department may include, in addition to the instructions in (a) of this subsection, any appropriate conditions of supervision, including but not limited to, prohibiting the offender from having contact with any other specified individuals or specific class of individuals. The conditions authorized under this subsection (14)(b) may be imposed by the department prior to or during a sex offender’s community custody term. If a violation of conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section occurs during community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of community placement for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.207 and shall authorize the department to transfer an offender to a more restrictive confinement status as provided in RCW 9.94A.205. At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender’s term of community custody, the department may recommend to the court that any or all of the conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section be continued beyond the expiration of the offender’s term of community custody as authorized in subsection (10)(c) of this section.

The department may require offenders to pay for special services rendered on or after July 25, 1993, including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender’s ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to pay.

(15) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, or community placement under the supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.

(16) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being sentenced.

(17) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).

(18) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court’s judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in the record if it does not order restitution.

(19) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender’s term of community supervision or community placement.

(20) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.

(21) All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations.

Sec. 5. RCW 9.94A.360 and 1995 c 316 s 1 and 1995 c 101 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The offender score is measured on the horizontal axis of the sentencing grid. The offender score rules are as follows:

The offender score is the sum of points accrued under this section rounded down to the nearest whole number.
(1) A prior conviction is a conviction which exists before the date of sentencing for the offense for which the offender score is being computed. Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed shall be deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of RCW 9.94A.400.

(2) Class A and sex prior felony convictions shall always be included in the offender score. Class B prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score, if since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. Class C prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. Serious traffic convictions shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender spent five years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. This subsection applies to both adult and juvenile prior convictions.

(3) Out-of-state convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Federal convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. If there is no clearly comparable offense under Washington law or the offense is one that is usually considered subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, the offense shall be scored as a class C felony equivalent if it was a felony under the relevant federal statute.

(4) Always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and serious violent offenses. Include other class A juvenile felonies only if the offender was 15 or older at the time the juvenile offense was committed. Include other class B and C juvenile felony convictions only if the offender was 15 or older at the time the juvenile offense was committed and the offender was less than 23 at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.

((5)) Score prior convictions for felony anticipatory offenses (attempts, criminal solicitations, and criminal conspiracies) the same as if they were convictions for completed offenses.

(((6))) In the case of multiple prior convictions, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all convictions separately, except:

(i) Prior (“adult”) offenses which were found, under RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a), to encompass the same criminal conduct, shall be counted as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score. The current sentencing court shall determine with respect to other prior adult offenses for which sentences were served concurrently or prior juvenile offenses for which sentences were served consecutively, whether those offenses shall be counted as one offense or as separate offenses using the "same criminal conduct" analysis found in RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a), and if the court finds that they shall be counted as one offense, then the offense that yields the highest offender score shall be used. The current sentencing court may presume that such other prior (“adult”) offenses were not the same criminal conduct from sentences imposed on separate dates, or in separate counties or jurisdictions, or in separate complaints, indictments, or informations; and

(ii) juvenile prior convictions entered or sentenced on the same date shall count as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score, except for juvenile prior convictions for violent offenses with separate victims, which shall count as separate offenses; and

(iii) In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all adult convictions served concurrently as one offense, and count all juvenile convictions entered on the same date as one offense. Use the conviction for the offense that yields the highest offender score.

(b) As used in this subsection (((6))) (5), "served concurrently" means that: (i) The latter sentence was imposed with specific reference to the former; (ii) the concurrent relationship of the sentences was judicially imposed; and (iii) the concurrent timing of the sentences was not the result of a probation or parole revocation on the former offense.

(((7))) If the present conviction is one of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy, count each prior conviction as if the present conviction were for a completed offense.
If the present conviction is for a nonviolent offense and not covered by subsection (11) or (12) of this section, count one point for each adult prior felony conviction and one point for each juvenile prior violent felony conviction and ½ point for each juvenile prior nonviolent felony conviction.

((8)) (7) If the present conviction is for a violent offense and not covered by subsection (11) or (12) of this section, count two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent felony conviction, one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and ½ point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

If the present conviction is for Murder 1 or 2, Assault 1, Assault of a Child 1, Kidnapping 1, Homicide by Abuse, or Rape 1, count three points for prior adult and juvenile convictions for crimes in these categories, two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent conviction (not already counted), one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and ½ point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

If the present conviction is for Burglary 1, count prior convictions as in subsection ((9)) (8) of this section; however count two points for each prior adult Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each prior juvenile Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

If the present conviction is for a felony traffic offense count two points for each adult or juvenile prior conviction for Vehicular Homicide or Vehicular Assault; for each felony offense or serious traffic offense, count one point for each adult and ½ point for each juvenile prior conviction.

If the present conviction is for a drug offense count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. All other adult and juvenile felonies are scored as in subsection ((9)) (8) of this section if the current drug offense is violent, or as in subsection ((8)) (7) of this section if the current drug offense is nonviolent.

If the present conviction is for Willful Failure to Return from Furlough, RCW 72.66.060, Willful Failure to Return from Work Release, RCW 72.65.070, or Escape from Community Custody, RCW 72.09.310, count only prior escape convictions in the offender score. Count adult prior escape convictions as one point and juvenile prior escape convictions as ½ point.

If the present conviction is for Escape 1, RCW 9A.76.110, or Escape 2, RCW 9A.76.120, count adult prior convictions as one point and juvenile prior convictions as ½ point.

If the present conviction is for Burglary 2 or residential burglary, count priors as in subsection ((8)) (7) of this section; however count two points for each adult and juvenile prior Burglary 1 conviction, two points for each adult prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each juvenile prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

If the present conviction is for a sex offense, count priors as in subsections ((8)) (7) through ((15)) (15) of this section; however count three points for each adult and juvenile prior sex offense conviction.

If the present conviction is for an offense committed while the offender was under community placement, add one point.

Sec. 6. RCW 9A.04.050 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 260 s 9A.04.050 are each amended to read as follows:

Children under the age of eight years are incapable of committing crime. Children of eight and under twelve years of age are presumed to be incapable of committing crime, but this presumption may be removed by proof that they have sufficient capacity to understand the act or neglect, and to know that it was wrong. The court shall hold a hearing to determine whether a child who is ten or eleven years of age and who is alleged to have committed an offense has the capacity to understand the alleged act or neglect and that it is wrong. Whenever in legal proceedings it becomes necessary to determine the age of a child, he or she may be produced for inspection, to enable the court or jury to determine the age thereby; and the court may also direct the child's examination by one or more physicians, whose opinion shall be competent evidence upon the question of the child's age.

Sec. 7. RCW 13.04.030 and 1995 c 312 s 39 and 1995 c 311 s 15 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the juvenile courts in the several counties of this state, shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over all proceedings:

(a) Under the interstate compact on placement of children as provided in chapter 26.34 RCW;
(b) Relating to children alleged or found to be dependent as provided in chapter 26.44 RCW and in RCW 13.34.030 through 13.34.170;

c) Relating to the termination of a parent and child relationship as provided in RCW 13.34.180 through 13.34.210;

d) To approve or disapprove out-of-home placement as provided in RCW 13.32A.170;

e) Relating to juveniles alleged or found to have committed offenses, traffic or civil infractions, or violations as provided in RCW 13.40.020 through 13.40.230, unless:

(i) The juvenile court transfers jurisdiction of a particular juvenile to adult criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110; or

(ii) The statute of limitations applicable to adult prosecution for the offense, traffic infraction, or violation has expired; or

(iii) The alleged offense or infraction is a traffic, fish, boating, or game offense, or traffic or civil infraction committed by a juvenile sixteen years of age or older and would, if committed by an adult, be tried or heard in a court of limited jurisdiction, in which instance the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction shall have jurisdiction over the alleged offense or infraction, and no guardian ad litem is required in any such proceeding due to the juvenile’s age; PROVIDED, That if such an alleged offense or infraction and an alleged offense or infraction subject to juvenile court jurisdiction arise out of the same event or incident, the juvenile court may have jurisdiction of both matters: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the jurisdiction under this subsection does not constitute "transfer" or a "decline" for purposes of RCW 13.40.110(1) or (e)(i) of this subsection: PROVIDED FURTHER, That courts of limited jurisdiction which confine juveniles for an alleged offense or infraction may place juveniles in juvenile detention facilities under an agreement with the officials responsible for the administration of the juvenile detention facility in RCW 13.04.035 and 13.20.060; or

(iv) The juvenile is sixteen or seventeen years old and the alleged offense is: (A) A serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after June 13, 1994; or (B) a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after June 13, 1994, and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of: (I) One or more prior serious violent offenses; (II) two or more prior violent offenses; or (III) three or more of any combination of the following offenses: Any class A felony, any class B felony, vehicular assault, or manslaughter in the second degree, all of which must have been committed after the juvenile’s thirteenth birthday and prosecuted separately. In such a case the adult criminal court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction.

If the juvenile challenges the state’s determination of the juvenile’s criminal history, the state may establish the offender’s criminal history by a preponderance of the evidence. If the criminal history consists of adjudications entered upon a plea of guilty, the state shall not bear a burden of establishing the knowing and voluntariness of the plea;

(f) Under the interstate compact on juveniles as provided in chapter 13.24 RCW;

(g) Relating to termination of a diversion agreement under RCW 13.40.080, including a proceeding in which the divertee has attained eighteen years of age;

(h) Relating to court validation of a voluntary consent to an out-of-home placement under chapter 13.34 RCW, by the parent or Indian custodian of an Indian child, except if the parent or Indian custodian and child are residents of or domiciled within the boundaries of a federally recognized Indian reservation over which the tribe exercises exclusive jurisdiction; and

(i) Relating to petitions to compel disclosure of information filed by the department of social and health services pursuant to RCW 74.13.042.

(2) The family court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the juvenile court over all proceedings under this section if the superior court judges of a county authorize concurrent jurisdiction as provided in RCW 26.12.010.

(3) A juvenile subject to adult superior court jurisdiction under subsection (1)(e) (i) through (iv) of this section, who is detained pending trial, may be detained in a county detention facility as defined in RCW 13.40.020 pending sentencing or a dismissal.

Sec. 8. RCW 13.40.010 and 1992 c 205 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter shall be known and cited as the Juvenile Justice Act of 1977.

(2) It is the intent of the legislature that a system capable of having primary responsibility for, being accountable for, and responding to the needs of youthful offenders, as defined by this chapter, be established. It is the further intent of the legislature that youth, in turn, be held accountable for their offenses and that ((both)) communities, families, and the juvenile courts carry out their functions
consistent with this intent. To effectuate these policies, the legislature declares the following to be equally important purposes of this chapter:

(a) Protect the citizenry from criminal behavior;
(b) Provide for determining whether accused juveniles have committed offenses as defined by this chapter;
(c) Make the juvenile offender accountable for his or her criminal behavior;
(d) Provide for punishment commensurate with the age, crime, and criminal history of the juvenile offender;
(e) Provide due process for juveniles alleged to have committed an offense;
(f) Provide necessary treatment, supervision, and custody for juvenile offenders;
(g) Provide for the handling of juvenile offenders by communities whenever consistent with public safety;
(h) Provide for restitution to victims of crime;
(i) Develop effective standards and goals for the operation, funding, and evaluation of all components of the juvenile justice system and related services at the state and local levels; and
(j) Provide for a clear policy to determine what types of offenders shall receive punishment, treatment, or both, and to determine the jurisdictional limitations of the courts, institutions, and community services; and
(k) Encourage the parents, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile to actively participate in the juvenile justice process.

Sec. 9. RCW 13.40.020 and 1995 c 395 s 2 and 1995 c 134 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
For the purposes of this chapter:
(1) ("Serious offender" means a person fifteen years of age or older who has committed an offense which if committed by an adult would be:
(a) A class A felony, or an attempt to commit a class A felony;
(b) Manslaughter in the first degree; or
(c) Assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second degree, robbery in the second degree, residential burglary, or burglary in the second degree, where such offenses include the infliction of bodily harm upon another or where during the commission of or immediate withdrawal from such an offense the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon;
(2) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community service may be performed through public or private organizations or through work crews;
(3) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department or an order granting a deferred (adjudication) disposition pursuant to RCW 13.40.125. A community supervision order for a single offense may be for a period of up to two years for a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 and up to one year for other offenses. As a mandatory condition of any term of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to refrain from committing new offenses. As a mandatory condition of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to comply with the mandatory school attendance provisions of chapter 28A.225 RCW and to inform the school of the existence of this requirement. Community supervision is an individualized program comprised of one or more of the following:
(a) Community-based sanctions;
(b) Community-based rehabilitation;
(c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;
(d) Posting of a probation bond (imposed pursuant to RCW 13.40.0357);
(3) Community-based sanctions may include one or more of the following:
(a) A fine, not to exceed five hundred dollars;
(b) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours of service;
(4) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of the following:
Employment; attendance of information classes; counseling, outpatient substance abuse treatment programs, outpatient mental health programs, anger management classes, education or outpatient treatment programs to prevent animal cruelty, or other services; or attendance at school or other
educational programs appropriate for the juvenile as determined by the school district. Placement in community-based rehabilitation programs is subject to available funds;

((6)) (5) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of the following: Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work, or court-ordered treatment programs during specified hours; restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas; requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to remain under the probation officer’s supervision; and other conditions or limitations as the court may require which may not include confinement;

((7)) (6) "Confinement" means physical custody by the department of social and health services in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state, or physical custody in a detention facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with any county. The county may operate or contract with vendors to operate county detention facilities. The department may operate or contract to operate detention facilities for juveniles committed to the department. Pretrial confinement or confinement of less than thirty-one days imposed as part of a disposition or modification order may be served consecutively or intermittently, in the discretion of the court;

((8)) (7) "Court," when used without further qualification, means the juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);

((9)) (8) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints against the respondent for which, prior to the commission of a current offense:
(a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a respondent is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the same course of conduct, only the highest charge from among these shall count as an offense for the purposes of this chapter; or
(b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant to the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and after an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint would be considered as part of the respondent’s criminal history. A successfully completed deferred adjudication that was entered before the effective date of this act or a deferred disposition shall not be considered part of the respondent’s criminal history;

((10)) (9) "Department" means the department of social and health services;

((11)) (10) "Detention facility" means a county facility, paid for by the county, for the physical confinement of a juvenile alleged to have committed an offense or an adjudicated offender subject to a disposition or modification order. "Detention facility" includes county group homes, inpatient substance abuse programs, juvenile basic training camps, and electronic monitoring;

((12)) (11) "Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters into a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any other person, community accountability board, or other entity except a law enforcement official or entity, with whom the juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and supervise such agreements pursuant to RCW 13.40.080, or any person, community accountability board, or other entity specially funded by the legislature to arrange and supervise diversion agreements in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. For purposes of this subsection, "community accountability board" means a board comprised of members of the local community in which the juvenile offender resides. The superior court shall appoint the members. The boards shall consist of at least three and not more than seven members. If possible, the board should include a variety of representatives from the community, such as a law enforcement officer, teacher or school administrator, high school student, parent, and business owner, and should represent the cultural diversity of the local community;

((13)) (12) "Institution" means a juvenile facility established pursuant to chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;

((14)) (13) "Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years and who has not been previously transferred to adult court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110 or who is otherwise under adult court jurisdiction;

((15)) (14) "Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been found by the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a person eighteen years of age or older over whom jurisdiction has been extended under RCW 13.40.300;

(15) "Local sanctions" mean one or more of the following: (a) 0-30 days of confinement; (b) 0-12 months of community supervision; (c) 0-150 hours of community service; or (d) $0-$500 fine;

(16) "Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would either impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a serious, and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this chapter;
"Middle offender" means a person who has committed an offense and who is neither a minor or first offender nor a serious offender; "Minor or first offender" means a person whose current offense(s) and criminal history fall entirely within one of the following categories:
(a) Four misdemeanors;
(b) Two misdemeanors and one gross misdemeanor;
(c) One misdemeanor and two gross misdemeanors; and
(d) Three gross misdemeanors.
For purposes of this definition, current violations shall be counted as misdemeanors.
"Offense" means an act designated a violation or a crime if committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any ordinance of any city or county of this state, under any federal law, or under the law of another state if the act occurred in that state.
"Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or proven to have committed an offense.
"Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the offender to the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for medical treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages resulting from physical injury, and costs of the victim’s counseling reasonably related to the offense if the offense is a sex offense. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering, or other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter shall limit or replace civil remedies or defenses available to the victim or offender.
"Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services. "Assistant secretary" means the assistant secretary for juvenile rehabilitation for the department.
"Services" mean services which provide alternatives to incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or been adjudicated guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion agreement pursuant to this chapter.
"Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex offense in RCW 9.94A.030; "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification.
"Foster care" means temporary physical care in a foster family home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and licensed by the department, or other legally authorized care.
"Violation" means an act or omission, which if committed by an adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and is punishable by sanctions which do not include incarceration.
"Violent offense" means a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030; "Probation bond" means a bond, posted with sufficient security by a surety justified and approved by the court, to secure the offender’s appearance at required court proceedings and compliance with court-ordered community supervision or conditions of release ordered pursuant to RCW 13.40.040 or 13.40.050. It also means a deposit of cash or posting of other collateral in lieu of a bond if approved by the court.
"Surety" means an entity licensed under state insurance laws or by the state department of licensing, to write corporate, property, or probation bonds within the state, and justified and approved by the superior court of the county having jurisdiction of the case.

Sec. 10. RCW 13.40.0357 and 1996 c 205 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(SCHEDULE A)

DESCRIPTION AND OFFENSE CATEGORY

JUVENILE JUVENILE DISPOSITION
DISPOSITION CATEGORY FOR ATTEMPT, OFFENSE BAILJUMP, CONSPIRACY,
CATEGORY DESCRIPTION (RCW CITATION) OR SOLICITATION

Arson and Malicious Mischief
A Arson 1 (9A.48.020) B+
B Arson 2 (9A.48.030) C
C Reckless Burning 1 (9A.48.040) D
D Reckless Burning 2 (9A.48.050) E
B Malicious Mischief 1 (9A.48.070) C
C Malicious Mischief 2 (9A.48.080) D
D Malicious Mischief 3 (< $50 is E class) (9A.48.090) E
E Tampering with Fire Alarm Apparatus (9.40.100) E
A Possession of Incendiary Device (9.40.120) B+

**Assault and Other Crimes Involving Physical Harm**
A Assault 1 (9A.36.011) B+
B+ Assault 2 (9A.36.021) C+
C+ Assault 3 (9A.36.031) D+
D+ Assault 4 (9A.36.041) E
B+ Drive-By Shooting (9A.36.045) C+
D+ Reckless Endangerment (9A.36.050) E
C+ Promoting Suicide Attempt (9A.36.060) D+
D+ Coercion (9A.36.070) E
C+ Custodial Assault (9A.36.100) D+

**Burglary and Trespass**
B+ Burglary 1 (9A.52.020) C+
B Residential Burglary (9A.52.025) C
B Burglary 2 (9A.52.030) C
D Burglary Tools (Possession of) (9A.52.060) E
D Criminal Trespass 1 (9A.52.070) E
E Criminal Trespass 2 (9A.52.080) E
C Vehicle Prowling 1 (9A.52.095) D
D Vehicle Prowling 2 (9A.52.100) E

**Drugs**
E Possession/Consumption of Alcohol (66.44.270) E
C Illegally Obtaining Legend Drug (69.41.020) D
C+ Sale, Delivery, Possession of Legend Drug with Intent to Sell (69.41.030) D+
E Possession of Legend Drug (69.41.030) E
B+ Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Narcotic or Methamphetamine Sale (69.50.401(a)(1)(i) or (ii)) B+
C Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Sale (69.50.401(a)(1)(iii)) C
E Possession of Marihuana < 40 grams (69.50.401(e)) E
C Fraudulently Obtaining Controlled Substance (69.50.403) C
C+ Sale of Controlled Substance
for Profit (69.50.410) C+
E Unlawful Inhalation (9.47A.020) E
B Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Narcotic or Methamphetamine Counterfeit Substances (69.50.401(b)(i) or (ii)) B
C Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Counterfeit Substances (69.50.401(b)(1) (iii), (iv), (v)) C
C Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Possession of a Controlled Substance (69.50.401(d)) C
C Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Possession of a Controlled Substance (69.50.401(c)) C

**Firearms and Weapons**
B Theft of Firearm (9A.56.300) C
B Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310) C
E Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050) E
C Possession of Firearms by Minor (< 18) (9.41.040(1) (b)((ii)) (iii)) C
D+ Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250) E
D Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270) E

**Homicide**
A+ Murder 1 (9A.32.030) A
A+ Murder 2 (9A.32.050) B+
B+ Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060) C+
C+ Manslaughter 2 (9A.32.070) D+
B+ Vehicular Homicide (46.61.520) C+

**Kidnapping**
A Kidnap 1 (9A.40.020) B+
B+ Kidnap 2 (9A.40.030) C+
C+ Unlawful Imprisonment (9A.40.040) D+

**Obstructing Governmental Operation**

D Obstructing a Law Enforcement Officer (9A.76.020) E
E Resisting Arrest (9A.76.040) E
B Introducing Contraband 1 (9A.76.140) C
C Introducing Contraband 2 (9A.76.150) D
E Introducing Contraband 3 (9A.76.160) E
B+ Intimidating a Public Servant (9A.76.180) C+
B+ Intimidating a Witness
(9A.72.110) C+

**Public Disturbance**
C+ Riot with Weapon (9A.84.010) D+
D+ Riot Without Weapon (9A.84.010) E
E Failure to Disperse (9A.84.020) E
E Disorderly Conduct (9A.84.030) E

**Sex Crimes**
A Rape 1 (9A.44.040) B+
A- Rape 2 (9A.44.050) B+
C+ Rape 3 (9A.44.060) D+
A- Rape of a Child 1 (9A.44.073) B+
B+ Rape of a Child 2 (9A.44.076) C+
B Incest 1 (9A.64.020(1)) C
C Incest 2 (9A.64.020(2)) D
D+ Indecent Exposure (Victim < 14) (9A.88.010) E
E Indecent Exposure (Victim 14 or over) (9A.88.010) E
B+ Promoting Prostitution 1 (9A.88.070) C+
C+ Promoting Prostitution 2 (9A.88.080) D+
E O & A (Prostitution) (9A.88.030) E
B+ Indecent Liberties (9A.44.100) C+ (C++)
A- Child Molestation 1 (9A.44.083) B+ (C++)
B Child Molestation 2 (9A.44.086) C+

**Theft, Robbery, Extortion, and Forgery**
B Theft 1 (9A.56.030) C
C Theft 2 (9A.56.040) D
D Theft 3 (9A.56.050) E
B Theft of Livestock (9A.56.080) C
C Forgery (9A.60.020) D
A Robbery 1 (9A.56.200) B+
B+ Robbery 2 (9A.56.210) C+
B+ Extortion 1 (9A.56.120) C+
C+ Extortion 2 (9A.56.130) D+
B Possession of Stolen Property 1 (9A.56.150) C
C Possession of Stolen Property 2 (9A.56.160) D
D Possession of Stolen Property 3 (9A.56.170) E
C Taking Motor Vehicle Without Owner’s Permission (9A.56.070) D

**Motor Vehicle Related Crimes**
E Driving Without a License (46.20.021) E
C Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4)) D
D Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5)) E
E Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010) E
C Vehicular Assault (46.61.522) D
C Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024) D
E Reckless Driving (46.61.500) E
D Driving While Under the Influence (46.61.502 and 46.61.504) E
((D) Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.110) E
C Taking Motor Vehicle Without Owner's Permission (9A.56.070) D))

Other
B Bomb Threat (9.61.160) C
C Escape 1\(^1\) (9A.76.110) C
C Escape 2\(^1\) (9A.76.120) C
D Escape 3 (9A.76.130) E
E Obscene, Harassing, Etc., Phone Calls (9.61.230) E
A Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class A Felony B+
B Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class B Felony C
C Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class C Felony D
D Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Gross Misdemeanor E
E Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Misdemeanor E
V Violation of Order of Restitution, Community Supervision, or Confinement (13.40.200)\(^2\) V

\(^1\)Escape 1 and 2 and Attempted Escape 1 and 2 are classed as C offenses and the standard range is established as follows:
1st escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 4 weeks confinement
2nd escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 8 weeks confinement
3rd and subsequent escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 12 weeks confinement

\(^2\)If the court finds that a respondent has violated terms of an order, it may impose a penalty of up to 30 days of confinement.

---

**Table: Schedule B**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TIME SPAN</th>
<th>CATEGORY</th>
<th>PRIOR OFFENSE INCREASE FACTOR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFFENSE 0-12</td>
<td>A+</td>
<td>.9 .9 .9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13-24</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>.9 .8 .6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 Months</td>
<td>A</td>
<td>.9 .8 .5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B+</td>
<td>.9 .7 .4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>B</td>
<td>.9 .6 .3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C+</td>
<td>.6 .3 .2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>C</td>
<td>.5 .2 .2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D+</td>
<td>.3 .2 .1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>D</td>
<td>.2 .1 .1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>E</td>
<td>.1 .1 .1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Prior history - Any offense in which a diversion agreement or counsel and release form was signed, or any offense which has been adjudicated by court to be correct prior to the commission of the current offense(s).
**SCHEDULE C**
**CURRENT OFFENSE POINTS**
For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1, 1989.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>OFFENSE CATEGORY</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Under 13</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>STANDARD RANGE 180-224 WEEKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS**

This schedule must be used for juvenile offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a minor/first offender, the court may select sentencing option A, B, or C.

**MINOR/FIRST-OFFENDER OPTION A**
**STANDARD RANGE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Supervision</th>
<th>Fine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-9</td>
<td>0.2 months and/or 0.8 and/or 0-$10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-19</td>
<td>0.3 months and/or 0.8 and/or 0-$10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-29</td>
<td>0.3 months and/or 0.16 and/or 0-$10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>0.3 months and/or 8-24 and/or 0-$25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>3.6 months and/or 16-32 and/or 0-$25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-59</td>
<td>3.6 months and/or 24-40 and/or 0-$25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-69</td>
<td>6.9 months and/or 32-48 and/or 0-$50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-79</td>
<td>6.9 months and/or 40-56 and/or 0-$50</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80-89</td>
<td>9-12 months and/or 48-64 and/or 10-$100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90-109</td>
<td>9-12 months and/or 56-72 and/or 10-$100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OR
**OPTION B**
**STATUTORY OPTION**

| 0-12 Months Community Supervision |
| 0-150 Hours Community Service |
| 0-100 Fine |

Posting of a Probation Bond
A term of community supervision with a maximum of 150 hours, $100.00 fine, and 12 months supervision.
OR

OPTION C
MANIFEST INJUSTICE

When a term of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice, another disposition may be imposed. When a judge imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS

SCHEDULE D-2

This schedule may only be used for middle offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a middle offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A, B, or C.

MIDDLE OFFENDER

OPTION A

STANDARD RANGE

Community Service
Confinement
Points Supervision Hours Fine Days Weeks

1-9 0-3 months and/or 0-8 and/or 0-$10 and/or 0
10-19 0-3 months and/or 0-8 and/or 0-$10 and/or 0
20-29 0-3 months and/or 0-16 and/or 0-$10 and/or 0
30-39 0-3 months and/or 8-24 and/or 0-$25 and/or 2-4
40-49 3-6 months and/or 16-32 and/or 0-$25 and/or 2-4
50-59 3-6 months and/or 24-40 and/or 0-$25 and/or 5-10
60-69 6-9 months and/or 32-48 and/or 0-$50 and/or 5-10
70-79 6-9 months and/or 40-56 and/or 0-$50 and/or 10-20
80-89 9-12 months and/or 48-64 and/or 0-$100 and/or 10-20
90-109 9-12 months and/or 56-72 and/or 0-$100 and/or 15-30
110-129 8-12
130-149 13-16
150-169 21-28
200-249 30-40
250-299 52-65
300-374 80-100
375+ 103-129

Middle offenders with 110 points or more do not have to be committed. They may be assigned community supervision under option B. All A+ offenses 180-224 weeks)

OPTION A

JUVENILE OFFENDER SENTENCING GRID

STANDARD RANGE

A+ 180 WEEKS TO AGE 21 YEARS

A 103 WEEKS TO 129 WEEKS

A- | 52-65 | 80-100 |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Offense Category</th>
<th>Current B+ Weeks</th>
<th>Offense Category</th>
<th>Current C+ Weeks</th>
<th>Offense Category</th>
<th>Current C Weeks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>24-36</td>
<td>52-65</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>24-36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Local Sanctions</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>0 to 12 Months Community Supervision</td>
<td>0 to 30 Days</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>$0 to $500 Fine</td>
<td>0 to 150 Hours Community Service</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>0 1 2 3 4 &gt; 4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OFFENDER SCORE**

**NOTE:** References in the grid to days or weeks mean periods of confinement.

1. The vertical axis of the juvenile offender sentencing grid is the current offense category. The current offense category is determined by the offense of adjudication.

2. The offender score is measured on the horizontal axis of the juvenile offender sentencing grid. The offender score is the sum of points accrued under this subsection rounded down to the nearest whole number.

   (a) Each prior felony adjudication counts as one point.
   (b) Each prior misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor adjudication counts as one-fourth point.
   (c) Prior adjudications for violations are not included in the grid but may be considered by the court in determining whether a disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice.

3. The standard range disposition for each offense is determined by the intersection of the column defined by the offender score and the row defined by the current offense category.

4. RCW 13.40.180 applies if the offender is being sentenced for more than one offense.

5. A current offense that is a violation is equivalent to an offense category of E. However, a disposition for a violation may not include confinement.

**OR**

**OPTION B**

**CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY DISPOSITION ALTERNATIVE**

((0-12 Months Community Supervision
0-150 Hours Community Service
0-100 Fine
Posting of a Probation Bond

If the offender has less than 110 points, the court may impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to 30 days confinement; in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150.

If the (middle juvenile offender (has 110 points or more) is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 24 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose a disposition under ((option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender fails to comply with the terms of community supervision, the
court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspended disposition and order execution of the disposition. If the court imposes confinement for offenders with 110 points or more, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors set forth in RCW 13.40.150) RCW 13.40.160(5) and section 25 of this act.

OR

OPTION C
MANIFEST INJUSTICE

If the court determines that a disposition under option A or B would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall (sentence the juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range) impose a disposition outside the standard range under RCW 13.40.160(2).

(JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS SCHEDULE D-3

This schedule may only be used for serious offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a serious offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A or B.

SERIOUS OFFENDER
OPTION A
STANDARD RANGE

Points Institution Time
0-129 8-12 weeks
130-149 13-16 weeks
150-199 21-28 weeks
200-249 30-40 weeks
250-299 52-65 weeks
300-374 80-100 weeks
375+ 103-129 weeks
All A+ Offenses 180-224 weeks

OR

OPTION B
MANIFEST INJUSTICE

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determined and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision including posting a probation bond or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.)

Sec. 11. RCW 13.40.040 and 1995 c 395 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A juvenile may be taken into custody:
(a) Pursuant to a court order if a complaint is filed with the court alleging, and the court finds probable cause to believe, that the juvenile has committed an offense or has violated terms of a disposition order or release order; or
(b) Without a court order, by a law enforcement officer if grounds exist for the arrest of an adult in identical circumstances. Admission to, and continued custody in, a court detention facility shall be governed by subsection (2) of this section; or
(c) Pursuant to a court order that the juvenile be held as a material witness; or
(d) Where the secretary or the secretary's designee has suspended the parole of a juvenile offender.
(2) A juvenile may not be held in detention unless there is probable cause to believe that:
(a) The juvenile has committed an offense or has violated the terms of a disposition order; and
(i) The juvenile will likely fail to appear for further proceedings; or
(ii) Detention is required to protect the juvenile from himself or herself; or
(iii) The juvenile is a threat to community safety; or
(iv) The juvenile will intimidate witnesses or otherwise unlawfully interfere with the administration of justice; or
(v) The juvenile has committed a crime while another case was pending; or
(b) The juvenile is a fugitive from justice; or
(c) The juvenile’s parole has been suspended or modified; or
(d) The juvenile is a material witness.

(3) Upon a finding that members of the community have threatened the health of a juvenile taken into custody, at the juvenile’s request the court may order continued detention pending further order of the court.

(4) A juvenile detained under this section may be released upon posting a probation bond set by the court. The juvenile’s parent or guardian may sign for the probation bond. A court authorizing such a release shall issue an order containing a statement of conditions imposed upon the juvenile and shall set the date of his or her next court appearance. The court shall advise the juvenile of any conditions specified in the order and may at any time amend such an order in order to impose additional or different conditions of release upon the juvenile or to return the juvenile to custody for failing to conform to the conditions imposed. In addition to requiring the juvenile to appear at the next court date, the court may condition the release on the juvenile’s compliance with conditions of release. The juvenile’s parent or guardian may notify the court that the juvenile has failed to conform to the conditions of release or the provisions in the probation bond. If the parent notifies the court of the juvenile’s failure to comply with the probation bond, the court shall notify the surety. As provided in the terms of the bond, the surety shall provide notice to the court of the offender’s noncompliance. A juvenile may be released only to a responsible adult or the department of social and health services. Failure to appear on the date scheduled by the court pursuant to this section shall constitute the crime of bail jumping.

Sec. 12. RCW 13.40.045 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 518 are each amended to read as follows:
The secretary, assistant secretary, or the secretary’s designee shall issue arrest warrants for juveniles who escape from department residential custody. The secretary, assistant secretary, or the secretary’s designee may issue arrest warrants for juveniles who abscond from parole supervision or fail to meet conditions of parole. These arrest warrants shall authorize any law enforcement, probation and parole, or peace officer of this state, or any other state where the juvenile is located, to arrest the juvenile and to place the juvenile in physical custody pending the juvenile’s return to confinement in a state juvenile rehabilitation facility.

Sec. 13. RCW 13.40.050 and 1995 c 395 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When a juvenile taken into custody is held in detention:
(a) An information, a community supervision modification or termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition shall be filed within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays excluded, or the juvenile shall be released; and
(b) A detention hearing, a community supervision modification or termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition shall be held within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays excluded, from the time of filing the information or petition, to determine whether continued detention is necessary under RCW 13.40.040.
(2) Notice of the detention hearing, stating the time, place, and purpose of the hearing, stating the right to counsel, and requiring attendance shall be given to the parent, guardian, or custodian if such person can be found and shall also be given to the juvenile if over twelve years of age.
(3) At the commencement of the detention hearing, the court shall advise the parties of their rights under this chapter and shall appoint counsel as specified in this chapter.
(4) The court shall, based upon the allegations in the information, determine whether the case is properly before it or whether the case should be treated as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080. If the case is not properly before the court the juvenile shall be ordered released.
(5) Notwithstanding a determination that the case is properly before the court and that probable cause exists, a juvenile shall at the detention hearing be ordered released on the juvenile’s personal recognizance pending further hearing unless the court finds detention is necessary under RCW 13.40.040 ((as now or hereafter amended)).

(6) If detention is not necessary under RCW 13.40.040, ((as now or hereafter amended,)) the court shall impose the most appropriate of the following conditions or, if necessary, any combination of the following conditions:

(a) Place the juvenile in the custody of a designated person agreeing to supervise such juvenile;
(b) Place restrictions on the travel of the juvenile during the period of release;
(c) Require the juvenile to report regularly to and remain under the supervision of the juvenile court;
(d) Impose any condition other than detention deemed reasonably necessary to assure appearance as required;
(e) Require that the juvenile return to detention during specified hours; or
(f) Require the juvenile to post a probation bond set by the court under terms and conditions as provided in RCW 13.40.040(4).

(7) A juvenile may be released only to a responsible adult or the department of social and health services.

(8) If the parent, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile in detention is available, the court shall consult with them prior to a determination to further detain or release the juvenile or treat the case as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080.

(9) A person notified under this section who fails without reasonable cause to appear and abide by the order of the court may be proceeded against as for contempt of court. In determining whether a parent, guardian, or custodian had reasonable cause not to appear, the court may consider all factors relevant to the person’s ability to appear as summoned.

Sec. 14. RCW 13.40.060 and 1989 c 71 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All actions under this chapter shall be commenced and tried in the county where any element of the offense was committed except as otherwise specially provided by statute. In cases in which diversion is provided by statute, venue is in the county in which the juvenile resides or in the county in which any element of the offense was committed.

(2) The case and copies of all legal and social documents pertaining thereto may in the discretion of the court be transferred to the county where the juvenile resides for a disposition hearing. All costs and arrangements for care and transportation of the juvenile in custody shall be the responsibility of the receiving county as of the date of the transfer of the juvenile to such county, unless the counties otherwise agree.

(3) The case and copies of all legal and social documents pertaining thereto may in the discretion of the court be transferred to the county in which the juvenile resides for supervision and enforcement of the disposition order. The court of the receiving county has jurisdiction to modify and enforce the disposition order.

Sec. 15. RCW 13.40.070 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 543 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Complaints referred to the juvenile court alleging the commission of an offense shall be referred directly to the prosecutor. The prosecutor, upon receipt of a complaint, shall screen the complaint to determine whether:

(a) The alleged facts bring the case within the jurisdiction of the court; and
(b) On a basis of available evidence there is probable cause to believe that the juvenile did commit the offense.

(2) If the identical alleged acts constitute an offense under both the law of this state and an ordinance of any city or county of this state, state law shall govern the prosecutor’s screening and charging decision for both filed and diverted cases.

(3) If the requirements of subsections (1) (a) and (b) of this section are met, the prosecutor shall either file an information in juvenile court or divert the case, as set forth in subsections (5), (6), and (7) of this section. If the prosecutor finds that the requirements of subsection (1) (a) and (b) of this
section are not met, the prosecutor shall maintain a record, for one year, of such decision and the reasons therefor. In lieu of filing an information or diverting an offense a prosecutor may file a motion to modify community supervision where such offense constitutes a violation of community supervision.

(4) An information shall be a plain, concise, and definite written statement of the essential facts constituting the offense charged. It shall be signed by the prosecuting attorney and conform to chapter 10.37 RCW.

(5) Where a case is legally sufficient, the prosecutor shall file an information with the juvenile court if:

(a) An alleged offender is accused of a class A felony, a class B felony, an attempt to commit a class B felony, a class C felony listed in RCW 9.41.040(1)(c) as a crime against persons or listed in RCW 9A.46.060 as a crime of harassment, or a class C felony that is a violation of RCW 9.41.080 or (9.41.040(1)(b) or (c)) 9.41.040(1)(b)(iii); or

(b) An alleged offender is accused of a felony and has a criminal history of any felony, or at least two gross misdemeanors, or at least two misdemeanors; or

(c) An alleged offender has previously been committed to the department; or

(d) An alleged offender has been referred by a diversion unit for prosecution or desires prosecution instead of diversion; or

(e) An alleged offender has two or more diversion contracts on the alleged offender’s criminal history; or

(f) A special allegation has been filed that the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm when the offense was committed.

(6) Where a case is legally sufficient the prosecutor shall divert the case if the alleged offense is a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor or violation and the alleged offense is the offender’s first offense or violation. If the alleged offender is charged with a related offense that must or may be filed under subsections (5) and (7) of this section, a case under this subsection may also be filed.

(7) Where a case is legally sufficient and falls into neither subsection (5) nor (6) of this section, it may be filed or diverted. In deciding whether to file or divert an offense under this section the prosecutor shall be guided only by the length, seriousness, and recency of the alleged offender’s criminal history and the circumstances surrounding the commission of the alleged offense.

(8) Whenever a juvenile is placed in custody or, where not placed in custody, referred to a diversionary interview, the parent or legal guardian of the juvenile shall be notified as soon as possible concerning the allegation made against the juvenile and the current status of the juvenile. Where a case involves victims of crimes against persons or victims whose property has not been recovered at the time a juvenile is referred to a diversionary unit, the victim shall be notified of the referral and informed how to contact the unit.

(9) The responsibilities of the prosecutor under subsections (1) through (8) of this section may be performed by a juvenile court probation counselor for any complaint referred to the court alleging the commission of an offense which would not be a felony if committed by an adult, if the prosecutor has given sufficient written notice to the juvenile court that the prosecutor will not review such complaints.

(10) The prosecutor, juvenile court probation counselor, or diversion unit may, in exercising their authority under this section or RCW 13.40.080, refer juveniles to mediation or victim offender reconciliation programs. Such mediation or victim offender reconciliation programs shall be voluntary for victims.

Sec. 16. RCW 13.40.077 and 1996 c 9 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

RECOMMENDED PROSECUTING STANDARDS FOR CHARGING AND PLEA DISPOSITIONS

INTRODUCTION: These standards are intended solely for the guidance of prosecutors in the state of Washington. They are not intended to, do not, and may not be relied upon to create a right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law by a party in litigation with the state.

Evidentiary sufficiency.

(1) Decision not to prosecute.

STANDARD: A prosecuting attorney may decline to prosecute, even though technically sufficient evidence to prosecute exists, in situations where prosecution would serve no public purpose, would defeat the underlying purpose of the law in question, or would result in decreased respect for the
law. The decision not to prosecute or divert shall not be influenced by the race, gender, religion, or creed of the suspect.

GUIDELINES/COMMENTARY:

Examples
The following are examples of reasons not to prosecute which could satisfy the standard.

(a) Contrary to Legislative Intent - It may be proper to decline to charge where the application of criminal sanctions would be clearly contrary to the intent of the legislature in enacting the particular statute.

(b) Antiquated Statute - It may be proper to decline to charge where the statute in question is antiquated in that:
   (i) It has not been enforced for many years;
   (ii) Most members of society act as if it were no longer in existence;
   (iii) It serves no deterrent or protective purpose in today's society; and
   (iv) The statute has not been recently reconsidered by the legislature.

   This reason is not to be construed as the basis for declining cases because the law in question is unpopular or because it is difficult to enforce.

(c) De Minimis Violation - It may be proper to decline to charge where the violation of law is only technical or insubstantial and where no public interest or deterrent purpose would be served by prosecution.

(d) Confinement on Other Charges - It may be proper to decline to charge because the accused has been sentenced on another charge to a lengthy period of confinement; and
   (i) Conviction of the new offense would not merit any additional direct or collateral punishment;
   (ii) The new offense is either a misdemeanor or a felony which is not particularly aggravated; and
   (iii) Conviction of the new offense would not serve any significant deterrent purpose.

(e) Pending Conviction on Another Charge - It may be proper to decline to charge because the accused is facing a pending prosecution in the same or another county; and
   (i) Conviction of the new offense would not merit any additional direct or collateral punishment;
   (ii) Conviction in the pending prosecution is imminent;
   (iii) The new offense is either a misdemeanor or a felony which is not particularly aggravated; and
   (iv) Conviction of the new offense would not serve any significant deterrent purpose.

(f) High Disproportionate Cost of Prosecution - It may be proper to decline to charge where the cost of locating or transporting, or the burden on, prosecution witnesses is highly disproportionate to the importance of prosecuting the offense in question. The reason should be limited to minor cases and should not be relied upon in serious cases.

(g) Improper Motives of Complainant - It may be proper to decline charges because the motives of the complainant are improper and prosecution would serve no public purpose, would defeat the underlying purpose of the law in question, or would result in decreased respect for the law.

(h) Immunity - It may be proper to decline to charge where immunity is to be given to an accused in order to prosecute another where the accused information or testimony will reasonably lead to the conviction of others who are responsible for more serious criminal conduct or who represent a greater danger to the public interest.

(i) Victim Request - It may be proper to decline to charge because the victim requests that no criminal charges be filed and the case involves the following crimes or situations:
   (i) Assault cases where the victim has suffered little or no injury;
   (ii) Crimes against property, not involving violence, where no major loss was suffered;
   (iii) Where doing so would not jeopardize the safety of society.

   Care should be taken to insure that the victim's request is freely made and is not the product of threats or pressure by the accused.

   The presence of these factors may also justify the decision to dismiss a prosecution which has been commenced.

Notification
The prosecutor is encouraged to notify the victim, when practical, and the law enforcement personnel, of the decision not to prosecute.
(2) Decision to prosecute.

STANDARD:
Crimes against persons will be filed if sufficient admissible evidence exists, which, when considered with the most plausible, reasonably foreseeable defense that could be raised under the evidence, would justify conviction by a reasonable and objective fact-finder. With regard to offenses prohibited by RCW 9A.44.040, 9A.44.050, 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, 9A.44.079, 9A.44.083, 9A.44.086, 9A.44.089, and 9A.64.020 the prosecutor should avoid prefiling agreements or diversions intended to place the accused in a program of treatment or counseling, so that treatment, if determined to be beneficial, can be proved under RCW 13.40.160((5)) (4).

Crimes against property/other crimes will be filed if the admissible evidence is of such convincing force as to make it probable that a reasonable and objective fact-finder would convict after hearing all the admissible evidence and the most plausible defense that could be raised.

The categorization of crimes for these charging standards shall be the same as found in RCW 9.94A.440(2).

The decision to prosecute or use diversion shall not be influenced by the race, gender, religion, or creed of the respondent.

(3) Selection of Charges/Degree of Charge
(a) The prosecutor should file charges which adequately describe the nature of the respondent’s conduct. Other offenses may be charged only if they are necessary to ensure that the charges:
   (i) Will significantly enhance the strength of the state’s case at trial; or
   (ii) Will result in restitution to all victims.
(b) The prosecutor should not overcharge to obtain a guilty plea. Overcharging includes:
   (i) Charging a higher degree;
   (ii) Charging additional counts.

This standard is intended to direct prosecutors to charge those crimes which demonstrate the nature and seriousness of a respondent’s criminal conduct, but to decline to charge crimes which are not necessary to such an indication. Crimes which do not merge as a matter of law, but which arise from the same course of conduct, do not all have to be charged.

(4) Police Investigation
A prosecuting attorney is dependent upon law enforcement agencies to conduct the necessary factual investigation which must precede the decision to prosecute. The prosecuting attorney shall ensure that a thorough factual investigation has been conducted before a decision to prosecute is made. In ordinary circumstances the investigation should include the following:
(a) The interviewing of all material witnesses, together with the obtaining of written statements whenever possible;
(b) The completion of necessary laboratory tests; and
(c) The obtaining, in accordance with constitutional requirements, of the suspect’s version of the events.

If the initial investigation is incomplete, a prosecuting attorney should insist upon further investigation before a decision to prosecute is made, and specify what the investigation needs to include.

(5) Exceptions
In certain situations, a prosecuting attorney may authorize filing of a criminal complaint before the investigation is complete if:
(a) Probable cause exists to believe the suspect is guilty; and
(b) The suspect presents a danger to the community or is likely to flee if not apprehended; or
(c) The arrest of the suspect is necessary to complete the investigation of the crime.

In the event that the exception (((that))) to the standard is applied, the prosecuting attorney shall obtain a commitment from the law enforcement agency involved to complete the investigation in a timely manner. If the subsequent investigation does not produce sufficient evidence to meet the normal charging standard, the complaint should be dismissed.

(6) Investigation Techniques
The prosecutor should be fully advised of the investigatory techniques that were used in the case investigation including:
(a) Polygraph testing;
(b) Hypnosis;
(c) Electronic surveillance;
(d) Use of informants.

(7) Prefiling Discussions with Defendant

Discussions with the defendant or his or her representative regarding the selection or
disposition of charges may occur prior to the filing of charges, and potential agreements can be
reached.

(8) Plea dispositions:

STANDARD

(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a respondent will normally be expected
to plead guilty to the charge or charges which adequately describe the nature of his or her criminal
conduct or go to trial.

(b) In certain circumstances, a plea agreement with a respondent in exchange for a plea of
guilty to a charge or charges that may not fully describe the nature of his or her criminal conduct may
be necessary and in the public interest. Such situations may include the following:

(i) Evidentiary problems which make conviction of the original charges doubtful;

(ii) The respondent’s willingness to cooperate in the investigation or prosecution of others
whose criminal conduct is more serious or represents a greater public threat;

(iii) A request by the victim when it is not the result of pressure from the respondent;

(iv) The discovery of facts which mitigate the seriousness of the respondent’s conduct;

(v) The correction of errors in the initial charging decision;

(vi) The respondent’s history with respect to criminal activity;

(vii) The nature and seriousness of the offense or offenses charged;

(viii) The probable effect of witnesses.

(c) No plea agreement shall be influenced by the race, gender, religion, or creed of the
respondent. This includes but is not limited to the prosecutor’s decision to utilize such disposition
alternatives as "Option B," the Special Sex Offender Disposition Alternative, and manifest injustice.

(9) Disposition recommendations:

STANDARD

The prosecutor may reach an agreement regarding disposition recommendations.

Sec. 17. RCW 13.40.080 and 1996 c 124 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A diversion agreement shall be a contract between a juvenile accused of an offense and a
diversionary unit whereby the juvenile agrees to fulfill certain conditions in lieu of prosecution. Such
agreements may be entered into only after the prosecutor, or probation counselor pursuant to this
chapter, has determined that probable cause exists to believe that a crime has been committed and that
the juvenile committed it. Such agreements shall be entered into as expeditiously as possible.

(2) A diversion agreement shall be limited to one or more of the following:

(a) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours, not to be performed during
school hours if the juvenile is attending school;

(b) Restitution limited to the amount of actual loss incurred by the victim;

(c) Attendance at up to ten hours of counseling and/or up to twenty hours of educational or
informational sessions at a community agency. The educational or informational sessions may include
sessions relating to respect for self, others, and authority; victim awareness; accountability; self-worth;
responsibility; work ethics; good citizenship; and life skills. For purposes of this section, "community
agency" may also mean a community-based nonprofit organization, if approved by the diversion unit.
The state shall not be liable for costs resulting from the diversionary unit exercising the option to
permit diversion agreements to mandate attendance at up to ten hours of counseling and/or up to twenty
hours of educational or informational sessions;

(d) A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars. In determining the amount of the fine, the
diversion unit shall consider only the juvenile’s financial resources and whether the juvenile has the
means to pay the fine. The diversion unit shall not consider the financial resources of the juvenile’s
parents, guardian, or custodian in determining the fine to be imposed; and

(e) Requirements to remain during specified hours at home, school, or work, and restrictions
on leaving or entering specified geographical areas.

(3) In assessing periods of community service to be performed and restitution to be paid by a
juvenile who has entered into a diversion agreement, the court officer to whom this task is assigned
shall consult with the juvenile’s custodial parent or parents or guardian and victims who have contacted the diversionary unit and, to the extent possible, involve members of the community. Such members of the community shall meet with the juvenile and advise the court officer as to the terms of the diversion agreement and shall supervise the juvenile in carrying out its terms.

(4)(a) A diversion agreement may not exceed a period of six months and may include a period extending beyond the eighteenth birthday of the divertee.

(b) If additional time is necessary for the juvenile to complete restitution to the victim, the time period limitations of this subsection may be extended by an additional six months.

(c) If the juvenile has not paid the full amount of restitution by the end of the additional six-month period, then the juvenile shall be referred to the juvenile court for entry of an order establishing the amount of restitution still owed to the victim. In this order, the court shall also determine the terms and conditions of the restitution, including a payment plan extending up to ten years if the court determines that the juvenile does not have the means to make full restitution over a shorter period. For the purposes of this subsection (4)(c), the juvenile shall remain under the court’s jurisdiction for a maximum term of ten years after the juvenile’s eighteenth birthday. The court may not require the juvenile to pay full or partial restitution if the juvenile reasonably satisfies the court that he or she does not have the means to make full or partial restitution and could not reasonably acquire the means to pay the restitution over a ten-year period. The county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. The restitution to victims named in the order shall be paid prior to any payment for other penalties or monetary assessments. A juvenile under obligation to pay restitution may petition the court for modification of the restitution order.

(5) The juvenile shall retain the right to be referred to the court at any time prior to the signing of the diversion agreement.

(6) Divertees and potential divertees shall be afforded due process in all contacts with a diversionary unit regardless of whether the juveniles are accepted for diversion or whether the diversion program is successfully completed. Such due process shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(a) A written diversion agreement shall be executed stating all conditions in clearly understandable language;
(b) Violation of the terms of the agreement shall be the only grounds for termination;
(c) No divertee may be terminated from a diversion program without being given a court hearing, which hearing shall be preceded by:
   (i) Written notice of alleged violations of the conditions of the diversion program; and
   (ii) Disclosure of all evidence to be offered against the divertee;
(d) The hearing shall be conducted by the juvenile court and shall include:
   (i) Opportunity to be heard in person and to present evidence;
   (ii) The right to confront and cross-examine all adverse witnesses;
   (iii) A written statement by the court as to the evidence relied on and the reasons for termination, should that be the decision; and
   (iv) Demonstration by evidence that the divertee has substantially violated the terms of his or her diversion agreement.
(e) The prosecutor may file an information on the offense for which the divertee was diverted:
   (i) In juvenile court if the divertee is under eighteen years of age; or
   (ii) In superior court or the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction if the divertee is eighteen years of age or older.

(7) The diversion unit shall, subject to available funds, be responsible for providing interpreters when juveniles need interpreters to effectively communicate during diversion unit hearings or negotiations.

(8) The diversion unit shall be responsible for advising a divertee of his or her rights as provided in this chapter.

(9) The diversion unit may refer a juvenile to community-based counseling or treatment programs.

(10) The right to counsel shall inure prior to the initial interview for purposes of advising the juvenile as to whether he or she desires to participate in the diversion process or to appear in the juvenile court. The juvenile may be represented by counsel at any critical stage of the diversion process, including intake interviews and termination hearings. The juvenile shall be fully advised at the intake of his or her right to an attorney and of the relevant services an attorney can provide.
purpose of this section, intake interviews mean all interviews regarding the diversion agreement process.

The juvenile shall be advised that a diversion agreement shall constitute a part of the juvenile’s criminal history ((as defined by RCW 13.40.020(9))). A signed acknowledgment of such advisement shall be obtained from the juvenile, and the document shall be maintained by the diversionary unit together with the diversion agreement, and a copy of both documents shall be delivered to the prosecutor if requested by the prosecutor. The supreme court shall promulgate rules setting forth the content of such advisement in simple language.

(11) When a juvenile enters into a diversion agreement, the juvenile court may receive only the following information for dispositional purposes:
(a) The fact that a charge or charges were made;
(b) The fact that a diversion agreement was entered into;
(c) The juvenile’s obligations under such agreement;
(d) Whether the alleged offender performed his or her obligations under such agreement; and
(e) The facts of the alleged offense.

(12) A diversionary unit may refuse to enter into a diversion agreement with a juvenile. When a diversionary unit refuses to enter a diversion agreement with a juvenile, it shall immediately refer such juvenile to the court for action and shall forward to the court the criminal complaint and a detailed statement of its reasons for refusing to enter into a diversion agreement. The diversionary unit shall also immediately refer the case to the prosecuting attorney for action if such juvenile violates the terms of the diversion agreement.

(13) A diversionary unit may, in instances where it determines that the act or omission of an act for which a juvenile has been referred to it involved no victim, or where it determines that the juvenile referred to it has no prior criminal history and is alleged to have committed an illegal act involving no threat of or instance of actual physical harm and involving not more than fifty dollars in property loss or damage and that there is no loss outstanding to the person or firm suffering such damage or loss, counsel and release or release such a juvenile without entering into a diversion agreement. A diversion unit’s authority to counsel and release a juvenile under this subsection shall include the authority to refer the juvenile to community-based counseling or treatment programs. Any juvenile released under this subsection shall be advised that the act or omission of any act for which he or she had been referred shall constitute a part of the juvenile’s criminal history ((as defined by RCW 13.40.020(9))). A signed acknowledgment of such advisement shall be obtained from the juvenile, and the document shall be maintained by the unit, and a copy of the document shall be delivered to the prosecutor if requested by the prosecutor. The supreme court shall promulgate rules setting forth the content of such advisement in simple language. A juvenile determined to be eligible by a diversionary unit for release as provided in this subsection shall retain the same right to counsel and right to have his or her case referred to the court for formal action as any other juvenile referred to the unit.

(14) A diversion unit may supervise the fulfillment of a diversion agreement entered into before the juvenile’s eighteenth birthday and which includes a period extending beyond the divertee’s eighteenth birthday.

(15) If a fine required by a diversion agreement cannot reasonably be paid due to a change of circumstance, the diversion agreement may be modified at the request of the divertee and with the concurrence of the diversion unit to convert an unpaid fine into community service. The modification of the diversion agreement shall be in writing and signed by the divertee and the diversion unit. The number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty shall be converted at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour.

(16) Fines imposed under this section shall be collected and paid into the county general fund in accordance with procedures established by the juvenile court administrator under RCW 13.04.040 and may be used only for juvenile services. In the expenditure of funds for juvenile services, there shall be a maintenance of effort whereby counties exhaust existing resources before using amounts collected under this section.

Sec. 18. RCW 13.40.100 and 1979 c 155 s 62 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Upon the filing of an information the alleged offender shall be notified by summons, warrant, or other method approved by the court of the next required court appearance.
(2) If notice is by summons, the clerk of the court shall issue a summons directed to the juvenile, if the juvenile is twelve or more years of age, and another to the parents, guardian, or
custodian, and such other persons as appear to the court to be proper or necessary parties to the proceedings, requiring them to appear personally before the court at the time fixed to hear the petition. Where the custodian is summoned, the parent or guardian or both shall also be served with a summons.

(3) A copy of the information shall be attached to each summons.

(4) The summons shall advise the parties of the right to counsel.

(5) The judge may endorse upon the summons an order directing the parents, guardian, or custodian having the custody or control of the juvenile to bring the juvenile to the hearing.

(6) If it appears from affidavit or sworn statement presented to the judge that there is probable cause for the issuance of a warrant of arrest or that the juvenile needs to be taken into custody pursuant to RCW 13.34.050, as now or hereafter amended, the judge may endorse upon the summons an order that an officer serving the summons shall at once take the juvenile into custody and take the juvenile to the place of detention or shelter designated by the court.

(7) Service of summons may be made under the direction of the court by any law enforcement officer or probation counselor.

(8) If the person summoned as herein provided fails without reasonable cause to appear and abide the order of the court, the person may be proceeded against as for contempt of court. In determining whether a parent, guardian, or custodian had reasonable cause not to appear, the court may consider all factors relevant to the person's ability to appear as summoned.

Sec. 19. RCW 13.40.110 and 1990 c 3 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The prosecutor, respondent, or the court on its own motion may, before a hearing on the information on its merits, file a motion requesting the court to transfer the respondent for adult criminal prosecution and the matter shall be set for a hearing on the question of declining jurisdiction. Unless waived by the court, the parties, and their counsel, a decline hearing shall be held (where) when:

(a) The respondent is fifteen ((sixteen, or seventeen)) years of age and the information alleges a class A felony or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit a class A felony; or

(b) The respondent is seventeen years of age and the information alleges ((assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree,,)) indecent liberties (without forcible compulsion or child molestation in the second degree,()) kidnapping in the second degree, or robbery in the second degree).)

(2) The court after a decline hearing may order the case transferred for adult criminal prosecution upon a finding that the declination would be in the best interest of the juvenile or the public. The court shall consider the relevant reports, facts, opinions, and arguments presented by the parties and their counsel.

(3) When the respondent is transferred for criminal prosecution or retained for prosecution in juvenile court, the court shall set forth in writing its finding which shall be supported by relevant facts and opinions produced at the hearing.

Sec. 20. RCW 13.40.125 and 1995 c 395 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon motion at least fourteen days before commencement of trial, the juvenile court has the power, after consulting the juvenile’s custodial parent or parents or guardian and with the consent of the juvenile, to continue the case for ((adjudication)) disposition for a period not to exceed one year from the date ((the motion is granted)) of entry of a plea of guilty or a finding of guilt following a hearing under subsection (5) of this section. The court may continue the case for an additional one-year period for good cause.

(2) Any juvenile granted a deferral of ((adjudication)) disposition under this section shall be placed under community supervision. The court may impose any conditions of supervision that it deems appropriate including posting a probation bond. Payment of restitution, as provided in RCW 13.40.190 shall also be a condition of community supervision under this section.

(3) Upon full compliance with conditions of supervision, the respondent’s adjudication shall be vacated and the court shall dismiss the case with prejudice.

(4) If the juvenile fails to comply with the terms of supervision, the court shall enter an order of (adjudication) disposition. The juvenile’s lack of compliance shall be determined by the judge upon written motion by the prosecutor or the juvenile’s juvenile court community supervision counselor. A parent who signed for a probation bond or deposited cash may notify the counselor if the juvenile fails to comply with the bond or conditions of supervision. The counselor shall notify the court and surety. A surety shall notify the court of the juvenile’s failure to comply with the probation bond.
The state shall bear the burden to prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the juvenile has failed to comply with the terms of community supervision.

(5) If the juvenile agrees to a deferral of (adjudication) disposition, the juvenile shall waive all rights:
(a) To a speedy trial and disposition;
(b) To call and confront witnesses; and
(c) To a hearing on the record. The adjudicatory hearing shall be limited to a reading of the court’s record.

(6) A juvenile is not eligible for a deferred (adjudication) disposition if:
(a) The juvenile’s current offense is a sex or violent offense;
(b) The juvenile’s criminal history includes any felony;
(c) The juvenile has a prior deferred (adjudication) disposition; or
(d) The juvenile has had more than two diversions.

Sec. 21. RCW 13.40.130 and 1981 c 299 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The respondent shall be advised of the allegations in the information and shall be required to plead guilty or not guilty to the allegation(s). The state or the respondent may make preliminary motions up to the time of the plea.
(2) If the respondent pleads guilty, the court may proceed with disposition or may continue the case for a dispositional hearing. If the respondent denies guilt, an adjudicatory hearing date shall be set. The court shall notify the parent, guardian, or custodian who has custody of a juvenile described in the charging document of the dispositional or adjudicatory hearing and shall require attendance.
(3) At the adjudicatory hearing it shall be the burden of the prosecution to prove the allegations of the information beyond a reasonable doubt.
(4) The court shall record its findings of fact and shall enter its decision upon the record. Such findings shall set forth the evidence relied upon by the court in reaching its decision.
(5) If the respondent is found not guilty he or she shall be released from detention.
(6) If the respondent is found guilty the court may immediately proceed to disposition or may continue the case for a dispositional hearing. Notice of the time and place of the continued hearing may be given in open court. If notice is not given in open court to a party, the party and the parent, guardian, or custodian who has custody of the juvenile shall be notified by mail of the time and place of the continued hearing.
(7) The court following an adjudicatory hearing may request that a predisposition study be prepared to aid the court in its evaluation of the matters relevant to disposition of the case.
(8) The dispositional hearing shall be held within fourteen days after the adjudicatory hearing or plea of guilty unless good cause is shown for further delay, or within twenty-one days if the juvenile is not held in a detention facility, unless good cause is shown for further delay.
(9) In sentencing an offender, the court shall use the disposition standards in effect on the date of the offense.
(10) A person notified under this section who fails without reasonable cause to appear and abide by the order of the court may be proceeded against as for contempt of court. In determining whether a parent, guardian, or custodian had reasonable cause not to appear, the court may consider all factors relevant to the person’s ability to appear as summoned.

Sec. 22. RCW 13.40.135 and 1990 c 3 s 604 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The prosecuting attorney shall file a special allegation of sexual motivation in every juvenile offense other than sex offenses as defined in RCW 9.94A.030((29)) (33) (a) or (c) when sufficient admissible evidence exists, which, when considered with the most plausible, reasonably consistent defense that could be raised under the evidence, would justify a finding of sexual motivation by a reasonable and objective fact-finder.
(2) In a juvenile case wherein there has been a special allegation the state shall prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the juvenile committed the offense with a sexual motivation. The court shall make a finding of fact of whether or not the sexual motivation was present at the time of the commission of the offense. This finding shall not be applied to sex offenses as defined in RCW 9.94A.030((29)) (33) (a) or (c).
(3) The prosecuting attorney shall not withdraw the special allegation of "sexual motivation" without approval of the court through an order of dismissal. The court shall not dismiss the special
allegation unless it finds that such an order is necessary to correct an error in the initial charging decision or unless there are evidentiary problems which make proving the special allegation doubtful.

Sec. 23. RCW 13.40.150 and 1995 c 268 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In disposition hearings all relevant and material evidence, including oral and written reports, may be received by the court and may be relied upon to the extent of its probative value, even though such evidence may not be admissible in a hearing on the information. The youth or the youth’s counsel and the prosecuting attorney shall be afforded an opportunity to examine and controvert written reports so received and to cross-examine individuals making reports when such individuals are reasonably available, but sources of confidential information need not be disclosed. The prosecutor and counsel for the juvenile may submit recommendations for disposition.

(2) For purposes of disposition:
(a) Violations which are current offenses count as misdemeanors;
(b) Violations may not count as part of the offender’s criminal history;
(c) In no event may a disposition for a violation include confinement.

(3) Before entering a dispositional order as to a respondent found to have committed an offense, the court shall hold a disposition hearing, at which the court shall:
(a) Consider the facts supporting the allegations of criminal conduct by the respondent;
(b) Consider information and arguments offered by parties and their counsel;
(c) Consider any predisposition reports;
(d) Consult with the respondent’s parent, guardian, or custodian on the appropriateness of dispositional options under consideration and afford the respondent and the respondent’s parent, guardian, or custodian an opportunity to speak in the respondent’s behalf;
(e) Allow the victim or a representative of the victim and an investigative law enforcement officer to speak;
(f) Determine the amount of restitution owing to the victim, if any, or set a hearing for a later date to determine that amount;
(g) (((Determine whether the respondent is a serious offender, a middle offender, or a minor or first offender;
(h) Consider whether or not any of the following mitigating factors exist:
(i) The respondent’s conduct neither caused nor threatened serious bodily injury or the respondent did not contemplate that his or her conduct would cause or threaten serious bodily injury;
(ii) The respondent acted under strong and immediate provocation;
(iii) The respondent was suffering from a mental or physical condition that significantly reduced his or her culpability for the offense though failing to establish a defense;
(iv) Prior to his or her detection, the respondent compensated or made a good faith attempt to compensate the victim for the injury or loss sustained; and
(v) There has been at least one year between the respondent’s current offense and any prior criminal offense;
(h))) Consider whether or not any of the following aggravating factors exist:
(i) In the commission of the offense, or in flight therefrom, the respondent inflicted or attempted to inflict serious bodily injury to another;
(ii) The offense was committed in an especially heinous, cruel, or depraved manner;
(iii) The victim or victims were particularly vulnerable;
(iv) The respondent has a recent criminal history or has failed to comply with conditions of a recent dispositional order or diversion agreement;
(v) The current offense included a finding of sexual motivation pursuant to RCW 13.40.135;
(vi) The respondent was the leader of a criminal enterprise involving several persons; (((and))
(vii) There are other complaints which have resulted in diversion or a finding or plea of guilty but which are not included as criminal history; and
(viii) The standard range disposition is clearly too lenient considering the seriousness of the juvenile’s prior adjudications.

(4) The following factors may not be considered in determining the punishment to be imposed:
(a) The sex of the respondent;
(b) The race or color of the respondent or the respondent’s family;
(c) The creed or religion of the respondent or the respondent’s family;
(d) The economic or social class of the respondent or the respondent’s family; and
(e) Factors indicating that the respondent may be or is a dependent child within the meaning of this chapter.
(5) A court may not commit a juvenile to a state institution solely because of the lack of facilities, including treatment facilities, existing in the community.

Sec. 24. RCW 13.40.160 and 1995 c 395 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (When the respondent is found to be a serious offender, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range of disposition for the offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section.) The standard range disposition for a juvenile adjudicated of an offense is determined according to RCW 13.40.0357.

(a) When the court sentences an offender to a local sanction as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 Option A, the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard ranges, except as provided in subsections (2), (4), and (5) of this section. The disposition may be comprised of one or more local sanctions.

(b) When the court sentences an offender to a standard range as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 Option A that includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement, except as provided in subsections (2), (4), and (5) of this section.

(2) If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range, as indicated in option B of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357. The court’s finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(2) Where the respondent is found to be a minor or first offender, the court shall order that the respondent serve a term of community supervision as indicated in option A or option B of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the court determines that a disposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice the court may impose another disposition under option C of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a disposition other than a community supervision may be imposed only after the court enters reasons upon which it bases its conclusions that imposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(3) Where a respondent is found to have committed an offense for which the respondent declined to enter into a diversion agreement, the court shall impose a term of community supervision limited to the conditions allowed in a diversion agreement as provided in RCW 13.40.080(2).

(4) (If a respondent is found to be a middle offender:

(a) The court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range(s) for such offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the standard range includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement; or

(b) If the middle offender has less than 110 points, the court shall impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to thirty days confinement, as indicated in option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150. If the middle offender has 110 points or more, the court may impose a disposition under option A and may suspend the disposition on
the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender violates any condition of the disposition including conditions of a probation bond, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

(c) Only if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that disposition as provided in subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court’s finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

(d) A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition pursuant to subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5) When a (serious, middle, or minor first) juvenile offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent’s version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent’s offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent’s social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator’s information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent’s amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(a)(i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and therapist;
(ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;
(iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;
(iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and
(v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender’s amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the victim’s opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section. If the court determines that this special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range for the offense, or if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that such disposition would cause a manifest injustice, the court shall impose a disposition under option C, and the court may suspend the execution of the disposition and place the offender on community supervision for (up to) at least two years. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose the conditions of community supervision and other conditions, including up to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the offender do any one or more of the following:

(b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or occupation;
(ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation counselor object to the change;
(iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the offender’s address, educational program, or employment;

(iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall have prior approval by the court;

(v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;

(vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform community service, or any combination thereof;

(vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling reasonably related to the offense; or

(viii) Comply with the conditions of any court-ordered probation bond.

The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the respondent’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

Except as provided in this subsection (4), after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender’s home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (4) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition or the court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days’ confinement for violating conditions of the disposition. The court may order both execution of the disposition and up to thirty days’ confinement for the violation of the conditions of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. "Victim" may also include a known parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(6) A disposition entered under this subsection (4) is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5) If the juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 24 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose the disposition alternative under section 25 of this act.

(6) RCW 13.40.193 shall govern the disposition of any juvenile adjudicated of possessing a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)(b)(iii) or any crime in which a special finding is entered that the juvenile was armed with a firearm.

(7) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.

(8) Except as provided under subsection (4) or (5) of this section or RCW 13.40.125, the court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or the execution of the disposition.

(9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the same offense.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:

(1) When a juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 24 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent if the evidence shows that the offender may be chemically dependent, may order an examination by a chemical dependency counselor from a chemical
dependency treatment facility approved under chapter 70.96A RCW to determine if the youth is chemically dependent and amenable to treatment.

(2) The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent’s version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment of drug-alcohol problems and previous treatment attempts, the respondent’s social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the examiner’s information.

(3) The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent’s amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(a) Whether inpatient and/or outpatient treatment is recommended;
(b) Availability of appropriate treatment;
(c) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;
(d) Anticipated length of treatment;
(e) Recommended crime-related prohibitions; and
(f) Whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.

(4) The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender’s amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any examination ordered under this subsection (4) or subsection (1) of this section unless the court finds that the offender is indigent and no third party insurance coverage is available, in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(5)(a) After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this chemical dependency disposition alternative and consider the victim’s opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section.

(b) If the court determines that this chemical dependency disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose the standard range for the offense, suspend execution of the disposition, and place the offender on community supervision for up to one year. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court shall require the offender to undergo available outpatient drug/alcohol treatment and/or inpatient drug/alcohol treatment. For purposes of this section, the sum of confinement time and inpatient treatment may not exceed ninety days. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose conditions of community supervision and other sanctions, including up to thirty days of confinement, one hundred fifty hours of community service, and payment of legal financial obligations and restitution.

(6) The drug/alcohol treatment provider shall submit monthly reports on the respondent’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

(7) For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the offense charged.

(8) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.

(9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the same offense.

(10) A disposition under this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

Sec. 26. RCW 13.40.190 and 1996 c 124 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) In its dispositional order, the court shall require the respondent to make restitution to any persons who have suffered loss or damage as a result of the offense committed by the respondent. In addition, restitution may be ordered for loss or damage if the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor’s recommendation that the offender be required to pay restitution to a victim of an offense or offenses which, pursuant to a plea agreement, are not prosecuted. The payment of restitution shall be in addition to any punishment which is imposed pursuant to the other provisions of this chapter. The court may determine the amount, terms, and conditions of the restitution including a payment plan extending up to ten years after the respondent’s eighteenth birthday if the court determines that the respondent does not have the means to make full restitution over a shorter period. Restitution may include the costs of counseling reasonably related to the offense. If the respondent participated in the crime with another person or other persons, all such participants shall be jointly and severally responsible for the payment of restitution. For the purposes of this section, the respondent shall remain under the court’s jurisdiction for a maximum term of ten years after the respondent’s eighteenth birthday. (The court may not require the respondent to pay full or partial restitution if the respondent reasonably satisfies the court that he or she does not have the means to make full or partial restitution and could not reasonably acquire the means to pay such restitution over a ten-year period.)

(2) Regardless of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, the court shall order restitution in all cases where the victim is entitled to benefits under the crime victims’ compensation act, chapter 7.68 RCW. If the court does not order restitution and the victim of the crime has been determined to be entitled to benefits under the crime victims’ compensation act, the department of labor and industries, as administrator of the crime victims’ compensation program, may petition the court within one year of entry of the disposition order for entry of a restitution order. Upon receipt of a petition from the department of labor and industries, the court shall hold a restitution hearing and shall enter a restitution order.

(3) If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. The restitution to victims named in the order shall be paid prior to any payment for other penalties or monetary assessments.

(4) A respondent under obligation to pay restitution may petition the court for modification of the restitution order.

Sec. 27. RCW 13.40.193 and 1994 sp.s c 7 s 525 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If a respondent is found to have been in possession of a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)(e)(b), the court shall impose a (determinate) minimum disposition of ten days of confinement (and up to twelve months of community supervision). If the offender’s standard range of disposition for the offense as indicated in RCW 13.40.0357 is more than thirty days of confinement, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range disposition. The offender shall not be released until the offender has served a minimum of ten days in confinement.

(2) If the court finds that the respondent or an accomplice was armed with a firearm, the court shall determine the standard range disposition for the offense pursuant to RCW 13.40.160. (Ninety days of confinement shall be added to the entire standard range disposition of confinement) If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm when the offender committed ((a) Any violent offense; or (b) escape in the first degree; burglary in the second degree; theft of livestock in the first or second degree; or any felony drug offense. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm and the offender is being adjudicated for an anticipatory felony offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the offenses listed in this subsection, ninety days shall be added to the entire standard range disposition of confinement)) any felony other than possession of a machine gun, possession of a stolen firearm, reckless endangerment in the first degree, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, or use of a machine gun in a felony, the following periods of total confinement must be added to the sentence: For a class A felony, six months; for a class B felony, four months; and for a class C felony, two months. The (ninety days) additional time shall be imposed regardless of the offense’s juvenile disposition offense category as designated in RCW 13.40.0357. (The department shall not release the offender until the offender has served a minimum of ninety days in confinement, unless the juvenile is committed to and successfully completes the juvenile offender basic training camp disposition option.)

(3) (Option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357, shall not be available for middle offenders who receive a disposition under this section.) When a disposition under this section would effectuate a
manifest injustice, the court may impose another disposition. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a disposition of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall commit the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a disposition of confinement less than thirty days, the disposition shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision or both.

(4) Any term of confinement ordered pursuant to this section may run concurrently to any term of confinement imposed in the same disposition for other offenses.

Sec. 28. RCW 13.40.200 and 1995 c 395 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When a respondent fails to comply with an order of restitution, community supervision, penalty assessments, or confinement of less than thirty days, the court may issue a summons or a warrant to compel the respondent's appearance. The court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days' confinement on the respondent. If a respondent has failed to pay a fine, penalty assessments, or restitution or to perform community service hours, as required by the court, it shall be the respondent's burden to show that he or she did not have the means and could not reasonably have acquired the means to pay the fine, penalty assessments, or restitution or perform community service.

(2) The court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days' confinement on the respondent. Penalties for multiple violations occurring prior to the hearing shall not be aggregated to exceed thirty days' confinement. Regardless of the number of times a respondent is brought to court for violations of the terms of a single disposition order, the combined total number of days spent by the respondent in detention shall never exceed the maximum term to which an adult could be sentenced for the underlying offense.

((3)(a)) If the court finds that a respondent has willfully violated the terms of an order pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section, it may impose a penalty of up to thirty days' confinement. Penalties for multiple violations occurring prior to the hearing shall not be aggregated to exceed thirty days' confinement. Regardless of the number of times a respondent is brought to court for violations of the terms of a single disposition order, the combined total number of days spent by the respondent in detention shall never exceed the maximum term to which an adult could be sentenced for the underlying offense.

((b) If the violation of the terms of the order under (a) of this subsection is failure to pay fines, penalty assessments, complete community service, or make restitution, the term of confinement imposed under (a) of this subsection shall be assessed at a rate of one day of confinement for each twenty-five dollars or eight hours owed.))

(4) If a respondent has been ordered to pay a fine or monetary penalty and due to a change of circumstance cannot reasonably comply with the order, the court, upon motion of the respondent, may order that the unpaid fine or monetary penalty be converted to community service. The number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty or fine shall be converted at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour. The monetary penalties or fines collected shall be deposited in the county general fund. A failure to comply with an order under this subsection shall be deemed a failure to comply with an order of community supervision and may be proceeded against as provided in this section.

(5) When a respondent has willfully violated the terms of a probation bond, the court may modify, revoke, or retain the probation bond as provided in RCW 13.40.054.

Sec. 29. RCW 13.40.210 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 527 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary shall, except in the case of a juvenile committed by a court to a term of confinement in a state institution outside the appropriate standard range for the offense(s) for which the juvenile was found to be guilty established pursuant to RCW 13.40.030, set a release or discharge date for each juvenile committed to its custody. The release or discharge date shall be within the prescribed range to which a juvenile has been committed except as provided in RCW 13.40.320 concerning offenders the department determines are eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp program. Such dates shall be determined prior to the expiration of sixty percent of a juvenile's minimum term of confinement included within the prescribed range to which the juvenile has been committed. The secretary shall release any juvenile committed to the custody of the department within four calendar days prior to the juvenile's release date or on the release date set under this chapter. Days spent in the custody of the department shall be tolled by any period of time during which a juvenile has absented himself or herself from the department's supervision without the prior approval of the secretary or the secretary's designee.
(2) The secretary shall monitor the average daily population of the state's juvenile residential facilities. When the secretary concludes that in-residence population of residential facilities exceeds one hundred five percent of the rated bed capacity specified in statute, or in absence of such specification, as specified by the department in rule, the secretary may recommend reductions to the governor. On certification by the governor that the recommended reductions are necessary, the secretary has authority to administratively release a sufficient number of offenders to reduce in-residence population to one hundred percent of rated bed capacity. The secretary shall release those offenders who have served the greatest proportion of their sentence. However, the secretary may deny release in a particular case at the request of an offender, or if the secretary finds that there is no responsible custodian, as determined by the department, to whom to release the offender, or if the release of the offender would pose a clear danger to society. The department shall notify the committing court of the release at the time of release if any such early releases have occurred as a result of excessive in-residence population. In no event shall an offender adjudicated of a violent offense be granted release under the provisions of this subsection.

(3) Following the juvenile's release under subsection (1) of this section, the secretary may require the juvenile to comply with a program of parole to be administered by the department in his or her community which shall last no longer than eighteen months, except that in the case of a juvenile sentenced for rape in the first or second degree, rape of a child in the first or second degree, child molestation in the first degree, or indecent liberties with forcible compulsion, the period of parole shall be twenty-four months and, in the discretion of the secretary, may be up to thirty-six months when the secretary believes that an additional period of parole is necessary and appropriate in the interests of public safety or to meet the ongoing needs of the juvenile. A parole program is mandatory for offenders released under subsection (2) of this section. The secretary shall, for the period of parole, facilitate the juvenile's reintegration into his or her community and to further this goal shall require the juvenile to refrain from possessing a firearm or using a deadly weapon and refrain from committing new offenses and may require the juvenile to: (a) Undergo available medical ((or)), psychiatric ((treatment)), drug and alcohol, sex offender, mental health, and other offense-related treatment services; (b) report as directed to a parole officer and/or designee; (c) pursue a course of study ((or)) vocational training, or employment; ((and)) (d) notify the parole officer of the current address where he or she resides; (e) be present at a particular address during specified hours; (f) remain within prescribed geographical boundaries ((and notify the department of any change in his or her address)); (g) submit to electronic monitoring; (h) refrain from using illegal drugs and alcohol and submit to random urinalysis when requested by the assigned parole officer; (i) refrain from contact with specific individuals or a specified group of individuals; (j) meet other conditions determined by the parole officer to further enhance the juvenile's reintegration into the community; (k) pay any court-ordered fines or restitution; and (l) perform community service. Community service for the purpose of this section means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender. Community service may be performed through public or private organizations or through work crews. After termination of the parole period, the juvenile shall be discharged from the department's supervision.

(4)(a) The department may also modify parole for violation thereof. If, after affording a juvenile all of the due process rights to which he or she would be entitled if the juvenile were an adult, the secretary finds that a juvenile has violated a condition of his or her parole, the secretary shall order one of the following which is reasonably likely to effectuate the purpose of the parole and to protect the public: (i) Continued supervision under the same conditions previously imposed; (ii) intensified supervision with increased reporting requirements; (iii) additional conditions of supervision authorized by this chapter; (iv) except as provided in (a)(v) of this subsection, imposition of a period of confinement not to exceed thirty days in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state of Washington or any city or county for a portion of each day or for a certain number of days each week with the balance of the days or weeks spent under supervision; and (v) the secretary may order any of the conditions or may return the offender to confinement ((in an institution)) for the remainder of the sentence range if the offense for which the offender was sentenced is rape in the first or second degree, rape of a child in the first or second degree, child molestation in the first degree, indecent liberties with forcible compulsion, or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030.

(b) If the department finds that any juvenile in a program of parole has possessed a firearm or used a deadly weapon during the program of parole, the department shall modify the parole under (a)
of this subsection and confine the juvenile for at least thirty days. Confinement shall be in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state or any county.

(5) A parole officer of the department of social and health services shall have the power to arrest a juvenile under his or her supervision on the same grounds as a law enforcement officer would be authorized to arrest the person.

(6) If so requested and approved under chapter 13.06 RCW, the secretary shall permit a county or group of counties to perform functions under subsections (3) through (5) of this section.

Sec. 30. RCW 13.40.230 and 1981 c 299 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Dispositions reviewed pursuant to RCW 13.40.160, as now or hereafter amended, shall be reviewed in the appropriate division of the court of appeals.

An appeal under this section shall be heard solely upon the record that was before the disposition court. No written briefs may be required, and the appeal shall be heard within thirty days following the date of sentencing and a decision rendered within fifteen days following the argument. The supreme court shall promulgate any necessary rules to effectuate the purposes of this section.

(2) To uphold a disposition outside the standard range, the court of appeals must find (a) that the reasons supplied by the disposition judge are supported by the record which was before the judge and that those reasons clearly and convincingly support the conclusion that a disposition within the range would constitute a manifest injustice, and (b) that the sentence imposed was neither clearly excessive nor clearly too lenient.

(3) If the court does not find subsection (2)(a) of this section it shall remand the case for disposition within the standard range ((or for community supervision without confinement as would otherwise be appropriate pursuant to this chapter)).

(4) If the court finds subsection (2)(a) but not subsection (2)(b) of this section it shall remand the case with instructions for further proceedings consistent with the provisions of this chapter.

(5) Pending appeal, a respondent may not be committed or detained for a period of time in excess of the standard range for the offense(s) committed or sixty days, whichever is longer. The disposition court may impose conditions on release pending appeal as provided in RCW 13.40.040(4) and 13.40.050(6). Upon the expiration of the period of commitment or detention specified in this subsection, the court may also impose such conditions on the respondent's release pending disposition of the appeal.

(6) Appeal of a disposition under this section does not affect the finality or appeal of the underlying adjudication of guilt.

Sec. 31. RCW 13.40.250 and 1980 c 128 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
A traffic or civil infraction case involving a juvenile under the age of sixteen may be diverted in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or filed in juvenile court.

(1) If a notice of a traffic or civil infraction is filed in juvenile court, the juvenile named in the notice shall be afforded the same due process afforded to adult defendants in traffic infraction cases.

(2) A monetary penalty imposed upon a juvenile under the age of sixteen who is found to have committed a traffic or civil infraction may not exceed one hundred dollars. At the juvenile's request, the court may order performance of a number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty, at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour.

(3) A diversion agreement entered into by a juvenile referred pursuant to this section shall be limited to thirty hours of community service, or educational or informational sessions.

(4) If a case involving the commission of a traffic or civil infraction or offense by a juvenile under the age of sixteen has been referred to a diversion unit, an abstract of the action taken by the diversion unit may be forwarded to the department of licensing in the manner provided for in RCW 46.20.270(2).

Sec. 32. RCW 13.40.265 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 435 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) If a juvenile thirteen years of age or older is found by juvenile court to have committed an offense while armed with a firearm or an offense that is a violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)(e) or chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the court shall notify the department of licensing within twenty-four hours after entry of the judgment.
(b) Except as otherwise provided in (c) of this subsection, upon petition of a juvenile who has been found by the court to have committed an offense that is a violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the court may at any time the court deems appropriate notify the department of licensing that the juvenile’s driving privileges should be reinstated.

(c) If the offense is the juvenile’s first violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the juvenile may not petition the court for reinstatement of the juvenile’s privilege to drive revoked pursuant to RCW 46.20.265 until ninety days after the date the juvenile turns sixteen or ninety days after the judgment was entered, whichever is later. If the offense is the juvenile’s second or subsequent violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the juvenile may not petition the court for reinstatement of the juvenile’s privilege to drive revoked pursuant to RCW 46.20.265 until the date the juvenile turns seventeen or one year after the date judgment was entered, whichever is later.

(2)(a) If a juvenile enters into a diversion agreement with a diversion unit pursuant to RCW 13.40.080 concerning an offense that is a violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the diversion unit shall notify the department of licensing within twenty-four hours after the diversion agreement is signed.

(b) If a diversion unit has notified the department pursuant to (a) of this subsection, the diversion unit shall notify the department of licensing when the juvenile has completed the agreement.

Sec. 33. RCW 13.40.320 and 1995 c 40 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department of social and health services shall establish and operate a medium security juvenile offender basic training camp program. The department shall site a juvenile offender basic training camp facility in the most cost-effective facility possible and shall review the possibility of using an existing abandoned and/or available state, federally, or military-owned site or facility.

(2) The department may contract under this chapter with private companies, the national guard, or other federal, state, or local agencies to operate the juvenile offender basic training camp, notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 41.06.380. Requests for proposals from possible contractors shall not call for payment on a per diem basis.

(3) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall accommodate at least seventy offenders. The beds shall count as additions to, and not be used as replacements for, existing bed capacity at existing department of social and health services juvenile facilities.

(4) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall be a structured and regimented model lasting one hundred twenty days emphasizing the building up of an offender’s self-esteem, confidence, and discipline. The juvenile offender basic training camp program shall provide participants with basic education, prevocational training, work-based learning, live work, work ethic skills, conflict resolution counseling, substance abuse intervention, anger management counseling, and structured intensive physical training. The juvenile offender basic training camp program shall have a curriculum training and work schedule that incorporates a balanced assignment of these or other rehabilitation and training components for no less than sixteen hours per day, six days a week.

The department shall adopt rules for the safe and effective operation of the juvenile offender basic training camp program, standards for an offender’s successful program completion, and rules for the continued after-care supervision of offenders who have successfully completed the program.

(5) Offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp option shall be those with a disposition of not more than ((seventy-eight)) sixty-five weeks. Violent and sex offenders shall not be eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp program.

(6) If the court determines that the offender is eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp option, the court may recommend that the department place the offender in the program. The department shall evaluate the offender and may place the offender in the program. The evaluation shall include, at a minimum, a risk assessment developed by the department and designed to determine the offender’s suitability for the program. No juvenile who is assessed as a high risk offender or suffers from any mental or physical problems that could endanger his or her health or drastically affect his or her performance in the program shall be admitted to or retained in the juvenile offender basic training camp program.

(7) All juvenile offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp sentencing option shall spend one hundred twenty days of their disposition in a juvenile offender basic training camp. If the juvenile offender’s activities while in the juvenile offender basic training camp are so disruptive to the juvenile offender basic training camp program, as determined by the secretary
according to rules adopted by the department, as to result in the removal of the juvenile offender from
the juvenile offender basic training camp program, or if the offender cannot complete the juvenile
offender basic training camp program due to medical problems, the secretary shall require that the
offender be committed to a juvenile institution to serve the entire remainder of his or her disposition,
less the amount of time already served in the juvenile offender basic training camp program.

(8) All offenders who successfully graduate from the one hundred twenty day juvenile offender
basic training camp program shall spend the remainder of their disposition on parole in a division of
juvenile rehabilitation intensive aftercare program in the local community. The program shall provide
for the needs of the offender based on his or her progress in the aftercare program as indicated by
ongoing assessment of those needs and progress. The intensive aftercare program shall monitor
postprogram juvenile offenders and assist them to successfully reintegrate into the community. In
addition, the program shall develop a process for closely monitoring and assessing public safety risks.
The intensive aftercare program shall be designed and funded by the department of social and health
services.

(9) The department shall also develop and maintain a data base to measure recidivism rates
specific to this incarceration program. The data base shall maintain data on all juvenile offenders who
complete the juvenile offender basic training camp program for a period of two years after they have
completed the program. The data base shall also maintain data on the criminal activity, educational
progress, and employment activities of all juvenile offenders who participated in the program. (The
department shall produce an outcome evaluation report on the progress of the juvenile offender basic
training camp program to the appropriate committees of the legislature no later than December 12,
1996.)

Sec. 34. RCW 13.50.010 and 1996 c 232 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) For purposes of this chapter:
(a) "Juvenile justice or care agency" means any of the following: Police, diversion units, court,
prosecuting attorney, defense attorney, detention center, attorney general, the department of social and
health services and its contracting agencies, schools; and, in addition, persons or public or private
agencies having children committed to their custody;
(b) "Official juvenile court file" means the legal file of the juvenile court containing the petition
or information, motions, memorandums, briefs, findings of the court, and court orders;
(c) "Social file" means the juvenile court file containing the records and reports of the
probation counselor;
(d) "Records" means the juvenile court file containing the records and reports of the
probation counselor;
(2) Each petition or information filed with the court may include only one juvenile and each
petition or information shall be filed under a separate docket number. The social file shall be filed
separately from the official juvenile court file.
(3) It is the duty of any juvenile justice or care agency to maintain accurate records. To this
end:
(a) The agency may never knowingly record inaccurate information. Any information in
records maintained by the department of social and health services relating to a petition filed pursuant
to chapter 13.34 RCW that is found by the court, upon proof presented, to be false or inaccurate shall
be corrected or expunged from such records by the agency;
(b) An agency shall take reasonable steps to assure the security of its records and prevent
tampering with them; and
(c) An agency shall make reasonable efforts to insure the completeness of its records, including
action taken by other agencies with respect to matters in its files.
(4) Each juvenile justice or care agency shall implement procedures consistent with the
provisions of this chapter to facilitate inquiries concerning records.
(5) Any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is
included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency and who has been denied access to those
records by the agency may make a motion to the court for an order authorizing that person to inspect
the juvenile justice or care agency record concerning that person. The court shall grant the motion to
examine records unless it finds that in the interests of justice or in the best interests of the juvenile the
records or parts of them should remain confidential.
A juvenile, or his or her parents, or any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency may make a motion to the court challenging the accuracy of any information concerning the moving party in the record or challenging the continued possession of the record by the agency. If the court grants the motion, it shall order the record or information to be corrected or destroyed.

The person making a motion under subsection (5) or (6) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.

The court may permit inspection of records by, or release of information to, any clinic, hospital, or agency which has the subject person under care or treatment. The court may also permit inspection by or release to individuals or agencies, including juvenile justice advisory committees of county law and justice councils, engaged in legitimate research for educational, scientific, or public purposes. The court may also permit inspection of, or release of information from, records which have been sealed pursuant to RCW 13.50.050(11). The court shall release to the sentencing guidelines commission records needed for its research and data-gathering functions under RCW 9.94A.040 and other statutes. Access to records or information for research purposes shall be permitted only if the anonymity of all persons mentioned in the records or information will be preserved. Each person granted permission to inspect juvenile justice or care agency records for research purposes shall present a notarized statement to the court stating that the names of juveniles and parents will remain confidential.

Juvenile detention facilities shall release records to the sentencing guidelines commission upon request. The commission shall not disclose the names of any juveniles or parents mentioned in the records without the named individual’s written permission.

Sec. 35.

RCW 13.50.050 and 1992 c 188 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

This section governs records relating to the commission of juvenile offenses, including records relating to diversions.

The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed pursuant to subsection (11) of this section.

All records other than the official juvenile court file are confidential and may be released only as provided in this section, RCW 13.50.010, 13.40.215, and 4.24.550.

Except as otherwise provided in this section and RCW 13.50.010, records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other participant is assigned the responsibility for supervising the juvenile.

Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile’s family may be released to the public only when that information could not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile’s family.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys’ records pertaining to investigation, diversion, and prosecution of juvenile offenses shall be governed by the rules of discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult criminal investigations and prosecutions.

The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain a central record-keeping system which may receive information on all alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently pending before the court. The central record-keeping system may be computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit, the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. An offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central record-keeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the date on which the offender agreed to diversion.

Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim’s immediate family, the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender’s parent, guardian, or custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime shall be released to the victim of the crime or the victim’s immediate family.
Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult criminal prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult criminal defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall be released upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has actually been filed. The juvenile offense records of any adult convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the adult corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult corrections system.

In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person the subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and, subject to subsection (((24))) (22) of this section, order the sealing of the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the court and of any other agency in the case.

The court shall grant the motion to seal records made pursuant to subsection (10) of this section if it finds that:

(a) Two years have elapsed from the later of: (i) Final discharge of the person from the supervision of any agency charged with supervising juvenile offenders; or (ii) the entry of a court order relating to the commission of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense; for class B felonies other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the person has spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in conviction; for class C felonies other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the person has spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in conviction;

(b) No proceeding is pending against the moving party seeking the conviction of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense; and

(c) Full restitution has been paid.

The person making a motion pursuant to subsection (10) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecution and to any person or agency whose files are sought to be sealed.

If the court grants the motion to seal made pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection (((24))) (22) of this section, order sealed the official juvenile court file, the social file, and other records relating to the case as are named in the order. Thereafter, the proceedings in the case shall be treated as if they never occurred, and the subject of the records may reply accordingly to any inquiry about the events, records of which are sealed. Any agency shall reply to any inquiry concerning confidential or sealed records that records are confidential, and no information can be given about the existence or nonexistence of records concerning an individual.

Inspection of the files and records included in the order to seal may thereafter be permitted only by order of the court upon motion made by the person who is the subject of the information or complaint, except as otherwise provided in RCW 13.50.010(8) and subsection (((24))) (22) of this section.

Any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a crime subsequent to sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. Any ((conviction for any)) charging of an adult felony subsequent to the sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order for the purposes of chapter 9.94A RCW ((for any juvenile adjudication of guilt for a class A offense or a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030)).

Any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a crime subsequent to sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. Any ((conviction for any)) charging of an adult felony subsequent to the sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order for the purposes of chapter 9.94A RCW ((for any juvenile adjudication of guilt for a class A offense or a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030)).

The court may grant the motion to destroy records made pursuant to subsection (16) of this section if it finds:

(a) The person making the motion is at least twenty-three years of age;

(b) The person has not subsequently been convicted of a felony.
Sec. 36. RCW 72.01.410 and 1994 c 220 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever any child under the age of eighteen is convicted in the courts of this state of a crime amounting to a felony, and is committed for a term of confinement in a correctional institution wherein adults are confined, the secretary of corrections, after making an independent assessment and evaluation of the child and determining that the needs and correctional goals for the child could better be met by the programs and housing environment provided by the juvenile correctional institution, with the consent of the secretary of social and health services, may transfer such child to a juvenile correctional institution, or to such other institution as is now, or may hereafter be authorized by law to receive such child, until such time as the child arrives at the age of twenty-one years, whereupon the child shall be returned to the institution of original commitment. Retention within a juvenile detention facility or return to an adult correctional facility shall regularly be reviewed by the secretary of corrections and the secretary of social and health services with a determination made based on the level of maturity and sophistication of the individual, the behavior and progress while within the juvenile
detention facility, security needs, and the program/treatment alternatives which would best prepare the
individual for a successful return to the community. Notice of such transfers shall be given to the clerk
of the committing court and the parents, guardian, or next of kin of such child, if known.

(2) An offender under the age of eighteen who is convicted in adult criminal court and who is
committed to a term of confinement at the department of corrections must be placed in a housing unit
separated from adult inmates until the offender reaches the age of eighteen.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 37. A new section is added to chapter 72.01 RCW to read as follows:
(1) An offender under the age of eighteen who is convicted in adult criminal court of a crime
who is committed for a term of confinement in a jail as defined in RCW 70.48.020, must be
housed in a jail unit completely separated from contact with adult offenders incarcerated in the jail,
until the offender reaches the age of eighteen.
(2) If a court finds that the local jail is unable to comply with the requirements of subsection (1)
of this section, the court shall commit the offender to the department of social and health services to be
housed in a state juvenile facility operated by the juvenile rehabilitation administration until the
offender reaches the age of eighteen.
(3) The office of financial management shall calculate the cost that the local jurisdiction would
have incurred to house a transferred offender at the local jail facility. The local jurisdiction shall bear
that portion of the cost of committing the offender to the state institution.
(4) An offender under the age of eighteen who is convicted in adult criminal court and who is
transferred to the department of social and health services under subsection (2) of this section must be
placed in a housing unit separated from juvenile offenders committed to the department of social and
health services.

Sec. 38. RCW 72.09.460 and 1995 1st sp. s. c 19 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The legislature intends that all inmates be required to participate in department-approved
education programs, work programs, or both, unless exempted under subsection (((4))) (4) of this
section. Eligible inmates who refuse to participate in available education or work programs available at
no charge to the inmates shall lose privileges according to the system established under RCW
72.09.130. Eligible inmates who are required to contribute financially to an education or work program
and refuse to contribute shall be placed in another work program. Refusal to contribute shall not result
in a loss of privileges. The legislature recognizes more inmates may agree to participate in education
and work programs than are available. The department must make every effort to achieve maximum
public benefit by placing inmates in available and appropriate education and work programs.
(2) The department shall provide a program of education to all inmates who are under the age
of eighteen and who have not met high school graduation requirements as established by the state board
of education. The program of education established by the department for inmates under the age of
eighteen must consist of curriculum that will enable the inmate to achieve a high school diploma. The
department shall extend the program of education required under this subsection to an inmate who is
over the age of eighteen but less than twenty-one if the inmate was incarcerated prior to his or her
eighteenth birthday and failed to obtain a high school diploma before reaching the age of eighteen.
(3) The department shall, to the extent possible and considering all available funds, prioritize
its resources to meet the following goals for inmates in the order listed:
(a) Achievement of basic academic skills through obtaining a high school diploma or its
equivalent and achievement of vocational skills necessary for purposes of work programs and for an
inmate to qualify for work upon release;
(b) Additional work and education programs based on assessments and placements under
subsection (((4))) (5) of this section; and
(c) Other work and education programs as appropriate.

(((4))) (4) The department shall establish, by rule, objective medical standards to determine
when an inmate is physically or mentally unable to participate in available education or work programs.
When the department determines an inmate is permanently unable to participate in any available
education or work program due to a medical condition, the inmate is exempt from the requirement
under subsection (1) of this section. When the department determines an inmate is temporarily unable
to participate in an education or work program due to a medical condition, the inmate is exempt from
the requirement of subsection (1) of this section for the period of time he or she is temporarily
disabled. The department shall periodically review the medical condition of all temporarily disabled inmates to ensure the earliest possible entry or reentry by inmates into available programming.

((4)) (5) The department shall establish, by rule, standards for participation in department-approved education and work programs. The standards shall address the following areas:

(a) Assessment. The department shall assess all inmates for their basic academic skill levels using a professionally accepted method of scoring reading, math, and language skills as grade level equivalents. The department shall determine an inmate’s education history, work history, and vocational or work skills. The initial assessment shall be conducted, whenever possible, within the first thirty days of an inmate’s entry into the correctional system, except that initial assessments are not required for inmates who are sentenced to life without the possibility of release, assigned to an intensive management unit within the first thirty days after entry into the correctional system, are returning to the correctional system within one year of a prior release, or whose physical or mental condition renders them unable to complete the assessment process. The department shall track and record changes in the basic academic skill levels of all inmates reflected in any testing or assessment performed as part of their education programming;

(b) Placement. The department shall follow the policies set forth in subsection (1) of this section in establishing criteria for placing inmates in education and work programs. The department shall, to the extent possible, place all inmates whose composite grade level score for basic academic skills is below the eighth grade level in a combined education and work program. The placement criteria shall include at least the following factors:

(i) An inmate’s release date and custody level, except an inmate shall not be precluded from participating in an education or work program solely on the basis of his or her release date;

(ii) An inmate’s education history and basic academic skills;

(iii) An inmate’s work history and vocational or work skills;

(iv) An inmate’s economic circumstances, including but not limited to an inmate’s family support obligations; and

(v) Where applicable, an inmate’s prior performance in department-approved education or work programs;

(c) Performance and goals. The department shall establish, and periodically review, inmate behavior standards and program goals for all education and work programs. Inmates shall be notified of applicable behavior standards and program goals prior to placement in an education or work program and shall be removed from the education or work program if they consistently fail to meet the standards or goals;

(d) Financial responsibility. (i) The department shall establish a formula by which inmates, based on their ability to pay, shall pay all or a portion of the costs or tuition of certain programs. Inmates shall, based on the formula, pay a portion of the costs or tuition of participation in:

(A) Second and subsequent vocational programs associated with an inmate’s work programs; and

(B) An associate of arts or baccalaureate degree program when placement in a degree program is the result of a placement made under this subsection;

(ii) Inmates shall pay all costs and tuition for participation in:

(A) Any postsecondary academic degree program which is entered independently of a placement decision made under this subsection; and

(B) Second and subsequent vocational programs not associated with an inmate’s work program. Enrollment in any program specified in (d)(ii) of this subsection shall only be allowed by correspondence or if there is an opening in an education or work program at the institution where an inmate is incarcerated and no other inmate who is placed in a program under this subsection will be displaced;

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an inmate sentenced to life without the possibility of release:

(i) Shall not be required to participate in education programming; and

(ii) May receive not more than one postsecondary academic degree in a program offered by the department or its contracted providers.

If an inmate sentenced to life without the possibility of release requires prevocational or vocational training for a work program, he or she may participate in the training subject to this section.

((5)) (6) The department shall coordinate education and work programs among its institutions, to the greatest extent possible, to facilitate continuity of programming among inmates transferred
between institutions. Before transferring an inmate enrolled in a program, the department shall consider
the effect the transfer will have on the inmate’s ability to continue or complete a program. This
subsection shall not be used to delay or prohibit a transfer necessary for legitimate safety or security
concerns.

((6)) (7) Before construction of a new correctional institution or expansion of an existing
correctional institution, the department shall adopt a plan demonstrating how cable, closed-circuit, and
satellite television will be used for education and training purposes in the institution. The plan shall
specify how the use of television in the education and training programs will improve inmates' preparedness for available work programs and job opportunities for which inmates may qualify upon
release.

((7)) (8) The department shall adopt a plan to reduce the per-pupil cost of instruction by,
among other methods, increasing the use of volunteer instructors and implementing technological
efficiencies. The plan shall be adopted by December 1996 and shall be transmitted to the legislature
upon adoption. The department shall, in adoption of the plan, consider distance learning, satellite
instruction, video tape usage, computer-aided instruction, and flexible scheduling of offender
instruction.

((8)) (9) Following completion of the review required by section 27(3), chapter 19, Laws of
1995 1st sp. sess. the department shall take all necessary steps to assure the vocation and education
programs are relevant to work programs and skills necessary to enhance the employability of inmates
upon release.

Sec. 39. RCW 9A.36.045 and 1995 c 129 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

1) A person is guilty of (reckless endangerment in the first degree) drive-by shooting when
he or she recklessly discharges a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 in a manner which creates a
substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person and the discharge is either from a
motor vehicle or from the immediate area of a motor vehicle that was used to transport the shooter or
the firearm, or both, to the scene of the discharge.

2) A person who unlawfully discharges a firearm from a moving motor vehicle may be
inferred to have engaged in reckless conduct, unless the discharge is shown by evidence satisfactory to
the trier of fact to have been made without such recklessness.

3) (Reckless endangerment in the first degree) Drive-by shooting is a class B felony.

Sec. 40. RCW 9A.36.050 and 1989 c 271 s 110 are each amended to read as follows:

1) A person is guilty of reckless endangerment (in the second degree) when he or she
recklessly engages in conduct not amounting to (reckless endangerment in the first degree but which)
drive-by shooting but that creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another
person.

2) Reckless endangerment (in the second degree) is a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 41. RCW 9.41.010 and 1996 c 295 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout
this chapter.

1) "Firearm" means a weapon or device from which a projectile or projectiles may be fired by
an explosive such as gunpowder.

2) "Pistol" means any firearm with a barrel less than sixteen inches in length, or is designed to
be held and fired by the use of a single hand.

3) "Rifle" means a weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired
from the shoulder and designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to use the energy of the
explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each
single pull of the trigger.

4) "Short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having one or more barrels less than sixteen inches in
length and any weapon made from a rifle by any means of modification if such modified weapon has an
overall length of less than twenty-six inches.

5) "Shotgun" means a weapon with one or more barrels, designed or redesigned, made or
remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned, made or remade, and
intended to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either
a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.
"Short-barreled shotgun" means a shotgun having one or more barrels less than eighteen inches in length and any weapon made from a shotgun by any means of modification if such modified weapon has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches.

"Machine gun" means any firearm known as a machine gun, mechanical rifle, submachine gun, or any other mechanism or instrument not requiring that the trigger be pressed for each shot and having a reservoir clip, disc, drum, belt, or other separable mechanical device for storing, carrying, or supplying ammunition which can be loaded into the firearm, mechanism, or instrument, and fired therefrom at the rate of five or more shots per second.

"Antique firearm" means a firearm or replica of a firearm not designed or redesigned for using rim fire or conventional center fire ignition with fixed ammunition and manufactured in or before 1898, including any matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system and also any firearm using fixed ammunition manufactured in or before 1898, for which ammunition is no longer manufactured in the United States and is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.

"Loaded" means:
(a) There is a cartridge in the chamber of the firearm;
(b) Cartridges are in a clip that is locked in place in the firearm;
(c) There is a cartridge in the cylinder of the firearm, if the firearm is a revolver;
(d) There is a cartridge in the tube or magazine that is inserted in the action; or
(e) There is a ball in the barrel and the firearm is capped or primed if the firearm is a muzzle loader.

"Dealer" means a person engaged in the business of selling firearms at wholesale or retail who has, or is required to have, a federal firearms license under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 923(a). A person who does not have, and is not required to have, a federal firearms license under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 923(a), is not a dealer if that person makes only occasional sales, exchanges, or purchases of firearms for the enhancement of a personal collection or for a hobby, or sells all or part of his or her personal collection of firearms.

"Crime of violence" means:
(a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, burglary in the second degree, residential burglary, and robbery in the second degree;
(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to June 6, 1996, which is comparable to a felony classified as a crime of violence in (a) of this subsection; and
(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense comparable to a felony classified as a crime of violence under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

"Serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended:
(a) Any crime of violence;
(b) Any felony violation of the uniform controlled substances act, chapter 69.50 RCW, that is classified as a class B felony or that has a maximum term of imprisonment of at least ten years;
(c) Child molestation in the second degree;
(d) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
(e) Indecent liberties;
(f) Leading organized crime;
(g) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
(h) Rape in the third degree;
(i) (Reckless endangerment in the first degree)) Drive-by shooting;
(j) Sexual exploitation;
(k) Vehicular assault;
(l) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
(m) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under RCW 9.94A.030;
(n) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.125; or
(o) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to June 6, 1996, that is comparable to a serious offense, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious offense.

(13) "Law enforcement officer" includes a general authority Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020, or a specially commissioned Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020. "Law enforcement officer" also includes a limited authority Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020 if such officer is duly authorized by his or her employer to carry a concealed pistol.

(14) "Felony" means any felony offense under the laws of this state or any federal or out-of-state offense comparable to a felony offense under the laws of this state.

(15) "Sell" refers to the actual approval of the delivery of a firearm in consideration of payment or promise of payment of a certain price in money.

(16) "Barrel length" means the distance from the bolt face of a closed action down the length of the axis of the bore to the crown of the muzzle, or in the case of a barrel with attachments to the end of any legal device permanently attached to the end of the muzzle.

(17) "Family or household member" means "family" or "household member" as used in RCW 10.99.020.

Sec. 42. RCW 9.41.040 and 1996 c 295 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A person, whether an adult or juvenile, is guilty of the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree, if the person owns, has in his or her possession, or has in his or her control any firearm after having previously been convicted in this state or elsewhere of any serious offense as defined in this chapter.

(b) A person, whether an adult or juvenile, is guilty of the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm in the second degree, if the person does not qualify under (a) of this subsection for the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree and the person owns, has in his or her possession, or has in his or her control any firearm:

(i) After having previously been convicted in this state or elsewhere of any felony not specifically listed as prohibiting firearm possession under (a) of this subsection, or any of the following crimes when committed by one family or household member against another, committed on or after July 1, 1993: Assault in the fourth degree, coercion, stalking, reckless endangerment (in the second degree), criminal trespass in the first degree, or violation of the provisions of a protection order or no-contact order restraining the person or excluding the person from a residence (RCW 26.50.060, 26.50.070, 26.50.130, or 10.99.040);

(ii) After having previously been involuntarily committed for mental health treatment under RCW 71.05.320, 71.34.090, chapter 10.77 RCW, or equivalent statutes of another jurisdiction, unless his or her right to possess a firearm has been restored as provided in RCW 9.41.047;

(iii) If the person is under eighteen years of age, except as provided in RCW 9.41.042; and/or

(iv) If the person is free on bond or personal recognizance pending trial, appeal, or sentencing for a serious offense as defined in RCW 9.41.010.

(2)(a) Unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree is a class B felony, punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(b) Unlawful possession of a firearm in the second degree is a class C felony, punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(3) Notwithstanding RCW 9.41.047 or any other provisions of law, as used in this chapter, a person has been "convicted", whether in an adult court or adjudicated in a juvenile court, at such time as a plea of guilty has been accepted, or a verdict of guilty has been filed, notwithstanding the pendency of any future proceedings including but not limited to sentencing or disposition, post-trial or post-fact-finding motions, and appeals. Conviction includes a dismissal entered after a period of probation, suspension or deferral of sentence, and also includes equivalent dispositions by courts in jurisdictions other than Washington state. A person shall not be precluded from possession of a firearm if the conviction has been the subject of a pardon, annulment, certificate of rehabilitation, or other equivalent procedure based on a finding of the rehabilitation of the person convicted or the conviction or disposition has been the subject of a pardon, annulment, or other equivalent procedure based on a
finding of innocence. Where no record of the court’s disposition of the charges can be found, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the person was not convicted of the charge.

(4) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a person convicted of an offense prohibiting the possession of a firearm under this section other than murder, manslaughter, robbery, rape, indecent liberties, arson, assault, kidnapping, extortion, burglary, or violations with respect to controlled substances under RCW 69.50.401(a) and 69.50.410, who received a probationary sentence under RCW 9.95.200, and who received a dismissal of the charge under RCW 9.95.240, shall not be precluded from possession of a firearm as a result of the conviction. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, if a person is prohibited from possession of a firearm under subsection (1) of this section and has not previously been convicted of a sex offense prohibiting firearm ownership under subsection (1) of this section and/or any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, the individual may petition a court of record to have his or her right to possess a firearm restored:

(a) Under RCW 9.41.047; and/or

(b)(i) If the conviction was for a felony offense, after five or more consecutive years in the community without being convicted or currently charged with any felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor crimes, if the individual has no prior felony convictions that prohibit the possession of a firearm counted as part of the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; or

(ii) If the conviction was for a nonfelony offense, after three or more consecutive years in the community without being convicted or currently charged with any felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor crimes, if the individual has no prior felony convictions that prohibit the possession of a firearm counted as part of the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360 and the individual has completed all conditions of the sentence.

(5) In addition to any other penalty provided for by law, if a person under the age of eighteen years is found by a court to have possessed a firearm in a vehicle in violation of subsection (1) of this section or to have committed an offense while armed with a firearm during which offense a motor vehicle served an integral function, the court shall notify the department of licensing within twenty-four hours and the person’s privilege to drive shall be revoked under RCW 46.20.265.

(6) Nothing in chapter 129, Laws of 1995 shall ever be construed or interpreted as preventing an offender from being charged and subsequently convicted for the separate felony crimes of theft of a firearm or possession of a stolen firearm, or both, in addition to being charged and subsequently convicted under this section for unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree. Notwithstanding any other law, if the offender is convicted under this section for unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree and for the felony crimes of theft of a firearm or possession of a stolen firearm, or both, then the offender shall serve consecutive sentences for each of the felony crimes of conviction listed in this subsection.

(7) Each firearm unlawfully possessed under this section shall be a separate offense.

Sec. 43. RCW 9.94A.103 and 1995 c 129 s 5 are each amended to read as follows: Any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes shall be made and retained as public records if the felony crime involves:

(1) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;

(2) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;

(3) Any felony with a deadly weapon special verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;

(4) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4), or both; and/or

(5) The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, [(reckless endangerment in the first degree)] drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony.

Sec. 44. RCW 9.94A.105 and 1995 c 129 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A current, newly created or reworked judgment and sentence document for each felony sentencing shall record any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes kept as public records under RCW 9.94A.103 shall contain the clearly printed name and legal signature of the sentencing judge. The judgment and sentence document as defined in this section shall also provide additional space for the sentencing judge’s reasons for going either above or below the presumptive sentence range for any and all felony crimes covered as
public records under RCW 9.94A.103. Both the sentencing judge and the prosecuting attorney's office shall each retain or receive a completed copy of each sentencing document as defined in this section for their own records.

(2) The sentencing guidelines commission shall be sent a completed copy of the judgment and sentence document upon conviction for each felony sentencing under subsection (1) of this section and shall compile a yearly and cumulative judicial record of each sentencing judge in regards to his or her sentencing practices for any and all felony crimes involving:

(a) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;
(b) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;
(c) Any felony with any deadly weapon special verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;
(d) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4), or both; and/or
(e) The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, (reckless endangerment in the first degree) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony.

(3) The sentencing guidelines commission shall compare each individual judge's sentencing practices to the standard or presumptive sentence range for any and all felony crimes listed in subsection (2) of this section for the appropriate offense level as defined in RCW 9.94A.320, offender score as defined in RCW 9.94A.360, and any applicable deadly weapon enhancements as defined in RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4), or both. These comparative records shall be retained and made available to the public for review in a current, newly created or reworked official published document by the sentencing guidelines commission.

(4) Any and all felony sentences which are either above or below the standard or presumptive sentence range in subsection (3) of this section shall also mark whether the prosecuting attorney in the case also recommended a similar sentence, if any, which was either above or below the presumptive sentence range and shall also indicate if the sentence was in conjunction with an approved alternative sentencing option including a first-time offender waiver, sex offender sentencing alternative, or other prescribed sentencing option.

(5) If any completed judgment and sentence document as defined in subsection (1) of this section is not sent to the sentencing guidelines commission as required in subsection (2) of this section, the sentencing guidelines commission shall have the authority and shall undertake reasonable and necessary steps to assure that all past, current, and future sentencing documents as defined in subsection (1) of this section are received by the sentencing guidelines commission.

Sec. 45. RCW 9.94A.310 and 1996 c 205 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) TABLE 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SERIOUSNESS</th>
<th>OFFENDER SCORE</th>
<th>Sentencing Grid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9 or more</td>
<td>0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8</td>
<td>XV Life Sentence without Parole/Death Penalty</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

XIV 23y4m 24y4m 25y4m 26y4m 27y4m 28y4m 30y4m 32y10m 36y 40y
240- 250- 261- 271- 281- 291- 312- 338- 370- 411-
320 333 347 361 374 388 416 450 493 548

XIII 12y 13y 14y 15y 16y 17y 19y 21y 25y 29y
123- 134- 144- 154- 165- 175- 195- 216- 257- 298-
164 178 192 205 219 233 260 288 342 397

XII 9y 9y11m 10y9m 11y8m 12y6m 13y5m 15y9m 17y3m 20y3m 23y3m
93- 102- 111- 120- 129- 138- 162- 178- 209- 240-
123 136 147 160 171 184 216 236 277 318
n accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in paragraph 9A.28 of the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as committed under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender or accomplice classification and months(m). Numbers in the second and third rows represent presumptive sentencing ranges in months, or in days if so designated. 12+ equals one year and one day.

(2) For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent.

(3) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes

| I | 3m 4m 5m 8m 13m 16m 20m 2y2m | 0-60 0-90 2-3-4-12+ - 14-17-22-18 | Days 5 6 8 12 14 18 22 29 |
| II | 4m 6m 8m 13m 16m 20m 2y2m | 0-90 2-3-4-12+ - 14-17-22-33-43- | Days 6 9 12 14 18 22 29 43 57 |
| III | 2m 5m 8m 11m 14m 20m 2y2m | 3-6-12+ - 13-15-22-33-43-53-63- | 9 12 14 17 20 29 43 57 70 84 |
| IV | 6m 9m 13m 15m 18m 2y2m 3y2m 4y2m 5y2m 6y2m | 1-3-4-9-12+ - 17-22-33-43-51- | 3 8 12 12 16 22 29 43 57 68 |
| V | 9m 13m 15m 18m 2y2m 3y2m 4y6m 5y6m 6y6m 7y6m | 6-12+ - 13-15-22-33-41-51-62-72- | 12 14 17 20 29 43 54 61 89 102 96 |
| VI | 13m 18m 2y6m 3y 3y6m 4y6m 5y6m 6y6m 7y6m | 12+ - 15-21-26-31-36-41-46-67-77-87-108- | 27 34 41 48 54 61 89 102 116 144 |
| VII | 18m 2y6m 3y 3y6m 4y 4y6m 6y6m 7y6m 8y6m | 15-21-26-31-36-41-51-57-67-77-87- | 20 27 34 41 48 54 75 89 102 116 |
| VIII | 2y26m 3y 3y6m 4y 4y6m 6y6m 7y6m 8y6m 10y6m | 21-26-31-36-41-46-67-77-87-108- | 27 34 41 48 54 61 89 102 116 |
| IX | 3y 3y6m 4y 4y6m 5y 5y6m 7y6m 9y6m 10y6m 12y6m 14y6m | 51-57-62-67-72-77-98-108-129-149- | 68 75 82 89 96 102 130 144 171 198 |
| X | 5y 5y6m 6y 6y6m 7y 7y6m 9y6m 10y6m 12y6m 14y6m | 78-86-95-102-111-120-146-159-185-210- | 102 114 125 136 147 158 194 211 245 280 |

NOTE: Numbers in the first horizontal row of each seriousness category represent sentencing midpoints in years(y) and months(m). Numbers in the second and third rows represent presumptive sentencing ranges in months, or in days if so designated. 12+ equals one year and one day.

1. For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent.

2. For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent.

3. For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent.
listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Five years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(b) Three years for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(c) Eighteen months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(d) If the offender is being sentenced for any firearm enhancements under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (4)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, any and all firearm enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all firearm enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other sentencing provisions.

(f) The firearm enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, (reckless endangerment in the first degree) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(4) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon as defined in this chapter other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Two years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(b) One year for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(c) Six months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(d) If the offender is being sentenced under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection for any deadly weapon enhancements and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (3)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, any and all deadly weapon enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all deadly weapon enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other sentencing provisions.

(f) The deadly weapon enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, (reckless endangerment in the first degree) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(5) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence if the offender or an accomplice committed the offense while in a county jail or state correctional facility as that term is
defined in this chapter and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection. If the offender or an accomplice committed one of the crimes listed in this subsection while in a county jail or state correctional facility as that term is defined in this chapter, and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section:

(a) Eighteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (i) or (ii) or 69.50.410;
(b) Fifteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (iii), (iv), and (v);
(c) Twelve months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(d).

For the purposes of this subsection, all of the real property of a state correctional facility or county jail shall be deemed to be part of that facility or county jail.

(6) An additional twenty-four months shall be added to the presumptive sentence for any ranked offense involving a violation of chapter 69.50 RCW if the offense was also a violation of RCW 69.50.435.

Sec. 46. RCW 9.94A.320 and 1996 c 302 s 6, 1996 c 205 s 3, and 1996 c 36 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TABLE 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
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<tr>
<th>X</th>
<th>V</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Murder 1 (RCW 10.95.00)</td>
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Rape of a Child 1

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Possession of a Firearm in the first degree (RCW 9.44.1)
Endangering life and property by explosives
with no threat to human being (RCW 70.74.270)
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The foot of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300)
misbehavior (RCW 9.94.070)
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person
Kidnap

2 (RCW 9.40.030)

Exception

1 (RCW 9.56.100)

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There are to Bomb (RCW 9.61.160)
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manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent...
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Outcome of Sporting Event (RCW 9A.82.070) See of Proceeds
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Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040).
Intruducing Contraband 2 (RCW 9A.52.030)
In mitigation:

B or C Felony (RCW 9A.76.170 (2)(c))
Maufacture, dioxide, or poison with
Machine, device, or possess with
The factors of 2 (RCW 9A.82.050(1)) are few of livestock.
Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business
Possession of Stolen Property 2 (RCW 9A.56.160)
F o r g e r y
(RCW 9 A. 6 0 0 2 0)

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M o t o r
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P e r m i
Vehic Prw 1 (RCW 9.56.070)

Att e
Malicious Mimics

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R C W 9 A. 4 8 0. 8 4 0 8 0
Use of Food Stamps (RCW 9.91.140)
Falsification for Welfare (RCW 74.08.055)
stance that is a Narcotic from Schedule I, II, IV, or V
Non-collaborative role scheduling
Sec. 47. RCW 9A.46.060 and 1994 c 271 s 802 and 1994 c 121 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, "harassment" may include but is not limited to any of the following crimes:

1. Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020);
2. Malicious harassment (RCW 9A.36.080);
3. Telephone harassment (RCW 9.61.230);
4. Assault in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.011);
5. Assault of a child in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.120);
6. Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021);
7. Assault of a child in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.130);
8. Assault in the fourth degree (RCW 9A.36.041);
9. Reckless endangerment (in the second degree) (RCW 9A.36.050);
10. Extortion in the first degree (RCW 9A.56.120);
11. Extortion in the second degree (RCW 9A.56.130);
12. Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
13. Burglary in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.020);
14. Burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030);
15. Criminal trespass in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.070);
16. Criminal trespass in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.080);
17. Malicious mischief in the first degree (RCW 9A.48.070);
18. Malicious mischief in the second degree (RCW 9A.48.080);
19. Malicious mischief in the third degree (RCW 9A.48.090);
20. Kidnapping in the first degree (RCW 9A.40.020);
21. Kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030);
22. Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040);
23. Rape in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.040);
24. Rape in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.050);
25. Rape in the third degree (RCW 9A.44.060);
26. Indecent liberties (RCW 9A.44.100);
27. Rape of a child in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.073);
28. Rape of a child in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.076);
29. Rape of a child in the third degree (RCW 9A.44.079);
30. Child molestation in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.083);
31. Child molestation in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.086);
32. Child molestation in the third degree (RCW 9A.44.089);
33. Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110);
34. Residential burglary (RCW 9A.52.025); and
35. Violation of a temporary or permanent protective order issued pursuant to chapter 9A.46, 10.14, 10.99, 26.09, or 26.50 RCW.
Sec. 48. RCW 10.99.020 and 1996 c 248 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Family or household members" means spouses, former spouses, persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time, adult persons related by blood or marriage, adult persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past, persons sixteen years of age or older who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past and who have or have had a dating relationship, persons sixteen years of age or older with whom a person sixteen years of age or older has or has had a dating relationship, and persons who have a biological or legal parent-child relationship, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren.

(2) "Dating relationship" has the same meaning as in RCW 26.50.010.

(3) "Domestic violence" includes but is not limited to any of the following crimes when committed by one family or household member against another:

(a) Assault in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.011);
(b) Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021);
(c) Assault in the third degree (RCW 9A.36.031);
(d) Assault in the fourth degree (RCW 9A.36.041);
(e) (Reckless endangerment in the first degree) Drive-by shooting (RCW 9A.36.045);
(f) Reckless endangerment (in the second degree) (RCW 9A.36.050);
(g) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
(h) Burglary in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.020);
(i) Burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030);
(j) Criminal trespass in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.070);
(k) Criminal trespass in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.080);
(l) Malicious mischief in the first degree (RCW 9A.48.070);
(m) Malicious mischief in the second degree (RCW 9A.48.080);
(n) Malicious mischief in the third degree (RCW 9A.48.090);
(o) Kidnapping in the first degree (RCW 9A.40.020);
(p) Kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030);
(q) Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040);
(r) Violation of the provisions of a restraining order restraining the person or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering a residence, workplace, school, or day care (RCW 26.09.300, 26.10.220, or 26.26.138);
(s) Violation of the provisions of a protection order or no-contact order restraining the person or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering a residence, workplace, school, or day care (RCW 26.50.060, 26.50.070, 26.50.130, 10.99.040, or 10.99.050);
(t) Rape in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.040);
(u) Rape in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.050);
(v) Residential burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);
(w) Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110); and
(x) Interference with the reporting of domestic violence (RCW 9A.36.150).

(4) "Victim" means a family or household member who has been subjected to domestic violence.

Sec. 49. RCW 10.99.040 and 1996 c 248 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Because of the serious nature of domestic violence, the court in domestic violence actions:
(a) Shall not dismiss any charge or delay disposition because of concurrent dissolution or other civil proceedings;
(b) Shall not require proof that either party is seeking a dissolution of marriage prior to instigation of criminal proceedings;
(c) Shall waive any requirement that the victim’s location be disclosed to any person, other than the attorney of a criminal defendant, upon a showing that there is a possibility of further violence: PROVIDED, That the court may order a criminal defense attorney not to disclose to his or her client the victim’s location; and
(d) Shall identify by any reasonable means on docket sheets those criminal actions arising from acts of domestic violence.
(2) Because of the likelihood of repeated violence directed at those who have been victims of domestic violence in the past, when any person charged with or arrested for a crime involving domestic violence is released from custody before arraignment or trial on bail or personal recognizance, the court authorizing the release may prohibit that person from having any contact with the victim. The jurisdiction authorizing the release shall determine whether that person should be prohibited from having any contact with the victim. If there is no outstanding restraining or protective order prohibiting that person from having contact with the victim, the court authorizing release may issue, by telephone, a no-contact order prohibiting the person charged or arrested from having contact with the victim. In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800. The no-contact order shall also be issued in writing as soon as possible.

(3) At the time of arraignment the court shall determine whether a no-contact order shall be issued or extended. If a no-contact order is issued or extended, the court may also include in the conditions of release a requirement that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring. If electronic monitoring is ordered, the court shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services, and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed. Upon conviction, the court may require as a condition of the sentence that the defendant reimburse the providing agency for the costs of the electronic monitoring.

(4)(a) Willful violation of a court order issued under subsection (2) or (3) of this section is a gross misdemeanor except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection (4). Upon conviction and in addition to other penalties provided by law, the court may require that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring. The court shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring must be performed. The court also may include a requirement that the defendant pay the costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the convicted person to pay for electronic monitoring.

(b) Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this section and that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW, and any conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this section that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(c) A willful violation of a court order issued under this section is a class C felony if the offender has at least two previous convictions for violating the provisions of a no-contact order issued under this chapter, a domestic violence protection order issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW, or any federal or out-of-state order that is comparable to a no-contact order or protection order issued under Washington law. The previous convictions may involve the same victim or other victims specifically protected by the no-contact orders or protection orders the offender violated.

(d) The written order releasing the person charged or arrested shall contain the court’s directives and shall bear the legend: "Violation of this order is a criminal offense under chapter 10.99 RCW and will subject a violator to arrest; any assault, drive-by shooting, or reckless endangerment that is a violation of this order is a felony. You can be arrested even if any person protected by the order invites or allows you to violate the order’s prohibitions. You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating the order’s provisions. Only the court can change the order." A certified copy of the order shall be provided to the victim. If a no-contact order has been issued prior to charging, that order shall expire at arraignment or within seventy-two hours if charges are not filed. Such orders need not be entered into the computer-based criminal intelligence information system in this state which is used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants.

(5) Whenever an order prohibiting contact is issued, modified, or terminated under subsection (2) or (3) of this section, the clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the order on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order for one year or until the expiration date specified on the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any jurisdiction in the state.

Sec. 50. RCW 10.99.050 and 1996 c 248 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When a defendant is found guilty of a crime and a condition of the sentence restricts the defendant's ability to have contact with the victim, such condition shall be recorded and a written certified copy of that order shall be provided to the victim.

(2) Willful violation of a court order issued under this section is a gross misdemeanor. Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this section and that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony, and any conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this section that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony. A willful violation of a court order issued under this section is also a class C felony if the offender has at least two previous convictions for violating the provisions of a no-contact order issued under this chapter, or a domestic violence protection order issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW, or any federal or out-of-state order that is comparable to a no-contact order or protection order that is issued under Washington law. The previous convictions may involve the same victim or other victims specifically protected by the no-contact orders or protection orders the offender violated.

The written order shall contain the court's directives and shall bear the legend: Violation of this order is a criminal offense under chapter 10.99 RCW and will subject a violator to arrest; any assault, drive-by shooting, or reckless endangerment that is a violation of this order is a felony.

(3) Whenever an order prohibiting contact is issued pursuant to this section, the clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the order on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order for one year into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any jurisdiction in the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 51. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed: confidence

(1)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 52. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

Correct the title.
Representatives Dickerson, Costa, Lantz and Blalock spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Sheahan and Mastin spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be adoption of the striking amendment (263) to Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the striking amendment (263) to Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 41, Nays - 57, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


The bill was order engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan, Carrell, Conway, Benson, Ballasiotes, D. Schmidt, and McDonald spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dickerson, Quall, Costa and Mason spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 70, Nays - 28, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION

Representative Lisk demanded a Call of the House and the demand was sustained.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to lock the doors.

The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

There being no objections, the Rules Committee will be relieved of further consideration of the following bills, and that these bills were placed on the next day's second reading calendar: House Bill No. 1028, House Bill No. 1379, House Bill No. 1126, House Bill No. 1150, House Bill No. 1201, House Bill No. 1261, House Bill No. 1263, House Bill No. 1275, House Bill No. 1327, House Bill No. 1358, House Bill No. 1548, House Bill No. 1624, House Bill No. 1660, House Bill No. 1813, House Bill No. 1821, House Bill No. 1966, House Bill No. 2051, House Bill No. 2053, and House Bill No. 2120.


Implementing the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 (Introduced with Senate sponsors).

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (253)

Beginning on page 6, line 29, after "TIME LIMITS." strike all material through "payment." on page 7, line 2, and insert "(1) A family that includes an adult who has received temporary assistance for needy families for sixty months after the effective date of this section shall be ineligible for further temporary assistance for needy families assistance.

(2) For the purposes of applying the rules of this section, the department shall count any month in which an adult family member received a temporary assistance for needy families cash assistance grant unless the assistance was provided when the family member was a minor child and not the head of the household or married to the head of the household."

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (269)

On page 7, beginning on line 10, after "recipient" strike all material through "cruelty" on line 11, and insert "meets the family violence options of section 402(A)(7) of Title IVA of the federal social security act as amended by P.L. 104-193"

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.
Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (270)

On page 23, beginning on line 22, strike all of section 310 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 310. EARNINGS DISREGARDS AND EARNED INCOME CUTOFFS. (1) In addition to their monthly benefit payment, a family may earn and keep one-half of its earnings during every month it is eligible to receive assistance under this section.

(2) In no event may a family be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families if its monthly gross earned income exceeds the maximum earned income level as set by the department. In calculating a household’s gross earnings, the department shall disregard the earnings of a minor child who is:

(a) A full-time student; or

(b) A part-time student carrying at least half the normal school load and working fewer than thirty-five hours per week."

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (254)

On page 37, line 7, after "grant" insert ", plus qualifying state expenditures as appropriated in the biennial operating budget,"

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (271)

On page 39, beginning on line 18, strike all of section 326

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (280)

On page 40, line 22, after "participant." insert "Employers providing positions created under this section shall meet the requirements of chapter 49.46 RCW. This section shall not diminish or result in the infringement of obligations or rights under chapter 49.36 RCW and the national labor relations act, 29 U.S.C. Ch. 7."

On page 40, line 32, after "agencies." insert "Participants in a community service program established by this chapter are deemed employees for the purpose of chapter 49.17 RCW."

On page 40, line 33, after "department." insert "Participants in a community service program may not be assigned work if an employer has terminated the employment of any current employee or otherwise caused the involuntary reduction of its work force solely to fill the vacancy so created with the participant."

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representative Gombosky spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 53-YEAS; 45-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (279)

On page 40, line 25, after "program." insert "Once the recipient is hired, the wage subsidy shall be authorized for up to nine months."

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (272)

On page 40, line 27, after "community" strike "jobs" and insert "service"

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (255)

On page 41, after line 5, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 331. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:
A grant provided under the temporary assistance for needy families program shall be provided on a pro rata basis to the extent the recipient complies with mandated work and work activity requirements."

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Tokuda spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (256)

On page 41, after line 5, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 331. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:
In determining eligibility for the temporary assistance for needy families program of an assistance unit under this title, if a household member is excluded from an assistance unit based on residency, alienage, or citizenship of the household member, the department shall allocate the full amount of the household's income to the assistance unit without deducting an amount for the support of the household member."

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Tokuda spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 258 to House Bill No. 3901 was withdrawn.
Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (281)

On page 41, line 26, after "basis." insert "The sliding scale shall be constructed so that a family pays forty-five percent of its gross earned income toward child care when its gross earned income equals one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size."

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Tokuda spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 56-YEAS; 42-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 257 to House Bill No. 3901 was withdrawn.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (284)

On page 45, after line 21, insert the following:

"(5) For the purposes of this section, "most appropriate living situation" shall not include a living situation including an adult male who fathered the qualifying child and is found to meet the elements of rape of a child as set forth in RCW 9A.44.079."

On page 46, after line 37, insert the following:

"(5) For the purposes of this section, "most appropriate living situation" shall not include a living situation including an adult male who fathered the qualifying child and is found to meet the elements of rape of a child as set forth in RCW 9A.44.079."

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (273)

Beginning on page 189, strike all of section 933 and insert the following:

"Sec. 933. RCW 26.23.035 and 1991 c 367 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department of social and health services shall adopt rules for the distribution of support money collected by the ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support. These rules shall:
(a) Comply with ((42 U.S.C. Sec. 657)) Title IV-D of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996;
(b) Direct the ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support to distribute support money within eight days of receipt, unless one of the following circumstances, or similar circumstances specified in the rules, prevents prompt distribution:
(i) The location of the custodial parent is unknown;
(ii) The support debt is in litigation;
(iii) The ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support cannot identify the responsible parent or the custodian;
(c) Provide for proportionate distribution of support payments if the responsible parent owes a support obligation or a support debt for two or more Title IV-D cases; and
(d) Authorize the distribution of support money, except money collected under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 664, to satisfy a support debt owed to the IV-D custodian before the debt owed to the state when the custodian stops receiving a public assistance grant.
(2) The ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support may distribute support payments to the payee under the support order or to another person who has lawful physical custody of
the child or custody with the payee's consent. The payee may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to challenge distribution to such other person. Prior to distributing support payments to any person other than the payee, the registry shall:

(a) Obtain a written statement from the child’s physical custodian, under penalty of perjury, that the custodian has lawful custody of the child or custody with the payee’s consent;

(b) Mail to the responsible parent and to the payee at the payee’s last known address a copy of the physical custodian's statement and a notice which states that support payments will be sent to the physical custodian; and

(c) File a copy of the notice with the clerk of the court that entered the original support order.

(3) If the Washington state support registry distributes a support payment to a person in error, the registry may obtain restitution by means of a set-off against future payments received on behalf of the person receiving the erroneous payment, or may act according to RCW 74.20A.270 as deemed appropriate. Any set-off against future support payments shall be limited to amounts collected on the support debt and ten percent of amounts collected as current support.

(4) The division of child support shall ensure that the fifty dollar pass through payment, as required by 42 U.S.C. Sec. 657 before the adoption of P.L. 104-193, is terminated immediately upon the effective date of this section and all rules to the contrary adopted before the effective date of this section are without force and effect."

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Tokuda spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative H. Sommers: (288)

On page 215, after line 38, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1006. The legislature finds that, according to the department of health’s monitoring system, sixty percent of births to women on medicaid were identified as unintended by the women themselves. The director of the office of financial management shall establish an interagency task force on unintended pregnancy in order to:

(1) Review existing research on the short and long-range costs;

(2) Analyze the impact on the temporary assistance for needy families program; and

(3) Develop and implement a state strategy to reduce unintended pregnancy."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representatives H. Sommers and Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Tokuda moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Tokuda: (264)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. INTENT. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest that the state adopt public assistance policies for needy families that stress: The central role of employment in reducing poverty and need; the temporary nature of public assistance; the importance of the state’s efforts in sustaining economic independence and promoting occupational and income advancement; and the continuing responsibility of the state to protect children and other vulnerable residents.

Therefore, the legislature intends that:

(1) Work should provide the best opportunity for needy families to raise their incomes and leave poverty;
(2) Parents should be responsible for support of their children. Child support will be aggressively pursued to assure that responsibility is fulfilled;

(3) Those recipients who can work shall immediately participate in mandatory work or work preparation activities;

(4) Sanctions for nonparticipation shall be clear, timely, and progressive;

(5) Work should pay and the incentives in the system should support unsubsidized employment opportunities;

(6) Education and job training should be accessible so an entry-level job can be the first step on a career ladder;

(7) The individual shall sign a statement of personal responsibility, acknowledging responsibility for moving quickly into the world of work;

(8) The state should help provide the tools for assistance recipients to get and keep a job, and improve their opportunity for advancement;

(9) Essential services that low and moderate-income families need for sustaining independence, including health care insurance and child care, should be affordable and accessible;

(10) Assistance should be available for those unable to perform self-sustaining work;

(11) Individuals temporarily not able to work will be responsible for participating in activities designed to help them achieve self-sufficiency;

(12) Legal immigrants should be eligible for the same programs as other residents;

(13) State agencies involved with the temporary assistance for needy families program will be focused on moving people into self-sustaining work;

(14) The state’s goals should be supported by working through public and private providers who are most effective in getting people ready for and into unsubsidized employment;

(15) Partnerships should be built with local governments, business, labor, and civic and religious organizations to mobilize the resources of communities to help families raise their incomes and leave poverty;

(16) WorkFirst should recognize the distinct needs and resources of communities and provide recipients with programs suited to the different labor markets of the state; and

(17) Family planning assistance should be available in community service offices, including family planning counselors and colocated clinics, in recognition of the high rate of unintended pregnancy in the medicaid population.

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 101. RCW 74.08.340 and 1959 c 26 s 74.08.340 are each amended to read as follows:
All assistance granted under this title shall be deemed to be granted and to be held subject to the provisions of any amending or repealing act that may hereafter be enacted, and no recipient shall have any claim for compensation, or otherwise, by reason of his assistance being affected in any way by such amending or repealing act. There is no legal entitlement to temporary assistance for needy families.

Sec. 102. RCW 74.08.025 and 1981 1st ex.s. c 6 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
Public assistance may be awarded to any applicant:
(1) Who is in need and otherwise meets the eligibility requirements of department assistance programs; and

(2) Who has not made a voluntary assignment of property or cash for the purpose of qualifying for an assistance grant; and

(3) Who is not an inmate of a public institution except as a patient in a medical institution or except as an inmate in a public institution who could qualify for federal aid assistance: PROVIDED, That the assistance paid by the department to recipients in nursing homes, or receiving nursing home care, may cover the cost of clothing and incidentals and general maintenance exclusive of medical care and health services. The department may pay a grant to cover the cost of clothing and personal incidentals in public or private medical institutions and institutions for tuberculosis. The department shall allow recipients in nursing homes to retain, in addition to the grant to cover the cost of clothing and incidentals, wages received for work as a part of a training or rehabilitative program designed to prepare the recipient for less restrictive placement to the extent permitted under Title XIX of the federal social security act.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

TIME LIMITS. (1) A family that includes an adult who has received temporary assistance for needy families for sixty months after the effective date of this section shall be ineligible for further temporary assistance for needy families assistance.

(2) For the purposes of applying the rules of this section, the department shall count any month in which an adult family member received a temporary assistance for needy families cash assistance grant unless the assistance was provided when the family member was a minor child and not the head of the household or married to the head of the household.

(3) The legislature recognizes that under P.L. 104-193 the department may exempt no more than twenty percent of the temporary assistance for needy families caseload from the sixty-month time limit. The legislature further recognizes that not all adult recipients of temporary assistance for needy families can be expected to attain self-sufficiency within this time limit. Because the sixty-month time limit will not be applicable to recipients until 2002, the legislature further believes that it is appropriate to engage in the study required in section 501 of this act before making decisions about caseload exemptions.

Sec. 104. RCW 74.12.035 and 1985 c 335 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (A family or assistance unit is not eligible for aid for any month if for that month the total income of the family or assistance unit, without application of income disregards, exceeds one hundred eighty-five percent of the state standard of need for a family of the same composition: PROVIDED, That for the purposes of determining the total income of the family or assistance unit, the earned income of a dependent child who is a full-time student for whom aid to families with dependent children is being provided shall be disregarded for six months per calendar year.

(2)) Participation in a strike does not constitute good cause to leave or to refuse to seek or accept employment. Assistance is not payable to a family for any month in which any caretaker relative with whom the child is living is, on the last day of the month, participating in a strike. An individual’s need shall not be included in determining the amount of aid payable for any month to a family or assistance unit if, on the last day of the month, the individual is participating in a strike.

((4))) (2) Children over eighteen years of age and under nineteen years of age who are otherwise eligible for temporary assistance for needy families and who are full-time students ((reasonably expected to complete a program of)) attending secondary school, or the equivalent level of vocational or technical training((, before reaching nineteen years of age)) are eligible to receive ((aid to families with dependent children: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That if such students do not successfully complete such program before reaching nineteen years of age, the assistance rendered under this subsection during such period shall not be a debt due the state)) temporary assistance for needy families.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 105. A new section is added to chapter 74.12A RCW to read as follows:

GRANT DIVERSION. The legislature recognizes there are low-income employable families who are in danger of becoming reliant on public assistance. With minimal short-term help from the state, these families can remain intact, actively involved in the labor market, and financially self-sufficient. Therefore, the legislature finds it is in the public interest to establish a grant diversion program to help at-risk families remain off temporary assistance for needy families.

(1) The department may provide state-funded cash aid to meet short-term need, thereby allowing employable low-income families to remain off assistance.

(2) Diversion assistance may include cash or vouchers in payment for the following needs:

(a) Child care;

(b) Housing assistance;

(c) Transportation-related expenses;

(d) Food;

(e) Medical costs not covered under chapter 74.09 RCW; and

(f) Employment-related expenses that are necessary to keep or obtain paid unsubsidized employment.

(3) Diversion assistance is available once in each twelve-month period. Recipients of diversion assistance are not included in the temporary assistance for needy families program.

(4) Diversion assistance may not exceed one thousand five hundred dollars for each instance.
To be eligible for diversion assistance, a family must otherwise be eligible for, but not receiving, temporary assistance for needy families.

Families ineligible for temporary assistance for needy families due to sanction, noncompliance, the lump sum income rule, or any other reason are not eligible for diversion assistance.

Families must provide evidence showing that a bona fide need exists according to subsection (2) of this section in order to be eligible for diversion assistance.

If the recipient of diversion assistance receives temporary assistance for needy families assistance within a period specified by the department, but not to exceed twelve months following the receipt of diversion assistance, the amount of the diversion assistance shall be recovered by the state by deduction from the recipient’s temporary assistance for needy families grant.

If funds appropriated for grant diversion are exhausted, the department shall discontinue the program in this section.

Sec. 106. RCW 74.09.510 and 1991 sp.s. c 8 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

Medical assistance may be provided in accordance with eligibility requirements established by the department ((of social and health services)), as defined in the social security Title XIX state plan for mandatory categorically needy persons and: (1) Individuals who would be eligible for cash assistance except for their institutional status; (2) individuals who are under twenty-one years of age, who would be eligible for ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance for needy families, but do not qualify as dependent children and who are in (a) foster care, (b) subsidized adoption, (c) a nursing facility or an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, or (d) inpatient psychiatric facilities; (3) the aged, blind, and disabled who: (a) Receive only a state supplement, or (b) would not be eligible for cash assistance if they were not institutionalized; (4) categorically related individuals who ((would be eligible for but choose not to receive cash assistance)) meet the income and resource requirements of the cash assistance programs; (5) individuals who are enrolled in managed health care systems, who have otherwise lost eligibility for medical assistance, but who have not completed a current six-month enrollment in a managed health care system, and who are eligible for federal financial participation under Title XIX of the social security act; (6) children and pregnant women allowed by federal statute for whom funding is appropriated; ((and)) (7) other individuals eligible for medical services under RCW 74.09.035 and 74.09.700 for whom federal financial participation is available under Title XIX of the social security act; and (8) persons allowed by section 1931 of the social security act for whom funding is appropriated.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:

GOOD CAUSE EXEMPTIONS. The department shall establish by rule good cause exemptions consistent with the family violence options of Sec. 402 (a)(7) of Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by P.L. 104-193. Individuals granted a good cause exemption may not be subject to work requirements, child support cooperation requirements, and time limits of section 103 of this act. The department shall periodically review such exemptions to determine when they are no longer necessary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

STATE-FUNDED TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES. (1) The department may provide state-funded temporary assistance for needy families and medical assistance to needy families if: The needy caretaker relative is disabled; the needy caretaker relative is needed in the home to care for a disabled family member; or the needy nonparent caretaker relative is at least fifty years old.

(2) Such assistance shall be provided under the same rules and in the same amount as under the temporary assistance for needy families program except: Such families shall not be subject to temporary assistance for needy families WorkFirst requirements unless they volunteer and they will not be subject to the sixty-month time limit in section 103 of this act.

(3) The department may use state funds as appropriated to provide such benefits.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 74.12.420 and 1994 c 299 s 9; and
(2) RCW 74.12.425 and 1994 c 299 s 10.
II. WORKFIRST

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:
STATEMENT OF PERSONAL RESPONSIBILITY. (1) A family receiving or applying for assistance under the temporary assistance for needy families program is ineligible for continued or new assistance if the recipient and the department have not completed a statement of personal responsibility satisfying the requirements of this section.
(2) The statement of personal responsibility shall emphasize the importance of work.
(3) The statement of personal responsibility shall contain, but is not limited to (a) an explanation of Washington's WorkFirst program, including time limits; (b) the rights and responsibilities of the recipient in the WorkFirst program; (c) a list of the available programs for which the family is eligible; and (d) the sanctions imposed on the recipient for refusing or failing to participate in the WorkFirst program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:
WASHINGTON WORKFIRST PROGRAM. (1) There is established in the department the WorkFirst program, the welfare-to-work program for temporary assistance for needy families. The department shall administer the program consistent with the temporary assistance for needy families provisions of P.L. 104-193. In operating the WorkFirst program the department shall require recipients of temporary assistance for needy families to engage in work activities, as defined in P.L. 104-193 on the effective date of this section, including:
(a) Unsubsidized paid employment in the private or public sector;
(b) Subsidized paid employment in the private or public sector;
(c) Work experience, including work associated with the refurbishing of publicly assisted housing, if sufficient paid employment is not available;
(d) On-the-job training;
(e) Job search and job readiness assistance;
(f) Community service programs;
(g) Vocational educational training, not to exceed twelve months with respect to any individual;
(h) Job skills training directly related to employment, including structured pursuit of self-employment opportunities that involves development of a business plan and meets criteria for micro-credit and micro-enterprise opportunities;
(i) Education directly related to employment, in the case of a recipient who has not received a high school diploma or a GED;
(j) Satisfactory attendance at secondary school or in a course of study leading to a GED, in the case of a recipient who has not completed secondary school or received such a certificate;
(k) The provision of child care services to an individual who is participating in a community service program; or
(l) Other activities as defined by the department that are directly related to improving the recipient’s employability and lead to the first available job.
(2) All recipients of temporary assistance for needy families shall participate in the WorkFirst program except single custodial parent recipients with a child under age one year. The exemption shall not exceed a total of twelve months.
(3) The department shall adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW establishing criteria constituting circumstances of good cause for an individual failing or refusing to participate in an assigned activity, or failing or refusing to accept or retain employment.
(4) All teen parents under age eighteen years who are approved for assistance shall, as a condition of receiving benefits, actively progress toward the completion of a high school diploma, GED, or an approved alternative education program.
(5) The department may provide employment and training and education support services to assist temporary assistance for needy families recipients under chapter 74.12 RCW to obtain employment.
(6) The department may contract with public and private employment and training agencies and other public service entities to carry out the purposes of Washington’s WorkFirst program.
(7) The department shall adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW as necessary to effectuate the intent and purpose of this chapter.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:

JOB SEARCH. (1) The department shall require temporary assistance for needy families recipients to engage in initial and ongoing job search. Failure to participate in the job search component shall result in sanctions under section 204 of this act.

(2) The Washington WorkFirst program shall include an initial job search component in which each nonexempt recipient of temporary assistance for needy families shall participate. The initial job search component will last four weeks for each recipient. Each recipient shall be required to attend initial job search component activities at least thirty hours per week. The initial job search component shall serve as an assessment tool to determine a recipient’s employability. If a recipient fails to find paid employment during the initial job search component, the department may refer the recipient to those work activities that are directly related to improving the recipient’s employability. Priority shall be given to work activities that simulate the work environment.

(3) As used in this section, "initial job search" means an activity in which nonexempt recipients engage each weekday upon entering the Washington WorkFirst program. The component shall provide classroom instruction and a minimum of fifteen hours per week of structured, individual job search activities.

(a) Individual job search shall include individual and group activities.

(b) Job search instruction shall be structured in such a way as to replicate the demands of a work environment. It shall include, at a minimum, information on how to apply for work, the current labor market, and available work force development resources.

(4) Ongoing job search shall include regular, structured work search and weekly reporting of work search plans and results.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:

SANCTIONS FOR NONCOOPERATION. Cooperation with the requirements of Washington’s WorkFirst program is required, unless exempt under this title. Failure to cooperate, absent good cause, shall result in sanctions, including but not limited to, reductions of the family’s cash assistance grant. The department shall adopt by rule, standards for the imposition of such sanctions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:

WORKFIRST--SERVICE AREAS--PROGRAMS. (1) The legislature finds that moving those eligible for assistance to self-sustaining employment is a goal of the WorkFirst program. It is the intent of WorkFirst to aid a participant’s progress to self-sufficiency by allowing flexibility within the state-wide program to reflect community resources, the local characteristics of the labor market, and the composition of the caseload. Program success will be enhanced through effective coordination at regional and local levels, involving employers, labor representatives, educators, community leaders, local governments, and social service providers.

(2) The secretary shall establish WorkFirst service areas for purposes of planning WorkFirst programs and for distributing WorkFirst resources. Service areas shall reflect identifiable labor markets.

(3) By July 31st of each odd-numbered year, a plan for the WorkFirst program shall be developed for each service area. The plan shall be prepared in consultation with local and regional sources, adapting the state-wide WorkFirst program to achieve maximum effect for the participants and the communities within which they reside. Local consultation shall include to the greatest extent possible input from local and regional planning bodies for social services and work force development. The regional and local administrator shall consult with employers of various sizes, labor representatives, training and education providers, program participants, economic development organizations, community organizations, tribes, and local governments in the preparation of the service area plan.

(4) The secretary shall have final authority in plan approval or modification. Local program implementation may deviate from the state-wide program if specified in a service area plan, as approved by the secretary. The local service area plans may adjust the temporary assistance for needy families cash grant for participants in that area, under RCW 74.04.770, and an adjustment to the grant may not exceed five percent of the state-wide grant established by the secretary. Local administrators may adapt service delivery to reflect local labor market and caseload characteristics, consistent with the service area plan, as approved by the secretary.
Sec. 206. RCW 74.04.770 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 41 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall establish consolidated standards of need each fiscal year which may vary by geographical areas, program, and family size, for temporary assistance for needy families, refugee assistance, supplemental security income, and general assistance. Standards for temporary assistance for needy families, refugee assistance, and general assistance shall be based on studies of actual living costs and generally recognized inflation indices and shall include reasonable allowances for shelter, fuel, food, transportation, clothing, household maintenance and operations, personal maintenance, and necessary incidentals. The standard of need may take into account the economies of joint living arrangements, but unless explicitly required by federal statute, there shall not be proration of any portion of assistance grants unless the amount of the grant standard is equal to the standard of need.

The department is authorized to establish rateable reductions and grant maximums consistent with federal law. Further, the department may adjust payment standards, within each WorkFirst service area, by up to five percent, either up or down, to reflect labor market conditions, resources needed to support work and mobilize and leverage local resources, or cost-of-living differences within local geographic areas.

Payment level will be equal to need or a lesser amount if rateable reductions or grant maximums are imposed. In no case shall a recipient of supplemental security income receive a state supplement less than the minimum required by federal law.

The department may establish a separate standard for shelter provided at no cost.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 207. A new section is added to chapter 74.25 RCW to read as follows:

WORKER PROTECTIONS. (1) Recipients of public assistance who participate in WorkFirst activities shall be entitled to certain protections as provided in this section. In addition, the department shall ensure, according to the criteria in this section, that existing workers are not displaced from employment as a result of the participation of public assistance recipients in department-mandated or authorized WorkFirst activities.

(2) Work positions, paid or unpaid, held by public assistance recipients as a department-authorized WorkFirst activity shall not be created as the result of, nor result in, any of the following:
   (a) The filling of a position created by termination, layoff, or work force reduction;
   (b) The filling of positions that would otherwise be promotional opportunities for current employees;
   (c) The filling of a position before compliance with applicable personnel procedures or provisions of collective bargaining agreements;
   (d) The filling of a work assignment customarily performed by a worker in a job classification within a recognized collective bargaining unit in that specific work site, or the filling of a work assignment in any bargaining unit in which regular employees are on layoff;
   (e) A strike, lockout, or other bona fide labor dispute, or violation of any existing collective bargaining agreement between employees and employers; or
   (f) Decertification of any collective bargaining unit.

(3) Participants in WorkFirst activities who receive a wage shall be deemed employees, and as such shall be paid and receive benefits in accordance with local, state, and federal law governing occupational health and safety, minimum wage standards, worker compensation insurance, and unemployment insurance.

(4) A participant who does not receive a wage should not be required to participate in WorkFirst activities, other than job search, for a number of hours greater than participant’s monthly temporary assistance for needy families benefit divided by the greater of the state or federal minimum wage.

(5) Participants in WorkFirst activities who do not receive a wage shall be deemed employees for purposes of medical aid benefits under chapter 51.36 RCW and in accordance with local, state, and federal law shall be covered by appropriate occupational health and safety regulations. The agency or organization that provides the position shall be the employer and, as such any and all premiums or assessments due in relation to such benefits are the obligation of and shall be paid by the agency.

(6) Subsection (2) of this section does not apply to public assistance recipients who secure unsubsidized paid employment outside of WorkFirst.

(7) WorkFirst employment positions shall not in any way be related to political, electoral, partisan, or religious activities.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:
COMMUNITY JOBS. (1) The department shall establish the community jobs program to provide employment opportunities for recipients of public assistance. The program is intended to provide work experience and to promote a strong work ethic for participating public assistance recipients. Under this option, public assistance recipients will be encouraged to work as employees of nonprofit corporations, public agencies, and private employers, working in positions such as teachers' aides, child care assistants, and home care workers, among others. Participating recipients shall be employed approximately half-time, on average. The intent of the option is to provide paychecks to public assistance recipients by using their monthly public assistance grant as a wage subsidy for participating employers. Costs of unemployment insurance, industrial insurance, and applicable federal payroll taxes shall be deducted from paychecks received by recipients, but such employees shall also be eligible for the federal earned income tax credit. Any food stamps that may be due to a recipient employed under this program shall be paid to the recipient and shall not be considered part of the wage subsidy.
(2) The department shall provide this option through contracts with local nonprofit corporations that will be responsible for identifying participating employers, matching employers with recipients, and providing support for recipients and employers as necessary. Nonprofit contractors shall act as employers of participating recipients and shall receive their monthly benefits as well as a payment for each employed recipient to cover operating costs. Nonprofit contractors shall place participating recipients with employers in the same fashion as a temporary agency. Priority for employer participation in this option shall go to local schools, child care providers, and nonprofit corporations.
(3) The department shall enroll up to two thousand five hundred recipients of public assistance in this option during the 1997-99 biennium. In identifying recipients to place in the option, the department shall target recipients who:
(a) Are able to work;
(b) Are single mothers;
(c) Have limited prior work experience;
(d) Have low educational attainment;
(e) Have children older than two years of age; and
(f) Are recipients of public assistance for at least six months.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. A new section is added to chapter 74.04 RCW to read as follows:
OUTCOME MEASURES. The WorkFirst program shall be evaluated through a limited number of outcome measures designed to hold each region accountable for program success. The outcomes measured used for evaluation shall include:
(1) Exits through employment;
(2) Employment retention rates; measured every six months for up to two years after leaving temporary assistance for needy families;
(3) Reduction in average grant through increased recipient earnings; and
(4) Number of recipients working part time and full time.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 74.25.010 and 1994 c 299 s 6 & 1991 c 126 s 5;
(2) RCW 74.25.020 and 1993 c 312 s 7, 1992 c 165 s 3, & 1991 c 126 s 6;
(3) RCW 74.25.030 and 1991 c 126 s 7;
(4) RCW 74.25.040 and 1994 c 299 s 8;
(5) RCW 74.25A.005 and 1994 c 299 s 19 & 1986 c 172 s 1;
(6) RCW 74.25A.010 and 1994 c 299 s 20 & 1986 c 172 s 2;
(7) RCW 74.25A.020 and 1994 c 299 s 21 & 1986 c 172 s 3;
(8) RCW 74.25A.030 and 1994 c 299 s 22 & 1986 c 172 s 4;
(9) RCW 74.25A.040 and 1986 c 172 s 5;
(10) RCW 74.25A.045 and 1994 c 299 s 23;
(11) RCW 74.25A.050 and 1994 c 299 s 24 & 1986 c 172 s 6;
(12) RCW 74.25A.060 and 1986 c 172 s 7;
(13) RCW 74.25A.070 and 1986 c 172 s 8; and
III. CHILD CARE

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:
CHILD CARE. (1) The department shall administer a child care subsidy program designed to
serve families on Washington’s WorkFirst program and those families who are at or below one
hundred seventy-five percent of the federal poverty level.
(2) All families participating in the child care subsidy program shall have access to the child
care of their choice. However, the child care providers must comply with applicable licensing rules set
by the department if they are required by law to comply with these rules.
(3) The department shall establish the eligibility and copayment structure of the child care
subsidy program.
(4) The department shall administer the program within available funds.

IV. IMMIGRANTS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:
IMMIGRANTS—ELIGIBILITY—GENERALLY. (1) The state shall exercise its option under
P.L. 104-193, as amended, to provide benefits and services to legal immigrants under temporary
assistance for needy families, medicaid, and social services block grant programs.
(2) The department may provide state-funded cash, food, and medical assistance to legal
immigrants who are not eligible for federal benefits due to their immigrant status and the provisions of
P.L. 104-193.
(3) Legal immigrants who are not eligible for the supplemental security income program as a
result of P.L. 104-193 are eligible to apply for benefits under the state’s general assistance programs.
The department shall redetermine income and resource eligibility at least annually, in accordance with
existing state policy.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:
IMMIGRANTS—STATE CASH AND MEDICAL PROGRAMS. (1) The department may
provide state-funded cash and medical assistance to legal immigrants including those permanently
residing in the United States under color of law who are not eligible under federal law for the
temporary assistance for needy families program solely due to their date of entry or their immigration
status.
(2) Such assistance shall be provided under the same rules and in the same amount as under the
temporary assistance for needy families program. Any month in which a family receives such
assistance should be considered a month in which the family received temporary assistance for needy
families for the purpose of the sixty-month time limit.
(3) The department may use state general assistance and state medical care services funds as
may be appropriated to provide such benefits.
(4) The department may provide state-funded medical care services, including long-term care,
to legal immigrants including those permanently residing in the United States under color of law who
are not eligible under federal law for the federal medicaid program solely due to their date of entry or
their immigration status.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:
IMMIGRANTS—FOOD ASSISTANCE. (1) The department may establish a state-funded food
assistance program for legal immigrants who do not qualify for federal food stamps solely due to the
immigrant exclusions under P.L. 104-193. The rules and benefit amounts for the state food assistance
program shall be the same as in the federal food stamp program.
(2) The department shall enter into a contract with the United States department of agriculture
to use the existing federal food stamp program coupon system for the purposes of administering the
state food assistance program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:
SPONSOR-DEEMING FOR LEGAL IMMIGRANTS. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2)
of this section, in determining the eligibility and amount of benefits for state-funded general assistance
or state-funded food stamps, the department may provide that the income and resources of an alien
shall be deemed to include the income and resources of any individual, and his or her spouse, who executes an affidavit of support under section 213A of the federal immigration and nationality act on behalf of the alien for a period of five years following the execution of that affidavit of support.

(2) The sponsor-deeming provisions of subsection (1) of this section do not apply to the following:

(a) An alien who has worked forty qualifying quarters of coverage as defined under Title II of the social security act or can be credited with such qualifying quarters as provided under P.L. 104-193 Sec. 435;

(b) An alien who is lawfully residing in any state and is a veteran of, or on active duty in, the armed forces of the United States, or the spouse or unmarried dependent child of such individual;

(c) An alien who served in the armed forces of an allied country, or was employed by an agency of the federal government, during a military conflict between the United States and a military adversary;

(d) Aliens who are victims of domestic violence and who petition for legal status under the federal violence against women act;

(e) For a period not to exceed twelve months, an alien for whom a determination has been made by the department that, in the absence of the assistance provided by the department, the alien would be unable to obtain food and shelter, taking into account the alien’s own income plus any cash, food, housing, or other assistance provided by other individuals including the sponsor; and

(f) An alien who achieves United States citizenship through naturalization pursuant to chapter 2 of Title III of the immigration and nationality act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. A new section is added to chapter 74.08 RCW to read as follows:

NATURALIZATION FACILITATION. The department shall make an affirmative effort to identify and contact legal immigrants receiving public assistance to facilitate their applications for naturalization.

V. STUDIES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES STUDIES. (1) The office of financial management shall contract with a qualified and objective research organization to evaluate the critical elements of the program in chapter . . . . Laws of 1997 (this act). Within available funds appropriated for this purpose, the research shall address the impact of the program in promoting self-sufficiency, in reducing poverty, and in improving the well-being of the families in this state. In addition, the evaluation shall specifically examine:

(a) The effectiveness of the program design and of the implementation of the program by state agencies in generating community and employer participation to address the employment and family needs of program participants;

(b) The impact of such components as wage subsidies and community employment and the roles of private sector and nonprofit employers in promoting unsubsidized employment;

(c) Participation by employed recipients and former recipients in the community college or other education and training programs and the impact of such participation;

(d) The impact of employment produced by the program on the labor market and on the availability of child care;

(e) The effectiveness of employment produced by the program in reducing poverty;

(f) The impact of other elements, such as diversion, the state-funded temporary assistance for needy families program, and sanctions in achieving the purposes of this program; and

(g) The effect of child support collections on the economic status of recipients of temporary assistance for needy families and successful collection strategies involving these families.

The evaluation in this section shall commence on the effective date of this section and shall be completed by June 30, 2001. The office of financial management shall ensure that reports are provided to the legislature annually before the start of the legislative session and that definitive responses to the research questions are available before the start of the 2002 legislative session.

(2) Exemption Characteristics. The office of financial management shall contract with a qualified and objective research organization to study carefully the characteristics of adult recipients of temporary assistance for needy families to determine the profile of recipients for whom a hardship exemption to time limits should apply or where it may be in the best interests of the state to broaden
eligibility for state-funded temporary assistance for needy families. Specifically, the research shall address the extent and nature of the barriers to independence based upon the personal characteristics of adults in the temporary assistance for needy families program.

The office of financial management shall submit a final report on the findings of this research by December 15, 1998. This final report shall include an evaluation of the characteristics of adult recipients, including a careful estimate of the prevalence of serious disability and other barriers that may prevent self-supporting employment. The research shall provide recommendations regarding how best to establish criteria for exemptions to the five-year limit, how to establish whether an adult recipient has satisfied those criteria, and whether and in what ways the criteria for the state-funded program should be narrowed or widened.

VI. DATA SHARING

NEW SECTION. Sec. 601. It is the intent of the legislature to allow the department of social and health services access to employment security department confidential employer wage files, for statistical analysis, research, or evaluation of work force participation of department of social and health services’ clients. This information is needed to monitor and evaluate department client outcomes in employment, to fulfill agency performance reporting requirements of chapter 43.88 RCW, for department management in evaluating and planning for changing social needs, and in the effective development and implementation of programs to achieve goals of the department of social and health services. Chapter 50.38 RCW and federal law mandate the use of labor market information, including employment security department payroll and wage files, in the planning, coordination, management, implementation, and evaluation of state programs like those of the department of social and health services. RCW 50.13.060 requires privacy protection of personal records obtained from employment security department confidential employer wage files. Through individual matches with accessed employment security department confidential employer wage files, the department of social and health services shall report only aggregate, statistical, group level data.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:

The employment security department shall provide to the department of social and health services confidential employer wage files for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes as provided in sections 604 and 605 of this act. The department of social and health services shall limit access of its agency personnel to those professional research and technical information systems personnel needed to produce and analyze wage file data.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. A new section is added to chapter 50.13 RCW to read as follows:

The employment security department shall provide to the department of social and health services confidential employer wage files for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes as provided in sections 604 and 605 of this act. The department of social and health services shall limit access of its agency personnel to those professional research and technical information systems personnel needed to produce and analyze wage file data.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The information provided by the employment security department under sections 602 and 603 of this act for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes shall be used to measure the work force participation of department clients.
(2) The department shall protect the privacy of confidential personal data supplied under sections 602 and 603 of this act consistent with chapter 50.13 RCW and the terms and conditions of a formal data-sharing agreement between the two departments. The misuse or unauthorized use of confidential data supplied by the employment security department is subject to the penalties in RCW 50.13.080.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. A new section is added to chapter 50.13 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The information provided by the employment security department under sections 602 and 603 of this act for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes shall be used to measure the work force participation of department clients.

(2) The department shall protect the privacy of confidential personal data supplied under sections 602 and 603 of this act consistent with chapter 50.13 RCW and the terms and conditions of a formal data-sharing agreement between the two departments. The misuse or unauthorized use of confidential data supplied by the employment security department is subject to the penalties in RCW 50.13.080.

VII. MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows: EARNINGS DISREGARDS AND EARNED INCOME CUTOFFS. (1) In addition to their monthly benefit payment, a family may earn and keep one-half of its earnings during every month it is eligible to receive assistance under this section.

(2) In no event may a family be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families if its monthly gross earned income exceeds the maximum earned income level as set by the department. In calculating a household’s gross earnings, the department shall disregard the earnings of a minor child who is:

(a) A full-time student; or

(b) A part-time student carrying at least half the normal school load and working fewer than thirty-five hours per week.

Sec. 702. RCW 74.04.005 and 1992 c 165 s 1 and 1992 c 136 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this title, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Public assistance" or "assistance"—Public aid to persons in need thereof for any cause, including services, medical care, assistance grants, disbursing orders, work relief, general assistance and federal-aid assistance.

(2) "Department"—The department of social and health services.

(3) "County or local office"—The administrative office for one or more counties or designated service areas.

(4) "Director" or "secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.

(5) "Federal-aid assistance"—The specific categories of assistance for which provision is made in any federal law existing or hereafter passed by which payments are made from the federal government to the state in aid or in respect to payment by the state for public assistance rendered to any category of needy persons for which provision for federal funds or aid may from time to time be made, or a federally administered needs-based program.

(6)(a) "General assistance"—Aid to persons in need who:

(i) Are not eligible to receive federal-aid assistance, other than food stamps and medical assistance; however, an individual who refuses or fails to cooperate in obtaining federal-aid assistance, without good cause, is not eligible for general assistance;

(ii) Meet one of the following conditions:

(A) Pregnant: PROVIDED, That need is based on the current income and resource requirements of the federal ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance for needy families program((A PROVIDED FURTHER, That during any period in which an aid for dependent children employable program is not in operation, only those pregnant women who are categorically eligible for medicaid are eligible for general assistance))); or

(B) Subject to chapter 165, Laws of 1992, incapacitated from gainful employment by reason of bodily or mental infirmity that will likely continue for a minimum of ninety days as determined by the department.

(C) Persons who are unemployable due to alcohol or drug addiction are not eligible for general assistance. Persons receiving general assistance on July 26, 1987, or becoming eligible for such assistance thereafter, due to an alcohol or drug-related incapacity, shall be referred to appropriate assessment, treatment, shelter, or supplemental security income referral services as authorized under chapter 74.50 RCW. Referrals shall be made at the time of application or at the time of eligibility
review. Alcoholic and drug addicted clients who are receiving general assistance on July 26, 1987, may remain on general assistance if they otherwise retain their eligibility until they are assessed for services under chapter 74.50 RCW. Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(B) of this section shall not be construed to prohibit the department from granting general assistance benefits to alcoholics and drug addicts who are incapacitated due to other physical or mental conditions that meet the eligibility criteria for the general assistance program;

(iii) Are citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise residing in the United States under color of law; and

(iv) Have furnished the department their social security account number. If the social security account number cannot be furnished because it has not been issued or is not known, an application for a number shall be made prior to authorization of assistance, and the social security number shall be provided to the department upon receipt.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6)(a)(i), (ii), and (c) of this section, general assistance shall be provided to the following recipients of federal-aid assistance:

(i) Recipients of supplemental security income whose need, as defined in this section, is not met by such supplemental security income grant because of separation from a spouse; or

(ii) To the extent authorized by the legislature in the biennial appropriations act, to recipients of temporary assistance for needy families whose needs are not being met because of a temporary reduction in monthly income below the entitled benefit payment level caused by loss or reduction of wages or unemployment compensation benefits or some other unforeseen circumstances. The amount of general assistance authorized shall not exceed the difference between the entitled benefit payment level and the amount of income actually received.

(c) General assistance shall be provided only to persons who are not members of assistance units receiving federal aid assistance, except as provided in subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A) and (b) of this section, and will accept available services which can reasonably be expected to enable the person to work or reduce the need for assistance unless there is good cause to refuse. Failure to accept such services shall result in termination until the person agrees to cooperate in accepting such services and subject to the following maximum periods of ineligibility after reapplication:

(i) First failure: One week;

(ii) Second failure within six months: One month;

(iii) Third and subsequent failure within one year: Two months.

(d) Persons found eligible for general assistance based on incapacity from gainful employment may, if otherwise eligible, receive general assistance pending application for federal supplemental security income benefits. Any general assistance that is subsequently duplicated by the person’s receipt of supplemental security income for the same period shall be considered a debt due the state and shall by operation of law be subject to recovery through all available legal remedies.

(e) The department shall adopt by rule medical criteria for general assistance eligibility to ensure that eligibility decisions are consistent with statutory requirements and are based on clear, objective medical information.

(f) The process implementing the medical criteria shall involve consideration of opinions of the treating or consulting physicians or health care professionals regarding incapacity, and any eligibility decision which rejects uncontroverted medical opinion must set forth clear and convincing reasons for doing so.

(g) Recipients of general assistance based upon a finding of incapacity from gainful employment who remain otherwise eligible shall not have their benefits terminated absent a clear showing of material improvement in their medical or mental condition or specific error in the prior determination that found the recipient eligible by reason of incapacitation. Recipients of general assistance based upon pregnancy who relinquish their child for adoption, remain otherwise eligible, and are not eligible to receive benefits under the federal temporary assistance for needy families program shall not have their benefits terminated until the end of the month in which the period of six weeks following the birth of the recipient’s child falls. Recipients of the federal temporary assistance for needy families program who lose their eligibility solely because of the birth and relinquishment of the qualifying child may receive general assistance through the end of the month in which the period of six weeks following the birth of the child falls.

(7) "Applicant"—Any person who has made a request, or on behalf of whom a request has been made, to any county or local office for assistance.
"Recipient"—Any person receiving assistance and in addition those dependents whose needs are included in the recipient’s assistance.

"Standards of assistance"—The level of income required by an applicant or recipient to maintain a level of living specified by the department.

"Resource"—Any asset, tangible or intangible, owned by or available to the applicant at the time of application, which can be applied toward meeting the applicant’s need, either directly or by conversion into money or its equivalent: PROVIDED, That an applicant may retain the following described resources and not be ineligible for public assistance because of such resources.

(a) A home, which is defined as real property owned and used by an applicant or recipient as a place of residence, together with a reasonable amount of property surrounding and contiguous thereto, which is used by and useful to the applicant. Whenever a recipient shall cease to use such property for residential purposes, either for himself or his dependents, the property shall be considered as a resource which can be made available to meet need, and if the recipient or his dependents absent themselves from the home for a period of ninety consecutive days such absence, unless due to hospitalization or health reasons or a natural disaster, shall raise a rebuttable presumption of abandonment: PROVIDED, That if in the opinion of three physicians the recipient will be unable to return to the home during his lifetime, and the home is not occupied by a spouse or dependent children or disabled sons or daughters, such property shall be considered as a resource which can be made available to meet need.

(b) Household furnishings and personal effects and other personal property having great sentimental value to the applicant or recipient, as limited by the department consistent with limitations on resources and exemptions for federal aid assistance.

(c) A motor vehicle, other than a motor home, used and useful having an equity value not to exceed one thousand five hundred dollars. Recipients of temporary assistance for needy families may retain a motor vehicle, other than a motor home, used and useful having an equity value not to exceed five thousand dollars.

(d) All other resources, including any excess of values exempted, not to exceed one thousand dollars or other limit as set by the department, to be consistent with limitations on resources and exemptions necessary for federal aid assistance. The department shall also allow recipients of temporary assistance for needy families to exempt savings accounts with combined balances of up to an additional three thousand dollars.

(e) Applicants for or recipients of general assistance shall have their eligibility based on resource limitations consistent with the temporary assistance for needy families program rules adopted by the department.

(f) If an applicant for or recipient of public assistance possesses property and belongings in excess of the ceiling value, such value shall be used in determining the need of the applicant or recipient, except that: (i) The department may exempt resources or income when the income and resources are determined necessary to the applicant’s or recipient’s restoration to independence, to decrease the need for public assistance, or to aid in rehabilitating the applicant or recipient or a dependent of the applicant or recipient; and (ii) the department may provide grant assistance for a period not to exceed nine months from the date the agreement is signed pursuant to this section to persons who are otherwise ineligible because of excess real property owned by such persons when they are making a good faith effort to dispose of that property: PROVIDED, That:

(A) The applicant or recipient signs an agreement to repay the lesser of the amount of aid received or the net proceeds of such sale;

(B) If the owner of the excess property ceases to make good faith efforts to sell the property, the entire amount of assistance may become an overpayment and a debt due the state and may be recovered pursuant to RCW 43.20B.630;

(C) Applicants and recipients are advised of their right to a fair hearing and afforded the opportunity to challenge a decision that good faith efforts to sell have ceased, prior to assessment of an overpayment under this section; and

(D) At the time assistance is authorized, the department files a lien without a sum certain on the specific property.

"Income"—(a) All appreciable gains in real or personal property (cash or kind) or other assets, which are received by or become available for use and enjoyment by an applicant or recipient during the month of application or after applying for or receiving public assistance. The department may by rule and regulation exempt income received by an applicant for or recipient of public assistance
which can be used by him to decrease his need for public assistance or to aid in rehabilitating him or his dependents, but such exemption shall not, unless otherwise provided in this title, exceed the exemptions of resources granted under this chapter to an applicant for public assistance. In determining the amount of assistance to which an applicant or recipient of ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance for needy families is entitled, the department is hereby authorized to disregard as a resource or income the earned income exemptions consistent with federal requirements. The department may permit the above exemption of earnings of a child to be retained by such child to cover the cost of special future identifiable needs even though the total exceeds the exemptions or resources granted to applicants and recipients of public assistance, but consistent with federal requirements. In formulating rules and regulations pursuant to this chapter, the department shall define income and resources and the availability thereof, consistent with federal requirements. All resources and income not specifically exempted, and any income or other economic benefit derived from the use of, or appreciation in value of, exempt resources, shall be considered in determining the need of an applicant or recipient of public assistance.

(b) If, under applicable federal requirements, the state has the option of considering property in the form of lump sum compensatory awards or related settlements received by an applicant or recipient as income or as a resource, the department shall consider such property to be a resource.

(12) "Need"—The difference between the applicant’s or recipient’s standards of assistance for himself and the dependent members of his family, as measured by the standards of the department, and value of all nonexempt resources and nonexempt income received by or available to the applicant or recipient and the dependent members of his family.

(13) For purposes of determining eligibility for public assistance and participation levels in the cost of medical care, the department shall exempt restitution payments made to people of Japanese and Aleut ancestry pursuant to the Civil Liberties Act of 1988 and the Aleutian and Pribilof Island Restitution Act passed by congress, P.L. 100-383, including all income and resources derived therefrom.

(14) In the construction of words and phrases used in this title, the singular number shall include the plural, the masculine gender shall include both the feminine and neuter genders and the present tense shall include the past and future tenses, unless the context thereof shall clearly indicate to the contrary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 703. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

PATERNITY ESTABLISHMENT. In order to be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families, applicants shall, at the time of application for assistance, provide the names of both parents of their child or children, whether born or unborn, unless the applicant meets good cause criteria for refusing such identification.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

TRIBAL TEMPORARY ASSISTANCE FOR NEEDY FAMILIES. (1) The department may (a) coordinate with and cooperate with eligible Indian tribes that elect to operate a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program as provided for in P.L. 104-193; and (b) upon approval by the secretary of the federal department of health and human services of a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program, transfer a fair and equitable amount of the state maintenance of effort funds to the eligible Indian tribe.

(2) An eligible Indian tribe exercising its authority under P.L. 104-193 to operate a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program as a condition of receiving state maintenance of effort funds shall operate the program on a state fiscal year basis. If a tribe decides to cancel a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program, it shall notify the department no later than ninety days before the start of the state fiscal year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. A new section is added to chapter 50.40 RCW to read as follows:

(1) An individual filing a new claim for unemployment compensation shall, at the time of filing the claim, disclose whether or not the individual owes an uncollected overissuance of food stamps as defined under subsection (7) of this section. If the individual discloses that he or she owes an uncollected overissuance of food stamps and is determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation, the commissioner shall notify the state food stamp agency enforcing those obligations that the individual has been determined to be eligible for unemployment compensation.
The commissioner shall deduct and withhold from any unemployment compensation payable to an individual who owes an uncollected overissuance of food stamps as defined under subsection (7) of this section:

(a) The amount specified by the individual to the commissioner to be deducted and withheld under this subsection, if neither (b) nor (c) of this subsection is applicable;
(b) The amount, if any, determined pursuant to an agreement submitted to the state food stamp agency under section 13(c)(3)(A) of the food stamp act of 1977; or
(c) Any amount otherwise required to be so deducted and withheld from such unemployment compensation pursuant section 13(c)(3)(B) of the food stamp act of 1977.

Any amount deducted and withheld under subsection (2) of this section shall be paid by the commissioner to the appropriate state food stamp agency.

Any amount deducted and withheld under subsection (2) of this section shall be treated for all purposes as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid by that individual to the state food stamp agency in satisfaction of the individual’s uncollected overissuance.

For the purposes of this section, “unemployment compensation” means any compensation payable under this chapter including amounts payable by the commissioner under an agreement under any federal law providing for compensation, assistance, or allowances with respect to unemployment.

This section applies only if appropriate arrangements have been made for reimbursement by the state food stamp agency for the administrative costs incurred by the commissioner under this section which are attributable to the repayment of uncollected overissuance to the state food stamp agency.

"Uncollected overissuances of food stamps" as used in this section means only those obligations which are being enforced pursuant to section 13(c)(1) of the food stamp act of 1977.

This section applies only if arrangements have been made for reimbursement by the state food stamp agency for the administrative costs incurred by the commissioner under this section which are attributable to the state food stamp agency.

VIII. LICENSE SUSPENSION

NEW SECTION, Sec. 801. It is the intent of the legislature to provide a strong incentive for persons owing child support to make timely payments, and to cooperate with the department of social and health services to establish an appropriate schedule for the payment of any arrears. To further ensure that child support obligations are met, sections 802 through 898 of this act establish a program by which certain licenses may be suspended or not renewed if a person is one hundred eighty days or more in arrears on child support payments.

In the implementation and management of this program, it is the legislature’s intent that the objective of the department of social and health services be to obtain payment in full of arrears, or where that is not possible, to enter into agreements with delinquent obligors to make timely support payments and make reasonable payments towards the arrears. The legislature intends that if the obligor refuses to cooperate in establishing a fair and reasonable payment schedule for arrears or refuses to make timely support payments, the department shall proceed with certification to a licensing entity or the department of licensing that the person is not in compliance with a child support order.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 802. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may serve upon a responsible parent a notice informing the responsible parent of the department’s intent to submit the parent’s name to the department of licensing and any appropriate licensing entity as a licensee who is not in compliance with a child support order. The department shall attach a copy of the responsible parent’s child support order to the notice. Service of the notice must be by certified mail, return receipt requested. If service by certified mail is not successful, service shall be by personal service.

(2) The notice of noncompliance must include the address and telephone number of the department’s division of child support office that issues the notice and must inform the responsible parent that:
(a) The parent may request an adjudicative proceeding to contest the issue of compliance. The only issues that may be considered at the adjudicative proceeding are whether the parent is required to pay child support under a child support order and whether the parent is in compliance with that order;
(b) A request for an adjudicative proceeding shall be in writing and must be received by the department within twenty days of the date of service of the notice;

(c) If the parent requests an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of service, the department will stay action to certify the parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order pending entry of a written decision after the adjudicative proceeding;

(d) If the parent does not request an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of service and remains in noncompliance with a child support order, the department will certify the parent’s name to the department of licensing and any appropriate licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order;

(e) The department will stay action to certify the parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance if the parent agrees to make timely payments of current support and agrees to a reasonable payment schedule for payment of the arrears. It is the parent’s responsibility to contact in person or by mail the department’s division of child support office indicated on the notice within twenty days of service of the notice to arrange for a payment schedule. The department may stay certification for up to thirty days after contact from a parent to arrange for a payment schedule;

(f) If the department certifies the responsible parent to the department of licensing and a licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order, the licensing entity will suspend or not renew the parent’s license and the department of licensing will suspend or not renew any driver’s license that the parent holds until the parent provides the department of licensing and the licensing entity with a release from the department stating that the responsible parent is in compliance with the child support order;

(g) Suspension of a license will affect insurability if the responsible parent’s insurance policy excludes coverage for acts occurring after the suspension of a license;

(h) If after receiving the notice of noncompliance with a child support order, the responsible parent files a motion to modify support with the court or requests the department to amend a support obligation established by an administrative decision, the department or the court may stay action to certify the parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order. The responsible parent has the obligation to notify the department that a modification proceeding is pending and provide a copy of the motion or request for modification; and

(i) If the responsible parent subsequently becomes in compliance with the child support order, the department will promptly provide the parent with a release stating that the parent is in compliance with the order, and the parent may request that the licensing entity or the department of licensing reinstate the suspended license.

(3) A responsible parent may request an adjudicative proceeding upon service of the notice described in subsection (1) of this section. The request for an adjudicative proceeding must be received by the department within twenty days of service. The request must be in writing and indicate the current mailing address and daytime phone number, if available, of the responsible parent. The proceedings under this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of chapter 34.05 RCW. The issues that may be considered at the adjudicative proceeding are limited to whether:

(a) The person named as the responsible parent is the responsible parent;

(b) The responsible parent is required to pay child support under a child support order; and

(c) The responsible parent is in compliance with the order.

(4) The decision resulting from the adjudicative proceeding must be in writing and inform the responsible parent of his or her rights to review. The parent’s copy of the decision may be sent by regular mail to the parent’s most recent address of record.

(5) If a responsible parent contacts the department’s division of child support office indicated on the notice of noncompliance within twenty days of service of the notice and requests arrangement of a payment schedule, the department shall stay the certification of noncompliance during negotiation of the schedule for payment of arrears. In no event shall the stay continue for more than thirty days from the date of contact by the parent. The department shall make good faith efforts to establish a schedule for payment of arrears that is fair and reasonable, and that considers the financial situation of the responsible parent and the needs of all children who rely on the responsible parent for support. At the end of the thirty days, if no payment schedule has been agreed to in writing, the department shall proceed with certification of noncompliance.

(6) If a responsible parent timely requests an adjudicative proceeding pursuant to subsection (4) of this section, the department may not certify the name of the parent to the department of licensing or
a licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order unless the adjudicative proceeding results in a finding that the responsible parent is not in compliance with the order.

(7) The department may certify to the department of licensing and any appropriate licensing entity the name of a responsible parent who is not in compliance with a child support order if:
   (a) The responsible parent does not timely request an adjudicative proceeding upon service of a notice issued under subsection (1) of this section and is not in compliance with a child support order twenty-one days after service of the notice;
   (b) An adjudicative proceeding results in a decision that the responsible parent is not in compliance with a child support order;
   (c) The court enters a judgment on a petition for judicial review that finds the responsible parent is not in compliance with a child support order;
   (d) The department and the responsible parent have been unable to agree on a fair and reasonable schedule of payment of the arrears; or
   (e) The responsible parent fails to comply with a payment schedule established pursuant to subsection (5) of this section.

The department shall send by regular mail a copy of any certification of noncompliance filed with the department of licensing or a licensing entity to the responsible parent at the responsible parent’s most recent address of record.

(8) The department of licensing and a licensing entity shall, without undue delay, notify a responsible parent certified by the department under subsection (7) of this section that the parent’s driver’s license or other license has been suspended because the parent’s name has been certified by the department as a responsible parent who is not in compliance with a child support order.

(9) When a responsible parent who is served notice under subsection (1) of this section subsequently complies with the child support order, the department shall promptly provide the parent with a release stating that the responsible parent is in compliance with the order. A copy of the release shall be transmitted by the department to the appropriate licensing entities.

(10) The department may adopt rules to implement and enforce the requirements of this section.

(11) Nothing in this section prohibits a responsible parent from filing a motion to modify support with the court or from requesting the department to amend a support obligation established by an administrative decision. If there is a reasonable likelihood that the motion or request will significantly change the amount of the child support obligation, the department or the court may stay action to certify the responsible parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order. The responsible parent has the obligation to notify the department that a modification proceeding is pending and provide a copy of the motion or request for modification.

(12) The department of licensing and a licensing entity may issue, renew, reinstate, or otherwise extend a license in accordance with the licensing entity’s or the department of licensing’s rules after the licensing entity or the department of licensing receives a copy of the release specified in subsection (9) of this section. The department of licensing and a licensing entity may waive any applicable requirement for reissuance, renewal, or other extension if it determines that the imposition of that requirement places an undue burden on the person and that waiver of the requirement is consistent with the public interest.

(13) The procedures in chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act), constitute the exclusive administrative remedy for contesting the establishment of noncompliance with a child support order and suspension of a license under this section, and satisfy the requirements of RCW 34.05.422.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 803. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department and all of the various licensing entities subject to section 802 of this act shall enter into such agreements as are necessary to carry out the requirements of the license suspension program established in section 802 of this act.

(2) The department and all licensing entities subject to section 802 of this act shall compare data to identify responsible parents who may be subject to the provisions of chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act). The comparison may be conducted electronically, or by any other means that is jointly agreeable between the department and the particular licensing entity. The data shared shall be limited to those items necessary to implementation of chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act). The purpose of the
comparison shall be to identify current licensees who are not in compliance with a child support order, and to provide to the department the following information regarding those licensees:

(a) Name;
(b) Date of birth;
(c) Address of record;
(d) Federal employer identification number and social security number;
(e) Type of license;
(f) Effective date of license or renewal;
(g) Expiration date of license; and
(h) Active or inactive status.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 804. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:
In furtherance of the public policy of increasing collection of child support and to assist in evaluation of the program established in section 802 of this act, the department shall report the following to the legislature and the governor on December 1, 1998, and annually thereafter:
(1) The number of responsible parents identified as licensees subject to section 802 of this act;
(2) The number of responsible parents identified by the department as not in compliance with a child support order;
(3) The number of notices of noncompliance served upon responsible parents by the department;
(4) The number of responsible parents served a notice of noncompliance who request an adjudicative proceeding;
(5) The number of adjudicative proceedings held, and the results of the adjudicative proceedings;
(6) The number of responsible parents certified to the department of licensing or licensing entities for noncompliance with a child support order, and the number of each type of licenses that were suspended;
(7) The costs incurred in the implementation and enforcement of section 802 of this act and an estimate of the amount of child support collected due to the department under section 802 of this act;
(8) Any other information regarding this program that the department feels will assist in evaluation of the program;
(9) Recommendations for the addition of specific licenses in the program or exclusion of specific licenses from the program, and reasons for such recommendations; and
(10) Any recommendations for statutory changes necessary for the cost-effective management of the program.

Sec. 805. RCW 74.20A.020 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 2 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the following words and phrases as hereinafter used in this chapter and chapter 74.20 RCW shall have the following meanings:
(1) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
(2) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services, or his designee or authorized representative.
(3) "Dependent child" means any person:
   (a) Under the age of eighteen who is not self-supporting, married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States; or
   (b) Over the age of eighteen for whom a court order for support exists.
(4) "Support obligation" means the obligation to provide for the necessary care, support, and maintenance, including medical expenses, of a dependent child or other person as required by statutes and the common law of this or another state.
(5) "Superior court order" means any judgment, decree, or order of the superior court of the state of Washington, or a court of comparable jurisdiction of another state, establishing the existence of a support obligation and ordering payment of a set or determinable amount of support moneys to satisfy the support obligation. For purposes of RCW 74.20A.055, orders for support which were entered under the uniform reciprocal enforcement of support act by a state where the responsible parent no longer resides shall not preclude the department from establishing an amount to be paid as current and future support.
"Administrative order" means any determination, finding, decree, or order for support pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055, or by an agency of another state pursuant to a substantially similar administrative process, establishing the existence of a support obligation and ordering the payment of a set or determinable amount of support moneys to satisfy the support obligation.

"Responsible parent" means a natural parent, adoptive parent, or stepparent of a dependent child or a person who has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity which has been filed with the state office of vital statistics and includes the parent of an unmarried minor with a child.

"Stepparent" means the present spouse of the person who is either the mother, father, or adoptive parent of a dependent child, and such status shall exist until terminated as provided for in RCW 26.16.205.

"Support moneys" means any moneys or in-kind providings paid to satisfy a support obligation whether denominated as child support, spouse support, alimony, maintenance, or any other such moneys intended to satisfy an obligation for support of any person or satisfaction in whole or in part of arrears or delinquency on such an obligation.

"Support debt" means any delinquent amount of support moneys which is due, owing, and unpaid under a superior court order or an administrative order, a debt for the payment of expenses for the reasonable or necessary care, support, and maintenance, including medical expenses, of a dependent child or other person for whom a support obligation is owed; or a debt under RCW 74.20A.100 or 74.20A.270. Support debt also includes any accrued interest, fees, or penalties charged on a support debt, and attorneys fees and other costs of litigation awarded in an action to establish and enforce a support obligation or debt.

"State" means any state or political subdivision, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

"Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable withdrawal order account, savings account, time deposit account, or money-market mutual fund account.

"Child support order" means a superior court order or an administrative order.

"Financial institution" means:
(a) A depository institution, as defined in section 3(c) of the federal deposit insurance act;
(b) An institution-affiliated party, as defined in section 3(u) of the federal deposit insurance act;
(c) Any federal or state credit union, as defined in section 101 of the federal credit union act, including an institution-affiliated party of such credit union, as defined in section 206(r) of the federal deposit insurance act; or
(d) Any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money-market mutual fund, or similar entity.

"License" means a license, certificate, registration, permit, approval, or other similar document issued by a licensing entity to a licensee evidencing admission to or granting authority to engage in a profession, occupation, business, industry, recreational pursuit, or the operation of a motor vehicle.

"Licensee" means any individual holding a license, certificate, registration, permit, approval, or other similar document issued by a licensing entity evidencing admission to or granting authority to engage in a profession, occupation, business, industry, recreational pursuit, or the operation of a motor vehicle.

"Licensing entity" includes any department, board, commission, or other organization authorized to issue, renew, suspend, or revoke a license authorizing an individual to engage in a business, occupation, profession, industry, recreational pursuit, or the operation of a motor vehicle, and includes the Washington state supreme court, to the extent that a rule has been adopted by the court to implement suspension of licenses related to the practice of law.

"Noncompliance with a child support order" for the purposes of the license suspension program authorized under section 802 of this act means a responsible parent has:
(a) Accumulated arrears totaling more than six months of child support payments;
(b) Failed to make payments pursuant to a written agreement with the department towards a support arrearage in an amount that exceeds six months of payments; or
(c) Failed to make payments required by a superior court order or administrative order towards a support arrearage in an amount that exceeds six months of payments.

Sec. 806. RCW 46.20.291 and 1993 c 501 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
The department is authorized to suspend the license of a driver upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:

(1) Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation or suspension of license is provided by law;
(2) Has, by reckless or unlawful operation of a motor vehicle, caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury to any person or serious property damage;
(3) Has been convicted of offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles, or found to have committed traffic infractions, with such frequency as to indicate a disrespect for traffic laws or a disregard for the safety of other persons on the highways;
(4) Is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle under RCW 46.20.031(3); (or)
(5) Has failed to respond to a notice of traffic infraction, failed to appear at a requested hearing, violated a written promise to appear in court, or has failed to comply with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation, as provided in RCW 46.20.289; (or)
(6) Has committed one of the prohibited practices relating to drivers' licenses defined in RCW 46.20.336; or
(7) Has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a child support order as provided in section 802 of this act.

Sec. 807. RCW 46.20.311 and 1995 c 332 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall not suspend a driver's license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways for a fixed period of more than one year, except as specifically permitted under RCW 46.20.342 or other provision of law. Except for a suspension under RCW 46.20.289 (and), 46.20.291(5), or section 802 of this act, whenever the license or driving privilege of any person is suspended by reason of a conviction, a finding that a traffic infraction has been committed, pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, or pursuant to RCW 46.20.291 or 46.20.308, the suspension shall remain in effect until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the alcoholism agency or probation department designated under RCW 46.61.5056 and shall deny reinstatement until enrollment and participation in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified. Whenever the license or driving privilege of any person is suspended as a result of certification of noncompliance with a child support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, the suspension shall remain in effect until the person provides a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order. The department shall not issue to the person a new, duplicate, or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or is the result of administrative action under RCW 46.20.308, the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars.

(2) Any person whose license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways has been revoked, unless the revocation was for a cause which has been removed, is not entitled to have the license or privilege renewed or restored until: (a) After the expiration of one year from the date the license or privilege to drive was revoked; (b) after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.20.3101 or 46.61.5055; (c) after the expiration of two years for persons convicted of vehicular homicide; or (d) after the expiration of the applicable revocation period provided by RCW 46.20.265. After the expiration of the appropriate period, the person may make application for a new license as provided by law together with a reissue fee in the amount of twenty dollars, but if the revocation is the result of a violation of RCW 46.20.308, 46.61.502, or 46.61.504, the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars. If the revocation is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall determine the person's eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the alcoholism agency or probation department designated under RCW 46.61.5056 and shall deny reissuance of a license, permit, or privilege to drive until enrollment and participation in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified. Except for a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not then issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways, and until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. For a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the
driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant that person the privilege of driving a motor
vehicle on the public highways.

(3) Whenever the driver’s license of any person is suspended pursuant to Article IV of the
nonresident violators compact or RCW 46.23.020 or 46.20.289 or 46.20.291(5), the department shall
not issue to the person any new or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars.
If the suspension is the result of a violation of the laws of this or any other state, province, or other
jurisdiction involving (a) the operation or physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways
while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or (b) the refusal to submit to a chemical test
of the driver’s blood alcohol content, the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 808. A new section is added to chapter 48.22 RCW to read as follows:
If a motor vehicle liability insurance policy contains any provision excluding insurance
coverage for an unlicensed driver, such provision shall not apply for ninety days from the date of
suspension in the event that the department of licensing suspends a driver’s license solely for the
nonpayment of child support as provided in chapter 74.20A RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 809. ATTORNEYS. The legislature intends that the license suspension
program established in chapter 74.20A RCW be implemented fairly to ensure that child support
obligations are met. However, being mindful of the separations of powers and responsibilities among
the branches of government, the legislature strongly encourages the state supreme court to adopt rules
providing for suspension and denial of licenses related to the practice of law to those individuals who
are in noncompliance with a support order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 810. A new section is added to chapter 2.48 RCW to read as follows:
ATTORNEYS. The Washington state supreme court may provide by rule that no person who
has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is in noncompliance
with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act may be admitted to the practice of law in this
state, and that any member of the Washington state bar association who has been certified by the
department of social and health services as a person who is in noncompliance with a support order as
provided in section 802 of this act shall be immediately suspended from membership. The court’s rules
may provide for review of an application for admission or reinstatement of membership after the
department of social and health services has issued a release stating that the person is in compliance
with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 811. A new section is added to chapter 18.04 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the certificate or license of a person who has been
certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person
who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other
requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be
automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services
stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 812. RCW 18.04.335 and 1992 c 103 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Upon application in writing and after hearing pursuant to notice, the board may:
((44)) (a) Modify the suspension of, or reissue a certificate or license to, an individual whose
certificate has been revoked or suspended; or
((44)) (b) Modify the suspension of, or reissue a license to a firm whose license has been
revoked, suspended, or which the board has refused to renew.
(2) In the case of suspension for failure to comply with a support order under chapter 74.20A
RCW, if the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the
suspension, reissuance of a certificate or license shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release
issued by the department of social and health services stating that the individual is in compliance with
the order.

Sec. 813. RCW 18.08.350 and 1993 c 475 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as provided in section 815 of this act, a certificate of registration shall be granted by
the director to all qualified applicants who are certified by the board as having passed the required
examination and as having given satisfactory proof of completion of the required experience.

Applications for examination shall be filed as the board prescribes by rule. The application
and examination fees shall be determined by the director under RCW 43.24.086.

An applicant for registration as an architect shall be of a good moral character, at least
eighteen years of age, and shall possess any of the following qualifications:

(a) Have an accredited architectural degree and three years’ practical architectural work
experience approved by the board, which may include designing buildings as a principal activity. At
least two years’ work experience must be supervised by an architect with detailed professional
knowledge of the work of the applicant;

(b) Have eight years’ practical architectural work experience approved by the board. Each year
spent in an accredited architectural program approved by the board shall be considered one year of
practical experience. At least four years’ practical work experience shall be under the direct
supervision of an architect; or

(c) Be a person who has been designing buildings as a principal activity for eight years, or has
an equivalent combination of education and experience, but who was not registered under chapter 323,
Laws of 1959, as amended, as it existed before July 28, 1992, provided that application is made within
four years after July 28, 1992. Nothing in this chapter prevents such a person from designing
buildings for four years after July 28, 1992, or the five-year period allowed for completion of the
examination process, after that person has applied for registration. A person who has been designing
buildings and is qualified under this subsection shall, upon application to the board of registration for
architects, be allowed to take the examination for architect registration on an equal basis with other
applicants.

Sec. 814. RCW 18.08.350 and 1993 c 475 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in section 815 of this act, a certificate of registration shall be granted by
the director to all qualified applicants who are certified by the board as having passed the required
examination and as having given satisfactory proof of completion of the required experience.

(2) Applications for examination shall be filed as the board prescribes by rule. The application
and examination fees shall be determined by the director under RCW 43.24.086.

(3) An applicant for registration as an architect shall be of a good moral character, at least
eighteen years of age, and shall possess any of the following qualifications:

(a) Have an accredited architectural degree and three years’ practical architectural work
experience approved by the board, which may include designing buildings as a principal activity. At
least two years’ work experience must be supervised by an architect with detailed professional
knowledge of the work of the applicant;

(b) Have eight years’ practical architectural work experience approved by the board. Each year
spent in an accredited architectural program approved by the board shall be considered one year of
practical experience. At least four years’ practical work experience shall be under the direct
supervision of an architect.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 815. A new section is added to chapter 18.08 RCW to read as follows:

The board shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration or certificate of
authorization to practice architecture of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this
act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support
order. If the person has continued to meet other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension,
reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the
department of social and health services stating that the individual is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 816. RCW 18.11.160 and 1986 c 324 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No license shall be issued by the department to any person who has been convicted of
forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, extortion, criminal conspiracy, fraud,
thief, receiving stolen goods, unlawful issuance of checks or drafts, or other similar offense, or to any
partnership of which the person is a member, or to any association or corporation of which the person
is an officer or in which as a stockholder the person has or exercises a controlling interest either
directly or indirectly.
The following shall be grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of a license, or imposition of an administrative fine by the department:

(a) Misrepresentation or concealment of material facts in obtaining a license;
(b) Underreporting to the department of sales figures so that the auctioneer or auction company surety bond is in a lower amount than required by law;
(c) Revocation of a license by another state;
(d) Misleading or false advertising;
(e) A pattern of substantial misrepresentations related to auctioneering or auction company business;
(f) Failure to cooperate with the department in any investigation or disciplinary action;
(g) Nonpayment of an administrative fine prior to renewal of a license;
(h) Aiding an unlicensed person to practice as an auctioneer or as an auction company; and
(i) Any other violations of this chapter.

The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 817. RCW 18.16.100 and 1991 c 324 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon payment of the proper fee, except as provided in section 818 of this act, the director shall issue the appropriate license to any person who:
(a) Is at least seventeen years of age or older;
(b) Has completed and graduated from a course approved by the director of sixteen hundred hours of training in cosmetology, one thousand hours of training in barbering, five hundred hours of training in manicuring, five hundred hours of training in esthetics, and/or five hundred hours of training as an instructor-trainee; and
(c) Has received a passing grade on the appropriate licensing examination approved or administered by the director.

(2) A person currently licensed under this chapter may qualify for examination and licensure, after the required examination is passed, in another category if he or she has completed the crossover training course approved by the director.

(3) Upon payment of the proper fee, the director shall issue a salon/shop license to the operator of a salon/shop if the salon/shop meets the other requirements of this chapter as demonstrated by information submitted by the operator.

(4) The director may consult with the state board of health and the department of labor and industries in establishing training and examination requirements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 818. A new section is added to chapter 18.16 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 819. A new section is added to chapter 18.20 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 820. RCW 18.27.060 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 2 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
A certificate of registration shall be valid for one year and shall be renewed on or before the expiration date. The department shall issue to the applicant a certificate of registration upon compliance with the registration requirements of this chapter.

If the department approves an application, it shall issue a certificate of registration to the applicant. The certificate shall be valid for:
(a) One year;
(b) Until the bond expires; or
(c) Until the insurance expires, whichever comes first. The department shall place the expiration date on the certificate.

A contractor may supply a short-term bond or insurance policy to bring its registration period to the full one year.

If a contractor’s surety bond or other security has an unsatisfied judgment against it or is canceled, or if the contractor’s insurance policy is canceled, the contractor’s registration shall be automatically suspended on the effective date of the impairment or cancellation. The department shall give notice of the suspension to the contractor.

The department shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration of a contractor who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act. The certificate of registration shall not be reissued or renewed unless the person provides to the department a release from the department of social and health services stating that he or she is in compliance with the order and the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension.

Sec. 821. RCW 18.28.060 and 1979 c 156 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as provided in section 822 of this act, the director shall issue a license to an applicant if the following requirements are met:
(1) The application is complete and the applicant has complied with RCW 18.28.030.
(2) Neither an individual applicant, nor any of the applicant’s members if the applicant is a partnership or association, nor any of the applicant’s officers or directors if the applicant is a corporation: (a) Has ever been convicted of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud or any other like offense, or has been disbarred from the practice of law; (b) has participated in a violation of this chapter or of any valid rules, orders or decisions of the director promulgated under this chapter; (c) has had a license to engage in the business of debt adjusting revoked or removed for any reason other than for failure to pay licensing fees in this or any other state; or (d) is an employee or owner of a collection agency, or process serving business.
(3) An individual applicant is at least eighteen years of age.
(4) An applicant which is a partnership, corporation, or association is authorized to do business in this state.
(5) An individual applicant for an original license as a debt adjuster has passed an examination administered by the director, which examination may be oral or written, or partly oral and partly written, and shall be practical in nature and sufficiently thorough to ascertain the applicant’s fitness. Questions on bookkeeping, credit adjusting, business ethics, agency, contracts, debtor and creditor relationships, trust funds and the provisions of this chapter shall be included in the examination. No applicant may use any books or other similar aids while taking the examination, and no applicant may take the examination more than three times in any twelve month period.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 822. A new section is added to chapter 18.28 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 823. RCW 18.39.181 and 1996 c 217 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
The director shall have the following powers and duties:
(1) To issue all licenses provided for under this chapter;
(2) To renew licenses under this chapter;
(3) To collect all fees prescribed and required under this chapter; ((and))
(4) To immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order; and
(5) To keep general books of record of all official acts, proceedings, and transactions of the department of licensing while acting under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 824. A new section is added to chapter 18.39 RCW to read as follows:
In the case of suspension for failure to comply with a support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, if the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of a license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the individual is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 825. A new section is added to chapter 18.43 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the registration of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for membership during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate of registration shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 826. A new section is added to chapter 18.44 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 827. RCW 18.46.050 and 1991 c 3 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license in any case in which it finds that there has been failure or refusal to comply with the requirements established under this chapter or the rules adopted under it.
(2) The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of a license denial, revocation, suspension, or modification and provides the right to an adjudicative proceeding but shall not apply to actions taken under subsection (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 828. A new section is added to chapter 18.51 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services, division of support, as a person who is not in compliance with a child support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the division of child support stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 829. A new section is added to chapter 18.76 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the certification of a poison center medical director or a poison information specialist who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension,
reissuance of the certification shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 830.** A new section is added to chapter 18.85 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend the license of a broker or salesperson who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 831.** RCW 18.96.120 and 1969 ex.s. c 158 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The director may refuse to renew, or may suspend or revoke, a certificate of registration to use the titles landscape architect, landscape architecture, or landscape architectural in this state upon the following grounds:
   (a) The holder of the certificate of registration is impersonating a practitioner or former practitioner.
   (b) The holder of the certificate of registration is guilty of fraud, deceit, gross negligence, gross incompetency or gross misconduct in the practice of landscape architecture.
   (c) The holder of the certificate of registration permits his seal to be affixed to any plans, specifications or drawings that were not prepared by him or under his personal supervision by employees subject to his direction and control.
   (d) The holder of the certificate has committed fraud in applying for or obtaining a certificate.
(2) The director shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration of a landscape architect who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate of registration shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 832.** RCW 18.104.110 and 1993 c 387 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) In cases other than those relating to the failure of a licensee to renew a license, the director may suspend or revoke a license issued pursuant to this chapter for any of the following reasons:
   (a) For fraud or deception in obtaining the license;
   (b) For fraud or deception in reporting under RCW 18.104.050;
   (c) For violating the provisions of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation of the department or the department of health.
(2) The director shall immediately suspend any license issued under this chapter if the holder of the license has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
(3) No license shall be suspended for more than six months, except that a suspension under section 802 of this act shall continue until the department receives a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
(4) No person whose license is revoked shall be eligible to apply for a license for one year from the effective date of the final order of revocation.

**Sec. 833.** RCW 18.106.070 and 1985 c 465 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in section 834 of this act, the department shall issue a certificate of competency to all applicants who have passed the examination and have paid the fee for the certificate. The certificate shall bear the date of issuance, and shall expire on the birthdate of the holder immediately following the date of issuance. The certificate shall be renewable every other year, upon application, on or before the birthdate of the holder. A renewal fee shall be assessed for each certificate. If a person fails to renew the certificate by the renewal date, he or she must pay a doubled
fee. If the person does not renew the certificate within ninety days of the renewal date, he or she must retake the examination and pay the examination fee.

The certificate of competency and the temporary permit provided for in this chapter grant the holder the right to engage in the work of plumbing as a journeyman plumber or specialty plumber in accordance with their provisions throughout the state and within any of its political subdivisions on any job or any employment without additional proof of competency or any other license or permit or fee to engage in the work. This section does not preclude employees from adhering to a union security clause in any employment where such a requirement exists.

(2) A person who is indentured in an apprenticeship program approved under chapter 49.04 RCW for the plumbing construction trade or who is learning the plumbing construction trade may work in the plumbing construction trade if supervised by a certified journeyman plumber or a certified specialty plumber in that plumber's specialty. All apprentices and individuals learning the plumbing construction trade shall obtain a plumbing training certificate from the department. The certificate shall authorize the holder to learn the plumbing construction trade while under the direct supervision of a journeyman plumber or a specialty plumber working in his or her specialty. The holder of the plumbing training certificate shall renew the certificate annually. At the time of renewal, the holder shall provide the department with an accurate list of the holder's employers in the plumbing construction industry for the previous year and the number of hours worked for each employer. An annual fee shall be charged for the issuance or renewal of the certificate. The department shall set the fee by rule. The fee shall cover but not exceed the cost of administering and enforcing the trainee certification and supervision requirements of this chapter. Apprentices and individuals learning the plumbing construction trade shall have their plumbing training certificates in their possession at all times that they are performing plumbing work. They shall show their certificates to an authorized representative of the department at the representative's request.

(3) Any person who has been issued a plumbing training certificate under this chapter may work if that person is under supervision. Supervision shall consist of a person being on the same job site and under the control of either a journeyman plumber or an appropriate specialty plumber who has an applicable certificate of competency issued under this chapter. Either a journeyman plumber or an appropriate specialty plumber shall be on the same job site as the noncertified individual for a minimum of seventy-five percent of each working day unless otherwise provided in this chapter. The ratio of noncertified individuals to certified journeymen or specialty plumbers working on a job site shall be: (a) From July 28, 1985, through June 30, 1988, not more than three noncertified plumbers working on any one job site for every certified journeyman or specialty plumber; (b) effective July 1, 1988, not more than two noncertified plumbers working on any one job site for every certified specialty plumber or journeyman plumber working as a specialty plumber; and (c) effective July 1, 1988, not more than one noncertified plumber working on any one job site for every certified journeyman plumber working as a journeyman plumber.

An individual who has a current training certificate and who has successfully completed or is currently enrolled in an approved apprenticeship program or in a technical school program in the plumbing construction trade in a school approved by the ((commission for vocational education)) work force training and education coordinating board, may work without direct on-site supervision during the last six months of meeting the practical experience requirements of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 834. A new section is added to chapter 18.106 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend any certificate of competency issued under this chapter if the holder of the certificate has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate of competency shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 835. A new section is added to chapter 18.130 RCW to read as follows:

The secretary shall immediately suspend the license of any person subject to this chapter who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act.
Sec. 836. RCW 18.130.150 and 1984 c 279 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
A person whose license has been suspended or revoked under this chapter may petition the disciplining authority for reinstatement after an interval as determined by the disciplining authority in the order. The disciplining authority shall hold hearings on the petition and may deny the petition or may order reinstatement and impose terms and conditions as provided in RCW 18.130.160 and issue an order of reinstatement. The disciplining authority may require successful completion of an examination as a condition of reinstatement.

A person whose license has been suspended for noncompliance with a support order under section 802 of this act may petition for reinstatement at any time by providing the secretary a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, the secretary shall automatically reissue the person's license upon receipt of the release, and payment of a reinstatement fee, if any.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 837. A new section is added to chapter 18.140 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend any license or certificate issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 838. RCW 18.145.080 and 1995 c 269 s 504 and 1995 c 27 s 8 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
Except as provided in section 839 of this act, the department shall issue a certificate to any applicant who meets the standards established under this chapter and who:
(1) Is holding one of the following:
(a) Certificate of proficiency, registered professional reporter, registered merit reporter, or registered diplomate reporter from (the) the national court reporters association;
(b) Certificate of proficiency or certificate of merit from (the) the national stenomask verbatim reporters association; or
(c) A current Washington state court reporter certification; or
(2) Has passed an examination approved by the director or an examination that meets or exceeds the standards established by the director.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 839. A new section is added to chapter 18.145 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend any certificate issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 840. RCW 18.160.080 and 1990 c 177 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The state director of fire protection may refuse to issue or renew or may suspend or revoke the privilege of a licensed fire protection sprinkler system contractor or the certificate of a certificate of competency holder to engage in the fire protection sprinkler system business or in lieu thereof, establish penalties as prescribed by Washington state law, for any of the following reasons:
(a) Gross incompetency or gross negligence in the preparation of technical drawings, installation, repair, alteration, maintenance, inspection, service, or addition to fire protection sprinkler systems;
(b) Conviction of a felony;
(c) Fraudulent or dishonest practices while engaging in the fire protection sprinkler systems business;
(d) Use of false evidence or misrepresentation in an application for a license or certificate of competency;
(e) Permitting his or her license to be used in connection with the preparation of any technical
drawings which have not been prepared by him or her personally or under his or her immediate
supervision, or in violation of this chapter; or

(f) Knowingly violating any provisions of this chapter or the regulations issued thereunder.

(2) The state director of fire protection shall revoke the license of a licensed fire protection
sprinkler system contractor or the certificate of a certificate of competency holder who engages in the
fire protection sprinkler system business while the license or certificate of competency is suspended.

(3) The state director of fire protection shall immediately suspend any license or certificate
issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the
department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If
the person has continued to meet all other requirements for issuance or reinstatement during the
suspension, issuance or reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s
receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in
compliance with the order.

(4) Any licensee or certificate of competency holder who is aggrieved by an order of the state
director of fire protection suspending or revoking a license may, within thirty days after notice of such
suspension or revocation, appeal under chapter 34.05 RCW. This subsection does not apply to actions
taken under subsection (3) of this section.

Sec. 841. RCW 18.165.160 and 1995 c 277 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:
The following acts are prohibited and constitute grounds for disciplinary action, assessing
administrative penalties, or denial, suspension, or revocation of any license under this chapter, as
deemed appropriate by the director:

(1) Knowingly violating any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules adopted under this
chapter;

(2) Knowingly making a material misstatement or omission in the application for or renewal of
a license or firearms certificate, including falsifying requested identification information;

(3) Not meeting the qualifications set forth in RCW 18.165.030, 18.165.040, or 18.165.050;

(4) Failing to return immediately on demand a firearm issued by an employer;

(5) Carrying a firearm in the performance of his or her duties if not the holder of a valid armed
private investigator license, or carrying a firearm not meeting the provisions of this chapter while in the
performance of his or her duties;

(6) Failing to return immediately on demand company identification, badges, or other items
issued to the private investigator by an employer;

(7) Making any statement that would reasonably cause another person to believe that the private
investigator is a sworn peace officer;

(8) Divulging confidential information obtained in the course of any investigation to which he
or she was assigned;

(9) Acceptance of employment that is adverse to a client or former client and relates to a matter
about which a licensee has obtained confidential information by reason of or in the course of the
licensee’s employment by the client;

(10) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor or felony or the commission of any act involving
moral turpitude, dishonesty, or corruption whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act
constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a condition precedent to disciplinary
action. Upon such a conviction, however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the
ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder or applicant of the crime described in the
indictment or information, and of the person’s violation of the statute on which it is based. For the
purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is
the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;

(11) Advertising that is false, fraudulent, or misleading;

(12) Incompetence or negligence that results in injury to a person or that creates an
unreasonable risk that a person may be harmed;

(13) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual’s license to practice the profession
by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of the order,
stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;

(14) Failure to cooperate with the director by:
(a) Not furnishing any necessary papers or documents requested by the director for purposes of conducting an investigation for disciplinary action, denial, suspension, or revocation of a license under this chapter;
(b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation covering the matter contained in a complaint filed with the department; or
(c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the director, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding;
(15) Failure to comply with an order issued by the director or an assurance of discontinuance entered into with the director;
(16) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice if a license is required;
(17) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of the business or profession;
(18) Failure to adequately supervise employees to the extent that the public health or safety is at risk;
(19) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the director or the director’s authorized representative, or by the use of threats or harassment against any client or witness to prevent them from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or any other legal action;
(20) Assigning or transferring any license issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, except as provided in RCW 18.165.050;
(21) Assisting a client to locate, trace, or contact a person when the investigator knows that the client is prohibited by any court order from harassing or contacting the person whom the investigator is being asked to locate, trace, or contact, as it pertains to domestic violence, stalking, or minor children;
(22) Failure to maintain bond or insurance; ((63))
(23) Failure to have a qualifying principal in place; or
(24) Being certified as not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 842. A new section is added to chapter 18.165 RCW to read as follows: The director shall immediately suspend a license issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 843. RCW 18.170.170 and 1995 c 277 s 12 are each amended to read as follows: In addition to the provisions of section 844 of this act, the following acts are prohibited and constitute grounds for disciplinary action, assessing administrative penalties, or denial, suspension, or revocation of any license under this chapter, as deemed appropriate by the director:
(1) Knowingly violating any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter;
(2) Practicing fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in any of the private security activities covered by this chapter;
(3) Knowingly making a material misstatement or omission in the application for a license or firearms certificate;
(4) Not meeting the qualifications set forth in RCW 18.170.030, 18.170.040, or 18.170.060;
(5) Failing to return immediately on demand a firearm issued by an employer;
(6) Carrying a firearm in the performance of his or her duties if not the holder of a valid armed private security guard license, or carrying a firearm not meeting the provisions of this chapter while in the performance of his or her duties;
(7) Failing to return immediately on demand any uniform, badge, or other item of equipment issued to the private security guard by an employer;
(8) Making any statement that would reasonably cause another person to believe that the private security guard is a sworn peace officer;
(9) Divulging confidential information that may compromise the security of any premises, or valuables shipment, or any activity of a client to which he or she was assigned;
(10) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor or felony or the commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, or corruption whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon such a conviction, however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder or applicant of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the person’s violation of the statute on which it is based. For the purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;

(11) Misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact in obtaining a license or in reinstatement thereof;

(12) Advertising that is false, fraudulent, or misleading;

(13) Incompetence or negligence that results in injury to a person or that creates an unreasonable risk that a person may be harmed;

(14) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual’s license to practice the profession by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of the order, stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;

(15) Failure to cooperate with the director by:
(a) Not furnishing any necessary papers or documents requested by the director for purposes of conducting an investigation for disciplinary action, denial, suspension, or revocation of a license under this chapter;
(b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation covering the matter contained in a complaint filed with the department; or
(c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the director, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding;

(16) Failure to comply with an order issued by the director or an assurance of discontinuance entered into with the disciplining authority;

(17) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice if a license is required;

(18) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of the business or profession;

(19) Failure to adequately supervise employees to the extent that the public health or safety is at risk;

(20) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the director or the director’s authorized representative, or by the use of threats or harassment against a client or witness to prevent them from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or any other legal action;

(21) Assigning or transferring any license issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, except as provided in RCW 18.170.060;

(22) Failure to maintain insurance; and

(23) Failure to have a qualifying principal in place.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 844. A new section is added to chapter 18.170 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend any license issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 845. A new section is added to chapter 18.175 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend a certificate of registration issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 846. A new section is added to chapter 18.185 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend any license issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 847.** RCW 43.20A.205 and 1989 c 175 s 95 are each amended to read as follows:

This section governs the denial of an application for a license or the suspension, revocation, or modification of a license by the department.

(1) The department shall give written notice of the denial of an application for a license to the applicant or his or her agent. The department shall give written notice of revocation, suspension, or modification of a license to the licensee or his or her agent. The notice shall state the reasons for the action. The notice shall be personally served in the manner of service of a summons in a civil action or shall be given in another manner that shows proof of receipt.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and in subsection (4) of this section, revocation, suspension, or modification is effective twenty-eight days after the licensee or the agent receives the notice.

(a) The department may make the date the action is effective later than twenty-eight days after receipt. If the department does so, it shall state the effective date in the written notice given the licensee or agent.

(b) The department may make the date the action is effective sooner than twenty-eight days after receipt when necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the effective date in the written notice given to the licensee or agent.

(c) When the department has received certification pursuant to chapter 74.20A RCW from the division of child support that the licensee is a person who is not in compliance with a support order, the department shall provide that the suspension is effective immediately upon receipt of the suspension notice by the licensee.

(3) Except for licensees suspended for noncompliance with a support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, a license applicant or licensee who is aggrieved by a department denial, revocation, suspension, or modification has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the adverse notice, be served on and received by the department within twenty-eight days of the license applicant’s or licensee’s receiving the adverse notice, and be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt.

(4)(a) If the department gives a licensee twenty-eight or more days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee files an appeal before its effective date, the department shall not implement the adverse action until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if the appellant causes an unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good cause.

(b) If the department gives a licensee less than twenty-eight days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee timely files a sufficient appeal, the department may implement the adverse action on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or reviewing officer may order the department to stay implementation of part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good cause.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 848.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.410 RCW to read as follows:

Any certificate or permit authorized under this chapter or chapter 28A.405 RCW shall be suspended by the authority authorized to grant the certificate or permit if the department of social and health services certifies that the person is not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act. If the person continues to meet other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate or permit shall be automatic after the person provides the authority a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
Sec. 849. RCW 43.70.115 and 1991 c 3 s 377 are each amended to read as follows:

This section governs the denial of an application for a license or the suspension, revocation, or modification of a license by the department. This section does not govern actions taken under chapter 18.130 RCW.

(1) The department shall give written notice of the denial of an application for a license to the applicant or his or her agent. The department shall give written notice of revocation, suspension, or modification of a license to the licensee or his or her agent. The notice shall state the reasons for the action. The notice shall be personally served in the manner of service of a summons in a civil action or shall be given in (an other (another)) another manner that shows proof of receipt.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and in subsection (4) of this section, revocation, suspension, or modification is effective twenty-eight days after the licensee or the agent receives the notice.

(a) The department may make the date the action is effective later than twenty-eight days after receipt. If the department does so, it shall state the effective date in the written notice given the licensee or agent.

(b) The department may make the date the action is effective sooner than twenty-eight days after receipt when necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the effective date in the written notice given to the licensee or agent.

(c) When the department has received certification pursuant to chapter 74.20A RCW from the department of social and health services that the licensee is a person who is not in compliance with a child support order, the department shall provide that the suspension is effective immediately upon receipt of the suspension notice by the licensee.

(3) Except for licensees suspended for noncompliance with a child support order under chapter 74.20A RCW, a license applicant or licensee who is aggrieved by a department denial, revocation, suspension, or modification has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the adverse notice, be served on and received by the department within twenty-eight days of the license applicant’s or licensee’s receiving the adverse notice, and be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt.

(4)(a) If the department gives a licensee twenty-eight or more days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee files an appeal before its effective date, the department shall not implement the adverse action until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if the appellant causes an unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good cause.

(b) If the department gives a licensee less than twenty-eight days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee timely files a sufficient appeal, the department may implement the adverse action on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or reviewing officer may order the department to stay implementation of part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good cause.

Sec. 850. RCW 19.28.310 and 1996 c 241 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department has the power, in case of serious noncompliance with the provisions of this chapter, to revoke or suspend for such a period as it determines, any electrical contractor license or electrical contractor administrator certificate issued under this chapter. The department shall notify the holder of the license or certificate of the revocation or suspension by certified mail. A revocation or suspension is effective twenty days after the holder receives the notice. Any revocation or suspension is subject to review by an appeal to the board. The filing of an appeal stays the effect of a revocation or suspension until the board makes its decision. The appeal shall be filed within twenty days after notice of the revocation or suspension is given by certified mail sent to the address of the holder of the license or certificate as shown on the application for the license or certificate, and shall be effected by filing a written notice of appeal with the department, accompanied by a certified check for two hundred dollars, which shall be returned to the holder of the license or certificate if the decision of the department is not sustained by the board. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. If the board sustains the decision of the department, the two hundred dollars shall be applied by the department to the payment of the per diem and expenses of the members of the board
incurred in the matter, and any balance remaining after payment of per diem and expenses shall be paid into the electrical license fund.

(2) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 851. RCW 19.28.580 and 1988 c 81 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department may revoke any certificate of competency upon the following grounds:
(a) The certificate was obtained through error or fraud;
(b) The holder thereof is judged to be incompetent to work in the electrical construction trade as a journeyman electrician or specialty electrician;
(c) The holder thereof has violated any of the provisions of RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 or any rule adopted under this chapter.

(2) Before any certificate of competency shall be revoked, the holder shall be given written notice of the department's intention to do so, mailed by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the holder's last known address. The notice shall enumerate the allegations against the holder, and shall give the holder the opportunity to request a hearing before the board. At the hearing, the department and the holder may produce witnesses and give testimony. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. The board shall render its decision based upon the testimony and evidence presented, and shall notify the parties immediately upon reaching its decision. A majority of the board shall be necessary to render a decision.

(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 852. RCW 19.30.060 and 1985 c 280 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person may protest the grant or renewal of a license under this section. The director may revoke, suspend, or refuse to issue or renew any license when it is shown that:
(1) The farm labor contractor or any agent of the contractor has violated or failed to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter;
(2) The farm labor contractor has made any misrepresentations or false statements in his or her application for a license;
(3) The conditions under which the license was issued have changed or no longer exist;
(4) The farm labor contractor, or any agent of the contractor, has violated or wilfully aided or abetted any person in the violation of, or failed to comply with, any law of the state of Washington regulating employment in agriculture, the payment of wages to farm employees, or the conditions, terms, or places of employment affecting the health and safety of farm employees, which is applicable to the business activities, or operations of the contractor in his or her capacity as a farm labor contractor;
(5) The farm labor contractor or any agent of the contractor has in recruiting farm labor solicited or induced the violation of any then existing contract of employment of such laborers; or
(6) The farm labor contractor or any agent of the contractor has an unsatisfied judgment against him or her in any state or federal court, arising out of his or her farm labor contracting activities.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 853. RCW 19.16.120 and 1994 c 195 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
In addition to other provisions of this chapter, any license issued pursuant to this chapter or any application therefor may be denied, not renewed, revoked, or suspended, or in lieu of or in addition to suspension a licensee may be assessed a civil, monetary penalty in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars:

(1) If an individual applicant or licensee is less than eighteen years of age or is not a resident of this state.

(2) If an applicant or licensee is not authorized to do business in this state.

(3) If the application or renewal forms required by this chapter are incomplete, fees required under RCW 19.16.140 and 19.16.150, if applicable, have not been paid, and the surety bond or cash deposit or other negotiable security acceptable to the director required by RCW 19.16.190, if applicable, has not been filed or renewed or is canceled.

(4) If any individual applicant, owner, officer, director, or managing employee of a nonindividual applicant or licensee:
   (a) Shall have knowingly made a false statement of a material fact in any application for a collection agency license or an out-of-state collection agency license or renewal thereof, or in any data attached thereto and two years have not elapsed since the date of such statement;
   (b) Shall have had a license to engage in the business of a collection agency or out-of-state collection agency denied, not renewed, suspended, or revoked by this state, any other state, or foreign country, for any reason other than the nonpayment of licensing fees or failure to meet bonding requirements; PROVIDED, That the terms of this subsection shall not apply if:
      (i) Two years have elapsed since the time of any such denial, nonrenewal, or revocation; or
      (ii) The terms of any such suspension have been fulfilled;
   (c) Has been convicted in any court of any felony involving forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, or conspiracy to defraud and is incarcerated for that offense or five years have not elapsed since the date of such conviction;
   (d) Has had any judgment entered against him in any civil action involving forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, or conspiracy to defraud and five years have not elapsed since the date of the entry of the final judgment in said action; PROVIDED, That in no event shall a license be issued unless the judgment debt has been discharged;
   (e) Has had his license to practice law suspended or revoked and two years have not elapsed since the date of such suspension or revocation, unless he has been relicensed to practice law in this state;
   (f) Has had any judgment entered against him or it under the provisions of RCW 19.86.080 or 19.86.090 involving a violation or violations of RCW 19.86.020 and two years have not elapsed since the entry of the final judgment; PROVIDED, That in no event shall a license be issued unless the terms of such judgment, if any, have been fully complied with: PROVIDED FURTHER, That said judgment shall not be grounds for denial, suspension, nonrenewal, or revocation of a license unless the judgment arises out of and is based on acts of the applicant, owner, officer, director, managing employee, or licensee while acting for or as a collection agency or an out-of-state collection agency;
   (g) Has petitioned for bankruptcy, and two years have not elapsed since the filing of said petition;
   (h) Shall be insolvent in the sense that his or its liabilities exceed his or its assets or in the sense that he or it cannot meet his or its obligations as they mature;
   (i) Has failed to pay any civil, monetary penalty assessed in accordance with RCW 19.16.351 or 19.16.360 within ten days after the assessment becomes final;
   (j) Has knowingly failed to comply with, or violated any provisions of this chapter or any rule or regulation issued pursuant to this chapter, and two years have not elapsed since the occurrence of said noncompliance or violation; or
   (k) Has been found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have violated the federal fair debt collection practices act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1692 et seq., or the Washington state consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW, and two years have not elapsed since that finding.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person who is engaged in the collection agency business as of January 1, 1972 shall, upon filing the application, paying the fees, and filing the surety bond or cash deposit or other negotiable security in lieu of bond required by this chapter, be issued a license ([hereunder]) under this chapter.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person
who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 854. RCW 19.31.130 and 1969 ex.s. c 228 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) In accordance with the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW as now or as hereafter amended, the director may by order deny, suspend or revoke the license of any employment agency if he finds that the applicant or licensee:

((a)) Was previously the holder of a license issued under this chapter, which was revoked for cause and never reissued by the director, or which license was suspended for cause and the terms of the suspension have not been fulfilled;

((b)) Has been found guilty of any felony within the past five years involving moral turpitude, or for any misdemeanor concerning fraud or conversion, or suffering any judgment in any civil action involving willful fraud, misrepresentation or conversion;

((c)) Has made a false statement of a material fact in his application or in any data attached thereto;

((d)) Has violated any provisions of this chapter, or failed to comply with any rule or regulation issued by the director pursuant to this chapter.

(2) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 855. RCW 19.32.060 and 1943 c 117 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The director of agriculture may cancel or suspend any such license if he finds after proper investigation that (a) the licensee has violated any provision of this chapter or of any other law of this state relating to the operation of refrigerated lockers or of the sale of any human food in connection therewith, or any regulation effective under any act the administration of which is in the charge of the department of agriculture, or (b) the licensed refrigerated locker premises or any equipment used therein or in connection therewith is in an unsanitary condition and the licensee has failed or refused to remedy the same within ten days after receipt from the director of agriculture of written notice to do so.

(2) No license shall be revoked or suspended by the director without delivery to the licensee of a written statement of the charge involved and an opportunity to answer such charge within ten days from the date of such notice.

(3) Any order made by the director suspending or revoking any license may be reviewed by certiorari in the superior court of the county in which the licensed premises are located, within ten days from the date notice in writing of the director's order revoking or suspending such license has been served upon him.

(4) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 856. RCW 19.105.380 and 1988 c 159 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A registration or an application for registration of camping resort contracts or renewals thereof may by order be denied, suspended, or revoked if the director finds that:

(a) The advertising, sales techniques, or trade practices of the applicant, registrant, or its affiliate or agent have been or are deceptive, false, or misleading;

(b) The applicant or registrant has failed to file copies of the camping resort contract form under RCW 19.105.360;
(c) The applicant, registrant, or affiliate has failed to comply with any provision of this chapter, the rules adopted or the conditions of a permit granted under this chapter, or a stipulation or final order previously entered into by the operator or issued by the department under this chapter;

(d) The applicant’s, registrant’s, or affiliate’s offering of camping resort contracts has worked or would work a fraud upon purchasers or owners of camping resort contracts;

(e) The camping resort operator or any officer, director, or affiliate of the camping resort operator has been within the last five years convicted of or pleaded nolo contendere to any misdemeanor or felony involving conversion, embezzlement, theft, fraud, or dishonesty, has been enjoined from or had any civil penalty assessed for a finding of dishonest dealing or fraud in a civil suit, or been found to have engaged in any violation of any act designed to protect consumers, or has been engaged in dishonest practices in any industry involving sales to consumers;

(f) The applicant or registrant has represented or is representing to purchasers in connection with the offer or sale of a camping resort contract that a camping resort property, facility, amenity camp site, or other development is planned, promised, or required, and the applicant or registrant has not provided the director with a security or assurance of performance as required by this chapter;

(g) The applicant or registrant has not provided or is no longer providing the director with the necessary security arrangements to assure future availability of titles or properties as required by this chapter or agreed to in the permit to market;

(h) The applicant or registrant is or has been employing unregistered salespersons or offering or proposing a membership referral program not in compliance with this chapter;

(i) The applicant or registrant has breached any escrow, impound, reserve account, or trust arrangement or the conditions of an order or permit to market required by this chapter;

(j) The applicant or registrant has breached any stipulation or order entered into in settlement of the department’s filing of a previous administrative action;

(k) The applicant or registrant has filed or caused to be filed with the director any document or affidavit, or made any statement during the course of a registration or exemption procedure with the director, that is materially untrue or misleading;

(l) The applicant or registrant has engaged in a practice of failing to provide the written disclosures to purchasers or prospective purchasers as required under this chapter;

(m) The applicant, registrant, or any of its officers, directors, or employees, if the operator is other than a natural person, have wilfully done, or permitted any of their salespersons or agents to do, any of the following:

(i) Engage in a pattern or practice of making untrue or misleading statements of a material fact, or omitting to state a material fact;

(ii) Employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud purchasers or members;

(iii) Engage in a pattern or practice of failing to provide the written disclosures to purchasers or prospective purchasers as required under this chapter;

(n) The applicant or registrant has failed to provide a bond, letter of credit, or other arrangement to assure delivery of promised gifts, prizes, awards, or other items of consideration, as required under this chapter, breached such a security arrangement, or failed to maintain such a security arrangement in effect because of a resignation or loss of a trustee, impound, or escrow agent;

(o) The applicant or registrant has engaged in a practice of selling contracts using material amendments or codicils that have not been filed or are the consequences of breaches or alterations in previously filed contracts;

(p) The applicant or registrant has engaged in a practice of selling or proposing to sell contracts in a ratio of contracts to sites available in excess of that filed in the affidavit required by this chapter;

(q) The camping resort operator has withdrawn, has the right to withdraw, or is proposing to withdraw from use all or any portion of any camping resort property devoted to the camping resort program, unless:

(i) Adequate provision has been made to provide within a reasonable time thereafter a substitute property in the same general area that is at least as desirable for the purpose of camping and outdoor recreation;

(ii) The property is withdrawn because, despite good faith efforts by the camping resort operator, a nonaffiliate of the camping resort has exercised a right of withdrawal from use by the camping resort (such as withdrawal following expiration of a lease of the property to the camping resort) and the terms of the withdrawal right have been disclosed in writing to all purchasers at or prior
to the time of any sales of camping resort contracts after the camping resort has represented to purchasers that the property is or will be available for camping or recreation purposes;

(iii) The specific date upon which the withdrawal becomes effective has been disclosed in writing to all purchasers and members prior to the time of any sales of camping resort contracts after the camping resort has represented to purchasers that the property is or will be available for camping or recreation purposes;

(iv) The rights of members and owners of the camping resort contracts under the express terms of the camping resort contract have expired, or have been specifically limited, upon the lapse of a stated or determinable period of time, and the director by order has found that the withdrawal is not otherwise inconsistent with the protection of purchasers or the desire of the majority of the owners of camping resort contracts, as expressed in their previously obtained vote of approval;

(r) The format, form, or content of the written disclosures provided therein is not complete, full, or materially accurate, or statements made therein are materially false, misleading, or deceptive;

(s) The applicant or registrant has failed or declined to respond to any subpoena lawfully issued and served by the department under this chapter;

(t) The applicant or registrant has failed to file an amendment for a material change in the manner or at the time required under this chapter or its implementing rules;

(u) The applicant or registrant has filed voluntarily or been placed involuntarily into a federal bankruptcy or is proposing to do so; or

(v) A camping resort operator’s rights or interest in a campground has been terminated by foreclosure or the operations in a camping resort have been terminated in a manner contrary to contract provisions.

(2) Any applicant or registrant who has violated subsection (1)(a), (b), (c), (f), (h), (i), (j), (l), (m), or (n) of this section may be fined by the director in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars for each such violation. Proceedings seeking such fines shall be held in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW and may be filed either separately or in conjunction with other administrative proceedings to deny, suspend, or revoke registrations authorized under this chapter. Fines collected from such proceedings shall be deposited in the state general fund.

(3) An operator, registrant, or applicant against whom administrative or legal proceedings have been filed shall be responsible for and shall reimburse the state, by payment into the general fund, for all administrative and legal costs actually incurred by the department in issuing, processing, and conducting any such administrative or legal proceeding authorized under this chapter that results in a final legal or administrative determination of any type or degree in favor of the department.

(4) No order may be entered under this section without appropriate prior notice to the applicant or registrant of opportunity for a hearing and written findings of fact and conclusions of law, except that the director may by order summarily deny an application for registration or renewal under any of the above subsections and may summarily suspend or revoke a registration under subsection (1)(d), (f), (g), (h), (i), (k), (l), (m), and (n) of this section. No fine may be imposed by summary order.

(5) The proceedings to deny an application or renewal, suspend or revoke a registration or permit, whether summarily or otherwise, or impose a fine shall be held in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

(6) The director may enter into assurances of discontinuance in lieu of issuing a statement of charges or a cease and desist order or conducting a hearing under this chapter. The assurances shall consist of a statement of the law in question and an agreement not to violate the stated provision. The applicant or registrant shall not be required to admit to any violation of the law, nor shall the assurance be construed as such an admission. Violating or breaching an assurance under this subsection is grounds for suspension or revocation of registration or imposition of a fine.

(7) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 857. RCW 19.105.440 and 1988 c 159 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A salesperson may apply for registration by filing in a complete and readable form with the director an application form provided by the director which includes the following:
(a) A statement whether or not the applicant within the past five years has been convicted of, pleaded nolo contendre to, or been ordered to serve probation for a period of a year or more for any misdemeanor or felony involving conversion, embezzlement, theft, fraud, or dishonesty or the applicant has been enjoined from, had any civil penalty assessed for, or been found to have engaged in any violation of any act designed to protect consumers;

(b) A statement fully describing the applicant’s employment history for the past five years and whether or not any termination of employment during the last five years was the result of any theft, fraud, or act of dishonesty;

(c) A consent to service comparable to that required of operators under this chapter; and

(d) Required filing fees.

(2) The director may by order deny, suspend, or revoke a camping resort salesperson’s registration or application for registration under this chapter or the person’s license or application under chapter 18.85 RCW, or impose a fine on such persons not exceeding two hundred dollars per violation, if the director finds that the order is necessary for the protection of purchasers or owners of camping resort contracts and the applicant or registrant is guilty of:

(a) Obtaining registration by means of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment, or through the mistake or inadvertence of the director;

(b) Violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any lawful rules adopted by the director pursuant thereto;

(c) Being convicted in a court of competent jurisdiction of this or any other state, or federal court, of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, bribery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any similar offense or offenses. For the purposes of this section, “being convicted” includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction, and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;

(d) Making, printing, publishing, distributing, or causing, authorizing, or knowingly permitting the making, printing, publication, or distribution of false statements, descriptions, or promises of such character as to reasonably induce any person to act thereon, if the statements, descriptions, or promises purport to be made or to be performed by either the applicant or registrant and the applicant or registrant then knew or, by the exercise of reasonable care and inquiry, could have known, of the falsity of the statements, descriptions, or promises;

(e) Knowingly committing, or being a party to, any material fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, conspiracy, collusion, trick, scheme, or device whereby any other person lawfully relies upon the work, representation, or conduct of the applicant or registrant;

(f) Failing, upon demand, to disclose to the director or the director’s authorized representatives acting by authority of law any information within his or her knowledge or to produce for inspection any document, book or record in his or her possession, which is material to the salesperson’s registration or application for registration;

(g) Continuing to sell camping resort contracts in a manner whereby the interests of the public are endangered, if the director has, by order in writing, stated objections thereto;

(h) Committing any act of fraudulent or dishonest dealing or a crime involving moral turpitude, and a certified copy of the final holding of any court of competent jurisdiction in such matter shall be conclusive evidence in any hearing under this chapter;

(i) Misrepresentation of membership in any state or national association; or

(j) Discrimination against any person in hiring or in sales activity on the basis of race, color, creed, or national origin, or violating any state or federal antidiscrimination law.

(3) No order may be entered under this section without appropriate prior notice to the applicant or registrant of opportunity for a hearing and written findings of fact and conclusions of law, except that the director may by order summarily deny an application for registration under this section.

(4) The proceedings to deny an application or renewal, suspend or revoke a registration or permit, whether summarily or otherwise, or impose a fine shall be held in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

(5) The director, subsequent to any complaint filed against a salesperson or pursuant to an investigation to determine violations, may enter into stipulated assurances of discontinuance in lieu of issuing a statement of charges or a cease and desist order or conducting a hearing. The assurance shall consist of a statement of the law in question and an agreement not to violate the stated provision. The salesperson shall not be required to admit to any violation of the law, nor shall the assurance be
construed as such an admission. Violation of an assurance under this subsection is grounds for a
disciplinary action, a suspension of registration, or a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars.

(6) The director may by rule require such further information or conditions for registration as a
camping resort salesperson, including qualifying examinations and fingerprint cards prepared by
authorized law enforcement agencies, as the director deems necessary to protect the interests of
purchasers.

(7) Registration as a camping resort salesperson shall be effective for a period of one year
unless the director specifies otherwise or the salesperson transfers employment to a different registrant.
Registration as a camping resort salesperson shall be renewed annually, or at the time of transferring
employment, whichever occurs first, by the filing of a form prescribed by the director for that purpose.

(8) It is unlawful for a registrant of camping resort contracts to employ or a person to act as a
camping resort salesperson covered under this section unless the salesperson has in effect with the
department and displays a valid registration in a conspicuous location at each of the sales offices at
which the salesperson is employed. It is the responsibility of both the operator and the salesperson to
notify the department when and where a salesperson is employed, his or her responsibilities and duties,
and when the salesperson’s employment or reported duties are changed or terminated.

(9) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been
certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person
who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other
requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be
automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services
stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 858. RCW 19.138.130 and 1996 c 180 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director may deny, suspend, or revoke the registration of a seller of travel if the
director finds that the applicant:

(a) Was previously the holder of a registration issued under this chapter, and the registration
was revoked for cause and never reissuued by the director, or the registration was suspended for cause
and the terms of the suspension have not been fulfilled;

(b) Has been found guilty of a felony within the past five years involving moral turpitude, or of
a misdemeanor concerning fraud or conversion, or suffers a judgment in a civil action involving willful
fraud, misrepresentation, or conversion;

(c) Has made a false statement of a material fact in an application under this chapter or in data
attached to it;

(d) Has violated this chapter or failed to comply with a rule adopted by the director under this
chapter;

(e) Has failed to display the registration as provided in this chapter;

(f) Has published or circulated a statement with the intent to deceive, misrepresent, or mislead
the public; or

(g) Has committed a fraud or fraudulent practice in the operation and conduct of a travel
agency business, including, but not limited to, intentionally misleading advertising.

(2) If the seller of travel is found in violation of this chapter or in violation of the consumer
protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW, by the entry of a judgment or by settlement of a claim, the director
may revoke the registration of the seller of travel, and the director may reinstate the registration at the
director’s discretion.

(3) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been
certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person
who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other
requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be
automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services
stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 859. RCW 19.158.050 and 1989 c 20 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In order to maintain or defend a lawsuit or do any business in this state, a commercial
telephone solicitor must be registered with the department of licensing. Prior to doing business in this
state, a commercial telephone solicitor shall register with the department of licensing. Doing business
in this state includes both commercial telephone solicitation from a location in Washington and solicitation of purchasers located in Washington.

(2) The department of licensing, in registering commercial telephone solicitors, shall have the authority to require the submission of information necessary to assist in identifying and locating a commercial telephone solicitor, including past business history, prior judgments, and such other information as may be useful to purchasers.

(3) The department of licensing shall issue a registration number to the commercial telephone solicitor.

(4) It is a violation of this chapter for a commercial telephone solicitor to:
   (a) Fail to maintain a valid registration;
   (b) Advertise that one is registered as a commercial telephone solicitor or to represent that such registration constitutes approval or endorsement by any government or governmental office or agency;
   (c) Provide inaccurate or incomplete information to the department of licensing when making a registration application; or
   (d) Represent that a person is registered or that such person has a valid registration number when such person does not.

(5) An annual registration fee shall be assessed by the department of licensing, the amount of which shall be determined at the discretion of the director of the department of licensing, and which shall be reasonably related to the cost of administering the provisions of this chapter.

(6) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 860. RCW 19.166.040 and 1995 c 60 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An application for registration as an international student exchange visitor placement organization shall be submitted in the form prescribed by the secretary of state. The application shall include:
   (a) Evidence that the organization meets the standards established by the secretary of state under RCW 19.166.050;
   (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the organization, its chief executive officer, and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for supervising placements within the state;
   (c) The organization’s unified business identification number, if any;
   (d) The organization’s United States Information Agency number, if any;
   (e) Evidence of council on standards for international educational travel listing, if any;
   (f) Whether the organization is exempt from federal income tax; and
   (g) A list of the organization’s placements in Washington for the previous academic year including the number of students placed, their home countries, the school districts in which they were placed, and the length of their placements.

(2) The application shall be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for supervising placements within Washington. If the secretary of state determines that the application is complete, the secretary of state shall file the application and the applicant is registered.

(3) International student exchange visitor placement organizations that have registered shall inform the secretary of state of any changes in the information required under subsection (1) of this section within thirty days of the change.

(4) Registration shall be renewed annually as established by rule by the office of the secretary of state.

(5) The office of the secretary of state shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the office of the secretary of state’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 861. A new section is added to chapter 20.01 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 862. RCW 21.20.110 and 1994 c 256 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

The director may by order deny, suspend, or revoke registration of any broker-dealer, salesperson, investment adviser representative, or investment adviser; censure or fine the registrant or an officer, director, partner, or person occupying similar functions for a registrant; or restrict or limit a registrant’s function or activity of business for which registration is required in this state; if the director finds that the order is in the public interest and that the applicant or registrant or, in the case of a broker-dealer or investment adviser, any partner, officer, or director:

(1) Has filed an application for registration under this section which, as of its effective date, or as of any date after filing in the case of an order denying effectiveness, was incomplete in any material respect or contained any statement which was, in the light of the circumstances under which it was made, false, or misleading with respect to any material fact;
(2) Has willfully violated or willfully failed to comply with any provision of this chapter or a predecessor act or any rule or order under this chapter or a predecessor act, or any provision of chapter 21.30 RCW or any rule or order thereunder;
(3) Has been convicted, within the past five years, of any misdemeanor involving a security, or a commodity contract or commodity option as defined in RCW 21.30.010, or any aspect of the securities or investment commodities business, or any felony involving moral turpitude;
(4) Is permanently or temporarily enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice involving any aspect of the securities or investment commodities business;
(5) Is the subject of an order of the director denying, suspending, or revoking registration as a broker-dealer, salesperson, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative;
(6) Is the subject of an order entered within the past five years by the securities administrator of any other state or by the federal securities and exchange commission denying or revoking registration as a broker-dealer or salesperson, or a commodity broker-dealer or sales representative, or the substantial equivalent of those terms as defined in this chapter or by the commodity futures trading commission denying or revoking registration as a commodity merchant as defined in RCW 21.30.010, or is the subject of an order of suspension or expulsion from membership in or association with a self-regulatory organization registered under the securities exchange act of 1934 or the federal commodity exchange act, or is the subject of a United States post office fraud order; but (a) the director may not institute a revocation or suspension proceeding under this clause more than one year from the date of the order relied on, and (b) the director may not enter any order under this clause on the basis of an order unless that order was based on facts which would currently constitute a ground for an order under this section;
(7) Has engaged in dishonest or unethical practices in the securities or investment commodities business;
(8) Is insolvent, either in the sense that his or her liabilities exceed his or her assets or in the sense that he or she cannot meet his or her obligations as they mature; but the director may not enter an order against a broker-dealer or investment adviser under this clause without a finding of insolvency as to the broker-dealer or investment adviser;
(9) Has not complied with a condition imposed by the director under RCW 21.20.100, or is not qualified on the basis of such factors as training, experience, or knowledge of the securities business; or
(10)(a) Has failed to supervise reasonably a salesperson or an investment adviser representative. For the purposes of this subsection, no person fails to supervise reasonably another person, if:
(i) There are established procedures, and a system for applying those procedures, that would reasonably be expected to prevent and detect, insofar as practicable, any violation by another person of this chapter, or a rule or order under this chapter; and
(ii) The supervising person has reasonably discharged the duties and obligations required by these procedures and system without reasonable cause to believe that another person was violating this chapter or rules or orders under this chapter.

(b) The director may issue a summary order pending final determination of a proceeding under this section upon a finding that it is in the public interest and necessary or appropriate for the protection of investors. The director may not impose a fine under this section except after notice and opportunity for hearing. The fine imposed under this section may not exceed five thousand dollars for each act or omission that constitutes the basis for issuing the order.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 863. A new section is added to chapter 48.17 RCW to read as follows:
The commissioner shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the commissioner’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 864. A new section is added to chapter 74.15 RCW to read as follows:
The secretary shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the secretary’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 865. A new section is added to chapter 47.68 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 866. A new section is added to chapter 71.12 RCW to read as follows:
The department of health shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department of health’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 867. RCW 66.20.320 and 1996 c 311 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The board shall regulate a required alcohol server education program that includes:
(a) Development of the curriculum and materials for the education program;
(b) Examination and examination procedures;
(c) Certification procedures, enforcement policies, and penalties for education program instructors and providers;
(d) The curriculum for an approved class 12 alcohol permit training program that includes but is not limited to the following subjects:
   (i) The physiological effects of alcohol including the effects of alcohol in combination with drugs;
(ii) Liability and legal information;
(iii) Driving while intoxicated;
(iv) Intervention with the problem customer, including ways to stop service, ways to deal with the belligerent customer, and alternative means of transportation to get the customer safely home;
(v) Methods for checking proper identification of customers;
(vi) Nationally recognized programs, such as TAM (Techniques in Alcohol Management) and TIPS (Training for Intervention Programs) modified to include Washington laws and regulations.

(2) The board shall provide the program through liquor licensee associations, independent contractors, private persons, private or public schools certified by the board, or any combination of such providers.

(3) Except as provided in section 869 of this act, each training entity shall provide a class 12 permit to the manager or bartender who has successfully completed a course the board has certified. A list of the individuals receiving the class 12 permit shall be forwarded to the board on the completion of each course given by the training entity.

(4) After January 1, 1997, the board shall require all alcohol servers applying for a class 13 alcohol server permit to view a video training session. Retail liquor licensees shall fully compensate employees for the time spent participating in this training session.

(5) When requested by a retail liquor licensee, the board shall provide copies of videotaped training programs that have been produced by private vendors and make them available for a nominal fee to cover the cost of purchasing and shipment, with the fees being deposited in the liquor revolving fund for distribution to the board as needed.

(6) Each training entity may provide the board with a video program of not less than one hour that covers the subjects in subsection (1)(d)(i) through (v) of this section that will be made available to a licensee for the training of a class 13 alcohol server.

(7) Except as provided in section 869 of this act, applicants shall be given a class 13 permit upon the successful completion of the program.

(8) A list of the individuals receiving the class 13 permit shall be forwarded to the board on the completion of each video training program.

(9) The board shall develop a model permit for the class 12 and 13 permits. The board may provide such permits to training entities or licensees for a nominal cost to cover production.

(a) Persons who have completed a nationally recognized alcohol management or intervention program since July 1, 1993, may be issued a class 12 or 13 permit upon providing proof of completion of such training to the board.

(b) Persons who completed the board’s alcohol server training program after July 1, 1993, but before July 1, 1995, may be issued a class 13 permit upon providing proof of completion of such training to the board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 868. A new section is added to chapter 66.20 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 869. A new section is added to chapter 66.24 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 870. A new section is added to chapter 88.02 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the vessel registration or vessel dealer’s registration of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued
to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the registration shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 871. RCW 67.08.040 and 1993 c 278 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in RCW 67.08.100, upon the approval by the department of any application for a license, as hereinabove provided, and the filing of the bond the department shall forthwith issue such license.

Sec. 872. RCW 67.08.100 and 1993 c 278 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department may grant annual licenses upon application in compliance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the director, and the payment of the fees, the amount of which is to be set by the director in accordance with RCW 43.24.086, prescribed to promoters, managers, referees, boxers, wrestlers, and seconds: PROVIDED, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to contestants or participants in strictly amateur contests and/or fraternal organizations and/or veterans' organizations chartered by congress or the defense department or any bona fide athletic club which is a member of the Pacific northwest association of the amateur athletic union of the United States, holding and promoting athletic contests and where all funds are used primarily for the benefit of their members.

(2) Any such license may be revoked by the department for any cause which it shall deem sufficient.

(3) No person shall participate or serve in any of the above capacities unless licensed as provided in this chapter.

(4) The referee for any boxing contest shall be designated by the department from among such licensed referees.

(5) The referee for any wrestling exhibition or show shall be provided by the promoter and licensed by the department.

(6) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 873. RCW 19.02.100 and 1991 c 72 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall not issue or renew a master license to any person if:

(a) The person does not have a valid tax registration, if required;

(b) The person is a corporation delinquent in fees or penalties owing to the secretary of state or is not validly registered under Title 23B RCW, chapter 18.100 RCW, Title 24 RCW, and any other statute now or hereafter adopted which gives corporate or business licensing responsibilities to the secretary of state; or

(c) The person has not submitted the sum of all fees and deposits required for the requested individual license endorsements, any outstanding master license delinquency fee, or other fees and penalties to be collected through the system.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prevent registration by the state of an employer for the purpose of paying an employee of that employer industrial insurance or unemployment insurance benefits.

(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 874. RCW 43.24.080 and 1979 c 158 s 99 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in section 877 of this act, at the close of each examination the department of licensing shall prepare the proper licenses, where no further fee is required to be paid, and issue licenses to the successful applicants signed by the director and notify all successful applicants, where a further fee is required, of the fact that they are entitled to receive such license upon the payment of
such further fee to the department of licensing and notify all applicants who have failed to pass the examination of that fact.

**Sec. 875.** RCW 43.24.110 and 1986 c 259 s 149 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as provided in section 877 of this act, whenever there is filed in a matter under the jurisdiction of the director of licensing any complaint charging that the holder of a license has been guilty of any act or omission which by the provisions of the law under which the license was issued would warrant the revocation thereof, verified in the manner provided by law, the director of licensing shall request the governor to appoint, and the governor shall appoint within thirty days of the request, two qualified practitioners of the profession or calling of the person charged, who, with the director or his duly appointed representative, shall constitute a committee to hear and determine the charges and, in case the charges are sustained, impose the penalty provided by law. In addition, the governor shall appoint a consumer member of the committee.

The decision of any three members of such committee shall be the decision of the committee.

The appointed members of the committee shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.240 and shall be reimbursed for their travel expenses, in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

**Sec. 876.** RCW 43.24.120 and 1987 c 202 s 212 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as provided in section 877 of this act, any person feeling aggrieved by the refusal of the director to issue a license, or to renew one, or by the revocation or suspension of a license shall have a right of appeal to superior court from the decision of the director of licensing, which shall be taken, prosecuted, heard, and determined in the manner provided in chapter 34.05 RCW.

The decision of the superior court may be reviewed by the supreme court or the court of appeals in the same manner as other civil cases.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 877.** A new section is added to chapter 43.24 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend any license issued by the department of licensing of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 878.** RCW 70.74.110 and 1988 c 198 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
All persons engaged in the manufacture of explosives, or any process involving explosives, or where explosives are used as a component part in the manufacture of any article or device, on (the date when this 1969 amendatory act takes effect) August 11, 1969, shall within sixty days thereafter, and all persons engaging in the manufacture of explosives, or any process involving explosives, or where explosives are used as a component part in the manufacture of any article or device after (this act takes effect) August 11, 1969, shall, before so engaging, make an application in writing, subscribed to by such person or his agent, to the department of labor and industries, the application stating:

1. Location of place of manufacture or processing;
2. Kind of explosives manufactured, processed or used;
3. The distance that such explosives manufacturing building is located or intended to be located from the other factory buildings, magazines, inhabited buildings, railroads and highways and public utility transmission systems;
4. The name and address of the applicant;
5. The reason for desiring to manufacture explosives;
6. The applicant’s citizenship, if the applicant is an individual;
7. If the applicant is a partnership, the names and addresses of the partners, and their citizenship;
8. If the applicant is an association or corporation, the names and addresses of the officers and directors thereof, and their citizenship; and
9. Such other pertinent information as the director of labor and industries shall require to effectuate the purpose of this chapter.
There shall be kept in the main office on the premises of each explosives manufacturing plant a plan of said plant showing the location of all explosives manufacturing buildings and the distance they are located from other factory buildings where persons are employed and from magazines, and these plans shall at all times be open to inspection by duly authorized inspectors of the department of labor and industries. The superintendent of each plant shall upon demand of said inspector furnish the following information:
(a) The maximum amount and kind of explosive material which is or will be present in each building at one time.
(b) The nature and kind of work carried on in each building and whether or not said buildings are surrounded by natural or artificial barricades.

Except as provided in RCW 70.74.370, the department of labor and industries shall as soon as possible after receiving such application cause an inspection to be made of the explosives manufacturing plant, and if found to be in accordance with RCW 70.74.030 and 70.74.050 and 70.74.061, such department shall issue a license to the person applying therefor showing compliance with the provisions of this chapter if the applicant demonstrates that either the applicant or the officers, agents or employees of the applicant are sufficiently experienced in the manufacture of explosives and the applicant meets the qualifications for a license under RCW 70.74.360. Such license shall continue in full force and effect until expired, suspended, or revoked by the department pursuant to this chapter.

Sec. 879. RCW 70.74.130 and 1988 c 198 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
Every person desiring to engage in the business of dealing in explosives shall apply to the department of labor and industries for a license therefor. Said application shall state, among other things:
(1) The name and address of applicant;
(2) The reason for desiring to engage in the business of dealing in explosives;
(3) Citizenship, if an individual applicant;
(4) If a partnership, the names and addresses of the partners and their citizenship;
(5) If an association or corporation, the names and addresses of the officers and directors thereof and their citizenship; and
(6) Such other pertinent information as the director of labor and industries shall require to effectuate the purpose of this chapter.

Except as provided in RCW 70.74.370, the department of labor and industries shall issue the license if the applicant demonstrates that either the applicant or the principal officers, agents, or employees of the applicant are experienced in the business of dealing in explosives, possess suitable facilities therefor, have not been convicted of any crime that would warrant revocation or nonrenewal of a license under this chapter, and have never had an explosives-related license revoked under this chapter or under similar provisions of any other state.

Sec. 880. RCW 70.74.370 and 1988 c 198 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department of labor and industries shall revoke and not renew the license of any person holding a manufacturer, dealer, purchaser, user, or storage license upon conviction of any of the following offenses, which conviction has become final:
(a) A violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
(b) A crime involving perjury or false swearing, including the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the department of labor and industries in an application or report made pursuant to this title;
(c) A crime involving bomb threats;
(d) A crime involving a schedule I or II controlled substance, or any other drug or alcohol related offense, unless such other drug or alcohol related offense does not reflect a drug or alcohol dependency. However, the department of labor and industries may condition renewal of the license to any convicted person suffering a drug or alcohol dependency who is participating in an alcoholism or drug recovery program acceptable to the department of labor and industries and has established control of their alcohol or drug dependency. The department of labor and industries shall require the licensee to provide proof of such participation and control;
(e) A crime relating to possession, use, transfer, or sale of explosives under this chapter or any other chapter of the Revised Code of Washington.
(2) The department of labor and industries shall revoke the license of any person adjudged to be mentally ill or insane, or to be incompetent due to any mental disability or disease. The director shall not renew the license until the person has been restored to competency.

(3) The department of labor and industries is authorized to suspend, for a period of time not to exceed six months, the license of any person who has violated this chapter or the rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter.

(4) The department of labor and industries may revoke the license of any person who has repeatedly violated this chapter or the rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter, or who has twice had his or her license suspended under this chapter.

(5) The department of labor and industries shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department of labor and industries' receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

(6) Upon receipt of notification by the department of labor and industries of revocation or suspension, a licensee must surrender immediately to the department any or all such licenses revoked or suspended.

Sec. 881. RCW 66.24.010 and 1995 c 232 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, and the holder thereof shall not allow any other person to use the license.

(2) For the purpose of considering any application for a license, the board may cause an inspection of the premises to be made, and may inquire into all matters in connection with the construction and operation of the premises. For the purpose of reviewing any application for a license and for considering the denial, suspension or revocation of any license, the liquor control board may consider any prior criminal conduct of the applicant and the provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and of chapter 9.96A RCW shall not apply to such cases. The board may, in its discretion, grant or refuse the license applied for. Authority to approve an uncontested or unopposed license may be granted by the board to any staff member the board designates in writing. Conditions for granting such authority shall be adopted by rule. No retail license of any kind may be issued to:

(a) A person who has not resided in the state for at least one month prior to making application, except in cases of licenses issued to dining places on railroads, boats, or aircraft;

(b) A copartnership, unless all of the members thereof are qualified to obtain a license, as provided in this section;

(c) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent, unless such manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee; or

(d) A corporation, unless it was created under the laws of the state of Washington or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in the state of Washington.

(3)(a) The board may, in its discretion, subject to the provisions of RCW 66.08.150, suspend or cancel any license; and all rights of the licensee to keep or sell liquor thereunder shall be suspended or terminated, as the case may be.

(b) The board shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

(c) The board may request the appointment of administrative law judges under chapter 34.12 RCW who shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony, examine witnesses, and to receive testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state, under such rules and regulations as the board may adopt.

(d) Witnesses shall be allowed fees and mileage each way to and from any such inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding at the rate authorized by RCW 34.05.446, as now or hereafter amended. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.
(e) In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the order of the board or a subpoena issued by the board, or any of its members, or administrative law judges, or on the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person resides, on application of any member of the board or administrative law judge, shall compel obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said court or a refusal to testify therein.

(4) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a license, the licensee shall forthwith deliver up the license to the board. Where the license has been suspended only, the board shall return the license to the licensee at the expiration or termination of the period of suspension. The board shall notify all vendors in the city or place where the licensee has its premises of the suspension or cancellation of the license; and no employee may allow or cause any liquor to be delivered to or for any person at the premises of that licensee.

(5)(a) At the time of the original issuance of a class H license, the board shall prorate the license fee charged to the new licensee according to the number of calendar quarters, or portion thereof, remaining until the first renewal of that license is required.

(b) Unless sooner canceled, every license issued by the board shall expire at midnight of the thirtieth day of June of the fiscal year for which it was issued. However, if the board deems it feasible and desirable to do so, it may establish, by rule pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, a system for staggering the annual renewal dates for any and all licenses authorized by this chapter. If such a system of staggered annual renewal dates is established by the board, the license fees provided by this chapter shall be appropriately prorated during the first year that the system is in effect.

(6) Every license issued under this section shall be subject to all conditions and restrictions imposed by this title or by the regulations in force from time to time. All conditions and restrictions imposed by the board in the issuance of an individual license shall be listed on the face of the individual license along with the trade name, address, and expiration date.

(7) Every licensee shall post and keep posted its license, or licenses, in a conspicuous place on the premises.

(8) Before the board shall issue a license to an applicant it shall give notice of such application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town, if the application be for a license within an incorporated city or town, or to the county legislative authority, if the application be for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns; and such incorporated city or town, through the official or employee selected by it, or the county legislative authority or the official or employee selected by it, shall have the right to file with the board within twenty days after date of transmittal of such notice, written objections against the applicant or against the premises for which the license is asked, and shall include with such objections a statement of all facts upon which such objections are based, and in case written objections are filed, may request and the liquor control board may in its discretion hold a formal hearing subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. Upon the granting of a license under this title the board shall send a duplicate of the license or written notification to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town in which the license is granted, or to the county legislative authority if the license is granted outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.

(9) Before the board issues any license to any applicant, it shall give (a) due consideration to the location of the business to be conducted under such license with respect to the proximity of churches, schools, and public institutions and (b) written notice by certified mail of the application to churches, schools, and public institutions within five hundred feet of the premises to be licensed. The board shall issue no beer retailer license class A, B, D, or E or wine retailer license class C or F or class H license covering any premises not now licensed, if such premises are within five hundred feet of the premises of any tax-supported public elementary or secondary school measured along the most direct route over or across established public walks, streets, or other public passageway from the outer property line of the school grounds to the nearest public entrance of the premises proposed for license, and if, after receipt by the school or public institution of the notice as provided in this subsection, the board receives written notice, within twenty days after posting such notice, from an official representative or representatives of the school within five hundred feet of said proposed licensed premises, indicating to the board that there is an objection to the issuance of such license because of proximity to a school. For the purpose of this section, church shall mean a building erected for and used exclusively for religious worship and schooling or other activity in connection therewith. No liquor license may be issued or reissued by the board to any motor sports facility or licensee operating
within the motor sports facility unless the motor sports facility enforces a program reasonably calculated to prevent alcohol or alcoholic beverages not purchased within the facility from entering the facility and such program is approved by local law enforcement agencies. It is the intent under this subsection that a retail license shall not be issued by the board where doing so would, in the judgment of the board, adversely affect a private school meeting the requirements for private schools under Title 28A RCW, which school is within five hundred feet of the proposed licensee. The board shall fully consider and give substantial weight to objections filed by private schools. If a license is issued despite the proximity of a private school, the board shall state in a letter addressed to the private school the board’s reasons for issuing the license.

(10) The restrictions set forth in subsection (9) of this section shall not prohibit the board from authorizing the assumption of existing licenses now located within the restricted area by other persons or licenses or relocations of existing licensed premises within the restricted area. In no case may the licensed premises be moved closer to a church or school than it was before the assumption or relocation.

(11) Nothing in this section prohibits the board, in its discretion, from issuing a temporary retail or wholesaler license to an applicant assuming an existing retail or wholesaler license to continue the operation of the retail or wholesaler premises during the period the application for the license is pending and when the following conditions exist:

(a) The licensed premises has been operated under a retail or wholesaler license within ninety days of the date of filing the application for a temporary license;

(b) The retail or wholesaler license for the premises has been surrendered pursuant to issuance of a temporary operating license;

(c) The applicant for the temporary license has filed with the board an application to assume the retail or wholesaler license at such premises to himself or herself; and

(d) The application for a temporary license is accompanied by a temporary license fee established by the board by rule.

A temporary license issued by the board under this section shall be for a period not to exceed sixty days. A temporary license may be extended at the discretion of the board for an additional sixty-day period upon payment of an additional fee and upon compliance with all conditions required in this section.

Sec. 882. RCW 43.63B.040 and 1994 c 284 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall issue a certificate of manufactured home installation to an applicant who has taken the training course, passed the examination, paid the fees, and in all other respects ((meets(s)) meets the qualifications. The certificate shall bear the date of issuance, a certification identification number, and is renewable every three years upon application and completion of a continuing education program as determined by the department. A renewal fee shall be assessed for each certificate. If a person fails to renew a certificate by the renewal date, the person must retake the examination and pay the examination fee.

(2) The certificate of manufactured home installation provided for in this chapter grants the holder the right to engage in manufactured home installation throughout the state, without any other installer certification.

(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 883. RCW 70.95D.040 and 1989 c 431 s 68 are each amended to read as follows:
The department shall establish a process to certify incinerator and landfill operators. To the greatest extent possible, the department shall rely on the certification standards and procedures developed by national organizations and the federal government.

Operators shall be certified if they:
(a) Attend the required training sessions;
(b) Successfully complete required examinations; and
(c) Pay the prescribed fee.

By January 1, 1991, the department shall adopt rules to require incinerator and appropriate landfill operators to:
(a) Attend a training session concerning the operation of the relevant type of landfill or incinerator;
(b) Demonstrate sufficient skill and competency for proper operation of the incinerator or landfill by successfully completing an examination prepared by the department; and
(c) Renew the certificate of competency at reasonable intervals established by the department.

The department shall provide for the collection of fees for the issuance and renewal of certificates. These fees shall be sufficient to recover the costs of the certification program.

The department shall establish an appeals process for the denial or revocation of a certificate.

The department shall establish a process to automatically certify operators who have received comparable certification from another state, the federal government, a local government, or a professional association.

Upon July 23, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1992, the owner or operator of an incinerator or landfill may apply to the department for interim certification. Operators shall receive interim certification if they:
(a) Have received training provided by a recognized national organization, educational institution, or the federal government that is acceptable to the department; or
(b) Have received individualized training in a manner approved by the department; and
(c) Have successfully completed any required examinations.

No interim certification shall be valid after January 1, 1992, and interim certification shall not automatically qualify operators for certification pursuant to subsections (2) through (4) of this section.

The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 884. A new section is added to chapter 70.95B RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 885. RCW 17.21.130 and 1994 c 283 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
Any license, permit, or certification provided for in this chapter may be revoked or suspended, and any license, permit, or certification application may be denied by the director for cause. If the director suspends a license under this chapter with respect to activity of a continuing nature under chapter 34.05 RCW, the director may elect to suspend the license for a subsequent license year during a period that coincides with the period commencing thirty days before and ending thirty days after the date of the incident or incidents giving rise to the violation.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be
automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 886. RCW 64.44.060 and 1990 c 213 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After January 1, 1991, a contractor may not perform decontamination, demolition, or disposal work unless issued a certificate by the state department of health. The department shall establish performance standards for contractors by rule in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act. The department shall train and test, or may approve courses to train and test, contractors and their employees on the essential elements in assessing property used as an illegal drug manufacturing or storage site to determine hazard reduction measures needed, techniques for adequately reducing contaminants, use of personal protective equipment, methods for proper demolition, removal, and disposal of contaminated property, and relevant federal and state regulations. Upon successful completion of the training, the contractor or employee shall be certified.

(2) The department may require the successful completion of annual refresher courses provided or approved by the department for the continued certification of the contractor or employee.

(3) The department shall provide for reciprocal certification of any individual trained to engage in decontamination, demolition, or disposal work in another state when the prior training is shown to be substantially similar to the training required by the department. The department may require such individuals to take an examination or refresher course before certification.

(4) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate for failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter. A certificate may be denied, suspended, or revoked on any of the following grounds:

(a) Failing to perform decontamination, demolition, or disposal work under the supervision of trained personnel;
(b) Failing to file a work plan;
(c) Failing to perform work pursuant to the work plan;
(d) Failing to perform work that meets the requirements of the department; ((or))
(e) The certificate was obtained by error, misrepresentation, or fraud; or
(f) If the person has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

(5) A contractor who violates any provision of this chapter may be assessed a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars for each violation.

(6) The department of health shall prescribe fees as provided for in RCW 43.70.250 for the issuance and renewal of certificates, the administration of examinations, and for the review of training courses.

(7) The decontamination account is hereby established in the state treasury. All fees collected under this chapter shall be deposited in this account. Moneys in the account may only be spent after appropriation for costs incurred by the department in the administration and enforcement of this chapter.

Sec. 887. RCW 19.146.220 and 1996 c 103 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall enforce all laws and rules relating to the licensing of mortgage brokers, grant or deny licenses to mortgage brokers, and hold hearings.

(2) The director may impose the following sanctions:
(a) Deny applications for licenses for: (i) Violations of orders, including cease and desist orders issued under this chapter; or (ii) any violation of RCW 19.146.050 or 19.146.0201 (1) through (9);
(b) Suspend or revoke licenses for:
(i) False statements or omission of material information on the application that, if known, would have allowed the director to deny the application for the original license;
(ii) Failure to pay a fee required by the director or maintain the required bond;
(iii) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director; or
(iv) Any violation of RCW 19.146.050, 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (13), 19.146.205(3), or 19.146.265;
(c) Impose fines on the licensee, employee or loan originator of the licensee, or other person subject to this chapter for:
   (i) Any violations of RCW 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (13), 19.146.030 through 19.146.090, 19.146.200, 19.146.205(3), or 19.146.265; or
   (ii) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director;
(d) Issue orders directing a licensee, its employee or loan originator, or other person subject to this chapter to:
   (i) Cease and desist from conducting business in a manner that is injurious to the public or violates any provision of this chapter; or
   (ii) Pay restitution to an injured borrower; or
(e) Issue orders removing from office or prohibiting from participation in the conduct of the affairs of a licensed mortgage broker, or both, any officer, principal, employee, or loan originator of any licensed mortgage broker or any person subject to licensing under this chapter for:
   (i) Any violation of 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (13), 19.146.030 through 19.146.090, 19.146.200, 19.146.205(3), or 19.146.265; or
   (ii) False statements or omission of material information on the application that, if known, would have allowed the director to deny the application for the original license;
   (iii) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct or a felony after obtaining a license; or
   (iv) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director.
(3) Each day’s continuance of a violation or failure to comply with any directive or order of the director is a separate and distinct violation or failure.
(4) The director shall establish by rule standards for licensure of applicants licensed in other jurisdictions. Every licensed mortgage broker that does not maintain a physical office within the state must maintain a registered agent within the state to receive service of any lawful process in any judicial or administrative noncriminal suit, action, or proceeding, against the licensed mortgage broker which arises under this chapter or any rule or order under this chapter, with the same force and validity as if served personally on the licensed mortgage broker. Service upon the registered agent shall be effective if the plaintiff, who may be the director in a suit, action, or proceeding instituted by him or her, sends notice of the service and a copy of the process by registered mail to the defendant or respondent at the last address of the respondent or defendant on file with the director. In any judicial action, suit, or proceeding arising under this chapter or any rule or order adopted under this chapter between the department or director and a licensed mortgage broker who does not maintain a physical office in this state, venue shall be exclusively in the superior court of Thurston county.
(5) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 888. A new section is added to chapter 75.25 RCW to read as follows: The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 889. A new section is added to chapter 77.32 RCW to read as follows: The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
Sec. 890. RCW 75.25.150 and 1994 c 255 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
It is unlawful to dig for, fish for, harvest, or possess shellfish, food fish, or seaweed without the licenses required by this chapter or with a suspended license pursuant to section 802 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 891. A new section is added to chapter 75.25 RCW to read as follows:
Licenses issued pursuant to this chapter shall be invalid for any period in which a person is certified by the department of social and health services as a person in noncompliance with a support order. Fisheries patrol officers, ex officio fisheries patrol officers, and authorized fisheries employees shall enforce this section through checks of the department of licensing’s computer data base. Presentation of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with an order shall serve as prima facie proof of compliance with a support order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 892. A new section is added to chapter 77.32 RCW to read as follows:
Licenses issued pursuant to this chapter shall be invalid for any period in which a person is certified by the department of social and health services as a person in noncompliance with a support order. Wildlife agents and ex officio wildlife agents shall enforce this section through checks of the department of licensing’s computer data base. Presentation of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with an order shall serve as prima facie proof of compliance with a support order.

Sec. 893. RCW 75.28.010 and 1993 c 340 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as otherwise provided by this title, it is unlawful to engage in any of the following activities without a license or permit issued by the director:
(a) Commercially fish for or take food fish or shellfish;
(b) Deliver food fish or shellfish taken in offshore waters;
(c) Operate a charter boat or commercial fishing vessel engaged in a fishery;
(d) Engage in processing or wholesaling food fish or shellfish; or
(e) Act as a guide for salmon for personal use in freshwater rivers and streams, other than that part of the Columbia river below the bridge at Longview.
(2) No person may engage in the activities described in subsection (1) of this section unless the licenses or permits required by this title are in the person’s possession, and the person is the named license holder or an alternate operator designated on the license, and the person’s license is not suspended pursuant to section 894 of this act.
(3) A valid Oregon license that is equivalent to a license under this title is valid in the concurrent waters of the Columbia river if the state of Oregon recognizes as valid the equivalent Washington license. The director may identify by rule what Oregon licenses are equivalent.
(4) No license or permit is required for the production or harvesting of private sector cultured aquatic products as defined in RCW 15.85.020 or for the delivery, processing, or wholesaling of such aquatic products. However, if a means of identifying such products is required by rules adopted under RCW 15.85.060, the exemption from licensing or permit requirements established by this subsection applies only if the aquatic products are identified in conformance with those rules.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 894. A new section is added to chapter 75.28 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 895. (1) The director of the department of fish and wildlife and the director of the department of information services shall jointly develop a comprehensive, state-wide implementation plan for the automated issuance, revocation, and general administration of hunting, fishing, and recreational licenses administered under the authority of the department of fish and wildlife to ensure compliance with the license suspension requirements for failure to pay child support in section 802 of this act.
(2) The plan shall detail the implementation steps necessary to effectuate the automated administration of hunting, fishing, and recreational licenses and shall include recommendations regarding all costs and equipment associated with the plan.

(3) The plan shall be submitted to the legislature for review by September 1, 1997.

Sec. 896. RCW 26.23.050 and 1994 c 230 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If the (division of child support) office of support enforcement is providing support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, or if a party is applying for support enforcement services by signing the application form on the bottom of the support order, the superior court shall include in all court orders that establish or modify a support obligation:

(a) A provision that orders and directs the responsible parent to make all support payments to the Washington state support registry;

(b) A statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:

(i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or

(ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement;

(c) A statement that the receiving parent might be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child;

(d) A statement that the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as defined in section 802 of this act.

As used in this subsection and subsection (3) of this section, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" means a written determination of why implementing immediate wage withholding would not be in the child’s best interests and, in modification cases, proof of timely payment of previously ordered support.

(2) In all other cases not under subsection (1) of this section, the court may order the responsible parent to make payments directly to the person entitled to receive the payments, to the Washington state support registry, or may order that payments be made in accordance with an alternate arrangement agreed upon by the parties.

(a) The superior court shall include in all orders under this subsection that establish or modify a support obligation:

(i) A statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:

(A) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or

(B) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement; and

(ii) A statement that the receiving parent may be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child.

As used in this subsection, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" is any reason that the court finds appropriate.

(b) The superior court may order immediate or delayed income withholding as follows:

(i) Immediate income withholding may be ordered if the responsible parent has earnings. If immediate income withholding is ordered under this subsection, all support payments shall be paid to the Washington state support registry. The superior court shall issue a mandatory wage assignment order as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW when the support order is signed by the court. The parent entitled to receive the transfer payment is responsible for serving the employer with the order and for its enforcement as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW.
If immediate income withholding is not ordered, the court shall require that income withholding be delayed until a payment is past due. The support order shall contain a statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent, after a payment is past due.

(c) If a mandatory wage withholding order under chapter 26.18 RCW is issued under this subsection and the division of child support provides support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, the existing wage withholding assignment is prospectively superseded upon the service of an income withholding notice.

(3) The office of administrative hearings and the department of social and health services shall require that all support obligations established as administrative orders include a provision which orders the responsible parent shall make all support payments to the Washington state support registry. All administrative orders shall also state that the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as defined in section 802 of this act. All administrative orders shall also state that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the order, unless:

(a) One of the parties demonstrates, and the presiding officer finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or

(b) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the presiding officer that provides for an alternate arrangement.

(4) If the support order does not include the provision ordering and directing that all payments be made to the Washington state support registry and a statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits if a support payment is past due or at any time after the entry of the order, or that a parent’s licensing privileges may not be renewed, or may be suspended, the division of child support may serve a notice on the responsible parent stating such requirements and authorizations. Service may be by personal service or any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(5) Every support order shall state:

(a) The address where the support payment is to be sent;

(b) That withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of a support order, unless:

(i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or

(ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement;

(c) The income of the parties, if known, or that their income is unknown and the income upon which the support award is based;

(d) The support award as a sum certain amount;

(e) The specific day or date on which the support payment is due;

(f) The social security number, residence address, date of birth, telephone number, driver’s license number, and name and address of the employer of the responsible parent;

(g) The social security number and residence address of the physical custodian except as provided in subsection (6) of this section;

(h) The names, dates of birth, and social security numbers, if any, of the dependent children;

(i) (In cases requiring payment to the Washington state support registry, that the parties are to notify the Washington state support registry of any change in residence address. The responsible parent shall notify the registry of the name and address of his or her current employer.) A provision requiring the responsible parent to keep the Washington state support registry informed of whether he or she has
access to health insurance coverage at reasonable cost and, if so, the health insurance policy information;

(j) That any parent owing a duty of child support shall be obligated to provide health insurance coverage for his or her child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to that parent through employment or is union-related as provided under RCW 26.09.105;

(k) That if proof of health insurance coverage or proof that the coverage is unavailable is not provided within twenty days, the obligee or the department may seek direct enforcement of the coverage through the obligor’s employer or union without further notice to the obligor as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW; and

(l) The reasons for not ordering health insurance coverage if the order fails to require such coverage; and

(m) That the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as defined in section 802 of this act.

(6) The physical custodian’s address:

(a) Shall be omitted from an order entered under the administrative procedure act. When the physical custodian’s address is omitted from an order, the order shall state that the custodian’s address is known to the division of child support.

(b) A responsible parent may request the physical custodian’s residence address by submission of a request for disclosure under RCW 26.23.120 to the division of child support.

(7) The superior court clerk, the office of administrative hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the Washington state support registry, a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation which provide that support payments shall be made to the support registry. If a superior court order entered prior to January 1, 1988, directs the responsible parent to make support payments to the clerk, the clerk shall send a true and correct copy of the support order and the payment record to the registry for enforcement action when the clerk identifies that a payment is more than fifteen days past due. The office of support enforcement shall reimburse the clerk for the reasonable costs of copying and sending copies of court orders to the registry at the reimbursement rate provided in Title IV-D of the social security act.

(8) Receipt of a support order by the registry or other action under this section on behalf of a person or persons who have not made a written application for support enforcement services to the office of support enforcement and who are not recipients of public assistance is deemed to be a request for payment services only.

(9)) After the responsible parent has been ordered or notified to make payments to the Washington state support registry under this section, the responsible parent shall be fully responsible for making all payments to the Washington state support registry and shall be subject to payroll deduction or other income-withholding action. The responsible parent shall not be entitled to credit against a support obligation for any payments made to a person or agency other than to the Washington state support registry except as provided under RCW 74.20.101. A civil action may be brought by the payor to recover payments made to persons or agencies who have received and retained support moneys paid contrary to the provisions of this section.

Sec. 897. RCW 26.18.100 and 1994 c 230 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
The wage assignment order shall be substantially in the following form:

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE
COUNTY OF . . . . . . .

Obligee No. . . . .

vs.

Obigor ORDER

, WAGE ASSIGNMENT

Employer

THE STATE OF WASHINGTON TO:
AND TO:

Employer

Obligor

The above-named obligee claims that the above-named obligor is subject to a support order requiring immediate income withholding or is more than fifteen days past due in either child support or spousal maintenance payments, or both, in an amount equal to or greater than the child support or spousal maintenance payable for one month. The amount of the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt as of this date is . . . . . . dollars, the amount of arrearage payments specified in the support or spousal maintenance order (if applicable) is . . . . . . dollars per . . . . . ., and the amount of the current and continuing support or spousal maintenance obligation under the order is . . . . . . dollars per . . . . . .

You are hereby commanded to answer this order by filling in the attached form according to the instructions, and you must mail or deliver the original of the answer to the court, one copy to the Washington state support registry, one copy to the obligee or obligee’s attorney, and one copy to the obligor within twenty days after service of this wage assignment order upon you.

If you possess any earnings or other remuneration for employment due and owing to the obligor, then you shall do as follows:

(1) Withhold from the obligor’s earnings or remuneration each month, or from each regular earnings disbursement, the lesser of:
   (a) The sum of the accrued support or spousal maintenance debt and the current support or spousal maintenance obligation;
   (b) The sum of the specified arrearage payment amount and the current support or spousal maintenance obligation; or
   (c) Fifty percent of the disposable earnings or remuneration of the obligor.

(2) The total amount withheld above is subject to the wage assignment order, and all other sums may be disbursed to the obligor.

(3) Upon receipt of this wage assignment order you shall make immediate deductions from the obligor’s earnings or remuneration and remit to the Washington state support registry or other address specified below the proper amounts at each regular pay interval.

You shall continue to withhold the ordered amounts from nonexempt earnings or remuneration of the obligor until notified by:

(a) The court that the wage assignment has been modified or terminated; or
(b) The addressee specified in the wage assignment order under this section that the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt has been paid.

You shall promptly notify the court and the addressee specified in the wage assignment order under this section if and when the employee is no longer employed by you, or if the obligor no longer receives earnings or remuneration from you. If you no longer employ the employee, the wage assignment order shall remain in effect for one year after the employee has left your employment or you are no longer in possession of any earnings or remuneration owed to the employee, whichever is later. You shall continue to hold the wage assignment order during that period. If the employee returns to your employment during the one-year period you shall immediately begin to withhold the employee’s earnings according to the terms of the wage assignment order. If the employee has not returned to your employment within one year, the wage assignment will cease to have effect at the expiration of the one-year period, unless you still owe the employee earnings or other remuneration.

You shall deliver the withheld earnings or remuneration to the Washington state support registry or other address stated below at each regular pay interval.

You shall deliver a copy of this order to the obligor as soon as is reasonably possible. This wage assignment order has priority over any other wage assignment or garnishment, except for another wage assignment or garnishment for child support or spousal maintenance, or order to withhold or deliver under chapter 74.20A RCW.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU OWE ANYTHING TO THE OBLIGOR, YOUR FAILURE TO ANSWER AS REQUIRED MAY MAKE YOU LIABLE FOR OBLIGOR’S CLAIMED SUPPORT OR SPOUSAL MAINTENANCE DEBT TO THE OBLIGEE OR SUBJECT TO CONTEMPT OF COURT.

NOTICE TO OBLIGOR: YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO REQUEST A HEARING IN THE SUPERIOR COURT THAT ISSUED THIS WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER, TO REQUEST THAT THE COURT QUASH, MODIFY, OR TERMINATE THE WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER.
REGARDLESS OF THE FACT THAT YOUR WAGES ARE BEING WITHHELD PURSUANT TO THIS ORDER, YOU MAY HAVE SUSPENDED OR NOT HAVE RENEWED A PROFESSIONAL, DRIVER’S, OR OTHER LICENSE IF YOU ACCRUE CHILD SUPPORT ARREARAGES TOTALING MORE THAN SIX MONTHS OF CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS OR FAIL TO MAKE PAYMENTS TOWARDS A SUPPORT ARREARAGE IN AN AMOUNT THAT EXCEEDS SIX MONTHS OF PAYMENTS.

DATED THIS . . . . day of . . . ., 19 . .

Obligee, Judge/Court Commissioner
or obligee’s attorney
Send withheld payments to:

Sec. 898. RCW 26.23.060 and 1994 c 230 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support may issue a notice of payroll deduction:
   (a) As authorized by a support order that contains ((the income withholding notice provisions in RCW 26.23.050 or a substantially similar notice)) a notice clearly stating that child support may be collected by withholding from earnings, wages, or benefits without further notice to the obligated parent; or
   (b) After service of a notice containing an income-withholding provision under this chapter or chapter 74.20A RCW.

(2) The ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support shall serve a notice of payroll deduction upon a responsible parent’s employer or upon the employment security department for the state in possession of or owing any benefits from the unemployment compensation fund to the responsible parent pursuant to Title 50 RCW ((by personal service or by any form of mail requiring a return receipt));
   (a) In the manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action;
   (b) By certified mail, return receipt requested; or
   (c) By electronic means if there is an agreement between the secretary and the person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States to accept service by electronic means.

(3) Service of a notice of payroll deduction upon an employer or employment security department requires the employer or employment security department to immediately make a mandatory payroll deduction from the responsible parent’s unpaid disposable earnings or unemployment compensation benefits. The employer or employment security department shall thereafter deduct each pay period the amount stated in the notice divided by the number of pay periods per month. The payroll deduction each pay period shall not exceed fifty percent of the responsible parent’s disposable earnings.

(4) A notice of payroll deduction for support shall have priority over any wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process.

(5) The notice of payroll deduction shall be in writing and include:
   (a) The name and social security number of the responsible parent;
   (b) The amount to be deducted from the responsible parent’s disposable earnings each month, or alternate amounts and frequencies as may be necessary to facilitate processing of the payroll deduction;
   (c) A statement that the total amount withheld shall not exceed fifty percent of the responsible parent’s disposable earnings; ((and))
   (d) The address to which the payments are to be mailed or delivered; and
   (e) A notice to the responsible parent warning the responsible parent that, despite the payroll deduction, the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as defined in section 802 of this act.

(6) An informational copy of the notice of payroll deduction shall be mailed to the last known address of the responsible parent by regular mail.
(7) An employer or employment security department that receives a notice of payroll deduction shall make immediate deductions from the responsible parent’s unpaid disposable earnings and remit proper amounts to the Washington state support registry on each date the responsible parent is due to be paid.

(8) An employer, or the employment security department, upon whom a notice of payroll deduction is served, shall make an answer to the (office of support enforcement) division of child support within twenty days after the date of service. The answer shall confirm compliance and institution of the payroll deduction or explain the circumstances if no payroll deduction is in effect. The answer shall also state whether the responsible parent is employed by or receives earnings from the employer or receives unemployment compensation benefits from the employment security department, whether the employer or employment security department anticipates paying earnings or unemployment compensation benefits and the amount of earnings. If the responsible parent is no longer employed, or receiving earnings from the employer, the answer shall state the present employer’s name and address, if known. If the responsible parent is no longer receiving unemployment compensation benefits from the employment security department, the answer shall state the present employer’s name and address, if known.

(9) The employer or employment security department may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the responsible parent’s earnings after withholding under the notice of payroll deduction, even if the remainder is exempt under RCW 26.18.090. The processing fee may not exceed: (a) Ten dollars for the first disbursement made to the Washington state support registry; and (b) one dollar for each subsequent disbursement to the registry.

(10) The notice of payroll deduction shall remain in effect until released by the (office of support enforcement) division of child support, the court enters an order terminating the notice and approving an alternate arrangement under RCW 26.23.050((2)), or one year has expired since the employer has employed the responsible parent or has been in possession of or owing any earnings to the responsible parent or the employment security department has been in possession of or owing any unemployment compensation benefits to the responsible parent.

(11) The division of child support may use uniform interstate withholding forms adopted by the United States department of health and human services to take withholding actions under this section when the responsible parent is receiving earnings or unemployment compensation in another state.

IX. CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 901. RCW 74.20.040 and 1989 c 360 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever the department (of social and health services) receives an application for public assistance on behalf of a child, the department shall take appropriate action under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 74.20A RCW, or other appropriate statutes of this state to establish or enforce support obligations against the parent or other persons owing a duty to pay support moneys.

(2) The secretary may accept a request for support enforcement services on behalf of persons who are not recipients of public assistance and may take appropriate action to establish or enforce support obligations against the parent or other persons owing a duty to pay moneys. Requests accepted under this subsection may be conditioned upon the payment of a fee as required through regulation issued by the secretary. (Action may be taken under the provisions of chapter 74.20 RCW, the abandonment or nonsupport statutes, or other appropriate statutes of this state, including but not limited to remedies established in chapter 74.20A RCW, to establish and enforce said support obligations.) The secretary may establish by regulation, reasonable standards and qualifications for support enforcement services under this subsection.

(3) The secretary may accept requests for support enforcement services from child support enforcement agencies in other states operating child support programs under Title IV-D of the social security act or from foreign countries, and may take appropriate action to establish and enforce support obligations, or to enforce subpoenas, information requests, orders for genetic testing, and collection actions issued by the other agency against the parent or other person owing a duty to pay support moneys, the parent or other person’s employer, or any other person or entity properly subject to child support collection or information-gathering processes. The request shall contain and be accompanied by such information and documentation as the secretary may by rule require, and be signed by an authorized representative of the agency. The secretary may adopt rules setting forth the duration and nature of services provided under this subsection.
(4) The department may take action to establish, enforce, and collect a support obligation, including performing related services, under this chapter and chapter 74.20A RCW, or through the attorney general or prosecuting attorney for action under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.20, 26.21, or 26.26 RCW or other appropriate statutes or the common law of this state.

(5) Whenever a support order is filed with the Washington state support registry under chapter 26.23 RCW, the department may take appropriate action under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 26.23 or 74.20A RCW, or other appropriate law of this state to establish or enforce the support obligations contained in that order against the responsible parent or other persons owing a duty to pay support moneys.

(6) The secretary may charge and collect a fee from the person obligated to pay support to compensate the department for services rendered in establishment of or enforcement of support obligations. This fee shall be limited to not more than ten percent of any support money collected as a result of action taken by the secretary. The fee charged shall be in addition to the support obligation. In no event may any moneys collected by the department from the person obligated to pay support be retained as satisfaction of fees charged until all current support obligations have been satisfied. The secretary shall by regulation establish reasonable fees for support enforcement services and said schedule of fees shall be made available to any person obligated to pay support. The secretary may, on showing of necessity, waive or defer any such fee.

(7) Fees, due and owing, may be collected as delinquent support moneys utilizing any of the remedies in chapter 74.20 RCW, chapter 74.20A RCW, chapter 26.21 RCW, or any other remedy at law or equity available to the department or any agencies with whom it has a cooperative or contractual arrangement to establish, enforce, or collect support moneys or support obligations.

(8) The secretary may waive the fee, or any portion thereof, as a part of a compromise of disputed claims or may grant partial or total charge off of said fee if the secretary finds there are no available, practical, or lawful means by which said fee may be collected or to facilitate payment of the amount of delinquent support moneys owed.

(9) The secretary shall adopt rules conforming to federal laws, rules, and regulations required to be observed in maintaining the state child support enforcement program required under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The adoption of these rules shall be calculated to promote the cost-effective use of the agency’s resources and not otherwise cause the agency to divert its resources from its essential functions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 902. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS IN THE POSSESSION OF THIRD PARTIES--COLLECTION AS CHILD SUPPORT. (1) If a person or entity not entitled to child support payments wrongfully or negligently retains child support payments owed to another or to the Washington state support registry, those payments retain their character as child support payments and may be the subject of collection under this section.

(2) Child support moneys subject to collection under this section may be collected for the duration of the statute of limitations as it applies to the support order governing the support obligations, and any legislative or judicial extensions thereto.

(3) This section applies to the following:
   (a) Cases in which an employer or other entity obligated to withhold child support payments from the parent’s pay, bank, or escrow account, or from any other asset or distribution of money to the parent, has withheld those payments and failed to remit them to the payee;
   (b) Cases in which child support moneys have been paid to the wrong person or entity in error;
   (c) Cases in which child support recipients have retained child support payments in violation of a child support assignment executed or arising by operation of law in exchange for the receipt of public assistance; and
   (d) Any other case in which child support payments are retained by a party not entitled to them.

(4) This section does not apply to fines levied under section 903(3)(b) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 903. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:
NONCOMPLIANCE WITH CHILD SUPPORT PROCESSES--NOTICE--HEARINGS--LIABILITY. (1) The division of child support may issue a notice of noncompliance to any person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government that the division believes is not complying with:

(a) A notice of payroll deduction issued under chapter 26.23 RCW;
(b) A lien, order to withhold and deliver, or assignment of earnings issued under this chapter;
(c) Any other wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or withholding instrument properly served by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
(d) A subpoena issued by the division of child support, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
(e) An information request issued by the division of child support, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, to an employer or entity required to respond to such requests under section 907 of this act; or
(f) The duty to report newly hired employees imposed by RCW 26.23.040.

(2) Liability for noncompliance with a wage withholding, garnishment, order to withhold and deliver, or any other lien or attachment issued to secure payment of child support is governed by RCW 26.23.090 and 74.20A.100, except that liability for noncompliance with remittance time frames is governed by subsection (3) of this section.

(3) The division of child support may impose fines of up to one hundred dollars per occurrence for:

(a) Noncompliance with a subpoena or an information request issued by the division of child support, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
(b) Noncompliance with the required time frames for remitting withheld support moneys to the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state, except that no liability shall be established for failure to make timely remittance unless the division of child support has provided the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government with written warning:
   (i) Explaining the duty to remit withheld payments promptly;
   (ii) Explaining the potential for fines for delayed submission; and
   (iii) Providing a contact person within the division of child support with whom the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government may seek assistance with child support withholding issues.

(4) The division of child support may assess fines according to RCW 26.23.040 for failure to comply with employer reporting requirements.

(5) The division of child support may suspend licenses for failure to comply with a subpoena issued under section 908 of this act.

(6) The division of child support may serve a notice of noncompliance by personal service or by any method of mailing requiring a return receipt.

(7) The liability asserted by the division of child support in the notice of noncompliance becomes final and collectible on the twenty-first day after the date of service, unless within that time the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government:

(a) Initiates an action in superior court to contest the notice of noncompliance;
(b) Requests a hearing by delivering a hearing request to the division of child support in accordance with rules adopted by the secretary under this section; or
(c) Contacts the division of child support and negotiates an alternate resolution to the asserted noncompliance or demonstrates that the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government has complied with the child support processes.

(8) The notice of noncompliance shall contain:

(a) A full and fair disclosure of the rights and obligations created by this section; and
(b) Identification of the:
   (i) Child support process with respect to which the division of child support is alleging noncompliance; and
   (ii) State child support enforcement agency issuing the original child support process.

(9) In an administrative hearing convened under subsection (7)(b) of this section, the presiding officer shall determine whether or not, and to what extent, liability for noncompliance exists under this section, and shall enter an order containing these findings. If liability does exist, the presiding officer
shall include language in the order advising the parties to the proceeding that the liability may be collected by any means available to the division of child support under subsection (12) of this section without further notice to the liable party.

(10) Hearings under this section are governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

(11) After the twenty days following service of the notice, the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government may petition for a late hearing. A petition for a late hearing does not stay any collection action to recover the debt. A late hearing is available upon a showing of any of the grounds stated in civil rule 60 for the vacation of orders.

(12) The division of child support may collect any obligation established under this section using any of the remedies available under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.21, 26.23, 74.20, or 74.20A RCW for the collection of child support.

(13) The division of child support may enter agreements for the repayment of obligations under this section. Agreements may:

(a) Suspend the obligation imposed by this section conditioned on future compliance with child support processes. Such suspension shall end automatically upon any failure to comply with a child support process. Amounts suspended become fully collectible without further notice automatically upon failure to comply with a child support process;

(b) Resolve amounts due under this section and provide for repayment.

(14) The secretary may adopt rules to implement this section.

Sec. 904. RCW 26.23.090 and 1990 c 165 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The employer shall be liable to the Washington state support registry, or to the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act and issuing a notice, garnishment, or wage assignment attaching wages or earnings in satisfaction of a support obligation, for one hundred percent of the amount of the support debt, or the amount of support moneys which should have been withheld from the employee’s earnings, whichever is the lesser amount, if the employer:

(a) Fails or refuses, after being served with a notice of payroll deduction, or substantially similar action issued by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, to deduct and promptly remit from unpaid earnings the amounts of money required in the notice;

(b) Fails or refuses to submit an answer to the notice of payroll deduction, or substantially similar action issued by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, after being served; or

(c) Is unwilling to comply with the other requirements of RCW 26.23.060.

(2) Liability may be established in superior court or may be established pursuant to ((RCW 74.20A.270)) section 903 of this act. Awards in superior court and in actions pursuant to ((RCW 74.20A.270)) section 903 of this act shall include costs, interest under RCW 19.52.020 and 4.56.110, and reasonable attorneys’ fees and staff costs as a part of the award. Debts established pursuant to this section may be collected ((pursuant to chapter 74.20A RCW utilizing any of the remedies contained in that chapter)) by the division of child support using any of the remedies available under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.21, 26.23, 74.20, or 74.20A RCW for the collection of child support.

Sec. 905. RCW 74.20A.100 and 1989 c 360 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision or department of the state shall be liable to the department, or to the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act and issuing a notice, garnishment, or wage assignment attaching wages or earnings in satisfaction of a support obligation, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the value of the debt which is the basis of the lien, order to withhold and deliver, distraint, or assignment of earnings, or the amount that should have been withheld, whichever amount is less, together with costs, interest, and reasonable attorney fees if that person or entity:

(a) Fails to answer an order to withhold and deliver, or substantially similar action issued by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, within the time prescribed herein;

(b) Fails or refuses to deliver property pursuant to said order;
(c) After actual notice of filing of a support lien, pays over, releases, sells, transfers, or conveys real or personal property subject to a support lien to or for the benefit of the debtor or any other person;
(d) Fails or refuses to surrender property distrained under RCW 74.20A.130 upon demand; or
(e) Fails or refuses to honor an assignment of earnings presented by the secretary.
(2) The secretary is authorized to issue a notice of ((debt pursuant to RCW 74.20A.040 and to take appropriate action to collect the debt under this chapter if:
(a) A judgment has been entered as the result of an action in superior court against a person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, or department of the state based on a violation of this section; or
(b) Liability has been established under RCW 74.20A.270)) noncompliance under section 903 of this act or to proceed in superior court to obtain a judgment for noncompliance under this section.

Sec. 906. RCW 74.20A.270 and 1989 c 360 s 35 and 1989 c 175 s 156 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) The secretary may issue a notice of (((noncompliance) retained support or notice to recover a support payment to any person)((,- firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision of the state of Washington or any officer or agent thereof who has violated chapter 26.18 RCW, RCW 74.20A.100, or 26.23.040,)))
   (a) Who is in possession of support moneys, or who has had support moneys in his or her possession at some time in the past, which support moneys were or are claimed by the department as the property of the department by assignment, subrogation, or by operation of law or legal process under chapter 74.20A RCW((,- if the support moneys have not been remitted to the department as required by law));
   (b) Who has received a support payment erroneously directed to the wrong payee, or issued by the department in error; or
   (c) Who is in possession of a support payment obtained through the internal revenue service tax refund offset process, which payment was later reclaimed from the department by the internal revenue service as a result of an amended tax return filed by the obligor or the obligor’s spouse.
(2) The notice shall (((describe the claim of the department, stating)) state the legal basis for the claim and shall provide sufficient detail to enable the person((,- firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision or officer or agent upon whom service is made)) to identify the support moneys in issue ((or the specific violation of RCW 74.20A.100 that has occurred). The notice may also make inquiry as to relevant facts necessary to the resolution of the issue)).
(3) The department shall serve the notice (((may be served))) by certified mail, return receipt requested, or in the manner of a summons in a civil action. (((Upon service of the notice all moneys not yet disbursed or spent or like moneys to be received in the future are deemed to be impounded and shall be held in trust pending answer to the notice and any adjudicative proceeding.))
(4) The amounts claimed in the notice (((shall be answered under oath and in writing within twenty days of the date of service, which answer shall include true answers to the matters inquired of in the notice. The answer shall also either acknowledge)) shall become assessed, determined, and subject to collection twenty days from the date of service of the notice unless within those twenty days the person in possession of the support moneys:
   (a) Acknowledges the department’s right to the moneys ((or application for)) and executes an agreed settlement providing for repayment of the moneys; or
   (b) Requests an adjudicative proceeding to (((contest the allegation that chapter 26.18 RCW, RCW 74.20A.100, or 26.23.040, has been violated, or))) determine the rights to ownership of the support moneys in issue. The hearing shall be held pursuant to this section, chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, and the rules of the department. The burden of proof to establish ownership of the support moneys claimed((,- including but not limited to moneys not yet disbursed or spent)), is on the department.
   ((If no answer is made within the twenty days, the department’s claim shall be assessed and determined and subject to collection action as a support debt pursuant to chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW, or RCW 26.23.040. Any such debtor))
(5) After the twenty-day period, a person served with a notice under this section may, at any time within one year from the date of service of the notice of support debt, petition the secretary or the secretary’s designee for an adjudicative proceeding upon a showing of any of the grounds enumerated
in RCW 4.72.010 or superior court civil rule 60. A copy of the petition shall also be served on the department. The filing of the petition shall not stay any collection action being taken, but the debtor may petition the secretary or the secretary’s designee for an order staying collection action pending the final administrative order. Any such moneys held and/or taken by collection action ((prior to)) after the date of any such stay ((and any support moneys claimed by the department, including moneys to be received in the future to which the department may have a claim,)) shall be held (in trust) by the department pending the final order, to be disbursed in accordance with the final order. ((The secretary or the secretary’s designee shall condition the stay to provide for the trust.))

If the petition is granted the issue in the proceeding is limited to the determination of the ownership of the moneys claimed in the notice of debt. The right to an adjudicative proceeding is conditioned upon holding of any funds not yet disbursed or expended or to be received in the future in trust pending the final order in these proceedings. The presiding or reviewing officer shall enter an appropriate order providing for the terms of the trust. ((The secretary or the secretary’s designee shall condition the stay to provide for the trust.))

(6) If the debtor fails to attend or participate in the hearing or other stage of an adjudicative proceeding, the presiding officer shall, upon showing of valid service, enter an order declaring the amount of support moneys, as claimed in the notice, to be assessed and determined subject to collection action.

(7) The department may take action to collect an obligation established under this section using any remedy available under this chapter or chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.23, or 74.20 RCW for the collection of child support.

(8) If, at any time, the superior court enters judgment for an amount of debt at variance with the amount determined by the final order in an adjudicative proceeding, the judgment shall supersede the final administrative order. ((Any debt determined by the superior court in excess of the amount determined by the final administrative order shall be the property of the department as assigned under 42 U.S.C. 602(A)(26)(a), RCW 74.20.040, 74.20A.250, 74.20.320, or 74.20.330.)) The department may((, despite any final administrative order,)) take action pursuant to chapter 74.20 or 74.20A RCW to obtain such a judgment or to collect moneys determined by such a judgment to be due and owing.

If public assistance moneys have been paid to a parent for the benefit of that parent’s minor dependent children, debt under this chapter shall not be incurred by nor at any time be collected from that parent because of that payment of assistance. ((Nothing in this section prohibits or limits the department from acting pursuant to RCW 74.20.320 and this section to assess a debt against a recipient or ex-recipient for receipt of support moneys paid in satisfaction of the debt assigned under RCW 74.20.330 which have been assigned to the department but were received by a recipient or ex-recipient from another responsible parent and not remitted to the department. To collect these wrongfully retained funds from the recipient, the department may not take collection action in excess of ten percent of the grant payment standard during any month the public assistance recipient remains in that status unless required by federal law.))

(9) If a person owing a debt established under this section is receiving public assistance, the department may collect the debt by offsetting up to ten percent of the grant payment received by the person. No collection action may be taken against the earnings of a person receiving cash public assistance to collect a debt assessed under this section.

(10) Payments not credited against the department’s debt pursuant to RCW 74.20.101 may not be assessed or collected under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 907. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

ACCESS TO INFORMATION--CONFIDENTIALITY--NONLIABILITY. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of Washington law, the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act may access records of the following nature, in the possession of any agency or entity listed in this section:

(a) Records of state and local agencies, including but not limited to:
   (i) The center for health statistics, including but not limited to records of birth, marriage, and death;
   (ii) Tax and revenue records, including, but not limited to, information on residence addresses, employers, and assets;
   (iii) Records concerning real and titled personal property;
(iv) Records of occupational, professional, and recreational licenses and records concerning the ownership and control of corporations, partnerships, and other business entities;

(v) Employment security records;

(vi) Records of agencies administering public assistance programs; and

(vii) Records of the department of corrections, and of county and municipal correction or confinement facilities;

(b) Records of public utilities and cable television companies relating to persons who owe or are owed support, or against whom a support obligation is sought, including names and addresses of the individuals, and employers’ names and addresses pursuant to section 908 of this act and RCW 74.20A.120; and

(c) Records held by financial institutions, pursuant to section 909 of this act.

(2) Upon the request of the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the social security act, any employer shall provide information as to the employment, earnings, benefits, and residential address and phone number of any employee.

(3) Entities in possession of records described in subsection (1)(a) and (c) of this section must provide information and records upon the request of the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The division of child support may enter into agreements providing for electronic access to these records.

(4) Public utilities and cable television companies must provide the information in response to a judicial or administrative subpoena issued by the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act.

(5) Entities responding to information requests and subpoenas under this section are not liable for disclosing information pursuant to the request or subpoena.

(6) The division of child support shall maintain all information gathered under this section confidential and shall only disclose this information as provided under RCW 26.23.120.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 908. A new section is added to chapter 74.20 RCW to read as follows:

SUBPOENA AUTHORITY--ENFORCEMENT. In carrying out the provisions of this chapter or chapters 26.18, 26.23, 26.26, and 74.20A RCW, the secretary and other duly authorized officers of the department may subpoena witnesses, take testimony, and compel the production of such papers, books, records, and documents as they may deem relevant to the performance of their duties. The division of child support may enforce subpoenas issued under this power according to section 903 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 909. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

FINANCIAL INSTITUTION DATA MATCHES. (1) Each calendar quarter financial institutions doing business in the state of Washington shall report to the department the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, and other information determined necessary by the department for each individual who maintains an account at such institution and is identified by the department as owing a support debt.

(2) The department and financial institutions shall enter into agreements to develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the extent feasible, to minimize the cost of providing information required under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The department may pay a reasonable fee to a financial institution for conducting the data match not to exceed the actual costs incurred.

(4) A financial institution is not liable for any disclosure of information to the department under this section.

(5) The division of child support shall maintain all information gathered under this section confidential and shall only disclose this information as provided under RCW 26.23.120.
Sec. 910. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:
   (a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.
   (b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.
   (c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer’s right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.
   (d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person’s right to privacy.
   (e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person’s life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.
   (f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.
   (g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.
   (h) Valuables, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.
   (i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.
   (j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.
   (k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or predation of such sites.
   (l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.
   (m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.
   (n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.
   (o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.
   (p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.
   (q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.
(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers, except that this information may be released to the division of child support or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, for the establishment, enforcement, or modification of a support order.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

(aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

(gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.
(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 911. A new section is added to chapter 74.20 RCW to read as follows:

ORDERS FOR GENETIC TESTING. (1) The division of child support may issue an order for genetic testing when providing services under this chapter and Title IV-D of the federal social security act if genetic testing:

(a) Is appropriate in an action under chapter 26.26 RCW, the uniform parentage act;
(b) Is appropriate in an action to establish support under RCW 74.20A.056; or
(c) Would assist the parties or the division of child support in determining whether it is appropriate to proceed with an action to establish or disestablish paternity.

(2) The order for genetic testing shall be served on the alleged parent or parents and the legal parent by personal service or by any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(3) Within twenty days of the date of service of an order for genetic testing, any party required to appear for genetic testing, the child, or a guardian on the child’s behalf, may petition in superior court under chapter 26.26 RCW to bar or postpone genetic testing.

(4) The order for genetic testing shall contain:

(a) An explanation of the right to proceed in superior court under subsection (3) of this section;
(b) Notice that if no one proceeds under subsection (3) of this section, the agency issuing the order will schedule genetic testing and will notify the parties of the time and place of testing by regular mail;
(c) Notice that the parties must keep the agency issuing the order for genetic testing informed of their residence address and that mailing a notice of time and place for genetic testing to the last known address of the parties by regular mail constitutes valid service of the notice of time and place;
(d) Notice that the order for genetic testing may be enforced through:
   (i) Public assistance grant reduction for noncooperation, pursuant to agency rule, if the child and custodian are receiving public assistance;
   (ii) Termination of support enforcement services under Title IV-D of the federal social security act if the child and custodian are not receiving public assistance;
   (iii) A referral to superior court for an appropriate action under chapter 26.26 RCW; or
   (iv) A referral to superior court for remedial sanctions under RCW 7.21.060.

(5) The department may advance the costs of genetic testing under this section.

(6) If an action is pending under chapter 26.26 RCW, a judgment for reimbursement of the cost of genetic testing may be awarded under RCW 26.26.100.

(7) If no action is pending in superior court, the department may impose an obligation to reimburse costs of genetic testing according to rules adopted by the department to implement RCW 74.20A.056.

Sec. 912. RCW 26.23.045 and 1994 c 230 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The division of child support, Washington state support registry, shall provide support enforcement services under the following circumstances:

(a) Whenever public assistance under RCW 74.20.330 is paid;
(b) Whenever a request for nonassistance support enforcement services under RCW 74.20.040(2) is received;
Whenever a request for support enforcement services under RCW 74.20.040 is received;

When a support order which contains language directing a responsible parent to make support payments to the Washington state support registry under RCW 26.23.050 is submitted and the division of child support receives a written application for services or is already providing services;

When a support order is forwarded to the Washington state support registry by the clerk of a superior court under RCW 26.23.050(5);

d) When the obligor submits a support order or support payment, and an application, to the Washington state support registry.

The division of child support shall continue to provide support enforcement services for so long as and under such conditions as the department shall establish by regulation or until the superior court enters an order removing the requirement that the obligor make support payments to the Washington state support registry as provided for in RCW 26.23.050(2).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 913. A new section is added to chapter 26.23 RCW to read as follows:

STATE CASE REGISTRY—SUBMISSION OF ORDERS. (1) The division of child support, Washington state support registry shall operate a state case registry containing records of all orders establishing or modifying a support order that are entered after October 1, 1998.

(2) The superior court clerk, the office of administrative hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the Washington state support registry, a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation that provide that support payments shall be made to the support registry.

(3) The division of child support shall reimburse the clerk for the reasonable costs of copying and sending copies of court orders to the registry at the reimbursement rate provided in Title IV-D of the federal social security act.

(4) Effective October 1, 1998, the superior court clerk, the office of administrative hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the Washington state support registry a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation.

(5) Receipt of a support order by the registry or other action under this section on behalf of a person or persons who have not made a written application for support enforcement services to the division of child support and who are not recipients of public assistance is deemed to be:

(a) A request for payment services only if the order requires payment to the Washington state support registry;

(b) A submission for inclusion in the state case registry if the order does not require that support payments be made to the Washington state support registry.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 914. A new section is added to chapter 26.23 RCW to read as follows:

ADDRESS AND EMPLOYER INFORMATION IN SUPPORT ORDERS--DUTY TO UPDATE--PROVISIONS REGARDING SERVICE. (1) Each party to a paternity or child support proceeding must provide the court and the Washington state child support registry with his or her:

(a) Social security number;

(b) Current residential address;

(c) Date of birth;

(d) Telephone number;

(e) Driver’s license number; and

(f) Employer’s name, address, and telephone number.

(2) Each party to an order entered in a child support or paternity proceeding shall update the information required under subsection (1) of this section promptly after any change in the information. The duty established under this section continues as long as any monthly support or support debt remains due under the support order.

(3) In any proceeding to establish, enforce, or modify the child support order between the parties, a party may demonstrate to the presiding officer that he or she has diligently attempted to locate the other party. Upon a showing of diligent efforts to locate, the presiding officer may allow, or accept as adequate, service of process for the action by delivery of written notice to the address most recently provided by the party under this section.
All support orders shall contain notice to the parties of the obligations established by this section and possibility of service of process according to subsection (3) of this section.

Sec. 915. RCW 26.23.030 and 1989 c 360 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) There is created a Washington state support registry within the (division of support enforcement) division of child support as the agency designated in Washington state to administer the child support program under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The registry shall:
(a) Provide a central unit for collection of support payments made to the registry;
(b) Account for and disburse all support payments received by the registry;
(c) Maintain the necessary records including, but not limited to, information on support orders, support debts, the date and amount of support due; the date and amount of payments; and the names, social security numbers, and addresses of the parties;
(d) Develop procedures for providing information to the parties regarding action taken by, and support payments collected and distributed by the registry; and
(e) Maintain a state child support case registry to compile and maintain records on all child support orders entered in the state of Washington.

(2) The (division of support enforcement) division of child support may assess and collect interest at the rate of twelve percent per year on unpaid child support that has accrued under any support order entered into the registry. This interest rate shall not apply to those support orders already specifying an interest assessment at a different rate.

(3) The secretary of social and health services shall adopt rules for the maintenance and retention of records of support payments and for the archiving and destruction of such records when the support obligation terminates or is satisfied. When a support obligation established under court order entered in a superior court of this state has been satisfied, a satisfaction of judgment form shall be prepared by the registry and filed with the clerk of the court in which the order was entered.

Sec. 916. RCW 74.20A.060 and 1989 c 360 s 9 and 1989 c 175 s 153 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) The secretary may assert a lien upon the real or personal property of a responsible parent:
(a) When a support payment is past due, if the parent's support order (was entered in accordance with RCW 26.23.050(1)) contains notice that liens may be enforced against real and personal property, or notice that action may be taken under this chapter;
(b) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support debt under RCW 74.20A.040;
(c) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of financial responsibility under RCW 74.20A.055;
(d) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of parental responsibility;
(e) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support owed under RCW 26.23.110; or
(f) When appropriate under RCW 74.20A.270.

(2) The division of child support may use uniform interstate lien forms adopted by the United States department of health and human services to assert liens on a responsible parent's real and personal property located in another state.

(3) The claim of the department for a support debt, not paid when due, shall be a lien against all property of the debtor with priority of a secured creditor. This lien shall be separate and apart from, and in addition to, any other lien created by, or provided for, in this title. The lien shall attach to all real and personal property of the debtor on the date of filing of such statement with the county auditor of the county in which such property is located.

(4) Whenever a support lien has been filed and there is in the possession of any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision or department of the state having notice of said lien any property which may be subject to the support lien, such property shall not be paid over, released, sold, transferred, encumbered or conveyed, except as provided for by the exemptions contained in RCW 74.20A.090 and 74.20A.130, unless:
(a) A written release or waiver signed by the secretary has been delivered to said person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision or department of the state; or
(b) A determination has been made in an adjudicative proceeding pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055 or by a superior court ordering release of said support lien on the basis that no debt exists or that the debt has been satisfied.
Sec. 917. RCW 74.20A.080 and 1994 c 230 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary may issue to any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States, an order to withhold and deliver property of any kind, including but not restricted to earnings which are or might become due, owing, or belonging to the debtor, when the secretary has reason to believe that there is in the possession of such person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States property which is or might become due, owing, or belonging to said debtor. Such order to withhold and deliver may be issued:

(a) At any time, if a responsible parent’s support order:

(i) Contains notice that withholding action may be taken against earnings, wages, or assets without further notice to the parent; or

(ii) Includes a statement that other income-withholding action under this chapter may be taken without further notice to the responsible parent,

(b) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support debt under RCW 74.20A.040;

(c) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of parental responsibility under RCW 74.20A.056;

(d) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support owed under RCW 26.23.110;

(e) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of financial responsibility under RCW 74.20A.055; or

(f) When appropriate under RCW 74.20A.270.

(2) The order to withhold and deliver shall:

(a) State the amount to be withheld on a periodic basis if the order to withhold and deliver is being served to secure payment of monthly current support;

(b) State the amount of the support debt accrued;

(c) State in summary the terms of RCW 74.20A.090 and 74.20A.100;

(d) Be served in the manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or by certified mail, return receipt requested.

(3) The division of child support may use uniform interstate withholding forms adopted by the United States department of health and human services to take withholding actions under this section when the responsible parent is owed money or property that is located in another state.

(4) Any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States upon whom service has been made is hereby required to:

(a) Answer said order to withhold and deliver within twenty days, exclusive of the day of service, under oath and in writing, and shall make true answers to the matters inquired of therein; and

(b) Provide further and additional answers when requested by the secretary.

(5) Any such person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States in possession of any property which may be subject to the claim of the department shall:

(a) Immediately withhold such property upon receipt of the order to withhold and deliver; and

(ii) Immediately deliver the property to the secretary as soon as the twenty-day answer period expires;

(iii) Continue to withhold earnings payable to the debtor at each succeeding disbursement interval as provided for in RCW 74.20A.090, and deliver amounts withheld from earnings to the secretary on the date earnings are payable to the debtor;

(iv) Deliver amounts withheld from periodic payments to the secretary on the date the payments are payable to the debtor;

(v) Inform the secretary of the date the amounts were withheld as requested under this section; or

(b) Furnish to the secretary a good and sufficient bond, satisfactory to the secretary, conditioned upon final determination of liability.

(6) An order to withhold and deliver served under this section shall not expire until:

(a) Released in writing by the division of child support;

(b) Terminated by court order; or
(c) The person or entity receiving the order to withhold and deliver does not possess property of or owe money to the debtor for any period of twelve consecutive months following the date of service of the order to withhold and deliver.

((6)) (7) Where money is due and owing under any contract of employment, express or implied, or is held by any person, firm, corporation, or association, political subdivision, or department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States subject to withdrawal by the debtor, such money shall be delivered by remittance payable to the order of the secretary.

((7)) (8) Delivery to the secretary of the money or other property held or claimed shall satisfy the requirement and serve as full acquittance of the order to withhold and deliver.

((8)) (9) A person, firm, corporation, or association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States that complies with the order to withhold and deliver under this chapter is not civilly liable to the debtor for complying with the order to withhold and deliver under this chapter.

((9)) (10) The secretary may hold the money or property delivered under this section in trust for application on the indebtedness involved or for return, without interest, in accordance with final determination of liability or nonliability.

((10)) (11) Exemptions contained in RCW 74.20A.090 apply to orders to withhold and deliver issued under this section.

((11)) (12) The secretary shall also, on or before the date of service of the order to withhold and deliver, mail or cause to be mailed a copy of the order to withhold and deliver to the debtor at the debtor’s last known post office address, or, in the alternative, a copy of the order to withhold and deliver shall be served on the debtor in the same manner as a summons in a civil action on or before the date of service of the order or within two days thereafter. The copy of the order shall be mailed or served together with a concise explanation of the right to petition for judicial review. This requirement is not jurisdictional, but, if the copy is not mailed or served as in this section provided, or if any irregularity appears with respect to the mailing or service, the superior court, in its discretion on motion of the debtor promptly made and supported by affidavit showing that the debtor has suffered substantial injury due to the failure to mail the copy, may set aside the order to withhold and deliver and award to the debtor an amount equal to the damages resulting from the secretary’s failure to serve or mail to the debtor the copy.

((12)) (13) An order to withhold and deliver issued in accordance with this section has priority over any other wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process((, except for another wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process for child support)).

((13)) (14) The ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support shall notify any person, firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States required to withhold and deliver the earnings of a debtor under this action that they may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the debtor’s earnings, even if the remainder would otherwise be exempt under RCW 74.20A.090. The processing fee shall not exceed ten dollars for the first disbursement to the department and one dollar for each subsequent disbursement under the order to withhold and deliver.

Sec. 918. RCW 26.23.120 and 1994 c 230 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any information or records concerning individuals who owe a support obligation or for whom support enforcement services are being provided which are obtained or maintained by the Washington state support registry, the ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support, or under chapter 74.20 RCW shall be private and confidential and shall only be subject to public disclosure as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

(2) The secretary of the department of social and health services (shall) may adopt rules ((which)):

(a) That specify what information is confidential;
(b) That specify the individuals or agencies to whom this information and these records may be disclosed((and the));
(c) Limiting the purposes for which the information may be disclosed((and the));
(d) Establishing procedures to obtain the information or records; or
(e) Establishing safeguards necessary to comply with federal law requiring safeguarding of information.
The rules adopted under subsection (2) of this section shall provide for disclosure of the information and records, under appropriate circumstances, which shall include, but not be limited to:

(a) When authorized or required by federal statute or regulation governing the support enforcement program;

(b) To the person the subject of the records or information, unless the information is exempt from disclosure under RCW 42.17.310;

(c) To government agencies, whether state, local, or federal, and including federally recognized tribes, law enforcement agencies, prosecuting agencies, and the executive branch, if the disclosure is necessary for child support enforcement purposes or required under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;

(d) To the parties in a judicial or adjudicative proceeding upon a specific written finding by the presiding officer that the need for the information outweighs any reason for maintaining the privacy and confidentiality of the information or records;

(e) To private persons, federally recognized tribes, or organizations if the disclosure is necessary to permit private contracting parties to assist in the management and operation of the department;

(f) Disclosure of address and employment information to the parties to an action for purposes relating to a child support order, subject to the limitations in subsections (4) and (5) of this section;

(g) Disclosure of information or records when necessary to the efficient administration of the support enforcement program or to the performance of functions and responsibilities of the support registry and the (office of support enforcement) division of child support as set forth in state and federal statutes; or

(h) Disclosure of the information or records when authorized under RCW 74.04.060.

(4) Prior to disclosing the (physical custodian's address under subsection (2)(f) of this section) whereabouts of a parent or a party to a support order to the other parent or party, a notice shall be mailed, if appropriate under the circumstances, to the (physical custodian) parent or other party whose whereabouts are to be disclosed, at (the physical custodian's) that person's last known address. The notice shall advise the (physical custodian) parent or party that a request for disclosure has been made and will be complied with unless the department:

(a) Receives a copy of a court order within thirty days which enjoins the disclosure of the information or restricts or limits the requesting party's right to contact or visit the (physical custodian) parent or party whose address is to be disclosed or the child((, or the custodial parent requests a hearing to contest the disclosure));

(b) Receives a hearing request within thirty days under subsection (5) of this section;

(c) Has reason to believe that the release of the information may result in physical or emotional harm to the party whose whereabouts are to be released, or to the child.

(5) A person receiving notice under subsection (4) of this section may request an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW, at which the person may show that there is reason to believe that release of the information may result in physical or emotional harm to the person or the child. The administrative law judge shall determine whether the (address) whereabouts of the (custodial parent) person should be disclosed based on (the same standard as a claim of "good cause" as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 602(a)(26)(e)) subsection (4)(c) of this section, however no hearing is necessary if the department has in its possession a protective order or an order limiting visitation or contact.

(6) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or restricting the effect of RCW 42.17.260((6)) (9). Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information and records if all details identifying an individual are deleted or the individual consents to the disclosure.

(7) It shall be unlawful for any person or agency in violation of this section to solicit, publish, disclose, receive, make use of, or to authorize, knowingly permit, participate in or acquiesce in the use of any lists of names for commercial or political purposes or the use of any information for purposes other than those purposes specified in this section. A violation of this section shall be a gross misdemeanor as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

Sec. 919. RCW 26.04.160 and 1993 c 451 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Application for a marriage license must be made and filed with the appropriate county auditor upon blanks to be provided by the county auditor for that purpose, which application shall be under the oath of each of the applicants, and each application shall state the name, address at the time
of execution of application, age, social security number, birthplace, whether single, widowed or divorced, and whether under control of a guardian, residence during the past six months: PROVIDED, That each county may require such other and further information on said application as it shall deem necessary.

(2) The county legislative authority may impose an additional fee up to fifteen dollars on a marriage license for the purpose of funding family services such as family support centers.

Sec. 920. RCW 26.09.170 and 1992 c 229 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7) of RCW 26.09.070, the provisions of any decree respecting maintenance or support may be modified: (a) Only as to installments accruing subsequent to the petition for modification or motion for adjustment except motions to compel court-ordered adjustments, which shall be effective as of the first date specified in the decree for implementing the adjustment; and, (b) except as otherwise provided in subsections (4), (5), (8), and (9) of this section, only upon a showing of a substantial change of circumstances. The provisions as to property disposition may not be revoked or modified, unless the court finds the existence of conditions that justify the reopening of a judgment under the laws of this state.

(2) Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the decree the obligation to pay future maintenance is terminated upon the death of either party or the remarriage of the party receiving maintenance.

(3) Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the decree, provisions for the support of a child are terminated by emancipation of the child or by the death of the parent obligated to support the child.

(4) An order of child support may be modified one year or more after it has been entered without showing a substantial change of circumstances:

(a) If the order in practice works a severe economic hardship on either party or the child;
(b) If a party requests an adjustment in an order for child support which was based on guidelines which determined the amount of support according to the child’s age, and the child is no longer in the age category on which the current support amount was based;
(c) If a child is still in high school, upon a finding that there is a need to extend support beyond the eighteenth birthday to complete high school; or
(d) To add an automatic adjustment of support provision consistent with RCW 26.09.100.

(5) An order or decree entered prior to June 7, 1984, may be modified without showing a substantial change of circumstances if the requested modification is to:

(a) Require health insurance coverage for a child named therein; or
(b) Modify an existing order for health insurance coverage.

(6) An obligor’s voluntary unemployment or voluntary underemployment, by itself, is not a substantial change of circumstances.

(7) The department of social and health services may file an action to modify an order of child support if public assistance money is being paid to or for the benefit of the child and the child support order is twenty-five percent or more below the appropriate child support amount set forth in the standard calculation as defined in RCW 26.19.011 and reasons for the deviation are not set forth in the findings of fact or order. The determination of twenty-five percent or more shall be based on the current income of the parties and the department shall not be required to show a substantial change of circumstances if the reasons for the deviations were not set forth in the findings of fact or order.

(8)(a) All child support decrees may be adjusted once every twenty-four months based upon changes in the income of the parents without a showing of substantially changed circumstances. Either party may initiate the adjustment by filing a motion and child support worksheets.

(b) A party may petition for modification in cases of substantially changed circumstances under subsection (1) of this section at any time. However, if relief is granted under subsection (1) of this section, twenty-four months must pass before a motion for an adjustment under (a) of this subsection may be filed.

(c) If, pursuant to (a) of this subsection or subsection (9) of this section, the court adjusts or modifies a child support obligation by more than thirty percent and the change would cause significant hardship, the court may implement the change in two equal increments, one at the time of the entry of the order and the second six months from the entry of the order. Twenty-four months must pass following the second change before a motion for an adjustment under (a) of this subsection may be filed.
(d) A parent who is receiving transfer payments who receives a wage or salary increase may not bring a modification action pursuant to subsection (1) of this section alleging that increase constitutes a substantial change of circumstances.

(e) The department of social and health services may file an action at any time to modify an order of child support in cases of substantially changed circumstances if public assistance money is being paid to or for the benefit of the child. The determination of the existence of substantially changed circumstances by the department that lead to the filing of an action to modify the order of child support is not binding upon the court.

(9) An order of child support may be adjusted twenty-four months from the date of the entry of the decree or the last adjustment or modification, whichever is later, based upon changes in the economic table or standards in chapter 26.19 RCW.

Sec. 921. RCW 26.21.005 and 1993 c 318 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:

In this chapter:
(1) "Child" means an individual, whether over or under the age of majority, who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual's parent or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order directed to the parent.

(2) "Child support order" means a support order for a child, including a child who has attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state.

(3) "Duty of support" means an obligation imposed or imposable by law to provide support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an unsatisfied obligation to provide support.

(4) "Home state" means the state in which a child lived with a parent or a person acting as parent for at least six consecutive months immediately preceding the time of filing of a petition or comparable pleading for support and, if a child is less than six months old, the state in which the child lived from birth with any of them. A period of temporary absence of any of them is counted as part of the six-month or other period.

(5) "Income" includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money from any source and any other property subject to withholding for support under the law of this state.

(6) "Income-withholding order" means an order or other legal process directed to an obligor's employer or other debtor, as defined by (chapter 6.27) RCW 50.04.080, to withhold support from the income of the obligor.

(7) "Initiating state" means a state from which a proceeding is forwarded or in which a proceeding is filed for forwarding to a responding state under this chapter or a law or procedure substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.

(8) "Initiating tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in an initiating state.

(9) "Issuing state" means the state in which a tribunal issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage.

(10) "Issuing tribunal" means the tribunal that issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage.

(11) "Law" includes decisional and statutory law and rules and regulations having the force of law.

(12) "Obligee" means:
(a) An individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a judgment determining parentage has been rendered;
(b) A state or political subdivision to which the rights under a duty of support or support order have been assigned or which has independent claims based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee; or
(c) An individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's child.

(13) "Obligor" means an individual, or the estate of a decedent:
(a) Who owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;
(b) Who is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a child; or
(c) Who is liable under a support order.

(14) "Register" means to record or file in the appropriate location for the recording or filing of foreign judgments generally or foreign support orders specifically, a support order or judgment determining parentage.
"Registering tribunal" means a tribunal in which a support order is registered.

"Responding state" means a state in which a proceeding is filed or to which a proceeding is forwarded for filing from an initiating state under this chapter or a law or procedure substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.

"Responding tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in a responding state.

"Spousal support order" means a support order for a spouse or former spouse of the obligor.

"State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. The term includes:

(i) An Indian tribe; and

(ii) A foreign jurisdiction that has enacted a law or established procedures for issuance and enforcement of support orders which are substantially similar to the procedures under this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.

"Support enforcement agency" means a public official or agency authorized to seek:

(a) Enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty of support;

(b) Establishment or modification of child support;

(c) Determination of parentage; or

(d) Location of obligors or their assets.

"Support order" means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a former spouse, that provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or reimbursement, and may include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding, attorneys’ fees, and other relief.

"Tribunal" means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage.

Sec. 922. RCW 26.21.115 and 1993 c 318 s 205 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a child support order:

(a) As long as this state remains the residence of the obligor, the individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit the support order is issued; or

(b) Until (each individual party has) all of the parties who are individuals have filed written consents with the tribunal of this state for a tribunal of another state to modify the order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

(2) A tribunal of this state issuing a child support order consistent with the law of this state may not exercise its continuing jurisdiction to modify the order if the order has been modified by a tribunal of another state pursuant to this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter.

(3) If a child support order of this state is modified by a tribunal of another state pursuant to this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, a tribunal of this state loses its continuing, exclusive jurisdiction with regard to prospective enforcement of the order issued in this state, and may only:

(a) Enforce the order that was modified as to amounts accruing before the modification;

(b) Enforce nonmodifiable aspects of that order; and

(c) Provide other appropriate relief for violations of that order which occurred before the effective date of the modification.

(4) A tribunal of this state shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of a tribunal of another state that has issued a child support order pursuant to this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter.

(5) A temporary support order issued ex parte or pending resolution of a jurisdictional conflict does not create continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in the issuing tribunal.

(6) A tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal support order throughout the existence of the support obligation. A tribunal of this state may not modify a spousal support order issued by a tribunal of another state having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over that order under the law of that state.
Sec. 923. RCW 26.21.135 and 1993 c 318 s 207 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter and only one tribunal has issued a child support order, the order of that tribunal controls and must be so recognized.
(2) If a proceeding is brought under this chapter, and two or more child support orders have been issued by tribunals of this state or another state with regard to the same obligor and child, a tribunal of this state shall apply the following rules in determining which order to recognize for purposes of continuing, exclusive jurisdiction:
(a) If only one of the tribunals (has issued a child support order) would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the order of that tribunal controls and must be so recognized.
(b) If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, and only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the order of that tribunal must be recognized.
(c) If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, and more than one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state of the child controls and must be so recognized, but if an order has not been issued in the current home state of the child, the order most recently issued controls and must be so recognized.
(d) If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, and none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the tribunal of this state may issue a child support order, which must be recognized.
(2) The tribunal that has issued an order recognized under subsection (1) of this section is the tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
(c) If none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the tribunal of this state having jurisdiction over the parties shall issue a child support order, which controls and must be so recognized.
(3) If two or more child support orders have been issued for the same obligor and child and if the obligor or the individual obligee resides in this state, a party may request a tribunal of this state to determine which order controls and must be so recognized under subsection (2) of this section. The request must be accompanied by a certified copy of every support order in effect. The requesting party shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights may be affected by the determination.
(4) The tribunal that issued the controlling order under subsection (1), (2), or (3) of this section is the tribunal that has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under RCW 26.21.115.
(5) A tribunal of this state which determines by order the identity of the controlling order under subsection (2)(a) or (b) of this section or which issues a new controlling order under subsection (2)(c) of this section shall state in that order the basis upon which the tribunal made its determination.
(6) Within thirty days after issuance of an order determining the identity of the controlling order, the party obtaining the order shall file a certified copy of it with each tribunal that issued or registered an earlier order of child support. A party who obtains the order and fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of the controlling order.

Sec. 924. RCW 26.21.235 and 1993 c 318 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Upon the filing of a petition authorized by this chapter, an initiating tribunal of this state shall forward three copies of the petition and its accompanying documents:
(a) To the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement agency in the responding state; or
(b) If the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state information agency of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the appropriate tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.
(2) If a responding state has not enacted the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law or procedure substantially similar to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, a tribunal of this state may issue a certificate or other document and make findings required by the law of the responding state. If the responding state is a foreign jurisdiction, the tribunal may specify the amount of support sought and provide other documents necessary to satisfy the requirements of the responding state.

Sec. 925. RCW 26.21.245 and 1993 c 318 s 305 are each amended to read as follows:
When a responding tribunal of this state receives a petition or comparable pleading from an initiating tribunal or directly pursuant to RCW 26.21.205(3), it shall cause the petition or pleading to be filed and notify the petitioner (by first class mail) where and when it was filed.

A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent otherwise authorized by law, may do one or more of the following:

(a) Issue or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, or render a judgment to determine parentage;

(b) Order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the amount and the manner of compliance;

(c) Order income withholding;

(d) Determine the amount of any arrearages, and specify a method of payment;

(e) Enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;

(f) Set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;

(g) Place liens and order execution on the obligor’s property;

(h) Order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor’s current residential address, telephone number, employer, address of employment, and telephone number at the place of employment;

(i) Issue a bench warrant or writ of arrest for an obligor who has failed after proper notice to appear at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the bench warrant or writ of arrest in any local and state computer systems for criminal warrants;

(j) Order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified methods;

(k) Award reasonable attorneys’ fees and other fees and costs; and

(l) Grant any other available remedy.

A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a support order issued under this chapter, or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on which the support order is based.

A responding tribunal of this state may not condition the payment of a support order issued under this chapter upon compliance by a party with provisions for visitation.

If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order under this chapter, the tribunal shall send a copy of the order (by first class mail) to the petitioner and the respondent and to the initiating tribunal, if any.

**Sec. 926.** RCW 26.21.255 and 1993 c 318 s 306 are each amended to read as follows:

If a petition or comparable pleading is received by an inappropriate tribunal of this state, it shall forward the pleading and accompanying documents to an appropriate tribunal in this state or another state and notify the petitioner (by first class mail) where and when the pleading was sent.

**Sec. 927.** RCW 26.21.265 and 1993 c 318 s 307 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A support enforcement agency of this state, upon request, shall provide services to a petitioner in a proceeding under this chapter.

(2) A support enforcement agency that is providing services to the petitioner as appropriate shall:

(a) Take all steps necessary to enable an appropriate tribunal in this state or another state to obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;

(b) Request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place for a hearing;

(c) Make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information, including information as to income and property of the parties;

(d) Within (two) five days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of a written notice from an initiating, responding, or registering tribunal, send a copy of the notice (by first class mail) to the petitioner;

(e) Within (two) five days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt of a written communication from the respondent or the respondent’s attorney, send a copy of the communication (by first class mail) to the petitioner; and

(f) Notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent cannot be obtained.

(3) This chapter does not create or negate a relationship of attorney and client or other fiduciary relationship between a support enforcement agency or the attorney for the agency and the individual being assisted by the agency.
Sec. 928. RCW 26.21.450 and 1993 c 318 s 501 are each amended to read as follows:

An income-withholding order issued in another state may be sent to the person or entity defined as the obligor’s employer under RCW 50.04.080 without first filing a petition or comparable pleading or registering the order with a tribunal of this state. Upon receipt of the order, the employer shall:

1. Treat an income-withholding order issued in another state that appears regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of this state;
2. Immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor; and
3. Distribute the funds as directed in the income-withholding order.

An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income-withholding order issued in another state in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this state. RCW 26.21.510 applies to the contest. The obligor shall give notice of the contest to any support enforcement agency providing services to the obligee and to:

1. The person or agency designated to receive payments in the income-withholding order; or
2. If no person or agency is designated, the obligee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 929. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:

EMPLOYER’S COMPLIANCE WITH INCOME-WITHHOLDING ORDER OF ANOTHER STATE. (1) Upon receipt of an income-withholding order, the obligor’s employer shall immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor.
(2) The employer shall treat an income-withholding order issued in another state that appears regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of this state.
(3) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section and section 930 of this act, the employer shall withhold and distribute the funds as directed in the withholding order by complying with the terms of the order which specify:

a. The duration and amount of periodic payments of current child support, stated as a sum certain;
   b. The person or agency designated to receive payments and the address to which the payments are to be forwarded;
   c. Medical support, whether in the form of periodic cash payment, stated as sum certain, or ordering the obligor to provide health insurance coverage for the child under a policy available through the obligor’s employment;
   d. The amount of periodic payments of fees and costs for a support enforcement agency, the issuing tribunal, and the obligee’s attorney, stated as sum certain; and
   e. The amount of periodic payments of arrearages and interest on arrearages, stated as sum certain.
(4) The employer shall comply with the law of the state of the obligor’s principal place of employment for withholding from income with respect to:

a. The employer’s fee for processing an income withholding order;
   b. The maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the obligor’s income; and
   c. The times within which the employer must implement the withholding order and forward the child support payment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 930. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:

COMPLIANCE WITH MULTIPLE INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDERS. If an obligor’s employer receives multiple income-withholding orders with respect to the earnings of the same obligor, the employer satisfies the terms of the multiple orders if the employer complies with the law of the state of the obligor’s principal place of employment to establish the priorities for withholding and allocating income withheld for multiple child support obligees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 931. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:

IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY. An employer who complies with an income-withholding order issued in another state in accordance with this article is not subject to civil liability to an individual or agency with regard to the employer’s withholding of child support from the obligor’s income.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 932. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:
PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE. An employer who willfully fails to comply with an income-withholding order issued by another state and received for enforcement is subject to the same penalties that may be imposed for noncompliance with an order issued by a tribunal of this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 933. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:
CONTEST BY OBLIGOR. (1) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income-withholding order issued in another state and received directly by an employer in this state in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this state. RCW 26.21.510 applies to the contest.
(2) The obligor shall give notice of the contest to:
   (a) A support enforcement agency providing services to the obligee;
   (b) Each employer that has directly received an income-withholding order; and
   (c) The person or agency designated to receive payments in the income-withholding order, or if no person or agency is designated, to the obligee.

Sec. 934. RCW 26.21.490 and 1993 c 318 s 602 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A support order or income-withholding order of another state may be registered in this state by sending the following documents and information to the support enforcement agency of this state or to the superior court of any county in this state where the obligor resides, works, or has property:
   (a) A letter of transmittal to the tribunal requesting registration and enforcement;
   (b) Two copies, including one certified copy, of all orders to be registered, including any modification of an order;
   (c) A sworn statement by the party seeking registration or a certified statement by the custodian of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;
   (d) The name of the obligor and, if known:
      (i) The obligor’s address and social security number;
      (ii) The name and address of the obligor’s employer and any other source of income of the obligor; and
      (iii) A description and the location of property of the obligor in this state not exempt from execution; and
   (e) The name and address of the obligee and, if applicable, the agency or person to whom support payments are to be remitted.
(2) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall cause the order to be filed as a foreign judgment, together with one copy of the documents and information accompanying the order.
(3) A petition or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that must be affirmatively sought under other law of this state may be filed at the same time as the request for registration or later. The pleading must specify the grounds for the remedy sought.

Sec. 935. RCW 26.21.520 and 1993 c 318 s 605 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When a support order or income-withholding order issued in another state is registered, the registering tribunal shall notify the nonregistering party. (Notice must be given by certified or registered mail or by any means of personal service authorized by the law of this state.) The notice must be accompanied by a copy of the registered order and the documents and relevant information accompanying the order.
(2) The notice must inform the nonregistering party:
   (a) That a registered order is enforceable as of the date of registration in the same manner as an order issued by a tribunal of this state;
   (b) That a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order must be requested within twenty days after the date of receipt by certified or registered mail or personal service of the notice given to a nonregistering party within the state and within sixty days after the date of receipt by certified or registered mail or personal service of the notice on a nonregistering party outside of the state;
   (c) That failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely manner will result in confirmation of the order and enforcement of the order and the alleged arrearages and precludes further contest of that order with respect to any matter that could have been asserted; and
   (d) Of the amount of any alleged arrearages.
Upon registration of an income-withholding order for enforcement, the registering tribunal shall notify the obligor’s employer pursuant to the income-withholding law of this state.

Sec. 936. RCW 26.21.530 and 1993 c 318 s 606 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A nonregistering party seeking to contest the validity or enforcement of a registered order in this state shall request a hearing within twenty days after the date of receipt of certified or registered mail or the date of personal service of notice of the registration on the nonmoving party within this state, or, within sixty days after the receipt of certified or registered mail or personal service of the notice on the nonmoving party outside of the state. The nonregistering party may seek to vacate the registration, to assert any defense to an allegation of noncompliance with the registered order, or to contest the remedies being sought or the amount of any alleged arrearages pursuant to RCW 26.21.540.
(2) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely manner, the order is confirmed by operation of law.
(3) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order, the registering tribunal shall schedule the matter for hearing and give notice to the parties (by first class mail) of the date, time, and place of the hearing.

Sec. 937. RCW 26.21.580 and 1993 c 318 s 611 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) After a child support order issued in another state has been registered in this state, the responding tribunal of this state may modify that order only if section 939 of this act does not apply and after notice and hearing it finds that:
(a) The following requirements are met:
(i) The child, the individual obligee, and the obligor do not reside in the issuing state;
(ii) A petitioner who is a nonresident of this state seeks modification; and
(iii) The respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state; or
(b) (An individual party or) The child, or a party who is an individual, is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state and all of the parties who are individuals have filed written consents in the issuing tribunal for a tribunal of this state to modify the support order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the order. However, if the issuing state is a foreign jurisdiction that has not enacted a law or established procedures substantially similar to the procedures under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, the consent otherwise required of an individual residing in this state is not required for the tribunal to assume jurisdiction to modify the child support order.
(2) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order issued by a tribunal of this state and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the same manner.
(3) A tribunal of this state may not modify any aspect of a child support order that may not be modified under the law of the issuing state. If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, the order that controls and must be so recognized under RCW 26.21.135 establishes the aspects of the support order that are nonmodifiable.
(4) On issuance of an order modifying a child support order issued in another state, a tribunal of this state becomes the tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
(5) Within thirty days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party obtaining the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing tribunal which had continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order, and in each tribunal in which the party knows that earlier order has been registered.

Sec. 938. RCW 26.21.590 and 1993 c 318 s 612 are each amended to read as follows:
A tribunal of this state shall recognize a modification of its earlier child support order by a tribunal of another state that assumed jurisdiction pursuant to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law substantially similar to this chapter and, upon request, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, shall:
(1) Enforce the order that was modified only as to amounts accruing before the modification;
(2) Enforce only nonmodifiable aspects of that order;
(3) Provide other appropriate relief only for violations of that order which occurred before the effective date of the modification; and
(4) Recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon registration, for the purpose of enforcement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 939. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:
JURISDICTION TO MODIFY CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF ANOTHER STATE IF INDIVIDUAL PARTIES RESIDE IN THIS STATE. (1) If all of the parties who are individuals reside in this state and the child does not reside in the issuing state, a tribunal of this state has jurisdiction to enforce and to modify the issuing state’s child support order in a proceeding to register that order.
(2) A tribunal of this state exercising jurisdiction under this section shall apply the provisions of Articles 1 and 2, this article, and the procedural and substantive law of this state to the proceeding for enforcement or modification. Articles 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 of this chapter do not apply.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 940. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:
NOTICE TO ISSUING TRIBUNAL OF MODIFICATION. Within thirty days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party obtaining the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing tribunal that had continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order, and in each tribunal in which the party knows the earlier order has been registered. A party who obtains the order and fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of the modified order of the new tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

Sec. 941. RCW 26.21.620 and 1993 c 318 s 701 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating or responding tribunal in a proceeding brought under this chapter or a law or procedure substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act to determine that the petitioner is a parent of a particular child or to determine that a respondent is a parent of that child.
(2) In a proceeding to determine parentage, a responding tribunal of this state shall apply the Uniform Parentage Act, chapter 26.26 RCW, procedural and substantive law of this state, and the rules of this state on choice of law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 942. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:
ADOPTION OF RULES. The secretary of the department of social and health services shall issue such rules as necessary to act as the administrative tribunal pursuant to RCW 26.21.015.

Sec. 943. RCW 26.23.035 and 1991 c 367 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department of social and health services shall adopt rules for the distribution of support money collected by the division of child support. These rules shall:
(a) Comply with Title IV-D of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996;
(b) Direct the division of child support to distribute support money within eight days of receipt, unless one of the following circumstances, or similar circumstances specified in the rules, prevents prompt distribution:
(i) The location of the custodial parent is unknown;
(ii) The support debt is in litigation;
(iii) The division of child support cannot identify the responsible parent or the custodian;
(c) Provide for proportionate distribution of support payments if the responsible parent owes a support obligation or a support debt for two or more Title IV-D cases; and
(d) Authorize the distribution of support money, except money collected under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 664, to satisfy a support debt owed to the IV-D custodian before the debt owed to the state when the custodian stops receiving a public assistance grant.
(2) The division of child support may distribute support payments to the payee under the support order or to another person who has lawful physical custody of the child or custody with the payee’s consent. The payee may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to challenge distribution to such other person. Prior to distributing support payments to any person other than the payee, the registry shall:
(a) Obtain a written statement from the child's physical custodian, under penalty of perjury, that the custodian has lawful custody of the child or custody with the payee's consent;

(b) Mail to the responsible parent and to the payee at the payee's last known address a copy of the physical custodian's statement and a notice which states that support payments will be sent to the physical custodian; and

(c) File a copy of the notice with the clerk of the court that entered the original support order.

(3) If the Washington state support registry distributes a support payment to a person in error, the registry may obtain restitution by means of a set-off against future payments received on behalf of the person receiving the erroneous payment, or may act according to RCW 74.20A.270 as deemed appropriate. Any set-off against future support payments shall be limited to amounts collected on the support debt and ten percent of amounts collected as current support.

(4) The division of child support shall ensure that the fifty dollar pass through payment, as required by 42 U.S.C. Sec. 657 before the adoption of P.L. 104-193, is terminated immediately upon the effective date of this section and all rules to the contrary adopted before the effective date of this section are without force and effect.

Sec. 944. RCW 74.20A.030 and 1993 sp.s. c 24 s 926 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall be subrogated to the right of any dependent child or children or person having the care, custody, and control of said child or children, if public assistance money is paid to or for the benefit of the child under a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, to prosecute or maintain any support action or execute any administrative remedy existing under the laws of the state of Washington to obtain reimbursement of moneys expended, based on the support obligation of the responsible parent established by a superior court order or RCW 74.20A.055.

Distribution of any support moneys shall be made in accordance with (((42 U.S.C. Sec. 657)) RCW 26.23.035.

(2) The department may initiate, continue, maintain, or execute an action to establish, enforce, and collect a support obligation, including establishing paternity and performing related services, under this chapter and chapter 74.20 RCW, or through the attorney general or prosecuting attorney under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.20, 26.21, 26.23, or 26.26 RCW or other appropriate statutes or the common law of this state, for so long as and under such conditions as the department may establish by regulation.

(3) Public assistance moneys shall be exempt from collection action under this chapter except as provided in RCW 74.20A.270.

(4) No collection action shall be taken against parents of children eligible for admission to, or children who have been discharged from a residential habilitation center as defined by RCW 71A.10.020(7). For the period July 1, 1993, through June 30, 1995, a collection action may be taken against parents of children with developmental disabilities who are placed in community-based residential care. The amount of support the department may collect from the parents shall not exceed one-half of the parents' support obligation accrued while the child was in community-based residential care. The child support obligation shall be calculated pursuant to chapter 26.19 RCW.

Sec. 945. RCW 74.20.320 and 1979 ex.s. c 171 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever a custodian of children, or other person, receives support moneys paid to them which moneys are paid in whole or in part in satisfaction of a support obligation which has been assigned to the department pursuant to (((42 U.S.C. Sec. 602(A)(26)(a))) Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 or RCW 74.20.330 or to which the department is owed a debt pursuant to RCW 74.20A.030, the moneys shall be remitted to the department within eight days of receipt by the custodian or other person. If not so remitted the custodian or other person shall be indebted to the department as a support debt in an amount equal to the amount of the support money received and not remitted.

By not paying over the moneys to the department, a custodial parent or other person is deemed, without the necessity of signing any document, to have made an irrevocable assignment to the department of any support delinquency owed which is not already assigned to the department or to any support delinquency which may accrue in the future in an amount equal to the amount of support money retained. The department may utilize the collection procedures in chapter 74.20A RCW to collect the assigned delinquency to effect recoupment and satisfaction of the debt incurred by reason of
the failure of the custodial parent or other person to remit. The department is also authorized to make a set-off to effect satisfaction of the debt by deduction from support moneys in its possession or in the possession of any clerk of the court or other forwarding agent which are paid to the custodial parent or other person for the satisfaction of any support delinquency. Nothing in this section authorizes the department to make set-off as to current support paid during the month for which the payment is due and owing.

Sec. 946. RCW 74.20.330 and 1989 c 360 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Whenever public assistance is paid under (this title) a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, each applicant or recipient is deemed to have made assignment to the department of any rights to a support obligation from any other person the applicant or recipient may have in his or her own behalf or in behalf of any other family member for whom the applicant or recipient is applying for or receiving public assistance, including any unpaid support obligation or support debt which has accrued at the time the assignment is made.
(2) Payment of public assistance under (this title) a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 shall:
(a) Operate as an assignment by operation of law; and
(b) Constitue an authorization to the department to provide the assistance recipient with support enforcement services.

Sec. 947. RCW 70.58.080 and 1989 c 55 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Within ten days after the birth of any child, the attending physician, midwife, or his or her agent shall:
(a) Fill out a certificate of birth, giving all of the particulars required, including: (i) The mother’s name and date of birth, and (ii) if the mother and father are married at the time of birth or the father has signed an acknowledgment of paternity, the father’s name and date of birth; and
(b) File the certificate of birth together with the mother’s and father’s social security numbers with the (local) state registrar of (the district in which the birth occurred) vital statistics.
(2) The local registrar shall forward the birth certificate, any signed affidavit acknowledging paternity, and the mother’s and father’s social security numbers to the state office of vital statistics pursuant to RCW 70.58.030.
(3) The state (office) registrar of vital statistics shall make available to the (office of support enforcement) division of child support the birth certificates, the mother’s and father’s social security numbers and paternity affidavits.
(4) Upon the birth of a child to an unmarried woman, the attending physician, midwife, or his or her agent shall:
(a) Provide an opportunity for the child’s mother and natural father to complete an affidavit acknowledging paternity. The completed affidavit shall be filed with the (local) state registrar of vital statistics. The affidavit shall contain or have attached:
(i) A sworn statement by the mother consenting to the assertion of paternity and stating that this is the only possible father;
(ii) A statement by the father that he is the natural father of the child;
(iii) A sworn statement signed by the mother and the putative father that each has been given notice, both orally and in writing, of the alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent is a minor, any rights afforded due to minority status, and responsibilities that arise from, signing the affidavit acknowledging paternity;
(iv) Written information, furnished by the department of social and health services, explaining the implications of signing, including parental rights and responsibilities; and
(v) The social security numbers of both parents.
(b) Provide written information and oral information, furnished by the department of social and health services, to the mother and the father regarding the benefits of having ((her)) the child’s paternity established and of the availability of paternity establishment services, including a request for support enforcement services. The oral and written information shall also include information regarding the alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent is a minor any
rights afforded due to minority status, and responsibilities that arise from, signing the affidavit
acknowledging paternity.

(5) The physician or midwife or his or her agent is entitled to reimbursement for reasonable
costs, which the department shall establish by rule, when an affidavit acknowledging paternity is filed
with the state registrar of vital statistics.

(6) If there is no attending physician or midwife, the father or mother of the child, householder
or owner of the premises, manager or superintendent of the public or private institution in which the
birth occurred, shall notify the local registrar, within ten days after the birth, of the fact of the birth,
and the local registrar shall secure the necessary information and signature to make a proper certificate
of birth.

(7) When an infant is found for whom no certificate of birth is known to be on file, a birth
certificate shall be filed within the time and in the form prescribed by the state board of health.

(8) When no putative father is named on a birth certificate of a child born to an unwed mother
the mother may give any surname she so desires to her child but shall designate in space provided for
father’s name on the birth certificate "None Named".

Sec. 948. RCW 26.26.040 and 1994 c 230 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A man is presumed to be the natural father of a child for all intents and purposes if:

(a) He and the child’s natural mother are or have been married to each other and the child is
born during the marriage, or within three hundred days after the marriage is terminated by death,
annulment, declaration of invalidity, divorce, or dissolution, or after a decree of separation is entered
by a court; or

(b) Before the child’s birth, he and the child’s natural mother have attempted to marry each
other by a marriage solemnized in apparent compliance with law, although the attempted marriage is or
could be declared invalid, and the child is born within three hundred days after the termination of
cohabitation;

(c) After the child’s birth, he and the child’s natural mother have married, or attempted to
marry, each other by a marriage solemnized in apparent compliance with law, although the attempted
marriage is or could be declared invalid, and

(i) He has acknowledged his paternity of the child in writing filed with the state registrar of
vital statistics,

(ii) With his consent, he is named as the child’s father on the child’s birth certificate, or

(iii) He is obligated to support the child under a written voluntary promise or by court order;

(d) While the child is under the age of majority, he receives the child into his home and openly
holds out the child as his child;

(e) He acknowledges his paternity of the child pursuant to RCW 70.58.080 or in a writing filed
with the state registrar of vital statistics, which shall promptly inform the mother of the filing of
the acknowledgment, if she does not dispute the acknowledgment within a reasonable time after
being informed thereof, in a writing filed with the state registrar of vital statistics. An acknowledgment
of paternity under RCW 70.58.080 shall be a legal finding of paternity of the child sixty days after the
acknowledgment is filed with the center for health statistics unless the acknowledgment is sooner
rescinded or challenged. After the sixty-day period has passed, the acknowledgment may be challenged
in court only on the basis of fraud, duress, or material mistake of fact, with the burden of proof upon
the challenger. Legal responsibilities of the challenger, including child support obligations, may not be
suspended during the challenge, except for good cause shown. Judicial and administrative proceedings
are neither required nor permitted to ratify an unchallenged acknowledgment of paternity filed after the
effective date of this section. In order to enforce rights of residential time, custody, and visitation, a
man presumed to be the father as a result of filing a written acknowledgment must seek appropriate
judicial orders under this title;

(f) The United States immigration and naturalization service made or accepted a determination
that he was the father of the child at the time of the child’s entry into the United States and he had the
opportunity at the time of the child’s entry into the United States to admit or deny the paternal
relationship; or

(g) Genetic testing indicates a ninety-eight percent or greater probability of paternity.

(2) A presumption under this section may be rebutted in an appropriate action only by clear,
cogent, and convincing evidence. If two or more presumptions arise which conflict with each other, the
presumption which on the facts is founded on the weightier considerations of policy and logic controls. The presumption is rebutted by a court decree establishing paternity of the child by another man.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 949.** A new section is added to chapter 26.26 RCW to read as follows:

**PROOF OF CERTAIN SUPPORT AND PATERNITY ESTABLISHMENT COSTS.** In all actions brought under this chapter, bills for pregnancy, childbirth, and genetic testing shall:

1. Be admissible as evidence without requiring third-party foundation testimony; and
2. Constitute prima facie evidence of amounts incurred for such services or for testing on behalf of the child.

**Sec. 950.** RCW 74.20A.055 and 1996 c 21 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The secretary may, in the absence of a superior court order, or pursuant to an establishment of paternity under chapter 26.26 RCW, serve on the responsible parent or parents a notice and finding of financial responsibility requiring a responsible parent or parents to appear and show cause in an adjudicative proceeding why the finding of responsibility and/or the amount thereof is incorrect, should not be finally ordered, but should be rescinded or modified. This notice and finding shall relate to the support debt accrued and/or accruing under this chapter and/or RCW 26.16.205, including periodic payments to be made in the future. The hearing shall be held pursuant to this section, chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, and the rules of the department.

2. The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall be served in the same manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or may be served on the responsible parent by certified mail, return receipt requested. The receipt shall be prima facie evidence of service. The notice shall be served upon the debtor within sixty days from the date the state assumes responsibility for the support of the dependent child or children on whose behalf support is sought. If the notice is not served within sixty days from such date, the department shall lose the right to reimbursement of payments made after the sixty-day period and before the date of notification: PROVIDED, That if the department exercises reasonable efforts to locate the debtor and is unable to do so the entire sixty-day period is tolled until such time as the debtor can be located.

3. The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall set forth the amount the department has determined the responsible parent owes, the support debt accruing, and periodic payments to be made in the future. The notice and finding shall also include:
   a. A statement of the name of the recipient or custodian and the name of the child or children for whom support is sought;
   b. A statement of the amount of periodic future support payments as to which financial responsibility is alleged;
   c. A statement that the responsible parent may object to all or any part of the notice and finding, and file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to show cause why said responsible parent should not be determined to be liable for any or all of the debt, past and future;
   d. A statement that the alleged responsible parent may challenge the presumption of paternity;
   e. A statement that, if the responsible parent fails in timely fashion to file an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the support debt and payments stated in the notice and finding, including periodic support payments in the future, shall be assessed and determined and ordered by the department and that this debt and amounts due under the notice shall be subject to collection actions; provided, That the property of the debtor, without further advance notice or hearing, will be subject to lien and foreclosure, distress, seizure and sale, order to withhold and deliver, notice of payroll deduction or other collection action to satisfy the debt and enforce the support obligation established under the notice.

4. A responsible parent who objects to the notice and finding of financial responsibility may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of the date of service of the notice or thereafter as provided under this subsection. An adjudicative proceeding shall be held in the county of residence or other place convenient to the responsible parent.
   a. If the responsible parent files the application within twenty days, the department shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parent’s objection and determine the parents’ support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application stays collection action pending the entry of a final administrative order;
(b) If the responsible parent fails to file an application within twenty days, the notice and finding shall become a final administrative order. The amounts for current and future support and the support debt stated in the notice are final and subject to collection, except as provided under (c) and (d) of this subsection;

(c) If the responsible parent files the application more than twenty days after, but within one year of the date of service, the department shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parents’ objection and determine the parent’s support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application does not stay further collection action, pending the entry of a final administrative order, and does not affect any prior collection action;

(d) If the responsible parent files the application more than one year after the date of service, the department shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding at which the responsible parent must show good cause for failure to file a timely application. The filing of the application does not stay future collection action and does not affect prior collection action:

(i) If the presiding officer finds that good cause exists, the presiding officer shall proceed to hear the parent’s objection to the notice and determine the parent’s support obligation;

(ii) If the presiding officer finds that good cause does not exist, the presiding officer shall treat the application as a petition for prospective modification of the amount for current and future support established under the notice and finding. In the modification proceeding, the presiding officer shall set current and future support under chapter 26.19 RCW. The responsible parent need show neither good cause nor a substantial change of circumstances to justify modification of current and future support;

(e) The department shall retain and/or shall not refund support money collected more than twenty days after the date of service of the notice. Money withheld as the result of collection action shall be delivered to the department. The department shall distribute such money, as provided in published rules.

(5)(a)) If an application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed, the presiding or reviewing officer shall determine the past liability and responsibility, if any, of the alleged responsible parent and shall also determine the amount of periodic payments to be made in the future, which amount is not limited by the amount of any public assistance payment made to or for the benefit of the child. If deviating from the child support schedule in making these determinations, the presiding or reviewing officer shall apply the standards contained in the child support schedule and enter written findings of fact supporting the deviation.

((b) If a responsible parent provides credible evidence at an adjudicative proceeding that would rebut the presumption of paternity set forth in RCW 26.26.040, the presiding officer shall direct the department to refer the issue for scheduling of an appropriate hearing in superior court to determine whether the presumption should be rebutted.))

(6) If the responsible parent fails to attend or participate in the hearing or other stage of an adjudicative proceeding, upon a showing of valid service, the presiding officer shall enter an administrative order declaring the support debt and payment provisions stated in the notice and finding of financial responsibility to be assessed and determined and subject to collection action.

(7) The final administrative order establishing liability and/or future periodic support payments shall be superceded upon entry of a superior court order for support to the extent the superior court order is inconsistent with the administrative order.

(8) Debts determined pursuant to this section, accrued and not paid, are subject to collection action under this chapter without further necessity of action by a presiding or reviewing officer.

Sec. 951. RCW 74.20A.056 and 1994 c 230 s 19 and 1994 c 146 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) If an alleged father has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity which has been filed with the state registrar of vital statistics before July 1, 1997, the division of child support may serve a notice and finding of parental responsibility on him. Procedures for and responsibility resulting from acknowledgments filed after July 1, 1997, are in subsections (8) and (9) of this section. Service of the notice shall be in the same manner as a summons in a civil action or by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall have attached to it a copy of the affidavit or certification of birth record information advising of the existence of a filed affidavit, provided by the state registrar of vital statistics, and shall state that:
(a) The alleged father may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding at which he will be required to appear and show cause why the amount stated in the finding of financial responsibility as to support is incorrect and should not be ordered;

(b) An alleged father may request that a blood or genetic test be administered to determine whether such test would exclude him from being a natural parent and, if not excluded, may subsequently request that the (office of support enforcement) division of child support initiate an action in superior court to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship; and

(c) If the alleged father does not request that a blood or genetic test be administered or file an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of parental responsibility shall become final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.060 that the parent-child relationship does not exist.

(2) An alleged father who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt, the amount of the current and future support obligation, and the reimbursement of the costs of blood or genetic tests if advanced by the department.

(3) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department. If no application is filed within twenty days:

(a) The amounts in the notice shall become final and the debt created therein shall be subject to collection action; and

(b) Any amounts so collected shall neither be refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.

(4) An alleged father who denies being a responsible parent may request that a blood or genetic test be administered at any time. The request for testing shall be in writing and served on the (office of support enforcement) division of child support personally or by registered or certified mail. If a request for testing is made, the department shall arrange for the test and, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, may advance the cost of such testing. The department shall mail a copy of the test results by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the alleged father’s last known address.

(5) If the test excludes the alleged father from being a natural parent, the (office of support enforcement) division of child support shall file a copy of the results with the state registrar of vital statistics and shall dismiss any pending administrative collection proceedings based upon the affidavit in issue. The state registrar of vital statistics shall remove the alleged father’s name from the birth certificate and change the child’s surname to be the same as the mother’s maiden name as stated on the birth certificate, or any other name which the mother may select.

(6) The alleged father may, within twenty days after the date of receipt of the test results, request the (office of support enforcement) division of child support to initiate an action under RCW 26.26.060 to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship. If the (office of support enforcement) division of child support initiates a superior court action at the request of the alleged father and the decision of the court is that the alleged father is a natural parent, the alleged father shall be liable for court costs incurred.

(7) If the alleged father does not request the (office of support enforcement) division of child support to initiate a superior court action, or if the alleged father fails to appear and cooperate with blood or genetic testing, the notice of parental responsibility shall become final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.060.

(8)(a) If an alleged father has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity that has been filed with the state registrar of vital statistics after July 1, 1997, within sixty days from the date of filing of the acknowledgment:

(i) The division of child support may serve a notice and finding of parental responsibility on him as set forth under this section; and

(ii) The alleged father or any other signatory may rescind his acknowledgment of paternity. The rescission shall be notarized and delivered to the state registrar of vital statistics personally or by registered or certified mail.
(b) If the alleged father does not file an application for an adjudicative proceeding or rescind his acknowledgment of paternity, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of parental responsibility becomes final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.060 that the parent-child relationship does not exist.

(c) An alleged father who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt and the amount of the current and future support obligation.

(i) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department.

(ii) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is not filed within twenty days of the service of the notice, any amounts collected under the notice shall be neither refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.

(d) If an alleged father makes a request for genetic testing, the department shall proceed as set forth under section 911 of this act.

(e) If the alleged father does not request an adjudicative proceeding, or if the alleged father fails to rescind his filed acknowledgment of paternity, the notice of parental responsibility becomes final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.060.

(9) Affidavits acknowledging paternity that are filed after July 1, 1997, are subject to requirements of chapters 26.26 and 70.58 RCW.

(10) The department and the department of health may adopt rules to implement the requirements under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 952. A new section is added to chapter 26.18 RCW to read as follows:
CHILD SUPPORT LIENS--CREATION--ATTACHMENT. Child support debts, not paid when due, become liens by operation of law against all property of the debtor with priority of a secured creditor. This lien shall be separate and apart from, and in addition to, any other lien created by, or provided for, in this title. The lien attaches to all real and personal property of the debtor on the date of filing with the county auditor of the county in which the property is located.

Sec. 953. RCW 26.23.040 and 1994 c 127 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, all employers doing business in the state of Washington, and to whom the department of employment security has assigned the standard industrial classification sic codes listed in subsection (2) of this section, shall report to the Washington state support registry:
(a) The hiring of any person who resides or works in this state to whom the employer anticipates paying earnings; and
(b) The rehiring or return to work of any employee who was laid off, furloughed, separated, granted a leave without pay, or terminated from employment.
(2) Employers in the standard industrial classifications that shall report to the Washington state support registry include:
(a) Construction industry sic codes: 15, general building; 16, heavy construction; and 17, special trades;
(b) Manufacturing industry sic code 37, transportation equipment;
(c) Business services sic codes: 73, except sic code 7363 (temporary help supply services); and health services sic code 80.
(3) Employers are not required to report the hiring of any person who:
(a) Will be employed for less than one months duration;
(b) Will be employed sporadically so that the employee will be paid for less than three hundred fifty hours during a continuous six-month period; or
(c) Will have gross earnings less than three hundred dollars in every month.

The secretary of the department of social and health services may adopt rules to establish additional exemptions if needed to reduce unnecessary or burdensome reporting.
Employers may report by mailing the employee’s copy of the W-4 form, or other means authorized by the registry which will result in timely reporting.

Employers shall submit reports within thirty-five days of the hiring, rehiring, or return to work of the employee. The report shall contain:

(a) The employee’s name, address, social security number, and date of birth; and

(b) The employer’s name, address, and employment security reference number or unified business identifier number.

An employer who fails to report as required under this section shall be given a written warning for the first violation and shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars per month for each subsequent violation after the warning has been given. All violations within a single month shall be considered a single violation for purposes of assessing the penalty. The penalty may be imposed and collected by the division of child support under section 903 of this act.

The registry shall retain the information for a particular employee only if the registry is responsible for establishing, enforcing, or collecting a support obligation or debt of the employee. If the employee does not owe such an obligation or a debt, the registry shall not create a record regarding the employee and the information contained in the notice shall be promptly destroyed. Prior to the destruction of the notice, the department of social and health services shall make the information contained in the notice available to other state agencies, specifically for comparison with records or information possessed by the requesting agency to detect improper or fraudulent claims. If, after comparison, no such situation is found or reasonably suspected to exist, the information shall be promptly destroyed by the requesting agency. Requesting agencies that obtain information from the department of social and health services under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received, except as necessary to implement the agencies’ responsibilities.

Sec. 954. RCW 26.23.040 and 1997 c ... s 953 (section 953 of this act) are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, all employers doing business in the state of Washington, and to whom the department of employment security has assigned a standard industrial classification sic code listed in subsection (2) of this section, shall report to the Washington state support registry:

(a) The hiring of any person who resides or works in this state to whom the employer anticipates paying earnings; and

(b) The rehiring or return to work of any employee who was laid off, furloughed, separated, granted a leave without pay, or terminated from employment.

(2) Employers in the standard industrial classifications that shall report to the Washington state support registry include:

(a) Construction industry sic codes: 15, general building; 16, heavy construction; and 17, special trades;

(b) Manufacturing industry sic code 37, transportation equipment;

(c) Business services sic codes: 73, except sic code 7363 (temporary help supply services); and health services sic code 80.

(3) Employers are not required to report the hiring of any person who:

(a) Will be employed for less than one months duration;
(b) Will be employed sporadically so that the employee will be paid for less than three hundred fifty hours during a continuous six-month period; or
(c) Will have gross earnings less than three hundred dollars in every month.)

The secretary of the department of social and health services may adopt rules to establish additional exemptions if needed to reduce unnecessary or burdensome reporting.

(4) Employers may report by mailing the employee’s copy of the W-4 form, or other means authorized by the registry which will result in timely reporting.

(5) Employers shall submit reports within ((thirty five)) twenty days of the hiring, rehiring, or return to work of the employee, except as provided in subsection (4) of this section. The report shall contain:
   (a) The employee’s name, address, social security number, and date of birth; and
   (b) The employer’s name, address, (and) employment security reference number (or), unified business identifier number and identifying number assigned under section 6109 of the internal revenue code of 1986.

(6) In the case of an employer transmitting reports magnetically or electronically, the employer shall report newly hired employees by two monthly transmissions, if necessary, not less than twelve days nor more than sixteen days apart.

(7) An employer who fails to report as required under this section shall be given a written warning for the first violation and shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars per month for each subsequent violation after the warning has been given. All violations within a single month shall be considered a single violation for purposes of assessing the penalty. The penalty may be imposed and collected by the division of child support under RCW 74.20A.--- (section 903 of this act).

(8) The registry shall retain the information for a particular employee only if the registry is responsible for establishing, enforcing, or collecting a support debt of the employee. The registry may, however, retain information for a particular employee for as long as may be necessary to:
   (a) Transmit the information to the national directory of new hires as required under federal law; or
   (b) Provide the information to other state agencies for comparison with records or information possessed by those agencies as required by law.

Information that is not permitted to be retained shall be promptly destroyed. Agencies that obtain information from the department of social and health services under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received, except as necessary to implement the agencies' responsibilities.

Sec. 955. RCW 26.09.020 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 204 and 1989 c 375 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) A petition in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or for a declaration concerning the validity of a marriage, shall allege the following:
   (a) The last known residence of each party;
   (b) The social security number of each party;
   (c) The date and place of the marriage;
   (d) If the parties are separated the date on which the separation occurred;
   (e) The names, ages, and addresses of any child dependent upon either or both spouses and whether the wife is pregnant;
   (f) Any arrangements as to the residential schedule of, decision making for, dispute resolution for, and support of the children and the maintenance of a spouse;
   (g) A statement specifying whether there is community or separate property owned by the parties to be disposed of;
   (h) The relief sought.

(2) Either or both parties to the marriage may initiate the proceeding.

(3) The petitioner shall complete and file with the petition a certificate under RCW 70.58.200 on the form provided by the department of health.

Sec. 956. RCW 26.26.100 and 1994 c 230 s 15 and 1994 c 146 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The court may, and upon request of a party shall, require the child, mother, and any alleged or presumed father who has been made a party to submit to blood tests or genetic tests of
blood, tissues, or other bodily fluids. If an alleged father objects to a proposed order requiring him to submit to paternity blood or genetic tests, the court shall require the party making the allegation of possible paternity to provide sworn testimony, by affidavit or otherwise, stating the facts upon which the allegation is based. The court shall order blood or genetic tests if it appears that a reasonable possibility exists that the requisite sexual contact occurred or where nonpaternity is alleged, that the requisite sexual contact did not occur. The tests shall be performed by an expert in paternity blood or genetic testing appointed by the court. The expert's verified report identifying the blood or genetic characteristics observed is admissible in evidence in any hearing or trial in the parentage action, if (a) the alleged or presumed father has had the opportunity to gain information about the security, validity, and interpretation of the tests and the qualifications of any experts, and (b) the report is accompanied by an affidavit from the expert which describes the expert's qualifications as an expert and analyzes and interprets the results. Verified documentation of the chain of custody of the blood or genetic samples tested is admissible to establish the chain of custody. The court may consider published sources as aids to interpretation of the test results.

(2)(a) Any objection to genetic testing results must be made in writing and served upon the opposing party, within twenty days before any hearing at which such results may be introduced into evidence.

(b) If an objection is not made as provided in this subsection, the test results are admissible as evidence of paternity without the need for foundation testimony or other proof of authenticity or accuracy.

(3) The court, upon request by a party, shall order that additional blood or genetic tests be performed by the same or other experts qualified in paternity blood or genetic testing, if the party requesting additional tests advances the full costs of the additional testing within a reasonable time. The court may order additional testing without requiring that the requesting party advance the costs only if another party agrees to advance the costs or if the court finds, after hearing, that (a) the requesting party is indigent, and (b) the laboratory performing the initial tests recommends additional testing or there is substantial evidence to support a finding as to paternity contrary to the initial blood or genetic test results. The court may later order any other party to reimburse the party who advanced the costs of additional testing for all or a portion of the costs.

(4) In all cases, the court shall determine the number and qualifications of the experts.

Sec. 957. RCW 26.26.130 and 1995 c 246 s 31 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The judgment and order of the court determining the existence or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship shall be determinative for all purposes.

(2) If the judgment and order of the court is at variance with the child's birth certificate, the court shall order that an amended birth certificate be issued.

(3) The judgment and order shall contain other appropriate provisions directed to the appropriate parties to the proceeding, concerning the duty of current and future support, the extent of any liability for past support furnished to the child if that issue is before the court, the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment of the judgment, or any other matter in the best interest of the child. The judgment and order may direct the father to pay the reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy and confinement. The judgment and order may include a continuing restraining order or injunction. In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800.

(4) The judgment and order shall contain the social security numbers of all parties to the order.

(5) Support judgment and orders shall be for periodic payments which may vary in amount. The court may limit the father's liability for the past support to the child to the proportion of the expenses already incurred as the court deems just. The court shall not limit or affect in any manner the right of nonparties including the state of Washington to seek reimbursement for support and other services previously furnished to the child.

(6) After considering all relevant factors, the court shall order either or both parents to pay an amount determined pursuant to the schedule and standards contained in chapter 26.19 RCW.

(7) On the same basis as provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, the court shall make residential provisions with regard to minor children of the parties, except that a parenting plan shall not be required unless requested by a party.

(8) In any dispute between the natural parents of a child and a person or persons who have (a) commenced adoption proceedings or who have been granted an order of adoption, and (b) pursuant to a court order, or placement by the department of social and health services or by a licensed...
agency, have had actual custody of the child for a period of one year or more before court action is commenced by the natural parent or parents, the court shall consider the best welfare and interests of the child, including the child’s need for situation stability, in determining the matter of custody, and the parent or person who is more fit shall have the superior right to custody.

(9) In entering an order under this chapter, the court may issue any necessary continuing restraining orders, including the restraint provisions of domestic violence protection orders under chapter 26.50 RCW or antiharassment protection orders under chapter 10.14 RCW.

(10) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other party or the day care or school of any child shall prominently bear on the front page of the order the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.26 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST.

(11) The court shall order that any restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any antiharassment protection order granted under this section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The order is fully enforceable in any county in the state.

Sec. 958. RCW 70.58.055 and 1991 c 96 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To promote and maintain nation-wide uniformity in the system of vital statistics, the certificates required by this chapter or by the rules adopted under this chapter shall include, as a minimum, the items recommended by the federal agency responsible for national vital statistics including social security numbers.

(2) The state board of health by rule may require additional pertinent information relative to the birth and manner of delivery as it may deem necessary for statistical study. This information shall be placed in a confidential section of the birth certificate form and shall not be subject to the view of the public or for certification purposes except upon order of the court. The state board of health may eliminate from the forms items that it determines are not necessary for statistical study.

(3) Each certificate or other document required by this chapter shall be on a form or in a format prescribed by the state registrar.

(4) All vital records shall contain the data required for registration. No certificate may be held to be complete and correct that does not supply all items of information called for or that does not satisfactorily account for the omission of required items.

(5) Information required in certificates or documents authorized by this chapter may be filed and registered by photographic, electronic, or other means as prescribed by the state registrar.

Sec. 959. RCW 74.12.255 and 1994 c 299 s 33 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall determine, after consideration of all relevant factors and in consultation with the applicant, the most appropriate living situation for applicants under eighteen years of age, unmarried, and either pregnant or having a dependent child or children in the applicant’s care. An appropriate living situation(ies) shall include a place of residence that is maintained by the applicant’s parents, parent, legal guardian, or other adult relative as their or his or her own home((, or other)) and that the department finds would provide an appropriate supportive living arrangement ((supervised by an adult where feasible and consistent with federal regulations under 45 C.F.R. chapter II, section 233.107)). It also includes a living situation maintained by an agency that is licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW that the department finds would provide an appropriate supportive living arrangement. Grant assistance shall not be provided under this chapter if the applicant does not reside in the most appropriate living situation, as determined by the department.

(2) An applicant under eighteen years of age who is either pregnant or has a dependent child and is not living in a situation described in subsection (1) of this section shall be A minor parent or pregnant minor residing in the most appropriate living situation, as provided under subsection (1) of this section, is presumed to be unable to manage adequately the funds paid to the minor or on behalf of the dependent child or children and, unless the (teenage custodial parent demonstrates otherwise)
minor provides sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption, shall be subject to the protective payee requirements provided for under RCW 74.12.250 and 74.08.280.

(3) The department shall consider any statements or opinions by either parent of the unmarried minor as to an appropriate living situation for the minor and his or her children, whether in the parental home or other situation. If the parents or a parent of the minor request, they or he or she shall be entitled to a hearing in juvenile court regarding the designation of the parental home or other relative placement as the most appropriate living situation for the pregnant or parenting minor.

The department shall provide the parents or parent with the opportunity to make a showing, based on the preponderance of the evidence, that the parental home, or home of the other relative placement, is the most appropriate living situation. It shall be presumed in any administrative or judicial proceeding conducted under this subsection that the parental home or other relative placement requested by the parents or parent is the most appropriate living situation. This presumption is rebuttable.

(4) In cases in which the minor is unmarried and unemployed, the department shall, as part of the determination of the appropriate living situation, provide information about adoption including referral to community-based organizations providing counseling.

(5) For the purposes of this section, "most appropriate living situation" shall not include a living situation including an adult male who fathered the qualifying child and is found to meet the elements of rape of a child as set forth in RCW 9A.44.079.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 960. The department of health shall apply for federal funds for abstinence education from the United States department of health and human services under Title V of the social security act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 701 et seq., section 912, specifically under section 505(a).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 961. The legislature finds that independence, personal responsibility, and accountability for individual actions should be emphasized in citizens wherever they live on the socioeconomic spectrum of society. The legislature further finds that low-income, single parents are more likely to remain off public assistance rolls if the benefits of child support payments go directly to custodial parents rather than cumbersome state and federal bureaucracies as reimbursements.

Therefore, it is the public policy of the state of Washington to encourage parental employment and prompt and regular payment of child support, and by so doing, to shorten or avoid periods of receipt of cash assistance, increase family income, and provide incentives for the establishment of paternity and regular payment of support.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 962. (1) The family security and responsibility program is created in the department. This program shall be state funded.

(2) Eligibility for the family security and responsibility program shall be redetermined each year. If, at the redetermination, it is established that the absent parent is not paying child support regularly, the participant shall be transferred to the temporary assistance for needy families program with no interruption to benefits. Participants may transfer to temporary assistance for needy families, at their option and without cause, upon one month’s notice to the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 963. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, applicants and participants in the family security and responsibility program are subject to the same rules and shall be entitled to the same benefits, including transitional benefits, as those applicants and recipients of the temporary assistance for needy families program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 964. Any person otherwise eligible to participate in the temporary assistance for needy families program is also eligible to participate in the family security and responsibility program if the absent parent of the qualifying child or children has paid current child support in at least four months in the immediately preceding six-month period and the person is employed for more than twenty hours per week.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 965. (1) A parent participating in the family security and responsibility program is not required to assign any rights to child support.

(2) The division of child support shall distribute child support as a nonassistance recipient of child support services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 966. (1) A participant in the family support and responsibility program shall have one hundred twenty dollars plus one-third of family earnings plus unearned income disregarded in determining the appropriate grant level. As used in this section, "family earnings" means the amount of earned income, less taxes and mandatory deductions, received by the parent with whom the child resides.

(2) A participant in the family support and responsibility program shall also have twenty-five percent of total current monthly child support distributed for a child living in the family disregarded in determining the appropriate grant level.

(3) The benefits payable to a participant of the family security and responsibility program shall be the amount derived by subtracting from the grant standard countable income as provided in subsection (1) of this section and countable child support as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 967. No payment may be made by the family security and responsibility program if the total of family income and child support exceed one hundred ten percent of the standard of need as set forth in RCW 74.04.770.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 968. (1) An individual receiving assistance under temporary assistance for needy families may transfer to the family support and responsibility program on the first day of the month following the month of application for the family support and responsibility program if the individual meets the child support criteria in section 964 of this act.

(2) An individual who meets the eligibility criteria under section 964 of this act who applies for assistance under the temporary assistance for needy families program shall be given the option of applying for the family support and responsibility program instead.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 969. The department may adopt rules for the administration of this chapter in accordance with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 970. Sections 961 through 969 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 74 RCW.

X. TECHNICAL PROVISIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1001. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and with respect to the agencies directly affected, and this finding does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act in its application to the agencies concerned. Rules adopted under this act must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state. As used in this section, "allocation of federal funds to the state" means the allocation of federal funds that are appropriated by the legislature to the department of social and health services and on which the department depends for carrying out any provision of the operating budget applicable to it.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1002. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 74.08.120 and 1992 c 108 s 2, 1987 c 75 s 39, 1981 1st ex.s. c 6 s 15, 1981 c 8 s 12, 1979 c 141 s 326, 1969 ex.s. c 259 s 1, 1969 ex.s. c 159 s 1, 1965 ex.s. c 102 s 1, & 1959 c 26 s 74.08.120; and

(2) RCW 74.08.125 and 1993 c 22 s 1 & 1992 c 108 s 3.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1003. The table of contents, part headings, and captions used in this act do not constitute any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1004. (1) Section 804 of this act expires December 31, 2000.

(2) Section 813 of this act expires July 29, 2001.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1005. Section 954 of this act takes effect October 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1006. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Correct the title.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment (307) to the amendment by Representative Tokuda: (264)

On page 196, after line 13 of the amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1001. The legislature finds that, according to the department of health’s monitoring system, sixty percent of births to women on medicaid were identified as unintended by the women themselves. The director of the office of financial management shall establish an interagency task force on unintended pregnancy in order to:

(1) Review existing research on the short and long-range costs;
(2) Analyze the impact on the temporary assistance for needy families program; and
(3) Develop and implement a state strategy to reduce unintended pregnancy."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representatives H. Sommers and Cooke spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the striking amendment (264) to House Bill No. 3901 as amended.

Representatives Tokuda, Gombosky, Wolfe and Kastama spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Cooke and Mastin spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of striking amendment (264) to House Bill No. 3901 as amended.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the striking amendment (264) to House Bill No. 3900 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, Rule 13C was suspended.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke, Clements, Pennington, Mastin, Smith, Thompson and Carrell spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Tokuda, Doumit, Sheldon, Chopp, and Kastama spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 42, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed House Bill No. 3901, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

On motion by Representative Lisk, the call of the House was dispensed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

SB 5284 by Senators Long, Strannigan, Haugen, McAuliffe and Wood

Providing for additional judges for Snohomish county superior court.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5288 by Senator McCaslin; by request of Administrator for the Courts

Creating additional judicial positions in the Spokane superior court.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

2SSB 5313 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Haugen
Establishing the advanced environmental mitigation revolving fund.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.
SSB 5360 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Anderson, Spanel, Swec, Haugen, Oke, Snyder
Providing commercial salmon fishers with a license renewal process when they opt to not renew for a season.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SB 5370 by Senators Finkbeiner, Brown, Hochstatter, Strannigan, Rossi, Sheldon, Patterson and Winsleyer; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission.
Allowing a telecommunications company to reduce a rate or charge in a more streamlined manner.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

SB 5554 by Senators Johnson, Roach and Finkbeiner

Regulating deeds of trusts.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5578 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove and Wins
ley; by request of Department of Social and Health Service
Concerning the placement and custody of at-risk youth.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**ESB 5600** by Senators Hale, Haugen and Johnson

Making changes to the internal operations of counties.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**ESSB 5618** by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Haugen, Wood, Heavey, Winslley, Sheldon, Spaniel, and Oke and...
Regulating ferry queues.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SSB 5653 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Snyder; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands)
Concerning the sale of salvageable timber from state-owned lands.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5676 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Newhouse, Chow...
Regulating real estate appraisers.
Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5703 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Anderson and Morton)

Concerning a water right for the beneficial use of water.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SB 5718 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Newhouse, Haugen, Wins
Protecting certain personal information in state motor vehicle and driver records.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.
SSB 5727 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Haugen, Jacobsen, Hargrove, Finkbeiner, Deccio, Heavey, Goings)
Requiring rearview mirrors on certain delivery trucks.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SB 5787 by Senators Benton, Snyder and Newhouse

Concerning the disposition of proceeds from county land deeded to the department of natural resources.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5790 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators

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Modifying the state employee whistleblower protection act.
Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5864 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach and Schow)

Renaming first-degree reckless endangerment as drive-by shooting.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5976 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Wojahn, Wood, Prentice, Franklin, Heavenly
Clarifying who may legally use the title "nurse."

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SB 5997 by Senators Haugen, Schow and Fraser
Requiring periodic inspections for the regulation of cosmetology, barbering, esthetics, and manicuring.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SSB 6030 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Goings, Anderson, Haugen, Horn, Rasmussen, Long and
Establishing a performance audit and operations review of the workers’ compensation system.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:30 a.m., Tuesday, March 18, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
Other Action 106
1043
Second Reading 3
Other Action 3
1043 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 3
1091
Second Reading 11
Third Reading Final Passage 11
1126
Other Action 106
1150
Other Action 106
1201
Other Action 106
1261
Other Action 106
1263
Other Action 106
1275
Other Action 106
1327
Other Action 106
1338
Other Action 14
1344
Second Reading 14
1344 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 14
Third Reading Final Passage 15
1349
Second Reading 15
Third Reading Final Passage 17
1358
Other Action 106
1379
Other Action 106
1472
Second Reading Amendment 17
Third Reading Final Passage 18
1478
Second Reading 18
1478 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 19
Third Reading Final Passage 19
1548
Other Action 106
1576
Second Reading 3
1576 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 4
Third Reading Final Passage 8
1624
Other Action 106
1660
Other Action 106
1813
Other Action 106
1821
Other Action 106
1862
Second Reading 19
1862 (2nd Sub)
Second Reading 19
Third Reading Final Passage 20
1864
Second Reading 20
1864 (2nd Sub)
Second Reading 20
Third Reading Final Passage 21
1938 (2nd Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 8
Third Reading Final Passage 10
1966
Other Action 106
2008
Second Reading 10
2008 (Sub)
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 10
2051
Other Action 106
2053
Other Action 106
2120
Other Action 106
2170
Second Reading 10
2170 (Sub)
Second Reading 11
Third Reading Final Passage 14
Other Action 11
3900
Second Reading 21
3900 (3rd Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 21
Third Reading Final Passage 106
3901
Second Reading Amendment 107
Third Reading Final Passage 218
4634 Honoring Irish-Americans
Introduced 1
Adopted 2
5284
Intro & 1st Reading 218
5288
Intro & 1st Reading 218
5313 (2nd Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 218
5360 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 218
5370
Intro & 1st Reading 218
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES (REPRESENTATIVE PENNINGTON PRESIDING)

Point of Personal Privilege, Representative H. Sommers 2
Point of Personal Privilege, Representative Lisk 2, 21
Point of Personal Privilege, Representative Mason 2

SIXTY-FOURTH DAY, MARCH 17, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
SIXTY-FIFTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, March 18, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:30 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Craig Shindler and Rebekah Finley. Prayer was offered by Dr. Roy Barsh, Senior Pastor, Greater Dimension Metropolitan Church, Tacoma.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

**HB 2265** by Representatives Cole, Mason, Butler, Ogden and Linville; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to modifying the timelines for development and implementation of the student assessment system; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.630.885; repealing 1995 c 335 s 803 (uncodified); and providing an expiration date.

Referred to Committee on Education.

**HB 2266** by Representative H. Sommers; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to medicaid nursing facility contracting moratorium; and adding a new section to chapter 74.09 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 2267** by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers, Hatfield, Kessler, Lambert, Ogden, Dickerson, Kenney and Wensman; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to the disaster response account; adding a new section to chapter 38.52 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

**HB 2268** by Representatives H. Sommers and O'Brien; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to extending the time frame for revision of the nursing home payment system; amending RCW 74.46.430, 74.46.510, and 74.46.595; reenacting and amending RCW 74.46.450; and adding a new section to chapter 74.46 RCW.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.
HB 2269 by Representatives Appelwick, Mason, Kenney, Ogden, Lantz, Conway, O'Brien and Linville; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to civil legal services for the indigent; adding a new section to chapter 43.330 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2270 by Representative H. Sommers; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to assessments for forest fire protection; amending RCW 76.04.610; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2271 by Representative Cody; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to an increase in the amount of motor vehicle excise tax transmitted to the county public health account; and reenacting and amending RCW 82.44.110.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2272 by Representatives Huff, Clements, Alexander, Wensman, Sehlin and Mitchell

AN ACT Relating to transferring the enforcement of existing cigarette and tobacco taxes from the department of revenue to the liquor control board; amending RCW 66.44.010, 82.24.010, 82.24.110, 82.24.130, 82.24.190, 82.24.250, 82.24.550, and 82.32.300; adding a new section to chapter 82.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.26 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

HB 2273 by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Radcliff, Appelwick, Constantine, Scott, Mason, Butler, Kenney, Ogden, Lantz, O'Brien, Dickerson and Poulsen

AN ACT Relating to the safe storage of firearms; adding a new section to chapter 9A.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9.41 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5102 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Winsley)

Revising the provision imposing an annual recreational surcharge on certain personal use food fish licenses.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5103 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Winsley)

Increasing the number of alternate operators allowed under certain commercial fishery licenses.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.
SB 5160 by Senator McCaslin

Eliminating the presidential primary.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

E2SSB 5184 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Roach and Oke)

Authorizing an additional rod recreational fishing license.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5308 by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Finkbeiner, Franklin, Fraser and Winsley; by request of Secretary of State)

Regulating electronic signatures.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SSB 5322 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Thibaudeau and Kohl)

Removing regulatory barriers to the provision of oral health care services to rural, remote, and underserved populations.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SSB 5332 by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Finkbeiner, Strannigan, Schow and Benton)

Prohibiting the department of information services from spending funds for multimedia kiosks for the Washington information network except for maintenance and operation of existing kiosks.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

SSB 5409 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Thibaudeau, Kohl, Wojahn, Kline and Winsley; by request of Governor Lowry)

Modifying child death review.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SB 5439 by Senators Morton, Hargrove, Stevens and Benton

Providing an exclusion for what constitutes surface mining.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

2SSB 5508 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hochstatter, Oke, Morton, Swecker, Finkbeiner, Horn, Stevens and Schow)

Enacting the third grade reading accountability act.

Referred to Committee on Education.
SSB 5509 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi, Roach, Zarelli, Winsley, Long, Morton, Goings, Finkbeiner, Oke, Hochstatter, Benton, Johnson, Stevens, McCaslin and Rasmussen)

Changing definitions regarding offenders.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SB 5542 by Senators Long, Hargrove, Schow and Kohl; by request of Department of Corrections

Repealing the alien offender camp.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SB 5566 by Senators Sheldon, Oke and Prince

Collecting solid waste or recyclables.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

ESSB 5592 by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Hochstatter, Zarelli, Schow, Morton, Benton, Deccio, Rossi, Roach, Strannigan, West and Oke)

Providing for abstinence education.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SSB 5701 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen and Swecker)

Licensing distributors of commercial soil.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SB 5748 by Senators West and Spanel; by request of Department of Revenue

Reducing the penalty for failure to file manufacturing machinery and equipment exemption certificates or annual summaries.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SSB 5750 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley, Prentice, Hale and Heavey)

Allowing commercial property casualty policies to be issued prior to filing the form or rate with the insurance commissioner.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

ESSB 5759 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, Zarelli, Franklin, Winsley, Oke and Roach)

Changing sex offender risk level classification and public notification procedures.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.
ESSB 5762 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Heavey, West, Schow, Deccio, Rasmussen, Brown, McCaslin and Goings)

Benefitting the equine industry.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

SSB 5770 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens and Thibaudeau)

Protecting child records.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

ESB 5774 by Senators Roach, McCaslin, Fairley and Oke; by request of Supreme Court

Authorizing appellate judges to be appointed as pro tempore judges to complete pending business at the end of their terms of office.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5795 by Senators Benton and Haugen; by request of Department of Licensing

Regulating vehicle and vessel licensing.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SB 5888 by Senators Schow, Heavey and Hale; by request of Department of Labor & Industries

Authorizing the continuation of a special insuring agreement for workers' compensation for the United States department of energy.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SSB 5903 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Hale, Morton, Wood and Winsley)

Authorizing the use of local hotel-motel taxes for operation of performing and cultural arts facilities.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

2SSB 6002 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove and Oke)

Supervising mentally ill offenders.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 6046 by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senator Finkbeiner)

Creating a study by the utilities and transportation commission on universal telecommunications service.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.
SJM 8009 by Senators Rasmussen, Roach, Hochstatter, Hargrove, Stevens, Wood, Long, Loveland, Winsley and Kohl

Promoting the use of the Eddie Eagle Gun Safety Program in our schools.

Referred to Committee on Education.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1338, by Representatives Mulliken, Hatfield, Reams, Mielke, Doumit, McMorris and Schoesler

Increasing flexibility for counties and cities in implementing growth management.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1338 was substituted for House Bill No. 1338 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1338 was read the second time.

Representative Mulliken moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mulliken: (290)

Beginning on page 1, after the enacting clause, strike all of section 1 and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 36.70A.040 and 1995 c 400 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Each county that has both a population of fifty thousand or more and, until May 16, 1995, has had its population increase by more than ten percent in the previous ten years or, on or after May 16, 1995, has had its population increase by more than seventeen percent in the previous ten years, and the cities located within such county, and any other county regardless of its population that has had its population increase by more than twenty percent in the previous ten years, and the cities located within such county, shall ((conform with all of the requirements of this chapter)) plan under this section. However, the county legislative authority of such a county with a population of less than ((fifty)) seventy-five thousand population may adopt a resolution removing the county, and the cities located within the county, from the requirement((s of adopting comprehensive land use plans and development regulations under this chapter)) to plan under this section if this resolution is adopted and filed with the department by December 31, (((1990, for counties initially meeting this set of criteria)) 1997, or within((sixty days)) six months of the date the office of financial management certifies that a county meets this set of criteria under subsection (5) of this section. A county that adopts a resolution removing the county, and the cities located within the county, from the requirement to plan under this section remains subject to the requirements for the designation and protection of critical areas and the designation of natural resource lands under RCW 36.70A.060(2), 36.70A.170, and 36.70A.172.

(b) Once a county meets either of these sets of criteria and the county has not adopted a resolution under subsection (a) of this section, the requirement to ((conform with all of the requirements of this chapter)) plan under this section remains in effect, even if the county no longer meets one of these sets of criteria.

(2) The county legislative authority of any county that does not ((meet either of the sets of criteria established)) plan under ((subsection (1) of)) this section may adopt a resolution indicating its intention ((to have subsection (1) of this section apply to)) that the county plan under this section. Each city, located in a county that ((chooses to plan)) adopts a resolution under this subsection(1 of) shall ((conform with all of the requirements of this chapter)) plan under this section. Once such a resolution has been adopted, the county and the cities located within the county remain subject to all of the requirements of this ((chapter or)) section. However, a county with a population of seventy-five thousand
or less that, before the effective date of this act, adopted a resolution of intention under this subsection to plan under this section may adopt a resolution removing the county, and the cities located within the county, from the requirement to plan under this section if the resolution is adopted and filed with the department by December 31, 1997. A county that adopts a resolution removing the county, and the cities located within the county, from the requirement to plan under this section remains subject to the requirements for the designation and protection of critical areas and the designation of natural resource lands under RCW 36.70A.060(2), 36.70A.170, and 36.70A.172.

(3) Any county or city that is initially required to (conform with all of the requirements of this chapter) plan under this section and, where applicable, the county legislative authority has not adopted a resolution removing the county from these requirements as provided in subsection (1) of this section, shall take actions under this chapter as follows: (a) The county legislative authority shall adopt a county-wide planning policy under RCW 36.70A.210; (b) the county and each city located within the county shall designate critical areas, agricultural lands, forest lands, and mineral resource lands, and adopt development regulations conserving these designated agricultural lands, forest lands, and mineral resource lands and protecting these designated critical areas, under RCW 36.70A.170 and 36.70A.060; (c) the county shall designate and take other actions related to urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110; (d) if the county has a population of fifty thousand or more, the county and each city located within the county shall adopt a comprehensive plan under this chapter and development regulations that are consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan on or before July 1, 1994, and if the county has a population of less than fifty thousand, the county and each city located within the county shall adopt a comprehensive plan under this chapter and development regulations that are consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan by January 1, 1995, but if the governor makes written findings that a county with a population of less than fifty thousand or a city located within such a county is not making reasonable progress toward adopting a comprehensive plan and development regulations the governor may reduce this deadline for such actions to be taken by no more than one hundred eighty days. Any county or city subject to this subsection may obtain an additional six months before it is required to have adopted its development regulations by submitting a letter notifying the department of community, trade, and economic development of its need prior to the deadline for adopting both a comprehensive plan and development regulations.

(4) Any county or city that is required to (conform with all of the requirements of this chapter) plan under this section, as a result of the county legislative authority adopting its resolution of intention under subsection (2) of this section, and the county legislative authority has not adopted a resolution removing the county from these requirements as provided in subsection (2) of this section, shall take actions under this chapter as follows: (a) The county legislative authority shall adopt a county-wide planning policy under RCW 36.70A.210; (b) the county and each city that is located within the county shall adopt development regulations conserving agricultural lands, forest lands, and mineral resource lands it designated under RCW 36.70A.060 within one year of the date the county legislative authority adopts its resolution of intention; (c) the county shall designate and take other actions related to urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110; and (d) the county and each city that is located within the county shall adopt a comprehensive plan and development regulations that are consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan not later than four years from the date the county legislative authority adopts its resolution of intention, but a county or city may obtain an additional six months before it is required to have adopted its development regulations by submitting a letter notifying the department of community, trade, and economic development of its need prior to the deadline for adopting both a comprehensive plan and development regulations.

(5) If the office of financial management certifies that the population of a county that (previously had not been required to) does not plan under (subsection (1) or (2) of) this section has changed sufficiently to meet either of the sets of criteria specified under subsection (1) of this section, and where applicable, the county legislative authority has not adopted a resolution removing the county from these requirements as provided in subsection (1) of this section, the county and each city within such county shall take actions under this chapter as follows: (a) The county legislative authority shall adopt a county-wide planning policy under RCW 36.70A.210; (b) the county and each city located within the county shall adopt development regulations under RCW 36.70A.060 conserving agricultural lands, forest lands, and mineral resource lands it designated within one year of the certification by the office of financial management; (c) the county shall designate and take other actions related to urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110; and (d) the county and each city located within the county shall adopt a comprehensive land use plan and development regulations that are consistent with and
implement the comprehensive plan within four years of the certification by the office of financial
management, but a county or city may obtain an additional six months before it is required to have
adopted its development regulations by submitting a letter notifying the department of community,
trade, and economic development of its need prior to the deadline for adopting both a comprehensive
plan and development regulations.

(6) A copy of each document that is required under this section shall be submitted to the
department at the time of its adoption."

Beginning on page 7, line 17, strike all of sections 4 and 5

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct the title.

Representatives Mulliken and Lantz spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The
amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mulliken, Lantz, Robertson, DeBolt, Cairnes, Reams, and Parlette spoke in
favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Sheldon, Anderson, Fisher, Dunshee, Gardner, and Romero spoke against
passage of the bill.

Representative Zellinsky demanded the previous question and it was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute
House Bill No. 1338.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1338 and
the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 58, Nays - 40, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Cairnes,
Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Doumit, Dunn, Dyer, Gombosky,
Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Koster, Lamb, Lisk, Mastin,
McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Mulliken, O'Brien, Parlette, Pennington, Radcliff, Reams,
Robertson, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith,
Sommers, D., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, L., Thompson, Van Luven, Zellinsky and Mr.
Speaker - 58.

Voting nay: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Ballasiotes, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardiner, Kastama,
Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Lantz, Linville, Mason, Morris, Murray, Ogden, Poulsen, Quall, Regala,

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1338, having received the constitutional majority, was
declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1434, by Representatives McMorris, Hatfield, Boldt, Cole and Conway;
by request of Secretary of State

Providing for the quality awards council.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1434 was substituted for House Bill No. 1434 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1434 was read the second time.

Representative Lisk moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lisk:

(318)

On page 3, line 27, after "July 1," strike "2004" and insert "((2004)) 1999"

Representative Lisk spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Gardner spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 113 to Substitute House Bill No. 1434 was withdrawn.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative McMorris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Gardner and Lisk spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1434.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1434 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 87, Nays - 11, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1434, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1490, by Representatives Thompson, Mielke, L. Thomas, McMorris, Chandler, Sterk and Delvin

Clarifying liability of drivers of authorized emergency vehicles.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1490 was substituted for House Bill No. 1490 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1490 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson and Sterk spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Constantine, Costa, O’Brien and Appelwick spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1490.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1490 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 58, Nays - 40, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1490, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1527 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1492, by Representatives Buck, Kessler and Schoesler

Creating easements across natural area preserves.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1492 was substituted for House Bill No. 1492 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1492 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck, Kessler and Hatfield spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Constantine, Appelwick and Regala spoke against passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1492.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1492 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1492, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1528 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1536, by Representatives Backlund, Cody and Dyer

Modifying regulation of respiratory care practitioners.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1536 was substituted for House Bill No. 1536 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1536 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Backlund and Murray spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1536.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1536 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting nay: Representative Sherstad - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1536, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1548 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1612, by Representatives Koster, O’Brien, Thompson, Dunshee, D. Schmidt, Kenney, Costa, Cooper, Backlund and Cole

Designating and funding a highway project to be done under a design-build procedure.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1612 was substituted for House Bill No. 1612 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1612 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.


Representative Fisher spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1612.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1612 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 74, Nays - 24, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1612, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1619, by Representatives Zellinsky, Dyer, Cody, Skinner, Parlette, Sherstad and Clements

Increasing compensation for members of medical boards.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1619 was substituted for House Bill No. 1619 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1619 was read the second time.

Representative Backlund moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Backlund: (231)

On page 1, line 14, after "exceed" strike "five hundred" and insert "two hundred fifty"

Representatives Backlund and Murray spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Zellinsky and Murray spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1619.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1619 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1619, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1655, by Representatives Hankins, Cooper, Fisher, Romero, Blalock, Constantine, Gardner, O'Brien, Scott, Zellinsky, Hatfield and Keiser

Extending protection for bus drivers.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1655 was substituted for House Bill No. 1655 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1655 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Hankins, Cooper and Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1655.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1655 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1655, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1721, by Representatives McMorris, Koster, Honeyford, Van Luven and Mulliken

Providing economic opportunities for private enterprise.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1721 was substituted for House Bill No. 1721 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1721 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Gardner and Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1721.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1721 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 59, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute House Bill No. 1721, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Second Substitute House Bill No. 1721.

BRIAN SULLIVAN, 29th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 1730, by Representatives Chandler, Schoesler and Grant

Changing provisions relating to sufficient cause for nonuse of water rights.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1730 was substituted for House Bill No. 1730 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1730 was read the second time.

Representative Mastin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mastin: (238)

On page 3, after line 16, strike all material through "reference." on page 4, line 17
Correct the title.

Representative Mastin spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Linville spoke against passage of the bill.

COLLOQUY

Representative Chandler: Would the Representative from the District 16 yield to a question? You sponsored the amendments that added these provisions to this bill in the Agriculture and Ecology Committee. Are you now opposed to them?

Representative Mastin: Not at all. But, I believe that the clarification they provide is unnecessary. This is already the law.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1730.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1730 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1730, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1734, by Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas, Benson, DeBolt, Dyer and Pennington

Modifying personal injury protection automobile insurance coverage.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1734 was substituted for House Bill No. 1734 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1734 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas, Smith, Dyer and Benson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Wolfe, Sullivan, Keiser and Gardner spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1734.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1734 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 42, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1734, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1770, by Representatives Alexander, Linville, Hatfield, Anderson, Doumit, Buck, Chandler and Kessler.

Setting the fee for the transfer of Dungeness crab — coastal fishery licenses.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1770 was substituted for House Bill No. 1770 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1770 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1770.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1770 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1770, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1780, by Representatives Sheahan, L. Thomas, Pennington, Delvin, Sherstad, Hickel and Kessler

Modifying service of process.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1780 was substituted for House Bill No. 1780 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1780 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
MOTION

On motion by Representative Delvin, Representative Hickel was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1780.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1780 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Hickel - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1780, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1815, by Representatives Reams and Sump

Changing standing for purposes of growth management hearings.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1815 was substituted for House Bill No. 1815 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1815 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams and Cairnes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Lantz, Murray and Gardner spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1815.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1815 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

D., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Van Luven, Wensman, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 62.


Substitute House Bill No. 1815, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1816, by Representatives Reams and Sump
Changing the mandatory elements of comprehensive plans under the growth management act.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 237 to House Bill No. 1816 was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams, Cairnes, Mastin, Delvin and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Gardner, Constantine, Anderson and Ogden spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1816.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1816 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 37, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1816, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.


Authorizing reclaimed water demonstration projects.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817 was substituted for House Bill No. 1817 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Kessler and Alexander spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1823, by Representative Reams

Requiring local governments to periodically update their shoreline master programs.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1823 was substituted for House Bill No. 1823 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1823 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 241 to Substitute House Bill No. 1823 was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1823.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1823 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1823, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1840, by Representatives Dyer and L. Thomas
Requiring that persons who are appointed or authorized to solicit applications for enrollment in the Washington basic health plan comply with the insurance code.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1840 was substituted for House Bill No. 1840 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1840 was read the second time.

Representative Keiser moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Keiser: (274)

On page 2, line 25, after "RCW" insert ". For purposes of this subsection (1)(b), "solicit" does not include distributing information and applications for the basic health plan and responding to questions"

Representatives Keiser and L. Thomas spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1840.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1840 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1840, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1842, by Representatives Honeyford, Clements, Boldt, Lisk, McMorris, Koster, Skinner, Johnson, L. Thomas and Mulliken

Changing the minimum length of the school year if disaster circumstances exist.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1842 was substituted for House Bill No. 1842 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1842 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford, Cole and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative D. Sommers spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1842.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1842 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 85, Nays - 13, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1842, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Substitute House Bill No. 1842.

MARK DOUMIT, 19th District

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL
I intended to vote NAY on Substitute House Bill No. 1842.  

KIP TOKUDA, 37th District

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1854 and House Bill No. 1866, and the bills held their place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1871, by Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas and Benson

Allowing auto policies to require exhaustion of the at-fault party's coverage.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, the committee recommendation was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Zellinsky, L. Thomas and Smith spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Constantine, Hickel, Appelwick and Quall spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1871.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1871 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 49, Nays - 49, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.  


House Bill No. 1871, having failed to received the constitutional majority, was declared failed.

There being no objection, all bills passed today were immediately transmitted to the Senate.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1873, by Representatives Boldt, Dunn and Mulliken

Clarifying annexation procedures for cities and towns annexing populated and nonpopulated areas.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1873 was substituted for House Bill No. 1873 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1873 was read the second time.

Representative Boldt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Boldt:
Representatives Boldt, Gardner and Pennington spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative D. Schmidt spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Boldt, D. Schmidt and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Scott spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1873.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1873 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1873, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1891, by Representatives Dyer and Wolfe

Authorizing the distribution of certain governmental lists of public information to private companies for use by federal, state or local governments and certain business entities.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer (282):

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is the intent of the legislature to delineate between legitimate business use of public records and inappropriate commercial use. It is also the intent of the legislature to protect the privacy of citizens from inappropriate commercial use of public records by providing disincentives for such use. It is also the intent of the legislature to allow agencies to recover a reasonable share of the costs of providing contracted enhanced electronic access to public records for business purposes. Furthermore, the legislature seeks to encourage public-private cooperation in ways that further the public mission of the state and to maintain and enhance public access to public records for the purpose of encouraging public oversight and facilitating other desirable social and economic benefits."

Sec. 2. RCW 42.17.020 and 1995 c 397 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

" (1) "Agency" includes all state agencies and all local agencies. "State agency" includes every state office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency" includes every county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or special purpose district, or any office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency thereof, or other local public agency.

(2) "Authorized committee" means the political committee authorized by a candidate, or by the public official against whom recall charges have been filed, to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of the candidate or public official.

(3) "Ballot proposition" means any "measure" as defined by RCW 29.01.110, or any initiative, recall, or referendum proposition proposed to be submitted to the voters of the state or any municipal corporation, political subdivision, or other voting constituency from and after the time when the proposition has been initially filed with the appropriate election officer of that constituency prior to its circulation for signatures.

(4) "Benefit" means a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary advantage, or the avoidance of a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary disadvantage.

(5) "Bona fide political party" means:

(a) An organization that has filed a valid certificate of nomination with the secretary of state under chapter 29.24 RCW;

(b) The governing body of the state organization of a major political party, as defined in RCW 29.01.090, that is the body authorized by the charter or bylaws of the party to exercise authority on behalf of the state party; or

(c) The county central committee or legislative district committee of a major political party. There may be only one legislative district committee for each party in each legislative district.
"Business use" or "business purpose" means a use of public records, including, but not limited to those records that contain personally identifiable information, in government data bases for the purpose of meeting regulatory requirements, conducting business in a safe and legal manner, or validating information provided by one party, and does not result in an unsolicited commercial contact to persons identified in such records. Furthermore such business use or business purpose must comply with the provisions of RCW 42.17.300 (2) through (4).

"Depository" means a bank designated by a candidate or political committee pursuant to RCW 42.17.050.

"Treasurer" and "deputy treasurer" mean the individuals appointed by a candidate or political committee, pursuant to RCW 42.17.050, to perform the duties specified in that section.

"Candidate" means any individual who seeks nomination for election or election to public office. An individual seeks nomination or election when he or she first:

(a) Receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves space or facilities with intent to promote his or her candidacy for office;
(b) Announces publicly or files for office;
(c) Purchases commercial advertising space or broadcast time to promote his or her candidacy;
(d) Gives his or her consent to another person to take on behalf of the individual any of the actions in (a) or (c) of this subsection.

"Caucus political committee" means a political committee organized and maintained by the members of a major political party in the state senate or state house of representatives.

"Commercial advertiser" means any person who sells the service of communicating messages or producing printed material for broadcast or distribution to the general public or segments of the general public whether through the use of newspapers, magazines, television and radio stations, billboard companies, direct mail advertising companies, printing companies, or otherwise.

"Commission" means the agency established under RCW 42.17.350.

"Compensation" unless the context requires a narrower meaning, includes payment in any form for real or personal property or services of any kind. However, for the purpose of compliance with RCW 42.17.241, the term "compensation" shall not include per diem allowances or other payments made by a governmental entity to reimburse a public official for expenses incurred while the official is engaged in the official business of the governmental entity.

"Continuing political committee" means a political committee that is an organization of continuing existence not established in anticipation of any particular election campaign.

"Contribution" includes:
(i) A loan, gift, deposit, subscription, forgiveness of indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds between political committees, or anything of value, including personal and professional services for less than full consideration;
(ii) An expenditure made by a person in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, a political committee, or their agents;
(iii) The financing by a person of the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of broadcast, written, graphic, or other form of political advertising prepared by a candidate, a political committee, or its authorized agent;
(iv) Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as dinners and parties, except for the actual cost of the consumables furnished at the event.
(b) "Contribution" does not include:
(i) Standard interest on money deposited in a political committee’s account;
(ii) Ordinary home hospitality;
(iii) A contribution received by a candidate or political committee that is returned to the contributor within five business days of the date on which it is received by the candidate or political committee;
(iv) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly scheduled news medium that is of primary interest to the general public, that is in a news medium controlled by a person whose business is that news medium, and that is not controlled by a candidate or a political committee;
(v) An internal political communication primarily limited to the members of or contributors to a political party organization or political committee, or to the officers, management staff, or stockholders
of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;

(vi) The rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. "Volunteer services," for the purposes of this section, means services or labor for which the individual is not compensated by any person;

(vii) Messages in the form of reader boards, banners, or yard or window signs displayed on a person’s own property or property occupied by a person. However, a facility used for such political advertising for which a rental charge is normally made must be reported as an in-kind contribution and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the person providing the facility;

(viii) Legal or accounting services rendered to or on behalf of:
(A) A political party or caucus political committee if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the person rendering such services; or
(B) A candidate or an authorized committee if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the individual rendering the services and if the services are solely for the purpose of ensuring compliance with state election or public disclosure laws.

(c) Contributions other than money or its equivalent are deemed to have a monetary value equivalent to the fair market value of the contribution. Services or property or rights furnished at less than their fair market value for the purpose of assisting any candidate or political committee are deemed a contribution. Such a contribution must be reported as an in-kind contribution at its fair market value and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the provider.

(((45a)) (16) "Elected official" means any person elected at a general or special election to any public office, and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in any such office.

(((46)) (17) "Election" includes any primary, general, or special election for public office and any election in which a ballot proposition is submitted to the voters: PROVIDED, That an election in which the qualifications for voting include other than those requirements set forth in Article VI, section 1 (Amendment 63) of the Constitution of the state of Washington shall not be considered an election for purposes of this chapter.

(((47)) (18) "Election campaign" means any campaign in support of or in opposition to a candidate for election to public office and any campaign in support of, or in opposition to, a ballot proposition.

(((48)) (19) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day of December after the date of the last previous general election for the office that the candidate seeks and ending on November 30th after the next election for the office. In the case of a special election to fill a vacancy in an office, "election cycle" means the period beginning on the day the vacancy occurs and ending on November 30th after the special election.

(((49)) (20) "Enhanced electronic access" means the contracted electronic delivery of public records in a format or through electronic delivery systems, by written agreement that complies with RCW 42.17.300 (2) through (4), at the request and for the business purpose of the party seeking the records, but which are not developed or maintained by an agency for its internal use or for the provision of public access to public records.

(21) "Expenditure" includes a payment, contribution, subscription, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. The term "expenditure" also includes a promise to pay, a payment, or a transfer of anything of value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or anything of value for the purpose of assisting, benefitting, or honoring any public official or candidate, or assisting in furthering or opposing any election campaign. For the purposes of this chapter, agreements to make expenditures, contracts, and promises to pay may be reported as estimated obligations until actual payment is made. The term "expenditure" shall not include the partial or complete repayment by a candidate or political committee of the principal of a loan, the receipt of which loan has been properly reported.

(((20)) (22) "Final report" means the report described as a final report in RCW 42.17.080(2).

(((21)) (23) "General election" means the election that results in the election of a person to a state office. It does not include a primary.

(((22)) (24) "Gift," is as defined in RCW 42.52.010.

(((23)) (25) "Immediate family" includes the spouse, dependent children, and other dependent relatives, if living in the household. For the purposes of RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790,
"immediate family" means an individual's spouse, and child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister of the individual and the spouse of any such person and a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister of the individual's spouse and the spouse of any such person.

"Independent expenditure" means an expenditure that has each of the following elements:

(a) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for office by a person who is not (i) a candidate for that office, (ii) an authorized committee of that candidate for that office, (iii) a person who has received the candidate’s encouragement or approval to make the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office, or (iv) a person with whom the candidate has collaborated for the purpose of making the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office;

(b) The expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising that either specifically names the candidate supported or opposed, or clearly and beyond any doubt identifies the candidate without using the candidate's name; and

(c) The expenditure, alone or in conjunction with another expenditure or other expenditures of the same person in support of or opposition to that candidate, has a value of five hundred dollars or more. A series of expenditures, each of which is under five hundred dollars, constitutes one independent expenditure if their cumulative value is five hundred dollars or more.

"Intermediary" means an individual who transmits a contribution to a candidate or committee from another person unless the contribution is from the individual's employer, immediate family as defined for purposes of RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790, or an association to which the individual belongs.

(b) A treasurer or a candidate is not an intermediary for purposes of the committee that the treasurer or candidate serves.

(c) A professional fund-raiser is not an intermediary if the fund-raiser is compensated for fund-raising services at the usual and customary rate.

(d) A volunteer hosting a fund-raising event at the individual's home is not an intermediary for purposes of that event.

"Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either house of the state legislature, and includes any other matter that may be the subject of action by either house or any committee of the legislature and all bills and resolutions that, having passed both houses, are pending approval by the governor.

"Lobby" and "lobbying" each mean attempting to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation by the legislature of the state of Washington, or the adoption or rejection of any rule, standard, rate, or other legislative enactment of any state agency under the state Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Neither "lobby" nor "lobbying" includes an association's or other organization's act of communicating with the members of that association or organization.

"Lobbyist" includes any person who lobbies either in his or her own or another's behalf.

"Lobbyist's employer" means the person or persons by whom a lobbyist is employed and all persons by whom he or she is compensated for acting as a lobbyist.

"Person" includes an individual, partnership, joint venture, public or private corporation, association, federal, state, or local governmental entity or agency however constituted, candidate, committee, political committee, political party, executive committee thereof, or any other organization or group of persons, however organized.

"Person in interest" means the person who is the subject of a record or any representative designated by that person, except that if that person is under a legal disability, the term "person in interest" means and includes the parent or duly appointed legal representative.

"Personally identifiable information" means information disclosed by an individual as a prerequisite to the receipt of a license, approval, award, product, or service from a government agency, which may include name, address, telephone number, social security number, photographs, fingerprints, or computerized images thereof.

"Political advertising" includes any advertising displays, newspaper ads, billboards, signs, brochures, articles, tabloids, flyers, letters, radio or television presentations, or other means of mass
communication, used for the purpose of appealing, directly or indirectly, for votes or for financial or other support in any election campaign.

((33)) (36) "Political committee" means any person (except a candidate or an individual dealing with his or her own funds or property) having the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in support of, or opposition to, any candidate or any ballot proposition.

((34)) (37) "Primary" means the procedure for nominating a candidate to state office under chapter 29.18 or 29.21 RCW or any other primary for an election that uses, in large measure, the procedures established in chapter 29.18 or 29.21 RCW.

((35)) (38) "Public office" means any federal, state, county, city, town, school district, port district, special district, or other state political subdivision elective office.

((36)) (39) "Public record" includes any writing containing information relating to the conduct of government or the performance of any governmental or proprietary function prepared, owned, used, or retained by any state or local agency regardless of physical form or characteristics. For the office of the secretary of the senate and the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives, public records means legislative records as defined in RCW 40.14.100 and also means the following: All budget and financial records; personnel leave, travel, and payroll records; records of legislative sessions; reports submitted to the legislature; and any other record designated a public record by any official action of the senate or the house of representatives.

((37)) (40) "Recall campaign" means the period of time beginning on the date of the filing of recall charges under RCW 29.82.015 and ending thirty days after the recall election.

((38)) (41) "State legislative office" means the office of a member of the state house of representatives or the office of a member of the state senate.

((39)) (42) "State office" means state legislative office or the office of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, commissioner of public lands, insurance commissioner, superintendent of public instruction, state auditor, or state treasurer.

((40)) (43) "State official" means a person who holds a state office.

((41)) (44) "Surplus funds" mean, in the case of a political committee or candidate, the balance of contributions that remain in the possession or control of that committee or candidate subsequent to the election for which the contributions were received, and that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay remaining debts incurred by the committee or candidate prior to that election. In the case of a continuing political committee, "surplus funds" mean those contributions remaining in the possession or control of the committee that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay all remaining debts when it makes its final report under RCW 42.17.065.

((42)) (45) "Writing" means handwriting, typewriting, printing, photostating, photographing, and every other means of recording any form of communication or representation, including, but not limited to, letters, words, pictures, sounds, or symbols, or combination thereof, and all papers, maps, magnetic or paper tapes, photographic films and prints, motion picture, film and video recordings, magnetic or punched cards, discs, drums, diskettes, sound recordings, and other documents including existing data compilations from which information may be obtained or translated.

As used in this chapter, the singular shall take the plural and any gender, the other, as the context requires."

Sec. 3. RCW 42.17.260 and 1995 c 397 s 11 and 1995 c 341 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

"(1) Each agency, in accordance with published rules, shall make available for public inspection and copying all public records, unless the record falls within the specific exemptions of subsection (6) of this section, RCW 42.17.310, 42.17.315, or other statute which exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records. To the extent required to prevent an unreasonable invasion of personal privacy interests protected by RCW 42.17.310 and 42.17.315, an agency shall delete identifying details in a manner consistent with RCW 42.17.310 and 42.17.315 when it makes available or publishes any public record; however, in each case, the justification for the deletion shall be explained fully in writing.

(2) For informational purposes, each agency shall publish and maintain a current list containing every law, other than those listed in this chapter, that the agency believes exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records of the agency. An agency's failure to list an exemption shall not affect the efficacy of any exemption.
(3) Each local agency shall maintain and make available for public inspection and copying a current index providing identifying information as to the following records issued, adopted, or promulgated after January 1, 1973:
   (a) Final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, as well as orders, made in the adjudication of cases;
   (b) Those statements of policy and interpretations of policy, statute, and the Constitution which have been adopted by the agency;
   (c) Administrative staff manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public;
   (d) Planning policies and goals, and interim and final planning decisions;
   (e) Factual staff reports and studies, factual consultant’s reports and studies, scientific reports and studies, and any other factual information derived from tests, studies, reports, or surveys, whether conducted by public employees or others; and
   (f) Correspondence, and materials referred to therein, by and with the agency relating to any regulatory, supervisory, or enforcement responsibilities of the agency, whereby the agency determines, or opines upon, or is asked to determine or opine upon, the rights of the state, the public, a subdivision of state government, or of any private party.

(4) A local agency need not maintain such an index, if to do so would be unduly burdensome, but it shall in that event:
   (a) Issue and publish a formal order specifying the reasons why and the extent to which compliance would unduly burden or interfere with agency operations; and
   (b) Make available for public inspection and copying all indexes maintained for agency use.

(5) Each state agency shall, by rule, establish and implement a system of indexing for the identification and location of the following records:
   (a) All records issued before July 1, 1990, for which the agency has maintained an index;
   (b) Final orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued in adjudicative proceedings as defined in RCW 34.05.010(1) and that contain an analysis or decision of substantial importance to the agency in carrying out its duties;
   (c) Declaratory orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued pursuant to RCW 34.05.240 and that contain an analysis or decision of substantial importance to the agency in carrying out its duties;
   (d) Interpretive statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010(8) that were entered after June 30, 1990; and
   (e) Policy statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010(14) that were entered after June 30, 1990.

Rules establishing systems of indexing shall include, but not be limited to, requirements for the form and content of the index, its location and availability to the public, and the schedule for revising or updating the index. State agencies that have maintained indexes for records issued before July 1, 1990, shall continue to make such indexes available for public inspection and copying. Information in such indexes may be incorporated into indexes prepared pursuant to this subsection. State agencies may satisfy the requirements of this subsection by making available to the public indexes prepared by other parties but actually used by the agency in its operations. State agencies shall make indexes available for public inspection and copying. State agencies may charge a fee to cover the actual costs of providing individual mailed copies of indexes.

(6) A public record may be relied on, used, or cited as precedent by an agency against a party other than an agency and it may be invoked by the agency for any other purpose only if:
   (a) It has been indexed in an index available to the public; or
   (b) Parties affected have timely notice (actual or constructive) of the terms thereof.

(7) Each agency shall establish, maintain, and make available for public inspection and copying a statement of the actual per page cost or other costs, if any, that it charges for providing photocopies of public records and a statement of the factors and manner used to determine the actual per page cost or other costs, if any.

(a) In determining the actual per page cost for providing photocopies of public records, an agency may include all costs directly incident to copying such public records including the actual cost of the paper and the per page cost for use of agency copying equipment. In determining other actual costs for providing photocopies of public records, an agency may include all costs directly incident to shipping such public records, including the cost of postage or delivery charges and the cost of any container or envelope used.
(b) In determining the actual per page cost or other costs for providing copies of public records, an agency may not include staff salaries, benefits, or other general administrative or overhead charges, unless those costs are directly related to the actual cost of copying the public records. Staff time to copy and mail the requested public records may be included in an agency’s costs.

(8) An agency need not calculate the actual per page cost or other costs it charges for providing photocopies of public records if to do so would be unduly burdensome, but in that event: The agency may not charge in excess of fifteen cents per page for photocopies of public records or for the use of agency equipment to photocopy public records and the actual postage or delivery charge and the cost of any container or envelope used to mail the public records to the requestor.

(9) This chapter shall not be construed as giving authority to any agency, the office of the secretary of the senate, or the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives to give, sell or provide access to lists of individuals requested for commercial purposes, and agencies, the office of the secretary of the senate, and the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives shall not do so unless specifically authorized or directed by law: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That lists of applicants for professional licenses and of professional licensees shall be made available to those professional associations or educational organizations recognized by their professional licensing or examination board, upon payment of a reasonable charge (therefor), and comply with the provisions of RCW 42.17.300 (3) and (4): PROVIDED FURTHER, That such recognition may be refused only for a good cause pursuant to a hearing under the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act."

Sec. 4. RCW 42.17.300 and 1995 c 397 s 14 and 1995 c 341 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

"(1) No fee shall be charged for the inspection of public records. No fee shall be charged for locating public documents and making them available for copying. A reasonable charge may be imposed for providing copies of public records and for the use by any person of agency equipment or equipment of the office of the secretary of the senate or the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives to copy public records, which charges shall not exceed the amount necessary to reimburse the agency, the office of the secretary of the senate, or the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives for its actual costs directly incident to such copying. Agency charges for photocopies shall be imposed in accordance with the actual per page cost or other costs established and published by the agency. In no event may an agency charge a per page cost greater than the actual per page cost as established and published by the agency. To the extent the agency has not determined the actual per page cost for photocopies of public records, the agency may not charge in excess of fifteen cents per page.

(2) An agency may provide information for business use, for which disclosure is permitted by law, in a particular form, number, or means of access as requested, and if the information is not otherwise maintained or accessible by the agency in that form, may establish rates by contract unless otherwise provided by law. Agencies shall base fees on the recovery of the actual cost of providing enhanced electronic access for business purposes. The revenue from enhanced electronic access for business use must be dedicated to the development, maintenance, and refurbishment of electronic information systems and the support of electronic public access systems.

(3) All state agencies, unless otherwise directed, specified, or prohibited by this chapter or other state statutes, shall allow otherwise appropriate access to public records for business purposes only through means of a contractual agreement between the agency and the entity requesting the access, hereinafter referred to as the contractor.

(4) The agreements for access to public records for business purposes shall require, at a minimum, the following limitations, provided in this section as a general guide to be specifically crafted by each agency as necessary and appropriate for individual legal and contractual requirements:

(a) The contractor shall use the information provided by the agency only in connection with the use for which the information was initially sought by the contractor and approved by the agency;
(b) The contractor agrees to protect the confidentiality of the information to which access has been provided under the agreement;
(c) The contractor, or any employee or agent of the contractor, shall not furnish in any form, to any person, corporation, partnership, association, or organization, a copy of any information, in whole or in part, provided by the agency, without the express written consent of the agency for the provision of the information for a purpose;
(d) The contractor shall adhere to any current or subsequently amended statutory or administrative rules regulating privacy or confidentiality relating to the information provided by the agency;

(e) Any exceptions, revisions, or waivers to these limitations requested by the contractor must be approved in writing by the agency and received by the contractor prior to the requested use of the information which is otherwise limited;

(f) No name or address of any individual furnished by the agency to the contractor shall be published or otherwise disclosed by the contractor in any manner not otherwise approved by the agency;

(g) The contractor, or any officer, employee, or agent of the contractor, shall not furnish in any form, to any person, corporation, partnership, association, or organization, any of the individual’s personally identifiable information provided by the agency under the agreement for the purpose of making unsolicited commercial contact with the individuals named or otherwise identified, unless specifically approved, in writing, by the agency;

(h) The contractor agrees that the agency may provide “control” or “salted” data as a portion of provided information as a means to ensure that any personally identifiable information is utilized only for the specific purposes allowed under the terms of the agreement;

(i) The contractor shall not gain any proprietary right to or interest in any information provided by the agency and shall not assign their interest in the agreement or any portion thereof to any person, corporation, partnership, association, or organization of any kind;

(j) The contractor accepts full responsibility and liability for any violations of the agreement by the contractor or any officer, employee, or agent of the contractor and any such violation shall result in immediate termination by the agency of all information provision to the contractor or any officer, employee, or agent of the contractor; and

(k) The agency reserves additional unrestricted financial remedies, on a per-record basis, for any violation of the agreement by the contractor or any officer, employee, or agent of the contractor, in addition to any penalty allowed under state law."

Sec. 5. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

"(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:

(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.

(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.

(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer’s right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.

(d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person’s right to privacy.

(e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person’s right to privacy.

(f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.

(g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale
appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

(k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.

(l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purposes of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.
(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

(aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

(gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.

(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.

(jj) Computer programs and software developed by agencies alone or in partnership with other public and private entities. For the purposes of this chapter, software is the programming source codes or object codes developed by an agency or developed by a private contractor for an agency. However, information contained in or accessible through those computer programs and software that is disclosable under state law is not exempt from disclosure under this chapter.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

Sec. 6. RCW 43.105.310 and 1996 c 171 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) State agencies and local governments that collect and enter information concerning individuals into electronic records and information systems that will be widely accessible by the public under RCW 42.17.020 shall ensure the accuracy of this information to the extent possible. To the extent possible, information must be collected directly from, and with the consent of, the individual who is the subject of the data. Agencies shall establish procedures for correcting inaccurate information, including establishing mechanisms for individuals to review information about themselves and recommend changes in information they believe to be inaccurate. The inclusion of personal information in electronic public records that is widely available to the public should include information on the date when the data base was created or most recently updated. If personally identifiable
information is included in electronic public records that are made widely available to the public, agencies must follow retention and archival schedules in accordance with chapter 40.14 RCW, retaining personally identifiable information only as long as needed to carry out the purpose for which it was collected.

(2) Personally identifiable information submitted to a government agency by a person shall be used by that agency for the purpose for which it was submitted. However, the information may be disclosed to any other government agency, including any court or law enforcement agency, in carrying out its functions, or to any authorized agent acting on behalf of a state, federal, or local agency in carrying out its functions. Further, the information may be disclosed for business use and for any purpose otherwise provided by law.

(3) State agencies and local governments that collect personally identifiable information that is subject to disclosure under chapter 42.17 RCW or other law shall, to the extent practicable, post or publish public notice that the information gathered may be disclosable as a public record. The agency-specific public notice will reflect the common uses of such records. Upon request, state agencies and local governments shall provide a written statement regarding the circumstances under which specific personally identifiable information may be disclosed to the public or for business purposes."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "form;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 42.17.020 and 43.105.310; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.260, 42.17.300, and 42.17.310; and creating a new section."

Representatives Dyer and Wolfe spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer, Wolfe and Smith spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1891.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1891 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed House Bill No. 1891, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:
The Senate has passed:

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5084,
SENATE BILL NO. 5164,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5290,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5491,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5574,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5629,
SENATE BILL NO. 5651,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5739,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5936,
SENATE BILL NO. 5938,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5970,
SENATE BILL NO. 5998,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
March 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5005,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5006,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5044,
SENATE BILL NO. 5094,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5135,
SENATE BILL NO. 5150,
SENATE BILL NO. 5211,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5318,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5185,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5282,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5306,
SENATE BILL NO. 5383,
SENATE BILL NO. 5452,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5562,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5563,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5575,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5621,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5715,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5755,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5802,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5813,
SENATE BILL NO. 5874,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5886,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5959,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6022,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1898 and House Bill No. 1930, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1948, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Thompson, Scott and Koster

Concerning annexations by cities and towns.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1948 was substituted for House Bill No. 1948 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1948 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Thompson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1948.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1948 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 44, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Blalock, Boldt, Butler, Cairnes, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Fisher, Gombosky, Hatfield, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Koster, Lambert, Mason, McDonald, Mielke, Mulliken, Murray, Pennington, Poulsen, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Scott, Thomas, L., Tokuda, Veloria, Wensman, Wood and Zellinsky - 44.

Substitute House Bill No. 1948, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1950, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Thompson, Scott and Koster

Regulating incorporations of towns.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1950 was substituted for House Bill No. 1950 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1950 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1950.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1950 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 88, Nays - 10, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Constantine, Cooke, Dickerson, Dunshee, Lambert, McDonald, Poulsen, Robertson and Thomas, L. - 10.

Substitute House Bill No. 1950, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1978, by Representatives Sheahan, Mitchell and O'Brien; by request of Washington State Patrol

Providing alternative methods for the disposal of firearms in the possession of the state patrol.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1978 was substituted for House Bill No. 1978 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1978 was read the second time.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa:

(239)

On page 3, line 28, after "dealers" strike everything through "inoperative" on line 31 and insert "or destroyed, at the discretion of the chief of the Washington state patrol"

Representative Costa and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Sherstad, Carrell and Sterk spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 36-YEAS; 62-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Carrell spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Costa spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1978.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1978 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 70, Nays - 28, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1978, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1980 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1992, by Representatives McMorris, Honeyford, Clements and Thompson

Implementing workplace safety rules.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1992 was substituted for House Bill No. 1992 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1992 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1992.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1992 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1992, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2011 and House Bill No. 2027, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.
HOUSE BILL NO. 2080, by Representatives Parlette, Reams, Mulliken, Chandler and Boldt

Regulating classification of lands with long-term commercial significance.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080 was substituted for House Bill No. 2080 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Parlette and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2096 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2105, by Representatives Sterk and D. Sommers

Extending authority of public transportation benefit districts to contract with counties, cities, and towns.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2105 was substituted for House Bill No. 2105 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2105 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sterk spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
Representative Fisher spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2105.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2105 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 68, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 2105, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Quall, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 2105. The motion passed.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2105.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2105 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: 66, 32 Yeas - 66, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 2105, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RESOLUTION
HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4639, by Representatives Schoesler, Sheahan, Buck, Tokuda, Conway, D. Sommers, Benson, Crouse, Radcliff, McMorris, Mulliken, Hickel, DeBolt, Boldt, Bush, Smith, Mielke, Scott and Hankins

WHEREAS, Athletics is one of the most effective ways for girls and women in the United States to develop leadership skills, self-discipline, initiative, and confidence; and
WHEREAS, Sports and fitness activity contributes to emotional and physical well-being, increased self-esteem, and develops strong bodies; and
WHEREAS, The communication and cooperation skills learned through athletic experience play a key role in the contributions of athletes to the home, school, and community; and
WHEREAS, The honor of being high school state champions reflects positively upon the character of the school, the students, the parents, and the community; and
WHEREAS, The Ritzville High School Girls' Basketball Team has won the 1997 State "B" championship and as such they have demonstrated the importance of work and how performance, effort, and decisions directly affect future career and educational opportunities;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor and congratulate the Ritzville High School Girls' Basketball Team for their hard work, dedication, and sacrifice in achieving this significant accomplishment; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the families of these students be commended for the encouragement and support they have provided to these student athletes; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the coaches, teachers, classmates, parents, and community of Ritzville be recognized for the important part they played in helping these athletes excel; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Head Coach John Foulkes, Assistant Coach Howard Manke, and Ritzville High School Girls' Basketball Team members: Jamie Wellsandt, Tracy Warriner, Jennifer Kramer, Erin Weber, Niffer Horpedahl, Megan Wellsandt, Katie Kirkendall, Shannon Russell, Megan Yerxa, Jamie Alspach, Carlye Zicha, and Jennifer Janzen.

Representative Schoesler moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Schoesler, Sheahan and Tokuda spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4639 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2136 and House Bill No. 2164, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2172, by Representatives Chandler, Mielke and Mastin

Removing a fee on the use of bees for pollination services.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Linville and Dickerson spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2172.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2172 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 73, Nays - 25, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 2172, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2198, by Representatives Reams, Thompson and Mielke

Allowing counties and cities that plan under the growth management act to manage their shorelines in a streamlined process.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2198 was substituted for House Bill No. 2198 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2198 was read the second time.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Reams: (314)

On page 28, after line 21, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 49. This act takes effect July 1, 1998."

Correct the title.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams and Thompson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Lantz, Romero and Gardner spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Reams again spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2198.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2198 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 55, Nays - 43, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2198, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2227, by Representatives Clements and McMorris

Establishing requirements for health services providers under industrial insurance.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2227 was substituted for House Bill No. 2227 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2227 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Clements and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2227.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2227 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 2227, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Joint Resolution No. 4206 and House Joint Resolution No. 4208, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1269, by Representatives Robertson, Costa, Scott, Tokuda, Delvin and L. Thomas

Providing moneys for the death investigations' account.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Robertson and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1269.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1269 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Boldt, Carrell and Pennington - 3.

House Bill No. 1269, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1317, by Representatives Honeyford, Sheldon, Crouse and McMorris

Regulating amusement games.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1317 was substituted for House Bill No. 1317 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1317 was read the second time.

Representative Wood moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Wood: (331)

On page 3, line 37, after "of" strike "five" and insert "two"

Representatives Wood and Honeyford spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was order engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Honeyford, Wood, Sheldon, Smith and Robertson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cole spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1317.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1317 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1317, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION

Representative Lisk demanded a Call of the House and the demand was sustained.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

The Speaker resumed the chair.

The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to lock the doors.

The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The House proceeded under the Call of the House.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1821, by Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Bush, Zellinsky, Kastama, Sullivan, Wensman, Carrell and Schoesler

Consolidating business and occupation tax rates into fewer categories.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 321 to House Bill No. 1821 was withdrawn.

Representative B. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative B. Thomas: (324)

On page 11, beginning on line 14, strike all of section 13 and insert:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. This act takes effect July 1, 1998."
Correct the title accordingly.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative B. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative B. Thomas: (326)

On page 8, beginning on line 6, strike all of section 9

On page 11, after line 11, insert:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. This act does not affect any existing right acquired or liability or obligation incurred under the sections amended or repealed in this act or under any rule or order adopted under those sections, nor does it affect any proceeding instituted under those sections."

Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative B. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative B. Thomas: (325)

On page 11, after line 11, insert:
"Sec. 12. RCW 82.04.4452 and 1994 sp. s. c 5 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed for each person whose research and development spending during the year in which the credit is claimed exceeds 0.92 percent of the person's taxable amount during the same calendar year.
(2) The credit is equal to the greater of the amount of qualified research and development expenditures of a person or eighty percent of amounts received by a person other than a public educational or research institution in compensation for the conduct of qualified research and development, multiplied by the rate ((of 0.515 percent)) provided in RCW 82.04.260(5) in the case of a nonprofit corporation or nonprofit association engaging within this state in research and development, and ((2.5 percent)) the rate provided in RCW 82.04.290(2) for every other person.
(3) Any person entitled to the credit provided in subsection (2) of this section as a result of qualified research and development conducted under contract may assign all or any portion of the credit to the person contracting for the performance of the qualified research and development.
(4) The credit, including any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section, shall be taken against taxes due for the same calendar year in which the qualified research and development expenditures are incurred. The credit, including any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section, for each calendar year shall not exceed the lesser of two million dollars or the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter for the calendar year.
(5) Any person taking the credit, including any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section, whose research and development spending during the calendar year in which the credit is claimed fails to exceed 0.92 percent of the person's taxable amount during the same calendar year shall be liable for payment of the additional taxes represented by the amount of credit taken together with interest, but not penalties. Interest shall be due at the rate provided for delinquent excise taxes retroactively to the date the credit was taken until the taxes are paid. Any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section that is disallowed as a result of this section may be taken by the person who performed the qualified research and development subject to the limitations set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
(6) Any person claiming the credit, and any person assigning a credit as provided in subsection (3) of this section, shall file an affidavit form prescribed by the department which shall include the amount of the credit claimed, an estimate of the anticipated qualified research and development expenditures during the calendar year for which the credit is claimed, an estimate of the taxable amount during the calendar year for which the credit is claimed, and such additional information as the department may prescribe.
(7) A person claiming the credit shall agree to supply the department with information necessary to measure the results of the tax credit program for qualified research and development expenditures.

(8) The department shall use the information required under subsection (7) of this section to perform three assessments on the tax credit program authorized under this section. The assessments will take place in 1997, 2000, and 2003. The department shall prepare reports on each assessment and deliver their reports by September 1, 1997, September 1, 2000, and September 1, 2003. The assessments shall measure the effect of the program on job creation, the number of jobs created for Washington residents, company growth, the introduction of new products, the diversification of the state’s economy, growth in research and development investment, the movement of firms or the consolidation of firms' operations into the state, and such other factors as the department selects.

(9) For the purpose of this section:
(a) "Qualified research and development expenditures" means operating expenses, including wages, compensation of a proprietor or a partner in a partnership as determined under rules adopted by the department, benefits, supplies, and computer expenses, directly incurred in qualified research and development by a person claiming the credit provided in this section. The term does not include amounts paid to a person other than a public educational or research institution to conduct qualified research and development. Nor does the term include capital costs and overhead, such as expenses for land, structures, or depreciable property.
(b) "Qualified research and development" shall have the same meaning as in RCW 82.63.010.
(c) "Research and development spending" means qualified research and development expenditures plus eighty percent of amounts paid to a person other than a public educational or research institution to conduct qualified research and development.
(d) "Taxable amount" means the taxable amount subject to the tax imposed in this chapter required to be reported on the person’s combined excise tax returns during the year in which the credit is claimed, less any taxable amount for which a credit is allowed under RCW 82.04.440.

(10) This section shall expire December 31, 2004."

Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Dunshee, Dickerson, Pennington and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1821.

ROLL CALL


Voting nay: Representative Cody - 1.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1821, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1930, by Representatives Chandler, Linville, D. Schmidt and Sheldon

Restricting copying of birth certificates.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1930 was substituted for House Bill No. 1930 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1930 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1930.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1930 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1930, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1952, by Representatives Dyer, Morris, Backlund, Grant and Sherstad

Modifying health facility and services provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1952 was substituted for House Bill No. 1952 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1952 was read the second time.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:
On page 4, line 14, after "means" strike "a" and insert "(a) Speciality tertiary burn services designed to treat complex burn cases; (b) tertiary neonatal intensive care nursery or obstetric services designed to treat complex nursery or obstetric cases; (c) transplantation of specific solid organs, including heart, liver, pancreas, lung, small bowel, kidney, and bone marrow; (d) open heart surgery, therapeutic cardiac catheterization, or percutaneous transluminal coronary angioplasty; (e) inpatient physical rehabilitation services for persons with usually nonreversible, multiple function impairments of moderate-to-severe complexity resulting in major changes in the patient’s lifestyle and requiring intervention by several rehabilitation disciplines; (f) specialized tertiary inpatient pediatric service designed to treat complex pediatric cases for more than twenty-four hours; or (g) a similar"

Representative Dyer and Morris spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(295)

On page 12, beginning on line 32, after "before" strike "July 1, 1997" and insert "January 1, 1998"

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(296)

On page 13, beginning on line 25, after "(b)" strike all material through "chapter" on line 34, and insert "A facility in the offices of either an individual or group practice of physicians or other health care practitioners regulated under Title 18 RCW, who are providing services within their scope of practice, including a facility that is physically separate from the practice, if the privilege of using the facility is not extended to regulated practitioners outside the individual or group practice. However, such a facility may request licensure as an ambulatory surgery center if the facility meets the requirements of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter"

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(297)

On page 14, line 15, after "change" insert ", limit,"

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

COLLOQUY
Representative Skinner: Would the gentleman from the 5th District yield to a question? Does this bill allow a hospital to establish, or purchase nursing facility bed capacity outside of the Certificate of Need requirements that remain in place for nursing facility beds?

Representative Dyer: No, nothing in this bill alters the current requirements under which nursing home bed capacity is approved or transferred from one facility to another.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1952.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1952 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 37, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1952, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2018, by Representatives Dyer, Grant, Backlund, Quall, Zellinsky, Sheldon, Sherstad, Morris, Parlette, Scott and Skinner

Enacting health insurance reform.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2018 was substituted for House Bill No. 2018 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2018 was read the second time.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(313)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"HEALTH INSURANCE REFORM
PART I--CONSUMER PROTECTIONS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 101. UTILIZATION REVIEW--INTENT. "The legislature intends that the delivery of quality health care services to individuals in the state of Washington be consistent with a wise use of resources. It is therefore the purpose of this act to define standards for utilization review of health care services and to promote the delivery of health care in a cost-effective manner. The legislature reaffirms its commitment to improving health care services through encouraging the availability of effective and consistent utilization review throughout this state. The legislature believes that standards for utilization review will help assure quality oversight of individual case evaluations in this state."
NEW SECTION, Sec. 102. A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

**UTILIZATION REVIEW—DEFINITIONS.** "Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout sections 103 and 104 of this act:

1. "Certification" means a determination by a review organization that an admission, extension of stay, or other health care service or procedure has been reviewed and, based on the information provided, meets the clinical requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, level of care, or effectiveness under the auspices of the applicable health benefit plan.

2. "Review organization" means an entity performing utilization review, including a disability insurer regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, health care service contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or health maintenance organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020, and entities affiliated with, under contract with, or acting on behalf of a health carrier.

3. "Utilization review" means the prospective, concurrent, or retrospective assessment of the necessity and appropriateness of the allocation of health care resources and services of a provider or facility, given or proposed to be given to an enrollee or group of enrollees."

NEW SECTION, Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

**UTILIZATION REVIEW—REVIEW ORGANIZATION.** "(1) Beginning on January 1, 1998, every review organization that performs utilization review of inpatient medical and surgical benefits and outpatient medical and surgical benefits for residents of this state shall meet the standards set forth in this section and section 104 of this act.

   a) Review organizations shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws to protect confidentiality of enrollee medical records.

   b) Any certification by a review organization as to the medical necessity or appropriateness of an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure must be made in accordance with medical standards or guidelines approved by a licensed physician.

   c) Any determination by a review organization to deny an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure on the basis of medical necessity or appropriateness must be made by a licensed physician who has reasonable access to board certified specialty providers in making such determinations.

   d) Review organizations shall make staff available to perform utilization review activities by toll-free or collect telephone, at least forty hours per week during normal business hours.

   e) Review organizations shall have a phone system capable of accepting or recording, or both, incoming phone calls during other than normal business hours and shall respond to these calls within two business days.

   f) Review organizations shall maintain a documented utilization review program description and written utilization review criteria based on reasonable medical evidence. The program must include a method for reviewing and updating criteria. Review organizations shall make utilization review criteria available upon request to the participating provider involved in a specific case under review.

   g) Review organizations shall designate a licensed physician to participate in utilization review program implementation.

   (2) The Washington state health care authority shall periodically examine review organization accreditation standards of the utilization review accreditation commission, the national committee for quality assurance, and other national accreditation organizations for appropriateness and, if deemed appropriate, shall adopt rules exempting a review organization from the requirements of section 104 of this act if certified by a national credentialing entity approved by the authority. The powers of the Washington state health care authority set forth in this section are transferred to the office of the insurance commissioner on January 1, 2001."

NEW SECTION, Sec. 104. A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

**UTILIZATION REVIEW—STANDARDS.** "(1) Notification of an initial determination by the review organization to certify an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure must be mailed or otherwise communicated to the provider of record or the enrollee, or the enrollee’s authorized representative, or both, within two business days of the determination and following the receipt of all information necessary to complete the review.

   (2) Notification of an initial determination by the review organization to deny an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure must be mailed or otherwise communicated to the provider of record or the enrollee, or the enrollee’s authorized representative, or both, within one
business day of the determination and following the receipt of all information necessary to complete the review.

(3) Any notification of a determination to deny an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure must include:
   (a) The review organization’s decision in clear terms and the rationale in sufficient detail for the enrollee to respond further to the review organization’s decision; and
   (b) The procedures to initiate an appeal of an adverse determination.

(4) Health care facilities and providers shall cooperate with the reasonable efforts of review organizations to ensure that all necessary enrollee information is available in a timely fashion by phone during normal business hours. Health care facilities and providers shall allow on-site review of medical records by review organizations. These provisions are subject to the requirements regarding health care information disclosure in chapter 70.02 RCW."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

**UTILIZATION REVIEW--LIMITED RECORD ACCESS.** "In performing a utilization review, a review organization is limited to access to specific health carrier information necessary to complete the review being performed."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES--INTENT. "The legislature is committed to the efficient use of state resources in promoting public health and protecting the rights of individuals in the state of Washington. The purpose of this act is to provide standards for the establishment and maintenance of procedures by health carriers to assure that covered persons have the opportunity for the appropriate resolution of their grievances, as defined in this act."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

**GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES--STANDARDS.** "(1) Every health carrier shall use written procedures for receiving and resolving grievances from covered persons. At each level of review of a grievance, the health carrier shall include a person or persons with sufficient background and authority to deliberate the merits of the grievance and establish appropriate terms of resolution. The health carrier’s medical director or designee shall be available to participate in the review of any grievance involving a clinical issue or issues. A grievance that includes an issue of clinical quality of care as determined by the health carrier’s medical director or designee may be directed to the health carrier’s quality assurance committee for review and comment. Nothing in this section alters any protections afforded under statutes relating to confidentiality and nondisclosability of quality assurance activities and information.

   (2)(a) A complaint that is not submitted in writing may be resolved directly by the health carrier with the covered person, and is not considered a grievance subject to the review, recording, and reporting requirements of this section.

   (b) The health carrier is required to provide telephone access to covered persons for purposes of presenting a complaint for review. Each telephone number provided shall be toll free or collect within the health carrier’s service area and provide reasonable access to the health carrier without undue delays during normal business hours.

   (3)(a) A grievance may be submitted by a covered person or a representative acting on behalf of the covered person through written authority to assure protection of the covered person’s private information. Within three working days of receiving a grievance, the health carrier shall acknowledge in writing the receipt of the grievance and the department name and address where additional information may be submitted by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person. The health carrier shall process the grievance in a reasonable length of time not to exceed thirty days from receipt of the written grievance. If the grievance involves the collection of information from sources external to the health carrier and its participating providers, the health carrier has an additional thirty days to process the covered person’s grievance.

   (b) The health carrier shall provide the covered person, or authorized representative of the covered person, with a written determination of its review within the time frame specified in (a) of this subsection. The written determination shall contain at a minimum:

   (i) The health carrier’s decision in clear terms and the rationale in sufficient detail for the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person to respond further to the health carrier’s decision; and
(ii) When the health carrier’s decision is not wholly favorable to the covered person, a description of the process to obtain a second level grievance review of the decision, including the time frames required for submission of a request by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person.

(4)(a) A health carrier shall provide a second level grievance review for those covered persons who are dissatisfied with the first level grievance review decision and who submit a written request for review. The second level review process shall include an opportunity for the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person to appear in person before the representative or representatives of the health carrier. The covered person or authorized representative of the covered person must ask for a personal appearance in the written request for a second level review.

(b) The health carrier shall process the grievance in a reasonable length of time, not to exceed thirty days from receipt of the request for a second level review. The time required to resolve the second level review may be extended for a specified period if mutually agreed upon by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person and the health carrier.

(c) A health carrier’s procedures for conducting a second level review must include the following:

(i) The second level review panel shall be comprised of representatives of the health carrier not otherwise participating in the first level review. If the grievance involves a clinical issue or issues, the health carrier shall appoint a health care professional with appropriate qualifications who was not previously involved with the grievance under review and shall ensure reasonable access to board-certified specialty providers as typically manage the issue under review;

(ii) The review panel shall schedule the review meeting to reasonably accommodate the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person and not unreasonably deny a request for postponement of the review requested by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person; and

(iii) The health carrier shall notify the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person in writing at least fifteen days in advance of the scheduled review date unless a shorter time frame is agreed to by the health carrier and the covered person. The review meeting shall be held at a location within the health carrier’s service area that is reasonably accessible to the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person. In cases where a face-to-face meeting is not practical for geographic reasons, a health carrier shall offer the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person the opportunity to communicate with the review panel, at the health carrier’s expense, by conference call, video conferencing, or other appropriate technology as determined by the health carrier.

(d) The health carrier shall issue a written decision to the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person within five working days of completing the review meeting. The decision shall include:

(i) A statement of the health carrier’s understanding of the nature of the grievance and all pertinent facts;

(ii) The health carrier’s decision in clear terms and the rationale for the review panel’s decision; and

(iii) Notice of the covered person’s right to any further review by the health carrier.

(e) Determination of a grievance at the final level review that is unfavorable to the covered person may be submitted by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person to nonbinding mediation. Mediation shall be conducted under mediation rules similar to those of the American arbitration association, the center for public resources, the judicial arbitration and mediation service, RCW 7.70.100, or any other rules of mediation agreed to by the parties.

(5) Each health carrier as defined in this chapter shall file with the commissioner its procedures for review and adjudication of grievances initiated by covered persons.

(6) The health carrier shall maintain accurate records of each grievance to include the following:

(a) A description of the grievance, the date received by the health carrier, and the name and identification number of the covered person; and

(b) A statement as to which level of the grievance procedure the grievance has been brought, the date at which it was brought to each level, the decision reached at each level, and a summary description of the rationale for the decision.
(7) Each health carrier shall make an annual report available to the commissioner. The report shall include for each type of health benefit plan offered by the health carrier: The number of covered lives; the total number of grievances received divided into the following categories: Access, health carrier customer service, health care provider or facility service, claim payment, and dispute resolution; the number of grievances resolved at each level; and the total number of favorable and unfavorable decisions.

(8) A notice of the availability and the requirements of the grievance procedure, including the address where a written grievance may be filed, shall be included in or attached to the policy, certificate, membership booklet, outline of coverage, or other evidence of coverage provided by the health carrier to its enrollees.

(9) The notice shall include a toll-free telephone number for a covered person to obtain verbal explanation of the grievance procedure.

(10) A health carrier shall establish written procedures for the expedited review of a grievance involving a situation where the time to resolve a grievance according to the procedures set forth in this section would seriously jeopardize the life or health of a covered person. A request for an expedited review may be submitted orally or in writing by a covered person or authorized representative of the covered person. A health carrier’s procedures for establishing an expedited review process shall include the following:

(a) The health carrier shall appoint an appropriate health care professional to participate in expedited reviews and shall provide reasonable access to board-certified specialty providers as typically manage the issue under review.

(b) A health carrier shall provide expedited review to all requests concerning an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or review of a health care service for a covered person who has received emergency services but has not been discharged from a facility.

(c) All necessary information, including the health carrier’s decision, shall be transmitted between the health carrier and the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person by telephone, facsimile, or the most expeditious method available as determined by the health carrier.

(d) A health carrier shall make a decision and notify the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person as expeditiously as the medical condition of the covered person requires, but no more than two business days after the request for expedited review is received by the health carrier. If the expedited review is a concurrent review determination, the service shall be continued without liability to the covered person until the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person has been notified of the decision by the health carrier.

(e) A health carrier shall provide written confirmation of its decision concerning an expedited review within two working days of providing notification of that decision to the enrollee, if the initial notification was not in writing. The written notification shall contain the provisions required in subsection (3) of this section pertaining to a first level grievance review.

(f) In any case where the expedited review process does not resolve a difference of opinion between a health carrier and the covered person, the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person may request a second level grievance review. In conducting the second level grievance review, the health carrier shall adhere to time frames that are reasonable under the circumstances, but in no event to exceed the time frames specified in subsection (4) of this section pertaining to second level grievance review.

(11) The Washington state health care authority shall periodically examine grievance procedure accreditation standards of the national committee for quality assurance or other national accreditation organizations for appropriateness and, if deemed appropriate, shall adopt rules exempting a health carrier from the requirements of this section if certified by a national accreditation organization approved by the authority. The powers of the Washington state health care authority set forth in this section are transferred to the office of the insurance commissioner on January 1, 2001."

Sec. 108. RCW 48.43.055 and 1995 c 265 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS. "Each health carrier as defined under RCW 48.43.005 shall file with the commissioner its procedures for review and adjudication of complaints initiated by ((covered persons or)) a health care provider((s))). Procedures filed under this section shall provide a fair review for consideration of complaints. Every health carrier shall provide reasonable means whereby ((any person)) a health care provider aggrieved by actions of the health carrier may be heard in person or by their authorized representative on their written request
for review. If the health carrier fails to grant or reject such request within thirty days after it is made, the complaining provider may proceed as if the complaint had been rejected. A complaint that has been rejected by the health carrier may be submitted to nonbinding mediation. Mediation shall be conducted pursuant to mediation rules similar to those of the American arbitration association, the center for public resources, the judicial arbitration and mediation service, RCW 7.70.100, or any other rules of mediation agreed to by the parties."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES--REPEALER. "RCW "48.46.100 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 290 s 11 are each repealed."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. NETWORK ADEQUACY--INTENT. "The legislature declares that it is in the public interest that health carriers utilizing provider networks use reasonable means of assessing that their provider networks are adequate to provide covered services to their enrollees. The legislature finds that empirical assessment of provider network adequacy is in developmental stages, and that rigid, formulaic approaches are unworkable and inhibit innovation and approaches tailored to meet the needs of varying communities and populations. The legislature therefore finds that, given these limitations, an assessment is needed to determine whether network adequacy requirements are needed and, if necessary, whether the type of measures used by current accreditation programs, such as the national committee on quality assurance, meets these needs."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. NETWORK ADEQUACY--STUDY AND RESTRICTION. "(1) The department of health, in consultation with the office of the insurance commissioner, the department of social and health services, the health care authority, the health care policy board, consumers, providers, and health carriers, shall review the need for network adequacy requirements. The review must include an evaluation of the approaches used by the national committee on quality assurance and any similar, nationally recognized accreditation programs. The department shall submit its report and recommendations to the health care committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, and include recommendations on:
(a) Whether legislatively determined network adequacy requirements are necessary and advisable and the evidence to support this;
(b) If standards are needed, to what extent such standards can be made consistent with the national committee on quality assurance standards, and whether national committee on quality assurance accredited carriers, or carriers accredited by other, nationally recognized accreditation programs, should be exempted from state review and requirements;
(c) Whether and how the state could promote uniformity of approach across commercial purchaser requirements and state and federal agency requirements so as to assure adequate consumer access while promoting the most efficient use of public and private health care financial resources;
(d) Means to assure that health carriers and health systems maintain the flexibility necessary to responsibly determine the best ways to meet the needs of the populations they serve while controlling the costs of the health care services provided;
(e) Which types of health systems and health carriers should be subject to network adequacy requirements, if any; and
(f) An objective estimate of the potential costs of such requirements and any recommended oversight functions.
(2) No agency may engage in rule making relating to network adequacy until the legislature has reviewed the findings and recommendations of the study and has passed legislation authorizing the department of health or other appropriate agency to engage in rule making in this area in accordance with the policy direction set by the legislature."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows: ACCESS PLAN REQUIREMENTS. "(1) Beginning July 1, 1997, health carriers, as defined in RCW 48.43.005, shall develop and update annually an access plan that meets the requirements of this section for each of the health care networks that the carrier offers in this state. The health carrier shall make the access plans available on its business premises and shall provide nonproprietary information to any interested party upon request. The carrier shall prepare an access plan prior to offering a health plan utilizing a substantially different health care network. The plan shall include, at least, the following:
(a) The health carrier’s network of providers and facilities by license, certification and registration type, and by geographic location;

(b) The health carrier’s process for monitoring and assuring on an ongoing basis the sufficiency of the provider network to meet the covered health care needs of its enrolled populations; and

(c) The health carrier’s methods for assessing the health care needs of covered persons and their satisfaction with services.

(2) On or before August 1, 1997, each health carrier shall submit its access plan or plans to the Washington state health care authority for purposes of assisting the authority with its report and recommendations on network adequacy standards required under section 111 of this act.

(3) The Washington state health care authority shall periodically examine accreditation standards of the national committee for quality assurance or other national accreditation organizations for appropriateness and, if deemed appropriate, shall adopt rules exempting a health carrier from the requirements of this section if certified by a national accreditation organization approved by the authority. The powers of the Washington state health care authority set forth in this section are transferred to the office of the insurance commissioner on January 1, 2001.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. A new section is added to chapter 74.09 RCW to read as follows:

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE WAIVERS. "To the extent that federal statutes or regulations, or provisions of waivers granted to the department of social and health services by the federal department of health and human services, include standards that differ from the minimums stated in sections 101 through 107, 110, and 112 of this act, those sections do not apply to contracts with health carriers awarded pursuant to RCW 74.09.522.

" PART II--MARKETPLACE STABILITY"

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. "The legislature intends that individuals in the state of Washington have access to affordable individual health plan coverage. The legislature reaffirms its commitment to guaranteed issue and renewability, portability, and limitations on use of preexisting condition exclusions. The legislature also finds that the lack of incentives for individuals to purchase and maintain coverage independent of anticipated need for health care has contributed to soaring health care claims experience in many individual health plans. The legislature therefore intends that refinements be made to the state’s individual market reform laws to provide needed incentives and to help assure that more affordable coverage is accessible to Washington residents."

Sec. 202. RCW 48.43.005 and 1995 c 265 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

DEFINITIONS. "Unless otherwise specifically provided, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Adjusted community rate" means the rating method used to establish the premium for health plans adjusted to reflect actuarially demonstrated differences in utilization or cost attributable to geographic region, age, family size, and use of wellness activities.

(2) "Basic health plan" means the plan described under chapter 70.47 RCW, as revised from time to time.

(3) "Basic health plan model plan" means a health plan as required in RCW 70.47.060(2)(d).

(4) "Concurrent review" means utilization review conducted during a patient’s hospital stay or course of treatment.

(5) "Covered person" or "enrollee" means a person covered by a health plan including an enrollee, subscriber, policyholder, beneficiary of a group plan, or individual covered by any other health plan.

(6) "Dependent" means, at a minimum, the enrollee’s legal spouse and unmarried dependent children who qualify for coverage under the enrollee’s health benefit plan.

(7) "Eligible employee" means an employee who works on a full-time basis with a normal work week of thirty or more hours. The term includes a self-employed individual, including a sole proprietor, a partner of a partnership, and may include an independent contractor, if the self-employed individual, sole proprietor, partner, or independent contractor is included as an employee under a health benefit plan of a small employer, but does not work less than thirty hours per week and derives at least seventy-five percent of his or her income from a trade or business through which he or she has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he or she has filed the appropriate internal revenue
service form. Persons covered under a health benefit plan pursuant to the consolidated omnibus budget reconciliation act of 1986 shall not be considered eligible employees for purposes of minimum participation requirements of chapter 265, Laws of 1995.

((44)) (8) "Emergency medical condition" means the emergent and acute onset of a symptom or symptoms, including severe pain, that would lead a prudent layperson acting reasonably to believe that a health condition exists that requires immediate medical attention, if failure to provide medical attention would result in serious impairment to bodily functions or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part, or would place the person's health in serious jeopardy.

(9) "Emergency services" means otherwise covered health care services medically necessary to evaluate and treat an emergency medical condition, provided in a hospital emergency department.

((5)) (10) "Enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing" means amounts paid to health carriers directly providing services, health care providers, or health care facilities by enrollees and may include copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles.

((6)) (11) "Grievance" means a written complaint submitted by or on behalf of a covered person regarding: (a) Denial of payment for medical services or nonprovision of medical services included in the covered person's health benefit plan, or (b) service delivery issues other than denial of payment for medical services or nonprovision of medical services, including dissatisfaction with medical care, waiting time for medical services, provider or staff attitude or demeanor, or dissatisfaction with service provided by the health carrier.

((7)) (12) "Health care facility" or "facility" means hospices licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, rural health care facilities as defined in RCW 70.175.020, psychiatric hospitals licensed under chapter 71.12 RCW, nursing homes licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW, community mental health centers licensed under chapter 71.05 or 71.24 RCW, kidney disease treatment centers licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, ambulatory diagnostic, treatment, or surgical facilities licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, drug and alcohol treatment facilities licensed under chapter 70.96A RCW, and home health agencies licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, and includes such facilities if owned and operated by a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state and such other facilities as required by federal law and implementing regulations.

((8)) (13) "Health care provider" or "provider" means:

(a) A person regulated under Title 18 or chapter 70.127 RCW, to practice health or health-related services or otherwise practicing health care services in this state consistent with state law; or

(b) An employee or agent of a person described in (a) of this subsection, acting in the course and scope of his or her employment.

((9)) (14) "Health care service" means that service offered or provided by health care facilities and health care providers relating to the prevention, cure, or treatment of illness, injury, or disease.

((10)) (15) "Health carrier" or "carrier" means a disability insurer regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, a health care service contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or a health maintenance organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020.

((11)) (16) "Health plan" or "health benefit plan" means any policy, contract, or agreement offered by a health carrier to provide, arrange, reimburse, or pay for health care services except the following:

(a) Long-term care insurance governed by chapter 48.84 RCW;

(b) Medicare supplemental health insurance governed by chapter 48.66 RCW;

(c) Limited health care services offered by limited health care service contractors in accordance with RCW 48.44.035;

(d) Disability income;

(e) Coverage incidental to a property/casualty liability insurance policy such as automobile personal injury protection coverage and homeowner guest medical;

(f) Workers' compensation coverage;

(g) Accident only coverage;

(h) Specified disease and hospital confinement indemnity when marketed solely as a supplement to a health plan;

(i) Employer-sponsored self-funded health plans; and

(j) Dental only and vision only coverage.
"Basic health plan services" means that schedule of covered health services, including the description of how those benefits are to be administered, that are required to be delivered to an enrollee under the basic health plan, as revised from time to time.

"Preexisting condition" means any medical condition, illness, or injury that existed any time prior to the effective date of coverage.

"Premium" means all sums charged, received, or deposited by a health carrier as consideration for a health plan or the continuance of a health plan. Any assessment or any "membership," "policy," "contract," "service," or similar fee or charge made by a health carrier in consideration for a health plan is deemed part of the premium. "Premium" shall not include amounts paid as enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing.

"Small employer" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, political subdivision except school districts, or self-employed individual that is actively engaged in business that, on at least fifty percent of its working days during the preceding calendar quarter, employed no more than fifty eligible employees, with a normal work week of thirty or more hours, the majority of whom were employed within this state, and is not formed primarily for purposes of buying health insurance and in which a bona fide employer-employee relationship exists. In determining the number of eligible employees, companies that are affiliated companies, or that are eligible to file a combined tax return for purposes of taxation by this state, shall be considered an employer. Subsequent to the issuance of a health plan to a small employer and for the purpose of determining eligibility, the size of a small employer shall be determined annually. Except as otherwise specifically provided, a small employer shall continue to be considered a small employer until the plan anniversary following the date the small employer no longer meets the requirements of this definition. The term "small employer" includes a self-employed individual or sole proprietor. The term "small employer" also includes a self-employed individual or sole proprietor who derives at least seventy-five percent of his or her income from a trade or business through which the individual or sole proprietor has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he or she has filed the appropriate internal revenue service form 1040, schedule C or F, for the previous taxable year.

"Wellness activity" means an explicit program of an activity consistent with department of health guidelines, such as, smoking cessation, injury and accident prevention, reduction of alcohol misuse, appropriate weight reduction, exercise, automobile and motorcycle safety, blood cholesterol reduction, and nutrition education for the purpose of improving enrollee health status and reducing health service costs.

"Basic health plan" means the plan described under chapter 70.47 RCW, as revised from time to time.

Sec. 203. RCW 48.43.025 and 1995 c 265 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
PREEXISTING CONDITION LIMITATIONS MODIFIED. "(1) Except as otherwise specified in RCW 48.43.035:
    (a) No carrier may reject an individual for health plan coverage based upon preexisting conditions of the individual ((and)).
    (b) No carrier may deny, exclude, or otherwise limit coverage for an individual's preexisting health conditions; except that a carrier may impose a three-month benefit waiting period for preexisting conditions for which medical advice was given, or for which a health care provider recommended or provided treatment within three months before the effective date of coverage.
    (c) All health carriers offering any individual health plan to any individual must allow open enrollment to eligible applicants into all individual health plans offered by the carrier during the full month of July of each year. The individual health plans exempt from guaranteed continuity under RCW 48.43.035(4) are exempt from this requirement. All applications for open enrollment coverage must be complete and postmarked to or received by the carrier in the month of July in any year following the effective date of this section. Coverage for these applicants must begin the first day of the next month subject to receipt of timely payment consistent with the terms of the policies.
    (d) Carriers may limit acceptance of applicants who apply outside of the open enrollment period specified in (c) of this subsection provided all of the following conditions are met:
        (i) The applicant has not maintained coverage as required in (f) of this subsection;
        (ii) The applicant is not applying as a newly eligible dependent meeting the requirements of (g) of this subsection; and
(iii) The carrier uses uniform health evaluation criteria and practices among all individual health plans it offers.

(e) If a carrier refuses to enroll an applicant, it must offer to enroll the applicant in the Washington state health insurance pool in an expeditious manner as determined by the board of directors of the pool. Declination by the applicant to enroll must be done in written form.

(f) Carriers may not refuse enrollment based upon health evaluation criteria to otherwise eligible applicants who have been covered either continuously or for any part of the three-month period immediately preceding the date of application for the new individual health plan under a comparable group or individual health benefit plan with substantially similar benefits. For purposes of this subsection, in addition to provisions in RCW 48.43.015, the following publicly administered coverage shall be considered comparable health benefit plans: The basic health plan established by chapter 70.47 RCW; the medical assistance program established by chapter 74.09 RCW; and the Washington state health insurance pool, established by chapter 48.41 RCW, as long as the person is continuously enrolled in the pool until the next open enrollment period. If the person is enrolled in the pool for less than three months, she or he will be credited for that period up to three months.

(g) Carriers shall accept for enrollment all newly eligible dependents of an enrollee for enrollment onto the enrollee’s individual health plan at any time of the year, provided application is made within sixty-three days of eligibility, or such longer time as provided by law or contract.

(h) At no time are carriers required to accept for enrollment any individual residing outside the state of Washington, except for qualifying dependents who reside outside the carrier service area.

(i) For purposes of this section, “open enrollment” means the annual thirty-one day period during the month of July during which all health carriers offering individual health plan coverage must accept onto individual coverage any state resident within the carrier’s service area regardless of health condition who submits an application in accordance with RCW 48.43.035(1).

(2) No carrier may avoid the requirements of this section through the creation of a new rate classification or the modification of an existing rate classification. A new or changed rate classification will be deemed an attempt to avoid the provisions of this section if the new or changed classification would substantially discourage applications for coverage from individuals or groups who are higher than average health risks. (These) The provisions of this section apply only to individuals who are Washington residents.

Sec. 204. RCW 48.43.035 and 1995 c 265 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

GUARANTEED ISSUE AND CONTINUITY OF COVERAGE MODIFIED. "(1) Except as otherwise specified in RCW 48.43.025, all health carriers shall accept for enrollment any state resident within the carrier’s service area and provide or assure the provision of all covered services regardless of age, sex, family structure, ethnicity, race, health condition, geographic location, employment status, socioeconomic status, other condition or situation, or the provisions of RCW 49.60.174(2). The insurance commissioner may grant a temporary exemption from this subsection, if, upon application by a health carrier the commissioner finds that the clinical, financial, or administrative capacity to serve existing enrollees will be impaired if a health carrier is required to continue enrollment of additional eligible individuals.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (((5))) (7) of this section, all health plans shall contain or incorporate by endorsement a guarantee of the continuity of coverage of the plan. For the purposes of this section, a plan is “renewed” when it is continued beyond the earliest date upon which, at the carrier’s sole option, the plan could have been terminated for other than nonpayment of premium. In the case of group plans, the carrier may consider the group’s anniversary date as the renewal date for purposes of complying with the provisions of this section.

(3) The guarantee of continuity of coverage required in health plans shall not prevent a carrier from canceling or nonrenewing a health plan for:

(a) Nonpayment of premium;
(b) Violation of published policies of the carrier approved by the insurance commissioner;
(c) Covered persons entitled to become eligible for medicare benefits by reason of age who fail to apply for a medicare supplement plan or medicare cost, risk, or other plan offered by the carrier pursuant to federal laws and regulations;
(d) Covered persons who fail to pay any deductible or copayment amount owed to the carrier and not the provider of health care services;
(e) Covered persons committing fraudulent acts as to the carrier;
(f) Covered persons who materially breach the health plan; 
(g) Change or implementation of federal or state laws that no longer permit the continued offering of such coverage; or

(h) Cessation of a plan offering in accordance with subsection (5) or (8) of this section.

4 The provisions of this section do not apply in the following cases:
(a) A carrier has zero enrollment on a product; 
(b) A carrier replaces a product and the replacement product is provided to all covered persons within that class or line of business, includes all of the services covered under the replaced product, and does not significantly limit access to the kind of services covered under the replaced product. The health plan may also allow unrestricted conversion to a fully comparable product; or
(c) A carrier is withdrawing from a service area or from a segment of its service area because the carrier has demonstrated to the insurance commissioner that the carrier’s clinical, financial, or administrative capacity to serve enrollees would be exceeded.

5 A health carrier may discontinue offering or materially modify a particular health plan, only if:
(a) The health carrier provides notice to each covered person provided coverage of this type of such discontinuation or modification at least ninety days prior to the date of the discontinuation or modification of coverage;
(b) The health carrier offers to each covered person provided coverage of this type the option to purchase any other health plan currently being offered by the health carrier to similar covered persons in the market category and geographic area; and
(c) In exercising the option to discontinue or modify a particular health plan and in offering the option of coverage under (b) of this subsection, the health carrier acts uniformly without regard to any health-status related factor of covered persons or persons who may become eligible for coverage.

6 At the time a plan is renewed, a health carrier may modify the health plan coverage so long as such modification is in accordance with subsection (5) of this section.

7 The provisions of this section do not apply to health plans deemed by the insurance commissioner to be unique or limited or have a short-term purpose, after a written request for such classification by the carrier and subsequent written approval by the insurance commissioner.

8 A health carrier may discontinue all health plan coverage in one or more of the following lines of business:
(a)(i) Individual; or
(ii)(A) Small group (1-50 members); and 
(B) Large group (51+ members);
(b) Only if:
(i) The health carrier provides notice to the office of the insurance commissioner and to each person covered by a plan within the line of business of such discontinuation at least one hundred eighty days prior to the expiration of coverage; and
(ii) All plans issued or delivered in the state by the health carrier in such line of business are discontinued, and coverage under such plans in such line of business is not renewed; and
(iii) The health carrier may not issue any health plan coverage in the line of business and state involved during the five-year period beginning on the date of the discontinuation of the last health plan not so renewed.

9 The portability provisions of RCW 48.43.015 continue to apply to all enrollees whose health insurance coverage is modified or discontinued pursuant to this section.”

Sec. 205. RCW 70.47.060 and 1995 c 266 s 1 and 1995 c 2 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
" The administrator has the following powers and duties:

1 To design and from time to time revise a schedule of covered basic health care services, including physician services, inpatient and outpatient hospital services, prescription drugs and medications, and other services that may be necessary for basic health care. In addition, the administrator may offer as basic health plan services chemical dependency services, mental health services and organ transplant services; however, no one service or any combination of these three services shall increase the actuarial value of the basic health plan benefits by more than five percent excluding inflation, as determined by the office of financial management. All subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees in any participating managed health care system under the Washington basic
health plan shall be entitled to receive ((covered basic health care services)) covered basic health care services in return for premium payments to the plan. The schedule of services shall emphasize proven preventive and primary health care and shall include all services necessary for prenatal, postnatal, and well-child care. However, with respect to coverage for groups of subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that such services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the managed care provider. The schedule of services shall also include a separate schedule of basic health care services for children, eighteen years of age and younger, for those subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees who choose to secure basic coverage through the plan only for their dependent children. In designing and revising the schedule of services, the administrator shall consider the guidelines for assessing health services under the mandated benefits act of 1984, RCW 48.42.080, and such other factors as the administrator deems appropriate.

However, with respect to coverage for subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that the services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the managed care provider.

(2)(a) To design and implement a structure of periodic premiums due the administrator from subsidized enrollees that is based upon gross family income, giving appropriate consideration to family size and the ages of all family members. The enrollment of children shall not require the enrollment of their parent or parents who are eligible for the plan. The structure of periodic premiums shall be applied to subsidized enrollees entering the plan as individuals pursuant to subsection (9) of this section and to the share of the cost of the plan due from subsidized enrollees entering the plan as employees pursuant to subsection (10) of this section.

(b) To determine the periodic premiums due the administrator from nonsubsidized enrollees. Premiums due from nonsubsidized enrollees shall be in an amount equal to the cost charged by the managed health care system provider to the state for the plan plus the administrative cost of providing the plan to those enrollees and the premium tax under RCW 48.14.0201.

(c) An employer or other financial sponsor may, with the prior approval of the administrator, pay the premium, rate, or any other amount on behalf of a subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollee, by arrangement with the enrollee and through a mechanism acceptable to the administrator, but in no case shall the payment made on behalf of the enrollee exceed the total premiums due from the enrollee.

(d) To develop, as an offering by all health carriers providing coverage identical to the basic health plan, as configured on January 1, 1996, a basic health plan model plan ((benefits package)) with uniformity in enrollee cost-sharing requirements.

(3) To design and implement a structure of enrollee cost sharing due a managed health care system from subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees. The structure shall discourage inappropriate enrollee utilization of health care services, and may utilize copayments, deductibles, and other cost-sharing mechanisms, but shall not be so costly to enrollees as to constitute a barrier to appropriate utilization of necessary health care services.

(4) To limit enrollment of persons who qualify for subsidies so as to prevent an overexpenditure of appropriations for such purposes. Whenever the administrator finds that there is danger of such an overexpenditure, the administrator shall close enrollment until the administrator finds the danger no longer exists.

(5) To limit the payment of subsidies to subsidized enrollees, as defined in RCW 70.47.020. The level of subsidy provided to persons who qualify may be based on the lowest cost plans, as defined by the administrator.

(6) To adopt a schedule for the orderly development of the delivery of services and availability of the plan to residents of the state, subject to the limitations contained in RCW 70.47.080 or any act appropriating funds for the plan.

(7) To solicit and accept applications from managed health care systems, as defined in this chapter, for inclusion as eligible basic health care providers under the plan. The administrator shall endeavor to assure that covered basic health care services are available to any enrollee of the plan from among a selection of two or more participating managed health care systems. In adopting any rules or procedures applicable to managed health care systems and in its dealings with such systems, the administrator shall consider and make suitable allowance for the need for health care services and the
differences in local availability of health care resources, along with other resources, within and among the several areas of the state. Contracts with participating managed health care systems shall ensure that basic health plan enrollees who become eligible for medical assistance may, at their option, continue to receive services from their existing providers within the managed health care system if such providers have entered into provider agreements with the department of social and health services.

(8) To receive periodic premiums from or on behalf of subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees, deposit them in the basic health plan operating account, keep records of enrollee status, and authorize periodic payments to managed health care systems on the basis of the number of enrollees participating in the respective managed health care systems.

(9) To accept applications from individuals residing in areas served by the plan, on behalf of themselves and their spouses and dependent children, for enrollment in the Washington basic health plan as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, to establish appropriate minimum-enrollment periods for enrollees as may be necessary, and to determine, upon application and on a reasonable schedule defined by the authority, or at the request of any enrollee, eligibility due to current gross family income for sliding scale premiums. No subsidy may be paid with respect to any enrollee whose current gross family income exceeds twice the federal poverty level or, subject to RCW 70.47.110, who is a recipient of medical assistance or medical care services under chapter 74.09 RCW. If, as a result of an eligibility review, the administrator determines that a subsidized enrollee's income exceeds twice the federal poverty level and that the enrollee knowingly failed to inform the plan of such increase in income, the administrator may bill the enrollee for the subsidy paid on the enrollee's behalf during the period of time that the enrollee's income exceeded twice the federal poverty level. If a number of enrollees drop their enrollment for no apparent good cause, the administrator may establish appropriate rules or requirements that are applicable to such individuals before they will be allowed to reenroll in the plan.

(10) To accept applications from business owners on behalf of themselves and their employees, spouses, and dependent children, as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, who reside in an area served by the plan. The administrator may require all or the substantial majority of the eligible employees of such businesses to enroll in the plan and establish those procedures necessary to facilitate the orderly enrollment of groups in the plan and into a managed health care system. The administrator may require that a business owner pay at least an amount equal to what the employee pays after the state pays its portion of the subsidized premium cost of the plan on behalf of each employee enrolled in the plan. Enrollment is limited to those not eligible for medicare who wish to enroll in the plan and choose to obtain the basic health care coverage and services from a managed care system participating in the plan. The administrator shall adjust the amount determined to be due on behalf of or from all such enrollees whenever the amount negotiated by the administrator with the participating managed health care system or systems is modified or the administrative cost of providing the plan to such enrollees changes.

(11) To determine the rate to be paid to each participating managed health care system in return for the provision of covered basic health care services to enrollees in the system. Although the schedule of covered basic health care services will be the same for similar enrollees, the rates negotiated with participating managed health care systems may vary among the systems. In negotiating rates with participating systems, the administrator shall consider the characteristics of the populations served by the respective systems, economic circumstances of the local area, the need to conserve the resources of the basic health plan trust account, and other factors the administrator finds relevant.

(12) To monitor the provision of covered services to enrollees by participating managed health care systems in order to assure enrollee access to good quality basic health care, to require periodic data reports concerning the utilization of health care services rendered to enrollees in order to provide adequate information for evaluation, and to inspect the books and records of participating managed health care systems to assure compliance with the purposes of this chapter. In requiring reports from participating managed health care systems, including data on services rendered enrollees, the administrator shall endeavor to minimize costs, both to the managed health care systems and to the plan. The administrator shall coordinate any such reporting requirements with other state agencies, such as the insurance commissioner and the department of health, to minimize duplication of effort.

(13) To evaluate the effects this chapter has on private employer-based health care coverage and to take appropriate measures consistent with state and federal statutes that will discourage the reduction of such coverage in the state.
To develop a program of proven preventive health measures and to integrate it into the plan wherever possible and consistent with this chapter.

To provide, consistent with available funding, assistance for rural residents, underserved populations, and persons of color."

Sec. 206. RCW 48.20.028 and 1995 c 265 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

TENURE DISCOUNTS--INDIVIDUAL DISABILITY COVERAGE. "(1)(a) An insurer offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health benefits that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan subject to RCW 48.43.035. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an insurer from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. An insurer offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.20.390, 48.20.393, 48.20.395, 48.20.397, 48.20.410, 48.20.411, 48.20.412, 48.20.416, and 48.20.420 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premiums for health benefit plans for individuals shall be calculated using the adjusted community rating method that spreads financial risk across the carrier’s entire individual product population. All such rates shall conform to the following:

(a) The insurer shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; and
(iv) Tenure discounts; and
(v) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The insurer shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the family composition;
(ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
(iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(h) A tenure discount for continuous enrollment in the health plan of two years or more may be offered, not to exceed ten percent.

(3) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.21.045.
Sec. 207. RCW 48.44.022 and 1995 c 265 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

TENURE DISCOUNTS--HEALTH CARE SERVICE CONTRACTORS. "(1)(a) A health care service contractor offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health benefits that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan, subject to the provisions in RCW 48.43.035. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a contractor from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. A contractor offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.44.225, 48.44.240, 48.44.245, 48.44.250, 48.44.300, 48.44.310, 48.44.320, 48.44.325, 48.44.330, 48.44.335, 48.44.340, 48.44.344, 48.44.360, 48.44.400, 48.44.440, 48.44.450, and 48.44.460 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The health care service contractor shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; (and)
(iv) Tenure discounts; and
(v) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The health care service contractor shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the family composition;
(ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
(iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(h) A tenure discount for continuous enrollment in the health plan of two years or more may be offered, not to exceed ten percent.

(3) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.44.023.
As used in this section and RCW 48.44.023 "health benefit plan," "small employer," "basic health plan," "adjusted community rates," and "wellness activities" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005."

Sec. 208. RCW 48.46.064 and 1995 c 265 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

TENURE DISCOUNTS--HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS. "(1)(a) A health maintenance organization offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health ((services)) benefits that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan, subject to the provisions in RCW 48.43.035. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a health maintenance organization from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. A health maintenance organization offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.46.275, 48.46.280, 48.46.285, 48.46.290, 48.46.350, 48.46.355, 48.46.375, 48.46.440, 48.46.480, 48.46.510, 48.46.520, and 48.46.530 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The health maintenance organization shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; ((and))
(iv) Tenure discounts; and
(v) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The health maintenance organization shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the family composition;
(ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
(iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(h) A tenure discount for continuous enrollment in the health plan of two years or more may be offered, not to exceed ten percent.

(3) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.46.066.
As used in this section and RCW 48.46.066, "health benefit plan," "basic health plan," "adjusted community rate," "small employer," and "wellness activities" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005."

Sec. 209. RCW 48.41.030 and 1989 c 121 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--DEFINITIONS. "As used in this chapter, the following terms have the meaning indicated, unless the context requires otherwise:

1. "Accounting year" means a twelve-month period determined by the board for purposes of record-keeping and accounting. The first accounting year may be more or less than twelve months and, from time to time in subsequent years, the board may order an accounting year of other than twelve months as may be required for orderly management and accounting of the pool.

2. "Administrator" means the entity chosen by the board to administer the pool under RCW 48.41.080.

3. "Board" means the board of directors of the pool.

4. "Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner.

5. "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in RCW 70.38.025.

6. "Health care provider" means any physician, facility, or health care professional, who is licensed in Washington state and entitled to reimbursement for health care services.

7. "Health care services" means services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or healing human illness or injury.

8. "Health care services" means any group or individual disability insurance policy, health care service contract, and health maintenance agreement, except those contracts entered into for the provision of health care services pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq. The term does not include short-term care, long-term care, dental, vision, accident, fixed indemnity, disability income contracts, civilian health and medical program for the uniform services (CHAMPUS), 10 U.S.C. 55, limited benefit or credit insurance, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, insurance arising out of the worker's compensation or similar law, automobile medical payment insurance, or insurance under which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and which is statutorily required to be contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance.

9. "Health plan" means any arrangement by which persons, including dependents or spouses, covered or making application to be covered under this pool, have access to hospital and medical benefits or reimbursement including any group or individual disability insurance policy; health care service contract; health maintenance agreement; uninsured arrangements of group or group-type contracts including employer self-insured, cost-plus, or other benefit methodologies not involving insurance or not governed by Title 48 RCW; coverage under group-type contracts which are not available to the general public and can be obtained only because of connection with a particular organization or group; and coverage by medicare or other governmental benefits. This term includes coverage through "health ((insurance)) coverage" as defined under this section, and specifically excludes those types of programs excluded under the definition of "health ((insurance)) coverage" in subsection (8) of this section.

10. "Insured" means any individual resident of this state who is eligible to receive benefits from any member, or other health plan.

11. "Medical assistance" means coverage under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C., Sec. 1396 et seq.) and chapter 74.09 RCW.


13. "Member" means any commercial insurer which provides disability insurance, any health care service contractor, and any health maintenance organization licensed under Title 48 RCW. "Member" shall also mean, as soon as authorized by federal law, employers and other entities, including a self-funding entity and employee welfare benefit plans that provide health plan benefits in this state on or after May 18, 1987. "Member" does not include any insurer, health care service contractor, or health maintenance organization whose products are exclusively dental products or those products excluded from the definition of "health ((insurance)) coverage" set forth in subsection (8) of this section.
(13) "Network provider" means a health care provider who has contracted in writing with the pool administrator to accept payment from and to look solely to the pool according to the terms of the pool health plans.

(14) "Plan of operation" means the pool, including articles, by-laws, and operating rules, adopted by the board pursuant to RCW 48.41.050.

(15) "Point of service plan" means a benefit plan offered by the pool under which a covered person may elect to receive covered services from network providers, or nonnetwork providers at a reduced rate of benefits.

(16) "Pool" means the Washington state health insurance pool as created in RCW 48.41.040.

"Substantially equivalent health plan" means a "health plan" as defined in subsection (9) of this section which, in the judgment of the board or the administrator, offers persons including dependents or spouses covered or making application to be covered by this pool an overall level of benefits deemed approximately equivalent to the minimum benefits available under this pool.

Sec. 210. RCW 48.41.060 and 1989 c 121 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--BOARD POWERS MODIFIED. "The board shall have the general powers and authority granted under the laws of this state to insurance companies, health care service contractors, and health maintenance organizations, licensed or registered to ((transact)) offer or provide the kinds of ((insurance)) health coverage defined under this title. In addition thereto, the board may:

(1) Enter into contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of this chapter including the authority, with the approval of the commissioner, to enter into contracts with similar pools of other states for the joint performance of common administrative functions, or with persons or other organizations for the performance of administrative functions;

(2) Sue or be sued, including taking any legal action as necessary to avoid the payment of improper claims against the pool or the coverage provided by or through the pool;

(3) Establish appropriate rates, rate schedules, rate adjustments, expense allowances, agent referral fees, claim reserve formulas and any other actuarial functions appropriate to the operation of the pool. Rates shall not be unreasonable in relation to the coverage provided, the risk experience, and expenses of providing the coverage. Rates and rate schedules may be adjusted for appropriate risk factors such as age and area variation in claim costs and shall take into consideration appropriate risk factors in accordance with established actuarial underwriting practices consistent with Washington state individual plan rating requirements under RCW 48.20.028, 48.44.022, and 48.46.064;

(4) Assess members of the pool in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, and make advance interim assessments as may be reasonable and necessary for the organizational or interim operating expenses. Any interim assessments will be credited as offsets against any regular assessments due following the close of the year;

(5) Issue policies of ((insurance)) health coverage in accordance with the requirements of this chapter;

(6) Appoint appropriate legal, actuarial and other committees as necessary to provide technical assistance in the operation of the pool, policy, and other contract design, and any other function within the authority of the pool; and

(7) Conduct periodic audits to assure the general accuracy of the financial data submitted to the pool, and the board shall cause the pool to have an annual audit of its operations by an independent certified public accountant."

Sec. 211. RCW 48.41.080 and 1989 c 121 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--ADMINISTRATOR'S POWER MODIFIED. "The board shall select an administrator from the membership of the pool whether domiciled in this state or another state through a competitive bidding process to administer the pool.

(1) The board shall evaluate bids based upon criteria established by the board, which shall include:

(a) The administrator's proven ability to handle ((accident and health insurance)) health coverage;

(b) The efficiency of the administrator's claim-paying procedures;

(c) An estimate of the total charges for administering the plan; and

(d) The administrator's ability to administer the pool in a cost-effective manner.
The administrator shall serve for a period of three years subject to removal for cause. At least six months prior to the expiration of each three-year period of service by the administrator, the board shall invite all interested parties, including the current administrator, to submit bids to serve as the administrator for the succeeding three-year period. Selection of the administrator for this succeeding period shall be made at least three months prior to the end of the current three-year period.

The administrator shall perform such duties as may be assigned by the board including:

(a) All eligibility and administrative claim payment functions relating to the pool;
(b) Establishing a premium billing procedure for collection of premiums from (insured) covered persons. Billings shall be made on a periodic basis as determined by the board, which shall not be more frequent than a monthly billing;
(c) Performing all necessary functions to assure timely payment of benefits to covered persons under the pool including:
   (i) Making available information relating to the proper manner of submitting a claim for benefits to the pool, and distributing forms upon which submission shall be made; and
   (ii) Taking steps necessary to offer and administer managed care benefit plans; and
   (iii) Evaluating the eligibility of each claim for payment by the pool;
(d) Submission of regular reports to the board regarding the operation of the pool. The frequency, content, and form of the report shall be as determined by the board;
(e) Following the close of each accounting year, determination of net paid and earned premiums, the expense of administration, and the paid and incurred losses for the year and reporting this information to the board and the commissioner on a form as prescribed by the commissioner.

The administrator shall be paid as provided in the contract between the board and the administrator for its expenses incurred in the performance of its services."

Sec. 212. RCW 48.41.110 and 1987 c 431 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--BENEFITS MODIFIED. "(1) The pool is authorized to offer one or more managed care plans of coverage. Such plans may, but are not required to, include point of service features that permit participants to receive in-network benefits or out-of-network benefits subject to differential cost shares. Covered persons enrolled in the pool on January 1, 1997, may continue coverage under the pool plan in which they are enrolled on that date. However, the pool may incorporate managed care features into such existing plans.

(2) The administrator shall prepare a brochure outlining the benefits and exclusions of the pool policy in plain language. After approval by the board of directors, such brochure shall be made reasonably available to participants or potential participants. The health insurance policy issued by the pool shall pay only usual, customary, and reasonable charges for medically necessary eligible health care services rendered or furnished for the diagnosis or treatment of illnesses, injuries, and conditions which are not otherwise limited or excluded. Eligible expenses are the usual, customary, and reasonable charges for the health care services and items for which benefits are extended under the pool policy. Such benefits shall at minimum include, but not be limited to, the following services or related items:

(a) Hospital services, including charges for the most common semiprivate room, for the most common private room if semiprivate rooms do not exist in the health care facility, or for the private room if medically necessary, but limited to a total of one hundred eighty inpatient days in a calendar year, and limited to thirty days inpatient care for mental and nervous conditions, or alcohol, drug, or chemical dependency or abuse per calendar year;
(b) Professional services including surgery for the treatment of injuries, illnesses, or conditions, other than dental, which are rendered by a health care provider, or at the direction of a health care provider, by a staff of registered or licensed practical nurses, or other health care providers;
(c) The first twenty outpatient professional visits for the diagnosis or treatment of one or more mental or nervous conditions or alcohol, drug, or chemical dependency or abuse rendered during a calendar year by one or more physicians, psychologists, or community mental health professionals, or, at the direction of a physician, by other qualified licensed health care practitioners;
(d) Drugs and contraceptive devices requiring a prescription;
(e) Services of a skilled nursing facility, excluding custodial and convalescent care, for not more than one hundred days in a calendar year as prescribed by a physician;
(f) Services of a home health agency;
(g) Chemotherapy, radioisotope, radiation, and nuclear medicine therapy;
(h) Oxygen;
(i) Anesthesia services;
(j) Prostheses, other than dental;
(k) Durable medical equipment which has no personal use in the absence of the condition for which prescribed;
(l) Diagnostic x-rays and laboratory tests;
(m) Oral surgery limited to the following: Fractures of facial bones; excisions of mandibular joints, lesions of the mouth, lip, or tongue, tumors, or cysts excluding treatment for temporomandibular joints; incision of accessory sinuses, mouth salivary glands or ducts; dislocations of the jaw; plastic reconstruction or repair of traumatic injuries occurring while covered under the pool; and excision of impacted wisdom teeth;
(n) Maternity care services, as provided in the managed care plan to be designed by the pool board of directors;
(o) Services of a physical therapist and services of a speech therapist;
(p) Professional ambulance service to the nearest health care facility qualified to treat the illness or injury; and
(q) Other medical equipment, services, or supplies required by physician’s orders and medically necessary and consistent with the diagnosis, treatment, and condition.

The board shall design and employ cost containment measures and requirements such as, but not limited to, care coordination, provider network limitations, preadmission certification, and concurrent inpatient review which may make the pool more cost-effective.

The pool benefit policy may contain benefit limitations, exceptions, and cost shares such as copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles that are consistent with managed care products, except that differential cost shares may be adopted by the board for nonnetwork providers under point of service plans. The pool benefit policy cost shares and limitations must be consistent with those that are generally included in health insurance plans approved by the insurance commissioner; however, no limitation, exception, or reduction may be used that would exclude coverage for any disease, illness, or injury.

(5) The pool may not reject an individual for health plan coverage based upon preexisting conditions of the individual or deny, exclude, or otherwise limit coverage for an individual’s preexisting health conditions; except that it may impose a three-month benefit waiting period for preexisting conditions for which medical advice was given, or for which a health care provider recommended or provided treatment, within three months before the effective date of coverage. The pool may not avoid the requirements of this section through the creation of a new rate classification or the modification of an existing rate classification.

Sec. 213. RCW 48.41.200 and 1987 c 431 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--RATE MODIFIED. "The pool shall determine the standard risk rate by calculating the average group standard rate for groups comprised of up to fifty persons charged by the five largest members offering coverages in the state comparable to the pool coverage. In the event five members do not offer comparable coverage, the standard risk rate shall be established using reasonable actuarial techniques and shall reflect anticipated experience and expenses for such coverage. Maximum rates for pool coverage shall be one hundred fifty percent for the indemnity health plan and one hundred twenty-five percent for managed care plans of the rates established as applicable for group standard risks in groups comprised of up to fifty persons.

All rates and rate schedules shall be submitted to the commissioner for approval.

Sec. 214. RCW 48.41.130 and 1987 c 431 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENT CLARIFIED. "All policy forms issued by the pool shall conform in substance to prototype forms developed by the pool, and shall in all other respects conform to the requirements of this chapter, and shall be filed with and approved by the commissioner before they are issued. The pool shall not issue a pool policy to any individual who, on the effective date of the coverage applied for, already has or would have coverage substantially equivalent to a pool policy as an insured or covered dependent, or who would be eligible for such coverage if he or she elected to obtain it at a lesser premium rate. However, coverage
providing by the basic health plan, as established pursuant to chapter 70.47 RCW, shall not be deemed substantially equivalent for the purposes of this section."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 215. A new section is added to chapter 48.44 RCW to read as follows:

LOSS RATIOS--HEALTH CARE SERVICE CONTRACTORS. "(1) For purposes of RCW 48.44.020(2)(d), benefits in a contract shall be deemed reasonable in relation to the amount charged provided that the anticipated loss ratio is at least:

(a) Sixty-five percent for individual subscriber contract forms;
(b) Seventy percent for franchise plan contract forms;
(c) Eighty percent for group contract forms other than small group contract forms; and
(d) Seventy-five percent for small group contract forms.
(2) With the approval of the commissioner, contract, rider, and endorsement forms that provide substantially similar coverage may be combined for the purpose of determining the anticipated loss ratio.

3 A health care service contractor may charge the rate for prepayment of health care services in any contract identified in RCW 48.44.020(1) upon filing of the rate with the commissioner. If the commissioner disapproves the rate, the commissioner shall explain in writing the specific reasons for the disapproval. A health care service contractor may continue to charge such rate pending a final order in any hearing held under chapters 48.04 and 34.05 RCW, or if applicable, pending a final order in any appeal. Any amount charged that is determined in a final order on appeal to be unreasonable in relation to the benefits provided is subject to refund.

4 For the purposes of this section:
(a) "Anticipated loss ratio" means the ratio of all anticipated claims or costs for the delivery of covered health care services including incurred but not reported claims and costs and medical management costs to premium minus any applicable taxes.
(b) "Small group contract form" means a form offered to a small employer as defined in RCW 48.43.005(13)."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 216. A new section is added to chapter 48.46 RCW to read as follows:

LOSS RATIOS--HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS. "(1) For purposes of RCW 48.46.060(3)(d), benefits shall be deemed reasonable in relation to the amount charged provided that the anticipated loss ratio is at least:

(a) Sixty-five percent for individual subscriber contract forms;
(b) Seventy percent for franchise plan contract forms;
(c) Eighty percent for group contract forms other than small group contract forms; and
(d) Seventy-five percent for small group contract forms.
(2) With the approval of the commissioner, contract, rider, and endorsement forms that provide substantially similar coverage may be combined for the purpose of determining the anticipated loss ratio.

3 A health maintenance organization may charge the rate for prepayment of health care services in any contract identified in RCW 48.46.060(1) upon filing of the rate with the commissioner. If the commissioner disapproves the rate, the commissioner shall explain in writing the specific reasons for the disapproval. A health maintenance organization may continue to charge such rate pending a final order in any hearing held under chapters 48.04 and 34.05 RCW, or if applicable, pending a final order in any appeal. Any amount charged that is determined in a final order on appeal to be unreasonable in relation to the benefits provided is subject to refund.

4 For the purposes of this section:
(a) "Anticipated loss ratio" means the ratio of all anticipated claims or costs for the delivery of covered health care services including incurred but not reported claims and costs and medical management costs to premium minus any applicable taxes.
(b) "Small group contract form" means a form offered to a small employer as defined in RCW 48.43.005(13)."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 217. A new section is added to chapter 48.21 RCW to read as follows:

LOSS RATIOS--GROUPS' DISABILITY COVERAGE. "The following standards and requirements apply to group and blanket disability insurance policy forms and manual rates:
(1) Specified disease group insurance shall generate at least a seventy-five percent loss ratio regardless of the size of the group.

(2) Group disability insurance, other than specified disease insurance, as to which the insured pay all or substantially all of the premium shall generate loss ratios no lower than those set forth in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Certificate Holders at Issue, Renewal, or Rerating</th>
<th>Minimum Overall Loss Ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9 or less</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 24</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 to 49</td>
<td>70%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50 to 99</td>
<td>75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 or more</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) Group disability policy forms, other than for specified disease insurance, for issue to single employers insuring less than one hundred lives shall generate loss ratios no lower than those set forth in subsection (2) of this section for groups of the same size.

(4) The calculating period may vary with the benefit and premium provisions. The company may be required to demonstrate the reasonableness of the calculating period chosen by the actuary responsible for the premium calculations.

(5) A request for a rate increase submitted at the end of the calculating period shall include a comparison of the actual to the expected loss ratios and shall employ any accumulation of reserves in the determination of rates for the selected calculating period and account for the maintenance of such reserves for future needs. The request for the rate increase shall be further documented by the expected loss ratio for the new calculating period.

(6) A request for a rate increase submitted during the calculating period shall include a comparison of the actual to the expected loss ratios, a demonstration of any contributions to or support from the reserves, and shall account for the maintenance of such reserves for future needs. If the experience justifies a premium increase it shall be deemed that the calculating period has prematurely been brought to an end. The rate increase shall further be documented by the expected loss ratio for the next calculating period.

(7) The commissioner may approve a series of two or three smaller rate increases in lieu of one larger increase. These should be calculated to reduce the lapses and antiselection that often result from large rate increases. A demonstration of such calculations, whether for a single rate increase or a series of smaller rate increases, satisfactory to the commissioner, shall be attached to the filing.

(8) Companies shall review their experience periodically and file appropriate rate revisions in a timely manner to reduce the necessity of later filing of exceptionally large rate increases.

(9) The definitions in section 220 of this act and the provisions in section 219 of this act apply to this section.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 218.** A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW to read as follows: **LOSS RATIOS--INDIVIDUAL DISABILITY COVERAGE.** "The following standards and requirements apply to individual disability insurance forms:

(1) The overall loss ratio shall be deemed reasonable in relation to the premiums if the overall loss ratio is at least sixty percent over a calculating period chosen by the insurer and satisfactory to the commissioner.

(2) The calculating period may vary with the benefit and renewal provisions. The company may be required to demonstrate the reasonableness of the calculating period chosen by the actuary responsible for the premium calculations. A brief explanation of the selected calculating period shall accompany the filing.

(3) Policy forms, the benefits of which are particularly exposed to the effects of inflation and whose premium income may be particularly vulnerable to an eroding persistency and other similar forces, shall use a relatively short calculating period reflecting the uncertainties of estimating the risks
involved. Policy forms based on more dependable statistics may employ a longer calculating period. The calculating period may be the lifetime of the contract for guaranteed renewable and noncancellable policy forms if such forms provide benefits that are supported by reliable statistics and that are protected from inflationary or eroding forces by such factors as fixed dollar coverages, inside benefit limits, or the inherent nature of the benefits. The calculating period may be as short as one year for coverages that are based on statistics of minimal reliability or that are highly exposed to inflation.

(4) A request for a rate increase to be effective at the end of the calculating period shall include a comparison of the actual to the expected loss ratios, shall employ any accumulation of reserves in the determination of rates for the new calculating period, and shall account for the maintenance of such reserves for future needs. The request for the rate increase shall be further documented by the expected loss ratio for the new calculating period.

(5) A request for a rate increase submitted during the calculating period shall include a comparison of the actual to the expected loss ratios, a demonstration of any contributions to and support from the reserves, and shall account for the maintenance of such reserves for future needs. If the experience justifies a premium increase it shall be deemed that the calculating period has prematurely been brought to an end. The rate increase shall further be documented by the expected loss ratio for the next calculating period.

(6) The commissioner may approve a series of two or three smaller rate increases in lieu of one large increase. These should be calculated to reduce lapses and anti-selection that often result from large rate increases. A demonstration of such calculations, whether for a single rate increase or for a series of smaller rate increases, satisfactory to the commissioner, shall be attached to the filing.

(7) Companies shall review their experience periodically and file appropriate rate revisions in a timely manner to reduce the necessity of later filing of exceptionally large rate increases.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 219. A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW to read as follows:
LOSS RATIOS--DISABILITY COVERAGE EXEMPTIONS. Sections 217 and 218 of this act apply to all insurers and to every disability insurance policy form filed for approval in this state after the effective date of this section, except:

(1) Additional indemnity and premium waiver forms for use only in conjunction with life insurance policies;
(2) Medicare supplement policy forms that are regulated by chapter 48.66 RCW;
(3) Credit insurance policy forms issued pursuant to chapter 48.34 RCW;
(4) Group policy forms other than:
   (a) Specified disease policy forms;
   (b) Policy forms, other than loss of income forms, as to which all or substantially all of the premium is paid by the individuals insured thereunder;
   (c) Policy forms, other than loss of income forms, for issue to single employers insuring less than one hundred employees;
(5) Policy forms filed by health care service contractors or health maintenance organizations;
(6) Policy forms initially approved, including subsequent requests for rate increases and modifications of rate manuals.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 220. A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW to read as follows:
LOSS RATIOS--DISABILITY COVERAGE DEFINITIONS. "(1) The "expected loss ratio" is a prospective calculation and shall be calculated as the projected "benefits incurred" divided by the projected "premiums earned" and shall be based on the actuary's best projections of the future experience within the "calculating period."

(2) The "actual loss ratio" is a retrospective calculation and shall be calculated as the "benefits incurred" divided by the "premiums earned," both measured from the beginning of the "calculating period" to the date of the loss ratio calculations.

(3) The "overall loss ratio" shall be calculated as the "benefits incurred" divided by the "premiums earned" over the entire "calculating period" and may involve both retrospective and prospective data.
(4) The "calculating period" is the time span over which the actuary expects the premium rates, whether level or increasing, to remain adequate in accordance with his or her best estimate of future experience and during which the actuary does not expect to request a rate increase.

(5) The "benefits incurred" is the "claims incurred" plus any increase, or less any decrease, in the "reserves."

(6) The "claims incurred" means:
   (a) Claims paid during the accounting period; plus
   (b) The change in the liability for claims that have been reported but not paid; plus
   (c) The change in the liability for claims that have not been reported but which may reasonably be expected.

The "claims incurred" does not include expenses incurred in processing the claims, home office or field overhead, acquisition and selling costs, taxes or other expenses, contributions to surplus, or profit.

(7) The "reserves," as referred to in sections 217 and 218 of this act include:
   (a) Active life disability reserves;
   (b) Additional reserves whether for a specific liability purpose or not;
   (c) Contingency reserves;
   (d) Reserves for select morbidity experience; and
   (e) Increased reserves that may be required by the commissioner.

(8) The "premiums earned" means the premiums, less experience credits, refunds, or dividends, applicable to an accounting period whether received before, during, or after such period.

(9) Renewal provisions are defined as follows:
   (a) "Guaranteed renewable" means renewal cannot be declined by the insurance company for any reason, but the insurance company can revise rates on a class basis.
   (b) "Noncancellable" means renewal cannot be declined nor can rates be revised by the insurance company."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES. "(1) When conducting a review of the necessity and appropriateness of emergency services or making a benefit determination for emergency services:
   (a) A health carrier shall cover emergency services necessary to screen and stabilize a covered person if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition existed. In addition, a health carrier shall not require prior authorization of such services provided prior to the point of stabilization if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition existed. With respect to care obtained from a nonparticipating hospital emergency department, a health carrier shall cover emergency services necessary to screen and stabilize a covered person if a prudent layperson would have reasonably believed that use of a participating hospital emergency department would result in a delay that would worsen the emergency, or if a provision of federal, state, or local law requires the use of a specific provider or facility. In addition, a health carrier shall not require prior authorization of such services provided prior to the point of stabilization if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition existed and that use of a participating hospital emergency department would result in a delay that would worsen the emergency.
   (b) If an authorized representative of a health carrier authorizes coverage of emergency services, the health carrier shall not subsequently retract its authorization after the emergency services have been provided, or reduce payment for an item or service furnished in reliance on approval, unless the approval was based on a material misrepresentation about the covered person's health condition made by the provider of emergency services.
   (c) Coverage of emergency services may be subject to applicable copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles, and a health carrier may impose reasonable differential cost-sharing arrangements for emergency services rendered by nonparticipating providers, if such differential between cost-sharing amounts applied to emergency services rendered by participating provider versus nonparticipating provider does not exceed fifty dollars. Differential cost sharing for emergency services may not be applied when a covered person presents to a nonparticipating hospital emergency department rather
than a participating hospital emergency department when the health carrier requires preauthorization for postevaluation or poststabilization emergency services if:

(i) Due to circumstances beyond the covered person's control, the covered person was unable to go to a participating hospital emergency department in a timely fashion without serious impairment to the covered person's health; or

(ii) A prudent layperson possessing an average knowledge of health and medicine would have reasonably believed that he or she would be unable to go to a participating hospital emergency department in a timely fashion without serious impairment to the covered person's health.

(d) If a health carrier requires preauthorization for postevaluation or poststabilization services, the health carrier shall provide access to an authorized representative twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, to facilitate review. In order for postevaluation or poststabilization services to be covered by the health carrier, the provider or facility must make a documented good faith effort to contact the covered person's health carrier within thirty minutes of stabilization, if the covered person needs to be stabilized. The health carrier's authorized representative is required to respond to a telephone request for preauthorization from a provider or facility within thirty minutes. Failure of the health carrier to respond within thirty minutes constitutes authorization for the provision of immediately required medically necessary postevaluation and poststabilization services, unless the health carrier documents that it made a good faith effort but was unable to reach the provider or facility within thirty minutes after receiving the request.

(e) A health carrier shall immediately arrange for an alternative plan of treatment for the covered person if a nonparticipating emergency provider and health plan cannot reach an agreement on which services are necessary beyond those immediately necessary to stabilize the covered person consistent with state and federal laws.

(2) Nothing in this section is to be construed as prohibiting the health carrier from requiring notification within the time frame specified in the contract for inpatient admission or as soon thereafter as medically possible but no less than twenty-four hours. Nothing in this section is to be construed as preventing the health carrier from reserving the right to require transfer of a hospitalized covered person upon stabilization. Follow-up care that is a direct result of the emergency must be obtained in accordance with the health plan's usual terms and conditions of coverage. All other terms and conditions of coverage may be applied to emergency services."

PART IV--MISCELLANEOUS"

NEW SECTION, Sec. 401. COMMON TITLE. "This act shall be known as the consumer assistance and insurance market stabilization act."

NEW SECTION, Sec. 402. Part headings and section captions used in this act are not part of the law.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 403. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE. "If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

NEW SECTION, Sec. 404. EFFECTIVE DATES. "(1) Sections 105 through 109 and 301 of this act take effect January 1, 1998.

(2) Section 112 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Correct the title accordingly.

Representative Wood moved the adoption of the following amendment (302) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)
Beginning on page 3, line 18, strike all of sections 103-111 and insert
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:
The office of the insurance commissioner shall consider review organization accreditation
standards of the utilization review accreditation commission, the national committee for quality
assurance, and other national accreditation organizations for appropriateness when adopting rules
establishing requirements for review organizations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:
The office of the insurance commissioner shall consider grievance procedure accreditation
standards of the national committee for quality assurance or other national accreditation organizations
for appropriateness when adopting rules regarding grievance procedures for all health carriers.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. NETWORK ADEQUACY--STUDY AND RESTRICTION. The
office of the insurance commissioner, in consultation with the department of health, the department of
social and health services, the health care authority, consumers, providers, and health carriers, shall
review the need for network adequacy requirements and, if deemed necessary, shall adopt network
adequacy rules for all health carriers."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively.

On page 12, line 28, after "chapter" strike "41.05" and insert "48.43"

On page 13, beginning on line 16, strike all of subsection (3) and insert
"(3) The office of the insurance commissioner shall adopt rules to implement the requirements
of this section."

Representatives Wood and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the
amendment.

Representative Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment to the
amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 311 to amendment 313 to Substitute House
Bill No. 2018 was withdrawn.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment (315) to the amendment
by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 14, beginning on line 15 of the amendment, after "(1)" strike all material through
"activities" on line 18 and insert "((Adjusted) Community rate" means the rating method used to
establish the premium for health plans adjusted to reflect actuarially demonstrated differences in
utilization or cost attributable to geographic region((age,)) and family size((, and use of wellness
activities))"

Beginning on page 27, after line 18 of the amendment, strike all of sections 206 through 208
and insert the following:

"Sec. 206. RCW 48.20.028 and 1995 c 265 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) An insurer offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively
market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered
health services that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan.
Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an insurer from offering, or an individual from purchasing,
other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan,
provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. An insurer offering a health benefit plan that
does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the
individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.
(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.20.390, 48.20.393, 48.20.395, 48.20.397, 48.20.410, 48.20.411, 48.20.412, 48.20.416, and 48.20.420 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premiums for health benefit plans for individuals shall be calculated using the (adjusted) community rating method that spreads financial risk across the carrier’s entire individual product population. All such rates shall conform to the following:

(a) The insurer shall develop its rates based on (an adjusted) a community rate and may only vary the (adjusted) community rate for:

(i) Geographic area; and
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; and
(iv) Wellness activities).

(b) (The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The insurer shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the family composition;
(ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
(iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(3) (Adjusted) Community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage (shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.21.045)).

(4) As used in this section, "health benefit plan," "basic health plan," and "(adjusted) community rate," "basic health plan," and "(adjusted) community rate," mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.
48.44.330, 48.44.335, 48.44.340, 48.44.344, 48.44.360, 48.44.400, 48.44.440, 48.44.450, and 48.44.460 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals shall be subject to the following provisions:
(a) The health care service contractor shall develop its rates based on ((an adjusted)) a community rate and may only vary the ((adjusted)) community rate for:
(i) Geographic area; and
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; and
(iv) Wellness activities).
(b) ((The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.))
(c) The health care service contractor shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.
(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.
(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:
(i) Changes to the family composition;
(ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
(iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(3) ((Adjusted)) Community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.44.023.

(4) As used in this section and RCW 48.44.023 "health benefit plan," "small employer," "basic health plan," and "((adjusted)) community rates(, "and "wellness activities))" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 208. RCW 48.46.064 and 1995 c 265 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) A health maintenance organization offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health services that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a health maintenance organization from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. A health maintenance organization offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.46.275, (48.46.280[48.46.280]), 48.46.280, 48.46.285, 48.46.290, 48.46.350, 48.46.355,
48.46.375, 48.46.440, 48.46.480, 48.46.510, 48.46.520, and 48.46.530 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The health maintenance organization shall develop its rates based on ((an adjusted)) a community rate and may only vary the ((adjusted)) community rate for:
   (i) Geographic area; and
   (ii) Family size((;)
   (iii) Age; and
   (iv) Wellness activities).

(b) ((The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.))

(c) The health maintenance organization shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:
   (i) Changes to the family composition;
   (ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
   (iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(3) ((Adjusted)) Community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage((, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.46.066)).

(4) As used in this section and RCW 48.46.066, "health benefit plan," "basic health plan," "((adjusted)) community rate," and "small employer((," and "wellness activities))" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005."

Representatives Cody and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representatives Dyer and Backlund spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment to the amendment was not adopted.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment (306) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 20, beginning on line 3, strike all of section 204

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct the title.

Representative Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.
Representatives Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 310 to the amendment 313 to Substitute House Bill No. 2018 was withdrawn.

Representative Anderson moved the adoption of the following amendment (345) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 22, after line 28 of the amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

POINT-OF-SERVICE PLAN OPTION. As of January 1, 1998, every health carrier that offers a managed care plan, as defined in rule by the commissioner, to an individual, employer, or other group shall offer a point-of-service plan option, whereby a covered person may elect to receive plan health care services from a provider or facility not contracting with the carrier under the covered person’s plan. The carrier may charge the covered person an additional cost for receiving such services in a manner determined in rule by the commissioner.

Sec. 206. RCW 48.46.020 and 1990 c 119 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, the terms defined in this section shall have the meanings indicated unless the context indicates otherwise.

(1) "Health maintenance organization" means any organization receiving a certificate of registration by the commissioner under this chapter which provides comprehensive health care services, including a point-of-service plan option, pursuant to section 205 of this act, to enrolled participants of such organization on a group practice per capita prepayment basis or on a prepaid individual practice plan, except for an enrolled participant’s responsibility for copayments and/or deductibles, either directly or through contractual or other arrangements with other institutions, entities, or persons, and which qualifies as a health maintenance organization pursuant to RCW 48.46.030 and 48.46.040.

(2) "Comprehensive health care services" means basic consultative, diagnostic, and therapeutic services rendered by licensed health professionals together with emergency and preventive care, inpatient hospital, outpatient and physician care, at a minimum, and any additional health care services offered by the health maintenance organization.

(3) "Enrolled participant" means a person who or group of persons which has entered into a contractual arrangement or on whose behalf a contractual arrangement has been entered into with a health maintenance organization to receive health care services.

(4) "Health professionals" means health care practitioners who are regulated by the state of Washington.

(5) "Health maintenance agreement" means an agreement for services between a health maintenance organization which is registered pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and enrolled participants of such organization which provides enrolled participants with comprehensive health services rendered to enrolled participants by health professionals, groups, facilities, and other personnel associated with the health maintenance organization.

(6) "Consumer" means any member, subscriber, enrollee, beneficiary, or other person entitled to health care services under terms of a health maintenance agreement, but not including health professionals, employees of health maintenance organizations, partners, or shareholders of stock corporations licensed as health maintenance organizations.

(7) "Meaningful role in policy making" means a procedure approved by the commissioner which provides consumers or elected representatives of consumers a means of submitting the views and recommendations of such consumers to the governing board of such organization coupled with reasonable assurance that the board will give regard to such views and recommendations.

(8) "Meaningful grievance procedure" means a procedure for investigation of consumer grievances in a timely manner aimed at mutual agreement for settlement according to procedures approved by the commissioner, and which may include arbitration procedures.
"Provider" means any health professional, hospital, or other institution, organization, or person that furnishes any health care services and is licensed or otherwise authorized to furnish such services.

"Department" means the state department of social and health services.

"Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner.

"Group practice" means a partnership, association, corporation, or other group of health professionals:
(a) The members of which may be individual health professionals, clinics, or both individuals and clinics who engage in the coordinated practice of their profession; and
(b) The members of which are compensated by a prearranged salary, or by capitation payment or drawing account that is based on the number of enrolled participants.

"Individual practice health care plan" means an association of health professionals in private practice who associate for the purpose of providing prepaid comprehensive health care services on a fee-for-service or capitation basis.

"Uncovered expenditures" means the costs to the health maintenance organization of health care services that are the obligation of the health maintenance organization for which an enrolled participant would also be liable in the event of the health maintenance organization's insolvency and for which no alternative arrangements have been made as provided herein. The term does not include expenditures for covered services when a provider has agreed not to bill the enrolled participant even though the provider is not paid by the health maintenance organization, or for services that are guaranteed, insured, or assumed by a person or organization other than the health maintenance organization.

"Copayment" means an amount specified in a subscriber agreement which is an obligation of an enrolled participant for a specific service which is not fully prepaid.

"Deductible" means the amount an enrolled participant is responsible to pay out-of-pocket before the health maintenance organization begins to pay the costs associated with treatment.

"Fully subordinated debt" means those debts that meet the requirements of RCW 48.46.235(3) and are recorded as equity.

"Net worth" means the excess of total admitted assets as defined in RCW 48.12.010 over total liabilities but the liabilities shall not include fully subordinated debt.

"Participating provider" means a provider as defined in subsection (9) of this section who contracts with the health maintenance organization or with its contractor or subcontractor and has agreed to provide health care services to enrolled participants with an expectation of receiving payment, other than copayment or deductible, directly or indirectly, from the health maintenance organization.

"Carrier" means a health maintenance organization, an insurer, a health care services contractor, or other entity responsible for the payment of benefits or provision of services under a group or individual agreement.

"Replacement coverage" means the benefits provided by a succeeding carrier.

"Insolvent" or "insolvency" means that the organization has been declared insolvent and is placed under an order of liquidation by a court of competent jurisdiction.

"Point-of-service plan option" means an option whereby a covered person may elect to receive plan health care services from a health care provider or health care facility not contracting with the carrier under the covered person's plan in a manner determined by the commissioner.

Sec. 207. RCW 48.46.030 and 1990 c 119 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Any corporation, cooperative group, partnership, individual, association, or groups of health professionals licensed by the state of Washington, public hospital district, or public institutions of higher education shall be entitled to a certificate of registration from the insurance commissioner as a health maintenance organization if it:
(1) Provides comprehensive health care services, including a point-of-service plan option, pursuant to section 205 of this act, to enrolled participants on a group practice per capita prepayment basis or on a prepaid individual practice plan and provides such health services either directly or through arrangements with institutions, entities, and persons which its enrolled population might
reasonably require as determined by the health maintenance organization in order to be maintained in good health; and

(2) Is governed by a board elected by enrolled participants, or otherwise provides its enrolled participants with a meaningful role in policy making procedures of such organization, as defined in RCW 48.46.020(7), and 48.46.070; and

(3) Affords enrolled participants with a meaningful grievance procedure aimed at settlement of disputes between such persons and such health maintenance organization, as defined in RCW 48.46.020(8) and 48.46.100; and

(4) Provides enrolled participants, or makes available for inspection at least annually, financial statements pertaining to health maintenance agreements, disclosing income and expenses, assets and liabilities, and the bases for proposed rate adjustments for health maintenance agreements relating to its activity as a health maintenance organization; and

(5) Demonstrates to the satisfaction of the commissioner that its facilities and personnel are reasonably adequate to provide comprehensive health care services to enrolled participants and that it is financially capable of providing such members with, or has made adequate contractual arrangements through insurance or otherwise to provide such members with, such health services; and

(6) Substantially complies with administrative rules and regulations of the commissioner for purposes of this chapter; and

(7) Submits an application for a certificate of registration which shall be verified by an officer or authorized representative of the applicant, being in form as the commissioner prescribes, and setting forth:

(a) A copy of the basic organizational document, if any, of the applicant, such as the articles of incorporation, articles of association, partnership agreement, trust agreement, or other applicable documents, and all amendments thereto;

(b) A copy of the bylaws, rules and regulations, or similar documents, if any, which regulate the conduct of the internal affairs of the applicant, and all amendments thereto;

(c) A list of the names, addresses, members of the board of directors, board of trustees, executive committee, or other governing board or committee and the principal officers, partners, or members;

(d) A full and complete disclosure of any financial interests held by any officer, or director in any provider associated with the applicant or any provider of the applicant;

(e) A description of the health maintenance organization, its facilities and its personnel, and the applicant’s most recent financial statement showing such organization’s assets, liabilities, income, and other sources of financial support;

(f) A description of the geographic areas and the population groups to be served and the size and composition of the anticipated enrollee population;

(g) A copy of each type of health maintenance agreement to be issued to enrolled participants;

(h) A schedule of all proposed rates of reimbursement to contracting health care facilities or providers, if any, and a schedule of the proposed charges for enrollee coverage for health care services, accompanied by data relevant to the formulation of such schedules;

(i) A description of the proposed method and schedule for soliciting enrollment in the applicant health maintenance organization and the basis of compensation for such solicitation services;

(j) A copy of the solicitation document to be distributed to all prospective enrolled participants in connection with any solicitation;

(k) A financial projection which sets forth the anticipated results during the initial two years of operation of such organization, accompanied by a summary of the assumptions and relevant data upon which the projection is based. The projection should include the projected expenses, enrollment trends, income, enrollee utilization patterns, and sources of working capital;

(l) A detailed description of the enrollee complaint system as provided by RCW 48.46.100;

(m) A detailed description of the procedures and programs to be implemented to assure that the health care services delivered to enrolled participants will be of professional quality;

(n) A detailed description of procedures to be implemented to meet the requirements to protect against insolvency in RCW 48.46.245;
(o) Documentation that the health maintenance organization has an initial net worth of one million dollars and shall thereafter maintain the minimum net worth required under RCW 48.46.235; and

(p) Such other information as the commissioner shall require by rule or regulation which is reasonably necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

A health maintenance organization shall, unless otherwise provided for in this chapter, file a notice describing any modification of any of the information required by subsection (7) of this section. Such notice shall be filed with the commissioner.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Anderson and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representatives Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (345) to the amendment (313) on page 27, line 18, to Substitute House Bill No. 2018 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment (304) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 27, after line 18 of the amendment, insert the following:

“(16) To ensure that all persons who are eligible for the medical assistance program, pursuant to chapter 74.09 RCW, are fully enrolled in that program prior to plan application.”

Representative Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment (305) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 27, after line 18 of the amendment, insert the following:

“(16)(a) To develop and implement a three-year pilot program to provide group health insurance coverage that is attractive and affordable for employers seeking to offer health insurance benefits for employees and their dependents, and that addresses the employers’ administrative needs,
The goal of the pilot program is to encourage employers in Washington state to provide employee health benefits, with particular focus on small businesses and employers that are uninsured. By October 1, 1998, the health care authority shall make available group insurance coverage for purchase by employers, with ten or fewer employees, who apply and are selected to participate in the pilot program. Coverage provided under the pilot program shall replace group coverage currently offered for employers, including home care agencies, through the basic health plan. The health care authority may contract with managed health care systems or other health insurance carriers to provide group coverage under this program. The health care authority may establish enrollment limits for the employer group pilot program, based on available funding, and may adopt rules to implement the pilot program consistent with this subsection. Participation of employers and home care agencies in the pilot program is subject to reasonable guidelines and eligibility rules established by the health care authority.

(b) To establish a technical advisory committee to advise the health care authority on the development of the employer group pilot program under this subsection, including administrative policies and procedures, eligibility criteria, structure of premium subsidies, and benefit design. The technical advisory committee shall include, but is not limited to, representatives of small businesses both those that have not participated in basic health plan coverage as well as those that have; home care agencies; employees; licensed insurance agents and brokers with expertise in employee health benefit programs; and managed health care plans. The technical advisory committee shall review current barriers to providing employer group coverage through the basic health plan, including issues regarding the administration of state premium funding for low-income group enrollees. The committee shall study alternative strategies for encouraging employers to offer employee health insurance coverage, including but not limited to: Incentives such as reduced premiums and tax credits for employers providing coverage; alternative eligibility criteria and benefit designs for the employer group product; strategies and requirements for marketing to employer groups; and policies on commissions for licensed agents and brokers for sale of the employer group coverage. The committee shall consider ways to prevent undue competition with private insurance carriers; prevent impacts on access to health care coverage; and ensure compliance with applicable state and federal laws and regulations. The health care authority may contract with consultants with expertise in group products to assist the technical advisory committee in developing and evaluating alternatives.

(c) To submit to the legislature by December 1, 1997, a report that summarizes the work of the technical advisory committee and provides a plan for implementing the employer group pilot program. The report must include recommended statutory changes, if any, and must outline the proposed design of the employer group coverage and other administrative policies for implementation of the pilot program.

(d) To monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of the employer group pilot program established under this subsection. By December 1, 2000, the health care authority shall submit a report to the legislature on the preliminary results of the pilot program. The report must include recommendations on whether to continue the program beyond the three-year pilot period."

Representatives Cody and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representatives Dyer and Cooke spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (305) to the amendment (313) on page 27, after line 18, to Substitute House Bill No. 2018 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 40, Nays - 58, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gomosky,

Representative Murray moved the adoption of the following amendment (300) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 38, after line 5 of the amendment, insert the following:
"Sec. 212. RCW 48.41.100 and 1995 c 34 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any individual person who is a resident of this state is eligible for coverage upon providing evidence of rejection for medical reasons, a requirement of restrictive riders, an up-rated premium, or a preexisting conditions limitation on health insurance, the effect of which is to substantially reduce coverage from that received by a person considered a standard risk, by at least one member within six months of the date of application. Evidence of rejection may be waived in accordance with rules adopted by the board.
(2) The following persons are not eligible for coverage by the pool:
(a) Any person having terminated coverage in the pool unless (i) twelve months have lapsed since termination, or (ii) that person can show continuous other coverage which has been involuntarily terminated for any reason other than nonpayment of premiums;
(b) Any person on whose behalf the pool has paid out five hundred thousand dollars in benefits;
(c)) Inmates of public institutions and persons whose benefits are duplicated under public programs.
(3) Any person whose health insurance coverage is involuntarily terminated for any reason other than nonpayment of premium may apply for coverage under the plan."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Beginning on page 38, line 29 of the amendment, after "(a)" strike all material through "(r)" on page 39, line 36, and insert "Prevention services, consistent with the schedule established by the United States public health service;
(b) Well child care;
(c) Hospital services, including charges for the most common semiprivate room, for the most common private room if semiprivate rooms do not exist in the health care facility, or for the private room if medically necessary, but limited to ((a total of one hundred eighty inpatient days in a calendar year, and limited to (d) thirty days inpatient care for mental and nervous conditions, or alcohol, drug, or chemical dependency or abuse per calendar year;
(((b))) (d) Professional services including surgery for the treatment of injuries, illnesses, or conditions, other than dental, which are rendered by a health care provider, or at the direction of a health care provider, by a staff of registered or licensed practical nurses, or other health care providers;
(((e))) (e) The first twenty outpatient professional visits for the diagnosis or treatment of one or more mental or nervous conditions or alcohol, drug, or chemical dependency or abuse rendered during a calendar year by one or more physicians, psychologists, or community mental health professionals, or, at the direction of a physician, by other qualified licensed health care practitioners;
(((f))) (f) Drugs ((and contraceptive devices)) requiring a prescription;
(((g))) (g) Reproductive health services;
(h) Services of a skilled nursing facility, excluding custodial and convalescent care, for not more than one hundred days in a calendar year as prescribed by a physician;

(i) Services of a home health agency;

(jj) Chemotherapy, radioisotope, radiation, and nuclear medicine therapy;

(kk) Oxygen;

(ll) Anesthesia services;

(mm) Prostheses, other than dental;

(nn) Durable medical equipment which has no personal use in the absence of the condition for which prescribed;

(oo) Diagnostic x-rays and laboratory tests;

(pp) Oral surgery limited to the following: Fractures of facial bones; excisions of mandibular joints, lesions of the mouth, lip, or tongue, tumors, or cysts excluding treatment for temporomandibular joints; incision of accessory sinuses, mouth salivary glands or ducts; dislocations of the jaw; plastic reconstruction or repair of traumatic injuries occurring while covered under the pool; and excision of impacted wisdom teeth;

(qq) Maternity care services, including obstetric, prenatal, and postbirth care, as provided in the managed care plan to be designed by the pool board of directors;

(qr) Services of a physical therapist and services of a speech therapist;

(ssh) Hospice services;

(tt) Professional ambulance service to the nearest health care facility qualified to treat the illness or injury; and

(uu)"

On page 40, after line 25 of the amendment, insert the following:

"Sec. 213. RCW 48.41.120 and 1989 c 121 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the limitation provided in subsection (3) of this section, a pool indemnity policy offered in accordance with this chapter shall impose a deductible. Deductibles of five hundred dollars and one thousand dollars on a per person per calendar year basis shall initially be offered. The board may authorize deductibles in other amounts. The deductible shall be applied to the first five hundred dollars, one thousand dollars, or other authorized amount of eligible expenses incurred by the covered person.

(2) Subject to the limitations provided in subsection (3) of this section, a mandatory coinsurance requirement shall be imposed on the pool indemnity policy at the rate of twenty percent of eligible expenses in excess of the mandatory deductible.

(3) The maximum aggregate pool indemnity policy out of pocket payments for eligible expenses by the insured in the form of deductibles and coinsurance shall not exceed in a calendar year:

(a) One thousand five hundred dollars per individual, or three thousand dollars per family, per calendar year for the five hundred dollar deductible policy;

(b) Two thousand five hundred dollars per individual, or five thousand dollars per family per calendar year for the one thousand dollar deductible policy;

(c) An amount authorized by the board for any other deductible policy.

(4) Eligible expenses incurred by a covered person in the last three months of a calendar year, and applied toward a deductible, shall also be applied toward the deductible amount in the next calendar year.

(5) Out of pocket cost for managed care enrollees must not exceed one hundred dollars per day for inpatient care, ten dollars per visit for outpatient care, and twenty percent of the cost of nongeneric prescription drugs."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Murray, Cody and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.
Representatives Dyer and Smith spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Murray moved the adoption of the following amendment (299) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 40, line 36 of the amendment, after "one hundred" strike "twenty-five"

Representative Murray spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment (301) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

Beginning on page 40, after line 25 of the amendment, strike all of sections 213 through 218 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 213. A new section is added to chapter 48.01 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The commissioner may disapprove a health care service contractor or health maintenance organization's health benefit plan if the benefits provided in the plan are unreasonable in relation to the amount charged for the contract. A rate is reasonable in relation to benefits if it is based on the following elements and is at or above the minimum loss ratio in subsection (2) of this section:

(a) An actuarially sound estimate of all future claims costs associated with the filing for the rate renewal period. Claims costs and capitation expenses used in the actuarial estimate should recognize, as applicable, the savings and costs associated with managed care provisions of the contracts included in the filing;

(b) An actuarially sound estimate of all prudently incurred claims settlement, operational, and administrative expenses that are allocated to the filing on the basis of a reasonable and consistent method;

(c) A reasonable, expected cost of capital or contribution to surplus to the extent not offset by investment income and other income, and considering the level of unassigned surplus available to the carrier.

When a carrier files rates with the commissioner, it must demonstrate that it has accounted for and allocated each of these costs in a well-supported and verifiable manner so that the commissioner can determine whether the proposed rates satisfy the requirements of RCW 48.44.020 and 48.46.060.

(2) For purposes of this section, equity, net worth, or unassigned surplus shall be computed according to statutory accounting principles that must be reconciled to the books and records of the company. In the absence of a means to allocate equity or unassigned surplus to specific products or groups of products, the equity calculation and the related cost of capital calculation or required contribution to surplus shall be made on a total company basis. The rate derived shall be assigned to the contract filing at issue.

(a) The anticipated loss ratio for each contract included in a filing shall be at or above the following:

Individual contracts 75%
Small employer contracts 75%
Merit pool 85%
Negotiated contracts 85%

(b) Negotiated contracts for which the anticipated loss ratio is as great as shown in (a) of this subsection shall be deemed reasonable in relation to the amount charged, except in the case of extraordinary circumstances.

(c) The loss ratio shall be calculated on the basis of the projected incurred claims divided by the anticipated total earned premium for the contract or grouping of contracts in the filing for the
projected renewal period; but in no case shall the loss ratio for any contract included in the filing be less than that shown in (a) of this subsection."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Conway, Wood and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Dyer, Zellinsky and Smith spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Conway again spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (301) to the amendment (313) on page 40, after line 25, to Substitute House Bill No. 2018, and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 41, Nays - 57, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment (298) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 49 of the amendment, after line 36, insert the following:

"PART IV--HEALTH PLAN LIABILITY

NEW SECTION. Sec 401. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

(1) No public or private health carrier subject to the jurisdiction of the state of Washington may propose, issue, sign, or renew an agreement of any kind, including an enrollee service agreement, that contains a clause or language whose effect, in any way, is to disclaim liability for the care delivered or not delivered to an enrollee because of a decision of the health carrier as to whether the care was a covered service, medically necessary, economically provided, medically appropriate, or similar consideration.

(2) No public or private health carrier subject to the jurisdiction of the state of Washington may propose, issue, sign, or renew an agreement of any kind, including an enrollee service agreement, that contains a clause or language whose effect, in any way, is to shift liability to the provider or the patient, or both, for the care delivered or not delivered in material part because of a payment or other related decision of the health carrier. A clause is a violation of this subsection if, by way of illustration and not limitation, it says that the decision to obtain care is between the provider and the patient, failing to acknowledge the role of payment in such decisions."
Representative Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representatives Backlund and Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (298) to the amendment (313) on page 49, line 36, to Substitute House Bill No. 2018 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 43, Nays - 55, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment (342) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 49 of the amendment, after line 37, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. WICKLINE CLAUSE STUDY. (1) There is some question regarding who should be liable when a health carrier or other third party-payer refuses to pay for or provide health services recommended by a health care provider and the patient suffers injury as a result of not receiving the recommended care. This issue typically arises in managed care systems, which integrate the financing and delivery of health care services to covered persons through selected providers. Contracts between health carriers and providers may address potential liability issues regarding the relationships between the carriers and the providers. Some contracts shift potential liability for a health carrier’s decision not to pay for recommended health services to the provider or patient through what are commonly referred to as "Wickline clauses". These clauses generally state it is a medical decision between the provider and patient as to whether the patient receives services that the carrier refuses to cover; this ignores the fact that the decision not to provide coverage influences the decision of the patient whether to receive the recommended care. The legislature intends to review the policy questions raised by this issue, particularly to what extent the carrier should be able to avoid liability for its decisions by insulating itself through its contracts with providers.

(2) A joint task force on Wickline clauses shall review the practice of contractually assigning or avoiding potential liability for decisions by health carriers or other third-party payers not to pay for health care services recommended by a health care provider. The task force shall be comprised of two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house, one from each major caucus, two members of the senate appointed by the
president of the senate, one from each major caucus, and eight persons appointed by the legislative members of the task force. The eight non-legislative persons on the task force shall consist of: 2 representatives of health care providers; 2 representatives of health care consumers; 2 representatives of health carriers; and 2 representatives of self-funded health plans. The legislative members shall organize and administer the task force. Staffing shall be provided by the office of program research and senate committee services.

(3) The task force shall report to the health care committees of the legislature by December 1, 1997. The report shall discuss the policy issues regarding Wickline clauses and the more general issue of potential liability for decisions of health carriers and others not to cover health care recommended by the provider. The report may contain recommendations for the legislature to consider.

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment (349) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 49, after line 37 of the amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. The legislature intends that health care insurers have open pharmacy networks. Insurers must offer contractual agreements to all pharmacies willing to meet applicable terms and conditions of the policy contract. Insurers may not impose upon a beneficiary a copay, deductible, coinsurance, or prescription quantity limit that is not imposed upon all beneficiaries in the plan. Pharmacy services are known to be a necessary component in the overall health care system. Therefore, the legislature intends to promote access to ensure the citizens of Washington state can easily obtain their pharmacy services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. Every health plan delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed by a health carrier on and after January 1, 1998, that provides for payment of all or a portion of prescription costs, or reimbursement of prescription costs, must:

1. Not limit the purchase of prescription medicines to specific pharmacies;
2. Not discriminate between different providers of pharmacy services by requiring the payment of different copayments, coinsurance levels, deductibles, or prescription quantity limits by the covered pharmacy patient depending on the identity or nature of the provider of pharmacy services;
3. Not prohibit a qualified provider of pharmacy services from becoming a provider under the policy if the applicant pharmacy indicates a desire to be recognized as a provider and meets all the applicable terms and conditions of the policy contract; and
4. Offer a provider of pharmacy services the same terms and conditions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. Section 402 of this act does not apply to:

1. A provider of pharmacy services if that provider cannot or will not meet all of the applicable terms and conditions of the policy contract; or
2. A health maintenance organization that provides pharmaceutical services through pharmacists it employs at pharmacies it owns. A health maintenance organization is exempt in geographic areas in which it owns the pharmacy or pharmacies, but is not exempt in other geographic areas in which the health maintenance organization does not provide pharmacy services through its own pharmacy and employees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. (1) A health carrier, as defined in this chapter, who violates section 402 of this act or a rule adopted under that section may be subject to a penalty of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than fifty thousand dollars for each violation, payable to the health services account.
(2) A person may bring action against a carrier to recover damages suffered as the result of a violation of section 402 of this act or a rule adopted under that section. Proof of a violation constitutes prima facie evidence of damages.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 405.** Sections 402 through 404 of this act are each added to chapter 48.43 RCW."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representatives Dyer and Parlette spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Wood moved the adoption of the following amendment (303) to the amendment by Representative Dyer: (313)

On page 50, after line 14, insert

"**NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. NULL AND VOID CLAUSE.** If specific funding for the purpose of subsidizing the enrollment of not less than two hundred thousand residents in the basic health plan, pursuant to chapter 70.47 RCW, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Representative Wood spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

**POINT OF ORDER**

Representative Dyer: Mr. Speaker, I request a ruling on Scope and Object on amendment 303 to the amendment.

**SPEAKER’S RULING**

Mr. Speaker: Representative Dyer, the Speaker is ready to rule on your Scope and Object request.

The subject portion of the title to Substitute House Bill No. 2018 is: "AN ACT Relating to health insurance reform;"

The Scope of the bill, as measured by the title of the act, is broad. The Act is a comprehensive reform of health related insurance code provisions found in title 48 RCW.

Amendment 303 by Representative Wood proposes to add a null and void clause to the bill unless the budget document provides monies for subsidizing enrollment in the basic health care plan under Chapter 70.47 RCW.

While both the bill and the amendment deal with health care, the bill addresses reform of insurance laws, and the amendment simply requires additional funding of a current law plan and does not propose any changes to insurance law.

The Speaker finds that Amendment 303 is not within in the Scope of Substitute House Bill No. 2018.

Representative Dyer, your Point of Order is well taken.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of amendment 313 as amended to Substitute House Bill No. 2018.

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 57-YEAS; 41-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Zellinsky, Backlund, Smith, Wensman, Pennington, Dyer and Benson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cody, Conway, Murray and Costa spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, Rule 13C was suspended.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1031**

by Representatives Sterk, Mulliken, Koster, Johnson, Thompson, D. Sommers, Boldt, Sheahan, Sherstad, Carrell, Bush, Smith, Chandler, D. Schmidt and Backlund

Limiting late-term and partial-birth abortions.

The bill was read the second time.

**MOTION**

Representative Appelwick moved that consideration of House Bill No. 1031 be postponed indefinitely.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the motion to postpone indefinitely consideration of House Bill No. 1031.

Representatives Appelwick and Costa spoke in favor of adoption of the motion.

Representatives Sterk and Sheahan spoke against the adoption of the motion.

Representative Lisk explained to the members that under House Rule 15C, that when a measure has been postponed indefinitely, it can not be re-introduced during the session.

Representative Robertson demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question to be adoption of the motion to indefinitely postpone action on House Bill No. 1031.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of the motion to indefinitely postpone action on House Bill No. 1130 and the motion was adopted by the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 44, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


HOUSE BILL NO. 1130, by Representatives Thompson, Koster, Mulliken, L. Thomas, Bush, Backlund, Dunn, Sump, Mielke, Pennington, Talcott, Chandler, Johnson, Lambert, D. Sommers, Sheahan, McDonald, D. Schmidt, McMorris, Sterk, Boldt, Crouse, Benson, DeBolt and Sherstad

Reaffirming and protecting the institution of marriage.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1130 was substituted for House Bill No. 1130 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1130 was read the second time.

Representative Murray moved that the House postpone indefinitely consideration on House Bill No. 1130.

Representatives Murray, Doumit, Costa and Quall spoke in favor of the adoption of the motion.

Representatives Thompson and Mastin spoke against adoption of the motion.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the motion to postpone indefinitely consideration on Substitute House Bill No. 1130 and the motion was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 45, Nays - 53, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 347, 030, 346, 110, 114, 083 and 103 to Substitute House Bill No. 1130 were withdrawn.

Representative Thompson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Thompson: (229)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. (1) In P.L. 104-199; 110 Stat. 219, the Defense of Marriage Act, Congress granted authority to the individual states to either grant or deny recognition of same-sex marriages recognized as valid in another state. The Defense of Marriage Act defines marriage for purposes of federal law as a legal union between one man and one woman as husband and wife and provides that a state shall not be required to give effect to any public act or judicial proceeding of any other state respecting marriage between persons of the same sex if the state has determined that it will not recognize same-sex marriages.

(2) The legislature and the people of the state of Washington find that matters pertaining to marriage are matters reserved to the sovereign states and, therefore, such matters should be determined by the people within each individual state and not by the people or courts of a different state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. (1) It is a compelling interest of the state of Washington to reaffirm its historical commitment to the institution of marriage as a union between a man and a woman as husband and wife and to protect that institution.

(2) The court in Singer v. Hara, 11 Wn. App. 247 (1974) held that the Washington state marriage statute does not allow marriage between persons of the same sex. It is the intent of the legislature by this act to codify the Singer opinion and to fully exercise the authority granted the individual states by Congress in P.L. 104-199; 110 Stat. 219, the Defense of Marriage Act, to establish public policy against same-sex marriage in statutory law that clearly and definitively declares same-sex marriages will not be recognized in Washington, even if they are made legal in other states.

Sec. 403. RCW 26.04.010 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 154 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Marriage is a civil contract (which may be entered into by persons of) between a male and a female who have each attained the age of eighteen years, and who are otherwise capable(Provided, That).

(2) Every marriage entered into in which either (party shall not have) the husband or the wife has not attained the age of seventeen years (shall be) is void except where this section has been waived by a superior court judge of the county in which one of the parties resides on a showing of necessity.
Sec. 404. RCW 26.04.020 and 1927 c 189 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Marriages in the following cases are prohibited:

((())) (a) When either party thereto has a wife or husband living at the time of such marriage; or

((2)) (b) When the parties thereto are nearer of kin to each other than second cousins, whether of the whole or half blood computing by the rules of the civil law; or

(c) When the parties are persons other than a male and a female.

((3)) (2) It is unlawful for any man to marry his father’s sister, mother’s sister, daughter, sister, son’s daughter, daughter’s daughter, brother’s daughter or sister’s daughter; it is unlawful for any woman to marry her father’s brother, mother’s brother, son, brother, son’s son, daughter’s son, brother’s son or sister’s son.

(3) A marriage between two persons that is recognized as valid in another jurisdiction is valid in this state only if the marriage is not prohibited or made unlawful under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. A new section is added to chapter 9A.04 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature finds that political speech is one of the highest forms of protected speech under the state and federal constitutions and that persons who are engaged in public debate on a political issue whether before the legislature or on the ballot as an initiative or referendum deserve the highest protections of the law. The legislature further finds that it is egregious when individuals commit criminal acts against other persons for any reason and that it is especially egregious when individuals commit criminal acts against other persons who are engaged in public debate simply because they disagree with the political speech or stance of the victim. The legislature hereby declares that individuals who commit such criminal acts against the person or property of others must be expeditiously prosecuted and appropriately punished in order to maintain public safety, protect law-abiding persons, and ensure the guarantee of free speech for every citizen.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 406. In recognition of the fact that it has been the sole and continuous policy of both the territory and the state of Washington to limit the definition of legal marriage to a civil contract between a male and female and that Washington case law has long upheld the right of the state to limit the definition of legal marriage so as to not include same-sex marriages, this act is remedial in nature and takes effect retroactively as of January 1, 1997, as it applies to cases involving same-sex marriage.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 407. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 408. This act shall be submitted to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, in accordance with Article II, section 1, of the state Constitution, and the laws adopted to facilitate the operation thereof, at a state-wide special election ordered by the legislature to be held in this state on the date specified for a state primary in RCW 29.13.070.”

Correct the title accordingly.

Representative Murray moved the adoption of the following amendment (358) to the amendment by Representative Thompson (229):

On page 1, line 7 strike "(1)"

On page 1 beginning on line 17, strike all of subsection (2)

On page 1, line 22 strike "(1)"

On page 1, beginning on line 26, strike all of subsection (2)
On page 2, beginning on line 26, strike all of subsection (3)

Correct the title and internal references accordingly.

Representative Murray spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Thompson spoke against adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Murray moved the adoption of the following amendment (359) to the amendment by Representative Thompson (229):

On page 1, beginning on line 15, after "sex" strike "((if the state has determined that it will not recognize same-sex marriages))

Correct the title accordingly.

Representative Murray spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Thompson spoke against adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 41-YEAS; 57-NAYs. The amendment to the amendment was not adopted.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of the striking amendment (229) to Substitute House Bill No. 1130.

Representatives Thompson, Benson, DeBolt, Sheahan and Carlson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Murray, Doumit, Appelwick, Constantine, Dickerson and Costa spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Thompson again spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Wensman spoke against the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Murray, Romero Veloria, Kenney, Costa and Appelwick spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1130.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1130 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 50, Nays - 48, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1130, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Gombosky, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1130.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 49-YEAS; 49-NAYS. The motion did not pass.

There being no objection, the Committee on Law & Justice was relieved of House Bill No. 2078 which was advanced to the next working day's second reading calendar.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the Call of the House was dissolved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Wednesday, March 19, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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5701 (Sub)
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SIXTY-FIFTH DAY, MARCH 18, 1997
The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Andrew Wymer and Tracy Knight. Prayer was offered by Emam Amir Abdul-Matin, Muslim Community Center of Tacoma.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 1267, by Representatives B. Thomas, Zellinsky and Dickerson

Providing a use tax exemption for vessel manufacturers and dealers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Dunshee and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representative Cooper, Representatives Murray, Wolfe and Appelwick were excused. On motion by Representative Wensman, Representative Reams was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1267.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1267 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

House Bill No. 1267, having rec
ected the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1592, by Representatives Bush, Kastama, Mulliken, Regala, K. Schmidt, McDonald, Lantz, Robertson, Chandler, Poulsen, Talcott, Backlund, McMorris, Thompson, O’Brien, Linville, Dunn and Sheldon

Providing tax exemptions for small water districts and systems.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1576 was substituted for House Bill No. 1592 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1592 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Bush, Kastama, and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Butler, Representative Morris was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1592.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1592 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Morris, Murray, Reams and Wolfe - 5.

Substitute House Bill No. 1592, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1028, by Representatives Sheahan, Schoesler, Chandler, Sterk, McMorris, Mastin, Mulliken, Boldt and Smith

Exempting granges from property taxation.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1028.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1028 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


House Bill No. 1028, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1126, by Representatives Mastin, Sump, Boldt, Doumit, Hatfield, McMorris, Kessler, Sheahan, Sheldon, Mulliken, Grant, Chandler, O'Brien, Conway, Wood, Cooper, Murray and Morris

Providing for 911 emergency communications funding.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1126 was substituted for House Bill No. 1126 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1126 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mastin, Butler, Dunshee, Pennington, Kessler, Robertson, Conway and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Carrell spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1126.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1126 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,

Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1126, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1261, by Representatives Mulliken, Pennington, Boldt and Wensman; by request of Department of Revenue

Requiring a ranged table in standard increments for the business and occupation tax small business credit.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1261 was substituted for House Bill No. 1261 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1261 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 104 and 105 to Substitute House Bill No. 1261 were withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mulliken, Dickerson, Morris and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1261.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1261 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1261, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1263, by Representatives Robertson, Ogden, Dunn, Carrell, Dyer, Cairnes and Benson
Revising current use taxation provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1263 was substituted for House Bill No. 1263 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1263 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Robertson, Dunshee and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1263.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1263 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1263, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1275, by Representatives Mastin, Mitchell, Radcliff, Morris, Mason, Schoesler, Keiser, Dickerson, Wood, Kessler, Scott, Blalock, Thompson, Costa, Kenney and Conway

Establishing public utility tax credits for weatherization and energy assistance programs.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1275 was substituted for House Bill No. 1275 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1275 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mastin, Morris and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1275.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1275 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1275, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1327, by Representatives Huff, Carrell, Quall, Mulliken, Morris, Linville, Ogden, Dunshee, B. Thomas, Johnson, Conway, Sheldon, Grant, Mastin, D. Schmidt, Robertson, Kessler, Skinner, Boldt, Lisk, Mielke, Dickerson, L. Thomas, O’Brien, Hatfield, Kenney, Gardner, Cooke, Costa, Ballasiotes, Thompson, Koster, Lantz, Mason, Schoesler, Dunn, Alexander and Anderson

Reimburse sellers for sales tax collection costs.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1327 was substituted for House Bill No. 1327 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1327 was read the second time.

Representative Huff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff:

(335)

On page 3, line 20, strike "September" and insert "October"

Representatives Huff and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff, Kessler, Dickerson and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative H. Sommers spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1327.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1327 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 5, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1327, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5227,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5230,
SENATE BILL NO. 5460,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5512,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5560,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5657,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5666,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5725,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5740,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5744,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5760,
SENATE BILL NO. 5797,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5827,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5842,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5915,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5927,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5965,
SENATE BILL NO. 5991,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6006,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
March 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5077,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5120,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5179,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5208,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5354,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5442,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5505,
SENATE BILL NO. 5695,
SENATE BILL NO. 5742,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5782, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5783, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5851, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5861, SENATE BILL NO. 5877, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5919, ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 7900, SUBSTITUTE SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8408, and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

HOUSE BILL NO. 1358, by Representatives Buck, Regala, Sump, Schoesler, Johnson, Linville, Sheldon, Wensman and Kessler; by request of Department of Revenue

Excluding materials purchased by farmers to improve wildlife habitat or forage from the definition of "sale at retail" or "retail sale" for tax purposes.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1358 was substituted for House Bill No. 1358 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1358 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1358.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1358 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1358, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1379, by Representatives Radcliff, Costa, Scott, Thompson, O'Brien, Linville, Blalock, Cooper, Dickerson, Cooke, Mason, Conway and Wood

Removing the expiration of tax exemptions for new construction of alternative housing for youth in crisis.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1379 was substituted for House Bill No. 1379 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1379 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Radcliff and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1379.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1379 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1379, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1813, by Representatives Dunn, Van Luven, Veloria, Alexander, Sheldon, Morris, Mason, McDonald, Honeyford and L. Thomas

Regulating sales and use tax exemptions for motion picture and video production equipment and services.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1813 was substituted for House Bill No. 1813 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1813 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dunn, Mason and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1813.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1813 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 5, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1813, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2051, by Representatives Chandler, Linville, Regala, Mastin, D. Schmidt, Grant, Veloria, Clements, Cody and Parlette

Exempting from taxation remedies and remedial actions taken regarding hazardous waste.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2051 was substituted for House Bill No. 2051 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2051 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Veloria, Regala, Dunshee, Fisher and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

COLLOQUY

Representative Regala: Will the gentleman from District 48th yield to a question?

Representative Chandler, as I understand it, Substitute House Bill No. 2051 is designed in part to change existing Department of Revenue policy. Is that correct?

Representative Chandler: Yes. The bill modifies a 1989 Department of Revenue policy that treated hazardous waste cleanup differently for tax purposes, depending on whether or not the activity took place on sites that were officially designated as cleanup sites. If the cleanup was undertaken voluntarily and independently, the Department policy results in higher taxes than in cases where an agency cleanup order was issued. This bill would equalize the tax treatment on such cleanups.

Representative Regala: Was this policy based on a law that made such a distinction?

Representative Chandler: No, the legislature had not explicitly addressed the question of how to tax this activity. In fact, in testimony presented to our committee, it was made quite clear that the distinction made in the policy was discriminatory.

Representative Regala: And this bill applies prospectively only?
Representative Chandler: Yes, Substitute House Bill No. 2051 is being enacted to make it clear that the law only addresses cleanup actions in the future. However, while the bill does not fix the problem retroactively, it is intended to do nothing to sanction the Department’s prior policy.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2051.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2051 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting nay: Representative Sommers, H. - 1.
Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 2051, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1043, by Representatives Schoesler, Dunn and Smith

Requiring the state landlord/tenant act to preempt all other local landlord/tenant acts.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Schoesler and Sterk spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Chopp, Sheldon, Tokuda, and Morris spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1043.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1043 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 55, Nays - 42, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Murray - 1.
Substitute House Bill No. 1043, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1471, by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Zellinsky, Conway, Ogden, Linville, Tokuda, Kessler, Scott, Blalock, Gombosky, Costa and Dickerson; by request of Attorney General

Protecting vulnerable adults.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1471 was substituted for House Bill No. 1471 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1471 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 155 to Substitute House Bill No. 1471 was withdrawn.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(289)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9A.42 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature finds that there is a significant need to protect children and dependent persons, including frail elder and vulnerable adults, from abuse and neglect by their parents, by persons entrusted with their physical custody, or by persons employed to provide them with the basic necessities of life. The legislature further finds that such abuse and neglect often takes the forms of either withholding from them the basic necessities of life, including food, water, shelter, clothing, and health care, or abandoning them, or both. Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature that criminal penalties be imposed on those guilty of such abuse or neglect. It is the intent of the legislature that a person who, in good faith, is furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner in lieu of medical care is not considered deprived of medically necessary health care or abandoned. Prosecutions under this chapter shall be consistent with the rules of evidence, including hearsay, under law.

Sec. 2. RCW 9A.42.010 and 1996 c 302 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Basic necessities of life" means food, water, shelter, clothing, and medically necessary health care, including but not limited to health-related treatment or activities, hygiene, oxygen, and medication.

(2)(a) "Bodily injury" means physical pain or injury, illness, or an impairment of physical condition;

(b) "Substantial bodily harm" means bodily injury which involves a temporary but substantial disfigurement, or which causes a temporary but substantial loss or impairment of the function of any bodily part or organ, or which causes a fracture of any bodily part;

(c) "Great bodily harm" means bodily injury which creates a high probability of death, or which causes serious permanent disfigurement, or which causes a permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily part or organ.

(3) "Child" means a person under eighteen years of age.

(4) "Dependent person" means a person who, because of physical or mental disability, or because of extreme advanced age, is dependent upon another person to provide the basic necessities of life. A resident of a nursing home, as defined in RCW 18.51.010, a resident of an adult family home, as defined in RCW 70.128.010, and a frail elder or vulnerable adult, as defined in RCW 74.34.020(8), is presumed to be a dependent person for purposes of this chapter.

(5) "Employed" means hired by a dependent person, another person acting on behalf of a dependent person, or by an organization or governmental entity, to provide to a dependent person any
of the basic necessities of life. A person may be "employed" regardless of whether the person is paid for the services or, if paid, regardless of who pays for the person's services.

(6) "Parent" has its ordinary meaning and also includes a guardian and the authorized agent of a parent or guardian.

(7) "Abandons" means leaving a child or other dependent person without the means or ability to obtain one or more of the basic necessities of life.

Sec. 3. RCW 9A.42.050 and 1986 c 250 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

In any prosecution for criminal mistreatment, it shall be a defense that the withholding of the basic necessities of life is due to financial inability only if the person charged has made a reasonable effort to obtain adequate assistance. This defense is available to persons in the business of providing care only when the agreed-upon payment for the care has not been received.

Sec. 4. RCW 9A.42.020 and 1986 c 250 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A parent of a child (or a person entrusted with the physical custody of a child or dependent person, or a person employed to provide to the child or dependent person the basic necessities of life is guilty of criminal mistreatment in the first degree if he or she recklessly, as defined in RCW 9A.08.010, causes great bodily harm to a child or dependent person by withholding any of the basic necessities of life.

(2) Criminal mistreatment in the first degree is a class B felony.

Sec. 5. RCW 9A.42.030 and 1986 c 250 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A parent of a child (or a person entrusted with the physical custody of a child or dependent person, or a person employed to provide to the child or dependent person the basic necessities of life is guilty of criminal mistreatment in the second degree if he or she recklessly, as defined in RCW 9A.08.010, either (a) creates an imminent and substantial risk of death or great bodily harm, or (b) causes substantial bodily harm by withholding any of the basic necessities of life.

(2) Criminal mistreatment in the second degree is a class C felony.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 9A.42 RCW to read as follows:

RCW 9A.42.020 and 9A.42.030 do not apply when a terminally ill person is receiving palliative care by a licensed home health agency, hospice agency, nursing home, or hospital providing hospice care under the medical direction of a physician.

Sec. 7. RCW 9A.44.010 and 1994 c 271 s 302 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

(1) "Sexual intercourse" (a) has its ordinary meaning and occurs upon any penetration, however slight, and

(b) Also means any penetration of the vagina or anus however slight, by an object, when committed on one person by another, whether such persons are of the same or opposite sex, except when such penetration is accomplished for medically recognized treatment or diagnostic purposes, and

(c) Also means any act of sexual contact between persons involving the sex organs of one person and the mouth or anus of another whether such persons are of the same or opposite sex.

(2) "Sexual contact" means any touching of the sexual or other intimate parts of a person done for the purpose of gratifying sexual desire of either party or a third party.

(3) "Married" means one who is legally married to another, but does not include a person who is living separate and apart from his or her spouse and who has filed in an appropriate court for legal separation or for dissolution of his or her marriage.

(4) "Mental incapacity" is that condition existing at the time of the offense which prevents a person from understanding the nature or consequences of the act of sexual intercourse whether that condition is produced by illness, defect, the influence of a substance or from some other cause.

(5) "Physically helpless" means a person who is unconscious or for any other reason is physically unable to communicate unwillingness to an act.

(6) "Forcible compulsion" means physical force which overcomes resistance, or a threat, express or implied, that places a person in fear of death or physical injury to herself or himself or another person, or in fear that she or he or another person will be kidnapped.
(7) "Consent" means that at the time of the act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact there are actual words or conduct indicating freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse or sexual contact.

(8) "Significant relationship" means a situation in which the perpetrator is:
   (a) A person who undertakes the responsibility, professionally or voluntarily, to provide education, health, welfare, or organized recreational activities principally for minors; ((#e))
   (b) A person who in the course of his or her employment supervises minors; or
   (c) A person who provides welfare, health or residential assistance, personal care, or organized recreational activities to frail elders or vulnerable adults, including a provider, employee, temporary employee, volunteer, or independent contractor who supplies services to long-term care facilities licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 18.20, 18.51, 72.36, or 70.128 RCW, and home health, hospice, or home care agencies licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW.

(9) "Abuse of a supervisory position" means a direct or indirect threat or promise to use authority to the detriment or benefit of a minor.

(10) "Developmentally disabled," for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050(1)(c) and 9A.44.100(1)(c), means a person with a developmental disability as defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

(11) "Person with supervisory authority," for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050(1) (c) or (e) and 9A.44.100(1)(c) or (e), means any proprietor or employee of any public or private care or treatment facility who directly supervises developmentally disabled, mentally disordered, or chemically dependent persons at the facility.

(12) "Mentally disordered person" for the purposes of RCW 9A.44.050(1)(e) and 9A.44.100(1)(e) means a person with a "mental disorder" as defined in RCW 71.05.020(2).

(13) "Chemically dependent person" for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050(1)(e) and 9A.44.100(1)(e) means a person who is "chemically dependent" as defined in RCW 70.96A.020(4).

(14) "Health care provider" for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050 and 9A.44.100 means a person who is, holds himself or herself out to be, or provides services as if he or she were: (a) A member of a health care profession under chapter 18.130 RCW; or (b) registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW, regardless of whether the health care provider is licensed, certified, or registered by the state.

(15) "Treatment" for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050 and 9A.44.100 means the active delivery of professional services by a health care provider which the health care provider holds himself or herself out to be qualified to provide.

(16) "Frail elder or vulnerable adult" means a person sixty years of age or older who has the functional, mental, or physical inability to care for himself or herself. "Frail elder or vulnerable adult" also includes a person found incapacitated under chapter 11.88 RCW, a person over eighteen years of age who has a developmental disability under chapter 71A.10 RCW, a person admitted to a long-term care facility that is licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 18.20, 18.51, 72.36, or 70.128 RCW, and a person receiving services from a home health, hospice, or home care agency licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW.

Sec. 8. RCW 9A.44.050 and 1993 c 477 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person is guilty of rape in the second degree when, under circumstances not constituting rape in the first degree, the person engages in sexual intercourse with another person:
   (a) By forcible compulsion;
   (b) When the victim is incapable of consent by reason of being physically helpless or mentally incapacitated;
   (c) When the victim is developmentally disabled and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who has supervisory authority over the victim;
   (d) When the perpetrator is a health care provider, the victim is a client or patient, and the sexual intercourse occurs during a treatment session, consultation, interview, or examination. It is an affirmative defense that the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the client or patient consented to the sexual intercourse with the knowledge that the sexual intercourse was not for the purpose of treatment; ((#e))
   (e) When the victim is a resident of a facility for mentally disordered or chemically dependent persons and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and has supervisory authority over the victim; or
   (f) When the victim is a frail elder or vulnerable adult and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who has a significant relationship with the victim.

(2) Rape in the second degree is a class A felony.
Sec. 9. RCW 9A.44.100 and 1993 c 477 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A person is guilty of indecent liberties when he knowingly causes another person who is not his spouse to have sexual contact with him or another:
(a) By forcible compulsion; ((or))
(b) When the other person is incapable of consent by reason of being mentally defective, mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless;
(c) When the victim is developmentally disabled and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who has supervisory authority over the victim;
(d) When the perpetrator is a health care provider, the victim is a client or patient, and the sexual contact occurs during a treatment session, consultation, interview, or examination. It is an affirmative defense that the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the client or patient consented to the sexual contact with the knowledge that the sexual contact was not for the purpose of treatment; ((or))
(e) When the victim is a resident of a facility for mentally disordered or chemically dependent persons and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and has supervisory authority over the victim;
(f) When the victim is a frail elder or vulnerable adult and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who has a significant relationship with the victim.
(2) Indecent liberties is a class B felony.

Sec. 10. RCW 18.130.040 and 1996 c 200 s 32 and 1996 c 81 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) This chapter applies only to the secretary and the boards and commissions having jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed under the chapters specified in this section. This chapter does not apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters specified in this section.
(2)(a) The secretary has authority under this chapter in relation to the following professions:
(i) Dispensing opticians licensed under chapter 18.34 RCW;
(ii) Naturopaths licensed under chapter 18.36A RCW;
(iii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;
(iv) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;
(v) Massage operators and businesses licensed under chapter 18.108 RCW;
(vi) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW;
(vii) Acupuncturists licensed under chapter 18.06 RCW;
(viii) Radiologic technologists certified and X-ray technicians registered under chapter 18.84 RCW;
(ix) Respiratory care practitioners certified under chapter 18.89 RCW;
(x) Persons registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW;
(xi) Persons registered as nursing pool operators under chapter 18.52C RCW;
(xii) Nursing assistants registered or certified under chapter ((18.79)) 18.88A RCW;
(xiii) Health care assistants certified under chapter 18.135 RCW;
(xiv) Dietitians and nutritionists certified under chapter 18.138 RCW;
(xv) Sex offender treatment providers certified under chapter 18.155 RCW;
(xvi) Persons licensed and certified under chapter 18.73 RCW or RCW 18.71.205;
(xvii) Persons registered as adult family home providers and resident managers under RCW 18.48.020; and
(xviii) Denturists licensed under chapter 18.30 RCW.
(b) The boards and commissions having authority under this chapter are as follows:
(i) The podiatric medical board as established in chapter 18.22 RCW;
(ii) The chiropractic quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.25 RCW;
(iii) The dental quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.32 RCW;
(iv) The board of hearing and speech as established in chapter 18.35 RCW;
(v) The board of examiners for nursing home administrators as established in chapter 18.52 RCW;
(vi) The optometry board as established in chapter 18.54 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.53 RCW;
(vii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established in chapter 18.57 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW;
(viii) The board of pharmacy as established in chapter 18.64 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW;
(ix) The medical quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.71 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;
(x) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 RCW;
(xi) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;
(xii) The nursing care quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.79 RCW governing licenses issued under that chapter;
(xiii) The examining board of psychology and its disciplinary committee as established in chapter 18.83 RCW; and
(xiv) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 18.92 RCW.

(3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses based on the conditions and criteria established in this chapter and the chapters specified in subsection (2) of this section. This chapter also governs any investigation, hearing, or proceeding relating to denial of licensure or issuance of a license conditioned on the applicant’s compliance with an order entered pursuant to RCW 18.130.160 by the disciplining authority.

(4) All disciplining authorities shall adopt procedures to ensure substantially consistent application of this chapter, the Uniform Disciplinary Act, among the disciplining authorities listed in subsection (2) of this section.

Sec. 11. RCW 18.130.200 and 1986 c 259 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
A person who attempts to obtain, obtains, or attempts to maintain a license by willful misrepresentation or fraudulent representation is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 12. RCW 43.43.842 and 1992 c 104 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) The secretary of social and health services and the secretary of health shall adopt additional requirements for the licensure or relicensure of agencies, facilities, and licensed individuals who provide care and treatment to vulnerable adults. These additional requirements shall ensure that any person associated with a licensed agency or facility having direct contact with a vulnerable adult shall not have been: (i) Convicted of a crime against persons as defined in RCW 43.43.830, except as provided in this section; (ii) convicted of crimes relating to financial exploitation as defined in RCW 43.43.830, except as provided in this section; (iii) found in any disciplinary board final decision to have abused a vulnerable adult under RCW 43.43.830; or (iv) the subject in a protective proceeding under chapter 74.34 RCW.
(b) A person associated with a licensed agency or facility who has direct contact with a vulnerable adult shall make the disclosures specified in RCW 43.43.834(2). The person shall make the disclosures in writing, sign, and swear to the contents under penalty of perjury. The person shall, in the disclosures, specify all crimes against children or other persons, and all crimes relating to financial exploitation as defined in RCW 43.43.830, committed by the person.
(2) The rules adopted under this section shall permit the licensee to consider the criminal history of an applicant for employment in a licensed facility when the applicant has one or more convictions for a past offense and:
(a) The offense was simple assault, assault in the fourth degree, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and three or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment;
(b) The offense was prostitution, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and three or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment;
(c) The offense was theft in the third degree, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and three or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment;
(d) The offense was theft in the second degree, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and five or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment;
(e) The offense was forgery, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and five or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment.

The offenses set forth in (a) through (e) of this subsection do not automatically disqualify an applicant from employment by a licensee. Nothing in this section may be construed to require the employment of any person against a licensee’s judgment.

In consultation with law enforcement personnel, the secretary of social and health services and the secretary of health shall investigate the conviction record and the protection proceeding record information under this chapter ((43.43 RCW)) of each agency or facility and its staff under their respective jurisdictions seeking licensure or relicensure. The individual responding to criminal background inquiry requests by the individual's employer or potential employer shall disclose the information about the individual's criminal history under penalty of perjury. The secretaries shall use the information solely for the purpose of determining eligibility for licensure or relicensure. Criminal justice agencies shall provide the secretaries such information as they may have and that the secretaries may require for such purpose.

Sec. 13. RCW 70.124.020 and 1996 c 178 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
(1) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington.
(2) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff.
(3) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, pharmacy, physical therapy, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery. The term "practitioner" shall include a nurses aide, a nursing home administrator licensed under chapter 18.52 RCW, and a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That a nursing home patient who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner shall not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected patient for the purposes of this chapter.
(4) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
(5) "Nursing home" has the meaning prescribed by RCW 18.51.010.
(6) "Social worker" means anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support, or education of nursing home patients, or providing social services to nursing home patients, whether in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(7) "Psychologist" means any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(8) "Pharmacist" means any registered pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(9) "Abuse or neglect" or "patient abuse or neglect" means the nonaccidental physical injury or condition, sexual abuse, or negligent treatment of a nursing home, adult family home, or state hospital patient under circumstances which indicate that the patient's health, welfare, or safety is harmed thereby.
(10) "Negligent treatment" means an act or omission which evinces a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to the patient’s health, welfare, or safety.
(11) "State hospital" means any hospital operated and maintained by the state for the care of the mentally ill under chapter 72.23 RCW.
(12) "Adult family home" has the meaning set forth in RCW 70.128.010.

Sec. 14. RCW 70.124.030 and 1981 c 174 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When any practitioner, social worker, psychologist, pharmacist, employee of a nursing home, employee of an adult family home, employee of a state hospital, or employee of the department has reasonable cause to believe that a nursing home, adult family home, or state hospital patient has suffered abuse or neglect, the person shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to either a law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 70.124.040.
(2) Any other person who has reasonable cause to believe that a nursing home, adult family home, or state hospital patient has suffered abuse or neglect may report such incident to either a law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 70.124.040.

(3) The department or any law enforcement agency receiving a report of an incident of abuse or neglect involving a nursing home, adult family home, or state hospital patient who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted other than by accidental means or who has been subjected to sexual abuse shall report the incident to the proper county prosecutor for appropriate action.

Sec. 15. RCW 70.124.040 and 1981 c 174 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Where a report is (deemed warranted) required under RCW 70.124.030, an immediate oral report shall be made by telephone or otherwise to either a law enforcement agency or to the department and, upon request, shall be followed by a report in writing. The reports shall contain the following information, if known:
(a) The name and address of the person making the report;
(b) The name and address of the nursing home, adult family home, or state hospital patient;
(c) The name and address of the patient’s relatives having responsibility for the patient;
(d) The nature and extent of the injury or injuries;
(e) The nature and extent of the neglect;
(f) The nature and extent of the sexual abuse;
(g) Any evidence of previous injuries, including their nature and extent; and
(h) Any other information which may be helpful in establishing the cause of the patient’s death, injury, or injuries, and the identity of the perpetrator or perpetrators.

(2) Each law enforcement agency receiving such a report shall, in addition to taking the action required by RCW 70.124.050, immediately relay the report to the department, and to other law enforcement agencies, including the medicaid fraud control unit of the office of the attorney general, as appropriate. For any report it receives, the department shall likewise take the required action and in addition relay the report to the appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies. The appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies shall receive immediate notification when the department, upon receipt of such report, has reasonable cause to believe that a criminal act has been committed.

Sec. 16. RCW 70.124.070 and 1979 ex.s. c 228 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
A person who is required to make or to cause to be made a report pursuant to RCW 70.124.030 or 70.124.040 and who knowingly fails to make such report or fails to cause such report to be made is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. A new section is added to chapter 70.124 RCW to read as follows:
(1) An employee who is a whistleblower and who as a result of being a whistleblower has been subjected to workplace reprisal or retaliatory action, has the remedies provided under chapter 49.60 RCW, RCW 4.24.500 through 4.24.520, providing certain protection to persons who communicate to government agencies, apply to complaints made under this section. The identity of a whistleblower who complains, in good faith, to the department about suspected abuse, negligent treatment, financial exploitation, or abandonment, as defined in RCW 74.34.020, by any person in a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home, may remain confidential if requested. The identity of the whistleblower shall subsequently remain confidential unless the department determines that the complaint was not made in good faith.

(2)(a) An attempt to expel a resident from a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home, or any type of discriminatory treatment of a resident by whom, or upon whose behalf, a complaint has been submitted to the department or any proceeding instituted under or related to this chapter within one year of the filing of the complaint or the institution of the action, raises a rebuttable presumption that the action was in retaliation for the filing of the complaint, if the department substantiates the complaint.

(b) The presumption in (a) of this subsection is rebutted by credible evidence establishing the alleged retaliatory action was initiated before the complaint, or by a functional assessment conducted by the department that shows the resident’s physical or mental health needs cannot be met through reasonable accommodations by the facility.

(3) For the purposes of this section:
(a) "Whistleblower" means a resident or employee of a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home, or any person licensed under Title 18 RCW, who in good faith reports alleged abuse or neglect to the department or to a law enforcement agency; and

(b) "Workplace reprisal or retaliatory action" means, but is not limited to, an unwarranted or unsubstantiated: Denial of adequate staff to perform duties; frequent staff changes; frequent and undesirable office changes; refusal to assign meaningful work; report of misconduct under Title 18 RCW; letters of reprimand or unsatisfactory performance evaluations; demotion; or denial of employment. It also includes a supervisor or superior encouraging coworkers to behave in a hostile manner toward the whistleblower. The protections provided to whistleblowers under this chapter shall not prevent a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home from: (i) Terminating, suspending, or disciplining a whistleblower for other lawful purposes; or (ii) for facilities with fewer than six residents, reducing the hours of employment or terminating employment as a result of the demonstrated inability to meet payroll requirements. The department shall determine if the facility cannot meet payroll in cases in which a whistleblower has been terminated or had hours of employment reduced because of the inability of a facility to meet payroll.

(4) This section does not prohibit a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home from exercising its authority to terminate, suspend, or discipline an employee who engages in workplace reprisal or retaliatory action against a whistleblower. The protections provided to whistleblowers under this chapter shall not prevent a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home from terminating, suspending, reducing the hours of employment, or disciplining a whistleblower for other lawful purposes.

(5) The department shall adopt rules to implement procedures for filing, investigation, and resolution of whistleblower complaints that are integrated with complaint procedures under this chapter.

(6) The department shall adopt rules designed to discourage whistleblower complaints made in bad faith or for retaliatory purposes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 74.34 RCW to read as follows: A person who is required to make or cause to be made a report under RCW 74.34.030 or 74.34.040 and who knowingly fails to make the report or fails to cause the report to be made is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 74.34 RCW to read as follows:

(1) An employee who is a whistleblower and who as a result of being a whistleblower has been subjected to workplace reprisal or retaliatory action, has the remedies provided under chapter 49.60 RCW, RCW 4.24.500 through 4.24.520, providing certain protection to persons who communicate to government agencies, apply to complaints made under this section. The identity of a whistleblower who complains, in good faith, to the department about suspected abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment by any person in a boarding home licensed or required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 18.20 RCW may remain confidential if requested. The identity of the whistleblower shall subsequently remain confidential unless the department determines that the complaint was not made in good faith.

(2)(a) An attempt to expel a resident from a boarding home, or any type of discriminatory treatment of a resident by whom, or upon whose behalf, a complaint has been submitted to the department or any proceeding instituted under or related to this chapter within one year of the filing of the complaint or the institution of the action, raises a rebuttable presumption that the action was in retaliation for the filing of the complaint, if the department substantiates the complaint.

(b) The presumption in (a) of this subsection is rebutted by credible evidence establishing the alleged retaliatory action was initiated before the complaint, or by a functional assessment conducted by the department that shows the resident’s physical or mental health needs cannot be met through reasonable accommodations by the facility.

(3) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Whistleblower" means a resident or employee of a boarding home, or any person licensed under Title 18 RCW, who in good faith reports alleged abuse or neglect to the department or to a law enforcement agency; and

(b) "Workplace reprisal or retaliatory action" means, but is not limited to, an unwarranted or unsubstantiated: Denial of adequate staff to perform duties; frequent staff changes; frequent and undesirable office changes; refusal to assign meaningful work; report of misconduct under Title 18
RCW; letters of reprimand or unsatisfactory performance evaluations; demotion; or denial of employment. It also includes a supervisor or superior encouraging coworkers to behave in a hostile manner toward the whistleblower. The protections provided to whistleblowers under this chapter shall not prevent a boarding home from: (i) Terminating, suspending, reducing the hours of employment, or disciplining a whistleblower for other lawful purposes; or (ii) for facilities with fewer than six residents, reducing the hours of employment or terminating employment as a result of the demonstrated inability to meet payroll requirements. The department shall determine if the facility cannot meet payroll in cases in which a whistleblower has been terminated or had hours of employment reduced because of the inability of a facility to meet payroll.

(4) This section does not prohibit a boarding home from exercising its authority to terminate, suspend, or discipline any employee who engages in workplace reprisal or retaliatory action against a whistleblower.

(5) The department shall adopt rules to implement procedures for filing, investigation, and resolution of whistleblower complaints that are integrated with complaint procedures under this chapter. The protections provided to whistleblowers under this chapter shall not prevent a boarding home from terminating, suspending, or disciplining a whistleblower for other lawful purposes.

(6) The department shall adopt rules designed to discourage whistleblower complaints made in bad faith or for retaliatory purposes.

Sec. 20. RCW 74.34.020 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 84 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Abandonment" means action or inaction by a person or entity with a duty of care for a frail elder or a vulnerable adult that leaves the vulnerable person without the means or ability to obtain necessary food, clothing, shelter, or health care.

(2) "Abuse" means a nonaccidental act of physical or mental mistreatment or injury, or sexual mistreatment, which harms a person through action or inaction by another individual.

(3) "Consent" means express written consent granted after the person has been fully informed of the nature of the services to be offered and that the receipt of services is voluntary.

(4) "Department" means the department of social and health services.

(5) "Exploitation" means the illegal or improper use of a frail elder or vulnerable adult or that person’s income or resources, including trust funds, for another person’s profit or advantage.

(6) "Neglect" means a pattern of conduct or inaction by a person or entity with a duty of care for a frail elder or vulnerable adult that results in the deprivation of care necessary to maintain the vulnerable person’s physical or mental health.

(7) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.

(8) "Frail elder or vulnerable adult" means a person sixty years of age or older who has the functional, mental, or physical inability to care for himself or herself. "Frail elder or vulnerable adult" shall include persons found incapacitated under chapter 11.88 RCW, or a person who has a developmental disability under chapter 71A.10 RCW, and persons admitted to any long-term care facility that is licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 18.20, 18.51, 72.36, or 70.128 RCW, or persons receiving services from home health, hospice, or home care agencies licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW.

(9) No frail elder or vulnerable person who relies upon and is being provided spiritual treatment in lieu of medical treatment in accordance with the tenets and practices of a well-recognized religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered abandoned, abused, or neglected.

Correct the title.

Representative Dyer, Cody and Backlund spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Dyer, Cody and Kenney spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1471.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1471 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1471, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**HOUSE BILL NO. 1752, by Representatives Cooke, Dyer, Tokuda, McDonald, Sheahan, Cairnes, Cody, Ballasiotes, Bush, Boldt, Wolfe, Mitchell, Doumit, Ogden, Thompson, Blalock, Poulsen, L. Thomas, O’Brien, Costa, Backlund, Veloria, Kenney and Carlson**

Including persons with developmental disabilities in the long-term ombudsman program.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1752 was substituted for House Bill No. 1752 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1752 was read the second time.

Representative Cooke moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooke: (354)

On page 1, line 4, strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"**Sec. 1.** RCW 43.190.010 and 1983 c 290 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that in order to comply with the federal Older Americans Act, provide protection to persons with developmental disabilities, and to effectively assist residents, patients, and clients of long-term care facilities in the assertion of their civil and human rights, a long-term care ombudsman program should be instituted, and shall include an office of developmental disabilities ombudsman with the separate full-time position of state developmental disabilities ombudsman.

Sec. 2.** RCW 43.190.020 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 32 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, "long-term care facility" means any of the following:

(1) A facility which, as used in this chapter, "long-term care facility" means any of the following:

(a) Maintains and operates twenty-four hour skilled nursing services for the care and treatment of chronically ill or convalescent patients, including mental, emotional, or behavioral problems, ((mental retardation)) developmental disability, or alcoholism;

(b) Provides supportive, restorative, and preventive health services in conjunction with a socially oriented program to its residents, and which maintains and operates twenty-four hour services
including board, room, personal care, and intermittent nursing care. "Long-term health care facility" includes nursing homes, and nursing facilities, but does not include acute care hospital or other licensed facilities except for that distinct part of the hospital or facility which provides nursing facility services.

(2) Any family home, group care facility, or similar facility determined by the ((secretary)) director of Community, Trade and Economic Development, for twenty-four hour non-medical care of persons in need of personal services, supervision, or assistance essential for sustaining the activities of daily living or for the protection of the individual.

(3) Any swing bed in an acute care facility.

**Sec. 3.** RCW 43.190.030 and 1995 c 399 s 105 are each amended to read as follows: There is created the office of the state long-term care ombudsman and the office of the developmental disabilities ombudsman. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall contract (1) with a private nonprofit organization to provide long-term care ombudsman services as specified under, and consistent with, the federal Older Americans act as amended, federal mandates, and (2) with a private nonprofit organization to provide developmental disabilities ombudsman services, consistent with the goals of the developmental disabilities provisions in Title 71A RCW, the goals of the state, and the needs of its citizens. The department of community, trade, and economic develop shall ensure that all program and staff support necessary to enable the ((ombudsman)) ombudsmen to effectively protect the interests of residents, patients, and clients of all long-term care facilities is provided by the nonprofit organization that contracts to provide ((long-term care)) ombudsman services. The ((long-term care)) ombudsman program shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) To provide services for coordinating the activities of ((long-term care)) ombudsmen throughout the state;

(2) Carry out such other activities as the department of community, trade and economic development deems appropriate;

(3) Establish procedures consistent with RCW 43.190.110 for appropriate access by ((long-term care)) ombudsmen to long-term care facilities and patients' records, including procedures to protect the confidentiality of the records and ensure that the identity of any complainant or resident will not be disclosed without the written consent of the complainant or resident, or upon court order;

(4) Establish a state-wide uniform reporting system to collect and analyze data relating to complaints and conditions in long-term care facilities for the purpose of identifying and resolving significant problems, with provision for submission of such data to the department of social and health services and to the federal department of health and human services, or its successor agency, on a regular basis; and

(5) Establish procedures to assure that any files maintained by ombudsman programs shall be disclosed only at the discretion of the ombudsman having authority over the disposition of such files, except that the identity of any complainant or resident of a long-term care facility shall not be disclosed by such ombudsman unless:

(a) Such complainant or resident, or the complainant’s or resident’s legal representative, consents in writing to such disclosure; or

(b) Such disclosure is required by court order.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 43.190.040 and 1983 c 290 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any ((long-term care)) ombudsman authorized by this chapter or a local governmental authority shall have training or experience or both in the following areas:

(a) Gerontology, long-term care, or other related social services programs ((-));

(b) Developmental disabilities;

(c) The legal system ((-)); and

((e)) (d) Dispute or problem resolution techniques, including investigation, mediation, and negotiation.

(2) An ((long-term care)) ombudsman shall not have been employed by any long-term care facility or program serving the developmentally disabled within the past three years.

(3) No ((long-term care)) ombudsman or any member of his or her immediate family shall have, or have had within the past three years, any pecuniary interest in the provision of long-term care health care facilities, or program serving the developmentally disabled.
Sec. 5. RCW 43.190.090 and 1983 c 290 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No long-term care ombudsman or developmental disabilities ombudsman is liable for good faith performance of responsibilities under this chapter.

(2) No discriminatory, disciplinary, or retaliatory action may be taken against any employee of a facility, program or agency, any patient, resident or client of a long-term care facility or individual or agency providing services to persons with developmental disabilities, or any volunteer, for any communication made, or information given or disclosed, to aid the long-term care ombudsman or developmental disabilities ombudsman in carrying out its duties and responsibilities, unless the same was done maliciously and without good faith. This subsection is not intended to infringe on the rights of the employer to supervise, discipline, or terminate an employee for other reasons.

(3) All communications by a long-term care ombudsman or developmental disabilities ombudsman, if reasonable related to the requirements of that individual’s responsibilities under this chapter and done in good faith, are privileged and that privilege shall serve as a defense to any action in libel or slander.

(4) A representative of the offices of long-term care and developmental disabilities ombudsmen is exempt from being required to testify in court as to any confidential matters except as the court may deem necessary to enforce this chapter.

(5) For the purposes of this chapter, the meaning of "retaliatory action" shall be consistent with the definition of "reprisal and retaliatory action" in RCW 42.40.050.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Separate Office of developmental disabilities ombudsman created within the long-term care ombudsman program.

(1) The Office of developmental disabilities ombudsman is created within the long-term care ombudsman program. The office shall be charged with protecting the rights and interests of persons with developmental disabilities.

(2) State funds appropriated by the legislature in the biennial operating budget for use by the office of developmental disabilities ombudsman shall be awarded to the office of developmental disabilities ombudsman and shall not be diverted to any other provider, person or agency by any state agency or entity, except by action of the legislature.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Duties of the department related to the separate developmental disabilities ombudsman program. The department of community, trade and economic development shall, consistent with state and federal laws,

(1) Monitor the expenditure of state funds under the contract for appropriate utilization of funds and the fulfillment of state and federal laws;

(2) Facilitate the exchange of information among appropriate state agencies and organizations regarding issues relating to the office of developmental disabilities ombudsman;

(3) Ensure that the office of developmental disabilities ombudsman has direct access to the directors of state governmental entities with responsibilities that impact on persons with developmental disabilities;

(4) Provide all program and staff support necessary to carry out the functions provided in subsections (1) through (3) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Office of developmental disabilities ombudsman -- Services to be provided. The office of developmental disabilities ombudsman shall maintain a statewide presence and shall be responsible for protecting the rights and interest of individuals with developmental disabilities as they relate to the provision of services by the state of Washington or by individuals and entities contracting with the state of Washington. The office shall, to the extent that sufficient funds are available:

(1) Investigate, provide advocacy, and assist in the resolution of complaints at the lowest possible intervention level. The developmental disabilities ombudsman shall follow the expressed wishes of the individual with developmental disabilities in providing all services;

(2) Recruit, train and supervise volunteer ombudsmen to perform the functions of the office of developmental disabilities ombudsman, develop procedures for the certification of volunteer ombudsmen, and develop standards that define the permissible scope of duties of volunteer ombudsmen.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 9. Report to the legislature. (1) The office of developmental disabilities ombudsman shall provide the legislature with an annual report that includes: 
(a) Demographics describing access to the ombudsman program by people with developmental disabilities and their families;
(b) A description of the issues identified as frequent in the complaint data;
(c) An identification of deficiencies on the part of service providers and systems and recommendations for remedial action;
(d) Recommendations for regulatory action by agencies that would improve the quality of life for individuals with developmental disabilities;
(e) Recommendations for legislative action that would improve the quality of life for individuals with developmental disabilities.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 10. Development of rules providing for right of entry to facilities by developmental disabilities ombudsmen -- Access to residents and records. (1) The department of community, trade and economic development shall adopt such rules as are necessary to establish a right of entry on behalf of developmental disabilities ombudsmen to the residential care facilities identified in this chapter and for reasonable access to residents with developmental disabilities at any time deemed necessary and reasonable by the office of developmental disabilities state ombudsman to effectively carry out the provision of this chapter. Such rules shall make adequate provision for privacy for the purpose of hearing, investigating, resolving complaints, and rendering advice to residents.
(2) The department, in cooperation with the department of social and health services, shall in addition adopt rules to ensure reasonable access by ombudsmen to the records of clients of the division of developmental disabilities and to ensure that such access will require the consent of the client or his or her guardian or legal representative.

NEW SECTION, Section 11. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 12. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 13. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Correct the title.

Representatives Cooke, Tokuda and Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Cooke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1752.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1752 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1752, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1527, by Representatives Chandler and Linville; by request of Department of Agriculture

Regulating pesticides.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1527 was substituted for House Bill No. 1527 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1527 was read the second time.

Representative McMorris moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative McMorris: (317)

On page 13, after line 28, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 17.21 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The purpose of this section is to establish a pilot project to evaluate the feasibility of establishing a limited private applicator license to facilitate the control of weeds, especially those defined as noxious weeds, in Washington state.

(2) "Limited private applicator" means a certified applicator who uses or is in direct supervision of the use of any herbicide classified by the EPA or the director as a restricted use pesticide, for the sole purpose of controlling weeds on nonproduction agricultural land owned or rented by the applicator or the applicator's employer. Nonproduction agricultural land includes pastures, range land, fencerows, and areas around farm buildings but not aquatic sites. A limited private applicator also may apply restricted use herbicides to nonproduction agricultural land of another person if applied without compensation other than trading of personal services between the applicator and the other person. A limited private applicator may not apply restricted use herbicides through any equipment defined under this chapter as an apparatus.

(3) A person may participate in the pilot project by applying to be licensed as a limited private applicator in 1998, 1999, or 2000. The application requirements, fee, and examination requirements for a limited private applicator are the same as for a private applicator.

(4)(a) A limited private applicator is exempt from the credit accumulation requirements of RCW 17.21.128(2)(a), and, upon application, begins a recertification period which ends on December 31, 2002.

(i) Limited private pesticide applicators first applying for a license in 1998 shall accumulate a minimum of ten department-approved credits by the end of the recertification period.

(ii) Limited private pesticide applicators first applying for a license in 1999 shall accumulate a minimum of eight department-approved credits by the end of the recertification period.

(iii) Limited private pesticide applicators first applying for a license in 2000 shall accumulate a minimum of six department-approved credits by the end of the recertification period.

(b) All credits must be applicable to the control of weeds with at least half of the credits directly related to weed control."
(5) Any limited private applicator who successfully completes the recertification requirements of this section is deemed to have met the credit accumulation requirements of RCW 17.21.128(2)(a) for private applicators.

(6) This section applies only to certified applicators in Ferry and Okanogan counties, Washington and expires December 31, 2002."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives McMorris and Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Linville spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Linville spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1527.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1527 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 68, Nays - 29, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Sheldon - 1.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1527, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2096, by Representatives Chandler and K. Schmidt

Consolidating the state’s oil spill prevention programs.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2096 was substituted for House Bill No. 2096 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 2096 was read the second time.

Representative Cooper moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cooper: (240)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.21I.005 and 1991 c 200 s 401 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The legislature declares that Washington’s waters have irreplaceable value for the citizens of the state. These waters are vital habitat for numerous and diverse marine life and wildlife and the source of recreation, aesthetic pleasure, and pride for Washington’s citizens. These waters are also vital for much of Washington’s economic vitality.

The legislature finds that the transportation of oil on these waters creates a great potential hazard to these important natural resources. The legislature also finds that there is no state agency responsible for maritime safety to ensure this state’s interest in preserving these resources.

The legislature therefore finds that in order to protect these waters it is necessary to establish an office of marine safety which will have the responsibility to promote the safety of marine transportation in Washington.

(2) The legislature finds that adequate funding is necessary for the state to continue its priority focus on the prevention of oil spills, as well as maintain a strong oil spill response, planning, and environmental restoration capability. The legislature further finds that long-term environmental health of the state’s waters depends upon the strength and vitality of its oil spill prevention and response program that fosters planning, coordination, and incident command. To that end, the merger of the office of marine safety with the department of ecology shall: Ensure coordination via streamlining the marine safety functions of two agencies into one; provide a focused prevention and response program under a single administration; generate efficient incident command response capability and continue to meet the challenges threatening marine safety and the environment; and increase accountability to the public, the executive branch, and the legislature.

(3) It is the intent of the legislature that the state’s oil spill prevention, response, planning, and environmental restoration activities be sufficiently funded to maintain a strong prevention and response program. It is further the intent of the legislature that the merger of the office of marine safety with the department of ecology be accomplished in an organizational manner that maintains a priority focus and position for the oil spill prevention and response program. The merger shall allow for ready identification of the program by the public and ensure no diminution in the state’s commitment to marine safety and environmental protection as follows:

(a) The director of the department of ecology shall consolidate all of the existing oil spill prevention, planning, and response programs and personnel into a division or equivalent unit of organization within the department. The division shall be managed by a single administrator who is an assistant director or person of equivalent status in the department’s organization. The administrator shall report directly to the director.

(b) The consolidated oil spill program unit within the department shall maintain prevention of oil spills as a specific program.

(c) The department shall identify and participate in resolving threats to safety of marine transportation and the impact of marine transportation on the environment.

Sec. 2. RCW 82.23B.020 and 1995 c 399 s 214 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) An oil spill response tax is imposed on the privilege of receiving crude oil or petroleum products at a marine terminal within this state from a waterborne vessel or barge operating on the navigable waters of this state. The tax imposed in this section is levied upon the owner of the crude oil or petroleum products immediately after receipt of the same into the storage tanks of a marine terminal from a waterborne vessel or barge at the rate of $(\text{one cent})$ per barrel of crude oil or petroleum product received.

(2) In addition to the tax imposed in subsection (1) of this section, an oil spill administration tax is imposed on the privilege of receiving crude oil or petroleum products at a marine terminal within this state from a waterborne vessel or barge operating on the navigable waters of this state. The tax imposed in this section is levied upon the owner of the crude oil or petroleum products immediately
after receipt of the same into the storage tanks of a marine terminal from a waterborne vessel or barge at the rate of ((three)) four cents per barrel of crude oil or petroleum product.

(3) The taxes imposed by this chapter shall be collected by the marine terminal operator from the taxpayer. If any person charged with collecting the taxes fails to bill the taxpayer for the taxes, or in the alternative has not notified the taxpayer in writing of the imposition of the taxes, or having collected the taxes, fails to pay them to the department in the manner prescribed by this chapter, whether such failure is the result of the person’s own acts or the result of acts or conditions beyond the person’s control, he or she shall, nevertheless, be personally liable to the state for the amount of the taxes. Payment of the taxes by the owner to a marine terminal operator shall relieve the owner from further liability for the taxes.

(4) Taxes collected under this chapter shall be held in trust until paid to the department. Any person collecting the taxes who appropriates or converts the taxes collected shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor if the money required to be collected is not available for payment on the date payment is due. The taxes required by this chapter to be collected shall be stated separately from other charges made by the marine terminal operator in any invoice or other statement of account provided to the taxpayer.

(5) If a taxpayer fails to pay the taxes imposed by this chapter to the person charged with collection of the taxes and the person charged with collection fails to pay the taxes to the department, the department may, in its discretion, proceed directly against the taxpayer for collection of the taxes.

(6) The taxes shall be due from the marine terminal operator, along with reports and returns on forms prescribed by the department, within twenty-five days after the end of the month in which the taxable activity occurs.

(7) The amount of taxes, until paid by the taxpayer to the marine terminal operator or to the department, shall constitute a debt from the taxpayer to the marine terminal operator. Any person required to collect the taxes under this chapter who, with intent to violate the provisions of this chapter, fails or refuses to do so as required and any taxpayer who refuses to pay any taxes due under this chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(8) Upon prior approval of the department, the taxpayer may pay the taxes imposed by this chapter directly to the department. The department shall give its approval for direct payment under this section whenever it appears, in the department’s judgment, that direct payment will enhance the administration of the taxes imposed under this chapter. The department shall provide by rule for the issuance of a direct payment certificate to any taxpayer qualifying for direct payment of the taxes. Good faith acceptance of a direct payment certificate by a terminal operator shall relieve the marine terminal operator from any liability for the collection or payment of the taxes imposed under this chapter.

(9) All receipts from the tax imposed in subsection (1) of this section shall be deposited into the state oil spill response account. All receipts from the tax imposed in subsection (2) of this section shall be deposited into the oil spill administration account.

(10) Within forty-five days after the end of each calendar quarter, the office of financial management shall determine the balance of the oil spill response account as of the last day of that calendar quarter. Balance determinations by the office of financial management under this section are final and shall not be used to challenge the validity of any tax imposed under this chapter. The office of financial management shall promptly notify the departments of revenue and ecology of the account balance once a determination is made. For each subsequent calendar quarter, the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall be imposed during the entire calendar quarter unless:

(a) Tax was imposed under subsection (1) of this section during the immediately preceding calendar quarter, and the most recent quarterly balance is more than ((twenty-five)) ten million dollars; or

(b) Tax was not imposed under subsection (1) of this section during the immediately preceding calendar quarter, and the most recent quarterly balance is more than ((fifteen)) nine million dollars.

((11) The office of marine safety, the department of revenue, and the department of community, trade, and economic development shall study tax credits for taxpayers employing vessels with the best achievable technology and the best available protection to reduce the risk of oil spills to the navigable waters of the state and submit the study to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature by December 1, 1992.))

Sec. 3. RCW 90.56.510 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 14 s 525 are each amended to read as follows:
The oil spill administration account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from RCW 82.23B.020(2) shall be deposited in the account. Moneys from the account may be spent only after appropriation. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW. On July 1 of each odd-numbered year, if receipts deposited in the account from the tax imposed by RCW 82.23B.020(2) for the previous fiscal biennium exceed the amount appropriated from the account for the previous fiscal biennium, the state treasurer shall transfer the amount of receipts exceeding the appropriation to the oil spill response account. If, on the first day of any calendar month, the balance of the oil spill response account is greater than $(25$ million dollars and the balance of the oil spill administration account exceeds the unexpended appropriation for the current biennium, then the tax under RCW 82.23B.020(2) shall be suspended on the first day of the next calendar month until the beginning of the following biennium, provided that the tax shall not be suspended during the last six months of the biennium. If the tax imposed under RCW 82.23B.020(2) is suspended during two consecutive biennia, the department shall by November 1st after the end of the second biennium, recommend to the appropriate standing committees an adjustment in the tax rate. For the biennium ending June 30, 1997, the state treasurer may transfer up to $1,718,000 from the oil spill response account to the oil spill administration account to support appropriations made from the oil spill administration account in the omnibus and transportation appropriations acts adopted not later than June 30, 1997.

Expenditures from the oil spill administration account shall be used exclusively for the administrative costs related to the purposes of this chapter, and chapters 90.48, 88.40, and 88.46 RCW. Starting with the 1995-1997 biennium, the legislature shall give activities of state agencies related to prevention of oil spills priority in funding from the oil spill administration account. Costs of administration include the costs of:

(a) Routine responses not covered under RCW 90.56.500;
(b) Management and staff development activities;
(c) Development of rules and policies and the state-wide plan provided for in RCW 90.56.060;
(d) Facility and vessel plan review and approval, drills, inspections, investigations, enforcement, and litigation;
(e) Interagency coordination and public outreach and education;
(f) Collection and administration of the tax provided for in chapter 82.23B RCW; and
(g) Appropriate travel, goods and services, contracts, and equipment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. All employees of the office of marine safety are transferred to the jurisdiction of the department of ecology. All employees classified under chapter 41.06 RCW, the state civil service law, are assigned to the department of ecology to perform their usual duties upon the same terms as formerly, without any loss of rights, subject to any action that may be appropriate thereafter in accordance with the laws and rules governing state civil service.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) An oil spill prevention and response advisory committee is created within the department of ecology. The committee shall consist of ten members as follows: Four legislators, one from each caucus; one member each to represent the marine oil transportation industry, the marine cargo transportation industry, the fishing industry, the shellfish industry, an environmental organization, and the department of ecology. The member representing the department of ecology shall be an ex-officio member. Legislative members shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives or the president of the senate, as appropriate. The director of the department of ecology shall appoint all other members.

(2) By December 1, 1998, the committee shall submit a report to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature evaluating the merger of the functions of the office of marine safety into the department of ecology.

(3) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Correct the title.
Representative Cooper spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Regala moved the adoption of the following amendment (259) to the amendment by Representative Cooper: (240)

On page 3, line 4 of the amendment, strike "four" and insert "one"

On page 3, after line 5 of the amendment, insert the following:

"(3) In addition to the taxes imposed in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, an oil spill prevention tax is imposed on the privilege of receiving crude oil or petroleum products at a marine terminal within this state from a waterborne vessel or barge operating on the navigable waters of this state. The tax imposed in this section is levied upon the owner of the crude oil or petroleum products immediately after receipt of the same into the storage tanks of a marine terminal from a waterborne vessel or barge at the rate of three cents per barrel of crude oil or petroleum product received."

Renumber remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

On page 4, line 17 of the amendment, after "account." insert "All receipts from the tax imposed in subsection (3) of this section shall be deposited into the oil spill prevention account."

On page 6, after line 33 of the amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 90.56 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The oil spill prevention account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from RCW 82.23B.020(3) shall be deposited into the account. Monies from the account may be spent only after appropriation. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW. The state treasurer may transfer funds from the oil spill response account to support appropriations made from the oil spill prevention account in the omnibus and transportation appropriations acts.

(2) Expenditures from the oil spill prevention account shall be used exclusively for the administration costs related to the purposes of this chapter and prevention activities in chapters 90.56, 88.40, and 88.46 RCW. Costs of administration and those related to preventions shall include:

(a) Management and staff development activities;
(b) Facility and vessel prevention plan review and approval, inspections, investigations, enforcement and litigation;
(c) Interagency coordination and public outreach
and education;
(d) Collection and administration of the tax provided for in chapter 82.23B RCW; and
(e) Appropriate travel, goods and services, contracts and equipment.

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Regala and Anderson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Chandler spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment to the amendment was not adopted.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment 240 to Substitute House Bill No. 2096.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

Representatives Cooper, Chandler and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2096.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2096 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 77, Nays - 21, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2096, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2096.

MARLIN APPELWICK, 46th District

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2041 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1584, by Representatives Sherstad, Zellinsky, Dyer, Skinner, Backlund and Johnson

Revising provisions for school district employee benefits.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Calson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carlson: (291)

On page 2, line 2, after "limited to" strike "one or more of the following: Medical" and insert "medical"

On page 2, line 3, after "coverage." insert "Basic benefits may be limited to one or more of the basic benefits listed in this subsection if all employee bargaining units in the district agree to the limitation."

Representatives Carlson, Cody and Sherstad spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representative Sherstad spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1584.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1584 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed House Bill No. 1584, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1898, by Representatives Johnson, Cole, Blalock, Zellinsky, Cooper, Tokuda, Dickerson, Keiser, Regala, Ogden, Conway and Linville; by request of Board of Education

Establishing teacher assessments for certification.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1898 was substituted for House Bill No. 1898 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1898 was read the second time.

Representative Lambert moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lambert: (276)

On page 2, beginning on line 36, strike all of subsection (4).

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Lambert, Johnson and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative H. Sommers: (140)

On page 4, beginning on line 6, strike all material on lines 6 through 12 and insert the following:

"By December 1 of 1998, and biennially thereafter, the state board of education shall prepare a report on the number and percentage of candidates who are successful in passing the assessments for certification required under section 2 of this act. The information shall be reported for the individual public and private colleges and universities in Washington as well as reported on an aggregate basis. The report shall also include results dis-aggregated demographically. The report is to be made available through the state library and placed on the legislative alert list."
Representatives H. Sommers and Johnson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Johnson and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1898.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1898 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1898, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1943, by Representatives Reams, Scott, D. Schmidt, Kessler and Schoesler

Increasing special district commissioner per diem compensation.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1943 was substituted for House Bill No. 1943 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1943 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1943.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1943 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Substitute House Bill No. 1943, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1624, by Representatives Thompson, Dunn, Mulliken, Mielke and Boldt

Defining wetlands for growth management purposes.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1624 was substituted for House Bill No. 1624 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1624 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson, Cairnes, Dunn and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Gardner, Linville, Lantz, and Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Zellinsky demanded the previous question and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1624.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1624 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1624, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1578, by Representatives H. Sommers, McMorris, Lisk, Scott, Cole, Clements, Gombosky, Honeyford, Schoesler, Ballasiotes, Cody, Conway, Carlson, Kenney, Ogden,
Revising the regulation of liquor sales in designated restricted liquor zones.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1578 was substituted for House Bill No. 1578 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1578 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives H. Sommers, O’Brien and Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

There being no objection, the House deferred of Substitute House Bill No. 1578 and the bill held it’s place on the third reading calendar.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1966, by Representatives Chandler, Mulliken, Radcliff, Butler, Mason, O’Brien and Morris

Raising the total amount of waivers allowed for Central Washington University.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1966 was substituted for House Bill No. 1966 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1966 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Carlson, Mason and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1966.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1966 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Substitute House Bill No. 1966, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Establishing residency requirements for subsidized enrollees in the basic health plan.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2226 was substituted for House Bill No. 2226 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2226 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer, Cooke and Clements spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2226.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2226 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 32,Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 2226, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Robertson: Having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 2226. The motion was carried.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2226.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2226 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 68, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 2226, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4005, by Representatives Mulliken, Chandler, Hankins, Sheahan, Skinner, Lisk, Delvin, Clements, Honeyford, Schoesler, Mastin, Grant, Mielke and McMorris

Returning land within the Hanford control zone to agricultural and wildlife uses.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mulliken and Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Anderson spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Joint Memorial No 4005.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4005 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 38, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Joint Memorial No. 4005, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4019, by Representatives Boldt, Dunn, Sump, Pennington, Mielke, McMorris, Koster, Clements, Backlund, D. Sommers, D. Schmidt, Schoesler, Cooke, Lambert and Bush
Petitioning Idaho and Oregon to establish a tristate committee to deal with the problem of interstate public assistance fraud.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 179 to House Joint Memorial No. 4019 was withdrawn.

Representative Boldt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Boldt:

On page 1, after line 7 strike everything and insert the following:

We, your Memorialists, the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Washington, in legislative session assembled, respectfully represent and petition as follows:

WHEREAS, Due to federal legislative action by the Honorable William J. Clinton, President of United States, and the Senate and House of Representatives of United States, the nature of the federal public assistance system is undergoing the most dramatic change in the past sixty years; and

WHEREAS, Federal legislation requires that states be increasingly diligent concerning how public assistant monies are spent and compels states to ensure that those who are receiving public assistance are truly in need; and

WHEREAS, States will have the opportunity to design and administer income assistance programs that may be substantially and materially different from bordering states; and

WHEREAS, There is an increased need for better communications and coordination between bordering states regarding interstate public assistance policies; and

WHEREAS, There is concern that interstate public assistance fraud exists and that the recent changes in public assistance laws may increase the potential for this type of activity; and

WHEREAS, It is the intent of the Washington State Legislature to appoint four members of the Legislature to a tristate committee dealing with interstate public assistance policies, to consist of one member each from the majority and minority caucuses of the house to be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and one member each from the majority and minority caucuses of the senate to be appointed by the majority leader of the senate, for the purpose of meeting at least once prior to November 1, 1997;

NOW, THEREFORE, Your Memorialists respectfully pray that a tri-state committee dealing with interstate public assistance policies be established among the states of Idaho, Oregon, and Washington for the purposes of developing cooperative relationships aimed at creating effective strategies to deal with the issues surrounding interstate public assistance policies.

BE IT RESOLVED, That copies of this Memorial be immediately transmitted to the Honorable Philip E. Batt, Governor of the State of Idaho; The Honorable John Kitzhaber, Governor of the State of Oregon, the President of the Idaho State Senate; the President of the Oregon State Senate; the Speaker of the Idaho State House of Representatives; the Speaker of the Oregon State House of Representatives, and to the Idaho State Senate and House of Representatives and the Oregon State Senate and House of Representatives.

Representative Boldt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the House deferred of House Joint Memorial No. 4019 and the memorial held its place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4020, by Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa, Radcliff, Cole, Hankins, Quall, Skinner, Morris, Thompson, Poulsen, Kenney, DeBolt, Conway, Mason, Benson, Cooper, Delvin, Blalock, Honeyford, Dunshee, Van Luev, Zellinsky, Mulliken, Alexander, Scott, L. Thomas, Clements, Parlette, Mastin, Chandler, Schoesler, Robertson and Linville

Requesting Congress adopt the proposed victims' rights amendment to the Constitution of the United States.
The memorial was read the second time.

Representative Ballasiotes moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Ballasiotes: (350)

On page 1, after line 7, strike all material through page 2, line 30, and insert the following:

WHEREAS, In applying and interpreting the vital guarantees of the United States Constitution that protects the liberties of all citizens, the criminal justice system has lost an essential balance; and

WHEREAS, One violent crime is committed in America every sixteen seconds; and

WHEREAS, The criminal justice system has not provided sufficient protection or representation of the innocent, the honest, and the helpless victims of crime; and

WHEREAS, With over thirty-five million Americans victimized in the United States each year, crime victims are rapidly becoming a majority; and

WHEREAS, Crime victims play an indispensable role in bringing offenders to justice, thus preventing further violence; and

WHEREAS, As a nation devoted to freedom, liberty, and justice for all, Americans must plant the seeds of justice to restore and protect the rights of those who have been criminally victimized; and

WHEREAS, Harvesting justice over the last two decades has been accomplished in part by the millions of survivors of criminal acts, their families, and advocates whose commitment and spirit has persevered while confronting an increasingly violent nation; and

WHEREAS, In 1982, the President’s Task Force on Victims of Crime recommended an amendment to the Constitution of the United States addressing victims' rights; and

WHEREAS, In 1989, the citizens of Washington State adopted an amendment to the state Constitution granting basic and fundamental rights to the victims and families of victims of felony crimes; and

WHEREAS, Under Article V of the Constitution of the United States, amendments to the Constitution of the United States may be proposed by the Congress of the United States or, upon the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the states; and

WHEREAS, There is currently before the Congress for consideration a proposed victims' rights amendment to the Constitution of the United States;

NOW, THEREFORE, Your Memorialists, respectfully request that the Congress adopt the proposed victims' rights amendment to the Constitution of the United States, and that the amendment be submitted to the states for ratification.

BE IT RESOLVED, That copies of this Memorial be immediately transmitted to the Honorable William J. Clinton, President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and each member of Congress from the State of Washington."

Representative Ballasiotes spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The memorial was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Joint Memorial No. 4020.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Joint Memorial No. 4020 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunshee,

Engrossed House Joint Memorial No. 4020, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1660, by Representative Koster

Creating Skykomish county.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1660 was substituted for House Bill No. 1660 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1660 was read the second time.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunshee: (351)

On page 2, beginning on line 3, after "voters" insert "in King county"

On page 2, line 4, after "county" insert "and the voters in Snohomish county"

Representative Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Koster and D. Schmidt spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (351) on page 2, beginning on line 3, to Substitute House Bill No. 1660 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 44, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Koster moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Koster: (339)
On page 16, beginning on line 12, after "county." strike all material through "required." on line 14 and insert "There shall be no valuation, financial apportionment of equities, or compensation for equities of real property, roads, and bridges."

Representative Koster spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Dunshee spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunshee: (333)

On page 21, after line 18, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. If specific funding for the purposes of section of 103 of this act, referencing section 103 of this act by section number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Representatives Dunshee and Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Koster and D. Schmidt spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Koster and Pennington spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Chopp, Zellinsky, and O'Brien spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative K. Schmidt demanded the previous question and the demanded was not sustained.

Representatives Cooper spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1660.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1660 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 53, Nays - 45, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1660, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1337, by Representatives Dyer, Backlund and Sherstad

Authorizing providers and provider groups to offer health care coverage.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1337 was substituted for House Bill No. 1337 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1337 was read the second time.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(322)
On page 2, beginning on line 8, after "a" strike the remainder of the section and insert "health carrier regulated by this title.

(4) The commissioner’s authority to regulate a health care provider, a health care facility, or a provider network is preempted by federal law when the provider, facility, or network is contracting with a third party payer governed by the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA), as amended, or the federal Labor Management Relations (Taft-Hartley) Act of 1947, as amended."

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment (377) to the amendment by Representative Dyer (322):
On page 1, after line 11 insert
"(5) Nothing in the section shall limit the commissioner’s authority to regulate a health care provider, a health care facility, or a provider network when the provider, facility, or network is contracting with a third party payer other than as stated in subsection (4) of this section."

Representative Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment to the amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 348 to Substitute House Bill No. 1337 was withdrawn.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment (322) to Substitute House Bill No. 1337. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1337.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1337 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1337, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1872, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Scott, Mitchell and Hankins

Improving public transportation performance.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1872 was substituted for House Bill No. 1872 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1872 was read the second time.

Representative Mitchell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mitchell: (329)

On page 2, line 4, after "met." insert "The program must include cross-jurisdictional strategies, goals, and objectives."

Representatives Mitchell and Fisher spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Backlund moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Backlund: (327)

On page 14, line 4, after "act" strike everything through "budget" on line 6

Representative Backlund spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Radcliff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Radcliff: (330)

On page 15, beginning on line 24, strike all of section 16 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. The legislature finds and declares that:

(1) The Puget Sound region is experiencing rapid growth, which is already straining transportation capacity, and threatening the economic viability of the area. The Puget Sound region is the state’s largest urban area and most important economic region, and it is in the interest of the state to establish policies that facilitate preservation and enhancement of the economic viability of this region.

(2) The state has the primary responsibility for providing state highway capacity throughout the state, including the Puget Sound region. However, state, regional, and local policies do not envision construction of general purpose highway facilities to accommodate future growth in the Puget Sound region, but instead rely on a number of factors, especially attraction of single-occupant automobile
users to transit and ride-sharing alternatives. As a result, the state has a substantial and direct interest in the success of these policies to substitute alternative modes of transport, including public transit.

(3) Regional and local authorities have, in accordance with state and federal requirements, adopted a metropolitan transportation plan that forecasts a significant increase in transit ridership both within the constraints of existing resources and with expanded resources.

(4) The ridership trend of transit operators within the Puget Sound region falls short of the rate necessary to achieve the long-term transit ridership forecasts. Correction of this trend will require substantial increases in service, to be achieved, in part, within current resource constraints. However, these service increases are unlikely to occur without a performance program that provides transit operators with incentives to improve their cost-effectiveness.

(5) Transit agencies receive a substantial amount of state and local funding, including funds from the motor vehicle excise tax, which is declared to be a state tax, and local taxes authorized under state law. The state has an interest in ensuring that these funds are used cost-effectively. It is in the state’s interest to establish a transit performance program for the Puget Sound region.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. DEFINITIONS. The definitions set forth in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Basic resource targets" mean ridership and service level targets based upon the Puget Sound regional council metropolitan transportation plan "financially constrained" strategy 2020 forecast in effect as of January 1, 1996.

(2) "Bus" means a motor bus or trolley bus.

(3) "Expanded resource targets" mean the ridership and service level targets based upon the Puget Sound regional council metropolitan transportation plan "preferred" strategy forecast in effect as of January 1, 1996.

(4) "Inflation adjustment" means adjustment of financial data using the Consumer Price Index: Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPI-W) for Seattle-Tacoma, Washington, as published by the United States department of labor.

(5) "Operating cost" means all operating costs reported through the federal transit administration national transit data base as defined on January 1, 1994, or its successor, including vehicle operations, vehicle maintenance, nonvehicle maintenance, and general and administrative costs.

(6) "Puget Sound region" means the area consisting of a county with a population greater than one million persons, any counties abutting it that have populations greater than four hundred thousand persons, and any counties abutting it that have populations greater than two hundred thousand persons and are served by the Washington state ferry system.

(7) "Puget Sound regional council" means the metropolitan planning organization for the county having the largest population in the Puget Sound region.

(8) "Unlinked passenger trip" has the meaning as defined under the United States department of transportation, federal transit administration national transit data base as of January 1, 1994.

(9) "Vehicle hour" has the meaning as defined under the United States department of transportation, federal transit administration national transit data base as of January 1, 1994.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. PUGET SOUND TRANSIT PERFORMANCE PROGRAM. A Puget Sound transit performance program is established and applies to the transit operations of all municipalities as defined in RCW 35.58.272 and the regional transit authority established under chapter 81.112 RCW in the Puget Sound region. The program consists of the following:

(1) Unit cost, ridership, and service level performance targets for the Puget Sound region and transit operators as provided by sections 19 through 26 of this act;

(2) Unit cost regulation as provided by sections 27 through 33 of this act;

(3) The Puget Sound transit expansion account established by section 34 of this act;

(4) Truth in planning reporting as provided by section 35 of this act; and

(5) Related reporting requirements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. PERFORMANCE TARGETS. The initial performance targets for 2020 are:

(1) A unit cost target for each transit operator of $56.00 operating cost per vehicle hour in 1994 dollars, converted to 1999 dollars through inflation adjustment. This cost per hour target is an
estimate of the cost level required to achieve the 2020 basic resource ridership target under the assumptions of the metropolitan transportation plan "financially constrained" strategy;

(2) Basic resource targets for ridership and service level as defined in section 17 of this act;

(3) A ridership target of 185,000,000 unlinked passenger trips annually, exclusive of services funded by the regional transit authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. INTERIM RIDERSHIP TARGETS. The Puget Sound regional council, in cooperation with and with the unanimous consent of the transit operators, shall establish annual unlinked passenger trip forecasts, allocated by transit operator. The annual forecasts must be based upon achievement of the 2020 target of this chapter, and the total unlinked passenger trip targets allocated to the operators must balance to the total Puget Sound region unlinked passenger trip forecasts. The total Puget Sound region ridership target in each year must represent no less than eighty percent of the increase from the base year that would be required under the "straight line default" targets of section 21 of this act. The council shall forward notice of interim target adoption to the state auditor, who upon certifying consistency with the requirements of this chapter, shall use these targets in administering unit cost regulation and in "truth in planning" reporting.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. RIDERSHIP STRAIGHT LINE DEFAULT TARGETS. (1) Until such time as interim ridership targets are certified by the state auditor under section 20 of this act, the auditor shall use straight line default targets in administering unit cost regulation and "truth in planning" requirements. The unlinked passenger trip target will be increased each year by 1/23 of the difference between the base year 1997 unlinked trips and the 2020 target. The auditor shall allocate individual operator targets for each year based upon the percentage of base year Puget Sound region unlinked trips carried by the operator.

(2) Straight line default targets apply to any year for which the cooperative process in section 20 of this act did not result in certification of the interim target before the commencement of that year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. SERVICE LEVEL TARGETS. (1) The Puget Sound regional council shall establish a basic resource service level target of 8,360,000 bus vehicle hours annually for 2020.

(2) The Puget Sound regional council, in cooperation with and with the unanimous consent of the transit operators, shall establish annual vehicle hour targets, allocated by transit operator. The annual targets must be based upon achievement of the 2020 target in this chapter, and the total annual vehicle hour targets allocated to the operators must balance to the total Puget Sound region annual vehicle hour targets. The total Puget Sound region ridership target in each year must represent no less than eighty percent of the increase from the base year that would be required under the "straight line default" scenario of section 23 of this act. The council shall forward notice of interim target adoption to the state auditor, who upon certifying consistency with the requirements of this chapter, shall use these targets in administering unit cost regulation and in "truth in planning" reporting.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. UNIT STRAIGHT LINE DEFAULT TARGETS. Until such time as interim service level targets are certified by the state auditor under section 22 of this act, the state auditor shall use straight line default targets in administering unit cost regulation and "truth in planning" requirements. The vehicle hours target will be increased each year by 1/23 of the difference between base year 1997 vehicle hours and the 2020 target. The auditor shall allocate individual operator targets for each year based upon the percentage of base year Puget Sound region vehicle hours provided by the operator.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. The state auditor shall revise future annual service level targets for an operator to reflect any revision in future cost per vehicle hour targets under section 30 of this act. The new vehicle hour target in any year must be equal to the existing vehicle hour target for the year multiplied by the preexisting cost per vehicle hour target divided by the revised cost per vehicle hour targets for the corresponding year. The auditor shall revise total Puget Sound region service level targets to reflect the revised transit operator service level targets.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. The Puget Sound regional council shall establish interim expanded resource targets as defined in section 17 of this act for the year 2020. The ridership target for the year
2020 is 295 million unlinked passenger trips annually. Following the general procedures in sections 20 and 21 of this act, interim annual targets must be established, submitted, and certified.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 26. In establishing the 2020 expanded service level target, the Puget Sound regional council shall provide the 2020 incremental service level forecast using the metropolitan transportation plan "preferred strategy" service level minus the "financially constrained strategy" service level. Rail service must be converted to bus equivalents using the federal transit administration formula used in its latest biennial "needs" report to the United States Congress, or its successor. The target is the incremental service level plus the basic service level, stated in bus vehicle hours, including bus vehicle hour equivalents of rail service. Following the general procedures in sections 22 through 24 of this act, interim annual targets must be established, submitted, and certified.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 27. UNIT COST REGULATION. (1) Each transit operator in the Puget Sound region is subject to unit cost regulation or CPI-X factor, as set forth in section 28 of this act.

(2) The state auditor shall administer unit cost regulation and apply it to bus operating costs per vehicle hour of fixed route service open to the general public. The auditor shall perform all calculations and certifications required under this chapter in compliance with the provisions of this chapter.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 28. CALCULATION OF INITIAL CPI-X FACTOR. (1) The auditor shall calculate an initial CPI-X factor for each operator. The CPI-X factor is the annual percentage decline in inflation adjusted cost per vehicle hour necessary to reach the initial 2020 operating cost per vehicle hour target in 2020 established in section 19(1) of this act.

(2) The auditor shall calculate a schedule of annual cost per vehicle hour targets for each year from the base year to 2020, with each year’s target reduced by the operator’s CPI-X factor. The first year’s target is the base year actual cost per vehicle hour reduced by the CPI-X factor. The targets must be expressed in inflation-adjusted 1999 dollars.

(3) The operating cost per vehicle hour target for each transit operator will continue to decline by the CPI-X factor determined in this section until the initial 2020 cost per vehicle hour target established in section 19(1) of this act is met. Thereafter the cost per vehicle hour target equals the initial 2020 cost per vehicle hour target.

(4) The auditor shall assess these targets and provide a report to the legislature not later than December 1, 2006.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 29. COMPLIANCE. (1) In any year, an operator is in compliance if its bus operating cost per vehicle hour is equal to or less than its operating cost per vehicle hour target and its unlinked passenger trips are equal to or greater than its basic resource unlinked passenger trips target.

(2) Each transit operator in compliance is not subject to the reductions in motor vehicle excise tax provided for in section 32 of this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 30. REVISION OF A TRANSIT OPERATOR’S CPI-X FACTOR. (1) If an operator is in compliance with both its operating cost per vehicle hour target and its unlinked passenger trips target, the state auditor shall reduce the operator’s CPI-X standard for future years by ten percent of the operator’s initial CPI-X factor.

(2) The auditor may not reduce an operator’s CPI-X regulation factor by more than fifty percent from the operator’s initial CPI-X factor.

(3) If an operator is not in compliance with both its operating cost per vehicle hour target and its unlinked passenger trips target, the auditor shall increase the operator’s CPI-X factor for future years by ten percent of the operator’s initial CPI-X factor, not to exceed the initial CPI-X factor.

(4) The auditor shall credit toward reducing the operating cost per vehicle hour, the amount of fares received for any commuter service that receives in fares, at least forty percent of the costs of operating that service.

(5) The auditor shall recalculate future operating cost per vehicle hour targets based upon any revision in an operator’s CPI-X factor following the approach of section 28(2) of this act.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 31. No arbitrator, administrative law judge, or any other officer or authority may impose a labor contract award that causes a transit operator to be out of compliance with its operating cost per vehicle hour target at any point during the period of the award. An operator aggrieved by an arbitration decision in violation of this section may appeal the decision to a court of competent jurisdiction.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 32. With respect to a year in which a transit operator fails to achieve its operating cost per vehicle hour target:
(1) The state auditor shall reduce the operator’s maximum level of motor vehicle excise tax to be distributed to that municipality by the product of the total vehicle hours operated in the subject year multiplied by the extent to which the operating cost per vehicle hour target is missed. This reduction takes effect in the first full fiscal year after the due date of the transit operator’s annual report applying to the year in which the target is missed. The state auditor shall annually determine the compliance or noncompliance of each transit operator with unit cost regulation within ninety days of the due date of the transit operator annual reports.
(2) Upon order of the auditor, the state treasurer shall hold in escrow the amount by which the transit operator’s excise tax eligibility is reduced.
(3) If the transit operator achieves its operating cost per vehicle hour target in the next year, the auditor shall restore the operator’s excise tax eligibility to the previous year’s level, and shall notify the treasurer to grant to the transit operator the funding that was placed in escrow.
(4) If the transit operator fails to achieve its operating cost per vehicle hour target in the next year, the auditor shall calculate a factor by which the maximum rate of motor vehicle excise tax that the municipality may impose under RCW 35.58.273 will be permanently reduced, which must reflect the amount in escrow. In each year, the auditor shall deposit this amount in the Puget Sound transit expansion account created in section 34 of this act.
(5) Failure to achieve the operating cost per vehicle hour target will disqualify the transit agency from receiving funds from the central Puget Sound public transportation account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 33. (1) The regional transit authority may not award service contracts to a designated transit operator not in compliance with its most recent annual unit cost target, as determined by the state auditor, at the time of contract award.
(2) A regional transit authority may award service contracts to a transit operator or company whose unit costs are equal to or less than unit costs established for designated Puget Sound transit operators during the term of the contract.
(3) Bus services directly operated at any time by the regional transit authority are subject to the initial 2020 cost per vehicle hour standard established in section 19(1) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. A new section is added to chapter 47.26 RCW to read as follows:
PUGET SOUND TRANSIT EXPANSION ACCOUNT. (1) The Puget Sound transit expansion account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from section 32(4) of this act must be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only for transit projects selected under this section.
(2) The transportation improvement board shall administer a competitive grant program to provide funds for eligible agencies within the Puget Sound region to expand transit services using the Puget Sound transit expansion account.
(3) The criteria for projects to be funded from this account include, but are not limited to:
(a) The projects must be within the Puget Sound region;
(b) Eligible projects are limited to general purpose transit service and improvements to the high-occupancy vehicle lane system;
(c) Priority will be given to projects that maximize transit ridership and minimize operating costs;
(d) To the extent feasible, and consistent with other criteria, allocations should reflect the general distribution of state funding reduction by county jurisdiction.
(4) Eligible agencies include:
(a) Municipalities operating public transit services that are in compliance with their operating cost per vehicle hour targets;
(b) Any other unit of government in the region, including state agencies, counties, municipalities, school districts, special districts, or a combination of them.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 35. TRUTH IN PLANNING REQUIREMENT. The state auditor shall produce a "truth in planning" report to the governor and the legislature by November 30th of each even-numbered year. The report must provide the following information through the most recent fiscal year for which data is available:

1. Required findings. The findings in this subsection are based upon the metropolitan transportation plan as in effect on January 1, 1996, for both the financially constrained and preferred strategies, the basic resource and expanded resource targets. Separate findings need to be made under each strategy for the Puget Sound region in total and for each of the transit operators:
   a. Percentage variance of total unlinked passenger trips relative to the forecast;
   b. Percentage variance of change in unlinked passenger trips from the base year compared to the forecast;
   c. Percentage variance of change in unlinked passenger trips during the latest biennium compared to the forecast;
   d. Percentage variance of total bus vehicle hours relative to the forecast;
   e. Percentage variance of the change in bus vehicle hours from the base year compared to the forecast;
   f. Percentage variance of the change in bus vehicle hours during the latest biennium compared to the forecast;

2. Summary tables for the Puget Sound region and each operator, showing the following information under the metropolitan transportation plan "financially constrained" and "preferred" strategies:
   a. Total forecast unlinked passenger trips, actual unlinked passenger trips, the difference between forecast and actual, and the percentage of variance;
   b. Total forecast change in unlinked passenger trips since the base year, the actual change, the difference between forecast and actual, and the percentage of variance;
   c. Total forecast change in unlinked passenger trips during the last biennium, the actual change, the difference between forecast and actual, and the percentage of variance;
   d. Total forecast bus vehicle hours, actual bus vehicle hours, the difference between forecast and actual, and the percentage of variance;
   e. Total forecast change in bus vehicle hours since the base year, the actual change, the difference between forecast and actual, and the percentage of variance;
   f. Total forecast change in bus vehicle hours during the last biennium, the actual change, the difference between forecast and actual, and the percentage of variance;

3. Detailed versions of all tables required as summary tables under subsection (2) of this section for each year from 1997 to 2020, to the extent available, for the Puget Sound region and each transit operator;

4. Charts with graphics that clearly and effectively depict short-term (base year to present) and long-term trends (base year to 2020) in unlinked passenger trips and bus vehicle hours for the Puget Sound region and each transit operator.

By June 1st of each year, all designated Puget Sound transit operators shall submit to the department of transportation an estimate of the number and percentage of discretionary passengers who rode their systems during the previous year and an estimate of the percentage of all vehicular trips made on transit within their service territories during the previous year. The department shall publish this data in its annual public transportation report as provided in RCW 35.58.2796. A discretionary passenger is a person with access to a single occupant vehicle who has chosen to ride transit instead of driving alone in an automobile.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 36. A new section is added to chapter 47.80 RCW to read as follows: A regional transportation planning organization for a county with a population of at least one million persons has the following duties:

1. Prepare and periodically update a transportation strategy for the region. The strategy must address alternative transportation modes and transportation demand management measures in regional corridors and shall recommend preferred transportation policies to implement adopted growth strategies. The strategy serves as a guide in preparation of the regional transportation plan.
At minimum, the regional strategy must address, at least every two years, a regional public transportation strategy addressing short-range (six-year) transportation system needs and deficiencies, as further described in this section, must be prepared, approved, and submitted to the department by December 15, 1997. The strategy must contain at least the following components: (a) Documentation of biennial progress implementing regionally significant public transportation system service, facility, and program improvements addressing regional public transportation system needs and deficiencies identified in the previous regional transportation strategy report; (b) documentation and evaluation, using the most recently available data, of the current performance of the regional public transportation system, summarized for the overall regional transportation system and also reported by mode for people movement; and (c) a component identifying priority regional public transportation corridor and subarea transportation system needs and deficiencies that should be addressed by public transportation providers in their subsequent six-year transportation improvement programs. The performance component of the regional strategy report must further specifically describe, at least for the public transportation element, how the most recent monitoring data available for actual transportation system performance compares with intended transportation system performance objectives developed for the regional transportation system consistent with strategies and policies adopted in the regional transportation plan.

(2) Prepare a regional transportation plan as set forth in RCW 47.80.030 that is consistent with county-wide planning policies if those policies have been adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW, with county, city, and town comprehensive plans, and state transportation plans. The plan must also be developed and updated to consider public transportation mobility needs for people in the regional transportation plans prepared by regional transportation planning organizations whose designated planning areas abut that area.

(3) Certify by December 31, 1998, that the six-year transit development plans prepared under RCW 35.58.2795 by municipalities defined in RCW 35.58.272 are consistent with the adopted regional transportation plan. Every two years thereafter, the certification must be reviewed for currency and consistency with subsequent updates of six-year transit development plans for such municipalities, and the executive board of the regional transportation planning organization shall either recertify or decertify each municipality based upon a determination of consistency between updated six-year transit development plans and the adopted regional transportation plan and the regional transportation system needs identified in regional transportation strategy reports. After December 31, 1998, certification or recertification of six-year transit development plans is a minimum requirement for municipalities defined in RCW 35.58.272 to be eligible to apply for discretionary fund account programs managed by the transportation improvement board.

(4) Where appropriate, certify that county-wide planning policies adopted under RCW 36.70A.210 and the adopted regional transportation plan are consistent.

(5) Develop, in cooperation with the department, operators of public transportation services, and local governments within the region, a six-year regional transportation improvement program that proposes regionally significant projects and programs and transportation demand management measures. The regional transportation improvement program must be based on the programs, projects, and transportation demand management measures of regional significance as identified by transit agencies, cities, and counties under RCW 35.58.2795, 35.77.010, and 36.81.121, respectively, and that address and support the priority regional transportation system needs and deficiencies identified in regional transportation strategy reports prepared under RCW 47.80.023(1). The program must include a priority list of projects and programs, project segments and programs, transportation demand management measures, and a specific financial plan that demonstrates how the transportation improvement program can be funded. The program must be updated at least every two years for the ensuing six-year period.

(6) Designate a lead planning agency to coordinate preparation of the regional transportation plan and carry out the other responsibilities of the organization. The lead planning agency may be a regional organization, a component county, city, or town agency, or the appropriate department district office.

Sec. 37. RCW 47.80.023 and 1994 c 158 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Each regional transportation planning organization (shall have) that does not contain a county with a population of more than one million persons has the following duties:
(1) Prepare and periodically update a transportation strategy for the region. The strategy shall address alternative transportation modes and transportation demand management measures in regional corridors and shall recommend preferred transportation policies to implement adopted growth strategies. The strategy shall serve as a guide in preparation of the regional transportation plan.

(2) Prepare a regional transportation plan as set forth in RCW 47.80.030 that is consistent with county-wide planning policies if such have been adopted pursuant to chapter 36.70A RCW, with county, city, and town comprehensive plans, and state transportation plans.

(3) Certify by December 31, 1996, that the transportation elements of comprehensive plans adopted by counties, cities, and towns within the region reflect the guidelines and principles developed pursuant to RCW 47.80.026, are consistent with the adopted regional transportation plan, and, where appropriate, conform with the requirements of RCW 36.70A.070.

(4) Where appropriate, certify that county-wide planning policies adopted under RCW 36.70A.210 and the adopted regional transportation plan are consistent.

(5) Develop, in cooperation with the department of transportation, operators of public transportation services and local governments within the region, a six-year regional transportation improvement program which proposes regionally significant transportation projects and programs and transportation demand management measures. The regional transportation improvement program shall be based on the programs, projects, and transportation demand management measures of regional significance as identified by transit agencies, cities, and counties pursuant to RCW 35.58.2795, 35.77.010, and 36.81.121, respectively. The program shall include a priority list of projects and programs, project segments and programs, transportation demand management measures, and a specific financial plan that demonstrates how the transportation improvement program can be funded. The program shall be updated at least every two years for the ensuing six-year period.

(6) Designate a lead planning agency to coordinate preparation of the regional transportation plan and carry out the other responsibilities of the organization. The lead planning agency may be a regional organization, a component county, city, or town agency, or the appropriate Washington state department of transportation district office.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 38. Sections 16 through 33 and 35 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 47 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 39. Sections 16 through 33 and 35 of this act take effect January 1, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 40. Section captions used in this act are not part of the law."

Renumber the sections following consecutively, and correct internal references and the title accordingly.

On page 7, line 23, after "percent" insert " as adjusted under section 32 of this act."

On page 6, line 7, after "RCW 35.58.273" strike everything through "persons" on line 11

On page 6, line 28, after "audit." insert "The auditor shall undertake in the first year of the audits, those audits of municipalities located in a county with a population of at least one million persons, and those municipalities located in a county of at least four hundred thousand persons and bordering a county with a population of at least one million persons. Audits must include, where warranted, an emphasis on the operating costs per vehicle hour for those agencies and those costs in relation to other systems of comparable size."

Representative Radcliff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fisher spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 55-YEAS; 43-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.
The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Mitchell spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Fisher, Cooper, Odgen, Conway, Gardner and Murray spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1872.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1872 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 55, Nays - 43, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1872, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1866, by Representatives Chandler, Linville, Lisk, Delvin and Schoesler

Allowing for the creation of environmental excellence program agreements.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 was substituted for House Bill No. 1866 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 was read the second time.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (355)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The purpose of this act is to create a voluntary program authorizing environmental excellence program agreements with persons regulated under the environmental laws of the state of Washington, and directing agencies of the state of Washington to solicit and support the development of agreements that use innovative environmental measures or strategies to achieve environmental results more effectively or efficiently.

Agencies shall encourage environmental excellence program agreements that favor or promote pollution prevention, source reduction, or improvements in practices that are transferable to other interested entities or that can achieve better overall environmental results than required by otherwise applicable rules and requirements.

In enacting this chapter it is not the intent of the legislature that agencies apply state environmental standards inconsistently in conducting remedial actions for hazardous waste under state
law, such that these state standards could be waived under section 121 of the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation and liability act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 9261).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Agency of the state of Washington" or "state, regional, or local agency" means an agency, board, department, authority, or commission that administers environmental laws.

(2) "Coordinating agency" means the state, regional, or local agency with the primary regulatory responsibility for the proposed environmental excellence program agreement. If multiple agencies have jurisdiction to administer state environmental laws affected by an environmental excellence agreement, the department of ecology shall designate or act as the coordinating agency.

(3) "Director" means the individual or body of individuals in whom the ultimate legal authority of an agency is vested by any provision of law. If the agency head is a body of individuals, a majority of those individuals constitutes the director.

(4) "Environmental laws" means chapters 43.21A, 70.94, 70.95, 70.95B, 70.105, 70.119A, 75.20, 90.48, 90.52, 90.58, 90.64, and 90.71 RCW, and RCW 90.54.020 and rules adopted under those chapters and section. The term environmental laws as used in this chapter does not include any provision of the Revised Code of Washington, or of any municipal ordinance or enactment, that regulates the selection of a location for a new facility.

(5) "Facility" means a site or activity that is regulated under any of the provisions of the environmental laws.

(6) "Legal requirement" includes any statute, rule, order, or environmental permit.

(7) "Sponsor" means the owner or operator of a facility, including a municipal corporation, subject to regulation under the environmental laws of the state of Washington, or an authorized representative of the owner or operator, that submits a proposal for an environmental excellence program agreement.

(8) "Stakeholder" means a person who has a direct interest in the proposed environmental excellence program agreement or who represents a public interest in the proposed environmental excellence program agreement. Stakeholders may include communities near the project, local or state governments, permittees, businesses, environmental and other public interest groups, or similar entities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. An environmental excellence program agreement entered into under this chapter must achieve more effective or efficient environmental results. More effective environmental results are results that are better overall than those that would be achieved when compared to the legal requirements superseded or replaced by the agreement. More efficient environmental results are results that are achieved at reduced cost but do not decrease the overall environmental results achieved by the participating facility. The basis for comparison shall be a reasonable estimate of the overall impact of the facility on the environment prior to an environmental excellence program agreement. With a reasonable allowance for an increase in production or for facility expansion or modification, an environmental excellence agreement may not authorize a decrease in the overall environmental results achieved by the participating facility over a representative period prior to the date on which the agreement is proposed by the sponsor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The director of a state, regional, or local agency may enter into an environmental excellence program agreement with any sponsor, even if one or more of the terms of the environmental excellence program agreement would be inconsistent with an otherwise applicable legal requirement. An environmental excellence program agreement must meet the requirements of section 3 of this act. Otherwise applicable legal requirements inconsistent with the terms of an environmental excellence program agreement shall be superseded and replaced in accordance with section 9 of this act.

(2) The director of a state, regional, or local agency may enter into an environmental excellence program agreement only to the extent the state, regional, or local agency has jurisdiction to administer state environmental laws either directly or indirectly through the adoption of rules.

(3) Where a sponsor proposes an environmental excellence program agreement that would affect environmental requirements applicable to the covered facility that are administered by more than one state, regional, or local agency, the coordinating agency shall take the lead in developing the
environmental excellence program agreement with the sponsor and other agencies administering legal requirements applicable to the covered facility and affected by the agreement. To be effective, the environmental excellence program agreement must be signed by the director of each agency administering legal requirements affected by the agreement and applicable to the covered facility.

(4) No director may enter into an environmental excellence program agreement applicable to a remedial action conducted under the Washington model toxics control act, chapter 70.105D RCW, or the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation and liability act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 9601 et seq). No action taken under this chapter shall be deemed a waiver of any applicable, relevant, or appropriate requirements for any remedial action conducted under the Washington model toxics control act or the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation and liability act.

(5) The directors of state, regional, or local agencies shall not enter into an environmental excellence program agreement or a modification of an environmental excellence program agreement containing terms affecting legal requirements adopted to comply with provisions of a federal regulatory program and to which the responsible federal agency objects after notice under the terms of section 8(4) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) A sponsor may propose an environmental excellence program agreement. A trade association or other authorized representative of a sponsor or sponsors may propose a programmatic environmental excellence program agreement for multiple facilities.

(2) A sponsor must submit, at a minimum, the following information and other information that may be requested by the director or directors required to sign the agreement:

(a) A statement that describes how the proposal is consistent with the purpose of this chapter and the project approval criteria in section 3 of this act;

(b)(i) For a site-specific proposal, a comprehensive description of the proposed environmental excellence project that includes the nature of the facility and the operations that will be affected, how the facility or operations will achieve results more effectively or efficiently, and the nature of the results anticipated; or

(ii) For a programmatic proposal, a comprehensive description of the proposed environmental excellence project that identifies the facilities and the operations that are expected to participate, how participating facilities or operations will achieve environmental results more effectively or efficiently, the nature of the results anticipated, and the method to identify and document the commitments made by individual participants;

(c) An environmental checklist, containing sufficient information to reasonably inform the public of the nature of the proposed environmental excellence program agreement and describing probable significant adverse environmental impacts and environmental benefits expected from implementation of the proposal;

(d) A draft environmental excellence program agreement;

(e) A description of the stakeholder process as provided in section 6 of this act;

(f) A preliminary identification of the permit amendments or modifications that may be necessary to implement the proposed environmental excellence program agreement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) Stakeholder participation in and support for an environmental excellence program agreement is vital to the integrity of the environmental excellence program agreement and helps to inform the decision whether an environmental excellence program agreement can be approved.

(2) A proposal for an environmental excellence program agreement shall include the sponsor's plan to identify and contact stakeholders, to advise stakeholders of the facts and nature of the project, and to request stakeholder participation and review. Stakeholder participation and review shall occur during the development, consideration, and implementation stages of the proposed environmental excellence program agreement. The plan shall include notice to the employees of the facility to be covered by the proposed environmental excellence program agreement and public notice in the area of the covered facility.

(3) The coordinating agency will identify any additional provisions for the stakeholder process that the director of the coordinating agency, in the director's sole discretion, considers appropriate to the success of the stakeholder process, and provide for notice to the United States environmental protection agency or other responsible federal agency of each proposed environmental excellence program agreement that may affect legal requirements of any program administered by that agency.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. An environmental excellence program agreement must contain the following terms and conditions:

(1) An identification of all legal requirements that are superseded or replaced by the environmental excellence program agreement;

(2) A description of all legal requirements that are enforceable as provided in section 13(2) of this act that are different from those legal requirements applicable in the absence of the environmental excellence program agreement;

(3) A description of the voluntary goals that are or will be pursued by the sponsor;

(4) A statement describing how the environmental excellence program agreement will achieve the purposes of this chapter;

(5) A statement describing how the environmental excellence program agreement will be implemented, including a list of steps and an implementation schedule;

(6) A statement that the proposed environmental excellence program agreement will not increase overall worker safety risks or cause an unjust or disproportionate and inequitable distribution of environmental risks among diverse economic and cultural communities;

(7) A summary of the stakeholder process that was followed in the development of the environmental excellence program agreement;

(8) A statement describing how any participating facility shall measure and demonstrate its compliance with the environmental excellence program agreement including, without limitation, a description of the methods to be used to monitor performance, criteria that represent acceptable performance, and the method of reporting performance to the public and local communities;

(9) A description of and plan for public participation in the implementation of the environmental excellence program agreement and for public access to information needed to assess the benefits of the environmental excellence program agreement and the sponsor’s compliance with the environmental excellence program agreement;

(10) A schedule of periodic performance review of the environmental excellence program agreement by the directors that signed the agreement;

(11) Provisions for voluntary and involuntary termination of the agreement;

(12) The duration of the environmental excellence program agreement and provisions for renewal;

(13) Statements approving the environmental excellence program agreement made by the sponsor and by or on behalf of directors of each state, regional, or local agency administering legal requirements that are affected by the agreement and are applicable to the covered facility;

(14) Additional terms as requested by the directors signing the environmental excellence program agreement and consistent with this chapter;

(15) Draft permits or permit modifications as needed to implement the environmental excellence program agreement;

(16) With respect to a programmatic environmental excellence program agreement, state the method with which to identify and document the specific commitments to be made by individual participants.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) The coordinating agency shall provide at least thirty days after notice has been published in a newspaper under subsection (2) of this section for public comment on a proposal to enter into or modify an environmental excellence program agreement. The coordinating agency may provide for an additional period of public comment if required by the complexity of the proposed environmental excellence program agreement and the degree of public interest. Before the start of the comment period, the coordinating agency shall prepare a proposed agreement, a public notice and a fact sheet. The fact sheet shall: (a) Briefly describe the principal facts and the significant factual, legal, methodological and policy questions considered by the directors signing the agreement, and the directors' proposed decisions; and (b) briefly describe how the proposed action meets the requirements of section 3 of this act.

(2) The coordinating agency shall publish notice of the proposed agreement in the Washington State Register and in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the facility or facilities covered by the proposed environmental excellence program agreement. The notice shall generally describe the agreement or modification; the facilities to be covered; summarize the changes in legal requirements that will result from the agreement; summarize the reasons for approving the agreement or modifications; identify an agency person to contact for additional information; state that the
proposed agreement or modification and fact sheet are available on request; and state that comments
can be submitted to the agency during the comment period. The coordinating agency may order a
public informational meeting or a public hearing to receive oral comments if the written comments
during the comment period demonstrate considerable public interest in the proposed agreement.

(3) The coordinating agency shall prepare and make available a responsiveness summary indicating
the agencies’ actions taken in response to comments and the reasons for those actions.

(4) With respect to an environmental excellence program agreement that affects legal
requirements adopted to comply with provisions of a federal regulatory program, the coordinating
agency shall provide a copy of the environmental excellence program agreement, and a copy of the
notice required by subsection (1) of this section, to the federal agency that is responsible for
administering that program at least thirty days before entering into or modifying the environmental
excellence program agreement, and shall afford the federal agency the opportunity to object to those
terms of the environmental excellence program agreement or modification of an environmental
excellence program agreement affecting the legal requirements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal
requirement identified under section 6(1) of this act shall be superseded in accordance with the terms of
the environmental excellence program agreement. Legal requirements contained in a permit that are
affected by an environmental excellence program agreement will continue to be enforceable until such
time as the permit is revised in accordance with subsection (2) of this section. With respect to any other
legal requirements, the legal requirements contained in the environmental excellence program
agreement, are effective as provided by the environmental excellence program agreement, and the
facility or facilities covered by an environmental excellence program agreement shall comply with the
terms of the environmental excellence program agreement in lieu of the legal requirements that are
superseded and replaced by the approved environmental excellence program agreement.

(2) Any permits affected by an environmental excellence program agreement shall be revised to
conform to the environmental excellence program agreement by the agency with jurisdiction. The
permit revisions will be completed within one hundred twenty days of the effective date of the
agreement in accordance with otherwise applicable procedural requirements, including, where
applicable, public notice and the opportunity for comment, and the opportunity for review and
objection by federal agencies.

(3) Other than as revised, superseded, or replaced as provided in an approved environmental
excellence program agreement, any existing permit requirements remain in effect and are enforceable.

(4) A programmatic environmental excellence program agreement shall become applicable to
an individual facility when the director or directors entering into the programmatic agreement approve
the owner or operator’s commitment to comply with the agreement. A programmatic agreement may
not take effect, however, until notice and an opportunity to comment for the individual facility has been
provided in accordance with the requirements of section 8 (1) through (3) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) A decision by the directors of state, regional, or local agencies
to approve a proposed environmental excellence program agreement, or to terminate or modify an
approved environmental excellence program agreement, is subject to judicial review in superior court.
For purposes of judicial review, the court may grant relief from the decision to approve or modify an
environmental excellence program agreement only if it determines that the action: (a) Violates
constitutional provisions; (b) exceeds the statutory authority of the agency; (c) was arbitrary and
capricious; or (d) was taken without compliance with the procedures provided by this chapter.
However, the decision of the director or directors shall be accorded substantial deference by the court.
A decision not to enter into or modify an environmental excellence program agreement and a decision
not to accept a commitment under section 9(4) of this act to comply with the terms of a programmatic
environmental excellence agreement are within the sole discretion of the directors of the state, regional,
or local agencies and are not subject to review.

(2) An appeal from a decision to approve or modify a facility specific or a programmatic
environmental excellence program agreement is not timely unless filed with the superior court and
served on the parties to the environmental excellence program agreement within thirty days of the date
on which the agreement or modification is signed by the director. For an environmental excellence
program agreement or modification signed by more than one director, there is only one appeal, and the
time for appeal shall run from the last date on which the agreement or modification is signed by a
director.

(3) A decision to accept the commitment of a specific facility to comply with the terms of a
programmatic environmental excellence program agreement, or to modify the application of an
agreement to a specific facility, is subject to judicial review as described in subsection (1) of this
section. An appeal is not timely unless filed with the superior court and served on the directors signing
the agreement, the sponsor, and the owner or operator of the specific facility within thirty days of the
date the director or directors that signed the programmatic agreement approve the owner or operator’s
commitment to comply with the agreement. For a programmatic environmental excellence program
agreement or modification signed by more than one director, there shall be only one appeal and the
time for appeal shall run from the last date on which a director approves the commitment.

(4) The issuance of permits and permit modifications is subject to review under otherwise
applicable law.

(5) An appeal of a decision by a director under section 11 of this act to terminate in whole or in
part a facility specific or programmatic environmental excellence program agreement is not timely
unless filed with the superior court and served on the director within thirty days of the date on which
notice of the termination is issued under section 11(2) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. (1) In addition to any termination provisions contained in an
environmental excellence program agreement, a director of an agency may terminate an environmental
excellence program agreement in whole or in part with respect to a legal requirement administered by
that agency, if the director finds: (a) That after notice and a reasonable opportunity to cure, the covered
facility is in violation of a material requirement of the agreement; (b) that the facility has repeatedly
violated any requirements of the agreement; (c) that the operation of the facility under the agreement
has caused an imminent and substantial endangerment to public health that cannot be remedied by
modification of the agreement; or (d) the facility has failed to make substantial progress in achieving
the voluntary goals identified under section 6(3) of this act, and these goals are material to the overall
objectives of the agreement.

(2) A director of an agency terminating an environmental excellence program agreement in any
respect shall provide each of the parties to the agreement with a written notice of that action specifying
the extent to which the environmental excellence program agreement is to be terminated, the factual
and legal basis for termination, and a description of the opportunity for judicial review of the decision
to terminate the environmental excellence program agreement.

(3) If a director terminates less than the entire environmental excellence program agreement,
the owner or operator of the covered facility may elect to terminate the entire agreement as it applies to
the facility.

(4) If a director decides to terminate an environmental excellence program agreement because
the facility has not been able to meet the legal requirements established under the agreement, or
because operation of the facility under the agreement has caused an imminent and substantial
endangerment to public health, as provided in subsection (1)(c) of this section, the director may
establish in the notice of termination: (a) Practical interim requirements for the facility that are no less
stringent than the legal requirements that would apply to the facility in the absence of the agreement;
and (b) a practical schedule of compliance for meeting the interim requirements. The interim
requirements and schedule of compliance shall be subject to judicial review under the provisions of
section 10(5) of this act. The facility shall comply with the interim requirements established under this
subsection after they are final and no longer subject to judicial review until applicable permits or permit
modifications have been issued under section 12 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. After a termination under section 11 of this act is final and no
longer subject to judicial review, the sponsor has sixty days in which to apply for any permit or
approval affected by any terminated portion of the environmental excellence program agreement. An
application filed during the sixty-day period shall be deemed a timely application for renewal of a
permit under the terms of any applicable law. Except as provided in section 11(4) of this act, the terms
and conditions of the environmental excellence program agreement and of permits issued will continue
in effect until a final permit or approval is issued. If the sponsor fails to submit a timely or complete
application, any affected permit or approval may be modified at any time that is consistent with
applicable law.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. (1) The legal requirements contained in the environmental excellence program agreement in accordance with section 7(2) of this act are enforceable commitments of the facility covered by the agreement. Any violation of these legal requirements is subject to penalties and remedies to the same extent as the legal requirements that they superseded or replaced.

(2) The voluntary goals stated in the environmental excellence program agreement in accordance with section 7(3) of this act are voluntary commitments of the facility covered by the agreement. If the facility fails to meet these goals, it shall not be subject to any form of enforcement action, including penalties, orders, or any form of injunctive relief. The failure to make substantial progress in meeting these goals may be a basis on which to terminate the environmental excellence program agreement under section 11 of this act.

(3) Nothing in this chapter limits the authority of an agency, the attorney general, or a prosecuting attorney to initiate an enforcement action for violation of any applicable legal requirement. However, no civil, criminal, or administrative action may be brought with respect to any legal requirement that is superseded or replaced under the terms of an environmental excellence program agreement.

(4) This chapter does not create any new authority for citizen suits, and does not alter or amend other statutory provisions authorizing citizen suits.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. An environmental excellence program agreement may contain a reduced fee schedule with respect to a program applicable to the covered facility or facilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A decision to approve an environmental excellence program agreement is not subject to the requirements of the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, including the requirement to prepare an environmental impact statement under RCW 43.21C.031. However, the consideration of a proposed environmental excellence program agreement will integrate an assessment of environmental impacts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. Any state, regional, or local agency administering programs under an environmental law may adopt rules or ordinances to implement this chapter. However, it is not necessary that an agency adopt rules or ordinances in order to consider or enter into environmental excellence program agreements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. The director of the department of ecology shall appoint an advisory committee to review the effectiveness of the environmental excellence program agreement program and to make a recommendation to the legislature concerning the continuation, termination, or modification of the program. The committee also may make recommendations it considers appropriate for revision of any regulatory program that is affected by an environmental excellence program agreement. The committee shall be composed of one representative each from two state agencies, two representatives of the regulated community, and two representatives of environmental organizations or other public interest groups. The committee must submit a report and its recommendation to the legislature not later than October 31, 2001. The department of ecology shall provide the advisory committee with such support as they may require.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. (1) Agencies authorized to enter into environmental excellence program agreements may assess and collect a fee to recover the costs of processing environmental excellence program agreement proposals. The amount of the fee may not exceed the direct and indirect costs of processing the environmental excellence program agreement proposal. Processing includes, but is not limited to: Working with the sponsor to develop the agreement, meeting with stakeholder groups, conducting public meetings and hearings, and preparing a record of the decision to enter into or modify an agreement.

(2) Agencies assessing fees may graduate the initial fees for processing an environmental excellence program agreement proposal to account for the size of the sponsor and to make the environmental excellence program agreement program more available to small businesses. An agency may exercise its discretion to waive all or any part of the fees.

(3) Sponsors may voluntarily contribute funds to the administration of an agency's environmental excellence program agreement program.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. The authority of a director to enter into a new environmental excellence program agreement program shall be terminated June 30, 2002. Environmental excellence program agreements entered into before June 30, 2002, shall remain in force and effect subject to the provisions of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 43.21A RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 70.94 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. A new section is added to chapter 70.95 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 70.95B RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. A new section is added to chapter 70.105 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. A new section is added to chapter 70.119A RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 1 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 1 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. A new section is added to chapter 90.52 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the
terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 29. A new section is added to chapter 90.58 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 30. A new section is added to chapter 90.64 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 31. A new section is added to chapter 90.71 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

Sec. 32. RCW 90.54.020 and 1989 c 348 s 1 are each amended to read as follows: Utilization and management of the waters of the state shall be guided by the following general declaration of fundamentals:

(1) Uses of water for domestic, stock watering, industrial, commercial, agricultural, irrigation, hydroelectric power production, mining, fish and wildlife maintenance and enhancement, recreational, and thermal power production purposes, and preservation of environmental and aesthetic values, and all other uses compatible with the enjoyment of the public waters of the state, are declared to be beneficial.

(2) Allocation of waters among potential uses and users shall be based generally on the securing of the maximum net benefits for the people of the state. Maximum net benefits shall constitute total benefits less costs including opportunities lost.

(3) The quality of the natural environment shall be protected and, where possible, enhanced as follows:

(a) Perennial rivers and streams of the state shall be retained with base flows necessary to provide for preservation of wildlife, fish, scenic, aesthetic and other environmental values, and navigational values. Lakes and ponds shall be retained substantially in their natural condition. Withdrawals of water which would conflict therewith shall be authorized only in those situations where it is clear that overriding considerations of the public interest will be served.

(b) Waters of the state shall be of high quality. Regardless of the quality of the waters of the state, all wastes and other materials and substances proposed for entry into said waters shall be provided with all known, available, and reasonable methods of treatment prior to entry. Notwithstanding that standards of quality established for the waters of the state would not be violated, wastes and other materials and substances shall not be allowed to enter such waters which will reduce the existing quality thereof, except in those situations where it is clear that overriding considerations of the public interest will be served. Technology-based effluent limitations or standards for discharges for municipal water treatment plants located on the Chehalis, Columbia, Cowlitz, Lewis, or Skagit river shall be adjusted to reflect credit for substances removed from the plant intake water if:

(i) The municipality demonstrates that the intake water is drawn from the same body of water into which the discharge is made; and

(ii) The municipality demonstrates that no violation of receiving water quality standards or appreciable environmental degradation will result.

(4) Adequate and safe supplies of water shall be preserved and protected in potable condition to satisfy human domestic needs.

(5) Multiple-purpose impoundment structures are to be preferred over single-purpose structures. Due regard shall be given to means and methods for protection of fishery resources in the planning for and construction of water impoundment structures and other artificial obstructions.
(6) Federal, state, and local governments, individuals, corporations, groups and other entities shall be encouraged to carry out practices of conservation as they relate to the use of the waters of the state. In addition to traditional development approaches, improved water use efficiency and conservation shall be emphasized in the management of the state’s water resources and in some cases will be a potential new source of water with which to meet future needs throughout the state.

(7) Development of water supply systems, whether publicly or privately owned, which provide water to the public generally in regional areas within the state shall be encouraged. Development of water supply systems for multiple domestic use which will not serve the public generally shall be discouraged where water supplies are available from water systems serving the public.

(8) Full recognition shall be given in the administration of water allocation and use programs to the natural interrelationships of surface and ground waters.

(9) Expressions of the public interest will be sought at all stages of water planning and allocation discussions.

(10) Water management programs, including but not limited to, water quality, flood control, drainage, erosion control and storm runoff are deemed to be in the public interest.

(11) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this section, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 33. The environmental excellence account is hereby created in the state treasury. All fees and voluntary contributions collected by state agencies under section 18 of this act shall be deposited into the account. Except for unanticipated receipts under RCW 43.79.260 through 43.79.282, moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for purposes consistent with the environmental excellence program created under sections 2 through 19 of this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 34. Sections 2 through 19 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.

Correct the title.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment (355) to the amendment by Representative Chandler: (365)

On page 2, line 26, strike "or similar entities" and insert "employees or employee representatives, or other organizations"

On page 5, after line 18, insert the following:

"(3) The coordinating agency shall extend an invitation to participate in the development of the proposal to a broad and representative sector of the public likely to be affected by the environmental excellence program agreement, including representatives of local community, labor, environmental, and neighborhood advocacy groups. The coordinating agency shall select participants to be included in the stakeholder process that are representative of the diverse sectors of the public that are interested in the agreement. The stakeholder process shall include the opportunity for discussion and comment at multiple stages of the process and access to the information relied upon by the directors in approving the agreement."

Renumber the remaining subsection consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representative Linville and Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment to the amendment was adopted.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment (356) to the amendment by Representative Chandler: (365)
On page 6, line 17, after "communities" insert ". The facility’s compliance with the agreement must be independently verifiable"

Representative Linville and Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment to the amendment was adopted.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment (357) to the amendment by Representative Chandler: (365)

On page 7, line 29, strike "may" and insert "shall"

Representative Linville and Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was amendment 365 as amendment.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Linville and Chopp spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Regala, Conway, Dunshee and Lantz spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 69, Nays - 29, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1578.

Representative H. Sommers and Conway spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1578 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 81, Nays - 17, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1578, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1201, by Representatives Buck, Johnson, Sheldon, Blalock, Regala, Linville, Hatfield, Kessler, Tokuda, Anderson, Morris, Zellinsky, Dunn, Conway, Doumit, Ogden, Grant, Mastin, Butler and Murray

Providing for reauthorization of assistance to areas impacted by the rural natural resources crisis.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Huff moved the committee recommendation from the Committee on Appropriations, that the Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201 be substituted for House Bill No. 1201 and that the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Representative Huff spoke in favor of passage of the motion.

Representatives Kessler, Sheldon, Morris, Dunshee and Doumit spoke against passage of the motion.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be the motion to adopt the Committee on Appropriations recommendation.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the passage of the motion to adopt the Committee on Appropriations committee recommendation and the motion was passaged by the following vote: Yeas - 51, Nays - 47, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Bush, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Cooke, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dunn, Dyer, Hankins, Hickel,
Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck, Kessler, Sheldon, Hatfield, Dunshee and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Conway and Chopp spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 76, Nays - 22, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Appelwick, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Crouse, Dickerson, Fisher, Gombosky, Keiser, Kenney, Lisk, Mason, Murray, Ogden, Poulsen, Quall, Scott, Sommers, H., Tokuda and Veloria - 22.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2244, by Representatives Reams, Mulliken, Bush and Thompson

Revising the recommendations of the land use study commission.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 2244 was substituted for House Bill No. 2244 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 2244 was read the second time.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Reams: (393)
On page 1, line 12, after "Sec. 1." insert "A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:"

On page 2, line 13, after "life." insert "The legislature recognizes that there will be a variety of interpretations by counties of how best to implement a rural element, reflecting the diverse needs and local circumstances found across the state. RCW 36.70A.070(5) provides a framework for local elected officials to make these determinations."

On page 2, line 23, after "grant" insert "substantial"

On page 7, beginning on line 33, strike "but shall develop a written" and insert "and the boards shall give substantial deference to the"

Representatives Reams and Romero spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Mulliken moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mulliken: (385)

On page 1, line 15, after "importance of" insert "both agricultural and"

On page 1, line 18, after "actions." strike "Rural" and insert "Agricultural and rural"

On page 4, line 34, after "refers to" insert "non-agricultural and non-forestry"

On page 9, line 31, after "36.70A.365" insert "and does not prohibit agricultural, forestry, or resource-based nonresidential uses"

Representative Mulliken and Romero spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Gardner spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Reams: (394)

On page 3, line 17, after "(a)" strike "Documented wetlands" and insert "Wetlands"

On page 3, line 18, after "((on))" strike "that is necessary for the health of" and insert "on"

Representative Reams and Romero spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Mastin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mastin: (383)

On page 8, beginning on line 4, after "services" strike all material through "uses" on line 6
On page 9, beginning on line 4, after "uses" strike all material through "sprawl" on line 10
On page 9, line 16, after "that" strike ", as of July 1, 1990.

Representative Mastin and Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Romero, Gardner and Lantz spoke against adoption of the amendment.
The amendment was adopted.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Reams: (391)

On page 18, line 1, after "provided in" strike "(b) and (c) of this subsection" and insert "subsections(3)(a) and (b) of this section"

Representative Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Reams: (390)

On page 20, after line 14, strike section 12 and insert the following:

"Sec. 12. RCW 36.70A.305 and 1996 c 325 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The court shall provide expedited review of (a determination of invalidity or) an order (effectuating) that includes a determination of invalidity made or issued under RCW 36.70A.300(, The matter must be set for hearing within sixty days of the date set for submitting the board's record, absent a showing of good cause for a different date or a stipulation of the parties) and section 15 of this act.

(2) If the court finds that the board properly determined that a county, city, or agency action substantially interferes with the fulfillment of the goals of the growth management act, it shall issue a final order affirming the decision of the board.

(3) If the court finds that the board properly determined that a county, city, or agency's comprehensive plans, development regulations, or amendments thereto merited a determination of invalidity, the court shall remand the matter for the board's continuing jurisdiction under section 15 of this act."

On page 21, after line 6, strike section 14 and insert the following:

"Sec. 14. RCW 36.70A.330 and 1995 c 347 s 112 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After the time set for complying with the requirements of this chapter under RCW 36.70A.300(1)(b)) 36.70A.300(3)(b) has expired,((or at an earlier time upon the motion of a county or city subject to a determination of invalidity under RCW 36.70A.300,)) the board shall set a hearing for the purpose of determining whether the state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

(2) The board shall conduct a hearing and issue a finding of compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter. A person with standing to challenge the legislation enacted in response to the board's final order may participate in the hearing along with the petitioner and the state agency, (city, or) county, or city. A hearing under this subsection shall be given the highest priority of business to be conducted by the board, and a finding shall be issued within forty-five days of the filing of the motion under subsection (1) of this section with the board. The board shall issue any order necessary to make adjustments to the compliance schedule and set additional hearings as provided in subsection (4) of this section.

(3) If the board after a compliance hearing finds that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance, the board shall transmit its finding to the governor. The board may recommend to the governor the sanctions authorized by this chapter be imposed. The board shall take into consideration the county's or city's efforts to meet its compliance schedule in making the decision to recommend sanctions to the governor.

(4) In a compliance hearing upon petition of a party, the board shall also reconsider its final order and decide: 

(a) If a determination of invalidity has been made, whether such a determination should be rescinded or modified under the standards in RCW 36.70A.300(2); or

(b) If no determination of invalidity has been made, whether one now should be made under the standards in RCW 36.70A.300(2)) under section 15 of this act. The board shall schedule additional hearings as appropriate pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
A county or city subject to an order of invalidity issued before the effective date of section 11 of this act, by motion may request the board to review the order of invalidity in light of the section 11, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 11 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.300, the section 14, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 14 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.330, and section 16 of this act. If a request is made, the board shall rescind or modify the order of invalidity as necessary to make it consistent with the section 11, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 11 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.300, the section 14, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 14 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.330, and section 16 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
(1) A board may determine that part or all of a comprehensive plan or development regulations are invalid if the board:
   (a) Makes a finding of noncompliance and issues an order of remand under RCW 36.70A.300;
   (b) Includes in the final order a determination, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the continued validity of part or parts of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter; and
   (c) Specifies in the final order the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.
   (d) A determination of invalidity shall take effect immediately and shall remain in effect for no longer than thirty days unless otherwise ordered by a reviewing court as provided in RCW 36.70A.305.

(2) A determination of invalidity is prospective in effect and does not extinguish rights that vested under state or local law before receipt by the city or county. The determination of invalidity does not apply to a completed development permit application and related construction permits for a project that vested under state or local law on or before the date of the board’s order.

(3) (a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, a completed development permit application not vested under state or local law on or before the date of the board’s determination of invalidity vests to the local ordinance or resolution that is determined by the board not to substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.
   (b) Even though it is not vested under state or local law before receipt by the county or city of the board’s order, a determination of invalidity does not apply to a completed development permit application for:
      (i) A permit for construction by any owner, lessee, or contract purchaser of a single-family residence for his or her own use or for the use of his or her family on a lot existing before receipt by the county or city of the board’s order, except as otherwise specifically provided in the board’s order to protect the public health and safety;
      (ii) A building permit and related construction permits for remodeling or expansion of an existing structure on a lot existing before receipt by the county or city; and
      (iii) A boundary line adjustment or a division of land that does not increase the number of buildable lots existing before receipt by the county or city.

(4) If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (1) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand.

(5) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may adopt interim controls and other measures to be in effect until it adopts a comprehensive plan and development regulations that comply with the requirements of this chapter. A development permit application may vest under an interim control or measure upon determination by the board that the interim controls and other measures do not substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(6) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may file a motion requesting that the board clarify, modify, or rescind the order. The board shall expeditiously schedule a hearing on the motion. At the hearing on the motion, the parties may present information to the board to clarify the part or parts of the comprehensive plan or development regulations to which the final order applies. The board shall issue any supplemental order based on the information provided at the hearing not later than thirty days after the date of the hearing.
(7)(a) If a determination of invalidity has been made and the county or city has enacted an ordinance or resolution amending the invalidated part or parts of the plan or regulation or establishing interim controls on development affected by the order of invalidity, after a compliance hearing, the board shall modify or rescind the determination of invalidity if it determines under the standard in subsection (1) of this section that the plan or regulation, as amended or made subject to such interim controls, will no longer substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(b) If the board determines that part or parts of the plan or regulation are no longer invalid as provided in this subsection, but does not find that the plan or regulation is in compliance with all of the requirements of this chapter, the board, in its order, may require periodic reports to the board on the progress the jurisdiction is making towards compliance.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly. Correct the title.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Romero and Gardner spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Reams: (392)

On page 41, after line 23, insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. Section 33 of this act shall take effect if, by July 1, 1998, the legislature finds, after considering the recommendations of the land use study commission, that there is no continuing need for the growth management hearings boards."

Renumber the remaining sections.

Representatives Reams and Anderson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Romero and Lantz spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Reams: (389)

On page 42, line 21, strike all of section 36.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative H. Sommers spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sherstad moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sherstad: (386)

On page 23, beginning on line 9, strike all of sections 17 and 18 and insert the following:
"Sec. 17. RCW 36.70A.110 and 1995 c 400 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall designate an urban growth area or areas within which urban growth shall be encouraged and outside of which growth can occur only if it is not urban in nature. Each city that is located in such a county shall be included within an urban growth area. An urban growth area may include more than a single city. An urban growth area may include territory that is located outside of a city only if such territory already is
characterized by urban growth whether or not the urban growth area includes a city, or is adjacent to territory already characterized by urban growth, or is a designated new fully contained community as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(2) Based upon the growth management population projection made for the county by the office of financial management, the county and each city within the county shall include areas and densities within urban growth areas sufficient to permit the urban growth that is projected to occur in the county or city for the succeeding twenty-year period. Each urban growth area shall permit urban densities and shall include greenbelt and open space areas. An urban growth area determination may include a reasonable land market supply factor and shall permit a range of urban densities and uses. In determining this market factor, cities and counties may consider local circumstances. Cities and counties have discretion in their comprehensive plans to make many choices about accommodating growth.

Within one year of July 1, 1990, each county that as of June 1, 1991, was required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, shall begin consulting with each city located within its boundaries and each city shall propose the location of an urban growth area. Within sixty days of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall begin this consultation with each city located within its boundaries. The county shall attempt to reach agreement with each city on the location of an urban growth area within which the city is located. If such an agreement is not reached with each city located within the urban growth area, the county shall justify in writing why it so designated the area an urban growth area. A city may object formally with the department over the designation of the urban growth area within which it is located. Where appropriate, the department shall attempt to resolve the conflicts, including the use of mediation services.

(3) Urban growth should be located first in areas already characterized by urban growth that have adequate existing public facility and service capacities to serve such development, second in areas already characterized by urban growth that will be served adequately by a combination of both existing public facilities and services and any additional needed public facilities and services that are provided by either public or private sources, and third in the remaining portions of the urban growth areas. Urban growth may also be located in designated new fully contained communities as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(4) In general, cities are the units of local government most appropriate to provide urban governmental services. In general, it is not appropriate that urban governmental services be extended to or expanded in rural areas except in those limited circumstances shown to be necessary to protect basic public health and safety and the environment and when such services are financially supportable at rural densities and do not permit urban development.

(5) On or before October 1, 1993, each county that was initially required to plan under RCW 36.70A.040(1) shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Within three years and three months of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Adoption of the interim urban growth areas may only occur after public notice; public hearing; and compliance with the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, and RCW 36.70A.110. Such action may be appealed to the appropriate growth management hearings board under RCW 36.70A.280. Final urban growth areas shall be adopted at the time of comprehensive plan adoption under this chapter.

(6) Each county shall include designations of urban growth areas in its comprehensive plan.

Sec. 18. RCW 36.70A.130 and 1995 c 347 s 106 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each comprehensive land use plan and development regulations shall be subject to continuing ((evaluation and)) review and evaluation by the county or city that adopted them. Not later than September 1, 2002, and at least every five years thereafter, a county or city shall take action to review and, if needed, revise its comprehensive land use plan and development regulations to ensure that the plan and regulations are complying with the requirements of this chapter. The review and evaluation required by this subsection may be combined with the review required by subsection (3) of this section.
Any amendment or revision to a comprehensive land use plan shall conform to this chapter, and any change to development regulations shall be consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan.

(2)(a) Each county and city shall establish and broadly disseminate to the public a public participation program identifying procedures whereby proposed amendments or revisions of the comprehensive plan are considered by the governing body of the county or city no more frequently than once every year except that amendments may be considered more frequently under the following circumstances:

(i) The initial adoption of a subarea plan; and

(ii) The adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program under the procedures set forth in chapter 90.58 RCW.

(b) All proposals shall be considered by the governing body concurrently so the cumulative effect of the various proposals can be ascertained. However, after appropriate public participation a county or city may adopt amendments or revisions to its comprehensive plan that conform with this chapter whenever an emergency exists or to resolve an appeal of a comprehensive plan filed with a growth management hearings board or with the court.

(3) Each county that designates urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110 shall review, at least every ten years, its designated urban growth area or areas, and the densities permitted within both the incorporated and unincorporated portions of each urban growth area. In conjunction with this review by the county, each city located within an urban growth area shall review the densities permitted within its boundaries, and the extent to which the urban growth occurring within the county has located within each city and the unincorporated portions of the urban growth areas. The county comprehensive plan designating urban growth areas, and the densities permitted in the urban growth areas by the comprehensive plans of the county and each city located within the urban growth areas, shall be revised to accommodate the urban growth projected to occur in the county for the succeeding twenty-year period. The review required in this subsection may be combined with the review and evaluation required in section 19 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the limitations in subsection (7) of this section, a county shall adopt, in consultation with its cities, county-wide planning policies to establish a review and evaluation program. This program shall be in addition to the requirements of RCW 36.70A.110, 36.70A.130, and 36.70A.210. In developing and implementing the review and evaluation program required by this section, the county and its cities shall consider information from other appropriate jurisdictions and sources. The purpose of the review and evaluation program shall be to:

(a) Determine whether a county and its cities are achieving urban densities within urban growth areas by comparing growth and development assumptions, targets and objectives contained in the county-wide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans with actual growth and development that has occurred in the county and its cities; and

(b) Identify reasonable measures, other than adjusting urban growth areas, that will be taken to comply with this chapter.

(2) The review and evaluation program shall:

(a) Encompass land uses and activities both within and outside of urban growth areas and provide for annual collection of data on urban and rural land uses, development, critical areas, and capital facilities to the extent necessary to determine the quantity and type of land suitable for development, both for residential and employment-based activities;

(b) Provide for evaluation of the data collected under (a) of this subsection every five years as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The first evaluation shall be completed not later than September 1, 2002. The county and its cities may establish in the county-wide planning policies indicators, benchmarks, and other similar criteria to use in conducting the evaluation;

(c) Provide for methods to resolve disputes among jurisdictions relating to the county-wide planning policies required by this section and procedures to resolve inconsistencies in collection and analysis of data; and

(d) Provide for the amendment of the county-wide policies and county and city comprehensive plans as needed to remedy inconsistencies identified through the evaluation required by this section, or to bring these policies into compliance with this chapter.
(3) At a minimum, the evaluation component of the program required in subsection (1) of this section shall:
   (a) Determine whether there is sufficient suitable land to accommodate the county-wide population projection established for the county pursuant to RCW 43.62.035 and the subsequent population allocations within the county and between the county and its cities and the requirements of RCW 36.70A.110;
   (b) Determine the actual density of housing that has been constructed and the actual amount of land developed for commercial and industrial uses within the urban growth area since the adoption of a comprehensive plan under this chapter or since the last periodic evaluation as required by subsection (1) of this section; and
   (c) Based on the actual density of development as determined under (b) of this subsection, review commercial, industrial, and housing needs by type and density range to determine the amount of land needed for commercial, industrial, and housing for the remaining portion of the twenty-year planning period used in the most recently adopted comprehensive plan.

(4) If the evaluation required in subsection (3) of this section demonstrates an inconsistency between what has occurred since the adoption of the county-wide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans and development regulations and what was envisioned in those policies and plans and the planning goals and the requirements of this chapter, as the inconsistency relates to the evaluation factors specified in subsection (3) of this section, the county and its cities shall adopt and implement measures that are reasonably likely to increase consistency during the subsequent five-year period. If necessary, a county, in consultation with its cities as required by RCW 36.70A.210, shall adopt amendments to county-wide planning policies to increase consistency. The county and its cities shall annually monitor the measures adopted under this subsection to determine their effect and may revise or rescind them as appropriate.

(5)(a) Not later than July 1, 1998, the department shall prepare a list of methods used by counties and cities in carrying out the types of activities required by this section. The department shall provide this information and appropriate technical assistance to counties and cities required to or choosing to comply with the provisions of this section.
   (b) By December 31, 2007, the department shall submit to the appropriate committees of the legislature a report analyzing the effectiveness of the activities described in this section in achieving the goals envisioned by the county-wide planning policies and the comprehensive plans and development regulations of the counties and cities.

(6) From funds appropriated by the legislature for this purpose, the department shall provide grants to counties, cities, and regional planning organizations required under subsection (7) of this section to conduct the review and perform the evaluation required by this section.

(7) This section applies to counties, and the cities within those counties, that were greater than one hundred fifty thousand in population in 1995 as determined by office of financial management population estimates and that are located west of the crest of the Cascade mountain range. Any other county planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may carry out the review, evaluation, and amendment programs and procedures as provided in this section.

Sec. 20. RCW 43.62.035 and 1995 c 162 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The office of financial management shall determine the population of each county of the state annually as of April 1st of each year and on or before July 1st of each year shall file a certificate with the secretary of state showing its determination of the population for each county. The office of financial management also shall determine the percentage increase in population for each county over the preceding ten-year period, as of April 1st, and shall file a certificate with the secretary of state by July 1st showing its determination. At least once every ((ten)) five years or upon the availability of decennial census data, whichever is later, the office of financial management shall prepare twenty-year growth management planning population projections required by RCW 36.70A.110 for each county that adopts a comprehensive plan under RCW 36.70A.040 and shall review these projections with such counties and the cities in those counties before final adoption. The county and its cities may provide to the office such information as they deem relevant to the office’s projection, and the office shall consider and comment on such information before adoption. Each projection shall be expressed as a reasonable range developed within the standard state high and low projection. The middle range shall represent the office’s estimate of the most likely population projection for the county. If any city or county believes that a projection will not accurately reflect actual population growth in a county, it may
petition the office to revise the projection accordingly. The office shall complete the first set of ranges for every county by December 31, 1995.

A comprehensive plan adopted or amended before December 31, 1995, shall not be considered to be in noncompliance with the twenty-year growth management planning population projection if the projection used in the comprehensive plan is in compliance with the range later adopted under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 42.17 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter, a county or city that provides maps or other standard or customized products from an electronic geographic information system may establish fees by ordinance or resolution for providing the services and products to persons who request them. The county or city shall base the fees on the recovery of the actual cost of providing the electronic services and products and a reasonable portion of the cost of developing and maintaining them.

(2) A county or city may by ordinance or resolution establish standards for the reduction or waiver of the fees if the services and products are to be used for noncommercial public purposes, including but not limited to the support of other agencies, the support of public benefit nonprofit activities, public information or education, academic research, or other purposes that the county or city determines are beneficial to the public. The county or city shall apply the fee reductions or waivers uniformly for each noncommercial use.

(3) A county or city shall not recover through fees authorized by this section costs paid for by another governmental entity.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. To ensure that there will be no unfunded mandates imposed on counties and cities, if funds for the purposes of section 21 of this act are not provided in the 1997-99 biennial budget by June 30, 1997, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, section number, and subject matter, section 21 of this act is null and void.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Correct the title.

Representative Sherstad and Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Romero spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Romero: (395)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. In enacting the section 4(5), chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (section 4(5) of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.070(5), the legislature finds that chapter 36.70A RCW is intended to recognize the importance of rural lands and rural character to Washington's economy, its people, and its environment, while respecting regional differences. Rural lands and rural-based economies enhance the economic desirability of the state, help to preserve traditional economic activities, and contribute to the state's overall quality of life. The legislature also finds that in developing its rural element under RCW 36.70A.070(5), a county should foster land use patterns and develop a local vision of rural character that: Will help preserve rural-based economies and traditional rural lifestyles; will foster opportunities for small-scale, rural-based employment and self-employment; will permit the operation of rural-based commercial, recreational, and tour businesses that are consistent with existing and planned land use patterns; be compatible with the use of the land by wildlife and for fish and wildlife habitat; will foster the private stewardship of the land and preservation of open space; and will enhance the rural sense of community and quality of life.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
In amending RCW 36.70A.320(3) by section 16(3), chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 16(3) of this act), the legislature intends that the boards apply a more deferential standard of review to actions of counties and cities than the preponderance of the evidence standard provided for under existing law. In recognition of the broad range of discretion that may be exercised by counties and cities consistent with the requirements of this chapter, the legislature intends for the boards to grant deference to counties and cities in how they plan for growth, consistent with the requirements and goals of this chapter. Local comprehensive plans and development regulations require counties and cities to balance priorities and options for action in full consideration of local circumstances. The legislature finds that while this chapter requires local planning to take place within a framework of state goals and requirements, the ultimate burden and responsibility for planning and implementing a county’s or city’s future rests with that community.

Sec. 3. RCW 36.70A.030 and 1995 c 382 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Adopt a comprehensive land use plan" means to enact a new comprehensive land use plan or to update an existing comprehensive land use plan.

(2) "Agricultural land" means land primarily devoted to the commercial production of horticultural, viticultural, floricultural, dairy, apiary, vegetable, or animal products or of berries, grain, hay, straw, turf, seed, Christmas trees not subject to the excise tax imposed by RCW 84.33.100 through 84.33.140, finfish in upland hatcheries, or livestock, and that has long-term commercial significance for agricultural production.

(3) "City" means any city or town, including a code city.

(4) "Comprehensive land use plan," "comprehensive plan," or "plan" means a generalized coordinated land use policy statement of the governing body of a county or city that is adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(5) "Critical areas" include the following areas and ecosystems: (a) Wetlands; (b) areas with a critical recharging effect on aquifers used for potable water; (c) fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas; (d) frequently flooded areas; and (e) geologically hazardous areas.

(6) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and economic development.

(7) "Development regulations" or "regulation" means the controls placed on development or land use activities by a county or city, including, but not limited to, zoning ordinances, critical areas ordinances, shoreline master programs, official controls, planned unit development ordinances, subdivision ordinances, and binding site plan ordinances together with any amendments thereto. A development regulation does not include a decision to approve a project permit application, as defined in RCW 36.70B.020, even though the decision may be expressed in a resolution or ordinance of the legislative body of the county or city.

(8) "Forest land" means land primarily devoted to growing trees for long-term commercial timber production on land that can be economically and practically managed for such production, including Christmas trees subject to the excise tax imposed under RCW 84.33.100 through 84.33.140, and that has long-term commercial significance. In determining whether forest land is primarily devoted to growing trees for long-term commercial timber production on land that can be economically and practically managed for such production, the following factors shall be considered: (a) The proximity of the land to urban, suburban, and rural settlements; (b) surrounding parcel size and the compatibility and intensity of adjacent and nearby land uses; (c) long-term local economic conditions that affect the ability to manage for timber production; and (d) the availability of public facilities and services conducive to conversion of forest land to other uses.

(9) "Geologically hazardous areas" means areas that because of their susceptibility to erosion, sliding, earthquake, or other geological events, are not suited to the siting of commercial, residential, or industrial development consistent with public health or safety concerns.

(10) "Long-term commercial significance" includes the growing capacity, productivity, and soil composition of the land for long-term commercial production, in consideration with the land’s proximity to population areas, and the possibility of more intense uses of the land.

(11) "Minerals" include gravel, sand, and valuable metallic substances.

(12) "Public facilities" include streets, roads, highways, sidewalks, street and road lighting systems, traffic signals, domestic water systems, storm and sanitary sewer systems, parks and recreational facilities, and schools.
"Public services" include fire protection and suppression, law enforcement, public health, education, recreation, environmental protection, and other governmental services.

"Rural character" refers to the patterns of land use and development established by a county:

(a) In which open space, the natural landscape, and vegetation predominate over the built environment;
(b) That foster traditional rural lifestyles and rural-based economies, including small-scale raising of livestock, production of food for local consumption, cottage industries, and handcrafts;
(c) That provide visual landscapes that are traditionally found in rural areas and communities;
(d) That are compatible with the use of the land by wildlife and for fish and wildlife habitat;
(e) That reduce the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land into sprawling, low-density development;
(f) That generally do not require the extension of urban governmental services; and
(g) That are consistent with the protection of natural surface water flows and ground water and surface water recharge and discharge areas.

"Rural development" refers to development outside the urban growth area and outside agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. Rural development can consist of a variety of uses and residential densities, including clustered residential development, at levels that are consistent with the preservation of rural character and the requirements of the rural element.

"Rural governmental services" or "rural services" include those public services and public facilities historically and typically delivered at an intensity usually found in rural areas, and may include domestic water systems, fire and police protection services, transportation and public transit services, and other public utilities associated with rural development and normally not associated with urban areas. Rural services do not include storm or sanitary sewers, except as otherwise authorized by RCW 36.70A.110(4).

"Urban growth" refers to growth that makes intensive use of land for the location of buildings, structures, and impermeable surfaces to such a degree as to be incompatible with the primary use of (such) land for the production of food, other agricultural products, or fiber, or the extraction of mineral resources, rural uses, rural development, and natural resource lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. A pattern of more intensive rural development, as provided in RCW 36.70A.070(5)(d), is not urban growth. When allowed to spread over wide areas, urban growth typically requires urban governmental services. "Characterized by urban growth" refers to land having urban growth located on it, or to land located in relationship to an area with urban growth on it as to be appropriate for urban growth.

"Urban growth areas" means those areas designated by a county pursuant to RCW 36.70A.110.

"Urban governmental services" or "urban services" include those public services and public facilities at an intensity historically and typically provided in cities, specifically including storm and sanitary sewer systems, domestic water systems, street cleaning services, fire and police protection services, public transit services, and other public utilities associated with urban areas and normally not associated with rural areas.

"Wetland" or "wetlands" means areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Wetlands do not include those artificial wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland sites, including, but not limited to, irrigation and drainage ditches, grass-lined swales, canals, detention facilities, wastewater treatment facilities, farm ponds, and landscape amenities, or those wetlands created after July 1, 1990, that were unintentionally created as a result of the construction of a road, street, or highway. Wetlands may include those artificial wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland areas created to mitigate conversion of wetlands.

Sec. 4. RCW 36.70A.070 and 1996 c 239 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The comprehensive plan of a county or city that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall consist of a map or maps, and descriptive text covering objectives, principles, and standards used to develop the comprehensive plan. The plan shall be an internally consistent document.
and all elements shall be consistent with the future land use map. A comprehensive plan shall be adopted and amended with public participation as provided in RCW 36.70A.140.

Each comprehensive plan shall include a plan, scheme, or design for each of the following:

1. A land use element designating the proposed general distribution and general location and extent of the uses of land, where appropriate, for agriculture, timber production, housing, commerce, industry, recreation, open spaces, general aviation airports, public utilities, public facilities, and other land uses. The land use element shall include population densities, building intensities, and estimates of future population growth. The land use element shall provide for protection of the quality and quantity of ground water used for public water supplies. Where applicable, the land use element shall review drainage, flooding, and storm water runoff in the area and nearby jurisdictions and provide guidance for corrective actions to mitigate or cleanse those discharges that pollute waters of the state, including Puget Sound or waters entering Puget Sound.

2. A housing element ensuring the vitality and character of established residential neighborhoods that: (a) Includes an inventory and analysis of existing and projected housing needs; (b) includes a statement of goals, policies, objectives, and mandatory provisions for the preservation, improvement, and development of housing, including single-family residences; (c) identifies sufficient land for housing, including, but not limited to, government-assisted housing, housing for low-income families, manufactured housing, multifamily housing, and group homes and foster care facilities; and (d) makes adequate provisions for existing and projected needs of all economic segments of the community.

3. A capital facilities plan element consisting of: (a) An inventory of existing capital facilities owned by public entities, showing the locations and capacities of the capital facilities; (b) a forecast of the future needs for such capital facilities; (c) the proposed locations and capacities of expanded or new capital facilities; (d) at least a six-year plan that will finance such capital facilities within projected funding capacities and clearly identifies sources of public money for such purposes; and (e) a requirement to reassess the land use element if probable funding falls short of meeting existing needs and to ensure that the land use element, capital facilities plan element, and financing plan within the capital facilities plan element are coordinated and consistent.

4. A utilities element consisting of the general location, proposed location, and capacity of all existing and proposed utilities, including, but not limited to, electrical lines, telecommunication lines, and natural gas lines.

5. Rural development. Counties shall include a rural element including lands that are not designated for urban growth, agriculture, forest, or mineral resources. The following provisions shall apply to the rural element:

   a. Growth management act goals and local circumstances. Because circumstances vary from county to county, in establishing patterns of rural densities and uses, a county may consider local circumstances, but shall develop a written record explaining how the rural element harmonizes the planning goals in RCW 36.70A.020 and meets the requirements of this chapter.

   b. Rural development. The rural element shall permit appropriate land uses that are compatible with the rural character of such lands and provide for a variety of rural densities and uses, essential public facilities, and rural governmental services needed to serve the permitted densities and uses. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, residential and nonresidential uses shall not require urban services and nonresidential uses shall be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population and existing nonresidential uses. In order to achieve a variety of rural densities and uses, counties may provide for clustering, density transfer, design guidelines, conservation easements, and other innovative techniques that will accommodate appropriate rural densities and uses that are not characterized by urban growth and that are consistent with rural character.

   c. Measures governing rural development. The rural element shall include measures that apply to rural development and protect the rural character of the area, as established by the county, by:

      (i) Containing or otherwise controlling rural development;

      (ii) Assuring visual compatibility of rural development with the surrounding rural area;

      (iii) Reducing the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land into sprawling, low-density development in the rural area;

      (iv) Protecting critical areas, as provided in RCW 36.70A.060, and surface water and ground water resources; and
Protecting against conflicts with the use of agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170.

Limited areas of more intensive rural development. Subject to the requirements of this subsection and except as otherwise specifically provided in this subsection (5)(d), the rural element may allow for limited areas of more intensive rural development, including necessary public facilities and public services to serve the limited area as follows:

(i) Rural development consisting of the infill, development, or redevelopment of existing commercial, industrial, residential, or mixed-use areas, whether characterized as shoreline development, villages, hamlets, rural activity centers, or crossroads developments. A commercial, industrial, residential, shoreline, or mixed-use area shall have been in existence before July 1, 1990, and shall be subject to the requirements of (d)(iv) of this subsection, but shall not be subject to the requirements of (c)(ii) and (iii) of this subsection. An industrial area is not required to be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population as required by (b) of this subsection;

(ii) The intensification of development on lots containing, or new development of, small-scale recreational or tourist uses, including commercial facilities to serve those recreational or tourist uses, that rely on a rural location and setting, but that do not include residential development. A small-scale recreation or tourist use is not required to be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population as required by (b) of this subsection. Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the recreation or tourist use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(iii) The intensification of development on lots containing isolated nonresidential uses that are not principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population and nonresidential uses and that were in existence before the date by which the county was required to have adopted a comprehensive plan under RCW 36.70A.040. Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the isolated nonresidential use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(iv) A county shall adopt measures to minimize and contain the existing areas or uses of more intensive rural development, as appropriate, authorized under this subsection. Lands included in such existing areas or uses shall not extend beyond the logical outer boundary of the existing area or use, thereby allowing a new pattern of low-density sprawl. Existing areas are those that, as of July 1, 1990, are clearly identifiable and contained and where there is a logical boundary delineated predominately by the built environment, but that may also include undeveloped lands if limited as provided in this subsection. The county shall establish the logical outer boundary of an area of more intensive rural development. In establishing the logical outer boundary the county shall address (A) the need to preserve the character of existing natural neighborhoods and communities, (B) physical boundaries such as bodies of water, streets and highways, and land forms and contours, (C) the prevention of abnormally irregular boundaries, and (D) the ability to provide public facilities and public services in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl.

(e) Exception. This subsection shall not be interpreted to permit in the rural area a major industrial development or a master planned resort unless otherwise specifically permitted under RCW 36.70A.360 and 36.70A.365.

(6) A transportation element that implements, and is consistent with, the land use element. The transportation element shall include the following subelements:

(a) Land use assumptions used in estimating travel;

(b) Facilities and services needs, including:

(i) An inventory of air, water, and ground transportation facilities and services, including transit alignments and general aviation airport facilities, to define existing capital facilities and travel levels as a basis for future planning;

(ii) Level of service standards for all arterials and transit routes to serve as a gauge to judge performance of the system. These standards should be regionally coordinated;

(iii) Specific actions and requirements for bringing into compliance any facilities or services that are below an established level of service standard;

(iv) Forecasts of traffic for at least ten years based on the adopted land use plan to provide information on the location, timing, and capacity needs of future growth;

(v) Identification of system expansion needs and transportation system management needs to meet current and future demands;

(c) Finance, including:
(i) An analysis of funding capability to judge needs against probable funding resources;
(ii) A multiyear financing plan based on the needs identified in the comprehensive plan, the appropriate parts of which shall serve as the basis for the six-year street, road, or transit program required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems;
(iii) If probable funding falls short of meeting identified needs, a discussion of how additional funding will be raised, or how land use assumptions will be reassessed to ensure that level of service standards will be met;
(d) Intergovernmental coordination efforts, including an assessment of the impacts of the transportation plan and land use assumptions on the transportation systems of adjacent jurisdictions;
(e) Demand-management strategies.

After adoption of the comprehensive plan by jurisdictions required to plan or who choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, local jurisdictions must adopt and enforce ordinances which prohibit development approval if the development causes the level of service on a transportation facility to decline below the standards adopted in the transportation element of the comprehensive plan, unless transportation improvements or strategies to accommodate the impacts of development are made concurrent with the development. These strategies may include increased public transportation service, ride sharing programs, demand management, and other transportation systems management strategies. For the purposes of this subsection (6) "concurrent with the development" shall mean that improvements or strategies are in place at the time of development, or that a financial commitment is in place to complete the improvements or strategies within six years.

The transportation element described in this subsection, and the six-year plans required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems, must be consistent.

Sec. 5. RCW 36.70A.160 and 1992 c 227 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each county and city that is required or chooses to prepare a comprehensive land use plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall identify open space corridors within and between urban growth areas. They shall include lands useful for recreation, wildlife habitat, trails, and connection of critical areas as defined in RCW 36.70A.030.
(2) Identification of a corridor under this section by a county or city shall not restrict the use or management of lands within the corridor for agricultural or forest purposes. Restrictions on the use or management of such lands for agricultural or forest purposes imposed after identification solely to maintain or enhance the value of such lands as a corridor may occur only if:
   (a) The county or city acquires sufficient interest to prevent development of the lands or to control the resource development of the lands; or
   (b) A private or public nonprofit organization acquires sufficient interest to prevent development of the lands or to control the resource development of the lands.
(3) The requirement for acquisition of sufficient interest does not include those corridors regulated by the interstate commerce commission, under provisions of 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1247(d), 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1248, or 43 U.S.C. Sec. 912. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted to alter the authority of the state, or a county or city, to regulate land use activities.
(4) The city or county may acquire by donation or purchase the fee simple or lesser interests in these open space corridors using funds authorized by RCW 84.34.230 or other sources.

Sec. 6. RCW 36.70A.190 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall establish a program of technical and financial assistance and incentives to counties and cities to encourage and facilitate the adoption, evaluation, refinement, and implementation of comprehensive plans and development regulations throughout the state. The department may provide information and technical assistance to the public to encourage an informed process leading to the adoption and implementation of comprehensive plans and development regulations.
(2) The department shall develop a priority list and establish funding levels for planning and technical assistance grants both for counties and cities that plan under RCW 36.70A.040. Priority for assistance shall be based on a county’s or city’s population growth rates, commercial and industrial development rates, the existence and quality of a comprehensive plan and development regulations, and other relevant factors.
(3) The department shall develop and administer a grant program to provide direct financial assistance to counties and cities for the preparation of comprehensive plans under this chapter. The department may establish provisions for county and city matching funds to conduct activities under this subsection. Grants may be expended for any purpose directly related to the preparation of a county or city comprehensive plan as the county or city and the department may agree, including, without limitation, the conducting of surveys, inventories and other data gathering and management activities, the retention of planning consultants, contracts with regional councils for planning and related services, and other related purposes.

(4) The department shall establish a program of technical assistance:
   (a) Utilizing department staff, the staff of other state agencies, and the technical resources of counties and cities to help in the development of comprehensive plans required under this chapter. The technical assistance may include, but not be limited to, model land use ordinances, regional education and training programs, and information for local and regional inventories; and
   (b) Adopting by rule procedural criteria to assist counties and cities in adopting comprehensive plans and development regulations that meet the goals and requirements of this chapter. These criteria shall reflect regional and local variations and the diversity that exists among different counties and cities that plan under this chapter.

(5) The department shall provide mediation services to resolve disputes between counties and cities regarding, among other things, coordination of regional issues and designation of urban growth areas.

(6) The department shall provide planning grants to enhance citizen participation under RCW 36.70A.140.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The public participation requirements of this chapter shall include notice procedures that are reasonably calculated to provide notice to property owners and other affected and interested individuals, tribes, government agencies, businesses, and organizations of proposed amendments to comprehensive plans and development regulation. Examples of reasonable notice provisions include:
   (a) Posting the property for site-specific proposals;
   (b) Publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, city, or general area where the proposal is located or that will be affected by the proposal;
   (c) Notifying public or private groups with known interest in a certain proposal or in the type of proposal being considered;
   (d) Placing notices in appropriate regional, neighborhood, ethnic, or trade journals; and
   (e) Publishing notice in agency newsletters or sending notice to agency mailing lists, including general lists or lists for specific proposals or subject areas.

(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, if the legislative body for a county or city chooses to consider a change to an amendment to a comprehensive plan or development regulation, and the change is proposed after the opportunity for review and comment has passed under the county's or city's procedures, an opportunity for review and comment on the proposed change shall be provided before the local legislative body votes on the proposed change.
   (b) An additional opportunity for public review and comment is not required under (a) of this subsection if:
      (i) An environmental impact statement has been prepared under chapter 43.21C RCW for the pending resolution or ordinance and the proposed change is within the range of alternatives considered in the environmental impact statement;
      (ii) The proposed change is within the scope of the alternatives available for public comment;
      (iii) The proposed change only corrects typographical errors, corrects cross-references, makes address or name changes, or clarifies language of a proposed ordinance or resolution without changing its effect;
      (iv) The proposed change is to a resolution or ordinance making a capital budget decision as provided in RCW 36.70A.120; or
      (v) The proposed change is to a resolution or ordinance enacting a moratorium or interim control adopted under RCW 36.70A.390.

(3) This section is prospective in effect and does not apply to a comprehensive plan, development regulation, or amendment adopted before the effective date of this section.
Sec. 8. RCW 36.70A.130 and 1995 c 347 s 106 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each comprehensive land use plan and development regulations shall be subject to continuing evaluation and review by the county or city that adopted them.

Any amendment or revision to a comprehensive land use plan shall conform to this chapter, and any change to development regulations shall be consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan.

(2)(a) Each county and city shall establish and broadly disseminate to the public a public participation program identifying procedures whereby proposed amendments or revisions of the comprehensive plan are considered by the governing body of the county or city no more frequently than once every year except that amendments may be considered more frequently under the following circumstances:

(i) The initial adoption of a subarea plan; (and)

(ii) The adoption or amendment of a shoreline master plan under the procedures set forth in chapter 90.58 RCW; and

(iii) The amendment of the capital facilities element of a comprehensive plan that occurs concurrently with the adoption or amendment of a county or city budget.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in (a) of this subsection, all proposals shall be considered by the governing body concurrently so the cumulative effect of the various proposals can be ascertained. However, after appropriate public participation a county or city may adopt amendments or revisions to its comprehensive plan that conform with this chapter whenever an emergency exists or to resolve an appeal of a comprehensive plan filed with a growth management hearings board or with the court.

(3) Each county that designates urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110 shall review, at least every ten years, its designated urban growth area or areas, and the densities permitted within both the incorporated and unincorporated portions of each urban growth area. In conjunction with this review by the county, each city located within an urban growth area shall review the densities permitted within its boundaries, and the extent to which the urban growth occurring within the county has located within each city and the unincorporated portions of the urban growth areas. The county comprehensive plan designating urban growth areas, and the densities permitted in the urban growth areas by the comprehensive plans of the county and each city located within the urban growth areas, shall be revised to accommodate the urban growth projected to occur in the county for the succeeding twenty-year period.

Sec. 9. RCW 36.70A.270 and 1996 c 325 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Each growth management hearings board shall be governed by the following rules on conduct and procedure:

(1) Any board member may be removed for inefficiency, malfeasance, and misfeasance in office, under specific written charges filed by the governor. The governor shall transmit such written charges to the member accused and the chief justice of the supreme court. The chief justice shall thereupon designate a tribunal composed of three judges of the superior court to hear and adjudicate the charges. Removal of any member of a board by the tribunal shall disqualify such member for reappointment.

(2) Each board member shall receive reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in the discharge of his or her duties in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. If it is determined that the review boards shall operate on a full-time basis, each member shall receive an annual salary to be determined by the governor pursuant to RCW 43.03.040. If it is determined that a review board shall operate on a part-time basis, each member shall receive compensation pursuant to RCW 43.03.250, provided such amount shall not exceed the amount that would be set if they were a full-time board member. The principal office of each board shall be located by the governor within the jurisdictional boundaries of each board. The boards shall operate on either a part-time or full-time basis, as determined by the governor.

(3) Each board member shall not: (a) Be a candidate for or hold any other public office or trust; (b) engage in any occupation or business interfering with or inconsistent with his or her duty as a board member; and (c) for a period of one year after the termination of his or her board membership, act in a representative capacity before the board on any matter.

(4) A majority of each board shall constitute a quorum for making orders or decisions, adopting rules necessary for the conduct of its powers and duties, or transacting other official business, and may act even though one position of the board is vacant. One or more members may hold hearings
and take testimony to be reported for action by the board when authorized by rule or order of the board. The board shall perform all the powers and duties specified in this chapter or as otherwise provided by law.

(5) The board may appoint one or more hearing examiners to assist the board in its hearing function, to make conclusions of law and findings of fact and, if requested by the board, to make recommendations to the board for decisions in cases before the board. Such hearing examiners must have demonstrated knowledge of land use planning and law. The boards shall specify in their joint rules of practice and procedure, as required by subsection (7) of this section, the procedure and criteria to be employed for designating hearing examiners as a presiding officer. Hearing examiners selected by a board shall meet the requirements of subsection (3) of this section. The findings and conclusions of the hearing examiner shall not become final until they have been formally approved by the board. This authorization to use hearing examiners does not waive the requirement of RCW 36.70A.300 that final orders be issued within one hundred eighty days of board receipt of a petition.

(6) Each board shall make findings of fact and prepare a written decision in each case decided by it, and such findings and decision shall be effective upon being signed by two or more members of the board and upon being filed at the board’s principal office, and shall be open for public inspection at all reasonable times.

(7) All proceedings before the board, any of its members, or a hearing examiner appointed by the board shall be conducted in accordance with such administrative rules of practice and procedure as the boards jointly prescribe. All three boards shall jointly meet to develop and adopt joint rules of practice and procedure, including rules regarding expeditious and summary disposition of appeals. The boards shall publish such rules and decisions they render and arrange for the reasonable distribution of the rules and decisions. Except as it conflicts with specific provisions of this chapter, the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, and specifically including the provisions of RCW 34.05.455 governing ex parte communications, shall govern the practice and procedure of the boards.

(8) A board member or hearing examiner is subject to disqualification under chapter 34.05 RCW. The joint rules of practice of the boards shall establish procedures by which a party to a hearing conducted before the board may file with the board a motion to disqualify, with supporting affidavit, against a board member or hearing examiner assigned to preside at the hearing.

(9) The members of the boards shall meet jointly on at least an annual basis with the objective of sharing information that promotes the goals and purposes of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) A growth management hearings board may only take official notice of:
   (a) Any judicially cognizable facts, including adopted resolutions or ordinances of a county or city;
   (b) Technical or scientific facts within the board’s specialized knowledge; and
   (c) Codes or standards that have been adopted by an agency of the United States, of this state or of another state, or by a nationally recognized organization or association.

(2) Parties shall be notified either before or during the hearing, or by reference in preliminary reports or otherwise, of the material so noticed and the sources thereof, including any staff memoranda and data, and they shall be afforded an opportunity to contest the facts and material so noticed. A party proposing that official notice be taken may be required to produce a copy of the material to be noticed.

Sec. 11. RCW 36.70A.290 and 1995 c 347 s 109 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All requests for review to a growth management hearings board shall be initiated by filing a petition that includes a detailed statement of issues presented for resolution by the board. The board shall render written decisions articulating the basis for its holdings. The board shall not issue advisory opinions on issues not presented to the board in the statement of issues, as modified by any prehearing order.

(2) All petitions relating to whether or not an adopted comprehensive plan, development regulation, or permanent amendment thereto, is in compliance with the goals and requirements of this chapter or chapter 90.58 or 43.21C RCW must be filed within sixty days after publication by the legislative bodies of the county or city.
   (a) Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, the date of publication for a city shall be the date the city publishes the ordinance, or summary of the ordinance, adopting the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto, as is required to be published.
(b) Promptly after adoption, a county shall publish a notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto.

Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, for purposes of this section the date of publication for a county shall be the date the county publishes the notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto.

(c) For local governments planning under RCW 36.70A.040, promptly after approval or disapproval of a local government's shoreline master program or amendment thereto by the department of ecology as provided in RCW 90.58.090, the local government shall publish a notice that the shoreline master program or amendment thereto has been approved or disapproved by the department of ecology. For purposes of this section, the date of publication for the adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program is the date the local government publishes notice that the shoreline master program or amendment thereto has been approved or disapproved by the department of ecology.

(3) Unless the board dismisses the petition as frivolous or finds that the person filing the petition lacks standing, or the parties have filed an agreement to have the case heard in superior court as provided in section 12 of this act, the board shall, within ten days of receipt of the petition, set a time for hearing the matter.

(4) The board shall base its decision on the record developed by the city, county, or the state and supplemented with additional evidence if the board determines that such additional evidence would be necessary or of substantial assistance to the board in reaching its decision.

(5) The board, shall consolidate, when appropriate, all petitions involving the review of the same comprehensive plan or the same development regulation or regulations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The superior court may directly review a petition for review filed under RCW 36.70A.290 if all parties to the proceeding before the board have agreed to direct review in the superior court. The agreement of the parties shall be in writing and signed by all of the parties to the proceeding or their designated representatives. The agreement shall include the parties’ agreement to proper venue as provided in RCW 36.70A.300(5). The parties shall file their agreement with the board within ten days after the date the petition is filed, or if multiple petitions have been filed and the board has consolidated the petitions pursuant to RCW 36.70A.300, within ten days after the board serves its order of consolidation.

(2) Within ten days of receiving the timely and complete agreement of the parties, the board shall file a certificate of agreement with the designated superior court and shall serve the parties with copies of the certificate. The superior court shall obtain exclusive jurisdiction over a petition when it receives the certificate of agreement. The board shall file the certificate of agreement, the petition for review, and other required documents with the designated superior court and any orders entered by the board, all other documents in the board’s files regarding the action, and the written agreement of the parties.

(3) For purposes of a petition that is subject to direct review, the superior court’s subject matter jurisdiction shall be equivalent to that of the board. Consistent with the requirements of the superior court civil rules, the superior court may consolidate a petition subject to direct review under this section with a separate action filed in the superior court.

(4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, RCW 36.70A.280 through 36.70A.330, which specify the nature and extent of board review, apply to the superior court’s review.

(b) The superior court:

(i) Shall not have jurisdiction to directly review or modify an office of financial management population projection;

(ii) Except as otherwise provided in RCW 36.70A.300(2)(b), shall render its decision on the petition within one hundred eighty days of receiving the certification of agreement; and

(iii) Shall give a compliance hearing under RCW 36.70A.330(2) the highest priority of all civil matters before the court.

(c) An aggrieved party may secure appellate review of a final judgment of the superior court under this section by the supreme court or the court of appeals. The review shall be secured in the manner provided by law for review of superior court decisions in other civil cases.

(5) If, following a compliance hearing, the court finds that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance with the court’s prior order, the court may use its remedial and contempt powers to enforce compliance.
(6) The superior court shall transmit a copy of its decision and order to the board, the
department, and the governor. If the court has determined that a county or city is not in compliance
with the provisions of this chapter, the governor may impose sanctions against the county or city in the
same manner as if a board had recommended the imposition of sanctions as provided in RCW
36.70A.330.

(7) After the court has assumed jurisdiction over a petition for review under this section, the
superior court civil rules govern a request for intervention and all other procedural matters not
specifically provided for in this section.

Sec. 13. RCW 36.70A.300 and 1995 c 347 s 110 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The board shall issue a final order (within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the
petition for review, or, when multiple petitions are filed, within one hundred eighty days of receipt of
the last petition that is consolidated. Such a final order) that shall be based exclusively on whether or
not a state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, chapter 90.58
RCW as it relates to adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as
it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and amendments thereto, ((adopted)) under
RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW.

(2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the final order shall be issued within one
hundred eighty days of receipt of the petition for review, or, if multiple petitions are filed, within one
hundred eighty days of receipt of the last petition that is consolidated.

(b) The board may extend the period of time for issuing a decision to enable the parties to settle
the dispute if additional time is necessary to achieve a settlement, and (i) an extension is requested by
all parties, or (ii) an extension is requested by the petitioner and respondent and the board determines
that a negotiated settlement between the remaining parties could resolve significant issues in dispute.
The request must be filed with the board not later than seven days before the date scheduled for the
hearing on the merits of the petition. The board may authorize one or more extensions for up to ninety
days each, subject to the requirements of this section.

(3) In the final order, the board shall either:

(a) Find that the state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this
chapter ((or)), chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of shoreline master
programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and
amendments thereto, under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW; or

(b) Find that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance with the requirements of this
chapter ((or)), chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of shoreline master
programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and
amendments thereto, under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW, in which case the board shall
remand the matter to the affected state agency, county, or city ((and)). The board shall specify a
reasonable time not in excess of one hundred eighty days, or such longer period as determined by the
board in cases of unusual scope or complexity, within which the state agency, county, or city shall
comply with the requirements of this chapter. The board may require periodic reports to the board on
the progress the jurisdiction is making towards compliance.

(4) Unless the board makes a determination of invalidity as provided in section 14 of this
act, a finding of noncompliance and an order of remand shall not affect the validity of comprehensive
plans and development regulations during the period of remand((, unless the board's final order also:

(a) Includes a determination, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the
continued validity of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the
goals of this chapter; and

(b) Specifies the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be
invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.

(3) A determination of invalidity shall:

(a) Be prospective in effect and shall not extinguish rights that vested under state or local law
before the date of the board's order; and

(b) Subject any development application that would otherwise vest after the date of the board's
order to the local ordinance or resolution that both is enacted in response to the order of remand and
determined by the board pursuant to RCW 36.70A.330 to comply with the requirements of this
chapter.
(4) If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (2) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand.

(5) Any party aggrieved by a final decision of the hearings board may appeal the decision to superior court as provided in RCW 34.05.514 or 36.01.050 within thirty days of the final order of the board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) A board may determine that part or all of a comprehensive plan or development regulations are invalid if the board:
   (a) Makes a finding of noncompliance and issues an order of remand under RCW 36.70A.300;
   (b) Includes in the final order a determination, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the continued validity of part or parts of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter; and
   (c) Specifies in the final order the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.

(2) A determination of invalidity is prospective in effect and does not extinguish rights that vested under state or local law before receipt of the board’s order by the city or county. The determination of invalidity does not apply to a completed development permit application for a project that vested under state or local law before receipt of the board’s order by the county or city or to related construction permits for that project.

(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section and (b) of this subsection, a development permit application not vested under state or local law before receipt by the county or city of the board’s determination of invalidity vests to the local ordinance or resolution that is determined by the board not to substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.
   (b) Even though the application is not vested under state or local law before receipt by the county or city of the board’s order, a determination of invalidity does not apply to a development permit application for:
      (i) A permit for construction by any owner, lessee, or contract purchaser of a single-family residence for his or her own use or for the use of his or her family on a lot existing before receipt by the county or city of the board’s order, except as otherwise specifically provided in the board’s order to protect the public health and safety;
      (ii) A building permit and related construction permits for remodeling, tenant improvements, or expansion of an existing structure on a lot existing before receipt of the board’s order by the county or city; and
      (iii) A boundary line adjustment or a division of land that does not increase the number of buildable lots existing before receipt of the board’s order by the county or city.

(4) If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (1) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand.

(5) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may adopt interim controls and other measures to be in effect until it adopts a comprehensive plan and development regulations that comply with the requirements of this chapter. A development permit application may vest under an interim control or measure upon determination by the board that the interim controls and other measures do not substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(6) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may file a motion requesting that the board clarify, modify, or rescind the order. The board shall expeditiously schedule a hearing on the motion. At the hearing on the motion, the parties may present information to the board to clarify the part or parts of the comprehensive plan or development regulations to which the final order applies. The board shall issue any supplemental order based on the information provided at the hearing not later than thirty days after the date of the hearing.

(7)(a) If a determination of invalidity has been made and the county or city has enacted an ordinance or resolution amending the invalidated part or parts of the plan or regulation or establishing interim controls on development affected by the order of invalidity, after a compliance hearing, the board shall modify or rescind the determination of invalidity if it determines under the standard in
subsection (1) of this section that the plan or regulation, as amended or made subject to such interim controls, will no longer substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(b) If the board determines that part or parts of the plan or regulation are no longer invalid as provided in this subsection, but does not find that the plan or regulation is in compliance with all of the requirements of this chapter, the board, in its order, may require periodic reports to the board on the progress the jurisdiction is making towards compliance.

Sec. 15. RCW 36.70A.305 and 1996 c 325 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The court shall provide expedited review of ((a determination of invalidity or)) an order ((effectuating)) that includes a determination of invalidity made or issued under RCW 36.70A.300 and section 14 of this act. The matter must be set for hearing within sixty days of the date set for submitting the board’s record, absent a showing of good cause for a different date or a stipulation of the parties.

Sec. 16. RCW 36.70A.320 and 1995 c 347 s 111 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection ((2)) (5) of this section, comprehensive plans and development regulations, and amendments thereto, adopted under this chapter are presumed valid upon adoption.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4) of this section, the burden is on the petitioner to demonstrate that any action taken by a state agency, county, or city under this chapter is not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

(3) In any petition under this chapter, the board, after full consideration of the petition, shall determine whether there is compliance with the requirements of this chapter. In making its determination, the board shall consider the criteria adopted by the department under RCW 36.70A.190(4). The board shall find compliance unless it ((finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the state agency, county, or city erroneously interpreted or applied this chapter)) determines that the action by the state agency, county, or city is clearly erroneous in view of the entire record before the board and in light of the goals and requirements of this chapter.

(4) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity made under RCW 36.70A.300 or section 14 of this act has the burden of demonstrating that the ordinance or resolution it has enacted in response to the determination of invalidity will no longer substantially interfere with the goals of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act) under the standard in section 14(1) of this act.

(5) The shoreline element of a comprehensive plan and the applicable development regulations adopted by a county or city shall take effect as provided in chapter 90.58 RCW.

Sec. 17. RCW 36.70A.330 and 1995 c 347 s 112 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After the time set for complying with the requirements of this chapter under RCW 36.70A.300(1)(b) has expired, or at an earlier time upon the motion of a county or city subject to a determination of invalidity under RCW 36.70A.300, the board shall set a hearing for the purpose of determining whether the state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

(2) The board shall conduct a hearing and issue a finding of compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter and with any compliance schedule established by the board in its final order. A person with standing to challenge the legislation enacted in response to the board’s final order may participate in the hearing along with the petitioner and the state agency, county, or city. A hearing under this subsection shall be given the highest priority of business to be conducted by the board, and a finding shall be issued within forty-five days of the filing of the motion under subsection (1) of this section with the board. The board shall issue any order necessary to make adjustments to the compliance schedule and set additional hearings as provided in subsection (5) of this section.

(3) If the board after a compliance hearing finds that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance, the board shall transmit its finding to the governor. The board may recommend to the governor that the sanctions authorized by this chapter be imposed. The board shall take into consideration the county’s or city’s efforts to meet its compliance schedule in making the decision to recommend sanctions to the governor.
(4) In a compliance hearing upon petition of a party, the board shall also reconsider its final order and decide:

(a) If a determination of invalidity has been made, whether such a determination should be rescinded or modified under the standards in RCW 36.70A.300(2); or

(b) If no determination of invalidity has been made, whether one now should be made under the standards in RCW 36.70A.300(2)) under section 14 of this act.

(5) The board shall schedule additional hearings as appropriate pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

A county or city subject to an order of invalidity issued before the effective date of section 13 of this act, by motion may request the board to review the order of invalidity in light of the section 13, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 13 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.300, the section 17, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 17 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.330, and section 14 of this act. If a request is made, the board shall rescind or modify the order of invalidity as necessary to make it consistent with the section 13, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 13 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.300, and to the section 17, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 17 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.330, and section 14 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) A county or a city may use a variety of innovative zoning techniques in areas designated as agricultural lands of long-term commercial significance under RCW 36.70A.170. The innovative zoning techniques should be designed to conserve agricultural lands and encourage the agricultural economy. A county or city should encourage nonagricultural uses to be limited to lands with poor soils or otherwise not suitable for agricultural purposes.

(2) Innovative zoning techniques a county or city may consider include, but are not limited to:

(a) Agricultural zoning, which limits the density of development and restricts or prohibits nonfarm uses of agricultural land;

(b) Cluster zoning, which allows new development on one portion of the land, leaving the remainder in agricultural or open space uses;

(c) Large lot zoning, which establishes as a minimum lot size the amount of land necessary to achieve a successful farming practice;

(d) Quarter/quarter zoning, which permits one residential dwelling on a one-acre minimum lot for each one-sixteenth of a section of land; and

(e) Sliding scale zoning, which allows the number of lots for single-family residential purposes with a minimum lot size of one acre to increase inversely as the size of the total acreage increases.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) A county and its cities, as provided in subsection (7) of this section, shall establish a monitoring and evaluation program to determine their progress towards meeting the goals of this chapter.

(2) The monitoring program shall encompass land use and resources both within and outside of urban growth areas. The county and its cities shall use the county-wide planning policy process to work cooperatively among themselves and with state agencies, neighboring counties, regional planning organizations, tribes, and special purpose districts to develop and implement the monitoring required by this section.

(3) The evaluation component of the program required by subsection (1) of this section requires an evaluation of at least the land use elements, critical area protections, and capital facilities elements of the county-wide planning policies and county and city comprehensive plans in meeting the goals of this chapter and the policies established in the county-wide planning policy process, specifically including an analysis of the success of the county-wide planning policies and comprehensive plan towards meeting residential densities and uses. The evaluation shall be conducted every five years, with the first evaluation occurring within five years after the later of the date the county adopted its comprehensive plan or the last periodic review required by this chapter.

(4) If the evaluation required by subsection (3) of this section shows that the county or one or more of its cities are not making satisfactory progress towards meeting the goals of this chapter, the county and the cities shall consider and implement measures that will be effective in making progress
towards meeting the goals of this chapter and the policies established in the county-wide planning policies. The county and its cities shall annually monitor the measures that have been adopted to determine whether they are successful.

(5)(a) If, after three years of the annual monitoring required by subsection (3) of this section, the county and its cities demonstrate that the measures have not been effective in making progress towards meeting the goals of this chapter and the county-wide planning policy goals, the county may make adjustments to one or more urban growth areas that the county and its cities demonstrate are necessary to make progress towards the goals of this chapter and the county-wide planning policies.

(b) If, after the evaluation required by subsection (3) of this section, the county and its cities demonstrate that they have explored available measures and that those measures would not be effective in making progress towards meeting the goals of this chapter and the county-wide planning policies, the county may make adjustments to one or more urban growth areas that the county and its cities demonstrate are necessary to make satisfactory progress towards the goals of this chapter and the county-wide planning policies.

(6) From funds appropriated by the legislature for this purpose, the department shall provide grants to counties, cities, and regional planning organizations to conduct the monitoring and perform the evaluation required by this section.

(7) This section applies to the counties, and the cities within those counties, of Snohomish, King, Pierce, Kitsap, Thurston, and Clark.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 21. If funds for the purposes of section 20 of this act are not provided in the 1997-99 biennial budget by June 30, 1997, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, section number, and subject matter, section 20 of this act is null and void.

Sec. 22. RCW 36.70A.500 and 1995 c 347 s 116 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department of community, trade, and economic development shall provide management services for the fund created by RCW 36.70A.490. The department ((by rule)) shall establish procedures for fund management. The department shall encourage participation in the grant program by other public agencies. The department shall develop the grant criteria, monitor the grant program, and select grant recipients in consultation with state agencies participating in the grant program through the provision of grant funds or technical assistance.

(a) Improves the process for project permit review while maintaining environmental quality; or

(b) Encourages use of plans and information developed for purposes of complying with this chapter to satisfy requirements of other state programs.

(3) In order to qualify for a grant, a county or city shall:

(a) Demonstrate that it will prepare an environmental analysis pursuant to chapter 43.21C RCW and subsection (2) of this section that is integrated with a comprehensive plan ((or)), plan element, county-wide planning policy, development regulations, monitoring program, or other planning activity adopted under or implementing this chapter that:

(b) Address environmental impacts and consequences, alternatives, and mitigation measures in sufficient detail to allow the analysis to be adopted in whole or in part by ((subsequent)) applicants for development permits within the geographic area analyzed in the plan;

(c) Demonstrate that procedures for review of development permit applications will be based on the integrated plans and environmental analysis;

(d) Include mechanisms ((in the plan)) to monitor the consequences of growth as it occurs in the plan area and ((provide ongoing)) to use the resulting data to update the plan, policy, or implementing mechanisms and associated environmental analysis;

(e) Demonstrate substantial progress towards compliance with the requirements of this chapter. A county or city that is more than six months out of compliance with a requirement of this chapter is deemed not to be making substantial progress towards compliance; and
Provisional funding, which may include financial participation by the private sector.

(4) In awarding grants, the department shall give preference to proposals that include one or more of the following elements:

(a) Financial participation by the private sector, or a public/private partnering approach;
(b) Identification and monitoring of system capacities for elements of the built environment, and to the extent appropriate, of the natural environment;
(c) Coordination with state, federal, and tribal governments in project review;
(d) Furtherance of important state objectives related to economic development, protection of areas of state-wide significance, and siting of essential public facilities;
(e) Programs to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the permitting process by greater reliance on integrated plans and prospective environmental analysis;
(f) Programs for effective citizen and neighborhood involvement that contribute to greater likelihood that planning decisions can be implemented with community support; and
(g) Programs to identify environmental impacts and establish mitigation measures that provide effective means to satisfy concurrency requirements and establish project consistency with the plans.

(5) If the local funding includes funding provided by other state functional planning programs, including open space planning and watershed or basin planning, the functional plan shall be integrated into and be consistent with the comprehensive plan.

(6) State agencies shall work with grant recipients to facilitate state and local project review processes that will implement the projects receiving grants under this section.

Sec. 23. RCW 84.34.020 and 1992 c 69 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning is required by the context:

(1) "Open space land" means (a) any land area so designated by an official comprehensive land use plan adopted by any city or county and zoned accordingly, or (b) any land area, the preservation of which in its present use would (i) conserve and enhance natural or scenic resources, or (ii) protect streams or water supply, or (iii) promote conservation of soils, wetlands, beaches or tidal marshes, or (iv) enhance the value to the public of abutting or neighboring parks, forests, wildlife preserves, nature reservations or sanctuaries or other open space, or (v) enhance recreation opportunities, or (vi) preserve historic sites, or (vii) preserve visual quality along highway, road, and street corridors or scenic vistas, or (viii) retain in its natural state tracts of land not less than one acre situated in an urban area and open to public use on such conditions as may be reasonably required by the legislative body granting the open space classification, or (c) any land meeting the definition of farm and agricultural conservation land under subsection (8) of this section. As a condition of granting open space classification, the legislative body may not require public access on land classified under (b)(iii) of this subsection for the purpose of promoting conservation of wetlands.

(2) "Farm and agricultural land" means:

(a) Any parcel of land that is twenty or more acres or multiple parcels of land that are contiguous and total twenty or more acres
(i) Devoted primarily to the production of livestock or agricultural commodities for commercial purposes;
(ii) Enrolled in the federal conservation reserve program or its successor administered by the United States department of agriculture;
(iii) Other similar commercial activities as may be established by rule following consultation with the advisory committee established in section 19 of this act;
(b) Any parcel of land that is five acres or more but less than twenty acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses, which has produced a gross income from agricultural uses equivalent to, as of January 1, 1993:
(i) One hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993; and
On or after January 1, 1993, two hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter;

(c) Any parcel of land of less than five acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses which has produced a gross income as of January 1, 1993, of:

(i) One thousand dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993; and

(ii) On or after January 1, 1993, fifteen hundred dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter.

Parcels of land described in (b)(i) and (c)(i) of this subsection shall, upon any transfer of the property excluding a transfer to a surviving spouse, be subject to the limits of (b)(ii) and (c)(ii) of this subsection.

Agricultural lands shall also include such incidental uses as are compatible with agricultural purposes, including wetlands preservation, provided such incidental use does not exceed twenty percent of the classified land and the land on which appurtenances necessary to the production, preparation, or sale of the agricultural products exist in conjunction with the lands producing such products. Agricultural lands shall also include any parcel of land of one to five acres, which is not contiguous, but which otherwise constitutes an integral part of farming operations being conducted on land qualifying under this section as "farm and agricultural lands"; ((or))

(d) The land on which housing for employees and the principal place of residence of the farm operator or owner of land classified pursuant to (a) of this subsection is sited if: The housing or residence is on or contiguous to the classified parcel; and the use of the housing or the residence is integral to the use of the classified land for agricultural purposes;

(e) Any parcel of land designated as agricultural land under RCW 36.70A.170; or

(f) Any parcel of land not within an urban growth area zoned as agricultural land under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW.

Sec. 24. RCW 84.34.060 and 1992 c 69 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

In determining the true and fair value of open space land and timber land, which has been classified as such under the provisions of this chapter, the assessor shall consider only the use to which such property and improvements is currently applied and shall not consider potential uses of such property. The assessed valuation of open space land shall not be less than the minimum value per acre of classified farm and agricultural land except that the assessed valuation of open space land may be valued based on the public benefit rating system adopted under RCW 84.34.055: PROVIDED
FURTHER, That timber land shall be valued according to chapter 84.33 RCW. In valuing any tract or parcel of real property designated and zoned under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW as agricultural, forest, or open space land, the appraisal shall not be based on similar sales of parcels that have been converted to nonagricultural, nonforest, or nonopen-space uses within five years after the sale.

Sec. 25. RCW 84.34.065 and 1992 c 69 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The true and fair value of farm and agricultural land shall be determined by consideration of the earning or productive capacity of comparable lands from crops grown most typically in the area averaged over not less than five years, capitalized at indicative rates. The earning or productive capacity of farm and agricultural lands shall be the "net cash rental", capitalized at a "rate of interest" charged on long term loans secured by a mortgage on farm or agricultural land plus a component for property taxes. The current use value of land under RCW 84.34.020(2)(d) shall be established as: The prior year's average value of open space farm and agricultural land used in the county plus the value of land improvements such as septic, water, and power used to serve the residence. This shall not be interpreted to require the assessor to list improvements to the land with the value of the land. In valuing any tract or parcel of real property designated and zoned under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW as agricultural, forest, or open space land, the appraisal shall not be based on similar sales of parcels that have been converted to nonagricultural, nonforest, or nonopen-space uses within five years after the sale.

For the purposes of the above computation:

(1) The term "net cash rental" shall mean the average rental paid on an annual basis, in cash, for the land being appraised and other farm and agricultural land of similar quality and similarly situated that is available for lease for a period of at least three years to any reliable person without unreasonable restrictions on its use for production of agricultural crops. There shall be allowed as a deduction from the rental received or computed any costs of crop production charged against the landlord if the costs are such as are customarily paid by a landlord. If "net cash rental" data is not available, the earning or productive capacity of farm and agricultural lands shall be determined by the cash value of typical or usual crops grown on land of similar quality and similarly situated averaged over not less than five years. Standard costs of production shall be allowed as a deduction from the cash value of the crops.

The current "net cash rental" or "earning capacity" shall be determined by the assessor with the advice of the advisory committee as provided in RCW 84.34.145, and through a continuing internal study, assisted by studies of the department of revenue. This net cash rental figure as it applies to any farm and agricultural land may be challenged before the same boards or authorities as would be the case with regard to assessed values on general property.

(2) The term "rate of interest" shall mean the rate of interest charged by the farm credit administration and other large financial institutions regularly making loans secured by farm and agricultural lands through mortgages or similar legal instruments, averaged over the immediate past five years.

The "rate of interest" shall be determined annually by a rule adopted by the department of revenue and such rule shall be published in the state register not later than January 1 of each year for use in that assessment year. The department of revenue determination may be appealed to the state board of tax appeals within thirty days after the date of publication by any owner of farm or agricultural land or the assessor of any county containing farm and agricultural land.

(3) The "component for property taxes" shall be a figure obtained by dividing the assessed value of all property in the county into the property taxes levied within the county in the year preceding the assessment and multiplying the quotient obtained by one hundred.

Sec. 26. RCW 84.40.030 and 1994 c 124 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

All property shall be valued at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and assessed on the same basis unless specifically provided otherwise by law.

Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such price as they would bring at a fair, voluntary sale for cash without any deductions for any indebtedness owed including rentals to be paid.

The true and fair value of real property for taxation purposes (including property upon which there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry) shall be based upon the following criteria:
(1) Any sales of the property being appraised or similar properties with respect to sales made within the past five years. The appraisal shall be consistent with the comprehensive land use plan, development regulations under chapter 36.70A RCW, zoning, and any other governmental policies or practices in effect at the time of appraisal that affect the use of property, as well as physical and environmental influences. The appraisal shall also take into account: (a) In the use of sales by real estate contract as similar sales, the extent, if any, to which the stated selling price has been increased by reason of the down payment, interest rate, or other financing terms; and (b) the extent to which the sale of a similar property actually represents the general effective market demand for property of such type, in the geographical area in which such property is located. Sales involving deed releases or similar seller-developer financing arrangements shall not be used as sales of similar property.

(2) In addition to sales as defined in subsection (1), consideration may be given to cost, cost less depreciation, reconstruction cost less depreciation, or capitalization of income that would be derived from prudent use of the property. In the case of property of a complex nature, or being used under terms of a franchise from a public agency, or operating as a public utility, or property not having a record of sale within five years and not having a significant number of sales of similar property in the general area, the provisions of this subsection (2) shall be the dominant factors in valuation. When provisions of this subsection (2) are relied upon for establishing values the property owner shall be advised upon request of the factors used in arriving at such value.

(3) In valuing any tract or parcel of real property, the value of the land, exclusive of structures thereon shall be determined; also the value of structures thereon, but the valuation shall not exceed the value of the total property as it exists. In valuing agricultural land, growing crops shall be excluded.

(4) In valuing any tract or parcel of real property designated and zoned under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW as agricultural, forest, or open space land, the appraisal shall not be based on similar sales of parcels that have been converted to nonagricultural, nonforest, or nonopen-space uses within five years after the sale.

Sec. 27. RCW 90.60.030 and 1995 c 347 s 603 are each amended to read as follows:
The permit assistance center is established within the department. The center shall:
(1) Publish and keep current one or more handbooks containing lists and explanations of all permit laws. (The center shall coordinate with the business assistance center in providing and maintaining this information to applicants and others.) To the extent possible, the handbook shall include relevant federal and tribal laws. A state agency or local government shall provide a reasonable number of copies of application forms, statutes, ordinances, rules, handbooks, and other informational material requested by the center and shall otherwise fully cooperate with the center. The center shall seek the cooperation of relevant federal agencies and tribal governments;
(2) Establish, and make known, a point of contact for distribution of the handbook and advice to the public as to its interpretation in any given case;
(3) Work closely and cooperatively with the business license center (and the business assistance center) in providing efficient and nonduplicative service to the public;
(4) Seek the assignment of employees from the permit agencies listed under RCW 90.60.020(6)(a) to serve on a rotating basis in staffing the center; (and)
(5) Collect and disseminate information to public and private entities on federal, state, local, and tribal government programs that rely on private professional expertise to assist governmental agencies in project permit review; and
(6) Provide an annual report to the legislature on potential conflicts and perceived inconsistencies among existing statutes. The first report shall be submitted to the appropriate standing committees of the house of representatives and senate by December 1, 1996.

Sec. 28. RCW 35.13.130 and 1990 c 33 s 566 are each amended to read as follows:
A petition for annexation of an area contiguous to a city or town may be made in writing addressed to and filed with the legislative body of the municipality to which annexation is desired. Except where all the property sought to be annexed is property of a school district, and the school directors thereof file the petition for annexation as in RCW 28A.335.110 authorized, and except where the property to be annexed is within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, the petition must be signed by the owners of not less than seventy-five percent in value according to the assessed valuation for general taxation of the property for which annexation is petitioned. When the property to be annexed is within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, the petition
must be signed by the owners of not less than sixty percent in value according to the assessed valuation for general taxation of the property for which annexation is petitioned: PROVIDED, That in cities and towns with populations greater than one hundred sixty thousand located east of the Cascade mountains, the owner of tax exempt property may sign an annexation petition and have the tax exempt property annexed into the city or town, but the value of the tax exempt property shall not be used in calculating the sufficiency of the required property owner signatures unless only tax exempt property is proposed to be annexed into the city or town. The petition shall set forth a description of the property according to government legal subdivisions or legal plats which is in compliance with RCW 35.02.170, and shall be accompanied by a plat which outlines the boundaries of the property sought to be annexed. If the legislative body has required the assumption of all or of any portion of city or town indebtedness by the area annexed, and/or the adoption of a comprehensive plan for the area to be annexed, these facts, together with a quotation of the minute entry of such requirement or requirements shall be set forth in the petition.

Sec. 29. RCW 35A.14.295 and 1967 ex.s. c 119 s 35A.14.295 are each amended to read as follows:

((When there is, within)) (1) The legislative body of a code city may resolve to annex territory containing residential property owners to the city if there is within the city, unincorporated territory:

(a) Containing less than one hundred acres and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to the code city; or

(b) Of any size and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to the city if such area existed before June 30, 1994, and is within the same county and within the same urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, and the city was planning under chapter 36.70A RCW as of June 30, 1994.

(2) The resolution shall describe the boundaries of the area to be annexed, state the number of voters residing therein as nearly as may be, and set a date for a public hearing on such resolution for annexation. Notice of the hearing shall be given by publication of the resolution at least once a week for two weeks prior to the date of the hearing, in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the code city and one or more newspapers of general circulation within the area to be annexed.

(3) For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, territory bounded by a river, lake, or other body of water is considered contiguous to a city that is also bounded by the same river, lake, or other body of water.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 30. A new section is added to chapter 35.13 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The legislative body of a city or town planning under chapter 36.70A RCW as of June 30, 1994, may resolve to annex territory to the city or town if there is, within the city or town, unincorporated territory containing residential property owners within the same county and within the same urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110 as the city or town:

(a) Containing less than one hundred acres and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to the city or town if such area existed before June 30, 1994; or

(b) Of any size and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of the area contiguous to the city if the area existed before June 30, 1994.

(2) The resolution shall describe the boundaries of the area to be annexed, state the number of voters residing in the area as nearly as may be, and set a date for a public hearing on the resolution for annexation. Notice of the hearing shall be given by publication of the resolution at least once a week for two weeks before the date of the hearing in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the city or town and one or more newspapers of general circulation within the area to be annexed.

(3) For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, territory bounded by a river, lake, or other body of water is considered contiguous to a city that is also bounded by the same river, lake, or other body of water.

Sec. 31. RCW 35.13.174 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 164 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receipt by the board of county commissioners of a determination by a majority of the review board favoring annexation of the proposed area that has been initiated by resolution pursuant to RCW 35.13.015 by the city or town legislative body, the board of county commissioners, or the city or town legislative body for any city or town within an urban growth area designated under RCW
36.70A.110, shall fix a date on which an annexation election shall be held, which date will be not less than thirty days nor more than sixty days thereafter.

Sec. 32. RCW 36.93.170 and 1989 c 84 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

In reaching a decision on a proposal or an alternative, the board shall consider the factors affecting such proposal, which shall include, but not be limited to the following:

1. Population and territory; population density; land area and land uses; comprehensive plans and zoning, as adopted under chapter 35.63, 35A.63, or 36.70 RCW; comprehensive plans and development regulations adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW; applicable service agreements entered into under chapter 36.115 or 39.34 RCW; applicable interlocal annexation agreements between a county and its cities; per capita assessed valuation; topography, natural boundaries and drainage basins, proximity to other populated areas; the existence and preservation of prime agricultural soils and productive agricultural uses; the likelihood of significant growth in the area and in adjacent incorporated and unincorporated areas during the next ten years; location and most desirable future location of community facilities;

2. Municipal services; need for municipal services; effect of ordinances, governmental codes, regulations and resolutions on existing uses; present cost and adequacy of governmental services and controls in area; prospects of governmental services from other sources; probable future needs for such services and controls; probable effect of proposal or alternative on cost and adequacy of services and controls in area and adjacent area; the effect on the finances, debt structure, and contractual obligations and rights of all affected governmental units; and

3. The effect of the proposal or alternative on adjacent areas, on mutual economic and social interests, and on the local governmental structure of the county.

The provisions of chapter 43.21C RCW, State Environmental Policy, shall not apply to incorporation proceedings covered by chapter 35.02 RCW.

Sec. 33. RCW 84.14.010 and 1995 c 375 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

1. "City" means either (a) a city or town with a population of at least one hundred thousand, (b) the largest city or town, if there is no city or town with a population of at least one hundred thousand, located in a county planning under the growth management act.

2. "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority of a city having jurisdiction over the property for which an exemption may be applied for under this chapter.

3. "Growth management act" means chapter 36.70A RCW.

4. "Multiple-unit housing" means a building having four or more dwelling units not designed or used as transient accommodations and not including hotels and motels. Multifamily units may result from new construction or rehabilitated or conversion of vacant, underutilized, or substandard buildings to multifamily housing.

5. "Owner" means the property owner of record.

6. "Permanent residential occupancy" means multifamily housing that provides either rental or owner occupancy on a nontransient basis. This includes owner-occupied or rental accommodation that is leased for a period of at least one month. This excludes hotels and motels that predominately offer rental accommodation on a daily or weekly basis.

7. "Rehabilitation improvements" means modifications to existing structures, that are vacant for twelve months or longer, that are made to achieve a condition of substantial compliance with existing building codes or modification to existing occupied structures which increase the number of multifamily housing units.

8. "Residential targeted area" means an area within an urban center that has been designated by the governing authority as a residential targeted area in accordance with this chapter.

9. "Substantial compliance" means compliance with local building or housing code requirements that are typically required for rehabilitation as opposed to new construction.

10. "Urban center" means a compact identifiable district where urban residents may obtain a variety of products and services. An urban center must contain:

(a) Several existing or previous, or both, business establishments that may include but are not limited to shops, offices, banks, restaurants, governmental agencies;
(b) Adequate public facilities including streets, sidewalks, lighting, transit, domestic water, and sanitary sewer systems; and

(c) A mixture of uses and activities that may include housing, recreation, and cultural activities in association with either commercial or office, or both, use.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. Except as otherwise specifically provided in section 18 of this act, sections 1 through 17, chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (sections 1 through 17 of this act) are prospective in effect and shall not affect the validity of actions taken or decisions made before the effective date of this section."

Correct the title.

Representatives Romero, Gardner and Lantz spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

Representatives Reams and Mullikan spoke against adoption of the amendment.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Robertson, Representative Van Luven was excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment on page 1, strike everything, to Second Substitute House Bill No. 2244 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote:

Yeas - 43, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Van Luven - 1.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams, Sherstad and Cairnes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero, Kastama, Anderson, Blalock and Fisher spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2244.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2244 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 58, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Van Luven - 1.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2244, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the bills remaining on the day’s Second Reading Calendar were return to the Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTroductions AND FIRST READING

HB 2274 by Representative Buck

AN ACT Relating to economic and employment impact of natural resources harvest variation in rural communities and providing an appropriation of forty million dollars from the unemployment compensation fund; amending RCW 43.31.601, 43.31.611, 43.31.621, 43.63A.021, 43.31.641, 43.63A.440, 43.160.020, 43.160.076, 28B.50.030, 28B.80.570, 28B.80.580, 50.12.270, 43.131.385, and 43.131.386; amending 1995 c 226 s 7 (uncodified); amending 1995 c 226 s 8 (uncodified); amending 1995 c 226 s 9 (uncodified); reenacting and amending RCW 50.22.090 and 43.20A.750; creating a new section; repealing RCW 43.31.651; making an appropriation; providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

HB 2275 by Representative Mastin

AN ACT Relating to regulation of private property; adding a new section to chapter 84.56 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 64 RCW; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

HJM 4021 by Representatives Mastin and Grant

Recognizing the authority of Whitman College to regulate its corporate concerns.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SSB 5005 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, McCaslin, Haugen, Zarelli, Johnson, Winsley, Goings, Rasmussen, Oke and Roach)
Concerning concurrent and consecutive sentencing for violent offenses.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5006 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, McCaslin, Haugen, Sheldon, Winsley, Goings, Deccio, McAuliffe, Franklin, Rasmussen, Hale, Johnson and Oke)

Enhancing sentences and supervision of sex offenders.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

ESSB 5044 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Benton and Oke)

Revising AIDS-related crimes.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

2SSB 5084 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Schow, Benton, Swecker, Zarelli, Morton, Hochstatter, Johnson, McCaslin, Winsley, Stevens and Oke)

Modifying the definition of a qualified party and the amount of attorneys' fees they may recover in an action appealing a state agency directive.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

SB 5094 by Senator Roach

Prescribing procedures for release of offenders.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5135 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Fairley, Johnson, Winsley and Oke)

Impounding vehicles driven by a person with a suspended or revoked license.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SB 5150 by Senators Roach, Johnson, Heavey, McCaslin, Loveland, Snyder and Winsley

Extending authority to cite for contempt of court.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5164 by Senators Haugen, Long, Goings, Patterson, Franklin and Bauer

Removing certain tenants and occupants from a mobile home park.

Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

ESB 5185 by Senators Horn, McCaslin, Long, Benton, Prince and Deccio

Revising procedures for growth management hearings boards.
Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

SB 5211 by Senators Newhouse, Wojahn and Schow

Authorizing public hospital districts to be self-insurers.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SSB 5282 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, Schow, Zarelli and Winsley)

Extending the scope of hit and run involving death.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5290 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West and Spanel; by request of Liquor Control Board)

Providing that the liquor control board construction and maintenance account retain its earnings.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

E2SSB 5306 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Zarelli, Hargrove, Long, Stevens, Benton, Schow and Roach)

Allowing for the testing of offenders for HIV and other communicable diseases.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5318 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Haugen, Winsley and Goings)

Preserving writs of restitution when partial payment is accepted.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5336 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Horn and Haugen)

Clarifying and harmonizing provisions affecting cities and towns.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SB 5383 by Senators Winsley and Prentice

Facilitating the collection of sales tax on manufactured housing.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SB 5452 by Senators Hale, Loveland, West, Winsley, Rasmussen and Oke

Exempting nonprofit cancer centers from property tax.

Referred to Committee on Finance.
ESSB 5491 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Swecker, Strannigan, Schow and Hochstatter)
Revising provisions for termination of parent and child relationship.
Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

SSB 5562 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Prentice, Wojahn and Deccio)
Revising provisions relating to the involuntary commitment of mentally ill persons.
Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

SSB 5563 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley, Prentice, Kohl and Kline)
Modernizing, clarifying, and simplifying the Washington state credit union act.
Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

ESSB 5574 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senator Horn)
Instituting property tax reform.
Referred to Committee on Finance.

SSB 5575 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley, Prentice and Hale)
Regulating mortgage brokers.
Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

SSB 5621 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Winsley, Patterson, Benton and Oke)
Requiring kidnappers of children to register with local law enforcement agencies upon release from custody.
Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5629 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Hargrove, Winsley, Long, Benton, Schow and Oke)
Making domestic violence an aggravating circumstance for purposes of sentencing decisions.
Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SB 5647 by Senators Wood, Snyder, Swecker, Bauer, Zarelli, Winsley and Kohl; by request of State Board for Community and Technical Colleges
Requiring only collected building fees of community and technical colleges to be paid to the state treasury.
Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SB 5651 by Senators Anderson, Newhouse, Schow, Horn and Oke
Restricting actions against employers under industrial insurance.
Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SSB 5715 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Fairley, Franklin, Deccio and Winsley)
Licensing orthotists and prosthetists.
Referred to Committee on Health Care.

ESSB 5739 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Haugen, Schow, Rasmussen and Wood)
Establishing when employers are required to compensate employees for employee wearing apparel.
Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SSB 5755 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senator Swecker)
Authorizing service of process by posting in disputes involving mobile home landlords and tenants.
Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5802 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, McCaslin and Haugen)
Attempting to integrate planning, review, and terminology among growth management, environmental and ecological protection, and other related areas.
Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

SSB 5813 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators McDonald, Winsley, Prentice and Heavey)
Regulating automated teller machines.
Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

SB 5874 by Senators Hale and Winsley
Establishing the confidentiality of voluntary compliance efforts by financial institutions.
Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

2SSB 5886 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Strannigan, Swecker, Jacobsen and Oke)
Providing a stable funding source for fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration.
Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SSB 5936 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl, Long, Hargrove, Franklin, Bauer and Rasmussen)

Requiring a report on alternatives for increasing offender access to postsecondary academic and vocational opportunities.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SB 5938 by Senators Roach, Long, Zarelli, Haugen, Benton, Finkbeiner, Oke, Swecker, Anderson, Stevens, Winsley, Strannigan and Schow

Revising sentencing provisions.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

ESB 5959 by Senators Anderson and Morton

Allowing for the establishment of restricted seed potato production areas.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

ESSB 5970 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Horn, Bauer, Heavey, Franklin and Anderson)

Modifying fireworks statutes.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5998 by Senator Haugen

Restructuring the state cosmetology, barbering, esthetics, and manicuring advisory board.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 6022 by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley and Hale)

Protecting certain information concerning financial institutions.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, March 20, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
Second Reading 2
Third Reading Final Passage 3

Second Reading 12
Third Reading Final Passage 12

Second Reading 3

Second Reading 3
Third Reading Final Passage 4

Second Reading 67

Second Reading 67
Third Reading Final Passage 68

Second Reading 4

Second Reading Amendment 4
Third Reading Final Passage 5

Second Reading 5

Second Reading 5
Third Reading Final Passage 5

Second Reading 1
Third Reading Final Passage 2

Second Reading 5

Second Reading 5
Third Reading Final Passage 6

Second Reading 6

Second Reading Amendment 6
Third Reading Final Passage 7

Second Reading 44

Second Reading Amendment 45
Third Reading Final Passage 46

Second Reading 8

Second Reading 8
Third Reading Final Passage 9

Second Reading 9

Second Reading 9
Third Reading Final Passage 10

Second Reading 12

Second Reading 12
Second Reading Amendment 12
Second Reading 27
Third Reading Final Passage 22
1527
Second Reading 27
(2nd Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 27
Third Reading Final Passage 28
1578
Second Reading 37
(Sub)
Second Reading 37
Third Reading Final Passage 66
Other Action 37
1592
Second Reading 2
(Sub)
Second Reading 2
Third Reading Final Passage 2
1624
Second Reading 36
(Sub)
Second Reading 36
Third Reading Final Passage 37
1660
Second Reading 43
(Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 43
Third Reading Final Passage 44
1752
Second Reading 22
(2nd Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 23
Third Reading Final Passage 27
1813
Second Reading 10
(Sub)
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 10
1866
Second Reading 55
(2nd Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 55
Third Reading Final Passage 66
1872
Second Reading 46
(Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 46
Third Reading Final Passage 55
1898
Second Reading 34
(2nd Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 35
Third Reading Final Passage 36
1943
Second Reading 36
(Sub)
Second Reading 36
Third Reading Final Passage 36
1966
Second Reading 37
1966
Second Reading 38
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 38
2041
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2051
Second Reading 10
2051
Second Reading 10
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 11
2096
Second Reading 28
2096
Second Reading Amendment 28
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 33
2226
Second Reading 38
2226
Second Reading 38
(Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 39
Other Action 39
2244
Second Reading 68
2244
Second Reading Amendment 68
(2nd Sub)
Third Reading Final Passage 100
2274
Intro & 1st Reading 100
2275
Intro & 1st Reading 100
4005
Second Reading 39
Third Reading Final Passage 40
4019
Second Reading Amendment 40
Other Action 41
4020
Second Reading Amendment 41
Third Reading Final Passage 42
4021
Intro & 1st Reading 101
5005
Intro & 1st Reading 101
(Sub)
5006
Intro & 1st Reading 101
(Sub)
5044
Intro & 1st Reading 101
(Sub)
5077
Messages 8
5084
Intro & 1st Reading 101
(2nd Sub)
5094
Intro & 1st Reading 101
5120
Intro & 1st Reading 101
(2nd Sub)
Messages 8
(Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 101
5150
Intro & 1st Reading 101
5164
Intro & 1st Reading 102
5179 (2nd Sub) Messages 8
5185
Intro & 1st Reading 102
5208 (Sub) Messages 8
5211
Intro & 1st Reading 102
5227 (Sub) Messages 7
5230 (Sub) Messages 7
5282 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 102
5290 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 102
5306 (2nd Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 102
5318 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 102
5336 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 103
5354 Messages 8
5383 Intro & 1st Reading 103
5442 (2nd Sub) Messages 8
5452 Intro & 1st Reading 103
5460 Messages 7
5491 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 103
5505 (Sub) Messages 8
5512 (Sub) Messages 7
5560 (Sub) Messages 7
5562 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 103
5563 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 103
5574 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 103
5575 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 103
5621 (Sub) Intro & 1st Reading 104
The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5034,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5091,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5127,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5173,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5178,
SENATE BILL NO. 5258,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5305,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5325,
SENATE BILL NO. 5326,
SENATE BILL NO. 5361,
SENATE BILL NO. 5368,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5521,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5529,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5567,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5636,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5664,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5670,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5671,
SENATE BILL NO. 5681,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5749,
SENATE BILL NO. 5754,
SENATE BILL NO. 5775,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5781,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5785,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5791,
SENATE BILL NO. 5831,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5844,
SENATE BILL NO. 5871,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5875,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5894,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5922,
SENATE BILL NO. 5925,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5954,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6039,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
March 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5255,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
March 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5633,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5710,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5850,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

SSB 5077 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen, Newhouse and Loveland)
Requiring integrated pest management.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

2SSB 5120 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Morton)

Providing for fish enhancement with remote site incubators.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

2SSB 5179 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Prentice and Wood)

Correcting inequities in the nursing facility reimbursement system.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

SSB 5208 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Loveland, Newhouse, Rasmussen, Swecker, Hochstatter and Hale)

Detailing how to handle environmental complaints.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SSB 5227 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Franklin, Patterson, Prentice, Benton, Wojahn and Long)

Regulating the sales of nonprofit hospitals.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SSB 5230 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi, Haugen, McCaslin, McDonald and Hale)

Revising current use taxation provisions.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

ESB 5255 by Senators Swecker, Hargrove, Zarelli, Stevens, Hochstatter, Morton, Schow, Roach, Anderson, Benton and Oke

Establishing notification of parent or legal guardian prior to abortion by a minor.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

ESB 5354 by Senators Benton, Anderson, Rossi and Rasmussen

Removing the commissioner of public lands and adding the secretary of state to the membership of the capitol committee.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

2SSB 5442 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Loveland, Anderson, Stevens, Haugen, Prince, Hale, Franklin, Sheldon, Benton, Rasmussen and Zarelli)
Permitting expedited flood repairs during flooding emergencies.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**SB 5460** by Senators McCaslin, Deccio and Zarelli
Limiting the use of public funds for political activities.
Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**SSB 5505** by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen and Swecker)
Directing agencies to assist growers in securing safe and reliable water sources.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

**SSB 5512** by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Hargrove, Benton, Haugen, Strannigan, Hochstatter, Rasmussen, Schow and Oke)
Prohibiting requiring the admission of guilt to receive treatment in child abuse and neglect.
Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**SSB 5560** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Prentice, Snyder, Anderson and Horn)
Changing social card game provisions.
Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**ESB 5657** by Senator Strannigan
Authorizing the director of general administration to enter into leases of up to ten years without a review by the office of financial management.
Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

**ESSB 5666** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Prentice, Roach, Patterson, Goings, Swecker, Newhouse, Benton, Bauer, Horn, Loveland, Finkbeiner, Wood, Wojahn, Sellar, Rasmussen and Anderson)
Regulating smoking in the workplace.
Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**SB 5695** by Senators Roach, Long, Oke, Schow, Morton, Benton and Hochstatter
Increasing sentences for crimes involving firearms.
Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

**ESSB 5725** by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker and McDonald)
Changing provisions relating to reclaimed water.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

2SSB 5740 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Schow, Snyder, Morton, Hale, Prentice, Heavey, West, McDonald, Swanson, Spanel and Rasmussen)

Assisting rural distressed areas.
Referred to Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

SB 5742 by Senators Wood, Winsley and West

Rescinding a retirement allowance agreement.
Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

ESB 5744 by Senators Hale, Anderson, Haugen, Deccio, West and Oke

Extending the time for legislative review of agency rules.
Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

SSB 5760 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, Franklin, Deccio, Thibaudeau, Winsley and Kohl)

Authorizing courts to order evaluation and treatment of mentally ill offenders.
Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5782 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Haugen, Rasmussen and Fraser)

Changing bidding for water-sewer districts.
Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5783 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Haugen, Anderson, Rasmussen and Morton)

Changing provisions relating to public water systems.
Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SB 5797 by Senators Benton and Haugen; by request of Department of Licensing

Regulating the issuance and cost of permits and certificates issued by the department of licensing.
Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SSB 5827 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Haugen and Long)

Collecting the cost of governmental entities using collection agencies.
Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

2SSB 5842 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Winsley and Fraser)

Pertaining to litter control and recycling.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SSB 5851 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen, Oke and Winsley)

Developing an existing ground water right.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SSB 5861 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Schow and Oke)

Authorizing exceeding maximum penalties for crimes involving firearms and deadly weapons.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SB 5877 by Senators Newhouse, Heavey, Snyder and Winsley

Limiting the right to assign lottery winnings.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

ESB 5915 by Senators Anderson, Hale, Bauer and Stevens

Allowing counties planning under the growth management act to establish industrial land banks as permissable urban growth outside of an urban growth area.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

SSB 5919 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Winsley, Stevens, Zarelli, Wood, Schow and Oke)

Authorizing a study of the special sex offender sentencing alternative.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

E2SSB 5927 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Bauer, Winsley, Kohl, Sheldon, Hale, Prince, Patterson and West)

Changing higher education financing.

Referred to Committee on Higher Education.

SSB 5965 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Horn, Anderson, Heavey and Franklin)

Providing for changes in agency experience ratings for industrial insurance.
Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5991 by Senators Horn, Haugen and Patterson; by request of Secretary of State

Providing for the quality awards council.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

ESSB 6006 by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Finkbeiner and Rossi)

Enacting the electric customer choice act.

Referred to Committee on Energy & Utilities.

ESB 7900 by Senators Swecker, Fraser, Anderson, Rasmussen, Zarelli, Oke, Goings, Morton, Haugen, Hale, Spanel, Rossi, Johnson, Schow, Kohl, Sellar, Franklin, Horn, Kline, McAuliffe and Winsley

Implementing the model toxics control act policy advisory committee recommendations (Introduced with House sponsors).

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SSCR 8408 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Snyder, McDonald, Loveland, Haugen, Sellar, Prince, Rasmussen, Hochstatter, Bauer, Winsley, Newhouse, Hargrove, Hale, Anderson, Schow, Spanel, McCaslin, Stevens, Strannigan, Fraser, Franklin and Roach)

Creating a water resource policy report to analyze and explain water resource statutes and rules.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business was referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, March 21, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
5034  Messages 1
5077  (Sub)
5091  (Sub)
5120  (2nd Sub)
5127  (2nd Sub)
5173  (Sub)
5178  (2nd Sub)
5179  (2nd Sub)
5208  (Sub)
5227  (Sub)
5230  (Sub)
5255  Intro & 1st Reading 3
5258  Messages 2
5305  (Sub)
5325  (Sub)
5326  Messages 1
5354  Messages 1
5361  Intro & 1st Reading 3
5368  Messages 1
5442  (2nd Sub)
5460  Intro & 1st Reading 3
5505  (Sub)
5512  (Sub)
5521  (Sub)
5529  (Sub)
5560  (Sub)
5566  (Sub)
5633  (Sub)
      Messages 2
The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Lisk presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.
SB 5034 by Senator Roach

Changing the definition of "bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization" for gambling statutes.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

ESSB 5091 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Swecker and Winsley)

Providing for uniformity in the application of real property laws to ensure fairness and due process.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

2SSB 5127 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wojahn, Deccio, Thibaudeau, Wood, Oke, Loveland, Sellar, Snyder, Fairley, Spanel, Sheldon, McCaslin, West, Bauer, Winsley, Goings and Schow)

Providing additional funding for trauma care services.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

SSB 5173 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Prentice and Horn; by request of Liquor Control Board)

Improving the liquor license schematic of the state of Washington.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

2SSB 5178 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Wojahn, Deccio, Bauer, Fairley, Goings, Prince, Prentice, Franklin, Horn, Patterson and Winsley)

Adopting the diabetes cost reduction act.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

SB 5258 by Senators Hochstatter, Zarelli, Finkbeiner, McAuliffe, Rasmussen and Goings

Providing medical assistance in public schools.

Referred to Committee on Education.

SSB 5305 by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Fairley, Wojahn, Goings, McAuliffe, Patterson and Kohl)

Controlling drugs used to facilitate rape.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5325 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Morton, Stevens, Rossi, Snyder and Loveland)
Allowing counties to have certain lands transferred from the state back to the county.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

SB 5326 by Senators Hargrove, Zarelli, Loveland, Snyder, Schow, Rasmussen and Benton

Removing requirements relating to carrying firearms unloaded and encased in an opaque case or wrapper.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SB 5361 by Senators Wood, Haugen, Prince, Goings, Horn, Patterson, Benton and Winsley

Regulating charter use of Washington state ferries.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SB 5368 by Senators Snyder and Hargrove

Providing supplemental appropriation authority for the development loan fund.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

SSB 5521 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Haugen)

Authorizing a county research service.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5529 by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl, Horn, Heavey, Schow, Fairley, Winsley and Oke)

Providing written receipts to tenants.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5567 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Sheldon and Prince)

Relaxing front end length limits on garbage trucks.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

ESSB 5633 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Strannigan, Long, Patterson and Benton)

Requiring a performance audit of the department of transportation.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

SSB 5636 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Oke, Swecker, Rossi and Horn)

Revising health inspection warrants for local health officers in response to pollution in commercial or recreational shellfish harvesting areas.
Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

**SSB 5664** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Bauer, Sheldon and Schow)

Allowing credit and debit card purchases in state liquor stores.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**SSB 5670** by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators McCaslin, Haugen and Roach; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission)

Regulating solid waste collection certificates in effect within cities and towns.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

**ESSB 5671** by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senator McCaslin)

Requiring adoption of de facto rules.

Referred to Committee on Government Reform & Land Use.

**SB 5681** by Senators McCaslin, Hargrove, Johnson, Haugen, McAuliffe, Long and Roach

Penalizing assault of health care personnel.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

**E2SSB 5710** by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Long, Franklin, Stevens, Prentice, Zarelli and Schow)

Changing provisions relating to juvenile care and treatment by the department of social and health services.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

**SSB 5749** by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Heavey, McCaslin, Winsley, Haugen and Deccio)

Providing for a certificate of competency as a medical gas piping installer.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**SB 5754** by Senators Horn, Franklin and Newhouse; by request of Department of Licensing

Regulating boxing, kickboxing, martial arts, and wrestling.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

**SB 5775** by Senator McCaslin

Providing additional exemptions from state law for the handling of hazardous devices.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.
SSB 5781 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators McCaslin, Haugen, Morton, Rasmussen, Anderson, Swecker and Schow)

Requiring voter approval of city assumption of water or sewer systems.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

SSB 5785 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Newhouse, Morton, Haugen and Rasmussen)

Providing for consolidation of ground water rights of exempt wells.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

SSB 5791 by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Bauer, McDonald, Haugen, Schow, Thibaudeau and Kohl)

Revising the regulation of liquor sales in designated restricted liquor zones.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5831 by Senators Newhouse, Deccio, Haugen and McCaslin

Eliminating provisions allowing adjacent counties as the venue of actions by or against counties.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5844 by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Fraser, Oke, Prince, Kohl, Hochstatter, Schow, Winsley and Rasmussen)

Freeing the base for transfers of marine and nonhighway fuel taxes.

Referred to Committee on Natural Resources.

ESB 5850 by Senators Anderson, Newhouse, Haugen and Horn

Changing provisions related to employment in the construction industry.

Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

SB 5871 by Senators Roach, Fairley, Patterson, McCaslin, Winsley, Sheldon, Goings and Oke

Redefining law enforcement officer to include a port district officer.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

SSB 5875 by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Swanson, McCaslin, Haugen, Swecker, Jacobsen, Patterson, Rossi, Brown, Heavey, Finkbeiner, Hochstatter, Fraser, Sheldon, Kline, Loveland, Zarelli, Goings, Anderson, Hargrove, Prentice, Oke, Franklin, Thibaudeau, Winsley, Rasmussen, Kohl and Roach)

Creating the joint select committee on veterans and military personnel affairs.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.
SSB 5894 by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Goings, Zarelli, Horn, Spanel and Winsley)

Enhancing training of correctional personnel.

Referred to Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

SSB 5922 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator West)

Limiting capital expenditures and public indebtedness on capital projects.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

SB 5925 by Senator West

Conditioning the use of college credits for the teachers' salary schedule.

Referred to Committee on Education.

ESB 5954 by Senators West, Swecker, Rossi, Snyder and Kohl

Regulating claims against the University of Washington.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

ESB 6039 by Senator West

Imposing fines or regulatory assessments under the insurance code.

Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, March 24, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
5034
Intro & 1st Reading 1
(Sub)

5091
Intro & 1st Reading 1

5127
Intro & 1st Reading 1
(2nd Sub)

5173
Intro & 1st Reading 1
(Sub)

5178
Intro & 1st Reading 1
(2nd Sub)

5258
Intro & 1st Reading 1

5305
Intro & 1st Reading 2
(Sub)

5325
Intro & 1st Reading 2
(Sub)

5326
Intro & 1st Reading 2

5361
Intro & 1st Reading 2

5368
Intro & 1st Reading 2

5521
Intro & 1st Reading 2
(Sub)

5529
Intro & 1st Reading 2
(Sub)

5567
Intro & 1st Reading 2
(Sub)

5633
Intro & 1st Reading 3
(Sub)

5636
Intro & 1st Reading 3
(Sub)

5664
Intro & 1st Reading 3
(Sub)

5670
Intro & 1st Reading 3
(Sub)

5671
Intro & 1st Reading 3
(Sub)

5681
Intro & 1st Reading 3

5710
Intro & 1st Reading 4
(2nd Sub)

5749
Intro & 1st Reading 4
(Sub)

5754
Intro & 1st Reading 4

5775
Intro & 1st Reading 4

5781
Intro & 1st Reading 4
(Sub)

5785
Intro & 1st Reading 4
(Sub)

5791
Intro & 1st Reading 4
(Sub)

5831
Intro & 1st Reading 4

5844
Intro & 1st Reading 4
(Sub)
The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

March 20, 1997

SSB 5011 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing: Changing the financial and reporting requirements of health care service contractors and health maintenance organizations. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 2, line 3, after “of” strike “five” and insert “three”

Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Excused: Representative Smith.

March 21, 1997

SB 5068 Prime Sponsor, Roach: Regulating registration of charitable trusts. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Referred to Rules Committee.

March 21, 1997

SSB 5100 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Allowing qualified trusts to hold shares in professional service corporations. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

March 21, 1997

SB 5108 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Transferring certain interests in individual retirement accounts. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

March 21, 1997

SB 5109 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Dissolving limited liability companies. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

March 21, 1997

SB 5151 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Adjusting the jurisdictional amount for district courts. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended. On page 1, line 18, after “exceed” strike “twenty-five” and insert “((twenty-five)) thirty-five”

Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

March 21, 1997

ESB 5163 Prime Sponsor, Haugen: Filing financing statements. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

March 21, 1997

SSB 5183 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Allowing an interlocal agreement between a county and municipality to transfer jurisdiction over a defendant. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

March 20, 1997

SSB 5464 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Higher Education: Extending gender equity provisions. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; O’Brien and Sheahan.


Excused: Representatives Dunn and Van Luven.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were placed on the second reading calendar for Wednesday, March 26, 1997, the Seventy-Third Legislative Day with the exception of Senate Bill No. 5068 which was referred to the Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Tuesday, March 25, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
SEVENTY-FIRST DAY, MARCH 24, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

SEVENTY-SECOND DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, March 25, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2276 by Representatives Lisk, Huff and Sheahan

AN ACT Relating to civil legal services; amending RCW 43.08.260; adding a new section to chapter 43.08 RCW; and creating a new section.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business was referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, March 26, 1997.
The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jessica Cochran and Christopher Brever. Prayer was offered by Reverend June Grubb, Plymouth Congregational United Church of Christ, Seattle.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) introduced "The Rodeo Grandmas": Judy Golladay, Janis Anderson, Peggy Hunt and Loraine Plass.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2277 by Representatives B. Thomas, Johnson, Dunshee and Wensman

AN ACT Relating to authority of school districts to borrow money and issue bonds; and amending RCW 28A.530.010.

Referred to Committee on Education.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committee so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

SSB 5010 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing: Expanding the duties of the director of the Washington state pollution liability insurance agency. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Excused: Representatives Grant and Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 24, 1997

SB 5269 Prime Sponsor, Senator Winsley: Authorizing the state investment board to delegate certain powers and duties. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.33A.030 and 1981 c 3 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
Trusteeship of those funds under the authority of the board is vested in the voting members of the board. The nonvoting members of the board shall advise the voting members on matters of investment policy and practices.

The board may enter into contracts necessary to carry out its powers and duties. The board may delegate any of its powers and duties to its executive director as deemed necessary for efficient administration and when consistent with the purposes of (this 1980 act) chapter 3, Laws of 1981.

Subject to guidelines established by the board, the board’s executive director may delegate to board staff any of the executive director’s powers and duties including, but not limited to, the power to make investment decisions and to execute investment and other contracts on behalf of the board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.33A RCW to read as follows:
The board or its executive director may delegate by contract to private sector or other external advisors or managers the discretionary authority, as fiduciaries, to purchase or otherwise acquire, sell, or otherwise dispose of or manage investments or investment properties on behalf of the board, subject to investment or management criteria established by the board or its executive director. Such criteria relevant to particular investments or class of investment applicable under the board’s contract with an advisor or manager must be incorporated by reference into the contract."

Correct the title.


Excused: Representatives Grant and Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 24, 1997

SSB 5270 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing: Authorizing the state investment board to create public entities for the purposes of handling real estate and other investment assets. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 43.33A RCW to read as follows:
(1) The board is authorized to create corporations under Title 23B RCW, limited liability companies under chapter 25.15 RCW, and limited partnerships under chapter 25.10 RCW, of which it may or may not be the general partner, for the purposes of transferring, acquiring, holding, overseeing, operating, or disposing of real estate or other not readily marketable assets. The liability of each entity created by the board is limited to the assets or properties of that entity. No creditor or other person has any right of action against the board, its members or employees, or the state of Washington on account of any debts, obligations, or liabilities of the entity. Entities created under this section may be authorized by the board to make any investment in real estate or other not readily marketable assets that the board may make.
(2) Directors, officers, and other principals of entities created under this section must be board members, board staff, or principals or employees of an advisor or manager engaged by contract by the board or the entity to manage real estate or other investment assets of the entity. Directors of entities created under this section must be appointed by the board. Officers and other principals of entities created under this section are appointed by the directors.
(3) A public corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership created under this section has the same immunity or exemption from taxation as that of the state. The entity shall pay an amount equal to the amounts that would be paid for taxes otherwise levied upon real property and personal property to the public official charged with the collection of such real property and personal property taxes as if the property were in private ownership. The proceeds of such payments must be allocated as though the property were in private ownership.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.33A RCW to read as follows:
Rent and other income from real estate or other not readily marketable assets acquired and being held for investment by the board or by an entity created under section 1 of this act by the board, and being managed by an external advisor or other property manager under contract, shall not be deemed income or state funds for the purposes of chapter 39.58 RCW and this title, until distributions are made to the board of such income from the advisor or manager. Bank and other accounts established by the advisor or property manager for the purpose of the management of such investment assets shall not be deemed accounts established by the state for the purpose of chapter 39.58 RCW and this title.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.33A RCW to read as follows:
For the purposes of sections 1 and 2 of this act, an asset is "not readily marketable" when it is not publicly traded on a daily basis or on an organized exchange. Such assets may include, but are not limited to, real estate or other physical assets, and equity interests in, or the indebtedness of, operating companies, whether the asset is held directly or through an interest in an investing entity."

Correct the title.

Excused: Representatives Grant and Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 24, 1997

SSB 5563 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing: Modernizing, clarifying, and simplifying the Washington state credit union act. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that credit unions provide many valuable services to the consumers of this state and will be better prepared to continue providing these services if the Washington state credit union act is modernized, clarified, and reorganized.

Furthermore, the legislature finds that credit unions and credit union members will benefit by enacting provisions clearly specifying the director of financial institution’s authority to enforce statutory provisions.

Revisions to this act reflect the legislature’s intent to modernize, clarify, and reorganize the existing act, and specify the director’s enforcement authority. By enacting the revisions to this act, it is not the intent of the legislature to affect the scope of credit unions’ field of membership or tax status, or impact federal parity provisions.

Sec. 2. RCW 31.12.005 and 1994 c 256 s 68 and 1994 c 92 s 175 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, as used in this chapter:
(1) "Board" means the board of directors of a credit union.
(2) "Board officer" means an officer of the board elected under RCW 31.12.265(1) (as recodified by this act).
(3) "Branch" means any office, other than the principal place of business, maintained by a credit union, alone or together with other credit unions, for the purpose of accepting deposits or making loans to its members. "Branch" does not include a facility that is limited to an electronic funds transferring machine or a similar service facility that does not involve the approval of loans.
(3) "Credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under this chapter.
(4) "Director" means the director of financial institutions.
(5) "Employees" means the principal operating officer and other operating personnel of a credit union.
(6) "Federal credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under the laws of the United States.
(7) "Officers" means the officers of the board of a credit union who are elected under RCW 31.12.265.
(8) "Shares" and "deposits" are synonymous and interchangeable. Shares and deposits of a credit union shall be subject to such terms and conditions as established by the board of the credit union.
(9) "Supervisory committee" means a committee having the powers and duties set forth in RCW 31.12.326 through 31.12.345. Supervisory committees are the statutory successors of auditing committees.
(10) "Business loan" means a loan for business, investment, commercial, or agricultural purposes.
(11) "Capital" means a credit union’s reserves, undivided earnings, and allowances for loan loss.
(12) "Consumer loan" means a loan for consumer, family, or household purposes.
(13) "Credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under this chapter.
(14) "Credit union service organization" means an organization that a credit union has invested in pursuant to RCW 31.12.425(8) (as recodified by this act), or a credit union service organization invested in by an out-of-state credit union or federal credit union.
(15) "Director" means the director of financial institutions.
(16) "Federal credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under the laws of the United States.
(17) "Financial institution" means any commercial bank, trust company, savings bank, or savings and loan association, whether state or federally chartered, and any credit union, out-of-state credit union, or federal credit union.
(12) "Foreign credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under the laws of another country or other jurisdiction.

(13) "Insolvency" means:
(a) If, under generally accepted accounting principles, the recorded value of the credit union's assets are less than its obligations to its share account holders, depositors, creditors, and others; or
(b) If it is likely that the credit union will be unable to pay its obligations or meet its share account holders' and depositors' demands in the normal course of business.

(14) "Loan" means any loan, overdraft line of credit, extension of credit, or lease, in whole or in part.

(15) "Material violation of law" means:
(a) If the credit union or person has violated a material provision of:
   (i) Law;
   (ii) Any cease and desist order issued by the director;
   (iii) Any condition imposed in writing by the director in connection with the approval of any application or other request of the credit union; or
   (iv) Any written agreement entered into with the director;
(b) If the credit union or person has concealed any of the credit union's books, papers, records, or assets, or refused to submit the credit union's books, papers, records, or affairs for inspection to any examiner of the state or, as appropriate, to any examiner of the national credit union administration; or
(c) If the person has breached his or her fiduciary duty to the credit union.

(16) "Membership share" means an initial share required to be purchased in order to establish and maintain membership in a credit union.

(17) "Net capital" means a credit union's capital, less the allowance for loan loss.

(18) "Operating officer" means an officer of a credit union designated under RCW 31.12.265(2) (as recodified by this act).

(19) "Organization" means a corporation, partnership, association, limited liability company, trust, or other organization or entity.

(20) "Out-of-state credit union" means a credit union organized and operating under the laws of another state or United States territory.

(21) "Person" means an organization or a natural person including, but not limited to, a sole proprietorship.

(22) "Principally" or "primarily" means more than one-half.

(23) "Unsafe or unsound condition" means, but is not limited to:
(a) If the credit union is insolvent;
(b) If the credit union has incurred or is likely to incur losses that will deplete all or substantially all of its capital; or
(c) If the credit union is in imminent danger of losing its share and deposit insurance or guarantee.

(24) "Unsafe or unsound practice" means any action, or lack of action, which is contrary to generally accepted standards of prudent operation, the likely consequences of which, if continued, would be abnormal risk of loss or danger to a credit union, its members, or an organization insuring or guaranteeing its shares and deposits.

Sec. 3. RCW 31.12.015 and 1994 c 256 s 69 and 1994 c 92 s 176 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

A credit union is a cooperative society organized under this chapter as a nonprofit corporation for the purposes of promoting thrift among its members and creating a source of credit for them at fair and reasonable rates of interest.

The director is the state's credit union regulatory authority whose purpose is to protect the members' financial interests, the integrity of credit unions as cooperative institutions, and the interests of the general public, and to ensure that (state chartered) credit unions remain viable and competitive in this state.

Sec. 4. RCW 31.12.025 and 1994 c 256 s 70 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A credit union shall include in its name the words "credit union" in its name.
(2) No person (partnership, association, corporation, or other organization) may conduct business or engage in any other activity under a name or title containing the words "credit union," or represent itself as a credit union, unless it is:

(a) A credit union, out-of-state credit union, or a foreign credit union;

(b) An organization (comprised of corporations organized under state or federal credit union laws) whose membership or ownership is limited to credit unions, out-of-state credit unions, federal credit unions, or their trade organizations;

(c) A person that is primarily in the business of managing one or more credit unions, out-of-state credit unions, federal credit unions; or

(d) An organization specifically authorized under the laws of this state or under federal law to use the words "credit union" in its name.

Sec. 5. RCW 31.12.035 and 1994 c 92 s 177 are each amended to read as follows:

Seven or more natural persons who reside in this state may apply to the director for permission to organize a credit union. The director shall approve the application if it is in compliance with this chapter. The application must include copies of the proposed articles of incorporation and bylaws, and such other information as may be required by the director. The director shall approve or deny a complete application within sixty days of receipt.

Sec. 6. RCW 31.12.055 and 1994 c 256 s 71 and 1994 c 92 s 179 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Persons applying for the organization of a credit union shall execute articles of incorporation stating:

(a) The initial name and location of the credit union and its location;

(b) That the duration of the credit union is perpetual;

(c) That the purpose of the credit union is to engage in the business of a credit union and any other lawful activities permitted to a credit union by applicable law(s and rules);

(d) The number of its directors, which shall not be less than five or greater than fifteen, and the names, occupations, and addresses of the persons who are to serve as the initial directors;

(e) The names, occupations, and addresses of the incorporators;

(f) The initial par value, if any, of the shares of the credit union;

(g) Any provision the applicants elect to so set forth which is permitted by RCW 23B.17.030;

(h) The extent, if any, to which personal liability of directors is limited;

(i) Any other provision which is not inconsistent with this chapter.

(2) Applicants shall submit the articles of incorporation in triplicate to the director.

Sec. 7. RCW 31.12.065 and 1994 c 256 s 72 and 1994 c 92 s 180 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Persons applying for the organization of a credit union shall adopt bylaws that prescribe the manner in which the business of the credit union shall be conducted. The bylaws shall include:

(a) The name of the credit union;

(b) The field of membership of the credit union;

(c) Reasonable qualifications for membership in the credit union, including, but not limited to, the minimum number of shares, and the payment of a membership fee, if any, required for membership (status), and the procedures for expelling a member (who has failed to maintain the minimum number of shares);

(d) The number of directors and supervisory committee members, and the length of terms they serve and the permissible term length of any interim director or supervisory committee member;

(e) Any qualification for eligibility to serve on the credit union’s board, or supervisory committee;

(f) The number of credit union employees that may serve on the board, if any;
Sec. 8. RCW 31.12.075 and 1994 c 92 s 181 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When the proposed articles of incorporation and bylaws complying with the requirements of RCW 31.12.055 and 31.12.065 (as recodified by this act) have been filed with the director, the director shall:

(a) Determine whether the articles of incorporation and bylaws are consistent with (the purposes and requirements of) this chapter; and

(b) Determine the feasibility of the credit union, taking into account surrounding facts and circumstances (pertaining to (a)) influencing the successful operation of (a) the credit union.

(The director may establish by rule, as a prerequisite to approval of a proposed credit union, specific criteria consistent with the purposes and policies of this chapter.)

(2) If the director is satisfied with the determinations made under subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section, the director shall endorse each of the articles of incorporation "approved" (and) indicate the date the approval ((in)) was granted, and return two sets of articles and one set of bylaws to the applicants.

(3) If the director is not satisfied with the determinations made under subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section, the director shall endorse each of the articles of incorporation "((refused)) denied," indicate the date of, and reasons for, the ((refusal)) denial, and return two copies of the articles of incorporation with one copy of the bylaws to the person from whom they were received. The director shall at the time of returning the copies of the articles of incorporation and bylaws, also provide notice to the applicant of the applicant’s right to appeal the ((refusal)) denial under chapter 34.05 RCW. The ((refusal)) denial is conclusive unless the applicant requests a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(((4) The director shall accept or refuse the articles of incorporation within sixty days of receipt.)))

Sec. 9. RCW 31.12.085 and 1994 c 92 s 182 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon ((the)) approval ((of the director)) under RCW 31.12.075(2) (as recodified by this act), the ((applicants)) director shall ((file)) deliver a copy of the articles of incorporation ((with)) to the secretary of state for filing. Upon receipt of the approved articles of incorporation and a twenty dollar filing fee ((to be)) provided by the applicants, the secretary of state shall file ((and record)) the articles of incorporation. ((The applicants shall in writing promptly notify the director of the exact date of the filing.))

(2) Upon ((the)) filing ((and recording of)) the approved articles of incorporation ((with)) by the secretary of state, the persons named in the articles of incorporation and their successors may ((operate)) conduct business as a credit union, ((which shall have)) having the powers ((and be subject to the)) duties, and obligations ((of)) set forth in this chapter. A credit union ((shall)) may not conduct business until the articles have been ((recorded)) filed by the secretary of state.

(3) A credit union shall organize and begin conducting business within six months of the date that its articles of incorporation are filed ((and recorded with)) by the secretary of state or its charter ((shall become)) is void ((unless)). However, the director ((for cause)) may grant(s) an extension of the six-month period. The director ((shall)) may not grant a single extension exceeding three months, but may grant as many extensions to a credit union as circumstances require.

Sec. 10. RCW 31.12.105 and 1994 c 92 s 184 are each amended to read as follows:
A credit union’s articles of incorporation ((of a credit union)) may be amended((i.e., by the board with the approval of the director)) by the board with the approval of the director((i.e., by a resolution of the board. Amendments to the articles of incorporation shall be filed with the director and)). Complete applications for amendments to the articles must be approved or denied by the director within sixty days of receipt. Upon approval, the director shall promptly deliver the amendments, including any necessary filing fees paid by the applicant, to the secretary of state for filing. Amendments to a credit union’s articles of incorporation must conform with RCW 31.12.055 (as recodified by this act).

Sec. 11. RCW 31.12.115 and 1994 c 256 s 73 and 1994 c 92 s 185 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

((Except to the extent approval of the director may be required by rule, the bylaws of)) (1) A credit ((union)) union’s field of membership bylaws may be amended by the board ((of directors at any regular meeting or at a special meeting called for that purpose. An amendment of the bylaws requires the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the total members of the board. At least seven days before a meeting at which an amendment to the bylaws is to be voted upon, a copy of the proposed amendment, together with a written notice of the meeting as provided in the bylaws, shall be served upon each member of the board either personally or by mail to the director’s last known post office address)) with approval of the director. All complete applications to amend a credit union’s field of membership bylaws must be approved or denied by the director within sixty days of receipt.

(2) Bylaw amendments, other than those requiring the approval of the director under subsection (1) of this section, may be approved at any regular board meeting, or any special board meeting called for the purpose of amending the credit union’s bylaws.

(3) Amendments to a credit union’s bylaws must conform with RCW 31.12.065 (as recodified by this act).

Sec. 12. RCW 31.12.185 and 1987 c 338 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

((The regular)) (1) A credit union’s annual membership meeting ((of a credit union)) shall be held ((annually,)) at such time and place as the bylaws prescribe, and shall be conducted according to the ((customary)) rules of ((parliamentary)) procedure approved by the board.

(2) Notice of ((regular)) the annual membership meetings of a credit union shall be given as provided in the bylaws of the credit union.

((3) No member may have more than one vote regardless of the number of shares held by the member. A fraternal organization, voluntary association, partnership, or corporation having a membership in a credit union may cast one vote by its authorized agent, who shall be an officer of the organization, association, partnership, or corporation. Voting by mail ballot may be authorized by the board as prescribed in the bylaws.))

Sec. 13. RCW 31.12.195 and 1994 c 256 s 77 and 1994 c 92 s 188 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) A special membership meeting of a credit union may be called by a majority of the board, a majority vote of the supervisory committee, or upon written application of at least ten percent or two thousand ((whichever is less, of the voting)) of the members of a credit union, whichever is less.

(2) A request for a special membership meeting of a credit union shall be in writing and shall state specifically the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called. At this meeting, only those agenda items detailed in the written request may be considered. If the special membership meeting is being called for the removal of ((a)) one or more directors, the ((notice)) request shall state the name of the director or directors whose removal is sought.

((2))) (3) Upon receipt of a request for a special membership meeting, the secretary of the credit union shall designate the time and place at which the special membership meeting will be held. The designated place of the meeting ((shall)) must be a reasonable location within the county in which the principal ((office)) place of business of the credit union is located, unless provided otherwise by the bylaws. The designated time of the membership meeting ((shall)) must be no sooner than twenty ((nor)), and no later than thirty days after the request is received by the secretary.

The secretary shall give notice of the meeting within ten days of receipt of the request ((give notice of the meeting, including)) or within such other reasonable time period as may be provided by the bylaws. The notice must include the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, as provided in the bylaws. ((A wilful violation of this section constitutes a violation of this chapter and}}
Section 14. RCW 31.12.225 and 1984 c 31 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The business and affairs of a credit union shall be managed by a board of not less than five directors and not greater than fifteen directors.

(2) The directors shall be elected at the credit union’s annual membership meeting(s). Directors shall be sworn to the faithful performance of their duties. The directors shall hold their office(s) unless sooner removed as provided in this chapter until their successors are qualified.

(3) Directors shall be elected to terms of between one and three years, as provided in the bylaws. If the terms are longer than one year, the directors must be divided into classes, and an equal number of directors, as near as possible, must be elected each year.

(4) Any vacancies on the board must be filled by interim directors appointed by the board, unless the interim director would serve a term of fewer than ninety days. Interim directors will serve out the unexpired term of the former director, unless provided otherwise in the credit union’s bylaws.

(5) The board will meet as often as necessary, but not less frequently than once each month.

Section 15. RCW 31.12.235 and 1994 c 256 s 78 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A director must be a natural person and a member of the credit union. If a director ceases to be a member of the credit union, the director shall no longer serve as a director.

(2) Unless reasonably excused by the board, a director shall no longer serve as a director if the director is absent from more than thirty-three percent of the regular board meetings in any twelve-month period.

(3) The remainder of the term of a director’s office that becomes vacant under subsection (1) or (2) of this section shall be served by an interim director appointed by the board. A director must meet any qualification requirements set forth in the credit union’s bylaws. If a director fails to meet these requirements, the director shall no longer serve as a director.

(4) The officers and employees of the credit union may serve as directors of the credit union, but only as permitted by the credit union’s bylaws.

Section 16. RCW 31.12.246 and 1984 c 31 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:

The members of a credit union may remove a director of the credit union at a special membership meeting held in accordance with RCW 31.12.195 (as recodified by this act) and called for that purpose. If the members remove a director, the members may at the same special membership meeting elect an interim director to complete the remainder of the former director’s term of office or authorize the board to appoint an interim director as provided in RCW 31.12.235.

Section 17. RCW 31.12.255 and 1994 c 256 s 79 are each amended to read as follows:

The board shall have the general direction of the affairs of the credit union. The board shall meet as often as necessary, but not less than once each month. The business and affairs of a credit union shall be managed by the board of the credit union. The duties of the board include, but are not

constitutes grounds sufficient for the suspension and removal of the secretary under RCW 31.12.575. (4) Except as provided in this subsection, the chairman or president of the board shall preside over special membership meetings. If the purpose of the special meeting includes the proposed removal of the chairman or president from the board, the next highest ranking board officer whose removal is not sought shall preside over the special meeting. If the removal of all board officers is sought, the chairman of the supervisory committee shall preside over the special meeting. (After every special meeting, the chairman of the supervisory committee shall report to the director the results of the special meeting and whether the special meeting was conducted in a fair manner in accordance with the bylaws of the credit union and with customary rules of parliamentary procedure.)

(5) Special membership meetings shall be conducted according to the rules of procedure approved by the board.
limited to, the duties enumerated in this section. The duties listed in subsection (1) of this section may not be delegated by the credit union’s board of directors. The duties listed in subsection (2) of this section may be delegated to a committee, officer, or employee, with appropriate reporting to the board.

(1) The board shall:
((1) Act upon applications for membership with the credit union;
(2) Expel members for cause as provided in this chapter;
(3) Borrow and invest money on behalf of the credit union as provided by this chapter;
(4) Determine the maximum amount of shares and deposits that a member may hold in the credit union;
(5) Declare dividends on shares and set the rate of interest on deposits;
(6) Determine the amount which may be loaned to a member and the finance charges, including interest, to be charged on the loans;
(7) Prescribe the conditions and terms under which a loan officer or credit committee may approve loans;
(8) Set the minimum number of shares, if any, required for active member status;
(9) Fill vacancies on all committees except the supervisory committee;
(10) Set the par value of shares, if any, of the credit union;
(11) Set the fees, if any, to be charged by the credit union to its members for the right to be a member of the credit union and for services rendered by the credit union;
(12) Approve the charge-off of credit union losses; or
(13) Perform such other acts as are required by this chapter. The board may authorize a committee, officer, or employee to take the actions referenced in subsections (1), (3), (5), and (6) of this section.)

(a) Set the par value of shares, if any, of the credit union;
(b) Set the minimum number of shares, if any, required for membership;
(c) Establish the loan policies under which loans may be approved, including policies on any automated loan approval programs;
(d) Establish the conditions under which a member may be expelled for cause;
(e) Fill vacancies on all committees except the supervisory committee;
(f) Approve an annual operating budget or financial plan for the credit union;
(g) Designate those persons or positions authorized to execute or certify documents or records on behalf of the credit union;
(h) Review the supervisory committee’s annual report; and
(i) Perform such other duties as the members may direct.

(2) In addition, the board shall:
(a) Act upon applications for membership in the credit union;
(b) Determine the maximum amount of shares and deposits that a member may hold in the credit union;
(c) Declare dividends on shares and set the rate of interest on deposits;
(d) Set the fees, if any, to be charged by the credit union to its members for the right to be a member of the credit union and for services rendered by the credit union;
(e) Determine the amount which may be loaned to a member together with the terms and conditions of loans;
(f) Establish policies under which the credit union may borrow and invest; and
(g) Approve the charge-off of credit union losses.

Sec. 18. RCW 31.12.265 and 1994 c 256 s 80 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The board at its first meeting after the annual membership meeting ((of the members)) shall elect ((a chairman or president, and one or more vice chairmen or vice presidents, a secretary, a treasurer, and other officers that may be)) board officers from among its members, as provided in the credit union’s bylaws. The board will elect as many board officers as it deems necessary for transacting the business of the board of the credit union. The board officers ((of the board of the credit union)) shall hold office until their successors are qualified and elected ((and qualified)), unless sooner removed as provided ((by)) in this chapter. ((The offices of secretary and treasurer may be held by the same person.)) All board officers ((of the board of a credit union shall)) must be elected members of the board. However, the office of board treasurer and ((the)) board secretary may be held by the same person and need not be elected members of the board. ((The board may designate such employees,
including a principal operating officer who shall not share the title chosen for the chairman or president of the board and who need not be a member of the board, as are necessary for the operation of the credit union.

(2) The board may designate as many operating officers as it deems necessary for conducting the business of the credit union, including, but not limited to, a principal operating officer. Individuals serving as operating officers may also serve as board officers in accordance with subsection (1) of this section and subject to RCW 31.12.235(4) (as recodified by this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:

Directors and board officers are deemed to stand in a fiduciary relationship to the credit union, and must discharge the duties of their respective positions:

(1) In good faith;
(2) With the care an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would exercise under similar circumstances; and
(3) In a manner the director or board officer reasonably believes to be in the best interests of the credit union.

Sec. 20. RCW 31.12.275 and 1984 c 31 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:

The board may, for cause, remove a board officer from office or a committee member from a committee, other than the supervisory committee. For the purpose of this section "cause" includes demonstrated financial irresponsibility, a breach of fiduciary duty to the credit union, or activities which, in the judgment of the board, are detrimental to the credit union.

Sec. 21. RCW 31.12.285 and 1984 c 31 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

The board may, by a two-thirds vote, suspend for cause a member of the board or a member of the supervisory committee until a membership meeting is held. The membership meeting must be held within thirty days after the suspension. The members attending the meeting shall vote whether to remove a suspended party. For purposes of this section, "cause" includes demonstrated financial irresponsibility, a breach of fiduciary duty to the credit union, or activities which, in the judgment of the board, threaten the safety and soundness of the credit union.

Sec. 22. RCW 31.12.326 and 1984 c 31 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A supervisory committee of at least three members must be elected at the annual membership meeting of the credit union. Members of the supervisory committee shall serve a term of three years, unless sooner removed under this chapter or until their successors are elected, except that any vacancy on the committee must be filled by an interim member appointed by the committee, unless the interim member would serve a term of fewer than ninety days. Interim members may serve out the unexpired term of the former member, unless provided otherwise by the credit union’s bylaws. However, if all positions on the committee are vacant at the same time, the board may appoint interim members to serve until the next annual membership meeting.

(2) If a member of the supervisory committee ceases to be a member of the credit union, the member’s office becomes vacant. The supervisory committee shall fill vacancies in its membership until successors are elected, except that any vacancy on the committee must be filled by an interim member appointed by the committee, unless the interim member would serve a term of fewer than ninety days. Interim members may serve out the unexpired term of the former member, unless provided otherwise by the credit union’s bylaws. However, if all positions on the committee are vacant at the same time, the board may appoint interim members to serve until the next annual membership meeting.

(3) No operating officer or employee of a credit union may serve on the credit union’s supervisory committee of that credit union. No more than one director may be a member of the supervisory committee at the same time, unless provided otherwise by the credit union’s bylaws. No member of the supervisory committee may serve on the credit committee or investment committee of the credit union while serving on the supervisory committee.

Sec. 23. RCW 31.12.335 and 1994 c 256 s 82 and 1994 c 92 s 192 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The supervisory committee of a credit union shall:

(1) Meet as often as necessary and at least quarterly;
(2) Keep fully informed as to the financial condition of the credit union and the decisions of the credit union's board;

(3) (Cause to be made) Annually perform or arrange for a complete (examination) audit of the internal controls, loans, investments, cash, general ledger accounts, including, but not limited to, income and expense, and the members' share and deposit accounts in accordance with rules adopted by the director); and

(4) Report its findings and recommendations to the board and make an annual report to the members at each annual membership meeting.

At least one supervisory committee member may attend each regular board meeting.

Sec. 24. RCW 31.12.345 and 1984 c 31 s 36 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The supervisory committee may, by unanimous vote, for cause, suspend a member of the board, (or a member of the board) until a membership meeting is held. The membership meeting must be held within thirty days after the suspension. The members attending that meeting shall vote whether to remove the suspended party or parties. The supervisory committee may, by unanimous vote, for cause, suspend members of other committees until a membership meeting is held. The meeting must be held within thirty days after the suspension. The members attending that meeting shall vote whether to remove the suspended party or parties.

(2) For purposes of this section, "cause" includes demonstrated financial irresponsibility, a breach of fiduciary duty to the credit union, or activities which, in the judgment of the supervisory committee, threaten the safety and soundness of the credit union.

Sec. 25. RCW 31.12.365 and 1984 c 31 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Directors and members of committees shall not receive compensation for their service, by unanimous vote, as directors and committee members. However, this subsection does not prohibit directors or committee members from receiving incidental services available to employees generally, and gifts of minimal value.

(2) Directors and members of committees may receive reimbursement for reasonable expenses incurred on behalf of themselves and their spouses in the performance of the directors' and committee members' duties.

(3) Loans to directors and committee members may not be made under more favorable terms and conditions than those made to members generally.

Sec. 26. RCW 31.12.306 and 1994 c 92 s 191 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each director, officer, committee member, and employee of a credit union must be bonded in an amount and in accordance with conditions established by the director.

(2) When the bond coverage under subsection (1) of this section is suspended or terminated, the board of the affected credit union shall notify the director in writing within five days of receipt of the notice of suspension or termination.

Sec. 27. RCW 31.12.145 and 1984 c 31 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A credit union may admit to membership those persons qualified for membership as set forth in its bylaws upon the payment of a membership fee, if any, or the purchase of one or more shares, as provided in the bylaws).

(2) An organization whose membership, ownership, or employees are comprised principally of persons who are eligible for membership in the credit union may become a member of the credit union.

Sec. 28. RCW 31.12.155 and 1994 c 256 s 76 are each amended to read as follows:

(A minor under age eighteen does not have the right to vote as a member.) (1) No member may have more than one vote regardless of the number of shares held by the member. An organization having membership in a credit union may cast one vote through its agent duly authorized in writing.

(2) Members may vote, as prescribed in the credit union's bylaws, by mail ballot, absentee ballot, or other method. However, no member may vote by proxy.
A member who is not at least eighteen years of age is not eligible to vote as a member unless otherwise provided in the credit union’s bylaws.

Sec. 29. RCW 31.12.295 and 1984 c 31 s 31 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (The board may, by a two-thirds vote, expel a member for cause. The board shall notify the member) Members expelled from the credit union will be notified of the expulsion and the reasons upon which it is based. The (board shall) credit union will, upon request of the expelled member, allow the member to challenge the expulsion and seek reinstatement as a member.

(2) The amounts ((paid) in ((on shares or deposited by a member who has been expelled shall)) an expelled member’s share and deposit accounts must be promptly paid to the ((member)) person following expulsion, and after deducting amounts due from the member(s) to the credit union, including, but not limited to, any applicable penalties for early withdrawal. Expulsion ((shall) will not operate to relieve ((a member)) the person from outstanding liabilities owed to the credit union.

Sec. 30. RCW 31.12.125 and 1994 c 256 s 74 and 1994 c 92 s 186 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

A credit union may:

(1) Issue shares to and receive deposits from its members ((as provided in this chapter)) in accordance with RCW 31.12.385 (as recodified by this act);

(2) Make loans to its members ((as provided in this chapter)) in accordance with RCW 31.12.317 and 31.12.406 (as recodified by this act);

(3) Pay dividends or interest to its members in accordance with RCW 31.12.485 (as recodified by this act);

(4) Impose reasonable charges for the services it provides to its members;

(5) Impose financing charges and reasonable late charges in the event of default on loans, subject to applicable law, and recover reasonable costs and expenses, including, but not limited to, collection costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred both before and after judgment, incurred in the collection of sums due ((i)), if provided for in the note or agreement signed by the borrower;

(6) Acquire, lease, hold, assign, pledge, ((hypothecate,)) sell, or otherwise dispose of ((a possessory)) interests in personal property and((, subject to RCW 31.12.435,)) in real property((, so long as the property is necessary or incidental to the operation of the credit union)) in accordance with RCW 31.12.435 (as recodified by this act);

(7) Deposit and invest funds ((in excess of the amount approved for loans to members as provided in this chapter)) in accordance with RCW 31.12.425 (as recodified by this act);

(8) Borrow money, up to a maximum of fifty percent of its (((paid-in and unimpaired)) total shares, deposits, and net capital ((and surplus)));

(9) Discount or sell any of its assets, or purchase any or all of the assets of another credit union, out-of-state credit union, or federal credit union. However, a credit union may not discount or sell ((more than ten percent)) all, or substantially all, of its assets without the ((prior written)) approval of the director;

(10) Accept deposits of deferred compensation of its members ((under the terms and conditions of RCW 28A. 400. 240 and 41.04.250(2)));

(11) Act as fiscal agent for and receive payments on shares and deposits from the federal government or this state, and any agency or political subdivision thereof;

(12) Engage in activities and programs as requested by the federal government, this state, and any agency or political subdivision thereof, when the activities or programs are not inconsistent with this chapter;

(13) Hold membership in ((other)) credit unions ((organized under this chapter or other laws)), out-of-state credit unions, or federal credit unions and in ((associations)) organizations controlled by or fostering the interests of credit unions, including, but not limited to, a central liquidity facility organized under state or federal law; ((and))

(14) Pay additional dividends or interest to members, or an interest rate refund to borrowers;

(15) Enter into lease agreements, lease contracts, and lease-purchase agreements with members;

(16) Procure for, or sell to its members group life, accident, health, and credit life and disability insurance;
(17) Impose a reasonable service charge for the administration and processing of accounts that remain dormant for a period of time specified by the board;

(18) Establish and operate on-premises or off-premises electronic facilities;

(19) Enter into formal or informal agreements with another credit union for the purpose of fostering the development of the other credit union;

(20) Work with community leaders to develop and prioritize efforts to improve the areas where their members reside by making investments in the community through contributions to organizations that primarily serve either a charitable, social, welfare, or educational purpose, or are exempt from taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(21) Limit the personal liability of its directors in accordance with provisions of its articles of incorporation that conform with RCW 23B.08.320;

(22) Indemnify its directors, supervisory committee members, officers, employees, and others in accordance with provisions of its articles of incorporation or bylaws that conform with RCW 23B.08.500 through 23B.08.600; and

(23) Exercise such incidental powers as are necessary or (requisite) convenient to enable it to (carry on effectively) conduct the business ((for which it is incorporated)) of a credit union.

Sec. 31. RCW 31.12.136 and 1994 c 256 s 75 and 1994 c 92 s 187 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a credit union may exercise any of the powers and authorities conferred as of December 31, 1993, upon ((a)) federal credit unions ((doing business in this state)).

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and in addition to the powers and authorities conferred under subsection (1) of this section, the director may, by rule, authorize credit unions to exercise any of the powers and authorities conferred at the time of the adoption of the rule upon ((a)) federal credit unions ((doing business in this state)), if the director finds that the exercise of the power and authority serves the convenience and advantage of ((depositors and borrowers)) members of ((state-chartered)) credit unions, and maintains the fairness of competition and parity between ((state-chartered)) credit unions and federal((chartered)) credit unions.

(3) The restrictions, limitations, and requirements applicable to specific powers or authorities of federal credit unions ((shall)) apply to credit unions exercising those powers or authorities permitted under this section but only insofar as the restrictions, limitations, and requirements relate to ((exercising)) the specific exercise of the powers or authorities granted credit unions solely under this section.

(4) As used in this section, "powers and authorities" include without limitation, powers and authorities in corporate governance matters.

Sec. 32. RCW 31.12.385 and 1994 c 256 s 83 and 1994 c 92 s 194 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Shares ((purchased)) held and deposits made in a credit union by ((an individual)) a natural person are governed by chapter 30.22 RCW. ((A member may purchase shares and make deposits in a credit union in an amount that does not exceed such amounts as may be established by the board from time to time.))

(2) A credit union may require ((from a member)) ninety days notice of ((the)) a member's intention to withdraw shares or deposits. The notice requirement may be extended with the written consent of the director.

(3) A credit union will have a lien on all shares and deposits, including, but not limited to, dividends, interest, and any other earnings and accumulations thereon, of any share account holder or depositor, to the extent of any obligation owed to the credit union by the share account holder or depositor.

Sec. 33. RCW 31.12.485 and 1984 c 31 s 50 are each amended to read as follows:

((1)) At each annual, semiannual, quarterly, or monthly period the board may declare a dividend from net earnings. The dividends shall be paid on all eligible shares outstanding at the time of declaration and may be paid to members on shares withdrawn during the period. Shares which become paid up during the dividend period shall be entitled only to a proportional part of the dividend in accordance with a formula adopted by the board.
Dividends may be declared from the credit union's earnings which remain after the deduction of expenses, interest on deposits, and the amounts required for (regular, liquidity, and special) reserves, or the dividends may be declared in whole or in part from the undivided earnings that remain from preceding periods.

Sec. 34. RCW 31.12.406 and 1994 c 256 s 84 and 1994 c 92 s 195 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

1. A credit union may make secured and unsecured loans to its members (with the approval of a credit committee or loan officer) under policies established by the board, subject to the loans to one borrower limits provided for in RCW 31.12.317 (as recodified by this act). (All loans shall be documented in writing. Loans may be made for (a) consumer, family, or household purposes, referred to in this section as "consumer loans", or (b) business, investment, commercial, or agricultural purposes which are)) Each loan must be evidenced by records adequate to support enforcement or collection of the loan and review of the loan by the director. Business loans must be in compliance with rules adopted by the director.

2. (A credit union may make to members:
   (a) Loans secured by the note of the member or other adequate security, including, but not limited to, equity interests in real estate, automobiles, boats, motor homes, and travel trailers;
   (b) Student loans under student loan programs of this state or the United States;
   (c) Loans for the acquisition of a modular home or mobile home as defined by RCW 82.50.010, secured by a security interest in that modular home or mobile home, owned by the member. A loan under this subsection and any prior indebtedness secured by the home shall not exceed eighty-five percent of the purchase price or of the appraised value of the modular home or mobile home, whichever is less;
   (d) Residential real estate loans under RCW 31.12.415;
   (e) Loans to its members under an act of congress known as the "FHA Title I, National Housing Act of 1934," June 27, 1934 (12 U.S.C. Sec. 1701 to 1750, inc.); and
   (f) Loans to credit union members in participation with other credit unions, credit union organizations, or financial organizations. The credit union which originates a loan under this subsection shall retain an interest of at least ten percent of the face amount of the loan unless the loan is a real estate loan in which case there is no retention requirement.) A credit union may obligate itself to purchase loans in accordance with RCW 31.12.425(1) (as recodified by this act), if the credit union's underwriting policies would have permitted it to originate the loans.

3. Consumer loans (shall) must be given preference, and in the event there are not sufficient funds available to satisfy all approved consumer loan (applicants) applications, further preference (shall) must be given to small loans.

4. (The director may by rule establish guidelines addressing the issue of unsafe and unsound concentrations of credit and such other related safety and soundness issues.)

Sec. 35. RCW 31.12.317 and 1994 c 256 s 92 are each amended to read as follows:

1. No loan may be made to any (member) borrower if (such) the loan would cause ((that member)) the borrower to be indebted to the credit union upon consumer and business loans (made to the member) in an aggregated amount exceeding ten thousand dollars or (two and one-half) twenty-five percent of the (assets) capital of the credit union, whichever is greater, without the approval of the director.

2. The director by rule may establish limits on business loans (for business, investment, commercial, or agricultural purposes) to one (member) borrower.

Sec. 36. RCW 31.12.425 and 1994 c 256 s 86 and 1994 c 92 s 197 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

1. The capital or surplus funds in excess of the amount for which loans are approved may be deposited or invested in any of the following ways, so long as the investment has not been in default as to principal or interest within five years prior to the date of purchase.) A credit union may invest its funds in excess of loans in any of the following, as long as they are deemed prudent by the board:
((a)) Accounts in banks or trust companies, including national banks located in this state, or other states, the accounts of which are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation. The deposits made by a credit union under this subsection may exceed the insurance limits established by the federal deposit insurance corporation;

((b)) (1) Loans held by credit unions, out-of-state credit unions, or federal credit unions; loans to members held by other lenders; and loans to nonmembers held by other lenders, with the approval of the director;

(2) Bonds, securities, or other investments that are fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States government, and general obligations of this state and its political subdivisions;

((e)) (3) Obligations issued by corporations designated under (Section 9101 of Title) 31 U.S.C. Sec. 9101, or obligations, participations or other instruments issued and guaranteed by the federal national mortgage association, federal home loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, or other government-sponsored enterprise;

((d)) (4) Participations or obligations which have been subjected by one or more government agencies to a trust or trusts for which an executive department, agency, or instrumentality of the United States has been named to act as trustee;

((e)) (5) Shares, deposits, obligations, or other obligations of an organization ((of which the membership or ownership is confined primarily to credit unions and the)) whose primary purpose ((of which)) is to strengthen, advance, or provide services to the credit union industry and credit union members. Other than investment in an organization that is wholly owned by the credit union and whose activities are limited exclusively to those ((determined by the director to be)) authorized by RCW 31.12.125 ((as recodified by this act)) (as recodified by this act), an investment under this subsection ((of (h) of this section)) shall be limited to one percent of the ((total paid-in and unimpaired capital and surplus)) assets of the credit union, but a credit union may, in addition to the investment, lend to the organization an amount not exceeding an additional one percent of the ((total paid-in and unimpaired capital and surplus)) assets of the credit union;

((d)) (9) Loans to ((other)) credit unions ((organized or authorized to do business under the laws of this state, other states, or the United States)), out-of-state credit unions, or federal credit unions. The aggregate of loans issued under this subsection ((shall be)) is limited to twenty-five percent of the ((paid-in and unimpaired capital)) total shares and deposits of the lending credit union; ((or

((g)) (10) Key person insurance policies, the proceeds of which inure exclusively to the benefit of the credit union; or

(11) Other investments ((authorized in accordance with rules adopted)) approved by the director ((consistent with this chapter)) upon written application.

((2) The board may appoint an investment committee to make and manage the investments under this section. An investment committee shall remain subject to the supervision of the board.)

Sec. 37. RCW 31.12.435 and 1994 c 256 s 87 and 1994 c 92 s 198 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) (Unless otherwise approved by the director,) A credit union may invest ((a reasonable amount of its funds)) in real property or leasehold interests primarily for its own use in conducting business, including, but not limited to, structures and fixtures attached to real property, subject to the following limitations:

(a) ((The aggregate of its regular reserve and its undivided earnings equals)) The credit union’s net capital equals at least five percent of the total of its share and deposit accounts;
(b) The board approves the investment ([in real property for its own use in conducting business by a two-thirds majority vote of the total number of directors]); and
(c) The ([total]) aggregate of all such investments ([in the property]) does not exceed seven and one-half percent of the ([aggregate]) total of its share and deposit accounts.
(2) If the real property or leasehold interest is acquired for future expansion, the credit union must satisfy the use requirement in subsection (1) of this section within three years after the credit union makes the investment.
(3) The director may, upon written application, waive any of the limitations listed in subsection (1) or (2) of this section.

Sec. 38. RCW 31.12.445 and 1994 c 92 s 199 are each amended to read as follows:
This section applies to all nonfederally insured credit unions.
(1) At the end of each accounting period and before the payment of dividends to members, a credit union shall set apart as a regular reserve an amount in accordance with subsection (2) of this section.
(2)(a) If a credit union has been in operation for four or more years and has assets of at least five hundred thousand dollars, it shall reserve ten percent of gross income until the regular reserve together with the allowance for loan loss equals four percent of outstanding loans and then shall reserve five percent of gross income until the regular reserve together with the allowance for loan loss equals six percent of outstanding loans.
(b) If a credit union has been in operation for less than four years or has assets of less than five hundred thousand dollars, it shall reserve ten percent of gross income until the regular reserve together with the allowance for loan loss equals seven and one-half percent of outstanding loans and then shall reserve five percent of gross income until the regular reserve together with the allowance for loan loss equals ten percent of outstanding loans.
(c) The director may authorize a credit union falling under subsection (2)(b) of this section to follow the reserving requirements for credit unions falling under subsection (2)(a) of this section.
(d) In computing outstanding loans for purposes of reserving, a credit union may exclude loans secured by shares and loans insured or guaranteed by the federal government or the government of this state to the extent of the security, insurance, or guarantee.
(3) When the regular reserve falls below the percentage of outstanding loans required under subsection (2) of this section, a credit union shall replenish the regular reserve by again reserving a portion of gross income as set forth in subsection (2) of this section.
(4) The regular reserve and the investment(s) thereof (shall) must be held to meet contingencies or losses in the business of the credit union and (shall) may not be distributed to its members except in the case of ([dissolution]) liquidation or with the permission of the director.

Sec. 39. RCW 31.12.465 and 1994 c 92 s 201 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The director may ([if deemed necessary]) require a credit union to establish a liquidity reserve of up to five percent of ([unimpaired capital]) total shares, deposits, and capital. The liquidity reserve ([shall]) must be in cash or investments with maturities of one year or less.
(2) The director may require a credit union to charge off or set up a special reserve fund for delinquent loans or other assets.

Sec. 40. RCW 31.12.695 and 1994 c 256 s 91 and 1994 c 92 s 220 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) For purposes of this section, the merging credit union is the credit union whose charter ceases to exist upon ([merging]) merger with the continuing credit union. The continuing credit union is the credit union whose charter continues upon ([merging]) merger with the merging credit union.
(2) A credit union may be merged with another credit union with the approval of the director and in accordance with requirements the director may prescribe. The merger ([shall]) must be approved by a two-thirds majority vote of the board of each credit union and a two-thirds majority vote of those members of the merging credit union voting on the merger at a ([special]) membership meeting ([called by the merging credit union board or by mail ballot]). The requirement of approval by the members of the merging credit union may be waived by the director if ([in the director’s opinion]) the merging credit union is in imminent danger of insolvency.
(3) The property, rights, and interests of the merging credit union transfer to and vest in the continuing credit union without deed, endorsement, or instrument of transfer, although instruments of transfer may be used if their use is deemed appropriate. The debts and obligations of the merging credit union that are known or reasonably should be known are assumed by the continuing credit union. The continuing credit union shall cause to be published notice of merger once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the principal place of business of the merging credit union is located. The notice of merger (shall) must also inform creditors of the merging credit union how to make a claim on the continuing credit union and that if a claim is not made upon the continuing credit union within thirty days of the last date of publication, creditors' claims that are not known by the continuing credit union may be barred. Unless a claim is filed as requested by the notice, or unless the debt or obligation is known or reasonably should be known by the continuing credit union, the debts and obligations of the merging credit union are discharged. Upon merger, the charter of the merging credit union ceases to exist.

Sec. 41. RCW 31.12.705 and 1994 c 92 s 221 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A credit union ((chartered under the laws of this state)) may convert ((itself)) into a federal credit union ((chartered under the laws of the United States)) as authorized by the federal credit union act. The conversion ((shall)) must be approved by a two-thirds majority vote of ((the)) those members ((present)) voting at ((any regular or special)) a membership meeting ((called for that purpose by the board. The meeting shall be held within thirty days of being called and the secretary shall notify the members and the director of the meeting and its purpose as provided by the bylaws at least twenty days prior to the meeting)).

(2) If the conversion is approved by the members, a copy of the resolution certified by the board ((shall)) must be filed with the director within ten days of approval. The board may effect the conversion ((from a state chartered credit union to a federal chartered credit union)) upon terms agreed by the board and the ((proper)) federal ((authorities as provided by federal laws, rules, and regulations)) regulator.

(3) A certified copy of the federal credit union charter or authorization issued ((to the credit union)) by the ((proper)) federal ((authority shall)) regulator must be filed ((in)) with the ((director's office)) director and thereupon the ((state chartered)) credit union ceases to exist except for the purpose of winding up its affairs and prosecuting or defending any litigation by or against the ((state chartered)) credit union. For all other purposes, the credit union is converted into a ((federal chartered)) federal credit union and the ((state chartered)) credit union may execute, acknowledge, and deliver to the successor federal credit union the instruments of transfer, conveyance, and assignment that are necessary or desirable to complete the conversion, and the property, tangible or intangible, and all rights, titles, and interests that are agreed to by the board and the ((proper federal authorities)) regulator.

(4) Procedures, similar to those contained in subsections (1) through (3) of this section, prescribed by the director ((shall)) must be followed when a credit union ((chartered under the laws of this state)) merges ((with)) or converts ((to a credit union chartered under the laws of another state)) into an out-of-state or foreign credit union.

Sec. 42. RCW 31.12.715 and 1994 c 92 s 222 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A federal credit union located and conducting business in this state ((which becomes inactive because of a change in the laws under which it is chartered or which is authorized to dissolve or convert to a state chartered credit union in accordance with federal law)) may convert into a ((state chartered)) credit union organized and operating under this chapter.

(2) The board of the federal credit union shall file with the director proposed articles of incorporation and ((proposed)) bylaws, as provided by this chapter for organizing a new ((state chartered)) credit union. If approved by the director, the ((federal chartered)) federal credit union ((shall)) becomes a ((state chartered)) credit union under the laws of this state, and the assets and liabilities of the federal credit union will vest in and become the property of the successor ((state chartered)) credit union subject to all existing liabilities against the ((federal chartered)) federal credit union. (Shareholders and) Members of the federal credit union may become ((shareholders and)) members of the successor ((state chartered)) credit union.

(3) Procedures, similar to those contained in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, prescribed by the director ((shall)) must be followed when ((a)) an out-of-state or foreign credit union ((chartered

...
Sec. 43. RCW 31.12.526 and 1994 c 256 s 88 and 1994 c 92 s 205 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) An out-of-state or foreign credit union organized and qualified as a credit union in another state which has not had its authority to operate in another state suspended or revoked may operate as a credit union under this chapter if it may not operate a branch in Washington unless:

(a) The director has approved its application to do business in this state;

(b) A credit union organized and permitted to do business in the state or jurisdiction in which the applicant is organized;

(c) The interest rate charged by the applicant on loans made to members residing in this state does not exceed the maximum interest rate permitted in the state or jurisdiction in which the applicant is organized, or exceed the maximum interest rate that a credit union organized and operating under this chapter is permitted to charge on similar loans, whichever is lower;

(d) The applicant has secured surety bond and fidelity bond coverages satisfactory to the director;

(e) The applicant's share and deposit accounts (or its members insurance or other surety satisfaction to the director) are insured under the federal share insurance program or an equivalent share insurance program in compliance with RCW 31.12.039 (as recodified by this act);

(f) The applicant submits to the director an annual examination report of its most recently completed fiscal year;

(g) The applicant has not had its authority to operate in another state or jurisdiction suspended or revoked;

(h) If the applicant is a foreign credit union:

(i) A treaty or agreement between the United States and the jurisdiction where the applicant is organized requires the director to permit the applicant to operate a branch in Washington; and

(ii) The director determines that the applicant has substantially the same characteristics as a credit union organized and operating under this chapter;

(i) The applicant complies with all other provisions of this chapter and rules adopted by the director, except as otherwise permitted by this section.

(2) The director shall deny an application filed under this section or, upon notice and an opportunity for hearing, suspend or revoke the approval of an application, if the director finds that the standards of organization, operation, and regulation of the applicant do not reasonably conform with the standards under this chapter (or that at least fifty percent of the members of the credit union are, or are reasonably expected to be, residents of this state). In considering the standards of organization, operation, and regulation of the applicant, the director may consider the laws of the state in which the applicant is organized. A decision under this subsection may be appealed under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(3) In implementing this section, the director may cooperate with credit union regulators in other states and may share with the regulators the information received in the administration of this chapter.

(4) The director may enter into supervisory agreements with out-of-state and foreign credit unions and their regulators to prescribe the applicable laws governing the powers and authorities of Washington branches of the out-of-state or foreign credit unions. The director may also enter into supervisory agreements with the credit union regulators in other states or jurisdictions to prescribe the applicable laws governing the powers and authorities of out-of-state or foreign branches and other facilities of credit unions.

The agreements may address, but are not limited to, corporate governance and operational matters. The agreements may resolve any conflict of laws, and specify the manner in which examinations, supervision, and application processes must be coordinated with the regulators. The director may adopt rules for the periodic examination and investigation of the affairs of an out-of-state or foreign credit union operating in this state. The costs of examination and supervision must be fully borne by the out-of-state or foreign credit union.
Sec. 44. RCW 31.12.725 and 1994 c 92 s 223 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) At a special board meeting (specially) called for the purpose of liquidation, and upon the recommendation of at least two-thirds of the total members of the board of a credit union, the members of a credit union may elect to liquidate the credit union by a two-thirds majority vote of (the) those members (present elect to liquidate the credit union) voting.
(2) Upon a vote to liquidate under subsection (1) of this section, a three-person liquidating committee ((of three shall)) must be elected to liquidate the assets of the credit union. The committee shall act ((under the direction)) in accordance with any requirements of the director and may be reasonably compensated by the board of the credit union. Each share ((of)) account holder and depositor at the credit union ((shall be)) is entitled to his, her, or its proportionate part of the assets in liquidation after all shares, deposits, and debts have been paid. The proportionate allocation shall be based on account balances as of a date determined by the board. For the purposes of liquidation, shares and deposits are equivalent. The assets of the liquidating credit union ((shall)) are not ((be)) subject to contingent liabilities. Upon distribution of the assets, the credit union ((shall)) ceases to exist except for the purpose of discharging existing liabilities and obligations.
(3) Funds representing unclaimed dividends in liquidation and remaining in the hands of the liquidating committee for six months after the date of the final dividend ((shall)) must be deposited, together with all the books and papers of the credit union, with the director. The director may, one year after receipt, destroy such records, books, and papers as, in the director's judgment, are obsolete or unnecessary for future reference. The funds may be deposited in one or more (trust companies, mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, or national or state banks) financial institutions to the credit of the director, in trust for the members of the (liquidating) credit union entitled to the funds. The director may pay ((to)) a (person entitled to it that person's) portion of the funds to a person upon ((the)) receipt of satisfactory evidence that the person is entitled to ((a portion of)) the funds. In case of doubt or ((of)) conflicting claims, the director may require an order of the superior court of the county in which the principal place of business of the credit union was located, authorizing and directing the payment of the funds. The director may apply the interest earned by the funds toward defraying the expenses incurred in the holding and paying of the funds. Five years after the receipt of the funds, the funds still remaining with the director ((shall)) must be (escheated) remitted to the state as unclaimed property.

Sec. 45. RCW 31.12.516 and 1994 c 92 s 204 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The powers of supervision and examination of credit unions and other persons subject to this chapter and chapters 31.12A and 31.13 RCW are vested in the director. The director shall require each credit union to conduct business in compliance with this chapter and other laws that apply to credit unions, and has the power to commence and prosecute actions and proceedings, to enjoin violations, and to collect sums due the state of Washington from a credit union (authorized to conduct business under this chapter).
(2) The director may adopt such rules as are reasonable or necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter and chapters 31.12A and 31.13 RCW. Chapter 34.05 RCW will, whenever applicable, govern the rights, remedies, and procedures respecting the administration of this chapter.
(3) The director shall have the power and broad administrative discretion to administer and interpret the provisions of this chapter and chapters 31.12A and 31.13 RCW, to facilitate the delivery of financial services to the members of a credit union.
(4) The director may charge fees to credit unions and other persons subject to this chapter and chapters 31.12A and 31.13 RCW, in order to cover the costs of the operation of the division of credit unions, and to establish a reasonable reserve for the division. The director may waive all or a portion of such fees.

Sec. 46. RCW 31.12.545 and 1994 c 92 s 207 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The director shall make an examination and (full) investigation into the affairs of each credit union at least once every eighteen months, unless the director determines with respect to a credit union, that a less frequent examination schedule will satisfactorily protect the financial stability of the credit union and will satisfactorily assure compliance with the provisions of this chapter. (The actual cost of examination and supervision shall be paid by the credit union examined. The director may waive all or a portion of the examination costs payable by the credit union, in light of the time and expense of the examination and the ability of the credit union to pay the costs. The examination costs...
with respect to the first examination of a credit union with assets under two hundred thousand dollars shall not be payable by that credit union.)

(2) The director may accept in lieu of an examination under subsection (1) of this section the report of an examiner authorized to examine (an out-of-state, federal, or foreign credit union ((under the laws of the United States or another state)), or the report of an accountant, satisfactory to the director, who has made and submitted a report of the condition of the affairs of a credit union ((and, if approved)). The director may accept such a report in lieu of part or all of an examination. If accepted, the report ((shall have)) has the same force and effect as an examination under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Communications from the director to the board of a credit union regarding an examination or report shall be read before the board at its first meeting following the receipt of the communication and the fact that the communication was read before the board shall be noted in the minutes of the meeting. The board shall promptly respond to the director either by stating that steps have been taken to comply with the communication or by stating that the board objects to the communication and stating the reasons for the objection.)

Sec. 47. RCW 31.12.555 and 1994 c 256 s 89 and 1994 c 92 s 208 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The director may examine the affairs of:
(a) A credit union service organization in which a credit union has an interest; (b) A person ((or an entity)) that is not a credit union, out-of-state credit union, federal credit union, or foreign credit union, and that has an interest in a credit union service organization in which a credit union has an interest ((is deemed to have consented to the examination. For the purposes of this section and RCW 31.12.565, a sole proprietorship, partnership, or corporation that is primarily in the business of managing one or more credit unions shall be considered to be a credit union service organization)); and (c) A sole proprietorship or organization primarily in the business of managing one or more credit unions.

(2) Persons subject to examination under this section are deemed to have consented to the examination.

(3) The director will establish the appropriate frequency of regular examinations under this section, but no more frequently than once every eighteen months. The cost of the examinations will be borne fully by the person examined.

Sec. 48. RCW 31.12.565 and 1994 c 256 s 90 and 1994 c 92 s 209 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are confidential and privileged and not subject to public disclosure under chapter 42.17 RCW:
(a) Examination reports and information obtained by the ((director's staff)) director in conducting examinations ((of credit unions and credit union service organizations which are confidential and privileged information and not subject to public disclosure under chapter 42.17 RCW)) and investigations under this chapter and chapters 31.12A and 31.13 RCW; (b) Examination reports and related information from other financial institution regulators obtained by the director; and (c) Business plans and other proprietary information obtained by the director in connection with a credit union’s application or notice to the director.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, the director may furnish examination reports prepared by the ((director's office)) director to:
(a) Federal agencies empowered to examine ((state chartered)) credit unions; (b) Officials empowered to investigate criminal charges. The director may furnish only that part of the report which is necessary and pertinent to the investigation, and only after notifying the affected credit union and members of the credit union who are named in that part of the examination report, or other person examined, that the report is being furnished to the officials, unless the officials requesting the report obtain a waiver of the notice requirement for good cause from a court of competent jurisdiction; (c) The examined credit union or other person examined, solely for its confidential use; (d) The attorney general in his or her role as legal advisor to the director;
(e) Prospective merger partners or conservators, receivers, or liquidating agents of a distressed credit union;

(f) Credit union (administrators) regulators in other states or jurisdictions regarding an out-of-state (chartered) or foreign credit union (doing) conducting business in this state under this chapter, or regarding a credit union (chartered under this chapter doing) conducting business in (another) the other state or jurisdiction;

(g) A person (or organization) officially connected with the credit union or other person examined, as officer, director, supervisory committee member, attorney, auditor, accountant, independent attorney, independent auditor, or independent accountant;

(h) Organizations that have bonded the credit union to the extent that information is relevant to the renewal of the bond coverage or to a claim under the bond coverage;

(i) Organizations insuring or guaranteeing the shares of, or deposits in, the credit union; or

(j) Other persons (or organizations) as the director may determine necessary to protect the public interest and confidence.

(3) Examination reports furnished under subsection (2) of this section remain the property of the director and no person, agency, or authority to whom reports are furnished or any officer, director, or employee thereof may disclose or make public the reports or information contained in the reports except in published statistical information that does not disclose the affairs of a person, except that nothing prevents the use in a criminal prosecution of reports furnished under subsection (2)(b) of this section.

(4) In a civil action in which the reports or information are sought to be discovered or used as evidence, a party upon notice to the director, may petition the court for an in-camera review of the reports or information. The court may permit discovery and introduction of only those portions of the report or information which are relevant and otherwise unobtainable by the requesting party. This subsection does not apply to an action brought or defended by the director.

(5) This section does not apply to investigation reports prepared by the director concerning an application for a new credit union or a notice of intent to establish or relocate a branch of a credit union, except that the director may adopt rules making portions of the reports confidential, if in the director’s opinion the public disclosure of that portion of the report would impair the ability to obtain information the director considers necessary to fully evaluate the application.

(6) Any person who knowingly violates a provision of this section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 49. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
A credit union shall make at least two regular reports each year to the director showing the assets and liabilities of the credit union. Each report must be certified by the principal operating officer of the credit union. The director shall designate the form, the due dates of, and the period covered by the reports.

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 50. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
Credit unions will comply with the provisions of generally accepted accounting principles as identified by rule of the director. In adopting rules to implement this section, the director shall consider, among other relevant factors, whether to transition small credit unions to generally accepted accounting principles over a period of time.

Sec. 51. RCW 31.12.215 and 1994 c 92 s 190 are each amended to read as follows:
A credit union desiring to establish a branch shall submit to the director a notice of intent to establish a branch (on a form provided by the director) at least thirty days before conducting business at the branch.

Sec. 52. RCW 31.12.575 and 1994 c 92 s 210 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The director may suspend a director or the principal operating officer of a credit union if, in the opinion of the director, the director or principal operating officer is dishonest, inefficient, incompetent, is willfully disobeying orders of the director, or is in any way violating this chapter or the
bys of the credit union. The director shall give prompt notice of and the reasons for the suspension
to the board of the affected credit union.

(2) Unless the director specifically provides otherwise in the order of suspension, an order of
suspension shall take effect immediately. The suspended person shall be prohibited from all aspects of
the operation of the credit union. The suspended person shall be barred from the credit union premises
and shall surrender the possession of all property and records of the credit union. A person who
knowingly violates an order of suspension or who knowingly aids in the violation of an order of
suspension shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(3) Upon receipt of the notice of suspension, the board shall within twenty days call a meeting
of its members to consider the causes of the suspension. The board shall give at least seven days' notice
of the time and place of the meeting to the director unless the director agrees to accept shorter notice.
If the board finds the director's objection to be well founded, the board shall remove the suspended
person immediately.

(4) If the board fails to remove the suspended person as provided in subsection (3) of this
section, the director may remove that person after reasonable notice and an opportunity to be heard
under chapter 34.05 RCW. The suspension shall remain in effect for twenty days after the board
meeting at which the board considers the suspension, during which time the director may call a hearing
under this subsection. If the director calls a hearing, the suspension shall remain in effect until the time
of the hearing. The director may serve a credit union director, supervisory committee member,
officer, or employee with written notice of the director's intent to remove the person from office or to
prohibit the person from participating in the conduct of the affairs of the credit union whenever, in the
opinion of the director:

(a) The person has committed a material violation of law or an unsafe or unsound practice;
(b)(i) The credit union has suffered or is likely to suffer substantial financial loss or other
damage; or
(ii) The interests of the credit union's share account holders and depositors could be seriously
prejudiced by reason of the violation or practice; and
(c) The violation or practice involves personal dishonesty, recklessness, or incompetence.

(2) The notice must contain a statement of the facts constituting the alleged violation or practice
and must fix a time and place at which a hearing will be held to determine whether a removal or
prohibition order should be issued against the person. The hearing must be set not earlier than ten days
nor later than thirty days after service of the notice, unless a later date is set by the director at the
request of any of the parties.

Unless the person appears at the hearing, the person will be deemed to have consented to the
issuance of the removal or prohibition order. In the event of this consent, or if upon the record made at
the hearing the director finds that any violation or practice specified in the notice of intention has been
established, the director may issue and serve upon the person an order removing the person from office or
an order prohibiting the person from participating in the conduct of the affairs of the credit union.

(3) A removal order or prohibition order becomes effective at the expiration of ten days after
the service of the order upon the person, except that a removal order or prohibition order issued upon
consent becomes effective at the time specified in the order. An order remains effective unless it is
stayed, modified, terminated, or set aside by action of the director or a reviewing court.

Sec. 53. RCW 31.12.585 and 1994 c 92 s 211 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director may issue and serve ( upon )) a credit union with a notice of charges if, in the
opinion of the director, the credit union has committed or is about to commit:

(a) (Is engaging or has engaged in an unsafe or unsound practice in conducting the business of
the credit union;)) A material violation of law; or
(b) (Is violating or has violated a material provision of any law, rule, or any condition
imposed in writing by the director in connection with the granting of any application or other request
by the credit union or any written agreement made with the director; or
(c) Is about to do the acts prohibited in (a) or (b) of this subsection if the opinion that the threat
exists is based upon reasonable cause.) An unsafe or unsound practice.

(2) The notice ( shall)) must contain a statement of the facts constituting the alleged violation or
the practice and ( shall)) must fix a time and place at which a hearing will be held to determine whether
an order to cease and desist should issue against the credit union. The hearing ( shall)) must be set not
earlier than ten days nor later than thirty days after service of the notice, unless a later date is set by the director at the request of the credit union or any of the parties.

Unless the credit union appears at the hearing by a duly authorized representative, it shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance of the cease and desist order. In the event of this consent, or if upon the record made at the hearing the director finds that any violation or practice specified in the notice of charges has been established, the director may issue and serve upon the credit union an order to cease and desist from the violation or practice. The order may require the credit union and its directors, supervisory committee members, officers, employees, and agents to cease and desist from the violation or practice and may require the credit union to take affirmative action to correct the conditions resulting from the violation or practice.

(3) A cease and desist order (as provided therein) unless it is stayed, modified, terminated, or set aside by action of the director or a reviewing court.

Sec. 54. RCW 31.12.595 and 1994 c 92 s 212 are each amended to read as follows:

If the director determines that the (as recodified by this act) is likely to cause an unsafe or unsound condition at the credit union, the director may issue a temporary order requiring the credit union to cease and desist from the violation or practice. The order (as recodified by this act) pending the completion of the administrative proceedings under the notice and until the director dismisses the charges specified in the notice or until the effective date of a cease and desist order issued against the credit union under RCW 31.12.585 (as recodified by this act).

Sec. 55. RCW 31.12.605 and 1984 c 31 s 62 are each amended to read as follows:

Within ten days after a credit union has been served with a temporary cease and desist order, the credit union may apply to the superior court in the county of its principal place of business for an injunction setting aside, limiting, or suspending the order pending the completion of the administrative proceedings under RCW 31.12.585 (as recodified by this act). The superior court (as recodified by this act) has jurisdiction to issue the injunction.

Sec. 56. RCW 31.12.625 and 1994 c 92 s 214 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An administrative hearing provided for in RCW 31.12.575 or 31.12.585 (as recodified by this act) may be held at such place as is designated by the director and must be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. The hearing shall be private unless the director determines that a public hearing is necessary to protect the public interest after fully considering the views of the party afforded the hearing.

(2) Within sixty days after the hearing, the director shall render a decision which includes findings of fact upon which the decision is based. The director shall issue and serve upon each party to the proceeding an order or orders consistent with RCW 31.12.575 or 31.12.585 (as recodified by this act).

(3) Unless a petition for review is timely filed in the superior court of the county in which the principal place of business of the credit union is located, and until the record in the proceeding has been filed as provided therein, the director may at any time modify, terminate, or set aside any order upon such notice and in such manner as the director may deem proper. Upon filing the record, the director may modify, terminate, or set aside an order only with the permission of the court or the party or parties to the proceeding.

The judicial review provided in this section will be exclusive for orders issued under RCW 31.12.575 and 31.12.585 (as recodified by this act).

(4) Any party to the proceeding, or any person subject to an order, temporary order, or injunction issued under RCW 31.12.575, 31.12.585, 31.12.595, or 31.12.615 (as recodified by this act), may obtain a review of any order issued and served under subsection (1) of this section, other than an order issued upon consent, by filing a written petition requesting that the order be modified,
terminated, or set aside, in the superior court of the county in which the principal place of business of the affected credit union is located. The petition must be filed within ten days after the date of service of the order. A copy of the petition must be immediately served upon the director and the director must then file the record of the proceeding in court. The court has jurisdiction, upon the filing of the petition, to affirm, modify, terminate, or set aside, in whole or in part, the order of the director. The jurisdiction of the court becomes exclusive upon the filing of the record. However, the director may modify, terminate, or set aside the order with the permission of the court. The judgment and decree of the court is final subject to appellate review under the rules of the court.

(5) The commencement of proceedings for judicial review under subsection (4) of this section may not operate as a stay of any order issued by the director unless specifically ordered by the court.

(6) Service of any notice or order required to be served under RCW 31.12.575, 31.12.585, or 31.12.595 (as recodified by this act), must be accomplished in the same manner as required for the service of process in civil actions in superior courts of this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 57. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:

The director may apply to the superior court of the county in which the principal place of business of the affected credit union is located for the enforcement of any effective and outstanding order issued under RCW 31.12.575, 31.12.585, 31.12.595, and 31.12.615 (as recodified by this act), and the court has jurisdiction to order compliance therewith. No court has jurisdiction to affect by injunction or otherwise the issuance or enforcement of any such order, or to review, modify, suspend, terminate, or set aside any such order, except as provided in RCW 31.12.605, 31.12.615, and 31.12.625 (as recodified by this act).

Sec. 58. RCW 31.12.655 and 1994 c 92 s 216 are each amended to read as follows:

The director may request a special meeting of the board of a credit union if the director believes that a special meeting is necessary for the welfare of the credit union or the purposes of this chapter. The director’s request for a special board meeting (shall) must be made in writing to the secretary of the board and the request (shall) must be handled in the same manner as a call for a special meeting under RCW 31.12.195 (as recodified by this act). The director may require the attendance of all of the directors (of the board) at the special board meeting, and an absence (of a director) unexcused by the director constitutes a violation of this chapter.

Sec. 59. RCW 31.12.665 and 1994 c 92 s 217 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director may attend a (regular or special) meeting of the board of a credit union if the director believes that attendance at the meeting is necessary for the welfare of the credit union or the purposes of this chapter, or if the board has requested the director’s attendance. The director shall provide reasonable notice to the board before attending a meeting.

(2) A communication from the director to the board shall upon the request of the director be read to the board at its next meeting and the fact that the communication was read shall be noted in the minutes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 60. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:

The director may place a credit union under supervisory direction in accordance with sections 61 through 63 of this act, appoint a conservator for a credit union in accordance with sections 64 through 67 of this act, appoint a liquidating agent for a credit union in accordance with RCW 31.12.675 and 31.12.685 (as recodified by this act), or appoint a receiver for a credit union in accordance with sections 70 through 86 of this act, if the credit union:

(1) Consents to the action;
(2) Has failed to comply with the requirements of the director while the credit union is under supervisory direction;
(3) Has committed or is about to commit a material violation of law or an unsafe or unsound practice, and such violation or practice has caused or is likely to cause an unsafe or unsound condition at the credit union; or
(4) Is in an unsafe or unsound condition.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 61. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
As authorized by section 60 of this act, the director may determine to place a credit union under supervisory direction. Upon such a determination, the director shall notify the credit union in writing of:

(a) The director's determination; and
(b) Any requirements that must be satisfied before the director shall terminate the supervisory direction.

The credit union must comply with the requirements of the director as provided in the notice. If the credit union fails to comply with the requirements, the director may appoint a conservator, liquidating agent, or receiver for the credit union, in accordance with this chapter. The director may appoint a representative to supervise the credit union during the period of supervisory direction.

All costs incident to supervisory direction will be a charge against the assets of the credit union to be allowed and paid as the director may determine.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 62. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
During the period of supervisory direction, the director may prohibit the credit union from engaging in any of the following acts without prior approval:
(1) Disposing of, conveying, or encumbering any of its assets;
(2) Withdrawing any of its accounts at other financial institutions;
(3) Lending any of its funds;
(4) Investing any of its funds;
(5) Transferring any of its property; or
(6) Incurring any debt, obligation, or liability.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 63. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
During the period of supervisory direction, the credit union may request the director to review an action taken or proposed to be taken by the representative, specifying how the action is not in the best interests of the credit union. The request stays the action, pending the director's review of the request.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 64. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
(1) As authorized by section 60 of this act, the director may, upon due notice and hearing, appoint a conservator for a credit union. The director may appoint himself or herself or another qualified party as conservator of the credit union. The conservator shall immediately take charge of the credit union and all of its property, books, records, and effects.
(2) The conservator shall conduct the business of the credit union and take such steps toward the removal of the causes and conditions that have necessitated the appointment of a conservator, as the director may direct. The conservator is authorized to, without limitation:
(a) Take all necessary measures to preserve, protect, and recover any assets or property of the credit union, including any claim or cause of action belonging to or which may be asserted by the credit union, and administer the same in his or her own name as conservator; and
(b) File, prosecute, and defend any suit that has been filed or may be filed by or against the credit union that is deemed by the conservator to be necessary to protect all of the interested parties or a property affected thereby.

The conservator shall make such reports to the director from time to time as may be required by the director.
(3) All costs incident to conservatorship will be a charge against the assets of the credit union to be allowed and paid as the director may determine.
(4) If at any time the director determines that the credit union is not in condition to continue business under the conservator in the interest of its share account holders, depositors, or creditors, and grounds exist under section 60 of this act, the director may proceed with appointment of a liquidating agent or receiver in accordance with this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 65. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
During the period of conservatorship, the credit union may request the director to review an action taken or proposed to be taken by the conservator, specifying how the action is not in the best interest of the credit union. The request stays the action, pending the director's review of the request.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 66. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
Any suit filed against a credit union or its conservator, during the period of conservatorship, must be brought in the superior court of Thurston county. A conservator for a credit union may file suit in any superior court or other court of competent jurisdiction against any person for the purpose of preserving, protecting, or recovering any asset or property of the credit union, including, but not limited to, any claims or causes of action belonging to or asserted by the credit union.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 67. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
The conservator shall serve until the purposes of the conservatorship have been accomplished. If rehabilitated, the credit union must be returned to management or new management under such conditions as the director may determine.

Sec. 68. RCW 31.12.675 and 1994 c 92 s 218 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) (The articles of incorporation may be suspended or revoked, the credit union placed in involuntary liquidation, and a liquidating agent appointed upon a finding by the director that the credit union is insolvent.
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter), (As authorized by section 60 of this act, the director may appoint a liquidating agent for a credit union. Before appointing a liquidating agent, the director (before suspending or revoking the articles of incorporation of a credit union and placing the credit union in liquidation) shall issue and serve notice on the credit union (concerned of the intention to suspend or revoke the articles and) an order directing the credit union to show cause why its articles of incorporation should not be suspended or revoked, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

(3) (If the (directors find that the credit union is insolvent and the) credit union fails to adequately show cause, the (articles of incorporation shall be suspended or revoked and the credit union placed in involuntary liquidation. The) director shall serve ((on)) the credit union with an order directing the suspension or revocation (and an order directing the) of the articles of incorporation, placing the credit union in involuntary liquidation (and appointment of), appointing a liquidating agent under this section and RCW 31.12.685 (as recodified by this act), and providing a statement of the findings on which the order is based.

(4) (The suspension or revocation (shall)) must be immediate and complete. Once the articles of incorporation are suspended or revoked, the credit union shall cease conducting business. The credit union may not accept any payment (to share) or deposit((s)) accounts, may not grant or pay out any new or previously approved loans, may not invest any of its assets, and may not declare or pay out any previously declared dividends. The liquidating agent of a credit union whose articles have been suspended or revoked may accept payments on loans previously paid out and may accept income from investments already made.

Sec. 69. RCW 31.12.685 and 1994 c 92 s 219 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) (The director shall designate the liquidating agent in the order directing the involuntary liquidation of the credit union under RCW 31.12.675.) On receipt of the order placing the credit union in involuntary liquidation, the officers and directors of the credit union ((concerned)) shall deliver to the liquidating agent possession and control of all books, records, assets, and property of the credit union.

(2) The liquidating agent shall proceed to convert the assets to cash, collect all debts due to the credit union and wind up its affairs in accordance with the instructions and procedures issued by the director. If a liquidating agent agrees to absorb and serve the membership of (a distressed) the credit union, the director may approve a pooling of assets and liabilities rather than a distribution of assets.

(3) Each share account holder and depositor at the credit union is entitled to a proportionate allocation of the assets in liquidation after all shares, deposits, and debts have been paid.

The proportionate allocation shall be based on account balances as of a date determined by the board. For the purposes of liquidation, shares and deposits are equivalent.

(4) The liquidating agent shall cause a notice of liquidation to be published (notice of liquidation) once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the principal place of business of the credit union is located. The notice of liquidation (shall) must inform creditors of the (credit union) credit union on how to make a claim
upon the liquidating agent and that if a claim is not made upon the liquidating agent within thirty days of the last date of publication, the creditor’s claim is barred. The liquidating agent shall provide personal notice of liquidation to the creditors of record informing them that if they fail to make a claim upon the liquidating agent within thirty days of the service of the notice, the creditor’s claim is barred. If a creditor fails to make a claim upon the liquidating agent within the times required to be specified in the notices of liquidation, the creditor’s claim is barred. All contingent liabilities of the credit union are discharged upon the director’s order to liquidate the credit union. The liquidating agent shall, upon completion, certify to the director that the distribution or pooling of assets of the credit union is complete.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 70. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
As authorized by section 60 of this act, the director may without prior notice appoint a receiver to take possession of a credit union. The director may appoint the national credit union administration or other qualified party as receiver. Upon appointment, the receiver is authorized to act without bond. Upon acceptance of the appointment, the receiver shall have and possess all the powers and privileges provided by the laws of this state with respect to the receivership of a credit union, and be subject to all the duties of and restrictions applicable to such a receiver, except to such powers, privileges, duties, or restrictions are in conflict with any applicable provision of the federal credit union act.
Upon taking possession of the credit union, the receiver shall give written notice to the directors of the credit union and to all persons having possession of any assets of the credit union. No person with knowledge of the taking of possession by the receiver shall have a lien or charge for any payment advanced, clearance made, or liability incurred against any of the assets of the credit union, after the receiver takes possession, unless approved by the receiver.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 71. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
Within ten days after the receiver takes possession of a credit union’s assets, the credit union may serve notice upon the receiver to appear before the superior court of the county in which the principal place of business of the credit union is located and at a time to be fixed by the court, which may not be less than five or more than fifteen days from the date of the service of the notice, to show cause why the credit union should not be restored to the possession of its assets.
The court shall summarily hear and dismiss the complaint if it finds that the receiver was appointed for cause. However, if the court finds that no cause existed for appointment of the receiver, the court shall require the receiver to restore the credit union to possession of its assets and enjoin the director from further appointment of a receiver for the credit union without cause.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 72. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
Upon taking possession of a credit union, the receiver shall proceed to collect the assets of the credit union and preserve, administer, and liquidate its business and assets.
With the approval of the Thurston county superior court or the superior court of the county in which the principal place of business of the credit union is located, the receiver may sell, compound, or compromise bad or doubtful debts, and upon such terms as the court may direct, borrow, mortgage, pledge, or sell all or any part of the real and personal property of the credit union. The receiver may deliver to each purchaser or lender an appropriate deed, mortgage, agreement of pledge, or other instrument of title or security. The receiver may employ an attorney or other assistants to assist in carrying out the receivership, subject to such surety bond as the director may require. The premium for any such bond must be paid out of the assets of the credit union.
In carrying out the receivership, the receiver may without limitation arrange for the merger or consolidation of the credit union in receivership with another credit union, out-of-state credit union, or federal credit union, or may arrange for the purchase of the credit union’s assets and the assumption of its liabilities by such a credit union, in whole or in part, or may arrange for such a transaction with another type of financial institution as may be otherwise permitted by law. The receiver shall give preference to transactions with a credit union or a federal credit union that has its principal place of business in this state.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 73. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
The receiver shall publish once a week for four consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the credit union’s principal place of business is located, a notice
requiring all persons having claims against the credit union to file proof of claim not later than ninety
days from the date of the first publication of the notice. The receiver shall mail similar notices to all
persons whose names appear as creditors upon the books of the credit union. The assets of the credit
union are not subject to contingent claims.

After the expiration of the time fixed in the notice, the receiver has no power to accept any
claim except the claim of a depositor or share account holder, and all other claims are barred. Claims
of depositors or share account holders may be presented after the expiration of the time fixed in the
notice and may be approved by the receiver. If such a claim is approved, the depositor or share account
holder is entitled to its proportion of prior liquidation dividends, if sufficient funds are available for it,
and will share in the distribution of the remaining assets.

The receiver may approve or reject any claim, but shall serve notice of rejection upon the
claimant by mail or personally. An affidavit of service of the notice of rejection will serve as prima
facie evidence that notice was given. No action may be brought on any claim after three months from
the date of service of the notice of rejection.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 74.** A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
Upon taking possession of the credit union, the receiver shall make an inventory of the assets
and file the list in the office of the county clerk. Upon the expiration of the time fixed for the
presentation of claims, the receiver shall make a list of claims presented, segregating those approved
and those rejected, to be filed in the office of the county clerk. The receiver shall also make and file
with the office of the county clerk a supplemental list of claims at least fifteen days before the
declaration of any liquidation dividend, and in any event at least every six months.

Objection may be made by any interested person to any claim approved by the receiver. Objections
to claims approved by the receiver will be resolved by the court after providing notice to
both the claimant and objector, as the court may prescribe.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 75.** A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
All expenses incurred by the receiver in relation to the receivership of a credit union,
including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, become a first charge upon the assets of the
credit union. The charges shall be fixed and determined by the receiver, subject to the approval of the
court.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 76.** A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
At any time after the expiration of the date fixed for the presentation of claims, the receiver,
subject to the approval of the court, may declare one or more liquidation dividends out of the funds
remaining after the payment of expenses.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 77.** A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
When all expenses of the receivership have been paid, as well as all proper claims of share
account holders, depositors, and other creditors, and proper provision has been made for unclaimed or
unpaid debts and liquidation dividends, and assets of the credit union still remain, the receiver shall
wind up the affairs of the credit union and distribute its assets to those entitled to them. Each share
account holder and depositor at the credit union is entitled to a proportionate share of the assets
remaining. The proportionate allocation shall be based on account balances as of a date determined by
the board. For the purposes of liquidation, shares and deposits are equivalent.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 78.** A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
Any liquidation dividends to share account holders, depositors, or other creditors of the credit
union remaining uncalled for and unpaid in the hands of the receiver for six months after the order of
final distribution, must be deposited in a financial institution to each share account holder's,
depositor's, or creditor's credit. The funds must be held in trust for the benefit of the persons entitled
to the funds and, subject to the supervision of the court, must be paid by the receiver to them upon
presentation of satisfactory evidence of their right to the funds.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 79.** A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The receiver shall inventory, package, and seal uncalled for and unclaimed personal
property left with the credit union, including, but not limited to, property held in safe deposit boxes,
and arrange for the packages to be held in safekeeping. The credit union, its directors and officers, and the receiver, shall be relieved of responsibility and liability for the property held in safekeeping. The receiver shall promptly send to each person in whose name the property stood on the books of the credit union, at the person's last known address, a registered letter notifying the person that the property will be held in the person's name for a period of not less than two years.

(2) After the expiration of two years from the date of mailing the notice, the receiver shall promptly send to each person in whose name the property stood on the books of the credit union, at the person's last known address, a registered letter providing notice of sale. The letter must indicate that the receiver will sell the property set out in the notice, at a public auction at a specified time and place, not less than thirty days after the date of mailing the letter. The receiver may sell the property unless the person, prior to the sale, presents satisfactory evidence of the person's right to the property. A notice of the time and place of the sale must be published once within ten days prior to the sale in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the sale is to be held.

(3) Any property, for which the address of the owner or owners is not known, may be sold at public auction after it has been held by the receiver for two years. A notice of the time and place of the sale must be published once within ten days prior to the sale in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the sale is to be held.

(4) Whenever the personal property left with the credit union consists either wholly or in part, of documents, letters, or other papers of a private nature, the documents, letters, or papers may not be sold, but must be retained by the receiver and may be destroyed after a period of five years.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 80. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:

The proceeds of the sale less any amounts for costs and charges incurred in safekeeping and sale must be deposited by the receiver in a financial institution, in trust for the benefit of the person entitled to the property. The sale proceeds must be paid by the receiver to the person upon presentation of satisfactory evidence of the person's right to the funds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 81. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:

Upon the completion of a receivership through merger, purchase of assets and assumption of liabilities, or liquidation, the director shall terminate the credit union's authority to conduct business and certify that fact to the secretary of state. Upon certification, the credit union shall cease to exist and the secretary of state shall note that fact upon his or her records.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 82. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:

If at any time after a receiver is appointed, the director determines that all material deficiencies at the credit union have been corrected, and that the credit union is in a safe and sound condition to resume conducting business, the director may terminate the receivership and permit the credit union to reopen upon such terms and conditions as the director may prescribe. Before being permitted to reopen, the credit union must pay all of the expenses of the receiver.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 83. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:

The receiver or director, as appropriate, may at any time after the expiration of one year from the order of final distribution, or from the date when the receivership has been completed, destroy any of the remaining files, records, documents, books of account, or other papers of the credit union that appear to be obsolete or unnecessary for future reference as part of the receivership files.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 84. A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:

The pendency of any proceedings for judicial review of the appointment of a receiver may not operate to prevent the payment or acquisition of the share and deposit liabilities of the credit union by the national credit union administration or other insurer or guarantor of the share and deposit liabilities of the credit union. During the pendency of the proceedings, the receiver shall make credit union facilities, books, records, and other relevant credit union data available to the insurer or guarantor as may be necessary or appropriate to enable the insurer or guarantor to pay out or to acquire the insured or guaranteed share and deposit liabilities of the credit union. The national credit union administration and any other insurer or guarantor of the credit union's share and deposit liabilities, together with their directors, officers, agents, and employees, and the director and receiver and their agents and
employees, will be free from liability to the credit union, its directors, members, and creditors, for or on account of any action taken in connection with the receivership.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 85.** A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
No receiver may be appointed by any court for any credit union, except that a court otherwise having jurisdiction may in case of imminent necessity appoint a temporary receiver to take possession of and preserve the assets of the credit union. Immediately upon appointment, the clerk of the court shall notify the director in writing of the appointment and the director shall appoint a receiver to take possession of the credit union and the temporary receiver shall upon demand surrender possession of the assets of the credit union to the receiver. The receiver may in due course pay the temporary receiver out of the assets of the credit union, subject to the approval of the court.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 86.** A new section is added to chapter 31.12 RCW to read as follows:
Every transfer of a credit union's property or assets, and every assignment by a credit union for the benefit of creditors, made in contemplation of insolvency, or after it has become insolvent, to intentionally prefer one creditor over another, or to intentionally prevent the equal distribution of its property and assets among its creditors, is void. Every credit union director, officer, or employee making any such transfer is guilty of a felony.

An officer, director, or employee of a credit union who fraudulently receives any share or deposit on behalf of the credit union, knowing that the credit union is insolvent, is guilty of a felony.

**Sec. 87.** RCW 31.12.635 and 1994 c 92 s 215 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) It is unlawful for a director, supervisory committee member, officer, employee, or agent of a credit union to knowingly violate or consent to a violation of this chapter. Unless otherwise provided by law, a violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor under chapter 9A.20 RCW.
(2) It is unlawful for a person to perform any of the following acts:
(a) To knowingly subscribe to, make, or cause to be made a false statement or entry in the books of a credit union;
(b) To knowingly make a false statement or entry in a report required to be made to the director; or
(c) To knowingly exhibit a false or fictitious paper, instrument, or security to a person authorized to examine a credit union.
((2))) A violation of this (section) subsection is a class C felony under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 88.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 31.12.095 and 1994 c 92 s 183;
(2) RCW 31.12.165 and 1984 c 31 s 18;
(3) RCW 31.12.206 and 1994 c 92 s 189 & 1984 c 31 s 22;
(4) RCW 31.12.315 and 1994 c 256 s 81 & 1984 c 31 s 33;
(5) RCW 31.12.355 and 1994 c 92 s 193;
(6) RCW 31.12.376 and 1984 c 31 s 39;
(7) RCW 31.12.395 and 1984 c 31 s 41;
(8) RCW 31.12.415 and 1994 c 256 s 85, 1994 c 92 s 196, & 1984 c 31 s 43;
(9) RCW 31.12.455 and 1994 c 92 s 200 & 1984 c 31 s 47;
(10) RCW 31.12.475 and 1994 c 92 s 202 & 1984 c 31 s 49;
(11) RCW 31.12.495 and 1984 c 31 s 51;
(12) RCW 31.12.506 and 1994 c 92 s 203 & 1984 c 31 s 52;
(13) RCW 31.12.535 and 1994 c 92 s 206 & 1984 c 31 s 55;
(14) RCW 31.12.645 and 1984 c 31 s 66;
(15) RCW 31.12.903 and 1984 c 31 s 77;
(16) RCW 31.12.904 and 1984 c 31 s 80;
(17) RCW 31.12.905 and 1994 c 92 s 224 & 1984 c 31 s 81; and
(18) RCW 43.320.125 and 1996 c 274 s 1.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 89.** The following sections are codified or recodified within chapter 31.12 RCW in the following order:
RCW 31.12.005.
(1) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation “Credit Union Organization”:
   RCW 31.12.015;
   RCW 31.12.025;
   RCW 31.12.035;
   RCW 31.12.055;
   RCW 31.12.065;
   RCW 31.12.075; and
   RCW 31.12.085.

(2) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation “Corporate Governance”:
   RCW 31.12.105;
   RCW 31.12.115;
   RCW 31.12.185;
   RCW 31.12.195;
   RCW 31.12.225;
   RCW 31.12.235;
   RCW 31.12.246;
   RCW 31.12.255;
   RCW 31.12.265;
   section 19 of this act;
   RCW 31.12.275;
   RCW 31.12.285;
   RCW 31.12.326;
   RCW 31.12.335;
   RCW 31.12.345;
   RCW 31.12.365; and

(3) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation “Membership”:
   RCW 31.12.045;
   RCW 31.12.145;
   RCW 31.12.155; and

(4) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation “Powers of Credit Unions”:
   RCW 31.12.125;
   RCW 31.12.136;
   RCW 31.12.037; and
   RCW 31.12.039.

(5) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation “Members’ Accounts”:
   RCW 31.12.385; and

(6) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation “Loans to Members”:
   RCW 31.12.406; and

(7) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation “Investments”:
   RCW 31.12.425; and

(8) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation “Reserves”:
   RCW 31.12.445; and
(9) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation "Mergers, Conversions, and Voluntary Liquidations":
	RCW 31.12.695;
	RCW 31.12.705;
	RCW 31.12.715;
	RCW 31.12.526; and
	RCW 31.12.725.
(10) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation "Examination and Supervision":
	RCW 31.12.516;
	RCW 31.12.545;
	RCW 31.12.555;
	RCW 31.12.565;
	section 49 of this act;
	section 50 of this act;
	RCW 31.12.215;
	RCW 31.12.575;
	RCW 31.12.585;
	RCW 31.12.595;
	RCW 31.12.605;
	RCW 31.12.615;
	RCW 31.12.625;
	section 57 of this act;
	RCW 31.12.655;
	RCW 31.12.665;
	section 60 of this act;
	section 61 of this act;
	section 62 of this act;
	section 63 of this act;
	section 64 of this act;
	section 65 of this act;
	section 66 of this act;
	section 67 of this act;
	RCW 31.12.675;
	RCW 31.12.685;
	section 70 of this act;
	section 71 of this act;
	section 72 of this act;
	section 73 of this act;
	section 74 of this act;
	section 75 of this act;
	section 76 of this act;
	section 77 of this act;
	section 78 of this act;
	section 79 of this act;
	section 80 of this act;
	section 81 of this act;
	section 82 of this act;
	section 83 of this act;
	section 84 of this act;
	section 85 of this act; and
	section 86 of this act.
(11) The following sections are recodified and designated as a subchapter of chapter 31.12 RCW under the subchapter designation "Miscellaneous":
	RCW 31.12.720;
	RCW 31.12.740;
	RCW 31.12.735;
RCW 31.12.635;  
Section 92 of this act; and  
RCW 31.12.902.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 90. Section 35 of this act takes effect July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 91. Section 50 of this act takes effect January 1, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 92. Except for sections 35 and 50 of this act, this act takes effect January 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 93. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

Correct the title.

Excused: Representatives Grant and Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5732 Prime Sponsor, Senator Benton: Delivering the cancellation notice for an insurance policy. 
Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman;  
Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Benson;  
DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Excused: Representatives Grant and Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, March 27, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
SEVENTY-FOURTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, March 27, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

March 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6062,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

SSB 6062 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West and Spanel; by request of Governor Locke)

Making appropriations for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business was referred to the committees so designated.
REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

SB 5017 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Making technical corrections affecting the department of financial institutions. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, and Sherstad.

Excused: Representatives Kenney and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.


MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Beginning on page 1, after line 5, strike all material through page 2, line 26, and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 18.71.210 and 1995 c 65 s 4 and 1995 c 103 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

No act or omission of any physician's trained emergency medical service intermediate life support technician and paramedic, as defined in RCW 18.71.200, or any emergency medical technician or first responder, as defined in RCW 18.73.030, done or omitted in good faith while rendering emergency medical service under the responsible supervision and control of a licensed physician or an approved medical program director or delegate(s) to a person who has suffered illness or bodily injury shall impose any liability upon:

(1) The physician's trained emergency medical service intermediate life support technician and paramedic, emergency medical technician, or first responder;
(2) The medical program director;
(3) The supervising physician(s);
(4) Any hospital, the officers, members of the staff, nurses, or other employees of a hospital;
(5) Any training agency or training physician(s);
(6) Any licensed ambulance service; or
(7) Any federal, state, county, city or other local governmental unit or employees of such a governmental unit.

This section shall apply to an act or omission committed or omitted in the performance of the actual emergency medical procedures and not in the commission or omission of an act which is not within the field of medical expertise of the physician's trained emergency medical service intermediate life support technician and paramedic, emergency medical technician, or first responder, as the case may be.

This section shall apply also, as to the entities and personnel described in subsections (1) through (7) of this section, to any act or omission committed or omitted in good faith by such entities or personnel in rendering services at the request of an approved medical program director in the training of emergency medical service personnel for certification or recertification pursuant to this chapter.

This section shall not apply to any act or omission which constitutes either gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.

EXPLANATORY NOTE
RCW 18.71.210 was amended twice by the 1995 legislature. Chapter 65 s 4 revised the classifications for emergency medical service personnel and chapter 103 s 1 revised the liability immunity for emergency medical service personnel and their supervisors. The purpose of this bill is to give effect to both amendments by reenacting the section including both amendments and making technical corrections.

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "reenacting and amending RCW" insert "18.71.210,"

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "57.08.050" insert "," and after "RCW" strike "18.71.210,"

Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, and Sherstad.

Excused: Representatives Kenney and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SSB 5028 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Modifying county treasury management. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 35.50.030 and 1983 c 303 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

If on the first day of January in any year, two installments of any local improvement assessment are delinquent, or if the final installment thereof has been delinquent for more than one year, the city or town shall proceed with the foreclosure of the delinquent assessment or delinquent installments thereof by proceedings brought in its own name in the superior court of the county in which the city or town is situate.

The proceedings shall be commenced on or before March 1st of that year or on or before such other date in such year as may be fixed by general ordinance, but not before the city or town treasurer has notified by certified mail the persons whose names appear on the assessment roll as owners of the property charged with the assessments or installments which are delinquent, at the address last known to the treasurer, a notice thirty days before the commencement of the proceedings. If the person whose name appears on the tax rolls of the county assessor as owner of the property, or the address shown for the owner, differs from that appearing on the city or town assessment roll, then the treasurer shall also mail a copy of the notice to that person or that address.

The notice shall state the amount due, including foreclosure costs, upon each separate lot, tract, or parcel of land and the date after which the proceedings will be commenced. The city or town treasurer shall file with the clerk of the superior court at the time of commencement of the foreclosure proceeding the affidavit of the person who mailed the notices. This affidavit shall be conclusive proof of compliance with the requirements of this section.

Sec. 2. RCW 35.50.040 and 1965 c 7 s 35.50.040 are each amended to read as follows:

When the local improvement assessment is payable in installments, the enforcement of the lien of any installment shall not prevent the enforcement of the lien of any subsequent installment.

A city or town may by general ordinance provide that upon failure to pay any installment due the entire assessment shall become due and payable and the collection thereof enforced by foreclosure: PROVIDED, That the payment of all delinquent installments together with interest, penalty, and administrative costs at any time before entry of judgment in foreclosure shall extend the time of payment on the remainder of the assessments as if there had been no delinquency or foreclosure.
Where foreclosure of two installments of the same assessment on any lot, tract, or parcel is sought, the city or town treasurer shall cause such lot, tract, or parcel to be dismissed from the action, if the installment first delinquent together with interest, penalty, administrative costs, and charges is paid at any time before sale.

**Sec. 3.** RCW 35.50.260 and 1983 c 303 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

In foreclosing local improvement assessments the action shall be tried to the court without a jury. If the parties interested in any particular lot, tract, or parcel default, the court may enter judgment of foreclosure and sale as to such parties and lots, tracts, or parcels and the action may proceed as to the remaining defendants and lots, tracts, or parcels. Judgment and order of sale may be entered as to any one or more separate lots, tracts, or parcels involved in the action and the court shall retain jurisdiction to others.

The judgment shall specify separately the amount of the installments with interest, penalty, and all reasonable administrative costs, including, but not limited to, the title searches, chargeable to each lot, tract, or parcel. The judgment shall have the effect of a separate judgment as to each lot, tract, or parcel described in the judgment, and any appeal shall not invalidate or delay the judgment except as to the property concerning which the appeal is taken. In the judgment the court shall order the lots, tracts, or parcels therein described sold by the city or town treasurer or by the county sheriff and an order of sale shall issue pursuant thereto for the enforcement of the judgment.

In all other respects, the trial, judgment, and appeals to the supreme court or the court of appeals shall be governed by the statutes governing the foreclosure of mortgages on real property.

Prior to the sale of the property, if the property is shown on the property tax rolls under unknown owner or if the property contains a residential structure having an assessed value of two thousand dollars or more, the treasurer shall order or conduct a title search of the property to determine the record title holders and all persons claiming a mortgage, deed of trust, or mechanic’s, laborer’s, materialmen’s, or vendor’s lien on the property.

At least thirty days prior to the sale of the property, a copy of the notice of sale shall be mailed by certified and regular mail to all defendants in the foreclosure action as to that parcel, lot, or tract and, if the owner is unknown or the property contains a residential structure having an assessed value of two thousand dollars or more, a copy of the notice of sale shall be mailed by regular and certified mail to any additional record title holders and persons claiming a mortgage, deed of trust, or mechanic’s, laborer’s, materialmen’s, or vendor’s lien on the property.

In all other respects the procedure for sale shall be conducted in the same manner as property tax sales described in RCW 84.64.080.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 36.29.020 and 1991 c 245 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The county treasurer shall keep all moneys belonging to the state, or to any county, in his or her own possession until disbursed according to law. The county treasurer shall not place the same in the possession of any person to be used for any purpose; nor shall he or she loan or in any manner use or permit any person to use the same; but it shall be lawful for a county treasurer to deposit any such moneys in any regularly designated qualified public depositary. Any municipal corporation may by action of its governing body authorize any of its funds which are not required for immediate expenditure, and which are in the custody of the county treasurer or other municipal corporation treasurer, to be invested by such treasurer. The county treasurer may invest in savings or time accounts in designated qualified public depositaries or in certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, or other obligations of the United States or its agencies, or of any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States; in bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market, in federal home loan bank notes and bonds, federal land bank bonds and federal national mortgage association notes, debentures and guaranteed certificates of participation, or the obligations of any other government sponsored corporation whose obligations are or may become eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the board of governors of the federal reserve system or deposit such funds or any portion thereof in investment deposits as defined in RCW 39.58.010 secured by collateral in accordance with the provisions of chapters 39.58 and 39.59 RCW: PROVIDED, Five percent of the earnings, with an annual maximum of fifty dollars, on each transaction authorized by the governing body shall be paid as an investment service fee to the office of the county treasurer or other municipal corporation treasurer when the earnings become available to the governing body:
PROVIDED FURTHER, That if such investment service fee amounts to five dollars or less the county treasurer or other municipal corporation treasurer may waive such fee.

Whenever the funds of any municipal corporation which are not required for immediate expenditure are in the custody or control of the county treasurer, and the governing body of such municipal corporation has not taken any action pertaining to the investment of any such funds, the county finance committee shall direct the county treasurer, under the investment policy of the county finance committee, to invest, to the maximum prudent extent, such funds or any portion thereof in savings or time accounts in designated qualified public depositaries or in certificates, notes, or bonds of the United States, or other obligations of the United States or its agencies, or of any corporation wholly owned by the government of the United States, in bankers' acceptances purchased on the secondary market, in federal home loan bank notes and bonds, federal land bank bonds and federal national mortgage association notes, debentures and guaranteed certificates of participation, or the obligations of any other government sponsored corporation whose obligations are or may become eligible as collateral for advances to member banks as determined by the board of governors of the federal reserve system or deposit such funds or any portion thereof in investment deposits as defined in RCW 39.58.010 secured by collateral in accordance with the provisions of chapters 39.58 and 39.59 RCW.

PROVIDED, That the county treasurer shall have the power to select the specific qualified financial institution in which the funds may be invested. The interest or other earnings from such investments or deposits shall be deposited in the current expense fund of the county and may be used for general county purposes. The investment or deposit and disposition of the interest or other earnings therefrom authorized by this paragraph shall not apply to such funds as may be prohibited by the state Constitution from being so invested or deposited.

Sec. 5. RCW 36.34.090 and 1991 c 363 s 69 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever county property is to be sold at public auction, consignment auction, or sealed bid, the county ((auditor)) treasurer or the county treasurer’s designee shall publish notice thereof once during each of two successive calendar weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county. Notice thereof must also be posted in a conspicuous place in the courthouse. The posting and date of first publication must be at least ten days before the day fixed for the sale.

Sec. 6. RCW 36.36.045 and 1987 c 381 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The county shall have a lien for any delinquent fees imposed for the withdrawal of subterranean water or on-site sewage disposal, which shall attach to the property to which the fees were imposed, if the following conditions are met:

(1) At least eighteen months have passed since the first billing for a delinquent fee installment; and

(2) At least three billing notices and a letter have been mailed to the property owner, within the period specified in subsection (1) of this section, explaining that a lien may be imposed for any delinquent fee installment that has not been paid in that period.

The lien shall otherwise be subject to the provisions of chapter 36.94 RCW related to liens for delinquent charges. The county shall record liens for any delinquent fees in the office of the county auditor. Failure on the part of the county to record the lien does not affect the validity of the lien.

Sec. 7. RCW 36.88.220 and 1967 ex.s. c 145 s 63 are each amended to read as follows:

All counties may establish a fund for the purpose of guaranteeing to the extent of such fund and in the manner hereinafter provided, the payment of its road improvement district bonds and warrants issued to pay for any road improvement ordered under this chapter. If the ((board of county commissioners)) county legislative authority shall determine to establish such fund it shall be designated "... county road improvement guaranty fund" and from moneys available for road purposes such county shall deposit annually in said guaranty fund such sums as may be necessary to establish and maintain a balance therein equal to at least five percent of the outstanding obligations guaranteed thereby and to make necessary provision in its annual budget therefor. The moneys held in the guaranty fund may be invested in ((obligations of the government of the United States or of this state)) accordance with the laws relating to county investments.

Sec. 8. RCW 36.88.230 and 1983 c 167 s 96 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever there shall be paid out of a guaranty fund any sum on account of principal or interest of a road improvement district bond or warrant, the county, as trustee for the fund, shall be subrogated to all the rights of the owner of the bond or any interest coupon or warrant so paid, and the proceeds thereof, or of the assessment underlying the same, shall become part of the guaranty fund. There shall also be paid into each guaranty fund the interest received from ((bank deposits or government securities)) investment of the fund, as well as any surplus remaining in any local improvement fund guaranteed hereunder after the payment of all outstanding bonds or warrants payable primarily out of such road improvement fund. Warrants drawing interest at a rate or rates not to exceed the rate determined by the county legislative authority shall be issued, as other warrants are issued by the county, against a guaranty fund to meet any liability accruing against it, and at the time of making its annual budget and tax levy the county shall provide from funds available for road purposes for the deposit in the guaranty fund of a sum sufficient with other resources of such fund to pay warrants so issued during the preceding fiscal year. As among the several issues of bonds or warrants guaranteed by the fund no preference shall exist, but defaulted bonds, interest payments, and warrants shall be purchased out of the fund in the order of their presentation.

Every county establishing a guaranty fund for road improvement district bonds or warrants shall prescribe by resolution appropriate rules and regulations for the maintenance and operation of the guaranty fund not inconsistent herewith. So much of the money of a guaranty fund as is necessary may be used to purchase underlying bonds or warrants guaranteed by the fund, or to purchase certificates of delinquency for general taxes on property subject to local improvement assessments, or to purchase such property at tax foreclosures, for the purpose of protecting the guaranty fund. Said fund shall be subrogated to the rights of the county, and the county, acting on behalf of said fund, may foreclose the lien of general tax certificates of delinquency and purchase the property at the foreclosure sale for the account of said fund. Whenever the legislative authority of any county shall so cause a lien of general tax certificates of delinquency to be foreclosed and the property to be so purchased at a foreclosure sale, the court costs and costs of publication and expenses for clerical work and/or other expense incidental thereto, shall be chargeable to and payable from the guaranty fund. After acquiring title to real property, a county may lease or sell and convey the same at public or private sale for such price and on such terms as may be determined by resolution of the county legislative body, and all proceeds resulting from such sales shall belong to and be paid into the guaranty fund.

**Sec. 9.** RCW 36.94.150 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 188 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

All counties operating a system of sewerage and/or water shall have a lien for delinquent connection charges and charges for the availability of sewerage and/or water service, together with interest fixed by resolution at eight percent per annum from the date due until paid. Penalties of not more than ten percent of the amount due may be imposed in case of failure to pay the charges at times fixed by resolution. The lien shall be for all charges, interest, and penalties and shall attach to the premises to which the services were available. The lien shall be superior to all other liens and encumbrances, except general taxes and local and special assessments of the county.

The county department established in RCW 36.94.120 shall certify periodically the delinquencies to the ((treasurer)) auditor of the county at which time the lien shall attach.

Upon the expiration of sixty days after the attachment of the lien, the county may bring suit in foreclosure by civil action in the superior court of the county where the property is located. Costs associated with the foreclosure of the lien, including but not limited to advertising, title report, and personnel costs, shall be added to the lien upon filing of the foreclosure action. In addition to the costs and disbursements provided by statute, the court may allow the county a reasonable attorney’s fee. The lien shall be foreclosed in the same manner as the foreclosure of real property tax liens.

**Sec. 10.** RCW 53.36.050 and 1959 c 52 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The county treasurer acting as port treasurer shall create a fund to be known as the "Port of . . . . . . Fund," into which shall be paid all money received by him from the collection of taxes in behalf of such port district, and shall also maintain such other special funds as may be created by the port commission into which shall be placed such moneys as the port commission may by its resolution direct. All such port funds shall be deposited with the county depositories under the same restrictions, contracts and security as is provided by statute for county depositories and all interest collected on such port funds shall belong to such port district and shall be deposited to its credit in the proper port funds: PROVIDED, That any portion of such port moneys determined by the port commission to be in excess
of the current needs of the port district may be invested (in certificates, notes, bonds, or other obligations of the United States of America, or any agency or instrumentality thereof) by the county treasurer in accordance with RCW 36.29.020, RCW 36.29.022, and chapter 39.59 RCW, and all interest collected thereon shall likewise belong to such port district and shall be deposited to its credit in the proper port funds.

Sec. 11. RCW 58.08.040 and 1994 c 301 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
Prior to any person (filing) recording a plat, replat, altered plat, or binding site plan subsequent to May 31st in any year and prior to the date of the collection of taxes in the ensuing year, the person shall deposit with the county treasurer a sum equal to the product of the county assessor’s latest valuation on the property less improvements in such subdivision multiplied by the current year’s dollar rate increased by twenty-five percent on the property platted. The treasurer’s receipt shall be evidence of the payment. The treasurer shall appropriate so much of the deposit as will pay the taxes and assessments on the property when the levy rates are certified by the assessor using the value of the property at the time of filing a plat, replat, altered plat, or binding site plan, and in case the sum deposited is in excess of the amount necessary for the payment of the taxes and assessments, the treasurer shall return, to the party depositing, the amount of excess.

Sec. 12. RCW 84.38.020 and 1995 c 329 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the following words and phrases as hereinafter used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:

(1) "Claimant" means a person who either elects or is required under RCW 84.64.050 to defer payment of the special assessments and/or real property taxes accrued on the claimant’s residence by filing a declaration to defer as provided by this chapter.
When two or more individuals of a household file or seek to file a declaration to defer, they may determine between them as to who the claimant shall be.
(2) "Department" means the state department of revenue.
(3) "Equity value" means the amount by which the fair market value of a residence as determined from the records of the county assessor exceeds the total amount of any liens or other obligations against the property.
(4) "Local government" means any city, town, county, water-sewer district, public utility district, port district, irrigation district, flood control district, or any other municipal corporation, quasi municipal corporation, or other political subdivision authorized to levy special assessments.
(5) "Real property taxes" means ad valorem property taxes levied on a residence in this state in the preceding calendar year.
("(5)"
(6) "Residence" has the meaning given in RCW 84.36.383, except that a residence includes any additional property up to a total of five acres that comprises the residential parcel if this larger parcel size is required under land use regulations.
("(6)"
(7) "Special assessment" means the charge or obligation imposed by a (city, town, county, or other municipal corporation) local government upon property specially benefited (by a local improvement, including assessments under chapters 35.44, 36.88, 36.94, 53.08, 54.16, 56.20, 57.16, 86.09, and 87.03 RCW and any other relevant chapter)).

Sec. 13. RCW 84.38.020 and 1996 c 230 s 1614 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the following words and phrases as hereinafter used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:

(1) "Claimant" means a person who either elects or is required under RCW 84.64.050 to defer payment of the special assessments and/or real property taxes accrued on the claimant’s residence by filing a declaration to defer as provided by this chapter.
When two or more individuals of a household file or seek to file a declaration to defer, they may determine between them as to who the claimant shall be.
(2) "Department" means the state department of revenue.
(3) "Equity value" means the amount by which the fair market value of a residence as determined from the records of the county assessor exceeds the total amount of any liens or other obligations against the property.
(4) "Local government" means any city, town, county, water-sewer district, public utility district, port district, irrigation district, flood control district, or any other municipal corporation, quasi municipal corporation, or other political subdivision authorized to levy special assessments.

(5) "Real property taxes" means ad valorem property taxes levied on a residence in this state in the preceding calendar year.

(6) "Residence" has the meaning given in RCW 84.36.383, except that a residence includes any additional property up to a total of five acres that comprises the residential parcel if this larger parcel size is required under land use regulations.

(7) "Special assessment" means the charge or obligation imposed by a (city, town, county, or other municipal corporation) local government upon property specially benefited ((by a local improvement, including assessments under chapters 35.44, 36.88, 36.94, 53.08, 54.16, 57.16, 86.09, and 87.03 RCW and any other relevant chapter)).

Sec. 14. RCW 84.56.240 and 1961 c 15 s 84.56.240 are each amended to read as follows:
If the county treasurer is unable, for the want of goods or chattels whereupon to levy, to collect by distress or otherwise, the taxes, or any part thereof, which may have been assessed upon the personal property of any person or corporation, or an executor or administrator, guardian, receiver, accounting officer, agent or factor, (such) the treasurer shall file with the county (auditor) legislative authority, on the first day of (February) February following, a list of such taxes, with an affidavit of (himself) the treasurer or of the deputy treasurer entrusted with the collection of (said) the taxes, stating that (he) the treasurer had made diligent search and inquiry for goods and chattels wherewith to make such taxes, and was unable to make or collect the same. The county (auditor shall deliver such list and affidavit to the board of county commissioners at their first session thereafter, and they) legislative authority shall cancel such taxes as (they are) the county legislative authority is satisfied cannot be collected.

Sec. 15. RCW 84.56.300 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 45 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
On the first Monday of (January) February of each year the county treasurer shall balance up the tax rolls as of December 31 of the prior year in (his) the treasurer’s hands and with which (he) the treasurer stands charged on the roll accounts of the county auditor. (He) The treasurer shall then report to the county auditor in full the amount of taxes (he has) collected and specify the amount collected on each fund. (He) The treasurer shall also report the amount of taxes that remain uncollected and delinquent upon the tax rolls, which, with (his) collections and credits on account of errors and double assessments, should balance (his) the tax rolls (accounts) as (he) the treasurer stands charged. (He) The treasurer shall then report the amount of collections on account of interest since the taxes became delinquent, and as added (by him) to the original amounts when making such collections, and with which (he) the treasurer is now to be charged by the auditor, such reports to be duly verified by affidavit.

Sec. 16. RCW 84.56.340 and 1996 c 153 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Any person desiring to pay taxes upon any part or parts of real property heretofore or hereafter assessed as one parcel, or tract, or upon such person’s undivided fractional interest in such a property, may do so by applying to the county assessor, who must carefully investigate and ascertain the relative or proportionate value said part or part interest bears to the whole tract assessed, on which basis the assessment must be divided, and the assessor shall forthwith certify such proportionate value to the county treasurer: PROVIDED, That excepting when property is being acquired for public use, or where a person or financial institution desires to pay the taxes and any penalties and interest on a mobile home upon which they have a lien by mortgage or otherwise, no segregation of property for tax purposes shall be made under this section unless all (current year and) delinquent taxes and assessments on the entire tract have been paid in full. (The county assessor shall duly certify the proportionate value to the county treasurer.) The county treasurer, upon receipt of certification, shall duly accept payment and issue receipt on the apportionment certified by the county assessor. In cases where protest is filed to said division appeal shall be made to the county legislative authority at its next regular session for final division, and the county treasurer shall accept and receipt for said taxes as determined and ordered by the county legislative authority. Any person desiring to pay on an undivided interest in any real property may do so by paying to the county treasurer a sum equal to such proportion of the entire taxes charged on the entire tract as interest paid on bears to the whole.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. A new section is added to chapter 84.40 RCW to read as follows:
(1) When real property is divided in accordance with chapter 58.17 RCW, the assessor shall carefully investigate and ascertain the true and fair value of each lot and assess each lot on that same basis, unless specifically provided otherwise by law. For purposes of this section, "lot" has the same definition as in RCW 58.17.020.
   (a) For each lot on which an advance tax deposit has been paid in accordance with RCW 58.08.040, the assessor shall establish the true and fair value by October 30 of the year following the recording of the plat, replat, altered plat, or binding site plan. The value established shall be the value of the lot as of January 1 of the year the original parcel of real property was last revalued. An additional property tax shall not be due on the land until the calendar year following the year for which the advance tax deposit was paid if the deposit was sufficient to pay the full amount of the taxes due on the property.
   (b) For each lot on which an advance tax deposit has not been paid, the assessor shall establish the true and fair value not later than the calendar year following the recording of the plat, map, subdivision, or replat. For purposes of this section, "subdivision" means a division of land into two or more lots.
   (c) For each subdivision, all current year and delinquent taxes and assessments on the entire tract must be paid in full in accordance with RCW 58.17.160 and 58.08.030. For purposes of this section, "current year taxes" means taxes that are collectable under RCW 84.56.010 subsequent to February 14.
(2) When the assessor is required by law to segregate any part or parts of real property, assessed before or after the effective date of this section as one parcel or when the assessor is required by law to combine parcels of real property assessed before or after the effective date of this section as two or more parcels, the assessor shall carefully investigate and ascertain the true and fair value of each part or parts of the real property and each combined parcel and assess each part or parts or each combined parcel on that same basis.

Sec. 18. RCW 84.69.020 and 1996 c 296 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
On the order of the county treasurer, ad valorem taxes paid before or after delinquency shall be refunded if they were:
(1) Paid more than once; or
(2) Paid as a result of manifest error in description; or
(3) Paid as a result of a clerical error in extending the tax rolls; or
(4) Paid as a result of other clerical errors in listing property; or
(5) Paid with respect to improvements which did not exist on assessment date; or
(6) Paid under levies or statutes adjudicated to be illegal or unconstitutional; or
(7) Paid as a result of mistake, inadvertence, or lack of knowledge by any person exempted from paying real property taxes or a portion thereof pursuant to RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389, as now or hereafter amended; or
(8) Paid as a result of mistake, inadvertence, or lack of knowledge by either a public official or employee or by any person with respect to real property in which the person paying the same has no legal interest; or
(9) Paid on the basis of an assessed valuation which was appealed to the county board of equalization and ordered reduced by the board; or
(10) Paid on the basis of an assessed valuation which was appealed to the state board of tax appeals and ordered reduced by the board: PROVIDED, That the amount refunded under subsections (9) and (10) of this section shall only be for the difference between the tax paid on the basis of the appealed valuation and the tax payable on the valuation adjusted in accordance with the board’s order; or
(11) Paid as a state property tax levied upon property, the assessed value of which has been established by the state board of tax appeals for the year of such levy: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That the amount refunded shall only be for the difference between the state property tax paid and the amount of state property tax which would, when added to all other property taxes within the one percent limitation of Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution equal one percent of the assessed value established by the board;
(12) Paid on the basis of an assessed valuation which was adjudicated to be unlawful or excessive: PROVIDED, That the amount refunded shall be for the difference between the amount of
tax which was paid on the basis of the valuation adjudged unlawful or excessive and the amount of tax payable on the basis of the assessed valuation determined as a result of the proceeding; or
(13) Paid on property acquired under RCW 84.60.050, and canceled under RCW 84.60.050(2); or
(14) Paid on the basis of an assessed valuation that was reduced under RCW 84.48.065.

No refunds under the provisions of this section shall be made because of any error in determining the valuation of property, except as authorized in subsections (9), (10), (11), and (12) of this section nor may any refunds be made if a bona fide purchaser has acquired rights that would preclude the assessment and collection of the refunded tax from the property that should properly have been charged with the tax. Any refunds made on delinquent taxes shall include the proportionate amount of interest and penalties paid. The county treasurer may deduct from moneys collected for the benefit of the state's levy, refunds of the state levy including interest on the levy as provided by this section and chapter 84.68 RCW.

The county treasurer of each county shall make all refunds determined to be authorized by this section, and by the first Monday in February of each year, report to the county legislative authority a list of all refunds made under this section during the previous year. The list is to include the name of the person receiving the refund, the amount of the refund, and the reason for the refund.

Sec. 19. RCW 36.29.190 and 1996 c 153 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
County treasurers are authorized to accept credit cards, charge cards, debit cards, smart cards, stored value cards, federal wire, and automatic clearinghouse system transactions, or other electronic communication, for any payment of any kind including, but not limited to, taxes, fines, interest, penalties, special assessments, fees, rates, charges, or moneys due counties. A payer desiring to pay by a credit card, charge card, debit card, smart card, stored value card, federal wire, automatic clearinghouse system, or other electronic communication shall bear the cost of processing the transaction in an amount determined by the treasurer, unless the county legislative authority finds that it is in the best interests of the county to not charge transaction processing costs for all payment transactions made for a specific category of non-tax payments due the county, including, but not limited to, fines, interest not associated with taxes, penalties not associated with taxes, special assessments, fees, rates, and charges. (Such) The treasurer's cost determination shall be based upon costs incurred by the treasurer (including handling, collecting, discounting, disbursing, and accounting for the transaction) and may not, in any event, exceed the additional direct costs incurred by the county to accept the specific form of payment utilized by the payer.

Sec. 20. RCW 84.55.005 and 1994 c 301 s 49 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, the term "regular property taxes" has the meaning given it in RCW 84.04.140, and also includes amounts received in lieu of regular property taxes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 36.29.150 and 1963 c 4 s 36.29.150; and
(2) RCW 36.33.180 and 1963 c 4 s 36.33.180.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. (1) Section 12 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.
(2) Section 13 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. Section 12 of this act expires July 1, 1997."
Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives Dunn, Murray and Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SSB 5062 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Streamlining registration and licensing of businesses. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SB 5067 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Allowing facsimile filings with the secretary of state’s office. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SSB 5107 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Modifying consent provisions under the Washington business corporation act. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell, Cody; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, and Sherstad.
Excused: Representatives Kenny and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SSB 5110 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Updating probate provisions. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 11.02.005 and 1994 c 221 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
When used in this title, unless otherwise required from the context:
(1) "Personal representative" includes executor, administrator, special administrator, and
guardian or limited guardian and special representative.
(2) "Net estate" refers to the real and personal property of a decedent exclusive of homestead
rights, exempt property, the family allowance and enforceable claims against, and debts of, the
deceased or the estate.
(3) "Representation" refers to a method of determining distribution in which the takers are in
unequal degrees of kinship with respect to the intestate, and is accomplished as follows: After first
determining who, of those entitled to share in the estate, are in the nearest degree of kinship, the estate
is divided into equal shares, the number of shares being the sum of the number of persons who survive
the intestate who are in the nearest degree of kinship and the number of persons in the same degree of
kinship who died before the intestate but who left issue surviving the intestate; each share of a deceased
person in the nearest degree shall be divided among those of the deceased person’s issue who survive
the intestate and have no ancestor then living who is in the line of relationship between them and the
intestate, those more remote in degree taking together the share which their ancestor would have taken
had he or she survived the intestate. Posthumous children are considered as living at the death of their
parent.
(4) "Issue" includes all the lawful lineal descendants of the ancestor and all lawfully adopted
children.
(5) "Degree of kinship" means the degree of kinship as computed according to the rules of the
civil law; that is, by counting upward from the intestate to the nearest common ancestor and then
downward to the relative, the degree of kinship being the sum of these two counts.
(6) "Heirs" denotes those persons, including the surviving spouse, who are entitled under the
statutes of intestate succession to the real and personal property of a decedent on the decedent’s death
intestate.
(7) "Real estate" includes, except as otherwise specifically provided herein, all lands,
tenements, and hereditaments, and all rights thereto, and all interest therein possessed and claimed in
fee simple, or for the life of a third person.
(8) "Will" means an instrument validly executed as required by RCW 11.12.020.
(9) "Codicil" means a will that modifies or partially revokes an existing earlier will. A codicil
need not refer to or be attached to the earlier will.
(10) "Guardian" or "limited guardian" means a personal representative of the person or estate
of an incompetent or disabled person as defined in RCW 11.88.010 and the term may be used in lieu of
"personal representative" wherever required by context.
(11) "Administrator" means a personal representative of the estate of a decedent and the term
may be used in lieu of "personal representative" wherever required by context.
(12) "Executor" means a personal representative of the estate of a decedent appointed by will
and the term may be used in lieu of "personal representative" wherever required by context.
(13) "Special administrator" means a personal representative of the estate of a decedent
appointed for limited purposes and the term may be used in lieu of "personal representative" wherever
required by context.
(14) "Trustee" means an original, added, or successor trustee and includes the state, or any
agency thereof, when it is acting as the trustee of a trust to which chapter 11.98 RCW applies.
(15) "Nonprobate asset" means those rights and interests of a person having beneficial
ownership of an asset that pass on the person’s death under a written instrument or arrangement other
than the person’s will. "Nonprobate asset" includes, but is not limited to, a right or interest passing
under a joint tenancy with right of survivorship, joint bank account with right of survivorship, payable
on death or trust bank account, transfer on death security or security account, deed or conveyance if
possession has been postponed until the death of the person, trust of which the person is grantor and
that becomes effective or irrevocable only upon the person’s death, community property agreement,
individual retirement account or bond, or note or other contract the payment or performance of which
is affected by the death of the person. "Nonprobate asset" does not include: A payable-on-death
provision of a life insurance policy, annuity, or other similar contract, or of an employee benefit plan; a right or interest passing by descent and distribution under chapter 11.04 RCW; a right or interest if, before death, the person has irrevocably transferred the right or interest, the person has waived the power to transfer it or, in the case of contractual arrangement, the person has waived the unilateral right to rescind or modify the arrangement; or a right or interest held by the person solely in a fiduciary capacity. For the definition of "nonprobate asset" relating to revocation of a provision for a former spouse upon dissolution of marriage or declaration of invalidity of marriage, RCW 11.07.010(5) applies.


Words that import the singular number may also be applied to the plural of persons and things. Words importing the masculine gender only may be extended to females also.

Sec. 2. RCW 11.07.010 and 1994 c 221 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This section applies to all nonprobate assets, wherever situated, held at the time of entry by a superior court of this state of a decree of dissolution of marriage or a declaration of invalidity.

(2)(a) If a marriage is dissolved or invalidated, a provision made prior to that event that relates to the payment or transfer at death of the decedent’s interest in a nonprobate asset in favor of or granting an interest or power to the decedent’s former spouse is revoked. A provision affected by this section must be interpreted, and the nonprobate asset affected passes, as if the former spouse failed to survive the decedent, having died at the time of entry of the decree of dissolution or declaration of invalidity.

(b) This subsection does not apply if and to the extent that:

(i) The instrument governing disposition of the nonprobate asset expressly provides otherwise;

(ii) The decree of dissolution or declaration of invalidity requires that the decedent maintain a nonprobate asset for the benefit of a former spouse or children of the marriage, payable on the decedent’s death either outright or in trust, and other nonprobate assets of the decedent fulfilling such a requirement for the benefit of the former spouse or children of the marriage do not exist at the decedent’s death; or

(iii) If not for this subsection, the decedent could not have effected the revocation by unilateral action because of the terms of the decree or declaration, or for any other reason, immediately after the entry of the decree of dissolution or declaration of invalidity.

(3)(a) A payor or other third party in possession or control of a nonprobate asset at the time of the decedent’s death is not liable for making a payment or transferring an interest in a nonprobate asset to a decedent’s former spouse whose interest in the nonprobate asset is revoked under this section, or for taking another action in reliance on the validity of the instrument governing disposition of the nonprobate asset, before the payor or other third party has actual knowledge of the dissolution or other invalidation of marriage. A payor or other third party is liable for a payment or transfer made or other action taken after the payor or other third party has actual knowledge of a revocation under this section.

(b) This section does not require a payor or other third party to pay or transfer a nonprobate asset to a beneficiary designated in a governing instrument affected by the dissolution or other invalidation of marriage, or to another person claiming an interest in the nonprobate asset, if the payor or third party has actual knowledge of the existence of a dispute between the former spouse and the beneficiaries or other persons concerning rights of ownership of the nonprobate asset as a result of the application of this section among the former spouse and the beneficiaries or among other persons, or if the payor or third party is otherwise uncertain as to who is entitled to the nonprobate asset under this section. In such a case, the payor or third party may, without liability, notify in writing all beneficiaries or other persons claiming an interest in the nonprobate asset of either the existence of the dispute or its uncertainty as to who is entitled to payment or transfer of the nonprobate asset. The payor or third party may also, without liability, refuse to pay or transfer a nonprobate asset in such a circumstance to a beneficiary or other person claiming an interest until the time that either:

(i) All beneficiaries and other interested persons claiming an interest have consented in writing to the payment or transfer; or

(ii) The payment or transfer is authorized or directed by a court of proper jurisdiction.

(c) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2) of this section and (a) and (b) of this subsection, a payor or other third party having actual knowledge of the existence of a dispute between beneficiaries
or other persons concerning rights to a nonprobate asset as a result of the application of this section may condition the payment or transfer of the nonprobate asset on execution, in a form and with security acceptable to the payor or other third party, of a bond in an amount that is double the fair market value of the nonprobate asset at the time of the decedent’s death or the amount of an adverse claim, whichever is the lesser, or of a similar instrument to provide security to the payor or other third party, indemnifying the payor or other third party for any liability, loss, damage, costs, and expenses for and on account of payment or transfer of the nonprobate asset.

(d) As used in this subsection, "actual knowledge" means, for a payor or other third party in possession or control of the nonprobate asset at or following the decedent’s death, written notice to the payor or other third party, or to an officer of a payor or third party in the course of his or her employment, received after the decedent’s death and within a time that is sufficient to afford the payor or third party a reasonable opportunity to act upon the knowledge. The notice must identify the nonprobate asset with reasonable specificity. The notice also must be sufficient to inform the payor or other third party of the revocation of the provisions in favor of the decedent’s spouse by reason of the dissolution or invalidation of marriage, or to inform the payor or third party of a dispute concerning rights to a nonprobate asset as a result of the application of this section. Receipt of the notice for a period of more than thirty days is presumed to be received within a time that is sufficient to afford the payor or third party a reasonable opportunity to act upon the knowledge, but receipt of the notice for a period of less than five business days is presumed not to be a sufficient time for these purposes. These presumptions may be rebutted only by clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.

(4) (a) A person who purchases a nonprobate asset from a former spouse or other person, for value and without actual knowledge, or who receives from a former spouse or other person payment or transfer of a nonprobate asset without actual knowledge and in partial or full satisfaction of a legally enforceable obligation, is neither obligated under this section to return the payment, property, or benefit nor is liable under this section for the amount of the payment or the value of the nonprobate asset. However, a former spouse or other person who, with actual knowledge, not for value, or not in satisfaction of a legally enforceable obligation, receives payment or transfer of a nonprobate asset to which that person is not entitled under this section is obligated to return the payment or nonprobate asset, or is personally liable for the amount of the payment or value of the nonprobate asset, to the person who is entitled to it under this section.

(b) As used in this subsection, "actual knowledge" means, for a person described in (a) of this subsection who purchases or receives a nonprobate asset from a former spouse or other person, personal knowledge or possession of documents relating to the revocation upon dissolution or invalidation of marriage of provisions relating to the payment or transfer at the decedent’s death of the nonprobate asset, received within a time after the decedent’s death and before the purchase or receipt that is sufficient to afford the person purchasing or receiving the nonprobate asset reasonable opportunity to act upon the knowledge. Receipt of the personal knowledge or possession of the documents for a period of more than thirty days is presumed to be received within a time that is sufficient to afford the payor or third party a reasonable opportunity to act upon the knowledge, but receipt of the notice for a period of less than five business days is presumed not to be a sufficient time for these purposes. These presumptions may be rebutted only by clear and convincing evidence to the contrary.

(5) As used in this section, "nonprobate asset" means those rights and interests of a person having beneficial ownership of an asset that pass on the person’s death under only the following written instruments or arrangements other than the decedent’s will:

(a) A payable-on-death provision of a life insurance policy, employee benefit plan, annuity or similar contract, or individual retirement account;

(b) A payable-on-death, trust, or joint with right of survivorship bank account;

(c) A trust of which the person is a grantor and that becomes effective or irrevocable only upon the person’s death; or

(d) Transfer on death beneficiary designations of a transfer on death or pay on death security, if such designations are authorized under Washington law.

However, for the general definition of "nonprobate asset" in this title, RCW 11.02.005 applies.

(6) This section is remedial in nature and applies as of July 25, 1993, to decrees of dissolution and declarations of invalidity entered after July 24, 1993, and this section applies as of January 1, 1995, to decrees of dissolution and declarations of invalidity entered before July 25, 1993.
Sec. 3. RCW 11.18.200 and 1994 c 221 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Unless expressly exempted by statute, a beneficiary of a nonprobate asset that was subject to satisfaction of the decedent’s general liabilities immediately before the decedent’s death takes the asset subject to liabilities, claims, estate taxes, and the fair share of expenses of administration reasonably incurred by the personal representative in the transfer of or administration upon the asset. The beneficiary of such an asset is liable to account to the personal representative to the extent necessary to satisfy liabilities, claims, the asset’s fair share of expenses of administration, and the asset’s share of estate taxes under chapter 83.110 RCW. Before making demand that a beneficiary of a nonprobate asset account to the personal representative, the personal representative shall give notice to the beneficiary, in the manner provided in chapter 11.96 RCW, that the beneficiary is liable to account under this section.

(2) The following rules govern in applying subsection (1) of this section:

(a) A beneficiary of property passing at death under a community property agreement takes the property subject to the decedent’s liabilities, claims, estate taxes, and administration expenses as described in subsection (1) of this section. However, assets existing as community or separate property immediately before the decedent’s death under the community property agreement are subject to the decedent’s liabilities and claims to the same extent that they would have been had they been assets of the probate estate.

(b) A beneficiary of property held in joint tenancy form with right of survivorship, including without limitation United States savings bonds or similar obligations, takes the property subject to the decedent’s liabilities, claims, estate taxes, and administration expenses as described in subsection (1) of this section to the extent of the decedent’s beneficial ownership interest in the property immediately before death.

(c) A beneficiary of payable-on-death or trust bank accounts, bonds, securities, or similar obligations, including without limitation United States bonds or similar obligations, takes the property subject to the decedent’s liabilities, claims, estate taxes, and administration expenses as described in subsection (1) of this section, to the extent of the decedent’s beneficial ownership interest in the property immediately before death.

(d) A beneficiary of deeds or conveyances made by the decedent if possession has been postponed until the death of the decedent takes the property subject to the decedent’s liabilities, claims, estate taxes, and administration expenses as described in subsection (1) of this section to the same extent as the trust was subject to claims of the decedent’s creditors immediately before death.

(e) A trust for the decedent’s use of which the decedent is the grantor is subject to the decedent’s liabilities, claims, estate taxes, and expenses of administration as described in subsection (1) of this section to the same extent that the trust would have been had they been assets of the probate estate.

(f) A trust not for the use of the grantor but of which the decedent is the grantor and that becomes effective or irrevocable only upon the decedent’s death is subject to the decedent’s liabilities, claims, estate taxes, and expenses of administration as described in subsection (1) of this section.

(g) Anything in this section to the contrary notwithstanding, nonprobate assets that existed as community property immediately before the decedent’s death are subject to the decedent’s liabilities and claims to the same extent that they would have been had they been assets of the probate estate.

(h) The liability of a beneficiary of life insurance is governed by chapter 48.18 RCW.

(i) The liability of a beneficiary of pension or retirement employee benefits is governed by chapter 6.15 RCW.

(j) An inference may not be drawn from (a) through (i) of this subsection that a beneficiary of nonprobate assets other than those assets specifically described in (a) through (i) of this subsection does or does not take the assets subject to claims, liabilities, estate taxes, and administration expenses as described in subsection (1) of this section.

(3) Nothing in this section derogates from the rights of a person interested in the estate to recover tax under chapter 83.110 RCW or from the liability of any beneficiary for estate tax under chapter 83.110 RCW.

(4) Nonprobate assets that may be responsible for the satisfaction of the decedent’s general liabilities and claims abate together with the probate assets of the estate in accord with chapter 11.10 RCW.

Sec. 4. RCW 11.28.240 and 1985 c 30 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) At any time after the issuance of letters testamentary or of administration or certificate of qualification upon the estate of any decedent, any person interested in the estate as an heir, devisee, distributee, legatee or creditor whose claim has been duly served and filed, or the lawyer for the heir, devisee, distributee, legatee, or creditor may serve upon the personal representative or upon the lawyer for the personal representative, and file with the clerk of the court wherein the administration of the estate is pending, a written request stating that the person desires special notice of any or all of the following named matters, steps or proceedings in the administration of the estate, to wit:

((43)) (a) Filing of petitions for sales, leases, exchanges or mortgages of any property of the estate.

((42)) (b) Petitions for any order of solvency or for nonintervention powers.

((43)) (c) Filing of accounts.

((44)) (d) Filing of petitions for distribution.

((45)) (e) Petitions by the personal representative for family allowances and homesteads.

((46)) (f) The filing of a declaration of completion.

((47)) (g) The filing of the inventory.

((48)) (h) Notice of presentation of personal representative’s claim against the estate.

((49)) (i) Petition to continue a going business.

((44)) (j) Petition to borrow upon the general credit of the estate.

((45)) (k) Petition for judicial proceedings under chapter 11.96 RCW.

((42)) (l) Petition to reopen an estate.

((44)) (m) Intent to distribute estate assets, other than distributions in satisfaction of specific bequests or legacies of specific dollar amounts.

((43)) (n) Intent to pay attorney’s or personal representative’s fees.

The requests shall state the post office address of the heir, devisee, distributee, legatee or creditor, or his or her lawyer, and thereafter a brief notice of the filing of any of the petitions, accounts, declaration, inventory or claim, except petitions for sale of perishable property, or other tangible personal property which will incur expense or loss by keeping, shall be addressed to the heir, devisee, distributee, legatee or creditor, or his or her lawyer, at the post office address stated in the request, and deposited in the United States post office, with prepaid postage, at least ten days before the hearing of the petition, account or claim or of the proposed distribution or payment of fees; or personal service of the notices may be made on the heir, devisee, distributee, legatee or creditor, or his or her lawyer, not less than five days before the hearing, and the personal service shall have the same effect as deposit in the post office, and proof of mailing or of personal service must be filed with the clerk before the hearing of the petition, account or claim or of the proposed distribution or payment of fees. If the notice has been regularly given, any distribution or payment of fees and any order or judgment, made in accord therewith is final and conclusive.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a request for special notice may not be made by a person, and any request for special notice previously made by a person becomes null and void, when:

(a) That person qualifies to request special notice solely by reason of being a specific legatee, all of the property that person is entitled to receive from the decedent’s estate has been distributed to that person, and that person’s bequest is not subject to any subsequent abatement for the payment of the decedent’s debts, expenses, or taxes;

(b) That person qualifies to request special notice solely by reason of being an heir of the decedent, none of the decedent’s property is subject to the laws of descent and distribution, the decedent’s will has been probated, and the time for contesting the probate of that will has expired; or

(c) That person qualifies to request special notice solely by reason of being a creditor of the decedent and that person has received all of the property that the person is entitled to receive from the decedent’s estate.

Sec. 5. RCW 11.28.270 and 1965 c 145 s 11.28.270 are each amended to read as follows:

If (there be) more than one personal representative of an estate((, and)) is serving when the letters to (any of them ((be)) are revoked or surrendered(( or (a part))) when any part of them die or in any way becomes disqualified, those who remain shall perform all the duties required by law unless the decedent provided otherwise in a duly probated will or unless the court orders otherwise.

Sec. 6. RCW 11.28.280 and 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as otherwise provided in RCW 11.28.270, if ((the)) a personal representative of an estate dies((() or resigns, or the letters are revoked before the settlement of the estate, letters testamentary or letters of administration of the estate remaining unadministered shall be granted to those to whom (((administration)) the letters would have been granted if the original letters had not been obtained, or the person obtaining them had renounced administration, and the (((administrator de bonis non)) successor personal representative shall perform like duties and incur like liabilities as the ((former personal representative, and shall serve as administrator with will annexed de bonis non in the event a will has been admitted to probate. Said administrator de bonis non may, upon satisfying the requirements and complying with the procedures provided in chapter 11.68 RCW, administer the estate of the decedent without the intervention of court)) preceding personal representative, unless the decedent provided otherwise in a duly probated will or unless the court orders otherwise. A succeeding personal representative may petition for nonintervention powers under chapter 11.68 RCW.

Sec. 7. RCW 11.40.010 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 58 are each amended to read as follows:

((Every personal representative shall, after appointment and qualification, give a notice to the creditors of the deceased, stating such appointment and qualification as personal representative and requiring all persons having claims against the deceased to serve the same on the personal representative or the estate's attorney of record, and file an executed copy thereof with the clerk of the court, within four months after the date of the first publication of such notice described in this section or within four months after the date of the filing of the copy of such notice with the clerk of the court, whichever is the later, or within the time otherwise provided in RCW 11.40.013. The four-month time period after the later of the date of the first publication of the notice to creditors or the date of the filing of such notice with the clerk of the court is referred to in this chapter as the "four-month time limitation." Such notice shall be given as follows:

(1) The personal representative shall give actual notice, as provided in RCW 11.40.013, to such creditors who become known to the personal representative within such four-month time limitation;

(2) The personal representative shall cause such notice to be published once in each week for three successive weeks in the county in which the estate is being administered;

(3) The personal representative shall file a copy of such notice with the clerk of the court; and

(4) The personal representative shall mail a copy of the notice, including the decedent's social security number, to the state of Washington, department of social and health services, office of financial recovery.

Except as otherwise provided in RCW 11.40.011 or 11.40.013, any claim not filed within the four-month time limitation shall be forever barred, if not already barred by any otherwise applicable statute of limitations. This bar is effective as to claims against both the decedent's probate assets and nonprobate assets as described in RCW 11.18.200. Proof of affidavit of the giving and publication of such notice shall be filed with the court by the personal representative.

Acts of a notice agent in complying with chapter 221, Laws of 1994 may be adopted and ratified by the personal representative as if done by the personal representative in complying with this chapter, except that if at the time of the appointment and qualification of the personal representative a notice agent had commenced nonprobate notice to creditors under chapter 11.42 RCW, the personal representative shall give published notice as provided in RCW 11.42.180.) A person having a claim against the decedent may not maintain an action on the claim unless a personal representative has been appointed and the claimant has presented the claim as set forth in this chapter. However, this chapter does not affect the notice under RCW 82.32.240 or the ability to maintain an action against a notice agent under chapter 11.42 RCW.

Sec. 8. RCW 11.40.020 and 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:

((Every claim shall be signed by the claimant, or his attorney, or any person who is authorized to sign claims on his, her, or its behalf, and shall contain the following information:

(1) The name and address of the claimant;

(2) The name, business address (if different from that of the claimant), and nature of authority of any person signing the claim on behalf of the claimant;

(3) A written statement of the facts or circumstances constituting the basis upon which the claim is submitted;

(4) The amount of the claim;
If the claim is secured, unliquidated or contingent, or not yet due, the nature of the security, the nature of the uncertainty, and due date of the claim: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That failure to describe correctly the security, nature of any uncertainty, or the due date of a claim not yet due, if such failure is not substantially misleading, does not invalidate the presentation made.

Claims need not be supported by affidavit.) A personal representative may give notice to the creditors of the decedent, as directed in RCW 11.40.030, announcing the personal representative's appointment and requiring that persons having claims against the decedent present their claims within the time specified in section 11 of this act or be forever barred as to claims against the decedent's probate and nonprobate assets. If notice is given:

(1) The personal representative shall first file the original of the notice with the court;
(2) The personal representative shall then cause the notice to be published once each week for three successive weeks in a legal newspaper in the county in which the estate is being administered;
(3) The personal representative may, at any time during the probate proceeding, give actual notice to creditors who become known to the personal representative by serving the notice on the creditor or mailing the notice to the creditor at the creditor's last known address, by regular first class mail, postage prepaid; and
(4) The personal representative shall also mail a copy of the notice, including the decedent's social security number, to the state of Washington department of social and health services office of financial recovery.

The personal representative shall file with the court proof by affidavit of the giving and publication of the notice.

Sec. 9. RCW 11.40.030 and 1989 c 333 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Unless the personal representative shall, within two months after the expiration of the four-month time limitation, or within two months after receipt of an otherwise timely claim filed after expiration of the four-month time limitation, whichever is later, have obtained an order extending the time for his allowance or rejection of claims timely and properly served and filed, all claims not exceeding one thousand dollars presented within the time and in the manner provided in RCW 11.40.010, 11.40.013, or 11.40.020 as now or hereafter amended, shall be deemed allowed and may not thereafter be rejected, unless the personal representative shall, within two months after the expiration of the four-month time limitation, or as to an otherwise timely claim filed after expiration of the four-month time limitation, within two months after receipt of such claim, or within any extended time, notify the claimant of its rejection, in whole or in part.

(2) When a claim exceeding one thousand dollars is presented within the time and in the manner provided in RCW 11.40.010 and 11.40.020 as now or hereafter amended, it shall be the duty of the personal representative to indorse thereon his allowance or rejection. A claimant after a claim has been on file for at least thirty days may notify the personal representative that he will petition the court to have the claim allowed. If the personal representative fails to file an allowance or rejection of such claim twenty days after the receipt of such notice, the claimant may note the matter up for hearing and the court shall hear the matter and determine whether the claim should be allowed or rejected, in whole or in part. If at the hearing the claim is substantially allowed the court may allow petitioner reasonable attorney's fees of not less than one hundred dollars chargeable against the estate.

(3) If the personal representative shall reject the claim, in whole or in part, he shall notify the claimant of said rejection and file in the office of the clerk, an affidavit showing such notification and the date thereof. Said notification shall be by personal service or certified mail addressed to the claimant at his address as stated in the claim; if a person other than the claimant shall have signed said claim for or on behalf of the claimant, and said person's business address as stated in said claim is different from that of the claimant, notification of rejection shall also be made by personal service or certified mail upon said person; the date of the postmark shall be the date of notification. The notification of rejection shall advise the claimant, and the person making claim on his, her, or its behalf, if any, that the claimant must bring suit in the proper court against the personal representative within thirty days after notification of rejection or before expiration of the time for serving and filing claims against the estate, whichever period is longer, and that otherwise the claim will be forever barred.

(4) The personal representative may, either before or after rejection of any claim compromise said claim, whether due or not, absolute or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated, if it appears to the
personal representative that such compromise is in the best interests of the estate. Notice under RCW 11.40.020 must contain the following elements in substantially the following form:

CAPTION  ) No.
OF CASE  ) PROBATE NOTICE TO
) CREDITORS
) RCW 11.40.030

The personal representative named below has been appointed as personal representative of this estate. Any person having a claim against the decedent must, before the time the claim would be barred by any otherwise applicable statute of limitations, present the claim in the manner as provided in RCW 11.40.070 by serving on or mailing to the personal representative or the personal representative’s attorney at the address stated below a copy of the claim and filing the original of the claim with the court. The claim must be presented within the later of: (1) Thirty days after the personal representative served or mailed the notice to the creditor as provided under RCW 11.40.020(3); or (2) four months after the date of first publication of the notice. If the claim is not presented within this time frame, the claim is forever barred, except as otherwise provided in section 11 of this act and RCW 11.40.060. This bar is effective as to claims against both the decedent’s probate and nonprobate assets.

Date of First Publication:

Personal Representative:

Attorney for the Personal Representative:
Address for Mailing or Service:

Sec. 10. RCW 11.40.040 and 1994 c 221 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:

Every claim which has been allowed by the personal representative shall be ranked among the acknowledged debts of the estate to be paid expeditiously in the course of administration. (1) For purposes of section 11 of this act, a "reasonably ascertainable" creditor of the decedent is one that the personal representative would discover upon exercise of reasonable diligence. The personal representative is deemed to have exercised reasonable diligence upon conducting a reasonable review of the decedent’s correspondence, including correspondence received after the date of death, and financial records, including personal financial statements, loan documents, checks, bank statements, and income tax returns, that are in the possession of or reasonably available to the personal representative.

(2) If the personal representative conducts the review, the personal representative is presumed to have exercised reasonable diligence to ascertain creditors of the decedent and any creditor not ascertained in the review is presumed not reasonably ascertainable within the meaning of section 11 of this act. These presumptions may be rebutted only by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence.

(3) The personal representative may evidence the review and resulting presumption by filing with the court an affidavit regarding the facts referred to in this section. The personal representative may petition the court for an order declaring that the personal representative has made a review and that any creditors not known to the personal representative are not reasonably ascertainable. The petition must be filed under RCW 11.96.070 and the notice specified under RCW 11.96.100 must also be given by publication.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 11.40 RCW to read as follows:

Whether or not notice is provided under RCW 11.40.020, a person having a claim against the decedent is forever barred from making a claim or commencing an action against the decedent, if the claim or action is not already barred by an otherwise applicable statute of limitations, unless the creditor presents the claim in the manner provided in RCW 11.40.070 within the following time limitations:
(a) If the personal representative provided notice under RCW 11.40.020 (1) and (2) and the creditor was given actual notice as provided in RCW 11.40.020(3), the creditor must present the claim within the later of: (i) Thirty days after the personal representative’s service or mailing of notice to the creditor; and (ii) four months after the date of first publication of the notice;

(b) If the personal representative provided notice under RCW 11.40.020 (1) and (2) and the creditor was not given actual notice as provided in RCW 11.40.020(3):
   (i) If the creditor was not reasonably ascertainable, as defined in RCW 11.40.040, the creditor must present the claim within four months after the date of first publication of notice;
   (ii) If the creditor was reasonably ascertainable, as defined in RCW 11.40.040, the creditor must present the claim within twenty-four months after the decedent’s date of death; and
   (c) If notice was not provided under this chapter or chapter 11.42 RCW, the creditor must present the claim within twenty-four months after the decedent’s date of death.

(2) An otherwise applicable statute of limitations applies without regard to the tolling provisions of RCW 4.16.190.

(3) This bar is effective as to claims against both the decedent’s probate and nonprobate assets.

Sec. 12. RCW 11.40.060 and 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 37 are each amended to read as follows:

(When a claim is rejected by the personal representative, the holder must bring suit in the proper court against the personal representative within thirty days after notification of the rejection or before expiration of the time for serving and filing claims against the estate, whichever period is longer, otherwise the claim shall be forever barred.) The time limitations for presenting claims under this chapter do not accrue to the benefit of any liability or casualty insurer. Claims against the decedent or the decedent’s marital community that can be fully satisfied by applicable insurance coverage or proceeds need not be presented within the time limitation of section 11 of this act, but the amount of recovery cannot exceed the amount of the insurance. The claims may at any time be presented as provided in RCW 11.40.070, subject to the otherwise relevant statutes of limitations, and do not constitute a cloud, lien, or encumbrance upon the title to the decedent’s probate or nonprobate assets nor delay or prevent the conclusion of probate proceedings or the transfer or distribution of assets of the estate. This section does not serve to extend any otherwise relevant statutes of limitations.

Sec. 13. RCW 11.40.070 and 1965 c 145 s 11.40.070 are each amended to read as follows:

(No claim shall be allowed by the personal representative or court which is barred by the statute of limitations.) (1) The claimant, the claimant’s attorney, or the claimant’s agent shall sign the claim and include in the claim the following information:

   (a) The name and address of the claimant;
   (b) The name, address, if different from that of the claimant, and nature of authority of an agent signing the claim on behalf of the claimant;
   (c) A statement of the facts or circumstances constituting the basis of the claim;
   (d) The amount of the claim; and
   (e) If the claim is secured, unliquidated, contingent, or not yet due, the nature of the security, the nature of the uncertainty, or the date when it will become due.

   Failure to describe correctly the information in (c), (d), or (e) of this subsection, if the failure is not substantially misleading, does not invalidate the claim.

   (2) A claim does not need to be supported by affidavit.

   (3) A claim must be presented within the time limits set forth in section 11 of this act by: (a) Serving on or mailing to, by regular first class mail, the personal representative or the personal representative’s attorney a copy of the signed claim; and (b) filing the original of the signed claim with the court. A claim is deemed presented upon the later of the date of postmark or service on the personal representative, or the personal representative’s attorney, and filing with the court.

   (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a claimant makes a written demand for payment within the time limits set forth in section 11 of this act, the personal representative may waive formal defects and elect to treat the demand as a claim properly filed under this chapter if: (a) The claim was due; (b) the amount paid is the amount of indebtedness over and above all payments and offsets; (c) the estate is solvent; and (d) the payment is made in good faith. Nothing in this chapter
limits application of the doctrines of waiver, estoppel, or detrimental claims or any other equitable principle.

Sec. 14. RCW 11.40.080 and 1994 c 221 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:
((No holder of any claim against a decedent shall maintain an action thereon, unless the claim shall have been first presented as provided in this chapter. Nothing in this chapter affects RCW 82.32.240.)) (1) The personal representative shall allow or reject all claims presented in the manner provided in RCW 11.40.070. The personal representative may allow or reject a claim in whole or in part.

(2) If the personal representative has not allowed or rejected a claim within the later of four months from the date of first publication of the notice to creditors or thirty days from presentation of the claim, the claimant may serve written notice on the personal representative that the claimant will petition the court to have the claim allowed. If the personal representative fails to notify the claimant of the allowance or rejection of the claim within twenty days after the personal representative’s receipt of the claimant’s notice, the claimant may petition the court for a hearing to determine whether the claim should be allowed or rejected, in whole or in part. If the court substantially allows the claim, the court may allow the petitioner reasonable attorneys’ fees chargeable against the estate.

Sec. 15. RCW 11.40.090 and 1965 c 145 s 11.40.090 are each amended to read as follows:
(The time during which there shall be a vacancy in the administration shall not be included in any limitations herein prescribed.) (1) If the personal representative allows a claim, the personal representative shall notify the claimant of the allowance by personal service or regular first class mail to the address stated on the claim.

(2) A claim that on its face does not exceed one thousand dollars presented in the manner provided in RCW 11.40.070 must be deemed allowed and may not thereafter be rejected unless the personal representative has notified the claimant of rejection of the claim within the later of six months from the date of first publication of the notice to creditors and two months from the personal representative’s receipt of the claim. The personal representative may petition for an order extending the period for automatic allowance of the claims.

(3) Allowed claims must be ranked among the acknowledged debts of the estate to be paid expeditiously in the course of administration.

(4) A claim may not be allowed if it is barred by a statute of limitations.

Sec. 16. RCW 11.40.100 and 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 47 are each amended to read as follows:
(If any action be pending against the testator or intestate at the time of his death, the plaintiff shall within four months after first publication of notice to creditors, or the filing of a copy of such notice, whichever is later, serve on the personal representative a motion to have such personal representative, as such, substituted as defendant in such action, and, upon the hearing of such motion, such personal representative shall be so substituted, unless, at or prior to such hearing, the claim of plaintiff, together with costs, be allowed by the personal representative and court. After the substitution of such personal representative, the court shall proceed to hear and determine the action as in other civil cases.) (1) If the personal representative rejects a claim, in whole or in part, the claimant must bring suit against the personal representative within thirty days after notification of rejection or the claim is forever barred. The personal representative shall notify the claimant of the rejection and file an affidavit with the court showing the notification and the date of the notification. The personal representative shall notify the claimant of the rejection by personal service or certified mail addressed to the claimant or the claimant’s agent, if applicable, at the address stated in the claim. The date of service or of the postmark is the date of notification. The notification must advise the claimant that the claimant must bring suit in the proper court against the personal representative within thirty days after notification of rejection or the claim will be forever barred.

(2) The personal representative may, before or after rejection of any claim, compromise the claim, whether due or not, absolute or contingent, liquidated, or unliquidated, if it appears to the personal representative that the compromise is in the best interests of the estate.
Sec. 17. RCW 11.40.110 and 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

((Whenever any claim shall have been filed and presented to a personal representative, and a part thereof shall be allowed, the amount of such allowance shall be stated in the indorsement. If the creditor shall refuse to accept the amount so allowed in satisfaction of his claim, he shall recover no costs in any action he may bring against the personal representative unless he shall recover a greater amount than that offered to be allowed, exclusive of interest and costs.)) If an action is pending against the decedent at the time of the decedent’s death, the plaintiff shall, within four months after appointment of the personal representative, serve on the personal representative a petition to have the personal representative substituted as defendant in the action. Upon hearing on the petition, the personal representative shall be substituted, unless, at or before the hearing, the claim of the plaintiff, together with costs, is allowed.

Sec. 18. RCW 11.40.120 and 1965 c 145 s 11.40.120 are each amended to read as follows:

The effect of any judgment rendered against ((any)) a personal representative shall be only to establish the amount of the judgment as an allowed claim.

Sec. 19. RCW 11.40.130 and 1965 c 145 s 11.40.130 are each amended to read as follows:

When any judgment has been rendered against the testator or intestate in his lifetime, no execution shall issue thereon after his death, but it shall be presented to the personal representative, as any other claim, but need not be supported by the affidavit of the claimant, and if justly due and unsatisfied, shall be paid in due course of administration: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That if it be a lien on any property of the deceased, the same may be sold for the satisfaction thereof, and the officer making the sale shall account to the personal representative for any surplus in his hands. If a judgment was entered against the decedent during the decedent’s lifetime, an execution may not issue on the judgment after the death of the decedent. The judgment must be presented in the manner provided in RCW 11.40.070, but if the judgment is a lien on any property of the decedent, the property may be sold for the satisfaction of the judgment and the officer making the sale shall account to the personal representative for any surplus.

NEW SECTtION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 11.40 RCW to read as follows:

If a creditor’s claim is secured by any property of the decedent, this chapter does not affect the right of a creditor to realize on the creditor’s security, whether or not the creditor presented the claim in the manner provided in RCW 11.40.070.

Sec. 21. RCW 11.40.140 and 1965 c 145 s 11.40.140 are each amended to read as follows:

((If the personal representative is himself a creditor of the testator or intestate in his lifetime, no execution shall issue thereon after his death, but it shall be presented to the personal representative, as any other claim, but need not be supported by the affidavit of the claimant, and if justly due and unsatisfied, shall be paid in due course of administration: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That if it be a lien on any property of the deceased, the same may be sold for the satisfaction thereof, and the officer making the sale shall account to the personal representative for any surplus in his hands.)) If the personal representative has a claim against the decedent, the personal representative must present the claim in the manner provided in RCW 11.40.070 and petition the court for allowance or rejection. The petition must be filed under RCW 11.96.070. This section applies whether or not the personal representative is acting under nonintervention powers.

Sec. 22. RCW 11.40.150 and 1965 c 145 s 11.40.150 are each amended to read as follows:

((In case of resignation, death or removal for any cause of any personal representative, and the appointment of another or others, after notice has been given by publication as required by RCW 11.40.010, by such personal representative first appointed, to persons to file their claims against the decedent, it shall be the duty of the successor or personal representative to cause notice of such resignation, death or removal and such new appointment to be published two successive weeks in a legal newspaper published in the county in which the estate is being administered, but the time between the resignation, death or removal and such publication shall be added to the time within which claims shall be filed as fixed by the published notice to creditors unless such time shall have expired before such resignation or removal or death: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That no such notice shall be required if the period for filing claims was fully expired during the time that the former personal representative...))
(1) If a personal representative has given notice under RCW 11.40.020 and then resigns, dies, or is removed, the successor personal representative shall:

(a) Publish notice of the vacancy and succession for two successive weeks in the legal newspaper in which notice was published under RCW 11.40.020 if the vacancy occurred within twenty-four months after the decedent’s date of death; and

(b) Provide actual notice of the vacancy and succession to a creditor if: (i) The creditor filed a claim and the claim had not been accepted or rejected by the prior personal representative; or (ii) the creditor’s claim was rejected and the vacancy occurred within thirty days after rejection of the claim.

(2) The time between the resignation, death, or removal and first publication of the vacancy and succession or, in the case of actual notice, the mailing of the notice of vacancy and succession must be added to the time within which a claim must be presented or a suit on a rejected claim must be filed. This section does not extend the twenty-four month self-executing bar under section 11 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 11.40 RCW to read as follows:

If a notice agent had commenced nonprobate notice to creditors under chapter 11.42 RCW, the appointment of the personal representative does not affect the filing and publication of notice to creditors and does not affect actual notice to creditors given by the notice agent. The personal representative is presumed to have adopted or ratified all acts of the notice agent unless, within thirty days of appointment, the personal representative provides notice of rejection or nullification to the affected claimant or claimants by personal service or certified mail addressed to the claimant or claimant’s agent, if applicable, at the address stated on the claim. The personal representative shall also provide notice under RCW 11.42.150.

Sec. 24. RCW 11.42.010 and 1994 c 221 s 31 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the conditions stated in this section, and if no personal representative has been appointed and qualified in the decedent’s estate in Washington, the following members of a group, defined as the "qualified group," are qualified to give "nonprobate notice to creditors" of the decedent:

(a) Decedent’s surviving spouse;

(b) The person appointed in an agreement made under chapter 11.96 RCW to give nonprobate notice to creditors of the decedent;

(c) The trustee, except a testamentary trustee under the will of the decedent not probated in another state, having authority over any of the property of the decedent; and

(d) A person who has received any property of the decedent by reason of the decedent’s death.

(2) The "included property" means the property of the decedent that was subject to satisfaction of the decedent’s general liabilities immediately before the decedent’s death and that either:

(a) Constitutes a nonprobate asset; or

(b) Has been received, or is entitled to be received, either under chapter 11.62 RCW or by the personal representative of the decedent’s probate estate administered outside the state of Washington, or both.

(3) The qualified person shall give the nonprobate notice to creditors. The "qualified person" must be:

(a) The person in the qualified group who has received, or is entitled to receive, by reason of the decedent’s death, all, or substantially all, of the included property; or

(b) If there is no person in (a) of this subsection, then the person who has been appointed by those persons, including any successors of those persons, in the qualified group who have received, or are entitled to receive, by reason of the decedent’s death, all, or substantially all, of the included property.

(4) The requirement in subsection (3) of this section of the receipt of all, or substantially all, of the included property is satisfied if:

(a) The person described in subsection (3)(a) of this section at the time of the filing of the declaration and oath referred to in subsection (5) of this section in reasonable good faith believed that the person had received, or was entitled to receive, by reason of the decedent’s death, all, or substantially all, of the included property; or
(b) The persons described in subsection (3)(b) of this section at the time of their entry into the agreement under chapter 11.96 RCW in which they appoint the person to give the nonprobate notice to creditors in reasonable good faith believed that they had received, or were entitled to receive, by reason of the decedent’s death, all, or substantially all, of the included property.

(5) The "notice agent" means the qualified person who:
   (a) Files a declaration and oath with the clerk of the superior court in a county in which probate may be commenced regarding the decedent as provided in RCW 11.96.050(2);
   (b) Pays a filing fee to the clerk equal in amount to the filing fee charged by the clerk for the probate of estates; and
   (c) Receives from the clerk a cause number.
   The county in which the notice agent files the declaration is the "notice county." The declaration and oath must be made in affidavit form or under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state in the form provided in RCW 9A.72.085 and must state that the person making the declaration believes in reasonable good faith that the person is qualified under this chapter to act as the notice agent and that the person faithfully will execute the duties of the notice agent as provided in this chapter.

(6) The following persons may not act as notice agent:
   (a) Corporations, trust companies, and national banks, except:
      (i) Professional service corporations that are regularly organized under the laws of this state whose shareholder or shareholders are exclusively attorneys; and
      (ii) Other corporations, trust companies, and national banks that are authorized to do trust business in this state;
   (b) Minors;
   (c) Persons of unsound mind; or
   (d) Persons who have been convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude.

(7) A person who has given notice under this chapter and who thereafter becomes of unsound mind or is convicted of a crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude is no longer qualified to act as notice agent under this chapter. The disqualification does not bar another person, otherwise qualified, from acting as notice agent under this chapter.

(8) A nonresident may act as notice agent if the nonresident appoints an agent who is a resident of the notice county or who is attorney of record for the notice agent upon whom service of all papers may be made. The appointment must be made in writing and filed by the clerk of the notice county with the other papers relating to the notice given under this chapter.

(9) The powers and authority of a notice agent cease, and the office of notice agent becomes vacant, upon the appointment and qualification of a personal representative for the estate of the decedent. Except as provided in RCW 11.42.180, the cessation of the powers and authority does not affect a published notice under this chapter if the publication commenced before the cessation and does not affect actual notice to creditors given by the notice agent before the cessation.) this state, a beneficiary or trustee who has received or is entitled to receive by reason of the decedent’s death substantially all of the decedent’s probate and nonprobate assets, is qualified to give nonprobate notice to creditors under this chapter.

If no one beneficiary or trustee has received or is entitled to receive substantially all of the assets, may, under an agreement under RCW 11.96.170, appoint a person who is then qualified to give nonprobate notice to creditors under this chapter.

(2) A person or group of persons is deemed to have received substantially all of the decedent’s probate and nonprobate assets if the person or the group, at the time of the filing of the declaration and oath referred to in subsection (3) of this section, in reasonable good faith believed that the person or the group had received, or was entitled to receive by reason of the decedent’s death, substantially all of the decedent’s probate and nonprobate assets.

(3)(a) The "notice agent" means the qualified person who:
   (i) Pays a filing fee to the clerk of the superior court in a county in which probate may be commenced regarding the decedent, the "notice county", and receives a cause number; and
   (ii) Files a declaration and oath with the clerk.
(b) The declaration and oath must be made in affidavit form or under penalty of perjury and must state that the person making the declaration believes in reasonable good faith that the person is qualified under this chapter to act as the notice agent and that the person will faithfully execute the duties of the notice agent as provided in this chapter.

(4) The following persons are not qualified to act as notice agent:
(a) Corporations, trust companies, and national banks, except: (i) Such entities as are authorized to do trust business in this state; and (ii) professional service corporations that are regularly organized under the laws of this state whose shareholder or shareholders are exclusively attorneys;
(b) Minors;
(c) Persons of unsound mind;
(d) Persons who have been convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude; and
(e) Persons who have given notice under this chapter and who thereafter become of unsound mind or are convicted of a felony or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude. This disqualification does not bar another person, otherwise qualified, from acting as successor notice agent.

(5) A nonresident may act as notice agent if the nonresident appoints an agent who is a resident of the notice county or who is attorney of record for the notice agent upon whom service of all papers may be made. The appointment must be made in writing and filed with the court.

Sec. 25. RCW 11.42.020 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 59 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The notice agent may give nonprobate notice to the creditors of the decedent if:
(a) As of the date of the filing (of a copy) of the notice to creditors with the (clerk of the superior court) for the notice county, the notice agent has no knowledge of another person acting as notice agent or of the appointment (and qualification) of a personal representative in the decedent’s estate in the state of Washington (or of another person becoming a notice agent); and
(b) According to the records of the (clerk of the superior court) for the notice county as of 8:00 a.m. as are available on the date of the filing of the notice to creditors, no cause number regarding the decedent has been issued to any other notice agent and no personal representative of the decedent’s estate had been appointed (and qualified and no cause number regarding the decedent had been issued to any other notice agent by the clerk under RCW 11.42.010).

(2) (The notice must state that all persons having claims against the decedent shall: (a) Serve the same on the notice agent if the notice agent is a resident of the state of Washington upon whom service of all papers may be made, or on the nonprobate resident agent for the notice agent, if any; or on the attorneys of record of the notice agent at their respective address in the state of Washington; and (b) file an executed copy of the notice with the clerk of the superior court for the notice county, within: (i)(A) Four months after the date of the first publication of the notice described in this section; or (B) four months after the date of the filing of the copy of the notice with the clerk of the superior court for the notice county, whichever is later; or (ii) the time otherwise provided in RCW 11.42.050. The four-month time period after the later of the date of the first publication of the notice to creditors or the date of the filing of the notice with the clerk of the court is referred to in this chapter as the "four-month time limitation."

(3) The notice agent shall declare in the notice in affidavit form or under the penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington as provided in RCW 9A.72.085 that: (a) The notice agent is entitled to give the nonprobate notice under subsection (1) of this section; and (b) the notice is being given by the notice agent as permitted by this section.

(4) The notice agent shall sign the notice and file it with the clerk of the superior court for the notice county. The notice must be given as follows:
(a) The notice agent shall give actual notice as to creditors of the decedent who become known to the notice agent within the four-month time limitation as required in RCW 11.42.050;
(b) The notice agent shall cause the notice to be published once in each week for three successive weeks in the notice county;
(c) The notice agent shall file a copy of the notice with the clerk of the superior court for the notice county; and
(d) The notice agent shall mail a copy of the notice, including the decedent’s social security number, to the state of Washington, department of social and health services, office of financial recovery.

(5) A claim not filed within the four-month time limitation is forever barred, if not already barred by an otherwise applicable statute of limitations, except as provided in RCW 11.42.030 or 11.42.050. The bar is effective to bar claims against both the probate estate of the decedent and nonprobate assets that were subject to satisfaction of the decedent’s general liabilities immediately before the decedent’s death. If a notice to the creditors of a decedent is published by more than one notice agent and the notice agents are not acting jointly, the four-month time limitation that applies to the notice agent who first publishes the notice. Proof by affidavit or perjury declaration made under RCW 9A.72.085 of the giving and publication of the notice must be filed with the clerk of the superior court for the notice county by the notice agent.)) The notice agent must give notice to the creditors of the decedent, as directed in RCW 11.42.030, announcing that the notice agent has elected to give nonprobate notice to creditors and requiring that persons having claims against the decedent present their claims within the time specified in RCW 11.42.050 or be forever barred as to claims against the decedent’s probate and nonprobate assets.

(a) The notice agent shall first file the original of the notice with the court.

(b) The notice agent shall then cause the notice to be published once each week for three successive weeks in a legal newspaper in the notice county.

(c) The notice agent may at any time give actual notice to creditors who become known to the notice agent by serving the notice on the creditor or mailing the notice to the creditor at the creditor’s last known address, by regular first class mail, postage prepaid.

(d) The notice agent shall also mail a copy of the notice, including the decedent’s social security number, to the state of Washington department of social and health services' office of financial recovery.

The notice agent shall file with the court proof by affidavit of the giving and publication of the notice.

Sec. 26. RCW 11.42.030 and 1994 c 221 s 33 are each amended to read as follows:

(The time limitations under this chapter for serving and filing claims do not accrue to the benefit of a liability or casualty insurer as to claims against either the decedent or the marital community of which the decedent was a member, or both, and:

(1) The claims, subject to applicable statutes of limitation, may at any time be: (a) Served on the duly acting notice agent, the duly acting resident agent for the notice agent, or on the attorney for either of them; and (b) filed with the clerk of the superior court for the notice county; or

(2) If there is no duly acting notice agent or resident agent for the notice agent, the claimant as a creditor shall proceed as provided in chapter 11.40 RCW. However, if no personal representative ever has been appointed for the decedent, a personal representative must be appointed as provided in chapter 11.28 RCW and the estate opened, in which case the claimant then shall proceed as provided in chapter 11.40 RCW.

A claim may be served and filed as provided in this section, notwithstanding that there is no duly acting notice agent and that no personal representative previously has been appointed. However, the amount of recovery under the claim may not exceed the amount of applicable insurance coverages and proceeds, and the claim so served and filed may not constitute a cloud or lien upon the title to the assets of the decedent or delay or prevent the transfer or distribution of assets of the decedent. This section does not serve to extend the applicable statute of limitations regardless of whether a declaration and oath has been filed by a notice agent as provided in RCW 11.42.010.)) Notice under RCW 11.42.020 must contain the following elements in substantially the following form:

\[
\text{CAPTION}\quad \text{No.}
\]

\[
\text{OF CASE}\quad \text{NONPROBATE}
\]

\[
\text{NOTICE TO CREDITORS}
\]

\[
\text{RCW 11.42.030}
\]
The notice agent named below has elected to give notice to creditors of the above-named decedent. As of the date of the filing of a copy of this notice with the court, the notice agent has no knowledge of any other person acting as notice agent or of the appointment of a personal representative of the decedent's estate in the state of Washington. According to the records of the court as are available on the date of the filing of this notice with the court, a cause number regarding the decedent has not been issued to any other notice agent and a personal representative of the decedent's estate has not been appointed.

Any person having a claim against the decedent must, before the time the claim would be barred by any otherwise applicable statute of limitations, present the claim in the manner as provided in RCW 11.42.070 by serving on or mailing to the notice agent or the notice agent's attorney at the address stated below a copy of the claim and filing the original of the claim with the court. The claim must be presented within the later of: (1) Thirty days after the notice agent served or mailed the notice to the creditor as provided under RCW 11.42.020(2)(c); or (2) four months after the date of first publication of the notice. If the claim is not presented within this time frame, the claim is forever barred, except as otherwise provided in RCW 11.42.050 and 11.42.060. This bar is effective as to claims against both the decedent's probate and nonprobate assets.

Date of First Publication:

The notice agent declares under penalty of perjury under the laws of the state of Washington on [year], at [city] [state] that the foregoing is true and correct.

Signature of Notice Agent

Notice Agent:

Attorney for the Notice Agent:

Address for Mailing or Service:

Sec. 27. RCW 11.42.040 and 1994 c 221 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The notice agent shall exercise reasonable diligence to discover, within the four-month time limitation, reasonably ascertainable creditors of the decedent. The notice agent is deemed to have exercised reasonable diligence to ascertain the creditors upon:

(1) Conducting, within the four-month time limitation, a reasonable review of the decedent's correspondence including correspondence received after the date of death and financial records including checkbooks, bank statements, income tax returns, and similar materials, that are in the possession of, or reasonably available to, the notice agent; and

(2) Having made, with regard to claimants, inquiry of the nonprobate takers of the decedent's property and of the presumptive heirs, devisees, and legatees of the decedent, all of whose names and addresses are known, or in the exercise of reasonable diligence should have been known, to the notice agent.

If the notice agent conducts the review and makes an inquiry, the notice agent is presumed to have exercised reasonable diligence to ascertain creditors of the decedent, and creditors not ascertained in the review or in an inquiry are presumed not reasonably ascertainable. These presumptions may be rebutted only by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence. The notice agent may evidence the review and inquiry by filing an affidavit or declaration under penalty of perjury form as provided in RCW 9A.72.085 to the effect in the nonprobate proceeding in the notice county. The notice agent also may petition the superior court of the notice county for an order declaring that the notice agent has made a review and inquiry and that only creditors known to the notice agent after the review and inquiry are reasonably ascertainable. The petition and hearing must be under the procedures provided in chapter 11.96 RCW, and the notice specified under RCW 11.96.100 must also be given by publication.)
For purposes of RCW 11.42.050, a "reasonably ascertainable" creditor of the decedent is one that the notice agent would discover upon exercise of reasonable diligence. The notice agent is deemed to have exercised reasonable diligence upon conducting a reasonable review of the decedent’s correspondence, including correspondence received after the date of death, and financial records, including personal financial statements, loan documents, checkbooks, bank statements, and income tax returns, that are in the possession of or reasonably available to the notice agent.

(2) If the notice agent conducts the review, the notice agent is presumed to have exercised reasonable diligence to ascertain creditors of the decedent and any creditor not ascertained in the review is presumed not reasonably ascertainable within the meaning of RCW 11.42.050. These presumptions may be rebutted only by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence.

(3) The notice agent may evidence the review and resulting presumption by filing with the court an affidavit regarding the facts referred to in this section. The notice agent may petition the court for an order declaring that the notice agent has made a review and that any creditors not known to the notice agent are not reasonably ascertainable. The petition must be filed under RCW 11.96.070, and the notice specified under RCW 11.96.100 must also be given by publication.

Sec. 28. RCW 11.42.050 and 1994 c 221 s 35 are each amended to read as follows:

((The actual notice described in RCW 11.42.020(4)(a), as to a creditor becoming known to the notice agent within the four-month time limitation, must be given the creditor by personal service or regular first class mail, addressed to the creditor’s last known address, postage prepaid. The actual notice must be given before the later of the expiration of the four-month time limitation or thirty days after a creditor became known to the notice agent within the four-month time limitation. A known creditor is barred unless the creditor has filed a claim, as provided in this chapter, within the four-month time limitation or within thirty days following the date of actual notice to that creditor, whichever is later. If notice is given by mail, the date of mailing is the date of notice. This bar is effective as to claims against the included property as defined in RCW 11.42.010.)) (1) If a notice agent provides notice under RCW 11.42.020, any person having a claim against the decedent is forever barred from making a claim or commencing an action against the decedent if the claim or action is not already barred by an otherwise applicable statute of limitations, unless the creditor presents the claim in the manner provided in RCW 11.42.070 within the following time limitations:

(a) If the notice agent provided notice under RCW 11.42.020(2) (a) and (b) and the creditor was given actual notice as provided in RCW 11.42.020(2)(c), the creditor must present the claim within the later of: (i) Thirty days after the notice agent’s service or mailing of notice to the creditor; and (ii) four months after the date of first publication of the notice;

(b) If the notice agent provided notice under RCW 11.42.020(2) (a) and (b) and the creditor was not given actual notice as provided in RCW 11.42.020(2)(c):

(i) If the creditor was not reasonably ascertainable, as defined in RCW 11.42.040, the creditor must present the claim within four months after the date of first publication of the notice;

(ii) If the creditor was reasonably ascertainable, as defined in RCW 11.42.040, the creditor must present the claim within twenty-four months after the decedent’s date of death.

(2) Any otherwise applicable statute of limitations applies without regard to the tolling provisions of RCW 4.16.190.

(3) This bar is effective as to claims against both the decedent’s probate and nonprobate assets.

Sec. 29. RCW 11.42.060 and 1994 c 221 s 36 are each amended to read as follows:

((Whether or not notice under RCW 11.42.020 has been given or should have been given, if no personal representative has been appointed and qualified, a person having a claim against the decedent who has not filed the claim within eighteen months from the date of the decedent’s death is forever barred from making a claim against the decedent, or commencing an action against the decedent, if the claim or action is not already barred by any otherwise applicable statute of limitations. However, this eighteen-month limitation does not apply to:

(a) Claims described in RCW 11.42.030;}}
(b) A claim if, during the eighteen-month period following the date of death, partial performance has been made on the obligation underlying the claim, and the notice agent has not given the actual notice described in RCW 11.42.020(4)(a); or

c) Claims if, within twelve months after the date of death:

(i) No notice agent has given the published notice described in RCW 11.42.020(4)(b); and

(ii) No personal representative has given the published notice described in RCW 11.40.010(2).

Any otherwise applicable statute of limitations applies without regard to the tolling provisions of RCW 4.16.190.

(2) Claims referred to in this section must be filed if there is no duly appointed, qualified, and acting personal representative and there is a duly declared and acting notice agent or resident agent for the notice agent. The claims, subject to applicable statutes of limitation, may at any time be served on the duly declared and acting notice agent or resident agent for the notice agent, or on the attorney for either of them.

(3) A claim to be filed under this chapter if there is no duly appointed, qualified, and acting personal representative but there is a duly declared and acting notice agent or resident agent for the notice agent and which claim is not otherwise barred under this chapter must be made in the form and manner provided under RCW 11.42.020, as if the notice under that section had been given.

The time limitations for presenting claims under this chapter do not accrue to the benefit of any liability or casualty insurer. Claims against the decedent or the decedent’s marital community that can be fully satisfied by applicable insurance coverage or proceeds need not be presented within the time limitation of RCW 11.42.050, but the amount of recovery cannot exceed the amount of the insurance. If a notice agent provides notice under RCW 11.42.020, the claims may at any time be presented as provided in RCW 11.42.070, subject to the otherwise relevant statutes of limitations, and does not constitute a cloud, lien, or encumbrance upon the title to the decedent’s probate or nonprobate assets nor delay or prevent the transfer or distribution of the decedent’s assets. This section does not serve to extend any otherwise relevant statutes of limitations.

Sec. 30. RCW 11.42.070 and 1994 c 221 s 37 are each amended to read as follows:

((Notice under RCW 11.42.020 must be in substantially the following form:

In the Matter of——)

)——No.

‡

)——NONPROBATE NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Deceased——)

---------------)

, the undersigned Notice Agent, has elected to give notice to creditors of the decedent above named under RCW 11.42.020. As of the date of the filing of a copy of this notice with the Clerk of this Court, the Notice Agent has no knowledge of the appointment and qualification of a personal representative in the decedent’s estate in the state of Washington or of any other person becoming a Notice Agent. According to the records of the Clerk of this Court as of 8:00 a.m. on the date of the filing of this notice with the Clerk, no personal representative of the decedent’s estate had been appointed and qualified and no cause number regarding the decedent had been issued to any other Notice Agent by the Clerk of this Court under RCW 11.42.010.

Persons having claims against the decedent named above must, before the time the claims would be barred by any otherwise applicable statute of limitations, serve their claims on: The Notice Agent if the Notice Agent is a resident of the state of Washington upon whom service of all papers may be made; the Nonprobate Resident Agent for the Notice Agent, if any; or the attorneys of record for the Notice Agent at the respective address in the state of Washington listed below, and file an executed copy of the claim with the Clerk of this Court within four months after the date of first publication of this notice, or within four months after the date of the filing of the copy of this notice with the Clerk of the Court, whichever is later, or, except under those provisions included in RCW 11.42.030 or 11.42.050, the claim will be forever barred. This bar is effective as to all assets of the decedent that
were subject to satisfaction of the decedent’s general liabilities immediately before the decedent’s death regardless of whether those assets are or would be assets of the decedent’s probate estate or nonprobate assets of the decedent.

Date of filing of this notice with the
Clerk of the Court: . . . . . . . . .

Date of first publication of this notice: . . . . . . . .

The Notice Agent declares under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington on . . . . . . . . , 19. . . at [City] , [State] that the foregoing is true and correct.

Notice Agent [signature] Nonprobate Resident Agent
[if appointed]

[address in Washington, if any] [address in Washington]

Attorney for Notice Agent
[address in Washington]
[telephone])

(1) The claimant, the claimant’s attorney, or the claimant’s agent shall sign the claim and include in the claim the following information:

(a) The name and address of the claimant;
(b) The name, address, if different from that of the claimant, and nature of authority of an agent signing the claim on behalf of the claimant;
(c) A statement of the facts or circumstances constituting the basis of the claim;
(d) The amount of the claim; and
(e) If the claim is secured, unliquidated, contingent, or not yet due, the nature of the security, the nature of the uncertainty, or the date when it will become due.

Failure to describe correctly the information in (c), (d), or (e) of this subsection, if the failure is not substantially misleading, does not invalidate the claim.

(2) A claim does not need to be supported by affidavit.

(3) A claim must be presented within the time limits set forth in RCW 11.42.050 by: (a) Serving on or mailing to, by regular first class mail, the notice agent or the notice agent’s attorney a copy of the signed claim; and (b) filing the original of the signed claim with the court. A claim is deemed presented upon the later of the date of postmark or service on the notice agent, or the notice agent’s attorney, and filing with the court.

(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, if a claimant makes a written demand for payment within the time limits set forth in RCW 11.42.050, the notice agent may waive formal defects and elect to treat the demand as a claim properly filed under this chapter if: (a) The claim was due; (b) the amount paid was the amount of indebtedness over and above all payments and offsets; (c) the estate is solvent; and (d) the payment is made in good faith. Nothing in this chapter limits application of the doctrines of waiver, estoppel, or detrimental claims or any other equitable principle.

Sec. 31. RCW 11.42.080 and 1994 c 221 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:

((RCW 11.40.020 applies to claims subject to this chapter.)) (1) The notice agent shall allow or reject all claims presented in the manner provided in RCW 11.42.070. The notice agent may allow or reject a claim, in whole or in part.

(2) If the notice agent has not allowed or rejected a claim within the later of four months from the date of first publication of the notice to creditors and thirty days from presentation of the claim, the claimant may serve written notice on the notice agent that the claimant will petition the court to have the claim allowed. If the notice agent fails to notify the claimant of the allowance or rejection of the claim within twenty days after the notice agent’s receipt of the claimant’s notice, the claimant may petition the court for a hearing to determine whether the claim should be allowed or rejected, in whole
NEW SECTION. Sec. 32. A new section is added to chapter 11.42 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The decedent’s nonprobate and probate assets that were subject to the satisfaction of the decedent’s general liabilities immediately before the decedent’s death are liable for claims. The decedent’s probate assets may be liable, whether or not there is a probate administration of the decedent’s estate.

(2) The notice agent may pay a claim allowed by the notice agent or a judgment on a claim first prosecuted against a notice agent only out of assets received as a result of the death of the decedent by the notice agent or by those appointing the notice agent, except as may be provided by agreement under RCW 11.96.170 or by court order under RCW 11.96.070.

Sec. 33. RCW 11.42.090 and 1994 c 221 s 39 are each amended to read as follows:

(((1) Property of the decedent that was subject to the satisfaction of the decedent’s general liabilities immediately before the decedent’s death is liable for claims. The property includes, but is not limited to, property of the decedent that is includable in the decedent’s probate estate, whether or not there is a probate administration of the decedent’s estate.

2) A claim approved by the notice agent, and a judgment on a claim first prosecuted against a notice agent, may be paid only out of assets received as a result of the death of the decedent by the notice agent or by those appointing the notice agent under chapter 11.96 RCW, except as may be provided by agreement under RCW 11.96.170 or by court order under RCW 11.96.070.))

(1) If the notice agent allows a claim, the notice agent shall notify the claimant of the allowance by personal service or regular first class mail to the address stated on the claim. A claim may not be allowed if it is barred by a statute of limitations.

(2) The notice agent shall pay claims allowed in the following order from the assets of the decedent that are subject to the payment of claims as provided in section 32 of this act:

(a) Costs of administering the assets subject to the payment of claims, including a reasonable fee to the notice agent, any resident agent for the notice agent, reasonable attorneys’ fees for the attorney for each of them, filing fees, publication costs, mailing costs, and similar costs and fees;

(b) Funeral expenses in a reasonable amount;

(c) Expenses of the last sickness in a reasonable amount;

(d) Wages due for labor performed within sixty days immediately preceding the death of the decedent;

(e) Debts having preference by the laws of the United States;

(f) Taxes, debts, or dues owing to the state;

(g) Judgments rendered against the decedent in the decedent’s lifetime that are liens upon real estate on which executions might have been issued at the time of the death of the decedent and debts secured by mortgages in the order of their priority; and

(h) All other demands against the assets subject to the payment of claims.

(3) The notice agent may not pay a claim of the notice agent or other person who has received property by reason of the decedent’s death unless all other claims that have been filed under this chapter, and all debts having priority to the claim, are paid in full or otherwise settled by agreement, regardless of whether the other claims are allowed or rejected.

Sec. 34. RCW 11.42.100 and 1994 c 221 s 40 are each amended to read as follows:

(((1) The notice agent shall approve or reject claims no later than by the end of a period that is two months after the end of the four-month time limitation defined as the “review period.”

2) The notice agent may approve a claim, in whole or in part.

3) If the notice agent rejects a claim, in whole or in part, the notice agent shall notify the claimant of the rejection and file in the office of the clerk of the court in the notice county an affidavit or declaration under penalty of perjury under RCW 9A.72.085 showing the notification and the date of the notification. The notice must be by personal service or certified mail addressed to the claimant...}))

or in part. If the court substantially allows the claim, the court may allow the petitioner reasonable attorneys’ fees chargeable against the decedent’s assets received by the notice agent or by those appointing the notice agent.
at the claimant’s address as stated in the claim. If a person other than the claimant signed the claim for or on behalf of the claimant, and the person’s business address as stated in the claim is different from that of the claimant, notification of the rejection also must be made by personal service or certified mail upon that person. The date of the postmark is the date of the notification. The notification of the rejection must advise the claimant, and the person making claim on his, her, or its behalf, if any, that the claimant must bring suit in the proper court in the notice county against the notice agent: (a) Within thirty days after notification of rejection if the notification is made during or after the review period; or (b) before expiration of thirty days after the end of the four month time limitation, if the notification is made during the four-month time limitation, and that otherwise the claim is forever barred.

(4) A claimant whose claim either has been rejected by the notice agent or has not been acted upon within twenty days of written demand for the action having been given to the notice agent by the claimant during or after the review period must commence an action against the notice agent in the proper court in the notice county to enforce the claim of the claimant within the earlier of:
(a) If the notice of the rejection of the claim has been sent as provided in subsection (3) of this section: The time for filing an action on a rejected claim is as provided in subsection (3) of this section; or
(b) If written demand for approval or rejection is made on the notice agent before the claim is rejected: Within thirty days following the end of the twenty-day written demand period where the demand period ends during or after the review period; otherwise the claim is forever barred.

(5) The notice agent may, either before or after rejection of a claim, compromise the claim, whether due or not, absolute or contingent, liquidated or unliquidated.

(6) A personal representative of the decedent’s estate may revoke either or both of: (a) The rejection of a claim that has been rejected by the notice agent; or (b) the approval of a claim that has been either approved or compromised by the notice agent, or both.

(7) If a notice agent pays a claim that subsequently is revoked by a personal representative of the decedent, the notice agent may file a claim in the decedent’s estate for the notice agent’s payment, and the claim may be allowed or rejected as other claims, at the election of the personal representative.

(8) If the notice agent has not received substantially all assets of the decedent that are liable for claims, then although an action may be commenced on a rejected claim by a creditor against the notice agent, the notice agent, notwithstanding any provision in this chapter, may only make an appearance in the litigation. The notice agent may not answer the action, but must, instead, cause a petition to be filed for the appointment of a personal representative of the decedent within thirty days of the service of the creditor’s summons and complaint on the notice agent. A judgment may not be entered in an action brought by a creditor against the notice agent earlier than twenty days after the duly appointed, qualified, and acting personal representative of the decedent has been substituted in that action for the notice agent.)

(1) If the notice agent rejects a claim, in whole or in part, the claimant must bring suit against the notice agent within thirty days after notification of rejection or the claim is forever barred. The notice agent shall notify the claimant of the rejection and file an affidavit with the court showing the notification and the date of the notification. The notice agent shall notify the claimant of the rejection by personal service or certified mail addressed to the claimant or claimant’s agent, if applicable, at the address stated in the claim. The date of service or of the postmark is the date of notification. The notification must advise the claimant that the claimant must bring suit in the proper court against the notice agent within thirty days after notification of rejection or the claim will be forever barred.

(2) If a claimant brings suit against the notice agent on a rejected claim and the notice agent has not received substantially all assets of the decedent that are liable for claims, the notice agent may only make an appearance in the action and may not answer the action but must cause a petition to be filed for the appointment of a personal representative within thirty days after service of the creditor’s action on the notice agent. Under these circumstances, a judgment may not be entered in an action brought by a creditor against the notice agent earlier than twenty days after the personal representative has been substituted in that action for the notice agent.

(3) The notice agent may, before or after rejection of any claim, compromise the claim, whether due or not, absolute or contingent, liquidated, or unliquidated.
Sec. 35. RCW 11.42.110 and 1994 c 221 s 41 are each amended to read as follows:

((If a claim has been filed and presented to a notice agent, and a part of the claim is allowed, the amount of the allowance must be stated in the indorsement. If the creditor refuses to accept the amount so allowed in satisfaction of the claim, the creditor may not recover costs in an action the creditor may bring against the notice agent and against any substituted personal representative unless the creditor recovers a greater amount than that offered to be allowed, exclusive of interest and costs.)) The effect of a judgment rendered against the notice agent shall be only to establish the amount of the judgment as an allowed claim.

Sec. 36. RCW 11.42.120 and 1994 c 221 s 42 are each amended to read as follows:

((A debt of a decedent for whose estate no personal representative has been appointed must be paid in the following order by the notice agent from the assets of the decedent that are subject to the payment of claims as provided in RCW 11.42.090:

1. Costs of administering the assets subject to the payment of claims, including a reasonable fee to the notice agent, the resident agent for the notice agent, if any, reasonable attorneys' fees for the attorney for each of them, filing fees, publication costs, mailing costs, and similar costs and fees.
2. Funeral expenses in a reasonable amount.
3. Expenses of the last sickness in a reasonable amount.
4. Wages due for labor performed within sixty days immediately preceding the death of the decedent.
5. Debts having preference by the laws of the United States.
6. Taxes or any debts or dues owing to the state.
7. Judgments rendered against the decedent in the decedent's lifetime that are liens upon real estate on which executions might have been issued at the time of the death of the decedent and debts secured by mortgages in the order of their priority. However, the real estate is subject to the payment of claims as provided in RCW 11.42.100.
8. All other demands against the assets subject to the payment of claims as provided in RCW 11.42.100.

A claim of the notice agent or other person who has received property by reason of the decedent's death may not be paid by the notice agent unless all other claims that have been filed under this chapter, and all debts having priority to the claim, are paid in full or otherwise settled by agreement, regardless of whether the other claims are allowed or rejected, or partly allowed or partly rejected. In the event of the probate of the decedent's estate, the personal representative's payment from estate assets of the claim of the notice agent or other person who has received property by reason of the decedent's death is not affected by the priority payment provisions of this section.))

If a judgment was entered against the decedent during the decedent's lifetime, an execution may not issue on the judgment after the death of the decedent. If a notice agent is acting, the judgment must be presented in the manner provided in RCW 11.42.070, but if the judgment is a lien on any property of the decedent, the property may be sold for the satisfaction of the judgment and the officer making the sale shall account to the notice agent for any surplus.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 37. A new section is added to chapter 11.42 RCW to read as follows:
If a creditor's claim is secured by any property of the decedent, this chapter does not affect the right of the creditor to realize on the creditor's security, whether or not the creditor presented the claim in the manner provided in RCW 11.42.070.

Sec. 38. RCW 11.42.130 and 1994 c 221 s 43 are each amended to read as follows:

((The notice agent may not allow a claim that is barred by the statute of limitations.)) A claim of the notice agent or other person who has received property by reason of the decedent's death must be paid as set forth in RCW 11.42.090(3).

Sec. 39. RCW 11.42.140 and 1994 c 221 s 45 are each amended to read as follows:

((The time during which there is a vacancy in the office of notice agent is not included in a limitation prescribed in this chapter.)) (1) If a notice agent has given notice under RCW 11.42.020 and
the notice agent resigns, dies, or is removed or a personal representative is appointed, the successor notice agent or the personal representative shall:

(a) Publish notice of the vacancy and succession for two successive weeks in the legal newspaper in which notice was published under RCW 11.42.020, if the vacancy occurred within twenty-four months after the decedent’s date of death; and

(b) Provide actual notice of the vacancy and succession to a creditor if: (i) The creditor filed a claim and the claim had not been allowed or rejected by the prior notice agent; or (ii) the creditor’s claim was rejected and the vacancy occurred within thirty days after rejection of the claim.

(2) The time between the resignation, death, or removal of the notice agent or appointment of a personal representative and the first publication of the vacancy and succession or, in the case of actual notice, the mailing of the notice of vacancy and succession must be added to the time within which a claim must be presented or a suit on a rejected claim must be filed. This section does not extend the twenty-four-month self-executing bar under RCW 11.42.050.

Sec. 40. RCW 11.42.150 and 1994 c 221 s 44 are each amended to read as follows:

((A holder of a claim against a decedent may not maintain an action on the claim against a notice agent, unless the claim has been first presented as provided in this chapter. This chapter does not affect RCW 82.32.240-(2)) (1) The powers and authority of a notice agent immediately cease, and the office of notice agent becomes vacant, upon appointment of a personal representative for the estate of the decedent. Except as provided in RCW 11.42.140(2), the cessation of the powers and authority does not affect the filing and publication of notice to creditors and does not affect actual notice to creditors given by the notice agent.

(2) As set forth in section 23 of this act, a personal representative may adopt, ratify, nullify, or reject any actions of the notice agent.

(3) If a personal representative is appointed and the personal representative does not nullify the allowance of a claim that the notice agent allowed and paid, the person or persons whose assets were used to pay the claim may petition for reimbursement from the estate to the extent the payment was not in accordance with chapter 11.10 RCW.

Sec. 41. RCW 11.44.015 and 1967 c 168 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Within three months after ((his)) appointment, unless a longer time shall be granted by the court, every personal representative shall make and ((return upon oath into the court)) verify by affidavit a true inventory and appraisement of all of the property of the estate passing under the will or by laws of intestacy and which shall have come to ((his)) the personal representative’s possession or knowledge, including a statement of all encumbrances, liens, or other secured charges against any item. The personal representative shall determine the fair net value, as of the date of the decedent’s death, of each item contained in the inventory after deducting the encumbrances, liens, and other secured charges on the item. Such property shall be classified as follows:

((4))) (a) Real property, by legal description ((and assessed valuation of land and improvements thereon));

((2))) (b) Stocks and bonds;

((3))) (c) Mortgages, notes, and other written evidences of debt;

((4))) (d) Bank accounts and money;

((5))) (e) Furniture and household goods;

((6))) (f) All other personal property accurately identified, including the decedent’s proportionate share in any partnership, but no inventory of the partnership property shall be required of the personal representative.

(2) The inventory and appraisement may, but need not be, filed in the probate cause, but upon receipt of a written request for a copy of the inventory and appraisement from any heir, legatee, devisee, unpaid creditor who has filed a claim, or beneficiary of a nonprobate asset from whom contribution is sought under RCW 11.18.200, or from the department of revenue, the personal representative shall furnish to the person, within ten days of receipt of a request, a true and correct copy of the inventory and appraisement.
Sec. 42. RCW 11.44.025 and 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 48 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever any property of the estate not mentioned in the inventory and appraisement comes to the knowledge of a personal representative, the personal representative shall cause the property to be inventoried and appraised and shall make and verify by affidavit a true inventory and appraisement of the property within thirty days after the discovery thereof, unless a longer time shall be granted by the court, and shall provide a copy of the inventory and appraisement to every person who has properly requested a copy of the inventory and appraisement under RCW 11.44.015(2).

Sec. 43. RCW 11.44.035 and 1965 c 145 s 11.44.035 are each amended to read as follows:
In an action against the personal representative where the administration of the estate, or any part thereof, is put in issue and the inventory and appraisement of the estate by him, or the appraisal thereof, the personal representative is given in evidence, the same may be contradicted or avoided by evidence. Any party in interest in the estate may challenge the inventory (or) and appraisement at any stage of the probate proceedings.

Sec. 44. RCW 11.44.050 and 1965 c 145 s 11.44.050 are each amended to read as follows:
If any personal representative shall neglect or refuse to make the inventory and appraisement within the period prescribed, or within such further time as the court may allow, or to provide a copy as provided under RCW 11.44.015, 11.44.025, or 11.44.035, the court may revoke the letters testamentary or of administration; and the personal representative shall be liable on his or her bond to any party interested for the injury sustained by the estate through his or her neglect.

Sec. 45. RCW 11.44.070 and 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 50 are each amended to read as follows:
The personal representative may employ a qualified and disinterested person to assist in ascertaining the fair market value as of the date of the decedent’s death of any asset the value of which may be subject to reasonable doubt. Different persons may be employed to appraise different kinds of assets included in the estate. The amount of the fee to be paid to any persons assisting the personal representative in any appraisement shall be determined by the personal representative: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That the reasonableness of any such compensation shall, at the time of hearing on any final account as provided in chapter 11.76 RCW or on a request or petition under RCW 11.68.100 or 11.68.110, be reviewed by the court in accordance with the provisions of RCW 11.68.100, and if the court determines the compensation to be unreasonable, a personal representative may be ordered to make appropriate refund.

Sec. 46. RCW 11.44.085 and 1965 c 145 s 11.44.085 are each amended to read as follows:
The naming or the appointment of any person as personal representative shall not operate as a discharge from any just claim which the testator or intestate had against the personal representative, but the claim shall be included in the inventory and appraisement and the personal representative shall be liable to the same extent as the personal representative would have been had he or she not been appointed personal representative.

Sec. 47. RCW 11.44.090 and 1965 c 145 s 11.44.090 are each amended to read as follows:
The discharge or bequest in a will of any debt or demand of the testator against any executor named in the testator’s will or against any person shall not be valid against the creditors of the deceased, but shall be construed as a specific bequest of such debt or demand, and the amount thereof shall be included in the inventory and appraisement, and shall, if necessary, be applied in payment of the testator’s debts; if not necessary for that purpose, it shall be paid in the same manner and proportions as other specific legacies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 48. (1) Subject to section 50 of this act, the surviving spouse of a decedent may petition the court for an award from the property of the decedent. If the decedent is survived by children of the decedent who are not also the children of the surviving spouse, on petition of such a child the court may divide the award between the surviving spouse and all or any of such
children as it deems appropriate. If there is not a surviving spouse, the minor children of the decedent may petition for an award.

(2) The award may be made from either the community property or separate property of the decedent. Unless otherwise ordered by the court, the probate and nonprobate assets of the decedent abate in accordance with chapter 11.10 RCW in satisfaction of the award.

(3) The award may be made whether or not probate proceedings have been commenced in the state of Washington. The court may not make this award unless the petition for the award is filed before the earliest of:

(a) Eighteen months from the date of the decedent’s death if within twelve months of the decedent’s death either:
   (i) A personal representative has been appointed; or
   (ii) A notice agent has filed a declaration and oath as required in RCW 11.42.010(3)(a)(ii); or
   (b) The termination of any probate proceeding for the decedent’s estate that has been commenced in the state of Washington; or
   (c) Six years from the date of the death of the decedent.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 49. The amount of the basic award shall be the amount specified in RCW 6.13.030(2) with regard to lands. If an award is divided between a surviving spouse and the decedent’s children who are not the children of the surviving spouse, the aggregate amount awarded to all the claimants under this section shall be the amount specified in RCW 6.13.030(2) with respect to lands. The amount of the basic award may be increased or decreased in accordance with sections 51 and 52 of this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 50. (1) The court may not make an award unless the court finds that the funeral expenses, expenses of last sickness, and expenses of administration have been paid or provided for.

(2) The court may not make an award to a surviving spouse or child who has participated, either as a principal or as an accessory before the fact, in the willful and unlawful killing of the decedent.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 51. (1) If it is demonstrated to the satisfaction of the court with clear, cogent, and convincing evidence that a claimant’s present and reasonably anticipated future needs during the pendency of any probate proceedings in the state of Washington with respect to basic maintenance and support will not otherwise be provided for from other resources, and that the award would not be inconsistent with the decedent’s intentions, the amount of the award may be increased in an amount the court determines to be appropriate.

(2) In determining the needs of the claimant, the court shall consider, without limitation, the resources available to the claimant and the claimant’s dependents, and the resources reasonably expected to be available to the claimant and the claimant’s dependents during the pendency of the probate, including income related to present or future employment and benefits flowing from the decedent’s probate and nonprobate estate.

(3) In determining the intentions of the decedent, the court shall consider, without limitation:

(a) Provisions made for the claimant by the decedent under the terms of the decedent’s will or otherwise;

(b) Provisions made for third parties or other entities under the decedent’s will or otherwise that would be affected by an increased award;

(c) If the claimant is the surviving spouse, the duration and status of the marriage of the decedent to the claimant at the time of the decedent’s death;

(d) The effect of any award on the availability of any other resources or benefits to the claimant;

(e) The size and nature of the decedent’s estate; and

(f) Oral or written statements made by the decedent that are otherwise admissible as evidence.
The fact that the decedent has named beneficiaries other than the claimant as recipients of the decedent’s estate is not of itself adequate to evidence such an intent as would prevent the award of an amount in excess of that provided for in RCW 6.13.030(2) with respect to lands.

(4)(a) A petition for an increased award may only be made if a petition for an award has been granted under section 48 of this act. The request for an increased award may be made in conjunction with the petition for an award under section 48 of this act.

(b) Subject to (a) of this subsection, a request for an increased award may be made at any time during the pendency of the probate proceedings. A request to modify an increased award may also be made at any time during the pendency of the probate proceedings by a person having an interest in the decedent’s estate that will be directly affected by the requested modification.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 52. (1) The court may decrease the amount of the award below the amount provided in section 49 of this act in the exercise of its discretion if the recipient is entitled to receive probate or nonprobate property, including insurance, by reason of the death of the decedent. In such a case the award must be decreased by no more than the value of such other property as is received by reason of the death of the decedent. The court shall consider the factors presented in section 51(2) of this act in determining the propriety of the award and the proper amount of the award, if any.

(2) An award to a surviving spouse is also discretionary and the amount otherwise allowable may be reduced if: (a) The decedent is survived by children who are not the children of the surviving spouse and the award would decrease amounts otherwise distributable to such children; or (b) the award would have the effect of reducing amounts otherwise distributable to any of the decedent’s minor children. In either case the court shall consider the factors presented in section 51 (2) and (3) of this act and whether the needs of the minor children with respect to basic maintenance and support are and will be adequately provided for, both during and after the pendency of any probate proceedings if such proceedings are pending, considering support from any source, including support from the surviving spouse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 53. (1) The award has priority over all other claims made in the estate. In determining which assets must be made available to satisfy the award, the claimant is to be treated as a general creditor of the estate, and unless otherwise ordered by the court the assets shall abate in satisfaction of the award in accordance with chapter 11.10 RCW.

(2) If the property awarded is being purchased on contract or is subject to any encumbrance, for purposes of the award the property must be valued net of the balance due on the contract and the amount of the encumbrance. The property awarded will continue to be subject to any such contract or encumbrance, and any award in excess of the basic award under section 48 of this act, whether of community property or the decedent’s separate property, is not immune from any lien for costs of medical expenses recoverable under RCW 43.20B.080.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 54. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, property awarded and cash paid under this chapter is immune from all debts, including judgments and judgment liens, of the decedent and of the surviving spouse existing at the time of death.

(2) Both the decedent’s and the surviving spouse’s interests in any community property awarded to the spouse under this chapter are immune from the claims of creditors.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 55. (1) This section applies if the party entitled to petition for an award holds exempt property that is in an aggregate amount less than that specified in RCW 6.13.030(2) with respect to lands.

(2) For purposes of this section, the party entitled to petition for an award is referred to as the "claimant." If multiple parties are entitled to petition for an award, all of them are deemed a "claimant" and may petition for an exemption of additional assets as provided in this section, if the aggregate amount of exempt property to be held by all the claimants after the making of the award does not exceed the amount specified in RCW 6.13.030(2) with respect to lands.
(3) A claimant may petition the court for an order exempting other assets from the claims of creditors so that the aggregate amount of exempt property held by the claimants equals the amount specified in RCW 6.13.030(2) with respect to lands. The petition must:
   (a) Set forth facts to establish that the petitioner is entitled to petition for an award under section 48 of this act;
   (b) State the nature and value of those assets then held by all claimants that are exempt from the claims of creditors; and
   (c) Describe the nonexempt assets then held by the claimants, including any interest the claimants may have in any probate or nonprobate property of the decedent.

(4) Notice of a petition for an order exempting assets from the claims of creditors must be given in accordance with RCW 11.96.100.

(5) At the hearing on the petition, the court shall order that certain assets of the claimants are exempt from the claims of creditors so that the aggregate amount of exempt property held by the claimants after the entry of the order is in the amount specified in RCW 6.13.030(2) with respect to lands. In the order the court shall designate those assets of the claimants that are so exempt.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 56. The petition for an award, for an increased or modified award, or for the exemption of assets from the claims of creditors as authorized by this chapter must be made to the court of the county in which the probate is being administered. If probate proceedings have not been commenced in the state of Washington, the petition must be made to the court of a county in which the decedent’s estate could be administered under RCW 11.96.050 if the decedent held personal property subject to probate in the county of the decedent’s domicile. The petition and the hearing must conform to RCW 11.96.070. Notice of the hearing on the petition must be given in accordance with RCW 11.96.100.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 57. If an award provided by this chapter will exhaust the estate, and probate proceedings have been commenced in the state of Washington, the court in the order of award or allowance shall order the estate closed, discharge the personal representative, and exonerate the personal representative’s bond, if any.

Sec. 58. RCW 11.48.130 and 1965 c 145 s 11.48.130 are each amended to read as follows:

The court ((shall have power to)) may authorize the personal representative, without the necessary nonintervention powers, to compromise and compound any claim owing the estate. Unless the court has restricted the power to compromise or compound claims owing to the estate, a personal representative with nonintervention powers may compromise and compound a claim owing the estate without the intervention of the court.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 59. A new section is added to chapter 11.68 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A personal representative may petition the court for nonintervention powers, whether the decedent died testate or intestate.

(2) Unless the decedent has specified in the decedent’s will, if any, that the court not grant nonintervention powers to the personal representative, the court shall grant nonintervention powers to a personal representative who petitions for the powers if the court determines that the decedent’s estate is solvent, taking into account probate and nonprobate assets, and that:
   (a) The petitioning personal representative was named in the decedent’s probated will as the personal representative;
   (b) The decedent died intestate, the petitioning personal representative is the decedent’s surviving spouse, the decedent’s estate is composed of community property only, and the decedent had no issue: (i) Who is living or in gestation on the date of the petition; (ii) whose identity is reasonably ascertainable on the date of the petition; and (iii) who is not also the issue of the petitioning spouse; or
   (c) The personal representative was not a creditor of the decedent at the time of the decedent’s death and the administration and settlement of the decedent’s will or estate with nonintervention powers would be in the best interests of the decedent’s beneficiaries and creditors. However, the administration and settlement of the decedent’s will or estate with nonintervention powers will be presumed to be in
the beneficiaries' and creditors' best interest until a person entitled to notice under section 61 of this act rebuts that presumption by coming forward with evidence that the grant of nonintervention powers would not be in the beneficiaries’ or creditors' best interests.

(3) The court may base its findings of facts necessary for the grant of nonintervention powers on: (a) Statements of witnesses appearing before the court; (b) representations contained in a verified petition for nonintervention powers, in an inventory made and returned upon oath into the court, or in an affidavit filed with the court; or (c) other proof submitted to the court.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 60. A new section is added to chapter 11.68 RCW to read as follows:
A hearing on a petition for nonintervention powers may be held at the time of the appointment of the personal representative or at any later time.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 61. A new section is added to chapter 11.68 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Advance notice of the hearing on a petition for nonintervention powers referred to in section 59 of this act is not required in those circumstances in which the court is required to grant nonintervention powers under section 59(2) (a) and (b) of this act.

(2) In all other cases, if the petitioner wishes to obtain nonintervention powers, the personal representative shall give notice of the petitioner's intention to apply to the court for nonintervention powers to all heirs, all beneficiaries of a gift under the decedent's will, and all persons who have requested, and who are entitled to, notice under RCW 11.28.240, except that:
(a) A person is not entitled to notice if the person has, in writing, either waived notice of the hearing or consented to the grant of nonintervention powers; and
(b) An heir who is not also a beneficiary of a gift under a will is not entitled to notice if the will has been probated and the time for contesting the validity of the will has expired.

(3) The notice required by this section must be either personally served or sent by regular mail at least ten days before the date of the hearing, and proof of mailing of the notice must be by affidavit filed in the cause. The notice must contain the decedent's name, the probate cause number, the name and address of the personal representative, and must state in substance as follows:
(a) The personal representative has petitioned the superior court of the state of Washington for . . . . . county, for the entry of an order granting nonintervention powers and a hearing on that petition will be held on . . . . ., the . . . . . day of . . . . . at . . . . o'clock . . M.;
(b) The petition for an order granting nonintervention powers has been filed with the court;
(c) Following the entry by the court of an order granting nonintervention powers, the personal representative is entitled to administer and close the decedent's estate without further court intervention or supervision; and
(d) A person entitled to notice has the right to appear at the time of the hearing on the petition for an order granting nonintervention powers and to object to the granting of nonintervention powers to the personal representative.

(4) If notice is not required, or all persons entitled to notice have either waived notice of the hearing or consented to the entry of an order granting nonintervention powers as provided in this section, the court may hear the petition for an order granting nonintervention powers at any time.

Sec. 62. RCW 11.68.050 and 1977 ex.s. c 234 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) If at the time set for the hearing upon ((the entry of an order of solvency)) a petition for nonintervention powers, any person entitled to notice of the hearing on the petition under ((the provisions of RCW 11.68.040 as now or hereafter amended.)) section 61 of this act shall appear and object to the granting of nonintervention powers to the personal representative of the estate, the court shall consider ((said objections, if any, and the entry of an order of solvency shall be discretionary with the court upon being satisfied by proof as required in RCW 11.68.010 as now or hereafter amended. If an order of solvency is entered)) the objections, if any, in connection with its determination under section 59(2)(c) of this act of whether a grant of nonintervention powers would be in the best interests of the decedent's beneficiaries.

(2) The nonintervention powers of a personal representative may not be restricted at a hearing on a petition for nonintervention powers in which the court is required to grant nonintervention powers
under section 59(2) (a) and (b) of this act, unless a will specifies that the nonintervention powers of a personal representative may be restricted when the powers are initially granted. In all other cases, including without limitation any hearing on a petition that alleges that the personal representative has breached its duties to the beneficiaries of the estate, the court may restrict the powers of the personal representative in such manner as the court determines(If no objection is made at the time of the hearing by any person entitled to notice thereof, the court shall enter an order of solvency upon being satisfied by proof as required in RCW 11.68.010 as now or hereafter amended) to be in the best interests of the decedent’s beneficiaries.

Sec. 63. RCW 11.68.060 and 1977 ex.s. c 234 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

If any personal representative of the estate of the decedent (shall) dies, resigns, or otherwise becomes disabled from any cause from acting as the nonintervention personal representative, the successor personal representative, other than a creditor of a decedent not designated as a personal representative in the decedent’s will, shall administer the estate of the decedent without the intervention of court after notice and hearing as required by RCW 11.68.040 and 11.68.050 as now or hereafter amended, unless at the time of said hearing objections to the granting of nonintervention powers to such successor personal representative shall be made by an heir, legatee, devisee, or other person entitled to notice pursuant to RCW 11.28.240 as now existing or hereafter amended, and unless the court, after hearing said objections shall refuse to grant nonintervention powers to such successor personal representative. If no heir, legatee, devisee, or other person entitled to notice shall appear at the time of the hearing to object to the granting of nonintervention powers to such successor personal representative, the court shall enter an order granting nonintervention powers to such successor personal representative, or a person who has petitioned to be appointed as a successor personal representative, may petition the court for nonintervention powers, and the court shall act, in accordance with sections 59 through 61 of this act and RCW 11.68.050.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 64. A new section is added to chapter 11.68 RCW to read as follows:

A beneficiary whose interest in an estate has not been fully paid or distributed may petition the court for an order directing the personal representative to deliver a report of the affairs of the estate signed and verified by the personal representative. The petition may be filed at any time after one year from the day on which the report was last delivered, or, if none, then one year after the order appointing the personal representative. Upon hearing of the petition after due notice as required in chapter 11.96 RCW, the court may, for good cause shown, order the personal representative to deliver to the petitioner the report for any period not covered by a previous report. The report for the period shall include such of the following as the court may order: A description of the amount and nature of all property, real and personal, that has come into the hands of the personal representative; a statement of all property collected and paid out or distributed by the personal representative; a statement of claims filed and allowed against the estate and those rejected; any estate, inheritance, or fiduciary income tax returns filed by the personal representative; and such other information as the order may require. This subsection does not limit any power the court might otherwise have at any time during the administration of the estate to require the personal representative to account or furnish other information to any person interested in the estate.

Sec. 65. RCW 11.68.080 and 1977 ex.s. c 234 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

(After such notice as the court may require, the order of solvency shall be vacated or restricted upon the petition of any personal representative, heir, legatee, devisee, or creditor, if supported by proof satisfactory to the court that said estate has become insolvent.) (1) Within ten days after the personal representative has received from alleged creditors under chapter 11.40 RCW claims that have an aggregate face value that, when added to the other debts and to the taxes and expenses of greater priority under applicable law, would appear to cause the estate to be insolvent, the personal representative shall notify in writing all beneficiaries under the decedent’s will and, if any of
the decedent's property will pass according to the laws of intestate succession, all heirs, together with
any unpaid creditors, other than a creditor whose claim is then barred under chapter 11.40 RCW or the
otherwise applicable statute of limitations, that the estate might be insolvent. The personal
representative shall file a copy of the written notice with the court.

(2) Within ten days after an estate becomes insolvent, the personal representative shall petition
under chapter 11.96 RCW for a determination of whether the court should reaffirm, rescind, or restrict
in whole or in part any prior grant of nonintervention powers. Notice of the hearing must be given in
accordance with RCW 11.96.100 and 11.96.110.

(3) If, upon a petition under chapter 11.96 RCW of any personal representative, beneficiary
under the decedent's will, heir if any of the decedent's property passes according to the laws of
intestate succession, or any unpaid creditor with a claim that has been accepted or judicially determined
to be enforceable, the court determines that the decedent's estate is insolvent, the court shall reaffirm,
rescind, or restrict in whole or in part any prior grant of nonintervention powers to the extent necessary
to protect the best interests of the beneficiaries and creditors of the estate.

(4) If the court rescinds or restricts a prior grant of nonintervention powers, the court shall
endorse the term "powers rescinded" or "powers restricted" upon the prior order together with the date
of ((said)) the endorsement.

Sec. 66. RCW 11.68.090 and 1988 c 29 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any personal representative acting under nonintervention powers may borrow money on the
general credit of the estate and may mortgage, encumber, lease, sell, exchange, convey, and otherwise
((do anything a trustee may do)) have the same powers, and be subject to the same limitations of
liability, that a trustee has under RCW 11.98.070 and chapters 11.100 and 11.102 RCW with regard to
the assets of the estate, both real and personal, all without an order of court and without notice,
approval, or confirmation, and in all other respects administer and settle the estate of the decedent
without intervention of court. ((Any party to any such transaction and his or her successors in interest
shall be entitled to have it conclusively presumed that the transaction is necessary for the administration
of the decedent's estate.) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this ((chapter)) title or by order
of court, ((chapter 11.76 RCW shall not apply to the administration of an estate by)) a personal
representative acting under nonintervention powers may exercise the powers granted to a personal
representative under chapter 11.76 RCW but is not obligated to comply with the duties imposed on
personal representatives by that chapter. A party to such a transaction and the party's successors in
interest are entitled to have it conclusively presumed that the transaction is necessary for the
administration of the decedent's estate.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in chapter 11.108 RCW or elsewhere in order to preserve a
marital deduction from estate taxes, a testator may by a will relieve the personal representative from
any or all of the duties, restrictions, and liabilities imposed: Under common law; by chapters 11.--
(sections 48 through 57 of this act), 11.56, 11.100, 11.102, and 11.104 RCW; or by RCW 11.28.270
and 11.28.280, section 67 of this act, and RCW 11.98.070. In addition, a testator may likewise alter or
deny any or all of the privileges and powers conferred by this title, and may add duties, restrictions,
liabilities, privileges, or powers to those imposed or granted by this title. If any common law or any
statute referenced earlier in this subsection is in conflict with a will, the will controls whether or not
specific reference is made in the will to this section. However, notwithstanding the rest of this
subsection, a personal representative may not be relieved of the duty to act in good faith and with
honest judgment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 67. A new section is added to chapter 11.68 RCW to read as follows:
All of the provisions of RCW 11.98.016 regarding the exercise of powers by co-trustees of a
trust shall apply to the co-personal representatives of an estate in which the co-personal representatives
have been granted nonintervention powers, as if, for purposes of the interpretation of that law, co-
personal representatives were co-trustees and an estate were a trust.

Sec. 68. RCW 11.68.110 and 1990 c 180 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) If a personal representative who has acquired nonintervention powers does not apply to the court for either of the final decrees provided for in RCW 11.68.100 as now or hereafter amended, the personal representative shall, when the administration of the estate has been completed, file a declaration (to that effect, which declaration shall) that must state as follows:

((4)) (a) The date of the decedent’s death(1) and the decedent’s residence at the time of death(2);
(b) Whether or not the decedent died testate or intestate(3);
(c) If the decedent died testate, the date of the decedent’s last will and testament and the date of the order (admitting the will to probate) probating the will;
((2)) (d) That each creditor’s claim which was justly due and properly presented as required by law has been paid or otherwise disposed of by agreement with the creditor, and that the amount of estate taxes due as the result of the decedent’s death has been determined, settled, and paid;
((44)) (e) That the personal representative has completed the administration of the decedent’s estate without court intervention, and the estate is ready to be closed;
((4)) (f) If the decedent died intestate, the names, addresses (if known), and relationship of each heir of the decedent, together with the distributive share of each heir; and
((5)) (g) The amount of fees paid or to be paid to each of the following: ((4)) (i) Personal representative or representatives(4); (ii) lawyer or lawyers(5); (iii) appraiser or appraiser or appraisers(6); and ((4)) (iv) accountant or accountants; and that the personal representative believes the fees to be reasonable and does not intend to obtain court approval of the amount of the fees or to submit an estate accounting to the court for approval.

(2) Subject to the requirement of notice as provided in this section, unless an heir, devisee, or legatee of a decedent petitions the court either for an order requiring the personal representative to obtain court approval of the amount of fees paid or to be paid to the personal representative, lawyers, appraisers, or accountants, or for an order requiring an accounting, or both, within thirty days from the date of filing a declaration of completion of probate, the personal representative will be automatically discharged without further order of the court and the representative’s powers will cease thirty days after the filing of the declaration of completion of probate, and the declaration of completion of probate shall, at that time, be the equivalent of the entry of a decree of distribution in accordance with chapter 11.76 RCW for all legal intents and purposes.

(3) Within five days of the date of the filing of the declaration of completion, the personal representative or the personal representative’s lawyer shall mail a copy of the declaration of completion to each heir, legatee, or devisee of the decedent ((7)), who has not waived notice of (8) the filing, in writing, filed in the cause((9)) or who, not having waived notice, either has not received the full amount of the distribution to which the heir, legatee, or devisee is entitled or has a property right that might be affected adversely by the discharge of the personal representative under this section, together with a notice which shall be substantially as follows:

CAPTION NOTICE OF FILING OF  
OF DECLARATION OF COMPLETION  
CASE OF PROBATE

NOTICE IS GIVEN that the attached Declaration of Completion of Probate was filed by the undersigned in the above-entitled court on the . . . day of . . . . ., 19 . ; unless you shall file a petition in the above-entitled court requesting the court to approve the reasonableness of the fees, or for an accounting, or both, and serve a copy thereof upon the personal representative or the personal representative’s lawyer, within thirty days after the date of the filing, the amount of fees paid or to be paid will be deemed reasonable, the acts of the personal representative will be deemed approved, the personal representative will be automatically discharged without further order of the court, and the Declaration of Completion of Probate will be final and deemed the equivalent of a Decree of Distribution entered under chapter 11.76 RCW.

If you file and serve a petition within the period specified, the undersigned will request the court to fix a time and place for the hearing of your petition, and you will be notified of the time and place thereof, by mail, or personal service, not less than ten days before the hearing on the petition.
Dated this . . . . day of . . . . . , 19. .

Personal Representative

(4) If all heirs, devisees, and legatees of the decedent entitled to notice under this section waive, in writing, the notice required by this section, the personal representative will be automatically discharged without further order of the court and the declaration of completion of probate will become effective as a decree of distribution upon the date of filing thereof. In those instances where the personal representative has been required to furnish bond, and a declaration of completion is filed pursuant to this section, any bond furnished by the personal representative shall be automatically discharged upon the discharge of the personal representative.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 69. A new section is added to chapter 11.68 RCW to read as follows:

If the declaration of completion of probate and the notice of filing of declaration of completion of probate state that the personal representative intends to make final distribution within five business days after the final date on which a beneficiary could petition for an order to approve fees or to require an accounting, which date is referred to in this section as the "effective date of the declaration of completion," and if the notice of filing of declaration of completion of probate sent to each beneficiary who has not received everything to which that beneficiary is entitled from the decedent's estate specifies the amount of the minimum distribution to be made to that beneficiary, the personal representative retains, for five business days following the effective date of the declaration of completion, the power to make the stated minimum distributions. In this case, the personal representative is discharged from all claims other than those relating to the actual distribution of the reserve, at the effective date of the declaration of completion. The personal representative is only discharged from liability for the distribution of the reserve when the whole reserve has been distributed and each beneficiary has received at least the distribution which that beneficiary's notice stated that the beneficiary would receive.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 70. A new section is added to chapter 11.68 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The personal representative retains the powers to: Deal with the taxing authority of any federal, state, or local government; hold a reserve in an amount not to exceed three thousand dollars, for the determination and payment of any additional taxes, interest, and penalties, and of all reasonable expenses related directly or indirectly to such determination or payment; pay from the reserve the reasonable expenses, including compensation for services rendered or goods provided by the personal representative or by the personal representative's employees, independent contractors, and other agents, in addition to any taxes, interest, or penalties assessed by a taxing authority; receive and hold any credit, including interest, from any taxing authority; and distribute the residue of the reserve to the intended beneficiaries of the reserve; if:

(a) In lieu of the statement set forth in RCW 11.68.110(1)(e), the declaration of completion of probate states that:

The personal representative has completed the administration of the decedent’s estate without court intervention, and the estate is ready to be closed, except for the determination of taxes and of interest and penalties thereon as permitted under this section;

and

(b) The notice of the filing of declaration of completion of probate must be in substantially the following form:

CAPTION NOTICE OF FILING OF
OF DECLARATION OF COMPLETION
CASE OF PROBATE
NOTICE IS GIVEN that the attached Declaration of Completion of Probate was filed by the undersigned in the above-entitled court on the . . . day of . . . . . . . . . ; unless you file a petition in the above-entitled court requesting the court to approve the reasonableness of the fees, or for an accounting, or both, and serve a copy thereof upon the personal representative or the personal representative's lawyer, within thirty days after the date of the filing:

(i) The schedule of fees set forth in the Declaration of Completion of Probate will be deemed reasonable;
(ii) The Declaration of Completion of Probate will be final and deemed the equivalent of a Decree of Distribution entered under chapter 11.76 RCW;
(iii) The acts that the personal representative performed before the Declaration of Completion of Probate was filed will be deemed approved, and the personal representative will be automatically discharged without further order of the court with respect to all such acts; and
(iv) The personal representative will retain the power to deal with the taxing authorities, together with $. . . . for the determination and payment of all remaining tax obligations. Only that portion of the reserve that remains after the settlement of any tax liability, and the payment of any expenses associated with such settlement, will be distributed to the persons legally entitled to the reserve.

(2) If the requirements in subsection (1) of this section are met, the personal representative is discharged from all claims other than those relating to the settlement of any tax obligations and the actual distribution of the reserve, at the effective date of the declaration of completion. The personal representative is discharged from liability from the settlement of any tax obligations and the distribution of the reserve, and the personal representative’s powers cease, thirty days after the personal representative:

(a) Has mailed to those persons who would have shared in the distribution of the reserve had the reserve remained intact; and
(b) Has filed with the court copies of checks or receipts showing how the reserve was in fact distributed, unless a person with an interest in the reserve petitions the court earlier within the thirty-day period for an order requiring an accounting of the reserve or an order determining the reasonableness, or lack of reasonableness, of distributions made from the reserve. If the personal representative has been required to furnish a bond, any bond furnished by the personal representative is automatically discharged upon the final discharge of the personal representative.

Sec. 71. RCW 11.76.080 and 1977 ex.s. c 80 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

If there be any alleged ((incompetent or disabled)) incapacitated person as defined in RCW 11.88.010 interested in the estate who has no legally appointed guardian or limited guardian, the court:
(1) At any stage of the proceeding in its discretion and for such purpose or purposes as it shall indicate, may((c) appoint; and
(2) For hearings held ((pursuant to RCW 11.52.010, 11.52.020, 11.68.040)) under sections 48 and 61 of this act, RCW 11.68.100, and 11.76.050((, each as now or hereafter amended,)) or for entry of an order adjudicating testacy or intestacy and heirship when no personal representative is appointed to administer the estate of the decedent, shall appoint some disinterested person as guardian ad litem to represent ((such)) the allegedly ((incompetent or disabled)) incapacitated person with reference to any petition, proceeding report, or adjudication of testacy or intestacy without the appointment of a personal representative to administer the estate of decedent in which the alleged ((incompetent or disabled)) incapacitated person may have an interest, who, on behalf of the alleged ((incompetent or disabled)) incapacitated person, may contest the same as any other person interested might contest it, and who shall be allowed by the court reasonable compensation for his or her services: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That where a surviving spouse is the sole beneficiary under the terms of a will, the court may grant a motion by the personal representative to waive the appointment of a guardian ad litem for a person who is the minor child of ((such)) the surviving spouse and the decedent and who is ((incompetent)) incapacitated solely for the reason of his or her being under eighteen years of age.
Sec. 72. RCW 11.76.095 and 1991 c 193 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:

When a decree of distribution is made by the court in administration upon a decedent’s estate or when distribution is made by a personal representative under a nonintervention will and distribution is ordered under such decree or authorized under such nonintervention will to a person under the age of eighteen years, it shall be required that:

(1) The money be deposited in a bank or trust company or be invested in an account in an insured financial institution for the benefit of the minor subject to withdrawal only upon the order of the court in the original probate proceeding, or upon said minor’s attaining the age of eighteen years and furnishing proof thereof satisfactory to the depositary;

(2) A general guardian shall be appointed and qualify and the money or property be paid or delivered to such guardian prior to the discharge of the personal representative in the original probate proceeding; or

(3) The provisions of RCW 11.76.090 are complied with; or

(4) A custodian be selected and the money or property be transferred to the custodian subject to chapter 11.93 RCW.

Sec. 73. RCW 11.86.041 and 1991 c 7 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Unless the instrument creating an interest directs to the contrary, the interest disclaimed shall pass as if the beneficiary had died immediately prior to the date of the transfer of the interest. The disclaimer shall relate back to this date for all purposes.

(2) Unless the disclaimer directs to the contrary, the beneficiary may receive another interest in the property subject to the disclaimer beneficiary is the surviving spouse of a deceased creator of the interest, the beneficiary shall also be deemed to have disclaimed all interests in the property, including all beneficial interests in any trust into which the disclaimed property may pass. This subsection applies unless the disclaimer specifically refers to this subsection and states to the contrary.

(3) Any future interest taking effect in possession or enjoyment after termination of the interest disclaimed takes effect as if the beneficiary had died prior to the date of the beneficiary’s final ascertainment as a beneficiary and the indefeasible vesting of the interest.

(4) The disclaimer is binding upon the beneficiary and all persons claiming through or under the beneficiary.

(5) Unless the instrument creating the interest directs to the contrary, a beneficiary whose interest in a devise or bequest under a will has been disclaimed shall be deemed to have died for purposes of RCW 11.12.110.

(6) In the case of a disclaimer that results in property passing to a trust over which the disclaimant has any power to direct the beneficial enjoyment of the disclaimed property, the disclaimant shall also be deemed to have disclaimed any power to direct the beneficial enjoyment of the disclaimed property, unless the power is limited by an ascertainable standard for the health, education, support, or maintenance of any person as described in section 2041 or 2514 of the Internal Revenue Code and the applicable regulations adopted under those sections. This subsection applies unless the disclaimer specifically refers to this subsection and states to the contrary. This subsection shall not be deemed to otherwise prevent such a disclaimant from acting as trustee or executor over disclaimed property.

Sec. 74. RCW 11.95.140 and 1993 c 339 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) RCW 11.95.100 and 11.95.110 respectively apply to a power of appointment created:

(i) Under a will, codicil, trust agreement, or declaration of trust, deed, power of attorney, or other instrument executed after July 25, 1993, unless the terms of the instrument refer specifically to RCW 11.95.100 or 11.95.110 respectively and provide expressly to the contrary; or

(ii) Under a testamentary trust, trust agreement, or declaration of trust executed before July 25, 1993, unless:

(A) The trust is revoked, or amended to provide otherwise, and the terms of any amendment specifically refer to RCW 11.95.100 or 11.95.110, respectively, and provide expressly to the contrary;

(B) All parties in interest, as defined in RCW 11.98.240(3), elect affirmatively, in the manner prescribed in RCW 11.98.240(4), not to be subject to the application of this subsection. The election
must be made by the later of September 1, 2000, or three years after the date on which the trust becomes irrevocable; or

(C) A person entitled to judicial proceedings for a declaration of rights or legal relations under RCW 11.96.070 obtains a judicial determination, under chapter 11.96 RCW, that the application of this subsection (1)(a)(ii) to the trust is inconsistent with the provisions or purposes of the will or trust.

(b) Notwithstanding (a) of this subsection, for the purposes of this section a codicil to a will, an amendment to a trust, or an amendment to another instrument that created the power of appointment in question shall not be deemed to cause that instrument to be executed after July 25, 1993, unless the codicil(( or amendment(( or other instrument)) clearly shows an intent to have RCW 11.95.100 or 11.95.110 apply.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, RCW 11.95.100 through 11.95.150 shall apply to a power of appointment created under a will, codicil, trust agreement, or declaration of trust, deed, power of attorney, or other instrument executed prior to July 25, 1993, if the person who created the power of appointment had on July 25, 1993, the power to revoke, amend, or modify the instrument creating the power of appointment, unless:

(a) The terms of the instrument specifically refer to RCW 11.95.100 or 11.95.110 respectively and provide expressly to the contrary; or

(b) The person creating the power of appointment was not competent, on July 25, 1993, to revoke, amend, or modify the instrument creating the power of appointment and did not regain his or her competence to revoke, amend, or modify the instrument creating the power of appointment on or before his or her death or before the time at which the instrument could no longer be revoked, amended, or modified by the person.

Sec. 75. RCW 11.98.070 and 1989 c 40 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
A trustee, or the trustees jointly, of a trust, in addition to the authority otherwise given by law, have discretionary power to acquire, invest, reinvest, exchange, sell, convey, control, divide, partition, and manage the trust property in accordance with the standards provided by law, and in so doing may:

(1) Receive property from any source as additions to the trust or any fund of the trust to be held and administered under the provisions of the trust;

(2) Sell on credit;

(3) Grant, purchase or exercise options;

(4) Sell or exercise subscriptions to stock or other corporate securities and to exercise conversion rights;

(5) Deposit stock or other corporate securities with any protective or other similar committee;

(6) Assent to corporate sales, leases, and encumbrances;

(7) Vote trust securities in person or by proxy with power of substitution; and enter into voting trusts;

(8) Register and hold any stocks, securities, or other property in the name of a nominee or nominees without mention of the trust relationship, provided the trustee or trustees are liable for any loss occasioned by the acts of any nominee, except that this subsection shall not apply to situations covered by RCW 11.98.070(31);

(9) Grant leases of trust property, with or without options to purchase or renew, to begin within a reasonable period and for terms within or extending beyond the duration of the trust, for any purpose including exploration for and removal of oil, gas and other minerals; enter into community oil leases, pooling and unitization agreements;

(10) Subdivide, develop, dedicate to public use, make or obtain the vacation of public plats, adjust boundaries, partition real property, and on exchange or partition to adjust differences in valuation by giving or receiving money or money’s worth;

(11) Compromise or submit claims to arbitration;

(12) Borrow money, secured or unsecured, from any source, including a corporate trustee’s banking department, or from the individual trustee’s own funds;

(13) Make loans, either secured or unsecured, at such interest as the trustee may determine to any person, including any beneficiary of a trust, except that no trustee who is a beneficiary of a trust may participate in decisions regarding loans to such beneficiary from the trust, unless the loan is as
described in RCW 83.110.020(2), and then only to the extent of the loan, and also except that if a beneficiary or the grantor of a trust has the power to change a trustee of the trust, the power to loan shall be limited to loans at a reasonable rate of interest and for adequate security;

(14) Determine the hazards to be insured against and maintain insurance for them;

(15) Select any part of the trust estate in satisfaction of any partition or distribution, in kind, in money or both; make nonpro rata distributions of property in kind; allocate particular assets or portions of them or undivided interests in them to any one or more of the beneficiaries without regard to the income tax basis of specific property allocated to any beneficiary and without any obligation to make an equitable adjustment;

(16) Pay any income or principal distributable to or for the use of any beneficiary, whether that beneficiary is under legal disability, to the beneficiary or for the beneficiary's use to the beneficiary's parent, guardian, custodian under the uniform gifts to minors act of any state, person with whom he resides, or third person;

(17) Change the character of or abandon a trust asset or any interest in it;

(18) Mortgage, pledge the assets or the credit of the trust estate, or otherwise encumber trust property, including future income, whether an initial encumbrance or a renewal or extension of it, for a term within or extending beyond the term of the trust, in connection with the exercise of any power vested in the trustee;

(19) Make ordinary or extraordinary repairs or alterations in buildings or other trust property, demolish any improvements, raze existing structures, and make any improvements to trust property;

(20) Create restrictions, easements, including easements to public use without consideration, and other servitudes;

(21) Manage any business interest, including any farm or ranch interest, regardless of form, received by the trustee from the trustor of the trust, as a result of the death of a person, or by gratuitous transfer from any other transferor, and with respect to the business interest, have the following powers:
   (a) To hold, retain, and continue to operate that business interest solely at the risk of the trust, without need to diversify and without liability on the part of the trustee for any resulting losses;
   (b) To enlarge or diminish the scope or nature or the activities of any business;
   (c) To authorize the participation and contribution by the business to any employee benefit plan, whether or not qualified as being tax deductible, as may be desirable from time to time;
   (d) To use the general assets of the trust for the purpose of the business and to invest additional capital in or make loans to such business;
   (e) To endorse or guarantee on behalf of the trust any loan made to the business and to secure the loan by the trust's interest in the business or any other property of the trust;
   (f) To leave to the discretion of the trustee the manner and degree of the trustee's active participation in the management of the business, and the trustee is authorized to delegate all or any part of the trustee's power to supervise, manage, or operate to such persons as the trustee may select, including any partner, associate, director, officer, or employee of the business; and also including electing or employing directors, officers, or employees of the trustee to take part in the management of the business as directors or officers or otherwise, and to pay that person reasonable compensation for services without regard to the fees payable to the trustee;
   (g) To engage, compensate, and discharge or to vote for the engaging, compensating, and discharging of managers, employees, agents, lawyers, accountants, consultants, or other representatives, including anyone who may be a beneficiary of the trust or any trustee;
   (h) To cause or agree that surplus be accumulated or that dividends be paid;
   (i) To accept as correct financial or other statements rendered by any accountant for any sole proprietorship or by any partnership or corporation as to matters pertaining to the business except upon actual notice to the contrary;
   (j) To treat the business as an entity separate from the trust, and in any accounting by the trustee it is sufficient if the trustee reports the earning and condition of the business in a manner conforming to standard business accounting practice;
   (k) To exercise with respect to the retention, continuance, or disposition of any such business all the rights and powers that the trustor of the trust would have if alive at the time of the exercise,
including all powers as are conferred on the trustee by law or as are necessary to enable the trustee to administer the trust in accordance with the instrument governing the trust, subject to any limitations provided for in the instrument; and

(1) To satisfy contractual and tort liabilities arising out of an unincorporated business, including any partnership, first out of the business and second out of the estate or trust, but in no event may there be a liability of the trustee, except as provided in RCW 11.98.110 (2) and (4), and if the trustee is liable, the trustee is entitled to indemnification from the business and the trust, respectively;

(22) Participate in the establishment of, and thereafter in the operation of, any business or other enterprise according to subsection (21) of this section except that the trustee shall not be relieved of the duty to diversify;

(23) Cause or participate in, directly or indirectly, the formation, reorganization, merger, consolidation, dissolution, or other change in the form of any corporate or other business undertaking where trust property may be affected and retain any property received pursuant to the change;

(24) Limit participation in the management of any partnership and act as a limited or general partner;

(25) Charge profits and losses of any business operation, including farm or ranch operation, to the trust estate as a whole and not to the trustee; make available to or invest in any business or farm operation additional moneys from the trust estate or other sources;

(26) Pay reasonable compensation to the trustee or co-trustees considering all circumstances including the time, effort, skill, and responsibility involved in the performance of services by the trustee;

(27) Employ persons, including lawyers, accountants, investment advisors, or agents, even if they are associated with the trustee, to advise or assist the trustee in the performance of the trustee's duties or to perform any act, regardless of whether the act is discretionary, and to act without independent investigation upon their recommendations, except that:

(a) A trustee may not delegate all of the trustee's duties and responsibilities (and except that this employment does not relieve the trustee of liability for the discretionary acts of a person, which if done by the trustee, would result in liability to the trustee, or of the duty to select and retain a person with reasonable care);

(b) This power to employ and to delegate duties does not relieve the trustee of liability for such person's discretionary acts, that, if done by the trustee, would result in liability to the trustee;

(c) This power to employ and to delegate duties does not relieve the trustee of the duty to select and retain a person with reasonable care;

(d) The trustee, or a successor trustee, may sue the person to collect any damages suffered by the trust estate even though the trustee might not be personally liable for those damages, subject to the statutes of limitation that would have applied had the claim been one against the trustee who was serving when the act or failure to act occurred;

(28) Appoint an ancillary trustee or agent to facilitate management of assets located in another state or foreign country;

(29) Retain and store such items of tangible personal property as the trustee selects and pay reasonable storage charges thereon from the trust estate;

(30) Issue proxies to any adult beneficiary of a trust for the purpose of voting stock of a corporation acting as the trustee of the trust;

(31) Place all or any part of the securities at any time held by the trustee in the care and custody of any bank, trust company, or member firm of the New York Stock Exchange with no obligation while the securities are so deposited to inspect or verify the same and with no responsibility for any loss or misapplication by the bank, trust company, or firm, so long as the bank, trust company, or firm was selected and retained with reasonable care, and have all stocks and registered securities placed in the name of the bank, trust company, or firm, or in the name of its nominee, and to appoint such bank, trust company, or firm agent as attorney to collect, receive, receipt for, and disburse any income, and generally may perform, but is under no requirement to perform, the duties and services incident to a so-called "custodian" account;

(32) Determine at any time that the corpus of any trust is insufficient to implement the intent of the trust, and upon this determination by the trustee, terminate the trust by distribution of the trust to
the current income beneficiary or beneficiaries of the trust or their legal representatives, except that
this determination may only be made by the trustee if the trustee is neither the grantor nor the
beneficiary of the trust, and if the trust has no charitable beneficiary; and
(33) (Rely with acquittance on advice of counsel on questions of law; and
(34)) Continue to be a party to any existing voting trust agreement or enter into any new
voting trust agreement or renew an existing voting trust agreement with respect to any assets contained
in trust.

Sec. 76. RCW 11.98.240 and 1994 c 221 s 66 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a)((i)) RCW 11.98.200 and 11.98.210 respectively apply to;
(i) A trust established under a will, codicil, trust agreement, declaration of trust, deed, or other
instrument executed after July 25, 1993, unless the instrument’s terms refer specifically to RCW
11.98.200 or 11.98.210 respectively and provide expressly to the contrary. However, except for RCW
11.98.200(3), the 1994 c 221 amendments to RCW 11.98.200 apply to a trust established under a will,
codicil, trust agreement, declaration of trust, deed, or other instrument executed after January 1, 1995,
unless the instrument’s terms refer specifically to RCW 11.98.200 and provide expressly to the contrary.

(ii) (Notwithstanding (a)(i) of this subsection, for the purposes of this subsection a codicil to a
will or an amendment to a trust does not cause that instrument to be executed after July 25, 1993,
unless the codicil or amendment clearly shows an intent to have RCW 11.98.200 or 11.98.210 apply.)
A trust created under a will, codicil, trust agreement, declaration of trust, deed, or other instrument
executed before July 25, 1993, unless:
(A) The trust is revoked or amended and the terms of the amendment refer specifically to RCW
11.98.200 and provide expressly to the contrary;
(B) All parties in interest, as defined in subsection (3) of this section elect affirmatively, in the
manner prescribed in subsection (4) of this section, not to be subject to the application of this
subsection. The election must be made by the later of September 1, 2000, or three years after the date
on which the trust becomes irrevocable; or
(C) A person entitled to judicial proceedings for a declaration of rights or legal relations under
RCW 11.96.070 obtains a judicial determination, under chapter 11.96 RCW, that the application of this
subsection (1)(a)(ii) to the trust is inconsistent with the provisions or purposes of the will or trust.
(b) Notwithstanding (a) of this subsection, RCW 11.98.200 and 11.98.210 respectively apply to
a trust established under a will or codicil of a decedent dying on or after July 25, 1993, and to an inter
vivos trust to which the trustor had on or after July 25, 1993, the power to terminate, revoke, amend,
or modify, unless:
(i) The terms of the instrument specifically refer to RCW 11.98.200 or 11.98.210 respectively
and provide expressly to the contrary; or
(ii) The decedent or the trustor was not competent, on July 25, 1993, to change the disposition
of his or her property, or to terminate, revoke, amend, or modify the trust, and did not regain his or
her competence to dispose, terminate, revoke, amend, or modify before the date of the decedent’s
death or before the trust could not otherwise be revoked, terminated, amended, or modified by the
decedent or trustor.
(2) RCW 11.98.200 neither creates a new cause of action nor impairs an existing cause of
action that, in either case, relates to a power proscribed under RCW 11.98.200 that was exercised
before July 25, 1993. RCW 11.98.210 neither creates a new cause of action nor impairs an existing
cause of action that, in either case, relates to a power proscribed, limited, or qualified under RCW
(3) For the purpose of subsection (1)(a)(ii) of this section, "parties in interest" means those
persons identified as "required parties to the dispute" under RCW 11.96.170(6)(b).
(4) The affirmative election required under subsection (1)(a)(ii)(B) of this section must be made
in the following manner:
(a) If the trust is revoked or amended, through a revocation of or an amendment to the trust; or
(b) Through a nonjudicial dispute resolution agreement described in RCW 11.96.170.
Sec. 77. RCW 11.96.070 and 1994 c 221 s 55 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person with an interest in or right respecting the administration, settlement, or disposition of an interest in a trust or in the estate of an incapacitated, missing, or deceased person may have a judicial proceeding for the declaration of rights or legal relations under this title including but not limited to the following:

(a) The ascertaining of any class of creditors, devisees, legatees, heirs, next of kin, or others;
(b) The ordering of the personal representatives or trustees to do or abstain from doing any particular act in their fiduciary capacity;
(c) The determination of any question arising in the administration of the estate or trust, including without limitation questions of construction of wills and other writings;
(d) The grant to the personal representatives or trustees of any necessary or desirable powers not otherwise granted in the instrument or given by law that the court determines are not inconsistent with the provisions or purposes of the will or trust;
(e) The modification of the will or the trust instrument in the manner required to qualify the gift thereunder for the charitable estate tax deduction permitted by federal law, including the addition of mandatory governing instrument requirements for a charitable remainder trust as required by final regulations and rulings of the United States internal revenue service, in any case in which all parties interested in the trust have submitted written agreements to the proposed changes or written disclaimer of interest;
(f) The modification of the will or the trust instrument in the manner required to qualify any gift thereunder for the benefit of a surviving spouse who is not a citizen of the United States for the estate tax marital deduction permitted by federal law, including the addition of mandatory governing instrument requirements for a qualified domestic trust under section 2056A of the internal revenue code as required by final regulations and rulings of the United States treasury department or internal revenue service, in any case in which all parties interested in the trust have submitted written agreements to the proposed changes or written disclaimer of interest;
(g) The determination of the persons entitled to notice under RCW 11.96.100 and 11.96.110 for the purposes of any judicial proceeding under this subsection (1) and for the purposes of an agreement under RCW 11.96.170; or
(h) The resolution of any other matter that arises under this title and references this section.
(2) Any person with an interest in or right respecting the administration of a nonprobate asset under this title may have a judicial proceeding for the declaration of rights or legal relations under this title with respect to the nonprobate asset, including without limitation the following:

(a) The ascertaining of any class of creditors or others for purposes of chapter 11.18 or 11.42 RCW;
(b) The ordering of a qualified person, the notice agent, or resident agent, as those terms are defined in chapter 11.42 RCW, or any combination of them, to do or abstain from doing any particular act with respect to a nonprobate asset;
(c) The ordering of a custodian of any of the decedent’s records relating to a nonprobate asset to do or abstain from doing any particular act with respect to those records;
(d) The determination of any question arising in the administration under chapter 11.18 or 11.42 RCW of a nonprobate asset;
(e) The determination of the persons entitled to notice under RCW 11.96.100 and 11.96.110 for the purposes of any judicial proceeding under this subsection (2) and for the purposes of an agreement under RCW 11.96.170; and
(f) The determination of any questions relating to the abatement, rights of creditors, or other matter relating to the administration, settlement, or final disposition of a nonprobate asset under this title.
(3) The provisions of this chapter apply to disputes arising in connection with estates of incapacitated persons unless otherwise covered by chapters 11.88 and 11.92 RCW. The provisions of this chapter shall not supersede the otherwise applicable provisions and procedures of chapter 11.24, 11.28, 11.40, (11.52), 11.42, 11.56, or 11.60 RCW with respect to any rights or legal obligations that are subject to those chapters.
(4) For the purposes of this section, "a person with an interest in or right respecting the administration, settlement, or disposition of an interest in a trust or in the estate of an incapacitated, missing, or deceased person" includes but is not limited to:
   (a) The trustor if living, trustee, beneficiary, or creditor of a trust and, for a charitable trust, the attorney general if acting within the powers granted under RCW 11.110.120;
   (b) The personal representative, heir, devisee, legatee, and creditor of an estate;
   (c) The guardian, guardian ad litem, and ward of a guardianship, and a creditor of an estate subject to a guardianship; and
   (d) Any other person with standing to sue with respect to any of the matters for which judicial proceedings are authorized in subsection (1) of this section.

(5) For the purposes of this section, "any person with an interest in or right respecting the administration of a nonprobate asset under this title" includes but is not limited to:
   (a) The notice agent, the resident agent, or a qualified person, as those terms are defined in chapter 11.42 RCW;
   (b) The recipient of the nonprobate asset with respect to any matter arising under this title;
   (c) Any other person with standing to sue with respect to any matter for which judicial proceedings are authorized in subsection (2) of this section; and
   (d) The legal representatives of any of the persons named in this subsection.

Sec. 78. RCW 11.104.010 and 1985 c 30 s 84 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Income beneficiary" means the person to whom income is presently payable or for whom it is accumulated for distribution as income;
(2) Except as provided in RCW 11.104.110, "inventory value" means the cost of property purchased by the trustee and the cost or adjusted basis for federal income tax purposes of other property at the time it became subject to the trust, but in the case of a trust asset that is included on any death tax return the trustee may, but need not, use the value finally determined for the purposes of the federal estate tax if applicable, otherwise for another estate or inheritance tax;
(3) "Remainderman" means the person entitled to principal, including income which has been accumulated and added to principal.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 79. A new section is added to chapter 11.104 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Notwithstanding any contrary provision of this chapter, if the trust instrument adopts this section by specific reference, an increase in the value of the following investments, over the value of the investments at the time of acquisition by the trust, is distributable as income when it becomes available for distribution:
   (a) A zero coupon bond;
   (b) An annuity contract before annuitization;
   (c) A life insurance contract before the death of the insured;
   (d) An interest in a common trust fund as defined in section 584 of the Internal Revenue Code;
   (e) An interest in a partnership as defined in section 7701 of the Internal Revenue Code; or
   (f) Any other obligation for the payment of money that is payable at a future time in accordance with a fixed, variable, or discretionary schedule of appreciation in excess of the price at which it was issued.

(2) The increase in value of the investments described in subsection (1) of this section is allocable to the beneficiary who is the beneficiary to whom income may be distributed at the time when the trustee receives cash on account of the investment, notwithstanding RCW 11.104.070.

(3) For purposes of this section, the increase in value of an investment described in subsection (1) of this section is available for distribution only when the trustee receives cash on account of the investment.

Sec. 80. RCW 11.104.110 and 1971 c 74 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
(Except as provided in RCW 11.104.090 and 11.104.100, if the principal consists of property subject to depletion, including leaseholds, patents, copyrights, royalty rights, and rights to receive
payments on a contract for deferred compensation, receipts from the property, not in excess of five percent per year of its inventory value, are income, and the balance is principal.\) (1) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, if the principal of a trust includes a deferred payment right including the right to receive deferred compensation, the proceeds of the right or the amount of deferred compensation, on receipt, are income to the extent determinable without reference to this section, or if not so determinable, are income up to five percent of the inventory value of the right or amount, determined separately for each year in which the right or amount is subject to the trust. The remainder of the proceeds or amount is principal. If not otherwise determinable, the allocation to income is computed in the same manner in which interest under a loan of the initial inventory amount would be computed, at five percent interest compounded annually, as if annual payments were made by the borrower to the lender.

(2) If income is determined under this section, for the first year, inventory value is determined as provided by this chapter or by this section for deferred compensation. For each year after the first year, the inventory value is:

(a) Reduced to the extent that the proceeds of the right or amount received during the preceding year were allocated to principal; and

(b) Increased to the extent that the proceeds received during the preceding year were less than five percent of the inventory value of that year.

(3) While the deferred payment right is under administration in a decedent's estate, income and principal are determined by using the fiscal year of the estate and ending on the date the trust is funded with the right. After the administration of the estate, the fiscal year of the trust is used. The five percent allocation to income is prorated for any year that is less than twelve months.

(4) The proceeds of a deferred payment right include all receipts relating to the right, whether or not the receipts are periodic. After the proceeds are received by the trustee and allocated in accordance with this section, this section does not apply to the proceeds except to the extent the proceeds include a continuing deferred payment right or right to receive deferred compensation.

(5) In this section:

(i) Of benefits under a nonqualified plan of deferred compensation or similar arrangement or agreement; or

(ii) Of benefits under an employee benefit plan as defined in this section;

(b) "Deferred payment right" means a depletable asset, other than natural resources governed by RCW 11.104.090 or timber governed by RCW 11.104.100, consisting of the right to property under a contract, account, or other arrangement that is payable not earlier than twelve months after the date the right becomes subject to the trust. A deferred payment right includes the right to receive a periodic, annuity, installment, or single-sum future payment:

(i) Under a leasehold, patent, copyright, or royalty;

(ii) Of income in respect of a decedent under section 691 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; or

(iii) Of death benefits;

(c) "Employee benefit plan" means any of the following, whether funded by a trust, custodian account, annuity, or retirement bond:

(i) A plan, individual retirement account, or deferred compensation plan or arrangement that is described in RCW 49.64.020, section 401(a), 403(a), 403(b), 408, or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or in section 409 of the Internal Revenue Code in effect before January 1, 1984; or

(ii) An employee benefit plan established or maintained by:

(A) The government of the United States;

(B) The state of Washington;

(C) A state or territory of the United States;

(D) The District of Columbia; or
(E) A political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of the entities in (c)(ii)(A) through (D)
of this subsection; and

(d) "Year" means the fiscal year of the estate or trust for federal income tax purposes.

(6) The deferred compensation payable consisting of the account balance or accrued benefit as
of the date of death of the owner of such amount receivable or, if elected, the alternate valuation date
for federal estate tax purposes, shall be the inventory value of the deferred compensation as used in this
chapter as of that date.

Sec. 81. RCW 11.108.010 and 1993 c 73 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout
this chapter.

(1) The term "pecuniary bequest" means a gift in a governing instrument which either is expressly stated as a fixed dollar amount or is a gift of a dollar amount determinable by the governing instrument, and a gift expressed in terms of a "sum" or an "amount," unless the context dictates otherwise, is a gift of a dollar amount.

(2) As the context might require, the term "marital deduction" means either the federal estate tax deduction or the federal gift tax deduction allowed for transfers to spouses under the Internal Revenue Code.

(3) The term "maximum marital deduction" means the maximum amount qualifying for the marital deduction.

(4) The term "marital deduction gift" means a gift intended to qualify for the marital deduction as indicated by a preponderance of the evidence including the governing instrument and extrinsic evidence whether or not the governing instrument is found to be ambiguous.

(5) The term "governing instrument" includes ((a)), but is not limited to: Will and codicils((r)); ((irrevocable, and)) revocable trusts and amendments or addenda to revocable trusts; irrevocable trusts; beneficiary designations under life insurance policies, annuities, employee benefit plans, and individual retirement accounts; payable-on-death, trust, or joint with right of survivorship bank or brokerage accounts; transfer on death designations or transfer on death or pay on death securities; and documents exercising powers of appointment.

(6) The term "fiduciary" means trustee or personal representative. Reference to a fiduciary in the singular includes the plural where the context requires.

(7) The term "gift" refers to all legacies, devises, and bequests made in a governing instrument.

(8) The term "transferor" means the testator, grantor, or other person making a gift.

(9) The term "spouse" includes the transferor's surviving spouse in the case of a deceased transferor.

Sec. 82. RCW 11.108.020 and 1993 c 73 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If a governing instrument contains a marital deduction gift, the governing instrument shall be construed to comply with the marital deduction provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in every respect.

(2) If a governing instrument contains a marital deduction gift, the governing instrument, including any power, duty, or discretionary authority given to the fiduciary, shall be construed to comply with the marital deduction provisions of the Internal Revenue Code in order to conform to that intent. Whether the governing instrument contains a marital deduction gift depends upon the intent of the testator, grantor, or other transferor at the time the governing instrument is executed. If the testator, grantor, or other transferor has adequately evidenced an intention to make a marital deduction gift, the fiduciary shall not take any action or have any power that may impair that deduction, but this does not require the fiduciary to make the election under section 2056(b)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code that is referred to in RCW 11.108.025((a))) any fiduciary operating under the governing instrument has all the powers, duties, and discretionary authority necessary to comply with the marital deduction provisions of the Internal Revenue Code. The fiduciary shall not take any action or have any power that may impair that deduction, but this does not require the fiduciary to make the elections under
either section 2056(b)(7) or 2523(f) of the Internal Revenue Code that is referred to in RCW 11.108.025.

Sec. 83. RCW 11.108.025 and 1993 c 73 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless a governing instrument directs to the contrary:

(1) The fiduciary shall have the power to make elections, in whole or in part, to qualify property for the marital deduction as qualified terminable interest property under section 2056(b)(7) or 2523(f) of the Internal Revenue Code or, if the surviving spouse is not a citizen of the United States, under section 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code. Further, the fiduciary shall have the power to make generation-skipping transfer tax allocations under section 2632 of the Internal Revenue Code.

(2) The fiduciary making an election under section 2056(b)(7), 2523(f), or 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code or making an allocation under section 2632 of the Internal Revenue Code may benefit personally from the election or allocation, with no duty to reimburse any other person interested in the election or allocation. The fiduciary shall have no duty to make any equitable adjustment and shall have no duty to treat interested persons impartially in respect of the election or allocation.

(3) The fiduciary of a trust, if an election is made under section 2056(b)(7), 2523(f), or 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code, if an allocation is made under section 2632 of the Internal Revenue Code, or if division of a trust is of benefit to the persons interested in the trust, may divide the trust into two or more separate trusts, of equal or unequal value, if:

(a) The terms of the separate trusts which result are substantially identical to the terms of the trust before division;

(b) In the case of a trust otherwise qualifying for the marital deduction under the Internal Revenue Code, the division shall not prevent a separate trust for which the election is made from qualifying for the marital deduction; and

(c) The allocation of assets shall be based upon the fair market value of the assets at the time of the division.

Sec. 84. RCW 11.108.050 and 1993 c 73 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

If a governing instrument contains a marital deduction gift in trust, then in addition to the other provisions of this chapter, each of the following applies to the trust:

(a) The only income beneficiary of a marital deduction trust is the testator’s surviving spouse;

(b) The income beneficiary is entitled to all of the trust income until the trust terminates;

(c) The trust income is payable to the income beneficiary not less frequently than annually; and

(d) Except in the case of a marital deduction gift in trust, described in subsection (2) of this section, or property that has or would otherwise have qualified for the marital deduction only as the result of an election under section 2056(b)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code, upon termination of the trust, all of the remaining trust assets, including accrued or undistributed income, pass either to the income beneficiary or under the exercise of a general power of appointment granted to the income beneficiary in favor of the income beneficiary’s estate or to any other person or entity in trust or outright. The general power of appointment is exercisable by the income beneficiary alone and in all events.

(2) If a governing instrument indicates the testator’s intention to make a marital deduction gift in trust and the surviving spouse is not a citizen of the United States, subsection (1)(a), (b), and (e) of this section and each of the following shall apply to the trust:

(a) At least one trustee of the trust shall be an individual citizen of the United States or a domestic corporation, and no distribution, other than a distribution of income, may be made from the trust unless a trustee who is an individual citizen of the United States or a domestic corporation has the right to withhold from the distribution the tax imposed under section 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code on the distribution;
(b) The trust shall meet such requirements as the secretary of the treasury of the United States may by regulations prescribe to ensure collection of estate tax, under section 2056A(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; and

(e) (a) and (b) of this subsection shall no longer apply to the trust if the surviving spouse becomes a citizen of the United States and (i) the surviving spouse is a resident of the United States at all times after the testator's death and before becoming a citizen, or (ii) no tax has been imposed on the trust under section 2056A(b)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code before the surviving spouse becomes a citizen, or (iii) the surviving spouse makes an election under section 2056A(b)(12)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code regarding tax imposed on distributions from the trust before becoming a citizen.

(3) The exercise of the general power of appointment provided in this section shall be done only by the income beneficiary in the manner provided by RCW 11.95.060) to the extent necessary to qualify the gift for the marital deduction:

(1) If the transferor's spouse is a citizen of the United States at the time of the transfer:
   (a) The transferor's spouse is entitled to all of the income from the trust, payable annually or at more frequent intervals, during the spouse's life;
   (b) During the life of the transferor's spouse, a person may not appoint or distribute any part of the trust property to a person other than the transferor's spouse;
   (c) The transferor's spouse may compel the trustee of the trust to make any unproductive property of the trust productive, or to convert the unproductive property into productive property, within a reasonable time; and
   (d) The transferor's spouse may, alone and in all events, dispose of all of the trust property, including accrued or undistributed income, remaining after the spouse's death under a testamentary general power of appointment, as defined in section 2041 of the Internal Revenue Code. However, this subsection (1)(d) does not apply to: (i) A marital deduction gift in trust which is described in subsection (2) of this section; (ii) that portion of a marital deduction gift in trust that has qualified for the marital deduction as a result of an election under section 2056(b)(7) or 2523(f) of the Internal Revenue Code; and (iii) that portion of marital deduction gift in trust that would have qualified for the marital deduction but for the fiduciary's decision not to make the election under section 2056(b)(7) or 2523(f) of the Internal Revenue Code;

(2) If the transferor's spouse is not a citizen of the United States at the time of the transfer, then to the extent necessary to qualify the gift for the marital deduction, subsection (1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section and each of the following applies to the trust:
   (a) At least one trustee of the trust must be an individual citizen of the United States or a domestic corporation, and a distribution, other than a distribution of income, may not be made from the trust unless a trustee who is an individual citizen of the United States or a domestic corporation has the right to withhold from the distribution the tax imposed under section 2056A of the Internal Revenue Code on the distribution;
   (b) The trust must meet such requirements as the secretary of the treasury of the United States by regulations prescribes to ensure collection of estate tax, under section 2056A(b) of the Internal Revenue Code; and
   (c) Subsection (2)(a) and (b) of this section no longer apply to the trust if the transferor's spouse becomes a citizen of the United States and: (i) The transferor's spouse was a resident of the United States at all times after the transferor's death and before becoming a citizen; (ii) tax has not been imposed on the trust under section 2056A(b)(1)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code before the transferor's spouse becomes a citizen; or (iii) the transferor's spouse makes an election under section 2056A(b)(12)(C) of the Internal Revenue Code regarding tax imposed on distributions from the trust before becoming a citizen; and

(3) Subsection (1) of this section does not apply to:
   (a) A trust: (i) That provides for a life estate or term of years for the exclusive benefit of the transferor's spouse, with the remainder payable to the such spouse's estate; or (ii) created exclusively for the benefit of the estate of the transferor's spouse; and
   (b) An interest of the transferor's spouse in a charitable remainder annuity trust or charitable remainder unitrust described in section 664 of the Internal Revenue Code, if the transferor's spouse is the only noncharitable beneficiary.
Sec. 85. RCW 11.28.237 and 1994 c 221 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Within twenty days after appointment, the personal representative of the estate of a decedent shall cause written notice of his or her appointment and the pendency of said probate proceedings, to be served personally or by mail to each heir, legatee and devisee of the estate and each beneficiary or transferee of a nonprobate asset of the decedent whose names and addresses are known to him or her, and proof of such mailing or service shall be made by affidavit and filed in the cause.

(2) If the personal representative does not otherwise give notice to creditors under chapter 11.40 RCW within thirty days after appointment, the personal representative shall cause written notice of his or her appointment and the pendency of the probate proceedings to be mailed to the state of Washington department of social and health services office of financial recovery, and proof of the mailing shall be made by affidavit and filed in the cause.

Sec. 86. RCW 11.108.060 and 1989 c 35 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(If a governing instrument contains a marital deduction gift, whether outright or in trust and whether there is a specific reference to this section, any survivorship requirement expressed in the governing instrument in excess of six months, other than survival by a spouse of a common disaster resulting in the death of the decedent, does not apply to property passing under a marital deduction gift, and in addition, is limited to a six-month period beginning with the testator’s death.) For an estate that exceeds the amount exempt from tax by virtue of the unified credit under section 2010 of the Internal Revenue Code, if taking into account applicable adjusted taxable gifts as defined in section 2001(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, any marital deduction gift that is conditioned upon the transferor’s spouse surviving the transferor for a period of more than six months, is governed by the following:

(1) A survivorship requirement expressed in the governing instrument in excess of six months, other than survival by a spouse of a common disaster resulting in the death of the transferor, does not apply to property passing under the marital deduction gift, and for the gift, the survivorship requirement is limited to a six-month period beginning with the transferor’s death.

(2) The property that is the subject of the marital deduction gift must be held in a trust meeting the requirements of section 2056(b)(7) of the Internal Revenue Code the corpus of which must: (a) Pass as though the spouse failed to survive the transferor if the spouse, in fact, fails to survive the term specified in the governing instrument; and (b) pass to the spouse under the terms of the governing instrument if the spouse, in fact, survives the term specified in the governing instrument.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 87. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 11.40.011 and 1989 c 333 s 2, 1983 c 201 s 1, & 1967 ex.s. c 106 s 3;
(2) RCW 11.40.012 and 1989 c 333 s 3;
(3) RCW 11.40.013 and 1994 c 221 s 26 & 1989 c 333 s 4;
(4) RCW 11.40.014 and 1989 c 333 s 5;
(5) RCW 11.40.015 and 1994 c 221 s 27 & 1989 c 333 s 6;
(6) RCW 11.42.160 and 1994 c 221 s 46;
(7) RCW 11.42.170 and 1994 c 221 s 47;
(8) RCW 11.42.180 and 1994 c 221 s 48;
(9) RCW 11.44.066 and 1990 c 180 s 1 & 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 49;
(10) RCW 11.52.010 and 1987 c 442 s 1116, 1984 c 260 s 17, 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 7, 1971 ex.s. c 12 s 2, 1967 c 168 s 12, & 1965 c 145 s 11.52.010;
(11) RCW 11.52.012 and 1985 c 194 s 1, 1984 c 260 s 18, 1977 ex.s. c 234 s 9, 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 8, & 1965 c 145 s 11.52.012;
(12) RCW 11.52.014 and 1965 c 145 s 11.52.014;
(13) RCW 11.52.016 and 1988 c 202 s 18, 1972 ex.s. c 80 s 1, & 1965 c 145 s 11.52.016;
(14) RCW 11.52.020 and 1985 c 194 s 2, 1984 c 260 s 19, 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 9, 1971 ex.s. c 12 s 3, 1967 c 168 s 13, & 1965 c 145 s 11.52.020;
(15) RCW 11.52.022 and 1985 c 194 s 3, 1984 c 260 s 20, 1977 ex.s. c 234 s 10, 1974 ex.s. c 117 s 10, 1971 ex.s. c 12 s 4, & 1965 c 145 s 11.52.022;
(16) RCW 11.52.024 and 1972 ex.s. c 80 s 2 & 1965 c 145 s 11.52.024;
(17) RCW 11.52.030 and 1965 c 145 s 11.52.030;
NEW SECTION. Sec. 88. Sections 48 through 57 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 11 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 89. Sections 1 through 73 of this act apply to estates of decedents dying after December 31, 1997.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "probate;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 11.02.005, 11.07.010, 11.18.200, 11.28.240, 11.28.270, 11.28.280, 11.40.010, 11.40.020, 11.40.030, 11.40.040, 11.40.060, 11.40.070, 11.40.080, 11.40.090, 11.40.100, 11.40.110, 11.40.120, 11.40.130, 11.40.140, 11.40.150, 11.42.010, 11.42.020, 11.42.030, 11.42.040, 11.42.050, 11.42.060, 11.42.070, 11.42.080, 11.42.090, 11.42.100, 11.42.110, 11.42.120, 11.42.130, 11.42.140, 11.42.150, 11.44.015, 11.44.025, 11.44.035, 11.44.050, 11.44.070, 11.44.085, 11.44.090, 11.48.130, 11.68.050, 11.68.060, 11.68.080, 11.68.090, 11.68.110, 11.76.080, 11.76.095, 11.86.041, 11.95.140, 11.98.070, 11.98.240, 11.96.070, 11.104.010, 11.104.110, 11.104.110, 11.108.010, 11.108.020, 11.108.025, 11.108.050, 11.28.237, and 11.108.060; adding new sections to chapter 11.40 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 11.42 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 11.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 11.104 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 11 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 11.40.011, 11.40.012, 11.40.013, 11.40.014, 11.40.015, 11.42.160, 11.42.170, 11.42.180, 11.44.066, 11.52.010, 11.52.012, 11.52.014, 11.52.016, 11.52.020, 11.52.022, 11.52.024, 11.52.030, 11.52.040, 11.52.050, 11.68.010, 11.68.020, 11.68.030, and 11.68.040."

Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, and Sherstad.

Excused: Representatives Kenney and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SB 5287 Prime Sponsor, Senator Horn: Repealing Title 45 RCW concerning townships. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representatives Dunn, Murray and Smith.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SB 5364 Prime Sponsor, Senator Snyder: Authorizing counties to designate an unclassified position for their 911 emergency communications systems. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives Dunn, Murray and Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SB 5380 Prime Sponsor, Senator Horn: Raising the maximum per diem for boundary review board members. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SSB 5401 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Setting compensation for public utility district commissioners. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives Dunn, Murray and Smith.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

SB 5426 Prime Sponsor, Senator McCaslin: Deleting references to the former judicial council. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff and Sherstad.
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, and Sherstad
Excused: Representatives Kenney and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5503  Prime Sponsor, Senator Anderson: Adopting recommendations of the state board for community and technical colleges regarding the 1991 merger of community and technical colleges. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 28B.50.140 and 1991 c 238 s 39 and 1991 c 58 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Each board of trustees:
(1) Shall operate all existing community and technical colleges in its district;
(2) Shall create comprehensive programs of community and technical college education and training and maintain an open-door policy in accordance with the provisions of RCW 28B.50.090(3). However, technical colleges, and college districts containing only technical colleges, shall maintain programs solely for occupational education, basic skills, and literacy purposes. For as long as a need exists, technical colleges may continue those programs, activities, and services they offered during the twelve-month period preceding September 1, 1991;
(3) Shall employ for a period to be fixed by the board a college president for each community and technical college and, may appoint a president for the district, and fix their duties and compensation, which may include elements other than salary. Compensation under this subsection shall not affect but may supplement retirement, health care, and other benefits that are otherwise applicable to the presidents as state employees. The board shall also employ for a period to be fixed by the board members of the faculty and such other administrative officers and other employees as may be necessary or appropriate and fix their salaries and duties. Compensation and salary increases under this subsection shall not exceed the amount or percentage established for those purposes in the state appropriations act by the legislature as allocated to the board of trustees by the state board for community and technical colleges. The state board for community and technical colleges shall adopt rules defining the permissible elements of compensation under this subsection;
(4) May establish, under the approval and direction of the college board, new facilities as community needs and interests demand. However, the authority of boards of trustees to purchase or lease major off-campus facilities shall be subject to the approval of the higher education coordinating board pursuant to RCW 28B.80.340(5);
(5) May establish or lease, operate, equip and maintain dormitories, food service facilities, bookstores and other self-supporting facilities connected with the operation of the community and technical college;
(6) May, with the approval of the college board, borrow money and issue and sell revenue bonds or other evidences of indebtedness for the construction, reconstruction, erection, equipping with permanent fixtures, demolition and major alteration of buildings or other capital assets, and the acquisition of sites, rights-of-way, easements, improvements or appurtenances, for dormitories, food service facilities, and other self-supporting facilities connected with the operation of the community and technical college in accordance with the provisions of RCW 28B.10.300 through 28B.10.330 where applicable;
(7) May establish fees and charges for the facilities authorized hereunder, including reasonable rules and regulations for the government thereof, not inconsistent with the rules and regulations of the college board; each board of trustees operating a community and technical college may enter into agreements, subject to rules and regulations of the college board, with owners of facilities to be used..."
for housing regarding the management, operation, and government of such facilities, and any board entering into such an agreement may:

(a) Make rules and regulations for the government, management and operation of such housing facilities deemed necessary or advisable; and

(b) Employ necessary employees to govern, manage and operate the same;

(8) May receive such gifts, grants, conveyances, devises and bequests of real or personal property from private sources, as may be made from time to time, in trust or otherwise, whenever the terms and conditions thereof will aid in carrying out the community and technical college programs as specified by law and the regulations of the state college board; sell, lease or exchange, invest or expend the same or the proceeds, rents, profits and income thereof according to the terms and conditions thereof; and adopt regulations to govern the receipt and expenditure of the proceeds, rents, profits and income thereof;

(9) May establish and maintain night schools whenever in the discretion of the board of trustees it is deemed advisable, and authorize classrooms and other facilities to be used for summer or night schools, or for public meetings and for any other uses consistent with the use of such classrooms or facilities for community and technical college purposes;

(10) May make rules and regulations for pedestrian and vehicular traffic on property owned, operated, or maintained by the district;

(11) Shall prescribe, with the assistance of the faculty, the course of study in the various departments of the community and technical college or colleges under its control, and publish such catalogues and bulletins as may become necessary;

(12) May grant to every student, upon graduation or completion of a course of study, a suitable diploma, nonbaccalaureate degree or certificate. (Technical colleges shall offer only nonbaccalaureate technical degrees, certificates, or diplomas for occupational courses of study under rules of the college board. Technical colleges in districts twenty-eight and twenty-nine may offer nonbaccalaureate associate of technical or applied arts degrees only in conjunction with a community college the district of which overlaps with the district of the technical college, and these degrees may only be offered after a contract or agreement is executed between the technical college and the community college. The authority and responsibility to offer transfer level academic support and general education for students of districts twenty-one and twenty-five shall reside exclusively with Whatcom Community College.) Technical colleges shall offer only nonbaccalaureate technical degrees under the rules of the state board for community and technical colleges that are appropriate to their work force education and training mission. The primary purpose of this degree is to lead the individual directly to employment in a specific occupation. Technical colleges may not offer transfer degrees. The board, upon recommendation of the faculty, may also confer honorary associate of arts degrees upon persons other than graduates of the community college, in recognition of their learning or devotion to education, literature, art, or science. No degree may be conferred in consideration of the payment of money or the donation of any kind of property;

(13) Shall enforce the rules and regulations prescribed by the state board for community and technical colleges for the government of community and technical colleges, students and teachers, and promulgate such rules and regulations and perform all other acts not inconsistent with law or rules and regulations of the state board for community and technical colleges as the board of trustees may in its discretion deem necessary or appropriate to the administration of college districts: PROVIDED, That such rules and regulations shall include, but not be limited to, rules and regulations relating to housing, scholarships, conduct at the various community and technical college facilities, and discipline: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That the board of trustees may suspend or expel from community and technical colleges students who refuse to obey any of the duly promulgated rules and regulations;

(14) May, by written order filed in its office, delegate to the president or district president any of the powers and duties vested in or imposed upon it by this chapter. Such delegated powers and duties may be exercised in the name of the district board;

(15) May perform such other activities consistent with this chapter and not in conflict with the directives of the college board;

(16) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, may offer educational services on a contractual basis other than the tuition and fee basis set forth in chapter 28B.15 RCW for a special fee
to private or governmental entities, consistent with rules and regulations adopted by the state board for community and technical colleges: PROVIDED, That the whole of such special fee shall go to the college district and be not less than the full instructional costs of such services including any salary increases authorized by the legislature for community and technical college employees during the term of the agreement: PROVIDED FURTHER, That enrollments generated hereunder shall not be counted toward the official enrollment level of the college district for state funding purposes;

(17) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, may offer educational services on a contractual basis, charging tuition and fees as set forth in chapter 28B.15 RCW, counting such enrollments for state funding purposes, and may additionally charge a special supplemental fee when necessary to cover the full instructional costs of such services: PROVIDED, That such contracts shall be subject to review by the state board for community and technical colleges and to such rules as the state board may adopt for that purpose in order to assure that the sum of the supplemental fee and the normal state funding shall not exceed the projected total cost of offering the educational service: PROVIDED FURTHER, That enrollments generated by courses offered on the basis of contracts requiring payment of a share of the normal costs of the course will be discounted to the percentage provided by the college;

(18) Shall be authorized to pay dues to any association of trustees that may be formed by the various boards of trustees; such association may expend any or all of such funds to submit biennially, or more often if necessary, to the governor and to the legislature, the recommendations of the association regarding changes which would affect the efficiency of such association;

(19) Subject to the approval of the higher education coordinating board pursuant to RCW 28B.80.340(4), may participate in higher education centers and consortia that involve any four-year public or independent college or university; and

(20) Shall perform any other duties and responsibilities imposed by law or rule and regulation of the state board.

Sec. 2. RCW 28B.50.215 and 1991 c 238 s 144 are each amended to read as follows:

The colleges in each overlapping service area shall jointly submit for approval to the state board for community and technical colleges ((not later than December 1, 1991,)) a regional planning agreement. The agreement shall provide for the ongoing interinstitutional coordination of community and technical college programs and services operated in the overlapping service area. The agreement shall include the means for the adjudication of issues arising from overlapping service areas. The agreement shall include a definitive statement of mission, scope, and purpose for each college including the nature of courses, programs, and services to be offered by each college. ((The statement shall include a provision that the technical colleges shall not offer courses designed for transfer to baccalaureate granting institutions. This shall not preclude such offerings provided through contracts or agreements with a community college in the service area.))

Technical colleges may, under the rules of the state board for community and technical colleges, offer all specific academic support courses that may be at a transfer level that are required of all students to earn a particular certificate or degree. This shall not be interpreted to mean that their mission may be expanded to include transfer preparation, nor does it preclude technical colleges from voluntarily and cooperatively using available community college courses as components of technical college programs.

Any part of the agreement that is not approved by all the colleges in the service area, shall be determined by the state board for community and technical colleges. Approved regional planning agreements shall be enforced by the full authority of the state board for community and technical colleges. Changes to the agreement are subject to state board approval.

For the purpose of creating and adopting a regional planning agreement, the trustees of the colleges in Pierce county shall form a county coordinating committee. The county coordinating committee shall consist of eight members. Each college board of trustees in Pierce county shall select two of its members to serve on the county coordinating committee. The county coordinating committee shall not employ its own staff, but shall instead utilize staff of the colleges in the county. The regional planning agreement adopted by the county coordinating committee shall include, but shall not be limited to: The items listed in this section, the transfer of credits between technical and community
colleges, program articulation, and the avoidance of unnecessary duplication in programs, activities, and services."

Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 25, 1997

ESJM 8001 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hargrove: Petitioning for a plaque honoring veterans dying from war-related injuries received in the southeast Asia theater of operations. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, March 28, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
SEVENTY-FOURTH DAY, MARCH 27, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

SEVENTY-FIFTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, March 28, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Lisk presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING
SJM 8003 by Senators Zarelli and Rasmussen

Honoring law enforcement officers.

Referred to Committee on Government Administration.

There being no objection, the memorial listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business was referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

March 24, 1997

HB 2258 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Making appropriations for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1997. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Keiser, Linville, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Advanced to second reading calendar.

March 26, 1997

SSB 5060 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Clarifying driving statutes. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Excused: Representative Kenney.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

SB 5085 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Removing a defense to the crime of criminal conspiracy. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Excused: Representative Kenney.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

SB 5181   Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Making certain debtors liable for any deficiency after default. 
Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Excused: Representative Kenney.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

SB 5284   Prime Sponsor, Senator Long: Providing for additional judges for Snohomish county superior court. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Excused: Representative Kenney.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

SSB 5332   Prime Sponsor, Committee on Energy & Utilities (S): Prohibiting the department of information services from spending funds for multimedia kiosks for the Washington information network except for maintenance and operation of existing kiosks. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 2, beginning on line 3, strike all of subsection 1 and insert the following:
"(1) Except to increase the number of electronic kiosks in rural counties, the department shall not expend any funds to increase the number of electronic kiosks in the Washington information network.

This section does not prohibit the department from expending funds to maintain or operate the currently deployed electronic kiosks on an interim basis as it develops electronic information access services through technologies that the department deems more efficient and cost-effective.

For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:
(a) "Rural counties" means counties with populations of fewer than one hundred thousand.
(b) "Electronic kiosks" means public electronic access terminals, similar to those deployed on the effective date of this section, that rely on dedicated circuits and that do not provide for internet connectivity or financial transactions."
Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

SB 5370 Prime Sponsor, Senator Finkbeiner: Allowing a telecommunications company to reduce a rate or charge in a more streamlined manner. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

SB 5371 Prime Sponsor, Senator Rossi: Exempting regulated utilities from seeking commission preapproval of some short-term notes having a maturity of twelve or fewer months. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

SB 5372 Prime Sponsor, Senator Finkbeiner: Limiting the number of times the maximum disposal fee at a radioactive waste disposal site may be adjusted. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997
SB 5520 Prime Sponsor, Senator McCaslin: Revising provisions relating to intimidation of witnesses.
Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Excused: Representative Kenney.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

ESB 5600 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hale: Making changes to the internal operations of counties.
Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 2.08.100 and 1939 c 189 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The county auditor of each county shall ((draw his warrant on the treasurer of such county on the first Monday of each month for the amount of salary due for the previous month from such county to the judge of the superior court thereof, and said warrant shall be paid by said treasurer out of the salary fund of said county: PROVIDED, That no such warrant shall be issued until the judge who is to receive the same shall have made an affidavit, in the manner provided by law, that no cause in his court remains pending and undecided contrary to the provisions of RCW 2.08.240 and of section 20, Article 4, Constitution of the state of Washington)) pay superior court judges in the same means and manner provided for all other elected officials.

Sec. 2. RCW 36.40.200 and 1963 c 4 s 36.40.200 are each amended to read as follows:
All appropriations shall lapse at the end of the fiscal year: PROVIDED, That the appropriation accounts ((shall)) may remain open for a period of thirty days, and may, at the auditor’s discretion, remain open for a period not to exceed sixty days thereafter for the payment of claims incurred against such appropriations prior to the close of the fiscal year.
After such period has expired all appropriations shall become null and void and any claim presented thereafter against any such appropriation shall be provided for in the next ensuing budget: PROVIDED, That this shall not prevent payments upon uncompleted improvements in progress at the close of the fiscal year.

Sec. 3. RCW 36.40.250 and 1995 c 193 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
In lieu of adopting an annual budget, the county legislative authority of any county may adopt an ordinance or a resolution providing for biennial budgets with a mid-biennium review and modification for the second year of the biennium. The county legislative authority may repeal such an ordinance or resolution and revert to adopting annual budgets for a period commencing after the end of a biennial budget cycle. The county legislative authority of a county with a biennial budget cycle may adopt supplemental and emergency budgets in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the county legislative authority in a county with an annual budget cycle.
The procedure and steps for adopting a biennial budget shall conform with the procedure and steps for adopting an annual budget and with requirements established by the state auditor. The state auditor shall establish requirements for preparing and adopting the mid-biennial review and modification for the second year of the biennium.
Expenditures included in the biennial budget, mid-term modification budget, supplemental budget, or emergency budget shall constitute the appropriations for the county during the applicable
period of the budget and every county official shall be limited in making expenditures or incurring liabilities to the amount of the detailed appropriation item or classes in the budget.

In lieu of adopting an annual budget or a biennial budget with a mid-biennium review for all funds, the legislative authority of any county may adopt an ordinance or a resolution providing for a biennial budget or budgets for any one or more funds of the county, with a mid-biennium review and modification for the second year of the biennium, with the other funds remaining on an annual budget. The county legislative authority may repeal such an ordinance or resolution and revert to adopting annual budgets for a period commencing after the end of the biennial budget or biennial budgets for the specific agency fund or funds. The county legislative authority of a county with a biennial budget cycle may adopt supplemental and emergency budgets in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as the county legislative authority in a county with an annual budget cycle.

The county legislative authority shall hold a public hearing on the proposed county property taxes and proposed road district property taxes prior to imposing the property tax levies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 36.40 RCW to read as follows: In addition to the supplemental appropriations provided in RCW 36.40.100 and 36.40.140, the county legislative authority may provide by ordinance or resolution a policy for supplemental appropriations as a result of unanticipated funds from local, state, or federal revenue sources.

Sec. 5. RCW 35.42.010 and 1965 c 7 s 35.42.010 are each amended to read as follows: It is the purpose of RCW 35.42.010 through 35.42.090 to supplement existing law for the leasing of space by counties, cities, and towns to provide for the leasing of such space through leases with an option to purchase and the acquisition of buildings erected upon land owned by a county, city, or town upon the expiration of a lease of such land.

Sec. 6. RCW 35.42.020 and 1965 c 7 s 35.42.020 are each amended to read as follows: The term "building" as used in RCW 35.42.010 through 35.42.090 shall be construed to mean any building or buildings used as a part of, or in connection with, the operation of a county, city, or town, and shall include the site and appurtenances, including but not limited to, heating facilities, water supply, sewage disposal, landscaping, walks, and drives.

Sec. 7. RCW 35.42.030 and 1965 c 7 s 35.42.030 are each amended to read as follows: Any county, city, or town may, as lessee, lease a building for its use for a term of not to exceed fifty years.

Sec. 8. RCW 35.42.040 and 1965 c 7 s 35.42.040 are each amended to read as follows: A lease of a building executed pursuant to RCW 35.42.010 through 35.42.090 may grant the lessee county, city, or town an option to renew for a further term on like conditions, or an option to purchase the building covered by the lease at any time prior to the expiration of the term. A lease with an option to purchase shall provide that all sums paid as rent up to the time of exercising the option shall be credited toward the payment of the purchase price as of the date of payment. No lease shall provide, nor be construed to provide, that any county, city, or town shall be under any obligation to purchase the leased building.

Sec. 9. RCW 35.42.050 and 1965 c 7 s 35.42.050 are each amended to read as follows: A lease of a building may provide that as a part of the rental, the lessee county, city, or town may pay taxes and assessments on the leased building, maintain insurance thereon for the benefit of the lessor, and assume responsibilities for repair, replacement, alterations, and improvements during the term of the lease.

Sec. 10. RCW 35.42.060 and 1965 c 7 s 35.42.060 are each amended to read as follows: A county, city, or town may, in anticipation of the acquisition of a site and the construction of a building, execute a lease, as lessee, prior to the actual acquisition of a site and the construction of a building, but the lease shall not require payment of rental by the lessee until the building is ready for occupancy. The lessor shall furnish a bond satisfactory to the lessee conditioned on the delivery of possession of the completed building to the lessee county, city, or town at the time prescribed in the
lease, unavoidable delay excepted. The lease shall provide that no part of the cost of construction of the building shall ever become an obligation of the lessee county, city or town.

Sec. 11. RCW 35.42.070 and 1965 c 7 s 35.42.070 are each amended to read as follows:

Any county, city or town desiring to have a building for its use erected on land owned, or to be acquired, by it, may, as lessor, lease the land for a reasonable rental for a term of not to exceed fifty years: PROVIDED, That the county, city or town shall lease Backlund the building or a portion thereof for the same term. The leases shall contain terms as agreed upon between the parties, and shall include the following provisions:

(1) No part of the cost of construction of the building shall ever be or become an obligation of the county, city or town.

(2) The county, city or town shall have a prior right to occupy any or all of the building upon payment of rental as agreed upon by the parties, which rental shall not exceed prevailing rates for comparable space.

(3) During any time that all or any portion of the building is not required for occupancy by the county, city or town, the lessee of the land may rent the unneeded portion to suitable tenants approved by the county, city or town.

(4) Upon the expiration of the lease, all buildings and improvements on the land shall become the property of the county, city or town.

Sec. 12. RCW 35.42.080 and 1985 c 469 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:
A lease and lease Backlund agreement requiring a lessee to build on county, city or town property shall be made pursuant to a call for bids upon terms most advantageous to the county, city or town. The call for bids shall be given by posting notice thereof in a public place in the county, city or town and by publication in the official newspaper of the county, city or town once each week for two consecutive weeks before the date fixed for opening the bids. The city council or commission of the city or town, or county legislative authority, may by resolution reject all bids and make further calls for bids in the same manner as the original call. If no bid is received on the first call, the city council or commission or county legislative authority may readvertise and make a second call, or may execute a lease without any further call for bids.

Sec. 13. RCW 35.42.200 and 1990 c 205 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Any county, city or town may execute leases for a period of years with or without an option to purchase with the state or any of its political subdivisions, with the government of the United States, or with any private party for the lease of any real or personal property, or property rights: PROVIDED, That with respect only to leases that finance the acquisition of property by the lessee, the aggregated portions of lease payments over the term of the lease which are allocable to principal shall constitute debt, which shall not result in a total indebtedness in excess of one and one-half percent of the taxable property of such county, city or town computed in accordance with RCW 39.36.030, unless a proposition in regard to whether or not such a lease may be executed is submitted to the voters for their approval or rejection in the same manner that bond issues for capital purposes are submitted, and the voters approve the same.

Sec. 14. RCW 35.42.210 and 1965 c 7 s 35.42.210 are each amended to read as follows:
If at the time an option to purchase is exercised the remaining amount to be paid in order to purchase the real or personal property leased after crediting the rental payments toward the total purchase price therefor does not result in a total indebtedness in excess of one and one-half percent of the taxable property of such county, city or town computed in accordance with RCW 39.36.030, such a county, city or town may exercise its option to purchase such property. If such remaining amount to be paid to purchase such leased property will result in a total indebtedness in excess of one and one-half percent of the taxable property of such county, city or town, a proposition in regard to whether or not to purchase the property shall be submitted to the voters for approval or rejection in the same manner that bond issues for capital purposes are submitted to the voters.

Sec. 15. RCW 35.42.220 and 1965 c 7 s 35.42.220 are each amended to read as follows:
The annual budget of a county, city or town shall provide for the payment of rental that falls due in the year for which the budget is applicable: PROVIDED, That if the cost of the real or personal
property to be leased exceeds the amounts specified in RCW 36.32.235, 35.22.620, or 35.23.352 prior to the execution of a lease with option to purchase therefor, the county, city, or town shall call for bids in accordance with RCW 36.32.235, 35.22.620, or 35.23.352: PROVIDED, That if at the expiration of a lease with option to purchase a county, city, or town exercises such an option, the fact that the rental payments theretofore made equal the amount of the purchase price of the real or personal property involved in such lease shall not preclude the agreement from being a lease with option to purchase up to the date of the exercising of the option.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. RCW 36.40.110 and 1963 c 4 s 36.40.110 are each repealed."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5628 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Energy & Utilities (S): Authorizing the utilities and transportation commission to exempt electrical and natural gas companies from securities regulation. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5650 Prime Sponsor, Senator McDonald: Allowing cities to assume jurisdiction over water or sewer districts. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 35.13A RCW to read as follows: The board of commissioners of a water-sewer district may by resolution declare that it is in the best interests of the district for a city to assume jurisdiction of the district. None of the territory or assessed valuation of the district need be included within the corporate boundaries of the city. If the city legislative body agrees to assume jurisdiction of the district, the district and the city shall enter into a contract under RCW 35.13A.070, acceptable to both the district and the city, to carry out the assumption. The contract must provide for the transfer to the city of all real and personal property, franchises, rights, assets, taxes levied but not collected for the district for other than indebtedness, water and sewer lines, and all other facilities and equipment of the district. The transfers are subject to all financial, statutory, or contractual obligations of the district for the security or performance of which the property may have been pledged. The city may manage, control, maintain, and operate the property, facilities, and equipment and fix and collect service and other charges from owners and occupants of properties so served by the city. However, the actions of the city are subject to any
outstanding indebtedness, bonded or otherwise, of the district payable from taxes, assessments, or revenues of any kind or nature and to any other contractual obligations of the district, including but not limited to the contract entered into by the city and the district under RCW 35.13A.070.

Under the contract, the city may assume the obligation of paying the district indebtedness and of levying and collecting or causing to be collected the district taxes, assessments, and utility rates and charges of any kind or nature to pay and secure the payment of the indebtedness, according to all terms, conditions, and covenants incident to the indebtedness. The city shall assume and perform all other outstanding contractual obligations of the district in accordance with all of their terms, conditions, and covenants. The assumption does not impair the obligation of any indebtedness or other contractual obligation entered into after the effective date of this act. Until the outstanding indebtedness of the district has been discharged, the territory of the district and the owners and occupants of property in it, continue to be liable for its and their proportionate share of the indebtedness, including outstanding assessments levied by a local improvement district or utility local improvement district within the water-sewer district. The city shall assume the obligation of paying the indebtedness, collecting the assessments and charges, and observing and performing the other district contractual obligations. The legislative body of the city shall act as the officers of the district for the purpose of certifying the amount of any property tax to be levied and collected in the district, and causing service and other charges and assessments to be collected from the property or owners or occupants of it, enforcing the collection, and performing all other acts necessary to insure performance of the district’s contractual obligations.

When the city assumes the obligation of paying the outstanding indebtedness, and if property taxes or assessments have been levied and service or other charges have accrued for that purpose but have not been collected by the district before the assumption, the taxes, assessments, and charges collected belong and must be paid to the city and used by the city so far as necessary for payment of indebtedness of the district that existed and was unpaid on the date the city elected to assume the indebtedness. Funds received by the city that have been collected for the purpose of paying bonded or other indebtedness of the district must be used for the purpose for which they were collected and for no other purpose. Outstanding indebtedness must be paid as provided in the bond covenants. The city shall use funds of the district on deposit with the county treasurer at the time of title transfer solely for the benefit of the utility, and shall not transfer them to or use them for the benefit of the city’s general fund.

Sec. 2. RCW 35.13A.070 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, one or more cities and one or more (water districts or sewer) water-sewer districts may, through their legislative authorities, authorize a contract with respect to the rights, powers, duties, and obligation of such cities, or districts with regard to the use and ownership of property, the providing of services, the maintenance and operation of facilities, allocation of cost, financing and construction of new facilities, application and use of assets, disposition of liabilities and debts, the performance of contractual obligations, and any other matters arising out of the inclusion, in whole or in part, of the district or districts within any city or cities, or the assumption by the city of jurisdiction of a district under section 1 of this act. The contract may provide for the furnishing of services by any party thereto and the use of city or district facilities or real estate for such purpose, and may also provide for the time during which such district or districts may continue to exercise any rights, privileges, powers, and functions provided by law for such district or districts as if the district or districts or portions thereof were not included within a city or were not subject to an assumption of jurisdiction under section 1 of this act, including not by way of limitation, the right to promulgate rules and regulations, to levy and collect special assessments, rates, charges, service charges, and connection fees, (and) to adopt and carry out the provisions of a comprehensive plan, and amendments thereto, for a system of improvements and to issue general obligation bonds or revenue bonds in the manner provided by law. The contract may provide for the transfer to a city of district facilities, property, rights, and powers as provided in RCW 35.13A.050 (and) 35.13A.050, and section 1 of this act, whether or not sixty percent or any of the area or assessed valuation of real estate lying within the district or districts is included within such city. The contract may provide that any party thereto may authorize, issue, and sell revenue bonds to provide funds for new water or sewer improvements or to refund any water revenue, sewer revenue, or combined water and sewer revenue bonds outstanding of any city, or district which is a party to such contract if such refunding is deemed necessary, providing such refunding will not increase interest
costs. The contract may provide that any party thereto may authorize and issue, in the manner provided by law, general obligation or revenue bonds of like amounts, terms, conditions, and covenants as the outstanding bonds of any other party to the contract, and such new bonds may be substituted or exchanged for such outstanding bonds (PROVIDED, That). However, no such exchange or substitution shall be effected in such a manner as to impair the obligation or security of any such outstanding bonds.

Sec. 3. RCW 35.13A.080 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

In any of the cases provided for in RCW 35.13A.020, 35.13A.030, (and) 35.13A.050, and section 1 of this act, and notwithstanding any other method of dissolution provided by law, dissolution proceedings may be initiated by either the city or the district, or both, when the legislative body of the city and the governing body of the district agree to, and petition for, dissolution of the district.

The petition for dissolution shall be signed by the chief administrative officer of the city and the district, upon authorization of the legislative body of the city and the governing body of the district, respectively and such petition shall be presented to the superior court of the county in which the city is situated.

If the petition is thus authorized by both the city and district, and title to the property, facilities, and equipment of the district has passed to the city pursuant to action taken under this chapter, all indebtedness and local improvement district or utility local improvement district assessments of the district have been discharged or assumed by and transferred to the city, and the petition contains a statement of the distribution of assets and liabilities mutually agreed upon by the city and the district and a copy of the agreement between such city and the district is attached thereto, a hearing shall not be required and the court shall, if the interests of all interested parties have been protected, enter an order dissolving the district.

In any of the cases provided for in RCW 35.13A.020 (and) 35.13A.030, and section 1 of this act, if the petition for an order of dissolution is signed on behalf of the city alone or the district alone, or there is no mutual agreement on the distribution of assets and liabilities, the superior court shall enter an order fixing a hearing date not less than sixty days from the day the petition is filed, and the clerk of the court of the county shall give notice of such hearing by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the district once a week for three successive weeks and by posting in three public places in the district at least twenty-one days before the hearing. The notice shall set forth the filing of the petition, its purposes, and the date and place of hearing thereon.

After the hearing the court shall enter its order with respect to the dissolution of the district. If the court finds that such district should be dissolved and the functions performed by the city, the court shall provide for the transfer of assets and liabilities to the city. The court may provide for the dissolution of the district upon such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. A certified copy of the court order dissolving the district shall be filed with the county auditor. If the court does not dissolve the district, it shall state the reasons for declining to do so."

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

SSB 5684 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Prescribing procedures for decreasing fire protection district commissioners. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 26, 1997

SSB 5763

Prime Sponsor, Committee on Energy & Utilities (S): Prohibiting the taxation of internet service providers as network telephone service providers. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The legislature finds that the newly emerging business of providing internet service is providing widespread benefits to all levels of society. The legislature further finds that this business is important to our state’s continued growth in the high-technology sector of the economy and that, as this industry emerges, it should not be burdened by new taxes that might not be appropriate for the type of service being provided. The legislature further finds that there is no clear statutory guidance as to how internet services should be classified for tax purposes and intends to ratify the state’s current treatment of such services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW to read as follows:

Until July 1, 1999, a city or town may not impose any new taxes or fees specific to internet service providers. A city or town may tax internet service providers under generally applicable business taxes or fees, at a rate not to exceed the rate applied to a general service classification. For the purposes of this section, “internet service” has the same meaning as in section 4 of this act.

Sec. 4. RCW 82.04.055 and 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 201 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) "Selected business services" means:
(a) Stenographic, secretarial, and clerical services.
(b) Computer services, including but not limited to computer programming, custom software modification, custom software installation, custom software maintenance, custom software repair, training in the use of custom software, computer systems design, and custom software update services.
(c) Data processing services, including but not limited to word processing, data entry, data retrieval, data search, information compilation, payroll processing, business accounts processing, data production, and other computerized data and information storage or manipulation. Data processing services also includes the use of a computer or computer time for data processing whether the processing is performed by the provider of the computer or by the purchaser or other beneficiary of the service.
(d) Information services, including but not limited to electronic data retrieval or research that entails furnishing financial or legal information, data or research, internet service as defined in section 4 of this act, general or specialized news, or current information unless such news or current information is furnished to a newspaper publisher or to a radio or television station licensed by the federal communications commission.
(e) Legal, arbitration, and mediation services, including but not limited to paralegal services, legal research services, and court reporting services.
(f) Accounting, auditing, actuarial, bookkeeping, tax preparation, and similar services.
(g) Design services whether or not performed by persons licensed or certified, including but not limited to the following:
(i) Engineering services, including civil, electrical, mechanical, petroleum, marine, nuclear, and design engineering, machine designing, machine tool designing, and sewage disposal system designing;
(ii) Architectural services, including but not limited to: Structural or landscape design or architecture, interior design, building design, building program management, and space planning.
(h) Business consulting services. Business consulting services are those primarily providing operating counsel, advice, or assistance to the management or owner of any business, private,
nonprofit, or public organization, including but not limited to those in the following areas: Administrative management consulting, general management consulting, human resource consulting or training, management engineering consulting, management information systems consulting, manufacturing management consulting, marketing consulting, operations research consulting, personnel management consulting, physical distribution consulting, site location consulting, economic consulting, motel, hotel, and resort consulting, restaurant consulting, government affairs consulting, and lobbying.

(i) Business management services, including but not limited to administrative management, business management, and office management, but not including property management or property leasing, motel, hotel, and resort management, or automobile parking management.

(j) Protective services, including but not limited to detective agency services and private investigating services, armored car services, guard or protective services, lie detection or polygraph services, and security system, burglar, or fire alarm monitoring and maintenance services.

(k) Public relations or advertising services, including but not limited to layout, art direction, graphic design, copy writing, mechanical preparation, opinion research, marketing research, marketing, or production supervision, but excluding services provided as part of broadcast or print advertising.

(l) Aerial and land surveying, geological consulting, and real estate appraising.

(2) Subsection (1) of this section notwithstanding, the term "selected business services" does not include:

(a) The provision of either permanent or temporary employees.

(b) Services provided by a public benefit nonprofit organization, as defined in RCW 82.04.366, to the state of Washington, its political subdivisions, municipal corporations, or quasi-municipal corporations.

(c) Services related to the identification, investigation, or cleanup arising out of the release or threatened release of hazardous substances when the services are remedial or response actions performed under federal or state law, or when the services are performed to determine if a release of hazardous substances has occurred or is likely to occur.

(d) Services provided to or performed for, on behalf of, or for the benefit of a collective investment fund such as: (i) A mutual fund or other regulated investment company as defined in section 851(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended; (ii) an "investment company" as that term is used in section 3(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 as well as an entity that would be an investment company under section 3(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 except for the section 3(c)(1) or (11) exemptions, or except that it is a foreign investment company organized under laws of a foreign country; (iii) an "employee benefit plan," which includes any plan, trust, commingled employee benefit trusts, or custodial arrangement that is subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 et seq., or that is described in sections 125, 401, 403, 408, 457, and 501(c)(9) and (17) through (23) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, or similar plan maintained by state or local governments, or plans, trusts, or custodial arrangements established to self-insure benefits required by federal, state, or local law; (iv) a fund maintained by a tax exempt organization as defined in section 501(c)(3) or 509(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, for operating, quasi-endowment, or endowment purposes; or (v) funds that are established for the benefit of such tax exempt organization such as charitable remainder trusts, charitable lead trusts, charitable annuity trusts, or other similar trusts.

(e) Research or experimental services eligible for expense treatment under section 174 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

(f) Financial services provided by a financial institution. The term "financial institution" means a corporation, partnership, or other business organization chartered under Title 30, 31, 32, or 33 RCW, or under the National Bank Act, as amended, the Homeowners Loan Act, as amended, or the Federal Credit Union Act, as amended, or a holding company of any such business organization that is subject to the Bank Holding Company Act, as amended, or the Homeowners Loan Act, as amended, or a subsidiary or affiliate wholly owned or controlled by one or more financial institutions, as well as a lender approved by the United States secretary of housing and urban development for participation in any mortgage insurance program under the National Housing Act, as amended. The term "financial services" means those activities authorized by the laws cited in this subsection (2)(f) and includes services such as mortgage servicing, contract collection servicing, finance leasing, and services provided in a fiduciary capacity to a trust or estate.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The provision of internet services is a selected business service activity and subject to tax under RCW 82.04.290(1), but if RCW 82.04.055 is repealed then the provision of internet services is taxable under the general service business and occupation tax classification of RCW 82.04.290.

(2) "Internet" means the international computer network of both federal and nonfederal interoperable packet switched data networks, including the graphical subnetwork called the world wide web.

(3) "Internet service" means a service that includes computer processing applications, provides the user with additional or restructured information, or permits the user to interact with stored information through the internet or a proprietary subscriber network. "Internet service" includes provision of internet electronic mail, access to the internet for information retrieval, and hosting of information for retrieval over the internet or the graphical subnetwork called the world wide web.

Sec. 6. RCW 82.04.065 and 1983 2nd ex.s. c 3 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) "Competitive telephone service" means the providing by any person of telecommunications equipment or apparatus, or service related to that equipment or apparatus such as repair or maintenance service, if the equipment or apparatus is of a type which can be provided by persons that are not subject to regulation as telephone companies under Title 80 RCW and for which a separate charge is made.

(2) "Network telephone service" means the providing by any person of access to a local telephone network, local telephone network switching service, toll service, or coin telephone services, or the providing of telephonic, video, data, or similar communication or transmission for hire, via a local telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. "Network telephone service" includes interstate service, including toll service, originating from or received on telecommunications equipment or apparatus in this state if the charge for the service is billed to a person in this state. "Network telephone service" includes the provision of transmission to and from the site of an internet provider via a local telephone network, toll line or channel, cable, microwave, or similar communication or transmission system. "Network telephone service" does not include the providing of competitive telephone service, the providing of cable television service, nor the providing of broadcast services by radio or television stations, nor the provision of internet service as defined in section 4 of this act, including the reception of dial-in connection, provided at the site of the internet service provider.

(3) "Telephone service" means competitive telephone service or network telephone service, or both, as defined in subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

(4) "Telephone business" means the business of providing network telephone service, as defined in subsection (2) of this section. It includes cooperative or farmer line telephone companies or associations operating an exchange.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SSB 6046 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Energy & Utilities (S): Creating a study by the utilities and transportation commission on universal telecommunications service. Reported by Committee on Energy & Utilities

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 2, line 1, after "1998," insert "or within six months of the date the federal communications commission adopts universal service rules as required by the federal telecommunications act of 1996 (110 Stat. 56; PL 104-104), whichever is later,"

On page 2, line 1, after "the" insert "utilities and transportation"

Signed by Representatives Crouse, Chairman; DeBolt, Vice Chairman; Mastin, Vice Chairman; Poulsen, Ranking Minority Member; Morris, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Cooper; Honeyford; Kastama; Kessler; Mielke; Mulliken and B. Thomas.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated except for House Bill No. 2258 which was advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, March 31, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
Committee Report 1
Other Action 14

5060 (Sub)
Committee Report 1

5085
Committee Report 2

5181
Committee Report 2

5284
Committee Report 2

5332 (Sub)
Committee Report 3

5370
Committee Report 3

5371
Committee Report 3

5372
Committee Report 3

5520
Committee Report 4

5600
Committee Report 4

5628 (Sub)
Committee Report 8

5650
Committee Report 8

5684 (Sub)
Committee Report 10

5763 (Sub)
Committee Report 10

6046 (Sub)
Committee Report 14

8003
Intro & 1st Reading 1

SEVENTY-FIFTH DAY, MARCH 28, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Carlos Lugo and Vickerie Bailey. Prayer was offered by Pastor Jerry Cook, Eastside Foursquare Church, Kirkland.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

March 28, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6063, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

March 31, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8410, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5464, by Senate Committee on Higher Education (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl, Wood, Jacobsen, Winsley, Bauer, Hale, Patterson, Prince, Brown, Spanel, Sheldon, McAuliffe, Wojahn, Franklin, Thibaudeau, Snyder and Kline)

Extending gender equity provisions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and Butler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTIONS
On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representatives D. Schmidt, Buck, Cooke and Dunn were excused. On motion by Representative Cooper, Representative Sullivan was excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5464.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5464 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Voting nay: Representatives Koster, Mulliken and Sherstad - 3.

Excused: Representatives Buck, Cooke, Dunn, Schmidt, D. and Sullivan - 5.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5464, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4644, by Representatives Ballasiotes and Wensman

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Legislature to honor excellence in every field of endeavor; and

WHEREAS, The Mercer Island High School Islanders Boys Basketball Team won the 1997 AAA title; and

WHEREAS, The Islanders Boys Basketball Team players are Elliott Prasse-Freeman, Josh Fisher, Matt Logie, David Huhs, Diron Mobley, Tyler Besecker, Seth Greenberg, Jamien McCullum, Andrew Engvall, Bryan Brown, Will Russell, and Ben Jordan; and

WHEREAS, The Islanders, in their championship game, prevailed over a previously unbeaten team; and

WHEREAS, The Islanders asserted consistently tough defensive pressure, holding their opponents to just eighteen baskets out of forty-five attempts; and

WHEREAS, The Islanders have exemplified to their classmates the success that is possible in any field of endeavor when persistent effort is made; and

WHEREAS, The Islanders are a credit to their community;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Washington State House of Representatives honor and congratulate the Mercer Island High School Islanders Boys Basketball Team for their hard work, dedication, and sacrifice in achieving this significant accomplishment; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That Head Coach Ed Pepple and the Assistant Coaches Gary Patterson, Adam Cetekznik, Travis DeCuire, Kyle Pepple, Scott Didrickson, Lance Davenport, Principal Dr. Judy Smith, and Vice-Principal/Athletic Director Craig Olson be recognized for their leadership; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the teachers, classmates, and parents of the team members be recognized for the important part they played in helping these student athletes excel; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to each of the players and coaches of the Mercer Island High School Islanders Boys Basketball Team, the Principal, and the Vice-Principal/Athletic Director.
Representative Ballasiotes moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Ballasiotes, Quall and Wensman spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4644 was adopted.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4643, by Representatives Wensman and Ballasiotes

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Legislature to honor excellence in every field of endeavor; and
WHEREAS, The Mercer Island High School Islanders Girls Swimming and Diving Team won the 1996 State Championship; and
WHEREAS, The Islanders Girls Swimming and Diving Team State Championship participants were Harmony Danner, Michelle Harper, Colleen Helsel, Kendra Helsel, Anna Hoard, Ellie Humphries, Jane Humphries, Maya Jones, Chace Kloppenburg, Mollie LeClercq, Heather McClure, Siobhan Nolan, Melissa Schmelzer, Sarah Shulman, Kirty Strand, Jenny Vetter, Lauren Williams, and Rebecca Youngs; and
WHEREAS, The Islanders have won the last five consecutive State Championships, as well as the 1987 State Championship; and
WHEREAS, The Islanders have finished in the top ten during twenty-four of the past twenty-five years; and
WHEREAS, The Islanders have exemplified to their classmates the success that is possible in any field of endeavor when persistent effort is made; and
WHEREAS, The Islanders are a credit to their community;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor and congratulate the Mercer Island High School Islanders Girls Swimming and Diving Team for their hard work, dedication, and sacrifice in achieving these significant accomplishments; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That Varsity Coach Frank Ceteznik and Assistant Coaches Bob Harshbarger and Jane Ceteznik be recognized for their leadership; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the teachers, classmates, and parents of the team members be recognized for the important part they played in helping these student athletes excel; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Principal Dr. Judy Smith, Vice-Principal/Athletic Director Craig Olson, and to each of the coaches and members of the Mercer Island High School Islanders Girls Swimming and Diving Team that participated in the State Championship Team.

Representative Wensman moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Wensman and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4643 was adopted.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MOTION

Representative Lisk demanded a Call of the House and the demand was sustained.

CALL OF THE HOUSE

The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to lock the doors.

The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.
There being no objection, Representative D. Schmidt was excused, and the House proceeded with business under the Call of the House.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

March 28, 1997

HB 2259 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Making appropriations for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Grant and D. Schmidt.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SB 5008 Prime Sponsor, Senator Long: Modifying the adoption support reconsideration program. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 15, after "residing" insert "in a preadoptive placement funded by the department or"

Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

SSB 5012 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing: Filing certain insurance related corporate documents. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

SB 5029 Prime Sponsor, Senator Morton: Eliminating obsolete references in the water code. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Schoesler and Sump.

Excused: Representatives Mastin and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

SSB 5030 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Establishing procedures by which owners of single-family residences may use lake water for noncommercial landscape irrigation. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that as demands on water resources increase, water must be used in a manner that is most beneficial to the natural resources of the state, while avoiding unnecessary capital costs and public infrastructure expenditures. The legislature also finds that in appropriate circumstances, use of water from lakes and reservoirs by shoreland owners will allow more water to remain in rivers and streams for stockwater, fish, wildlife, municipal drinking water, and recreation. The legislature also finds that use of municipally treated drinking water for garden and landscape irrigation may in some cases be an unnecessary use of the public infrastructure, creating the need for additional public facilities to meet the demands of growing populations.

(2) The legislature finds that while there may be numerous benefits to using lake water in urban settings to water lawns and noncommercial gardens, the legislature also finds that great caution must be exercised when establishing a new exemption from the standard permit processing system for appropriating increasingly scarce water resources. The legislature therefore declares that any appropriations made under chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act) shall be limited to lakes and reservoirs in western Washington that are equal to or greater than twenty thousand surface acres.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall determine whether there is sufficient water in a lake or reservoir with a surface area of twenty thousand acres or more to allow owners of single-family residences that abut the lake or reservoir of twenty thousand acres or more located west of the crest of the Cascade mountains to use water for noncommercial garden and landscape irrigation.

(2) In making the determination provided for in subsection (1) of this section, the department shall consider at least the following factors:

(a) Whether there is water available to be appropriated;

(b) Whether allowing additional appropriation from the lake or reservoir may have an adverse impact on existing water right holders;

(c) The existing uses and applications for uses of water from the lake or reservoir;

(d) The effect on stockwater, fish, wildlife, and other instream resources of allowing or not allowing withdrawal from the lake or reservoir; and
(e) The lake’s or reservoir’s physical characteristics, including depth, volume, surface area, inflows, outflows, and surface level control features.

(3) If the department determines that there may be sufficient water in the lake or reservoir to allow use of water for single-family residential noncommercial garden and landscape irrigation, it shall hold one or more public hearings in the area affected by the proposal. At the public hearing, the department shall report on the factors described in subsection (2) of this section, any additional factors it has used to evaluate the proposal, and options for use of the available water that will satisfy requirements for efficiency.

(4) After reviewing comments received at the public hearing, the department shall make a final determination whether there is sufficient water available for single-family residential noncommercial garden and landscape irrigation purposes. If the department determines there is sufficient water it shall, by rule:

(a) Establish the maximum quantity of water that may be withdrawn from the lake or reservoir on a yearly basis for single-family noncommercial garden and landscape irrigation under this section;

(b) Establish conditions and limitations on withdrawal by individual property owners. The conditions and limitations may include, but are not limited to: Time of day and year, maximum area that may be watered, maximum flow and annual water usage allowed, protection for existing water right holders who may be affected by the withdrawal, and conservation and efficiency measures to be used. In adopting the terms and conditions, the department shall encourage water use efficiency and conservation; and

(c) Establish screening requirements to protect fish life.

(5) A person withdrawing water under a rule adopted under subsection (4) of this section may, but shall not be required to, apply for a water right permit as otherwise provided by this chapter. The right to withdraw water under this section shall have a priority date of the effective date of the rule adopted pursuant to this section.

(6) The department may suspend temporarily the authority to withdraw water granted under this section if the department determines:

(a) Under chapter 43.83B RCW that drought conditions exist in the geographical area including a lake or reservoir for which the department has established water withdrawal standards under subsection (4) of this section; or

(b) By rule that continued withdrawal of water under this section will have an adverse impact on flows or lake levels below essential minimums necessary to assure the maintenance of existing water rights or claims, fisheries requirements, or to protect federal or state interests including, but not limited to, power generation, navigation, and shoreline facilities.

(7) The department may temporarily suspend or impose conditions on the withdrawal of water authorized under this section if there is a water shortage in the geographical area including the lake or reservoir and a public water system with a water right affected by the withdrawal authorized under this section has imposed use restrictions and has requested similar restrictions for water withdrawn under this section.

(8) The department shall conduct the analysis required by subsection (1) of this section for lakes and reservoirs of twenty thousand acres or more located west of the crest of the Cascade mountains and, if it determines water is available, adopt the rule required by subsection (4) of this section not later than June 1, 1998.

(9) If requested by a public water system that may be affected by the withdrawal of water authorized under subsection (4) of this section, the department shall notify the system of use restrictions that the department has established and shall consult with the system on methods to enforce the restrictions imposed under subsection (4) of this section.

(10) Any person withdrawing water under the provisions of this section who uses an irrigation system that has connections to both the supply from the lake or reservoir and a potable drinking water supply system shall assure that the irrigation system complies with all health, safety, and building code requirements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) If water is appropriated as authorized in chapter . . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act), the department of ecology shall evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of allowing similar appropriations in other urban lakes and reservoirs and report its findings to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature by June 1, 2000.

(2) This section expires June 30, 2000."
Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Koster; Regala and Sump.


Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Koster, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Delvin and Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997
SB 5066 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Regulating trademarks. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Smith, L. Thomas, Wensman and Wolfe.
Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Gardner, Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997
SSB 5079 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Providing an alternative means to comply with wastewater discharge permit requirements. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

*NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The purpose of this act is to encourage environmental permit program efficiency and pollution prevention through increased private sector participation in the preparation of wastewater discharge permits currently administered by the department of ecology. The legislature recognizes that pollution prevention can often be accomplished through cooperative partnerships between government and industry and through voluntary changes in industrial production methods. By using expertise available in the private sector, the permit preparation option provided in this act is intended to reduce the time required to issue wastewater discharge permits and better protect the water quality of the state.*

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Within fifteen days of receipt of an application for the issuance of a new permit or modification of an existing permit under RCW 90.48.160 or 90.48.260, the department shall determine whether it is likely that the permit will be processed within one hundred eighty days. If the department determines that a permit will not be processed within one hundred eighty days, the applicant shall be notified. Upon receipt of this notification, an applicant may choose to proceed with the draft permit preparation option in subsection (2) of this section.
(2) Any person applying for the issuance of a new permit or modification of an existing permit under RCW 90.48.160 or 90.48.260 may submit an application with a draft permit and fact sheet if the department cannot process the permit within the timeline provided in subsection (1) of this section.
(3) The department shall approve or deny the permit proposal within forty-five days of submission if no public hearing is required, or within ninety days of submission if a public hearing is
required. The department or the applicant may negotiate a permit proposal if both parties agree to a
timeline. The department retains full authority under this chapter to approve, modify, or disapprove
any draft permit or fact sheet submitted under this section.

(4) The department shall make available guidelines specifying the elements of a complete draft
permit and fact sheet.”

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice
Chairman; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking
Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Anderson, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler
and Sump.

Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Cooper and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SSB 5125 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Health & Long-Term Care: Authorizing revisions in medical
assistance managed care contracting under federal demonstration waivers. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman;
Backlund, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking
Minority Member; Anderson, Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.

Voting Yea: Representatives Dyer, Backlund, Cody, Murray, Anderson, Conway, Parlette,
Sherstad, Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representative Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SB 5272 Prime Sponsor, Senator Long: Limiting political activities of citizen members of the
legislative ethics board. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Sommers, Vice
Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith;
L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Smith, L. Thomas,
Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Gardner, Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

ESSB 5273 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Regulating compensatory
mitigation. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:
   (a) The state lacks a clear policy relating to the mitigation of wetlands and aquatic habitat for infrastructure development;
   (b) Regulatory agencies have generally required project proponents to use compensatory mitigation only at the site of the project's impacts and to mitigate narrowly for the habitat or biological functions impacted by a project;
   (c) This practice of considering traditional on-site, in-kind mitigation may provide fewer environmental benefits when compared to innovative mitigation proposals that provide benefits in advance of a project's planned impacts and that restore functions or habitat other than those impacted at a project site; and
   (d) Regulatory decisions on development proposals that attempt to incorporate innovative mitigation measures take an unreasonably long period of time and are subject to a great deal of uncertainty and additional expenses.

   (2) The legislature therefore declares that it is the policy of the state to authorize innovative mitigation measures by requiring state regulatory agencies to consider mitigation proposals for infrastructure projects that are timed, designed, and located in a manner to provide equal or better biological functions and values compared to traditional on-site, in-kind mitigation proposals.

   (3) It is the intent of the legislature to authorize local governments to accommodate the goals of this chapter. It is not the intent of the legislature to: (a) Restrict the ability of a project proponent to pursue project specific mitigation; or (b) create any new authority for regulating wetlands or aquatic habitat beyond what is specifically provided for in this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

   (1) "Mitigation" means sequentially avoiding impacts, minimizing impacts, or compensating for remaining unavoidable impacts.

   (2) "Compensatory mitigation" means the restoration, creation, enhancement, or preservation of uplands, wetlands, or other aquatic resources for the purposes of compensating for unavoidable adverse impacts that remain after all appropriate and practicable avoidance and minimization has been achieved. "Compensatory mitigation" includes mitigation that:
      (a) Occurs at the same time as, or in advance of, a project's planned environmental impacts;
      (b) Is located in a site either on, near, or distant from the project's impacts; and
      (c) Provides either the same or different biological functions and values as the functions and values impacted by the project.

   (3) "Infrastructure development" means an action that is critical for the maintenance or expansion of an existing infrastructure feature such as a highway, rail line, airport, marine terminal, utility corridor, harbor area, or hydroelectric facility and is consistent with an approved land use planning process. This planning process may include the growth management act, chapter 36.70A RCW, or the shoreline management act, chapter 90.58 RCW, in areas covered by those chapters.

   (4) "Mitigation plan" means a document or set of documents developed through joint discussions between a project proponent and environmental regulatory agencies that describe the unavoidable wetland or aquatic resource impacts of the proposed infrastructure development and the proposed compensatory mitigation for those impacts.

   (5) "Project proponent" means a public or private entity responsible for preparing a mitigation plan.

   (6) "Watershed" means an area identified as a state of Washington water resource inventory area under WAC 173-500-040 as it exists on the effective date of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) Project proponents may use a mitigation plan to propose compensatory mitigation within a watershed. A mitigation plan shall:
   (a) Contain provisions that guarantee the long-term viability of the created, restored, enhanced, or preserved habitat, including assurances for protecting any essential biological functions and values defined in the mitigation plan;
   (b) Contain provisions for long-term monitoring of any created, restored, or enhanced mitigation site; and
   (c) Be consistent with the local comprehensive land use plan and any other applicable planning process in effect for the development area, such as an adopted subbasin or watershed plan.
(2) The departments of ecology and fish and wildlife may not limit the scope of options in a mitigation plan to areas on or near the project site, or to habitat types of the same type as contained on the project site. The departments of ecology and fish and wildlife shall fully review and give due consideration to compensatory mitigation proposals that improve the overall biological functions and values of the watershed or bay and accommodate the mitigation needs of infrastructure development.

The departments of ecology and fish and wildlife are not required to grant approval to a mitigation plan that the departments find does not provide equal or better biological functions and values within the watershed or bay.

(3) When making a permit or other regulatory decision under the guidance of this chapter, the departments of ecology and fish and wildlife shall consider whether the mitigation plan provides equal or better biological functions and values, compared to the existing conditions, for the target resources or species identified in the mitigation plan. This consideration shall be based upon the following factors:

(a) The relative value of the mitigation for the target resources, in terms of the quality and quantity of biological functions and values provided;
(b) The compatibility of the proposal with the intent of broader resource management and habitat management objectives and plans, such as existing resource management plans, watershed plans, critical areas ordinances, and shoreline master programs;
(c) The ability of the mitigation to address scarce functions or values within a watershed;
(d) The benefits of the proposal to broader watershed landscape, including the benefits of connecting various habitat units or providing population-limiting habitats or functions for target species;
(e) The benefits of early implementation of habitat mitigation for projects that provide compensatory mitigation in advance of the project’s planned impacts; and
(f) The significance of any negative impacts to nontarget species or resources.

(4) A mitigation plan may be approved through a memorandum of agreement between the project proponent and either the department of ecology or the department of fish and wildlife, or both.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) In making regulatory decisions relating to wetland or aquatic resource mitigation, the departments of ecology and fish and wildlife shall, at the request of the project proponent, follow the guidance of sections 1 through 3 of this act.

(2) If the department of ecology or the department of fish and wildlife receives multiple requests for review of mitigation plans, each department may schedule its review of these proposals to conform to available budgetary resources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 75.20 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall not require mitigation for sediment dredging or capping actions that result in a cleaner aquatic environment and equal or better habitat functions and values, if the actions are taken under a state or federal cleanup action.

This chapter shall not be construed to require habitat mitigation for navigation and maintenance dredging of existing channels and berthing areas.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 75.20 RCW to read as follows:

When reviewing a mitigation plan under RCW 75.20.100 or RCW 75.20.103, the department shall, at the request of the project proponent, follow the guidance contained in sections 1 through 4 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:

When exercising its powers under RCW 90.48.260, the department shall, at the request of the project proponent, follow the guidance contained in sections 1 through 4 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Sections 1 through 4 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 90 RCW.

Correct the title.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

SB 5299 Prime Sponsor, Senator Swecker: Requiring that a petition of review be served upon local government. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Fisher; Gardner; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

SB 5434 Prime Sponsor, Senator Stevens: Providing for designation of mineral resource lands. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 2, line 33, after "regulations." insert the following:
"Reasonable notice of additions or amendments to comprehensive plans or development regulations shall be given to property owners and other affected and interested individuals. The county shall use either an existing reasonable notice provision already employed by the county or a new reasonable notice provision, including any of the following:
(a) Notifying owners of real property, as shown by the records of the county assessor, located within three hundred feet of the boundaries of the proposed designation;
(b) Publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, city, or general area where the mineral resource deposits are located;
(c) Notifying public or private groups with know interest in the proposed mineral resource designation; or
(d) Placing notices in appropriate regional, neighborhood, or trade journals."

Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Fisher; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Gardner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Lantz and Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997
SSB 5462 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Changing local government permit timeline provisions. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SB 5517 Prime Sponsor, Senator Wood: Requiring one student member on each state institution of higher education’s governing board. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.


Voting Nay: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SB 5530 Prime Sponsor, Senator Morton: Defining agriculture. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 2, after line 14, insert the following:
"The term "agriculture" does not mean a farmer’s processing for sale or handling for sale a commodity or product grown or produced by a person other than the farmer or the farmer’s employees."

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SB 5551 Prime Sponsor, Senator Prince: Designating significant historic places. Reported by Committee on Government Administration
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Smith, L. Thomas, Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Gardner, Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5575 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing: Regulating mortgage brokers. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESB 5590 Prime Sponsor, Senator Newhouse: Funding a biosolids management program. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 15, after "elements," insert "providing technical assistance"

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5659 Prime Sponsor, Senator Morton: Regulating the beef commission. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 9, after "packer." strike all material through "nonvoting member." on line 10 and insert "If an otherwise voting member is elected as the chair of the commission, the member may, during the member’s term as chair of the commission, cast a vote as a member of the commission only to break a tie vote."

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.
Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SB 5743 Prime Sponsor, Senator Wood: Creating a leasehold excise tax exemption for organizations qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code that provide student housing. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luvan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luvan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

ESB 5800 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hargrove: Changing the shoreline substantial development exemption for docks. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

SB 6007 Prime Sponsor, Senator Winsley: Eliminating the operating expenses limitation on mutual savings banks. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

SSB 6062 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Making appropriations for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) A budget is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions set forth in the following sections, the several amounts specified in the following sections, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated and authorized to be incurred for salaries, wages, and other expenses of the agencies and offices of the state and for other specified purposes for the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1999, except as otherwise provided, out of the several funds of the state hereinafter named.

(2) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this act.

(a) "Fiscal year 1998" or "FY 1998" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998.
(b) "Fiscal year 1999" or "FY 1999" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999.
(c) "FTE" means full time equivalent.
(d) "Lapse" or "revert" means the amount shall return to an unappropriated status.
(e) "Provided solely" means the specified amount may be spent only for the specified purpose.

Unless otherwise specifically authorized in this act, any portion of an amount provided solely for a specified purpose which is unnecessary to fulfill the specified purpose shall lapse.

PART I
GENERAL GOVERNMENT

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. FOR THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 24,216,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 25,637,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 49,853,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$75,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $75,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the independent operations of the legislative ethics board. Expenditure decisions of the board, including employment of staff, shall be independent of the senate and house of representatives.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. FOR THE SENATE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 19,232,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 20,663,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 39,895,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$75,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $75,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the independent operations of the legislative ethics board. Expenditure decisions of the board, including employment of staff, shall be independent of the senate and house of representatives.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. FOR THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND REVIEW COMMITTEE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,501,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,445,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,946,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $80,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $20,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a coordinated study of and recommendations for student financial aid and tuition policy. The study shall consider how tuition and financial aid policies might be formulated to maximize access to higher education services, promote equity in educational opportunity among households of varying income levels, and preserve a range of educational choices for students. The study shall include an evaluation of resources and benefits.
available to students to maximize state financial aid program funds. The committee shall complete the
study and issue a report to the legislature by November 1, 1998.

(2) $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely to
implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071 (school district territory). If the bill is not enacted by June
30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. FOR THE LEGISLATIVE EVALUATION AND
ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM COMMITTEE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,163,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,232,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,395,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE STATE ACTUARY
Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account Appropriation $ 1,681,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. FOR THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE SYSTEMS COMMITTEE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 5,430,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 5,430,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 10,860,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. FOR THE STATUTE LAW COMMITTEE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 3,212,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 3,552,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 6,764,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. FOR THE SUPREME COURT
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 4,642,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 4,815,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 9,457,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. FOR THE LAW LIBRARY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,769,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,783,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 3,552,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. FOR THE COURT OF APPEALS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 10,300,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 10,207,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 20,507,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $271,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation is provided solely for an
additional judge position and related support staff in division I, effective July 1, 1998.
(2) $490,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation is provided solely for
remodeling existing space in division I court facilities to house additional staff.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. FOR THE COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 652,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 652,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 1,304,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. FOR THE ADMINISTRATOR FOR THE COURTS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 12,488,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 12,495,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) Funding provided in the judicial information systems account appropriation shall be used for the operations and maintenance of technology systems that improve services provided by the supreme court, the court of appeals, the office of public defense, and the office of the administrator for the courts. $400,000 of the judicial information systems account appropriation is provided solely for the year 2000 date conversion.

(2) $6,610,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the continuation of treatment alternatives to street crime (TASC) programs in Pierce, Snohomish, Clark, King, Spokane, and Yakima counties.

(3) $125,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the workload associated with the increase in state cases filed in Thurston county superior court.

(4) $223,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the gender and justice commission.

(5) $308,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the minority and justice commission.

(6) No moneys appropriated in this section may be expended by the administrator for the courts for payments in excess of fifty percent of the employer contribution on behalf of superior court judges for insurance and health care plans and federal social security and medicare and medical aid benefits. Consistent with Article IV, section 13 of the state Constitution and 1996 Attorney General’s Opinion No. 2, it is the intent of the legislature that the cost of these employer contributions shall be shared equally between the state and the county or counties in which the judges serve. The administrator for the courts shall continue to implement procedures for the collection and disbursement of these employer contributions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. FOR THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC DEFENSE

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The cost of defending indigent offenders in death penalty cases has escalated significantly over the last four years. The office of public defense advisory committee shall analyze the current methods for reimbursing private attorneys and shall develop appropriate standards and criteria designed to control costs and still provide indigent defendants their constitutional right to representation at public expense. The office of public defense advisory committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the supreme court and the appropriate legislative committees by September 30, 1998.

(2) $688,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely to increase the reimbursement for private attorneys providing constitutionally mandated indigent defense in nondeath penalty cases.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 114. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,618,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $1,520,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $700,000 of the water quality account appropriation, and $188,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan and agency action items PSAT-01 through PSAT-06.
(2) $12,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $13,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided for the state law enforcement medal of honor committee for the purposes of recognizing qualified law enforcement officers as provided by chapter 41.72 RCW.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 115. FOR THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$254,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$255,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$509,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 116. FOR THE PUBLIC DISCLOSURE COMMISSION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$1,434,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$1,183,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,617,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $306,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $72,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for technology for customer service improvements.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 117. FOR THE SECRETARY OF STATE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$7,847,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$5,740,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives &amp; Records Management Account--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$4,330,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Archives &amp; Records Management Account--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
<td>$2,261,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Department of Personnel Service Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$663,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$20,841,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following condition and limitation:
(1) $99,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation is provided for the state’s participation in the United States census voting district project.
(2) $25,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to establish a data base on international education and foreign trade contacts.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 118. FOR THE GOVERNOR’S OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$185,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$188,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$373,000</strong></td>
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</table>

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 119. FOR THE COMMISSION ON ASIAN-AMERICAN AFFAIRS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$201,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$401,000</strong></td>
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**NEW SECTION. Sec. 120. FOR THE STATE TREASURER**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>State Treasurer’s Service Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$11,585,000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 121. FOR THE STATE AUDITOR**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$428,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$428,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Auditing Services Revolving Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$11,957,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$12,813,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Audits of school districts by the division of municipal corporations shall include findings regarding the accuracy of: (a) Student enrollment data; and (b) the experience and education of the district’s certified instructional staff, as reported to the superintendent of public instruction for allocation of state funding.

(2) $398,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $399,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for staff and related costs to audit special education programs that exhibit unusual rates of growth, extraordinarily high costs, or other characteristics requiring attention of the state safety net committee. The auditor shall consult with the superintendent of public instruction regarding training and other staffing assistance needed to provide expertise to the audit staff.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 122. FOR THE CITIZENS’ COMMISSION ON SALARIES FOR ELECTED OFFICIALS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation Type</th>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td>FY 1998</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund</td>
<td>FY 1999</td>
<td>$62,000</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>$66,000</strong></td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 123. FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation Type</th>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>FY 1998</td>
<td>$4,798,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>FY 1999</td>
<td>$3,735,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td></td>
<td>$2,248,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation</td>
<td></td>
<td>$1,300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Motor Vehicle Arbitration Account Appropriation</td>
<td></td>
<td>$1,094,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legal Services Revolving Account Appropriation</td>
<td></td>
<td>$124,301,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attorney General Salary Increase Revolving Account Appropriation</td>
<td></td>
<td>$998,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>$138,474,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The attorney general shall report each fiscal year on actual legal services expenditures and actual attorney staffing levels for each agency receiving legal services. The report shall be submitted to the office of financial management and the fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives no later than ninety days after the end of each fiscal year.

(2) The attorney general shall include, at a minimum, the following information with each bill sent to agencies receiving legal services: (a) The number of hours and cost of attorney services provided during the billing period; (b) cost of support staff services provided during the billing period; (c) attorney general overhead and central support costs charged to the agency for the billing period; (d) direct legal costs, such as filing and docket fees, charged to the agency for the billing period; and (e) other costs charged to the agency for the billing period. The attorney general may, with approval of the office of financial management change its billing system to meet the needs of its user agencies.

(3) $998,000 of the attorney general salary increase revolving account appropriation is provided solely for salary increases for assistant attorneys general with legal experience of ten years or less.

(4) $1,360,000 from the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $298,000 from the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1781 (supervised offender monitoring). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $250,000 from the legal services revolving account appropriation is provided solely for legal services from the attorney general if the need results from the implementation of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1938 (at-risk youth). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 124. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation Type</th>
<th>Appropriation Type</th>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Securities Regulation Account</td>
<td>State Appropriation</td>
<td>FY 1998</td>
<td>$5,458,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEW SECTION. Sec. 125. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 57,338,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 56,316,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 147,864,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 6,903,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 6,381,000
Drinking Water Assistance Account--Federal Appropriation $ 852,000
Public Works Assistance Account Appropriation $ 2,223,000
Building Code Council Account Appropriation $ 1,318,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation $ 1,776,000
Low-Income Weatherization Assistance Account Appropriation $ 923,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 2,639,000
Manufactured Home Installation Training Account Appropriation $ 250,000
Washington Housing Trust Account Appropriation $ 7,999,000
Public Facility Construction Loan Revolving Account Appropriation $ 515,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 293,297,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $3,282,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,282,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a contract with the Washington technology center. For work essential to the mission of the Washington technology center and conducted in partnership with universities, the center shall not pay any increased indirect rate nor increases in other indirect charges above the absolute amount paid during the 1995-97 biennium.

(2) $155,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $155,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a contract with the Washington manufacturing extension partnership.

(3) $1,750,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $1,750,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement sections 21 and 23 of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2244 (land use study commission recommendations). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(4) $2,400,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for fiscal year 1998 indigent civil legal representation services contracts and contracts administration. The amount provided in this subsection is contingent upon enactment of section 2 of House Bill No. 2276 (civil legal services for indigent persons). If section 2 of the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $50,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $50,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1752 (developmental disabilities ombudsman). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, this subsection shall be null and void.

(6) $117,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $105,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $643,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $643,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to increase payment rates for contracted early childhood education assistance program providers. It is the legislature's intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

(8) $9,964,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the drug control and system improvement formula grant program, to be distributed in state fiscal year 1998 as follows:

(a) $3,603,250 to local units of governments to continue the multijurisdictional narcotics task forces;
(b) $500,000 to the department to continue the state-wide drug prosecution assistance program in support of multijurisdictional narcotics task forces;
(c) $1,306,075 to the Washington state patrol for coordination, investigative, and supervisory support to the multijurisdictional narcotics task forces and for methamphetamine education and response;
(d) $240,000 to the department for grants to support tribal law enforcement needs;
(e) $900,000 to drug courts in eastern and western Washington;
(f) $300,000 to the department for grants to provide sentencing alternatives training programs to defenders;
(g) $200,000 for grants to support substance-abuse treatment in county jails;
(h) $517,075 to the department for legal advocacy for victims of domestic violence and for training of local law enforcement officers and prosecutors on domestic violence laws and procedures;
(i) $903,000 to the department to continue youth violence prevention and intervention projects;
(j) $91,000 for the governor's council on substance abuse;
(k) $99,000 for program evaluation and monitoring;
(l) $100,000 to the division of juvenile rehabilitation administration for early intervention and prevention programs;
(m) $498,200 for development of a state-wide system to track criminal history records; and
(n) Up to $706,400 to the department for grant administration and reporting.

These amounts represent the maximum Byrne grant expenditure authority for each program. No program may expend Byrne grant funds in excess of the amounts provided in this section. If any moneys other than those appropriated in this section become available, whether from prior or current fiscal year Byrne grant distributions, the department shall hold these moneys in reserve and may not expend them without a specific appropriation. These moneys shall be carried forward and applied to the pool of moneys available for appropriation for programs and projects in the succeeding fiscal year.

(9) $18,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $17,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to continue studying the infrastructure, logistical, and informational needs for the region involving Washington, Oregon, and British Columbia to host the summer Olympic Games in the year 2004 or 2008. The amount provided in this subsection may be expended only to the extent that it is matched on a dollar-for-dollar basis by funds for the same purpose from nonstate sources.

(10) $75,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $75,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely as a grant for the community connections program in Walla Walla county.

(11) $300,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $300,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to contract with the Washington state association of court-appointed special advocates/guardians ad litem (CASA/GAL) to establish pilot programs in three counties to recruit additional community volunteers to represent the interests of children in dependency proceedings. Of this amount, a maximum of $30,000 shall be used by the department to contract for an evaluation of the effectiveness of CASA/GAL in improving outcomes for dependent children. The evaluation shall address the cost-effectiveness of CASA/GAL and to the extent possible, identify savings in other programs of the state budget where the savings resulted from the efforts of the CASA/GAL volunteers. The department shall report to the governor and legislature by October 15, 1998.

(12) $75,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely for state sponsorship of the "BIO 99" international biotechnology conference and exhibition in the Seattle area in 1999.

(13) $821,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $821,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $1,101,000 of the administrative contingency account appropriation are provided solely for contracting with associate development organizations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 126. FOR THE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 452,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 453,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 905,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 127. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 10,333,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 10,054,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 23,331,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 43,718,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $125,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $125,000 of the
general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Substitute House
Bill No. 1698 (K-20 telecommunication network). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the
amounts in this subsection shall lapse.
(2) $230,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $213,000 of the
general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Second
Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the
amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 128. FOR THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS
Administrative Hearings Revolving Account Appropriation  $ 19,615,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 129. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL
Department of Personnel Service Account Appropriation  $ 16,498,000
Higher Education Personnel Services Account Appropriation  $ 1,632,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 18,130,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The department shall reduce its charge for personnel services to the lowest rate possible.
(2) $32,000 of the department of personnel service fund appropriation is provided solely for the
creation, printing, and distribution of the personal benefits statement for state employees.
(3) The department of personnel service account appropriation contains sufficient funds to
continue the employee exchange program with the Hyogo prefecture in Japan.
(4) $500,000 of the department of personnel service account appropriation is provided solely
for the career transition program to assist state employees who are separated or are at risk of lay-off
due to reduction-in-force. Services shall include employee retraining and career counseling.
(5) $800,000 of the department of personnel service account appropriation is provided solely
for the human resource data warehouse to: Expand the type and amount of information available on the
state-wide work force; and to provide the office of financial management, legislature, and state
agencies with direct access to the data for policy and planning purposes. The department of personnel
shall establish uniform reporting procedures by June 30, 1998, applicable to all state agencies and
higher education institutions, for reporting data to the data warehouse. The department of personnel
will report quarterly to the legislative fiscal committees, the information services board, and the office
of information technology oversight of the department of information services on the following items:
(a) The number of state agencies that have received access to the data warehouse; (b) the change in
requests for downloads from the mainframe computer by agencies with access to the data warehouse;
and (c) a summary of customer feedback from agencies with access to the data warehouse. Authority to
expend this amount is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.
(6) The department of personnel has the authority to charge agencies for expenses associated
with converting its payroll/personnel computer system to accommodate the year 2000 date change.
Funding to cover these expenses shall be realized from the agency FICA savings associated with the
pretax benefits contributions plan.
The department of personnel shall charge all administrative services costs incurred by the department of retirement systems for the deferred compensation program. The billings to the department of retirement systems shall be for actual costs only.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 130. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE LOTTERY**

- Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation $ 9,000
- Lottery Administrative Account Appropriation $ 19,970,000
  TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 19,979,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 131. FOR THE COMMISSION ON HISPANIC AFFAIRS**

- General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 199,000
- General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 208,000
  TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 407,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 132. FOR THE COMMISSION ON AFRICAN-AMERICAN AFFAIRS**

- General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 170,000
- General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 168,000
  TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 338,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 133. FOR THE PERSONNEL APPEALS BOARD**

- Department of Personnel Service Account Appropriation $ 1,539,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 134. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS--OPERATIONS**

- Dependent Care Administrative Account Appropriation $ 357,000
- Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account Appropriation $ 31,418,000
  TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 31,775,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $1,373,000 of the department of retirement systems expense account appropriation is provided solely for the information systems project known as the electronic document image management system. Authority to expend this amount is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.

2. $1,259,000 of the department of retirement systems expense account appropriation is provided solely for the information systems project known as the receivables management system. Authority to expend this amount is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.

3. The department of retirement systems shall complete a study examining whether it would be cost-effective to contract out the administration functions for the dependent care assistance program and shall report to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 15, 1997.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 135. FOR THE STATE INVESTMENT BOARD**

- State Investment Board Expense Account Appropriation $ 10,324,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 136. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE**

- General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 66,050,000
- General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 65,874,000
- Timber Tax Distribution Account Appropriation $ 4,780,000
- Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control Appropriation $ 100,000
- State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 67,000
- Solid Waste Management Account Appropriation $ 92,000
- Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation $ 14,000
  TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 136,977,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,540,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,710,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for senior citizen property tax deferral distribution.

(2) $225,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $225,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) $71,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for implementation of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1283 (economic development programs). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(4) $200,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1327 (sales tax collection reimbursement). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $53,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $53,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1346 (electricity use tax). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $44,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for implementation of House Bill No. 1689 (small business tax relief). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $70,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for implementation of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080 (agriculture land classification). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) $304,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $226,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Senate Bill No. 5835 (property tax limitation). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(9) Within the amounts appropriated in this section the department shall conduct a study identifying the impacts of exempting all shellfish species from the tax imposed on enhanced food fish under chapter 82.27 RCW. The study shall include an estimate of the fiscal impacts to state revenues as well as an examination of how such an exemption would impact shellfish-based industries and communities where shellfish-based industries are located. The department shall complete this study and report its findings to the legislature by December 1, 1997.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 137. FOR THE BOARD OF TAX APPEALS**

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)       | $885,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)       | $889,000 |
| **TOTAL APPROPRIATION**                    | **$1,774,000** |

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 138. FOR THE MUNICIPAL RESEARCH COUNCIL**

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)       | $1,651,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)       | $1,743,000 |
| **TOTAL APPROPRIATION**                    | **$3,394,000** |

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 139. FOR THE OFFICE OF MINORITY AND WOMEN'S BUSINESS ENTERPRISES**

| OMWBE Enterprises Account Appropriation     | $2,369,000 |

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 140. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION**

| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) | $1,277,000 |
| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) | $1,278,000 |
**General Fund--Federal Appropriation**  $2,403,000  
**General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation**  $400,000  
**Motor Transport Account Appropriation**  $14,122,000  
**Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation**  $391,000  
**General Administration Facilities & Services Revolving Acct Appropriation**  $22,326,000  
**Central Stores Revolving Account Appropriation**  $3,316,000  
**Energy Efficiency Services Account Appropriation**  $180,000  
**Risk Management Account Appropriation**  $2,328,000  
**TOTAL APPROPRIATION**  $48,021,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:  
1. $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the purchase of food for distribution to the state’s food bank network.  
2. The World War II memorial shall be sited at the location selected by the World War II advisory committee: Immediately south of Columbia Street and 11th Avenue axial on the West Capital Campus.  
3. The department shall adjust its agency billing rates for purposes of the liability account to reflect savings expected to occur from House Bill No. 1001 (interest on tort judgments). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, this subsection is null and void.  

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 141. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION SERVICES**  
**Data Processing Revolving Account Appropriation**  $3,577,000  
**K-20 Technology Account Appropriation**  $37,728,000  
**State Building Construction Account Appropriation**  $6,300,000  
**TOTAL APPROPRIATION**  $47,605,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:  
1. The department shall expend up to $600,000 from the nonappropriated data processing revolving account to provide equipment and software enhancements to make the Washington information network kiosks accessible to people with visual and hearing disabilities.  
2. The department shall provide a toll-free telephone number and operator service staff for the general public to call for information about state agencies. The department may provide such staff, equipment, and facilities as are necessary for this purpose. The director shall adopt rules to fix terms and charges for these services. All state agencies and the legislature shall participate in the information program and shall reimburse the department of information services in accordance with rules established by the director. The department shall also provide conference calling services for state and other public agencies on a fee-for-service basis.  
3. $35,728,000 of the K-20 technology account appropriation shall be expended in accordance with the expenditures authorized by the K-20 telecommunications oversight and policy committee as modified by the provisions of Substitute House Bill No. 1698 (K-20 telecommunications network). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount in this subsection shall lapse.  

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 142. FOR THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER**  
**General Fund--Federal Appropriation**  $106,000  
**Insurance Commissioners Regulatory Account Appropriation**  $22,857,000  
**TOTAL APPROPRIATION**  $22,963,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:  
1. $532,000 of the insurance commissioner’s regulatory account appropriation is provided solely for the expenditure of funds received under the consent order with the Prudential insurance company. These funds are provided solely for implementing the Prudential remediation and for examinations of the Prudential company.
(2) $375,000 of the insurance commissioner's regulatory account appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) $164,000 of the insurance commissioner's regulatory account appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1387 (basic health plan benefits). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount in this subsection shall lapse.

(4) $298,000 of the insurance commissioner's regulatory account appropriation is provided solely for technology improvements that will support the electronic filing of insurance rates and contracts and enable regulators and the industry to share information about licensed agents to protect the public from fraudulent sales practices.

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 143. FOR THE BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY
Certified Public Accountants' Account Appropriation $ 981,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 144. FOR THE FORENSIC INVESTIGATION COUNCIL
Death Investigations Account Appropriation $ 12,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 145. FOR THE HORSE RACING COMMISSION
Horse Racing Commission Account Appropriation $ 4,835,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 146. FOR THE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,728,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,367,000
Liquor Control Board Construction & Maintenance Acct Appropriation $ 9,787,000
Liquor Revolving Account Appropriation $ 120,992,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 133,874,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $1,250,000 of the liquor revolving account appropriation is provided solely for the agency information technology upgrade. This item is conditioned on satisfying the requirements of section 902 of this act, including the development of a project management plan, a project schedule, a project budget, a project agreement, and incremental funding based on completion of key milestones.
(2) $1,728,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $1,367,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for implementation of House Bill No. 2272 (cigarette and tobacco enforcement). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 147. FOR THE UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
Public Service Revolving Account--State Appropriation $ 24,441,000
Public Service Revolving Account--Federal Appropriation $ 292,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 24,733,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 148. FOR THE BOARD FOR VOLUNTEER FIRE FIGHTERS
Volunteer Firefighters' Relief & Pension Administrative Acct Appropriation $ 529,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 149. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 9,251,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 9,169,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 28,117,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 238,000
Enhanced 911 Account Appropriation $ 26,782,000
Disaster Response Account--State Appropriation $ 23,708,000
Disaster Response Account--Federal Appropriation $ 93,829,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 191,094,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,015,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are appropriated to the disaster response account to pay for costs associated with FEMA approved natural disasters.

(2) $23,708,000 of the disaster response account--state appropriation is provided solely for the state share of response and recovery costs associated with federal emergency management agency (FEMA) Disaster Number 1079 (November/December 1995 storms), FEMA Disaster 1100, (February 1996 floods), FEMA Disaster 1152 (November 1996 Ice Storm), FEMA Disaster 1159 (December 1996 Holiday Storm), and to assist local governmental entities with the match necessary to earn FEMA funds for the February 1996 floods.

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 150. FOR THE PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS COMMISSION

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,773,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,768,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 3,541,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 151. FOR THE GROWTH PLANNING HEARINGS BOARD

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,384,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 152. FOR THE STATE CONVENTION AND TRADE CENTER

State Convention and Trade Center Operating Account Appropriation $ 27,175,000

PART II
HUMAN SERVICES

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 201. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES.

(1) Appropriations made in this act to the department of social and health services shall initially be allotted as required by this act. Subsequent allotment modifications shall not include transfers of moneys between sections of this act except as expressly provided in this act, nor shall allotment modifications permit moneys that are provided solely for a specified purpose to be used for other than that purpose.

(2) The department of social and health services shall not initiate any services that will require expenditure of state general fund moneys unless expressly authorized in this act or other law. The department may seek, receive, and spend, under RCW 43.79.260 through 43.79.282, federal moneys not anticipated in this act as long as the federal funding does not require expenditure of state moneys for the program in excess of amounts anticipated in this act. If the department receives unanticipated unrestricted federal moneys, those moneys shall be spent for services authorized in this act or in any other legislation providing appropriation authority, and an equal amount of appropriated state general fund moneys shall lapse. Upon the lapsing of any moneys under this subsection, the office of financial management shall notify the legislative fiscal committees. As used in this subsection, "unrestricted federal moneys" includes block grants and other funds that federal law does not require to be spent on specifically defined projects or matched on a formula basis by state funds.

(3) The appropriations in sections 202 through 213 of this act shall be expended for the programs and in the amounts listed in those sections.

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 202. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 184,043,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 189,960,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 240,120,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 400,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $18,242,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $20,444,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for purposes consistent with the maintenance of effort requirements under the federal temporary assistance for needy families program established under P.L. 104-193.

(2) $580,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $580,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for development and expansion of child care training requirements and optional training programs. The department shall adopt rules to require annual training in early childhood development of all directors, supervisors, and lead staff at child care facilities. Directors, supervisors, and lead staff at child care facilities include persons licensed as family child care providers, and persons employed at child care centers or school age child care centers. The department shall establish a program to fund scholarships and grants to assist persons in meeting these training requirements. The department shall also develop criteria for approving training programs and establish a system for tracking who has received the required level of training. In adopting rules, developing curricula, setting up systems and administering scholarship programs, the department shall consult with the child care coordinating committee and other community stakeholders.

(3) The department shall provide a report to the legislature by November 1997 on the growth in additional rates paid to foster parents beyond the basic monthly rate. This report shall explain why exceptional, personal, and special rates are being paid for an increasing number of children and why the amount paid for these rates per child has risen in recent years. This report must also recommend methods by which the legislature may improve the current foster parent compensation system, allow for some method of controlling the growth in costs per case, and improve the department's and the legislature's ability to forecast the program's needs in future years.

(4) $208,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $174,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1938 (at-risk youth). The amounts in this subsection are provided for attorney general billings associated with the defense of vendors of secure facility services and for the implementation of rules regarding income, resources, and exemptions to determine a parent's ability to pay for a child's treatment at a secure facility. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $3,000,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation and $9,275,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to fund the provisions of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1864 (drug and alcohol-positive infants). Amounts in this subsection shall be used to intervene in those cases where the child is at-risk of an out-of-home placement due to the mother's use of illegal drugs or alcohol. The department shall contract for: (a) Additional drug treatment for mothers giving birth to drug addicted babies; (b) medically supervised drug withdrawal for drug addicted babies; and (c) additional out-of-home placements required for drug addicted babies. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $2,200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to fund continuum of care programs, street youth programs, and the provisions of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862 (community-based alternative response system). Amounts provided in this subsection to implement Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862 must be used to serve families who are screened from the child protective services risk assessment process. Services shall be provided through contracts with community-based organizations. The department is encouraged to seek additional federal Title-IV A funding to implement the provisions of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $594,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $556,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $290,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to fund the provisions of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No.
The department shall establish a foster parent liaison in each department of social and health services region of the state and contract with a private provider to implement a recruitment and retention program for foster parents and adoptive families. The department shall provide a minimum of two hundred additional adoptive and foster home placements by June 30, 1998. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $854,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to contract for the operation of one pediatric interim care facility. The facility shall provide residential care for up to twelve children through two years of age. Seventy-five percent of the children served by the facility must be in need of special care as a result of substance abuse by their mothers. The facility also shall provide on-site training to biological, adoptive, or foster parents. The facility shall provide at least three months of consultation and support to parents accepting placement of children from the facility. The facility may recruit new and current foster and adoptive parents for infants served by the facility. The department shall not require case management as a condition of the contract.

(9) $2,745,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $2,745,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $1,944,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the category of services titled "intensive family preservation services."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--JUVENILE REHABILITATION PROGRAM

(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES
- General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $34,058,000
- General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $33,361,000
- General Fund--Federal Appropriation $15,870,000
- General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $378,000
- Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $8,633,000
- TOTAL APPROPRIATION $92,300,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) $2,250,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for an early intervention program to be administered at the county level. Moneys shall be awarded on a competitive basis to counties that have submitted a plan for implementation of an early intervention program consistent with proven methodologies currently in place in the state. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall develop a timeline for awarding funding and shall assist counties in creating and submitting plans for evaluation.

(b) $2,442,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement appropriation is provided solely to implement alcohol and substance abuse treatment for locally committed offenders. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall award these moneys on a competitive basis to counties that have submitted a plan for the provision of treatment services approved by the division of alcohol and substance abuse. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall develop criteria for evaluation of plans submitted and a timeline for awarding funding and shall assist counties in creating and submitting plans for evaluation. If Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions) is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection (1)(b) shall lapse.

(c) $4,488,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $4,923,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to reimburse counties for the impact of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall distribute these funds to counties as prescribed in the current consolidated juvenile services (CJS) formula. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection (1)(c) shall lapse.

(d) $1,235,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $1,618,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are appropriated to the county criminal justice
assistance account solely for the implementation of section 6 of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). If section 6 of the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection (1)(d) shall lapse. The amount provided in this subsection is intended to provide funding for county adult court and jail costs associated with the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900, and shall be distributed in accordance with RCW 82.14.310.

(e) $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to reimburse counties for the cost of juvenile detention time imposed for contempt of court for truancy. The department shall provide reimbursement to the juvenile courts on a quarterly basis. Reimbursement shall be made to juvenile courts at the rate of $94 per day and in total shall not exceed the amounts provided in this section.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$11,601,000</td>
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TOTAL APPROPRIATION $103,974,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $24,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $64,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $8,000 of the general fund--local appropriation are provided solely to implement the provisions of Substitute House Bill No. 1522 (criminal street gang activity). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, these amounts shall lapse.

(3) PROGRAM SUPPORT

<table>
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<th>Appropriation Category</th>
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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$421,000</td>
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TOTAL APPROPRIATION $3,719,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Within the amounts provided in this subsection, the juvenile rehabilitation administration (JRA) shall develop by January 1, 1998, a staffing model for noncustody functions at JRA institutions and work camps. The models should, whenever possible, reflect the most efficient practices currently being used within the system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--MENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM

(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES/REGIONAL SUPPORT NETWORKS

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Appropriation Category</th>
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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
<td>$4,000,000</td>
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</table>

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $639,218,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations: (a) Regional support networks shall implement working agreements with the vocational rehabilitation program that will maximize the use of federal funding for vocational programs. (b) $277,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $555,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for performance incentives to the western Washington regional support networks in recognition of their successful efforts to reduce use of Western State Hospital. The regional support networks shall decide among themselves, in
consultation with the department, how to most equitably and effectively distribute these amounts, either for additional community services, or to maintain capacity at the state hospital.

(c) Within the general fund--state appropriations in this subsection, the secretary of social and health services shall ensure that regional support networks reimburse the aging and adult services program for the general fund--state cost of medicaid personal care services that enrolled regional support network consumers use because of their psychiatric disability.

(d) $2,413,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $2,393,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $5,194,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to directly reimburse eligible providers for the medicaid share of mental health services provided to persons eligible for both medicaid and medicare. To be reimbursed, the service must be covered by and provided in accordance with the state medicaid plan.

(e) At least thirty days prior to entering contracts that would capitate payments for voluntary psychiatric hospitalizations, the mental health division shall report the proposed capitation rates, and the assumptions and calculations by which they were established, to the budget and forecasting divisions of the office of financial management, the appropriations committee of the house of representatives, and the ways and means committee of the senate.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 59,858,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 59,391,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 124,811,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 30,722,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 274,782,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) The state mental hospitals may use funds appropriated in this subsection to purchase goods and supplies through hospital group purchasing organizations, when it is cost-effective to do so.
(b) The mental health program at Western State Hospital shall continue to utilize labor provided by the Tacoma prerelease program of the department of corrections.

(3) CIVIL COMMITMENT
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 5,423,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 6,082,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 11,505,000

(4) SPECIAL PROJECTS
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 3,826,000

(5) PROGRAM SUPPORT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,560,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 2,395,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 3,111,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 8,066,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely to increase the department’s capacity to carry out legislative intent set forth in RCW 71.24.400 through 71.24.415. To facilitate this activity, the secretary will appoint an oversight committee of project stakeholders including representatives from: Service providers, mental health regional support networks, department’s mental health division, department’s division of alcohol and substance abuse, department’s division of children and family services, and the department’s medical assistance administration. The oversight group shall continue to seek ways to streamline service delivery as set forth in RCW 71.24.405 until at least July 1, 1998.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES PROGRAM

(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 144,916,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 147,599,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 199,227,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 1,695,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 493,437,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) $1,695,000 of the health services account appropriation and the associated general fund--federal match are provided solely for the enrollment in the basic health plan of home care workers below 200 percent of the federal poverty level who are employed through state contracts. Enrollment in the basic health plan for home care workers with family incomes at or above 200 percent of poverty shall be covered with general fund--state and matching general fund--federal revenues that were identified by the department to have been previously appropriated for health benefits coverage, to the extent that these funds had not been contractually obligated for worker wage increases prior to March 1, 1996.

(b) $365,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,543,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for employment, or other day activities and training programs, for young people who complete their high school curriculum in 1997 or 1998.

(c) $23,663,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,865,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to deliver personal care services to an average of 6,650 children and adults in fiscal year 1998 and an average of 7,500 children and adults in fiscal year 1999. If the secretary of social and health services determines that either total expenditures or the average expenditure per recipient are likely to exceed these appropriated amounts, the secretary shall take action as required by RCW 74.09.520 to adjust functional eligibility standards and/or service levels sufficiently to maintain expenditures within appropriated levels. Such action may include the adoption of emergency rules and shall not be taken to the extent that projected over expenditures are offset by under expenditures elsewhere within the program’s general fund--state appropriation.

(d) $197,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $197,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to contract with Washington initiative for supported employment for the purpose of continuing the promotion of supported employment services for persons with disabilities.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 63,670,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 62,893,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 142,480,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 9,729,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 278,772,000

(3) PROGRAM SUPPORT

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,543,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 2,517,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 1,645,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 6,705,000

(4) SPECIAL PROJECTS

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 12,030,000
NEW SECTION, Sec. 206. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--AGING AND ADULT SERVICES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $394,384,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $421,620,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $886,754,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $6,087,000
Nursing Home Civil Penalties Account Appropriation $454,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $1,709,299,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The entire health services account appropriation and the associated general fund--federal match are provided solely for the enrollment in the basic health plan of home care workers below 200 percent of the federal poverty level who are employed through state contracts. Enrollment in the basic health plan for home care workers with family incomes at or above 200 percent of poverty shall be covered with general fund--state and matching general fund--federal revenues that were identified by the department to have been previously appropriated for health benefits coverage, to the extent that these funds had not been contractually obligated for worker wage increases prior to March 1, 1996.

(2)(a) The department shall establish a shadow case mix payment system to educate facilities about payment system alternatives. The department shall provide shadow rates beginning July 1, 1997, based on the following:

(i) The direct care portion of the rate, usually called "nursing services," shall be set under a case mix methodology that classifies residents under the Resource Utilization Group III (RUG-III) Version 5.10 (or subsequent revision) 44 group index maximizing model based on the Minimum Data Set (MDS) Version 2.0.

(ii) Payment to a facility shall be based on facility weighted average case mix data which provides one rate to a facility reflecting its mix of residents. For purposes of determining the facility’s cost per case mix unit, the facility average case mix score will be based on the case mix of all residents. For purposes of determining the facility’s payment rate, the facility average case mix score shall be based on the case mix of medicaid residents.

(iii) The direct care rates shall be adjusted prospectively each quarter based on the facility’s MDS 2.0 data from the quarter commencing six months preceding the rate effective date. For example, the MDSs for 1/1/97 - 3/31/97 shall be used to establish shadow rates for 7/1/97 - 9/30/97.

(iv) Those costs which currently comprise nursing services as defined by chapter 74.46 RCW, excluding therapies, shall be included in the direct care component for case mix.

(v) Data from 1994 cost reports (allowable and audited costs) shall be used to establish the shadow rates. The costs shall be inflated comparable to fiscal year 1998 payment rates, according to RCW 74.46.420.

(vi) Separate prices, ceilings, and corridors shall be established for the peer groups of metropolitan statistical area and nonmetropolitan statistical area.

(b) The following methods shall be used to establish the shadow case mix rates:

(i) A pricing system in which payment to a facility shall be based on a price multiplied by each facility's medicaid case mix. The price, per peer group, shall be established at the median direct care cost per case mix unit.

(ii) A cost-based system in which payment to a facility shall be the facility's allowable cost per case mix unit adjusted for case mix up to a ceiling. The ceiling, per peer group, shall be established at the median direct care cost per case mix unit.

(iii) A pricing system in which payment to a facility shall be based on a price multiplied by each facility's medicaid case mix. The price shall be established based on an identification of a cost-effective benchmark facility meeting quality standards, and then adjusted to reflect differences in the nursing services costs between peer groups. The benchmark will be based on more than one facility.

(c) The revised reimbursement system shall consider flat rates for the reimbursement of administrative, operational, and food costs. A fair market rent methodology shall be considered to reimburse for capital costs. When evaluating various fair market rent methodologies, the system shall consider ease of administration.
(3) $1,277,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,277,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for operation of the volunteer chore program.

(4) $111,261,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $124,539,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to deliver chore, COPES, and medicaid personal care services to an average of 25,900 persons in fiscal year 1998 and an average of 29,200 persons in fiscal year 1999. If the secretary of social and health services determines that either total expenditures or the average expenditure per recipient are likely to exceed these appropriated amounts, the secretary shall take action as required by RCW 74.09.520, 74.39A.120, and 74.09.530 to adjust functional eligibility standards and/or service levels sufficiently to maintain expenditures within appropriated levels. Such action may include the adoption of emergency rules.

(5) A maximum of $2,259,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,422,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided to fund the medicaid share of any new prospective payment rate adjustments as may be necessary in accordance with RCW 74.46.460.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 207. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ECONOMIC SERVICES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 533,525,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 514,907,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 950,095,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 1,998,527,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) General assistance-unemployable recipients who are assessed as needing alcohol or drug treatment shall be assigned a protective payee to prevent the diversion of cash assistance toward purchasing alcohol or other drugs.

(2) The legislature finds that, with the passage of the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity act and Engrossed House Bill No. 3901, the temporary assistance for needy families is no longer an entitlement. The legislature declares that the currently appropriated level for the program is sufficient for the next few budget cycles. To the extent, however, that currently appropriated amounts exceed costs during the 1997-99 biennium, the legislature finds that these amounts may be of use in future biennia if the economy cannot absorb public assistance recipients into the workforce.

$24,000,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the provision of grants and work preparation and support services to eligible families during a state-wide economic downturn. These funds shall be held in reserve by the office of financial management until such time as the economic and revenue forecast council certifies to the director of financial management that the state is experiencing an economic downturn. For the purposes of this section, the economic and revenue forecast council, at its four times yearly meetings, shall determine whether the state is in an economic downturn and shall certify to the director of financial management whether the funds provided in this section may be approved for allotment. The economic and revenue forecast council shall only perform this function if the funds provided in this section have not lapsed or been expended.

If section 323 of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 is not enacted into law by June 30, 1997, the amount appropriated in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) $485,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $3,186,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation, and $3,168,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to continue to implement the previously competitively procured electronic benefits transfer system through the Western States EBT Alliance for distribution of cash grants and food stamps so as to meet the requirements of P.L. 104-193.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 14,317,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 14,179,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 82,209,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 630,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation  $ 67,247,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 178,582,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $2,062,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation and $7,482,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation are provided solely for the grant programs for school districts and educational service districts set forth in RCW 28A.170.080 through 28A.170.100, including state support activities, as administered through the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
(2) $1,902,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $1,902,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation, and $1,592,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for alcohol and substance abuse assessment, treatment, including treatment for drug-affected infants and toddlers, and child care services for clients of the division of children and family services. Assessment shall be provided by approved chemical dependency treatment programs as requested by child protective services personnel in the division of children and family services. Child care shall be provided as deemed necessary by the division of children and family services while parents requiring alcohol and substance abuse treatment are attending treatment programs.
(3) $1,360,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation and $1,712,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the birth to three program at the University of Washington to provide services in four sites. The program shall coordinate with the department of health to operate a pilot program at one site that uses the service delivery model described by Substitute House Bill No. 1616 (maternity care access) and that works with clients served by the first steps program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 683,904,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 686,555,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 2,035,273,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 223,900,000
Health Services Account Appropriation  $ 253,004,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 3,882,636,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The department shall continue to make use of the special eligibility category created for children through age 18 and in households with incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level made eligible for medicaid as of July 1, 1994.
(2) It is the intent of the legislature that Harborview medical center continue to be an economically viable component of the health care system and that the state’s financial interest in Harborview medical center be recognized. Funding is provided in this section to ensure continuation of Harborview’s contributions in the state’s health care system.
(3) Funding is provided in this section for the adult dental program for Title XIX categorically eligible and medically needy persons.
(4) $1,622,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,622,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for treatment of low-income kidney dialysis patients.
(5) The department shall employ the managed care contracting and negotiation strategies defined in House Bill No. 1161 (medical assistance managed) to assure that the average per-recipient cost of managed care services for the TANF, expansion, and supplemental security income populations increases by no more than two percent per year in calendar years 1998 and 1999.
(6) The department shall seek federal approval to require adult medicaid recipients who are not elderly or disabled to contribute ten dollars per month toward the cost of their medical assistance coverage. The department shall report on the progress of this effort to the house of representatives and senate health care and fiscal committees by September 1 and November 15, 1997.

(7) $80,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $80,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $160,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the prenatal triage clearinghouse to provide access and outreach to reduce infant mortality.

(8) $338,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $335,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to increase rates paid for air ambulance services.

(9) $5,350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $5,350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 and $4,138,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for trauma care services provided to medically indigent and general assistance clients who have an index of severity score of 16 or higher. Such compensation is to be provided at the medicaid rate or through a direct payment to government hospitals. To be eligible for this higher compensation, a trauma center must be designated a Level I through V trauma center.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION PROGRAM
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 8,649,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 8,585,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 79,512,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 2,904,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 99,650,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The division of vocational rehabilitation shall negotiate cooperative interagency agreements with local organizations, including higher education institutions, mental health regional support networks, and county developmental disabilities programs, to improve and expand employment opportunities for people with severe disabilities served by those local agencies.

(2) $363,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $506,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $3,208,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for vocational rehabilitation services for individuals enrolled for services with the developmental disabilities program who complete their high school curriculum in 1997 or 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 211. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORTING SERVICES PROGRAM
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 25,148,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 24,874,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 41,760,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 270,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 92,052,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The secretary of social and health services and the director of labor and industries shall report to the appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the legislature by July 1, 1997, and every six months thereafter during the 1997-99 fiscal biennium, on the measurable changes in employee injury and time-loss rates that have occurred in the state developmental disabilities, juvenile rehabilitation, and mental health institutions as a result of the upfront loss-control discount agreement between the agencies.

(2) $336,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $289,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $337,000 of the general fund--federal
appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) The department shall not expend any funding for staffing or publication of the sexual minority initiative.

(4) $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for a welfare fraud pilot program as described by House Bill No. 1822 (welfare fraud investigation).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 212. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--CHILD SUPPORT PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 21,078,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 20,763,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 145,434,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 33,207,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 220,482,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The department shall contract with private collection agencies to pursue collection of TANF child support arrearages in cases that might otherwise consume a disproportionate share of the department’s collection efforts. The department’s child support collection staff shall determine which cases are appropriate for referral to private collection agencies. In determining appropriate contract provisions, the department shall consult with other states that have successfully contracted with private collection agencies to the extent allowed by federal support enforcement regulations.

(2) The department shall request a waiver from federal support enforcement regulations to replace the current program audit criteria, which is process-based, with performance measures based on program outcomes.

(3) The amounts appropriated in this section for child support legal services shall only be expended by means of contracts with local prosecutor’s offices.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 213. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--PAYMENTS TO OTHER AGENCIES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 47,637,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 47,717,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 54,506,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 2,215,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 1,669,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 153,744,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

$22,879,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $22,820,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $35,431,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation, $2,215,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account, and $1,669,000 of the health services account are provided solely to increase the rates of contracted service providers. The department need not provide all vendors with the same percentage rate increase. Rather, the department is encouraged to use these funds to help assure an adequate supply of qualified vendors. Vendors providing services in markets where recruitment and retention of qualified providers is a problem may receive larger rate increases than other vendors. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery. Any rate increases granted as a result of this section must be implemented so that the carry-forward costs into the 1999-01 biennium do not exceed the amounts provided in this subsection. Within thirty days of granting a vendor rate increase under this section, the department shall report the following information to the fiscal committees of the legislature: (1) The amounts and effective dates of any increases granted; (2) the process and criteria used to determine the increases; and (3) any data used in that process.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 214. FOR THE STATE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 3,409,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 3,410,000
State Health Care Authority Administration Account Appropriation $ 14,727,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 294,301,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 315,847,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The general fund--state appropriations and $5,814,000 of the health services account appropriation are provided solely for health care services provided through local community clinics.

(2) The health care authority shall use competitive contracting strategies, increase copay requirements, adjust state subsidy levels, and take other actions it deems necessary to assure that the funds appropriated in this section are sufficient to subsidize basic health plan enrollment for a monthly average of 132,500 persons during fiscal years 1998 and 1999.

(3) The health care authority shall ensure that all persons who are eligible for the medical assistance program, pursuant to chapter 74.09 RCW, are fully enrolled in that program prior to coverage by the basic health plan.

(4) Within funds appropriated in this section and sections 205 and 206 of this act, the health care authority shall continue to provide an enhanced basic health plan subsidy option for foster parents licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW and workers in state-funded homecare programs. Under this enhanced subsidy option, foster parents and homecare workers with family incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level shall be allowed to enroll in the basic health plan at a cost of ten dollars per covered worker per month.

(5) The health care authority shall require organizations and individuals that are paid to deliver basic health plan services to contribute a minimum of fifty dollars per enrollee per month if the organization or individual chooses to sponsor an individual’s enrollment in the subsidized basic health plan.

(6) Funding provided in this section is sufficient to implement Second Substitute House Bill No. 1714 (basic health plan eligibility). If the bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the health care authority shall include in its monthly reports the number of new enrollees made eligible by this legislation.

(7) $150,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely to implement the provisions of Substitute House Bill No. 1805 (health care savings accounts). If this bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) The health care authority shall report to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 1, 1997, on the number of basic health plan enrollees who are illegal aliens, but are not resident citizens, legal aliens, legal refugees, or legal asylees.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 215. FOR THE HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,023,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 2,039,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 1,446,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 260,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 5,768,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 216. FOR THE BOARD OF INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE

Worker and Community Right-to-Know Account Appropriation $ 20,000
Accident Account Appropriation $ 10,787,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation $ 10,789,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 21,596,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 217. FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COMMISSION

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 100,000
Death Investigations Account Appropriation $ 38,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $80,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely to continue the study of law enforcement and corrections training begun in 1996. Specific elements to be addressed in the study include: (a) The feasibility and the rationale for increasing basic law enforcement training from 440 to 600 hours; (b) the feasibility and rationale for creating a certification process for law enforcement officers; (c) the feasibility and rationale for expanding the correctional officers academy; (d) the feasibility and rationale for expanding the juvenile service workers academy and/or the adult services academy; and (e) any other items considered relevant by the commission. Any recommendations made shall include a plan and timeline for how they would be implemented. The board on correctional training standards and education and the board on law enforcement training standards and education shall be actively involved in the study effort. Copies of the study shall be provided to the chairs of the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the legislature and the director of the office of financial management by October 1, 1997.

2. $50,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely to prepare a cost and fee study of the current and proposed criminal justice course offerings. The analysis shall identify total costs and major cost components for: (a) Any current training classes that are considered mandatory; and (b) any proposed or modified training courses that are considered mandatory. Mandatory classes include, but are not limited to, the following: Basic law enforcement academy, correction officers academy, supervisory and management training of law enforcement officers, supervisory and management training of correctional officers, juvenile service workers academy, and the adult service academy. The study shall also recommend a methodology for estimating the future demand for these classes. The study shall also estimate the cost of implementing any recommendations made pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. The study shall be conducted by a private sector consultant selected by the office of financial management in consultation with the executive director of the criminal justice training commission. Copies of the study shall be provided to the chairs of the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the legislature and the director of financial management by January 1, 1998.

3. $92,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the purpose of training law enforcement managers and supervisors.

4. $80,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely to implement the provisions of Substitute House Bill No. 1423 (criminal justice training commission). If this bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 218. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 6,883,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 6,910,000
Public Safety and Education Account--State Appropriation $ 16,246,000
Public Safety and Education Account--Federal Appropriation $ 6,002,000
Public Safety and Education Account--Private/Local Appropriation $ 2,014,000
Electrical License Account Appropriation $ 22,665,000
Farm Labor Revolving Account Appropriation $ 28,000
Worker and Community Right-to-Know Account Appropriation $ 2,187,000
Public Works Administration Account Appropriation $ 1,975,000
Accident Account--State Appropriation $ 147,785,000
Accident Account--Federal Appropriation $ 9,112,000
Medical Aid Account--State Appropriation $ 156,873,000
Medical Aid Account--Federal Appropriation $ 1,592,000
Plumbing Certificate Account Appropriation $ 846,000
Pressure Systems Safety Account Appropriation $ 2,106,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 383,224,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) Expenditures of funds appropriated in this section for the information systems projects identified in agency budget requests as "claims service delivery", "electrical permitting and inspection system", and "credentialing information system" are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act. In addition, funds for the "claims service delivery" project shall not be released until the required components of a feasibility study are completed and approved by the department of information services.

(2) Pursuant to RCW 7.68.015, the department shall operate the crime victims' compensation program within the public safety and education account funds appropriated in this section. In the event that cost containment measures are necessary, the department may (a) institute copayments for services; (b) develop preferred provider and managed care contracts; (c) coordinate with the department of social and health services to use the public safety and education account as matching funds for federal Title XIX reimbursement, to the extent this maximizes total funds available for services to crime victims.

(3) $54,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $54,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for an interagency agreement to reimburse the board of industrial insurance appeals for crime victims' appeals.

(4) The secretary of social and health services and the director of labor and industries shall continue to work on the measurable changes in employee injury and time-loss rates that have occurred in the state developmental disabilities, juvenile rehabilitation, and mental health institutions as a result of the upfront loss-control discount agreement between the agencies.

(5) The expenditures of the elevator, factory assembled structures, and contractors' registration and compliance programs may not exceed the revenues generated by these programs.

(6) $78,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $62,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation, $123,000 of the electrical license account appropriation, $482,000 of the accident account appropriation, and $520,000 of the medical aid account appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $300,000 of the accident account appropriation and $300,000 of the medical aid account appropriation are provided solely to implement Second Substitute House Bill No. 2041 (workers' compensation failure to pay). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 219. FOR THE INDETERMINATE SENTENCE REVIEW BOARD
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,145,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 926,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,071,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $936,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely to implement House Bill No. 1646 (indeterminate sentence review) or Senate Bill No. 5410 (indeterminate sentence review board). If neither of these bills is enacted by June 30, 1997, this amount shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 220. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
(1) HEADQUARTERS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,368,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,338,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation $ 80,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,786,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $25,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely to accomplish tasks associated with the construction of the World War II veterans memorial located on the state capitol campus. These funds shall be used only after consultation with the World War II memorial advisory committee.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 221. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $2,134,000 of the medical disciplinary account appropriation is provided solely for the development and implementation of a licensing and disciplinary management system. Expenditures are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act. These funds shall not be expended without appropriate project approval by the department of information systems.

(2) Funding provided in this section for the drinking water program data management system shall not be expended without appropriate project approval by the department of information systems. Expenditures are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act.

(3) $1,633,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,634,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan and agency action items DOH-01, DOH-02, DOH-03, DOH-04, DOH-05, DOH-06, DOH-07, DOH-08, DOH-09, DOH-10, DOH-11, and DOH-12.

(4) Amounts provided in this section are sufficient to operate the AIDS prescription drug program. To operate the program within the appropriated amount, the department shall limit new enrollments, manage access to the most expensive drug regimens, establish waiting lists and priority rankings, assist clients in accessing drug assistance programs sponsored by drug manufacturers, or pursue other means of managing expenditures by the program.

(5) $512,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $440,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $136,000 of the general fund--local appropriation, and $581,000 of the health professions account appropriation are provided solely for the
implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this section shall lapse.

(6) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191 (mandated health benefit review). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this section shall lapse.

(7) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the volunteer retired provider program. Funds shall be used to increase children’s access to dental care services in rural and underserved communities by paying malpractice insurance and professional licensing fees for retired dentists participating in the program.

(8) The department shall work with the birth to three program at the University of Washington to provide coordinated and enhanced services to first steps clients at a site of the birth to three program.

(9) $304,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $304,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $188,000 of the general fund--local appropriation are provided solely for assuring the quality of trauma center care and a study of the impact of trauma system designation on quality of trauma care in Washington.

(10) $525,000 of the health services account appropriation and $300,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for an abstinence education program which complies with P.L. 104-193. $400,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for abstinence education projects at the office of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be transferred to the office of the superintendent of public instruction for the 1998-99 school year. The department shall apply for abstinence education funds made available by the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity act of 1996 and implement a program that complies with the requirements of that act.

(11) $4,150,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for the Washington poison center.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 222. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

(1) ADMINISTRATION AND PROGRAM SUPPORT

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $13,739,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $13,755,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION                | $27,494,000 |

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The department may expend funds generated by contractual agreements entered into for mitigation of severe overcrowding in local jails. If any funds are generated in excess of actual costs, they shall be deposited in the state general fund. Expenditures shall not exceed revenue generated by such agreements and shall be treated as recovery of costs.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES

| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) | $287,665,000 |
| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) | $306,775,000 |
| General Fund--Federal Appropriation         | $18,097,000  |
| Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation | $1,614,000 |
| Industrial Insurance Premium Rebate Appropriation | $673,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION                         | $614,824,000 |

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) The department shall provide funding for the pet partnership program at the Washington Corrections Center for Women at a level at least equal to that provided in the 1995-97 biennium.

(b) $296,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $297,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to increase payment rates for
contracted education providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

(c) The department of corrections shall accomplish personnel reductions with the least possible impact on correctional custody staff, community custody staff, and correctional industries. For the purposes of this subsection, correctional custody staff means employees responsible for the direct supervision of offenders.

(d) $827,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $9,495,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). If section 6 of the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection (2)(d) shall lapse.

(e) $357,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,142,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement the provisions of Substitute House Bill No. 1522 (criminal street gang activity). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection (2)(e) shall lapse.

(3) COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 88,938,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 90,654,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $179,592,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) $467,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $505,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to increase payment rates for contracted education providers and contracted work release facilities. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

(b) The department of corrections shall accomplish personnel reductions with the least possible impact on correctional custody staff, community custody staff, and correctional industries. For the purposes of this subsection, correctional custody staff means employees responsible for the direct supervision of offenders.

(c) $27,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $345,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). If section 6 of the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection (3)(c) shall lapse.

(4) CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 3,892,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 3,892,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 7,784,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the correctional industries board of directors to hire one staff person, responsible directly to the board, to assist the board in fulfilling its duties.

(b) $100,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $100,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for transfer to the jail industries board. The board shall use the amounts specified in this subsection only for administrative expenses, equipment purchases, and technical assistance associated with advising cities and counties in developing, promoting, and implementing consistent, safe, and efficient offender work programs.

(5) INTERAGENCY PAYMENTS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 6,945,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 6,444,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $13,389,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 223. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SERVICES FOR THE BLIND
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,358,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,401,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $10,464,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $80,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $13,303,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 224. FOR THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES COMMISSION
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 714,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 713,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $1,427,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 225. FOR THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $173,613,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 24,861,000
Unemployment Compensation Administration Account--Federal App $182,628,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation $12,465,000
Employment Service Administrative Account Appropriation $13,176,000
Employment and Training Trust Account Appropriation $150,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $406,893,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Expenditures of funds appropriated in this section for the information systems projects identified in agency budget requests as "claims and adjudication call centers", "data/wage quality initiative", and "one stop information connectivity" are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act.
(2) $220,000 of the unemployment compensation administration account--federal appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(3) $1,126,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the continuation of job placement centers colocated on community and technical college campuses.
(4) The employment security department shall spend no more than $25,049,511 of the unemployment compensation administration account--federal appropriation for the general unemployment insurance development effort (GUIDE) project, except that the department may exceed this amount by up to $2,600,000 to offset the cost associated with any vendor caused delay. The additional spending authority is contingent upon the department fully recovering these moneys from any project vendors failing to perform in full. Authority to spend this amount is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.

PART III
NATURAL RESOURCES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. FOR THE COLUMBIA RIVER GORGE COMMISSION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 213,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $222,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 435,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $870,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following condition and limitation: $120,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $120,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $240,000 of the general fund--local appropriation are provided solely for each Columbia river gorge county to receive an $80,000 grant for the purposes of
implementing the scenic area management plan. If a Columbia river gorge county has not adopted an ordinance to implement the scenic area management plan in accordance with the national scenic area act (P.L. 99-663) then the grant funds for that county may be used by the commission to implement the plan for that county.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)</th>
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<tr>
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<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Special Grass Seed Burning Research Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Reclamation Revolving Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Flood Control Assistance Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Emergency Water Projects Revolving Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control Appropriation</td>
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<td>State and Local Improvements Revolving Account</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Waste Facilities) Appropriation</td>
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<td>State and Local Improvements Revolving Account</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Water Supply Facilities) Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Basic Data Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 182,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vehicle Tire Recycling Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 1,194,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water Quality Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 3,181,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wood Stove Education and Enforcement Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 1,055,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Worker and Community Right-to-Know Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 469,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>State Toxics Control Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 52,765,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local Toxics Control Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Water Quality Permit Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Underground Storage Tank Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Solid Waste Management Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Hazardous Waste Assistance Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air Operating Permit Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Freshwater Aquatic Weeds Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oil Spill Response Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Metals Mining Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water Pollution Control Revolving Account--State Appropriation</td>
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<td>Water Pollution Control Revolving Account--Federal Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biosolids Permit Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$ 249,629,000</td>
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</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $3,211,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $3,211,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $394,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation, $2,715,000 of the oil spill administration account, $819,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation, and $3,591,000 of the water quality permit fee account are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan and agency action items DOE-01, DOE-02, DOE-03, DOE-04, DOE-05, DOE-06, DOE-07, DOE-08, and DOE-09. Within the appropriations provided in this subsection the department shall implement Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2186 (critical functions within WRIA).

(2) $2,000,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation is provided solely for the following purposes:
(a) To conduct remedial actions for sites for which there are no potentially liable persons, for which potentially liable persons cannot be found, or for which potentially liable persons are unable to pay for remedial actions; and
(b) To provide funding to assist potentially liable persons under RCW 70.105D.070(2)(d)(xi) to pay for the cost of the remedial actions; and
(c) To conduct remedial actions for sites for which potentially liable persons have refused to conduct remedial actions required by the department; and
(d) To contract for services as necessary to support remedial actions.
(3) $1,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,900,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the processing of water right permit applications, continued implementation of water resources data management systems, and providing technical and data support to local watershed planning efforts in accordance with Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 (water resource management). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(4) $3,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are appropriated for grants to local WRIA planning units established in accordance with Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2054 (water resource management). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse. In providing the grants to local WRIA planning groups, the department may fund up to twenty-four water resource inventory areas assuming the initial grant level is fifty percent of the maximum authorized.
(5) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111 (water rights). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(6) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1118 (reopening a water rights claim filing period). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(7) $3,600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the auto emissions inspection and maintenance program. Expenditures of the amounts provided in this subsection are contingent upon a like amount being deposited in the general fund from the auto emission inspection fees in accordance with RCW 70.120.170(4).
(8) $170,000 of the oil spill administration account appropriation is provided solely for a contract with the University of Washington’s Sea Grant program in order to develop an educational program that targets small spills from commercial fishing vessels, ferries, cruise ships, ports, and marinas.
(9) The merger of the office of marine safety into the department of ecology shall be accomplished in a manner that will maintain a priority focus on oil spill prevention, as well as maintain a strong oil spill response capability. The merged program shall be established to provide a high level of visibility and ensure that there shall not be a diminution of the existing level of effort from the merged programs.
(10) $86,000 of the air operating permit account appropriation, $86,000 of the water quality permit account appropriation, and $86,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 (environmental excellence). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse. In implementing the bill the department shall organize the needed expertise to process environmental excellence applications after an application has been received.
(11) $121,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $77,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $138,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation, $164,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation, $64,000 of the water quality permit account appropriation, $54,000 of the air pollution control account appropriation, $33,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation, $18,000 of the waste reduction/recycling/litter control account appropriation, $18,000 of the oil spill administration account appropriation, $15,000 of the water quality account appropriation, and $15,000 of the air operating permit account appropriation
are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(12) $200,000 of the freshwater aquatic weeds account appropriation is provided solely to address saltcedar weed problems.

(13) $352,000 of the waste reduction/recycling/litter control account appropriation is provided solely for an interagency reimbursement contract with the department of corrections to hire correctional work crews to remove litter in areas that are not accessible to youth crews.

(14) The entire biosolids permit account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1613 (biosolids management). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the entire appropriation is null and void.

(15) Within the amounts provided in this section, the department shall implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1354 (air pollution control).

(16) $29,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $99,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1985 (landscape management plans). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(17) $60,000 of the freshwater aquatic weeds account appropriation is provided solely for a grant to the department of fish and wildlife to control and eradicate purple loosestrife using the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate.

(18) A maximum of $250,000 of the flood control assistance account is provided to implement the Skokomish valley flood reduction plan. The amount provided in this subsection shall be reduced by the amount expended from this account for the Skokomish valley flood reduction plan during the biennium ending June 30, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 20,927,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 20,656,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 2,428,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 59,000
Winter Recreation Program Account Appropriation $ 759,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $ 251,000
Snowmobile Account Appropriation $ 2,290,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $ 321,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 48,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation $ 10,000
Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control Appropriation $ 34,000
Water Trail Program Account Appropriation $ 14,000
Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account Appropriation $ 24,278,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 72,075,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $189,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action items P&RC-01 and P&RC-03.

(2) $45,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for a feasibility study of a public/private effort to establish a reserve for recreation and environmental studies in southwest Kitsap county.

(3) Within the funds provided in this section, the state parks and recreation commission shall provide to the legislature a status report on implementation of the recommendations contained in the 1994 study on the restructuring of Washington state parks. This status report shall include an evaluation of the campsite reservation system including the identification of any incremental changes in revenues associated with implementation of the system and a progress report on other enterprise activities being undertaken by the commission. The report may also include recommendations on other revenue
generating options. In preparing the report the commission is encouraged to work with interested
parties to develop a long-term strategy to support the park system. The commission shall provide this
report by December 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR
RECREATION
Firearms Range Account Appropriation $46,000
Recreation Resources Account Appropriation $2,356,000
NOVA Program Account Appropriation $590,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $2,992,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Any
proceeds from the sale of the PRISM software system shall be deposited into the recreation resources
account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 305. FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL HEARINGS OFFICE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $780,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $774,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $1,554,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $4,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $4,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5119 (forest practices appeals board). If this bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, $4,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $4,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 306. FOR THE CONSERVATION COMMISSION
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $838,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $840,000
Water Quality Account Appropriation $440,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $2,118,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $181,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $181,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $130,000 of the water quality account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item CC-01.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 307. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $35,599,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $36,098,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $73,015,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $26,758,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $488,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $5,493,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $590,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation $120,000
Recreational Fisheries Enhancement Appropriation $2,231,000
Warm Water Game Fish Account Appropriation $2,669,000
Wildlife Account Appropriation $53,338,000
Game Special Wildlife Account--State Appropriation $1,911,000
Game Special Wildlife Account--Federal Appropriation $10,844,000
Game Special Wildlife Account--Private/Local Appropriation $350,000
Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation $843,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,181,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,181,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action items DFW-01, DFW-03, DFW-04, and DFW-8 through DFW-15.

(2) $188,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $155,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a maintenance and inspection program for department-owned dams. The department shall submit a report to the governor and the appropriate legislative committees by October 1, 1998, on the status of department owned dams. This report shall provide a recommendation, including a cost estimate, on whether each facility should continue to be maintained or should be decommissioned.

(3) $832,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $832,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement salmon recovery activities and other actions required to respond to federal listings of salmon species under the endangered species act.

(4) $350,000 of the wildlife account appropriation, $72,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, and $73,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for control and eradication of class B designate weeds on department owned and managed lands. The amounts from the general fund--state appropriations are provided solely for control of spartina.

(5) $140,000 of the wildlife account appropriation is provided solely for a cooperative effort with the department of agriculture for research and eradication of purple loosestrife on state lands.

(6) In controlling weeds on state-owned lands the department shall use the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate, and it shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, on control methods, costs, and acres treated during the previous year.

(7) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to assist the department of ecology in processing water right applications, establishing in-stream flows, and providing technical assistance to local WRIA planning units established in accordance with Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) A maximum of $1,000,000 is appropriated from the wildlife fund to the department of fish and wildlife for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998. The amount appropriated in this subsection is provided for the emergency feeding of deer and elk that may be starving and that are posing a risk to private property due to severe winter conditions during the winter of 1997-98. The amount expended pursuant to this appropriation must not exceed the amount raised pursuant to section 3 of Substitute House Bill No. 1478, and of the amount expended pursuant to this appropriation, not more than fifty percent may be from fee revenue generated pursuant to section 3 of Substitute House Bill No. 1478. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount appropriated in this subsection shall lapse.

(9) $193,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $194,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $300,000 of the wildlife account appropriation are provided solely for the design and development of an automated license system. Proceeds from the sale shall be deposited in the wildlife account.

(10) The department is directed to offer for sale its Cessna 421 aircraft by June 30, 1998.

(11) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to continue the department’s habitat partnerships program during the 1997-99 biennium.

(12) $350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for purchase of monitoring equipment necessary to fully implement mass marking of coho salmon.
(13) $408,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $388,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform).

(14) $238,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $219,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1985 (landscape management plans). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(15) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a contract with the United States department of agriculture to carry out animal damage control projects throughout the state related to cougars, bears, and coyotes.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 308. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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<td>Forest Development Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Surveys and Maps Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation</td>
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The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $7,017,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $6,900,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for emergency fire suppression.

2. $18,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $18,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $957,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action items DNR-01, DNR-02, and DNR-04.

3. $450,000 of the resource management cost account appropriation is provided solely for the control and eradication of class B designate weeds on state lands. The department shall use the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate, and report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, on control methods, costs and acres treated during the previous year.

4. $2,304,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,684,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for fire protection activities. In conjunction with funding from the forest fire protection assessment account, during the 1997-99 biennium the department shall prioritize within available funds in order to be able to maintain three-person crews on its fire engines.

5. $541,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $549,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the stewardship of natural area preserves, natural resource conservation areas, and the operation of the natural heritage program.

6. $2,300,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation is provided for the department’s portion of the Eagle Harbor settlement.
$931,000 of the resource management cost account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of House Bill No. 1128 (Loomis state forest timber). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

$195,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $220,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1985 (landscape management plans). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

$600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the timber-fish-wildlife agreement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 309. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 7,468,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 6,848,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 4,732,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 408,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation  $ 806,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation  $ 184,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation  $ 1,338,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 21,784,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $35,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $36,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for technical assistance on pesticide management including the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item DOA-01.

(2) $461,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $361,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to monitor and eradicate the Asian gypsy moth.

(3) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriations in this section shall be provided as a loan by the department to the Washington state livestock identification board established in Substitute House Bill No. 2089. The loan provided in this subsection is contingent upon the enactment of Substitute House Bill No. 2089 by June 30, 1997. The department may not enter into a loan agreement until the office of financial management certifies that the fee structure will be sufficient to fully repay the loan by June 30, 1999.

(4) $138,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $138,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for two additional staff positions in the plant protection program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 310. FOR THE WASHINGTON POLLUTION LIABILITY REINSURANCE PROGRAM

Pollution Liability Insurance Program Trust Account Appropriation  $ 914,000

PART IV
TRANSPORTATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 4,385,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 4,338,000
Architects’ License Account Appropriation  $ 903,000
Cemetery Account Appropriation  $ 219,000
Professional Engineers’ Account Appropriation  $ 2,698,000
Real Estate Commission Account Appropriation  $ 6,779,000
Master License Account Appropriation  $ 7,057,000
Uniform Commercial Code Account Appropriation $ 4,312,000
Real Estate Education Account Appropriation $ 606,000
Funeral Directors And Embalmers Account Appropriation $ 442,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 31,739,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $21,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $22,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement House Bill No. 1827 (boxing, martial arts, wrestling). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(2) $199,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $126,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation, $46,000 of the architects’ license account appropriation, $31,000 of the cemetery account appropriation, $41,000 of the professional engineers’ account appropriation, $71,000 of the real estate commission account appropriation, $59,000 of the master license account appropriation, $95,000 of the uniform commercial code account appropriation, and $33,000 of the funeral directors and embalmers account appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) $40,000 of the master license account appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1493 (whitewater river outfitters). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. FOR THE STATE PATROL
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 7,712,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 7,850,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 3,990,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 341,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 4,652,000
County Criminal Justice Assistance Account Appropriation $ 3,905,000
Municipal Criminal Justice Assistance Account Appropriation $ 1,573,000
Fire Service Trust Account Appropriation $ 92,000
Fire Service Training Account Appropriation $ 1,762,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 439,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 310,000
Fingerprint Identification Account Appropriation $ 3,082,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 35,708,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $254,000 of the fingerprint identification account--state appropriation is provided solely for an automated system that will facilitate the access of criminal history records remotely by computer or phone for preemployment background checks and other non-law enforcement purposes. The agency shall submit an implementation status report to the office of financial management and the legislature by September 1, 1997.

(2) $264,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for a feasibility study to develop a criminal investigation computer system. The study will report on the feasibility of developing a system that uses incident-based reporting as its foundation, consistent with FBI standards. The system will have the capability of connecting with local law enforcement jurisdictions as well as fire protection agencies conducting arson investigations. The study will report on the system requirements for incorporating case management, intelligence data, imaging, and geographic information. The system will also provide links to existing crime information databases such as WASIS and WACIC. The agency shall submit a copy of the proposed study workplan to the office of financial management and the department of information services for approval prior to expenditure. A final report shall be submitted to the appropriate committees of the legislature, the office of financial management, and the department of information services no later than June 30, 1998.

PART V
EDUCATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION - FOR STATE ADMINISTRATION

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 71,116,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 25,375,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 49,719,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 3,148,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 3,122,000
Education Savings Account Appropriation $ 29,312,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 151,792,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) AGENCY OPERATIONS
   (a) $394,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $394,000 of the
       general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the operation and
       expenses of the state board of education, including basic education assistance activities.
       (b) $250,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $250,000 of the
           general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for enhancing computer
           systems and support in the office of superintendent of public instruction. These amounts shall be used
           to: Make a database of school information available electronically to schools, state government, and the
           general public; reduce agency and school district administrative costs through more effective use of
           technology; and replace paper reporting and publication to the extent feasible with electronic media.
           The superintendent, in cooperation with the commission on student learning, shall develop a state
           student record system including elements reflecting student achievement. The system shall be made
           available to the office of financial management and the legislature with suitable safeguards of student
           confidentiality. The superintendent shall report to the office of financial management and the legislative
           fiscal committees by December 1 of each year of the biennium on the progress and plans for the
           expenditure of these amounts.
       (c) $348,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for
           administration of the traffic safety education program, including in-service training related to
           instruction in the risks of driving while under the influence of alcohol and other drugs.
       (d) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the
           general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Substitute
           House Bill No. 1776 (school audit resolutions). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts
           provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(2) STATE-WIDE PROGRAMS
   (a) $2,174,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for in-service training and
       educational programs conducted by the Pacific Science Center.
   (b) $63,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for operation of the Cispos
       environmental learning center.
   (c) $2,854,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for educational centers,
       including state support activities.
   (d) $3,040,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation and
       $2,800,000 of the public safety education account appropriation are provided solely for matching grants
       to enhance security in schools. For purposes of this program, the school for the deaf and the school for
       the blind shall be considered school districts. Not more than seventy-five percent of a district’s total
       expenditures for school security in any school year may be paid from a grant under this subsection.
       The grants shall be expended solely for the costs of employing or contracting for building security
       monitors in schools during school hours and school events. Of the amount provided in this subsection,
       at least $2,850,000 shall be spent for grants to districts that, during the 1988-89 school year, employed
       or contracted for security monitors in schools during school hours. However, these grants may be used
only for increases in school district expenditures for school security over expenditure levels for the
1988-89 school year.

(e) $400,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $400,000 of the
general fund--federal appropriation transferred from the department of health for the 1998-99 school
year are provided solely for a program that provides grants to school districts for media campaigns
promoting sexual abstinence and addressing the importance of delaying sexual activity, pregnancy,
and childbearing until individuals are ready to nurture and support their children. Grants to the school
districts shall be for projects that are substantially designed and produced by students. The grants shall
require a local private sector match equal to one-half of the state grant, which may include in-kind
contribution of technical or other assistance from consultants or firms involved in public relations,
advertising broadcasting, and graphics or video production or other related fields.

(f) $1,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,500,000 of
the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for school district
petitions to juvenile court for truant students as provided in RCW 28A.225.030 and 28A.225.035.
Allocation of this money to school districts shall be based on the number of petitions filed.

(g) $300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for alcohol and drug
prevention programs pursuant to RCW 66.08.180.

(h) $9,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $14,656,000 of the education
savings account appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $9,500,000 of the general fund--state
appropriation and $14,656,000 of the education savings account appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are
provided solely for grants and related state activities to provide school district consortia with programs
utilizing technology to improve learning. For purposes of this program, the school for the deaf and the
school for the blind shall be considered school districts. A maximum of $100,000 each fiscal year of
this amount is provided for administrative support and oversight of the K-20 network by the
superintendent of public instruction. The superintendent shall report to the telecommunications
oversight and policy committee by September 30, 1998, on the status of state-wide connection of
school districts to the network and the impact of the grants provided in this subsection toward achieving
that goal. The superintendent of public instruction shall convene a technology grants committee
representing private sector technology, school districts, and educational service districts to recommend
to the superintendent grant proposals that have the best plans for improving student learning through
innovative curriculum using technology as a learning tool and evaluating the effectiveness of the
curriculum innovations. After considering the technology grants committee recommendations, the
superintendent shall make grant awards, including granting at least fifteen percent of funds on the basis
of criteria in (ii)(A) through (C) of this subsection (2)(h).

(ii) Priority for award of funds will be to (A) school districts most in need of assistance due to
financial limits, (B) school districts least prepared to take advantage of technology as a means of
improving student learning, and (C) school districts in economically distressed areas. The
superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the technology grants committee, shall
propose options to the committee for identifying and prioritizing districts according to criteria in (i) of
this subsection (2)(h) as well as criteria under this subsection (2)(h)(ii).

(iii) Options for review criteria to be considered by the superintendent of public instruction
include, but are not limited to, free and reduced lunches, levy revenues, ending fund balances,
equipment inventories, and surveys of technology preparedness. An "economically distressed area" is
(A) a county with an unemployment rate that is at least twenty percent above the state-wide average for
the previous three years; (B) a county that has experienced sudden and severe or long-term and severe
loss of employment, or erosion of its economic base resulting in decline of its dominant industries; or
(C) a district within a county which (I) has at least seventy percent of its families and unrelated
individuals with incomes below eighty percent of the county’s median income for families and
unrelated individuals; and (II) has an unemployment rate which is at least forty percent higher than the
county’s unemployment rate.

(i) $4,800,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for state administrative costs
and start-up grants for alternative programs and services that improve instruction and learning for at-
risk students consistent with the objectives of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1378 (educational
opportunities). Each grant application shall contain proposed performance indicators and an evaluation
plan to measure the success of the program and its impact on improved student learning. Applications shall contain the applicant’s plan for maintaining the program and/or services after the grant period, shall address the needs of students who cannot be accommodated within the framework of existing school programs or services and shall address how the applicant will serve any student within the proposed program’s target age range regardless of the reason for truancy, suspension, expulsion, or other disciplinary action. Up to $50,000 per year may be used by the superintendent of public instruction for grant administration. The superintendent shall submit an evaluation of the alternative program start-up grants provided under this section, and section 501(2)(q), chapter 283, Laws of 1996, to the fiscal and education committees of the legislature by November 15, 1998. Grants shall be awarded to applicants showing the greatest potential for improved student learning for at-risk students including:

(i) Students who have been suspended, expelled, or are subject to other disciplinary actions;
(ii) Students with unexcused absences who need intervention from community truancy boards or family support programs;
(iii) Students who have left school; and
(iv) Students involved with the court system.

The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall prepare a report describing student recruitment, program offerings, staffing practices, and available indicators of program effectiveness of alternative education programs funded with state and, to the extent information is available, local funds. The report shall contain a plan for conducting an evaluation of the educational effectiveness of alternative education programs.

(j) $15,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to assist local districts vocational education programs in applying for low frequency FM radio licenses with the federal communications commission.

(k) $35,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to the state board of education to design a program to encourage high school students and other adults to pursue careers as vocational education teachers in the subject matter of agriculture.

(l) $987,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $4,207,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Second Substitute House Bill No. 2019 (charter schools). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(m) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for a contract for a feasibility analysis and implementation plan to provide the resources of a skill center for students in the Port Angeles area. This allocation is to be provided when sufficient evidence is presented to the superintendent of public instruction that a dollar for dollar match will be provided from local sources.

(n) $3,000,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $3,000,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided for implementation of sections 4 and 7 of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2042 (reading in primary grades), including selection of second grade reading tests and grants for training kindergarten through third grade teachers in reading education.

(o) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriations is provided as matching funds for district contributions to provide analysis of the efficiency of school district business practices. The superintendent of public instruction shall establish criteria, make awards, and provide a report to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 15, 1997, on the progress and details of analysis funded under this subsection (2)(o).

(p) $1,620,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for superintendent and principal internships, including state support activities, under RCW 28A.415.270 through 28A.415.300.

(q) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for costs associated with maintaining support for state-wide coordination of vocational student leadership organizations within the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION—FOR GENERAL APPORTIONMENT (BASIC EDUCATION)

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $3,429,697,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $3,511,119,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $6,940,816,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.

(2) Allocations for certificated staff salaries for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years shall be determined using formula-generated staff units calculated pursuant to this subsection. Staff allocations for small school enrollments in (d) through (f) of this subsection shall be reduced for vocational full-time equivalent enrollments. Staff allocations for small school enrollments in grades K-6 shall be the greater of that generated under (a) of this subsection, or under (d) and (e) of this subsection.

Certificated staffing allocations shall be as follows:

(a) On the basis of each 1,000 average annual full-time equivalent enrollments, excluding full-time equivalent enrollment otherwise recognized for certificated staff unit allocations under (c) through (f) of this subsection:

(i) Four certificated administrative staff units per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-12;
(ii) 49 certificated instructional staff units per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3;
(iii) An additional 5.3 certificated instructional staff units for grades K-3. Any funds allocated for these additional certificated units shall not be considered as basic education funding;

(A) Funds provided under this subsection (2)(a)(iii) in excess of the amount required to maintain the statutory minimum ratio established under RCW 28A.150.260(2)(b) shall be allocated only if the district documents an actual ratio equal to or greater than 54.3 certificated instructional staff per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3. For any school district documenting a lower certificated instructional staff ratio, the allocation shall be based on the district’s actual grades K-3 certificated instructional staff ratio achieved in that school year, or the statutory minimum ratio established under RCW 28A.150.260(2)(b), if greater;

(B) Districts at or above 51.0 certificated instructional staff per one thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3 may dedicate up to 1.3 of the 54.3 funding ratio to employ additional classified instructional assistants assigned to basic education classrooms in grades K-3. For purposes of documenting a district’s staff ratio under this section, funds used by the district to employ additional classified instructional assistants shall be converted to a certificated staff equivalent and added to the district’s actual certificated instructional staff ratio. Additional classified instructional assistants, for the purposes of this subsection, shall be determined using the 1989-90 school year as the base year;

(C) Any district maintaining a ratio equal to or greater than 54.3 certificated instructional staff per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3 may use allocations generated under this subsection (2)(a)(iii) in excess of that required to maintain the minimum ratio established under RCW 28A.150.260(2)(b) to employ additional basic education certificated instructional staff or classified instructional assistants in grades 4-6. Funds allocated under this subsection (2)(a)(iii) shall only be expended to reduce class size in grades K-6. No more than 1.3 of the certificated instructional funding ratio amount may be expended for provision of classified instructional assistants; and

(iv) Forty-six certificated instructional staff units per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades 4-12;

(b) For school districts with a minimum enrollment of 250 full-time equivalent students whose full-time equivalent student enrollment count in a given month exceeds the first of the month full-time equivalent enrollment count by 5 percent, an additional state allocation of 110 percent of the share that such increased enrollment would have generated had such additional full-time equivalent students been included in the normal enrollment count for that particular month;

(c) On the basis of full-time equivalent enrollment in:
(i) Vocational education programs approved by the superintendent of public instruction, a maximum of 0.92 certificated instructional staff units and 0.08 certificated administrative staff units for each 18.3 full-time equivalent vocational students. Beginning with the 1998-99 school year, districts documenting staffing ratios of less than 1 certificated staff per 18.3 students shall be allocated the greater of the ratio in subsection (2)(a)(i) and (iv) of this section or the actual documented ratio;

(ii) Skills center programs approved by the superintendent of public instruction, 0.92 certificated instructional staff units and 0.08 certificated administrative units for each 16.67 full-time equivalent vocational students;

(iii) Indirect cost charges as defined by the superintendent of public instruction to vocational-secondary programs shall not exceed 10 percent; and

(iv) Vocational full-time equivalent enrollment shall be reported on the same monthly basis as the enrollment for students eligible for basic support, and payments shall be adjusted for reported vocational enrollments on the same monthly basis as those adjustments for enrollment for students eligible for basic support.

(d) For districts enrolling not more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8, and for small school plants within any school district which have been judged to be remote and necessary by the state board of education and enroll not more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8:

(i) For those enrolling no students in grades 7 and 8, 1.76 certificated instructional staff units and 0.24 certificated administrative staff units for enrollment of not more than five students, plus one-twentieth of a certificated instructional staff unit for each additional student enrolled; and

(ii) For those enrolling students in grades 7 or 8, 1.68 certificated instructional staff units and 0.32 certificated administrative staff units for enrollment of not more than five students, plus one-tenth of a certificated instructional staff unit for each additional student enrolled;

(e) For specified enrollments in districts enrolling more than twenty-five but not more than one hundred average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8, and for small school plants within any school district which enroll more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8 and have been judged to be remote and necessary by the state board of education:

(i) For enrollment of up to sixty average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-6, 2.76 certificated instructional staff units and 0.24 certificated administrative staff units; and

(ii) For enrollment of up to twenty average annual full-time equivalent students in grades 7 and 8, 0.92 certificated instructional staff units and 0.08 certificated administrative staff units;

(f) For districts operating no more than two high schools with enrollments of less than three hundred average annual full-time equivalent students, for enrollment in grades 9-12 in each such school, other than alternative schools:

(i) For remote and necessary schools enrolling students in any grades 9-12 but no more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-12, four and one-half certificated instructional staff units and one-quarter of a certificated administrative staff unit;

(ii) For all other small high schools under this subsection, nine certificated instructional staff units and one-half of a certificated administrative staff unit for the first sixty average annual full time equivalent students, and additional staff units based on a ratio of 0.8732 certificated instructional staff units and 0.1268 certificated administrative staff units per each additional forty-three and one-half average annual full time equivalent students.

Units calculated under (f)(ii) of this subsection shall be reduced by certificated staff units at the rate of forty-six certificated instructional staff units and four certificated administrative staff units per thousand vocational full-time equivalent students.

(g) For each nonhigh school district having an enrollment of more than seventy annual average full-time equivalent students and less than one hundred eighty students, operating a grades K-8 program or a grades 1-8 program, an additional one-half of a certificated instructional staff unit; and

(h) For each nonhigh school district having an enrollment of more than fifty annual average full-time equivalent students and less than one hundred eighty students, operating a grades K-6 program or a grades 1-6 program, an additional one-half of a certificated instructional staff unit.

(3) Allocations for classified salaries for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years shall be calculated using formula-generated classified staff units determined as follows:
(a) For enrollments generating certificated staff unit allocations under subsection (2)(d) through (h) of this section, one classified staff unit for each three certificated staff units allocated under such subsections;
(b) For all other enrollment in grades K-12, including vocational full-time equivalent enrollments, one classified staff unit for each sixty average annual full-time equivalent students; and
(c) For each nonhigh school district with an enrollment of more than fifty annual average full-time equivalent students and less than one hundred eighty students, an additional one-half of a classified staff unit.

(4) Fringe benefit allocations shall be calculated at a rate of 20.22 percent in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years for certificated salary allocations provided under subsection (2) of this section, and a rate of 18.65 percent in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years for classified salary allocations provided under subsection (3) of this section.

(5) Insurance benefit allocations shall be calculated at the maintenance rate specified in section 504(2) of this act, based on the number of benefit units determined as follows:
(a) The number of certificated staff units determined in subsection (2) of this section; and
(b) The number of classified staff units determined in subsection (3) of this section multiplied by 1.152. This factor is intended to adjust allocations so that, for the purposes of distributing insurance benefits, full-time equivalent classified employees may be calculated on the basis of 1440 hours of work per year, with no individual employee counted as more than one full-time equivalent.

(6)(a) For nonemployee-related costs associated with each certificated staff unit allocated under subsection (2) (a), (b), and (d) through (h) of this section, there shall be provided a maximum of $7,950 per certificated staff unit in the 1997-98 school year and a maximum of $8,165 per certificated staff unit in the 1998-99 school year.
(b) For nonemployee-related costs associated with each vocational certificated staff unit allocated under subsection (2)(c) of this section, there shall be provided a maximum of $15,147 per certificated staff unit in the 1997-98 school year and a maximum of $15,556 per certificated staff unit in the 1998-99 school year.

(7) Allocations for substitute costs for classroom teachers shall be distributed at a maintenance rate of $354.64 per allocated classroom teachers exclusive of salary increase amounts provided in section 504 of this act. Solely for the purposes of this subsection, allocated classroom teachers shall be equal to the number of certificated instructional staff units allocated under subsection (2) of this section, multiplied by the ratio between the number of actual basic education certificated teachers and the number of actual basic education certificated instructional staff reported state-wide for the 1996-97 school year.

(8) Any school district board of directors may petition the superintendent of public instruction by submission of a resolution adopted in a public meeting to reduce or delay any portion of its basic education allocation for any school year. The superintendent of public instruction shall approve such reduction or delay if it does not impair the district’s financial condition. Any delay shall not be for more than two school years. Any reduction or delay shall have no impact on levy authority pursuant to RCW 84.52.0531 and local effort assistance pursuant to chapter 28A.500 RCW.

(9) The superintendent may distribute a maximum of $6,124,000 outside the basic education formula during fiscal years 1998 and 1999 as follows:
(a) For fire protection for school districts located in a fire protection district as now or hereafter established pursuant to chapter 52A.04 RCW, a maximum of $447,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1998 and a maximum of $459,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1999;
(b) For summer vocational programs at skills centers, a maximum of $1,948,000 may be expended each fiscal year;
(c) A maximum of $321,000 may be expended for school district emergencies; and
(d) A maximum of $500,000 per fiscal year may be expended for programs providing skills training for secondary students who are enrolled in extended day school-to-work programs, as approved by the superintendent of public instruction. The funds shall be allocated at a rate not to exceed $500 per full-time equivalent student enrolled in those programs.

(10) For the purposes of RCW 84.52.0531, the increase per full-time equivalent student in state basic education appropriations provided under this act, including appropriations for salary and benefits
increases, is 2.5 percent from the 1996-97 school year to the 1997-98 school year, and 1.1 percent from the 1997-98 school year to the 1998-99 school year.

(11) If two or more school districts consolidate and each district was receiving additional basic education formula staff units pursuant to subsection (2) (b) through (h) of this section, the following shall apply:

(a) For three school years following consolidation, the number of basic education formula staff units shall not be less than the number of basic education formula staff units received by the districts in the school year prior to the consolidation; and

(b) For the fourth through eighth school years following consolidation, the difference between the basic education formula staff units received by the districts for the school year prior to consolidation and the basic education formula staff units after consolidation pursuant to subsection (2) (a) through (h) of this section shall be reduced in increments of twenty percent per year.

(12) Amounts appropriated within this section are sufficient to fund Substitute House Bill No. 1034 (parents’ rights).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
BASIC EDUCATION EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

(1) The following calculations determine the salaries used in the general fund allocations for certificated instructional, certificated administrative, and classified staff units under section 502 of this act:

(a) Salary allocations for certificated instructional staff units shall be determined for each district by multiplying the district’s certificated instructional derived base salary shown on LEAP Document 12D, by the district’s average staff mix factor for basic education and special education certificated instructional staff in that school year, computed using LEAP Document 1A; and

(b) Salary allocations for certificated administrative staff units and classified staff units for each district shall be based on the district’s certificated administrative and classified salary allocation amounts shown on LEAP Document 12D.

(2) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Basic education certificated instructional staff" is defined as provided in RCW 28A.150.100 and "special education certificated staff" means staff assigned to the state-supported special education program pursuant to chapter 28A.155 RCW in positions requiring a certificate;

(b) "LEAP Document 1A" means the computerized tabulation establishing staff mix factors for certificated instructional staff according to education and years of experience, as developed by the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee on April 8, 1991, at 13:35 hours; and

(c) "LEAP Document 12D" means the computerized tabulation of 1997-98 and 1998-99 school year salary allocations for basic education certificated administrative staff and basic education classified staff and derived base salaries for basic education certificated instructional staff as developed by the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee on March 21, 1997 at 16:37 hours.

(3) Incremental fringe benefit factors shall be applied to salary adjustments at a rate of 19.58 percent for certificated staff and 15.15 percent for classified staff for both years of the biennium.

(4)(a) Pursuant to RCW 28A.150.410, the following state-wide salary allocation schedules for certificated instructional staff are established for basic education salary allocations:

STATE-WIDE SALARY ALLOCATION SCHEDULE
FOR THE 1997-98 AND 1998-99 SCHOOL YEARS

Years of Service BA BA+ 15 BA+ 30 BA+ 45 BA+ 90

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years of Service</th>
<th>BA</th>
<th>BA+ 15</th>
<th>BA+ 30</th>
<th>BA+ 45</th>
<th>BA+ 90</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>22,950</td>
<td>23,570</td>
<td>24,212</td>
<td>24,855</td>
<td>26,920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>23,702</td>
<td>24,342</td>
<td>25,005</td>
<td>25,690</td>
<td>27,816</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>24,469</td>
<td>25,129</td>
<td>25,812</td>
<td>26,563</td>
<td>28,725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>25,275</td>
<td>25,955</td>
<td>26,657</td>
<td>27,450</td>
<td>29,650</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>26,095</td>
<td>26,818</td>
<td>27,540</td>
<td>28,375</td>
<td>30,632</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>26,953</td>
<td>27,695</td>
<td>28,437</td>
<td>29,336</td>
<td>31,629</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Years of MA+ 90
Service BA+ 135 MA MA+ 45 or PHD

0 28,251 27,516 29,581 30,912
1 29,165 28,351 30,477 31,825
2 30,115 29,224 31,386 32,774
3 31,100 30,111 32,311 33,761
4 32,123 31,036 33,293 34,783
5 33,180 31,996 34,290 35,840
6 34,250 32,994 35,322 36,911
7 35,377 34,002 36,388 38,038
8 36,537 35,069 37,488 39,198
9 37,730 36,147 38,623 40,391
10 38,956 37,282 39,790 41,617
11 40,214 38,449 41,012 42,875
12 41,525 39,662 42,266 44,186
13 42,867 40,917 43,551 45,528
14 44,260 42,210 44,927 46,921
15 or more 45,411 43,307 46,095 48,141

(b) As used in this subsection, the column headings "BA+ (N)" refer to the number of credits earned since receiving the baccalaureate degree.

(c) For credits earned after the baccalaureate degree but before the masters degree, any credits in excess of forty-five credits may be counted after the masters degree. Thus, as used in this subsection, the column headings "MA+ (N)" refer to the total of:
(i) Credits earned since receiving the masters degree; and
(ii) Any credits in excess of forty-five credits that were earned after the baccalaureate degree but before the masters degree.

(5) For the purposes of this section:
(a) "BA" means a baccalaureate degree.
(b) "MA" means a masters degree.
(c) "PHD" means a doctorate degree.
(d) "Years of service" shall be calculated under the same rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction.
(e) "Credits" means college quarter hour credits and equivalent in-service credits computed in accordance with RCW 28A.415.020.

(6) No more than ninety college quarter-hour credits received by any employee after the baccalaureate degree may be used to determine compensation allocations under the state salary allocation schedule and LEAP documents referenced in this act, or any replacement schedules and documents, unless:
(a) The employee has a masters degree; or
(b) The credits were used in generating state salary allocations before January 1, 1992.
(7)(a) Credits earned by certificated instructional staff after September 1, 1995, shall be counted only if the content of the course: (i) Is consistent with the school district’s strategic plan for improving student learning; (ii) is consistent with a school-based plan for improving student learning as required by the annual school performance report, under RCW 28A.320.205, for the school in which the individual is assigned; (iii) pertains to the individual’s current assignment or expected assignment for the following school year; (iv) is necessary for obtaining an endorsement as prescribed by the state board of education; (v) is specifically required for obtaining advanced levels of certification; or (vi) is included in a college or university degree program that pertains to the individual’s current assignment, or potential future assignment, as a certificated instructional staff.

(b) Once credits earned by certificated instructional staff have been determined to meet one or more of the criteria in (a) of this subsection, the credits shall be counted even if the individual transfers to other school districts.

(8) The salary allocation schedules established in this section are for allocation purposes only except as provided in RCW 28A.400.200(2).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION—FOR SCHOOL EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 79,979,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 116,309,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 196,288,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $176,537,000 is provided for a cost of living adjustment of 3.0 percent effective September 1, 1997, for state formula staff units. The appropriations include associated incremental fringe benefit allocations at rates 19.58 percent for certificated staff and 15.15 percent for classified staff.

(a) The appropriations in this section include the increased portion of salaries and incremental fringe benefits for all relevant state-funded school programs in part V of this act. Salary adjustments for state employees in the office of superintendent of public instruction and the education reform program are provided in part VII of this act. Increases for general apportionment (basic education) are based on the salary allocation schedules and methodology in section 503 of this act. Increases for special education result from increases in each district’s basic education allocation per student. Increases for educational service districts and institutional education programs are determined by the superintendent of public instruction using the methodology for general apportionment salaries and benefits in section 503 of this act.

(b) The appropriations in this section provide salary increase and incremental fringe benefit allocations based on formula adjustments as follows:

(i) For pupil transportation, an increase of $0.60 per weighted pupil-mile for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year;

(ii) For education of highly capable students, an increase of $6.81 per formula student for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year; and

(iii) For transitional bilingual education, an increase of $17.69 per eligible bilingual student for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year; and

(iv) For learning assistance, an increase of $8.74 per entitlement unit for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year.

(c) The appropriations in this section include $912,000 for salary increase adjustments for substitute teachers at a rate of $10.64 per unit in the 1997-98 school year and maintained in the 1998-99 school year.

(2) $19,751,000 is provided for adjustments to insurance benefit allocations. The maintenance rate for insurance benefit allocations is $314.51 per month for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years. The appropriations in this section provide increases of $2.83 per month for the 1997-98 school year and $18.41 per month for the 1998-99 school year at the following rates:

(a) For pupil transportation, an increase of $0.03 per weighted pupil-mile for the 1997-98 school year and $0.19 for the 1998-99 school year;
(b) For education of highly capable students, an increase of $0.20 per formula student for the 1997-98 school year and $1.35 for the 1998-99 school year;
(c) For transitional bilingual education, an increase of $0.46 per eligible bilingual student for the 1997-98 school year and $3.44 for the 1998-99 school year; and
(d) For learning assistance, an increase of $0.36 per funded unit for the 1997-98 school year and $2.70 for the 1998-99 school year.

(3) The rates specified in this section are subject to revision each year by the legislature.

(4)(a) For the 1997-98 school year, the superintendent shall prepare a report showing the allowable derived base salary for certificated instructional staff in accordance with RCW 28A.400.200 and LEAP Document 12D, and the actual derived base salary paid by each school district as shown on the S-275 report and shall make the report available to the fiscal committees of the legislature no later than February 15, 1998.

(b) For the 1998-99 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the percent of salary increase funds provided in section 504 of this act by the percentage by which a district exceeds the allowable derived base salary for certificated instructional staff as shown on LEAP Document 12D.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-FOR PUPIL TRANSPORTATION

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 174,344,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 179,560,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 353,904,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.
(2) A maximum of $1,451,000 may be expended for regional transportation coordinators and related activities. The transportation coordinators shall ensure that data submitted by school districts for state transportation funding shall, to the greatest extent practical, reflect the actual transportation activity of each district.
(3) $35,000 of the fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $35,000 of the fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the transportation of students enrolled in "choice" programs. Transportation shall be limited to low-income students who are transferring to "choice" programs solely for educational reasons.
(4) Allocations for transportation of students shall be based on reimbursement rates of $34.47 per weighted mile in the 1997-98 school year and $34.76 per weighted mile in the 1998-99 school year exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments provided in section 504 of this act. Allocations for transportation of students transported more than one radius mile shall be based on weighted miles as determined by superintendent of public instruction times the per mile reimbursement rates for the school year pursuant to the formulas adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. Allocations for transportation of students living within one radius mile shall be based on the number of enrolled students in grades kindergarten through five living within one radius mile of their assigned school times the per mile reimbursement rate for the school year times 1.29.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 506. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-FOR SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE PROGRAMS

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 3,000,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 3,000,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 194,483,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 200,483,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The general fund--state appropriations are provided for state matching money for federal child nutrition programs.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 507. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 370,486,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 374,327,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 135,106,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 879,919,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall distribute state funds to school districts based on two categories, the optional birth through age two program for special education eligible developmentally delayed infants and toddlers, and the mandatory special education program for special education eligible students ages three to twenty-one. A "special education eligible student" means a student receiving specially designed instruction in accordance with a properly formulated individualized education program.

(3) For the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years, the superintendent shall distribute state funds to each district based on the sum of:

(a) A district’s annual average headcount enrollment of developmentally delayed infants and toddlers ages birth through two, times the district’s average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student, times 1.15; and

(b) A district’s annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment times the funded enrollment percent determined pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section, times the district’s average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student times 0.9309.

(4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.

(a) "Average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student" for a district shall be based on the staffing ratios required by RCW 28A.150.260 (i.e., 49/1000 certificated instructional staff in grades K-3, and 46/1000 in grades 4-12) and shall not include enhancements for K-3, secondary vocational education, or small schools.

(b) "Annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment" means the resident enrollment including students enrolled through choice (RCW 28A.225.225) and students from nonhigh districts (RCW 28A.225.210) and excluding students residing in another district enrolled as part of an interdistrict cooperative program (RCW 28A.225.250).

(c) "Enrollment percent" shall mean the district’s resident special education annual average enrollment including those students counted under the special education demonstration projects, excluding the birth through age two enrollment, as a percent of the district’s annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. For the 1997-98 and the 1998-99 school years, each district’s funded enrollment percent shall be:

(i) For districts whose enrollment percent for 1994-95 was at or below 12.7 percent, the lesser of the district’s actual enrollment percent for the school year for which the allocation is being determined or 12.7 percent.

(ii) For districts whose enrollment percent for 1994-95 was above 12.7 percent, the lesser of:

(A) The district’s actual enrollment percent for the school year for which the special education allocation is being determined; or

(B) The district’s actual enrollment percent for the school year immediately prior to the school year for which the special education allocation is being determined if greater than 12.7 percent; or

(C) For 1997-98, the 1994-95 enrollment percent reduced by 75 percent of the difference between the district’s 1994-95 enrollment percent and 12.7 percent and for 1998-99, 12.7 percent.

(5) $12,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $12,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided as safety net funding for districts with demonstrated needs for state special education funding beyond the amounts provided in subsection (3) of this section. Safety net funding shall be awarded by the state safety net oversight committee.
(a) The safety net oversight committee shall first consider the needs of districts adversely affected by the 1995 change in the special education funding formula. Awards shall be based on the amount required to maintain the 1994-95 state special education excess cost allocation to the school district in aggregate or on a dollar per funded student basis.

(b) The committee shall then consider unusual needs of districts due to a special education population which differs significantly from the assumptions of the state funding formula. Awards shall be made to districts that convincingly demonstrate need due to the concentration and/or severity of disabilities in the district. Differences in program costs attributable to district philosophy or service delivery style are not a basis for safety net awards.

(6) Prior to June 1st of each year, the superintendent shall make available to each school district from available data:
(a) The district’s 1994-95 enrollment percent; and
(b) The district’s maximum funded enrollment percent for the coming school year.

(7) The superintendent of public instruction may adopt such rules and procedures as are necessary to administer the special education funding and safety net award process. Prior to revising any standards, procedures, or rules in place for the 1996-97 school year, the superintendent shall consult with the office of financial management and the fiscal committees of the legislature.

(8) The safety net oversight committee appointed by the superintendent of public instruction shall consist of:
(a) Staff of the office of superintendent of public instruction;
(b) Staff of the office of the state auditor;
(c) Staff from the office of the financial management; and
(d) One or more representatives from school districts or educational service districts knowledgeable of special education programs and funding.

(9) A maximum of $4,500,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation shall be expended for safety net funding to meet the extraordinary needs of one or more individual special education students.

(10) A maximum of $678,000 may be expended from the general fund--state appropriations to fund 5.43 full-time equivalent teachers and 2.1 full-time equivalent aides at children’s orthopedic hospital and medical center. This amount is in lieu of money provided through the home and hospital allocation and the special education program.

(11) A maximum of $1,000,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided for projects to provide special education students with appropriate job and independent living skills, including work experience where possible, to facilitate their successful transition out of the public school system. The funds provided by this subsection shall be from federal discretionary grants.

(12) A school district may carry over up to 10 percent of general fund--state funds allocated under this program; however, carry over funds shall be expended in the special education program.

(13) Beginning in the 1997-98 school year, the superintendent shall increase the percentage of federal flow-through to school districts to at least 84 percent. In addition to other purposes, school districts may use increased federal funds for high cost students, for purchasing regional special education services from educational service districts, and for staff development activities particularly relating to inclusion issues.

(14) Up to one percent of the general fund--federal appropriation shall be expended by the superintendent for projects related to use of inclusion strategies by school districts for provision of special education services. The superintendent shall prepare an information database on laws, best practices, examples of programs, and recommended resources. The information may be disseminated in a variety of ways, including workshops and other staff development activities.

(15) Amounts appropriated within this section are sufficient to fund section 5 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 (mandate on school districts).

NEW SECTION, Sec. 508. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-FOR TRAFFIC SAFETY EDUCATION PROGRAMS
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 17,179,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.
(2) A maximum of $507,000 shall be expended for regional traffic safety education coordinators.
(3) The maximum basic state allocation per student completing the program shall be $137.16 in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years.
(4) Additional allocations to provide tuition assistance for students from low-income families who complete the program shall be a maximum of $66.81 per eligible student in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 509. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR EDUCATIONAL SERVICE DISTRICTS

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $4,373,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $4,373,000 |

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $8,746,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The educational service districts shall continue to furnish financial services required by the superintendent of public instruction and RCW 28A.310.190 (3) and (4).
(2) $112,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $113,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for student teaching centers as provided in RCW 28A.415.100.
(3) A maximum of $500,000 is provided for centers for the improvement of teaching pursuant to RCW 28A.415.010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 510. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR LOCAL EFFORT ASSISTANCE

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $84,598,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $89,354,000 |

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $173,952,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 511. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR THE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT ACT

| General Fund--Federal Appropriation | $255,987,000 |

NEW SECTION. Sec. 512. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR INSTITUTIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) | $18,327,000 |
| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) | $19,131,000 |
| General Fund--Federal Appropriation | $8,548,000 |

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $46,006,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.
(2) State funding provided under this section is based on salaries and other expenditures for a 220-day school year. The superintendent of public instruction shall monitor school district expenditure plans for institutional education programs to ensure that districts plan for a full-time summer program.
(3) State funding for each institutional education program shall be based on the institution’s annual average full-time equivalent student enrollment. Staffing ratios for each category of institution shall remain the same as those funded in the 1995-97 biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 513. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR PROGRAMS FOR HIGHLY CAPABLE STUDENTS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 5,747,000  
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 6,179,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $11,926,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.

2. Allocations for school district programs for highly capable students shall be distributed at a maximum rate of $311.35 per funded student for the 1997-98 school year and $311.78 per funded student for the 1998-99 school year, exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments pursuant to section 504 of this act. The number of funded students shall be a maximum of two percent of each district’s full-time equivalent basic education enrollment.

3. $350,000 of the appropriation is for the centrum program at Fort Worden state park. Centrum shall report financial and program performance data as requested by the designee of the speaker of the house of representatives for the highly capable program.

4. $186,000 of the appropriation is for the odyssey of the mind and future problem-solving programs. These programs shall report financial and program performance data as requested by the designee of the speaker of the house of representatives for the highly capable program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 514. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-EDUCATION REFORM PROGRAMS  
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 15,306,000  
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 18,270,000  
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 15,474,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $49,050,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $18,106,000 is provided for the operation of the commission on student learning and the development and implementation of student assessments. The commission shall cooperate with the superintendent of public instruction in defining measures of student achievement to be included in the student record system developed by the superintendent pursuant to section 501(1)(b) of this act.

2. $2,190,000 is provided solely for training of paraprofessional classroom assistants and certificated staff who work with classroom assistants as provided in RCW 28A.415.310.

3. $2,970,000 is provided for mentor teacher assistance, including state support activities, under RCW 28A.415.250 and 28A.415.260. Funds for the teacher assistance program shall be allocated to school districts based on the number of beginning teachers.

4. $4,050,000 is provided for improving technology infrastructure, monitoring and reporting on school district technology development, promoting standards for school district technology, promoting statewide coordination and planning for technology development, and providing regional educational technology support centers, including state support activities, under chapter 28A.650 RCW.

5. $5,000,000 is provided solely for the meals for kids program under RCW 28A.235.145 through 28A.235.155.

6. $1,260,000 is provided for technical assistance related to education reform through the office of the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the commission on student learning, as specified in RCW 28A.300.130 (center for the improvement of student learning).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 515. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-FOR TRANSITIONAL BILINGUAL PROGRAMS  
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 31,275,000  
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 33,356,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $64,631,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 provides such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.

A student shall be eligible for funding under this section if the student is enrolled in grades K-12 pursuant to WAC 392-121-106 and is receiving specialized instruction pursuant to chapter 28A.180 RCW.

The superintendent shall distribute a maximum of $643.78 per eligible weighted bilingual student in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments provided in section 504 of this act.

The following factors shall be used to calculate weightings for the 1997-98 school year and 1998-99 school year.

(a) Grades Level
   (i) K-5 .35
   (ii) 6-8 .50
   (iii) 9-12 .72

(b) Time in Program
   (i) Up to 1 year .82
   (ii) 1 to 2 years .62
   (iii) 2 to 3 years .41
   (iv) more than 3 years .21

(c) The grade level weight and time in program weight shall be summed for each eligible student and the result shall be multiplied by the rate per weighted student specified in subsection (3) of this section.

(d) Time in program under (b) of this subsection shall be calculated in accordance with WAC 392-160-035.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 516. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR THE LEARNING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $ 60,309,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $ 60,862,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION               | $ 121,171,000 |

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 provides such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.

(2) For making the calculation of the percentage of students scoring in the lowest quartile as compared with national norms, beginning with the 1991-92 school year, the superintendent shall multiply each school district’s 4th and 8th grade test results by 0.86.

(3) Funding for school district learning assistance programs shall be allocated at maximum rates of $378.33 per funded unit for the 1997-98 school year and $379.47 per funded unit for the 1998-99 school year exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments provided in section 504 of this act. School districts may carryover up to 10 percent of funds allocated under this program; however, carryover funds shall be expended for the learning assistance program.

(a) A school district’s funded units for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years shall be the sum of the following:
   (i) The district’s full-time equivalent enrollment in kindergarten through 6th grade, times the 5-year average 4th grade test result as adjusted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, times 0.92; and
   (ii) The district’s full-time equivalent enrollment in grades 7 through 9, times the 5-year average 8th grade test result as adjusted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, times 0.92; and
   (iii) If in the prior school year the district’s percentage of October headcount enrollment in grades K-12 eligible for free and reduced price lunch exceeded the state average, subtract the state average percentage of students eligible for free and reduced price lunch from the district’s percentage
and multiply the result by the district’s K-12 annual average full-time equivalent enrollment for the current school year times 22.30 percent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 517. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
LOCAL ENHANCEMENT FUNDS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 47,108,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 53,750,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 100,858,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) A maximum of $40,841,000 is provided for learning improvement allocations to school districts to enhance the ability of instructional staff to teach and assess the essential academic learning requirements for reading, writing, communication, and math in accordance with the timelines and requirements established under RCW 28A.630.885. For purposes of this program, the school for the deaf and the school for the blind shall be considered school districts. However, special emphasis shall be given to the successful teaching of reading. Allocations under this section shall be subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) In accordance with the timetable for the implementation of the assessment system by the commission on student learning, the allocations for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years shall be at a maximum annual rate per full-time equivalent student of $30 for students enrolled in grades K-4, $24 for students enrolled in grades 5-7, and $18 for students enrolled in grades 8-12. Allocations shall be made on the monthly apportionment schedule provided in RCW 28A.510.250.

(b) A district receiving learning improvement allocations shall:

(i) Develop and keep on file at each building a student learning improvement plan to achieve the student learning goals and essential academic learning requirements and to implement the assessment system as it is developed;

(ii) Maintain a policy regarding the involvement of school staff, parents, and community members in instructional decisions;

(iii) File a report by October 1, 1998, and October 1, 1999, with the office of the superintendent of public instruction, in a format developed by the superintendent that: Enumerates the activities funded by these allocations; the amount expended for each activity; describes how the activity improved understanding, teaching, and assessment of the essential academic learning requirements by instructional staff; and identifies any amounts expended from this allocation for supplemental contracts; and

(iv) Provide parents and the local community with information on the use of this allocation by including in the annual performance report required in RCW 28A.320.205, information on how funds allocated under this subsection were spent and the results achieved.

(c) The superintendent of public instruction shall compile and analyze the school district reports and present the results to the office of financial management and the appropriate committees of the legislature no later than November 15, 1998, and November 15, 1999.

(2) $60,017,000 is provided for local education program enhancements to meet educational needs as identified by the school district. This amount includes such amounts as are necessary for the remainder of the 1996-97 school year. Allocations for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school year shall be at a maximum annual rate of $32.25 per full-time equivalent student as determined pursuant to subsection (3) of this section. Allocations shall be made on the monthly apportionment payment schedule provided in RCW 28A.510.250.

(3) Allocations provided under this section shall be based on school district annual average full-time equivalent enrollment in grades kindergarten through twelve: PROVIDED, That for school districts enrolling not more than one hundred average annual full-time equivalent students, and for small school plants within any school district designated as remote and necessary schools, the allocations shall be as follows:

(a) Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students;
(b) Enrollment of not more than 20 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight shall generate funding based on twenty full-time equivalent students; and
(c) Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students.
(4) Funding provided pursuant to this section does not fall within the definition of basic education for purposes of Article IX of the state Constitution and the state’s funding duty thereunder.
(5) Receipt by a school district of one-fourth of the district’s allocation of funds under this section, shall be conditioned on a finding by the superintendent that:
   (1) The district is enrolled as a medicaid service provider and is actively pursuing federal matching funds for medical services provided through special education programs, pursuant to RCW 74.09.5241 through 74.09.5256 (Title XIX funding); and
   (2) The district is filing truancy petitions as required under chapter 312, Laws of 1995 and RCW 28A.225.030.

PART VI
HIGHER EDUCATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 601. The appropriations in sections 603 through 609 of this act are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
   (1) "Institutions" means the institutions of higher education receiving appropriations under sections 603 through 609 of this act.
   (2)(a) The salary increases provided or referenced in this subsection shall be the allowable salary increases provided at institutions of higher education, excluding increases associated with normally occurring promotions and increases related to faculty and professional staff retention, and excluding increases associated with employees under the jurisdiction of chapter 41.56 RCW pursuant to the provisions of RCW 28B.16.015.
   (b) Each institution of higher education shall provide to each classified staff employee as defined by the office of financial management a salary increase of 3.0 percent on July 1, 1997. Each institution of higher education shall provide to instructional and research faculty, exempt professional staff, academic administrators, academic librarians, counselors, teaching and research assistants as classified by the office of financial management, and all other nonclassified staff, including those employees under RCW 28B.16.015, an average salary increase of 3.0 percent on July 1, 1997. For employees under the jurisdiction of chapter 41.56 RCW pursuant to the provisions of RCW 28B.16.015, distribution of the salary increases will be in accordance with the applicable collective bargaining agreement. However, an increase shall not be provided to any classified employee whose salary is above the approved salary range maximum for the class to which the employee’s position is allocated. To collect consistent data for use by the legislature, the office of financial management, and other state agencies for policy and planning purposes, institutions of higher education shall report personnel data to be used in the department of personnel’s human resource data warehouse in compliance with uniform reporting procedures established by the department of personnel.
   (c) Each institution of higher education receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act may provide to instructional and research faculty, exempt professional staff, academic administrators, academic librarians, counselors, teaching and research assistants, as classified by the office of financial management, and all other nonclassified staff, but not including employees under RCW 28B.16.015, an additional average salary increase of 1.0 percent on July 1, 1997, and an average salary increase of 2.0 percent on July 1, 1998. Any salary increases authorized under this subsection (2)(c) shall not be included in an institution’s salary base. It is the intent of the legislature that general fund--state support for an institution shall not increase during the current or any future biennium as a result of any salary increases authorized under this subsection (2)(c).
   (d) Specific salary increases authorized in sections 603 through 609 of this act are in addition to any salary increase provided in this subsection.
   (3) Each institution receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act, at the direction of the higher education coordinating board, shall submit to the board strategies for achieving measurable and specific improvements in academic years 1997-98 and 1998-99 for the following four performance and accountability measures and the state-wide performance goal for each:
(a) Undergraduate degrees granted per full-time equivalent (FTE) instructional faculty:
   Research universities 4
   Comprehensive universities 9
(b) Undergraduate student retention, defined as the number of undergraduate students who return for the next year at the same institution measured from fall to fall:
   Research universities 95%
   Comprehensive universities 90%
(c) Graduation rates, defined as the percent of an entering freshman class at each institution that graduates within four years 50%
(d) Undergraduate graduation efficiency index 95

(4) The state board for community and technical colleges shall develop an implementation plan for measurable and specific improvements in productivity, efficiency, and student retention in academic years 1997-98 and 1998-99 consistent with the performance management system developed by the work force training and education coordinating board and for the following long-term performance goals:

(a) Hourly wages for vocational graduates $12/hour
(b) Academic students transferring to Washington higher education institutions 67%
(c) Core course completion rates 85%
(d) Graduation efficiency index 95

NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. (1) The appropriations in sections 603 through 609 of this act provide state general fund support or employment and training trust account support for full-time equivalent student enrollments at each institution of higher education. Listed below are the annual full-time equivalent student enrollments by institution assumed in this act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>1997-98</th>
<th>1998-99</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Washington</td>
<td>32,799</td>
<td>33,399</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington State University</td>
<td>19,485</td>
<td>20,075</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central Washington University</td>
<td>7,346</td>
<td>7,446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern Washington University</td>
<td>7,739</td>
<td>7,739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Evergreen State College</td>
<td>3,496</td>
<td>3,576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Western Washington University</td>
<td>10,183</td>
<td>10,353</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Board for Community and Technical Colleges</td>
<td>116,426</td>
<td>118,526</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Higher Education Coordinating Board</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) Based on 10th day student enrollment data for the 1997 autumn term and the office of financial management’s fall 1997 full-time equivalent student (FTE) budget driver report, for each FTE below the target FTE, funding per FTE of state general fund shall be placed into reserve by allotment amendment by November 15, 1997. Based on 10th day student enrollment data for the 1998 autumn term, and the office of financial management’s fall 1998 full-time equivalent student (FTE) budget driver report, for each FTE below the target FTE, funding per FTE of state general fund shall be placed into reserve by allotment amendment by November 15, 1998. Target FTE and funding per FTE for each institution are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>Target FTE</th>
<th>Funding Per FTE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Washington</td>
<td>31,815</td>
<td>$3,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington State University</td>
<td>19,900</td>
<td>$3,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central Washington University</td>
<td>7,126</td>
<td>$4,607</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $381,878,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $420,513,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $11,404,000
Employment and Training Trust Account Appropriation $26,796,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $840,591,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $2,718,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $4,079,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be held in reserve by the board. These funds are provided to improve instructional efficiency and the quality of educational programs. The board may approve the fiscal year 1998 allocation of funds under this subsection upon completion of an implementation plan. The implementation plan shall be submitted by the board to the legislature and the office of financial management in accordance with section 601(4) of this act by September 1, 1997. The board may approve the fiscal year 1999 allocation of funds under this subsection based on the board’s evaluation of:

(a) College performance compared to the goals for quality improvement and instructional efficiency as submitted in the plan required in section 601(4) of this act; and

(b) The quality and effectiveness of the strategies the colleges propose to achieve continued improvement in quality and efficiency during the 1998-99 academic year.

(2) $490,000 of the general fund--state appropriation, $26,796,000 of the employment and training trust account appropriation for fiscal year 1998, and $27,186,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for training and related support services specified in chapter 226, Laws of 1993 (employment and training for unemployed workers) and House Bill No. 2214. Of this amount:

(a) $51,534,000 is to provide enrollment opportunity for 7,200 full-time equivalent students in fiscal year 1998 and 7,200 full-time equivalent students in fiscal year 1999. The state board for community and technical colleges shall submit to the workforce training and education coordinating board for review and approval a plan for the allocation of the full-time equivalent students provided in this subsection.

(b) $2,938,000 is to provide support services that may include child care assistance, transportation, and financial aid for the student enrollments funded in (a) of this subsection.

(3) $1,441,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,441,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for 500 FTE enrollment slots to implement RCW 28B.50.259 (timber-dependent communities).

(4) $1,862,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,862,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes at community and technical colleges.

(5) $706,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $706,000 of general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(6) Up to $1,035,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and up to $2,102,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 may be used in combination with salary and benefit savings from faculty turnover to provide faculty salary increments and associated benefits. To the extent general salary increase funding is used to pay faculty increments, the general salary increase shall be reduced by the same amount.

(7) $1,467,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,467,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to address part-time faculty salary disparities for part-time faculty teaching more than one course.
(8) $83,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,567,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided for personnel and expenses to develop curricula, library resources, and operations of Cascadia Community College.

(9) The technical colleges may increase tuition and fees to conform with the percentage increase in community college operating fees authorized in House Bill No. 2262 (higher education tuition and fees). The community colleges may charge up to the maximum level authorized for services and activities fees in RCW 28B.15.069.

(10) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a maximum of 10 incentive grants in each fiscal year to community and technical colleges. The board shall make grants to the colleges for productivity enhancements in student services and instruction that facilitate student progress, and for innovation proposals that provide greater student access and learning opportunities.

(11) Community and technical colleges with below-average faculty salaries may use funds identified by the state board in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 operating allocations to increase faculty salaries no higher than the system-wide average.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. FOR UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$280,895,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$284,127,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Death Investigations Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,810,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$514,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accident Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$4,969,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Medical Aid Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$4,989,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$577,312,500</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(2) $324,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $324,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(3) $130,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $130,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item UW-01.

(4) $776,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $776,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes in this subsection.

(5) $93,500 of the general fund appropriation in this section is provided solely to employ a fossil preparator/educator in the Burke Museum. The entire amount in this subsection shall be provided directly to the Burke Museum.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$166,843,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$171,012,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$206,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$338,061,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.
(2) $140,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $140,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(3) $157,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $157,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item WSU-01.

(4) $365,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $365,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes in this subsection.

(5) $25,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for state matching funds for creation and maintenance of community gardens as provided in Substitute House Bill No. 1580 (community gardens). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for larkspur research.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 606. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $39,115,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $38,964,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $78,079,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(2) $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(3) $53,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $54,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes in this subsection.

(4) $3,188,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,188,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve pending attainment of budgeted enrollments of 6,942 FTEs. The office of financial management may approve the allotment of funds under this subsection at the annual rate of $4,000 for annual student FTEs in excess of 6,942 based on tenth day quarterly enrollment and the office of financial management’s quarterly budget driver report. In addition, allotments of reserve funds in this section may be approved by the office of financial management upon approval by the higher education coordinating board for actions that will result in additional enrollment growth.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 607. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $37,149,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $38,156,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $75,305,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(2) $70,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $70,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.
(3) $51,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $51,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The college shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes in this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 608. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 20,160,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 20,321,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 40,481,000

The appropriations in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.
(2) $47,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $47,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.
(3) $29,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $29,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The college shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes in this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 609. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 47,706,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 48,327,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 96,033,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.
(2) $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.
(3) $66,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $67,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes in this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 610. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD--POLICY COORDINATION AND ADMINISTRATION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,084,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 8,491,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 693,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 11,268,000

The appropriations in this section are provided to carry out the accountability, performance measurement, policy coordination, planning, studies and administrative functions of the board and are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The board shall, in consultation with the institutions receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act, develop accountability plans for achieving the four performance and accountability measures defined in section 601(3)(a) for academic year 1997-98. These plans shall specify that the academic year 1995-96 is the baseline year against which performance for academic
year 1997-98 shall be measured. The difference between each institution’s academic year 1995-96 performance and the state-wide performance goal specified for each of the four measures shall be calculated, and the product of this calculation shall be the performance gap for each institution for each measure. The plan for each institution shall set as a performance target the closing of its performance gap by ten percent in academic year 1997-98 for each measure. The board shall review and recommend changes, if necessary, to the 1997-98 plans at its September 1997 meeting, and report these plans to the office of financial management and to the appropriate legislative committees.

(2) $6,396,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely for incentive grants to institutions receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act for achievement of the performance targets set in the plans for academic year 1997-98 and for submission of accountability plans for achieving the performance targets for academic year 1998-99. The plan for each institution’s performance target for each measure for academic year 1998-99 shall use the performance target value for academic year 1997-98 as the new baseline; calculate the difference between this baseline and the state-wide performance goal; and specify the performance gap for 1998-99. Each institution's accountability plan shall target the closing of this recalculated performance gap by ten percent in academic year 1998-99 for each measure. The board shall review and recommend changes, if necessary, to the 1998-99 accountability plans of each institution by its November 1998 meeting, and it shall evaluate each institution’s achievement of its 1997-98 performance targets for each accountability measure. Incentive grants shall reflect the proportion of each institution’s achievement of its performance target for each measure in 1997-98 and shall be awarded by December 1, 1998.

(3) By November 1, 1998, the board shall consult with the institutions of higher education, and recommend to the office of financial management and appropriate legislative committees, performance indicators measuring successful student learning and other student outcomes, and any proposed additions or revisions to the performance and accountability measures in sections 601(3) and 601(4) of this act for possible inclusion in the 1999-01 biennial operating budget.

(4) $280,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $280,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for enrollment to implement RCW 28B.80.570 through 28B.80.585 (rural natural resources impact areas). The number of students served shall be 50 full-time equivalent students per fiscal year. The board shall ensure that enrollments reported under this subsection meet the criteria outlined in RCW 28B.80.570 through 28B.80.585.

(5) $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to develop a competency based admissions system for higher education institutions. The board shall complete the competency based admissions system and issue a report outlining the competency based admissions system by January 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 611. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD--FINANCIAL AID AND GRANT PROGRAMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>FY 1998</th>
<th>FY 1999</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$91,522,000</td>
<td>$93,023,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$8,255,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$99,777,000</td>
<td>$93,023,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $527,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $526,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the displaced homemakers program.

(2) $216,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $220,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the western interstate commission for higher education.

(3) $118,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $118,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the health personnel resources plan.
(4) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the scholarships and loans program under chapter 28B.115 RCW, the health professional conditional scholarship program. This amount shall be deposited to the health professional loan repayment and scholarship trust fund to carry out the purposes of the program.

(5) $88,848,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $90,455,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for student financial aid, including all administrative costs. The amounts in (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection are sufficient to implement Second Substitute House Bill No. 1851 (higher education financial aid). Of these amounts:

(a) $65,551,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $66,615,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the state need grant program. For the purposes of determination of eligibility for state need grants for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 academic years, the higher education coordinating board shall establish family income equivalencies for independent students having financial responsibility for children and independent students with no financial responsibility for children, respectively, based on the United States bureau of labor statistics' low budget standard for persons in the 20-35 year age group, in accordance with the recommendations of the 1996 student financial aid policy advisory committee. After April 1 of each fiscal year, up to one percent of the annual appropriation for the state need grant program may be transferred to the state work study program;

(b) $16,450,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $16,750,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the state work study program. After April 1 of each fiscal year, up to one percent of the annual appropriation for the state work study program may be transferred to the state need grant program;

(c) $3,750,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,750,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for educational opportunity grants;

(d) A maximum of $1,384,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,384,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 may be expended for financial aid administration, excluding the four percent state work study program administrative allowance provision;

(e) $226,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $197,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the educator’s excellence awards. Any educator’s excellence moneys not awarded by April 1st of each year may be transferred by the board to either the Washington scholars program or, in consultation with the workforce training and education coordinating board, to the Washington award for vocational excellence;

(f) $990,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,244,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement the Washington scholars program. Any Washington scholars program moneys not awarded by April 1st of each year may be transferred by the board to either the educator’s excellence awards or, in consultation with the workforce training and education coordinating board, to the Washington award for vocational excellence;

(g) $447,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $465,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Washington award for vocational excellence program. Any Washington award for vocational program moneys not awarded by April 1st of each year may be transferred by the board to either the educator’s excellence awards or, the Washington scholars program;

(h) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for community scholarship matching grants of $2,000 each. To be eligible for the matching grant, a nonprofit community organization, organized under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, must demonstrate that it has raised $2,000 in new moneys for college scholarships after the effective date of this act. No organization may receive more than one $2,000 matching grant; and
For the purpose of establishing eligibility for the equal opportunity grant program for placebound students under RCW 28B.101.020, Thurston county lies within the branch campus service area of the Tacoma branch campus of the University of Washington.

(6) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 (Washington advanced college tuition payment program). The amounts in this subsection are a long-term loan for operating and start-up costs of the program and are to be paid back to the state general fund by June 30, 2007. If Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $375,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $375,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the undergraduate fellowship program as provided in Second Substitute House Bill No. 1055. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the Hispanic American fellowship program as provided in Second Substitute House Bill No. 1622. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 612. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,319,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,320,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,639,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 613. FOR THE WORK FORCE TRAINING AND EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,639,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,644,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 34,378,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 37,661,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 614. FOR WASHINGTON STATE LIBRARY
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 7,464,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 7,259,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 4,853,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 19,576,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,192,758 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $1,192,758 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $54,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided for a contract with the Seattle public library for library services for the Washington book and braille library.

(2) $198,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for the state library to continue the government information locator service in accordance with chapter 171, Laws of 1996. The state library, in consultation with interested parties, shall prepare an evaluation of the government information locator service by October 1, 1997. The evaluation shall include a cost-benefit analysis, a determination of fiscal impacts to the state, and programmatic information. The evaluation report shall be provided to the appropriate legislative fiscal committees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 615. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE ARTS COMMISSION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,015,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 2,013,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 697,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 4,725,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 616. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,505,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 2,534,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 5,039,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 617. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 741,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,022,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 1,763,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 618. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 3,679,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 3,703,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 192,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 7,574,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 619. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 6,458,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 6,459,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 12,917,000

PART VII
SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL FUND BOND DEBT
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 447,283,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 485,077,000
General Fund Bonds Subject to the Limit Bond Retirement Acct App $ 932,360,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $1,864,720,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The general fund appropriation is for deposit into the general fund bonds subject to the limit bond retirement account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 702. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO BE REIMBURSED BY ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES
State Convention & Trade Center Account Appropriation $ 34,081,000
Accident Account Appropriation $ 5,108,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation $ 5,108,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 44,297,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 703. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO BE REIMBURSED AS PRESCRIBED BY STATUTE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 23,096,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 25,603,000
General Fund Bonds Excluded from the Limit Bond Retirement Acct App $ 48,699,000
Reimbursable Bonds Excluded from the Limit Bond Retirement Acct App $ 104,933,000
Reimbursable Bonds Subject to the Limit Bond Retirement Acct App $ 402,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $202,733,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The general fund appropriation is for deposit into the general fund bonds excluded from the limit bond retirement account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR DEBT TO BE PAID BY STATUTORILY PRESCRIBED REVENUE
Revenue Bonds Excluded from the Limit Bond Retirement Acct App  $2,451,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR BOND SALE EXPENSES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $475,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $475,000
Higher Education Construction Account Appropriation  $215,000
State Building Construction Account Appropriation  $6,374,000
Public Safety Reimbursable Bond Account Appropriation  $8,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $7,547,000

Total Bond Retirement and Interest Appropriations contained in sections 701 through 705 of this act  $2,121,748,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 706. FOR THE GOVERNOR--FOR TRANSFER TO THE TORT CLAIMS REVOLVING FUND
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $1,205,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $1,295,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $2,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 707. FOR THE GOVERNOR--AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT
Americans with Disabilities Special Revolving Fund Appropriation  $426,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation shall be used solely to fund requests from state agencies complying with the program requirements of the federal Americans with disabilities act. This appropriation will be administered by the office of financial management and will be apportioned to agencies meeting distribution criteria.

(2) To facilitate payment from special funds dedicated to agency programs receiving allocations under this section, the state treasurer is directed to transfer sufficient moneys from the special funds to the Americans with disabilities special revolving fund, hereby created in the state treasury, in accordance with schedules provided by the office of financial management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 708. FOR THE GOVERNOR--TORT DEFENSE SERVICES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $1,257,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $1,257,000
Special Fund Agency Tort Defense Services Revolving Fund Appropriation  $2,513,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $5,027,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: To facilitate payment of tort defense services from special funds, the state treasurer is directed to transfer sufficient moneys from each special fund to the special fund agency tort defense services revolving
fund, in accordance with schedules provided by the office of financial management. The governor shall
distribute the moneys appropriated in this section to agencies to pay for tort defense services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 709. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--
EMERGENCY FUND
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 500,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 500,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 1,000,000

The appropriation in this section is for the governor's emergency fund for the critically
necessary work of any agency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 710. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--
YEAR 2000 ALLOCATIONS
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 3,379,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,961,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 2,883,000
Liquor Revolving Account Appropriation $ 131,000
Health Care Authority Administrative Account Appropriation $ 631,000
Accident Account Appropriation $ 1,102,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation $ 1,102,000
Unemployment Compensation Administration Account Appropriation $ 1,313,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation $ 948,000
Employment Services Administrative Account Appropriation $ 500,000
Forest Development Account Appropriation $ 156,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $ 7,000
Surveys and Maps Account Appropriation $ 1,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $ 8,000
Resource Management Cost Account Appropriation $ 348,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 14,470,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriations will be allocated by the office of financial management to agencies to
complete Year 2000 date conversion maintenance on their computer systems. Agencies shall submit
their estimated costs of conversion to the office of financial management by July 1, 1997.
(2) Up to $10,000,000 of the cash balance of the data processing revolving account may be
expended on agency Year 2000 date conversion costs. The $10,000,000 will be taken from the cash
balances of the data processing revolving account's two major users, as follows: $7,000,000 from the
department of information services and $3,000,000 from the office of financial management. The office
of financial management in consultation with the department of information services shall allocate these
funds as needed to complete the date conversion projects.
(3) Agencies receiving these allocations shall report at a minimum to the information services
board and to the governor every six months on the progress of Year 2000 maintenance efforts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 711. BELATED CLAIMS. The agencies and institutions of the state
may expend moneys appropriated in this act, upon approval of the office of financial management, for
the payment of supplies and services furnished to the agency or institution in prior fiscal biennia.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 712. FOR THE GOVERNOR--COMPENSATION--INSURANCE
BENEFITS
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 823,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 6,257,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 2,431,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 146,000
Salary and Insurance Increase Revolving Account Appropriation  $ 5,465,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 15,122,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1)(a) The monthly contribution for insurance benefit premiums shall not exceed $312.35 per eligible employee for fiscal year 1998, and $331.31 for fiscal year 1999.
(b) The monthly contribution for the operating costs of the health care authority shall not exceed $4.99 per eligible employee for fiscal year 1998, and $4.44 for fiscal year 1999.
(c) Surplus moneys accruing to the public employees' and retirees' insurance account due to lower-than-projected insurance costs may not be reallocated by the health care authority to increase the actuarial value of public employee insurance plans. Such funds shall be held in reserve in the public employees' and retirees' insurance account and may not be expended without prior legislative authorization.
(d) In order to achieve the level of funding provided for health benefits, the public employees' benefits board may require employee premium co-payments, increase point-of-service cost sharing, and/or implement managed competition.
(2) To facilitate the transfer of moneys from dedicated funds and accounts, the state treasurer is directed to transfer sufficient moneys from each dedicated fund or account to the special fund salary and insurance contribution increase revolving fund in accordance with schedules provided by the office of financial management.
(3) The health care authority, subject to the approval of the public employees' benefits board, shall provide subsidies for health benefit premiums to eligible retired or disabled public employees and school district employees who are eligible for parts A and B of medicare, pursuant to RCW 41.05.085. From January 1, 1998, through December 31, 1998, the subsidy shall be $41.26 per month. Starting January 1, 1999, the subsidy shall be $43.16 per month.
(4) Technical colleges, school districts, and educational service districts shall remit to the health care authority for deposit in the public employees' and retirees' insurance account established in RCW 41.05.120:
(a) For each full-time employee, $14.80 per month beginning September 1, 1997;
(b) For each part-time employee who, at the time of the remittance, is employed in an eligible position as defined in RCW 41.32.010 or 41.40.010 and is eligible for employer fringe benefit contributions for basic benefits, $14.80 each month beginning September 1, 1997, prorated by the proportion of employer fringe benefit contributions for a full-time employee that the part-time employee receives.
The remittance requirements specified in this subsection shall not apply to employees of a technical college, school district, or educational service district who purchase insurance benefits through contracts with the health care authority.
(5) The salary and insurance increase revolving account appropriation includes amounts sufficient to fund health benefits for ferry workers at the premium levels specified in subsection (1) of this section, consistent with the 1997-99 transportation appropriations act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 713. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS-
CONTRIBUTIONS TO RETIREMENT SYSTEMS
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriations shall be made on a monthly basis consistent with chapter 41.45 RCW.

(1) There is appropriated for state contributions to the law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system:
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 68,350,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 72,750,000

Of the appropriations in this subsection, $50,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $50,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for
House Bill No. 1099 (LEOFF retirement plan I). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, these amounts shall lapse.

(2) There is appropriated for contributions to the judicial retirement system:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$ 8,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$ 8,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(3) There is appropriated for contributions to the judges retirement system:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$ 750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$ 750,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 159,600,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 714. SALARY COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund–State Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$ 31,031,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund–State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$ 31,421,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund–Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 17,578,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Salary and Insurance Increase Revolving Account</td>
<td>$ 48,678,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 128,708,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section shall be expended solely for the purposes designated in this section and are subject to the conditions and limitations in this section:

(1) In addition to the purposes set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, appropriations in this section are provided solely for a 3.0 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, for all classified employees, including those employees in the Washington management service, and exempt employees under the jurisdiction of the personnel resources board.

(2) The appropriations in this section are sufficient to fund a 3.0 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, for general government, legislative, and judicial employees exempt from merit system rules whose salaries are not set by the commission on salaries for elected officials.

(3) The salary and insurance increase revolving account appropriation in this section includes funds sufficient to fund a 3.0 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, for ferry workers consistent with the 1997-99 transportation appropriations act.

(4) No salary increase may be paid under this section to any person whose salary has been Y-rated pursuant to rules adopted by the personnel resources board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 715. FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL--SALARY ADJUSTMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$ 250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$ 250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attorney General Salary Increase Revolving Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 499,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 999,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriations are provided solely for increases in salaries and related benefits of assistant attorneys general levels 1 and 2. The attorney general shall distribute these funds in a manner that will maintain or increase the quality and experience of the attorney general’s staff. Market value, specialization, retention, and performance (including billable hours) shall be the factors in determining the distribution of these funds.

(2) To facilitate the transfer of moneys from dedicated funds and accounts, state agencies are directed to transfer sufficient moneys from each dedicated fund or account to the attorney general salary increase revolving account, hereby created in the state treasury, in accordance with schedules provided by the office of financial management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 716. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--COMPENSATION ACTIONS OF PERSONNEL RESOURCES BOARD
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 5,289,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 10,642,000
Salary and Insurance Increase Revolving Account Appropriation  $ 8,862,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 24,793,000

The appropriations in this section shall be expended solely for the purposes designated in this section and are subject to the conditions and limitations in this section.

(1) Funding is provided to fully implement the recommendations of the Washington personnel resources board consistent with the provisions of chapter 319, Laws of 1996.

(2) Implementation of the salary adjustments for the various clerical classes, physicians, dental classifications, pharmacists, maintenance custodians, medical records technicians, fish/wildlife biologists, fish/wildlife enforcement, habitat technicians, and fiscal technician classifications will be effective July 1, 1997. Implementation of the salary adjustments for safety classifications, park rangers, park aides, correctional officers/sergeants, community corrections specialists, tax information specialists, industrial relations specialists, electrical classifications at the department of labor and industries, fingerprint technicians, some labor relations classifications, health benefits specialists, foresters/land managers, and liquor enforcement officers will be effective July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 717. The sum of seventy-five million dollars or so much thereof as may be available on June 30, 1998, from the total amount of unspent fiscal year 1998 state general fund appropriations is appropriated for the purposes of House Bill No. 2240 in the manner provided in this section.

(1) Of the total appropriated amount, one-half of that portion that is attributable to incentive savings, not to exceed twenty-five million dollars, is appropriated to the savings incentive account for the purpose of improving the quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of agency services, and credited to the agency that generated the savings.

(2) The remainder of the total amount, not to exceed seventy million dollars, is appropriated to the education savings account for the purpose of common school construction projects and education technology.

(3) For purposes of this section, the total amount of unspent state general fund appropriations does not include the appropriations made in this section or any amounts included in across-the-board allotment reductions under RCW 43.88.110.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 718. The sum of seventy-five million dollars or so much thereof as may be available on June 30, 1999, from the total amount of unspent fiscal year 1999 state general fund appropriations is appropriated for the purposes of House Bill No. 2240 in the manner provided in this section.

(1) Of the total appropriated amount, one-half of that portion that is attributable to incentive savings, not to exceed twenty-five million dollars, is appropriated to the savings incentive account for the purpose of improving the quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of agency services, and credited to the agency that generated the savings.

(2) The remainder of the total amount, not to exceed seventy million dollars, is appropriated to the education savings account for the purpose of common school construction projects and education technology.

(3) For purposes of this section, the total amount of unspent state general fund appropriations does not include the appropriations made in this section or any amounts included in across-the-board allotment reductions under RCW 43.88.110.

PART VIII
OTHER TRANSFERS AND APPROPRIATIONS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 801. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--STATE REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION
General Fund Appropriation for fire insurance premiums distribution  $ 6,617,250
General Fund Appropriation for public utility district excise tax distribution $ 35,183,803
General Fund Appropriation for prosecuting attorneys salaries $ 2,960,000
General Fund Appropriation for motor vehicle excise tax distribution $ 84,721,573
General Fund Appropriation for local mass transit assistance $ 383,208,166
General Fund Appropriation for camper and travel trailer excise tax distribution $ 3,904,937
General Fund Appropriation for boating safety/education and law enforcement distribution $ 3,616,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation for harbor improvement revenue distribution $ 142,000
Liquor Excise Tax Account Appropriation for liquor excise tax distribution $ 22,287,746
Liquor Revolving Fund Appropriation for liquor profits distribution $ 36,989,000
Timber Tax Distribution Account Appropriation for distribution to "Timber" counties $ 107,146,000
Municipal Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account Appropriation $ 66,860,014
County Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account Appropriation $ 11,843,224
Death Investigations Account Appropriation for distribution to counties for publicly funded autopsies $ 1,266,000
County Criminal Justice Account Appropriation $ 80,107,471
Municipal Criminal Justice Account Appropriation $ 32,042,450
County Public Health Account Appropriation $ 58,023,588
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 940,169,222

The total expenditures from the state treasury under the appropriations in this section shall not exceed the funds available under statutory distributions for the stated purposes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 802. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--FEDERAL REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION
Forest Reserve Fund Appropriation for federal forest reserve fund distribution $ 58,801,910
General Fund Appropriation for federal flood control funds distribution $ 4,000
General Fund Appropriation for federal grazing fees distribution $ 52,000
General Fund Appropriation for distribution of federal funds to counties in conformance with P.L. 97-99 Federal Aid to Counties $ 885,916
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 59,743,826

The total expenditures from the state treasury under the appropriations in this section shall not exceed the funds available under statutory distributions for the stated purposes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 803. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--TRANSFERS
General Fund: For transfer to the Water Quality Account $ 23,705,100
General Fund: For transfer to the Flood Control Assistance Account $ 3,999,000
State Convention and Trade Center Account: For transfer to the State Convention and Trade Center Operations Account $ 4,368,000
Public Works Assistance Account: For transfer to the Growth Management Planning and Environmental Review Account $ 1,000,000
Water Quality Account: For transfer to the Water Pollution Control Account.
Transfers shall be made at intervals coinciding with deposits of federal capitalization grant money into the account. The amounts transferred shall not exceed the match required for each federal deposit $ 21,688,000
State Treasurer’s Service Account: For transfer to the general fund on or before June 30, 1999 an amount up to $3,600,000 in excess of the cash requirements of the State Treasurer’s Service Account $ 3,600,000
Health Services Account: For transfer to the County Public Health Account $ 2,250,000
Public Works Assistance Account: For transfer to the Drinking Water Asst Acct $ 9,949,000
County Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account: For transfer to the County
Public Health Account  $ 1,686,000  
General Fund: For transfer to the Emergency Reserve Fund on or after July 1, 1998  $ 100,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 804. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS--TRANSFERS

General Fund Appropriation: For transfer to the department of retirement systems expense  $ 16,000

PART IX

MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 901. EXPENDITURE AUTHORIZATIONS. The appropriations contained in this act are maximum expenditure authorizations. Pursuant to RCW 43.88.037, moneys disbursed from the treasury on the basis of a formal loan agreement shall be recorded as loans receivable and not as expenditures for accounting purposes. To the extent that moneys are disbursed on a loan basis, the corresponding appropriation shall be reduced by the amount of loan moneys disbursed from the treasury during the 1997-99 biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 902. INFORMATION SYSTEMS PROJECTS. Agencies shall comply with the following requirements regarding information systems projects when specifically directed to do so by this act:

(1) The agency shall produce a feasibility study for each information systems project in accordance with published department of information services instructions. In addition to department of information services requirements, the study shall examine and evaluate the costs and benefits of maintaining the status quo and the costs and benefits of the proposed project. The study shall identify when and in what amount any fiscal savings will accrue, and what programs or fund sources will be affected.

(2) The agency shall produce a project management plan for each project. The plan or plans shall address all factors critical to successful completion of each project. The plan shall include, but is not limited to, the following elements: A description of the problem or opportunity that the information systems project is intended to address; a statement of project objectives and assumptions; definition of phases, tasks, and activities to be accomplished and the estimated cost of each phase; a description of how the agency will facilitate responsibilities of oversight agencies; a description of key decision points in the project life cycle; a description of variance control measures; a definitive schedule that shows the elapsed time estimated to complete the project and when each task is to be started and completed; and a description of resource requirements to accomplish the activities within specified time, cost, and functionality constraints.

(3) A copy of each feasibility study and project management plan shall be provided to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative fiscal committees. Authority to expend any funds for individual information systems projects is conditioned on approval of the relevant feasibility study and project management plan by the department of information services and the office of financial management.

(4) A project status report shall be submitted to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative fiscal committees for each project prior to reaching key decision points identified in the project management plan. Project status reports shall examine and evaluate project management, accomplishments, budget, action to address variances, risk management, costs and benefits analysis, and other aspects critical to completion of a project. Work shall not commence on any task in a subsequent phase of a project until the status report for the preceding key decision point has been approved by the department of information services and the office of financial management.

(5) If a project review is requested in accordance with department of information services policies, the reviews shall examine and evaluate: System requirements specifications; scope; system architecture; change controls; documentation; user involvement; training; availability and capability of...
resources; programming languages and techniques; system inputs and outputs; plans for testing, conversion, implementation, and postimplementation; and other aspects critical to successful construction, integration, and implementation of automated systems. Copies of project review written reports shall be forwarded to the office of financial management and appropriate legislative committees by the agency.

(6) A written postimplementation review report shall be prepared by the agency for each information systems project in accordance with published department of information services instructions. In addition to the information requested pursuant to the department of information services instructions, the postimplementation report shall evaluate the degree to which a project accomplished its major objectives including, but not limited to, a comparison of original cost and benefit estimates to actual costs and benefits achieved. Copies of the postimplementation review report shall be provided to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and appropriate legislative committees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 903. VIDEO TELECOMMUNICATIONS. The department of information services shall act as lead agency in coordinating video telecommunication services for state agencies. As lead agency, the department shall develop standards and common specifications for leased and purchased telecommunications equipment and assist state agencies in developing a video telecommunications expenditure plan. No agency may spend any portion of any appropriation in this act for new video telecommunication equipment, new video telecommunication transmission, or new video telecommunication programming, or for expanding current video telecommunication systems without first complying with chapter 43.105 RCW, including but not limited to, RCW 43.105.041(2), and without first submitting a video telecommunications expenditure plan, in accordance with the policies of the department of information services, for review and assessment by the department of information services under RCW 43.105.052. Prior to any such expenditure by a public school, a video telecommunications expenditure plan shall be approved by the superintendent of public instruction. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall coordinate the use of video telecommunications in public schools by providing educational information to local school districts and shall assist local school districts in telecommunications planning and curriculum development. Prior to any such expenditure by a public institution of postsecondary education, a telecommunications expenditure plan shall coordinate the use of video telecommunications for instruction and instructional support in postsecondary education, including the review and approval of instructional telecommunications course offerings.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 904. EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS. Whenever allocations are made from the governor’s emergency fund appropriation to an agency that is financed in whole or in part by other than general fund moneys, the director of financial management may direct the repayment of such allocated amount to the general fund from any balance in the fund or funds which finance the agency. No appropriation shall be necessary to effect such repayment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 905. STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS. In addition to the amounts appropriated in this act for revenues for distribution, state contributions to the law enforcement officers’ and fire fighters’ retirement system, and bond retirement and interest including ongoing bond registration and transfer charges, transfers, interest on registered warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, there is also appropriated such further amounts as may be required or available for these purposes under any statutory formula or under chapter 39.96 RCW or any proper bond covenant made under law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 906. BOND EXPENSES. In addition to such other appropriations as are made by this act, there is hereby appropriated to the state finance committee from legally available
bond proceeds in the applicable construction or building funds and accounts such amounts as are necessary to pay the expenses incurred in the issuance and sale of the subject bonds.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 907. LEGISLATIVE FACILITIES.** Notwithstanding RCW 43.01.090, the house of representatives, the senate, and the permanent statutory committees shall pay expenses quarterly to the department of general administration facilities and services revolving fund for services rendered by the department for operations, maintenance, and supplies relating to buildings, structures, and facilities used by the legislature for the biennium beginning July 1, 1997.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 908. AGENCY RECOVERIES.** Except as otherwise provided by law, recoveries of amounts expended pursuant to an appropriation, including but not limited to, payments for material supplied or services rendered under chapter 39.34 RCW, may be expended as part of the original appropriation of the fund to which such recoveries belong, without further or additional appropriation. Such expenditures shall be subject to conditions and procedures prescribed by the director of financial management. The director may authorize expenditure with respect to recoveries accrued but not received, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except that such recoveries shall not be included in revenues or expended against an appropriation for a subsequent fiscal period. This section does not apply to the repayment of loans, except for loans between state agencies.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 909. GENERALLY ACCEPTED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.**

**Sec. 910.** RCW 43.08.250 and 1996 c 283 s 901 are each amended to read as follows:
The money received by the state treasurer from fees, fines, forfeitures, penalties, reimbursements or assessments by any court organized under Title 3 or 35 RCW, or chapter 2.08 RCW, shall be deposited in the public safety and education account which is hereby created in the state treasury. The legislature shall appropriate the funds in the account to promote traffic safety education, highway safety, criminal justice training, crime victims' compensation, judicial education, the judicial information system, civil representation of indigent persons, winter recreation parking, and state game programs. During the fiscal biennium ending June 30, (1999), the legislature may appropriate moneys from the public safety and education account for purposes of appellate indigent defense, the criminal litigation unit of the attorney general’s office, the treatment alternatives to street crimes program, crime victims advocacy programs, justice information network telecommunication planning, sexual assault treatment, operations of the office of administrator for the courts, security in the common schools, (programs for alternative dispute resolution of farmworker employment claims,)) criminal justice data collection, and Washington state patrol criminal justice activities.

**Sec. 911.** RCW 18.51.060 and 1989 c 372 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) In any case in which the department finds that a licensee, or any partner, officer, director, owner of five percent or more of the assets of the nursing home, or managing employee failed or refused to comply with the requirements of this chapter or of chapter 74.42 RCW, or the standards, rules and regulations established under them or, in the case of a Medicaid contractor, failed or refused to comply with the Medicaid requirements of Title XIX of the social security act, as amended, and regulations promulgated thereunder, the department may take any or all of the following actions:
   (a) Suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a license;
   (b) Order stop placement;
   (c) Assess monetary penalties of a civil nature;
   (d) Deny payment to a nursing home for any Medicaid resident admitted after notice to deny payment. Residents who are Medicaid recipients shall not be responsible for payment when the department takes action under this subsection;
(e) Appoint temporary management as provided in subsection (7) of this section.

(2) The department may suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew a license, assess monetary penalties of a civil nature, or both, in any case in which it finds that the licensee, or any partner, officer, director, owner of five percent or more of the assets of the nursing home, or managing employee:

(a) Operated a nursing home without a license or under a revoked or suspended license; or
(b) Knowingly or with reason to know made a false statement of a material fact in his application for license or any data attached thereto, or in any matter under investigation by the department; or
(c) Refused to allow representatives or agents of the department to inspect all books, records, and files required to be maintained or any portion of the premises of the nursing home; or
(d) Willfully prevented, interfered with, or attempted to impede in any way the work of any duly authorized representative of the department and the lawful enforcement of any provision of this chapter or of chapter 74.42 RCW; or
(e) Willfully prevented or interfered with any representative of the department in the preservation of evidence of any violation of any of the provisions of this chapter or of chapter 74.42 RCW or the standards, rules, and regulations adopted under them; or
(f) Failed to report patient abuse or neglect in violation of chapter 70.124 RCW; or
(g) Fails to pay any civil monetary penalty assessed by the department pursuant to this chapter within ten days after such assessment becomes final.

(3) The department shall deny payment to a nursing home having a Medicaid contract with respect to any Medicaid-eligible individual admitted to the nursing home when:

(a) The department finds the nursing home not in compliance with the requirements of Title XIX of the social security act, as amended, and regulations promulgated thereunder, and the facility has not complied with such requirements within three months; in such case, the department shall deny payment until correction has been achieved; or
(b) The department finds on three consecutive standard surveys that the nursing home provided substandard quality of care; in such case, the department shall deny payment for new admissions until the facility has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the department that it is in compliance with Medicaid requirements and that it will remain in compliance with such requirements.

(4)(a) Civil penalties collected under this section or under chapter 74.42 RCW shall be deposited into a special fund administered by the department to be applied to the protection of the health or property of residents of nursing homes found to be deficient, including payment for the costs of relocation of residents to other facilities, maintenance of operation of a facility pending correction of deficiencies or closure, and reimbursement of residents for personal funds lost. Funds in the nursing home civil penalties account may be expended, subject to legislative appropriation, during the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for investigation and resolution of resident abuse and neglect.

(b) Civil monetary penalties, if imposed, may be assessed and collected, with interest, for each day a nursing home is or was out of compliance. Civil monetary penalties shall not exceed three thousand dollars per violation. Each day upon which the same or a substantially similar action occurs is a separate violation subject to the assessment of a separate penalty.

(c) Any civil penalty assessed under this section or chapter 74.46 RCW shall be a nonreimbursable item under chapter 74.46 RCW.

(5)(a) The department shall order stop placement on a nursing home, effective upon oral or written notice, when the department determines:

(i) The nursing home no longer substantially meets the requirements of chapter 18.51 or 74.42 RCW, or in the case of medicaid contractors, the requirements of Title XIX of the social security act, as amended, and any regulations promulgated under such statutes; and

(ii) The deficiency or deficiencies in the nursing home:
(A) Jeopardize the health and safety of the residents, or
(B) Seriously limit the nursing home’s capacity to provide adequate care.

(b) When the department has ordered a stop placement, the department may approve a readmission to the nursing home from a hospital when the department determines the readmission would be in the best interest of the individual seeking readmission.
(c) The department shall terminate the stop placement when:
   (i) The provider states in writing that the deficiencies necessitating the stop placement action have been corrected; and
   (ii) The department staff confirms in a timely fashion not to exceed fifteen working days that:
       (A) The deficiencies necessitating stop placement action have been corrected, and
       (B) The provider exhibits the capacity to maintain adequate care and service.

(d) A nursing home provider shall have the right to an informal review to present written evidence to refute the deficiencies cited as the basis for the stop placement. A request for an informal review must be made in writing within ten days of the effective date of the stop placement.

(e) A stop placement shall not be delayed or suspended because the nursing home requests a hearing pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW or an informal review. The stop placement shall remain in effect until:
   (i) The department terminates the stop placement; or
   (ii) The stop placement is terminated by a final agency order, after a hearing, pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW.

(6) If the department determines that an emergency exists as a result of a nursing home’s failure or refusal to comply with requirements of this chapter or, in the case of a Medicaid contractor, its failure or refusal to comply with Medicaid requirements of Title XIX of the social security act, as amended, and rules adopted thereunder, the department may suspend the nursing home’s license and order the immediate closure of the nursing home, the immediate transfer of residents, or both.

(7) If the department determines that the health or safety of residents is immediately jeopardized as a result of a nursing home’s failure or refusal to comply with requirements of this chapter or, in the case of a medicare contractor, its failure or refusal to comply with medicare requirements of Title XIX of the social security act, as amended, and rules adopted thereunder, the department may appoint temporary management to:
   (a) Oversee the operation of the facility; and
   (b) Ensure the health and safety of the facility’s residents while:
       (i) Orderly closure of the facility occurs; or
       (ii) The deficiencies necessitating temporary management are corrected.

(8) The department shall by rule specify criteria as to when and how the sanctions specified in this section shall be applied. Such criteria shall provide for the imposition of incrementally more severe penalties for deficiencies that are repeated, uncorrected, pervasive, or present a threat to the health, safety, or welfare of the residents.

Sec. 912. RCW 69.50.520 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 919 are each amended to read as follows:

The violence reduction and drug enforcement account is created in the state treasury. All designated receipts from RCW 9.41.110(7), 66.24.210(4), 66.24.290(3), 69.50.505(h)(1), 82.08.150(5), 82.24.020(2), 82.64.020, and section 420, chapter 271, Laws of 1989 shall be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only for funding services and programs under chapter 271, Laws of 1989 and chapter 7, Laws of 1994 sp. sess., including state incarceration costs. After July 1, 1997, at least seven and one-half percent of expenditures from the account shall be used for providing grants to community networks under chapter 70.190 RCW by the family policy council.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 913. Within amounts appropriated in this act, the following state agencies or institutions shall implement the provisions of sections 3, 4, and 5 of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1127 (integrated pest management).

(1) The department of agriculture;
(2) The state noxious weed control board;
(3) The department of ecology;
(4) The department of fish and wildlife;
(5) The parks and recreation commission;
(6) The department of natural resources;
(7) The department of corrections;
The department of general administration; and
(9) Each state institution of higher education, for the institution’s own building and grounds maintenance.

**Sec. 914.** RCW 70.146.030 and 1996 c 37 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The water quality account is hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be used only in a manner consistent with this chapter. Moneys deposited in the account shall be administered by the department of ecology and shall be subject to legislative appropriation. Moneys placed in the account shall include tax receipts as provided in RCW 82.24.027, 82.26.025, and 82.32.390, principal and interest from the repayment of any loans granted pursuant to this chapter, and any other moneys appropriated to the account by the legislature.

(2) The department may use or permit the use of any moneys in the account to make grants or loans to public bodies, including grants to public bodies as cost-sharing moneys in any case where federal, local, or other funds are made available on a cost-sharing basis, for water pollution control facilities and activities, or for purposes of assisting a public body to obtain an ownership interest in water pollution control facilities and/or to defray a part of the payments made by a public body to a service provider under a service agreement entered into pursuant to RCW 70.150.060, within the purposes of this chapter and for related administrative expenses. No more than three percent of the moneys deposited in the account may be used by the department to pay for the administration of the grant and loan program authorized by this chapter.

(3) Beginning with the biennium ending June 30, 1997, the department shall present a biennial progress report on the use of moneys from the account to the chairs of the senate committee on ways and means and the house of representatives committee on appropriations. The first report is due June 30, 1996, and the report for each succeeding biennium is due December 31 of the odd-numbered year. The report shall consist of a list of each recipient, project description, and amount of the grant, loan, or both.

(4) During the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1997, moneys in the account may be used for the purposes of supporting the Yakima adjudication proceeding.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 915.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 916.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect July 1, 1997."

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson, Carlson, Cooke, Crouse, Dyer, Lambert, Lisk, Mastin, McMorris, Parlette, Sehlin, Sheahan and Talcott.

**MINORITY recommendation:** Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp, Cody, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Grant and D. Schmidt.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business was referred to the committees so designated with the exception of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 which was advanced to second reading.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6062, by Committee on Ways & Means

Making appropriations for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 78th Day, March 31, 1997.)

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 403, 404, 405 and 406 to the committee amendment were withdrawn.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment (421) to the committee amendment:

On page 9, line 32, increase the general fund-state appropriation for FY 1998 by $129,000

On page 9, line 33, increase the general fund-state appropriation for FY 1999 by $129,000

Correct the total accordingly.

Representatives Costa and Radcliff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Huff spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Costa again spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

The amendment to the committee amendment was not adopted.

Representative Lisk moved the adoption of the following amendment (437) to the committee amendment:

On page 9 of the striking amendment, on line 36, increase the public safety and education account appropriation by $2,400,000

Correct the total

On page 10 of the striking amendment, on line 35, strike "$2,400,000" and insert "$4,800,000"

On page 10 of the striking amendment, on line 36, strike "fiscal year 1998"

Representative Lisk spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.
Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment (439) to the committee amendment:

On page 13, after line 19, insert the following: "(14) $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of the Puget Sound work plan action item DCTED-01."

On page 55, line 31, strike "$2,715,000" and insert "$2,017,000"

On page 57, line 12, after "solely for" insert "implementation of the Puget Sound work plan action item UW-02, through"

On page 59, after line 20, insert the following: "(2) $264,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided for boater programs statewide and for implementation of the Puget Sound work plan."

Renumber remaining subsections and correct internal references accordingly.

On page 140, after line 8, insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 915. No funding appropriated in this act shall be expended to support the governor’s council on environmental education."

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Linville spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

The amendment to the committee amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 407, 408 and 409 to the committee amendment were withdrawn.

Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment (440) to the committee amendment:

On page 19, after line 11, insert:

"(4) The department shall not purchase any travel product for any state employee or state official from a vendor who is not a Washington-based seller of travel licensed under chapter 19.138 RCW."

Representatives Schoesler and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment (425) to the committee amendment:

On page 19, after line 11, insert:

"(4) The department shall study the state motor pool vehicle fleet to develop a plan for meeting and exceeding the minimum vehicle mileage standards established by the federal government. The
Representative Schoesler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Fisher spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

The amendment to the committee amendment was adopted.

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment (449) to the committee amendment:

On page 19, after line 11, insert:

"(4) The department shall sell all surplus motor pool fleet vehicles and shall contract out for the reconditioning, transport, and delivery of the vehicles prior to their sale at auction."

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Appelwick: I request a ruling on amendment 449 as I believe it is in violation of House Rule 11(f).

SPEAKER’S RULING

The Speaker: Representative Appelwick, the Speaker is prepared to rule on your objection to amendment 449 as being in violation of House Rule 11(F) which is based on Article 2 Section 38 of the State Constitution.

Amendment 449 does not make explicit reference to any existing law. Amendment 449 does not purport to amend any existing law.

Whether amendment 449 would have any legal effect were it to be adopted is a matter of debate and not properly decided by a Speaker’s Ruling. See Reeds Rule 161.

Representative Appelwick, your point of order is not well taken.

Representative Carrell spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Appelwick spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 50 - YEAS; 47 - NAYS. The amendment to the committee amendment was adopted.

Representative Dickerson moved the following amendment (423) to the committee amendment:

On page 23, line 32, increase the general fund-state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 by $4,462,000.

On page 23, line 33, increase the general fund-state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $6,377,000.

On page 23, line 34, increase the general fund-federal appropriation by $6,035,000.

Correct the total accordingly.
On page 26, after line 25, insert "(10) $4,462,000 of the general fund-state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $6,377,000 of the general fund-state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 and $6,035,000 of the general fund-federal appropriation are provided solely to decrease the number of cases each social worker must manage. Additional social workers and clerical staff are added with these funds to reduce the workload for social workers.

(11) $1,190,000 of the general fund-state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $1,072,000 of the general fund-state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $2,184,000 of the general fund-federal appropriation are provided solely to fund the passport program."

Representatives Dickerson and Blalock spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Cooke spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (423) to the committee amendment on page 23, line 32, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 55, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Schmidt, D. - 1.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment (415) to the committee amendment:

On page 26, line 29, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 by $3,026,000
On page 26, line 30, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $4,283,000
On page 26, line 31, increase the general fund--federal appropriation by $674,000
Correct the total accordingly.

On page 28, line 13, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 by $2,650,000
On page 28, line 14, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $2,650,000
Correct the total accordingly.
Representatives Costa and Constantine spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representatives Benson and Ballasiotes spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (415) to the committee amendment on page 32, line 33, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 41, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Schmidt, D. - 1.

Representative Backlund moved the adoption of the following amendment (443) to the committee amendment:

On page 32, line 35, decrease the general fund-federal appropriation by $498,000

On page 32, line 37, beginning with "Nursing" strike all material through "$ 454,000" on page 33, line 1.

Correct the total accordingly.

On page 47, line 29, increase the general fund-state appropriation for FY 1998 by $242,000

On page 47, line 30, increase the general fund-state appropriation for FY 1999 by $212,000

On page 47, line 31, increase the general fund-federal appropriation by $498,000

On page 50, after line 2, insert "(12) $242,000 of the general fund-state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $212,000 of the general fund-state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $498,000 of the general fund-federal appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the nursing home resident protection program according to guidelines established by the federal health care financing administration."

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment (432) to the committee amendment:

On page 32, line 37, beginning with "Nursing" strike all material through "$ 454,000" on page 33, line 1.

Correct the total accordingly.
On page 134, beginning on line 34, strike all of section 911. Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct the title accordingly.

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment (435) to the committee amendment:

On page 34, strike lines 20 through 23 and insert "price, per peer group, shall be established at 115 percent of the median direct care cost per case mix unit."

On page 34, after line 23, insert "(iv) A cost-based system in which payment to a facility shall be the facility’s allowable cost per case mix unit, adjusted for case mix up to a ceiling. The ceiling, per peer group, shall be established at 115 percent of the median direct care cost per case mix unit.

(v) A corridor-based system in which payment to a facility shall be the facility’s allowable cost per case mix unit adjusted for case mix up to the ceiling and no less than a floor. The floor, per peer group, shall be established at 90 percent of the median direct care cost per case mix unit. The ceiling, per peer group, shall be established at 115 percent of the median direct care cost per case mix unit."

On page 34, line 25, after "costs." strike "A"

On page 34, strike lines 26 through 28 and insert "The rates shall either be based on actual allowable expenditures, limited by a median plus percentage lid, or a price based on a percentage of the median industry-wide indirect care costs. Payments based on at least two percentages shall be modeled for both peer groups; metropolitan statistical area and non-metropolitan statistical area."

On page 34, after line 28, insert "(d) For the purpose of forecasting the total costs of the case mix shadow rates and the indirect care rates, as described in parts (b) and (c) of this subsection, for the next two fiscal years the department shall assume: the base costs for both direct and indirect costs shall be recalculated on a biennial basis, with the initial July 1, 1998 rates based on calendar year 1997 desk reviewed reported allowable facility costs; payments shall be prospective with no settlement; the current reimbursement system for payment of the capital component of the rate shall be used; and the health care financing administration nursing home input price index, excluding capital costs, taken from the previous calendar year shall be used to forecast and set initial rates and shall be used to forecast and set the second year rates of each two-year cycle.

(e) The department shall provide all data, information, and specifications of the methods used in establishing the shadow case mix rates to the nursing home provider associations."

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative H. Sommers spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

The amendment to the committee amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 431 and 436 to the committee amendment were withdrawn.

Representative Tokuda moved the adoption of the following amendment (413) to the committee amendment:

On page 35, line 13 increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 by $6,050,000
On page 35, line 14, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $6,050,000

Adjust the total accordingly.

On page 36, after line 16, insert the following:
"(4) $85,200,000 of the appropriations contained in this section are provided solely for increased child care subsidies for low income working families and families receiving temporary assistance for needy families."

Representatives Tokuda, Mason and Morris spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Cooke spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (413) to the committee amendment on page 35, line 13, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 43, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Schmidt, D. - 1.

Representative Boldt moved the adoption of the following amendment (416) to the committee amendment:

On page 40, after line 13, insert the following:
"(5) The department shall transfer sufficient funds to the Washington state patrol to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1784 (public assistance fraud)."

Representative Boldt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Tokuda spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 58-YEAS; 40-NAYS. The amendment to the committee amendment was adopted.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment (414) to the committee amendment:

On page 35, line 14, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $6,050,000

Adjust the total accordingly.

On page 36, after line 16, insert the following:
"(4) $85,200,000 of the appropriations contained in this section are provided solely for increased child care subsidies for low income working families and families receiving temporary assistance for needy families."

Representatives Tokuda, Mason and Morris spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Cooke spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (413) to the committee amendment on page 35, line 13, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 43, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Schmidt, D. - 1.

Representative Boldt moved the adoption of the following amendment (416) to the committee amendment:

On page 40, after line 13, insert the following:
"(5) The department shall transfer sufficient funds to the Washington state patrol to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1784 (public assistance fraud)."

Representative Boldt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Tokuda spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 58-YEAS; 40-NAYS. The amendment to the committee amendment was adopted.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment (414) to the committee amendment:
On page 41, line 34, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 by $30,021,000
On page 41, line 35, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $42,707,000

Adjust the total accordingly.

On page 42, line 8, after "requirements," strike all material through "levels,"

On page 42, line 11, strike "132,500 persons during fiscal years 1998 and 1999" and insert "139,400 persons in fiscal year 1998 and 149,150 persons in fiscal year 1999"

On page 42, beginning on line 25, strike all of subsection (5)

Rerenumber the remaining subsections accordingly and correct internal references.

Representatives Cody, Chopp and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (414) to the committee amendment on page 41, line 34, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


With the consent of the House, amendment number 419 to the committee amendment was withdrawn.

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the following amendment (450) to the committee amendment:

On page 54, line 4, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 by $88,000
On page 54, line 5, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $78,000
On page 54, line 6, increase the general fund--private/local appropriation by $111,000

Correct the total appropriation accordingly.
On page 54, strike lines 9 through 18 and insert the following:
"condition and limitation: $301,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the commission to continue to carry out its mandated duties under the Columbia river gorge national scenic area act (P.L. 99-663).

Representatives Romero and Ogden spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

Representatives Boldt and Dunn spoke against adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (450) to the committee amendment on page 54, line 4, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


With the consent of the House, amendment number 441 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 was withdrawn.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment (442) to the committee amendment:

On page 54, line 20, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 by $3,100,000
On page 54, line 21, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $2,500,000

Correct the total appropriation accordingly.

On page 58, after line 36, insert the following:
"(19) $600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely to bring interested parties together to continue to address water policy issues.
(20) $2,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for grants to local entities for implementation of local watershed plans."
On page 60, line 33, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 by $400,000
On page 60, line 34, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $400,000

Correct the total appropriation accordingly.

On page 63, line 1, strike "$500,000" and insert "$900,000"
On page 63, line 2, strike "$500,000" and insert "$900,000"

Representatives Linville, Regala and Cooper spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representatives Chandler and Mastin spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Linville again spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (442) to the committee amendment on page 54, line 20, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


The Speaker assumed the chair.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment (438) to the committee amendment:

On page 54, line 31, decrease the waste reduction/recycling/ litter control account appropriation by $5,166,000

Correct the total appropriation accordingly.

On page 58, after line 36, insert: "(19) The entire waste reduction/recycling/litter control account appropriation is provided for fiscal year 1998."

Representatives Chandler and Romero spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.
Representative Schoesle moved the adoption of the following amendment (426) to the committee amendment:

On page 58, after line 36, insert:

"(19) The number of special purpose vehicles in the department’s fleet on July 1, 1997 shall be reduced by fifty percent as of June 30, 1999. Special purpose vehicles may be replaced by fuel efficient economy vehicles or not replaced at all depending on the vehicle requirements of the agency. An exception to this reduction in the number of special purpose vehicles is provided for those special purpose vehicles used by the department’s youth corp program. Special purpose vehicle is defined as a four-wheel drive off-road motor vehicle"

Representative Schoesler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Linville spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 402 to the committee amendment was withdrawn.

Representative Anderson moved the adoption of the following amendment (445) to the committee amendment:

On page 63, after line 23 of the amendment, insert "(16) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to develop commercial net technology to reduce by-catch of non-targeted commercial salmon species."

Representative Anderson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Buck spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Kessler moved the adoption of the following amendment (430) to the committee amendment:

On page 63, line 25, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 by $3,250,000
On page 63, line 26, increase the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 by $3,250,000
Correct total appropriation accordingly.

On page 65, after line 13, insert the following:

"(10) $3,250,000 of the general fund state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $3,250,000 of the general fund state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the jobs for the environment program. Projects under contract as of June 1, 1997, will be given first priority for funding within this appropriation.

(a) The amounts provided in this subsection shall be used to achieve the following goals:
(i) Restore and protect watersheds to benefit anadromous fish stocks, including critical or depressed stocks as determined by the department of fish and wildlife;
(ii) Conduct watershed restoration and protection projects primarily on state lands in coordination with federal, local, tribal, and private sector efforts; and
(iii) Create market wage jobs with benefits in environmental restoration for displaced workers in natural resource impact areas, as defined under RCW 43.31.601(2).

(b) Except as provided in (c)(i) and (ii) of this subsection, these amounts are solely for projects selected by the department of natural resources, in consultation with an interagency task force consisting of the department of fish and wildlife, other appropriate state agencies, tribal governments, local governments, the federal government, labor and other interested stakeholders. In recommending projects for funding the task force shall use the following criteria:
   (i) The extent to which the project, using best available science, addresses habitat factors limiting fish and wildlife populations;
   (ii) The number, duration and quality of jobs to be created or retained by the project for displaced workers in natural resource impact areas;
   (iii) The extent to which the project will help avoid the listing of threatened or endangered species or provides for the recovery of species already listed;
   (iv) The extent to which the project will augment existing federal, state, tribal or local watershed planning efforts or completed watershed restoration and conservation plans;
   (v) The cost effectiveness of the project;
   (vi) The inclusion of matching funds; and
   (vii) The demonstrated ability of the project proponents to administer the project.

(c) Amounts may be expended for planning, design, engineering, and monitoring. Amounts expended shall be used for specific projects and not for ongoing operational costs. Eligible projects include, but are not limited to, closure or improvement of forest roads, repair of culverts, clean-up of stream beds, removal of fish barriers, installation of fish screens, fencing of streams, and construction and planting of fish cover.
   (i) The department of natural resources and the department of fish and wildlife, in consultation with the office of financial management and other appropriate agencies, shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, and annually thereafter, on any expenditures made from these appropriations.
   (ii) $800,000 of the amount in this subsection is provided solely for watershed restoration programs to be completed by the department of ecology's Washington conservation corps crews.
   (iii) All projects shall be consistent with any development regulations or comprehensive plans adopted under the growth management act for the project areas. No funds shall be expended to acquire land through condemnation."

On page 103, line 14, decrease the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1998 by $490,000. On page 103, line 15, decrease the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1999 by $27,186,000. On page 103, line 18, increase the employment and training trust account appropriation by $37,952,000.

Correct the total accordingly.

On page 104, line 4, strike "490,000" through "are" on page 104, line 7 and insert the following:
"64,478,000 of the employment and training trust account appropriation is"

On page 104, line 11, strike "51,534,000" and insert "45,419,000"

On page 104, line 18, strike "2,938,000" and insert "8,403,000"

On page 104, line 18, strike "support services that may include"

On page 104, after line 20, insert the following:
"(c) $10,226,000 is to provide financial assistance for student enrollments funded in (a) of this subsection in order to enhance program completion for those enrolled students whose unemployment
benefit eligibility will be exhausted or reduced before their training program is completed. The state board for community and technical colleges shall submit to the workforce training and education coordinating board for review and approval a plan for eligibility and disbursement criteria to be used in determining the award of moneys provided in this subsection.

(d) $700,000 is to provide the operating resources for seven employment security department job service centers located on community and technical college campuses.”

Representatives Kessler, Hatfield, Sheldon, Dunshee, Conway and Doumit spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representatives Alexander, Wensman, Carlson, Huff and Pennington spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Kessler again spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (430) to the committee amendment on page 63, line 25, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 46, Nays - 52, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


With the consent of the House, amendment number 417 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 was withdrawn.

Representative Mulliken moved the adoption of the following amendment (411) to the committee amendment:

On page 101, after line 37, insert the following:

“(4) At each institution receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act, all faculty shall participate in a faculty productivity plan to achieve scheduled course contact hours of at least 10.9 hours per week by September 1, 1998, and institutions shall report to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the legislature by December 1 of each year as to the improvement in scheduled course contact hours.”

Renumber the remaining subsection consecutively and correct any internal references.

Representatives Mulliken and Lambert spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.
Representative Cole spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

The amendment to the committee amendment was adopted.

Representative Poulsen moved the adoption of the following amendment (424) to the committee amendment:

On page 70, line 5, increase the general fund -- state appropriation for FY 1998 by $2,185,000
On page 70, line 6, increase the general fund -- state appropriation for FY 1999 by $2,185,000

Correct the total accordingly.

On page 75, after line 26, insert:
"(r) $4,370,000 of the general fund -- state appropriation is provided solely for complex needs grants. Grants shall be provided according to amounts shown in LEAP Document 30C as developed on May 21, 1995, at 23:46 hours."

Representatives Poulsen, Kenney and Keiser spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Johnson spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (424) to the committee amendment on page 70, line 5, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 44, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Huff moved the adoption of the following amendment (451) to the committee amendment:

On page 70, line 5, after "(FY 1998).....$" strike "7" and insert "4"

Representative Huff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment (420) to the committee amendment:

On page 73, line 5, after "subsection (2)(h)." insert:
"Up to fifty percent of funds may be made available for grants to projects which will enhance the ability of students and instructional staff to learn, teach and/or assess the essential academic learning requirements for reading, writing, communication and mathematics. The superintendent shall establish guidelines for awarding these alternative grants."

Representatives H. Sommers, Wolfe and Kenney spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representatives Johnson, Talcott, Wensman and Huff spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (420) to the committee amendment on page 73, line 5, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 44, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


With the consent of the House, amendment number 412 to the committee amendment was withdrawn.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment (422) to the committee amendment:

On page 85, beginning on line 16, strike all material down to and including line 19 on page 86 and insert the following:

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*General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)   $ 67,020,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)   $167,553,000
  TOTAL APPROPRIATION    $234,573,000
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The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $214,822,000 is provided for cost of living adjustments of 2.5 percent effective September 1, 1997, and 2.5 percent effective September 1, 1998 for state formula staff units. The appropriations include associated incremental fringe benefit allocations at rates 19.58 percent for certificated staff and 15.15 percent for classified staff for both years of the biennium.

(a) The appropriations in this section include the increased portion of salaries and incremental fringe benefits for all relevant state funded school programs in part V of this act. Salary adjustments for state employees in the office of superintendent of public instruction and the education reform program are provided in the Special Appropriations sections of this act. Increases for general apportionment (basic education) are based on the salary allocation schedules and methodology in section 503 of this act. Increases for special education result from increases in each district's basic education allocation per student. Increases for educational service districts and institutional education
programs are determined by the superintendent of public instruction using the methodology for general
apportionment salaries and benefits in section 503 of this act.

(b) The appropriations in this section provide salary increase and incremental fringe benefit allocations based on formula adjustments as follows:

(i) For pupil transportation, an increase of $0.50 per weighted pupil-mile for the 1997-98 school year and $1.02 for the 1998-99 school year;

(ii) For education of highly capable students, an increase of $5.67 per formula student for the 1997-98 school year and $11.49 for the 1998-99 school year; and

(iii) For transitional bilingual education, an increase of $14.74 per eligible bilingual student for the 1997-98 school year and $29.85 for the 1998-99 school year; and

(iv) For learning assistance, an increase of $7.28 per entitlement unit for the 1997-98 school year and $14.75 for the 1998-99 school year.

(c) The appropriations in this section include $1,109,000 for salary increase adjustments for substitute teachers at rates of $8.87 per unit in the 1997-98 school year and $17.95 per unit in the 1998-99 school year.

On page 100, line 17, strike "3.0 percent on July 1, 1997" and insert "2.5 percent on July 1, 1997, and a salary increase of 2.5 percent on July 1, 1998"

On page 100, line 23, strike "3.0 percent on July 1, 1997" and insert "2.5 percent on July 1, 1997, and a salary increase of 2.5 percent on July 1, 1998"

On page 103, line 14, decrease the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1998 by $1,856,000.

On page 103, line 15, increase the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1999 by $7,696,000.

Correct the total accordingly.

On page 105, line 28, decrease the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1998 by $1,387,000.

On page 105, line 29, increase the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1999 by $5,723,000.

Correct the total accordingly.

On page 106, line 22, decrease the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1998 by $823,000.

On page 106, line 23, increase the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1999 by $3,406,000.

Correct the total accordingly.

On page 107, line 17, decrease the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1998 by $201,000.

On page 107, line 18, increase the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1999 by $831,000.

Correct the total accordingly.

On page 108, line 9, decrease the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1998 by $189,000.

On page 108, line 10, increase the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1999 by $790,000.

Correct the total accordingly.
On page 108, line 27, decrease the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1998 by $109,000.
On page 108, line 28, increase the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1999 by $451,000.
Correct the total accordingly.

On page 109, line 11, decrease the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1998 by $244,000.
On page 109, line 12, increase the general fund—state appropriation for FY 1999 by $1,051,000.
Correct the total accordingly.

On page 123, beginning on line 11, strike all material down to and including line 37 and insert the following:
" General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 25,859,000
 General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 53,123,000
 General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 22,225,000
 Salary and Insurance Increase Revolving Account Appropriation  $ 61,585,000
 TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 162,792,000

The appropriations in this section shall be expended solely for the purposes designated in this section and are subject to the conditions and limitations in this section:

(1) In addition to the purposes set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, appropriations in this section are provided solely for a 2.5 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, and a 2.5 percent increase effective July 1, 1998, for all classified employees (including those employees in the Washington management service) and exempt employees under the jurisdiction of the personnel resources board.

(2) The appropriations in this section are sufficient to fund a 2.5 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, and a 2.5 percent increase effective July 1, 1998, for general government, legislative, and judicial employees exempt from merit system rules whose salaries are not set by the commission on salaries for elected officials.

(3) The salary and insurance increase revolving account appropriation in this section includes funds sufficient to fund a 2.5 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, and a 2.5 percent increase effective July 1, 1998, for ferry workers consistent with the 1997-99 transportation appropriations act.

(4) No salary increase may be paid under this section to any person whose salary has been Y-rated pursuant to rules adopted by the personnel resources board."

Representatives H. Sommers, Conway, Cole, Quall and Keiser spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Huff spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (422) to the committee amendment on page 85, line 16, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 45, Nays - 53, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.
Voting yea: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunshew, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Lantz, Linville, Mason,
Representative Tokuda moved the adoption of the following amendment (447) to the committee amendment:

On page 88, line 9, increase the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1998 by $75,000
On page 88, line 10, increase the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1999 by $75,000

Correct the total accordingly.

On page 88, line 14, after "limitations:" insert "(1)"

On page 88, after line 15, insert:
"(2) $75,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $75,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to replace lost federal funding for summer food programs for children in low-income areas."

Representatives Tokuda, Poulsen, Clements and Huff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representatives Cooke spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

The amendment was adopted to the committee amendment.

Representative Clements moved the adoption of the following amendment (448) to the committee amendment:

On page 94, line 21, increase the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1998 by $3,600,000
On page 94, line 21, increase the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1999 by $3,600,000

Correct the total accordingly

On page 95, after line 15, insert:
"(7) $7,200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for grants to school districts to provide a continuum of care for children and families to help children become ready to learn. Grant proposals from school districts shall contain local plans designed collaboratively with community service providers. If a continuum of care program exists in the area in which the school district is located, the local plan shall provide for coordination with existing programs to the greatest extent possible. Grant funds shall be allocated pursuant to RCW 70.190.040."

On page 97, line 13, reduce the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1998 by $3,600,000
On page 97, line 14, reduce the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1998 by $3,600,000

Correct the total accordingly

On page 98, line 21, strike "$60,017,000" and insert "$52,817,000"
On page 98, line 25, strike "$32.25" and insert "$28.04"

Representatives Clements, Cole and Quall spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 444, 429, 427, 410, and 428 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 were withdrawn.

Representative Ogden moved the adoption of the following amendment (446) to the committee amendment:

On page 116, line 1, increase the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1998 by $35,000
On page 116, line 2, increase the general fund--state appropriation for FY 1999 by $35,000
Correct the total accordingly.

Representatives Ogden and Dunn spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (446) to the committee amendment on page 116, line 1, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 418 and 401 to the committee amendment were withdrawn.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of the committee amendment as amended to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062.

Representative Huff spoke in favor of the adoption of the committee amendment as amended by the House. The committee amendment as amended was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander, Clements, Wensman, Mastin and Huff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives H. Sommers, Gombosky, Murray, Kessler, Kastama and Appelwick spoke against passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 53, Nays - 45, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

SSB 6063 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Strannigan and Fraser; by request of Governor Locke)

Adopting the capital budget.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business was referred to the committee so designated.

MOTION

Representative Lisk moved to dissolve the Call of the House. The motion was carried.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Tuesday, April 1, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
Committee Report 4
Honoring Mercer Island High School Girls Swim & Dive Team
Introduced 3
Adopted 3

Committee Report 5
Honoring Mercer Island High School Boys Basketball Team
Introduced 2
Adopted 3

Committee Report 5

Committee Report 5

Committee Report 5

Committee Report 7

Committee Report 8

Committee Report 9

Committee Report 9

Committee Report 9

Committee Report 12

Committee Report 12

Committee Report 12

Committee Report 12

Committee Report 13

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Committee Report 15

Committee Report 15
INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2278 by Representatives Honeyford and Lisk

AN ACT Relating to exempting electric generating facilities powered by landfill gas from sales and use taxes.

Referred to Committee on FINANCE.

HB 2279 by Representatives Huff and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to revising the basic health plan.

Referred to Committee on APPROPRIATIONS.

SCR 8410 by Senators Horn, Rossi, Johnson, McDonald, Winsley, Rasmussen and Swecker

AN ACT Relating to proclaiming the year commencing July 1997, as Klondike Gold Rush Centennial Year.
Referred to Committee on GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATION.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

March 27, 1997

HB 2211 Prime Sponsor, Representative McMorris: Relating to work force training. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

HB 2214 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Continuing the work force employment and training program. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.

Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood, Cole and Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SSB 5002 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Higher Education: Creating the cross-sector network advisory committee to advise on K-20 educational telecommunications network technical and policy planning. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this title.
(1) "Committee" means the Washington education network governance committee.
(2) "Network" means the K-20 telecommunications network under chapter 28D.02 RCW.
(3) "Network users" means those institutions of higher education, school districts, educational service districts, public libraries, state agencies, and others that use the network for distance education, data transmission, and other uses permitted by the committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The Washington education network governance committee is created.
The purpose of the committee is to ensure that the K-20 telecommunications network is operated in a way that serves the broad public interest above the interest of any network user.

The committee shall consist of six voting members appointed by the governor with the consent of the senate as follows: Two citizen members and, serving as ex officio members, the superintendent of public instruction, the chair of the higher education coordinating board, the chair of the information services board, and the state librarian. The governor shall appoint the members of the committee by July 30, 1997. Each committee member may appoint a designee to function in his or her place with the right to vote. In selecting the citizen members of the committee, the governor shall strive to avoid any conflict of interest. The citizen members of the committee may not be employees of state or local governments, institutions of higher education, the common schools, or the telecommunications industry, nor may they be members of the governing boards of any educational service district, institution of higher education, or telecommunications company.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 3. The committee has the following powers and duties:
(1) In cooperation with network partners and users and other interested parties, to establish goals and measurable objectives for the network;
(2) To ensure that the goals and measurable objectives of the network are the basis for any decisions or recommendations regarding the technical development and operation of the network;
(3) To adopt, modify, and implement policies for network development, operation, and expansion. Such policies may include but need not be limited to the following issues: Quality of service; access to the network by recognized organizations and accredited institutions that deliver educational programming including public libraries; prioritization of programming within limited resources; prioritization of access to the system and the sharing of technological advances; network security; identification and evaluation of emerging technologies; future expansion or redirection of the system; network fee structures; and costs for the development and operation of the network;
(4) To prepare and submit to the governor and the legislature a coordinated budget for network development, operation, and expansion. The budget shall include the recommendations of the committee on any state funding requested for distance education facilities and hardware or software by or for network users;
(5) To adopt and monitor the implementation of a methodology to evaluate the effectiveness of the network in achieving the goals and measurable objectives;
(6) To resolve disputes about network use submitted by either subcommittee of the cross-sector advisory committee, or any member of the committee;
(7) To approve modifications of the network design and implementation plan under RCW 28D.02.020 and the phased technical plan under RCW 28D.02.070;
(8) To review, evaluate, and recommend modifications to the initial and updated location plans prepared by the higher education coordinating board under RCW 28D.02.030 and the superintendent of public instruction under RCW 28D.02.040;
(9) To authorize the release of funds from the K-20 technology account under RCW 28D.02.060 for network expenditures; and
(10) To adopt rules as necessary to implement this chapter.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 4. (1) The cross-sector network advisory committee is created to advise the committee and network users on network technical and policy planning matters that require cross-sector and intra-sector coordination. Such matters shall include cross-sector network planning, including identification and resolution of cross-institution and cross-sector technical problems; cost issues; network growth; network usage, including policies on scheduling, identification, and resolution of scheduling conflicts, and conflict resolution; network technical quality; dissemination of information; coordination of assessment and accountability information among network participants; and technical network management.
(2) The cross-sector network advisory committee shall be comprised of a policy subcommittee and a technical subcommittee as follows:
(a) Initially, the policy subcommittee shall be comprised of two provosts of public baccalaureate institutions, appointed by the council of presidents; two members appointed by the state board for community and technical colleges, one of whom shall be a member of the teaching faculty, selected in consultation with organizations responsible for representing the faculty; four representatives of K-12 education, appointed by the superintendent of public instruction; the Washington state librarian.
or the librarian's designee; two representatives of independent institutions of higher education, appointed by the governor; and up to four public members, one of whom shall be appointed by each legislative caucus. The public members shall be citizens with an interest in the education of the public and in information technology. All members serve at the pleasure of the appointing authorities. The membership of the policy subcommittee may be revised by the unanimous agreement of the committee;

(b) Initially, the technical subcommittee shall be comprised of equal numbers of postsecondary and K-12 representatives, four public members with technical expertise, appointed by the chair of the information services board; and one or more representatives of the department of information services, appointed by the director of the department of information services. At least one member of the technical subcommittee shall be a representative of the independent institutions of higher education, appointed by the committee, and at least one member shall be a representative of public libraries, appointed by the state librarian. Members serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority. The specific duties of the technical subcommittee shall be determined by the committee, in cooperation with network users. The membership of the technical subcommittee may be revised by unanimous agreement of the committee.

(3) The cross-sector network advisory committee shall be convened and coordinated by the committee, in cooperation with network users. 

(4) Recommendations and requests from either subcommittee shall be reviewed by the cross-sector network advisory committee as a whole before submission to the committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The committee is not intended to duplicate the statutory responsibilities of the higher education coordinating board, the superintendent of public instruction, the information services board, the state librarian, or the governing boards of the institutions of higher education.

(2) The committee shall not interfere in any curriculum or legally offered programming offered over the network.

(3) The coordination of telecommunications planning for institutions of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 remains the responsibility of the higher education coordinating board under RCW 28B.80.600. The committee may recommend but not require revisions to the board's telecommunications plan.

(4) The responsibility to review and approve standards and common specifications for the network remains the responsibility of the information services board under RCW 43.105.041.

(5) The coordination of telecommunications planning for the common schools remains the responsibility of the superintendent of public instruction. The committee may recommend but not require revisions to the superintendent's telecommunications plans.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The two citizen members of the committee shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.250. The committee may hire staff who shall be exempt from the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW. The staff shall be housed by the office of financial management, which shall provide accounting and administrative support for the committee.

Sec. 7. RCW 28D.02.010 and 1996 c 137 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The K-20 telecommunications oversight and policy committee is established to: Adopt policy goals and objectives for a K-20 telecommunications system, adopt a network design and implementation plan, and authorize release of funds for network purposes.

(2) The duties of the committee shall include, but need not be limited to:

(a) The adoption of system goals and objectives and timelines for submission of the proposed plans under RCW 28D.02.030 through 28D.02.050 and 28D.02.070 by June 1, 1996;

(b) The authorization of the construction and acquisition of a network backbone upon its approval of phase one of a technical plan for the network as specified in RCW 28D.02.070(1);

(c) The preparation and subsequent updates of a network design and implementation plan that includes locations to be served by the network, service delivery specifications, a network governance structure, other appropriate components, and a phased technical plan in accordance with RCW 28D.02.070(2). The plan shall be adopted after considering the recommendations of the information services board, the higher education coordinating board, and the superintendent of public instruction;

(d) The preparation of an implementation plan that prioritizes access to the network backbone and other telecommunication components; and
(e) The authorization of the release of funds for expenditures to construct the network and distance education components.

(3) By April 15, 1996, the department of information services shall convene the committee. The committee shall include the following voting members or their designees: The governor; one member from each caucus of the senate, appointed by the president of the senate; one member from each caucus of the house of representatives, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; the superintendent of public instruction; the chair of the higher education coordinating board; and the chair of the information services board. On a nonvoting basis, the committee shall include the following members or their designees: One community college or technical college president, appointed by the state board for community and technical colleges; one president of a public baccalaureate institution, appointed by the council of presidents; the state librarian; one educational service district superintendent, one school district superintendent, and one representative of an approved private school, each appointed by the superintendent of public instruction; one representative of independent nonprofit baccalaureate institutions, appointed by the Washington friends of higher education; and one representative of the computer or telecommunications industry, appointed by the information services board. The voting members must reach a consensus in approving the network design and implementation plan. The department shall provide staff support to the committee.

(4) This section expires six months after the appointment of the committee created in section 2 of this act.

Sec. 8. RCW 28D.02.060 and 1996 c 137 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The K-20 technology account is hereby created in the state treasury. The department of information services shall deposit into the account all moneys received from legislative appropriations, gifts, grants, and endowments for the K-20 telecommunication system. The account shall be subject to appropriation and may be expended solely for the K-20 telecommunication system disturbed from the account shall be on authorization of the director of the department of information services with approval of the committee under (RCW 28D.02.010) sections 1 through 6 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Sections 1 through 6 of this act are each added to chapter 28D.02 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. Sections 1 through 6 of this act expire June 30, 2002.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 1, 2, and 6 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect July 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. Sections 3 through 5, 8, and 10 of this act take effect six months after the appointment of the committee under section 2 of this act."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O’Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SB 5063 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Clarifying naming conventions for corporations and units of government. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 23B.14 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Any county, city, town, district, or other political subdivision of the state, or the state of Washington or any department or agency of the state, may apply to the secretary of state for the administrative dissolution, or the revocation of a certificate of authority, of any corporation using a name that is not distinguishable from the name of the applicant for dissolution. The application must state the precise legal name of the governmental entity and its date of formation and the applicant shall mail a copy to the corporation’s registered agent. If the name of the corporation is not distinguishable from the name of the applicant, then, except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the secretary shall commence proceedings for administrative dissolution under RCW 23B.14.210 or revocation of the certificate of authority.
(2) A name may not be considered distinguishable by virtue of:
(a) A variation in any of the following designations, or in the order in which the designation appears with respect to other words in the name: "County"; "city"; "town"; "district"; or "department";
(b) The addition of any of the designations listed in RCW 23B.04.010(1)(a);
(c) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as "the" or "and" from the same name;
(d) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbols in the same name; or
(e) Use of an abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the same name.
(3)(a) The following are not distinguishable for purposes of this section:
(i) "City of Anytown" and "City of Anytown, Inc."; and
(ii) "City of Anytown" and "Anytown City."
(b) The following are distinguishable for purposes of this section:
(i) "City of Anytown" and "Anytown, Inc.";
(ii) "City of Anytown" and "The Anytown Company"; and
(iii) "City of Anytown" and "Anytown Cafe, Inc."
(4) If the corporation that is the subject of the application was incorporated or certified before the formation of the applicant as a governmental entity, then this section applies only if the applicant for dissolution provides a certified copy of a final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction determining that the applicant holds a superior property right to the name than does the corporation.
(5) The duties of the secretary of state under this section are ministerial.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 24.03 RCW to read as follows: Section 1 of this act applies to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 24.06 RCW to read as follows: Section 1 of this act applies to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 24.12 RCW to read as follows: Section 1 of this act applies to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 24.20 RCW to read as follows: Section 1 of this act applies to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 24.24 RCW to read as follows: Section 1 of this act applies to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 24.28 RCW to read as follows: Section 1 of this act applies to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 23.86 RCW to read as follows: Section 1 of this act applies to this chapter."

Signed by Representatives D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.
Voting Yea: Representatives D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Smith, L. Thomas, Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Gardner, Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

**SB 5065** Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Regulating naming of businesses. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 23B.04.010 and 1994 c 211 s 1304 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A corporate name:
(a) Must contain the word "corporation," "incorporated," "company," or "limited," or the abbreviation "corp.," "inc.," "co.," or "ltd."
(b) Must not contain language stating or implying that the corporation is organized for a purpose other than those permitted by RCW 23B.03.010 and its articles of incorporation;
(c) Must not contain any of the following words or phrases: "Bank," "banking," "banker," "trust," "cooperative," or any combination of the words "industrial" and "loan," or any combination of any two or more of the words "building," "savings," "loan," "home," "association," and "society," or any other words or phrases prohibited by any statute of this state; and
(d) Except as authorized by subsections (2) and (3) of this section, must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from:
   (i) The corporate name of a corporation incorporated or authorized to transact business in this state;
   (ii) A corporate name reserved or registered under (RCW 23B.04.020 or 23B.04.030) chapter 23B.04 RCW;
   (iii) The fictitious name adopted (pursuant to) under RCW 23B.15.060 by a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state because its real name is unavailable;
   (iv) The corporate name or reserved name of a not-for-profit corporation incorporated or authorized to conduct affairs in this state under chapter 24.03 RCW;
   (v) The name or reserved name of a mutual corporation or miscellaneous corporation incorporated or authorized to do business under chapter 24.06 RCW;
   (vi) The name or reserved name of a foreign or domestic limited partnership formed or registered under chapter (25.08 or) 25.10 RCW; and
   (vii) The name or reserved name of (any) a limited liability company organized or registered under chapter 25.15 RCW; and
   (viii) The name or reserved name of a limited liability partnership registered under chapter 25.04 RCW.

(2) A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the records from one or more of the names described in subsection (1) of this section. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if:
   (a) The other corporation, company, holder, limited liability partnership, or limited partnership consents to the use in writing and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to change its name or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying corporation; or
   (b) The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the name applied for in this state.

(3) A corporation may use the name, including the fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign corporation, (or another domestic or foreign) limited liability company, (or a domestic or foreign) limited partnership, or limited liability partnership, that is used in this state if the other ((corporation is incorporated or authorized to transact business in this state, or if the limited liability...
company is organized or authorized to transact business in this state, or if the limited partnership) 
entity is formed or authorized to transact business in this state, and the proposed user corporation:

(a) Has merged with the other corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership; or 
(b) Has been formed by reorganization of the other corporation. 

(4) This title does not control the use of assumed business names or "trade names." 

(5) A name shall not be considered distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state by virtue of: 

(a) A variation in ((the designation, under subsection (1)(a) of this section, used for the same name)) any of the following designations for the same name: "Corporation," "incorporated," "company," "limited," "partnership," "limited partnership," "limited liability company," or "limited liability partnership," or the abbreviations "corp.,” "inc.,” "co.,” "ltd.,” "LP,” "L.P.,” "LLP,” "L.L.P.,” “LLC,” or "L.L.C.:"); 

(b) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as "the" or "and" from the same name; 

c) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbols in the same name; or 

(d) Use of abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the same name. 

Sec. 2. RCW 23B.15.060 and 1989 c 165 s 174 are each amended to read as follows: 

(1) No certificate of authority shall be issued to a foreign corporation unless the corporate name 
of such corporation: 

(a) Contains the word "corporation," "incorporated," "company," or "limited," or the 
abbreviation "corp.,” "inc.,” "co.,” or "ltd.); 

(b) Does not contain language stating or implying that the corporation is organized for a purpose 
other than that permitted by RCW 23B.03.010 and its articles of incorporation; 

(c) Does not contain any of the following words or phrases: "Bank," "banking," "banker," "trust," "cooperative," or any combination of the words "industrial" and "loan," or any combination of any two or more words "building," "savings," "loan," "home," "association," and "society," or any 
other words or phrases prohibited by any statute of this state; and 

(d) Except as authorized by subsections (((3)) (4) and (((4))) (5) of this section, is 
distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from: 

(i) The corporate name of a corporation incorporated or authorized to transact business in this 
state; 

(ii) A corporate name reserved or registered under (((RCW 23B.04.020 or 23B.04.030)) chapter 
23B.04 RCW; 

(iii) The fictitious name adopted pursuant to subsection (((2))) (3) of this section by a foreign 
corporation authorized to transact business in this state because its real name is unavailable; 

(iv) The corporate name or reserved name of a not-for-profit corporation incorporated or 
averized to conduct affairs in this state under chapter 24.03 RCW; 

(v) The name or reserved name of a mutual corporation or miscellaneous corporation 
incorporated or authorized to do business under chapter 24.06 

(vi) The name or reserved name of a foreign or domestic limited partnership formed or 
registered under chapter 25.10 RCW; and 

(vii) The name or reserved name of any limited liability company organized or registered under 
chapter 25.15 RCW; and 

(viii) The name or reserved name of any limited liability partnership registered under chapter 
25.04 RCW. 

(2) A name shall not be considered distinguishable under the same grounds as provided under 
RCW 23B.04.010. 

(3) If the corporate name of a foreign corporation does not satisfy the requirements of 
subsection (1) of this section, the foreign corporation to obtain or maintain a certificate of authority to 
transact business in this state: 

(a) May add the word "corporation," "incorporated," "company," or "limited," or the 
abbreviation "corp.,” "inc.,” "co.,” or "ltd.,” to its corporate name for use in this state; or 

(b) May use a fictitious name to transact business in this state if its real name is unavailable and 
it delivers to the secretary of state for filing a copy of the resolution of its board of directors, certified 
by its secretary, adopting the fictitious name.
(4) A foreign corporation may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the records from one or more of the names described in subsection (1)(d) of this section. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if:

(a) The other corporation, company, holder, limited liability partnership, or limited partnership consents to the use in writing and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to change its name or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying corporation; or

(b) The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the applicant’s right to use the name applied for in this state.

(5) A foreign corporation may use in this state the name, including the fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign corporation that is used in this state if the other corporation is incorporated or authorized to transact business in this state and the foreign corporation:

(a) Has merged with the other corporation; or

(b) Has been formed by reorganization of the other corporation.

(6) If a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state changes its corporate name to one that does not satisfy the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, it may not transact business in this state under the changed name until it adopts a name satisfying such requirements and obtains an amended certificate of authority under RCW 23B.15.040.

Sec. 3. RCW 24.03.045 and 1994 c 211 s 1305 are each amended to read as follows:
The corporate name:

(1) Shall not contain any word or phrase which indicates or implies that it is organized for any purpose other than one or more of the purposes contained in its articles of incorporation.

(2) Shall not be the same as, or deceptively similar to, the name of any corporation, whether for profit or not for profit, existing under any act of this state, or any foreign corporation, whether for profit or not for profit, authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in this state, any foreign or domestic limited liability company on file with the secretary of state, any domestic or foreign limited partnership on file with the secretary, or a limited partnership existing under chapter 25.10 RCW, or a corporate name reserved or registered as permitted by the laws of this state. This subsection shall not apply if the applicant files with the secretary of state either of the following: (a) The written consent of the other corporation, limited liability company, limited partnership, or holder of a reserved name to use the same or deceptively similar name and one or more words are added or deleted to make the name distinguishable from the other name as determined by the secretary of state, or (b) a certified copy of a final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the prior right of the applicant to the use of the name in this state.)

(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from:

(i) The corporate name or reserved name of a corporation or domestic corporation organized or authorized to transact business under this chapter;

(ii) A corporate name reserved or registered under chapter 23B.04 RCW;

(iii) The fictitious name adopted under RCW 23B.15.060 by a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state because its real name is unavailable;

(iv) The name or reserved name of a mutual corporation or miscellaneous corporation incorporated or authorized to do business under chapter 24.06 RCW;

(v) The name or reserved name of a foreign or domestic limited partnership formed or registered under chapter 25.10 RCW;

(vi) The name or reserved name of a limited liability company organized or registered under chapter 25.15 RCW; and

(vii) The name or reserved name of a limited liability partnership registered under chapter 25.04 RCW.

(b) A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the records from one or more of the names described in (a) of this subsection. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if:

(i) The other corporation, company, holder, limited liability partnership, or limited partnership consents to the use in writing and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to change its name or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying corporation; or
(ii) The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the name applied for in this state.

(c) A corporation may use the name, including the fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign corporation, limited liability company, limited partnership, or limited liability partnership, that is used in this state if the other entity is formed or authorized to transact business in this state, and the proposed user corporation:

(i) Has merged with the other corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership; or
(ii) Has been formed by reorganization of the other corporation.

(3) Shall be transliterated into letters of the English alphabet, if it is not in English.

(4) Shall not include or end with "incorporated," "company," "corporation," "partnership," "limited partnership," or "Ltd.," or any abbreviation thereof, but may use "club," "league," "association," "services," "committee," "fund," "society," "foundation," " . . . . . . . , a nonprofit corporation," or any name of like import.

(5) May only include the term "public benefit" or names of like import if the corporation has been designated as a public benefit nonprofit corporation by the secretary in accordance with this chapter.

(6) A name shall not be considered distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state by virtue of:

(a) A variation in any of the following designations for the same name: "Corporation," "incorporated," "company," "limited," "partnership," "limited partnership," "limited liability company," or "limited liability partnership," or the abbreviations "corp.," "inc.," "co.," "ltd.," "LP," "L.P.," "LLP," "L.L.P.," "LC," or "L.L.C.;"
(b) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as "the" or "and" from the same name;
(c) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbols in the same name; or
(d) Use of abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the same name.

(7) This title does not control the use of assumed business names or "trade names."

Sec. 4. RCW 24.06.045 and 1995 c 337 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

The corporate name:

(1) Shall not contain any word or phrase which indicates or implies that it is organized for any purpose other than one or more of the purposes contained in its articles of incorporation.

(2) Shall not be the same as, or deceptively similar to, the name of any corporation existing under any act of this state, or any foreign corporation authorized to transact business or conduct affairs in this state under any act of this state, or the name of any limited liability company organized or authorized to transact business under any act of this state, the name of a domestic or foreign limited partnership on file with the secretary, or a corporate name reserved or registered as permitted by the laws of this state. This subsection shall not apply if the applicant files with the secretary of state either of the following: (a) The written consent of the other corporation, limited liability company, limited partnership, or holder of a reserved name to use the same or deceptively similar name and one or more words are added or deleted to make the name distinguishable from the other name as determined by the secretary of state, or (b) a certified copy of a final decree of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the prior right of the applicant to the use of the name in this state.)

(a) Except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from:

(i) The corporate name of a corporation organized or authorized to transact business in this state;
(ii) A corporate name reserved or registered under chapter 23B.04 RCW;
(iii) The name or reserved name of a mutual corporation or miscellaneous corporation incorporated or authorized to do business under this chapter;
(iv) The fictitious name adopted under RCW 23B.15.060 by a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state because its real name is unavailable;
(v) The corporate name or reserved name of a not-for-profit corporation incorporated or authorized to conduct affairs in this state under chapter 24.03 RCW;
(vi) The name or reserved name of a foreign or domestic limited partnership formed or registered under chapter 25.10 RCW;
(vii) The name or reserved name of a limited liability company organized or registered under chapter 25.15 RCW; and
(viii) The name or reserved name of a limited liability partnership registered under chapter 25.04 RCW.

(b) A corporation may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the records from one or more of the names described in (a) of this subsection. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if:

(i) The other corporation, company, holder, limited liability partnership, or limited partnership consents to the use in writing and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to change its name or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying corporation; or

(ii) The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the applicant’s right to use the name applied for in this state.

(c) A corporation may use the name, including the fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign corporation, limited liability company, limited partnership, or limited liability partnership, that is used in this state if the other entity is incorporated, organized, formed, or authorized to transact business in this state, and the proposed user corporation:

(i) Has merged with the other corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership; or
(ii) Has been formed by reorganization of the other corporation.

(3) Shall be transliterated into letters of the English alphabet if it is not in English.

(4) The name of any corporation formed under this section shall not include nor end with "incorporated", "company", or "corporation" or any abbreviation thereof, but may use "club", "league", "association", "services", "committee", "fund", "society", "foundation", " . . . . . . .
nonprofit mutual corporation", or any name of like import.

(5) A name shall not be considered distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state by virtue of:

(a) A variation in any of the following designations for the same name: "Corporation," "incorporated," "company," "limited," "partnership," "limited partnership," "limited liability company," or "limited liability partnership," or the abbreviations "corp.," "inc.," "co.," "ltd.," "L.P.," "L.P.," "LLP," "L.L.P.," "LLC," or "L.L.C.";
(b) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as "the" or "and" from the same name;

(c) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbols in the same name; or

(d) Use of abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the same name.

(6) This title does not control the use of assumed business names or "trade names."

Sec. 5. RCW 25.04.710 and 1995 c 337 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To become and to continue as a limited liability partnership, a partnership shall file with the secretary of state an application stating the name of the partnership; the address of its principal office; if the partnership’s principal office is not located in this state, the address of a registered office and the name and address of a registered agent for service of process in this state which the partnership will be required to maintain; the number of partners; a brief statement of the business in which the partnership engages; any other matters that the partnership determines to include; and that the partnership thereby applies for status as a limited liability partnership.

(2) The application shall be executed by a majority in interest of the partners or by one or more partners authorized to execute an application.

(3) The application shall be accompanied by a fee of one hundred seventy-five dollars for each partnership.

(4) The secretary of state shall register as a limited liability partnership any partnership that submits a completed application with the required fee and the name of which complies with RCW 25.04.715.

(5) A partnership registered under this section shall pay an annual fee, in each year following the year in which its application is filed, on a date and in an amount specified by the secretary of state. The fee must be accompanied by a notice, on a form provided by the secretary of state, of the number of partners currently in the partnership and of any material changes in the information contained in the partnership’s application for registration.
(6) Registration is effective immediately after the date an application is filed, and remains effective until: (a) It is voluntarily withdrawn by filing with the secretary of state a written withdrawal notice executed by a majority in interest of the partners or by one or more partners authorized to execute a withdrawal notice; or (b) thirty days after receipt by the partnership of a notice from the secretary of state, which notice shall be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, that the partnership has failed to make timely payment of the annual fee specified in subsection (5) of this section, unless the fee is paid within such a thirty-day period.

(7) The status of a partnership as a limited liability partnership, and the liability of the partners thereof, shall not be affected by: (a) Errors in the information stated in an application under subsection (1) of this section or a notice under subsection (5) of this section; or (b) changes after the filing of such an application or notice in the information stated in the application or notice.

(8) The secretary of state may provide forms for the application under subsection (1) of this section or a notice under subsection (5) of this section.

Sec. 6. RCW 25.04.715 and 1995 c 337 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The name of a limited liability partnership shall contain the words "limited liability partnership" or the abbreviation "L.L.P." or "LLP" as the last words or letters of its name.

(2) Except as provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section, the name must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from:

(a) The corporate name of a corporation organized or authorized to transact business in this state;
(b) A corporate name reserved or registered under chapter 23B.04 RCW;
(c) The name or reserved name of a mutual corporation or miscellaneous corporation incorporated or authorized to do business under chapter 24.06 RCW;
(d) The fictitious name adopted under RCW 23B.15.060 by a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state because its real name is unavailable;
(e) The corporate name or reserved name of a not-for-profit corporation incorporated or authorized to conduct affairs in this state under chapter 24.03 RCW;
(f) The name or reserved name of a foreign or domestic limited partnership formed or registered under chapter 25.10 RCW;
(g) The name or reserved name of a limited liability company organized or registered under chapter 25.15 RCW;

(h) The name of a limited liability partnership registered under chapter 25.04 RCW.

(3) A limited liability partnership may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the records from one or more of the names described in subsection (2) of this section. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if:

(a) The other holder consents to the use in writing and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to change its name or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying corporation; or
(b) The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the applicant's right to use the name applied for in this state.

(4) A limited liability partnership may use the name, including the fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign corporation, or of another domestic or foreign limited liability company or of a domestic or foreign limited partnership or domestic or foreign limited liability partnership, that is used in this state if the other corporation is incorporated or authorized to transact business in this state, or if the limited liability company is organized or authorized to transact business in this state, or if the limited partnership is incorporated, organized, formed, or authorized to transact business in this state, and the proposed user corporation:

(a) Has merged with the other corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership; or
(b) Has been formed by reorganization of the other corporation.

(5) A name shall not be considered distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state by virtue of:

(a) A variation in any of the following designations for the same name: "Corporation," "incorporated," "company," "limited," "partnership," "limited partnership," "limited liability company," or "limited liability partnership," or the abbreviations "corp.," "inc.," "co.," "Ltd.," "LP," "L.P.," "LLP," "L.L.P.," "LLC," or "L.L.C.,"
(b) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as "the" or "and" from the same name;
(c) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbols in the same name; or
(d) Use of abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the same name.
(6) This chapter does not control the use of assumed business names or "trade names."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 25.04 RCW, to be codified to follow RCW 25.04.715 immediately, to read as follows:
(1) The exclusive right to the use of a name may be reserved by:
(a) A person intending to organize a limited liability partnership under this chapter and to adopt that name;
(b) A domestic or foreign limited liability partnership registered in this state which intends to adopt that name;
(c) A foreign limited liability partnership intending to register in this state and to adopt that name; and
(d) A person intending to organize a foreign limited liability partnership and intending to have it registered in this state and adopt that name.
(2) The reservation shall be made by filing with the secretary of state an application, executed by the applicant, to reserve a specified name, accompanied by a fee established by the secretary of state by rule. If the secretary of state finds that the name is available for use by a domestic or foreign limited liability partnership, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for the exclusive use of the applicant for a period of one hundred eighty days. The reservation is limited to one filing and is nonrenewable.

A person or partnership may transfer the right to the exclusive use of a reserved name to any other person by filing in the office of the secretary of state a notice of the transfer, executed by the applicant for whom the name was reserved and specifying the name and address of the transferee.

Sec. 8. RCW 25.10.020 and 1996 c 76 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The name of each limited partnership formed pursuant to this chapter as set forth in its certificate of limited partnership:
(a) Shall contain the words "limited partnership" or the abbreviation "LP" or "L.P.";
(b) May not contain the name of a limited partner unless (i) it is also the name of a general partner, or the corporate name of a corporate general partner, or (ii) the business of the limited partnership had been carried on under that name before the admission of that limited partner;
(c) May not contain any of the following words or phrases: "Bank", "banking", "banker", "trust", "cooperative"; or any combination of the words "industrial" and "loan"; or any combination of any two or more of the words "building", "savings", "loan", "home", "association" and "society"; or any other words or phrases prohibited by any statute of this state;
(d) Except as authorized by subsections (2) and (3) of this section, must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from:
(i) The name or reserved name of a foreign or domestic limited partnership;
(ii) The name of any limited liability company reserved, registered, or formed under the laws of this state or qualified to do business as a foreign limited liability company in this state under chapter 25.15 RCW;
(iii) The corporate name of a corporation incorporated or authorized to transact business in this state;
(iv) A corporate name reserved or registered under RCW 23B.04.020 or 23B.04.030;
(v) The corporate name or reserved name of a not-for-profit corporation incorporated or authorized to conduct affairs in this state under chapter 23B.04 RCW;
(vi) The name or reserved name of a mutual corporation or miscellaneous corporation incorporated or authorized to do business under chapter 24.03 RCW;
(vii) The fictitious name adopted under RCW 23B.15.060 by a foreign corporation authorized to transact business in this state because its real name is unavailable; and
((vi) The corporate name of a not-for-profit corporation incorporated or authorized to conduct affairs in this state.) (viii) The name or reserved name of a limited liability partnership registered under chapter 25.04 RCW.
A limited partnership may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use a name that is not distinguishable upon the records from one or more of the names described in subsection (1) of this section. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if:

(a) The other limited partnership, company, corporation, limited liability partnership, or holder consents to the use in writing and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to change its name or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying limited partnership; or

(b) The applicant delivers to the secretary of state a certified copy of the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction establishing the applicant’s right to use the name applied for in this state.

A limited partnership may use the name, including the fictitious name, of another domestic or foreign limited partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or corporation that is used in this state if the other ((limited partnership, limited liability company, or corporation)) entity is organized, incorporated, formed, or authorized to transact business in this state and the proposed user limited partnership:

(a) Has merged with the other limited partnership, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or corporation;

(b) Results from reorganization with the other limited partnership, limited liability company, or corporation.

A name shall not be considered distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state by virtue of:

(a) A variation in (the designation, under subsection (1)(a) of this section, used for the same name) any of the following designations for the same name: "Corporation," "incorporated," "company," "limited," "partnership," "limited partnership," "limited liability company," or "limited liability partnership," or the abbreviations "corp.," "inc.," "co.," "ltd.," "LP," "L.P.," "LLP," "L.L.P.," "LLC," or "L.L.C.,";

(b) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as "the" or "and" from the same name;

(c) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbols in the same name; or

(d) Use of abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the same name.

This chapter does not control the use of assumed business names or "trade names."

Sec. 9. RCW 25.15.010 and 1996 c 231 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The name of each limited liability company as set forth in its certificate of formation:

(a) Must contain the words "Limited Liability Company," the words "Limited Liability" and abbreviation "Co.," or the abbreviation "L.L.C." or "LLC";

(b) Except as provided in subsection (1)(d) of this section, may contain the name of a member or manager;

(c) Must not contain language stating or implying that the limited liability company is organized for a purpose other than those permitted by RCW 25.15.030;

(d) Must not contain any of the words or phrases: "Bank," "banking," "banker," "trust," "cooperative," "partnership," "corporation," "incorporated," or the abbreviations "corp.," "ltd.," or "inc.," or "LP.," "L.P.," "LLP," "L.L.P.," or any combination of the words "industrial" and "loan," or any combination of any two or more of the words "building," "savings," "loan," "home," "association," and "society," or any other words or phrases prohibited by any statute of this state; and

(e) Must be distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the names described in RCW 23B.04.010(1)(d) and 25.10.020(1)(d), and the names of any limited liability company reserved, registered, or formed under the laws of this state or qualified to do business as a foreign limited liability company in this state.

(2) A limited liability company may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use any name which is not distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from one or more of the names described in subsection (1)(c) of this section. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if the other corporation, limited partnership, limited liability partnership, or limited liability company consents in writing to the use and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to change its name or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying limited liability company.
A name shall not be considered distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state by virtue of:

(a) A variation in (the designation, under subsection (1)(a) of this section, used for the same name) any of the following designations for the same name: "Corporation," "incorporated," "company," "limited," "partnership," "limited partnership," "limited liability company," or "limited liability partnership," or the abbreviations "corp.," "inc.," "co.," "ltd.," "LP," "L.P.," "LLP," "L.L.P.," "LLC," or "L.L.C.";

(b) The addition or deletion of an article or conjunction such as "the" or "and" from the same name;

(c) Punctuation, capitalization, or special characters or symbols in the same name; or

(d) Use of abbreviation or the plural form of a word in the same name.

This chapter does not control the use of assumed business names or "trade names."

Sec. 10. RCW 25.15.325 and 1996 c 231 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A foreign limited liability company may register with the secretary of state under any name (whether or not it is the name under which it is registered in the jurisdiction of its formation) that includes the words "Limited Liability Company," the words "Limited Liability" and the abbreviation "Co.," or the abbreviation "L.L.C." or "LLC" and that could be registered by a domestic limited liability company. A foreign limited liability company may apply to the secretary of state for authorization to use a name which is not distinguishable upon the records of the office of the secretary of state from the names described in RCW 23B.04.010(1)(d) and 25.10.020, and the names of any domestic or foreign limited liability company reserved, registered, or formed under the laws of this state. The secretary of state shall authorize use of the name applied for if the other corporation, limited liability partnership, or limited partnership consents in writing to the use and files with the secretary of state documents necessary to change its name, or the name reserved or registered to a name that is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the name of the applying foreign limited liability company.

(2) Each foreign limited liability company shall continuously maintain in this state:

(a) A registered office, which may but need not be a place of its business in this state. The registered office shall be at a specific geographic location in this state, and be identified by number, if any, and street, or building address or rural route, or, if a commonly known street or rural route address does not exist, by legal description. A registered office may not be identified by post office box number or other nongeographic address. For purposes of communicating by mail, the secretary of state may permit the use of a post office address in the same city as the registered office in conjunction with the registered office address if the foreign limited liability company also maintains on file the specific geographic address of the registered office where personal service of process may be made;

(b) A registered agent for service of process on the foreign limited liability company, which agent may be either an individual resident of this state whose business office is identical with the foreign limited liability company’s registered office, or a domestic corporation, a limited partnership or limited liability company, or a foreign corporation authorized to do business in this state having a business office identical with such registered office; and

(c) A registered agent who shall not be appointed without having given prior written consent to the appointment. The written consent shall be filed with the secretary of state in such form as the secretary may prescribe. The written consent shall be filed with or as a part of the document first appointing a registered agent. In the event any individual, limited liability company, limited partnership, or corporation has been appointed agent without consent, that person or corporation may file a notarized statement attesting to that fact, and the name shall forthwith be removed from the records of the secretary of state.

(3) A foreign limited liability company may change its registered office or registered agent by delivering to the secretary of state for filing a statement of change that sets forth:

(a) The name of the foreign limited liability company;

(b) If the current registered office is to be changed, the street address of the new registered office in accord with subsection (2)(a) of this section;

(c) If the current registered agent is to be changed, the name of the new registered agent and the new agent’s written consent, either on the statement or attached to it, to the appointment; and

(d) That after the change or changes are made, the street addresses of its registered office and the business office of its registered agent will be identical.
(4) If a registered agent changes the street address of the agent’s business office, the registered agent may change the street address of the registered office of any foreign limited liability company for which the agent is the registered agent by notifying the foreign limited liability company in writing of the change and signing, either manually or in facsimile, and delivering to the secretary of state for filing a statement that complies with the requirements of subsection (3) of this section and recites that the foreign limited liability company has been notified of the change.

(5) A registered agent of any foreign limited liability company may resign as agent by signing and delivering to the secretary of state for filing a statement that the registered office is also discontinued. After filing the statement the secretary of state shall mail a copy of the statement to the foreign limited liability company at its principal ((office address shown in its most recent annual report, or the address of its principal)) place of business shown in its application for certificate of registration if no annual report has been filed. The agency appointment is terminated, and the registered office discontinued if so provided, on the thirty-first day after the date on which the statement was filed.

Sec. 11. RCW 25.15.015 and 1994 c 211 s 103 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Reserved Name.

(a) A person may reserve the exclusive use of a limited liability company name by delivering an application to the secretary of state for filing. The application must set forth the name and address of the applicant and the name proposed to be reserved. If the secretary of state finds that the limited liability company name applied for is available, the secretary of state shall reserve the name for the applicant’s exclusive use for a nonrenewable one hundred eighty-day period.

(b) The owner of a reserved limited liability company name may transfer the reservation to another person by delivering to the secretary of state a signed notice of the transfer that states the name and address of the transferee.

(2) Registered Name.

(a) A foreign limited liability company may register its name if the name is distinguishable upon the records of the secretary of state from the names specified in RCW 25.15.010((1)(e))).

(b) A foreign limited liability company registers its name by delivering to the secretary of state for filing an application that:

(i) Sets forth its name and the state or country and date of its organization; and

(ii) Is accompanied by a certificate of existence, or a document of similar import, from the state or country of organization.

(c) The name is registered for the applicant’s exclusive use upon the effective date of the application and until the close of the calendar year in which the application for registration is filed.

(d) A foreign limited liability company whose registration is effective may renew it for successive years by delivering to the secretary of state for filing a renewal application, which complies with the requirements of (b) of this subsection, between October 1st and December 31st of the preceding year. The renewal application when filed renews the registration for the following calendar year.

(e) A foreign limited liability company whose registration is effective may thereafter qualify as a foreign limited liability company under the registered name, or consent in writing to the use of that name by a limited liability company thereafter organized under this chapter, by a corporation thereafter formed under Title 23B RCW, by a limited partnership thereafter formed under chapter 25.10 RCW, or by another foreign limited liability company, foreign corporation, or foreign limited partnership thereafter authorized to transact business in this state. The registration terminates when the domestic limited liability company is organized, the domestic corporation is incorporated, or the domestic limited partnership is formed, or the foreign limited liability company qualifies or consents to the qualification of another foreign limited liability company, corporation, or limited partnership under the registered name."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "organizations;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 23B.04.010, 23B.15.060, 24.03.045, 24.06.045, 25.04.710, 25.04.715, 25.10.020, 25.15.010, 25.15.325, and 25.15.015; and adding a new section to chapter 25.04 RCW."
Voting Yea: Representatives D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Smith, L. Thomas, Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Gardner, Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5149 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Revising restrictions on legislators' newsletters. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 42.17.132 and 1995 c 397 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) During the twelve-month period ((preceding the last day for certification of the election results for a state legislator's election to office)) beginning on December 1st of the year before a general election for a state legislator's election to office and continuing through November 30th immediately after the general election, the legislator may not mail, either by regular mail or electronic mail, to a constituent at public expense a letter, newsletter, brochure, or other piece of literature, except as ((provided in this section.)) follows:
   (a) The legislator may mail ((one)) two mailings of newsletters to constituents. All newsletters within each mailing of newsletters must be identical as to their content but not as to the constituent name or address. One such mailing may be mailed no later than thirty days after the start of a regular legislative session ((and one)), except that a legislator appointed after the start of the session to fill a vacant seat may have up to thirty days from the date of appointment to send out the first mailing. The other mailing may be mailed no later than sixty days after the end of a regular legislative session ((of identical newsletters to constituents)).
   (b) The legislator may mail an individual letter to (i) an individual constituent who ((1)) has contacted the legislator regarding the subject matter of the letter during the legislator's current term of office; ((or (2))) (ii) an individual constituent who holds a governmental office with jurisdiction over the subject matter of the letter; or (iii) an individual constituent who has received an award or honor of extraordinary distinction of a type that is sufficiently infrequent to be noteworthy to a reasonable person, including, but not limited to: (A) An international or national award such as the Nobel prize and the Pulitzer prize; (B) a state award such as Washington scholar; (C) an Eagle Scout award; (D) a Medal of Honor; (E) a one-hundredth birthday; and (F) a seventy-fifth wedding anniversary.
(2) For purposes of subsection (1) of this section, "legislator" means a legislator who is a "candidate," as defined by RCW 42.17.020, for any public office.
(3) A violation of this section constitutes use of the facilities of a public office for the purpose of assisting a campaign under RCW 42.52.180.
(4) The house of representatives and senate shall specifically limit expenditures per member for the total cost of mailings((including)). Those costs include, but are not limited to, production costs, printing costs, and postage costs. The limits imposed under this subsection apply only to the total expenditures on mailings per member and not to any categorical cost within the total.
(5) For purposes of this section, persons residing outside the legislative district represented by the legislator are not considered to be constituents, but students, military personnel, or others temporarily employed outside of the district who normally reside in the district are considered to be constituents.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. RCW 42.17.132, as amended by this act, is recodified as a new section in chapter 42.52 RCW, to be placed between RCW 42.52.180 and 42.52.190."

Signed by Representatives D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Smith, L. Thomas, Wensman and Wolfe.
Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Gardner, Murray and Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SB 5174 Prime Sponsor, Senator Prince: Transferring property to Washington State University Lind dryland research unit. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 4, after "Sec. 1." insert "(1)"

On page 1, line 12, after "county" insert "and sell the remaining property for the benefit of the common schools"

On page 1, at the beginning of line 13, insert "(2)"

On page 2, after line 5, insert the following:
"(3) The department of natural resources shall sell the real property legally described as lots 28 and 29, block 10, Neilson Brothers plat, City of Lind, Adams county and the proceeds of the sale shall be deposited into the permanent common school fund."

Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell and D. Sommers.


Excused: Representative H. Sommers.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SSB 5322 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Health & Long-Term Care: Removing regulatory barriers to the provision of oral health care services to rural, remote, and underserved populations. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SSB 5445 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Health & Long-Term Care: Making technical corrections to statutes administered by the department of health. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
Sec. 1. RCW 18.71.210 and 1995 c 65 s 4 and 1995 c 103 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

No act or omission of any physician’s trained emergency medical service intermediate life support technician and paramedic, as defined in RCW 18.71.200, or any emergency medical technician or first responder, as defined in RCW 18.73.030, done or omitted in good faith while rendering emergency medical service under the responsible supervision and control of a licensed physician or an approved medical program director or delegate(s) to a person who has suffered illness or bodily injury shall impose any liability upon:

(1) The physician’s trained emergency medical service intermediate life support technician and paramedic, emergency medical technician, or first responder;
(2) The medical program director;
(3) The supervising physician(s);
(4) Any hospital, the officers, members of the staff, nurses, or other employees of a hospital;
(5) Any training agency or training physician(s);
(6) Any licensed ambulance service; or
(7) Any federal, state, county, city or other local governmental unit or employees of such a governmental unit.

This section shall apply to an act or omission committed or omitted in the performance of the actual emergency medical procedures and not in the commission or omission of an act which is not within the field of medical expertise of the physician’s trained emergency medical service intermediate life support technician and paramedic, emergency medical technician, or first responder, as the case may be.

This section shall apply also, as to the entities and personnel described in subsections (1) through (7) of this section, to any act or omission committed or omitted in good faith by such entities or personnel in rendering services at the request of an approved medical program director in the training of emergency medical service personnel for certification or recertification pursuant to this chapter.

This section shall not apply to any act or omission which constitutes either gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.

Sec. 2. RCW 18.130.040 and 1996 c 200 s 32 and 1996 c 81 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter applies only to the secretary and the boards and commissions having jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed under the chapters specified in this section. This chapter does not apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters specified in this section.

(2)(a) The secretary has authority under this chapter in relation to the following professions:
(i) Dispensing opticians licensed under chapter 18.34 RCW;
(ii) Naturopaths licensed under chapter 18.36A RCW;
(iii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;
(iv) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;
(v) Massage operators and businesses licensed under chapter 18.108 RCW;
(vi) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW;
(vii) Acupuncturists licensed under chapter 18.06 RCW;
(viii) Radiologic technologists certified and X-ray technicians registered under chapter 18.84 RCW;
(ix) Respiratory care practitioners certified under chapter 18.89 RCW;
(x) Persons registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW;
(xi) Persons registered as nursing pool operators under chapter 18.52C RCW;
(xii) Nursing assistants registered or certified under chapter ((18.79)) 18.88A RCW;
(xiii) Health care assistants certified under chapter 18.135 RCW;
(xiv) Dietitians and nutritionists certified under chapter 18.138 RCW;
(xv) Sex offender treatment providers certified under chapter 18.155 RCW;
(xvi) Persons licensed and certified under chapter 18.73 RCW or RCW 18.71.205;
(xvii) Persons registered as adult family home providers and resident managers under RCW 18.48.020; and
(xviii) Denturists licensed under chapter 18.30 RCW.
(b) The boards and commissions having authority under this chapter are as follows:

(i) The podiatric medical board as established in chapter 18.22 RCW;
(ii) The chiropractic quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.25 RCW;
(iii) The dental quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.32 RCW;
(iv) The board of hearing and speech as established in chapter 18.35 RCW;
(v) The board of examiners for nursing home administrators as established in chapter 18.52 RCW;
(vi) The optometry board as established in chapter 18.54 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.53 RCW;
(vii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established in chapter 18.57 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW;
(viii) The board of pharmacy as established in chapter 18.64 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW;
(ix) The medical quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.71 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;
(x) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 RCW;
(xi) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;
(xii) The nursing care quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.79 RCW governing licenses issued under that chapter;
(xiii) The examining board of psychology and its disciplinary committee as established in chapter 18.83 RCW; and
(xiv) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 18.92 RCW.

(3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses based on the conditions and criteria established in this chapter and the chapters specified in subsection (2) of this section. This chapter also governs any investigation, hearing, or proceeding relating to denial of licensure or issuance of a license conditioned on the applicant’s compliance with an order entered pursuant to RCW 18.130.160 by the disciplining authority.

(4) All disciplining authorities shall adopt procedures to ensure substantially consistent application of this chapter, the Uniform Disciplinary Act, among the disciplining authorities listed in subsection (2) of this section.

Sec. 3. RCW 18.35.060 and 1996 c 200 s 7 and 1996 c 191 s 19 are each reenacted to read as follows:

(1) The department shall issue a hearing instrument fitting/dispensing permit to any applicant who has shown to the satisfaction of the department that the applicant:

(a) Is at least twenty-one years of age;
(b) If issued a hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit, would be employed and directly supervised in the fitting and dispensing of hearing instruments by a person licensed or certified in good standing as a hearing instrument fitter/dispenser or audiologist for at least two years unless otherwise approved by the board;
(c) Has complied with administrative procedures, administrative requirements, and fees determined as provided in RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280;
(d) Has not committed unprofessional conduct as specified by the uniform disciplinary act; and
(e) Is a high school graduate or the equivalent.

The provisions of RCW 18.35.030, 18.35.110, and 18.35.120 shall apply to any person issued a hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit. Pursuant to the provisions of this section, a person issued a hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit may engage in the fitting and dispensing of hearing instruments without having first passed the hearing instrument fitter/dispenser examination provided under this chapter.

(2) The hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit shall contain the names of the employer and the licensed or certified supervisor under this chapter who are employing and supervising the hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit holder and those persons shall execute an acknowledgment of responsibility for all acts of the hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit holder in connection with the fitting and dispensing of hearing instruments.

(3) A hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit holder may fit and dispense hearing instruments, but only if the hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit holder is under the direct
supervision of a licensed hearing instrument fitter/dispenser or certified audiologist under this chapter in a capacity other than as a hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit holder. Direct supervision by a licensed hearing instrument fitter/dispenser or certified audiologist shall be required whenever the hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit holder is engaged in the fitting or dispensing of hearing instruments during the hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit holder’s employment. The board shall develop and adopt guidelines on any additional supervision or training it deems necessary.

(4) No individual may hold a hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit for more than two years. The hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit expires one year from the date of its issuance except that on recommendation of the board the permit may be reissued for one additional year only.

(5) No certified audiologist or licensed hearing instrument fitter/dispenser under this chapter may assume the responsibility for more than one hearing instrument fitter/dispenser permit holder at any one time.

(6) The department, upon approval by the board, shall issue an interim permit authorizing an applicant for speech-language pathology certification or audiologist certification who, except for the postgraduate professional experience and the examination requirements, meets the academic and practicum requirements of RCW 18.35.040 to practice under interim permit supervision by a certified speech-language pathologist or certified audiologist. The interim permit is valid for a period of one year from date of issuance. The board shall determine conditions for the interim permit.

Sec. 4. RCW 18.35.080 and 1996 c 200 s 9 and 1996 c 191 s 20 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall license or certify each qualified applicant who satisfactorily completes the required examinations for his or her profession and complies with administrative procedures and administrative requirements established pursuant to RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280.

(2) The board shall waive the examination and grant a speech-language pathology certificate to a person engaged in the profession of speech-language pathology in this state on June 6, 1996, if the board determines that the person meets commonly accepted standards for the profession, as defined by rules adopted by the board. Persons eligible for certification under this subsection must apply for a certificate before July 1, 1997.

(3) The board shall waive the examinations and grant an audiology certificate to a person engaged in the profession of audiology in this state on June 6, 1996, if the board determines that the person meets the commonly accepted standards for the profession and has passed the hearing instrument fitter/dispenser examination. Persons eligible for certification under this subsection must apply for a certificate before July 1, 1997.

(4) The board shall grant an audiology certificate to a person engaged in the profession of audiology, who has not been licensed as a hearing instrument fitter/dispenser, but who meets the commonly accepted standards for the profession of audiology and graduated from a board-approved program after January 1, 1993, and has passed sections of the examination pertaining to RCW 18.35.070 (3), (4), and (5). Persons eligible for certification under this subsection must apply for a certificate before July 1, 1997.

(5) Persons engaged in the profession of audiology who meet the commonly accepted standards for the profession of audiology and graduated from a board-approved program prior to January 1, 1993, and who have not passed the hearing instrument fitter/dispenser examination shall be granted a temporary audiology certificate (nondispensing) for a period of two years from June 6, 1996, during which time they must pass sections of the hearing instrument fitter/dispenser examination pertaining to RCW 18.35.070 (1)(c), (2)(e) and (f), (3), (4), and (5). The board may extend the term of the temporary certificate upon review. Persons eligible for certification under this subsection must apply for a certificate before July 1, 1997.

Sec. 5. RCW 18.35.090 and 1996 c 200 s 11 and 1996 c 191 s 21 are each reenacted to read as follows:

Each person who engages in practice under this chapter shall comply with administrative procedures and administrative requirements established under RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280 and shall keep the license, certificate, or permit conspicuously posted in the place of business at all times. The secretary may establish mandatory continuing education requirements and/or continued competency standards to be met by licensees or certificate or permit holders as a condition for license, certificate, or permit renewal.
Sec. 6. RCW 18.88A.230 and 1995 1st sp. s. c 18 s 48 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The nurse and nursing assistant shall be accountable for their own individual actions in the delegation process. Nurses acting within the protocols of their delegation authority shall be immune from liability for any action performed in the course of their delegation duties. Nursing assistants following written delegation instructions from registered nurses performed in the course of their accurately written, delegated duties shall be immune from liability.

(2) No person may coerce a nurse into compromising patient safety by requiring the nurse to delegate if the nurse determines it is inappropriate to do so. Nurses shall not be subject to any employer reprisal or disciplinary action by the Washington nursing care quality assurance commission for refusing to delegate tasks or refusing to provide the required training for delegation if the nurse determines delegation may compromise patient safety. Nursing assistants shall not be subject to any employer reprisal or disciplinary action by the nursing care quality assurance commission for refusing to accept delegation of a nursing task based on patient safety issues. No community residential program, adult family home, or boarding home contracting to provide assisted-living services may discriminate or retaliate in any manner against a person because the person made a complaint or cooperated in the investigation of a complaint.

(3) The department of social and health services shall impose a civil fine of not less than two hundred fifty dollars nor more than one thousand dollars on a community residential program, adult family home, or boarding home under chapter 18, Laws of 1995 1st sp. sess. that knowingly permits an employee to perform a nursing task except as delegated by a nurse pursuant to chapter 18, Laws of 1995 1st sp. sess.

Sec. 7. 1995 1st sp. s. c 18 s 53 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

The secretary of health in consultation with the Washington nursing care quality assurance commission and the department of social and health services shall monitor the implementation of sections 45 through 54 of this act and shall make an interim report by December 31, 1996, and a final report by December 31, ((1997)) 1998, to the legislature with any recommendations for improvements. As part of the monitoring process, the secretary of health and the secretary of social and health services, in consultation with the University of Washington school of nursing, shall conduct a study to be completed by September 30, ((1997)) 1998, which shall be a part of the final report to be submitted to the legislature by December 31, ((1997)) 1998. The study shall include consideration of the protection of health and safety of persons with developmental disabilities and residents of adult family homes and boarding homes providing assisted living services, including the appropriateness of the tasks allowed for delegation, level and type of training and regulation of nursing assistants. The report shall include direct observation, documentation, and interviews, and shall specifically include data on the following:

(1) Patient, nurse, and nursing assistant satisfaction;
(2) Medication errors, including those resulting in hospitalization;
(3) Compliance with required training;
(4) Compliance with nurse delegation protocols;
(5) Incidence of harm to patients, including abuse and neglect;
(6) Impact on access to care;
(7) Impact on patient quality of life; and
(8) Incidence of coercion in the nurse-delegation process.

Sec. 8. RCW 18.74.010 and 1991 c 12 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Board" means the board of physical therapy created by RCW 18.74.020.
(2) "Department" means the department of health.
(3) "Physical therapy" means the treatment of any bodily or mental condition of any person by the use of the physical, chemical, and other properties of heat, cold, air, light, water, electricity, sound, massage, and therapeutic exercise, which includes posture and rehabilitation procedures; the performance of tests and measurements of neuromuscular function as an aid to the diagnosis or treatment of any human condition; performance of treatments on the basis of test findings after consultation with and periodic review by an authorized health care practitioner except as provided in RCW 18.74.012; supervision of selective forms of treatment by trained supportive personnel; and
provision of consultative services for health, education, and community agencies. The use of Roentgen rays and radium for diagnostic and therapeutic purposes, the use of electricity for surgical purposes, including cauterization, and the use of spinal manipulation or manipulative mobilization of the spine and its immediate articulations, are not included under the term "physical therapy" as used in this chapter.

(4) "Physical therapist" means a person who practices physical therapy as defined in this chapter but does not include massage operators as defined in RCW 18.108.010.

(5) "Secretary" means the secretary of health.

(6) Words importing the masculine gender may be applied to females.

(7) "Authorized health care practitioner" means and includes licensed physicians, osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, naturopaths, podiatrists, and podiatric physicians and surgeons, dentists, and advanced registered nurse practitioners; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That nothing herein shall be construed as altering the scope of practice of such practitioners as defined in their respective licensure laws."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Sherstad; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SB 5647 Prime Sponsor, Senator Wood: Requiring only collected building fees of community and technical colleges to be paid to the state treasury. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O'Brien; Sheahan and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carlson, Radcliff, Mason, Kenney, Butler, Dunn, O'Brien, Sheahan and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 27, 1997

SSB 5701 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Licensing distributors of commercial soil. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 15.54.270 and 1993 c 183 s 1 are each amended to read as follows: Terms used in this chapter have the meaning given to them in this chapter unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(1) "Brand" means a term, design, or trademark used in connection with the distribution and sale of one or more grades of commercial fertilizers.

(2) "Bulk fertilizer" means commercial fertilizer distributed in a nonpackage form such as, but not limited to, tote bags, tote tanks, bins, tanks, trailers, spreader trucks, and railcars."
(3) "Calcium carbonate equivalent" means the acid-neutralizing capacity of an agricultural liming material expressed as a weight percentage of calcium carbonate.

(4) "Commercial fertilizer" means a substance containing one or more recognized plant nutrients and that is used for its plant nutrient content or that is designated for use or claimed to have value in promoting plant growth, and shall include limes, gypsum, and manipulated animal and vegetable manures. It also means a substance that is generated as a by-product from the manufacturing of wood products and that is intended to improve the physical characteristics of the soil. It does not include unmanipulated animal and vegetable manures and other products exempted by the department by rule.

(5) "Customer-formula fertilizer" means a mixture of commercial fertilizer or materials of which each batch is mixed according to the specifications of the final purchaser.

(6) "Department" means the department of agriculture of the state of Washington or its duly authorized representative.

(7) "Director" means the director of the department of agriculture.

(8) "Distribute" means to import, consign, manufacture, produce, compound, mix, or blend commercial fertilizer, or to offer for sale, sell, barter, exchange, or otherwise supply commercial fertilizer in this state.

(9) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

(10) "Grade" means the percentage of total nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and soluble potash stated in whole numbers in the same terms, order, and percentages as in the "guaranteed analysis," unless otherwise allowed by a rule adopted by the department. Specialty fertilizers may be guaranteed in fractional units of less than one percent of total nitrogen, available phosphorus or phosphoric acid, and soluble potassium or potash. Fertilizer materials, bone meal, manures, and similar materials may be guaranteed in fractional units.

(11) "Guaranteed analysis." 
    (a) Until the director prescribes an alternative form of "guaranteed analysis" by rule the term "guaranteed analysis" shall mean the minimum percentage of plant nutrients claimed in the following order and form:

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Total nitrogen (N)  percent
Available phosphoric acid (P2O5) percent
Soluble potash (K2O) percent
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The percentage shall be stated in whole numbers unless otherwise allowed by the department by rule.

The "guaranteed analysis" may also include elemental guarantees for phosphorus (P) and potassium (K).

(b) For unacidulated mineral phosphatic material and basic slag, bone, tankage, and other organic phosphatic materials, the total phosphoric acid or degree of fineness may also be guaranteed.

(c) Guarantees for plant nutrients other than nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium shall be as allowed or required by rule of the department. The guarantees for such other nutrients shall be expressed in the form of the element.

(d) The guaranteed analysis for limes shall include the percentage of calcium or magnesium expressed as their carbonate; the calcium carbonate equivalent as determined by methods prescribed by the association of official analytical chemists; and the minimum percentage of material that will pass respectively a one hundred mesh, sixty mesh, and ten mesh sieve. The mesh size declaration may also include the percentage of material that will pass additional mesh sizes.

(e) In commercial fertilizer, the principal constituent of which is calcium sulfate (gypsum), the percentage of calcium sulfate (CaSO4.2H2O) shall be given along with the percentage of total sulfur.

(f) The guaranteed analysis for wood by-products must include the name and percentage of each soil amending ingredient and the total percentage of all other ingredients.

(12) "Label" means the display of all written, printed, or graphic matter, upon the immediate container, or a statement accompanying a fertilizer.

(13) "Labeling" includes all written, printed, or graphic matter, upon or accompanying a commercial fertilizer, or advertisement, brochures, posters, television, and radio announcements used in promoting the sale of such fertilizer.
(14) "Licensee" means the person who receives a license to distribute a fertilizer under the provisions of this chapter.
(15) "Lime" means a substance or a mixture of substances, the principal constituent of which is calcium or magnesium carbonate, hydroxide, or oxide, singly or combined.
(16) "Manipulation" means processed or treated in any manner, including drying to a moisture content less than thirty percent.
(17) "Manufacture" means to compound, produce, granulate, mix, blend, repackage, or otherwise alter the composition of fertilizer materials.
(18) "Official sample" means a sample of commercial fertilizer taken by the department and designated as "official" by the department.
(19) "Packaged fertilizer" means commercial fertilizers, either agricultural or specialty, distributed in nonbulk form.
(20) "Person" means an individual, firm, brokerage, partnership, corporation, company, society, or association.
(21) "Percent" or "percentage" means the percentage by weight.
(22) "Registrant" means the person who registers commercial fertilizer under the provisions of this chapter.
(23) "Specialty fertilizer" means a commercial fertilizer distributed primarily for nonfarm use, such as, but not limited to, use on home gardens, lawns, shrubbery, flowers, golf courses, municipal parks, cemeteries, greenhouses, and nurseries.
(24) "Ton" means the net weight of two thousand pounds avoirdupois.
(25) "Total nutrients" means the sum of the percentages of total nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and soluble potash as guaranteed and as determined by analysis.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 15.54 RCW to read as follows:
No person may distribute as a commercial fertilizer a material that is defined as solid waste under RCW 70.95.030 for which written approval has not been received by the department of agriculture from the department of ecology under section 8 of this act prior to the distribution, or for which distribution as a commercial fertilizer is prohibited by the department under section 5 of this act.

Sec. 3. RCW 15.54.325 and 1993 c 183 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) No person may distribute as a commercial fertilizer a material that is defined as solid waste under RCW 70.95.030 for which written approval has not been received by the department of agriculture from the department of ecology under section 8 of this act prior to the distribution, or for which distribution as a commercial fertilizer is prohibited by the department under section 5 of this act.

(2) An application for registration shall include the following:
(a) The product name;
(b) The brand and grade;
(c) The guaranteed analysis;
(d) Name and address of the registrant;
(e) Labels for each product being registered;
(f) Any other information required by the department by rule.
(3) Prior to the registration of a commercial fertilizer that is defined as solid waste under RCW 70.95.030, the department shall obtain written approval from the department of ecology. The department of ecology shall issue written approval, as provided in section 8 of this act, when it finds that the material characteristics and management methods will not pose unacceptable hazards to human health and the environment.

(4) If an application for renewal of the product registration provided for in this section is not filed prior to July 1st of any one year, a penalty of ten dollars per product shall be assessed and added to the original fee and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal registration shall be issued. The
assessments of this late collection fee shall not prevent the department from taking any other action as provided for in this chapter. The penalty shall not apply if the applicant furnishes an affidavit that he or she has not distributed this commercial fertilizer subsequent to the expiration of his or her prior registration.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 15.54.340 and 1993 c 183 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

1. Any packaged fertilizer distributed in this state in containers shall have placed on or affixed to the package a label setting forth in clearly legible and conspicuous form the following information:
   a. The net weight;
   b. The product name, brand, and grade. The grade is not required if no primary nutrients are claimed;
   c. The guaranteed analysis;
   d. The name and address of the registrant or licensee. The name and address of the manufacturer, if different from the registrant or licensee, may also be stated;
   e. For wood by-products intended to improve the physical characteristics of the soil, the label must include the purpose of the product and directions for application; and
   f. Other information as required by the department by rule.
2. If a commercial fertilizer is distributed in bulk, a written or printed statement of the information required by subsection (1) above shall accompany delivery and be supplied to the purchaser at the time of delivery.
3. Each delivery of a customer-formula fertilizer shall be subject to containing those ingredients specified by the purchaser, which ingredients shall be shown on the statement or invoice with the amount contained therein, and a record of all invoices of customer-formula grade mixes shall be kept by the registrant or licensee for a period of twelve months and shall be available to the department upon request: PROVIDED, That each such delivery shall be accompanied by either a statement, invoice, a delivery slip, or a label if bagged, containing the following information: The net weight; the brand; the guaranteed analysis which may be stated to the nearest tenth of a percent or to the next lower whole number; the name and address of the registrant or licensee, or manufacturer, or both; and the name and address of the purchaser.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 15.54 RCW to read as follows:

1. The department may cancel the registration of any packaged commercial fertilizer or refuse to register such a packaged commercial fertilizer that is a material defined as a solid waste under RCW 70.95.030 for evidence that use of the material as a commercial fertilizer poses unacceptable hazards to human health or the environment that were not known during the approval process specified in section 8 of this act.
2. With regard to any material defined as solid waste under RCW 70.95.030, the department may prohibit the distribution of the material as a commercial fertilizer under this chapter for evidence that use of the material as a commercial fertilizer poses unacceptable hazards to human health or the environment that were not known during the approval process specified in section 8 of this act.

**Sec. 6.** RCW 15.54.800 and 1993 c 183 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The director shall administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter and any rules adopted under this chapter. All authority and requirements provided for in chapter 34.05 RCW apply to this chapter in the adoption of rules.
2. The director may adopt appropriate rules for carrying out the purpose and provisions of this chapter, including but not limited to rules providing for:
   a. Definitions of terms;
   b. Determining standards for labeling and registration of commercial fertilizers (and agricultural minerals and limes);
   c. The collection and examination of commercial fertilizers (and agricultural minerals and limes);
   d. Recordkeeping by registrants and licensees;
   e. Regulation of the use and disposal of commercial fertilizers for the protection of ground water and surface water; and
   f. The safe handling, transportation, storage, display, and distribution of commercial fertilizers.
Sec. 7. RCW 70.95.240 and 1993 c 292 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After the adoption of regulations or ordinances by any county, city, or jurisdictional board of health providing for the issuance of permits as provided in RCW 70.95.160, it shall be unlawful for any person to dump or deposit or permit the dumping or depositing of any solid waste onto or under the surface of the ground or into the waters of this state except at a solid waste disposal site for which there is a valid permit. This section shall not:

(a) Prohibit a person from dumping or depositing solid waste resulting from his own activities onto or under the surface of ground owned or leased by him when such action does not violate statutes or ordinances, or create a nuisance; or

(b) Apply to a person using solid wastes on the land as a commercial fertilizer if (i) the department of ecology has issued written approval for the use of the solid waste as a commercial fertilizer as provided in section 8 of this act, and (ii) the solid waste is a commercial fertilizer registered under chapter 15.54 RCW or a commercial fertilizer distributed under the licensing requirements of chapter 15.54 RCW and that registration has not been canceled and the distribution of the material as a commercial fertilizer is not prohibited under section 5 of this act.

(2)(a) It is a class 3 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for a person to litter in an amount less than or equal to one cubic foot.

(b) It is a class 1 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for a person to litter in an amount greater than one cubic foot. Unless suspended or modified by a court, the person shall also pay a litter cleanup fee of twenty-five dollars per cubic foot of litter. The court may, in addition to or in lieu of part or all of the cleanup fee, order the person to pick up and remove litter from the property, with prior permission of the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency managing the property.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 70.95 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall issue written approval to the department of agriculture that a material defined as solid waste in RCW 70.95.030 should be used as a commercial fertilizer distributed under a commercial fertilizer license under RCW 15.54.275, or registered as packaged fertilizer under RCW 15.54.325, if the material characteristics and management methods will not pose unacceptable hazards to human health and the environment. The written approval must certify, to the degree practicable, that the use of the material as a commercial fertilizer is consistent with the following:

(a) The biosolids standards set forth in rule or guidance under chapter 70.95J RCW, municipal sewage sludge;

(b) Chapter 70.105D RCW, model toxics control act;

(c) Chapter 90.48 RCW, water pollution control;

(d) Chapter 70.94 RCW, Washington clean air act;

(e) Chapter 70.105 RCW, hazardous waste management act; and

(f) Other factors intended to protect human health and the environment.

(2) The only solid waste materials that may be approved by the department under this section for use as commercial fertilizer are substances generated as byproducts from the manufacturing of wood products.

(3) A party aggrieved by a decision of the department to issue a written approval under this section or to deny the issuance of such an approval may appeal the decision to the pollution control hearings board within thirty days of the decision. Review of such a decision shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 43.21B RCW. Any subsequent appeal of a decision of the hearings board shall be obtained in accordance with RCW 43.21B.180.  

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SB 5809 Prime Sponsor, Senator Fraser: Requiring unauthorized insurers to be financially sound. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.

Voting Nay: Representative Smith.
Excused: Representatives Benson and Keiser.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 28, 1997

SSB 5976 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Health & Long-Term Care: Clarifying who may legally use the title “nurse.” Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sherstad.

Voting Nay: Representative Sherstad.
Excused: Representative Skinner and Zellinsky.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

March 31, 1997

SSB 6022 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing: Protecting certain information concerning financial institutions. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 12, after “RCW 21.20.100” strike “is” and insert “are”

Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; DeBolt; Sullivan and Wensman.


Voting Nay: Representatives Constantine and Keiser.
Excused: Representative Benson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.
There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, April 2, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
SEVENTY-NINTH DAY, APRIL 1, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
EIGHTIETH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, April 2, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Anisa Mason and Kamilah White. Prayer was offered by Pastor Lonnie Anderson, New Horizon Christian Church, Monroe WA.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 1, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5464,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5464

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4647, by Representatives Sehlin, Anderson, D. Schmidt, Hatfield, Chandler and Wensman

WHEREAS, Charles E. Brady, Jr., a resident of the state of Washington and a Captain in the United States Navy, was a crew member aboard Space Shuttle Columbia Mission STS-78; and

WHEREAS, Charles E. Brady, Jr.’s mission, launched from the Kennedy Space Center on June 20, 1996, and returned July 7, 1996, was, at the time, NASA’s longest shuttle mission, with a duration of sixteen days, twenty-one hours, forty-eight minutes; and

WHEREAS, Charles E. Brady, Jr., with an extensive medical background, joined the Navy in 1986 as a flight surgeon, serving on board the aircraft carrier USS Ranger; and

WHEREAS, Charles E. Brady, Jr. was selected for the Navy Flight Demonstration Squadron "Blue Angels" in 1988 and served with them through 1990; and

WHEREAS, Charles E. Brady, Jr. was selected by NASA in March 1992, and has since logged over four hundred five hours in space;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives proudly acknowledge the contribution to the Space Shuttle program of Charles E. Brady, Jr.; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Charles E. Brady, Jr.
Representative Sehlin moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Sehlin and Anderson spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4647 was adopted.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker: It is my great pleasure to introduce to the House, Captain Charles Brady and his wife Cathy.

Captain Brady spoke to the House, and presented the Speaker with a picture taken from space and signed by the entire crew of Shuttle Columbia. Mrs. Brady also addressed the House.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4646, by Representatives Anderson, Quall, Morris and Sehlin

WHEREAS, The beautiful Skagit Valley is the Tulip Capital of the Northwest; and
WHEREAS, Every April brings a spectacular panorama as the thousands of tulips abloom herald the coming of spring; and
WHEREAS, The Skagit Valley Tulip Festival launches the festival season here in Washington; and
WHEREAS, This year's fourteenth annual Tulip Festival from March 28th through April 13th is shining world-wide attention on the communities of Anacortes, Burlington, Concrete, LaConner, Mount Vernon, and Sedro Woolley; and
WHEREAS, The nearly one million people who visited the Skagit Valley Tulip Festival last year enjoyed a tremendous variety of exciting activities and contributed greatly to the region's economy; and
WHEREAS, This year's visitors will be overwhelmed by more than one thousand five hundred acres of tulips reflecting all the colors of the rainbow and representing the fullness of life for the marvelous people who call the Skagit Valley home; and
WHEREAS, Highlights of this year's festivities include the Mount Vernon Street Fair, an Art Bash on Beaver Marsh Road, the Mount Vernon Kiwanis Salmon Barbeque, the Tulip Pedal Bicycle Ride, the Paccar Open House, the 10K Slug Run, and the Skagit County Flower and Garden Faire.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives of the State of Washington salute the resplendent communities of the Skagit Valley, as well as their chambers of commerce and the Tulip Festival Committee for their tireless efforts in providing another Skagit Valley Tulip Festival for the joy of grateful visitors; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives commend the community leaders and corporate sponsors for the success of this celebrated event, and that we encourage citizens from all across our state, nation, and world to make time to savor this sensational display; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to the community leaders of the phenomenal Skagit Valley.

There being no objections, House Resolution No. 4646 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fifth order of business.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

HB 2251 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Determining compensation eligibility for educational employees. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

March 31, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.

Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood, Cole and Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HCR 4403 Prime Sponsor, Representative Carlson: Approving the recommendations of the 1996 update of the Work Force Training and Education Coordinating Board's comprehensive plan. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; and Hatfield.

Voting Nay: Representatives Conway and Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5034 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Changing the definition of "bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization" for gambling statutes. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 2, line 9, strike “nine” and insert “seven”

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

2SSB 5084 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Modifying the definition of a qualified party and the amount of attorneys' fees they may recover in an action appealing a state agency directive. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Bush; Fisher; Gardner; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

Passed to Committee on Appropriations.

SB 5093 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Prescribing procedures for capital punishment sentencing. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Cody.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Carrell, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Constantine and Cody.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESSB 5105 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Tightening requirements for administrative rule making. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 3, line 6, after "law," insert "including any other federal or state regulation or rule,"
On page 3, line 33, after "rule" insert "reviewed under subsection (4) of this section"

Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5142 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Allowing county clerks to collect civil judgments where the county is the creditor. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5173  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Improving the liquor license schematic of the state of Washington. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 40, line 34, strike “beer and wine” and insert “limited service”

On page 40, line 35, after “license” strike “((in combination with a class E license))” and insert “in combination with ((a class E)) an off-premises beer and wine retailer’s license”

On page 35, after line 33, insert the following:

“(4) The board may issue a caterer’s endorsement to the license under this section to allow the licensee to remove from the liquor stocks at the licensed premises, for use as liquor for sale and service at special occasion locations at a specified date and place not currently licensed by the board. The privilege of selling and serving liquor under the endorsement is limited to members and guests of a society or organization as defined in RCW 66.24.375. Cost of the endorsement is three hundred fifty dollars.

(a) The holder of this license with catering endorsement shall, if requested by the board, notify the board or its designee of the date, time, place, and location of any catered event. Upon request, the licensee shall provide to the board all necessary or requested information concerning the society or organization that will be holding the function at which the endorsed license will be utilized.

(b) If attendance at the function will be limited to members and invited guests of the sponsoring society or organization, the requirement that the society or organization be within the definition of RCW 66.24.375 is waived.”

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5211  Prime Sponsor, Newhouse: Authorizing public hospital districts to be self-insurers. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5254  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Natural Resources and Parks: Limiting liability of owners or possessors for injuries to recreational users. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member;
Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5266 Prime Sponsor, Senator Horn: Regulating engineers and land surveyors. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 2, line 11, after “investigations” strike “upon its own motion or in response to a written complaint”

On page 3 line 8, after “allegation.” strike all material through “chapter.” on line 11.

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5330 Prime Sponsor, Senator Sellar: Allowing another type of golfing sweepstakes. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5338 Prime Sponsor, Senator Horn: Allowing restricted use of spirituous liquor at no charge. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997
SSB 5375 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Redefining a distributing organization to include a public health agency. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESSB 5671 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Requiring adoption of de facto rules. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 3, line 30, after "order" insert "of adoption"
On page 3, line 32, after "rule." insert "Issuance" does not include final agency orders issued following an adjudicative proceeding under Part IV of this chapter."

Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESB 5744 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hale: Extending the time for legislative review of agency rules. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5755 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housi: Authorizing service of process by posting in disputes involving mobile home landlords and tenants. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

April 1, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

ESB 5774 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Authorizing appellate judges to be appointed as pro tempore judges to complete pending business at the end of their terms of office. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

MESSAGES

April 2, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5999,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 2, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted: SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8411,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:55 a.m., Thursday, April 3, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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**Committee Report**

- 5034
- 5084 (2nd Sub)
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**Speaker’s Privilege**

- Speaker’s Privilege, Charles E. Brady, Jr.

**EIGHTIETH DAY, APRIL 2, 1997**

**JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE**

**NOTICE:** Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.
EIGHTY-FIRST DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, April 3, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:55 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding).

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

SSB 5999 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio and Kohl; by request of Governor Locke)

Financing stadium and exhibition centers.

Referred to Committee on Capital Budget.

SCR 8411 by Senators West and Snyder

Exempting Senate Bill No. 5999 from cutoff dates.

Referred to Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the bill and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

April 1, 1997

HB 2276 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lisk: Promoting civil legal services for indigent persons.

Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Cody.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine and Cody.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SSB 5009 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Authorizing interstate agreements to provide adoption assistance for special needs children. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SSB 5071 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Education: Changing provisions relating to territory included in city and town boundary extensions. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds the following:
(1) The existing statutory provisions requiring an automatic transfer of territory from one school district to another when a city or town extends its boundaries through annexation of unincorporated territory is archaic, and that such school district transfers should not be automatic;
(2) Some current procedural requirements unduly restrict the ability of the state board of education to respond more flexibly to any given proposed transfer of territory;
(3) Consistent with the goal of growth management that public services and facilities necessary to support development be available without a decrease in service levels, citizens should have the opportunity to be heard on whether all land in a planned community that includes industrial, commercial, and residential sites should be in the same school district; and
(4) The current laws and rules governing school district organization are outdated and in need of a comprehensive review.

Sec. 2. RCW 28A.315.250 and 1985 c 385 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Each incorporated city or town in the state shall be comprised in one school district:
Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed: (a) To prevent the extension of the boundaries of a school district beyond the limits of the city or town contained therein, or (b) to prevent the inclusion of two or more incorporated cities or towns in a single school district, or (c) to change or disturb the boundaries of any school district organized prior to the incorporation of any city or town, except as hereafter in this section provided.
(2) In case all or any part of a school district that operates a school or schools on one site only or operates elementary schools only on two or more sites is included in an incorporated city or town through the extension of the limits of such city or town in the manner provided by law, the (educational service district superintendent shall: (1) Declare) regional committee may, in its discretion, prepare a proposal for transfer of any part or all of the territory so included to be a part of the school district containing the city or town and (2), whenever a part of a district so included contains a school building of the district, (present to the regional committee a proposal) for the disposition of any part or all of the remaining territory of the district.
(3) In case of the extension of the limits of a city or town to include territory lying in a school district that operates on more than one site one or more elementary schools and one or more junior high schools or high schools, the regional committee (shall) may, in its discretion, prepare a proposal or proposals for annexation to the school district in which the city or town is located any part or all of the territory aforesaid which has been included in the city or town and for annexation to the school district in which the city or town is located or to some other school district or districts any part or all of the remaining territory of the school district affected by extension of the limits of the city or town: Provided, That where no school or school site is located within the territory annexed to the city or town and not less than seventy-five percent of the registered voters residing within the annexed territory present a petition in writing for annexation and transfer of said territory to the school district in which the city or town is located, the educational service district superintendent shall declare the
territory so included to be a part of the school district containing said city or town: PROVIDED FURTHER, That territory approved for annexation to a city or town by vote of the electors residing therein prior to January 12, 1953, shall not be subject to the provisions herein respecting annexation to a school district or school districts: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That the provisions and procedural requirements of this chapter as now or hereafter amended not in conflict with or inconsistent with the provisions hereinabove in this section stated shall apply in the case of any proposal or proposals (((4))) (a) for the alteration of the boundaries of school districts through and by means of annexation of territory as aforesaid, and (((2))) (b) for the adjustment of the assets and liabilities of the school districts involved or affected thereby.

(4) In case of the incorporation of a city or town containing territory lying in two or more school districts or of the uniting of two or more cities or towns not located in the same school district, the educational service district superintendent, except where the incorporation or consolidation would affect a district or districts of the first class, shall: (((4))) (a) Order and declare to be established in each such case a single school district comprising all of the school districts involved, and (((2))) (b) designate each such district by name and by a number different from that of any other district in existence in the county.

(5) The educational service district superintendent shall fix as the effective date of any declaration or order required under this section a date no later than the first day of September next succeeding the date of the issuance of such declaration or order.

(6) The chapter . . . . Laws of 1997 (this act) amendments to this section apply retroactively.

Sec. 3. RCW 28A.315.140 and 1990 c 33 s 300 are each amended to read as follows:
The powers and duties of the state board with respect to this chapter shall be:
(1) To aid regional committees in the performance of their duties by furnishing them with plans of procedure, standards, data, maps, forms, and other necessary materials and services essential to a study and understanding of the problems of school district organization in their respective educational service districts.
(2) To receive, file, and examine the proposals and the maps, reports, records, and other materials relating thereto submitted by regional committees and to approve such proposals and so notify the regional committees when said proposals are found to provide for satisfactory improvement in the school district system of the counties and the state and for an equitable adjustment of the assets and liabilities, including bonded indebtedness and excess tax levies as authorized under RCW 28A.315.110(2), of the school districts involved or affected: PROVIDED. That whenever (the state board approves a recommendation from a regional committee for the transfer of territory from one school district to another school district, such state board approval must be made not later than March 1 of any given year for implementation the school year immediately following: PROVIDED FURTHER. That whenever) such proposals are found by the state board to be unsatisfactory or inequitable, the board shall so notify the regional committee and, upon request, assist the committee in making revisions which revisions shall be resubmitted within sixty days after such notification for reconsideration and approval or disapproval. The regional committee may request, and the state board is authorized to grant, an extension of the sixty days. The duration of the extension shall be set by the state board. Implementation of state board-approved transfers of territory from one school district to another school district shall become effective at the commencement of the next school year unless an earlier or later implementation date is agreed upon in writing by the boards of directors of the affected school districts and approved by the state board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall undertake a comprehensive study of the current laws and state board of education's rules governing school district organization. In conducting the study the committee shall seek input from the state board of education, the superintendent of public instruction, the educational service districts, the regional committees on school district organization, the Washington state school directors' association, representatives of cities, towns, and counties, and citizens.
(2) The purpose of the study under subsection (1) of this section is to determine if the existing procedures and requirements for school district organization are adequate and appropriate.
(3) The committee shall submit a report on the study to the legislature by December 1, 1997. The report shall include any recommendations for statutory changes and shall indicate whether the
fundamental goal of the state's school district organization policy should be to support community/neighborhood schools and parental involvement.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 5.** Beginning on the effective date of this section and through June 30, 1998, school district boundaries may not be changed; except school district boundaries shall be changed if a school district request for a boundary change pursuant to RCW 28A.315.280 prior to the effective date of this section, and RCW 28A.315.250(3) apply.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 6.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Veloria.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville Veloria.
Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SSB 5144 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Modifying numerous local government administrative requirements. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 6.36.035 and 1994 c 185 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) At the time of the filing of the foreign judgment, the judgment creditor or the judgment creditor’s lawyer shall make and file with the clerk of court an affidavit setting forth the name and last known post office address of the judgment debtor, and the judgment creditor.

(2) Promptly upon the filing of the foreign judgment and the affidavit, the ((clerk)) judgment creditor shall mail notice of the filing of the foreign judgment to the judgment debtor at the address given (and shall make a note of the mailing in the docket). The notice shall include the name and post office address of the judgment creditor and the judgment creditor’s lawyer if any in this state. In addition, the judgment creditor ((may mail a notice of the filing of the judgment to the judgment debtor and may)) shall file proof of mailing with the clerk. ((Lack of notice of filing by the clerk shall not affect the enforcement proceedings if proof of mailing by the judgment creditor has been filed.))

(3)(a) No execution or other process for enforcement of a foreign judgment filed in the office of the clerk of a superior court shall ((issue until ten days after the date the judgment is filed, or)) be allowed until ten days after ((mailing the notice of filing, whether mailed by the clerk or)) the proof of mailing has been filed with the clerk by the judgment creditor ((, whichever is later)).

(b) No execution or other process for enforcement of a foreign judgment filed in the office of the clerk of a district court shall ((issue until fourteen days after the date the judgment is filed, or)) be allowed until fourteen days after ((mailing the notice of filing, whether mailed by the clerk or)) the proof of mailing has been filed with the clerk by the judgment creditor ((, whichever is later)).

Sec. 2. RCW 4.64.120 and 1987 c 442 s 1111 and 1987 c 202 s 119 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
It shall be the duty of the county clerk to enter in the execution docket any duly certified transcript of a judgment of a district court of this state and any duly certified abstract of any judgment of any court mentioned in RCW 4.56.200, filed in the county clerk’s office, and to index the same in the same manner as judgments originally rendered in the superior court for the county of which he or she is clerk. Jurisdiction over the judgment, including modification to or vacation of the original judgment, transfers to the superior court. The superior court may, in its discretion, remand the cause to district court for determination of any motion to vacate or modify the original judgment.

Sec. 3. RCW 7.68.290 and 1987 c 281 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
If a defendant has paid restitution pursuant to court order under RCW 9.92.060, 9.94A.140, 9.94A.142, 9.95.210, or 9A.20.030 and the victim entitled to restitution cannot be found or has died, the clerk of the court shall deposit with the county treasurer the amount of restitution unable to be paid to the victim. The county treasurer shall monthly transmit the money to the state treasurer for deposit as provided in RCW 43.08.250. Moneys deposited under this section shall be used to compensate victims of crimes through the crime victims compensation fund.

Sec. 4. RCW 4.56.100 and 1994 c 185 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When any judgment for the payment of money only shall have been paid or satisfied, the clerk of the court in which such judgment was rendered shall note upon the record in the execution docket satisfaction thereof giving the date of such satisfaction upon either the payment to such clerk of the amount of such judgment, costs and interest and any accrued costs by reason of the issuance of any execution, or the filing with such clerk of a satisfaction entitled in such action and identifying the same executed by the judgment creditor or his attorney of record in such action or his assignee acknowledged as deeds are acknowledged. The clerk has the authority to note the satisfaction of judgments for criminal and juvenile legal financial obligations when the clerk’s record indicates payment in full or as directed by the court. Every satisfaction of judgment and every partial satisfaction of judgment which provides for the payment of money shall clearly designate the judgment creditor and his or her attorney if any, the judgment debtor, the amount or type of satisfaction, whether the satisfaction is full or partial, the cause number, and the date of entry of the judgment. A certificate by such clerk of the entry of such satisfaction by him may be filed in the office of the clerk of any county in which an abstract of such judgment has been filed. When so satisfied by the clerk or the filing of such certificate the lien of such judgment shall be discharged.
(2) The department of social and health services shall file a satisfaction of judgment for welfare fraud conviction if a person does not pay money through the clerk as required under subsection (1) of this section.
(3) The department of corrections shall file a satisfaction of judgment if a person does not pay money through the clerk’s office as required under subsection (1) of this section.

Sec. 5. RCW 4.64.030 and 1995 c 149 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The clerk shall enter all judgments in the execution docket, subject to the direction of the court and shall specify clearly the amount to be recovered, the relief granted, or other determination of the action.
On the first page of each judgment which provides for the payment of money, including judgments in rem, mandates of judgments, and judgments on garnishments, the following shall be succinctly summarized: The judgment creditor and the name of his or her attorney, the judgment debtor, the amount of the judgment, the interest owed to the date of the judgment, and the total of the taxable costs and attorney fees, if known at the time of the entry of the judgment. If the attorney fees and costs are not included in the judgment, they shall be summarized in the cost bill when filed. (This information is included in the judgment to assist the county clerk in his or her record keeping function.) The clerk may not (sign or file) enter a judgment, and a judgment does not take effect, until the judgment has a summary in compliance with this section. The clerk is not liable for an incorrect summary.

Sec. 6. RCW 4.64.060 and 1987 c 442 s 1105 are each amended to read as follows:
Every county clerk shall keep in the clerk’s office a record, to be called the execution docket, which shall be a public record and open during the usual business hours to all persons desirous of inspecting it. The record must be indexed both directly and inversely, and include all judgments,
abstracts, and transcripts of judgments in the clerk’s office. The index must refer to each party against whom the judgment is rendered or whose property is affected by the judgment.

Sec. 7. RCW 5.44.010 and Code 1881 s 430 are each amended to read as follows:

The records and proceedings of any court of the United States, or any state or territory, shall be admissible in evidence in all cases in this state when duly [authenticate] certified by the attestation of the clerk, prothonotary or other officer having charge of the records of such court, with the seal of such court annexed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. RCW 4.64.070 and 1987 c 442 s 1106, 1935 c 22 s 1, & 1929 c 60 s 5 are each repealed."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Kenney; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cody and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Kenney, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cody and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SB 5257 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hochstatter: Changing the name of the noncertificated employee category. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.


Excused: Representative Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SB 5258 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hochstatter: Providing medical assistance in public schools. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.


Excused: Representatives Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that:

(1) The current statutes pertaining to municipal officers' beneficial interest in contracts are quite confusing and have resulted in some inadvertent violations of the law.

(2) The dollar thresholds for many of the exemptions have not been changed in over thirty-five years, and the restrictions apply to the total amount of the contract instead of the portion of the contract that pertains to the business operated by the municipal officer.

(3) The confusion existing over these current statutes discourages some municipalities from accessing some efficiencies available to them.

Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to clarify the statutes pertaining to municipal officers and contracts and to enact reasonable protections against inappropriate conflicts of interest.

Sec. 2. RCW 42.23.030 and 1996 c 246 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

No municipal officer shall be beneficially interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract which may be made by, through or under the supervision of such officer, in whole or in part, or which may be made for the benefit of his or her office, or accept, directly or indirectly, any compensation, gratuity or reward in connection with such contract from any other person beneficially interested therein. This section shall not apply in the following cases:

(1) The furnishing of electrical, water or other utility services by a municipality engaged in the business of furnishing such services, at the same rates and on the same terms as are available to the public generally;

(2) The designation of public depositaries for municipal funds;

(3) The publication of legal notices required by law to be published by any municipality, upon competitive bidding or at rates not higher than prescribed by law for members of the general public;

(4) The designation of a school director as clerk or as both clerk and purchasing agent of a school district;

(5) The employment of any person by a municipality, other than a county with a population of one hundred twenty-five thousand or more, a city of the first or second class, an irrigation district encompassing in excess of fifty thousand acres, or a first class school district, for unskilled day labor at wages not exceeding (two hundred dollars in any calendar month. The exception provided in this subsection does not apply to a county with a population of one hundred twenty-five thousand or more, a city with a population of ten thousand or more, or an irrigation district encompassing more than fifty thousand acres, or a first class school district;

(6a) The letting of any other contract, except a sale or lease as seller or lessor, by a municipality, other than a county with a population of one hundred twenty-five thousand or more, a city with a population of ten thousand or more, or an irrigation district encompassing in excess of fifty thousand acres, to a particular officer is interested, singly or in the aggregate, as measured by the dollar amount of the municipality's liability thereunder, shall) amount received under the contract or contracts by the municipal officer or the municipal officer's business does not exceed (seven thousand five hundred (fifty) dollars in any calendar month;

(b) However, in the case of a particular officer of a second class city or town, or a noncharter optional code city, or a member of any county fair board in a county which has not established a county purchasing department pursuant to RCW 36.32.240, the total amount of such contract or contracts authorized in this subsection (6) may exceed (seven thousand five hundred (fifty) dollars in any calendar month but shall not exceed (eighteen thousand dollars in any calendar year).
(c) The exceptions provided in this subsection (6) do not apply to a sale or lease by the municipality as the seller or lessor. The exceptions provided in this subsection (6) also do not apply to the letting of any contract by a county with a population of one hundred twenty-five thousand or more, a city with a population of ten thousand or more, or an irrigation district encompassing more than fifty thousand acres;

(d) The municipality shall maintain a list of (all such purchases or) all contracts, and if the supplier or contractor is an official of the municipality, he or she shall not vote on the authorization:

PROVIDED FURTHER, That in the case of a first class school district, there shall be notice of the proposed contract by publication given in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the district) that are awarded pursuant to this subsection (6). The list must be made available for public inspection and copying:

(e) Beginning January 1, 1998, and each January 1st thereafter, the dollar amounts in subsection (6) of this section shall be adjusted annually by the department of revenue based on the governmental price index established by the department of revenue under RCW 82.14.200. The adjusted dollar amounts shall be published in the Washington State Register;

(7) The leasing by a port district as lessor of port district property to a municipal officer or to a contracting party in which a municipal officer may be beneficially interested, if in addition to all other legal requirements, a board of three disinterested appraisers shall find and the court finds that all terms and conditions of such lease are fair to the port district and are in the public interest. The appraisers must be appointed from members of the American institute of real estate appraisers by the presiding judge of the superior court;

(8) The letting of any employment contract for the driving of a school bus in a second class school district if the terms of such contract are commensurate with the pay plan or collective bargaining agreement operating in the district;

(9) The letting of any employment contract to the spouse of an officer of a second class school district in which less than two hundred full time equivalent students are enrolled at the start of the school year as defined in RCW 28A.150.040, when such contract is solely for employment as a certificated or classified employee of the school district, or the letting of any contract to the spouse of an officer of a) school district, when such contract is solely for employment as a substitute teacher for the school district. This exception applies only if the terms of the contract are commensurate with the pay plan or collective bargaining agreement applicable to all district employees and the board of directors has found, consistent with the written policy under RCW 28A.330.240, that there is a shortage of substitute teachers in the school district;

(10) The letting of any employment contract to the spouse of an officer of a school district if the spouse was under contract as a certificated or classified employee with the school district before the date in which the officer assumes office and the terms of the contract are commensurate with the pay plan or collective bargaining agreement operating in the district. However, in a second class school district that has less than two hundred full time equivalent students enrolled at the start of the school year as defined in RCW 28A.150.040, the spouse is not required to be under contract as a certificated or classified employee before the date on which the officer assumes office;

(11) The authorization, approval, or ratification of any employment contract with the spouse of a public hospital district commissioner if: (a) The spouse was employed by the public hospital district before the date the commissioner was initially elected; (b) the terms of the contract are commensurate with the pay plan or collective bargaining agreement operating in the district for similar employees; (c) the interest of the commissioner is disclosed to the board of commissioners and noted in the official minutes or similar records of the public hospital district prior to the letting or continuation of the contract; (d) and the commissioner does not vote on the authorization, approval, or ratification of the contract or any conditions in the contract.

A municipal officer may not vote in the authorization, approval, or ratification of any contract in which he or she is beneficially interested even though one of the exemptions allowing the awarding of such a contract applies. The interest of the municipal officer must be disclosed to the governing body of the municipality and noted in the official minutes or similar records of the municipality prior to the formation of the contract.
Sec. 3. RCW 42.23.040 and 1961 c 268 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

A municipal officer (shall) is not (be deemed to be) interested in a contract, within the meaning of RCW 42.23.030, if (the) the officer has only a remote interest in the contract and (if) the (fact and) extent of (such) the interest is disclosed to the governing body of the municipality of which (he) the officer is an officer and noted in the official minutes or similar records of the municipality prior to the formation of the contract, and thereafter the governing body authorizes, approves, or ratifies the contract in good faith by a vote of its membership sufficient for the purpose without counting the vote or votes of the officer having the remote interest. As used in this section "remote interest" means:

1. That of a nonsalaried officer of a nonprofit corporation;
2. That of an employee or agent of a contracting party where the compensation of such employee or agent consists entirely of fixed wages or salary;
3. That of a landlord or tenant of a contracting party;
4. That of a holder of less than one percent of the shares of a corporation or cooperative which is a contracting party.

None of the provisions of this section (shall be) are applicable to any officer interested in a contract, (though his) even if the officer's interest (is) only remote, (who) if the officer influences or attempts to influence any other officer of the municipality of which he or she is an officer to enter into the contract.

Sec. 4. RCW 42.23.050 and 1961 c 268 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

Any contract made in violation of the provisions of this (act shall be) chapter is void and the performance thereof, in full or in part, by a contracting party shall not be the basis of any claim against the municipality. Any officer violating the provisions of this (act shall be) chapter is liable to the municipality of which he or she is an officer for a penalty in the amount of (three) five hundred dollars, in addition to such other civil or criminal liability or penalty as may otherwise be imposed upon (him) the officer by law.

In addition to all other penalties, civil or criminal, the violation by any officer of the provisions of this (act shall work a) chapter may be grounds for forfeiture of his or her office.

Sec. 5. RCW 42.23.060 and 1961 c 268 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

If any provision of this (act) chapter conflicts with any provision of a city or county charter, or with any provision of a city-county charter, the (city) charter shall control if it contains stricter requirements than this chapter. The provisions of this chapter shall be considered as minimum standards to be enforced by municipalities."

On page 1, line 1, after "officers;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 42.23.030, 42.23.040, 42.23.050, and 42.23.060; and creating a new section."

Signed by Representatives D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunn and Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SB 5554 Prime Sponsor, Senator Johnson: Regulating deeds of trusts. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
Sec. 1. RCW 61.24.010 and 1991 c 72 s 58 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The terms "record" and "recorded" as used in this chapter, shall include the appropriate registration proceedings, in the instance of registered land.

(2) The trustee of a deed of trust under this chapter shall be:

(a) Any domestic corporation incorporated under Title 23B, 30, 31, 32, or 33 RCW; or

(b) Any title insurance company authorized to insure title to real property under the laws of this state, or its agents; or

(c) Any attorney who is an active member of the Washington state bar association at the time he is named trustee; or

(d) Any professional corporation incorporated under chapter 18.100 RCW, all of whose shareholders are licensed attorneys; or

(e) Any agency or instrumentality of the United States government; or

(f) Any national bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association chartered under the laws of the United States.

Sec. 2. RCW 61.24.040 and 1989 c 361 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

A deed of trust foreclosed under this chapter shall be foreclosed as follows:

(1) At least ninety days before the sale, the trustee shall:

(a) Record a notice in the form described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) in the office of the auditor in each county in which the deed of trust is recorded;

(b) If their addresses are stated in a recorded instrument evidencing their interest, lien, or claim of lien, or an amendment thereto, or are otherwise known to the trustee, cause a copy of the notice of sale described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) to be transmitted by both first class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the following persons or their legal representatives, if any, at such address:

(i) The grantor or the grantor's successor in interest;

(ii) The beneficiary of any deed of trust or mortgagee of any mortgage, or any person who has a lien or claim of lien against the property, that was recorded subsequent to the recordation of the deed of trust being foreclosed and before the recordation of the notice of sale;

(iii) The vendee in any real estate contract, the lessee in any lease or the holder of any conveyances of any interest or estate in any portion or all of the property described in such notice, if that contract, lease, or conveyance of such interest or estate, or a memorandum or other notice thereof, was recorded after the recordation of the deed of trust being foreclosed and before the recordation of the notice of sale;

(iv) The last holder of record of any other lien against or interest in the property that is subject to a subordination to the deed of trust being foreclosed that was recorded before the recordation of the notice of sale; and

(v) The last holder of record of the lien of any judgment subordinate to the deed of trust being foreclosed;

(c) Cause a copy of the notice of sale described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) to be transmitted by both first class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to the plaintiff or the plaintiff's attorney of record, in any court action to foreclose a lien or other encumbrance on all or any part of the property described in such notice, if a court action to foreclose a lien or other encumbrance on all or any part of the property, provided a court action is pending and a lis pendens in connection therewith is recorded in the office of the auditor of any county in which all or part of the property is located on the date the notice is recorded;

(d) Cause a copy of the notice of sale described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) to be transmitted by both first class and either certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, to any person who has recorded a request for notice in accordance with RCW 61.24.045, at the address specified in such person's most recently recorded request for notice;
(e) Cause a copy of the notice of sale described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) to be posted in a conspicuous place on the property, or in lieu of posting, cause a copy of said notice to be served upon any occupant of the property;

(f) The notice shall be in substantially the following form:

NOTICE OF TRUSTEE’S SALE

I.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undersigned Trustee will on the . . . . day of . . . . , 19. . . . , at the hour of . . . . o’clock . . . . M. at [street address and location if inside a building] in the City of . . . . . , State of Washington, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, payable at the time of sale, the following described real property, situated in the County(ies) of . . . . . , State of Washington, to-wit:

which is subject to that certain Deed of Trust dated . . . . . , 19. . . . , recorded . . . . . , 19. . . . , under Auditor’s File No. . . . . , records of . . . . . County, Washington, from . . . . . . . . , as Grantor, to . . . . . . . . , as Trustee, to secure an obligation in favor of . . . . . . , as Beneficiary, the beneficial interest in which was assigned by . . . . . . , under an Assignment recorded under Auditor’s File No. . . . . . [Include recording information for all counties if the Deed of Trust is recorded in more than one county.]

II.

No action commenced by the Beneficiary of the Deed of Trust or the Beneficiary’s successor is now pending to seek satisfaction of the obligation in any Court by reason of the Grantor’s default on the obligation secured by the Deed of Trust.

III.

The default(s) for which this foreclosure is made is/are as follows:

[If default is for other than payment of money, set forth the particulars]

Failure to pay when due the following amounts which are now in arrears:

IV.

The sum owing on the obligation secured by the Deed of Trust is: Principal $ . . . . . . , together with interest as provided in the note or other instrument secured from the . . . . day of . . . . . , 19. . . . , and such other costs and fees as are due under the note or other instrument secured, and as are provided by statute.

V.

The above-described real property will be sold to satisfy the expense of sale and the obligation secured by the Deed of Trust as provided by statute. The sale will be made without warranty, express or implied, regarding title, possession, or encumbrances on the . . . . day of . . . . . , 19. . . . The default(s) referred to in paragraph III must be cured by the . . . . day of . . . . . , 19. . . (11 days before the sale date), to cause a discontinuance of the sale. The sale will be discontinued and terminated if at any time on or before the . . . . day of . . . . . , 19. . . , (11 days before the sale date),
the default(s) as set forth in paragraph III is/are cured and the Trustee’s fees and costs are paid. The sale may be terminated any time after the . . . . day of . . . . . ., 19 . . . (11 days before the sale date), and before the sale by the Grantor or the Grantor’s successor in interest or the holder of any recorded junior lien or encumbrance paying the entire principal and interest secured by the Deed of Trust, plus costs, fees, and advances, if any, made pursuant to the terms of the obligation and/or Deed of Trust, and curing all other defaults.

VI.

A written notice of default was transmitted by the Beneficiary or Trustee to the Grantor or the Grantor’s successor in interest at the following address:

by both first class and certified mail on the . . . . day of . . . . . ., 19 . . . , proof of which is in the possession of the Trustee; and the Grantor or the Grantor’s successor in interest was personally served on the . . . . day of . . . . . ., 19 . . . , with said written notice of default or the written notice of default was posted in a conspicuous place on the real property described in paragraph I above, and the Trustee has possession of proof of such service or posting.

VII.

After receiving a request for a statement of all costs and fees due at any time prior to the sale from any person entitled to notice under RCW 61.24.040(1)(b), the Trustee whose name and address are set forth below will provide the requested statement in writing to ((anyone requesting it, a statement of all costs and fees due at any time prior to the sale)) such person.

VIII.

The effect of the sale will be to deprive the Grantor and all those who hold by, through or under the Grantor of all their interest in the above-described property.

IX.

Anyone having any objection to the sale on any grounds whatsoever will be afforded an opportunity to be heard as to those objections if they bring a lawsuit to restrain the sale pursuant to RCW 61.24.130. Failure to bring such a lawsuit may result in a waiver of any proper grounds for invalidating the Trustee’s sale.

, Trustee

☑ Address

} Phone

[Individual or corporate acknowledgment]

(2) In addition to providing the grantor or the grantor’s successor in interest the notice of sale described in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f), the trustee shall include with the copy of the notice which is mailed to the grantor or the grantor’s successor in interest, a statement to the grantor or the grantor’s successor in interest in substantially the following form:

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE
Pursuant to the Revised Code of Washington,  
Chapter 61.24 RCW

The attached Notice of Trustee’s Sale is a consequence of default(s) in the obligation to . . . . . , the Beneficiary of your Deed of Trust and owner of the obligation secured thereby. Unless the default(s) is/are cured, your property will be sold at auction on the . . . . . day of . . . . . ., 19 . . .

To cure the default(s), you must bring the payments current, cure any other defaults, and pay accrued late charges and other costs, advances, and attorneys’ fees as set forth below by the . . . . . day of . . . . . , 19 . . . (11 days before the sale date). To date, these arrears and costs are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estimated amount</th>
<th>Currently due</th>
<th>that will be due to reinstate</th>
<th>on . . . . on . . . .</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Delinquent payments from . . . . , 19 . . . , in the amount of $ . . . . /Michael O’Connell,:: $ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<tr>
<td>Late charges in the total amount of:</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
<td></td>
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<td>Attorneys’ fees:</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<td>Trustee’s fee:</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<td>Trustee’s expenses: (Itemization)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title report</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<tr>
<td>Recording fees</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<tr>
<td>Service/Posting of Notices</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<td>Postage/Copying expense</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<td>Publication</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<td>Telephone charges</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<td>Inspection fees</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTALS</td>
<td>$ . . . . $ . . . .</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

As to the defaults which do not involve payment of money to the Beneficiary of your Deed of Trust, you must cure each such default. Listed below are the defaults which do not involve payment of
money to the Beneficiary of your Deed of Trust. Opposite each such listed default is a brief description of the action necessary to cure the default and a description of the documentation necessary to show that the default has been cured.

Default | Description of Action Required to Cure and Documentation Necessary to Show Cure

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the postponed sale in the manner and to the persons specified in RCW 61.24.040(1) (b), (c), (d), and (e) and publishing a copy of such notice once in the newspaper(s) described in RCW 61.24.040(3), more than seven days before the date fixed for sale in the notice of sale. No other notice of the postponed sale need be given:

(7) The purchaser shall forthwith pay the price bid and on payment the trustee shall execute to the purchaser its deed; the deed shall recite the facts showing that the sale was conducted in compliance with all of the requirements of this chapter and of the deed of trust, which recital shall be prima facie evidence of such compliance and conclusive evidence thereof in favor of bona fide purchasers and encumbrancers for value, except that these recitals shall not affect the lien or interest of any person entitled to notice under RCW 61.24.040(1), if the trustee fails to give the required notice to such person. In such case, the lien or interest of such omitted person shall not be affected by the sale and such omitted person shall be treated as if such person was the holder of the same lien or interest and was omitted as a party defendant in a judicial foreclosure proceeding;

(8) The sale as authorized under this chapter shall not take place less than one hundred ninety days from the date of default in any of the obligations secured.

Sec. 3. RCW 61.24.050 and 1965 c 74 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The trustee’s sale shall be deemed final when the bidding is closed and either: (1) The beneficiary is the successful bidder or (2) the trustee holds cash, a certified check, a cashier’s check, a money order, or funds received by electronic transfer, or any combination thereof, payable to the trustee or the beneficiary in the amount of the successful bid. The deed of the trustee, executed and delivered to the purchaser, shall convey all of the right, title, and interest in the property which the grantor had or had the power to convey at the time of the execution by him of the deed of trust, and such as he may have thereafter acquired. After sale, as in this chapter provided, no person shall have any right by statute or otherwise to redeem from the deed of trust or from the sale.

Sec. 4. RCW 61.24.070 and 1965 c 74 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The trustee may not bid at the trustee’s sale. Any other person including the beneficiary under the deed of trust may bid at the trustee’s sale.

(2) The beneficiary may credit bid all or any part of the obligations secured by the deed of trust. If the beneficiary is the purchaser, any amount bid in excess of the obligations secured by the deed of trust shall be paid to the trustee in the form of cash, certified check, cashier’s check, or money order, or any combination thereof. If the purchaser is not the beneficiary, the entire bid shall be paid to the trustee in the form of cash, certified check, cashier’s check, money order, or funds received by electronic transfer, or any combination thereof.

Sec. 5. RCW 61.24.080 and 1981 c 161 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The trustee shall apply the proceeds of the sale as follows:

(1) To the expense of sale, including a reasonable charge by the trustee and by his attorney: PROVIDED, That the aggregate of the charges by the trustee and his attorney, for their services in the sale, shall not exceed the amount which would, by the superior court of the county in which the trustee’s sale occurred, have been deemed a reasonable attorney fee, had the trust deed been foreclosed as a mortgage in a noncontested action in the said court;

(2) To the obligation secured by the deed of trust; and

(3) The surplus, if any, less the clerk’s filing fee shall be deposited together with written notice of the amount of the surplus, a copy of the recorded notice of sale, and an affidavit of mailing as provided below with the clerk of the superior court of the county in which the sale took place. The trustee shall mail copies of the notice of the surplus, the notice of sale, and the affidavit of mailing to each party to whom the notice of sale was sent pursuant to RCW 61.24.040(1). The clerk shall index such funds under the name of the grantor as set out in the recorded notice. Upon ((depositing such surplus) compliance with the foregoing), the trustee shall be discharged from all further responsibilities (thereof) for the surplus. Interests in, or liens or claims of liens against the property eliminated by sale under this section shall attach to such surplus in the order of priority that it had attached to the property. A party seeking disbursement of funds shall file a motion requesting disbursement and shall
mail notice of the motion to all parties to whom the trustee mailed notice of the surplus and any other party who has entered an appearance in the proceeding established by the notice of surplus at least ten days prior to the hearing of the motion. The clerk shall not disburse such surplus except upon order of the superior court of such county.

Sec. 6. RCW 61.24.090 and 1987 c 352 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

1. At any time prior to the eleventh day before the date set by the trustee for the sale in the recorded notice of sale, or in the event the trustee continues the sale pursuant to RCW 61.24.040(6), at any time prior to the eleventh day before the actual sale, the grantor or his successor in interest, any beneficiary under a subordinate deed of trust or any person having a subordinate lien or encumbrance of record on the trust property or any part thereof, shall be entitled to cause a discontinuance of the sale proceedings by curing the default or defaults set forth in the notice, which in the case of a default by failure to pay, shall be by paying to the trustee:

   a) The entire amount then due under the terms of the deed of trust and the obligation secured thereby, other than such portion of the principal as would not then be due had no default occurred, and
   b) The expenses actually incurred by the trustee enforcing the terms of the note and deed of trust, including a reasonable trustee’s fee, together with the trustee’s reasonable attorney’s fees, together with costs of recording the notice of discontinuance of notice of trustee’s sale.

2. Any person entitled to cause a discontinuance of the sale proceedings shall have the right, before or after reinstatement, to request any court, excluding a small claims court, for disputes within the jurisdictional limits of that court, to determine the reasonableness of any fees demanded or paid as a condition to reinstatement. The court shall make such determination as it deems appropriate, which may include an award to the prevailing party of its costs and reasonable attorneys’ fees, and render judgment accordingly. An action to determine fees shall not forestall any sale or affect its validity.

3. Upon receipt of such payment the proceedings shall be discontinued, the deed of trust shall be reinstated and the obligation shall remain as though no acceleration had taken place.

4. In the case of a default which is occasioned by other than failure to make payments, the person or persons causing the said default shall pay the expenses incurred by the trustee and the trustee’s fees as set forth in subsection (1)(b) of this section.

5. Any person having a subordinate lien of record on the trust property and who has cured the default or defaults pursuant to this section shall thereafter have included in his lien all payments made to cure any defaults, including interest thereon at eight percent per annum, payments made for trustees' costs and fees incurred as authorized herein, and his reasonable attorney’s fees and costs incurred resulting from any judicial action commenced to enforce his rights to advances under this section.

6. If the default is cured and the obligation and the deed of trust reinstated in the manner hereinafore provided, the trustee shall properly execute, acknowledge and cause to be recorded a notice of discontinuance of trustee’s sale under such deed of trust. A notice of discontinuance of trustee’s sale when so executed and acknowledged is entitled to be recorded and shall be sufficient if it sets forth a record of the deed of trust and the auditor’s file number under which the deed of trust is recorded, and a reference to the notice of sale and the auditor’s file number under which the notice of sale is recorded, and a notice that such sale is discontinued.

7. Any payments required under this section as a condition precedent to reinstatement of the deed of trust shall be tendered to the trustee in the form of cash, certified check, cashier’s check, money order, or funds received by electronic transfer, or any combination thereof.

Sec. 7. RCW 61.24.100 and 1990 c 111 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Foreclosure, as in this chapter provided, shall satisfy the obligation secured by the deed of trust foreclosed, regardless of the sale price or fair value, and no deficiency decree or other judgment shall thereafter be obtained on such obligation, except that if such obligation was not incurred primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, such foreclosure shall not preclude any judicial or nonjudicial foreclosure of any other deeds of trust, mortgages, security agreements, or other security interests or liens covering any real or personal property granted to secure such obligation or an action on any guaranty of such obligation. Where foreclosure is not made under this chapter, the beneficiary shall not
be precluded from enforcing the security as a mortgage nor from enforcing the obligation by any means provided by law.

**Sec. 8.** RCW 61.24.130 and 1987 c 352 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

1. Nothing contained in this chapter shall prejudice the right of the grantor, the grantor’s successor in interest, or any person who has an interest in, lien, or claim of lien against the property or some part thereof, to restrain, on any proper ground, a trustee’s sale. The court shall require as a condition of granting the restraining order or injunction that the applicant pay to the clerk of the court the sums that would be due on the obligation secured by the deed of trust if the deed of trust was not being foreclosed:

(a) In the case of default in making the periodic payment of principal, interest, and reserves, such sums shall be the periodic payment of principal, interest, and reserves paid to the clerk of the court every thirty days.

(b) In the case of default in making payment of an obligation then fully payable by its terms, such sums shall be the amount of interest accruing monthly on said obligation at the nondefault rate, paid to the clerk of the court every thirty days.

In the case of default in performance of any nonmonetary obligation secured by the deed of trust, the court shall impose such conditions as it deems just.

In addition, the court may condition granting the restraining order or injunction upon the giving of security by the applicant, in such form and amount as the court deems proper, for the payment of such costs and damages, including attorneys’ fees, as may be later found by the court to have been incurred or suffered by any party by reason of the restraining order or injunction. The court may consider, upon proper showing, the grantor’s equity in the property in determining the amount of said security.

2. No court may grant a restraining order or injunction to restrain a trustee’s sale except as provided in this section. The person seeking the restraint shall give((s)) five court days notice to the trustee and the beneficiary of the time when, place where, and the judge before whom the application for the restraining order or injunction is to be made. No judge may act upon such application unless it is accompanied by proof, evidenced by return of a sheriff, the sheriff’s deputy, or by any person eighteen years of age or over who is competent to be a witness, that the notice has been timely served on the trustee.

3. If the restraining order or injunction is dissolved after the date of the trustee’s sale set forth in the notice as provided in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) (and after the period for continuing sale as allowed by RCW 61.24.040(6)), the court granting such restraining order or injunction, or before whom the order or injunction is returnable, has the right to set a new sale date which shall be not less than forty-five days from the date of the order dissolving the restraining order. (At least thirty days before the new sale date.) The trustee shall:

(a) Comply with the requirements of RCW 61.24.040(1) (a) through (f) at least thirty days before the new sale date; and

(b) Cause a copy of the notice of trustee’s sale as provided in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) to be published ((once weekly during the three weeks preceding the time of sale)) in a legal newspaper in each county in which the property or any part thereof is situated, once between the thirty-fifth and twenty-eighth day before the sale and once between the fourteenth and seventh day before the sale.

4. If a trustee’s sale has been stayed as a result of the filing of a petition in federal bankruptcy court and((, after the period for continuing sale as allowed by RCW 61.24.040(6),)) an order is entered in federal bankruptcy court granting relief from the stay or closing or dismissing the case, or discharging the debtor with the effect of removing the stay, the trustee may set a new sale date which shall not be less than forty-five days after the date of the bankruptcy court’s order. The trustee shall:

(a) Comply with the requirements of RCW 61.24.040(1) (a) through (f) at least thirty days before the new sale date; and

(b) Cause a copy of the notice as provided in RCW 61.24.040(1)(f) to be published in a legal newspaper in each county in which the property or any part thereof is situated, once between the ((thirty-second)) thirty-fifth and twenty-eighth day before the sale and once between the ((eleventh)) fourteenth and seventh day before the sale.
(5) The provisions of subsections (3) and (4) of this section are permissive only and may not be interpreted to prohibit the trustee from proceeding with a trustee’s sale following termination of any injunction or stay on any date to which such sale has been properly continued in accordance with RCW 61.24.040(6).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 61.24 RCW to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for a person, acting alone or in concert with others to (a) offer, offer to accept, or accept from another any consideration of any type not to bid; or (b) fix or restrain bidding in any manner, at a sale of property conducted pursuant to a power of sale in a deed of trust. However, it is not unlawful for a person, including a trustee, to state that a property subject to a recorded notice of trustee’s sale or subject to a sale conducted pursuant to this chapter is being sold in an "as-is" condition or for the beneficiary to arrange to provide financing for a particular bidder.

(2) A violation of this section is punishable as a gross misdemeanor according to chapter 9A.20 RCW."

Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SB 5674 Prime Sponsor, Senator Wood: Creating the governor's award for excellence in teaching history. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 16, after "offered" strike "service"

Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SB 5713 Prime Sponsor, Senator Prentice: Defining nonprofit corporation. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.
Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

**SB 5736** Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Increasing county burial costs for indigent deceased veterans. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

**SSB 5768** Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Creating supported employment programs. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the rate of unemployment among persons with developmental disabilities is high due to the limited employment opportunities available to disabled persons. Given that persons with disabilities are capable of filling employment positions in the general work force population, supported employment is an effective way of integrating such individuals into the general work force population. The creation of supported employment programs can increase the types and availability of employment positions for persons with developmental disabilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise the definitions in this section apply throughout sections 3 through 5 of this act.

(1) "Developmental disability" means a disability as defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

(2) "Supported employment" means employment for individuals with developmental disabilities who may require on-the-job training and long-term support in order to fulfill their job duties successfully. Supported employment offers the same wages and benefits as similar nonsupported employment positions.

(3) "State agency" means any office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, community college or institution of higher education, or agency of the state of Washington.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. State agencies are encouraged to participate in supported employment activities. The department of social and health services, in conjunction with the department of personnel and the office of financial management, shall identify agencies that have positions and funding conducive to implementing supported employment. An agency may only participate in supported employment activities pursuant to this section if the agency is able to operate the program within its existing budget. These agencies shall:

(1) Designate a coordinator who will be responsible for information and resource referral regarding the agency’s supported employment program. The coordinator shall serve as a liaison between the agency and the department of personnel regarding supported employment;
(2) Submit an annual update to the department of social and health services, the department of personnel, and the office of financial management. The annual update shall include: A description of the agency’s supported employment efforts, the number of persons placed in supported employment positions, recommendations concerning expanding the supported employment program to include people with mental disabilities or other disabilities, and an overall evaluation of the effectiveness of supported employment for the agency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The department of social and health services and the department of personnel shall, after consultation with supported employment provider associations and other interested parties, encourage, educate, and assist state agencies in implementing supported employment programs. The department of personnel shall provide human resources technical assistance to agencies implementing supported employment programs. The department of personnel shall make available, upon request of the legislature, an annual report that evaluates the overall progress of supported employment in state government.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The creation of supported employment positions under sections 3 and 4 of this act shall not count against an agency’s allotted full-time equivalent employee positions. Supported employment programs are not intended to displace employees or abrogate any reduction-in-force rights.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Sections 2 through 5 of this act are each added to chapter 41.04 RCW."

Signed by Representatives D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunn and Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SSB 5803 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Allowing electronic distribution of rules notices. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 RCW to read as follows:
(1) In order to provide the greatest possible access to agency documents to the most people, agencies are encouraged to make their rule, interpretive, and policy information available through electronic distribution as well as through the regular mail. Agencies that have the capacity to transmit electronically may ask persons who are on mailing lists or rosters for copies of interpretive statements, policy statements, preproposal statements of inquiry, and other similar notices whether they would like to receive the notices electronically.
(2) Electronic distribution to persons who request it may substitute for mailed copies related to rule making or policy or interpretive statements. If a notice is distributed electronically, the agency is not required to transmit the actual notice form but must send all the information contained in the notice.
(3) Agencies which maintain mailing lists or rosters for any notices relating to rule making or policy or interpretive statements may establish different rosters or lists by general subject area."
Sec. 2. RCW 34.05.010 and 1992 c 44 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions set forth in this section shall apply throughout this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Adjudicative proceeding" means a proceeding before an agency in which an opportunity for hearing before that agency is required by statute or constitutional right before or after the entry of an order by the agency. Adjudicative proceedings also include all cases of licensing and rate making in which an application for a license or rate change is denied except as limited by RCW 66.08.150, or a license is revoked, suspended, or modified, or in which the granting of an application is contested by a person having standing to contest under the law.

(2) "Agency" means any state board, commission, department, institution of higher education, or officer, authorized by law to make rules or to conduct adjudicative proceedings, except those in the legislative or judicial branches, the governor, or the attorney general except to the extent otherwise required by law and any local governmental entity that may request the appointment of an administrative law judge under chapter 42.41 RCW.

(3) "Agency action" means licensing, the implementation or enforcement of a statute, the adoption or application of an agency rule or order, the imposition of sanctions, or the granting or withholding of benefits.

Agency action does not include an agency decision regarding (a) contracting or procurement of goods, services, public works, and the purchase, lease, or acquisition by any other means, including eminent domain, of real estate, as well as all activities necessarily related to those functions, or (b) determinations as to the sufficiency of a showing of interest filed in support of a representation petition, or mediation or conciliation of labor disputes or arbitration of labor disputes under a collective bargaining law or similar statute, or (c) any sale, lease, contract, or other proprietary decision in the management of public lands or real property interests, or (d) the granting of a license, franchise, or permission for the use of trademarks, symbols, and similar property owned or controlled by the agency.

(4) "Agency head" means the individual or body of individuals in whom the ultimate legal authority of the agency is vested by any provision of law. If the agency head is a body of individuals, a majority of those individuals constitutes the agency head.

(5) "Entry" of an order means the signing of the order by all persons who are to sign the order, as an official act indicating that the order is to be effective.

(6) "Filing" of a document that is required to be filed with an agency means delivery of the document to a place designated by the agency by rule for receipt of official documents, or in the absence of such designation, at the office of the agency head.

(7) "Institutions of higher education" are the University of Washington, Washington State University, Central Washington University, Eastern Washington University, Western Washington University, The Evergreen State College, the various community colleges, and the governing boards of each of the above, and the various colleges, divisions, departments, or offices authorized by the governing board of the institution involved to act for the institution, all of which are sometimes referred to in this chapter as "institutions."

(8) "Interpretive statement" means a written expression of the opinion of an agency, entitled an interpretive statement by the agency head or its designee, as to the meaning of a statute or other provision of law, of a court decision, or of an agency order.

(9)(a) "License" means a franchise, permit, certification, approval, registration, charter, or similar form of authorization required by law, but does not include (i) a license required solely for revenue purposes, or (ii) a certification of an exclusive bargaining representative, or similar status, under a collective bargaining law or similar statute, or (iii) a license, franchise, or permission for use of trademarks, symbols, and similar property owned or controlled by the agency.

(b) "Licensing" includes the agency process respecting the issuance, denial, revocation, suspension, or modification of a license.

(10) "Mail" or "send," for purposes of any notice relating to rule making or policy or interpretive statements, means regular mail or electronic distribution, as provided in section 1 of this act. "Electronic distribution" or "electronically" means distribution by electronic mail or facsimile mail.
(11)(a) "Order," without further qualification, means a written statement of particular applicability that finally determines the legal rights, duties, privileges, immunities, or other legal interests of a specific person or persons.

(b) "Order of adoption" means the official written statement by which an agency adopts, amends, or repeals a rule.

(((12))) (12) "Party to agency proceedings," or "party" in a context so indicating, means:
(a) A person to whom the agency action is specifically directed; or
(b) A person named as a party to the agency proceeding or allowed to intervene or participate as a party in the agency proceeding.

(((13))) (13) "Party to judicial review or civil enforcement proceedings," or "party" in a context so indicating, means:
(a) A person who files a petition for a judicial review or civil enforcement proceeding; or
(b) A person named as a party in a judicial review or civil enforcement proceeding, or allowed to participate as a party in a judicial review or civil enforcement proceeding.

(((14))) (14) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, governmental subdivision or unit thereof, or public or private organization or entity of any character, and includes another agency.

(((15))) (15) "Policy statement" means a written description of the current approach of an agency, entitled a policy statement by the agency head or its designee, to implementation of a statute or other provision of law, of a court decision, or of an agency order, including where appropriate the agency's current practice, procedure, or method of action based upon that approach.

(((16))) (16) "Rule" means any agency order, directive, or regulation of general applicability (a) the violation of which subjects a person to a penalty or administrative sanction; (b) which establishes, alters, or revokes any procedure, practice, or requirement relating to agency hearings; (c) which establishes, alters, or revokes any qualification or requirement relating to the enjoyment of benefits or privileges conferred by law; (d) which establishes, alters, or revokes any qualifications or standards for the issuance, suspension, or revocation of licenses to pursue any commercial activity, trade, or profession; or (e) which establishes, alters, or revokes any mandatory standards for any product or material which must be met before distribution or sale. The term includes the amendment or repeal of a prior rule, but does not include (i) statements concerning only the internal management of an agency and not affecting private rights or procedures available to the public, (ii) declaratory rulings issued pursuant to RCW 34.05.240, (iii) traffic restrictions for motor vehicles, bicyclists, and pedestrians established by the secretary of transportation or his designee where notice of such restrictions is given by official traffic control devices, or (iv) rules of institutions of higher education involving standards of admission, academic advancement, academic credit, graduation and the granting of degrees, employment relationships, or fiscal processes.

(((17))) (17) "Rules review committee" or "committee" means the joint administrative rules review committee created pursuant to RCW 34.05.610 for the purpose of selectively reviewing existing and proposed rules of state agencies.

(((18))) (18) "Rule making" means the process for formulation and adoption of a rule.

(((19))) (19) "Service," except as otherwise provided in this chapter, means posting in the United States mail, properly addressed, postage prepaid, or personal service. Service by mail is complete upon deposit in the United States mail. Agencies may, by rule, authorize service by electronic telefacsimile transmission, where copies are mailed simultaneously, or by commercial parcel delivery company.

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunn and Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

E2SSB 5927 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Changing higher education financing. Reported by Committee on Higher Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The legislature finds that:
(a) Each of the state’s public baccalaureate institutions plays different but complementary roles in the state’s system of higher education;
(b) Although each community college has different strengths and special programs, the community colleges as a whole have a common role and mission;
(c) College and university governing boards are in a unique position to assess the special needs of their institutions’ students, faculty, staff, programs, and facilities;
(d) State and institutional financial aid programs should help needy low and middle-income students pay the costs of tuition increases;
(e) The primary purpose of the state’s public system of higher education is the education and training of resident undergraduate students; and
(f) The ability to manage institutional resources in order to meet demand is critical to meeting present and future needs for access to higher education.
(2) Therefore, the legislature intends to:
(a) Provide some new financial tools to the governing boards of the baccalaureate institutions by allowing the boards to adjust tuition rates, within specified limits, for different categories of students and for graduate programs;
(b) Permit the state board for community and technical colleges to adjust tuition rates, within specified limits, for the community colleges as a whole;
(c) Revise the statutory funding mechanism for the state’s financial aid programs in order to substantially increase the amount of state funding for programs that assist needy low and middle-income students;
(d) Ensure that any tuition increases for resident undergraduate students are limited, and, in conjunction with state financial aid programs, do not obstruct access to higher education for low and middle-income students; and
(e) Direct the colleges and universities to use part of the revenue from tuition increases over a specified level to help needy low and middle-income resident students pay the costs associated with the tuition increase.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28B.15 RCW to read as follows:
(1) As used in this section, "excess credit" means any credit taken by either a resident undergraduate student or a resident student who is not enrolled in a first professional, graduate, or law program if the student has accumulated more than one hundred twenty-five percent of the number of credits required to complete the student’s baccalaureate degree program.
(2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, state universities, regional universities, and The Evergreen State College may collect a surcharge from any resident student who is enrolled for excess credit. The amount of the surcharge may vary by credit or percentage thresholds, or may be based on special circumstances, each as established by the institution.
(b) Students who are required to take continuing education credits as a condition of licensure or state law are exempt from the excess credit surcharge for any credits taken as a result of the requirements.
(3) A surcharge for excess credits shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the tuition fees rates for full-time resident undergraduate students at the college or university.

Sec. 5. RCW 28B.15.031 and 1996 c 142 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The term "operating fees" as used in this chapter shall include the fees, other than building fees, charged all students registering at the state's colleges and universities but shall not include surcharges for excess credit under section 2 of this act, or fees for short courses, self-supporting degree credit programs and courses, marine station work, experimental station work, correspondence or extension courses, and individual instruction and student deposits or rentals, disciplinary and library fines, which colleges and universities shall have the right to impose, laboratory, gymnasium, health, technology and student activity fees, or fees, charges, rentals, and other income derived from any or all revenue producing lands, buildings and facilities of the colleges or universities heretofore or hereafter acquired, constructed or installed, including but not limited to income from rooms, dormitories, dining rooms, hospitals, infirmaries, housing or student activity buildings, vehicular parking facilities, land, or the appurtenances thereon, or such other special fees as may be established by any college or university board of trustees or regents from time to time. All moneys received as operating fees at any institution of higher education shall be deposited in a local account containing only operating fees revenue and related interest: PROVIDED, That a minimum of three and one-half percent of operating fees shall be retained by the institutions, except the technical colleges, for the purposes of RCW 28B.15.820. Local operating fee accounts shall not be subject to appropriation by the legislature or allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW.

Sec. 6. RCW 28B.15.065 and 1977 ex.s. c 322 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
It is the intent of the legislature that needy students not be deprived of access to higher education due to increases in educational costs or consequent increases in tuition and fees. It is the sense of the legislature that state appropriations for student financial aid be adjusted in an amount which together with funds estimated to be available in the form of basic educational opportunity grants as authorized under Section 411 of the federal Higher Education Act of 1965 as now or hereafter amended will equal ((twenty-four)) or exceed thirty percent of any change in revenue estimated to occur as a result of revisions in tuition and fee levels under the provisions of ((this 1977 amendatory act)) chapter 322, Laws of 1977 ex. sess.

Sec. 7. RCW 28B.15.066 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 9 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
It is the intent of the legislature that:
In making appropriations from the state's general fund to institutions of higher education, each appropriation shall conform to the following:
(1) The appropriation shall not be reduced by the amount of operating fees revenue estimated to be collected from students enrolled at the state-funded enrollment level specified in the omnibus biennial operating appropriations act;
(2) The appropriation shall not be reduced by the amount of operating fees revenue collected from students enrolled above the state-funded level, but within the over-enrollment limitations, specified in the omnibus biennial operating appropriations act; ((and))
(3) The general fund state appropriation shall not be reduced by the amount of operating fees revenue collected as a result of waiving less operating fees revenue than the amounts authorized under RCW 28B.15.910; and
(4) The appropriation shall not be reduced or increased as a result of adjustments during the 1997-98 and 1998-99 academic years of tuition fees rates above or below the forecasted growth rate of the implicit price deflator as reported by the forecast council in the November 1996 revenue and economic forecast.

Sec. 8. RCW 28B.15.067 and 1996 c 212 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Tuition fees shall be established under the provisions of this chapter.
(2) ((Academic year tuition for full-time students at the state's institutions of higher education for the 1995-96 academic year, other than the summer term, shall be as provided in this subsection.
(a) At the University of Washington and Washington State University:
(i) For resident undergraduate students and other resident students not in graduate study programs or enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, two thousand seven hundred sixty-four dollars;
(ii) For nonresident undergraduate students and other nonresident students not in graduate study programs or enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, eight thousand two hundred sixty-eight dollars;
(iii) For resident graduate and law students not enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, four thousand four hundred ninety dollars;
(iv) For nonresident graduate and law students not enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, eleven thousand six hundred thirty-four dollars;
(v) For resident students enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, seven thousand four hundred ninety-seven dollars; and
(vi) For nonresident students enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, nineteen thousand four hundred thirty-one dollars.

(b) At the regional universities and The Evergreen State College:
(i) For resident undergraduate and all other resident students not in graduate study programs, two thousand forty-five dollars;
(ii) For nonresident undergraduate and all other nonresident students not in graduate study programs, seven thousand nine hundred ninety-two dollars; and
(c) At the community colleges:
(i) For resident students, one thousand two hundred twelve dollars; and
(ii) For nonresident students, five thousand one hundred sixty-two dollars and fifty cents.

(3) Academic year tuition for full-time students at the state’s institutions of higher education beginning with the 1996-97 academic year, other than the summer term, shall be as provided in this subsection.

(a) At the University of Washington and Washington State University:
(i) For resident undergraduate students and other resident students not in graduate study programs or enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, two thousand eight hundred seventy-five dollars;
(ii) For nonresident undergraduate students and other nonresident students not in graduate study programs or enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, nine thousand four hundred ninety-one dollars;
(iii) For resident graduate and law students not enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, seven thousand four hundred ninety-seven dollars; and
(iv) For nonresident graduate and law students not enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, four thousand six hundred sixty-nine dollars;
(v) For resident students enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, twelve thousand one hundred dollars; and
(vi) For nonresident students enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, twenty thousand two hundred nine dollars.

(b) At the regional universities and The Evergreen State College:
(i) For resident undergraduate and all other resident students not in graduate study programs, two thousand one hundred twenty-seven dollars;
(ii) For nonresident undergraduate and all other nonresident students not in graduate study programs, eight thousand three hundred twelve dollars;
(iii) For resident graduate students, three thousand five hundred eighty-one dollars; and
(iv) For nonresident graduate students, eleven thousand five hundred fourteen dollars.
(c) At the community colleges:
(i) For resident students, one thousand two hundred sixty-one dollars; and
(ii) For nonresident students, five thousand three hundred sixty-nine dollars and fifty cents.
((44)) (3) For each of the 1997-98 and 1998-99 academic years, the governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, and The Evergreen State College, and, for the community colleges as a whole, the state board for community and technical colleges may vary tuition fee rates by academic term and by individual graduate or law program, subject to the limitations of subsection (4) of this section.
(4) For each of the 1997-98 and 1998-99 academic years, the governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, and The Evergreen State College, and, for the community colleges as a whole, the state board for community and technical colleges, may adjust the tuition fees rates in subsection (2) of this section for full-time students subject to the following limitations:
(a) Tuition fees rates for resident undergraduate students and other resident students not in first professional, graduate, or law programs may be adjusted by a maximum rate above or below the rates charged to students in that tuition category during the previous year. The maximum rate shall be the five-year rolling average of per capita personal income contained in the even-year September Washington economic and revenue forecast by the office of the forecast council, rounded up to the nearest whole number. For any given academic year, the rolling average of per capita personal income shall be computed using the five-year period that ends with the fiscal year that corresponds with the academic year;
(b) Tuition fees rates for students in all other tuition categories under RCW 28B.15.069(1) may be adjusted by a maximum of ten percent above or below the rates charged to students in that tuition category during the previous year;
(c) In any year, if an institution increases tuition fees rates more than five percent in any tuition category or in any graduate or law program, the institution shall use at least ten percent of the revenue received from the difference between a five percent increase and the actual percentage increase to assist needy low and middle-income resident students enrolled in the same tuition category or graduate or law program. This requirement is in addition to the deposit requirements of the institutional financial aid fund under RCW 28B.15.820.
(5) The tuition fees established under this chapter shall not apply to summer term or to high school students enrolling in community colleges under RCW 28A.600.300 through 28A.600.395.

Sec. 9. RCW 28B.15.069 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 9 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) As used in this section, each of the following subsections is a separate tuition category:
(a) Resident undergraduate students and all other resident students not in first professional, graduate, or law programs;
(b) Nonresident undergraduate students and all other nonresident students not in graduate or law programs;
(c) Resident graduate and law students;
(d) Nonresident graduate and law students;
(e) Resident first professional students; and
(f) Nonresident students in first professional programs.
(2) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, as used in this section “first professional programs” means programs leading to one of the following degrees: Doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, or doctor of veterinary medicine.
(3) ((For the 1995-96 and 1996-97 academic years) The building fee for each academic year shall be a percentage of total tuition fees. This percentage shall be calculated by the higher education coordinating board and be based on the actual percentage the building fee is of total tuition for each tuition category in the 1994-95 academic year, rounded up to the nearest half percent.)
The governing boards of each institution of higher education, except for the technical colleges, shall charge to and collect from each student a services and activities fee. A governing board may increase the existing fee annually, consistent with budgeting procedures set forth in RCW 28B.15.045, by a percentage not to exceed the annual percentage increase in student tuition fees for the applicable tuition category: PROVIDED, That such percentage increase shall not apply to that portion of the services and activities fee previously committed to the repayment of bonded debt. The services and activities fee committee provided for in RCW 28B.15.045 may initiate a request to the governing board for a fee increase.

(5) Tuition and services and activities fees consistent with subsection (4) of this section shall be set by the state board for community and technical colleges for community college summer school students unless the community college charges fees in accordance with RCW 28B.15.515.

(6) Subject to the limitations of RCW 28B.15.910, each governing board of a community college may charge such fees for ungraded courses, noncredit courses, community services courses, and self-supporting courses as it, in its discretion, may determine, consistent with the rules of the state board for community and technical colleges."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Carlson, Chairman; Radcliff, Vice Chairman; Mason, Ranking Minority Member; Kenney, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Dunn; O’Brien and Sheahan.


Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Friday, April 4, 1997.
EIGHTY-FIRST DAY, APRIL 3, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

EIGHTY-SECOND DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, April 4, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Ryan Storkman and John Aspinall. Prayer was offered by Reverend Deb Olive, Unity Center of Tacoma, Tacoma.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4649, by Representatives Chandler and Mulliken

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the legislature to recognize excellence in all fields of endeavor; and

WHEREAS, Central Washington University's student chapter of the American Marketing Association (AMA) has become the first chapter from Washington state to win the AMA's National Collegiate Chapter of the Year Award; and

WHEREAS, The National Collegiate Chapter of the Year Award is the AMA's most prestigious award for student organizations in the field of marketing; and

WHEREAS, The Award is given to the chapter from across the nation which is judged to best demonstrate excellence in all areas of chapter planning and performance; and

WHEREAS, The AMA is the world's largest and most comprehensive professional society of marketers, with five hundred university chapters throughout North America and more than forty-five thousand members in ninety-two countries around the world; and

WHEREAS, The collegiate competition has historically been dominated by large schools from California, Arizona, Florida, and Pennsylvania; and

WHEREAS, The Central Washington University Chapter has competed at the international level for only three years; and

WHEREAS, The Chapter finished in the top twenty-five two years ago, and finished in the elite top fifteen last year; and

WHEREAS, The Chapter was also named as the Top Western Regional Chapter and received the Outstanding Alumni Relations Award; and

WHEREAS, The Chapter members have worked hard to serve their community by volunteering once a week at local schools and providing guest speakers;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor each member of Central Washington University's Student Chapter of the American Marketing Association; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to each member of the Chapter.

Representative Chandler moved adoption of the resolution.
Representatives Chandler and Mulliken spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4649 was adopted.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) recognized the students of CWU Chapter of the American Marketing Association.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 4648, by Representatives Dunn, D. Schmidt, Thompson, Schoesler, Tokuda, Kenney, Constantine, Cooper, Doumit, Ogden, Cody, H. Sommers, Dunshee, Conway and Veloria

WHEREAS, The State of Washington and Hyogo Prefecture have shared an active sister-state relationship for thirty-four years, the longest such relationship in the United States; and
WHEREAS, Several communities in the State of Washington and Hyogo Prefecture have active sister community relationships, including: Auburn and Kasuga; Kent and Kaibara; Kittitas County and Sanda City; Olympia and Yashiro; Pullman and Kaizai City; Renton and Nishiwaki; Seattle and Kobe; Sequim and Yamasaki; Spokane and Nishinomiya; and Walla Walla and Sasayama; and
WHEREAS, The State of Washington - Hyogo Prefecture Legislative Friendship Committee was founded three years ago by the Washington State Legislature to foster a continued exchange of friendship and information between our two legislative bodies; and
WHEREAS, The State of Washington - Hyogo Prefecture sister-state relationship has resulted in cultural changes, including sister-school relationships, such as that of Olympia High School and Yashiro High School, the social science teacher exchange program, and other faculty and student exchange programs that have benefited both of our regions; and
WHEREAS, The State of Washington - Hyogo Prefecture sister-state relationship has resulted in the opening of the Hyogo Cultural Center in Seattle, the Washington Village housing project in Sanda City, the sister-port relationship between the Port of Seattle and the Port of Kobe, and The Evergreen State College-Kobe College (Kobe Shodai) exchange relationship; all of which foster valuable business ties between our regions; and
WHEREAS, The State of Washington - Hyogo Prefecture sister-state relationship has resulted in cultural exchanges including: The formation of the Hyogo Cultural Center in Seattle, arts exchanges between the Washington State Arts Commission and the Hyogo Prefectural Cultural Association, the Youth Tree Exchange, and the New Leader State Employee Exchange Program, that have enriched the cultures of both the State of Washington and Hyogo Prefecture; and
WHEREAS, The State of Washington - Hyogo Prefecture sister-state relationship has formed an alliance of camaraderie in many areas, such as natural disaster commonalities, including recently and most specifically the volcanic eruptions of Great Hanshin-Awani and Mt. St. Helens;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives receive and honor the delegation of Hyogo legislators to the State of Washington; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Governor Toshitami Kaihara; Mr. Toshihiro Murakam, Speaker of the Hyogo Prefectural Assembly; Mr. Isami Hirazawa, President of the Japan-America Friendship League of Hyogo Prefectural Assembly; and to Mr. Takeo Tarahata of the Hyogo Cultural Center located in Seattle.

Representative Schoesler moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Schoesler, Butler, Tokuda, Kenney and Doumit spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4648 was adopted.

The Speaker assumed the chair.
SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL
April 4, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1821 with the following amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 82.04.255 and 1996 c 1 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon every person engaging within the state as a real estate broker; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 1.5 percent.

The measure of the tax on real estate commissions earned by the real estate broker shall be the gross commission earned by the particular real estate brokerage office including that portion of the commission paid to salesmen or associate brokers in the same office on a particular transaction: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That where a real estate commission is divided between an originating brokerage office and a cooperating brokerage office on a particular transaction, each brokerage office shall pay the tax only upon their respective shares of said commission: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That where the brokerage office has paid the tax as provided herein, salesmen or associate brokers within the same brokerage office shall not be required to pay a similar tax upon the same transaction.

Sec. 2. RCW 82.04.290 and 1996 c 1 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of providing selected business services other than or in addition to those enumerated in RCW 82.04.250 or 82.04.270; as to such persons, the amount of tax on account of such activities shall be equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 2.0 percent.

(2) Upon every person engaging within this state in banking, loan, security, investment management, investment advisory, or other financial businesses, other than or in addition to those enumerated in subsection (3) of this section; as to such persons, the amount of the tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income of the business, multiplied by the rate of 1.6 percent.

(3) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of providing international investment management services, as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business shall be equal to the gross income or gross proceeds of sales of the business multiplied by a rate of 0.275 percent.

This section includes, among others, and without limiting the scope hereof (whether or not title to materials used in the performance of such business passes to another by accession, confusion or other than by outright sale), persons engaged in the business of rendering any type of service which does not constitute a "sale at retail" or a "sale at wholesale." The value of advertising, demonstration, and promotional supplies and materials furnished to an agent by his principal or supplier to be used for informational, educational and promotional purposes shall not be considered a part of the agent’s remuneration or commission and shall not be subject to taxation under this section.

Sec. 3. RCW 82.04.293 and 1995 c 229 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

For purposes of RCW 82.04.290(3):

(1) A person is engaged in the business of providing international investment management services, if:

(a) Such person is engaged primarily in the business of providing investment management services; and
(b) At least ten percent of the gross income of such person is derived from providing investment management services to any of the following: (i) Persons or collective investment funds residing outside the United States; or (ii) persons or collective investment funds with at least ten percent of their investments located outside the United States.

(2) "Investment management services" means investment research, investment consulting, portfolio management, fund administration, fund distribution, investment transactions, or related investment services.

(3) "Collective investment fund" includes:
(a) A mutual fund or other regulated investment company, as defined in section 851(a) of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended;
(b) An "investment company," as that term is used in section 3(a) of the investment company act of 1940, as well as any entity that would be an investment company for this purpose but for the exemptions contained in section 3(c)(1) or (11);
(c) An "employee benefit plan," which includes any plan, trust, commingled employee benefit trust, or custodial arrangement that is subject to the employee retirement income security act of 1974, as amended, 29 U.S.C. Sec. 1001 et seq., or that is described in sections 125, 401, 403, 408, 457, and 501(c)(9) and (17) through (23) of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, or a similar plan maintained by a state or local government, or a plan, trust, or custodial arrangement established to self-insure benefits required by federal, state, or local law;
(d) A fund maintained by a tax-exempt organization, as defined in section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, for operating, quasi-endowment, or endowment purposes;
(e) Funds that are established for the benefit of such tax-exempt organizations, such as charitable remainder trusts, charitable lead trusts, charitable annuity trusts, or other similar trusts; or
(f) Collective investment funds similar to those described in (a) through (e) of this subsection created under the laws of a foreign jurisdiction.

(4) Investments are located outside the United States if the underlying assets in which the investment constitutes a beneficial interest reside or are created, issued or held outside the United States.

Sec. 4. RCW 82.04.4452 and 1994 sp.s. c 5 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed for each person whose research and development spending during the year in which the credit is claimed exceeds 0.92 percent of the person’s taxable amount during the same calendar year.

(2) The credit is equal to the greater of the amount of qualified research and development expenditures of a person or eighty percent of amounts received by a person other than a public educational or research institution in compensation for the conduct of qualified research and development, multiplied by the rate (of 0.515 percent) provided in RCW 82.04.260(6) in the case of a nonprofit corporation or nonprofit association engaging within this state in research and development, and (of 2.5 percent) the rate provided in RCW 82.04.290(2) for every other person.

(3) Any person entitled to the credit provided in subsection (2) of this section as a result of qualified research and development conducted under contract may assign all or any portion of the credit to the person contracting for the performance of the qualified research and development.

(4) The credit, including any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section, shall be taken against taxes due for the same calendar year in which the qualified research and development expenditures are incurred. The credit, including any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section, for each calendar year shall not exceed the lesser of two million dollars or the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter for the calendar year.

(5) Any person taking the credit, including any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section, whose research and development spending during the calendar year in which the credit is claimed fails to exceed 0.92 percent of the person’s taxable amount during the same calendar year shall be liable for payment of the additional taxes represented by the amount of credit taken together with interest, but not penalties. Interest shall be due at the rate provided for delinquent excise taxes retroactively to the date the credit was taken until the taxes are paid. Any credit assigned to a person under subsection (3) of this section that is disallowed as a result of this section may be taken by the person who performed the qualified research and development subject to the limitations set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
Any person claiming the credit, and any person assigning a credit as provided in subsection (3) of this section, shall file an affidavit form prescribed by the department which shall include the amount of the credit claimed, an estimate of the anticipated qualified research and development expenditures during the calendar year for which the credit is claimed, an estimate of the taxable amount during the calendar year for which the credit is claimed, and such additional information as the department may prescribe.

A person claiming the credit shall agree to supply the department with information necessary to measure the results of the tax credit program for qualified research and development expenditures.

The department shall use the information required under subsection (7) of this section to perform three assessments on the tax credit program authorized under this section. The assessments will take place in 1997, 2000, and 2003. The department shall prepare reports on each assessment and deliver their reports by September 1, 1997, September 1, 2000, and September 1, 2003. The assessments shall measure the effect of the program on job creation, the number of jobs created for Washington residents, company growth, the introduction of new products, the diversification of the state’s economy, growth in research and development investment, the movement of firms or the consolidation of firms' operations into the state, and such other factors as the department selects.

For the purpose of this section:

(a) "Qualified research and development expenditures" means operating expenses, including wages, compensation of a proprietor or a partner in a partnership as determined under rules adopted by the department, benefits, supplies, and computer expenses, directly incurred in qualified research and development by a person claiming the credit provided in this section. The term does not include amounts paid to a person other than a public educational or research institution to conduct qualified research and development. Nor does the term include capital costs and overhead, such as expenses for land, structures, or depreciable property.

(b) "Qualified research and development" shall have the same meaning as in RCW 82.63.010.

(c) "Research and development spending" means qualified research and development expenditures plus eighty percent of amounts paid to a person other than a public educational or research institution to conduct qualified research and development.

(d) "Taxable amount" means the taxable amount subject to the tax imposed in this chapter required to be reported on the person’s combined excise tax returns during the year in which the credit is claimed, less any taxable amount for which a credit is allowed under RCW 82.04.440.

(10) This section shall expire December 31, 2004.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. RCW 82.04.055 and 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 201 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act does not affect any existing right acquired or liability or obligation incurred under the sections amended or repealed in this act or under any rule or order adopted under those sections, nor does it affect any proceeding instituted under those sections.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. This act takes effect July 1, 1998."

On page 1, on line 2 of the title, after "categories;", strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 82.04.255, 82.04.290, 82.04.293, and 82.04.4452; creating a new section; repealing RCW 82.04.055; and providing an effective date."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

There being no objection, it was moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed House Bill No. 1821, and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1821 as amended by the Senate.

**MOTIONS**

On motion by Representative DeBolt, Representative Boldt was excused. On motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Skinner and Mason.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1821 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 3, Excused - 0.

Absence: Representatives Boldt, Mason and Skinner - 3.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1821 as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

**SECOND READING**


Authorizing charter schools.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 2019 was substituted for House Bill No. 2019 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 2019 was read the second time.

Representative Talcott moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Talcott: (452)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. INTENT. The legislature intends to authorize the establishment of charter schools for the purpose of providing a unique setting for learning that will improve pupil achievement and provide additional public school choices for students, parents, and teachers.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. DEFINITIONS. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Applicant" means a nonprofit corporation that has submitted an application to a sponsor or an alternate sponsor to obtain approval to operate a charter school. "Applicant" also means a person or group of persons who have prepared an application to incorporate as a nonprofit corporation and who have submitted an application to a sponsor or an alternate sponsor to operate a charter school. The nonprofit corporation must either be a public benefit nonprofit corporation as defined in RCW 24.03.490, or a nonprofit corporation as defined in RCW 24.03.005 that has applied for tax-exempt status under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3)). An applicant may not be a sectarian or religious organization and must be approved or conditionally approved by the internal revenue service for tax exempt status under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3)) before receiving any funding under section 15 of this act.

(2) "Charter" means a contract between an applicant and a sponsor or an alternate sponsor. The charter establishes, in accordance with this chapter, the terms and conditions for the management, operation, and educational program of the charter school.

(3) "Charter school" means a public school managed by an applicant’s board of directors and operating independently of any school district board under a charter approved in accordance with this chapter.

(4) "Board of directors" means the board of directors of the public benefit nonprofit corporation that manages and operates the charter school.

(5) "Sponsor" means the school district in which the charter school is located.

(6) "Alternate sponsor" means the state and regional universities as defined in RCW 28B.10.016, or The Evergreen State College.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. CHARTER SCHOOLS--POWERS. (1) The charter school’s board of directors may hire, manage, and discharge any charter school employee in accordance with the terms of this chapter and that school’s charter.

(2) The charter school’s board of directors may enter into a contract with any school district, or any other public or private entity also empowered to enter into contracts, for any and all real property, equipment, goods, supplies, and services, including educational instructional services.

(3) Charter schools may rent, lease, or own property, but may not acquire property by eminent domain. All charters and charter school contracts with other public and private entities must include provisions regarding the disposition of the property if the charter school fails to open as planned, closes, or the charter is revoked or not renewed. Charter schools may accept gifts and donations from other governmental and private entities, excluding sectarian or religious organizations. Charter schools may not accept any gifts or donations the conditions of which violate this chapter.

(4) Charter schools may not charge tuition, levy taxes, or issue bonds, however they may charge fees to the same extent as other public schools and school districts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. LEGAL STATUS. A charter school is a public school including one or more of grades kindergarten through twelve, operated according to the terms of a renewable five-year contract granted by a sponsor or an alternate sponsor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. CHARTER SCHOOLS--EXEMPTIONS. (1) A charter school shall operate independently of any school district board, under a charter approved by a sponsor or an alternate sponsor under this chapter.

(2) Charter schools are exempt from all state statutes and rules applicable to school districts and school district boards of directors except as provided in this chapter and in the school’s approved charter.

(3) A charter school’s board of directors may elect to comply with one or more provisions of the statutes or rules that are applicable to school districts and school district board of directors.

(4) All approved charter schools shall:
(a) Comply with state and federal health, safety, and civil rights laws and rules applicable to public schools;
(b) Meet or exceed the student academic and assessment standards as established for students in other public schools, including the essential academic learning requirements and academic standards developed under a performance-based education system according to RCW 28A.630.885;
(c) Participate in nationally normed standardized achievement tests as required in RCW 28A.230.190, 28A.230.230, and 28A.230.240;
(d) Employ certificated instructional staff in accordance with chapter 28A.410 RCW;
(e) Comply with the employee record check requirements in RCW 28A.400.303;
(f) Be subject to financial audit by the state auditor;
(g) Comply with the annual performance report under RCW 28A.320.205;
(h) Report at least annually to its sponsor or alternate sponsor and to parents of children enrolled at the charter school on progress toward the student academic goals and other provisions specified in the charter; and
(i) Comply with the open public meetings act in chapter 42.30 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS. (1) A charter school must enroll all students who submit a timely application. If capacity is insufficient to enroll all students who submit a timely application, the charter school must give enrollment priority to students who reside within the school district boundaries in which the charter school is physically located. Priority also must be given to siblings of students who are currently enrolled in the school. Students must be selected through an equitable selection process, such as a lottery, to fill any remaining spaces.
(2) A charter school may not limit admission based on race, religion, ethnicity, national origin, gender, income level, intellectual ability, disabling condition, proficiency in the English language, or athletic ability. A charter school may limit admission to students within a given age group or grade level.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. CHARTER APPLICATION--CHARTERING PROCESS. (1) An applicant may apply to a sponsor or alternate sponsor to establish a charter school as provided in this section.
(2) Before July 1, 1999, an applicant for a charter school must submit its application to the local school district board of directors of the district in which the proposed school is to be located. Alternate sponsors may not sponsor charter schools before July 1, 1999. On and after July 1, 1999, an applicant must submit its application to the local school district board of directors of the district in which the proposed school is to be located before the applicant submits an application to an alternate sponsor.
(3) The local school district board of directors must hold a public hearing in the school district on the application within sixty days of receipt of the application. The school board must either accept or reject the application within thirty days after the hearing. The thirty-day deadline for acceptance or rejection of the charter school application may be extended for an additional thirty days if both parties agree in writing.
(4) If the local school board rejects the application, the school board must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the rejection. The applicant may submit a revised application for the school board's reconsideration. The school board may provide assistance to improve the application. If the school board rejects the application after submission of a revised application, the school board must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the rejection.
(5) If the school board rejects the application, the applicant may appeal the local school board's decision to the superintendent of public instruction as provided in section 11 of this act, or on and after July 1, 1999, may apply to an alternate sponsor for a charter. The alternate sponsor must comply with the procedures specified in the guidelines established by the superintendent of public instruction as provided under section 8 of this act for consideration of the charter application. The alternate sponsor is not bound by the school board's findings or decision to deny the application.
(6) The superintendent of public instruction shall maintain copies of all approved charter applications. An applicant may obtain copies of those applications from the office of the superintendent of public instruction.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. GUIDELINES FOR ALTERNATE SPONSORS. By November 1, 1998, the superintendent of public instruction must develop guidelines to implement the provisions of this chapter that authorize alternate sponsors to sponsor charter schools on or after July 1, 1999. Before July 1, 1999, only school districts may sponsor charter schools, however institutions of higher education are encouraged to form partnerships with school districts and applicants to assist with the chartering process, operation, monitoring, and oversight of charter schools.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS. The charter school application is a proposed contract and must include:

(1) The identification and description of the nonprofit corporation submitting the application, including the names and descriptions of the individuals who will operate the school;
(2) The nonprofit corporation’s proposed articles of incorporation, bylaws, and most recent financial statement and balance sheet;
(3) A mission statement for the proposed school, consistent with the description of legislative intent in this chapter;
(4) A description of the school’s educational program, including curriculum and instructional strategies;
(5) A description of the school’s admissions policy and marketing program, including deadlines for applications or admission;
(6) A description of student performance standards, which must meet those determined under RCW 28A.630.885, and be measured according to the assessment system determined under RCW 28A.630.885;
(7) A description of the plan for evaluating student performance and the procedures for taking corrective action in the event that student performance at the charter school falls below standards established in its charter;
(8) A description of school performance standards, which must meet those determined under any state-wide accountability system adopted by the legislature under RCW 28A.630.885(3)(h)(i);
(9) A description of the financial plan for the school. The plan shall include: (a) A proposed five-year budget of projected revenues and expenditures; (b) a plan for starting the school; (c) a five-year facilities plan; (d) evidence supporting student enrollment projections of at least twenty students; and (e) a description of major contracts planned for equipment and services, leases, improvements, purchases of real property, and insurance;
(10) A description of the proposed financial management procedures, including annual audits of the school’s financial and administrative operations, which shall meet or exceed generally accepted standards of management and public accounting;
(11) An assessment of the school’s potential legal liability and a description of the types and limits of insurance coverage the nonprofit corporation plans to obtain that are adequate. For purposes of this subsection, a liability policy of at least one million dollars is required;
(12) A description of the procedures to discipline and dismiss students; and
(13) A description of procedures to assure the health and safety of students, employees, and guests of the school and to comply with applicable federal and state health and safety laws and regulations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. APPROVAL CRITERIA. A school district shall, or an alternate sponsor may, approve an application for a charter school, if in the sponsor’s or alternate sponsor’s discretion, after exercising due diligence and good faith, the sponsor or alternate sponsor finds:

(1) The applicant is a public benefit nonprofit corporation and the individuals it proposes to manage the school are qualified to operate a charter school and implement the proposed educational program;
(2) The mission statement is consistent with the description of legislative intent and restrictions on charter school operations in this chapter;
(3) The school’s proposed educational program is free from religious or sectarian influence;
(4) The school’s proposed educational program includes student academic standards that meet those determined under RCW 28A.630.885 and are measured according to the assessment system determined under RCW 28A.630.885;
The application includes a viable plan for evaluating pupil performance and procedures for taking appropriate corrective action in the event that pupil performance at the charter school falls below standards established in its charter;

(6) The application includes school performance standards, which must meet those determined under any state-wide accountability system adopted by the legislature pursuant to RCW 28A.630.885(3)(h)(i);

(7) The school's educational program, including curriculum and instructional strategies, has the potential to improve student performance as measured under section 9(8) of this act;

(8) The school's admissions policy and marketing program is consistent with state and federal law;

(9) The financial plan for the school is designed to reasonably support the charter school's educational program based on a review of the proposed five-year budget of projected revenues, expenditures, and facilities;

(10) The school's financial and administrative operations, including its annual audits, meet or exceed generally accepted standards of accounting and management;

(11) The assessment of the school's potential legal liability, and the types and limits of insurance coverage the school plans to obtain, are adequate. For purposes of this subsection, a liability policy of at least one million dollars is required;

(12) The procedures the school plans to follow for discipline and dismissal of students are reasonable and comply with federal law;

(13) The procedures the school plans to follow to assure the health and safety of students, employees, and guests of the school comply with applicable state and federal health and safety laws and regulations;

(14) The public benefit nonprofit corporation has been approved or conditionally approved by the internal revenue service for tax exempt status under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3)); and

(15) The approval of an application will not result in significant financial impact on the district as a whole. The superintendent of public instruction shall develop guidelines for determining what constitutes a significant financial impact in consultation with the chairs of the fiscal and education committees in the house of representatives and senate and school district officials. The guidelines must be developed by November 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. APPEAL TO THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION. If a sponsor or an alternate sponsor rejects a charter application, the applicant may submit a motion for appeal within thirty days to the superintendent of public instruction. The superintendent of public instruction may select and convene a review panel to review the appeal, to work with the sponsor or alternate sponsor and the applicant to reach an agreement, to provide assistance to the applicant to improve the application, and to make a recommendation to the superintendent regarding the appeal. The superintendent shall conduct the review using the substantial evidence test. If the superintendent of public instruction approves an application to a school district sponsor, the school district sponsor shall enter into a charter with the applicant. If the superintendent denies an appeal from a rejection of the application by a school district, the applicant may not apply to an alternate sponsor. The superintendent of public instruction may not require an alternate sponsor to enter into a charter with an applicant.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. STUDY OF CHARTER SCHOOLS. The Washington institute of public policy shall study the implementation and effectiveness of this act. The institute shall make recommendations to the legislature about the effectiveness of charter schools and the impact of charter schools. The institute shall also recommend changes to chapter 28A.-- RCW (sections 1 through 11, 13 through 21, 28, and 29 of this act) including improvements that could be made to the application and approval process. A preliminary report of the study is due to the legislature by September 1, 1999, and a final report is due September 1, 2001.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. CHARTER AGREEMENT--AMENDMENT. (1) A charter application approved by a sponsor or an alternate sponsor with any changes made during the application process constitutes a charter.
(2) A charter may be amended during its term at the request of either party and on the mutual approval of both the charter school board of directors and the sponsor or the alternate sponsor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. CHARTER RENEWAL AND REVOCATION. (1) An approved plan to establish a charter school is effective for five years from the first day of operation. At the conclusion of the first three and one-half years of operation, the charter school may apply to the sponsor or alternate sponsor, as applicable, for renewal. A request for renewal must be submitted no later than six months before the expiration of the charter.

(2) A charter school renewal application must include:
(a) A report on the progress of the charter school in achieving the goals, student performance standards, and other terms of the charter; and
(b) A financial statement that discloses the costs of administration, instruction, and other expenditure objects and activities of the charter school.

(3) The sponsor or alternate sponsor may reject the application for renewal if, in its judgment, any of the following occurred:
(a) The charter school materially violated its contract with the sponsor or alternate sponsor, as set forth in the charter;
(b) The students enrolled in the charter school failed to meet or make reasonable progress toward achievement of the student performance standards identified in the charter;
(c) The charter school failed to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management; or
(d) The charter school violated provisions in law that have not been waived in accordance with this chapter.

(4) A sponsor or alternate sponsor shall give written notice of its intent not to renew the charter school’s request for renewal to the charter school within one month of the request for renewal to allow the charter school an opportunity to correct identified deficiencies in its operation. At the request of the board of directors of the charter school, the sponsor or alternate sponsor shall review its decision for nonrenewal after the charter school has corrected any identified deficiencies. The sponsor or alternate sponsor must issue a decision within sixty days.

(5) The sponsor or alternate sponsor may revoke a previously approved charter before the expiration of the term of the charter, and before application for renewal, for any of the reasons specified in subsection (3) of this section. Except in cases of emergency where the health and safety of children are at risk, a charter may not be revoked unless the sponsor or alternate sponsor first provides written notice of the specific violations alleged, a public hearing, and a reasonable opportunity for the charter school to correct the identified areas of concern. The sponsor or alternate sponsor of a charter school shall provide for an appeal process upon a determination by the sponsor or alternate sponsor that grounds exist to revoke a charter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. FUNDING. (1) When the sponsor is a school district:
(a) For purposes of funding, students in charter schools shall be considered students of the sponsoring district for general fund apportionment purposes. The sponsoring school district shall provide funding for charter schools on a per student basis in amounts the schools would have received if the students were enrolled in a noncharter school in the district except that a charter school shall not generate eligibility for small school assistance. Funding for charter schools shall include regular apportionment, categorical, nonbasic education, and maintenance and operating levy funds, as appropriate;
(b) No local levy moneys approved by the voters before the effective date of a charter between a school district and an applicant may be allocated to a charter school unless the sponsoring school district determines it has received sufficient authority from voters to allocate maintenance and operation excess tax levy money to the charter school. For levies approved after the effective date of a charter, charter schools shall be included in levy planning, budgets, and funding distribution in the same manner as other schools in the district; and
(c) A charter school is eligible for state matching funds for common school construction if a sponsoring school district determines it has received voter approval of local capital funds for the project.

(2) (a) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop recommendations for funding charter schools sponsored by alternate sponsors. The superintendent shall submit the recommendations to the education and fiscal committees of the house of representatives and senate by November 1, 1998.
(b) No local levy money may be allocated to a charter school if the charter school is sponsored by an alternate sponsor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. ADMINISTRATION FEE. To offset costs of oversight and administering the charter, a sponsor may retain up to three percent of state funding and local excess levy funding, if applicable, that is being driven to the charter school. Except for the administration fee in this section, no other offsets or deductions are allowed, whether for central administration or other off-site support services, from a charter school’s per-pupil share of state appropriations, local levies, or other funds, unless the charter school has contracted with a school district to obtain specific additional services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. CHARTER SCHOOL LOAN ACCOUNT. (1) The charter school loan account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from appropriations shall be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only to provide financial loans to approved charter schools for start-up costs. Charter schools may receive up to two hundred fifty dollars per student for start-up costs. Only the superintendent of public instruction or the superintendent’s designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for expenditures.

(2) Start-up moneys shall be distributed to schools with approved charters on a first-come, first-served basis. The charter school must repay the loan within five years. Interest shall be fixed at one-half percentage point above the United States thirty-year treasury bill rate in effect at the time of the loan.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. RULES--LOANS. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules to implement section 17 of this act.

If an applicant for a charter school receives a loan under section 17 of this act and fails to begin operating a charter school within the next eighteen months, the applicant must immediately reimburse the office of the superintendent of public instruction for the amount of the loan.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. LEAVES OF ABSENCE. If a school district employee makes a written request for an extended leave of absence to work at a charter school, the school district shall grant the request. The school district may require that the request for a leave be made up to ninety days before the employee would otherwise have to report for duty. The leave shall be granted for up to three years. If the employee returns to the school district within the three-year period, the employee shall be hired before the district hires anyone else with fewer years of service, with respect to any position for which the returning employee is certificated or otherwise qualified.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. CAPS ON CHARTER SCHOOLS. (1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the maximum number of charters that may be granted state-wide in the first school year after the effective date of this section is twenty-five. The maximum number of charters that may be granted in the first two school years after the effective date of this section is fifty. The total number of charters that may be granted under this chapter is fifty.

(2) The cap on charter schools shall not apply to public schools that convert to charter schools.

(3) Neither a school district nor an alternate sponsor may sponsor a charter school in a school district with a student enrollment of less than one thousand students until June 1, 2000.

(4) For purposes of monitoring compliance with this section and providing information to new charter school applicants, the superintendent of public instruction shall maintain a running total of the projected and actual enrollment at charter schools and the number of charters granted.

(5) For purposes of implementing this subsection, a sponsor or alternate sponsor shall notify the office of the superintendent of public instruction when it receives a charter school application, when it approves a charter school, and when a charter school is terminated. Once fifty charter schools are approved, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall notify all school districts and potential alternate sponsors. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall notify all school districts and potential alternate sponsors when additional charter schools may be approved due to charter school contract terminations.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. LABOR RELATIONS. (1) Employees of a charter school are public employees. It is the intent of the legislature that employees of a charter school may enter into collective bargaining agreements with the board of directors of the charter school under chapters 41.56 and 41.59 RCW, as applicable. Employees of a charter school may join an appropriate bargaining unit limited to the employees of the charter school or may join with an appropriate unit within the district or educational service district.

(2) Teachers employed by charter schools are eligible for and retain their status in the Washington state teachers' retirement system under chapter 41.32 RCW.

(3) Classified employees employed by charter schools are eligible for and retain their status in the public employees' retirement system under chapter 41.40 RCW.

Sec. 22. RCW 28A.150.010 and 1969 ex.s. c 223 s 28A.01.055 are each amended to read as follows:

Public schools shall mean the common schools as referred to in Article IX of the state Constitution and those schools and institutions of learning having a curriculum below the college or university level as now or may be established by law and maintained at public expense. A charter school as defined in section 4 of this act is a public school.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 41.32 RCW to read as follows: Teachers employed by charter schools as defined in section 4 of this act are members under this chapter. Charter schools are employers under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. A new section is added to chapter 41.40 RCW to read as follows: Classified employees employed by a charter school as defined in section 4 of this act are members under this chapter. Charter schools are employers under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. A new section is added to chapter 41.56 RCW to read as follows: This chapter applies to charter schools as defined in section 4 of this act and the charter school’s employees included in the bargaining unit. Employees of charter schools may join an appropriate bargaining unit limited to the employees of the charter school or may join an appropriate unit within the district or the educational service district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. A new section is added to chapter 41.59 RCW to read as follows: This chapter applies to collective bargaining agreements between charter schools and the employees of charter schools included in the bargaining unit. Employees of charter schools may join an appropriate bargaining unit limited to the employees of the charter school or may join an appropriate unit within the district or the educational service district.

Sec. 27. RCW 41.59.080 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 288 s 9 are each amended to read as follows: The commission, upon proper application for certification as an exclusive bargaining representative or upon petition for change of unit definition by the employer or any employee organization within the time limits specified in RCW 41.59.070(3), and after hearing upon reasonable notice, shall determine the unit appropriate for the purpose of collective bargaining. In determining, modifying or combining the bargaining unit, the commission shall consider the duties, skills, and working conditions of the educational employees; the history of collective bargaining; the extent of organization among the educational employees; and the desire of the educational employees; except that:

(1) A unit including nonsupervisory educational employees shall not be considered appropriate unless it includes all such nonsupervisory educational employees of the employer; and

(2) A unit that includes only supervisors may be considered appropriate if a majority of the employees in such category indicate by vote that they desire to be included in such a unit; and

(3) A unit that includes only principals and assistant principals may be considered appropriate if a majority of such employees indicate by vote that they desire to be included in such a unit; and

(4) A unit that includes both principals and assistant principals and other supervisory employees may be considered appropriate if a majority of the employees in each category indicate by vote that they desire to be included in such a unit; and
(5) A unit that includes supervisors and/or principals and assistant principals and nonsupervisory educational employees may be considered appropriate if a majority of the employees in each category indicate by vote that they desire to be included in such a unit; and
(6) A unit that includes only employees in vocational-technical institutes or occupational skill centers may be considered to constitute an appropriate bargaining unit if the history of bargaining in any such school district so justifies; and
(7) Notwithstanding the definition of collective bargaining, a unit that contains only supervisors and/or principals and assistant principals shall be limited in scope of bargaining to compensation, hours of work, and the number of days of work in the annual employment contracts; and
(8) A unit that includes only employees of a charter school as defined in section 4 of this act may be considered appropriate or the employees may join other appropriate bargaining units in the school district or educational service district. The employees may decide the unit appropriate by a majority vote of the employees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. RULES. The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules to implement this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 29. CAPTIONS NOT LAW. Captions used in this chapter do not constitute any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 30. Sections 1 through 11, 13 through 21, 28, and 29 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 28A RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 31. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Correct the title.

Representative Cole moved the adoption of the following amendment (459) to the amendment (452) by Representative Talcott:

On page 3, line 30, strike "and"
On page 3, line 31, after "RCW" insert "; and"
(j) Comply with state and federal laws governing dismissal and discipline of students"

On page 6, line 20, after "procedures" strike "to discipline and dismiss" and insert "the school will implement to comply with state and federal laws governing discipline and dismissal of"

On page 7, line 29, after "comply with" insert "state and"

Representative Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Talcott spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. It amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 453, 454, 455, 456 and 457 to the amendment were withdrawn.

Representative Talcott moved the adoption of the following amendment (458) to the amendment (452) by Representative Talcott:

On page 10, line 21, after "categorical," insert "and"
On page 10, line 22, after "nonbasic education" strike ", and maintenance and operating levy"
Representative Talcott spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Talcott moved the adoption of the following amendment (461) to the amendment (452) by Representative Talcott:

On page 10, line 21, after "categorical," insert "and"

On page 10, line 22, after "nonbasic education" strike ", and maintenance and operating levy"

Representative Talcott spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Keiser moved the adoption of the following amendment (468) to the amendment (452) by Representative Talcott:

On page 13, after line 7, strike everything through "service district." on line 10

On page 14, beginning on line 1, strike sections 25 through 27 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. A new section is added to chapter 41.56 RCW to read as follows:
This chapter applies to charter schools as defined in section 4 of this act and to the charter schools’ employees in the bargaining unit. The bargaining unit of employees of charter schools must be limited to the employees of the charter schools and must be separate from other bargaining units within the sponsoring or alternative sponsoring organization unless the charter school board of directors and the exclusive bargaining representative of the charter school employees agree to include the charter school employees in an appropriate bargaining unit represented by the same employee organization in the school district in which the charter school is located. If there is a disagreement between the bargaining representative and the charter school board of directors, the issue may be appealed to the public employment relations commission.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. A new section is added to chapter 41.59 RCW to read as follows:
This chapter applies to charter schools as defined in section 4 of this act and to the charter schools’ employees in the bargaining unit. The bargaining unit of employees of charter schools must be limited to the employees of the charter schools and must be separate from other bargaining units within the sponsoring or alternative sponsoring organization unless the charter school board of directors and the exclusive bargaining representative of the charter school employees agree to include the charter school employees in an appropriate bargaining unit represented by the same employee organization in the school district in which the charter school is located. If there is a disagreement between the bargaining representative and the charter school board of directors, the issue may be appealed to the public employment relations commission."

Renumber the sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Keiser and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Talcott spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of the striking amendment (452) as amended to Second Substitute House Bill No. 2019. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Quall, Talcott, Johnson, Linville, Carlson, Hickel, and Chopp spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cole and Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2019.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2019 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 67, Nays - 28, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Boldt, Mason and Skinner - 3.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2019, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fifth order of business.

**REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES**

**HB 2261** Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Reducing paperwork for the governor's budget document. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**HB 2267** Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Creating the disaster response account. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson; Chopp, Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SSB 5049 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Providing vehicle owners' names and addresses to commercial parking companies. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representative Murray.

Excused: Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher and Backlund.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SB 5113 Prime Sponsor, Senator Oke: Refunding certain license fees. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Backlund.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SB 5132 Prime Sponsor, Senator Zarelli: Simplifying designation of school bus stops as drug-free zones. Reported by Committee on Education
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.


Excused: Representatives Sterk and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5133 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Education: Prohibiting censorship of United States and Washington history. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Smith, Sterk, Sump and Talcott.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5164 Prime Sponsor, Senator Haugen: Removing certain tenants and occupants from a mobile home park. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SSB 5191 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Increasing penalties for methamphetamine crimes. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Nay: Representative O’Brien.

Excused: Representatives Benson and Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SSB 5227 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Health & Long-Term Care: Regulating the sales of nonprofit hospitals. Reported by Committee on Health Care

April 1, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The health of the people of our state is a most important public concern. The state has an interest in assuring the continued existence of accessible, affordable health care facilities that are responsive to the needs of the communities in which they exist. The state also has a responsibility to protect the public interest in nonprofit hospitals and to clarify the responsibilities of local public hospital district boards with respect to public hospital district assets by making certain that the charitable and public assets of those hospitals are managed prudently and safeguarded consistent with their mission under the laws governing nonprofit and municipal corporations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Department" means the Washington state department of health.
(2) "Hospital" means any entity that is: (a) Defined as a hospital in RCW 70.41.020 and is required to obtain a license under RCW 70.41.090; or (b) a psychiatric hospital required to obtain a license under chapter 71.12 RCW.
(3) "Acquisition" means an acquisition by a person of an interest in a nonprofit hospital, whether by purchase, merger, lease, gift, joint venture, or otherwise, that results in a change of ownership or control of twenty percent or more of the assets of the hospital, or that results in the acquiring person holding or controlling fifty percent or more of the assets of the hospital, but acquisition does not include an acquisition if the acquiring person: (a) Is a nonprofit corporation having a substantially similar charitable health care purpose as the nonprofit corporation from whom the hospital is being acquired, or is a government entity; (b) is exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code or as a government entity; and (c) will maintain representation from the affected community on the local board of the hospital.
(4) "Nonprofit hospital" means a hospital owned by a nonprofit corporation organized under Title 24 RCW.
(5) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, a corporation including associations, limited liability companies, joint stock companies, and insurance companies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) A person may not engage in the acquisition of a nonprofit hospital without first having applied for and received the approval of the department under this chapter.
(2) An application must be submitted to the department on forms provided by the department, and at a minimum must include: The name of the hospital being acquired, the name of the acquiring person or other parties to the acquisition, the acquisition price, a copy of the acquisition agreement, a financial and economic analysis and report from an independent expert or consultant of the effect of the acquisition under the criteria in section 7 of this act, and all other related documents. The applications and all related documents are considered public records for purposes of chapter 42.17 RCW.
(3) The department shall charge an applicant fees sufficient to cover the costs of implementing this chapter. The fees must include the cost of the attorney general’s opinion under section 6 of this act. The department shall transfer this portion of the fee, upon receipt, to the attorney general.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The department, in consultation with the attorney general, shall determine if the application is complete for the purposes of review. The department may find that an application is incomplete if a question on the application form has not been answered in whole or in part, or has been answered in a manner that does not fairly meet the question addressed, or if the application does not include attachments of supporting documents as required by section 3 of this act. If the department determines that an application is incomplete, it shall notify the applicant within fifteen working days after the date the application was received stating the reasons for its determination of incompleteness, with reference to the particular questions for which a deficiency is noted.
(2) Within five working days after receipt of a completed application, the department shall publish notice of the application in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties where the hospital is located and shall notify by first class United States mail, electronic mail, or facsimile transmission, any person who has requested notice of the filing of such applications. The notice must state that an application has been received, state the names of the parties to the agreement, describe the
NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** During the course of review under this chapter, the department shall conduct one or more public hearings, at least one of which must be in the county where the hospital to be acquired is located. At the hearings, anyone may file written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. The department may subpoena additional information or witnesses, require and administer oaths, require sworn statements, take depositions, and use related discovery procedures for purposes of the hearing and at any time prior to making a decision on the application.

A hearing must be held not later than forty-five days after receipt of a completed application. At least ten days’ public notice must be given before the holding of a hearing.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** (1) The department shall provide the attorney general with a copy of a completed application upon receiving it. The attorney general shall review the completed application, and within forty-five days of the first public hearing held under section 5 of this act shall provide a written opinion to the department as to whether or not the acquisition meets the requirements for approval in section 7 of this act.

(2) The department shall review the completed application to determine whether or not the acquisition meets the requirements for approval in sections 7 and 8 of this act. Within thirty days after receiving the written opinion of the attorney general under subsection (1) of this section, the department shall:

(a) Approve the acquisition, with or without any specific modifications or conditions; or
(b) Disapprove the acquisition.

(3) The department may not make its decision subject to any condition not directly related to requirements in section 7 or 8 of this act, and any condition or modification must bear a direct and rational relationship to the application under review.

(4) A person engaged in an acquisition and affected by a final decision of the department has the right to an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW. The opinion of the attorney general provided under subsection (1) of this section may not constitute a final decision for purposes of review.

(5) The department or the attorney general may extend, by not more than thirty days, any deadline established under this chapter one time during consideration of any application, for good cause.

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** The department shall only approve an application if the parties to the acquisition have taken the proper steps to safeguard the value of charitable assets and ensure that any proceeds from the acquisition are used for appropriate charitable health purposes. To this end, the department may not approve an application unless, at a minimum, it determines that:

(1) The acquisition is permitted under chapter 24.03 RCW, the Washington nonprofit corporation act, and other laws governing nonprofit entities, trusts, or charities;

(2) The nonprofit corporation that owns the hospital being acquired has exercised due diligence in authorizing the acquisition, selecting the acquiring person, and negotiating the terms and conditions of the acquisition;

(3) The procedures used by the nonprofit corporation’s board of trustees and officers in making its decision fulfilled their fiduciary duties, that the board and officers were sufficiently informed about the proposed acquisition and possible alternatives, and that they used appropriate expert assistance;

(4) No conflict of interest exists related to the acquisition, including, but not limited to, conflicts of interest related to board members of, executives of, and experts retained by the nonprofit corporation, acquiring person, or other parties to the acquisition;

(5) The nonprofit corporation will receive fair market value for its assets. The attorney general or the department may employ, at the expense of the acquiring person, reasonably necessary expert assistance in making this determination. This expense must be in addition to the fees charged under section 3 of this act;

(6) Charitable funds will not be placed at unreasonable risk, if the acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit corporation;

(7) Any management contract under the acquisition will be for fair market value;

(8) The proceeds from the acquisition will be controlled as charitable funds independently of the acquiring person or parties to the acquisition, and will be used for charitable health purposes.
consistent with the nonprofit corporation's original purpose, including providing health care to the disadvantaged, the uninsured, and the underinsured and providing benefits to promote improved health in the affected community;

(9) Any charitable entity established to hold the proceeds of the acquisition will be broadly based in and representative of the community where the hospital to be acquired is located, taking into consideration the structure and governance of such entity; and

(10) A right of first refusal to repurchase the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or foundation has been retained if the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired by, or merged with another entity.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The department shall only approve an application if the acquisition in question will not detrimentally affect the continued existence of accessible, affordable health care that is responsive to the needs of the community in which the hospital to be acquired is located. To this end, the department shall not approve an application unless, at a minimum, it determines that:

(1) Sufficient safeguards are included to assure the affected community continued access to affordable care, and that alternative sources of care are available in the community should the acquisition result in a reduction or elimination of particular health services;

(2) The acquisition will not result in the revocation of hospital privileges;

(3) Sufficient safeguards are included to maintain appropriate capacity for health science research and health care provider education;

(4) The acquiring person and parties to the acquisition are committed to providing health care to the disadvantaged, the uninsured, and the underinsured and to providing benefits to promote improved health in the affected community. Activities and funding provided under section 7(8) of this act may be considered in evaluating compliance with this commitment; and

(5) Sufficient safeguards are included to avoid conflict of interest in patient referral.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) The secretary of state may not accept any forms or documents in connection with any acquisition of a nonprofit hospital until the acquisition has been approved by the department under this chapter.

(2) The attorney general may seek an injunction to prevent any acquisition not approved by the department under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. The department shall require periodic reports from the nonprofit corporation or its successor nonprofit corporation or foundation and from the acquiring person or other parties to the acquisition to ensure compliance with commitments made. The department may subpoena information and documents and may conduct onsite compliance audits at the acquiring person's expense.

If the department receives information indicating that the acquiring person is not fulfilling commitments to the affected community under section 8 of this act, the department shall hold a hearing upon ten days' notice to the affected parties. If after the hearing the department determines that the information is true, it may revoke or suspend the hospital license issued to the acquiring person pursuant to the procedure established under RCW 70.41.130, refer the matter to the attorney general for appropriate action, or both. The attorney general may seek a court order compelling the acquiring person to fulfill its commitments under section 8 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. The attorney general has the authority to ensure compliance with commitments that inure to the public interest.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. An acquisition of a hospital completed before the effective date of this act and an acquisition in which an application for a certificate of need under chapter 70.38 RCW has been granted by the department before the effective date of this act is not subject to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. No provision of this chapter derogates from the common law or statutory authority of the attorney general.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. The department may adopt rules necessary to implement this chapter and may contract with and provide reasonable reimbursement to qualified persons to assist in determining whether the requirements of sections 7 and 8 have been met.

Sec. 15. RCW 70.44.007 and 1982 c 84 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, the following words ((shall)) have the meanings indicated:
1. ((The words)) "Other health care facilities" ((shall)) means nursing home, extended care, long-term care, outpatient and rehabilitative facilities, ambulances, and such other facilities as are appropriate to the health needs of the population served.
2. ((The words)) "Other health care services" ((shall)) means nursing home, extended care, long-term care, outpatient, rehabilitative, health maintenance, and ambulance services and such other services as are appropriate to the health needs of the population served.
3. "Public hospital district" or "district" means public health care service district.

Sec. 16. RCW 70.44.240 and 1982 c 84 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
Any public hospital district may contract or join with any other public hospital district, any publicly owned hospital, any nonprofit hospital, any corporation, any other legal entity, or individual to acquire ((or provide services or facilities)), own, operate, manage, or provide any hospital or other health care facilities or hospital services or other health care services to be used by individuals, districts, hospitals, or others, including the providing of health maintenance services. If a public hospital district chooses to contract or join with another party or parties pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, it may do so through the establishment of a nonprofit corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other legal entity of its choosing in which the public hospital district and the other party or parties participate. The governing body of such legal entity shall include representatives of the public hospital district, including members of the public hospital district’s board of commissioners. A public hospital district contracting or joining with another party pursuant to the provisions of this chapter may appropriate funds and may sell, lease, or otherwise provide property, personnel, and services to the legal entity established to carry out the contract or joint activity.

Sec. 17. RCW 70.44.300 and 1984 c 103 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
1. (1) The board of commissioners of any public hospital district may sell and convey at public or private sale real property of the district ((which)) if the board ((has determined)) determines by resolution that the property is no longer required for public hospital district purposes or determines by resolution that the sale of the property will further the purposes of the public hospital district. (Such sale and conveyance may be by deed or real estate contract.)
2. Any sale of district real property authorized pursuant to this section shall be preceded, not more than one year prior to the date of sale, by market value appraisals by three licensed real estate brokers or professionally designated real estate appraisers as defined in RCW 74.46.020 or three independent experts in valuing health care property, selected by the board of commissioners, and no sale shall take place if the sale price would be less than ninety percent of the average of such appraisals.
3. When the board of commissioners of any public hospital district proposes a sale of district real property pursuant to this section and the value of the property exceeds one hundred thousand dollars, the board shall publish a notice of its intention to sell the property. The notice shall be published at least once each week during two consecutive weeks in a legal newspaper of general circulation within the public hospital district. The notice shall describe the property to be sold and designate the place where and the day and hour when a hearing will be held. The board shall hold a public hearing upon the proposal to dispose of the public hospital district property at the place and the day and hour fixed in the notice and consider evidence offered for and against the propriety and advisability of the proposed sale.
4. If in the judgment of the board of commissioners of any district the sale of any district real property not needed for public hospital district purposes would be facilitated and greater value realized through use of the services of licensed real estate brokers, a contract for such services may be negotiated and concluded. The fee or commissions charged for any broker service shall not exceed seven percent of the resulting sale price for a single parcel. No licensed real estate broker or professionally designated real estate appraisers as defined in RCW 74.46.020 or independent expert in valuing health care property selected by the board to appraise the market value of a parcel of property
to be sold may be a party to any contract with the public hospital district to sell such property for a period of three years after the appraisal.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 70.44 RCW to read as follows:

(1) When evaluating a potential acquisition, the commissioners shall determine their compliance with the following requirements:

(a) That the acquisition is authorized under chapter 70.44 RCW and other laws governing public hospital districts;
(b) That the procedures used in the decision-making process allowed district officials to thoroughly fulfill their due diligence responsibilities as municipal officers, including those covered under chapter 42.23 RCW governing conflicts of interest and chapter 42.20 RCW prohibiting malfeasance of public officials;
(c) That the acquisition will not result in the revocation of hospital privileges;
(d) That sufficient safeguards are included to maintain appropriate capacity for health science research and health care provider education;
(e) That the acquisition is allowed under Article VIII, section 7 of the state Constitution, which prohibits gifts of public funds or lending of credit and Article XI, section 14, prohibiting private use of public funds;
(f) That the public hospital district will retain control over district functions as required under chapter 70.44 RCW and other laws governing hospital districts;
(g) That the activities related to the acquisition process complied with chapters 42.17 and 42.32 RCW, governing disclosure of public records, and chapter 42.30 RCW, governing public meetings;
(h) That the acquisition complies with the requirements of RCW 70.44.300 relating to fair market value; and
(i) Other state laws affecting the proposed acquisition.

(2) The commissioners shall also determine whether the public hospital district should retain a right of first refusal to repurchase the assets by the public hospital district if the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired by, or merged with another entity.

(3)(a) Prior to approving the acquisition of a district hospital, the board of commissioners of the hospital district shall obtain a written opinion from a qualified independent expert or the Washington state department of health as to whether or not the acquisition meets the standards set forth in section 8 of this act.

(b) Upon request, the hospital district and the person seeking to acquire its hospital shall provide the department or independent expert with any needed information and documents. The department shall charge the hospital district for any costs the department incurs in preparing an opinion under this section. The hospital district may recover from the acquiring person any costs it incurs in obtaining the opinion from either the department or the independent expert. The opinion shall be delivered to the board of commissioners no later than ninety days after it is requested.

(c) Within ten working days after it receives the opinion, the board of commissioners shall publish notice of the opinion in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the hospital district, stating how a person may obtain a copy, and giving the time and location of the hearing required under (d) of this subsection. It shall make a copy of the report and the opinion available to anyone upon request.

(d) Within thirty days after it received the opinion, the board of commissioners shall hold a public hearing regarding the proposed acquisition. The board of commissioners may vote to approve the acquisition no sooner than thirty days following the public hearing.

(4)(a) For purposes of this section, "acquisition" means an acquisition by a person of any interest in a hospital owned by a public hospital district, whether by purchase, merger, lease, or otherwise, that results in a change of ownership or control of twenty percent or more of the assets of a hospital currently licensed and operating under RCW 70.41.090. Acquisition does not include an acquisition where the other party or parties to the acquisition are nonprofit corporations having a substantially similar charitable health care purpose, organizations exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, or governmental entities. Acquisition does not include an acquisition where the other party is an organization that is a limited liability corporation, a partnership, or any other legal entity and the members, partners, or otherwise designated controlling parties of the organization are all nonprofit corporations having a charitable health care purpose, organizations exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, or
governmental entities. Acquisition does not include activities between two or more governmental organizations, including organizations acting pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW, regardless of the type of organizational structure used by the governmental entities.

(b) For purposes of this subsection (4), "person" means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, a corporation including associations, a limited liability company, a joint stock company, or an insurance company.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. Sections 1 through 14 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Conway; Parlette and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sherstad.


Voting Nay: Representatives Sherstad and Wood.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997
SSB 5295 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Revising district court procedures regarding small claims and appeals. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Carrell and Lambert.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representatives Carrell and Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997
SSB 5308 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Energy & Utilities (S): Regulating electronic signatures. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.
Excused: Representatives Wood.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5340 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hochstatter: Changing probation provisions for certificated educational employees. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 28A.405.100 and 1994 c 115 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall establish and may amend from time to time minimum criteria for the evaluation of the professional performance capabilities and development of certificated classroom teachers and certificated support personnel. For classroom teachers the criteria shall be developed in the following categories: Instructional skill; classroom management, professional preparation and scholarship; effort toward improvement when needed; the handling of student discipline and attendant problems; and interest in teaching pupils and knowledge of subject matter.

Every board of directors shall, in accordance with procedure provided in RCW 41.59.010 through 41.59.170, 41.59.910 and 41.59.920, establish evaluative criteria and procedures for all certificated classroom teachers and certificated support personnel. The evaluative criteria must contain as a minimum the criteria established by the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to this section and must be prepared within six months following adoption of the superintendent of public instruction's minimum criteria. The district must certify to the superintendent of public instruction that evaluative criteria have been so prepared by the district.

Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, it shall be the responsibility of a principal or his or her designee to evaluate all certificated personnel in his or her school. During each school year all classroom teachers and certificated support personnel, hereinafter referred to as "employees" in this section, shall be observed for the purposes of evaluation at least twice in the performance of their assigned duties. Total observation time for each employee for each school year shall be not less than sixty minutes. Following each observation, or series of observations, the principal or other evaluator shall promptly document the results of the observation in writing, and shall provide the employee with a copy thereof within three days after such report is prepared. New employees shall be observed at least once for a total observation time of thirty minutes during the first ninety calendar days of their employment period.

At any time after October 15th, an employee whose work is judged unsatisfactory based on district evaluation criteria shall be notified in writing of the specific areas of deficiencies along with a reasonable program for improvement ((on or before February 1st of each year)). During the period of probation, the employee may not be transferred from the supervision of the original evaluator. Improvement of performance or probable cause for nonrenewal must occur and be documented by the original evaluator before any consideration of a request for transfer or reassignment as contemplated by either the individual or the school district. A probationary period of sixty school days shall be established ((beginning on or before February 1st and ending no later than May 1st)). The establishment of a probationary period does not adversely affect the contract status of an employee within the meaning of RCW 28A.405.300. The purpose of the probationary period is to give the employee opportunity to demonstrate improvements in his or her areas of deficiency. The establishment of the probationary period and the giving of the notice to the employee of deficiency shall be by the school district superintendent and need not be submitted to the board of directors for approval. During the probationary period the evaluator shall meet with the employee at least twice monthly to supervise and make a written evaluation of the progress, if any, made by the employee. The evaluator may authorize one additional certificated employee to evaluate the probationer and to aid the employee in improving his or her areas of deficiency; such additional certificated employee shall be immune from any civil liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed with regard to the good faith performance of such evaluation. The probationer may be
removed from probation if he or she has demonstrated improvement to the satisfaction of the principal in those areas specifically detailed in his or her initial notice of deficiency and subsequently detailed in his or her improvement program. Lack of necessary improvement (shall be) during the established probationary period, as specifically documented in writing with notification to the probationer and shall constitute grounds for a finding of probable cause under RCW 28A.405.300 or 28A.405.210.

Immediately following the completion of a probationary period that does not produce performance changes detailed in the initial notice of deficiencies and improvement program, the employee may be removed from his or her assignment and placed into an alternative assignment for the remainder of the school year. This reassignment may not displace another employee nor may it adversely affect the probationary employee’s compensation or benefits for the remainder of the employee’s contract year. If such reassignment is not possible, the district may, at its option, place the employee on paid leave for the balance of the contract term.

(2) Every board of directors shall establish evaluative criteria and procedures for all superintendents, principals, and other administrators. It shall be the responsibility of the district superintendent or his or her designee to evaluate all administrators. Such evaluation shall be based on the administrative position job description. Such criteria, when applicable, shall include at least the following categories: Knowledge of, experience in, and training in recognizing good professional performance, capabilities and development; school administration and management; school finance; professional preparation and scholarship; effort toward improvement when needed; interest in pupils, employees, patrons and subjects taught in school; leadership; and ability and performance of evaluation of school personnel.

(3) Each certificated employee shall have the opportunity for confidential conferences with his or her immediate supervisor on no less than two occasions in each school year. Such confidential conference shall have as its sole purpose the aiding of the administrator in his or her assessment of the employee’s professional performance.

(4) The failure of any evaluator to evaluate or supervise or cause the evaluation or supervision of certificated employees or administrators in accordance with this section, as now or hereafter amended, when it is his or her specific assigned or delegated responsibility to do so, shall be sufficient cause for the nonrenewal of any such evaluator’s contract under RCW 28A.405.210, or the discharge of such evaluator under RCW 28A.405.300.

(5) After an employee has four years of satisfactory evaluations under subsection (1) of this section, a school district may use a short form of evaluation, a locally bargained evaluation emphasizing professional growth, an evaluation under subsection (1) of this section, or any combination thereof. The short form of evaluation shall include either a thirty minute observation during the school year with a written summary or a final annual written evaluation based on the criteria in subsection (1) of this section and based on at least two observation periods during the school year totaling at least sixty minutes without a written summary of such observations being prepared. However, the evaluation process set forth in subsection (1) of this section shall be followed at least once every three years unless this time is extended by a local school district under the bargaining process set forth in chapter 41.59 RCW. The employee or evaluator may require that the evaluation process set forth in subsection (1) of this section be conducted in any given school year. No evaluation other than the evaluation authorized under subsection (1) of this section may be used as a basis for determining that an employee’s work is unsatisfactory under subsection (1) of this section or as probable cause for the nonrenewal of an employee’s contract under RCW 28A.405.210 unless an evaluation process developed under chapter 41.59 RCW determines otherwise.”

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.


Excused: Representatives Sterk and Veloria.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5341 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Revising authority of the Washington economic development authority to finance projects. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.163.090 and 1989 c 279 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
The authority shall adopt a general plan of economic development finance objectives to be implemented by the authority during the period of the plan. The authority may exercise the powers authorized under this chapter prior to the adoption of the initial plan. In developing the plan, the authority shall consider and set objectives for:

(1) Employment generation associated with the authority’s programs;
(2) The application of funds to sectors and regions of the state economy evidencing need for improved access to capital markets and funding resources;
(3) Geographic distribution of funds and programs available through the authority;
(4) Eligibility criteria for participants in authority programs;
(5) The use of funds and resources available from or through federal, state, local, and private sources and programs;
(6) Standards for economic viability and growth opportunities of participants in authority programs;
(7) New programs which serve a targeted need for financing assistance within the purposes of this chapter; and
(8) Opportunities to improve capital access as evidenced by programs existent in other states or as they are made possible by results of private capital market circumstances.

The authority shall, as part of the finance plan required under this section, develop an outreach and marketing plan designed to increase its financial services to distressed counties. As used in this section, "distressed counties" has the same meaning as distressed area in RCW 43.168.020.

At least one public hearing shall be conducted by the authority on the plan prior to its adoption. The plan shall be adopted by resolution of the authority no later than November 15, 1990. The plan shall be submitted to the chief clerk of the house of representatives and secretary of the senate for transmittal to and review by the appropriate standing committees no later than December 15, 1990. The authority shall periodically update the plan as determined necessary by the authority, but not less than once every two years. The plan or updated plan shall include a report on authority activities conducted since the commencement of authority operation or since the last plan was reported, whichever is more recent, including a statement of results achieved under the purposes of this chapter and the plan. Upon adoption, the authority shall conduct its programs in observance of the objectives established in the plan.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.163.210 and 1996 c 310 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
For the purpose of facilitating economic development in the state of Washington and encouraging the employment of Washington workers at meaningful wages:

(1) The authority may develop and conduct a program or programs to provide nonrecourse revenue bond financing ((for the project costs for no more than five economic development activities, per fiscal year, included under the authority’s general plan of economic development finance objectives. In addition, the authority may issue tax-exempt bonds to finance ten manufacturing or processing activities, per fiscal year, for which the total project cost is less than one million dollars per project)).

(2) The authority may ((also)) develop and conduct a program that will stimulate and encourage the development of new products within Washington state by the infusion of financial aid for invention and innovation in situations in which the financial aid would not otherwise be reasonably available from commercial sources. The authority is authorized to provide nonrecourse revenue bond financing for this program.
(a) For the purposes of this program, the authority shall have the following powers and duties:

(i) To enter into financing agreements with eligible persons doing business in Washington state, upon terms and on conditions consistent with the purposes of this chapter, for the advancement of financial and other assistance to the persons for the development of specific products, procedures, and techniques, to be developed and produced in this state, and to condition the agreements upon contractual assurances that the benefits of increasing or maintaining employment and tax revenues shall remain in this state and accrue to it;

(ii) Own, possess, and take license in patents, copyrights, and proprietary processes and negotiate and enter into contracts and establish charges for the use of the patents, copyrights, and proprietary processes when the patents and licenses for products result from assistance provided by the authority;

(iii) Negotiate royalty payments to the authority on patents and licenses for products arising as a result of assistance provided by the authority;

(iv) Negotiate and enter into other types of contracts with eligible persons that assure that public benefits will result from the provision of services by the authority; provided that the contracts are consistent with the state Constitution;

(v) Encourage and provide technical assistance to eligible persons in the process of developing new products;

(vi) Refer eligible persons to researchers or laboratories for the purpose of testing and evaluating new products, processes, or innovations; and

(vii) To the extent permitted under its contract with eligible persons, to consent to a termination, modification, forgiveness, or other change of a term of a contractual right, payment, royalty, contract, or agreement of any kind to which the authority is a party.

(b) Eligible persons seeking financial and other assistance under this program shall forward an application, together with an application fee prescribed by rule, to the authority. An investigation and report concerning the advisability of approving an application for assistance shall be completed by the staff of the authority. The investigation and report may include, but is not limited to, facts about the company under consideration as its history, wage standards, job opportunities, stability of employment, past and present financial condition and structure, pro forma income statements, present and future markets and prospects, integrity of management as well as the feasibility of the proposed product and invention to be granted financial aid, including the state of development of the product as well as the likelihood of its commercial feasibility. After receipt and consideration of the report set out in this subsection and after other action as is deemed appropriate, the application shall be approved or denied by the authority. The applicant shall be promptly notified of action by the authority. In making the decision as to approval or denial of an application, priority shall be given to those persons operating or planning to operate businesses of special importance to Washington’s economy, including, but not limited to: (i) Existing resource-based industries of agriculture, forestry, and fisheries; (ii) existing advanced technology industries of electronics, computer and instrument manufacturing, computer software, and information and design; and (iii) emerging industries such as environmental technology, biotechnology, biomedical sciences, materials sciences, and optics.

(3) The authority may also develop and implement, if authorized by the legislature, such other economic development financing programs adopted in future general plans of economic development finance objectives developed under RCW 43.163.090.

(4) The authority may not issue any bonds for the programs authorized under this section after June 30, 2000.

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, McDonald and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SSB 5348 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Adding additional circumstances for the commission of aggravated first degree murder. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Dickerson.

Voting Nay: Representative Dickerson.
Excused: Representatives Benson and Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5361 Prime Sponsor, Senator Wood: Regulating charter use of Washington state ferries. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that when established route operations and normal user requirements are not disrupted Washington state ferries may be used for the transportation of hazardous materials under the chartering procedures and rates described in section 2 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 47.60 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The charter use of Washington State Ferry vessels when established route operations and normal user requirements are not disrupted is permissible.
(2) Consistent with the policy as established in subsection (1) of this section, the general manager of the Washington State Ferries may approve agreements for the chartering of Washington State Ferry vessels to groups or individuals, including hazardous material transporters, in accordance with the following:
(a) Vessels may be committed to charter only when established route operation and normal user requirements are not disrupted or inconvenienced. If a vessel is engaged in the transport of hazardous materials, the transporter shall pay for all legs necessary to complete the charter, even if the vessel is simultaneously engaged in an operational voyage on behalf of Washington state ferries.
(b) Charter rates for vessels must be established at actual vessel operating costs plus fifty percent of such actual costs rounded to the nearest fifty dollars. Actual vessel operating costs include, but are not limited to, all labor, fuel, and vessel maintenance costs incurred due to the charter agreement, including deadheading and standby.
(c) Recognizing the need for stabilized charter rates in order to encourage use of vessels, rates must be established and revised July 1st of each year and must remain fixed for a one-year period unless actual vessel operating costs increase five percent or more within that year, in which case the charter rates must be revised in accordance with (b) of this subsection.
(d) All charter agreements must be in writing and substantially in the form of (e) of this subsection and available, with calculations, for inspection by the legislature and the public.
(e) Parties chartering Washington State Ferry vessels shall comply with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations during the charter voyage, and failure to so comply is cause for immediate termination of the charter voyage.

"CHARTER CRUISE AGREEMENT
On this . . . . day of . . . . . . . , Washington State Ferries (WSF) and . . . . . . . , hereinafter called Lessee, enter into this agreement for rental of a ferry vessel for the purpose of a charter voyage to be held on . . . . . . . , the parties agree as follows:

1. WSF agrees to supply the vessel . . . . . (subject to change) for the use of the Lessee from the period from . . . . . to . . . . . on . . . . . (date).

2. The maximum number of passengers; or in the case of hazardous materials transports, trucks and trailers; that will be accommodated on the assigned vessel is . . . . . . This number MAY NOT be exceeded.

3. The voyage will originate at . . . . . , and the route of travel during the voyage will be as follows:

4. The charge for the above voyage is . . . . . dollars ($ . . . ) plus a property damage deposit of $350 for a total price of $ . . . . , to be paid by cashier’s check three working days before the date of the voyage at the offices of the WSF at Seattle Ferry Terminal, Pier 52, Seattle, Washington, 98104. The Lessee remains responsible for property damage in excess of $350.

5. WSF is responsible only for the navigational operation of the chartered ferry and in no way is responsible for directing voyage activities, providing equipment, or any food service.

6. Other than for hazardous materials transport, the voyage activities must be conducted exclusively on the passenger decks of the assigned ferry. Voyage patrons will not be permitted to enter the pilot house or the engine room, nor shall the vehicle decks be used for any purpose other than loading or unloading of voyage patrons or hazardous materials.

7. If the Lessee or any of the voyage patrons will possess or consume alcoholic beverages aboard the vessel, the Lessee must obtain the appropriate licenses or permits from the Washington State Liquor Control Board. The Lessee must furnish copies of any necessary licenses or permits to WSF at the same time payment for the voyage is made. Failure to comply with applicable laws, rules, and regulations of appropriate State and Federal agencies is cause for immediate termination of the voyage, and WSF shall retain all payments made as liquidated damages.

8. WSF is not obligated to provide shoreside parking for the vehicles belonging to voyage patrons.

9. The Lessee recognizes that the primary function of the WSF is for the cross-Sound transportation of the public and the maintaining of the existing schedule. The Lessee recognizes therefore the right of WSF to cancel a voyage commitment without liability to the Lessee due to unforeseen circumstances or events that require the use of the chartered vessel on its scheduled route operations. In the event of such a cancellation, WSF agrees to refund the entire amount of the charter fee to the Lessee.

10. The Lessee agrees to hold WSF harmless from, and shall process and defend at its own expense, all claims, demands, or suits at law or equity, of whatever nature brought against WSF arising in whole or in part from the performance of provisions of this agreement. This indemnity provision does not require the Lessee to defend or indemnify WSF against any action based solely on the alleged negligence of WSF.

11. This writing is the full agreement between the parties.

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . WASHINGTON STATE FERRIES
By: ............ By: ............... General Manager"

Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representative Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SB 5499 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Defining when an assault on a bus driver constitutes assault in the third degree. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SSB 5511 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Modifying provisions relating to retention of reports of child abuse or neglect. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 3, after line 12, insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 26.44.020 and 1996 c 178 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
For the purpose of and as used in this chapter:
(1) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, juvenile department.
(2) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff.
(3) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" shall include a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That a person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian
Science practitioner shall not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.

(4) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment or care.

(5) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.

(6) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.

(7) "Professional school personnel" shall include, but not be limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.

(8) "Social service counselor" shall mean anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support or education of children, or providing social services to adults or families, including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee of any public or private organization or institution.

(9) "Psychologist" shall mean any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(10) "Pharmacist" shall mean any registered pharmacist under the provisions of chapter 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(11) "Clergy" shall mean any regularly licensed or ordained minister, priest or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(12) "Abuse or neglect" shall mean the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person by any person under circumstances which indicate that the child's or adult's health, welfare, and safety is harmed. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined herein.

(13) "Child protective services section" shall mean the child protective services section of the department.

(14) "Adult dependent persons" shall be defined as those persons over the age of eighteen years who have been found to be legally incompetent or disabled pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW.

(15) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any person.

(16) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or omission which evidences a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to the child's health, welfare, and safety.

(17) "Developmentally disabled person" means a person who has a disability defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

(18) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard the general welfare of such children and shall include investigations of child abuse and neglect reports, including reports regarding child care centers and family child care homes, and the development, management, and provision of or referral to services to ameliorate conditions which endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary programs and services relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.

(19) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an evil intent, wish, or design to vex, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in wilful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a wilful disregard of social duty.

(20) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a "sexually aggressive youth."
(21) "Information determined to be unfounded" means information related to the allegations in a child protective services referral for which there is reasonable cause for the social worker to believe, based on a child protective services investigation, that the allegations are untrue or that sufficient evidence exists to reasonably conclude that the child has not been abused or neglected nor is at risk of abuse or neglect."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SB 5538 Prime Sponsor, Senator Long: Requiring permission before disclosing the address of a child victim or witness or the address of a parent of a child victim or witness. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 12, after "child victim" strike "or" and insert "and"
On page 2, line 31, after "child victim" strike "," and insert ",((\_)) or"
On page 2, line 31, after "child witness," insert "and the"
On page 2, line 31, after "parents" strike "," and insert "((\_))"
On page 2, line 31, after "legal guardians" insert "of the child victim or witness"
On page 1, line 13, after "to" insert "the court,"
On page 2, line 32, after "except" insert "the court,"

Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, O'Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SSB 5539 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Changing accident report requirements. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"Sec. 2. RCW 46.52.030 and 1996 c 183 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Unless a report is to be made by a law enforcement officer under subsection (3) of this section, the driver of any vehicle involved in an accident resulting in injury to or death of any person or damage to the property of any one person to an apparent extent equal to or greater than the minimum amount established by rule adopted by the chief of the Washington state patrol in accordance with subsection (5) of this section, shall, within (twenty-four hours) four days after such accident, make a written report of such accident to the chief of police of the city or town if such accident occurred within an incorporated city or town or the county sheriff or state patrol if such accident occurred outside incorporated cities and towns. Nothing in this subsection prohibits accident reports from being filed by drivers where damage to property is less than the minimum amount or where a law enforcement officer has submitted a report.

(2) The original of the report shall be immediately forwarded by the authority receiving the report to the chief of the Washington state patrol at Olympia, Washington. The Washington state patrol shall give the department of licensing full access to the report.

(3) Any law enforcement officer who investigates an accident for which a ((driver’s)) report is required under subsection (1) of this section shall submit an investigator’s report as required by RCW 46.52.070.

(4) The chief of the Washington state patrol may require any driver of any vehicle involved in an accident, of which report must be made as provided in this section, to file supplemental reports whenever the original report in ((his)) the chief's opinion is insufficient, and may likewise require witnesses of any such accident to render reports. For this purpose, the chief of the Washington state patrol shall prepare and, upon request, supply to any police department, coroner, sheriff, and any other suitable agency or individual, sample forms of accident reports required hereunder, which reports shall be upon a form devised by the chief of the Washington state patrol and shall call for sufficiently detailed information to disclose all material facts with reference to the accident to be reported thereon, including the location, the (cause) circumstances, the conditions then existing, the persons and vehicles involved, the insurance information required under RCW 46.30.030, personal injury or death, if any, the amounts of property damage claimed, the total number of vehicles involved, whether the vehicles were legally parked, legally standing, or moving, and whether such vehicles were occupied at the time of the accident. Every required accident report shall be on a form prescribed by the chief of the Washington state patrol and each authority charged with the duty of receiving such reports shall provide sufficient report forms in compliance with the form devised. The report forms shall be designated so as to provide that a copy may be retained by the reporting person.

(5) The chief of the Washington state patrol shall adopt rules establishing the accident-reporting threshold for property damage accidents. Beginning October 1, 1987, the accident-reporting threshold for property damage accidents shall be five hundred dollars. The accident-reporting threshold for property damage accidents shall be revised when necessary, but not more frequently than every two years. The revisions shall only be for the purpose of recognizing economic changes as reflected by an inflationary index recommended by the office of financial management. The revisions shall be guided by the change in the index for the time period since the last revision.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

SSB 5578 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Concerning the placement and custody of at-risk youth. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; and Carrell.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Nay: Representatives Boldt, Bush and Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SSB 5612 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Providing qualifications for granting certificates of registration to architects. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SB 5672 Prime Sponsor, Senator Strannigan: Authorizing drug-free zones around public housing authority facilities. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.


Excused: Representatives Benson and Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 4. RCW 18.140.010 and 1996 c 182 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

1. "Appraisal" means the act or process of estimating value; an estimate of value; or of or pertaining to appraising and related functions.

2. "Appraisal report" means any communication, written or oral, of an appraisal, review, or consulting service in accordance with the standards of professional conduct or practice, adopted by the director, that is transmitted to the client upon completion of an assignment.

3. "Appraisal assignment" means an engagement for which an appraiser is employed or retained to act, or would be perceived by third parties or the public as acting, as a disinterested third party in rendering an unbiased analysis, opinion, or conclusion relating to the value of specified interests in, or aspects of, identified real estate. The term "appraisal assignment" may apply to valuation work and analysis work.

4. "Brokers price opinion" means an oral or written report of property value that is prepared by a real estate broker or salesperson licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW (for listing, sale, purchase, or rental purposes).

5. "Certified appraisal" means an appraisal prepared or signed by a state-certified real estate appraiser. A certified appraisal represents to the public that it meets the appraisal standards defined in this chapter.

6. "Client" means any party for whom an appraiser performs a service.

7. "Committee" means the real estate appraiser advisory committee of the state of Washington.

8. "Comparative market analysis" means a brokers price opinion.

9. "Department" means the department of licensing.

10. "Director" means the director of the department of licensing.

11. "Expert review appraiser" means a state-certified or state-licensed real estate appraiser chosen by the director for the purpose of providing appraisal review assistance to the director.

12. "Federal department" means an executive department of the United States of America specifically concerned with housing finance issues, such as the department of housing and urban development, the department of veterans affairs, or their legal federal successors.

13. "Federal financial institutions regulatory agency" means the board of governors of the federal reserve system, the federal deposit insurance corporation, the office of the comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift supervision, the national credit union administration, their successors and/or such other agencies as may be named in future amendments to 12 U.S.C. Sec. 3350(6).

14. "Federal secondary mortgage marketing agency" means the federal national mortgage association, the government national mortgage association, the federal home loan mortgage corporation, their successors and/or such other similarly functioning housing finance agencies as may be federally chartered in the future.

15. "Federally related transaction" means any real estate-related financial transaction that the federal financial institutions regulatory agency or the resolution trust corporation engages in, contracts for, or regulates; and that requires the services of an appraiser.

16. "Financial institution" means any person doing business under the laws of this state or the United States relating to banks, bank holding companies, savings banks, trust companies, savings and loan associations, credit unions, consumer loan companies, and the affiliates, subsidiaries, and service corporations thereof.
(17) "Licensed appraisal" means an appraisal prepared or signed by a state-licensed real estate appraiser. A licensed appraisal represents to the public that it meets the appraisal standards defined in this chapter.

(18) "Mortgage broker" for the purpose of this chapter means a mortgage broker licensed under chapter 19.146 RCW, any mortgage broker approved and subject to audit by the federal national mortgage association, the government national mortgage association, or the federal home loan mortgage corporation as provided in RCW 19.146.020, any mortgage broker approved by the United States secretary of housing and urban development for participation in any mortgage insurance under the national housing act, 12 U.S.C. Sec. 1201, and the affiliates, subsidiaries, and service corporations thereof.

(19) "Real estate" means an identified parcel or tract of land, including improvements, if any.

(20) "Real estate-related financial transaction" means any transaction involving:
(a) The sale, lease, purchase, investment in, or exchange of real property, including interests in property, or the financing thereof;
(b) The refinancing of real property or interests in real property; and
(c) The use of real property or interests in property as security for a loan or investment, including mortgage-backed securities.

(21) "Real property" means one or more defined interests, benefits, or rights inherent in the ownership of real estate.

(22) "Review" means the act or process of critically studying an appraisal report prepared by another.

(23) "Specialized appraisal services" means all appraisal services which do not fall within the definition of appraisal assignment. The term "specialized appraisal service" may apply to valuation work and to analysis work. Regardless of the intention of the client or employer, if the appraiser would be perceived by third parties or the public as acting as a disinterested third party in rendering an unbiased analysis, opinion, or conclusion, the work is classified as an appraisal assignment and not a specialized appraisal service.

(24) "State-certified general real estate appraiser" means a person certified by the director to develop and communicate real estate appraisals of all types of property. A state-certified general real estate appraiser may designate or identify an appraisal rendered by him or her as a "certified appraisal.

(25) "State-certified residential real estate appraiser" means a person certified by the director to develop and communicate real estate appraisals of all types of residential property of one to four units without regard to transaction value or complexity and nonresidential property having a transaction value as specified in rules adopted by the director. A state certified residential real estate appraiser may designate or identify an appraisal rendered by him or her as a "certified appraisal.

(26) "State-licensed real estate appraiser" means a person licensed by the director to develop and communicate real estate appraisals of noncomplex one to four residential units and complex one to four residential units and nonresidential property having transaction values as specified in rules adopted by the director.

Sec. 5. RCW 18.140.020 and 1996 c 182 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No person other than a state-certified or state-licensed real estate appraiser may receive compensation of any form for a real estate appraisal or an appraisal review. However, compensation may be provided for brokers price opinions prepared by a real estate licensee, licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW.

(2) No person, other than a state-certified or state-licensed real estate appraiser, may assume or use that title or any title, designation, or abbreviation likely to create the impression of certification or licensure as a real estate appraiser by this state.

(3) A person who is not certified or licensed under this chapter shall not prepare any appraisal of real estate located in this state, except as provided under subsection (1) of this section.

(4) This section does not preclude a staff employee of a governmental entity from performing an appraisal or an appraisal assignment within the scope of his or her employment insofar as the
performance of official duties for the governmental entity are concerned. Such an activity for the benefit of the governmental entity is exempt from the requirements of this chapter.

(5) This chapter does not preclude an individual person licensed by the state of Washington as a real estate broker or as a real estate salesperson (and who performs) from issuing a brokers price opinion (as a service to a prospective seller, buyer, lessor, or lessee as the only intended user, and not for dissemination to a third party, within the scope of his or her employment or agency. Such an activity for the sole benefit of the prospective seller, buyer, lessor, or lessee is exempt from the requirements of this chapter). However, if the brokers price opinion is written, or given as evidence in any legal proceeding, and is issued to a person who is not a prospective seller, buyer, lessor, or lessee as the only intended user, then the brokers price opinion shall contain a statement, in an obvious location within the written document or specifically and affirmatively in spoken testimony, that substantially states: "This brokers price opinion is not an appraisal as defined in chapter 18.140 RCW and has been prepared by a real estate licensee, licensed under chapter 18.85 RCW, who . . . . . (is/is not) also state certified or state licensed as a real estate appraiser under chapter 18.140 RCW." However, the brokers price opinion issued under this subsection may not be used as an appraisal in conjunction with a federally related transaction.

(6) This section does not apply to an appraisal or an appraisal review performed for a financial institution or mortgage broker (whether conducted) by an employee (or third party), when such appraisal or appraisal review is not required to be performed by a state-certified or state-licensed real estate appraiser by the appropriate federal financial institutions regulatory agency.

(7) This section does not apply to an attorney licensed to practice law in this state or to a certified public accountant, as defined in RCW 18.04.025, who evaluates real property in the normal scope of his or her professional services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

ESSB 5762 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Benefitting the equine industry.
Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that Washington's equine racing industry creates economic, environmental, and recreational impacts across the state affecting agriculture, horse breeding, the horse training industry, agricultural fairs and youth programs, and tourism and employment opportunities. The Washington equine industry has incurred a financial decline coinciding with increased competition from the gaming industry in the state and from the lack of a class 1 racing facility in western Washington from 1993 through 1995. This act is necessary to preserve, restore, and revitalize the equine breeding and racing industries and to preserve in Washington the economic and
social impacts associated with these industries. Preserving Washington's equine breeding and racing industries, and in particular those sectors of the industries that are dependent upon live horse racing, is in the public interest of the state. The purpose of this act is to preserve Washington's equine breeding and racing industries and to protect these industries from adverse economic impacts. This act does not establish a new form of gaming in Washington or allow expanded gaming within the state beyond what has been previously authorized. Simulcast wagering has been allowed in Washington before the effective date of this act. Therefore, this act does not allow gaming of any nature or scope that was prohibited before the effective date of this act.

Sec. 2. RCW 67.16.050 and 1985 c 146 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
Every person making application for license to hold a race meet, under the provisions of this chapter shall file an application with the commission which shall set forth the time, the place, the number of days such meet will continue, and such other information as the commission may require. The commission shall be the sole judge of whether or not the race meet shall be licensed and the number of days the meet shall continue. No person who has been convicted of any crime involving moral turpitude shall be issued a license, nor shall any license be issued to any person who has violated the terms or provisions of this chapter, or any of the rules and regulations of the commission made pursuant thereto, or who has failed to pay to the commission any or all sums required under the provisions of this chapter. The license shall specify the number of days the race meet shall continue and the number of races per day, which shall (be) include not less than six nor more than eleven live races per day, and for which a fee shall be paid daily in advance of five hundred dollars for each live race day for those (meets) licensees which had gross receipts from parimutuel machines in excess of fifty million dollars in the previous year and two hundred dollars for each day for meets which had gross receipts from parimutuel machines at or below fifty million dollars in the previous year; in addition any newly authorized live race meets shall pay two hundred dollars per day for the first year: PROVIDED, That if unforeseen obstacles arise, which prevent the holding, or completion of any race meet, the license fee for the meet, or for a portion which cannot be held may be refunded the licensee, if the commission deems the reasons for failure to hold or complete the race meet sufficient. Any unexpired license held by any person who violates any of the provisions of this chapter, or any of the rules or regulations of the commission made pursuant thereto, or who fails to pay to the commission any and all sums required under the provisions of this chapter, shall be subject to cancellation and revocation by the commission. Such cancellation shall be made only after a summary hearing before the commission, of which three days' notice, in writing, shall be given the licensee, specifying the grounds for the proposed cancellation, and at which hearing the licensee shall be given an opportunity to be heard in opposition to the proposed cancellation.

Sec. 3. RCW 67.16.105 and 1995 c 173 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Licensees of race meets that are nonprofit in nature, are of ten days or less, and have an average daily handle of one hundred twenty thousand dollars or less shall withhold and pay to the commission daily for each authorized day of racing one-half percent of the daily gross receipts from all parimutuel machines at each race meet.
(2) Licensees (of race meets) that do not fall under subsection (1) of this section shall withhold and pay to the commission (daily for each authorized day of racing) the following applicable percentage of all daily gross receipts from (its in-state parimutuel machines (at each race meet)):
(a) If the daily gross receipts of all its in-state parimutuel machines are more than two hundred fifty thousand dollars, the licensee shall withhold and pay to the commission daily two and one-half percent of the daily gross receipts; and
(b) If the daily gross receipts of all its in-state parimutuel machines are two hundred fifty thousand dollars or less, the licensee shall withhold and pay to the commission daily one percent of the daily gross receipts.
(3) In addition to those amounts in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, (all) a licensees(s) shall forward one-tenth of one percent of the daily gross receipts of all its in-state parimutuel machines to the commission (daily) for payment to those nonprofit race meets as set forth in RCW 67.16.130 and subsection (1) of this section, but said percentage shall not be charged against the licensee's...
total of such payments shall not exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars in any one year and any amount in excess of one hundred fifty thousand dollars shall be remitted to the general fund).

Payments to nonprofit race meets under this subsection shall be distributed on a pro rata per-race-day basis and used only for purses at race tracks that have been operating under RCW 67.16.130 and subsection (1) of this section for the five consecutive years immediately preceding the year of payment.

In addition to those sums paid to the commission in subsection (2) of this section, licensees who are nonprofit corporations and have race meets of thirty days or more shall retain and dedicate: (a) An amount equal to one and one quarter percent of the daily gross receipts of all parimutuel machines at each race meet to be used solely for the purpose of increasing purses; and (b) an amount equal to one and one quarter percent of the daily gross receipts of all parimutuel machines at each race meet to be deposited in an escrow or trust account and used solely for construction of a new thoroughbred race track facility in western Washington. Said percentages shall come from that amount the licensee is authorized to retain under RCW 67.16.170(2). The commission shall adopt such rules as may be necessary to enforce this subsection.

In the event the new race track is not constructed before January 1, 2001, all funds including interest, remaining in the escrow or trust account established in subsection (4) of this section, shall revert to the state general fund.)

Sec. 4. RCW 67.16.200 and 1991 c 270 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A racing association licensed by the commission to conduct a race meet may seek approval from the commission to conduct parimutuel wagering on its program at a satellite location or locations within the state of Washington. The sale of parimutuel pools at satellite locations shall be conducted only during the licensee’s race meet and simultaneous to all parimutuel wagering activity conducted at the licensee’s live racing facility in the state of Washington. The commission’s authority to approve satellite wagering at a particular location is subject to the following limitations:

(a) The commission may approve only one satellite location in each county in the state; however, the commission may grant approval for more than one licensee to conduct wagering at each satellite location.

(b) The commission shall not allow a licensee to conduct satellite wagering at a satellite location within twenty ground miles of the licensee’s racing facility. For purposes of this section, "ground miles" means miles measured from point to point in a straight line.

(c)(i) The commission may allow a licensee to conduct satellite wagering at a satellite location within fifty ground miles of the racing facility of another licensee who conducts race meets of thirty days or more, but only if the satellite location is the racing facility of another licensee who conducts race meets of thirty days or more and only if the licensee seeking to conduct satellite wagering suspends its program during the conduct of the meets of all licensees within fifty ground miles; except that the commission may allow a licensee that conducts satellite wagering at another track, pursuant to this subsection, to use other satellite locations, used by that track with the approval of the owner of that track, even though those satellite locations are within a fifty ground mile radius.

(ii) Subject to subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section, the commission may allow a licensee to conduct satellite wagering at a satellite location within fifty ground miles of the racing facility of another licensee who conducts race meets of under thirty days, but only if the licensee seeking to conduct satellite wagering suspends its satellite program during the conduct of the meets of all licensees within fifty ground miles). A satellite location shall not be operated within twenty driving miles of any class 1 racing facility. For the purposes of this section, "driving miles" means miles measured by the most direct route as determined by the commission; and

(b) A licensee shall not conduct satellite wagering at any satellite location within sixty driving miles of any other racing facility conducting a live race meet.

(2) Subject to local zoning and other land use ordinances, the commission shall be the sole judge of whether approval to conduct wagering at a satellite location shall be granted.

(3) The licensee shall combine the parimutuel pools of the satellite location with those of the racing facility for the purpose of determining odds and computing payoffs. The amount wagered at the satellite location shall be combined with the amount wagered at the racing facility for the application of take out formulas and distribution as provided in RCW 67.16.102, 67.16.105, 67.16.170, and
67.16.175. A satellite extension of the licensee’s racing facility shall be subject to the same application of the rules of racing as the licensee’s racing facility.

(4) Upon written application to the commission, a class 1 racing association may be authorized to transmit simulcasts of live horse races conducted at its racetrack to locations outside of the state of Washington approved by the commission and in accordance with the interstate horse racing act of 1978 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 3001 to 3007) or any other applicable laws. The commission may permit parimutuel pools on the simulcast races to be combined in a common pool. A racing association that transmits simulcasts of its races to locations outside this state shall pay at least fifty percent of the fee that it receives for sale of the simulcast signal to the horsemen’s purse account for its live races after first deducting the actual cost of sending the signal out of state.

(5) Upon written application to the commission, a class 1 racing association may be authorized to transmit simulcasts of live horse races conducted at its racetrack to licensed racing associations located within the state of Washington and approved by the commission for the receipt of the simulcasts. The commission shall permit parimutuel pools on the simulcast races to be combined in a common pool. The fee for in-state, track-to-track simulcasts shall be five and one-half percent of the gross parimutuel receipts generated at the receiving location and payable to the sending racing association. A racing association that transmits simulcasts of its races to other licensed racing associations shall pay at least fifty percent of the fee that it receives for the simulcast signal to the horsemen’s purse account for its live race meet after first deducting the actual cost of sending the simulcast signal. A racing association that receives races simulcast from class 1 racing associations within the state shall pay at least fifty percent of its share of the parimutuel receipts to the horsemen’s purse account for its live race meet after first deducting the purchase price and the actual direct costs of importing the race.

(6) A class 1 racing association may be allowed to import simulcasts of horse races from out-of-state racing facilities. With the prior approval of the commission, the class 1 racing association may participate in an interstate common pool and may change its commission and breakage rates to achieve a common rate with other participants in the common pool.

(a) The class 1 racing association shall make written application with the commission for permission to import simulcast horse races for the purpose of parimutuel wagering. Subject to the terms of this section, the commission is the sole authority in determining whether to grant approval for an imported simulcast race.

(b) During the conduct of its race meeting, a class 1 racing association may be allowed to import no more than one simulcast race card program during each live race day. A licensed racing association may also be approved to import one simulcast race of regional or national interest on each live race day. A class 1 racing association may be permitted to import two simulcast programs on two nonlive race days per each week during its live meet. A licensee shall not operate parimutuel wagering on more than five days per week. Parimutuel wagering on imported simulcast programs shall only be conducted at the live racing facility of a class 1 racing association.

(c) The commission may allow simulcast races of regional or national interest to be sent to satellite locations. The simulcasts shall be limited to one per day except for Breeder’s Cup special events day.

(d) When open for parimutuel wagering, a class 1 racing association which imports simulcast races shall also conduct simulcast parimutuel wagering within its licensed racing enclosure on all races simulcast from other class 1 racing associations within the state of Washington.

(e) When not conducting a live race meeting, a class 1 racing association may be approved to conduct simulcast parimutuel wagering on imported simulcast races. The conduct of simulcast parimutuel wagering on the simulcast races shall be for not more than twelve hours during any twenty-four hour period, for not more than five days per week and only at its live racing facility.

(f) On any imported simulcast race, the class 1 racing association shall pay fifty percent of its share of the parimutuel receipts to the horsemen’s purse account for its live race meet after first deducting the purchase price of the imported race and the actual costs of importing the race.

(7) For purposes of this section, a class 1 racing association is defined as a licensee approved by the commission which conducts during each twelve-month period at least forty days of live racing
within four successive calendar months. The commission may by rule increase the number of live racing days required to maintain class 1 racing association status.

(8) This section does not establish a new form of gaming in Washington or allow expanded gaming within the state beyond what has been previously authorized. Simulcast wagering has been allowed in Washington before the effective date of this act. Therefore, this section does not allow gaming of any nature or scope that was prohibited before the effective date of this act. This section is necessary to protect the Washington equine breeding and racing industries, and in particular those sectors of these industries that are dependent upon live horse racing. The purpose of this section is to protect these industries from adverse economic impacts and to promote fan attendance at class 1 racing facilities. Therefore, imported simulcast race card programs shall not be disseminated to any location outside the live racing facility of the class 1 racing association and a class 1 racing association is strictly prohibited from simulcasting imported race card programs to any location outside its live racing facility.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 67.16.190 and 1985 c 146 s 12 & 1981 c 70 s 3; and
(2) RCW 67.16.250 and 1994 c 159 s 3 & 1991 c 270 s 12.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; Mason and McDonald.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, Mason, and McDonald.
Voting Nay: Representatives Veloria and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SB 5871 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Redefining law enforcement officer to include a port district officer. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Costa, Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representative Costa.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
April 3, 1997

SB 5925 Prime Sponsor, Senator West: Conditioning the use of college credits for the teachers’ salary schedule. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SSB 5965 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Providing for changes in agency experience ratings for industrial insurance. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 51.44.170 and 1991 sp.s. c 13 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:

The industrial insurance premium refund account is created in the custody of the treasurer. All industrial insurance refunds earned by state agencies or institutions of higher education under the state fund retrospective rating program shall be deposited into the account. The account is subject to the allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for expenditures from the account. Only the executive head of the agency or institution of higher education, or designee, may authorize expenditures from the account. No agency or institution of higher education may make an expenditure from the account for an amount greater than the refund earned by the agency. If the agency or institution of higher education has staff dedicated to workers' compensation claims management, expenditures from the account must be used to pay for that staff, but additional expenditure from the account may be used for any program within an agency or institution of higher education that promotes or provides incentives for employee workplace safety and health and early, appropriate return-to-work for injured employees.

Sec. 2. 1990 c 204 s 1 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that workplace safety in state employment is of paramount importance in maintaining a productive and committed state work force. The legislature also finds that recognition in state agencies and institutions of higher education of industrial insurance programs that provide safe working environments and promote early return-to-work for injured employees will encourage agencies and institutions of higher education to develop these programs. A purpose of this act is to provide incentives for agencies and institutions of higher education to participate in industrial insurance safety programs and return-to-work programs by authorizing use of the industrial insurance premium refunds earned by agencies or institutions of higher education participating in industrial insurance retrospective rating programs. Since agency and institution of higher education retrospective rating refunds are generated from safety performance and cannot be set at predictable levels determined by the budget process, the incentive awards should not impact an agency's or institution of higher education's legislatively approved budget."

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 6063 Prime Sponsor, Senator Strannigan: Adopting the capital budget. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget.

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A capital budget is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions set forth in this act, the several dollar amounts hereinafter specified, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated and authorized to be incurred for capital projects during the period ending June 30, 1999, out of the several funds specified in this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. As used in this act, the following phrases have the following meanings:

"Aquatic Lands Acct" means the Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account;
"Cap Bldg Constr Acct" means Capitol Building Construction Account;
"Capital improvements" or "capital projects" means acquisition of sites, easements, rights of way, or improvements thereon and appurtenances thereto, design, engineering, legal services, construction and initial equipment, reconstruction, demolition, or major alterations of new or presently owned capital assets;
"CEP & RI Acct" means Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory Institutions Account;
"Common School Constr Fund" means Common School Construction Fund;
"CWU Cap Proj Acct" means Central Washington University Capital Projects Account;
"EWU Cap Proj Acct" means Eastern Washington University Capital Projects Account;
"For Dev Acct" means Forest Development Account;
"H Ed Constr Acct" means Higher Education Construction Account;
"LIRA" means State and Local Improvement Revolving Account--Waste Disposal Facilities;
"LIRA, Water Sup Fac" means State and Local Improvements Revolving Account--Water Supply Facilities;
"Lapse" or "revert" means the amount shall return to an unappropriated status;
"Nat Res Prop Repl Acct" means Natural Resources Real Property Replacement Account;
"NOVA" means the Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program Account;
"ORA" means Outdoor Recreation Account;
"Provided solely" means the specified amount may be spent only for the specified purpose. Unless otherwise specifically authorized in this act, any portion of an amount provided solely for a specified purpose which is unnecessary to fulfill the specified purpose shall lapse;
"Pub Fac Constr Loan Rev Acct" means Public Facility Construction Loan Revolving Account;
"Public Safety Reimb Bond" means Public Safety Reimbursable Bond Account;
"Rec Fisheries Enh Acct" means Recreational Fisheries Enhancement Account;
"Spec Wildlife Acct" means Special Wildlife Account;
"St Bldg Constr Acct" means State Building Construction Account;
"State Emerg Water Proj Rev" means State Emergency Water Projects Revolving Account;
"TESC Cap Proj Acct" means The Evergreen State College Capital Projects Account;
"Thurston County Cap Fac Acct" means Thurston County Capital Facilities Account;
"UW Bldg Acct" means University of Washington Building Account; 
"WASHINGTON Housing Trust Acct" means Washington Housing Trust Account; 
"WASHINGTON St Dev Loan Acct" means Washington State Development Loan Account; 
"Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund" means Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund; 
"WSU Bldg Acct" means Washington State University Building Account; and 
"WWU Cap Proj Acct" means Western Washington University Capital Projects Account. 
Numbers shown in parentheses refer to project identifier codes established by the office of financial management.

PART 1
GENERAL GOVERNMENT

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. FOR THE COURT OF APPEALS
Spokane Division III: Remodel and addition (98-1-001)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,499,980
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $2,499,980

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
Birch Bay Records Storage: Asbestos abatement (94-1-002)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $50,000

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $150,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $200,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
Puget Sound Archives Building (94-2-003)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $5,969,041
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $771,084
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $6,740,125

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
Eastern Branch Archives Building--Design (98-2-001)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,042

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $521,417
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $56,158
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $4,176,493

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TOTAL $4,756,110

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$4,000,000 from the new appropriation from the public works assistance account shall be deposited in the public facilities construction loan revolving account, and is hereby appropriated from the public facilities construction loan revolving account to the department of community, trade, and economic development for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the community economic revitalization program under chapter 43.160 RCW. The moneys from the new appropriation from the public works assistance account shall be used solely to provide loans to eligible local governments and shall not be used for grants. The department shall ensure that all principal and interest payments from loans made from moneys from the new appropriation from the public works assistance account are paid into the public works assistance account.

Community economic revitalization (86-1-001)

Reappropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $222,039
- Public Works Assistance Account--State $4,481,071
- Pub Fac Constr Loan Rev Acct--State $70,508

Subtotal Reappropriation $4,773,618

Appropriation:

- Pub Fac Constr Loan Acct--State $6,000,000
- Public Works Assistance Account--State $4,000,000

Subtotal Appropriation $10,000,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $15,242,633
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $36,000,000

TOTAL $66,016,251

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Development loan fund (88-2-002)

Reappropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,208,001
- WASHINGTON St Dev Loan Acct--Federal $166,138

Subtotal Reappropriation $1,374,139

Appropriation:

- WASHINGTON St Dev Loan Acct--Federal $3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $10,245,450
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $17,000,000

TOTAL $31,619,589

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Grays Harbor dredging (88-3-006)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The reappropriation is provided solely for the state’s share of remaining costs for Grays Harbor dredging and associated mitigation.
2. State funds shall be disbursed at a rate not to exceed one dollar for every four dollars of federal funds expended by the army corps of engineers and one dollar from other nonstate sources.
Expenditure of moneys from this reappropriation is contingent on a cost-sharing arrangement and the execution of a local cooperation agreement between the port of Grays Harbor and the army corps of engineers pursuant to P.L. 99-662, the federal water resources development act of 1986, whereby the corps of engineers will construct the project as authorized by that federal act.

In the event the project cost is reduced, any resulting reduction or reimbursement of nonfederal costs realized by the port of Grays Harbor shall be shared proportionally with the state.

Reappropriation:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Housing assistance, weatherization, and affordable housing program (88-5-015)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $3,000,000 of the new appropriation from the state building construction account is provided solely to promote development of safe and affordable housing units for persons eligible for services from the division of developmental disabilities within the department of social and health services.

(2) $2,000,000 of the reappropriation from the state building construction account is provided solely to promote development of safe and affordable housing units for persons eligible for services from the division of developmental disabilities within the department of social and health services.

Reappropriation:

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<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<td>Washington Housing Trust Acct--State</td>
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<td><strong>Subtotal Reappropriation</strong></td>
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Appropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Snohomish County drainage: To purchase land in drainage district number 6 and construct a cross-levee on it, in order to decrease damaging flooding of adjacent lands and to reestablish wetlands (92-2-011)

The reappropriation in this section shall be matched by at least $585,000 provided from nonstate sources for capital costs of this project.

Reappropriation:

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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Columbia River dredging feasibility (92-5-006)

Reappropriation:
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The following projects are eligible for funding in phase 4:

**Phase 4 Estimated Total**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>Capital Cost</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>African American Museum and Cultural Center (Seattle)</td>
<td>$12,544,130</td>
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<tr>
<td>Allied Arts of Whatcom County (Bellingham)</td>
<td>$130,334</td>
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<tr>
<td>Children's Museum of Snohomish County (Everett)</td>
<td>$393,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbia Point Amphitheatre (Richland)</td>
<td>$3,273,218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbia Theatre (Phase II) (Longview)</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enumclaw High School Auditorium</td>
<td>$1,152,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evergreen City Ballet (Auburn)</td>
<td>$186,328</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Group Theatre (Phase II) (Seattle)</td>
<td>$983,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Int'l Museum of Modern Glass (Tacoma)</td>
<td>$15,072,145</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kirkland Performance Center (Phase II)</td>
<td>$1,450,184</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lopez Center for the Arts</td>
<td>$1,007,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mount Baker Theatre (Phase II) (Bellingham)</td>
<td>$916,900</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Museum of Northwest Art (Phase II) (La Conner)</td>
<td>$265,470</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On the Boards (Seattle)</td>
<td>$2,667,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People's Lodge (Seattle)</td>
<td>$1,710,301</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pilchuck School (Seattle)</td>
<td>$3,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Princess Cultural Center (Prosser)</td>
<td>$770,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wenatchee Civic Center</td>
<td>$10,178,361</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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(2) The reappropriation and new appropriation in this section are provided to fund the state share of capital costs of phases 1 through 4 of the building for the arts program.

(3) $3,000,000 of the appropriation in this section is provided solely for the Wenatchee civic center. The remaining reappropriation and appropriation shall be distributed as follows:

(a) State grants shall not exceed fifteen percent of the estimated total capital cost or actual capital cost of a project, whichever is less. The remaining portions of project capital costs shall be a match from nonstate sources. The match may include cash and land value. The department is authorized to set matching requirements for individual projects. State grants shall not exceed $1,000,000 for any single project unless there are uncommitted funds after January 1, 1999.

(b) State grants shall be distributed in the order in which matching requirements are met. The department may require that projects recompete for funding.

(4) By December 15, 1997, the department shall submit a report to the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature on the progress of the building for the arts program, including a list of projects funded under this section.

(5) The department shall submit a list of recommended performing arts, museum, and cultural organization projects for funding in the 1999-2001 capital budget. The list shall result from a competitive grants program developed by the department based upon: Uniform criteria for the selection of projects and awarding of grants for up to fifteen percent of the total project cost; local community
support for the project; a requirement that the sites for the projects are secured or optioned for purchase; and a state-wide geographic distribution of projects.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,162,297

Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $6,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $18,047,689
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $16,000,000

TOTAL $42,209,986

NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Challenger Learning Center (93-5-006)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation is provided solely for support of science education at the Challenger learning center at the museum of flight; and
(2) Each dollar expended from the appropriation in this section shall be matched by at least one dollar from nonstate sources for the same purpose.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $320,312
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $479,688
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $800,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Public works trust fund (94-2-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$15,646,000 of the reappropriation in this section is provided solely for the preconstruction program.

Reappropriation:

Public Works Assistance Account--State $108,746,982

Appropriation:

Public Works Assistance Account--State $180,977,328
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $287,953,301
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $820,000,000

TOTAL $1,397,677,611

NEW SECTION. Sec. 114. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Washington Technology Center: Equipment (94-2-002)
The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for equipment installations on the first floor of Fluke Hall. The appropriation shall be transferred to and administered by the University of Washington.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $301,299
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $964,701
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $1,266,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 115. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Olympic Peninsula Natural History Museum (94-2-005)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Each two dollars expended from this reappropriation shall be matched by at least one dollar from other sources. The match may include cash, land, and in-kind donations.
(2) It is the intent of the legislature that this reappropriation represents a one-time grant for this project.
Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acct</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$169,830</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia</td>
<td>$130,170</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $300,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 116. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Thorp Grist Mill: To develop the ice pond park and provide facilities to accommodate public access (94-2-007)
The reappropriation in this section shall be matched by at least $100,000 from nonstate and nonfederal sources. The match may include cash or in-kind contributions. The department shall assist the Thorp Mill Town Historical Preservation Society in soliciting moneys from the intermodal surface transportation efficiency act to support the project.
Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acct</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$62,874</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia</td>
<td>$67,126</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $130,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 117. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Daybreak Star Center (94-2-100)
Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acct</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$19,690</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acct</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>$</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$650,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia</td>
<td>$207,310</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $877,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 118. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Timber ports capital asset improvements: To assist the ports of Grays Harbor, Port Angeles, and Longview with infrastructure development and facilities improvements to increase economic diversity and enhance employment opportunities (94-2-102)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Each port shall provide, at a minimum, six dollars of nonstate match for each five dollars received from this reappropriation. The match may include cash and land value.
(2) State assistance to each port shall not exceed the following amounts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port of Grays Harbor</td>
<td>$564,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Port of Port Angeles  $ 1,500,000
Port of Longview  $ 1,855,000

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 2,456,390
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 1,443,610
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 3,900,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 119. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Pacific Science Center (96-1-900)
The reappropriation in this section is provided for capital facilities improvements.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 3,669,885
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 330,115
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 4,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 120. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Community Services Facilities Program: For grants to nonprofit community-based family service organizations to assist in acquiring, developing, or rehabilitating buildings (98-2-007)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The state grant may provide no more than twenty-five percent of the estimated total capital cost or actual total capital cost of the project, whichever is less. The remaining portions of project capital costs shall be a match from nonstate sources. The match may include cash, land value, and other in-kind contributions;

(2) The following projects are eligible for funding:

Phase 1  Estimated Total Capital Cost  State Grant

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>Estimated Total Capital Cost</th>
<th>State Grant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Benton Franklin Community Action Committee</td>
<td>$ 1,200,000</td>
<td>$ 300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central Area Motivation Project</td>
<td>$ 1,000,000</td>
<td>$ 250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Action Center of Whitman County</td>
<td>$ 390,000</td>
<td>$ 90,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Community Action Council of Lewis, Mason, and Thurston Counties</td>
<td>$ 700,000</td>
<td>$ 175,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>El Centro de la Raza</td>
<td>$ 1,250,000</td>
<td>$ 300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fremont Public Association</td>
<td>$ 3,000,000</td>
<td>$ 600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kitsap Community Action Program</td>
<td>$ 465,000</td>
<td>$ 110,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kittitas Community Action Council</td>
<td>$ 600,000</td>
<td>$ 150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lower Columbia Community Action Council</td>
<td>$ 1,331,625</td>
<td>$ 300,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metropolitan Development Council</td>
<td>$ 880,000</td>
<td>$ 220,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multi-Service Centers of North and East King County</td>
<td>$ 1,600,000</td>
<td>$ 350,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Northeast Washington Rural Resources Development Association</td>
<td>$ 1,200,000</td>
<td>$ 350,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Okanogan County Community Action Council</td>
<td>$ 350,000</td>
<td>$ 80,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South King County Multi-Service Center</td>
<td>$ 800,000</td>
<td>$ 200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spokane Neighborhood Action Programs</td>
<td>$ 1,500,000</td>
<td>$ 375,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yakima Valley Farmworker Clinic</td>
<td>$ 605,000</td>
<td>$ 150,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total  $16,871,625 $4,000,000

Phase 2  Estimated Total Capital Cost  State Grant
Benton-Franklin Community Action Committee
(Phase II) (Pasco) $100,000 $25,000
Community Action Center of Whitman County (Phase II) (Pullman) $250,000 $62,500
Community Action Council of Lewis, Mason, and Thurston Counties (Phase II) (Lacey) $300,000 $75,000
Fremont Public Association (Phase II) (Seattle) $1,400,000 $350,000
Kitsap Community Action Program (Phase II) $145,000 $36,250
Lower Columbia Community Action Council (Phase II) (Longview) $268,375 $67,093
Metropolitan Development Council (Phase II) (Tacoma) $1,240,000 $310,000
Multi-Service Centers of North and East King County (Phase II) (Redmond) $200,000 $50,000
Northeast Washington Rural Resources Development Association (Phase II) (Colville) $990,000 $247,500
South King County Multi-Service Center (Phase II) (Federal Way) $270,000 $67,500
Atlantic Street Center (Seattle) $1,700,000 $425,000
Boys and Girls Club of Bellevue (Bellevue) $2,000,000 $500,000
Childrens' Home Society (Kent) $1,400,000 $350,000
Childrens' Home Society (Tacoma) $145,000 $36,250
Childrens' Home Society (Elk Plain) $150,000 $37,500
Childrens' Home Society (Seattle) $355,000 $88,750
Childrens' Home Society (Vancouver) $200,000 $50,000
Childrens' Home Society (Walla Walla) $650,000 $162,500
Childrens' Home Society (Wenatchee) $210,000 $52,500
Community Action Council of Lewis, Mason, and Thurston Counties (Rochester) $700,000 $175,000
Eastside Domestic Violence (Bellevue) $850,000 $212,500
Kitsap Community Action (Phase II) (Bremerton) $600,000 $150,000
Lutheran Social Services (Seattle) $315,000 $78,750
Metropolitan Development Council (Tacoma) $640,000 $160,000
Multi-Service Centers of North and East King County (Redmond) $1,600,000 $400,000
Neighborhood House (Seattle) $2,200,000 $550,000
YWCA of Clark County (Vancouver) $2,185,000 $525,000
Family Support Center (Olympia) $1,957,000 $400,000

Total $24,595,375 $6,038,343

(3) State funding shall be distributed to projects in the order in which matching requirements for specific project phases have been met;

(4) The new appropriation and reappropriation in this section are provided to fund the state share for phase 1 and 2 of the community services facilities program. Within this amount the department may fund projects that demonstrate adequate progress and have secured the necessary match funding.

(5) The department is authorized to allocate the amounts appropriated in this section among the eligible projects in phases 1 and 2 and to set matching requirements for individual projects.

(6) By December 15, 1997, the department shall submit a report to the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature and the office of financial management on the progress of the building for community services facilities program, including a list of projects funded under this section. At that time, the department shall submit a prioritized list of the remaining projects which have not received an allocation of funds.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,901,449

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $2,098,551
NEW SECTION. Sec. 121. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Drinking Water Assistance Program (98-2-008)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Funding from the state public works trust fund program shall be matched with new federal resources to improve the quality of drinking water in the state, and shall be used solely for projects which achieve the goals of the federal safe drinking water act.
(2) The department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, on the progress of the program, including administrative and technical assistance procedures, the application process, and funding priorities.

Appropriation:

- Drinking Water Assistance Acct--State $ 9,949,000
- Drinking Water Assistance Acct--Federal $ 33,873,450

Subtotal Appropriation $ 43,822,450

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 175,289,350

TOTAL $ 219,111,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 122. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Colocated Cascadia Branch Campus (94-1-003)

Reappropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 6,012,555
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 11,409,333
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 17,421,088

NEW SECTION. Sec. 123. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Underground storage tank: Pool (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The money provided in this section shall be allocated to agencies and institutions for removal, replacement, and environmental cleanup projects related to underground storage tanks.
(2) No moneys appropriated in this section or in any section specifically referencing this section shall be expended unless the office of financial management has reviewed and approved the cost estimates for the project. Projects to replace tanks shall conform with guidelines to minimize risk of environmental contamination. Above ground storage tanks shall be used whenever possible and agencies shall avoid duplication of tanks.
(3) Funds not needed for the purposes identified in this section may be transferred for expenditure to the Americans with Disabilities Act: Pool in section 125 of this act.

Reappropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 400,000

Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,000,000

TOTAL $ 10,400,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 124. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Asbestos abatement and demolition: Pool (98-1-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The money provided in this section shall be allocated to agencies and institutions for removal or abatement of asbestos.
(2) No moneys appropriated in this section or in any section specifically referencing this section shall be expended unless the office of financial management has reviewed and approved the cost estimates for the project.
(3) Funds not needed for the purposes identified in this section may be transferred for expenditure to the Americans with Disabilities Act: Pool in section 125 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 12,000,000

TOTAL $ 15,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 125. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Americans with Disabilities Act: Pool (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The money provided in this section shall be allocated to agencies and institutions for improvements to state-owned facilities for program access enhancements.
(2) No moneys appropriated in this section shall be expended unless the office of financial management has reviewed and approved the cost estimates for the project. The office of financial management shall implement an agency request and evaluation procedure similar to the one adopted in the 1995-97 biennium for distribution of funds.
(3) No moneys appropriated in this section shall be available to institutions of higher education to modify dormitories.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 12,000,000

TOTAL $ 15,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 126. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Capital budget system improvements (98-1-006)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 100,000
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 300,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,200,000

TOTAL $ 1,900,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 127. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
East Campus Plaza and Plaza Garage repairs (96-1-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000

**Appropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 7,041,000
- Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,805,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 8,846,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 8,821,200

Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 20,162,000

TOTAL $ 38,329,200

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 128. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

General Administration Building--Preservation: To make critical repairs to the electrical service of the General Administration Building (96-1-003)

**Reappropriation:**
- Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,900,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 300,000

Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 2,200,000

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 129. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

CFC/Halon fire control systems: Removal and replacement (96-1-011)

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 375,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0

Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 375,000

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 130. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Archives Building heating, ventilation, and air conditioning: Repairs (96-1-012)

**Reappropriation:**
- Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 250,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,400,000

Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 1,650,000

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 131. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Thurston County buildings: Preservation (96-1-013)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management, including electrical improvements, elevator and escalator preservation, building preservation, infrastructure preservation, and emergency and small repairs.

**Reappropriation:**
- Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 150,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 132. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Northern State Multiservice Center: To replace the central heating system with individual building heating systems (96-1-019)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures in section 712 of this act and shall not be expended until the office of financial management has made a determination that the replacement individual heating systems will have a cost efficiency payback of less than five years.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 555,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 22,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 577,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 133. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Washington State Training and Conference Center: To construct a mock city, indoor firing range, and running track (96-2-004)

Reappropriation:

Public Safety Reimb Bond--State $ 1,750,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,162,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 2,912,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 134. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Emergency, small repairs, and improvements (98-1-001) Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 200,000
Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $ 700,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 900,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 931,418
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 4,900,000

TOTAL $ 6,731,418

NEW SECTION. Sec. 135. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Capitol Campus facilities: Preservation (98-1-003)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 340,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 240,000
Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $ 2,200,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 2,780,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 4,000,000

TOTAL $ 6,780,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 136. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Northern State Multiservice Center: Preservation (98-1-004)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
General Fund--Private/Local $ 500,000
CEP & RI Acct--State $ 600,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 300,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,400,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 3,200,000

TOTAL $ 4,600,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 137. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Legislative buildings: Safety and infrastructure: To make improvements to the Legislative, Cherberg, O’Brien, Institutions, and 1007 Washington buildings (98-1-005)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
(2) Up to $395,000 of the appropriation may be expended for the installation of handrails in the legislative building.

Appropriation:
Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 895,000
Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $ 1,675,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 395,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 2,965,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 17,000,000

TOTAL $ 19,965,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 138. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
600 S. Franklin Building: Preservation (98-1-006)

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 925,000
Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $ 175,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,000,000

TOTAL $ 1,000,000
Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 1,100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 139. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
OB-2 Building: Preservation (98-1-007)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 357,000
Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $ 2,093,000
Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,800,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 4,250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 15,425,000

TOTAL $ 19,675,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 140. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Department of Transportation Building: Preservation (98-1-008)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:
Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $ 734,000

TOTAL $ 10,834,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 141. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Monumental buildings: Cleaning and preservation (98-1-011)

Appropriation:
Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,000,000

TOTAL $ 15,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 142. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Washington State Training and Conference Center: Preservation (98-1-013)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
(2) The department shall coordinate all work with the tenants of the center.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,000,000

TOTAL $
NEW SECTION. Sec. 143. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Infrastructure savings (98-1-016)
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilating, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.

A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
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</table>

TOTAL $ 1

NEW SECTION. Sec. 144. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Washington State Training and Conference Center: Dormitory (98-2-004)
The appropriation in this section is to be used to design and construct the first of two new prototype dormitories for the criminal justice training commission.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Public Safety Reimb Bond--State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 1,400,000</td>
</tr>
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</table>

TOTAL $ 3,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 145. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Engineering and architectural services project management (98-2-011)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation in this section shall be used to provide those services to state agencies required by RCW 43.19.450 that are essential and mandated activities defined as core services and are included in the engineering and architectural services responsibilities and task list for general public works projects of normal complexity. The department may negotiate agreements with agencies for additional fees to manage exceptional projects or those that require services in addition to core services and that are described as optional and extra services in the task list.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 8,313,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 7,500,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 37,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $ 52,813,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 146. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

The control and management of the Wellington Hills property which was purchased by the state of Washington as a potential site for the University of Washington Bothell branch campus is transferred
to the department of general administration. The site shall be disposed of at fair market value and the proceeds from the sale shall be deposited in the state building construction account. The department may retain from the proceeds of the sale an amount sufficient to provide reimbursement for expenses as approved by the office of financial management.

The University of Washington shall continue to pay all necessary fees and assessments appurtenant to the property until the property is sold.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 147. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Emergency Coordination Center: For design and construction of an emergency coordination center and remodeling of associated facilities at Camp Murray (95-5-010)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act; and
(2) The reappropriation in this section represents the maximum amount of funding available for this project. To the extent moneys in this appropriation are not needed to complete the project, as mutually determined by the military department and the office of financial management, the appropriation in this section shall be reduced accordingly.

Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal  $ 8,112,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 954,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 9,066,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 148. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Camp Murray buildings: Preservation (96-1-002)

Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal  $ 750,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 300,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 1,050,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 149. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Everett Armory: Preservation (96-1-003)

Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal  $ 375,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 125,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 150. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Camp Murray infrastructure: Preservation (96-1-006)

Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal  $ 185,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 315,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 151. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Yakima National Guard Armory and Readiness Center: Design and Utilities (98-2-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
Funds expended on this project for off-site utility infrastructure which may include the provision of electricity, natural gas service, water service or sewer service shall be for the benefit of the state. Entities which subsequently connect or use this off-site utility infrastructure shall reimburse the state at a rate proportional to their use. The military department shall develop policies and procedures to ensure that this reimbursement occurs.

**Appropriation:**

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $5,260,700
- General Fund--Federal $8,275,000

Subtotal Appropriation $13,535,700

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $3,288,300

TOTAL $16,824,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 152. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT**

**Buildings and infrastructure savings (96-1-999)**

Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilating, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.

A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

**Reappropriation:**

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1

**Appropriation:**

- General Fund--Federal $1

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $2

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 153. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT**

**Minor works: Federal construction projects (98-1-001)**

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**

- General Fund--Federal $6,320,600
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,137,600

Subtotal Appropriation $7,458,200

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $4,303,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $39,500,300

TOTAL $51,261,500

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 154. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT**

**Minor works: Preservation (98-1-002)**

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 4,000,000

TOTAL  $ 5,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 155. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Tacoma Community Center--Sprinkler system: To reimburse Pierce county for the cost of the fire sprinkler system installed during the lease of the facility. (98-1-004)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 149,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 149,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 156. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Montesano Community Center: Renovation (98-1-029)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 582,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 582,000

PART 2
HUMAN SERVICES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Fircrest School: Renovate apartment (94-1-142)
Reappropriation:
- CEP & RI Acct--State  $ 1,668,927
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 440,375
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 2,109,302

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Maple Lane School Wastewater Treatment Plant (94-1-201)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 4,147,132
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 125,367
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 4,272,499

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Naselle Youth Camp: Water system improvements (94-1-202)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 794,717
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 370,977
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Western State Hospital ward renovation phase 6 (94-1-316)
Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 866,277
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 11,305,003
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
    TOTAL $ 12,171,280

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Francis Haddon Morgan Center: Remodel (94-1-402)
Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,577,024
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 144,275
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
    TOTAL $ 1,721,299

NEW SECTION. Sec. 206. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Asbestos abatement (96-1-002)
Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 615,845
    Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 200,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,215,155
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
    TOTAL $ 2,031,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 207. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (96-1-003)
Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 181,121
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 266,730
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
    TOTAL $ 447,851

NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Minor works: Preservation (96-1-004)
Reappropriation:
    CEP & RI Acct--State $ 4,279,702
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 7,240,776
    Subtotal Reappropriation $ 11,520,478
Appropriation:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Chlorofluorocarbon abatement (96-1-008)
Reappropriation:
   CEP & RI Acct--State $ 223,898
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 26,102
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 250,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Juvenile facilities preservation and rehabilitation (96-1-020)
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 428,109
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,651,491
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 2,079,600

NEW SECTION. Sec. 211. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Minor works projects: Mental health (96-1-030)
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,773,961
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,021,339
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 3,795,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 212. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Minor works projects: Division of Developmental Disabilities (96-1-040)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the department of financial management.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 386,549
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 684,798
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 1,071,347

NEW SECTION. Sec. 213. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Underground storage tanks removal and replacement (96-1-060)  
Reappropriation:  
CEP & RI Acct--State $ 200,000  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 453,523  

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 653,523  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 286,883  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0  

TOTAL $ 940,406  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 214. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES  
Maintenance management and planning (96-1-150)  
Reappropriation:  
CEP & RI Acct--State $ 136,640  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 15,880  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0  

TOTAL $ 152,520  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 215. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES  
Medical Lake wastewater treatment facility (96-1-301)  
Reappropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,580,624  

Appropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 433,817  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 6,411,000  

TOTAL $ 8,925,441  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 216. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES  
Western State Hospital: Replace Boiler #1 (96-1-322)  
Reappropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,157,566  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 282,434  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0  

TOTAL $ 1,440,000  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 217. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES  
Crisis Residential Centers (96-1-900)  
The reappropriation in this section is provided to the department of social and health services for grants to provide secure crisis residential centers consistent with the plan developed pursuant to the omnibus 1995-97 operating budget.  
Reappropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,000,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0  

--------------
NEW SECTION. Sec. 218. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Echo Glen: New beds and infrastructure (96-2-229)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 2,527,752</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 1,156,548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
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</table>

TOTAL  $ 3,684,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 219. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Green Hill redevelopment: 416-bed institution (96-2-230)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 37,234,448</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State   | $ 1,800,000 |
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  | $ 4,669,321 |
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) | $ 11,200,000 |

TOTAL  $ 54,903,769

NEW SECTION. Sec. 220. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Maple Lane School: Renovation and infrastructure improvements (96-2-231)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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TOTAL  $ 5,855,499

NEW SECTION. Sec. 221. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Mission Creek preservation projects (96-2-233)
Reappropriation:

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<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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</table>

TOTAL  $ 414,800
NEW SECTION. Sec. 222. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Indian Ridge utility upgrade projects (96-2-234)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,265,471
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $256,029
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $1,521,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 223. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Minor works: State-owned Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration group homes (96-2-235)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $233,482
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $110,917
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $344,399

NEW SECTION. Sec. 224. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Western State Hospital: South Hall heating, ventilation, and air conditioning retrofit (98-1-041)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $1,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 225. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Renovation of Main Building--Mission Creek (98-1-166)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $2,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 226. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Capital project management (98-1-406)
Appropriation:
CEP & RI Acct--State $1,850,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $7,874,208

TOTAL $9,724,208
NEW SECTION. Sec. 227. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Emergency projects (98-1-428)
Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 250,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 1,154,000

   TOTAL  $ 1,404,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 228. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Eastern State Hospital: Legal Offender Unit (98-2-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
   Reappropriation:
      St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 965,015

   Appropriation:
      St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 17,583,585
      Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 147,400
      Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

   TOTAL  $ 18,696,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 229. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Western State Hospital: Legal Offender Unit (98-2-052)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
   Appropriation:
      St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 4,215,341
      Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 150,000
      Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 38,687,459

   TOTAL  $ 43,052,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 230. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Naselle Youth Camp academic school and support space (98-2-154)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
   Appropriation:
      St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 1,537,508
      Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
      Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

   TOTAL  $ 1,537,508

NEW SECTION. Sec. 231. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Predesign Echo Glen vocational program addition (98-2-211)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
   Appropriation:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 232. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Maple Lane School: 124-bed housing replacement and support services (98-2-216)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $9,332,641
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  -----------------
  TOTAL $9,332,641

NEW SECTION. Sec. 233. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Northern State Hospital: Safe Passage program space (98-2-395)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $329,500
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  -----------------
  TOTAL $329,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 234. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Minor works: Program (98-2-409)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $843,135
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $4,000,000
  -----------------
  TOTAL $4,843,135

NEW SECTION. Sec. 235. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Referendum 38--Water bonds (86-2-099)
Reappropriation:
  LIRA, Water Sup Fac--State $1,197,420
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $512,201
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  -----------------
  TOTAL $1,709,621

NEW SECTION. Sec. 236. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH Public Health Laboratory: Repairs and improvements (96-1-001)
Reappropriation:
  CEP & RI Acct--State $150,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 805,241

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 955,241

Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 774,833
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,406,035
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,200,184

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TOTAL  $ 5,336,293

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 237. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Emergency power system (96-1-009)

Reappropriation:

CEP & RI Acct--State  $ 560,518
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 32,272
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

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TOTAL  $ 592,790

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 238. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Public Health Laboratory: Consolidation of facilities (96-2-001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 660,300
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 3,891,300

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TOTAL  $ 4,551,600

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 239. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Public Health Laboratory: Building 5 system upgrades (98-1-002)

Appropriation:

CEP & RI Acct--State  $ 311,040
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

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TOTAL  $ 311,040

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 240. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

Orting: Main kitchen upgrade (95-1-001)

Reappropriation:

CEP & RI Acct--State  $ 1,147,147
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 94,853
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

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TOTAL  $ 1,242,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 241. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

Americans with Disabilities Act projects (96-1-003)

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 94,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $94,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 242. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Orting: Dining hall remodel (97-1-002)
  Appropriation:
    CEP & RI Acct--State $1,100,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $1,100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 243. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Retsil: Replace unsafe electrical distribution (97-1-003)
  Appropriation:
    CEP & RI Acct--State $850,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $100,000
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $950,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 244. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Retsil: Minor works projects (97-1-006)
  Reappropriation:
    CEP & RI Acct--State $410,549
  Appropriation:
    CEP & RI Acct--State $755,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $249,451
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $7,050,000

TOTAL $8,465,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 245. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Orting: Minor works projects (97-1-007)
  Reappropriation:
    CEP & RI Acct--State $48,186
  Appropriation:
    CEP & RI Acct--State $750,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $186,814
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $5,825,000

TOTAL $6,810,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 246. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Emergency fund (97-1-012)
  Appropriation:
    CEP & RI Acct--State $700,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,800,000

TOTAL $3,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 247. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Orting: Activities and Training Annex (97-1-014)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 248. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Retsil: Building feasibility study (97-2-015)
This appropriation is provided to conduct a study of the potential for consolidation of program functions and replacement of poor condition housing units into a new multi-use facility. The study will be submitted to the office of financial management and will be the basis of future capital investments at Retsil, based on clear programmatic need or economic benefits and improved efficiency.

Appropriation:
CEP & RI Acct--State $ 825,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 825,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 249. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
McNeil Island master plan (94-2-001)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 139,844
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 12,738,845
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 12,878,689

NEW SECTION. Sec. 250. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Airway Heights improvements (94-2-016)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 296,199
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 11,891,149
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 12,187,348

NEW SECTION. Sec. 251. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington State Penitentiary steam system (96-1-016)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,657,549
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 753,703
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 4,411,252

NEW SECTION. Sec. 252. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington Corrections Center for Women (96-2-001)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 5,561,711
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 4,329,168
NEW SECTION. Sec. 253. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington State Reformatory: 400-bed facility (96-2-002)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ 12,657,344</td>
<td>$ 5,987,223</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
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</table>

TOTAL $ 18,644,567

NEW SECTION. Sec. 254. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Airway Heights expansion (96-2-003)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ 7,659,390</td>
<td>$ 12,638,980</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
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TOTAL $ 20,298,370

NEW SECTION. Sec. 255. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington Correction Center for Women Mental Health, Special Needs, and Reception Unit (96-2-006)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ 1,500,000</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
<td>$ 14,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $ 15,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 256. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Yakima Corrections Center (96-2-008)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$ 6,234,339</td>
<td>$ 1,266,161</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $ 7,500,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 257. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Larch and Cedar Creek expansion (96-2-010)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $16,717,351
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $5,282,649
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

  TOTAL $22,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 258. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
State-wide preservation projects (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $15,804,257

Appropriation:
  CEP & RI Acct--State $3,200,000
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $15,700,000

  Subtotal Appropriation $18,900,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $42,184,367
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $134,400,000

  TOTAL $211,288,624

NEW SECTION. Sec. 259. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Underground storage tank and above-ground storage tank program (98-1-002)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $487,603

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $617,593
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,009,221
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

  TOTAL $2,114,417

NEW SECTION. Sec. 260. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
State-wide asbestos removal (98-1-003)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $297,350

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $572,068
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,899,137
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $745,350

  TOTAL $3,513,905

NEW SECTION. Sec. 261. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
State-wide Americans with Disabilities Act compliance projects (98-1-004)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $95,254
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $184,600
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

  TOTAL $279,854
NEW SECTION. Sec. 262. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Emergency funds (98-1-005)
The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this lapse requirement for specific projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after consultation with the chairmen of the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee.

Reappropriation:
  CEP & RI Acct--State $ 1,471,286

Appropriation:
  CEP & RI Acct--State $ 1,500,000
       St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1

          Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,500,001
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,180,705
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,000,000

          ---------------
          TOTAL $ 12,151,992

NEW SECTION. Sec. 263. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Construct Stafford Creek Corrections Center (98-2-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 14,744,552

Appropriation:
  General Fund--Federal $ 11,319,453
       St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 143,790,354

          Subtotal Appropriation $ 155,109,807
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,636,441
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

          ---------------
          TOTAL $ 172,490,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 264. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington State Reformatory: Convert medium to close custody (98-2-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,375,588
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

          TOTAL $ 4,375,588

NEW SECTION. Sec. 265. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Tacoma: Design 400-bed prerelease facility (98-2-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

(2) The department and the developer of the prerelease facility shall abide by all local code, zoning, and development regulations when designing and constructing the facility. The department shall
secure a release of liability concerning potential hazardous wastes on the site prior to entering into a lease or development agreement for the prerelease facility.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,625,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL**  $1,625,700

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 266. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Expand special offenders center to 400 beds (98-2-010)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$83,689</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$3,507,879</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$243,711</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$35,852,811</td>
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</table>

**TOTAL**  $39,688,090

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 267. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington Corrections Center: Design new 512-bed unit (98-2-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) If Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 and Second Substitute House Bill No. 1522, or substantially similar legislation, are not enacted by June 30, 1997, the appropriation in this section shall lapse.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$4,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$46,100,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL**  $50,600,000

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 268. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
New 1,936-bed multicustody facility: Predesign and site selection (98-2-011)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,248,453</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$142,793,905</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL**  $144,042,358

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 269. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
State-wide programmatic projects (98-2-013)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management. The department may apply moneys in the appropriation toward the construction of
classrooms, offices, fences, or other improvements required to accommodate the programmatic requirements of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900).

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 6,163,093

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 6,600,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 36,226,994
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 75,000,000

TOTAL $ 123,990,087

PART 3
NATURAL RESOURCES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Referendum 26 waste disposal facilities (74-2-004)
The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this lapse requirement for specific projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after consultation with the chairmen of the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The department shall submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee by September 1, 1997, listing all projects funded from the reappropriation in this section.

Reappropriation:
LIRA--State $ 4,028,749

Appropriation:
LIRA--State $ 210,969
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 4,840,771
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 800,000

TOTAL $ 9,880,489

NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Referendum 38 water supply facilities (74-2-006)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $2,500,000 of the state and local improvements revolving account reappropriation is provided solely for funding the state’s cost share in the water conservation demonstration project--Yakima river reregulation reservoir.

(2) The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this lapse requirement for specific projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after consultation with the chairmen of the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The department shall submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee by September 1, 1997, listing all projects funded from the reappropriation in this section.

Reappropriation:
LIRA, Water Sup Fac--State $ 6,763,571

Appropriation:
LIRA, Water Sup Fac--State $ 485,495
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 10,141,668
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,600,000

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
State emergency water projects revolving account (76-2-003)
Reappropriation:
State Emerg Water Proj Rev--State $ 7,377,883
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,701,394
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 228,000
TOTAL $ 9,307,277

NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Referendum 39 waste disposal facilities (82-2-005)
No expenditure from the appropriation in this section shall be made for any grant valued over fifty million dollars to a city or county for solid waste disposal facilities unless the following conditions are met:
(1) The city or county agrees to comply with all the terms of the grant contract between the city or county and the department of ecology;
(2) The city or county agrees to implement curbside collection of recyclable materials as prescribed in the grant contract; and
(3) The city or county does not begin actual construction of the solid waste disposal facility until it has obtained a permit for prevention of significant deterioration as required by the federal clean air act.
(4) The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this subsection (4) for specific projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after consultation with the chairmen of the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The department shall submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee by September 1, 1997, listing all projects funded from the reappropriation in this section.
Reappropriation:
LIRA, Waste Fac 1980--State $ 13,961,094
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 40,176,560
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 54,137,654

NEW SECTION. Sec. 305. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Centennial clean water fund (86-2-007)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $25,000,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for the extended grant payment to Metro/King county.
(2) $10,000,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for an extended grant payment to Spokane for the Spokane-Rathdrum Prairie aquifer.
(3) $1,850,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for allocation for on-site sewage system projects or programs identified in local watershed plans.
(4) $10,000,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for the reclaimed water demonstration program established under chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817).
(5) A minimum of 80 percent of the remaining appropriation after allocation of subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section shall be allocated by the department for water quality implementation activities.
(6) A maximum of 20 percent of the remaining appropriation after allocation of subsections (1),
(2), (3), and (4) of this section shall be allocated by the department for water quality planning
activities.

(7) In awarding state-wide water quality implementation and planning grants and loans, the
department shall give priority consideration to:
(a) Proposals submitted by communities with populations less than 2,500 or proposals that will
be submitted by communities with populations less than 2,500 who have demonstrated an economic
hardship which will prevent the completion or implementation of water quality projects; and
(b) Projects located in basins with critical or depressed salmonid stocks.

(8) The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or
before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June
30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this subsection (8) for specific
projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after consultation with the chairmen of the house of
representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The department shall
submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives capital budget
committee and senate ways and means committee by September 1, 1997, listing all projects funded
from the reappropriation in this section.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Quality Account--State</th>
<th>$38,653,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Water Quality Account--State</th>
<th>$70,000,000</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$291,063,221</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$311,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** $710,716,221

NEW SECTION. Sec. 306. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Local toxics control account (88-2-008)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $1,000,000 of the appropriation in this section shall be expended by the department of
ecology as grants to assist local governments in developing and implementing area-wide strategies for
the cleanup and reuse of industrial lands. The department shall provide a priority to funding activities
by local governments that were developed with and facilitate active participation of property owners,
businesses, and residents in the area, and that address industrial areas with one or more sites ranked
highly under the state’s hazard ranking system.

(2) The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or
before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June
30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this lapse requirement for
specific projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after consultation with the chairmen of the
house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The
department shall submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives
capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee by September 1, 1997, listing all projects funded
from the reappropriation in this section.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Local Toxics Control Account--State</th>
<th>$20,780,149</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Local Toxics Control Account--State</th>
<th>$43,479,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$81,994,186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$173,100,389</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** $319,353,724

NEW SECTION. Sec. 307. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

Water pollution control revolving fund (90-2-002)
Reappropriation:
  Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund--State $12,538,256
  Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund--Federal $62,689,776

Subtotal Reappropriation $75,228,032

Appropriation:
  Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund--State $57,459,441
  Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund--Federal $44,000,000

Subtotal Appropriation $101,459,441
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $148,237,444
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $299,947,557

TOTAL $624,872,474

NEW SECTION. Sec. 308. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Methow Basin water conservation (92-2-009)

Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $102,689
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $397,310
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $499,999

NEW SECTION. Sec. 309. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
State-owned facilities: Repair and upgrades (97-2-011)

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $430,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $430,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 310. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Low-level nuclear waste disposal trench closure (97-2-012)

Appropriation:
  Site Closure Acct--State $6,433,381
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $992,100

TOTAL $7,425,481

NEW SECTION. Sec. 311. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Spokane Centennial Trail (89-5-112)

Reappropriation:
  General Fund--Federal $430,769
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,849

TOTAL $432,618

NEW SECTION. Sec. 312. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Deception Pass sewer: Phase 2 (91-2-006)
Reappropriation:
   LIRA, Waste Fac 1980--State $1,702,870
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $500,000

                                  Subtotal Appropriation $2,202,870
                                  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $931,586
                                  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

                                  TOTAL $3,134,456

NEW SECTION. Sec. 313. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
St. Edwards State Park: Gym renovation and parking lot renovation (92-2-501)
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $400,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $100,000
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

                                  TOTAL $500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 314. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Boating access improvements (94-1-057)
Reappropriation:
   ORA--State $1,256,324
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $933,725
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

                                  TOTAL $2,190,049

NEW SECTION. Sec. 315. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Building preservation: State-wide (96-1-004)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,400,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $5,837,455
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

                                  TOTAL $8,237,455

NEW SECTION. Sec. 316. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Preservation of utilities (96-1-005)
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,500,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $4,999,957
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

                                  TOTAL $6,499,957
NEW SECTION. Sec. 317. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
State parks development: State-wide (96-2-007)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,380,400
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
---------------------------
TOTAL $ 1,880,400

NEW SECTION. Sec. 318. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Boat pumpouts: Federal Clean Vessel Act (96-2-008)
Reappropriation:
  General Fund--Federal $ 350,000
Appropriation:
  General Fund--Federal $ 850,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
---------------------------
TOTAL $ 1,200,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 319. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Americans with disabilities act improvements (96-5-003)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 210,657
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
---------------------------
TOTAL $ 710,657

NEW SECTION. Sec. 320. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
State-wide emergency projects (98-1-001)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 353,191
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 822,809
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,650,000
---------------------------
TOTAL $ 4,326,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 321. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Underground storage tank replacement (98-1-002)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 456,800
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 750,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 843,300
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
---------------------------
TOTAL $2,050,100

NEW SECTION, Sec. 322. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Facilities preservation: State-wide (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
(2) The commission shall conduct a comprehensive condition survey and develop recommendations regarding the maintenance, repair, and capital renovation needs of the Washington state park system. The recommendations shall include criteria for evaluating maintenance, repair, and capital renovation needs, funding options, and methods to ensure that funding is optimally applied to maximize the preservation and public use of state parks. The recommendations shall be developed in consultation with staff from the office of financial management and appropriate legislative fiscal and policy committees. The commission shall report their findings and recommendations to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,145,977

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $5,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $740,123
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $34,000,000

TOTAL $41,886,100

NEW SECTION, Sec. 323. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Historic facilities renovation (98-1-004)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $4,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $12,000,000

TOTAL $16,000,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 324. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Natural and historic stewardship: State-wide (98-1-007)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $17,000,000

TOTAL $18,500,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 325. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Recreation development: State-wide (98-2-008)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**

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<tr>
<th>Account Type</th>
<th>Fund/State</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<td>General Fund--Federal</td>
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<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$2,500,000</td>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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**NEW SECTION** Sec. 326. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

Recreational facility acquisition and development projects (96-2-007)

**Reappropriation:**

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**NEW SECTION** Sec. 327. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

Boating Facilities (98-2-001)

**Reappropriation:**

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<td>Recreation Resources Account--State</td>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$61,352,964</strong></td>
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**NEW SECTION** Sec. 328. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program (98-2-002)

**Reappropriation:**

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<td>NOVA--State</td>
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**Appropriation:**

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<td>NOVA--State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$44,094,884</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 329. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program (98-2-003)
The appropriations in this section for the Washington wildlife and recreation program under chapter 43.98A RCW are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $22,500,000 of the state building construction account appropriation shall be deposited in the outdoor recreation account and is hereby appropriated from the outdoor recreation account to the interagency committee for outdoor recreation for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the Washington wildlife and recreation program under chapter 43.98A RCW.

(2) $19,500,000 of the state building account appropriation and $3,000,000 from the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation shall be deposited in the habitat conservation account, and $22,500,000 is hereby appropriated from the habitat conservation account to the interagency committee for outdoor recreation for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the Washington wildlife and recreation program under chapter 43.98A RCW. Funds from the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation shall be distributed to eligible water access projects under RCW 43.98A.050.

(3) The new appropriations in this section are provided for the approved list of projects included in LEAP CAPITAL DOCUMENT NO. 98-3 as developed on March 26, 1997, at 9:00 p.m., the pilot watershed plan implementation program under subsection (5) of this section, and for other projects approved by the legislature under RCW 43.98A.080 referencing this section.

(4) The legislature finds that, since the inception of the Washington wildlife and recreation program, over eighty-five percent of the moneys provided for the state parks category has been used for acquisition of property, and that demands for recreational facilities in state parks require that increased funding be devoted to development projects. The committee and the state parks and recreation commission shall ensure that at least forty percent of new funding provided for the state parks category during the 1997-99 biennium be allocated to development projects.

(5) $4,000,000 of the habitat conservation account appropriation from the unallocated portion of the fund distribution under RCW 43.98A.040(1)(d) is provided solely for matching grants for riparian zone habitat protection projects that implement watershed plans pursuant to this subsection. The interagency committee for outdoor recreation shall develop a pilot watershed plan implementation program within the Washington wildlife and recreation program. The program shall provide matching grants to eligible agencies for implementation of riparian zone habitat protection projects within watershed restoration plans under RCW 89.08.460(1), watershed action plans developed pursuant to rules adopted by the Puget Sound water quality action team, or plans developed pursuant to chapter . . . ., Laws of 1997 (Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054). Projects shall have a useful life of at least thirty years. Eligible agencies include conservation districts, counties, cities, and private nonprofit land trust or nature conservancy organizations. Projects eligible for funding under this section include acquisition of land using less-than-fee-simple instruments such as conservation easements and purchase of development rights; and habitat restoration and enhancement projects on such lands including fencing and revegetation of native trees and shrubs that enhance the long-term habitat values of protected lands. The committee shall develop an application process and project eligibility and evaluation criteria in consultation with the state conservation commission. The committee shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the implementation of the pilot matching grant program. A preliminary status report shall be submitted by January 1, 1998, and a final report by January 1, 1999.

(6) Up to $400,000 of the reappropriations in this section is provided to develop an inventory of all lands in the state owned by federal agencies, state agencies, local governments, and Indian tribes. The committee shall develop the inventory in a computer database format that will facilitate the sharing and reporting of inventory data and provide options for future updates. The inventory shall include, at a minimum, the following information: Owner, location, acreage, and principal use. The inventory shall also include resource-based information for state and federally-owned recreation and habitat lands. The committee shall submit a status report on the inventory to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1999, and a final report by January 1, 2000.

(7) All land acquired by a state agency with moneys from these appropriations shall comply with class A, B, and C weed control provisions of chapter 17.10 RCW.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $14,264,419
  Aquatic Lands Acct--State $33,335
  ORA--State $21,985,067
  Wildlife Account--State $1,398,996
  Habitat Conservation Account--State $18,700,633

  Subtotal Reappropriation $56,382,450

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $42,000,000
  Aquatic Lands Acct--State $3,000,000

  Subtotal Appropriation $45,000,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $101,449,844
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $200,000,000

  TOTAL $402,832,294

NEW SECTION. Sec. 330. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION
  Firearms range program (98-2-004)
  Reappropriation:
    Firearms Range Account--State $771,259
  Appropriation:
    Firearms Range Account--State $388,800
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $512,001
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $800,000

  TOTAL $2,472,060

NEW SECTION. Sec. 331. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION
  Land and water conservation fund (98-2-005)
  Reappropriation:
    ORA--Federal $2,180,812
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $52,050,000
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

  TOTAL $54,230,812

NEW SECTION. Sec. 332. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION
  National Recreation Trails Act (98-2-006)
  Reappropriation:
    ORA--Federal $112,751
    Recreation Resources Account--Federal $562,146

  Subtotal Reappropriation $674,897

Appropriation:
  Recreation Resources Account--Federal $583,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $17,086
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,332,000
TOTAL $3,606,983

NEW SECTION. Sec. 333. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Water quality grants program (98-2-001)
The appropriations in this section are provided solely for grants to conservation districts for nonpoint water quality projects and programs.

Reappropriation:
Water Quality Account--State $3,095,000

Appropriation:
Water Quality Account--State $5,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $5,500,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $20,000,000

TOTAL $33,595,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 334. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Dairy Waste Management Grants Program (98-2-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $1,500,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for a state-wide grant program to assist dairy operators in implementing dairy waste management systems; and
(2) $1,500,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for a state-wide grant program to provide technical assistance to dairy operators for development and implementation of dairy waste management plans.

Appropriation:
Water Quality Account--State $3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $3,000,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $6,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 335. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION

Puget Sound Action Plan (98-2-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) These appropriations shall be used solely for grants to conservation districts in the Puget Sound area for water quality projects and programs contained in the Puget Sound work plan.
(2) The grants to the Puget Sound area conservation districts shall be in addition to other grant dollars that may be available from the water quality account and the basic funding grant programs administered by commission.

Appropriation:
Water Quality Account--State $830,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $830,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 336. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

Devils Creek acclimation pond (87-1-001)

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $332,823
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $7,504
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $340,327
NEW SECTION, Sec. 337. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Grandy Creek Hatchery (92-5-024)
  Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,776,974
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 723,026
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

  TOTAL $ 4,500,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 338. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Warm water fish facilities (92-5-025)
  Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,030,998
  Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 400,000
  Warm Water Game Fish Account--State $ 310,000

  Subtotal Appropriation $ 710,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 829,323
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

  TOTAL $ 2,570,321

NEW SECTION, Sec. 339. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Tideland acquisition (94-2-003)
  Reappropriation:
  General Fund--Federal $ 1,386,925
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,613,075
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

  TOTAL $ 5,000,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 340. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Nemah Hatchery building and incubation system replacement (96-1-006)
  Reappropriation:
  General Fund--Federal $ 1,682,880
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 17,120
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

  TOTAL $ 1,700,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 341. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Shellfish laboratory and hatchery upgrades (96-1-009)
  Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 275,604
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 578,973
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

  TOTAL $ 854,577

NEW SECTION, Sec. 342. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Minter Creek Hatchery renovation (96-2-019)
  Funding from this reappropriation shall not be used to construct agency residential structures at the hatchery.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 343. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Water access and development (96-2-027)

Reappropriation:
ORA--State $ 997,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,057,600
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 2,054,600

NEW SECTION. Sec. 344. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal $ 757,181

TOTAL $ 14,535,304

NEW SECTION. Sec. 345. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Underground storage tank removal and replacement (98-1-002)

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 596,185

TOTAL $ 4,433,185

NEW SECTION. Sec. 346. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Emergency repair (98-1-003)

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 219,353

TOTAL $ 3,249,999

NEW SECTION. Sec. 347. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Dam inspection and repair (98-1-004)
Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 150,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $  0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $  0

   TOTAL  $ 150,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 348. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Facilities renovation (98-1-005)

Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 302,618

Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 1,015,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 3,753,682
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 7,000,000

   TOTAL  $ 12,071,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 349. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Hatchery renovation (98-1-006)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No funds will be provided to increase residential capacity at any state hatchery facility.
(2) The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of
   financial management.

Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 906,202

Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 3,025,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 7,119,953
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 15,500,000

   TOTAL  $ 26,551,155

NEW SECTION. Sec. 350. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Recreational access redevelopment (98-1-007)

Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 119,300

Appropriation:
   General Fund--Federal  $ 610,000
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 302,000

   Subtotal Appropriation  $ 912,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 3,559,850
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 4,200,000

   TOTAL  $ 8,791,150

NEW SECTION. Sec. 351. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Coast and Puget Sound wild salmonid habitat restoration (98-1-009)

Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 1,428,770

Appropriation:
   General Fund--Federal  $ 800,000
   General Fund--Private/Local  $ 800,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,500,000

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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$37,915,000</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 352. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

Coast and Puget Sound wildstock restoration and hatcheries (98-1-010)

Reappropriation:
- General Fund--Federal $700,000
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $114,186

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Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $5,265,814
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $6,500,000

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<td><strong>$13,580,000</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 353. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

Fish protection facilities (98-1-011)

Reappropriation:
- General Fund--Federal $1,654,335

Appropriation:
- General Fund--Private/Local $200,000
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $500,000

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 354. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

State-wide fencing renovation and construction (98-1-012)

Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $272,743

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $570,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $2,350,800
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,400,000

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 355. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

Wildlife area renovation (98-1-013)

Reappropriation:
- Wildlife Account--State $238,804

Appropriation:
- Wildlife Account--State $548,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,225,196
NEW SECTION. Sec. 356. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Issaquah Hatchery improvements (98-1-015)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The department shall provide a progress report on this project to the governor and the legislature by October 1, 1998.
Reappropriation:
   General Fund--Private/Local  $ 60,097
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State   $ 211,217
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 271,314
Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State   $ 3,000,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 878,684
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 4,149,998

NEW SECTION. Sec. 357. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Crop and orchard protection fencing (98-2-002)
Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State   $ 300,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,200,000
TOTAL $ 1,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 358. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Game farm consolidation (98-2-005)
Reappropriation:
   Wildlife Account--State    $ 231,470
Appropriation:
   Wildlife Account--State    $ 300,000
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 900,000
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 1,200,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,593,530
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 3,025,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 359. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Recreational fish enhancement (98-2-007)
Reappropriation:
   Rec Fisheries Enh Acct--State  $ 1,078,400
Appropriation:
   Rec Fisheries Enh Acct--State  $ 1,000,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 221,600
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 4,000,000
TOTAL $ 6,300,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 360. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Mitigation projects and dedicated funds (98-2-008)  
Reappropriation:  
    Spec Wildlife Acct--State $ 42,367  
    Spec Wildlife Acct--Private/Local $ 1,197,000  

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 1,239,367  

Appropriation:  
    General Fund--Federal $ 4,000,000  
    General Fund--Private/Local $ 2,500,000  
    Spec Wildlife Acct--State $ 50,000  

Subtotal Appropriation $ 6,550,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 4,606,482  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 26,260,000  

TOTAL $ 38,655,849

NEW SECTION. Sec. 361. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Migratory waterfowl habitat acquisition and development (98-2-009)  
Reappropriation:  
    Wildlife Account--State $ 251,567  
Appropriation:  
    Wildlife Account--State $ 500,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,547,733  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,000,000  

TOTAL $ 4,299,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 362. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Columbia River Wildlife Mitigation (98-2-010)  
Appropriation:  
    Spec Wildlife Acct--Federal $ 6,600,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 23,200,000  

TOTAL $ 29,800,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 363. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Fish passage and habitat improvement (98-2-012)  
Appropriation:  
    General Fund--Federal $ 500,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 700,000  

TOTAL $ 1,200,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 364. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Deep water slough restoration (98-2-013)  
Appropriation:  
    General Fund--Federal $ 500,000  
    General Fund--Private/Local $ 300,000  

TOTAL $ 800,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 365. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Clam and oyster beach enhancement (98-2-019)

Reappropriation:
- Aquatic Lands Acct--State $453,716
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $168,700

Subtotal Reappropriation $622,416

Appropriation:
- Aquatic Lands Acct--State $300,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $2,984,947
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,600,000

TOTAL $5,507,363

NEW SECTION. Sec. 366. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Replace unproductive habitat (98-2-020)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The department shall convey to a qualified purchaser approximately 1,120 acres in or near the Mission Ridge ski area. The conveyance of these properties shall proceed pursuant to provisions in chapter 77.12 RCW regarding department property. The department is authorized to use $1,200,000 of the appropriation provided in this section to purchase replacement lands providing similar benefits to wildlife.

(2) $20,000 of the appropriation in this section is provided solely to purchase property that is inaccessible to its current owner as a result of a previous transaction with the department that provided public access to a lake.

Appropriation:
- Wildlife Account--State $1,220,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $1,220,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 367. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Irrigation repairs and replacements (98-1-001)

Appropriation:
- Resources Management Cost Account--State $100,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $397,420
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,600,000

TOTAL $2,097,420

NEW SECTION. Sec. 368. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Real estate repairs, maintenance, and tenant improvements (98-1-002)

Appropriation:
- Resources Management Cost Account--State $677,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $691,155
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $3,150,000

TOTAL $4,519,155
TOTAL $4,518,155

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 369. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

**Communication site repair (98-1-003)**

Appropriation:
- For Dev Acct--State $90,000
- Resources Management Cost Account--State $60,000

Subtotal Appropriation $150,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $199,146
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $580,000

TOTAL $929,146

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 370. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

**Underground storage tank removal and upgrade (98-1-005)**

Appropriation:
- For Dev Acct--State $51,120
- Resources Management Cost Account--State $142,000

Subtotal Appropriation $193,120
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $30,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $102,000

TOTAL $325,120

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 371. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

**State-wide emergency repairs (98-1-006)**

Appropriation:
- For Dev Acct--State $18,000
- Resources Management Cost Account--State $50,000
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $30,000

Subtotal Appropriation $88,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $361,493
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $392,000

TOTAL $851,493

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 372. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

**Americans with Disabilities Act compliance (98-1-009)**

Appropriation:
- For Dev Acct--State $9,000
- Resources Management Cost Account--State $25,000

Subtotal Appropriation $34,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $68,285
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $272,000

TOTAL $374,285

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 373. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

**Asbestos removal (98-1-010)**

Appropriation:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 374. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Natural area preserve and natural resource conservation area management and
emergency repairs (98-1-011)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $350,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $590,739
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,400,000

TOTAL $2,340,739

NEW SECTION. Sec. 375. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Hazardous waste cleanup (98-1-014)
Appropriation:

For Dev Acct--State $120,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $692,547
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,000,000

TOTAL $2,812,547

NEW SECTION. Sec. 376. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Emergency repairs: Recreation sites (98-1-015)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $120,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $216,299
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $480,000

TOTAL $816,299

NEW SECTION. Sec. 377. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Recreation health and safety (98-1-016)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $556,160
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,200,000

TOTAL $2,056,160

NEW SECTION. Sec. 378. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Americans with Disabilities Act recreation site improvements (98-1-017)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $300,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,200,000

TOTAL $1,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 379. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Administrative site preservation (98-1-018)

Appropriation:

For Dev Acct--State $ 169,000
Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 469,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 300,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 938,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 3,752,000

TOTAL $ 4,690,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 380. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Natural resources real property replacement (98-2-002)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation is provided solely for the acquisition of timber lands for the common school trust to replace lands transferred from trust status under section 389 of this act, and for the reasonable costs incurred by the department in acquiring such lands. Lands acquired under this section shall be acquired solely for the benefit of the common school trust.

Appropriation:

Nat Res Prop Repl Acct--State $ 3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 35,354,155
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 38,354,155

NEW SECTION. Sec. 381. The department of natural resources shall include a list of specific properties proposed for purchase under the land bank and natural resources real property replacement programs when submitting future requests for appropriation authority for the programs.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 382. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Right of way acquisition (98-2-005)

Appropriation:

For Dev Acct--State $ 409,000
Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 983,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,392,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,505,807
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 6,050,000

TOTAL $ 8,947,807

NEW SECTION. Sec. 383. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Communication site construction (98-2-006)

Appropriation:

For Dev Acct--State $ 410,000
Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 150,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 560,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 474,561
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,980,000

TOTAL $ 3,014,561
NEW SECTION, Sec. 384. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Irrigation development (98-2-010)
Appropriation:
   Resources Management Cost Account--State $300,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $687,003
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,000,000
____________
TOTAL $2,987,003

NEW SECTION, Sec. 385. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Minor works: Programmatic (98-2-011)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
   For Dev Acct--State $258,840
   Resources Management Cost Account--State $719,000
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $300,000
   Subtotal Appropriation $1,277,840
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $993,577
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $7,811,540
____________
TOTAL $10,082,957

NEW SECTION, Sec. 386. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Mineral resource testing (98-2-012)
Appropriation:
   For Dev Acct--State $18,000
   Resources Management Cost Account--State $10,000
   Subtotal Appropriation $28,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $20,000
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $175,000
____________
TOTAL $223,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 387. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Commercial development: Local improvement districts (98-2-013)
Appropriation:
   Resources Management Cost Account--State $200,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $650,568
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,000,000
____________
TOTAL $1,850,568

NEW SECTION, Sec. 388. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Aquatic lands enhancement grants (98-2-014)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The following phase 1 projects are eligible for funding from the reappropriation in this section.
(2) The following phase 2 projects are eligible for grant funding from the new appropriation in this section in the amounts indicated:
Phase 1
Alki/Harbor/Duwamish Corridor, City of Seattle $200,000
ASARCO, Town of Ruston $100,000
Cape Flattery, Makah Tribe $200,000
Columbia River Renaissance, City of Vancouver $2,800,000
Columbia River Trail, East Wenatchee $100,000
Columbia River Trail Phase 2, LOOP Coalition $400,000
Cooperative Environmental Education, North Mason School District $300,000
Duckabush River, Jefferson County $350,000
Latah Creek, City of Spokane $300,000
Little Spokane River, Spokane County $300,000
Odyssey Maritime Museum, Port of Seattle $1,000,000
Raymond Waterfront Park, City of Raymond $200,000
Seattle Aquarium, City of Seattle $300,000
South Lake Union, City of Seattle $200,000
Statewide Competitive Small Grant Program $500,000
Stevenson Waterfront Park, Port of Skamania $75,000

Total $7,325,000

Phase 2
Department of Natural Resources Natural Heritage, Chehalis River Surge Plain Trail $128,475
State Parks, Rocky Reach Trailway $200,000
City of Woodinville, Wilmot Park $200,000
City of Seattle, South Lake Union $75,000
City of Port Angeles, Centennial Trail $148,300
Metropolitan Park District of Tacoma, Dickman Mill Park $1,000,000
Snohomish County, Thomas’ Eddy Trail $75,000
City of Mount Vernon, Edgewater Park Extension $312,000
Peninsula College, Pierro Marine Lab Exhibit $26,800
Jefferson County, Larry Scott Memorial Park $134,650
Snohomish County, Drainage District #6 $841,000
City of Poulsbo, Nelson Property Acquisition $253,000
Kitsap County, Old Mill Site Acquisition $300,000
Padilla Bay National Estuarine Reserve, Exhibit $150,000
North Mason School District, Hood Canal Watershed Program, Sweetwater Creek $160,000
Port of Whitman County, Snake River Trail $238,779
Snohomish County, Lake Cassidy Boardwalk $29,882
Makah Tribe, Shi Shi Access $167,110
City of Seattle, Alki Beach Trail $300,000
City of Seattle, The Seattle Aquarium Mountains to Sound $279,004
Vashon Park District, Jensen Point Small Craft Center $104,306
City of Medical Lake, Waterfront Trail Interpretive System $8,750
WASHINGTON General Administration, Heritage Park $500,000
Pacific County, Naselle Boat Launch Improvement $77,500
State Parks, Fort Canby State Park Beard’s Hollow $101,760
City of Washougal, Sandy Swimming Hole $39,045
City of Chelan, North Shore Pathway $ 225,000
Port of Seattle, Odyssey Maritime Museum
   Phase 2   $ 1,000,000

Total $ 7,075,361

(3) Grant funding from the new appropriation shall be distributed based on the order in which projects are ready to proceed, as determined by the department, and the availability of funds.

(4) The department shall submit a list of recommended projects to be funded from the aquatic lands enhancement account in the 1999-2001 capital budget. The list shall result from a competitive grants program developed by the department based upon, at a minimum: A uniform criteria for the selection of projects and awarding of grants for up to fifty percent of the total project cost; local community support for the project; and a state-wide geographic distribution of projects.

Reappropriation:

Aquatic Lands Acct--State $ 3,756,817

Appropriation:

Aquatic Lands Acct--State $ 6,000,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 8,086,566
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 22,000,000

TOTAL $ 39,843,383

NEW SECTION. Sec. 389. FOR SPECIAL LAND PURCHASES AND COMMON SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

Special land purchases and common school construction (98-2-015)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation is provided to the department of natural resources solely for the purposes of transferring from trust status certain trust lands of state-wide significance to state park, wildlife habitat, natural area preserve, natural resources conservation area, open space, or recreation purposes, acquiring replacement timber trust lands, and providing funding for common school construction.

(2) The appropriation in this section is provided solely for the transfer of the following list of trust properties to the identified agency:
   (a) Iron Horse/Bandera, King county, to the state parks and recreation commission;
   (b) Kitsap Forest, Kitsap county, to the department of natural resources for natural area preserve purposes;
   (c) Upper Sultan Basin, Snohomish county, to the department of natural resources for natural resource conservation area purposes;
   (d) West Tiger Mountain, King county, to the department of natural resources for natural resource conservation area purposes.

The department shall transfer the first trust property and then allocate the remaining funds to the remaining properties in roughly equal shares.

(3) Land and timber transferred under this section shall be appraised and transferred at full market value. The department of natural resources shall attempt to maintain a minimum aggregate ratio of 85:15 timber-to-land value in these transactions. The value of the timber transferred shall be deposited by the department of natural resources in the same manner as timber revenues from other common school trust lands, except that no deduction shall be made for the resource management cost account. The value of the land transferred, not to exceed $3,000,000, shall be deposited in the natural resources real property replacement account to be used for the acquisition of replacement timber lands solely to benefit the common school trust.

(4) All reasonable costs incurred by the department of natural resources to implement this section may be paid out of this appropriation, except that the costs of acquiring replacement timber lands shall be paid out of appropriations from the natural resources real property replacement account.

(5) The department shall use intergrant exchanges between common school and other trust lands of equal value to effect the purposes of this section if the exchange is in the interest of each trust, as determined by the board of natural resources.
(6) The department of natural resources and receiving agencies shall work in good faith to carry out the intent of this section. However, the board of natural resources or a receiving agency may reject a transfer of property if it is determined that the transfer is not in the interest of either the common school trust or the receiving agency.

(7) On June 30, 1999, the state treasurer shall transfer all remaining uncommitted funds from this appropriation to the common school construction fund and the appropriation in this section shall be reduced by an equivalent amount.

**Appropriation:**

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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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**TOTAL** $166,500,000

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 390. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES**

**Jobs for the Environment (98-2-009)**

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriations shall be used solely for the jobs for the environment program to achieve the following goals:
   
   (a) Restore and protect watersheds to benefit anadromous fish stocks, including critical or depressed stocks as determined by the department of fish and wildlife;
   
   (b) Conduct watershed restoration and protection projects primarily on state lands in coordination with federal, local, tribal, and private sector efforts; and
   
   (c) Create market wage jobs with benefits in environmental restoration for displaced workers in rural natural resource impact areas, as defined under RCW 43.31.601(2).

(2) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the appropriations are solely for projects selected by the department of natural resources, in consultation with an interagency task force consisting of the department of fish and wildlife, other appropriate state agencies, tribal governments, local governments, the federal government, labor and other interested stakeholders. In recommending projects for funding the task force shall use the following criteria:

   (a) The extent to which the project, using best available science, addresses habitat factors limiting fish and wildlife populations;
   
   (b) The number, duration and quality of jobs to be created or retained by the project for displaced workers in natural resource impact areas;
   
   (c) The extent to which the project will help avoid the listing of threatened or endangered species or provides for the recovery of species already listed;
   
   (d) The extent to which the project will augment existing federal, state, tribal or local watershed planning efforts or completed watershed restoration and conservation plans;
   
   (e) The cost effectiveness of the project;
   
   (f) The availability of matching funds; and
   
   (g) The demonstrated ability of the project sponsors to administer the project.

(3) Funds expended shall be used for specific projects and not for ongoing operational costs. Eligible projects include, but are not limited to, closure or improvement of forest roads, repair of culverts, cleanup of stream beds, removal of fish barriers, installation of fish screens, fencing of streams, and construction and planting of fish cover. Funds may also be expended for planning, design, engineering, and monitoring of eligible projects.

(4) The department of natural resources and the department of fish and wildlife, in consultation with the office of financial management and other appropriate agencies, shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, and January 1, 1999, on the results of expenditures from the appropriations.

(5) $800,000 of the appropriations in this section is provided solely for watershed restoration programs to be completed by the department of ecology's Washington conservation corps crews.
(6) All projects funded under this section shall be consistent with any development regulations or comprehensive plans adopted under the growth management act for the project areas. No funds may be expended to acquire land through condemnation.

Appropriation:

For Dev Acct--State $ 500,000
Resource Management Cost Account--State $ 1,500,000
Water Quality Account--State $ 7,133,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 9,133,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 23,067,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 40,000,000

TOTAL $ 72,200,000

PART 4
TRANSPORTATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: Minor works (98-1-022)

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 220,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 600,000

TOTAL $ 820,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: Repair Burn Building (98-1-024)

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 465,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 465,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Seattle Crime Laboratory: Needs analysis, predesign, and design (98-2-013)
The Washington state patrol shall complete a predesign for approval by the office of financial management prior to release of design funding. The predesign must be consistent with results of the state-wide crime laboratory needs analysis study funded from the county criminal justice assistance account and the municipal criminal justice assistance account under this appropriation. Emphasis shall be placed on sharing facilities with other local law enforcement and justice agencies where it is economically and programatically justified.

Appropriation:
County Criminal Justice Assistance Account--State $ 71,300
Municipal Criminal Justice Assistance Account--State $ 28,700
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,000,000

Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,300,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: New hazardous material prop (98-2-023)

Appropriation:

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TOTAL  $ 500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: Classroom building (98-2-025)

Appropriation:

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TOTAL  $ 1,200,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 406. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: Design and construct dormitory (99-2-021)

Appropriation:

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TOTAL  $ 1,400,000

PART 5
EDUCATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. FOR THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
Public school building construction (98-2-001)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. From the appropriation in this section the state board shall fund one hundred percent of the cost for a required standard value engineering study on all projects exceeding 50,000 gross square feet in size. On an annual basis, the board shall report to the legislative fiscal committees and the office of financial management the results of these studies including but not limited to the amounts of each study and the accepted savings achieved due to the studies.

2. No more than $138,000,000 of this appropriation, excluding reappropriations, may be obligated in fiscal year 1998 for school district project design and construction.

3. Total cash disbursed from the common school construction fund may not exceed the available cash balance.

4. The reappropriation from the state building construction account shall serve as full compensation to the common school trust for the transfer of land to the Washington State University Lind Dryland Research Unit under Substitute House Bill No. 1016 or Senate Bill No. 5174.

5. No more than $7,110,000 of this appropriation may be allocated by the state board to provide up to ninety percent of the total project cost for the renovation of facilities operating as interdistrict cooperative centers providing vocational skill programs. The remaining portion of the project cost shall be a match from local sources. As a condition to receiving an allocation from this appropriation or any other appropriation for a vocational skill center provided after calendar year 1996, the recipient facility must maintain a separate capital account, into which the participating districts make deposits, to pay for all future minor repair and renovation costs for the vocational skill center.
For purposes of this subsection, a future minor repair and renovation cost is a capital project costing less than forty percent of the value of the building.

Reappropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $18,329,671
- Common School Constr Fund--State $109,115,719

Subtotal Reappropriation $127,445,390

Appropriation:

- Common School Constr Fund--State $275,798,712
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $302,821,218
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $801,600,000

TOTAL $1,507,665,320

NEW SECTION, Sec. 502. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION

Project management: To fund the direct cost of state administration of school construction (96-1-001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
A maximum of $628,400 is provided solely for three full-time equivalent regional coordinators. The coordinators shall have direct construction or architectural training and experience and be strategically located across the state. The coordinators shall assist local school districts with: State board of education rules and regulations relating to school construction and modernization projects, building condition analysis, development of state studies and surveys, value engineering studies during design, construction administration, maintenance issues, and data verification to allow equitable administration of the state board priority system.

Appropriation:

- Common School Constr Fund--State $1,778,721
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $7,800,000

TOTAL $9,578,721

NEW SECTION, Sec. 503. THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND

Seismic stabilization and preservation (98-1-001)

Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,700,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $1,700,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 504. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND

Minor works: Preservation (98-1-002)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $500,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,000,000

TOTAL $2,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,000,000

TOTAL $3,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 506. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF
New cottages: Design and construction (98-2-001)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $4,606,600
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $4,606,600

NEW SECTION. Sec. 507. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD
North Snohomish, Island, and Skagit Counties Higher Education Consortium facility utilization plan: This appropriation is to prepare a functional space program and generic master plan for the Consortium’s initial facility, conduct a comparative site evaluation study for the initial facility, and develop a time-phased plan and budget for the use of facilities at Everett, Edmonds, and Skagit Valley Community Colleges. (98-2-001)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $376,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $376,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 508. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD
Higher Education facilities inventory and utilization information system: This appropriation is to provide for the development and full implementation of the space inventory and utilization information system for the public institutions of higher education as specified in the system implementation plan prepared by the higher education coordinating board. (98-2-002)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $650,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $650,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 509. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD
Evaluation of postsecondary education needs and program delivery alternatives for underserved rural areas: This appropriation is to evaluate the postsecondary education and workforce training needs of underserved rural areas and to develop recommendations on methods of meeting identified needs. (98-2-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The higher education coordinating board shall designate specific study areas with criteria that include, but are not limited to: (a) The current participation rates of study area populations in postsecondary education programs; (b) the population size of study areas; and (c) the availability of existing postsecondary institutions to residents of potential study areas.

(2) In conducting this evaluation and preparing recommendations, the higher education coordinating board shall consider innovative approaches to meeting area needs that take full advantage of existing public facilities and the use of telecommunications and related program delivery technologies.

**Appropriation:**

```
St Bldg Constr Acct--State   $ 150,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)   $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)   $ 0
```

TOTAL $ 150,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 510. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD**

**Construction monitoring of access projects:** This appropriation is to provide for comprehensive evaluation and reporting of the additional student enrollment capacity being achieved through the various capital projects authorized by the legislature for the development of the branch campuses, the K-20 system, and enrollment expansion at the main campuses of the public institutions of higher education. (98-2-004)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The higher education coordinating board shall review the achieved enrollment capacity of all completed projects and the design capacity for projects under development.

(2) The higher education coordinating board shall provide semiannual reports to the office of financial management and legislative fiscal committees on the status, schedule, and comparisons of budget and actual costs of access related projects and shall submit, by November 30, 1998, an updated comprehensive capital investment plan for such projects.

(3) The plan shall incorporate the facility utilization and capacity data provided through section 508 of this act.

**Appropriation:**

```
St Bldg Constr Acct--State   $ 200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)   $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)   $ 0
```

TOTAL $ 200,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 511. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON**

**Power Plant boiler (88-2-022)**

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

```
St Bldg Constr Acct--State   $ 3,427,749
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)   $ 17,007,796
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)   $ 0
```

TOTAL $ 20,435,545

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 512. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON**

**Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Engineering Building: Construction (90-2-013)**
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $31,579,764
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $64,211,236
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $95,791,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 513. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Old Physics Hall (Mary Gates Hall): Design and construction (92-2-008)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $30,028,248
UW Bldg Acct--State $305,891

Subtotal Reappropriation $30,334,139
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $4,772,861
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $35,107,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 514. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Physics/Astronomy building construction (90-2-009)

Reappropriation:

Higher Education Reimbursable
Construction Account--State $800,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $71,764,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $72,564,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 515. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Burke Museum: To study the museum’s space needs, long-term physical facilities needs, and options for future expansion (93-2-002) and for exhibit renovation (94-1-002)$1,846,500 of the reappropriation in this section is for the exhibit renovation and shall be matched by at least $615,000 from other sources for the same purpose.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,650,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $749,997
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $2,399,997

NEW SECTION. Sec. 516. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Business Administration: Expansion (93-2-006)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) The reappropriation in this section shall be matched by at least $7,500,000 in cash provided from nonstate sources.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,273,373
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 6,226,627
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 7,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 517. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor repairs: Preservation (94-1-003)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,309,588
UW Bldg Acct--State $ 231,509

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 4,541,097
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 6,444,102
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 10,985,199

NEW SECTION. Sec. 518. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor repairs (96-1-002)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
UW Bldg Acct--State $ 5,200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,847,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 9,047,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 519. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Suzzallo Library renovation--Phase I design and construction: To design the phase I remodeling of the 1925, 1935, and 1963 building and additions to address structural, mechanical, electrical, and life safety deficiencies (94-1-015)
The reappropriation in this section shall not be expended until the documents described in the capital project review requirements process and procedures prescribed by the office of financial management have been complied with under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,162,918
UW Bldg Acct--State $ 646,996

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 1,809,914
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,245,960
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 33,044,126

TOTAL $ 36,100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 520. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Infrastructure projects: Savings (94-1-999)
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4)
stream and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.

A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

**Reappropriation:**

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 1
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

**TOTAL**  $ 1

NEW SECTION. Sec. 521. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Harborview Research and Training Facility: Construction (94-2-013)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The reappropriation and new appropriation in this section are provided solely for design and construction of the Harborview research and training facility. The appropriation represents the total state contribution for all costs for design, construction, and equipping of a 179,000 gross square foot facility.

2. The reappropriation and new appropriation in this section are subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

- H Ed Constr Acct--State  $ 10,000,000
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 9,698,846

Subtotal Reappropriation  $ 19,698,846

**Appropriation:**

- H Ed Constr Acct--State  $ 11,800,000
- UW Bldg Acct--State  $ 283,375
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 41,857,625

Subtotal Appropriation  $ 53,941,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 5,121,154
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 78,761,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 522. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Law School Building: Construction (94-2-017)

In addition to any state appropriation for this project, at least one-third of all the costs of this project ($18,000,000), including the costs of design and consulting services, construction, and equipment, shall be derived from private matching funds.

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

- UW Bldg Acct--State  $ 1,140,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 128,000
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 35,000,000

TOTAL  $ 36,268,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 523. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON Tacoma Branch Campus: To complete phase 1b, conduct predesign of phase II, design of phase II, to acquire property, and to remediate unknown site conditions (94-2-500)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the recommendations of the higher education coordinating board.

(2) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under sections 712 and 714 of this act.

(3) The predesign for phase II to serve at least 1,200 additional student full-time equivalents shall be conducted in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Design of phase IIA to serve at least 600 student full-time equivalents shall not proceed until the completed predesign requirements have been reviewed and approved by the office of financial management.

(4) $5,700,000 of the appropriation in this section is a reappropriation of the unexpended balance of the appropriation in section 533, chapter 16, Laws of 1995 2nd special session to correspond to the revised legislative intent that the $5,700,000 for phase 1b be expended for site improvements, design, and construction of facilities to accommodate at least 122 additional student full-time equivalents at the Tacoma branch campus.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Type</th>
<th>Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$12,636,619</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Type</th>
<th>Balance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$19,700,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$20,255,468</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$204,000,000</td>
</tr>
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TOTAL $256,592,087

NEW SECTION. Sec. 524. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON

Minor works: Utility infrastructure (96-1-004)

Reappropriation:

<table>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$4,800,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$1,100,000</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $5,900,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 525. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON

Minor safety repairs: Preservation (96-1-001)

The reappropriation in this section is for underground storage tanks.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Type</th>
<th>Balance</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$201,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$18,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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</table>

TOTAL $219,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 526. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON

Health Sciences Center BB Tower Elevators--Design and construction: To design and construct the addition of one elevator and upgrading of the existing elevators in the health sciences center BB-wing and tower (96-1-007)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Account Type</th>
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<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$4,961,992</td>
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<tr>
<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$208,546</td>
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Subtotal Reappropriation $5,170,538
<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$22,061</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEW SECTION. Sec. 527. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Health Sciences Center D-Wing Dental Student Laboratory: Design and construction (96-1-016)

Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,134,433
  UW Bldg Acct--State $ 109,094

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 2,243,527
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 773,573
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 3,017,100

NEW SECTION. Sec. 528. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Hogness/Health Sciences Center lobby: Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (96-1-022)

Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,253,070
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 46,930
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 1,300,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 529. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Fisheries Science-Oceanography Science Building: Construction (96-2-006)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) The department of general administration is directed, in keeping with section 146 of this act, to sell the Wellington Hills property as a means of partially offsetting the cost of this project with the proceeds of such sale being deposited into the state building and construction account.

Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,449,850
  UW Bldg Acct--State $ 1,548,150

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 4,998,000
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 33,590,000
  H Ed Constr Acct--State $ 32,507,000
  UW Bldg Acct--State $ 2,834,154

Subtotal Appropriation $ 68,931,154
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,865,597
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 77,794,751

NEW SECTION. Sec. 530. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Social Work third floor addition--Design and construction: To design and construct a 12,000 gross square foot partial third floor addition to the Social Work and Speech and Hearing Sciences Building (96-2-010)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 2,708,800</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 126,400</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 2,835,200
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 80,400
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 2,915,600

NEW SECTION. Sec. 531. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
West Electrical Power Station: To design and construct the installation of new transformers, switch gear facilities, and primary distribution feeders at the west receiving station (96-2-011)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 6,358,455</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 203,989</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 6,562,444
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 241,556
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 6,804,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 532. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Power Plant Boiler #7--Design and construction: To design and construct an addition to the south end of the power plant to house a new boiler #7 (96-2-020)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 9,465,544</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 288,703</td>
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</table>

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 9,754,247
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 157,753
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 9,912,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 533. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Southwest Campus utilities phase I--Design and construction: To design and construct the extension of utilities to serve the southwest campus development (96-2-027)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 8,166,084</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 284,062</td>
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Subtotal Reappropriation $ 8,450,146
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 859,354
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 9,309,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 534. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (96-2-028)
Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 338,771
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 38,229
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 377,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 535. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Nonstructural seismic corrections (96-2-031)
Reappropriation:

General Fund--Federal  $ 194,550
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 194,550

NEW SECTION. Sec. 536. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor works: Safety (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

UW Bldg Acct--State  $ 3,700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 12,000,000

TOTAL  $ 15,700,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 537. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-002)
The appropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

UW Bldg Acct--State  $ 5,346,075
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 26,000,000

TOTAL  $ 31,346,075

NEW SECTION. Sec. 538. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Utility and data communications projects: Preservation (98-1-004)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 24,000,000

TOTAL  $ 27,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 539. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor works: Program (98-2-003)
The appropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 2,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 9,000,000</td>
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**TOTAL** $ 11,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 540. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Building communications: Upgrade (98-2-009)

**Appropriation:**

<table>
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<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 3,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 29,500,000</td>
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**TOTAL** $ 32,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 541. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
University of Washington Bothell and Cascadia Community College phase I: Design and construction (98-2-899)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the recommendations of the higher education coordinating board.
(2) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under sections 712 and 714 of this act.
(3) The appropriation in this section is to be combined with the appropriation shown in section 695 of this act to construct a campus to serve at least 2,000 student full-time equivalents, with approximately 1,200 for the University of Washington and 800 for Cascadia Community College. The project shall be managed by the University of Washington.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 5,000,000</td>
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**Appropriation:**

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<th>Account</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 42,970,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** $ 47,970,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 542. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
University of Washington Bothell and Cascadia Community College future phases: To complete predesign and design of phase II (98-2-999)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the recommendations of the higher education coordinating board.
(2) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under sections 712 and 714 of this act.
(3) The appropriation in this section is to be combined with the appropriation shown in section 695 of this act and shall be managed by the University of Washington.
(4) The predesign for phase II to serve at least 2,000 additional University of Washington and community college student full-time equivalents included in this appropriation shall be conducted in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management.
(5) Design of phase IIA to serve at least 1,000 total University of Washington and community
college student full-time equivalents shall not proceed until the completed predesign requirements in
subsection (4) of this section have been reviewed and approved by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$79,000,000</td>
</tr>
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</table>

TOTAL $82,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 543. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Hazardous, pathological, and radioactive waste handling facilities: To provide centralized
facilities to prepare, package, and ship biomedical, pathological, hazardous, low-level, and
nonradioactive waste (92-1-019)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$735,425</td>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$453,929</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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</table>

TOTAL $1,189,354

NEW SECTION. Sec. 544. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Todd Hall renovation: To renovate the entire building, including upgrading electrical and
other building-wide systems, modernizing and refurbishing of classrooms and offices (92-1-021)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$179,412</td>
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<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$303,806</td>
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Subtotal Reappropriation $483,218

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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$14,198,291</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $14,681,509

NEW SECTION. Sec. 545. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Veterinary Teaching Hospital--Construction: To construct, equip, and furnish a new
teaching hospital for the department of veterinary medicine and surgery (92-2-013)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$77,884</td>
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<tr>
<td>H ED Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$239,098</td>
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Subtotal Reappropriation $316,982

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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$32,906,902</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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</table>

TOTAL $33,223,884

NEW SECTION. Sec. 546. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Fulmer Hall--Fulmer Annex renovation: To renovate Fulmer Hall Annex to meet fire, safety,
and handicap access code requirements and to make changes in functional use of space (92-2-023)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State**: $2,013,357
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures): $10,496,143
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs): $0

**TOTAL**: $12,509,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 547. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Student services addition: To design and construct a building for consolidated student service functions (92-2-027)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State**: $171,767
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures): $14,672,650
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs): $0

**TOTAL**: $14,844,417

NEW SECTION. Sec. 548. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Bohler Gym renovation: Construction (94-1-010)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State**: $1,149,554
- **WSU Bldg Acct--State**: $391,500

Subtotal Reappropriation: $1,541,054

Appropriation:

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State**: $16,778,275
- **WSU Bldg Acct--State**: $297,925

Subtotal Appropriation: $17,076,200

- Prior Biennia (Expenditures): $396,046
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs): $0

**TOTAL**: $19,013,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 549. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Thompson Hall renovation: Construction (94-1-024)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State**: $10,818,075
- **WSU Bldg Acct--State**: $101,325

Subtotal Appropriation: $10,919,400

- Prior Biennia (Expenditures): $777,000
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs): $0

**TOTAL**: $11,696,400
NEW SECTION. Sec. 550. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Infrastructure project: Savings (94-1-999)
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed
by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the
following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4)
steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and
air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.
A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal
committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 1

NEW SECTION. Sec. 551. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Hazardous waste facilities: Construction (94-2-006)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 1,251,201
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 459,799
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 15,000,000
TOTAL $ 16,711,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 552. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Pathological and Biomedical Incinerator: Design and construction (94-2-012)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,277,809
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 165,191
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 3,443,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 553. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Communications infrastructure: Renewal (94-2-013)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,049,697
WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 773,167
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 2,822,864
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 13,336,761
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 16,159,625

NEW SECTION. Sec. 554. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Engineering Teaching and Research Laboratory Building: Construction (94-2-014)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
**NEW SECTION. Sec. 555. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY**

Chemical waste collection facilities: Design and construction (94-2-016)

Reappropriation:

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<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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</table>

TOTAL $17,140,300

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 556. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY**

Bohler Gym addition: To construct a 45,800 gross square foot addition to Bohler Gym (94-2-017)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<th>Account</th>
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<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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TOTAL $3,337,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 557. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY**

Kimbrough Hall addition and remodeling: To design a 32,000 gross square foot addition and remodel the existing Kimbrough Hall (94-2-019)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
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<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$399,800</td>
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Subtotal Reappropriation $3,718,495

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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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</table>

TOTAL $10,354,200

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 558. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY**

Puyallup: Greenhouse replacements (94-2-027)

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 770,866
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 1,273,153
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 2,044,019

NEW SECTION. Sec. 559. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Washington State University Vancouver: Campus construction (94-2-902)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
sections 712 and 714 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 9,407,417
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 29,315,045
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 38,722,462

NEW SECTION. Sec. 560. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Washington State University Tri-Cities: Consolidated Information Center (94-2-905)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 202,827
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 10,916,173
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 11,119,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 561. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Animal Science Laboratory Building--Design and Construction: To construct a 20,200 gross
square foot animal science lab (94-4-018)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 249,908
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 7,011,450
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 7,261,358

NEW SECTION. Sec. 562. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Underground storage tank remediation and removal (96-1-001)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 232,869
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 49,131
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 282,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 563. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Asbestos pool reserve (96-1-002)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 70,265
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 75,185
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL  $ 145,450

NEW SECTION. Sec. 564. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Americans with Disabilities Act pool reserve (96-1-003)

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 365,872
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 36,354
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL  $ 402,226

NEW SECTION. Sec. 565. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Minor works: Preservation (96-1-004)

The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,002,694
WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 165,877

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 3,168,571
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,983,429
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL  $ 6,152,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 566. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Minor works: Safety and environment (96-2-001)

The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 943,348
WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 907,315

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 1,850,663
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 749,337
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL  $ 2,600,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 567. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Minor works: Program (96-2-002)

The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 3,055,990
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,094,010
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL  $ 5,150,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 568. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Plant growth: Wheat research center (96-2-047)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act and shall not be expended until the university has received the federal money or an equivalent amount from other sources.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,553,154
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,446,846
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 4,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 569. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Intercollegiate Center for Nursing Education: Telecommunications (96-2-915)

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 524,386
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 975,614
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 1,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 570. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-004)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 5,553,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 24,000,000

TOTAL $ 29,553,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 571. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Campus infrastructure and road improvements (98-1-073)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 8,292,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 4,000,000

TOTAL $ 12,292,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 72. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Safety and environmental (98-2-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,600,000
WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 1,807,800

Subtotal Appropriation $ 3,407,800
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $12,600,000

TOTAL $16,007,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 573. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (98-2-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
WSU Bldg Acct--State $6,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $33,000,000

TOTAL $39,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 574. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Major equipment: Acquisition (98-2-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The state building construction account appropriation is provided solely for agricultural equipment including $1,500,000 for the agricultural research center and $500,000 for teaching and extension equipment.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,000,000
WSU Bldg Acct--State $3,000,000

Subtotal Appropriation $5,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $15,000,000

TOTAL $20,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 575. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Murrow Hall: Renovation and addition (98-2-008)
To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998.

Appropriation:
WSU Bldg Acct--State $105,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $11,625,100

TOTAL $11,730,100

NEW SECTION. Sec. 76. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Cleveland Hall: Renovation and addition (98-2-032)
To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998.

Appropriation:
WSU Bldg Acct--State $140,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $9,435,100

TOTAL $11,730,100
TOTAL $ 9,575,100

NEW SECTION. Sec. 577. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
South Campus electrical service: Design and construction (98-2-044)
Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,900,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 2,900,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 578. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Teaching and Learning Center: Design and construction (98-2-062)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,970,175
- WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 624,325

Subtotal Appropriation $ 2,594,500
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 80,000
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 25,101,805

TOTAL $ 27,776,305

NEW SECTION. Sec. 79. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Apparel, Merchandising, and Interior Design and Landscape Architecture Building:
Predesign (98-01-000)

Appropriation:

- WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 98,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 28,800,000

TOTAL $ 28,898,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 580. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
WSUnet: Infrastructure (98-2-074)

Appropriation:

- WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 4,075,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 5,000,000

TOTAL $ 9,075,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 581. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Washington State University Tri-Cities: Predesign Science Education Center (98-2-905)
To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998. The project shall serve at least 910 additional student full-time equivalents on the Tri-Cities campus.

Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 140,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 21,435,800
NEW SECTION. Sec. 582. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Washington State University Vancouver: Phase II (98-2-911)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the
recommendations of the higher education coordinating board.
(2) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
(3) The engineering and multimedia buildings to be designed under this appropriation shall
serve at least 950 additional student full-time equivalents. Funding is also provided to construct campus
infrastructure and physical plant shops.

Appropriation:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} & \quad 13,500,000 \\
\text{Prior Biennia (Expenditures)} & \quad 0 \\
\text{Future Biennia (Projected Costs)} & \quad 123,000,000
\end{align*}
\]

TOTAL $136,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 583. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Telecommunications network and cable: Replacement (90-2-004)

Appropriation:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} & \quad 1,000,000 \\
\text{Prior Biennia (Expenditures)} & \quad 5,655,918 \\
\text{Future Biennia (Projected Costs)} & \quad 4,000,000
\end{align*}
\]

TOTAL $10,655,918

NEW SECTION. Sec. 584. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
JFK Library addition and remodel--Construction: To construct the 73,500 gross square foot
addition and remodeling of the JFK Library (90-5-003)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} & \quad 12,056,403 \\
\text{EWU Cap Proj Acct--State} & \quad 73,006
\end{align*}
\]

Subtotal Reappropriation $12,129,409
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $9,929,895
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $22,059,304

NEW SECTION. Sec. 585. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Chillers, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (94-1-003)

Reappropriation:

\[
\begin{align*}
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} & \quad 4,872,049 \\
\text{EWU Cap Proj Acct--State} & \quad 637,643
\end{align*}
\]

Subtotal Reappropriation $5,509,692
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $792,892
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $21,575,800
TOTAL $6,302,584

NEW SECTION. Sec. 586. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works--Preservation, repair, and remodel (94-1-015)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $533,002
  EWU Cap Proj Acct--State $1,660,253

Subtotal Reappropriation $2,193,255
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $7,761,057
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $9,954,312

NEW SECTION. Sec. 587. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Infrastructure project: Savings (94-1-999)
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.
A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $1

NEW SECTION. Sec. 588. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Monroe Hall Renovation (96-1-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $924,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $100,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $9,950,000

TOTAL $10,974,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 589. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Campus classrooms--Renewal: To renovate and upgrade classrooms and lab in various buildings on campus (96-2-001)
The appropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,000,000
  EWU Cap Proj Acct--State $500,000

Subtotal Appropriation $1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $3,650,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $14,000,000

TOTAL $19,150,000
TOTAL  $ 19,150,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 590. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Water systems: Preservation and expansion (98-1-002)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 500,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 2,250,000

TOTAL  $ 2,750,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 591. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 619,500
- EWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 4,730,500

Subtotal Appropriation  $ 5,350,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 6,000,000

TOTAL  $ 11,350,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 592. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Electrical substations: Preservation (98-1-004)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 3,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 1,500,000

TOTAL  $ 4,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 593. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Roof replacements (98-1-006)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 2,755,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 2,755,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 594. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Infrastructure: Preservation (98-1-007)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 4,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 7,000,000

-----------
TOTAL $11,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 595. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems: Preservation (98-1-008)

Appropriation:

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<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
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TOTAL $2,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 596. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Boiler Plant: Expansion and upgrade (98-1-011)

Appropriation:

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<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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Subtotal Appropriation $753,625

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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$5,615,175</td>
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TOTAL $6,368,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 597. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (98-2-001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

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<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<td>EWU Cap Proj Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,200,000</td>
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Subtotal Appropriation $1,700,000

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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$10,018,000</td>
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TOTAL $11,718,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 598. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Shaw/Smyser Hall renovation (90-2-005)

Reappropriation:

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<td>H Ed Constr Acct--State</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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TOTAL $13,285,002

NEW SECTION. Sec. 599. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (94-1-005)

Reappropriation:

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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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TOTAL   $ 3,562,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 600. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Science facility: Design and construction (94-2-002)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 45,047,550
  CWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 4,000,000

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 49,047,550

Appropriation:
  CWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 510,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 9,152,450
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL $ 58,710,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 601. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (94-2-006)
Reappropriation:
  CWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 152,276
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 2,354,724
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL $ 2,507,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Black Hall--Design and construction: To design and construct a 66,200 gross square foot addition to and complete remodel of the Black Hall (94-2-010)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 25,393,593
  CWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 575,000

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 25,968,593
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 1,434,808
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL $ 27,403,401

NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Asbestos abatement, demolition, and steamline (96-1-002)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 94,768
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 36,932
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL $ 131,700

NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Infrastructure preservation (96-1-040)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

(2) No money from this reappropriation may be expended for remodeling or repairing the president’s residence.

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct -- State $1,156,975
- CWU Cap Proj Acct -- State $530,000

Subtotal Reappropriation $1,686,975
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $713,025
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

**TOTAL** $2,400,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY**
**Minor works: Preservation (96-1-120)**
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
(2) A maximum of $85,000 from this reappropriation may be expended for remodeling the president’s residence.

**Reappropriation:**
- CWU Cap Proj Acct -- State $2,200,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,344,022
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

**TOTAL** $3,544,022

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 606. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY**
**Infrastructure savings (94-1-999)**
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.
A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct -- State $1
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

**TOTAL** $1

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 607. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY**
**Minor works: Program (96-2-130)**
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Reappropriation:**
- CWU Cap Proj Acct -- State $1,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,500,000
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

**TOTAL**
TOTAL $ 2,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 608. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Chilled water systems: Improvements (98-1-020)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,000,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 770,000

TOTAL $ 1,770,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 609. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Boiler Plant: Expansion (98-1-030)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,450,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 1,450,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 610. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Electrical utility: Upgrades (98-1-110)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,500,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 4,600,000

TOTAL $ 7,100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 611. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Steamline replacement (98-1-120)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 340,000
  CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 1,110,000

  Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,450,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,320,000

TOTAL $ 8,770,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 612. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-130)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
  CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 3,163,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 14,100,000

TOTAL $ 17,263,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 613. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Building indoor air quality: Improvements (98-1-170)
Appropriation:
  CWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 429,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 2,000,000

TOTAL  $ 2,429,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 614. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
SeaTac Center Building: Renovation (98-2-010)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 662,500
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 662,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 615. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Lynnwood Extended Degree Center: Facility improvements (98-2-080)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 1,000,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0

TOTAL  $ 1,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 616. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Extended Degree Centers: Design and construction (98-2-090)
To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998.
Appropriation:
  CWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 150,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 2,000,000

TOTAL  $ 2,150,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 617. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (98-2-135)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
  CWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 2,382,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 11,200,000

TOTAL  $ 13,582,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 618. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Minor works: Preservation (96-1-002)
Reappropriation:
  TESC Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 160,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 175,000

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 335,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,790,121
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 3,125,121

NEW SECTION. Sec. 619. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Minor works: Safety and code (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,450,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 16,705,000

TOTAL $ 19,155,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 620. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,000,000
TESC Cap Proj Acct--State $ 624,439

Subtotal Appropriation $ 2,624,439
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 22,400,000

TOTAL $ 25,024,439

NEW SECTION. Sec. 621. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Emergency repairs (98-1-003)

Appropriation:
TESC Cap Proj Acct--State $ 559,312
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,240,000

TOTAL $ 2,799,312

NEW SECTION. Sec. 622. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Seminar phase II: Predesign (98-2-004)

Appropriation:
TESC Cap Proj Acct--State $ 140,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 16,788,775

TOTAL $ 16,928,775

NEW SECTION. Sec. 623. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Lecture Hall: Improvements (98-2-005)

Appropriation:

<table>
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<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>State</th>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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TOTAL $ 1,325,423

NEW SECTION. Sec. 624. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE

Minor works: Program (98-2-006)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

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<th>TESC Cap Proj Acct--State</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 23,270,000</td>
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TOTAL $ 25,070,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 625. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

Riverpoint Campus phase II (96-2-001)

Reappropriation:

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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
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TOTAL $ 2,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 626. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

Infrastructure projects: Savings (98-1-003)

Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilating, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.

A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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TOTAL $ 1

NEW SECTION. Sec. 627. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

Health Sciences Building: To design the complete (phase I and II) health science building. (98-2-001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the recommendations of the higher education coordinating board.
(3) Design of this building shall accommodate at least 240 additional student full-time equivalents on the Riverpoint campus.

(4) $1,000,000 of the state building construction account appropriation shall be held in reserve until January 1, 1999.

(5) Design of this building, when used in conjunction with the building authorized in section 702(1)(b) of this act, shall accommodate all the academic programs offered by Eastern Washington University and Washington State University that are currently in leased space in the city of Spokane.

Reappropriation:

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Appropriation:

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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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TOTAL $31,904,400

NEW SECTION. Sec. 628. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION

Minor works: Program (98-2-002)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

<table>
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TOTAL $561,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 629. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Infrastructure projects: Savings (94-1-999)

Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.

A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $1

NEW SECTION. Sec. 630. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Science facility phase III: Construction (94-2-014)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>1,265,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>11,387,938</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL $12,652,938
NEW SECTION. Sec. 631. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Haggard Hall renovation and abatement: Construction (94-2-015)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 16,300,000
WWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 3,150,000

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 19,450,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,754,404
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 22,204,404

NEW SECTION. Sec. 632. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (96-1-030)
The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
WWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 800,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 1,300,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 633. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Infrastructure preservation (96-1-061)
The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 820,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 830,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 1,650,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 634. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (96-2-028)
The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,445,000
WWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 1,200,000

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 2,645,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,205,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 5,850,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 635. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Recreation and physical education fields phase I (96-2-051)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 175,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $2,491,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0

TOTAL $2,666,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 636. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Integrated signal distribution--Construct: To construct a campus network system (96-2-056)

Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $250,000

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $8,262,500
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $965,400
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $5,000,000

TOTAL $14,477,900

NEW SECTION. Sec. 637. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Minor works: Preservation (98-1-064)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $4,700,000
  WWU Cap Proj Acct--State $2,000,000

Subtotal Appropriation $6,700,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $24,000,000

TOTAL $30,700,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 638. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Communications facility: Predesign (98-2-053)

To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998.

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $204,400
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $42,400,000

TOTAL $42,604,400

NEW SECTION. Sec. 639. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

Minor works: Program (98-2-063)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
  WWU Cap Proj Acct--State $5,628,529
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $24,000,000

TOTAL $29,628,529
NEW SECTION, Sec. 640. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
All expenditures made by Western Washington University with funds provided in this act shall be consistent with local comprehensive land use plans.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 641. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
Stadium Way facility: Seismic and infrastructure repair (96-1-102)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 196,463

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,920,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 306,163
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,743,000

------------
TOTAL $ 5,165,626

NEW SECTION, Sec. 642. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
State Capital Museum: Preservation (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 110,000

------------
TOTAL $ 310,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 643. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
Minor works (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$62,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for exhibits in the legislative building.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 145,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 700,000

------------
TOTAL $ 845,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 644. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
Washington heritage projects: For grants to local heritage organizations for facility construction, improvements or additions, purchase, restoration and preservation of fixed historic assets, acquisition of equipment, property or sites, interior physical improvements, and design costs (98-2-004)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriations are provided for the approved list of projects included in LEAP CAPITAL DOCUMENT NO. H-2 as developed on April 2, 1997, at 10:16 p.m.
(2) The state grant may provide no more than one-third of the estimated total capital cost or actual total capital cost of the project, whichever is less. The remaining portions of project capital cost shall be a match from nonstate sources. The match may include cash, land value and documented in-kind gifts and support.
(3) By December 15, 1997, the society shall submit a report to the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature and to the office of financial management on the progress of the heritage program, including a list of projects funded under this section.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 4,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 15,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** $ 19,100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 645. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

**Minor works: Preservation (98-1-004)**

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 975,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** $ 1,175,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 646. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

**Cheney Cowles Museum: Addition design (98-2-001)**

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

(2) The appropriation in this section shall be matched by at least 20 percent from nonstate sources.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 1,900,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 14,100,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** $ 16,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 647. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

**Construct physical education facility: North Seattle Community College (90-5-011)**

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 1,574,617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 6,974,234</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TOTAL** $ 8,548,851

NEW SECTION. Sec. 648. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

**Construct Student Center Building: South Seattle Community College (90-5-016)**

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 117,544</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 5,249,154</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 649. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Repairs and minor improvements (94-1-001)
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,073,389
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 35,333,569
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 3,073,389

NEW SECTION. Sec. 650. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Renovate Seattle Vocational Institute facility (94-1-733)
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 74,617
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 7,482,587
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 7,557,204

NEW SECTION. Sec. 651. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Minor improvement projects (94-2-400)
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 353,105
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 11,117,929
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 11,471,034

NEW SECTION. Sec. 652. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Puyallup phase II: Pierce College (94-2-601)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,677,483
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 12,091,600
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 13,769,083

NEW SECTION. Sec. 653. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct vocational building: Skagit Valley College (94-2-602)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 75,953
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,403,853

TOTAL $ 2,479,806

TOTAL $ 5,366,698
NEW SECTION. Sec. 654. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct Learning Resource Center, Fine Arts, Student Center: Whatcom Community College (94-2-603)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 660,564
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 7,804,180
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 8,464,744

NEW SECTION. Sec. 655. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct classroom and laboratory building: Edmonds Community College (94-2-604)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 7,533,832
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 5,563,460
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 13,097,292

NEW SECTION. Sec. 656. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct Technical Educational Building: South Puget Sound Community College (94-2-605)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 264,777
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 6,741,626
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 7,006,403

NEW SECTION. Sec. 657. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct Center for Information Technology: Green River Community College (94-2-606)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 7,610,438
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 10,476,468
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 18,086,906
NEW SECTION. Sec. 658. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (94-5-001)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 296,560
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,344,818
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 3,641,378

NEW SECTION. Sec. 659. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Small repairs and improvements and underground storage tank removal (96-1-001)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 5,097,011
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 5,351,596
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 10,448,607

NEW SECTION. Sec. 660. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Asbestos abatement (96-1-002)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 484,317
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,142,040
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 1,626,357

NEW SECTION. Sec. 661. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (96-1-003)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,208,834
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,035,408
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 2,244,242

NEW SECTION. Sec. 662. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Roof repairs (96-1-010)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,824,529
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,581,471
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 5,406,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 663. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs (96-1-030)
Reappropriation:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 1,203,772</td>
<td>$ 6,384,228</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
<td>$ 7,588,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 664. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES**

Mechanical repairs (96-1-060)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 565,473</td>
<td>$ 696,527</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
<td>$ 1,262,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 665. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES**

Electrical repairs (96-1-080)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 835,487</td>
<td>$ 1,356,513</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
<td>$ 2,192,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 666. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES**

Exterior repairs (96-1-100)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 1,872,955</td>
<td>$ 546,045</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
<td>$ 2,419,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 667. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES**

Interior repairs (96-1-120)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 1,127,361</td>
<td>$ 405,639</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
<td>$ 1,533,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 668. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES**

Site repairs (96-1-140)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>State</th>
<th>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</th>
<th>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</th>
<th>TOTAL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 719,903</td>
<td>$ 1,466,097</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
<td>$ 2,185,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEW SECTION. Sec. 669. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Infrastructure project savings (96-1-500)
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed
by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the
following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4)
steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and
air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.
A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal
committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 1

NEW SECTION. Sec. 670. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Repair and minor improvement projects (96-2-199)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,096,160
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 9,195,966
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 13,292,126

NEW SECTION. Sec. 671. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Project artwork consolidation account (96-2-400)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 304,008
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 304,008

NEW SECTION. 672. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
North Seattle Community College--Vocational and child care buildings: Construction (96-
2-651)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 512,251

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 14,390,847
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 426,973
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

TOTAL $ 15,330,071
NEW SECTION. Sec. 673. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Everett Community College--Instructional Technology Center: Construction (96-2-652)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

\[
\text{Reappropriation:} \\
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} \quad $641,157 \\
\text{Appropriation:} \\
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} \quad $16,421,773 \\
\text{Prior Biennia (Expenditures)} \quad $2,942,423 \\
\text{Future Biennia (Projected Costs)} \quad 0 \\
\text{TOTAL} \quad $20,005,353
\]

NEW SECTION. Sec. 674. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
South Seattle Community College--Integrated learning assistance resource center:
Construction (96-2-653)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

\[
\text{Reappropriation:} \\
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} \quad $461,612 \\
\text{Appropriation:} \\
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} \quad $8,255,584 \\
\text{Prior Biennia (Expenditures)} \quad $152,120 \\
\text{Future Biennia (Projected Costs)} \quad 0 \\
\text{TOTAL} \quad $8,869,316
\]

NEW SECTION. Sec. 675. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Olympic College--Poulsbo Center: Design (96-2-654)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

\[
\text{Reappropriation:} \\
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} \quad $317,916 \\
\text{Appropriation:} \\
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} \quad $9,670,882 \\
\text{Prior Biennia (Expenditures)} \quad $463,441 \\
\text{Future Biennia (Projected Costs)} \quad 11,215,466 \\
\text{TOTAL} \quad $11,996,825
\]

NEW SECTION. Sec. 676. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Bellevue Community College--Classrooms and Laboratories: Construction (96-2-655)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

\[
\text{Reappropriation:} \\
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} \quad $53,961 \\
\text{Appropriation:} \\
\text{St Bldg Constr Acct--State} \quad $9,670,882 \\
\text{Prior Biennia (Expenditures)} \quad 566,207 \\
\text{Future Biennia (Projected Costs)} \quad 0 \\
\text{TOTAL} \quad $10,291,050
\]
NEW SECTION. Sec. 677. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

Clover Park Technical College--Aviation trades complex: Design (96-2-998)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

    Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 573,307

    Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 8,866,700
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,947,693
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

    TOTAL $ 11,387,700

NEW SECTION. Sec. 678. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

Olympic College Library replacement (98-2-500)

    Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,669,563
    General Fund--Federal $ 5,008,686

    Subtotal Reappropriation $ 6,678,249
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0

    TOTAL $ 6,678,249

NEW SECTION. Sec. 679. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

Repair and minor improvement (98-1-001)

    Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 11,000,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 10,000,000
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 39,000,000

    TOTAL $ 60,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 680. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

Roof repairs (98-1-010)

    Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 11,580,400
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 41,000,000

    TOTAL $ 52,580,400

NEW SECTION. Sec. 681. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs (98-1-040)

    Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 10,350,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 34,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 682. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Mechanical repairs (98-1-070)
Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,632,300
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $8,000,000

TOTAL $10,632,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 683. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Electrical repairs (98-1-090)
Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $4,049,400
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $10,000,000

TOTAL $14,049,400

NEW SECTION. Sec. 684. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Exterior repairs (98-1-110)
Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $4,124,200
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $12,000,000

TOTAL $16,124,200

NEW SECTION. Sec. 685. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Interior repairs (98-1-130)
Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,386,500
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $6,000,000

TOTAL $8,386,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 686. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Site repairs (98-1-150)
Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,175,400
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,000,000

TOTAL $3,175,400
NEW SECTION. Sec. 687. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Minor improvements (98-2-200)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $12,918,900
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $40,000,000

TOTAL  $52,918,900

NEW SECTION. Sec. 688. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Bates Technical College: Renovation (98-1-190)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $4,813,100
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $0

TOTAL  $4,813,100

NEW SECTION. Sec. 689. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Bellingham Technical College: Renovation (98-1-191)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $1,398,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $0

TOTAL  $1,398,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 690. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Clover Park Technical College: Renovation (98-1-192)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $3,796,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $0

TOTAL  $3,796,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 691. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Seattle Central Community College: Renovation (98-1-193)
Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $4,851,300
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $0

TOTAL  $4,851,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 692. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Highline Community College--Classroom and laboratory building: Design (98-2-660)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $390,700
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $16,059
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $4,114,500

TOTAL $4,521,259

NEW SECTION. Sec. 693. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Spokane Community College--Health Science addition: Design (98-2-661)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $692,717
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $26,417
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $9,249,283

TOTAL $9,968,417

NEW SECTION. Sec. 694. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Predesign: Major projects (98-2-670)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
(2) To be considered for design funding in the 1999-01 biennium predesigns must be submitted
to the office of financial management for review and approval before July 1, 1998.
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $400,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $149,538,800

TOTAL $149,938,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 695. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Cascadia Community College and University of Washington - Bothell: Construction (98-2-999)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the
recommendations of the higher education coordinating board.
(2) $3,000,000 of this appropriation is provided solely for design of phase IIA of this project to
accommodate an additional 1,000 University of Washington and community college student full-time
equivalents for the collocated campus.
(3) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
sections 712 and 714 of this act.
(4) The appropriation in this section is to be combined with the appropriations shown in
sections 541 and 542 of this act and shall be managed by the University of Washington to construct a
campus to serve at least 2,000 student full-time equivalents with approximately 1,200 for the
University of Washington and 800 for Cascadia Community College.
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $45,970,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $79,000,000

TOTAL $124,970,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. The estimated debt service costs impacting future general fund expenditures related solely to new capital appropriations within this act are $12,824,000 during the 1997-99 fiscal period; $81,818,000 during the 1999-01 fiscal period; $188,122,000 during the 2001-03 fiscal period; $123,822,000 during the 2003-05 fiscal period; and $129,211,000 during the 2005-07 fiscal period.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 702. ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES AND FACILITIES THROUGH FINANCIAL CONTRACTS. The following agencies may enter into financial contracts, paid for from operating revenues, for the purposes indicated and in not more than the principal amounts indicated, plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW. When securing properties under this section, agencies shall use the most economical financial contract option available, including long-term leases, lease-purchase agreements, lease-development with option to purchase agreements or financial contracts using certificates of participation. The director of general administration shall ensure that the clustering of state facilities and the collocation and consolidation of state agencies take place where such configurations are economical and consistent with agency space needs. Agencies shall assist the department of general administration with facility collocation and consolidation efforts.

State agencies may enter into agreements with the department of general administration and the state treasurer’s office to develop requests to the legislature for acquisition of properties and facilities through financial contracts. The agreements may include charges for services rendered.

(1) Department of general administration:
(a) Enter into a financing contract in the amount of $8,804,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW, to purchase an existing office building and associated land in Yakima for use by the department of social and health services.
(b) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of the joint center for higher education for $8,500,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW, to purchase and make modifications to the Riverpoint One Building adjacent to the Riverpoint Campus. A financial plan identifying all costs related to this project, and the sources and amounts of all payments to cover these costs and a copy of the appraisal and engineering assessment shall be submitted for approval to both the office of financial management and the higher education coordinating board for approval before execution of any contract.

Copies of the financial plan shall also be submitted to the senate ways and means committee and the house of representatives capital budget committee.

(2) Liquor control board:
Enter into a long-term lease for a headquarters office in Thurston County for approximately 46,000 square feet.

(3) Department of corrections:
(a) Enter into a long-term ground lease for 17 acres in the Tacoma tide flats property from the Puyallup Nation for development of the 400-bed Tacoma prerelease facility for approximately $360,000 per annum.
(b) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of the department of corrections in the amount of $14,736,900 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to construct a 400-bed Tacoma prerelease facility. The department of corrections shall comply with all land use, environmental protection, and community notification statutes, regulations, and ordinances in the construction and operation of this facility.
(c) Lease-develop with the option to purchase or lease-purchase approximately 100 work release beds in facilities throughout the state for $5,000,000.
(d) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of the department of corrections in the amount of $396,369 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to construct a dairy barn at the Monroe farm.
(e) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of the department of corrections in the amount of $2,100,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase or construct a correctional industries transportation services warehouse.

(4) Community and technical colleges:

(a) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Whatcom Community College in the amount of $800,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop a childcare center costing $2,410,000. The balance of project cost will be a combination of local capital funds and nonstate funds provided through private gifts or contributions.

(b) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Pierce College in the amount of $750,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop a new classroom building on the Lakewood campus costing $1,816,665. The balance of project cost will be provided through a combination of local capital funds and existing minor works appropriation to replace relocatable classrooms that are at the end of their useful lives.

(c) Enter into a financing contract in behalf of Bellingham Technical College in the amount of $350,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for construction of a new classroom addition to the diesel/heavy equipment instructional shop costing $411,309.

(d) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Green River Community College in the amount of $1,526,150 plus financing expenses and reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for remodel of the Lindbloom student center building.

(e) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Edmonds Community College in the amount of $2,787,950 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase and make improvements to several buildings and property contiguous to the college campus.

(f) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Highline Community College in the amount of $2,070,613 plus financing and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for the purchase of the Federal Way Center, currently being leased by the college.

(5) State parks and recreation:

Enter into a financing contract on behalf of state parks and recreation in the amount of $2,012,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW, to construct cabin and lodge facilities at Cama Beach.

(6) Central Washington University:

Enter into a financing contract for $3,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase and improve the Sno-King Building for the Lynnwood Extended Degree Center. A financial plan identifying all costs related to this project, and the sources and amounts of all payments to cover these costs and a copy of the building appraisal and engineering assessment shall be submitted for approval to the office of financial management before execution of any contract. Copies of the financial plan shall also be submitted to the senate ways and means committee and the house of representatives capital budget committee.

(7) Washington state patrol:

Enter into a financing contract for $600,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase the Washington state patrol Port Angeles detachment office.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 703. FOR THE ARTS COMMISSION--ART WORK ALLOWANCE POOLING. (1) One-half of one percent of moneys appropriated in this act for original construction of school plant facilities is provided solely for the purposes of RCW 28A.335.210. The Washington state arts commission may combine the proceeds from individual projects in order to fund larger works of art or mobile art displays in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction and representatives of school district boards.

(2) One-half of one percent of moneys appropriated in this act for original construction or any major renovation or remodel work exceeding two hundred thousand dollars by colleges or universities is provided solely for the purposes of RCW 28B.10.027. The Washington state arts commission may combine the proceeds from individual projects in order to fund larger works of art or mobile art displays in consultation with the board of regents or trustees.
(3) One-half of one percent of moneys appropriated in this act for original construction of any public building by a state agency as defined in RCW 43.17.200 is provided solely for the purposes of RCW 43.17.200. The Washington state arts commission may combine the proceeds from individual projects in order to fund larger works of art or mobile art displays in consultation with the state agency.

(4) At least eighty-five percent of the moneys spent by the Washington state arts commission during the 1997-99 biennium for the purposes of RCW 28A.335.210, 28B.10.027, and 43.17.200 shall be spent solely for direct acquisition of works of art.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. The amounts shown under the headings "Prior Biennia," "Future Biennia," and "Total" in this act are for informational purposes only and do not constitute legislative approval of these amounts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. "Reappropriations" in this act are appropriations and, unless the context clearly provides otherwise, are subject to the relevant conditions and limitations applicable to appropriations. Reappropriations shall be limited to the unexpended balances remaining on June 30, 1997, from the 1995-97 biennial appropriations for each project.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 706. To carry out the provisions of this act, the governor may assign responsibility for predesign, design, construction, and other related activities to any appropriate agency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 707. If any federal moneys appropriated by this act for capital projects are not received by the state, the department or agency to which the moneys were appropriated may replace the federal moneys with funds available from private or local sources. No replacement may occur under this section without the prior approval of the director of financial management in consultation with the senate committee on ways and means and the house of representatives capital budget committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 708. (1) Unless otherwise stated, for all appropriations under this act that require a match of nonstate money or in-kind contributions, the following requirement, consistent with RCW 43.88.150, shall apply: Expenditures of state money shall be timed so that the state share of project expenditures never exceeds the intended state share of total project costs.

(2) Provision of the full amount of required matching funds is not required to permit the expenditure of capital budget appropriations for phased projects if a proportional amount of the required matching funds is provided for each distinct, identifiable phase of the project.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 709. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, for the 1997-99 biennium, transfers of reimbursement by the state treasurer to the general fund from the community college capital projects account for debt service payments made under Title 28B RCW shall occur only after such debt service payment has been made and only to the extent that funds are actually available to the account. Any unpaid reimbursements shall be a continued obligation against the community college capital projects account until paid. The state board for community and technical colleges need not accumulate any specific balance in the community college capital projects account in anticipation of transfers to reimburse the general fund.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 710. Any capital improvements or capital projects involving construction or major expansion of a state office facility, including, but not limited to, district headquarters, detachment offices, and off-campus faculty offices, shall be reviewed by the department of general administration for possible consolidation, colocation, and compliance with state office standards before allotment of funds. The intent of the requirement imposed by this section is to eliminate duplication and reduce total office space requirements where feasible, while ensuring proper service to the public.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 711. The governor, through the office of financial management, may authorize a transfer of appropriation authority provided for a capital project that is in excess of the amount required for the completion of such project to another capital project for which the appropriation is insufficient. No such transfer may be used to expand the capacity of any facility beyond that intended by the legislature in making the appropriation. Such transfers may be effected only between capital appropriations to a specific department, commission, agency, or institution of higher education and only between capital projects that are funded from the same fund or account. No transfers may occur between projects to local government agencies except where the grants are provided within a single omnibus appropriation and where such transfers are specifically authorized by the implementing statutes which govern the grants.

For purposes of this section, the governor may find that an amount is in excess of the amount required for the completion of a project only if: (1) The project as defined in the notes to the budget document is substantially complete and there are funds remaining; or (2) bids have been let on a project and it appears to a substantial certainty that the project as defined in the notes to the budget document can be completed within the biennium for less than the amount appropriated in this act.

For the purposes of this section, the legislature intends that each project be defined as proposed to the legislature in the governor’s budget document, unless it clearly appears from the legislative history that the legislature intended to define the scope of a project in a different way.

A report of any transfer effected under this section except emergency projects or any transfer under $250,000 shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management at least thirty days before the date the transfer is effected. The office of financial management shall report all emergency or smaller transfers within thirty days from the date of transfer.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 712. To ensure that major construction projects are carried out in accordance with legislative and executive intent, appropriations in this act referencing this section or in excess of $5,000,000 shall not be expended until the office of financial management has reviewed and approved the agency’s predesign and other documents and approved an allotment for the project. The predesign document shall include but not be limited to program, site, and cost analysis in accordance with the predesign manual adopted by the office of financial management. To improve monitoring of major construction projects, progress reports shall be submitted by the agency administering the project to the office of financial management and to the fiscal committees of the house and senate. Reports will be submitted on July 1 and December 31 each year in a format to be developed by the office of financial management.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 713. Allotments for appropriations shall be provided in accordance with the capital project review requirements adopted by the office of financial management. The office of financial management shall notify the house of representatives capital budget committee and the senate ways and means committee of allotment releases based on review by the office of financial management. No expenditure may be incurred or obligation entered into for appropriations referring to this section until the allotment of the funds to be expended has been approved by the office of financial management. Projects that will be employing alternative public works construction procedures, under chapter 39.10 RCW, are subject to the allotment procedures defined in this section and RCW 43.88.110. Contracts shall not be executed that call for expenditures in excess of the approved allotment, and the total amount shown in such contracts for the cost of future work that has not been appropriated shall not exceed the amount identified for such work in the level of funding approved by the office of financial management at the completion of predesign.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 714. Appropriations for design and construction of facilities on higher education branch campuses shall be expended only after funds are allotted to institutions of higher education on the basis of: (1) Comparable unit cost standards, as determined by the office of financial management in consultation with the higher education coordinating board; (2) costs consistent with other higher education teaching facilities in the state; and (3) student full-time equivalent enrollment.
levels as established by the office of financial management in consultation with the higher education coordinating board.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 715.** State agencies receiving appropriations from this act and from Senate Bill No. 5562 or Senate Bill No. 6091 (transportation budget) for land acquisition and environmental mitigation activities shall, to the extent feasible, coordinate those acquisitions and mitigation activities. When cost-effective and ecologically beneficial, the acquisition and development of environmental mitigation sites and activities, including but not limited to wetland banks and advance mitigation, should be provided in a manner that benefits both the department of transportation sites and activities and other agency sites and activities. The coordination of environmental mitigation shall also take into consideration the acquisitions and activities of local watershed groups. The coordination of environmental mitigation sites and activities is intended to improve ecological benefits gained from state expenditures, provide greater emphasis on shared natural resource management, and increase mitigation credit opportunities for the department of transportation. The activities of this section shall be carried out in a manner consistent with recommendations developed by a work group consisting of state agencies with substantial environmental mitigation related responsibilities. The office of financial management shall report to the fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives and to the legislative transportation committee by December 1, 1998, on the results of the coordination of these environmental mitigation activities and make recommendations to further improve the coordination among state agencies to achieve better cost-efficiencies and ecological benefits.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 716.** No moneys in this act shall be used to develop facilities for juvenile offenders at Rainier school.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 717.** When authority has been delegated to a local health district or county to administer and enforce the well tagging, sealing, and decommissioning portions of the water well construction program, the department of ecology shall provide to the local health district or county 75 percent of the fee revenue generated from well construction fees for wells constructed in the delegated county.

**Sec. 718.** RCW 43.98A.040 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 14 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

1. Moneys appropriated for this chapter to the habitat conservation account shall be distributed in the following way:
   (a) Not less than thirty-five percent for the acquisition and development of critical habitat;
   (b) Not less than twenty percent for the acquisition and development of natural areas;
   (c) Not less than fifteen percent for the acquisition and development of urban wildlife habitat; and
   (d) The remaining amount shall be considered unallocated and shall be used by the committee to fund high priority acquisition and development needs for critical habitat, natural areas, and urban wildlife habitat. During the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, the remaining amount may be allocated for matching grants for riparian zone habitat protection projects that implement watershed plans.
2. In distributing these funds, the committee retains discretion to meet the most pressing needs for critical habitat, natural areas, and urban wildlife habitat, and is not required to meet the percentages described in subsection (1) of this section in any one biennium.
3. Only state agencies may apply for acquisition and development funds for critical habitat and natural areas projects under subsection (1) (a), (b), and (d) of this section.
4. State and local agencies may apply for acquisition and development funds for urban wildlife habitat projects under subsection (1) (c) and (d) of this section.

**Sec. 719.** RCW 43.98A.060 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 14 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The committee may adopt rules establishing acquisition policies and priorities for distributions from the habitat conservation account.
(2) Moneys appropriated for this chapter may not be used by the committee to fund additional staff positions or other overhead expenses, or by a state, regional, or local agency to fund operation and maintenance of areas acquired under this chapter.

(3) Moneys appropriated for this chapter may be used for costs incidental to acquisition, including, but not limited to, surveying expenses, fencing, and signing.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the committee may not approve a local project where the local agency share is less than the amount to be awarded from the habitat conservation account.

(5) During the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, the committee may approve a riparian zone habitat protection project where the local agency share is less than the amount to be awarded from the habitat conservation account.

(6) In determining acquisition priorities with respect to the habitat conservation account, the committee shall consider, at a minimum, the following criteria:
   (a) For critical habitat and natural areas proposals:
      (i) Community support;
      (ii) Immediacy of threat to the site;
      (iii) Uniqueness of the site;
      (iv) Diversity of species using the site;
      (v) Quality of the habitat;
      (vi) Long-term viability of the site;
      (vii) Presence of endangered, threatened, or sensitive species;
      (viii) Enhancement of existing public property;
      (ix) Consistency with a local land use plan, or a regional or state-wide recreational or resource plan; and
      (x) Educational and scientific value of the site.
   (b) For urban wildlife habitat proposals, in addition to the criteria of (a) of this subsection:
      (i) Population of, and distance from, the nearest urban area;
      (ii) Proximity to other wildlife habitat;
      (iii) Potential for public use; and
      (iv) Potential for use by special needs populations.

(7) Before October 1st of each even-numbered year, the committee shall recommend to the governor a prioritized list of state agency projects to be funded under RCW 43.98A.040(1) (a), (b), and (c). The governor may remove projects from the list recommended by the committee and shall submit this amended list in the capital budget request to the legislature. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project; and shall describe for each project any anticipated restrictions upon recreational activities allowed prior to the project.

(8) Before October 1st of each year, the committee shall recommend to the governor a prioritized list of all local projects to be funded under RCW 43.98A.040(1)(c). The governor may remove projects from the list recommended by the committee and shall submit this amended list in the capital budget request to the legislature. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project and any particular match requirement, and describe for each project any anticipated restrictions upon recreational activities allowed prior to the project.

Sec. 720. RCW 43.160.070 and 1996 c 51 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
Public facilities financial assistance, when authorized by the board, is subject to the following conditions:
(1) The moneys in the public facilities construction loan revolving fund shall be used solely to fulfill commitments arising from financial assistance authorized in this chapter or, during the 1989-91 fiscal biennium, for economic development purposes as appropriated by the legislature. The total outstanding amount which the board shall dispense at any time pursuant to this section shall not exceed the moneys available from the fund. The total amount of outstanding financial assistance in Pierce, King, and Snohomish counties shall never exceed sixty percent of the total amount of outstanding financial assistance disbursed by the board.
(2) On contracts made for public facilities loans the board shall determine the interest rate which loans shall bear. The interest rate shall not exceed ten percent per annum. The board may provide reasonable terms and conditions for repayment for loans as the board determines. The loans shall not exceed twenty years in duration.

(3) Repayments of loans made under the contracts for public facilities construction loans shall be paid into the public facilities construction loan revolving fund. Repayments of loans from moneys from the new appropriation from the public works assistance account for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1997, shall be paid into the public works assistance account.

(4) When every feasible effort has been made to provide loans and loans are not possible, the board may provide grants upon finding that unique circumstances exist.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 721. The department of information services shall act as lead agency in coordinating video telecommunications services for state agencies. As lead agency, the department shall develop standards and common specifications for leased and purchased telecommunications equipment and assist state agencies in developing a video telecommunications expenditure plan. No agency may spend any portion of any appropriation in this act for new video telecommunications equipment, new video telecommunications transmission, or new video telecommunications systems without first complying with chapter 43.105 RCW, including but not limited to RCW 43.105.041(2), and without first submitting a video telecommunications equipment expenditure plan, in accordance with the policies of the department of information services, for review and assessment by the department of information services under RCW 43.105.052. Before any such expenditure by a public school, a video telecommunications expenditure plan shall be approved by the superintendent of public instruction. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall submit the plans to the department of information services in a form prescribed by the department. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall coordinate the use of the video telecommunications in public schools by providing educational information to local school districts and shall assist local school districts and educational service districts in telecommunications planning and curriculum development. Before any such expenditure by a public institution of postsecondary education, a telecommunications expenditure plan shall be approved by the higher education coordinating board. The higher education coordinating board shall coordinate the use of video telecommunications for instruction and instructional support in postsecondary education, including the review and approval of instructional telecommunications course offerings.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 722. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 723. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Mitchell and D. Sommers.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz and H. Sommers.


Voting Nay: Representatives Ogden, H. Sommers and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SIM 8009 Prime Sponsor, Senator Rasmussen: Promoting the use of the Eddie Eagle Gun Safety Program in our schools. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5191 and Senate Bill No. 5925 which were referred to the Rules Committee, and Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063 which was advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6063, by Committee on Ways and Means

Adopting the capital budget.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Capital Budget was before the House for purposes of amendment. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the following amendment (464) to the committee amendment:

On page 22, after line 39, insert:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 147. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Heritage Park: To complete the construction work necessary to establish the arc of statehood and related in-water work (98-2-003)

The appropriation is this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 275,000

Appropriation

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,365,000

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 760,000

Future Biennia (Projected Cost) $11,000,000

Total $16,400,000"

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.
Representatives Romero and DeBolt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Sehlin spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Sehlin moved the adoption of the following amendment (463) to the committee amendment:

- On page 53, line 25, after "in the" strike "outdoor recreation account" and insert "habitat conservation account"
- On page 53, line 26, after "from the" strike "outdoor recreation account" and insert "habitat conservation account"
- On page 53, line 32, after "in the" strike "habitat conservation account" and insert "outdoor recreation account"
- On page 53, line 33, after "from the" strike "habitat conservation account" and insert "outdoor recreation account"

- On page 141, line 19, after "chapter" insert ", except that the committee may use moneys appropriated for this chapter for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the administrative costs of implementing the pilot watershed plan implementation program and developing an inventory of publicly-owned lands"

On page 142, after line 31, insert:

"Sec. 720. RCW 43.98A.070 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 14 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In determining which state parks proposals and local parks proposals to fund, the committee shall use existing policies and priorities.
(2) Moneys appropriated for this chapter may not be used by the committee to fund additional staff or other overhead expenses, or by a state, regional, or local agency to fund operation and maintenance of areas acquired under this chapter, except that the committee may use moneys appropriated for this chapter for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the administrative costs of implementing the pilot watershed plan implementation program and developing an inventory of publicly-owned lands.
(3) Moneys appropriated for this chapter may be used for costs incidental to acquisition, including, but not limited to, surveying expenses, fencing, and signing.
(4) The committee may not approve a project of a local agency where the share contributed by the local agency is less than the amount to be awarded from the outdoor recreation account.
(5) The committee may adopt rules establishing acquisition policies and priorities for the acquisition and development of trails and water access sites to be financed from moneys in the outdoor recreation account.
(6) In determining the acquisition and development priorities, the committee shall consider, at a minimum, the following criteria:
   (a) For trails proposals:
   (i) Community support;
   (ii) Immediacy of threat to the site;
   (iii) Linkage between communities;
   (iv) Linkage between trails;
   (v) Existing or potential usage;
   (vi) Consistency with an existing local land use plan or a regional or state-wide recreational or resource plan;
   (vii) Availability of water access or views;"
(viii) Enhancement of wildlife habitat; and
(ix) Scenic values of the site.
(b) For water access proposals:
   (i) Community support;
   (ii) Distance from similar water access opportunities;
   (iii) Immediacy of threat to the site;
   (iv) Diversity of possible recreational uses; and
   (v) Public demand in the area.

(7) Before October 1st of each even-numbered year, the committee shall recommend to the governor a prioritized list of state agency projects to be funded under RCW 43.98A.050(1) (a), (c), and (d). The governor may remove projects from the list recommended by the committee and shall submit this amended list in the capital budget request to the legislature. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project; and shall describe for each project any anticipated restrictions upon recreational activities allowed prior to the project.

(8) Before October 1st of each year, the committee shall recommend to the governor a prioritized list of all local projects to be funded under RCW 43.98A.050(1) (b), (c), and (d) of this act. The governor may remove projects from the list recommended by the committee and shall submit this amended list in the capital budget request to the legislature. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project and any particular match requirement, and describe for each project any anticipated restrictions upon recreational activities allowed prior to the project.

Representatives Sehlin and Ogden spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sehlin moved the adoption of the following amendment (462) to the committee amendment:

On page 73, after line 44, insert:
"(7) Projects under contract as of June 1, 1997, shall be given first priority for funding under the appropriations in this section."

Representatives Sehlin and Ogden spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Appelwick moved the adoption of the following amendment (460) to the committee amendment:

On page 84, after line 40, insert:
"Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State   $ 5,400,000"

On page 84, line 42, strike "35,000,000" and insert "29,600,000"

Representative Appelwick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Sehlin spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Mitchell moved the adoption of the following amendment (470) to the committee amendment:
On page 133, line 21, after "annum." insert "Prior to entering into the lease, the department shall obtain written confirmation from the city of Tacoma and Pierce county that the prerelease facility planned for the site meets all land use, environmental protection, and community notification requirements that would apply to the facility if the land was not owned by the Puyallup nation."

Representatives Mitchell and Ogden spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 472 to the committee amendment was withdrawn.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063 as amended by the House. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sehlin and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Ogden and Appelwick spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 41, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Boldt, Mason and Skinner - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1158, by Representatives Sehlin and Ogden; by request of Office of Financial Management

Adopting a supplemental capital budget.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1158 was substituted for House Bill No. 1158 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Bill No. 1158 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sehlin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1158.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1158 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Boldt, Mason and Skinner - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 1158, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4650, by Representatives D. Sommers, Crouse, Benson, Sterk, McMorris, Sheahan, Sump and Schoesler

WHEREAS, The citizens of the state of Washington have lost a tireless public servant with the passing of Vicki S. McNeill; and

WHEREAS, Vicki S. McNeill, former Mayor of Spokane, was dedicated to the betterment of the city of Spokane and the state of Washington, serving energetically in numerous civic, cultural, and charitable projects; and

WHEREAS, Vicki S. McNeill was first appointed to the Spokane City Council in 1982 to fill a vacant seat, and in 1983 successfully ran for the Council position, winning the general election; and

WHEREAS, Vicki S. McNeill served on the City Council until 1985, when she was elected Spokane’s first woman mayor; and

WHEREAS, Vicki S. McNeill, in 1986, served as President of the Association of Washington Cities; and

WHEREAS, Vicki S. McNeill was a member of numerous civic organizations including the Spokane Symphony Society; Lilac Festival Board of Directors; Spokane Sports, Entertainment, Arts and Convention Advisory Board; Chamber of Commerce; United Way; Washington State Medical Association Auxiliary; Spokane Centennial Committee; and Leadership Spokane; and

WHEREAS, Vicki S. McNeill had a lifelong interest in education and served on the Washington State Higher Education Coordinating Board and the Intercollegiate Nursing Education Center; and

WHEREAS, Vicki S. McNeill will be fondly and proudly remembered by the citizens of Spokane as an effervescent, upbeat leader, a visionary, and a team player of integrity and humility;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Washington State House of Representatives, on behalf of the citizens of the state of Washington, gratefully acknowledge the manifold acts of service by Vicki S. McNeill, and give honor to her memory; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to her surviving husband of forty-eight years, Dr. James P. McNeill, Jr., and to her surviving son and daughter.

House Resolution No. 4650 was adopted.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4652, by Representatives Robertson and McDonald

WHEREAS, Harry and Bertha Holt founded Holt International in 1956 in response to seeing thousands of children left homeless after the Korean War; and
WHEREAS, In 1956, at the age of fifty-one and fifty, the Holts adopted eight Korean orphans, drawing gasps from friends who worried that tending their six birth children would make the burden of adoption too heavy; and
WHEREAS, A United States government official assigned to oversee those eight adoptions suggested that the Holts might be too old to tackle such a demanding task; and
WHEREAS, At the age of ninety-three Mrs. Holt still rises every morning promptly at 5:30 a.m. for her daily half-mile run; and
WHEREAS, In 1966 Mrs. Holt was awarded American Mother of the Year, and in 1995 was the first foreigner to receive Korea’s National Merit Award; and
WHEREAS, Mrs. Holt believes every child deserves a home of his or her own and is currently bringing children and families together in over ten nations; and
WHEREAS, In four decades more than one hundred thousand of the world’s children have found permanent homes through the adoption and child welfare programs; and
WHEREAS, Mrs. Holt has placed more than one thousand children with families in Washington state alone; and
WHEREAS, Mrs. Holt is still actively working for children and families and has become “grandma” to the over one hundred thousand orphans she has helped;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor and pay tribute to Mrs. Holt’s forty years of leadership in the field of international adoption and permanency planning for children.

House Resolution No. 4652 was adopted.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of the following bills which were advanced to second reading: House Bill No. 1709, House Bill No. 1777, House Bill No. 2069, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5012, Senate Bill No. 5029, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5125, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5142, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5254, Senate Bill No. 5299, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5322, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5363, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5375, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5401, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5445, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5575, Senate Bill No. 5647, Senate Bill No. 5659, Senate Bill No. 5674, Senate Bill No. 5732, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5755, Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5774, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5803, Senate Bill No. 6007, Engrossed Senate Joint Memorial No. 8001, Senate Joint Memorial No. 8008.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES (SUPPLEMENTAL) April 2, 1997

HB 2240 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Creating the savings incentive account. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 1, 1997

**ESSB 5082** Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Revising procedures for mental health and chemical dependency treatment for minors. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 6, beginning on line 30, after "agency" strike "no sooner than seven days and no later than ((sixty)) fourteen days" and insert "who neither has a financial interest in continued inpatient treatment of the minor nor is affiliated with the hospital providing treatment. The professional person shall conduct the review no later than ((sixty days)) seventy-two hours".

On page 6, line 32, after "appropriate to" strike "continue the ((child's)) minor's treatment" and insert "((continue the child's treatment)) treat the minor"

On page 7, line 24, after "agency" insert "who neither has an interest in continued inpatient treatment of the minor nor is affiliated with the hospital providing treatment"
On page 14, line 12, after "admitted." insert "Prior to a determination by the department, under RCW 71.34.025(1), that it is medically appropriate to treat the minor on an inpatient basis, the hospital shall limit treatment to that which the professional person determines is medically necessary to stabilize the child's condition."

On page 20, line 23, after "admitted." insert "Prior to a determination by the department, under RCW 70.96A.097(1), that it is medically appropriate to treat the minor on an inpatient basis, the hospital shall limit treatment to that which the professional person determines is medically necessary to stabilize the child's condition."

On page 21, beginning on line 9, after "agency" strike "no sooner than seven days and no later than ((sixty)) fourteen days" and insert "who neither has a financial interest in continued inpatient treatment of the minor nor is affiliated with the hospital providing treatment. The professional person shall conduct the review no later than ((sixty days)) seventy-two hours"

On page 22, line 2, after "agency" insert "who neither has a financial interest in continued inpatient treatment of the minor nor is affiliated with the hospital providing treatment"

Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Carrell.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Nay: Representative Carrell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5089 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Requiring previous bail jumpers to post bail. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1 A new section is added to chapter 10.01 RCW to read as follows:

A person who has been convicted, and has sentencing pending or has appealed the conviction, may not be released on personal recognizance in a proceeding where the judge is authorized to require posting of bail or bond, if that person has failed to appear as directed by court order on two or more previous occasions."

Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.


Excused: Representatives Benson and Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SSB 5119 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Compensating members of the forest practices appeals board. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 3, beginning on line 13, strike all of section 3

Renumber the remaining section consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Pennington.


Voting Nay: Representative Pennington.

Excused: Representatives Thompson and Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SB 5154 Prime Sponsor, Senator Horn: Extending the vehicle gross weight schedule. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Gardner.


Voting Nay: Representative Gardner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SB 5155 Prime Sponsor, Senator Horn: Adjusting vehicle width limits. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5243 Prime Sponsor, Senator Oke: Exempting disabled veterans from reservation fees for state parks. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESB 5354 Prime Sponsor, Senator Benton: Removing the commissioner of public lands and adding the secretary of state to the membership of the capitol committee. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5423 Prime Sponsor, Senator Winsley: Removing a termination date in the bank statement rule. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Constantine; DeBolt; Keiser; Sullivan and Wensman.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5486 Prime Sponsor, Senator Morton: Revising eligibility for rural arterial programs. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5507 Prime Sponsor, Senator Prince: Allowing the holder of a juvenile agricultural driving permit to participate in school traffic safety classes. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 2, 1997

SSB 5521 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Authorizing a county research service. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.110.010 and 1990 c 104 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

There shall be a state agency which shall be known as the municipal research council. The council shall be composed of ((eighteen)) twenty-three members. Four members shall be appointed by the president of the senate, with equal representation from each of the two major political parties; four members shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, with equal representation from each of the two major political parties; one member shall be appointed by the governor independently; ((and the other)) nine members, who shall be city or town officials, shall be appointed by the governor from a list of nine nominees submitted by the board of directors of the association of Washington cities; and five members, who shall be county officials, shall be appointed by the governor, two of whom shall be from a list of two nominees submitted by the board of directors of the Washington association of county officials, and three of whom shall be from a list of three nominees submitted by the board of directors of the Washington state association of counties. Of the ((members appointed by the association)) city or town officials, at least one shall be an official of a city having a population of twenty thousand or more; at least one shall be an official of a city having a population of
one thousand five hundred to twenty thousand; and at least one shall be an official of a town having a population of less than one thousand five hundred.

The terms of members shall be for two years (and shall not). The terms of those members who are appointed as legislators or city, town, or county officials shall be dependent upon continuance in legislative (or), city, town, or county office. The terms of all members except legislative members shall commence on the first day of August in every odd-numbered year. The speaker of the house of representatives and the president of the senate shall make their appointments on or before the third Monday in January in each odd-numbered year, and the terms of the members thus appointed shall commence on the third Monday of January in each odd-numbered year.

Council members shall receive no compensation but shall be reimbursed for travel expenses at rates in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 as now existing or hereafter amended, except that members of the council who are also members of the legislature shall be reimbursed at the rates provided by RCW 44.04.120.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.110.030 and 1990 c 104 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The municipal research council shall contract for the provision of municipal research and services to cities (and), towns, and counties. Contracts for municipal research and services shall be made with state agencies, educational institutions, or private consulting firms, that in the judgment of council members are qualified to provide such research and services. Contracts for staff support may be made with state agencies, educational institutions, or private consulting firms that in the judgment of the council members are qualified to provide such support.

Municipal research and services shall consist of: (1) Studying and researching city, town, and county government and issues relating to city, town, and county government; (2) acquiring, preparing, and distributing publications related to city, town, and county government and issues relating to city, town, and county government; (3) providing educational conferences relating to city, town, and county government and issues relating to city, town, and county government; and (4) furnishing legal, technical, consultative, and field services to cities, towns, and counties concerning planning, public health, utility services, fire protection, law enforcement, public works, and other issues relating to city, town, and county government. Requests for legal services by county officials shall be sent to the office of the county prosecuting attorney. Responses by the municipal research council to county requests for legal services shall be provided to the requesting official and the county prosecuting attorney.

The activities, programs, and services of the municipal research council shall be carried on, and all expenditures shall be made, in cooperation with the cities and towns of the state acting through the board of directors of the association of Washington cities, which is recognized as their official agency or instrumentality, and in cooperation with counties of the state acting through the Washington state association of counties. Services to cities and towns shall be based upon the moneys appropriated to the municipal research council under RCW 82.44.160. Services to counties shall be based upon the moneys appropriated to the municipal research services account under section 3 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.110 RCW to read as follows:

A special account is created in the state treasury to be known as the county research services account. The account shall consist of all money transferred to the account under RCW 82.08.170 or otherwise transferred or appropriated to the account by the legislature. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. The account is subject to the allotment process under chapter 43.88 RCW.

Moneys in the county research services account may be expended only to finance the costs of county research.

Sec. 4. RCW 82.08.170 and 1983 c 3 s 215 are each amended to read as follows:

(On the first day of) (1) During the months of January, April, July and October of each year, the state treasurer shall make the apportionment and distribution of all moneys in the liquor excise tax
fund to the counties, cities and towns in the following proportions: Twenty percent of the moneys in said liquor excise tax fund shall be divided among and distributed to the counties of the state in accordance with the provisions of RCW 66.08.200; eighty percent of the moneys in said liquor excise tax fund shall be divided among and distributed to the cities and towns of the state in accordance with the provisions of RCW 66.08.210.

(2) Each fiscal quarter and prior to making the twenty percent distribution to counties under subsection (1) of this section, the treasurer shall transfer to the county research services account under section 3 of this act sufficient moneys that, when combined with any cash balance in the account, will fund the allotments from any legislative appropriations from the county research services account.

Sec. 5. RCW 43.88.114 and 1983 c 22 s 2 are each amended to read as follows: Appropriations of funds to the municipal research council from motor vehicle excise taxes shall not be subject to allotment by the office of financial management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997
SSB 5653 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Concerning the sale of salvageable timber from state-owned lands. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997
SSB 5670 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Regulating solid waste collection certificates in effect within cities and towns. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997
SSB 5750 Prime Sponsor, Committee on FinIn/Ins/Hs: Allowing commercial property casualty policies to be issued prior to filing the form or rate with the insurance commissioner. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 48.18 RCW to read as follows:
(1) It is the intent of the legislature to assist the purchasers of commercial property casualty insurance by allowing policies to be issued more expeditiously and provide a more competitive market for forms.
(2) Commercial property casualty policies may be issued prior to filing the forms. All commercial property casualty forms shall be filed with the commissioner within thirty days after an insurer issues any policy using them.
(3) If, within thirty days after a commercial property casualty form has been filed, the commissioner finds that the form does not meet the requirements of this chapter, the commissioner shall disapprove the form and give notice to the insurer or rating organization that made the filing, specifying how the form fails to meet the requirements and stating when, within a reasonable period..."
thereafter, the form shall be deemed no longer effective. The commissioner may extend the time for
review another fifteen days by giving notice to the insurer prior to the expiration of the original thirty-
day period.

(4) Upon a final determination of a disapproval of a policy form under subsection (3) of this
section, the insurer shall amend any previously issued disapproved form by endorsement to comply
with the commissioner’s disapproval.

(5) For purposes of this section, "commercial property casualty" means insurance pertaining to
a business, profession, or occupation for the lines of property and casualty insurance defined in RCW
48.11.040, 48.11.050, 48.11.060, or 48.11.070.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the disapproval shall not affect any
contract made or issued prior to the expiration of the period set forth in the notice of disapproval.

(7) In the event a hearing is held on the actions of the commissioner under subsection (3) of
this section, the burden of proof shall be on the commissioner.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 48.19 RCW to read as follows:
(1) It is the intent of the legislature to assist the purchasers of commercial property casualty
insurance by allowing policies to be issued more expeditiously and provide a more competitive market
for rates.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 48.19.040(1), commercial property casualty
policies may be issued prior to filing the rates. All commercial property casualty rates shall be filed
with the commissioner within thirty days after an insurer issues any policy using them.

(3) If, within thirty days after a commercial property casualty rate has been filed, the
commissioner finds that the rate does not meet the requirements of this chapter, the commissioner shall
disapprove the filing and give notice to the insurer or rating organization that made the filing,
specifying how the filing fails to meet the requirements and stating when, within a reasonable period
thereafter, the filing shall be deemed no longer effective. The commissioner may extend the time for
review another fifteen days by giving notice to the insurer prior to the expiration of the original thirty-
day period.

(4) Upon a final determination of a disapproval of a rate filing under subsection (3) of this
section, the insurer shall issue an endorsement changing the rate to comply with the commissioner’s
disapproval from the date the rate is no longer effective.

(5) For purposes of this section, "commercial property casualty" means insurance pertaining to
a business, profession, or occupation for the lines of property and casualty insurance defined in RCW
48.11.040, 48.11.050, 48.11.060, or 48.11.070.

(6) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the disapproval shall not affect any
contract made or issued prior to the expiration of the period set forth in the notice of disapproval.

(7) In the event a hearing is held on the actions of the commissioner under subsection (3) of
this section, the burden of proof shall be on the commissioner.

Sec. 3. RCW 48.18.100 and 1989 c 25 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) No insurance policy form other than surety bond forms, forms exempt under section 1 of
this act, or application form where written application is required and is to be attached to the policy, or
printed life or disability rider or endorsement form shall be issued, delivered, or used unless it has been
filed with and approved by the commissioner. This section shall not apply to policies, riders or
endorsements of unique character designed for and used with relation to insurance upon a particular
subject.

(2) Every such filing containing a certification, in a form approved by the commissioner, by
either the chief executive officer of the insurer or by an actuary who is a member of the American
academy of actuaries, attesting that the filing complies with Title 48 RCW and Title 284 of the
Washington Administrative Code, may be used by such insurer immediately after filing with the
commissioner. The commissioner may order an insurer to cease using a certified form upon the
grounds set forth in RCW 48.18.110. This subsection shall not apply to certain types of policy forms
designated by the commissioner by rule.
(3) Except as provided in section 1 of this act, every filing that does not contain a certification pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall be made not less than thirty days in advance of any such issuance, delivery, or use. At the expiration of such thirty days the form so filed shall be deemed approved unless prior thereto it has been affirmatively approved or disapproved by order of the commissioner. The commissioner may extend by not more than an additional fifteen days the period within which he or she may so affirmatively approve or disapprove any such form, by giving notice of such extension before expiration of the initial thirty-day period. At the expiration of any such period as so extended, and in the absence of such prior affirmative approval or disapproval, any such form shall be deemed approved. The commissioner may withdraw any such approval at any time for cause. By approval of any such form for immediate use, the commissioner may waive any unexpired portion of such initial thirty-day waiting period.

(4) The commissioner’s order disapproving any such form or withdrawing a previous approval shall state the grounds therefor.

(5) No such form shall knowingly be so issued or delivered as to which the commissioner’s approval does not then exist.

(6) The commissioner may, by order, exempt from the requirements of this section for so long as he or she deems proper, any insurance document or form or type thereof as specified in such order, to which in his or her opinion this section may not practicably be applied, or the filing and approval of which are, in his or her opinion, not desirable or necessary for the protection of the public.

(7) Every member or subscriber to a rating organization shall adhere to the form filings made on its behalf by the organization. Deviations from such organization are permitted only when filed with the commissioner in accordance with this chapter.

Sec. 4. RCW 48.19.060 and 1989 c 25 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The commissioner shall review a filing as soon as reasonably possible after made, to determine whether it meets the requirements of this chapter.

(2) Except as provided in RCW 48.19.070 and section 2 of this act:

(a) No such filing shall become effective within thirty days after the date of filing with the commissioner, which period may be extended by the commissioner for an additional period not to exceed fifteen days if he or she gives notice within such waiting period to the insurer or rating organization which made the filing that he or she needs such additional time for the consideration of the filing. The commissioner may, upon application and for cause shown, waive such waiting period or part thereof as to a filing that he or she has not disapproved.

(b) A filing shall be deemed to meet the requirements of this chapter unless disapproved by the commissioner within the waiting period or any extension thereof."

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Grant, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; DeBolt; Sullivan and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine and Keiser.


Voting Nay: Representatives Wolfe, Constantine and Keiser.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5782 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Changing bidding for water-sewer districts. Reported by Committee on Government Administration
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5903 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Authorizing the use of local hotel-motel taxes for operation of performing and cultural arts facilities. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee; Murray and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas and Wensman.

Voting Nay: Representatives Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunshee, Murray, and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

ESSB 5983 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Assisting industrial investments and projects of state-wide significance. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, McDonald and Morris.

Excused: Representative Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5998 Prime Sponsor, Senator Haugen: Restructuring the state cosmetology, barbering, esthetics, and manicuring advisory board. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESB 6039 Prime Sponsor, Senator West: Imposing fines or regulatory assessments under the insurance code. Reported by Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 7, after "After" insert "a"
On page 1, line 9, after "authority" insert "z"

Signed by Representatives L. Thomas, Chairman; Smith, Vice Chairman; Zellinsky, Vice Chairman; Benson; DeBolt and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Wolfe, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine; Keiser and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives L. Thomas, Smith, Zellinsky, Benson, DeBolt and Wensman.
Voting Nay: Representatives Wolfe, Grant, Constantine, Keiser and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL

SSB 5003 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Providing property tax exemptions for property with an assessed value of less than five hundred dollars. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, after line 13, insert the following:

"Sec. 2. RCW 84.64.320 and 1993 c 310 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The county legislative authority may dispose of tax foreclosed property by private negotiation, without a call for bids, for not less than the principal amount of the unpaid taxes in any of the following cases: (1) When the sale is to any governmental agency and for public purposes; (2) when the county legislative authority determines that it is not practical to build on the property due to the physical characteristics of the property or legal restrictions on construction activities on the property; (3) when the property has an assessed value of less than five hundred dollars and the property is sold to an adjoining landowner; or (4) when no acceptable bids were received at the attempted public auction of the property, if the sale is made within six months from the date of the attempted public auction."

Renumber the remaining section consecutively and correct the title.

Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Thompson and Van Luven.
Excused: Representatives Mason and Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SSB 5005 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Concerning concurrent and consecutive sentencing for violent offenses. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Delvin; Mitchell; Hickel; Robertson and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cairnes; Dickerson and Hickel.


Voting Nay: Representatives Cairnes, Dickerson, Hickel and Robertson.

Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESSB 5044 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Revising AIDS-related crimes. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5047 Prime Sponsor, Senator Benton: Arming community corrections officers. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Quall, Ranking Minority Member; and Cairnes.


Voting Nay: Representatives Quall and Cairnes.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5064 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Regulating the dissolution of limited partnerships. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5077 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Requiring integrated pest management. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature declares that it is the policy of the state of Washington to require all state agencies that have pest control responsibilities to follow the principles of integrated pest management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) "Integrated pest management" means a coordinated decision-making and action process that uses the most appropriate pest control methods and strategy in an environmentally and economically sound manner to meet agency programmatic pest management objectives. The elements of integrated pest management include:
   (a) Preventing pest problems;
   (b) Monitoring for the presence of pests and pest damage;
   (c) Establishing the density of the pest population, that may be set at zero, that can be tolerated or correlated with a damage level sufficient to warrant treatment of the problem based on health, public safety, economic, or aesthetic thresholds;
   (d) Treating pest problems to reduce populations below those levels established by damage thresholds using strategies that may include biological, cultural, mechanical, and chemical control methods and that must consider human health, ecological impact, feasibility, and cost-effectiveness; and
   (e) Evaluating the effects and efficacy of pest treatments.

(2) "Pest" means, but is not limited to, any insect, rodent, nematode, snail, slug, weed, and any form of plant or animal life or virus, except virus, bacteria, or other microorganisms on or in a living person or other animal or in or on processed food or beverages or pharmaceuticals, which is normally considered to be a pest, or which the director of the department of agriculture may declare to be a pest.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Each of the following state agencies or institutions shall implement integrated pest management practices when carrying out the agency's or institution's duties related to pest control:

(1) The department of agriculture;
(2) The state noxious weed control board;
(3) The department of ecology;
(4) The department of fish and wildlife;
(5) The department of transportation;
(6) The parks and recreation commission;
(7) The department of natural resources;
(8) The department of corrections;
NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) A state agency or institution listed in section 3 of this act shall provide integrated pest management training for employees responsible for pest management. The training programs shall be developed in cooperation with the interagency integrated pest management coordinating committee created under section 5 of this act.

(2) A state agency or institution listed in section 3 of this act shall designate an integrated pest management coordinator and the department of labor and industries and the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall each designate one representative to serve on the committee established in section 5 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The interagency integrated pest management coordinating committee is created. The committee is composed of the integrated pest management coordinator from each agency or institution listed under section 3 of this act and the representatives designated under section 4 of this act. The coordinator from the department of agriculture shall serve as chair of the committee.

(2) The interagency integrated pest management coordinating committee shall share information among the state agencies and institutions and facilitate interagency coordination.

(3) The interagency integrated pest management coordinating committee shall meet at least two times a year. All meetings of the committee must be open to the public. The committee shall give public notice of each meeting.

(4) By November 30th of each odd-numbered year up to and including November 30th, 2001, the department of agriculture, with the advice of the interagency integrated pest management coordinating committee, shall prepare a report on the progress of integrated pest management programs. The report is to be made available through the state library and placed on the legislative alert list.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If specific funding for the purposes of sections 3, 4, and 5 of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, sections 3, 4, and 5 of this act are null and void.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Sections 1 through 5 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 17 RCW."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESB 5086 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Prohibiting mandatory child support for postsecondary education of adult children. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
Sec. 1. RCW 26.19.090 and 1991 sp.s. c 28 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The child support schedule shall be advisory and not mandatory for awards of postsecondary educational support.

2. The court shall not order either or both parents to pay postsecondary educational support if both parents agree not to pay postsecondary educational expenses. The court may not enter an initial order of child support if the child is no longer dependent before the petition is filed.

3. When considering whether to order support for postsecondary educational expenses, the court shall determine whether the child is in fact dependent and is relying upon the parents for the reasonable necessities of life. Except as limited in subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the court shall exercise its discretion when determining whether and for how long to award postsecondary educational support based upon consideration of factors that include but are not limited to the following: Age of the child; the child's needs; the expectations of the parties for their children when the parents were together; the child's prospects, desires, aptitudes, abilities or disabilities; the nature of the postsecondary education sought; and the parents' level of education, standard of living, and current and future resources. Also to be considered are the amount and type of support that the child would have been afforded if the parents had stayed together. If the parents have other children who are dependent upon the parents for support, the court shall ensure that adequate provision is made for such children in determining whether and for how long to award postsecondary support.

4. Unless the parents have entered into an agreement otherwise, postsecondary educational support shall not be awarded beyond the child's twenty-third birthday; beyond the child's completion of a four-year undergraduate college degree program; or during periods of nonenrollment. Regularly scheduled summer and vacation breaks are not periods of nonenrollment.

5(a) Postsecondary educational support shall not be awarded for amounts in excess of the highest cost at a Washington state public university for resident students for: (i) Tuition; (ii) books, fees, education supplies; and (iii) dormitory room and board when the child will actually incur dormitory room and board expenses.

(b) This subsection shall not apply when: (i) Parents have agreed to exceed these costs; or (ii) the child wishes to attend a private postsecondary educational institution, and the parents have agreed that the child should attend a private postsecondary educational institution, or either or both parents attended private postsecondary educational institutions, and either or both parents have the financial capability to pay for a private postsecondary education.

6. The student shall have an affirmative obligation to seek financial aid through the postsecondary educational institution. The court shall consider any aid obtained in determining the parents' support obligation.

7. The amount of support established may be apportioned between the parents on the basis of net income in the same manner as if the child was under age eighteen and receiving child support under this chapter.

8. The court may adjust support for earnings of a child in excess of the amount necessary to support the child during periods of nonenrollment. The court may require the child to contribute financially to his or her educational expenses and support commensurate with the child's abilities and academic schedule.

9. The court may order the child to notify each parent paying postsecondary educational support in writing regarding the child's academic plans, progress, and changes in academic schedule.

10. Upon finding that the child willfully failed to provide the information required under subsection (12) of this section, the court may terminate or suspend support.

11. The child must enroll in an accredited academic or vocational school, must be actively pursuing a course of study commensurate with the child's vocational goals, and must be in good academic standing as defined by the institution. The court-ordered postsecondary educational support shall be automatically suspended during the period or periods the child fails to comply with these conditions. For purposes of this subsection, "actively pursuing a course of study" means that the child completes the period of enrollment for which the parents have paid support. If the child fails for whatever reason to complete the academic period, the parents shall have no obligation to resume payment of support until the child has made up the incomplete period.
The child shall also make available all academic records and grades to both parents as a condition of receiving postsecondary educational support. Each parent shall have full and equal access to the postsecondary education records as provided in RCW 26.09.225.

The court shall not order the payment of postsecondary educational expenses beyond the child's twenty-third birthday, except for exceptional circumstances, such as mental, physical, or emotional disabilities.

The court shall direct that either or both parents' payments for postsecondary educational expenses be made directly to the educational institution if feasible. If direct payments are not feasible, then the court in its discretion may order that either or both parents' payments be made directly to the child if the child does not reside with either parent. If the child resides with one of the parents the court may direct that the parent making the support transfer payments make the payments to the child or to the parent who has been receiving the support transfer payments.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act applies prospectively only and not retroactively. It applies only to causes of action that are commenced on or after the effective date of this act.

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "children;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 26.19.090; and creating a new section."

Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lambert and Lantz.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lambert and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5102 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Revising the provision imposing an annual recreational surcharge on certain personal use food fish licenses. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield and Sheldon.


Voting Nay: Representative Pennington.
Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5103 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Increasing the number of alternate operators allowed under certain commercial fishery licenses. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 75.28 RCW to read as follows:
The fish and wildlife commission may, by rule, increase the number of alternate operators beyond the level authorized by RCW 75.28.030 and 75.28.046 for a commercial fishery license, delivery license, or charter license."

Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Anderson.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representative Anderson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5104 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Creating the Washington pheasant enhancement program. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Hatfield and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Sump, Vice Chairman; Chandler and Pennington.

Voting Nay: Representatives Sump, Chandler and Pennington.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5112 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Providing property tax refund interest from the date of collection. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Thompson and Van Luven.
Excused: Representatives Mason and Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997
SSB 5118 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Education: Changing school truancy petition provisions. 
Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, 
Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; 
Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, 
Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

2SSB 5120 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Providing for fish enhancement with remote 
ite incubators. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that trout and salmon population levels are 
greatly below the carrying capacity of many state waters, and that reintroduction of both trout and 
salmon can be accomplished with the use of remote site incubators. Remote site incubators have been 
shown to be a cost-effective means of bypassing the early period of high mortality that is often 
experienced by salmonid eggs that are naturally spawned in streams with degraded habitat. In addition, 
remote site incubators provide an efficient method for reintroduction of fish into areas that are not fully 
seeded by natural spawn. The technology for remote site incubators is well developed, and their 
application is easily accomplished in a wide variety of habitat by persons with a moderate level of 
training.

It is a goal of the remote site incubator program to assist reestablishment of sustainable fish 
populations so that the populations may become naturally spawning in many cases. In other cases, 
primarily where spawning conditions are not optimal or where numbers of spawners are chronically 
low, the remote site incubator program may become a cost-effective long-term solution for 
supplementation and restoration of fish populations.

Another goal of the remote site incubator program is to provide a means of utilizing excess or 
surplus salmonid eggs which in the past would have been destroyed or not used in a way that would 
have rebuilt fish populations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) The department shall identify potential sites throughout the state 
and potential fish species for each site that are suitable for remote site incubators. The initial selection 
of sites shall be completed by July 1, 1998. Thereafter the site selection list shall be updated at least on 
an annual basis.

(2)(a) The director may use employees of the fish and wildlife construction crew to construct 
remote site incubators.

(b) The director shall purchase commercially available remote site incubators in cases in which 
it would be more economical to purchase remote site incubators rather than to build them with the 
construction crew.

(c) The director of fish and wildlife and the secretary of the department of corrections shall 
jointly investigate the potential of producing remote site incubators through the prison industries 
program of the department of corrections, and shall jointly report their finding to the natural resources 
committees of the house of representatives and the senate by December 1, 1998.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The department shall coordinate the implementation of the remote site incubator program throughout the state and shall make annual reports to the fish and wildlife commission on the progress of the program.

(2) The department shall fully involve and depend chiefly upon volunteer efforts to implement the remote site incubator program through the regional fisheries enhancement groups, volunteer cooperative groups, private nonprofit groups, treaty Indian tribes, and interested individuals.

(3) The director shall approve a remote site incubator project unless it is a direct threat to the salmonid resource. The director may prioritize remote site incubator projects within regional enhancement areas.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The director shall make every effort to utilize appropriate salmonid eggs in remote site incubators if the eggs are not allocated for other fish culture uses or would otherwise be sold or donated.

(2) The director may purchase or accept as a gift to the state viable salmonid eggs from private fish farmers for purposes of stocking remote site incubators and for the stocking of all public waters.

(3) As required to carry out the purposes of this chapter, the director shall contact the treaty Indian tribes, the federal fish and wildlife service, and the state fish management agencies of Oregon and Idaho for the purpose of obtaining donations of viable salmonid eggs for stocking remote site incubators.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The director shall direct the warm water fish enhancement program of the department to investigate ways for applying the remote site incubator technology to the production of warm water fish.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Sections 2 through 5 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 75 RCW.

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representative Regala, Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representative Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5138 Prime Sponsor, Senator Oke: Changing provisions relating to offenses committed in state parks or parkways. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.


Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representative Chandler.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5139 Prime Sponsor, Senator Oke: Regarding enterprise activities of the state parks and recreation commission. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.


Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representative Chandler.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5140 Prime Sponsor, Senator Long: Revising provisions relating to community placement of offenders. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5173 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Improving the liquor license schematic of the state of Washington. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Commerce & Labor.

On page 40, line 34, strike "beer and wine" and insert "limited service"

On page 40, line 35, after "license" strike "((in combination with a class E license))" and insert "in combination with ((a class E)) an off-premises beer and wine retailer’s license"

On page 35, after line 33, insert the following:
"(4) The board may issue a caterer’s endorsement to the license under this section to allow the licensee to remove from the liquor stocks at the licensed premises, for use as liquor for sale and service at special occasion locations at a specified date and place not currently licensed by the board. The privilege of selling and serving liquor under the endorsement is limited to members and guests of a
society or organization as defined in RCW 66.24.375. Cost of the endorsement is three hundred fifty dollars.

(a) The holder of this license with catering endorsement shall, if requested by the board, notify the board or its designee of the date, time, place, and location of any catered event. Upon request, the licensee shall provide to the board all necessary or requested information concerning the society or organization that will be holding the function at which the endorsed license will be utilized.

(b) If attendance at the function will be limited to members and invited guests of the sponsoring society or organization, the requirement that the society or organization be within the definition of RCW 66.24.375 is waived.

Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, and Van Luven.

Excused: Representatives Carrell, Mason and Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

2SSB 5178 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Adopting the diabetes cost reduction act.

Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 41.05 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature finds that diabetes imposes a significant health risk and tremendous financial burden on the citizens and government of the state of Washington, and that access to the medically accepted standards of care for diabetes, its treatment and supplies, and self-management training and education is crucial to prevent or delay the short and long-term complications of diabetes and its attendant costs.

(1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Person with diabetes" means a person diagnosed by a health care provider as having insulin using diabetes, noninsulin using diabetes, or elevated blood glucose levels induced by pregnancy; and

(b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

(2) All state-purchased health care purchased or renewed after the effective date of this act, except the basic health plan described in chapter 70.47 RCW, shall provide benefits for at least the following services and supplies for persons with diabetes to the extent that benefits are available under the health benefit plan for similar services or supplies for other common illnesses and diseases:

(a) Appropriate and medically necessary equipment and supplies, as prescribed by a health care provider, that includes but is not limited to insulin, syringes, injection aids, blood glucose monitors, test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, insulin pumps and accessories to the pumps, insulin infusion devices, prescriptive oral agents for controlling blood sugar levels, foot care appliances for prevention of complications associated with diabetes, and glucagon emergency kits; and

(b) Outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, as ordered by the health care provider. Diabetes outpatient self-management training and education may be provided only by, or under the direction of, health care providers with expertise in diabetes.

Nothing in this section prevents any state agency purchasing health care according to this section from
restricting patients to seeing only health care providers who have signed participating provider agreements with that state agency or an insuring entity under contract with that state agency.

(3) Coverage required under this section may be subject to normal health plan structures and benefits options offered by the Washington state health care authority and the associated normal cost-sharing provisions established for all other similar services or supplies within a policy.

(4) Health care coverage may not be reduced or eliminated due to this section.

(5) Services required under this section shall be covered when deemed medically necessary by the medical director, or his or her designee, subject to any referral and formulary requirements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature finds that diabetes imposes a significant health risk and tremendous financial burden on the citizens and government of the state of Washington, and that access to the medically accepted standards of care for diabetes, its treatment and supplies, and self-management training and education is crucial to prevent or delay the short and long-term complications of diabetes and its attendant costs.

(1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Person with diabetes" means a person diagnosed by a health care provider as having insulin using diabetes, noninsulin using diabetes, or elevated blood glucose levels induced by pregnancy; and

(b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

(2) All disability insurance contracts providing health care services, delivered or issued for delivery in this state and issued or renewed after the effective date of this act, shall provide benefits for at least the following services and supplies for persons with diabetes to the extent that benefits are available under the health benefit plan for similar services or supplies for other common illnesses and diseases:

(a) Appropriate and medically necessary equipment and supplies, as prescribed by a health care provider, that includes but is not limited to insulin, syringes, injection aids, blood glucose monitors, test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, insulin pumps and accessories to the pumps, insulin infusion devices, prescriptive oral agents for controlling blood sugar levels, foot care appliances for prevention of complications associated with diabetes, and glucagon emergency kits; and

(b) Outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, as ordered by the health care provider. Diabetes outpatient self-management training and education may be provided only by, or under the direction of, health care providers with expertise in diabetes.

Nothing in this section prevents the insurer from restricting patients to seeing only health care providers who have signed participating provider agreements with the insurer or an insuring entity under contract with the insurer.

(3) Coverage required under this section may be subject to normal health plan structures and benefits options offered by disability insurance contractors and the associated normal cost-sharing provisions established for all other similar services or supplies within a policy.

(4) Health care coverage may not be reduced or eliminated due to this section.

(5) Services required under this section shall be covered when deemed medically necessary by the medical director, or his or her designee, subject to any referral and formulary requirements.

(6) The insurer need not include the coverage required in this section in a group contract offered to an employer or other group that offers to its eligible enrollees a self-insured health plan not subject to mandated benefits status under this title that does not offer coverage similar to that mandated under this section.

(7) This section does not apply to the health benefit plan that provides benefits identical to the schedule of services covered by the basic health plan, as required by RCW 48.20.028.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 48.21 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature finds that diabetes imposes a significant health risk and tremendous financial burden on the citizens and government of the state of Washington, and that access to the medically
accepted standards of care for diabetes, its treatment and supplies, and self-management training and education is crucial to prevent or delay the short and long-term complications of diabetes and its attendant costs.

(1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Person with diabetes" means a person diagnosed by a health care provider as having insulin using diabetes, noninsulin using diabetes, or elevated blood glucose levels induced by pregnancy; and

(b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

(2) All group disability insurance contracts and blanket disability insurance contracts providing health care services, issued or renewed after the effective date of this act, shall provide benefits for at least the following services and supplies for persons with diabetes to the extent that benefits are available under the health benefit plan for similar services or supplies for other common illnesses and diseases:

(a) Appropriate and medically necessary equipment and supplies, as prescribed by a health care provider, that includes but is not limited to insulin, syringes, injection aids, blood glucose monitors, test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, insulin pumps and accessories to the pumps, insulin infusion devices, prescriptive oral agents for controlling blood sugar levels, foot care appliances for prevention of complications associated with diabetes, and glucagon emergency kits; and

(b) Outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, as ordered by the health care provider. Diabetes outpatient self-management training and education may be provided only by, or under the direction of, health care providers with expertise in diabetes.

Nothing in this section prevents the insurer from restricting patients to seeing only health care providers who have signed participating provider agreements with the insurer or an insuring entity under contract with the insurer.

(3) Coverage required under this section may be subject to normal health plan structures and benefits options offered by group and blanket disability insurers and the associated normal cost-sharing provisions established for all other similar services or supplies within a policy.

(4) Health care coverage may not be reduced or eliminated due to this section.

(5) Services required under this section shall be covered when deemed medically necessary by the medical director, or his or her designee, subject to any referral and formulary requirements.

(6) The insurer need not include the coverage required in this section in a group contract offered to an employer or other group that offers to its eligible enrollees a self-insured health plan not subject to mandated benefits status under this title that does not offer coverage similar to that mandated under this section.

(7) This section does not apply to the health benefit plan that provides benefits identical to the schedule of services covered by the basic health plan, as required by RCW 48.21.045.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 48.44 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature finds that diabetes imposes a significant health risk and tremendous financial burden on the citizens and government of the state of Washington, and that access to the medically accepted standards of care for diabetes, its treatment and supplies, and self-management training and education is crucial to prevent or delay the short and long-term complications of diabetes and its attendant costs.

(1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Person with diabetes" means a person diagnosed by a health care provider as having insulin using diabetes, noninsulin using diabetes, or elevated blood glucose levels induced by pregnancy; and

(b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

(2) All health benefit plans offered by health care service contractors, issued or renewed after the effective date of this act, shall provide benefits for at least the following services and supplies for
persons with diabetes to the extent that benefits are available under the health benefit plan for similar services or supplies for other common illnesses and diseases:

(a) Appropriate and medically necessary equipment and supplies, as prescribed by a health care provider, that includes but is not limited to insulin, syringes, injection aids, blood glucose monitors, test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, insulin pumps and accessories to the pumps, insulin infusion devices, prescriptive oral agents for controlling blood sugar levels, foot care appliances for prevention of complications associated with diabetes, and glucagon emergency kits; and

(b) Outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, as ordered by the health care provider. Diabetes outpatient self-management training and education may be provided only by, or under the direction of, health care providers with expertise in diabetes. Nothing in this section prevents the health care services contractor from restricting patients to seeing only health care providers who have signed participating provider agreements with the health care services contractor or an insuring entity under contract with the health care services contractor.

(3) Coverage required under this section may be subject to normal health plan structures and benefits offered by the health care service contractor and the associated normal cost-sharing provisions established for all other similar services or supplies within a policy.

(4) Health care coverage may not be reduced or eliminated due to this section.

(5) Services required under this section shall be covered when deemed medically necessary by the medical director, or his or her designee, subject to any referral and formulary requirements.

(6) The health care service contractor need not include the coverage required in this section in a group contract offered to an employer or other group that offers to its eligible enrollees a self-insured health plan not subject to mandated benefits status under this title that does not offer coverage similar to that mandated under this section.

(7) This section does not apply to the health benefit plans that provide benefits identical to the schedule of services covered by the basic health plan, as required by RCW 48.44.022 and 48.44.023.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 48.46 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature finds that diabetes imposes a significant health risk and tremendous financial burden on the citizens and government of the state of Washington, and that access to the medically accepted standards of care for diabetes, its treatment and supplies, and self-management training and education is crucial to prevent or delay the short and long-term complications of diabetes and its attendant costs.

(1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Person with diabetes" means a person diagnosed by a health care provider as having insulin using diabetes, noninsulin using diabetes, or elevated blood glucose levels induced by pregnancy; and

(b) "Health care provider" means a health care provider as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

(2) All health benefit plans offered by health maintenance organizations, issued or renewed after the effective date of this act, shall provide benefits for at least the following services and supplies for persons with diabetes to the extent that benefits are available under the health benefit plan for similar services or supplies for other common illnesses and diseases:

(a) Appropriate and medically necessary equipment and supplies, as prescribed by a health care provider, that includes but is not limited to insulin, syringes, injection aids, blood glucose monitors, test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, insulin pumps and accessories to the pumps, insulin infusion devices, prescriptive oral agents for controlling blood sugar levels, foot care appliances for prevention of complications associated with diabetes, and glucagon emergency kits; and

(b) Outpatient self-management training and education, including medical nutrition therapy, as ordered by the health care provider. Diabetes outpatient self-management training and education may be provided only by, or under the direction of, health care providers with expertise in diabetes. Nothing in this section prevents the health maintenance organization from restricting patients to seeing
only health care providers who have signed participating provider agreements with the health
maintenance organization or an insuring entity under contract with the health maintenance organization.

(3) Coverage required under this section may be subject to normal health plan structures and
benefits options offered by health maintenance organizations and the associated normal cost-sharing
provisions established for all other similar services or supplies within a policy.

(4) Health care coverage may not be reduced or eliminated due to this section.

(5) Services required under this section shall be covered when deemed medically necessary by
the medical director, or his or her designee, subject to any referral and formulary requirements.

(6) The health maintenance organization need not include the coverage required in this section
in a group contract offered to an employer or other group that offers to its eligible enrollees a self-
insured health plan not subject to mandated benefits status under this title that does not offer coverage
similar to that mandated under this section.

(7) This section does not apply to the health benefit plans that provide benefits identical to the
schedule of services covered by the basic health plan, as required by RCW 48.46.064 and 48.46.066.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act takes effect January 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 43.131 RCW to read as follows:
The diabetes cost reduction act shall be terminated on June 30, 2001.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 43.131 RCW to read as follows:
The following acts or parts of acts, as now existing or hereafter amended, are each repealed,
effective June 30, 2002.

(1) RCW 41.05.---- and 1997 c . . . s 1 (section 1 of this act);
(2) RCW 48.20.---- and 1997 c . . . s 2 (section 2 of this act);
(3) RCW 48.21.---- and 1997 c . . . s 3 (section 3 of this act);
(4) RCW 48.44.---- and 1997 c . . . s 4 (section 4 of this act); and
(5) RCW 48.46.---- and 1997 c . . . s 5 (section 5 of this act)."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman;
Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson;
Conway; Parlette; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Dyer, Skinner, Backlund, Cody, Murray, Anderson, Conway,
Parlette, Wood and Zellinsky.

Voting Nay: Representative Sherstad.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESB 5185 Prime Sponsor, Senator Horn: Revising procedures for growth management hearings
boards. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 36.70A.270 and 1996 c 325 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Each growth management hearings board shall be governed by the following rules on conduct
and procedure:
(1) Any board member may be removed for inefficiency, malfeasance, and misfeasance in office, under specific written charges filed by the governor. The governor shall transmit such written charges to the member accused and the chief justice of the supreme court. The chief justice shall thereupon designate a tribunal composed of three judges of the superior court to hear and adjudicate the charges. Removal of any member of a board by the tribunal shall disqualify such member for reappointment.

(2) Each board member shall receive reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in the discharge of his or her duties in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. If it is determined that the review boards shall operate on a full-time basis, each member shall receive an annual salary to be determined by the governor pursuant to RCW 43.03.040. If it is determined that a review board shall operate on a part-time basis, each member shall receive compensation pursuant to RCW 43.03.250, provided such amount shall not exceed the amount that would be set if they were a full-time board member. The principal office of each board shall be located by the governor within the jurisdictional boundaries of each board. The boards shall operate on either a part-time or full-time basis, as determined by the governor.

(3) Each board member shall not: (a) Be a candidate for or hold any other public office or trust; (b) engage in any occupation or business interfering with or inconsistent with his or her duty as a board member; and (c) for a period of one year after the termination of his or her board membership, act in a representative capacity before the board on any matter.

(4) A majority of each board shall constitute a quorum for making orders or decisions, adopting rules necessary for the conduct of its powers and duties, or transacting other official business, and may act even though one position of the board is vacant. One or more members may hold hearings and take testimony to be reported for action by the board when authorized by rule or order of the board. The board shall perform all the powers and duties specified in this chapter or as otherwise provided by law.

(5) Each board may appoint one or more hearing examiners to assist the board in its hearing function, to make findings of fact and, if requested by the board, to make recommendations to the board for advisory decisions in cases before the board. Such hearing examiners must have demonstrated knowledge of land use planning and law. The boards shall specify in their joint rules of practice and procedure, as required by subsection (7) of this section, the procedure and criteria to be employed for designating hearing examiners as a presiding officer. Hearing examiners selected by a board shall meet the requirements of subsection (3) of this section. The findings and conclusions of the hearing examiner shall not become final until they have been formally approved by the board. This authorization to use hearing examiners does not waive the requirement of RCW 36.70A.300 that advisory decisions be made within one hundred eighty days of board receipt of a petition. Each board may mediate disputes between counties or cities, over whether their comprehensive plans are coordinated or consistent, by using one or more of its own members, hiring staff to provide mediation, or contracting for the provision of mediation.

(6) Each board shall make findings of fact and prepare a written advisory decision in each case decided by it, and such findings and advisory decisions shall be effective upon being signed by two or more members of the board and upon being filed at the board’s principal office, and shall be open for public inspection at all reasonable times.

(7) All proceedings before the board, any of its members, or a hearing examiner appointed by the board shall be conducted in accordance with such administrative rules of practice and procedure as the boards jointly prescribe. All three boards shall jointly meet to develop and adopt joint rules of practice and procedure, including rules regarding expeditious and summary disposition of appeals. The boards shall publish such rules and decisions they render and arrange for the reasonable distribution of the rules and decisions. Except as it conflicts with provisions of this chapter, the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, shall govern the practice and procedure of the boards.

(8) A board member or hearing examiner is subject to disqualification under chapter 34.05 RCW. The joint rules of practice of the boards shall establish procedures by which a party to a hearing conducted before the board may file with the board a motion to disqualify, with supporting affidavit, against a board member or hearing examiner assigned to preside at the hearing.
The members of the boards shall meet jointly on at least an annual basis with the objective of sharing information that promotes the goals and purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 2. RCW 36.70A.280 and 1996 c 325 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A growth management hearings board shall hear and (determine only those) render advisory decisions in response to petitions alleging either:

(a) That a state agency, county, or city planning under this chapter is not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption of shoreline master programs or amendments thereto, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to plans, development regulations, or amendments, adopted under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW.

(b) That a county or city planning under this chapter has not taken an action required under this chapter by the time the action is required to have been taken.

(c) That the twenty-year growth management planning population projections adopted by the office of financial management pursuant to RCW 43.62.035 should be adjusted.

(d) That the shoreline master program or amendment thereto, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates thereto, are not in compliance with the requirements of chapter 90.58 RCW.

(2) A petition alleging that a county or city has not addressed issues associated with an action required under this chapter, or that the comprehensive plan of a county or city is not coordinated with, or consistent with, the comprehensive plan of another county or city, as required under RCW 36.70A.100; or

(3) For purposes of this section "person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, state agency, governmental subdivision or unit thereof, or public or private organization or entity of any character.

(4) When considering a possible adjustment to a growth management planning population projection prepared by the office of financial management, a board shall consider the implications of any such adjustment to the population forecast for the entire state.

The rationale for any adjustment that is adopted by a board must be documented and filed with the office of financial management within ten working days after adoption.

If adjusted by a board, a county growth management planning population projection shall only be used for the planning purposes set forth in this chapter and shall be known as a "board adjusted population projection". None of these changes shall affect the official state and county population forecasts prepared by the office of financial management, which shall continue to be used for state budget and planning purposes.

Sec. 3. RCW 36.70A.290 and 1995 c 347 s 109 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All requests for review to a growth management hearings board shall be initiated by filing a petition that includes a detailed statement of issues presented for resolution by the board.

(2) All petitions relating to whether or not an adopted comprehensive plan, development regulation, or permanent amendment thereto, is in compliance with the goals and requirements of this chapter or chapter 90.58 or 43.21C RCW must be filed within sixty days after publication by the legislative authority of the county or city. All petitions relating to whether or not a county or city has addressed relevant issues associated with an action required under this chapter must be filed within sixty days after publication by the legislative authority of the county or city. All petitions...
relating to whether or not comprehensive plans are coordinated or consistent, as required under RCW
36.70A.100, must be filed within sixty days after publication by the legislative authority of the county
or city adopting or amending its comprehensive plan that is alleged not to be coordinated or consistent
with another comprehensive plan. Petitions relating to whether a county or city has not taken an action
required under this chapter by the time such action is required to have been taken may be filed at any
time.

(a) Except as provided in (e) of this subsection, the date of publication for a city shall be the
date the city publishes the ordinance, or summary of the ordinance, adopting the comprehensive
plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto, as is required to be published.

(b) Promptly after adoption, a county shall publish a notice that it has adopted the
comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto. (Except as provided in (e) of
this subsection, for purposes of this section, the date of publication for a county shall be the date the
county publishes the notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or
amendment thereto.

(c) For local governments planning under RCW 36.70A.040, promptly after approval or
disapproval of a local government’s shoreline master program or amendment thereto by the department
of ecology as provided in RCW 90.58.090, the local government shall publish a notice that the
shoreline master program or amendment thereto has been approved or disapproved by the department
of ecology. For purposes of this section, the date of publication for the adoption or amendment of a
shoreline master program is the date the local government publishes notice that the shoreline master
program or amendment thereto has been approved or disapproved by the department of ecology.)

3) Unless the board dismisses the petition as frivolous or finds that the person filing the
petition lacks standing, the board shall, within ten days of receipt of the petition, set a time for hearing
the matter.

4) The board shall base its advisory decision on the record developed by the city((or the state)) and
supplemented with additional evidence if the board determines that such additional evidence would be
necessary or of substantial assistance to the board in reaching its advisory decision.

5) The board shall consolidate, when appropriate, all petitions involving the review of the
same comprehensive plan or the same development regulation or regulations.

Sec. 4. RCW 36.70A.300 and 1995 c 347 s 110 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The board shall ((issue a final order)) render its advisory decision within one hundred
eighty days of receipt of the petition for review, or, when multiple petitions are filed, within one
hundred eighty days of receipt of the last petition that is consolidated. (Such a final order shall be
based exclusively on whether or not a state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the
requirements of this chapter, chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to adoption or amendment of shoreline
master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to plans, development regulations, and
amendments thereto, adopted under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW.) In ((the final order))
rendering its advisory decision, the board shall ((either)):
(a) Find that the ((state agency,)) county((or city)) is in compliance with the requirements of
((this chapter or)) chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of shoreline master
programs; or
(b) Find that the county or city either has, or has not, taken the action by the time such action
is required to have been taken; or
(c) Find that the ((state agency,)) county((or city)) is not in compliance with the
requirements of this chapter or chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of
shoreline master programs, in which case) either has, or has not, addressed relevant issues associated
with an action required under this chapter, but may not consider the adequacy of the actions taken by
the county or city. If the board finds that the county or city has not addressed the relevant issues, the
board shall ((remand the matter to the affected state agency, county, or city and)) specify a reasonable
time not in excess of one hundred eighty days within which the ((state agency,)) county((or city)) and
the person or persons appealing the action shall (comply with the requirements of this chapter) attempt to resolve the dispute; or

(d) Find that the comprehensive plans either are, or are not, coordinated or consistent, as required under RCW 36.70A.100. If the board finds that the comprehensive plans are not coordinated or consistent, the board shall mediate between the affected counties or cities to resolve the lack of coordination or lack of consistency.

(2) (A finding of noncompliance and an order of remand) An advisory decision rendered by the board shall not affect the validity of comprehensive plans and development regulations (during the period of remand, unless the board’s final order also:

(a) Includes a determination, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the continued validity of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter; and

(b) Specifies the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.

(3) A determination of invalidity shall:

(a) Be prospective in effect and shall not extinguish rights that vested under state or local law before the date of the board’s order; and

(b) Subject any development application that would otherwise vest after the date of the board’s order to the local ordinance or resolution that both is enacted in response to the order of remand and determined by the board pursuant to RCW 36.70A.330 to comply with the requirements of this chapter.

(4) If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (2) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand.

(5) Any party aggrieved by a final decision of the hearings board may appeal the decision to superior court as provided in RCW 34.05.514 or 36.01.050 within thirty days of the final order of the board.

(3) Nothing in RCW 36.70A.250 through 36.70A.345 precludes an aggrieved party from filing a petition in superior court seeking equitable relief against a county or city for failing to comply with the requirements of this chapter or seeking other remedies that may exist challenging the actions of a county or city taken under this chapter.

Sec. 5. RCW 36.70A.310 and 1994 c 249 s 32 are each amended to read as follows:

A request for review by the state to a growth management hearings board under RCW 36.70A.280(1) may be made only by the governor, or with the governor’s consent the head of an agency, or by the commissioner of public lands as relating to state trust lands((for the review of whether: (1) A county or city that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 has failed to adopt a comprehensive plan or development regulations, or county-wide planning policies within the time limits established by this chapter; or (2) a county or city that is required or chooses to plan under this chapter has adopted a comprehensive plan, development regulations, or county-wide planning policies, that are not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter))).

Sec. 6. RCW 36.70A.320 and 1995 c 347 s 111 are each amended to read as follows:

Comprehensive plans and development regulations, and amendments thereto, adopted under this chapter are presumed valid upon adoption. In any petition under this chapter, the board, after full consideration of the petition, shall ((determine whether there is compliance with the requirements of this chapter. In making its determination, the board shall consider the criteria adopted by the department under RCW 36.70A.190(4). The board shall)) find compliance unless it finds ((by a preponderance of the evidence)) that the ((state agency,)) action of the county((,)) or city ((erroneously interpreted or applied this chapter)) was clearly erroneous.

((2) The shoreline element of a comprehensive plan and the applicable development regulations adopted by a county or city shall take effect as provided in chapter 90.58 RCW,))
Sec. 7. RCW 36.70A.340 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:

(Upon receipt from the board of a finding that a state agency, county, or city is in
temporary noncompliance under RCW 36.70A.330, or as a result of failure to meet the requirements of)) If
sanctions are imposed under RCW 36.70A.210 or 36.70A.345, the governor may either:

(1) Notify and direct the director of the office of financial management to revise allotments in
appropriation levels;

(2) Notify and direct the state treasurer to withhold the portion of revenues to which the county
or city is entitled under one or more of the following: The motor vehicle fuel tax, as provided in
chapter 82.36 RCW; the transportation improvement account, as provided in RCW 47.26.084; the
urban arterial trust account, as provided in RCW 47.26.080; the rural arterial trust account, as
provided in RCW 36.79.150; the sales and use tax, as provided in chapter 82.14 RCW; the liquor
profit tax, as provided in RCW 66.08.190; and the liquor excise tax, as provided in RCW 82.08.170;
or

(3) File a notice of noncompliance with the secretary of state and the county or city, which
shall temporarily rescind the county or city's authority to collect the real estate excise tax under RCW
82.46.030 until the governor files a notice rescinding the notice of noncompliance.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. RCW 36.70A.330 and 1995 c 347 s 112 & 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 14 are
each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. RCW 36.70A.340 is recodified to appear immediately after RCW
36.70A.345."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice
Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking
Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Reams, Sherstad, Cairnes, Bush, Mielke, Mulliken and
Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997
SSB 5188 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Revising policies concerning
health care and information about the health status of inmates. Reported by
Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 4, line 5, after "in RCW" strike "9.9A.030" and insert "9.94A.030"

Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice
Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O'Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member;
Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O'Brien, Blalock, Cairnes,
Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SB 5193 Prime Sponsor, Senator Prentice: Revising sales and use tax exemptions for farmworker housing. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 2, line 20, after "agency," strike "or"

On page 2, line 30, after "public)," insert "Agricultural employee housing" does not include housing provided by a housing authority unless at least eighty percent of the occupants are agricultural employees whose adjusted income is less than fifty percent of median family income, adjusted for household size, for the county where the housing is provided."

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5208 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Detailing how to handle environmental complaints. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that there is a need to establish a clear process for handling complaints regarding air and water quality from uses of agricultural and forest lands. The legislature also finds that this process should reduce the number of frivolous complaints against property owners and protect people who make complaints in good faith about possible violations of air or water pollution laws.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 70.94 RCW to read as follows:

(1) In exercising its authority under RCW 70.94.200, in investigating conditions on agricultural or forest land, a control officer, the department, or its duly authorized representative must comply with this section.

(2) The control officer, department, or its duly authorized representative must provide at least twenty-four hours' notice to a person alleged to have engaged in polluting activities on agricultural or forest land, before entering the property to investigate violations of this chapter or the federal clean air act. This notice must also be provided to the property owner if it is someone other than the person alleged to have engaged in the polluting activities. The twenty-four-hour notice requirement of this section does not apply in the event of an emergency or to enforce the terms of a permit.

(3) A control officer, department, or its duly authorized representative must present credentials to the property owner upon entering the property, and must provide a form to the property owner which clearly and conspicuously informs the property owner of his or her right to refuse entry for the investigation. The property owner may not deny entry in the event of an emergency or if the investigation is included within the terms of a permit. If the property owner denies entry, and it is not an emergency or an investigation related to a permit, the department, control officer, or its representative must obtain a search warrant to enter the property. No property owner who is authorized to deny entry pursuant to this subsection may be subjected to criminal or civil penalties for the denial of
entry. If the department, a control officer, or its representative enters the property on the basis that an emergency exists, the property owner must be provided the basis for the emergency in writing within ten days of the entry. The notice must be signed by the person entering the property.

(4) No formal commencement action may be taken by the department or an authority for a violation of this chapter on property subject to this section without cogent, site-specific evidence.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 70.94 RCW to read as follows:

(1) When the department or an authority receives a complaint that pollution has occurred on agricultural or forest land, the department or authority must document the name and address of the person who made the complaint, the time the alleged pollution occurred, and other information related to the complaint. In the event the evidence was collected by an employee of the department or a control officer, the name of the employee or control officer must be documented. Information revealing the identity of the person who made the complaint is exempt from public inspection and copying. The department and authorities shall adopt rules which restrict access within the department to the identity of people who make such complaints.

(2) If the department or an authority determines that an individual has made a series of complaints which have proven to be baseless, the department or authority shall notify the person by certified mail, return receipt requested, that a future complaint which is found to be baseless constitutes grounds for an infraction for filing frivolous complaints. The notice shall describe the penalty for the infraction.

(3) If a person who has been notified by the department or authority about making frivolous complaints makes another baseless complaint, the department or authority shall issue a notice of infraction for filing frivolous complaints. A civil fine up to five thousand dollars may be imposed for the infraction. An appeal of an infraction shall be treated as an adjudicative proceeding under the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:

(1) In exercising its authority under RCW 90.48.120, in investigating conditions on agricultural or forest land, the department or its duly authorized representative must comply with this section.

(2) The department or its duly authorized representative must provide at least twenty-four hours' notice to a person alleged to have engaged in polluting activities on agricultural or forest land, before entering the property to investigate violations of this chapter. This notice must also be provided to the property owner if it is someone other than the person alleged to have engaged in the polluting activities. The twenty-four-hour notice requirement of this section does not apply in the event of an emergency or to enforce the terms of a permit.

(3) The department or its duly authorized representative must present credentials to the property owner upon entering the property, and must provide a form to the property owner which clearly and conspicuously informs the property owner of his or her right to refuse entry for the investigation. The property owner may not deny entry in the event of an emergency or to enforce the terms of a permit.

(4) No formal commencement action may be taken by the department or its representative for a violation of this chapter on property subject to this section without cogent, site-specific evidence.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:

(1) When the department receives a complaint that pollution has occurred on agricultural or forest land, the department must document the name and address of the person who made the complaint, the time the alleged pollution occurred, and other information related to the complaint. In the event the evidence was collected by an employee of the department, the name of the employee must
be documented. Information revealing the identity of the person who made the complaint is exempt from public inspection and copying. The department shall adopt rules which restrict access within the department to the identity of people who make such complaints.

(2) If the department determines that an individual has made a series of complaints which have proven to be baseless, the department shall notify the person by certified mail, return receipt requested, that a future complaint which is found to be baseless constitutes grounds for an infraction for filing frivolous complaints. The notice shall describe the penalty for the infraction.

(3) If a person who has been notified by the department about making frivolous complaints makes another baseless complaint, the department shall issue a notice of infraction for filing frivolous complaints. A civil fine up to five thousand dollars may be imposed for the infraction. An appeal of an infraction shall be treated as an adjudicative proceeding under the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Anderson, Cooper and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5253 Prime Sponsor, Senator Strannigan: Allowing nonresidents under the age of fifteen to obtain a free fishing license. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson and Hatfield.


Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, and Hatfield.
Voting Nay: Representatives Chandler, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESB 5255 Prime Sponsor, Senator Swecker: Establishing notification of parent or legal guardian prior to abortion by a minor. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Lambert; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney and Lantz.
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney and Lantz.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESSB 5265  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Requiring that agreements between the state and Indian tribes be approved by the senate. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation:  Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.

Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood, Cole and Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5267  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Correcting real estate brokers and salespersons statutes for administrative and practical purposes. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass as amended.

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

Excused: Representative Honeyford.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESSB 5274  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Education: Limiting disclosure of students' social security numbers. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 RCW to read as follows:

(1) School districts and public schools may not request the disclosure of a student's federal social security number, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section."
(2)(a) A school district or public school may request the disclosure of a student’s federal social security number for the purpose of seeking medicaid reimbursement for covered services to eligible students under RCW 74.09.5241 through 74.09.5256, or for the purpose of compliance with any other explicit federal law requiring the disclosure. If disclosure is requested under this subsection (2)(a), the school district or public school shall cite the law requiring the disclosure.

(b) If the student is an employee of the school district, a school district or public school may request disclosure of a student’s social security number for employment purposes, if employment records containing the number are maintained separately from student records.

(c) Any school district or public school requesting the disclosure of a student’s federal social security number under this subsection must use a consent form, to be signed by the parent or guardian, that contains a disclosure statement printed on the form. The disclosure statement must include the following information:

(i) Whether the disclosure is mandatory or voluntary;
(ii) What federal or state statute, rule, or regulation requires the disclosure;
(iii) What uses will be made of the number; and
(iv) Who will have access to it.

A parent’s or guardian’s general consent for another purpose, including medical consent or any consent used to approve admission to or involvement in a special education or remedial program or regular school activity, does not constitute consent to disclosure of the student’s social security number.

(3) It is unlawful for any public school or public school district to deny a student any right, benefit, or privilege provided by law because the student or the student’s parent or legal guardian refuses to disclose the student’s federal social security number.

(4) Except as provided in section 2 of this act, no official, employee, or agent of an educational institution or agency may release a student’s social security number to any public or private party without the written consent of the student age eighteen or older, or the parent or legal guardian of a student under age eighteen. The request for release must include the following information:

(a) Whether the disclosure is mandatory or voluntary;
(b) What federal or state statute, rule, or regulation requires the disclosure;
(c) What uses will be made of the number; and
(d) Who will have access to it.

A parent’s or guardian’s general consent for other purposes, including medical consent or any consent used to approve admission to or involvement in a special education or remedial program or regular school activity, does not constitute consent to disclosure of the student’s social security number.

(5) This section shall not be construed as prohibiting a school district from developing an individual student identification number, unrelated to the student’s social security number, to identify and maintain education records on students enrolled in the district."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, and Talcott.
Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5276 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Providing an alternative for persons whose water rights permits were conditioned due to impact on existing rights or established flows. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that in many basins in the state there is water available on a seasonal basis that is in excess of the needs of either existing water right holders or instream resources. The legislature finds that excess waters often result in significant flooding and damage to public and private resources. Further, it is in the public interest to encourage the impoundment of excess water and other measures that can be used to offset the impact of withdrawals and diversions on existing rights and instream resources. Further, in some areas of the state additional supplies of water are needed to meet the needs of a growing economy and population. The legislature finds there is a range of alternatives that offset the impacts that should be encouraged including the creation, restoration, enhancement, or enlargement of ponds, wetlands, and reservoirs and the artificial recharge of aquifers.

The purpose of this act is to foster the improvement in the water supplies available to meet the needs of the state. It is the goal of this act to strengthen the state’s economy while maintaining and improving the overall quality of the state’s environment.

Sec. 2. RCW 90.03.255 and 1996 c 306 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall, when evaluating an application for a water right, transfer, or change filed pursuant to RCW 90.03.250 or 90.03.380 that includes provision for any water impoundment or other resource management technique, take into consideration the benefits of any water impoundment or other resource management technique that is included as a component of the application. The department’s consideration shall extend to any increased water supply that results from the impoundment or other resource management technique, including any recharge of ground water that may occur as a means of making water available or otherwise offsetting the impact of the diversion of surface water proposed in the application for the water right, transfer, or change. Provision for an impoundment or other resource management technique in an application shall be made solely at the discretion of the applicant and shall not otherwise be made by the department as a condition for approving an application that does not include such provision.

This section does not lessen, enlarge, or modify the rights of any riparian owner, or any existing water right acquired by appropriation or otherwise.

Sec. 3. RCW 90.44.055 and 1996 c 306 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall, when evaluating an application for a water right or an amendment filed pursuant to RCW 90.44.050 or 90.44.100 that includes provision for any water impoundment or other resource management technique, take into consideration the benefits of any water impoundment or other resource management technique that is included as a component of the application. The department’s consideration shall extend to any increased water supply that results from the impoundment or other resource management technique, including any recharge of ground water that may occur as a means of making water available or otherwise offsetting the impact of the withdrawal of ground water proposed in the application for the water right or amendment in the same water resource inventory area. Provision for an impoundment or other resource management technique in an application shall be made solely at the discretion of the applicant and shall not be made by the department as a condition for approving an application that does not include such provision.

This section does not lessen, enlarge, or modify the rights of any riparian owner, or any existing water right acquired by appropriation or otherwise.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

Upon the request of the applicant, the department shall, when evaluating an application for a water right, transfer, or change filed pursuant to RCW 90.03.250 or 90.03.380, take into account the recharge of ground water from septic tanks or other on-site wastewater treatment facilities in an amount not to exceed the proposed use of water for indoor purposes. The department shall, based upon
hydrogeologic data for the area in which the application is located, determine the amount of recharge to the aquifer that is likely to occur and factor that amount into the decision it makes on the application. Any water right permit, transfer, or change that is authorized under this section shall be conditioned to state that the water right permit, transfer, or change shall remain in effect only so long as the water use, including the discharge of water used for indoor purposes through a septic tank or other wastewater treatment facility, remains unchanged from that proposed in the original application.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 90.44 RCW to read as follows: Upon the request of the applicant, the department shall, when evaluating an application for a water right or an amendment to a water right or permit filed pursuant to RCW 90.44.050 or 90.44.100, take into account the recharge of ground water from septic tanks or other on-site wastewater treatment facilities in an amount not to exceed the proposed use of water for indoor purposes. The department shall, based upon hydrogeologic data for the area in which the application is located, determine the amount of recharge to the aquifer that is likely to occur and factor that amount into the decision it makes on the application. Any water right permit or amendment that is authorized under this section shall be conditioned to state that the water right permit or amendment shall remain in effect only so long as the water use, including the discharge of water used for indoor purposes through a septic tank or other wastewater treatment facility, remains unchanged from that proposed in the original application."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.

Voting Nay: Representatives Anderson and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

**SB 5283** Prime Sponsor, Senator Hargrove: Clarifying deductions from offender funds other than wages and gratuities. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.


Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

**ESSB 5286** Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Clarifying the taxation of intangible personal property. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 84.36.070 and 1974 ex.s. c 118 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
((The following)) (1) Intangible personal property ((shall be)) is exempt from ad valorem taxation((;)).

(2) "Intangible personal property" means:
(a) All moneys and credits including mortgages, notes, accounts, certificates of deposit, tax certificates, judgments, state, county and municipal bonds and warrants and bonds and warrants of other taxing districts, bonds of the United States and of foreign countries or political subdivisions thereof and the bonds, stocks or shares of private corporations((;));
(b) Private nongovernmental personal service contracts ((or)), private nongovernmental athletic or sports franchises, or private nongovernmental athletic or sports agreements provided that ((such)) the contracts, franchises or agreements do not pertain to the use or possession of tangible personal or real property or to any interest in tangible personal or real property; and
(c) Other intangible personal property such as trademarks, trade names, brand names, patents, copyrights, trade secrets, franchise agreements, licenses, permits, core deposits of financial institutions, noncompete agreements, customer lists, patient lists, favorable contracts, favorable financing agreements, reputation, exceptional management, prestige, good name, or integrity of a business.

(3) "Intangible personal property" does not include zoning, location, view, geographic features, easements, covenants, proximity to raw materials, condition of surrounding property, proximity to markets, the availability of a skilled work force, and other characteristics or attributes of property.

(4) This section does not preclude the use of, or permit a departure from, generally accepted appraisal practices and the appropriate application thereof in the valuation of real and tangible personal property, including the appropriate consideration of licenses, permits, and franchises granted by a government agency that affect the use of the property.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 84.48 RCW to read as follows:
(1) In equalizing personal property as of January 1, 1998, the department shall treat intangible personal property in the same manner as intangible personal property is to be treated after the effective date of this act.
(2) This section expires December 31, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act shall not be construed to amend or modify any existing statute or rule relating to the treatment of computer software, retained rights in computer software, and golden and master copies of computer software for property tax purposes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Nothing in this act is intended to incorporate and nothing in this act is based on any other state’s statutory or case law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act is effective for taxes levied for collection in 1999 and thereafter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. By December 1, 2000, the department of revenue shall submit a report to the house finance committee, the senate ways and means committee, and the office of the governor on tax shifts, tax losses, and any litigation resulting from this act.”

Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Butler; Kastama; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Butler, Kastama, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.
Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Conway and Morris.
Excused: Representative Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5311 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Energy & Utilities (S): Changing representation on the information services board. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.105.032 and 1996 c 137 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
There is hereby created the Washington state information services board. The board shall be composed of ((thirteen)) fifteen members. Eight members shall be appointed by the governor, one of whom shall be a representative of higher education who is from a discipline of computer technology, one of whom shall be a representative of an agency under a state-wide elected official other than the governor, and ((two)) at least four of whom shall be representatives of the private sector. One member shall represent the judicial branch and be appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court. One member shall be the superintendent of public instruction or shall be appointed by the superintendent of public instruction. ((One)) Two members, one from each caucus, shall represent the house of representatives and shall be selected by the speaker of the house of representatives; ((one)) two members, one from each caucus, shall represent the senate and shall be appointed by the president of the senate. (The representatives of the house of representatives and senate shall not be from the same political party.)) One member shall be the director who shall be a voting member of the board. These members shall constitute the membership of the board with full voting rights. Members of the board shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority. The board shall select a chairperson from among its members.
Vacancies shall be filled in the same manner that the original appointments were made.
A majority of the members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Members of the board shall be compensated for service on the board in accordance with RCW 43.03.240 and shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.105.041 and 1996 c 171 s 8 and 1996 c 137 s 12 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) The board shall have the following powers and duties related to information services:
(a) To develop standards governing the acquisition and disposition of equipment, proprietary software and purchased services, and confidentiality of computerized data;
(b) To purchase, lease, rent, or otherwise acquire, dispose of, and maintain equipment, proprietary software, and purchased services, or to delegate to other agencies and institutions of state government, under appropriate standards, the authority to purchase, lease, rent, or otherwise acquire, dispose of, and maintain equipment, proprietary software, and purchased services: PROVIDED, That, agencies and institutions of state government are expressly prohibited from acquiring or disposing of equipment, proprietary software, and purchased services without such delegation of authority. The acquisition and disposition of equipment, proprietary software, and purchased services is exempt from RCW 43.19.1919 and, as provided in RCW 43.19.1901, from the provisions of RCW 43.19.190 through 43.19.200. This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to the legislative branch;
(c) To develop state-wide or interagency technical policies, standards, and procedures;
(d) To review and approve standards and common specifications for new or expanded telecommunications networks proposed by agencies, public postsecondary education institutions, educational service districts, or state-wide or regional providers of K-12 information technology services, and to assure the cost-effective development and incremental implementation of a state-wide video telecommunications system to serve: Public schools; educational service districts; vocational-technical institutes; community colleges; colleges and universities; state and local government; and the general public through public affairs programming;
(e) To provide direction concerning strategic planning goals and objectives for the state. The board shall seek input from the legislature and the judiciary;
(f) To develop and implement a process for the resolution of appeals by:
   (i) Vendors concerning the conduct of an acquisition process by an agency or the department;
   (ii) A customer agency concerning the provision of services by the department or by other state agency providers;
(g) To establish policies for the periodic review by the department of agency performance which may include but are not limited to analysis of:
   (i) Planning, management, control, and use of information services;
   (ii) Training and education; and
   (iii) Project management;
(h) To set its meeting schedules and convene at scheduled times, or meet at the request of a majority of its members, the chair, or the director; and
   (i) To review and approve that portion of the department's budget requests that provides for support to the board.
(2) State-wide technical standards to promote and facilitate electronic information sharing and access are an essential component of acceptable and reliable public access service and complement content-related standards designed to meet those goals. The board shall:
   (a) Establish technical standards to facilitate electronic access to government information and interoperability of information systems. Local governments are strongly encouraged to follow the standards established by the board; and
   (b) Require agencies to consider electronic public access needs when planning new information systems or major upgrades of systems.
In developing these standards, the board is encouraged to include the state library, state archives, and appropriate representatives of state and local government.
(3) At least twice a year the chair shall report to the fiscal committees of the house of representatives and senate on the status of information technology projects and initiatives in state government. At the discretion of the individual chairs, such reports may be oral presentations."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Excused: Representative Reams.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

2SSB 5313 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Establishing the advanced environmental mitigation revolving fund. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representative Murray.

Excused: Representative Ogden.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5318 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Preserving writs of restitution when partial payment is accepted.

MAJORITY Recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 59.18.390 and 1989 c 342 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The sheriff shall, upon receiving the writ of restitution, forthwith serve a copy thereof upon the defendant, his or her agent, or attorney, or a person in possession of the premises, and shall not execute the same for three days thereafter, and the defendant, or person in possession of the premises within three days after the service of the writ of restitution may execute to the plaintiff a bond to be filed with and approved by the clerk of the court in such sum as may be fixed by the judge, with sufficient surety to be approved by the clerk of the court, conditioned that they will pay to the plaintiff such sum as the plaintiff may recover for the use and occupation of the premises, or any rent found due, together with all damages the plaintiff may sustain by reason of the defendant occupying or keeping possession of the premises, together with all damages which the court theretofore has awarded to the plaintiff as provided in this chapter, and also all the costs of the action. The plaintiff, his or her agent or attorneys, shall have notice of the time and place where the court shall fix the amount of the defendant’s bond, and shall have notice and a reasonable opportunity to examine into the qualification and sufficiency of the sureties upon the bond before the bond shall be approved by the clerk. After the issuance of a writ of restitution, acceptance of a payment by the landlord or plaintiff that only partially satisfies the judgment will not invalidate the writ unless pursuant to a written agreement executed by both parties. The eviction will not be postponed or stopped unless a copy of that written agreement is provided to the sheriff. It is the responsibility of the tenant or defendant to ensure a copy of the agreement is provided to the sheriff. Upon receipt of the agreement the sheriff will cease action unless ordered to do otherwise by the court. The writ of restitution and the notice that accompanies the writ of restitution required under RCW 59.18.312 shall conspicuously state in bold face type, all capitals, not less than twelve points information about partial payments as set forth in subsection (2) of this section. If the writ of restitution has been based upon a finding by the court that the tenant, subtenant, sublessee, or a person residing at the rental premises has engaged in drug-related activity or has allowed any other person to engage in drug-related activity at those premises with his or her knowledge or approval, neither the tenant, the defendant, nor a person in possession of the premises shall be entitled to post a bond in order to retain possession of the premises. The writ may be served by the sheriff, in the event he or she shall be unable to find the defendant, an agent or attorney, or a person in possession of the premises, by
affixing a copy of (said) the writ in a conspicuous place upon the premises: PROVIDED, That the sheriff shall not require any bond for the service or execution of the writ. The sheriff shall be immune from all civil liability for serving and enforcing writs of restitution unless the sheriff is grossly negligent in carrying out his or her duty.

(2) The notice accompanying a writ of restitution required under RCW 59.18.312 shall be substantially similar to the following:

IMPORTANT NOTICE - PARTIAL PAYMENTS

YOUR LANDLORD'S ACCEPTANCE OF A PARTIAL PAYMENT FROM YOU AFTER SERVICE OF THIS WRIT OF RESTITUTION WILL NOT AUTOMATICALLY POSTPONE OR STOP YOUR EVICTION. IF YOU HAVE A WRITTEN AGREEMENT WITH YOUR LANDLORD THAT THE EVICTION WILL BE POSTPONED OR STOPPED, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO PROVIDE A COPY OF THE AGREEMENT TO THE SHERIFF. THE SHERIFF WILL NOT CEASE ACTION UNLESS YOU PROVIDE A COPY OF THE AGREEMENT. AT THE DIRECTION OF THE COURT THE SHERIFF MAY TAKE FURTHER ACTION."

Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5325 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Allowing counties to have certain lands transferred from the state back to the county. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield and Pennington.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, and Pennington.
Voting Nay: Representatives Regala, Anderson and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5326 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hargrove: Removing requirements relating to carrying firearms unloaded and encased in an opaque case or wrapper. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Carrell; Lambert; Sherstad and Skinner.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cody; Kenney; Lantz and Radcliff.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Carrell, Lambert, Sherstad and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Costa, Constantine, Cody, Kenney, Lantz and Radcliff.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5327 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Creating a habitat incentive program through the department of fish and wildlife. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION, Sec. 1. In an effort to increase the amount of habitat available for fish and wildlife, the legislature finds that it is desirable for the department of fish and wildlife and other interested parties to work closely with private landowners to achieve habitat enhancements. In some instances, private landowners avoid enhancing habitat because of a concern that the presence of fish or wildlife may make future land management more difficult. It is the intent of this act to provide a mechanism that facilitates habitat development while avoiding an adverse impact on the landowner at a later date.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 2. (1) The department of fish and wildlife shall initiate a habitat incentives program in two phases. In creating this program, the department shall make use of and complement other study efforts underway relating to habitat protection and enhancement, including the department’s own review of the hydraulic project approval process, the forestry module under development for the forest practices board dealing with practices within riparian areas, and the study on permitting requirements by the regional fisheries enhancement groups called for in chapter . . . (Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886), Laws of 1997.

(2) In phase one, the department of fish and wildlife shall work with affected federally recognized Indian tribes, landowners, the regional fisheries enhancement groups, the department of natural resources, and other interested parties to identify appropriate criteria and other factors necessary for implementation of the habitat incentives program. The department in concert with the interested parties shall identify at least the following elements for implementation of the program:

(a) The factors and the approach that the department should use in evaluating and weighing the benefits and concurrent risks of entering into a habitat incentives agreement with a landowner;
(b) The approach to be used in assigning responsibilities for implementation of the agreement to the landowner and to the department;
(c) Assignment of responsibility for documentation of the conditions on a landowner’s property prior to the department’s entering into a habitat incentives agreement;
(d) The process to be used when a landowner who has entered into a habitat incentives agreement applies for hydraulic project approval during the term of the agreement;
(e) The process to be used to monitor and evaluate whether actions taken as a part of the agreement actually enhance habitat for the target species and to amend the agreement if the existing agreement is not enhancing habitat;
(f) The conditions under which the department and the landowner may terminate the agreement and the remedies if either party breaches the terms of the agreement;
(g) The means for ensuring that the department is notified if the property covered by the agreement is sold or otherwise transferred into other ownership;
(h) The process to be used for reaching concurrence between the landowner, the department, the department of natural resources, and affected federally recognized Indian tribes; and
(i) The process to be used in prioritizing proposed agreements if the requests for agreements exceed the funding available for entering into and implementing such agreements.

The department and the interested parties may identify and propose solutions to other issues necessary in order to implement the habitat incentives program. The department and the interested parties shall report to the legislature on their findings as well as on any other recommendations for implementation and funding for the habitat incentives program by December 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 77.12 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Beginning in January 1998, the department shall implement a habitat incentives program based on the recommendations of federally recognized Indian tribes, landowners, the regional fisheries enhancement groups, the department of natural resources, and other interested parties. The program shall allow a private landowner to enter into an agreement with the department to enhance habitat on the landowner's property for food fish, game fish, or other wildlife species. In exchange, the landowner shall receive more state regulatory certainty with regard to future applications for hydraulic project approval on the property covered by the agreement. The overall goal of the program is to provide a mechanism that facilitates habitat development on private property while avoiding an adverse state regulatory impact to the landowner at some future date. A single agreement between the department and a landowner may encompass up to one thousand acres. A landowner may enter into multiple agreements with the department, provided that the total acreage covered by such agreements with a single landowner does not exceed ten thousand acres. The department is not obligated to enter into an agreement unless the department finds that the agreement is in the best interest of protecting fish or wildlife species or habitat.

(2) A habitat enhancement agreement shall be in writing and shall contain at least the following: A description of the property covered by the agreement, an expiration date, a description of the condition of the property prior to the implementation of the agreement, and other information needed by the landowner and the department for future reference and decisions.

(3) As part of the agreement, the department may stipulate the factors that will be considered when the department evaluates a landowner's application for hydraulic project approval under RCW 75.20.100 or 75.20.103 on property covered by the agreement. The department's identification of these evaluation factors shall be in concurrence with the department of natural resources and affected federally recognized Indian tribes. In general, future decisions related to the issuance, conditioning, or denial of hydraulic project approval shall be based on the conditions present on the landowner's property at the time of the agreement, unless all parties agree otherwise.

(4) The agreement is binding on and may be used by only the landowner who entered into the agreement with the department. The agreement shall not be appurtenant with the land. However, if a new landowner chooses to maintain the habitat enhancement efforts on the property, the new landowner and the department may jointly choose to retain the agreement on the property.

(5) If, during the course of the agreement, the landowner or the department must alter some terms of the agreement in order to comply with federal laws or regulations, the remaining terms of the agreement shall continue to remain binding on the parties.

(6) If the department receives multiple requests for agreements with private landowners under the habitat incentives program, the department shall prioritize these requests and shall enter into as many agreements as possible within available budgetary resources.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 75.20 RCW to read as follows:

When a private landowner is applying for hydraulic project approval under this chapter and that landowner has entered into a habitat incentives agreement with the department as provided in section 3 of this act, the department shall comply with the terms of that agreement when evaluating the request for hydraulic project approval.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 5. The department of fish and wildlife and the department of natural resources, in conjunction with the timber-fish-wildlife cooperators, shall investigate the feasibility of providing private landowners with more state level regulatory certainty with regard to forest practices regulations in exchange for a landowner's enhancement of habitat for fish or wildlife on the
landowner’s property. The agencies shall focus their efforts on possible agreements with landowners covering not more than one thousand acres per agreement, but the agencies shall consider the possibility of multiple agreements with a single landowner, not to exceed a total of ten thousand acres per landowner. The agencies shall evaluate the possibility of including provisions relating to forest practices regulations into the habitat incentives program being developed under this act. The agencies shall report to the legislature by December 1, 1997, the same time frame as the phase one report from the department of fish and wildlife. If the agencies and other interested parties find it expedient to do so, the studies in this section and in section 2 of this act may be combined into one effort.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5336 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Clarifying and harmonizing provisions affecting cities and towns. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 19.16.500 and 1982 c 65 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Agencies, departments, taxing districts, political subdivisions of the state, counties, and incorporated cities may retain, by written contract, collection agencies licensed under this chapter for the purpose of collecting public debts owed by any person.
(2) No debt may be assigned to a collection agency unless (a) there has been an attempt to advise the debtor (i) of the existence of the debt and (ii) that the debt may be assigned to a collection agency for collection if the debt is not paid, and (b) at least thirty days have elapsed from the time the notice was sent.
(3) Collection agencies assigned debts under this section shall have only those remedies and powers which would be available to them as assignees of private creditors.
(4) For purposes of this section, the term debt shall include fines, fees, penalties, reasonable costs, assessments, and other debts.
(5) The reasonable costs involved in the collection of the debts through the use of a collection agency are reasonable costs that may be added to and included in the debt to be paid by the debtor.

Sec. 2. RCW 39.30.010 and 1970 ex.s. c 42 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:
Any city or town or metropolitan park district or county or library district may execute an executory conditional sales contract with a county or counties, the state or any of its political subdivisions, the government of the United States, or any private party for the purchase of any real or personal property, or property rights in connection with the exercise of any powers or duties which they now or hereafter are authorized to exercise, if the entire amount of the purchase price specified in
such contract does not result in a total indebtedness in excess of three-fourths of one percent of the value of the taxable property in such ((city or town or metropolitan park district or county or)) library district(:(PROVIDED, That)) or the maximum amount of nonvoter-approved indebtedness authorized in such county, city, town, or metropolitan park district. If such a proposed contract would result in a total indebtedness in excess of ((three-fourths of one percent of the value of the taxable property of such city or town or metropolitan park district or county or library district, as the case may be)) this amount, a proposition in regard to whether or not such a contract may be executed shall be submitted to the voters for approval or rejection in the same manner that bond issues for capital purposes are submitted to the voters(:(PROVIDED FURTHER, That)). Any city or town or metropolitan park district or county or library district may jointly execute contracts authorized by this section, if the entire amount of the purchase price does not result in a joint total indebtedness in excess of ((three-fourths of one percent of the value of the taxable property in such)) the nonvoter-approved indebtedness limitation of any city ((or)) town ((or)), metropolitan park district ((or)), county, or library district that participates in the jointly executed contract. The term "value of the taxable property" shall have the meaning set forth in RCW 39.36.015.

Sec. 3. RCW 35.27.070 and 1993 c 47 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The government of a town shall be vested in a mayor and a council consisting of five members and a treasurer, all elective; the mayor shall appoint a clerk and a marshal; and may appoint a town attorney, pound master, street superintendent, a civil engineer, and such police and other subordinate officers and employees as may be provided for by ordinance. All appointive officers and employees shall hold office at the pleasure of the mayor, subject to any applicable law, rule, or regulation relating to civil service, and shall not be subject to confirmation by the town council.

Sec. 4. RCW 35.07.040 and 1965 c 7 s 35.07.040 are each amended to read as follows:
(If the applicable census shows a population of less than four thousand,) The council shall cause an election to be called upon the proposition of disincorporation. If the city or town has any indebtedness or outstanding liabilities, it shall order the election of a receiver at the same time.

Sec. 5. RCW 9.41.050 and 1996 c 295 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) Except in the person's place of abode or fixed place of business, a person shall not carry a pistol concealed on his or her person without a license to carry a concealed pistol.
(b) Every licensee shall have his or her concealed pistol license in his or her immediate possession at all times that he or she is required by this section to have a concealed pistol license and shall display the same upon demand to any police officer or to any other person when and if required by law to do so. Any violation of this subsection (1)(b) shall be a class 1 civil infraction under chapter (7.84) 7.80 RCW and shall be punished accordingly pursuant to chapter (7.84) 7.80 RCW and the infraction rules for courts of limited jurisdiction.
(2) A person shall not carry or place a loaded pistol in any vehicle unless the person has a license to carry a concealed pistol and: 
(a) The pistol is on the licensee's person, 
(b) The licensee is within the vehicle at all times that the pistol is there, or 
(c) The licensee is away from the vehicle and the pistol is locked within the vehicle and concealed from view from outside the vehicle.
(3) A person at least eighteen years of age who is in possession of an unloaded pistol shall not leave the unloaded pistol in a vehicle unless the unloaded pistol is locked within the vehicle and concealed from view from outside the vehicle.
(4) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no person may carry a firearm unless it is unloaded and enclosed in an opaque case or secure wrapper or the person is:
(a) Licensed under RCW 9.41.070 to carry a concealed pistol;
(b) In attendance at a hunter's safety course or a firearms safety course;
(c) Engaging in practice in the use of a firearm or target shooting at an established range authorized by the governing body of the jurisdiction in which such range is located or any other area where the discharge of a firearm is not prohibited;
(d) Engaging in an organized competition involving the use of a firearm, or participating in or practicing for a performance by an organized group that uses firearms as a part of the performance;
(e) Engaging in a lawful outdoor recreational activity such as hunting, fishing, camping, hiking, or horseback riding, only if, considering all of the attendant circumstances, including but not limited to whether the person has a valid hunting or fishing license, it is reasonable to conclude that the person is participating in lawful outdoor activities or is traveling to or from a legitimate outdoor recreation area;

(f) In an area where the discharge of a firearm is permitted, and is not trespassing;

(g) Traveling with any unloaded firearm in the person's possession to or from any activity described in (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of this subsection, except as provided in (h) of this subsection;

(h) Traveling in a motor vehicle with a firearm, other than a pistol, that is unloaded and locked in the trunk or other compartment of the vehicle, placed in a gun rack, or otherwise secured in place in a vehicle, provided that this subsection (4)(h) does not apply to motor homes if the firearms are not within the driver's compartment of the motor home while the vehicle is in operation. Notwithstanding (a) of this subsection, and subject to federal and state park regulations regarding firearm possession therein, a motor home shall be considered a residence when parked at a recreational park, campground, or other temporary residential setting for the purposes of enforcement of this chapter;

(i) On real property under the control of the person or a relative of the person;

(j) At his or her residence;

(k) Is a member of the armed forces of the United States, national guard, or organized reserves, when on duty;

(l) Is a law enforcement officer;

(m) Carrying a firearm from or to a vehicle for the purpose of taking or removing the firearm to or from a place of business for repair; or

(n) An armed private security guard or armed private detective licensed by the department of licensing, while on duty or enroute to and from employment.

(5) Violation of any of the prohibitions of subsections (2) through (4) of this section is a misdemeanor.

(6) Nothing in this section permits the possession of firearms illegal to possess under state or federal law.

(7) Any city, town, or county may enact an ordinance to exempt itself from the prohibition of subsection (4) of this section.

Sec. 6. RCW 35A.12.010 and 1994 c 223 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

The government of any noncharter code city or charter code city electing to adopt the mayor-council plan of government authorized by this chapter shall be vested in an elected mayor and an elected council. The council of a noncharter code city having less than twenty-five hundred inhabitants shall consist of five members; when there are twenty-five hundred or more inhabitants, the council shall consist of seven members( (PROVIDED, That)). A city with a population of less than twenty-five hundred at the time of reclassification as an optional municipal code city may choose to maintain a seven-member council. The decision concerning the number of councilmembers shall be made by the council and be incorporated as a section of the ordinance adopting for the city the classification of noncharter code city. If the population of a city after having become a code city decreases from twenty-five hundred or more to less than twenty-five hundred, it shall continue to have a seven member council. If, after a city has become a mayor-council code city, its population increases to twenty-five hundred or more inhabitants, the number of councilmanic offices in such city may increase from five to seven members upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the existing council to increase the number of councilmanic offices in the city. When the population of a mayor-council code city having five councilmanic offices increases to five thousand or more inhabitants, the number of councilmanic offices in the city shall increase from five to seven members. In the event of an increase in the number of councilmanic offices, the city council shall, by majority vote, pursuant to RCW 35A.12.050, appoint two persons to serve in these offices until the next municipal general election, at which election one person shall be elected for a two-year term and one person shall be elected for a four-year term. The number of inhabitants shall be determined by the most recent official state or federal census or determination by the state office of financial management. A charter adopted under the provisions of
this title, incorporating the mayor-council plan of government set forth in this chapter, may provide for an uneven number of councilmembers not exceeding eleven.

A noncharter code city of less than five thousand inhabitants which has elected the mayor-council plan of government and which has seven councilmanic offices may establish a five-member council in accordance with the following procedure. At least six months prior to a municipal general election, the city council shall adopt an ordinance providing for reduction in the number of councilmanic offices to five. The ordinance shall specify which two councilmanic offices, the terms of which expire at the next general election, are to be terminated. The ordinance shall provide for therenumbering of council positions and shall also provide for a two-year extension of the term of office of a retained councilmanic office, if necessary, in order to comply with RCW 35A.12.040.

However, a noncharter code city that has retained its old mayor-council plan of government, as provided in RCW 35A.02.130, is subject to the laws applicable to that old plan of government.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 35.23 RCW to read as follows:

No person is eligible to hold an elective office in a second class city unless the person is a resident and registered voter in the city.

Sec. 8. RCW 35.27.080 and 1965 c 7 s 35.27.080 are each amended to read as follows:

No person shall be eligible to or hold an elective office in a town unless he or she is a resident and ((elector therein)) registered voter in the town.

Sec. 9. RCW 35.01.020 and 1994 c 81 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

A second class city is a city with a population of ((more than)) fifteen hundred or more at the time of its organization or reorganization that does not have a charter adopted under Article XI, section 10, of the state Constitution, and does not operate under Title 35A RCW.

Sec. 10. RCW 35.01.040 and 1994 c 81 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

A town has a population of less than fifteen hundred ((or less)) at the time of its organization and does not operate under Title 35A RCW.

Sec. 11. RCW 35.02.130 and 1994 c 154 s 308 are each amended to read as follows:

The city or town officially shall become incorporated at a date from one hundred eighty days to three hundred sixty days after the date of the election on the question of incorporation. An interim period shall exist between the time the newly elected officials have been elected and qualified and this official date of incorporation. During this interim period, the newly elected officials are authorized to adopt ordinances and resolutions which shall become effective on or after the official date of incorporation, and to enter into contracts and agreements to facilitate the transition to becoming a city or town and to ensure a continuation of governmental services after the official date of incorporation. Periods of time that would be required to elapse between the enactment and effective date of such ordinances, including but not limited to times for publication or for filing referendums, shall commence upon the date of such enactment as though the city or town were officially incorporated.

During this interim period, the city or town governing body may adopt rules establishing policies and procedures under the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, and may use these rules and procedures in making determinations under the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW.

During this interim period, the newly formed city or town and its governing body shall be subject to the following as though the city or town were officially incorporated: RCW 4.24.470 relating to immunity; chapter 42.17 RCW relating to open government; chapter 40.14 RCW relating to the preservation and disposition of public records; chapters 42.20 and 42.23 RCW relating to ethics and conflicts of interest; chapters 42.30 and 42.32 RCW relating to open public meetings and minutes; RCW 35.22.288, ((35.23.310, 35.24.220)) 35.23.221, 35.27.300, 35A.12.160, as appropriate, and chapter 35A.65 RCW relating to the publication of notices and ordinances; RCW 35.21.875 and 35A.21.230 relating to the designation of an official newspaper; RCW 36.16.138 relating to liability insurance; RCW 35.22.620, 35.23.352, and 35A.40.210, as appropriate, and statutes referenced
therein relating to public contracts and bidding; and chapter 39.34 RCW relating to interlocal cooperation. Tax anticipation or revenue anticipation notes or warrants and other short-term obligations may be issued and funds may be borrowed on the security of these instruments during this interim period, as provided in chapter 39.50 RCW. Funds also may be borrowed from federal, state, and other governmental agencies in the same manner as if the city or town were officially incorporated.

RCW 84.52.020 and 84.52.070 shall apply to the extent that they may be applicable, and the governing body of such city or town may take appropriate action by ordinance during the interim period to adopt the property tax levy for its first full calendar year following the interim period.

The governing body of the new city or town may acquire needed facilities, supplies, equipment, insurance, and staff during this interim period as if the city or town were in existence. An interim city manager or administrator, who shall have such administrative powers and duties as are delegated by the governing body, may be appointed to serve only until the official date of incorporation. After the official date of incorporation the governing body of such a new city organized under the council manager form of government may extend the appointment of such an interim manager or administrator with such limited powers as the governing body determines, for up to ninety days. This governing body may submit ballot propositions to the voters of the city or town to authorize taxes to be collected on or after the official date of incorporation, or authorize an annexation of the city or town by a fire protection district or library district to be effective immediately upon the effective date of the incorporation as a city or town.

The boundaries of a newly incorporated city or town shall be deemed to be established for purposes of RCW 84.09.030 on the date that the results of the initial election on the question of incorporation are certified or the first day of January following the date of this election if the newly incorporated city or town does not impose property taxes in the same year that the voters approve the incorporation.

The newly elected officials shall take office immediately upon their election and qualification with limited powers during this interim period as provided in this section. They shall acquire their full powers as of the official date of incorporation and shall continue in office until their successors are elected and qualified at the next general municipal election after the official date of incorporation: PROVIDED, That if the date of the next general municipal election is less than twelve months after the date of the first election of councilmembers, those initially elected councilmembers shall serve until their successors are elected and qualified at the next following general municipal election as provided in RCW 29.04.170. For purposes of this section, the general municipal election shall be the date on which city and town general elections are held throughout the state of Washington, pursuant to RCW 29.13.020.

In any newly incorporated city that has adopted the council-manager form of government, the term of office of the mayor, during the interim period only, shall be set by the council, and thereafter shall be as provided by law.

The official date of incorporation shall be on a date from one hundred eighty to three hundred sixty days after the date of the election on the question of incorporation, as specified in a resolution adopted by the governing body during this interim period. A copy of the resolution shall be filed with the county legislative authority of the county in which all or the major portion of the newly incorporated city or town is located. If the governing body fails to adopt such a resolution, the official date of incorporation shall be three hundred sixty days after the date of the election on the question of incorporation. The county legislative authority of the county in which all or the major portion of the newly incorporated city or town is located shall file a notice with the county assessor that the city or town has been authorized to be incorporated immediately after the favorable results of the election on the question of incorporation have been certified. The county legislative authority shall file a notice with the secretary of state that the city or town is incorporated as of the official date of incorporation.

Sec. 12. RCW 35.22.010 and 1965 c 7 s 35.22.010 are each amended to read as follows:

Cities of the first class shall be organized and governed according to the law providing for the government of cities having a population of ((twenty)) ten thousand or more inhabitants that have adopted a charter in accordance with Article ((XI)) X, section 10 of the state Constitution.
Sec. 13. RCW 35.23.051 and 1995 c 134 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

General municipal elections in second class cities (not operating under the commission form of government) shall be held biennially in the odd-numbered years and shall be subject to general election law.

The terms of office of the mayor, city attorney, clerk, and treasurer shall be four years and until their successors are elected and qualified and assume office in accordance with RCW 29.04.170: PROVIDED, That if the offices of city attorney, clerk, and treasurer are made appointive, the city attorney, clerk, and treasurer shall not be appointed for a definite term: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the term of the elected treasurer shall not commence in the same biennium in which the term of the mayor commences, nor in which the terms of the city attorney and clerk commence if they are elected.

Council positions shall be numbered in each second class city so that council position seven has a two-year term of office and council positions one through six shall each have four-year terms of office. Each councilmember shall remain in office until a successor is elected and qualified and assumes office in accordance with RCW 29.04.170.

In its discretion the council of a second class city may divide the city by ordinance, into a convenient number of wards, not exceeding six, fix the boundaries of the wards, and change the ward boundaries from time to time and as provided in RCW 29.70.100. No change in the boundaries of any ward shall be made within one hundred twenty days next before the date of a general municipal election, nor within twenty months after the wards have been established or altered. However, if a boundary change results in one ward being represented by more councilmembers than the number to which it is entitled, those having the shortest unexpired terms shall be assigned by the council to wards where there is a vacancy, and the councilmembers so assigned shall be deemed to be residents of the wards to which they are assigned for purposes of determining whether those positions are vacant.

Whenever such city is so divided into wards, the city council shall designate by ordinance the number of councilmembers to be elected from each ward, apportioning the same in proportion to the population of the wards. Thereafter the councilmembers so designated shall be elected by the voters resident in such ward, or by general vote of the whole city as may be designated in such ordinance. Council position seven shall not be associated with a ward and the person elected to that position may reside anywhere in the city and voters throughout the city may vote at a primary to nominate candidates for position seven, when a primary is necessary, and at a general election to elect the person to council position seven. (When) Additional territory that is added to the city (it may) shall, by act of the council, be annexed to contiguous wards without affecting the right to redistrict at the expiration of twenty months after last previous division. The removal of a councilmember from the ward for which he or she was elected shall create a vacancy in such office.

Wards shall be redrawn as provided in chapter 29.70 RCW. Wards shall be used as follows: (1) Only a resident of the ward may be a candidate for, or hold office as, a councilmember of the ward; and (2) only voters of the ward may vote at a primary to nominate candidates for a councilmember of the ward. Voters of the entire city may vote at the general election to elect a councilmember of a ward, unless the city had prior to January 1, 1994, limited the voting in the general election for any or all council positions to only voters residing within the ward associated with the council positions. If a city had so limited the voting in the general election to only voters residing within the ward, then the city shall be authorized to continue to do so. The elections for the remaining council position or council positions that are not associated with a ward shall be conducted as if the wards did not exist.

Sec. 14. RCW 35.33.020 and 1985 c 175 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter apply to all cities of the first class (which) that have a population of less than three hundred thousand, to all cities of the second (and third classes) class, and to all towns, except those cities and towns (which) that have adopted an ordinance under RCW 35.34.040 providing for a biennial budget.

Sec. 15. RCW 35.34.020 and 1985 c 175 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
This chapter applies to all cities of the first((and second)) and third classes and to all towns (which), that have by ordinance adopted this chapter authorizing the adoption of a fiscal biennium budget.

Sec. 16. RCW 35.86.010 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 221 s 1 are each amended to read as follows: Cities of the first((and second)) and third classes are authorized to provide off-street parking space and facilities located on land dedicated for park or civic center purposes, or on other municipally-owned land where the primary purpose of such off-street parking facility is to provide parking for persons who use such park or civic center facilities. In addition a city may own other off-street parking facilities and operate them in accordance with RCW 35.86A.120.

Sec. 17. RCW 35A.06.020 and 1995 c 134 s 11 are each amended to read as follows: The classifications of municipalities (which existed prior to the time this title goes into effect—) as first class cities, second class cities, unclassified cities, and towns(—), and the restrictions, limitations, duties, and obligations specifically imposed by law upon such classes of cities and towns, shall have no application to noncharter code cities, but every noncharter code city, by adopting such classification, has elected to be governed by the provisions of this title, with the powers granted hereby. However, any code city that retains its old plan of government is subject to the laws applicable to that old plan of government until the city abandons its old plan of government and reorganizes and adopts a plan of government under chapter 35A.12 or 35A.13 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 35.13 RCW to read as follows: A city or town may not annex territory located in a county in which the city or town is not currently located, if the territory proposed to be annexed is characterized by industrial or commercial development and was designated as all or part of an urban growth area under RCW 36.70A.110 within two years of the effective date of this act as the result of a decision by a growth management hearings board.

This section expires July 1, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 35A.14 RCW to read as follows: A code city may not annex territory located in a county in which the city is not currently located, if the territory proposed to be annexed is characterized by industrial or commercial development and was designated as all or part of an urban growth area under RCW 36.70A.110 within two years of the effective date of this act as the result of a decision by a growth management hearings board.

This section expires July 1, 1999.

Sec. 20. RCW 35.13.005 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 17 s 30 are each amended to read as follows: (No) A city or town may not annex territory located in a county in which urban growth areas have been designated under RCW 36.70A.110 (may annex territory) that is located beyond an urban growth area unless the territory is annexed under RCW 35.13.180.

Sec. 21. RCW 35A.14.005 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 17 s 31 are each amended to read as follows: (No) A code city may not annex territory located in a county in which urban growth areas have been designated under RCW 36.70A.110 (may annex territory) that is located beyond an urban growth area unless the territory is annexed under RCW 35A.14.300.

Sec. 22. RCW 35.13.180 and 1994 c 81 s 11 are each amended to read as follows: City and town councils (of second class cities and towns) may by a majority vote annex new unincorporated territory outside the city or town limits, whether contiguous or noncontiguous for park, cemetery, or other municipal purposes when such territory is owned by the city or town (or all of the owners of the real property in the territory give their written consent to the annexation).

Sec. 23. RCW 36.70A.110 and 1995 c 400 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall designate an urban growth area or areas within which urban growth shall be encouraged and outside of which growth can occur only if it is not urban in nature. Each city that is located in such a county shall be included within an urban growth area, except that an area owned by a city or town that was annexed to the city or town under RCW 35.13.180 or 35A.14.300 may be located outside of an urban growth area. An urban growth area may include more than a single city. An urban growth area may include territory that is located outside of a city only if such territory already is characterized by urban growth whether or not the urban growth area includes a city, or is adjacent to territory already characterized by urban growth, or is a designated new fully contained community as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(2) Based upon the growth management population projection made for the county by the office of financial management, the urban growth areas in the county shall include areas and densities sufficient to permit the urban growth that is projected to occur in the county for the succeeding twenty-year period. Each urban growth area shall permit urban densities and shall include greenbelt and open space areas. An urban growth area determination may include a reasonable land market supply factor and shall permit a range of urban densities and uses. In determining this market factor, cities and counties may consider local circumstances. Cities and counties have discretion in their comprehensive plans to make many choices about accommodating growth.

Within one year of July 1, 1990, each county that as of June 1, 1991, was required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, shall begin consulting with each city located within its boundaries and each city shall propose the location of an urban growth area. Within sixty days of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall begin this consultation with each city located within its boundaries. The county shall attempt to reach agreement with each city on the location of an urban growth area within which the city is located. If such an agreement is not reached with each city located within the urban growth area, the county shall justify in writing why it so designated the area an urban growth area. A city may object formally with the department over the designation of the urban growth area within which it is located. Where appropriate, the department shall attempt to resolve the conflicts, including the use of mediation services.

(3) Urban growth should be located first in areas already characterized by urban growth that have adequate existing public facility and service capacities to serve such development, second in areas already characterized by urban growth that will be served adequately by a combination of both existing public facilities and services and any additional needed public facilities and services that are provided by either public or private sources, and third in the remaining portions of the urban growth areas. Urban growth may also be located in designated new fully contained communities as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(4) In general, cities are the units of local government most appropriate to provide urban governmental services. In general, it is not appropriate that urban governmental services be extended to or expanded in rural areas except in those limited circumstances shown to be necessary to protect basic public health and safety and the environment and when such services are financially supportable at rural densities and do not permit urban development.

(5) On or before October 1, 1993, each county that was initially required to plan under RCW 36.70A.040(1) shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Within three years and three months of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Adoption of the interim urban growth areas may only occur after public notice; public hearing; and compliance with the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, and RCW 36.70A.110. Such action may be appealed to the appropriate growth management hearings board under RCW 36.70A.280. Final urban growth areas shall be adopted at the time of comprehensive plan adoption under this chapter.

(6) Each county shall include designations of urban growth areas in its comprehensive plan.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. RCW 35.21.620 shall be recodified as a section in chapter 35.22 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 35.07.030 and 1965 c 7 s 35.07.030;
(2) RCW 35.17.160 and 1965 c 7 s 35.17.160;
(3) RCW 35.23.390 and 1965 c 7 s 35.23.390;
(4) RCW 35.23.400 and 1965 c 7 s 35.23.400;
(5) RCW 35.21.600 and 1979 c 151 s 27, 1965 ex.s. c 47 s 6, & 1965 c 7 s 35.21.600;
(6) RCW 35.21.610 and 1965 ex.s. c 47 s 1; and
(7) RCW 35A.61.010 and 1967 ex.s. c 119 s 35A.61.010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Murray; Reams and Smith.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunn; Dunshee; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunn, Reams, and Smith

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997
SSB 5337 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Extending less than county-wide port districts. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 53.04.023 and 1994 c 223 s 84 are each amended to read as follows:

A less than county-wide port district with an assessed valuation of at least ((seventy-five)) one hundred fifty million dollars may be created in a county that already has a less than county-wide port district located within its boundaries. Except as provided in this section, such a port district shall be created in accordance with the procedure to create a county-wide port district.

The effort to create such a port district is initiated by the filing of a petition with the county auditor calling for the creation of such a port district, describing the boundaries of the proposed port district, designating either three or five commissioner positions, describing commissioner districts if the petitioners propose that the commissioners represent districts, and providing a name for the proposed port district. The petition must be signed by voters residing within the proposed port district equal in number to at least ten percent of such voters who voted at the last county general election.

A public hearing on creation of the proposed port district shall be held by the county legislative authority if the county auditor certifies that the petition contained sufficient valid signatures. Notice of the public hearing must be published in the county's official newspaper at least ten days prior to the
date of the public hearing. After taking testimony, the county legislative authority may make changes in the boundaries of the proposed port district if it finds that such changes are in the public interest and shall determine if the creation of the port district is in the public interest. No area may be added to the boundaries unless a subsequent public hearing is held on the proposed port district.

The county legislative authority shall submit a ballot proposition authorizing the creation of the proposed port district to the voters of the proposed port district, at any special election date provided in RCW 29.13.020, if it finds the creation of the port district to be in the public interest.

The port district shall be created if a majority of the voters voting on the ballot proposition favor the creation of the port district. The initial port commissioners shall be elected at the same election, from districts or at large, as provided in the petition initiating the creation of the port district. The election shall be otherwise conducted as provided in RCW 53.12.172, but the election of commissioners shall be null and void if the port district is not created.

((This section shall expire July 1, 1997.))

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Murray; Reams; Smith; Wensman and Wolfe.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee and L. Thomas.


Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee and L. Thomas.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5347 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Creating a program for juvenile fishing only waters. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the fish and wildlife commission provides juvenile fishers, under the age of fifteen, with an opportunity to fish in waters that are reserved for this age group. The legislature further finds that providing fishers under the age of eighteen with increased opportunity to fish with recreational gear will provide wholesome activities that will better their lives and instill an appreciation for the state’s natural resources. Society as a whole will gain from these positive, youthful experiences, and an important tradition of Northwest life will be perpetuated. Many youthful fishers will be exposed to a natural experience that will teach them self-confidence, respect for the resource, and remain with them for the rest of their lives.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The fish and wildlife commission shall identify, establish, and expand upon specific areas throughout the state that are suitable for a youth fishing-only program. The department shall restrict the fishing opportunities in these waters to persons less than eighteen years of age. The length of the fishing season for youth fishing-only waters shall be as long as possible to
encourage participation year around. Some youth fishing-only waters shall be easily accessible from urban areas so as to encourage inner-city youth to participate in fishing activities.

The department shall, as practical, use fish produced in private and public fish hatcheries as a basis for fishing opportunities in youth fishing-only waters. The purpose of reliance upon hatchery-produced fish is to provide readily available recreation without adversely impacting naturally produced salmonid stocks. The use of hatchery-produced fish enables the catch and retention of the fish by youth fishers without the requirement for catch and release fishing. The department may establish some waters for youth catch and release fishing only, but the major emphasis of the program is upon allowance of catch and retention.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The department shall work with cooperative groups, regional fisheries enhancement groups, government agencies, Indian tribes, private fish farmers, and civic groups for the purpose of expanding youth fishing-only waters throughout the state. Organized groups that sponsor group outings for youth fishers shall be encouraged to the fullest extent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The department of fish and wildlife shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the progress of the youth fishing-only program on or before January 31, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Sections 2 and 3 of this act are each added to chapter 77.32 RCW."

Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Anderson; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Chandler and Hatfield.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Anderson, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representatives Regala, Chandler and Hatfield.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5360 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Providing commercial salmon fishers with a license renewal process when they opt to not renew for a season. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5368 Prime Sponsor, Senator Snyder: Providing supplemental appropriation authority for the development loan fund. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.


Excused: Representative H. Sommers.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5385 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Eliminating pooling of the resource management cost account and removing reference to agricultural college lands.

Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 79.64.030 and 1993 c 460 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Funds in the account derived from the gross proceeds of leases, sales, contracts, licenses, permits, easements, and rights of way issued by the department and affecting school lands, university lands, ((agricultural college lands,)) scientific school lands, normal school lands, capitol building lands, or institutional lands shall be ((pooled and)) expended by the department solely for the purpose of defraying the costs and expenses necessarily incurred in managing and administering ((all of the trust lands enumerated in this section)) state lands of the same trust. Such funds may be used for similar costs and expenses in managing and administering other lands managed by the department provided that such expenditures that have been or may be made on such other lands shall be repaid to the resource management cost account together with interest at a rate determined by the board of natural resources. Costs and expenses necessarily incurred in managing and administering agricultural college lands shall not be deducted from proceeds derived from the sale of agricultural college lands including the sale of resources that are part of those lands.

An accounting shall be made annually of the accrued expenditures from the ((pooled)) trust funds in the account. In the event the accounting determines that expenditures have been made from moneys derived from trust lands for the benefit of another trust or other lands, such expenditure shall be considered a debt and an encumbrance against the property or trust funds benefited, including property held under chapter 76.12 RCW. The results of the accounting shall be reported to the legislature at the next regular session. The state treasurer is authorized, upon request of the department, to transfer funds between the forest development account and the resource management cost account solely for purpose of repaying loans pursuant to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SB 5422 Prime Sponsor, Senator Schow: Updating professional gambling definitions. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Excused: Representative Honeyford.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5439 Prime Sponsor, Senator Morton: Providing an exclusion for what constitutes surface mining. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Anderson.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Nay: Representatives Regala, Butler and Anderson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

2SSB 5442 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Permitting expedited flood repairs during flooding emergencies. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 75.20.100 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In the event that any person or government agency desires to construct any form of hydraulic project or perform other work that will use, divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the salt or fresh waters of the state, such person or government agency shall, before commencing construction or work thereon and to ensure the proper protection of fish life, secure the approval of the department as to the adequacy of the means proposed for the protection of fish life. This approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.

(2)(a) Except as provided in RCW 75.20.1001 (and 75.20.1002), the department shall grant or deny approval of a standard permit within forty-five calendar days of the receipt of a complete application and notice of compliance with any applicable requirements of the state environmental policy act, made in the manner prescribed in this section.

(b) The applicant may document receipt of application by filing in person or by registered mail. A complete application for approval shall contain general plans for the overall project, complete plans and specifications of the proposed construction or work within the mean higher high water line in salt..."
water or within the ordinary high water line in fresh water, and complete plans and specifications for the proper protection of fish life.

(c) The forty-five day requirement shall be suspended if (i)

(i) After ten working days of receipt of the application, the applicant remains unavailable or unable to arrange for a timely field evaluation of the proposed project;

(ii) The site is physically inaccessible for inspection; or

(iii) The applicant requests delay. Immediately upon determination that the forty-five day period is suspended, the department shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the delay.

(d) For purposes of this section, "standard permit" means a written permit issued by the department when the conditions under subsections (3) and (6)(b) of this section are not met.

(3)(a) The department may issue an expedited written permit in those instances where normal permit processing would result in significant hardship for the applicant or unacceptable damage to the environment. In cases of imminent danger, the department shall issue an expedited written permit, upon request, for work to repair existing structures, move obstructions, restore banks, protect property, or protect fish resources. Expedited permit requests require a complete written application as provided in subsection (2)(b) of this section and shall be issued within fifteen calendar days of the receipt of a complete written application. Approval of an expedited permit is valid for up to sixty days from the date of issuance.

(b) For the purposes of this subsection, "imminent danger" means a threat by weather, water flow, or other natural conditions that is likely to occur within sixty days of a request for a permit application.

(c) The department may not require the provisions of the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, to be met as a condition of issuing a permit under this subsection.

(d) The department or the county legislative authority may determine if an imminent danger exists. The county legislative authority shall notify the department, in writing, if it determines that an imminent danger exists.

(4) Approval of a standard permit is valid for a period of up to five years from date of issuance. The permittee must demonstrate substantial progress on construction of that portion of the project relating to the approval within two years of the date of issuance. If the department denies approval, the department shall provide the applicant, in writing, a statement of the specific reasons why and how the proposed project would adversely affect fish life. Protection of fish life shall be the only ground upon which approval may be denied or conditioned. Chapter 34.05 RCW applies to any denial of project approval, conditional approval, or requirements for project modification upon which approval may be contingent.

(5) If any person or government agency commences construction on any hydraulic works or projects subject to this section without first having obtained (written) approval of the department as to the adequacy of the means proposed for the protection of fish life, or if any person or government agency fails to follow or carry out any of the requirements or conditions as are made a part of such approval, the person or director of the agency is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. If any such person or government agency is convicted of violating any of the provisions of this section and continues construction on any such works or projects without fully complying with the provisions hereof, such works or projects are hereby declared a public nuisance and shall be subject to abatement as such.

(For the purposes of this section and RCW 75.20.103, "bed" shall mean the land below the ordinary high water lines of state waters. This definition shall not include irrigation ditches, canals, storm water run-off devices, or other artificial watercourses except where they exist in a natural watercourse that has been altered by man.

The phrase "to construct any form of hydraulic project or perform other work" shall not include the act of driving across an established ford. Driving across streams or on wetted stream beds at areas other than established fords requires approval. Work within the ordinary high water line of state waters to construct or repair a ford or crossing requires approval.

(6)(a) In case of an emergency arising from weather or stream flow conditions or other natural conditions, the department, through its authorized representatives, shall issue immediately, upon request, oral approval for removing any obstructions, repairing existing structures, restoring stream banks, or to protect property threatened by the stream or a change in the stream flow without the
necessity of obtaining a written approval prior to commencing work. Conditions of an oral approval to protect fish life shall be established by the department and reduced to writing within thirty days and complied with as provided for in this section. Oral approval shall be granted immediately upon request, for a stream crossing during an emergency situation.

(b) For purposes of this section and RCW 75.20.103, "emergency" means an immediate threat to life, the public, property, or of environmental degradation.

(c) The department or the county legislative authority may declare and continue an emergency when one or more of the criteria under (b) of this subsection are met. The county legislative authority shall immediately notify the department if it declares an emergency under this subsection.

(7) The department shall, at the request of a county, develop five-year maintenance approval agreements, consistent with comprehensive flood control management plans adopted under the authority of RCW 86.12.200, or other watershed plan approved by a county legislative authority, to allow for work on public and private property for bank stabilization, bridge repair, removal of sand bars and debris, channel maintenance, and other flood damage repair and reduction activity under agreed-upon conditions and times without obtaining permits for specific projects.

(8) This section shall not apply to the construction of any form of hydraulic project or other work which diverts water for agricultural irrigation or stock watering purposes authorized under or recognized as being valid by the state’s water codes, or when such hydraulic project or other work is associated with streambank stabilization to protect farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020. These irrigation or stock watering diversion and streambank stabilization projects shall be governed by RCW 75.20.103.

(9) For the purposes of this section and RCW 75.20.103, "bed" means the land below the ordinary high water lines of state waters. This definition does not include irrigation ditches, canals, storm water run-off devices, or other artificial watercourses except where they exist in a natural watercourse that has been altered by man.

(10) The phrase "to construct any form of hydraulic project or perform other work" does not include the act of driving across an established ford. Driving across streams or on wetted stream beds at areas other than established fords requires approval. Work within the ordinary high water line of state waters to construct or repair a ford or crossing requires approval."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5468 Prime Sponsor, Senator Rasmussen: Promoting beekeeping operations. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature declares that it is the policy of this state to promote beekeeping to maintain and enhance the pollination of plants for the production of commercial and noncommercial products. In support of this policy the legislature declares its recognition and support for efforts to enhance and encourage beekeeping operations in urban and rural areas of the state that
benefit a wide range of activities such as commercial agriculture, gardening, and pollination of wildlife-supporting plants.

It is the intent of the legislature to recognize the keeping of bees for pollination of agricultural products as an agricultural activity to aid in protection of this essential activity from nuisance lawsuits.

It is the intent of the legislature in sections 3 and 4 of this act for the apiary advisory committee to provide advice and input to state agencies that own and manage lands regarding the means necessary to enhance the pollination of plants on state-owned lands while furnishing pasture for honey bees.

Sec. 2. RCW 7.48.310 and 1992 c 52 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in RCW 7.48.305:

(1) "Agricultural activity" means a condition or activity which occurs on a farm in connection with the commercial production of farm products and includes, but is not limited to, marketed produce at roadside stands or farm markets; noise; odors; dust; fumes; operation of machinery and irrigation pumps; movement, including, but not limited to, use of current county road ditches, streams, rivers, canals, and drains; and use of water for agricultural activities; ground and aerial application of seed, fertilizers, conditioners, and plant protection products; keeping of bees for pollination of agricultural products; employment and use of labor; roadway movement of equipment and livestock; protection from damage by wildlife; prevention of trespass; construction and maintenance of buildings, fences, roads, bridges, ponds, drains, waterways, and similar features; and conversion from one agricultural activity to another.

(2) "Farm" means the land, buildings, freshwater ponds, freshwater culturing and growing facilities, and machinery used in the commercial production of farm products.

(3) "Farmland" means land or freshwater ponds devoted primarily to the production, for commercial purposes, of livestock, freshwater aquacultural, or other agricultural commodities.

(4) "Farm product" means those plants and animals useful to humans and includes, but is not limited to, forages and sod crops, dairy and dairy products, poultry and poultry products, livestock, including breeding, grazing, and recreational equine use, fruits, vegetables, flowers, seeds, grasses, trees, freshwater fish and fish products, apiaries, equine and other similar products, or any other product which incorporates the use of food, feed, fiber, or fur.

(5) "Forest practice" means "forest practice" as defined in RCW 76.09.020.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The commissioner of public lands shall confer with the apiary advisory committee established under RCW 15.60.010, for the purpose of implementing the policy under section 1 of this act and exploring the benefits to resources that could result from locating additional pollinating bees on lands managed by the department of natural resources. The discussion shall also include the benefits to beekeepers of making additional pasture for domesticated bees available at a reasonable cost.

The department shall report to the legislature by December 1, 1997, on actions taken to implement the policy in section 1 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The department of fish and wildlife shall confer with the apiary advisory committee established under RCW 15.60.010, for the purpose of implementing the policy under section 1 of this act and exploring the benefits to resources that could result from locating additional pollinating bees on lands managed by the department of fish and wildlife. The discussion shall also include the benefits to beekeepers of making additional pasture for domesticated bees available at a reasonable cost.

The department shall report to the legislature by December 1, 1997, on actions taken to implement the policy in section 1 of this act.

Sec. 5. RCW 15.60.040 and 1994 c 178 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) There is hereby established a fee on the use, by growers of agricultural crops, of bee pollination services provided by others. This pollination service fee is in the amount of fifty cents for each setting of each hive containing a colony that is used by the grower. The fee shall be paid by the grower using the service, shall be collected by the beekeeper providing the service, and shall be
remitted by the beekeeper to the department as provided by rules adopted by the director. All such fees shall be deposited in the industry apiary program account. Revenues from these fees shall be directed to use in providing services to the apiary industry that assist in ensuring the vitality and availability of bees for commercial pollination services for the agricultural industry.

(2)) There is established an industry apiary program account within the agricultural local fund. All money collected under this chapter including fees for requested services, required inspections, or treatments, and registration fees(( and apiary assessments)) shall be placed in the industry apiary program account. Money in the account may only be used to carry out the purposes of this chapter. No appropriation is required for disbursement from the industry apiary program account."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESSB 5479 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Education: Changing time periods for provisional status for certificated employees. Reported by Committee on Education

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville and Quall.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Smith, Sterk, Sump and Talcott.
Voting Nay: Representatives Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5483 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Licensing whitewater river outfitters. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 5, line 2, after "coast guard-approved" strike "type III or"

On page 5, line 4, after "type III" insert "or type V"

On page 9, line 10, after "licensing" strike ","

On page 9, line 12, after "implement" strike "this chapter" and insert "RCW 88.12.275"

On page 10, line 5, after "4," insert "5,"
Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.


Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.
Voting Nay: Representative Chandler.
Excused: Representative Thompson.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5484 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hale: Revising regulation of swimming pools. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 2, after line 6, insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 70.90.250 and 1987 c 222 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
This chapter applies to all water recreation facilities regardless of whether ownership is public or private and regardless of whether the intended use is commercial or private, except that this chapter shall not apply to:
(1) Any water recreation facility for the sole use of residents and invited guests at a single family dwelling;
(2) Therapeutic water facilities operated exclusively for physical therapy; ((and))
(3) Steam baths and saunas; and
(4) Metropolitan park districts authorized under chapter 35.61 RCW."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Anderson; Parlette; Sherstad and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Conway and Wood.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cody, Murray, Conway and Wood.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

ESSB 5491 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Revising provisions for termination of parent and child relationship. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, beginning on line 5, strike section 1.
Correct the title and renumber remaining sections consecutively.

On page 6, after line 33, insert "(3) That the child is currently a dependent child under RCW 13.34.030(4); and"

Renumber remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

On page 7, line 20, after "future;" strike "((and))" and insert "and"

On page 7, beginning on line 23, after "home;" strike all matter through "based;" on line 26.

On page 8, line 36, after "evidence" insert ". The findings of a prior dependency shall not form the basis for establishing allegations (3) through (7) of RCW 13.34.180"

On page 9, line 2, after "(2)," strike "(5),(and)" and insert "((5), and) (3)"

Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5505 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Directing agencies to assist growers in securing safe and reliable water sources. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that there is a need for development of additional water resources to meet the forecasted population growth in the state. It is the intent of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act) to direct the responsible agencies to assist applicants seeking a safe and reliable water source for their use. Providing this assistance for public water supply systems can be accomplished through assistance in the creation of municipal interties and transfers, additional storage capabilities, enhanced conservation efforts, and added efficiency standards for using existing supplies.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.21A.064 and 1995 c 8 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
Subject to RCW 43.21A.068, the director of the department of ecology shall have the following powers and duties:
(1) The supervision of public waters within the state and their appropriation, diversion, and use, and of the various officers connected therewith;
(2) Insofar as may be necessary to assure safety to life or property, (the director) shall inspect the construction of all dams, canals, ditches, irrigation systems, hydraulic power plants, and all other works, systems, and plants pertaining to the use of water, and (the director) may require such necessary changes in the construction or maintenance of said works, to be made from time to time, as will reasonably secure safety to life and property;
(3) The director shall regulate and control the diversion of water in accordance with the rights thereto;"
(4) The director shall determine the discharge of streams and springs and other sources of water supply, and the capacities of lakes and of reservoirs whose waters are being or may be utilized for beneficial purposes;

(5) The director shall, if requested, provide assistance to an applicant for a water right in obtaining or developing an adequate and appropriate supply of water consistent with the land use permitted for the area in which the water is to be used and the population forecast for the area under RCW 43.62.035. If the applicant is a public water supply system, the supply being sought must be used in a manner consistent with applicable land use, watershed and water system plans, and the population forecast for that area provided under RCW 43.62.035;

(6) The director shall keep such records as may be necessary for the recording of the financial transactions and statistical data thereof, and shall procure all necessary documents, forms, and blanks. The director shall keep a seal of the office, and all certificates covering any of the director’s acts or the acts of the director’s office, or the records and files of that office, under such seal, shall be taken as evidence thereof in all courts;

(7) The director shall render when required by the governor, a full written report of the office’s work with such recommendations for legislation as the director deems advisable for the better control and development of the water resources of the state;

(8) The director and duly authorized deputies may administer oaths;

(9) The director shall establish and promulgate rules governing the administration of chapter 90.03 RCW;

(10) The director shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by law."

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin and Sump.

Voting Nay: Representatives Anderson and Regala.

Excused: Representative Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

2SSB 5508 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Enacting the third grade reading accountability act.

MAJORITY Recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump and Talcott.

MINORITY Recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Cole, Ranking Minority Member; and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump and Talcott.

Voting Nay: Representatives Cole and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997
SSB 5509  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Changing definitions regarding offenders. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Cairnes; Delvin; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

MINORITY recommendation:  Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock and Dickerson.

Voting Nay: Representatives O’Brien, Blalock and Dickerson.
Excused:  Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5512  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Prohibiting requiring the admission of guilt to receive treatment in child abuse and neglect. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass as amended.

On page 1, beginning on line 16, after "in order to" strike "complete successfully" and insert "begin to fulfill"

Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

ESB 5514  Prime Sponsor, Senator Morton: Authorizing fees for commodity commissions and the department of agriculture. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION.  Sec. 1. The legislature finds that Initiative Measure No. 601, adopted by the people of the state of Washington, limits fee increases by requiring that any increases in fees beyond the levels expressly allowed under the initiative receive the prior approval of the legislature. The legislature finds that a more direct system of allowing the people to control fee increases predates Initiative Measure No. 601. This system developed in agricultural communities and provides these communities with direct control of the fees of the agricultural commodity commissions they created to serve them. The system requires those who pay the assessments levied by commodity commissions and boards to approve of assessment increases by referendum. It is at the heart of the statutes and marketing orders and agreements under which agricultural commodity commissions and boards are created. The legislature does not believe that the adoption of Initiative Measure No. 601 was intended
to dilute in any manner this more direct control held by the people governed by commodity commissions or boards over the fees they pay in the form of such assessments. Therefore, the legislature defers to this more direct control of these assessments so long as the authority to approve or disapprove of increases in these assessments is by referendum held directly by those who pay them.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.135.055 and 1994 c 2 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No fee may increase in any fiscal year by a percentage in excess of the fiscal growth factor for that fiscal year without prior legislative approval.

(2) This section does not apply to an assessment made by an agricultural commodity commission or board created by state law or created under a marketing agreement or order under chapter 15.65 or 15.66 RCW if the assessment is approved by referendum in accordance with the provisions of the statutes creating the commission or board or chapter 15.65 or 15.66 RCW for approving such assessments.

Sec. 3. RCW 15.28.180 and 1992 c 87 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The same assessment shall be made for each soft tree fruit, except that if a two-thirds majority of the state commodity committee of any fruit recommends in writing the levy of an additional assessment on that fruit, or any classification thereof, for any year or years, the commission may levy such assessment for that year or years up to the maximum of eighteen dollars for each two thousand pounds of any fruit except cherries or any classification thereof, as to which the assessment may be increased to a maximum of thirty dollars for each two thousand pounds, and except pears covered by this chapter, as to which the assessment may be increased to a maximum of eighteen dollars for each two thousand pounds: PROVIDED, That no increase in the assessment on pears becomes effective unless the increase is first referred by the commission to a referendum by the Bartlett pear growers of the state and is approved by a majority of the growers voting on the referendum. The method and procedure of conducting the referendum shall be determined by the commission. Any funds so raised shall be expended solely for the purposes provided in this chapter and solely for such fruit, or classification thereof.

The commission has the authority in its discretion to exempt in whole or in part from future assessments under this chapter, during such period as the commission may prescribe, any of the soft tree fruits or any particular strain or classification of them.

(2) An assessment levied under this chapter may be increased in excess of the fiscal growth factor as determined under chapter 43.135 RCW if the assessment is submitted by referendum to the growers who are subject to the assessment and the increase is approved by a majority of those voting on the referendum. The method and procedure of conducting the referendum shall be determined by the commission.

Sec. 4. RCW 15.86.070 and 1992 c 71 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director may adopt rules establishing a certification program for producers, processors, and vendors of organic or transition to organic food. The rules may govern, but are not limited to governing: The number and scheduling of on-site visits, both announced and unannounced, by certification personnel; recordkeeping requirements; and the submission of product samples for chemical analysis. The rules shall include a fee schedule that will provide for the recovery of the full cost of the organic food program. Fees collected under this section shall be deposited in an account within the agricultural local fund and the revenue from such fees shall be used solely for carrying out the provisions of this section, and no appropriation is required for disbursement from the fund. The director may employ such personnel as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

(2) The fees established under this section may be increased in excess of the fiscal growth factor as provided in RCW 43.135.055 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 43.23 RCW to read as follows: The director may collect moneys to recover the reasonable costs of publishing and disseminating informational materials by the department. Materials may be disseminated in printed or
electronic format. All moneys collected shall be deposited in the agricultural local fund or other appropriate fund administered by the director.

**Sec. 6.** RCW 22.09.050 and 1994 c 46 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Any application for a license to operate a warehouse shall be accompanied by a license fee of ((twelve hundred)) one thousand three hundred fifty dollars for a terminal warehouse, ((nine hundred)) one thousand fifty dollars for a subterminal warehouse, and ((three hundred and fifty)) five hundred dollars for a country warehouse. If a licensee operates more than one warehouse under one state license as provided for in RCW 22.09.030, the license fee shall be computed by multiplying the number of physically separated warehouses within the station by the applicable terminal, subterminal, or country warehouse license fee.

If an application for renewal of a warehouse license or licenses is not received by the department prior to the renewal date or dates established by the director by rule, a penalty of fifty dollars for the first week and one hundred dollars for each week thereafter shall be assessed and added to the original fee and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal license may be issued. This penalty does not apply if the applicant furnishes an affidavit certifying that he has not acted as a warehouseman subsequent to the expiration of his or her prior license.

**Sec. 7.** RCW 22.09.055 and 1994 c 46 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

An application for a license to operate as a grain dealer shall be accompanied by a license fee of ((six hundred)) seven hundred fifty dollars. The license fee for exempt grain dealers shall be ((one hundred fifty)) three hundred dollars.

If an application for renewal of a grain dealer or exempt grain dealer license is not received by the department before the renewal date or dates established by the director by rule, a penalty of fifty dollars for the first week and one hundred dollars for each week thereafter shall be assessed and added to the original fee and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal license may be issued. This penalty does not apply if the applicant furnishes an affidavit certifying that he has not acted as a grain dealer or exempt grain dealer after the expiration of his or her prior license.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 8. Sections 6 and 7 of this act take effect July 1, 1998.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 9. Sections 1 through 3 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5519 Prime Sponsor, Senator Sellar: Enhancing compliance with sentence conditions. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Delvin; Dickerson; Mitchell and Sullivan.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Koster, Vice Chairman; Cairnes; Hickel and Robertson.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Benson, O'Brien, Blalock, Delvin, Dickerson, Mitchell, and Sullivan.
Voting Nay: Representatives Koster, Cairnes, Hickel and Robertson.
Excused: Representative Quall.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5526 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Allowing for the diversion of certain river or stream waters without a permit. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 90.03.250 and 1987 c 109 s 83 are each amended to read as follows:
Any person, municipal corporation, firm, irrigation district, association, corporation, or water users' association hereafter desiring to appropriate water for a beneficial use shall make an application to the department for a permit to make such appropriation, and shall not use or divert such waters until (he) the entity has received a permit from the department as provided in this chapter (provided), except for diversions authorized under section 3 of this act. The construction of any ditch, canal, or works, or performing any work in connection with (said) the construction or appropriation, or the use of any waters, shall not be an appropriation of such water nor an act for the purpose of appropriating water unless a permit to make (said) the appropriation has first been granted by the department (provided). However, a temporary permit may be granted upon a proper showing made to the department to be valid only during the pendency of such application for a permit unless sooner revoked by the department (provided). Further, (That) nothing in this chapter (contained) shall be deemed to affect RCW 90.40.010 through 90.40.080 except that the notice and certificate therein provided for in RCW 90.40.030 shall be addressed to the department, and the department shall exercise the powers and perform the duties prescribed by RCW 90.40.030.

Sec. 2. RCW 90.03.340 and 1987 c 109 s 90 are each amended to read as follows:
The right acquired by appropriation shall relate back to the date of filing of the original application with the department, or to the date construction of the diversion works is begun for a municipal use under section 3 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Any diversion of water for municipal purposes made under the authority of this section is exempt from the application and permit requirements of RCW 90.03.250 if the diversion is from a river with an instantaneous minimum flow of at least fifty cubic feet per second, measured at the point of diversion, and is made within one mile upstream from the point at which the river begins to mix with saltwater. The diversion is entitled to a right equal to that established by a permit issued under the provisions of this chapter, and is subject to minimum water flows or levels established by rule.

(2) For diversions from a river under this section, no single diverter may put to beneficial use more than ten percent of the instantaneous flow of the river in the specific area of the diversion, and in no event may the combined diversions exceed thirty percent of the instantaneous flow of the river in the specific area of the diversion.

(3) For diversions from a freshwater body under this section, no single diverter may put to beneficial use more than ten percent of the annual average inflow to the impounded body, and in no
event may the combined diversions exceed thirty percent of the annual average inflow to the impounded body.

(4) A person seeking to divert water under the provisions of this section must notify the department in writing of the intent to divert water, the location of the point of diversion, and the amount of water to be diverted."

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Delvin, Koster, Mastin and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Anderson, Cooper and Regala.
Excused: Representative Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5527 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Providing incentives for water-efficient irrigation systems. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 90.03.380 and 1996 c 320 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The right to the use of water which has been applied to a beneficial use in the state shall be and remain appurtenant to the land or place upon which the same is used: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That (said) the right may be transferred to another or to others and become appurtenant to any other land or place of use without loss of priority of right theretofore established if such change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. Before any transfer of such right to use water or change of the point of diversion of water or change of purpose of use can be made, any person having an interest in the transfer or change, shall file a written application therefor with the department, and (said) the application shall not be granted until notice of (said) the application (shall be) is published as provided in RCW 90.03.280. If it shall appear that such transfer or such change may be made without injury or detriment to existing rights, the department shall issue to the applicant a certificate in duplicate granting the right for such transfer or for such change of point of diversion or of use. The certificate so issued shall be filed and be made a record with the department and the duplicate certificate issued to the applicant may be filed with the county auditor in like manner and with the same effect as provided in the original certificate or permit to divert water.

(2) If an application for change proposes to transfer water rights from one irrigation district to another, the department shall, before publication of notice, receive concurrence from each of the irrigation districts that such transfer or change will not adversely affect the ability to deliver water to other landowners or impair the financial or operational integrity of either of the districts.

(3) A change in place of use by an individual water user or users of water provided by an irrigation district need only receive approval for the change from the board of directors of the district if the use of water continues within the irrigation district, and when water is provided by an irrigation entity that is a member of a board of joint control created under chapter 87.80 RCW, approval need only be received from the board of joint control if the use of water continues within the area of jurisdiction of the joint board and the change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. The board of directors of an irrigation district may approve such a change if the board
determines that the change: Will not adversely affect the district’s ability to deliver water to other landowners; will not require the construction by the district of diversion or drainage facilities unless the board finds that the construction by the district is in the interest of the district; will not impair the financial or operational integrity of the district; and is consistent with the contractual obligations of the district.

(4) Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section do not apply to a transfer or change governed by section 2 of this act.

(5) This section shall not apply to trust water rights acquired by the state through the funding of water conservation projects under chapter 90.38 RCW or RCW 90.42.010 through 90.42.070.

(6) Any right represented by an application for a water right for which a permit for water use has not been issued by the time a transfer or change is approved under this section may not be construed as being injured or detrimentally affected by the transfer or change. An existing right that is in the status of an undeveloped water use permit under which water has not been withdrawn by the time a transfer or change is approved under this section may not be construed as being injured or detrimentally affected by the transfer or change.

(7) The department may not initiate relinquishment proceedings under chapter 90.14 RCW regarding a water right for which an application for a transfer or change is filed under this section during the period beginning on the date the department receives the application and ending two years after the date the department approves or denies the application.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) If a portion of the water governed by a water right is made surplus to the beneficial uses exercised under the right through the implementation of practices or technologies, including but not limited to conveyance practices or technologies, which are more efficient or more water use efficient than those under which the right was perfected, the right to use the surplus water may be changed as provided by subsection (2), (3), or (6) of this section.

(b) If a portion of the water governed by a water right is made surplus to the beneficial uses exercised under the right through a change in the crops grown under the water right, the right to use the surplus water may be changed as provided by subsection (3) of this section. This subsection (1)(b) does not apply to water supplied by an irrigation district.

(c) This section applies only to a change of an agricultural use or portion of an agricultural use of water to an agricultural use of water.

(2) The use within an irrigation district of water supplied by the district and made surplus as provided in subsection (1)(a) of this section shall be regulated solely as provided by the board of directors of the irrigation district. Such a use requires the approval of the board of directors of the irrigation district or must otherwise be authorized by the board. The board may approve or authorize such a use only if the use does not impair the financial or operational integrity of the district. Water supplied by an irrigation district and made surplus as provided in subsection (1)(a) of this section through actions taken by an individual water user served by the district is not available for use as a matter of right by that individual water user, but may be used by the board for the benefit of the district generally. The district’s board of directors may approve or otherwise authorize under this subsection uses of such surplus water that result in the total irrigated acreage within the district exceeding the irrigated acreage recorded with the department for the district’s water right if the board notifies the department of the change in the irrigated acreage within the district. Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, such a notification provides a change in the district’s water right and, upon receiving the notification, the department shall revise its records for the district’s right to reflect the change.

If an irrigation district is within a federal reclamation project and the district’s board of directors approves or otherwise authorizes under this subsection uses of such surplus water that result in the total irrigated acreage within the federal project exceeding the irrigated acreage recorded with the department for the federal project’s water right, the board shall notify the department of the change in the irrigated acreage within the federal project. Except as provided by this subsection and subsection (6) of this section, such a notification provides a change in the federal reclamation project’s water right and, upon receiving the notification, the department shall revise its records for the federal project’s right to reflect the change except that the total irrigable acreage for a water right for a federal
reclamation project may not exceed the total irrigable acreage authorized for the project by the United States and related repayment contracts.

(3) The right to use water made surplus as provided in subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section but not supplied by an irrigation district may be changed to use on other parcels of land owned by the holder of the water right that are contiguous to the parcel or parcels of land upon which the use of the water was authorized by the right before such a change. The holder of the water right shall notify the department of such a change. Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, the notification provides a change in the holder’s water right and, upon receiving the notification, the department shall revise its records for the water right to reflect the change.

(4) A change governed by this section shall be made without loss of priority of the right.

(5) This section shall not be construed as authorizing the use of a junior water right in a manner that impairs or interferes with the use of a senior water right.

(6) It is presumed that a change in a water right made by a notification of the department under this section does not impair or interfere with the use of a water right that is senior to the right being changed. However, if upon receiving such a notification, the department determines that the change would impair or interfere with the use of a senior water right, the department shall notify the person providing the notice and shall file a notice of its decision with the superior court of the county in which the withdrawal of water under the right takes place. The notice provided by the department shall not stay the change made to the water right under this section. The superior court shall review the determination of the department de novo. In such a review, the burden of proof in overcoming the presumption provided by this subsection is on the department. The presumption can be overcome only through the application of scientific data supporting the department’s determination. At the conclusion of its review, the superior court shall enter a ruling canceling the change identified in the notification provided to the department, modifying the conditions or extent of that change, or affirming the change. If the ruling modifies the change or affirms the change, the department shall revise its records regarding the right accordingly.

A determination regarding impairment or interference made by the department under this subsection concerning a notification it receives under this section shall be made within one year of receiving the notification.

The presumption provided by this subsection does not apply with regard to a claim made in superior court by a person with a water right that a change made under this section by a junior water right holder impairs or interferes with the use of the person’s senior water right.

(7) If a water right changed under this section is a right represented by a statement of claim in the water rights claims registry, the department’s obligation to revise its records to reflect the change shall be accomplished by providing an amendment to the statement of claim to reflect the change.

(8) This section does not apply in an area with an acreage expansion program in effect on the effective date of this section that is an element of a ground water area or subarea management program as provided in RCW 90.44.445.

(9) Nothing in this section authorizes a change in a water right or a portion of a water right that has not been perfected through beneficial use prior to the change.

Sec. 3. RCW 90.44.100 and 1987 c 109 s 113 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After an application to, and upon the issuance by the department of an amendment to the appropriate permit or certificate of ground water right, the holder of a valid right to withdraw public ground waters may, without losing his priority of right, construct wells or other means of withdrawal at a new location in substitution for or in addition to those at the original location, or he may change the manner or the place of use of the water(Provided, however, That such). An amendment shall be issued only after publication of notice of the application and findings as prescribed in the case of an original application. Such amendment shall be issued by the department only on the conditions that:

(a) The additional or substitute well or wells shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original well or wells; (b) use of the original well or wells shall be discontinued upon construction of the substitute well or wells; (c) the construction of an additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right conveyed by the original permit or certificate; and (d) other existing rights shall not be impaired. The department may specify an approved manner of construction and shall
require a showing of compliance with the terms of the amendment, as provided in RCW 90.44.080 in the case of an original permit.

(2) This section does not apply to a transfer or change governed by section 2 of this act.

(3) Any right represented by an application for a water right for which a permit for water use has not been issued by the time an amendment is approved under this section may not be construed as being impaired by the amendment. An existing right that is in the status of an undeveloped water use permit under which water has not been withdrawn by the time an amendment is approved under this section may not be construed as being impaired by the amendment.

(4) The department may not initiate relinquishment proceedings under chapter 90.14 RCW regarding a water right for which an application for an amendment is filed under this section during the period beginning on the date the department receives the application and ending two years after the date the department makes a decision on the application.

Sec. 4. RCW 90.03.290 and 1994 c 264 s 84 are each amended to read as follows:

When an application complying with the provisions of this chapter and with the rules and regulations of the department has been filed, the same shall be placed on record with the department, and it shall be its duty to investigate the application, and determine what water, if any, is available for appropriation, and find and determine to what beneficial use or uses it can be applied. If it is proposed to appropriate water for irrigation purposes, the department shall investigate, determine and find what lands are capable of irrigation by means of water found available for appropriation. If it is proposed to appropriate water for the purpose of power development, the department shall investigate, determine and find whether the proposed development is likely to prove detrimental to the public interest, having in mind the highest feasible use of the waters belonging to the public. If the application does not contain, and the applicant does not promptly furnish sufficient information on which to base such findings, the department may issue a preliminary permit, for a period of not to exceed three years, requiring the applicant to make such surveys, investigations, studies, and progress reports, as in the opinion of the department may be necessary. If the applicant fails to comply with the conditions of the preliminary permit, it and the application or applications on which it is based shall be automatically canceled and the applicant so notified. If the holder of a preliminary permit shall, before its expiration, file with the department a verified report of expenditures made and work done under the preliminary permit, which, in the opinion of the department, establishes the good faith, intent and ability of the applicant to carry on the proposed development, the preliminary permit may, with the approval of the governor, be extended, but not to exceed a maximum period of five years from the date of the issuance of the preliminary permit. The department shall make and file as part of the record in the matter, written findings of fact concerning all things investigated, and if it shall find that there is water available for appropriation for a beneficial use, and the appropriation thereof as proposed in the application will not impair existing rights or be detrimental to the public welfare, it shall issue a permit stating the amount of water to which the applicant shall be entitled and the beneficial use or uses to which it may be applied: PROVIDED, That where the water applied for is to be used for irrigation purposes, it shall become appurtenant only to such land as may be reclaimed thereby to the full extent of the soil for agricultural purposes. But where there is no unappropriated water in the proposed source of supply, or where the proposed use conflicts with existing rights, or threatens to prove detrimental to the public interest, having due regard to the highest feasible development of the use of the waters belonging to the public, it shall be duty of the department to reject such application and to refuse to issue the permit asked for. If the permit is refused because of conflict with existing rights and such applicant shall acquire same by purchase or condemnation under RCW 90.03.040, the department may thereupon grant such permit. Any application may be approved for a less amount of water than that applied for, if there exists substantial reason therefor, and in any event shall not be approved for more water than can be applied to beneficial use for the purposes named in the application. In determining whether or not a permit shall issue upon any application, it shall be the duty of the department to investigate all facts relevant and material to the application. After the department approves said application in whole or in part and before any permit shall be issued thereon to the applicant, such applicant shall pay the fee provided in RCW 90.03.470: PROVIDED FURTHER, That in the event a
permit is issued by the department upon any application, it shall be its duty to notify the director of fish and wildlife of such issuance.

This section does not apply to transfers or changes made under section 2 of this act or to applications for transfers or changes made under RCW 90.03.380 or 90.44.100.

Sec. 5. RCW 90.44.445 and 1993 c 99 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
In any acreage expansion program adopted by the department as an element of a ground water management program, the authorization for a water right certificate holder to participate in the program shall be on an annual basis for the first two years. After the two-year period, the department may authorize participation for ten-year periods. The department may authorize participation for ten-year periods for certificate holders who have already participated in an acreage expansion program for two years. The department may require annual certification that the certificate holder has complied with all requirements of the program. The department may terminate the authority of a certificate holder to participate in the program for one calendar year if the certificate holder fails to comply with the requirements of the program.

This section applies only in an area with an acreage expansion program in effect on the effective date of this amendatory section that has been adopted by the department as an element of a ground water area or subarea management program. The provisions of section 2 of this act, RCW 90.03.380, and 90.44.100 apply to transfers, changes, and amendments to permits or rights for the beneficial use of ground water in any other area.

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper and Regala.


Voting Nay: Representatives Linville, Cooper and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5529 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Providing written receipts to tenants.
Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5560 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Changing social card game provisions.
Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5562 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Revising provisions relating to the involuntary commitment of mentally ill persons. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5569 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Revising provisions for overtime compensation for commissioned salespersons. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5570 Prime Sponsor, Senator Newhouse: Expanding tax evasion penalties. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 51.48.020 and 1995 c 160 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Any employer, who knowingly misrepresents to the department the amount of his or her payroll or employee hours upon which the premium under this title is based, shall be liable to the state for up to ten times the amount of the difference in premiums paid and the amount the employer should have paid and for the reasonable expenses of auditing his or her books and collecting such sums. Such liability may be enforced in the name of the department.

(b) An employer is guilty of a class C felony, if((such)))"
The employer, with intent to evade determination and payment of the correct amount of the premiums, knowingly makes misrepresentations (are made knowingly, an employer shall also be guilty of a felony, or gross misdemeanor in accordance with the theft and anticipatory provisions of Title 9A RCW) regarding payroll or employee hours; or

(ii) The employer engages in employment covered under this title and, with intent to evade determination and payment of the correct amount of the premiums, knowingly fails to secure payment of compensation under this title or knowingly fails to report the payroll or employee hours related to that employment.

(c) Upon conviction under (b) of this subsection, the employer shall be ordered by the court to pay the premium due and owing, a penalty in the amount of one hundred percent of the premium due and owing, and interest on the premium and penalty from the time the premium was due until the date of payment. The court shall:

(A) Collect the premium and interest and transmit it to the department of labor and industries; and

(B) Collect the penalty and disburse it pro rata as follows: One-third to the investigative agencies involved; one-third to the prosecuting authority; and one-third to the general fund of the county in which the matter was prosecuted.

Payments collected under this subsection must be applied until satisfaction of the obligation in the following order: Premium payments; penalty; and interest.

(2) Any person claiming benefits under this title, who knowingly gives false information required in any claim or application under this title shall be guilty of a felony, or gross misdemeanor in accordance with the theft and anticipatory provisions of Title 9A RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. RCW 51.48.015 and 1971 ex.s. c 289 s 62 are each repealed.”

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5571 Prime Sponsor, Senator Newhouse: Providing for a single form for employers to report unemployment insurance contributions and industrial insurance premiums and assessments. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

“NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that failure to report and underreporting of industrial insurance premiums and unemployment insurance contributions creates, among other problems, a serious economic disadvantage for those employers who comply with the law. Based on the recommendations of a legislative task force that reviewed these issues, the legislature finds that some employers who comply with one of these laws, but fail to comply with the other, may be more likely to comply with both laws if employers were required to file their reports on a unified form. In addition, the agencies may be better able to coordinate efforts to enforce the reporting requirements if reporting information is provided to both agencies.

(2) By January 1, 1998, the department of labor and industries and the employment security department shall jointly develop a plan, and report the plan to the appropriate committees of the
legislature, for implementing a unified form for reporting industrial insurance premiums under Title 51 RCW and unemployment insurance contributions under Title 50 RCW beginning with reports due in calendar year 1999. The implementation plan must address at least the following:

(a) The use of separate pages or separate sections on the form for each agency's report. The agencies may review but are not required to change coverage or reporting requirements in developing a unified form;

(b) Procedures for employers to mail or electronically transmit the report to a central location with distribution to the agencies or other distribution alternative that provides the agencies with notice of the employers' filings; and

(c) Methods to permit employers to make payment to both agencies in a single payment.

(3) By January 1, 1998, the department of labor and industries and the employment security department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature the results of a study that cross-matches the names or the unified business identifier numbers, or both, of employers who file reports under Title 50 RCW or Title 51 RCW, or both. At a minimum, the report must include the number of employers who file a report under only one title and the results of the agency's investigating the failure to file a report under both titles.

Sec. 2. RCW 51.32.140 and 1971 ex.s. c 289 s 45 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as otherwise provided by treaty or this title, whenever compensation is payable to a beneficiary who is an alien not residing in the United States, the department or self-insurer, as the case may be, shall pay the compensation to which a resident beneficiary is entitled under this title. But if a nonresident alien beneficiary is a citizen of a government having a compensation law which excludes citizens of the United States, either resident or nonresident, from partaking of the benefit of such law in as favorable a degree as herein extended to nonresident aliens, he or she shall receive no compensation. No payment shall be made to any beneficiary residing in any country with which the United States does not maintain diplomatic relations when such payment is due.

Sec. 3. RCW 51.08.050 and 1977 ex.s. c 350 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

"Dependent" means any of the following named relatives of a worker whose death results from any injury and who leaves surviving no widow, widower, or child, viz: father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, stepfather, stepmother, grandson, granddaughter, brother, sister, half-sister, half-brother, niece, nephew, who at the time of the accident are actually and necessarily dependent in whole or in part for their support upon the earnings of the worker. PROVIDED, That unless otherwise provided by treaty, aliens other than father or mother, not residing within the United States at the time of the accident, are not included).

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
MAJORITY Recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Johnson, Chairman; Hickel, Vice Chairman; Cole, Ranking Minority Member; Keiser, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Linville; Quall; Smith; Sterk; Sump; Talcott and Veloria.

Voting Yea: Representatives Johnson, Hickel, Cole, Keiser, Linville, Quall, Smith, Sterk, Sump, Talcott and Veloria.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5613 Prime Sponsor, Senator Winsley: Authorizing reserved parking for homeowners near colleges. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 46.61.570 and 1977 ex.s. c 151 s 40 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except when necessary to avoid conflict with other traffic, or in compliance with law or the directions of a police officer or official traffic control device, no person shall:
(a) Stop, stand, or park a vehicle:
(i) On the roadway side of any vehicle stopped or parked at the edge or curb of a street;
(ii) On a sidewalk or street planting strip;
(iii) Within an intersection;
(iv) On a crosswalk;
(v) Between a safety zone and the adjacent curb or within thirty feet of points on the curb immediately opposite the ends of a safety zone, unless official signs or markings indicate a different no-parking area opposite the ends of a safety zone;
(vi) Alongside or opposite any street excavation or obstruction when stopping, standing, or parking would obstruct traffic;
(vii) Upon any bridge or other elevated structure upon a highway or within a highway tunnel;
(viii) On any railroad tracks;
(ix) In the area between roadways of a divided highway including crossovers; or
(x) At any place where official signs prohibit stopping.
(b) Stand or park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except momentarily to pick up or discharge a passenger or passengers:
(i) In front of a public or private driveway or within five feet of the end of the curb radius leading thereto;
(ii) Within fifteen feet of a fire hydrant;
(iii) Within twenty feet of a crosswalk;
(iv) Within thirty feet upon the approach to any flashing signal, stop sign, yield sign, or traffic control signal located at the side of a roadway;
(v) Within twenty feet of the driveway entrance to any fire station and on the side of a street opposite the entrance to any fire station within seventy-five feet of said entrance when properly signposted; or
(vi) At any place where official signs prohibit standing.
(c) Park a vehicle, whether occupied or not, except temporarily for the purpose of and while actually engaged in loading or unloading property or passengers:
(i) Within fifty feet of the nearest rail of a railroad crossing; or
(ii) At any place where official signs prohibit parking.
(2) Parking or standing shall be permitted in the manner provided by law at all other places except a time limit may be imposed or parking restricted at other places but such limitation and restriction shall be by city ordinance or county resolution or order of the secretary of transportation upon highways under their respective jurisdictions."
(3) No person shall move a vehicle not lawfully under his or her control into any such prohibited area or away from a curb such a distance as is unlawful.

(4) ((It shall be)) (a) Except for those homeowners near an institution of higher education, as provided in (b) of this subsection, it is unlawful for any person to reserve or attempt to reserve any portion of a highway for the purpose of stopping, standing, or parking to the exclusion of any other like person, nor shall any person be granted such right.

(b) A county, city, or town may adopt ordinances and establish rules that allow a person who owns a home on or near the property of an institution of higher education to reserve a single parking space on a portion of a highway adjacent to that home. The rules must identify boundaries within which a homeowner may reserve a space, the procedures necessary to ensure the availability of a space, appropriate signage and subsequent installation, appropriate enforcement measures, and may include mechanisms to recover reasonable costs associated with these parking privileges. Nothing in this subsection precludes a county, city, or town from adopting an ordinance providing for residential parking zones or other innovative parking control measures in areas subject to high parking demand that may include mechanisms to recover reasonable costs associated with parking privileges. As used in this subsection, the term "institution of higher education" includes such institutions as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 and private colleges and universities accredited by the northwest association of schools and colleges."

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Reams; Smith and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; L. Thomas and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Scott, Doumit, Reams, Smith and Wensman
Voting Nay: Representatives Gardner, Dunn, Dunshee, Murray, L. Thomas and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESSB 5618 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Regulating ferry queues. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, beginning on line 12, after "subsection." strike all material through "ferry." on line 15

Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Buck; Chandler; Constantine; Gardner; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Backlund; Cairnes; Hatfield and Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

**SSB 5621** Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Requiring kidnappers of children to register with local law enforcement agencies upon release from custody. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, O’Brien, Blalock, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representatives Quall, Cairnes and Mitchell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

**SB 5642** Prime Sponsor, Senator Spanel: Regulating the taking of dungeness crab in Puget Sound. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Excused: Representative Butler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

**SB 5651** Prime Sponsor, Senator Anderson: Restricting actions against employers under industrial insurance. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the historic covenant between workers and employers that resulted in the industrial insurance system in Washington was intended to provide both "sure and certain" relief to workers and foreclosure of law suits against employers, without regard to questions of fault by either party. However, this historic compromise also recognized that employers who deliberately injured their employees should not be immune from civil law suit. The legislature therefore finds that the standard used for determining the injuries for which employers can be subject to suit is critical to maintaining the covenant between workers and employers. To protect the no-fault system intended for industrial insurance, this standard must narrowly limit suits against employers to situations in which the employer determined to injure the employee and used some means appropriate to that end.

Sec. 2. RCW 51.24.020 and 1984 c 218 s 2 are each amended to read as follows: If injury results to a worker from the deliberate intention of his or her employer to produce such injury, the worker or beneficiary of the worker shall have the privilege to take under this title and also have cause of action against the employer as if this title had not been enacted, for any damages in..."
excess of compensation and benefits paid or payable under this title. For the purposes of this section, a worker’s injury does not result from the deliberate intention of his or her employer unless the employer had specific intent to injure the worker. The specific intent required under this section must relate to the injury, not to the act causing the injury. The employer has the specific intent required under this section if the employer acts with the objective or purpose to accomplish the worker’s injury, using some means appropriate to that end. The court shall determine, as a question of law, the employer’s intent.”

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.

Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood, Cole and Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESSB 5656 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Penalizing voyeurism. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The definitions set forth in this section apply throughout section 2 of this act.

(1) "Full or partial nudity" means the showing, with less than a fully opaque covering, of all or any part of the human genitals or pubic area or buttock, or any part of the nipple of the breast of any female person.

(2) "Photographs" or "films" means the making of any photograph, motion picture film, videotape, or any other recording or transmission of the image of a person.

(3) "Place where he or she would have a reasonable expectation of privacy" means a place where a reasonable person would believe that he or she could disrobe in privacy, without being concerned that his or her undressing was being photographed or filmed by another.

(4) "Views" means the looking upon of another person with the unaided eye or with a device designed or intended to improve visual acuity.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) A person commits the crime of voyeurism if, for the purpose of arousing or gratifying the sexual desire of any person, he or she knowingly views, photographs, or films another person, without that person’s knowledge and consent, while the person being viewed, photographed, or filmed is in a state of full or partial nudity and is in a place where he or she would have a reasonable expectation of privacy.

(2) Voyeurism is a gross misdemeanor if the person viewed, photographed, or filmed is an adult.

(3) Voyeurism is a class C felony if the person viewed, photographed, or filmed is a minor.

Sec. 3. RCW 9A.04.080 and 1995 c 287 s 5 and 1995 c 17 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
Prosecutions for criminal offenses shall not be commenced after the periods prescribed in this section.

(a) The following offenses may be prosecuted at any time after their commission:
   (i) Murder;
   (ii) Homicide by abuse;
   (iii) Arson if a death results.

(b) The following offenses shall not be prosecuted more than ten years after their commission:
   (i) Any felony committed by a public officer if the commission is in connection with the duties of his or her office or constitutes a breach of his or her public duty or a violation of the oath of office;
   (ii) Arson if no death results; or
   (iii) Violations of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050 if the rape is reported to a law enforcement agency within one year of its commission; except that if the victim is under fourteen years of age when the rape is committed and the rape is reported to a law enforcement agency within one year of its commission, the violation may be prosecuted up to three years after the victim’s eighteenth birthday or up to ten years after the rape’s commission, whichever is later. If a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050 is not reported within one year, the rape may not be prosecuted: (A) More than three years after its commission if the violation was committed against a victim fourteen years of age or older; or (B) more than three years after the victim’s eighteenth birthday or more than seven years after the rape’s commission, whichever is later, if the violation was committed against a victim under fourteen years of age.

(c) Violations of the following statutes shall not be prosecuted more than three years after the victim’s eighteenth birthday or more than seven years after their commission, whichever is later: RCW 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, 9A.44.083, 9A.44.086, 9A.44.070, 9A.44.080, 9A.44.100(1)(b), or 9A.64.020.

(d) The following offenses shall not be prosecuted more than six years after their commission:
   Violations of RCW 9A.82.060 or 9A.82.080.

(e) The following offenses shall not be prosecuted more than five years after their commission:
   Any class C felony under chapter 74.09, 82.36, or 82.38 RCW.

(f) Bigamy shall not be prosecuted more than three years after the time specified in RCW 9A.64.010.

(g) No other felony may be prosecuted more than three years after its commission; except that in a prosecution under section 2 of this act, if the person who was viewed, photographed, or filmed did not realize at the time that he or she was being viewed, photographed, or filmed, the prosecution must be commenced within two years of the time the person who was viewed or in the photograph or film first learns that he or she was viewed, photographed, or filmed.

(h) No gross misdemeanor may be prosecuted more than two years after its commission; except that in a prosecution under section 2 of this act, if the person who was viewed, photographed, or filmed did not realize at the time that he or she was being viewed, photographed, or filmed, the prosecution must be commenced within two years of the time the person who was viewed or in the photograph or film first learns that he or she was viewed, photographed, or filmed.

(i) No misdemeanor may be prosecuted more than one year after its commission.

(2) The periods of limitation prescribed in subsection (1) of this section do not run during any time when the person charged is not usually and publicly resident within this state.

(3) If, before the end of a period of limitation prescribed in subsection (1) of this section, an indictment has been found or a complaint or an information has been filed, and the indictment, complaint, or information is set aside, then the period of limitation is extended by a period equal to the length of time from the finding or filing to the setting aside.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Sections 1 and 2 of this act are each added to chapter 9A.44 RCW.
Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESB 5657 Prime Sponsor, Senator Strannigan: Authorizing the director of general administration to enter into leases of up to ten years without a review by the office of financial management. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.


Excused: Representative H. Sommers.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5664 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Allowing credit and debit card purchases in state liquor stores. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Boldt.


Voting Nay: Representative Boldt.

Excused: Representative Honeyford.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

ESSB 5666 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Regulating smoking in the workplace. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 15, after "the" strike "written smoking room policy" and insert "American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and Air Conditioning Engineers, Inc. standard 62-1989"

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Cole.
Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood and Cole.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5667 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Providing for certification of professional guardians. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 11.88.020 and 1990 c 122 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any suitable person over the age of eighteen years, or any parent under the age of eighteen years or, if the petition is for appointment of a professional guardian, any individual or guardianship service that meets any certification requirements established by the administrator for the courts, may, if not otherwise disqualified, be appointed guardian or limited guardian of the person and/or the estate of an incapacitated person; any trust company regularly organized under the laws of this state and national banks when authorized so to do may act as guardian or limited guardian of the estate of an incapacitated person; and any nonprofit corporation may act as guardian or limited guardian of the person and/or estate of an incapacitated person if the articles of incorporation or bylaws of such corporation permit such action and such corporation is in compliance with all applicable provisions of Title 24 RCW). A financial institution subject to the jurisdiction of the department of financial institutions and authorized to exercise trust powers, and a federally chartered financial institution when authorized to do so, may act as a guardian of the estate of an incapacitated person without having to meet the certification requirements established by the administrator for the courts. No person is qualified to serve as a guardian who is
((1)) (a) under eighteen years of age except as otherwise provided herein;
((2)) (b) of unsound mind;
((3)) (c) convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;
((4)) (d) a nonresident of this state who has not appointed a resident agent to accept service of process in all actions or proceedings with respect to the estate and caused such appointment to be filed with the court;
((5)) (e) a corporation not authorized to act as a fiduciary, guardian, or limited guardian in the state;
((6)) (f) a person whom the court finds unsuitable.
(2) The professional guardian certification requirements required under this section shall not apply to a testamentary guardian appointed under RCW 11.88.080.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 11.88 RCW to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, "professional guardian" means a guardian appointed under this chapter who is not a member of the incapacitated person’s family and who charges fees for carrying out the duties of court-appointed guardian of three or more incapacitated persons.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The administrator for the courts shall study, and make recommendations on, standards and criteria for implementing a system of certification of professional guardians as defined in section 2 of this act and improved coordination between guardians and guardians ad litem.
(2) In conducting the study and preparing the recommendations, the administrator may include examination of:
(a) Criteria for certification as a professional guardian;
(b) Whether persons other than an alleged incapacitated person should be given standing to request a jury trial to determine incapacity;
Whether, following the appointment of a guardian, a guardian ad litem may continue to serve at public expense;

(d) Whether the superior court should have authority to limit fees for attorneys, guardians, and guardians ad litem;

(e) The appropriate entity to certify professional guardians; and

(f) Grounds for discipline of professional guardians.

(3) In conducting the study, the administrator shall consult with the appropriate groups and interested parties including, but not limited to, representatives of senior citizens, members of both chambers of the legislature, the bar association, superior court judges, associations affiliated with persons with developmental and chronic functional disabilities, health care organizations, persons who act as guardians for compensation and on a voluntary basis, and guardians ad litem.

(4) The administrator shall submit the results of the study and recommendations to the governor and legislature not later than January 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The sum of thirty-five thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998, from the general fund to the administrator for the courts for the purposes of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Sections 1 and 2 of this act take effect January 1, 1999."

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff and Skinner.

Voting Nay: Representative Sherstad.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5668 Prime Sponsor, Committee on FinIn/Ins/Hs: Allowing the department of health to adopt a temporary worker housing code. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the shortage of temporary worker housing is due in part to inappropriate construction requirements for temporary worker shelter and related facilities. It is the intent of the legislature that temporary worker housing developers, including employers, be provided with a regulatory framework that allows shelter to be provided that meets the basic dignity, comfort, common decency, health, and safety needs of workers. It is the intent of chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act) to provide a temporary worker housing building code that will encourage private development of temporary worker housing, and will accommodate a wide range of building materials and new and innovative construction formats that are not possible under previously applicable codes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 19.27 RCW to read as follows: Temporary worker housing shall be constructed, altered, or repaired as provided in chapter 70.114A RCW. The construction, alteration, or repair of temporary worker housing is not subject to
the codes adopted under RCW 19.27.031, except as provided in any code adopted under chapter 70.114A RCW. For the purposes of this section "temporary worker housing" means a shelter, place, area, or piece of land where sleeping places or housing sites are provided by an employer for his or her employees for temporary seasonal occupancy, not to exceed six months in a twelve-month period, at the employees' worksite, and includes labor camps under RCW 70.54.110. The term "temporary worker housing" does not include tents and tent platforms.

Sec. 3. RCW 70.114A.080 and 1995 c 220 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

((By December 1, 1996,)) The state building code council shall ((develop)) adopt by rule under chapter 34.05 RCW a temporary worker ((housing)) building code, in conformance with the temporary worker housing standards developed under the Washington industrial safety and health act, chapter 49.17 RCW, the rules adopted by the state board of health under RCW 70.54.110, and the following guidelines:

1. The code shall provide construction standards for shelter and associated facilities that are safe, secure, and capable of withstanding the stresses and loads associated with their designated use, and to which they are likely to be subjected by the elements.

2. The code shall permit and facilitate designs and formats that allow for maximum affordability, consistent with the provision of decent, safe, and sanitary housing.

3. In developing the code the council shall consider: (a) The need for dormitory type housing for groups of unrelated individuals; and (b) the need for housing to accommodate families.

4. The code shall include construction standards for ((a variety of formats, including, but not limited to)): (a) ((Tents and tent platforms)) Straw bale exterior wall structures; and (b) hard-shell, single exterior wall structures.

5. The code shall include standards for temporary worker housing that is to be used only during periods when no auxiliary heat is required.

In ((developing)) adopting the temporary worker ((housing)) building code, it is the intent of the legislature that the building code council make exceptions to the codes listed in RCW 19.27.031, and chapter 19.27A RCW, in keeping with the guidelines set forth in this section.

((The building code council shall appoint a technical advisory committee to assist in the development of the temporary worker housing code, which shall include representatives of industries that most frequently supply temporary housing to their employees.)) It is also the intent of the legislature that the state building code council take into consideration the guidelines developed by the technical advisory committee for the development of the initial temporary worker building code adopted by the state building code council under section 8, chapter 220, Laws of 1995, and presented to the legislature on December 1, 1996. The state building code council shall consider additional input from all interested parties, including seasonal agricultural workers, before adopting the temporary worker building code under this section.

The temporary worker building code authorized and required by this section shall be enforced by the department.

Sec. 4. RCW 43.70.340 and 1990 c 253 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The farmworker housing inspection fund is established in the custody of the state treasury. The department of health shall deposit all funds received under subsection (2) of this section and from the legislature to administer a labor camp inspection program conducted by the department of health. Disbursement from the fund shall be on authorization of the secretary of health or the secretary's designee. The fund is subject to the allotment procedure provided under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for disbursements.

2. There is imposed a fee on each operating license issued by the department of health to every operator of a labor camp that is regulated by the state board of health. The fee paid under this subsection shall include all necessary inspection of the units to ensure compliance with applicable state board of health rules on labor camps.

(a) Fifty dollars shall be charged for each labor camp containing six or less units.

(b) Seventy-five dollars shall be charged for each labor camp containing more than six units.
(3) The term of the operating license and the application procedures shall be established, by rule, by the department of health.

(4) The department of health shall establish a building permit fee schedule for temporary worker housing subject to chapter 70.114A RCW. The department of health shall develop rules to establish a fee schedule sufficient to cover the cost of all necessary plan reviews and on-site construction inspections of the temporary worker housing to ensure compliance with the codes developed under RCW 70.114A.080."

Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes and McDonald.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes and McDonald.
Voting Nay: Representatives Veloria and Morris.
Excused: Representative Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5681 Prime Sponsor, Senator McCaslin: Penalizing assault of health care personnel. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lantz; Radcliff and Skinner.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Lambert and Sherstad.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lantz, Radcliff and Skinner.
Voting Nay: Representatives Lambert and Sherstad.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

E2SSB 5710 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Changing provisions relating to juvenile care and treatment by the department of social and health services. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 13.34.030 and 1995 c 311 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:
For purposes of this chapter:
(1) "Alternative response system" means voluntary family-centered services that are: (a) Provided by an entity with which the department contracts; and (b) intended to increase the strengths and cohesiveness of families that the department determines present a low risk of child abuse or neglect.
(2) "Child" and "juvenile" means any individual under the age of eighteen years.
"Current placement episode" means the period of time that begins with the most recent date that the child was removed from the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian for purposes of placement in out-of-home care and continues until the child returns home, an adoption decree or guardianship order is entered, or the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs soonest. If the most recent date of removal occurred prior to the filing of a dependency petition under this chapter or after filing but prior to entry of a disposition order, such time periods shall be included when calculating the length of a child’s current placement episode.

"Department" means the department of social and health services.

"Dependency guardian" means the person, nonprofit corporation, or Indian tribe appointed by the court pursuant to RCW 13.34.232 for the limited purpose of assisting the court in the supervision of the dependency.

"Dependent child" means any child:
(a) Who has been abandoned; that is, where the child’s parent, guardian, or other custodian has expressed either by statement or conduct, an intent to forego, for an extended period, parental rights or parental responsibilities despite an ability to do so. If the court finds that the petitioner has exercised due diligence in attempting to locate the parent, no contact between the child and the child’s parent, guardian, or other custodian for a period of three months creates a rebuttable presumption of abandonment, even if there is no expressed intent to abandon;
(b) Who is abused or neglected as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW by a person legally responsible for the care of the child;
(c) Who has no parent, guardian, or custodian capable of adequately caring for the child, such that the child is in circumstances which constitute a danger of substantial damage to the child’s psychological or physical development; or
(d) Who has a developmental disability, as defined in RCW 71A.10.020 and whose parent, guardian, or legal custodian together with the department determines that services appropriate to the child’s needs can not be provided in the home. However, (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection may still be applied if other reasons for removal of the child from the home exist.

"Guardian" means the person or agency that: (a) Has been appointed as the guardian of a child in a legal proceeding other than a proceeding under this chapter; and (b) has the legal right to custody of the child pursuant to such appointment. The term "guardian" shall not include a "dependency guardian" appointed pursuant to a proceeding under this chapter.

"Guardian ad litem" means a person, appointed by the court to represent the best interest of a child in a proceeding under this chapter, or in any matter which may be consolidated with a proceeding under this chapter. A "court-appointed special advocate" appointed by the court to be the guardian ad litem for the child, or to perform substantially the same duties and functions as a guardian ad litem, shall be deemed to be guardian ad litem for all purposes and uses of this chapter.

"Guardian ad litem program" means a court-authorized volunteer program, which is or may be established by the superior court of the county in which such proceeding is filed, to manage all aspects of volunteer guardian ad litem representation for children alleged or found to be dependent. Such management shall include but is not limited to: Recruitment, screening, training, supervision, assignment, and discharge of volunteers.

"Out-of-home care" means placement in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or placement in a home, other than that of the child’s parent, guardian, or legal custodian, not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW.

"Preventive services" means preservation services, as defined in chapter 74.14C RCW, and other reasonably available services capable of preventing the need for out-of-home placement while protecting the child.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 26.44 RCW to read as follows:
The department may create a community-based alternative response system for families referred to child protective services who are identified as low-risk cases. The system shall assess family needs and strengths, and arrange services for eligible families. Services provided through the system shall be contracted for with community-based organizations.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 3. If specific funding for the purposes of section 2 of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter and section number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 4. Section 2 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 5. The legislature intends to consolidate all services provided to children with developmental disabilities through the department of social and health services in the division of developmental disabilities. The legislature also intends to provide a discrete, separate process for children with developmental disabilities who require home-based or out-of-home care that complies with the federal requirements for receipt of federal funds for services under Title IV-B and Title IV-E of the social security act. The legislature intends by sections 6 through 9 of this act to minimize the embarrassment and inconvenience of children with developmental disabilities and their families caused by complying with these federal requirements.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 71A.10 RCW to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, "developmentally disabled dependent child" is a child who has a developmental disability as defined in RCW 71A.10.02 and whose parent, guardian, or legal custodian and with the department mutually agree that services appropriate to the child’s needs can not be provided in the home.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 71A.10 RCW to read as follows:
It is the intent of the legislature that parents are responsible for the care and support of children with developmental disabilities. The legislature recognizes that, because of the intense support required to care for a child with developmental disabilities, the help of an out-of-home placement may be needed. It is the intent of the legislature that, when the sole reason for the out-of-home placement is the child’s developmental disability, such services be offered by the department to these children and their families through a voluntary placement agreement. In these cases, the parents shall retain legal custody of the child.

As used in this section, "voluntary placement agreement" means a written agreement between the department and a child’s legal guardian authorizing the department to place the child in a licensed facility. Under the terms of this agreement, the parent or legal guardian shall retain legal custody and the department shall be responsible for the child’s placement and care. The agreement shall at a minimum specify the legal status of the child and the rights and obligations of the parent or legal guardian, the child, and the department while the child is in placement. The agreement must be signed by the child’s parent and the department to be in effect.

As used in this section, "out-of-home placement" means the placement of a child in a facility licensed to care for children with developmental disabilities on a twenty-four hour basis.

Whenever the department places a child in out-of-home care under a voluntary placement pursuant to this section, the department shall have the responsibility for the child’s placement and care. When a child remains in out-of-home care under a voluntary agreement for more than one hundred eighty days, the juvenile court shall make a judicial determination, within the first one hundred eighty days of the placement, that the placement is in the best interests of the child. In addition, the juvenile court shall hold a permanency planning hearing as specified in RCW 13.34.145 and thereafter as specified in federal law during the continuation of the placement. The permanency planning hearings shall review whether the child’s best interests are served by continued out-of-home placement and determine the future status of the child.

The department shall provide for foster care citizen reviews or administrative reviews as required by federal law. A review may be called at any time by either the department or the parent.

The court may appoint a guardian ad litem if the court finds an independent investigation is needed to examine the best interests of the child.
Nothing in this section shall prevent the department from filing a dependency petition if the child is abused or neglected or the parents discontinue contact with the child.

The department shall adopt rules providing for the implementation of sections 8 and 9 of this act and the transfer of responsibility for out-of-home placements from the dependency process under chapter 13.34 RCW to the process under chapter 71A.10 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Section 7 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 71A.10 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall consolidate all services provided through the department to children with developmental disabilities in the division of developmental disabilities. The department shall provide for an orderly transfer of staff, equipment, and related responsibilities from the division of children and family services to the division of developmental disabilities. The division of developmental disabilities shall assume responsibilities for children with developmental disabilities under this section no later than March 1, 1998. Any disputes between the division of children and family services and the division of developmental disabilities regarding the transfer of responsibilities under this section shall be resolved by the secretary of the department of social and health services.

Sec. 10. RCW 13.34.030 and 1995 c 311 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:

For purposes of this chapter:
(1) "Child" and "juvenile" means any individual under the age of eighteen years.
(2) "Current placement episode" means the period of time that begins with the most recent date that the child was removed from the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian for purposes of placement in out-of-home care and continues until the child returns home, an adoption decree or guardianship order is entered, or the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs soonest. If the most recent date of removal occurred prior to the filing of a dependency petition under this chapter or after filing but prior to entry of a disposition order, such time periods shall be included when calculating the length of a child’s current placement episode.
(3) "Dependency guardian" means the person, nonprofit corporation, or Indian tribe appointed by the court pursuant to RCW 13.34.232 for the limited purpose of assisting the court in the supervision of the dependency.
(4) "Dependent child" means any child:
(a) Who has been abandoned; that is, where the child’s parent, guardian, or other custodian has expressed either by statement or conduct, an intent to forego, for an extended period, parental rights or parental responsibilities despite an ability to do so. If the court finds that the petitioner has exercised due diligence in attempting to locate the parent, no contact between the child and the child’s parent, guardian, or other custodian for a period of three months creates a rebuttable presumption of abandonment, even if there is no expressed intent to abandon;
(b) Who is abused or neglected as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW by a person legally responsible for the care of the child; or
(c) Who has no parent, guardian, or custodian capable of adequately caring for the child, such that the child is in circumstances which constitute a danger of substantial damage to the child’s psychological or physical development;
(d) Who has a developmental disability, as defined in RCW 71A.10.020 and whose parent, guardian, or legal custodian together with the department determines that services appropriate to the child’s needs can not be provided in the home. However, (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection may still be applied if other reasons for removal of the child from the home exist);
(5) "Guardian" means the person or agency that: (a) Has been appointed as the guardian of a child in a legal proceeding other than a proceeding under this chapter; and (b) has the legal right to custody of the child pursuant to such appointment. The term "guardian" shall not include a "dependency guardian" appointed pursuant to a proceeding under this chapter.
"Guardian ad litem" means a person, appointed by the court to represent the best interest of a child in a proceeding under this chapter, or in any matter which may be consolidated with a proceeding under this chapter. A "court-appointed special advocate" appointed by the court to be the guardian ad litem for the child, or to perform substantially the same duties and functions as a guardian ad litem, shall be deemed to be guardian ad litem for all purposes and uses of this chapter.

"Guardian ad litem program" means a court-authorized volunteer program, which is or may be established by the superior court of the county in which such proceeding is filed, to manage all aspects of volunteer guardian ad litem representation for children alleged or found to be dependent. Such management shall include but is not limited to: Recruitment, screening, training, supervision, assignment, and discharge of volunteers.

"Out-of-home care" means placement in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or placement in a home, other than that of the child’s parent, guardian, or legal custodian, not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW.

"Preventive services" means preservation services, as defined in chapter 74.14C RCW, and other reasonably available services capable of preventing the need for out-of-home placement while protecting the child.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 11.** Sections 5, 6, 9, and 10 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect July 1, 1997.

**Sec. 12.** RCW 13.50.010 and 1996 c 232 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

1. For purposes of this chapter:
   (a) "Juvenile justice or care agency" means any of the following: Police, diversion units, court, prosecuting attorney, defense attorney, detention center, attorney general, the legislative children's oversight committee, the office of family and children's ombudsman, the department of social and health services and its contracting agencies, schools; and, in addition, persons or public or private agencies having children committed to their custody;
   (b) "Official juvenile court file" means the legal file of the juvenile court containing the petition or information, motions, memorandums, briefs, findings of the court, and court orders;
   (c) "Social file" means the juvenile court file containing the records and reports of the probation counselor;
   (d) "Records" means the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of any other juvenile justice or care agency in the case.

2. Each petition or information filed with the court may include only one juvenile and each petition or information shall be filed under a separate docket number. The social file shall be filed separately from the official juvenile court file.

3. It is the duty of any juvenile justice or care agency to maintain accurate records. To this end:
   (a) The agency may never knowingly record inaccurate information. Any information in records maintained by the department of social and health services relating to a petition filed pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW that is found by the court, upon proof presented, to be false or inaccurate shall be corrected or expunged from such records by the agency;
   (b) An agency shall take reasonable steps to assure the security of its records and prevent tampering with them; and
   (c) An agency shall make reasonable efforts to insure the completeness of its records, including action taken by other agencies with respect to matters in its files.

4. Each juvenile justice or care agency shall implement procedures consistent with the provisions of this chapter to facilitate inquiries concerning records.

5. Any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency and who has been denied access to those records by the agency may make a motion to the court for an order authorizing that person to inspect the juvenile justice or care agency record concerning that person. The court shall grant the motion to
examine records unless it finds that in the interests of justice or in the best interests of the juvenile the records or parts of them should remain confidential.

(6) A juvenile, or his or her parents, or any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency may make a motion to the court challenging the accuracy of any information concerning the moving party in the record or challenging the continued possession of the record by the agency. If the court grants the motion, it shall order the record or information to be corrected or destroyed.

(7) The person making a motion under subsection (5) or (6) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.

(8) The court may permit inspection of records by, or release of information to, any clinic, hospital, or agency which has the subject person under care or treatment. The court may also permit inspection by or release to individuals or agencies, including juvenile justice advisory committees of county law and justice councils, engaged in legitimate research for educational, scientific, or public purposes. The court may also permit inspection of, or release of information from, records which have been sealed pursuant to RCW 13.50.050(11). The court shall release to the sentencing guidelines commission records needed for its research and data-gathering functions under RCW 9.94A.040 and other statutes. Access to records or information for research purposes shall be permitted only if the anonymity of all persons mentioned in the records or information will be preserved. Each person granted permission to inspect juvenile justice or care agency records for research purposes shall present a notarized statement to the court stating that the names of juveniles and parents will remain confidential.

(9) Juvenile detention facilities shall release records to the sentencing guidelines commission under RCW 13.40.025 and 9.94A.040 upon request. The commission shall not disclose the names of any juveniles or parents mentioned in the records without the named individual’s written permission.

(10) Requirements in this chapter relating to the court’s authority to compel disclosure shall not apply to the legislative children’s oversight committee or the office of the family and children’s ombudsman.

Sec. 13. RCW 13.50.100 and 1995 c 311 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This section governs records not covered by RCW 13.50.050.

(2) Records covered by this section shall be confidential and shall be released only pursuant to this section and RCW 13.50.010.

(3) Records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other participant is assigned the responsibility of supervising the juvenile. Records covered under this section and maintained by the juvenile courts which relate to the official actions of the agency may be entered in the state-wide juvenile court information system.

(4) A juvenile, his or her parents, the juvenile's attorney and the juvenile's parent's attorney, shall, upon request, be given access to all records and information collected or retained by a juvenile justice or care agency which pertain to the juvenile except:

(a) If it is determined by the agency that release of this information is likely to cause severe psychological or physical harm to the juvenile or his or her parents the agency may withhold the information subject to other order of the court: PROVIDED, That if the court determines that limited release of the information is appropriate, the court may specify terms and conditions for the release of the information; or

(b) If the information or record has been obtained by a juvenile justice or care agency in connection with the provision of counseling, psychological, psychiatric, or medical services to the juvenile, when the services have been sought voluntarily by the juvenile, and the juvenile has a legal right to receive those services without the consent of any person or agency, then the information or record may not be disclosed to the juvenile’s parents without the informed consent of the juvenile unless otherwise authorized by law; or
That the department of social and health services may delete the name and identifying information regarding persons or organizations who have reported alleged child abuse or neglect.

(5) A juvenile or his or her parent denied access to any records following an agency determination under subsection (4) of this section may file a motion in juvenile court requesting access to the records. The court shall grant the motion unless it finds access may not be permitted according to the standards found in subsections (4)(a) and (b) of this section.

(6) The person making a motion under subsection (5) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.

(7) Subject to the rules of discovery in civil cases, any party to a proceeding seeking a declaration of dependency or a termination of the parent-child relationship and any party’s counsel and the guardian ad litem of any party, shall have access to the records of any natural or adoptive child of the parent, subject to the limitations in subsection (4) of this section.

Sec. 14. RCW 26.44.015 and 1993 c 412 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter shall not be construed to authorize interference with child-raising practices, including reasonable parental discipline, which are not injurious to the child’s health, welfare, and safety.

(2) Nothing in this chapter may be used to prohibit the reasonable use of corporal punishment as a means of discipline.

(3) No parent or guardian may be deemed abusive or neglectful solely by reason of the parent’s or child’s blindness, deafness, developmental disability, or other handicap.

(4) A person reporting alleged injury, abuse, or neglect to an adult dependent person shall not suffer negative consequences if the person reporting believes in good faith that the adult dependent person has been found legally incompetent or disabled.

Sec. 15. RCW 26.44.020 and 1996 c 178 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of and as used in this chapter:

(1) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, juvenile department.

(2) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff.

(3) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" shall include a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That a person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner shall not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.

(4) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment or care.

(5) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.

(6) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.

(7) "Professional school personnel" shall include, but not be limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.

(8) "Social service counselor" shall mean anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support or education of children, or providing social services to adults or families, including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(9) "Psychologist" shall mean any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(10) "Pharmacist" shall mean any registered pharmacist under the provisions of chapter 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(11) "Clergy" shall mean any regularly licensed or ordained minister, priest or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(12) "Abuse or neglect" shall mean the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person by any person under circumstances which indicate that the child's or adult's health, welfare, and safety is harmed, excluding conduct permitted under RCW 9A.16.100. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined herein.

(13) "Child protective services section" shall mean the child protective services section of the department.

(14) "Adult dependent persons" shall be defined as those persons over the age of eighteen years who have been found to be legally incompetent or disabled pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW.

(15) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any person.

(16) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or omission which evidences a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to the child's health, welfare, and safety.

(17) "Developmentally disabled person" means a person who has a disability defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

(18) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard the general welfare of such children and shall include investigations of child abuse and neglect reports, including reports regarding child care centers and family child care homes, and the development, management, and provision of or referral to services to ameliorate conditions which endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary programs and services relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child’s unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.

(19) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an evil intent, wish, or design to vex, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in wilful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a wilful disregard of social duty.

(20) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a "sexually aggressive youth."

Sec. 16. RCW 26.44.030 and 1996 c 278 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) When any practitioner, county coroner or medical examiner, law enforcement officer, professional school personnel, registered or licensed nurse, social service counselor, psychologist, pharmacist, licensed or certified child care providers or their employees, employee of the department, ((ee)) juvenile probation officer, or state family and children's ombudsman or any volunteer in the ombudsman's office has reasonable cause to believe that a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person, has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.

(b) The reporting requirement shall also apply to department of corrections personnel who, in the course of their employment, observe offenders or the children with whom the offenders are in contact. If, as a result of observations or information received in the course of his or her employment, any department of corrections personnel has reasonable cause to believe that a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report the incident, or
cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.

(c) The reporting requirement shall also apply to any adult who has reasonable cause to believe that a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person, who resides with them, has suffered severe abuse, and is able or capable of making a report. For the purposes of this subsection, “severe abuse” means any of the following: Any single act of abuse that causes physical trauma of sufficient severity that, if left untreated, could cause death; any single act of sexual abuse that causes significant bleeding, deep bruising, or significant external or internal swelling; or more than one act of physical abuse, each of which causes bleeding, deep bruising, significant external or internal swelling, bone fracture, or unconsciousness.

(d) The report shall be made at the first opportunity, but in no case longer than forty-eight hours after there is reasonable cause to believe that the child or adult has suffered abuse or neglect. The report shall include the identity of the accused if known.

(2) The reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the discovery of abuse or neglect that occurred during childhood if it is discovered after the child has become an adult. However, if there is reasonable cause to believe other children, dependent adults, or developmentally disabled persons are or may be at risk of abuse or neglect by the accused, the reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section shall apply.

(3) Any other person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person has suffered abuse or neglect may report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department of social and health services as provided in RCW 26.44.040.

(4) The department, upon receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency. In emergency cases, where the child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person's welfare is endangered, the department shall notify the proper law enforcement agency within twenty-four hours after a report is received by the department. In all other cases, the department shall notify the law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the department. If the department makes an oral report, a written report shall also be made to the proper law enforcement agency within five days thereafter.

(5) Any law enforcement agency receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means, or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident in writing as provided in RCW 26.44.040 to the proper county prosecutor or city attorney for appropriate action whenever the law enforcement agency's investigation reveals that a crime may have been committed. The law enforcement agency shall also notify the department of all reports received and the law enforcement agency's disposition of them. In emergency cases, where the child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person's welfare is endangered, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within twenty-four hours. In all other cases, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the law enforcement agency.

(6) Any county prosecutor or city attorney receiving a report under subsection (5) of this section shall notify the victim, any persons the victim requests, and the local office of the department, of the decision to charge or decline to charge a crime, within five days of making the decision.

(7) The department may conduct ongoing case planning and consultation with those persons or agencies required to report under this section, with consultants designated by the department, and with designated representatives of Washington Indian tribes if the client information exchanged is pertinent to cases currently receiving child protective services or department case services for the developmentally disabled. Upon request, the department shall conduct such planning and consultation with those persons required to report under this section if the department determines it is in the best interests of the child or developmentally disabled person. Information considered privileged by statute
and not directly related to reports required by this section shall not be divulged without a valid written waiver of the privilege.

(8) Any case referred to the department by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW on the basis of an expert medical opinion that child abuse, neglect, or sexual assault has occurred and that the child's safety will be seriously endangered if returned home, the department shall file a dependency petition unless a second licensed physician of the parents' choice believes that such expert medical opinion is incorrect. If the parents fail to designate a second physician, the department may make the selection. If a physician finds that a child has suffered abuse or neglect but that such abuse or neglect does not constitute imminent danger to the child's health or safety, and the department agrees with the physician's assessment, the child may be left in the parents' home while the department proceeds with reasonable efforts to remedy parenting deficiencies.

(9) Persons or agencies exchanging information under subsection (7) of this section shall not further disseminate or release the information except as authorized by state or federal statute. Violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor.

(10) Upon receiving reports of alleged abuse or neglect, the department or law enforcement agency may interview children. The interviews may be conducted on school premises, at day-care facilities, at the child's home, or at other suitable locations outside of the presence of parents. Parental notification of the interview shall occur at the earliest possible point in the investigation that will not jeopardize the safety or protection of the child or the course of the investigation. Prior to commencing the interview the department or law enforcement agency shall determine whether the child wishes a third party to be present for the interview and, if so, shall make reasonable efforts to accommodate the child's wishes. Unless the child objects, the department or law enforcement agency shall make reasonable efforts to include a third party in any interview so long as the presence of the third party will not jeopardize the course of the investigation.

(11) Upon receiving a report of alleged child abuse and neglect, the department or investigating law enforcement agency shall have access to all relevant records of the child in the possession of mandated reporters and their employees.

(12) The department shall maintain investigation records and conduct timely and periodic reviews of all cases constituting abuse and neglect. The department shall maintain a log of screened-out nonabusive cases.

(13) The department shall use a risk assessment process when investigating alleged child abuse and neglect referrals. The department shall present the risk factors at all hearings in which the placement of a dependent child is an issue. The department shall, within funds appropriated for this purpose, offer enhanced community-based services to persons who are determined not to require further state intervention.

The department shall provide annual reports to the legislature on the effectiveness of the risk assessment process.

(14) Upon receipt of a report of alleged abuse or neglect the law enforcement agency may arrange to interview the person making the report and any collateral sources to determine if any malice is involved in the reporting.

(15) The department shall make reasonable efforts to learn the name, address, and telephone number of each person making a report of abuse or neglect under this section. The department shall provide assurances of appropriate confidentiality of the identification of persons reporting under this section. If the department is unable to learn the information required under this subsection, the department shall only investigate cases in which: (a) The department believes there is a serious threat of substantial harm to the child; (b) the report indicates conduct involving a criminal offense that has, or is about to occur, in which the child is the victim; or (c) the department has a report of abuse or neglect that has been founded with regard to a member of the household within three years of receipt of the referral.

Sec. 17. RCW 26.44.035 and 1985 c 259 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

If the department or a law enforcement agency responds to a complaint of alleged child abuse or neglect and discovers that another agency has also responded to the complaint, the agency shall
notify the other agency of their presence, and the agencies shall coordinate the investigation and keep each other apprised of progress.

The department, each law enforcement agency, each county prosecuting attorney, each city attorney, and each court shall make as soon as practicable a written record and shall maintain records of all incidents of suspected child abuse reported to that person or agency. Records kept under this section shall be identifiable by means of an agency code for child abuse.

**Sec. 18.** RCW 26.44.040 and 1993 c 412 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

An immediate oral report shall be made by telephone or otherwise to the proper law enforcement agency or the department of social and health services and, upon request, shall be followed by a report in writing. Such reports shall contain the following information, if known:

1. The name, address, and age of the child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person;
2. The name and address of the child’s parents, stepparents, guardians, or other persons having custody of the child or the residence of the adult dependent or developmentally disabled person;
3. The nature and extent of the alleged injury or injuries;
4. The nature and extent of the alleged neglect;
5. The nature and extent of the alleged sexual abuse;
6. Any evidence of previous injuries, including their nature and extent; and
7. Any other information which may be helpful in establishing the cause of the child’s or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person's death, injury, or injuries and the identity of the alleged perpetrator or perpetrators.

**Sec. 19.** RCW 26.44.053 and 1996 c 249 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

1. In any judicial proceeding under this chapter or chapter 13.34 RCW in which it is alleged that a child has been subjected to child abuse or neglect, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the child as provided in chapter 13.34 RCW. The requirement of a guardian ad litem may be deemed satisfied if the child is represented by counsel in the proceedings.
2. At any time prior to or during a hearing in such a case, the court may, on its own motion, or the motion of the guardian ad litem, or other parties, order the examination by a physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist, of any parent or child or other person having custody of the child at the time of the alleged child abuse or neglect, if the court finds such an examination is necessary to the proper determination of the case. The hearing may be continued pending the completion of such examination. The physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist conducting such an examination may be required to testify concerning the results of such examination and may be asked to give his or her opinion as to whether the protection of the child requires that he or she not be returned to the custody of his or her parents or other persons having custody of him or her at the time of the alleged child abuse or neglect. Persons so testifying shall be subject to cross-examination as are other witnesses. No information given at any such examination of the parent or any other person having custody of the child may be used against such person in any subsequent criminal proceedings against such person or custodian concerning the alleged abuse or neglect of the child.
3. A parent or other person having legal custody of a child alleged to be abused or neglected shall be a party to any proceeding that may impair or impede such person’s interest in and custody or control of the child.

**Sec. 20.** RCW 26.44.060 and 1988 c 142 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

1. (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, any person participating in good faith in the making of a report pursuant to this chapter or testifying as to alleged child abuse or neglect in a judicial proceeding shall in so doing be immune from any liability arising out of such reporting or testifying under any law of this state or its political subdivisions.
2. (b) A person convicted of a violation of subsection (4) of this section shall not be immune from liability under (a) of this subsection.
(2) An administrator of a hospital or similar institution or any physician licensed pursuant to chapters 18.71 or 18.57 RCW taking a child into custody pursuant to RCW 26.44.056 shall not be subject to criminal or civil liability for such taking into custody.

(3) Conduct conforming with the reporting requirements of this chapter shall not be deemed a violation of the confidential communication privilege of RCW 5.60.060 (3) and (4), 18.53.200 and 18.83.110. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as to supersede or abridge remedies provided in chapter 4.92 RCW.

(4) A person who, intentionally and in bad faith or maliciously, knowingly makes a false report of alleged abuse or neglect shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable in accordance with RCW 9A.20.021.

Sec. 21. RCW 70.124.040 and 1981 c 174 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Where a report is deemed warranted under RCW 70.124.030, an immediate oral report shall be made by telephone or otherwise to either a law enforcement agency or to the department and, upon request, shall be followed by a report in writing. The reports shall contain the following information, if known:

(a) The name and address of the person making the report;
(b) The name and address of the nursing home or state hospital patient;
(c) The name and address of the patient’s relatives having responsibility for the patient;
(d) The nature and extent of the alleged injury or injuries;
(e) The nature and extent of the alleged neglect;
(f) The nature and extent of the alleged sexual abuse;
(g) Any evidence of previous injuries, including their nature and extent; and
(h) Any other information which may be helpful in establishing the cause of the patient’s death, injury, or injuries, and the identity of the perpetrator or perpetrators.

(2) Each law enforcement agency receiving such a report shall, in addition to taking the action required by RCW 70.124.050, immediately relay the report to the department and to other law enforcement agencies, as appropriate. For any report it receives, the department shall likewise take the required action and in addition relay the report to the appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies. The appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies shall receive immediate notification when the department, upon receipt of such report, has reasonable cause to believe that a criminal act has been committed.

Sec. 22. RCW 70.129.030 and 1994 c 214 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The facility must inform the resident both orally and in writing in a language that the resident understands of his or her rights and all rules and regulations governing resident conduct and responsibilities during the stay in the facility. The notification must be made prior to or upon admission. Receipt of the information must be acknowledged in writing.

(2) The resident or his or her legal representative has the right:

(a) Upon an oral or written request, to access all records pertaining to himself or herself including clinical records within twenty-four hours; and
(b) After receipt of his or her records for inspection, to purchase at a cost not to exceed the community standard photocopies of the records or portions of them upon request and two working days’ advance notice to the facility.

(3) The facility must inform each resident in writing before, or at the time of admission, and at least once every twenty-four months thereafter of: (a) Services available in the facility; (b) charges for those services including charges for services not covered by the facility’s per diem rate or applicable public benefit programs; and (c) the rules of operations required under RCW 70.129.140(2).

(4) The facility must furnish a written description of residents rights that includes:

(a) A description of the manner of protecting personal funds, under RCW 70.129.040;
(b) A posting of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the state survey and certification agency, the state licensure office, the state ombudsmen program, and the protection and advocacy systems; and
(c) A statement that the resident may file a complaint with the appropriate state licensing agency concerning alleged resident abuse, neglect, and misappropriation of resident property in the facility.

(5) Notification of changes.
(a) A facility must immediately consult with the resident’s physician, and if known, make reasonable efforts to notify the resident’s legal representative or an interested family member when there is:
   (i) An accident involving the resident which requires or has the potential for requiring physician intervention;
   (ii) A significant change in the resident’s physical, mental, or psychosocial status (i.e., a deterioration in health, mental, or psychosocial status in either life-threatening conditions or clinical complications).
(b) The facility must promptly notify the resident or the resident’s representative shall make reasonable efforts to notify an interested family member, if known, when there is:
   (i) A change in room or roommate assignment; or
   (ii) A decision to transfer or discharge the resident from the facility.
(c) The facility must record and update the address and phone number of the resident’s representative or interested family member, upon receipt of notice from them.

Sec. 23. RCW 74.13.031 and 1995 c 191 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The department shall have the duty to provide child welfare services as defined in RCW 74.13.020, and shall:
(1) Develop, administer, supervise, and monitor a coordinated and comprehensive plan that establishes, aids, and strengthens services for the protection and care of homeless, runaway, dependent, or neglected children.
(2) Develop a recruiting plan for recruiting an adequate number of prospective adoptive and foster homes, both regular and specialized, i.e. homes for children of ethnic minority, including Indian homes for Indian children, sibling groups, handicapped and emotionally disturbed, and annually submit the plan for review to the house and senate committees on social and health services. The plan shall include a section entitled "Foster Home Turn-Over, Causes and Recommendations."
(3) Investigate complaints of alleged neglect, abuse, or abandonment of children, and on the basis of the findings of such investigation, offer child welfare services in relation to the problem to such parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis, and/or bring the situation to the attention of an appropriate court, or another community agency: PROVIDED, That an investigation is not required of nonaccidental injuries which are clearly not the result of a lack of care or supervision by the child’s parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis. If the investigation reveals that a crime may have been committed, the department shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency.
(4) Offer, on a voluntary basis, family reconciliation services to families who are in conflict.
(5) Monitor out-of-home placements, on a timely and routine basis, to assure the safety, well-being, and quality of care being provided is within the scope of the intent of the legislature as defined in RCW 74.13.010 and 74.15.010, and annually submit a report delineating the results to the house and senate committees on social and health services.
(6) Have authority to accept custody of children from parents and to accept custody of children from juvenile courts, where authorized to do so under law, to provide child welfare services including placement for adoption, and to provide for the physical care of such children and make payment of maintenance costs if needed. Except where required by Public Law 95-608 (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1915), no private adoption agency which receives children for adoption from the department shall discriminate on the basis of race, creed, or color when considering applications in their placement for adoption.
(7) Have authority to provide temporary shelter to children who have run away from home and who are admitted to crisis residential centers.
(8) Have authority to purchase care for children; and shall follow in general the policy of using properly approved private agency services for the actual care and supervision of such children insofar
as they are available, paying for care of such children as are accepted by the department as eligible for support at reasonable rates established by the department.

(9) Establish a children’s services advisory committee which shall assist the secretary in the development of a partnership plan for utilizing resources of the public and private sectors, and advise on all matters pertaining to child welfare, licensing of child care agencies, adoption, and services related thereto. At least one member shall represent the adoption community.

(10) Have authority to provide continued foster care or group care for individuals from eighteen through twenty years of age to enable them to complete their high school or vocational school program.

(11) Have authority within funds appropriated for foster care services to purchase care for Indian children who are in the custody of a federally recognized Indian tribe or tribally licensed child-placing agency pursuant to parental consent, tribal court order, or state juvenile court order; and the purchase of such care shall be subject to the same eligibility standards and rates of support applicable to other children for whom the department purchases care.

Notwithstanding any other provision of RCW 13.32A.170 through 13.32A.200 and 74.13.032 through 74.13.036, or of this section all services to be provided by the department of social and health services under subsections (4), (6), and (7) of this section, subject to the limitations of these subsections, may be provided by any program offering such services funded pursuant to Titles II and III of the federal juvenile justice and delinquency prevention act of 1974.

Sec. 24. RCW 74.15.030 and 1995 c 302 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary shall have the power and it shall be the secretary’s duty:

(1) In consultation with the children’s services advisory committee, and with the advice and assistance of persons representative of the various type agencies to be licensed, to designate categories of facilities for which separate or different requirements shall be developed as may be appropriate whether because of variations in the ages, sex and other characteristics of persons served, variations in the purposes and services offered or size or structure of the agencies to be licensed hereunder, or because of any other factor relevant thereto;

(2) In consultation with the children’s services advisory committee, and with the advice and assistance of persons representative of the various type agencies to be licensed, to adopt and publish minimum requirements for licensing applicable to each of the various categories of agencies to be licensed.

The minimum requirements shall be limited to:

(a) The size and suitability of a facility and the plan of operation for carrying out the purpose for which an applicant seeks a license;

(b) The character, suitability and competence of an agency and other persons associated with an agency directly responsible for the care and treatment of children, expectant mothers or developmentally disabled persons. In consultation with law enforcement personnel, the secretary shall investigate the conviction record or pending charges and dependency record information under chapter 43.43 RCW of each agency and its staff seeking licensure or relicensure. In order to determine the suitability of applicants for an agency license, licensees, their employees, and other persons who have unsupervised access to children in care, and who have not resided in the state of Washington during the three-year period before being authorized to care for children shall be fingerprinted. The fingerprints shall be forwarded to the Washington state patrol and federal bureau of investigation for a criminal history records check. The fingerprint criminal history records checks will be at the expense of the licensee except that in the case of a foster family home, if this expense would work a hardship on the licensee, the department shall pay the expense. The licensee may not pass this cost on to the employee or prospective employee, unless the employee is determined to be unsuitable due to his or her criminal history record. The secretary shall use the information solely for the purpose of determining eligibility for a license and for determining the character, suitability, and competence of those persons or agencies, excluding parents, not required to be licensed who are authorized to care for children, expectant mothers, and developmentally disabled persons. Criminal justice agencies shall provide the secretary such information as they may have and that the secretary may require for such purpose;
(c) The number of qualified persons required to render the type of care and treatment for which an agency seeks a license;

(d) The safety, cleanliness, and general adequacy of the premises to provide for the comfort, care and well-being of children, expectant mothers or developmentally disabled persons;

(e) The provision of necessary care, including food, clothing, supervision and discipline; physical, mental and social well-being; and educational, recreational and spiritual opportunities for those served;

(f) The financial ability of an agency to comply with minimum requirements established pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031; and

(g) The maintenance of records pertaining to the admission, progress, health and discharge of persons served;

(3) To investigate any person, including relatives by blood or marriage except for parents, for character, suitability, and competence in the care and treatment of children, expectant mothers, and developmentally disabled persons. However, if a child is placed with a relative under RCW 13.34.060 or 13.34.130, and if such relative appears otherwise suitable and competent to provide care and treatment the criminal history background check required by this section need not be completed before placement, but shall be completed as soon as possible after placement;

(4) On reports of alleged child abuse and neglect, to investigate agencies in accordance with chapter 26.44 RCW, including child day-care centers and family day-care homes, to determine whether the alleged abuse or neglect has occurred, and whether child protective services or referral to a law enforcement agency is appropriate;

(5) To issue, revoke, or deny licenses to agencies pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031. Licenses shall specify the category of care which an agency is authorized to render and the ages, sex and number of persons to be served;

(6) To prescribe the procedures and the form and contents of reports necessary for the administration of chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 and to require regular reports from each licensee;

(7) To inspect agencies periodically to determine whether or not there is compliance with chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 and the requirements adopted hereunder;

(8) To review requirements adopted hereunder at least every two years and to adopt appropriate changes after consultation with the child care coordinating committee and other affected groups for child day-care requirements and with the children’s services advisory committee for requirements for other agencies; and

(9) To consult with public and private agencies in order to help them improve their methods and facilities for the care of children, expectant mothers and developmentally disabled persons.

Sec. 25. RCW 74.34.050 and 1986 c 187 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person participating in good faith in making a report under this chapter or testifying about (the) alleged abuse, neglect, abandonment, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult in a judicial proceeding under this chapter is immune from liability resulting from the report or testimony. The making of permissive reports as allowed in RCW 74.34.030 does not create any duty to report and no civil liability shall attach for any failure to make a permissive report under RCW 74.34.030.

(2) Conduct conforming with the reporting and testifying provisions of this chapter shall not be deemed a violation of any confidential communication privilege. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as superseding or abridging remedies provided in chapter 4.92 RCW.

Sec. 26. RCW 74.34.070 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 87 are each amended to read as follows:

In responding to reports of alleged abuse, exploitation, neglect, or abandonment under this chapter, the department shall provide information to the frail elder or vulnerable adult on protective services available to the person and inform the person of the right to refuse such services. The department shall develop cooperative agreements with community-based agencies servicing the abused elderly and vulnerable adults. The agreements shall cover such subjects as the appropriate roles and responsibilities of the department and community-based agencies in identifying and responding to
reports of alleged abuse, the provision of case-management services, standardized data collection procedures, and related coordination activities.

Sec. 27. RCW 13.34.090 and 1990 c 246 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any party has a right to be represented by an attorney in all proceedings under this chapter, to introduce evidence, to be heard in his or her own behalf, to examine witnesses, to receive a decision based solely on the evidence adduced at the hearing, and to an unbiased fact-finder.

(2) At all stages of a proceeding in which a child is alleged to be dependent pursuant to RCW 13.34.030((2)) (6), the child’s parent, guardian, or legal custodian has the right to be represented by counsel, and if indigent, to have counsel appointed for him or her by the court. Unless waived in court, counsel shall be provided to the child’s parent, guardian, or legal custodian, if such person (a) has appeared in the proceeding or requested the court to appoint counsel and (b) is financially unable to obtain counsel because of indigency as defined in chapter 10.101 RCW.

(3) If a party to an action under this chapter is represented by counsel, no order shall be provided to that party for his or her signature without prior notice and provision of the order to counsel.

(4) Copies of department of social and health services or supervising agency records to which parents have legal access pursuant to chapter 13.50 RCW shall be given to the child’s parent, guardian, legal custodian, or his or her legal counsel, within twenty days after the department or supervising agency receives a written request for such records from the parent, guardian, legal custodian, or his or her legal counsel. These records shall be provided to the child’s parents, guardian, legal custodian, or legal counsel prior to the shelter care hearing in order to allow an opportunity to review the records prior to the hearing. These records shall be legible and shall be provided at no expense to the parents, guardian, legal custodian, or his or her counsel.

Sec. 28. RCW 13.34.120 and 1996 c 249 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To aid the court in its decision on disposition, a social study, consisting of a written evaluation of matters relevant to the disposition of the case, shall be made by the person or agency filing the petition. The study shall include all social records and may also include facts relating to the child’s cultural heritage, and shall be made available to the court. The court shall consider the social file, social study, guardian ad litem report, the court-appointed special advocate’s report, if any, and any reports filed by a party at the disposition hearing in addition to evidence produced at the fact-finding hearing. At least ten working days before the disposition hearing, the department shall mail to the parent and his or her attorney a copy of the agency’s social study and proposed service plan, which shall be in writing or in a form understandable to the parents or custodians. In addition, the department shall provide an opportunity for parents to review and comment on the plan at the community service office. If the parents disagree with the agency’s plan or any part thereof, the parents shall submit to the court at least twenty-four hours before the hearing, in writing, or signed oral statement, an alternative plan to correct the problems which led to the finding of dependency. This section shall not interfere with the right of the parents or custodians to submit oral arguments regarding the disposition plan at the hearing.

(2) In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection (1) of this section, a predisposition study to the court in cases of dependency alleged pursuant to RCW 13.34.030((4)) (6) (b) or (c) shall contain the following information:

(a) A statement of the specific harm or harms to the child that intervention is designed to alleviate;

(b) A description of the specific programs, for both the parents and child, that are needed in order to prevent serious harm to the child; the reasons why such programs are likely to be useful; the availability of any proposed services; and the agency’s overall plan for ensuring that the services will be delivered;

(c) If removal is recommended, a full description of the reasons why the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, including a description of any previous efforts to work with the parents and the child in the home; the in-home treatment programs which have been considered and rejected; the preventive services that have been offered or provided and have failed to prevent the need
for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot be protected adequately in the home; and the parents’ attitude toward placement of the child;

(d) A statement of the likely harms the child will suffer as a result of removal. This section should include an exploration of the nature of the parent-child attachment and the meaning of separation and loss to both the parents and the child;

(e) A description of the steps that will be taken to minimize harm to the child that may result if separation occurs; and

(f) Behavior that will be expected before determination that supervision of the family or placement is no longer necessary.

Sec. 29. RCW 13.34.180 and 1993 c 412 s 2 and 1993 c 358 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

A petition seeking termination of a parent and child relationship may be filed in juvenile court by any party to the dependency proceedings concerning that child. Such petition shall conform to the requirements of RCW 13.34.040, shall be served upon the parties as provided in RCW 13.34.070(8), and shall allege:

(1) That the child has been found to be a dependent child under RCW 13.34.030((6)); and

(2) That the court has entered a dispositional order pursuant to RCW 13.34.130; and

(3) That the child has been removed or will, at the time of the hearing, have been removed from the custody of the parent for a period of at least six months pursuant to a finding of dependency under RCW 13.34.030((6)); and

(4) That the services ordered under RCW 13.34.130 have been offered or provided and all necessary services, reasonably available, capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been offered or provided; and

(5) That there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. In determining whether the conditions will be remedied the court may consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:

(a) Use of intoxicating or controlled substances so as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documented multiple failed treatment attempts; or

(b) Psychological incapacity or mental deficiency of the parent that is so severe and chronic as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time, and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documentation that there is no treatment that can render the parent capable of providing proper care for the child in the near future; and

(6) That continuation of the parent and child relationship clearly diminishes the child’s prospects for early integration into a stable and permanent home; or

(7) In lieu of the allegations in subsections (1) through (6) of this section, the petition may allege that the child was found under such circumstances that the whereabouts of the child’s parent are unknown and no person has acknowledged paternity or maternity and requested custody of the child within two months after the child was found.

A parent’s failure to substantially improve parental deficiencies within twelve months following entry of the dispositional order shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. The presumption shall not arise unless the petitioner makes a showing that all necessary services reasonably capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been offered or provided.

Notice of rights shall be served upon the parent, guardian, or legal custodian with the petition and shall be in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE
A petition for termination of parental rights has been filed against you. You have important legal rights and you must take steps to protect your interests. This petition could result in permanent loss of your parental rights.

1. You have the right to a fact-finding hearing before a judge.
2. You have the right to have a lawyer represent you at the hearing. A lawyer can look at the files in your case, talk to the department of social and health services and other agencies, tell you about the law, help you understand your rights, and help you at hearings. If you cannot afford a lawyer, the court will appoint one to represent you. To get a court-appointed lawyer you must contact: (explain local procedure).
3. At the hearing, you have the right to speak on your own behalf, to introduce evidence, to examine witnesses, and to receive a decision based solely on the evidence presented to the judge.

You should be present at this hearing.
You may call (insert agency) for more information about your child. The agency's name and telephone number are (insert name and telephone number).

Sec. 30. RCW 43.43.700 and 1989 c 334 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

There is hereby established within the Washington state patrol a section on identification, child abuse, vulnerable adult abuse, and criminal history hereafter referred to as the section.

In order to aid the administration of justice the section shall install systems for the identification of individuals, including the fingerprint system and such other systems as the chief deems necessary. The section shall keep a complete record and index of all information received in convenient form for consultation and comparison.

The section shall obtain from whatever source available and file for record the fingerprints, palmprints, photographs, or such other identification data as it deems necessary, of persons who have been or shall hereafter be lawfully arrested and charged with, or convicted of any criminal offense. The section may obtain like information concerning persons arrested for or convicted of crimes under the laws of another state or government.

The section shall also contain like information concerning persons, over the age of eighteen years, who have been found, pursuant to a dependency proceeding under RCW 13.34.030((2)(b)) 13.34.040, to have physically abused or sexually abused or exploited a child or, pursuant to a protection proceeding under chapter 74.34 RCW, to have abused or financially exploited a vulnerable adult.

Sec. 31. RCW 43.43.840 and 1989 c 334 s 5 and 1989 c 90 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The supreme court shall by rule require the courts of the state to notify the state patrol of any dependency action under RCW 13.34.030((2)(b)) 13.34.040, domestic relations action under Title 26 RCW, or protection action under chapter 74.34 RCW, in which the court makes specific findings of physical abuse or sexual abuse or exploitation of a child or abuse or financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult.

(2) The department of licensing shall notify the state patrol of any disciplinary board final decision that includes specific findings of physical abuse or sexual abuse or exploitation of a child or abuse or financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult.

(3) When a business or an organization terminates, fires, dismisses, fails to renew the contract, or permits the resignation of an employee because of crimes against children or other persons or because of crimes relating to the financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult, and if that employee is employed in a position requiring a certificate or license issued by a licensing agency such as the state board of education, the business or organization shall notify the licensing agency of such termination of employment.

Sec. 32. RCW 43.20A.050 and 1979 c 141 s 63 are each amended to read as follows:

It is the intent of the legislature wherever possible to place the internal affairs of the department under the control of the secretary (in order that he may) to institute (therein) the flexible, alert and intelligent management of its business that changing contemporary circumstances require. Therefore,
whenever (his) the secretary's authority is not specifically limited by law, he or she shall have complete charge and supervisory powers over the department. (He) The secretary is authorized to create such administrative structures as he may deem appropriate, except as otherwise specified by law. The secretary shall have the power to employ such assistants and personnel as may be necessary for the general administration of the department. (Provided, That) Except as elsewhere specified, such employment shall be in accordance with the rules of the state civil service law, chapter 41.06 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 33. It is the intent of the legislature, in enacting the chapter . . . . Laws of 1997 changes to RCW 41.64.100 (section 34 of this act), to provide a prompt and efficient method of expediting employee appeals regarding alleged misconduct that may have placed children at serious risk of harm. The legislature recognizes that children are at risk of harm in cases of abuse or neglect and intends to provide a method of reducing such risk as well as mitigating the potential liability to the state associated with employee misconduct involving children. The legislature does not intend to impair any existing rights of appeals held by employees, nor does it intend to restrict consideration of any appropriate evidence or facts by the personnel appeals board.

Sec. 34. RCW 41.64.100 and 1981 c 311 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In all appeals over which the board has jurisdiction involving reduction, dismissal, suspension, or demotion, the board shall set the case for hearing, and the final decision, including an appeal to the board from the hearing examiner, if any, shall be rendered within ninety days from the date the appeal was first received. An extension may be permitted if agreed to by the employee and the employing agency. The board shall furnish the agency with a copy of the appeal in advance of the hearing.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in a case involving misconduct that has placed a child at serious risk of harm as a result of actions taken or not taken under chapter 13.32A, 13.34, 13.40, 26.44, 74.13, 74.14A, 74.14B, 74.14C, or 74.15 RCW, the board shall hear the case before all other unresolved or unscheduled cases. The board shall issue its order within forty-five days of hearing the case unless there are extraordinary circumstances, in which case, an additional thirty days may elapse until the case is decided.

(3) In all appeals made pursuant to RCW 41.06.170, as now or hereafter amended, the decision of the board is final and not appealable to court.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 35. Section 34 of this act shall not be construed to alter an existing collective bargaining unit or the provisions of any existing bargaining agreement in place on the effective date of this section before the expiration of such agreement.

Sec. 36. RCW 26.44.020 and 1996 c 178 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of and as used in this chapter:

(1) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, juvenile department.

(2) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff.

(3) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" shall include a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That a person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner shall not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.

(4) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment or care.

(5) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.

(6) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.
(7) "Professional school personnel" shall include, but not be limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.

(8) "Social service counselor" shall mean anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support or education of children, or providing social services to adults or families, including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(9) "Psychologist" shall mean any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(10) "Pharmacist" shall mean any registered pharmacist under the provisions of chapter 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(11) "Clergy" shall mean any regularly licensed or ordained minister, priest or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

(12) "Abuse or neglect" shall mean the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person by any person under circumstances which indicate that the child's or adult's health, welfare, and safety is harmed. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined herein.

(13) "Child protective services section" shall mean the child protective services section of the department.

(14) "Adult dependent persons" shall be defined as those persons over the age of eighteen years who have been found to be legally incompetent or disabled pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW.

(15) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any person.

(16) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or omission which evidences a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to the child's health, welfare, and safety.

(17) "Developmentally disabled person" means a person who has a disability defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

(18) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard the general welfare of such children from future abuse and neglect, and conduct investigations of child abuse and neglect reports, including reports regarding child care centers and family child care homes, and the development, management, and provision of services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.

(19) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an evil intent, wish, or design to vex, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in wilful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a wilful disregard of social duty.

(20) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a "sexually aggressive youth."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 37. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:
(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 26.44.020 and chapter 74.13 RCW, the secretary may exercise his or her discretion to permit employees of the department to provide child protective services and child welfare services under the following circumstances:
   (a) The number of employees in an office or the location of an office makes it administratively impractical to require a strict segregation between the delivery of both types of services; or
   (b) There are exceptional circumstances, including such things as a disproportionately large number of vacant positions in an office; or

(2) The changes required to implement RCW 26.44.020 and this section shall not be made until the expiration of any collective bargaining agreement in effect on the effective date of this section, unless the parties to the agreement determine such changes can be made before that time.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 38. The Washington institute for public policy shall review the department’s programs and policies for the implementation of permanency plans to determine which programs and policies are the most successful in developing plans for children fourteen years of age or older. The institute shall provide a report, including recommendations, to the governor and legislature by June 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 39. The Washington institute for public policy shall review the criteria and policies of the department relating to establishment of guardianships for children involved with permanency planning. The review shall include an examination of whether: (1) There are methods of improving the department’s role in the lives of children for whom a guardianship has been established, without impairing the duties of a guardian and the guardian’s ability to provide the services for which he or she is responsible; (2) criteria for establishing, reviewing, and terminating a guardianship accurately reflects the needs of children of all ages; (3) existing laws and policies facilitate or impair the movement of children from guardianship status to permanent placement; and (4) existing data collection is accurate and adequate.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 40. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:
   The department shall prepare an annual quality assurance report that shall include but is not limited to: (1) Performance outcomes regarding health and safety of children in the children’s services system; (2) children’s length of stay in out-of-home placement from each date of referral; (3) adherence to permanency planning timelines; and (4) the response time on child protective services investigations differentiated by risk level determined at intake. The report shall be provided to the governor and legislature not later than July 1.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 41. A new section is added to chapter 26.44 RCW to read as follows:
   (1) When, as a result of a report of alleged child abuse or neglect, an investigation is made that includes an in-person contact with the person who is alleged to have committed the abuse or neglect, there shall be a determination of whether it is probable that the use of alcohol or controlled substances is a contributing factor to the alleged abuse or neglect.
   (2) The department shall provide appropriate training for persons who conduct the investigations under subsection (1) of this section. The training shall include methods of identifying indicators of abuse of alcohol or controlled substances.
   (3) If a determination is made under subsection (1) of this section that there is probable cause to believe abuse of alcohol or controlled substances has contributed to the child abuse or neglect, the department shall, within available funds, cause a comprehensive chemical dependency evaluation to be made of the person or persons so identified. The evaluation shall be conducted by a physician or persons certified under rules adopted by the department to make such evaluation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 42. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
   (1).RCW 43.06A.040 and 1996 c 131 s 5."

Correct the title.
SSB 5714  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Concerning the classification of forest practices and the regulation of forest practices by state and local entities. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5715  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Health & Long-Term Care: Licensing orthotists and prosthetists. Reported by Committee on Health Care

MAJORITY recommendation:  Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is the intent of the legislature that this act accomplish the following: Safeguard public health, safety, and welfare; protect the public from being mislead by unethical, ill-prepared, unscrupulous, and unauthorized persons; assure the highest degree of professional conduct on the part of orthotists and prosthetists; and assure the availability of orthotic and prosthetic services of high quality to persons in need of the services. The purpose of this act is to provide for the regulation of persons offering orthotic and prosthetic services to the public.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
(1) "Advisory committee" means the orthotics and prosthetics advisory committee.
(2) "Department" means the department of health.
(3) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.
(4) "Orthotics" means the science and practice of evaluating, measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, adjusting, or servicing, as well as providing the initial training necessary to accomplish the fitting of, an orthosis for the support, correction, or alleviation of neuromuscular or musculoskeletal dysfunction, disease, injury, or deformity. The practice of orthotics encompasses evaluation, treatment, and consultation. With basic observational gait and postural analysis, orthotists assess and design orthoses to maximize function and provide not only the support but the alignment necessary to either prevent or correct deformity or to improve the safety and efficiency of mobility or locomotion, or both. Orthotic practice includes providing continuing patient care in order to assess its effect on the patient's tissues and to assure proper fit and function of the orthotic device by periodic evaluation.
(5) "Orthotist" means a person licensed to practice orthotics under this chapter.

(6) "Orthosis" means a custom-fabricated, definitive brace or support that is designed for long-term use. Except for the treatment of scoliosis, orthosis does not include prefabricated or direct-formed orthotic devices, as defined in this section, or any of the following assistive technology devices: commercially available knee orthoses used following injury or surgery; spastic muscle tone-inhibiting orthoses; upper extremity adaptive equipment; finger splints; hand splints; custom-made, leather wrist gauntlets; face masks used following burns; wheelchair seating that is an integral part of the wheelchair and not worn by the patient independent of the wheelchair; fabric or elastic supports; corsets; arch supports, also known as foot orthotics; low-temperature formed plastic splints; trusses; elastic hose; canes; crutches; cervical collars; dental appliances; and other similar devices as determined by the secretary, such as those commonly carried in stock by a pharmacy, department store, corset shop, or surgical supply facility. Prefabricated orthoses, also known as custom-fitted, or off-the-shelf, are devices that are manufactured as commercially available stock items for no specific patient. Direct-formed orthoses are devices formed or shaped during the molding process directly on the patient's body or body segment. Custom-fabricated orthoses, also known as custom-made orthoses, are devices designed and fabricated, in turn, from raw materials for a specific patient and require the generation of an image, form, or mold that replicates the patient's body or body segment and, in turn, involves the rectification of dimensions, contours, and volumes to achieve proper fit, comfort, and function for that specific patient.

(7) "Prosthetics" means the science and practice of evaluating, measuring, designing, fabricating, assembling, fitting, aligning, adjusting, or servicing, as well as providing the initial training necessary to accomplish the fitting of, a prosthesis through the replacement of external parts of a human body lost due to amputation or congenital deformities or absences. The practice of prosthetics also includes the generation of an image, form, or mold that replicates the patient's body or body segment and that requires rectification of dimensions, contours, and volumes for use in the design and fabrication of a socket to accept a residual anatomic limb to, in turn, create an artificial appendage that is designed either to support body weight or to improve or restore function or cosmesis, or both. Involved in the practice of prosthetics is observational gait analysis and clinical assessment of the requirements necessary to refine and mechanically fix the relative position of various parts of the prosthesis to maximize the function, stability, and safety of the patient. The practice of prosthetics includes providing continuing patient care in order to assess the prosthetic device's effect on the patient's tissues and to assure proper fit and function of the prosthetic device by periodic evaluation.

(8) "Prosthetist" means a person who is licensed to practice prosthetics under this chapter.

(9) "Prosthesis" means a definitive artificial limb that is alignable or articulated, or, in lower extremity applications, capable of weight bearing. Prosthesis means an artificial medical device that is not surgically implanted and that is used to replace a missing limb, appendage, or other external human body part including an artificial limb, hand, or foot. The term does not include artificial eyes, ears, fingers or toes, dental appliances, ostomy products, devices such as artificial breasts, eyelashes, wigs, or other devices as determined by the secretary that do not have a significant impact on the musculoskeletal functions of the body. In the lower extremity of the body, the term prosthesis does not include prostheses required for amputations distal to and including the transmetatarsal level. In the upper extremity of the body, the term prosthesis does not include prostheses that are provided to restore function for amputations distal to and including the carpal level.

(10) "Authorized health care practitioner" means licensed physicians, physician's assistants, osteopathic physicians, chiropractors, naturopaths, podiatric physicians and surgeons, dentists, and advanced registered nurse practitioners.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. An orthotist or prosthetist may only provide treatment utilizing new orthoses or prostheses for which the orthotist or prosthetist is licensed to do so, and only under an order from or referral by an authorized health care practitioner. A consultation and periodic review by an authorized health care practitioner is not required for evaluation, repair, adjusting, or servicing of orthoses by a licensed orthotist and servicing of prostheses by a licensed prosthetist. Nor is an authorized health care practitioner's order required for maintenance of an orthosis or prosthesis to the
level of its original prescription for an indefinite period of time if the order remains appropriate for the patient’s medical needs.

Orthotists and prosthetists must refer persons under their care to authorized health care practitioners if they have reasonable cause to believe symptoms or conditions are present that require services beyond the scope of their practice or for which the prescribed orthotic or prosthetic treatment is contraindicated.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. No person may represent himself or herself as a licensed orthotist or prosthetist, use a title or description of services, or engage in the practice of orthotics or prosthetics without applying for licensure, meeting the required qualifications, and being licensed by the department of health, unless otherwise exempted by this chapter.

A person not licensed with the secretary must not represent himself or herself as being so licensed and may not use in connection with his or her name the words or letters "L.O.,” “L.P.,” or “L.P.O.,” or other letters, words, signs, numbers, or insignia indicating or implying that he or she is either a licensed orthotist or a licensed prosthetist, or both. No person may practice orthotics or prosthetics without first having a valid license. The license must be posted in a conspicuous location at the person’s work site.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit or restrict:

1. The practice by individuals listed under RCW 18.130.040 and performing services within their authorized scopes of practice;
2. The practice by an individual employed by the government of the United States while engaged in the performance of duties prescribed by the laws of the United States;
3. The practice by a person who is a regular student in an orthotic or prosthetic educational program approved by the secretary, and whose performance of services is pursuant to a regular course of instruction or assignments from an instructor and under the general supervision of the instructor, if the person is designated by a title that clearly indicates the person’s status as a student or trainee;
4. A person fulfilling the supervised residency or internship experience requirements described in section 8 of this act, if the activities and services constitute a part of the experience necessary to meet the requirements of this chapter; or
5. A person from performing orthotic or prosthetic services in this state if: (a) The services are performed for no more than ninety working days; and (b) the person is licensed in another state or has met commonly accepted standards for the practice of orthotics or prosthetics as determined by the secretary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. In addition to other authority provided by law, the secretary has the authority to:
1. Adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW necessary to implement this chapter;
2. Establish administrative procedures, administrative requirements, and fees in accordance with RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280. All fees collected under this section must be credited to the health professions account as required under RCW 43.70.320;
3. Register applicants, issue licenses to applicants who have met the education, training, and examination requirements for licensure, and deny licenses to applicants who do not meet the minimum qualifications, except that proceedings concerning the denial of credentials based upon unprofessional conduct or impairment are governed by the uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW;
4. Hire clerical, administrative, investigative, and other staff as needed to implement this chapter and hire individuals licensed under this chapter to serve as examiners for any practical examinations;
5. Determine minimum education requirements and evaluate and designate those educational programs from which graduation will be accepted as proof of eligibility to take a qualifying examination for applicants for licensure;
6. Establish the standards and procedures for revocation of approval of education programs;
7. Utilize or contract with individuals or organizations having expertise in the profession or in education to assist in the evaluations;
(8) Prepare and administer, or approve the preparation and administration of, examinations for applicants for licensure;

(9) Determine whether alternative methods of training are equivalent to formal education, and establish forms, procedures, and criteria for evaluation of an applicant's alternative training to determine the applicant's eligibility to take any qualifying examination;

(10) Determine which jurisdictions have licensing requirements equivalent to those of this state and issue licenses without examinations to individuals licensed in those jurisdictions;

(11) Define and approve any experience requirement for licensing;

(12) Implement and administer a program for consumer education;

(13) Adopt rules implementing continuing competency requirements for renewal of the license and relicensing;

(14) Maintain the official department records of all applicants and licensees;

(15) Establish by rule the procedures for an appeal of an examination failure;

(16) Establish requirements and procedures for an inactive license; and

(17) With the advice of the advisory committee, the secretary may recommend collaboration with health professions, boards, and commissions to develop appropriate referral protocols.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) The secretary has the authority to appoint an advisory committee to further the purposes of this chapter. The secretary may consider the persons who are recommended for appointment by the orthotic and prosthetic associations of the state. The committee is composed of five members, one member initially appointed for a term of one year, two for a term of two years, and two for a term of three years. Subsequent appointments are for terms of three years. No person may serve as a member of the committee for more than two consecutive terms. Members of the advisory committee must be residents of this state and citizens of the United States. The committee is composed of three individuals licensed in the category designated and engaged in rendering services to the public. Two members must at all times be holders of licenses for the practice of either prosthetics or orthotics, or both, in this state, except for the initial members of the advisory committee, all of whom must fulfill the requirements for licensure under this chapter. One member must be a practicing orthotist. One member must be a practicing prosthetist. One member must be licensed by the state as a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW, specializing in orthopedic medicine or surgery or physiatry. Two members must represent the public at large and be unaffiliated directly or indirectly with the profession being credentialed but, to the extent possible, be consumers of orthotic and prosthetic services. The two members appointed to the advisory committee representing the public at large must have an interest in the rights of consumers of health services and must not be or have been a licensee of a health occupation committee or an employee of a health facility, nor derive his or her primary livelihood from the provision of health services at any level of responsibility.

(2) The secretary may remove any member of the advisory committee for cause as specified by rule. In the case of a vacancy, the secretary shall appoint a person to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.

(3) The advisory committee may provide advice on matters specifically identified and requested by the secretary, such as applications for licenses.

(4) The advisory committee may be requested by the secretary to approve an examination required for licensure under this chapter.

(5) The advisory committee may be requested by the secretary to review and monitor the exemptions to requirements of certain orthoses and prostheses in this chapter and recommend to the secretary any statutory changes that may be needed to properly protect the public.

(6) The advisory committee, at the request of the secretary, may recommend rules in accordance with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, relating to standards for appropriateness of orthotic and prosthetic care.

(7) The advisory committee shall meet at the times and places designated by the secretary and hold meetings during the year as necessary to provide advice to the secretary. The committee may elect a chair and a vice-chair. A majority of the members currently serving constitute a quorum.

(8) Each member of an advisory committee shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as authorized in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. In addition, members of the committees shall be
compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.240 when engaged in the authorized business of their committees.

(9) The secretary, members of advisory committees, or individuals acting on their behalf are immune from suit in any action, civil or criminal, based on any credentialing or disciplinary proceedings or other official acts performed in the course of their duties.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) An applicant must file a written application on forms provided by the department showing to the satisfaction of the secretary, in consultation with the advisory committee, that the applicant meets the following requirements:

(a) The applicant possesses a baccalaureate degree with coursework appropriate for the profession approved by the secretary, or possesses equivalent training as determined by the secretary pursuant to subsections (3) and (5) of this section;

(b) The applicant has the amount of formal training, including the hours of classroom education and clinical practice, in areas of study as the secretary deems necessary and appropriate;

(c) The applicant has completed a clinical internship or residency in the professional area for which a license is sought in accordance with the standards, guidelines, or procedures for clinical internships or residencies inside or outside the state as established by the secretary, or that are otherwise substantially equivalent to the standards commonly accepted in the fields of orthotics and prosthetics as determined by the secretary pursuant to subsections (3) and (5) of this section. The secretary must set the internship as at least one year.

(2) An applicant for licensure as either an orthotist or prosthetist must pass all written and practical examinations that are required and approved by the secretary in consultation with the advisory committee.

(3) The standards and requirements for licensure established by the secretary must be substantially equal to the standards commonly accepted in the fields of orthotics and prosthetics.

(4) An applicant failing to make the required grade in the first examination may take up to three subsequent examinations as the applicant desires upon prepaying a fee, determined by the secretary under RCW 43.70.250, for each subsequent examination. Upon failing four examinations, the secretary may invalidate the original application and require remedial education before the person may take future examinations.

(5) The secretary may waive some of the education, examination, or experience requirements of this section if the secretary determines that the applicant meets alternative standards, established by the secretary through rule, that are substantially equivalent to the requirements in subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The secretary may grant a license without an examination for those applicants who have practiced full time for five of the six years prior to the effective date of this act and who have provided comprehensive orthotic or prosthetic, or orthotic and prosthetic, services in an established practice. This section applies only to those individuals who apply within one year of the effective date of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. An applicant holding a license in another state or a territory of the United States may be licensed to practice in this state without examination if the secretary determines that the other jurisdiction’s credentialing standards are substantially equivalent to the standards in this jurisdiction.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. The uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, governs the issuance and denial of licenses, unauthorized practice, and the discipline of persons licensed under this chapter. The secretary is the disciplining authority under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. This chapter is known and may be cited as the orthotics and prosthetics practice act.
Sec. 13. RCW 18.130.040 and 1996 c 200 s 32 and 1996 c 81 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter applies only to the secretary and the boards and commissions having jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed under the chapters specified in this section. This chapter does not apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters specified in this section.

(2)(a) The secretary has authority under this chapter in relation to the following professions:
   (i) Dispensing opticians licensed under chapter 18.34 RCW;
   (ii) Naturopaths licensed under chapter 18.36A RCW;
   (iii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;
   (iv) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;
   (v) Massage operators and businesses licensed under chapter 18.108 RCW;
   (vi) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW;
   (vii) Acupuncturists licensed under chapter 18.06 RCW;
   (viii) Radiologic technologists certified and X-ray technicians registered under chapter 18.84 RCW;
   (ix) Respiratory care practitioners certified under chapter 18.89 RCW;
   (x) Persons registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW;
   (xi) Persons registered as nursing pool operators under chapter 18.52C RCW;
   (xii) Nursing assistants registered or certified under chapter 18.79 RCW;
   (xiii) Health care assistants certified under chapter 18.135 RCW;
   (xiv) Dietitians and nutritionists certified under chapter 18.138 RCW;
   (xv) Sex offender treatment providers certified under chapter 18.155 RCW;
   (xvi) Persons licensed and certified under chapter 18.73 RCW or RCW 18.71.205;
   (xvii) Persons registered as adult family home providers and resident managers under RCW 18.48.020; ((and))
   (xviii) Denturists licensed under chapter 18.30 RCW; and
   (xix) Orthotists and prosthetists licensed under chapter 18.-- RCW (sections 2 through 12 of this act).

   (b) The boards and commissions having authority under this chapter are as follows:
   (i) The podiatric medical board as established in chapter 18.22 RCW;
   (ii) The chiropractic quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.25 RCW;
   (iii) The dental quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.32 RCW;
   (iv) The board of hearing and speech as established in chapter 18.35 RCW;
   (v) The board of examiners for nursing home administrators as established in chapter 18.52 RCW;
   (vi) The optometry board as established in chapter 18.54 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.53 RCW;
   (vii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established in chapter 18.57 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW;
   (viii) The board of pharmacy as established in chapter 18.64 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW;
   (ix) The medical quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.71 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;
   (x) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 RCW;
   (xi) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;
   (xii) The nursing care quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.79 RCW governing licenses issued under that chapter;
   (xiii) The examining board of psychology and its disciplinary committee as established in chapter 18.83 RCW; and
   (xiv) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 18.92 RCW.

(3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses based on the conditions and criteria established in this chapter and the chapters specified in subsection (2) of this section. This chapter also governs any investigation,
hearing, or proceeding relating to denial of licensure or issuance of a license conditioned on the applicant’s compliance with an order entered pursuant to RCW 18.130.160 by the disciplining authority.

(4) All disciplining authorities shall adopt procedures to ensure substantially consistent application of this chapter, the Uniform Disciplinary Act, among the disciplining authorities listed in subsection (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. Sections 2 through 12 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 18 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. Sections 1 through 5 and 8 through 12 of this act take effect December 1, 1998."

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives Dyer, Chairman; Backlund, Vice Chairman; Skinner, Vice Chairman; Cody, Ranking Minority Member; Murray, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Anderson; Conway; Parlette; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Sherstad.

Voting Nay: Representative Sherstad.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5718 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Protecting certain personal information in state motor vehicle and driver records. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. This chapter may be cited as the Uniform Motor Vehicle and Driver Records Disclosure Act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The purpose of this chapter is to implement the federal Driver’s Privacy Protection Act of 1994 (Title XXX P.L. 103-322). The legislature finds that the people of the state of Washington recognize the public benefit derived from motor vehicle registration and titling, driver licensing, and the issuance of identification documentation, and that the people recognize the need to provide personal information to the state of Washington and its agencies in order to properly maintain records on these activities.

The legislature further finds that the people have a right to expect that personal information maintained in motor vehicle and driver records will be used only for purposes relating to the ownership or operation of a motor vehicle, for purposes of public safety, and as otherwise expressly required or permitted by law."
It is the intent of this act to protect the interests of individuals in their personal privacy by prohibiting the disclosure and use of personal information contained in their motor vehicle and driver records, except as authorized by those individuals or by law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Disclose" means to engage in any practice or conduct to make available and make known personal information contained in a motor vehicle or driver record about a person to any other person, organization, or entity, by any means of communication.

(2) "Individual record" is a motor vehicle or driver record containing personal information about a designated person who is the subject of the record as identified in a request.

(3) "Motor vehicle or driver record" means any record that pertains to a motor vehicle operator's or driver's license or permit, motor vehicle registration, motor vehicle title, or identification document issued by the department of licensing, or other state or local agency authorized to issue any of such forms of credentials.

(4) "Person" means an individual, organization, or entity, but does not include the state of Washington or an agency thereof.

(5) "Personal information" means information that identifies a person, including an individual's photograph or computerized image, social security number, driver identification number, name, address (but not the five-digit zip code), telephone number, and medical or disability information, but does not include information on vehicular accidents, driving or equipment-related violations, and driver's license or registration status.

(6) "Record" includes all books, papers, photographs, photostats, cards, films, tapes, recordings, electronic data, printouts, or other documentary materials regardless of physical form or characteristics.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Notwithstanding chapter 42.17 RCW to the contrary, except as provided in section 5, 6, or 7 of this act, the department and any officer, employee, agent, or contractor thereof shall not disclose personal information about any person obtained by the department in connection with a motor vehicle or driver record.


NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Nothing in this chapter prevents the disclosure of personal information referred to in section 4 of this act to a requesting person if the person demonstrates, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, that the person has obtained the written consent of the person who is the subject of the information.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Personal information referred to in section 4 of this act may be disclosed as otherwise permitted by law to any person by the department, its officers, employees, or contractors, on proof of the identity of the person requesting a record or records and representation by such person that the use of the personal information will be strictly limited to one or more of the following described uses:

(1) For use by any government agency, including any court or law enforcement agency, in carrying out its functions, or any private person or entity acting on behalf of a government agency in carrying out its functions;
(2) For use in connection with matters of motor vehicle or driver safety and theft; motor vehicle emissions; motor vehicle product alterations, recalls, or advisories; performance monitoring of motor vehicles, motor vehicle parts, and dealers; motor vehicle market research activities, including survey research; and removal of nonowner records from the original owner records of motor vehicle manufacturers;

(3) For use in the normal course of business by a legitimate business or its agents, employees, or contractors, but only:
   (a) To verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by the individual to the business or its agents, employees, or contractors; and
   (b) If such information as so submitted is not correct or is no longer correct, to obtain the correct information, but only for the purposes of preventing fraud by, pursuing legal remedies against, or recovering on a debt or security interest against, the individual;

(4) For use in connection with any civil, criminal, administrative, or arbitral proceeding in any court or government agency or before any self-regulatory body, including the service of process, investigation in anticipation of litigation, and the execution or enforcement of judgments and orders, or pursuant to an order of any court;

(5) For use in research activities, and for use in producing statistical reports, so long as the personal information is not published, redisclosed, or used to contact individuals;

(6) For use by any insurer or insurance support organization, or by a self-insured entity, or its agents, employees, or contractors, in connection with claims investigation activities, anti-fraud activities, rating, or underwriting;

(7) For use in providing notice to the legal and registered owners of towed or impounded vehicles;

(8) For use by any licensed private investigative agency or licensed security service for any purpose permitted under this section;

(9) For use by an employer or its agent or insurer to obtain or verify information relating to a holder of a commercial driver’s license that is required under the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (49 U.S.C. App. 2710 et seq.);

(10) For use in connection with the operation of private toll transportation facilities;

(11) For use in connection with matters of public interest where the use is related to operation of a motor vehicle or to public safety, including disclosure to the news media for public dissemination. For purposes of this subsection, the use of personal information is related to public safety if it concerns the physical safety or security of citizens as drivers, passengers, or pedestrians and their vehicles or property; and

(12) For any other use specifically authorized by law that is related to the operation of a motor vehicle or public safety.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Disclosure of personal information required or permitted under sections 5 through 7 of this act shall be subject to payment by the requesting person to the department of all fees for the information required by statute, regulation, administrative practice, or the terms of any contract with the requesting person, on such terms for payment as may be required or agreed, or as may be determined by the department within the constraints of law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. In addition to provisions for payment of applicable fees, the department may, prior to the disclosure of personal information as permitted under sections 5 through 7 of this act, require the meeting of conditions by the requesting person for the purposes of obtaining reasonable assurance concerning the identity of such requesting person, and, to the extent required, that the use will be only as authorized, or the consent of the person who is the subject of the information has been obtained. Such conditions may include, but need not be limited to, the making and filing of a written application in such form and containing such information and certification requirements as the department may prescribe.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. An authorized recipient of personal information may resell or redisclose the information for any use permitted under section 7 of this act if such resale or
redisclosure is otherwise permitted by law, and subject to any applicable agreement with the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Any social security number obtained from a person applying for or renewing a noncommercial driver's license shall be used solely for the purpose of verifying the validity of the number with the social security administration, as required by the federal illegal immigration act, P.L. 104-208. Once the validity of the number has been established, all record of the number shall be destroyed and no record of the number shall be maintained by the department of licensing or its contractors or agents.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. The department is authorized to adopt rules to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. Any person requesting the disclosure of personal information from department records who knowingly misrepresents his or her identity or knowingly makes a false statement to the department on any application required to be submitted pursuant to this chapter shall be guilty of false swearing, a gross misdemeanor, under RCW 9A.72.040.

Sec. 14. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:

(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.

(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.

(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.

(d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy.

(e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.

(f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.

(g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.
(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

(k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.

(l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.
(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced
or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or
seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

(aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person
when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure
would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in
RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice,
under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights
in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii)
requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation
of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state,
or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW
15.86.110.

(gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data
submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program
services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a
quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in
possession of the information and documents.

(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential
income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this
section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal
privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption
may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily
identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section
may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a
hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such
records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental
function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall
include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a
brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

Sec. 15. RCW 46.12.370 and 1982 c 215 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
In addition to any other authority which it may have, and subject to section 4 of this act, the
department of licensing may furnish lists of registered and legal owners of motor vehicles only for the
purposes specified in this section to:

(1) The manufacturers of motor vehicles, or their authorized agents, to be used to enable those
manufacturers to carry out the provisions of the Federal Automobile Information Disclosure Act (15
1381 et seq.), the Anti-Car Theft Act of 1992 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 2021 et seq.), and the Clean Air Act (42
U.S.C. Sec. 7401 et seq.), including amendments or additions thereto, respecting safety-related defects
in motor vehicles;
(2) Any governmental agency of the United States or Canada, or political subdivisions thereof, to be used by it or by its authorized commercial agents or contractors only in connection with the enforcement of motor vehicle or traffic laws by, or programs related to traffic safety of, that government agency. Only such parts of the list as are required for completion of the work required of the agent or contractor shall be provided to such agent or contractor; or

(3) Any business regularly making loans to other persons to finance the purchase of motor vehicles, to be used to assist the person requesting the list to determine ownership of specific vehicles for the purpose of determining whether or not to provide such financing. In the event a list of registered and legal owners of motor vehicles is used for any purpose other than that authorized in subsections (1), (2) and (3) of this section, the manufacturer, governmental agency, financial institution or their authorized agents or contractors responsible for the unauthorized disclosure or use will be denied further access to such information by the department of licensing.

Sec. 16. RCW 46.12.380 and 1995 c 254 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 42.17 RCW, the name or address of an individual vehicle owner shall not be released by the department, county auditor, or agency or firm authorized by the department except as provided in section 5, 6, or 7 of this act and under the following circumstances:

(a) The requesting party is a business entity that requests the information for use in the course of business;

(b) The request is a written request that is signed by the person requesting disclosure that contains the full legal name and address of the requesting party, that specifies the purpose for which the information will be used; and

(c) The requesting party enters into a disclosure agreement with the department in which the party promises that the party will use the information only for the purpose stated in the request for the information; and that the party does not intend to use, or facilitate the use of, the information for the purpose of making any unsolicited business contact with a person named in the disclosed information. The term "unsolicited business contact" means a contact that is intended to result in, or promote, the sale of any goods or services to a person named in the disclosed information. The term does not apply to situations where the requesting party and such person have been involved in a business transaction prior to the date of the disclosure request and where the request is made in connection with the transaction.

(2) The disclosing entity shall retain the request for disclosure for three years.

(3) Whenever the disclosing entity grants a request for information under this section by an attorney or private investigator, the disclosing entity shall provide notice to the vehicle owner, to whom the information applies, that the request has been granted. The notice also shall contain the name and address of the requesting party.

(4) Any person who is furnished vehicle owner information under this section shall be responsible for assuring that the information furnished is not used for a purpose contrary to the agreement between the person and the department.

(5) This section shall not apply to requests for information by governmental entities or requests that may be granted under any other provision of this title expressly authorizing the disclosure of the names or addresses of vehicle owners. Governmental entities that are exempt from the prohibition on receiving the name or address of an individual vehicle owner under this subsection, may disclose such information to any person, as defined under section 3 of this act, based on information demonstrating a reasonable suspicion of serious threat to person or property in relation to any person’s operation of a motor vehicle or public safety.

(6) This section shall not apply to title history information under RCW 19.118.170.

Sec. 17. RCW 46.52.060 and 1979 c 158 s 161 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty of the chief of the Washington state patrol to file, tabulate, and analyze all accident reports and to publish annually, immediately following the close of each fiscal year, and monthly during the course of the year, statistical information based thereon showing the number of
accidents, the location, the frequency and circumstances thereof and other statistical information which may prove of assistance in determining the cause of vehicular accidents.

Such accident reports and analysis or reports thereof shall be available to the director of licensing, the department of transportation, the utilities and transportation commission, or their duly authorized representatives, for further tabulation and analysis for pertinent data relating to the regulation of highway traffic, highway construction, vehicle operators and all other purposes, and to publish information so derived as may be deemed of publication value, within the constraints of section 4 of this act.

Sec. 18. RCW 46.52.120 and 1993 c 501 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall keep a case record on every motor vehicle driver licensed under the laws of this state, together with information on each driver, showing all the convictions and findings of traffic infractions certified by the courts, together with an index cross-reference record of each accident reported relating to such individual with a brief statement of the cause of the accident. The chief of the Washington state patrol shall furnish the index cross-reference record to the director, with reference to each driver involved in the reported accidents.

(2) The records shall be for the confidential use of the director, the chief of the Washington state patrol, the director of the Washington traffic safety commission, and for such police officers or other cognizant public officials as may be designated by law, and shall not be disclosed except as permitted under section 5, 6, or 7 of this act and as otherwise permitted by law. Such case records shall not be offered as evidence in any court except in case appeal is taken from the order of the director, suspending, revoking, canceling, or refusing a vehicle driver’s license.

(3) The director shall tabulate and analyze vehicle driver’s case records and suspend, revoke, cancel, or refuse a vehicle driver’s license to a person when it is deemed from facts contained in the case record of such person that it is for the best interest of public safety that such person be denied the privilege of operating a motor vehicle. Whenever the director orders the vehicle driver’s license of any such person suspended, revoked, or canceled, or refuses the issuance of a vehicle driver’s license, such suspension, revocation, cancellation, or refusal is final and effective unless appeal from the decision of the director is taken as provided by law.

Sec. 19. RCW 46.52.130 and 1996 c 307 s 4 and 1996 c 183 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

A certified abstract of the driving record shall be furnished only to the individual named in the abstract, an employer or prospective employer or an agent acting on behalf of an employer or prospective employer if the named individual’s employment involves the operation of a motor vehicle, the insurance carrier that has insurance in effect covering the employer or a prospective employer, the insurance carrier that has insurance in effect covering the named individual, the insurance carrier to which the named individual has applied, an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency approved by the department of social and health services, to which the named individual has applied or been assigned for evaluation or treatment. For purposes of section 7(11) of this act, the disclosure of personal information contained in the abstract of the driving record to an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency shall be authorized for purposes of public safety. City attorneys and county prosecuting attorneys may provide the driving record to alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies approved by the department of social and health services to which the named individual has applied or been assigned for evaluation or treatment. The director, upon proper request, shall furnish a certified abstract covering the period of not more than the last three years to insurance companies. Upon proper request, the director shall furnish a certified abstract covering a period of not more than the last five years to state approved alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies, except that the certified abstract shall also include records of alcohol-related offenses as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2) covering a period of not more than the last ten years. Upon proper request, a certified abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department shall be furnished to a city or county prosecuting attorney, to the individual named in the abstract or to an employer or prospective employer or an agent acting on behalf of an employer or prospective employer of the named individual. The abstract, whenever possible, shall include an enumeration of motor vehicle
accidents in which the person was driving; the total number of vehicles involved; whether the vehicles were legally parked or moving; whether the vehicles were occupied at the time of the accident; any reported convictions, forfeitures of bail, or findings that an infraction was committed based upon a violation of any motor vehicle law; and the status of the person’s driving privilege in this state. The enumeration shall include any reports of failure to appear in response to a traffic citation or failure to respond to a notice of infraction served upon the named individual by an arresting officer. Certified abstracts furnished to prosecutors and alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies shall also indicate whether a recorded violation is an alcohol-related offense as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2) that was originally charged as one of the alcohol-related offenses designated in RCW 46.01.260(2)(a)(ii) (b)(i).

The abstract provided to the insurance company shall exclude any information, except that related to the commission of misdemeanors or felonies by the individual, pertaining to law enforcement officers or fire fighters as defined in RCW 41.26.030, or any officer of the Washington state patrol, while driving official vehicles in the performance of occupational duty. The abstract provided to the insurance company shall include convictions for RCW 46.61.525 (1) and (2) except that the abstract shall report them only as negligent driving without reference to whether they are for first or second degree negligent driving. The abstract provided to the insurance company shall exclude any deferred prosecution under RCW 10.05.060, except that if a person is removed from a deferred prosecution under RCW 10.05.090, the abstract shall show the deferred prosecution as well as the removal.

The director shall collect for each abstract the sum of four dollars and fifty cents which shall be deposited in the highway safety fund.

Any insurance company or its agent receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for its own underwriting purposes and shall not divulge any of the information contained in it to a third party. No policy of insurance may be canceled, nonrenewed, denied, or have the rate increased on the basis of such information unless the policyholder was determined to be at fault. No insurance company or its agent for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of commercial motor vehicles may use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person’s operation of motor vehicles while not engaged in such employment, nor may any insurance company or its agent for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of noncommercial motor vehicles use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person’s operation of commercial motor vehicles.

Any employer or prospective employer or an agent acting on behalf of an employer or prospective employer receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for his or her own purpose to determine whether the licensee should be permitted to operate a commercial vehicle or school bus upon the public highways of this state and shall not divulge any information contained in it to a third party.

Any alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency approved by the department of social and health services receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for the purpose of assisting its employees in making a determination as to what level of treatment, if any, is appropriate. The agency, or any of its employees, shall not divulge any information contained in the abstract to a third party.

Release of a certified abstract of the driving record of an employee or prospective employee requires a statement signed by: (1) The employee or prospective employee that authorizes the release of the record, and (2) the employer attesting that the information is necessary to determine whether the licensee should be employed to operate a commercial vehicle or school bus upon the public highways of this state. If the employer or prospective employer authorizes an agent to obtain this information on their behalf, this must be noted in the statement.

Any violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 20. RCW 46.63.020 and 1996 c 307 s 6, 1996 c 287 s 7, 1996 c 93 s 3, 1996 c 87 s 21, and 1996 c 31 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Failure to perform any act required or the performance of any act prohibited by this title or an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution relating to traffic including parking, standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses, is designated as a traffic infraction and may not be classified as a criminal offense, except for an offense contained in the following provisions.
of this title or a violation of an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution:

(1) Section 13 of this act relating to misrepresentation of identity or making a false statement to the department on an application for personal information;

(2) RCW 46.09.120(2) relating to the operation of a nonhighway vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance;

(3) RCW 46.09.130 relating to operation of nonhighway vehicles;

(4) RCW 46.10.090(2) relating to the operation of a snowmobile while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or habit-forming drugs or in a manner endangering the person of another;

(5) RCW 46.10.130 relating to the operation of snowmobiles;

(6) Chapter 46.12 RCW relating to certificates of ownership and registration and markings indicating that a vehicle has been destroyed or declared a total loss;

(7) RCW 46.16.010 relating to initial registration of motor vehicles;

(8) RCW 46.16.011 relating to permitting unauthorized persons to drive;

(9) RCW 46.16.160 relating to vehicle trip permits;

(10) RCW 46.16.381 (6) or (9) relating to unauthorized use or acquisition of a special placard or license plate for disabled persons’ parking;

(11) RCW 46.20.021 relating to driving without a valid driver’s license, unless the person cited for the violation provided the citing officer with an expired driver’s license or other valid identifying documentation under RCW 46.20.035 at the time of the stop and was not in violation of RCW 46.20.342(1) or 46.20.420, in which case the violation is an infraction;

(12) RCW 46.20.091 relating to false statements regarding a driver’s license or instruction permit;

(13) RCW 46.20.336 relating to the unlawful possession and use of a driver’s license;

(14) RCW 46.20.342 relating to driving with a suspended or revoked license or status;

(15) RCW 46.20.410 relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational driver’s license;

(16) RCW 46.20.420 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle with a suspended or revoked license;

(17) RCW 46.20.750 relating to assisting another person to start a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device;

(18) RCW 46.25.170 relating to commercial driver’s licenses;

(19) Chapter 46.29 RCW relating to financial responsibility;

(20) RCW 46.30.040 relating to providing false evidence of financial responsibility;

(21) RCW 46.37.435 relating to wrongful installation of sunscreening material;

(22) RCW 46.44.180 relating to operation of mobile home pilot vehicles;

(23) RCW 46.48.175 relating to the transportation of dangerous articles;

(24) RCW 46.52.010 relating to duty on striking an unattended car or other property;

(25) RCW 46.52.020 relating to duty in case of injury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;

(26) RCW 46.52.090 relating to reports by repairmen, storagemen, and appraisers;

(27) RCW 46.52.100 relating to driving under the influence of liquor or drugs;

(28) RCW 46.52.130 relating to confidentiality of the driving record to be furnished to an insurance company, an employer, and an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency;

(29) RCW 46.55.020 relating to engaging in the activities of a registered tow truck operator without a registration certificate;

(30) RCW 46.55.035 relating to prohibited practices by tow truck operators;

(31) RCW 46.61.015 relating to obedience to police officers, flagmen, or fire fighters;

(32) RCW 46.61.020 relating to refusal to give information to or cooperate with an officer;

(33) RCW 46.61.022 relating to failure to stop and give identification to an officer;

(34) RCW 46.61.024 relating to attempting to elude pursuing police vehicles;

(35) RCW 46.61.500 relating to reckless driving;
(35) RCW 46.61.502 and 46.61.504 relating to persons under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;
(36) RCW 46.61.503 relating to a person under age twenty-one driving a motor vehicle after consuming alcohol;
(37) RCW 46.61.520 relating to vehicular homicide by motor vehicle;
(38) RCW 46.61.522 relating to vehicular assault;
(39) RCW 46.61.527(1) relating to first degree negligent driving;
(40) RCW 46.61.527(4) relating to reckless endangerment of roadway workers;
(41) RCW 46.61.530 relating to racing of vehicles on highways;
(42) RCW 46.61.685 relating to leaving children in an unattended vehicle with the motor running;
(43) RCW 46.64.010 relating to unlawful cancellation of or attempt to cancel a traffic citation;
(44) RCW 46.64.048 relating to attempting, aiding, abetting, coercing, and committing crimes;
(45) Chapter 46.65 RCW relating to habitual traffic offenders;
(46) RCW 46.68.010 relating to false statements made to obtain a refund;
(47) Chapter 46.70 RCW relating to unfair motor vehicle business practices, except where that chapter provides for the assessment of monetary penalties of a civil nature;
(48) Chapter 46.72 RCW relating to the transportation of passengers in for hire vehicles;
(49) RCW 46.80 relating to motor vehicle wreckers;
(50) Chapter 46.82 RCW relating to driver’s training schools.

RCW 46.87.260 relating to alteration or forgery of a cab card, letter of authority, or other temporary authority issued under chapter 46.87 RCW;
(52) RCW 46.87.290 relating to operation of an unregistered or unlicensed vehicle under chapter 46.87 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. Sections 1 through 13 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 46 RCW, to be codified between chapters 46.04 and 46.08 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. This act takes effect September 13, 1997.

Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Buck; Cairnes; Chandler and Constantine.


Voting Nay: Representatives Buck, Cairnes and Constantine.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SSB 5724 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Law & Justice: Extending the statute of limitations for first degree theft when the victim is a 501(c)(3) corporation. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESSB 5725 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Changing provisions relating to reclaimed water. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 90.46 RCW to read as follows: The owner of a wastewater treatment facility that is reclaiming water with a permit issued under this chapter has the exclusive right to any reclaimed water generated by the wastewater treatment facility. Use and distribution of the reclaimed water by the owner of the wastewater treatment facility is exempt from the permit requirements of RCW 90.03.250 and 90.44.060. Revenues derived from the reclaimed water facility shall be used only to offset the cost of operation of the wastewater utility fund or other applicable source of system-wide funding.

If the proposed use or uses of reclaimed water are intended to augment or replace potable water supplies or create the potential for the development of additional potable water supplies, such use or uses shall be considered in the development of the regional water supply plan or plans addressing potable water supply service by multiple water purveyors. The owner of a wastewater treatment facility that proposes to reclaim water shall be included as a participant in the development of such regional water supply plan or plans.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows: The permit requirements of RCW 90.03.250 do not apply to the use of reclaimed water by the owner of a wastewater treatment facility under the provisions of section 1 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 90.44 RCW to read as follows: The permit requirements of RCW 90.44.060 do not apply to the use of reclaimed water by the owner of a wastewater treatment facility under the provisions of section 1 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 90.46 RCW to read as follows: Facilities that reclaim water under this chapter shall not impair any existing water right downstream from any freshwater discharge points of such facilities unless compensation or mitigation for such impairment is agreed to by the holder of the affected water right."

Correct the title.
ESSB 5739 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Establishing when employers are required to compensate employees for employee wearing apparel. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Cole.

Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood and Cole.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

2SSB 5740 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Assisting rural distressed areas. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE RECOGNITION AND INTENT. The legislature recognizes the economic hardship that rural distressed areas throughout the state have undergone in recent years. Numerous rural distressed areas across the state have encountered serious economic downturns resulting in significant job loss and business failure. In 1991 the legislature enacted two major pieces of legislation to promote economic development and job creation, with particular emphasis on worker training, income, and emergency services support, along with community revitalization through planning services and infrastructure assistance. However even though these programs have been of assistance, rural distressed areas still face serious economic problems including: Above-average unemployment rates from job losses and below-average employment growth; low rate of business start-ups; and persistent erosion of vitally important resource-driven industries.

The legislature also recognizes that rural distressed areas in Washington have an abiding ability and consistent will to overcome these economic obstacles by building upon their historic foundations of business enterprise, local leadership, and outstanding work ethic.

The legislature intends to assist rural distressed areas in their ongoing efforts to address these difficult economic problems by providing a comprehensive and significant array of economic tools, necessary to harness the persistent and undaunted spirit of enterprise that resides in the citizens of rural distressed areas throughout the state.

The further intent of this act is to provide:

(1) A strategically designed plan of assistance, emphasizing state, local, and private sector leadership and partnership;
(2) A comprehensive and significant array of business assistance, services, and tax incentives that are accountable and performance driven;  
(3) An array of community assistance including infrastructure development and business retention, attraction, and expansion programs that will provide a competitive advantage to rural distressed areas throughout Washington; and  
(4) Regulatory relief to reduce and streamline zoning, permitting, and regulatory requirements in order to enhance the capability of businesses to grow and prosper in rural distressed areas.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 2. GOALS. The primary goals of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act) are to:  
(1) Promote the ongoing operation of business in rural distressed areas;  
(2) Promote the expansion of existing businesses in rural distressed areas;  
(3) Attract new businesses to rural distressed areas;  
(4) Assist in the development of new businesses from within rural distressed areas;  
(5) Provide family wage jobs to the citizens of rural distressed areas; and  
(6) Promote the development of communities of excellence in rural distressed areas.

PART I  
BUSINESS ASSISTANCE

NEW SECTION, Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28C.04 RCW to read as follows:  
JOB SKILLS/RURAL DISTRESSED AREA EMPLOYEE TRAINING. The work force training and education coordinating board shall give priority in the job skills program to assist businesses in rural distressed areas. For the purposes of this section, "rural distressed area" means the same as "rural natural resources impact area" under RCW 43.31.601.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 4. DEVELOPMENT LOAN FUND RECAPITALIZATION. The legislature finds that the development loan fund is a revolving loan fund capitalized primarily with federal funds. The fund, administered by the department of community, trade, and economic development, provides low-interest loans to businesses in economically distressed areas and other parts of the state. During the 1995-97 biennium, the department provided three million six hundred thousand dollars in loans, thereby exhausting its 1995-97 appropriation authority six months prior to the end of the biennium. However, due to early repayment of several loans, the account has an estimated fund balance of approximately one million seven hundred thousand dollars. In order to make the fund balance available for issuance of new loans prior to the end of the biennium, it is necessary to provide a supplemental appropriation.

Sec. 5. 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 s 108 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:  
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT  
Development loan fund (88-2-002)  
Reappropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,000,000  
Washington St Dev Loan Acct--Federal $ 186,654  

Subtotal Reappropriation $ 2,186,654  

Appropriation:  
Washington St Dev Loan Acct--Federal $(3,500,000) $ 5,200,000  

Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 5,932,935
Sec. 6. RCW 43.168.140 and 1995 c 226 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:
RURAL DISTRESSED AREAS. Any funds appropriated by the legislature to the development loan fund for purposes of the timber recovery act shall be used for development loans in rural (natural resources impact areas as defined in RCW 43.31.601) distressed areas. At least seventy-five percent of all discretionary expenditures shall be made on behalf of businesses in rural distressed areas. For the purposes of this section, "rural distressed area" means the same as "rural natural resources impact area" under RCW 43.31.601.

Sec. 7. RCW 43.163.210 and 1996 c 310 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FINANCE AUTHORITY. For the purpose of facilitating economic development in the state of Washington and encouraging the employment of Washington workers at meaningful wages:

(1) The authority may develop and conduct a program or programs to provide nonrecourse revenue bond financing (for the project costs for no more than five economic development activities, per fiscal year, included under the authority’s general plan of economic development finance objectives. In addition, the authority may issue tax-exempt bonds to finance ten manufacturing or processing activities, per fiscal year, for which the total project cost is less than one million dollars per project).

(2) The authority may (also) develop and conduct a program that will stimulate and encourage the development of new products within Washington state by the infusion of financial aid for invention and innovation in situations in which the financial aid would not otherwise be reasonably available from commercial sources. The authority is authorized to provide nonrecourse revenue bond financing for this program.

(a) For the purposes of this program, the authority shall have the following powers and duties:

(i) To enter into financing agreements with eligible persons doing business in Washington state, upon terms and on conditions consistent with the purposes of this chapter, for the advancement of financial and other assistance to the persons for the development of specific products, procedures, and techniques, to be developed and produced in this state, and to condition the agreements upon contractual assurances that the benefits of increasing or maintaining employment and tax revenues shall remain in this state and accrue to it;

(ii) Own, possess, and take license in patents, copyrights, and proprietary processes and negotiate and enter into contracts and establish charges for the use of the patents, copyrights, and proprietary processes when the patents and licenses for products result from assistance provided by the authority;

(iii) Negotiate royalty payments to the authority on patents and licenses for products arising as a result of assistance provided by the authority;

(iv) Negotiate and enter into other types of contracts with eligible persons that assure that public benefits will result from the provision of services by the authority; provided that the contracts are consistent with the state Constitution;

(v) Encourage and provide technical assistance to eligible persons in the process of developing new products;

(vi) Refer eligible persons to researchers or laboratories for the purpose of testing and evaluating new products, processes, or innovations; and

(vii) To the extent permitted under its contract with eligible persons, to consent to a termination, modification, forgiveness, or other change of a term of a contractual right, payment, royalty, contract, or agreement of any kind to which the authority is a party.

(b) Eligible persons seeking financial and other assistance under this program shall forward an application, together with an application fee prescribed by rule, to the authority. An investigation and report concerning the advisability of approving an application for assistance shall be completed by the
staff of the authority. The investigation and report may include, but is not limited to, facts about the company under consideration as its history, wage standards, job opportunities, stability of employment, past and present financial condition and structure, pro forma income statements, present and future markets and prospects, integrity of management as well as the feasibility of the proposed product and invention to be granted financial aid, including the state of development of the product as well as the likelihood of its commercial feasibility. After receipt and consideration of the report set out in this subsection and after other action as is deemed appropriate, the application shall be approved or denied by the authority. The applicant shall be promptly notified of action by the authority. In making the decision as to approval or denial of an application, priority shall be given to those persons operating or planning to operate businesses of special importance to Washington’s economy, including, but not limited to: (i) Existing resource-based industries of agriculture, forestry, and fisheries; (ii) existing advanced technology industries of electronics, computer and instrument manufacturing, computer software, and information and design; and (iii) emerging industries such as environmental technology, biotechnology, biomedical sciences, materials sciences, and optics.

(3) The authority may also develop and implement, if authorized by the legislature, such other economic development financing programs adopted in future general plans of economic development finance objectives developed under RCW 43.163.090.

(4) The authority may not issue any bonds for the programs authorized under this section after June 30, 2000.

PART II
TAX INCENTIVES

Sec. 8. RCW 67.28.210 and 1996 c 159 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
All taxes levied and collected under RCW 67.28.180, 67.28.240, and 67.28.260 shall be credited to a special fund in the treasury of the county or city imposing such tax. Such taxes shall be levied only for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of acquisition, construction, or operating of stadium facilities, convention center facilities, performing arts center facilities, and/or visual arts center facilities or to pay or secure the payment of all or any portion of general obligation bonds or revenue bonds issued for such purpose or purposes under this chapter, or to pay for advertising, publicizing, or otherwise distributing information for the purpose of attracting visitors and encouraging tourist expansion when a county or city has imposed such tax for such purpose, or as one of the purposes hereunder, and until withdrawn for use, the moneys accumulated in such fund or funds may be invested in interest bearing securities by the county or city treasurer in any manner authorized by law. In addition such taxes may be used to develop strategies to expand tourism: PROVIDED, That any county, and any city within a county, bordering upon Grays Harbor may use the proceeds of such taxes for construction and maintenance of a movable tall ships tourist attraction in cooperation with a tall ships restoration society, except to the extent that such proceeds are used for payment of principal and interest on debt incurred prior to June 11, 1986: PROVIDED FURTHER, That any city or county may use the proceeds of such taxes for the refurbishing and operation of a steam railway or historic maritime vessels used primarily for passenger transportation for tourism promotion purposes: PROVIDED FURTHER, That any city bordering on the Pacific Ocean or on Baker Bay with a population of not less than eight hundred and the county in which such a city is located, a city bordering on the Skagit river with a population of not less than twenty thousand, or any city within a county made up entirely of islands may use the proceeds of such taxes for funding special events or festivals, or for the acquisition, construction, or operation of publicly owned tourist promotional infrastructures, structures, or buildings including but not limited to an ocean beach boardwalk, public docks, and viewing towers: PROVIDED FURTHER, That any county which imposes a tax under RCW 67.28.182 or any city with a population less than fifty thousand in such county may use the proceeds of the tax levied and collected under RCW 67.28.180 to provide public restroom facilities available to and intended for use by visitors: PROVIDED FURTHER, That any county made up entirely of islands, any city or town that has a population less than five thousand, and any county that is a rural distressed area as defined under RCW 43.31.601 or any city within that county, may use the proceeds of the tax levied and collected under RCW 67.28.180 to provide public restroom
facilities, parking facilities, or public lighting including sport field lighting that is available to and intended for use by visitors: PROVIDED FURTHER, That any city or county may use the proceeds of such taxes for funding a civic festival, if the following conditions are met: The festival is a community-wide event held not more than once annually; the festival is approved by the city, town, or county in which it is held; the festival is sponsored by an exempt organization defined in section 501(c)(3), (4), or (6) of the federal internal revenue code; the festival provides family-oriented events suitng a broad segment of the community; and the proceeds of such taxes are used solely for advertising and promotional materials intended to attract overnight visitors: PROVIDED FURTHER, That any city may use the proceeds of such taxes for street banners to attract and welcome tourists.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:

(1) This chapter shall not apply to the gross sales or the gross income received by a new manufacturing business located in an eligible area as defined in RCW 82.62.010.

(2) As used in this section:

(a) "New manufacturing business" means a manufacturing business that was registered for the first time after the effective date of this section. A business ceases to be a new manufacturing business thirty-six months after the date it was first registered.

(b) "New manufacturing business" does not include:

(i) A business that has been restructured, reorganized, or transferred, unless the majority of the activities to be conducted after restructuring, reorganization, or transferral are significantly different from the activities previously conducted;

(ii) A new branch location or other facility; or

(iii) A business that is substantially similar to a business currently operated, or operated within the past ten years, by the same principals.

(c) "Registered" means the business obtained or was required to obtain a registration certificate under RCW 82.32.030, or obtained or was required to obtain registration with any state, federal, or foreign agency.

PART III
COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE

Sec. 10. RCW 43.160.080 and 1992 c 235 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

PUBLIC FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION LOAN REVOLVING ACCOUNT. There shall be a fund in the state treasury known as the public facilities construction loan revolving account, which shall consist of all moneys collected under this chapter, except moneys of the board collected in connection with the issuance of industrial development revenue bonds, and any moneys appropriated to it by law(Provided, That seventy-five percent of all principal and interest payments on loans made with the proceeds deposited in the account under section 901, chapter 57, Laws of 1983 1st ex. sess. shall be deposited in the general fund as reimbursement for debt service payments on the bonds authorized in RCW 43.83.184). Disbursements from the revolving account shall be on authorization of the board. In order to maintain an effective expenditure and revenue control, the public facilities construction loan revolving account shall be subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW.

Sec. 11. RCW 43.160.076 and 1996 c 51 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE IN DISTRESSED COUNTIES OR NATURAL RESOURCES IMPACT AREAS. (1) Except as authorized to the contrary under subsection (2) of this section, from all funds available to the board for financial assistance in a biennium, the board shall spend at least (fifty) seventy-five percent for financial assistance for projects in distressed counties or rural natural resources impact areas. For purposes of this section, the term "distressed counties" includes any county, in which the average level of unemployment for the three years before the year in which an application for financial assistance is filed, exceeds the average state employment for those years by twenty percent.

(2) If at any time during the last six months of a biennium the board finds that the actual and anticipated applications for qualified projects in distressed counties or rural natural resources impact
areas are clearly insufficient to use up the (**fifty** (seventy-five) percent allocation, then the board shall estimate the amount of the insufficiency and during the remainder of the biennium may use that amount of the allocation for financial assistance to projects not located in distressed counties or rural natural resources impact areas.

Sec. 12. 1995 c 226 s 7 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

PART IV
RURAL ENTERPRISE ZONES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 43.63A RCW to read as follows:
RURAL ENTERPRISE ZONES. The legislature recognizes the unique difficulties encountered by communities in rural distressed areas wishing to promote business development, increase employment opportunities, and provide a high quality of life for its citizens. In response the legislature authorizes the establishment of rural enterprise zones that will allow the targeting of state services and resources in the form of business, industry recruitment, regulatory relief, and infrastructure development. It is the intent of the legislature to provide the critical level of services and resources to businesses and entities located in these rural enterprise zones that they will be the catalyst for economic prosperity and diversity throughout rural distressed areas in Washington.
(1) The department in cooperation with the department of revenue and other state agencies shall approve applications submitted by local governments in rural distressed areas. The application shall be in the form and manner and contain the necessary information designated by the department. The application shall:
(a) Be submitted on behalf of the local government by the chief elected official or, if none, by the governing body of the local government;
(b) Outline the purpose for the economic development enterprise zone and the process in which the application was developed;
(c) Demonstrate the level of government and community support for the enterprise zone;
(d) Outline the manner in which the enterprise zone will be governed and report its activities to the local government and the department; and
(e) Designate the geographic area in which the rural enterprise zone will exist.
(2) Rural enterprise zones are authorized to:
(a) Hire a director or designate an individual to oversee operations;
(b) Seek federal, state, and local government support in its efforts to target, develop, and attract viable businesses;
(c) Work with the office of business assistance and recruitment for rural distressed areas in the pursuit of its economic development activities;
(d) Provide a local one-stop shop for businesses intending to locate, retain, expand, or start their businesses within its zone; and
(e) Provide comprehensive permitting, zoning, and regulatory assistance to businesses or entities within the zone.
(3) Rural enterprise zones are authorized to receive the services and funding resources as provided under the rural area marketing plan and other resources assisting rural distressed areas.
(4) Rural enterprise zones may be established in conjunction with a foreign trade zone.

PART V
REAUTHORIZATION OF EXISTING PROGRAMS

Sec. 14. RCW 43.31.601 and 1995 c 226 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
For the purposes of RCW 43.31.601 through (43.31.661) 43.31.641:
(1) "Timber impact area" means a county having a population of less than five hundred thousand, or a city or town located within a county having a population of less than five hundred
thousand, and meeting two of the following three criteria, as determined by the employment security department, for the most recent year such data is available: (a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or above the state average; (b) projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job losses of one hundred positions or more, except counties having a population greater than two hundred thousand but less than five hundred thousand must have direct lumber and wood products job losses of one thousand positions or more; or (c) an annual unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state average.

(2)(a) "Rural natural resources impact area" or "rural distressed area" means:
(i) A nonmetropolitan county, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that meets ((two)) three of the five criteria set forth in (b) of this subsection; ((or))
(ii) A nonmetropolitan county with a population of less than forty thousand in the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the five criteria as set forth in (b) of this subsection; or
(iii) A nonurbanized area, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that is located in a metropolitan county that meets ((two)) three of the five criteria set forth in (b) of this subsection.
(b) For the purposes of designating rural natural resources impact areas, the following criteria shall be considered:
(i) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or above the state average;
(ii) A commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at or above the state average;
(iii) Projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job losses of one hundred positions or more;
(iv) Projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job losses of one hundred positions or more; and
(v) An unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state average.
The counties that meet these criteria shall be determined by the employment security department for the most recent year for which data is available. For the purposes of administration of programs under this chapter, the United States post office five-digit zip code delivery areas will be used to determine residence status for eligibility purposes. For the purpose of this definition, a zip code delivery area ((that is located wholly or partially in an urbanized area or within two)) of which any part is ten miles ((of)) or more from an urbanized area is considered nonurbanized. A zip code totally surrounded by zip codes qualifying as nonurbanized under this definition is also considered nonurbanized. The office of financial management shall make available a zip code listing of the areas to all agencies and organizations providing services under this chapter.

Sec. 15. RCW 43.31.611 and 1995 c 226 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The governor shall appoint a rural community assistance coordinator. The coordinator shall coordinate the state and federal economic and social programs targeted to rural natural resources impact areas.
(2) The coordinator’s responsibilities shall include but not be limited to:
(a) Chairing the agency rural community assistance task force and directing staff associated with the task force.
(b) Coordinating and maximizing the impact of state and federal assistance to rural natural resources impact areas.
(c) Coordinating and expediting programs to assist rural natural resources impact areas.
(d) Providing the legislature with a status and impact report on the rural community assistance program in January ((1996)) 1998.
(3) To assist in carrying out the duties set out under this section, the coordinator shall consult with the Washington state rural development council and may appoint an advisory body that has representation from local governments and natural resources interest groups representing impacted rural communities.
(4) This section shall expire June 30, ((1997)) 2000.

Sec. 16. RCW 43.31.621 and 1996 c 186 s 508 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) There is established the agency rural community assistance task force. The task force shall be chaired by the rural community assistance coordinator. It shall be the responsibility of the
coordinator that all directives of chapter 314, Laws of 1991, and chapter 226, Laws of 1995 are carried out expeditiously by the agencies represented in the task force. The task force shall consist of the directors, or representatives of the directors, of the following agencies: The department of community, trade, and economic development, employment security department, department of social and health services, state board for community and technical colleges, work force training and education coordinating board, department of natural resources, department of transportation, department of fish and wildlife, University of Washington center for international trade in forest products, department of agriculture, and department of ecology. The task force shall solicit and consider input from the rural development council in coordinating agency programs targeted to rural natural resources impacted communities. The task force may consult and enlist the assistance of the following: The higher education coordinating board, University of Washington college of forest resources, University of Washington school of fisheries, Washington State University school of forestry, Northwest policy center, state superintendent of public instruction, Washington state labor council, the Evergreen partnership, Washington state association of counties, and others as needed.

(2) (The task force, in conjunction with the rural development council, shall undertake a study to determine whether additional communities and industries are impacted, or are likely to be impacted, by salmon preservation and recovery efforts. The task force shall consider possible impacts in the following industries and associated communities: Barge transportation, irrigation dependent agriculture, food processing, aluminum, charter recreational fishing, boatbuilding, and other sectors suggested by the task force. The task force shall report its findings and recommendations to the legislature by January 1996.

(3))) This section shall expire June 30, ((1997)) 2000.

Sec. 17. RCW 50.22.090 and 1995 c 226 s 5 and 1995 c 57 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) An additional benefit period is established for rural natural resources impact areas, defined in RCW 43.31.601, and determined by the office of financial management and the employment security department. Benefits shall be paid as provided in subsection (3) of this section to exhaustees eligible under subsection (4) of this section.

(2) The additional benefit period for a county may end no sooner than fifty-two weeks after the additional benefit period begins.

(3) Additional benefits shall be paid as follows:
(a) No new claims for additional benefits shall be accepted for weeks beginning after July 1, ((1997)) 1999, but for claims established on or before July 1, ((1997)) 1999, weeks of unemployment occurring after July 1, ((1997)) 1999, shall be compensated as provided in this section.

(b) The total additional benefit amount shall be one hundred four times the individual’s weekly benefit amount, reduced by the total amount of regular benefits and extended benefits paid, or deemed paid, with respect to the benefit year. Additional benefits shall not be payable for weeks more than two years beyond the end of the benefit year of the regular claim for an individual whose benefit year ends on or after July 27, 1991, and shall not be payable for weeks ending on or after two years after March 26, 1992, for individuals who become eligible as a result of chapter 47, Laws of 1992.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of (b) of this subsection, individuals will be entitled to up to five additional weeks of benefits following the completion or termination of training.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of (b) of this subsection, individuals enrolled in prerequisite remedial education for a training program expected to last at least one year will be entitled to up to thirteen additional weeks of benefits which shall not count toward the total in (b) of this subsection.

(e) The weekly benefit amount shall be calculated as specified in RCW 50.22.040.

(f) Benefits paid under this section shall be paid under the same terms and conditions as regular benefits. The additional benefit period shall be suspended with the start of an extended benefit period, or any totally federally funded benefit program, with eligibility criteria and benefits comparable to the program established by this section, and shall resume the first week following the end of the federal program.
(g) The amendments in chapter 316, Laws of 1993 affecting subsection (3)(b) and (c) of this section shall apply in the case of all individuals determined to be monetarily eligible under this section without regard to the date eligibility was determined.

(4) An additional benefit eligibility period is established for any exhaustee who:

(a)(i) At the time of last separation from employment, resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources impact area defined in RCW 43.31.601 and determined by the office of financial management and the employment security department; or

(ii) During his or her base year, earned wages in at least six hundred eighty hours in either the forest products industry, which shall be determined by the department but shall include the industries assigned the major group standard industrial classification codes "24" and "26" and the industries involved in the harvesting and management of logs, transportation of logs and wood products, processing of wood products, and the manufacturing and distribution of wood processing and logging equipment or the fishing industry assigned the standard industrial classification code "0912". The commissioner may adopt rules further interpreting the industries covered under this subsection. For the purposes of this subsection, "standard industrial classification code" means the code identified in RCW 50.29.025(6); and

(b)(i) Has received notice of termination or layoff; and

(ii) Is unlikely to return to employment in his or her principal occupation or previous industry because of a diminishing demand within his or her labor market for his or her skills in the occupation or industry; and

(c)(i) Is notified by the department of the requirements of this section and develops an individual training program that is submitted to the commissioner for approval not later than sixty days after the individual is notified of the requirements of this section, and enters the approved training program not later than ninety days after the date of the individual’s termination or layoff, or ninety days after July 1, 1991, whichever is later, unless the department determines that the training is not available during the ninety-day period, in which case the individual shall enter training as soon as it is available; or

(ii) Is enrolled in training approved under this section on a full-time basis and maintains satisfactory progress in the training.

(5) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Training program" means:

(i) A remedial education program determined to be necessary after counseling at the educational institution in which the individual enrolls pursuant to his or her approved training program; or

(ii) A vocational training program at an educational institution that:

(A) Is training for a labor demand occupation; and

(B) Is likely to facilitate a substantial enhancement of the individual’s marketable skills and earning power.

(b) "Educational institution" means an institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 or an educational institution as defined in RCW 28C.04.410(3).

(c) "Training allowance or stipend" means discretionary use, cash-in-hand payments available to the individual to be used as the individual sees fit, but does not mean direct or indirect compensation for training costs, such as tuition or books and supplies.

(6) The commissioner shall adopt rules as necessary to implement this section.

(7) The provisions of RCW 50.22.010(10) shall not apply to anyone who establishes eligibility for additional benefits under this section and whose benefit year ends after January 1, 1994. These individuals will have the option of remaining on the original claim or filing a new claim.

Sec. 18. RCW 43.63A.021 and 1995 c 226 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Dislocated forest products worker" means a forest products worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received notice of termination from employment and is unlikely to return to employment in the individual’s principal occupation or previous industry because of a diminishing demand for his or
her skills in that occupation or industry; or (ii) is self-employed and has been displaced from his or her business because of the diminishing demand for the business's services or goods; and (b) at the time of last separation from employment, resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources impact area.

(2) "Forest products worker" means a worker in the forest products industries affected by the reduction of forest fiber enhancement, transportation, or production. The workers included within this definition shall be determined by the employment security department, but shall include workers employed in the industries assigned the major group standard industrial classification codes "24" and "26" and the industries involved in the harvesting and management of logs, transportation of logs and wood products, processing of wood products, and the manufacturing and distribution of wood processing and logging equipment. The commissioner may adopt rules further interpreting these definitions. For the purposes of this subsection, "standard industrial classification code" means the code identified in RCW 50.29.025(6)(c).

(3) "Dislocated salmon fishing worker" means a ((salmon)) finfish products worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received notice of termination from employment and is unlikely to return to employment in the individual's principal occupation or previous industry because of a diminishing demand for his or her skills in that occupation or industry; or (ii) is self-employed and has been displaced from his or her business because of the diminishing demand for the business's services or goods; and (b) at the time of last separation from employment, resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources impact area.

(4) "Salmon fishing worker" means a worker in the ((salmon)) finfish industry affected by 1994 or future salmon disasters. The workers included within this definition shall be determined by the employment security department, but shall include workers employed in the industries involved in the commercial and recreational harvesting of ((salmon)) finfish including buying and processing ((salmon)) finfish. The commissioner may adopt rules further interpreting these definitions.

Sec. 19. RCW 43.31.641 and 1995 c 226 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of community, trade, and economic development, as a member of the agency rural community assistance task force, shall:

(1) ((Implement an expanded value added forest products development industrial extension program.)) The department shall provide technical assistance to small and medium-sized forest products companies to include:

   (a) Secondary manufacturing product development;
   (b) Plant and equipment maintenance;
   (c) Identification and development of domestic market opportunities;
   (d) Building products export development assistance;
   (e) At-risk business development assistance;
   (f) Business network development; and
   (g) Timber impact area industrial diversification.

(2) Provide local contracts for small and medium-sized forest product companies, start-ups, and business organizations for business feasibility, market development, and business network contracts that will benefit value-added production efforts in the industry.

(3) Contracts with local business organizations in timber impact areas for development of programs to promote industrial diversification. The department shall provide local capacity-building grants to local governments and community-based organizations in timber impact areas, which may include long-range planning and needs assessments.

For the 1991-93 biennium, the department of community, trade, and economic development shall use funds appropriated for this section for contracts and for no more than two additional staff positions. Administer available federal grant funds to support strategic diversification needs and opportunities of timber-dependent communities, value-added forest products firms, and the value-added forest products industry in Washington state.

(2) Provide technical aid to value-added wood products companies for new investment and job creation; and work with wood products firms to assure the continued operation and help retain jobs.

(3) Provide value-added wood products companies with building products export development assistance.
Sec. 20. RCW 43.63A.440 and 1995 c 226 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
The department of community, trade, and economic development shall provide technical and financial assistance to communities adversely impacted by reductions in timber harvested from federal, state, and private lands and reduction of salmon fishing caused by efforts to maintain the long-term viability of salmon stocks. (This assistance shall include the formation and implementation of community economic development plans. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall utilize existing state technical and financial assistance programs, and shall aid communities in seeking private and federal financial assistance for the purposes of this section. The department may contract for services provided for under this section)) The department shall use existing technical and financial assistance resources to aid communities in planning, implementing, and assembling financing for high priority community economic development projects.

Sec. 21. RCW 43.160.020 and 1996 c 51 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Board" means the community economic revitalization board.

(2) "Bond" means any bond, note, debenture, interim certificate, or other evidence of financial indebtedness issued by the board pursuant to this chapter.

(3) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and economic development.

(4) "Financial institution" means any bank, savings and loan association, credit union, development credit corporation, insurance company, investment company, trust company, savings institution, or other financial institution approved by the board and maintaining an office in the state.

(5) "Industrial development facilities" means "industrial development facilities" as defined in RCW 39.84.020.

(6) "Industrial development revenue bonds" means tax-exempt revenue bonds used to fund industrial development facilities.

(7) "Local government" or "political subdivision" means any port district, county, city, town, special purpose district, and any other municipal corporations or quasi-municipal corporations in the state providing for public facilities under this chapter.

(8) "Sponsor" means any of the following entities which customarily provide service or otherwise aid in industrial or other financing and are approved as a sponsor by the board: A bank, trust company, savings bank, investment bank, national banking association, savings and loan association, building and loan association, credit union, insurance company, or any other financial institution, governmental agency, or holding company of any entity specified in this subsection.

(9) "Umbrella bonds" means industrial development revenue bonds from which the proceeds are loaned, transferred, or otherwise made available to two or more users under this chapter.

(10) "User" means one or more persons acting as lessee, purchaser, mortgagor, or borrower under a financing document and receiving or applying to receive revenues from bonds issued under this chapter.

(11) "Public facilities" means bridges, roads, domestic and industrial water, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, railroad, electricity, natural gas, buildings or structures, and port facilities.

(12) "Rural natural resources impact area" means:

(a) A nonmetropolitan county, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that meets ((two)) three of the five criteria set forth in subsection (13) of this section; ((or))

(b) A nonmetropolitan county with a population of less than forty thousand in the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the five criteria as set forth in subsection (13) of this section; or

(c) A nonurbanized area, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that is located in a metropolitan county that meets ((two)) three of the five criteria set forth in subsection (13) of this section.

(13) For the purposes of designating rural natural resources impact areas, the following criteria shall be considered:

(a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or above the state average;

(b) A commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at or above the state average;
(c) Projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job losses of one hundred positions or more;
(d) Projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job losses of one hundred positions or more; and
(e) An unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state average. The counties that meet these criteria shall be determined by the employment security department for the most recent year for which data is available. For the purposes of administration of programs under this chapter, the United States post office five-digit zip code delivery areas will be used to determine residence status for eligibility purposes. For the purpose of this definition, a zip code delivery area ((that is located wholly or partially in an urbanized area or within two)) of which any part is ten miles ((of)) or more from an urbanized area is considered nonurbanized. A zip code totally surrounded by zip codes qualifying as nonurbanized under this definition is also considered nonurbanized. The office of financial management shall make available a zip code listing of the areas to all agencies and organizations providing services under this chapter.

Sec. 22. 1995 c 226 s 8 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 23. 1995 c 226 s 9 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 24. RCW 28B.50.030 and 1995 c 226 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise, the term:
(1) "System" shall mean the state system of community and technical colleges, which shall be a system of higher education.
(2) "Board" shall mean the work force training and education coordinating board.
(3) "College board" shall mean the state board for community and technical colleges created by this chapter.
(4) "Director" shall mean the administrative director for the state system of community and technical colleges.
(5) "District" shall mean any one of the community and technical college districts created by this chapter.
(6) "Board of trustees" shall mean the local community and technical college board of trustees established for each college district within the state.
(7) "Occupational education" shall mean that education or training that will prepare a student for employment that does not require a baccalaureate degree.
(8) "K-12 system" shall mean the public school program including kindergarten through the twelfth grade.
(9) "Common school board" shall mean a public school district board of directors.
(10) "Community college" shall include those higher education institutions that conduct education programs under RCW 28B.50.020.
(11) "Technical college" shall include those higher education institutions with the sole mission of conducting occupational education, basic skills, literacy programs, and offering on short notice, when appropriate, programs that meet specific industry needs. The programs of technical colleges shall include, but not be limited to, continuous enrollment, competency-based instruction, industry-experienced faculty, curriculum integrating vocational and basic skills education, and curriculum approved by representatives of employers and labor. For purposes of this chapter, technical colleges shall include Lake Washington Vocational-Technical Institute, Renton Vocational-Technical Institute, Bates Vocational-Technical Institute, Clover Park Vocational Institute, and Bellingham Vocational-Technical Institute.
(12) "Adult education" shall mean all education or instruction, including academic, vocational education or training, basic skills and literacy training, and "occupational education" provided by public educational institutions, including common school districts for persons who are eighteen years of age and over or who hold a high school diploma or certificate. However, "adult education" shall not
include academic education or instruction for persons under twenty-one years of age who do not hold a high school degree or diploma and who are attending a public high school for the sole purpose of obtaining a high school diploma or certificate, nor shall "adult education" include education or instruction provided by any four year public institution of higher education.

(13) "Dislocated forest product worker" shall mean a forest products worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received notice of termination from employment and is unlikely to return to employment in the individual’s principal occupation or previous industry because of a diminishing demand for his or her skills in that occupation or industry; or (ii) is self-employed and has been displaced from his or her business because of the diminishing demand for the business’s services or goods; and (b) at the time of last separation from employment, resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources impact area.

(14) "Forest products worker" shall mean a worker in the forest products industries affected by the reduction of forest fiber enhancement, transportation, or production. The workers included within this definition shall be determined by the employment security department, but shall include workers employed in the industries assigned the major group standard industrial classification codes "24" and "26" and the industries involved in the harvesting and management of logs, transportation of logs and wood products, processing of wood products, and the manufacturing and distribution of wood processing and logging equipment. The commissioner may adopt rules further interpreting these definitions. For the purposes of this subsection, "standard industrial classification code" means the code identified in RCW 50.29.025(6)(c).

(15) "Dislocated salmon fishing worker" means a salmon finfish products worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received notice of termination from employment and is unlikely to return to employment in the individual’s principal occupation or previous industry because of a diminishing demand for his or her skills in that occupation or industry; or (ii) is self-employed and has been displaced from his or her business because of the diminishing demand for the business’s services or goods; and (b) at the time of last separation from employment, resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources impact area.

(16) "Salmon fishing worker" means a worker in the salmon finfish industry affected by 1994 or future salmon disasters. The workers included within this definition shall be determined by the employment security department, but shall include workers employed in the industries involved in the commercial and recreational harvesting of salmon finfish including buying and processing salmon finfish. The commissioner may adopt rules further interpreting these definitions.

(17) "Rural natural resources impact area" means:
(a) A nonmetropolitan county, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that meets three of the five criteria set forth in subsection (18) of this section; or
(b) A nonmetropolitan county with a population of less than forty thousand in the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the five criteria as set forth in subsection (18) of this section; or
(c) A nonurbanized area, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that is located in a metropolitan county that meets three of the five criteria set forth in subsection (18) of this section.

(18) For the purposes of designating rural natural resources impact areas, the following criteria shall be considered:
(a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or above the state average;
(b) A commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at or above the state average;
(c) Projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job losses of one hundred positions or more;
(d) Projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job losses of one hundred positions or more; and
(e) An unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state average. The counties that meet these criteria shall be determined by the employment security department for the most recent year for which data is available. For the purposes of administration of programs under this chapter, the United States post office five-digit zip code delivery areas will be used to determine residence status for eligibility purposes. For the purpose of this definition, a zip code delivery area (that is located wholly or partially in an urbanized area or within two)) of which any part is ten miles (of) or more from an
urbanized area is considered nonurbanized. A zip code totally surrounded by zip codes qualifying as nonurbanized under this definition is also considered nonurbanized. The office of financial management shall make available a zip code listing of the areas to all agencies and organizations providing services under this chapter.

Sec. 25. RCW 28B.80.570 and 1995 c 226 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout RCW 28B.80.575 through 28B.80.585.

(1) "Board" means the higher education coordinating board.

(2) "Dislocated forest products worker" means a forest products worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received notice of termination from employment and is unlikely to return to employment in the individual's principal occupation or previous industry because of a diminishing demand for his or her skills in that occupation or industry; or (ii) is self-employed and has been displaced from his or her business because of the diminishing demand for the business's services or goods; and (b) at the time of last separation from employment, resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources impact area.

(3) "Forest products worker" means a worker in the forest products industries affected by the reduction of forest fiber enhancement, transportation, or production. The workers included within this definition shall be determined by the employment security department, but shall include workers employed in the industries assigned the major group standard industrial classification codes "24" and "26" and the industries involved in the harvesting and management of logs, transportation of logs and wood products, processing of wood products, and the manufacturing and distribution of wood processing and logging equipment. The commissioner may adopt rules further interpreting these definitions. For the purposes of this subsection, "standard industrial classification code" means the code identified in RCW 50.29.025(6)(c).

(4) "Dislocated salmon fishing worker" means a salmon finfish products worker who: (a)(i) Has been terminated or received notice of termination from employment and is unlikely to return to employment in the individual's principal occupation or previous industry because of a diminishing demand for his or her skills in that occupation or industry; or (ii) is self-employed and has been displaced from his or her business because of the diminishing demand for the business's services or goods; and (b) at the time of last separation from employment, resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources impact area.

(5) "Salmon fishing worker" means a worker in the salmon finfish industry affected by 1994 or future salmon disasters. The workers included within this definition shall be determined by the employment security department, but shall include workers employed in the industries involved in the commercial and recreational harvesting of salmon including buying and processing salmon. The commissioner may adopt rules further interpreting these definitions.

(6) "Rural natural resources impact area" means:

(a) A nonmetropolitan county, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the five criteria set forth in subsection (7) of this section; or

(b) A nonmetropolitan county with a population of less than forty thousand in the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the five criteria as set forth in subsection (7) of this section; or

(c) A nonurbanized area, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that is located in a metropolitan county that meets two of the five criteria set forth in subsection (7) of this section.

(7) For the purposes of designating rural natural resources impact areas, the following criteria shall be considered:

(a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or above the state average;

(b) A commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at or above the state average;

(c) Projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job losses of one hundred positions or more;

(d) Projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job losses of one hundred positions or more; and

(e) An unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state average. The counties that meet these criteria shall be determined by the employment security department for the most recent year
for which data is available. For the purposes of administration of programs under this chapter, the United States post office five-digit zip code delivery areas will be used to determine residence status for eligibility purposes. For the purpose of this definition, a zip code delivery area ((that is located wholly or partially in an urbanized area or within two)) of which any part is ten miles ((of)) or more from an urbanized area is considered nonurbanized. A zip code totally surrounded by zip codes qualifying as nonurbanized under this definition is also considered nonurbanized. The office of financial management shall make available a zip code listing of the areas to all agencies and organizations providing services under this chapter.

Sec. 26. RCW 28B.80.580 and 1995 c 226 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The board shall contract with institutions of higher education to provide upper division classes to serve additional placebound students in the rural natural resources impact areas meeting the following criteria, as determined by the employment security department: (a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or above the state average; (b) a commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at or above the state average; (c) a direct lumber and wood products job loss of one hundred positions or more; (d) projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job losses of one hundred positions or more; and (e) an annual unemployment rate twenty percent above the state average; and which are not served by an existing state-funded upper division degree program. The number of full-time equivalent students served in this manner shall be determined by the applicable omnibus appropriations act. The board may direct that all the full-time equivalent enrollments be served in one of the eligible rural natural resources impact areas if it should determine that this would be the most viable manner of establishing the program and using available resources. The institutions shall utilize telecommunication technology, if available, to carry out the purposes of this section. Subject to the limitations of RCW 28B.15.910, the institutions providing the service may waive all or a portion of the tuition, and service and activities fees for dislocated forest products workers and dislocated salmon fishing workers or their unemployed spouses enrolled as one of the full-time equivalent students allocated to the college under this section.
(2) Unemployed spouses of eligible dislocated forest products workers and dislocated salmon fishing workers may participate in the program, but tuition and fees may be waived under the program only for the worker or the spouse and not both.
(3) Subject to the limitations of RCW 28B.15.910, for any eligible participant, all or a portion of tuition may be waived for a maximum of ((four semesters or six quarters within a two-year time period)) ninety quarter credit hours or sixty semester credit hours earned within four years. The participant must be enrolled for a minimum of ((ten credits per semester or quarter)) five credit hours per quarter or three credit hours per semester.

Sec. 27. RCW 43.20A.750 and 1995 c 269 s 1901 and 1995 c 226 s 25 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) The department of social and health services shall help families and workers in rural natural resources impact areas make the transition through economic difficulties and shall provide services to assist workers to gain marketable skills. The department, as a member of the agency rural community assistance task force and, where appropriate, under an interagency agreement with the department of community, trade, and economic development, shall provide grants through the office of the secretary for services to the unemployed in rural natural resources impact areas and to dislocated salmon fishing workers as defined in RCW 43.63A.021 who live in urban areas of qualifying rural natural resource impact counties, including providing direct or referral services, establishing and operating service delivery programs, and coordinating delivery programs and delivery of services. These grants may be awarded for family support centers, reemployment centers, or other local service agencies.
(2) The services provided through the grants may include, but need not be limited to: Credit counseling; social services including marital counseling; psychotherapy or psychological counseling; mortgage foreclosures and utilities problems counseling; drug and alcohol abuse services; medical services; and residential heating and food acquisition.
(3) Funding for these services shall be coordinated through the agency rural community assistance task force which will establish a fund to provide child care assistance, mortgage assistance,
and counseling which cannot be met through current programs. No funds shall be used for additional full-time equivalents for administering this section.

(4) (a) Grants for family support centers are intended to provide support to families by responding to needs identified by the families and communities served by the centers. Services provided by family support centers may include parenting education, child development assessments, health and nutrition education, counseling, and information and referral services. Such services may be provided directly by the center or through referral to other agencies participating in the interagency team.

(b) The department shall consult with the council on child abuse or neglect regarding grants for family support centers.

(5) "Rural natural resources impact area" means:

(a) A nonmetropolitan county, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that meets ((two)) three of the five criteria set forth in subsection (6) of this section; ((or))

(b) A nonmetropolitan county with a population of less than forty thousand in the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the five criteria as set forth in subsection (6) of this section; or

(c) A nonurbanized area, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that is located in a metropolitan county that meets ((two)) three of the five criteria set forth in subsection (6) of this section.

(6) For the purposes of designating rural natural resources impact areas, the following criteria shall be considered:

(a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or above the state average;

(b) A commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at or above the state average;

(c) Projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job losses of one hundred positions or more;

(d) Projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job losses of one hundred positions or more; and

(e) An unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state average. The counties that meet these criteria shall be determined by the employment security department for the most recent year for which data is available. For the purposes of administration of programs under this chapter, the United States post office five-digit zip code delivery areas will be used to determine residence status for eligibility purposes. For the purpose of this definition, a zip code delivery area ((that is located wholly or partially in an urbanized area or within two)) of which any part is ten miles ((of)) or more from an urbanized area is considered nonurbanized. A zip code totally surrounded by zip codes qualifying as nonurbanized under this definition is also considered nonurbanized. The office of financial management shall make available a zip code listing of the areas to all agencies and organizations providing services under this chapter.

Sec. 28. RCW 50.12.270 and 1995 c 226 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the availability of state or federal funds, the employment security department, as a member of the agency rural community assistance task force, shall consult with and may subcontract with local educational institutions, local businesses, local labor organizations, local associate development organizations, local private industry councils, local social service organizations, and local governments in carrying out a program of training and services, including training through the entrepreneurial training program, for dislocated workers in rural natural resources impact areas.

(2) The department shall conduct a survey to determine the actual future employment needs and jobs skills in rural natural resources impact areas.

(3) The department shall coordinate the services provided in this section with all other services provided by the department and with the other economic recovery efforts undertaken by state and local government agencies on behalf of the rural natural resources impact areas.

(4) The department shall make every effort to procure additional federal and other moneys for the efforts enumerated in this section.

(5) For the purposes of this section, "rural natural resources impact area" means:

(a) A nonmetropolitan county, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that meets ((two)) three of the five criteria set forth in subsection (6) of this section; ((or))
A nonmetropolitan county with a population of less than forty thousand in the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the five criteria as set forth in subsection (6) of this section; or

A nonurbanized area, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, that is located in a metropolitan county that meets (two) three of the five criteria set forth in subsection (6) of this section.

(6) For the purposes of designating rural natural resources impact areas, the following criteria shall be considered:

(a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or above the state average;

(b) A commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at or above the state average;

(c) Projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job losses of one hundred positions or more;

(d) Projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job losses of one hundred positions or more; and

(e) An unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state average. The counties that meet these criteria shall be determined by the employment security department for the most recent year for which data is available. For the purposes of administration of programs under this chapter, the United States post office five-digit zip code delivery areas will be used to determine residence status for eligibility purposes. For the purpose of this definition, a zip code delivery area (that is located wholly or partially in an urbanized area or within two miles of an urbanized area) is considered nonurbanized. A zip code totally surrounded by zip codes qualifying as nonurbanized under this definition is also considered nonurbanized. The office of financial management shall make available a zip code listing of the areas to all agencies and organizations providing services under this chapter.

**Sec. 29.** RCW 43.131.385 and 1995 c 226 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:
The rural natural resources impact area programs shall be terminated on June 30, 2000, as provided in RCW 43.131.386.

**Sec. 30.** RCW 43.131.386 and 1996 c 168 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed, effective June 30, 2001:

1. RCW 43.31.601 and 1995 c 226 s 1, 1992 c 21 s 2, & 1991 c 314 s 2;
2. RCW 43.31.641 and 1995 c 226 s 4, 1993 c 280 s 50, & 1991 c 314 s 7;
3. RCW 50.22.090 and 1995 c 226 s 5, 1993 c 316 s 10, 1992 c 47 s 2, & 1991 c 315 s 4;
4. RCW 43.160.212 and 1996 c 168 s 4, 1995 c 226 s 6, & 1993 c 316 s 5;
5. RCW 43.31.651 and 1995 c 226 s 10, 1993 c 280 s 51, & 1991 c 314 s 9;
6. RCW 43.63A.021 and 1995 c 226 s 11;
7. RCW 43.63A.600 and 1995 c 226 s 12, 1994 c 114 s 1, 1993 c 280 s 77, & 1991 c 315 s 23;
8. RCW 43.63A.440 and 1995 c 226 s 13, 1993 c 280 s 74, & 1989 c 424 s 7;
10. RCW 28B.50.258 and 1995 c 226 s 18 & 1991 c 315 s 16;
11. RCW 28B.50.262 and 1995 c 226 s 19 & 1994 c 282 s 3;
12. RCW 28B.80.570 and 1995 c 226 s 20, 1992 c 21 s 6, & 1991 c 315 s 18;
13. RCW 28B.80.575 and 1995 c 226 s 21 & 1991 c 315 s 19;
14. RCW 28B.80.580 and 1995 c 226 s 22, 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 34, 1992 c 231 s 31, & 1991 c 315 s 20;
15. RCW 43.17.065 and 1995 c 226 s 24, 1993 c 280 s 37, 1991 c 314 s 28, & 1990 1st ex.s. s 77;
17. RCW 43.168.140 and 1995 c 226 s 28 & 1991 c 314 s 20;
18. RCW 50.12.270 and 1995 c 226 s 30 & 1991 c 315 s 3;
NEW SECTION. Sec. 31. RCW 43.31.651 and 1995 c 226 s 10, 1993 c 280 s 51, & 1991 c 314 s 9 are each repealed.

PART VI
EVALUATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 32. REVIEW AND EVALUATION. The joint legislative audit and review committee shall design an evaluation mechanism for economically distressed counties under this act and undertake an evaluation of the act’s effectiveness by November 1, 1999. The agencies implementing the programs under this act shall assist the joint legislative audit and review committee evaluation.

PART VII
MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 33. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and with respect to the agencies directly affected, and this finding does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act in its application to the agencies concerned. The rules under this act shall meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. Section captions and part headings used in this act are not any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 35. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill, chapter, or section number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act or specific section is null and void.

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, McDonald and Morris.

Excused: Representative Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5741 Prime Sponsor, Senator Wood: Requiring a statement of permitted uses and use restrictions for condominiums. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 64.34.410 and 1992 c 220 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A public offering statement shall contain the following information:
The name and address of the condominium;

(b) The name and address of the declarant;

(c) The name and address of the management company, if any;

(d) The relationship of the management company to the declarant, if any;

(e) A list of up to the five most recent condominium projects completed by the declarant or an affiliate of the declarant within the past five years, including the names of the condominiums, their addresses, and the number of existing units in each. For the purpose of this section, a condominium is "completed" when any one unit therein has been rented or sold;

(f) The nature of the interest being offered for sale;

(g) A brief description of the permitted uses and use restrictions pertaining to the units and the common elements;

(h) A brief description of the restrictions, if any, on the renting or leasing of units by the declarant or other unit owners, together with the rights, if any, of the declarant to rent or lease at least a majority of units;

(i) The number of existing units in the condominium and the maximum number of units that may be added to the condominium;

((ii)) (j) A list of the principal common amenities in the condominium which materially affect the value of the condominium and those that will or may be added to the condominium;

((ii)) (k) A list of the limited common elements assigned to the units being offered for sale;

((ii)) (l) The identification of any real property not in the condominium, the owner of which has access to any of the common elements, and a description of the terms of such access;

((ii)) (m) The identification of any real property not in the condominium to which unit owners have access and a description of the terms of such access;

((iii)) (n) The status of construction of the units and common elements, including estimated dates of completion if not completed;

((iii)) (o) The estimated current common expense liability for the units being offered;

((iii)) (p) An estimate of any payment with respect to the common expense liability for the units being offered which will be due at closing;

((iii)) (q) The estimated current amount and purpose of any fees not included in the common expenses and charged by the declarant or the association for the use of any of the common elements;

((iii)) (r) Any assessments which have been agreed to or are known to the declarant and which, if not paid, may constitute a lien against any units or common elements in favor of any governmental agency;

((iii)) (s) The identification of any parts of the condominium, other than the units, which any individual owner will have the responsibility for maintaining;

((iii)) (t) If the condominium involves a conversion condominium, the information required by RCW 64.34.415;

((iii)) (u) Whether timesharing is restricted or prohibited, and if restricted, a general description of such restrictions;

((iii)) (v) A list of all development rights reserved to the declarant and all special declarant rights reserved to the declarant, together with the dates such rights must terminate, and a copy of or reference by recording number to any recorded transfer of a special declarant right;

((iii)) (w) A description of any material differences in terms of furnishings, fixtures, finishes, and equipment between any model unit available to the purchaser at the time the agreement for sale is executed and the unit being offered;

((iii)) (x) Any liens on real property to be conveyed to the association required to be disclosed pursuant to RCW 64.34.435(2)(b);

((iii)) (y) A list of any physical hazards known to the declarant which particularly affect the condominium or the immediate vicinity in which the condominium is located and which are not readily ascertainable by the purchaser;

((iii)) (z) A brief description of any construction warranties to be provided to the purchaser;

((iii)) (aa) Any building code violation citations received by the declarant in connection with the condominium which have not been corrected;
(bb) A statement of any unsatisfied judgments or pending suits against the association, a statement of the status of any pending suits material to the condominium of which the declarant has actual knowledge, and a statement of any litigation brought by an owners' association, unit owner, or governmental entity in which the declarant or any affiliate of the declarant has been a defendant, arising out of the construction, sale, or administration of any condominium within the previous five years, together with the results thereof, if known;

(cc) Any rights of first refusal to lease or purchase any unit or any of the common elements;

(dd) The extent to which the insurance provided by the association covers furnishings, fixtures, and equipment located in the unit;

(ee) A notice which describes a purchaser's right to cancel the purchase agreement or extend the closing under RCW 64.34.420, including applicable time frames and procedures;

(ff) Any reports or statements required by RCW 64.34.415 or 64.34.440(6)(a). RCW 64.34.415 shall apply to the public offering statement of a condominium in connection with which a final certificate of occupancy was issued more than sixty calendar months prior to the preparation of the public offering statement whether or not the condominium is a conversion condominium as defined in RCW 64.34.020(10);

(gg) A list of the documents which the prospective purchaser is entitled to receive from the declarant before the rescission period commences;

(hh) A notice which states: A purchaser may not rely on any representation or express warranty unless it is contained in the public offering statement or made in writing signed by the declarant or by any person identified in the public offering statement as the declarant's agent;

(ii) A notice which states: This public offering statement is only a summary of some of the significant aspects of purchasing a unit in this condominium and the condominium documents are complex, contain other important information, and create binding legal obligations. You should consider seeking the assistance of legal counsel; and

(jj) Any other information and cross-references which the declarant believes will be helpful in describing the condominium to the recipients of the public offering statement, all of which may be included or not included at the option of the declarant.

(2) The public offering statement shall include copies of each of the following documents: The declaration, the survey map and plans, the articles of incorporation of the association, bylaws of the association, rules and regulations, if any, current or proposed budget for the association, and the balance sheet of the association current within ninety days if assessments have been collected for ninety days or more.

If any of the foregoing documents listed in this subsection are not available because they have not been executed, adopted, or recorded, drafts of such documents shall be provided with the public offering statement, and, before closing the sale of a unit, the purchaser shall be given copies of any material changes between the draft of the proposed documents and the final documents.

(3) The disclosures required by subsection (1)(g), (h), (i), (s), (u), (v), and (cc) of this section shall also contain a reference to specific sections in the condominium documents which further explain the information disclosed.

(4) The disclosures required by subsection (1)(dd), (ee), (hh), and (hh) of this section shall be located at the top of the first page of the public offering statement and be typed or printed in ten-point bold face type size.

(5) A declarant shall promptly amend the public offering statement to reflect any material change in the information required by this section.

Sec. 2. RCW 64.34.232 and 1992 c 220 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A survey map and plans executed by the declarant shall be recorded simultaneously with, and contain cross-references by recording number to, the declaration and any amendments. The survey map and plans must be clear and legible and contain a certification by the person making the survey or the plans that all information required by this section is supplied. All plans filed shall be in such style, size, form and quality as shall be prescribed by the recording authority of the county where filed, and a copy shall be delivered to the county assessor.
(2) Each survey map shall show or state:
   (a) The name of the condominium and a legal description and a survey of the land in the condominium and of any land that may be added to the condominium;
   (b) The boundaries of all land not subject to development rights, or subject only to the development right to withdraw, and the location and dimensions of all existing buildings containing units on that land;
   (c) The boundaries of any land subject to development rights, labeled "SUBJECT TO DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS SET FORTH IN THE DECLARATION"; any land that may be added to the condominium shall also be labeled "MAY BE ADDED TO THE CONDOMINIUM"; any land that may be withdrawn from the condominium shall also be labeled "MAY BE WITHDRAWN FROM THE CONDOMINIUM";
   (d) The extent of any encroachments by or upon any portion of the condominium;
   (e) To the extent feasible, the location and dimensions of all recorded easements serving or burdening any portion of the condominium and any unrecorded easements of which a surveyor knows or reasonably should have known, based on standard industry practices, while conducting the survey;
   (f) Subject to the provisions of subsection (8) of this section, the location and dimensions of any vertical unit boundaries not shown or projected on plans recorded ((pursuant to)) under subsection (4) of this section and that unit’s identifying number;
   (g) The location with reference to an established datum of any horizontal unit boundaries not shown or projected on plans recorded ((pursuant to)) under subsection (4) of this section and that unit’s identifying number;
   (h) The location and dimensions of any real property in which the unit owners will own only an estate for years, labeled as "leasehold real property";
   (i) The distance between any noncontiguous parcels of real property comprising the condominium;
   (j) The general location of any existing principal common amenities listed in a public offering statement ((pursuant to)) under RCW 64.34.410(1)(((i)j)) and any limited common elements, including limited common element porches, balconies, patios, parking spaces, and storage facilities, but not including the other limited common elements described in RCW 64.34.204 (2) and (4);
   (k) In the case of real property not subject to development rights, all other matters customarily shown on land surveys.

(3) A survey map may also show the intended location and dimensions of any contemplated improvement to be constructed anywhere within the condominium. Any contemplated improvement shown must be labeled either "MUST BE BUILT" or "NEED NOT BE BUILT."

(4) To the extent not shown or projected on the survey map, plans of the existing units must show or project:
   (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (8) of this section, the location and dimensions of the vertical boundaries of each unit, and that unit’s identifying number;
   (b) Any horizontal unit boundaries, with reference to an established datum, and that unit’s identifying number; and
   (c) Any units in which the declarant has reserved the right to create additional units or common elements under RCW 64.34.236(3), identified appropriately.

(5) Unless the declaration provides otherwise, the horizontal boundaries of part of a unit located outside of a building have the same elevation as the horizontal boundaries of the inside part and in such case need not be depicted on the survey map and plans.

(6) Upon exercising any development right, the declarant shall record either a new survey map and plans necessary to conform to the requirements of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section or new certifications of a survey map and plans previously recorded if the documents otherwise conform to the requirements of those subsections.

(7) Any survey map, plan, or certification required by this section shall be made by a licensed surveyor.

(8) In showing or projecting the location and dimensions of the vertical boundaries of a unit under subsections (2)(f) and (4)(a) of this section, it is not necessary to show the thickness of the walls constituting the vertical boundaries or otherwise show the distance of those vertical boundaries either
from the exterior surface of the building containing that unit or from adjacent vertical boundaries of other units if: (a) The walls are designated to be the vertical boundaries of that unit; (b) the unit is located within a building, the location and dimensions of the building having been shown on the survey map under subsection (2)(b) of this section; and (c) the graphic general location of the vertical boundaries are shown in relation to the exterior surfaces of that building and to the vertical boundaries of other units within that building."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Van Luven, Chairman; Dunn, Vice Chairman; Veloria, Ranking Minority Member; Sheldon, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Ballasiotes; McDonald and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives Van Luven, Dunn, Veloria, Sheldon, Alexander, Ballasiotes, McDonald and Morris.
Excused: Representative Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997
SSB 5749
Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Providing for a certificate of competency as a medical gas piping installer. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 7, line 9, after "installer" insert "who holds a medical gas piping installer endorsement"

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Honeyford, Vice Chairman.

Excused: Representative Honeyford.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997
SB 5754
Prime Sponsor, Senator Horn: Regulating boxing, kickboxing, martial arts, and wrestling. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

Excused: Representative Honeyford.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
ESSB 5759 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Changing sex offender risk level classification and public notification procedures. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5763 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Energy & Utilities (S): Prohibiting the taxation of internet service providers as network telephone service providers. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Energy & Utilities. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Morris, Pennington, Thompson and Van Luven.

Excused: Representatives Mason and Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5770 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Protecting child records. Reported by Committee on Children & Family Services

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds unacceptable laws that bar legitimate and appropriate inquiries about the activities of public agencies in abuse and neglect cases, for they frustrate the ability of the legislature to set informed policy and act in appropriate oversight capacity; impair the ability of independent government agencies to determine the effectiveness of services, staff, and funding; corrode public trust; and undermine the right of the public to determine whether abused and neglected children are being adequately protected.

The legislature therefore finds a compelling need to reform the confidentiality laws and declares its intent, by enactment of this act, to increase the capacity for oversight and monitoring of the child welfare system, to increase information available to the public, and to increase accountability among the agencies involved in the system.

The legislature finds that the privacy of children and their families in child abuse and neglect cases must be safeguarded, but that the interests of children, their families, and the public are best protected by increased knowledge and oversight concerning the system, and by greater accountability; and therefore declares that this privacy must be balanced with the appropriate release of information concerning these cases. When the child has died, the legislature finds that disclosure is strongly in the public interest."
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) Consistent with the provisions of chapter 42.17 RCW and applicable federal law, the secretary, or the secretary’s designee, shall disclose information regarding the abuse or neglect of a child, the investigation of the abuse or neglect, and any services related to the abuse or neglect of a child if any one of the following factors is present:

(a) The subject of the report has been charged in an accusatory instrument with committing a crime related to a report maintained by the department in its case and management information system;

(b) The investigation of the abuse or neglect of the child by the department or the provision of services by the department has been publicly disclosed in a report required to be disclosed in the course of their official duties, by a law enforcement agency or official, a prosecuting attorney, any other state or local investigative agency or official, or by a judge of the superior court;

(c) There has been a prior knowing, voluntary public disclosure by an individual concerning a report of child abuse or neglect in which such individual is named as the subject of the report; or

(d) The child named in the report has died and the child’s death resulted from abuse or neglect or the child was in the care of, or receiving services from the department at the time of death or within twelve months before death.

(2) The secretary is not required to disclose information if the factors in subsection (1) of this section are present if he or she specifically determines the disclosure is contrary to the best interests of the child, the child’s siblings, or other children in the household.

(3) Except for cases in subsection (1)(d) of this section, requests for information under this section shall specifically identify the case about which information is sought and the facts that support a determination that one of the factors specified in subsection (1) of this section is present.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. For purposes of section 2 of this act, the following information shall be disclosable:

(1) The name of the abused or neglected child;

(2) The determination made by the department of the referrals, if any, for abuse or neglect;

(3) Identification of child protective or other services provided or actions, if any, taken regarding the child named in the report and his or her family as a result of any such report or reports. These records include but are not limited to administrative reports of fatality, fatality review reports, case files, inspection reports, and reports relating to social work practice issues; and

(4) Any actions taken by the department in response to reports of abuse or neglect of the child.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. In determining under section 2 of this act whether disclosure will be contrary to the best interests of the child, the secretary, or the secretary’s designee, must consider the effects which disclosure may have on efforts to reunite and provide services to the family.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. For purposes of section 2(1)(d) of this act, the secretary must make the fullest possible disclosure consistent with chapter 42.17 RCW and applicable federal law in cases of all fatalities of children who were in the care of, or receiving services from, the department at the time of their death or within the twelve months previous to their death.

If the secretary specifically determines that disclosure of the name of the deceased child is contrary to the best interests of the child’s siblings or other children in the household, the secretary may remove personally identifying information.

For the purposes of this section, "personally identifying information" means the name, street address, social security number, and day of birth of the child who died and of private persons who are relatives of the child named in child welfare records. "Personally identifying information" shall not include the month or year of birth of the child who has died. Once this personally identifying information is removed, the remainder of the records pertaining to a child who has died must be released regardless of whether the remaining facts in the records are embarrassing to the unidentifiable other private parties or to identifiable public workers who handled the case.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Except as it applies directly to the cause of the abuse or neglect of the child and any actions taken by the department in response to reports of abuse or neglect of the child, nothing in sections 2 through 5 of this act is deemed to authorize the release or disclosure of the
substance or content of any psychological, psychiatric, therapeutic, clinical, or medical reports, evaluations, or like materials, or information pertaining to the child or the child's family.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The department, when acting in good faith, is immune from any criminal or civil liability, except as provided under RCW 42.17.340, for any action taken under sections 1 through 6 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and with respect to the agencies directly affected, and this finding does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act in its application to the agencies concerned. Rules adopted under this act must meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Sections 1 through 7 of this act are each added to chapter 74.13 RCW.

Signed by Representatives Cooke, Chairman; Boldt, Vice Chairman; Bush, Vice Chairman; Tokuda, Ranking Minority Member; Kastama, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Ballasiotes; Carrell; Dickerson; Gombosky; McDonald and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Bush, Tokuda, Kastama, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Dickerson, Gombosky, McDonald and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5781 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Requiring voter approval of city assumption of water or sewer systems. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 35.13A.030 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever a portion of a ((water district or sewer)) water-sewer district equal to at least sixty percent of the area or sixty percent of the assessed valuation of the real property lying within such district, is included within the corporate boundaries of a city, the city may either:
(1) Assume by ordinance the full and complete management and control of that portion of the entire district that is contiguous to the city and not included within another city, (whereupon) if the district voters of such an area approve a ballot proposition authorizing the assumption requested by the city, submitted to these voters by the board of commissioners of the district. The provisions of RCW 35.13A.020 shall be operative if the city proceeds under this subsection and any rates that are charged for service outside of the city shall be reasonable to all parties; or
(2) The city may proceed directly under the provisions of RCW 35.13A.050.
The city or district may petition to dissolve the district under the provisions of RCW 35.13A.080.

Sec. 2. RCW 35.13A.050 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
When electing under RCW 35.13A.030 or 35.13A.040 to proceed under this section, the city may assume, by ordinance, jurisdiction of the district's responsibilities, property, facilities and equipment within the corporate limits of the city(Provided, That)."
If on the effective date of such an ordinance the territory of the district included within the city contains any facilities serving or designed to serve any portion of the district outside the corporate limits of the city or if the territory lying within the district and outside the city contains any facilities serving or designed to serve territory included within the city (which facilities are hereafter in this section called the “serving facilities”), the city or district shall for the economically useful life of any such serving facilities make available sufficient capacity therein to serve the sewage, drainage, or water requirements of such territory, to the extent that such facilities were designed to serve such territory at a rate charged to the municipality being served which is reasonable to all parties.

In the event a city proceeds under this section, the district may elect upon a favorable vote of a majority of all voters within the district voting upon such propositions to require the city shall be required to assume responsibility for operating and maintaining the district’s property, facilities and equipment throughout that portion of the entire district that is contiguous to the city but not included in any other city and the district shall pay the city a charge for such operation and maintenance which is reasonable under all of the circumstances, if the voters of the district who reside in such an area approve a ballot proposition providing for this transfer of responsibility, submitted to the voters by the board of commissioners of the district.

A city acquiring property, facilities and equipment under the provisions of this section shall acquire such property, facilities and equipment, and fix and collect service and other charges from owners and occupants of properties served by the city, subject, to any contractual obligations of the district which relate to the property, facilities, or equipment so acquired by the city or which are secured by taxes, assessments or revenues from the territory of the district included within the city. In such cases, the property included within the city and the owners and occupants thereof shall continue to be liable for payment of its and their proportionate share of any outstanding district indebtedness. The district and its officers shall continue to levy taxes and assessments on and to collect service and other charges from such property, or owners or occupants thereof, to enforce such collections, and to perform all other acts necessary to insure performance of the district’s contractual obligations in the same manner and by the same means as if the territory of the district had not been included within the boundaries of a city.

The city or district may petition to dissolve the district under the provisions of RCW 35.13A.080.

Sec. 3. RCW 57.08.065 and 1996 c 230 s 313 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A district shall have power to establish, maintain, and operate a mutual water, sewer, drainage, and street lighting system, a mutual system of any two or three of the systems, or separate systems.

(2) Where any two or more districts include the same territory as of July 1, 1997, none of the overlapping districts may provide any service that was made available by any of the other districts prior to July 1, 1997, within the overlapping territory without the consent by resolution of the board of commissioners of the other district or districts.

(3) A district that was a water district prior to July 1, 1997, that did not operate a sewer or drainage system prior to July 1, 1997, may not proceed to exercise the powers to establish, maintain, construct, and operate any sewer or drainage system without first obtaining written approval by resolution of the city or town in whose jurisdiction it proposes to exercise such powers and certification of necessity from the department of ecology and department of health. Any comprehensive plan for a sewer or drainage system (or sewers) or addition thereto or betterment thereof proposed by a district that was a water district prior to July 1, 1997, shall be approved by the same county, city, town, and state officials as were required to approve such plans adopted by a sewer district immediately prior to July 1, 1997, and as subsequently may be required.”

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.
SSB 5783

Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Changing provisions relating to public water systems. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION, Sec. 1. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest for water rights held by public water systems to be managed and regulated in a manner that:
(1) Allows such systems to prolong and maximize the use of water rights applied to municipal purposes consistent with the population demand projections established in state-approved water system plans and adopted growth management plans; and
(2) Promotes water conservation, with enhanced efforts occurring in water critical areas, promotes water system efficiencies, and eliminates disincentives for investments in water efficient technologies.
The department of ecology is therefore directed to administer water rights laws consistent with RCW 90.03.320 and 90.03.330 and section 2 of this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:
(1) For the purposes of this chapter and RCW 90.14.140, "municipal water supply purposes" means water distributed by a group A public water system as defined by RCW 70.119.020, and includes domestic, commercial, and industrial water uses provided as an integral element of the public water system and includes industrial water uses provided on the effective date of this act under RCW 54.16.030 which are included in a comprehensive water system plan. Except as stated above, this definition does not include commercial, industrial, irrigation, or other water systems that are not designated as a public water system for potable water use recognized by a state-approved public water system plan or withdrawals of public ground waters exempt from permit requirements under RCW 90.44.050.
(2) For the purposes of RCW 90.14.140, the amount of water held for municipal water supply purposes is limited to the water that is deemed to be an efficient use and that meets the needs of the public water system's service area as determined by plans in RCW 90.03.320. Water uses that are deemed as efficient uses of water are those that are in full compliance with the department of health's conservation guidelines for such systems. This section applies only to those public water systems that are required to develop water conservation plans pursuant to the department of health's conservation guidelines.

Sec. 3. RCW 90.03.320 and 1987 c 109 s 67 are each amended to read as follows:
Actual construction work shall be commenced on any project for which permit has been granted within such reasonable time as shall be prescribed by the department, and shall thereafter be prosecuted with diligence and completed within the time prescribed by the department. The department, in fixing the time for the commencement of the work, or for the completion thereof and the application of the water to the beneficial use prescribed in the permit, shall take into consideration the cost and magnitude of the project and the engineering and physical features to be encountered, and shall allow such time as shall be reasonable and just under the conditions then existing, having due regard for the public welfare and public interests affected: and, for good cause shown, it shall extend the time or times fixed as aforesaid, and shall grant such further period or periods as may be reasonably necessary, having due regard to the good faith of the applicant and the public interests affected. In fixing construction schedules and the time, or extension of time, for application of water to
beneficial use for municipal water supply purposes, the department shall also take into consideration
the term and amount of financing required to complete the project, delays that may result from planned
and existing conservation and water use efficiency measures implemented by the public water system,
and the supply needs of the public water system’s service area, consistent with an approved
comprehensive plan under chapter 36.70A RCW, or in the absence of such a plan, a county-approved
comprehensive plan under chapter 36.70 RCW or a plan approved under chapter 35.63 RCW, and
related water demand projections prepared by public water systems in accordance with state law. An
existing comprehensive plan under chapter 36.70A or 36.70 RCW, plan under chapter 35.63 RCW, or
demand projection may be used. If the terms of the permit or extension thereof, are not complied with
the department shall give notice by registered mail that such permit will be canceled unless the holders
thereof shall show cause within sixty days why the same should not be so canceled. If cause ((be)) is
not shown, ((said)) the permit shall be canceled.

Sec. 4. RCW 90.03.330 and 1987 c 109 s 89 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Upon a showing satisfactory to the department that any appropriation has been perfected in
accordance with the provisions of this chapter, it shall be the duty of the department to issue to the
applicant a certificate stating such facts in a form to be prescribed by ((him)) the director, and such
certificate shall thereupon be recorded with the department.
(2) For those public water supplies that fulfill municipal water supply purposes and are
designed to accommodate future growth as defined by a state-approved water system plan, the amount
of instantaneous diversion or withdrawal considered to be applied to beneficial use at the time of
perfection of the certificate shall be based upon the design capacity of the diversion structures and
mainlines or withdrawal facilities and mainlines installed at such time. Further, the amount of annual
appropriation considered to be applied to beneficial use at the time of perfection shall be based on the
growth projection contained in the most current state-approved water system plan. However, the
department may not issue a certificate for quantities of water in excess of those contained in a permit if
a permit has been issued. This subsection shall apply to the administration of water rights existing on
the effective date of this section and prospectively issued water rights, but shall not apply to water
rights subject to the terms of final adjudication decrees entered in accordance with this chapter.
Withdrawal of ground water shall be in compliance with RCW 90.44.100.
(3) Any original water right certificate issued, as provided by this chapter, shall be recorded
with the department and thereafter, at the expense of the party receiving the same, be by the
department transmitted to the county auditor of the county or counties where the distributing system or
any part thereof is located, and be recorded in the office of such county auditor, and thereafter be
transmitted to the owner thereof."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice
Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member;
Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster,
Mastin, Regala and Sump.
Excused: Representative Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997
SSB 5785 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Providing for consolidation of
ground water rights of exempt wells. Reported by Committee on Agriculture &
Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 90.44 RCW to read as follows:

Upon the issuance by the department of an amendment to the appropriate permit or certificate of ground water right, the holder of a valid right to withdraw public ground waters may consolidate that right with a ground water right exempt from the permit requirement under RCW 90.44.050, without affecting the priority of either of the water rights being consolidated. Such a consolidation amendment shall be issued only after publication of a notice of the application, a comment period, and a determination made by the department, in lieu of meeting the conditions required for an amendment under RCW 90.44.100, that: (1) The exempt well taps the same body of public ground water as the well to which the water right of the exempt well is to be consolidated; (2) use of the exempt well shall be discontinued upon approval of the consolidation amendment to the permit or certificate; (3) legally enforceable agreements have been entered to prohibit the construction of another exempt well to serve the area previously served by the exempt well to be discontinued, and such agreements are binding upon subsequent owners of the land through appropriate binding limitations on the title to the land; (4) the exempt well or wells the use of which is to be discontinued will be properly decommissioned in accordance with chapter 18.104 RCW and the rules of the department; and (5) other existing rights, including ground and surface water rights and minimum stream flows adopted by rule, shall not be impaired. The notice shall be published by the applicant in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties in which the wells for the rights to be consolidated are located once a week for two consecutive weeks. The applicant shall provide evidence of the publication of the notice to the department. The comment period shall be for thirty days beginning on the date the second notice is published.

The amount of the water to be added to the holder’s permit or certificate upon discontinuance of the exempt well shall be the average withdrawal from the well, in gallons per day, for the most recent five-year period preceding the date of the application, except that the amount shall not be less than eight hundred gallons per day for each residential connection or such alternative minimum amount as may be established by the department in consultation with the department of health, and shall not exceed five thousand gallons per day. The department shall presume that an amount identified by the applicant as being the average withdrawal from the well during the most recent five-year period is accurate if the applicant establishes that the amount identified for the use or uses of water from the exempt well is consistent with the average amount of water used for similar use or uses in the general area in which the exempt well is located. The department shall develop, in consultation with the department of health, a schedule of average household and small-area landscaping water usages in various regions of the state to aid the department and applicants in identifying average amounts used for these purposes. The presumption does not apply if the department finds credible evidence of nonuse of the well during the required period or credible evidence that the use of water from the exempt well or the intensity of the use of the land supported by water from the exempt well is substantially different than such uses in the general area in which the exempt well is located. The department shall also accord a presumption in favor of approval of such consolidation if the requirements of this subsection are met and the discontinuance of the exempt well is consistent with an adopted coordinated water system plan under chapter 70.116 RCW, an adopted comprehensive land use plan under chapter 36.70A RCW, or other comprehensive watershed management plan applicable to the area containing an objective of decreasing the number of existing and newly developed small ground water withdrawal wells. The department shall provide a priority to reviewing and deciding upon applications subject to this subsection, and shall make its decision within sixty days of the end of the comment period following publication of the notice by the applicant or within sixty days of the date on which compliance with the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, is completed, whichever is later. The applicant and the department may by prior mutual agreement extend the time for making a decision."

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.
Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5787 Prime Sponsor, Senator Benton: Concerning the disposition of proceeds from county land deeded to the department of natural resources. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler; Hatfield; Pennington and Sheldon.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Regala, Butler, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler, Hatfield, Pennington and Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5827 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Collecting the cost of governmental entities using collection agencies. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 19.16.500 and 1982 c 65 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) Agencies, departments, taxing districts, political subdivisions of the state, counties, and ((incorporated)) cities may retain, by written contract, collection agencies licensed under this chapter for the purpose of collecting public debts owed by any person, including any restitution that is being collected on behalf of a crime victim.
(b) Any governmental entity as described in (a) of this subsection using a collection agency may add a reasonable fee, payable by the debtor, to the outstanding debt for the collection agency fee incurred or to be incurred. The amount to be paid for collection services shall be left to the agreement of the governmental entity and its collection agency or agencies, but a contingent fee of up to fifty percent of the first one hundred thousand dollars of the unpaid debt per account and up to thirty-five percent of the unpaid debt over one hundred thousand dollars per account is reasonable, and a minimum fee of the full amount of the debt up to one hundred dollars per account is reasonable. Any fee agreement entered into by a governmental entity is presumptively reasonable.
(2) No debt may be assigned to a collection agency unless (a) there has been an attempt to advise the debtor (i) of the existence of the debt and (ii) that the debt may be assigned to a collection agency for collection if the debt is not paid, and (b) at least thirty days have elapsed from the time ((the)) notice was ((sent)) attempted.
(3) Collection agencies assigned debts under this section shall have only those remedies and powers which would be available to them as assignees of private creditors.
(4) For purposes of this section, the term debt shall include fines and other debts, including the fee required under subsection (1)(b) of this section."

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith and L. Thomas.
SB 5831 Prime Sponsor, Senator Newhouse: Eliminating provisions allowing adjacent counties as the venue of actions by or against counties. Reported by Committee on Law & Justice

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 36.01.050 and 1963 c 4 s 36.01.050 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) All actions against any county may be commenced in the superior court of such county, or in the superior court of either of the two nearest counties. All actions by any county shall be commenced in the superior court of the county in which the defendant resides, or in the county adjoining the county by which such action is commenced) either of the two counties nearest to the county bringing the action.

(2) The determination of the nearest counties is measured by the travel time between county seats using major surface routes, as determined by the office of the administrator for the courts."

Signed by Representatives Sheahan, Chairman; McDonald, Vice Chairman; Sterk, Vice Chairman; Costa, Ranking Minority Member; Constantine, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carrell; Cody; Kenney; Lambert; Lantz; Radcliff; Sherstad and Skinner.

Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SSB 5838 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Requiring health boards to respond to requests for on-site sewage permits in a timely manner. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that improperly designed, installed, or maintained on-site sewage disposal systems are a major contributor to water pollution in this state. The legislature also recognizes that evolving technology has produced many viable alternatives to traditional on-site septic systems. It is the purpose of this act to help facilitate the siting of new alternative on-site septic systems and to assist local governments in promoting efficient operation of on-site septic these systems.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 70.05 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The local health officer must respond to the applicant for an on-site sewage system permit within thirty days after receiving a fully completed application. The local health officer must respond that the application is either approved, denied, or pending.

(2) If the local health officer denies an application to install an on-site sewage system, the denial must be for cause and based upon public health and environmental protection concerns, including concerns regarding the ability to operate and maintain the system, or conflicts with other existing laws, regulations, or ordinances. The local health officer must provide the applicant with a written justification for the denial, along with an explanation of the procedure for appeal.

(3) If the local health officer identifies the application as pending and subject to review beyond thirty days, the local health officer must provide the applicant with a written justification that the site-specific conditions or circumstances necessitate a longer time period for a decision on the application. The local health officer must include any specific information necessary to make a decision and the estimated time required for a decision to be made.

(4) A local health officer may not limit the number of alternative sewage systems within his or her jurisdiction without cause. Any such limitation must be based upon public health and environmental protection concerns, including concerns regarding the ability to operate and maintain the system, or conflicts with other existing laws, regulations, or ordinances. If such a limitation is established, the local health officer must justify the limitation in writing, with specific reasons, and must provide an explanation of the procedure for appealing the limitation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 70.118 RCW to read as follows:

The department of health must include one person who is familiar with the operation and maintenance of certified proprietary devices on the technical review committee responsible for evaluating and making recommendations to the department of health regarding the general use of alternative on-site sewage systems in the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 57.04 RCW to read as follows:

(1) As an alternative means to forming a water-sewer district, a county legislative authority may authorize the formation of a water-sewer district to serve a new development that at the time of formation does not have any residents, at written request of sixty percent of the owners of the area to be included in the proposed district. The county legislative authority shall review the proposed district according to the procedures and criteria in RCW 57.02.040.

(2) The county legislative authority shall appoint the initial water-sewer commissioners of the district. The commissioners shall serve until seventy-five percent of the development is sold and occupied, or until some other time as specified by the county legislative authority when the district is approved. Commissioners serving under this section are not entitled to any form of compensation from the district.

(3) New commissioners shall be elected according to the procedures in chapter 57.12 RCW at the next election held under RCW 29.13.010 that follows more than ninety days after the date seventy-five percent of the development is sold and occupied, or after the time specified by the county legislative authority when the district is approved.

(4) A water-sewer district created under this section may be transferred to a city or county, or dissolved if the district is inactive, by order of the county legislative authority at the written request of sixty percent of the owners of the area included in the district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 70.118 RCW to read as follows:

In order to assure that technical guidelines and standards keep pace with advancing technologies, the department of health in collaboration with the technical review committee, local health departments, and other interested parties, must review and update as appropriate, the state guidelines and standards for alternative on-site sewage disposal every three years. The first review and update must be completed by January 1, 1999.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Nothing in sections 2 through 4 of this act may be deemed to eliminate any requirements for approval from public health agencies under applicable law in connection with the siting, design, construction, and repair of on-site septic systems.

Sec. 7. RCW 35.67.010 and 1965 c 110 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
A "system of sewerage" means and may include((s)) any or all of the following:
(1) Sanitary sewage ((disposal sewers)) collection, treatment, and/or disposal facilities and services, on-site or off-site sanitary sewerage facilities, inspection services and maintenance services for public or private on-site systems, or any other means of sewage treatment and disposal approved by the city:
(2) Combined sanitary sewage disposal and storm or surface water sewers;
(3) Storm or surface water sewers;
(4) Outfalls for storm drainage or sanitary sewage and works, plants, and facilities for storm drainage or sanitary sewage treatment and disposal, ((or)) and rights and interests in property relating to the system;
(5) Combined water and sewerage systems;
(6) Point and nonpoint water pollution monitoring programs that are directly related to the sewerage facilities and programs operated by a city or town;
(7) Public restroom and sanitary facilities; and
(8) Any combination of or part of any or all of such facilities.
The words "public utility" when used in this chapter ((shall have)) has the same meaning as the words "system of sewerage."

Sec. 8. RCW 35.67.020 and 1995 c 124 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
Every city and town may construct, condemn and purchase, acquire, add to, maintain, conduct, and operate systems of sewerage and systems and plants for refuse collection and disposal together with additions, extensions, and betterments thereto, within and without its limits, with full jurisdiction and authority to manage, regulate, and control them and to fix, alter, regulate, and control the rates and charges for their use. The rates charged must be uniform for the same class of customers or service and facilities furnished.
In classifying customers served or service and facilities furnished by such system of sewerage, the city or town legislative body may in its discretion consider any or all of the following factors: (1) The difference in cost of service and facilities to the various customers; (2) the location of the various customers within and without the city or town; (3) the difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair, and replacement of the various parts of the system; (4) the different character of the service and facilities furnished various customers; (5) the quantity and quality of the sewage delivered and the time of its delivery; (6) the achievement of water conservation goals and the discouragement of wasteful water use practices; (7) capital contributions made to the system, including but not limited to, assessments; (8) the nonprofit public benefit status, as defined in RCW 24.03.490, of the land user; and (9) any other matters which present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction. Rates or charges may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.
A city or town may provide assistance to aid low-income persons in connection with services provided under this chapter.
Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner's agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer.
Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the
residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or charges that may be imposed for the service.

A city or town shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using city or town employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the city or town's sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of state or local health officers to carry out their responsibilities under any other applicable law.

Sec. 9. RCW 35.92.020 and 1995 c 124 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

A city or town may construct, condemn and purchase, purchase, acquire, add to, alter, maintain, and operate systems, plants, sites, or other facilities of sewerage as defined in RCW 35.67.010, or solid waste handling as defined by RCW 70.95.030, and shall have full authority to manage, regulate, operate, control, and to fix the price of service and facilities of those systems, plants, sites, or other facilities within and without the limits of the city or town. The rates charged shall be uniform for the same class of customers or service and facilities. In classifying customers served or and facilities furnished by a system or systems of sewerage, the legislative authority of the city or town may in its discretion consider any or all of the following factors: (1) The difference in cost of service and facilities to customers; (2) the location of customers within and without the city or town; (3) the difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair, and replacement of the parts of the system; (4) the different character of the service and facilities furnished to customers; (5) the quantity and quality of the sewage delivered and the time of its delivery; (6) capital contributions made to the systems, plants, sites, or other facilities, including but not limited to, assessments; (7) the nonprofit public benefit status, as defined in RCW 24.03.490, of the land user; and (8) any other factors that present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction. Rates or charges may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.

A city or town may provide assistance to aid low-income persons in connection with services provided under this chapter.

Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner's agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer.

Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or charges that may be imposed for the service.

A city or town shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using city or town employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the city or town's sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of state or local health officers to carry out their responsibilities under any other applicable law.

Sec. 10. RCW 36.94.010 and 1981 c 313 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

(1) A "system of sewerage" means and may include((s)) any or all of the following:

(a) Sanitary sewage collection, treatment, and/or disposal ((sewers and)) facilities and services, including without limitation on-site or off-site sanitary sewerage facilities ((consisting of an approved septic tank or septic tank systems)), inspection services and maintenance services for private or public on-site systems, or any other means of sewage treatment and disposal approved by the county;
(b) Combined sanitary sewage disposal and storm or surface water drains and facilities;
(c) Storm or surface water drains, channels, and facilities;
(d) Outfalls for storm drainage or sanitary sewage and works, plants, and facilities for storm drainage or sanitary sewage treatment and disposal, and rights and interests in property relating to the system;

(e) Combined water and sewerage systems;

(f) Point and nonpoint water pollution monitoring programs that are directly related to the sewerage facilities and programs operated by a county;

(g) Public restroom and sanitary facilities;

(h) The facilities and services authorized in RCW 36.94.020; and

(i) Any combination of or part of any or all of such facilities.

(2) A "system of water" means and includes:

(a) A water distribution system, including dams, reservoirs, aqueducts, plants, pumping stations, transmission and lateral distribution lines and other facilities for distribution of water;

(b) A combined water and sewerage system;

(c) Any combination of or any part of any or all of such facilities.

(3) A "sewerage and/or water general plan" means a general plan for a system of sewerage and/or water for the county which shall be an element of the comprehensive plan established by the county pursuant to RCW 36.70.350(6) and/or chapter 35.63 RCW, if there is such a comprehensive plan.

(a) A sewerage general plan shall include the general location and description of treatment and disposal facilities, trunk and interceptor sewers, pumping stations, monitoring and control facilities, channels, local service areas and a general description of the collection system to serve those areas, a description of on-site sanitary sewerage system inspection services and maintenance services, and other facilities and services as may be required to provide a functional and implementable plan, including preliminary engineering to assure feasibility. The plan may also include a description of the regulations deemed appropriate to carrying out surface drainage plans.

(b) A water general plan shall include the general location and description of water resources to be utilized, wells, treatment facilities, transmission lines, storage reservoirs, pumping stations, and monitoring and control facilities as may be required to provide a functional and implementable plan.

(c) Water and/or sewerage general plans shall include preliminary engineering in adequate detail to assure technical feasibility and, to the extent then known, shall further discuss the methods of distributing the cost and expense of the system and shall indicate the economic feasibility of plan implementation. The plans may also specify local or lateral facilities and services. The sewerage and/or water general plan does not mean the final engineering construction or financing plans for the system.

(4) "Municipal corporation" means and includes any city, town, metropolitan municipal corporation, any public utility district which operates and maintains a sewer or water system, any sewer, water, diking, or drainage district, any diking, drainage, and sewerage improvement district, and any irrigation district.

(5) A "private utility" means and includes all utilities, both public and private, which provide sewerage and/or water service and which are not municipal corporations within the definition of this chapter. The ownership of a private utility may be in a corporation, nonprofit or for profit, in a cooperative association, in a mutual organization, or in individuals.

(6) "Board" means one or more boards of county commissioners and/or the legislative authority of a home rule charter county.

Sec. 11. RCW 36.94.020 and 1981 c 313 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The construction, operation, and maintenance of a system of sewerage and/or water is a county purpose. Subject to the provisions of this chapter, every county has the power, individually or in conjunction with another county or counties to adopt, provide for, accept, establish, condemn, purchase, construct, add to, operate, and maintain a system or systems of sanitary and storm sewers, including outfalls, interceptors, plans, and facilities and services necessary for sewerage treatment and disposal, and/or system or systems of water supply within all or a portion of the county((PROVIDED, That)); However, counties shall not have power to condemn sewerage and/or water systems of any municipal corporation or private utility.
Such county or counties shall have the authority to control, regulate, operate, and manage such system or systems and to provide funds therefor by general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, local improvement district bonds, utility local improvement district or local improvement district assessments, and in any other lawful fiscal manner. Rates or charges may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.

Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner's agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer.

Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or charges that may be imposed for the service.

A county shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using county employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the county's sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of a state or local health officer to carry out their responsibilities under any other applicable law.

A county may, as part of a system of sewerage established under this chapter, provide for, finance, and operate any of the facilities and services and may exercise the powers expressly authorized for county storm water, flood control, pollution prevention, and drainage services and activities under chapters 36.89, 86.12, 86.13, and 86.15 RCW. A county also may provide for, finance, and operate the facilities and services and may exercise any of the powers authorized for aquifer protection areas under chapter 36.36 RCW; for lake management districts under chapter 36.61 RCW; for diking districts, and diking, drainage, and sewerage improvement districts under chapters 85.05, 85.08, 85.15, 85.16, and 85.18 RCW; and for shellfish protection districts under chapter 90.72 RCW. However, if a county by reference to any of those statutes assumes as part of its system of sewerage any powers granted to such areas or districts and not otherwise available to a county under this chapter, then (1) the procedures and restrictions applicable to those areas or districts apply to the county's exercise of those powers, and (2) the county may not simultaneously impose rates and charges under this chapter and under the statutes authorizing such areas or districts for substantially the same facilities and services, but must instead impose uniform rates and charges consistent with RCW 36.94.140. By agreement with such an area or district that is not part of a county's system of sewerage, a county may operate that area's or district's services or facilities, but a county may not dissolve any existing area or district except in accordance with any applicable provisions of the statute under which that area or district was created.

**Sec. 12.** RCW 36.94.140 and 1995 c 124 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Every county, in the operation of a system of sewerage and/or water, shall have full jurisdiction and authority to manage, regulate, and control it and to fix, alter, regulate, and control the rates and charges for the service and facilities to those to whom such service and facilities are available, and to levy charges for connection to the system. The rates for availability of service and facilities, and connection charges so charged must be uniform for the same class of customers or service and facility.

In classifying customers served, service furnished or made available by such system of sewerage and/or water, or the connection charges, the county legislative authority may consider any or all of the following factors:

1. The difference in cost of service to the various customers within or without the area;
2. The difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair and replacement of the various parts of the systems;
3. The different character of the service and facilities furnished various customers;
(4) The quantity and quality of the sewage and/or water delivered and the time of its delivery;
(5) Capital contributions made to the system or systems, including, but not limited to, assessments;
(6) The cost of acquiring the system or portions of the system in making system improvements necessary for the public health and safety;
(7) The nonprofit public benefit status, as defined in RCW 24.03.490, of the land user; and
(8) Any other matters which present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction.
A county may provide assistance to aid low-income persons in connection with services provided under this chapter.

The service charges and rates shall produce revenues sufficient to take care of the costs of maintenance and operation, revenue bond and warrant interest and principal amortization requirements, and all other charges necessary for the efficient and proper operation of the system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 35.58 RCW to read as follows:
A metropolitan municipal corporation authorized to perform water pollution abatement may exercise all the powers relating to systems of sewerage authorized by RCW 36.94.010, 36.94.020, and 36.94.140 for counties.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW to read as follows:
The legislative authority of any city or town may exercise all the powers relating to systems of sewerage authorized by RCW 35.67.010 and 35.67.020.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 53.08 RCW to read as follows:
A port district may exercise all the powers relating to systems of sewerage authorized by RCW 54.16.230 for public utility districts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. RCW 54.16.230 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 57 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
A public utility district may acquire, construct, operate, maintain, and add to sewage systems, subject to and in compliance with the county comprehensive plan, under the general powers of Title 54 RCW or through the formation of local utility districts as provided in RCW 54.16.120 through 54.16.170. However, prior to engaging in the acquisition, construction, or expansion of on-site or off-site sewerage facilities, except for public restroom and sanitary facilities, as authorized by this section, the voters of the public utility district shall first approve by majority vote a referendum proposition authorizing such district to exercise those powers related to the acquisition, construction, or expansion of such facilities, which proposition shall be presented at a general election. A sewage system may include any or all of the following:

(1) Sanitary sewage collection, treatment, and/or disposal facilities and services, including without limitation on-site or off-site sewerage facilities, inspection services and maintenance services for public or private on-site systems, or any other means of sewage treatment and disposal;
(2) Point and nonpoint water pollution monitoring programs that are directly related to the sewerage facilities and programs operated by a public utility district; and
(3) Public restroom and sanitary facilities. Rates or charges may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.
A public utility district may provide assistance to aid low-income persons in connection with services provided under this section.

Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner’s agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer.

Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the
residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or charges that may be imposed for the service.

A public utility district shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using public utility district employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the public utility district’s sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of state or local health officers to carry out their responsibilities under any other applicable law. A public utility district that provided inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services with its own employees prior to January 1, 1997, may continue to use its employees to provide that service.

Sec. 17. RCW 54.16.240 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 57 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The commission of a public utility district, by resolution may, or on petition in the same manner as provided for the creation of a district under RCW 54.08.010 shall, submit to the voters for their approval or rejection the proposal that (said) the public utility district be authorized to exercise the powers set forth in RCW 54.16.230 for which an election is required.

Sec. 18. RCW 57.08.005 and 1996 c 230 s 301 are each amended to read as follows:

A district shall have the following powers:

(1) To acquire by purchase or condemnation, or both, all lands, property and property rights, and all water and water rights, both within and without the district, necessary for its purposes. The right of eminent domain shall be exercised in the same manner and by the same procedure as provided for cities and towns, insofar as consistent with this title, except that all assessment or reassessment rolls to be prepared and filed by eminent domain commissioners or commissioners appointed by the court shall be prepared and filed by the district, and the duties devolving upon the city treasurer are imposed upon the county treasurer;

(2) To lease real or personal property necessary for its purposes for a term of years for which that leased property may reasonably be needed;

(3) To construct, condemn and purchase, add to, maintain, and supply waterworks to furnish the district and inhabitants thereof and any other persons, both within and without the district, with an ample supply of water for all uses and purposes public and private with full authority to regulate and control the use, content, distribution, and price thereof in such a manner as is not in conflict with general law and may construct, acquire, or own buildings and other necessary district facilities. Where a customer connected to the district’s system uses the water on an intermittent or transient basis, a district may charge for providing water service to such a customer, regardless of the amount of water, if any, used by the customer. District waterworks may include facilities which result in combined water supply and electric generation, if the electricity generated thereby is a byproduct of the water supply system. That electricity may be used by the district or sold to any entity authorized by law to use or distribute electricity. Electricity is deemed a byproduct when the electrical generation is subordinate to the primary purpose of water supply. For such purposes, a district may take, condemn and purchase, acquire, and retain water from any public or navigable lake, river or watercourse, or any underflowing water, and by means of aqueducts or pipeline conduct the same throughout the district and any city or town therein and carry it along and upon public highways, roads, and streets, within and without such district. For the purpose of constructing or laying aqueducts or pipelines, dams, or waterworks or other necessary structures in storing and retaining water or for any other lawful purpose such district may occupy the beds and shores up to the high water mark of any such lake, river, or other watercourse, and may acquire by purchase or condemnation such property or property rights or privileges as may be necessary to protect its water supply from pollution. For the purposes of waterworks which include facilities for the generation of electricity as a byproduct, nothing in this section may be construed to authorize a district to condemn electric generating, transmission, or distribution rights or facilities of entities authorized by law to distribute electricity, or to acquire such rights or facilities without the consent of the owner;

(4) To purchase and take water from any municipal corporation, private person, or entity. A district contiguous to Canada may contract with a Canadian corporation for the purchase of water and
for the construction, purchase, maintenance, and supply of waterworks to furnish the district and inhabitants thereof and residents of Canada with an ample supply of water under the terms approved by the board of commissioners;

(5) To construct, condemn and purchase, add to, maintain, and operate systems of sewers for the purpose of furnishing the district, the inhabitants thereof, and persons outside the district with an adequate system of sewers for all uses and purposes, public and private, including but not limited to on-site sewage disposal facilities, approved septic tanks or approved septic tank systems, on-site sanitary sewerage systems, inspection services and maintenance services for private and public on-site systems, point and nonpoint water pollution monitoring programs that are directly related to the sewerage facilities and programs operated by a district, other facilities, programs, and systems for the collection, interception, treatment, and disposal of wastewater, and for the control of pollution from wastewater and for the protection, preservation, and rehabilitation of surface and underground waters, facilities for the drainage and treatment of storm or surface waters, public highways, streets, and roads with full authority to regulate the use and operation thereof and the service rates to be charged. Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner’s agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer. Sewage facilities may include facilities which result in combined sewage disposal, treatment, or drainage and electric generation, except that the electricity generated thereby is a byproduct of the system of sewers. Such electricity may be used by the district or sold to any entity authorized by law to distribute electricity. Electricity is deemed a byproduct when the electrical generation is subordinate to the primary purpose of sewage disposal, treatment, or drainage. For such purposes a district may conduct sewage throughout the district and throughout other political subdivisions within the district, and construct and lay sewer pipe along and upon public highways, roads, and streets, within and without the district, and condemn and purchase or acquire land and rights of way necessary for such sewer pipe. A district may erect sewage treatment plants within or without the district, and may acquire, by purchase or condemnation, properties or privileges necessary to be had to protect any lakes, rivers, or watercourses and also other areas of land from pollution from its sewers or its sewage treatment plant. For the purposes of sewage facilities which include facilities that result in combined sewage disposal, treatment, or drainage and electric generation where the electric generation is a byproduct, nothing in this section may be construed to authorize a district to condemn electric generating, transmission, or distribution rights or facilities of entities authorized by law to distribute electricity, or to acquire such rights or facilities without the consent of the owners;

(6) To construct, condemn, acquire, and own buildings and other necessary district facilities;

(7) To compel all property owners within the district located within an area served by the district’s system of sewers to connect their private drain and sewer systems with the district’s system under such penalty as the commissioners shall prescribe by resolution. The district may for such purpose enter upon private property and connect the private drains or sewers with the district system and the cost thereof shall be charged against the property owner and shall be a lien upon property served;

(8) Where a district contains within its borders, abuts, or is located adjacent to any lake, stream, ground water as defined by RCW 90.44.035, or other waterway within the state of Washington, to provide for the reduction, minimization, or elimination of pollutants from those waters in accordance with the district’s comprehensive plan, and to issue general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, local improvement district bonds, or utility local improvement bonds for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of reducing, minimizing, or eliminating the pollutants from these waters;

(9) To fix rates and charges for water, sewer, and drain service supplied and to charge property owners seeking to connect to the district’s systems, as a condition to granting the right to so connect, in addition to the cost of the connection, such reasonable connection charge as the board of commissioners shall determine to be proper in order that those property owners shall bear their equitable share of the cost of the system. For the purposes of calculating a connection charge, the board of commissioners shall determine the pro rata share of the cost of existing facilities and facilities planned for construction within the next ten years and contained in an adopted comprehensive plan and
other costs borne by the district which are directly attributable to the improvements required by
property owners seeking to connect to the system. The cost of existing facilities shall not include those
portions of the system which have been donated or which have been paid for by grants. The connection
charge may include interest charges applied from the date of construction of the system until the
connection, or for a period not to exceed ten years, whichever is shorter, at a rate commensurate with
the rate of interest applicable to the district at the time of construction or major rehabilitation of the
system, or at the time of installation of the lines to which the property owner is seeking to connect. A
district may permit payment of the cost of connection and the reasonable connection charge to be paid
with interest in installments over a period not exceeding fifteen years. The county treasurer may charge
and collect a fee of three dollars for each year for the treasurer’s services. Those fees shall be a charge
to be included as part of each annual installment, and shall be credited to the county current expense
fund by the county treasurer. Revenues from connection charges excluding permit fees are to be
considered payments in aid of construction as defined by department of revenue rule. Rates or charges
may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.

Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences
into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be
provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that
have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the
residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or
charges that may be imposed for the service.

A water-sewer district shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or
other maintenance or repair services under this section using water-sewer district employees unless the
on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the water-sewer district’s
sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process.

Except as otherwise provided in RCW 90.03.525, any public entity and public property,
including the state of Washington and state property, shall be subject to rates and charges for sewer,
water, storm water control, drainage, and street lighting facilities to the same extent private persons
and private property are subject to those rates and charges that are imposed by districts. In setting those
rates and charges, consideration may be made of in-kind services, such as stream improvements or
donation of property;

(10) To contract with individuals, associations and corporations, the state of Washington, and
the United States;

(11) To employ such persons as are needed to carry out the district’s purposes and fix salaries
and any bond requirements for those employees;
(12) To contract for the provision of engineering, legal, and other professional services as in
the board of commissioner’s discretion is necessary in carrying out their duties;

(13) To sue and be sued;

(14) To loan and borrow funds and to issue bonds and instruments evidencing indebtedness
under chapter 57.20 RCW and other applicable laws;

(15) To transfer funds, real or personal property, property interests, or services subject to
RCW 57.08.015;

(16) To levy taxes in accordance with this chapter and chapters 57.04 and 57.20 RCW;

(17) To provide for making local improvements and to levy and collect special assessments on
property benefited thereby, and for paying for the same or any portion thereof in accordance with
chapter 57.16 RCW;

(18) To establish street lighting systems under RCW 57.08.060;

(19) To exercise such other powers as are granted to water-sewer districts by this title or other
applicable laws; and

(20) To exercise any of the powers granted to cities and counties with respect to the
acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation of, and fixing rates and charges for waterworks and
systems of sewerage and drainage.

Sec. 19. RCW 57.08.065 and 1996 c 230 s 313 are each amended to read as follows:
A district shall have power to establish, maintain, and operate a mutual water, sewerage, drainage, and street lighting system, a mutual system of any two or three of the systems, or separate systems.

Where any two or more districts include the same territory as of July 1, 1997, none of the overlapping districts may provide any service that was made available by any of the other districts prior to July 1, 1997, within the overlapping territory without the consent by resolution of the board of commissioners of the other district or districts.

A district that was a water district prior to July 1, 1997, that did not operate a sewer system of sewerage prior to July 1, 1997, may not proceed to exercise the powers to establish, maintain, construct, and operate any sewer system of sewerage without first obtaining written approval and certification of necessity from the department of ecology and department of health. Any comprehensive plan for a system of sewers or addition thereto or betterment thereof proposed by a district that was a water district prior to July 1, 1997, shall be approved by the same county and state officials as were required to approve such plans adopted by a sewer district immediately prior to July 1, 1997, and as subsequently may be required.

Sec. 20. RCW 57.16.010 and 1996 c 230 s 501 are each amended to read as follows:

Before ordering any improvements or submitting to vote any proposition for incurring any indebtedness, the district commissioners shall adopt a general comprehensive plan for the type or types of facilities the district proposes to provide. A district may prepare a separate general comprehensive plan for each of these services and other services that districts are permitted to provide, or the district may combine any or all of its comprehensive plans into a single general comprehensive plan.

For a general comprehensive plan of a water supply system, the commissioners shall investigate the several portions and sections of the district for the purpose of determining the present and reasonably foreseeable future needs thereof; shall examine and investigate, determine, and select a water supply or water supplies for such district suitable and adequate for present and reasonably foreseeable future needs thereof; and shall consider and determine a general system or plan for acquiring such water supply or water supplies, and the lands, waters, and water rights and easements necessary therefor, and for retaining and storing any such waters, and erecting dams, reservoirs, aqueducts, and pipe lines to convey the same throughout such district. There may be included as part of the system the installation of fire hydrants at suitable places throughout the district. The commissioners shall determine whether the whole or part of the cost and expenses shall be paid from revenue or general obligation bonds.

For a general comprehensive plan for a sewer system, the commissioners shall investigate all portions and sections of the district and select a general comprehensive plan for a sewer system for the district suitable and adequate for present and reasonably foreseeable future needs thereof. The general comprehensive plan shall provide for treatment plants and other methods and services, if any, for the prevention, control, and reduction of water pollution and for the treatment and disposal of sewage and industrial and other liquid wastes now produced or which may reasonably be expected to be produced within the district and shall, for such portions of the district as may then reasonably be served, provide for the prevention or reduction of water pollution and for the treatment and disposal of sewage and industrial and other liquid wastes now produced or which may reasonably be expected to be produced within the district and shall, for such portions of the district as may then reasonably be served, provide for the acquisition or construction and installation of laterals, trunk sewers, intercepting sewers, syphons, pumping stations or other sewage collection facilities, septic tanks, septic tank systems or drainfields, and systems for the transmission and treatment of wastewater. The general comprehensive plan shall provide a long-term plan for financing the planned projects and the method of distributing the cost and expense thereof, including the creation of local improvement districts or utility local improvement districts, and shall determine whether the whole or part of the cost and expenses shall be paid from revenue or general obligation bonds.

For a general comprehensive plan for a drainage system, the commissioners shall investigate all portions and sections of the district and adopt a general comprehensive plan for a drainage system for the district suitable and adequate for present and future needs thereof. The general...
comprehensive plan shall provide for a system to collect, treat, and dispose of storm water or surface waters, including use of natural systems and the construction or provision of culverts, storm water pipes, ponds, and other systems. The general comprehensive plan shall provide for a long-term plan for financing the planned projects and provide for a method of distributing the cost and expense of the drainage system, including local improvement districts or utility local improvement districts, and provide whether the whole or some part of the cost and expenses shall be paid from revenue or general obligation bonds.

(4) For a general comprehensive plan for street lighting, the commissioners shall investigate all portions and sections of the district and adopt a general comprehensive plan for street lighting for the district suitable and adequate for present and future needs thereof. The general comprehensive plan shall provide for a system or systems of street lighting, provide for a long-term plan for financing the planned projects, and provide for a method of distributing the cost and expense of the street lighting system, including local improvement districts or utility local improvement districts, and provide whether the whole or some part of the cost and expenses shall be paid from revenue or general obligation bonds.

(5) The commissioners may employ such engineering and legal service as in their discretion is necessary in carrying out their duties.

(6) Any general comprehensive plan or plans shall be adopted by resolution and submitted to an engineer designated by the legislative authority of the county in which fifty-one percent or more of the area of the district is located, and to the director of health of the county in which the district or any portion thereof is located, and must be approved in writing by the engineer and director of health, except that a comprehensive plan relating to street lighting shall not be submitted to or approved by the director of health. The general comprehensive plan shall be approved, conditionally approved, or rejected by the director of health and by the designated engineer within sixty days of their respective receipt of the plan. However, this sixty-day time limitation may be extended by the director of health or engineer for up to an additional sixty days if sufficient time is not available to review adequately the general comprehensive plans.

Before becoming effective, the general comprehensive plan shall also be submitted to, and approved by resolution of, the legislative authority of every county within whose boundaries all or a portion of the district lies. The general comprehensive plan shall be approved, conditionally approved, or rejected by each of the county legislative authorities pursuant to the criteria in RCW 57.02.040 for approving the formation, reorganization, annexation, consolidation, or merger of districts. The resolution, ordinance, or motion of the legislative body that rejects the comprehensive plan or a part thereof shall specifically state in what particular the comprehensive plan or part thereof rejected fails to meet these criteria. The general comprehensive plan shall not provide for the extension or location of facilities that are inconsistent with the requirements of RCW 36.70A.110. Nothing in this chapter shall preclude a county from rejecting a proposed plan because it is in conflict with the criteria in RCW 57.02.040. Each general comprehensive plan shall be deemed approved if the county legislative authority fails to reject or conditionally approve the plan within ninety days of the plan’s submission to the county legislative authority or within thirty days of a hearing on the plan when the hearing is held within ninety days of submission to the county legislative authority. However, a county legislative authority may extend this ninety-day time limitation by up to an additional ninety days where a finding is made that ninety days is insufficient to review adequately the general comprehensive plan. In addition, the commissioners and the county legislative authority may mutually agree to an extension of the deadlines in this section.

If the district includes portions or all of one or more cities or towns, the general comprehensive plan shall be submitted also to, and approved by resolution of, the legislative authorities of the cities and towns before becoming effective. The general comprehensive plan shall be deemed approved by the city or town legislative authority if the city or town legislative authority fails to reject or conditionally approve the plan within ninety days of the plan’s submission to the city or town or within thirty days of a hearing on the plan when the hearing is held within ninety days of submission to the county legislative authority. However, a city or town legislative authority may extend this time limitation by up to an additional ninety days where a finding is made that insufficient time exists to adequately review the general comprehensive plan within these time limitations. In addition, the
commissioners and the city or town legislative authority may mutually agree to an extension of the deadlines in this section.

Before becoming effective, the general comprehensive plan shall be approved by any state agency whose approval may be required by applicable law. Before becoming effective, any amendment to, alteration of, or addition to, a general comprehensive plan shall also be subject to such approval as if it were a new general comprehensive plan. However, only if the amendment, alteration, or addition affects a particular city or town, shall the amendment, alteration, or addition be subject to approval by such particular city or town governing body.

Sec. 21. RCW 57.08.081 and 1996 c 230 s 314 are each amended to read as follows:

The commissioners of any district shall provide for revenues by fixing rates and charges for furnishing sewer and drainage service and facilities to those to whom service is available or for providing water, such rates and charges to be fixed as deemed necessary by the commissioners, so that uniform charges will be made for the same class of customer or service and facility. Rates and charges may be combined for the furnishing of more than one type of sewer service and facility such as but not limited to storm or surface water and sanitary.

In classifying customers of such water, sewer, or drainage system, the board of commissioners may in its discretion consider any or all of the following factors: The difference in cost to various customers; the location of the various customers within and without the district; the difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair, and replacement of the various parts of the system; the different character of the service furnished various customers; the quantity and quality of the service furnished various customers; and any other matters which present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction. Rates shall be established as deemed proper by the commissioners and as fixed by resolution and shall produce revenues sufficient to take care of the costs of maintenance and operation, revenue bond and warrant interest and principal amortization requirements, and all other charges necessary for efficient and proper operation of the system.

The commissioners shall enforce collection of connection charges, and rates and charges for water supplied against property owners connecting with the system or receiving such water, and for sewer and drainage services charged against property to which and its owners to whom the service is available, such charges being deemed charges against the property served, by addition of penalties of not more than ten percent thereof in case of failure to pay the charges at times fixed by resolution. The commissioners may provide by resolution that where either connection charges or rates and charges for services supplied are delinquent for any specified period of time, the district shall certify the delinquencies to the treasurer of the county in which the real property is located, and the charges and any penalties added thereto and interest thereon at the rate of not more than the prime lending rate of the district’s bank plus four percentage points per year shall be a lien against the property upon which the service was received, subject only to the lien for general taxes.

The district may, at any time after the connection charges or rates and charges for services supplied or available and penalties are delinquent for a period of sixty days, bring suit in foreclosure by civil action in the superior court of the county in which the real property is located. The court may allow, in addition to the costs and disbursements provided by statute, attorneys’ fees, title search and report costs, and expenses as it adjudges reasonable. The action shall be in rem, and may be brought in the name of the district against an individual or against all of those who are delinquent in one action. The laws and rules of the court shall control as in other civil actions.

In addition to the right to foreclose provided in this section, the district may also cut off all or part of the service after charges for water or sewer service supplied or available are delinquent for a period of sixty days.

Sec. 22. RCW 90.72.040 and 1992 c 100 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The county legislative authority may create a shellfish protection district on its own motion or by submitting the question to the voters of the proposed district and obtaining the approval of a majority of those voting. The boundaries of the district shall be determined by the legislative authority.
The legislative authority may create more than one district. A district may include any area or areas within the county, whether incorporated or unincorporated. Counties shall coordinate and cooperate with cities, towns, and water-related special districts within their boundaries in establishing shellfish protection districts and carrying out shellfish protection programs. Where a portion of the proposed district lies within an incorporated area, the county shall develop procedures for the participation of the city or town in the determination of the boundaries of the district and the administration of the district, including funding of the district’s programs. The legislative authority of more than one county may by agreement provide for the creation of a district including areas within each of those counties. County legislative authorities are encouraged to coordinate their plans and programs to protect shellfish growing areas, especially where shellfish growing areas are located within the boundaries of more than one county. The legislative authority or authorities creating a district may abolish a shellfish protection district on its or their own motion or by submitting the question to the voters of the district and obtaining the approval of a majority of those voting.

(2) If the county legislative authority creates a shellfish protection district by its own motion, any registered voter residing within the boundaries of the shellfish protection district may file a referendum petition to repeal the ordinance that created the district. Any referendum petition to repeal the ordinance creating the shellfish protection district shall be filed with the county auditor within seven days of passage of the ordinance. Within ten days of the filing of a petition, the county auditor shall confer with the petitioner concerning form and style of the petition, issue an identification number for the petition, and write a ballot title for the measure. The ballot title shall be posed as a question so that an affirmative answer to the question and an affirmative vote on the measure results in creation of the shellfish protection district and a negative answer to the question and a negative vote on the measure results in the shellfish protection district not being created. The petitioner shall be notified of the identification number and ballot title within this ten-day period.

After this notification, the petitioner shall have thirty days in which to secure on petition forms the signatures of not less than twenty-five percent of the registered voters residing within the boundaries of the shellfish protection district and file the signed petitions with the county auditor. Each petition form shall contain the ballot title and full text of the measure to be referred. The county auditor shall verify the sufficiency of the signatures on the petitions. If sufficient valid signatures are properly submitted, the county auditor shall submit the referendum measure to the registered voters residing in the shellfish protection district in a special election no later than one hundred twenty days after the signed petition has been filed with the county auditor. The special election may be conducted by mail ballot as provided for in chapter 29.36 RCW.

(3) The county legislative authority shall not impose fees, rates, or charges for shellfish protection district programs upon properties on which fees, rates, or charges are imposed (to pay for another program to eliminate or decrease contamination in storm water runoff) under chapter 36.89 or 36.94 RCW for substantially the same programs and services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. (1) The department of health shall convene a work group for the purpose of making recommendations to the legislature for the development of a certification program for different classes of people involved with on-site septic systems. The work group shall study certification of persons who pump, install, design, perform maintenance, inspect, or regulate any of the above listed functions with regard to on-site septic systems. The work group shall make recommendations regarding appropriate bonding levels and other standards for the various occupations for which certification will be recommended. The work group shall also examine the development of a risk analysis pertaining to the installation and maintenance of different types of septic systems for different parts of the state. The work group shall report its findings and recommendations to the senate agriculture and environment committee and the house of representatives agriculture and ecology committee by January 1, 1998.

(2) The work group shall consist of a representative from each of the following groups: On-site septic system pumpers, installers, designers, maintenance operators, and inspectors, as well as a representative of cities, counties, the department of health, engineers, residential construction, the Puget Sound water quality action team, public utility districts, water-sewer districts, and two members from the general public. The members of the work group shall be appointed by the governor. The
representative of the department of health shall serve as the chair of the work group. Staff support for
the work group shall be provided by the department of health.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 24.** The sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may
be necessary, is appropriated from the water quality account created under RCW 70.146.030 to the
department of health for the sole purpose of supporting the Washington state university research and
extension center for on-site septic systems located in Puyallup, and any costs associated with providing
support to the work group created under section 23 of this act."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice
Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member;
Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin and Sump.


Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster,
Mastin, Schoesler and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representative Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

2SSB 5842 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Pertaining to litter control and recycling.
Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"**Sec. 1.** RCW 70.93.010 and 1992 c 175 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The legislature finds:
(a) Washington state is experiencing rapid population growth and its citizens are increasingly
mobile;
(b) There is a fundamental need for a healthful, clean, and beautiful environment;
(c) The proliferation and accumulation of litter discarded throughout this state impairs this need
and constitutes a public health hazard;
(d) There is a need to conserve energy and natural resources, and the effective litter control and
recovery and recycling of litter materials will serve to accomplish such conservation; and
(e) In addition to effective litter control, there must be effective programs to accomplish waste
reduction, the state’s highest waste management priority((and
(f) There must also be effective systems to accomplish all components of recycling, including
collection, processing, and the marketing of recyclable materials and recycled content products)).
(2) Recognizing the multifaceted nature of the state’s solid waste management problems, the
legislation enacted in 1971 and entitled the "Model Litter Control and Recycling Act" is hereby
renamed the "waste reduction, recycling, and model litter control act."

**Sec. 2.** RCW 70.93.020 and 1992 c 175 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The purpose of this chapter is to accomplish litter control, increase waste reduction, and
stimulate all components of recycling throughout this state by delegating to the department of ecology
the authority to:
(1) Conduct a permanent and continuous program to control and remove litter from this state to
the maximum practical extent possible;
(2) Recover and recycle waste materials related to litter and littering;
(3) Foster public and private recycling of recyclable materials; and
(4) Increase public awareness of the need for waste reduction, recycling, and litter control.

It is further the intent and purpose of this chapter to promote markets for recyclable materials through programs of the clean Washington center and other means.

It is further the intent and purpose of this chapter to create jobs for employment of youth in litter cleanup and related activities and to stimulate and encourage small, private recycling centers. This program shall include the compatible goal of recovery of recyclable materials to conserve energy and natural resources wherever practicable. Every other department of state government and all local governmental units and agencies of this state shall cooperate with the department of ecology in the administration and enforcement of this chapter. The intent of this chapter is to add to and to coordinate existing recycling and litter control and removal efforts and not terminate or supplant such efforts.

Sec. 3. RCW 70.93.180 and 1992 c 175 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) There is hereby created an account within the state treasury to be known as the "waste reduction, recycling, and litter control account". Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. After June 30, 1997, expenditures from the waste reduction, recycling, and litter control account shall be used as follows:

(a) From July 1, 1992, to June 30, 1993, funds shall be used for programs to: Control litter; encourage recycling; develop markets for recyclable materials; and enforce compliance with the litter tax imposed in RCW 82.19.010.

(b) After June 30, 1993, funds shall be used as follows:

(i) Not less than forty percent nor more than fifty percent for a litter patrol program to employ youth from the state to remove litter from places and areas that are most visible to the public ((and to enforce compliance with the litter tax imposed in RCW 82.19.010)). The department may enter into an interagency agreement with the department of corrections to provide for litter removal in areas that are not accessible to the youth crew;

(ii) Twenty-five percent for the following purposes:

(i) Public education and awareness programs to reduce waste, increase recycling, and to control litter((; programs to promote public education and awareness of the model litter control and recycling act; programs to foster private local recycling efforts, encourage recycling, and develop markets for recyclable materials)); and

(ii) To increase compliance with the litter tax imposed in RCW 82.19.010.

(2) All taxes imposed in RCW 82.19.010 and fines and bail forfeitures collected or received pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited in the waste reduction, recycling, and litter control account and used for the programs under subsection (1) of this section((, and except as required to be otherwise distributed under RCW 70.93.070)).

Sec. 4. RCW 82.19.010 and 1992 c 175 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to any other taxes, there is hereby levied and there shall be collected by the department of revenue from every person for the privilege of engaging within this state in business as a manufacturer, as a wholesaler, or as a retailer, ((an annual)) a quarterly litter tax equal to the value of products listed in RCW 82.19.020, including byproducts, manufactured within this state, multiplied by fifteen one-thousandths of one percent in the case of manufacturers, and equal to the gross proceeds of sales of the products listed in RCW 82.19.020 that are sold within this state multiplied by fifteen one-thousandths of one percent in the case of wholesalers and retailers.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 70.93 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall convene a task force to review and make recommendations on the appropriate funding levels for the activities identified under RCW 70.93.180. The task force shall consist of four legislators, one from each caucus; one person each to represent the departments of ecology, transportation, and corrections; two persons each to represent cities and counties; and one
person each to represent four different industry groups paying the tax imposed under RCW 82.19.010. Members of the house of representatives shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and members of the senate shall be appointed by the president of the senate. Agency representatives shall be appointed by the respective agency director. All other appointments shall be made by the director of the department of ecology. The task force shall submit a report with recommendations on funding levels for activities under RCW 70.93.180 to the appropriate committees of the house of representatives and senate by December 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Section 4 of this act takes effect January 1, 1998."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala and Sump.
Voting Nay: Representative Anderson.
Excused: Representative Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

ESB 5850 Prime Sponsor, Senator Anderson: Changing provisions related to employment in the construction industry. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 51.24.035 and 1987 c 212 s 1801 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Notwithstanding RCW 51.24.030(1), the injured worker or beneficiary may not seek damages ((against a design professional who is a third person and who has been retained to perform professional services on a construction project, or any employee of a design professional who is assisting or representing the design professional in the performance of professional services on the site of the construction project, unless responsibility for safety practices is specifically assumed by contract, the provisions of which were mutually negotiated, or the design professional actually exercised control over the portion of the premises where the worker was injured)) for an injury or occupational disease occurring in the course of employment at the site of a construction project, whether accomplished by a single contract or by multiple contracts, against the owner or developer of the project or against any person or entity performing work, furnishing materials, or providing services to or for the construction project including, but not limited to, design professionals, construction managers, general or prime contractors, suppliers, subcontractors of any tier, and any employee of a design professional, construction manager, general or prime contractor, supplier, or subcontractor of any tier.

(2) The immunity provided by this section does not extend to any person or entity who injures a worker by deliberate intention as defined in RCW 51.24.020, and it is against public policy to seek indemnification in construction contracts against such liability. Such contractual clauses are void and unenforceable.

(3) The immunity provided by this section does not extend to manufacturers and product sellers for product liability actions as defined in chapter 7.72 RCW."
(4) The immunity provided by this section does not apply to the negligent preparation of design plans and specifications by a design professional.

(((4))) (5) For the purposes of this section, "design professional" means an architect, professional engineer, land surveyor, or landscape architect, who is licensed or authorized by law to practice such profession, or any corporation organized under chapter 18.100 RCW or authorized under RCW 18.08.420 or 18.43.130 to render design services through the practice of one or more of such professions.

Sec. 2. RCW 51.16.140 and 1989 c 385 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, every employer who is not a self-insurer shall deduct from the pay of each of his or her workers one-half of the amount he or she is required to pay((,)) for medical benefits within each risk classification. Such amount shall be periodically determined by the director and reported by him or her to all employers under this title: PROVIDED, That the state governmental unit shall pay the entire amount into the medical aid fund for volunteers, as defined in RCW 51.12.035, and the state apprenticeship council shall pay the entire amount into the medical aid fund for registered apprentices or trainees, for the purposes of RCW 51.12.130. The deduction under this section is not authorized for premiums assessed under RCW 51.16.210.

(b) For workers in the construction industry, the amount deducted pursuant to (a) of this subsection may not exceed one-half of the basic manual premium rate established by the department for the applicable risk classification. This subsection (1)(b) applies beginning with the first calendar quarter that begins six months after the date that sections 1, 3, and 4, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (sections 1, 3, and 4 of this act) take effect.

(2) It shall be unlawful for the employer, unless specifically authorized by this title, to deduct or obtain any part of the premium or other costs required to be by him or her paid from the wages or earnings of any of his or her workers, and the making of or attempt to make any such deduction shall be a gross misdemeanor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 49.17 RCW to read as follows:

All construction employers have a duty to provide a safe place to work for their own employees and the employees of their subcontractors of any tier working at the site of a construction project. This duty shall be considered within the context of standard construction industry practices. Such duty includes implementation of a safety program that is effective in practice.

All construction employers shall take reasonable steps to ensure that their safety programs are designed to comply with Title 51 RCW and this chapter, including the development, implementation, and periodic evaluation of a written accident prevention plan specific to the site of each construction project. All construction employers shall designate an individual with responsibility for construction jobsite safety. All construction employers shall inform their own employees of the name and telephone number of that designated individual. The prime contractor or general contractor shall post the name and telephone number of its designated individual at the site of a construction project. All subcontractors shall inform the prime contractor or general contractor of the name and telephone number of the subcontractor’s designated individual responsible for construction jobsite safety.

Suggestions for safety improvements and identification of potential hazards at the site of a construction project are to be encouraged. Permissible disciplinary actions for violation of these or other appropriately communicated requirements include, but are not limited to: Verbal or written reprimand, suspension from work, and termination for cause. Such disciplinary actions for violations shall be subject to the disciplinary provisions set forth in an employer’s written policy statement or in a written agreement between an employer and employees, if such a written agreement exists.

Neither violation of the provisions of this section nor the issuance of a citation under this chapter eliminates or affects any change to the immunity conferred in RCW 51.24.035.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 49.17 RCW to read as follows:

The prime contractor or general contractor has the primary responsibility for compliance with safety regulations at each construction jobsite. If a construction employer’s safety program is effective in practice, no citation shall be issued to the construction employer for violations of this chapter by any
of the construction employer’s subcontractors of any tier. A safety program shall be considered effective in practice if it complies with the following:

(1) A prime contractor or general contractor’s subcontractors are required, by contract, to comply with the provisions of this chapter; and

(2) The prime contractor or general contractor develops, implements, and enforces a written accident prevention program for each construction project; and

(3) The prime contractor or general contractor requires each subcontractor at the site of a construction project to provide an accident prevention plan for that construction project, which shall be available at the construction jobsite or at the prime contractor or general contractor’s main business office located within the state of Washington; and

(4) The prime contractor or general contractor posts at that construction project the name and telephone number of its designated individual with responsibility for construction jobsite safety at that construction jobsite; and

(5) The prime contractor or general contractor provides to its employees all safety equipment necessary for that construction jobsite; and

(6) The prime contractor or general contractor provides, or requires by contract its subcontractors to provide to the subcontractor’s employees, all safety equipment necessary for that construction jobsite.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The department of labor and industries shall adopt rules in consultation with the affected parties, that are consistent with the legislative intent of this act to implement this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Clements and Lisk.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cole and Hatfield.

Voting Nay: Representatives Conway, Wood, Cole and Hatfield.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5867 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Allowing special excise taxes in certain cities and towns for tourism promotion. Reported by Committee on Trade & Economic Development

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The intent of this act is to provide uniform standards for local option excise taxation of lodging.

Sec. 2. RCW 67.28.080 and 1991 c 357 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(In any county located in whole or in part in a national scenic area and the population of which county is less than 20,000, a convention center facility may include a hotel, destination resort, conference center, or similar or related facility. A convention center facility may include the land on which any of the foregoing structures or facilities are sited. A convention center facility may also include land necessary for the operation of a convention center facility)) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Acquisition" includes, but is not limited to, siting, acquisition, design, construction, refurbishing, expansion, repair, and improvement, including paying or securing the payment of all or any portion of general obligation bonds, leases, revenue bonds, or other obligations issued or incurred for such purpose or purposes under this chapter.

(2) "Municipality" ((as used in this chapter)) means any county, city or town of the state of Washington.

(3) "Operation" includes, but is not limited to, operation, management, and marketing.

(4) "Person" ((as used in this chapter)) means the federal government or any agency thereof, the state or any agency, subdivision, taxing district or municipal corporation thereof other than county, city or town, any private corporation, partnership, association, or individual.

(5) "Tourism" means economic activity resulting from tourists, which may include sales of overnight lodging, meals, tours, gifts, or souvenirs.

(6) "Tourism promotion" means activities and expenditures designed to increase tourism, including but not limited to advertising, publicizing, or otherwise distributing information for the purpose of attracting and welcoming tourists; developing strategies to expand tourism; operating tourism promotion agencies; and funding marketing of special events and festivals designed to attract tourists.

(7) "Tourism-related facility" means real or tangible personal property with a usable life of three or more years and a monetary value of ten thousand dollars or more used to support tourism or accommodate tourism activities.

(8) "Tourist" means a person who travels from a place of residence to a different town, city, county, state, or country, for purposes of business, pleasure, recreation, education, arts, heritage, or culture.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 67.28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The legislative body of any municipality may impose an excise tax on the sale of or charge made for the furnishing of lodging that is subject to tax under chapter 82.08 RCW, at a rate not exceeding the applicable limit under subsection (2) of this section. A tax under this chapter shall not be imposed in increments smaller than tenths of a percent.

(2)(a) If a municipality imposed taxes under this chapter and RCW 67.40.100 with a total rate exceeding four percent on January 1, 1998, the rate of tax imposed under this chapter by the municipality shall not exceed the total rate imposed by the municipality under this chapter and RCW 67.40.100 on January 1, 1998.

(b) If a city or town other than a municipality described in (a) of this subsection is located in a county that imposed taxes under this chapter with a total rate of four percent or more on January 1, 1997, the rate of tax imposed under this chapter by the city or town shall not exceed two percent.

(c) If a city has a population of four hundred thousand or more and is located in a county with a population of one million or more, the rate of tax imposed under this chapter by the city shall not exceed the lesser of four percent or a rate that, when combined with all other taxes imposed upon sales of lodging in the municipality under this chapter and chapters 36.100, 67.40, 82.08, and 82.14 RCW, equals fifteen and two-tenths percent.

(d) If a municipality is not subject to a limit under (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection, the rate of tax imposed under this chapter by the municipality shall not exceed the lesser of four percent or a rate that, when combined with all other taxes imposed upon sales of lodging within the municipality under this chapter and chapters 36.100, 67.40, 82.08, and 82.14 RCW, equals twelve percent.

(3) Except as provided in RCW 67.28.180, any county ordinance or resolution adopted under this section shall contain a provision allowing a credit against the county tax for the full amount of any city or town tax imposed under this section upon the same taxable event.
(4) Tax imposed under this section on a sale of lodging shall be credited against the amount of sales tax due to the state under chapter 82.08 RCW on the same sale of lodging, but the total credit for taxes imposed by all municipalities on a sale of lodging shall not exceed the amount that would be imposed under a two percent tax under this section. This subsection does not apply to taxes which are credited against the state sales tax under RCW 67.28.180.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 67.28 RCW to read as follows:
All revenue from taxes imposed under this chapter shall be credited to a special fund in the treasury of the municipality imposing such tax and used solely for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of tourism promotion, acquisition of tourism-related facilities, or operation of tourism-related facilities. Municipalities may, under chapter 39.34 RCW, agree to the utilization of revenue from taxes imposed under this chapter for the purposes of funding a multijurisdictional tourism-related facility.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 67.28 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Before imposing a tax under section 3 of this act, a municipality shall establish a lodging tax advisory committee under this section. A lodging tax advisory committee shall consist of at least five members, appointed by the legislative body of the municipality, unless the municipality has a charter providing for a different appointment authority. At least two members shall be representatives of businesses required to collect tax under this chapter, and at least two members shall be persons involved in activities authorized to be funded by revenue received under this chapter. Organizations representing businesses required to collect tax under this chapter, organizations involved in activities authorized to be funded by revenue received under this chapter, and local agencies involved in tourism promotion may submit recommendations for membership on the committee. The number of members who are representatives of businesses required to collect tax under this chapter shall equal the number of members who are involved in activities authorized to be funded by revenue received under this chapter. One member shall be an elected official of the municipality who shall serve as chair of the committee. An advisory committee for a county may include one nonvoting member who is an elected official of a city or town in the county. An advisory committee for a city or town may include one nonvoting member who is an elected official of the county in which the city or town is located. The appointing authority shall review the membership of the advisory committee annually and make changes as appropriate.

(2) Any municipality that proposes imposition of a tax under this chapter, an increase in the rate of a tax imposed under this chapter, repeal of an exemption from a tax imposed under this chapter, or a change in the use of revenue received under this chapter shall submit the proposal to the lodging tax advisory committee for review and comment. The submission shall occur at least forty-five days before final action on or passage of the proposal by the municipality. The advisory committee shall submit comments on the proposal in a timely manner through generally applicable public comment procedures. The comments shall include an analysis of the extent to which the proposal will accommodate activities for tourists or increase tourism, and the extent to which the proposal will affect the long-term stability of the fund created under section 4 of this act. Failure of the advisory committee to submit comments before final action on or passage of the proposal shall not prevent the municipality from acting on the proposal. A municipality is not required to submit an amended proposal to an advisory committee under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) Each municipality imposing a tax under chapter 67.28 RCW shall submit a report to the department of community, trade, and economic development on October 1, 1998, and October 1, 2000. Each report shall include the following information:
(a) The rate of tax imposed under chapter 67.28 RCW;
(b) The total revenue received under chapter 67.28 RCW for each of the preceding six years;
(c) A list of projects and activities funded with revenue received under chapter 67.28 RCW; and
(d) The amount of revenue under chapter 67.28 RCW expended for each project and activity.
(2) The department of community, trade, and economic development shall summarize and analyze the data received under subsection (1) of this section in a report submitted to the legislature on January 1, 1999, and January 1, 2001. The report shall include, but not be limited to, analysis of factors contributing to growth in revenue received under chapter 67.28 RCW and the effects of projects and activities funded with revenue received under chapter 67.28 RCW on tourism growth.

Sec. 7. RCW 67.28.120 and 1979 ex.s. c 222 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Any municipality is authorized either individually or jointly with any other municipality, or person, or any combination thereof, to acquire ((by purchase, gift or grant, to lease as lessee,)) and to ((construct, install, add to, improve, replace, repair, maintain,)) operate ((and regulate the use of public stadium facilities, convention center facilities, performing arts center facilities, and/or visual art center)) tourism-related facilities, whether located within or without such municipality((, including but not limited to buildings, structures, concession and service facilities, roads, bridges, walks, ramps and other access facilities, terminal and parking facilities for private vehicles and public transportation vehicles and systems, together with all lands, properties, property rights, equipment, utilities, accessories and appurtenances necessary for such public stadium facilities, convention center facilities, performing arts center facilities, or visual arts center facilities, and to pay for any engineering, planning, financial, legal and professional services incident to the development and operation of such public facilities)).

Sec. 8. RCW 67.28.130 and 1979 ex.s. c 222 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Any municipality, taxing district, or municipal corporation is authorized to convey or lease any lands, properties or facilities to any other municipality for the development by such other municipality of ((public stadium facilities, convention center facilities, performing arts center facilities, and/or visual art center)) tourism-related facilities or to provide for the joint use of such lands, properties or facilities, or to participate in the financing of all or any part of the public facilities on such terms as may be fixed by agreement between the respective legislative bodies without submitting the matter to the voters of such municipalities, unless the provisions of general law applicable to the incurring of municipal indebtedness shall require such submission.

Sec. 9. RCW 67.28.150 and 1984 c 186 s 56 are each amended to read as follows:
To carry out the purposes of this chapter any municipality shall have the power to issue general obligation bonds within the limitations now or hereafter prescribed by the laws of this state. Such general obligation bonds shall be authorized, executed, issued and made payable as other general obligation bonds of such municipality: PROVIDED, That the governing body of such municipality may provide that such bonds also be made payable from any special taxes provided for in ((RCW 67.28.180)) this chapter, and may provide that such bonds also be made payable from any otherwise unpledged revenue which may be derived from the ownership or operation of any properties.

Sec. 10. RCW 67.28.160 and 1983 c 167 s 168 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) To carry out the purposes of this chapter the legislative body of any municipality shall have the power to issue revenue bonds without submitting the matter to the voters of the municipality: PROVIDED, That the legislative body shall create a special fund or funds for the sole purpose of paying the principal of and interest on the bonds of each such issue, into which fund or funds the legislative body may obligate the municipality to pay all or part of amounts collected from the special taxes provided for in ((RCW 67.28.180)) this chapter, and/or to pay such amounts of the gross revenue of all or any part of the facilities constructed, acquired, improved, added to, repaired or replaced pursuant to this chapter, as the legislative body shall determine: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That the principal of and interest on such bonds shall be payable only out of such special fund or funds, and the owners of such bonds shall have a lien and charge against the gross revenue pledged to such fund. Such revenue bonds and the interest thereon issued against such fund or funds shall constitute a claim of the owners thereof only as against such fund or funds and the revenue pledged therefor, and shall not constitute a general indebtedness of the municipality.
Each such revenue bond shall state upon its face that it is payable from such special fund or funds, and all revenue bonds issued under this chapter shall be negotiable securities within the provisions of the law of this state. Such revenue bonds may be registered either as to principal only or as to principal and interest as provided in RCW 39.46.030, or may be bearer bonds; shall be in such denominations as the legislative body shall deem proper; shall be payable at such time or times and at such places as shall be determined by the legislative body; shall be executed in such manner and bear interest at such rate or rates as shall be determined by the legislative body.

Such revenue bonds shall be sold in such manner as the legislative body shall deem to be for the best interests of the municipality, either at public or private sale.

The legislative body may at the time of the issuance of such revenue bonds make such covenants with the owners of said bonds as it may deem necessary to secure and guaranty the payment of the principal thereof and the interest thereon, including but not being limited to covenants to set aside adequate reserves to secure or guaranty the payment of such principal and interest, to pledge and apply thereto part or all of any lawfully authorized special taxes provided for in (RCW 67.28.180) this chapter, to maintain rates, charges or rentals sufficient with other available moneys to pay such principal and interest and to maintain adequate coverage over debt service, to appoint a trustee or trustees for the bond owners, to safeguard the expenditure of the proceeds of sale of such bonds and to fix the powers and duties of such trustee or trustees and to make such other covenants as the legislative body may deem necessary to accomplish the most advantageous sale of such bonds. The legislative body may also provide that revenue bonds payable out of the same source may later be issued on a parity with revenue bonds being issued and sold.

The legislative body may include in the principal amount of any such revenue bond issue an amount for engineering, architectural, planning, financial, legal, and other services and charges incident to the acquisition or construction of public stadium facilities, convention center facilities, performing arts center facilities, and/or visual arts center facilities, an amount to establish necessary reserves, an amount for working capital and an amount necessary for interest during the period of construction of any facilities to be financed from the proceeds of such issue plus six months. The legislative body may, if it deems it in the best interest of the municipality, provide in any contract for the construction or acquisition of any facilities or additions or improvements thereto or replacements or extensions thereof that payment therefor shall be made only in such revenue bonds.

If the municipality shall fail to carry out or perform any of its obligations or covenants made in the authorization, issuance and sale of such bonds, the owner of any such bond may bring action against the municipality and compel the performance of any or all of such covenants.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, such bonds may be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 RCW.

Sec. 11. RCW 67.28.170 and 1979 ex.s. c 222 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislative body of any municipality owning or operating (public stadium facilities, convention center facilities, performing arts center facilities, and/or visual arts center) tourism-related facilities acquired (developed pursuant to) under this chapter shall have power to lease to any municipality or person, or to contract for the use or operation by any municipality or person, of all or any part of the facilities authorized by this chapter, including but not limited to parking facilities, concession facilities of all kinds and any property or property rights appurtenant to such (public stadium, convention center, performing arts center, and/or visual arts center) tourism-related facilities, for such period and under such terms and conditions and upon such rentals, fees and charges as such legislative body may determine, and may pledge all or any portion of such rentals, fees and charges and all other revenue derived from the ownership and/or operation of such facilities to pay and to secure the payment of general obligation bonds and/or revenue bonds of such municipality issued for authorized (public stadium, convention center, performing arts center, and/or visual arts center) tourism-related facilities purposes.

Sec. 12. RCW 67.28.180 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 14 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (Subject to the conditions set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the legislative body of any county or any city, is authorized to levy and collect a special excise tax of not to exceed
two percent on the sale of or charge made for the furnishing of lodging by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel, trailer camp, and the granting of any similar license to use real property, as distinguished from the renting or leasing of real property: PROVIDED, That it shall be presumed that the occupancy of real property for a continuous period of one month or more constitutes a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license to use or to enjoy the same.)

(a) Tax imposed under section 3 of this act on a sale of lodging by a county exempt under subsection (2) of this section shall be credited against the amount of sales tax due to the state under chapter 82.08 RCW on the same sale of lodging, but the credit under this subsection (1)(a) shall not exceed the amount that would be imposed under a two percent tax under section 3 of this act.

(b) If a city in a county exempt under subsection (2) of this section has imposed a tax under this chapter and has, prior to June 26, 1975, authorized and issued revenue or general obligation bonds pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160, the tax imposed under section 3 of this act on a sale of lodging by such city shall be credited against the amount of sales tax due to the state under chapter 82.08 RCW on the same sale of lodging, but the credit under this subsection (1)(b) shall not exceed the amount that would be collected under a two percent tax under section 3 of this act.

(2) Any county ordinance or resolution adopted pursuant to this section shall contain, in addition to all other provisions required to conform to this chapter, a provision allowing a credit against the county tax for the full amount of any city tax imposed pursuant to this section upon the same taxable event.

(b) In the event that any county has levied the tax authorized by this section a tax under this chapter and has, prior to June 26, 1975, either pledged the tax revenues for payment of principal and interest on city revenue or general obligation bonds authorized and issued pursuant to RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160 or has authorized and issued revenue or general obligation bonds pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160, such county shall be exempt from section 3(3) of this act, to the extent that the tax rate imposed by the county under this chapter does not exceed two percent and the revenues are pledged for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued at any time pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160: PROVIDED, That so much of such pledged tax revenues, together with any investment earnings thereon, not immediately necessary for actual payment of principal and interest on such bonds may be used: (i) In any county with a population of one million or more, for repayment either of limited tax levy general obligation bonds or of any county fund or account from which a loan was made, the proceeds from the bonds or loan being used to pay for constructing, installing, improving, and equipping stadium capital improvement projects, and to pay for any engineering, planning, financial, legal and professional services incident to the development of such stadium capital improvement projects, regardless of the date the debt for such capital improvement projects was or may be incurred; or (ii) in other counties, for county-owned facilities for agricultural promotion. A county is exempt under this subsection in respect to city revenue or general obligation bonds issued after April 1, 1991, only if such bonds mature before January 1, 2013.

As used in this subsection (2)(b), "capital improvement projects" may include, but not be limited to a stadium restaurant facility, restroom facilities, artificial turf system, seating facilities, parking facilities and scoreboard and information system adjacent to or within a county owned stadium, together with equipment, utilities, accessories and appurtenances necessary thereto. The stadium restaurant authorized by this subsection (2)(b) shall be operated by a private concessionaire under a contract with the county.

(c) No city within a county exempt under subsection (2)(b) of this section may levy the tax authorized by this section so long as said county is so exempt: PROVIDED, That in the event that any city in such county has levied the tax authorized by this section and has, prior to June 26, 1975, authorized and issued revenue or general obligation bonds pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160, such city may levy the tax so long as the tax revenues are pledged for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued at any time pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160.)

(3) Any levy authorized by this section) under this chapter by a county that (has levied the tax authorized by this section and has, prior to June 26, 1975, either pledged the tax revenues for
payment of principal and interest on city revenue or general obligation bonds authorized and issued pursuant to RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160 or has authorized and issued revenue or general obligation bonds pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160) is exempt under subsection (2) of this section shall be subject to the following:

(a) Taxes collected under this ((section)) chapter in any calendar year in excess of five million three hundred thousand dollars shall only be used as follows:

(i) Seventy-five percent from January 1, 1992, through December 31, 2000, and seventy percent from January 1, 2001, through December 31, 2012, for art museums, cultural museums, heritage museums, the arts, and the performing arts. Moneys spent under this subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be used for the purposes of this subsection (3)(a)(i) in all parts of the county.

(ii) Twenty-five percent from January 1, 1992, through December 31, 2000, and thirty percent from January 1, 2001, through December 31, 2012, for the following purposes and in a manner reflecting the following order of priority: Stadium capital improvements, as defined in subsection (2)((b)) of this section; acquisition of open space lands; youth sports activities; and tourism promotion.

(b) At least seventy percent of moneys spent under (a)(i) of this subsection for the period January 1, 1992, through December 31, 2000, shall be used only for the purchase, design, construction, and remodeling of performing arts, visual arts, heritage, and cultural facilities, and for the purchase of fixed assets that will benefit art, heritage, and cultural organizations. For purposes of this subsection, fixed assets are tangible objects such as machinery and other equipment intended to be held or used for ten years or more. Moneys received under this subsection (3)(b) may be used for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued for capital projects. Qualifying organizations receiving moneys under this subsection (3)(b) must be financially stable and have at least the following:

(i) A legally constituted and working board of directors;
(ii) A record of artistic, heritage, or cultural accomplishments;
(iii) Been in existence and operating for at least two years;
(iv) Demonstrated ability to maintain net current liabilities at less than thirty percent of general operating expenses;
(v) Demonstrated ability to sustain operational capacity subsequent to completion of projects or purchase of machinery and equipment; and
(vi) Evidence that there has been independent financial review of the organization.

(c) At least forty percent of the revenues distributed pursuant to (a)(i) of this subsection for the period January 1, 2001, through December 31, 2012, shall be deposited in an account and shall be used to establish an endowment. Principal in the account shall remain permanent and irreducible. The earnings from investments of balances in the account may only be used for the purposes of (a)(i) of this subsection.

(d) School districts and schools shall not receive revenues distributed pursuant to (a)(i) of this subsection.

(e) Moneys distributed to art museums, cultural museums, heritage museums, the arts, and the performing arts, and moneys distributed for tourism promotion shall be in addition to and may not be used to replace or supplant any other funding by the legislative body of the county.

(f) As used in this section, “tourism promotion” includes activities intended to attract visitors for overnight stays, arts, heritage, and cultural events, and recreational, professional, and amateur sports events. Moneys allocated to tourism promotion in a class AA county shall be allocated to nonprofit organizations formed for the express purpose of tourism promotion in the county. Such organizations shall use moneys from the taxes to promote events in all parts of the class AA county.

(g) No taxes distributed under this section may be used for the operation or maintenance of a public stadium that is financed directly or indirectly by bonds to which the tax is pledged. Expenditures for operation or maintenance include all expenditures other than expenditures that directly result in new fixed assets or that directly increase the capacity, life span, or operating economy of existing fixed assets.

(h) No ad valorem property taxes may be used for debt service on bonds issued for a public stadium that is financed by bonds to which the tax is pledged, unless the taxes distributed...
under this section are or are projected to be insufficient to meet debt service requirements on such bonds.

(i) If a substantial part of the operation and management of a public stadium that is financed directly or indirectly by bonds to which the tax is pledged is performed by a nonpublic entity or if a public stadium is sold that is financed directly or indirectly by bonds to which the tax is pledged, any bonds to which the tax is pledged shall be retired. This subsection (3)(i) does not apply in respect to a public stadium transferred to, owned by, or constructed by a public facilities district under chapter 36.100 RCW.

(j) The county shall not lease a public stadium that is financed directly or indirectly by bonds to which the tax is pledged to, or authorize the use of the public stadium by, a professional major league sports franchise unless the sports franchise gives the right of first refusal to purchase the sports franchise, upon its sale, to local government. This subsection (3)(j) does not apply to contracts in existence on April 1, 1986.

If a court of competent jurisdiction declares any provision of this subsection (3) invalid, then that invalid provision shall be null and void and the remainder of this section is not affected.

(4) This section expires January 1, 2013.

Sec. 13. RCW 67.28.184 and 1987 1st ex.s. c 8 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
No city imposing the tax authorized under (RCW 67.28.180) this chapter may use the tax proceeds directly or indirectly to acquire, construct, operate, or maintain facilities or land intended to be used by a professional sports franchise if the county within which the city is located uses the proceeds of its tax imposed under (RCW 67.28.180) this chapter to directly or indirectly acquire, construct, operate, or maintain a facility used by a professional sports franchise.

Sec. 14. RCW 67.28.200 and 1993 c 389 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The legislative body of any (county or city) municipality may establish reasonable exemptions and may adopt such reasonable rules and regulations as may be necessary for the levy and collection of the taxes authorized under this chapter. The department of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of such (county or city) municipality at no cost to such (county or city) municipality.

Sec. 15. RCW 67.40.100 and 1990 c 242 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
((Except as provided in chapters 67.28 and 82.14 RCW and subsection (2) of this section 3 of this act, after January 1, 1983, no city, town, or county in which the tax under RCW 67.40.090 is imposed may impose a license fee or tax on the act or privilege of engaging in business to furnish lodging by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel, trailer camp, or similar facilities in excess of the rate imposed upon other persons engaged in the business of making sales at retail as that term is defined in chapter 82.04 RCW.))

((A city incorporated before January 1, 1982, with a population over sixty thousand located in a county with a population over one million, other than the city of Seattle, may impose a special excise tax under the following conditions:

(a) The proceeds of the tax must be used for the acquisition, design, construction, and marketing of convention and trade facilities and may be used for and pledged to the payment of bonds, leases, or other obligations issued or incurred for such purposes. The proceeds of the tax may be used for maintenance and operation only as part of a budget which includes the use of the tax for debt service and marketing.

(b) The legislative body of the city, before imposing the tax, must authorize a complete study and investigation of the desirability and economic feasibility of the proposed convention and trade facilities.

(c) The rate of the tax shall not exceed three percent.

(d) The tax shall be imposed on the sale of or charge made for the furnishing of lodging by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel, or trailer camp, and the granting of any similar license to use real property, as distinguished from the renting or leasing of real property, except that no such tax may be levied on any premises having fewer than sixty lodging units.)))
Sec. 16. RCW 35.43.040 and 1989 c 277 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Whenever the public interest or convenience may require, the legislative authority of any city or town may order the whole or any part of any local improvement including but not restricted to those, or any combination thereof, listed below to be constructed, reconstructed, repaired, or renewed and landscaping including but not restricted to the planting, setting out, cultivating, maintaining, and renewing of shade or ornamental trees and shrubbery thereon; may order any and all work to be done necessary for completion thereof; and may levy and collect special assessments on property specially benefited thereby to pay the whole or any part of the expense thereof, viz:

(1) Alleys, avenues, boulevards, lanes, park drives, parkways, parking facilities, public places, public squares, public streets, their grading, regrading, planking, replanking, paving, repaving, macadamizing, remacadamizing, graveling, regraveling, piling, repiling, capping, recapping, or other improvement; if the management and control of park drives, parkways, and boulevards is vested in a board of park commissioners, the plans and specifications for their improvement must be approved by the board of park commissioners before their adoption;

(2) Auxiliary water systems;

(3) Auditoriums, field houses, gymnasiums, swimming pools, or other recreational, playground, museum, cultural, or arts facilities or structures;

(4) Bridges, culverts, and trestles and approaches thereto;

(5) Bulkheads and retaining walls;

(6) Dikes and embankments;

(7) Drains, sewers, and sewer appurtenances which as to trunk sewers shall include as nearly as possible all the territory which can be drained through the trunk sewer and subsewers connected thereto;

(8) Escalators or moving sidewalks together with the expense of operation and maintenance;

(9) Parks and playgrounds;

(10) Sidewalks, curbing, and crosswalks;

(11) Street lighting systems together with the expense of furnishing electrical energy, maintenance, and operation;

(12) Underground utilities transmission lines;

(13) Water mains, hydrants, and appurtenances which as to trunk water mains shall include as nearly as possible all the territory in the zone or district to which water may be distributed from the trunk water mains through lateral service and distribution mains and services;

(14) Fences, culverts, syphons, or coverings or any other feasible safeguards along, in place of, or open on open canals or ditches to protect the public from the hazards thereof;

(15) Roadbeds, trackage, signalization, storage facilities for rolling stock, overhead and underground wiring, and any other stationary equipment reasonably necessary for the operation of an electrified public streetcar line;

(16) Systems of surface, underground, or overhead railways, tramways, buses, or any other means of local transportation except taxis, and including passenger, terminal, station parking, and related facilities and properties, and such other facilities as may be necessary for passenger and vehicular access to and from such terminal, station, parking, and related facilities and properties, together with all lands, rights of way, property, equipment, and accessories necessary for such systems and facilities;

(17) Convention center facilities or structures in cities ((imposing a special excise tax pursuant to RCW 67.40.100(2))) incorporated before January 1, 1982, with a population over sixty thousand located in a county with a population over one million, other than the city of Seattle. Assessments for purposes of convention center facilities or structures may be levied only to the extent necessary to cover a funding shortfall that occurs when funds received from special excise taxes imposed pursuant to chapter 67.28 RCW ((67.28.180 and 67.40.100(2))) are insufficient to fund the annual debt service for such facilities or structures, and may not be levied on property exclusively maintained as single-family or multifamily permanent residences whether they are rented, leased, or owner occupied; and

(18) Programs of aquatic plant control, lake or river restoration, or water quality enhancement. Such programs shall identify all the area of any lake or river which will be improved and shall include the adjacent waterfront property specially benefited by such programs of improvements. Assessments
may be levied only on waterfront property including any waterfront property owned by the department of natural resources or any other state agency. Notice of an assessment on a private leasehold in public property shall comply with provisions of chapter 79.44 RCW. Programs under this subsection shall extend for a term of not more than five years.

Sec. 17. RCW 59.18.440 and 1995 c 399 s 151 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any city, town, county, or municipal corporation that is required to develop a comprehensive plan under RCW 36.70A.040(1) is authorized to require, after reasonable notice to the public and a public hearing, property owners to provide their portion of reasonable relocation assistance to low-income tenants upon the demolition, substantial rehabilitation whether due to code enforcement or any other reason, or change of use of residential property, or upon the removal of use restrictions in an assisted-housing development. No city, town, county, or municipal corporation may require property owners to provide relocation assistance to low-income tenants, as defined in this chapter, upon the demolition, substantial rehabilitation, upon the change of use of residential property, or upon the removal of use restrictions in an assisted-housing development, except as expressly authorized herein or when authorized or required by state or federal law. As used in this section, "assisted housing development" means a multifamily rental housing development that either receives government assistance and is defined as federally assisted housing in RCW 59.28.020, or that receives other federal, state, or local government assistance and is subject to use restrictions.

(2) As used in this section, "low-income tenants" means tenants whose combined total income per dwelling unit is at or below fifty percent of the median income, adjusted for family size, in the county where the tenants reside.

The department of community, trade, and economic development shall adopt rules defining county median income in accordance with the definitions promulgated by the federal department of housing and urban development.

(3) A requirement that property owners provide relocation assistance shall include the amounts of such assistance to be provided to low-income tenants. In determining such amounts, the jurisdiction imposing the requirement shall evaluate, and receive public testimony on, what relocation expenses displaced tenants would reasonably incur in that jurisdiction including:

(a) Actual physical moving costs and expenses;
(b) Advance payments required for moving into a new residence such as the cost of first and last month's rent and security and damage deposits;
(c) Utility connection fees and deposits; and
(d) Anticipated additional rent and utility costs in the residence for one year after relocation.

(4)(a) Relocation assistance provided to low-income tenants under this section shall not exceed two thousand dollars for each dwelling unit displaced by actions of the property owner under subsection (1) of this section. A city, town, county, or municipal corporation may make future annual adjustments to the maximum amount of relocation assistance required under this subsection in order to reflect any changes in the housing component of the consumer price index as published by the United States department of labor, bureau of labor statistics.

(b) The property owner's portion of any relocation assistance provided to low-income tenants under this section shall not exceed one-half of the required relocation assistance under (a) of this subsection in cash or services.

(c) The portion of relocation assistance not covered by the property owner under (b) of this subsection shall be paid by the city, town, county, or municipal corporation authorized to require relocation assistance under subsection (1) of this section. The relocation assistance may be paid from proceeds collected from the excise tax imposed under RCW 82.46.010.

(5) A city, town, county, or municipal corporation requiring the provision of relocation assistance under this section shall adopt policies, procedures, or regulations to implement such requirement. Such policies, procedures, or regulations shall include provisions for administrative hearings to resolve disputes between tenants and property owners relating to relocation assistance or unlawful detainer actions during relocation, and shall require a decision within thirty days of a request for a hearing by either a tenant or property owner.
Judicial review of an administrative hearing decision relating to relocation assistance may be had by filing a petition, within ten days of the decision, in the superior court in the county where the residential property is located. Judicial review shall be confined to the record of the administrative hearing and the court may reverse the decision only if the administrative findings, inferences, conclusions, or decision is:

(a) In violation of constitutional provisions;
(b) In excess of the authority or jurisdiction of the administrative hearing officer;
(c) Made upon unlawful procedure or otherwise is contrary to law; or
(d) Arbitrary and capricious.

(6) Any city, town, county, or municipal corporation may require relocation assistance, under the terms of this section, for otherwise eligible tenants whose living arrangements are exempted from the provisions of this chapter under RCW 59.18.040(3) and if the living arrangement is considered to be a rental or lease (pursuant to RCW 67.28.180(1)) not defined as a retail sale under RCW 82.04.050.

(7)(a) Persons who move from a dwelling unit prior to the application by the owner of the dwelling unit for any governmental permit necessary for the demolition, substantial rehabilitation, or change of use of residential property or prior to any notification or filing required for condominium conversion shall not be entitled to the assistance authorized by this section.

(b) Persons who move into a dwelling unit after the application for any necessary governmental permit or after any required condominium conversion notification or filing shall not be entitled to the assistance authorized by this section if such persons receive written notice from the property owner prior to taking possession of the dwelling unit that specifically describes the activity or condition that may result in their temporary or permanent displacement and advises them of their ineligibility for relocation assistance.

Sec. 18. RCW 67.38.140 and 1982 1st ex.s. c 22 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
The county or counties and each component city included in the district collecting or planning to collect the hotel/motel tax (pursuant to chapter 67.28 RCW (67.28.180)) may contribute such revenue (towards the expense for maintaining and operating the cultural arts, stadium and convention system) in such manner as shall be agreed upon between them, consistent with this chapter and chapter 67.28 RCW.

Sec. 19. RCW 67.40.110 and 1987 1st ex.s. c 8 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
No city imposing the tax authorized under chapter 67.28 RCW (67.40.100(2)) may use the tax proceeds directly or indirectly to acquire, construct, operate, or maintain facilities or land intended to be used by a professional sports franchise if the county within which the city is located uses the proceeds of its tax imposed under chapter 67.28 RCW (67.28.180) to directly or indirectly acquire, construct, operate, or maintain a facility used by a professional sports franchise.

Sec. 20. RCW 67.40.120 and 1991 c 336 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The state convention and trade center corporation may contract with the Seattle-King county convention and visitors bureau for marketing the convention and trade center facility and services. Any contract with the Seattle-King county convention and visitors bureau shall include, but is not limited to, the following condition: Each dollar in convention and trade center operations account funds provided to the Seattle-King county convention and visitors bureau shall be matched by at least one dollar and ten cents in nonstate funds. "Nonstate funds" does not include funds received under chapter 67.28 RCW (67.28.180).

Sec. 21. RCW 82.02.020 and 1996 c 230 s 1612 are each amended to read as follows:
Except only as expressly provided in (RCW 67.28.180 and 67.28.190 and the provisions of) chapters 67.28 and 82.14 RCW, the state preempts the field of imposing taxes upon retail sales of tangible personal property, the use of tangible personal property, parimutuel wagering authorized pursuant to RCW 67.16.060, conveyances, and cigarettes, and no county, town, or other municipal subdivision shall have the right to impose taxes of that nature. Except as provided in RCW 82.02.050
through 82.02.090, no county, city, town, or other municipal corporation shall impose any tax, fee, or charge, either direct or indirect, on the construction or reconstruction of residential buildings, commercial buildings, industrial buildings, or on any other building or building space or appurtenance thereto, or on the development, subdivision, classification, or reclassification of land. However, this section does not preclude dedications of land or easements within the proposed development or plat which the county, city, town, or other municipal corporation can demonstrate are reasonably necessary as a direct result of the proposed development or plat to which the dedication of land or easement is to apply.

This section does not prohibit voluntary agreements with counties, cities, towns, or other municipal corporations that allow a payment in lieu of a dedication of land or to mitigate a direct impact that has been identified as a consequence of a proposed development, subdivision, or plat. A local government shall not use such voluntary agreements for local off-site transportation improvements within the geographic boundaries of the area or areas covered by an adopted transportation program authorized by chapter 39.92 RCW. Any such voluntary agreement is subject to the following provisions:

(1) The payment shall be held in a reserve account and may only be expended to fund a capital improvement agreed upon by the parties to mitigate the identified, direct impact;

(2) The payment shall be expended in all cases within five years of collection; and

(3) Any payment not so expended shall be refunded with interest at the rate applied to judgments to the property owners of record at the time of the refund; however, if the payment is not expended within five years due to delay attributable to the developer, the payment shall be refunded without interest.

No county, city, town, or other municipal corporation shall require any payment as part of such a voluntary agreement which the county, city, town, or other municipal corporation cannot establish is reasonably necessary as a direct result of the proposed development or plat.

Nothing in this section prohibits cities, towns, counties, or other municipal corporations from collecting reasonable fees from an applicant for a permit or other governmental approval to cover the cost to the city, town, county, or other municipal corporation of processing applications, inspecting and reviewing plans, or preparing detailed statements required by chapter 43.21C RCW.

This section does not limit the existing authority of any county, city, town, or other municipal corporation to impose special assessments on property specifically benefitted thereby in the manner prescribed by law.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from imposing or permits counties, cities, or towns to impose water, sewer, natural gas, drainage utility, and drainage system charges: PROVIDED, That no such charge shall exceed the proportionate share of such utility or system’s capital costs which the county, city, or town can demonstrate are attributable to the property being charged: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not be interpreted to expand or contract any existing authority of counties, cities, or towns to impose such charges.

Nothing in this section prohibits a transportation benefit district from imposing fees or charges authorized in RCW 36.73.120 nor prohibits the legislative authority of a county, city, or town from approving the imposition of such fees within a transportation benefit district.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from imposing transportation impact fees authorized pursuant to chapter 39.92 RCW.

Nothing in this section prohibits counties, cities, or towns from requiring property owners to provide relocation assistance to tenants under RCW 59.18.440 and 59.18.450.

This section does not apply to special purpose districts formed and acting pursuant to Titles 54, 57, or 87 RCW, nor is the authority conferred by these titles affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 67.28.090 and 1991 c 363 s 138 & 1967 c 236 s 2;
(2) RCW 67.28.100 and 1967 c 236 s 3;
(3) RCW 67.28.110 and 1967 c 236 s 4;
(4) RCW 67.28.182 and 1995 c 386 s 9 & 1987 c 483 s 2;
(5) RCW 67.28.185 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 225 s 2;
NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. This act does not affect any existing right acquired or liability or obligation incurred under the sections amended or repealed in this act or under any rule or order adopted under those sections, nor does it affect any proceeding instituted under those sections. As provided in RCW 1.12.020, the sections amended or repealed in this act are continued by section 3 of this act for purposes such as redemption payments on bonds issued in reliance on taxes imposed under those sections. Any moneys held in a fund created under a section repealed in this act shall be deposited in a fund created under section 4 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. This act takes effect January 1, 1998."
Voting Yea: Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, McDonald, Costa, Constantine, Carrell, Cody, Kenney, Lambert, Lantz, Radcliff, Sherstad and Skinner.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Providing a stable funding source for fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration. Reported by Committee on Natural Resources

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that:
(1) Currently, many of the salmon stocks on the Washington coast and in Puget Sound are severely depressed and may soon be listed under the federal endangered species act.
(2) Immediate action is needed to reverse the severe decline of the resource and ensure its very survival.
(3) The cooperation and participation of private landowners in efforts to restore and enhance anadromous fish populations is crucial to their success.
(4) The existing property rights of private landowners should not be adversely impacted at a later date, by the successful implementation of salmon restoration and enhancement projects on their property.
(5) Regional fisheries enhancement groups have been exceptionally successful in their efforts to work with private landowners to restore and enhance salmon habitat on private lands.
(6) Regional fisheries enhancement groups have provided the most cost-effective approach to affecting the recovery of anadromous fisheries in Washington state, with work undertaken by regional fisheries enhancement groups returning on average nine dollars in matching funds for every one dollar in expenditures from the regional enhancement account.
(7) As each of the groups mature and expand, funding becomes a significant limitation to maximizing their fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration efforts.
(8) Therefore, an ample stable funding source is essential to the success of the regional enhancement groups and their efforts to work cooperatively with private landowners to restore salmon resources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 75.50 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The regional fisheries enhancement salmonid recovery account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from federal sources and moneys from state sources specified by law must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used for the sole purpose of fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration by regional fisheries enhancement groups.
(2) The salmonid recovery account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from private gifts, grants, bequests, and donations must be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used for the sole purpose of fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration by regional fisheries enhancement groups. Only the director or the director’s designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The regional fisheries enhancement group advisory board shall conduct a study of federal, state, and local permitting requirements for fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration projects. The study shall identify redundant, conflicting, or duplicative permitting requirements and rules, and shall make recommendations for streamlining and improving the permitting
process. The results of the study shall be reported to the senate natural resources and parks committee and the house of representatives natural resources committee by November 1, 1997.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 75.50.080 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 47 are each amended to read as follows:
Regional fisheries enhancement groups, consistent with the long-term regional policy statements developed under RCW 75.50.020, shall seek to:

1. Enhance the salmon and steelhead resources of the state;
2. Maximize volunteer efforts and private donations to improve the salmon and steelhead resources for all citizens;
3. Assist the department in achieving the goal to double the state-wide salmon and steelhead catch by the year 2000 (under chapter 214, Laws of 1988); and
4. Develop projects designed to supplement the fishery enhancement capability of the department.

**Sec. 5.** RCW 75.50.100 and 1995 1st sp. s c 2 s 39 (Referendum Bill No. 45) are each amended to read as follows:

1. The regional fisheries enhancement group account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All money from the surcharges under RCW 75.28.780 and subsections (2) and (3) of this section, steelhead license fees under subsection (5) of this section, and the revenue generated from the sale of salmon carcasses and eggs under RCW 75.08.230(5) and subsection (6) of this section shall be deposited into the account. Only the commission or the commission’s designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for expenditures.
2. (a) A surcharge of one dollar shall be collected on each recreational personal use food fish license sold in the state.
   (b) A surcharge of one hundred dollars shall be collected on each commercial salmon fishery license, each salmon delivery license, and each salmon charter license sold in the state.
   (3) A surcharge of twenty-five dollars shall be collected on each game fish guide license and each anadromous game fish buyer’s license issued under RCW 77.32.211.
3. The department shall study methods for collecting and making available, an annual list, including names and addresses, of all persons who obtain recreational and commercial salmon fishing licenses. This list may be used to assist formation of the regional fisheries enhancement groups and allow the broadest participation of license holders in enhancement efforts. The results of the study shall be reported to the house of representatives fisheries and wildlife committee and the senate environment and natural resources committee by October 1, 1990. All receipts shall be placed in the regional fisheries enhancement group account and shall be used exclusively for regional fisheries enhancement group projects for the purposes of RCW 75.50.110. Funds from the regional fisheries enhancement group account shall not serve as replacement funding for department operated salmon projects that exist on January 1, 1991.
4. One dollar of each steelhead license sold in the state shall be deposited into the regional fisheries enhancement group account. This subsection does not authorize the department to assess a surcharge on steelhead fishing licenses.
5. All revenue from the department’s sale of salmon carcasses and eggs that return to group facilities shall be deposited in the regional fisheries enhancement group account for use by the regional fisheries enhancement group that produced the surplus. The commission shall adopt rules to implement this section pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW.
6. Start-up funds may be provided to regional fisheries enhancement groups for costs associated with an enhancement project. The regional fisheries enhancement group advisory board and the department shall develop guidelines for providing funds to the regional fisheries enhancement groups.

**Sec. 6.** RCW 43.84.092 and 1996 c 262 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All earnings of investments of surplus balances in the state treasury shall be deposited to the treasury income account, which account is hereby established in the state treasury.
(2) The treasury income account shall be utilized to pay or receive funds associated with federal programs as required by the federal cash management improvement act of 1990. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for refunds or allocations of interest earnings required by the cash management improvement act. Refunds of interest to the federal treasury required under the cash management improvement act fall under RCW 43.88.180 and shall not require appropriation. The office of financial management shall determine the amounts due to or from the federal government pursuant to the cash management improvement act. The office of financial management may direct transfers of funds between accounts as deemed necessary to implement the provisions of the cash management improvement act, and this subsection. Refunds or allocations shall occur prior to the distributions of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

(3) Except for the provisions of RCW 43.84.160, the treasury income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasury funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasury and affected state agencies. The treasury income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

(4) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the treasury income account. The state treasurer shall credit the general fund with all the earnings credited to the treasury income account except:

(a) The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account’s and fund’s average daily balance for the period: The capitol building construction account, the Cedar River channel construction and operation account, the Central Washington University capital projects account, the charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions account, the common school construction fund, the county criminal justice assistance account, the county sales and use tax equalization account, the data processing building construction account, the deferred compensation administrative account, the deferred compensation principal account, the department of retirement systems expense account, the Eastern Washington University capital projects account, the education construction fund, the emergency reserve fund, the federal forest revolving account, the health services account, the public health services account, the health system capacity account, the personal health services account, the highway infrastructure account, the industrial insurance premium refund account, the judges' retirement account, the judicial retirement administrative account, the judicial retirement principal account, the local leasehold excise tax account, the local real estate excise tax account, the local sales and use tax account, the medical aid account, the mobile home park relocation fund, the municipal criminal justice assistance account, the municipal sales and use tax equalization account, the natural resources deposit account, the perpetual surveillance and maintenance account, the public employees' retirement system plan I account, the public employees’ retirement system plan II account, the Puyallup tribal settlement account, the regional fisheries enhancement group account, the regional fisheries enhancement salmonid recovery account, the resource management cost account, the site closure account, the special wildlife account, the state employees’ insurance account, the state employees' insurance reserve account, the state investment board expense account, the state investment board commingled trust fund accounts, the supplemental pension account, the teachers' retirement system plan I account, the teachers’ retirement system plan II account, the transportation infrastructure account, the tuition recovery trust fund, the University of Washington bond retirement fund, the University of Washington building account, the volunteer fire fighters' relief and pension principal account, the volunteer fire fighters' relief and pension administrative account, the Washington judicial retirement system account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' system plan I retirement account, the Washington law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' system plan II retirement account, the Washington state patrol retirement account, the Washington State University building account, the Washington State University bond retirement fund, the water pollution control revolving fund, and the Western Washington University capital projects account. Earnings derived from investing balances of the agricultural permanent fund, the normal school permanent fund, the permanent common school fund, the scientific permanent fund, and the state university permanent fund shall be allocated to their respective
beneficiary accounts. All earnings to be distributed under this subsection (4)(a) shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer's service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

(b) The following accounts and funds shall receive eighty percent of their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account's or fund's average daily balance for the period: The aeronautics account, the aircraft search and rescue account, the central Puget Sound public transportation account, the city hardship assistance account, the county arterial preservation account, the department of licensing services account, the economic development account, the essential rail assistance account, the essential rail banking account, the ferry bond retirement fund, the gasohol exemption holding account, the grade crossing protective fund, the high capacity transportation account, the highway bond retirement fund, the highway construction stabilization account, the highway safety account, the marine operating fund, the motor vehicle fund, the motorcycle safety education account, the pilotage account, the public transportation systems account, the Puget Sound capital construction account, the Puget Sound ferry operations account, the recreational vehicle account, the rural arterial trust account, the safety and education account, the small city account, the special category C account, the state patrol highway account, the transfer relief account, the transportation capital facilities account, the transportation equipment fund, the transportation fund, the transportation improvement account, the transportation revolving loan account, and the urban arterial trust account.

(5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no treasury accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

Sec. 7. RCW 75.08.230 and 1996 c 267 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in this section, state and county officers receiving the following moneys shall deposit them in the state general fund:

(a) The sale of licenses required under this title;
(b) The sale of property seized or confiscated under this title;
(c) Fines and forfeitures collected under this title;
(d) The sale of real or personal property held for department purposes;
(e) Rentals or concessions of the department;
(f) Moneys received for damages to food fish, shellfish or department property; and
(g) Gifts.

(2) The director shall make weekly remittances to the state treasurer of moneys collected by the department.

(3) All fines and forfeitures collected or assessed by a district court for a violation of this title or rule of the department shall be remitted as provided in chapter 3.62 RCW.

(4) Proceeds from the sale of food fish or shellfish taken in test fishing conducted by the department, to the extent that these proceeds exceed the estimates in the budget approved by the legislature, may be allocated as unanticipated receipts under RCW 43.79.270 to reimburse the department for unanticipated costs for test fishing operations in excess of the allowance in the budget approved by the legislature.

(5) Proceeds from the sale of salmon carcasses and salmon eggs from state general funded hatcheries by the department of general administration shall be deposited in the regional fisheries enhancement group account established in RCW 75.50.100. The department of general administration's fee for administering the sale of salmon carcasses and salmon eggs shall not exceed five percent of the total receipts of each sale.

(6) Moneys received by the commission under RCW 75.08.045, to the extent these moneys exceed estimates in the budget approved by the legislature, may be allocated as unanticipated receipts under RCW 43.79.270. Allocations under this subsection shall be made only for the specific purpose for which the moneys were received, unless the moneys were received in settlement of a claim for damages to food fish or shellfish, in which case the moneys may be expended for the conservation of these resources.

(7) Proceeds from the sale of herring spawn on kelp fishery licenses by the department, to the extent those proceeds exceed estimates in the budget approved by the legislature, may be allocated as unanticipated receipts under RCW 43.79.270. Allocations under this subsection shall be made only for herring management, enhancement, and enforcement.
Sec. 8. RCW 77.12.170 and 1996 c 101 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) There is established in the state treasury the state wildlife fund which consists of moneys received from:
(a) Rentals or concessions of the department;
(b) The sale of real or personal property held for department purposes;
(c) Except as provided in RCW 75.50.100, the sale of licenses, permits, tags, stamps, and punchcards required by this title;
(d) Fees for informational materials published by the department;
(e) Fees for personalized vehicle license plates as provided in chapter 46.16 RCW;
(f) Articles or wildlife sold by the director under this title;
(g) Compensation for wildlife losses or gifts or grants received under RCW 77.12.320;
(h) Excise tax on anadromous game fish collected under chapter 82.27 RCW;
(i) The sale of personal property seized by the department for wildlife violations; and
(j) The department's share of revenues from auctions and raffles authorized by the commission.

(2) State and county officers receiving any moneys listed in subsection (1) of this section shall deposit them in the state treasury to be credited to the state wildlife fund.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Buck, Chairman; Sump, Vice Chairman; Thompson, Vice Chairman; Alexander; Anderson; Chandler and Hatfield.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Regala, Ranking Minority Member; Butler, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Pennington.

Voting Yea: Representatives Buck, Sump, Thompson, Alexander, Anderson, Chandler and Hatfield.

Voting Nay: Representatives Regala, Butler and Pennington.

Excused: Representative Sheldon.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESB 5915 Prime Sponsor, Senator Anderson: Allowing counties planning under the growth management act to establish industrial land banks as permissable urban growth outside of an urban growth area. Reported by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Reams, Chairman; Cairnes, Vice Chairman; Sherstad, Vice Chairman; Bush; Mielke; Mulliken and Thompson.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Romero, Ranking Minority Member; Lantz, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Fisher and Gardner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5922 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Limiting capital expenditures and public indebtedness on capital projects. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, beginning on line 7, after "biennium," strike all material through "RCW 39.42.060." on line 12, and insert "the governor's capital budget document shall identify in the capital plan all proposed expenditures subject to RCW 39.42.060 for capital projects in which the state does not have a majority real property ownership interest. If such proposed expenditures for those capital projects in a biennium exceed ten percent of the total proposed capital budget expenditures subject to RCW 39.42.060 for that biennium, the document shall identify the cost of annual debt service payments associated with the expenditures for those capital projects, include a statement of the reason or purpose for the expenditures, and describe the benefits to the state from such expenditures."

Signed by Representatives Sehlin, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Hankins; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell; D. Sommers and H. Sommers.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representative Sullivan, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Nay: Representative Sullivan.
Excused: Representative H. Sommers.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

ESB 5959 Prime Sponsor, Senator Anderson: Allowing for the establishment of restricted seed potato production areas. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala, Schoesler and Sump.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5968 Prime Sponsor, Senator Thibaudeau: Regulating electric-assisted bicycles. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 46.04 RCW to read as follows: "Electric-assisted bicycle" means a bicycle with two or three wheels, a saddle, fully operative pedals for human propulsion, and an electric motor. The electric-assisted bicycle’s electric motor must have a power output of no more than one thousand watts, be incapable of propelling the device at a speed of more than twenty miles per hour on level ground, and be incapable of further increasing the speed of the device when human power alone is used to propel the device beyond twenty miles per hour.

Sec. 2. RCW 46.16.010 and 1996 c 184 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) It is unlawful for a person to operate any vehicle over and along a public highway of this state without first having obtained and having in full force and effect a current and proper vehicle license and display vehicle license number plates therefor as by this chapter provided. Failure to make initial registration before operation on the highways of this state is a misdemeanor, and any person convicted thereof shall be punished by a fine of no less than three hundred thirty dollars, no part of which may be suspended or deferred. Failure to renew an expired registration before operation on the highways of this state is a traffic infraction.

(2) The licensing of a vehicle in another state by a resident of this state, as defined in RCW 46.16.028, evading the payment of any tax or license fee imposed in connection with registration, is a gross misdemeanor punishable as follows:
(a) For a first offense, up to one year in the county jail and a fine equal to twice the amount of delinquent taxes and fees, no part of which may be suspended or deferred;
(b) For a second or subsequent offense, up to one year in the county jail and a fine equal to four times the amount of delinquent taxes and fees, no part of which may be suspended or deferred;
(c) For fines levied under (b) of this subsection, an amount equal to the avoided taxes and fees owed shall be deposited in the vehicle licensing fraud account created in the state treasury;
(d) The avoided taxes and fees shall be deposited and distributed in the same manner as if the taxes and fees were properly paid in a timely fashion.
(3) These provisions shall not apply to the following vehicles:
(a) Electric-assisted bicycles;
(b) Farm vehicles ((as defined in RCW 46.04.184)) if operated within a radius of fifteen miles of the farm where principally used or garaged, farm tractors and farm implements including trailers designed as cook or bunk houses used exclusively for animal herding temporarily operating or drawn upon the public highways, and trailers used exclusively to transport farm implements from one farm to another during the daylight hours or at night when such equipment has lights that comply with the law((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not apply to));
(c) Spray or fertilizer applicator rigs designed and used exclusively for spraying or fertilization in the conduct of agricultural operations and not primarily for the purpose of transportation, and nurse rigs or equipment auxiliary to the use of and designed or modified for the fueling, repairing or loading of spray and fertilizer applicator rigs and not used, designed, or modified primarily for the purpose of transportation((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not apply to));
(d) Fork lifts operated during daylight hours on public highways adjacent to and within five hundred feet of the warehouses which they serve((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not apply to));
(e) "Special highway construction equipment" ((is)) defined as follows: Any vehicle which is designed and used primarily for grading of highways, paving of highways, earth moving, and other construction work on highways and which is not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property on a public highway and which is only incidentally operated or moved over the highway. It includes, but is not limited to, road construction and maintenance machinery so designed and used such as portable air compressors, air drills, asphalt spreaders, bituminous mixers, bucket loaders, track laying tractors, ditches, leveling graders, finishing machines, motor graders, paving mixers, road rollers, scarifiers, earth moving scrapers and carryalls, lighting plants, welders, pumps, power shovels and draglines, self-propelled and tractor-drawn earth moving equipment and machinery, including dump trucks and tractor-dump trailer combinations which either (((1))) (i) are in excess of the legal width, or (((2))) (ii) which, because of their length, height, or unladen weight, may not be moved
on a public highway without the permit specified in RCW 46.44.090 and which are not operated laden except within the boundaries of the project limits as defined by the contract, and other similar types of construction equipment, or (iii) which are driven or moved upon a public highway only for the purpose of crossing such highway from one property to another, provided such movement does not exceed five hundred feet and the vehicle is equipped with wheels or pads which will not damage the roadway surface.

Exclusions:
“Special highway construction equipment” does not include any of the following:
Dump trucks originally designed to comply with the legal size and weight provisions of this code notwithstanding any subsequent modification which would require a permit, as specified in RCW 46.44.090, to operate such vehicles on a public highway, including trailers, truck-mounted transit mixers, cranes and shovels, or other vehicles designed for the transportation of persons or property to which machinery has been attached.

(4) The following vehicles, whether operated solo or in combination, are exempt from license registration and displaying license plates as required by this chapter:
   (a) A converter gear used to convert a semitrailer into a trailer or a two-axle truck or tractor into a three or more axle truck or tractor or used in any other manner to increase the number of axles of a vehicle. Converter gear includes an auxiliary axle, booster axle, dolly, and jeep axle.
   (b) A tow dolly that is used for towing a motor vehicle behind another motor vehicle. The front or rear wheels of the towed vehicle are secured to and rest on the tow dolly that is attached to the towing vehicle by a tow bar.

Sec. 3. RCW 46.20.500 and 1982 c 77 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
No person may drive a motorcycle or a motor-driven cycle unless such person has a valid driver’s license specially endorsed by the director to enable the holder to drive such vehicles, nor may a person drive a motorcycle of a larger engine displacement than that authorized by such special endorsement or by an instruction permit for such category. PROVIDED, That any person sixteen years of age or older, holding a valid driver’s license of any class issued by the state of the person’s residence, may operate a moped without taking any special examination for the operation of a moped. No driver’s license is required for operation of an electric-assisted bicycle if the operator is at least sixteen years of age. Persons under sixteen years of age may not operate an electric-assisted bicycle.

Sec. 4. RCW 46.37.530 and 1990 c 270 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) It is unlawful:
   (a) For any person to operate a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle not equipped with mirrors on the left and right sides of the motorcycle which shall be so located as to give the driver a complete view of the highway for a distance of at least two hundred feet to the rear of the motorcycle or motor-driven cycle: PROVIDED, That mirrors shall not be required on any motorcycle or motor-driven cycle over twenty-five years old originally manufactured without mirrors and which has been restored to its original condition and which is being ridden to or from or otherwise in conjunction with an antique or classic motorcycle contest, show, or other such assemblage: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no mirror is required on any motorcycle manufactured prior to January 1, 1931;
   (b) For any person to operate a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle which does not have a windshield unless wearing glasses, goggles, or a face shield of a type conforming to rules adopted by the state patrol;
   (c) For any person to operate or ride upon a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle, or moped on a state highway, county road, or city street unless wearing upon his or her head a protective helmet of a type conforming to rules adopted by the state patrol except when the vehicle is an antique motor-driven cycle or automobile that is licensed as a motorcycle or when the vehicle is equipped with seat belts and roll bars approved by the state patrol. The helmet must be equipped with either a neck or chin strap which shall be fastened securely while the motorcycle or motor-driven cycle is in motion. Persons operating electric-assisted bicycles shall comply with all laws and regulations related to the use of bicycle helmets;
(d) For any person to transport a child under the age of five on a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle;
(e) For any person to sell or offer for sale a motorcycle helmet which does not meet the requirements established by the state patrol.

(2) The state patrol is hereby authorized and empowered to adopt and amend rules, pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, concerning the standards and procedures for conformance of rules adopted for glasses, goggles, face shields, and protective helmets.

Sec. 5. RCW 46.61.710 and 1979 ex.s. c 213 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) No person shall operate a moped upon the highways of this state unless the moped has been assigned a moped registration number and displays a moped permit in accordance with the provisions of RCW 46.16.630.
(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a moped may not be operated on a bicycle path or trail, bikeway, equestrian trail, or hiking or recreational trail.
(3) Operation of a moped or an electric-assisted bicycle on a fully controlled limited access highway or on a sidewalk is unlawful.
(4) Removal of any muffling device or pollution control device from a moped is unlawful.
(5) Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of this section do not apply to electric-assisted bicycles.

Electric-assisted bicycles may have access to highways of the state to the same extent as bicycles. Electric-assisted bicycles may be operated on a multipurpose trail or bicycle lane, but local jurisdictions may restrict or otherwise limit the access of electric-assisted bicycles."

Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott and Skinner.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5970 Prime Sponsor, Senator Schow: Modifying fireworks statutes.

MAJORITY Recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

MINORITY Recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Nay: Representative Wood.
Excused: Representative Honeyford.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

SB 5991 Prime Sponsor, Senator Horn: Providing for the quality awards council. Reported by Committee on Government Administration
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.330.140 and 1994 c 306 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The Washington quality award council shall be organized as a (part of the) private, nonprofit corporation (quality for Washington state foundation, with the assistance of the department), in accordance with chapter 24.03 RCW and this section, with limited staff assistance by the secretary of state as provided by section 2 of this act.

((4)) (2) The council shall oversee the governor’s Washington state quality achievement award program. The purpose of the program is to improve the overall competitiveness of the state’s economy by stimulating Washington state industries, business, and organizations to bring about measurable success through setting standards of organizational excellence, encouraging organizational self-assessment, identifying successful organizations as role models, and providing a valuable mechanism for promoting and strengthening a commitment to continuous quality improvement in all sectors of the state’s economy. The program shall annually recognize organizations that improve the quality of their products and services and are noteworthy examples of high-performing work organizations.

((4)) ((3) The council shall consist of the governor and the (director) secretary of state, or their designees, as chair and vice-chair, respectively, (and) the director of the department of community, trade, and economic development, or his or her designee, and twenty-seven members appointed by the governor. Those twenty-seven council members must be selected from recognized professionals who shall have backgrounds in or experience with effective quality improvement techniques, employee involvement quality of work life initiatives, (and) development of innovative labor-management relations, and other recognized leaders in state and local government and private business. The (initial) membership of the board beyond the chair and vice-chair shall be appointed by the governor (from a list of nominees submitted by the quality for Washington state foundation. The list of nominees shall include representatives from the governor’s small business improvement council, the Washington state efficiency commission, the Washington state productivity board, the Washington state service quality network, the association for quality and participation, the American society for quality control, business and labor associations, educational institutions, elected officials, and representatives from former recipients of international, national, or state quality awards)) for terms of three years.

((4)) (4) The council shall establish a board of examiners, a recognition committee, and such other subcouncil groups as it deems appropriate to carry out its responsibilities. Subcouncil groups established by the council may be composed of noncouncilmembers.

((4)) ((The council shall receive its administrative support and operational expenses from the quality for Washington state foundation.))

(5) The council shall((in conjunction with the quality for Washington state foundation,)) compile a list of resources available for organizations interested in productivity improvement, quality techniques, effective methods of work organization, and upgrading work force skills as a part of the quality for Washington state foundation’s ongoing educational programs. The council shall make the list of resources available to the general public((including labor, business, nonprofit and public agencies, and the department)).

(6) The council((in conjunction with the quality for Washington state foundation,)) may conduct such public information, research, education, and assistance programs as it deems appropriate to further quality improvement in organizations operating in the state of Washington.

(7) The council shall:

(a) Approve and announce achievement award recipients;

(b) Approve guidelines to examine applicant organizations;

(c) Approve appointment of judges and examiners;

(d) Arrange appropriate annual awards and recognition for recipients, in conjunction with the quality for Washington state foundation;
(e) Formulate recommendations for change in the nomination form or award categories, in cooperation with the quality for Washington state foundation; and

(f) Review any related education, training, technology transfer, and research initiatives proposed ((by the quality for Washington state foundation)) to it, and that it determines merits such a review.

(8) By January 1st of each even-numbered year, the council shall report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature on its activities in the proceeding two years and on any recommendations in state policies or programs that could encourage quality improvement and the development of high-performance work organizations.

(9) The council shall cease to exist on July 1, 1999, unless otherwise extended by law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.07 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The secretary of state shall provide administrative assistance and support to the Washington quality award council only to the extent that the legislature appropriates funds specifically designated for this purpose. The secretary of state has no duty to provide assistance or support except to the extent specifically provided by appropriation.

(2) The Washington quality award council may develop private sources of funding, including the establishment of a private foundation. Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section, the council shall receive all administrative support and expenses through private sources of funding and arrangements with a private foundation. Public funds shall not be used to purchase awards, be distributed as awards, or be utilized for any expenses of the board of examiners, recognition committee, and such other subcouncil groups as the council may establish. Public funds shall not be used to pay overtime or travel expenses of secretary of state staff, for purposes related to the council, unless funded by specific appropriation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. RCW 43.330.140 is recodified as a section in chapter 43.07 RCW.

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Murray; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas; Wensman and Wolfe.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5997 Prime Sponsor, Senator Haugen: Requiring periodic inspections for the regulation of cosmetology, barbering, esthetics, and manicuring. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.


Excused: Representative Honeyford.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 4, 1997

2SSB 6002 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Supervising mentally ill offenders. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) Many acute and chronically mentally ill offenders are delayed in their release from Washington correctional facilities due to their inability to access reasonable treatment and living accommodations prior to the maximum expiration of their sentences. Often the offender reaches the end of his or her sentence and is released without any follow-up care, funds, or housing. These delays are costly to the state, often lead to psychiatric relapse, and result in unnecessary risk to the public.

These offenders rarely possess the skills or emotional stability to maintain employment or even complete applications to receive entitlement funding. Nation-wide only five percent of diagnosed schizophrenics are able to maintain part-time or full-time employment. Housing and appropriate treatment are difficult to obtain.

This lack of resources, funding, treatment, and housing creates additional stress for the mentally ill offender, impairing self-control and judgment. When the mental illness is instrumental in the offender’s patterns of crime, such stresses may lead to a worsening of his or her illness, reoffending, and a threat to public safety.

(2) It is the intent of the legislature to create a pilot program to provide for postrelease mental health care and housing for a select group of mentally ill offenders entering community living, in order to reduce incarceration costs, increase public safety, and enhance the offender’s quality of life.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 71.24 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The secretary shall select and contract with a regional support network or private provider to provide specialized access and services to mentally ill offenders upon release from total confinement within the department of corrections who have been identified by the department of corrections and selected by the regional support network or private provider as high-priority clients for services and who meet service program entrance criteria. The program shall enroll no more than twenty-five offenders at any one time, but shall seek to fill any vacancies that occur.

(2) Criteria shall include a determination by department of corrections staff that:

(a) The offender suffers from a major mental illness and needs continued mental health treatment;
(b) The offender’s previous crime or crimes have been determined by either the court or department of corrections staff to have been substantially influenced by the offender’s mental illness;
(c) It is believed the offender will be less likely to commit further criminal acts if provided ongoing mental health care;
(d) The offender is unable or unlikely to obtain housing and/or treatment from other sources for any reason; and
(e) The offender has at least one year remaining before his or her sentence expires but is within six months of release to community housing and is currently housed within a work release facility or any department of corrections’ division of prisons facility.

(3) The regional support network or private provider shall provide specialized access and services to the selected offenders. The services shall be aimed at lowering the risk of recidivism. An oversight committee composed of a representative of the department, a representative of the selected regional support network or private provider, and a representative of the department of corrections shall develop policies to guide the pilot program, provide dispute resolution including making determinations as to when entrance criteria or required services may be waived in individual cases, advise the department of corrections and the regional support network or private provider on the selection of eligible offenders, and set minimum requirements for service contracts. The selected regional support network or private provider shall implement the policies and service contracts. The following services shall be provided:

(a) Intensive case management to include a full range of intensive community support and treatment in client-to-staff ratios of not more than ten offenders per case manager including: (i) A minimum of weekly group and weekly individual counseling; (ii) home visits by the program manager
at least two times per month; and (iii) counseling focusing on relapse prevention and past, current, or future behavior of the offender.

(b) The case manager shall attempt to locate and procure housing appropriate to the living and clinical needs of the offender and as needed to maintain the psychiatric stability of the offender. The entire range of emergency, transitional, and permanent housing and involuntary hospitalization must be considered as available housing options. A housing subsidy may be provided to offenders to defray housing costs up to a maximum of six thousand six hundred dollars per offender per year and be administered by the case manager. Additional funding sources may be used to offset these costs when available.

(c) The case manager shall collaborate with the assigned prison, work release, or community corrections staff during release planning, prior to discharge, and in ongoing supervision of the offender while under the authority of the department of corrections.

(d) Medications including the full range of psychotropic medications including atypical antipsychotic medications may be required as a condition of the program. Medication prescription, medication monitoring, and counseling to support offender understanding, acceptance, and compliance with prescribed medication regimens must be included.

(e) A systematic effort to engage offenders to continuously involve themselves in current and long-term treatment and appropriate habilitative activities shall be made.

(f) Classes appropriate to the clinical and living needs of the offender and appropriate to his or her level of understanding.

(g) The case manager shall assist the offender in the application and qualification for entitlement funding, including medicaid, state assistance, and other available government and private assistance at any point that the offender is qualified and resources are available.

(h) The offender shall be provided access to daily activities such as drop-in centers, prevocational and vocational training and jobs, and volunteer activities.

(4) Once an offender has been selected into the pilot program, the offender shall remain in the program until the end of his or her sentence or unless the offender is released from the pilot program earlier by the department of corrections.

(5) Specialized training in the management and supervision of high-crime risk mentally ill offenders shall be provided to all participating mental health providers by the department and the department of corrections prior to their participation in the program and as requested thereafter.

(6) The pilot program provided for in this section must be providing services by July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The department shall indemnify and hold harmless the regional support network, private provider, and any mental health center, housing facility, or other mental health provider from all claims or suits arising in any manner from any acts committed by an enrolled offender during his or her period of enrollment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 71.24 RCW to read as follows:

The department, in collaboration with the department of corrections and the oversight committee created in section 2 of this act, shall track outcomes and submit to the legislature a report of services and outcomes by December 1, 1998, and annually thereafter as may be necessary. The reports shall include the following: (1) A statistical analysis regarding the reoffense and reinstitutionalization rate by the enrollees in the program set forth in section 2 of this act; (2) a quantitative description of the services provided in the program set forth in section 2 of this act; and (3) recommendations for any needed modifications in the services and funding levels to increase the effectiveness of the program set forth in section 2 of this act. By December 1, 2003, the department shall certify the reoffense rate for enrollees in the program authorized by section 2 of this act to the office of financial management and the appropriate legislative committees. If the reoffense rate exceeds fifteen percent, the authorization for the department to conduct the program under section 2 of this act is terminated on January 1, 2004.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Robertson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representatives Quall and Mitchell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 6004 Prime Sponsor, Senator Wood: Creating the K-20 education technology revolving fund.

Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlson, Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kenney; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representative Lambert.

Excused: Representatives Doumit, Cody, Kessler, Lisk, Poulsen and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 6030 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Establishing a performance audit and operations review of the workers' compensation system. Reported by Committee on Commerce & Labor

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"NEW SECTION, Sec. 1. The legislature recognizes the importance of the state workers' compensation program in providing medical and financial services and benefits to workers who are injured on the job, and to their families, and in facilitating the injured workers' return to employment and a productive life. In addition, the legislature considers periodic performance audits to be of assistance in determining the impact of state programs and in developing findings and recommendations that ensure the most effective use of worker, employer, state agency, and public time and resources.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 2. The joint legislative audit and review committee, in consultation with members of the senate and house of representatives commerce and labor committees and the workers'
compensation advisory committee established under RCW 51.04.110, shall conduct a performance audit of the state workers' compensation system.

The performance audit shall review the following issues:

(1)(a) The organizational structure of the workers' compensation system and its effectiveness;
(b) The management principles, program process, and ongoing practices of the workers' compensation system;

(2)(a) The program's taxation system, including the method of collection and the manner in which funds are prioritized and distributed;
(b) The use of all revenues generated from reserve surpluses and all other fund sources;

(3) The types of services and programs within the system;

(4) The level of cooperation and continuity between program and services;

(5)(a) The effectiveness of the system in providing sure and certain relief to injured workers as mandated by Title 51 RCW;
(b) The effectiveness of the workers' compensation system in returning injured workers to work and meeting other system goals;

(6) The level of customer satisfaction of workers and employers participating in the system;

(7) The current method by which the department internally reviews and determines the workers' compensation program effectiveness and performance and its process for responding to its findings or recommendations;

(8) The manner in which the workers' compensation system coordinates its activities with other programs or activities within the department or other state agencies, including: the WISHA program, the board of industrial insurance appeals, the employment security department, the department of revenue, the department of health, and the work force training and education coordinating board;

(9) The cost-effectiveness and efficiency of the state workers' compensation system as compared with other private and public sector delivery systems;

(10) Claims administration practices of the state fund, self-insured employers, and third-party administrators, and the effectiveness of department sanctions in promoting best practices in claims administration; and

(11) Any other item considered necessary by the joint legislative audit and review committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The joint legislative audit and review committee is directed to contract with a private entity that is not affiliated with an insurance company, brokerage, or agency, consistent with the provisions of chapter 39.29 RCW. The committee shall consult with the workers' compensation advisory committee in the design of the request for proposals from potential contractors and in the choice of a performance audit contractor. The committee shall provide an interim report on its findings and recommendations to the appropriate house of representatives and senate standing committees by December 31, 1997, and a final report by August 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The department of labor and industries shall actively cooperate with the joint legislative audit and review committee in the course of the performance audit and provide information and assistance as necessary. Funding for the performance audit in the amount, as determined by the joint legislative audit and review committee, is provided from the nonappropriated medical aid fund within the department of labor and industries. The department will transfer the funds necessary to implement this act to the joint legislative audit and review committee through an interagency agreement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Signed by Representatives McMorris, Chairman; Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Conway, Ranking Minority Member; Wood, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Clements; Cole; Hatfield and Lisk.

Excused: Representative Honeyford.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

ESB 7900 Prime Sponsor, Senator Swecker: Implementing the model toxics control act policy advisory committee recommendations (Introduced with House sponsors). Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Koster; Mastin; Regala and Sump.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Schoesler, Vice Chairman.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Koster, Mastin, Regala and Sump.

Voting Nay: Representative Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSCR 8408 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Creating a water resource policy report to analyze and explain water resource statutes and rules. Reported by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Beginning on page 1, line 1, after "WHEREAS," strike all material through "void." on page 3, line 21, and insert "State statutes governing water allocation, instream flows, and other related water resource management are written in a broad manner and as a result there is a wide range of different interpretations of the law which causes much confusion; and

WHEREAS, This situation creates major problems for the Department of Ecology and water users throughout the state; and

WHEREAS, This situation causes considerable delays and much higher costs for the Department of Ecology and water users; and

WHEREAS, An unusually large number of water right appeals of the Department of Ecology actions have overloaded the Pollution Control Hearings Board and the subsequent appeals of the hearings board's decisions to the courts have escalated costs and delays; and

WHEREAS, An examination by the Legislature of these hard-to-interpret state water laws will give the Legislature the opportunity to clarify these statutes and, by doing so, reduce these problems, costs, and delays;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, By the Senate of the state of Washington, the House of Representatives concurring, That a joint select committee on clarifying state water law be established to examine the hard-to-interpret provisions of the statutes governing water allocation, instream flows, and other related water resource management and to recommend clarifications to those provisions that do not change state policy; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the joint select committee consist of eight members with four members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, two from the majority party caucus and two from the minority party caucus in the House of Representatives, and four members appointed by the President of the Senate, two from the majority party caucus and two from the
minority party caucus in the Senate, and that the members of the joint select committee select cochairs of the committee, one from the House of Representatives and one from the Senate; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That staff support for the joint select committee be provided by the office of program research of the House of Representatives and Senate committee services; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the joint select committee report its recommendations to the Legislature in the form of proposed legislation by December 1, 1997."

Signed by Representatives Chandler, Chairman; Parlette, Vice Chairman; Schoesler, Vice Chairman; Linville, Ranking Minority Member; Anderson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper; Delvin; Mastin and Regala.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Koster and Sump.

Voting Yea: Representatives Chandler, Parlette, Linville, Anderson, Cooper, Delvin, Mastin and Regala.

Voting Nay: Representatives Koster and Sump.

Excused: Representative Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

COMMITTEE REPORTS (THIRD SUPPLEMENTAL)

April 4, 1997

SB 5460 Prime Sponsor, Senator McCaslin: Limiting the use of public funds for political activities.

Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 701. RCW 42.17.130 and 1979 ex.s. c 265 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No elective official nor any employee of his or her office nor any person appointed to or employed by any public office or agency may use or authorize the use of any of the facilities of a public office or agency, directly or indirectly, for the purpose of assisting a campaign for election of any person to any office or for the promotion of or opposition to any ballot proposition. Facilities of public office or agency include, but are not limited to, use of stationery, postage, machines, and equipment, use of employees of the office or agency during working hours, vehicles, office space, publications of the office or agency, and clientele lists of persons served by the office or agency((PROVIDED, That)). However, the foregoing provisions of this section shall not apply to the following activities:

(((((4))) (a) Action taken at an open public meeting by members of an elected legislative body to express a collective decision, or to actually vote upon a motion, proposal, resolution, order, or ordinance, or to support or oppose a ballot proposition so long as (((4))) (i) any required notice of the meeting includes the title and number of the ballot proposition, and (((4))) (ii) members of the legislative body or members of the public are afforded an approximately equal opportunity for the expression of an opposing view;

(((((2))) (b) A statement by an elected official in support of or in opposition to any ballot proposition at an open press conference or in response to a specific inquiry; or

(((4))) (c) Activities which are part of the normal and regular conduct of the office or agency.

(2) A quasi-public agency organized to provide local government association services may not provide any financial support or use of any of its facilities for or against a ballot proposition or candidate for public office. A quasi-public agency shall be treated as a public office or agency for purposes of this section and shall be subject to the provisions of this section. However, a quasi-public
agency is exempt from this section for purposes of providing objective and factual information pertaining to a ballot proposition.

(3) "Quasi-public agency" means a nonprofit or for-profit corporation created in whole or in part to provide local government association services that derives more than fifty percent of its income from dues, assessments, or membership fees paid for with public funds.

(4) "Association services" means performing services on behalf of a local government and includes coordination of administrative programs, preparation of annual reports, communicating with or furnishing information to the legislative or executive branches or their agencies, acting as a coordinating agency, promoting efficient operations, submitting reports and recommendations, or performing any other services on behalf of a local government.

(5) "Local government" means a local public entity and includes a county, city, town, port district, school district, library district, fire protection district, public utility district, a municipal or quasi-municipal corporation, or any other local public entity, and any agent, employee, officer, or elected or appointed official of a local government."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Dunn; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas and Wensman.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Gardner, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunshee and Wolfe.

Voting Yea: Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers, Dunn, Reams, Smith, L. Thomas and Wensman.

Voting Nay: Representatives Scott, Gardner, Doumit, Dunshee, and Wolfe.

Excused: Representative Murray.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5513 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Providing exceptions from vessel registration. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5541 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Restricting the distance a vehicle may travel in a two-way left-turn lane. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking
Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Backlund.


Voting Nay: Representative Backlund.

Excused: Representative Mitchell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills, memorials and resolutions listed on the day’s supplemental, second supplemental and third supplemental committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:30 p.m., Monday, April 7, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE (REPRESENTATIVE PENNINGTON PRESIDING)
Speaker’s Privilege, CWU Students of the American Marketing Assn. 2
EIGHTY-SECOND DAY, APRIL 4, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
The House was called to order at 1:30 p.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Robert Gorski, Jr. and Melissa Buckmiller. Prayer was offered by Deacon Lee Edtl, St. Rose Catholic Church, Longview.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 7, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1007,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1016,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1061,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1064,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1089,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1124,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1162,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1166,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1171,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1188,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1189,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1241,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1249,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1251,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1288,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1400,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1590,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1609,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1658,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1799,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1821

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.
SECOND READING


Changing the timelines for development and implementation of the student assessment system.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1777 was substituted for House Bill No. 1777 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1777 was read the second time.

Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hickel: (478)

On page 4, line 10, after "year." insert the following:
"The commission or the superintendent, as applicable, shall upon request, provide opportunities for the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate to review the assessments and proposed modifications to the essential academic learning requirements before the modifications are adopted."

On page 4, beginning on line 32, after "before the" strike "2000-((2001)) 01" and insert "((2000-2001)) 1998-99"

On page 4, line 35, after "learning." insert "Schools that desire to participate after the 1998-99 school year, shall notify the superintendent of public instruction in a manner determined by the superintendent."

Representatives Hickel and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hickel: (477)

On page 4, line 15, after "health," strike "and fitness" and insert "fitness, and elementary science"

Representatives Hickel and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Linville: (479)

On page 3, beginning on line 13, after "(iii)" strike everything through "adopted." on page 5, line 9 and insert the following:

"((Assessments measuring the essential academic learning requirements developed for RCW 28A.150.210(1), goal one, and the mathematics component of RCW 28A.150.210(2), goal two, shall be initially implemented by the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction no later than the 1996-97 school year, unless the legislature takes action to delay or prevent implementation of the assessment system and essential academic learning requirements. Assessments measuring the essential academic learning requirements developed for RCW 28A.150.210 (2), (3), and (4), goals two, three, and four, shall be initially implemented by the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction no later than the 1998-99 school year, unless the legislature takes..."
action to delay or prevent implementation of the assessment system and essential academic learning requirements.

To the maximum extent possible, the commission shall integrate knowledge and skill areas in development of the assessments.

(iv) Before the 2000-2001 school year, participation by school districts in the assessment system shall be optional. School districts that desire to participate before the 2000-2001 school year shall notify the superintendent of public instruction in a manner determined by the superintendent. Beginning in the 2000-2001 school year, all school districts shall be required to participate in the assessment system.

(v) The state board of education and superintendent of public instruction may modify the essential academic learning requirements and academic assessment system, as needed, in subsequent school years. The commission shall develop and implement the assessments measuring the essential academic learning requirements developed for RCW 28A.150.210(1), goal one, and RCW 28A.150.210(2), goal two, referred to in this section as reading, writing, communications, mathematics, science, history, civics, geography, arts, and health and fitness, on the following schedule:

(A) The reading, writing, communications, and mathematics assessments at the elementary school level shall be available for use by school districts no later than the 1996-97 school year;

(B) The reading, writing, communications, and mathematics assessments at the middle school level shall be available for use by school districts no later than the 1997-98 school year;

(C) The reading, writing, communications, and mathematics assessments at the high school level shall be available for use by school districts no later than the 1998-99 school year;

(D) The science assessment at the middle and high school level shall be available for use by school districts no later than the 1998-99 school year.

(iv) The commission shall transfer the completed assessments and assessments still in development to the superintendent of public instruction by June 30, 1999. The superintendent of public instruction shall continue developing the assessments on the following schedule:

(A) The history, civics, geography and arts assessments at the middle and high school levels shall be available for use by school districts no later than the 2000-01 school year;

(B) The health and fitness assessments at the middle and high school levels shall be available for use by school districts no later than the 2001-02 school year;

(C) The elementary science assessment shall be available for use by school districts no later than the 2001-02 school year;

(D) The history, civics, geography, arts, and health and fitness assessments shall be available for use by school districts at the elementary school level no later than the 2004-05 school year.

To the maximum extent possible, the commission shall integrate knowledge and skills areas in the development of the assessments.

(v) School districts shall be required to participate in the assessment system on the following schedule:

(A) Beginning in the 1997-98 school year, school districts shall participate in the elementary assessment system for reading, writing, communication, and mathematics;

(B) Beginning in the 2000-01 school year, school districts shall participate in the middle and high school assessment system for reading, writing, communication, mathematics, and science;

(C) Beginning in the 2004-05 school year, school districts shall participate in the elementary assessment system for science;

(D) Beginning in the 2003-04 school year, school districts shall participate in the middle and high school assessment system for history, civics, geography, and arts;

(E) Beginning in the 2004-05 school year, school districts shall participate in the middle and high school assessment system for health and fitness.

By December 15, 1998, the commission on student learning shall recommend to the appropriate committees of the legislature whether the timelines for the assessments under subsection (3)(b)(iv)(D) of this section and subsection (3)(b)(v)(D) and (E) of this section should be revised, and, if the commission recommends revisions to the timelines, when the school districts shall be required to participate.

School districts that desire to participate on an optional basis in any assessment under subsections (A) through (E) of this subsection (3)(b)(v) before the assessment is mandatory shall notify the commission on student learning in a manner determined by the commission.
The commission on student learning may modify the essential academic learning requirements and the assessments, as needed, before June 30, 1999. The commission shall, upon request, provide opportunities for the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate to review the assessments and proposed modifications to the essential academic learning requirements before the modifications are adopted.

Renumber remaining subsection consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Linville, Cole and Keiser spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Talcott and Johnson spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representatives Kessler, Representative Poulsen was excused. On motion by Representative Wensman, Representative Sehlin was excused. On motion by Representative DeBolt, Representative Sterk was excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (479) on page 3, beginning on line 13, to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1777 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 46, Nays - 49, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Poulsen, Sehlin and Sterk - 3.

Representative Huff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff:

(473)

On page 6, line 28, after “fairly” insert “at elementary, middle, and high schools”

On page 6, line 29 after “school districts” insert “with regard to the goals included in RCW 28A.150.210 (1) through (4)”

Representatives Huff, Linville, Cole and Quall spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Talcott and Johnson spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Zellinsky demanded the previous question and the demand was sustained.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (473) on page 6, line 28, to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1777 and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Bush, Cairnes, Carrell, Cooke, Crouse, DeBolt, Dunn, Dyer, Hickel, Johnson, Koster, Lambert, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mulliken, Pennington, Reams, Robertson, Sheahan, Sherstad, Smith, Sommers, D., Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Van Luven and Mr. Speaker - 34.

Excused: Representatives Poulsen, Sehlin and Sterk - 3.

Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hickel: (475)

On page 7, after line 15, strike everything through “September 1, 2000” on line 17 and insert “((It is the intent of the legislature to begin implementation of programs in this subsection (3)(i) on September 1, 2000))”

Representative Hickel spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Huff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff: (471)

On page 8, after line 7, insert the following:

“(8)(a) By September 30, 1997, the commission on student learning, the state board of education, and the superintendent of public instruction shall jointly present recommendations to the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate regarding the high school assessments, the certificate of mastery, and high school graduation requirements.

In preparing recommendations, the commission on student learning shall convene an ad hoc working group to address questions, including:

(i) What type of document shall be used to identify student performance and achievement and how will the document be described?
(ii) Should the students be required to pass the high school assessments in all skill and content areas, or only in select skill and content areas, to graduate?
(iii) How will the criteria for establishing the standards for passing scores on the assessments be determined?
(iv) What timeline should be used in phasing-in the assessments as a graduation requirement?
(v) What options may be used in demonstrating how the results of the assessments will be displayed in a way that is meaningful to students, parents, institutions of higher education, and potential employers?
(vi) Are there other or additional methods by which the assessments could be used to identify achievement such as endorsements, standards of proficiency, merit badges, or levels of achievement?
(vii) Should the assessments and certificate of mastery be used to satisfy college or university entrance criteria for public school students? If yes, how should these methods be phased-in?

(b) The ad hoc working group shall report its recommendations to the commission on student learning, the state board of education, and the superintendent of public instruction by June 15, 1997. The commission shall report the ad hoc working group’s recommendations to the education committees of the house of representatives and senate by July 15, 1997. Final recommendations of the commission on student learning, the state board of education, and the superintendent of public instruction shall be
presented to the education committees of the house of representatives and the senate by September 30, 1997.”

Renumber the remaining subsection accordingly.

Representative Huff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Hickel: (476)

On page 8, beginning on line 8, strike subsection (8) and insert:
“(8) The Washington commission on student learning shall expire on June 30, 1999.”

Representative Hickel spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff, Talcott, Johnson and B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Linville, Cole and Keiser spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Huff again spoke in favor of passage of the bill. Representative Linville again spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1777.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1777 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 51, Nays - 44, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Poulsen, Sehlin and Sterk - 3.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1777, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

April 2, 1997

HB 1420 Prime Sponsor, Representative McDonald: Modifying local public health financing. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Kessler, Mastin, Poulsen and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 1850 Prime Sponsor, Representative Dyer: Adopting the long-term care reorganization and standards of care reform act. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Health Care. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

HB 2214 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Continuing the work force employment and training program. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The second substitute bill be substituted therefor and the second substitute bill do pass and do not pass the substitute bill by Committee on Commerce & Labor. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
HB 2251 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Determining compensation eligibility for educational employees. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

HB 2264 Prime Sponsor, Representative Koster: Eliminating the health care policy board. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

HB 2272 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Transferring enforcement of cigarette and tobacco taxes to the liquor control board. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Kenney; Regala and Tokuda.

Voting Nay: Representatives Doumit, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Kenney, Regala and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

HB 2276 Prime Sponsor, Representative Lisk: Promoting civil legal services for indigent persons. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY Recommendation: The substitute bill by Committee on Law & Justice be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY Recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

HB 2279 Prime Sponsor, Representative Huff: Revising the basic health plan. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp, Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen, Regala and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SSB 5002 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Higher Education: Creating the cross-sector network advisory committee to advise on K-20 educational telecommunications network technical and policy planning. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

April 5, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Higher Education. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Linville and Poulsen.


Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Gombosky, Chopp, Linville and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5056 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Limiting property assessments to permitted land use. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler and Thompson.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESSB 5105 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Tightening requirements for administrative rule making. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use as further amended by Committee on Appropriations.

On page 5, after line 32, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Regala and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SB 5111 Prime Sponsor, Senator Winsley: Requiring the preparation of maps by county assessors for listing of real estate. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt, Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler and Thompson.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SSB 5121 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Waiving or canceling interest or penalties for certain estate tax returns. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt, Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler and Thompson.

Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

2SSB 5127 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Providing additional funding for trauma care services. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 70.168 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall establish by rule a grant program for designated trauma care services. The grants shall be made from the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account and shall require regional matching funds. The trust account funds and regional match will be in a seventy-five to twenty-five percent ratio.

Sec. 2. RCW 70.168.040 and 1990 c 269 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
The emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account is hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys shall be transferred to the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account from the public safety education account or other sources as appropriated, and as
collected under section 3 of this act and RCW 46.61.5054(3) and 46.63.110(6). Disbursements shall be made by the department subject to legislative appropriation. Expenditures may be made only for the purposes of the state trauma care system under this chapter, including emergency medical services, trauma care services, rehabilitative services, and the planning and development of related services under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW to read as follows:
In addition to any other fees, fines, or penalties imposed under this chapter, any person who is convicted, sentenced to a lesser charge, or given deferred prosecution, as a result of an arrest for violating any provision of this chapter other than RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522, shall be assessed a fee of forty-five dollars. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account under RCW 70.168.040. The public safety and education assessment imposed under RCW 3.62.090 does not apply to the fee imposed under this section.

Sec. 4. RCW 46.61.5054 and 1995 c 398 s 15 and 1995 c 332 s 13 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) In addition to penalties set forth in RCW 46.61.5051 through 46.61.5053 until September 1, 1995, and RCW 46.61.5055 thereafter, a one hundred twenty-five dollar fee shall be assessed to a person who is either convicted, sentenced to a lesser charge, or given deferred prosecution, as a result of an arrest for violating RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522. This fee is for the purpose of funding the Washington state toxicology laboratory and the Washington state patrol for grants and activities to increase the conviction rate and decrease the incidence of persons driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
(b) Upon a verified petition by the person assessed the fee, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that the person does not have the ability to pay.
(c) When a minor has been adjudicated a juvenile offender for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522, the court shall assess the one hundred twenty-five dollar fee under (a) of this subsection. Upon a verified petition by a minor assessed the fee, the court may suspend payment of all or part of the fee if it finds that the minor does not have the ability to pay the fee.
(2) The fee assessed under subsection (1) of this section shall be collected by the clerk of the court and distributed as follows:
(a) Forty percent shall be subject to distribution under RCW 3.46.120, 3.50.100, 35.20.220, 3.62.020, 3.62.040, or 10.82.070.
(b) The remainder of the fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer who shall, through June 30, 1997, deposit: Fifty percent in the death investigations’ account to be used solely for funding the state toxicology laboratory blood or breath testing programs; and fifty percent in the state patrol highway account to be used solely for funding activities to increase the conviction rate and decrease the incidence of persons driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs. Effective July 1, 1997, the remainder of the fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer who shall deposit: Fifteen percent in the death investigations’ account to be used solely for funding the state toxicology laboratory blood or breath testing programs; and eighty-five percent in the state patrol highway account to be used solely for funding activities to increase the conviction rate and decrease the incidence of persons driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs.
(3) In addition to the fee imposed under subsection (1) of this section and the penalties imposed under RCW 46.61.5055, a person who is either convicted, sentenced to a lesser charge, or given deferred prosecution, as a result of an arrest for violating RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, 46.61.520, or 46.61.522, shall be assessed a seventy-five dollar fee. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account under RCW 70.168.040. The public safety and education assessment imposed under RCW 3.62.090 does not apply to the fee imposed under this subsection.
(4) Subsections (1) and (2) of this section ((apply)) apply to any offense committed on or after July 1, 1993. Subsection (3) of this section applies to any offense committed after the effective date of this section.

Sec. 5. RCW 46.63.110 and 1993 c 501 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed a monetary penalty. No penalty may exceed two hundred and fifty dollars for each offense unless authorized by this chapter or title.

(2) The supreme court shall prescribe by rule a schedule of monetary penalties for designated traffic infractions. This rule shall also specify the conditions under which local courts may exercise discretion in assessing fines and penalties for traffic infractions. The legislature respectfully requests the supreme court to adjust this schedule every two years for inflation.

(3) There shall be a penalty of twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction except where the infraction relates to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution or failure to pay a monetary penalty imposed pursuant to this chapter. A local legislative body may set a monetary penalty not to exceed twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction relating to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution. The local court, whether a municipal, police, or district court, shall impose the monetary penalty set by the local legislative body.

(4) Monetary penalties provided for in chapter 46.70 RCW which are civil in nature and penalties which may be assessed for violations of chapter 46.44 RCW relating to size, weight, and load of motor vehicles are not subject to the limitation on the amount of monetary penalties which may be imposed pursuant to this chapter.

(5) Whenever a monetary penalty is imposed by a court under this chapter it is immediately payable. If the person is unable to pay at that time the court may, in its discretion, grant an extension of the period in which the penalty may be paid. If the penalty is not paid on or before the time established for payment the court shall notify the department of the failure to pay the penalty, and the department shall suspend the person’s driver’s license or driving privilege until the penalty has been paid and the penalty provided in subsection (3) of this section has been paid.

(6) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed a penalty of twenty dollars. Revenue from this penalty shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account under RCW 70.168.040. The public safety and education assessment imposed under RCW 3.62.090 does not apply to the penalty imposed under this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The legislature finds as follows:
Emergency medical services and trauma care are provided to all residents of the state regardless of a person’s ability to pay. Historically, hospitals and health care providers have been able to recover some of their financial losses incurred in caring for an uninsured or underinsured person by charging persons able to pay more. In recent years, the health care industry has undergone substantial changes. With the advent of managed health care programs and the adoption of new cost control measures, some hospitals and health care providers assert that it is difficult to shift costs for uninsured and underinsured patients onto insured patients.
In 1990 the legislature established a coordinated trauma care system. Part of the 1990 legislation included funding for a study to determine the extent to which trauma care is uncompensated and undercompensated. This study focused exclusively on trauma care. The legislature finds that, as a prerequisite to determining the amount of state aid that may be necessary to assist health care providers and facilities, it is necessary to examine trauma care losses within the context of a health care provider or facility’s total financial operations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The department of health shall conduct a financial study of health care facilities, physicians, and surgeons who provide trauma care.
(1) For health care facilities providing trauma care, the study shall:
(a) Examine costs, charges, actual expenses, and levels of reimbursement associated with all services provided by health care facilities.
(b) Analyze which types of services generate income for health care facilities and which types of services result in an income loss.
(c) Review grants, contributions, and other income received by health care facilities that are not fee-for-service revenues.
(d) Compare and contrast financial statements for health care facilities providing trauma care to
determine if the overall financial condition of such facilities has worsened, improved, or held constant
over the last five years.
(2) For physicians and surgeons providing trauma care, the study shall:
(a) Determine whether total salaries and other compensation paid to physicians and surgeons
providing trauma care has increased, decreased, or held the same over the last five years.
(b) Compare if salary and compensation trends over the last five years differ for physicians and
surgeons providing trauma care from salary and compensation trends for the state's physicians and
surgeons as an entire group.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) To perform this study, the department shall form an advisory
committee. The advisory committee shall include two members of the house of representatives to be
appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and two members of the senate to be appointed
by the president of the senate. The advisory committee may also include members of the emergency
medical services and trauma care steering committee, as well as health care financial experts from the
academic, financial, and medical communities, to be appointed by the department of health.
(2) The department of health shall provide staff for the purpose of the study.
(3) The department of health shall present a final report of the findings of the study to the
committees of the legislature that deal with health and revenue matters by December 31, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Sections 1 through 5 of this act take effect January 1, 1998."
Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice
Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority
Member; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and
Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representative Boldt.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler,
Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.
Voting Nay: Representative Boldt.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997
SSB 5146 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Requiring that the position as the
retired member of the state investment board rotate among retired representatives of the
public employees' retirement system, the law enforcement officers' and fire fighters'
retirement system, and the teachers' retirement system. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Clements,
Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Benson; Carlson; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Linville;
Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt and Sehlin.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Alexander, Vice
Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority
Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Keiser;
Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

Voting Yea: Representatives Huff, Clements, Wensman, Doumit, Benson, Carlson, Crouse,
Dyer, Grant, Linville, Lisk, Mastin, McMorris, Parlette, Poulsen, Regala, D. Schmidt and Sehlin.
Voting Nay: Representatives Alexander, H. Sommers, Gombosky, Chopp, Cody, Cooke,
Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Lambert, Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.
SSB 5157 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Providing tax exemptions for items obtained to replace weather-damaged items. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales of the following:
(a) Labor and services rendered in respect to repairing buildings damaged by a disaster or constructing new buildings to replace buildings destroyed by a disaster, if the buildings are located in a county or Indian nation declared as a federal disaster area eligible for individual assistance during the period September 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997;
(b) Tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of such buildings during the course of repair or construction;
(c) Private automobiles, when replacing a private automobile that was damaged by a disaster occurring during the period November 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and the damaged automobile was registered and licensed under the laws of this state at the time of the disaster.
(2) A person claiming exemption under this section shall present to the department proof showing that he or she has been approved to receive one or more of the following forms of disaster assistance:
(a) Housing assistance grant from the federal emergency management agency to repair a damaged home;
(b) Small business administration loan to repair damages to a residential or commercial building; or
(c) Farm service agency loan to repair damages to farm property.
(3) The department shall verify an applicant’s eligibility and issue a special disaster assistance certificate to qualified persons.
(4) A person claiming this exemption at the time of sale shall:
(a) Provide the seller with a copy of his or her special disaster assistance certificate; and
(b) Display to the seller a valid Washington state driver’s license or other valid identification card that has a photograph of the holder; and
(c) Complete an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The exemption certificate must contain the name, address, and telephone number of the buyer, and a list of items purchased, price of the items, and the date of the purchase.
(5) The seller shall retain a copy of the exemption certificate and the special disaster assistance certificate.
(6) This section expires July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of:
(a) Tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of buildings during the course of repairing buildings to replace buildings destroyed by a disaster, if the buildings are located in a county or Indian nation declared as a federal disaster area eligible for individual assistance during the period November 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997;
(b) A private automobile, if the automobile replaces a private automobile that was damaged by a disaster occurring during the period November 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and the automobile was registered and licensed under the laws of this state at the time of the disaster.
(2) This section expires July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."
Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives Carrell, Vice Chairman; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; and Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member.

Voting Yea: Representatives Carrell, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler and Thompson.
Voting Nay: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken and Dunshee.
Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
center of the roadway for use by traffic not otherwise permitted to use such lanes, or except as permitted under subsection (1)(b) of this section. However, this subsection shall not be construed as prohibiting the crossing of the center line in making a left turn into or from an alley, private road or driveway."

Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representatives Hankins, Mitchell, Constantine, Murray, Scott, Skinner and Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

2SSB 5179 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Correcting inequities in the nursing facility reimbursement system. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 8, line 27, after "74.46.370," strike "and" and insert "((and))"

On page 8, line 27, after "74.46.380" insert ", and section 8 of this act"

On page 8, line 37, after "lower" insert "; except that section 8 of this act shall be applied if the nursing facility meets all of the criteria specified therein"

On page 11, after line 22, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 74.46 RCW to read as follows:
(1)(a) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this chapter, including RCW 74.46.360 and 74.46.410, for nursing facilities meeting the criteria in (b) of this subsection, the allowable cost of real and personal property assets shall be the lower of the actual cost to the purchaser or the amount allowed under the COBRA asset cost increase limitation for nursing facilities pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 447.253 (d)(2); however, if federally permitted, the department shall use the consumer price index for all urban consumers (CPI-U) (United States city average).

(b) Subsection (1)(a) of this section is applicable only to nursing facilities which satisfy all of the following criteria: (i) The original facility and any major renovations or remodeling, exceeding the expenditure minimum established by the department of health pursuant to chapter 70.38 RCW, is at least twenty years old on January 1, 1997; (ii) the facility has a licensed bed capacity of one hundred sixty beds or greater on January 1, 1997; (iii) the facility's licensee voluntarily banked licensed nursing facility beds during 1995 and 1996, pursuant to chapter 70.38 RCW; (iv) the contractor has been the lessee for a period of ten or more consecutive years by January 1, 1997; and (v) the contractor lessee enters into a duly executed purchase agreement with the arm's-length lessor after January 1, 1997, but prior to January 1, 1998."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gomboisky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.
MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Chopp and Regala.

Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Chopp and Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SB 5195 Prime Sponsor, Senator Deccio: Providing for taxation of membership sales in discount programs. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:
(1) For the purposes of this section, "qualifying discount program" means a membership program, club, or plan that entitles the member to discounts on services or products sold by others. The term does not include any discount program which in part or in total entitles the member to discounts on services or products sold by the seller of the membership or an affiliate of the seller of the membership. "Affiliate," for the purposes of this section, means any person who directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the seller.
(2) Persons selling memberships in a qualifying discount program are not subject to tax under this chapter on that portion of the membership sales where the seller delivers the membership materials to the purchaser who receives them at a point outside this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.
Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SSB 5218 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Placing restrictions on postretirement employment. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
On page 15, line 10, strike "twenty days" and insert "one hundred forty hours"

On page 15, line 33, strike "twenty days" and insert "one hundred forty hours"

On page 35, beginning on line 18, after "or after" strike "the effective date of this act" and insert "June 1, 1996"

On page 35, line 21, after "1992" insert "or part III of chapter 519, Laws of 1993"

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Doumit, Benson, Cody, Kessler, Lisk and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESB 5220 Prime Sponsor, Senator Long: Establishing minimum benefits on the Washington state patrol retirement system. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Lambert, Linville, Mastin, McMorris, Parlette, Regala, D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Cody, Kessler and Linville.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

April 3, 1997

SB 5221 Prime Sponsor, Senator Long: Specifying eligibility for survivor benefits. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Lambert, Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin, Sheahan, Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Doumit, Cody, Keiser, Kessler, Lisk and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
SB 5229 Prime Sponsor, Senator Prince: Extending permitted uses of assembly halls and meeting places to maintain property tax exemptions. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 84.36.037 and 1993 c 327 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Real or personal property owned by a nonprofit organization, association, or corporation in connection with the operation of a public assembly hall or meeting place is exempt from taxation. The area exempt under this section includes the building or buildings, the land under the buildings, and an additional area necessary for parking, not exceeding a total of one acre: PROVIDED, That for property essentially unimproved except for restroom facilities and structures on such property which has been used primarily for annual community celebration events for at least ten years, such exempt property shall not exceed twenty-nine acres.
(2) To qualify for this exemption the property must be used exclusively for public gatherings and be available to all organizations or persons desiring to use the property, but the owner may impose conditions and restrictions which are necessary for the safekeeping of the property and promote the purposes of this exemption. Membership shall not be a prerequisite for the use of the property.
(3) The use of the property for pecuniary gain or to promote business activities, except as provided in this section, nullifies the exemption otherwise available for the property for the assessment year. The exemption is not nullified by:
(a) The collection of rent or donations if the amount is reasonable and does not exceed maintenance and operation expenses created by the user.
(b) Fund-raising activities conducted by a nonprofit organization.
(c) The use of the property for pecuniary gain or to promote business activities for periods of not more than (three) seven days in a year.
(d) In a county with a population of less than ten thousand, the use of the property to promote the following business activities: Dance lessons, art classes, or music lessons.
(e) An inadvertent use of the property in a manner inconsistent with the purpose for which exemption is granted, if the inadvertent use is not part of a pattern of use. A pattern of use is presumed when an inadvertent use is repeated in the same assessment year or in two or more successive assessment years.
(4) The department of revenue shall narrowly construe this exemption."

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; and Carrell, Vice Chairman.

Voting Yea: Representatives Mulliken, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler and Thompson.
Voting Nay: Representatives B. Thomas and Carrell.
Excused: Representative Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5230 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Revising current use taxation provisions. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 84.33.120 and 1995 c 330 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In preparing the assessment rolls as of January 1, 1982, for taxes payable in 1983 and each January 1st thereafter, the assessor shall list each parcel of forest land at a value with respect to the grade and class provided in this subsection and adjusted as provided in subsection (2) of this section and shall compute the assessed value of the land by using the same assessment ratio he or she applies generally in computing the assessed value of other property in his or her county. Values for the several grades of bare forest land shall be as follows.

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(2) On or before December 31, 1981, the department shall adjust, by rule under chapter 34.05 RCW, the forest land values contained in subsection (1) of this section in accordance with this subsection, and shall certify these adjusted values to the county assessor for his or her use in preparing
the assessment rolls as of January 1, 1982. For the adjustment to be made on or before December 31, 1981, for use in the 1982 assessment year, the department shall:

(a) Divide the aggregate value of all timber harvested within the state between July 1, 1976, and June 30, 1981, by the aggregate harvest volume for the same period, as determined from the harvester excise tax returns filed with the department under RCW 82.04.291 and 84.33.071; and

(b) Divide the aggregate value of all timber harvested within the state between July 1, 1975, and June 30, 1980, by the aggregate harvest volume for the same period, as determined from the harvester excise tax returns filed with the department under RCW 82.04.291 and 84.33.071; and

(c) Adjust the forest land values contained in subsection (1) of this section by a percentage equal to one-half of the percentage change in the average values of harvested timber reflected by comparing the resultant values calculated under (a) and (b) of this subsection.

For the adjustments to be made on or before December 31, 1982, and each succeeding year thereafter, the same procedure shall be followed as described in this subsection utilizing harvester excise tax returns filed under RCW 82.04.291 and this chapter except that this adjustment shall be made to the prior year’s adjusted value, and the five-year periods for calculating average harvested timber values shall be successively one year more recent.

(3) In preparing the assessment roll for 1972 and each year thereafter, the assessor shall enter as the true and fair value of each parcel of forest land the appropriate grade value certified to him or her by the department of revenue, and he or she shall compute the assessed value of such land by using the same assessment ratio he or she applies generally in computing the assessed value of other property in his or her county. In preparing the assessment roll for 1975 and each year thereafter, the assessor shall assess and value as classified forest land all forest land that is not then designated pursuant to RCW 84.33.120(4) or 84.33.130 and shall make a notation of such classification upon the assessment and tax rolls. On or before January 15 of the first year in which such notation is made, the assessor shall mail notice by certified mail to the owner that such land has been classified as forest land and is subject to the compensating tax imposed by this section. If the owner desires not to have such land assessed and valued as classified forest land, he or she shall give the assessor written notice thereof on or before March 31 of such year and the assessor shall remove from the assessment and tax rolls the classification notation entered pursuant to this subsection, and shall thereafter assess and value such land in the manner provided by law other than this chapter 84.33 RCW.

(4) In any year commencing with 1972, an owner of land which is assessed and valued by the assessor other than pursuant to the procedures set forth in RCW 84.33.110 and this section, and which has, in the immediately preceding year, been assessed and valued by the assessor as forest land, may appeal to the county board of equalization by filing an application with the board in the manner prescribed in subsection (2) of RCW 84.33.130. The county board shall afford the applicant an opportunity to be heard if the application so requests and shall act upon the application in the manner prescribed in subsection (3) of RCW 84.33.130.

(5) Land that has been assessed and valued as classified forest land as of any year commencing with 1975 assessment year or earlier shall continue to be so assessed and valued until removal of classification by the assessor only upon the occurrence of one of the following events:

(a) Receipt of notice from the owner to remove such land from classification as forest land;

(b) Sale or transfer to an ownership making such land exempt from ad valorem taxation;

(c) Determination by the assessor, after giving the owner written notice and an opportunity to be heard, that, because of actions taken by the owner, such land is no longer primarily devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber. However, land shall not be removed from classification if a governmental agency, organization, or other recipient identified in subsection (9) or (10) of this section as exempt from the payment of compensating tax has manifested its intent in writing or by other official action to acquire a property interest in classified forest land by means of a transaction that qualifies for an exemption under subsection (9) or (10) of this section. The governmental agency, organization, or recipient shall annually provide the assessor of the county in which the land is located reasonable evidence in writing of the intent to acquire the classified land as long as the intent continues or within sixty days of a request by the assessor. The assessor may not request this evidence more than once in a calendar year;
(d) Determination that a higher and better use exists for such land than growing and harvesting timber after giving the owner written notice and an opportunity to be heard;

(e) Sale or transfer of all or a portion of such land to a new owner, unless the new owner has signed a notice of forest land classification continuance, except transfer to an owner who is an heir or devisee of a deceased owner, shall not, by itself, result in removal of classification. The signed notice of continuance shall be attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit provided for in RCW 82.45.150. The notice of continuance shall be on a form prepared by the department of revenue. If the notice of continuance is not signed by the new owner and attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit, all compensating taxes calculated pursuant to subsection (7) of this section shall become due and payable by the seller or transferor at time of sale. The county auditor shall not accept an instrument of conveyance of classified forest land for filing or recording unless the new owner has signed the notice of continuance or the compensating tax has been paid. The seller, transferor, or new owner may appeal the new assessed valuation calculated under subsection (7) of this section to the county board of equalization. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the county board of equalization to hear these appeals.

The assessor shall remove classification pursuant to (c) or (d) of this subsection prior to September 30 of the year prior to the assessment year for which termination of classification is to be effective. Removal of classification as forest land upon occurrence of (a), (b), (d), or (e) of this subsection shall apply only to the land affected, and upon occurrence of (c) of this subsection shall apply only to the actual area of land no longer primarily devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber: PROVIDED, That any remaining classified forest land meets necessary definitions of forest land pursuant to RCW 84.33.100 ((as now or hereafter amended)).

(6) Within thirty days after such removal of classification as forest land, the assessor shall notify the owner in writing setting forth the reasons for such removal. The owner of such land shall thereupon have the right to apply for designation of such land as forest land pursuant to subsection (4) of this section or RCW 84.33.130. The seller, transferor, or owner may appeal such removal to the county board of equalization.

(7) Unless the owner successfully applies for designation of such land or unless the removal is reversed on appeal, notation of removal from classification shall immediately be made upon the assessment and tax rolls, and commencing on January 1 of the year following the year in which the assessor made such notation, such land shall be assessed on the same basis as real property is assessed generally in that county. Except as provided in subsection((s)) (5)(e) (((and)) (9), or (10)) of this section and unless the assessor shall not have mailed notice of classification pursuant to subsection (3) of this section, a compensating tax shall be imposed which shall be due and payable to the county treasurer thirty days after the owner is notified of the amount of the compensating tax. As soon as possible, the assessor shall compute the amount of such compensating tax and mail notice to the owner of the amount thereof and the date on which payment is due. The amount of such compensating tax shall be equal to the difference, if any, between the amount of tax last levied on such land as forest land and an amount equal to the new assessed valuation of such land multiplied by the dollar rate of the last levy extended against such land, multiplied by a number, in no event greater than ten, equal to the number of years, commencing with assessment year 1975, for which such land was assessed and valued as forest land.

(8) Compensating tax, together with applicable interest thereon, shall become a lien on such land which shall attach at the time such land is removed from classification as forest land and shall have priority to and shall be fully paid and satisfied before any recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation or responsibility to or with which such land may become charged or liable. Such lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes as provided in RCW 84.64.050. Any compensating tax unpaid on its due date shall thereupon become delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest shall be charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem property taxes.

(9) The compensating tax specified in subsection (7) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of classification as forest land pursuant to subsection (5) of this section resulted solely from:

(a) Transfer to a government entity in exchange for other forest land located within the state of Washington;
(b) A taking through the exercise of the power of eminent domain, or sale or transfer to an
entity having the power of eminent domain in anticipation of the exercise of such power;

(c) A donation of fee title, development rights, or the right to harvest timber, to a government
agency or organization qualified under RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 for the purposes enumerated in
those sections, or the sale or transfer of fee title to a governmental entity or a nonprofit nature
conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130, exclusively for the protection and
conservation of lands recommended for state natural area preserve purposes by the natural heritage
council and natural heritage plan as defined in chapter 79.70 RCW: PROVIDED, That at such time as
the land is not used for the purposes enumerated, the compensating tax specified in subsection (7) of
this section shall be imposed upon the current owner;

(d) The sale or transfer of fee title to the parks and recreation commission for park and
recreation purposes; or

(e) Official action by an agency of the state of Washington or by the county or city within
which the land is located that disallows the present use of such land.

(10) In a county with a population of more than one million inhabitants, the compensating tax
specified in subsection (7) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of classification as forest
land pursuant to subsection (5) of this section resulted solely from:

(a) An action described in subsection (9) of this section; or

(b) A transfer of a property interest to a government entity, or to a nonprofit historic
preservation corporation or nonprofit nature conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130,
to protect or enhance public resources, or to preserve, maintain, improve, restore, limit the future use
of, or otherwise to conserve for public use or enjoyment, the property interest being transferred. At
such time as the property interest is not used for the purposes enumerated, the compensating tax shall
be imposed upon the current owner.

(11) With respect to any land that has been designated prior to May 6, 1974, pursuant to RCW
84.33.120(4) or 84.33.130, the assessor may, prior to January 1, 1975, on his or her own motion or
pursuant to petition by the owner, change, without imposition of the compensating tax provided under
RCW 84.33.140, the status of such designated land to classified forest land.

Sec. 2. RCW 84.33.140 and 1995 c 330 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When land has been designated as forest land pursuant to RCW 84.33.120(4) or 84.33.130,
a notation of such designation shall be made each year upon the assessment and tax rolls, a copy of the
notice of approval together with the legal description or assessor’s tax lot numbers for such land shall,
at the expense of the applicant, be filed by the assessor in the same manner as deeds are recorded, and
such land shall be graded and valued pursuant to RCW 84.33.110 and 84.33.120 until removal of such
designation by the assessor upon occurrence of any of the following:

(a) Receipt of notice from the owner to remove such designation;

(b) Sale or transfer to an ownership making such land exempt from ad valorem taxation;

(c) Sale or transfer of all or a portion of such land to a new owner, unless the new owner has
signed a notice of forest land designation continuance, except transfer to an owner who is an heir or
devisor of a deceased owner, shall not, by itself, result in removal of classification. The signed notice
of continuance shall be attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit provided for in RCW 82.45.150.
The notice of continuance shall be on a form prepared by the department of revenue. If the notice of
continuance is not signed by the new owner and attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit, all
compensating taxes calculated pursuant to subsection (3) of this section shall become due and payable
by the seller or transferor at time of sale. The county auditor shall not accept an instrument of
conveyance of designated forest land for filing or recording unless the new owner has signed the notice of
continuance or the compensating tax has been paid. The seller, transferor, or new owner may appeal
the new assessed valuation calculated under subsection (3) of this section to the county board of
equalization. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the county board of equalization to hear these appeals;

(d) Determination by the assessor, after giving the owner written notice and an opportunity to
be heard, that:

(i) Such land is no longer primarily devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber.
However, land shall not be removed from designation if a governmental agency, organization, or other
recipient identified in subsection (5) or (6) of this section as exempt from the payment of compensating tax has manifested its intent in writing or by other official action to acquire a property interest in designated forest land by means of a transaction that qualifies for an exemption under subsection (5) or (6) of this section. The governmental agency, organization, or recipient shall annually provide the assessor of the county in which the land is located reasonable evidence in writing of the intent to acquire the designated land as long as the intent continues or within sixty days of a request by the assessor. The assessor may not request this evidence more than once in a calendar year;

(ii) The owner has failed to comply with a final administrative or judicial order with respect to a violation of the restocking, forest management, fire protection, insect and disease control and forest debris provisions of Title 76 RCW or any applicable regulations thereunder; or

(iii) Restocking has not occurred to the extent or within the time specified in the application for designation of such land.

Removal of designation upon occurrence of any of (a) through (c) of this subsection shall apply only to the land affected, and upon occurrence of (d) of this subsection shall apply only to the actual area of land no longer primarily devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber, without regard to other land that may have been included in the same application and approval for designation:

PROVIDED, That any remaining designated forest land meets necessary definitions of forest land pursuant to RCW 84.33.100 ((as now or hereafter amended)).

(2) Within thirty days after such removal of designation of forest land, the assessor shall notify the owner in writing, setting forth the reasons for such removal. The seller, transferor, or owner may appeal such removal to the county board of equalization.

(3) Unless the removal is reversed on appeal a copy of the notice of removal with notation of the action, if any, upon appeal, together with the legal description or assessor’s tax lot numbers for the land removed from designation shall, at the expense of the applicant, be filed by the assessor in the same manner as deeds are recorded, and commencing on January 1 of the year following the year in which the assessor mailed such notice, such land shall be assessed on the same basis as real property is assessed generally in that county. Except as provided in subsection (1)(e), (5), or (6) of this section, a compensating tax shall be imposed which shall be due and payable to the county treasurer thirty days after the owner is notified of the amount of the compensating tax. As soon as possible, the assessor shall compute the amount of such compensating tax and mail notice to the owner of the amount thereof and the date on which payment is due. The amount of such compensating tax shall be equal to the difference between the amount of tax last levied on such land as forest land and an amount equal to the new assessed valuation of such land multiplied by the dollar rate of the last levy extended against such land, multiplied by a number, in no event greater than ten, equal to the number of years for which such land was designated as forest land.

(4) Compensating tax, together with applicable interest thereon, shall become a lien on such land which shall attach at the time such land is removed from designation as forest land and shall have priority to and shall be fully paid and satisfied before any recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation or responsibility to or with which such land may become charged or liable. Such lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the same period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes as provided in RCW 84.64.050. Any compensating tax unpaid on its due date shall thereupon become delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest shall be charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem property taxes.

(5) The compensating tax specified in subsection (3) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of designation pursuant to subsection (1) of this section resulted solely from:

(a) Transfer to a government entity in exchange for other forest land located within the state of Washington;

(b) A taking through the exercise of the power of eminent domain, or sale or transfer to an entity having the power of eminent domain in anticipation of the exercise of such power;

(c) A donation of fee title, development rights, or the right to harvest timber, to a government agency or organization qualified under RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 for the purposes enumerated in those sections, or the sale or transfer of fee title to a governmental entity or a nonprofit nature conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130, exclusively for the protection and
conservation of lands recommended for state natural area preserve purposes by the natural heritage council and natural heritage plan as defined in chapter 79.70 RCW: PROVIDED, That at such time as the land is not used for the purposes enumerated, the compensating tax specified in subsection (3) of this section shall be imposed upon the current owner;

(d) The sale or transfer of fee title to the parks and recreation commission for park and recreation purposes; or

(e) Official action by an agency of the state of Washington or by the county or city within which the land is located that disallows the present use of such land.

(6) In a county with a population of more than one million inhabitants, the compensating tax specified in subsection (3) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of classification as forest land pursuant to subsection (1) of this section resulted solely from:

(a) An action described in subsection (5) of this section; or

(b) A transfer of a property interest to a government entity, or to a nonprofit historic preservation corporation or nonprofit nature conservancy corporation, as defined in RCW 64.04.130, to protect or enhance public resources, or to preserve, maintain, improve, restore, limit the future use of, or otherwise to conserve for public use or enjoyment, the property interest being transferred. At such time as the property interest is not used for the purposes enumerated, the compensating tax shall be imposed upon the current owner.

Sec. 3. RCW 84.33.145 and 1992 c 69 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If no later than thirty days after removal of classification or designation the owner applies for classification under RCW 84.34.020 (1), (2), or (3), then the classified or designated forest land shall not be considered removed from classification or designation for purposes of the compensating tax under RCW 84.33.120 or 84.33.140 until the application for current use classification under RCW 84.34.030 is denied or the property is removed from designation under RCW 84.34.108. Upon removal from designation under RCW 84.34.108, the amount of compensating tax due under this chapter shall be equal to:

(a) The difference, if any, between the amount of tax last levied on such land as forest land and an amount equal to the new assessed valuation of such land when removed from designation under RCW 84.34.108 multiplied by the dollar rate of the last levy extended against such land, multiplied by

(b) A number equal to:

(i) The number of years the land was classified or designated under this chapter, if the total number of years the land was classified or designated under this chapter and classified under chapter 84.34 RCW is less than ten; or

(ii) Ten minus the number of years the land was classified under chapter 84.34 RCW, if the total number of years the land was classified or designated under this chapter and classified under chapter 84.34 RCW is at least ten.

(2) Nothing in this section authorizes the continued classification or designation under this chapter or defers or reduces the compensating tax imposed upon forest land not transferred to classification under subsection (1) of this section which does not meet the necessary definitions of forest land under RCW 84.33.100. Nothing in this section affects the additional tax imposed under RCW 84.34.108.

(3) In a county with a population of more than one million inhabitants, no amount of compensating tax is due under this section if the removal from classification under RCW 84.34.108 results from a transfer of property described in RCW 84.34.108(5).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority
Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5290  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Providing that the liquor control board construction and maintenance account retain its earnings. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5327  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Nat Res/Park: Creating a habitat incentive program through the department of fish and wildlife. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Natural Resources. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5334  Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Crediting certain insurance premium taxes. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"Sec. 1. RCW 48.32.145 and 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 901 are each amended to read as follows:

Every member insurer that prior to April 1, 1993, or after the effective date of this section, shall have paid one or more assessments levied pursuant to RCW 48.32.060(1)(c) shall be entitled to take a credit against any premium tax falling due under RCW 48.14.020. The amount of the credit shall be one-fifth of the aggregate amount of such aggregate assessments paid during such calendar year for each of the five consecutive calendar years beginning with the calendar year following the calendar year in which such assessments are paid. Whenever the allowable credit is or becomes less than one thousand dollars, the entire amount of the credit may be offset against the premium tax at the next time the premium tax is paid.

(This section shall expire January 1, 1999.)

Sec. 2. RCW 48.32A.090 and 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 902 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The association shall issue to each insurer paying an assessment under this chapter certificates of contribution, in appropriate form and terms as prescribed or approved by the commissioner, for the amounts so paid into the respective funds. All outstanding certificates against a particular fund shall be of equal dignity and priority without reference to amounts or dates of issue.

(2) An outstanding certificate of contribution issued for an assessment paid prior to April 1, 1993, or issued for an assessment paid for an insolvent insurer for which the order of liquidation was entered after the effective date of this section, shall be shown by the insurer in its financial statements as an admitted asset for such amount and period of time as the commissioner may approve. Unless a longer period has been allowed by the commissioner the insurer shall in any event have the right to so show a certificate of contribution as an admitted asset at percentages of original face amount for calendar years as follows:

100% for the calendar year of issuance;
80% for the first calendar year after the year of issuance;
60% for the second calendar year after the year of issuance;
40% for the third calendar year after the year of issuance;
20% for the fourth calendar year after the year of issuance; and
0% for the fifth and subsequent calendar years after the year of issuance.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the value of a certificate of contribution is or becomes less than one thousand dollars, the entire amount may be written off by the insurer in that year.

(3) The insurer shall offset the amount written off by it in a calendar year under subsection (2) of this section against its premium tax liability to this state accrued with respect to business transacted in such year.

(4) Any sums recovered by the association representing sums which have theretofore been written off by contributing insurers and offset against premium taxes as provided in subsection (3) of this section, shall be paid by the association to the commissioner and then deposited with the state treasurer for credit to the general fund of the state of Washington.

(5) No distribution to stockholders, if any, of a liquidating insurer shall be made unless and until the total amount of assessments levied by the association with respect to such insurer have been fully recovered by the association."

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Conway; Kastama and Mason.
Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.
Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler, Conway, Kastama and Mason.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SSB 5341 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Revising authority of the Washington economic development authority to finance projects. Reported by Committee on Capital Budget

MAJORITY Recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Trade and Economic Development. Signed by Representatives Honeyford, Vice Chairman; Ogden, Ranking Minority Member; Costa; Koster; Lantz; Mitchell and D. Sommers.

Voting Yea: Representatives Honeyford, Ogden, Costa, Koster, Lantz, Mitchell and D. Sommers

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SSB 5359 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Clarifying the exemption from sales and use taxation of the materials used by small companies in the design and development of aircraft parts, auxiliary equipment, and aircraft modification. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 82.08.02566 and 1996 c 247 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales of materials used in designing and developing aircraft parts, auxiliary equipment, and aircraft modification whether from enterprise funds or on a contract or fee basis for a taxpayer with gross sales of less than twenty million dollars per year. This exemption may not exceed one hundred thousand dollars for a taxpayer in a year; tangible personal property incorporated into a prototype for aircraft parts, auxiliary equipment, or modifications; or to sales of tangible personal property that at one time is incorporated into the prototype but is later destroyed in the testing or development of the prototype.

(2) This exemption does not apply to sales to any person whose total taxable amount during the immediately preceding calendar year exceeds twenty million dollars. For purposes of this section, "total taxable amount" means gross income of the business and value of products manufactured, less any amounts for which a credit is allowed under RCW 82.04.440.

(3) State and local taxes for which an exemption is received under this section and RCW 82.12.02566 shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars for any person during any calendar year.

Sec. 2. RCW 82.12.02566 and 1996 c 247 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply with respect to the use of materials used in designing and developing aircraft parts, auxiliary equipment, and aircraft modification whether from enterprise funds or on a contract or fee basis for a taxpayer with gross sales of less than twenty million dollars per year. This exemption may not exceed one hundred thousand dollars for a taxpayer in a year; tangible personal property incorporated into a prototype for aircraft parts, auxiliary equipment, or modifications; or in respect to the use of tangible personal property that at one time is incorporated into the prototype but is later destroyed in the testing or development of the prototype."
(2) This exemption does not apply in respect to the use of tangible personal property by any person whose total taxable amount during the immediately preceding calendar year exceeds twenty million dollars. For purposes of this section, "total taxable amount" means gross income of the business and value of products manufactured, less any amounts for which a credit is allowed under RCW 82.04.440.

(3) State and local taxes for which an exemption is received under this section and RCW 82.08.02566 shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars for any person during any calendar year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Correct the title accordingly.

Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Nay: Representative Mulliken.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SB 5383 Prime Sponsor, Senator Winsley: Facilitating the collection of sales tax on manufactured housing. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Thompson and Van Luven.

Excused: Representative Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SSB 5394 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Regarding school audits. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Doumit, Cody, Kessler, Lisk and Poulsen.
Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5395 Prime Sponsor, Senator West: Changing the formula for determining average salaries for certificated instructional staff. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kenney; Lambert; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Carlson; Keiser; Linville and Regala.


Voting Nay: Representatives Carlson, Chopp, Keiser, Kenney, Linville, Regala and Tokuda.

Excused: Representatives Doumit, Cody, Kessler, Lisk and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SB 5434 Prime Sponsor, Senator Stevens: Providing for designation of mineral resource lands. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Government Reform & Land Use. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Chopp; Cody; Keiser; Linville and Poulsen.


Voting Nay: Representatives Keiser, Linville and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

SB 5448 Prime Sponsor, Senator Deccio: Merging the health professions account and the medical disciplinary account. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers; Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.
Excused: Representatives Doumit, Cody, Kessler, Lisk and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SB 5452 Prime Sponsor, Senator Hale: Exempting nonprofit cancer centers from property tax.
Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Thompson and Van Luven.
Excused: Representative Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SSB 5470 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Doubling penalties for passing school buses.
Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Wood and Zellinsky.

Excused: Representatives Mitchell, Skinner and Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SSB 5472 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Creating the caseload forecast council.
Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representative Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SSB 5505 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Directing agencies to assist growers in securing safe and reliable water sources. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Appropriations and without amendment by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that there is a need for development of additional water resources to meet the forecasted population growth in the state. It is the intent of chapter . . . . Laws of 1997 (this act) to direct the responsible agencies to assist applicants seeking a safe and reliable water source for their use. Providing this assistance for public water supply systems can be accomplished through assistance in the creation of municipal interties and transfers, additional storage capabilities, enhanced conservation efforts, and added efficiency standards for using existing supplies.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.21A.064 and 1995 c 8 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Subject to RCW 43.21A.068, the director of the department of ecology shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) The supervision of public waters within the state and their appropriation, diversion, and use, and of the various officers connected therewith;

(2) Insofar as may be necessary to assure safety to life or property, (the director) shall inspect the construction of all dams, canals, ditches, irrigation systems, hydraulic power plants, and all other works, systems, and plants pertaining to the use of water, and (he) may require such necessary changes in the construction or maintenance of said works, to be made from time to time, as will reasonably secure safety to life and property;

(3) (The director) shall regulate and control the diversion of water in accordance with the rights thereto;

(4) (The director) shall determine the discharge of streams and springs and other sources of water supply, and the capacities of lakes and of reservoirs whose waters are being or may be utilized for beneficial purposes;

(5) (The director) shall, if requested, provide assistance to an applicant for a water right in obtaining or developing an adequate and appropriate supply of water consistent with the land use permitted for the area in which the water is to be used and the population forecast for the area under RCW 43.62.035. If the applicant is a public water supply system, the supply being sought must be used in a manner consistent with applicable land use, watershed and water system plans, and the population forecast for that area provided under RCW 43.62.035;

(6) The director shall keep such records as may be necessary for the recording of the financial transactions and statistical data thereof, and shall procure all necessary documents, forms, and blanks. (The director) shall keep a seal of the office, and all certificates (by him) covering any of (his) acts or the acts of (his) office, or the records of (his) office, under such seal, shall be taken as evidence thereof in all courts;
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representative Regala.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SSB 5508 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Enacting the third grade reading accountability act. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that it is essential for children in the public schools to read well early in elementary school. The legislature further finds that clear and visible goals, assessments to determine the reading level at each building, measurements of annual building improvement, and creating accountability in the educational system will result in a significant increase in the reading ability of children.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act may be known and cited as the primary grades reading accountability act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) By November 1, 1997, the commission on student learning, in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction, shall make recommendations to the legislature, governor, and state board of education regarding a state-wide accountability system for reading in the elementary grades. The accountability system must assess each school individually against its own baseline, schools with similar characteristics, and schools state-wide. In preparing its recommendations, the commission shall consult with school district officials and school district board members who have established reading goals, incentives, and accountability programs. The
commission also shall consult with legislators, parents, classroom teachers, principals, and other educators.

(2) In developing the recommendations, the commission shall consider:
   (a) The establishment of a state-wide reading goal or goals;
   (b) The establishment of a financial incentive program for schools that meet or exceed their reading goals;
   (c) The establishment of a program for technical assistance, and when appropriate, intervention, for schools that persistently do not meet their goals;
   (d) The development of a process to evaluate principals' effectiveness in providing leadership in reaching the fourth grade reading goal;
   (e) The reporting of annual state-wide progress that includes information on reading achievement by school building, school district, and state-wide; and
   (f) Whether other accountability reports, actions, or programs should be developed.

(3) Recommendations pertaining to state-wide goals, financial incentives, and intervention shall be based on the reading test scores of students taking the state-wide elementary grade assessment in RCW 28A.630.885.

Sec. 4. RCW 28A.230.190 and 1990 c 101 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every school district is encouraged to test pupils in grade two by an assessment device designed or selected by the school district. This test shall be used to help teachers in identifying those pupils in need of assistance in the skills of reading, writing, mathematics, and language arts. The test results are not to be compiled by the superintendent of public instruction, but are only to be used by the local school district.

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall prepare and conduct, with the assistance of school districts, a standardized norm-referenced achievement test to be given annually beginning in the 1997-98 school year to all pupils in grade three. The test shall assess students' skill in reading and mathematics and shall focus upon appropriate input variables. Results of the test shall be compiled by the superintendent of public instruction, who shall make those results available annually to the legislature and to all local school districts. School districts shall make results available to parents of those children tested. The results shall allow parents to ascertain the achievement levels and input variables of their children as compared with the other students within the district, the state and, if applicable, the nation.

(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall report annually to the legislature on the achievement levels of students in grade three as measured by the norm-referenced standardized achievement test.

Sec. 5. RCW 28A.320.205 and 1993 c 336 s 1006 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Beginning with the 1994-95 school year, to provide the local community and electorate with access to information on the educational programs in the schools in the district, each school shall publish annually a school performance report and deliver the report to each parent with children enrolled in the school and make the report available to the community served by the school. The annual performance report shall be in a form that can be easily understood and be used by parents, guardians, and other members of the community who are not professional educators to make informed educational decisions. As data from the assessments in RCW 28A.630.885 becomes available, the annual performance report should enable parents, educators, and school board members to determine whether students in the district’s schools are attaining mastery of the student learning goals under RCW 28A.150.210, and other important facts about the schools’ performance in assisting students to learn. The annual report shall make comparisons to a school’s performance in preceding years and shall project goals in performance categories.

(2) The annual performance report shall include, but not be limited to: A brief statement of the mission of the school and the school district; enrollment statistics including student demographics; expenditures per pupil for the school year; a summary of student scores on all mandated tests; a concise annual budget report; student attendance, graduation, and dropout rates; information regarding the use and condition of the school building or buildings; a brief description of the restructuring plan
for the school; and an invitation to all parents and citizens to participate in school activities. In addition to the annual performance report, each school shall annually present a summary of student scores on all state-mandated tests at an open meeting of the district’s board of directors. The report shall include comparisons to the school’s performance in preceding years.

(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop by June 30, 1994, a model report form, which shall also be adapted for computers, that schools may use to meet the requirements of subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member.


Voting Nay: Representatives Doumit and Gombosky.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

ESSB 5574 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Government Operations: Instituting property tax reform.

Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Boldt; Conway; Kastama; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Mason and Morris.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Boldt, Conway, Kastama, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler, Mason and Morris.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

April 5, 1997
ESB 5590 Prime Sponsor, Senator Newhouse: Funding a biosolids management program. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SB 5637 Prime Sponsor, Senator Haugen: Removing residency requirements for county road engineers. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Wood and Zellinsky.


Voting Nay: Representative DeBolt.

Excused: Representatives Skinner and Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SSB 5668 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance and Housing: Allowing the department of health to adopt a temporary worker housing code. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Appropriations and without amendment by Committee on Trade & Economic Development.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the shortage of temporary worker housing is due in part to inappropriate construction requirements for temporary worker shelter and related facilities. It is the intent of the legislature that temporary worker housing developers, including employers, be provided with a regulatory framework that allows shelter to be provided that meets the basic dignity, comfort, common decency, health, and safety needs of workers. It is the intent of chapter
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 19.27 RCW to read as follows:

Temporary worker housing shall be constructed, altered, or repaired as provided in chapter 70.114A RCW. The construction, alteration, or repair of temporary worker housing is not subject to the codes adopted under RCW 19.27.031, except as provided in any code adopted under chapter 70.114A RCW. For the purposes of this section "temporary worker housing" means a shelter, place, area, or piece of land where sleeping places or housing sites are provided by an employer for his or her employees for temporary seasonal occupancy, not to exceed six months in a twelve-month period, at the employees' worksite, and includes labor camps under RCW 70.54.110. The term "temporary worker housing" includes tents and tent platforms approved by the department of health.

Sec. 3. RCW 70.114A.080 and 1995 c 220 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The code shall provide construction standards for shelter and associated facilities that are safe, secure, and capable of withstanding the stresses and loads associated with their designated use, and to which they are likely to be subjected by the elements.

(2) The code shall permit and facilitate designs and formats that allow for maximum affordability, consistent with the provision of decent, safe, and sanitary housing.

(3) In developing the code the council shall consider: (a) The need for dormitory type housing for groups of unrelated individuals; and (b) the need for housing to accommodate families.

(4) The code shall include construction standards for a variety of formats, including, but not limited to: (a) Tents and tent platforms; (b) straw bale exterior wall structures; and (c) hard-shell, single exterior wall structures.

(5) The code shall include standards for temporary worker housing that is to be used only during periods when no auxiliary heat is required.

In adopting the temporary worker building code, it is the intent of the legislature that the building code council make exceptions to the codes listed in RCW 19.27.031, and chapter 19.27A RCW, in keeping with the guidelines set forth in this section.

The building code council shall appoint a technical advisory committee to assist in the development of the temporary worker housing code, which shall include representatives of industries that most frequently supply temporary housing to their employees. It is also the intent of the legislature that the state building code council take into consideration the guidelines developed by the technical advisory committee for the development of the initial temporary worker building code adopted by the state building code council under section 8, chapter 220, Laws of 1995, and presented to the legislature on December 1, 1996. The state building code council shall consider additional input from all interested parties, including seasonal agricultural workers, before adopting the temporary worker building code under this section.

The temporary worker building code authorized and required by this section shall be enforced by the department.

Sec. 4. RCW 43.70.340 and 1990 c 253 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The farmworker housing inspection fund is established in the custody of the state treasury. The department of health shall deposit all funds received under subsection (2) of this section and from the legislature to administer a labor camp inspection program conducted by the department of health. Disbursement from the fund shall be on authorization of the secretary of health or the secretary's
designee. The fund is subject to the allotment procedure provided under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no
appropriation is required for disbursements.

(2) There is imposed a fee on each operating license issued by the department of health to
every operator of a labor camp that is regulated by the state board of health. The fee paid under this
subsection shall include all necessary inspection of the units to ensure compliance with applicable state
board of health rules on labor camps.

(a) Fifty dollars shall be charged for each labor camp containing six or less units.
(b) Seventy-five dollars shall be charged for each labor camp containing more than six units.
(3) The term of the operating license and the application procedures shall be established, by
rule, by the department of health.
(4) The department of health shall establish a building permit fee schedule for temporary
worker housing subject to chapter 70.114A RCW. The department of health shall develop rules to
establish a fee schedule sufficient to cover the cost of all necessary plan reviews and on-site
construction inspections of the temporary worker housing to ensure compliance with the codes
developed under RCW 70.114A.080."

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice
Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit,
Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant;
Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt;
Sehlin; Sheahan and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Gombosky, Assistant
Ranking Minority Member; Chopp; Keiser; Kenney and Tokuda.

Voting Yea: Representatives Huff, Alexander, Clements, Wensman, H. Sommers, Doumit,
Benson, Carlson, Cody, Cooke, Crouse, Dyer, Grant, Kessler, Lambert, Linville, Lisk, Mastin,
McMorris, Parlette, Poulsen, Regala, D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Sheahan and Talcott.
Voting Nay: Representatives Gombosky, Chopp, Keiser, Kenney and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SB 5669 Prime Sponsor, Senator Morton: Revising the collection of the metals mining and milling fee.
Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman;
Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member;
Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris;
Thompson and Van Luven.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Boldt; Pennington and
Schoesler.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Butler,
Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Thompson and Van Luven.
Voting Nay: Representatives Boldt, Pennington and Schoesler.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SSB 5715 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Health & Long-Term Care: Licensing orthotists and
prosthetists. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Health Care. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representative Mastin.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

SSB 5727 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Transportation: Requiring rearview mirrors on certain delivery trucks. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page On page 1, strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The Washington state patrol, in consultation with the Washington traffic safety commission, shall conduct an analysis of the most effective safety devices for preventing accidents while delivery trucks are operating in reverse gear. The analysis shall focus on trucks equipped with a cube-style, walk-in cargo box up to eighteen feet long that are most commonly used in the commercial delivery of goods and services.

(2) The state patrol shall give specific consideration to the use of rear cross-view type mirrors that can be mounted at the top left rear corner of the truck's cargo box. The state patrol may incorporate research and analysis currently being conducted by the national highway traffic safety administration.

(3) Upon completion of the analysis, the state patrol shall forward its recommendations to the legislative transportation committee."

Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Wood and Zellinsky.


Excused: Representative Sterk.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SB 5736 Prime Sponsor, Senator Roach: Increasing county burial costs for indigent deceased veterans. Reported by Committee on Appropriations
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

On page 1, line 18, strike "((more))" and insert "more than the limit established by the county legislative authority nor"

On page 2, line 2, strike "((to exceed))" and insert "to exceed the limit established by the county legislative authority nor"

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Voting Nay: Representative Lambert.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

ESSB 5759 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Human Services & Corrections: Changing sex offender risk level classification and public notification procedures. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 4.24.550 and 1996 c 215 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Public agencies are authorized to release ((relevant and necessary)) information to the public regarding sex offenders ((to the public when the release of the information is necessary for public protection)) when the agency determines that disclosure of the information is relevant and necessary to protect the public and counteract the danger created by the particular offender. This authorization applies to information regarding: (a) Any person adjudicated or convicted of a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030; (b) any person under the jurisdiction of the indeterminate sentence review board as the result of a sex offense; (c) any person committed as a sexually violent predator under chapter 71.09 RCW or as a sexual psychopath under chapter 71.06 RCW; (d) any person found not guilty of a sex offense by reason of insanity under chapter 10.77 RCW; and (e) any person found incompetent to stand trial for a sex offense and subsequently committed under chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW.

(2) The extent of the public disclosure of relevant and necessary information shall be rationally related to: (a) The level of risk posed by the offender to the community; (b) the locations where the offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found; and (c) the needs of the affected community members for information to enhance their individual and collective safety.

(3) Local law enforcement agencies shall consider the following guidelines in determining the extent of a public disclosure made under this section: (a) For offenders classified as risk level I, the agency shall share information with other appropriate law enforcement agencies and may disclose, upon request, relevant, necessary, and accurate information to any victim or witness to the offense and
to any individual community member who lives near the residence where the offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found; (b) for offenders classified as risk level II, the agency may also disclose relevant, necessary, and accurate information to public and private schools, child day care centers, family day care providers, businesses and organizations that serve primarily children, women, or vulnerable adults, and neighbors and community groups near the residence where the offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found; and (c) for offenders classified as risk level III, the agency may also disclose relevant, necessary, and accurate information to the public at large.

(4) Local law enforcement agencies (and officials who decide to release) that disseminate information pursuant to this section shall: (a) Review available risk level classifications made by the department of corrections, the department of social and health services, and the indeterminate sentence review board; (b) assign risk level classifications to all sex offenders about whom information will be disseminated; and (c) make a good faith effort to notify the public and residents at least fourteen days before the sex offender is released from confinement or, where an offender moves from another jurisdiction, as soon as possible after the agency learns of the offender’s move, except that in no case may this notification provision be construed to require an extension of an offender’s release date. (If a change occurs in the release plan, this notification provision will not require an extension of the release date. The department of corrections and the department of social and health services shall provide local law enforcement officials with all relevant information on sex offenders about to be released or placed into the community in a timely manner. When a sex offender under county jurisdiction will be released from jail and will reside in a county other than the county of incarceration, the chief law enforcement officer of the jail, or his or her designee, shall notify the sheriff in the county where the offender will reside of the offender’s release as provided in RCW 70.48.470.

(3)) (5) An appointed or elected public official, public employee, or public agency as defined in RCW 4.24.470 is immune from civil liability for damages for any discretionary (decision to release) risk level classification decisions (and the) or release of relevant and necessary information, unless it is shown that the official, employee, or agency acted with gross negligence or in bad faith. The (authorization and) immunity in this section applies to risk level classification decisions and the release of relevant and necessary information regarding((: (a) A person convicted of, or juvenile found to have committed, a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030; (b) a person found not guilty of a sex offense by reason of insanity under chapter 10.77 RCW; (c) a person found incompetent to stand trial for a sex offense and subsequently committed under chapter 71.05 or 71.34 RCW; (d) a person committed as a sexual psychopath under chapter 71.06 RCW; or (e) a person committed as a sexually violent predator under chapter 71.09 RCW)) any individual for whom disclosure is authorized. The decision of a local law enforcement agency or official to classify a sex offender to a risk level other than the one assigned by the department of corrections, the department of social and health services, or the indeterminate sentence review board, or the release of any relevant and necessary information based on that different classification shall not, by itself, be considered gross negligence or bad faith. The immunity provided under this section applies to the release of relevant and necessary information to other public officials, public employees ((or officials)), or public agencies, and to the general public.

(4)) (6) Except as otherwise provided by law, nothing in this section shall impose any liability upon a public official, public employee, or public agency for failing to release information ((as provided in subsection (2) and (3) of)) authorized under this section.

(4)) (7) Nothing in this section implies that information regarding persons designated in subsection((s) (2) and (3))) (1) of this section is confidential except as otherwise provided by law.

(8) When a local law enforcement agency or official classifies a sex offender differently than the offender is classified by the department of corrections, the department of social and health services, or the indeterminate sentence review board, the law enforcement agency or official shall notify the appropriate department or the board and submit its reasons supporting the change in classification.

Sec. 2. RCW 13.40.217 and 1990 c 3 s 102 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to any other information required to be released under this chapter, the department is authorized, pursuant to RCW 4.24.550, to release relevant information that is necessary to protect the public concerning juveniles adjudicated of sex offenses.
In order for public agencies to have the information necessary for notifying the public about sex offenders as authorized in RCW 4.24.550, the secretary shall issue to appropriate law enforcement agencies narrative notices regarding the pending release of sex offenders from the department’s juvenile rehabilitation facilities. The narrative notices shall, at a minimum, describe the identity and criminal history behavior of the offender and shall include the department’s risk level classification for the offender. For sex offenders classified as either risk level II or III, the narrative notices shall also include the reasons underlying the classification.

For the purposes of this section, the department shall classify as risk level I those offenders whose risk assessments indicate a low risk of reoffense within the community at large. The department shall classify as risk level II those offenders whose risk assessments indicate a moderate risk of reoffense within the community at large. The department shall classify as risk level III those offenders whose risk assessments indicate a high risk of reoffense within the community at large.

Sec. 3. RCW 70.48.470 and 1996 c 215 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person having charge of a jail shall notify in writing any confined person who is in the custody of the jail for a conviction of a (sexual) sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 of the registration requirements of RCW 9A.44.130 at the time of the inmate’s release from confinement, and shall obtain written acknowledgment of such notification. The person shall also obtain from the inmate the county of the inmate’s residence upon release from jail and, where applicable, the city.

(2) (If an inmate convicted of a sexual offense will reside in a county other than the county of incarceration upon release, the chief law enforcement officer, or his or her designee, shall notify the sheriff of the county where the inmate will reside of the inmate’s impending release. Notice shall be provided at least fourteen days prior to the inmate’s release, or if the release date is not known at least fourteen days prior to release, notice shall be provided not later than the day after the inmate’s release.) When a sex offender under local government jurisdiction will reside in a county other than the county of conviction upon discharge or release, the chief law enforcement officer of the jail or his or her designee shall give notice of the inmate’s discharge or release to the sheriff of the county and, where applicable, to the police chief of the city where the offender will reside.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 72.09 RCW to read as follows:

(1) In addition to any other information required to be released under this chapter, the department is authorized, pursuant to RCW 4.24.550, to release relevant information that is necessary to protect the public concerning offenders convicted of sex offenses.

(2) In order for public agencies to have the information necessary to notify the public as authorized in RCW 4.24.550, the secretary shall establish and administer an end-of-sentence review committee for the purposes of assigning risk levels, reviewing available release plans, and making appropriate referrals for sex offenders. The committee shall assess, on a case-by-case basis, the public risk posed by sex offenders who are: (a) Preparing for their release from confinement for sex offenses committed on or after July 1, 1984; and (b) accepted from another state under a reciprocal agreement under the interstate compact authorized in chapter 72.74 RCW.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the committee shall have access to all relevant records and information in the possession of public agencies relating to the offenders under review, including police reports; prosecutors’ statements of probable cause; presentence investigations and reports; complete judgments and sentences; current classification referrals; criminal history summaries; violation and disciplinary reports; all psychological evaluations and psychiatric hospital reports; sex offender treatment program reports; and juvenile records. Records and information obtained under this subsection shall not be disclosed outside the committee unless otherwise authorized by law.

(4) The committee shall review each sex offender under its authority before the offender’s release from confinement or start of the offender’s term of community placement or community custody in order to: (a) Classify the offender into a risk level for the purposes of public notification under RCW 4.24.550; (b) where available, review the offender’s proposed release plan in accordance with the requirements of RCW 72.09.340; and (c) make appropriate referrals.

(5) The committee shall classify as risk level I those sex offenders whose risk assessments indicate a low risk of reoffense within the community at large. The committee shall classify as risk...
level II those offenders whose risk assessments indicate a moderate risk of reoffense within the community at large. The committee shall classify as risk level III those offenders whose risk assessments indicate a high risk of reoffense within the community at large.

(6) The committee shall issue to appropriate law enforcement agencies, for their use in making public notifications under RCW 4.24.550, narrative notices regarding the pending release of sex offenders from the department’s facilities. The narrative notices shall, at a minimum, describe the identity and criminal history behavior of the offender and shall include the department’s risk level classification for the offender. For sex offenders classified as either risk level II or III, the narrative notices shall also include the reasons underlying the classification.

Sec. 5. RCW 9.95.145 and 1990 c 3 s 127 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to any other information required to be released under this chapter, the indeterminate sentence review board may, pursuant to RCW 4.24.550, release information concerning inmates under the jurisdiction of the indeterminate sentence review board who are convicted of sex offenses as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(2) In order for public agencies to have the information necessary for notifying the public about sex offenders as authorized in RCW 4.24.550, the board shall issue to appropriate law enforcement agencies narrative notices regarding the pending release from confinement of sex offenders under the board’s jurisdiction. The narrative notices shall, at a minimum, describe the identity and criminal history behavior of the offender. For sex offenders being discharged from custody on serving the maximum punishment provided by law or fixed by the court, the narrative notices shall also include the board’s risk level classification for the offender and the reasons underlying the classification.

(3) For the purposes of this section, the board shall classify as risk level I those offenders whose risk assessments indicate a low risk of reoffense within the community at large. The board shall classify as risk level II those offenders whose risk assessments indicate a moderate risk of reoffense within the community at large. The board shall classify as risk level III those offenders whose risk assessments indicate a high risk of reoffense within the community at large.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) By December 1, 1997, the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs shall develop a model policy for law enforcement agencies to follow when they disclose information about sex offenders to the public under RCW 4.24.550. The model policy shall be designed to further the objectives of providing adequate notice to the community concerning sex offenders who are or will be residing in the community and of assisting community members in developing constructive plans to prepare themselves and their children for residing near released sex offenders.

(2) In developing the policy, the association shall consult with representatives of the following agencies and professions: (a) The department of corrections; (b) the department of social and health services; (c) the indeterminate sentence review board; (d) the Washington state council of police officers; (e) local correctional agencies; (f) the Washington association of prosecuting attorneys; (g) the Washington public defender association; (h) the Washington association for the treatment of sexual abusers; and (i) victim advocates.

(3) The model policy shall, at a minimum, include recommendations to address the following issues: (a) Procedures for local agencies or officials to accomplish the notifications required under RCW 4.24.550(8); (b) contents and form of community notification documents, including procedures for ensuring the accuracy of factual information contained in the notification documents, and ways of protecting the privacy of victims of the offenders’ crimes; (c) methods of distributing community notification documents; (d) methods of providing follow-up notifications to community residents at specified intervals and of disclosing information about offenders to law enforcement agencies in other jurisdictions if necessary to protect the public; (e) methods of educating community residents at public meetings on how they can use the information in the notification document in a reasonable manner to enhance their individual and collective safety; (f) procedures for educating community members regarding the right of sex offenders not to be the subject of harassment or criminal acts as a result of the notification process; and (g) other matters the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs deems necessary to ensure the effective and fair administration of RCW 4.24.550.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) The department of corrections, the department of social and health services, and the indeterminate sentence review board shall jointly develop, by September 1, 1997, a consistent approach to risk assessment for the purposes of implementing this act, including consistent standards for classifying sex offenders into risk levels I, II, and III.

(2) The department of social and health services, the department of corrections, and the indeterminate sentence review board shall each prepare and deliver to the legislature, by December 1, 1998, a report indicating the number of sex offenders released after the effective date of this section and classified in each level of risk category. The reports shall also include information on the number, jurisdictions, and circumstances where the risk level classification made by a local law enforcement agency or official for specific sex offenders differed from the risk level classification made by the department or the indeterminate sentence review board for the same offender.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson; Chopp, Cody; Cooke, Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SSB 5768 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Creating supported employment programs. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Government Administration. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson, Carlson; Chopp, Cody; Cooke, Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997
MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Appropriations and without amendment by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 90.44 RCW to read as follows:
Upon the issuance by the department of an amendment to the appropriate permit or certificate of ground water right, the holder of a valid right to withdraw public ground waters may consolidate that right with a ground water right exempt from the permit requirement under RCW 90.44.050, without affecting the priority of either of the water rights being consolidated. Such a consolidation amendment shall be issued only after publication of a notice of the application, a comment period, and a determination made by the department, in lieu of meeting the conditions required for an amendment under RCW 90.44.100, that: (1) The exempt well taps the same body of public ground water as the well to which the water right of the exempt well is to be consolidated; (2) use of the exempt well shall be discontinued upon approval of the consolidation amendment to the permit or certificate; (3) legally enforceable agreements have been entered to prohibit the construction of another exempt well to serve the area previously served by the exempt well to be discontinued, and such agreements are binding upon subsequent owners of the land through appropriate binding limitations on the title to the land; (4) the exempt well or wells the use of which is to be discontinued will be properly decommissioned in accordance with chapter 18.104 RCW and the rules of the department; and (5) other existing rights, including ground and surface water rights and minimum stream flows adopted by rule, shall not be impaired. The notice shall be published by the applicant in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties in which the wells for the rights to be consolidated are located once a week for two consecutive weeks. The applicant shall provide evidence of the publication of the notice to the department. The comment period shall be for thirty days beginning on the date the second notice is published.

The amount of the water to be added to the holder’s permit or certificate upon discontinuance of the exempt well shall be the average withdrawal from the well, in gallons per day, for the most recent five-year period preceding the date of the application, except that the amount shall not be less than eight hundred gallons per day for each residential connection or such alternative minimum amount as may be established by the department in consultation with the department of health, and shall not exceed five thousand gallons per day. The department shall presume that an amount identified by the applicant as being the average withdrawal from the well during the most recent five-year period is accurate if the applicant establishes that the amount identified for the use or uses of water from the exempt well is consistent with the average amount of water used for similar use or uses in the general area in which the exempt well is located. The department shall also accord a presumption in favor of approval of such consolidation if the requirements of this subsection are met and the discontinuance of the exempt well is consistent with an adopted coordinated water system plan under chapter 70.116 RCW, an adopted comprehensive land use plan under chapter 36.70A RCW, or other comprehensive watershed management plan applicable to the area containing an objective of decreasing the number of existing and newly developed small ground water withdrawal wells. The department shall provide a priority to reviewing and deciding upon applications subject to this subsection, and shall make its decision within sixty days of the end of the comment period following publication of the notice by the applicant or within sixty days of the date on which compliance with the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, is completed, whichever is
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Signed by Representatives Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 7, 1997

SB 5804 Prime Sponsor, Senator Finkbeiner: Eliminating the requirement for a study of the property tax exemption and valuation rules for computer software. Reported by Committee on Finance

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives B. Thomas, Chairman; Carrell, Vice Chairman; Mulliken, Vice Chairman; Dunshee, Ranking Minority Member; Dickerson, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Boldt; Butler; Conway; Kastama; Mason; Morris; Pennington; Schoesler; Thompson and Van Luven.

Voting Yea: Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Carrell, Dunshee, Dickerson, Boldt, Butler, Conway, Kastama, Mason, Morris, Pennington, Schoesler, Thompson and Van Luven.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SSB 5838 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Agriculture & Environment: Requiring health boards to respond to requests for on-site sewage permits in a timely manner. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Appropriations and without amendment by Committee on Agriculture & Ecology.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that improperly designed, installed, or maintained on-site sewage disposal systems are a major contributor to water pollution in this state. The legislature also recognizes that evolving technology has produced many viable alternatives to traditional on-site septic systems. It is the purpose of this act to help facilitate the siting of new alternative on-site septic systems and to assist local governments in promoting efficient operation of on-site septic these systems.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 70.05 RCW to read as follows:
The local health officer must respond to the applicant for an on-site sewage system permit within thirty days after receiving a fully completed application. The local health officer must respond that the application is either approved, denied, or pending.

If the local health officer denies an application to install an on-site sewage system, the denial must be for cause and based upon public health and environmental protection concerns, including concerns regarding the ability to operate and maintain the system, or conflicts with other existing laws, regulations, or ordinances. The local health officer must provide the applicant with a written justification for the denial, along with an explanation of the procedure for appeal.

If the local health officer identifies the application as pending and subject to review beyond thirty days, the local health officer must provide the applicant with a written justification that the site-specific conditions or circumstances necessitate a longer time period for a decision on the application. The local health officer must include any specific information necessary to make a decision and the estimated time required for a decision to be made.

A local health officer may not limit the number of alternative sewage systems within his or her jurisdiction without cause. Any such limitation must be based upon public health and environmental protection concerns, including concerns regarding the ability to operate and maintain the system, or conflicts with other existing laws, regulations, or ordinances. If such a limitation is established, the local health officer must justify the limitation in writing, with specific reasons, and must provide an explanation of the procedure for appealing the limitation.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 70.118 RCW to read as follows:
The department of health must include one person who is familiar with the operation and maintenance of certified proprietary devices on the technical review committee responsible for evaluating and making recommendations to the department of health regarding the general use of alternative on-site sewage systems in the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 57.04 RCW to read as follows:
(1) As an alternative means to forming a water-sewer district, a county legislative authority may authorize the formation of a water-sewer district to serve a new development that at the time of formation does not have any residents, at written request of sixty percent of the owners of the area to be included in the proposed district. The county legislative authority shall review the proposed district according to the procedures and criteria in RCW 57.02.040.

(2) The county legislative authority shall appoint the initial water-sewer commissioners of the district. The commissioners shall serve until seventy-five percent of the development is sold and occupied, or until some other time as specified by the county legislative authority when the district is approved. Commissioners serving under this section are not entitled to any form of compensation from the district.

(3) New commissioners shall be elected according to the procedures in chapter 57.12 RCW at the next election held under RCW 29.13.010 that follows more than ninety days after the date seventy-five percent of the development is sold and occupied, or after the time specified by the county legislative authority when the district is approved.

(4) A water-sewer district created under this section may be transferred to a city or county, or dissolved if the district is inactive, by order of the county legislative authority at the written request of sixty percent of the owners of the area included in the district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 70.118 RCW to read as follows:
In order to assure that technical guidelines and standards keep pace with advancing technologies, the department of health in collaboration with the technical review committee, local health departments, and other interested parties, must review and update as appropriate, the state guidelines and standards for alternative on-site sewage disposal every three years. The first review and update must be completed by January 1, 1999.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Nothing in sections 2 through 4 of this act may be deemed to eliminate any requirements for approval from public health agencies under applicable law in connection with the siting, design, construction, and repair of on-site septic systems.

Sec. 7. RCW 35.67.010 and 1965 c 110 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
A "system of sewerage" means and may include any or all of the following:
(1) Sanitary sewage ([disposal sewers]) collection, treatment, and/or disposal facilities and services, on-site or off-site sanitary sewerage facilities, inspection services and maintenance services for public or private on-site systems, or any other means of sewage treatment and disposal approved by the city;
(2) Combined sanitary sewage disposal and storm or surface water sewers;
(3) Storm or surface water sewers;
(4) Outfalls for storm drainage or sanitary sewage and works, plants, and facilities for storm drainage or sanitary sewage treatment and disposal, ([or]) and rights and interests in property relating to the system;
(5) Combined water and sewerage systems;
(6) Point and nonpoint water pollution monitoring programs that are directly related to the sewerage facilities and programs operated by a city or town;
(7) Public restroom and sanitary facilities; and
(8) Any combination of or part of any or all of such facilities.
The words "public utility" when used in this chapter ([shall have]) has the same meaning as the words "system of sewerage."

Sec. 8. RCW 35.67.020 and 1995 c 124 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
Every city and town may construct, condemn and purchase, acquire, add to, maintain, conduct, and operate systems of sewerage and systems and plants for refuse collection and disposal together with additions, extensions, and betterments thereto, within and without its limits, with full jurisdiction and authority to manage, regulate, and control them and to fix, alter, regulate, and control the rates and charges for their use. The rates charged must be uniform for the same class of customers or service and facilities furnished.
In classifying customers served or service and facilities furnished by such system of sewerage, the city or town legislative body may in its discretion consider any or all of the following factors: (1) The difference in cost of service and facilities to the various customers; (2) the location of the various customers within and without the city or town; (3) the difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair, and replacement of the various parts of the system; (4) the different character of the service and facilities furnished various customers; (5) the quantity and quality of the sewage delivered and the time of its delivery; (6) the achievement of water conservation goals and the discouragement of wasteful water use practices; (7) capital contributions made to the system, including but not limited to, assessments; (8) the nonprofit public benefit status, as defined in RCW 24.03.490, of the land user; and (9) any other matters which present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction. Rates or charges for on-site inspection and maintenance services may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.

A city or town may provide assistance to aid low-income persons in connection with services provided under this chapter.

Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner's agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer.
Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the
A city or town shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using city or town employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the city or town’s sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of state or local health officers to carry out their responsibilities under any other applicable law.

**Sec. 9.** RCW 35.92.020 and 1995 c 124 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

A city or town may construct, condemn and purchase, purchase, acquire, add to, alter, maintain, and operate systems, plants, sites, or other facilities of sewerage as defined in RCW 35.67.010, or solid waste handling as defined by RCW 70.95.030, and shall have full authority to manage, regulate, operate, control, and to fix the price of service and facilities of those systems, plants, sites, or other facilities within and without the limits of the city or town. The rates charged shall be uniform for the same class of customers or service and facilities. In classifying customers served or service and facilities furnished by a system or systems of sewerage, the legislative authority of the city or town may in its discretion consider any or all of the following factors: (1) The difference in cost of service and facilities to customers; (2) the location of customers within and without the city or town; (3) the difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair, and replacement of the parts of the system; (4) the different character of the service and facilities furnished to customers; (5) the quantity and quality of the sewage delivered and the time of its delivery; (6) capital contributions made to the systems, plants, sites, or other facilities, including but not limited to, assessments; (7) the nonprofit public benefit status, as defined in RCW 24.03.490, of the land user; and (8) any other factors that present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction. Rates or charges for on-site inspection and maintenance services may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.

A city or town may provide assistance to aid low-income persons in connection with services provided under this chapter.

Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner’s agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer.

Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or charges that may be imposed for the service.

A city or town shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using city or town employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the city or town’s sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of state or local health officers to carry out their responsibilities under any other applicable law.

**Sec. 10.** RCW 36.94.010 and 1981 c 313 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:

(1) A "system of sewerage" means and may include((s)) any or all of the following:
(a) Sanitary sewage collection, treatment, and/or disposal ((sewers and)) facilities and services, including without limitation on-site or off-site sanitary sewage facilities ((consisting of an approved septic tank or septic tank systems)), inspection services and maintenance services for private or public on-site systems, or any other means of sewage treatment and disposal approved by the county;
(b) Combined sanitary sewage disposal and storm or surface water drains and facilities;
(c) Storm or surface water drains, channels, and facilities;
(d) Outfalls for storm drainage or sanitary sewage and works, plants, and facilities for storm drainage or sanitary sewage treatment and disposal, and rights and interests in property relating to the system;
(e) Combined water and sewerage systems;
(f) Point and nonpoint water pollution monitoring programs that are directly related to the sewerage facilities and programs operated by a county;
(g) Public restroom and sanitary facilities;
(h) The facilities and services authorized in RCW 36.94.020; and
(i) Any combination of or part of any or all of such facilities.

2) A "system of water" means and includes:
(a) A water distribution system, including dams, reservoirs, aqueducts, plants, pumping stations, transmission and lateral distribution lines and other facilities for distribution of water;
(b) A combined water and sewerage system;
(c) Any combination of or any part of any or all of such facilities.

3) A "sewerage and/or water general plan" means a general plan for a system of sewerage and/or water for the county which shall be an element of the comprehensive plan established by the county pursuant to RCW 36.70.350(6) and/or chapter 35.63 RCW, if there is such a comprehensive plan.

(a) A sewerage general plan shall include the general location and description of treatment and disposal facilities, trunk and interceptor sewers, pumping stations, monitoring and control facilities, channels, local service areas and a general description of the collection system to serve those areas, a description of on-site sanitary sewerage system inspection services and maintenance services, and other facilities and services as may be required to provide a functional and implementable plan, including preliminary engineering to assure feasibility. The plan may also include a description of the regulations deemed appropriate to carrying out surface drainage plans.

(b) A water general plan shall include the general location and description of water resources to be utilized, wells, treatment facilities, transmission lines, storage reservoirs, pumping stations, and monitoring and control facilities as may be required to provide a functional and implementable plan.

(c) Water and/or sewerage general plans shall include preliminary engineering in adequate detail to assure technical feasibility and, to the extent then known, shall further discuss the methods of distributing the cost and expense of the system and shall indicate the economic feasibility of plan implementation. The plans may also specify local or lateral facilities and services. The sewerage and/or water general plan does not mean the final engineering construction or financing plans for the system.

4) "Municipal corporation" means and includes any city, town, metropolitan municipal corporation, any public utility district which operates and maintains a sewer or water system, any sewer, water, diking, or drainage district, any diking, drainage, and sewerage improvement district, and any irrigation district.

5) A "private utility" means and includes all utilities, both public and private, which provide sewerage and/or water service and which are not municipal corporations within the definition of this chapter. The ownership of a private utility may be in a corporation, nonprofit or for profit, in a cooperative association, in a mutual organization, or in individuals.

6) "Board" means one or more boards of county commissioners and/or the legislative authority of a home rule charter county.

Sec. 11. RCW 36.94.020 and 1981 c 313 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The construction, operation, and maintenance of a system of sewerage and/or water is a county purpose. Subject to the provisions of this chapter, every county has the power, individually or in conjunction with another county or counties to adopt, provide for, accept, establish, condemn, purchase, construct, add to, operate, and maintain a system or systems of sanitary and storm sewers, including outfalls, interceptors, plans, and facilities and services necessary for sewerage treatment and disposal, and/or system or systems of water supply within all or a portion of the county((Provided, That)). However, counties shall not have power to condemn sewerage and/or water systems of any municipal corporation or private utility.
Such county or counties shall have the authority to control, regulate, operate, and manage such system or systems and to provide funds therefor by general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, local improvement district bonds, utility local improvement district or local improvement district assessments, and in any other lawful fiscal manner. Rates or charges for on-site inspection and maintenance services may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.

Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner’s agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer.

Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or charges that may be imposed for the service.

A county shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using county employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the county’s sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of a state or local health officer to carry out their responsibilities under any other applicable law.

A county may, as part of a system of sewerage established under this chapter, provide for, finance, and operate any of the facilities and services and may exercise the powers expressly authorized for county storm water, flood control, pollution prevention, and drainage services and activities under chapters 36.89, 86.12, 86.13, and 86.15 RCW. A county also may provide for, finance, and operate the facilities and services and may exercise any of the powers authorized for aquifer protection areas under chapter 36.36 RCW; for lake management districts under chapter 36.61 RCW; for diking districts, and diking, drainage, and sewerage improvement districts under chapters 85.05, 85.08, 85.15, 85.16, and 85.18 RCW; and for shellfish protection districts under chapter 90.72 RCW. However, if a county by reference to any of those statutes assumes as part of its system of sewerage any powers granted to such areas or districts and not otherwise available to a county under this chapter, then (1) the procedures and restrictions applicable to those areas or districts apply to the county’s exercise of those powers, and (2) the county may not simultaneously impose rates and charges under this chapter and under the statutes authorizing such areas or districts for substantially the same facilities and services, but must instead impose uniform rates and charges consistent with RCW 36.94.140. By agreement with such an area or district that is not part of a county’s system of sewerage, a county may operate that area’s or district’s services or facilities, but a county may not dissolve any existing area or district except in accordance with any applicable provisions of the statute under which that area or district was created.

Sec. 12. RCW 36.94.140 and 1995 c 124 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Every county, in the operation of a system of sewerage and/or water, shall have full jurisdiction and authority to manage, regulate, and control it and to fix, alter, regulate, and control the rates and charges for the service and facilities to those to whom such (county) service (is) and facilities are available, and to levy charges for connection to the system. The rates for availability of service and facilities, and connection charges so charged must be uniform for the same class of customers or service and facility.

In classifying customers served, service furnished or made available by such system of sewerage and/or water, or the connection charges, the county legislative authority may consider any or all of the following factors:

(1) The difference in cost of service to the various customers within or without the area;

(2) The difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair and replacement of the various parts of the systems;
(3) The different character of the service and facilities furnished various customers;
(4) The quantity and quality of the sewage and/or water delivered and the time of its delivery;
(5) Capital contributions made to the system or systems, including, but not limited to, assessments;
(6) The cost of acquiring the system or portions of the system in making system improvements necessary for the public health and safety;
(7) The nonprofit public benefit status, as defined in RCW 24.03.490, of the land user; and
(8) Any other matters which present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction.
A county may provide assistance to aid low-income persons in connection with services provided under this chapter.
The service charges and rates shall produce revenues sufficient to take care of the costs of maintenance and operation, revenue bond and warrant interest and principal amortization requirements, and all other charges necessary for the efficient and proper operation of the system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 35.58 RCW to read as follows:
A metropolitan municipal corporation authorized to perform water pollution abatement may exercise all the powers relating to systems of sewerage authorized by RCW 36.94.010, 36.94.020, and 36.94.140 for counties.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 35.21 RCW to read as follows:
The legislative authority of any city or town may exercise all the powers relating to systems of sewerage authorized by RCW 35.67.010 and 35.67.020.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 53.08 RCW to read as follows:
A port district may exercise all the powers relating to systems of sewerage authorized by RCW 54.16.230 for public utility districts.

Sec. 16. RCW 54.16.230 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 57 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
A public utility district may acquire, construct, operate, maintain, and add to sewage systems, subject to and in compliance with the county comprehensive plan, under the general powers of Title 54 RCW or through the formation of local utility districts as provided in RCW 54.16.120 through 54.16.170(Provided, That). However, prior to engaging in (any sewage system works) the acquisition, construction, or expansion of on-site or off-site sewerage facilities, except for public restroom and sanitary facilities, as authorized by this section, the voters of the public utility district shall first approve by majority vote a referendum proposition authorizing such district to exercise (the) those powers (set forth in this section) related to the acquisition, construction, or expansion of such facilities, which proposition shall be presented at a general election. A sewage system may include any or all of the following:
(1) Sanitary sewage collection, treatment, and/or disposal facilities and services, including without limitation on-site or off-site sewerage facilities, inspection services and maintenance services for public or private on-site systems, or any other means of sewage treatment and disposal;
(2) Point and nonpoint water pollution monitoring programs that are directly related to the sewerage facilities and programs operated by a public utility district; and
(3) Public restroom and sanitary facilities. Rates or charges for on-site inspection and maintenance services may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.
A public utility district may provide assistance to aid low-income persons in connection with services provided under this section.
Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner’s agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer.
Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be
provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or charges that may be imposed for the service.

A public utility district shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using public utility district employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the public utility district’s sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Nothing in this section shall affect the authority of state or local health officers to carry out their responsibilities under any other applicable law. A public utility district that provided inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services with its own employees prior to January 1, 1997, may continue to use its employees to provide that service.

Sec. 17. RCW 54.16.240 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 57 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The commission of a public utility district, by resolution may, or on petition in the same manner as provided for the creation of a district under RCW 54.08.010 shall, submit to the voters for their approval or rejection the proposal that (said) the public utility district be authorized to exercise the powers set forth in RCW 54.16.230 for which an election is required.

Sec. 18. RCW 57.08.005 and 1996 c 230 s 301 are each amended to read as follows:

A district shall have the following powers:

(1) To acquire by purchase or condemnation, or both, all lands, property and property rights, and all water and water rights, both within and without the district, necessary for its purposes. The right of eminent domain shall be exercised in the same manner and by the same procedure as provided for cities and towns, insofar as consistent with this title, except that all assessment or reassessment rolls to be prepared and filed by eminent domain commissioners or commissioners appointed by the court shall be prepared and filed by the district, and the duties devolving upon the city treasurer are imposed upon the county treasurer;

(2) To lease real or personal property necessary for its purposes for a term of years for which that leased property may reasonably be needed;

(3) To construct, condemn and purchase, add to, maintain, and supply waterworks to furnish the district and inhabitants thereof and any other persons, both within and without the district, with ample supply of water for all uses and purposes public and private with full authority to regulate and control the use, content, distribution, and price thereof in such a manner as is not in conflict with general law and may construct, acquire, or own buildings and other necessary district facilities. Where a customer connected to the district’s system uses the water on an intermittent or transient basis, a district may charge for providing water service to such a customer, regardless of the amount of water, if any, used by the customer. District waterworks may include facilities which result in combined water supply and electric generation, if the electricity generated thereby is a byproduct of the water supply system. That electricity may be used by the district or sold to any entity authorized by law to use or distribute electricity. Electricity is deemed a byproduct when the electrical generation is subordinate to the primary purpose of water supply. For such purposes, a district may take, condemn and purchase, acquire, and retain water from any public or navigable lake, river or watercourse, or any underflowing water, and by means of aqueducts or pipeline conduct the same throughout the district and any city or town therein and carry it along and upon public highways, roads, and streets, within and without such district. For the purpose of constructing or laying aqueducts or pipelines, dams, or waterworks or other necessary structures in storing and retaining water or for any other lawful purpose such district may occupy the beds and shores up to the high water mark of any such lake, river, or other watercourse, and may acquire by purchase or condemnation such property or property rights or privileges as may be necessary to protect its water supply from pollution. For the purposes of waterworks which include facilities for the generation of electricity as a byproduct, nothing in this section may be construed to authorize a district to condemn electric generating, transmission, or distribution rights or facilities of entities authorized by law to distribute electricity, or to acquire such rights or facilities without the consent of the owner;
(4) To purchase and take water from any municipal corporation, private person, or entity. A district contiguous to Canada may contract with a Canadian corporation for the purchase of water and for the construction, purchase, maintenance, and supply of waterworks to furnish the district and inhabitants thereof and residents of Canada with an ample supply of water under the terms approved by the board of commissioners;

(5) To construct, condemn and purchase, add to, maintain, and operate systems of sewers for the purpose of furnishing the district, the inhabitants thereof, and persons outside the district with an adequate system of sewers for all uses and purposes, public and private, including but not limited to on-site sewage disposal facilities, approved septic tanks or approved septic tank systems, on-site sanitary sewerage systems, inspection services and maintenance services for private and public on-site systems, point and nonpoint water pollution monitoring programs that are directly related to the sewerage facilities and programs operated by a district, other facilities, programs, and systems for the collection, interception, treatment, and disposal of wastewater, and for the control of pollution from wastewater and for the protection, preservation, and rehabilitation of surface and underground waters, facilities for the drainage and treatment of storm or surface waters, public highways, streets, and roads with full authority to regulate the use and operation thereof and the service rates to be charged. Under this chapter, after July 1, 1998, any requirements for pumping the septic tank of an on-site sewage system should be based, among other things, on actual measurement of accumulation of sludge and scum by a trained inspector, trained owner’s agent, or trained owner. Training must occur in a program approved by the state board of health or by a local health officer. Sewage facilities may include facilities which result in combined sewage disposal, treatment, or drainage and electric generation, except that the electricity generated thereby is a byproduct of the system of sewers. Such electricity may be used by the district or sold to any entity authorized by law to distribute electricity. Electricity is deemed a byproduct when the electrical generation is subordinate to the primary purpose of sewage disposal, treatment, or drainage. For such purposes a district may conduct sewage throughout the district and throughout other political subdivisions within the district, and construct and lay sewer pipe along and upon public highways, roads, and streets, within and without the district, and condemn and purchase or acquire land and rights of way necessary for such sewer pipe. A district may erect sewage treatment plants within or without the district, and may acquire, by purchase or condemnation, properties or privileges necessary to be had to protect any lakes, rivers, or watercourses and also other areas of land from pollution from its sewers or its sewage treatment plant. For the purposes of sewage facilities which include facilities that result in combined sewage disposal, treatment, or drainage and electric generation where the electric generation is a byproduct, nothing in this section may be construed to authorize a district to condemn electric generating, transmission, or distribution rights or facilities of entities authorized by law to distribute electricity, or to acquire such rights or facilities without the consent of the owners;

(6) To construct, condemn, acquire, and own buildings and other necessary district facilities;

(7) To compel all property owners within the district located within an area served by the district’s system of sewers to connect their private drain and sewer systems with the district’s system under such penalty as the commissioners shall prescribe by resolution. The district may for such purpose enter upon private property and connect the private drains or sewers with the district system and the cost thereof shall be charged against the property owner and shall be a lien upon property served;

(8) Where a district contains within its borders, abuts, or is located adjacent to any lake, stream, ground water as defined by RCW 90.44.035, or other waterway within the state of Washington, to provide for the reduction, minimization, or elimination of pollutants from those waters in accordance with the district’s comprehensive plan, and to issue general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, local improvement district bonds, or utility local improvement bonds for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of reducing, minimizing, or eliminating the pollutants from these waters;

(9) To fix rates and charges for water, sewer, and drain service supplied and to charge property owners seeking to connect to the district’s systems, as a condition to granting the right to so connect, in addition to the cost of the connection, such reasonable connection charge as the board of commissioners shall determine to be proper in order that those property owners shall bear their equitable share of the cost of the system. For the purposes of calculating a connection charge, the
board of commissioners shall determine the pro rata share of the cost of existing facilities and facilities planned for construction within the next ten years and contained in an adopted comprehensive plan and other costs borne by the district which are directly attributable to the improvements required by property owners seeking to connect to the system. The cost of existing facilities shall not include those portions of the system which have been donated or which have been paid for by grants. The connection charge may include interest charges applied from the date of construction of the system until the connection, or for a period not to exceed ten years, whichever is shorter, at a rate commensurate with the rate of interest applicable to the district at the time of construction or major rehabilitation of the system, or at the time of installation of the lines to which the property owner is seeking to connect. A district may permit payment of the cost of connection and the reasonable connection charge to be paid with interest in installments over a period not exceeding fifteen years. The county treasurer may charge and collect a fee of three dollars for each year for the treasurer’s services. Those fees shall be a charge to be included as part of each annual installment, and shall be credited to the county current expense fund by the county treasurer. Revenues from connection charges excluding permit fees are to be considered payments in aid of construction as defined by department of revenue rule. Rates or charges for on-site inspection and maintenance services may not be imposed under this chapter on the development, construction, or reconstruction of property.

Before adopting on-site inspection and maintenance utility services, or incorporating residences into an on-site inspection and maintenance or sewer utility under this chapter, notification must be provided, prior to the applicable public hearing, to all residences within the proposed service area that have on-site systems permitted by the local health officer. The notice must clearly state that the residence is within the proposed service area and must provide information on estimated rates or charges that may be imposed for the service.

A water-sewer district shall not provide on-site sewage system inspection, pumping services, or other maintenance or repair services under this section using water-sewer district employees unless the on-site system is connected by a publicly owned collection system to the water-sewer district’s sewerage system, and the on-site system represents the first step in the sewage disposal process. Except as otherwise provided in RCW 90.03.525, any public entity and public property, including the state of Washington and state property, shall be subject to rates and charges for sewer, water, storm water control, drainage, and street lighting facilities to the same extent private persons and private property are subject to those rates and charges that are imposed by districts. In setting those rates and charges, consideration may be made of in-kind services, such as stream improvements or donation of property;

(10) To contract with individuals, associations and corporations, the state of Washington, and the United States;
(11) To employ such persons as are needed to carry out the district’s purposes and fix salaries and any bond requirements for those employees;
(12) To contract for the provision of engineering, legal, and other professional services as in the board of commissioner’s discretion is necessary in carrying out their duties;
(13) To sue and be sued;
(14) To loan and borrow funds and to issue bonds and instruments evidencing indebtedness under chapter 57.20 RCW and other applicable laws;
(15) To transfer funds, real or personal property, property interests, or services subject to RCW 57.08.015;
(16) To levy taxes in accordance with this chapter and chapters 57.04 and 57.20 RCW;
(17) To provide for making local improvements and to levy and collect special assessments on property benefitted thereby, and for paying for the same or any portion thereof in accordance with chapter 57.16 RCW;
(18) To establish street lighting systems under RCW 57.08.060;
(19) To exercise such other powers as are granted to water-sewer districts by this title or other applicable laws; and
(20) To exercise any of the powers granted to cities and counties with respect to the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation of, and fixing rates and charges for waterworks and systems of sewerage and drainage.
Sec. 19. RCW 57.08.065 and 1996 c 230 s 313 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A district shall have power to establish, maintain, and operate a mutual water, sewerage, drainage, and street lighting system, a mutual system of any two or three of the systems, or separate systems.

(2) Where any two or more districts include the same territory as of July 1, 1997, none of the overlapping districts may provide any service that was made available by any of the other districts prior to July 1, 1997, within the overlapping territory without the consent by resolution of the board of commissioners of the other district or districts.

(3) A district that was a water district prior to July 1, 1997, that did not operate a sewer system of sewerage prior to July 1, 1997, may not proceed to exercise the powers to establish, maintain, construct, and operate any sewer system of sewerage without first obtaining written approval and certification of necessity from the department of ecology and department of health. Any comprehensive plan for a system of sewers or addition thereto or betterment thereof proposed by a district that was a water district prior to July 1, 1997, shall be approved by the same county and state officials as were required to approve such plans adopted by a sewer district immediately prior to July 1, 1997, and as subsequently may be required.

Sec. 20. RCW 57.16.010 and 1996 c 230 s 501 are each amended to read as follows:

Before ordering any improvements or submitting to vote any proposition for incurring any indebtedness, the district commissioners shall adopt a general comprehensive plan for the type or types of facilities the district proposes to provide. A district may prepare a separate general comprehensive plan for each of these services and other services that districts are permitted to provide, or the district may combine any or all of its comprehensive plans into a single general comprehensive plan.

(1) For a general comprehensive plan of a water supply system, the commissioners shall investigate the several portions and sections of the district for the purpose of determining the present and reasonably foreseeable future needs thereof; shall examine and investigate, determine, and select a water supply or water supplies for such district suitable and adequate for present and reasonably foreseeable future needs thereof; and shall consider and determine a general system or plan for acquiring such water supply or water supplies, and the lands, waters, and water rights and easements necessary therefor, and for retaining and storing any such waters, and erecting dams, reservoirs, aqueducts, and pipe lines to convey the same throughout such district. There may be included as part of the system the installation of fire hydrants at suitable places throughout the district. The commissioners shall determine a general comprehensive plan for distributing such water throughout such portion of the district as may then reasonably be served by means of subsidiary aqueducts and pipe lines, and a long-term plan for financing the planned projects and the method of distributing the cost and expense thereof, including the creation of local improvement districts or utility local improvement districts, and shall determine whether the whole or part of the cost and expenses shall be paid from revenue or general obligation bonds.

(2) For a general comprehensive plan for a sewer system, the commissioners shall investigate all portions and sections of the district and select a general comprehensive plan for a sewer system for the district suitable and adequate for present and reasonably foreseeable future needs thereof. The general comprehensive plan shall provide for treatment plants and other methods and services, if any, for the prevention, control, and reduction of water pollution and for the treatment and disposal of sewage and industrial and other liquid wastes now produced or which may reasonably be expected to be produced within the district and shall, for such portions of the district as may then reasonably be served, provide for the acquisition or construction and installation of laterals, trunk sewers, intercepting sewers, syphons, pumping stations or other sewage collection facilities, septic tanks, septic tank systems or drainfields, and systems for the transmission and treatment of wastewater. The general comprehensive plan shall provide a long-term plan for financing the planned projects and the method of distributing the cost and expense of the sewer system and services, including the creation of local improvement districts or utility local improvement districts; and provide whether the whole or some part of the cost and expenses shall be paid from revenue or general obligation bonds.

(3) For a general comprehensive plan for a drainage system, the commissioners shall investigate all portions and sections of the district and adopt a general comprehensive plan for a
drainage system for the district suitable and adequate for present and future needs thereof. The general comprehensive plan shall provide for a system to collect, treat, and dispose of storm water or surface waters, including use of natural systems and the construction or provision of culverts, storm water pipes, ponds, and other systems. The general comprehensive plan shall provide for a long-term plan for financing the planned projects and provide for a method of distributing the cost and expense of the drainage system, including local improvement districts or utility local improvement districts, and provide whether the whole or some part of the cost and expenses shall be paid from revenue or general obligation bonds.

(4) For a general comprehensive plan for street lighting, the commissioners shall investigate all portions and sections of the district and adopt a general comprehensive plan for street lighting for the district suitable and adequate for present and future needs thereof. The general comprehensive plan shall provide for a system or systems of street lighting, provide for a long-term plan for financing the planned projects, and provide for a method of distributing the cost and expense of the street lighting system, including local improvement districts or utility local improvement districts, and provide whether the whole or some part of the cost and expenses shall be paid from revenue or general obligation bonds.

(5) The commissioners may employ such engineering and legal service as in their discretion is necessary in carrying out their duties.

(6) Any general comprehensive plan or plans shall be adopted by resolution and submitted to an engineer designated by the legislative authority of the county in which fifty-one percent or more of the area of the district is located, and to the director of health of the county in which the district or any portion thereof is located, and must be approved in writing by the engineer and director of health, except that a comprehensive plan relating to street lighting shall not be submitted to or approved by the director of health. The general comprehensive plan shall be approved, conditionally approved, or rejected by the director of health and by the designated engineer within sixty days of their respective receipt of the plan. However, this sixty-day time limitation may be extended by the director of health or engineer for up to an additional sixty days if sufficient time is not available to review adequately the general comprehensive plans.

Before becoming effective, the general comprehensive plan shall also be submitted to, and approved by resolution of, the legislative authority of every county within whose boundaries all or a portion of the district lies. The general comprehensive plan shall be approved, conditionally approved, or rejected by each of the county legislative authorities pursuant to the criteria in RCW 57.02.040 for approving the formation, reorganization, annexation, consolidation, or merger of districts. The resolution, ordinance, or motion of the legislative body that rejects the comprehensive plan or a part thereof shall specifically state in what particular the comprehensive plan or part thereof rejected fails to meet these criteria. The general comprehensive plan shall not provide for the extension or location of facilities that are inconsistent with the requirements of RCW 36.70A.110. Nothing in this chapter shall preclude a county from rejecting a proposed plan because it is in conflict with the criteria in RCW 57.02.040. Each general comprehensive plan shall be deemed approved if the county legislative authority fails to reject or conditionally approve the plan within ninety days of the plan's submission to the county legislative authority or within thirty days of a hearing on the plan when the hearing is held within ninety days of submission to the county legislative authority. However, a county legislative authority may extend this ninety-day time limitation by up to an additional ninety days where a finding is made that ninety days is insufficient to review adequately the general comprehensive plan.

If the district includes portions or all of one or more cities or towns, the general comprehensive plan shall be submitted also to, and approved by resolution of, the legislative authorities of the cities and towns before becoming effective. The general comprehensive plan shall be deemed approved by the city or town legislative authority if the city or town legislative authority fails to reject or conditionally approve the plan within ninety days of the plan's submission to the city or town or within thirty days of a hearing on the plan when the hearing is held within ninety days of submission to the county legislative authority. However, a city or town legislative authority may extend this time limitation by up to an additional ninety days where a finding is made that insufficient time exists to
adequately review the general comprehensive plan within these time limitations. In addition, the commissioners and the city or town legislative authority may mutually agree to an extension of the deadlines in this section.

Before becoming effective, the general comprehensive plan shall be approved by any state agency whose approval may be required by applicable law. Before becoming effective, any amendment to, alteration of, or addition to, a general comprehensive plan shall also be subject to such approval as if it were a new general comprehensive plan. However, only if the amendment, alteration, or addition affects a particular city or town, shall the amendment, alteration, or addition be subject to approval by such particular city or town governing body.

Sec. 21. RCW 57.08.081 and 1996 c 230 s 314 are each amended to read as follows:

The commissioners of any district shall provide for revenues by fixing rates and charges for furnishing sewer and drainage service and facilities to those to whom service is available or for providing water, such rates and charges to be fixed as deemed necessary by the commissioners, so that uniform charges will be made for the same class of customer or service and facility. Rates and charges may be combined for the furnishing of more than one type of sewer service and facility such as but not limited to storm or surface water and sanitary.

In classifying customers of such water, sewer, or drainage system, the board of commissioners may in its discretion consider any or all of the following factors: The difference in cost of service to various customers; the location of the various customers within and without the district; the difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair, and replacement of the various parts of the system; the different character of the service furnished various customers; the quantity and quality of the service and facility furnished; the time of its use; the achievement of water conservation goals and the discouragement of wasteful practices; capital contributions made to the system including but not limited to assessments; and any other matters which present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction. Rates shall be established as deemed proper by the commissioners and as fixed by resolution and shall produce revenues sufficient to take care of the costs of maintenance and operation, revenue bond and warrant interest and principal amortization requirements, and all other charges necessary for efficient and proper operation of the system.

The commissioners shall enforce collection of connection charges, and rates and charges for water supplied against property owners connecting with the system or receiving such water, and for sewer and drainage services charged against property to which and its owners to whom the service is available, such charges being deemed charges against the property served, by addition of penalties of not more than ten percent thereof in case of failure to pay the charges at times fixed by resolution. The commissioners may provide by resolution that where either connection charges or rates and charges for services supplied are delinquent for any specified period of time, the district shall certify the delinquencies to the treasurer of the county in which the real property is located, and the charges and any penalties added thereto and interest thereon at the rate of not more than the prime lending rate of the district’s bank plus four percentage points per year shall be a lien against the property upon which the service was received, subject only to the lien for general taxes.

The district may, at any time after the connection charges or rates and charges for services supplied or available and penalties are delinquent for a period of sixty days, bring suit in foreclosure by civil action in the superior court of the county in which the real property is located. The court may allow, in addition to the costs and disbursements provided by statute, attorneys’ fees, title search and report costs, and expenses as it adjudges reasonable. The action shall be in rem, and may be brought in the name of the district against an individual or against all of those who are delinquent in one action. The laws and rules of the court shall control as in other civil actions.

In addition to the right to foreclose provided in this section, the district may also cut off all or part of the service after charges for water or sewer service supplied or available are delinquent for a period of sixty days.

Sec. 22. RCW 90.72.040 and 1992 c 100 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The county legislative authority may create a shellfish protection district on its own motion or by submitting the question to the voters of the proposed district and obtaining the approval of a
majority of those voting. The boundaries of the district shall be determined by the legislative authority. The legislative authority may create more than one district. A district may include any area or areas within the county, whether incorporated or unincorporated. Counties shall coordinate and cooperate with cities, towns, and water-related special districts within their boundaries in establishing shellfish protection districts and carrying out shellfish protection programs. Where a portion of the proposed district lies within an incorporated area, the county shall develop procedures for the participation of the city or town in the determination of the boundaries of the district and the administration of the district, including funding of the district's programs. The legislative authority of more than one county may by agreement provide for the creation of a district including areas within each of those counties. County legislative authorities are encouraged to coordinate their plans and programs to protect shellfish growing areas, especially where shellfish growing areas are located within the boundaries of more than one county. The legislative authority or authorities creating a district may abolish a shellfish protection district on its or their own motion or by submitting the question to the voters of the district and obtaining the approval of a majority of those voting.

(2) If the county legislative authority creates a shellfish protection district by its own motion, any registered voter residing within the boundaries of the shellfish protection district may file a referendum petition to repeal the ordinance that created the district. Any referendum petition to repeal the ordinance creating the shellfish protection district shall be filed with the county auditor within seven days of passage of the ordinance. Within ten days of the filing of a petition, the county auditor shall confer with the petitioner concerning form and style of the petition, issue an identification number for the petition, and write a ballot title for the measure. The ballot title shall be posed as a question so that an affirmative answer to the question and an affirmative vote on the measure results in creation of the shellfish protection district and a negative answer to the question and a negative vote on the measure results in the shellfish protection district not being created. The petitioner shall be notified of the identification number and ballot title within this ten-day period.

After this notification, the petitioner shall have thirty days in which to secure on petition forms the signatures of not less than twenty-five percent of the registered voters residing within the boundaries of the shellfish protection district and file the signed petitions with the county auditor. Each petition form shall contain the ballot title and full text of the measure to be referred. The county auditor shall verify the sufficiency of the signatures on the petitions. If sufficient valid signatures are properly submitted, the county auditor shall submit the referendum measure to the registered voters residing in the shellfish protection district in a special election no later than one hundred twenty days after the signed petition has been filed with the county auditor. The special election may be conducted by mail ballot as provided for in chapter 29.36 RCW.

(3) The county legislative authority shall not impose fees, rates, or charges for shellfish protection district programs upon properties on which fees, rates, or charges are imposed ((to pay for another program to eliminate or decrease contamination in storm water runoff)) under chapter 36.89 or 36.94 RCW for substantially the same programs and services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. (1) The department of health shall convene a work group for the purpose of making recommendations to the legislature for the development of a certification program for different classes of people involved with on-site septic systems. The work group shall study certification of persons who pump, install, design, perform maintenance, inspect, or regulate any of the above listed functions with regard to on-site septic systems. The work group shall make recommendations regarding appropriate bonding levels and other standards for the various occupations for which certification will be recommended. The work group shall also examine the development of a risk analysis pertaining to the installation and maintenance of different types of septic systems for different parts of the state. The work group shall report its findings and recommendations to the senate agriculture and environment committee and the house of representatives agriculture and ecology committee by January 1, 1998.

(2) The work group shall consist of a representative from each of the following groups: On-site septic system pumpers, installers, designers, maintenance operators, and inspectors, as well as a representative of cities, counties, the department of health, engineers, residential construction, the Puget Sound water quality action team, public utility districts, water-sewer districts, and two members
from the general public. The members of the work group shall be appointed by the governor. The representative of the department of health shall serve as the chair of the work group. Staff support for the work group shall be provided by the department of health."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

E2SSB 5927 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Changing higher education financing. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Higher Education.
Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; Carlson; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Lambert; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; D. Schmidt; Sehlin and Talcott.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Chopp; Cody; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Linville; Poulsen; Regala; Sheahan and Tokuda.

Voting Nay: Representatives H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Benson, Chopp, Cody, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Linville, Poulsen; Regala; Sheahan and Tokuda.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 3, 1997

ESB 5954 Prime Sponsor, Senator West: Regulating claims against the University of Washington. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 28B.20.253 and 1991 sp.s. c 13 s 117 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A self-insurance revolving fund in the custody of the ((treasurer)) university is hereby created to be used solely and exclusively by the board of regents of the University of Washington for the following purposes:

..."
(a) The payment of judgments against the university, its schools, colleges, departments, and hospitals and against its regents, officers, employees, agents, and students for whom the defense of an action, claim, or proceeding has been provided pursuant to RCW 28B.20.250.

(b) The payment of claims against the university, its schools, colleges, departments, and hospitals and against its regents, officers, employees, agents, and students for whom the defense of an action, claim, or proceeding has been provided pursuant to RCW 28B.20.250: PROVIDED, That payment of claims in excess of twenty-five (25) thousand dollars must be approved by the state attorney general.

(c) For the cost of investigation, administration, and defense of actions, claims, or proceedings, and other purposes essential to its liability program.

(2) Said self-insurance revolving fund shall consist of periodic payments by the University of Washington from any source available to it in such amounts as are deemed reasonably necessary to maintain the fund at levels adequate to provide for the anticipated cost of payments of incurred claims and other costs to be charged against the fund.

(3) No money shall be paid from the self-insurance revolving fund unless first approved by the board of regents, and unless all proceeds available to the claimant from any valid and collectible liability insurance shall have been exhausted.

(4) The state investment board shall invest moneys in the self-insurance revolving fund. Moneys invested by the investment board shall be invested in accordance with RCW 43.84.150.)

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Renumber the sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Lambert; Linville; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Excused: Representatives Doumit, Cody, Kessler, Lisk and Poulsen.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

SSB 5965 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Commerce & Labor: Providing for changes in agency experience ratings for industrial insurance. Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Commerce & Labor. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; and Tokuda.

Voting Yea: Representatives Huff, Alexander, Clements, Wensman, H. Sommers, Doumit, Gombosky, Benson, Carlson, Chopp, Cody, Cooke, Crouse, Dyer, Grant, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler,

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 5, 1997

2SSB 6002 Prime Sponsor, Committee on Ways & Means: Supervising mentally ill offenders.
Reported by Committee on Appropriations

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections. Signed by Representatives Huff, Chairman; Alexander, Vice Chairman; Clements, Vice Chairman; Wensman, Vice Chairman; H. Sommers, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Gombosky, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Benson; Carlson; Chopp; Cody; Cooke; Crouse; Dyer; Grant; Keiser; Kenney; Kessler; Lambert; Linville; Lisk; Mastin; McMorris; Parlette; Poulsen; Regala; D. Schmidt; Sehlin; Sheahan; Talcott and Tokuda.


Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day's committee reports under the fifth order of business were referred to the committees so designated.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Tuesday, April 8, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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EIGHTY-FIFTH DAY, APRIL 7, 1997
JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

EIGHTY-SIXTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, April 8, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Gina Perry and Nick Simpson. Prayer was offered by Pastor Bob Kroh, Eastside Christian Church, Renton.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HJM 4022 by Representatives Lambert, Sheahan, Koster, D. Sommers, Mulliken and Thompson

Petitioning Congress and the President to support a Constitutional amendment to limit the federal judiciary's ability to increase taxes.

Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Legislature to recognize excellence in all fields of endeavor; and

WHEREAS, The Hood Canal School District Number 404 instituted a program for nontraditional students in the fall of 1995 which is designated as "BOOTS", or Building Outstanding Outcomes for Non-traditional Students; and

WHEREAS, The purpose of the BOOTS program is to keep at-risk youth in a school-related environment and to increase self-esteem for students having academic, behavioral, or juvenile-related difficulties at school or in the community; and

WHEREAS, BOOTS adheres to the philosophy that "perhaps the most important single cause of a person's success or failure educationally has to do with the question of what he believes about himself"; and

WHEREAS, BOOTS is a positive alternative to being suspended from school or spending time in juvenile detention; and
WHEREAS, The BOOTS curriculum includes special classes in survival skills and physical fitness, as well as a camping experience staffed by Washington National Guard personnel under the leadership of Captain Angela Jines; and

WHEREAS, Students entering the BOOTS program typically possess attitudes, and manifest behaviors, that are harmful to themselves as well as to their peers and the adults around them; and

WHEREAS, Students exiting the BOOTS program have undergone interactive experiences whereby their attitudes, beliefs about themselves, and the manner in which they behave at school are significantly improved; and

WHEREAS, The success of the BOOTS program is largely attributable to the concerned efforts and skills of BOOTS staff members Bert Miller and Chambliss Keith;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize and honor Bert Miller and Chambliss Keith, as well as Captain Angela Jines of the Washington National Guard, for the significant contribution that each is making to the lives of young men and women; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Bert Miller, Chambliss Keith, and Captain Angela Jines, and to their respective supervisors, Principal Steve Salisbury and Lieutenant Colonel Drew Blazey, and to the Superintendent of the Hood Canal School District, John D. Meyer.

Representative Johnson moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Johnson and Sheldon spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4631 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

There being no objection, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5012 was referred to the Rules Committee.

SENATE BILL NO. 5029, by Senator Morton

Eliminating obsolete references in the water code.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Chandler and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Wensman, Representatives L. Thomas, Sterk, B. Thomas and Thompson were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5029.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5029 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 2, Excused - 4.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,

Absent: Representatives Murray and Quall - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5029, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5125, by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Wojahn and Winsley; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

Authorizing revisions in medical assistance managed care contracting under federal demonstration waivers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Murray and Quall were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5125.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5125 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives Murray, Quall, Sterk, Thomas, B., Thomas, L. and Thompson - 6.

Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5125, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5142, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Loveland and Winsley)
Allowing county clerks to collect civil judgments where the county is the creditor.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5142.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5142 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Quall, Sterk, Thomas, L. and Thompson - 4.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5142, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5254, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Roach, Haugen, Jacobsen, Fraser, Zarelli, Strannigan, Deccio, Thibaudeau, Wood, Fairley, Goings and Winsley)

Limiting liability of owners or possessors for injuries to recreational users.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5254.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5254 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Excused: Representatives Sterk, Thomas, L. and Thompson - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5254, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objections, SB 5299 was sent to the bottom of the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5322, by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Thibaudeau and Kohl)
Removing regulatory barriers to the provision of oral health care services to rural, remote, and underserved populations.
The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.
Representatives Dyer and Murray spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5322.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5322 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Voting nay: Representative Fisher - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5322, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5363, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Snyder, Haugen and Hargrove)
Increasing the dollar amount allowed for contracts in which public officers have an interest.
The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 81st Day, April 3, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Sommers and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5363 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5363 as amended by the House and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5363, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5375, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi, Hargrove, Sellar, Winsley, Strannigan, Morton, Finkbeiner, Oke, Hochstatter and Long)

Redefining a distributing organization to include a public health agency.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Dyer and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5375.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5375 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5375, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5401, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Sellar, Snyder and Haugen)

Setting compensation for public utility commissioners.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Carlson spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5401.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5401 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 11, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Cairnes, Carlson, Cooke, Dunn, Gardner, Koster, Mielke, Ogden, Pennington, Romero and Van Luven - 11.

Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5401, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5575 was referred to the Rules Committee.

SENATE BILL NO. 5647, by Senators Wood, Snyder, Swecker, Bauer, Zarelli, Winsley and Kohl; by request of State Board for Community and Technical Colleges

Requiring only collected building fees of community and technical colleges to be paid to the state treasury.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Carlson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5647.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5647 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5647, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5659, by Senator Morton

Regulating the beef commission.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted (For committee amendment, see Journal, 78th Day, March 31, 1997).

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5659 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5659 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5659, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5674, by Senators Wood, Haugen, Jacobsen, Prince, Winsley and Kohl
Creating the governor’s award for excellence in teaching history.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Education was adopted (For committee amendment, see Journal, 81st Day, April 3, 1997) and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Johnson and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5674 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on final passage of Senate Bill No. 5674 as amended by the House and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5674, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5732, by Senators Benton, Heavey and Oke
Delivering the cancellation notice for an insurance policy.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5732.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5732 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5732, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5755, by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senator Swecker)

Authorizing service of process by posting in disputes involving mobile home landlords and tenants.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5755.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5755 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5755, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5774, by Senators Roach, McCaslin, Fairley and Oke; by request of Supreme Court

Authorizing appellate judges to be appointed as pro tempore judges to complete pending business at the end of their terms of office.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5774.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5774 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5774, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5803, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Finkbeiner and McCaslin; by request of Department of Revenue)

Allowing electronic distribution of rules notices.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was adopted (For committee amendment, see Journal, 81st Day, April 3, 1997) and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5803 as amended by the House.

The Clerk called the roll on final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5803 as amended by the House and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Substitute Senate Bill No. 5803, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 6007, by Senators Winsley and Finkbeiner

Eliminating the operating expenses limitation on mutual savings banks.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 6007.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6007 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 6007, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8001, by Senators Hargrove, McCaslin, Snyder, Patterson and Oke

Petitioning for a plaque honoring veterans dying from war-related injuries received in the southeast Asia theater of operations.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.
Representatives D. Sommers and O'Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Joint Memorial No. 8001.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on final passage of Engrossed Senate Joint Memorial No. 8001 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Engrossed Senate Joint Memorial No. 8001, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8008, by Senators Oke, Winsley, Benton, Roach, Horn, Swanson, Sheldon and Kohl

Preserving the U.S.S. Missouri.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee recommendation was adopted and the bill was advanced to third reading.

Representative Zellinsky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Joint Memorial No. 8008.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Joint Memorial No. 8008 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Joint Memorial No. 8008, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
The Speaker assumed the chair.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, Dave Niehaus has been the Mariners' announcer since the club's first game in 1977; and

WHEREAS, Dave Niehaus was present during key moments in Mariners history, including: The first pitch from Diego Segui in 1977; no-hitters by Randy Johnson and Chris Bosio; Ken Griffey Jr.'s eight home-run streak; and the Mariners' first playoff game in 1995, and their victory over the New York Yankees in the Division Playoffs; and

WHEREAS, Dave Niehaus, during his twenty seasons behind the microphone for the Mariners, has missed only thirty-nine games, witnessing three thousand seventy-nine of the three thousand one hundred eighteen games played; and

WHEREAS, Dave Niehaus is recognized as one of the best and most exciting broadcasters in the game of baseball; and

WHEREAS, Dave Niehaus was elected by his contemporaries in the National Sportscasters and Sportswriters Association as the Sportcaster of the Year for the state of Washington in 1995 and 1996; and

WHEREAS, Dave Niehaus' expressions, such as "My Oh My" and "It will fly away," have become familiar throughout the Northwest; and

WHEREAS, Dave Niehaus' descriptions of games have helped many fans to feel closer to the game; and

WHEREAS, Dave Niehaus is the number one ambassador of the game of baseball across the Northwest;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize and honor Dave Niehaus for his contribution to the quality of life in the Pacific Northwest; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Dave Niehaus.

Representative D. Schmidt moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives D. Schmidt, Appelwick, Van Luven, Butler, Schoesler and Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4656 was adopted.

The Speaker introduced Dave Niehaus to the Chamber, and Mr. Niehaus addressed the House.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5011, by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Prentice and Winsley)

Changing the financial and reporting requirements of health care service contractors and health maintenance organizations.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance was adopted (For committee amendment, see Journal, 71st Day, March 24, 1997) and the bill was advanced to final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5011 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5011 as amended by the House and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5011 as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5100, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Strannigan)

Allowing qualified trusts to hold shares in professional service corporations.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5100.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5100 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5100, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5108, by Senators Roach and Johnson

Transferring certain interests in individual retirement accounts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representative Huff was excused. On motion by Representative DeBolt, Representative D. Schmidt was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5108.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5108 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Senate Bill No. 5108, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5109, by Senators Roach and Johnson

Dissolving limited liability companies.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5109.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5109 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 5, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Senate Bill No. 5109, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5151, by Senators Roach, Johnson, Heavey, McCaslin, Loveland, Snyder and Winsley

Adjusting the jurisdictional amount for district courts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Law & Justice was before the House for purpose of amendments. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 71st Day, March 24, 1997.)

Representative Hickel moved the adoption of the following amendment (465) to the committee amendment:

On page 2, after line 12, insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 13.04.030 and 1995 c 312 s 39 and 1995 c 311 s 15 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the juvenile courts in the several counties of this state, shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over all proceedings:

(a) Under the interstate compact on placement of children as provided in chapter 26.34 RCW;

(b) Relating to children alleged or found to be dependent as provided in chapter 26.44 RCW and in RCW 13.34.030 through 13.34.170;

(c) Relating to the termination of a parent and child relationship as provided in RCW 13.34.180 through 13.34.210;

(d) To approve or disapprove out-of-home placement as provided in RCW 13.32A.170;

(e) Relating to juveniles alleged or found to have committed offenses, traffic infractions, or violations as provided in RCW 13.40.020 through 13.40.230, unless:

(i) The juvenile court transfers jurisdiction of a particular juvenile to adult criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110; or

(ii) The statute of limitations applicable to adult prosecution for the offense, traffic infraction, or violation has expired; or

(iii) The alleged offense or infraction is a traffic, fish, boating, or game offense or traffic infraction committed by a juvenile sixteen years of age or older and would, if committed by an adult, be tried or heard in a court of limited jurisdiction, in which instance the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction shall have jurisdiction over the alleged offense or infraction: PROVIDED, That if such an
alleged offense or infraction and an alleged offense or infraction subject to juvenile court jurisdiction arise out of the same event or incident, the juvenile court may have jurisdiction of both matters: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the jurisdiction under this subsection does not constitute "transfer" or a "decline" for purposes of RCW 13.40.110(1) or (e)(i) of this subsection: PROVIDED FURTHER, That courts of limited jurisdiction which confine juveniles for an alleged offense or infraction may place juveniles in juvenile detention facilities under an agreement with the officials responsible for the administration of the juvenile detention facility in RCW 13.04.035 and 13.20.060; or

(iv) The juvenile is sixteen or seventeen years old and the alleged offense is: (A) A serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after June 13, 1994; or (B) a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after June 13, 1994, and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of: (I) One or more prior serious violent offenses; (II) two or more prior violent offenses; or (III) three or more of any combination of the following offenses: Any class A felony, any class B felony, vehicular assault, or manslaughter in the second degree, all of which must have been committed after the juvenile's thirteenth birthday and prosecuted separately. In such a case the adult criminal court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction.

If the juvenile challenges the state's determination of the juvenile's criminal history, the state may establish the offender's criminal history by a preponderance of the evidence. If the criminal history consists of adjudications entered upon a plea of guilty, the state shall not bear a burden of establishing the knowing and voluntariness of the plea;

(f) Under the interstate compact on juveniles as provided in chapter 13.24 RCW;

(g) Relating to termination of a diversion agreement under RCW 13.40.080, including a proceeding in which the divertee has attained eighteen years of age;

(h) Relating to court validation of a voluntary consent to an out-of-home placement under chapter 13.34 RCW, by the parent or Indian custodian of an Indian child, except if the parent or Indian custodian and child are residents of or domiciled within the boundaries of a federally recognized Indian reservation over which the tribe exercises exclusive jurisdiction; and

(i) Relating to petitions to compel disclosure of information filed by the department of social and health services pursuant to RCW 74.13.042.

(2)(a) The family court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the juvenile court over all proceedings under this section if the superior court judges of a county authorize concurrent jurisdiction as provided in RCW 26.12.010.

(b) District courts have concurrent original jurisdiction with the juvenile court over all proceedings involving compulsory school attendance provisions under chapter 28A.225 RCW, if the district court has agreed to exercise jurisdiction as provided in section 3 of this act.

(3) A juvenile subject to adult superior court jurisdiction under subsection (1)(e)(i) through (iv) of this section, who is detained pending trial, may be detained in a county detention facility as defined in RCW 13.40.020 pending sentencing or a dismissal.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.225 RCW to read as follows: References to juvenile court in this chapter mean, in addition to the juvenile court of the superior court, district courts that have agreed to exercise jurisdiction over proceedings under this chapter. If a district court has jurisdiction over juveniles who violate this chapter, that court also has jurisdiction over parents charged with violations of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Sections 2 and 3 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately."

Correct any internal references and correct the title.

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Dickerson: I request a ruling on Scope and Object on amendment 465.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5151 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5163, by Senators Haugen and Schow

Filing financing statements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representative Sterk was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5163.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5163 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5163, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5183, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Fairley and Winsley)

Allowing an interlocal agreement between a county and municipality to transfer jurisdiction over a defendant.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5183.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5183 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5183, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2258 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5018, by Senator Roach; by request of Statute Law Committee


The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 73rd Day, March 26, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5018 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5018 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Senate Bill No. 5018, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5028, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Sellar, Swecker and Loveland)

Modifying county treasury management.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 73rd Day, March 26, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative D. Sommers and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5028 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5028 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5028, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, further action was deferred on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5060, and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5085, by Senators Roach and Swecker

Criminal conspiracy charges.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5085.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5085, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Senate Bill No. 5085, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 8, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1821,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5107, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach and Johnson)

Modifying consent provisions under the Washington business corporation act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5107.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5107 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5107, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5110, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Johnson and Roach)

Updating probate provisions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 74th Day, March 27, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5110 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5110 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5110, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5287, by Senators Horn, McCaslin, Wood, Prince and Hale

Repealing Title 45 RCW concerning townships.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Sommers and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5287.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5287 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5287, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5364, by Senator Snyder

Authorizing counties to designate an unclassified position for their 911 emergency communications systems.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5364.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5364 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5364, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5650 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5684, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Haugen and Wood)
Prescribing procedures for decreasing fire protection district commissioners.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5684.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5684 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5684, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1709, House Bill No. 2069, House Bill No. 2261 and House Bill No. 2267, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5009, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, Franklin, Zarelli, Sheldon, Winsley, Kohl and Patterson; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

Authorizing interstate agreements to provide adoption assistance for special needs children.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McDonald and Kastama spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5009.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5009 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5009, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5017 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5034, by Senator Roach

Changing the definition of "bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization" for gambling statutes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce and Labor was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5034 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5034 as amended by the House and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 88, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Benson, Bush, Crouse, Dunn, Koster, Pennington, Quall, Smith and Sump - 9.

Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5034, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5049, by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Prentice, Horn, Brown, Prince and Haugen)

Providing vehicle owners' names and addresses to commercial parking companies.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooper and Radcliff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5049.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5049 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5049, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5113, by Senator Oke

Refunding certain license fees.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5113.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5113 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5113, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5132, by Senators Zarelli, Schow, Winsley and Oke

Simplifying designation of school bus stops as drug-free zones.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel, Cole and Benson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5132.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5132 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5132, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5164 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5211, by Senators Newhouse, Wojahn and Schow

Authorizing public hospital districts to be self-insurers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5211.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5211 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5211, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5273, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Fraser, Swecker, Prentice, Strannigan and Haugen)

Compensatory mitigation

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 78th Day, March 31, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5273 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5273 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Blalock, Cairnes and Keiser - 3.

Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.
Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5273, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5308, by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Finkbeiner, Franklin, Fraser and Winsley; by request of Secretary of State)

Regulating electronic signatures.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5308.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5308 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5308, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5330, by Senators Sellar, Snyder and McCaslin

Allowing another type of golfing sweepstakes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5330.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5330 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 78, Nays - 19, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5330, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5338, by Senators Horn, Heavey and Schow
Allowing restricted use of spirituous liquor at no charge.
The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Honeyford and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5338.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5338 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 88, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5338, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5340, by Senators Hochstatter, Johnson, Zarelli, Oke and Finkbeiner
Changing probation provisions for certificated educational employees.
The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Education was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5340 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5340 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5340, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5426, by Senator McCaslin

Deleting references to the former judicial council.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5426.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5426 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Sterk - 1.
Senate Bill No. 5426, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5503, by Senators Anderson, Kohl, Winsley, Bauer, Hale, Wood, McAuliffe, Goings, Spanel and Patterson; by request of State Board for Community and Technical Colleges

Adopting recommendations of the state board for community and technical colleges regarding the 1991 merger of community and technical colleges.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Higher Education was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 74th Day, March 27, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5503 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5503 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5503, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5511, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Hargrove, Zarelli, Haugen, Benton, Strannigan, Rasmussen, Hochstatter, Schow and Goings)

Modifying provisions relating to retention of reports of child abuse or neglect.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Children & Family Services was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Kastama spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5511 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Bill No. 5511 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5511, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5520, by Senator McCaslin

Revising provisions relating to intimidation of witnesses.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5520.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5520 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5520, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5530, by Senators Morton and Rasmussen

Defining agriculture.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 78th Day, March 31, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5530 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5530 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5530, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5538, by Senators Long, Hargrove, Zarelli, Oke and Winsley

Requiring permission before disclosing the address of a child victim or witness or the address of a parent of a child victim or witness.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa:

On page 4, after line 2, insert the following:

“(12) With respect to child victims and witnesses testifying in court, to be protected from questioning that is unreasonably embarrassing, repetitive, confusing, or otherwise unnecessary, which does not serve the interest of justice and, in the court’s view, is not likely to be helpful to the trier of fact.”

Representatives Costa and Sheahan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Ballasiotes and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5538 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5538 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5538, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5539, by Senators Oke and Horn; by request of Washington State Patrol

Changing accident report requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and O'Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5539 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5539 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5539, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5563, by Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley, Prentice, Kohl and Kline)

Regulating credit unions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 73rd Day, March 26, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5563 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5563 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5563, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5672, by Senators Strannigan, Franklin, McCaslin, Benton, Wood, Winsley, Horn, Wojahn, Kline, Kohl and Oke

Authorizing drug-free zones around public housing authority facilities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Benson, O'Brien and DeBolt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5672.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5672 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5672, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5676 and Substitute Senate Bill No. 5701, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5713, by Senators Prentice, Winsley and Hale; by request of Housing Finance Commission

Defining nonprofit corporation.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Veloria and Dunn spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5713.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5713 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5713, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5809, by Senators Fraser, Hale, Winsley and Prentice

Requiring unauthorized insurers to be financially sound.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5809.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5809 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5809, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5925, by Senator West

Conditioning the use of college credits for the teachers' salary schedule.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5925.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5925 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5925, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6046, by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senator Finkbeiner)

Creating a study by the utilities and transportation commission on universal telecommunications service.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Energy & Utilities was adopted. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 75th Day, March 28, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Crouse and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6046 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6046 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 6046, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 8, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1081,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1320,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1383,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1887,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1942,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1945,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2143,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2239,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER
The Speaker announced he was signing:

**SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1320,**

**SECOND READING**

HOUSE BILL NO. 2258, by Representatives Huff and H. Sommers

Supplemental operating budget.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2258 was substituted for House Bill No. 2258 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2258 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 466 to Substitute House Bill No. 2258 was withdrawn.

Representative Backlund moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Backlund: (474)

- On page 32, line 32, strike "378,173,000" and insert "377,920,000"
- On page 32, line 34, strike "764,770,000" and insert "764,517,000"
- On page 32, line 38, strike "1,523,216,000" and insert "1,522,710,000"

Representatives Backlund and Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Cody spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Clements moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Clements: (488)

- On page 68, line 27, after "winter of 1996-97." insert: "The amount provided in this subsection is contingent upon the enactment of Substitute House Bill No. 1478 (winter wildlife feeding). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse."

Representatives Clements and H. Sommers spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Huff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff: (486)

- On page 97, line 8, strike "50,000,000" and insert "75,000,000"
- On page 97, strike all material on lines 9 through 11

Representatives Huff and Sehlin spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative H. Sommers spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cody: (467)
On page 118, after line 14, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 804. The sum of sixty-six million two hundred thousand dollars is appropriated from the general fund to the health services account to provide continued funding of the basic health plan, Medicaid coverage for children, and other health services."

Representatives Cody and H. Sommers spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 43-YEAS; 54-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representatives Wensman, Representatives Zellinsky and Boldt were excused.

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representative Regala was excused.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 484 to Substitute House Bill No. 2258 was withdrawn.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives H. Sommers and Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2258.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2258 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 64, Nays - 31, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Regala and Zellinsky - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2258, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION
On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Wednesday, April 9, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Dominic Parker and Jennifer Chavez. Prayer was offered by Pastor Bruce Sanders, Capital Vision Christian Church, Olympia.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1320,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 8, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5175,
SENATE BILL NO. 5343,
SENATE BILL NO. 5353,
SENATE BILL NO. 5543,
SENATE BILL NO. 5688,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5721,
SENATE BILL NO. 5811,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5868,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 8, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1060,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, The Washington National Guard is composed of citizen soldiers and airmen who, in the noble and time-honored tradition of the Minutemen, stand ready to answer the call of duty; and
WHEREAS, Senior Airman Angela M. Henson, 256th Combat Communications Squadron; Staff Sergeant Duane Crockett, 256th Combat Communications Squadron; Master Sergeant Andrew C. Isaccson, Jr., 141st Air Refueling Wing; Specialist James K. Jack, Detachment One 1161st Transportation Company; and Sergeant First Class Marc Brooks of Headquarters and Headquarters Company, 1st Battalion 303rd Armor, represent the best of the best by their selection as the Washington National Guard’s Airmen and Soldiers of the Year; and
WHEREAS, These Airmen and Soldiers of the Year, through the gifts of their time and personal energies, have served the people of Washington State with honor and distinction;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor the National Guard’s Airmen and Soldiers of the Year; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives extend its gratitude to the families and employers of the Airmen and Soldiers of the Year for their continued support; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the value of a strong National Guard to the security and well-being of this state, and extend its appreciation to the eight thousand men and women who serve in the Washington National Guard; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to each of the Airmen and Soldiers of the Year, the Adjutant General of the Washington National Guard, and to the Governor of the State of "Washington.

Representative D. Schmidt moved the adoption of the resolution.

Representatives D. Schmidt, Sullivan, Skinner, D. Sommers, Chopp, Dyer and Conway spoke to the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4657 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5060, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Haugen and Roach)

Clarifying driving statutes.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5060.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5060 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Poulsen - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5060, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5650, by Senator McDonald

Allowing cities to assume jurisdiction over water or sewer districts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Government Administration was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 75th Day, March 28, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representative Poulsen was excused.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5650 and the bill held its place on third reading.

SENATE BILL NO. 5017, by Senator Roach; by request of Statute Law Committee

Making technical corrections affecting the department of financial institutions.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Smith moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Smith: (469)

On page 11, after line 18, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 48.16 RCW to read as follows:
In addition to the authority given the commissioner in RCW 48.16.070, the commissioner may designate any solvent trust company or other solvent financial institution having trust powers as the commissioner’s depositary to receive and hold any deposit of securities. Any deposit so held shall be at the expense of the insurer. Any solvent financial institution having trust powers, the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, may be designated as the commissioner’s depositary to receive and hold any deposit of funds. All funds deposited shall be fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. For purposes of this section, "solvent financial institution" means any national or state-chartered commercial bank or trust company, savings bank, or savings association, or branch or branches thereof, having trust powers located in this state and lawfully engaged in "business."

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references and the title accordingly.

Representatives Smith spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Constantine spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5017 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5017 as amended by the House and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Poulsen - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5017 as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5164 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5676, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Newhouse, Schow and Anderson)

Regulating real estate appraisers.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce and Labor was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Honeyford and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5676 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5676 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Poulsen - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5676, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Senate Bill No. 5676.

JOYCE MULLIKEN, 13th District

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5701 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.


Promoting the use of the Eddie Eagle Gun Safety Program in our schools.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 492 to Senate Joint Memorial No. 8009 was withdrawn.

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Costa: (494)

On page 1 after line 18, strike all material down to and including "State." on page 2, line 25 and insert the following:
"WHEREAS, Fortunately, education professionals, firearms safety experts, and others have developed gun safety programs designed for children in the early grades; and

WHEREAS, The Eddie Eagle Gun Safety Program developed by the National Rifle Association and the STAR program (Straight Talk about Risks) developed by the Center to Prevent Handgun Violence are two such programs that teach the fundamentals of firearms safety to children in an effective and enjoyable way, emphasizing the need to stay away from guns and to report guns to a responsible adult; and

WHEREAS, These worthwhile programs are available at nominal costs; and

WHEREAS, Teaching children to act safely around firearms is a critical step in the effort to reduce the number of firearms accidents among children;

NOW, THEREFORE, Your Memorialists respectfully pray that the school districts of the State of Washington promote the use of gun safety programs in our schools to help prevent firearms accidents among children.

BE IT RESOLVED, That copies of this Memorial be immediately transmitted to the Honorable Terry Bergeson, Superintendent of Public Instruction, and to the Superintendent of each public school district in Washington "State."

Representatives Costa, Mason, Dickerson and Regala spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Sterk, Sheldon and Johnson spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel, Cole and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Joint Memorial No. 8009.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Joint Memorial No. 8009 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yea - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Poulsen - 1.

Senate Joint Memorial No. 8009, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5002, by Substitute Senate Committee on Higher Education (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Bauer, Sheldon, Winsley, Kohl, McAuliffe and Rasmussen)
Creating the cross-sector network advisory committee to advise on K-20 educational telecommunications network technical and policy planning.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Higher Education was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 79th Day, April 1, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Carlson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5002 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5002 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 8, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5002, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5003, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Loveland, McDonald, Sheldon, Winsley, Goings, Deccio, Rasmussen, Hale, Stevens, Johnson, McCaslin, Rossi, Oke, Zarelli and Roach)

Providing property tax exemptions for property with an assessed value of less than five hundred dollars.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment the Committee on Finance was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5003 as amended by the House.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5003 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representative Dickerson - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5003, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5003.

MARY LOU DICKERSON, 36th District

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5047 and Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5077, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen, Newhouse and Loveland)

Requiring integrated pest management.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5077 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5077 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5077, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5112, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Winsley)

Providing property tax refund interest from the date of collection.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5112.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5112 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representative Dunn - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5112, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5118, by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators McAuliffe, Hargrove, Winsley, Long and Sheldon)

Changing school truancy petition provisions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5118.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5118 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5118, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5133 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5140, by Senators Long, Zarelli, Schow, Kohl, Franklin, Hargrove and Winsley; by request of Department of Corrections

Revising provisions relating to community placement of offenders.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes and O’Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5140.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5140 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5140, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5155, by Senators Horn, Heavey and Prince
Adjusting vehicle width limits.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and O’Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5155.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5155 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5155, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5173, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Prentice and Horn; by request of Liquor Control Board)

Improving the liquor license schematic of the state of Washington.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Honeyford and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5173 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5173 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5173, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5188 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5191, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Goings, Roach, Haugen, Schow, Oke, Winsley and Rasmussen)

Increasing penalties for methamphetamine crimes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes and O'Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5191.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5191 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5191, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5218, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Fraser, Winsley, Long, Bauer, Franklin, Roach and Loveland; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy)

Placing restrictions on postretirement employment.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Carlson and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5218 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5218 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5218, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SPEAKER’S RULING

Mr. Speaker: Representative Dickerson, the Speaker is prepared to rule on your Point of Order which challenges Amendment 465 to Senate Bill No. 5151 as being beyond the Scope and Object of the bill.

The title of Senate Bill No. 5151 is "AN ACT Relating to civil jurisdiction of district courts." The title is somewhat broad. Senate Bill No. 5151 amends RCW 3.66.020.

Senate Bill No. 5151 raises the district court’s jurisdictional amount over civil cases from $25,000 to $35,000.

Amendment 465 amends RCW 13.04.030 and adds a new section to chapter 28A.225 RCW. The amendment gives district courts concurrent original jurisdiction with juvenile courts over all proceedings involving truancy petitions.

Senate Bill No. 5151 deals solely with raising the monetary value of a claim in civil cases in order for a district court to take jurisdiction over the matter. Amendment 465 would give district courts certain jurisdiction over juvenile offenders in cases currently limited to superior court jurisdiction.

The Speaker finds that Amendment 465 is beyond the scope and object of the bill.

Representative Dickerson, your Point of Order is well taken.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5151 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5151 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5151, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Lisk, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that rules be suspended, and that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5112. The motion was carried.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5112 on reconsideration.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5112 as amended by the House on reconsideration and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5112, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5220, by Senators Long, Fraser, Winsley, Bauer, Franklin and Patterson; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy
Establishing minimum benefits on the Washington state patrol retirement system.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5220.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5220 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5220, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5221, by Senators Long, Winsley, Fraser, Bauer, Franklin and Patterson; by request of Joint Committee on Pension Policy

Specifying eligibility for survivor benefits.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5221.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5221 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Senate Bill No. 5221, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5243, by Senators Oke, Rasmussen, Winsley, Morton, Benton, Prince, Stevens, Horn, Zarelli, Long, Roach, Swecker, Deccio, McCaslin, Hale, Sellar, Johnson, Bauer, McAuliffe and Haugen

Exempting disabled veterans from reservation fees for state parks.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5243.

ROLL CALL


Senate Bill No. 5243, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5266, Senate Bill No. 5283, Senate Bill No. 5284, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5286, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5290, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5295, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5318, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Haugen, Winsley and Goings)

Preserving writs of restitution when partial payment is accepted.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representative Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5318 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5318 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5318, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5327, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Morton, Loveland, Rossi, Stevens, Snyder and Oke)

Creating a habitat incentive program through the department of fish and wildlife.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Natural Resources was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5327 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5327 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5327, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5341, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Sheldon and Rasmussen)

Revising authority of the Washington economic development authority to finance projects.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Trade & Economic Development was before the House for purpose of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Morris moved the adoption of the following amendment (490) to the committee amendment:

On page 2, line 19, after "financing" strike "((for the project costs for no more than five economic development activities)" and insert "(for the project costs for ((no more than five)) economic development activities)"

Representatives Morris and Honeyford spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final adoption of the committee amendment as amended to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5341.

The committee amendment as amended was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Honeyford and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5341 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5341 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5341, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5354 and the held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5360, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Anderson, Spanel, Swecker, Haugen, Oke, Snyder and Kline)

Providing commercial salmon fishers with a license renewal process when they opt to not renew for a season.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5360.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5360 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5360, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5361, by Senators Wood, Haugen, Prince, Goings, Horn, Patterson, Benton and Winsley

Regulating charter use of Washington state ferries.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget was adopted. (For Committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Radcliff and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5361 as amended by the House.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5361 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Constantine and Poulsen - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5361, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5368 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5380, by Senators Horn, Haugen, Benton, Franklin, Zarelli and Bauer

Raising the maximum per diem for boundary review board members.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wensman and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5380.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5380 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5380, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5422, by Senators Schow, Newhouse, Prentice and Horn; by request of Gambling Commission
Updating professional gambling definitions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5422.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5422 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5422, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, The Washington State Legislature has designated that the second Wednesday in April each year is celebrated as Arbor Day; and

WHEREAS, Arbor Day is a day to recognize our state tree, the western hemlock, and state flower, the rhododendron; and

WHEREAS, Arbor Day is a traditional day for the planting of trees and shrubs by citizens in the state of Washington; and

WHEREAS, Arbor Day has been celebrated in Washington since 1917 when Governor Ernest Lister conducted the first official observance; and

WHEREAS, Nurseries, orchards, tree farms, public and private forests, horticulturists, and home orchards and gardens all add to the beauty and vigor of our state; and

WHEREAS, Arbor Day focuses community attention on planting trees while educating school children and community groups about the value of trees; and

WHEREAS, Arbor Day is a symbolic day to recognize the importance of trees and shrubs to the environment, in neighborhoods and communities, in the state’s agricultural and timber-based economy, and the importance of continued regeneration of our renewable resources; and

WHEREAS, The state of Washington is appropriately called the Evergreen State due to the existence and special significance that trees and plants contribute to our jobs, natural beauty, environment, and quality of life to our citizens; and

WHEREAS, By observing Arbor Day every year the citizens of the state can show their appreciation for the state’s natural resources, the full range of benefits that are provided from trees and shrubs in the state, and the importance of planting trees and shrubs throughout the year; and
WHEREAS, The Community and Urban Forestry Council was established by the legislature in 1991 to empower communities to preserve, plant, and maintain trees in their communities; and
WHEREAS, Currently cities in Washington are recognized as Tree City USA cities; and
WHEREAS, October is the preferred month for the care and planting of many species of trees;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives proclaim April 9, 1997, as Arbor Day and encourage residents to plant a tree or shrub and celebrate this day and also proclaim the month of October as Urban and Community Forestry month and urge residents to celebrate by planting and caring for trees, and by identifying significant and historic trees in their "community.

Representative Lisk moved adoption of the resolution and spoke in favor of it's adoption.

House Resolution No. 4651 was adopted.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker: It is my pleasure to introduce Bruce Briggs, owner of Briggs Nursery in Olympia. In 1912, Orson Briggs began a family business selling fruits and vegetables. Eighty-five years later under the leadership of his son, Bruce, and Bruce’s son Gary, Briggs Nursery has grown to be the largest wholesale nursery in Western Washington. It is renowned worldwide for its research and development of new hybrids of plants, especially rhododendrons, Washington’s state flower. Rhododendrons provided to each of the members by the Arbor Day Council are new hybrids from Germany, called Barnstead. Briggs Nursery is the exclusive grower in the United States.

Mr. Briggs, thank you for your long standing leadership in the state’s agricultural industry and for the flowers.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5286, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Benton, West, McCaslin, Wood, Prince, Roach, McDonald, Hale, Sellar, Anderson, Deccio, Johnson, Oke, Morton, Zarelli, Swecker, Hochstatter, Schow and Strannigan)

Clarifying the taxation of intangible personal property.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Finance was before the House for purpose of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment (501) to the committee amendment:

On page 1, beginning on line 7, strike all of section 1 and insert: "Sec. 1. RCW 84.40.030 and 1994 c 124 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:
All property shall be valued at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and assessed on the same basis unless specifically provided otherwise by law.
Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such price as they would bring at a fair, voluntary sale for cash without any deductions for any indebtedness owed including rentals to be paid.
The true and fair value of real property for taxation purposes (including property upon which there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry) shall be based upon the following criteria:
Any sales of the property being appraised or similar properties with respect to sales made within the past five years. The appraisal shall be consistent with the comprehensive land use plan, development regulations under chapter 36.70A RCW, zoning, and any other governmental policies or practices in effect at the time of appraisal that affect the use of property, as well as physical and environmental influences. The appraisal shall also take into account: (a) In the use of sales by real estate contract as similar sales, the extent, if any, to which the stated selling price has been increased by reason of the down payment, interest rate, or other financing terms; and (b) the extent to which the sale of a similar property actually represents the general effective market demand for property of such type, in the geographical area in which such property is located. Sales involving deed releases or similar seller-developer financing arrangements shall not be used as sales of similar property.

In addition to sales as defined in subsection (1), consideration may be given to cost, cost less depreciation, reconstruction cost less depreciation, or capitalization of income that would be derived from prudent use of the property. In the case of property of a complex nature, or being used under terms of a franchise from a public agency, or operating as a public utility, or property not having a record of sale within five years and not having a significant number of sales of similar property in the general area, the provisions of this subsection (2) shall be the dominant factors in valuation. When provisions of this subsection (2) are relied upon for establishing values the property owner shall be advised upon request of the factors used in arriving at such value.

In valuing any tract or parcel of real property, the value of the land, exclusive of structures thereon shall be determined; also the value of structures thereon, but the valuation shall not exceed the value of the total property as it exists. In valuing agricultural land, growing crops shall be excluded.

In valuing property, intangible personal property shall not be valued separately.

Sec. 2. RCW 84.40.040 and 1988 c 222 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

The assessor shall begin the preliminary work for each assessment not later than the first day of December of each year in all counties in the state. The assessor shall also complete the duties of listing and placing valuations on all property by May 31st of each year, (except that the listing and valuation of construction under RCW 36.21.040 through 36.21.080 shall be completed by August 31st of each year,) and in the following manner, to wit:

The assessor shall actually determine as nearly as practicable the true and fair value of each tract or lot of land listed for taxation and of each improvement located thereon and shall enter one hundred percent of the value of such land and of the total value of such improvements, together with the total of such one hundred percent valuations, opposite each description of property on the assessment list and tax roll.

The assessor shall make an alphabetical list of the names of all persons in the county liable to assessment of personal property, and require each person to make a correct list and statement of such property according to the standard form prescribed by the department of revenue, which statement and list shall include, if required by the form, the year of acquisition and total original cost of tangible personal property in each category of the prescribed form, and shall be signed and verified under penalty of perjury by the person listing the property: PROVIDED, That the assessor may list and value improvements on publicly owned land in the same manner as real property is listed and valued, including conformance with the revaluation program required under chapter 84.41 RCW. Such list and statement shall be filed on or before the last day of April. The assessor shall on or before the 1st day of January of each year mail a notice to all such persons at their last known address that such statement and list is required, such notice to be accompanied by the form on which the statement or list is to be made: PROVIDED, That the notice mailed by the assessor to each taxpayer each year shall, if practicable, include the statement and list of personal property of the taxpayer for the preceding year. Upon receipt of such statement and list the assessor shall thereupon determine the true and fair value of the property included in such statement and enter one hundred percent of the same on the assessment roll opposite the name of the party assessed; and in making such entry in the assessment list, the assessor shall give the name and post office address of the party listing the property, and if the party resides in a city the assessor shall give the street and number or other brief description of the party’s residence or place of business. The assessor may, after giving written notice of the action to the person to be assessed, add to the assessment list any taxable property which should be included in such list.

The assessor shall not require a taxpayer to report intangible personal "property."
Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

On page 2, line 24, strike "1999" and insert "1998"

Representatives Dunshee, Morris and Dickerson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representatives B. Thomas, Pennington and Carrell spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment (501) to the committee amendment on page 1, line 7.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (501) to the committee amendment on page 1, line 7, to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5286 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment (502) to the committee amendment:

On page 2, after line 4 of the amendment, strike all of section 7 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The department of revenue shall by December 1, 2000, submit to the house of representatives finance committee, the senate ways and means committee, and the governor’s office a report on the tax shifts and losses and a report of any litigation filed or property tax payments made under protest because of this act. Based on the data collected to prepare these reports, the department shall include in the reports a recommendation as to whether this act has had the desired effects and should continue to be law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed, effective December 31, 2001:

(1) 1997 c . . . s 1 (section 1 of this act);
(2) 1997 c . . . s 3 (section 3 of this act);
(3) 1997 c . . . s 4 (section 4 of this act);
(4) 1997 c . . . s 5 (section 5 of this act); and
(5) 1997 c . . . s 6 (section 6 of this act)."

Correct the title.

Representatives Dunshee, Kastama and Morris spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.
Representatives B. Thomas, Pennington and Zellinsky spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment (502) to the committee amendment on page 2, line 4.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (502) to the committee amendment on page 2, line 4, and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Pennington, Mulliken, Schoesler and Wensman spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Gardner, Dickerson, Conway, DeBolt and Mason spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative B. Thomas again spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee again spoke against passage of the bill.

**COLLOQUY**

Representative Kessler asked if Representative Pennington would yield to a question. He indicated he would.

Representative Kessler: Section (1), subsection (4), of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill 5286 allows assessing officials to, in an appropriate manner, consider permits, licenses, or franchises granted by a government agency that affect the use of real and tangible personal property. Is it the intent of this language to allow assessing officials the ability to consider the permits, licenses, or franchises granted by a government agency strictly to determine a taxable property’s specific use for assessment purposes?

Representative Pennington: Yes, it is.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5286 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5286 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 71, Nays - 27, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5286, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5483, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Johnson, Oke, Snyder, Prentice, Kohl, Rossi, Spanel, Swecker and Schow)

Licensing whitewater river outfitters.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Natural Resources was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck, Butler, Talcott and Sheldon spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Sherstad spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5483 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5483 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 87, Nays - 11, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5442, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Loveland, Anderson, Stevens, Haugen, Prince, Hale, Franklin, Sheldon, Benton, Rasmussen and Zarelli)

Permitting expedited flood repairs during flooding emergencies.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5442 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5442 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5442, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5448, by Senators Deccio, Wojahn, Wood and Fairley

Merging the health professions account and the medical disciplinary account.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5448.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5448 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5448, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5468, by Senators Rasmussen, Morton, Fraser, Newhouse, Oke and Jacobsen

Promoting beekeeping operations.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was before the House for purpose of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Clements moved the adoption of the following amendment (510) to the committee amendment.

On page 3, after line 26 of the committee amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION, Sec. 6. The apiary advisory committee established under RCW 15.60.010 shall, in consultation with the director of agriculture, examine means of offsetting the reduction in revenues to the industry apiary program account resulting from the amendments to RCW 15.60.040 made by section 5 of this act by providing alternative revenues to the account from sources within the apiary industry. Any recommendation of the committee shall be made to the house agriculture and ecology committee and the senate agriculture and environment committee by December 1, 1997, in the form of legislation providing such offsetting revenues. Any alternative source or sources of revenues included in such a recommendation shall be exclusively from sources within the apiary industry and shall not be in the form of state fees imposed upon other segments of the agricultural community."

Representatives Clements and Cooper spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment (510) to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5468 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5468 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representative Morris - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5468, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5470, by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi, Hargrove, Benton, Sellar, Morton, Winsley, Finkbeiner, Oke, Hochstatter, Long, Swecker, Johnson, Zarelli and Strannigan)

Doubling penalties for passing school buses.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mitchell and Blalock spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5470.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5470 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5470, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
SENATE BILL NO. 5484, by Senators Hale and Loveland

Revising regulation of swimming pools.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Health Care was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hankins and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5484 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5484 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 72, Nays - 26, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5484, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5486, by Senators Morton, Snyder and Prince; by request of County Road Administration Board

Revising eligibility for rural arterial programs.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Murray and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5486.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5486 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5486, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5491, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Swecker, Strannigan, Schow and Hochstatter)

Revising provisions for termination of parent and child relationship.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Children & Family Services was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5507, by Senators Prince, Hochstatter, Morton and Rasmussen

Allowing the holder of a juvenile agricultural driving permit to participate in school traffic safety classes.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mitchell and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5507.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5507 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5507, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5762, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Heavey, West, Schow, Deccio, Rasmussen, Brown, McCaslin and Goings)

Benefitting the equine industry.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Trade & Economic Development was before the House for purpose of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Wood moved the adoption of the following amendment (498) to the committee amendment:

On page 2, line 9, after "continue" insert ", which shall include some days in at least three of the months of April, May, June, July, August, and September,"

Representative Wood spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representative Wood moved the adoption of the following amendment (499) to the committee amendment:

On page 7, line 23, after "status." insert "The commission must permit otherwise qualified racing organizations conducting live racing meets in this state in either calendar year 1996 or 1997, or both, to maintain class I racing association status."
Representative Wood spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment.

Representatives Clements and Cody spoke against adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 500 to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5762 was withdrawn.

Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment (513) to the committee amendment:

On page 8, beginning on line 1, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall conduct an evaluation to determine the extent to which this act has achieved the following outcomes:
(a) The extent to which purses at Emerald Downs, Playfair, and Yakima Meadows have increased as a result of the provisions of this act;
(b) The extent to which attendance at Emerald Downs, Playfair, and Yakima Meadows has increased specifically as a result of the provisions of this act;
(c) The extent to which the breeding of horses in this state has increased specifically related to the provisions of this act;
(d) The extent to which the number of horses running at Emerald Downs, Playfair, and Yakima Meadows has increased specifically as a result of the provisions of this act;
(e) The extent to which nonprofit race tracks in this state have benefitted from this act including the removal of the cap on the non-profit race meet purse fund; and
(f) The extent to which Emerald Downs, Playfair, and Yakima Meadows are capable of remaining economically viable given the provisions of this act and the increase in competition for gambling or entertainment dollars.
(2) The joint legislative audit and review committee may provide recommendations to the legislature concerning modifications that could be made to existing state laws to improve the ability of the act to meet the above intended goals.
(3) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall complete a report on its finding by June 30, 2000. The report shall be provided to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 2000."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, correct the title of the bill.

Representatives Van Luven and Veloria spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the committee amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Van Luven, Veloria, L. Thomas, Schoesler, Wood, Robertson, Sheldon, Clements, Cody and Lisk spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

COLLOQUY

Representative Cody asked if Representative Lisk would yield to a question.

Representative Cody: Does Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5762 open up Tribal-State compacts for Class III gaming for re-negotiation purposes or amend tribal-state compacts in any way?
Representative Lisk: No. Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5762 is intended to protect the Washington equine breeding and racing industries, and to promote live horse racing and fan attendance at Class I racing facilities. Imported simulcast race card programs may not be disseminated to any location outside the live racing facility of the Class I racing association.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5762 is not intended to establish a new form of gaming in Washington or allow expanded gaming within the State beyond what has been previously authorized. Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5762 does not open up Tribal-State compacts for Class III gaming for re-negotiation purposes or amend or impact Tribal-State compacts in any way.

Representative Smith spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5762 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5762 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 84, Nays - 14, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Bush, Chopp, Cole, Conway, Cooper, Dickerson, Keiser, Kenney, Lantz, Pennington, Smith, Sullivan, Talcott and Mr. Speaker - 14.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5762, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5512, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Hargrove, Benton, Haugen, Strannigan, Hochstatter, Rasmussen, Schow and Oke)

Prohibiting requiring the admission of guilt to receive treatment in child abuse and neglect.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Children & Family Services was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5512 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5512 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5512, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5513, by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Oke, Spanel, Wood and Horn)

Providing exceptions from vessel registration.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Zellinsky and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5513.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5513 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5513, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5521, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Haugen)

Authorizing a county research service.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Talcott, Representative Van Luven was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5521 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5521 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Van Luven - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5521, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5529, by Senate Committee on Law and Justice (originally sponsored by Senator Kohl

Requires a landlord to provide a receipt for a payment, if requested.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5529.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5529 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Voting nay: Representative Honeyford - 1.
Excused: Representative Van Luven - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5529, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5554 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5560, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Prentice, Snyder, Anderson and Horn)

Changing social card game provisions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5560.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5560 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Van Luven - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5560, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5562, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Prentice, Wojahn and Deccio)

Revising provisions relating to the involuntary commitment of mentally ill persons.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McDonald and Kastama spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5562.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5562 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Boldt - 1.

Excused: Representative Van Luven - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5562, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5570, by Senators Newhouse, Schow, Horn, Heavey, Franklin, Fraser and Oke; by request of Joint Task Force on Nonpayment of Employer Obligations

Expanding tax evasion penalties.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce and Labor was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5570 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5570 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clemens, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Senate Bill No. 5570, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of the following bills: House Bill No. 1850, House Bill No. 2264, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5079, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082, Senate Bill No. 5139, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5177, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5178, Senate Bill No. 5253, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5313, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5347, Senate Bill No. 5383, Senate Bill No. 5395, Senate Bill No. 5439, Senate Bill No. 5452, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5508, Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5514, Senate Bill No. 5519, Senate Bill No. 5551, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5578, Senate Bill No. 5637, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5664, Senate Bill No. 5681, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5715, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5768, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5903, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5970, Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7900, House Bill No. 2279, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5056, Senate Bill No. 5111, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5121, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127, Senate Bill No. 5181, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5230, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5334, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5359, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5727, Senate Bill No. 5804, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 6002, Senate Bill No. 6004, which were placed on the next day's second reading calendar.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5071, by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Haugen and Hochstatter; by request of Board of Education)

Changing provisions relating to territory included in city and town boundary extensions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was not adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 81st Day, April 3, 1997.)

Representative Cole moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cole:

On page 1, after line 4 of the amendment, strike sections 1 through 5 and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 28A.315.250 and 1985 c 385 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

Each incorporated city or town in the state shall be comprised in one school district:

PROVIDED, That nothing in this section shall be construed: (1) To prevent the extension of the boundaries of a school district beyond the limits of the city or town contained therein, or (2) to prevent the inclusion of two or more incorporated cities or towns in a single school district, or (3) to change or disturb the boundaries of any school district organized prior to the incorporation of any city or town, except as hereafter in this section provided.

In case all or any part of a school district that operates a school or schools on one site only or operates elementary schools only on two or more sites is included in an incorporated city or town through the extension of the limits of such city or town in the manner provided by law, the (educational service district superintendent shall: (1) Declare) regional committee may, in its discretion, prepare a proposal for transfer of any part or all of the territory so included to (be a part
of) the school district containing the city or town and ((2)), whenever a part of a district so included contains a school building of the district, ((present to the regional committee a proposal)) for the disposition of any part or all of the remaining territory of the district.

In case of the extension of the limits of a town to include territory lying in a school district that operates on more than one site one or more elementary schools and one or more junior high schools or high schools, the regional committee ((shall)) may, in its discretion, prepare a proposal or proposals for annexation to the school district in which the town is located any part or all of the territory aforesaid which has been included in the town and for annexation to the school district in which the town is located or to some other school district or districts any part or all of the remaining territory of the school district affected by extension of the limits of the town: PROVIDED. That where no school or school site is located within the territory annexed to the town and not less than seventy-five percent of the registered voters residing within the annexed territory present a petition in writing for annexation and transfer of said territory to the school district in which the town is located, the educational service district superintendent shall declare the territory so included to be a part of the school district containing said town: PROVIDED FURTHER. That territory approved for annexation to a city or town by vote of the electors residing therein prior to January 12, 1953, shall not be subject to the provisions herein respecting annexation to a school district or school districts: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That the provisions and procedural requirements of this chapter as now or hereafter amended not in conflict with or inconsistent with the provisions hereinabove in this section stated shall apply in the case of any proposal or proposals (1) for the alteration of the boundaries of school districts through and by means of annexation of territory as aforesaid, and (2) for the adjustment of the assets and liabilities of the school districts involved or affected thereby.

In case of the incorporation of a city or town containing territory lying in two or more school districts or of the uniting of two or more cities or towns not located in the same school district, the educational service district superintendent, except where the incorporation or consolidation would affect a district or districts of the first class, shall: (1) Order and declare to be established in each such case a single school district comprising all of the school districts involved, and (2) designate each such district by name and by a number different from that of any other district in existence in the county.

The educational service district superintendent shall fix as the effective date of any declaration or order required under this section a date no later than the first day of September next succeeding the date of the issuance of such declaration or order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall undertake a comprehensive study of the current laws and state board of education's rules governing school district organization. In conducting the study, the committee shall seek input from the state board of education, the superintendent of public instruction, the educational service districts, the regional committees on school district organization, the Washington state school directors' association, representatives of cities, towns, and counties, and citizens.

(2) The purpose of the study under subsection (1) of this section is to determine if the existing procedures and requirements for school district organization are adequate and appropriate.

(3) The committee shall submit a report on the study to the legislature by December 1, 1997. The report shall include any recommendations for statutory changes and shall indicate whether the fundamental goal of the state's school district organization policy should be to support community and neighborhood schools and parental involvement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

" On page 5, after line 28, strike everything through "sections." on page 5, line 31 and insert "Correct the title"

Representatives Cole, Appelwick and Keiser spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Talcott and Johnson spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.
Representative Talcott moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Talcott: (509)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds the following:

(1) The existing statutory provisions requiring an automatic transfer of territory from one school district to another when a city or town extends its boundaries through annexation of unincorporated territory is archaic, and that such school district transfers should not be automatic;

(2) Some current procedural requirements unduly restrict the ability of the state board of education to respond more flexibly to any given proposed transfer of territory;

(3) Consistent with the goal of growth management that public services and facilities necessary to support development be available without a decrease in service levels, citizens should have the opportunity to be heard on whether all land in a planned community which includes industrial, commercial, and residential sites should be in the same school district; and

(4) The current laws and rules governing school district organization are outdated and in need of a comprehensive review.

Sec. 2. RCW 28A.315.250 and 1985 c 385 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

Each incorporated city or town in the state shall be comprised in one school district:

PROVIDED, That nothing in this section shall be construed: (1) To prevent the extension of the boundaries of a school district beyond the limits of the city or town contained therein, or (2) to prevent the inclusion of two or more incorporated cities or towns in a single school district, or (3) to change or disturb the boundaries of any school district organized prior to the incorporation of any city or town, except as hereafter in this section provided.

In case all or any part of a school district that operates a school or schools on one site only or operates elementary schools only on two or more sites is included in an incorporated city or town through the extension of the limits of such city or town in the manner provided by law, the regional committee may, in its discretion, prepare a proposal for transfer of any part or all of the territory so included to the school district containing the city or town and, whenever a part of a district so included contains a school building of the district, for the disposition of any part or all of the remaining territory of the district.

In case of the extension of the limits of a town to include territory lying in a school district that operates on more than one site one or more elementary schools and one or more junior high schools or high schools, the regional committee may, in its discretion, prepare a proposal or proposals for annexation to the school district in which the town is located any part or all of the territory aforesaid which has been included in the town and for annexation to the school district in which the town is located or to some other school district or districts any part or all of the remaining territory of the school district affected by extension of the limits of the town: PROVIDED, That where no school or school site is located within the territory annexed to the town and not less than seventy-five percent of the registered voters residing within the annexed territory present a petition in writing for annexation and transfer of said territory to the school district in which the town is located, the educational service district superintendent shall declare the territory so included to be a part of the school district containing said town: PROVIDED FURTHER, That territory approved for annexation to a city or town by vote of the electors residing therein prior to January 12, 1953, shall not be subject to the provisions herein respecting annexation to a school district or school districts: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That the provisions and procedural requirements of this chapter as now or hereafter amended not in conflict with or inconsistent with the provisions hereinafore in this section stated shall apply in the case of any proposal or proposals (1) for the alteration of the boundaries of school districts through and by means of annexation of territory as aforesaid, and (2) for the adjustment of the assets and liabilities of the school districts involved or affected thereby.

In case of the incorporation of a city or town containing territory lying in two or more school districts or of the uniting of two or more cities or towns not located in the same school district, the educational service district superintendent, except where the incorporation or consolidation would affect a district or districts of the first class, shall: (1) Order and declare to be established in each such case a single school district comprising all of the school districts involved, and (2) designate each such district by name and by a number different from that of any other district in existence in the county.
The educational service district superintendent shall fix as the effective date of any declaration or order required under this section a date no later than the first day of September next succeeding the date of the issuance of such declaration or order.

Sec. 3. RCW 28A.315.140 and 1990 c 33 s 300 are each amended to read as follows:

The powers and duties of the state board with respect to this chapter shall be:

(1) To aid regional committees in the performance of their duties by furnishing them with plans of procedure, standards, data, maps, forms, and other necessary materials and services essential to a study and understanding of the problems of school district organization in their respective educational service districts.

(2) To receive, file, and examine the proposals and the maps, reports, records, and other materials relating thereto submitted by regional committees and to approve such proposals and so notify the regional committees when said proposals are found to provide for satisfactory improvement in the school district system of the counties and the state and for an equitable adjustment of the assets and liabilities, including bonded indebtedness and excess tax levies as authorized under RCW 28A.315.110(2), of the school districts involved or affected: PROVIDED, That whenever (the state board approves a recommendation from a regional committee for the transfer of territory from one school district to another school district, such state board approval must be made not later than March 1 of any given year for implementation the school year immediately following: PROVIDED FURTHER, That whenever such proposals are found by the state board to be unsatisfactory or inequitable, the board shall so notify the regional committee and, upon request, assist the committee in making revisions which revisions shall be resubmitted within sixty days after such notification for reconsideration and approval or disapproval. The regional committee may request, and the state board is authorized to grant, an extension of the sixty days. The duration of the extension shall be set by the state board. Implementation of state board-approved transfers of territory from one school district to another school district shall become effective at the commencement of the next school year unless an earlier or later implementation date is agreed upon in writing by the boards of directors of the affected school districts and approved by the state board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) On its own motion, or in response to a petition by a school district, the state board of education may modify the boundaries of two school districts if one of the school districts includes territory located in a city or town with a population of less than three thousand and one of the school districts borders a United States military reservation or includes territory located in a United States military reservation. If a petition is filed by such a school district, the state board must make a decision on the potential modification of school district boundaries within ninety days of the filing of the petition. Prior to making any decision on the modification of such boundaries, the state board of education shall hold at least one local public hearing on the issue. The state board shall render a written decision on any petition within ninety calendar days of the date the petition is filed that includes its rationale for the decision.

(2) The state board of education shall report its written decision regarding actions taken under this section to the house and senate education committees.

(3) This section shall expire June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall undertake a comprehensive study of the current laws and state board of education’s rules governing school district organization. In conducting the study the committee shall seek input from the state board of education, the superintendent of public instruction, the educational service districts, the regional committees on school district organization, the Washington state school directors’ association, representatives of cities, towns, and counties, and citizens.

(2) The purpose of the study under subsection (1) is to determine if the existing procedures and requirements for school district organization are adequate and appropriate.

(3) The committee shall submit a report on the study to the legislature by January 12, 1998. The report shall include any recommendations for statutory changes and shall indicate whether the fundamental goal of the state’s school district organization policy should be to support community/neighborhood schools and parental involvement.

(4) Beginning the effective date of this act and through June 30, 1998, there shall be a moratorium on proposed changes to school district boundaries that would be new proposals as of the
effective date of this act. Proposals already submitted to a regional committee and/or the state board of education shall not be affected by the moratorium.

(5) Section 4 of this act is not subject to the moratorium under subsection (4) of this section."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "extensions;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28A.315.250; amending RCW 28A.315.140; and creating new sections".

Representatives Talcott, Quall, Carrell, Johnson and Smith spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Cole, Keiser and Appelwick spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 50-YEAS; 45-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 497 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071 was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Talcott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cole spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 51, Nays - 46, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Van Luven - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071.

MARK DOUMIT, 19th District

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.
INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

SSB 5175 by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen, Hochstatter, Goings and Roach; by request of Department of Revenue)

Revising the business and occupation tax on the handling of hay, alfalfa, and seed.

SB 5343 by Senators Sellar and Prentice

Defining the location of a retail sale by a towing service operator as the place of business.

SB 5353 by Senators Benton, Wood, Brown, Rossi, Stevens and Winsley

Limiting the tax exemption for motor vehicles.

SB 5543 by Senators Snyder, West, Bauer, Zarelli, Oke and Fraser; by request of Department of Revenue

Deferring sales and use tax for rentals of machinery and equipment used in the installation and construction of investment projects in distressed areas.

SB 5688 by Senators Strannigan and Johnson

Paying the business and occupation tax by property management companies for on-site employees.

SSB 5721 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Anderson, Spanel and McDonald)

Providing tax exemptions for bare-boat charters.

SB 5811 by Senators Roach, Schow and Fairley; by request of Department of Labor & Industries

Including foreign terrorism in the definition of criminal act for the purposes of crime victim compensation and assistance.

SSB 5868 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Sellar)

Classifying producers of aluminum master alloys as processors for hire for business and occupation tax purposes.

There being no objection, the House deferred action on the day’s introduction sheet.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Robertson, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, April 10, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
1060  (Sub)  
     Messages 1
1098  
     Messages 1
1120  (Sub)  
     Messages 1
1187  
     Messages 1
1320  (Sub)  
     Messages 1
1393  (Sub)  
     Messages 1
1452  
     Messages 1
1514  
     Messages 2
1651  
     Messages 2
1813  (Sub)  
     Messages 2
1850  
     Other Action 41
2093  
     Messages 2
2264  
     Other Action 41
2279  
     Other Action 41
4651  Honoring Arbor Day  
     Introduced 22  
     Adopted 23
4657  Honoring the Washington National Guard  
     Introduced 2  
     Adopted 2
5002  (Sub)  
     Second Reading Amendment 7  
     Third Reading Final Passage 7
5003  (Sub)  
     Second Reading Amendment 7  
     Third Reading Final Passage 8
5017  
     Second Reading Amendment 3  
     Third Reading Final Passage 4
5047  
     Other Action 8
5056  (Sub)  
     Other Action 41
5060  (Sub)  
     Second Reading 2  
     Third Reading Final Passage 3
5071  (Sub)  
     Second Reading Amendment 42  
     Third Reading Final Passage 46  
     Other Action 8
5077  (Sub)  
     Second Reading Amendment 8  
     Third Reading Final Passage 9
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Third Reading Final Passage 16
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Second Reading 16
Third Reading Final Passage 17
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Other Action 41
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Other Action 17
5283
Other Action 17
5284
Other Action 17
5286  (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 23
  Third Reading Final Passage 27
  Other Action 17
5290  (Sub)
  Other Action 17
5295  (Sub)
  Other Action 17
5313  (2nd Sub)
  Other Action 41
5318  (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 17
  Third Reading Final Passage 27
  Other Action 17
5327  (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 18
  Third Reading Final Passage 19
5334  (Sub)
  Other Action 41
5341  (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 19
  Third Reading Final Passage 20
5343
Other Action 47
  Messages 1
5347  (Sub)
  Other Action 41
5353
Other Action 47
  Messages 1
5354
Other Action 20
5359  (Sub)
  Other Action 41
5360  (Sub)
  Second Reading 20
  Third Reading Final Passage 20
5361
Second Reading Amendment 20
  Third Reading Final Passage 21
5368
Other Action 21
5380
Second Reading 21
Third Reading Final Passage 22
5383
Other Action 41
5395
Other Action 41
5422
Second Reading 22
Third Reading Final Passage 22
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Other Action 41
5442 (2nd Sub)
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Third Reading Final Passage 29
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Second Reading 29
Third Reading Final Passage 30
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Other Action 41
5462 (Sub)
Other Action 41
5468
Second Reading Amendment 30
Third Reading Final Passage 31
5470 (Sub)
Second Reading 31
Third Reading Final Passage 31
5483 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 28
Third Reading Final Passage 28
5484
Second Reading Amendment 31
Third Reading Final Passage 32
5486
Second Reading 32
Third Reading Final Passage 33
5491 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 33
Third Reading Final Passage 33
5507
Second Reading 33
Third Reading Final Passage 34
5508 (2nd Sub)
Other Action 41
5512 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 36
Third Reading Final Passage 37
5513 (Sub)
Second Reading 37
Third Reading Final Passage 38
5514
Other Action 41
5519
Other Action 41
5521 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 38
Third Reading Final Passage 39
5529 (Sub)
  Second Reading 39
  Third Reading Final Passage 39
5543
  Other Action 47
  Messages 1
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  Other Action 41
5554
  Other Action 39
5560 (Sub)
  Second Reading 39
  Third Reading Final Passage 40
5562 (Sub)
  Second Reading 40
  Third Reading Final Passage 41
5570
  Second Reading Amendment 41
  Third Reading Final Passage 41
5578 (Sub)
  Other Action 41
5637
  Other Action 41
5650
  Second Reading 3
  Other Action 3
5664 (Sub)
  Other Action 41
5676 (Sub)
  Second Reading 5
  Third Reading Final Passage 5
5681
  Other Action 41
5688
  Other Action 47
  Messages 1
5701 (Sub)
  Other Action 5
5715 (Sub)
  Other Action 41
5721 (Sub)
  Other Action 47
  Messages 1
5727 (Sub)
  Other Action 42
5762 (Sub)
  Second Reading Amendment 34
  Third Reading Final Passage 36
5768 (Sub)
  Other Action 41
5804
  Other Action 42
5811
  Other Action 47
  Messages 1
5867 (Sub)
  Other Action 41
5868  (Sub)  
    Other Action 47  
    Messages 1  
5903  (Sub)  
    Other Action 41  
5970  (Sub)  
    Other Action 41  
6002  (2nd Sub)  
    Other Action 42  
6004  
    Other Action 42  
7900  
    Other Action 41  
8009  
    Second Reading Amendment 5  
    Third Reading Final Passage 7  

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    Statement for the Journal; Representative Dickerson 8  
    Statement for the Journal; Representative Doumit 46  
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EIGHTY-SEVENTH DAY, APRIL 9, 1997  

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, April 10, 1997

The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jeremy Van Nuys and Brittany Dixon. Prayer was offered by Reverend Harold R. Fray, Jr., Department Chaplain, North Highline Fire District, Seattle.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

April 9, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

April 9, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5085,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5100,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5107,
SENATE BILL NO. 5108,
SENATE BILL NO. 5109,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5163,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5183,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 9, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1047,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1066,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1234,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1271,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1278,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1550,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1573,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1636,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2040,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2098,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2142,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 9, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1002,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1003,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1010,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1023,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1067,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1200,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1300,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1930,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4654, by Representatives O'Brien, Chopp, Murray, Blalock, Appelwick, Dickerson, Cody, Tokuda, Veloria, Cooper, Kenney and Wensman

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Legislature to recognize excellence in all fields of endeavor; and

WHEREAS, The O'Dea High School Fighting Irish Basketball team, from Seattle, won the 1997 class AA State Basketball Championship; and

WHEREAS, The O'Dea Basketball coaches showed leadership and skill in focusing their team on accomplishing their goal of winning the State AA Basketball championship with a 29-0 perfect winning record; and

WHEREAS, The Fighting Irish team wishes to acknowledge the dedication of the Seniors for their loyalty and contributions to the O'Dea Basketball program;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize and honor the O'Dea High School Fighting Irish Basketball team and Coach Phil Lumpkin and his assistant coaches for their accomplishments; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Coach Phil Lumpkin, the members of the O'Dea Fighting Irish Basketball team, the principal, and the faculty of O'Dea High School.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 2240, by Representatives Huff, Linville, Wolfe and Poulsen; by request of Governor Locke

Creating the savings incentive account.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2240 was substituted for House Bill No. 2240 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2240 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff, Linville and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representatives Radcliff, Reams and L. Thomas were excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2240.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2240 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Excused: Representatives Radcliff, Reams and Thomas, L. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 2240, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 2240.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

HOUSE BILL NO. 2248, by Representatives Huff and Cody; by request of Health Care Authority

Eliminating basic health plan agents' and brokers' commissions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2248 was substituted for House Bill No. 2248 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2248 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff and Gombosky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2248.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2248 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff, Reams and Thomas, L. - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 2248, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL
I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 2248. 

LES THOMAS, 31st District

HOUSE BILL NO. 2272, by Representatives Huff, Clements, Alexander, Wensman, Sehlin and Mitchell

Transferring enforcement of cigarette and tobacco taxes to the liquor control board.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2272 was substituted for House Bill No. 2272 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2272 was read the second time.

Representative Huff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff: (496)

On page 2, line 30, strike "two and one-half" and insert "five"

Representative Huff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff, Cairnes, H. Sommers, Clements and Carrell spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Doumit, Sheldon and Kastama spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 58, Nays - 37, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff, Reams and Thomas, L. - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
REGULATING ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce and Labor was adopted was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 80th Day, April 2, 1997.)

Representative Kastama moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Kastama: (511)

On page 3, line 7, after "sworn to" insert "in writing"

On page 3, line 8, after "the allegation." insert "A registrant against whom a complaint was made must be immediately informed of such complaint by the board."

Representatives Kastama and McMorris spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5266 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5266 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff, Reams and Thomas, L. - 3.

Senate Bill No. 5266, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 5266.
SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1081,

HOUSE BILL NO. 1942,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2143,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1060,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1098,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1120,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1187,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1241,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1383,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1452,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1514,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1651,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1813,

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2093,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1007,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1016,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1089,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1124,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1171,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1188,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1249,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1251,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1288,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1400,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1590,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1658,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1799,

SENATE BILL NO. 5029,

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5125,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5142,

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5254,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5322,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5375,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5401,
SENATE BILL NO. 5647,
SENATE BILL NO. 5732,

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5755,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5774,
SENATE BILL NO. 6007,

ENGROSSED SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8001,

SENATE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 8008,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5009,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5049,
SENATE BILL NO. 5113,
SENATE BILL NO. 5132,
SENATE BILL NO. 5211,
SENATE BILL NO. 5287,

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5308,
SENATE BILL NO. 5330,
SENATE BILL NO. 5338,
SENATE BILL NO. 5364,
SENATE BILL NO. 5426,
The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5290, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West and Spanel; by request of Liquor Control Board)

Providing that the liquor control board construction and maintenance account retain its earnings.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Clements and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5290.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5290, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff, Reams and Thomas, L. - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5290, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5290.

LES THOMAS, 31st District
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5295, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Goings, Kohl, Wojahn, Zarelli, Schow and Patterson)

Revising district court procedures regarding small claims and appeals.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Lambert moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lambert: (495)

On page 2, beginning on line 31, after "trial." strike everything through "perjury." on line 34

Representatives Lambert and Costa spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5295 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5295 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5295, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5295. LES THOMAS, 31st District

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5590, by Senators Newhouse, Fraser, Swecker, Morton, McAuliffe and Rasmussen

Funding a biosolids management program.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 78th Day, March 31., 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5590 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5590 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5590, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5590.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SENATE BILL NO. 5603, by Senators Stevens, Zarelli, Johnson, Roach, Oke and Hochstatter

Allowing parents access to student records and prohibiting their release without parental consent.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Johnson and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5603.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5603 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5603, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Senate Bill No. 5603.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5621, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Winsley, Patterson, Benton and Oke)

Requiring kidnappers of children to register with local law enforcement agencies upon release from custody.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5621.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5621 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5621, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL
I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 5621.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

SENATE BILL NO. 5626, by Senators Morton, Hargrove, Swecker, Hochstatter, Stevens, Schow, Strannigan and Anderson

Providing game transport tags at no cost in order to meet harvest management goals.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5626.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5626 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5626, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Senate Bill No. 5626.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

SENATE BILL NO. 5642, by Senators Spanel and Oke

Regulating the taking of dungeness crab in Puget Sound.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5642.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 564 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5642, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Senate Bill No. 5642. 

LES THOMAS, 31st District

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5653, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Snyder; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands and Department of Natural Resources)

Concerning the sale of salvageable timber from state-owned lands.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Butler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5653.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5653 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5653, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL
I intended to vote YEA on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5653. 

LES THOMAS, 31st District

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5657, by Senator Strannigan

Authorizing the director of general administration to enter into leases of up to ten years without a review by the office of financial management.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Koster and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5657.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5657 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5657, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5657. 

LES THOMAS, 31st District

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5666, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Prentice, Roach, Patterson, Goings, Swecker, Newhouse, Benton, Bauer, Horn, Loveland, Finkbeiner, Wood, Wojahn, Sellar, Rasmussen and Anderson)

Regulating smoking in the workplace.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce and Labor was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representative McMorris, Dyer, Robertson, Carlson and Boldt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Conway, Quall and Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Zellinsky demanded the previous question and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5666 as amended by the House.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5666 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5666, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL**

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5666.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

**RECONSIDERATION**

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the House immediately reconsidered the vote on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272, on reconsideration and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 33, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Radcliff and Thomas, L. - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272, having received the constitutional majority, declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272.

LES THOMAS, 31st District

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5670, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators McCaslin, Haugen and Roach; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission)

Regulating solid waste collection certificates in effect within cities and towns.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Sommers and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5670.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5670 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5670, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5710, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Long, Franklin, Stevens, Prentice, Zarelli and Schow)

Changing provisions relating to juvenile care and treatment by the department of social and health services.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Children & Family Services was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Cooke and Kastama spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative DeBolt, Representatives Chandler and Mastin were excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Chandler and Mastin - 2.

Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5714, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi and Prentice; by request of Commissioner of Public Lands and Department of Natural Resources)

Concerning the classification of forest practices and the regulation of forest practices by state and local entities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Butler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5714.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5714 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Excused: Representatives Chandler and Mastin - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5714, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5724, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Roach and Haugen)

Extending the statute of limitations for first degree theft when the victim is a 501(c)(3) corporation.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5724.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5724 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.
Excused: Representatives Chandler and Mastin - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5724, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5725, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker and McDonald)

Changing provisions relating to reclaimed water.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Schoesler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5725 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5725 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Chandler and Mastin - 2.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5725, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5741, by Senators Wood and Winsley

Requiring a statement of permitted uses and use restrictions for condominiums.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Trade & Economic Development was before the House for purposes of amendment. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Radcliff moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Radcliff: (515)

On page 4, line 6 of the amendment, after "counsel;" strike "and ((((and)))(ii))" and insert "((((and)))(ii))".

On page 4, line 10 of the amendment, after "declarant" insert "; and (kk) A notice that addresses compliance or noncompliance with the housing for older persons act of 1995, P.L. 104-76, as enacted on December 28, 1995"

On page 7, after line 9 of the amendment, insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 49.60.222 and 1995 c 259 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is an unfair practice for any person, whether acting for himself, herself, or another, because of sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, families with children status, the
presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability, or the use of a trained guide dog or service dog by a disabled person:

(a) To refuse to engage in a real estate transaction with a person;
(b) To discriminate against a person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of a real estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith;
(c) To refuse to receive or to fail to transmit a bona fide offer to engage in a real estate transaction from a person;
(d) To refuse to negotiate for a real estate transaction with a person;
(e) To represent to a person that real property is not available for inspection, sale, rental, or lease when in fact it is so available, or to fail to bring a property listing to his or her attention, or to refuse to permit the person to inspect real property;
(f) To discriminate in the sale or rental, or to otherwise make unavailable or deny a dwelling, to any person; or to a person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented, or made available; or to any person associated with the person buying or renting;
(g) To make, print, circulate, post, or mail, or cause to be so made or published a statement, advertisement, or sign, or to use a form of application for a real estate transaction, or to make a record or inquiry in connection with a prospective real estate transaction, which indicates, directly or indirectly, an intent to make a limitation, specification, or discrimination with respect thereto;
(h) To offer, solicit, accept, use, or retain a listing of real property with the understanding that a person may be discriminated against in a real estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith;
(i) To expel a person from occupancy of real property;
(j) To discriminate in the course of negotiating, executing, or financing a real estate transaction whether by mortgage, deed of trust, contract, or other instrument imposing a lien or other security in real property, or in negotiating or executing any item or service related thereto including issuance of title insurance, mortgage insurance, loan guarantee, or other aspect of the transaction. Nothing in this section shall limit the effect of RCW 49.60.176 relating to unfair practices in credit transactions; or
(k) To attempt to do any of the unfair practices defined in this section.

(2) For the purposes of this chapter discrimination based on the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained guide dog or service dog by a blind, deaf, or physically disabled person includes:

(a) A refusal to permit, at the expense of the disabled person, reasonable modifications of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by such person if such modifications may be necessary to afford such person full enjoyment of the dwelling, except that, in the case of a rental, the landlord may, where it is reasonable to do so, condition permission for a modification on the renter agreeing to restore the interior of the dwelling to the condition that existed before the modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted;

(b) To refuse to make reasonable accommodation in rules, policies, practices, or services when such accommodations may be necessary to afford a person with the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability and/or the use of a trained guide dog or service dog by a blind, deaf, or physically disabled person equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling; or

(c) To fail to design and construct covered multifamily dwellings and premises in conformance with the federal fair housing amendments act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 3601 et seq.) and all other applicable laws or regulations pertaining to access by persons with any sensory, mental, or physical disability or use of a trained guide dog or service dog. Whenever the requirements of applicable laws or regulations differ, the requirements which require greater accessibility for persons with any sensory, mental, or physical disability shall govern.

Nothing in (a) or (b) of this subsection shall apply to: (i) A single-family house rented or leased by the owner if the owner does not own or have an interest in the proceeds of the rental or lease of more than three such single-family houses at one time, the rental or lease occurred without the use of a real estate broker or salesperson, as defined in RCW 18.85.010, and the rental or lease occurred without the publication, posting, or mailing of any advertisement, sign, or statement in violation of subsection (1)(g) of this section; or (ii) rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four families living independently of each other if the owner maintains and occupies one of the rooms or units as his or her residence.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, it shall not be an unfair practice or a denial of civil rights for any public or private educational institution to separate the sexes or give
preference to or limit use of dormitories, residence halls, or other student housing to persons of one sex or to make distinctions on the basis of marital or families with children status.

(4) Except pursuant to subsection (2)(a) of this section, this section shall not be construed to require structural changes, modifications, or additions to make facilities accessible to a disabled person except as otherwise required by law. Nothing in this section affects the rights, responsibilities, and remedies of landlords and tenants pursuant to chapter 59.18 or 59.20 RCW, including the right to post and enforce reasonable rules of conduct and safety for all tenants and their guests, provided that chapters 59.18 and 59.20 RCW are only affected to the extent they are inconsistent with the nondiscrimination requirements of this chapter. Nothing in this section limits the applicability of any reasonable federal, state, or local restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, it shall not be an unfair practice for any public establishment providing for accommodations offered for the full enjoyment of transient guests as defined by RCW 9.91.010(1)(c) to make distinctions on the basis of families with children status. Nothing in this section shall limit the effect of RCW 49.60.215 relating to unfair practices in places of public accommodation.


Representatives Radcliff and Veloria spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Radcliff and Veloria spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5741 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5741 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 2, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representatives Costa and Quall - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5741, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Robertson, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House reconsider the vote on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5725 on the next working day. The motion was carried.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5744 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5759, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, Zarelli, Franklin, Winsley, Oke and Roach)

Changing sex offender risk level classification and public notification procedures.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Koster and Gombosky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5759 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5759 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5759, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5650, by Senator McDonald

Allowing cities to assume jurisdiction over water or sewer districts.

MOTION
On motion of Representative D. Schmidt, the rules were suspended, and Senate Bill No. 5650 was returned to second reading for the purpose of an amendment.

SECOND READING

Representative D. Schmidt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative D. Schmidt: (517)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 35.13A RCW to read as follows:
The board of commissioners of a water-sewer district, with fewer than one hundred twenty customers on the effective date of this act, may by resolution declare that it is in the best interests of the district for a city, with a population greater than one hundred thousand on the effective date of this act, to assume jurisdiction of the district. None of the territory or assessed valuation of the district need be included within the corporate boundaries of the city. If the city legislative body agrees to assume jurisdiction of the district, the district and the city shall enter into a contract under RCW 35.13A.070, acceptable to both the district and the city, to carry out the assumption. The contract must provide for the transfer to the city of all real and personal property, franchises, rights, assets, taxes levied but not collected for the district for other than indebtedness, water and sewer lines, and all other facilities and equipment of the district. The transfers are subject to all financial, statutory, or contractual obligations of the district for the security or performance of which the property may have been pledged. The city may manage, control, maintain, and operate the property, facilities, and equipment and fix and collect service and other charges from owners and occupants of properties so served by the city. However, the actions of the city are subject to any outstanding indebtedness, bonded or otherwise, of the district payable from taxes, assessments, or revenues of any kind or nature and to any other contractual obligations of the district, including but not limited to the contract entered into by the city and the district under RCW 35.13A.070.

Under the contract, the city may assume the obligation of paying the district indebtedness and of levying and collecting or causing to be collected the district taxes, assessments, and utility rates and charges of any kind or nature to pay and secure the payment of the indebtedness, according to all terms, conditions, and covenants incident to the indebtedness. The city shall assume and perform all other outstanding contractual obligations of the district in accordance with all of their terms, conditions, and covenants. The assumption does not impair the obligation of any indebtedness or other contractual obligation entered into after the effective date of this act. Until the outstanding indebtedness of the district has been discharged, the territory of the district and the owners and occupants of property in it, continue to be liable for its and their proportionate share of the indebtedness, including outstanding assessments levied by a local improvement district or utility local improvement district within the water-sewer district. The city shall assume the obligation of paying the indebtedness, collecting the assessments and charges, and observing and performing the other district contractual obligations. The legislative body of the city shall act as the officers of the district for the purpose of certifying the amount of any property tax to be levied and collected in the district, and causing service and other charges and assessments to be collected from the property or owners or occupants of it, enforcing the collection, and performing all other acts necessary to insure performance of the district's contractual obligations.

When the city assumes the obligation of paying the outstanding indebtedness, and if property taxes or assessments have been levied and service or other charges have accrued for that purpose but have not been collected by the district before the assumption, the taxes, assessments, and charges collected belong and must be paid to the city and used by the city so far as necessary for payment of indebtedness of the district that existed and was unpaid on the date the city elected to assume the indebtedness. Funds received by the city that have been collected for the purpose of paying bonded or other indebtedness of the district must be used for the purpose for which they were collected and for no other purpose. Outstanding indebtedness must be paid as provided in the bond covenants. The city shall use funds of the district on deposit with the county treasurer at the time of title transfer solely for the benefit of the utility, and shall not transfer them to or use them for the benefit of the city's general fund.

This section expires December 31, 1998."
Sec. 2. RCW 35.13A.070 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, one or more cities and one or more ((water districts or sewer districts)) districts may, through their legislative authorities, authorize a contract with respect to the rights, powers, duties, and obligation of such cities, or districts with regard to the use and ownership of property, the providing of services, the maintenance and operation of facilities, allocation of cost, financing and construction of new facilities, application and use of assets, disposition of liabilities and debts, the performance of contractual obligations, and any other matters arising out of the inclusion, in whole or in part, of the district or districts within any city or cities, or the assumption by the city of jurisdiction of a district under section 1 of this act. The contract may provide for the furnishing of services by any party thereto and the use of city or district facilities or real estate for such purpose, and may also provide for the time during which such district or districts may continue to exercise any rights, privileges, powers, and functions provided by law for such district or districts as if the district or districts or portions thereof were not included within a city or were not subject to an assumption of jurisdiction under section 1 of this act, including but not by way of limitation, the right to promulgate rules and regulations, to levy and collect special assessments, rates, charges, service charges, and connection fees, and to adopt and carry out the provisions of a comprehensive plan, and amendments thereto, for a system of improvements and to issue general obligation bonds or revenue bonds in the manner provided by law. The contract may provide for the transfer to a city of district facilities, property, rights, and powers as provided in RCW 35.13A.030, 35.13A.050, and section 1 of this act, whether or not sixty percent or any of the area or assessed valuation of real estate lying within the district or districts is included within such city. The contract may provide that any party thereto may authorize, issue, and sell revenue bonds to provide funds for new water or sewer improvements or to refund any water revenue, sewer revenue, or combined water and sewer revenue bonds outstanding of any city, or district which is a party to such contract if such refunding is deemed necessary, providing such refunding will not increase interest costs. The contract may provide that any party thereto may authorize and issue, in the manner provided by law, general obligation or revenue bonds of like amounts, terms, conditions, and covenants as the outstanding bonds of any other party to the contract, and such new bonds may be substituted or exchanged for such outstanding bonds((Provided, That)). However, no such exchange or substitution shall be effected in such a manner as to impair the obligation or security of any such outstanding bonds.

Sec. 3. RCW 35.13A.080 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
In any of the cases provided for in RCW 35.13A.020, 35.13A.030, 35.13A.050, and section 1 of this act, and notwithstanding any other method of dissolution provided by law, dissolution proceedings may be initiated by either the city or the district, or both, when the legislative body of the city and the governing body of the district agree to, and petition for, dissolution of the district.

The petition for dissolution shall be signed by the chief administrative officer of the city and the district, upon authorization of the legislative body of the city and the governing body of the district, respectively and such petition shall be presented to the superior court of the county in which the city is situated.

If the petition is thus authorized by both the city and district, and title to the property, facilities, and equipment of the district has passed to the city pursuant to action taken under this chapter, all indebtedness and local improvement district or utility local improvement district assessments of the district have been discharged or assumed by and transferred to the city, and the petition contains a statement of the distribution of assets and liabilities mutually agreed upon by the city and the district and a copy of the agreement between such city and the district is attached thereto, a hearing shall not be required and the court shall, if the interests of all interested parties have been protected, enter an order dissolving the district.

In any of the cases provided for in RCW 35.13A.020, 35.13A.030, and section 1 of this act, if the petition for an order of dissolution is signed on behalf of the city alone or the district alone, or there is no mutual agreement on the distribution of assets and liabilities, the superior court shall enter an order fixing a hearing date not less than sixty days from the day the petition is filed, and the clerk of the court of the county shall give notice of such hearing by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the district once a week for three successive weeks and by posting in three public places in the district at least twenty-one days before the hearing. The notice shall set forth the filing of the petition, its purposes, and the date and place of hearing thereon.
After the hearing the court shall enter its order with respect to the dissolution of the district. If the court finds that such district should be dissolved and the functions performed by the city, the court shall provide for the transfer of assets and liabilities to the city. The court may provide for the dissolution of the district upon such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. A certified copy of the court order dissolving the district shall be filed with the county auditor. If the court does not dissolve the district, it shall state the reasons for declining to do so.

Sec. 4. RCW 57.04.050 and 1996 c 230 s 204 are each amended to read as follows:
Upon entry of the findings of the final hearing on the petition if one or more county legislative authorities find that the proposed district will be conducive to the public health, welfare, and convenience and will benefit the land therein, they shall present a resolution to the county auditor calling for a special election to be held at a date specified under RCW 29.13.020, that occurs forty-five or more days after the resolution is presented, at which a ballot proposition authorizing the district to be created shall be submitted to voters for their approval or rejection. The commissioners shall cause to be published a notice of the election for four successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the proposed district, which notice shall state the hours during which the polls will be open, the boundaries of the district as finally adopted and the object of the election, and the notice shall also be posted ten days in ten public places in the proposed district.

The district shall be created if the ballot proposition authorizing the district to be created is approved by a majority of the voters voting on the proposition.

A separate ballot proposition authorizing the district, if created, to impose a single-year excess levy for the preliminary expenses of the district shall be submitted to voters for their approval or rejection at the same special election. The excess levy shall be proposed in the amount specified in the petition to create the district, not to exceed one dollar and twenty-five cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, for general preliminary expenses of the district, that proposition to be expressed on the ballots in the following terms:

One year . . . . . dollars and . . . . . cents per thousand dollars of assessed value tax YES □

Such a ballot proposition may only be submitted to voters for their approval or rejection if the special election is held in February, March, April, or May. The proposition to be effective must be approved in the manner set forth in Article VII, section 2(a) of the state Constitution.

Sec. 5. RCW 57.08.005 and 1996 c 230 s 301 are each amended to read as follows:
A district shall have the following powers:
(1) To acquire by purchase or condemnation, or both, all lands, property and property rights, and all water and water rights, both within and without the district, necessary for its purposes. The right of eminent domain shall be exercised in the same manner and by the same procedure as provided for cities and towns, insofar as consistent with this title, except that all assessment or reassessment rolls to be prepared and filed by eminent domain commissioners or commissioners appointed by the court
shall be prepared and filed by the district, and the duties devolving upon the city treasurer are imposed upon the county treasurer;

(2) To lease real or personal property necessary for its purposes for a term of years for which that leased property may reasonably be needed;

(3) To construct, condemn and purchase, add to, maintain, and supply waterworks to furnish the district and inhabitants thereof and any other persons, both within and without the district, with an ample supply of water for all uses and purposes public and private with full authority to regulate and control the use, content, distribution, and price thereof in such a manner as is not in conflict with general law and may construct, acquire, or own buildings and other necessary district facilities. Where a customer connected to the district’s system uses the water on an intermittent or transient basis, a district may charge for providing water service to such a customer, regardless of the amount of water, if any, used by the customer. District waterworks may include facilities which result in combined water supply and electric generation, if the electricity generated thereby is a byproduct of the water supply system. That electricity may be used by the district or sold to any entity authorized by law to use or distribute electricity. Electricity is deemed a byproduct when the electrical generation is subordinate to the primary purpose of water supply. For such purposes, a district may take, condemn and purchase, acquire, and retain water from any public or navigable lake, river or watercourse, or any underflowing water, and by means of aqueducts or pipeline conduct the same throughout the district and any city or town therein and carry it along and upon public highways, roads, and streets, within and without such district. For the purpose of constructing or laying aqueducts or pipelines, dams, or waterworks or other necessary structures in storing and retaining water or for any other lawful purpose such district may occupy the beds and shores up to the high water mark of any such lake, river, or other watercourse, and may acquire by purchase or condemnation such property or property rights or privileges as may be necessary to protect its water supply from pollution. For the purposes of waterworks which include facilities for the generation of electricity as a byproduct, nothing in this section may be construed to authorize a district to condemn electric generating, transmission, or distribution rights or facilities of entities authorized by law to distribute electricity, or to acquire such rights or facilities without the consent of the owner;

(4) To purchase and take water from any municipal corporation, private person, or entity. A district contiguous to Canada may contract with a Canadian corporation for the purchase of water and for the construction, purchase, maintenance, and supply of waterworks to furnish the district and inhabitants thereof and residents of Canada with an ample supply of water under the terms approved by the board of commissioners;

(5) To construct, condemn and purchase, add to, maintain, and operate systems of sewers for the purpose of furnishing the district, the inhabitants thereof, and persons outside the district with an adequate system of sewers for all uses and purposes, public and private, including but not limited to on-site sewage disposal facilities, approved septic tanks or approved septic tank systems, other facilities and systems for the collection, interception, treatment, and disposal of wastewater, and for the control of pollution from wastewater ((and for the protection, preservation, and rehabilitation of surface and underground waters, facilities for the drainage and treatment of storm or surface waters, public highways, streets, and roads)) with full authority to regulate the use and operation thereof and the service rates to be charged. Sewage facilities may include facilities which result in combined sewage disposal(()) or treatment((or drainage)) and electric generation, except that the electricity generated thereby is a byproduct of the system of sewers. Such electricity may be used by the district or sold to any entity authorized by law to distribute electricity. Electricity is deemed a byproduct when the electrical generation is subordinate to the primary purpose of sewage disposal(()) or treatment((or drainage)). For such purposes a district may conduct sewage throughout the district and throughout other political subdivisions within the district, and construct and lay sewer pipe along and upon public highways, roads, and streets, within and without the district, and condemn and purchase or acquire land and rights of way necessary for such sewer pipe. A district may erect sewage treatment plants within or without the district, and may acquire, by purchase or condemnation, properties or privileges necessary to be had to protect any lakes, rivers, or watercourses and also other areas of land from pollution from its sewers or its sewage treatment plant. For the purposes of sewage facilities which include facilities that result in combined sewage disposal(()) or treatment((or drainage)) and electric
 generation where the electric generation is a byproduct, nothing in this section may be construed to authorize a district to condemn electric generating, transmission, or distribution rights or facilities of entities authorized by law to distribute electricity, or to acquire such rights or facilities without the consent of the owners;

(6) To construct, condemn and purchase, add to, maintain, and operate systems of drainage for the benefit and use of the district, the inhabitants thereof, and persons outside the district with an adequate system of drainage, including but not limited to facilities and systems for the collection, interception, treatment, and disposal of storm or surface waters, and for the protection, preservation, and rehabilitation of surface and underground waters, and drainage facilities for public highways, streets, and roads, with full authority to regulate the use and operation thereof and the service rates to be charged. Drainage facilities may include natural systems. Drainage facilities may include facilities which result in combined drainage facilities and electric generation, except that the electricity generated thereby is a byproduct of the drainage system. Such electricity may be used by the district or sold to any entity authorized by law to distribute electricity. Electricity is deemed a byproduct when the electrical generation is subordinate to the primary purpose of drainage collection, disposal, and treatment. For such purposes, a district may conduct storm or surface water throughout the district and throughout other political subdivisions within the district, construct and lay drainage pipe and culverts along and upon public highways, roads, and streets, within and without the district, and condemn and purchase or acquire land and rights of way necessary for such drainage systems. A district may provide or erect facilities and improvements for the treatment and disposal of storm or surface water within or without the district, and may acquire, by purchase or condemnation, properties or privileges necessary to be had to protect any lakes, rivers, or watercourses and also other areas of land from pollution from storm or surface waters. For the purposes of drainage facilities which include facilities that also generate electricity as a byproduct, nothing in this section may be construed to authorize a district to condemn electric generating, transmission, or distribution rights or facilities of entities authorized by law to distribute electricity, or to acquire such rights or facilities without the consent of the owners;

(7) To construct, condemn, acquire, and own buildings and other necessary district facilities; 

(8) To compel all property owners within the district located within an area served by the district’s system of sewers to connect their private drain and sewer systems with the district’s system under such penalty as the commissioners shall prescribe by resolution. The district may for such purpose enter upon private property and connect the private drains or sewers with the district system and the cost thereof shall be charged against the property owner and shall be a lien upon property served;

(9) Where a district contains within its borders, abuts, or is located adjacent to any lake, stream, ground water as defined by RCW 90.44.035, or other waterway within the state of Washington, to provide for the reduction, minimization, or elimination of pollutants from those waters in accordance with the district’s comprehensive plan, and to issue general obligation bonds, revenue bonds, local improvement district bonds, or utility local improvement bonds for the purpose of paying all or any part of the cost of reducing, minimizing, or eliminating the pollutants from these waters;

(10) To fix rates and charges for water, sewer, and drain service supplied and to charge property owners seeking to connect to the district’s systems, as a condition to granting the right to so connect, in addition to the cost of the connection, such reasonable connection charge as the board of commissioners shall determine to be proper in order that those property owners shall bear their equitable share of the cost of the system. For the purposes of calculating a connection charge, the board of commissioners shall determine the proportionate share of the cost of existing facilities and facilities planned for construction within the next ten years and contained in an adopted comprehensive plan and other costs borne by the district which are directly attributable to the improvements required by property owners seeking to connect to the system. The cost of existing facilities shall not include those portions of the system which have been donated or which have been paid for by grants. The connection charge may include interest charges applied from the date of construction of the system until the connection, or for a period not to exceed ten years, whichever is shorter, at a rate commensurate with the rate of interest applicable to the district at the time of construction or major rehabilitation of the system, or at the time of installation of the lines to which the property owner is seeking to connect. A district may permit payment of the cost of connection and the reasonable connection charge to be paid
with interest in installments over a period not exceeding fifteen years. The county treasurer may charge and collect a fee of three dollars for each year for the treasurer’s services. Those fees shall be a charge to be included as part of each annual installment, and shall be credited to the county current expense fund by the county treasurer. Revenues from connection charges excluding permit fees are to be considered payments in aid of construction as defined by department of revenue rule.

Except as otherwise provided in RCW 90.03.525, any public entity and public property, including the state of Washington and state property, shall be subject to rates and charges for sewer, water, storm water control, drainage, and street lighting facilities to the same extent private persons and private property are subject to those rates and charges that are imposed by districts. In setting those rates and charges, consideration may be made of in-kind services, such as stream improvements or donation of property;

(((10a)) (11)) To contract with individuals, associations and corporations, the state of Washington, and the United States;

(((11a)) (12)) To employ such persons as are needed to carry out the district's purposes and fix salaries and any bond requirements for those employees;

(((12a)) (13)) To contract for the provision of engineering, legal, and other professional services as in the board of commissioner’s discretion is necessary in carrying out their duties;

(((13a)) (14)) To sue and be sued;

(((14a)) (15)) To loan and borrow funds and to issue bonds and instruments evidencing indebtedness under chapter 57.20 RCW and other applicable laws;

(((15a)) (16)) To transfer funds, real or personal property, property interests, or services subject to RCW 57.08.015;

(((16a)) (17)) To levy taxes in accordance with this chapter and chapters 57.04 and 57.20 RCW;

(((17a)) (18)) To provide for making local improvements and to levy and collect special assessments on property benefitted thereby, and for paying for the same or any portion thereof in accordance with chapter 57.16 RCW;

(((18a)) (19)) To establish street lighting systems under RCW 57.08.060;

(((19a)) (20)) To exercise such other powers as are granted to water-sewer districts by this title or other applicable laws; and

(((20a)) (21)) To exercise any of the powers granted to cities and counties with respect to the acquisition, construction, maintenance, operation of, and fixing rates and charges for waterworks and systems of sewerage and drainage.

**Sec. 6.** RCW 57.08.014 and 1996 c 230 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to the authority of a district to establish classifications for rates and charges and impose such rates and charges, a district may adjust or delay those rates and charges for low-income persons or classes of low-income persons, including but not limited to, (((poor))) low-income handicapped persons and (((poor))) low-income senior citizens. Other financial assistance available to low-income persons shall be considered in determining charges and rates under this section. Notification of special rates or charges established under this section shall be provided to all persons served by the district annually and upon initiating service. Information on cost shifts caused by establishment of the special rates or charges shall be included in the notification. Any reduction in charges and rates granted to low-income persons in one part of a service area shall be uniformly extended to low-income persons in all other parts of the service area.

**Sec. 7.** RCW 57.08.030 and 1996 c 230 s 307 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever any district shall have installed a distributing system of water mains and laterals, and as a source of supply of water shall be purchasing or intending to purchase water from any city or town, and whenever it appears to be advantageous to the water consumers in the district that such city or town shall take over the water system of the district and supply water to those water users, the commissioners of the district, when authorized as provided in subsection (2) of this section, shall have the right to convey the distributing system to that city or town if that city or town is willing to accept, maintain, and repair the same.
(2) Should the commissioners of the district decide that it would be to the advantage of the water consumers of the district to make the conveyance provided for in subsection (1) of this section, they shall cause the proposition of making that conveyance to be submitted to the voters of the district at any general election or at a special election to be called for the purpose of voting on the same. If at the election a majority of the voters voting on the proposition shall be in favor of making the conveyance, the district commissioners shall have the right to convey to the city or town the mains and laterals belonging to the district upon the city or town entering into a contract satisfactory to the commissioners to maintain and repair the same.

(3) Whenever a city or town located wholly or in part within a district shall enter into a contract with the commissioners of a district providing that the city or town shall take over all of the operation of the water supply facilities of the district located within its boundaries, the area of the district located within the city or town shall upon the execution of the contract cease to be served by the district for water service purposes. However, the affected land within that city or town shall remain liable for the payment of all assessments, any lien upon the property at the time of the execution of the agreement, and for any lien of all general obligation bonds due at the date of the contract, and the city or town shall remain liable for its fair prorated share of the debt of the area for any revenue bonds, outstanding as of the date of contract.

Sec. 8. RCW 57.08.044 and 1996 c 230 s 309 are each amended to read as follows:
A district may enter into contracts with any county, city, town, or any other municipal or quasi-municipal corporation, or with any private person or corporation, for the acquisition, ownership, use, and operation of any property, facilities, or services, within or without the district, and necessary or desirable to carry out the purposes of the district. A district may provide water, sewer, drainage, or street lighting services to property owners in areas within or without the limits of the district, except that if the area to be served is located within another existing district duly authorized to exercise district powers in that area, then water, sewer, drainage, or street lighting service may not be so provided by contract or otherwise without the consent by resolution of the board of commissioners of that other district.

Sec. 9. RCW 57.08.047 and 1996 c 230 s 310 are each amended to read as follows:
The provision of water ((or sewer, or drainage)) service beyond the boundaries of a district may be subject to potential review by a boundary review board under chapter 36.93 RCW.

Sec. 10. RCW 57.08.050 and 1996 c 230 s 311 and 1996 c 18 s 14 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) All ((work)) projects ordered, the estimated cost of which is in excess of ((five)) ten thousand dollars, shall be let by contract. The cost of a project is the aggregate amount to be paid for all labor, materials, supplies, and equipment of a continuous or interrelated project if the work is to be performed simultaneously or in close sequence. All contract projects, the estimated cost of which is less than fifty thousand dollars, may be awarded to a contractor using the small works roster process provided in RCW 39.04.155. The board of commissioners may set up uniform procedures to prequalify contractors for inclusion on the small works roster. All contract projects equal to or in excess of fifty thousand dollars shall be let by competitive bidding. Before awarding any such contract the board of commissioners shall publish a notice in a newspaper of general circulation where the district is located at least once thirteen days before the last date upon which bids will be received, inviting sealed proposals for such work, plans and specifications ((which)). The work plans and specifications must at the time of publication of such notice be on file in the office of the board of commissioners and be subject to ((the)) public inspection. The notice shall state generally the work to be done and shall call for proposals for doing the same to be sealed and filed with the board of water commissioners on or before the day and hour named therein.

Each bid shall be accompanied by a certified or cashier’s check or postal money order payable to the order of the county treasurer for a sum not less than five percent of the amount of the bid, or accompanied by a bid bond in an amount not less than five percent of the bid with a corporate surety licensed to do business in the state, conditioned that the bidder will pay the district as liquidated
damages the amount specified in the bond, unless the bidder enters into a contract in accordance with the bidder’s bid, and no bid shall be considered unless accompanied by such check, cash or bid bond. At the time and place named such bids shall be publicly opened and read and the board of commissioners shall proceed to canvass the bids and may let such contract to the lowest responsible bidder upon plans and specifications on file or to the best bidder submitting the bidder’s own plans and specifications. ((However, no contract shall be let in excess of the cost of the materials or work.)) The board of commissioners may reject all bids for good cause and readvertise and in such case all checks, cash or bid bonds shall be returned to the bidders. If the contract is let, then all checks, cash, or bid bonds shall be returned to the bidders, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be retained until a contract shall be entered into for doing the work, and a bond to perform such work furnished with sureties satisfactory to the board of commissioners in the full amount of the contract price between the bidder and the commission in accordance with the bid. If the bidder fails to enter into the contract in accordance with the bid and furnish the bond within ten days from the date at which the bidder is notified that the bidder is the successful bidder, the check, cash, or bid bonds and the amount thereof shall be forfeited to the district. If the bidder fails to enter into a contract in accordance with the bidder’s bid, and the board of commissioners deems it necessary to take legal action to collect on any bid bond required by this section, then the district shall be entitled to collect from the bidder any legal expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees occasioned thereby. A low bidder who claims error and fails to enter into a contract is prohibited from bidding on the same project if a second or subsequent call for bids is made for the project.

(2) Any purchase of materials, supplies, or equipment, with an estimated cost in excess of ten thousand dollars, shall be by contract. Any purchase of materials, supplies, or equipment, with an estimated cost ((of from five)) in excess of ten thousand dollars ((to)) but less than fifty thousand dollars shall be made using the process provided in RCW ((39.04.155)) 39.04.190 or by competitive bidding following the procedure for letting contracts for projects under subsection (1) of this section. Any purchase of materials, supplies, or equipment with an estimated cost of fifty thousand dollars or more shall be made by competitive bidding following the procedure for letting contracts for projects under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) In the event of an emergency when the public interest or property of the district would suffer material injury or damage by delay, upon resolution of the board of commissioners, or proclamation of an official designated by the board to act for the board during such emergencies, declaring the existence of such emergency and reciting the facts constituting the same, the board or official acting for the board may waive the requirements of this chapter with reference to any purchase or contract. In addition, these requirements may be waived for purchases which are clearly and legitimately limited to a single source of supply and purchases involving special facilities, services, or market conditions, in which instances the purchase price may be best established by direct negotiation.

Sec. 11. RCW 57.08.081 and 1996 c 230 s 314 are each amended to read as follows:

The commissioners of any district shall provide for revenues by fixing rates and charges for furnishing sewer and drainage service to those to whom service is available or for providing water, such rates and charges to be fixed as deemed necessary by the commissioners, so that uniform charges will be made for the same class of customer or service. Rates and charges may be combined for the furnishing of more than one type of sewer service or drainage service, such as but not limited to storm or surface water and sanitary sewer service.

In classifying customers of such water, sewer, or drainage system, the board of commissioners may in its discretion consider any or all of the following factors: The difference in cost of service to various customers; the location of the various customers within and without the district; the difference in cost of maintenance, operation, repair, and replacement of the various parts of the system; the different character of the service furnished various customers; the quantity and quality of the service furnished; the time of its use; the achievement of water conservation goals and the discouragement of wasteful practices; capital contributions made to the system including but not limited to assessments; and any other matters which present a reasonable difference as a ground for distinction. Rates shall be established as deemed proper by the commissioners and as fixed by resolution and shall produce revenues sufficient to take care of the costs of maintenance and operation, revenue bond and warrant.
interest and principal amortization requirements, and all other charges necessary for efficient and proper operation of the system.

The commissioners shall enforce collection of connection charges, and rates and charges for water supplied against property owners connecting with the system or receiving such water, and for sewer and drainage services charged against property to which the service is available, such charges being deemed charges against the property served, by addition of penalties of not more than ten percent thereof in case of failure to pay the charges at times fixed by resolution. The commissioners may provide by resolution that where either connection charges or rates and charges for services supplied are delinquent for any specified period of time, the district shall certify the delinquencies to the treasurer of the county in which the real property is located, and the charges and any penalties added thereto and interest thereon at the rate of not more than the prime lending rate of the district’s bank plus four percentage points per year shall be a lien against the property upon which the service was received, subject only to the lien for general taxes.

The district may, at any time after the connection charges or rates and charges for services supplied or available and penalties are delinquent for a period of sixty days, bring suit in foreclosure by civil action in the superior court of the county in which the real property is located. The court may allow, in addition to the costs and disbursements provided by statute, attorneys’ fees, title search and report costs, and expenses as it adjudges reasonable. The action shall be in rem, and may be brought in the name of the district against an individual or against all of those who are delinquent in one action. The laws and rules of the court shall control as in other civil actions.

In addition to the right to foreclose provided in this section, the district may also cut off all or part of the service after charges for water or sewer service supplied or available are delinquent for a period of sixty days.

Sec. 12. RCW 57.08.085 and 1996 c 230 s 315 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as otherwise provided in RCW 90.03.525, any public entity and public property, including state of Washington property, shall be subject to rates and charges for storm water control drainage facilities to the same extent as private persons and private property are subject to such rates and charges that are imposed by districts pursuant to RCW 57.08.005 or 57.08.081. In setting those rates and charges, consideration may be given to in-kind services, such as stream improvements or donation of property.

Sec. 13. RCW 57.08.110 and 1996 c 230 s 318 are each amended to read as follows:

To improve the organization and operation of districts, the commissioners of two or more such districts may form an association thereof, for the purpose of securing and disseminating information of value to the members of the association and for the purpose of promoting the more economical and efficient operation of the comprehensive plans of water supply, sewage treatment and disposal, and drainage collection, treatment, and disposal in their respective districts. The commissioners of districts so associated shall adopt articles of association, select such officers as they may determine, and employ and discharge such agents and employees as shall be deemed convenient to carry out the purposes of the association. District commissioners and employees are authorized to attend meetings of the association. The expenses of an association may be paid from the maintenance or general funds of the associated districts in such manner as shall be provided in the articles of association. However, the aggregate contributions made to an association by a district in any calendar year shall not exceed the amount that would be raised by a levy of two and one-half cents per thousand dollars of assessed value against the taxable property of the district. The financial records of such an association shall be subject to audit by the state auditor.

Sec. 14. RCW 57.08.180 and 1996 c 230 s 322 are each amended to read as follows:

It is unlawful and a misdemeanor to make, or cause to be made, or to maintain any connection with any sewer, drainage, or water system of any district, or with any sewer, drainage, or water system which is connected directly or indirectly with any sewer, drainage, or water system of any district without having permission from the district.
Sec. 15. RCW 57.16.060 and 1996 c 230 s 602 are each amended to read as follows:

Local improvement districts or utility local improvement districts to carry out the whole or any portion of the general comprehensive plan of improvements or plan providing for additions and betterments to an original general comprehensive plan previously adopted may be initiated either by resolution of the board of commissioners or by petition signed by the owners according to the records of the office of the applicable county auditor of at least fifty-one percent of the area of the land within the limits of the improvement district to be created.

In case the board of commissioners desires to initiate the formation of an improvement district by resolution, it first shall pass a resolution declaring its intention to order the improvement, setting forth the nature and territorial extent of such proposed improvement, designating the number of the proposed improvement district, and describing the boundaries thereof, stating the estimated cost and expense of the improvement and the proportionate amount thereof which will be borne by the property within the proposed improvement district, and fixing a date, time, and place for a public hearing on the formation of the proposed improvement district.

In case any such improvement district is initiated by petition, the petition shall set forth the nature and territorial extent of the proposed improvement requested to be ordered and the fact that the signers thereof are the owners according to the records of the applicable county auditor of at least fifty-one percent of the area of land within the limits of the improvement district to be created. Upon the filing of such petition the board shall determine whether the petition is sufficient, and the board’s determination thereof shall be conclusive upon all persons. No person may withdraw his or her name from the petition after it has been filed with the board of commissioners. If the board finds the petition to be sufficient, it shall proceed to adopt a resolution declaring its intention to order the improvement petitioned for, setting forth the nature and territorial extent of the improvement, designating the number of the proposed improvement district and describing the boundaries thereof, stating the estimated cost and expense of the improvement and the proportionate amount thereof which will be borne by the property within the proposed improvement district, and fixing a date, time, and place for a public hearing on the formation of the proposed improvement district.

Notice of the adoption of the resolution of intention, whether the resolution was adopted on the initiative of the board or pursuant to a petition of the property owners, shall be published in at least two consecutive issues of a newspaper of general circulation in the proposed improvement district, the date of the first publication to be at least fifteen days prior to the date fixed by such resolution for hearing before the board of commissioners. Notice of the adoption of the resolution of intention shall also be given each owner or reputed owner of any lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property within the proposed improvement district by mailing the notice at least fifteen days before the date fixed for the public hearing to the owner or reputed owner of the property as shown on the tax rolls of the county treasurer of the county in which the real property is located at the address shown thereon. Whenever such notices are mailed, the commissioners shall maintain a list of the reputed property owners, which list shall be kept on file at a location within the district and shall be made available for public perusal. The notices shall refer to the resolution of intention and designate the proposed improvement district by number. The notices also shall set forth the nature of the proposed improvement, the total estimated cost, the proportion of total cost to be borne by assessments, and the date, time, and place of the hearing before the board of commissioners. In the case of improvements initiated by resolution, the notice also shall: (1) State that all persons desiring to object to the formation of the proposed district must file their written protests with the secretary of the board of commissioners no later than ten days after the public hearing; (2) state that if owners of at least forty percent of the area of land within the proposed improvement district file written protests with the secretary of the board, the power of the commissioners to proceed with the creation of the proposed improvement district shall be divested; (3) provide the name and address of the secretary of the board; and (4) state the hours and location within the district where the names of the property owners within the proposed improvement district are kept available for public perusal. In the case of the notice given each owner or reputed owner by mail, the notice shall set forth the estimated amount of the cost and expense of such improvement to be borne by the particular lot, tract, parcel of land, or other property.

Sec. 16. RCW 57.16.110 and 1996 c 230 s 610 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever any land against which there has been levied any special assessment by any district shall have been sold in part or divided, the board of commissioners of the district shall have the power to order a segregation of the assessment.

Any person desiring to have a special assessment against a tract of land segregated to apply to smaller parts thereof shall apply to the board of commissioners of the district that levied the assessment. If the commissioners determine that a segregation should be made, they shall by resolution order the treasurer of the county in which the real property is located to make segregation on the original assessment roll as directed in the resolution. The segregation shall be made as nearly as possible on the same basis as the original assessment was levied, and the total of the segregated parts of the assessment shall equal the assessment before segregation. The resolution shall describe the original tract and the amount and date of the original assessment, and shall define the boundaries of the divided parts and the amount of the assessment chargeable to each part. A certified copy of the resolution shall be delivered to the treasurer of the county in which the real property is located who shall proceed to make the segregation ordered upon being tendered a fee of three dollars for each tract of land for which a segregation is to be made. In addition to the charge the board of commissioners may require as a condition to the order of segregation that the person seeking it pay the district the reasonable engineering and clerical costs incident to making the segregation.

Sec. 17. RCW 57.20.120 and 1996 c 230 s 714 are each amended to read as follows:

A district may contract indebtedness in excess of the amount named in RCW 57.20.110, but not exceeding in amount, together with existing indebtedness, two and one-half percent of the value of the taxable property in that district, as the term "value of the taxable property" is defined in RCW 39.36.015, and impose excess property tax levies to retire the indebtedness whenever (three-fifths of the voters voting at the election in such district assent thereto, at which election the total number of persons voting on the proposition shall constitute not less than forty percent of the total number of votes cast in the district at the last preceding general election)) a ballot proposition authorizing the indebtedness and excess levies is approved as provided under Article VII, section 2, and Article VIII, section 6, of the state Constitution, at an election to be held in the district in the manner provided by this title and RCW 39.36.050.

Sec. 18. RCW 57.20.140 and 1996 c 230 s 717 are each amended to read as follows:

The treasurer (designated under RCW 57.20.135) shall create and maintain a separate fund designated as the maintenance fund or general fund of the district into which shall be paid all money received by the treasurer from the collection of taxes other than taxes levied for the payment of general obligation bonds of the district and all revenues of the district other than assessments levied in local improvement districts or utility local improvement districts, and no money shall be disbursement therefrom except upon warrants of the county auditor issued by authority of the commissioners or upon a resolution of the commissioners ordering a transfer to any other fund of the district. The treasurer also shall maintain such other special funds as may be prescribed by the district, into which shall be placed such money as the board of commissioners may by its resolution direct, and from which disbursements shall be made upon proper warrants of the county auditor issued against the same by authority of the board of commissioners.

Sec. 19. RCW 57.24.040 and 1996 c 230 s 904 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The annexation election shall be held on the date designated in the notice and shall be conducted in accordance with the general election laws of the state. If the original petition for annexation is signed by qualified voters, then only qualified voters at the date of election residing in the territory proposed to be annexed, shall be permitted to vote at the election.

(2) If the original petition for annexation is signed by property owners as provided for in this chapter, then no person shall be entitled to vote at that election unless at the time of the filing of the original petition he or she owned land in the district of record and in addition thereto at the date of election shall be a qualified voter of the county in which such district is located. It shall be the duty of the county auditor, upon request of the county legislative authority, to certify the names of all persons owning land in the district at the date of the filing of the original petition as shown by the records of
the auditor’s office; and at any such election the county auditor may require any such property owner offering to vote to take an oath that the property owner is a qualified voter of the county before the property owner shall be allowed to vote. However, at any election held under the provisions of this chapter an officer or agent of any corporation having its principal place of business in the county and owning land at the date of filing the original petition in the district duly authorized in writing may cast a vote on behalf of such corporation. When so voting the person shall file with the county auditor such a written instrument of that person’s authority.

(3) If the majority of the votes cast upon the question of such election shall be for annexation, then the territory concerned shall immediately be and become annexed to such district and the same shall then forthwith be a part of the district, the same as though originally included in that district.

Sec. 20. RCW 57.24.050 and 1996 c 230 s 905 are each amended to read as follows:
All elections held pursuant to this chapter, whether general or special, shall be conducted by the county auditor of the county in which the district is located. The expense of all such elections shall be paid for out of the funds of such district.

Sec. 21. RCW 57.28.050 and 1996 c 230 s 1007 are each amended to read as follows:
The petition for withdrawal shall be heard at the time and place specified in such notice or the hearing may be adjourned from time to time, not exceeding one month in all, and any person may appear at such hearing and make objections to the withdrawal of such territory or to the proposed boundary lines thereof. Upon final hearing on the petition for withdrawal, the board of commissioners of the district shall make such changes in the proposed boundary lines as it deems to be proper, except that no changes in the boundary lines shall be made by the board of commissioners to include lands not within the boundaries of the territory as described in such petition. In establishing and defining such boundaries the board of commissioners shall exclude any property which is then being furnished with water, sewer, or drainage service by the district or which is included in any distribution or collection system the construction of which is included within any duly established local improvement district or utility local improvement district, and the territory as finally established and defined must be substantial in area and consist of adjoining or contiguous properties. The board of commissioners shall thereupon make and by resolution adopt findings of fact as to the following questions:
(1) Would the withdrawal of such territory be of benefit to such territory?
(2) Would such withdrawal be conducive to the general welfare of the balance of the district?
Such findings shall be entered in the records of the district, together with any recommendations the board of commissioners may by resolution adopt.

Sec. 22. RCW 57.32.023 and 1996 c 230 s 1106 are each amended to read as follows:
If at the election a majority of the voters in each of the consolidating districts vote in favor of the consolidation, the consolidation shall be made within ten days after the date thereof. Upon the certification of the election results the consolidation shall be authorized. The consolidation shall be effective and the consolidating districts shall cease to exist and shall then be and become a new district and municipal corporation of the state of Washington, upon the certification of the election results. The name of the new district shall be “. . . . . . Water-Sewer District,” “. . . . . . Water District,” “. . . . . . Sewer District,” or “. . . . . . District No. . . . . . .,” which shall be the name appearing on the ballot. The district shall have all and every power, right, and privilege possessed by other water-sewer, sewer, or water districts of the state of Washington. The district may issue revenue bonds to pay for the construction of any additions and betterments set forth in the comprehensive plan of water supply, sewer, and drainage services contained in the agreement for consolidation and any future additions and betterments to the comprehensive plan of water supply, sewer, and drainage services, as its board of district commissioners shall by resolution adopt, without submitting a proposition therefor to the voters of the district.

Sec. 23. RCW 57.36.040 and 1996 c 230 s 1205 are each amended to read as follows:
If at such election a majority of the voters of the merging district or districts shall vote in favor of the merger, the consolidation shall be made within ten days after the date thereof. Upon the certification of the election results the consolidation shall be authorized. The consolidation shall be effective and the merging districts shall cease to exist and shall then be and become a new district and municipal corporation of the state of Washington, upon the certification of the election results. The name of the new district shall be “. . . . . . Water-Sewer District,” “. . . . . . Water District,” “. . . . . . Sewer District,” or “. . . . . . District No. . . . . . .,” which shall be the name appearing on the ballot. The district shall have all and every power, right, and privilege possessed by other water-sewer, sewer, or water districts of the state of Washington. The district may issue revenue bonds to pay for the construction of any additions and betterments set forth in the comprehensive plan of water supply, sewer, and drainage services contained in the agreement for consolidation and any future additions and betterments to the comprehensive plan of water supply, sewer, and drainage services, as its board of district commissioners shall by resolution adopt, without submitting a proposition therefor to the voters of the district.
election shall be made within ten days after the date thereof, and upon such return)) merger shall be authorized. The merger shall be effective and the merging district or districts shall cease to exist and shall become a part of the merger district, upon the certification of the election results. The commissioners of the merging district or districts shall hold office as commissioners of the new merged district until their respective terms of office expire or until they resign from office if the resignation is before the expiration of their terms of office. The election of commissioners in the merger district after the merger shall occur as provided in RCW 57.32.130 in a consolidated district after the consolidation.

Sec. 24. RCW 57.90.010 and 1996 c 230 s 1502 are each amended to read as follows:
Water-sewer, ((sewer, water,)) park and recreation, metropolitan park, county rural library, cemetery, flood control, mosquito control, diking and drainage, irrigation or reclamation, weed, health, or fire protection districts, and any air pollution control authority, hereinafter referred to as "special districts," which are located wholly or in part within a county with a population of two hundred ten thousand or more may be disincorporated when the district has not actively carried out any of the special purposes or functions for which it was formed within the preceding consecutive five-year period.

Sec. 25. RCW 27.12.470 and 1994 c 198 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
A rural partial-county library district may be created in a portion of the unincorporated area of a county as provided in this section if a rural county library district, intercounty rural library district, or island library district has not been created in the county.

The procedure to create a rural partial-county library district is initiated by the filing of petitions with the county auditor proposing the creation of the district that have been signed by at least ten percent of the registered voters residing in the area proposed to be included in the rural partial-county library district. The county auditor shall review the petitions and certify the sufficiency or insufficiency of the signatures to the county legislative authority.

If the petitions are certified as having sufficient valid signatures, the county legislative authority shall hold a public hearing on the proposed rural partial-county library district, may adjust the boundaries of the proposed district, and may cause a ballot proposition to be submitted to the voters of the proposed rural partial-county library district authorizing its creation if the county legislative authority finds that the creation of the rural partial-county library district is in the public interest. A subsequent public hearing shall be held if additional territory is added to the proposed rural partial-county library district by action of the county legislative authority.

The rural partial-county library district shall be created if the ballot proposition authorizing the creation of the district is approved by a simple majority vote of the voters voting on the proposition. Immediately after creation of the rural partial-county library district the county legislative authority shall appoint a board of library trustees for the district as provided under RCW 27.12.190.

Except as provided in this section, a rural partial-county library district is subject to all the provisions of law applicable to a rural county library district and shall have all the powers, duties, and authorities of a rural county library district, including, but not limited to, the authority to impose property taxes, incur debt, and annex a city or town with a population of less than one hundred thousand at the time of the annexation that is located in the same county as the rural partial-county library district.

Adjacent unincorporated territory in the county may be annexed to a rural partial-county library district in the same manner as territory is annexed to a water-sewer district, except that an annexation is not subject to potential review by a boundary review board.

If, at the time of creation, a rural partial-county library district has an assessed valuation of less than fifty million dollars, it may provide library services only by contracting for the services through an interlocal agreement with an adjacent library district, or an adjacent city or town that maintains its own library. If the assessed valuation of the rural partial-county library district subsequently reaches fifty million dollars as a result of annexation or appreciation, the fifty million dollar limitation shall not apply.

If a ballot proposition is approved creating a rural county library district in the county, every rural partial-county library district in that county shall be dissolved and its assets and liabilities
transferred to the rural county library district. Where a rural partial-county library district has annexed a city or town, the voters of the city or town shall be allowed to vote on the proposed creation of a rural county library district and, if created, the rural county library district shall include each city and town that was annexed to the rural partial-county library district.

Nothing in this section authorizes the consolidation of a rural partial-county library district with any rural county library district; island library district; city, county, or regional library; intercounty library district; or other rural partial-county library district, unless, in addition to any other requirements imposed by statute, the boards of all library districts involved approve the consolidation.

Sec. 26. RCW 32.20.070 and 1955 c 13 s 32.20.070 are each amended to read as follows:
A mutual savings bank may invest its funds in the valid warrants or bonds of any county, city, town, school district, port district, water-sewer district, or other municipal corporation in the state of Washington issued pursuant to law and for the payment of which the faith and credit of such county, municipality, or district is pledged and taxes are leviable upon all taxable property within its limits.
A mutual savings bank may invest its funds in the water revenue, sewer revenue, or electric revenue bonds of any city or public utility district of this state for the payment of which the entire revenue of the city’s or district’s water system, sewer system, or electric system, less maintenance and operating costs, is irrevocably pledged.

Sec. 27. RCW 32.20.110 and 1955 c 13 s 32.20.110 are each amended to read as follows:
A mutual savings bank may invest its funds in the bonds of any port district, (water district,) sanitary district, water-sewer district, tunnel district, bridge district, flood control district, park district, or highway district in the United States which has a population as shown by the last decennial federal census of not less than one hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, and has taxable real property with an assessed valuation in excess of two hundred million dollars and has power to levy taxes on the taxable real property therein for the payment of the bonds without limitation of rate or amount.

Sec. 28. RCW 35.13A.010 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever used in this chapter, the following words shall have the following meanings:
(1) The word "district" shall mean a water-sewer district (or sewer district as indicated by the context of the section in which used).
(2) The word "city" shall mean a city or town of any class and shall also include any code city as defined in chapter 35A.01 RCW.
(3) The words "included with" shall mean the inclusion of all or part of the territory of a district, as indicated by the context, within the corporate limits of a city either by incorporation of a city, annexation to a city, consolidation of cities or any combination thereof.
(4) The word "indebtedness" shall include general obligation, revenue, and special indebtedness and temporary, emergency, and interim loans.

Sec. 29. RCW 35.13A.020 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever all of the territory of a (water district or sewer) district is included within the corporate boundaries of a city, and the city legislative body has elected by resolution or ordinance to assume jurisdiction thereof, all real and personal property, franchises, rights, assets, taxes levied but not collected for the district for other than indebtedness, water and sewer lines, and all other facilities and equipment of the district shall become the property of such city subject to all financial, statutory, or contractual obligations of the district for the security or performance of which such property may have been pledged. Such city, in addition to its other powers, shall have the power to manage, control, maintain and operate such property, facilities and equipment and to fix and collect service and other charges from owners and occupant of properties so served by the city, subject, however, to any outstanding indebtedness, bonded or otherwise, of the district payable from taxes, assessments or revenues of any kind or nature and to any other contractual obligations of the district.
Such city may by resolution of its legislative body, assume the obligation of paying such district indebtedness and of levying and of collecting or causing to be collected such district taxes, assessments and utility rates and charges of any kind or nature to pay and secure the payment of such
indebtedness, according to all of the terms, conditions and covenants incident to such indebtedness, and shall assume and perform all other outstanding contractual obligation of the district in accordance with all of its terms, conditions and covenants. No such assumption shall be deemed to impair the obligation of any indebtedness or other contractual obligation entered into after August 9, 1971. During the period until the outstanding indebtedness of the district has been discharged, the territory of the district and the owners and occupants of property therein, shall continue to be liable for its and their proportionate share of such indebtedness, including any outstanding assessments levied within any local improvement district or utility local improvement district thereof. The city shall assume the obligation of causing the payment of such indebtedness, collecting such taxes, assessments and charges and observing and performing the other district contractual obligations. The legislative body of the city shall act as the officers of the district for the purpose of certifying the amount of any property tax to be levied and collected therein, and causing service and other charges and assessments to be collected from such property or owners or occupants thereof, enforcing such collection and performing all other acts necessary to insure performance of the district’s contractual obligations in the same manner and by the same means as if the territory of the district had not been included within the boundaries of a city.

When a city assumes the obligation of paying the outstanding indebtedness, and if property taxes or assessments have been levied and service and other charges have accrued for such purpose but have not been collected by the district prior to such election, the same when collected shall belong and be paid to the city and be used by such city so far as necessary for payment of the indebtedness of the district existing and unpaid on the date such city elects to assume the indebtedness. Any funds received by the city which have been collected for the purpose of paying any bonded or other indebtedness of the district, shall be used for the purpose for which they were collected and for no other purpose. Any outstanding indebtedness shall be paid as provided in the bond covenants. All funds of the district on deposit with the county treasurer at the time of title transfer shall be used by the city solely for the benefit of the utility and shall not be transferred to or used for the benefit of the city’s general fund.

Sec. 30. RCW 35.13A.030 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever a portion of a ((water district or sewer)) district equal to at least sixty percent of the area or sixty percent of the assessed valuation of the real property lying within such district, is included within the corporate boundaries of a city, the city may either:
(1) Assume by ordinance the full and complete management and control of that portion of the entire district that is contiguous to the city and not included within another city, ((whereupon)) if the district voters of such an area approve a ballot proposition authorizing the assumption requested by the city, submitted to these voters by the board of commissioners of the district. The provisions of RCW 35.13A.020 shall be operative if the city proceeds under this subsection, and any rates that are charged for service outside of the city shall be reasonable to all parties; or
(2) The city may proceed directly under the provisions of RCW 35.13A.050.
The city or district may petition to dissolve the district under the provisions of RCW 35.13A.080.

Sec. 31. RCW 35.13A.040 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever the portion of a ((water or sewer)) district included within the corporate boundaries of a city is less than sixty percent of the area of the district and less than sixty percent of the assessed valuation of the real property within the district, the city may elect to proceed under the provisions of RCW 35.13A.050.

Sec. 32. RCW 35.13A.050 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
When electing under RCW 35.13A.030 or 35.13A.040 to proceed under this section, the city may assume, by ordinance, jurisdiction of the district’s responsibilities, property, facilities and equipment within the corporate limits of the city((Provided, That)).
If on the effective date of such an ordinance the territory of the district included within the city contains any facilities serving or designed to serve any portion of the district outside the corporate limits of the city or if the territory lying within the district and outside the city contains any facilities serving or designed to serve territory included within the city (which facilities are hereafter in this
section called the "serving facilities"), the city or district shall for the economically useful life of any such serving facilities make available sufficient capacity therein to serve the sewage, drainage, or water requirements of such territory, to the extent that such facilities were designed to serve such territory at a rate charged to the municipality being served which is reasonable to all parties.

In the event a city proceeds under this section, the city (district may elect upon a favorable vote of a majority of all voters within the district voting upon such propositions to require the) city shall be required to assume responsibility for operating and maintaining the district’s property, facilities, and equipment throughout that portion of the entire district that is contiguous to the city but not included in any other city, and the district shall pay the city a charge for such operation and maintenance which is reasonable under all of the circumstances, if the voters of the district who reside in such an area approve a ballot proposition providing for this transfer of responsibility, submitted to the voters by the board of commissioners of the district.

A city acquiring property, facilities and equipment under the provisions of this section shall acquire such property, facilities and equipment, and fix and collect service and other charges from owners and occupants of properties served by the city, subject, to any contractual obligations of the district which relate to the property, facilities, or equipment so acquired by the city or which are secured by taxes, assessments or revenues from the territory of the district included within the city. In such cases, the property included within the city and the owners and occupants thereof shall continue to be liable for payment of its and their proportionate share of any outstanding district indebtedness. The district and its officers shall continue to levy taxes and assessments on and to collect service and other charges from such property, or owners or occupants thereof, to enforce such collections, and to perform all other acts necessary to insure performance of the district’s contractual obligations in the same manner and by the same means as if the territory of the district had not been included within the boundaries of a city.

The city or district may petition to dissolve the district under the provisions of RCW 35.13A.080.

Sec. 33. RCW 35.13A.060 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever more than one city, in whole or in part, is included within a water district or sewer district, the city which has within its boundaries sixty percent or more of the area of the assessed valuation of the district (in this section referred to as the "principal city") may, with the approval of any other city containing part of such district, assume responsibility for operation and maintenance of the district’s property, facilities, and equipment within such other city and make and enforce such charges for operation, maintenance and retirement of indebtedness as may be reasonable under all the circumstances.

Any other city having less than sixty percent in area or assessed valuation of such district, within its boundaries may install facilities and create local improvement districts or otherwise finance the cost of installation of such facilities and if such facilities have been installed in accordance with reasonable standards fixed by the principal city, such other city may connect such facilities to the utility system of such district operated by the principal city upon providing for payment by the owners or occupants of properties served thereby, of such charges established by the principal city that may be reasonable under the circumstances.

Sec. 34. RCW 35.13A.090 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever a city acquires all of the facilities of a water district or sewer district, pursuant to this chapter, such a city shall offer to employ every full time employee of the district who is engaged in the operation of such a district’s facilities on the date on which such city acquires the district facilities. When a city acquires any portion of the facilities of such a district, such a city shall offer to employ full time employees of the district as of the date of the acquisition of the facilities of the district who are not longer needed by the district.

Whenever a city employs a person who was employed immediately prior thereto by the district, arrangements shall be made:
(1) (For the retention of service credits under the pension plan of the district pursuant to RCW 41.04.070 through 41.04.110.)
(2)) For the retention of all sick leave standing to the employee’s credit in the plan of such district.

(((4))) (2) For a vacation with pay during the first year of employment equivalent to that to which he would have been entitled if he had remained in the employment of the district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 35. A new section is added to chapter 35.51 RCW to read as follows:
Assessments for local improvements in a local improvement district created by a municipality may be pledged and applied when collected to the payment of its obligations under a loan agreement entered into pursuant to chapter 39.69 RCW to pay costs of improvements in such a local improvement district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 36. A new section is added to chapter 35.51 RCW to read as follows:
The authority granted by section 35 of this act is supplemental and in addition to the authority granted by Title 35 RCW and to any other authority granted to cities, towns, or municipal corporations to levy, pledge, and apply special assessments.

Sec. 37. RCW 35.58.210 and 1974 ex.s. c 70 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
If a metropolitan municipal corporation shall be authorized to perform the function of metropolitan water pollution abatement, the metropolitan council shall, prior to the effective date of the assumption of such function, cause a metropolitan water pollution abatement advisory committee to be formed by notifying the legislative body of each component city and county which operates a sewer system to appoint one person to serve on such advisory committee and the board of commissioners of each water-sewer district (and water district) which operates a sewer system, any portion of which lies within the metropolitan area, to appoint one person to serve on such committee who shall be a commissioner of such a water-sewer (or water) district. The metropolitan water pollution abatement advisory committee shall meet at the time and place provided in the notice and elect a chairman. The members of such committee shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing bodies and shall receive no compensation other than reimbursement for expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties. The function of such advisory committee shall be to advise the metropolitan council in matters relating to the performance of the water pollution (abatement) function.

Sec. 38. RCW 35.58.220 and 1965 c 7 s 35.58.220 are each amended to read as follows:
If a metropolitan municipal corporation shall be authorized to perform the function of metropolitan water supply, it shall have the following powers in addition to the general powers granted by this chapter:

(1) To prepare a comprehensive plan for the development of sources of water supply, trunk supply mains and water treatment and storage facilities for the metropolitan area.

(2) To acquire by purchase, condemnation, gift or grant and to lease, construct, add to, improve, replace, repair, maintain, operate and regulate the use of metropolitan facilities for water supply within or without the metropolitan area, including buildings, structures, water sheds, wells, springs, dams, settling basins, intakes, treatment plants, trunk supply mains and pumping stations, together with all lands, property, equipment and accessories necessary to enable the metropolitan municipal corporation to obtain and develop sources of water supply, treat and store water and deliver water through trunk supply mains. Water supply facilities which are owned by a city or special district may be acquired or used by the metropolitan municipal corporation only with the consent of the legislative body of the city or special district owning such facilities. Cities and special districts are hereby authorized to convey or lease such facilities to metropolitan municipal corporations or to contract for their joint use on such terms as may be fixed by agreement between the legislative body of such city or special district and the metropolitan council, without submitting the matter to the voters of such city or special district.

(3) To fix rates and charges for water supplied by the metropolitan municipal corporation.

(4) To acquire by purchase, condemnation, gift or grant and to lease, construct, add to, improve, replace, repair, maintain, operate and regulate the use of facilities for the local distribution of water in portions of the metropolitan area not contained within any city or water-sewer district that
operates a water system, and, with the consent of the legislative body of any city or the water-sewer district, to exercise such powers within such city or water-sewer district and for such purpose to have all the powers conferred by law upon such city or water-sewer district with respect to such local distribution facilities. All costs of such local distribution facilities shall be paid for by the area served thereby.

Sec. 39. RCW 35.58.230 and 1993 c 240 s 5 are each amended to read as follows: If a metropolitan municipal corporation shall be authorized to perform the function of metropolitan water supply, the metropolitan council shall, prior to the effective date of the assumption of such function, cause a metropolitan water advisory committee to be formed by notifying the legislative body of each component city which operates a water system to appoint one person to serve on such advisory committee and the board of commissioners of each water-sewer district that operates a water system, any portion of which lies within the metropolitan area, to appoint one person to serve on such committee who shall be a water-sewer district commissioner. The metropolitan water advisory committee shall meet at the time and place provided in the notice and elect a chairman. The members of such committee shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing bodies and shall receive no compensation other than reimbursement for expenses actually incurred in the performance of their duties. The function of such advisory committee shall be to advise the metropolitan council with respect to matters relating to the performance of the water supply function.

The requirement to create a metropolitan water advisory committee shall not apply to a county that has assumed the rights, powers, functions, and obligations of the metropolitan municipal corporation under chapter 36.56 RCW.

Sec. 40. RCW 35.58.410 and 1993 c 240 s 11 are each amended to read as follows: (1) On or before the third Monday in June of each year, each metropolitan municipal corporation shall adopt a budget for the following calendar year. Such budget shall include a separate section for each authorized metropolitan function. Expenditures shall be segregated as to operation and maintenance expenses and capital and betterment outlays. Administrative and other expense general to the corporation shall be allocated between the authorized metropolitan functions. The budget shall contain an estimate of all revenues to be collected during the following budget year, including any surplus funds remaining unexpended from the preceding year. The metropolitan council shall not be required to confine capital or betterment expenditures made from bond proceeds or emergency expenditures to items provided in the budget. The affirmative vote of three-fourths of all members of the metropolitan council shall be required to authorize emergency expenditures.

(2) Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to a county that has assumed the rights, powers, functions, and obligations of a metropolitan municipal corporation under chapter 36.56 RCW. This subsection (2) shall apply only to each county that has assumed the rights, powers, functions, and obligations of a metropolitan municipal corporation under chapter 36.56 RCW.

Each county that has assumed the rights, powers, functions, and obligations of a metropolitan municipal corporation under chapter 36.56 RCW shall, on or before the third Monday in June of each year, prepare an estimate of all revenues to be collected during the following calendar year, including any surplus funds remaining unexpended from the preceding year for each authorized metropolitan function.

By June 30 of each year, the county shall adopt the rate for sewage disposal that will be charged to component cities and water-sewer districts during the following budget year.

As long as any general obligation indebtedness remains outstanding that was issued by the metropolitan municipal corporation prior to the assumption by the county, the county shall continue to impose the taxes authorized by RCW 82.14.045 and 35.58.273(5) at the maximum rates and on all of the taxable events authorized by law. If, despite the continued imposition of those taxes, the estimate of revenues made on or before the third Monday in June shows that estimated revenues will be insufficient to make all debt service payments falling due in the following calendar year on all general obligation indebtedness issued by the metropolitan municipal corporation prior to the assumption by the county of the rights, powers, functions, and obligations of the metropolitan municipal corporation, the remaining
amount required to make the debt service payments shall be designated as "supplemental income" and shall be obtained from component cities and component counties as provided under RCW 35.58.420.

The county shall prepare and adopt a budget each year in accordance with applicable general law or county charter. If supplemental income has been designated under this subsection, the supplemental income shall be reflected in the budget that is adopted. If during the budget year the actual tax revenues from the taxes imposed under the authority of RCW 82.14.045 and 35.58.273(5) exceed the estimates upon which the supplemental income was based, the difference shall be refunded to the component cities and component counties in proportion to their payments promptly after the end of the budget year. A county that has assumed the rights, powers, functions, and obligations of a metropolitan municipal corporation under chapter 36.56 RCW shall not be required to confine capital or betterment expenditures for authorized metropolitan functions from bond proceeds or emergency expenditures to items provided in the budget.

Sec. 41. RCW 35.67.300 and 1965 c 7 s 35.67.300 are each amended to read as follows:

Any city, town, or organized and established water-sewer district owning or operating its own sewer system, whenever topographic conditions shall make it feasible and whenever such existing sewer system shall be adequate therefor in view of the sewerage and drainage requirements of the property in such city, town, or water-sewer district, served or to be served by such system, may contract with any other city, town, or organized and established water-sewer district for the discharge into its sewer system of sewage from all or any part or parts of such other city, town, or water-sewer district upon such terms and conditions and for such periods of time as may be deemed reasonable.

Any city, town, or organized and established water-sewer district may contract with any other city, town, or organized and established water-sewer district for the construction and/or operation of any sewer or sewage disposal facilities for the joint use and benefit of the contracting parties upon such terms and conditions and for such period of time as the governing bodies of the contracting parties may determine. Any such contract may provide that the responsibility for the management of the construction and/or maintenance and operation of any sewer disposal facilities or part thereof covered by such contract shall be vested solely in one of the contracting parties, with the other party or parties thereto paying to the managing party such portion of the expenses thereof as shall be agreed upon.

Sec. 42. RCW 35.91.020 and 1981 c 313 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

The governing body of any city, town, county, water-sewer district, (water district, or) or drainage district, hereinafter referred to as a "municipality" may contract with owners of real estate for the construction of storm, sanitary, or combination sewers, pumping stations, and disposal plants, water mains, hydrants, reservoirs, or appurtenances, hereinafter called "water or sewer facilities," within their boundaries or (except for counties) within ten miles from their corporate limits connecting with the public water or sewerage system to serve the area in which the real estate of such owners is located, and to provide for a period of not to exceed fifteen years for the reimbursement of such owners and their assigns by any owner of real estate who did not contribute to the original cost of such water or sewer facilities and who subsequently tap onto or use the same of a fair pro rata share of the cost of the construction of said water or sewer facilities, including not only those directly connected thereto, but also users connected to laterals or branches connecting thereto, subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as the governing body of such municipality may provide or contract, and notwithstanding the provisions of any other law. To the extent it may require in the performance of such contract, such municipality may install said water or sewer facilities in and along the county streets in the area to be served as hereinafore provided, subject to such reasonable requirements as to the manner of occupancy of such streets as the county may by resolution provide. The provisions of such contract shall not be effective as to any owner of real estate not a party thereto unless such contract has been recorded in the office of the county auditor of the county in which the real estate of such owner is located prior to the time such owner taps into or connects to said water or sewer facilities. (The power of the governing body of such municipality to so contract also applies to water or sewer facilities in process of construction on June 10, 1959, or which have not been finally approved or accepted for full maintenance and operation by such municipality upon June 10, 1959.)
Sec. 43. RCW 35.92.012 and 1965 c 7 s 35.92.012 are each amended to read as follows:

A city or town, whose boundaries are identical with those of a water-sewer district, or within which a water-sewer district is entirely located, which is free from all debts and liabilities except contractual obligations between the district and the town, may accept the property and assets of the (water) district and operate such property and assets as a municipal waterworks, if the district and the city or town each participate in a summary dissolution proceedings for the district as provided in RCW 57.04.110.

Sec. 44. RCW 35.92.170 and 1965 c 7 s 35.92.170 are each amended to read as follows:

When a city or town owns or operates a municipal waterworks system and desires to extend such utility beyond its corporate limits it may acquire, construct and maintain any addition to or extension of the system, and dispose of and distribute water to any other municipality, water-sewer district, community, or person desiring to purchase it.

Sec. 45. RCW 35.97.010 and 1987 c 522 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Biomass energy system" means a system that provides for the production or collection of organic materials such as wood and agricultural residues and municipal solid waste that are primarily organic materials and the conversion or use of that material for the production of heat or substitute fuels through several processes including, but not limited to, burning, pyrolysis, or anaerobic digestion.

(2) "Cogeneration" means the sequential generation of two or more forms of energy from a common fuel or energy source.

(3) "Cogeneration facility" means any machinery, equipment, structure, process, or property or any part thereof, installed or acquired for the primary purpose of cogeneration by a person or corporation.

(4) "Geothermal heat" means the natural thermal energy of the earth.

(5) "Waste heat" means the thermal energy which otherwise would be released to the environment from an industrial process, electric generation, or other process.

(6) "Heat" means thermal energy.

(7) "Heat source" includes but is not limited to (a) any integral part of a heat production or heat rejection system of an industrial facility, cogeneration facility, or electric power generation facility, (b) geothermal well or spring, (c) biomass energy system, (d) solar collection facility, and (e) hydrothermal resource or heat extraction process.

(8) "Municipality" means a county, city, town, irrigation district which distributes electricity, water-sewer district, port district, or metropolitan municipal corporation.

(9) "Heating facilities or heating systems" means all real and personal property, or interests therein, necessary or useful for: (a) The acquisition, production, or extraction of heat; (b) the storage of heat; (c) the distribution of heat from its source to the place of utilization; (d) the extraction of heat at the place of utilization from the medium by which the heat is distributed; (e) the distribution of heat at the place of utilization; and (f) the conservation of heat.

(10) "Hydrothermal resource" means the thermal energy available in wastewater, sewage effluent, wells, or other water sources, natural or manmade.

Sec. 46. RCW 35.97.050 and 1996 c 230 s 1603 are each amended to read as follows:

If the legislative authority of a municipality deems it advisable that the municipality purchase, acquire, or construct a heating system, or make any additions or extensions to a heating system, the legislative authority shall so provide by an ordinance or a resolution specifying and adopting the system or plan proposed, declaring the estimated cost thereof, as near as may be, and specifying the method of financing and source of funds. Any construction, alteration, or improvement of a heating system by any (county, city, town, irrigation district, water sewer district, or port district) municipality shall be in compliance with the appropriate competitive bidding requirements in Titles 35, 36, 53, 57, or 87 RCW.
Sec. 47. RCW 36.16.138 and 1975 c 16 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Any board of commissioners, council, or board of directors or other governing board of any county, city, town, school district, port district, public utility district, water-sewer district, irrigation district, or other municipal corporation or political subdivision is authorized to purchase insurance to protect and hold personally harmless any of its commissioners, council members, directors, or other governing board members, and any of its other officers, employees, and agents from any action, claim, or proceeding instituted against the foregoing individuals arising out of the performance, purported performance, or failure of performance, in good faith of duties for, or employment with, such institutions and to hold these individuals harmless from any expenses connected with the defense, settlement, or monetary judgments from such actions, claims, or proceedings. The purchase of such insurance for any of the foregoing individuals and the policy limits shall be discretionary with the municipal corporation or political subdivision, and such insurance shall not be considered to be compensation for these individuals.

The provisions of this section are cumulative and in addition to any other provision of law authorizing any municipal corporation or political subdivision to purchase liability insurance.

Sec. 48. RCW 36.93.020 and 1979 ex.s. c 30 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
As used herein:
(1) "Governmental unit" means any incorporated city or town, metropolitan municipal corporation, or any special purpose district as defined in this section.
(2) "Special purpose district" means any water-sewer district, fire protection district, drainage improvement district, drainage and diking improvement district, flood control zone district, irrigation district, metropolitan park district, drainage district, or public utility district engaged in water distribution.
(3) "Board" means a boundary review board created by or pursuant to this chapter.

Sec. 49. RCW 36.93.093 and 1971 ex.s. c 127 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever a water-sewer district files with the board a notice of intention as required by RCW 36.93.090, the board shall send a copy of such notice of intention to the legislative authority of the county wherein such action is proposed to be taken and one copy to the state department of ecology.

Sec. 50. RCW 36.93.105 and 1989 c 84 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
The following actions shall not be subject to potential review by a boundary review board:
(1) Annexations of territory to a water-sewer district pursuant to RCW 36.94.410 through 36.94.440;
(2) Revisions of city or town boundaries pursuant to RCW 35.21.790 or 35A.21.210;
(3) Adjustments to city or town boundaries pursuant to RCW 35.13.340; and
(4) Adjustments to city and town boundaries pursuant to RCW 35.13.300 through 35.13.330.

Sec. 51. RCW 36.93.185 and 1989 c 308 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
The proposal by a water-sewer district to annex territory that is not adjacent to the district shall not be deemed to be violative of the objectives of a boundary review board solely due to the fact that the territory is not adjacent to the water-sewer district. The proposed consolidation or merger of two or more water-sewer districts that are not adjacent to each other shall not be deemed to be violative of the objectives of a boundary review board solely due to the fact that the districts are not adjacent.

Sec. 52. RCW 36.94.220 and 1981 c 313 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A county shall have the power to establish utility local improvement districts and local improvement districts within the area of a sewerage and/or water general plan and to levy special assessments under a mode of annual installments extending over a period not exceeding twenty years on all property specially benefited by any local improvement on the basis of the special benefits to pay in whole or in part the damages or costs of any improvements ordered in such county.
(2) Utility local improvement districts and local improvement districts may include territory within a city or town only with the written consent of the city or town, but if the local district is formed before such area is included within the city or town, no such consent shall be necessary. Utility local improvement districts and local improvement districts used to provide sewerage disposal systems may include territory within a water-sewer district providing sewerage disposal systems only with the written consent of such a water-sewer district, but if the local district is formed before such area is included within such a water-sewer district, no consent is necessary. Utility local improvement districts and local improvement districts used to provide water systems may include territory within a water-sewer district providing water systems only with the written consent of such a water-sewer district, but if the local district is formed before such area is included within such a water-sewer district, no consent is necessary. Utility local improvement districts and local improvement districts used to provide water systems may include territory within a water-sewer district providing water systems only with the written consent of such a water-sewer district, but if the local district is formed before such area is included within such a water-sewer district, no consent is necessary.

(3) The levying, collection, and enforcement of all public assessments hereby authorized shall be in the manner now and hereafter provided by law for the levying, collection, and enforcement of local improvement assessments by cities and towns, insofar as the same shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter. In addition, the county shall file the preliminary assessment roll at the time and in the manner prescribed in RCW 35.50.005. The duties devolving upon the city or town treasurer under such laws are imposed upon the county treasurer for the purposes of this chapter. The mode of assessment shall be in the manner to be determined by the county legislative authority by ordinance or resolution. As an alternative to equal annual assessment installments of principal provided for cities and towns, a county legislative authority may provide for the payment of such assessments in equal annual installments of principal and interest. Assessments in any local district may be made on the basis of special benefits up to but not in excess of the total cost of any sewerage and/or water improvement made with respect to that local district and the share of any general sewerage and/or water facilities allocable to that district. In utility local improvement districts, assessments shall be deposited into the revenue bond fund or general obligation bond fund established for the payment of bonds issued to pay such costs which bond payments are secured in part by the pledge of assessments, except pending the issuance and sale of such bonds, assessments may be deposited in a fund for the payment of such costs. In local improvement districts, assessments shall be deposited into a fund for the payment of such costs and local improvement bonds issued to finance the same or into the local improvement guaranty fund as provided by applicable statute.

Sec. 53. RCW 36.94.430 and 1984 c 147 s 3 are each amended to read as follows: The provisions of RCW 36.94.410 and 36.94.420 provide an alternative method of accomplishing the transfer permitted by those sections and do not impose additional conditions upon the exercise of powers vested in water sewer districts and counties.

Sec. 54. RCW 36.96.010 and 1979 ex.s. c 5 s 1 are each amended to read as follows: As used in this chapter, unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Special purpose district" means every municipal and quasi-municipal corporation other than counties, cities, and towns. Such special purpose districts shall include, but are not limited to, water-sewer districts, fire protection districts, port districts, public utility districts, county park and recreation service areas, flood control zone districts, diking districts, drainage improvement districts, and solid waste collection districts, but shall not include industrial development districts created by port districts, and shall not include local improvement districts, utility local improvement districts, and road improvement districts;

(2) "Governing authority" means the commission, council, or other body which directs the affairs of a special purpose district;

(3) "Inactive" means that a special purpose district, other than a public utility district, is characterized by either of the following criteria:

(a) Has not carried out any of the special purposes or functions for which it was formed within the preceding consecutive five-year period; or

(b) No election has been held for the purpose of electing a member of the governing body within the preceding consecutive seven-year period or, in those instances where members of the
governing body are appointed and not elected, where no member of the governing body has been appointed within the preceding seven-year period. A public utility district is inactive when it is characterized by both criteria (a) and (b) of this subsection.

Sec. 55. RCW 36.94.410 and 1984 c 147 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
A system of sewerage, system of water or combined water and sewerage systems operated by a county under the authority of this chapter may be transferred from that county to a water (or) sewer district in the same manner as is provided for the transfer of those functions from a water (or) sewer district to a county in RCW 36.94.310 through 36.94.340.

Sec. 56. RCW 36.94.420 and 1996 c 230 s 1609 are each amended to read as follows:
If so provided in the transfer agreement, the area served by the system shall, upon completion of the transfer, be deemed annexed to and become a part of the water-sewer district acquiring the system. The county shall provide notice of the hearing by the county legislative authority on the ordinance executing the transfer agreement under RCW 36.94.330 as follows: (1) By mailed notice to all ratepayers served by the system at least fifteen days prior to the hearing; and (2) by notice in a newspaper of general circulation once at least fifteen days prior to the hearing.
In the event of an annexation under this section resulting from the transfer of a system of sewerage, a system of water, or combined water and sewer systems from a county to a water-sewer district (governed by Title 57 RCW), the water-sewer district shall (have all the powers of a water-sewer district provided by chapter 57.36 RCW, as if a water-sewer district had been merged into a water-sewer district) operate the system or systems under the provisions of Title 57 RCW.

Sec. 57. RCW 39.69.010 and 1987 c 19 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, "municipal corporation" includes counties, cities, towns, port districts, water-sewer districts, school districts, metropolitan park districts, or such other units of local government which are authorized to issue obligations.

Sec. 58. RCW 39.80.020 and 1981 c 61 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section shall apply throughout this chapter.
(1) "State agency" means any department, agency, commission, bureau, office, or any other entity or authority of the state government.
(2) "Local agency" means any city and any town, county, special district, municipal corporation, agency, port district or authority, or political subdivision of any type, or any other entity or authority of local government in corporate form or otherwise.
(3) "Special district" means a local unit of government, other than a city, town, or county, authorized by law to perform a single function or a limited number of functions, and including but not limited to, water-sewer districts, irrigation districts, fire districts, school districts, community college districts, hospital districts, (water districts)) transportation districts, and metropolitan municipal corporations organized under chapter 35.58 RCW.
(4) "Agency" means both state and local agencies and special districts as defined in subsection((s))s (1), (2), and (3) of this section.
(5) "Architectural and engineering services" or "professional services" means professional services rendered by any person, other than as an employee of the agency, contracting to perform activities within the scope of the general definition of professional practice in chapters 18.08, 18.43, or 18.96 RCW.
(6) "Person" means any individual, organization, group, association, partnership, firm, joint venture, corporation, or any combination thereof.
(7) "Consultant" means any person providing professional services who is not an employee of the agency for which the services are provided.
(8) "Application" means a completed statement of qualifications together with a request to be considered for the award of one or more contracts for professional services.
Sec. 59. RCW 39.50.010 and 1985 c 332 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, the following terms have the meanings indicated unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Governing body" means the legislative authority of a municipal corporation by whatever name designated;

(2) "Local improvement district" includes local improvement districts, utility local improvement districts, road improvement districts, and other improvement districts that a municipal corporation is authorized by law to establish;

(3) "Municipal corporation" means any city, town, county, water district, school district, port district, public utility district, metropolitan municipal corporation, public transportation benefit area, park and recreation district, irrigation district, or fire protection district or any other municipal or quasi-municipal corporation described as such by statute, except joint operating agencies under chapter 43.52 RCW;

(4) "Ordinance" means an ordinance of a city or town or resolution or other instrument by which the governing body of the municipal corporation exercising any power under this chapter takes formal action and adopts legislative provisions and matters of some permanency; and

(5) "Short-term obligations" are warrants, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness, except bonds.

Sec. 60. RCW 43.20.240 and 1990 c 132 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall have primary responsibility among state agencies to receive complaints from persons aggrieved by the failure of a public water system. If the remedy to the complaint is not within the jurisdiction of the department, the department shall refer the complaint to the state or local agency that has the appropriate jurisdiction. The department shall take such steps as necessary to inform other state agencies of their primary responsibility for such complaints and the implementing procedures.

(2) Each county shall designate a contact person to the department for the purpose of receiving and following up on complaint referrals that are within county jurisdiction. In the absence of any such designation, the county health officer shall be responsible for performing this function.

(3) The department and each county shall establish procedures for providing a reasonable response to complaints received from persons aggrieved by the failure of a public water system.

(4) The department and each county shall use all reasonable efforts to assist customers of public water systems in obtaining a dependable supply of water at all times. The availability of resources and the public health significance of the complaint shall be considered when determining what constitutes a reasonable effort.

(5) The department shall, in consultation with local governments, water utilities, water-sewer districts, public utility districts, and other interested parties, develop a booklet or other single document that will provide to members of the public the following information:

(a) A summary of state law regarding the obligations of public water systems in providing drinking water supplies to their customers;

(b) A summary of the activities, including planning, rate setting, and compliance, that are to be performed by both local and state agencies;

(c) The rights of customers of public water systems, including identification of agencies or offices to which they may address the most common complaints regarding the failures or inadequacies of public water systems.

This booklet or document shall be available to members of the public no later than January 1, 1991.

Sec. 61. RCW 43.70.195 and 1994 c 292 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In any action brought by the secretary of health or by a local health officer pursuant to chapter 7.60 RCW to place a public water system in receivership, the petition shall include the names of one or more suitable candidates for receiver who have consented to assume operation of the water system. The department shall maintain a list of interested and qualified individuals, municipal entities, special purpose districts, and investor-owned water companies with experience in the provision of
water service and a history of satisfactory operation of a water system. If there is no other person willing and able to be named as receiver, the court shall appoint the county in which the water system is located as receiver. The county may designate a county agency to operate the system, or it may contract with another individual or public water system to provide management for the system. If the county is appointed as receiver, the secretary of health and the county health officer shall provide regulatory oversight for the agency or other person responsible for managing the water system.

(2) In any petition for receivership under subsection (1) of this section, the department shall recommend that the court grant to the receiver full authority to act in the best interests of the customers served by the public water system. The receiver shall assess the capability, in conjunction with the department and local government, for the system to operate in compliance with health and safety standards, and shall report to the court and the petitioning agency its recommendations for the system’s future operation, including the formation of a water-sewer district or other public entity, or ownership by another existing water system capable of providing service.

(3) If a petition for receivership and verifying affidavit executed by an appropriate departmental official allege an immediate and serious danger to residents constituting an emergency, the court shall set the matter for hearing within three days and may appoint a temporary receiver ex parte upon the strength of such petition and affidavit pending a full evidentiary hearing, which shall be held within fourteen days after receipt of the petition.

(4) A bond, if any is imposed upon a receiver, shall be minimal and shall reasonably relate to the level of operating revenue generated by the system. Any receiver appointed pursuant to this section shall not be held personally liable for any good faith, reasonable effort to assume possession of, and to operate, the system in compliance with the court’s orders.

(5) The court shall authorize the receiver to impose reasonable assessments on a water system's customers to recover expenditures for improvements necessary for the public health and safety.

(6) No later than twelve months after appointment of a receiver, the petitioning agency, in conjunction with the county in which the system is located, and the appropriate state and local health agencies, shall develop and present to the court a plan for the disposition of the system. The report shall include the recommendations of the receiver made pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. The report shall include all reasonable and feasible alternatives. After receiving the report, the court shall provide notice to interested parties and conduct such hearings as are necessary. The court shall then order the parties to implement one of the alternatives, or any combination thereof, for the disposition of the system. Such order shall include a date, or proposed date, for the termination of the receivership. Nothing in this section authorizes a court to require a city, town, public utility district, water-sewer district, or irrigation district to accept a system that has been in receivership unless the city, town, public utility district, water-sewer district, or irrigation district agrees to the terms and conditions outlined in the plan adopted by the court.

(7) The court shall not terminate the receivership, and order the return of the system to the owners, unless the department of health approves of such an action. The court may impose reasonable conditions upon the return of the system to the owner, including the posting of a bond or other security, routine performance and financial audits, employment of qualified operators and other staff or contracted services, compliance with financial viability requirements, or other measures sufficient to ensure the ongoing proper operation of the system.

(8) If, as part of the ultimate disposition of the system, an eminent domain action is commenced by a public entity to acquire the system, the court shall oversee any appraisal of the system conducted under Title 7 RCW to assure that the appraised value properly reflects any reduced value because of the necessity to make improvements to the system. The court shall have the authority to approve the appraisal, and to modify it based on any information provided at an evidentiary hearing. The court’s determination of the proper value of the system, based on the appraisal, shall be final, and only appealable if not supported by substantial evidence. If the appraised value is appealed, the court may order that the system’s ownership be transferred upon payment of the approved appraised value.

Sec. 62. RCW 43.155.030 and 1985 c 446 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The public works board is hereby created.
The board shall be composed of thirteen members appointed by the governor for terms of four years, except that five members initially shall be appointed for terms of two years. The board shall include: (a) Three members, two of whom shall be elected officials and one shall be a public works manager, appointed from a list of at least six persons nominated by the association of Washington cities or its successor; (b) three members, two of whom shall be elected officials and one shall be a public works manager, appointed from a list of at least six persons nominated by the Washington state association of counties or its successor; (c) three members appointed from a list of at least six persons nominated jointly by the (Washington state association of water districts, the) Washington public utility districts association((i)) and ((the Washington)) a state association of water-sewer districts, or their successors; and (d) four members appointed from the general public. In appointing the four general public members, the governor shall endeavor to balance the geographical composition of the board and to include members with special expertise in relevant fields such as public finance, architecture and civil engineering, and public works construction. The governor shall appoint one of the general public members of the board as chair. The term of the chair shall coincide with the term of the governor.

(3) Staff support to the board shall be provided by the department.
(4) Members of the board shall receive no compensation but shall be reimbursed for travel expenses under RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.
(5) If a vacancy on the board occurs by death, resignation, or otherwise, the governor shall fill the vacant position for the unexpired term. Each vacancy in a position appointed from lists provided by the associations under subsection (2) of this section shall be filled from a list of at least three persons nominated by the relevant association or associations. Any members of the board, appointive or otherwise, may be removed by the governor for cause in accordance with RCW 43.06.070 and 43.06.080.

Sec. 63. RCW 44.04.170 and 1970 ex.s. c 69 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
It shall be the duty of each association of municipal corporations or municipal officers, which is recognized by law and utilized as an official agency for the coordination of the policies and/or administrative programs of municipal corporations, to submit biennially, or oftener as necessary, to the governor and to the legislature the joint recommendations of such participating municipalities regarding changes which would affect the efficiency of such municipal corporations. Such associations shall include but shall not be limited to the Washington state association of fire commissioners, ((the Washington state association of sewer districts,)) and the Washington state school directors' association.

Sec. 64. RCW 48.62.021 and 1991 sp.s. c 30 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
(1) "Local government entity" or "entity" means every unit of local government, both general purpose and special purpose, and includes, but is not limited to, counties, cities, towns, port districts, public utility districts, ((water districts,)) water-sewer districts, school districts, fire protection districts, irrigation districts, metropolitan municipal corporations, conservation districts, and other political subdivisions, governmental subdivisions, municipal corporations, and quasi-municipal corporations.
(2) "Risk assumption" means a decision to absorb the entity's financial exposure to a risk of loss without the creation of a formal program of advance funding of anticipated losses.
(3) "Self-insurance" means a formal program of advance funding and management of entity financial exposure to a risk of loss that is not transferred through the purchase of an insurance policy or contract.
(4) "Health and welfare benefits" means a plan or program established by a local government entity or entities for the purpose of providing its employees and their dependents, and in the case of school districts, its district employees, students, directors, or any of their dependents, with health care, accident, disability, death, and salary protection benefits.
(5) "Property and liability risks" includes the risk of property damage or loss sustained by a local government entity and the risk of claims arising from the tortious or negligent conduct or any
error or omission of the local government entity, its officers, employees, agents, or volunteers as a result of which a claim may be made against the local government entity.

(6) "State risk manager" means the state risk manager of the division of risk management within the department of general administration.

Sec. 65. RCW 52.08.011 and 1984 c 230 s 54 are each amended to read as follows:
Territory within a fire protection district may be withdrawn from the district in the same manner provided by law for withdrawal of territory from water-sewer districts, as provided by chapter 57.28 RCW.

Sec. 66. RCW 53.48.001 and 1989 c 84 s 46 are each amended to read as follows:
The dissolution of a metropolitan park district, fire protection district, ((sewer district,)) water-sewer district, or flood control zone district under chapter 53.48 RCW may be subject to potential review by a boundary review board under chapter 36.93 RCW.

Sec. 67. RCW 53.48.010 and 1986 c 278 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
The following words and terms shall, whenever used in this chapter, have the meaning set forth in this section:
(1) The term "district" as used herein, shall include all municipal and quasi-municipal corporations having a governing body, other than cities, towns, counties, and townships, such as port districts, school districts, water-sewer districts, fire protection districts, and all other special districts of similar organization, but shall not include local improvement districts, diking, drainage and irrigation districts, special districts as defined in RCW 85.38.010, nor public utility districts.
(2) The words "board of commissioners," as used herein, shall mean the governing authority of any district as defined in subdivision (1) of this section.

Sec. 68. RCW 54.04.030 and 1931 c 1 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
((This act)) Chapter 1, Laws of 1931, shall not be deemed or construed to repeal or affect any existing act, or any part thereof, relating to the construction, operation and maintenance of public utilities by irrigation or water-sewer districts or other municipal corporations, but shall be supplemental thereto and concurrent therewith. No public utility district created hereunder shall include therein any municipal corporation, or any part thereof, where such municipal corporation already owns or operates all the utilities herein authorized: PROVIDED, that in case it does not own or operate all such utilities it may be included within such public utility district for the purpose of establishing or operating therein such utilities as it does not own or operate: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That no property situated within any irrigation or water-sewer districts or other municipal corporations shall ever be taxed or assessed to pay for any utility, or part thereof, of like character to any utility, owned or operated by such irrigation or water districts or other municipal corporations.

Sec. 69. RCW 70.44.400 and 1984 c 100 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Territory within a public hospital district may be withdrawn therefrom in the same manner provided by law for withdrawal of territory from water-sewer districts, as provided by chapter 57.28 RCW. For purposes of conforming with such procedure, the public hospital district shall be deemed to be the water-sewer district and the public hospital board of commissioners shall be deemed to be the water-sewer district board of commissioners.

Sec. 70. RCW 70.95B.020 and 1995 c 269 s 2901 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter unless context requires another meaning:
(1) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology.
(2) "Department" means the department of ecology.
(3) "Certificate" means a certificate of competency issued by the director stating that the operator has met the requirements for the specified operator classification of the certification program.
(4) "Wastewater treatment plant" means a facility used to treat any liquid or waterborne waste of domestic origin or a combination of domestic, commercial or industrial origin, and which by its
design requires the presence of an operator for its operation. It shall not include any facility used exclusively by a single family residence, septic tanks with subsoil absorption, industrial wastewater treatment plants, or wastewater collection systems.

(5) "Operator in responsible charge" means an individual who is designated by the owner as the person on-site in responsible charge of the routine operation of a wastewater treatment plant.

(6) "Nationally recognized association of certification authorities" shall mean that organization which serves as an information center for certification activities, recommends minimum standards and guidelines for classification of potable water treatment plants, water distribution systems and wastewater facilities and certification of operators, facilitates reciprocity between state programs and assists authorities in establishing new certification programs and updating existing ones.

(7) "Wastewater collection system" means any system of lines, pipes, manholes, pumps, liftstations, or other facilities used for the purpose of collecting and transporting wastewater.

(8) "Operating experience" means routine performance of duties, on-site in a wastewater treatment plant, that affects plant performance or effluent quality.

(9) "Owner" means in the case of a town or city, the city or town acting through its chief executive officer or the lessee if operated pursuant to a lease or contract; in the case of a county, the chairman of the county legislative authority or the chairman’s designee; in the case of a water-sewer district, board of public utilities, association, municipality or other public body, the president or chairman of the body or the president’s or chairman’s designee; in the case of a privately owned wastewater treatment plant, the legal owner.

(10) "Wastewater certification program coordinator" means an employee of the department who administers the wastewater treatment plant operators' certification program.

Sec. 71. RCW 70.119.020 and 1995 c 269 s 2904 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter unless context requires another meaning:

(1) "Certificate" means a certificate of competency issued by the secretary stating that the operator has met the requirements for the specified operator classification of the certification program.

(2) "Certified operator" means an individual holding a valid certificate and employed or appointed by any county, water-sewer district, municipality, public or private corporation, company, institution, person, or the state of Washington and who is designated by the employing or appointing officials as the person responsible for active daily technical operation.

(3) "Department" means the department of health.

(4) "Distribution system" means that portion of a public water system which stores, transmits, pumps and distributes water to consumers.

(5) "Ground water under the direct influence of surface water" means any water beneath the surface of the ground with:

(a) Significant occurrence of insects or other macroorganisms, algae, or large diameter pathogens such as giardia lamblia; or

(b) Significant and relatively rapid shifts in water characteristics such as turbidity, temperature, conductivity, or pH which closely correlate to climatological or surface water conditions.

(6) "Group A water system" means a system with fifteen or more service connections, regardless of the number of people; or a system serving an average of twenty-five or more people per day for sixty or more days within a calendar year, regardless of the number of service connections. Group A water system does not include a system serving fewer than fifteen single-family residences, regardless of the number of people.

(7) "Nationally recognized association of certification authorities" shall mean an organization which serves as an information center for certification activities, recommends minimum standards and guidelines for classification of potable water treatment plants, water distribution systems and waste water facilities and certification of operators, facilitates reciprocity between state programs and assists authorities in establishing new certification programs and updating existing ones.

(8) "Public water system" means any system, excluding a system serving only one single-family residence and a system with four or fewer connections all of which serve residences on the same farm, providing piped water for human consumption, including any collection, treatment, storage, or distribution facilities under control of the purveyor and used primarily in connection with the system;
and collection or pretreatment storage facilities not under control of the purveyor but primarily used in connection with the system.

(9) "Purification plant" means that portion of a public water system which treats or improves the physical, chemical or bacteriological quality of the system’s water to bring the water into compliance with state board of health standards.

(10) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health.

(11) "Service" means a connection to a public water system designed to serve a single-family residence, dwelling unit, or equivalent use. If the facility has group home or barracks-type accommodations, three persons will be considered equivalent to one service.

(12) "Surface water" means all water open to the atmosphere and subject to surface runoff.

Sec. 72. RCW 79.44.003 and 1989 c 243 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter "assessing district" means:

(1) Incorporated cities and towns;
(2) Diking districts;
(3) Drainage districts;
(4) Port districts;
(5) Irrigation districts;
(6) Water-sewer districts;
(7) ((Sewer districts:)) Counties; and
(8) Any municipal corporation or public agency having power to levy local improvement or other assessments, rates, or charges which by statute are expressly made applicable to lands of the state.

Sec. 73. RCW 84.04.120 and 1961 c 15 s 84.04.120 are each amended to read as follows:
"Taxing district" shall be held and construed to mean and include the state and any county, city, town, ((township,)) port district, school district, road district, metropolitan park district, water-sewer district or other municipal corporation, now or hereafter existing, having the power or authorized by law to impose burdens upon property within the district in proportion to the value thereof, for the purpose of obtaining revenue for public purposes, as distinguished from municipal corporations authorized to impose burdens, or for which burdens may be imposed, for such purposes, upon property in proportion to the benefits accruing thereto.

Sec. 74. RCW 84.33.100 and 1992 c 52 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in RCW 84.33.110 through 84.33.140 and 84.33.210 through 84.33.270:

(1) "Forest land" is synonymous with timberland and means all land in any contiguous ownership of twenty or more acres which is primarily devoted to and used for growing and harvesting timber and means the land only.

(2) "Owner" means the party or parties having the fee interest in land, except where land is subject to a real estate contract "owner" means the contract vendee.

(3) "Local government" shall mean any city, town, county, ((sewer district,)) water-sewer district, public utility district, port district, irrigation district, flood control district, or any other municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or other political subdivision authorized to levy special benefit assessments for sanitary or storm sewerage systems, domestic water supply or distribution systems, or road construction or improvement purposes.

(4) "Local improvement district" shall mean any local improvement district, utility local improvement district, local utility district, road improvement district, or any similar unit created by a local government for the purpose of levying special benefit assessments against property specially benefited by improvements relating to such districts.

(5) The term "average rate of inflation" shall mean the annual rate of inflation as determined by the department of revenue averaged over the period of time as provided in RCW 84.33.220 (1) and (2). Such determination shall be published not later than January 1 of each year for use in that assessment year.
(6) "Special benefit assessments" shall mean special assessments levied or capable of being levied in any local improvement district or otherwise levied or capable of being levied by a local government to pay for all or part of the costs of a local improvement and which may be levied only for the special benefits to be realized by property by reason of that local improvement.

Sec. 75. RCW 84.34.310 and 1992 c 52 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in RCW 84.34.300 through 84.34.380, unless a different meaning is required, the words defined in this section shall have the meanings indicated.

(1) "Farm and agricultural land" shall mean the same as defined in RCW 84.34.020(2).
(2) "Timber land" shall mean the same as defined in RCW 84.34.020(3).
(3) "Local government" shall mean any city, town, county, ((sewer district,)) water-sewer district, public utility district, port district, irrigation district, flood control district, or any other municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or other political subdivision authorized to levy special benefit assessments for sanitary and/or storm sewerage systems, domestic water supply and/or distribution systems, or road construction or improvement purposes.
(4) "Local improvement district" shall mean any local improvement district, utility local improvement district, local utility district, road improvement district, or any similar unit created by a local government for the purpose of levying special benefit assessments against property specially benefited by improvements relating to such districts.
(5) "Owner" shall mean the same as defined in RCW 84.34.020(5) or the applicable statutes relating to special benefit assessments.
(6) The term "average rate of inflation" shall mean the annual rate of inflation as determined by the department of revenue averaged over the period of time as provided in RCW 84.34.330 (1) and (2). Such determination shall be published not later than January 1 of each year for use in that assessment year.
(7) "Special benefit assessments" shall mean special assessments levied or capable of being levied in any local improvement district or otherwise levied or capable of being levied by a local government to pay for all or part of the costs of a local improvement and which may be levied only for the special benefits to be realized by property by reason of that local improvement.

Sec. 76. RCW 84.64.080 and 1991 c 245 s 27 are each amended to read as follows:

The court shall examine each application for judgment foreclosing tax lien, and if defense (specifying in writing the particular cause of objection) be offered by any person interested in any of the lands or lots to the entry of judgment against the same, the court shall hear and determine the matter in a summary manner, without other pleadings, and shall pronounce judgment as the right of the case may be; or the court may, in its discretion, continue such individual cases, wherein defense is offered, to such time as may be necessary, in order to secure substantial justice to the contestants therein; but in all other cases the court shall proceed to determine the matter in a summary manner as above specified. In all judicial proceedings of any kind for the collection of taxes, and interest and costs thereon, all amendments which by law can be made in any personal action pending in such court shall be allowed, and no assessments of property or charge for any of the taxes shall be considered illegal on account of any irregularity in the tax list or assessment rolls or on account of the assessment rolls or tax list not having been made, completed or returned within the time required by law, or on account of the property having been charged or listed in the assessment or tax lists without name, or in any other name than that of the owner, and no error or informality in the proceedings of any of the officers connected with the assessment, levying or collection of the taxes, shall vitiate or in any manner affect the tax or the assessment thereof, and any irregularities or informality in the assessment rolls or tax lists or in any of the proceedings connected with the assessment or levy of such taxes or any omission or defective act of any officer or officers connected with the assessment or levy of such taxes, may be, in the discretion of the court, corrected, supplied and made to conform to the law by the court. The court shall give judgment for such taxes, interest and costs as shall appear to be due upon the several lots or tracts described in the notice of application for judgment or complaint, and such judgment shall be a several judgment against each tract or lot or part of a tract or lot for each kind of tax included therein, including all interest and costs, and the court shall order and direct the clerk to
make and enter an order for the sale of such real property against which judgment is made, or vacate
and set aside the certificate of delinquency or make such other order or judgment as in the law or
equity may be just. The order shall be signed by the judge of the superior court, shall be delivered to
the county treasurer, and shall be full and sufficient authority for him or her to proceed to sell the
property for the sum as set forth in the order and to take such further steps in the matter as are
provided by law. The county treasurer shall immediately after receiving the order and judgment of the
court proceed to sell the property as provided in this chapter to the highest and best bidder for cash.
The acceptable minimum bid shall be the total amount of taxes, interest, penalties, and costs. All sales
shall be made at a location in the county on a date and time (except Saturdays, Sundays, or legal
holidays) as the county treasurer may direct, and shall continue from day to day (Saturdays, Sundays,
and legal holidays excepted) during the same hours until all lots or tracts are sold, after first giving
notice of the time, and place where such sale is to take place for ten days successively by posting notice
thereof in three public places in the county, one of which shall be in the office of the treasurer. The
notice shall be substantially in the following form:

TAX JUDGMENT SALE

Public notice is hereby given that pursuant to real property tax judgment of the superior court
of the county of . . . . . . . in the state of Washington, and an order of sale duly issued by the court,
entered the . . . . day of . . . . . . . . . . , in proceedings for foreclosure of tax liens upon real property,
as per provisions of law, I shall on the . . . . day of . . . . . . . . . . , at . . . o’clock a.m., at . . . . . .
in the city of . . . . . . . . . . , and county of . . . . . . . . . . , state of Washington, sell the real property to the
highest and best bidder for cash, to satisfy the full amount of taxes, interest and costs adjudged to be
due.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto affixed my hand and seal this . . . . day of . . . . . . . . . . . .

Treasurer of
county.

No county officer or employee shall directly or indirectly be a purchaser of such property at
such sale.

If any buildings or improvements are upon an area encompassing more than one tract or lot,
the same must be advertised and sold as a single unit.

If the highest amount bid for any such separate unit tract or lot is in excess of the minimum bid
due upon the whole property included in the certificate of delinquency, the excess shall be refunded
following payment of all water (and sewer district liens, on application therefor, to the record owner
of the property. The record owner of the property is the person who held title on the date of issuance of
the certificate of delinquency. In the event no claim for the excess is received by the county treasurer
within three years after the date of the sale he or she shall at expiration of the three year period deposit
such excess in the current expense fund of the county. The county treasurer shall execute to the
purchaser of any piece or parcel of land a tax deed. The deed so made by the county treasurer, under
the official seal of his or her office, shall be recorded in the same manner as other conveyances of real
property, and shall vest in the grantee, his or her heirs and assigns the title to the property therein
described, without further acknowledgment or evidence of such conveyance, and shall be substantially
in the following form:

State of Washington □
 COUNTY OF □ 
 ss.

This indenture, made this . . . . day of . . . . . . . . . . . . , between . . . . . . . . . . . , as treasurer of
. . . . . . county, state of Washington, party of the first part, and . . . . . . , party of the second part:
Witnesseth, that, whereas, at a public sale of real property held on the . . . . day of . . . . . . . . , . . . . , pursuant to a real property tax judgment entered in the superior court in the county of . . . . . . . . on the . . . . day of . . . . . . . . , in proceedings to foreclose tax liens upon real property and an order of sale duly issued by the court, . . . . . . . . duly purchased in compliance with the laws of the state of Washington, the following described real property, to wit: (Here place description of real property conveyed) and that the . . . . . . . . has complied with the laws of the state of Washington necessary to entitle (him, or her or them) to a deed for the real property.

Now, therefore, know ye, that, I . . . . . . . . , county treasurer of the county of . . . . . . . . , state of Washington, in consideration of the premises and by virtue of the statutes of the state of Washington, in such cases provided, do hereby grant and convey unto . . . . . . . . his or her heirs and assigns, forever, the real property hereinbefore described.

Given under my hand and seal of office this . . . . . . . . day of . . . . . . . . , A.D. . . . . . . . . County Treasurer.

Sec. 77. RCW 84.69.010 and 1961 c 15 s 84.69.010 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, unless the context indicates otherwise:
(1) "Taxing district" means any county, city, town, (township, port district, school district, road district, metropolitan park district, water-sewer district, or other municipal corporation now or hereafter authorized by law to impose burdens upon property within the district in proportion to the value thereof, for the purpose of obtaining revenue for public purposes, as distinguished from municipal corporations authorized to impose burdens, or for which burdens may be imposed, for such purposes, upon property in proportion to the benefits accruing thereto.
(2) "Tax" includes penalties and interest.

Sec. 78. RCW 87.03.015 and 1979 ex.s. c 185 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Any irrigation district, operating and maintaining an irrigation system, in addition to other powers conferred by law, shall have authority:
(1) To purchase and sell electric power to the inhabitants of the irrigation district for the purposes of irrigation and domestic use, to acquire, construct, and lease dams, canals, plants, transmission lines, and other power equipment and the necessary property and rights therefor and to operate, improve, repair, and maintain the same, for the generation and transmission of electrical energy for use in the operation of pumping plants and irrigation systems of the district and for sale to the inhabitants of the irrigation district for the purposes of irrigation and domestic use; and, as a further and separate grant of authority and in furtherance of a state purpose and policy of developing hydroelectric capability in connection with irrigation facilities, to construct, finance, acquire, own, operate, and maintain, alone or jointly with other irrigation districts, boards of control, other municipal or quasi-municipal corporations or cooperatives authorized to engage in the business of distributing electricity, or electrical companies subject to the jurisdiction of the utilities and transportation commission, hydroelectric facilities including but not limited to dams, canals, plants, transmission lines, other power equipment, and the necessary property and rights therefor, located within or outside the district, for the purpose of utilizing for the generation of electricity, water power made available by and as a part of the irrigation water storage, conveyance, and distribution facilities, waste ways, and drainage water facilities which serve irrigation districts, and to sell any and all the electric energy generated at any such hydroelectric facilities or the irrigation district's share of such energy, to municipal or quasi-municipal corporations and cooperatives authorized to engage in the business of distributing electricity, and electrical companies subject to the jurisdiction of the utilities and transportation commission, or to other irrigation districts, and on such terms and conditions as the board of directors shall determine, and to enter into contracts with other irrigation districts, boards of control, other municipal or quasi-municipal corporations and cooperatives authorized to engage in the business of distributing electricity, and electrical companies subject to the jurisdiction of the utilities and transportation commission: PROVIDED, That no contract entered into by the board of directors of any irrigation district for the sale of electrical energy from such hydroelectric facility for a period longer than forty years from the date of commercial operation of such hydroelectric facility shall be
binding on the district until ratified by a majority vote of the electors of the district at an election therein, called, held and canvassed for that purpose in the same manner as that provided by law for district bond elections.

(2) To construct, repair, purchase, maintain or lease a system for the sale or lease of water to the owners of irrigated lands within the district for domestic purposes.

(3) To construct, repair, purchase, lease, acquire, operate and maintain a system of drains, sanitary sewers, and sewage disposal or treatment plants as herein provided.

(4) To assume, as principal or guarantor, any indebtedness to the United States under the federal reclamation laws, on account of district lands.

(5) To maintain, repair, construct and reconstruct ditches, laterals, pipe lines and other water conduits used or to be used in carrying water for irrigation of lands located within the boundaries of a city or town or for the domestic use of the residents of a city or town where the owners of land within such city or town shall use such works to carry water to the boundaries of such city or town for irrigation, domestic or other purposes within such city or town, and to charge to such city or town the pro rata proportion of the cost of such maintenance, repair, construction and reconstruction work in proportion to the benefits received by the lands served and located within the boundaries of such city or town, and if such cost is not paid, then and in that event said irrigation district shall have the right to prevent further water deliveries through such works to the lands located within the boundaries of such city or town until such charges have been paid.

(6) To acquire, install and maintain as a part of the irrigation district’s water system the necessary water mains and fire hydrants to make water available for fire fighting purposes; and in addition any such irrigation district shall have the authority to repair, operate and maintain such hydrants and mains.

(7) To enter into contracts with other irrigation districts, boards of control, municipal or quasi-municipal corporations and cooperatives authorized to engage in the business of distributing electricity, and electrical companies subject to the jurisdiction of the utilities and transportation commission to jointly acquire, construct, own, operate, and maintain irrigation water, domestic water, drainage and sewerage works, and electrical power works to the same extent as authorized by subsection (1) of this section, or portions of such works.

(8) To acquire from a water-sewer district wholly within the irrigation district’s boundaries, by a conveyance without cost, the water-sewer district’s water system and to operate the same to provide water for the domestic use of the irrigation district residents. As a part of its acceptance of the conveyance the irrigation district must agree to relieve the water-sewer district of responsibility for maintenance and repair of the system. Any such water-sewer district is authorized to make such a conveyance if all indebtedness of the water-sewer district, except local improvement district bonds, has been paid and the conveyance has been approved by a majority of the water-sewer district’s (electors) voters voting at a general or special election.

This section shall not be construed as in any manner abridging any other powers of an irrigation district conferred by law.

Sec. 79. RCW 87.03.720 and 1977 ex.s. c 208 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The board of directors of an irrigation district shall, after being notified by the legislative authority of the county or counties within which the irrigation district lies of the filing of the petition therefor, have the power to assent to the proposed merger with the irrigation district of that portion of a drainage improvement district, joint drainage improvement district, consolidated drainage improvement district, or water-sewer district within its boundaries at a hearing duly called by the board to consider the proposed merger if sufficient objections thereto have not been presented, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 80. RCW 87.03.725 and 1977 ex.s. c 208 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The secretary of the board of directors shall cause a notice of the proposed merger to be posted and published in the same manner and for the same time as notice of a special election for the issue of bonds. The notice shall state that a petition has been filed with the legislative authority of the county or counties within which the irrigation districts lies by the board of supervisors of the drainage improvement district, joint drainage improvement district, or consolidated drainage improvement
district or by the board of commissioners of a water-sewer district requesting that the drainage improvement district, joint drainage improvement district, consolidated drainage improvement district, or water-sewer district be merged with the irrigation district or irrigation districts, the names of the petitioners and the prayer thereof, and it shall notify all persons interested in the irrigation district to appear at the office of the board at the time named in the notice, and show cause in writing why the proposed merger should not take place. The time to show cause shall be the regular meeting of the board of directors of the irrigation district next after the expiration of the time for the publication of the notice.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 81. RCW 56.08.070 and 1996 c 18 s 13 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 82. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

Correct the title accordingly.

Representative D. Schmidt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5650 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5650 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5650, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5763, by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Finkbeiner, Brown, Rossi, McAuliffe, Roach, Kohl, Jacobsen, Hochstatter, Haugen, Goings and West)

Prohibiting the taxation of internet service providers as network telephone service providers.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Energy & Utilities was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 75th Day, March 28, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5763 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5763 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representative Dunn - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5763, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5770, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens and Thibaudeau)

Protecting child records.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Children & Family Services was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Kastama spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5770 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5770 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5770, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5781, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5781, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5781 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5781, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5783 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5785, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Newhouse, Morton, Haugen and Rasmussen)

Providing for consolidation of ground water rights of exempt wells.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was not adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Anderson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5785 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5785 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5827, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5827, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Roach, Haugen and Long)

Collecting the cost of governmental entities using collection agencies.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Smith and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5827 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5827, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 12, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5827, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5831, by Senators Newhouse, Deccio, Haugen and McCaslin

Eliminating provisions allowing adjacent counties as the venue of actions by or against counties.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5831 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5831 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Senate Bill No. 5831, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5838 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5954, by Senators West, Swecker, Rossi, Snyder and Kohl

Regulating claims against the University of Washington.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5954 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5954 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5954, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5959, by Senators Anderson and Morton

Allowing for the establishment of restricted seed potato production areas.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5959 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5965, by Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor (originally by Senators Schow, Horn, Anderson, Heavey) and Franklin

Providing for changes in agency experience ratings for industrial insurance.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce and Labor was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82\textsuperscript{nd} Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5965 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5965 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5965, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5968, by Senators Thibaudeau, Wood, Haugen and Prince

Regulating electric-assisted bicycles.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82\textsuperscript{nd} Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mitchell, Murray and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5968 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5968 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5968, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5448,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5470,
SENATE BILL NO. 5486,
SENATE BILL NO. 5507,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5513,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5529,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5560,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5562,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1007,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1016,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1089,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1124,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1171,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1188,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1249,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1251,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1288,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1400,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1590,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary
April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5976, by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Wojahn, Wood, Prentice, Franklin, Heavey, McAuliffe, Kline, Patterson, Thibaudeau and Kohl)

Clarifying who may legally use the title "nurse."

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Skinner and Radcliff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5976 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5976 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting nay: Representatives Koster and Sherstad - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5976, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5997, by Senators Haugen, Schow and Fraser

Requiring periodic inspections for the regulation of cosmetology, barbering, esthetics, and manicuring.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5997.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5997 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 5, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Koster, Lambert, McDonald and Sherstad - 5.

Senate Bill No. 5997, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5998, by Senator Haugen

Restructuring the state cosmetology, barbering, esthetics, and manicuring advisory board.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5998.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5998 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5998, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6030, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Goings, Anderson, Haugen, Horn, Rasmussen, Long and Oke)

Establishing a performance audit and operations review of the workers' compensation system.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce & Labor was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris, Conway and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6030 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6030 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 6030, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1850, House Bill No. 2264 and House Bill No. 2279, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

RECONSIDERATION

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the House immediately reconsidered the vote on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5827.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5827 on reconsideration, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 80, Nays - 18, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5827, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5056, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators McCaslin and Roach)

Limiting property assessments to permitted land use.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5056.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5056 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Parlette, Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D.,
Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D.,
Sommers, H., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van
Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 98.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5056, having received the constitutional majority, was declared
passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5079, by Senate Committee on Agriculture &
Environment (originally sponsored by Senator Swecker)

Providing an alternative means to comply with wastewater discharge permit requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture &
Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 78th Day, March 31, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Anderson spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill
No. 5079 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5079 as amended by
the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 36, Absent - 0,
Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush,
Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Cooke, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Doumit, Dunn, Dyer,
Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Koster, Lambert, Lisk, Mason, Mastin,
McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Parlette, Pennington, Radcliff, Reams,
Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad,
Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sterk, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Van
Luven, Wensman, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 62.

Voting nay: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole,
Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gomosky, Grant,
Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Lantz, Linville, Murray, O'Brien, Ogden, Poulsen, Quall, Regala,

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5079, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional
majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill
No. 5082 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5111, by Senators Winsley and Loveland

Requiring the preparation of maps by county assessors for listing of real estate.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5111.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5111 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5111, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

Third Reading Final Passage

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5121, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Johnson, Newhouse and Winsley)

Waiving or canceling interest or penalties for certain estate tax returns.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5121.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5121 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5121, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5139, by Senators Oke, Snyder, Swecker and Winsley; by request of Parks and Recreation Commission

Regarding enterprise activities of the state parks and recreation commission.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Alexander spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5139.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5139 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5139, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5177, by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Wood, Prince, Winsley, Deccio and Johnson)

Facilitating smoother flow of traffic.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Robertson and O'Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5177 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5177 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Dunn, Koster and Sump - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5177, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5177. MIKE SHERSTAD, 1st District

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Second Substitute House Bill No. 5178 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2276, by Representatives Lisk, Huff and Sheahan

Promoting civil legal services for indigent persons.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2276 was substituted for House Bill No. 2276 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2276 was read the second time.

Representative Lisk moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lisk:

(523)

On page 1, after line 3, strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is the intent of the legislature to promote the provision of civil legal services to indigent persons, subject to available funds. To the extent that funds are appropriated for civil legal services for the indigent, the legislature intends that civil legal services be offered within an oversight framework that ensures accountability."
Sec. 2. RCW 43.08.260 and 1995 c 399 s 62 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) The legislature recognizes the ethical obligation of attorneys to represent clients without interference by third parties in the discharge of professional obligations to clients. However, to ensure the most beneficial use of state resources, the legislature finds that it is within the authority of the legislature to specify the categories of legal cases in which qualified legal aid programs may provide civil representation with state moneys. Accordingly, moneys appropriated for civil legal representation pursuant to this section shall not be used for legal representation that is either outside the scope of this section or prohibited by this section.

(b) Nothing in this section is intended to limit the authority of existing entities, including but not limited to the Washington state bar association, the public disclosure commission, the state auditor, and the federal legal services corporation to resolve issues within their respective jurisdictions.

(2) Any money appropriated by the legislature from the public safety and education account pursuant to RCW 43.08.250 or from any other state fund or account for civil representation of indigent persons shall be used solely for the purpose of contracting with qualified legal aid programs for legal representation of indigent persons in matters relating to: (a) Domestic relations and family law matters, public assistance, and health care, ((and entitlement programs,)) (c) ((public)) housing and utilities, ((and)) (d) ((unemployment compensation)) social security, (e) mortgage foreclosures, (f) home protection bankruptcies, (g) consumer fraud and unfair sales practices, (h) rights of residents of long-term care facilities, (i) wills, estates, and living wills, (j) elder abuse, and (k) guardianship.

(3) For purposes of this section, a "qualified legal aid program" means a not-for-profit corporation incorporated and operating exclusively in Washington which has received basic field funding for the provision of civil legal services to indigents (under Public Law 101-515) from the federal legal services corporation or that has received funding for civil legal services for indigents under this section before July 1, 1997.

(4) Funds distributed to qualified legal aid programs under this section shall be distributed on a basis proportionate to the number of individuals with incomes below the official federal poverty income guidelines who reside within the counties in the geographic service areas of such programs. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall use the same formula for determining this distribution as is used by the legal services corporation in allocating funds for basic field services in the state of Washington.

(5) Funds distributed to qualified legal aid programs under this section may not be used directly or indirectly for lobbying or in class action suits. Further, these funds are subject to all limitations and conditions imposed on use of funds made available to legal aid programs under the federal legal services corporation act of 1974 (P.L. 93-355; P.L. 95-222) as currently in effect or hereafter amended.); (b)(i)) (a) Lobbying. (i) For purposes of this section, "lobbying" means any personal service, advertisement, telegram, telephone communication, letter, printed or written matter, or other device directly or indirectly intended to influence any member of congress or any other federal, state, or local nonjudicial official, whether elected or appointed:

(A) In connection with any act, bill, resolution, or similar legislation by the congress of the United States or by any state or local legislative body, or any administrative rule, rule-making activity, standard, rate, or other enactment by any federal, state, or local administrative agency;

(B) In connection with any referendum, initiative, constitutional amendment, or any similar procedure of the congress, any state legislature, any local council, or any similar governing body acting in a legislative capacity; or

(C) In connection with inclusion of any provision in a legislative measure appropriating funds to, or defining or limiting the functions or authority of, the recipient of funds (puruant to chapter 54, Laws of 1992)) under this section.

(ii) "Lobbying" does not include the response of an employee of a legal aid program to a written request from a governmental agency, an elected or appointed official, or committee on a
specific matter. This exception does not authorize communication with anyone other than the requesting party, or agent or employee of such agency, official, or committee.

(b) Grass roots lobbying. For purposes of this section, "grass roots lobbying" means preparation, production, or dissemination of information the purpose of which is to encourage the public at large, or any definable segment thereof, to contact legislators or their staff in support of or in opposition to pending or proposed legislation; or contribute to or participate in a demonstration, march, rally, lobbying campaign, or letter writing or telephone campaign for the purpose of influencing the course of pending or proposed legislation.

(c) Class action lawsuits.

(d) Participating in or identifying the program with prohibited political activities. For purposes of this section, "prohibited political activities" means (i) any activity directed toward the success or failure of a political party, a candidate for partisan or nonpartisan office, a partisan political group, or a ballot measure; (ii) advertising or contributing or soliciting financial support for or against any candidate, political group, or ballot measure; or (iii) voter registration or transportation activities.

(e) Representation in fee-generating cases. For purposes of this section, "fee-generating" means a case that might reasonably be expected to result in a fee for legal services if undertaken by a private attorney. The charging of a fee pursuant to subsection (6) of this section does not establish the fee-generating nature of a case.

A fee generating case may be accepted when: (i) The case has been rejected by the local lawyer referral services or by two private attorneys. (ii) neither the referral service nor two private attorneys will consider the case without payment of a consultation fee, (iii) after consultation with the appropriate representatives of the private bar, the program has determined that the type of case is one that private attorneys do not ordinarily accept, or do not accept without prepayment of a fee, or (iv) the director of the program or the director’s designee has determined that referral of the case to the private bar is not possible because documented attempts to refer similar cases in the past have been futile, or because emergency circumstances compel immediate action before referral can be made, but the client is advised that, if appropriate and consistent with professional responsibility, referral will be attempted at a later time.

(f) Organizing any association, union, or federation, or representing a labor union. However, nothing in this subsection (5)(f) prohibits the provision of legal services to clients as otherwise permitted by this section.

(g) Representation of undocumented aliens.

(h) Picketing, demonstrations, strikes, or boycotts.

(i) Engaging in inappropriate solicitation. For purposes of this section, "inappropriate solicitation" means promoting the assertion of specific legal claims among persons who know of their rights to make a claim and who decline to do so. Nothing in this subsection precludes a legal services program or its employees from providing information regarding legal rights and responsibilities or providing information regarding the program’s services and intake procedures through community legal education activities, responding to an individual’s specific question about whether the individual should consult with an attorney or take legal action, or responding to an individual’s specific request for information about the individual’s legal rights or request for assistance in connection with a specific legal problem.

(j) Conducting training programs that (i) advocate particular public policies; (ii) encourage or facilitate political activities, labor or antilabor activities, boycotts, picketing, strikes, or demonstrations; or (iii) attempt to influence legislation or rule making. Nothing in this subsection (5)(j) precludes representation of clients as otherwise permitted by this section.

(6) The department may establish requirements for client participation in the provision of civil legal services under this section, including but not limited to copayments and sliding fee scales.

(7)(a) Contracts entered into by the department with qualified legal services programs under this section must specify that the program’s expenditures of moneys distributed under this section:

(i) Must be audited annually by an independent outside auditor. These audit results must be provided to the department; and

(ii) Are subject to audit by the state auditor.
(b)(i) Any entity auditing a legal services program under this section shall have access to all
records of the legal services program to the full extent necessary to determine compliance with this
section, with the exception of confidential information protected by the United States Constitution, the
state Constitution, the attorney-client privilege, and applicable rules of attorney conduct.

(ii) The legal services program shall have a system allowing for production of case-specific
information, including client eligibility and case type, to demonstrate compliance with this section, with
the exception of confidential information protected by the United States Constitution, the state
Constitution, the attorney-client privilege, and applicable rules of attorney conduct. Such information
shall be available to any entity that audits the program.

(8) The department must recover or withhold amounts determined by an audit to have been
used in violation of this section.

(9) The department may adopt rules to implement this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.08 RCW to read as follows:
The joint legislative civil legal services oversight committee is established.

(1) The committee’s members are one member from each of the minority and majority
caucuses of the house of representatives, who are appointed by the speaker of the house of
representatives, and one member from each of the minority and majority caucuses of the senate, who
are appointed by the president of the senate.

(2)(a) The committee shall oversee the provision of civil legal services funded through RCW
43.08.260 and shall act as a forum for discussion of issues related to state-funded civil legal services.
(b) By December 1, 1997, and by December 1st of each year thereafter, the committee must
report to the appropriate standing policy and fiscal committees of the legislature on the provision of
legal services under RCW 43.08.260.

(3) The committee chairman is selected by the members and shall serve a one-year term. The
chairman position rotates between the house and senate members and the political parties.

(4) The committee shall meet at least four times during each fiscal year. The committee shall
accept public testimony at a minimum of two of these meetings."

Representatives Lisk and Appelwick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The
amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Appelwick and Lisk spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute
House Bill No. 2276.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2276 and
the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.
Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Dunn, Dunshee, Dyer, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford,
Huff, Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason,
Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O’Brien, Ogden,
Parlette, Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliffe, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D.,
Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D.,
Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2276, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4408, by Representatives Thompson, Buck, Sheldon, Sump, Alexander and DeBolt

Creating the joint select committee on management of state forest lands.

The concurrent resolution was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4408 was substituted for House Concurrent Resolution No. 4408 and the substitute concurrent resolution was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4408 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the concurrent resolution was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the resolution.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4408.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4408 and the resolution was adopted by the House by the following vote: Yeas - 81, Nays - 17, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4408, having received the constitutional majority, was adopted.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4409, by Representatives Thompson, Reams, Bush, Mielke, Sherstad, Pennington, Sheldon, Grant, Kastama, McMorris and Mastin

Establishing a joint select subcommittee on wetlands.

The Concurrent Resolution was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4409 was substituted for House Concurrent Resolution No. 4409 and the substitute concurrent resolution was placed on the second reading calendar.
Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4409 was read the second time.

Representative Lantz moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Romero: (503)

On page 2, line 8, after "consist of" strike all material through "three" on line 11 and insert "eight members, four members of the Senate, two members from the majority caucus and two members from the minority caucus, appointed by the President of the Senate, and four members of the House of Representatives, two"

Representatives Lantz and Thompson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the resolution was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson and Romero spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of Engrossed Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4409.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of Engrossed Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4409 and the resolution was adopted by the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4409, having received the constitutional majority, was adopted.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4407, by Representatives Clements, Chandler and Honeyford

Creating a joint select committee on Yakima Valley water storage.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Regala moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Regala: (506)

On page 2, after line 3, strike all material through "one" on line 8 and insert "eight members with four members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, two from the majority
party caucus and two from the minority party caucus in the House of Representatives, and four
members appointed by the President of the Senate, two from the majority party caucus and two”

Representatives Regala and Clements spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The
amendment was adopted.

The resolution was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the resolution was placed on final passage.

Representative Clements spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House
Concurrent Resolution No. 4407.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Concurrent Resolution No.
4407 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused -
0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Dunn, Dunshee, Dyer, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford,
Huff, Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason,
Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O’Brien, Ogden,
Parlette, Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D.,
Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D.,
Sommers, H., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van
Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 98.

Engrossed House Concurrent Resolution No. 4407, having received the constitutional majority,
was adopted.

SENATE BILL NO. 5181, by Senators Roach, Fairley, Prentice, Benton and Winsley

Making certain debtors liable for any deficiency after default.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5181.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5181 and the bill passed the
House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Voting nay: Representative Sullivan - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5181, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5230, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi, Haugen, McCaslin, McDonald and Hale)

Revising current use taxation provisions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Finance was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5230 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5230 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5230, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5253 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5313, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Haugen and Prince; by request of Department of Transportation)

Establishing the advanced environmental mitigation revolving fund.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5313.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5313 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5313, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5334, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5347 and Substitute Senate Bill No. 5359, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5383, by Senators Winsley and Prentice

Facilitating the collection of sales tax on manufactured housing.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5383.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5383 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5383, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5395, by Senators West, Hochstatter and Spanel; by request of Office of Financial Management

Changing the formula for determining average salaries for certificated instructional staff.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wensman, H. Sommers and Talcott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Keiser spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5395.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5395 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 80, Nays - 18, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5395, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5439, by Senators Morton, Hargrove, Stevens and Benton

Providing an exclusion for what constitutes surface mining.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Regala and Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5439.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5439 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5439, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Robertson, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that rules be suspended, and that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Senate Bill No. 5395. The motion was carried.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5395, on reconsideration and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 37, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5395, having received the constitutional majority on reconsideration, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5452, by Senators Hale, Loveland, West, Winsley, Rasmussen and Oke
Exempting nonprofit cancer centers from property tax.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Delvin and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5452.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5452 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5452, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5508, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hochstatter, Oke, Morton, Swecker, Finkbeiner, Horn, Stevens and Schow)

Enacting the third grade reading accountability act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Johnson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5508 and the bill held it’s place on third reading.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5514 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5519, by Senators Sellar and Oke
Enhancing compliance with sentence conditions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5519.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5519 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 5, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Cairnes, Cooke, Hickel, Robertson and Thomas, B. - 5.

Senate Bill No. 5519, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5551, by Senators Prince, Fraser, Haugen, Jacobsen, McAuliffe and Winsley

Designating significant historic places.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Delvin, Skinner and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5551.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5551 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Senate Bill No. 5551, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5578, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove and Winsley; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

Concerning the placement and custody of at-risk youth.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5578.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5578 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5578, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5637, by Senators Haugen, Horn, Rasmussen and Winsley; by request of County Road Administration Board

Removing residency requirements for county road engineers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Mitchell and O’Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5637.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5637 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representative Schoesler - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5637, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5664, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Bauer, Sheldon and Schow)

Allowing credit and debit card purchases in state liquor stores.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5664.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5664 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 72, Nays - 26, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5664, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5681, by Senators McCaslin, Hargrove, Johnson, Haugen, McAuliffe, Long and Roach
Penalizing assault of health care personnel.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sterk, Backlund and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5681.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5681 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Carrell, Lambert and Sherstad - 3.

Senate Bill No. 5681, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5715, by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Fairley, Franklin, Deccio and Winsley)**

Licensing orthotists and prosthetists.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Health Care was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5715 as amended by the House.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5715 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole,

Voting nay: Representatives Benson, Crouse, Koster, Mastin, Poulsen and Sherstad - 6.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5715, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5727 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5768, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Thibaudeau, Winsley, Anderson, Oke, McDonald, Wood, Fairley, Wojahn and Heavey)

Creating supported employment programs.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 81st Day, April 3, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Robertson and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5768 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5768 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5768, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Robertson, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that rules be suspended, and that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5768. The motion was carried.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5768 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5768 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5768, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RECONSIDERATION

There being no objection, the rules be suspended, and the House immediately reconsidered the vote on Senate Bill No. 5681.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5681 on reconsideration.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5681, on reconsideration and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


SENATE BILL NO. 5804, by Senators Finkbeiner and West; by request of Department of Revenue
Eliminating the requirement for a study of the property tax exemption and valuation rules for computer software.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5804.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5804 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas 98, Nays 0, Absent 0, Excused 0.


Senate Bill No. 5804, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5867, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Sellar, Hale and Kohl)

Allowing special excise taxes in certain cities and towns for tourism promotion.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Trade & Economic Development was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas 95, Nays 3, Absent 0, Excused 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole,

Voting nay: Representatives Benson, Crouse and Sterk - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5903 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5970, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Horn, Bauer, Heavey, Franklin and Anderson)

Modifying fireworks statutes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cooper spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5970.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5970 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 75, Nays - 23, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5970, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL
I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5970.

DUANE SOMMERS, 6th District

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5970.

PATRICIA SCOTT, 38th District

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 9, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 3901 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT AND FINDINGS. The legislature finds that the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 presents both opportunities and challenges for the states as they develop methods of moving families in poverty from welfare to work. The legislature further finds that, although many of the goals of the federal act coincide with Washington state’s vision for enabling families to achieve eventual economic self-sufficiency through private, unsubsidized employment, the treatment of legal immigrants under the federal act does not reflect Washington’s commitment to those legal immigrants within Washington’s borders who have played by the rules, and who live in our communities and participate in the American way of life, providing economic and cultural enrichment to Washington state’s population.

The legislature finds that at least one-third of public assistance recipients have experience in the work force and sufficient training to enable them to obtain unsubsidized employment. The legislature intends to put a priority on finding jobs, which may include on-the-job training, for this group of public assistance recipients. The legislature intends that state agencies involved in welfare reform shall reorganize to accomplish this priority. The legislature intends that state agencies solicit from businesses information about job opportunities and make the information available to public assistance recipients.

The legislature intends that legal immigrants who obey the laws of Washington, and who were granted permission to immigrate by the federal government, should be treated as equitably as possible under the state’s enactment and implementation of public assistance programs.

The legislature finds that Washington state’s goals in implementing the federal act include promoting the American values of work, education, and responsibility, including responsible childbearing and dedication by both parents to protecting, supporting, and bringing up children to become responsible, productive Americans. This has been the goal and the dream of generations of Americans, whether native born or naturalized citizens.

The legislature finds that it is necessary, to enable people to leave welfare, to encourage a new alliance of state and local government, business, churches, nonprofit organizations, and individuals to dedicate themselves, within the letter and the spirit of the law, to helping families in poverty overcome barriers, obtain support, direction, and encouragement, and become contributors to the American way of life.

The legislature finds that, in pursuance of these goals, it is also necessary to establish policy that recognizes our moral imperative to protect children when their parents or other adults in a child’s life are unable or unwilling to do so, and to continue our commitment to the elderly, frail, and vulnerable for whom work is not an option.
The legislature reaffirms its commitment to provide medical services to eligible legal immigrants under the children’s health program established under RCW 74.09.405. The legislature affirms its commitment to provide the benefits of the maternity care access program under RCW 74.09.800 to documented and undocumented immigrants who qualify.

The legislature finds that family structure and relationships are critical to the long-term success and economic self-sufficiency of recipients of temporary assistance for needy families and their children. The department and its employees shall communicate clearly to recipients of temporary assistance for needy families the importance of healthy and safe marriages and family relationships.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. SHORT TITLE. This act may be known and cited as the Washington WorkFirst temporary assistance for needy families act.

I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 101. RCW 74.08.025 and 1981 1st ex.s. c 6 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Public assistance ((shall)) may be awarded to any applicant:
((1)) (a) Who is in need and otherwise meets the eligibility requirements of department assistance programs; and
((1)) (b) Who has not made a voluntary assignment of property or cash for the purpose of qualifying for an assistance grant; and
((1)) (c) Who is not an inmate of a public institution except as a patient in a medical institution or except as an inmate in a public institution who could qualify for federal aid assistance:
PROVIDED, That the assistance paid by the department to recipients in nursing homes, or receiving nursing home care, may cover the cost of clothing and incidentals and general maintenance exclusive of medical care and health services. The department may pay a grant to cover the cost of clothing and personal incidentals in public or private medical institutions and institutions for tuberculosis. The department shall allow recipients in nursing homes to retain, in addition to the grant to cover the cost of clothing and incidentals, wages received for work as a part of a training or rehabilitative program designed to prepare the recipient for less restrictive placement to the extent permitted under Title XIX of the federal social security act.

(2) Any person otherwise qualified for temporary assistance for needy families under this title who has resided in the state of Washington for fewer than twelve consecutive months immediately preceding application for assistance is limited to the benefit level in the state in which the person resided immediately before Washington, using the eligibility rules and other definitions established under this chapter, that was obtainable on the date of application in Washington state, if the benefit level of the prior state is lower than the level provided to similarly situated applicants in Washington state. The benefit level under this subsection shall be in effect for the first twelve months a recipient is on temporary assistance for needy families in Washington state.

(3) Any person otherwise qualified for temporary assistance for needy families who is assessed through the state alcohol and substance abuse program as drug or alcohol-dependent and requiring treatment to become employable shall be required by the department to participate in a drug or alcohol treatment program as a condition of benefit receipt.

(4) In order to be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families and food stamp program benefits, any applicant with a felony conviction after August 21, 1996, involving drug use or possession, must: (a) Have been assessed as chemically dependent by a chemical dependency program approved under chapter 70.96A RCW and be participating in or have completed a coordinated rehabilitation plan consisting of chemical dependency treatment and vocational services; and (b) have not been convicted of a felony involving drug use or possession in the three years prior to the most current conviction.

Sec. 102. RCW 74.08.340 and 1959 c 26 s 74.08.340 are each amended to read as follows:
All assistance granted under this title shall be deemed to be granted and to be held subject to the provisions of any amending or repealing act that may hereafter be enacted, and no recipient shall
have any claim for compensation, or otherwise, by reason of his assistance being affected in any way by such amending or repealing act. There is no legal entitlement to public assistance.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. TIME LIMITS. (1) A family that includes an adult who has received temporary assistance for needy families for sixty months after the effective date of this section shall be ineligible for further temporary assistance for needy families assistance.

(2) For the purposes of applying the rules of this section, the department shall count any month in which an adult family member received a temporary assistance for needy families cash assistance grant unless the assistance was provided when the family member was a minor child and not the head of the household or married to the head of the household.

(3) The department shall refer recipients who require specialized assistance to appropriate department programs, crime victims' programs through the department of community, trade, and economic development, or the crime victims' compensation program of the department of labor and industries.

(4) The department may exempt a recipient and the recipient's family from the application of subsection (1) of this section by reason of hardship or if the recipient meets the family violence options of section 402(A)(7) of Title IVA of the federal social security act as amended by P.L. 104-193. The number of recipients and their families exempted from subsection (1) of this section for a fiscal year shall not exceed twenty percent of the average monthly number of recipients and their families to which assistance is provided under the temporary assistance for needy families program.

(5) The department shall not exempt a recipient and his or her family from the application of subsection (1) of this section until after the recipient has received fifty-two months of assistance under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. ELECTRONIC BENEFIT TRANSFER. By October 2002, the department shall develop and implement an electronic benefit transfer system to be used for the delivery of public assistance benefits, including without limitation, food assistance.

The department shall comply with P.L. 104-193, and shall cooperate with relevant federal agencies in the design and implementation of the electronic benefit transfer system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 74.12.420 and 1994 c 299 s 9;
(2) RCW 74.12.425 and 1994 c 299 s 10; and
(3) RCW 74.04.660 and 1994 c 296 s 1, 1993 c 63 s 1, 1989 c 11 s 26, 1985 c 335 s 3, & 1981 1st ex.s. c 6 s 6.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. (1) The department shall allow religiously affiliated organizations to provide services to families receiving temporary assistance for needy families on the same basis as any other nongovernmental provider, without impairing the religious character of such organizations, and without diminishing the religious freedom of beneficiaries of assistance funded under chapter 74.12 RCW.

(2) The department shall adopt rules implementing this section, and the applicable sections of P.L. 104-193 related to services provided by charitable, religious, or private organizations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall (1) provide eligible Indian tribes ongoing, meaningful opportunities to participate in the development, oversight, and operation of the state temporary assistance for needy families program; (2) certify annually that it is providing equitable access to the state temporary assistance for needy families program to Indian people whose tribe is not administering a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program; (3) coordinate and cooperate with eligible Indian tribes that elect to operate a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program as provided for in P.L. 104-193; (4) upon approval by the secretary of the federal department of health and human services of a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program, transfer a fair and equitable amount of the state maintenance of effort funds to the eligible Indian tribe; and (5) establish rules
related to the operation of this section and section 108 of this act, covering, at a minimum, appropriate uses of state maintenance of effort funds and annual reports on program operations. The legislature shall specify the amount of state maintenance of effort funds to be transferred in the biennial appropriations act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows: An eligible Indian tribe exercising its authority under P.L. 104-193 to operate a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program shall operate the program on a state fiscal year basis. If a tribe decides to cancel a tribal temporary assistance for needy families program, it shall notify the department no later than ninety days prior to the start of the state fiscal year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows: WRITTEN MATERIAL. All forms, letters, and documents sent to recipients of assistance shall be easy to read and comprehend. The department shall ensure that all forms, letters, and documents covered by this section shall be written at an eighth grade comprehension level.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows: FOOD STAMP WORK REQUIREMENTS. Single adults without dependents between eighteen and fifty years of age shall comply with federal food stamp work requirements as a condition of eligibility. The department may exempt any counties or subcounty areas from the federal food stamp work requirements in P.L. 104-193, unless the department receives written evidence of official action by a county or subcounty governing entity, taken after noticed consideration, that indicates that a county or subcounty area chooses not to use an exemption to the federal food stamp work requirements.

II. IMMIGRANT PROTECTION

Sec. 201. RCW 74.09.510 and 1991 sp.s. c 8 s 8 are each amended to read as follows: Medical assistance may be provided in accordance with eligibility requirements established by the department (of social and health services), as defined in the social security Title XIX state plan for mandatory categorically needy persons and: (1) Individuals who would be eligible for cash assistance except for their institutional status; (2) individuals who are under twenty-one years of age, who would be eligible for (aid to families with dependent children) temporary assistance for needy families, but do not qualify as dependent children and who are in (a) foster care, (b) subsidized adoption, (c) a nursing facility or an intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, or (d) inpatient psychiatric facilities; (3) the aged, blind, and disabled who: (a) Receive only a state supplement, or (b) would not be eligible for cash assistance if they were not institutionalized; (4) categorically eligible individuals who (would be eligible for but choose not to receive cash assistance) meet the income and resource requirements of the cash assistance programs; (5) individuals who are enrolled in managed health care systems, who have otherwise lost eligibility for medical assistance, but who have not completed a current six-month enrollment in a managed health care system, and who are eligible for federal financial participation under Title XIX of the social security act; (6) children and pregnant women allowed by federal statute for whom funding is appropriated; (7) other individuals eligible for medical services under RCW 74.09.035 and 74.09.700 for whom federal financial participation is available under Title XIX of the social security act; and (8) persons allowed by section 1931 of the social security act for whom funding is appropriated.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. IMMIGRANTS--ELIGIBILITY. It is the intent of the legislature that all legal immigrants who lived in the United States before August 22, 1996, retain eligibility for assistance programs the same as or similar to those from which they lost benefits as a result of P.L. 104-193. The legislature also intends that sponsors' incomes continue to be deemed for these individuals in the same manner it was addressed prior to August 22, 1996.

Accordingly, the state shall exercise its option under P.L. 104-193 to continue services to legal immigrants under temporary assistance for needy families, medicaid, and social services block grant
programs. Legal immigrants who lose benefits under the supplemental security income program as a result of P.L. 104-193 are immediately eligible to apply for benefits under the state’s general assistance-unemployable program. The department shall redetermine income and resource eligibility at least annually, in accordance with existing state policy. It is the policy of the legislature to distinguish between legal immigrants living in the United States prior to August 22, 1996, and those who immigrated on or after the enactment of P.L. 104-193. The postenactment legal immigrants are subject to a five-year benefit exclusion for means-tested public assistance programs and are subject to the sponsor-deeming provisions of section 206 of this act, which shall be strictly construed in favor of benefit denial.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. INCOME AVERAGING--BENEFIT DETERMINATION. In the case of applicants for temporary assistance for needy families whose principal source of earned income is seasonal employment, the department shall determine eligibility and benefit levels by retrospectively considering the applicant’s earned income for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the application for assistance. The earned income shall be prorated on an annual basis, and the prorated amount used for eligibility and benefit determination in the prospective month. Assistance shall be denied until the applicant’s prorated prior twelve months of income equals a monthly amount at or below the eligibility level. The intent of the legislature is to ensure that persons with seasonal earned income that, if prorated on an annual basis, would have exceeded the level qualifying them for assistance will be denied assistance until such time as they qualify on a prorated basis.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. NATURALIZATION FACILITATION. The department shall make an affirmative effort to identify and proactively contact legal immigrants receiving public assistance to facilitate their applications for naturalization. The department shall obtain a complete list of legal immigrants in Washington who are receiving correspondence regarding their eligibility from the social security administration. The department shall inform immigrants regarding how citizenship may be attained. In order to facilitate the citizenship process, the department shall coordinate and contract, to the extent necessary, with existing public and private resources and shall, within available funds, ensure that those immigrants who qualify to apply for naturalization are referred to or otherwise offered classes. The department shall assist eligible immigrants in obtaining appropriate test exemptions, and other exemptions in the naturalization process, to the extent permitted under federal law. The department shall report annually by December 15th to the legislature regarding the progress and barriers of the immigrant naturalization facilitation effort. It is the intent of the legislature that persons receiving naturalization assistance be facilitated in obtaining citizenship within two years of their eligibility to apply.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. SPONSOR DEEMING. (1) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, qualified aliens and aliens permanently residing under color of law who are recipients of public assistance under this title as of August 22, 1996, shall have their eligibility for assistance redetermined.

(2) Qualified aliens who enter the United States of America after August 22, 1996, are ineligible to receive public assistance under this title for a period of five years, except as provided in subsection (6) of this section. Following their period of ineligibility, their eligibility for public assistance shall be determined as provided for in this section.

(3) In determining the eligibility and the amount of benefits of a qualified alien or an alien permanently residing under color of law for public assistance under this title, the income and resources of the alien shall be deemed to include the income and resources of any person and his or her spouse who executed an affidavit of support pursuant to section 213A of the federal immigration and naturalization act on behalf of the alien. The deeming provisions of this subsection shall be waived if the sponsor dies or is permanently incapacitated during the period the affidavit of support is valid.

(4) As used in this section, "qualified alien" has the meaning provided in P.L. 104-193.

(5)(a) Qualified aliens specified under sections 403, 412, and 552 (e) and (f), subtitle B, Title IV, of P.L. 104-193 and in P.L. 104-208, are exempt from this section.
(b) Qualified aliens who served in the armed forces of an allied country, or were employed by an agency of the federal government, during a military conflict between the United States of America and a military adversary are exempt from the provisions of this section.

(c) Qualified aliens who are victims of domestic violence and petition for legal status under the federal violence against women act are exempt from the provisions of this section.

(d) Until January 1, 1999, a qualified alien whose sponsor dies or is permanently incapacitated is exempt from this section.

(6) Subsection (2) of this section does not apply to the following state benefits:
(a) Assistance described in P.L. 104-193 sections 403(c)(H) through (K), 411(b)(1), 421(b), and P.L. 104-208;
(b) Short-term, noncash, in-kind emergency disaster relief;
(c) Programs comparable to assistance or benefits under the federal national school lunch act;
(d) Programs comparable to assistance or benefits under the federal child nutrition act of 1966;
(e) Public health assistance for immunizations with respect to immunizable diseases and for testing and treatment of symptoms of communicable diseases whether or not the symptoms are caused by a communicable disease;
(f) Payments for foster care and adoption assistance;
(g) Programs, services, or assistance where eligibility is not determined by employees of the department of social and health services;
(h) Programs, services, or assistance such as meals from a soup kitchen, crisis counseling and intervention, and short-term shelter, specified by the attorney general, after consultation with appropriate agencies and departments, that:
(i) Deliver in-kind services at the community level, including through public or private nonprofit agencies;
(ii) Do not condition the provision of assistance, the amount of assistance provided, or the cost of assistance provided on the individual recipient's income or resources; and
(iii) Are necessary for the protection of life or safety.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 206. A new section is added to chapter 74.04 RCW to read as follows:

FOOD ASSISTANCE. (1) The department may establish a food assistance program for persons whose immigrant status meets the eligibility requirements of the federal food stamp program as of August 21, 1996, but who are no longer eligible solely due to their immigrant status under P.L. 104-193.

(2) The rules for the state food assistance program shall follow exactly the rules of the federal food stamp program except for the provisions pertaining to immigrant status under P.L. 104-193.

(3) The benefit under the state food assistance program shall be established by the legislature in the biennial operating budget.

(4) The department may enter into a contract with the United States department of agriculture to use the existing federal food stamp program coupon system for the purposes of administering the state food assistance program.

(5) In the event the department is unable to enter into a contract with the United States department of agriculture, the department may issue vouchers to eligible households for the purchase of eligible foods at participating retailers.

Sec. 207. RCW 74.09.800 and 1993 c 407 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
The department shall, consistent with the state budget act, develop a maternity care access program designed to ensure healthy birth outcomes as follows:
(1) Provide maternity care services to low-income pregnant women and health care services to children in poverty to the maximum extent allowable under the medical assistance program, Title XIX of the federal social security act;
(2) Provide maternity care services to low-income women who are not eligible to receive such services under the medical assistance program, Title XIX of the federal social security act;
(3) By January 1, 1990, have the following procedures in place to improve access to maternity care services and eligibility determinations for pregnant women applying for maternity care services under the medical assistance program, Title XIX of the federal social security act:
   (a) Use of a shortened and simplified application form;
   (b) Outstationing department staff to make eligibility determinations;
   (c) Establishing local plans at the county and regional level, coordinated by the department; and
   (d) Conducting an interview for the purpose of determining medical assistance eligibility within five working days of the date of an application by a pregnant woman and making an eligibility determination within fifteen working days of the date of application by a pregnant woman;

(4) Establish a maternity care case management system that shall assist at-risk eligible persons with obtaining medical assistance benefits and receiving maternity care services, including transportation and child care services;

(5) Within available resources, establish appropriate reimbursement levels for maternity care providers;

(6) Implement a broad-based public education program that stresses the importance of obtaining maternity care early during pregnancy;

(7) Refer persons eligible for maternity care services under the program established by this section to persons, agencies, or organizations with maternity care service practices that primarily emphasize healthy birth outcomes;

(8) Provide family planning services including information about the synthetic progestin capsule implant form of contraception, for twelve months immediately following a pregnancy to women who were eligible for medical assistance under the maternity care access program during that pregnancy or who were eligible only for emergency labor and delivery services during that pregnancy; and

(9) Within available resources, provide family planning services to women who meet the financial eligibility requirements for services under subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

The legislature reaffirms its commitment to provide health care services under this section to eligible immigrants, regardless of documented or undocumented status.

III. WASHINGTON WORKFIRST PROGRAM

NEW SECTION, Sec. 301. It is the intent of the legislature that all applicants to the Washington WorkFirst program shall be focused on obtaining paid, unsubsidized employment. The focus of the Washington WorkFirst program shall be work for all recipients.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 302. DIVERSION ASSISTANCE. (1) In order to prevent some families from developing dependency on temporary assistance for needy families, the department shall make available to qualifying applicants a diversion program designed to provide brief, emergency assistance for families in crisis whose income and assets would otherwise qualify them for temporary assistance for needy families.

(2) Diversion assistance may include cash or vouchers in payment for the following needs:
   (a) Child care;
   (b) Housing assistance;
   (c) Transportation-related expenses;
   (d) Food;
   (e) Medical costs for the recipient’s immediate family;
   (f) Employment-related expenses which are necessary to keep or obtain paid unsubsidized employment.

(3) Diversion assistance is available once in each twelve-month period for each adult applicant. Recipients of diversion assistance are not included in the temporary assistance for needy families program.

(4) Diversion assistance may not exceed one thousand five hundred dollars for each instance.

(5) To be eligible for diversion assistance, a family must otherwise be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families.
(6) Families ineligible for temporary assistance for needy families or general assistance due to sanction, noncompliance, the lump sum income rule, or any other reason are not eligible for diversion assistance.

(7) Families must provide evidence showing that a bona fide need exists according to subsection (2) of this section in order to be eligible for diversion assistance. An adult applicant may receive diversion assistance of any type no more than once per twelve-month period. If the recipient of diversion assistance is placed on the temporary assistance for needy families program within twelve months of receiving diversion assistance, the prorated dollar value of the assistance shall be treated as a loan from the state, and recovered by deduction from the recipient’s cash grant.

Sec. 303. RCW 74.08.331 and 1992 c 7 s 59 are each amended to read as follows:
Any person who by means of a willfully false statement, or representation, or impersonation, or a willful failure to reveal any material fact, condition or circumstance affecting eligibility, or need for assistance, including medical care, surplus commodities and food stamps, as required by law, or a willful failure to promptly notify the county office in writing as required by law or any change in status in respect to resources, or income, or need, or family composition, money contribution and other support, from whatever source derived, including unemployment insurance, or any other change in circumstances affecting the person’s eligibility or need for assistance, or other fraudulent device, obtains, or attempts to obtain, or aids or abets any person to obtain any public assistance to which the person is not entitled or greater public assistance than that to which he or she is justly entitled shall be guilty of grand larceny and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment in a state correctional facility for not more than fifteen years.

Any person who by means of a willfully false statement or representation or by impersonation or other fraudulent device aids or abets in buying, selling, or in any other way disposing of the real property of a recipient of public assistance without the consent of the secretary shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than one year in the county jail or a fine of not to exceed one thousand dollars or by both.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. A new section is added to chapter 28A.630 RCW to read as follows:
SCHOOL-TO-WORK TRANSITIONS. (1) The legislature finds that students who do not prepare for postsecondary education, training, and employment are more likely to become dependent on state assistance programs than those who do make such preparation and that long-term employment and earning outcomes for youth can be significantly improved through school-to-work transition efforts, particularly through work-based learning experiences. The legislature intends that every effort be made to involve all youth in preparation for postsecondary education, training, and employment, including out-of-school youth.

(2) Washington is engaged in developing school-to-work transitions for all youth, which involves preparation for postsecondary education, training, and employment and requires outreach to out-of-school youth. All school-to-work transition projects in the state, therefore, whether funded by state or federal funds, shall contain an outreach component directed toward school-age youth not currently enrolled in school and demonstrate the involvement of all in-school youth in preparation for postsecondary education or training or employment. At the time a school-to-work grant is made, the superintendent of public instruction shall withhold twenty percent of the grant award and release the funds upon a showing that the project has satisfactorily included outreach to out-of-school youth and progress in involving students not traditionally engaged in preparation for postsecondary education, training, or employment.

(3) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall provide technical assistance to ensure that school districts establish and operate outreach efforts under this section, and to include out-of-school youth in school-to-work efforts within available funds.

Sec. 305. RCW 28A.630.876 and 1993 c 335 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall report to the education committees of the legislature and committees of the legislature handling economic development and social welfare issues on the progress of the schools for the school-to-work transitions program by December 15 of each odd-numbered year.

(2) Each school district selected to participate in the (academic and vocational integration development) school-to-work transitions program shall submit an annual report to the superintendent of public instruction on the progress of the project as a condition for receipt of continued funding.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 306. A new section is added to chapter 43.30 RCW to read as follows: JOBS FOR THE ENVIRONMENT PROGRAMS. In any jobs for the environment program designed to train and employ displaced natural resource workers and operated by the department of natural resources, recipients of temporary assistance for needy families from natural resource areas who are engaged in work search activities are eligible for training and employment on the same basis as displaced natural resource workers within available funds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 307. INDIVIDUAL DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNTS. The department shall carry out a program to fund individual development accounts established by recipients eligible for assistance under the temporary assistance for needy families program.

(1) An individual development account may be established by or on behalf of a recipient eligible for assistance provided under the temporary assistance for needy families program operated under this title for the purpose of enabling the recipient to accumulate funds for a qualified purpose described in subsection (2) of this section.

(2) A qualified purpose as described in this subsection is one or more of the following, as provided by the qualified entity providing assistance to the individual:

(a) Postsecondary expenses paid from an individual development account directly to an eligible educational institution;

(b) Qualified acquisition costs with respect to a qualified principal residence for a qualified first-time home buyer, if paid from an individual development account directly to the persons to whom the amounts are due;

(c) Amounts paid from an individual development account directly to a business capitalization account which is established in a federally insured financial institution and is restricted to use solely for qualified business capitalization expenses.

(3) A recipient may only contribute to an individual development account such amounts as are derived from earned income, as defined in section 911(d)(2) of the internal revenue code of 1986.

(4) The department shall establish rules to ensure funds held in an individual development account are only withdrawn for a qualified purpose as provided in this section.

(5) An individual development account established under this section shall be a trust created or organized in the United States and funded through periodic contributions by the establishing recipient and matched by or through a qualified entity for a qualified purpose as provided in this section.

(6) For the purpose of determining eligibility for any assistance provided under this title, all funds in an individual development account under this section shall be disregarded for such purpose with respect to any period during which such individual maintains or makes contributions into such an account.

(7) The department shall adopt rules authorizing the use of organizations using microcredit and microenterprise approaches to assisting low-income families to become financially self-sufficient.

(8) The department shall adopt rules implementing the use of individual development accounts by recipients of temporary assistance for needy families.

(9) For the purposes of this section, "eligible educational institution," "postsecondary educational expenses," "qualified acquisition costs," "qualified business," "qualified business capitalization expenses," "qualified expenditures," "qualified first-time home buyer," "date of acquisition," "qualified plan," and "qualified principal residence" include the meanings provided for them in P.L. 104-193.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 308. EARNINGS DISREGARDS AND EARNED INCOME CUTOFFS. (1) In addition to their monthly benefit payment, a family may earn and keep one-half of its earnings during every month it is eligible to receive assistance under this section.

(2) In no event may a family be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families if its monthly gross earned income exceeds the maximum earned income level as set by the department. In calculating a household’s gross earnings, the department shall disregard the earnings of a minor child who is:

(a) A full-time student; or
(b) A part-time student carrying at least half the normal school load and working fewer than thirty-five hours per week.

Sec. 309. RCW 74.04.005 and 1992 c 165 s 1 and 1992 c 136 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this title, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Public assistance" or "assistance"—Public aid to persons in need thereof for any cause, including services, medical care, assistance grants, disbursing orders, work relief, general assistance and federal-aid assistance.

(2) "Department"—The department of social and health services.

(3) "County or local office"—The administrative office for one or more counties or designated service areas.

(4) "Director" or "secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.

(5) "Federal-aid assistance"—The specific categories of assistance for which provision is made in any federal law existing or hereafter passed by which payments are made from the federal government to the state in aid or in respect to payment by the state for public assistance rendered to any category of needy persons for which provision for federal funds or aid may from time to time be made, or a federally administered needs-based program.

(6)(a) "General assistance"—Aid to persons in need who:

(i) Are not eligible to receive federal-aid assistance, other than food stamps and medical assistance; however, an individual who refuses or fails to cooperate in obtaining federal-aid assistance, without good cause, is not eligible for general assistance;

(ii) Meet one of the following conditions:

(A) Pregnant: PROVIDED, That need is based on the current income and resource requirements of the federal (aid to families with dependent children) temporary assistance for needy families program; PROVIDED FURTHER, That during any period in which an aid for dependent children employable program is not in operation, only those pregnant women who are categorically eligible for medicaid are eligible for general assistance; or

(B) Subject to chapter 165, Laws of 1992, incapacitated from gainful employment by reason of bodily or mental infirmity that will likely continue for a minimum of ninety days as determined by the department.

(C) Persons who are unemployable due to alcohol or drug addiction are not eligible for general assistance. Persons receiving general assistance on July 26, 1987, or becoming eligible for such assistance thereafter, due to an alcohol or drug-related incapacity, shall be referred to appropriate assessment, treatment, shelter, or supplemental security income referral services as authorized under chapter 74.50 RCW. Referrals shall be made at the time of application or at the time of eligibility review. Alcoholic and drug addicted clients who are receiving general assistance on July 26, 1987, may remain on general assistance if they otherwise retain their eligibility until they are assessed for services under chapter 74.50 RCW. Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(B) of this section shall not be construed to prohibit the department from granting general assistance benefits to alcoholics and drug addicts who are incapacitated due to other physical or mental conditions that meet the eligibility criteria for the general assistance program;

(iii) Are citizens or aliens lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise residing in the United States under color of law; and
(iv) Have furnished the department their social security account number. If the social security account number cannot be furnished because it has not been issued or is not known, an application for a number shall be made prior to authorization of assistance, and the social security number shall be provided to the department upon receipt.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6)(a)(i), (ii), and (c) of this section, general assistance shall be provided to the following recipients of federal-aid assistance:

(i) Recipients of supplemental security income whose need, as defined in this section, is not met by such supplemental security income grant because of separation from a spouse; or

(ii) To the extent authorized by the legislature in the biennial appropriations act, to recipients of temporary assistance for needy families whose needs are not being met because of a temporary reduction in monthly income below the entitled benefit payment level caused by loss or reduction of wages or unemployment compensation benefits or some other unforeseen circumstances. The amount of general assistance authorized shall not exceed the difference between the entitled benefit payment level and the amount of income actually received.

(c) General assistance shall be provided only to persons who are not members of assistance units receiving federal aid assistance, except as provided in subsection (6)(a)(ii)(A) and (b) of this section, and will accept available services which can reasonably be expected to enable the person to work or reduce the need for assistance unless there is good cause to refuse. Failure to accept such services shall result in termination until the person agrees to cooperate in accepting such services and subject to the following maximum periods of ineligibility after readmission:

(i) First failure: One week;

(ii) Second failure within six months: One month;

(iii) Third and subsequent failure within one year: Two months.

(d) Persons found eligible for general assistance based on incapacity from gainful employment may, if otherwise eligible, receive general assistance pending application for federal supplemental security income benefits. Any general assistance that is subsequently duplicated by the person’s receipt of supplemental security income for the same period shall be considered a debt due the state and shall by operation of law be subject to recovery through all available legal remedies.

(e) The department shall adopt by rule medical criteria for general assistance eligibility to ensure that eligibility decisions are consistent with statutory requirements and are based on clear, objective medical information.

(f) The process implementing the medical criteria shall involve consideration of opinions of the treating or consulting physicians or health care professionals regarding incapacity, and any eligibility decision which rejects uncontroverted medical opinion must set forth clear and convincing reasons for doing so.

(g) Recipients of general assistance based upon a finding of incapacity from gainful employment who remain otherwise eligible shall not have their benefits terminated absent a clear showing of material improvement in their medical or mental condition or specific error in the prior determination that found the recipient eligible by reason of incapacity. Recipients of general assistance based upon pregnancy who relinquish their child for adoption, remain otherwise eligible, and are not eligible to receive benefits under the federal temporary assistance for needy families program shall not have their benefits terminated until the end of the month in which the period of six weeks following the birth of the recipient’s child falls. Recipients of the federal temporary assistance for needy families program who lose their eligibility solely because of the birth and relinquishment of the qualifying child may receive general assistance through the end of the month in which the period of six weeks following the birth of the child falls.

(7) "Applicant"—Any person who has made a request, or on behalf of whom a request has been made, to any county or local office for assistance.

(8) "Recipient"—Any person receiving assistance and in addition those dependents whose needs are included in the recipient’s assistance.

(9) "Standards of assistance"—The level of income required by an applicant or recipient to maintain a level of living specified by the department.
(10) "Resource"—Any asset, tangible or intangible, owned by or available to the applicant at
the time of application, which can be applied toward meeting the applicant’s need, either directly or by
conversion into money or its equivalent: PROVIDED, That an applicant may retain the following
described resources and not be ineligible for public assistance because of such resources.

(a) A home, which is defined as real property owned and used by an applicant or recipient as a
place of residence, together with a reasonable amount of property surrounding and contiguous thereto,
which is used by and useful to the applicant. Whenever a recipient shall cease to use such property for
residential purposes, either for himself or his dependents, the property shall be considered as a
resource which can be made available to meet need, and if the recipient or his dependents absent
themselves from the home for a period of ninety consecutive days such absence, unless due to
hospitalization or health reasons or a natural disaster, shall raise a rebuttable presumption of
abandonment: PROVIDED, That if in the opinion of three physicians the recipient will be unable to
return to the home during his lifetime, and the home is not occupied by a spouse or dependent children
or disabled sons or daughters, such property shall be considered as a resource which can be made
available to meet need.

(b) Household furnishings and personal effects and other personal property having great
sentimental value to the applicant or recipient, as limited by the department consistent with limitations
on resources and exemptions for federal aid assistance.

(c) A motor vehicle, other than a motor home, used and useful having an equity value not to
exceed (one) five thousand ((five hundred)) dollars.

(d) A motor vehicle necessary to transport a physically disabled household member. This
exclusion is limited to one vehicle per physically disabled person.

(e) All other resources, including any excess of values exempted, not to exceed one thousand
dollars or other limit as set by the department, to be consistent with limitations on resources and
exemptions necessary for federal aid assistance. The department shall also allow recipients of
temporary assistance for needy families to exempt savings accounts with combined balances of up to an
additional three thousand dollars.

(f) Applicants for or recipients of general assistance shall have their eligibility based on
resource limitations consistent with the ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance
for needy families program rules adopted by the department.

(g) If an applicant for or recipient of public assistance possesses property and belongings
in excess of the ceiling value, such value shall be used in determining the need of the applicant or
recipient, except that: (i) The department may exempt resources or income when the income and
resources are determined necessary to the applicant’s or recipient’s restoration to independence, to
decrease the need for public assistance, or to aid in rehabilitating the applicant or recipient or a
dependent of the applicant or recipient; and (ii) the department may provide grant assistance for a
period not to exceed nine months from the date the agreement is signed pursuant to this section to
persons who are otherwise ineligible because of excess real property owned by such persons when they
are making a good faith effort to dispose of that property: PROVIDED, That:

(A) The applicant or recipient signs an agreement to repay the lesser of the amount of aid
received or the net proceeds of such sale;

(B) If the owner of the excess property ceases to make good faith efforts to sell the property,
the entire amount of assistance may become an overpayment and a debt due the state and may be
recovered pursuant to RCW 43.20B.630;

(C) Applicants and recipients are advised of their right to a fair hearing and afforded the
opportunity to challenge a decision that good faith efforts to sell have ceased, prior to assessment of an
overpayment under this section; and

(D) At the time assistance is authorized, the department files a lien without a sum certain on the
specific property.

(11) "Income"—(a) All appreciable gains in real or personal property (cash or kind) or other
assets, which are received by or become available for use and enjoyment by an applicant or recipient
during the month of application or after applying for or receiving public assistance. The department
may by rule and regulation exempt income received by an applicant for or recipient of public assistance
which can be used by him to decrease his need for public assistance or to aid in rehabilitating him or
his dependents, but such exemption shall not, unless otherwise provided in this title, exceed the exemptions of resources granted under this chapter to an applicant for public assistance. In determining the amount of assistance to which an applicant or recipient of ((aid to families with dependent children)) temporary assistance for needy families is entitled, the department is hereby authorized to disregard as a resource or income the earned income exemptions consistent with federal requirements. The department may permit the above exemption of earnings of a child to be retained by such child to cover the cost of special future identifiable needs even though the total exceeds the exemptions or resources granted to applicants and recipients of public assistance, but consistent with federal requirements. In formulating rules and regulations pursuant to this chapter, the department shall define income and resources and the availability thereof, consistent with federal requirements. All resources and income not specifically exempted, and any income or other economic benefit derived from the use of, or appreciation in value of, exempt resources, shall be considered in determining the need of an applicant or recipient of public assistance.

(b) If, under applicable federal requirements, the state has the option of considering property in the form of lump sum compensatory awards or related settlements received by an applicant or recipient as income or as a resource, the department shall consider such property to be a resource.

(12) "Need"—The difference between the applicant’s or recipient’s standards of assistance for himself and the dependent members of his family, as measured by the standards of the department, and value of all nonexempt resources and nonexempt income received by or available to the applicant or recipient and the dependent members of his family.

(13) For purposes of determining eligibility for public assistance and participation levels in the cost of medical care, the department shall exempt restitution payments made to people of Japanese and Aleut ancestry pursuant to the Civil Liberties Act of 1988 and the Aleutian and Pribilof Island Restitution Act passed by congress, P.L. 100-383, including all income and resources derived therefrom.

(14) In the construction of words and phrases used in this title, the singular number shall include the plural, the masculine gender shall include both the feminine and neuter genders and the present tense shall include the past and future tenses, unless the context thereof shall clearly indicate to the contrary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 310. NONCUSTODIAL PARENTS IN WORK PROGRAMS. The department may provide Washington WorkFirst activities or make cross-referrals to existing programs to qualifying noncustodial parents of children receiving temporary assistance for needy families who are unable to meet their child support obligations. Services authorized under this section shall be provided within available funds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 311. DEFINITIONS. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, as used in this chapter, "work activity" means:

(1) Unsubsidized paid employment in the private or public sector;
(2) Subsidized paid employment in the private or public sector;
(3) Work experience, including work associated with the refurbishing of publicly assisted housing, if sufficient paid employment is not available;
(4) On-the-job training;
(5) Job search and job readiness assistance;
(6) Community service programs;
(7) Vocational educational training, not to exceed twelve months with respect to any individual;
(8) Job skills training directly related to employment;
(9) Education directly related to employment, in the case of a recipient who has not received a high school diploma or a GED;
(10) Satisfactory attendance at secondary school or in a course of study leading to a GED, in the case of a recipient who has not completed secondary school or received such a certificate;
(11) The provision of child care services to an individual who is participating in a community service program; and
(12) Services required by the recipient under RCW 74.08.025(3) and 74.--.--.(3) (section 103(3) of this act) to become employable.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 312. JOB SEARCH OR WORK ACTIVITY. (1) There is established in the department the Washington WorkFirst program. The department shall administer the program consistent with the temporary assistance for needy families provisions of P.L. 104-193. In operating the WorkFirst program the department shall meet the minimum work participation rates specified in federal law, and shall require recipients of assistance to engage in job search and work activities as an ongoing condition of eligibility.

(2) Upon application to the temporary assistance for needy families program, each recipient shall be placed in the job search component. For recipients who have been approved for assistance before the effective date of this section, the job search component shall be completed no later than one hundred eighty days after the effective date of this section.

(3) The Washington WorkFirst program shall include a job search component in which each nonexempt recipient of temporary assistance for needy families shall participate. The job search component may not last more than four weeks for each recipient. Each recipient shall be required to attend job search component activities at least thirty-six hours per week. Failure to participate in the job search component shall result in sanctions under section 313 of this act. The job search component shall serve as the assessment tool to comply with federal law. If a recipient fails to find paid employment during the job search component, the department may refer the recipient to those work activities that are directly related to improving the recipient’s employability.

(4) As used in this section, "job search component" means an activity in which nonexempt recipients engage each weekday upon entering the Washington WorkFirst program. The component shall provide at least three hours per weekday of classroom instruction on how to secure a job and at least three hours per weekday of individual job search activities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 313. PLACEMENT INTO WORK ACTIVITY. Recipients who have not obtained paid, unsubsidized employment by the end of the job search component authorized in section 312 of this act shall be referred to a work activity.

(1) Each recipient shall be assessed immediately upon completion of the job search component. Assessments shall be based upon factors that are critical to obtaining employment, including but not limited to education, employment strengths, and employment history. Assessments may be performed by the department or by a contracted entity. The assessment shall be based on a uniform, consistent, transferable format that will be accepted by all agencies and organizations serving the recipient. Based on the assessment, an individual responsibility plan shall be prepared that: (a) Sets forth an employment goal and a plan for moving the recipient immediately into employment; (b) contains the obligation of the recipient to become and remain employed; (c) moves the recipient into whatever employment the recipient is capable of handling as quickly as possible; and (d) describes the services available to the recipient to enable the recipient to obtain and keep employment.

(2) Recipients who are not engaged in work and work activities, and do not qualify for a good cause exemption under section 314 of this act, shall engage in self-directed service as provided in section 326 of this act.

(3) If a recipient refuses to engage in work and work activities required by the department, the family’s grant shall be reduced by the recipient’s share, and may, if the department determines it appropriate, be terminated.

(4) The department may waive the penalties required under subsection (3) of this section, subject to a finding that the recipient refused to engage in work for good cause provided in section 314 of this act.

(5) In implementing this section, the department shall assign the highest priority to the most employable clients, including adults in two-parent families and parents in single-parent families that include older preschool or school age children to be engaged in work activities.

(6) In consultation with the recipient, the department or contractor shall place the recipient into a work activity that is available in the local area where the recipient resides.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 314. GOOD CAUSE. Good cause reasons for failure to participate in WorkFirst program components include: (1) Situations where the recipient is a parent or other relative personally providing care for a child under the age of six years, and formal or informal child care, or day care for an incapacitated individual living in the same home as a dependent child, is necessary for an individual to participate or continue participation in the program or accept employment, and such care is not available, and the department fails to provide such care; or (2) until June 30, 1999, if the recipient is a parent with a child under the age of one year. A parent may only receive this exemption for a total of twelve months, which may be consecutive or nonconsecutive; or (3) after June 30, 1999, if the recipient is a parent with a child under three months of age.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 315. WORKFIRST--GOALS--CONTRACTS--SERVICE AREAS--PLANS. (1) The legislature finds that moving those eligible for assistance to self-sustaining employment is a goal of the WorkFirst program. It is the intent of WorkFirst to aid a participant’s progress to self-sufficiency by allowing flexibility within the state-wide program to reflect community resources, the local characteristics of the labor market, and the composition of the caseload. Program success will be enhanced through effective coordination at regional and local levels, involving employers, labor representatives, educators, community leaders, local governments, and social service providers.

(2) The department, through its regional offices, shall collaborate with employers, recipients, frontline workers, educational institutions, labor, private industry councils, the work force training and education coordinating board, community rehabilitation employment programs, employment and training agencies, local governments, the employment security department, and community action agencies to develop work programs that are effective and work in their communities. For planning purposes, the department shall collect and make accessible to regional offices successful work program models from around the United States, including the employment partnership program, apprenticeship programs, microcredit, microenterprise, self-employment, and W-2 Wisconsin works. Work programs shall incorporate local volunteer citizens in their planning and implementation phases to ensure community relevance and success.

(3) To reduce administrative costs and to ensure equal state-wide access to services, the department may develop contracts for state-wide welfare-to-work services. These state-wide contracts shall support regional flexibility and ensure that resources follow local labor market opportunities and recipients’ needs.

(4) The secretary shall establish WorkFirst service areas for purposes of planning WorkFirst programs and for distributing WorkFirst resources. Service areas shall reflect department regions.

(5) By July 31st of each odd-numbered year, a plan for the WorkFirst program shall be developed for each region. The plan shall be prepared in consultation with local and regional sources, adapting the state-wide WorkFirst program to achieve maximum effect for the participants and the communities within which they reside. Local consultation shall include to the greatest extent possible input from local and regional planning bodies for social services and work force development. The regional and local administrator shall consult with employers of various sizes, labor representatives, training and education providers, program participants, economic development organizations, community organizations, tribes, and local governments in the preparation of the service area plan.

(6) The secretary has final authority in plan approval or modification. Regional program implementation may deviate from the state-wide program if specified in a service area plan, as approved by the secretary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 316. WORK PROGRAM CONTRACTS. (1) It is the intent of the legislature that the department is authorized to engage in competitive contracting using performance-based contracts to provide all work activities authorized in chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act), including the job search component authorized in section 312 of this act.

(2) The department may use competitive performance-based contracting to select which vendors will participate in the WorkFirst program. Performance-based contracts shall be awarded based on factors that include but are not limited to the criteria listed in section 702 of this act, past performance of the contractor, demonstrated ability to perform the contract effectively, financial strength of the
contractor, and merits of the proposal for services submitted by the contractor. Contracts shall be made without regard to whether the contractor is a public or private entity.

(3) The department may contract for an evaluation of the competitive contracting practices and outcomes to be performed by an independent entity with expertise in government privatization and competitive strategies. The evaluation shall include quarterly progress reports to the fiscal committees of the legislature and to the governor, starting at the first quarter after the effective date of the first competitive contract and ending two years after the effective date of the first competitive contract.

(4) The department shall seek independent assistance in developing contracting strategies to implement this section. Assistance may include but is not limited to development of contract language, design of requests for proposal, developing full cost information on government services, evaluation of bids, and providing for equal competition between private and public entities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 317. PLACEMENT BONUSES. In the case of service providers that are not public agencies, initial placement bonuses of no greater than five hundred dollars may be provided by the department for service entities responsible for placing recipients in an unsubsidized job for a minimum of twelve weeks, and the following additional bonuses shall also be provided:

(1) A percent of the initial bonus if the job pays double the minimum wage;
(2) A percent of the initial bonus if the job provides health care;
(3) A percent of the initial bonus if the job includes employer-provided child care needed by the recipient; and
(4) A percent of the initial bonus if the recipient is continuously employed for two years.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 318. No collective bargaining agreement may be entered into, extended, or renewed after the effective date of this section that prevents or restricts the authority of the department of social and health services to exercise the powers granted under sections 312 through 317 of this act and RCW 74.04.050.

Sec. 319. RCW 74.04.050 and 1981 1st ex.s. c 6 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall serve as the single state agency to administer public assistance. The department is hereby empowered and authorized to cooperate in the administration of such federal laws, consistent with the public assistance laws of this state, as may be necessary to qualify for federal funds for:

(a) Medical assistance;
(b) Temporary assistance for needy families;
(c) Child welfare services; and
(d) Any other programs of public assistance for which provision for federal grants or funds may from time to time be made.

(2) The state hereby accepts and assents to all the present provisions of the federal law under which federal grants or funds, goods, commodities and services are extended to the state for the support of programs administered by the department, and to such additional legislation as may subsequently be enacted as is not inconsistent with the purposes of this title, authorizing public welfare and assistance activities. The provisions of this title shall be so administered as to conform with federal requirements with respect to eligibility for the receipt of federal grants or funds.

The department shall periodically make application for federal grants or funds and submit such plans, reports and data, as are required by any act of congress as a condition precedent to the receipt of federal funds for such assistance. The department shall make and enforce such rules and regulations as shall be necessary to insure compliance with the terms and conditions of such federal grants or funds.

(3) The department may contract with public and private entities for administrative services for the following programs and functions: (a) Temporary assistance for needy families; (b) general assistance; (c) refugee services; (d) facilitation of eligibility for federal supplemental security income benefits; (e) medical assistance eligibility; and (f) food stamps.

Sec. 320. RCW 41.06.380 and 1979 ex.s. c 46 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit any department, as defined in RCW 41.06.020, from purchasing services by contract with individuals or business entities if such services were regularly purchased by valid contract by such department prior to April 23, 1979: PROVIDED, That no such contract may be executed or renewed if it would have the effect of terminating classified employees or classified employee positions existing at the time of the execution or renewal of the contract.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the department of social and health services from carrying out the provisions of sections 312 through 318 of this act and RCW 74.04.050.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 321. FUNDING RESTRICTIONS. The department of social and health services shall operate the Washington WorkFirst program authorized under sections 301, 302, 307, 308, 310 through 318, 323 through 326, and 401 through 403 of this act, RCW 74.13.0903 and 74.25.040, and chapter 74.12 RCW within the following constraints:

(1) The full amount of the temporary assistance for needy families block grant, plus qualifying state expenditures as appropriated in the biennial operating budget, shall be appropriated to the department each year in the biennial appropriations act to carry out the provisions of the program authorized in sections 301, 302, 307, 308, 310 through 318, 323 through 326, and 401 through 403 of this act, RCW 74.13.0903 and 74.25.040, and chapter 74.12 RCW.

(2) The department may expend funds defined in subsection (1) of this section in any manner that will effectively accomplish the outcome measures defined in section 702 of this act. No more than fifteen percent of the amount provided in subsection (1) of this section may be spent for administrative purposes. For the purpose of this subsection, "administrative purposes" does not include expenditures for information technology and computerization needed for tracking and monitoring required by P.L. 104-193. The department shall not increase grant levels to recipients of the program authorized in sections 301, 302, 307, 308, 310 through 318, and 323 through 326 of this act and chapter 74.12 RCW.

(3) The department shall implement strategies that accomplish the outcome measures identified in section 702 of this act that are within the funding constraints in this section. Specifically, the department shall implement strategies that will cause the number of cases in the program authorized in sections 301, 302, 307, 308, 310 through 318, and 323 through 326 of this act and chapter 74.12 RCW to decrease by at least fifteen percent during the 1997-99 biennium and by at least five percent in the subsequent biennium. The department may transfer appropriation authority between funding categories within the economic services program in order to carry out the requirements of this subsection.

(4) The department shall monitor expenditures against the appropriation levels provided for in subsection (1) of this section. The department shall quarterly make a determination as to whether expenditure levels will exceed available funding and communicate its finding to the legislature. If the determination indicates that expenditures will exceed funding at the end of the fiscal year, the department shall take all necessary actions to ensure that all services provided under this chapter shall be made available only to the extent of the availability and level of appropriation made by the legislature.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 322. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 74.25.010 and 1994 c 299 s 6 & 1991 c 126 s 5;
(2) RCW 74.25.020 and 1993 c 312 s 7, 1992 c 165 s 3, & 1991 c 126 s 6;
(3) RCW 74.25.030 and 1991 c 126 s 7;
(4) RCW 74.25.900 and 1991 c 126 s 8; and
(5) RCW 74.25.901 and 1991 c 126 s 9.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 323. A new section is added to chapter 43.330 RCW to read as follows: ENTREPRENEURIAL ASSISTANCE--DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. (1) The department shall ensure that none of its rules or practices act to exclude recipients of temporary assistance for needy families from any small business loan opportunities or entrepreneurial assistance it makes available through its community development block grant program or otherwise provides using state or federal resources. The department shall encourage
local administrators of microlending programs using public funds to conduct outreach activities to encourage recipients of temporary assistance for needy families to explore self-employment as an option. The department shall compile information on private and public sources of entrepreneurial assistance and loans for start-up businesses and provide the department of social and health services with the information for dissemination to recipients of temporary assistance for needy families.

(2) The department shall, as part of its industrial recruitment efforts, work with the work force training and education coordinating board to identify the skill sets needed by companies locating in the state. The department shall provide the department of social and health services with the information about the companies’ needs in order that recipients of public assistance and service providers assisting such recipients through training and placement programs may be informed and respond accordingly. The department shall work with the state board for community and technical colleges, the job skills program, the employment security department, and other employment and training programs to facilitate the inclusion of recipients of temporary assistance for needy families in relevant training that would make them good employees for recruited firms.

(3) The department shall perform the duties under this section within available funds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 324. JOB ASSISTANCE--DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES. The department shall:

(1) Notify recipients of temporary assistance for needy families that self-employment is one method of leaving state assistance. The department shall provide its regional offices, recipients of temporary assistance for needy families, and any contractors providing job search, training, or placement services notification of programs available in the state for entrepreneurial training, technical assistance, and loans available for start-up businesses;

(2) Provide recipients of temporary assistance for needy families and service providers assisting such recipients through training and placement programs with information it receives about the skills and training required by firms locating in the state;

(3) Encourage recipients of temporary assistance for needy families that are in need of basic skills to seek out programs that integrate basic skills training with occupational training and workplace experience.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 325. WAGE SUBSIDY PROGRAM. The department shall establish a wage subsidy program for recipients of temporary assistance for needy families. The department shall give preference in job placements to private sector employers that have agreed to participate in the wage subsidy program. The department shall identify characteristics of employers who can meet the employment goals stated in section 702 of this act. The department shall use these characteristics in identifying which employers may participate in the program. The department shall adopt rules for the participation of recipients of temporary assistance for needy families in the wage subsidy program. Participants in the program established under this section may not be employed if: (1) The employer has terminated the employment of any current employee or otherwise caused an involuntary reduction of its work force in order to fill the vacancy so created with the participant; or (2) the participant displaces or partially displaces current employees. Employers providing positions created under this section shall meet the requirements of chapter 49.46 RCW. This section shall not diminish or result in the infringement of obligations or rights under chapters 41.06, 41.56, and 49.36 RCW and the national labor relations act, 29 U.S.C. Ch. 7. The department shall establish such local and state-wide advisory boards, including business and labor representatives, as it deems appropriate to assist in the implementation of the wage subsidy program. Once the recipient is hired, the wage subsidy shall be authorized for up to nine months.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 326. COMMUNITY SERVICE PROGRAM. The department shall establish the community service program to provide the experience of work for recipients of public assistance. The program is intended to promote a strong work ethic for participating public assistance recipients. Under this program, public assistance recipients are required to volunteer to work for charitable nonprofit organizations and public agencies, or engage in another activity designed to benefit the recipient, the recipient’s family, or the recipient’s community, as determined by the department on
a case-by-case basis. Participants in a community service or work experience program established by this chapter are deemed employees for the purpose of chapter 49.17 RCW. The cost of premiums under Title 51 RCW shall be paid for by the department for participants in a community service or work experience program. Participants in a community service or work experience program may not be placed if: (1) An employer has terminated the employment of any current employee or otherwise caused an involuntary reduction of its work force in order to fill the vacancy so created with the participant; or (2) the participant displaces or partially displaces current employees.

**Sec. 327.** RCW 74.12A.020 and 1993 c 312 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The department ((may)) shall provide grants to community action agencies or other local nonprofit organizations to provide job opportunities and basic skills training program participants with transitional support services, one-to-one assistance, case management, and job retention services.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 328. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

A grant provided under the temporary assistance for needy families program shall be provided on a pro rata basis to the extent the recipient complies with mandated work and work activity requirements.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 329. A new section is added to chapter 74.12 RCW to read as follows:

In determining eligibility for the temporary assistance for needy families program of an assistance unit under this title, if a household member is excluded from an assistance unit based on residency, alienage, or citizenship of the household member, the department shall allocate the full amount of the household's income to the assistance unit without deducting an amount for the support of the household member.

IV. CHILD CARE

NEW SECTION, Sec. 401. The legislature finds that informed choice is consistent with individual responsibility and that parents should be given a range of options for available child care while participating in the program.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 402. CHILD CARE. (1) Within available funds, the department shall administer a single, integrated child care program which may serve families with incomes up to one hundred seventy-five percent of the federal poverty level.

(2) All families participating in the child care program shall have equal access to the child care of their choice. However, the child care providers must comply with applicable licensing rules if they are required by law to comply with those rules.

(3) The minimum copayment per family shall be at least ten dollars per month. Child care shall be provided on a sliding scale but may not be provided for any family whose income equals or exceeds one hundred seventy-five percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size on an annual income basis. For families with income between seventy-four and one hundred percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size, the monthly child care copayment shall be thirty percent of earned income in excess of seventy-four percent of federal poverty level adjusted for family size. For families with income at or above one hundred percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size, the copay shall be a minimum of one hundred dollars per month. For families with income between one hundred one and one hundred thirty percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size, the monthly copay shall be twenty-nine percent of earned income in excess of seventy-four percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size. For families with income between one hundred thirty-one and one hundred seventy-five percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size, the copay shall be fifty percent of earned income above one hundred percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size.

(4) All compensable child care services authorized in this section shall be paid for through vouchers. Vouchers shall be provided to recipients and may only be used to purchase child care through the program created in this section.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. (1) The legislature finds that to comply with P.L. 104-193 section 407(e)(2), Washington is obligated to provide appropriate and affordable child care for recipients of temporary assistance for needy families. To comply with this federal requirement and to avoid possible fiscal sanctions, the legislature intends to determine what constitutes affordable, accessible child care in Washington.

(2) The Washington institute for public policy shall conduct a study of reasonable, affordable child care subsidy rates that are realistic for low-income working families. The institute for public policy shall review child care subsidy rates in use in other jurisdictions and shall model the economic impact of child care subsidy rates on low-income families. The institute for public policy shall report its findings and recommendations to the legislature no later than December 15, 1997.

Sec. 404. RCW 74.13.0903 and 1993 c 453 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The office of child care policy is established to operate under the authority of the department of social and health services. The duties and responsibilities of the office include, but are not limited to, the following, within appropriated funds:

(1) Staff and assist the child care coordinating committee in the implementation of its duties under RCW 74.13.090;

(2) Work in conjunction with the state-wide child care resource and referral network as well as local governments, nonprofit organizations, businesses, and community child care advocates to create local child care resource and referral organizations. These organizations may carry out needs assessments, resource development, provider training, technical assistance, and parent information and training;

(3) Actively seek public and private money for distribution as grants to the state-wide child care resource and referral network and to existing or potential local child care resource and referral organizations;

(4) Adopt rules regarding the application for and distribution of grants to local child care resource and referral organizations. The rules shall, at a minimum, require an applicant to submit a plan for achieving the following objectives:
   (a) Provide parents with information about child care resources, including location of services and subsidies;
   (b) Carry out child care provider recruitment and training programs, including training under RCW 74.25.040;
   (c) Offer support services, such as parent and provider seminars, toy-lending libraries, and substitute banks;
   (d) Provide information for businesses regarding child care supply and demand;
   (e) Advocate for increased public and private sector resources devoted to child care; and
   (f) Provide technical assistance to employers regarding employee child care services; and
   (g) Serve recipients of temporary assistance for needy families and working parents with incomes at or below household incomes of one hundred seventy-five percent of the federal poverty line;

(5) Provide staff support and technical assistance to the state-wide child care resource and referral network and local child care resource and referral organizations;

(6) Maintain a state-wide child care licensing data bank and work with department of social and health services licensors to provide information to local child care resource and referral organizations about licensed child care providers in the state;

(7) Through the state-wide child care resource and referral network and local resource and referral organizations, compile data about local child care needs and availability for future planning and development;

(8) Coordinate with the state-wide child care resource and referral network and local child care resource and referral organizations for the provision of training and technical assistance to child care providers; and

(9) Collect and assemble information regarding the availability of insurance and of federal and other child care funding to assist state and local agencies, businesses, and other child care providers in offering child care services.
Sec. 405. RCW 74.25.040 and 1994 c 299 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Recipients of (((aid to families with dependent children))) temporary assistance for needy families who are ((not)) employed or participating in (((an education or work training program))) a work activity under section 312 of this act may volunteer ((to)) or work in a licensed child care facility((,...or other willing volunteer work site)). Licensed child care facilities participating in this effort shall provide care for the recipient’s children and provide for the development of positive child care skills.
(2) The department shall train two hundred fifty recipients of temporary assistance for needy families to become family child care providers or child care center teachers. The department shall offer the training in rural and urban communities. The department shall adopt rules to implement the child care training program in this section.
(3) Recipients trained under this section shall provide child care services to clients of the department for two years following the completion of their child care training.

V. TEEN PARENTS
A. PERMISSIBLE LIVING SITUATIONS

Sec. 501. RCW 74.12.255 and 1994 c 299 s 33 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department shall determine, after consideration of all relevant factors and in consultation with the applicant, the most appropriate living situation for applicants under eighteen years of age, unmarried, and either pregnant or having a dependent child or children in the applicant's care. An appropriate living situation((s)) shall include a place of residence that is maintained by the applicant’s parents, parent, legal guardian, or other adult relative as their or his or her own home((...or other)) and that the department finds would provide an appropriate supportive living arrangement ((supervised by an adult where feasible and consistent with federal regulations under 45 C.F.R.. chapter II, section 233.107)). It also includes a living situation maintained by an agency that is licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW that the department finds would provide an appropriate supportive living arrangement. Grant assistance shall not be provided under this chapter if the applicant does not reside in the most appropriate living situation, as determined by the department.
(2) An applicant under eighteen years of age who is either pregnant or has a dependent child and is not living in a situation described in subsection (1) of this section shall be An unmarried minor parent or pregnant minor applicant residing in the most appropriate living situation, as provided under subsection (1) of this section, is presumed to be unable to manage adequately the funds paid to the minor or on behalf of the dependent child or children and, unless the ((teenage custodial parent demonstrates otherwise)) minor provides sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption, shall be subject to the protective payee requirements provided for under RCW 74.12.250 and 74.08.280.
(3) The department shall consider any statements or opinions by either parent of the ((teen recipient)) unmarried minor parent or pregnant minor applicant as to an appropriate living situation for the ((teen)) minor and his or her children, whether in the parental home or other situation. If the parents or a parent of the ((head of household applicant for assistance)) minor request, they or he or she shall be entitled to a hearing in juvenile court regarding ((the fitness and suitability of their home as the top priority choice)) designation of the parental home or other relative placement as the most appropriate living situation for the pregnant or parenting ((teen applicant for assistance)) minor.
The department shall provide the parents ((shall have)) or parent with the opportunity to make a showing((...based on the preponderance of the evidence)) that the parental home, or home of the other relative placement, is the most appropriate living situation. It shall be presumed in any administrative or judicial proceeding conducted under this subsection that the parental home or other relative placement requested by the parents or parent is the most appropriate living situation. This presumption is rebuttable.
(4) In cases in which the ((head of household is under eighteen years of age)) minor is unmarried((...)) and unemployed, ((and requests information on adoption)) the department shall, as part of the determination of the appropriate living situation, make an affirmative effort to provide current and positive information about adoption including referral to community-based organizations for counseling and provide information about the manner in which adoption works, its benefits for
unmarried, unemployed minor parents and their children, and the meaning and availability of open adoption.

(5) For the purposes of this section, “most appropriate living situation” shall not include a living situation including an adult male who fathered the qualifying child and is found to meet the elements of rape of a child as set forth in RCW 9A.44.079.

Sec. 502. RCW 74.04.0052 and 1994 c 299 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall determine, after consideration of all relevant factors and in consultation with the applicant, the most appropriate living situation for applicants under eighteen years of age, unmarried, and pregnant who are eligible for general assistance as defined in RCW 74.04.005(6)(a)(ii)(A). An appropriate living situation(s) shall include a place of residence that is maintained by the applicant’s parents, parent, legal guardian, or other adult relative as their or his or her own home((, or other)) and that the department finds would provide an appropriate supportive living arrangement ((supervised by an adult where feasible and consistent with federal regulations under 45 C.F.R. chapter II, section 233.107)). It also includes a living situation maintained by an agency that is licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW that the department finds would provide an appropriate supportive living arrangement. Grant assistance shall not be provided under this chapter if the applicant does not reside in the most appropriate living situation, as determined by the department.

(2) ((An applicant under eighteen years of age who is pregnant and is not living in a situation described in subsection (1) of this section shall be prescribe((1))) A pregnant minor residing in the most appropriate living situation, as provided under subsection (1) of this section, is presumed to be unable to manage adequately the funds paid to the minor or on behalf of the dependent child or children and, unless the ((teenage custodial parent demonstrates otherwise)) minor provides sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption, shall be subject to the protective payee requirements provided for under RCW 74.12.250 and 74.08.280.

(3) The department shall consider any statements or opinions by either parent of the ((teen recipient))) unmarried minor parent or pregnant minor applicant as to an appropriate living situation for the ((teen))) minor, whether in the parental home or other situation. If the parents or a parent of the ((teen head of household applicant for assistance))) minor request, they or he or she shall be entitled to a hearing in juvenile court regarding ((the fitness and suitability of their home as the top priority choice designation of the parental home or other relative placement as the most appropriate living situation for the pregnant or parenting (teen applicant for assistance))) minor.

The department shall provide the parents ((shall have)) or parent with the opportunity to make a showing((, based on the preponderance of the evidence,))) that the parental home, or home of the other relative placement, is the most appropriate living situation. It shall be presumed in any administrative or judicial proceeding conducted under this subsection that the parental home or other relative placement requested by the parents or parent is the most appropriate living situation. This presumption is rebuttable.

(4) In cases in which the ((head of household is under eighteen years of age,))) minor is unmarried((,)) and unemployed, ((and requests information on adoption,)) the department shall, as part of the determination of the appropriate living situation, provide information about adoption including referral to community-based organizations ((for))) providing counseling.

(5) For the purposes of this section, “most appropriate living situation” shall not include a living situation including an adult male who fathered the qualifying child and is found to meet the elements of rape of a child as set forth in RCW 9A.44.079.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. TEEN PARENT REQUIREMENTS. All applicants under the age of eighteen years who are approved for assistance and, within one hundred eighty days after the date of federal certification of the Washington temporary assistance for needy families program, all unmarried minor parents or pregnant minor applicants shall, as a condition of receiving benefits, actively progress toward the completion of a high school diploma or a GED.

B. GRANDPARENT LIABILITY
NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. UNMARRIED MINOR PARENT—ELIGIBILITY. The unmarried minor parent and the minor’s child shall be considered to be part of the household of the minor’s parents or parent for purposes of determining eligibility for temporary assistance for needy families and general assistance for pregnant women as defined in RCW 74.04.005(6)(a)(ii)(A); and as such, the income and resources of the entire household are considered to be available to support the unmarried minor and his or her child.

Sec. 505. RCW 13.34.160 and 1993 c 358 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In an action brought under this chapter, the court may inquire into the ability of the parent or parents of the child to pay child support and may enter an order of child support as set forth in chapter 26.19 RCW. The court may enforce the same by execution, or in any way in which a court of equity may enforce its decrees. All child support orders entered pursuant to this chapter shall be in compliance with the provisions of RCW 26.23.050.

(2) For purposes of this section, if a dependent child’s parent is an unmarried minor parent or pregnant minor applicant, then the parent or parents of the minor shall also be deemed a parent or parents of the dependent child. However, liability for child support under this subsection only exists if the parent or parents of the unmarried minor parent or pregnant minor applicant are provided the opportunity for a hearing on their ability to provide support. Any child support order requiring such a parent or parents to provide support for the minor parent’s child may be effective only until the minor parent reaches eighteen years of age.

Sec. 506. RCW 74.12.250 and 1963 c 228 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

If the department, after investigation, finds that any applicant for assistance under this chapter or any recipient of funds under ((an aid to families with dependent children grant)) this chapter would not use, or is not utilizing, the grant adequately for the needs of ((the)) his or her child or children or would dissipated the grant or is ((otherwise)) dissipating such grant, or would be or is unable to manage adequately the funds paid on behalf of said child and that to provide or continue ((said)) payments to ((him)) the applicant or recipient would be contrary to the welfare of the child, the department may make such payments to another individual who is interested in or concerned with the welfare of such child and relative: PROVIDED, That the department shall provide such counseling and other services as are available and necessary to develop greater ability on the part of the relative to manage funds in such manner as to protect the welfare of the family. Periodic review of each case shall be made by the department to determine if said relative is able to resume management of the assistance grant. If after a reasonable period of time the payments to the relative cannot be resumed, the department may request the attorney general to file a petition in the superior court for the appointment of a guardian for the child or children. Such petition shall set forth the facts warranting such appointment. Notice of the hearing on such petition shall be served upon the recipient and the department not less than ten days before the date set for such hearing. Such petition may be filed with the clerk of superior court and all process issued and served without payment of costs. If upon the hearing of such petition the court is satisfied that it is for the best interest of the child or children, and all parties concerned, that a guardian be appointed, he shall order the appointment, and may require the guardian to render to the court a detailed itemized account of expenditures of such assistance payments at such time as the court may deem advisable.

It is the intention of this section that the guardianship herein provided for shall be a special and limited guardianship solely for the purpose of safeguarding the assistance grants made to dependent children. Such guardianship shall terminate upon the termination of such assistance grant, or sooner on order of the court, upon good cause shown.

VI. ILLEGIITIMACY PREVENTION AND ABSTINENCE PROMOTION

Sec. 601. RCW 74.12.410 and 1994 c 299 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) At time of application or reassessment under this chapter the department shall offer or contract for family planning information and assistance, including alternatives to abortion, and any
other available locally based teen pregnancy prevention programs, to prospective and current recipients of aid to families with dependent children.

(2) The department shall work in cooperation with the superintendent of public instruction to reduce the rate of illegitimate births and abortions in Washington state.

(3) The department of health shall maximize federal funding by timely application for federal funds available under P.L. 104-193 and Title V of the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. 701 et seq., as amended, for the establishment of qualifying abstinence education and motivation programs. The department of health shall contract, by competitive bid, with entities qualified to provide abstinence education and motivation programs in the state.

(4) The department of health shall seek and accept local matching funds to the maximum extent allowable from qualified abstinence education and motivation programs.

(5)(a) For purposes of this section, "qualifying abstinence education and motivation programs" are those bidders with experience in the conduct of the types of abstinence education and motivation programs set forth in Title V of the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 701 et seq., as amended.

(b) The application for federal funds, contracting for abstinence education and motivation programs and performance of contracts under this section are subject to review and oversight by a joint committee of the legislature, composed of four legislative members, appointed by each of the two caucuses in each house.

VII. DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES ACCOUNTABILITY

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. It is the intent of the legislature that the Washington WorkFirst program focus on work and on personal responsibility for recipients. The program shall be evaluated among other evaluations, through a limited number of outcome measures designed to hold each community service office and economic services region accountable for program success.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 702. OUTCOME MEASURES. (1) The WorkFirst program shall develop outcome measures for use in evaluating the WorkFirst program authorized in chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act), which may include but are not limited to:

(a) Caseload reduction;
(b) Recidivism to caseload after two years;
(c) Job retention;
(d) Earnings;
(e) Reduction in average grant through increased recipient earnings; and
(f) Placement of recipients into private sector, unsubsidized jobs.

(2) The department shall require that contractors for WorkFirst services collect outcome measure information and report outcome measures to the department regularly. The department shall develop benchmarks that compare outcome measure information from all contractors to provide a clear indication of the most effective contractors. Benchmark information shall be published quarterly and provided to the legislature, the governor, and all contractors for WorkFirst services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 703. EVALUATION. Every WorkFirst office, region, contract, employee, and contractor shall be evaluated using the criteria in section 702 of this act. The department shall award contracts to the highest performing entities according to the criteria in section 702 of this act. The department may provide for bonuses to offices,
regions, and employees with the best outcomes according to measures in section 702 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. OUTCOME MEASURES--REPORT. The department shall provide a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on achievement of the outcome measures by region and contract on an annual basis, no later than January 15th of each year, beginning in 1999. The report shall include how the department is using the outcome measure information obtained under section 702 of this act to manage the WorkFirst program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. A new section is added to chapter 44.28 RCW to read as follows: WORKFIRST PROGRAM STUDY. (1) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall conduct an evaluation of the effectiveness of the WorkFirst program described in chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act), including the job opportunities and basic skills training program and any approved private, county, or local government WorkFirst program. The evaluation shall assess the success of the program in assisting clients to become employed and to reduce their use of temporary assistance for needy families. The study shall include but not be limited to the following:

(a) An assessment of employment outcomes, including hourly wages, hours worked, and total earnings, for clients;
(b) A comparison of temporary assistance for needy families outcomes, including grant amounts and program exits, for clients; and
(c) An audit of the performance-based contract for each private nonprofit contractor for job opportunities and basic skills training program services. The joint legislative audit and review committee may contract with the Washington institute for public policy for public policy for appropriate portions of the evaluation required by this section.

(2) Administrative data shall be provided by the department of social and health services, the employment security department, the state board for community and technical colleges, local governments, and private contractors. The department of social and health services shall require contractors to provide administrative and outcome data needed for this study as a condition of contract compliance.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 706. PATERNITY ESTABLISHMENT. In order to be eligible for temporary assistance for needy families, applicants shall, at the time of application for assistance, provide the names of both parents of their child or children, whether born or unborn.

VIII. LICENSE SUSPENSION AND CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT
A. LICENSE SUSPENSION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 801. It is the intent of the legislature to provide a strong incentive for persons owing child support to make timely payments, and to cooperate with the department of social and health services to establish an appropriate schedule for the payment of any arrears. To further ensure that child support obligations are met, sections 801 through 890 of this act establish a program by which certain licenses may be suspended or not renewed if a person is one hundred eighty days or more in arrears on child support payments.

In the implementation and management of this program, it is the legislature’s intent that the objective of the department of social and health services be to obtain payment in full of arrears, or where that is not possible, to enter into agreements with delinquent obligors to make timely support payments and make reasonable payments towards the arrears. The legislature intends that if the obligor refuses to cooperate in establishing a fair and reasonable payment schedule for arrears or refuses to make timely support payments, the department shall proceed with certification to a licensing entity or the department of licensing that the person is not in compliance with a child support order.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 802. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department may serve upon a responsible parent a notice informing the responsible parent of the department's intent to submit the parent's name to the department of licensing and any appropriate licensing entity as a licensee who is not in compliance with a child support order. The department shall attach a copy of the responsible parent's child support order to the notice. Service of the notice must be by certified mail, return receipt requested. If service by certified mail is not successful, service shall be by personal service.

(2) The notice of noncompliance must include the address and telephone number of the department's division of child support office that issues the notice and must inform the responsible parent that:
   (a) The parent may request an adjudicative proceeding to contest the issue of compliance with the child support order. The only issues that may be considered at the adjudicative proceeding are whether the parent is required to pay child support under a child support order and whether the parent is in compliance with that order;
   (b) A request for an adjudicative proceeding shall be in writing and must be received by the department within twenty days of the date of service of the notice;
   (c) If the parent requests an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of service, the department will stay action to certify the parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order pending entry of a written decision after the adjudicative proceeding;
   (d) If the parent does not request an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of service and remains in noncompliance with a child support order, the department will certify the parent's name to the department of licensing and any appropriate licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order;
   (e) The department will stay action to certify the parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance if the parent agrees to make timely payments of current support and agrees to a reasonable payment schedule for payment of the arrears. It is the parent's responsibility to contact in person or by mail the department's division of child support office indicated on the notice within twenty days of service of the notice to arrange for a payment schedule. The department may stay certification for up to thirty days after contact from a parent to arrange for a payment schedule;
   (f) If the department certifies the responsible parent to the department of licensing and a licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order, the licensing entity will suspend or not renew the parent's license and the department of licensing will suspend or not renew any driver's license that the parent holds until the parent provides the department of licensing and the licensing entity with a release from the department stating that the responsible parent is in compliance with the child support order;
   (g) If the department certifies the responsible parent as a person who is in noncompliance with a child support order, the department of fish and wildlife will suspend the fishing license, hunting license, commercial fishing license, or any other license issued under chapters 77.32, 77.28, and 75.25 RCW that the responsible parent may possess. Notice from the department of licensing that a responsible parent's driver's license has been suspended shall serve as notice of the suspension of a license issued under chapters 77.32 and 75.25 RCW;
   (h) Suspension of a license will affect insurability if the responsible parent's insurance policy excludes coverage for acts occurring after the suspension of a license;
   (i) If after receiving the notice of noncompliance with a child support order, the responsible parent files a motion to modify support with the court or requests the department to amend a support obligation established by an administrative decision, or if a motion for modification of a court or administrative order for child support is pending, the department or the court may stay action to certify the parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order. A stay shall not exceed six months unless the department finds good cause. The responsible parent has the obligation to notify the department that a modification proceeding is pending and provide a copy of the motion or request for modification; and
(j) If the responsible parent subsequently becomes in compliance with the child support order, the department will promptly provide the parent with a release stating that the parent is in compliance with the order, and the parent may request that the licensing entity or the department of licensing reinstate the suspended license.

(3) A responsible parent may request an adjudicative proceeding upon service of the notice described in subsection (1) of this section. The request for an adjudicative proceeding must be received by the department within twenty days of service. The request must be in writing and indicate the current mailing address and daytime phone number, if available, of the responsible parent. The proceedings under this subsection shall be conducted in accordance with the requirements of chapter 34.05 RCW. The issues that may be considered at the adjudicative proceeding are limited to whether:
(a) The person named as the responsible parent is the responsible parent;
(b) The responsible parent is required to pay child support under a child support order; and
(c) The responsible parent is in compliance with the order.

(4) The decision resulting from the adjudicative proceeding must be in writing and inform the responsible parent of his or her rights to review. The parent’s copy of the decision may be sent by regular mail to the parent’s most recent address of record.

(5) If a responsible parent contacts the department’s division of child support office indicated on the notice of noncompliance within twenty days of service of the notice and requests arrangement of a payment schedule, the department shall stay the certification of noncompliance during negotiation of the schedule for payment of arrears. In no event shall the stay continue for more than thirty days from the date of contact by the parent. The department shall establish a schedule for payment of arrears that is fair and reasonable, and that considers the financial situation of the responsible parent and the needs of all children who rely on the responsible parent for support. At the end of the thirty days, if no payment schedule has been agreed to in writing and the department has acted in good faith, the department shall proceed with certification of noncompliance.

(6) If a responsible parent timely requests an adjudicative proceeding pursuant to subsection (4) of this section, the department may not certify the name of the parent to the department of licensing or a licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order unless the adjudicative proceeding results in a finding that the responsible parent is not in compliance with the order.

(7) The department may certify to the department of licensing and any appropriate licensing entity the name of a responsible parent who is not in compliance with a child support order or a residential or visitation order if:
(a) The responsible parent does not timely request an adjudicative proceeding upon service of a notice issued under subsection (1) of this section and is not in compliance with a child support order twenty-one days after service of the notice;
(b) An adjudicative proceeding results in a decision that the responsible parent is not in compliance with a child support order;
(c) The court enters a judgment on a petition for judicial review that finds the responsible parent is not in compliance with a child support order;
(d) The department and the responsible parent have been unable to agree on a fair and reasonable schedule of payment of the arrears;
(e) The responsible parent fails to comply with a payment schedule established pursuant to subsection (5) of this section; or
(f) The department is ordered to certify the responsible parent by a court order under section 887 of this act.

The department shall send by regular mail a copy of any certification of noncompliance filed with the department of licensing or a licensing entity to the responsible parent at the responsible parent’s most recent address of record.

(8) The department of licensing and a licensing entity shall, without undue delay, notify a responsible parent certified by the department under subsection (7) of this section that the parent’s driver’s license or other license has been suspended because the parent’s name has been certified by the department as a responsible parent who is not in compliance with a child support order or a residential or visitation order.
(9) When a responsible parent who is served notice under subsection (1) of this section subsequently complies with the child support order, or when the department receives a court order under section 886 of this act stating that the parent is in compliance with a residential or visitation order, the department shall promptly provide the parent with a release stating that the responsible parent is in compliance with the order. A copy of the release shall be transmitted by the department to the appropriate licensing entities.

(10) The department may adopt rules to implement and enforce the requirements of this section. The department shall deliver a copy of rules adopted to implement and enforce this section to the legislature by June 30, 1998.

(11) Nothing in this section prohibits a responsible parent from filing a motion to modify support with the court or from requesting the department to amend a support obligation established by an administrative decision. If there is a reasonable likelihood that a pending motion or request will significantly change the amount of the child support obligation, the department or the court may stay action to certify the responsible parent to the department of licensing and any licensing entity for noncompliance with a child support order. A stay shall not exceed six months unless the department finds good cause to extend the stay. The responsible parent has the obligation to notify the department that a modification proceeding is pending and provide a copy of the motion or request for modification.

(12) The department of licensing and a licensing entity may renew, reinstate, or otherwise extend a license in accordance with the licensing entity’s or the department of licensing’s rules after the licensing entity or the department of licensing receives a copy of the release specified in subsection (9) of this section. The department of licensing and a licensing entity may waive any applicable requirement for reissuance, renewal, or other extension if it determines that the imposition of that requirement places an undue burden on the person and that waiver of the requirement is consistent with the public interest.

(13) The procedures in chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act), constitute the exclusive administrative remedy for contesting the establishment of noncompliance with a child support order and suspension of a license under this section, and satisfy the requirements of RCW 34.05.422.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 803. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department and all of the various licensing entities subject to section 802 of this act shall enter into such agreements as are necessary to carry out the requirements of the license suspension program established in section 802 of this act.

(2) The department and all licensing entities subject to section 802 of this act shall compare data to identify responsible parents who may be subject to the provisions of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act). The comparison may be conducted electronically, or by any other means that is jointly agreeable between the department and the particular licensing entity. The data shared shall be limited to those items necessary to implementation of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act). The purpose of the comparison shall be to identify current licensees who are not in compliance with a child support order, and to provide to the department the following information regarding those licensees:

(a) Name;
(b) Date of birth;
(c) Address of record;
(d) Federal employer identification number and social security number;
(e) Type of license;
(f) Effective date of license or renewal;
(g) Expiration date of license; and
(h) Active or inactive status.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 804. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) In furtherance of the public policy of increasing collection of child support and to assist in evaluation of the program established in section 802 of this act, the department shall report the following to the legislature and the governor on December 1, 1998, and annually thereafter:
(a) The number of responsible parents identified as licensees subject to section 802 of this act;
(b) The number of responsible parents identified by the department as not in compliance with a child support order;
(c) The number of notices of noncompliance served upon responsible parents by the department;
(d) The number of responsible parents served a notice of noncompliance who request an adjudicative proceeding;
(e) The number of adjudicative proceedings held, and the results of the adjudicative proceedings;
(f) The number of responsible parents certified to the department of licensing or licensing entities for noncompliance with a child support order, and the number of each type of licenses that were suspended;
(g) The costs incurred in the implementation and enforcement of section 802 of this act and an estimate of the amount of child support collected due to the department under section 802 of this act;
(h) Any other information regarding this program that the department feels will assist in evaluation of the program;
(i) Recommendations for the addition of specific licenses in the program or exclusion of specific licenses from the program, and reasons for such recommendations; and
(j) Any recommendations for statutory changes necessary for the cost-effective management of the program.

(2) To assist in evaluation of the program established in section 802 of this act, the office of the administrator for the courts shall report the following to the legislature and the governor on December 1, 1998, and annually thereafter:
(a) The number of motions for contempt for violation of a visitation or residential order filed under RCW 26.09.160(3);
(b) The number of parents found in contempt under RCW 26.09.160(3); and
(c) The number of parents whose licenses were suspended under RCW 26.09.160(3).

(3) This section expires December 2, 2002.

Sec. 805. RCW 74.20A.020 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 2 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the following words and phrases as hereinafter used in this chapter and chapter 74.20 RCW shall have the following meanings:
(1) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
(2) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services, (his) the secretary’s designee or authorized representative.
(3) "Dependent child" means any person:
(a) Under the age of eighteen who is not self-supporting, married, or a member of the armed forces of the United States; or
(b) Over the age of eighteen for whom a court order for support exists.
(4) "Support obligation" means the obligation to provide for the necessary care, support, and maintenance, including medical expenses, of a dependent child or other person as required by statutes and the common law of this or another state.
(5) "Superior court order" means any judgment, decree, or order of the superior court of the state of Washington, or a court of comparable jurisdiction of another state, establishing the existence of a support obligation and ordering payment of a set or determinable amount of support moneys to satisfy the support obligation. For purposes of RCW 74.20A.055, orders for support which were entered under the uniform reciprocal enforcement of support act by a state where the responsible parent no longer resides shall not preclude the department from establishing an amount to be paid as current and future support.
(6) "Administrative order" means any determination, finding, decree, or order for support pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055, or by an agency of another state pursuant to a substantially similar administrative process, establishing the existence of a support obligation and ordering the payment of a set or determinable amount of support moneys to satisfy the support obligation.
(7) "Responsible parent" means a natural parent, adoptive parent, or stepparent of a dependent child or a person who has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity which has been filed with the state office of vital statistics.

(8) "Stepparent" means the present spouse of the person who is either the mother, father, or adoptive parent of a dependent child, and such status shall exist until terminated as provided for in RCW 26.16.205.

(9) "Support moneys" means any moneys or in-kind providings paid to satisfy a support obligation whether denominated as child support, spouse support, alimony, maintenance, or any other such moneys intended to satisfy an obligation for support of any person or satisfaction in whole or in part of arrears or delinquency on such an obligation.

(10) "Support debt" means any delinquent amount of support moneys which is due, owing, and unpaid under a superior court order or an administrative order, a debt for the payment of expenses for the reasonable or necessary care, support, and maintenance, including medical expenses, of a dependent child or other person for whom a support obligation is owed; or a debt under RCW 74.20A.100 or 74.20A.270. Support debt also includes any accrued interest, fees, or penalties charged on a support debt, and attorneys fees and other costs of litigation awarded in an action to establish and enforce a support obligation or debt.

(11) "State" means any state or political subdivision, territory, or possession of the United States, the District of Columbia, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

(12) "Account" means a demand deposit account, checking or negotiable withdrawal order account, savings account, time deposit account, or money-market mutual fund account.

(13) "Child support order" means a superior court order or an administrative order.

(14) "Financial institution" means:
(a) A depository institution, as defined in section 3(c) of the federal deposit insurance act;
(b) An institution-affiliated party, as defined in section 3(u) of the federal deposit insurance act;
(c) Any federal or state credit union, as defined in section 101 of the federal credit union act, including an institution-affiliated party of such credit union, as defined in section 206(r) of the federal deposit insurance act; or
(d) Any benefit association, insurance company, safe deposit company, money-market mutual fund, or similar entity.

(15) "License" means a license, certificate, registration, permit, approval, or other similar document issued by a licensing entity evidencing admission to or granting authority to engage in a profession, occupation, business, industry, recreational pursuit, or the operation of a motor vehicle. "License" does not mean the tax registration or certification issued under Title 82 RCW by the department of revenue.

(16) "Licensee" means any individual holding a license, certificate, registration, permit, approval, or other similar document issued by a licensing entity evidencing admission to or granting authority to engage in a profession, occupation, business, industry, recreational pursuit, or the operation of a motor vehicle.

(17) "Licensing entity" includes any department, board, commission, or other organization authorized to issue, renew, suspend, or revoke a license authorizing an individual to engage in a business, occupation, profession, industry, recreational pursuit, or the operation of a motor vehicle, and includes the Washington state supreme court, to the extent that a rule has been adopted by the court to implement suspension of licenses related to the practice of law.

(18) "Noncompliance with a child support order" for the purposes of the license suspension program authorized under section 802 of this act means a responsible parent has:
(a) Accumulated arrears totaling more than six months of child support payments;
(b) Failed to make payments pursuant to a written agreement with the department towards a support arrearage in an amount that exceeds six months of payments; or
(c) Failed to make payments required by a superior court order or administrative order towards a support arrearage in an amount that exceeds six months of payments.

(19) "Noncompliance with a residential or visitation order" means that a court has found the parent in contempt of court under RCW 26.09.160(3) for failure to comply with a residential provision of a court-ordered parenting plan.
Sec. 806. RCW 46.20.291 and 1993 c 501 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The department is authorized to suspend the license of a driver upon a showing by its records or other sufficient evidence that the licensee:

1. Has committed an offense for which mandatory revocation or suspension of license is provided by law;
2. Has, by reckless or unlawful operation of a motor vehicle, caused or contributed to an accident resulting in death or injury to any person or serious property damage;
3. Has been convicted of offenses against traffic regulations governing the movement of vehicles, or found to have committed traffic infractions, with such frequency as to indicate a disrespect for traffic laws or a disregard for the safety of other persons on the highways;
4. Is incompetent to drive a motor vehicle under RCW 46.20.031(3); ((or))
5. Has failed to respond to a notice of traffic infraction, failed to appear at a requested hearing, violated a written promise to appear in court, or has failed to comply with the terms of a notice of traffic infraction or citation, as provided in RCW 46.20.289; ((or))
6. Has committed one of the prohibited practices relating to drivers’ licenses defined in RCW 46.20.336; or
7. Has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a child support order or a residential or visitation order as provided in section 802 of this act.

Sec. 807. RCW 46.20.311 and 1995 c 332 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The department shall not suspend a driver’s license or privilege to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways for a fixed period of more than one year, except as specifically permitted under RCW 46.20.342 or other provision of law. Except for a suspension under RCW 46.20.289 ((and)), 46.20.291(5), or section 802 of this act, whenever the license or driving privilege of any person is suspended by reason of a conviction, a finding that a traffic infraction has been committed, pursuant to chapter 46.29 RCW, or pursuant to RCW 46.20.291 or 46.20.308, the suspension shall remain in effect until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. If the suspension is the result of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall determine the person’s eligibility for licensing based upon the reports provided by the alcoholism agency or probation department designated under RCW 46.61.5056 and shall deny reissuance of a license, permit, or privilege to drive until enrollment and participation in an approved program has been established and the person is otherwise qualified. Except for a revocation under
RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not then issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways, and until the person gives and thereafter maintains proof of financial responsibility for the future as provided in chapter 46.29 RCW. For a revocation under RCW 46.20.265, the department shall not issue a new license unless it is satisfied after investigation of the driving ability of the person that it will be safe to grant that person the privilege of driving a motor vehicle on the public highways.

(3) Whenever the driver’s license of any person is suspended pursuant to Article IV of the nonresident violators compact or RCW 46.23.020 or 46.20.289 or 46.20.291(5), the department shall not issue to the person any new or renewal license until the person pays a reissue fee of twenty dollars. If the suspension is the result of a violation of the laws of this or any other state, province, or other jurisdiction involving (a) the operation or physical control of a motor vehicle upon the public highways while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or (b) the refusal to submit to a chemical test of the driver’s blood alcohol content, the reissue fee shall be fifty dollars.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 808. A new section is added to chapter 48.22 RCW to read as follows:
In the event that the department of licensing suspends a driver’s license solely for the nonpayment of child support as provided in chapter 74.20A RCW or for noncompliance with a residential or visitation order as provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, any provision in the driver’s motor vehicle liability insurance policy excluding insurance coverage for an unlicensed driver shall not apply to the driver for ninety days from the date of suspension. When a driver's license is suspended under chapter 74.20A RCW, the driving record for the suspended driver shall include a notation that explains the reason for the suspension.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 809. The legislature intends that the license suspension program established in chapter 74.20A RCW be implemented fairly to ensure that child support obligations are met and that parents comply with residential and visitation orders. However, being mindful of the separations of powers and responsibilities among the branches of government, the legislature strongly encourages the state supreme court to adopt rules providing for suspension and denial of licenses related to the practice of law to those individuals who are in noncompliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 810. A new section is added to chapter 2.48 RCW to read as follows:
The Washington state supreme court may provide by rule that no person who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is in noncompliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order as provided in section 802 of this act may be admitted to the practice of law in this state, and that any member of the Washington state bar association who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is in noncompliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order as provided in section 802 of this act shall be immediately suspended from membership. The court's rules may provide for review of an application for admission or reinstatement of membership after the department of social and health services has issued a release stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 811. A new section is added to chapter 18.04 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the certificate or license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 812. RCW 18.04.335 and 1992 c 103 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Upon application in writing and after hearing pursuant to notice, the board may:
(a) Modify the suspension of, or reissue a certificate or license to, an individual whose certificate has been revoked or suspended; or

(b) Modify the suspension of, or reissue a license to a firm whose license has been revoked, suspended, or which the board has refused to renew.

(2) In the case of suspension for failure to comply with a support order under chapter 74.20A RCW or a residential or visitation order under chapter 26.09 RCW, if the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of a certificate or license shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the individual is in compliance with the order.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 813.** A new section is added to chapter 18.08 RCW to read as follows:

The board shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration or certificate of authorization to practice architecture of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the individual is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 814.** RCW 18.11.160 and 1986 c 324 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No license shall be issued by the department to any person who has been convicted of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, extortion, criminal conspiracy, fraud, theft, receiving stolen goods, unlawful issuance of checks or drafts, or other similar offense, or to any partnership of which the person is a member, or to any association or corporation of which the person is an officer or in which as a stockholder the person has or exercises a controlling interest either directly or indirectly.

(2) The following shall be grounds for denial, suspension, or revocation of a license, or imposition of an administrative fine by the department:

(a) Misrepresentation or concealment of material facts in obtaining a license;

(b) Underreporting to the department of sales figures so that the auctioneer or auction company surety bond is in a lower amount than required by law;

(c) Revocation of a license by another state;

(d) Misleading or false advertising;

(e) A pattern of substantial misrepresentations related to auctioneering or auction company business;

(f) Failure to cooperate with the department in any investigation or disciplinary action;

(g) Nonpayment of an administrative fine prior to renewal of a license;

(h) Aiding an unlicensed person to practice as an auctioneer or as an auction company; and

(i) Any other violations of this chapter.

(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 815.** A new section is added to chapter 18.16 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 816. A new section is added to chapter 18.20 RCW to read as follows: The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 817. RCW 18.27.060 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 2 s 19 are each amended to read as follows: (1) A certificate of registration shall be valid for one year and shall be renewed on or before the expiration date. The department shall issue to the applicant a certificate of registration upon compliance with the registration requirements of this chapter. (2) If the department approves an application, it shall issue a certificate of registration to the applicant. The certificate shall be valid for: (a) One year; (b) Until the bond expires; or (c) Until the insurance expires, whichever comes first. The department shall place the expiration date on the certificate. (3) A contractor may supply a short-term bond or insurance policy to bring its registration period to the full one year. (4) If a contractor’s surety bond or other security has an unsatisfied judgment against it or is canceled, or if the contractor’s insurance policy is canceled, the contractor’s registration shall be automatically suspended on the effective date of the impairment or cancellation. The department shall give notice of the suspension to the contractor. (5) The department shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration of a contractor who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order as provided in section 802 of this act. The certificate of registration shall not be reissued or renewed unless the person provides to the department a release from the department of social and health services stating that he or she is in compliance with the order and the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 818. A new section is added to chapter 18.28 RCW to read as follows: The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 819. RCW 18.39.181 and 1996 c 217 s 7 are each amended to read as follows: The director shall have the following powers and duties: (1) To issue all licenses provided for under this chapter; (2) To renew licenses under this chapter; (3) To collect all fees prescribed and required under this chapter; (4) To immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order; and (5) To keep general books of record of all official acts, proceedings, and transactions of the department of licensing while acting under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 820. A new section is added to chapter 18.39 RCW to read as follows: In the case of suspension for failure to comply with a support order under chapter 74.20A RCW or a residential or visitation order under chapter 26.09 RCW, if the person has continued to meet
all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of a license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the individual is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 821. A new section is added to chapter 18.43 RCW to read as follows: The board shall immediately suspend the registration of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for membership during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate of registration shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 822. A new section is added to chapter 18.44 RCW to read as follows: The department shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 823. RCW 18.46.050 and 1991 c 3 s 101 are each amended to read as follows: (1) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a license in any case in which it finds that there has been failure or refusal to comply with the requirements established under this chapter or the rules adopted under it. (2) The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

RCW 43.70.115 governs notice of a license denial, revocation, suspension, or modification and provides the right to an adjudicative proceeding but shall not apply to actions taken under subsection (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 824. A new section is added to chapter 18.51 RCW to read as follows: The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services, division of support, as a person who is not in compliance with a child support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the division’s receipt of a release issued by the division of child support stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 825. A new section is added to chapter 18.76 RCW to read as follows: The department shall immediately suspend the certification of a poison center medical director or a poison information specialist who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certification shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 826. A new section is added to chapter 18.85 RCW to read as follows: The director shall immediately suspend the license of a broker or salesperson who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person
who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 827.** RCW 18.96.120 and 1969 ex.s. c 158 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director may refuse to renew, or may suspend or revoke, a certificate of registration to use the titles landscape architect, landscape architecture, or landscape architectural in this state upon the following grounds:

   (a) The holder of the certificate of registration is impersonating a practitioner or former practitioner.
   
   (b) The holder of the certificate of registration is guilty of fraud, deceit, gross negligence, gross incompetency or gross misconduct in the practice of landscape architecture.
   
   (c) The holder of the certificate of registration permits his seal to be affixed to any plans, specifications or drawings that were not prepared by him or under his personal supervision by employees subject to his direction and control.
   
   (d) The holder of the certificate has committed fraud in applying for or obtaining a certificate.

(2) The director shall immediately suspend the certificate of registration of a landscape architect who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate of registration shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 828.** RCW 18.104.110 and 1993 c 387 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In cases other than those relating to the failure of a licensee to renew a license, the director may suspend or revoke a license issued pursuant to this chapter for any of the following reasons:

   (a) For fraud or deception in obtaining the license;
   
   (b) For fraud or deception in reporting under RCW 18.104.050;
   
   (c) For violating the provisions of this chapter, or of any lawful rule or regulation of the department or the department of health.

(2) The director shall immediately suspend any license issued under this chapter if the holder of the license has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

(3) No license shall be suspended for more than six months, except that a suspension under section 802 of this act shall continue until the department receives a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

(4) No person whose license is revoked shall be eligible to apply for a license for one year from the effective date of the final order of revocation.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 829. A new section is added to chapter 18.106 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend any certificate of competency issued under this chapter if the holder of the certificate has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate of competency shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 830. A new section is added to chapter 18.130 RCW to read as follows:
The secretary shall immediately suspend the license of any person subject to this chapter who has been certified by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order as provided in section 802 of this act.

Sec. 831. RCW 18.130.150 and 1984 c 279 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
A person whose license has been suspended or revoked under this chapter may petition the disciplining authority for reinstatement after an interval as determined by the disciplining authority in the order. The disciplining authority shall hold hearings on the petition and may deny the petition or may order reinstatement and impose terms and conditions as provided in RCW 18.130.160 and issue an order of reinstatement. The disciplining authority may require successful completion of an examination as a condition of reinstatement.
A person whose license has been suspended for noncompliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order under section 802 of this act may petition for reinstatement at any time by providing the secretary a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, the secretary shall automatically reissue the person’s license upon receipt of the release, and payment of a reinstatement fee, if any.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 832. A new section is added to chapter 18.140 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend any license or certificate issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 833. A new section is added to chapter 18.145 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend any certificate issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 834. RCW 18.160.080 and 1990 c 177 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The state director of fire protection may refuse to issue or renew or may suspend or revoke the privilege of a licensed fire protection sprinkler system contractor or the certificate of a certificate of competency holder to engage in the fire protection sprinkler system business or in lieu thereof, establish penalties as prescribed by Washington state law, for any of the following reasons:
   (a) Gross incompetency or gross negligence in the preparation of technical drawings, installation, repair, alteration, maintenance, inspection, service, or addition to fire protection sprinkler systems;
   (b) Conviction of a felony;
   (c) Fraudulent or dishonest practices while engaging in the fire protection sprinkler systems business;
   (d) Use of false evidence or misrepresentation in an application for a license or certificate of competency;
   (e) Permitting his or her license to be used in connection with the preparation of any technical drawings which have not been prepared by him or her personally or under his or her immediate supervision, or in violation of this chapter; or
   (f) Knowingly violating any provisions of this chapter or the regulations issued thereunder.
(2) The state director of fire protection shall revoke the license of a licensed fire protection sprinkler system contractor or the certificate of a certificate of competency holder who engages in the fire protection sprinkler system business while the license or certificate of competency is suspended.

(3) The state director of fire protection shall immediately suspend any license or certificate issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for issuance or reinstatement during the suspension, issuance or reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

(4) Any licensee or certificate of competency holder who is aggrieved by an order of the state director of fire protection suspending or revoking a license may, within thirty days after notice of such suspension or revocation, appeal under chapter 34.05 RCW. This subsection does not apply to actions taken under subsection (3) of this section.

Sec. 835. RCW 18.165.160 and 1995 c 277 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:

The following acts are prohibited and constitute grounds for disciplinary action, assessing administrative penalties, or denial, suspension, or revocation of any license under this chapter, as deemed appropriate by the director:

(1) Knowingly violating any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter;

(2) Knowingly making a material misstatement or omission in the application for or renewal of a license or firearms certificate, including falsifying requested identification information;

(3) Not meeting the qualifications set forth in RCW 18.165.030, 18.165.040, or 18.165.050;

(4) Failing to return immediately on demand a firearm issued by an employer;

(5) Carrying a firearm in the performance of his or her duties if not the holder of a valid armed private investigator license, or carrying a firearm not meeting the provisions of this chapter while in the performance of his or her duties;

(6) Failing to return immediately on demand company identification, badges, or other items issued to the private investigator by an employer;

(7) Making any statement that would reasonably cause another person to believe that the private investigator is a sworn peace officer;

(8) Divulging confidential information obtained in the course of any investigation to which he or she was assigned;

(9) Acceptance of employment that is adverse to a client or former client and relates to a matter about which a licensee has obtained confidential information by reason of or in the course of the licensee’s employment by the client;

(10) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor or felony or the commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, or corruption whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon such a conviction, however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder or applicant of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the person’s violation of the statute on which it is based. For the purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;

(11) Advertising that is false, fraudulent, or misleading;

(12) Incompetence or negligence that results in injury to a person or that creates an unreasonable risk that a person may be harmed;

(13) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual’s license to practice the profession by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of the order, stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;

(14) Failure to cooperate with the director by:
(a) Not furnishing any necessary papers or documents requested by the director for purposes of conducting an investigation for disciplinary action, denial, suspension, or revocation of a license under this chapter;
(b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation covering the matter contained in a complaint filed with the department; or
(c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the director, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding;
   (15) Failure to comply with an order issued by the director or an assurance of discontinuance entered into with the director;
   (16) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice if a license is required;
   (17) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of the business or profession;
   (18) Failure to adequately supervise employees to the extent that the public health or safety is at risk;
   (19) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the director or the director’s authorized representative, or by the use of threats or harassment against any client or witness to prevent them from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or any other legal action;
   (20) Assigning or transferring any license issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, except as provided in RCW 18.165.050;
   (21) Assisting a client to locate, trace, or contact a person when the investigator knows that the client is prohibited by any court order from harassing or contacting the person whom the investigator is being asked to locate, trace, or contact, as it pertains to domestic violence, stalking, or minor children;
   (22) Failure to maintain bond or insurance; (of)
   (23) Failure to have a qualifying principal in place; or
   (24) Being certified as not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order as provided in section 802 of this act.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 836.** A new section is added to chapter 18.165 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend a license issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 837.** RCW 18.170.170 and 1995 c 277 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to the provisions of section 838 of this act, the following acts are prohibited and constitute grounds for disciplinary action, assessing administrative penalties, or denial, suspension, or revocation of any license under this chapter, as deemed appropriate by the director:

   (1) Knowingly violating any of the provisions of this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter;
   (2) Practicing fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation in any of the private security activities covered by this chapter;
   (3) Knowingly making a material misstatement or omission in the application for a license or firearms certificate;
   (4) Not meeting the qualifications set forth in RCW 18.170.030, 18.170.040, or 18.170.060;
   (5) Failing to return immediately on demand a firearm issued by an employer;
   (6) Carrying a firearm in the performance of his or her duties if not the holder of a valid armed private security guard license, or carrying a firearm not meeting the provisions of this chapter while in the performance of his or her duties;
   (7) Failing to return immediately on demand any uniform, badge, or other item of equipment issued to the private security guard by an employer;
(8) Making any statement that would reasonably cause another person to believe that the private security guard is a sworn peace officer;
(9) Divulging confidential information that may compromise the security of any premises, or valuables shipment, or any activity of a client to which he or she was assigned;
(10) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor or felony or the commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty, or corruption whether the act constitutes a crime or not. If the act constitutes a crime, conviction in a criminal proceeding is not a condition precedent to disciplinary action. Upon such a conviction, however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder or applicant of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the person’s violation of the statute on which it is based. For the purposes of this section, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;
(11) Misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact in obtaining a license or in reinstatement thereof;
(12) Advertising that is false, fraudulent, or misleading;
(13) Incompetence or negligence that results in injury to a person or that creates an unreasonable risk that a person may be harmed;
(14) Suspension, revocation, or restriction of the individual’s license to practice the profession by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction, a certified copy of the order, stipulation, or agreement being conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;
(15) Failure to cooperate with the director by:
(a) Not furnishing any necessary papers or documents requested by the director for purposes of conducting an investigation for disciplinary action, denial, suspension, or revocation of a license under this chapter;
(b) Not furnishing in writing a full and complete explanation covering the matter contained in a complaint filed with the department; or
(c) Not responding to subpoenas issued by the director, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding;
(16) Failure to comply with an order issued by the director or an assurance of discontinuance entered into with the disciplining authority;
(17) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice if a license is required;
(18) Misrepresentation or fraud in any aspect of the conduct of the business or profession;
(19) Failure to adequately supervise employees to the extent that the public health or safety is at risk;
(20) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary proceeding by willful misrepresentation of facts before the director or the director’s authorized representative, or by the use of threats or harassment against a client or witness to prevent them from providing evidence in a disciplinary proceeding or any other legal action;
(21) Assigning or transferring any license issued pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, except as provided in RCW 18.170.060;
(22) Failure to maintain insurance; and
(23) Failure to have a qualifying principal in place.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 838. A new section is added to chapter 18.170 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend any license issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 839. A new section is added to chapter 18.175 RCW to read as follows:
The director shall immediately suspend a certificate of registration issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health
services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for certification during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 840. A new section is added to chapter 18.185 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend any license issued under this chapter if the holder has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 841. RCW 43.20A.205 and 1989 c 175 s 95 are each amended to read as follows:

This section governs the denial of an application for a license or the suspension, revocation, or modification of a license by the department.

(1) The department shall give written notice of the denial of an application for a license to the applicant or his or her agent. The department shall give written notice of revocation, suspension, or modification of a license to the licensee or his or her agent. The notice shall state the reasons for the action. The notice shall be personally served in the manner of service of a summons in a civil action or shall be given in another manner that shows proof of receipt.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and in subsection (4) of this section, revocation, suspension, or modification is effective twenty-eight days after the licensee or the agent receives the notice.

(a) The department may make the date the action is effective later than twenty-eight days after receipt. If the department does so, it shall state the effective date in the written notice given the licensee or agent.

(b) The department may make the date the action is effective sooner than twenty-eight days after receipt when necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the effective date in the written notice given to the licensee or agent.

(c) When the department has received certification pursuant to chapter 74.20A RCW from the division of child support that the licensee is a person who is not in compliance with a support order or an order from court stating that the licensee is in noncompliance with a residential or visitation order under chapter 26.09 RCW, the department shall provide that the suspension is effective immediately upon receipt of the suspension notice by the licensee.

(3) Except for licensees suspended for noncompliance with a support order under chapter 74.20A RCW or a residential or visitation order under chapter 26.09 RCW, a license applicant or licensee who is aggrieved by a department denial, revocation, suspension, or modification has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the adverse notice, be served on and received by the department within twenty-eight days of the license applicant’s or licensee’s receiving the adverse notice, and be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt.

(4)(a) If the department gives a licensee twenty-eight or more days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee files an appeal before its effective date, the department shall not implement the adverse action until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if the appellant causes an unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good cause.

(b) If the department gives a licensee less than twenty-eight days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee timely files a sufficient appeal, the department may implement the adverse action on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or reviewing
officer may order the department to stay implementation of part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good cause.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 842. A new section is added to chapter 28A.410 RCW to read as follows:

Any certificate or permit authorized under this chapter or chapter 28A.405 RCW shall be suspended by the authority authorized to grant the certificate or permit if the department of social and health services certifies that the person is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order as provided in section 802 of this act. If the person continues to meet other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the certificate or permit shall be automatic after the person provides the authority a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 843.** RCW 43.70.115 and 1991 c 3 s 377 are each amended to read as follows:

This section governs the denial of an application for a license or the suspension, revocation, or modification of a license by the department. This section does not govern actions taken under chapter 18.130 RCW.

(1) The department shall give written notice of the denial of an application for a license to the applicant or his or her agent. The department shall give written notice of revocation, suspension, or modification of a license to the licensee or his or her agent. The notice shall state the reasons for the action. The notice shall be personally served in the manner of service of a summons in a civil action or shall be given in another manner that shows proof of receipt.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and in subsection (4) of this section, revocation, suspension, or modification is effective twenty-eight days after the licensee or the agent receives the notice.

(a) The department may make the date the action is effective later than twenty-eight days after receipt. If the department does so, it shall state the effective date in the written notice given the licensee or agent.

(b) The department may make the date the action is effective sooner than twenty-eight days after receipt when necessary to protect the public health, safety, or welfare. When the department does so, it shall state the effective date and the reasons supporting the effective date in the written notice given to the licensee or agent.

(c) When the department has received certification pursuant to chapter 74.20A RCW from the department of social and health services that the licensee is a person who is not in compliance with a child support order or an order from a court stating that the licensee is in noncompliance with a residential or visitation order under chapter 26.09 RCW, the department shall provide that the suspension is effective immediately upon receipt of the suspension notice by the licensee.

(3) Except for licensees suspended for noncompliance with a child support order under chapter 74.20A RCW or noncompliance with a residential or visitation order under chapter 26.09 RCW, a license applicant or licensee who is aggrieved by a department denial, revocation, suspension, or modification has the right to an adjudicative proceeding. The proceeding is governed by the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. The application must be in writing, state the basis for contesting the adverse action, include a copy of the adverse notice, be served on and received by the department within twenty-eight days of the license applicant’s or licensee’s receiving the adverse notice, and be served in a manner that shows proof of receipt.

(4)(a) If the department gives a licensee twenty-eight or more days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee files an appeal before its effective date, the department shall not implement the adverse action until the final order has been entered. The presiding or reviewing officer may permit the department to implement part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if the appellant causes an unreasonable delay in the proceeding, if the circumstances change so that implementation is in the public interest, or for other good cause.

(b) If the department gives a licensee less than twenty-eight days notice of revocation, suspension, or modification and the licensee timely files a sufficient appeal, the department may implement the adverse action on the effective date stated in the notice. The presiding or reviewing
officer may order the department to stay implementation of part or all of the adverse action while the proceedings are pending if staying implementation is in the public interest or for other good cause.

Sec. 844. RCW 19.28.310 and 1996 c 241 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department has the power, in case of serious noncompliance with the provisions of this chapter, to revoke or suspend for such a period as it determines, any electrical contractor license or electrical contractor administrator certificate issued under this chapter. The department shall notify the holder of the license or certificate of the revocation or suspension by certified mail. A revocation or suspension is effective twenty days after the holder receives the notice. Any revocation or suspension is subject to review by an appeal to the board. The filing of an appeal stays the effect of a revocation or suspension until the board makes its decision. The appeal shall be filed within twenty days after notice of the revocation or suspension is given by certified mail sent to the address of the holder of the license or certificate as shown on the application for the license or certificate, and shall be effected by filing a written notice of appeal with the department, accompanied by a certified check for two hundred dollars, which shall be returned to the holder of the license or certificate if the decision of the department is not sustained by the board. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. If the board sustains the decision of the department, the two hundred dollars shall be applied by the department to the payment of the per diem and expenses of the members of the board incurred in the matter, and any balance remaining after payment of per diem and expenses shall be paid into the electrical license fund.

(2) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 845. RCW 19.28.580 and 1988 c 81 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department may revoke any certificate of competency upon the following grounds:

(a) The certificate was obtained through error or fraud;
(b) The holder thereof is judged to be incompetent to work in the electrical construction trade as a journeyman electrician or specialty electrician;
(c) The holder thereof has violated any of the provisions of RCW 19.28.510 through 19.28.620 or any rule adopted under this chapter.

(2) Before any certificate of competency shall be revoked, the holder shall be given written notice of the department’s intention to do so, mailed by registered mail, return receipt requested, to the holder’s last known address. The notice shall enumerate the allegations against the holder, and shall give the holder the opportunity to request a hearing before the board. At the hearing, the department and the holder may produce witnesses and give testimony. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. The board shall render its decision based upon the testimony and evidence presented, and shall notify the parties immediately upon reaching its decision. A majority of the board shall be necessary to render a decision.

(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 846. RCW 19.30.060 and 1985 c 280 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person may protest the grant or renewal of a license under this section. The director may revoke, suspend, or refuse to issue or renew any license when it is shown that:

(1) The farm labor contractor or any agent of the contractor has violated or failed to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter;
(2) The farm labor contractor has made any misrepresentations or false statements in his or her application for a license;
(3) The conditions under which the license was issued have changed or no longer exist;
(4) The farm labor contractor, or any agent of the contractor, has violated or wilfully aided or abetted any person in the violation of, or failed to comply with, any law of the state of Washington regulating employment in agriculture, the payment of wages to farm employees, or the conditions, terms, or places of employment affecting the health and safety of farm employees, which is applicable to the business activities, or operations of the contractor in his or her capacity as a farm labor contractor;
(5) The farm labor contractor or any agent of the contractor has in recruiting farm labor solicited or induced the violation of any then existing contract of employment of such laborers; or
(6) The farm labor contractor or any agent of the contractor has an unsatisfied judgment against him or her in any state or federal court, arising out of his or her farm labor contracting activities.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 847. RCW 19.16.120 and 1994 c 195 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to other provisions of this chapter, any license issued pursuant to this chapter or any application therefor may be denied, not renewed, revoked, or suspended, or in lieu of or in addition to suspension a licensee may be assessed a civil, monetary penalty in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars:

(1) If an individual applicant or licensee is less than eighteen years of age or is not a resident of this state.
(2) If an applicant or licensee is not authorized to do business in this state.
(3) If the application or renewal forms required by this chapter are incomplete, fees required under RCW 19.16.140 and 19.16.150, if applicable, have not been paid, and the surety bond or cash deposit or other negotiable security acceptable to the director required by RCW 19.16.190, if applicable, has not been filed or renewed or is canceled.
(4) If any individual applicant, owner, officer, director, or managing employee of a nonindividual applicant or licensee:
   (a) Shall have knowingly made a false statement of a material fact in any application for a collection agency license or an out-of-state collection agency license or renewal thereof, or in any data attached thereto and two years have not elapsed since the date of such statement;
   (b) Shall have had a license to engage in the business of a collection agency or out-of-state collection agency denied, not renewed, suspended, or revoked by this state, any other state, or foreign country, for any reason other than the nonpayment of licensing fees or failure to meet bonding requirements: PROVIDED, That the terms of this subsection shall not apply if:
      (i) Two years have elapsed since the time of any such denial, nonrenewal, or revocation; or
      (ii) The terms of any such suspension have been fulfilled;
   (c) Has been convicted in any court of any felony involving forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, or conspiracy to defraud and is incarcerated for that offense or five years have not elapsed since the date of such conviction;
   (d) Has had any judgment entered against him in any civil action involving forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, larceny, extortion, or conspiracy to defraud and five years have not elapsed since the date of the entry of the final judgment in said action: PROVIDED, That in no event shall a license be issued unless the judgment debt has been discharged;
   (e) Has had his license to practice law suspended or revoked and two years have not elapsed since the date of such suspension or revocation, unless he has been relicensed to practice law in this state;
(f) Has had any judgment entered against him or it under the provisions of RCW 19.86.080 or 19.86.090 involving a violation or violations of RCW 19.86.020 and two years have not elapsed since the entry of the final judgment: PROVIDED. That in no event shall a license be issued unless the terms of such judgment, if any, have been fully complied with: PROVIDED FURTHER. That said judgment shall not be grounds for denial, suspension, nonrenewal, or revocation of a license unless the judgment arises out of and is based on acts of the applicant, owner, officer, director, managing employee, or licensee while acting for or as a collection agency or an out-of-state collection agency;

(g) Has petitioned for bankruptcy, and two years have not elapsed since the filing of said petition;

(h) Shall be insolvent in the sense that his or its liabilities exceed his or its assets or in the sense that he or it cannot meet his or its obligations as they mature;

(i) Has failed to pay any civil, monetary penalty assessed in accordance with RCW 19.16.351 or 19.16.360 within ten days after the assessment becomes final;

(j) Has knowingly failed to comply with, or violated any provisions of this chapter or any rule or regulation issued pursuant to this chapter, and two years have not elapsed since the occurrence of said noncompliance or violation; or

(k) Has been found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have violated the federal fair debt collection practices act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1692 et seq., or the Washington state consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW, and two years have not elapsed since that finding.

Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person who is engaged in the collection agency business as of January 1, 1972 shall, upon filing the application, paying the fees, and filing the surety bond or cash deposit or other negotiable security in lieu of bond required by this chapter, be issued a license (hereunder) under this chapter.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 848.** RCW 19.31.130 and 1969 ex.s. c 228 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In accordance with the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW as now or as hereafter amended, the director may by order deny, suspend or revoke the license of any employment agency if he finds that the applicant or licensee:

- Was previously the holder of a license issued under this chapter, which was revoked for cause and never reissued by the director, or which license was suspended for cause and the terms of the suspension have not been fulfilled;
- Has been found guilty of any felony within the past five years involving moral turpitude, or for any misdemeanor concerning fraud or conversion, or suffering any judgment in any civil action involving willful fraud, misrepresentation or conversion;
- Has made a false statement of a material fact in his application or in any data attached thereto;
- Has violated any provisions of this chapter, or failed to comply with any rule or regulation issued by the director pursuant to this chapter.

(2) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 849.** RCW 19.32.060 and 1943 c 117 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director of agriculture may cancel or suspend any such license if he finds after proper investigation that (a) the licensee has violated any provision of this chapter or of any other law of this
state relating to the operation of refrigerated lockers or of the sale of any human food in connection therewith, or any regulation effective under any act the administration of which is in the charge of the department of agriculture, or (b) the licensed refrigerated locker premises or any equipment used therein or in connection therewith is in an unsanitary condition and the licensee has failed or refused to remedy the same within ten days after receipt from the director of agriculture of written notice to do so.

(2) No license shall be revoked or suspended by the director without delivery to the licensee of a written statement of the charge involved and an opportunity to answer such charge within ten days from the date of such notice.

(3) Any order made by the director suspending or revoking any license may be reviewed by certiorari in the superior court of the county in which the licensed premises are located, within ten days from the date notice in writing of the director’s order revoking or suspending such license has been served upon him.

(4) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 850. RCW 19.105.380 and 1988 c 159 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A registration or an application for registration of camping resort contracts or renewals thereof may by order be denied, suspended, or revoked if the director finds that:

(a) The advertising, sales techniques, or trade practices of the applicant, registrant, or its affiliate or agent have been or are deceptive, false, or misleading;

(b) The applicant or registrant has failed to file copies of the camping resort contract form under RCW 19.105.360;

(c) The applicant, registrant, or affiliate has failed to comply with any provision of this chapter, the rules adopted or the conditions of a permit granted under this chapter, or a stipulation or final order previously entered into by the operator or issued by the department under this chapter;

(d) The applicant’s, registrant’s, or affiliate’s offering of camping resort contracts has worked or would work a fraud upon purchasers or owners of camping resort contracts;

(e) The camping resort operator or any officer, director, or affiliate of the camping resort operator has been within the last five years convicted of or pleaded nolo contendere to any misdemeanor or felony involving conversion, embezzlement, theft, fraud, or dishonesty, has been enjoined from or had any civil penalty assessed for a finding of dishonest dealing or fraud in a civil suit, or been found to have engaged in any violation of any act designed to protect consumers, or has been engaged in dishonest practices in any industry involving sales to consumers;

(f) The applicant or registrant has represented or is representing to purchasers in connection with the offer or sale of a camping resort contract that a camping resort property, facility, amenity camp site, or other development is planned, promised, or required, and the applicant or registrant has not provided the director with a security or assurance of performance as required by this chapter;

(g) The applicant or registrant has not provided or is no longer providing the director with the necessary security arrangements to assure future availability of titles or properties as required by this chapter or agreed to in the permit to market;

(h) The applicant or registrant is or has been employing unregistered salespersons or offering or proposing a membership referral program not in compliance with this chapter;

(i) The applicant or registrant has breached any escrow, impound, reserve account, or trust arrangement or the conditions of an order or permit to market required by this chapter;

(j) The applicant or registrant has breached any stipulation or order entered into in settlement of the department’s filing of a previous administrative action;

(k) The applicant or registrant has filed or caused to be filed with the director any document or affidavit, or made any statement during the course of a registration or exemption procedure with the director, that is materially untrue or misleading;
(l) The applicant or registrant has engaged in a practice of failing to provide the written disclosures to purchasers or prospective purchasers as required under this chapter;

(m) The applicant, registrant, or any of its officers, directors, or employees, if the operator is other than a natural person, have wilfully done, or permitted any of their salespersons or agents to do, any of the following:

(i) Engage in a pattern or practice of making untrue or misleading statements of a material fact, or omitting to state a material fact;

(ii) Employ any device, scheme, or artifice to defraud purchasers or members;

(iii) Engage in a pattern or practice of failing to provide the written disclosures to purchasers or prospective purchasers as required under this chapter;

(n) The applicant or registrant has failed to provide a bond, letter of credit, or other arrangement to assure delivery of promised gifts, prizes, awards, or other items of consideration, as required under this chapter, breached such a security arrangement, or failed to maintain such a security arrangement in effect because of a resignation or loss of a trustee, impound, or escrow agent;

(o) The applicant or registrant has engaged in a practice of selling contracts using material amendments or codicils that have not been filed or are the consequences of breaches or alterations in previously filed contracts;

(p) The applicant or registrant has engaged in a practice of selling or proposing to sell contracts in a ratio of contracts to sites available in excess of that filed in the affidavit required by this chapter;

(q) The camping resort operator has withdrawn, has the right to withdraw, or is proposing to withdraw from use all or any portion of any camping resort property devoted to the camping resort program, unless:

(i) Adequate provision has been made to provide within a reasonable time thereafter a substitute property in the same general area that is at least as desirable for the purpose of camping and outdoor recreation;

(ii) The property is withdrawn because, despite good faith efforts by the camping resort operator, a nonaffiliate of the camping resort has exercised a right of withdrawal from use by the camping resort (such as withdrawal following expiration of a lease of the property to the camping resort) and the terms of the withdrawal right have been disclosed in writing to all purchasers at or prior to the time of any sales of camping resort contracts after the camping resort has represented to purchasers that the property is or will be available for camping or recreation purposes;

(iii) The specific date upon which the withdrawal becomes effective has been disclosed in writing to all purchasers and members prior to the time of any sales of camping resort contracts after the camping resort has represented to purchasers that the property is or will be available for camping or recreation purposes;

(iv) The rights of members and owners of the camping resort contracts under the express terms of the camping resort contract have expired, or have been specifically limited, upon the lapse of a stated or determinable period of time, and the director by order has found that the withdrawal is not otherwise inconsistent with the protection of purchasers or the desire of the majority of the owners of camping resort contracts, as expressed in their previously obtained vote of approval;

(r) The format, form, or content of the written disclosures provided therein is not complete, full, or materially accurate, or statements made therein are materially false, misleading, or deceptive;

(s) The applicant or registrant has failed or declined to respond to any subpoena lawfully issued and served by the department under this chapter;

(t) The applicant or registrant has failed to file an amendment for a material change in the manner or at the time required under this chapter or its implementing rules;

(u) The applicant or registrant has filed voluntarily or been placed involuntarily into a federal bankruptcy or is proposing to do so; or

(v) A camping resort operator’s rights or interest in a campground has been terminated by foreclosure or the operations in a camping resort have been terminated in a manner contrary to contract provisions.

(2) Any applicant or registrant who has violated subsection (1)(a), (b), (c), (f), (h), (i), (j), (l), (m), or (n) of this section may be fined by the director in an amount not to exceed one thousand dollars for each such violation. Proceedings seeking such fines shall be held in accordance with chapter 34.05
RCW and may be filed either separately or in conjunction with other administrative proceedings to deny, suspend, or revoke registrations authorized under this chapter. Fines collected from such proceedings shall be deposited in the state general fund.

(3) An operator, registrant, or applicant against whom administrative or legal proceedings have been filed shall be responsible for and shall reimburse the state, by payment into the general fund, for all administrative and legal costs actually incurred by the department in issuing, processing, and conducting any such administrative or legal proceeding authorized under this chapter that results in a final legal or administrative determination of any type or degree in favor of the department.

(4) No order may be entered under this section without appropriate prior notice to the applicant or registrant of opportunity for a hearing and written findings of fact and conclusions of law, except that the director may by order summarily deny an application for registration or renewal under any of the above subsections and may summarily suspend or revoke a registration under subsection (1)(d), (f), (g), (h), (i), (k), (l), (m), and (n) of this section. No fine may be imposed by summary order.

(5) The proceedings to deny an application or renewal, suspend or revoke a registration or permit, whether summarily or otherwise, or impose a fine shall be held in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

(6) The director may enter into assurances of discontinuance in lieu of issuing a statement of charges or a cease and desist order or conducting a hearing under this chapter. The assurances shall consist of a statement of the law in question and an agreement not to violate the stated provision. The applicant or registrant shall not be required to admit to any violation of the law, nor shall the assurance be construed as such an admission. Violating or breaching an assurance under this subsection is grounds for suspension or revocation of registration or imposition of a fine.

(7) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 851. RCW 19.105.440 and 1988 c 159 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A salesperson may apply for registration by filing in a complete and readable form with the director an application form provided by the director which includes the following:

(a) A statement whether or not the applicant within the past five years has been convicted of, pleaded nolo contendre to, or been ordered to serve probation for a period of a year or more for any misdemeanor or felony involving conversion, embezzlement, theft, fraud, or dishonesty or the applicant has been enjoined from, had any civil penalty assessed for, or been found to have engaged in any violation of any act designed to protect consumers;

(b) A statement fully describing the applicant’s employment history for the past five years and whether or not any termination of employment during the last five years was the result of any theft, fraud, or act of dishonesty;

(c) A consent to service comparable to that required of operators under this chapter; and

(d) Required filing fees.

(2) The director may by order deny, suspend, or revoke a camping resort salesperson’s registration or application for registration under this chapter or the person’s license or application under chapter 18.85 RCW, or impose a fine on such persons not exceeding two hundred dollars per violation, if the director finds that the order is necessary for the protection of purchasers or owners of camping resort contracts and the applicant or registrant is guilty of:

(a) Obtaining registration by means of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment, or through the mistake or inadvertence of the director;

(b) Violating any of the provisions of this chapter or any lawful rules adopted by the director pursuant thereto;

(c) Being convicted in a court of competent jurisdiction of this or any other state, or federal court, of forgery, embezzlement, obtaining money under false pretenses, bribery, larceny, extortion, conspiracy to defraud, or any similar offense or offenses. For the purposes of this section, "being
convicted” includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction, and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;

(d) Making, printing, publishing, distributing, or causing, authorizing, or knowingly permitting the making, printing, publication, or distribution of false statements, descriptions, or promises of such character as to reasonably induce any person to act thereon, if the statements, descriptions, or promises purport to be made or to be performed by either the applicant or registrant and the applicant or registrant knew or, by the exercise of reasonable care and inquiry, could have known, of the falsity of the statements, descriptions, or promises;

(e) Knowingly committing, or being a party to, any material fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, conspiracy, collusion, trick, scheme, or device whereby any other person lawfully relies upon the work, representation, or conduct of the applicant or registrant;

(f) Failing, upon demand, to disclose to the director or the director’s authorized representatives acting by authority of law any information within his or her knowledge or to produce for inspection any document, book or record in his or her possession, which is material to the salesperson’s registration or application for registration;

(g) Continuing to sell camping resort contracts in a manner whereby the interests of the public are endangered, if the director has, by order in writing, stated objections thereto;

(h) Committing any act of fraudulent or dishonest dealing or a crime involving moral turpitude, and a certified copy of the final holding of any court of competent jurisdiction in such matter shall be conclusive evidence in any hearing under this chapter;

(i) Misrepresentation of membership in any state or national association; or

(j) Discrimination against any person in hiring or in sales activity on the basis of race, color, creed, or national origin, or violating any state or federal antidiscrimination law.

(3) No order may be entered under this section without appropriate prior notice to the applicant or registrant of opportunity for a hearing and written findings of fact and conclusions of law, except that the director may by order summarily deny an application for registration under this section.

(4) The proceedings to deny an application or renewal, suspend or revoke a registration or permit, whether summarily or otherwise, or impose a fine shall be held in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

(5) The director, subsequent to any complaint filed against a salesperson or pursuant to an investigation to determine violations, may enter into stipulated assurances of discontinuances in lieu of issuing a statement of charges or a cease and desist order or conducting a hearing. The assurance shall consist of a statement of the law in question and an agreement not to violate the stated provision. The salesperson shall not be required to admit to any violation of the law, nor shall the assurance be construed as such an admission. Violation of an assurance under this subsection is grounds for a disciplinary action, a suspension of registration, or a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars.

(6) The director may by rule require such further information or conditions for registration as a camping resort salesperson, including qualifying examinations and fingerprint cards prepared by authorized law enforcement agencies, as the director deems necessary to protect the interests of purchasers.

(7) Registration as a camping resort salesperson shall be effective for a period of one year unless the director specifies otherwise or the salesperson transfers employment to a different registrant. Registration as a camping resort salesperson shall be renewed annually, or at the time of transferring employment, whichever occurs first, by the filing of a form prescribed by the director for that purpose.

(8) It is unlawful for a registrant of camping resort contracts to employ or a person to act as a camping resort salesperson covered under this section unless the salesperson has in effect with the department and displays a valid registration in a conspicuous location at each of the sales offices at which the salesperson is employed. It is the responsibility of both the operator and the salesperson to notify the department when and where a salesperson is employed, his or her responsibilities and duties, and when the salesperson’s employment or reported duties are changed or terminated.

(9) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the
license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 852. RCW 19.138.130 and 1996 c 180 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director may deny, suspend, or revoke the registration of a seller of travel if the director finds that the applicant:

(a) Was previously the holder of a registration issued under this chapter, and the registration was revoked for cause and never reissued by the director, or the registration was suspended for cause and the terms of the suspension have not been fulfilled;

(b) Has been found guilty of a felony within the past five years involving moral turpitude, or of a misdemeanor concerning fraud or conversion, or suffers a judgment in a civil action involving willful fraud, misrepresentation, or conversion;

(c) Has made a false statement of a material fact in an application under this chapter or in data attached to it;

(d) Has violated this chapter or failed to comply with a rule adopted by the director under this chapter;

(e) Has failed to display the registration as provided in this chapter;

(f) Has published or circulated a statement with the intent to deceive, misrepresent, or mislead the public; or

(g) Has committed a fraud or fraudulent practice in the operation and conduct of a travel agency business, including, but not limited to, intentionally misleading advertising.

(2) If the seller of travel is found in violation of this chapter or in violation of the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW, by the entry of a judgment or by settlement of a claim, the director may revoke the registration of the seller of travel, and the director may reinstate the registration at the director’s discretion.

(3) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 853. RCW 19.158.050 and 1989 c 20 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In order to maintain or defend a lawsuit or do any business in this state, a commercial telephone solicitor must be registered with the department of licensing. Prior to doing business in this state, a commercial telephone solicitor shall register with the department of licensing. Doing business in this state includes both commercial telephone solicitation from a location in Washington and solicitation of purchasers located in Washington.

(2) The department of licensing, in registering commercial telephone solicitors, shall have the authority to require the submission of information necessary to assist in identifying and locating a commercial telephone solicitor, including past business history, prior judgments, and such other information as may be useful to purchasers.

(3) The department of licensing shall issue a registration number to the commercial telephone solicitor.

(4) It is a violation of this chapter for a commercial telephone solicitor to:

(a) Fail to maintain a valid registration;

(b) Advertise that one is registered as a commercial telephone solicitor or to represent that such registration constitutes approval or endorsement by any government or governmental office or agency;

(c) Provide inaccurate or incomplete information to the department of licensing when making a registration application; or

(d) Represent that a person is registered or that such person has a valid registration number when such person does not.
An annual registration fee shall be assessed by the department of licensing, the amount of which shall be determined at the discretion of the director of the department of licensing, and which shall be reasonably related to the cost of administering the provisions of this chapter.

The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 854. RCW 19.166.040 and 1995 c 60 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An application for registration as an international student exchange visitor placement organization shall be submitted in the form prescribed by the secretary of state. The application shall include:

(a) Evidence that the organization meets the standards established by the secretary of state under RCW 19.166.050;

(b) The name, address, and telephone number of the organization, its chief executive officer, and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for supervising placements within the state;

(c) The organization’s unified business identification number, if any;

(d) The organization’s United States Information Agency number, if any;

(e) Evidence of council on standards for international educational travel listing, if any;

(f) Whether the organization is exempt from federal income tax; and

(g) A list of the organization’s placements in Washington for the previous academic year including the number of students placed, their home countries, the school districts in which they were placed, and the length of their placements.

(2) The application shall be signed by the chief executive officer of the organization and the person within the organization who has primary responsibility for supervising placements within Washington. If the secretary of state determines that the application is complete, the secretary of state shall file the application and the applicant is registered.

(3) International student exchange visitor placement organizations that have registered shall inform the secretary of state of any changes in the information required under subsection (1) of this section within thirty days of the change.

(4) Registration shall be renewed annually as established by rule by the office of the secretary of state.

(5) The office of the secretary of state shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the office of the secretary of state’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 855. A new section is added to chapter 20.01 RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 856. RCW 21.20.110 and 1994 c 256 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

The director may by order deny, suspend, or revoke registration of any broker-dealer, salesperson, investment adviser representative, or investment adviser; censure or fine the registrant or
an officer, director, partner, or person occupying similar functions for a registrant; or restrict or limit a registrant’s function or activity of business for which registration is required in this state; if the director finds that the order is in the public interest and that the applicant or registrant or, in the case of a broker-dealer or investment adviser, any partner, officer, or director:

(1) Has filed an application for registration under this section which, as of its effective date, or as of any date after filing in the case of an order denying effectiveness, was incomplete in any material respect or contained any statement which was, in the light of the circumstances under which it was made, false, or misleading with respect to any material fact;

(2) Has willfully violated or willfully failed to comply with any provision of this chapter or a predecessor act or any rule or order under this chapter or a predecessor act, or any provision of chapter 21.30 RCW or any rule or order thereunder;

(3) Has been convicted, within the past five years, of any misdemeanor involving a security, or a commodity contract or commodity option as defined in RCW 21.30.010, or any aspect of the securities or investment commodities business, or any felony involving moral turpitude;

(4) Is permanently or temporarily enjoined by any court of competent jurisdiction from engaging in or continuing any conduct or practice involving any aspect of the securities or investment commodities business;

(5) Is the subject of an order of the director denying, suspending, or revoking registration as a broker-dealer, salesperson, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative;

(6) Is the subject of an order entered within the past five years by the securities administrator of any other state or by the federal securities and exchange commission denying or revoking registration as a broker-dealer or salesperson, or a commodity broker-dealer or sales representative, or the substantial equivalent of those terms as defined in this chapter or by the commodity futures trading commission denying or revoking registration as a commodity merchant as defined in RCW 21.30.010, or is the subject of an order of suspension or expulsion from membership in or association with a self-regulatory organization registered under the securities exchange act of 1934 or the federal commodity exchange act, or is the subject of a United States post office fraud order; but (a) the director may not institute a revocation or suspension proceeding under this clause more than one year from the date of the order relied on, and (b) the director may not enter any order under this clause on the basis of an order unless that order was based on facts which would currently constitute a ground for an order under this section;

(7) Has engaged in dishonest or unethical practices in the securities or investment commodities business;

(8) Is insolvent, either in the sense that his or her liabilities exceed his or her assets or in the sense that he or she cannot meet his or her obligations as they mature; but the director may not enter an order against a broker-dealer or investment adviser under this clause without a finding of insolvency as to the broker-dealer or investment adviser;

(9) Has not complied with a condition imposed by the director under RCW 21.20.100, or is not qualified on the basis of such factors as training, experience, or knowledge of the securities business; or

(10)(a) Has failed to supervise reasonably a salesperson or an investment adviser representative. For the purposes of this subsection, no person fails to supervise reasonably another person, if:

(i) There are established procedures, and a system for applying those procedures, that would reasonably be expected to prevent and detect, insofar as practicable, any violation by another person of this chapter, or a rule or order under this chapter; and

(ii) The supervising person has reasonably discharged the duties and obligations required by these procedures and system without reasonable cause to believe that another person was violating this chapter or rules or orders under this chapter.

(b) The director may issue a summary order pending final determination of a proceeding under this section upon a finding that it is in the public interest and necessary or appropriate for the protection of investors. The director may not impose a fine under this section except after notice and opportunity for hearing. The fine imposed under this section may not exceed five thousand dollars for each act or omission that constitutes the basis for issuing the order.
The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 857. A new section is added to chapter 48.17 RCW to read as follows:
The commissioner shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the commissioner’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 858. A new section is added to chapter 74.15 RCW to read as follows:
The secretary shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the secretary’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 859. A new section is added to chapter 47.68 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 860. A new section is added to chapter 71.12 RCW to read as follows:
The department of health shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department of health’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 861. A new section is added to chapter 66.20 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 862. A new section is added to chapter 66.24 RCW to read as follows:
The board shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 863. A new section is added to chapter 88.02 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend the vessel registration or vessel dealer's registration of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the registration shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 864. RCW 67.08.100 and 1993 c 278 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department may grant annual licenses upon application in compliance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the director, and the payment of the fees, the amount of which is to be set by the director in accordance with RCW 43.24.086, prescribed to promoters, managers, referees, boxers, wrestlers, and seconds: PROVIDED, That the provisions of this section shall not apply to contestants or participants in strictly amateur contests and/or fraternal organizations and/or veterans' organizations chartered by congress or the defense department or any bona fide athletic club which is a member of the Pacific northwest association of the amateur athletic union of the United States, holding and promoting athletic contests and where all funds are used primarily for the benefit of their members.

(2) Any such license may be revoked by the department for any cause which it shall deem sufficient.

(3) No person shall participate or serve in any of the above capacities unless licensed as provided in this chapter.

(4) The referee for any boxing contest shall be designated by the department from among such licensed referees.

(5) The referee for any wrestling exhibition or show shall be provided by the promoter and licensed by the department.

(6) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 865. RCW 19.02.100 and 1991 c 72 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall not issue or renew a master license to any person if:

(a) The person does not have a valid tax registration, if required;

(b) The person is a corporation delinquent in fees or penalties owing to the secretary of state or is not validly registered under Title 23B RCW, chapter 18.100 RCW, Title 24 RCW, and any other statute now or hereafter adopted which gives corporate or business licensing responsibilities to the secretary of state; or

(c) The person has not submitted the sum of all fees and deposits required for the requested individual license endorsements, any outstanding master license delinquency fee, or other fees and penalties to be collected through the system.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prevent registration by the state of an employer for the purpose of paying an employee of that employer industrial insurance or unemployment insurance benefits.

(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 866. RCW 43.24.080 and 1979 c 158 s 99 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as provided in section 869 of this act, at the close of each examination the department of licensing shall prepare the proper licenses, where no further fee is required to be paid, and issue licenses to the successful applicants signed by the director and notify all successful applicants, where a further fee is required, of the fact that they are entitled to receive such license upon the payment of such further fee to the department of licensing and notify all applicants who have failed to pass the examination of that fact.

**Sec. 867.** RCW 43.24.110 and 1986 c 259 s 149 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as provided in section 869 of this act, whenever there is filed in a matter under the jurisdiction of the director of licensing any complaint charging that the holder of a license has been guilty of any act or omission which by the provisions of the law under which the license was issued would warrant the revocation thereof, verified in the manner provided by law, the director of licensing shall request the governor to appoint, and the governor shall appoint within thirty days of the request, two qualified practitioners of the profession or calling of the person charged, who, with the director or his duly appointed representative, shall constitute a committee to hear and determine the charges and, in case the charges are sustained, impose the penalty provided by law. In addition, the governor shall appoint a consumer member of the committee.

The decision of any three members of such committee shall be the decision of the committee.

The appointed members of the committee shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.240 and shall be reimbursed for their travel expenses, in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

**Sec. 868.** RCW 43.24.120 and 1987 c 202 s 212 are each amended to read as follows:
Except as provided in section 869 of this act, any person feeling aggrieved by the refusal of the director to issue a license, or to renew one, or by the revocation or suspension of a license shall have a right of appeal to superior court from the decision of the director of licensing, which shall be taken, prosecuted, heard, and determined in the manner provided in chapter 34.05 RCW.

The decision of the superior court may be reviewed by the supreme court or the court of appeals in the same manner as other civil cases.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 869.** A new section is added to chapter 43.24 RCW to read as follows:

The department shall immediately suspend any license issued by the department of licensing of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

**Sec. 870.** RCW 70.74.110 and 1988 c 198 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

All persons engaged in the manufacture of explosives, or any process involving explosives, or where explosives are used as a component part in the manufacture of any article or device, on the date when this 1969 amendatory act takes effect August 11, 1969, shall within sixty days thereafter, and all persons engaging in the manufacture of explosives, or any process involving explosives, or where explosives are used as a component part in the manufacture of any article or device after this act takes effect August 11, 1969, shall, before so engaging, make an application in writing, subscribed to by such person or his agent, to the department of labor and industries, the application stating:

1. Location of place of manufacture or processing;
2. Kind of explosives manufactured, processed or used;
3. The distance that such explosives manufacturing building is located or intended to be located from the other factory buildings, magazines, inhabited buildings, railroads and highways and public utility transmission systems;
4. The name and address of the applicant;
(5) The reason for desiring to manufacture explosives;
(6) The applicant’s citizenship, if the applicant is an individual;
(7) If the applicant is a partnership, the names and addresses of the partners, and their citizenship;
(8) If the applicant is an association or corporation, the names and addresses of the officers and directors thereof, and their citizenship; and
(9) Such other pertinent information as the director of labor and industries shall require to effectuate the purpose of this chapter.

There shall be kept in the main office on the premises of each explosives manufacturing plant a plan of said plant showing the location of all explosives manufacturing buildings and the distance they are located from other factory buildings where persons are employed and from magazines, and these plans shall at all times be open to inspection by duly authorized inspectors of the department of labor and industries. The superintendent of each plant shall upon demand of said inspector furnish the following information:

(a) The maximum amount and kind of explosive material which is or will be present in each building at one time.
(b) The nature and kind of work carried on in each building and whether or not said buildings are surrounded by natural or artificial barricades.

Except as provided in RCW 70.74.370, the department of labor and industries shall as soon as possible after receiving such application cause an inspection to be made of the explosives manufacturing plant, and if found to be in accordance with RCW 70.74.030 and 70.74.050 and 70.74.061, such department shall issue a license to the person applying therefor showing compliance with the provisions of this chapter if the applicant demonstrates that either the applicant or the officers, agents or employees of the applicant are sufficiently experienced in the manufacture of explosives and the applicant meets the qualifications for a license under RCW 70.74.360. Such license shall continue in full force and effect until expired, suspended, or revoked by the department pursuant to this chapter.

**Sec. 871.** RCW 70.74.130 and 1988 c 198 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

Every person desiring to engage in the business of dealing in explosives shall apply to the department of labor and industries for a license therefor. Said application shall state, among other things:

(1) The name and address of applicant;
(2) The reason for desiring to engage in the business of dealing in explosives;
(3) Citizenship, if an individual applicant;
(4) If a partnership, the names and addresses of the partners and their citizenship;
(5) If an association or corporation, the names and addresses of the officers and directors thereof and their citizenship; and
(6) Such other pertinent information as the director of labor and industries shall require to effectuate the purpose of this chapter.

Except as provided in RCW 70.74.370, the department of labor and industries shall issue the license if the applicant demonstrates that either the applicant or the principal officers, agents, or employees of the applicant are experienced in the business of dealing in explosives, possess suitable facilities therefor, have not been convicted of any crime that would warrant revocation or nonrenewal of a license under this chapter, and have never had an explosives-related license revoked under this chapter or under similar provisions of any other state.

**Sec. 872.** RCW 70.74.370 and 1988 c 198 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department of labor and industries shall revoke and not renew the license of any person holding a manufacturer, dealer, purchaser, user, or storage license upon conviction of any of the following offenses, which conviction has become final:
(a) A violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
(b) A crime involving perjury or false swearing, including the making of a false affidavit or statement under oath to the department of labor and industries in an application or report made pursuant to this title;
(c) A crime involving bomb threats; 
(d) A crime involving a schedule I or II controlled substance, or any other drug or alcohol related offense, unless such other drug or alcohol related offense does not reflect a drug or alcohol dependency. However, the department of labor and industries may condition renewal of the license to any convicted person suffering a drug or alcohol dependency who is participating in an alcoholism or drug recovery program acceptable to the department of labor and industries and has established control of their alcohol or drug dependency. The department of labor and industries shall require the licensee to provide proof of such participation and control; 
(e) A crime relating to possession, use, transfer, or sale of explosives under this chapter or any other chapter of the Revised Code of Washington.

(2) The department of labor and industries shall revoke the license of any person adjudged to be mentally ill or insane, or to be incompetent due to any mental disability or disease. The director shall not renew the license until the person has been restored to competency.

(3) The department of labor and industries is authorized to suspend, for a period of time not to exceed six months, the license of any person who has violated this chapter or the rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter.

(4) The department of labor and industries may revoke the license of any person who has repeatedly violated this chapter or the rules promulgated pursuant to this chapter, or who has twice had his or her license suspended under this chapter.

(5) The department of labor and industries shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department of labor and industries' receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

(6) Upon receipt of notification by the department of labor and industries of revocation or suspension, a licensee must surrender immediately to the department any or all such licenses revoked or suspended.

Sec. 873. RCW 66.24.010 and 1995 c 232 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every license shall be issued in the name of the applicant, and the holder thereof shall not allow any other person to use the license.

(2) For the purpose of considering any application for a license, the board may cause an inspection of the premises to be made, and may inquire into all matters in connection with the construction and operation of the premises. For the purpose of reviewing any application for a license and for considering the denial, suspension or revocation of any license, the liquor control board may consider any prior criminal conduct of the applicant and the provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and of chapter 9.96A RCW shall not apply to such cases. The board may, in its discretion, grant or refuse the license applied for. Authority to approve an uncontested or unopposed license may be granted by the board to any staff member the board designates in writing. Conditions for granting such authority shall be adopted by rule. No retail license of any kind may be issued to:

(a) A person who has not resided in the state for at least one month prior to making application, except in cases of licenses issued to dining places on railroads, boats, or aircraft;
(b) A copartnership, unless all of the members thereof are qualified to obtain a license, as provided in this section;
(c) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager or agent, unless such manager or agent possesses the same qualifications required of the licensee; or
(d) A corporation, unless it was created under the laws of the state of Washington or holds a certificate of authority to transact business in the state of Washington.

(3(a) The board may, in its discretion, subject to the provisions of RCW 66.08.150, suspend or cancel any license; and all rights of the licensee to keep or sell liquor thereunder shall be suspended or terminated, as the case may be.
(b) The board shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the board’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

(c) The board may request the appointment of administrative law judges under chapter 34.12 RCW who shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony, examine witnesses, and to receive testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding in any part of the state, under such rules and regulations as the board may adopt.

(d) Witnesses shall be allowed fees and mileage each way to and from any such inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding at the rate authorized by RCW 34.05.446, as now or hereafter amended. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.

(e) In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the order of the board or a subpoena issued by the board, or any of its members, or administrative law judges, or on the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person resides, on application of any member of the board or administrative law judge, shall compel obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said court or a refusal to testify therein.

(4) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a license, the licensee shall forthwith deliver up the license to the board. Where the license has been suspended only, the board shall return the license to the licensee at the expiration or termination of the period of suspension. The board shall notify all vendors in the city or place where the licensee has its premises of the suspension or cancellation of the license; and no employee may allow or cause any liquor to be delivered to or for any person at the premises of that licensee.

(5)(a) At the time of the original issuance of a class H license, the board shall prorate the license fee charged to the new licensee according to the number of calendar quarters, or portion thereof, remaining until the first renewal of that license is required.

(b) Unless sooner canceled, every license issued by the board shall expire at midnight of the thirtieth day of June of the fiscal year for which it was issued. However, if the board deems it feasible and desirable to do so, it may establish, by rule pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, a system for staggering the annual renewal dates for any and all licenses authorized by this chapter. If such a system of staggered annual renewal dates is established by the board, the license fees provided by this chapter shall be appropriately prorated during the first year that the system is in effect.

(6) Every license issued under this section shall be subject to all conditions and restrictions imposed by this title or by the regulations in force from time to time. All conditions and restrictions imposed by the board in the issuance of an individual license shall be listed on the face of the individual license along with the trade name, address, and expiration date.

(7) Every licensee shall post and keep posted its license, or licenses, in a conspicuous place on the premises.

(8) Before the board shall issue a license to an applicant it shall give notice of such application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town, if the application be for a license within an incorporated city or town, or to the county legislative authority, if the application be for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns; and such incorporated city or town, through the official or employee selected by it, or the county legislative authority or the official or employee selected by it, shall have the right to file with the board within twenty days after date of transmittal of such notice, written objections against the applicant or against the premises for which the license is asked, and shall include with such objections a statement of all facts upon which such objections are based, and in case written objections are filed, may request and the liquor control board may in its discretion hold a formal hearing subject to the applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. Upon the granting of a license under this title the board shall send a duplicate of the license or written notification to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town in which the license is
granted, or to the county legislative authority if the license is granted outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.

(9) Before the board issues any license to any applicant, it shall give (a) due consideration to the location of the business to be conducted under such license with respect to the proximity of churches, schools, and public institutions and (b) written notice by certified mail of the application to churches, schools, and public institutions within five hundred feet of the premises to be licensed. The board shall issue no beer retailer license class A, B, D, or E or wine retailer license class C or F or class H license covering any premises not now licensed, if such premises are within five hundred feet of the premises of any tax-supported public elementary or secondary school measured along the most direct route over or across established public walks, streets, or other public passageway from the outer property line of the school grounds to the nearest public entrance of the premises proposed for license, and if, after receipt by the school or public institution of the notice as provided in this subsection, the board receives written notice, within twenty days after posting such notice, from an official representative or representatives of the school within five hundred feet of said proposed licensed premises, indicating to the board that there is an objection to the issuance of such license because of proximity to a school. For the purpose of this section, church shall mean a building erected for and used exclusively for religious worship and schooling or other activity in connection therewith. No liquor license may be issued or reissued by the board to any motor sports facility or licensee operating within the motor sports facility unless the motor sports facility enforces a program reasonably calculated to prevent alcohol or alcoholic beverages not purchased within the facility from entering the facility and such program is approved by local law enforcement agencies. It is the intent under this subsection that a retail license shall not be issued by the board where doing so would, in the judgment of the board, adversely affect a private school meeting the requirements for private schools under Title 28A RCW, which school is within five hundred feet of the proposed licensee. The board shall fully consider and give substantial weight to objections filed by private schools. If a license is issued despite the proximity of a private school, the board shall state in a letter addressed to the private school the board’s reasons for issuing the license.

(10) The restrictions set forth in subsection (9) of this section shall not prohibit the board from authorizing the assumption of existing licenses now located within the restricted area by other persons or licenses or relocations of existing licensed premises within the restricted area. In no case may the licensed premises be moved closer to a church or school than it was before the assumption or relocation.

(11) Nothing in this section prohibits the board, in its discretion, from issuing a temporary retail or wholesaler license to an applicant assuming an existing retail or wholesaler license to continue the operation of the retail or wholesaler premises during the period the application for the license is pending and when the following conditions exist:

(a) The licensed premises has been operated under a retail or wholesaler license within ninety days of the date of filing the application for a temporary license;
(b) The retail or wholesaler license for the premises has been surrendered pursuant to issuance of a temporary operating license;
(c) The applicant for the temporary license has filed with the board an application to assume the retail or wholesaler license at such premises to himself or herself; and
(d) The application for a temporary license is accompanied by a temporary license fee established by the board by rule.

A temporary license issued by the board under this section shall be for a period not to exceed sixty days. A temporary license may be extended at the discretion of the board for an additional sixty-day period upon payment of an additional fee and upon compliance with all conditions required in this section.

Refusal by the board to issue or extend a temporary license shall not entitle the applicant to request a hearing. A temporary license may be canceled or suspended summarily at any time if the board determines that good cause for cancellation or suspension exists. RCW 66.08.130 and chapter 34.05 RCW shall apply to temporary licenses.
Application for a temporary license shall be on such form as the board shall prescribe. If an application for a temporary license is withdrawn before issuance or is refused by the board, the fee which accompanied such application shall be refunded in full.

Sec. 874. RCW 43.63B.040 and 1994 c 284 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department shall issue a certificate of manufactured home installation to an applicant who has taken the training course, passed the examination, paid the fees, and in all other respects meets the qualifications. The certificate shall bear the date of issuance, a certification identification number, and is renewable every three years upon application and completion of a continuing education program as determined by the department. A renewal fee shall be assessed for each certificate. If a person fails to renew a certificate by the renewal date, the person must retake the examination and pay the examination fee.
(2) The certificate of manufactured home installation provided for in this chapter grants the holder the right to engage in manufactured home installation throughout the state, without any other installer certification.
(3) The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 875. RCW 70.95D.040 and 1989 c 431 s 68 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department shall establish a process to certify incinerator and landfill operators. To the greatest extent possible, the department shall rely on the certification standards and procedures developed by national organizations and the federal government.
(2) Operators shall be certified if they:
(a) Attend the required training sessions;
(b) Successfully complete required examinations; and
(c) Pay the prescribed fee.
(3) By January 1, 1991, the department shall adopt rules to require incinerator and appropriate landfill operators to:
(a) Attend a training session concerning the operation of the relevant type of landfill or incinerator;
(b) Demonstrate sufficient skill and competency for proper operation of the incinerator or landfill by successfully completing an examination prepared by the department; and
(c) Renew the certificate of competency at reasonable intervals established by the department.
(4) The department shall provide for the collection of fees for the issuance and renewal of certificates. These fees shall be sufficient to recover the costs of the certification program.
(5) The department shall establish an appeals process for the denial or revocation of a certificate.
(6) The department shall establish a process to automatically certify operators who have received comparable certification from another state, the federal government, a local government, or a professional association.
(7) Upon July 23, 1989, and prior to January 1, 1992, the owner or operator of an incinerator or landfill may apply to the department for interim certification. Operators shall receive interim certification if they:
(a) Have received training provided by a recognized national organization, educational institution, or the federal government that is acceptable to the department; or
(b) Have received individualized training in a manner approved by the department; and
(c) Have successfully completed any required examinations.
(8) No interim certification shall be valid after January 1, 1992, and interim certification shall not automatically qualify operators for certification pursuant to subsections (2) through (4) of this section.
The department shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 876. A new section is added to chapter 70.95B RCW to read as follows:

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 877. RCW 17.21.130 and 1994 c 283 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

Any license, permit, or certification provided for in this chapter may be revoked or suspended, and any license, permit, or certification application may be denied by the director for cause. If the director suspends a license under this chapter with respect to activity of a continuing nature under chapter 34.05 RCW, the director may elect to suspend the license for a subsequent license year during a period that coincides with the period commencing thirty days before and ending thirty days after the date of the incident or incidents giving rise to the violation.

The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

Sec. 878. RCW 64.44.060 and 1990 c 213 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After January 1, 1991, a contractor may not perform decontamination, demolition, or disposal work unless issued a certificate by the state department of health. The department shall establish performance standards for contractors by rule in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act. The department shall train and test, or may approve courses to train and test, contractors and their employees on the essential elements in assessing property used as an illegal drug manufacturing or storage site to determine hazard reduction measures needed, techniques for adequately reducing contaminants, use of personal protective equipment, methods for proper demolition, removal, and disposal of contaminated property, and relevant federal and state regulations. Upon successful completion of the training, the contractor or employee shall be certified.

(2) The department may require the successful completion of annual refresher courses provided or approved by the department for the continued certification of the contractor or employee.

(3) The department shall provide for reciprocal certification of any individual trained to engage in decontamination, demolition, or disposal work in another state when the prior training is shown to be substantially similar to the training required by the department. The department may require such individuals to take an examination or refresher course before certification.

(4) The department may deny, suspend, or revoke a certificate for failure to comply with the requirements of this chapter or any rule adopted pursuant to this chapter. A certificate may be denied, suspended, or revoked on any of the following grounds:

(a) Failing to perform decontamination, demolition, or disposal work under the supervision of trained personnel;
(b) Failing to file a work plan;
(c) Failing to perform work pursuant to the work plan;
(d) Failing to perform work that meets the requirements of the department; or
(e) The certificate was obtained by error, misrepresentation, or fraud; or
(f) If the person has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order, if the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the department's receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the person is in compliance with the order.

(5) A contractor who violates any provision of this chapter may be assessed a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars for each violation.

(6) The department of health shall prescribe fees as provided for in RCW 43.70.250 for the issuance and renewal of certificates, the administration of examinations, and for the review of training courses.

(7) The decontamination account is hereby established in the state treasury. All fees collected under this chapter shall be deposited in this account. Moneys in the account may only be spent after appropriation for costs incurred by the department in the administration and enforcement of this chapter.

Sec. 879. RCW 19.146.220 and 1996 c 103 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall enforce all laws and rules relating to the licensing of mortgage brokers, grant or deny licenses to mortgage brokers, and hold hearings.

(2) The director may impose the following sanctions:
   (a) Deny applications for licenses for: (i) Violations of orders, including cease and desist orders issued under this chapter; or (ii) any violation of RCW 19.146.050 or 19.146.0201 (1) through (9);
   (b) Suspend or revoke licenses for:
      (i) False statements or omission of material information on the application that, if known, would have allowed the director to deny the application for the original license;
      (ii) Failure to pay a fee required by the director or maintain the required bond;
      (iii) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director; or
      (iv) Any violation of RCW 19.146.050, 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (13), 19.146.205(3), or 19.146.265;
   (c) Impose fines on the licensee, employee or loan originator of the licensee, or other person subject to this chapter for:
      (i) Any violations of RCW 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (13), 19.146.030 through 19.146.090, 19.146.200, 19.146.205(3), or 19.146.265; or
      (ii) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director;
   (d) Issue orders directing a licensee, its employee or loan originator, or other person subject to this chapter to:
      (i) Cease and desist from conducting business in a manner that is injurious to the public or violates any provision of this chapter; or
      (ii) Pay restitution to an injured borrower; or
      (e) Issue orders removing from office or prohibiting from participation in the conduct of the affairs of a licensed mortgage broker, or both, any officer, principal, employee, or loan originator of any licensed mortgage broker or any person subject to licensing under this chapter for:
         (i) Any violation of 19.146.0201 (1) through (9) or (13), 19.146.030 through 19.146.090, 19.146.200, 19.146.205(3), or 19.146.265; or
         (ii) False statements or omission of material information on the application that, if known, would have allowed the director to deny the application for the original license;
         (iii) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or financial misconduct or a felony after obtaining a license; or
         (iv) Failure to comply with any directive or order of the director.
   (3) Each day's continuance of a violation or failure to comply with any directive or order of the director is a separate and distinct violation or failure.
   (4) The director shall establish by rule standards for licensure of applicants licensed in other jurisdictions. Every licensed mortgage broker that does not maintain a physical office within the state must maintain a registered agent within the state to receive service of any lawful process in any judicial
or administrative noncriminal suit, action, or proceeding, against the licensed mortgage broker which arises under this chapter or any rule or order under this chapter, with the same force and validity as if served personally on the licensed mortgage broker. Service upon the registered agent shall be effective if the plaintiff, who may be the director in a suit, action, or proceeding instituted by him or her, sends notice of the service and a copy of the process by registered mail to the defendant or respondent at the last address of the respondent or defendant on file with the director. In any judicial action, suit, or proceeding arising under this chapter or any rule or order adopted under this chapter between the department or director and a licensed mortgage broker who does not maintain a physical office in this state, venue shall be exclusively in the superior court of Thurston county.

(5) The director shall immediately suspend the license or certificate of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 802 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during the suspension, reissuance of the license or certificate shall be automatic upon the director’s receipt of a release issued by the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 880. A new section is added to chapter 75.25 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Licenses issued pursuant to this chapter shall be invalid for any period in which a person is certified by the department of social and health services or a court of competent jurisdiction as a person in noncompliance with a support order or residential or visitation order. Fisheries patrol officers, ex officio fisheries patrol officers, and authorized fisheries employees shall enforce this section through checks of the department of licensing’s computer data base. A listing on the department of licensing’s data base that an individual’s license is currently suspended pursuant to RCW 46.20.291(7) shall be prima facie evidence that the individual is in noncompliance with a support order or residential or visitation order. Presentation of a written release issued by the department of social and health services or a court stating that the person is in compliance with an order shall serve as prima facie proof of compliance with a support order, residential order, or visitation order.

(2) It is unlawful to purchase, obtain, or possess a license required by this chapter during any period in which a license is suspended.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 881. A new section is added to chapter 77.32 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Licenses, tags, and stamps issued pursuant to this chapter shall be invalid for any period in which a person is certified by the department of social and health services or a court of competent jurisdiction as a person in noncompliance with a support order or residential or visitation order. Wildlife agents and ex officio wildlife agents shall enforce this section through checks of the department of licensing’s computer data base. A listing on the department of licensing’s data base that an individual’s license is currently suspended pursuant to RCW 46.20.291(7) shall be prima facie evidence that the individual is in noncompliance with a support order or residential or visitation order. Presentation of a written release issued by the department of social and health services or a court stating that the person is in compliance with an order shall serve as prima facie proof of compliance with a support order, residential order, or visitation order.

(2) It is unlawful to purchase, obtain, or possess a license required by this chapter during any period in which a license is suspended.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 882. A new section is added to chapter 75.28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall immediately suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to section 402 of this act by the department of social and health services as a person who is not in compliance with a support order or a residential or visitation order. A listing on the department of licensing’s data base that an individual’s license is currently suspended pursuant to RCW 46.20.291(7) shall be prima facie evidence that the individual is in noncompliance with a support order or residential or visitation order. Presentation of a written release issued by the department of social and health services or a court stating that the person is in compliance with an order shall serve as proof of compliance.
**Sec. 883.** RCW 75.28.010 and 1993 c 340 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

1. Except as otherwise provided by this title, it is unlawful to engage in any of the following activities without a license or permit issued by the director:
   a. Commercially fish for or take food fish or shellfish;
   b. Deliver food fish or shellfish taken in offshore waters;
   c. Operate a charter boat or commercial fishing vessel engaged in a fishery;
   d. Engage in processing or wholesaling food fish or shellfish; or
   e. Act as a guide for salmon for personal use in freshwater rivers and streams, other than that part of the Columbia river below the bridge at Longview.

2. No person may engage in the activities described in subsection (1) of this section unless the licenses or permits required by this title are in the person’s possession, and the person is the named license holder or an alternate operator designated on the license and the person’s license is not suspended.

3. A valid Oregon license that is equivalent to a license under this title is valid in the concurrent waters of the Columbia river if the state of Oregon recognizes as valid the equivalent Washington license. The director may identify by rule what Oregon licenses are equivalent.

4. No license or permit is required for the production or harvesting of private sector cultured aquatic products as defined in RCW 15.85.020 or for the delivery, processing, or wholesaling of such aquatic products. However, if a means of identifying such products is required by rules adopted under RCW 15.85.060, the exemption from licensing or permit requirements established by this subsection applies only if the aquatic products are identified in conformance with those rules.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 884.** A new section is added to chapter 75.30 RCW to read as follows:

1. A license renewed under the provisions of this chapter that has been suspended under section 882 of this act shall be subject to the following provisions:
   a. A license renewal fee shall be paid as a condition of maintaining a current license; and
   b. The department shall waive any other license requirements, unless the department determines that the license holder has had sufficient opportunity to meet these requirements.

2. The provisions of subsection (1) of this section shall apply only to a license that has been suspended under section 882 of this act for a period of twelve months or less. A license holder shall forfeit a license subject to this chapter and may not recover any license renewal fees previously paid if the license holder does not meet the requirements of section 802(9) of this act within twelve months of license suspension.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 885.** (1) The director of the department of fish and wildlife and the director of the department of information services shall jointly develop a comprehensive, state-wide implementation plan for the automated issuance, revocation, and general administration of hunting, fishing, and recreational licenses administered under the authority of the department of fish and wildlife to ensure compliance with the license suspension requirements in section 802 of this act.

2. The plan shall detail the implementation steps necessary to effectuate the automated administration of hunting, fishing, and recreational licenses and shall include recommendations regarding all costs and equipment associated with the plan.

3. The plan shall be submitted to the legislature for review by September 1, 1997.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 886.** A new section is added to chapter 26.09 RCW to read as follows:

1. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply in this section.
   a. "License" means a license, certificate, registration, permit, approval, or other similar document issued by a licensing entity evidencing admission to or granting authority to engage in a profession, occupation, business, or industry. "License" does not mean the tax registration or certification issued under Title 82 RCW by the department of revenue.
   b. "Licensee" means any individual holding a license, certificate, registration, permit, approval, or other similar document issued by a licensing entity evidencing admission to or granting authority to engage in a profession, occupation, business, or industry.
(c) "Licensing entity" includes any department, board, commission, or other organization of the state authorized to issue, renew, suspend, or revoke a license authorizing an individual to engage in a business, occupation, profession, or industry, and the Washington state bar association.

(d) "Noncompliance with a residential or visitation order" means that a court has found the parent in contempt of court, under RCW 26.09.160 for failure to comply with a residential provision of a court-ordered parenting plan on two occasions within three years.

(e) "Residential or visitation order" means the residential schedule or visitation schedule contained in a court-ordered parenting plan.

(2) If a court determines under RCW 26.09.160 that a parent is not in compliance with a provision of a residential or visitation order under RCW 26.09.160, the court shall enter an order directed to the department of social and health services to certify the parent as in noncompliance with a residential or visitation order. The order shall contain the noncomplying parent’s name, address, and social security number, and shall indicate whether the obligor is believed to be a licensee of any licensing entity. The court clerk shall forward the order to the department of social and health services.

(3) Once the parent whose license is suspended has complied with the requirements of the court’s order under RCW 26.09.160, or at an earlier date if the court deems it appropriate, the parent whose license is suspended may petition the court to set a review hearing to determine whether the noncomplying parent is in compliance with the residential or visitation order. If the court determines that the parent is in compliance with the residential or visitation order, the court shall enter an order directing the department of social and health services to issue a release to the parent and to the appropriate license entities.

Sec. 887. RCW 26.09.160 and 1991 c 367 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The performance of parental functions and the duty to provide child support are distinct responsibilities in the care of a child. If a party fails to comply with a provision of a decree or temporary order of injunction, the obligation of the other party to make payments for support or maintenance or to permit contact with children is not suspended. An attempt by a parent, in either the negotiation or the performance of a parenting plan, to condition one aspect of the parenting plan upon another, to condition payment of child support upon an aspect of the parenting plan, to refuse to pay ordered child support, to refuse to perform the duties provided in the parenting plan, or to hinder the performance by the other parent of duties provided in the parenting plan, shall be deemed bad faith and shall be punished by the court by holding the party in contempt of court and by awarding to the aggrieved party reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs incidental in bringing a motion for contempt of court.

(2)(a) A motion may be filed to initiate a contempt action to coerce a parent to comply with an order establishing residential provisions for a child. If the court finds there is reasonable cause to believe the parent has not complied with the order, the court may issue an order to show cause why the relief requested should not be granted.

(b) If, based on all the facts and circumstances, the court finds after hearing that the parent, in bad faith, has not complied with the order establishing residential provisions for the child, the court shall find the parent in contempt of court. Upon a finding of contempt, the court shall order:

(i) The noncomplying parent to provide the moving party additional time with the child. The additional time shall be equal to the time missed with the child, due to the parent’s noncompliance;

(ii) The parent to pay, to the moving party, all court costs and reasonable attorneys’ fees incurred as a result of the noncompliance, and any reasonable expenses incurred in locating or returning a child; and

(iii) The parent to pay, to the moving party, a civil penalty, not less than the sum of one hundred dollars.

The court may also order the parent to be imprisoned in the county jail, if the parent is presently able to comply with the provisions of the court-ordered parenting plan and is presently unwilling to comply. The parent may be imprisoned until he or she agrees to comply with the order, but in no event for more than one hundred eighty days.

(3) On a second failure within three years to comply with a residential provision of a court-ordered parenting plan, a motion may be filed to initiate contempt of court proceedings according to the
procedure set forth in subsection (2) (a) and (b) of this section. On a finding of contempt under this subsection, the court shall ((order)) enter any combination of the following orders:

(a) Order the noncomplying parent to provide the other parent or party additional time with the child. The additional time shall be twice the amount of the time missed with the child, due to the parent's noncompliance;

(b) Order the noncomplying parent to pay, to the other parent or party, all court costs and reasonable attorneys' fees incurred as a result of the noncompliance, and any reasonable expenses incurred in locating or returning a child;

(c) Order the noncomplying parent to pay, to the moving party, a civil penalty of not less than two hundred fifty dollars; or

(d) Enter an order under section 886 of this act directed to the department of social and health services to certify the parent as in noncompliance for the purposes of section 802 of this act.

The court may also order the parent to be imprisoned in the county jail, if the parent is presently able to comply with the provisions of the court-ordered parenting plan and is presently unwilling to comply. The parent may be imprisoned until he or she agrees to comply with the order but in no event for more than one hundred eighty days.

(4) For purposes of subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section, the parent shall be deemed to have the present ability to comply with the order establishing residential provisions unless he or she establishes otherwise by a preponderance of the evidence. The parent shall establish a reasonable excuse for failure to comply with the residential provision of a court-ordered parenting plan by a preponderance of the evidence.

(5) Any monetary award ordered under subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section may be enforced, by the party to whom it is awarded, in the same manner as a civil judgment.

(6) Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section authorize the exercise of the court's power to impose remedial sanctions for contempt of court and is in addition to any other contempt power the court may possess.

(7) Upon motion for contempt of court under subsections (1) through (3) of this section, if the court finds the motion was brought without reasonable basis, the court shall order the moving party to pay to the nonmoving party, all costs, reasonable attorneys' fees, and a civil penalty of not less than one hundred dollars.

Sec. 888. RCW 26.23.050 and 1994 c 230 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If the division of child support is providing support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, or if a party is applying for support enforcement services by signing the application form on the bottom of the support order, the superior court shall include in all court orders that establish or modify a support obligation:

(a) A provision that orders and directs the responsible parent to make all support payments to the Washington state support registry;

(b) A statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:

(i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or

(ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement;

(c) A statement that the receiving parent might be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child; and

(d) A statement that the responsible parent's privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act.

As used in this subsection and subsection (3) of this section, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" means a written determination of why implementing immediate wage
withholding would not be in the child’s best interests and, in modification cases, proof of timely payment of previously ordered support.

(2) In all other cases not under subsection (1) of this section, the court may order the responsible parent to make payments directly to the person entitled to receive the payments, to the Washington state support registry, or may order that payments be made in accordance with an alternate arrangement agreed upon by the parties.

(a) The superior court shall include in all orders under this subsection that establish or modify a support obligation:

(i) A statement that (a notice of payroll deduction may be issued or other income withholding action under chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW) may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:

(A) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or

(B) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement; and

(ii) A statement that the receiving parent may be required to submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child.

As used in this subsection, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" is any reason that the court finds appropriate.

(b) The superior court may order immediate or delayed income withholding as follows:

(i) Immediate income withholding may be ordered if the responsible parent has earnings. If immediate income withholding is ordered under this subsection, all support payments shall be paid to the Washington state support registry. The superior court shall issue a mandatory wage assignment order as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW when the support order is signed by the court. The parent entitled to receive the transfer payment is responsible for serving the employer with the order and for its enforcement as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW.

(ii) If immediate income withholding is not ordered, the court shall require that income withholding be delayed until a payment is past due. The support order shall contain a statement that (a notice of payroll deduction may be issued, or other income withholding action under chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW may be taken) witholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent, after a payment is past due.

(c) If a mandatory wage withholding order under chapter 26.18 RCW is issued under this subsection and the (office of support enforcement) division of child support provides support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, the existing wage withholding assignment is prospectively superseded upon the (office of support enforcement’s) division of child support’s subsequent service of an income withholding notice.

(3) The office of administrative hearings and the department of social and health services shall require that all support obligations established as administrative orders include a provision which orders and directs that the responsible parent shall make all support payments to the Washington state support registry. All administrative orders shall also state that the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act. All administrative orders shall also state that (a notice of payroll deduction may be issued, or other income withholding action taken) withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the order, unless:

(a) One of the parties demonstrates, and the presiding officer finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or

(b) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the presiding officer that provides for an alternate agreement.
(4) If the support order does not include the provision ordering and directing that all payments be made to the Washington state support registry and a statement that withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits if a support payment is past due or at any time after the entry of the order, or that a parent’s licensing privileges may not be renewed, or may be suspended, the division of child support may serve a notice on the responsible parent stating such requirements and authorizations. Service may be by personal service or any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(5) Every support order shall state:
(a) The address where the support payment is to be sent;
(b) That withholding action may be taken against wages, earnings, assets, or benefits, and liens enforced against real and personal property under the child support statutes of this or any other state, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of an order by the court, unless:
(i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or
(ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement;
(c) The income of the parties, if known, or that their income is unknown and the income upon which the support award is based;
(d) The support award as a sum certain amount;
(e) The specific day or date on which the support payment is due;
(f) The social security number, residence address, date of birth, telephone number, driver’s license number, and name and address of the employer of the responsible parent;
(g) The social security number and residence address of the physical custodian except as provided in subsection (6) of this section;
(h) The names, dates of birth, and social security numbers, if any, of the dependent children;
(i) In cases requiring payment to the Washington state support registry, that the parties are to notify the Washington state support registry of any change in residence address. The responsible parent shall notify the registry of the name and address of his or her current employer.
(j) That any parent owing a duty of child support shall be obligated to provide health insurance coverage for his or her child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to that parent through employment or is union-related as provided under RCW 26.09.105;
(k) That if proof of health insurance coverage or proof that the coverage is unavailable is not provided within twenty days, the obligee or the department may seek direct enforcement of the coverage through the obligor’s employer or union without further notice to the obligor as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW;
(l) The reasons for not ordering health insurance coverage if the order fails to require such coverage; and
(m) That the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as provided in section 802 of this act.

(6) The physical custodian’s address:
(a) Shall be omitted from an order entered under the administrative procedure act. When the physical custodian’s address is omitted from an order, the order shall state that the custodian’s address is known to the division of child support.
(b) A responsible parent may request the physical custodian’s residence address by submission of a request for disclosure under RCW 26.23.120 to the division of child support.

(7) The superior court clerk, the office of administrative hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the Washington state support...
registry, a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation which provide that support payments shall be made to the support registry. If a superior court order entered prior to January 1, 1988, directs the responsible parent to make support payments to the clerk, the clerk shall send a true and correct copy of the support order and the payment record to the registry for enforcement action when the clerk identifies that a payment is more than fifteen days past due. The office of support enforcement shall reimburse the clerk for the reasonable costs of copying and sending copies of court orders to the registry at the reimbursement rate provided in Title IV-D of the social security act.

(8) Receipt of a support order by the registry or other action under this section on behalf of a person or persons who have not made a written application for support enforcement services to the office of support enforcement and who are not recipients of public assistance is deemed to be a request for payment services only.

(9) After the responsible parent has been ordered or notified to make payments to the Washington state support registry under this section, the responsible parent shall be fully responsible for making all payments to the Washington state support registry and shall be subject to payroll deduction or other income-withholding action. The responsible parent shall not be entitled to credit against a support obligation for any payments made to a person or agency other than to the Washington state support registry except as provided under RCW 74.20.101. A civil action may be brought by the payor to recover payments made to persons or agencies who have received and retained support moneys paid contrary to the provisions of this section.

**Sec. 889.** RCW 26.18.100 and 1994 c 230 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
The wage assignment order shall be substantially in the following form:

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IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE
STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE
COUNTY OF . . . . . . . . 

Obligee No. . . . . . . . . . . .

vs.

, WAGE ASSIGNMENT

Obligor ORDER

Employer

THE STATE OF WASHINGTON TO:

Employer

AND TO:

Obligor

The above-named obligee claims that the above-named obligor is subject to a support order requiring immediate income withholding or is more than fifteen days past due in either child support or spousal maintenance payments, or both, in an amount equal to or greater than the child support or spousal maintenance payable for one month. The amount of the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt as of this date is . . . . . . . . dollars, the amount of arrearage payments specified in the support or spousal maintenance order (if applicable) is . . . . . . . . dollars per . . . . . . . . , and the amount of the current and continuing support or spousal maintenance obligation under the order is . . . . . . . . dollars per . . . . . . . .

You are hereby commanded to answer this order by filling in the attached form according to the instructions, and you must mail or deliver the original of the answer to the court, one copy to the Washington state support registry, one copy to the obligee or obligee’s attorney, and one copy to the obligor within twenty days after service of this wage assignment order upon you.
If you possess any earnings or other remuneration for employment due and owing to the obligor, then you shall do as follows:

(1) Withhold from the obligor’s earnings or remuneration each month, or from each regular earnings disbursement, the lesser of:

(a) The sum of the accrued support or spousal maintenance debt and the current support or spousal maintenance obligation;

(b) The sum of the specified arrearage payment amount and the current support or spousal maintenance obligation; or

(c) Fifty percent of the disposable earnings or remuneration of the obligor.

(2) The total amount withheld above is subject to the wage assignment order, and all other sums may be disbursed to the obligor.

(3) Upon receipt of this wage assignment order you shall make immediate deductions from the obligor’s earnings or remuneration and remit to the Washington state support registry or other address specified below the proper amounts at each regular pay interval.

You shall continue to withhold the ordered amounts from nonexempt earnings or remuneration of the obligor until notified by:

(a) The court that the wage assignment has been modified or terminated; or

(b) The addressee specified in the wage assignment order under this section that the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt has been paid.

You shall promptly notify the court and the addressee specified in the wage assignment order under this section if and when the employee is no longer employed by you, or if the obligor no longer receives earnings or remuneration from you. If you no longer employ the employee, the wage assignment order shall remain in effect for one year after the employee has left your employment or you are no longer in possession of any earnings or remuneration owed to the employee, whichever is later. You shall continue to hold the wage assignment order during that period. If the employee returns to your employment during the one-year period you shall immediately begin to withhold the employee’s earnings according to the terms of the wage assignment order. If the employee has not returned to your employment within one year, the wage assignment will cease to have effect at the expiration of the one-year period, unless you still owe the employee earnings or other remuneration.

You shall deliver the withheld earnings or remuneration to the Washington state support registry or other address stated below at each regular pay interval.

You shall deliver a copy of this order to the obligor as soon as is reasonably possible. This wage assignment order has priority over any other wage assignment or garnishment, except for another wage assignment or garnishment for child support or spousal maintenance, or order to withhold or deliver under chapter 74.20A RCW.

WHETHER OR NOT YOU OWE ANYTHING TO THE OBLIGOR, YOUR FAILURE TO ANSWER AS REQUIRED MAY MAKE YOU LIABLE FOR OBLIGOR’S CLAIMED SUPPORT OR SPOUSAL MAINTENANCE DEBT TO THE OBLIGEE OR SUBJECT TO CONTEMPT OF COURT.

NOTICE TO OBLIGOR: YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO REQUEST A HEARING IN THE SUPERIOR COURT THAT ISSUED THIS WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER, TO REQUEST THAT THE COURT QUASH, MODIFY, OR TERMINATE THE WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER. REGARDLESS OF THE FACT THAT YOUR WAGES ARE BEING WITHHELD PURSUANT TO THIS ORDER, YOU MAY HAVE SUSPENDED OR NOT RENEWED A PROFESSIONAL, DRIVER’S, OR OTHER LICENSE IF YOU ACCRUE CHILD SUPPORT ARREARAGES TOTALING MORE THAN SIX MONTHS OF CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS OR FAIL TO MAKE PAYMENTS TOWARDS A SUPPORT ARREARAGE IN AN AMOUNT THAT EXCEEDS SIX MONTHS OF PAYMENTS.

DATED THIS . . . day of . . . , 19 . .
Obligee, Judge/Court Commissioner
or obligee’s attorney
Send withheld payments to:

Sec. 890. RCW 26.23.060 and 1994 c 230 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The division of child support may issue a notice of payroll deduction:

(a) As authorized by a support order that contains a notice clearly stating that child support may be collected by withholding from earnings, wages, or benefits without further notice to the obligated parent; or

(b) After service of a notice containing an income-withholding provision under this chapter or chapter 74.20A RCW.

(2) The division of child support shall serve a notice of payroll deduction upon a responsible parent’s employer or upon the employment security department for the state in possession of or owing any benefits from the unemployment compensation fund to the responsible parent pursuant to Title 50 RCW:

(a) In the manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action;

(b) By certified mail, return receipt requested; or

(c) By electronic means if there is an agreement between the secretary and the person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States to accept service by electronic means.

(3) Service of a notice of payroll deduction upon an employer or employment security department requires the employer or employment security department to immediately make a mandatory payroll deduction from the responsible parent’s unpaid disposable earnings or unemployment compensation benefits. The employer or employment security department shall thereafter deduct each pay period the amount stated in the notice divided by the number of pay periods per month. The payroll deduction each pay period shall not exceed fifty percent of the responsible parent’s disposable earnings.

(4) A notice of payroll deduction for support shall have priority over any wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process.

(5) The notice of payroll deduction shall be in writing and include:

(a) The name and social security number of the responsible parent;

(b) The amount to be deducted from the responsible parent’s disposable earnings each month, or alternate amounts and frequencies as may be necessary to facilitate processing of the payroll deduction;

(c) A statement that the total amount withheld shall not exceed fifty percent of the responsible parent’s disposable earnings;

(d) The address to which the payments are to be mailed or delivered; and

(e) A notice to the responsible parent warning the responsible parent that, despite the payroll deduction, the responsible parent’s privileges to obtain and maintain a license, as defined in section 802 of this act, may not be renewed, or may be suspended if the parent is not in compliance with a support order as defined in section 802 of this act.

(6) An informational copy of the notice of payroll deduction shall be mailed to the last known address of the responsible parent by regular mail.

(7) An employer or employment security department that receives a notice of payroll deduction shall make immediate deductions from the responsible parent’s unpaid disposable earnings and remit proper amounts to the Washington state support registry on each date the responsible parent is due to be paid.
(8) An employer, or the employment security department, upon whom a notice of payroll deduction is served, shall make an answer to the division of child support within twenty days after the date of service. The answer shall confirm compliance and institution of the payroll deduction or explain the circumstances if no payroll deduction is in effect. The answer shall also state whether the responsible parent is employed by or receives earnings from the employer or receives unemployment compensation benefits from the employment security department, whether the employer or employment security department anticipates paying earnings or unemployment compensation benefits and the amount of earnings. If the responsible parent is no longer employed, or receiving earnings from the employer, the answer shall state the present employer’s name and address, if known. If the responsible parent is no longer receiving unemployment compensation benefits from the employment security department, the answer shall state the present employer’s name and address, if known.

(9) The employer or employment security department may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the responsible parent’s earnings after withholding under the notice of payroll deduction, even if the remainder is exempt under RCW 26.18.090. The processing fee may not exceed: (a) Ten dollars for the first disbursement made to the Washington state support registry; and (b) one dollar for each subsequent disbursement to the registry.

(10) The notice of payroll deduction shall remain in effect until released by the division of child support, the court enters an order terminating the notice and approving an alternate arrangement under RCW 26.23.050, or one year has expired since the employer has employed the responsible parent or has been in possession of or owing any earnings to the responsible parent or the employment security department has been in possession of or owing any unemployment compensation benefits to the responsible parent.

(11) The division of child support may use uniform interstate withholding forms adopted by the United States department of health and human services to take withholding actions under this section when the responsible parent is receiving earnings or unemployment compensation in another state.

B. CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 891. RCW 74.20.040 and 1989 c 360 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever the department receives an application for public assistance on behalf of a child, the department shall take appropriate action under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 74.20A RCW, or other appropriate statutes of this state to establish or enforce support obligations against the parent or other persons owing a duty to pay support moneys.

(2) The secretary may accept a request for support enforcement services on behalf of persons who are not recipients of public assistance and may take appropriate action to establish or enforce support obligations against the parent or other persons owing a duty to pay moneys. Requests accepted under this subsection may be conditioned upon the payment of a fee as required through regulation issued by the secretary.

(3) The secretary may accept requests for support enforcement services from child support enforcement agencies in other states operating child support programs under Title IV-D of the social security act or from foreign countries, and may take appropriate action to establish and enforce support obligations, or to enforce subpoenas, information requests, orders for genetic testing, and collection actions issued by the other agency against the parent or other person owing a duty to pay support moneys, the parent or other person’s employer, or any other person or entity properly subject to child support collection or information-gathering processes. The request shall contain and be accompanied by such information and documentation as the secretary may by rule require, and be signed by an authorized representative of the agency. The secretary may adopt rules setting forth the duration and nature of services provided under this subsection.
(4) The department may take action to establish, enforce, and collect a support obligation, including performing related services, under this chapter and chapter 74.20A RCW, or through the attorney general or prosecuting attorney for action under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.20, 26.21, or 26.26 RCW or other appropriate statutes or the common law of this state.

(5) Whenever a support order is filed with the Washington state support registry under chapter 26.23 RCW, the department may take appropriate action under the provisions of this chapter, chapter 26.23 or 74.20A RCW, or other appropriate law of this state to establish or enforce the support obligations contained in that order against the responsible parent or other persons owing a duty to pay support moneys.

(6) The secretary may charge and collect a fee from the person obligated to pay support to compensate the department for services rendered in establishment of or enforcement of support obligations. This fee shall be limited to not more than ten percent of any support money collected as a result of action taken by the secretary. The fee charged shall be in addition to the support obligation. In no event may any moneys collected by the department ((of social and health services)) from the person obligated to pay support be retained as satisfaction of fees charged until all current support obligations have been satisfied. The secretary shall by regulation establish reasonable fees for support enforcement services and said schedule of fees shall be made available to any person obligated to pay support. The secretary may, on showing of necessity, waive or defer any such fee.

(7) Fees, due and owing, may be collected as delinquent support moneys utilizing any of the remedies in chapter 74.20 RCW, chapter 74.20A RCW, chapter 26.21 RCW, or any other remedy at law or equity available to the department or any agencies with whom it has a cooperative or contractual arrangement to establish, enforce, or collect support moneys or support obligations.

(8) The secretary may waive the fee, or any portion thereof, as a part of a compromise of disputed claims or may grant partial or total charge off of said fee if the secretary finds there are no available, practical, or lawful means by which said fee may be collected or to facilitate payment of the amount of delinquent support moneys owed.

(9) The secretary shall adopt rules conforming to federal laws, rules, and regulations required to be observed in maintaining the state child support enforcement program required under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The adoption of these rules shall be calculated to promote the cost-effective use of the agency's resources and not otherwise cause the agency to divert its resources from its essential functions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 892. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

CHILD SUPPORT PAYMENTS IN THE POSSESSION OF THIRD PARTIES--COLLECTION AS CHILD SUPPORT. (1) If a person or entity not entitled to child support payments wrongfully or negligently retains child support payments owed to another or to the Washington state support registry, those payments retain their character as child support payments and may be collected by the division of child support using any remedy available to the division of child support under Washington law for the collection of child support.

(2) Child support moneys subject to collection under this section may be collected for the duration of the statute of limitations as it applies to the support order governing the support obligations, and any legislative or judicial extensions thereto.

(3) This section applies to the following:

(a) Cases in which an employer or other entity obligated to withhold child support payments from the parent's pay, bank, or escrow account, or from any other asset or distribution of money to the parent, has withheld those payments and failed to remit them to the payee;

(b) Cases in which child support moneys have been paid to the wrong person or entity in error;

(c) Cases in which child support recipients have retained child support payments in violation of a child support assignment executed or arising by operation of law in exchange for the receipt of public assistance; and

(d) Any other case in which child support payments are retained by a party not entitled to them.

(4) This section does not apply to fines levied under section 893(3)(b) of this act.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 893. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

NONCOMPLIANCE WITH CHILD SUPPORT PROCESSES--NOTICE--HEARINGS--LIABILITY. (1) The division of child support may issue a notice of noncompliance to any person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government that the division believes is not complying with:

(a) A notice of payroll deduction issued under chapter 26.23 RCW;
(b) A lien, order to withhold and deliver, or assignment of earnings issued under this chapter;
(c) Any other wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or withholding instrument properly served by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
(d) A subpoena issued by the division of child support, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
(e) An information request issued by the division of child support, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, to an employer or entity required to respond to such requests under section 897 of this act; or
(f) The duty to report newly hired employees imposed by RCW 26.23.040.

(2) Liability for noncompliance with a wage withholding, garnishment, order to withhold and deliver, or any other lien or attachment issued to secure payment of child support is governed by RCW 26.23.090 and 74.20A.100, except that liability for noncompliance with remittance time frames is governed by subsection (3) of this section.

(3) The division of child support may impose fines of up to one hundred dollars per occurrence for:

(a) Noncompliance with a subpoena or an information request issued by the division of child support, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
(b) Noncompliance with the required time frames for remitting withheld support moneys to the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state, except that liability shall be established for failure to make timely remittance unless the division of child support has provided the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government with written warning:
   (i) Explaining the duty to remit withheld payments promptly;
   (ii) Explaining the potential for fines for delayed submission; and
   (iii) Providing a contact person within the division of child support with whom the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government may seek assistance with child support withholding issues.

(4) The division of child support may assess fines according to RCW 26.23.040 for failure to comply with employer reporting requirements.

(5) The division of child support may suspend licenses for failure to comply with a subpoena issued under section 898 of this act.

(6) The division of child support may serve a notice of noncompliance by personal service or by any method of mailing requiring a return receipt.

(7) The liability asserted by the division of child support in the notice of noncompliance becomes final and collectible on the twenty-first day after the date of service, unless within that time the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government:

(a) Initiates an action in superior court to contest the notice of noncompliance;
(b) Requests a hearing by delivering a hearing request to the division of child support in accordance with rules adopted by the secretary under this section; or
(c) Contacts the division of child support and negotiates an alternate resolution to the asserted noncompliance or demonstrates that the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government has complied with the child support processes.

(8) The notice of noncompliance shall contain:

(a) A full and fair disclosure of the rights and obligations created by this section; and
(b) Identification of the:
(i) Child support process with respect to which the division of child support is alleging noncompliance; and
(ii) State child support enforcement agency issuing the original child support process.

(9) In an administrative hearing convened under subsection (7)(b) of this section, the presiding officer shall determine whether or not, and to what extent, liability for noncompliance exists under this section, and shall enter an order containing these findings. If liability does exist, the presiding officer shall include language in the order advising the parties to the proceeding that the liability may be collected by any means available to the division of child support under subsection (12) of this section without further notice to the liable party.

(10) Hearings under this section are governed by the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

(11) After the twenty days following service of the notice, the person, firm, entity, or agency of state or federal government may petition for a late hearing. A petition for a late hearing does not stay any collection action to recover the debt. A late hearing is available upon a showing of any of the grounds stated in civil rule 60 for the vacation of orders.

(12) The division of child support may collect any obligation established under this section using any of the remedies available under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.21, 26.23, 74.20, or 74.20A RCW for the collection of child support.

(13) The division of child support may enter agreements for the repayment of obligations under this section. Agreements may:
(a) Suspend the obligation imposed by this section conditioned on future compliance with child support processes. Such suspension shall end automatically upon any failure to comply with a child support process. Amounts suspended become fully collectible without further notice automatically upon failure to comply with a child support process;
(b) Resolve amounts due under this section and provide for repayment.

(14) The secretary may adopt rules to implement this section.

Sec. 894. RCW 26.23.090 and 1990 c 165 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The employer shall be liable to the Washington state support registry, or to the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act and issuing a notice, garnishment, or wage assignment attaching wages or earnings in satisfaction of a support obligation, for one hundred percent of the amount of the support debt, or the amount of support moneys which should have been withheld from the employee's earnings, whichever is the lesser amount, if the employer:
(a) Fails or refuses, after being served with a notice of payroll deduction, or substantially similar action issued by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, to deduct and promptly remit from unpaid earnings the amounts of money required in the notice;
(b) Fails or refuses to submit an answer to the notice of payroll deduction, or substantially similar action issued by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, after being served; or
(c) Is unwilling to comply with the other requirements of RCW 26.23.060.
(2) Liability may be established in superior court or may be established pursuant to (RCW 74.20A.270) section 893 of this act. Awards in superior court and in actions pursuant to (RCW 74.20A.270) section 893 of this act shall include costs, interest under RCW 19.52.020 and 4.56.110, and reasonable attorneys' fees and staff costs as a part of the award. Debts established pursuant to this section may be collected (pursuant to chapter 74.20A RCW utilizing any of the remedies contained in that chapter) by the division of child support using any of the remedies available under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.21, 26.23, 74.20, or 74.20A RCW for the collection of child support.

Sec. 895. RCW 74.20A.100 and 1989 c 360 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision or department of the state shall be liable to the department, or to the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act and issuing a notice, garnishment, or
wage assignment attaching wages or earnings in satisfaction of a support obligation, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the value of the debt which is the basis of the lien, order to withhold and deliver, distrain, or assignment of earnings, or the amount that should have been withheld, whichever amount is less, together with costs, interest, and reasonable attorney fees if that person or entity:

(a) Fails to answer an order to withhold and deliver, or substantially similar action issued by the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state, under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, within the time prescribed herein;

(b) Fails or refuses to deliver property pursuant to said order;

(c) After actual notice of filing of a support lien, pays over, releases, sells, transfers, or conveys real or personal property subject to a support lien to or for the benefit of the debtor or any other person;

(d) Fails or refuses to surrender property distrained under RCW 74.20A.130 upon demand; or

(e) Fails or refuses to honor an assignment of earnings presented by the secretary.

(2) The secretary is authorized to issue a notice of (debt pursuant to RCW 74.20A.040 and to take appropriate action to collect the debt under this chapter if:

(a) A judgment has been entered as the result of an action in superior court against a person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, or department of the state based on a violation of this section; or

(b) Liability has been established under RCW 74.20A.270 noncompliance under section 893 of this act or to proceed in superior court to obtain a judgment for noncompliance under this section.

Sec. 896. RCW 74.20A.270 and 1989 c 360 s 35 and 1989 c 175 s 156 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary may issue a notice of (noncompliance) retained support or notice to recover a support payment to any person((firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision of the state of Washington or any officer or agent thereof who has violated chapter 26.18 RCW, RCW 74.20A.100, or 26.23.040,));

(a) Who is in possession of support moneys, or who has had support moneys in his or her possession at some time in the past, which support moneys were or are claimed by the department as the property of the department by assignment, subrogation, or by operation of law or legal process under chapter 74.20A RCW((if the support moneys have not been remitted to the department as required by law));

(b) Who has received a support payment erroneously directed to the wrong payee, or issued by the department in error; or

(c) Who is in possession of a support payment obtained through the internal revenue service tax refund offset process, which payment was later reclaimed from the department by the internal revenue service as a result of an amended tax return filed by the obligor or the obligor’s spouse.

(2) The notice shall ((describe the claim of the department, stating)) state the legal basis for the claim and shall provide sufficient detail to enable the person((firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision or officer or agent thereof upon whom service is made)) to identify the support moneys in issue ((or the specific violation of RCW 74.20A.100 that has occurred. The notice may also make inquiry as to relevant facts necessary to the resolution of the issue)).

(3) The department shall serve the notice ((may be served)) by certified mail, return receipt requested, or in the manner of a summons in a civil action. ((Upon service of the notice all moneys not yet disbursed or spent or like moneys to be received in the future are deemed to be impounded and shall be held in trust pending answer to the notice and any adjudicative proceeding.))

(4) The amounts claimed in the notice ((shall be answered under oath and in writing within twenty days of the date of service, which answer shall include true answers to the matters inquired of in the notice. The answer shall also either acknowledge)) shall become assessed, determined, and subject to collection twenty days from the date of service of the notice unless within those twenty days the person in possession of the support moneys:

(a) Acknowledges the department’s right to the moneys ((or application for)) and executes an agreed settlement providing for repayment of the moneys; or
(b) Requests an adjudicative proceeding to ((contest the allegation that chapter 26.18 RCW, RCW 74.20A.100, or 26.23.040, has been violated, or)) determine the rights to ownership of the support moneys in issue. The hearing shall be held pursuant to this section, chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, and the rules of the department. The burden of proof to establish ownership of the support moneys claimed((including but not limited to moneys not yet disbursed or spent,)) is on the department.

((If no answer is made within the twenty days, the department’s claim shall be assessed and determined and subject to collection action as a support debt pursuant to chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW, or RCW 26.23.040. Any such debtor))

(5) After the twenty-day period, a person served with a notice under this section may, at any time within one year from the date of service of the notice of support debt, petition the secretary or the secretary’s designee for an adjudicative proceeding upon a showing of any of the grounds enumerated in RCW 4.72.010 or superior court civil rule 60. A copy of the petition shall also be served on the department. The filing of the petition shall not stay any collection action being taken, but the debtor may petition the secretary or the secretary’s designee for an order staying collection action pending the final administrative order. Any such moneys held and/or taken by collection action ((prior to)) after the date of any such stay ((and any support moneys claimed by the department, including moneys to be received in the future to which the department may have a claim,)) shall be held ((in trust)) by the department pending the final order, to be disbursed in accordance with the final order. ((The secretary or the secretary’s designee shall condition the stay to provide for the trust.))

If the petition is granted the issue in the proceeding is limited to the determination of the ownership of the moneys claimed in the notice of debt. The right to an adjudicative proceeding is conditioned upon holding of any funds not yet disbursed or expended or to be received in the future in trust pending the final order in these proceedings. The presiding or reviewing officer shall enter an appropriate order providing for the terms of the trust.)

(6) If the debtor fails to attend or participate in the hearing or other stage of an adjudicative proceeding, the presiding officer shall, upon showing of valid service, enter an order declaring the amount of support moneys, as claimed in the notice, to be assessed and determined and subject to collection action.

(7) The department may take action to collect an obligation established under this section using any remedy available under this chapter or chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.23, or 74.20 RCW for the collection of child support.

(8) If, at any time, the superior court enters judgment for an amount of debt at variance with the amount determined by the final order in an adjudicative proceeding, the judgment shall supersede the final administrative order. ((Any debt determined by the superior court in excess of the amount determined by the final administrative order shall be the property of the department as assigned under 42 U.S.C. 602(A)(26)(a), RCW 74.20.040, 74.20A.250, 74.20.320, or 74.20.330.)) The department may((despite any final administrative order)) take action pursuant to chapter 74.20 or 74.20A RCW to obtain such a judgment or to collect moneys determined by such a judgment to be due and owing.

((If public assistance moneys have been paid to a parent for the benefit of that parent’s minor dependent children, debt under this chapter shall not be incurred by nor at any time be collected from that parent because of that payment of assistance. Nothing in this section prohibits or limits the department from acting pursuant to RCW 74.20.320 and this section to assess a debt against a recipient or ex-recipient for receipt of support moneys paid in satisfaction of the debt assigned under RCW 74.20.330 which have been assigned to the department but were received by a recipient or ex-recipient from another responsible parent and not remitted to the department. To collect these wrongfully retained funds from the recipient, the department may not take collection action in excess of ten percent of the grant payment standard during any month the public assistance recipient remains in that status unless required by federal law.))

(9) If a person owing a debt established under this section is receiving public assistance, the department may collect the debt by offsetting up to ten percent of the grant payment received by the person. No collection action may be taken against the earnings of a person receiving cash public assistance to collect a debt assessed under this section.

(10) Payments not credited against the department’s debt pursuant to RCW 74.20.101 may not be assessed or collected under this section.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 897. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:

ACCESS TO INFORMATION--CONFIDENTIALITY--NONLIABILITY. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of Washington law, the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act may access records of the following nature, in the possession of any agency or entity listed in this section:

(a) Records of state and local agencies, including but not limited to:
   (i) The state registrar, including but not limited to records of birth, marriage, and death;
   (ii) Tax and revenue records, including, but not limited to, information on residence addresses, employers, and assets;
   (iii) Records concerning real and titled personal property;
   (iv) Records of occupational, professional, and recreational licenses and records concerning the ownership and control of corporations, partnerships, and other business entities;
   (v) Employment security records;
   (vi) Records of agencies administering public assistance programs; and
   (vii) Records of the department of corrections, and of county and municipal correction or confinement facilities;

(b) Records of public utilities and cable television companies relating to persons who owe or are owed support, or against whom a support obligation is sought, including names and addresses of the individuals, and employers' names and addresses pursuant to section 898 of this act and RCW 74.20A.120; and

(c) Records held by financial institutions, pursuant to section 899 of this act.

(2) Upon the request of the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the social security act, any employer shall provide information as to the employment, earnings, benefits, and residential address and phone number of any employee.

(3) Entities in possession of records described in subsection (1)(a) and (c) of this section must provide information and records upon the request of the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The division of child support may enter into agreements providing for electronic access to these records.

(4) Public utilities and cable television companies must provide the information in response to a judicial or administrative subpoena issued by the division of child support, the Washington state support registry, or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement services for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act.

(5) Entities responding to information requests and subpoenas under this section are not liable for disclosing information pursuant to the request or subpoena.

(6) The division of child support shall maintain all information gathered under this section confidential and shall only disclose this information as provided under RCW 26.23.120.

(7) The division of child support may impose fines for noncompliance with this section using the notice of noncompliance under section 893 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 898. A new section is added to chapter 74.20 RCW to read as follows:

SUBPOENA AUTHORITY--ENFORCEMENT. In carrying out the provisions of this chapter or chapters 26.18, 26.23, 26.26, and 74.20A RCW, the secretary and other duly authorized officers of the department may subpoena witnesses, take testimony, and compel the production of such papers, books, records, and documents as they may deem relevant to the performance of their duties. The division of child support may enforce subpoenas issued under this power according to section 893 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 899. A new section is added to chapter 74.20A RCW to read as follows:
FINANCIAL INSTITUTION DATA MATCHES. (1) Each calendar quarter financial institutions doing business in the state of Washington shall report to the department the name, record address, social security number or other taxpayer identification number, and other information determined necessary by the department for each individual who maintains an account at such institution and is identified by the department as owing a support debt.

(2) The department and financial institutions shall enter into agreements to develop and operate a data match system, using automated data exchanges to the extent feasible, to minimize the cost of providing information required under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The department may pay a reasonable fee to a financial institution for conducting the data match not to exceed the actual costs incurred.

(4) A financial institution is not liable for any disclosure of information to the department under this section.

(5) The division of child support shall maintain all information gathered under this section confidential and shall only disclose this information as provided under RCW 26.23.120.

Sec. 900. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:

(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.

(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.

(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer’s right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.

(d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person’s right to privacy.

(e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person’s life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.

(f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.

(g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

(k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.
(l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers, except that this information may be released to the division of child support or the agency or firm providing child support enforcement for another state under Title IV-D of the federal social security act, for the establishment, enforcement, or modification of a support order.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.
Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

( gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.

(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a database created under RCW 43.07.360.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 901. A new section is added to chapter 74.20 RCW to read as follows: ORDERS FOR GENETIC TESTING. (1) The division of child support may issue an order for genetic testing when providing services under this chapter and Title IV-D of the federal social security act if genetic testing:

(a) Is appropriate in an action under chapter 26.26 RCW, the uniform parentage act; (b) Is appropriate in an action to establish support under RCW 74.20A.056; or (c) Would assist the parties or the division of child support in determining whether it is appropriate to proceed with an action to establish or disestablish paternity.

(2) The order for genetic testing shall be served on the alleged parent or parents and the legal parent by personal service or by any form of mail requiring a return receipt.

(3) Within twenty days of the date of service of an order for genetic testing, any party required to appear for genetic testing, the child, or a guardian on the child’s behalf, may petition in superior court under chapter 26.26 RCW to bar or postpone genetic testing.

(4) The order for genetic testing shall contain:

(a) An explanation of the right to proceed in superior court under subsection (3) of this section;
(b) Notice that if no one proceeds under subsection (3) of this section, the agency issuing the order will schedule genetic testing and will notify the parties of the time and place of testing by regular mail;

c) Notice that the parties must keep the agency issuing the order for genetic testing informed of their residence address and that mailing a notice of time and place for genetic testing to the last known address of the parties by regular mail constitutes valid service of the notice of time and place;

d) Notice that the order for genetic testing may be enforced through:

(i) Public assistance grant reduction for noncooperation, pursuant to agency rule, if the child and custodian are receiving public assistance;

(ii) Termination of support enforcement services under Title IV-D of the federal social security act if the child and custodian are not receiving public assistance;

(iii) A referral to superior court for an appropriate action under chapter 26.26 RCW; or

(iv) A referral to superior court for remedial sanctions under RCW 7.21.060.

(5) The department may advance the costs of genetic testing under this section.

(6) If an action is pending under chapter 26.26 RCW, a judgment for reimbursement of the cost of genetic testing may be awarded under RCW 26.26.100.

(7) If no action is pending in superior court, the department may impose an obligation to reimburse costs of genetic testing according to rules adopted by the department to implement RCW 74.20A.056.

Sec. 902. RCW 26.23.045 and 1994 c 230 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The division of child support, Washington state support registry, shall provide support enforcement services under the following circumstances:

(a) Whenever public assistance under RCW 74.20.330 is paid;

(b) Whenever a request for nonassistance support enforcement services under RCW 74.20.040 is received;

(c) When a support order which contains language directing a responsible parent to make support payments to the Washington state support registry under RCW 26.23.050 is submitted and the division of child support receives a written application for services or is already providing services;

(d) When a support order is forwarded to the Washington state support registry by the clerk of a superior court under RCW 26.23.050;

(e) When the obligor submits a support order or support payment, and an application, to the Washington state support registry.

(2) The division of child support shall continue to provide support enforcement services for so long as and under such conditions as the department shall establish by regulation or until the superior court enters an order removing the requirement that the obligor make support payments to the Washington state support registry as provided for in RCW 26.23.050(2).

NEW SECTIO, Sec. 903. A new section is added to chapter 26.23 RCW to read as follows:

STATE CASE REGISTRY--SUBMISSION OF ORDERS. (1) The division of child support, Washington state support registry shall operate a state case registry containing records of all orders establishing or modifying a support order that are entered after October 1, 1998.

(2) The superior court clerk, the office of administrative hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the Washington state support registry a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation that provide that support payments shall be made to the support registry.

(3) The division of child support shall reimburse the clerk for the reasonable costs of copying and sending copies of court orders to the registry at the reimbursement rate provided in Title IV-D of the federal social security act.

(4) Effective October 1, 1998, the superior court clerk, the office of administrative hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the
Washington state support registry a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation.

(5) Receipt of a support order by the registry or other action under this section on behalf of a person or persons who have not made a written application for support enforcement services to the division of child support and who are not recipients of public assistance is deemed to be:
(a) A request for payment services only if the order requires payment to the Washington state support registry;
(b) A submission for inclusion in the state case registry if the order does not require that support payments be made to the Washington state support registry.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 904. A new section is added to chapter 26.23 RCW to read as follows:

ADDRESS AND EMPLOYER INFORMATION IN SUPPORT ORDERS--DUTY TO UPDATE--PROVISIONS REGARDING SERVICE. (1) Each party to a paternity or child support proceeding must provide the court and the Washington state child support registry with his or her:
(a) Social security number;
(b) Current residential address;
(c) Date of birth;
(d) Telephone number;
(e) Driver’s license number; and
(f) Employer’s name, address, and telephone number.
(2) Each party to an order entered in a child support or paternity proceeding shall update the information required under subsection (1) of this section promptly after any change in the information. The duty established under this section continues as long as any monthly support or support debt remains due under the support order.
(3) In any proceeding to establish, enforce, or modify the child support order between the parties, a party may demonstrate to the presiding officer that he or she has diligently attempted to locate the other party. Upon a showing of diligent efforts to locate, the presiding officer may allow, or accept as adequate, service of process for the action by delivery of written notice to the address most recently provided by the party under this section.
(4) All support orders shall contain notice to the parties of the obligations established by this section and possibility of service of process according to subsection (3) of this section.

Sec. 905. RCW 26.23.030 and 1989 c 360 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) There is created a Washington state support registry within the (office of support enforcement) division of child support as the agency designated in Washington state to administer the child support program under Title IV-D of the federal social security act. The registry shall:
(a) Provide a central unit for collection of support payments made to the registry;
(b) Account for and disburse all support payments received by the registry;
((b)) (c) Maintain the necessary records including, but not limited to, information on support orders, support debts, the date and amount of support due; the date and amount of payments; and the names, social security numbers, and addresses of the parties;
(((c))) (d) Develop procedures for providing information to the parties regarding action taken by, and support payments collected and distributed by the registry; and
(e) Maintain a state child support case registry to compile and maintain records on all child support orders entered in the state of Washington.
(2) The (office of support enforcement) division of child support may assess and collect interest at the rate of twelve percent per year on unpaid child support that has accrued under any support order entered into the registry. This interest rate shall not apply to those support orders already specifying an interest assessment at a different rate.
(3) The secretary of social and health services shall adopt rules for the maintenance and retention of records of support payments and for the archiving and destruction of such records when the support obligation terminates or is satisfied. When a support obligation established under court order entered in a superior court of this state has been satisfied, a satisfaction of judgment form shall be prepared by the registry and filed with the clerk of the court in which the order was entered.
Sec. 906. RCW 74.20A.060 and 1989 c 360 s 9 and 1989 c 175 s 153 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary may assert a lien upon the real or personal property of a responsible parent:
   (a) When a support payment is past due, if the parent’s support order (was entered in accordance with RCW 26.23.050(1)) contains notice that liens may be enforced against real and personal property, or notice that action may be taken under this chapter;
   (b) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support debt under RCW 74.20A.040;
   (c) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of financial responsibility under RCW 74.20A.055;
   (d) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of parental responsibility;
   (e) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support owed under RCW 26.23.110; or
   (f) When appropriate under RCW 74.20A.270.

(2) The division of child support may use uniform interstate lien forms adopted by the United States department of health and human services to assert liens on a responsible parent’s real and personal property located in another state.

(3) The claim of the department for a support debt, not paid when due, shall be a lien against all property of the debtor with priority of a secured creditor. This lien shall be separate and apart from, and in addition to, any other lien created by, or provided for, in this title. The lien shall attach to all real and personal property of the debtor on the date of filing of such statement with the county auditor of the county in which such property is located.

(4) Whenever a support lien has been filed and there is in the possession of any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision or department of the state having notice of said lien any property which may be subject to the support lien, such property shall not be paid over, released, sold, transferred, encumbered or conveyed, except as provided for by the exemptions contained in RCW 74.20A.090 and 74.20A.130, unless:
   (a) A written release or waiver signed by the secretary has been delivered to said person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision or department of the state; or
   (b) A determination has been made in an adjudicative proceeding pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055 or by a superior court ordering release of said support lien on the basis that no debt exists or that the debt has been satisfied.

Sec. 907. RCW 74.20A.080 and 1994 c 230 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary may issue to any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States, an order to withhold and deliver property of any kind, including but not restricted to earnings which are or might become due, owing, or belonging to the debtor, when the secretary has reason to believe that there is in the possession of such person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States property which is or might become due, owing, or belonging to said debtor. Such order to withhold and deliver may be issued:
   (a) (When a support payment is past due) At any time, if a responsible parent’s support order:
      (i) Contains (language directing the parent to make support payments to the Washington state support registry; and) notice that withholding action may be taken against earnings, wages, or assets without further notice to the parent; or
      (ii) Includes a statement that other income-withholding action under this chapter may be taken without further notice to the responsible parent((as provided for in RCW 26.23.050(1)));
   (b) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support debt under RCW 74.20A.040;
   (c) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of parental responsibility under RCW 74.20A.056;
   (d) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support owed under RCW 26.23.110;
   (e) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of financial responsibility under RCW 74.20A.055; or
   (f) When appropriate under RCW 74.20A.270.

(2) The order to withhold and deliver shall:
State the amount to be withheld on a periodic basis if the order to withhold and deliver is
being served to secure payment of monthly current support;
(b) State the amount of the support debt accrued;
((4)) (c) State in summary the terms of RCW 74.20A.090 and 74.20A.100;
((4)) (d) Be served in the manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or
by certified mail, return receipt requested.
(3) The division of child support may use uniform interstate withholding forms adopted by the
United States department of health and human services to take withholding actions under this section
when the responsible parent is owed money or property that is located in another state.
(4) Any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or
agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States upon whom service has been made is
hereby required to:
(a) Answer said order to withhold and deliver within twenty days, exclusive of the day of
service, under oath and in writing, and shall make true answers to the matters inquired of therein; and
(b) Provide further and additional answers when requested by the secretary.
((4)) (5) Any such person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of
the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States in possession of any property
which may be subject to the claim of the department ((of social and health services)) shall:
(a)(i) Immediately withhold such property upon receipt of the order to withhold and deliver;
and
(ii) Immediately deliver the property to the secretary as soon as the twenty-day answer period
expires;
(iii) Continue to withhold earnings payable to the debtor at each succeeding disbursement
interval as provided for in RCW 74.20A.090, and deliver amounts withheld from earnings to the
secretary on the date earnings are payable to the debtor;
(iv) Deliver amounts withheld from periodic payments to the secretary on the date the payments
are payable to the debtor;
(v) Inform the secretary of the date the amounts were withheld as requested under this section; or
(b) Furnish to the secretary a good and sufficient bond, satisfactory to the secretary,
conditioned upon final determination of liability.
((4)) (6) An order to withhold and deliver served under this section shall not expire until:
(a) Released in writing by the ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support;
(b) Terminated by court order; or
(c) The person or entity receiving the order to withhold and deliver does not possess property
of or owe money to the debtor for any period of twelve consecutive months following the date of
service of the order to withhold and deliver.
((4)) (7) Where money is due and owing under any contract of employment, express or
implied, or is held by any person, firm, corporation, or association, political subdivision, or
department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States subject to
withdrawal by the debtor, such money shall be delivered by remittance payable to the order of the
secretary.
((4)) (8) Delivery to the secretary of the money or other property held or claimed shall satisfy
the requirement and serve as full acquittance of the order to withhold and deliver.
((4)) (9) A person, firm, corporation, or association, political subdivision, department of the
state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States that complies with the order to
withhold and deliver under this chapter is not civilly liable to the debtor for complying with the order
to withhold and deliver under this chapter.
((4)) (10) The secretary may hold the money or property delivered under this section in trust
for application on the indebtedness involved or for return, without interest, in accordance with final
determination of liability or nonliability.
((4)) (11) Exemptions contained in RCW 74.20A.090 apply to orders to withhold and
deliver issued under this section.
The secretary shall also, on or before the date of service of the order to withhold and deliver, mail or cause to be mailed a copy of the order to withhold and deliver to the debtor at the debtor's last known post office address, or, in the alternative, a copy of the order to withhold and deliver shall be served on the debtor in the same manner as a summons in a civil action on or before the date of service of the order or within two days thereafter. The copy of the order shall be mailed or served together with a concise explanation of the right to petition for judicial review. This requirement is not jurisdictional, but, if the copy is not mailed or served as in this section provided, or if any irregularity appears with respect to the mailing or service, the superior court, in its discretion on motion of the debtor promptly made and supported by affidavit showing that the debtor has suffered substantial injury due to the failure to mail the copy, may set aside the order to withhold and deliver and award to the debtor an amount equal to the damages resulting from the secretary's failure to serve on or mail to the debtor the copy.

An order to withhold and deliver issued in accordance with this section has priority over any other wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process, except for another wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process for child support.

The division of child support shall notify any person, firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States required to withhold and deliver the earnings of a debtor under this action that they may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the debtor's earnings, even if the remainder would otherwise be exempt under RCW 74.20A.090. The processing fee shall not exceed ten dollars for the first disbursement to the department and one dollar for each subsequent disbursement under the order to withhold and deliver.

Sec. 908. RCW 26.23.120 and 1994 c 230 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any information or records concerning individuals who owe a support obligation or for whom support enforcement services are being provided which are obtained or maintained by the Washington state support registry, the division of child support, or under chapter 74.20 RCW shall be private and confidential and shall only be subject to public disclosure as provided in subsection (2) of this section.

(2) The secretary of the department of social and health services may adopt rules:
(a) That specify what information is confidential;
(b) That specify the individuals or agencies to whom this information and these records may be disclosed;
(c) Limiting the purposes for which the information may be disclosed;
(d) Establishing procedures to obtain the information or records; or
(e) Establishing safeguards necessary to comply with federal law requiring safeguarding of information.

(3) The rules adopted under subsection (2) of this section shall provide for disclosure of the information and records, under appropriate circumstances, which shall include, but not be limited to:
(a) When authorized or required by federal statute or regulation governing the support enforcement program;
(b) To the person the subject of the records or information, unless the information is exempt from disclosure under RCW 42.17.310;
(c) To government agencies, whether state, local, or federal, and including federally recognized tribes, law enforcement agencies, prosecuting agencies, and the executive branch, if the disclosure is necessary for child support enforcement purposes or required under Title IV-D of the federal social security act;
(d) To the parties in a judicial or adjudicative proceeding upon a specific written finding by the presiding officer that the need for the information outweighs any reason for maintaining the privacy and confidentiality of the information or records;
(e) To private persons, federally recognized tribes, or organizations if the disclosure is necessary to permit private contracting parties to assist in the management and operation of the department;
Disclosure of address and employment information to the parties to an action for purposes relating to a child support order, subject to the limitations in subsections (4) and (5) of this section;

Disclosure of information or records when necessary to the efficient administration of the support enforcement program or to the performance of functions and responsibilities of the support registry and the (office of support enforcement) division of child support as set forth in state and federal statutes; or

Disclosure of the information or records when authorized under RCW 74.04.060.

Prior to disclosing the (physical custodian’s address under subsection (2)(f) of this section) whereabouts of a parent or a party to a support order to the other parent or party, a notice shall be mailed, if appropriate under the circumstances, to the (physical custodian) parent or other party whose whereabouts are to be disclosed, at (the physical custodian’s) that person’s last known address. The notice shall advise the (physical custodian) parent or party that a request for disclosure has been made and will be complied with unless the department:

(a) Receives a copy of a court order within thirty days which enjoins the disclosure of the information or restricts or limits the requesting party’s right to contact or visit the (physical custodian) parent or party whose address is to be disclosed or the child((or the custodial parent requests a hearing to contest the disclosure));

(b) Receives a hearing request within thirty days under subsection (5) of this section; or

(c) Has reason to believe that the release of the information may result in physical or emotional harm to the party whose whereabouts are to be released, or to the child.

A person receiving notice under subsection (4) of this section may request an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW, at which the person may show that there is reason to believe that release of the information may result in physical or emotional harm to the person or the child. The administrative law judge shall determine whether the (address) whereabouts of the (custodial parent) person should be disclosed based on (the same standard as a claim of “good cause” as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 602(a)(26)(c)) subsection (4)(c) of this section, however no hearing is necessary if the department has in its possession a protective order or an order limiting visitation or contact.

Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or restricting the effect of RCW 42.17.260((6)) (9). Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information and records if all details identifying an individual are deleted or the individual consents to the disclosure.

It shall be unlawful for any person or agency in violation of this section to solicit, publish, disclose, receive, make use of, or to authorize, knowingly permit, participate in or acquiesce in the use of any lists of names for commercial or political purposes or the use of any information for purposes other than those purposes specified in this section. A violation of this section shall be a gross misdemeanor as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

Sec. 909.  RCW 26.04.160 and 1993 c 451 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Application for a marriage license must be made and filed with the appropriate county auditor upon blanks to be provided by the county auditor for that purpose, which application shall be under the oath of each of the applicants, and each application shall state the name, address at the time of execution of application, age, social security number, birthplace, whether single, widowed or divorced, and whether under control of a guardian, residence during the past six months: PROVIDED, That each county may require such other and further information on said application as it shall deem necessary.

(2) The county legislative authority may impose an additional fee up to fifteen dollars on a marriage license for the purpose of funding family services such as family support centers.

Sec. 910.  RCW 26.09.170 and 1992 c 229 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7) of RCW 26.09.070, the provisions of any decree respecting maintenance or support may be modified: (a) Only as to installments accruing subsequent to the petition for modification or motion for adjustment except motions to compel court-ordered adjustments, which shall be effective as of the first date specified in the decree for implementing the adjustment; and, (b) except as otherwise provided in subsections (4), (5), (8), and (9)
of this section, only upon a showing of a substantial change of circumstances. The provisions as to property disposition may not be revoked or modified, unless the court finds the existence of conditions that justify the reopening of a judgment under the laws of this state.

(2) Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the decree the obligation to pay future maintenance is terminated upon the death of either party or the remarriage of the party receiving maintenance.

(3) Unless otherwise agreed in writing or expressly provided in the decree, provisions for the support of a child are terminated by emancipation of the child or by the death of the parent obligated to support the child.

(4) An order of child support may be modified one year or more after it has been entered without showing a substantial change of circumstances:

(a) If the order in practice works a severe economic hardship on either party or the child;
(b) If a party requests an adjustment in an order for child support which was based on guidelines which determined the amount of support according to the child's age, and the child is no longer in the age category on which the current support amount was based;
(c) If a child is still in high school, upon a finding that there is a need to extend support beyond the eighteenth birthday to complete high school; or
(d) To add an automatic adjustment of support provision consistent with RCW 26.09.100.

(5) An order or decree entered prior to June 7, 1984, may be modified without showing a substantial change of circumstances if the requested modification is to:

(a) Require health insurance coverage for a child named therein; or
(b) Modify an existing order for health insurance coverage.

(6) An obligor's voluntary unemployment or voluntary underemployment, by itself, is not a substantial change of circumstances.

(7) The department of social and health services may file an action to modify an order of child support if public assistance money is being paid to or for the benefit of the child and the child support order is twenty-five percent or more below the appropriate child support amount set forth in the standard calculation as defined in RCW 26.19.011 and reasons for the deviation are not set forth in the findings of fact or order. The determination of twenty-five percent or more shall be based on the current income of the parties and the department shall not be required to show a substantial change of circumstances if the reasons for the deviations were not set forth in the findings of fact or order.

(8)(a) All child support decrees may be adjusted once every twenty-four months based upon changes in the income of the parents without a showing of substantially changed circumstances. Either party may initiate the adjustment by filing a motion and child support worksheets.

(b) A party may petition for modification in cases of substantially changed circumstances under subsection (1) of this section at any time. However, if relief is granted under subsection (1) of this section, twenty-four months must pass before a motion for an adjustment under (a) of this subsection may be filed.

(c) If, pursuant to (a) of this subsection or subsection (9) of this section, the court adjusts or modifies a child support obligation by more than thirty percent and the change would cause significant hardship, the court may implement the change in two equal increments, one at the time of the entry of the order and the second six months from the entry of the order. Twenty-four months must pass following the second change before a motion for an adjustment under (a) of this subsection may be filed.

(d) A parent who is receiving transfer payments who receives a wage or salary increase may not bring a modification action pursuant to subsection (1) of this section alleging that increase constitutes a substantial change of circumstances.

(e) The department of social and health services may file an action at any time to modify an order of child support in cases of substantially changed circumstances if public assistance money is being paid to or for the benefit of the child. The determination of the existence of substantially changed circumstances by the department that lead to the filing of an action to modify the order of child support is not binding upon the court.
An order of child support may be adjusted twenty-four months from the date of the entry of the decree or the last adjustment or modification, whichever is later, based upon changes in the economic table or standards in chapter 26.19 RCW.

Sec. 911. RCW 26.21.005 and 1993 c 318 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:
In this chapter:
(1) "Child" means an individual, whether over or under the age of majority, who is or is alleged to be owed a duty of support by the individual's parent or who is or is alleged to be the beneficiary of a support order directed to the parent.
(2) "Child support order" means a support order for a child, including a child who has attained the age of majority under the law of the issuing state.
(3) "Duty of support" means an obligation imposed or imposable by law to provide support for a child, spouse, or former spouse, including an unsatisfied obligation to provide support.
(4) "Home state" means the state in which a child lived with a parent or a person acting as parent for at least six consecutive months immediately preceding the time of filing of a petition or comparable pleading for support and, if a child is less than six months old, the state in which the child lived from birth with any of them. A period of temporary absence of any of them is counted as part of the six-month or other period.
(5) "Income" includes earnings or other periodic entitlements to money from any source and any other property subject to withholding for support under the law of this state.
(6) "Income-withholding order" means an order or other legal process directed to an obligor's employer or other debtor, as defined by chapter 6.27 RCW, to withhold support from the income of the obligor.
(7) "Initiating state" means a state from which a proceeding is forwarded or in which a proceeding is filed for forwarding to a responding state under this chapter or a law or procedure substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.
(8) "Initiating tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in an initiating state.
(9) "Issuing state" means the state in which a tribunal issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage.
(10) "Issuing tribunal" means the tribunal that issues a support order or renders a judgment determining parentage.
(11) "Law" includes decisional and statutory law and rules and regulations having the force of law.
(12) "Obligee" means:
(a) An individual to whom a duty of support is or is alleged to be owed or in whose favor a support order has been issued or a judgment determining parentage has been rendered;
(b) A state or political subdivision to which the rights under a duty of support or support order have been assigned or which has independent claims based on financial assistance provided to an individual obligee; or
(c) An individual seeking a judgment determining parentage of the individual's child.
(13) "Obligor" means an individual, or the estate of a decedent:
(a) Who owes or is alleged to owe a duty of support;
(b) Who is alleged but has not been adjudicated to be a parent of a child; or
(c) Who is liable under a support order.
(14) "Register" means to record or file in the appropriate location for the recording or filing of foreign judgments generally or foreign support orders specifically, a support order or judgment determining parentage.
(15) "Registering tribunal" means a tribunal in which a support order is registered.
(16) "Responding state" means a state in which a proceeding is filed or to which a proceeding is forwarded for filing from an initiating state under this chapter or a law or procedure substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.
(17) "Responding tribunal" means the authorized tribunal in a responding state.
(18) "Spousal support order" means a support order for a spouse or former spouse of the obligor.
(19) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, (the Commonwealth of) Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States. The term ("state") includes:
(i) An Indian tribe (and includes);
(ii) A foreign jurisdiction that has enacted a law or established procedures for issuance and enforcement of support orders (that) which are substantially similar to the procedures under this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act.
(20) "Support enforcement agency" means a public official or agency authorized to seek:
(a) Enforcement of support orders or laws relating to the duty of support;
(b) Establishment or modification of child support;
(c) Determination of parentage; or
(d) Location of obligors or their assets.
(21) "Support order" means a judgment, decree, or order, whether temporary, final, or subject to modification, for the benefit of a child, a spouse, or a former spouse, that provides for monetary support, health care, arrearages, or reimbursement, and may include related costs and fees, interest, income withholding, attorneys' fees, and other relief.
(22) "Tribunal" means a court, administrative agency, or quasi-judicial entity authorized to establish, enforce, or modify support orders or to determine parentage.

Sec. 912. RCW 26.21.115 and 1993 c 318 s 205 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a child support order:
(a) As long as this state remains the residence of the obligor, the individual obligee, or the child for whose benefit the support order is issued; or
(b) Until (each individual party has) all of the parties who are individuals have filed written consents with the tribunal of this state for a tribunal of another state to modify the order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
(2) A tribunal of this state issuing a child support order consistent with the law of this state may not exercise its continuing jurisdiction to modify the order if the order has been modified by a tribunal of another state pursuant to this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter.
(3) If a child support order of this state is modified by a tribunal of another state pursuant to this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter, a tribunal of this state loses its continuing, exclusive jurisdiction with regard to prospective enforcement of the order issued in this state, and may only:
(a) Enforce the order that was modified as to amounts accruing before the modification;
(b) Enforce nonmodifiable aspects of that order; and
(c) Provide other appropriate relief for violations of that order which occurred before the effective date of the modification.
(4) A tribunal of this state shall recognize the continuing, exclusive jurisdiction of a tribunal of another state that has issued a child support order pursuant to this chapter or a law substantially similar to this chapter.
(5) A temporary support order issued ex parte or pending resolution of a jurisdictional conflict does not create continuing, exclusive jurisdiction in the issuing tribunal.
(6) A tribunal of this state issuing a support order consistent with the law of this state has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over a spousal support order throughout the existence of the support obligation. A tribunal of this state may not modify a spousal support order issued by a tribunal of another state having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over that order under the law of that state.

Sec. 913. RCW 26.21.135 and 1993 c 318 s 207 are each amended to read as follows:
If a proceeding is brought under this chapter and only one tribunal has issued a child support order, the order of that tribunal controls and must be so recognized.

If a proceeding is brought under this chapter, and (one) two or more child support orders have been issued (in) by tribunals of this state or another state with regard to (an) the same obligor and (a) child, a tribunal of this state shall apply the following rules in determining which order to recognize for purposes of continuing, exclusive jurisdiction:

(a) If only one of the tribunals (has issued a child support order) would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the order of that tribunal controls and must be so recognized.

(b) (If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, and only one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the order of that tribunal must be recognized.

(c) If (two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, and) more than one of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, an order issued by a tribunal in the current home state of the child controls and must be so recognized, but if an order has not been issued in the current home state of the child, the order most recently issued controls and must be so recognized.

(d) If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, and none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the tribunal of this state may issue a child support order, which must be recognized.

The tribunal that has issued an order recognized under subsection (1) of this section is the tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

If none of the tribunals would have continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under this chapter, the tribunal of this state having jurisdiction over the parties shall issue a child support order, which controls and must be so recognized.

If two or more child support orders have been issued for the same obligor and child and if the obligor or the individual obligee resides in this state, a party may request a tribunal of this state to determine which order controls and must be so recognized under subsection (2) of this section. The request must be accompanied by a certified copy of every support order in effect. The requesting party shall give notice of the request to each party whose rights may be affected by the determination.

The tribunal that issued the controlling order under subsection (1), (2), or (3) of this section is the tribunal that has continuing, exclusive jurisdiction under RCW 26.21.115.

A tribunal of this state which determines by order the identity of the controlling order under subsection (2)(a) or (b) of this section or which issues a new controlling order under subsection (2)(c) of this section shall state in that order the basis upon which the tribunal made its determination.

Within thirty days after issuance of an order determining the identity of the controlling order, the party obtaining the order shall file a certified copy of it with each tribunal that issued or registered an earlier order of child support. A party who obtains the order and fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of the controlling order.

Sec. 914. RCW 26.21.235 and 1993 c 318 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:

1 Upon the filing of a petition authorized by this chapter, an initiating tribunal of this state shall forward three copies of the petition and its accompanying documents:

(a) To the responding tribunal or appropriate support enforcement agency in the responding state; or

(b) If the identity of the responding tribunal is unknown, to the state information agency of the responding state with a request that they be forwarded to the appropriate tribunal and that receipt be acknowledged.

2 If a responding state has not enacted the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law or procedure substantially similar to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, a tribunal of this state may issue a certificate or other document and make findings required by the law of the responding state. If the responding state is a foreign jurisdiction, the tribunal may specify the amount of support sought and provide other documents necessary to satisfy the requirements of the responding state.
Sec. 915. RCW 26.21.245 and 1993 c 318 s 305 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When a responding tribunal of this state receives a petition or comparable pleading from an
initiating tribunal or directly pursuant to RCW 26.21.205(3), it shall cause the petition or pleading to
be filed and notify the petitioner (by first class mail) where and when it was filed.
(2) A responding tribunal of this state, to the extent otherwise authorized by law, may do one
or more of the following:
(a) Issue or enforce a support order, modify a child support order, or render a judgment to
determine parentage;
(b) Order an obligor to comply with a support order, specifying the amount and the manner of
compliance;
(c) Order income withholding;
(d) Determine the amount of any arrearages, and specify a method of payment;
(e) Enforce orders by civil or criminal contempt, or both;
(f) Set aside property for satisfaction of the support order;
(g) Place liens and order execution on the obligor’s property;
(h) Order an obligor to keep the tribunal informed of the obligor’s current residential address,
telephone number, employer, address of employment, and telephone number at the place of
employment;
(i) Issue a bench warrant or writ of arrest for an obligor who has failed after proper notice to
appear at a hearing ordered by the tribunal and enter the bench warrant or writ of arrest in any local
and state computer systems for criminal warrants;
(j) Order the obligor to seek appropriate employment by specified methods;
(k) Award reasonable attorneys’ fees and other fees and costs; and
(l) Grant any other available remedy.
(3) A responding tribunal of this state shall include in a support order issued under this chapter,
or in the documents accompanying the order, the calculations on which the support order is based.
(4) A responding tribunal of this state may not condition the payment of a support order issued
under this chapter upon compliance by a party with provisions for visitation.
(5) If a responding tribunal of this state issues an order under this chapter, the tribunal shall
send a copy of the order (by first class mail) to the petitioner and the respondent and to the initiating
tribunal, if any.

Sec. 916. RCW 26.21.255 and 1993 c 318 s 306 are each amended to read as follows:
If a petition or comparable pleading is received by an inappropriate tribunal of this state, it
shall forward the pleading and accompanying documents to an appropriate tribunal in this state or
another state and notify the petitioner (by first class mail) where and when the pleading was sent.

Sec. 917. RCW 26.21.265 and 1993 c 318 s 307 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A support enforcement agency of this state, upon request, shall provide services to a
petitioner in a proceeding under this chapter.
(2) A support enforcement agency that is providing services to the petitioner as appropriate
shall:
(a) Take all steps necessary to enable an appropriate tribunal in this state or another state to
obtain jurisdiction over the respondent;
(b) Request an appropriate tribunal to set a date, time, and place for a hearing;
(c) Make a reasonable effort to obtain all relevant information, including information as to
income and property of the parties;
(d) Within (two) five days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt
of a written notice from an initiating, responding, or registering tribunal, send a copy of the notice (by
first class mail) to the petitioner;
(e) Within (two) five days, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays, after receipt
of a written communication from the respondent or the respondent’s attorney, send a copy of the
communication (by first class mail) to the petitioner; and
(f) Notify the petitioner if jurisdiction over the respondent cannot be obtained.
(3) This chapter does not create or negate a relationship of attorney and client or other fiduciary relationship between a support enforcement agency or the attorney for the agency and the individual being assisted by the agency.

**Sec. 918.** RCW 26.21.450 and 1993 c 318 s 501 are each amended to read as follows:

((1))) An income-withholding order issued in another state may be sent ((by first class mail))
to the person or entity defined as the obligor’s employer under ((chapter 6.27)) RCW 50.04.080
without first filing a petition or comparable pleading or registering the order with a tribunal of this state. ((Upon receipt of the order, the employer shall:

(a) Treat an income-withholding order issued in another state that appears regular on its face as
if it had been issued by a tribunal of this state;
(b) Immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor; and
(c) Distribute the funds as directed in the income-withholding order.
(2) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an income-withholding order issued
in another state in the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this state. RCW
26.21.510 applies to the contest. The obligor shall give notice of the contest to any support
enforcement agency providing services to the obligee and to:

(a) The person or agency designated to receive payments in the income-withholding order; or
(b) If no person or agency is designated, the obligee.))

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 919.** A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:

**EMPLOYER’S COMPLIANCE WITH INCOME-WITHHOLDING ORDER OF ANOTHER STATE.** (1) Upon receipt of an income-withholding order, the obligor’s employer shall immediately provide a copy of the order to the obligor.

(2) The employer shall treat an income-withholding order issued in another state that appears
regular on its face as if it had been issued by a tribunal of this state.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section and section 920 of this act, the employer
shall withhold and distribute the funds as directed in the withholding order by complying with the terms
of the order which specify:

(a) The duration and amount of periodic payments of current child support, stated as a sum
certain;
(b) The person or agency designated to receive payments and the address to which the
payments are to be forwarded;
(c) Medical support, whether in the form of periodic cash payment, stated as sum certain, or
ordering the obligor to provide health insurance coverage for the child under a policy available through
the obligor’s employment;
(d) The amount of periodic payments of fees and costs for a support enforcement agency, the
issuing tribunal, and the obligee’s attorney, stated as sum certain; and
(e) The amount of periodic payments of arrearages and interest on arrearages, stated as sum
certain.

(4) The employer shall comply with the law of the state of the obligor’s principal place of
employment for withholding from income with respect to:

(a) The employer’s fee for processing an income withholding order;
(b) The maximum amount permitted to be withheld from the obligor’s income; and
(c) The times within which the employer must implement the withholding order and forward
the child support payment.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 920.** A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:

**COMPLIANCE WITH MULTIPLE INCOME WITHHOLDING ORDERS.** If an obligor’s
employer receives multiple income-withholding orders with respect to the earnings of the same obligor,
the employer satisfies the terms of the multiple orders if the employer complies with the law of the
state of the obligor’s principal place of employment to establish the priorities for withholding and
allocating income withheld for multiple child support obligees.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 921. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:
IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY. An employer who complies with an income-
withholding order issued in another state in accordance with this article is not subject to civil liability to
an individual or agency with regard to the employer’s withholding of child support from the obligor’s
income.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 922. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:
PENALTIES FOR NONCOMPLIANCE. An employer who willfully fails to comply with an
income-withholding order issued by another state and received for enforcement is subject to the same
penalties that may be imposed for noncompliance with an order issued by a tribunal of this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 923. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows:
CONTEST BY OBLIGOR. (1) An obligor may contest the validity or enforcement of an
income-withholding order issued in another state and received directly by an employer in this state in
the same manner as if the order had been issued by a tribunal of this state. RCW 26.21.510 applies to
the contest.
(2) The obligor shall give notice of the contest to:
(a) A support enforcement agency providing services to the obligee;
(b) Each employer that has directly received an income-withholding order; and
(c) The person or agency designated to receive payments in the income-withholding order, or if
no person or agency is designated, to the obligee.

Sec. 924. RCW 26.21.490 and 1993 c 318 s 602 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A support order or income-withholding order of another state
may be registered in this state
by sending the following documents and information to the support enforcement agency of this state or
to the superior court of any county in this state where the obligor resides, works, or has property:
(a) A letter of transmittal to the tribunal requesting registration and enforcement;
(b) Two copies, including one certified copy, of all orders to be registered, including any
modification of an order;
(c) A sworn statement by the party seeking registration or a certified statement by the custodian
of the records showing the amount of any arrearage;
(d) The name of the obligor and, if known:
(i) The obligor’s address and social security number;
(ii) The name and address of the obligor’s employer and any other source of income of the
obligor; and
(iii) A description and the location of property of the obligor in this state not exempt from
execution; and
(e) The name and address of the obligee and, if applicable, the agency or person to whom
support payments are to be remitted.
(2) On receipt of a request for registration, the registering tribunal shall cause the order to be
filed as a foreign judgment, together with one copy of the documents and information, regardless of
their form.
(3) A petition or comparable pleading seeking a remedy that must be affirmatively sought under other
law of this state may be filed at the same time as the request for registration or later. The pleading must
specify the grounds for the remedy sought.

Sec. 925. RCW 26.21.520 and 1993 c 318 s 605 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When a support order or income-withholding order issued in another state is registered, the
registering tribunal shall notify the nonregistering party. ((Notice must be given by certified or
registered mail or by any means of personal service authorized by the law of this state.)) The notice
must be accompanied by a copy of the registered order and the documents and relevant information
accompanying the order.
(2) The notice must inform the nonregistering party:
(a) That a registered order is enforceable as of the date of registration in the same manner as an order issued by a tribunal of this state;

(b) That a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order must be requested within twenty days after the date of receipt by certified or registered mail or personal service of the notice given to a nonregistering party within the state and within sixty days after the date of receipt by certified or registered mail or personal service of the notice on a nonregistering party outside of the state;

(c) That failure to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely manner will result in confirmation of the order and enforcement of the order and the alleged arrearages and precludes further contest of that order with respect to any matter that could have been asserted; and

(d) Of the amount of any alleged arrearages.

(3) Upon registration of an income-withholding order for enforcement, the registering tribunal shall notify the obligor’s employer pursuant to the income-withholding law of this state.

Sec. 926. RCW 26.21.530 and 1993 c 318 s 606 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A nonregistering party seeking to contest the validity or enforcement of a registered order in this state shall request a hearing within twenty days after the date of receipt of certified or registered mail or the date of personal service of notice of the registration on the nonmoving party within this state, or, within sixty days after the receipt of certified or registered mail or personal service of the notice on the nonmoving party outside of the state. The nonregistering party may seek to vacate the registration, to assert any defense to an allegation of noncompliance with the registered order, or to contest the remedies being sought or the amount of any alleged arrearages pursuant to RCW 26.21.540.

(2) If the nonregistering party fails to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order in a timely manner, the order is confirmed by operation of law.

(3) If a nonregistering party requests a hearing to contest the validity or enforcement of the registered order, the registering tribunal shall schedule the matter for hearing and give notice to the parties of the date, time, and place of the hearing.

Sec. 927. RCW 26.21.580 and 1993 c 318 s 611 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After a child support order issued in another state has been registered in this state, the responding tribunal of this state may modify that order only if section 929 of this act does not apply and after notice and hearing it finds that:

(a) The following requirements are met:

(i) The child, the individual obligee, and the obligor do not reside in the issuing state;

(ii) A petitioner who is a nonresident of this state seeks modification; and

(iii) The respondent is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state; or

(b) The child, or a party who is an individual, is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the tribunal of this state and all of the parties who are individuals have filed a written consent in the issuing tribunal for a tribunal of this state to modify the support order and assume continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the order. However, if the issuing state is a foreign jurisdiction that has not enacted a law or established procedures substantially similar to the procedures under the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, the consent otherwise required of an individual residing in this state is not required for the tribunal to assume jurisdiction to modify the child support order.

(2) Modification of a registered child support order is subject to the same requirements, procedures, and defenses that apply to the modification of an order issued by a tribunal of this state and the order may be enforced and satisfied in the same manner.

(3) A tribunal of this state may not modify any aspect of a child support order that may not be modified under the law of the issuing state. If two or more tribunals have issued child support orders for the same obligor and child, the order that controls and must be so recognized under RCW 26.21.135 establishes the aspects of the support order that are nonmodifiable.

(4) On issuance of an order modifying a child support order issued in another state, a tribunal of this state becomes the tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.
Within thirty days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party obtaining the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing tribunal which had continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order, and in each tribunal in which the party knows that earlier order has been registered.

Sec. 928. RCW 26.21.590 and 1993 c 318 s 612 are each amended to read as follows:
A tribunal of this state shall recognize a modification of its earlier child support order by a tribunal of another state that assumed jurisdiction pursuant to the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act or a law substantially similar to this chapter and, upon request, except as otherwise provided in this chapter, shall:
(1) Enforce the order that was modified only as to amounts accruing before the modification;
(2) Enforce only nonmodifiable aspects of that order;
(3) Provide other appropriate relief only for violations of that order which occurred before the effective date of the modification; and
(4) Recognize the modifying order of the other state, upon registration, for the purpose of enforcement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 929. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: JURISDICTION TO MODIFY CHILD SUPPORT ORDER OF ANOTHER STATE IF INDIVIDUAL PARTIES RESIDE IN THIS STATE. (1) If all of the parties who are individuals reside in this state and the child does not reside in the issuing state, a tribunal of this state has jurisdiction to enforce and to modify the issuing state’s child support order in a proceeding to register that order.
(2) A tribunal of this state exercising jurisdiction under this section shall apply the provisions of Articles 1 and 2, this article, and the procedural and substantive law of this state to the proceeding for enforcement or modification. Articles 3, 4, 5, 7, and 8 of this chapter do not apply.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 930. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: NOTICE TO ISSUING TRIBUNAL OF MODIFICATION. Within thirty days after issuance of a modified child support order, the party obtaining the modification shall file a certified copy of the order with the issuing tribunal that had continuing, exclusive jurisdiction over the earlier order, and in each tribunal in which the party knows the earlier order has been registered. A party who obtains the order and fails to file a certified copy is subject to appropriate sanctions by a tribunal in which the issue of failure to file arises. The failure to file does not affect the validity or enforceability of the modified order of the new tribunal having continuing, exclusive jurisdiction.

Sec. 931. RCW 26.21.620 and 1993 c 318 s 701 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A tribunal of this state may serve as an initiating or responding tribunal in a proceeding brought under this chapter or a law or procedure substantially similar to this chapter, the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act, or the Revised Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act to determine that the petitioner is a parent of a particular child or to determine that a respondent is a parent of that child.
(2) In a proceeding to determine parentage, a responding tribunal of this state shall apply the Uniform Parentage Act, chapter 26.26 RCW, procedural and substantive law of this state, and the rules of this state on choice of law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 932. A new section is added to chapter 26.21 RCW to read as follows: ADOPTION OF RULES. The secretary of the department of social and health services shall issue such rules as necessary to act as the administrative tribunal pursuant to RCW 26.21.015.

Sec. 933. RCW 26.23.035 and 1991 c 367 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department of social and health services shall adopt rules for the distribution of support money collected by the ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support. These rules shall:
(a) Comply with ((42 U.S.C. Sec. 657)) Title IV-D of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996:
(b) Direct the ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support to distribute support money within eight days of receipt, unless one of the following circumstances, or similar circumstances specified in the rules, prevents prompt distribution:
   (i) The location of the custodial parent is unknown;
   (ii) The support debt is in litigation;
   (iii) The ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support cannot identify the responsible parent or the custodian;
   (c) Provide for proportionate distribution of support payments if the responsible parent owes a support obligation or a support debt for two or more Title IV-D cases; and
   (d) Authorize the distribution of support money, except money collected under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 664, to satisfy a support debt owed to the IV-D custodian before the debt owed to the state when the custodian stops receiving a public assistance grant.

(2) The ((office of support enforcement)) division of child support may distribute support payments to the payee under the support order or to another person who has lawful physical custody of the child or custody with the payee’s consent. The payee may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to challenge distribution to such other person. Prior to distributing support payments to any person other than the payee, the registry shall:
   (a) Obtain a written statement from the child’s physical custodian, under penalty of perjury, that the custodian has lawful custody of the child or custody with the payee’s consent;
   (b) Mail to the responsible parent and to the payee at the payee’s last known address a copy of the physical custodian’s statement and a notice which states that support payments will be sent to the physical custodian; and
   (c) File a copy of the notice with the clerk of the court that entered the original support order.

(3) If the Washington state support registry distributes a support payment to a person in error, the registry may obtain restitution by means of a set-off against future payments received on behalf of the person receiving the erroneous payment, or may act according to RCW 74.20A.270 as deemed appropriate. Any set-off against future support payments shall be limited to amounts collected on the support debt and ten percent of amounts collected as current support.

(4) The division of child support shall ensure that the fifty dollar pass through payment, as required by 42 U.S.C. Sec. 657 before the adoption of P.L. 104-193, is terminated immediately upon the effective date of this section and all rules to the contrary adopted before the effective date of this section are without force and effect.

Sec. 934. RCW 74.20A.030 and 1993 sp.s. c 24 s 926 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department shall be subrogated to the right of any dependent child or children or person having the care, custody, and control of said child or children, if public assistance money is paid to or for the benefit of the child under a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, to prosecute or maintain any support action or execute any administrative remedy existing under the laws of the state of Washington to obtain reimbursement of moneys expended, based on the support obligation of the responsible parent established by a superior court order or RCW 74.20A.055.
Distribution of any support moneys shall be made in accordance with ((42 U.S.C. Sec. 657)) RCW 26.23.035.

(2) The department may initiate, continue, maintain, or execute an action to establish, enforce, and collect a support obligation, including establishing paternity and performing related services, under this chapter and chapter 74.20 RCW, or through the attorney general or prosecuting attorney under chapter 26.09, 26.18, 26.20, 26.21, 26.23, or 26.26 RCW or other appropriate statutes or the common law of this state, for so long as and under such conditions as the department may establish by regulation.

(3) Public assistance moneys shall be exempt from collection action under this chapter except as provided in RCW 74.20A.270.

(4) No collection action shall be taken against parents of children eligible for admission to, or children who have been discharged from a residential habilitation center as defined by RCW 71A.10.020(7). For the period July 1, 1993, through June 30, 1995, a collection action may be taken
against parents of children with developmental disabilities who are placed in community-based residential care. The amount of support the department may collect from the parents shall not exceed one-half of the parents’ support obligation accrued while the child was in community-based residential care. The child support obligation shall be calculated pursuant to chapter 26.19 RCW.

**Sec. 935.** RCW 74.20.320 and 1979 ex.s. c 171 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever a custodian of children, or other person, receives support moneys paid to them which moneys are paid in whole or in part in satisfaction of a support obligation which has been assigned to the department pursuant to (42 U.S.C. Sec. 602(A)(26(a))) Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 or RCW 74.20.330 or to which the department is owed a debt pursuant to RCW 74.20A.030, the moneys shall be remitted to the department within eight days of receipt by the custodian or other person. If not so remitted the custodian or other person shall be indebted to the department as a support debt in an amount equal to the amount of the support money received and not remitted.

By not paying over the moneys to the department, a custodial parent or other person is deemed, without the necessity of signing any document, to have made an irrevocable assignment to the department of any support delinquency owed which is not already assigned to the department or to any support delinquency which may accrue in the future in an amount equal to the amount of support money retained. The department may utilize the collection procedures in chapter 74.20A RCW to collect the assigned delinquency to effect recoupment and satisfaction of the debt incurred by reason of the failure of the custodial parent or other person to remit. The department is also authorized to make a set-off to effect satisfaction of the debt by deduction from support moneys in its possession or in the possession of any clerk of the court or other forwarding agent which are paid to the custodial parent or other person for the satisfaction of any support delinquency. Nothing in this section authorizes the department to make set-off as to current support paid during the month for which the payment is due and owing.

**Sec. 936.** RCW 74.20.330 and 1989 c 360 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Whenever public assistance is paid under (this title) a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, each applicant or recipient is deemed to have made assignment to the department of any rights to a support obligation from any other person the applicant or recipient may have in his or her own behalf or in behalf of any other family member for whom the applicant or recipient is applying for or receiving public assistance, including any unpaid support obligation or support debt which has accrued at the time the assignment is made.

(2) Payment of public assistance under (this title) a state program funded under Title IV-A of the federal social security act as amended by the personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996 shall:
(a) Operate as an assignment by operation of law; and
(b) Constitute an authorization to the department to provide the assistance recipient with support enforcement services.

**Sec. 937.** RCW 70.58.080 and 1989 c 55 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Within ten days after the birth of any child, the attending physician, midwife, or his or her agent shall:
(a) Fill out a certificate of birth, giving all of the particulars required, including: (i) The mother’s name and date of birth, and (ii) if the mother and father are married at the time of birth or the father has signed an acknowledgment of paternity, the father’s name and date of birth; and
(b) File the certificate of birth together with the mother’s and father’s social security numbers with the (local) state registrar of (the district in which the birth occurred) vital statistics.
(2) The local registrar shall forward the birth certificate, any signed affidavit acknowledging paternity, and the mother’s and father’s social security numbers to the state office of vital statistics pursuant to RCW 70.58.030.
(3) The state registrar of vital statistics shall make available to the division of child support the birth certificates, the mother’s and father’s social security numbers and paternity affidavits.

(4) Upon the birth of a child to an unmarried woman, the attending physician, midwife, or his or her agent shall:
   (a) Provide an opportunity for the child’s mother and natural father to complete an affidavit acknowledging paternity. The completed affidavit shall be filed with the state registrar of vital statistics. The affidavit shall contain or have attached:
      (i) A sworn statement by the mother consenting to the assertion of paternity and stating that this is the only possible father;
      (ii) A statement by the father that he is the natural father of the child;
      (iii) A sworn statement signed by the mother and the putative father that each has been given notice, both orally and in writing, of the alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent is a minor, any rights afforded due to minority status, and responsibilities that arise from, signing the affidavit acknowledging paternity;
      (iv) Written information furnished by the department of social and health services, explaining the implications of signing, including parental rights and responsibilities; and
      (v) The social security numbers of both parents.
   (b) Provide written information and oral information furnished by the department of social and health services, to the mother and the father regarding the benefits of having the child’s paternity established and of the availability of paternity establishment services, including a request for support enforcement services. The oral and written information shall also include information regarding the alternatives to, the legal consequences of, and the rights, including, if one parent is a minor any rights afforded due to minority status, and responsibilities that arise from, signing the affidavit acknowledging paternity.

(5) The physician or midwife or his or her agent is entitled to reimbursement for reasonable costs, which the department shall establish by rule, when an affidavit acknowledging paternity is filed with the state registrar of vital statistics.

(6) If there is no attending physician or midwife, the father or mother of the child, householder or owner of the premises, manager or superintendent of the public or private institution in which the birth occurred, shall notify the local registrar, within ten days after the birth, of the fact of the birth, and the local registrar shall secure the necessary information and signature to make a proper certificate of birth.

(7) When an infant is found for whom no certificate of birth is known to be on file, a birth certificate shall be filed within the time and in the form prescribed by the state board of health.

(8) When no putative father is named on a birth certificate of a child born to an unwed mother the mother may give any surname she so desires to her child but shall designate in space provided for father’s name on the birth certificate "None Named".

Sec. 938. RCW 26.26.040 and 1994 c 230 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A man is presumed to be the natural father of a child for all intents and purposes if:
   (a) He and the child’s natural mother are or have been married to each other and the child is born during the marriage, or within three hundred days after the marriage is terminated by death, annulment, declaration of invalidity, divorce, or dissolution, or after a decree of separation is entered by a court; or
   (b) Before the child’s birth, he and the child’s natural mother have attempted to marry each other by a marriage solemnized in apparent compliance with law, although the attempted marriage is or could be declared invalid, and the child is born within three hundred days after the termination of cohabitation;
   (c) After the child’s birth, he and the child’s natural mother have married, or attempted to marry, each other by a marriage solemnized in apparent compliance with law, although the attempted marriage is or could be declared invalid, and
      (i) He has acknowledged his paternity of the child in writing filed with the state registrar of vital statistics,
(ii) With his consent, he is named as the child’s father on the child’s birth certificate, or
(iii) He is obligated to support the child under a written voluntary promise or by court order;
(d) While the child is under the age of majority, he receives the child into his home and openly holds out the child as his child;
(e) He acknowledges his paternity of the child pursuant to RCW 70.58.080 or in a writing filed with the state registrar of vital statistics, which shall promptly inform the mother of the filing of the acknowledgment, if she does not dispute the acknowledgment within a reasonable time after being informed thereof, in a writing filed with the state registrar of vital statistics. An acknowledgment of paternity under RCW 70.58.080 shall be a legal finding of paternity of the child sixty days after the acknowledgment is filed with the center for health statistics unless the acknowledgment is sooner rescinded or challenged. After the sixty-day period has passed, the acknowledgment may be challenged in court only on the basis of fraud, duress, or material mistake of fact, with the burden of proof upon the challenger. Legal responsibilities of the challenger, including child support obligations, may not be suspended during the challenge, except for good cause shown. Judicial and administrative proceedings are neither required nor permitted to ratify an unchallenged acknowledgment of paternity filed after the effective date of this section.

(f) The United States immigration and naturalization service made or accepted a determination that he was the father of the child at the time of the child’s entry into the United States and he had the opportunity at the time of the child’s entry into the United States to admit or deny the paternal relationship; or
(g) Genetic testing indicates a ninety-eight percent or greater probability of paternity.

(2) A presumption under this section may be rebutted in an appropriate action only by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence. If two or more presumptions arise which conflict with each other, the presumption which on the facts is founded on the weightier considerations of policy and logic controls. The presumption is rebutted by a court decree establishing paternity of the child by another man.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 939. A new section is added to chapter 26.26 RCW to read as follows:

PROOF OF CERTAIN SUPPORT AND PATERNITY ESTABLISHMENT COSTS. In all actions brought under this chapter, bills for pregnancy, childbirth, and genetic testing shall:

(1) Be admissible as evidence without requiring third-party foundation testimony; and
(2) Constitute prima facie evidence of amounts incurred for such services or for testing on behalf of the child.

Sec. 940. RCW 74.20A.055 and 1996 c 21 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary may, in the absence of a superior court order, or pursuant to an establishment of paternity under chapter 26.26 RCW, serve on the responsible parent or parents a notice and finding of financial responsibility requiring a responsible parent or parents to appear and show cause in an adjudicative proceeding why the finding of responsibility and/or the amount thereof is incorrect, should not be finally ordered, but should be rescinded or modified. This notice and finding shall relate to the support debt accrued and/or accruing under this chapter and/or RCW 26.16.205, including periodic payments to be made in the future. The hearing shall be held pursuant to this section, chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, and the rules of the department.

(2) The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall be served in the same manner prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or may be served on the responsible parent by certified mail, return receipt requested. The receipt shall be prima facie evidence of service. The notice shall be served upon the debtor within sixty days from the date the state assumes responsibility for the support of the dependent child or children on whose behalf support is sought. If the notice is not served within sixty days from such date, the department shall lose the right to reimbursement of payments made after the sixty-day period and before the date of notification: PROVIDED, That if the department exercises reasonable efforts to locate the debtor and is unable to do so the entire sixty-day period is tolled until such time as the debtor can be located.
(3) The notice and finding of financial responsibility shall set forth the amount the department has determined the responsible parent owes, the support debt accrued and/or accruing, and periodic payments to be made in the future. The notice and finding shall also include:

(a) A statement of the name of the recipient or custodian and the name of the child or children for whom support is sought;
(b) A statement of the amount of periodic future support payments as to which financial responsibility is alleged;
(c) A statement that the responsible parent may object to all or any part of the notice and finding, and file an application for an adjudicative proceeding to show cause why said responsible parent should not be determined to be liable for any or all of the debt, past and future;
(d) A statement that the alleged responsible parent may challenge the presumption of paternity;
(e) A statement that the property of the debtor, without further advance notice or hearing, will be subject to lien and foreclosure, distraint, seizure and sale, order to withhold and deliver, notice of payroll deduction or other collection action to satisfy the debt and enforce the support obligation established under the notice.

(4) A responsible parent who objects to the notice and finding of financial responsibility may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding within twenty days of the date of service of the notice or thereafter as provided under this subsection. An adjudicative proceeding shall be held in the county of residence or other place convenient to the responsible parent.

(a) If the responsible parent files the application within twenty days, the department shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parent’s objection and determine the parent’s support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application stays collection action pending the entry of a final administrative order;
(b) If the responsible parent fails to file an application within twenty days, the notice and finding shall become a final administrative order. The amounts for current and future support and the support debt stated in the notice are final and subject to collection, except as provided under (c) and (d) of this subsection;
(c) If the responsible parent files the application more than twenty days after, but within one year of the date of service, the department shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding to hear the parents’ objection and determine the parent’s support obligation for the entire period covered by the notice and finding of financial responsibility. The filing of the application does not stay further collection action, pending the entry of a final administrative order, and does not affect any prior collection action;
(d) If the responsible parent files the application more than one year after the date of service, the department shall schedule an adjudicative proceeding at which the responsible parent must show good cause for failure to file a timely application. The filing of the application does not stay future collection action and does not affect prior collection action:
   (i) If the presiding officer finds that good cause exists, the presiding officer shall proceed to hear the parent’s objection to the notice and determine the parent’s support obligation;
   (ii) If the presiding officer finds that good cause does not exist, the presiding officer shall treat the application as a petition for prospective modification of the amount for current and future support established under the notice and finding. In the modification proceeding, the presiding officer shall set current and future support under chapter 26.19 RCW. The responsible parent need show neither good cause nor a substantial change of circumstances to justify modification of current and future support;
(e) The department shall retain and/or shall not refund support money collected more than twenty days after the date of service of the notice. Money withheld as the result of collection action shall be delivered to the department. The department shall distribute such money, as provided in published rules.
(5) If an application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed, the presiding or reviewing officer shall determine the past liability and responsibility, if any, of the alleged responsible parent and shall also determine the amount of periodic payments to be made in the future, which amount is not limited by the amount of any public assistance payment made to or for the benefit of the child. If deviating from the child support schedule in making these determinations, the presiding or reviewing officer shall apply the standards contained in the child support schedule and enter written findings of fact supporting the deviation.

(b) If a responsible parent provides credible evidence at an adjudicative proceeding that would rebut the presumption of paternity set forth in RCW 26.26.040, the presiding officer shall direct the department to refer the issue for scheduling of an appropriate hearing in superior court to determine whether the presumption should be rebutted.

(6) If the responsible parent fails to attend or participate in the hearing or other stage of an adjudicative proceeding, upon a showing of valid service, the presiding officer shall enter an administrative order declaring the support debt and payment provisions stated in the notice and finding of financial responsibility to be assessed and determined and subject to collection action.

(7) The final administrative order establishing liability and/or future periodic support payments shall be superseded upon entry of a superior court order for support to the extent the superior court order is inconsistent with the administrative order.

(8) Debts determined pursuant to this section, accrued and not paid, are subject to collection action under this chapter without further necessity of action by a presiding or reviewing officer.

Sec. 941. RCW 74.20A.056 and 1994 c 230 s 19 and 1994 c 146 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) If an alleged father has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity which has been filed with the state registrar of vital statistics before July 1, 1997, the division of child support may serve a notice and finding of parental responsibility on him. Procedures for and responsibility resulting from acknowledgments filed after July 1, 1997, are in subsections (8) and (9) of this section. Service of the notice shall be in the same manner as a summons in a civil action or by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall have attached to it a copy of the affidavit or certification of birth record information advising of the existence of a filed affidavit, provided by the center for health state registrar of vital statistics, and shall state that:

(a) The alleged father may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding at which he will be required to appear and show cause why the amount stated in the finding of financial responsibility as to support is incorrect and should not be ordered;

(b) An alleged father may request that a blood or genetic test be administered to determine whether such test would exclude him from being a natural parent and, if not excluded, may subsequently request that the division of child support initiate an action in superior court to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship; and

(c) If the alleged father does not request that a blood or genetic test be administered or file an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of parental responsibility shall become final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.060 that the parent-child relationship does not exist.

(2) An alleged father who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt, the amount of the current and future support obligation, and the reimbursement of the costs of blood or genetic tests if advanced by the department.

(3) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department. If no application is filed within twenty days:
(a) The amounts in the notice shall become final and the debt created therein shall be subject to collection action; and

(b) Any amounts so collected shall neither be refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.

(4) An alleged father who denies being a responsible parent may request that a blood or genetic test be administered at any time. The request for testing shall be in writing and served on the division of child support personally or by registered or certified mail. If a request for testing is made, the department shall arrange for the test and, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, may advance the cost of such testing. The department shall mail a copy of the test results by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the alleged father’s last known address.

(5) If the test excludes the alleged father from being a natural parent, the division of child support shall file a copy of the results with the state registrar of vital statistics and shall dismiss any pending administrative collection proceedings based upon the affidavit in issue. The state registrar of vital statistics shall remove the alleged father’s name from the birth certificate and change the child’s surname to be the same as the mother’s maiden name as stated on the birth certificate, or any other name which the mother may select.

(6) The alleged father may, within twenty days after the date of receipt of the test results, request the division of child support to initiate an action under RCW 26.26.060 to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship. If the division of child support initiates a superior court action at the request of the alleged father and the decision of the court is that the alleged father is a natural parent, the alleged father shall be liable for court costs incurred.

(7) If the alleged father does not request the division of child support to initiate a superior court action, or if the alleged father fails to appear and cooperate with blood or genetic testing, the notice of parental responsibility shall become final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.060.

(8)(a) If an alleged father has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity that has been filed with the state registrar of vital statistics after July 1, 1997, within sixty days from the date of filing of the acknowledgment:

(i) The division of child support may serve a notice and finding of parental responsibility on him as set forth under this section; and

(ii) The alleged father or any other signatory may rescind his acknowledgment of paternity. The rescission shall be notarized and delivered to the state registrar of vital statistics personally or by registered or certified mail. The state registrar shall remove the father’s name from the birth certificate and change the child’s surname to be the same as the mother’s maiden name as stated on the birth certificate or any other name that the mother may select. The state registrar shall file rescission notices in a sealed file. All future paternity actions on behalf of the child in question shall be performed under court order.

(b) If the alleged father does not file an application for an adjudicative proceeding or rescind his acknowledgment of paternity, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of parental responsibility becomes final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.060 that the parent-child relationship does not exist.

(c) An alleged father who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of the accrued debt and the amount of the current and future support obligation.

(i) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be stayed pending a final decision by the department.
(ii) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is not filed within twenty days of the service of the notice, any amounts collected under the notice shall be neither refunded nor returned if the alleged father is later found not to be a responsible parent.

(d) If an alleged father makes a request for genetic testing, the department shall proceed as set forth under section 901 of this act.

(e) If the alleged father does not request an adjudicative proceeding, or if the alleged father fails to rescind his filed acknowledgment of paternity, the notice of parental responsibility becomes final for all intents and purposes and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered under RCW 26.26.060.

(9) Affidavits acknowledging paternity that are filed after July 1, 1997, are subject to requirements of chapters 26.26 and 70.58 RCW.

(10) The department and the department of health may adopt rules to implement the requirements under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 942. A new section is added to chapter 26.18 RCW to read as follows:

CHILD SUPPORT LIENS--CREATION--ATTACHMENT. Child support debts, not paid when due, become liens by operation of law against all property of the debtor with priority of a secured creditor. This lien shall be separate and apart from, and in addition to, any other lien created by, or provided for, in this title. The lien attaches to all real and personal property of the debtor on the date of filing with the county auditor of the county in which the property is located.

Sec. 943. RCW 26.23.040 and 1994 c 127 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, all employers doing business in the state of Washington, and to whom the department of employment security has assigned the standard industrial classification sic codes listed in subsection (2) of this section, shall report to the Washington state support registry:
   (a) The hiring of any person who resides or works in this state to whom the employer anticipates paying earnings; and
   (b) The rehiring or return to work of any employee who was laid off, furloughed, separated, granted a leave without pay, or terminated from employment.

(2) Employers in the standard industrial classifications that shall report to the Washington state support registry include:
   (a) Construction industry sic codes: 15, general building; 16, heavy construction; and 17, special trades;
   (b) Manufacturing industry sic code 37, transportation equipment;
   (c) Business services sic codes: 73, except sic code 7363 (temporary help supply services); and health services sic code 80.

(3) Employers are not required to report the hiring of any person who:
   (a) Will be employed for less than one months duration;
   (b) Will be employed sporadically so that the employee will be paid for less than three hundred fifty hours during a continuous six-month period; or
   (c) Will have gross earnings less than three hundred dollars in every month.

The secretary of the department of social and health services may adopt rules to establish additional exemptions if needed to reduce unnecessary or burdensome reporting.

(4) Employers may report by mailing the employee’s copy of the W-4 form, or other means authorized by the registry which will result in timely reporting.

(5) Employers shall submit reports within thirty-five days of the hiring, rehiring, or return to work of the employee. The report shall contain:
   (a) The employee’s name, address, social security number, and date of birth; and
   (b) The employer’s name, address, and employment security reference number or unified business identifier number.

(6) An employer who fails to report as required under this section shall be given a written warning for the first violation and shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars per month for each subsequent violation after the warning has been given. All violations within a single
month shall be considered a single violation for purposes of assessing the penalty. The penalty may be imposed and collected by the (office of support enforcement) division of child support under (RCW 74.20A.270) section 893 of this act.

(7) (The registry shall retain the information for a particular employee only if the registry is responsible for establishing, enforcing, or collecting a support obligation or debt of the employee. If the employee does not owe such an obligation or a debt, the registry shall not create a record regarding the employee and the information contained in the notice shall be promptly destroyed. Prior to the destruction of the notice, the department of social and health services shall make the information contained in the notice available to other state agencies, based upon the written request of an agency’s director or chief executive, specifically for comparison with records or information possessed by the requesting agency to detect improper or fraudulent claims. If, after comparison, no such situation is found or reasonably suspected to exist, the information shall be promptly destroyed by the requesting agency. Requesting agencies that obtain information from the department of social and health services under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received, except as necessary to implement the agencies’ responsibilities.) The registry shall retain the information for a particular employee only if the registry is responsible for establishing, enforcing, or collecting a support debt of the employee. The registry may, however, retain information for a particular employee for as long as may be necessary to:

(a) Transmit the information to the national directory of new hires as required under federal law; or
(b) Provide the information to other state agencies for comparison with records or information possessed by those agencies as required by law.

Information that is not permitted to be retained shall be promptly destroyed. Agencies that obtain information from the department of social and health services under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received, except as necessary to implement the agencies’ responsibilities.

Sec. 944. RCW 26.23.040 and 1997 c ... s 943 (section 943 of this act) are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (Except as provided in subsection (3) of this section,) All employers doing business in the state of Washington, and to whom the department of employment security has assigned (the) a standard industrial classification sic code((s listed in subsection (2) of this section,) shall report to the Washington state support registry:

(a) The hiring of any person who resides or works in this state to whom the employer anticipates paying earnings; and
(b) The rehiring or return to work of any employee who was laid off, furloughed, separated, granted a leave without pay, or terminated from employment.

(2) Employers in the standard industrial classifications that shall report to the Washington state support registry include:

(a) Construction industry sic codes: 15, general building; 16, heavy construction; and 17, special trades;
(b) Manufacturing industry sic code 37, transportation equipment;
(c) Business services sic codes: 73, except sic code 7363 (temporary help supply services); and health services sic code 80.

(3) Employers are not required to report the hiring of any person who:

(a) Will be employed for less than one months duration;
(b) Will be employed sporadically so that the employee will be paid for less than three hundred fifty hours during a continuous six-month period; or
(c) Will have gross earnings less than three hundred dollars in every month.)

The secretary of the department of social and health services may adopt rules to establish additional exemptions if needed to reduce unnecessary or burdensome reporting. 

(((4))) (2) Employers may report by mailing the employee’s copy of the W-4 form, or other means authorized by the registry which will result in timely reporting.
Employers shall submit reports within (thirty-five) twenty days of the hiring, rehiring, or return to work of the employee, except as provided in subsection (4) of this section. The report shall contain:

(a) The employee’s name, address, social security number, and date of birth; and
(b) The employer’s name, address, (and) employment security reference number (or) unified business identifier number and identifying number assigned under section 6109 of the internal revenue code of 1986.

(4) In the case of an employer transmitting reports magnetically or electronically, the employer shall report newly hired employees by two monthly transmissions, if necessary, not less than twelve days nor more than sixteen days apart.

(5) An employer who fails to report as required under this section shall be given a written warning for the first violation and shall be subject to a civil penalty of up to two hundred dollars per month for each subsequent violation after the warning has been given. All violations within a single month shall be considered a single violation for purposes of assessing the penalty. The penalty may be imposed and collected by the division of child support under RCW 74.20A. (section 893 of this act).

(6) The registry shall retain the information for a particular employee only if the registry is responsible for establishing, enforcing, or collecting a support debt of the employee. The registry may, however, retain information for a particular employee for as long as may be necessary to:

(a) Transmit the information to the national directory of new hires as required under federal law; or
(b) Provide the information to other state agencies for comparison with records or information possessed by those agencies as required by law.

Information that is not permitted to be retained shall be promptly destroyed. Agencies that obtain information from the department of social and health services under this section shall maintain the confidentiality of the information received, except as necessary to implement the agencies’ responsibilities.

Sec. 945. RCW 26.09.020 and 1989 1st ex.s. c 9 s 204 and 1989 c 375 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) A petition in a proceeding for dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or for a declaration concerning the validity of a marriage, shall allege the following:

(a) The last known residence of each party;
(b) The social security number of each party;
(c) The date and place of the marriage;
(d) If the parties are separated the date on which the separation occurred;
(e) The names, ages, and addresses of any child dependent upon either or both spouses and whether the wife is pregnant;
(f) Any arrangements as to the residential schedule of, decision making for, dispute resolution for, and support of the children and the maintenance of a spouse;
(g) A statement specifying whether there is community or separate property owned by the parties to be disposed of;
(h) The relief sought.

(2) Either or both parties to the marriage may initiate the proceeding.

(3) The petitioner shall complete and file with the petition a certificate under RCW 70.58.200 on the form provided by the department of health.

Sec. 946. RCW 26.26.100 and 1994 c 230 s 15 and 1994 c 146 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The court may, and upon request of a party shall, require the child, mother, and any alleged or presumed father who has been made a party to submit to blood tests or genetic tests of blood, tissues, or other bodily fluids. If an alleged father) a party objects to a proposed order requiring (him to submit to paternity)) blood or genetic tests, the court (may) shall require the party making the allegation of possible paternity to provide sworn testimony, by affidavit or otherwise, stating the facts upon which the allegation is based. The court shall order blood or genetic tests if it
appears that a reasonable possibility exists that the requisite sexual contact occurred or where nonpaternity is alleged, that the requisite sexual contact did not occur. The tests shall be performed by an expert in paternity blood or genetic testing appointed by the court. The expert's verified report identifying the blood or genetic characteristics observed is admissible in evidence in any hearing or trial in the parentage action, if (a) the alleged or presumed father has had the opportunity to gain information about the security, validity, and interpretation of the tests and the qualifications of any experts, and (b) the report is accompanied by an affidavit from the expert which describes the expert's qualifications as an expert and analyzes and interprets the results. Verified documentation of the chain of custody of the blood or genetic samples tested is admissible to establish the chain of custody. The court may consider published sources as aids to interpretation of the test results.

2(a) Any objection to genetic testing results must be made in writing and served upon the opposing party, within twenty days before any hearing at which such results may be introduced into evidence.

(b) If an objection is not made as provided in this subsection, the test results are admissible as evidence of paternity without the need for foundation testimony or other proof of authenticity or accuracy.

3 The court, upon request by a party, shall order that additional blood or genetic tests be performed by the same or other experts qualified in paternity blood or genetic testing, if the party requesting additional tests advances the full costs of the additional testing within a reasonable time. The court may order additional testing without requiring that the requesting party advance the costs only if another party agrees to advance the costs or if the court finds, after hearing, that (a) the requesting party is indigent, and (b) the laboratory performing the initial tests recommends additional testing or there is substantial evidence to support a finding as to paternity contrary to the initial blood or genetic test results. The court may later order any other party to reimburse the party who advanced the costs of additional testing for all or a portion of the costs.

4 In all cases, the court shall determine the number and qualifications of the experts.

Sec. 947. RCW 26.26.130 and 1995 c 246 s 31 are each amended to read as follows:

1 The judgment and order of the court determining the existence or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship shall be determinative for all purposes.

2 If the judgment and order of the court is at variance with the child's birth certificate, the court shall order that an amended birth certificate be issued.

3 The judgment and order shall contain other appropriate provisions directed to the appropriate parties to the proceeding, concerning the duty of current and future support, the extent of any liability for past support furnished to the child if that issue is before the court, the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment of the judgment, or any other matter in the best interest of the child. The judgment and order may direct the father to pay the reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy and confinement. The judgment and order may include a continuing restraining order or injunction. In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800.

4 The judgment and order shall contain the social security numbers of all parties to the order.

5 Support judgment and orders shall be for periodic payments which may vary in amount. The court may limit the father's liability for the past support to the child to the proportion of the expenses already incurred as the court deems just. The court shall not limit or affect in any manner the right of nonparties including the state of Washington to seek reimbursement for support and other services previously furnished to the child.

6 After considering all relevant factors, the court shall order either or both parents to pay an amount determined pursuant to the schedule and standards contained in chapter 26.19 RCW.

7 On the same basis as provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, the court shall make residential provisions with regard to minor children of the parties, except that a parenting plan shall not be required unless requested by a party.

8 In any dispute between the natural parents of a child and a person or persons who have (a) commenced adoption proceedings or who have been granted an order of adoption, and (b) pursuant to a court order, or placement by the department of social and health services or by a licensed agency, have had actual custody of the child for a period of one year or more before court action is
commenced by the natural parent or parents, the court shall consider the best welfare and interests of
the child, including the child’s need for situation stability, in determining the matter of custody, and the
parent or person who is more fit shall have the superior right to custody.

((8)) (9) In entering an order under this chapter, the court may issue any necessary continuing
restraining orders, including the restraint provisions of domestic violence protection orders under
chapter 26.50 RCW or antiharassment protection orders under chapter 10.14 RCW.

((9)) (10) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the person from molesting
or disturbing another party or from going onto the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or
school of the other party or the day care or school of any child shall prominently bear on the front page
of the order the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS
IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.26 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR
TO ARREST.

((10)) (11) The court shall order that any restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend,
any domestic violence protection order, or any antiharassment protection order granted under this
section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law
enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall
forthwith enter the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in
this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The order is fully enforceable
in any county in the state.

**Sec. 948.** RCW 70.58.055 and 1991 c 96 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To promote and maintain nation-wide uniformity in the system of vital statistics, the
certificates required by this chapter or by the rules adopted under this chapter shall include, as a
minimum, the items recommended by the federal agency responsible for national vital statistics
including social security numbers.

(2) The state board of health by rule may require additional pertinent information relative to the
birth and manner of delivery as it may deem necessary for statistical study. This information shall be
placed in a confidential section of the birth certificate form and shall not be subject to the view of the
public or for certification purposes except upon order of the court. The state board of health may
eliminate from the forms items that it determines are not necessary for statistical study.

(3) Each certificate or other document required by this chapter shall be on a form or in a
format prescribed by the state registrar.

(4) All vital records shall contain the data required for registration. No certificate may be held
to be complete and correct that does not supply all items of information called for or that does not
satisfactorily account for the omission of required items.

(5) Information required in certificates or documents authorized by this chapter may be filed
and registered by photographic, electronic, or other means as prescribed by the state registrar.

**X. MISCELLANEOUS**

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 1001.** The legislature finds that, according to the department of health’s
monitoring system, sixty percent of births to women on medicaid were identified as unintended by the
women themselves. The director of the office of financial management shall establish an interagency
task force on unintended pregnancy in order to:

(1) Review existing research on the short and long-range costs;

(2) Analyze the impact on the temporary assistance for needy families program; and

(3) Develop and implement a state strategy to reduce unintended pregnancy.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 1002.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 74.08.120 and 1992 c 108 s 2, 1987 c 75 s 39, 1981 1st ex.s. c 6 s 15, 1981 c 8 s
12, 1979 c 141 s 326, 1969 ex.s. c 259 s 1, 1969 ex.s. c 159 s 1, 1965 ex.s. c 102 s 1, & 1959 c 26 s
74.08.120; and

(2) RCW 74.08.125 and 1993 c 22 s 1 & 1992 c 108 s 3.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1003. A new section is added to chapter 74.04 RCW to read as follows:

For the purpose of evaluating the effect of the defense of equitable estoppel on the recovery of overpayments and the administration of justice in public assistance cases, the department shall report the following to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 1997:

(1) The number of applicants and recipients of public assistance who have raised the defense of equitable estoppel in an administrative proceeding related to the collection of overpayments or the determination of eligibility;

(2) The number of recipients or applicants of public assistance who prevailed in an administrative proceeding related to the collection of overpayments or the determination of eligibility due to the defense of equitable estoppel;

(3) The amount, average amount, and percent of payments and overpayments not collected due to the successful assertion of the defense of equitable estoppel at an administrative proceeding related to the collection of overpayments or the determination of eligibility;

(4) Any other information regarding the assertion of the defense of equitable estoppel in administrative proceedings that the department feels will assist in evaluation of the defense.

Sec. 1004. RCW 50.13.060 and 1996 c 79 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Governmental agencies, including law enforcement agencies, prosecuting agencies, and the executive branch, whether state, local, or federal shall have access to information or records deemed private and confidential under this chapter if the information or records are needed by the agency for official purposes and:

(a) The agency submits an application in writing to the employment security department for the records or information containing a statement of the official purposes for which the information or records are needed and specific identification of the records or information sought from the department; and

(b) The director, commissioner, chief executive, or other official of the agency has verified the need for the specific information in writing either on the application or on a separate document; and

(c) The agency requesting access has served a copy of the application for records or information on the individual or employing unit whose records or information are sought and has provided the department with proof of service. Service shall be made in a manner which conforms to the civil rules for superior court. The requesting agency shall include with the copy of the application a statement to the effect that the individual or employing unit may contact the public records officer of the employment security department to state any objections to the release of the records or information. The employment security department shall not act upon the application of the requesting agency until at least five days after service on the concerned individual or employing unit. The employment security department shall consider any objections raised by the concerned individual or employing unit in deciding whether the requesting agency needs the information or records for official purposes.

(2) The requirements of subsections (1) and ((((8))) (9)) of this section shall not apply to the state legislative branch. The state legislature shall have access to information or records deemed private and confidential under this chapter, if the legislature or a legislative committee finds that the information or records are necessary and for official purposes. If the employment security department does not make information or records available as provided in this subsection, the legislature may exercise its authority granted by chapter 44.16 RCW.

(3) In cases of emergency the governmental agency requesting access shall not be required to formally comply with the provisions of subsection (1) of this section at the time of the request if the procedures required by subsection (1) of this section are complied with by the requesting agency following the receipt of any records or information deemed private and confidential under this chapter. An emergency is defined as a situation in which irreparable harm or damage could occur if records or information are not released immediately.

(4) The requirements of subsection (1)(c) of this section shall not apply to governmental agencies where the procedures would frustrate the investigation of possible violations of criminal laws.

(5) Governmental agencies shall have access to certain records or information, limited to such items as names, addresses, social security numbers, and general information about benefit entitlement or employer information possessed by the department, for comparison purposes with records or
information possessed by the requesting agency to detect improper or fraudulent claims, or to determine potential tax liability or employer compliance with registration and licensing requirements. In those cases the governmental agency shall not be required to comply with subsection (1)(c) of this section, but the requirements of the remainder of subsection (1) must be satisfied.

(6) Governmental agencies may have access to certain records and information, limited to employer information possessed by the department for purposes authorized in chapter 50.38 RCW. Access to these records and information is limited to only those individuals conducting authorized statistical analysis, research, and evaluation studies. Only in cases consistent with the purposes of chapter 50.38 RCW are government agencies not required to comply with subsection (1)(c) of this section, but the requirements of the remainder of subsection (1) of this section must be satisfied. Information provided by the department and held to be private and confidential under state or federal laws shall not be misused or released to unauthorized parties subject to the sanctions in RCW 50.13.080.

(7) Disclosure to governmental agencies of information or records obtained by the employment security department from the federal government shall be governed by any applicable federal law or any agreement between the federal government and the employment security department where so required by federal law. When federal law does not apply to the records or information state law shall control.

(8) For purposes of statistical analysis and evaluation of the WorkFirst program or any successor state welfare program, the department of social and health services, the office of financial management, and other governmental entities with oversight or evaluation responsibilities for the program shall have access to employer wage information on clients in the program whose names and social security numbers are provided to the department. The information provided by the department may be used only for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes as provided in sections 702 and 703 of this act. The department of social and health services is not required to comply with subsection (1)(c) of this section, but the requirements of the remainder of subsection (1) of this section must be satisfied.

(9) The disclosure of any records or information by a governmental agency which has obtained the records or information under this section is prohibited unless the disclosure is directly connected to the official purpose for which the records or information were obtained.

(10) In conducting periodic salary or fringe benefit studies pursuant to law, the department of personnel shall have access to records of the employment security department as may be required for such studies. For such purposes, the requirements of subsection (1)(c) of this section need not apply.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1005. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall provide the employment security department quarterly with the names and social security numbers of all clients in the WorkFirst program and any successor state welfare program.

(2) The information provided by the employment security department under RCW 50.13.060 for statistical analysis and welfare program evaluation purposes may be used only for statistical analysis, research, and evaluation purposes as provided in sections 702 and 703 of this act. Through individual matches with accessed employment security department confidential employer wage files, only aggregate, statistical, group level data shall be reported. Data sharing by the employment security department may be extended to include the office of financial management and other such governmental entities with oversight responsibility for this program.

(3) The department and other agencies of state government shall protect the privacy of confidential personal data supplied under RCW 50.13.060 consistent with federal law, chapter 50.13 RCW, and the terms and conditions of a formal data-sharing agreement between the employment security department and agencies of state government, however the misuse or unauthorized use of confidential data supplied by the employment security department is subject to the penalties in RCW 50.13.080.
Sec. 1006. RCW 74.04.062 and 1973 c 152 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon written request of a person who has been properly identified as an officer of the law (with a felony arrest warrant) or a properly identified United States immigration official (with a warrant for an illegal alien) the department shall disclose to such officer the current address and location of (the person properly described in the warrant) a recipient of public welfare if the officer furnishes the department with such person’s name and social security account number and satisfactorily demonstrates that such recipient is a fugitive, that the location or apprehension of such fugitive is within the officer’s official duties, and that the request is made in the proper exercise of those duties.

When the department becomes aware that a public assistance recipient is the subject of an outstanding warrant, the department may contact the appropriate law enforcement agency and, if the warrant is valid, provide the law enforcement agency with the location of the recipient.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1007. QUESTIONNAIRES. The department of social and health services shall create a questionnaire, asking businesses for information regarding available and upcoming job opportunities for welfare recipients. The department of revenue shall include the questionnaire in a regular quarterly mailing. The department of social and health services shall receive responses and use the information to develop work activities in the areas where jobs will be available.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1008. PART HEADINGS, CAPTIONS, AND TABLE OF CONTENTS NOT LAW. Part headings, captions, and the table of contents used in this act are not any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1009. The governor and the department of social and health services shall seek all necessary exemptions and waivers from and amendments to federal statutes, rules, and regulations and shall report to the appropriate committees in the house of representatives and senate quarterly on the efforts to secure the federal changes to permit full implementation of this act at the earliest possible date.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1010. Sections 1, 2, 103, 104, 106, 202 through 205, 301, 302, 307, 308, 310 through 318, 321, 324 through 326, 402, 503, 504, 701 through 704, and 706 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 74 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1011. If any part of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition to the allocation of federal funds to the state, the conflicting part of this act is inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict and with respect to the agencies directly affected, and this finding does not affect the operation of the remainder of this act in its application to the agencies concerned. The rules under this act shall meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state. As used in this section, "allocation of federal funds to the state" means the allocation of federal funds that are appropriated by the legislature to the department of social and health services and on which the department depends for carrying out any provision of the operating budget applicable to it.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1012. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1013. (1) Sections 1, 2, 101 through 110, 201 through 207, 301 through 329, 401 through 404, 501 through 506, 601, 705, 706, 888, 891 through 943, 945 through 948, and 1002 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately.

(2) Sections 801 through 887, 889, and 890 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect July 1, 1997.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1014. If specific funding for the purposes of sections 404 and 405 of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number and section numbers, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, sections 404 and 405 of this act are null and void."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "1996;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 74.08.025, 74.08.340, 74.09.510, 74.09.800, 74.08.331, 28A.630.876, 74.04.050, 41.06.380, 74.12A.020, 74.13.0903, 74.25.040, 74.12.255, 74.04.0052, 13.34.160, 74.12.250, 74.12.410, 74.20A.020, 46.20.291, 46.20.311, 18.04.335, 18.11.160, 18.27.060, 18.39.181, 18.46.050, 18.96.120, 18.104.110, 18.130.150, 18.160.080, 18.165.160, 18.170.170, 43.20A.205, 43.70.115, 19.28.310, 19.28.580, 19.30.060, 19.16.120, 19.31.130, 19.32.060, 19.105.380, 19.105.440, 19.138.130, 19.158.050, 19.166.040, 21.20.110, 67.08.100, 19.02.100, 43.24.080, 43.24.110, 43.24.120, 70.74.110, 70.74.130, 70.74.370, 66.24.010, 43.63B.040, 70.95D.040, 17.21.130, 64.44.060, 19.146.220, 75.28.010, 26.09.160, 26.23.050, 26.18.100, 26.23.060, 74.20.040, 26.23.090, 74.20A.100, 26.23.045, 26.23.030, 74.20A.080, 26.23.120, 26.04.160, 26.09.170, 26.21.005, 26.21.115, 26.21.135, 26.21.235, 26.21.245, 26.21.255, 26.21.265, 26.21.450, 26.21.490, 26.21.520, 26.21.530, 26.21.580, 26.21.590, 26.21.620, 26.23.035, 74.20A.030, 74.20.320, 74.20.330, 70.58.080, 26.26.040, 74.20A.055, 26.23.040, 26.23.040, 26.26.130, 70.58.055, 50.13.060, and 74.04.062; reenacting and amending RCW 74.04.005, 74.20A.270, 42.17.310, 74.20A.060, 74.20A.056, 26.09.020, and 26.26.100; adding new sections to chapter 74.12 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.630 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.30 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.330 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 44.28 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.20A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.22 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 2.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.16 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.39 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.51 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.76 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.85 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.106 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.130 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.140 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.145 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.165 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.170 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.175 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.185 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.410 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 20.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.17 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.15 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 47.68 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 66.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 88.02 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.95B RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.25 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 77.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.30 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.09 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.20 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 26.23 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 26.21 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.26 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.18 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.20A RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 74 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 74.12.420, 74.12.425, 74.04.660, 74.25.010, 74.25.020, 74.25.030, 74.25.900, 74.25.901, 74.08.120, and 74.08.125; providing effective dates; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary  

MOTION
Representative Cooke moved that the House concur with the Senate amendments to Engrossed House Bill No. 3901, and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Cooke and Reams spoke in favor of the motion.

Representatives Tokuda, Wolfe, Chopp and Gombosky spoke against the motion.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 56-YEAS; 42-NAYS.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 3900 as amended by the Senate.

Representative Cooke spoke in favor the passage of the bill.

Representative Tokuda spoke against passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901, as amended by the Senate and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 42, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed House Bill No. 3901, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the ninth order of business.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of the following bills, and the same were advanced to the next working day’s second reading calendar: Senate Bill No. 5193, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5274, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5749, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5030, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5105, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179, Senate Bill No. 5195, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5394, Senate Bill No. 5434, Senate Bill No. 5460, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5472, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5505, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5509, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5527, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5612, Senate Bill No. 5669, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5671, Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5800, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5922, Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927, Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6039.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION
On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Friday, April 11, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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EIGHTY-EIGHTH DAY, APRIL 10, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.

EIGHTY-NINTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, April 11, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Whitney May and Spencer Jack. Prayer was offered by Reverend Rick McGregor, Westgate Assembly of God, Salem, Oregon.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5290,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:
HOUSE BILL NO. 1545,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1551,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1585,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1610,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1928,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5290,
SENATE BILL NO. 5603,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5621,
SENATE BILL NO. 5626,
SENATE BILL NO. 5642,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5653,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5657,
SENATE BILL NO. 5448,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5470,
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SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1010,
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SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1393,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1550,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1573,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1636,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1887,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1930,

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 6004, by Senators Wood, Bauer, Winsley, Jacobsen and Kohl
Creating the K-20 education technology revolving fund.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 528 to Senate Bill No. 6004 was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motions by Representatives Talcott and Kessler, Representatives Hankins, Mastin, McMorris, B. Thomas, K. Schmidt, Costa, Constantine, Appelwick and Poulsen were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 6004.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 6004 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 8.


Absent: Representative Hankins - 1.


Senate Bill No. 6004, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Senate Bill No. 6004.

SHIRLEY HANKINS, 8th District

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 7900, by Senators Swecker, Fraser, Anderson, Rasmussen, Zarelli, Oke, Goings, Morton, Haugen, Hale, Spanel, Rossi, Johnson, Schow, Kohl, Sellar, Franklin, Horn, Kline, McAuliffe and Winsley

Implementing the model toxics control act policy advisory committee recommendations (Introduced with House sponsors).

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (537)

On page 19, line 30, after "((though it))" strike all language through "register" on line 36
Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7900, as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7900, as amended by the House and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Excused: Representatives Costa, Mastin, McMorris and Schmidt, K. - 4.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 7900, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4658, by Representatives Cairnes, D. Sommers, McDonald, Radcliff, Lambert, Ballasiotes, D. Schmidt, Sehlin, Honeyford, Smith, DeBolt, Van Luven, L. Thomas, Hatfield, Conway, Cooke, Wolfe and Sullivan

WHEREAS, The 448th Civil Affairs Battalion is an Army Reserve unit located on Fort Lewis and made up of citizen-soldiers from the state of Washington; and
WHEREAS, The mission of the 448th Civil Affairs Battalion is of long-term importance which does not end with victory on the battlefield, but continues through the restructuring of civilian and governmental institutions, rebuilding of societies, resettlement of displaced civilians, and helping restore essential services such as medical, infrastructure, and government in areas devastated by war, insurrection, and natural disaster; and
WHEREAS, The 448th Civil Affairs Battalion was activated by President Clinton and sent to the Republic of Haiti to assist in Operation Uphold Democracy in January 1995, returning to a tumultuous welcome on July 1, 1995, at McChord Air Force Base; and
WHEREAS, The 448th Civil Affairs Battalion brought great credit upon itself and the state of Washington with its outstanding work in helping restore services and democracy in the Republic of Haiti through the numerous awards and recognition received from commanders in Haiti including one of the Army’s highest unit awards, the Joint Meritorious Unit Award; and
WHEREAS, The 448th Civil Affairs Battalion continues their peace-keeping work throughout the Pacific Rim in countries as diverse as Thailand, Japan, South Korea, Cambodia, and Australia as well as the Persian Gulf, Central America, Haiti, and the former Yugoslavia as part of the United States Army Special Operations Forces and always remains on call and ready to go anywhere, anytime they are needed;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor the soldiers and families of the 448th Civil Affairs Battalion for its work on behalf of peace and democracy in the Republic of Haiti and throughout the world, and recognize them for their outstanding service as citizen-soldiers of the great state of Washington; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to the Commander of the 448th Civil Affairs Battalion at Fort Lewis, Washington.

Representative Cairnes moved the adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Cairnes, D. Sommers, Mitchell and Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4658 was adopted.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1709, by Representatives McMorris, Chandler, Mastin and Smith

Changing provisions relating to school mandates.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 was substituted for House Bill No. 1709 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 218 to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 was withdrawn.

Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Schoesler: (481)

On page 5, line 32, after "commission," insert "However, the school district board of directors shall also have the discretion to use the one-half of one percent to purchase historical documents, instructional materials, or any other items appropriate for educational use."

Representatives Schoesler, McMorris spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Quall, Skinner, Ogden, Cole spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Talcott, Representative Sehlin was excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (481) on page 5, line 32, to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 31, Nays - 65, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Blalock, Butler, Carlson, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, DeBolt,


Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Schoesler: (489)

On page 5, after line 32, insert:

"A school district board of directors may elect to use the one-half of one percent of the appropriation under this section for the construction of facilities or acquisition of equipment or other items with an extended useful life in lieu of acquisition of works of art."

On page 5, line 35, after "district." strike "Any" and insert "With the exception of funds used by a school district board of directors for the construction of facilities or acquisition of equipment or other items with an extended useful life, any"

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Skinner: I request a ruling on Scope and Object regarding amendment 489 by Representative Schoesler.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Ballasiotes: My office has been receiving numerous calls regarding the stadium issue, many of which are abusive. I have instructed my legislative assistant to hang up on abusive callers. Our legislative assistants do not need to deal with calls of this kind.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5445, by Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Wojahn, Wood, Fairley and Winsley)

Making technical corrections to statutes administered by the department of health.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Health Care was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5445 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5445 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5445, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5188, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Goings, Long, Hargrove, Zarelli, Schow, Winsley and Rasmussen)

Revising policies concerning health care and information about the health status of inmates.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment (514) to the committee amendment:

On page 1 line 5, after "inmates" strike "on death row or"

On page 4 beginning on line 2, after "relative to" strike everything through "an" on line 4 and insert "a medical condition used by the"

Representatives Cody, Costa and Radcliff spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Ballasiotes, Schoesler and Dyer spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Lisk demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representative Wolfe was excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (514) to the committee amendment on page 1, line 5, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5188 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 20, Nays - 75, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Gardner, Sehlin and Wolfe - 3.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes and O’Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5188 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5188 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 88, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Gardner, Sehlin and Wolfe - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5188, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5283, by Senators Hargrove and Long

Clarifying deductions from offender funds other than wages and gratuities.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 507 to Senate Bill No. 5283 was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Koster and O’Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5283.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5283 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Voting nay: Representatives Chandler, Gombosky and Murray - 3.


Senate Bill No. 5283, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5554 and the held it's place on the second reading calendar.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5744, by Senators Hale, Anderson, Haugen, Deccio, West and Oke

Extending the time for legislative review of agency rules.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5744.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5744 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5744, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5783, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Haugen, Anderson, Rasmussen and Morton)
Changing provisions relating to public water systems.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5783 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5783 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 85, Nays - 11, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Voting nay: Representatives Appelwick, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Dickerson, Dunshee, Mason, Murray, Poulsen and Veloria - 11.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5783, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5838 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5959, by Senators Anderson and Morton

Allowing for the establishment of restricted seed potato production areas.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5959.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5959 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5959, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5082, by Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Long, Franklin, Oke and Winsley)

Revising procedures for mental health and chemical dependency treatment for minors.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendments by the Committee on Children & Family Services, with the exception of the committee amendment beginning with "on page 10, line 33", were adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82\textsuperscript{nd} Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Cooke moved the adoption the following amendment:

Beginning on page 10, line 33, strike all of section 7

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representatives Cooke, Wolfe and Dickerson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Boldt, Lambert, Smith and Carrell spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Talcott, Representative K. Schmidt was excused.

Representatives Gombosky, O'Brien, Dunshee, Dyer, Mulliken and Tokuda spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Bush, Sterk, Talcott and Backlund spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 62-YEAS; 33-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 522 to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082 was withdrawn.
Representative McDonald moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative McDonald: (524)

Representatives McDonald and Wolfe spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke, Lambert and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Backlund spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Gardner and Reams - 2.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5127, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wojahn, Deccio, Thibaudeau, Wood, Oke, Loveland, Sellar, Snyder, Fairley, Spanel, Sheldon, McCaslin, West, Bauer, Winsley, Goings and Schow)

Providing additional funding for trauma care services.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Finance was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (544)

On page 1, line 24, after "chapter" insert "and for reimbursement by the department of social and health services for trauma care services provided by designated trauma centers"

Beginning on page 1, line 27, strike sections 3 and 4.
On page 4, beginning on line 19, strike all of subsection (6) and insert:

"(6) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed a fee of twenty dollars per infraction. Under no circumstances shall this fee be reduced or waived. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account under RCW 70.168.040. The public safety and education assessment imposed under RCW 3.62.090 does not apply to the fee imposed under this subsection."

Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives Carroll, Morris, Sterk, Schoesler, Smith, Backlund and Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives O'Brien and Honeyford spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 527 to Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127 was withdrawn.

Representative Mulliken moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Mulliken: (546)

On page 5, beginning on line 10, strike sections 7 and 8, and insert:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The committees on finance and health care of the house of representatives shall conduct a joint interim study on trauma care services funding. (1) The study shall:

(a) Review how health care providers and facilities determine which patients are classified as trauma care patients;

(b) Examine actual trauma care services information for fiscal year 1997 to determine how the four million six hundred thousand dollars appropriated from the state’s general fund for trauma care was spent and whether the appropriation was sufficient to reimburse all eligible trauma care services for treating medically indigent persons who had a trauma index severity score of 16 or higher;

(c) Determine if reimbursement at the Medicaid rate covers, on average, the actual costs of trauma care services for treating a medically indigent person. If reimbursement at the Medicaid rate does not cover actual costs, then the study shall determine by how much the reimbursement at the Medicaid rate fails to cover actual costs;

(d) Review grants, contributions, and other income received by trauma center facilities that are not third party reimbursemant;

(e) Compare and contrast financial information for trauma care service providers to determine if the overall financial condition of such providers has worsened, improved, or held constant over the last five years; and

(f) Analyze any other information which assists the committees to better understand the amount of funding needed for trauma care services.

(2) The office of program research shall provide staff support for the study. The department of health, the department of social and health services, and the emergency medical services and trauma care steering committee shall provide information and technical support as needed.

(3) For the purposes of this section "trauma care services" means verified ambulance services, designated trauma services, and related services provided by a physician who is an active member of a trauma service team at a designated facility."

Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.
Representatives Mulliken and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Carrell, Conway and Talcott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Gardner - 1.

Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5178, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Wojahn, Deccio, Bauer, Fairley, Goings, Prince, Prentice, Franklin, Horn, Patterson and Winsley)

Adopting the diabetes cost reduction act.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Health Care was not adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(529)

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
Representative Sherstad spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5178 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5178 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Koster and Sherstad - 2.

Excused: Representative Gardner - 1.

Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5178, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5253, by Senators Strannigan, Oke, Hargrove, Roach, Morton, Swecker, Horn and Winsley

Allowing nonresidents under the age of fifteen to obtain a free fishing license.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Clements moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Clements: (541)

On page 1, line 12, after "(3)" insert "(a)"

On page 1, line 17, after "older." insert the following:

"(b) There is no fee for nonresident juveniles under fifteen years of age if the juvenile is fishing with an adult who holds a current game fish license. The total catch limit for the persons using this exemption, both juvenile and adult, shall be limited to the quantity of game fish that is conveyed by the adult license. The license fee for a nonresident juvenile under fifteen years of age is twenty dollars if the juvenile: (i) is not fishing with an adult who holds a current game fish license; or (ii) desires to have a complete catch limit."

Representatives Clement and Regala spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5253 as amended by the House.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5253 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Gardner - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5253, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

Representative Pennington return the gavel to the Speaker.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5334, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley, Heavey, Finkbeiner, Benton, Rasmussen, Hale and West)

Crediting certain insurance premium taxes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Finance was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment (525) to the committee amendment:

On page 2, after line 29, insert:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 48.32 RCW to read as follows:
The commissioner shall keep a running total of credits granted under RCW 48.32.145 and 48.32A.090 during each calendar year. The commissioner shall not allow the aggregate amount of credits taken under those sections by all insurers to exceed seven million dollars during any calendar year. Credits denied under this section may not be carried forward to future years."

Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives Dunshee and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative B. Thomas spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives B. Thomas, Mulliken, Dyer and L. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Kastama, Wolfe, Gombosky and Chopp spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Zellinsky demanded the previous question, and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5334 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5334 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 76, Nays - 21, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Gardner - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5334, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5508, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hochstatter, Oke, Morton, Swecker, Finkbeiner, Horn, Stevens and Schow)

Reading accountability.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5508, as amended by the House. (For committee amendments, see Journal Day 85, April 7, 1997.)

Representatives Johnson, Cole and Talcott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5508, as amended by the House and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,

Excused: Representative Gardner - 1.

Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5508, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5903, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Hale, Morton, Wood and Winsley)

Authorizing the use of local hotel-motel taxes for operation of performing and cultural arts facilities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representative Ogden was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5903.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5903 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 77, Nays - 19, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Gardner and Ogden - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5903, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RECONSIDERATION
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the House immediately reconsidered the vote on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5725.

There being no objection, Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5725 was returned to second reading for purposes of amendments.

Representative Mastin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (526)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 90.46 RCW to read as follows: The owner of a wastewater treatment facility that is reclaiming water with a permit issued under this chapter has the exclusive right to any reclaimed water generated by the wastewater treatment facility. Use and distribution of the reclaimed water by the owner of the wastewater treatment facility is exempt from the permit requirements of RCW 90.03.250 and 90.44.060. Revenues derived from the reclaimed water facility shall be used only to offset the cost of operation of the wastewater utility fund or other applicable source of system-wide funding.

If the proposed use or uses of reclaimed water are intended to augment or replace potable water supplies or create the potential for the development of additional potable water supplies, such use or uses shall be considered in the development of the regional water supply plan or plans addressing potable water supply service by multiple water purveyors. The owner of a wastewater treatment facility that proposes to reclaim water shall be included as a participant in the development of such regional water supply plan or plans.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows: The permit requirements of RCW 90.03.250 do not apply to the use of reclaimed water by the owner of a wastewater treatment facility under the provisions of section 1 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 90.44 RCW to read as follows: The permit requirements of RCW 90.44.060 do not apply to the use of reclaimed water by the owner of a wastewater treatment facility under the provisions of section 1 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 90.46 RCW to read as follows: Facilities that reclaim water under this chapter shall not impair any existing water right downstream from any freshwater discharge points of such facilities unless compensation or mitigation for such impairment is agreed to by the holder of the affected water right.

Sec. 5. RCW 90.46.010 and 1995 c 342 s 2 are each amended to read as follows: Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Greywater" means wastewater having the consistency and strength of residential domestic type wastewater. Greywater includes wastewater from sinks, showers, and laundry fixtures, but does not include toilet or urinal waters.

(2) "Land application" means application of treated effluent for purposes of irrigation or landscape enhancement for residential, business, and governmental purposes.

(3) "Person" means any state, individual, public or private corporation, political subdivision, governmental subdivision, governmental agency, municipality, copartnership, association, firm, trust estate, or any other legal entity whatever.

(4) "Reclaimed water" means effluent derived in any part from sewage from a wastewater treatment system that has been adequately and reliably treated, so that as a result of that treatment, it is suitable for a (direct) beneficial use or a controlled use that would not otherwise occur and is no longer considered wastewater.

(5) "Sewage" means water-carried human wastes (including kitchen, bath, and laundry waste) from residences, buildings, industrial and commercial establishments, or other places, together with such ground water infiltration, surface waters, or industrial wastewater as may be present.

(6) "User" means any person who uses reclaimed water.
(7) "Wastewater" means water and wastes discharged from homes, businesses, and industry to the sewer system.

(8) "Beneficial use" means the use of reclaimed water, that has been transported from the point of production to the point of use without an intervening discharge to the waters of the state, for a beneficial purpose.

(9) "Direct recharge" means the controlled subsurface addition of water directly to the ground water basin that results in the replenishment of ground water.

(10) "Ground water recharge criteria" means the contaminant criteria found in the drinking water quality standards adopted by the state board of health pursuant to chapter 43.20 RCW and the department of health pursuant to chapter 70.119A RCW.

(11) "Planned ground water recharge project" means any reclaimed water project designed for the purpose of recharging ground water, via direct recharge or surface percolation.

(12) "Reclamation criteria" means the criteria set forth in the water reclamation and reuse interim standards and subsequent revisions adopted by the department of ecology and the department of health.

(13) "Streamflow augmentation" means the discharge of reclaimed water to rivers and streams of the state or other surface water bodies, but not wetlands.

(14) "Surface percolation" means the controlled application of water to the ground surface for the purpose of replenishing ground water.

(15) "Wetland or wetlands" means areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted to life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Wetlands regulated under this chapter shall be delineated in accordance with the manual adopted by the department of ecology pursuant to RCW 90.58.380.

(16) "Created wetlands" means a wetland intentionally created from a nonwetland site to produce or replace natural habitat. "Constructed beneficial use wetlands" means those wetlands intentionally constructed on nonwetland sites to produce or replace natural wetland functions and values. Constructed beneficial use wetlands are considered "waters of the state."

Sec. 6. RCW 90.46.080 and 1995 c 342 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Reclaimed water may be beneficially used for surface percolation provided the reclaimed water meets the ground water recharge criteria as measured in ground water beneath or down gradient of the recharge project site, and has been incorporated into a sewer or water comprehensive plan, as applicable, adopted by the applicable local government and approved by the department of health or department of ecology as applicable.

(2) If the state ground water recharge criteria as defined by RCW 90.46.010 do not contain a standard for a constituent or contaminant, the department of ecology shall establish a discharge limit consistent with the goals of this chapter.

(3) Reclaimed water that does not meet the ground water recharge criteria may be beneficially used for service percolation where the department of ecology, in consultation with the department of health, has specifically authorized such use at such lower standard.

Sec. 7. RCW 90.46.090 and 1995 c 342 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Reclaimed water may be beneficially used for discharge into constructed beneficial use wetlands and constructed treatment wetlands provided the reclaimed water meets the class A or B reclaimed water standards as defined in the reclamation criteria, and the discharge is incorporated into a sewer or water comprehensive plan, as applicable, adopted by the applicable local government and approved by the department of health or department of ecology as applicable.

(2) Reclaimed water that does not meet the class A or B reclaimed water standards may be beneficially used for discharge into constructed treatment wetlands where the department of ecology, in consultation with the department of health, has specifically authorized such use at such lower standard.
lower standards (in conjunction with a pilot project designated pursuant to this chapter, the purpose of which is to test and implement the use of created wetlands for advanced treatment).

(3) The department of ecology and the department of health must develop appropriate standards for discharging reclaimed water into constructed beneficial use wetlands and constructed treatment wetlands. These standards must be considered as part of the approval process under subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 90.46 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The department of health shall develop standards, procedures, and guidelines for the reuse of greywater, consistent with RCW 43.20.230(2), by January 1, 1998.
(2) Standards, procedures, and guidelines developed by the department of health for reuse of greywater shall encourage the application of this technology for conserving water resources, or reducing the wastewater load, on domestic wastewater facilities, individual on-site sewage treatment and disposal systems, or community on-site sewage treatment and disposal systems.
(3) The department of health and local health officers may permit the reuse of greywater according to rules adopted by the department of health.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:
The evaluation of any plans submitted under RCW 90.48.110 must include consideration of opportunities for the use of reclaimed water as defined in RCW 90.46.010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. The department of ecology and the department of health shall report on the progress of the implementation of chapter 342, Laws of 1995, as amended by chapter . . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act) to the members of the agriculture and ecology committee of the house of representatives and the members of the agriculture and environment committee of the senate by December 15, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

Correct the title.

Representatives Mastin and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5725 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5725, as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Gardner and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5725, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5030 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5105, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, McCaslin, Hale, Goings, Johnson, Haugen, West, Winsley, Oke, Schow and Roach)

Tightening requirements for administrative rule making.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendments by the Committee on Government Reform & Land Use and by the Committee on Appropriations were adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 80th Day, April 2, 1997 (Government Reform & Land Use) and 85th Day, April 7, 1997 (Appropriations).)

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Romero: (547)

On page 3, line 36, after "law" insert "on the same subject matter"

Representatives Romero and Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams, Mastin and Reams spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero, Lantz and Fisher spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5105 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5105 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 57, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Gardner and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5105, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5030, by Substitute Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senator Horn)
Establishing procedures by which owners of single-family residences may use lake water for noncommercial landscape irrigation.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 78th Day, March 31, 1997.)

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Linville: (559)

On page 2, line 38 of the amendment, strike "and"

On page 2, line 39 of the amendment, after "life" insert "; and
(d) Establish a fee for water withdrawal to recover the costs of enforcing this section. The fee shall incorporate a rate structure designed to encourage conservation. The department may contract with one or more water purveyors to enforce all or part of the provisions of this section"

Representatives Linville and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Chandler spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Linville: (558)

On page 3, line 3 of the amendment, after "chapter." insert "The department may require a person to register with the department prior to withdrawing water under the provisions of this section."

Representatives Linville and Regala spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Chandler spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Linville, Mastin, Anderson and Van Luven spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Butler and Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5030 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5030 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 64, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5030, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5195, by Senators Deccio and Newhouse; by request of Department of Revenue

Providing for taxation of membership sales in discount programs.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Finance was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5195 and the bill held it’s place on the third reading.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5274, by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Hochstatter, Zarelli, Stevens, Strannigan, Rasmussen, Deccio, Benton, Roach, Horn and Winsley)

Limiting disclosure of students’ social security numbers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Education was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel and Johnson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cole and Keiser spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5274 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5274 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 64, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Gardner and Ogden - 2.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5274, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5370, by Senators Finkbeiner, Brown, Hochstatter, Strannigan, Rossi, Sheldon, Patterson and Winsley; by request of Utilities & Transportation Commission

Allowing a telecommunications company to reduce a rate or charge in a more streamlined manner.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives DeBolt and Poulsen spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5370.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5370 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Mastin and Parlette - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5370, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RECONSIDERATION

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the House immediately reconsidered the vote on Senate Bill No. 5370.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5370.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5370 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Gardner and Ogden - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5370, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RECONSIDERATION

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the House immediately reconsidered the vote on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5783.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5783 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5783 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 69, Nays - 27, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Gardner and Ogden - 2.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5783, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of the following bills, and the same bills were advanced to the second reading calendar: Substitute Senate Bill No. 5005, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5012, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5103, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5119, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5120, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5144, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5149 Senate Bill No. 5154, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5276, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5332, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5337, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5541, Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5600, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5750, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5782, Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842, Senate Bill No. 5871, Senate Bill No. 5991, Substitute Senate Bill No. 6022, Substitute Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8408.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.
MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Monday, April 14, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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1066
Other Action 3

1067
Other Action 3

1069 (Sub)
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1271 (Sub)
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Other Action 3

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Messages 2

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1364 (Sub)
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1393 (Sub)
Other Action 3

1402 (Sub)
Messages 2

1424
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1426 (Sub)
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1429 (Sub)
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1432 (2nd Sub)
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1525
1533 Messages 2
1535 (Sub) Messages 2
1539 Messages 2
1545 Messages 2
1550 (Sub) Other Action 3
1551 Messages 2
1573 Other Action 3
1585 (Sub) Messages 2
1610 Messages 2
1636 Other Action 3
1709 Second Reading 6
1709 (2nd Sub) Second Reading Amendment 6
1887 (Sub) Other Action 3
1928 Messages 2
1930 (Sub) Other Action 3
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2143 Messages 1
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EIGHTY-NINTH DAY, APRIL 11, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE

NOTICE: Formatting and page numbering in this document may be different from that in the original published version.
NINETY-SECOND DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, April 14, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Seth Thompson and Britney Larson. Prayer was offered by Pastor Phil Ling, Northshore Christian Church, Everett.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1473,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1593,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1594,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1604,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1678,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1761,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1776,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1847,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1908,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1940,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1975,

and the same is/are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5056,
SENATE BILL NO. 5111,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5121,
SENATE BILL NO. 5139,
SENATE BILL NO. 5181,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5313,
SENATE BILL NO. 5383,
SENATE BILL NO. 5395,
SENATE BILL NO. 5439,
SENATE BILL NO. 5452,
SENATE BILL NO. 5519,
SENATE BILL NO. 5551,
SENATE BILL NO. 5578,
SENATE BILL NO. 5637,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5664,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5670,
RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4653, by Representatives Hatfield, Wolfe, Wood, Kessler, Wensman, Keiser, Blalock, Cooper, Butler, Kenney, Dickerson, Romero, Linville, Gardner and Chopp

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to honor and celebrate excellence in all fields of endeavor; and
WHEREAS, The positive experience acquired through participation in athletics and other extracurricular activities establishes a lifelong standard of fair play and community involvement for the students of our public and private schools; and
WHEREAS, Young men and women who are involved in school activities outside the classroom, as well as their coaches and advisers, represent a tremendous role model for their peers and colleagues; and
WHEREAS, The Washington Interscholastic Activities Association sponsors and awards program that salutes the academic achievement of high school athletic teams and activity programs; and
WHEREAS, The Washington Interscholastic Activities Association has awarded academic championships to very deserving athletic teams and activity programs for the past nine years;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives commend and congratulate the 1996-97 fall and winter Academic Champions:

1996-97 FALL WIAA STATE ACADEMIC CHAMPIONS

BOYS CROSS COUNTRY  ATHLETIC
CLASS SCHOOL GPA COACH DIRECTOR
AAA Kelso HS, Kelso 3.814 Joe Stewart Gary Kinch
AA Othello HS, Othello 3.650 John Oord Mark Kondo
A Zillah HS, Zillah 3.880 Earl Holden Doug Burge
B Pomeroy HS, Pomeroy 3.706 Fred Knebel Bob Kirk

GIRLS CROSS COUNTRY  ATHLETIC
CLASS SCHOOL GPA COACH DIRECTOR
AAA Marysville Pilchuck HS, Marysville 3.880 Julie Coburn Greg Erickson
AA Arlington HS, Arlington 3.920 John Scheffer Allen Jefferson
A Cascade HS, Leavenworth 3.910 Rob Rosenau Dan Roche
B Naselle HS, Naselle 3.729 Dominic Urban Linda Nelson

FOOTBALL  ATHLETIC
CLASS SCHOOL GPA COACH DIRECTOR
AAA Lake Washington HS, Kirkland 3.379 Ron Sidenquist Roger Hanson
AA Colville HS, Colville 3.450 Ken Emmil Randy Russell
A Omak HS, Omak 3.611 Galen Kaemingk Jim Brucker
B Liberty HS, Spangle 3.308 Rod Fletcher Nancy Hobbs
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<td>A Meridian HS, Bellingham 3.447 Gil Huntley Steve Miller</td>
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<td>AAA Joel Ferris HS, Spokane 3.653 Robin Crain Ray Hare</td>
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<td>AA Port Townsend HS, Port Townsend 3.700 Colin Foden Joey Johnson</td>
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<td>AA Lynden HS, Lynden 3.950 Ron Barker Terry DeValois</td>
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<td>A Cascade HS, Leavenworth 3.900 Paula West Dan Roche</td>
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<td>B Moses Lake Christian HS, Moses Lake 3.861 Dennis Treat Dan O'Bannan</td>
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**1996-97 WINTER WIAA STATE ACADEMIC CHAMPIONS**

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<td>AAA Gonzaga Prep, Spokane 3.584 Mike Haugen Mike Arte</td>
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<td>AA Sunnyside HS, Sunnyside 3.780 Jeff Thompson Mike Davis</td>
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<td><strong>CLASS SCHOOL GPA COACH DIRECTOR</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>AAA Everett HS, Everett 3.790 Jo Metzer-Levin Pat Sullivan</td>
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<td>AA Elma HS, Elma 3.810 Greg Hardie Steve Bridge</td>
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<td>Cascade HS, Leavenworth 3.705</td>
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**DRAMA**  
CLASS SCHOOL GPA COACH DIRECTOR  
AAA Shorewood HS, Shoreline 3.563 | Loren Reynolds | Sue Walker |

**GYMNASTICS**  
CLASS SCHOOL GPA COACH DIRECTOR  
AAA Joel Ferris HS, Spokane 3.720 | Bill Christianson | Ray Hare |
| AA Hanford HS, Richland 3.467 | Brett Garland | Tom Hegarty |

**MUSIC**  
CLASS SCHOOL GPA COACH DIRECTOR  
AAA Shorewood HS, Shoreline 3.713 | Dan Wing | Sue Walker |
| A Quincy HS, Quincy 3.840 | Dave Rowley | Bill Alexander |
| B Liberty HS, Spangle 3.430 | Mike Jedsrup | Nancy Hobbs |

**BOYS SWIMMING**  
CLASS SCHOOL GPA COACH DIRECTOR  
AAA Bellevue HS, Bellevue 3.590 | Paul Von Destinon | Al Strand |
| AA Capital HS, Olympia 3.547 | Mike Westphal | Mike Mulligan |

**WRESTLING**  
CLASS SCHOOL GPA COACH DIRECTOR  
AAA Edmonds-Woodway HS, Edmonds 3.647 | Mike Hess | Jerry Crabb |
| AA Elma HS, Elma 3.420 | Rick Rakevich | Steve Bridge |
| A Colfax HS, Colfax 3.330 | Jack McBride | Duane Gottschalk |
| B Pomeroy HS, Pomeroy 3.242 | Randy Mulrony | Fred Knebel |

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to these schools in recognition of their impressive accomplishments.

Representative Hatfield moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Hatfield, Cooper, Honeyford and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4653 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the second order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 2261, by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers and Wensman; by request of Office of Financial Management

Reducing paperwork for the governor’s budget document.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff, H. Sommers and Alexander spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2261.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representative Talcott, Representatives Chandler, Dyer, Mitchell, K. Schmidt, and Poulson were excused. On motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Quall, Ogden and Appelwick were excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2261 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 8.


Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Dyer, Mitchell, Ogden, Poulson, Quall and Schmidt, K. - 8.

House Bill No. 2261, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2267, by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers, Hatfield, Kessler, Lambert, Ogden, Dickerson, Kenney and Wensman; by request of Office of Financial Management

Creating the disaster response account.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2267.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2267 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 8.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine,

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Dyer, Mitchell, Ogden, Poulsen, Quall and Schmidt, K. - 8.

House Bill No. 2267, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5394, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hochstatter, West and Spanel; by request of Office of Financial Management)

Regarding school audits.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Hickel and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5394.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5394 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 8.


Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Dyer, Mitchell, Ogden, Poulsen, Quall and Schmidt, K. - 8.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5394, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5434 and Senate Bill No. 5460, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5472, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West, Spanel, McDonald, Kohl, Long, Sheldon, Strannigan, Oke and Winsley)
Creating the caseload forecast council.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff and H. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5472.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5472 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 82, Nays - 8, Absent - 0, Excused - 8.


Voting nay: Representatives Boldt, Constantine, Dunn, Dunshee, Gombosky, Koster, Mulliken and Sherstad - 8.

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Dyer, Mitchell, Ogden, Poulsen, Quall and Schmidt, K. - 8.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5472, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5505, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen and Swecker)

Directing agencies to assist growers in securing safe and reliable water sources.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85nd Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Mastin and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5505 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5505 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Dyer, Mitchell, Ogden, Poulsen and Quall - 7.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5505, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5509, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Rossi, Roach, Zarelli, Winsley, Long, Morton, Goings, Finkbeiner, Oke, Hochstatter, Benton, Johnson, Stevens, McCaslin and Rasmussen)

Changing definitions regarding offenders.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Koster, O'Brien and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5509.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5509 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 87, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Voting nay: Representatives Dickerson, Mason, Murray and Wolfe - 4.

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Dyer, Mitchell, Ogden, Poulsen and Quall - 7.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5509, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5527, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators McDonald, Rasmussen, Sellar, Fraser and Anderson)

Providing incentives for water-efficient irrigation systems.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Linville spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5527 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5527 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Mitchell, Ogden, Poulsen and Quall - 6.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5527, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5612, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Wojahn, Hale and Horn)

Providing qualifications for granting certificates of registration to architects.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5612.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5612 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Dickerson, Dunn, Koster, Mulliken and Sherstad - 6.

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Mitchell, Ogden, Poulsen and Quall - 6.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5612, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5669, by Senator Morton; by request of Department of Revenue

Revising the collection of the metals mining and milling fee.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Schoesler spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5669.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5669 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 82, Nays - 10, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.

Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 82.

Voting nay: Representatives Boldt, Dunn, Kessler, Mielke, Pennington, Robertson, Schoesler, Sheldon, Sommers, D. and Sump - 10.

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Mitchell, Ogden, Poulsen and Quall - 6.

Senate Bill No. 5669, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative McMorris, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that rules be suspended, and that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Senate Bill No. 5669. The motion was carried.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5669.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5669 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 77, Nays - 15, Absent - 1, Excused - 5.


Absent: Representative Huff - 1.

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chandler, Mitchell, Ogden and Quall - 5.

Senate Bill No. 5669, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5671, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senator McCaslin)

Requiring adoption of de facto rules.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Reform & Land Use was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 80th Day, April 2, 1997.)

Representative Lambert moved the adoption of the following amendment (548) by Representative Lambert:

On page 6, after line 23, insert the following:

"Sec. 3. RCW 34.05.310 and 1995 c 403 s 301 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To meet the intent of providing greater public access to administrative rule making and to promote consensus among interested parties, agencies shall solicit comments from the public on a subject of possible rule making before filing with the code reviser a notice of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320. The agency shall prepare a statement of inquiry that:
(a) Identifies the specific statute or statutes authorizing the agency to adopt rules on this subject;
(b) Discusses why rules on this subject may be needed and what they might accomplish;
(c) Identifies other federal and state agencies that regulate this subject, and describes the process whereby the agency would coordinate the contemplated rule with these agencies;
(d) Discusses the process by which the rule might be developed, including, but not limited to, negotiated rule making, pilot rule making, or agency study;
(e) Specifies the process by which interested parties can effectively participate in the decision to adopt a new rule and formulation of a proposed rule before its publication.

(2) (a) The statement of inquiry shall be filed with the code reviser for publication in the state register at least thirty days before the date the agency files notice of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320 and shall be sent to any party that has requested receipt of the agency’s statements of inquiry.

(b) The statement of inquiry shall also be sent to the chair of the appropriate standing committees and the majority and minority leaders of the house and senate for comment on the legislative intent of the statute that the rule implements. Any comments submitted by the chairs or leaders shall become part of the record of any subsequent rule making hearing.

(((44)))(3) Agencies are encouraged to develop and use new procedures for reaching agreement among interested parties before publication of notice and the adoption hearing on a proposed rule. Examples of new procedures include, but are not limited to:
(a) Negotiated rule making by which representatives of an agency and of the interests that are affected by a subject of rule making, including, where appropriate, county and city representatives, seek to reach consensus on the terms of the proposed rule and on the process by which it is negotiated; and
(b) Pilot rule making which includes testing the feasibility of complying with or administering draft new rules or draft amendments to existing rules through the use of volunteer pilot groups in various areas and circumstances, as provided in RCW 34.05.313 or as otherwise provided by the agency.

(((44)))(4)(a) An agency must make a determination whether negotiated rule making, pilot rule making, or another process for generating participation from interested parties prior to development of the rule is appropriate.
(b) An agency must include a written justification in the rule-making file if an opportunity for interested parties to participate in the rule-making process prior to publication of the proposed rule has not been provided.

(((44)))(5) This section does not apply to:
(a) Emergency rules adopted under RCW 34.05.350;
(b) Rules relating only to internal governmental operations that are not subject to violation by a nongovernment party;
(c) Rules adopting or incorporating by reference without material change federal statutes or regulations, Washington state statutes, rules of other Washington state agencies, shoreline master programs other than those programs governing shorelines of state-wide significance, or, as referenced by Washington state law, national consensus codes that generally establish industry standards, if the material adopted or incorporated regulates the same subject matter and conduct as the adopting or incorporating rule;
(d) Rules that only correct typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect;
(e) Rules the content of which is explicitly and specifically dictated by statute;
(f) Rules that set or adjust fees or rates pursuant to legislative standards; or
(g) Rules that adopt, amend, or repeal:
   (i) A procedure, practice, or requirement relating to agency hearings; or
   (ii) A filing or related process requirement for applying to an agency for a license or permit.
Representatives Lambert, Reams and Lantz spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams and Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Lantz and Romero spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5671 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5671 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 57, Nays - 37, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5671, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5749 and Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5800, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5922, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator West)

Limiting capital expenditures and public indebtedness on capital projects.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Capital Budget was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Sullivan spoke against passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5922 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5922 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 83, Nays - 11, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5922, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6039, by Senator West

Imposing fines or regulatory assessments under the insurance code.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Benson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Wolfe and Keiser spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6039 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6039 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 33, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Clements, Cooke, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Doumit, Dunn, Dyer, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Linville, Lisk,
Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mulliken, Parlette, Pennington, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Robertson, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sterk, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Van Luven, Wensman, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 61.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6039, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5195, by Senators Deccio and Newhouse; by request of Department of Revenue

Providing for taxation of membership sales in discount programs.

Representatives B. Thomas and Skinner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5195.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5195 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Senate Bill No. 5195, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, all bills passed today were immediately transmitted to the Senate.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING
HOUSE BILL NO. 1420, by Representatives McDonald, Regala, Huff, Talcott, Conway, Smith, Mitchell, Fisher and Bush

Modifying local public health financing.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 521, 530 and 518 to House Bill No. 1420 were withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McDonald, Regala, Cody and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cairnes spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1420.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1420 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 88, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Talcott - 1.

House Bill No. 1420, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 1420.

GIGI TALCOTT, 28th District

SENATE BILL NO. 5554, by Senators Johnson, Roach and Finkbeiner

Regulating deeds of trusts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice was before the House for amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 81st Day, April 3, 1997.)
Representative Constantine moved the adoption of the following amendment (535) to the committee amendment.

Beginning on page 13, line 26, strike all of section 7

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references, and correct the title.

Representatives Constantine and Hickel spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5554 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5554 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Senate Bill No. 5554, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Senate Bill No. 5554.

GIGI TALCOTT, 28th District

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5838, by Substitute Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Morton and Winsley)

Requiring health boards to respond to requests for on-site sewage permits in a timely manner.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture and Ecology (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997 - Committee on Agriculture and Ecology) was not adopted. There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was before the House for purposes of amendments (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997 - Committee on Appropriations).

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment (519) to the committee amendment.

On page 12, line 4, after "by" strike everything down to and including "required." on page 13, line 31 and insert "RCW 35.67.010 and 35.67.020 for cities and towns."

Correct the title and any internal references accordingly.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5838 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5838 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 8, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Constantine, Dunn, Koster, Pennington, Poulson, Romero, Sherstad and Sump - 8.

Excused: Representative Talcott - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5838, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5838. GIGI TALCOTT, 28th District
The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1850, by Representatives Dyer, Backlund, Skinner, Talcott, Schoesler, Mitchell and Cooke

Adopting the long-term care reorganization and standards of care reform act.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850 was substituted for House Bill No. 1850 and the second substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850 was read the second time.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(550)

On page 7, line 5, after "employee" insert "or contractor"

On page 7, line 14, after "RCW or" insert "care provided in a boarding home or a veterans' home"

On page 7, line 15, after "RCW" insert "or other in-home provider"

On page 7, line 21, strike "or of a consumer of hospice, home health, or home care services" and insert "who is a consumer of hospice, home health, home care services, or other in-home services"

On page 7, line 38, after "department" insert ", or the department of health."

On page 8, line 37, after "department" insert ", and the department of health for facilities, agencies, or individuals it regulates,"

Representatives Dyer and Wood spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(551)

On page 17, beginning on line 17, after "services" strike "consistent with subsections (3) and (4) of this section" and insert ". The hospital shall advise the individual regarding its recommended discharge placement for individuals requiring posthospital care and shall, consistent with the individual's expressed preferences and in accordance with his or her care needs, identify services, including known costs, available in the community and shall develop with the individual and his or her legal representative a comprehensive community service plan, if in-home or other community service is appropriate and preferred"

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(554)

On page 18, beginning on line 17, after "(7)" strike all material through "references." on line 23 and insert "To the extent funding is available, all long-term care staff directly responsible for the care, supervision, or treatment of vulnerable persons should be screened through background checks in
Representatives Dyer and Murray spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

On page 21, beginning on line 3, after "authority." strike all material through "18.30 RCW."

On page 26, beginning on line 8, after "authority." strike all material through "18.30 RCW."

On page 36, line 36, after "program" insert "in cooperation with the department of social and health services and disciplining authorities and"

On page 36, line 37, after "administration." insert "The department of social and health services shall retain authority to review and investigate all allegations of nursing home resident neglect, abuse, and misappropriation of resident property. If the department of social and health services makes a preliminary determination, based upon credible evidence and an investigation by the department, that a licensed, certified, or registered health care provider listed in RCW 18.130.040 and used by the nursing home to provide services to a resident, except for a certified or registered nursing assistant, has neglected or abused a resident or misappropriated a resident's property, the department of social and health services shall immediately refer its determination regarding the individual to the appropriate disciplining authority, as defined in chapter 18.130 RCW. The disciplining authority shall pursue administrative adjudicatory or disciplinary proceedings according to federal timelines and requirements, and consistent with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. A finding of fact, stipulated finding of fact, agreed order, or final order issued by the disciplining authority that finds the individual health care provider guilty of neglect, abuse, or misappropriation of resident property shall be promptly reported to the department of social and health services. The disciplining authority shall not make a finding that an individual has neglected a resident if the individual demonstrates that such neglect was caused by factors beyond the control of the individual."

On page 36, after line 37, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 506. A new section is added to chapter 18.51 RCW to read as follows: The department of social and health services shall implement a nursing home resident protection program in cooperation with the department of health and disciplining authorities and according to guidelines established by the federal health care financing administration. The department of social and health services shall conduct a timely review and investigation of all credible allegations of nursing home resident neglect, abuse, and misappropriation of resident property. If the department of social and health services makes a preliminary determination, based upon credible evidence and an investigation by the department, that a licensed, certified, or registered health care provider listed in RCW 18.130.040 and used by the nursing home to provide services to a resident, except for a certified or registered nursing assistant, has neglected or abused a resident or misappropriated a resident's property, the department of social and health services shall immediately refer its determination regarding the individual to the department of health or disciplining authority, as defined in RCW 18.130.020. The disciplining authority, except the department of social and health services for individuals referred to the disciplining authority, shall pursue administrative adjudicatory or disciplinary proceedings according to federal timelines and requirements, and consistent with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Other individuals used by a nursing home, including
certified and registered nursing assistants, with a preliminary determination of neglect, abuse, or misappropriation of resident property shall receive notice and the right to an administrative fair hearing from the department of social and health services according to federal timelines and requirements, and consistent with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. An individual with a finding of fact, stipulated finding of fact, agreed order, or final order issued by the department of social and health services that finds the individual guilty of neglect, abuse, or misappropriation of resident property shall not be employed in the care of and have unsupervised access to vulnerable adults, as defined in chapter 74.34 RCW. The department shall not make a finding that an individual has neglected a resident if the individual demonstrates that such neglect was caused by factors beyond the control of the individual. Upon receipt from the disciplining authority of a finding of fact, stipulated finding of fact, agreed order, or final order that finds the individual health care provider guilty of neglect, abuse, or misappropriation of resident property, the department of social and health services shall report this information to the nursing home where the incident occurred, the long-term care facility where the individual works, if different, and other entities serving vulnerable adults upon request by the entity.

Renumber the following sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

On page 1, line 8 of the title, after "43.70 RCW;" insert "adding a new section to chapter 18.51 RCW;"

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(522)

On page 33, beginning on line 1, after "(4)" strike all material through "client." on line 7 and insert "It is the intent of the legislature that the department collect, to the extent possible, all costs associated with the individual provider program including, but not limited to, training, taxes, and fringe benefits.

By November 15, 1997, the secretary shall identify and report to the legislature:
(a) The costs of identifying or tracking direct and indirect costs associated with the individual provider program, including any necessary changes to the department’s information systems; and
(b) Any federal or state laws limiting the department’s ability to recover direct or indirect costs of the individual provider program from the estate."

Representatives Dyer and Murray spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 553 to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850 was withdrawn.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(555)

On page 10, line 11, strike "within the scope of its license or contract and" and insert "as"

On page 12, beginning on line 20, after "accommodations" strike ", within the scope of its license or contract."

Representatives Dyer and Wood spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.
The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer, Cody and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Substitute House Bill No. 1850 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Talcott - 1.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850.

GIGI TALCOTT, 28th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 2264, by Representatives Koster, Huff, D. Sommers, Sterk, Sherstad, Boldt, Mulliken, Thompson and McMorris

Eliminating the health care policy board.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2264 was substituted for House Bill No. 2264 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2264 was read the second time.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(540)

On page 12, line 6, after "considered.")", strike all material down through and including "RCW 43.70.320." on line 15

On page 12, after line 15, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 43.72 RCW to read as follows:
The secretary of health shall from time to time establish fees to accompany the filing of a petition under this section and for the active supervision of conduct approved under RCW 43.72.310. Such fees may vary according to the size of the transaction proposed in the petition or under active supervision. In setting such fees, the secretary shall consider that consumers and the public benefit when activities meeting the standards of this section are permitted to proceed; the importance of assuring that persons sponsoring beneficial activities are not foreclosed from filing a petition under this section because of the fee; and the necessity to avoid a conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between the interests of the department and the public. The fee for a petition shall not exceed the level that will defray the reasonable costs the department and attorney general incur in considering a petition, and in no event shall be greater than $25,000. The fee for review of approved conduct shall not exceed the level that will defray the reasonable costs the department and attorney general incur in conducting such a review and in no event shall be greater than $10,000 per annum. The fees shall be fixed by rule adopted in accordance with the provisions of the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, and shall be deposited in the health professions account established in accordance with RCW 43.70.320.

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references.

On page 17, after line 32, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. If specific funding for the purposes of section 8 of this act, referencing section 8 of this act by bill and section number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, section 8 of this act is null and void."

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Koster spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Cody spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2264.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2264 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 58, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Talcott - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2264, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2264.

GIGI TALCOTT, 28th District

HOUSE BILL NO. 2279, by Representatives Huff and Backlund

Revising the basic health plan.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2279 was substituted for House Bill No. 2279 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2279 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cody, Kenney, H. Sommers and Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2279.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2279 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 55, Nays - 42, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Talcott - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 2279, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 2279.

GIGI TALCOTT, 28th District
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 6002 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5179, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Prentice and Wood)

Correcting inequities in the nursing facility reimbursement system.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations was before the House for purpose of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

With the consent of the House, amendment number 545 to the committee amendment was withdrawn.

Representative Backlund moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer: (560)
On page 2, after line 4 of the amendment, insert
"(2) The rate adjustment provided in subsection (1) of this section shall be effective upon the completion of the nursing facility’s renovation project and only if the costs exceed $4 million."

Representative Backlund spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the committee amendment by the Committee on Appropriations as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 85, Nays - 12, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Talcott - 1.
Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179.

GIGI TALCOTT, 28th District

SENATE BILL NO. 5460, by Senators McCaslin, Deccio and Zarelli

Limiting the use of public funds for political activities.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was not adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative D. Schmidt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative D. Schmidt: (493)

On page 2, beginning on line 12, strike everything through line 12 on page 3, and insert the following:

"(2) (a) An association composed of local governments or local government officials and financially supported by local governments may not participate in any election.
   (b) The association may (1) gather and disseminate objective and factual information to members relating to a ballot measure; (2) participate in the determination of a collective position on the ballot measure; and (3) participate on a committee appointed to prepare arguments to appear in the voter’s pamphlet regarding the ballot measure.
   (c) Each association shall prepare and submit a full report to the House Government Administration Committee and the Senate Government Operations Committee no later than January 31 of each year through the year 1999 certifying it did not participate in any election during the previous year and providing full disclosure of any activities engaged in by the association under subsection (2)(b) of this section during the previous year."

Representatives D. Schmidt and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Scott, Appelwick and Dunshee spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt, Robertson and Delvin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Doumit, Conway and O’Brien spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5460 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5460 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 59, Nays - 39, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Senate Bill No. 5460, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5005, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, McCaslin, Haugen, Zarelli, Johnson, Winsley, Goings, Rasmussen, Oke and Roach)

Concerning concurrent and consecutive sentencing for violent offenses.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Radcliff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5005.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5005 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representative Dickerson - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5005, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
There being no objection, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5012 was referred to the Rules Committee.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5103, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Winsley)

Increasing the number of alternate operators allowed under certain commercial fishery licenses.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Natural Resources was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5103 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5103 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5103, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5119, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Snyder and Roach)

Compensating members of the forest practices appeals board.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Natural Resources was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5119 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5119 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representative Pennington - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5119, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5120, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Morton)

Providing for fish enhancement with remote site incubators.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Natural Resources was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck and Anderson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Talcott, Representative B. Thomas was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5120 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5120 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5120, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5144, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senator Roach)

Modifying numerous local government administrative requirements.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 81st Day, April 3, 1997.)

Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment (516) to the committee amendment.

On page 2, line 35 of the amendment, before "attorney" insert "or her"

On page 2, line 35 of the amendment, before "assignee" insert "or her"

On page 3, line 8 of the amendment, after "him" insert "or her"

Representatives Costa and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Sherstad and Lambert spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call, and the demand was sustained.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5144 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5149, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Spanel, Horn and Kohl; by request of Legislative Ethics Board)

Revising restrictions on legislators’ newsletters.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 79th Day, April 1, 1997.)

Representative Pennington moved the adoption of the following amendment (565) to the committee amendment.

On page 1, line 34, strike "of a type that is sufficiently infrequent to be noteworthy to a reasonable person, including, but not limited to: (A) An international or national award such as the Nobel prize and the Pulitzer prize; (B) a state award such as Washington scholar; (C) an Eagle Scout award; (D) a Medal of Honor; (E) a one-hundredth birthday; and (F) a seventy-fifth wedding anniversary"

Representatives Pennington and Scott spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5149 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5154, by Senators Horn, Heavey and Prince

Extending the vehicle gross weight schedule.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5154.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5154 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5154, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5270, by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley and Snyder; by request of State Investment Board)
Authorizing the state investment board to create public entities for the purposes of handling real estate and other investment assets.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 73rd Day, March 36, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5276 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5332, by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Finkbeiner, Strannigan, Schow and Benton)

Prohibiting the department of information services from spending funds for multimedia kiosks for the Washington information network except for maintenance and operation of existing kiosks.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Energy & Utilities was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 75th Day, March 27, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Crouse spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5332 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5332 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5332, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5337, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Stevens, Deccio and Swecker)

Extending less than county-wide port districts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Sheldon spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5337 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5337 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 5, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5337, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5541, by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Goings and Winsley; by request of Washington State Patrol)

Restricting the distance a vehicle may travel in a two-way left-turn lane.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and O’Brien spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5541.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5541 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5541, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5600, by Senators Hale, Haugen and Johnson

Making changes to the internal operations of counties.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was not adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 75th Day, March 28, 1997.)
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Alexander and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Gardner spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5600 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5600 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 76, Nays - 21, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5600, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5750, by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley, Prentice, Hale and Heavey)

Allowing commercial property casualty policies to be issued prior to filing the form or rate with the insurance commissioner.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Keiser moved the adoption of the following amendment (532) to the committee amendment.

On page 2 of the amendment, line 31, after "effective" insert ". The insurer shall refund to the insured the difference when the disapproved rate is higher than the rate approved by the commissioner; the refund shall cover the difference in rates from the date the insured was charged the original rate until the date the endorsement is issued under this subsection changing the rate to comply with the commissioner’s disapproval"

Representatives Keiser and Wolfe spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representatives L. Thomas and Smith spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment failed.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives L. Thomas, DeBolt, Smith and Benson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Wolfe, Keiser and Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5750 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5750 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 67, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5750, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5782, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Haugen, Rasmussen and Fraser)

Changing bidding for water-sewer districts.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative D. Sommers spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5782.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5782 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Sherstad and Van Luven - 3.

Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5782, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

RECONSIDERATION

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the House immediately reconsidered the vote on Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5600.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5600 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5600 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 72, Nays - 25, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5600, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 and Senate Bill No. 5871, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5991, by Senators Horn, Haugen and Patterson; by request of Secretary of State

Providing for the quality awards council.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5991 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5991 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5991, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6022 and Substitute Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8408, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8410, by Senators Horn, Rossi, Johnson, McDonald, Winsley, Rasmussen and Swecker

Proclaiming the year commencing July 1997, as Klondike Gold Rush Centennial Year.

The resolution was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final adoption.

Representatives D. Schmidt, Dunshee and D. Sommers spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8410.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8410 and the resolution passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8410, having received the constitutional majority, was adopted.

RECONSIDERATION

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the House immediately reconsidered the vote on Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179 as amended by the House on reconsideration.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179 as amended by the House on reconsideration, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 88, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Thomas, B. - 1.

Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1069,
- ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1096,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1099,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1105,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1196,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1709, by Representatives McMorris, Chandler, Mastin and Smith

Changing provisions relating to school mandates.

SPEAKER’S RULING

Mr. Speaker: Representative Skinner, the Speaker is ready to rule on your Scope and Object request on amendment 489:

The subject portion of the title of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 is: AN ACT Relating to mandates on school districts”;

The scope of the bill, as measured by the title of the act, is fairly narrow; amendments must relate to mandates that are imposed on school districts.
Amendment 489 by Representative Schoesler would propose to amend RCW 28A.335.210; by allowing monies made available to school districts as part of their construction or remodeling monies and now limited to art acquisition to be used for other construction costs or for the acquisition of equipment with an extended useful life.

House Bill No. 1709, as introduced, proposed to repeal RCW 28A.335.210, the first substitute bill proposed by the Committee on Education, had an amendment to RCW 28A.335.210 that is very similar to the amendment contained in the second substitute bill now before us.

While the Speaker has some doubts about whether RCW 28A.335.210, is really a mandate on school districts, the bill as introduced and reported from two committees has treated it as a mandate on school districts. The Speaker must treat it as a mandate on the districts as well.

Altering a mandate on school districts, as Amendment 489 proposes to do, is clearly within the scope of the title.

The object of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 1709 is to allow schools districts more flexibility in responding to certain state mandates, including the mandate relating to arts funding.

The object of Amendment 489 is to allow more flexibility in responding to the arts funding mandate.

The Speaker finds that Amendment 489 is within both the Scope and Object of Second Substitute House Bill 1709.

Representative Skinner, your Point of Order is not well taken.

Representatives Schoesler, Carroll, Clements and Mastin spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Skinner, Cole, Lantz, Ogden, Doumit, Quall and Skinner spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (489) on page 5 after line 32, to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote:
Yeas - 27, Nays - 68, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Backlund, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Carrell, Crouse, Delvin, Dunn, Hickel, Johnson, Koster, Lambert, Mastin, McMorris, Mielke, Mulliken, Parlette, Pennington, Schoesler, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Sterk, Sump, Thompson and Mr. Speaker - 27.


Excused: Representatives Romero, Smith and Thomas, B. - 3.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on amendment 498 to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709.

JIM HONEYFORD, 15th District

With the consent of the House, amendment number 549 to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 was withdrawn.
Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Van Luven: (133)

On page 7, after line 27, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 28A.325 RCW to read as follows:

School districts may not charge fees for noncredit extracurricular school events or activities that occur during regular school hours. School districts may charge fees for noncredit extracurricular events or activities that occur after regular school hours, including, but not limited to, the cost of supplies for school sport activities and school sport events.

Sec. 8. RCW 28A.320.230 and 1989 c 371 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Every board of directors, unless otherwise specifically provided by law, shall:

(1) Prepare, negotiate, set forth in writing and adopt, policy relative to the selection or deletion of instructional materials. Such policy shall:

(a) State the school district's goals and principles relative to instructional materials;

(b) Delegate responsibility for the preparation and recommendation of teachers' reading lists and specify the procedures to be followed in the selection of all instructional materials including textbooks;

(c) Establish an instructional materials committee to be appointed, with the approval of the school board, by the school district's chief administrative officer. This committee shall consist of representative members of the district's professional staff, including representation from the district's curriculum development committees, and, in the case of districts which operate elementary school(s) only, the educational service district superintendent, one of whose responsibilities shall be to assure the correlation of those elementary district adoptions with those of the high school district(s) which serve their children. The committee may include parents at the school board's discretion: PROVIDED, That parent members shall make up less than one-half of the total membership of the committee;

(d) Provide for reasonable notice to parents of the opportunity to serve on the committee and for terms of office for members of the instructional materials committee;

(e) Provide a system for receiving, considering and acting upon written complaints regarding instructional materials used by the school district;

(f) Provide free text books, supplies and other instructional materials to be loaned to the pupils of the school, when, in its judgment, the best interests of the district will be subserved thereby and prescribe rules and regulations to preserve such books, supplies and other instructional materials from unnecessary damage; and

(g) Compile and maintain a record of all fees charged to pupils of the school for instructional materials.

Recommendation of instructional materials shall be by the district's instructional materials committee in accordance with district policy. Approval or disapproval shall be by the local school district's board of directors.

Districts may pay the necessary travel and subsistence expenses for expert counsel from outside the district. In addition, the committee's expenses incidental to visits to observe other districts' selection procedures may be reimbursed by the school district.

Districts may, within limitations stated in board policy, use and experiment with instructional materials for a period of time before general adoption is formalized.

Within the limitations of board policy, a school district's chief administrator may purchase instructional materials to meet deviant needs or rapidly changing circumstances.

(2) Establish a depreciation scale for determining the value of texts which students wish to purchase."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representative Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representatives Talcott, Butler, Carlson, Chandler, Cole, Bush and Dickerson spoke against
the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris, Cole and Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be
final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 and the
bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn,
Dunshee, Dyer, Fisher, Gardiner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff,
Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason, Mastin,
McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O’Brien, Ogden, Parlette,
Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K.,
Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Sommers, D., Sommers, H., Sterk,
Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe,
Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 94.


Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709, having received the constitutional majority, was
declared passed.

**ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5514, by Senators Morton, Rasmussen and Swecker; by
request of Department of Agriculture**

Authorizing fees for commodity commissions and the department of agriculture.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee Agriculture & Ecology
was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd
Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment (573) to the
committee amendment.

On page 1, line 34 of the committee amendment, after "state" strike "law" and insert "statute"

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The
amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The
committee amendment as amended was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Chandler, Linville, Appelwick and Clements spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5514 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5514 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 70, Nays - 24, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5514, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6002, by Second Substitute Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove and Oke)

Supervising mentally ill offenders.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

With the consent of the House, amendment number 543 to the committee amendment was withdrawn.

Representative Ballasiotes moved the adoption of the following amendment to the committee amendment (575)

On page 2, line 4, after "time," strike "but" and insert "or a number of offenders that can be accommodated within the appropriated funding level, and"

Representatives Ballasiotes and O'Brien spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the committee amendment as amended. The committee amendment as amended was adopted.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Appelwick spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Bill No. 6002 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Bill No. 6002 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 87, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Second Substitute Bill No. 6002, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5193, by Senators Prentice, Newhouse, Sellar, Morton, Deccio, Rasmussen, Winsley and Hale; by request of Department of Revenue

Revising sales and use tax exemptions for farmworker housing.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was not adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (576)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 82.08.02745 and 1996 c 117 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to charges made for labor and services rendered by any person in respect to the constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or other structures used as agricultural employee housing, or to sales of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of the buildings or other structures during the course of the constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving the buildings or other structures, but only if the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department by rule."
(2) The exemption provided in this section for agricultural employee housing provided to year-round employees of the agricultural employer, only applies if that housing is built to the current building code for single-family or multifamily dwellings according to the state building code, chapter 19.27 RCW.

(3) Any agricultural employee housing built under this section shall be used according to this section for at least five consecutive years from the date the housing is approved for (occupation) occupancy, or the full amount of tax otherwise due shall be immediately due and payable together with interest, but not penalties, from the date the housing is approved for occupancy until the date of payment. If at any time agricultural employee housing that is not located on agricultural land ceases to be used in the manner specified in subsection (2) of this section, the full amount of tax otherwise due shall be immediately due and payable with interest, but not penalties, from the date the housing ceases to be used as agricultural employee housing until the date of payment.

(4) The exemption provided in this section shall not apply to housing built for the occupancy of an employer, family members of an employer, or persons owning stock or shares in a farm partnership or corporation business.

(5) For purposes of this section and RCW 82.12.02685:
(a) "Agricultural employee" or "employee" has the same meaning as given in RCW 19.30.010;
(b) "Agricultural employer" or "employer" has the same meaning as given in RCW 19.30.010; and
(c) "Agricultural employee housing" means all facilities provided by ((the)) an agricultural employer, housing authority, local government, state or federal agency, nonprofit community or neighborhood-based organization that is exempt from income tax under section 501(c) of the internal revenue code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)), or for-profit provider of housing for housing ((the employer's)) agricultural employees on a year-round or seasonal basis, including bathing, food handling, hand washing, laundry, and toilet facilities, single-family and multifamily dwelling units and dormitories, and includes labor camps under RCW 70.54.110. "Agricultural employee housing" does not include housing regularly provided on a commercial basis to the general public ((that is provided to agricultural employees on the same terms and conditions as it is provided to the general public)). "Agricultural employee housing" does not include housing provided by a housing authority unless at least eighty percent of the occupants are agricultural employees whose adjusted income is less than fifty percent of median family income, adjusted for household size, for the county where the housing is provided.

**Sec. 2.** RCW 82.12.02685 and 1996 c 117 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The provisions of this chapter shall not apply in respect to the use of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of buildings or other structures used as agricultural employee housing during the course of constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving the buildings or other structures by any person.

(2) The exemption provided in this section for agricultural employee housing provided to year-round employees of the agricultural employer, only applies if that housing is built to the current building code for single-family or multifamily dwellings according to the state building code, chapter 19.27 RCW.

(3) Any agricultural employee housing built under this section shall be used according to this section for at least five consecutive years from the date the housing is approved for (occupation) occupancy, or the full amount of tax otherwise due shall be immediately due and payable together with interest, but not penalties, from the date the housing is approved for occupancy until the date of payment. If at any time agricultural employee housing that is not located on agricultural land ceases to be used in the manner specified in subsection (2) of this section, the full amount of tax otherwise due shall be immediately due and payable with interest, but not penalties, from the date the housing ceases to be used as agricultural employee housing until the date of payment.

(4) The exemption provided in this section shall not apply to housing built for the occupancy of an employer, family members of an employer, or persons owning stock or shares in a farm partnership or corporation business.

(5) The definitions in RCW 82.08.02745(5) apply to this section.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Honeyford spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5193 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5193 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representatives Carrell, Honeyford and Mason - 3.


Senate Bill No. 5193, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5526, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators McDonald, Sellar and Anderson)

Allowing for the diversion of certain river or stream waters without a permit.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was not adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (572)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 90.03.250 and 1987 c 109 s 83 are each amended to read as follows:
Any person, municipal corporation, firm, irrigation district, association, corporation, or water users' association hereafter desiring to appropriate water for a beneficial use shall make an application
to the department for a permit to make such appropriation, and shall not use or divert such waters until the entity has received a permit from the department as provided in this chapter, except for diversions authorized under section 3 of this act. The construction of any ditch, canal, or works, or performing any work in connection with the construction or appropriation, or the use of any waters, shall not be an appropriation of such water nor an act for the purpose of appropriating water unless a permit to make the appropriation has first been granted by the department. However, a temporary permit may be granted upon a proper showing made to the department to be valid only during the pendency of such application for a permit unless sooner revoked by the department. Further, nothing in this chapter contained shall be deemed to affect RCW 90.40.010 through 90.40.080 except that the notice and certificate therein provided for in RCW 90.40.030 shall be addressed to the department, and the department shall exercise the powers and perform the duties prescribed by RCW 90.40.030.

Sec. 2. RCW 90.03.340 and 1987 c 109 s 90 are each amended to read as follows:

The right acquired by appropriation shall relate back to the date of filing of the original application with the department, or to the date construction of the diversion works is begun for beneficial use under section 3 of this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that increased demand for water supplies in the state requires the state to manage its water resources wisely and that such wise management includes examining innovative policies for maximizing use while minimizing the impact of that use. The legislature declares that one such innovative policy is allowing the withdrawal of freshwater from streams or lakes just before the water would otherwise mix with marine water. To permit the state to evaluate adequately such a policy, the legislature authorizes as an exemption from the normal permitting process such uses in two pilot study areas as provided by this section.

(2) A diversion of water for beneficial use made as authorized by this section from the Snohomish river is exempt from the application and permit requirements of RCW 90.03.250 through 90.03.320 if the diversion is made within one mile upstream from the point at which the freshwater of the river begins to mix with saltwater. A diversion of water for beneficial use made as authorized by this section from the navigation locks at the outlet control facility for the outflow of water to saltwater from Lake Washington and Lake Union is exempt from the application and permit requirements of RCW 90.03.250 through 90.03.320. A diversion is authorized under this subsection if prior notification is provided to the department as required under subsection (5) of this section and the water diverted is not in excess of the applicable limitations established in subsections (3) and (4) of this section. The right for the diversion established under this section is equal to that established by a permit issued under the provisions of this chapter, and is subject to minimum water flows or levels established by rule.

(3) For diversions from the Snohomish river under this section, no single diverter may divert more than ten percent of the instantaneous flow of the river in the specific area of the diversion, as such a flow would exist in the absence of diversions made under this section. In no event may the combined diversions of all persons diverting water from the river under this section exceed thirty percent of the instantaneous flow of the river in the specific area of the diversion, as such a flow would exist in the absence of diversions made under this section. Up to this thirty percent limit, the authority to divert water is on a first-come, first-served basis as determined by the date construction of the diversion works is begun and by the volume of water the works being constructed are designed to divert.

(4) In no event may the combined diversions of all persons diverting water from the navigation locks under this section exceed thirty percent of the annual average inflow to Lake Washington. Up to this thirty percent limit, the authority granted by this section to divert water is on a first-come, first-served basis as determined by the date construction of the diversion works is begun and by the volume of water the works being constructed are designed to divert.

(5) Before a person diverts water under this section, the person shall notify the department in writing of the intent to divert water, the location of the point of diversion, and the annual and
instantaneous amount of water to be diverted. The department shall compile the information provided under this section for diversions from the Snohomish river and shall compile the information provided under this section for diversions from the locks and shall make this information readily available upon request.

(6) The department shall evaluate the effects and effectiveness of diversions made under this section and shall report its findings to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 2002."

Correct the title.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Linville spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 52-YEAS; 41-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler, Sump and Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Anderson and Regala spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 49, Nays - 46, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Romero, Smith and Thomas, B. - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Radcliff, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that the House reconsider the vote on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526 on the next working day. The motion was carried.
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5144, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senator Roach)

Modifying numerous local government administrative requirements.

Representative Sherstad spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment (561) (See Journal Day 92nd, April 14, 1997). The amendment was adopted.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (561) to the committee amendment and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Romero, Smith and Thomas, B. - 3.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5144 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5144 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Romero, Smith and Thomas, B. - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5144, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5149, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Spanel, Horn and Kohl; by request of Legislative Ethics Board)

Revising restrictions on legislators' newsletters.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Law and Justice was before the House for amendments. (For committee amendment, see Journal, 79th Day, April 1, 1997.)

Representative Appelwick moved the adoption of the following amendment (578) to the committee amendment.

On page 1, line 23, after "appointed", strike "after the start of the" and insert "during a regular legislative"

Representatives Appelwick and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5149 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5149 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Romero, Smith and Thomas, B. - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5149, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING
HB 2280 by Representatives Bush, Koster, D. Sommers, Backlund, Boldt, Mielke, McMorris, Thompson, Lambert and Dunn

AN ACT Relating to implementing the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996; amending RCW 74.08.025, 74.08.340, 74.09.510, 74.09.800, 74.08.331, 28A.630.876, 74.04.050, 41.06.380, 74.12A.020, 74.13.0903, 74.25.040, 74.12.255, 74.04.0052, 13.34.160, 74.12.250, 74.12.410, 50.13.060, and 74.04.062; reenacting and amending RCW 74.04.005; adding new sections to chapter 74.12 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.630 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.30 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.330 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 44.28 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.20A RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 74 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 74.12.420, 74.12.425, 74.04.660, 74.25.010, 74.25.020, 74.25.030, 74.25.900, 74.25.901, 74.08.120, and 74.08.125; providing an effective date; and providing for submission of this act to a vote of the people.

Referred to Committee on Children & Family Services.

HB 2281 by Representatives K. Schmidt, Hankins, Mitchell, Skinner, Robertson, Radcliff, Fisher, Backlund, Cooper, Chandler, Cairnes, Blalock, Buck, Scott, Johnson, Murray, Mielke, Hatfield, D. Schmidt, Wensman, Bush, McMorris, Thompson, Gardner and Wood

AN ACT Relating to transportation funding and appropriations; amending 1996 c 165 ss 207, 210, 211, 215, 218, 220, 221, 224, 225, 401, and 402 (uncodified); creating new sections; repealing 1996 c 165 s 505 (uncodified); making appropriations; and declaring an emergency.

Referred to Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget.

HB 2282 by Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Alexander, Mulliken, Bush, McDonald, Huff, McMorris, Thompson, Sheahan, Koster, D. Sommers, D. Schmidt, Wensman, Mielke, Sterk and Backlund

AN ACT Relating to implementing the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996.

HB 2283 by Representatives Robertson, Grant, Schoesler and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to limiting the authority of local governments to regulate surface mining activities.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designated with the exception of House Bill No. 2283, which were held on introduction.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6062, and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators West, Spanel and Strannigan
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate request for a conference on Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFERENCE

The Speaker appointed Representatives Huff, Lisk and H. Sommers as conferees on Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:20 a.m., Tuesday, April 15, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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NINETY-SECOND DAY, APRIL 14, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
The House was called to order at 9:20 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Christopher Swarthout and Heather Tusant. Prayer was offered by Pastor Truman Santiago, Skokomish Indian Assembly of God, Skokomish.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1017,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1024,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1419,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1465,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1466,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1467,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1600,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1615,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1743,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1768,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1806,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1985,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2090,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2163,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2197,
HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4000,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5283,
SENATE BILL NO. 5370,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5744,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5903,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5959,
SENATE BILL NO. 6004,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary
Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5394,
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5472,
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5509,
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5612,
- SENATE BILL NO. 5669,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

RESOLUTION


WHEREAS, One violent crime is committed in America every eighteen seconds; and
WHEREAS, Thirty-six million nine hundred thousand Americans are victimized in the United States each year, and of those, nine million nine hundred thousand are victims of violent crime; and
WHEREAS, Crime victims play an indispensable role in bringing offenders to justice; and
WHEREAS, Law-abiding citizens are no less deserving of justice, rights, resources, restoration, and rehabilitation than the violent offenders who victimize them; and
WHEREAS, Crime victims and their advocates over the past two decades have made unparalleled progress toward balancing the scales of justice in our criminal justice system; and
WHEREAS, The bells of liberty and justice are ringing across America in support of the millions of survivors of crime, their families, and advocates who deserve justice; and
WHEREAS, As a nation devoted to liberty and justice for all, America must increase its efforts to protect, restore, and expand crime victims’ rights; and
WHEREAS, The residents of the state of Washington seek to join forces with victim service programs, criminal justice officials, and concerned citizens throughout the country to observe National Crime Victims’ Rights Week;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives designate April 13, 1997, through April 19, 1997, as Washington Crime Victims’ Rights Week; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives reaffirm a commitment to address victims’ rights and criminal justice issues during 1997 Washington Crime Victims’ Rights Week and throughout the year; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to The Washington Coalition of Crime Victim Advocates and Friends of Violent Crime Victims.

Representative Costa moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Costa, Ballasiotes and Butler spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4655 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5701, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen and Swecker)

Licensing distributors of commercial soil.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture & Ecology was not adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 79th Day, April 1, 1997.)

Representative Sump moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sump:

(577)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 15.54.270 and 1993 c 183 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Terms used in this chapter have the meaning given to them in this chapter unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

(1) "Brand" means a term, design, or trademark used in connection with the distribution and sale of one or more grades of commercial fertilizers.

(2) "Bulk fertilizer" means commercial fertilizer distributed in a nonpackage form such as, but not limited to, tote bags, tote tanks, bins, tanks, trailers, spreader trucks, and railcars.

(3) "Calcium carbonate equivalent" means the acid-neutralizing capacity of an agricultural liming material expressed as a weight percentage of calcium carbonate.

(4) "Commercial fertilizer" means a substance containing one or more recognized plant nutrients and that is used for its plant nutrient content or that is designated for use or claimed to have value in promoting plant growth, and shall include limes, gypsum, manipulated animal and vegetable manures, and a material approved under section 5 of this act. It does not include unmanipulated animal and vegetable manures and other products exempted by the department by rule.

(5) "Customer-formula fertilizer" means a mixture of commercial fertilizer or materials of which each batch is mixed according to the specifications of the final purchaser.

(6) "Department" means the department of agriculture of the state of Washington or its duly authorized representative.

(7) "Director" means the director of the department of agriculture.

(8) "Distribute" means to import, consign, manufacture, produce, compound, mix, or blend commercial fertilizer, or to offer for sale, sell, barter, exchange, or otherwise supply commercial fertilizer in this state.

(9) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.

(10) "Grade" means the percentage of total nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and soluble potash stated in whole numbers in the same terms, order, and percentages as in the "guaranteed analysis," unless otherwise allowed by a rule adopted by the department. Specialty fertilizers may be guaranteed in fractional units of less than one percent of total nitrogen, available phosphorus or phosphoric acid, and soluble potassium or potash. Fertilizer materials, bone meal, manures, and similar materials may be guaranteed in fractional units.

(11) "Guaranteed analysis."

(a) Until the director prescribes an alternative form of "guaranteed analysis" by rule the term "guaranteed analysis" shall mean the minimum percentage of plant nutrients claimed in the following order and form:

<table>
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<tr>
<td>Total nitrogen (N)</td>
<td>percent</td>
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<tr>
<td>Available phosphoric acid (P205)</td>
<td>percent</td>
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<tr>
<td>Soluble potash (K20)</td>
<td>percent</td>
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The percentage shall be stated in whole numbers unless otherwise allowed by the department by rule.

The "guaranteed analysis" may also include elemental guarantees for phosphorus (P) and potassium (K).
For unacidulated mineral phosphatic material and basic slag, bone, tankage, and other organic phosphatic materials, the total phosphoric acid or degree of fineness may also be guaranteed.

Guarantees for plant nutrients other than nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium shall be as allowed or required by rule of the department. The guarantees for such other nutrients shall be expressed in the form of the element.

The guaranteed analysis for limes shall include the percentage of calcium or magnesium expressed as their carbonate; the calcium carbonate equivalent as determined by methods prescribed by the association of official analytical chemists; and the minimum percentage of material that will pass respectively a one hundred mesh, sixty mesh, and ten mesh sieve. The mesh size declaration may also include the percentage of material that will pass additional mesh sizes.

In commercial fertilizer, the principal constituent of which is calcium sulfate (gypsum), the percentage of calcium sulfate (CaSO4.2H2O) shall be given along with the percentage of total sulfur.

The guaranteed analysis for a material approved under section 5 of this act and to be used as a soil amendment shall include the name and percentage of each soil amending ingredient and the total percentage of all other ingredients.

"Label" means the display of all written, printed, or graphic matter, upon the immediate container, or a statement accompanying a fertilizer.

"Labeling" includes all written, printed, or graphic matter, upon or accompanying a commercial fertilizer, or advertisement, brochures, posters, television, and radio announcements used in promoting the sale of such fertilizer.

"Licensee" means the person who receives a license to distribute a fertilizer under the provisions of this chapter.

"Lime" means a substance or a mixture of substances, the principal constituent of which is calcium or magnesium carbonate, hydroxide, or oxide, singly or combined.

"Manipulation" means processed or treated in any manner, including drying to a moisture content less than thirty percent.

"Manufacture" means to compound, produce, granulate, mix, blend, repackage, or otherwise alter the composition of fertilizer materials.

"Official sample" means a sample of commercial fertilizer taken by the department and designated as "official" by the department.

"Packaged fertilizer" means commercial fertilizers, either agricultural or specialty, distributed in nonbulk form.

"Person" means an individual, firm, brokerage, partnership, corporation, company, society, or association.

"Percent" or "percentage" means the percentage by weight.

"Regist rant" means the person who registers commercial fertilizer under the provisions of this chapter.

"Specialty fertilizer" means a commercial fertilizer distributed primarily for nonfarm use, such as, but not limited to, use on home gardens, lawns, shrubbery, flowers, golf courses, municipal parks, cemeteries, greenhouses, and nurseries.

"Ton" means the net weight of two thousand pounds avoirdupois.

"Total nutrients" means the sum of the percentages of total nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and soluble potash as guaranteed and as determined by analysis.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 15.54 RCW to read as follows:
A material approved under section 5 of this act may be distributed as a commercial fertilizer and may be registered as a packaged commercial fertilizer. However, the department may refuse to register such a material as a packaged commercial fertilizer, may cancel the registration of the material as a packaged commercial fertilizer, and may prohibit its distribution as a commercial fertilizer if the department finds evidence that use of the material as a commercial fertilizer poses unacceptable hazards to human health or the environment that were not known during the approval process specified in section 5 of this act.

Sec. 3. RCW 15.54.800 and 1993 c 183 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
The director shall administer and enforce the provisions of this chapter and any rules adopted under this chapter. All authority and requirements provided for in chapter 34.05 RCW apply to this chapter in the adoption of rules.

The director may adopt appropriate rules for carrying out the purpose and provisions of this chapter, including but not limited to rules providing for:
(a) Definitions of terms;
(b) Determining standards for labeling and registration of commercial fertilizers (and agricultural minerals and limes);
(c) The collection and examination of commercial fertilizers (and agricultural mineral and limes);
(d) Recordkeeping by registrants and licensees;
(e) Regulation of the use and disposal of commercial fertilizers for the protection of ground water and surface water; and
(f) The safe handling, transportation, storage, display, and distribution of commercial fertilizers.

Sec. 4. RCW 70.95.240 and 1993 c 292 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) After the adoption of regulations or ordinances by any county, city, or jurisdictional board of health providing for the issuance of permits as provided in RCW 70.95.160, it shall be unlawful for any person to dump or deposit or permit the dumping or depositing of any solid waste onto or under the surface of the ground or into the waters of this state except at a solid waste disposal site for which there is a valid permit. This section shall not:
(a) Prohibit a person from dumping or depositing solid waste resulting from his own activities onto or under the surface of ground owned or leased by him when such action does not violate statutes or ordinances, or create a nuisance; or
(b) Apply to a person using a material or materials on the land as commercial fertilizer if (i) the department of ecology has issued written approval for the use of the material or materials as commercial fertilizer as provided in section 5 of this act, (ii) the registration of the material or materials as a packaged commercial fertilizer has not been canceled under section 2 of this act, and (iii) the distribution of the material or materials as a commercial fertilizer has not been prohibited by the department of agriculture under section 2 of this act.

(2)(a) It is a class 3 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for a person to litter in an amount less than or equal to one cubic foot.

(b) It is a class 1 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for a person to litter in an amount greater than one cubic foot. Unless suspended or modified by a court, the person shall also pay a litter cleanup fee of twenty-five dollars per cubic foot of litter. The court may, in addition to or in lieu of part or all of the cleanup fee, order the person to pick up and remove litter from the property, with prior permission of the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency managing the property.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 70.95 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The legislature finds that an optional procedure should be established that provides certainty as to whether certain materials generated as byproducts from the manufacturing of wood products may clearly be distributed and used as commercial fertilizer. It is the intent of the legislature in establishing such a procedure that it be truly optional, and that the procedure or the legislature’s establishment of the procedure not be construed, except as provided in subsection (3) of this section, as suggesting in any manner whatsoever that a material submitted or not submitted for approval under the procedure or generated or not generated as a byproduct from the manufacturing of wood products is or is not to be regulated as a solid waste.

(2)(a) It is a class 3 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for a person to litter in an amount less than or equal to one cubic foot.

(b) It is a class 1 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for a person to litter in an amount greater than one cubic foot. Unless suspended or modified by a court, the person shall also pay a litter cleanup fee of twenty-five dollars per cubic foot of litter. The court may, in addition to or in lieu of part or all of the cleanup fee, order the person to pick up and remove litter from the property, with prior permission of the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency managing the property.
the material characteristics and management methods will not pose unacceptable hazards to human health and the environment. The written approval shall certify, to the extent practicable, that the use of the material as a commercial fertilizer is consistent with the following:

(a) The biosolids standards set forth in rule or guidance under chapter 70.95J RCW, municipal sewage sludge;
(b) Chapter 70.105D RCW, model toxics control act;
(c) Chapter 90.48 RCW, water pollution control;
(d) Chapter 70.94 RCW, Washington clean air act;
(e) Chapter 70.105 RCW, hazardous waste management act; and
(f) Other factors intended to protect human health and the environment.

(3) A material generated as a byproduct from the manufacturing of wood products that is approved by the department under this section for use as commercial fertilizer and that is distributed and used as such shall not be regulated as solid waste.

(4) A party aggrieved by a decision of the department to issue a written approval under this section or to deny the issuance of such an approval may appeal the decision to the pollution control hearings board within thirty days of the decision. Review of such a decision shall be conducted in accordance with chapter 43.21B RCW. Any subsequent appeal of a decision of the hearings board shall be obtained in accordance with RCW 43.21B.180."

Correct the title.

Representatives Sump and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sump, Linville and Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Quall and H. Sommers were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5701 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5701 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Quall and Sommers, H. - 2.
Substitute Senate Bill No. 5701, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5047, by Senators Benton and Zarelli
Arming community corrections officers.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dunn, O’Brien, Carlson, Sterk and Sheldon spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Murray spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5047.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5047 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 75, Nays - 22, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5047, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5359, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Fraser, West and Winsley)

Clarifying the exemption from sales and use taxation of the materials used by small companies in the design and development of aircraft parts, auxiliary equipment, and aircraft modification.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85 Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5359 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5359 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5359, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, Senate Bill No. 5368 was referred to the Rules Committee.

SENATE BILL NO. 5871, by Senators Roach, Fairley, Patterson, McCaslin, Winsley, Sheldon, Goings and Oke

Redefining law enforcement officer to include a port district officer.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5871.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5871 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Senate Bill No. 5871, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6022, by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley and Hale)

Protecting certain information concerning financial institutions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 79th Day, April 1, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6022 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6022 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 6022, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, Senate Bill No. 5787 was referred to the Committee on rules.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SENATE BILL NO. 5434, by Senators Stevens, Hargrove, Anderson, Rasmussen, Rossi and Benton

Providing for designation of mineral resource lands.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendments by the Committee on Government Reform & Land Use (For committee amendments, see Journal, 78th Day, March 31, 1997) and by the Committee on Appropriations (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997) were not adopted.
Representative Buck moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Buck:

(581)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature recognizes that the extraction of minerals by surface mining is an essential activity making an important contribution to the economic well-being of the state and the nation. The citizens of the state are rapidly running out of approved or designated sites at which to conduct these activities. Therefore, the available sources of these minerals are nearly exhausted.

The state has enacted several laws in recent years directing local governments to make land use decisions for appropriate uses of land through designation in advance of or during the comprehensive planning process and then to limit the specific approval process to mitigating specific impacts of the use or uses allowed by the designation. The current planning and regulatory environment makes economically viable permits unobtainable for the vast majority of the sites where the minerals are located and needed.

While it is not possible to extract minerals without producing some environmental impacts, the current structure of regulation of mining operations is doing much more than preventing or mitigating conditions that would be detrimental to the environment and property rights of the citizens of the state. In the current regulatory environment, economically viable permits simply cannot be obtained for the vast majority of the sites where the minerals are located.

The cost of transportation of minerals for any significant distance can have a substantial effect on the costs to the taxpayers of the state. Surface mining must take place in diverse areas where the geologic, topographic, climatic, biologic, and social conditions are significantly different, and reclamation specifications must vary accordingly. But surface, mining is a finite use of the land and another beneficial use must follow through reclamation.

Therefore, the legislature finds that designation, production, and conservation of adequate sources of minerals and a balance between appropriate environmental protection and the appropriate regulation of production operations and conservation of minerals is in the best interests of the citizens of the state.

Sec. 2. RCW 78.44.011 and 1993 c 518 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature recognizes that the extraction of minerals through surface mining has historically included regulatory involvement by both state and local governments.

It is the intent of the legislature to clarify that surface mining is an appropriate land use, subject to reclamation authority exercised by the department of natural resources and land use designation and (operation) regulatory authority by counties, cities, and towns. The authority for any cities, counties, or towns to regulate operations is derived from this chapter and exercised only as described in RCW 78.44.040. The question of regulatory overlap, the scope of impacts to be regulated by local ordinances, development of model ordinances, the role of each state agency, and reclamation of abandoned mines, shall be the subjects of further study by the house of representatives and senate natural resources committees. The results of these studies must be reported to the legislature prior to the 1998 legislative session. Nothing in this section shall alter or preempt any local government’s authority under chapter 43.21C RCW, the state environmental policy act.

Sec. 3. RCW 78.44.020 and 1993 c 518 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The purposes of this chapter are to:

(1) Provide that the usefulness, productivity, and scenic values of all lands and waters involved in surface mining within the state will receive the greatest practical degree of protection and reclamation at the earliest opportunity following completion of surface mining;

(2) Provide for the greatest practical degree of state-wide consistency in the regulation of surface mines;

(3) Apportion regulatory authority between state and local governments in order to minimize redundant regulation of mining;

(4) Ensure that reclamation is consistent with local land use plans; and
(5) Ensure the power of ((local government)) cities, counties, and towns to designate sites, and regulate land use and operations ((pursuant to section 16 of this act)) as provided in this chapter.

Sec. 4. RCW 78.44.040 and 1993 c 518 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department of natural resources is charged with the administration of reclamation under this chapter. In order to implement and enforce this chapter, the department, under the administrative procedure act (chapter 34.05 RCW), may from time to time adopt those rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(2)(a) Once designated under section 6 of this act, counties, cities, and towns may regulate surface mining operations only by ordinance and only in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. Ordinances required to implement this chapter must be adopted by July 1, 1998.

(b) Local surface mining operating standards shall:

(i) Be limited to those standards that address mitigation of impacts of operations;
(ii) Be performance-based, objective standards that:
(A) Are directly and proportionately related to limiting surface mining impacts;
(B) Are reasonable and generally capable of being achieved;
(C) Take into account existing and available technologies; and
(D) May be met by any lawful means selected by the applicant or operator that, in the judgment of the county, city, or town, achieve compliance with the standard. However, if compliance with the standards described in this section cannot be met by the applicant, after that applicant has had reasonable opportunity to propose mitigation measures that would meet the standards by all other means, the county, city, or town may impose limitations on the hours of operation of that portion of the operation creating the impact that cannot be mitigated any other way;
(iii) Limit application and monitoring fees to the amount necessary to pay the costs of administering, processing, monitoring, and enforcing the regulation of surface mining in accordance with this section;
(iv) Except as otherwise provided in this section, implement the ordinance through an operating plan review and approval process. Such approval process shall:
(A) Require submittal of sufficient, complete, and accurate information, as specified by the local ordinance, to allow the decision maker to review the plan for compliance with state, federal, and local standards;
(B) At the option of the county, city, or town, provide for administrative approval subject to appeal or for initial consideration through a public hearing process; and
(C) Require that project-specific conditions or restrictions be based upon written findings of facts demonstrating their need to achieve compliance with local standards;
(v) Subject to subsection (3) of this section, provide that approvals issued will be valid for fifty years or until the resource is exhausted, whichever is less.

(3) Operating regulations and amendments thereto adopted pursuant to this section may be applied to lawfully preexisting mining operations only if the local ordinance:

(a) Limits application of this section relating to traffic to the designation of approved haul routes;
(b) Provides for an expedited review process for operation plans submitted pursuant to this chapter;
(c) Provides reasonable time periods for compliance with new or amended local operating standards that in no event may be less than one year; and
(d) Includes a variance procedure to allow continuation of existing operations for a nonconforming surface mining operation where strict adherence to a local operating standard would be economically or operationally impractical due to conditions relating to site configuration, topography, or the nature of historic operations.

(4) Nothing in this section precludes a county, city, or town from exercising the express authority delegated to it by a state agency under state law, or from complying with state law when required as a regulated entity.

(5) Nothing in this section shall alter or preempt any local government's authority under chapter 43.21C RCW, the state environmental policy act.
Sec. 5. RCW 78.44.050 and 1993 c 518 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall have the exclusive authority to regulate surface mine reclamation ((except that, by contractual agreement, the department may delegate some or all of its enforcement authority to a county, city, or town)). No county, city, or town may require for its review or approval a separate reclamation plan or application. The department may, however, delegate some or all of its enforcement authority by contractual agreement to a county, city, or town that employs personnel who are, in the opinion of the department, qualified to enforce plans approved by the department. All counties, cities, or towns shall have the authority to zone surface mines and adopt ordinances regulating operations ((pursuant to section 16 of this act)) as provided in this chapter, except that county, city, or town operations ordinances may be preempted by the department during the emergencies outlined in RCW 78.44.200 and related rules.

This chapter shall not alter or preempt any provisions of the state fisheries laws (Title 75 RCW), the state water allocation and use laws (chapters 90.03 and 90.44 RCW), the state water pollution control laws (chapter 90.48 RCW), the state wildlife laws (Title 77 RCW), state noise laws or air quality laws (Title 70 RCW), shoreline management (chapter 90.58 RCW), the state environmental policy act (chapter 43.21C RCW), state growth management (chapter 36.70A RCW), state drinking water laws (chapters 43.20 and 70.119A RCW), or any other state statutes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) Where the county has classified mineral lands pursuant to RCW 36.70A.050 and mineral resource lands of long-term commercial significance exist, a county shall designate sufficient mineral resource lands in the comprehensive plans to meet the projected twenty-year, county-wide need. Once designated, mineral resource uses, including operations as defined in RCW 78.44.031, shall be established as an allowed use in local development regulations.

(b) The county shall designate mineral resource deposits, both active and inactive, in economically viable proximity to locations where the deposits are likely to be used.

(c) This section has no applicability to metals mining and milling operations as defined in RCW 78.56.020.

(2) Nothing in this section precludes any unit of government from accepting the lowest responsible bid for purchase of mineral materials, regardless of source.

(3) Through its comprehensive plan and development regulations, as defined in RCW 36.70A.030, a county, city, or town shall discourage the siting of new applications of incompatible uses adjacent to mineral resource industries, deposits, and holdings.

(4) Any additions or amendments to comprehensive plans or development regulations required by this section may be adopted during the normal course of adopting or amending the comprehensive plan or development regulations.

Reasonable notice of additions or amendments to comprehensive plans or development regulations shall be given to property owners and other affected and interested individuals. The county shall use either an existing reasonable notice provision already employed by the county or a new reasonable notice provision, including any of the following:

(a) Notifying owners of real property, as shown by the records of the county assessor, located within three hundred feet of the boundaries of the proposed designation;

(b) Publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, city, or general area where the mineral resource deposits are located;

(c) Notifying public or private groups with known interest in the proposed mineral resource designation;

(d) Placing notices in appropriate regional, neighborhood, or trade journals.

(5) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Long-term commercial significance" includes the mineral composition of the land for long-term economically viable commercial production, in consideration with the mineral resource land's proximity to population areas, product markets, and the possibility of more intense uses of the land.

(b) "Allowed use" means the use or uses specified by local development regulations as appropriate within those areas designated through the advance or comprehensive planning process. Once designated, a proposed allowed use shall be reviewed for project specific impacts and may be
conditioned to mitigate significant adverse impacts within the context of site plan approval, but such review shall not revisit the question of land use.

Sec. 7. RCW 36.70A.060 and 1991 sp. s. c 32 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, and each city within such county, shall adopt development regulations on or before September 1, 1991, to assure the conservation of agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170. Regulations adopted under this subsection may not prohibit uses legally existing on any parcel prior to their adoption and shall remain in effect until the county or city adopts development regulations pursuant to RCW 36.70A.120. Such regulations shall assure that the use of lands adjacent to agricultural, forest, or mineral resource lands shall not interfere with the continued use, in the accustomed manner and in accordance with best management practices, of these designated lands for the production of food, agricultural products, or timber, or for the extraction of minerals. Counties and cities shall require that all plats, short plats, development permits, and building permits issued for development activities on, or within three hundred feet of, lands designated as agricultural lands, forest lands, or mineral resource lands, contain a notice that the subject property is within or near designated agricultural lands, forest lands, or mineral resource lands on which a variety of commercial activities may occur that are not compatible with residential development for certain periods of limited duration.

(2) Each county and city shall adopt development regulations that protect critical areas that are required to be designated under RCW 36.70A.170. For counties and cities that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, such development regulations shall be adopted on or before September 1, 1991. For the remainder of the counties and cities, such development regulations shall be adopted on or before March 1, 1992.

(3) Such counties and cities shall review these designations and development regulations when adopting their comprehensive plans under RCW 36.70A.040 and implementing development regulations under RCW 36.70A.120 and may alter such designations and development regulations to insure consistency.

(4) The development regulations adopted by such counties and cities regarding surface mining operations under RCW 78.44.040 shall not be inconsistent with rules adopted by the department of natural resources.

(5) Forest land and agricultural land located within urban growth areas shall not be designated by a county or city as forest land or agricultural land of long-term commercial significance under RCW 36.70A.170 unless the city or county has enacted a program authorizing transfer or purchase of development rights.

Correct the title.

Representatives Buck and Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Romero and Dunshee spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representative Talcott, Representatives Huff and Lisk were excused. On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representative Parlette was excused. On motion by Representative Kessler, Representative H. Sommers was excused.

Representatives Reams, Sheldon, and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
Representatives Gardner, Fisher, and Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5434 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5434 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Senate Bill No. 5434, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5093, by Senator Roach

Prescribing procedures for capital punishment sentencing.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Lantz spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Constantine spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5093.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5093 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 73, Nays - 21, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Smith, Sommers, D., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Van Luven, Wensman, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 73.


Senate Bill No. 5093, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5102, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Oke and Winsley)

Revising the provision imposing an annual recreational surcharge on certain personal use food fish licenses.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5102.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5102 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 8, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Crouse, Dunn, Lambert, McDonald, Pennington, Robertson and Sherstad - 8.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5102, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5229, by Senators Prince, Loveland, Morton, Oke, Stevens, Fraser, Swecker, Rasmussen, Hochstatter, Johnson, Bauer, Horn, Snyder, Winsley, Roach, McDonald and Haugen
Extending permitted uses of assembly halls and meeting places to maintain property tax exemptions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5229 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5229 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Senate Bill No. 5229, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5267, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Heavey, Schow and Newhouse; by request of Department of Licensing)

Correcting real estate brokers and salespersons statutes for administrative and practical purposes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce & Labor was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5267 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5267 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5267, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5325, by Senate Committee on Natural Resources & Parks (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Morton, Stevens, Rossi, Snyder and Loveland)

Allowing counties to have certain lands transferred from the state back to the county.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck, Chandler, Kessler and DeBolt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Regala, Sheldon spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5325.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5325 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 59, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Kastama,
Substitute Senate Bill No. 5325, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Horn and Haugen)
Clarifying and harmonizing provisions affecting cities and towns.
The bill was read the second time.

POINT OF ORDER
Representative Dunshee: I request a ruling on Scope and Object on the committee amendment.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5479 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5569, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Sellar and Wood)
Revising provisions for overtime compensation for commissioned salespersons.
The bill was read the second time.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (587)
On page 1, line 8, beginning with "Section" strike all material through "law." on line 13
Representative Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment.
Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 42-YEAS; 53-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (591)
On page 3, immediately after line 37, insert "This subsection (3) applies only to the hours of employment in which, except for de minimis other duties performed at the direction of the employer, the employee is engaged exclusively in sales duties."

On page 6, immediately after line 31, insert "(8) "Sales duties" include selling goods or services, duties incidental to or in conjunction with selling goods or services, inactivity pending a sales opportunity, or duties performed pending a sales opportunity in reasonable proximity to the employee’s customary sales location."
Representative McMorris: I requested a ruling on Scope and Object on this amendment (591).

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5569 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5628, by Senate Committee on Energy & Utilities (originally sponsored by Senators Hochstatter, Deccio, Brown and Strannigan)

Authorizing the utilities and transportation commission to exempt electrical and natural gas companies from securities regulation.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Crouse moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Crouse: (582)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 80.28.075 and 1988 c 166 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Upon request by a natural gas company or an electrical company, the commission may approve a tariff that includes banded rates for any (nonresidential) natural gas or electric service that is subject to effective competition from energy suppliers not regulated by the utilities and transportation commission. "Banded rate" means a rate that has a minimum and maximum rate. Rates may be changed within the rate band upon such notice as the commission may order."

Correct the title.

Representatives Crouse and Morris spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Crouse and Morris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5628 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5628 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 53, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Alexander, Backlund, Ballasotes, Benson, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Cooke, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dunn, Dyer, Hankins, Hickel, Honeyford, Johnson, Koster, Lambert, Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Mulliken, Parlette, Pennington, Radcliff, Reams, Robertson, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K.,
Substitute Senate Bill No. 5628, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5668, by Senate Committee on Financial Institutions, Insurance & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Prentice, Deccio, Sellar, Newhouse, Hale, Anderson and Winsley)

Allowing the department of health to adopt a temporary worker housing code.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendments by the Committee on Trade & Economic Development (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997) and by the Committee on Appropriations were not adopted (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85th Day, April 7, 1997).

Representative Clements moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Clements: (583)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the shortage of temporary worker housing is due in part to inappropriate construction requirements for temporary worker shelter and related facilities. It is the intent of the legislature that temporary worker housing developers, including employers, be provided with a regulatory framework that allows shelter to be provided that meets the basic dignity, comfort, common decency, health, and safety needs of workers. It is the intent of chapter . . . . Laws of 1997 (this act) to provide a temporary worker housing building code that will encourage private development of temporary worker housing, and will accommodate a wide range of building materials and new and innovative construction formats that are not possible under previously applicable codes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 19.27 RCW to read as follows:

Temporary worker housing shall be constructed, altered, or repaired as provided in chapter 70.114A RCW. The construction, alteration, or repair of temporary worker housing is not subject to the codes adopted under RCW 19.27.031, except as provided in any code adopted under chapter 70.114A RCW. For the purposes of this section "temporary worker housing" means a shelter, place, area, or piece of land where sleeping places or housing sites are provided by an employer for his or her employees for temporary seasonal occupancy, and includes labor camps under RCW 70.54.110. The rules adopted by the state board of health under RCW 70.54.110 apply to all temporary worker housing.

Sec. 3. RCW 70.114A.020 and 1995 c 220 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Department" means the department of health.

(2) "Dwelling unit" means a shelter, building, or portion of a building, that may include cooking and eating facilities, that is:

(a) Provided and designated by the operator as either a sleeping area, living area, or both, for occupants; and

(b) Physically separated from other sleeping and common-use areas.

(3) "Facility" means a sleeping place, drinking water, toilet, sewage disposal, food handling installation, or other installations required for compliance with this chapter.
(4) "Occupant" means a temporary worker or a person who resides with a temporary worker at the housing site.

(5) "Operator" means a person holding legal title to the land on which temporary worker housing is located. However, if the legal title and the right to possession are in different persons, "operator" means a person having the lawful control or supervision over the temporary worker housing under a lease or other arrangement.

(6) "Temporary worker" means a person employed intermittently and not residing year-round at the same site.

(7) "Temporary worker housing" means a place, area, or piece of land where sleeping places or housing sites are provided by an employer for his or her employees or by another person, including a temporary worker housing operator, who is providing such accommodations for employees, for temporary, seasonal occupancy, and includes "labor camps" under RCW 70.54.110. The rules adopted by the state board of health under RCW 70.54.110 apply to all temporary worker housing.

Sec. 4. RCW 70.114A.080 and 1995 c 220 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The (state building code council) department shall (develop) adopt by rule under chapter 34.05 RCW a temporary worker (housing) building code, in conformance with the temporary worker housing standards developed under the Washington industrial safety and health act, chapter 49.17 RCW, the rules adopted by the state board of health under RCW 70.54.110, and the following guidelines:

(1) The code shall provide construction standards for shelter and associated facilities that are safe, secure, and capable of withstanding the stresses and loads associated with their designated use, and to which they are likely to be subjected by the elements.

(2) The code shall permit and facilitate designs and formats that allow for maximum affordability, consistent with the provision of decent, safe, and sanitary housing.

(3) In developing the code the (council) department shall consider: (a) The need for dormitory type housing for groups of unrelated individuals; and (b) the need for housing to accommodate families.

(4) The code shall include construction standards for a variety of formats, including, but not limited to: (a) (Tents and tent platforms) Straw bale exterior wall structures; and (b) hard-shell, single exterior wall structures.

(5) The code shall include standards for temporary worker housing that is to be used only during periods when no auxiliary heat is required.

In (developing) adopting the temporary worker (housing) building code, it is the intent of the legislature that the (building code council) department make exceptions to the codes listed in RCW 19.27.031, and chapter 19.27A RCW, in keeping with the guidelines set forth in this section. (The building code council shall appoint a technical advisory committee to assist in the development of the temporary worker housing code, which shall include representatives of industries that most frequently supply temporary housing to their employees.) It is also the intent of the legislature that the initial temporary worker building code adopted by the department be substantially equivalent to the temporary worker building code developed by the state building code council under section 8, chapter 220, Laws of 1995, and presented to the legislature on December 1, 1996.

A rule-making advisory and oversight committee is hereby established that shall participate fully throughout the rule-making process authorized by chapter 34.05, Laws of 1997 (this act). The advisory and oversight committee is composed of seven members as follows: One member from each caucus in the house of representatives, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; one member from each caucus in the senate, appointed by the president of the senate; one member representing migrant and seasonal agricultural workers; one member representing agricultural employers; and one member from the department of labor and industries to serve ex officio, appointed by the governor.

The temporary worker building code authorized and required by this section shall be enforced by the department.

Sec. 5. RCW 43.70.340 and 1990 c 253 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The farmworker housing inspection fund is established in the custody of the state treasury. The department of health shall deposit all funds received under subsection (2) of this section and from the legislature to administer a labor camp inspection program conducted by the department of health. Disbursement from the fund shall be on authorization of the secretary of health or the secretary’s designee. The fund is subject to the allotment procedure provided under chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for disbursements.

(2) There is imposed a fee on each operating license issued by the department of health to every operator of a labor camp that is regulated by the state board of health. The fee paid under this subsection shall include all necessary inspection of the units to ensure compliance with applicable state board of health rules on labor camps.

(a) Fifty dollars shall be charged for each labor camp containing six or less units.

(b) Seventy-five dollars shall be charged for each labor camp containing more than six units.

(3) The term of the operating license and the application procedures shall be established, by rule, by the department of health.

(4) The department of health shall establish a building permit fee schedule for temporary worker housing subject to chapter 70.114A RCW. The department of health shall develop rules to establish a fee schedule sufficient to cover the cost of all necessary plan reviews and on-site construction inspections of the temporary worker housing to ensure compliance with the codes developed under RCW 70.114A.080.

Representative Morris moved the adoption of the following amendment (589) to the striking amendment (583):

On page 2, line 27, strike "((state building code council)) department" and insert "state building code council"

On page 3, line 4, after "code the" strike "((council)) department" and insert "council"

On page 3, line 16, after "that the" strike "((building code council)) department" and insert "building code council"

On page 3, line 25, after "by the" strike "department" and insert "building code council"

Representatives Morris and Kenney spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Representative Clements spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the striking amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 43-YEAS; 52-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

Representatives Clements and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment (583). The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5668 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5668 as amended by
the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0,
Excused - 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blaock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Dunn, Dunsee, Dyer, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford,
Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Mason, Mastin,
McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O’Brien, Ogden, Parlette,
Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K.,
Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sterk, Sullivan,
Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe,
Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 95.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5668, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional
majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718
and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Radcliff, having voted on the prevailing side and having given notice on April
14, 1997, moved that rules be suspended, and that the House immediately reconsider the vote on
Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526.

There being no objection, the House deferred action on the reconsideration.

SENATE BILL NO. 5736, by Senators Roach, Winsley, Oke, Benton, Schow, Snyder,
Heavey, Bauer and Rasmussen

Increasing county burial costs for indigent deceased veterans.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Trade and Economic
Development was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 81st Day, April 3, 1997.)

Representatives D. Schmidt and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5736 as
amendment by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5736 as amended by the
House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 68, Nays - 27, Absent - 0, Excused
- 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt,
Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Cody, Cooke, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt,
Delvin, Dickerson, Dunn, Dyer, Gardner, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Johnson,
Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Linville, Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Mulliken,
O'Brien, Ogden, Parlette, Pennington, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sterk, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Wensman, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 68.


Senate Bill No. 5736, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5739 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5754, by Senators Horn, Franklin and Newhouse; by request of Department of Licensing

Regulating boxing, kickboxing, martial arts, and wrestling.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Honeyford and Wood spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5754.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5754 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Senate Bill No. 5754, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1069,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1096,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1364,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1426,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1535,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1539,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8413,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1119,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1219,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1341,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1342,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1465,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1466,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1467,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1473,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1593,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1594,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1600,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1604,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1743,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1761,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1806,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1847,
Exempting revenue reduction and certain other measures from cutoff dates.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Engrossed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8413 was advanced to second reading.

SECOND READING

ENGROSSED SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8413, by Senator McDonald

Exempting revenue reduction and certain other measures from cutoff dates.

The resolution was read the second time.

Representative Pennington moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lisk: (597)

On page 1, line 7 after "apply to" strike the remainder of the resolution and insert "measures which reduce revenue or the following measures:

- Senate Bill No. 6094 (Growth Management)
- Senate Bill No. 5480 (City/town transportation funds)
- House Bill No. 1398 (Superior Court Judges)
- House Bill No. 1072 (Interception of Communications)
- House Bill No. 1117 (Minors and Alcohol)
- House Bill No. 1128 (Loomis Forest)
- House Bill No. 1129 (Eluding a police officer)
Representative Cole moved the adoption of the following amendment (599) to the amendment by Representative Lisk (597):

On page 2, after line 8 of the amendment, insert
"House Bill 1877, Tobacco Products Regulation"

Representatives Cole and Quall spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (599) to the amendment (597) on page 2, line 8, to Engrossed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8413 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole,
Representative Costa moved the adoption of the following amendment (600) to the amendment by Representative Lisk (597):

On page 2, after line 8 of the amendment, insert:

"House Bill 2078 - Child access prevention/firearms"

Representatives Costa and Scott spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (600) to the amendment (597) on page 2, line 8, to Engrossed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8413 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 40, Nays - 55, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on amendment 600 to Engrossed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8413.

MARK DOUMIT, 19th District

Representative Gombosky moved the adoption of the following amendment (601) to the amendment by Representative Lisk: (597)

On page 2, after line 8 of the amendment, insert

"House Bill 2129, Minimum Wage Increase"
Representatives Gombosky, Conway and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Fisher demanded an electronic roll call and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (601) to the amendment on page 2, line 8, to Engrossed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8413 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 34, Nays - 61, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment (602) to the amendment by Representative Lisk: (597)

On page 2, after line 10 of the amendment, insert
"House Bill 2249, Property Tax Relief"

Representatives Dunshee and Dickerson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

Representative B. Thomas spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (602) to the amendment (597) on page 2, line 10, and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 41, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


The question before the House was the adoption of the amendment by Representative Lisk (597). The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of Engrossed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8413 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of Engrossed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8413 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 41, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Engrossed Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8413, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

The Speaker stated the question before the House was the motion by Representative Radcliff to reconsider the vote on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526 (see Journal, 93rd Day, April 15, 1997).

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 54-YEAS; 41-NAYS. The motion was carried.

There being no objection, the House deferred further consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Appelwick: We have not prepared a floor resolution in recognition of the anniversary that the rest of the nation is celebrating today. I would like to take a moment to note that fifty years ago Jackie Robinson was brought into the major leagues because Branch Rickey of the Brooklyn Dodgers took a chance on a player’s ability and looked past the color of his skin. It was an enormous change in the face of America. The nation’s pasttime was big entertainment. Segregation was alive and well in many respects. Here was a man who understood his place in history; who tolerated demeaning treatment in order to pave the way for others. I think he stood the course very well. His wife was a woman of great courage and stood by him in this time. They both endured a lot so that progress could be made for others. To the point of different transportation from other members of the
team, staying in different hotels, having the equipment manager separate his uniform and clothing from the rest to take to a separate laundry. Things which might seem totally unthinkable today. It’s hard perhaps for many of us who are Caucasian to appreciate the significance that these breakthroughs in the race barrier meant. I know in law school, when they talked about bias in the court room or discrimination, it didn’t ring true to me. I didn’t feel I had grown up in an area or environment where any of that were the case. Justice Smith, who had been on the law faculty put it in context for me by using this example: Close your eyes and imagine that all the people you know in this chamber, every member you are serving with, is of a different race and you are the only white person here. Would you feel a little different? They are the same people but would you feel different? The nagging uneasiness, that’s the essence of the racial tension. And yet Jackie Robinson, who had great talent, had to put up with not only that nagging discomfort of being the only black face on the team, but with being unaccepted by the fans: of being sworn at, threatened, and intimidated. But he had the courage to go forward. He opened the door for a lot of people who are making a lot of money and should be really grateful. He did it at a time when there wasn’t the big money to be made. But he did it with the kind of class that demonstrated that you should be judged not by the color of your skin but by the quality of your character and the good talents the good Lord gave you.

It is appropriate that we share in the tribute to Jackie Robinson, and Branch Rickey who had the courage to take a chance and break convention, and respect human beings. Thank you.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker: I wish to echo the remarks of the gentleman from the 46th District. We had the privilege of being in the audience when Jackie Robinson’s daughter received on his behalf a standing ovation by 57,000 people for his great courage. We have no idea of the significance of that courage. We see today an acceptance, without the appreciation of what it took to get here. We see a lot of people doing very well in this profession, not only with popularity, but with finances.

I would simply ask, that as we make our decisions, and as we share with one another, that we show the same kind of courage and respect that that gentleman demonstrated fifty years ago.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Robertson, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Wednesday, April 16, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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NINETY-FOURTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, April 16, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jessica Prest and Ryan Gilbert. Prayer was offered by Pastor Steve Schertzinger, New Hope Christian Church, Lynnwood.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5737,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5845,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6077,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5005,  
SENATE BILL NO. 5154,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5541,  
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5600,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5782,  
SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8410,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:  
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1411,  
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1576,  
HOUSE BILL NO. 1802,  
HOUSE BILL NO. 1828,  
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1955,  
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1969,  
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2044,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) and has passed the following bill as amended by the House:
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5286,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6092,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5424,  
SENATE BILL NO. 5559,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

and the same are herewith transmitted.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2282 by Representatives Cooke, Boldt, Alexander, Mulliken, Bush, McDonald, Huff, McMorris, Thompson, Sheahan, Koster, D. Sommers, D. Schmidt, Wensman and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to implementing the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996.

HB 2283 by Representatives Robertson, Grant, Schoesler and L. Thomas

AN ACT Relating to surface mining; amending RCW 78.44.011, 78.44.020, 78.44.040, 78.44.050, and 36.70A.060; and creating a new section.

HB 2284 by Representatives B. Thomas, Kastama, Pennington, Dunshee, Sterk, Boldt, Carrell, DeBolt, Alexander and Van Luven

AN ACT Relating to consolidating business and occupation tax rates into fewer categories.

SSB 5175 by Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen, Hochstatter, Goings and Roach; by request of Department of Revenue)

AN ACT Relating to revising the business and occupation tax on the handling of hay, alfalfa, and seed.

SB 5343 by Senators Sellar and Prentice

AN ACT Relating to the determination of where a retail sale of towing services occurs for tax purposes.

SB 5353 by Senators Benton, Wood, Brown, Rossi, Stevens and Winsley

AN ACT Relating to limiting a tax exemption for motor vehicles.
SB 5402 by Senators Roach, Johnson, Sheldon, Bauer, Patterson and Haugen

AN ACT Relating to providing tax exemptions for nonprofit camps and conferences.

SSB 5424 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West, Wojahn, Winsley, Hale, Franklin, Jacobsen and Rasmussen)

AN ACT Relating to providing tax exemptions for businesses in community empowerment zones that provide selected international services.

SB 5543 by Senators Snyder, West, Bauer, Zarelli, Oke and Fraser; by request of Department of Revenue

AN ACT Relating to deferring sales and use tax for rentals of machinery and equipment used in the installation and construction of investment projects in distressed areas

SB 5559 by Senators Hale, West, Loveland and Anderson

AN ACT Relating to exempting coin-operated services of car washes from sales and use tax.

SB 5688 by Senators Strannigan and Johnson

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation tax reimbursements and advances received by property management companies for the payment of wages to on-site employees

SSB 5935 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wojahn, Fairley and Franklin; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

AN ACT Relating to providing for the recovery of the costs of long-term medical care paid by the department of social and health services.

SSB 6045 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West, Spanel, Strannigan and Oke; by request of Governor Locke)

AN ACT Relating to creating the savings incentive account.

ESSB 6068 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West, Spanel and Oke; by request of Secretary of State)

AN ACT Relating to enhancing legal advertising of state measures.

SB 6070 by Senators West and Spanel; by request of Office of Financial Management

AN ACT Relating to creating the disaster response account.

ESSB 6092 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West and Deccio)

AN ACT Relating to abolishing the state health care policy board.

SJM 8014 by Senators Patterson, Oke, Swecker, Roach, Heavey, McDonald, Swanson and Brown

AN ACT Relating to requesting that the cause of Gulf War syndrome be fully and expeditiously investigated.
There being no objection, the bills and memorial listed on the day's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were advanced to second reading.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

April 15, 1997

HB 2108 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Constructing a fourth jumbo ferry. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; Constantine; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O'Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Scott; Skinner; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Mielke, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; and Romero.


April 15, 1997

HB 2281 Prime Sponsor, Representative K. Schmidt: Funding transportation. Reported by Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget

MAJORITY recommendation: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by Representatives K. Schmidt, Chairman; Hankins, Vice Chairman; Mielke, Vice Chairman; Mitchell, Vice Chairman; Fisher, Ranking Minority Member; Cooper, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Backlund; Buck; Cairnes; Chandler; DeBolt; Gardner; Hatfield; Johnson; Murray; O’Brien; Ogden; Radcliff; Robertson; Romero; Scott; Skinner; Sterk; Wood and Zellinsky.

MINORITY recommendation: Without recommendation. Signed by Representatives Blalock, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; and Constantine.


Voting Nay: Representatives Blalock and Constantine.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s committee reports under the fifth order of business were advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of the following bills, and the same were advanced to second reading: House Bill No. 1128, House Bill No. 1221, House Bill No. 1685, House Bill No. 1833, House Bill No. 2011, House Joint Memorial No. 4011, House Joint Resolution No. 4208, House Concurrent Resolution No. 4403, and Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5915.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5157, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Zarelli, Stevens and Kohl)

Providing tax exemptions for items obtained to replace weather-damaged items.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment was adopted. Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance recommendation: Majority, do pass as amended. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 85 Day, April 7, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

Representatives Mulliken, Carrell, Kessler, Pennington, Morris, Buck, Cooper, Johnson and Bush spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee and Cooke spoke against passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Talcott, Representatives Cairnes, Dyer and B. Thomas were excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 87, Nays - 8, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Cairnes, Dyer and Thomas, B. - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6063 and asks the House for a conference thereon,
and the same are herewith transmitted. 

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being to objection, the House granted the Senate request for a conference on Senate Bill No. 6063.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Sehlin, Honeyford and Ogden as conferees on Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5276, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Roach and Oke)

Providing an alternative for persons whose water rights permits were conditioned due to impact on existing rights or established flows.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture and Ecology was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Linville: (580)

On page 1, line 30 of the committee amendment, after "benefits" insert "and costs, including environmental effects."

On page 2, line 16 of the committee amendment, after "benefits" insert "and costs, including environmental effects."

Representatives Linville and Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5276 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5276 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Cairnes, Dyer and Thomas, B. - 3.
Substitute Senate Bill No. 5276, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044 and Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336, and the bills held their places on the second reading calendar.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5479, by Senate Committee on Education (originally sponsored by Senators Benton, West, Hochstatter, Swecker, McDonald and Oke)

Changing time periods for provisional status for certificated employees.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Quall moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Quall:

(603)

On page 1, after line 16, insert the following new paragraph:

"If a provisional employee has completed two years of certificated employment with the district, and the superintendent of the school district determines that the employee’s work is unsatisfactory based on district evaluation criteria, the district shall notify the provisional employee in writing of stated specific areas of deficiencies that need to be corrected before terminating employment after the third year."

Representatives Quall, Cole and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Johnson spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (603) on page 1, line 16, to Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5479 and the amendment was adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 48, Nays - 47, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Cairnes, Dyer and Thomas, B. - 3.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5479 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1128, by Representatives Thompson, Sump, McMorris, Mielke, Mulliken, Buck, Sheldon and Schoesler
Implementing a recovery plan for dead and at-risk timber in the Loomis state forest.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Thompson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff: (612)

On page 2, after line 34, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The sum of nine hundred thirty-one thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated for the biennium ending June 30, 1999, from the resource management cost account to the department of natural resources for the purposes of implementing this act."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references and the title accordingly.

Representative Thompson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Regala spoke against adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Thompson and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Regala spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1128.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1128 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Lantz, Linville, Mason, Morris, Murray, Ogden, Poulsen, Quall, Regala, Romero, Scott, Sommers, H., Tokuda, Veloria, Wolfe and Wood - 34.

Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1128, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 1221, by Representatives Ballasiotes, Sheahan, Robertson, Chandler, Cody, Crouse, K. Schmidt, Costa, Scott, Buck, Kessler, Schoesler, Chopp, Johnson, Honeyford, O'Brien, Wensman, Sheldon, McDonald, Zellinsky, Thompson, H. Sommers and Mason

Impounding vehicles driven by a person with a suspended or revoked license.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1221 was substituted for House Bill No. 1221 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1221 was read the second time.

Representative Ballasiotes moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Ballasiotes: (606)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the license to drive a motor vehicle on the public highways is suspended or revoked in order to protect public safety following a driver's failure to comply with the laws of this state. Over six hundred persons are killed in traffic accidents in Washington annually, and more than eighty-four thousand persons are injured. It is estimated that of the three million four hundred thousand drivers' licenses issued to citizens of Washington, more than two hundred sixty thousand are suspended or revoked at any given time. Suspended drivers are more likely to be involved in causing traffic accidents, including fatal accidents, than properly licensed drivers, and pose a serious threat to the lives and property of Washington residents. Statistics show that suspended drivers are three times more likely to kill or seriously injure others in the commission of traffic felony offenses than are validly licensed drivers. In addition to not having a driver's license, most such drivers also lack required liability insurance, increasing the financial burden upon other citizens through uninsured losses and higher insurance costs for validly licensed drivers. Because of the threat posed by suspended drivers, all registered owners of motor vehicles in Washington have a duty to not allow their vehicles to be driven by a suspended driver.

Despite the existence of criminal penalties for driving with a suspended or revoked license, an estimated seventy-five percent of these drivers continue to drive anyway. Existing sanctions are not sufficient to deter or prevent persons with a suspended or revoked license from driving. It is common for suspended drivers to resume driving immediately after being stopped, cited, and released by a police officer and to continue to drive while a criminal prosecution for suspended driving is pending. More than half of all suspended drivers charged with the crime of driving while suspended or revoked fail to appear for court hearings. Vehicle impoundment will provide an immediate consequence which will increase deterrence and reduce unlawful driving by preventing a suspended driver access to that vehicle. Vehicle impoundment will also provide an appropriate measure of accountability for registered owners who permit suspended drivers to drive their vehicles. Impoundment of vehicles driven by suspended drivers has been shown to reduce future driving while suspended or revoked offenses for up to two years afterwards, and the recidivism rate for drivers whose cars were not impounded was one hundred percent higher than for drivers whose cars were impounded. In order to adequately protect public safety and to enforce the state's driver licensing laws, it is necessary to authorize the impoundment of any vehicle when it is found to be operated by a driver with a suspended or revoked license, and to provide in certain circumstances for the forfeiture of such vehicles where the owner continues to drive despite having been previously convicted of the crime of driving with a suspended or revoked license in violation of RCW 46.20.342 and 46.20.420.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 46.20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding RCW 46.55.113, whenever a motor vehicle is found to be operated by a person with a suspended or revoked driver's license or nonresident driving privileges, or while in a suspended or revoked status in violation of RCW 46.20.342 or 46.20.420, the vehicle is subject to impoundment, pursuant to applicable local ordinance, at the direction of a law enforcement officer. Impoundment of vehicles driven by suspended drivers has been shown to reduce future driving while suspended or revoked offenses for up to two years afterwards, and the recidivism rate for drivers whose cars were not impounded was one hundred percent higher than for drivers whose cars were impounded. In order to adequately protect public safety and to enforce the state's driver licensing laws, it is necessary to authorize the impoundment of any vehicle when it is found to be operated by a driver with a suspended or revoked license, and to provide in certain circumstances for the forfeiture of such vehicles where the owner continues to drive despite having been previously convicted of the crime of driving with a suspended or revoked license in violation of RCW 46.20.342 and 46.20.420.

(2) If a vehicle is impounded under this section because the operator is in violation of RCW 46.20.342(1)(c), the vehicle shall not be released until a person eligible to redeem it under RCW 46.55.120(1)(a) satisfies the requirements of RCW 46.55.120(1)(b), including paying all towing,
removal, and storage fees, notwithstanding the fact that the hold was ordered by a government agency. However, if the department’s records show that the operator has been convicted of a violation of RCW 46.20.342 or a similar local ordinance within the past five years, the vehicle may be held for up to fifteen days at the written direction of the agency ordering the vehicle impounded.

(3) If a vehicle is impounded under this section because the operator is in violation of RCW 46.20.342(1)(a) or (b), the vehicle may be held for up to fifteen days and must not be released until a person eligible to redeem it under RCW 46.55.120(1)(a) satisfies the requirements of RCW 46.55.120(1)(b), including paying all towing, removal, and storage fees, notwithstanding the fact that the hold was ordered by a government agency. However, if the department’s records show that the operator has been convicted of a violation of RCW 46.20.342(1)(a) or (b) or a similar local ordinance within the past five years and the operator has a financial interest in the vehicle, the vehicle is subject to forfeiture. If the vehicle is forfeited, then the forfeiting agency shall pay all the impoundment, towing, and storage fees for the vehicle and shall be entitled to recover those fees from the operator of the forfeited vehicle, including any attorneys’ fees, costs of collection, and interest at the statutory rate for judgment interest from the date of payment by the forfeiting agency of such fees.

(4) A forfeiture proceeding is commenced by the law enforcement agency causing notice of the intended forfeiture of the seized vehicle to be served not less than ten days after seizure on the registered tow truck operator which impounded the vehicle, the owner of the vehicle seized, the person in charge of the vehicle when it was seized, and any person having a known right or interest in the vehicle, including a community property interest. The notice may be served by any method authorized by law or court rule, including, but not limited to, service by certified mail with return receipt requested. Service by mail is complete upon mailing. Notice in the case of a vehicle subject to a security interest that has been perfected on a certificate of title must be made by service upon the secured party or the secured party's assignee at the address shown on the financing statement, the certificate of title, or the transitional ownership record. Once the registered tow truck operator which impounded the vehicle receives notice, the vehicle must not be released except upon written order of the chief law enforcement officer of the agency directing the impoundment or his or her designee, an administrative law judge, or a court.

(5) The remaining procedures for forfeiting the vehicle are the same as set forth in RCW 46.61.5058 (5) through (14).

(6) Notwithstanding RCW 46.52.120(2), in any hearing under RCW 46.55.120 to contest the validity of the impoundment or under this section to contest the validity of the forfeiture, an abstract of the person’s driving record may be admitted as and is prima facie evidence of the status of the person’s driving privilege and that the person was convicted of each offense shown by the abstract. In addition, a certified vehicle registration of the vehicle sought to be forfeited shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation.

(7) No determination of facts made by a person conducting a hearing under this section or RCW 46.55.120 shall have any collateral estoppel effect on a subsequent criminal prosecution and shall not preclude litigation of those same facts in a subsequent criminal prosecution.

Sec. 3. RCW 46.55.105 and 1995 c 219 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The abandonment of any vehicle creates a prima facie presumption that the last registered owner of record is responsible for the abandonment and is liable for costs incurred in removing, storing, and disposing of the abandoned vehicle, less amounts realized at auction.

(2) If an unauthorized vehicle is found abandoned under subsection (1) of this section and removed at the direction of law enforcement, the last registered owner of record is guilty of a traffic infraction, unless the vehicle is redeemed as provided in RCW 46.55.120. In addition to any other monetary penalty payable under chapter 46.63 RCW, the court shall not consider all monetary penalties as having been paid until the court is satisfied that the person found to have committed the infraction has made restitution in the amount of the deficiency remaining after disposal of the vehicle under RCW 46.55.140.

(3) A vehicle theft report filed with a law enforcement agency relieves the last registered owner of liability under subsection (2) of this section for failure to redeem the vehicle. However, the last registered owner remains liable for the costs incurred in removing, storing, and disposing of the abandoned vehicle under subsection (1) of this section. Nothing in this section limits in any way the registered owner’s rights in a civil action or as restitution in a criminal action against a person responsible for the theft of the vehicle.
Properly filing a report of sale or transfer regarding the vehicle involved in accordance with RCW 46.12.101(1) ((or a vehicle theft report filed with a law enforcement agency)) relieves the last registered owner of liability under subsections (1) and (2) of this section. If the date of sale as indicated on the report of sale is on or before the date of impoundment, the buyer identified on the latest properly filed report of sale with the department is assumed liable for the costs incurred in removing, storing, and disposing of the abandoned vehicle, less amounts realized at auction. If the date of sale is after the date of impoundment, the previous registered owner is assumed to be liable for such costs. A licensed vehicle dealer is not liable under subsections (1) and (2) of this section if the dealer, as transferee or assignee of the last registered owner of the vehicle involved, has complied with the requirements of RCW 46.70.122 upon selling or otherwise disposing of the vehicle, or if the dealer has timely filed a transitional ownership record or report of sale under section 13 of this act. In that case the person to whom the licensed vehicle dealer has sold or transferred the vehicle is assumed liable for the costs incurred in removing, storing, and disposing of the abandoned vehicle, less amounts realized at auction.

For the purposes of reporting notices of traffic infraction to the department under RCW 46.20.270 and 46.52.100, and for purposes of reporting notices of failure to appear, respond, or comply regarding a notice of traffic infraction to the department under RCW 46.63.070(5), a traffic infraction under subsection (2) of this section is not considered to be a standing, stopping, or parking violation.

A notice of infraction for a violation of this section may be filed with a court of limited jurisdiction organized under Title 3, 35, or 35A RCW, or with a violations bureau subject to the court’s jurisdiction.

Sec. 4. RCW 46.55.113 and 1996 c 89 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever the driver of a vehicle is arrested for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the arresting officer may take custody of the vehicle and provide for its prompt removal to a place of safety. In addition, a police officer may take custody of a vehicle and provide for its prompt removal to a place of safety under any of the following circumstances:
(1) Whenever a police officer finds a vehicle standing upon the roadway in violation of any of the provisions of RCW 46.61.560, the officer may provide for the removal of the vehicle or require the driver or other person in charge of the vehicle to move the vehicle to a position off the roadway;
(2) Whenever a police officer finds a vehicle unattended upon a highway where the vehicle constitutes an obstruction to traffic or jeopardizes public safety;
(3) Whenever a police officer finds an unattended vehicle at the scene of an accident or when the driver of a vehicle involved in an accident is physically or mentally incapable of deciding upon steps to be taken to protect his or her property;
(4) Whenever the driver of a vehicle is arrested and taken into custody by a police officer;
(5) Whenever a police officer discovers a vehicle that the officer determines to be a stolen vehicle;
(6) Whenever a vehicle without a special license plate, card, or decal indicating that the vehicle is being used to transport a disabled person under RCW 46.16.381 is parked in a stall or space clearly and conspicuously marked under RCW 46.61.581 which space is provided on private property without charge or on public property;
(7) Upon determining that a person is operating a motor vehicle without a valid driver's license in violation of RCW 46.20.021 or with a license that has been expired for ninety days or more((, or with a suspended or revoked license in violation of RCW 46.20.342 or 46.20.420)).

Nothing in this section may derogate from the powers of police officers under the common law. For the purposes of this section, a place of safety may include the business location of a registered tow truck operator.

Sec. 5. RCW 46.55.110 and 1995 c 360 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When an unauthorized vehicle is impounded, the impounding towing operator shall notify the legal and registered owners of the impoundment of the unauthorized vehicle and the owners of any other items of personal property registered or titled with the department. The notification shall be sent by first-class mail within twenty-four hours after the impoundment to the last known registered and legal owners of the vehicle, and the owners of any other items of personal property registered or titled with the department, as provided by the law enforcement agency, and shall inform the owners of the
identity of the person or agency authorizing the impound. The notification shall include the name of the impounding tow firm, its address, and telephone number. The notice shall also include the location, time of the impound, and by whose authority the vehicle was impounded. The notice shall also include the written notice of the right of redemption and opportunity for a hearing to contest the validity of the impoundment pursuant to RCW 46.55.120.

(2) In the case of an abandoned vehicle, or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department, within twenty-four hours after receiving information on the owners from the department through the abandoned vehicle report, the tow truck operator shall send by certified mail, with return receipt requested, a notice of custody and sale to the legal and registered owners.

(3) If the date on which a notice required by subsection (2) of this section is to be mailed falls upon a Saturday, Sunday, or a postal holiday, the notice may be mailed on the next day that is neither a Saturday, Sunday, nor a postal holiday.

(4) No notices need be sent to the legal or registered owners of an impounded vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department, if the vehicle or personal property has been redeemed.

Sec. 6. RCW 46.55.120 and 1996 c 89 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Vehicles or other items of personal property registered or titled with the department that are impounded by registered tow truck operators pursuant to RCW 46.55.080, 46.55.085, (46.55.113, or section 2 of this act may be redeemed only under the following circumstances:

(a) Only the legal owner, the registered owner, a person authorized in writing by the registered owner or the vehicle’s insurer, a person who is determined and verified by the operator to have the permission of the registered owner of the vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department, or one who has purchased a vehicle or item of personal property registered or titled with the department from the registered owner who produces proof of ownership or written authorization and signs a receipt therefor, may redeem an impounded vehicle or items of personal property registered or titled with the department. In addition, a person redeeming a vehicle impounded under section 2 of this act must prior to redemption establish with the agency that ordered the vehicle impounded that he or she has a valid driver’s license and is in compliance with RCW 46.30.020. A vehicle impounded under section 2 of this act can only be released pursuant to a written order from the agency that ordered the vehicle impounded.

(b) The vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department shall be released upon the presentation to any person having custody of the vehicle of commercially reasonable tender sufficient to cover the costs of towing, storage, or other services rendered during the course of towing, removing, impounding, or storing any such vehicle. In addition, if a vehicle is impounded under section 2 of this act and was being operated by the registered owner when it was impounded, it must not be released to any person until the registered owner establishes with the agency that ordered the vehicle impounded that any penalties, fines, or forfeitures owed by him or her have been satisfied. Commercially reasonable tender shall include, without limitation, cash, major bank credit cards, or personal checks drawn on in-state banks if accompanied by two pieces of valid identification, one of which may be required by the operator to have a photograph. If the towing firm can determine through the customer’s bank or a check verification service that the presented check would not be paid by the bank or guaranteed by the service, the towing firm may refuse to accept the check. Any person who stops payment on a personal check or credit card, or does not make restitution within ten days from the date a check becomes insufficient due to lack of funds, to a towing firm that has provided a service pursuant to this section or in any other manner defrauds the towing firm in connection with services rendered pursuant to this section shall be liable for damages in the amount of twice the towing and storage fees, plus costs and reasonable attorney’s fees.

(2)(a) The registered tow truck operator shall give to each person who seeks to redeem an impounded vehicle, or item of personal property registered or titled with the department, written notice of the right of redemption and opportunity for a hearing, which notice shall be accompanied by a form to be used for requesting a hearing, the name of the person or agency authorizing the impound, and a copy of the towing and storage invoice. The registered tow truck operator shall maintain a record evidenced by the redeeming person’s signature that such notification was provided.

(b) Any person seeking to redeem an impounded vehicle under this section has a right to a hearing in the district or municipal court for the jurisdiction in which the vehicle was impounded to contest the validity of the impoundment or the amount of towing and storage charges. The district court
has jurisdiction to determine the issues involving all impoundments including those authorized by the state or its agents. The municipal court has jurisdiction to determine the issues involving impoundments authorized by agents of the municipality. Any request for a hearing shall be made in writing on the form provided for that purpose and must be received by the district or municipal court within ten days of the date the opportunity was provided for in subsection (2)(a) of this section. At the time of the filing of the hearing request, the petitioner shall pay to the court clerk a filing fee in the same amount required for the filing of a suit in the small claims department of a district court. If the hearing request is not received by the district or municipal court within the ten-day period, the right to a hearing is waived and the registered owner is liable for any towing, storage, or other impoundment charges permitted under this chapter. Upon receipt of a timely hearing request, the district or municipal court shall proceed to hear and determine the validity of the impoundment.

(3)(a) The district or municipal court, within five days after the request for a hearing, shall notify the registered tow truck operator, the person requesting the hearing if not the owner, the registered and legal owners of the vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department, and the person or agency authorizing the impound in writing of the hearing date and time.

(b) At the hearing, the person or persons requesting the hearing may produce any relevant evidence to show that the impoundment, towing, or storage fees charged were not proper. The court may consider a written report made under oath by the officer who authorized the impoundment in lieu of the officer’s personal appearance at the hearing.

(c) At the conclusion of the hearing, the district or municipal court shall determine whether the impoundment was proper, whether the towing or storage fees charged were in compliance with the posted rates, and who is responsible for payment of the fees. The court may not adjust fees or charges that are in compliance with the posted or contracted rates.

(d) If the impoundment is found proper, the impoundment, towing, and storage fees as permitted under this chapter together with court costs shall be assessed against the person or persons requesting the hearing, unless the operator did not have a signed and valid impoundment authorization from a private property owner or an authorized agent.

(e) If the impoundment is determined to be in violation of this chapter, then the registered and legal owners of the vehicle or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department shall bear no impoundment, towing, or storage fees, and any security shall be returned or discharged as appropriate, and the person or agency who authorized the impoundment shall be liable for any towing, storage, or other impoundment fees permitted under this chapter. The court shall enter judgment in favor of the registered tow truck operator against the person or agency authorizing the impound for the impoundment, towing, and storage fees paid. In addition, the court shall enter judgment in favor of the registered and legal owners of the vehicle, or other item of personal property registered or titled with the department, for the amount of the filing fee required by law for the impound hearing petition as well as reasonable damages for loss of the use of the vehicle during the time the same was impounded, for not less than fifty dollars per day, against the person or agency authorizing the impound. However, if an impoundment under section 2 of this act is determined to be in violation of this chapter, then the law enforcement officer directing the impoundment and the local government employing the officer are not liable for damages if the officer relied in good faith and without gross negligence on the records of the department in ascertaining that the operator of the vehicle had a suspended or revoked driver’s license. If any judgment entered is not paid within fifteen days of notice in writing of its entry, the court shall award reasonable attorneys’ fees and costs against the defendant in any action to enforce the judgment. Notice of entry of judgment may be made by registered or certified mail, and proof of mailing may be made by affidavit of the party mailing the notice. Notice of the entry of the judgment shall read essentially as follows:

TO: . . . . .
YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED JUDGMENT was entered against you in the . . . . . . Court located at . . . . . in the sum of $. . . . . . , in an action entitled . . . . . . , Case No. . . . . . . YOU ARE FURTHER NOTIFIED that attorneys fees and costs will be awarded against you under RCW . . . if the judgment is not paid within 15 days of the date of this notice.
DATED this . . . . . . day of . . . . . . , 19 . .
Signature
Any impounded abandoned vehicle or item of personal property registered or titled with the department that is not redeemed within fifteen days of mailing of the notice of custody and sale as required by RCW 46.55.110(2) shall be sold at public auction in accordance with all the provisions and subject to all the conditions of RCW 46.55.130. A vehicle or item of personal property registered or titled with the department may be redeemed at any time before the start of the auction upon payment of the applicable towing and storage fees.

Sec. 7. RCW 46.55.130 and 1989 c 111 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If, after the expiration of fifteen days from the date of mailing of notice of custody and sale required in RCW 46.55.110(2) to the registered and legal owners, the vehicle remains unclaimed and has not been listed as a stolen vehicle, then the registered tow truck operator having custody of the vehicle shall conduct a sale of the vehicle at public auction after having first published a notice of the date, place, and time of the auction in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the vehicle is located not less than three days and no more than ten days before the date of the auction. The notice shall contain a description of the vehicle including the make, model, year, and license number and a notification that a three-hour public viewing period will be available before the auction. The auction shall be held during daylight hours of a normal business day.

(2) The following procedures are required in any public auction of such abandoned vehicles:

(a) The auction shall be held in such a manner that all persons present are given an equal time and opportunity to bid;

(b) All bidders must be present at the time of auction unless they have submitted to the registered tow truck operator, who may or may not choose to use the preauction bid method, a written bid on a specific vehicle. Written bids may be submitted up to five days before the auction and shall clearly state which vehicle is being bid upon, the amount of the bid, and who is submitting the bid;

(c) The open bid process, including all written bids, shall be used so that everyone knows the dollar value that must be exceeded;

(d) The highest two bids received shall be recorded in written form and shall include the name, address, and telephone number of each such bidder;

(e) In case the high bidder defaults, the next bidder has the right to purchase the vehicle for the amount of his or her bid;

(f) The successful bidder shall apply for title within fifteen days;

(g) The registered tow truck operator shall post a copy of the auction procedure at the bidding site. If the bidding site is different from the licensed office location, the operator shall post a clearly visible sign at the office location that describes in detail where the auction will be held. At the bidding site a copy of the newspaper advertisement that lists the vehicles for sale shall be posted;

(h) All surplus moneys derived from the auction after satisfaction of the registered tow truck operator’s lien shall be remitted within thirty days to the department for deposit in the state motor vehicle fund. A report identifying the vehicles resulting in any surplus shall accompany the remitted funds. If the director subsequently receives a valid claim from the registered vehicle owner of record as determined by the department within one year from the date of the auction, the surplus moneys shall be remitted to such owner;

(i) If an operator receives no bid, or if the operator is the successful bidder at auction, the operator shall, within ((thirty)) forty-five days sell the vehicle to a licensed vehicle wrecker, hulk hauler, or scrap processor by use of the abandoned vehicle report-affidavit of sale, or the operator shall apply for title to the vehicle.

(3) In no case may an operator hold a vehicle for longer than ninety days without holding an auction on the vehicle, except for vehicles that are under a police or judicial hold.

(4)(a) In no case may the accumulation of storage charges exceed fifteen days from the date of receipt of the information by the operator from the department as provided by RCW 46.55.110(2).

(b) The failure of the registered tow truck operator to comply with the time limits provided in this chapter limits the accumulation of storage charges to five days except where delay is unavoidable.
Providing incorrect or incomplete identifying information to the department in the abandoned vehicle report shall be considered a failure to comply with these time limits if correct information is available.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 46.55 RCW to read as follows:

In any administrative or judicial proceeding involving a forfeiture of a vehicle under section 2 of this act, the chief law enforcement officer or court shall provide for the protection of a bona fide community property interest in the vehicle of a person other than the person whose operation of the vehicle with a suspended or revoked license led to the forfeiture.

**Sec. 9.** RCW 46.55.010 and 1994 c 176 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions set forth in this section apply throughout this chapter:

1. "Abandoned vehicle" means a vehicle that a registered tow truck operator has impounded and held in the operator's possession for ((ninety-six)) one hundred twenty consecutive hours.
2. "Abandoned vehicle report" means the document prescribed by the state that the towing operator forwards to the department after a vehicle has become abandoned.
3. "Impound" means to take and hold a vehicle in legal custody. There are two types of impounds—public and private.
   a. "Public impound" means that the vehicle has been impounded at the direction of a law enforcement officer or by a public official having jurisdiction over the public property upon which the vehicle was located.
   b. "Private impound" means that the vehicle has been impounded at the direction of a person having control or possession of the private property upon which the vehicle was located.
4. "Junk vehicle" means a vehicle certified under RCW 46.55.230 as meeting at least three of the following requirements:
   a. Is three years old or older;
   b. Is extensively damaged, such damage including but not limited to any of the following: A broken window or windshield, or missing wheels, tires, motor, or transmission;
   c. Is apparently inoperable;
   d. Has an approximate fair market value equal only to the approximate value of the scrap in it.
5. "Master log" means the document or an electronic facsimile prescribed by the department and the Washington state patrol in which an operator records transactions involving impounded vehicles.
6. "Registered tow truck operator" or "operator" means any person who engages in the impounding, transporting, or storage of unauthorized vehicles or the disposal of abandoned vehicles.
7. "Residential property" means property that has no more than four living units located on it.
8. "Tow truck" means a motor vehicle that is equipped for and used in the business of towing vehicles with equipment as approved by the state patrol.
9. "Tow truck number" means the number issued by the department to tow trucks used by a registered tow truck operator in the state of Washington.
10. "Tow truck permit" means the permit issued annually by the department that has the classification of service the tow truck may provide stamped upon it.
11. "Tow truck service" means the transporting upon the public streets and highways of this state of vehicles, together with personal effects and cargo, by a tow truck of a registered operator.
12. "Unauthorized vehicle" means a vehicle that is subject to impoundment after being left unattended in one of the following public or private locations for the indicated period of time:

Subject to removal after:

(a) Public locations:
(i) Constituting an accident or a traffic hazard as defined in RCW 46.55.113 Immediately
(ii) On a highway and tagged as described in RCW 46.55.085 24 hours
(iii) In a publicly owned or controlled parking facility, properly posted under RCW
    46.55.070 Immediately
(b) Private locations:
(i) On residential property
Immeditaly

(ii) On private, nonresidential property, properly posted under RCW 46.55.070
Immediately

(iii) On private, nonresidential property,
not posted 24 hours

Sec. 10. RCW 46.55.100 and 1995 c 360 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) At the time of impoundment the registered tow truck operator providing the towing service
shall give immediate notification, by telephone or radio, to a law enforcement agency having
jurisdiction who shall maintain a log of such reports. A law enforcement agency, or a private
communication center acting on behalf of a law enforcement agency, shall within six to twelve hours of
the impoundment, provide to a requesting operator the name and address of the legal and registered
owners of the vehicle, and the registered owner of any personal property registered or titled with the
department that is attached to or contained in or on the impounded vehicle, the vehicle identification
number, and any other necessary, pertinent information. The initial notice of impoundment shall be
followed by a written or electronic facsimile notice within twenty-four hours. In the case of a vehicle
from another state, time requirements of this subsection do not apply until the requesting law
enforcement agency in this state receives the information.

(2) The operator shall immediately send an abandoned vehicle report to the department for any
vehicle, and for any items of personal property registered or titled with the department, that are in the
operator’s possession after the ((ninety-six)) one hundred twenty-hour abandonment period. Such report
need not be sent when the impoundment is pursuant to a writ, court order, or police hold. The owner
notification and abandonment process shall be initiated by the registered tow truck operator
immediately following notification by a court or law enforcement officer that the writ, court order, or
police hold is no longer in effect.

(3) Following the submittal of an abandoned vehicle report, the department shall provide the
registered tow truck operator with owner information within seventy-two hours.

(4) Within ((fifteen)) fourteen days of the sale of an abandoned vehicle at public auction, the
 towing operator shall send a copy of the abandoned vehicle report showing the disposition of the
abandoned vehicle and any other items of personal property registered or titled with the department to
the crime information center of the Washington state patrol.

(5) If the operator sends an abandoned vehicle report to the department and the department
finds no owner information, an operator may proceed with an inspection of the vehicle and any other
items of personal property registered or titled with the department to determine whether owner
 identification is within the vehicle.

(6) If the operator finds no owner identification, the operator shall immediately notify the
appropriate law enforcement agency, which shall search the vehicle and any other items of personal
property registered or titled with the department for the vehicle identification number or other
appropriate identification numbers and check the necessary records to determine the vehicle’s or other
property’s owners.

Sec. 11. RCW 46.12.095 and 1969 ex.s. c 170 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

A security interest in a vehicle other than one held as inventory by a manufacturer or a dealer
and for which a certificate of ownership is required is perfected only by compliance with the
requirements of section 13 of this act under the circumstances provided for therein or by compliance
with the requirements of this section:

(1) A security interest is perfected ((only)) by the department’s receipt of: (a) The existing
certificate, if any, and (b) an application for a certificate of ownership containing the name and address
of the secured party, and (c) tender of the required fee.

(2) It is perfected as of the time of its creation: (a) If the papers and fee referred to in ((the
preceding)) subsection (1) of this section are received by this department within ((eight department
business)) twenty calendar days ((exclusive)) of the day on which the security agreement was created;
or (b) if the secured party’s name and address appear on the outstanding certificate of ownership;
otherwise, as of the date on which the department has received the papers and fee required in
subsection (1) of this section.
If a vehicle is subject to a security interest when brought into this state, perfection of the security interest is determined by the law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security interest was attached, subject to the following:

(a) If the security interest was perfected under the law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security interest was attached, the following rules apply:

(b) If the name of the secured party is shown on the existing certificate of ownership issued by that jurisdiction, the security interest continues perfected in this state. The name of the secured party shall be shown on the certificate of ownership issued for the vehicle by this state. The security interest continues perfected in this state upon the issuance of such ownership certificate.

(c) If the security interest was not perfected under the law of the jurisdiction where the vehicle was when the security interest was attached, it may be perfected in this state; in that case, perfection dates from the time of perfection in this state.

Sec. 12. RCW 46.12.101 and 1991 c 339 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

A transfer of ownership in a motor vehicle is perfected by compliance with the requirements of this section.

(1) If an owner transfers his or her interest in a vehicle, other than by the creation, deletion, or change of a security interest, the owner shall, at the time of the delivery of the vehicle, execute an assignment to the transferee and provide an odometer disclosure statement under RCW 46.12.124 on the certificate of ownership or as the department otherwise prescribes, and cause the certificate and assignment to be transmitted to the transferee. (Within five days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and state and federal holidays.) The owner shall notify the department or its agents or subagents, in writing, on the appropriate form, of the date of the sale or transfer, the name and address of the owner and of the transferee, the transferee’s driver’s license number, if available, and such description of the vehicle, including the vehicle identification number, the license plate number, or both, as may be required in the appropriate form provided for that purpose by the department. The report of sale is deemed properly filed if all required information is provided on the form and includes a department authorized notation or receipt that the document was received by the department or its agents or subagents on or before the fifth day following the date of sale of the vehicle, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and state and federal holidays. Any report of sale processed and recorded by the department’s agents or subagents may be subject to fees as specified in RCW 46.01.140 (4)(a) or (5)(b).

(2) The requirements of subsection (1) of this section to provide an odometer disclosure statement apply to the transfer of vehicles held for lease when transferred to a lessee and then to the lessor at the end of the leasehold and to vehicles held in a fleet when transferred to a purchaser.

(3) Except as provided in RCW 46.12.120 the transferee shall within fifteen days after delivery of the vehicle, execute the application for a new certificate of ownership in the same space provided therefor on the certificate or as the department prescribes, and cause the certificates and application to be transmitted to the department.

(4) Upon request of the owner or transferee, a secured party in possession of the certificate of ownership shall, unless the transfer was a breach of its security agreement, either deliver the certificate to the transferee for transmission to the department or, when the secured party receives the owner’s assignment from the transferee, it shall transmit the transferee’s application for a new certificate, the existing certificate, and the required fee to the department. Compliance with this section does not affect the rights of the secured party.

(5) If a security interest is reserved or created at the time of the transfer, the certificate of ownership shall be retained by or delivered to the person who becomes the secured party, and the parties shall comply with the provisions of RCW 46.12.170.

(6) If the purchaser or transferee fails or neglects to make application to transfer the certificate of ownership and license registration within fifteen days after the date of delivery of the vehicle, he or she shall on making application for transfer be assessed a twenty-dollar penalty on the sixteenth day and two dollars additional for each day thereafter, but not to exceed one hundred dollars. The director may by rule establish conditions under which the penalty will not be assessed when an application for transfer is delayed for reasons beyond the control of the purchaser. Conditions for not assessing the penalty may be established for but not limited to delays caused by:
(a) The department requesting additional supporting documents;
(b) Extended hospitalization or illness of the purchaser;
(c) Failure of a legal owner to release his or her interest;
(d) Failure, negligence, or nonperformance of the department, auditor, or subagent.

Failure or neglect to make application to transfer the certificate of ownership and license registration within forty-five days after the date of delivery of the vehicle is a misdemeanor.

(7) Upon receipt of an application for reissue or replacement of a certificate of ownership and transfer of license registration, accompanied by the endorsed certificate of ownership or other documentary evidence as is deemed necessary, the department shall, if the application is in order and if all provisions relating to the certificate of ownership and license registration have been complied with, issue new certificates of title and license registration as in the case of an original issue and shall transmit the fees together with an itemized detailed report to the state treasurer, to be deposited in the motor vehicle fund.

(8) Once each quarter the department shall report to the department of revenue a list of those vehicles for which a seller’s report has been received but no transfer of title has taken place.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 46.12 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The purpose of a transitional ownership record is to enable a security interest in a motor vehicle to be perfected in a timely manner when the certificate of ownership is not available at the time the security interest is created, and to provide for timely notification to security interest holders under chapter 46.55 RCW.

(2) A transitional ownership record is only acceptable as an ownership record for vehicles currently stored on the department’s computer system and if the certificate of ownership or other authorized proof of ownership for the motor vehicle:

(a) Is not in the possession of the selling vehicle dealer or new security interest holder at the time the transitional ownership record is submitted to the department; and
(b) To the best of the knowledge of the selling dealer or new security interest holder, the certificate of ownership will not be received for submission to the department within twenty calendar days of the date of sale of the vehicle, or if no sale is involved, within twenty calendar days of the date the security agreement or contract is executed.

(3) A person shall submit the transitional ownership record to the department or to any of its authorized agents or subagents. A transitional ownership document processed and recorded by an agent or subagent may be subject to fees as specified in RCW 46.01.140 (4)(a) or (5)(b).

(4) "Transitional ownership record" means a record containing all of the following information:

(a) The date of sale;
(b) The name and address of each owner of the vehicle;
(c) The name and address of each security interest holder;
(d) If there are multiple security interest holders, the priorities of interest if the security interest holders do not jointly hold a single security interest;
(e) The vehicle identification number, the license plate number, if any, the year, make, and model of the vehicle; and
(f) The name of the selling dealer or security interest holder who is submitting the transitional ownership record.

(5) The report of sale form prescribed by the department under RCW 46.12.101 may be utilized by a vehicle dealer as the transitional ownership record.

(6) Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 46.12.095 (1) and (2), compliance with the requirements of this section shall result in perfection of a security interest in the vehicle as of the time the security interest was created. Upon receipt of the certificate of ownership for the vehicle, or upon receipt of written confirmation that only an electronic record of ownership exists or that the certificate of ownership has been lost or destroyed, the selling dealer or new security interest holder shall promptly submit the same to the department together with an application for a new certificate of ownership containing the name and address of the secured party and tender the required fee as provided in RCW 46.12.095(1).
(7) The department shall adopt rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW to develop the form for the transitional ownership record.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. RCW 46.20.344 and 1965 ex.s. c 121 s 45 are each repealed."

Representatives Ballasiotes and Constantine spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1221.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1221 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1221, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Creating a school construction endowment and providing property tax reductions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1685 was substituted for House Bill No. 1685 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1685 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Hankins, Ogden, Kessler, Sehlin and Chopp spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1685.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1685 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Sullivan - 1.

Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1685, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

HOUSE BILL NO. 1833, by Representatives Van Luven, Sheldon, Dunn and Kessler; by request of Department of Community, Trade, and Economic Development

Assisting existing economic development revolving loan funds.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 1833 was substituted for House Bill No. 1833 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 1833 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Van Luven and Sheldon spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1833.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1833 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,

Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1833, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 2011 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.


Funding transportation.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2281 was substituted for House Bill No. 2281 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2281 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2281.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2281 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Blalock, Constantine and Keiser - 3.

Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 2281, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
HOUSE BILL NO. 2108, by Representatives K. Schmidt, Mitchell, Hankins and Radcliff

Constructing a fourth jumbo ferry.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2108 was substituted for House Bill No. 2108 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2108 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Fisher spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2108.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2108 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 81, Nays - 16, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 2108, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Substitute House Bill No. 2108.

JEFF GOMBOSKY, 3rd District

HOUSE BILL NO. 2284, by Representatives B. Thomas, Kastama, Pennington, Dunshee, Sterk, Boldt, Carrell, DeBolt, Alexander and Van Luven

Consolidating business and occupation tax rates into fewer categories.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee and H. Sommers spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2284.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2284 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 31, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

House Bill No. 2284, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4011, by Representatives Boldt and Dunn

Requesting Congress to review the impact of the Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area Act.

The memorial was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the memorial was placed on final passage.

Representatives Boldt, Pennington, Dunn and Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the memorial.

Representatives Romero, Ogden and Regala spoke against passage of the memorial.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4011.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Joint Memorial No. 4011 and the memorial passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 57, Nays - 40, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

House Joint Memorial No. 4011, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4208, by Representatives Wensman, B. Thomas, H. Sommers, Talcott, Cole, Regala, Constantine, Ballasiotes, Radcliff, D. Schmidt, Carlson, Clements, Dyer, Bush, Johnson, Cairnes, Quall, Morris, Keiser, Linville, Sterk, Dunn, Blalock, Hatfield, Dickerson, Conway, Thompson, Scott, Wood, O’Brien, Backlund, Cooke, Costa, Ogden, Cody, Kessler, Kenney, Cooper and Gardner

Allowing school levies for four-year periods.

The resolution was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the resolution was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wensman, Cole, Mitchell, Pennington, Huff, and Chopp spoke in favor of passage of the resolution.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Concurrent Resolution No. 4208.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Concurrent Resolution No. 4208 and the resolution passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Benson, Boldt and Crouse - 3.

Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4208, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2011, by Representatives Wensman, Cole, H. Sommers, Talcott, B. Thomas, Regala, Constantine, Ballasiotes, Radcliff, D. Schmidt, Carlson, Clements, Dyer, Bush, Johnson, Cairnes, Quall, Morris, Keiser, Linville, Veloria, L. Thomas, Backlund, Cooke, Kenney, Poulsen, Hatfield, Dickerson, Ogden, Kessler, Blalock, Tokuda, Conway, Costa and Honeyford
Authorizing school levies for periods not exceeding four years.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Wensman, Cole and Butler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2011.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2011 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Benson, Boldt, Crouse and Dunn - 4.

Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

House Bill No. 2011, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5927, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Bauer, Winsley, Kohl, Sheldon, Hale, Prince, Patterson and West)

Changing higher education financing.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendments by the Committee on Higher Education was before the House for purposes of amending. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 81st Day, April 3, 1997 (Committee on Higher Education) 85nd Day, April 7, 1997 (Committee on Appropriations).)

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 485, 487, 593 and 609 to Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927 were withdrawn.

Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment (613) to the committee amendment:

On page 3, line 30 of the striking amendment, strike "((twenty four)) or exceed thirty" and insert "twenty four"

On page 4 of the striking amendment, line 18, beginning with "forecasted" strike all material through "forecast" on line 20 and insert the following:
"five-year rolling average of the per capita personal income growth rate contained in the even-year September Washington economic and revenue forecast by the office of the forecast council, or by four percent, whichever is the lower amount"

On page 7 of the striking amendment, on line 1, beginning with "For" strike all material through "year" on page 7, line 27, and insert the following:

"For each of the 1997-98 and 1998-99 academic years, except as provided under subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the tuition fees rates in subsection (2) of this section shall increase annually based on the five-year rolling average of the per capita personal income growth rate contained in the even-year September Washington economic and revenue forecast by the office of the forecast council, or by four percent, whichever is the lower amount. Increases in tuition fees under this subsection shall be incorporated in the base tuition fees rates for the next academic year.

(4) During each of the 1997-98 and 1998-99 academic years, the governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, The Evergreen State College, and, for the community colleges as a whole, the state board for community and technical colleges, may increase tuition fees rates for nonresident students and for resident students enrolled in programs leading to the degree of juris doctor, up to six percent each year in addition to the tuition fees rates computed under subsection (3) of this section. Any increase in tuition fees adopted under this subsection shall be incorporated in the base tuition fees rates for the next academic year.

(5) As a pilot program during the 1997-99 biennium, only for programs and classes at the Cheney campus, the governing board of Eastern Washington University, for each of the 1997-98 and 1998-99 academic years, may increase tuition fees rates for resident students by up to the five-year rolling average of the per capita personal income growth rate contained in the even-year September Washington economic and revenue forecast by the office of the forecast council, or by four percent, whichever is the lower amount, and may increase tuition fee rates for nonresident students by up to six percent in addition to the tuition fees rates for resident students"

On page 7 of the striking amendment, line 28, beginning with "(c)" strike all material through "program" on page 7, line 30 and insert the following:

"(6) For tuition increases of more than four percent in any year"

On page 7 of the striking amendment, line 31, strike "five" and insert "four"

On page 7 of the striking amendment, line 37, strike "(5)" and insert "(7)"

Representatives Schoesler, Mason, Huff and Carlson spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Carlson, H. Sommers and Huff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 6, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasisotes, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee,
Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5842, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Swecker, Winsley and Fraser)

Pertaining to litter control and recycling.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Agriculture and Ecology was before the House for purpose of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (569)
On page 3, line 4 of the amendment, strike "Twenty-five" and insert "Twenty"

On page 3, line 6 of the amendment, strike "Twenty-five" and insert "Thirty"

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (570)
On page 3, line 12 of the amendment, strike "and" and insert "((and))"

On page 3, line 13 of the amendment, after "(ii)" insert "Programs to foster local waste reduction and recycling efforts; and"

(iii)"

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 568 to Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 was withdrawn.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Linville: (571)

On page 3, line 33 of the amendment, strike all of Section 5 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The department shall convene a task force to review and make recommendations on the implementation of the waste reduction, recycling, and model litter control act. The task force shall consist of four legislators, one from each caucus; one person each to represent the
departments of ecology, transportation, and corrections; two persons each to represent cities and counties; one person to represent private recyclers; and one person each to represent four different industry groups paying the tax imposed under RCW 82.19.010. Members of the house of representatives shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and members of the senate shall be appointed by the president of the senate. Agency representatives shall be appointed by the appropriate agency director. All other appointments shall be made by the director of the department of ecology. The task force shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of the house of representatives and senate by December 1, 1997. The report shall contain specific recommendations on: (a) The appropriate funding levels for activities funded under RCW 70.93.180; (b) Coordinating or consolidating state, local, and volunteer litter pickup programs; and (c) Litter tax compliance and equity issues.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1998."

Representatives Linville and Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Kessler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Kessler: (564)

On page 4, after line 13 of the amendment, insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.19A.020 and 1996 c 198 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The USEPA product standards, as now or hereafter amended, are adopted as the minimum standards for the state of Washington. These standards shall be implemented for at least the products listed in (a) and (b) of this subsection by the dates indicated, unless the director finds that a different standard would significantly increase recycled product availability or competition.

(a) By July 1, 1997:
(i) Paper and paper products;
(ii) Organic recovered materials; and
(iii) Latex paint products;
(b) By July 1, 1997:
(i) Products for lower value uses containing recycled plastics;
(ii) Retread and remanufactured tires;
(iii) Lubricating oils;
(iv) Automotive batteries;
(v) Building insulation;
(vi) Panelboard; and
(vii) Compost products.
(2) The standards required by this section shall be applied to recycled product purchasing by the department and other state agencies. The standards may be adopted or applied by any other local government in product procurement. The standards shall provide for exceptions under appropriate circumstances to allow purchases of recycled products that do not meet the minimum content requirements of the standards, including an exception that shall be granted for printing and writing papers manufactured at any paper mill that: (a) Is located in a timber impact area, as defined in RCW 43.31.601; and (b) employs fewer than five hundred employees."

Renumber the remaining section consecutively and correct the title.

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Chandler requested a ruling on Scope and Object of amendment 564.

SPEAKER'S RULING
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding): Representative Chandler, the Speaker is ready to rule on your Scope and Object request on amendment 564.

The subject portion of the title of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 is: "AN ACT Relating to litter control and recycling." Both the bill and the proposed committee amendment propose changes to Chapter 70. 93, The Model Litter Control Act, and to Chapter 82.19, the Refuse Collection tax.

The Scope of the bill, as measured by the title of the act, is narrow, amendments must relate to litter control or recycling.

Amendment 564 by Representative Kessler would propose to amend the Recycled Products Procurement law, Chapter 43.19A RCW so as to exempt certain paper mills from meeting some of the recycling standards of that act.

The Speaker finds that amendment 564 does deal with recycling and is within the Scope of the title of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842.

The Object of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 is to change the distribution formula of funds collected under the litter act so as to provide more monies for litter clean up along highways.

The Object of amendment 564 as noted above, is to exempt certain paper mills from meeting some of the recycling standards of the state Product Procurement Act.

The Speaker finds that amendment 564 is beyond the Object of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842.

Representative Chandler, your Point of Order is well taken.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Anderson spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 5, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5044, by Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Benton and Oke)
Revising AIDS-related crimes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Thompson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Constantine, Chopp and Murray spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 57, Nays - 40, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5044, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5326, by Senators Hargrove, Zarelli, Loveland, Snyder, Schow, Rasmussen and Benton

Removing requirements relating to carrying firearms unloaded and encased in an opaque case or wrapper.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan and Cairnes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Constantine and Appelwick spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5326.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5326 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5326, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Horn and Haugen)

Clarifying and harmonizing provisions affecting cities and towns.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Government Administration was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative L. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment (604)

On page 12, line 28 of the committee amendment, after "county" insert "with a population of less than six hundred sixty thousand"

On page 13, line 3 of the committee amendment, after "county" insert "with a population of less than six hundred sixty thousand"

Representative L. Thomas spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt, Gardner and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Lambert and Quall - 3.

Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5718, by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Wood, Newhouse, Haugen, Winsley and Oke; by request of Department of Licensing)

Protecting certain personal information in state motor vehicle and driver records.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Transportation Policy and Budget was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82rd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Robertson moved the adoption of the following amendment (610) to the committee amendment.

On page 3, line 14, after "functions" strike all material through "functions" on line 16

On page 3, beginning on line 20, after "dealers;" strike "motor vehicle market research activities, including survey research;"

On page 4, beginning on line 16, strike all of subsection (10)

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Robertson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Blalock spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Koster - 1.

Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5299, by Senators Swecker, Fraser and Oke

Requiring that a petition of review be served upon local government.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sherstad and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5299.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5299 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Mason - 1.

Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.
Senate Bill No. 5299, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5462, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Hale, Anderson, Haugen, Patterson, Goings, McCaslin and Winsley)

Changing local government permit timeline provisions.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 504 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462 was withdrawn.

Representative Buck moved the adoption of the following amendment (531):

On page 3, line 20, after "RCW" strike ", unless" and insert ":((, unless)). In addition, a local government may adopt an ordinance exempting all building permit applications from the notice of application process as long as the exempted building permit applications are determined to be consistent with the local government’s comprehensive plan and development regulations adopted pursuant to chapter 36.70A RCW. Building permit applications are not exempt under this subsection if the applicable provision of the comprehensive plan or development regulations is subject to an order of invalidity of a court or a growth management hearings board. A notice of application shall be required under all circumstances if"

Representatives Buck and Cairnes spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Romero spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cairnes and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero, Lantz and Gardner spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Lantz,
Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4403, by Representatives Carlson, Conway, Kenney, Dickerson, Ogden, Keiser, Radcliff, Mason, Regala, Costa, Lantz, Cooper, Tokuda and Butler

Approving the recommendations of the 1996 update of the Work Force Training and Education Coordinating Board’s comprehensive plan.

The resolution was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4403 was substituted for House Concurrent Resolution No. 4403 and the substitute resolution was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4403 was read the second time.

Representative McMorris moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative McMorris: (616)

On page 1, after line 14, insert the following:

"WHEREAS, Despite these efforts, Washington’s work force development programs are unduly fragmented, spending eight hundred sixty-six million dollars in fiscal year 1996 through multiple agencies and various programs; and

WHEREAS, The legislature finds that the work force training and education coordinating board must intensify its efforts to identify program funding, identify options for program consolidation and coordinate related program to redirect resources toward programs that most effectively and efficiently meet the needs of those businesses that produce family wage jobs for workers in our state; and"

On page 2, line 23, after "the" strike "board reports and recommendations required under House Bill No. 2211." and insert the following:

"following board reports and recommendations:

(1) By July 1, 1998, the work force training and education coordinating board shall prepare a comprehensive report to the legislature identifying all current work force development programs available in our state. For each program identified in the report, the board shall, at a minimum, include the following information:

(a) The program’s funding sources, whether state or federal, including a breakdown by administrative and direct service expenditures at the state, regional, and local levels. The board shall define "administration" and "direct service cost" so as to ensure that the aggregate report will be comparable among programs;

(b) An indication of whether or not matching funds are required for the receipt of funds and, if so, by whom;

(c) A statement of whether waivers are available from program or funding regulations;

(d) The current number of program participants and their geographic representation;

(e) Any program participation requirements for qualification to enter the program;

(f) A review of program rules;

(g) The type of training and other services provided to program participants;

(h) A review of program completion rates for a period of five years or the existence of the program, whichever is less, where appropriate and available; and"
(i) A review of job placement rates in relation to training activities for a period of five years or
the existence of the program, whichever is less, where appropriate and available.

For programs for which the information required under subsection (1)(h) and (i) is appropriate,
but not available, the work force training and education board shall recommend measures for the
programs to produce such information.

All current work force development programs available in our state shall participate in the
preparation of this report as required by the board. If any work force development program fails to
participate in the report, that fact shall be highlighted in the report.

(2) By November 1, 1998, the work force training and education coordinating board, using the
information compiled under subsection (1) and the outcome, net-impact, and cost-benefit evaluations
required in RCW 28C.18.090, shall provide the legislature with efficiency recommendations including
modification, consolidation, or elimination of programs identified in RCW 50.16.096. At a minimum,
the recommendations must include all state board for community and technical colleges administered
vocational programs; dislocated worker training programs; adult basic education programs; secondary
vocational education; participating private vocational school programs; job training partnership act
Titles IIA, IIB, IIC, and III; and the state job skills program.

The recommendations under this subsection must take into account any performance reports
available for the programs. The recommendations must also include provisions that will streamline and
coordinate program offerings and direct training resources in response to local labor market demand.
The board shall also provide recommendations to improve program effectiveness measured by retention
and completion rates for program participants, and job placement and retention rates of participants in
relation to training activities.

(3) For purposes of the reports under subsections (1) and (2), the term "program" does not
include the activities of individual institutions, such as individual community or technical colleges,
common schools, service delivery areas, job service centers, or individual fields of study or course."

Representatives McMorris and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The
amendment was adopted.

The resolution was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the resolution was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris, Conway and Carlson spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be
final adoption of Engrossed Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4403.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final adoption of Engrossed Substitute House Concurrent
Resolution No. 4403 and the resolution passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0,
Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Dunn, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff,
Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason, Martin,
McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O’Brien, Ogden, Parlette,
Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K.,
Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sommers, H.,
Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria,
Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 97.
Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Concurrent Resolution No. 4403, having received the constitutional majority, was declared adopted.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5175, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators Morton, Rasmussen, Hochstatter, Goings and Roach; by request of Department of Revenue)

Revising the business and occupation tax on the handling of hay, alfalfa, and seed.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative B. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment: (617)

On page 2, line 3, strike "or processed" and insert "((or processed))"

On page 5, beginning on line 4, after "(16)" strike everything through "(17)" on line 8

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Schoesler and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5175 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5175 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 85, Nays - 12, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5175, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5343, by Senators Sellar and Prentice

Defining the location of a retail sale by a towing service operator as the place of business.
The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5343.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5343 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5343, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

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MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1061,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING (First Supplemental)

SSB 5737 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Anderson, Loveland, Schow, Sheldon, Strannigan, Rossi, Deccio, Goings, Horn, Swecker, Rasmussen, Bauer, Hale, Roach, Johnson, Benton, West and Oke)

Reducing the carbonated beverage tax.

Offsetting an increase in beer tax for health services account with corresponding decrease.

SSB 6077 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators McCaslin and Snyder)

Exempting from business and occupation tax nonprofit hospice agencies.

There being no objection, the bills listed on day's supplemental sheet under the fourth order of business were introduced and then advanced to the second reading calendar.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING (Second Supplemental)

HB 2285 by Representatives Sheahan and Ballasiotes

Relating to juvenile justice.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day's second supplemental sheets under the fourth order of business was introduced and held on first reading.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6098, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5354, by Senators Benton, Anderson, Rossi and Rasmussen

Removing the commissioner of public lands and adding the secretary of state to the membership of the capitol committee.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Gardner moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Gardner: (512)

On page 1, after line 15, insert:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The state capitol committee shall study the physical condition of, and the need for any repairs to, the governor’s mansion and report its findings to the legislature on or before January 1, 1998."

Correct the title.
Representatives Gardner and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative D. Schmidt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative D. Schmidt: (615)

On page 1, after line 15, insert:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The state capitol committee shall approve the recommendations of the World War II Advisory Committee for the design and siting of the World War II memorial on the state capitol campus, that was approved and recommended by the Capitol Campus Design Advisory Committee."

Correct the title.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Romero question whether this measure would have any effect.

The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Gardner spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5354 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5354 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5354, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Senate Bill No. 5571 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5569, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Schow, Sellar and Wood)
Revising provisions for overtime compensation for commissioned salespersons.

SPEAKER’S RULING

Mr. Speaker: Representative McMorris, the Speaker is prepared to rule on your request for Scope and Object of amendment 591 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5569. (For amendment, see Journal, 93rd Day, April 15, 1997.)

The subject portion of the title of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5569 is: "ACT Relating to overtime compensation for commissioned salespersons."

The Scope of the bill, as measured by the title of the act, is narrow; any amendment must in some manner deal with overtime compensation for commissioned sales persons, in order to fall within the scope of this title.

Amendment 591 by Representative Conway proposes to remove farm workers from an exemption from overtime contained in the current law.

While amendment 591 seeks to amend the same section of RCW as does Substitute Senate Bill No. 569, the amendment does not relate to overtime compensation for commissioned salespersons.

The Speaker finds that amendment 591 is not within the Scope of the title of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5569.

Representative McMorris, your Point of Order is well taken.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (588)

On page 3, immediately after line 37, insert "This subsection (3) applies only to the hours of employment in which, except for de minimis other duties performed at the direction of the employer, the employee is engaged exclusively in sales duties."

On page 6, immediately after line 31, insert "(8) "Sales duties" include selling goods or services, duties incidental to or in conjunction with selling goods or services, inactivity pending a sales opportunity, or duties performed pending a sales opportunity in reasonable proximity to the employee’s customary sales location."

Representatives Conway and Kastama spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (588) on page 6, immediately after line 31, to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5569 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote:

Yeas - 45, Nays - 52, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris, Sherstad, DeBolt, Zellinsky and Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Conway, Wood and Cooper spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5569.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5569 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5569, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING (Third Supplemental)

ESB 6098 by Senator West

AN ACT Relating to human services; adding new sections to chapter 74. -- RCW; and creating a new section.

There being no objection, the bill was read the first time.

SECOND READING

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6098 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6098.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6098 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Dyer - 1.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6098, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES (SUPPLEMENTAL)

April 16, 1997

SB 5072 Prime Sponsor, Kohl: Increasing the penalty for providing liquor to persons under age twenty-one. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 66.44.270 and 1993 c 513 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for any person to sell, give, or otherwise supply liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one years or permit any person under that age to consume liquor on his or her premises or on any premises under his or her control. For the purposes of this subsection, "premises" includes real property, houses, buildings, and other structures, and motor vehicles and watercraft. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided for in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(2)(a) It is unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one years to possess, consume, or otherwise acquire any liquor. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided for in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(b) It is unlawful for a person under the age of twenty-one years to be in any public place, while exhibiting the effects of having consumed liquor. For purposes of this subsection, exhibiting the effects of having consumed liquor means that a person has the odor of liquor on his or her breath and either: (i) Is in possession of or close proximity to a container that has or recently had liquor in it; or (ii) by speech, manner, appearance, behavior, lack of coordination, or otherwise, exhibits that he or she is under the influence of liquor. This subsection (2)(b) does not apply if the person is in the presence of a parent or guardian or has consumed or is consuming liquor under circumstances described in subsection (4) or (5) of this section.

(3) Subsections (1) and (2)(a) of this section do not apply to liquor given or permitted to be given to a person under the age of twenty-one years by a parent or guardian and consumed in the presence of the parent or guardian. This subsection shall not authorize consumption or possession of liquor by a person under the age of twenty-one years on any premises licensed under chapter 66.24 RCW."
(4) This section does not apply to liquor given for medicinal purposes to a person under the age of twenty-one years by a parent, guardian, physician, or dentist.

(5) This section does not apply to liquor given to a person under the age of twenty-one years when such liquor is being used in connection with religious services and the amount consumed is the minimal amount necessary for the religious service.

(6) Conviction or forfeiture of bail for a violation of this section by a person under the age of twenty-one years at the time of such conviction or forfeiture shall not be a disqualification of that person to acquire a license to sell or dispense any liquor after that person has attained the age of twenty-one years."

Correct the title.

Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Hickel; Mitchell and Robertson.

MINORITY recommendation: Do not pass. Signed by Representatives Dickerson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Hickel and Robertson.

Voting Nay: Representatives Dickerson and Sullivan.

Excused: Representative Mitchell.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 16, 1997

ESB 5565 Prime Sponsor, Winsley: Facilitating review of election procedures. Reported by Committee on Government Administration

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives D. Schmidt, Chairman; D. Sommers, Vice Chairman; Scott, Ranking Minority Member; Doumit; Dunn; Dunshee; Reams; Smith; L. Thomas and Wolfe.


Excused: Representatives Gardner, Doumit, Murray, Reams, Wensman and Wolfe.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.

April 16, 1997

SB 5938 Prime Sponsor, Roach: Revising sentencing provisions. Reported by Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections

MAJORITY recommendation: Do pass. Signed by Representatives Ballasiotes, Chairman; Benson, Vice Chairman; Koster, Vice Chairman; Quall, Ranking Minority Member; O’Brien, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Blalock; Cairnes; Delvin; Dickerson; Hickel; Mitchell; Robertson and Sullivan.

Voting Yea: Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster, Benson, Quall, O’Brien, Blalock, Cairnes, Delvin, Dickerson, Hickel, Mitchell, Robertson and Sullivan.

Passed to Rules Committee for second reading.
There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s supplemental committee reports under the fifth order of business were advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion of Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, April 17, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Rebecca Cooper and Jacob Kaufman-Osborn. Prayer was offered by Representative Mary Lou Dickerson.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5047,
SENATE BILL NO. 5093,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5102,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5325,
SENATE BILL NO. 5754,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5286, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: HOUSE BILL NO. 1269, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1726, and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary April 16, 1997

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5571, by Senators Newhouse, Schow, Anderson, Horn, Heavey, Franklin, Fraser, Long and Oke; by request of Joint Task Force on Nonpayment of Employer Obligations

Providing for a single form for employers to report unemployment insurance contributions and industrial insurance premiums and assessments.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce and Labor was before the House for purpose of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Lisk moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lisk:

(598)

On page 2, after line 9 of the amendment, insert the following:

"Sec. 2. RCW 50.29.070 and 1990 c 245 § 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Within a reasonable time after the computation date each employer shall be notified of the employer's rate of contribution as determined for the succeeding rate year and factors used in the calculation. The commissioner shall include on the notice sent to each employer in 1997 and 1998 the following information for the rate year immediately preceding the computation date:"
(a) The taxable wages reported by the employer;
(b) The employer’s contribution rate;
(c) The contributions paid by the employer;
(d)(i) The benefits charged to the employer’s experience rating account; and
(ii) The benefits not charged to the employer’s experience rating account under RCW 50.29.020(2)(e); and
(e) The dollar amount that represents the difference between (c) and (d) of this subsection, to be termed “share of employer’s contribution that is socialized cost.” The notice must include an explanation in plain language of socialized cost and the relationship of the employer’s contribution to the support of socialized cost.

(2) Any employer dissatisfied with the benefit charges made to the employer’s account for the twelve-month period immediately preceding the computation date or with his or her determined rate may file a request for review and redetermination with the commissioner within thirty days of the mailing of the notice to the employer, showing the reason for such request. Should such request for review and redetermination be denied, the employer may, within thirty days of the mailing of such notice of denial, file with the appeal tribunal a petition for hearing which shall be heard in the same manner as a petition for denial of refund. The appellate procedure prescribed by this title for further appeal shall apply to all denials of review and redetermination under this section.”

Renumber the sections.

Representative Lisk spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Keiser spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Butler, Representative Kessler was excused. On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representative Van Luven was excused.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway (619):

On page 2, after line 9 of the amendment, insert the following

“(4) The governor shall convene a task force composed of representatives of business, labor, and the employment security department to review the equity in the distribution of socialized cost in Washington’s unemployment insurance tax system. The task force shall report its findings and recommendations to the legislature by January 1, 1998.”

Representative Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives McMorris and Lisk against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment as amended. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5571 as amended by the House.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5571 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Kessler and Van Luven - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5571, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5886, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Strannigan, Swecker, Jacobsen and Oke)

Providing a stable funding source for fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Natural Resources was not adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

Representative Buck moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Buck:

(596)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"""NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that:

(1) Currently, many of the salmon stocks on the Washington coast and in Puget Sound are severely depressed and may soon be listed under the federal endangered species act.

(2) Immediate action is needed to reverse the severe decline of this resource and ensure its very survival.

(3) The cooperation and participation of private landowners is crucial in efforts to restore and enhance salmon populations.

(4) Regional fisheries enhancement groups have been exceptionally successful in their efforts to work with private landowners to restore and enhance salmon habitat on private lands.

(5) Regional fisheries enhancement groups have provided the most cost-effective approach to assisting the recovery of salmon fisheries in Washington state. Work undertaken by regional fisheries enhancement groups returns an average of nine dollars in matching funds for every one dollar in expenditures from the regional enhancement account.

(6) State funding for regional fisheries enhancement groups has been declining and is a significant limitation to current fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration efforts.

(7) Therefore, a stable funding source is essential to the success of the regional enhancement groups and their efforts to work cooperatively with private landowners to restore salmon resources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 75.50 RCW to read as follows:

The department may provide start-up funds to regional fisheries enhancement groups for costs associated with any enhancement project. The regional fisheries enhancement group advisory board and the department shall develop guidelines for providing funds to the regional fisheries enhancement groups.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 75.50 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The regional fisheries enhancement project account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from federal sources and moneys from state sources specified by law must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used for the sole purpose of fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration by regional fisheries enhancement groups.
(2) The salmonid recovery account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from private gifts, grants, bequests, and donations must be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used for the sole purpose of fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration by regional fisheries enhancement groups. Only the director or the director’s designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.”

Correct the title.

Representatives Buck, Regala and Anderson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Kessler - 1.

Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

 SENATE BILL NO. 5353, by Senators Benton, Wood, Brown, Rossi, Stevens and Winsley

Limiting the tax exemption for motor vehicles.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5353.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5353 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Cody and Veloria - 2.

Excused: Representative Kessler - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5353, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5688, by Senators Strannigan and Johnson

Paying the business and occupation tax by property management companies for on-site employees.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Dyer, McMorris and Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Chopp, and Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

POINT OF PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Representative Conway asked for a ruling on whether speakers may debate the impact of the tax bills before the body.

SPEAKER’S RULING

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) instructed members to debate on the merits of the bill before the body. Members were referred to House Rule 17H: A member shall confine all remarks to the question under debate and avoid personalities. No member shall impugn the motive of any member's vote or argument.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5688.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5688 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 67, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Kessler - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5688, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5721, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Anderson, Spanel and McDonald)

Providing tax exemptions for bare-boat charters.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Smith, Robertson, Schoesler, Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Conway, Dickerson, Hatfield, Keiser spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5721.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5721 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 67, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Kessler - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5721, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5868, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Sellar)
Classifying producers of aluminum master alloys as processors for hire for business and occupation tax purposes.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5868.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5868 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 83, Nays - 14, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Kessler - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5868, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SSB 6062 Date: April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

We of your Conference Committee, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6062, relating to fiscal matters, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that: All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached S-3053.3/97) be adopted, and that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) A budget is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions set forth in the following sections, the several amounts specified in the following sections, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated and authorized to be incurred for salaries, wages, and other expenses of the agencies and offices of the state and for other specified purposes for the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1999, except as otherwise provided, out of the several funds of the state hereinafter named.

(2) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this act."
(a) "Fiscal year 1998" or "FY 1998" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998.
(b) "Fiscal year 1999" or "FY 1999" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999.
(c) "FTE" means full time equivalent.
(d) "Lapse" or "revert" means the amount shall return to an unappropriated status.
(e) "Provided solely" means the specified amount may be spent only for the specified purpose.

Unless otherwise specifically authorized in this act, any portion of an amount provided solely for a
specified purpose which is unnecessary to fulfill the specified purpose shall lapse.

PART I
GENERAL GOVERNMENT

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. FOR THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 24,241,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 25,637,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 49,878,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $75,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $75,000 of the general fund
fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the independent operations of the legislative
ethics board. Expenditure decisions of the board, including employment of staff, shall be independent
of the senate and house of representatives.
(2) $25,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation is provided solely to implement
Substitute Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8408 (water policy report). If the concurrent resolution is
not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. FOR THE SENATE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 19,357,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 20,663,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 40,020,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $75,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $75,000 of the general fund
fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the independent operations of the legislative
ethics board. Expenditure decisions of the board, including employment of staff, shall be independent
of the senate and house of representatives.
(2) $25,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation is provided solely to implement
Substitute Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8408 (water policy report). If the concurrent resolution is
not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(3) $100,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for a
study of financial aid and tuition by the senate committee on ways and means and the house of
representatives committee on appropriations.
   (a) The study shall report on the current usage and distribution of financial aid, investigate
other resources available to financial aid recipients, and shall compare alternative methods of financial
aid distribution and their impacts on the sectors of higher education and students served within each
sector.
   (b) The study shall also provide comparative data from other states on methods of establishing
tuition rates and the relationship of tuition to state funding.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. FOR THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND REVIEW
COMMITTEE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,524,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,837,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 3,361,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $103,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $412,000 of the general
fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill
No. 563 (performance audit of the department of transportation). If the bill is not enacted by June 30,
1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(2) $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071 (school district territory). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. FOR THE LEGISLATIVE EVALUATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM COMMITTEE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,263,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,332,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,595,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The committee shall conduct an inventory and examination of state data processing projects funded in this act and make recommendations to improve the accountability and legislative evaluation and oversight of these projects.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE STATE ACTUARY
Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account Appropriation $ 1,681,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. FOR THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE SYSTEMS COMMITTEE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 5,430,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 5,430,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 10,860,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$800,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $800,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for purchasing computers and related equipment on behalf of the senate, house of representatives, and statute law committee. Equipment shall be purchased only at the request of the customer agencies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. FOR THE STATUTE LAW COMMITTEE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 3,226,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 3,559,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 6,785,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$35,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $36,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the uniform legislation commission.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. FOR THE SUPREME COURT
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 4,640,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 4,813,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 9,453,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. FOR THE LAW LIBRARY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,769,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,785,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 3,554,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. FOR THE COURT OF APPEALS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 10,225,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 10,133,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 20,358,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $271,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation is provided solely for an additional judge position and related support staff in division I, effective July 1, 1998.
(2) $490,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation is provided solely for remodeling existing space in division I court facilities to house additional staff.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. FOR THE COMMISSION ON JUDICIAL CONDUCT
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 652,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. FOR THE ADMINISTRATOR FOR THE COURTS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 12,723,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 12,595,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 31,134,000
Judicial Information Systems Account Appropriation $ 16,305,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 72,757,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Funding provided in the judicial information systems account appropriation shall be used for the operations and maintenance of technology systems that improve services provided by the supreme court, the court of appeals, the office of public defense, and the office of the administrator for the courts. $400,000 of the judicial information systems account appropriation is provided solely for the year 2000 date conversion.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. FOR THE OFFICE OF PUBLIC DEFENSE
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 12,187,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The cost of defending indigent offenders in death penalty cases has escalated significantly over the last four years. The office of public defense advisory committee shall analyze the current methods for reimbursing private attorneys and shall develop appropriate standards and criteria designed to control costs and still provide indigent defendants their constitutional right to representation at public expense. The office of public defense advisory committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the supreme court and the appropriate legislative committees by September 30, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 114. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 5,047,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $1,618,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $1,520,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $700,000 of the water quality account appropriation, and $188,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan and agency action items PSAT-01 through PSAT-06.
2. $12,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $13,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided for the state law enforcement medal of honor committee for the purposes of recognizing qualified law enforcement officers as provided by chapter 41.72 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 115. FOR THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 282,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 283,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 565,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 116. FOR THE PUBLIC DISCLOSURE COMMISSION

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,457,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,206,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,663,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

$306,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $72,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for technology for customer service improvements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 117. FOR THE SECRETARY OF STATE

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 8,055,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 5,901,000
Archives & Records Management Account--State Appropriation $ 4,032,000
Archives & Records Management Account--Private/Local Appropriation $ 2,553,000
Department of Personnel Service Account Appropriation $ 663,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 21,204,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $2,355,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely to reimburse counties for the state's share of primary and general election costs and the costs of conducting mandatory recounts on state measures.
2. $2,011,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,536,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the verification of initiative and referendum petitions, maintenance of related voter registration records, and the publication and distribution of the voters and candidates pamphlet.
3. $99,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for the state's participation in the United States census block boundary suggestion program.
4. $125,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund appropriation is provided solely for legal advertising of state measures under RCW 29.27.072.
5. $45,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation is provided solely for an economic feasibility study of a state horse park.
6. The election review section under chapter 29.60 RCW shall be administered in a manner consistent with Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5565 (election procedures review).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 118. FOR THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 185,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 188,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 373,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 119. FOR THE COMMISSION ON ASIAN-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 200,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 201,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 401,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 120. FOR THE STATE TREASURER
State Treasurer’s Service Account Appropriation  $ 11,567,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 121. FOR THE STATE AUDITOR
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 678,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 678,000
State Auditing Services Revolving Account Appropriation  $ 11,928,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 13,284,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Audits of school districts by the division of municipal corporations shall include findings regarding the accuracy of: (a) Student enrollment data; and (b) the experience and education of the district’s certified instructional staff, as reported to the superintendent of public instruction for allocation of state funding.
(2) $420,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $420,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for staff and related costs to audit special education programs that exhibit unusual rates of growth, extraordinarily high costs, or other characteristics requiring attention of the state safety net committee. The auditor shall consult with the superintendent of public instruction regarding training and other staffing assistance needed to provide expertise to the audit staff.
(3) $250,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $250,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the budget and reporting system (BARS) to improve the reporting of local government fiscal data. Audits of counties and cities by the division of municipal corporations shall include findings regarding the completeness, accuracy, and timeliness of BARS data reported to the state auditor’s office.

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 122. FOR THE CITIZENS’ COMMISSION ON SALARIES FOR ELECTED OFFICIALS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 4,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 63,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 67,000

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 123. FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 4,361,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 3,631,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 2,248,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation  $ 1,300,000
New Motor Vehicle Arbitration Account Appropriation  $ 1,094,000
Legal Services Revolving Account Appropriation  $ 125,008,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 137,642,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The attorney general shall report each fiscal year on actual legal services expenditures and actual attorney staffing levels for each agency receiving legal services. The report shall be submitted to the office of financial management and the fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives no later than ninety days after the end of each fiscal year.
(2) The attorney general shall include, at a minimum, the following information with each bill sent to agencies receiving legal services: (a) The number of hours and cost of attorney services provided during the billing period; (b) cost of support staff services provided during the billing period; (c) attorney general overhead and central support costs charged to the agency for the billing period; (d) direct legal costs, such as filing and docket fees, charged to the agency for the billing period; and (e) other costs charged to the agency for the billing period. The attorney general may, with approval of the office of financial management change its billing system to meet the needs of its user agencies.
(3) $300,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation is provided for a comprehensive assessment of environmental and public health impacts and for other costs related to pursuing remedies for pollution in the Spokane river basin.
(4) $640,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $210,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely to implement the supervision management and recidivist tracking program to allow the department of corrections and local law enforcement agencies to share information concerning the activities of offenders on community supervision. No information on any person may be entered into or retained in the program unless the person is under the jurisdiction of the department of corrections.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 124. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
Securities Regulation Account Appropriation $ 5,445,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: $34,000 of the securities regulation account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 125. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 56,361,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 55,351,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 155,278,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 6,903,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 8,781,000
Public Works Assistance Account Appropriation $ 2,223,000
Building Code Council Account Appropriation $ 1,318,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation $ 1,776,000
Low-Income Weatherization Assistance Account Appropriation $ 923,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 555,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 6,042,000
Manufactured Home Installation Training Account Appropriation $ 250,000
Washington Housing Trust Account Appropriation $ 7,999,000
Public Facility Construction Loan Revolving Account Appropriation $ 515,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 304,275,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $3,282,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,282,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a contract with the Washington technology center. For work essential to the mission of the Washington technology center and conducted in partnership with universities, the center shall not pay any increased indirect rate nor increases in other indirect charges above the absolute amount paid during the 1995-97 biennium.
(2) $155,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $155,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a contract with the Washington manufacturing extension partnership.
(3) $9,964,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the drug control and system improvement formula grant program, to be distributed in state fiscal year 1998 as follows:
   (a) $3,603,250 to local units of governments to continue the multi-jurisdictional narcotics task forces;
   (b) $500,000 to the department to continue the state-wide drug prosecution assistance program in support of multijurisdictional narcotics task forces;
   (c) $1,306,075 to the Washington state patrol for coordination, investigative, and supervisory support to the multijurisdictional narcotics task forces and for methamphetamine education and response;
   (d) $240,000 to the department for grants to support tribal law enforcement needs;
   (e) $900,000 to drug courts in eastern and western Washington;
   (f) $300,000 to the department for grants to provide sentencing alternatives training programs to defenders;
(g) $200,000 for grants to support substance-abuse treatment in county jails;
(h) $517,075 to the department for legal advocacy for victims of domestic violence and for training of local law enforcement officers and prosecutors on domestic violence laws and procedures;
(i) $903,000 to the department to continue youth violence prevention and intervention projects;
(j) $91,000 for the governor’s council on substance abuse;
(k) $99,000 for program evaluation and monitoring;
(l) $100,000 for the department of corrections for a feasibility study of replacing or updating the offender based tracking system.
(m) $498,200 for development of a state-wide system to track criminal history records; and
(n) No more than $706,400 to the department for grant administration and reporting.

These amounts represent the maximum Byrne grant expenditure authority for each program. No program may expend Byrne grant funds in excess of the amounts provided in this section. If moneys in excess of those appropriated in this section become available, whether from prior or current fiscal year Byrne grant distributions, the department shall hold these moneys in reserve and may not expend them without a specific appropriation. These moneys shall be carried forward and applied to the pool of moneys available for appropriation for programs and projects in the succeeding fiscal year. As part of its budget request for the succeeding fiscal year, the department shall estimate and request authority to spend any funds remaining in reserve as a result of this subsection.

(4) $1,000,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $1,000,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1576 (buildable lands) or Senate Bill No. 6094 (growth management). If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $4,800,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for indigent civil legal representation services contracts and contracts administration. The amount provided in this subsection is contingent upon enactment of section 2 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2276 (civil legal services for indigent persons). If section 2 of the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $643,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $643,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to increase payment rates for contracted early childhood education assistance program providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, frontline service delivery.

(7) $75,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $75,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely as a grant for the community connections program in Walla Walla county.

(8) $300,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $300,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to contract with the Washington state association of court-appointed special advocates/guardians ad litem (CASA/GAL) to establish pilot programs in three counties to recruit additional community volunteers to represent the interests of children in dependency proceedings. Of this amount, a maximum of $30,000 shall be used by the department to contract for an evaluation of the effectiveness of CASA/GAL in improving outcomes for dependent children. The evaluation shall address the cost-effectiveness of CASA/GAL and to the extent possible, identify savings in other programs of the state budget where the savings resulted from the efforts of the CASA/GAL volunteers. The department shall report to the governor and legislature by October 15, 1998.

(9) $75,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely for state sponsorship of the “BIO 99” international biotechnology conference and exhibition in the Seattle area in 1999.

(10) $698,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $697,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $1,101,000 of the administrative contingency account appropriation are provided solely for contracting with associate development organizations.

(11) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to expand the long-term care ombudsman program.
(12) $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of the Puget Sound work plan action item DCTED-01.

(13) $555,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation is provided solely for the public participation grant program pursuant to RCW 70.105D.070. In administering the grant program, the department shall award grants based upon a state-wide competitive process each year. Priority is to be given to applicants that demonstrate the ability to provide accurate technical information on complex waste management issues. Amounts provided in this subsection may not be spent on lobbying activities.

(14) $20,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for a task force on tourism promotion and development. The task force shall report to the legislature on its findings and recommendations by January 31, 1998.

(15) $71,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the Pacific Northwest economic region (PNWER).

(16) $123,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $124,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the community development finance program.

(17) Within the appropriations provided in this section, the department shall conduct a study of possible financial incentives to assist in revitalization of commercial areas and report its findings and recommendations to the appropriate committees of the legislature by November 15, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 126. FOR THE ECONOMIC AND REVENUE FORECAST COUNCIL

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $452,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $453,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION                | $905,000 |

NEW SECTION. Sec. 127. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) | $10,178,000 |
| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) | $9,916,000 |
| General Fund--Federal Appropriation         | $23,331,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION                        | $43,425,000 |

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $125,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $125,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for staff support for the implementation of the Washington educational network. Funds shall be transferred to the appropriate agency as required by Substitute House Bill No. 1698 or Substitute Senate Bill No. 5002 or substantially similar legislation (K-20 telecommunications).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 128. FOR THE OFFICE OF ADMINISTRATIVE HEARINGS

| Administrative Hearings Revolving Account Appropriation | $19,615,000 |

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: $1,798,000 of the administrative hearings revolving fund appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 129. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL

| Department of Personnel Service Account Appropriation | $16,493,000 |
| Higher Education Personnel Services Account Appropriation | $1,632,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION                                      | $18,125,000 |

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The department shall reduce its charge for personnel services to the lowest rate possible.
(2) $32,000 of the department of personnel service fund appropriation is provided solely for the creation, printing, and distribution of the personal benefits statement for state employees.
(3) The department of personnel service account appropriation contains sufficient funds to continue the employee exchange program with the Hyogo prefecture in Japan.
(4) $500,000 of the department of personnel service account appropriation is provided solely for the career transition program to assist state employees who are separated or are at risk of lay-off due to reduction-in-force. Services shall include employee retraining and career counseling.

(5) $800,000 of the department of personnel service account appropriation is provided solely for the human resource data warehouse to: Expand the type and amount of information available on the state-wide work force; and to provide the office of financial management, legislature, and state agencies with direct access to the data for policy and planning purposes. The department of personnel shall establish uniform reporting procedures, applicable to all state agencies and higher education institutions, for reporting data to the data warehouse by June 30, 1998. The department of personnel will report quarterly to the legislative fiscal committees, the office of financial management, the information services board, and the office of information technology oversight of the department of information services the following items: (a) The number of state agencies that have received access to the data warehouse (it is anticipated that approximately 40 agencies will receive access during the 1997-99 biennium); (b) the change in requests for downloads from the mainframe computer by agencies with access to the data warehouse, to reflect transferring customers use of the mainframe computer to the more economical use of data warehouse information; and (c) a summary of customer feedback from agencies with access to the data warehouse. Authority to expend this amount is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.

(6) The department of personnel has the authority to charge agencies for expenses associated with converting its payroll/personnel computer system to accommodate the year 2000 date change. Funding to cover these expenses shall be realized from the agency FICA savings associated with the pretax benefits contributions plan.

(7) The department of personnel shall charge all administrative services costs incurred by the department of retirement systems for the deferred compensation program. The billings to the department of retirement systems shall be for actual costs only.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 130. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE LOTTERY
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation $ 9,000
Lottery Administrative Account Appropriation $ 19,966,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 19,975,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 131. FOR THE COMMISSION ON HISPANIC AFFAIRS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 199,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 208,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 407,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 132. FOR THE COMMISSION ON AFRICAN-AMERICAN AFFAIRS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 170,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 168,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 338,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 133. FOR THE PERSONNEL APPEALS BOARD
Department of Personnel Service Account Appropriation $ 1,539,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 134. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS--OPERATIONS
Dependent Care Administrative Account Appropriation $ 357,000
Department of Retirement Systems Expense Account Appropriation $ 31,415,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 31,772,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $1,373,000 of the department of retirement systems expense account appropriation is provided solely for the information systems project known as the electronic document image management system. Authority to expend this amount is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.
(2) $1,259,000 of the department of retirement systems expense account appropriation is provided solely for the information systems project known as the receivables management system. Authority to expend this amount is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.

(3) The department of retirement systems shall complete a study examining whether it would be cost-effective to contract out the administration functions for the dependent care assistance program and shall report to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 15, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 135. FOR THE STATE INVESTMENT BOARD
State Investment Board Expense Account Appropriation $ 10,303,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 136. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 65,033,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 65,320,000
Timber Tax Distribution Account Appropriation $ 4,778,000
Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control Appropriation $ 100,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 67,000
Solid Waste Management Account $ 92,000
Oil Spill Administration Account $ 14,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 135,404,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,540,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,710,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for senior citizen property tax deferral distribution.

(2) Within the amounts appropriated in this section the department shall conduct a study identifying the impacts of exempting all shellfish species from the tax imposed on enhanced food fish under chapter 82.27 RCW. The study shall include an estimate of the fiscal impacts to state revenues as well as an examination of how such an exemption would impact shellfish-based industries and communities where shellfish-based industries are located. The department shall complete this study and report its findings to the legislature by December 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 137. FOR THE BOARD OF TAX APPEALS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 885,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 889,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 1,774,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 138. FOR THE MUNICIPAL RESEARCH COUNCIL
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,651,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,743,000
County Research Services Account Appropriation $ 625,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 4,019,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The county research services account appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5521 (county research services). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the appropriation shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 139. FOR THE OFFICE OF MINORITY AND WOMEN’S BUSINESS ENTERPRISES
OMWBE Enterprises Account Appropriation $ 2,357,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 140. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,302,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,278,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 2,402,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 400,000
Motor Transport Account Appropriation $ 14,120,000
Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation $ 391,000
General Administration Facilities and Services Revolving Account Appropriation $ 22,299,000
Central Stores Revolving Account $ 3,306,000
Energy Efficiency Services Account $ 180,000
Risk Management Account Appropriation $ 2,328,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 48,006,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the purchase of food for distribution to the state’s food assistance network and related expenses.

(2) $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for the World War II memorial on the condition that the currently approved design for the World War II memorial be sited on the location selected by the World War II advisory committee and approved and recommended by the capitol campus design advisory committee. This site is immediately south of the Columbia street and 11th avenue axial on the west capitol campus.

(3) Except for the World War II memorial, no additional monuments may be placed on the capitol campus until the completion of the capitol campus monuments and memorial policy by the department of general administration, adoption of the policy by the state capitol committee, and inclusion of the policy in the department of general administration's administrative code.

(4) The department shall not purchase any travel product for any state employee or state official from a vendor who is not a Washington-based seller of travel licensed under chapter 19.138 RCW.

(5) The department shall study the state motor pool vehicle fleet to develop a plan for meeting and exceeding the minimum vehicle mileage standards established by the federal government. The department shall report its findings and conclusions to the appropriate legislative committees by December 1, 1997.

(6) The department shall sell or contract for sale all surplus motor pool fleet vehicles and shall, when cost effective, contract out for the reconditioning, transport, and delivery of the vehicles prior to their sale at auction.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 141. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION SERVICES

Data Processing Revolving Account $ 3,577,000
K-20 Technology Account Appropriation $ 44,028,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 47,605,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The department shall provide a toll-free telephone number and operator service staff for the general public to call for information about state agencies. The department may provide such staff, equipment, and facilities as are necessary for this purpose. The director shall adopt rules to fix terms and charges for these services. All state agencies and the legislature shall participate in the information program and shall reimburse the department of information services in accordance with rules established by the director. The department shall also provide conference calling services for state and other public agencies on a fee-for-service basis.

(2) $44,028,000 of the K-20 technology account appropriation shall be expended in accordance with the expenditures authorized by the K-20 telecommunications oversight and policy committee as currently existing or as modified by Substitute House Bill No. 1698, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5002, or substantially similar legislation (K-20 telecommunications network).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 142. FOR THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 106,000
Insurance Commissioners Regulatory Account $ 22,431,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 22,537,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $532,000 of the insurance commissioner’s regulatory account appropriation is provided solely for the expenditure of funds received under the consent order with the Prudential insurance company. These funds are provided solely for implementing the Prudential remediation process and for examinations of the Prudential company.

(2) $206,000 of the insurance commissioner's regulatory account appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1387 (basic health plan benefits). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(3) $298,000 of the insurance commissioner's regulatory account appropriation is provided solely for technology improvements that will support the electronic filing of insurance rates and contracts and enable regulators and the industry to share information about licensed agents to protect the public from fraudulent sales practices.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 143. FOR THE BOARD OF ACCOUNTANCY
Certified Public Accountants’ Account $ 978,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: $22,000 of the certified public accountants’ account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 144. FOR THE FORENSIC INVESTIGATION COUNCIL
Death Investigations Account Appropriation $ 12,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 145. FOR THE HORSE RACING COMMISSION
Horse Racing Commission Account Appropriation $ 4,828,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 146. FOR THE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,603,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,242,000
Liquor Control Board Construction and Maintenance Account Appropriation $ 9,919,000
Liquor Revolving Account Appropriation $ 121,391,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 134,155,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $1,250,000 of the liquor revolving account appropriation is provided solely for the agency information technology upgrade. This item is conditioned on satisfying the requirements of section 902 of this act, including the development of a project management plan, a project schedule, a project budget, a project agreement, and incremental funding based on completion of key milestones.
(2) $1,603,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $1,242,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 6084 or Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272 (transferring enforcement provisions regarding cigarette and tobacco taxes to the liquor control board). If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(3) $459,000 of the liquor revolving account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5664 (credit and debit cards purchases in state liquor stores). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(4) $154,000 of the liquor revolving account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 147. FOR THE UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
Public Service Revolving Account--State $ 24,313,000
Public Service Revolving Account--Federal $ 292,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 24,605,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 148. FOR THE BOARD FOR VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS
Volunteer Firefighters' Relief & Pension Administrative account Appropriation $ 529,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 149. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 8,151,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 11,735,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 34,314,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 238,000
Flood Control Assistance Account Appropriation $ 3,000,000
Enhanced 911 Account Appropriation $ 26,782,000
Disaster Response Account--State Appropriation  $ 23,977,000  
Disaster Response Account--Federal Appropriation  $ 95,419,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 203,616,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $3,581,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $3,000,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation, and $6,197,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for deposit in the disaster response account to cover costs pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.
(2) $23,977,000 of the disaster response account--state appropriation is provided solely for the state share of response and recovery costs associated with federal emergency management agency (FEMA) disaster number 1079 (November/December 1995 storms), FEMA disaster 1100 (February 1996 floods), FEMA disaster 1152 (November 1996 ice storm), FEMA disaster 1159 (December 1996 holiday storm), FEMA disaster 1172 (March 1997 floods) and to assist local governmental entities with the matching funds necessary to earn FEMA funds for FEMA disaster 1100 (February 1996 floods).
(3) $100,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $100,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of a conditional scholarship program pursuant to chapter 28B.103 RCW.
(4) $35,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $35,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the north county emergency medical service.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 150. FOR THE PUBLIC EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS COMMISSION
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 1,768,000  
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 1,764,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 3,532,000  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 151. FOR THE GROWTH PLANNING HEARINGS BOARD
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 1,247,000  
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 1,252,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 2,499,000  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 152. FOR THE STATE CONVENTION AND TRADE CENTER
State Convention and Trade Center Operating Account  $ 27,175,000  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 153. FOR THE CASELOAD FORECAST COUNCIL
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 489,000  
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 390,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 879,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriations are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5472 (caseload forecast council). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

PART II  
HUMAN SERVICES  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES. (1) Appropriations made in this act to the department of social and health services shall initially be allotted as required by this act. Subsequent allotment modifications shall not include transfers of moneys between sections of this act except as expressly provided in this act, nor shall allotment modifications permit moneys that are provided solely for a specified purpose to be used for other than that purpose.
(2) The department of social and health services shall not initiate any services that will require expenditure of state general fund moneys unless expressly authorized in this act or other law. The department may seek, receive, and spend, under RCW 43.79.260 through 43.79.282, federal moneys not anticipated in this act as long as the federal funding does not require expenditure of state moneys
for the program in excess of amounts anticipated in this act. If the department receives unanticipated unrestricted federal moneys, those moneys shall be spent for services authorized in this act or in any other legislation providing appropriation authority, and an equal amount of appropriated state general fund moneys shall lapse. Upon the lapsing of any moneys under this subsection, the office of financial management shall notify the legislative fiscal committees. As used in this subsection, “unrestricted federal moneys” includes block grants and other funds that federal law does not require to be spent on specifically defined projects or matched on a formula basis by state funds.

(3) The appropriations in sections 202 through 213 of this act shall be expended for the programs and in the amounts listed in those sections.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES PROGRAM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$191,716,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$201,581,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
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<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
<td>$400,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account</td>
<td>$4,230,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$645,480,000</td>
</tr>
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The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $16,510,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $17,508,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for purposes consistent with the maintenance of effort requirements under the federal temporary assistance for needy families program established under P.L. 104-193.

(2) $837,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation and $7,228,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the operation of the family policy council, the community public health and safety networks, and delivery of services authorized under the federal family preservation and support act. Within the funds provided, the family policy council shall contract for an evaluation of the community networks with the institute for public policy and shall provide for audits of ten networks. Within the funds provided, the family policy council may build and maintain a geographic information system database tied to community network geography.

(3) $577,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $577,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to contract for the operation of one pediatric interim care facility. The facility shall provide residential care for up to twelve children through two years of age. Seventy-five percent of the children served by the facility must be in need of special care as a result of substance abuse by their mothers. The facility also shall provide on-site training to biological, adoptive, or foster parents. The facility shall provide at least three months of consultation and support to parents accepting placement of children from the facility. The facility may recruit new and current foster and adoptive parents for infants served by the facility. The department shall not require case management as a condition of the contract.

(4) $481,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $481,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for up to three nonfacility-based programs for the training, consultation, support, and recruitment of biological, foster, and adoptive parents of children through age three in need of special care as a result of substance abuse by their mothers, except that each program may serve up to three medically fragile nonsubstance-abuse-affected children. In selecting nonfacility-based programs, preference shall be given to programs whose federal or private funding sources have expired or that have successfully performed under the existing pediatric interim care program.

(5) $640,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $640,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to fund the provisions of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862 (community-based alternative response system) or Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710 (juvenile care and treatment), including section 2 of the bill. Amounts provided in this subsection to implement Second Substitute House Bill No. 1862 or Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710 must be used to serve families who are screened from the child protective services risk assessment process. Services shall be provided through contracts with community-based organizations. If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(6) $594,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $556,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $290,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to fund the provisions of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2046 (foster parent liaison). The department shall establish a foster parent liaison in each department of social and health services region of the state and contract with a private provider to implement a recruitment and retention program for foster parents and adoptive families. The department shall provide a minimum of two hundred additional adoptive and foster home placements by June 30, 1998. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $433,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $395,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $894,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to increase the rate paid to private child-placing agencies.

(8) $580,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $580,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for development and expansion of child care training requirements and optional training programs. The department shall adopt rules to require annual training in early childhood development of all directors, supervisors, and lead staff at child care facilities. Directors, supervisors, and lead staff at child care facilities include persons licensed as family child care providers, and persons employed at child care centers or school age child care centers. The department shall establish a program to fund scholarships and grants to assist persons in meeting these training requirements. The department shall also develop criteria for approving training programs and establish a system for tracking who has received the required level of training. In adopting rules, developing curricula, setting up systems, and administering scholarship programs, the department shall consult with the child care coordinating committee and other community stakeholders.

(9) The department shall provide a report to the legislature by November 1997 on the growth in additional rates paid to foster parents beyond the basic monthly rate. This report shall explain why exceptional, personal, and special rates are being paid for an increasing number of children and why the amount paid for these rates per child has risen in recent years. This report must also recommend methods by which the legislature may improve the current foster parent compensation system, allow for some method of controlling the growth in costs per case, and improve the department’s and the legislature’s ability to forecast the program’s needs in future years.

(10) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for legal costs associated with the defense of vendors operating a secure treatment facility, for actions arising from the good faith performance of treatment services for behavioral difficulties or needs.

(11) $2,745,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $2,745,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $1,944,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the category of services titled "intensive family preservation services."

(12) $2,200,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $2,200,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely to continue existing continuum of care and street youth projects.

(13) $1,456,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $1,474,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 and $1,141,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the improvement of quality and capacity of the child care system and related consumer education. The activities funded by this appropriation shall include, but not be limited to: Expansion of child care resource and referral network services to serve additional families, to provide technical assistance to child care providers, and to cover currently unserved areas of the state; development of and incentives for child care during nonstandard work hours; and the development of care for infants, toddlers, preschoolers, and school age youth. These amounts are provided in addition to funding for child care training and fire inspections of child care facilities. These activities shall also improve the quality and capacity of the child care system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--JUVENILE REHABILITATION PROGRAM

(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 29,732,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 28,764,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $16,127,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $378,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account $13,381,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $88,382,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) $445,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided solely for deposit in the county criminal justice assistance account solely for costs to the criminal justice system associated with the implementation of RCW 13.04.030 as amended by Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If RCW 13.04.030 is not amended by Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse. The amount provided in this subsection is intended to provide funding for county adult court and jail costs associated with the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 and shall be distributed in accordance with RCW 82.14.310.

(b) $4,913,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute Senate Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). The amount provided in this subsection is intended to provide funding for county impacts associated with the implementation of Third Substitute Senate Bill No. 3900 and shall be distributed to counties as prescribed in the current consolidated juvenile services (CJS) formula. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.

(c) $2,350,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $2,350,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for an early intervention program to be administered at the county level. Moneys shall be awarded on a competitive basis to counties that have submitted plans for implementation of an early intervention program consistent with proven methodologies currently in place in the state. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall develop criteria for evaluation of plans submitted and a timeline for awarding funding and shall assist counties in creating and submitting plans for evaluation.

(d) $1,832,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement appropriation is provided solely to implement alcohol and substance abuse treatment for locally committed offenders. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall award these moneys on a competitive basis to counties that have submitted a plan for the provision of treatment services approved by the division of alcohol and substance abuse. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall develop criteria for evaluation of plans submitted and a timeline for awarding funding and shall assist counties in creating and submitting plans for evaluation. If Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions) is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(e) $50,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $100,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the juvenile rehabilitation administration to contract with the institute for public policy for the responsibilities assigned in Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $49,823,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $52,373,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $721,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account $13,156,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $116,073,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $3,691,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $6,679,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation, and $1,555,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) PROGRAM SUPPORT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $1,874,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $1,623,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $156,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account $421,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $4,074,000
The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $92,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $36,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5759 (risk classification). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.
(b) $206,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1968 (juvenile offender placement). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided shall lapse.
(c) $49,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $49,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.
(d) Within the amounts provided in this subsection, the juvenile rehabilitation administration (JRA) shall develop by January 1, 1998, a staffing model for noncustody functions at JRA institutions and work camps. The models should, whenever possible, reflect the most efficient practices currently being used within the system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--MENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM
(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES/REGIONAL SUPPORT NETWORKS
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $167,577,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $170,803,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $296,006,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $4,000,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $638,386,000
The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) Regional support networks shall use portions of the general fund--state appropriation for implementation of working agreements with the vocational rehabilitation program which will maximize the use of federal funding for vocational programs.
(b) From the general fund--state appropriations in this subsection, the secretary of social and health services shall assure that regional support networks reimburse the aging and adult services program for the general fund--state cost of medicaid personal care services that enrolled regional support network consumers use because of their psychiatric disability.
(c) $2,413,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,393,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to directly reimburse eligible providers for the medicaid share of mental health services provided to persons eligible for both medicaid and medicare. To be reimbursed, the service must be covered by and provided in accordance with the state medicaid plan.
(d) $1,304,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $3,356,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $5,056,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for distribution to those regional support networks whose 1997-99 allocation would otherwise be less than the regional support network would receive if all funding appropriated in this subsection (1) of this section for medicaid outpatient mental health services were distributed among all regional support networks at the state-wide average per capita rate for each eligibility category.
(e) At least thirty days prior to entering contracts that would capitate payments for voluntary psychiatric hospitalizations, the mental health division shall report the proposed capitation rates, and the assumptions and calculations by which they were established, to the budget and forecasting divisions of the office of financial management, the appropriations committee of the house of representatives, and the ways and means committee of the senate.
(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $59,496,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $59,508,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $127,118,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $30,940,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $277,062,000
The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) The state mental hospitals may use funds appropriated in this subsection to purchase goods and supplies through hospital group purchasing organizations when it is cost-effective to do so.
(b) The mental health program at Western state hospital shall continue to use labor provided by the Tacoma prerelease program of the department of corrections.

(3) CIVIL COMMITMENT
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 5,423,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 6,082,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 11,505,000

(4) SPECIAL PROJECTS
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 50,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 450,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 3,826,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 4,326,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $450,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for development and operation of the pilot project for mentally ill offenders described in Substitute Senate Bill No. 6002 (mentally ill offenders). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.

(5) PROGRAM SUPPORT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,560,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 2,395,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 3,111,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 8,066,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely to increase the department’s capacity to carry out legislative intent set forth in RCW 71.24.400 through 71.24.415. To facilitate this activity, the secretary shall appoint an oversight committee of project stakeholders including representatives from: Service providers, mental health regional support networks, the department’s mental health division, the department’s division of alcohol and substance abuse, the department’s division of children and family services, and the department’s medical assistance administration. The oversight group shall continue to seek ways to streamline service delivery as set forth in RCW 71.24.405 until at least July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES PROGRAM
(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 140,172,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 142,643,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 194,347,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 1,695,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 478,857,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $1,695,000 of the health services account appropriation and $1,835,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the enrollment in the basic health plan of home care workers with family incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level who are employed through state contracts. Enrollment in the basic health plan for home care workers with family incomes at or above 200 percent of poverty shall be covered with general fund--state and matching general fund--federal revenues that were identified by the department to have been previously appropriated for health benefits coverage, to the extent that these funds had not been contractually obligated for worker wage increases prior to March 1, 1996.
(b) $365,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,543,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for employment, or other day activities and training programs, for young people who complete their high school curriculum in 1997 or 1998.
(c) $22,974,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,111,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, plus any vendor rate increases allotted in accordance with section 213 of this act, are provided solely to deliver personal care services to an
average of 6,250 children and adults in fiscal year 1998 and an average of 7,100 children and adults in fiscal year 1999. If the secretary of social and health services determines that total expenditures are likely to exceed these appropriated amounts, the secretary shall take action as required by RCW 74.09.520 to adjust either functional eligibility standards or service levels or both sufficiently to maintain expenditures within appropriated levels. Such action may include the adoption of emergency rules and may not be taken to the extent that projected over-expenditures are offset by under-expenditures elsewhere within the program’s general fund--state appropriation.

(d) $453,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $214,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $719,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to continue operation of the united cerebral palsy residential center during the period in which its residents are phasing into new community residences.

(e) $197,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $197,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to contract with the Washington initiative for supported employment for the purpose of continuing the promotion of supported employment services for persons with disabilities.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES

<table>
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<th>Appropriation Type</th>
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<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
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The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) With the funds appropriated in this subsection, the secretary of social and health services shall develop an eight-bed program at Yakima valley school specifically for the purpose of providing respite services to all eligible individuals on a state-wide basis, with an emphasis on those residing in central Washington.

(b) $112,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $113,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $75,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for a nursing community outreach project at Yakima valley school. Registered nursing staff are to provide nursing assessments, consulting services, training, and quality assurance on behalf of individuals residing in central Washington.

(c) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $400,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the development of a sixteen-bed program at Yakima valley school specifically for the purpose of providing respite services to all eligible individuals on a state-wide basis, with an emphasis on those residing in central Washington.

(3) PROGRAM SUPPORT

<table>
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<th>Appropriation Type</th>
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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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(4) SPECIAL PROJECTS

General Fund--Federal Appropriation | $12,030,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 206. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--AGING AND ADULT SERVICES PROGRAM

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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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<td>Health Services Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$1,692,605,000</td>
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The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The entire health services account appropriation and $6,076,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the enrollment in the basic health plan of home care workers with family incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level who are employed through state contracts. Enrollment in the basic health plan for home care workers with family incomes at or above 200 percent of poverty shall be covered with general fund--state and matching general fund--
federal revenues that were identified by the department to have been previously appropriated for health
benefits coverage, to the extent that these funds had not been contractually obligated for worker wage
increases prior to March 1, 1996.
(2) $1,277,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,277,000 of
the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for operation of the
volunteer chore program.
(3) $107,997,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and
$120,397,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, plus any vendor rate
increases allocated to these services in accordance with section 213 of this act, are provided solely to
deliver chore, COPES, and medicaid personal care services. If the secretary of social and health
services determines that total expenditures are likely to exceed these amounts, the secretary shall take
action as required by RCW 74.09.520, 74.39A.120, and 74.09.530 to adjust functional eligibility
standards and/or service levels sufficiently to maintain expenditures within appropriated levels. Such
action may include the adoption of emergency rules, and shall not be taken to the extent that projected
over-expenditures are offset by under-expenditures resulting from lower than budgeted nursing home
caseloads.
(4) $26,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $59,000 of the
general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $85,000 of the general fund--federal
appropriation are provided solely to employ registered nurses rather than social workers to fill six of
the new field positions to be filled in fiscal year 1998 and seven more of the new positions to be filled
in fiscal year 1999. These registered nurses shall conduct assessments, develop and monitor service
plans, and consult with social work staff to assure that persons with medical needs are placed in and
receive the appropriate level of care.
(5) $425,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $882,000 of the
general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Second
Substitute Senate Bill No. 5179 (nursing facility reimbursement). If the bill is not enacted by June 30,
1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(6) A maximum of $2,193,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and
$2,351,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation for fiscal year 1998 are provided to fund the
medicaid share of any new prospective payment rate adjustments as may be necessary in accordance
with RCW 74.46.460.
(7) $242,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $212,000 of the
general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $498,000 of the general fund--federal
appropriation are provided solely for operation of a system for investigating allegations of staff abuse
and neglect in nursing homes, as provided in Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850 (long-
term care standards of care).
(8) $350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $382,000 of the
general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to supplement the incomes of
disabled legal immigrants who, because of loss of their federal supplemental security income benefit,
would otherwise be at risk of placement into a more expensive long-term care setting.
(9)(a) The department shall establish a shadow case mix payment system to educate facilities
about payment system alternatives. The department shall provide shadow rates beginning July 1, 1997,
based on the following:
(i) The direct care portion of the rate, usually called "nursing services," shall be set under a
case mix methodology that classifies residents under the Resource Utilization Group III (RUG-III)
Version 5.10 (or subsequent revision) 44 group index maximizing model based on the Minimum Data
Set (MDS) Version 2.0.
(ii) Payment to a facility shall be based on facility weighted average case mix data which
provides one rate to a facility reflecting its mix of residents. For purposes of determining the facility’s
cost per case mix unit, the facility average case mix score will be based on the case mix of all
residents. For purposes of determining the facility’s payment rate, the facility average case mix score
shall be based on the case mix of medicaid residents.
(iii) The direct care rates shall be adjusted prospectively each quarter based on the facility’s
MDS 2.0 data from the quarter commencing six months preceding the rate effective date. For example,
the MDSs for 1/1/97 - 3/31/97 shall be used to establish shadow rates for 7/1/97 - 9/30/97.
(iv) Those costs which currently comprise nursing services as defined by chapter 74.46 RCW,
excluding therapies, shall be included in the direct care component for case mix.
Data from 1994 cost reports (allowable and audited costs) shall be used to establish the shadow rates. The costs shall be inflated comparable to fiscal year 1998 payment rates, according to RCW 74.46.420.

Separate prices, ceilings, and corridors shall be established for the peer groups of metropolitan statistical area and nonmetropolitan statistical area.

The following methods shall be used to establish the shadow case mix rates:

(i) A pricing system in which payment to a facility shall be based on a price multiplied by each facility's medicaid case mix. The price, per peer group, shall be established at the median direct care cost per case mix unit.

(ii) A pricing system in which payment to a facility shall be based on a price multiplied by each facility's medicaid case mix. The price, per peer group, shall be based on the cost per case-mix unit of a group of cost-effective benchmark facilities which meet quality standards.

(iii) A corridor-based system in which payment to a facility shall be the facility's allowable cost per case-mix unit adjusted for case mix up to a ceiling and no less than a floor. The floor, per peer group, shall be established at 90 percent of the cost per case-mix unit of a group of cost-effective benchmark facilities which meet quality standards. The ceiling, per peer group, shall be established at 110 percent of the cost per case-mix unit of the group of benchmark facilities.

(iv) A corridor-based system in which payment to a facility shall be the facility’s allowable cost per case-mix unit adjusted for case mix up to a ceiling and no less than a floor. The floor, per peer group, shall be established at 90 percent of the industry-wide median direct care cost per case-mix unit. The ceiling, per peer group, shall be established at 110 percent of the industry-wide median direct care cost per case-mix unit.

The department shall provide all data, information, and specifications of the methods used in establishing the shadow case mix rates to the nursing home provider associations.

It is the legislature’s intent that the average state payment for nursing facility services under the new system increase by no more than 175 percent of the health care financing administration nursing home input price index, excluding capital costs. In designing the new payment system, the department shall develop and propose options for the combined direct and indirect rate components that assure this.

$50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for payments to any nursing facility licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW which meets all of the following criteria: (a) The nursing home entered into an arm’s length agreement for a facility lease prior to January 1, 1980; (b) the lessee purchased the leased nursing home after January 1, 1980; and (c) the lessor defaulted on its loan or mortgage for the assets of the home after January 1, 1991, and prior to January 1, 1992. Payments provided pursuant to this subsection shall not be subject to the settlement, audit, or rate-setting requirements contained in chapter 74.46 RCW.

$546,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $583,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $1,220,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for an increase in the state payment rates for adult residential care and enhanced adult residential care.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 207. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ECONOMIC SERVICES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 543,150,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 529,985,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 952,618,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 2,025,753,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) General assistance-unemployable recipients who are assessed as needing alcohol or drug treatment shall be assigned a protective payee to prevent the diversion of cash assistance toward purchasing alcohol or other drugs.

(2) The legislature finds that, with the passage of the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity act and Engrossed House Bill No. 3901, the temporary assistance for needy families is no longer an entitlement. The legislature declares that the currently appropriated level for the program is sufficient for the next few budget cycles. To the extent, however, that currently appropriated amounts
exceed costs during the 1997-99 biennium, the department is encouraged to set aside excess federal funds for use in future years.

(3) $485,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $3,186,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation, and $3,168,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to continue to implement the previously competitively procured electronic benefits transfer system through the western states EBT alliance for distribution of cash grants and food stamps so as to meet the requirements of P.L. 104-193.

(4) $50,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for a study of child care affordability as directed in section 403 of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). The study shall be performed by the Washington institute for public policy. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $500,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $500,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely for an evaluation of the WorkFirst program as directed in section 705 of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). The study shall be performed by the joint legislative audit and review committee. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $73,129,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely to implement section 402 of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If section 402 of the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $7,624,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $18,489,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $29,781,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform), including sections 404 and 405. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM

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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
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<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
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<td>Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
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The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $2,062,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation and $7,482,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation are provided solely for the grant programs for school districts and educational service districts set forth in RCW 28A.170.080 through 28A.170.100, including state support activities, as administered through the office of the superintendent of public instruction.

(2) $1,902,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $1,902,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation, and $1,592,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for alcohol and substance abuse assessment, treatment, including treatment for drug affected infants and toddlers, and child care services for clients of the division of children and family services. Assessment shall be provided by approved chemical dependency treatment programs as requested by child protective services personnel in the division of children and family services. Child care shall be provided as deemed necessary by the division of children and family services while parents requiring alcohol and substance abuse treatment are attending treatment programs.

(3) $760,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $760,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely to fund a program serving mothers of children affected by fetal alcohol syndrome and related conditions, known as the birth-to-three program. The program may be operated in two cities in the state.

(4) $248,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $495,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 209. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 684,033,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 684,885,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 2,038,101,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 223,900,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 253,004,000
Emergency Medical and Trauma Care Services Account Appropriation $ 4,600,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 3,888,523,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The department shall continue to make use of the special eligibility category created for children through age 18 and in households with incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level made eligible for medicaid as of July 1, 1994.
(2) It is the intent of the legislature that Harborview medical center continue to be an economically viable component of the health care system and that the state's financial interest in Harborview medical center be recognized.
(3) Funding is provided in this section for the adult dental program for Title XIX categorically eligible and medically needy persons and to provide foot care services by podiatric physicians and surgeons.
(4) $1,622,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,622,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided for treatment of low-income kidney dialysis patients.
(5) $80,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $80,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $160,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the prenatal triage clearinghouse to provide access and outreach to reduce infant mortality.
(6) The department shall employ the managed care contracting and negotiation strategies defined in Substitute Senate Bill No. 5125 to assure that the average per-recipient cost of managed care services for temporary assistance to needy families and expansion populations increases by no more than two percent per year in calendar years 1998 and 1999.
(7) The department shall seek federal approval to require adult medicaid recipients who are not elderly or disabled to contribute ten dollars per month toward the cost of their medical assistance coverage. The department shall report on the progress of this effort to the house of representatives and senate health care and fiscal committees by September 1 and November 15, 1997.
(8) $325,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $325,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to increase rates paid for air ambulance services.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 210. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 8,652,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 8,592,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 79,542,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 2,904,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 99,690,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The division of vocational rehabilitation shall negotiate cooperative interagency agreements with local organizations, including higher education institutions, mental health regional support networks, and county developmental disabilities programs to improve and expand employment opportunities for people with severe disabilities served by those local agencies.
(2) $363,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $506,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $3,208,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for vocational rehabilitation services for individuals enrolled for services with the developmental disabilities program who complete their high school curriculum in 1997 or 1998.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 211. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORTING SERVICES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 24,572,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 23,956,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 40,352,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 270,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 89,150,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
1. The department may transfer up to $1,289,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $1,757,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $2,813,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation to the administration and supporting services program from various other programs to implement administrative reductions.
2. The secretary of social and health services and the director of labor and industries shall report to the appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the legislature by July 1, 1997, and every six months thereafter on the measurable changes in employee injury and time-loss rates that have occurred in the state developmental disabilities, juvenile rehabilitation, and mental health institutions as a result of the upfront loss-control discount agreement between the agencies.
3. The department shall not expend any funding for staffing or publication of the sexual minority initiative.
4. $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for a welfare fraud pilot program as described by House Bill No. 1822 (welfare fraud investigation).
5. $55,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $64,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $231,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 212. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--CHILD SUPPORT PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 21,122,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 20,877,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 145,739,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 33,207,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 220,945,000

The appropriations provided in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
1. The department shall contract with private collection agencies to pursue collection of AFDC child support arrearages in cases that might otherwise consume a disproportionate share of the department’s collection efforts. The department’s child support collection staff shall determine which cases are appropriate for referral to private collection agencies. In determining appropriate contract provisions, the department shall consult with other states that have successfully contracted with private collection agencies to the extent allowed by federal support enforcement regulations.
2. The department shall request a waiver from federal support enforcement regulations to replace the current program audit criteria, which is process-based, with performance measures based on program outcomes.
3. The amounts appropriated in this section for child support legal services shall be expended only by means of contracts with local prosecutor’s offices.
4. $305,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $494,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation, and $1,408,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 213. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--PAYMENTS TO OTHER AGENCIES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 47,435,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 47,514,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 54,366,000
Health Services Account Appropriation  $ 1,502,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account $ 2,215,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 153,032,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $22,893,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $22,835,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $35,431,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation, $2,215,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account, and $1,502,000 of the health services account are provided solely to increase the rates of contracted service providers. The department need not provide all vendors with the same percentage rate increase. Rather, the department is encouraged to use these funds to help assure an adequate supply of qualified vendors. Vendors providing services in markets where recruitment and retention of qualified providers is a problem may receive larger rate increases than other vendors. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery. Any rate increases granted as a result of this section must be implemented so that the carry-forward costs into the 1999-01 biennium do not exceed the amounts provided in this subsection. Within thirty days of granting a vendor rate increase under this section, the department shall report the following information to the fiscal committees of the legislature: (1) The amounts and effective dates of any increases granted; (2) the process and criteria used to determine the increases; and (3) any data used in that process. In accordance with RCW 43.88.110(1), the department and the office of financial management shall allot funds appropriated in this section to the programs and budget units from which the funds will be expended. Such allotments shall be completed no later than September 15, 1997.

(2) $263,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $349,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $1,186,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 214. FOR THE STATE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 6,316,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 6,317,000
State Health Care Authority Administration Account Appropriation $ 14,719,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 300,796,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 328,148,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The general fund--state appropriations are provided solely for health care services provided through local community clinics.
(2) The health care authority shall utilize competitive contracting strategies, increase co-pay requirements, adjust state subsidy levels, and take other actions it deems necessary to assure that the funds appropriated in this section are sufficient to subsidize basic health plan enrollment for a monthly average of 130,000 persons during fiscal years 1998 and 1999.
(3) Within funds appropriated in this section and sections 205 and 206 of this act, the health care authority shall continue to provide an enhanced basic health plan subsidy option for foster parents licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW and workers in state-funded homecare programs. Under this enhanced subsidy option, foster parents and homecare workers with family incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level shall be allowed to enroll in the basic health plan at a cost of ten dollars per covered worker per month.
(4) The health care authority shall require organizations and individuals that are paid to deliver basic health plan services to contribute a minimum of forty-five dollars per enrollee per month if the organization or individual chooses to sponsor an individual’s enrollment in the subsidized basic health plan.
(5) $150,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1805 (health care savings accounts). If this bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(6) The health care authority shall report to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 1, 1997, on the number of basic health plan enrollees who are illegal aliens but are not resident citizens, legal aliens, legal refugees, or legal asylees.
(7) $270,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely to pay commissions to agents and brokers in accordance with RCW 70.47.015(5) for application assistance provided to
persons on the reservation list as of June 30, 1997, who enroll in the subsidized basic health plan on or after July 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 215. FOR THE HUMAN RIGHTS COMMISSION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,019,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 2,036,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 1,444,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 259,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 5,758,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 216. FOR THE BOARD OF INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE
APPEALS
Worker and Community Right-to-Know Account $ 20,000
Accident Account Appropriation $ 10,785,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation $ 10,787,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 21,592,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 217. FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COMMISSION
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 100,000
Death Investigations Account Appropriation $ 38,000
Public Safety and Education Account $ 13,434,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account $ 346,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 13,918,000

The appropriations made in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $80,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely to continue the study of law enforcement and corrections training begun in 1996. In conducting the study, the criminal justice training commission shall consult with the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the legislature. Specific elements to be addressed in the study include: (a) The feasibility and the rationale for increasing basic law enforcement training from 440 to 600 hours; (b) the feasibility and rationale for creating a certification process for law enforcement officers; (c) the feasibility and rationale for expanding the correctional officers academy; (d) the feasibility and rationale for expanding the juvenile service workers academy and/or the adult services academy; and (e) any other items considered relevant by the commission. Any recommendations made shall include a plan and timeline for how they would be implemented. The board on correctional training standards and education and the board on law enforcement training standards and education shall be actively involved in the study effort. Copies of the study shall be provided to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the legislature and the director of financial management by October 1, 1997.

(2) $50,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely to prepare a cost and fee study of the current and proposed criminal justice course offerings. The analysis shall identify total costs and major cost components for: (a) Any current training classes which are considered mandatory; and (b) any proposed or modified training courses which are considered mandatory. Mandatory classes include, but are not limited to, the following: Basic law enforcement academy, correctional officers academy, supervisory and management training of law enforcement officers, supervisory and management training of correctional officers, juvenile service workers academy, and the adult service academy. The study shall also recommend a methodology for estimating the future demand for these classes. The study shall also estimate the cost of implementing any recommendations made pursuant to subsection (1) of this section. The study shall be conducted by a private sector consultant selected by the office of financial management in consultation with the executive director of the criminal justice training commission. The final report shall be completed by January 1, 1998.

(3) $92,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the purpose of training law enforcement managers and supervisors.

(4) $40,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely to implement the provisions of Substitute House Bill No. 1423 (criminal justice training commission). If this bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 218. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES
<table>
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<tr>
<th>Account Type</th>
<th>Appropriation (FY 1998)</th>
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<td>Public Safety and Education Account--State</td>
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<td>Public Safety and Education Account--Federal</td>
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<td>Public Safety and Education Account--Private/Local</td>
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<td>Electrical License Account</td>
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<td>Farm Labor Revolving Account</td>
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<td>Worker and Community Right-to-Know Account</td>
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<td>Public Works Administration Account</td>
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<td>Accident Account--Federal</td>
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<td>Medical Aid Account--State</td>
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<td>Medical Aid Account--Federal</td>
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<td>Plumbing Certificate Account</td>
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<td>Pressure Systems Safety Account</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td><strong>$380,372,000</strong></td>
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The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. Expenditures of funds appropriated in this section for the information systems projects identified in agency budget requests as "claims service delivery", "electrical permitting and inspection system", and "credentialing information system" are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act.

2. Pursuant to RCW 7.68.015, the department shall operate the crime victims compensation program within the public safety and education account funds appropriated in this section. In the event that cost containment measures are necessary, the department may (a) institute copayments for services; (b) develop preferred provider and managed care contracts; (c) coordinate with the department of social and health services to use the public safety and education account as matching funds for federal Title XIX reimbursement, to the extent this maximizes total funds available for services to crime victims.

3. $54,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $54,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for an interagency agreement to reimburse the board of industrial insurance appeals for crime victims appeals.

4. The secretary of social and health services and the director of labor and industries shall report to the appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the legislature by July 1, 1997, and every six months thereafter on the measurable changes in employee injury and time-loss rates that have occurred in the state developmental disabilities, juvenile rehabilitation, and mental health institutions as a result of the upfront loss-control discount agreement between the agencies.

5. $43,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $35,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $20,000 of the electrical license account appropriation, and $58,000 of the plumbing certificate account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided shall lapse.

6. The expenditures of the elevator, factory assembled structures, and contractors' registration and compliance programs may not exceed the revenues generated by these programs.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 219. FOR THE INDETERMINATE SENTENCE REVIEW BOARD

<table>
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<td>General Fund</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
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The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $920,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely to implement House Bill No. 1646 (indeterminate sentence review) or Senate Bill No. 5410 (indeterminate sentence review board). If neither of these bills is enacted by June 30, 1997, this amount shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 220. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

(1) HEADQUARTERS

<table>
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<th>Account Type</th>
<th>Appropriation (FY 1998)</th>
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<td>General Fund</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Fund</td>
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<tr>
<td>Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account</td>
<td>$80,000</td>
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Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory Institutions Acct App $ 4,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,757,000

(2) FIELD SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,418,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 2,420,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 26,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 85,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 4,949,000

(3) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 6,101,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 5,369,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 26,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 14,583,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 45,609,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 221. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 53,955,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 57,462,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 259,139,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 24,351,000
Hospital Commission Account Appropriation $ 3,089,000
Health Professions Account Appropriation $ 36,038,000
Emergency Medical and Trauma Care Services Account $ 21,042,000
Safe Drinking Water Account Appropriation $ 2,494,000
Drinking Water Assistance Account--Federal $ 5,385,000
Waterworks Operator Certification Appropriation $ 588,000
Water Quality Account Appropriation $ 3,065,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Education Account $ 469,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 2,854,000
Medical Test Site Licensure Account Appropriation $ 1,624,000
Youth Tobacco Prevention Account Appropriation $ 1,812,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 24,224,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 497,591,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $2,134,000 of the health professions account appropriation is provided solely for the
development and implementation of a licensing and disciplinary management system. Expenditures are
conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act. These funds shall not be expended without
appropriate project approval by the department of information systems.
(2) Funding provided in this section for the drinking water program data management system
shall not be expended without appropriate project approval by the department of information systems.
Expenditures are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act.
(3) The department is authorized to raise existing fees charged to the nursing professions and
midwives, by the pharmacy board, and for boarding home licenses, in excess of the fiscal growth
factor established by Initiative Measure No. 601, if necessary, to meet the actual costs of conducting
business.
(4) $1,633,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $1,634,000 of the
general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the
Puget Sound water work plan and agency action items, DOH-01, DOH-02, DOH-03, DOH-04, DOH-
05, DOH-06, DOH-07, DOH-08, DOH-09, DOH-10, DOH-11, and DOH-12.
(5) $10,000,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for distribution
to local health departments for distribution on a per capita basis. Prior to distributing these funds, the
department shall adopt rules and procedures to ensure that these funds are not used to replace current
local support for public health programs.
(6) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the
general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for operation of a youth
suicide prevention program at the state level, including a state-wide public educational campaign to
increase knowledge of suicide risk and ability to respond and provision of twenty-four hour crisis hotlines, staffed to provide suicidal youth and caregivers a source of instant help.

(7) The department of health shall not initiate any services that will require expenditure of state general fund moneys unless expressly authorized in this act or other law. The department may seek, receive, and spend, under RCW 43.79.260 through 43.79.282, federal moneys not anticipated in this act as long as the federal funding does not require expenditure of state moneys for the program in excess of amounts anticipated in this act. If the department receives unanticipated unrestricted federal moneys, those moneys shall be spent for services authorized in this act or in any other legislation that provides appropriation authority, and an equal amount of appropriated state moneys shall lapse. Upon the lapsing of any moneys under this subsection, the office of financial management shall notify the legislative fiscal committees. As used in this subsection, "unrestricted federal moneys" includes block grants and other funds that federal law does not require to be spent on specifically defined projects or matched on a formula basis by state funds.

(8) $259,000 of the health professions account appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(9) $150,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $150,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for community-based oral health grants that may fund sealant programs, education, prevention, and other oral health interventions. The grants may be awarded to state or federally funded community and migrant health centers, tribal clinics, or public health jurisdictions. Priority shall be given to communities with established oral health coalitions. Grant applications for oral health education and prevention grants shall include (a) an assessment of the community's oral health education and prevention needs; (b) identification of the population to be served; and (c) a description of the grant program's predicted outcomes.

(10) $21,042,000 of the emergency medical and trauma care services account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127 (trauma care services). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(11) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for family support and provider training services for children with special health care needs.

(12) $300,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for an abstinence education program which complies with P.L. 104-193. $400,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for abstinence education projects at the office of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be transferred to the office of the superintendent of public instruction for the 1998-99 school year. The department shall apply for abstinence education funds made available by the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity act of 1996 and implement a program that complies with the requirements of that act.

(13) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191 (mandated health benefit review). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this section shall lapse.

(14) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the volunteer retired provider program. Funds shall be used to increase children's access to dental care services in rural and underserved communities by paying malpractice insurance and professional licensing fees for retired dentists participating in the program.

(15) $852,000 of the drinking water assistance account--federal appropriation is provided solely for an interagency agreement with the department of community, trade, and economic development to administer, in cooperation with the public works board, loans to local governments and public water systems for projects and activities to protect and improve the state's drinking water facilities and resources.

(16) Amounts provided in this section are sufficient to operate the AIDS prescription drug program. To operate the program within the appropriated amount, the department shall limit new enrollments, manage access to the most expensive drug regimens, establish waiting lists and priority rankings, assist clients in accessing drug assistance programs sponsored by drug manufacturers, or pursue other means of managing expenditures by the program.
(17) Funding provided in this section is sufficient to implement section 8 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2264 (eliminating the health care policy board).

(18) $4,150,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for the Washington poison center.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 222. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

(1) ADMINISTRATION AND PROGRAM SUPPORT
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $13,926,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $13,910,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account $500,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $28,336,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $187,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $155,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5759 (risk classification). If the bill is not enacted by July 1, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.
(b) $500,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided solely for a feasibility study regarding the replacement of the department’s offender based tracking system.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $289,204,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $302,933,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $18,097,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Rebate Account $673,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account $1,614,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $612,521,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) The department shall provide funding for the pet partnership program at the Washington corrections center for women at a level at least equal to that provided in the 1995-97 biennium.
(b) $2,298,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $5,414,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the criminal justice costs associated with the implementation of RCW 13.04.030 as amended by Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If RCW 13.04.030 is not amended by Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.
(c) The department of corrections shall accomplish personnel reductions with the least possible impact on correctional custody staff, community custody staff, and correctional industries. For the purposes of this subsection, correctional custody staff means employees responsible for the direct supervision of offenders.
(d) It is the intent of the legislature that the department reduce health care expenditures in the 1997-99 biennium using the scenario identified in the health services delivery system study which limited health care costs to $43,000,000 in fiscal year 1998 and $40,700,000 in fiscal year 1999. The department shall consult with direct health care service providers and health care staff in implementing this scenario.
(e) $296,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $297,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to increase payment rates for contracted education providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.
(f) The department may expend funds generated by contractual agreements entered into for mitigation of severe overcrowding in local jails. If any funds are generated in excess of actual costs, they shall be deposited in the state general fund. Expenditures shall not exceed revenue generated by such agreements and shall be treated as recovery of costs.

(3) COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $89,364,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $90,416,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $179,780,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $14,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $106,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the criminal justice costs associated with the implementation of RCW 13.04.030 as amended by Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If RCW 13.04.030 is not amended by Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.

(b) The department of corrections shall accomplish personnel reductions with the least possible impact on correctional custody staff, community custody staff, and correctional industries. For the purposes of this subsection, correctional custody staff means employees responsible for the direct supervision of offenders.

(c) $467,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $505,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to increase payment rates for contracted education providers and contracted work release facilities. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

(4) CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 4,055,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 4,167,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 8,222,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $100,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $100,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for transfer to the jail industries board. The board shall use the amounts provided only for administrative expenses, equipment purchases, and technical assistance associated with advising cities and counties in developing, promoting, and implementing consistent, safe, and efficient offender work programs.

(b) $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the correctional industries board of directors to hire one staff person, responsible directly to the board, to assist the board in fulfilling its duties.

(5) INTERAGENCY PAYMENTS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 6,945,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 6,444,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 13,389,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 223. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SERVICES FOR THE BLIND
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,368,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,411,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 10,454,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 80,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 13,313,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 224. FOR THE SENTENCING GUIDELINES COMMISSION
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 714,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 713,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 1,427,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 225. FOR THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 173,595,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 24,842,000
Unemployment Compensation Administration Account--Federal Appropriation $ 181,985,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation $ 12,579,000
Employment Service Administrative Account $ 13,176,000
Employment & Training Trust Account Appropriation $ 600,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 406,777,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Expenditures of funds appropriated in this section for the information systems projects identified in agency budget requests as "claims and adjudication call centers", "data/wage quality
(2) $600,000 of the employment and training trust account appropriation is provided solely for the account’s share of unemployment insurance tax collection costs.

(3) $1,126,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the continuation of job placement centers colocated on community and technical college campuses.

(4) The employment security department shall spend no more than $25,049,511 of the unemployment compensation administration account--federal appropriation for the general unemployment insurance development effort (GUIDE) project, except that the department may exceed this amount by up to $2,600,000 to offset the cost associated with any vendor-caused delay. The additional spending authority is contingent upon the department fully recovering these moneys from any project vendors failing to perform in full. Authority to spend the amount provided by this subsection is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.

(5) $114,000 of the administrative contingency account appropriation is provided solely for the King county reemployment support center.

PART III
NATURAL RESOURCES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. FOR THE COLUMBIA RIVER GORGE COMMISSION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 213,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 222,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 435,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 870,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following condition and limitation: $120,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $120,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $240,000 of the general fund--local appropriation are provided solely for each Columbia river gorge county to receive an $80,000 grant for the purposes of implementing the scenic area management plan. If a Columbia river gorge county has not adopted an ordinance to implement the scenic area management plan in accordance with the national scenic area act (P.L. 99-663), then the grant funds for that county may be used by the commission to implement the plan for that county.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 27,749,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 27,794,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 45,315,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 643,000
Special Grass Seed Burning Research Account Appropriation $ 42,000
Reclamation Revolving Account Appropriation $ 2,441,000
Flood Control Assistance Account Appropriation $ 4,850,000
State Emergency Water Projects Revolving Account $ 319,000
Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control $ 10,316,000
State and Local Improvements Revolving Acct (Waste Facilities) App $ 601,000
State and Local Improvements Revolving Acct (Water Supply Facilities) App $ 1,366,000
Basic Data Account Appropriation $ 182,000
Vehicle Tire Recycling Account Appropriation $ 1,194,000
Water Quality Account Appropriation $ 2,892,000
Wood Stove Education and Enforcement Account 1,055,000
Worker and Community Right-to-Know Account $ 469,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 53,160,000
Local Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 4,342,000
Water Quality Permit Account Appropriation $ 20,378,000
Underground Storage Tank Account Appropriation $ 2,443,000
Solid Waste Management Account Appropriation $ 1,021,000
Hazardous Waste Assistance Account Appropriation $ 3,615,000
Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation $ 16,224,000
Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation  $ 6,958,000  
Air Operating Permit Account Appropriation  $ 4,033,000  
Freshwater Aquatic Weeds Account Appropriation  $ 1,829,000  
Oil Spill Response Account Appropriation  $ 7,078,000  
Metals Mining Account Appropriation  $ 42,000  
Water Pollution Control Revolving Account--State  $ 349,000  
Water Pollution Control Revolving Account--Federal  $ 1,726,000  
Biosolids Permit Account Appropriation  $ 567,000  
Environmental Excellence Account Appropriation  $ 247,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 251,240,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:  

1. $3,211,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $3,211,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation, $2,017,000 of the oil spill administration account, $819,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation, and $3,591,000 of the water quality permit fee account are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan and agency action items DOE-01, DOE-02, DOE-03, DOE-04, DOE-05, DOE-06, DOE-07, DOE-08, and DOE-09.  

2. $2,000,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation is provided solely for the following purposes:  

   a. To conduct remedial actions for sites for which there are no potentially liable persons, for which potentially liable persons cannot be found, or for which potentially liable persons are unable to pay for remedial actions; and  
   b. To provide funding to assist potentially liable persons under RCW 70.105D.070(2)(d)(xi) to pay for the cost of the remedial actions; and  
   c. To conduct remedial actions for sites for which potentially liable persons have refused to conduct remedial actions required by the department; and  
   d. To contract for services as necessary to support remedial actions.  

3. $1,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,900,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the processing of water right permit applications, continued implementation of water resources data management systems, and providing technical and data support to local watershed planning efforts in accordance with sections 101 through 116 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 (water resource management). If any of sections 101 through 116 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.  

4. $2,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are appropriated for grants to local WRIA planning units established in accordance with sections 101 through 116 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 (water resource management). If any of sections 101 through 116 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.  

5. $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111 (water rights). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.  

6. $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1118 (reopening a water rights claim filing period). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.  

7. $3,600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the auto emissions inspection and maintenance program. Expenditures of the amounts provided in this subsection are contingent upon a like amount being deposited in the general fund from the auto emission inspection fees in accordance with RCW 70.120.170(4).  

8. $170,000 of the oil spill administration account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of the Puget Sound work plan action item UW-02 through a contract with the University of Washington’s Sea Grant program in order to develop an educational program that targets small spills from commercial fishing vessels, ferries, cruise ships, ports, and marinas.  

9. The merger of the office of marine safety into the department of ecology shall be accomplished in a manner that will maintain a priority focus on oil spill prevention, as well as maintain a strong oil spill response capability. The merged program shall be established to provide a high level
of visibility and ensure that there shall not be a diminution of the existing level of effort from the merged programs.

(10) The entire environmental excellence account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 (environmental excellence). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse. In implementing the bill, the department shall organize the needed expertise to process environmental excellence applications after an application has been received.

(11) $200,000 of the freshwater aquatic weeds account appropriation is provided solely to address saltcedar weed problems.

(12) $4,498,000 of the waste reduction/recycling/litter control account appropriation is provided for fiscal year 1998 to be expended in accordance with Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 (litter control and recycling). From the amount provided for fiscal year 1998, the department shall provide $352,000 through an interagency agreement to the department of corrections to hire correctional crews to remove litter in areas that are not accessible to youth crews. $5,818,000 of the waste reduction/recycling/litter control account appropriation is provided for fiscal year 1999. The amount provided for fiscal year 1999 is to remain in unallotted status until the recommendations of the task force established in Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 are acted upon by the legislature during the 1998 legislative session. If Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided for fiscal year 1999 shall lapse.

(13) The entire biosolids permit account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5590 (biosolids management). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the entire appropriation is null and void.

(14) $29,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $99,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1985 (landscape management plans). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(15) $60,000 of the freshwater aquatic weeds account appropriation is provided solely for a grant to the department of fish and wildlife to control and eradicate purple loosestrife using the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate.

(16) $250,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation is provided solely as a reappropriation to complete the Skokomish valley flood reduction plan. The amount provided in this subsection shall be reduced by the amount expended from this account for the Skokomish valley flood reduction plan during the biennium ending June 30, 1997.

(17) The number of special purpose vehicles in the department's fleet on July 1, 1997, shall be reduced by fifty percent as of June 30, 1999. Special purpose vehicles may be replaced by fuel efficient economy vehicles or not replaced at all depending on the vehicle requirements of the agency. An exception to this reduction in the number of special purpose vehicles is provided for those special purpose vehicles used by the department's youth corps program. Special purpose vehicle is defined as a four-wheel drive off-road motor vehicle.

(18) $600,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation is provided solely to complete flood control projects that were awarded funds during the 1995-97 biennium. These funds shall be spent only to complete projects that could not be completed during the 1995-97 biennium due to delays caused by weather or delays in the permitting process.

(19) $113,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $112,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5505 (assistance to water applicants). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(20) $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5785 (consolidation of groundwater rights). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(21) $20,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $20,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5276 (water right applications). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(22) $35,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $35,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of
Substitute Senate Bill No. 5030 (lakewater irrigation). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(23) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the continuation of the southwest Washington coastal erosion study.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

- General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $21,026,000
- General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $20,835,000
- General Fund--Federal Appropriation $2,428,000
- General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $59,000
- Winter Recreation Program Account Appropriation $759,000
- Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $251,000
- Snowmobile Account Appropriation $2,290,000
- Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $321,000
- Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $48,000
- Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation $10,000
- Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control $34,000
- Water Trail Program Account Appropriation $14,000
- Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account Appropriation $25,344,000
- TOTAL APPROPRIATION $73,419,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $189,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action items P&RC-01 and P&RC-03.
2. $264,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided for boater programs statewide and for implementation of the Puget Sound work plan.
3. $45,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for a feasibility study of a public/private effort to establish a reserve for recreation and environmental studies in southwest Kitsap county.
4. Within the funds provided in this section, the state parks and recreation commission shall provide to the legislature a status report on implementation of the recommendations contained in the 1994 study on the restructuring of Washington state parks. This status report shall include an evaluation of the campsite reservation system including the identification of any incremental changes in revenues associated with implementation of the system and a progress report on other enterprise activities being undertaken by the commission. The report may also include recommendations on other revenue generating options. In preparing the report, the commission is encouraged to work with interested parties to develop a long-term strategy to support the park system. The commission shall provide this report by December 1, 1997.
5. $85,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $165,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for development of underwater park programs and facilities. The department shall work with the underwater parks program task force to develop specific plans for the use of these funds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

- Firearms Range Account Appropriation $46,000
- Recreation Resources Account Appropriation $2,352,000
- NOVA Program Account Appropriation $590,000
- TOTAL APPROPRIATION $2,988,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: Any proceeds from the sale of the PRISM software system shall be deposited into the recreation resources account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 305. FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL HEARINGS OFFICE

- General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $780,000
- General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $773,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $1,553,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $4,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $4,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5119 (forest practices appeals board). If this bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, $4,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $4,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 306. FOR THE CONSERVATION COMMISSION
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $838,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $840,000
Water Quality Account Appropriation $440,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $2,118,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $181,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $181,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $130,000 of the water quality account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item CC-01.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 307. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $36,049,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $36,571,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $73,015,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $26,758,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $488,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $5,593,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $590,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation $120,000
Recreational Fisheries Enhancement Appropriation $2,387,000
Warm Water Game Fish Account Appropriation $2,419,000
Wildlife Account Appropriation $52,372,000
Game Special Wildlife Account--State Appropriation $1,911,000
Game Special Wildlife Account--Federal Appropriation $10,844,000
Game Special Wildlife Account--Private/Local $350,000
Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation $843,000
Environmental Excellence Account Appropriation $20,000
Eastern Washington Pheasant Enhancement Account $547,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $250,877,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $1,181,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,181,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action items DFW-01, DFW-03, DFW-04, and DFW-8 through DFW-15.
(2) $188,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $155,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a maintenance and inspection program for department-owned dams. The department shall submit a report to the governor and the appropriate legislative committees by October 1, 1998, on the status of department-owned dams. This report shall provide a recommendation, including a cost estimate, on whether each facility should continue to be maintained or should be decommissioned.
(3) $832,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $825,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement salmon recovery activities and other actions required to respond to federal listings of salmon species under the endangered species act.
(4) $350,000 of the wildlife account appropriation, $72,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, and $73,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for control and eradication of class B designate weeds on department owned and managed lands. The amounts from the general fund--state appropriations are provided solely for control of spartina.
(5) $140,000 of the wildlife account appropriation is provided solely for a cooperative effort with the department of agriculture for research and eradication of purple loosestrife on state lands.

(6) In controlling weeds on state-owned lands, the department shall use the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate, and the department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, on control methods, costs, and acres treated during the previous year.

(7) A maximum of $1,000,000 is provided from the wildlife fund for fiscal year 1998. The amount provided in this subsection is for the emergency feeding of deer and elk that may be starving and that are posing a risk to private property due to severe winter conditions during the winter of 1997-98. The amount expended under this subsection must not exceed the amount raised pursuant to section 3 of Substitute House Bill No. 1478. Of the amount expended under this subsection, not more than fifty percent may be from fee revenue generated pursuant to section 3 of Substitute House Bill No. 1478. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) $193,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $194,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $300,000 of the wildlife account appropriation are provided solely for the design and development of an automated license system.

(9) The department is directed to offer for sale its Cessna 421 aircraft by June 30, 1998. Proceeds from the sale shall be deposited in the wildlife account.

(10) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to continue the department's habitat partnerships program during the 1997-99 biennium.

(11) $350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for purchase of monitoring equipment necessary to fully implement mass marking of coho salmon.

(12) $238,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $219,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1985 (landscape management plans). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(13) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to hire additional enforcement officers to address problem wildlife throughout the state related to cougars, bears, and coyotes.

(14) $97,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $98,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement animal damage control programs for Canada geese in the lower Columbia river basin.

(15) $170,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $170,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $360,000 of the wildlife account appropriation are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5120 (remote site incubators). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(16) $197,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $196,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5442 (flood control permitting). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(17) $133,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $133,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886 (regional enhancement groups). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(18) $105,000 of the recreational fisheries enhancement account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5104 (pheasant enhancement program). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(19) $100,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation is provided solely for grants to the regional fisheries enhancement groups.

(20) $547,000 of the eastern Washington pheasant enhancement account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5104 (pheasant enhancement program). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(21) $150,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $150,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to hire Washington conservation corps crews to maintain department-owned and managed lands.

(22) The entire environmental excellence account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 (environmental excellence). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the entire appropriation is null and void.

(23) $156,000 of the recreational fisheries enhancement appropriation is provided solely for Substitute Senate Bill No. 5102 (fishing license surcharge). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(24) $25,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for staffing and operation of the Tenant Lake interpretive center.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 308. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

General Fund–State Appropriation (FY 1998) $25,117,000
General Fund–State Appropriation (FY 1999) $25,518,000
General Fund–Federal Appropriation $1,156,000
General Fund–Private/Local Appropriation $422,000
Forest Development Account Appropriation $49,923,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $3,628,000
Surveys and Maps Account Appropriation $2,088,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $4,869,000
Resources Management Cost Account Appropriation $89,613,000
Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control $450,000
Surface Mining Reclamation Account Appropriation $1,420,000
Aquatic Land Dredged Material Disposal Site Account $751,000
Natural Resources Conservation Areas Stewardship Account Appropriation $77,000
Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation $890,000
Metals Mining Account Appropriation $62,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $205,984,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $7,017,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $6,900,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for emergency fire suppression.

(2) $18,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $18,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $957,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action items DNR-01, DNR-02, and DNR-04.

(3) $450,000 of the resource management cost account appropriation is provided solely for the control and eradication of class B designate weeds on state lands. The department shall use the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate, and report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, on control methods, costs, and acres treated during the previous year.

(4) $2,682,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,063,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for fire protection activities.

(5) $541,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $549,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the stewardship of natural area preserves, natural resource conservation areas, and the operation of the natural heritage program.

(6) $2,300,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation is provided for the department’s portion of the Eagle Harbor settlement.

(7) $195,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $220,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1985 (landscape management plans). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) $600,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $600,000 of the general fund–state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the cooperative
monitoring, evaluation, and research projects related to implementation of the timber-fish-wildlife agreement.

(9) $6,568,000 of the forest development account appropriation is provided solely for silviculture activities on forest board lands. To the extent that forest board counties apply for reconveyance of lands pursuant to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5325 (county land transfers), the amount provided in this subsection shall be reduced by an amount equal to the estimated silvicultural expenditures planned in each county that applies for reconveyance.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 309. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 7,596,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 7,008,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 4,716,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 405,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $ 806,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation $ 184,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 1,338,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 22,053,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $35,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $36,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for technical assistance on pesticide management including the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item DOA-01.

(2) $461,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $361,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to monitor and eradicate the Asian gypsy moth.

(3) $138,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $138,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for two additional staff positions in the plant protection program.

(4) $12,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $13,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5077 (integrated pest management). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 310. FOR THE WASHINGTON POLLUTION LIABILITY REINSURANCE PROGRAM
Pollution Liability Insurance Program Trust Account $ 909,000

PART IV
TRANSPORTATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 4,536,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 4,409,000
Architects’ License Account Appropriation $ 857,000
Cemetery Account Appropriation $ 188,000
Professional Engineers’ Account Appropriation $ 2,674,000
Real Estate Commission Account Appropriation $ 6,708,000
Master License Account Appropriation $ 6,998,000
Uniform Commercial Code Account Appropriation $ 4,291,000
Real Estate Education Account Appropriation $ 606,000
Funeral Directors And Embalmers Account Appropriation $ 409,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 31,676,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $21,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $22,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement House Bill No. 1827 or Senate Bill No. 5754 (boxing, martial arts, wrestling). If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(2) $40,000 of the master license account appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5483 (whitewater river outfitters). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) $229,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $195,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Senate Bill No. 5997 (cosmetology inspections). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(4) $31,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $1,000 of the general fund fiscal 1999 appropriation, $7,000 of the architects' license account appropriation, $18,000 of the professional engineers' account appropriation, $14,000 of the real estate commission account appropriation, $40,000 of the master license account appropriation, and $3,000 of the funeral directors and embalmers account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $17,000 of the professional engineers' account appropriation is provided solely to implement Senate Bill No. 5266 (engineers/land surveyors). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $110,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation is provided solely to implement Senate Bill No. 5998 (cosmetology advisory board). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $74,000 of the uniform commercial code account appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5163 (UCC filing). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) $11,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $2,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1748 or Substitute Senate Bill No. 5513 (vessel registration). If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. FOR THE STATE PATROL

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $7,712,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $7,850,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $3,990,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $341,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $4,652,000
County Criminal Justice Assistance Account $3,905,000
Municipal Criminal Justice Assistance Account $1,573,000
Fire Service Trust Account Appropriation $92,000
Fire Service Training Account Appropriation $1,762,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $439,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account $310,000
Fingerprint Identification Account Appropriation $3,082,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $35,708,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $254,000 of the fingerprint identification account appropriation is provided solely for an automated system that will facilitate the access of criminal history records remotely by computer or telephone for preemployment background checks and other non-law enforcement purposes. The agency shall submit an implementation status report to the office of financial management and the legislature by September 1, 1997.

(2) $264,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for a feasibility study to develop a criminal investigation computer system. The study will report on the feasibility of developing a system that uses incident-based reporting as its foundation, consistent with FBI standards. The system will have the capability of connecting with local law enforcement jurisdictions as well as fire protection agencies conducting arson investigations. The study will report on the system requirements for incorporating case management, intelligence data, imaging, and geographic information. The system will also provide links to existing crime information databases such as WASIS and WACIC. The agency shall submit a copy of the proposed study workplan to the office of financial management and the department of information services for approval prior to expenditure. A final
The report shall be submitted to the appropriate committees of the legislature, the office of financial management, and the department of information services no later than June 30, 1998.

PART V
EDUCATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR STATE ADMINISTRATION

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 24,575,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 46,152,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 49,439,000
Public Safety and Education Account $ 2,598,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 400,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account $ 3,672,000
Education Savings Account Appropriation $ 29,312,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 156,148,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) AGENCY OPERATIONS

(a) $394,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $394,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the operation and expenses of the state board of education, including basic education assistance activities.

(b)(i) $250,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $250,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for enhancing computer systems and support in the office of superintendent of public instruction. These amounts shall be used to: Make a database of school information available electronically to schools, state government, and the general public; reduce agency and school district administrative costs through more effective use of technology; and replace paper reporting and publication to the extent feasible with electronic media. The superintendent, in cooperation with the commission on student learning, shall develop a state student record system including elements reflecting student achievement. The system shall be made available to the office of financial management and the legislature with suitable safeguards of student confidentiality. The superintendent shall report to the office of financial management and the legislative fiscal committees by December 1 of each year of the biennium on the progress and plans for the expenditure of these amounts.

(ii) The superintendent, in cooperation with the commission on student learning, shall develop a feasibility plan for a state student record system, including elements reflecting student academic achievement on goals 1 and 2 under RCW 28A.150.210. The feasibility plan shall be made available to the office of financial management and the fiscal and education committees of the legislature for approval before a student records database is established, and shall identify data elements to be collected and suitable safeguards of student confidentiality and proper use of database records, with particular attention to eliminating unnecessary and intrusive data about nonacademic related information.

(c) $348,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for administration of the traffic safety education program, including in-service training related to instruction in the risks of driving while under the influence of alcohol and other drugs.

(d) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5394 or Substitute House Bill No. 1776 (school audit resolutions). If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(e) The superintendent of public instruction shall not accept, allocate, or expend any federal funds to implement the federal goals 2000 program.

(2) STATE-WIDE PROGRAMS

(a) $2,174,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for in-service training and educational programs conducted by the Pacific Science Center.

(b) $63,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for operation of the Cispus environmental learning center.

(c) $2,754,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for educational centers, including state support activities.
(d) $2,500,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $2,500,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are for initiatives to improve reading in early grades as identified in legislation enacted by the 1997 legislature, including Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5508 and Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2042, including section 4 of the bill. Amounts appropriated in this subsection 2(d) shall lapse unless both bills are enacted as passed by the legislature.

(e) $3,672,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation and $2,250,000 of the public safety education account appropriation are provided solely for matching grants to enhance security in schools. Not more than seventy-five percent of a district’s total expenditures for school security in any school year may be paid from a grant under this subsection. The grants shall be expended solely for the costs of employing or contracting for building security monitors in schools during school hours and school events. Of the amount provided in this subsection, at least $2,850,000 shall be spent for grants to districts that, during the 1988-89 school year, employed or contracted for security monitors in schools during school hours. However, these grants may be used only for increases in school district expenditures for school security over expenditure levels for the 1988-89 school year.

(f) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $400,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation transferred from the department of health are provided solely for a program that provides grants to school districts for media campaigns promoting sexual abstinence and addressing the importance of delaying sexual activity, pregnancy, and childbearing until individuals are ready to nurture and support their children. Grants to the school districts shall be for projects that are substantially designed and produced by students. The grants shall require a local private sector match equal to one-half of the state grant, which may include in-kind contribution of technical or other assistance from consultants or firms involved in public relations, advertising broadcasting, and graphics or video production or other related fields.

(g) $1,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for school district petitions to juvenile court for truant students as provided in RCW 28A.225.030 and 28A.225.035. Allocation of this money to school districts shall be based on the number of petitions filed.

(h) $300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for alcohol and drug prevention programs pursuant to RCW 66.08.180.

(i)(i) $5,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $14,656,000 of the education savings account appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $5,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $14,656,000 of the education savings account appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for matching grants and related state activities to provide school district consortia with programs utilizing technology to improve learning. A maximum of $100,000 each fiscal year of this amount is provided for administrative support and oversight of the K-20 network by the superintendent of public instruction. The superintendent of public instruction shall convene a technology grants committee representing private sector technology, school districts, and educational service districts to recommend to the superintendent grant proposals that have the best plans for improving student learning through innovative curriculum using technology as a learning tool and evaluating the effectiveness of the curriculum innovations. After considering the technology grants committee recommendations, the superintendent shall make matching grant awards, including granting at least fifteen percent of funds on the basis of criteria in (ii)(A) through (C) of this subsection (2)(h).

(ii) Priority for award of funds will be to (A) school districts most in need of assistance due to financial limits, (B) school districts least prepared to take advantage of technology as a means of improving student learning, and (C) school districts in economically distressed areas. The superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the technology grants committee, shall propose options to the committee for identifying and prioritizing districts according to criteria in (i) and (ii) of this subsection (2)(i).

(iii) Options for review criteria to be considered by the superintendent of public instruction include, but are not limited to, free and reduced lunches, levy revenues, ending fund balances, equipment inventories, and surveys of technology preparedness. An “economically distressed area” is

(A) a county with an unemployment rate that is at least twenty percent above the state-wide average for the previous three years; (B) a county that has experienced sudden and severe or long-term and severe loss of employment, or erosion of its economic base resulting in decline of its dominant industries; or

(C) a district within a county which (I) has at least seventy percent of its families and unrelated
individuals with incomes below eighty percent of the county's median income for families and unrelated individuals; and (II) has an unemployment rate which is at least forty percent higher than the county's unemployment rate.

(j) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriations is provided as matching funds for district contributions to provide analysis of the efficiency of school district business practices. The superintendent of public instruction shall establish criteria, make awards, and provide a report to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 15, 1997, on the progress and details of analysis funded under this subsection (2)(j).

(k) $1,816,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $3,378,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2019, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5764, or Senate Bill No. 7901 (charter schools). If none of the bills is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(i) The fiscal year 1998 amount appropriated in this subsection is provided for expenditure as follows:
   (A) A maximum of $300,000 for the appeals process;
   (B) A maximum of $75,000 for the study of charter schools;
   (C) A maximum of $530,000 for startup loans; and
   (D) $911,000 for apportionment to charter schools based on enrollment and other workload factors.

(ii) The fiscal year 1999 amount appropriated in this subsection is provided for expenditure as follows:
   (A) A maximum of $300,000 for the appeals process;
   (B) A maximum of $75,000 for the study of charter schools;
   (C) A maximum of $532,000 for startup loans; and
   (D) $2,471,000 for apportionment to charter schools based on enrollment and other workload factors.

(l) $19,977,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely for the purchase of classroom instructional materials and supplies. The superintendent shall allocate the funds at a maximum rate of $20.82 per full-time equivalent student, beginning September 1, 1998, and ending June 30, 1999. The expenditure of the funds shall be determined at each school site by the school building staff, parents, and the community. School districts shall distribute all funds received to school buildings without deduction.

(m) $15,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to assist local districts vocational education programs in applying for low frequency FM radio licenses with the federal communications commission.

(n) $35,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to the state board of education to design a program to encourage high school students and other adults to pursue careers as vocational education teachers in the subject matter of agriculture.

(o) $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for allocation to the primary coordinators of the state geographic alliance to improve the teaching of geography in schools.

(p) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for state administrative costs and start-up grants for alternative programs and services that improve instruction and learning for at-risk students consistent with the objectives of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1378 (educational opportunities). Each grant application shall contain proposed performance indicators and an evaluation plan to measure the success of the program and its impact on improved student learning. Applications shall contain the applicant's plan for maintaining the program and/or services after the grant period, shall address the needs of students who cannot be accommodated within the framework of existing school programs or services and shall address how the applicant will serve any student within the proposed program's target age range regardless of the reason for truancy, suspension, expulsion, or other disciplinary action. Up to $50,000 per year may be used by the superintendent of public instruction for grant administration. The superintendent shall submit an evaluation of the alternative program start-up grants provided under this section, and section 501(2)(q), chapter 283, Laws of 1996, to the fiscal and education committees of the legislature by November 15, 1998. Grants shall be awarded to applicants showing the greatest potential for improved student learning for at-risk students including:
Students who have been suspended, expelled, or are subject to other disciplinary actions;
(ii) Students with unexcused absences who need intervention from community truancy boards or family support programs;
(iii) Students who have left school; and
(iv) Students involved with the court system.

The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall prepare a report describing student recruitment, program offerings, staffing practices, and available indicators of program effectiveness of alternative education programs funded with state and, to the extent information is available, local funds. The report shall contain a plan for conducting an evaluation of the educational effectiveness of alternative education programs.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR GENERAL APPORTIONMENT (BASIC EDUCATION)

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 3,429,727,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 3,511,157,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 6,940,884,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.
(2) Allocations for certificated staff salaries for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years shall be determined using formula-generated staff units calculated pursuant to this subsection. Staff allocations for small school enrollments in (d) through (f) of this subsection shall be reduced for vocational full-time equivalent enrollments. Staff allocations for small school enrollments in grades K-6 shall be the greater of that generated under (a) of this subsection, or under (d) and (e) of this subsection.

Certificated staffing allocations shall be as follows:
(a) On the basis of each 1,000 average annual full-time equivalent enrollments, excluding full-time equivalent enrollment otherwise recognized for certificated staff unit allocations under (c) through (f) of this subsection:
(i) Four certificated administrative staff units per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-12;
(ii) 49 certificated instructional staff units per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3;
(iii) An additional 5.3 certificated instructional staff units for grades K-3. Any funds allocated for these additional certificated units shall not be considered as basic education funding;
(A) Funds provided under this subsection (2)(a)(iii) in excess of the amount required to maintain the statutory minimum ratio established under RCW 28A.150.260(2)(b) shall be allocated only if the district documents an actual ratio equal to or greater than 54.3 certificated instructional staff per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3. For any school district documenting a lower certificated instructional staff ratio, the allocation shall be based on the district’s actual grades K-3 certificated instructional staff ratio achieved in that school year, or the statutory minimum ratio established under RCW 28A.150.260(2)(b), if greater;
(B) Districts at or above 51.0 certificated instructional staff per one thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3 may dedicate up to 1.3 of the 54.3 funding ratio to employ additional classified instructional assistants assigned to basic education classrooms in grades K-3. For purposes of documenting a district’s staff ratio under this section, funds used by the district to employ additional classified instructional assistants shall be converted to a certificated staff equivalent and added to the district’s actual certificated instructional staff ratio. Additional classified instructional assistants, for the purposes of this subsection, shall be determined using the 1989-90 school year as the base year;
(C) Any district maintaining a ratio equal to or greater than 54.3 certificated instructional staff per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3 may use allocations generated under this subsection (2)(a)(iii) in excess of that required to maintain the minimum ratio established under RCW 28A.150.260(2)(b) to employ additional basic education certificated instructional staff or classified instructional assistants in grades 4-6. Funds allocated under this subsection (2)(a)(iii) shall only be expended to reduce class size in grades K-6. No more than 1.3 of the certificated instructional funding ratio amount may be expended for provision of classified instructional assistants; and
(iv) Forty-six certificated instructional staff units per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades 4-12;
(b) For school districts with a minimum enrollment of 250 full-time equivalent students whose full-time equivalent student enrollment count in a given month exceeds the first of the month full-time equivalent enrollment count by 5 percent, an additional state allocation of 110 percent of the share that such increased enrollment would have generated had such additional full-time equivalent students been included in the normal enrollment count for that particular month;

(c) On the basis of full-time equivalent enrollment in:

(i) Vocational education programs approved by the superintendent of public instruction, a maximum of 0.92 certificated instructional staff units and 0.08 certificated administrative staff units for each 18.3 full-time equivalent vocational students. Beginning with the 1998-99 school year, districts documenting staffing ratios of less than 1 certificated staff per 18.3 students shall be allocated the greater of the total ratio in subsections (2)(a)(i) and (iv) of this section or the actual documented ratio;

(ii) Skills center programs approved by the superintendent of public instruction, 0.92 certificated instructional staff units and 0.08 certificated administrative units for each 16.67 full-time equivalent vocational students;

(iii) Indirect cost charges, as defined by the superintendent of public instruction, to vocational-secondary programs shall not exceed 10 percent; and

(iv) Vocational full-time equivalent enrollment shall be reported on the same monthly basis as the enrollment for students eligible for basic support, and payments shall be adjusted for reported vocational enrollments on the same monthly basis as those adjustments for enrollment for students eligible for basic support.

(d) For districts enrolling not more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8, and for small school plants within any school district which have been judged to be remote and necessary by the state board of education and enroll not more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8:

(i) For those enrolling no students in grades 7 and 8, 1.76 certificated instructional staff units and 0.24 certificated administrative staff units for enrollment of not more than five students, plus one-twentieth of a certificated instructional staff unit for each additional student enrolled; and

(ii) For those enrolling students in grades 7 or 8, 1.68 certificated instructional staff units and 0.32 certificated administrative staff units for enrollment of not more than five students, plus one-tenth of a certificated instructional staff unit for each additional student enrolled;

(e) For specified enrollments in districts enrolling more than twenty-five but not more than one hundred average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8, and for small school plants within any school district which enroll more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8 and have been judged to be remote and necessary by the state board of education:

(i) For enrollment of up to sixty annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-6, 2.76 certificated instructional staff units and 0.24 certificated administrative staff units; and

(ii) For enrollment of up to twenty annual average full-time equivalent students in grades 7 and 8, 0.92 certificated instructional staff units and 0.08 certificated administrative staff units;

(f) For districts operating no more than two high schools with enrollments of less than three hundred average annual full-time equivalent students, for enrollment in grades 9-12 in each such school, other than alternative schools:

(i) For remote and necessary schools enrolling students in any grades 9-12 but no more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-12, four and one-half certificated instructional staff units and one-quarter of a certificated administrative staff unit;

(ii) For all other small high schools under this subsection, nine certificated instructional staff units and one-half of a certificated administrative staff unit for the first sixty average annual full time equivalent students, and additional staff units based on a ratio of 0.8732 certificated instructional staff units and 0.1268 certificated administrative staff units per each additional forty-three and one-half average annual full time equivalent students.

Units calculated under (f)(ii) of this subsection shall be reduced by certificated staff units at the rate of forty-six certificated instructional staff units and four certificated administrative staff units per thousand vocational full-time equivalent students.

(g) For each nonhigh school district having an enrollment of more than seventy annual average full-time equivalent students and less than one hundred eighty students, operating a grades K-8 program or a grades 1-8 program, an additional one-half of a certificated instructional staff unit; and
(h) For each nonhigh school district having an enrollment of more than fifty annual average full-time equivalent students and less than one hundred eighty students, operating a grades K-6 program or a grades 1-6 program, an additional one-half of a certificated instructional staff unit.

(3) Allocations for classified salaries for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years shall be calculated using formula-generated classified staff units determined as follows:

(a) For enrollments generating certificated staff unit allocations under subsection (2) (d) through (h) of this section, one classified staff unit for each three certificated staff units allocated under such subsections;

(b) For all other enrollment in grades K-12, including vocational full-time equivalent enrollments, one classified staff unit for each sixty average annual full-time equivalent students; and

(c) For each nonhigh school district with an enrollment of more than fifty annual average full-time equivalent students and less than one hundred eighty students, an additional one-half of a classified staff unit.

(4) Fringe benefit allocations shall be calculated at a rate of 20.22 percent in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years for certificated salary allocations provided under subsection (2) of this section, and a rate of 18.65 percent in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years for classified salary allocations provided under subsection (3) of this section.

(5) Insurance benefit allocations shall be calculated at the maintenance rate specified in section 504(2) of this act, based on the number of benefit units determined as follows:

(a) The number of certificated staff units determined in subsection (2) of this section; and

(b) The number of classified staff units determined in subsection (3) of this section multiplied by 1.152. This factor is intended to adjust allocations so that, for the purposes of distributing insurance benefits, full-time equivalent classified employees may be calculated on the basis of 1440 hours of work per year, with no individual employee counted as more than one full-time equivalent.

(6)(a) For nonemployee-related costs associated with each certificated staff unit allocated under subsection (2) (a), (b), and (d) through (h) of this section, there shall be provided a maximum of $7,950 per certificated staff unit in the 1997-98 school year and a maximum of $8,165 per certificated staff unit in the 1998-99 school year.

(b) For nonemployee-related costs associated with each vocational certificated staff unit allocated under subsection (2)(c) of this section, there shall be provided a maximum of $15,147 per certificated staff unit in the 1997-98 school year and a maximum of $15,556 per certificated staff unit in the 1998-99 school year.

(7) Allocations for substitute costs for classroom teachers shall be distributed at a maintenance rate of $354.64 per allocated classroom teachers exclusive of salary increase amounts provided in section 504 of this act. Solely for the purposes of this subsection, allocated classroom teachers shall be equal to the number of certificated instructional staff units allocated under subsection (2) of this section, multiplied by the ratio between the number of actual basic education certificated teachers and the number of actual basic education certificated instructional staff reported state-wide for the 1996-97 school year.

(8) Any school district board of directors may petition the superintendent of public instruction by submission of a resolution adopted in a public meeting to reduce or delay any portion of its basic education allocation for any school year. The superintendent of public instruction shall approve such reduction or delay if it does not impair the district’s financial condition. Any delay shall not be for more than two school years. Any reduction or delay shall have no impact on levy authority pursuant to RCW 84.52.0531 and local effort assistance pursuant to chapter 28A.500 RCW.

(9) The superintendent may distribute a maximum of $6,124,000 outside the basic education formula during fiscal years 1998 and 1999 as follows:

(a) For fire protection for school districts located in a fire protection district as now or hereafter established pursuant to chapter 52.04 RCW, a maximum of $447,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1998 and a maximum of $459,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1999;

(b) For summer vocational programs at skills centers, a maximum of $1,948,000 may be expended each fiscal year;

(c) A maximum of $321,000 may be expended for school district emergencies; and

(d) A maximum of $500,000 per fiscal year may be expended for programs providing skills training for secondary students who are enrolled in extended day school-to-work programs, as approved by the superintendent of public instruction. The funds shall be allocated at a rate not to exceed $500 per full-time equivalent student enrolled in those programs.
(10) For the purposes of RCW 84.52.0531, the increase per full-time equivalent student in state basic education appropriations provided under this act, including appropriations for salary and benefits increases, is 2.5 percent from the 1996-97 school year to the 1997-98 school year, and 1.1 percent from the 1997-98 school year to the 1998-99 school year.

(11) If two or more school districts consolidate and each district was receiving additional basic education formula staff units pursuant to subsection (2) (b) through (h) of this section, the following shall apply:
   (a) For three school years following consolidation, the number of basic education formula staff units shall not be less than the number of basic education formula staff units received by the districts in the school year prior to the consolidation; and
   (b) For the fourth through eighth school years following consolidation, the difference between the basic education formula staff units received by the districts for the school year prior to consolidation and the basic education formula staff units after consolidation pursuant to subsection (2) (a) through (h) of this section shall be reduced in increments of twenty percent per year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
BASIC EDUCATION EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION
(1) The following calculations determine the salaries used in the general fund allocations for certificated instructional, certificated administrative, and classified staff units under section 502 of this act:
   (a) Salary allocations for certificated instructional staff units shall be determined for each district by multiplying the district’s certificated instructional derived base salary shown on LEAP Document 12D, by the district’s average staff mix factor for basic education and special education certificated instructional staff in that school year, computed using LEAP Document 1A; and
   (b) Salary allocations for certificated administrative staff units and classified staff units for each district shall be based on the district’s certificated administrative and classified salary allocation amounts shown on LEAP Document 12D.

(2) For the purposes of this section:
   (a) "Basic education certificated instructional staff" is defined as provided in RCW 28A.150.100 and "special education certificated staff" means staff assigned to the state-supported special education program pursuant to chapter 28A.155 RCW in positions requiring a certificate;
   (b) "LEAP Document 1A" means the computerized tabulation establishing staff mix factors for certificated instructional staff according to education and years of experience, as developed by the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee on April 8, 1991, at 13:35 hours; and
   (c) "LEAP Document 12D" means the computerized tabulation of 1997-98 and 1998-99 school year salary allocations for basic education certificated administrative staff and basic education classified staff and derived base salaries for basic education certificated instructional staff as developed by the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee on March 21, 1997 at 16:37 hours.

(3) Incremental fringe benefit factors shall be applied to salary adjustments at a rate of 19.58 percent for certificated staff and 15.15 percent for classified staff for both years of the biennium.

(4)(a) Pursuant to RCW 28A.150.410, the following state-wide salary allocation schedules for certificated instructional staff are established for basic education salary allocations:

STATE-WIDE SALARY ALLOCATION SCHEDULE
FOR THE 1997-98 AND 1998-99 SCHOOL YEARS

Years of Service  BA  BA+  15 BA+  30 BA+ 45 BA+  90
0  22,950  23,570  24,212  24,855  26,920
1  23,702  24,342  25,005  25,690  27,816
2  24,469  25,129  25,812  26,563  28,725
3  25,275  25,955  26,657  27,450  29,650
4  26,095  26,818  27,540  28,375  30,632
5  26,953  27,695  28,437  29,336  31,629
6  27,847  28,586  29,370  30,333  32,661
7  28,756  29,513  30,316  31,341  33,727
8  29,678  30,477  31,299  32,408  34,827
9  31,475  32,337  33,487  35,962
10  33,388  34,621  37,129
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Years of Service</th>
<th>BA+ 90</th>
<th>MA MA+ 45 or PHD</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>28,251</td>
<td>27,516 30,581 30,912</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>29,165</td>
<td>28,351 30,477 31,825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>30,115</td>
<td>29,224 31,386 32,774</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>31,100</td>
<td>30,111 32,311 33,761</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>32,123</td>
<td>31,036 33,293 34,783</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>33,180</td>
<td>31,996 34,290 35,840</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>34,250</td>
<td>32,994 35,322 36,911</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>35,377</td>
<td>34,002 36,388 38,038</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>36,537</td>
<td>35,069 36,911 39,198</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>37,730</td>
<td>36,147 38,623 40,391</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>38,956</td>
<td>37,282 39,790 41,617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>40,214</td>
<td>38,449 40,122 42,875</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>41,525</td>
<td>39,662 42,266 44,186</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>42,867</td>
<td>40,917 43,551 45,528</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>44,260</td>
<td>42,210 44,927 46,921</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15 or more</td>
<td>45,411</td>
<td>43,071 46,095 48,141</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) As used in this subsection, the column headings "BA+ (N)" refer to the number of credits earned since receiving the baccalaureate degree.

(c) For credits earned after the baccalaureate degree but before the masters degree, any credits in excess of forty-five credits may be counted after the masters degree. Thus, as used in this subsection, the column headings "MA+ (N)" refer to the total of:

(i) Credits earned since receiving the masters degree; and
(ii) Any credits in excess of forty-five credits that were earned after the baccalaureate degree but before the masters degree.

(5) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "BA" means a baccalaureate degree.
(b) "MA" means a masters degree.
(c) "PHD" means a doctorate degree.
(d) "Years of service" shall be calculated under the same rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction.
(e) "Credits" means college quarter hour credits and equivalent in-service credits computed in accordance with RCW 28A.415.020.

(6) No more than ninety college quarter-hour credits received by any employee after the baccalaureate degree may be used to determine compensation allocations under the state salary allocation schedule and LEAP documents referenced in this act, or any replacement schedules and documents, unless:

(a) The employee has a masters degree; or
(b) The credits were used in generating state salary allocations before January 1, 1992.

(7) (a) Credits earned by certificated instructional staff after September 1, 1995, shall be counted only if the content of the course: (i) Is consistent with the school district’s strategic plan for improving student learning; (ii) is consistent with a school-based plan for improving student learning as required by the annual school performance report, under RCW 28A.320.205, for the school in which the individual is assigned; (iii) pertains to the individual’s current assignment or expected assignment for the following school year; (iv) is necessary for obtaining an endorsement as prescribed by the state board of education; (v) is specifically required for obtaining advanced levels of certification; or (vi) is included in a college or university degree program that pertains to the individual’s current assignment, or potential future assignment, as a certificated instructional staff.

(b) Once credits earned by certificated instructional staff have been determined to meet one or more of the criteria in (a) of this subsection, the credits shall be counted even if the individual transfers to other school districts.
The salary allocation schedules established in this section are for allocation purposes only except as provided in RCW 28A.400.200(2).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
FOR SCHOOL EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $79,975,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $116,311,000 |

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $196,286,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $176,535,000 is provided for a cost of living adjustment of 3.0 percent effective September 1, 1997, for state formula staff units. The appropriations include associated incremental fringe benefit allocations at rates of 19.58 percent for certificated staff and 15.15 percent for classified staff.

(a) The appropriations in this section include the increased portion of salaries and incremental fringe benefits for all relevant state-funded school programs in part V of this act. Salary adjustments for state employees in the office of superintendent of public instruction and the education reform program are provided in part VII of this act. Increases for general apportionment (basic education) are based on the salary allocation schedules and methodology in section 503 of this act. Increases for special education result from increases in each district’s basic education allocation per student. Increases for educational service districts and institutional education programs are determined by the superintendent of public instruction using the methodology for general apportionment salaries and benefits in section 503 of this act.

(b) The appropriations in this section provide salary increase and incremental fringe benefit allocations based on formula adjustments as follows:
(i) For pupil transportation, an increase of $0.60 per weighted pupil-mile for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year;
(ii) For education of highly capable students, an increase of $6.81 per formula student for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year; and
(iii) For transitional bilingual education, an increase of $17.69 per eligible bilingual student for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year; and
(iv) For learning assistance, an increase of $8.74 per entitlement unit for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year.

(c) The appropriations in this section include $912,000 for salary increase adjustments for substitute teachers at a rate of $10.64 per unit in the 1997-98 school year and maintained in the 1998-99 school year.

(2) $19,751,000 is provided for adjustments to insurance benefit allocations. The maintenance rate for insurance benefit allocations is $314.51 per month for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years. The appropriations in this section provide increases of $2.83 per month for the 1997-98 school year and $18.41 per month for the 1998-99 school year at the following rates:
(a) For pupil transportation, an increase of $0.03 per weighted pupil-mile for the 1997-98 school year and $0.19 for the 1998-99 school year;
(b) For education of highly capable students, an increase of $0.20 per formula student for the 1997-98 school year and $1.35 for the 1998-99 school year;
(c) For transitional bilingual education, an increase of $.46 per eligible bilingual student for the 1997-98 school year and $3.44 for the 1998-99 school year; and
(d) For learning assistance, an increase of $.36 per funded unit for the 1997-98 school year and $2.70 for the 1998-99 school year.

(3) The rates specified in this section are subject to revision each year by the legislature.
(4)(a) For the 1997-98 school year, the superintendent shall prepare a report showing the allowable derived base salary for certificated instructional staff in accordance with RCW 28A.400.200 and LEAP Document 12D, and the actual derived base salary paid by each school district as shown on the S-275 report and shall make the report available to the fiscal committees of the legislature no later than February 15, 1998.

(b) For the 1998-99 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the percent of salary increase funds provided in section 504 of this act by the percentage by which a district exceeds the allowable derived base salary for certificated instructional staff as shown on LEAP Document 12D.

(5) Cost-of-living funds provided to school districts under this section for classified staff shall be distributed to each and every formula funded employee at 3.0 percent, effective September 1, 1997.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION- FOR PUPIL TRANSPORTATION  
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 174,344,000  
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 179,560,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 353,904,000  
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:  
(1) The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.  
(2) A maximum of $1,451,000 may be expended for regional transportation coordinators and related activities. The transportation coordinators shall ensure that data submitted by school districts for state transportation funding shall, to the greatest extent practical, reflect the actual transportation activity of each district.  
(3) $30,000 of the fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $40,000 of the fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the transportation of students enrolled in "choice" programs. Transportation shall be limited to low-income students who are transferring to "choice" programs solely for educational reasons.  
(4) Allocations for transportation of students shall be based on reimbursement rates of $34.47 per weighted mile in the 1997-98 school year and $34.76 per weighted mile in the 1998-99 school year exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments provided in section 504 of this act. Allocations for transportation of students transported more than one radius mile shall be based on weighted miles as determined by superintendent of public instruction times the per mile reimbursement rates for the school year pursuant to the formulas adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. Allocations for transportation of students living within one radius mile shall be based on the number of enrolled students in grades kindergarten through five living within one radius mile of their assigned school times the per mile reimbursement rate for the school year times 1.29.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 506. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION- FOR SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE PROGRAMS  
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 3,075,000  
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 3,075,000  
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 194,483,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 200,633,000  
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:  
(1) $6,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriations are provided for state matching money for federal child nutrition programs.  
(2) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriations are provided for summer food programs for children in low-income areas.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 507. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION- FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS  
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 370,486,000  
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 374,327,000  
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 135,106,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 879,919,000  
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:  
(1) The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.  
(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall distribute state funds to school districts based on two categories, the optional birth through age two program for special education eligible developmentally delayed infants and toddlers, and the mandatory special education program for special education eligible students ages three to twenty-one. A "special education eligible student" means a student receiving specially designed instruction in accordance with a properly formulated individualized education program.  
(3) For the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years, the superintendent shall distribute state funds to each district based on the sum of:
(a) A district's annual average headcount enrollment of developmentally delayed infants and toddlers ages birth through two, times the district's average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student, times 1.15; and

(b) A district's annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment times the funded enrollment percent determined pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section, times the district's average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student times 0.9309.

(4) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.

(a) "Average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student" for a district shall be based on the staffing ratios required by RCW 28A.150.260 (i.e., 49/1000 certificated instructional staff in grades K-3, and 46/1000 in grades 4-12) and shall not include enhancements for K-3, secondary vocational education, or small schools.

(b) "Annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment" means the resident enrollment including students enrolled through choice (RCW 28A.225.225) and students from nonhigh districts (RCW 28A.225.210) and excluding students residing in another district enrolled as part of an interdistrict cooperative program (RCW 28A.225.250).

(c) "Enrollment percent" means the district's resident special education annual average enrollment including those students counted under the special education demonstration projects, excluding the birth through age two enrollment, as a percent of the district's annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. For the 1997-98 and the 1998-99 school years, each district's funded enrollment percent shall be:

(i) For districts whose enrollment percent for 1994-95 was at or below 12.7 percent, the lesser of the district's actual enrollment percent for the school year for which the allocation is being determined or 12.7 percent.

(ii) For districts whose enrollment percent for 1994-95 was above 12.7 percent, the lesser of:

(A) The district's actual enrollment percent for the school year for which the special education allocation is being determined; or

(B) The district's actual enrollment percent for the school year immediately prior to the school year for which the special education allocation is being determined if greater than 12.7 percent; or

(C) For 1997-98, the 1994-95 enrollment percent reduced by 75 percent of the difference between the district's 1994-95 enrollment percent and 12.7 percent and for 1998-99, 12.7 percent.

(5) At the request of any interdistrict cooperative of at least 15 districts in which all excess cost services for special education students of the districts are provided by the cooperative, the maximum enrollment percent shall be calculated in the aggregate rather than individual district units. For purposes of this subsection (4) of this section, the average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student shall be calculated in the aggregate rather than individual district units.

(6) A maximum of $12,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and a maximum of $12,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided as safety net funding for districts with demonstrated needs for state special education funding beyond the amounts provided in subsection (3) of this section. Safety net funding shall be awarded by the state safety net oversight committee.

(a) The safety net oversight committee shall first consider the needs of districts adversely affected by the 1995 change in the special education funding formula. Awards shall be based on the amount required to maintain the 1994-95 state special education excess cost allocation to the school district in aggregate or on a dollar per funded student basis.

(b) The committee shall then consider unusual needs of districts due to a special education population which differs significantly from the assumptions of the state funding formula. Awards shall be made to districts that convincingly demonstrate need due to the concentration and/or severity of disabilities in the district. Differences in program costs attributable to district philosophy or service delivery style are not a basis for safety net awards.

(7) Prior to June 1st of each year, the superintendent shall make available to each school district from available data the district's maximum funded enrollment percent for the coming school year.

(8) The superintendent of public instruction may adopt such rules and procedures as are necessary to administer the special education funding and safety net award process. Prior to revising any standards, procedures, or rules in place for the 1996-97 school year, the superintendent shall consult with the office of financial management and the fiscal committees of the legislature.
(9) The safety net oversight committee appointed by the superintendent of public instruction shall consist of:
   (a) Staff of the office of superintendent of public instruction;
   (b) Staff of the office of the state auditor;
   (c) Staff from the office of the financial management; and
   (d) One or more representatives from school districts or educational service districts knowledgeable of special education programs and funding.
(10) A maximum of $4,500,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation shall be expended for safety net funding to meet the extraordinary needs of one or more individual special education students.
(11) A maximum of $678,000 may be expended from the general fund--state appropriations to fund 5.43 full-time equivalent teachers and 2.1 full-time equivalent aides at children's orthopedic hospital and medical center. This amount is in lieu of money provided through the home and hospital allocation and the special education program.
(12) A maximum of $1,000,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided for projects to provide special education students with appropriate job and independent living skills, including work experience where possible, to facilitate their successful transition out of the public school system. The funds provided by this subsection shall be from federal discretionary grants.
(13) A school district may carry over up to 10 percent of general fund--state funds allocated under this program; however, carry over funds shall be expended in the special education program.
(14) Beginning in the 1997-98 school year, the superintendent shall increase the percentage of federal flow-through to school districts to at least 84 percent. In addition to other purposes, school districts may use increased federal funds for high cost students, for purchasing regional special education services from educational service districts, and for staff development activities particularly relating to inclusion issues.
(15) Up to one percent of the general fund--federal appropriation shall be expended by the superintendent for projects related to use of inclusion strategies by school districts for provision of special education services. The superintendent shall prepare an information database on laws, best practices, examples of programs, and recommended resources. The information may be disseminated in a variety of ways, including workshops and other staff development activities.
(16) Amounts appropriated within this section are sufficient to fund section 5 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1709 (mandate on school districts).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 508. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR TRAFFIC SAFETY EDUCATION PROGRAMS
Public Safety and Education Account $ 17,179,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.
(2) A maximum of $507,000 shall be expended for regional traffic safety education coordinators.
(3) The maximum basic state allocation per student completing the program shall be $137.16 in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years.
(4) Additional allocations to provide tuition assistance for students from low-income families who complete the program shall be a maximum of $66.81 per eligible student in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 509. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR EDUCATIONAL SERVICE DISTRICTS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 4,511,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 4,510,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 9,021,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The educational service districts shall continue to furnish financial services required by the superintendent of public instruction and RCW 28A.310.190 (3) and (4).
(2) $250,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $250,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for student teaching centers as provided in RCW 28A.415.100.

(3) A maximum of $500,000 is provided for centers for the improvement of teaching pursuant to RCW 28A.415.010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 510. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR LOCAL EFFORT ASSISTANCE

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $ 84,598,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $ 89,354,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION | $ 173,952,000 |

NEW SECTION. Sec. 511. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR THE ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT ACT

| General Fund | Federal Appropriation | $ 255,987,000 |

NEW SECTION. Sec. 512. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR INSTITUTIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) | $ 18,327,000 |
| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) | $ 19,131,000 |
| General Fund--Federal Appropriation | $ 8,548,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION | $ 46,006,000 |

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.

(2) State funding provided under this section is based on salaries and other expenditures for a 220-day school year. The superintendent of public instruction shall monitor school district expenditure plans for institutional education programs to ensure that districts plan for a full-time summer program.

(3) State funding for each institutional education program shall be based on the institution's annual average full-time equivalent student enrollment. Staffing ratios for each category of institution shall remain the same as those funded in the 1995-97 biennium.

(4) $758,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $704,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 513. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR PROGRAMS FOR HIGHLY CAPABLE STUDENTS

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $ 5,752,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $ 6,176,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION | $ 11,928,000 |

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.

(2) Allocations for school district programs for highly capable students shall be distributed at a maximum rate of $311.12 per funded student for the 1997-98 school year and $311.58 per funded student for the 1998-99 school year, exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments pursuant to section 504 of this act. The number of funded students shall be a maximum of two percent of each district's full-time equivalent basic education enrollment.

(3) $350,000 of the appropriation is for the centrum program at Fort Worden state park.

(4) $186,000 of the appropriation is for the odyssey of the mind and future problem-solving programs.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 514. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-EDUCATION REFORM PROGRAMS

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $ 18,905,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $ 21,868,000 |
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $18,103,000 is provided for the operation of the commission on student learning and the development and implementation of student assessments. The commission shall cooperate with the superintendent of public instruction in defining measures of student achievement to be included in the student record system developed by the superintendent pursuant to section 501(1)(b) of this act. The timelines for development of assessments are funded in accordance with the timelines proposed in Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1777.

2. $2,190,000 is provided solely for training of paraprofessional classroom assistants and certificated staff who work with classroom assistants as provided in RCW 28A.415.310.

3. $2,970,000 is provided for mentor teacher assistance, including state support activities, under RCW 28A.415.250 and 28A.415.260. Funds for the teacher assistance program shall be allocated to school districts based on the number of beginning teachers.

4. $4,050,000 is provided for improving technology infrastructure, monitoring and reporting on school district technology development, promoting standards for school district technology, promoting statewide coordination and planning for technology development, and providing regional educational technology support centers, including state support activities, under chapter 28A.650 RCW.

5. $7,200,000 is provided for grants to school districts to provide a continuum of care for children and families to help children become ready to learn. Grant proposals from school districts shall contain local plans designed collaboratively with community service providers. If a continuum of care program exists in the area in which the school district is located, the local plan shall provide for coordination with existing programs to the greatest extent possible. Grant funds shall be allocated pursuant to RCW 70.190.040.

6. $5,000,000 is provided solely for the meals for kids program under RCW 28A.235.145 through 28A.235.155.

7. $1,260,000 is provided for technical assistance related to education reform through the office of the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the commission on student learning, as specified in RCW 28A.300.130 (center for the improvement of student learning).

8. The superintendent of public instruction shall not accept, allocate, or expend any federal funds to implement the federal goals 2000 program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 515. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR TRANSITIONAL BILINGUAL PROGRAMS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 31,146,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 33,414,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 64,560,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 provides such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.

2. The superintendent shall distribute a maximum of $643.78 per eligible bilingual student in the 1997-98 school year, exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments provided in section 504 of this act.

3. A student shall be eligible for funding under this section if the student is enrolled in grades K-12 pursuant to WAC 392-121-106 and is receiving specialized instruction pursuant to chapter 28A.180 RCW.

4. The superintendent shall distribute a maximum of $643.78 per eligible weighted bilingual student in the 1998-99 school year exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments provided in section 504 of this act.

5. The following factors shall be used to calculate weightings for the 1998-99 school year.

   a. Grades Level
      (i) K-5 .35
      (ii) 6-8 .50
      (iii) 9-12 .72

   b. Time in Program
      (i) Up to 1 year .82
      (ii) 1 to 2 years .62
      (iii) 2 to 3 years .41
NEW SECTION. Sec. 516. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR THE LEARNING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 60,309,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 60,862,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $121,171,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 provides such funds as are necessary for the
remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.
(2) For making the calculation of the percentage of students scoring in the lowest quartile as
compared with national norms, beginning with the 1991-92 school year, the superintendent shall
multiply each school district’s 4th and 8th grade test results by 0.86.
(3) Funding for school district learning assistance programs shall be allocated at maximum
rates of $378.33 per funded unit for the 1997-98 school year and $379.47 per funded unit for the 1998-
99 school year exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments provided in section 504 of this act. School
districts may carryover up to 10 percent of funds allocated under this program; however, carryover
funds shall be expended for the learning assistance program.
(a) A school district’s funded units for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years shall be the sum
of the following:
(i) The district’s full-time equivalent enrollment in kindergarten through 6th grade, times the 5-
year average 4th grade test result as adjusted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, times 0.92; and
(ii) The district’s full-time equivalent enrollment in grades 7 through 9, times the 5-year
average 8th grade test result as adjusted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, times 0.92; and
(iii) If in the prior school year the district’s percentage of October headcount enrollment in
grades K-12 eligible for free and reduced price lunch exceeded the state average, subtract the state
average percentage of students eligible for free and reduced price lunch from the district’s percentage
and multiply the result by the district’s K-12 annual average full-time equivalent enrollment for the
current school year times 22.30 percent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 517. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-LOCAL ENHANCEMENT FUNDS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 45,404,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 51,375,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 96,779,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) A maximum of $40,841,000 is provided for learning improvement allocations to school
districts to enhance the ability of instructional staff to teach and assess the essential academic learning
requirements for reading, writing, communication, and math in accordance with the timelines and
requirements established under RCW 28A.630.885. However, special emphasis shall be given to the
successful teaching of reading. Allocations under this section shall be subject to the following
conditions and limitations:
(a) In accordance with the timetable for the implementation of the assessment system by the
commission on student learning, the allocations for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years shall be at a
maximum annual rate per full-time equivalent student of $30 for students enrolled in grades K-4, $24
for students enrolled in grades 5-7, and $18 for students enrolled in grades 8-12. Allocations shall be
made on the monthly apportionment schedule provided in RCW 28A.510.250.
(b) A district receiving learning improvement allocations shall:
(i) Develop and keep on file at each building a student learning improvement plan to achieve
the student learning goals and essential academic learning requirements and to implement the
assessment system as it is developed. The plan shall delineate how the learning improvement
allocations will be used to accomplish the foregoing. The plan shall be made available to the public upon request;

(ii) Maintain a policy regarding the involvement of school staff, parents, and community members in instructional decisions;

(iii) File a report by October 1, 1998, and October 1, 1999, with the office of the superintendent of public instruction, in a format developed by the superintendent that: Enumerates the activities funded by these allocations; the amount expended for each activity; describes how the activity improved understanding, teaching, and assessment of the essential academic learning requirements by instructional staff; and identifies any amounts expended from this allocation for supplemental contracts; and

(iv) Provide parents and the local community with specific information on the use of this allocation by including in the annual performance report required in RCW 28A.320.205, information on how funds allocated under this subsection were spent and the results achieved.

(c) The superintendent of public instruction shall compile and analyze the school district reports and present the results to the office of financial management and the appropriate committees of the legislature no later than November 15, 1998, and November 15, 1999.

(2) $55,937,000 is provided for local education program enhancements to meet educational needs as identified by the school district, including alternative education programs. This amount includes such amounts as are necessary for the remainder of the 1996-97 school year. Allocations for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school year shall be at a maximum annual rate of $29.86 per full-time equivalent student as determined pursuant to subsection (3) of this section. Allocations shall be made on the monthly apportionment payment schedule provided in RCW 28A.510.250.

(3) Allocations provided under this section shall be based on school district annual average full-time equivalent enrollment in grades kindergarten through twelve: PROVIDED, That for school districts enrolling not more than one hundred average annual full-time equivalent students, and for small school plants within any school district designated as remote and necessary schools, the allocations shall be as follows:

(a) Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students;

(b) Enrollment of not more than 20 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight shall generate funding based on twenty full-time equivalent students; and

(c) Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students.

(4) Funding provided pursuant to this section does not fall within the definition of basic education for purposes of Article IX of the state Constitution and the state’s funding duty thereunder.

(5) Receipt by a school district of one-fourth of the district’s allocation of funds under this section, shall be conditioned on a finding by the superintendent that:

(a) The district is enrolled as a medicaid service provider and is actively pursuing federal matching funds for medical services provided through special education programs, pursuant to RCW 74.09.5241 through 74.09.5256 (Title XIX funding); and

(b) The district is filing truancy petitions as required under chapter 312, Laws of 1995 and RCW 28A.225.030.

PART VI
HIGHER EDUCATION

NEW SECTION, Sec. 601. The appropriations in sections 603 through 609 of this act are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) "Institutions" means the institutions of higher education receiving appropriations under sections 603 through 609 of this act.

(2)(a) The salary increases provided or referenced in this subsection shall be the allowable salary increases provided at institutions of higher education, excluding increases associated with normally occurring promotions and increases related to faculty and professional staff retention, and excluding increases associated with employees under the jurisdiction of chapter 41.56 RCW pursuant to the provisions of RCW 28B.16.015.

(b) Each institution of higher education shall provide to each classified staff employee as defined by the office of financial management a salary increase of 3.0 percent on July 1, 1997. Each
institution of higher education shall provide to instructional and research faculty, exempt professional staff, academic administrators, academic librarians, counselors, teaching and research assistants as classified by the office of financial management, and all other nonclassified staff, including those employees under RCW 28B.16.015, an average salary increase of 3.0 percent on July 1, 1997. For employees under the jurisdiction of chapter 41.56 RCW pursuant to the provisions of RCW 28B.16.015, distribution of the salary increases will be in accordance with the applicable collective bargaining agreement. However, an increase shall not be provided to any classified employee whose salary is above the approved salary range maximum for the class to which the employee’s position is allocated. To collect consistent data for use by the legislature, the office of financial management, and other state agencies for policy and planning purposes, institutions of higher education shall report personnel data to be used in the department of personnel’s human resource data warehouse in compliance with uniform reporting procedures established by the department of personnel.

(c) Each institution of higher education receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act may provide to instructional and research faculty, exempt professional staff, academic administrators, academic librarians, counselors, teaching and research assistants, as classified by the office of financial management, and all other nonclassified staff, but not including employees under RCW 28B.16.015, an additional average salary increase of 1.0 percent on July 1, 1997, and an average salary increase of 2.0 percent on July 1, 1998. Any salary increases authorized under this subsection (2)(c) shall not be included in an institution’s salary base. It is the intent of the legislature that general fund—state support for an institution shall not increase during the current or any future biennium as a result of any salary increases authorized under this subsection (2)(c).

(d) Specific salary increases authorized in sections 603 through 609 of this act are in addition to any salary increase provided in this subsection.

(3)(a) Each institution receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act shall submit plans for achieving measurable and specific improvements in academic years 1997-98 and 1998-99 to the higher education coordinating board. The plans, to be prepared at the direction of the board, shall be submitted by August 15, 1997 (for academic year 1997-98) and August 15, 1998 (for academic year 1998-99). The following measures and goals will be used for the 1997-99 biennium:

   Goal

   (i) Undergraduate graduation efficiency index:
       For students beginning as freshmen 95%
       For transfer students 90%
   (ii) Undergraduate student retention, defined as the percentage of all undergraduate students who return for the next year at the same institution, measured from fall to fall:
       Research universities 95%
       Comprehensive universities and college 90%
   (iii) Graduation rates, defined as the percentage of an entering freshmen class at each institution that graduates within five years:
       Research universities 65%
       Comprehensive universities and college 55%
   (iv) A measure of faculty productivity, with goals and targets in accord with the legislative intent to achieve measurable and specific improvements, to be determined by the higher education coordinating board, in consultation with the institutions receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act.
   (v) An additional measure and goal to be selected by the higher education coordinating board for each institution, in consultation with each institution.

(b) Academic year 1995-96 shall be the baseline year against which performance in academic year 1997-98 shall be measured. Academic year 1997-98 shall be the baseline year against which performance in academic year 1998-99 shall be measured. The difference between each institution’s baseline year and the state-wide performance goals shall be calculated and shall be the performance gap for each institution for each measure for each year. The plan for each institution shall set as a performance target the closing of its performance gap for each measure by ten percent in each year. Each institution shall report to the higher education coordinating board on its actual performance achievement for each measure for academic year 1997-98 by October 15, 1998.

(4) The state board for community and technical colleges shall develop an implementation plan for measurable and specific improvements in productivity, efficiency, and student retention in academic
years 1997-98 and 1998-99 consistent with the performance management system developed by the work force training and education coordinating board and for the following long-term performance goals:

Goal

(a) Hourly wages for vocational graduates $12/hour
(b) Academic students transferring to Washington higher education institutions 67%
(c) Core course completion rates 85%
(d) Graduation efficiency index 95

(5) The state’s public institutions of higher education increasingly are being called upon to become more efficient in conducting the business operations necessary to support the carrying out of their academic missions. The legislature recognizes that state laws and regulations may have the unintended effect of acting as barriers to efficient operation in some instances, and desires to encourage the institutions of higher education to think beyond the constraints of current law in identifying opportunities for improved efficiency. Accordingly, the legislature requests that the institutions of higher education, working together through the council of presidents’ office and the state board for community and technical colleges, identify opportunities for changes in state law that would form the basis for a new efficiency compact with the state, for consideration no later than the 1999 legislative session.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. (1) The appropriations in sections 603 through 609 of this act provide state general fund support or employment and training trust account support for full-time equivalent student enrollments at each institution of higher education. Listed below are the annual full-time equivalent student enrollments by institution assumed in this act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>1997-98</th>
<th>1998-99</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Washington Main</td>
<td>31,297</td>
<td>31,527</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Washington Tacoma</td>
<td>775</td>
<td>895</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Washington Bothell</td>
<td>847</td>
<td>992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington State University Main</td>
<td>17,403</td>
<td>17,723</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington State University Spokane</td>
<td>352</td>
<td>442</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington State University Tri-Cities</td>
<td>754</td>
<td>814</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington State University Vancouver</td>
<td>851</td>
<td>971</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central Washington University</td>
<td>7,346</td>
<td>7,446</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern Washington University</td>
<td>7,739</td>
<td>7,739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Evergreen State College</td>
<td>3,496</td>
<td>3,576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Western Washington University</td>
<td>10,188</td>
<td>10,338</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Board for Community and Technical Colleges</td>
<td>116,426</td>
<td>118,526</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Higher Education Coordinating Board</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) The legislature intends to reduce general fund--state support for student enrollments by average instructional funding as calculated by the higher education coordinating board for enrollments below the budgeted levels in subsection (1) of this section, except that, for campuses with less than 1,500 budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) student enrollments, enrollment targets shall be set at 95 percent of the budgeted enrollment level, and except that underenrollment at Eastern Washington University shall be administered in accordance with section 606(5) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$380,591,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$418,661,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$11,404,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employment and Training Trust Account</td>
<td>$26,346,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$837,002,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $2,718,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $4,079,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be held in reserve by the board. These
funds are provided for improvements in productivity, efficiency, and student retention. The board may approve the fiscal year 1998 allocation of funds under this subsection upon completion of an implementation plan. The implementation plan shall be submitted by the board to the appropriate legislative committees and the office of financial management in accordance with section 601(4) of this act by September 1, 1997. The board may approve the fiscal year 1999 allocation of funds under this subsection based on the board’s evaluation of:

(a) College performance compared to the goals for productivity, efficiency, and student retention as submitted in the plan required in section 601(4) of this act; and

(b) The quality and effectiveness of the strategies the colleges propose to achieve continued improvement in quality and efficiency during the 1998-99 academic year.

(2) $1,253,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $27,461,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and the entire employment and training trust account appropriation are provided solely as special funds for training and related support services, including financial aid, child care, and transportation, as specified in chapter 226, Laws of 1993 (employment and training for unemployed workers) and Substitute House Bill No. 2214.

(a) Funding is provided to support up to 7,200 full-time equivalent students in each fiscal year.

(b) The state board for community and technical colleges shall submit a plan for the allocation of the full-time equivalent students provided in this subsection to the workforce training and education coordinating board for review and approval.

(3) $1,441,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,441,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for 500 FTE enrollment slots to implement RCW 28B.50.259 (timber-dependent communities).

(4) $1,862,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,862,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes at community and technical colleges.

(5) $706,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $706,000 of general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(6) Up to $1,035,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and up to $2,102,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 may be used in combination with salary and benefit savings from faculty turnover to provide faculty salary increments and associated benefits. To the extent general salary increase funding is used to pay faculty increments, the general salary increase shall be reduced by the same amount.

(7) To address part-time faculty salary disparities and to increase the ratio of full-time to part-time faculty instructors, the board shall provide salary increases to part-time instructors or hire additional full-time instructional staff under the following conditions and limitations: (a) The amount used for such purposes shall not exceed an amount equivalent to an additional salary increase of 1.0 percent on July 1, 1997, and an additional salary increase of 2.0 percent on July 1, 1998, for instructional faculty as classified by the office of financial management; and (b) at least $2,934,000 shall be spent for the purposes of this subsection.

(8) $83,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,567,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided for personnel and expenses to develop curricula, library resources, and operations of Cascadia Community College. It is the legislature’s intent to use the opportunity provided by the establishment of the new institution to conduct a pilot project of budgeting based on instructional standards and outcomes. The college shall use a portion of the available funds to develop a set of measurable standards and outcomes as the basis for budget development in the 1999-01 biennium.

(9) The technical colleges may increase tuition and fees to conform with the percentage increase in community college operating fees enacted by the 1997 legislature. The community colleges may charge up to the maximum level authorized for services and activities fees in RCW 28B.15.069.

(10) Community and technical colleges with below-average faculty salaries may use funds identified by the state board in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 operating allocations to increase faculty salaries no higher than the system-wide average.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. FOR UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 283,923,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 289,807,000
Death Investigations Account Appropriation  $ 1,810,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account  $ 514,000
Accident Account Appropriation  $ 4,969,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation  $ 4,989,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 586,012,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $2,019,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,029,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.
(2) $800,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,896,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Tacoma branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.
(3) $593,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,547,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Bothell branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.
(4) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.
(5) $324,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $324,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.
(6) $130,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $130,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item UW-01.
(7) $1,200,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,200,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.
(8) $47,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund appropriation and $47,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund appropriation are provided solely to employ a fossil preparator/educator in the Burke Museum. The entire amounts provided in this subsection shall be provided directly to the Burke Museum.
(9) $75,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $75,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for enhancements to research capabilities at the Olympic natural resources center.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 166,644,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 172,819,000
Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation  $ 206,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 339,669,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $1,204,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,807,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.
(2) $1,059,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Vancouver branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.
(3) $263,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $789,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Tri-Cities branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.
(4) $971,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Spokane branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.

(5) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(6) $140,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $140,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(7) $157,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $157,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item WSU-01.

(8) $600,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $600,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

(9) $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for yellow star thistle research.

(10) $55,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $55,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the Goldendale distance learning center.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 606. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 39,211,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 39,489,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 78,700,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $285,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $428,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.

(2) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(3) $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(4) $53,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $54,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

(5) $3,188,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,188,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve pending attainment of budgeted enrollments of 6,942 FTEs. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of funds under this subsection at the annual rate of $4,000 for annual student FTEs in excess of 6,942 based on tenth day quarterly enrollment and the office of financial management’s quarterly budget driver report. In addition, allotments of reserve funds in this section shall be approved by the office of financial management upon approval by the higher education coordinating board for (a) actions that will result in additional enrollment growth, and (b) contractual obligations in fiscal year 1998 to the extent such funds are required.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 607. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 37,214,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 38,616,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 75,830,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $269,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $403,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.

(2) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(3) $70,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $70,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(4) $51,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $51,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The college shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 608. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 20,151,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 20,518,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 40,669,000

The appropriations in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $144,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $217,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.

(2) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(3) $47,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $47,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(4) $29,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $29,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The college shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 609. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 47,822,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 48,855,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 96,677,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $342,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $514,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.

(2) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(3) $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(4) $66,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $67,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty
recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 610. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD--POLICY COORDINATION AND ADMINISTRATION

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 2,734,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 2,615,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 693,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 6,042,000

The appropriations in this section are provided to carry out the accountability, performance measurement, policy coordination, planning, studies and administrative functions of the board and are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The board shall review, recommend changes if necessary, and approve plans defined in section 601(3)(a) of this act for achieving measurable and specific improvements in academic years 1997-98 and 1998-99. The plans shall be reported to the office of financial management and the appropriate legislative committees by October of each year. By October 1, 1997, the board shall notify the office of financial management to allot institutions’ fiscal year 1998 performance funds held in reserve, based upon the adequacy of plans prepared by the institutions.

(2) The board shall develop criteria to assess institutions’ performance and shall use those criteria in determining the allotment of performance and accountability funds. The board shall evaluate each institution’s achievement of performance targets for the 1997-98 academic year and, by December 1, 1998, the board shall notify the office of financial management to allot institutions’ fiscal year 1999 performance funds held in reserve, based upon each institution’s performance.

(3) By January, 1999, the board shall recommend to the office of financial management and appropriate legislative committees any recommended additions, deletions, or revisions to the performance and accountability measures in sections 601(3) of this act as part of the next master plan for higher education. The recommendations shall be developed in consultation with the institutions of higher education and may include additional performance indicators to measure successful student learning and other student outcomes for possible inclusion in the 1999-01 operating budget.

(4) $280,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $280,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for enrollment to implement RCW 28B.80.570 through 28B.80.585 (rural natural resources impact areas). The number of students served shall be 50 full-time equivalent students per fiscal year. The board shall ensure that enrollments reported under this subsection meet the criteria outlined in RCW 28B.80.570 through 28B.80.585.

(5) $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided to develop a competency based admissions system for higher education institutions. The board shall complete the competency based admissions system and issue a report outlining the competency based admissions system by January 1999.

(6) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for activities related to higher education facilities planning, project monitoring, and access issues related to capital facilities. Of this amount, $50,000 is provided for a study of higher education needs of Okanogan county and surrounding communities with consideration given to alternative approaches to educational service delivery, facility expansion, relocation or partnership, and long-term growth and future educational demands of the region.

(7) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely as one-time funding for computer upgrades.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 611. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD--FINANCIAL AID AND GRANT PROGRAMS

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 86,369,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 93,209,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 8,255,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 187,833,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $527,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $526,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the displaced homemakers program.

(2) $216,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $220,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the western interstate commission for higher education.

(3) $118,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $118,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the health personnel resources plan.

(4) $1,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,000,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the scholarships and loans program under chapter 28B.115 RCW, the health professional conditional scholarship program. This amount shall be deposited to the health professional loan repayment and scholarship trust fund to carry out the purposes of the program.

(5) $83,783,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $90,728,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for student financial aid, including all administrative costs. The amounts in (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection are sufficient to implement Second Substitute House Bill No. 1851 (higher education financial aid). Of these amounts:

(a) $64,262,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $70,964,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the state need grant program.

(i) Unless an alternative method for distribution of the state need grant is enacted which distributes grants based on tuition costs, for the purposes of determination of eligibility for state need grants for the 1998-99 academic year, the higher education coordinating board shall establish family income equivalencies for independent students having financial responsibility for children and independent students with no financial responsibility for children, respectively, based on the United States bureau of labor statistics' low budget standard for persons in the 20-35 year age group, in accordance with the recommendations of the 1996 student financial aid policy advisory committee.

(ii) After April 1 of each fiscal year, up to one percent of the annual appropriation for the state need grant program may be transferred to the state work study program.

(b) $15,350,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $15,350,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the state work study program. After April 1 of each fiscal year, up to one percent of the annual appropriation for the state work study program may be transferred to the state need grant program;

(c) $2,422,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,422,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for educational opportunity grants. For the purpose of establishing eligibility for the equal opportunity grant program for placebound students under RCW 28B.101.020, Thurston county lies within the branch campus service area of the Tacoma branch campus of the University of Washington;

(d) A maximum of 2.1 percent of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and 2.1 percent of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 may be expended for financial aid administration, excluding the four percent state work study program administrative allowance provision;

(e) $230,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $201,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the educator’s excellence awards. Any educator’s excellence moneys not awarded by April 1st of each year may be transferred by the board to either the Washington scholars program or, in consultation with the workforce training and education coordinating board, to the Washington award for vocational excellence;

(f) $1,012,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,266,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement the Washington scholars program. Any Washington scholars program moneys not awarded by April 1st of each year may be transferred by the board to either the educator’s excellence awards or, in consultation with the workforce training and education coordinating board, to the Washington award for vocational excellence;

(g) $456,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $474,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Washington
award for vocational excellence program. Any Washington award for vocational program moneys not awarded by April 1st of each year may be transferred by the board to either the educator’s excellence awards or the Washington scholars program;

(h) $51,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $51,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for community scholarship matching grants of $2,000 each. To be eligible for the matching grant, a nonprofit community organization organized under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code must demonstrate that it has raised $2,000 in new moneys for college scholarships after the effective date of this act. No organization may receive more than one $2,000 matching grant; and

(6) $175,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $175,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 or Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5106 (Washington advanced college tuition payment program). If neither Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 nor Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5106 is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $187,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $188,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a demonstration project in the 1997-99 biennium to provide undergraduate fellowships based upon the graduate fellowship program.

(8) Funding is provided in this section for the development of three models for tuition charges for distance learning programs. Institutions involved in distance education or extended learning shall provide information to the board on the usage, cost, and revenue generated by such programs.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 612. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $1,469,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $1,470,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $2,939,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 613. FOR THE WORK FORCE TRAINING AND EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $1,636,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $1,642,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $34,378,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $37,656,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 614. FOR WASHINGTON STATE LIBRARY
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $7,483,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $7,281,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $4,847,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $19,611,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) At least $2,524,000 shall be expended for a contract with the Seattle public library for library services for the Washington book and braille library.
(2) $198,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for the state library to continue the government information locator service in accordance with chapter 171, Laws of 1996. The state library, in consultation with interested parties, shall prepare an evaluation of the government information locator service by October 1, 1997. The evaluation shall include a cost-benefit analysis, a determination of fiscal impacts to the state, and programmatic information. The evaluation report shall be provided to the appropriate legislative fiscal committees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 615. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE ARTS COMMISSION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $2,015,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $2,013,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $690,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $4,718,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 616. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $2,502,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $2,531,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $5,033,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $216,200 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $216,200 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for exhibit and educational programming.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 617. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $741,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $1,022,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $1,763,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $275,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely for exhibit design and planning.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 618. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $3,714,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $3,738,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $192,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $7,644,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 619. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $6,458,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $6,459,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $12,917,000

PART VII
SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL FUND BOND DEBT

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $447,283,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $485,077,000
General Fund Bonds Subject to the Limit Bond Retirement Acct App $932,360,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $1,864,720,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The general fund appropriation is for deposit into the general fund bonds subject to the limit bond retirement account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 702. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO BE REIMBURSED BY ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES

State Convention & Trade Center Account $34,081,000
Accident Account Appropriation $5,108,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation $5,108,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $44,297,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 703. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO BE REIMBURSED AS PRESCRIBED BY STATUTE

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $23,096,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $25,603,000
General Fund Bonds Excluded from the Limit Bond Retirement Acct App $48,699,000
Reimbursable Bonds Excluded from the Limit Bond Retirement Acct App $104,933,000
Reimbursable Bonds Subject to the Limit Bond Retirement Acct App $ 402,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 202,733,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The general fund appropriation is for deposit into the general fund bonds excluded from the limit bond retirement account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR DEBT TO BE PAID BY STATUTORILY PRESCRIBED REVENUE
Revenue Bonds Excluded from the Limit Bond Retirement Account Appropriation $ 2,451,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR BOND SALE EXPENSES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 475,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 475,000
Higher Education Construction Account Appropriation $ 215,000
State Building Construction Account Appropriation $ 6,374,000
Public Safety Reimbursable Bond Account Appropriation $ 8,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 7,547,000
Total Bond Retirement and Interest Appropriations contained in sections through 705 of this act $ 2,121,748,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 706. FOR THE GOVERNOR--FOR TRANSFER TO THE TORT CLAIMS REVOLVING FUND
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,250,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,250,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 707. FOR THE GOVERNOR--AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT
Americans with Disabilities Special Revolving Fund $ 426,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation shall be used solely to fund requests from state agencies complying with the program requirements of the federal Americans with disabilities act. This appropriation will be administered by the office of financial management and will be apportioned to agencies meeting distribution criteria.
(2) To facilitate payment from special funds dedicated to agency programs receiving allocations under this section, the state treasurer is directed to transfer sufficient moneys from the special funds to the Americans with disabilities special revolving fund, hereby created in the state treasury, in accordance with schedules provided by the office of financial management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 708. FOR THE GOVERNOR--TORT DEFENSE SERVICES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,257,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,257,000
Special Fund Agency Tort Defense Services Revolving Fund Appropriation $ 2,513,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 5,027,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: To facilitate payment of tort defense services from special funds, the state treasurer is directed to transfer sufficient moneys from each special fund to the special fund agency tort defense services revolving fund, in accordance with schedules provided by the office of financial management. The governor shall distribute the moneys appropriated in this section to agencies to pay for tort defense services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 709. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--EMERGENCY FUND
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 500,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 500,000
The appropriation in this section is for the governor’s emergency fund for the critically necessary work of any agency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 710. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--YEARS 2000 ALLOCATIONS

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $3,380,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $1,960,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $2,883,000
Liquor Revolving Account Appropriation $131,000
Health Care Authority Administrative Account $631,000
Accident Account Appropriation $1,102,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation $1,102,000
Unemployment Compensation Administration Account--Federal Appropriation $1,313,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation $948,000
Employment Services Administrative Account $500,000
Forest Development Account Appropriation $156,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $7,000
Surveys and Maps Account Appropriation $1,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $8,000
Resource Management Cost Account Appropriation $348,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $14,470,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriations will be allocated by the office of financial management to agencies to complete Year 2000 date conversion maintenance on their computer systems. Agencies shall submit their estimated costs of conversion to the office of financial management by July 1, 1997.

(2) Up to $10,000,000 of the cash balance of the data processing revolving account may be expended on agency Year 2000 date conversion costs. The $10,000,000 will be taken from the cash balances of the data processing revolving account’s two major users, as follows: $7,000,000 from the department of information services and $3,000,000 from the office of financial management. The office of financial management in consultation with the department of information services shall allocate these funds as needed to complete the date conversion projects.

(3) Agencies receiving these allocations shall report at a minimum to the information services board and to the governor every six months on the progress of Year 2000 maintenance efforts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 711. BELATED CLAIMS. The agencies and institutions of the state may expend moneys appropriated in this act, upon approval of the office of financial management, for the payment of supplies and services furnished to the agency or institution in prior fiscal biennia.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 712. FOR THE GOVERNOR--COMPENSATION--INSURANCE BENEFITS

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $823,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $6,257,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $2,431,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $146,000
Salary and Insurance Increase Revolving Account $5,465,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $15,122,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1)(a) The monthly contribution for insurance benefit premiums shall not exceed $312.35 per eligible employee for fiscal year 1998, and $331.31 for fiscal year 1999.

(b) The monthly contribution for the operating costs of the health care authority shall not exceed $4.99 per eligible employee for fiscal year 1998, and $4.44 for fiscal year 1999.

(c) Surplus moneys accruing to the public employees’ and retirees’ insurance account due to lower-than-projected insurance costs may not be reallocated by the health care authority to increase the actuarial value of public employee insurance plans. Such funds shall be held in reserve in the public employees’ and retirees’ insurance account and may not be expended without prior legislative authorization.
(d) In order to achieve the level of funding provided for health benefits, the public employees' benefits board may require employee premium co-payments, increase point-of-service cost sharing, and/or implement managed competition.

(2) To facilitate the transfer of moneys from dedicated funds and accounts, the state treasurer is directed to transfer sufficient moneys from each dedicated fund or account to the special fund salary and insurance contribution increase revolving fund in accordance with schedules provided by the office of financial management.

(3) The health care authority, subject to the approval of the public employees' benefits board, shall provide subsidies for health benefit premiums to eligible retired or disabled public employees and school district employees who are eligible for parts A and B of medicare, pursuant to RCW 41.05.085. From January 1, 1998, through December 31, 1998, the subsidy shall be $41.26 per month. Starting January 1, 1999, the subsidy shall be $43.16 per month.

(4) Technical colleges, school districts, and educational service districts shall remit to the health care authority for deposit in the public employees' and retirees' insurance account established in RCW 41.05.120:
   (a) For each full-time employee, $14.80 per month beginning September 1, 1997;
   (b) For each part-time employee who, at the time of the remittance, is employed in an eligible position as defined in RCW 41.32.010 or 41.40.010 and is eligible for employer fringe benefit contributions for basic benefits, $14.80 each month beginning September 1, 1997, prorated by the proportion of employer fringe benefit contributions for a full-time employee that the part-time employee receives.

   The remittance requirements specified in this subsection shall not apply to employees of a technical college, school district, or educational service district who purchase insurance benefits through contracts with the health care authority.

(5) The salary and insurance increase revolving account appropriation includes amounts sufficient to fund health benefits for ferry workers at the premium levels specified in subsection (1) of this section, consistent with the 1997-99 transportation appropriations act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 713. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS--CONTRIBUTIONS TO RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriations shall be made on a monthly basis consistent with chapter 41.45 RCW.

(1) There is appropriated for state contributions to the law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system:
   General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 68,350,000
   General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 72,750,000
   Of the appropriations in this subsection, $50,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $50,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for House Bill No. 1099 (LEOFF retirement plan I). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, these amounts shall lapse.

(2) There is appropriated for contributions to the judicial retirement system:
   General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 8,500,000
   General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 8,500,000

(3) There is appropriated for contributions to the judges retirement system:
   General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 750,000
   General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 750,000
   TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 159,600,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 714. SALARY COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENT

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 31,031,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 31,421,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 17,578,000
Salary and Insurance Increase Revolving Account  $ 48,678,000
   TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 128,708,000

The appropriations in this section shall be expended solely for the purposes designated in this section and are subject to the conditions and limitations in this section:
In addition to the purposes set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, appropriations in this section are provided solely for a 3.0 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, for all classified employees, including those employees in the Washington management service, and exempt employees under the jurisdiction of the personnel resources board.

The appropriations in this section are sufficient to fund a 3.0 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, for general government, legislative, and judicial employees exempt from merit system rules whose salaries are not set by the commission on salaries for elected officials.

The salary and insurance increase revolving account appropriation in this section includes funds sufficient to fund a 3.0 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, for ferry workers consistent with the 1997-99 transportation appropriations act.

No salary increase may be paid under this section to any person whose salary has been Y-rated pursuant to rules adopted by the personnel resources board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 715. FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL--SALARY ADJUSTMENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
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<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Attorney General Salary Increase Revolving Account</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
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</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriations are provided solely for increases in salaries and related benefits of assistant attorneys general. The attorney general shall distribute these funds in a manner that will maintain or increase the quality and experience of the attorney general's staff. Market value, specialization, retention, and performance (including billable hours) shall be the factors in determining the distribution of these funds.

(2) To facilitate the transfer of moneys from dedicated funds and accounts, state agencies are directed to transfer sufficient moneys from each dedicated fund or account to the attorney general salary increase revolving account, hereby created in the state treasury, in accordance with schedules provided by the office of financial management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 716. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--COMPENSATION ACTIONS OF PERSONNEL RESOURCES BOARD

<table>
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<th>Appropriation</th>
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<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
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<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Salary and Insurance Increase Revolving Account</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$24,793,000</td>
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</table>

The appropriations in this section shall be expended solely for the purposes designated in this section and are subject to the conditions and limitations in this section.

(1) Funding is provided to fully implement the recommendations of the Washington personnel resources board consistent with the provisions of chapter 319, Laws of 1996.

(2) Implementation of the salary adjustments for the various clerical classes, physicians, dental classifications, pharmacists, maintenance custodians, medical records technicians, fish/wildlife biologists, fish/wildlife enforcement, habitat technicians, and fiscal technician classifications will be effective July 1, 1997. Implementation of the salary adjustments for safety classifications, park rangers, park aides, correctional officers/sergeants, community corrections specialists, tax information specialists, industrial relations specialists, electrical classifications at the department of labor and industries, fingerprint technicians, some labor relations classifications, health benefits specialists, foresters/land managers, and liquor enforcement officers will be effective July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 717. INCENTIVE SAVINGS--FY 1998. The sum of seventy-five million dollars or so much thereof as may be available on June 30, 1998, from the total amount of unspent fiscal year 1998 state general fund appropriations is appropriated for the purposes of House Bill No. 2240 or Substitute Senate Bill No. 6045 in the manner provided in this section.

(1) Of the total appropriated amount, one-half of that portion that is attributable to incentive savings, not to exceed twenty-five million dollars, is appropriated to the savings incentive account for the purpose of improving the quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of agency services, and credited to the agency that generated the savings.
The remainder of the total amount, not to exceed seventy million dollars, is appropriated to the education savings account for the purpose of common school construction projects and education technology.

(3) For purposes of this section, the total amount of unspent state general fund appropriations does not include the appropriations made in this section or any amounts included in across-the-board allotment reductions under RCW 43.88.110.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 718. INCENTIVE SAVINGS--FY 1999. The sum of seventy-five million dollars or so much thereof as may be available on June 30, 1999, from the total amount of unspent fiscal year 1999 state general fund appropriations is appropriated for the purposes of House Bill No. 2240 or Substitute Senate Bill No. 6045 in the manner provided in this section.

(1) Of the total appropriated amount, one-half of that portion that is attributable to incentive savings, not to exceed twenty-five million dollars, is appropriated to the savings incentive account for the purpose of improving the quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of agency services, and credited to the agency that generated the savings.

(2) The remainder of the total amount, not to exceed seventy million dollars, is appropriated to the education savings account for the purpose of common school construction projects and education technology.

(3) For purposes of this section, the total amount of unspent state general fund appropriations does not include the appropriations made in this section or any amounts included in across-the-board allotment reductions under RCW 43.88.110.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 719. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--REGULATORY REFORM

<table>
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<th>Account</th>
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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
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<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
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<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
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<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
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<td>Insurance Commissioner’s Regulatory Account</td>
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<td>Accident Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Medical Aid Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Electrical License Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Health Professions Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Unemployment Compensation Administration Account--Federal Appropriation</td>
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<td>State Toxics Control Account Appropriation</td>
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<td>Water Quality Permit Account Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$54,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flood Control Assistance Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$33,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control</td>
<td>$18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$18,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Quality Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Operating Permit Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$15,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Architects’ License Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$46,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cemetery Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$31,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional Engineers’ Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$41,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Real Estate Commission Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$71,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Master License Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$59,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uniform Commercial Code Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$95,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Funeral Directors And Embalmers Account</td>
<td>$33,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$7,039,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section shall be expended solely for the purposes designated in this section and are subject to the following conditions and limitations in this section:

(1) The funds appropriated in this section are provided solely for implementing the rules review provisions of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform) and Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5105 (state/federal rules).
(2) The office of financial management shall allocate the funds provided in this section to agencies that are subject to the significant legislative rule making requirements of RCW 34.05.328 as amended by Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform).

(3) Agencies shall submit their expenditure plans for implementing the rules review requirements of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 (regulatory reform) and Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5105 (state/federal rules) to the office of financial management by July 1, 1997. Upon granting approval of the agency’s plan, the office of financial management shall allocate the funding necessary to carry out the review of existing agency rules.

(4) If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts appropriated in this section shall lapse.

PART VIII
OTHER TRANSFERS AND APPROPRIATIONS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 801. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--STATE REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION

General Fund Appropriation for fire insurance premiums distribution $ 6,617,250
General Fund Appropriation for public utility district excise tax distribution $ 35,183,803
General Fund Appropriation for prosecuting attorneys salaries $ 2,960,000
General Fund Appropriation for motor vehicle excise tax distribution $ 84,721,573
General Fund Appropriation for local mass transit assistance $ 383,208,166
General Fund Appropriation for camper and travel trailer excise tax distribution $ 3,904,937
General Fund Appropriation for boating safety/education and law enforcement distribution $ 3,616,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation for harbor improvement revenue distribution $ 142,000
Liquor Excise Tax Account Appropriation for liquor excise tax distribution $ 22,287,746
Liquor Revolving Fund Appropriation for liquor profits distribution $ 36,989,000
Timber Tax Distribution Account Appropriation for distribution to "Timber" counties $ 107,146,000
Municipal Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account $ 66,860,014
County Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account $ 11,843,224
Death Investigations Account Appropriation for distribution to counties for publicly funded autopsies $ 1,266,000
County Criminal Justice Account Appropriation $ 80,552,471
Municipal Criminal Justice Account Appropriation $ 32,042,450
County Public Health Account Appropriation $ 43,773,588
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 923,114,222

The total expenditures from the state treasury under the appropriations in this section shall not exceed the funds available under statutory distributions for the stated purposes.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 802. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--FEDERAL REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION

Forest Reserve Fund Appropriation for federal forest reserve fund distribution $ 58,801,910
General Fund Appropriation for federal flood control funds distribution $ 4,000
General Fund Appropriation for federal grazing fees distribution $ 52,000
General Fund Appropriation for distribution of federal funds to counties in conformance with P.L. 97-99 Federal Aid to Counties $ 885,916
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 59,743,826

The total expenditures from the state treasury under the appropriations in this section shall not exceed the funds available under statutory distributions for the stated purposes.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 803. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--TRANSFERS

General Fund: For transfer to the Water Quality Account $ 26,607,000
General Fund: For transfer to the Flood Control Assistance Account $ 4,000,000
State Convention and Trade Center Account:
   For transfer to the State Convention & Trade Center Operations Acct $ 3,877,000
Water Quality Account: For transfer to the Water Pollution Control Account. Transfers shall be made at intervals coinciding with deposits of federal capitalization grant money into the account. The amounts transferred shall not exceed the match required for each federal deposit $ 21,688,000

State Treasurer’s Service Account: For transfer to the general fund on or before June 30, 1999 an amount up to $3,600,000 in excess of the cash requirements of the State Treasurer’s Service Account $ 3,600,000

Health Services Account: For transfer to the County Public Health Account $ 2,250,000

Public Works Assistance Account: For transfer to the Drinking Water Assistance Account $ 9,949,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 804. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS--TRANSFERS

General Fund Appropriation: For transfer to the department of retirement systems expense fund for the administrative expenses of the judicial retirement system $ 16,000

PART IX
MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 901. EXPENDITURE AUTHORIZATIONS. The appropriations contained in this act are maximum expenditure authorizations. Pursuant to RCW 43.88.037, moneys disbursed from the treasury on the basis of a formal loan agreement shall be recorded as loans receivable and not as expenditures for accounting purposes. To the extent that moneys are disbursed on a loan basis, the corresponding appropriation shall be reduced by the amount of loan moneys disbursed from the treasury during the 1997-99 biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 902. INFORMATION SYSTEMS PROJECTS. Agencies shall comply with the following requirements regarding information systems projects when specifically directed to do so by this act.

(1) The agency shall produce a feasibility study for each information systems project in accordance with published department of information services instructions. In addition to department of information services requirements, the study shall examine and evaluate the costs and benefits of maintaining the status quo and the costs and benefits of the proposed project. The study shall identify when and in what amount any fiscal savings will accrue, and what programs or fund sources will be affected.

(2) The agency shall produce a project management plan for each project. The plan or plans shall address all factors critical to successful completion of each project. The plan shall include, but is not limited to, the following elements: A description of the problem or opportunity that the information systems project is intended to address; a statement of project objectives and assumptions; definition of phases, tasks, and activities to be accomplished and the estimated cost of each phase; a description of how the agency will facilitate responsibilities of oversight agencies; a description of key decision points in the project life cycle; a description of variance control measures; a definitive schedule that shows the elapsed time estimated to complete the project and when each task is to be started and completed; and a description of resource requirements to accomplish the activities within specified time, cost, and functionality constraints.

(3) A copy of each feasibility study and project management plan shall be provided to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative fiscal committees. Authority to expend any funds for individual information systems projects is conditioned on approval of the relevant feasibility study and project management plan by the department of information services and the office of financial management.

(4) A project status report shall be submitted to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative fiscal committees for each project prior to reaching key decision points identified in the project management plan. Project status reports shall examine and evaluate project management, accomplishments, budget, action to address variances, risk management, costs and benefits analysis, and other aspects critical to completion of a project.
Work shall not commence on any task in a subsequent phase of a project until the status report for the preceding key decision point has been approved by the department of information services and the office of financial management.

(5) If a project review is requested in accordance with department of information services policies, the reviews shall examine and evaluate: System requirements specifications; scope; system architecture; change controls; documentation; user involvement; training; availability and capability of resources; programming languages and techniques; system inputs and outputs; plans for testing, conversion, implementation, and postimplementation; and other aspects critical to successful construction, integration, and implementation of automated systems. Copies of project review written reports shall be forwarded to the office of financial management and appropriate legislative committees by the agency.

(6) A written postimplementation review report shall be prepared by the agency for each information systems project in accordance with published department of information services instructions. In addition to the information requested pursuant to the department of information services instructions, the postimplementation report shall evaluate the degree to which a project accomplished its major objectives including, but not limited to, a comparison of original cost and benefit estimates to actual costs and benefits achieved. Copies of the postimplementation review report shall be provided to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and appropriate legislative committees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 903. VIDEO TELECOMMUNICATIONS. The department of information services shall act as lead agency in coordinating video telecommunication services for state agencies. As lead agency, the department shall develop standards and common specifications for leased and purchased telecommunications equipment and assist state agencies in developing a video telecommunications expenditure plan. No agency may spend any portion of any appropriation in this act for new video telecommunication equipment, new video telecommunication transmission, or new video telecommunication programming, or for expanding current video telecommunication systems without first complying with chapter 43.105 RCW, including but not limited to, RCW 43.105.041(2), and without first submitting a video telecommunications expenditure plan, in accordance with the policies of the department of information services, for review and assessment by the department of information services under RCW 43.105.052. Prior to any such expenditure by a public school, a video telecommunications expenditure plan shall be approved by the superintendent of public instruction. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall submit the plans to the department of information services in a form prescribed by the department. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall coordinate the use of video telecommunication in public schools by providing educational information to local school districts and shall assist local school districts and educational service districts in telecommunications planning and curriculum development. Prior to any such expenditure by a public institution of postsecondary education, a telecommunications expenditure plan shall be approved by the higher education coordinating board. The higher education coordinating board shall coordinate the use of video telecommunication for instruction and instructional support in postsecondary education, including the review and approval of instructional telecommunications course offerings.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 904. EMERGENCY FUND ALLOCATIONS. Whenever allocations are made from the governor’s emergency fund appropriation to an agency that is financed in whole or in part by other than general fund moneys, the director of financial management may direct the repayment of such allocated amount to the general fund from any balance in the fund or funds which finance the agency. No appropriation shall be necessary to effect such repayment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 905. STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS. In addition to the amounts appropriated in this act for revenues for distribution, state contributions to the law enforcement officers’ and fire fighters’ retirement system, and bond retirement and interest including ongoing bond registration and transfer charges, transfers, interest on registered warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, there is also appropriated such further amounts as may be required or available for these purposes under any statutory formula or under chapter 39.96 RCW or any proper bond covenant made under law.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 906. BOND EXPENSES. In addition to such other appropriations as are made by this act, there is hereby appropriated to the state finance committee from legally available bond proceeds in the applicable construction or building funds and accounts such amounts as are necessary to pay the expenses incurred in the issuance and sale of the subject bonds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 907. LEGISLATIVE FACILITIES. Notwithstanding RCW 43.01.090, the house of representatives, the senate, and the permanent statutory committees shall pay expenses quarterly to the department of general administration facilities and services revolving fund for services rendered by the department for operations, maintenance, and supplies relating to buildings, structures, and facilities used by the legislature for the biennium beginning July 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 908. AGENCY RECOVERIES. Except as otherwise provided by law, recoveries of amounts expended pursuant to an appropriation, including but not limited to, payments for material supplied or services rendered under chapter 39.34 RCW, may be expended as part of the original appropriation of the fund to which such recoveries belong, without further or additional appropriation. Such expenditures shall be subject to conditions and procedures prescribed by the director of financial management. The director may authorize expenditure with respect to recoveries accrued but not received, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except that such recoveries shall not be included in revenues or expended against an appropriation for a subsequent fiscal period. This section does not apply to the repayment of loans, except for loans between state agencies.


Sec. 910. RCW 43.08.250 and 1996 c 283 s 901 are each amended to read as follows: The money received by the state treasurer from fees, fines, forfeitures, penalties, reimbursements or assessments by any court organized under Title 3 or 35 RCW, or chapter 2.08 RCW, shall be deposited in the public safety and education account which is hereby created in the state treasury. The legislature shall appropriate the funds in the account to promote traffic safety education, highway safety, criminal justice training, crime victims' compensation, judicial education, the judicial information system, civil representation of indigent persons, winter recreation parking, and state game programs. During the fiscal biennium ending June 30, (1997) 1999, the legislature may appropriate moneys from the public safety and education account for purposes of appellate indigent defense, the criminal litigation unit of the attorney general’s office, the treatment alternatives to street crimes program, crime victims advocacy programs, justice information network telecommunication planning, sexual assault treatment, operations of the office of administrator for the courts, security in the common schools, ((programs for alternative dispute resolution of farmworker employment claims,)) criminal justice data collection, and Washington state patrol criminal justice activities.

Sec. 911. RCW 82.44.110 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 15 s 2 and 1995 c 398 s 14 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows: The county auditor shall regularly, when remitting license fee receipts, pay over and account to the director of licensing for the excise taxes collected under the provisions of this chapter. The director shall forthwith transmit the excise taxes to the state treasurer.

(1) The state treasurer shall deposit the excise taxes collected under RCW 82.44.020(1) as follows:
(a) 1.60 percent into the motor vehicle fund to defray administrative and other expenses incurred by the department in the collection of the excise tax.
(b) 8.15 percent into the Puget Sound capital construction account in the motor vehicle fund.
(c) 4.07 percent into the Puget Sound ferry operations account in the motor vehicle fund.
(d) 5.88 percent into the general fund to be distributed under RCW 82.44.155.
(e) 4.75 percent into the municipal sales and use tax equalization account in the general fund created in RCW 82.14.210.
(f) 1.60 percent into the county sales and use tax equalization account in the general fund created in RCW 82.14.200.

(g) 62.6440 percent into the general fund through June 30, 1995, and 57.6440 percent into the general fund beginning July 1, 1995.

(h) 5 percent into the transportation fund created in RCW 82.44.180 beginning July 1, 1995.

(i) 5.9686 percent into the county criminal justice assistance account created in RCW 82.14.310.

(j) 1.1937 percent into the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under RCW 82.14.320.

(k) 1.1937 percent into the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under RCW 82.14.330.

(l) 2.95 percent into the county public health account created in RCW 70.05.125.

Notwithstanding (i) through (k) of this subsection, no more than sixty million dollars shall be deposited into the accounts specified in (i) through (k) of this subsection for the period January 1, 1994, through June 30, 1995. Not more than five percent of the funds deposited to these accounts shall be available for appropriations for enhancements to the state patrol crime laboratory system and the continuing costs related to these enhancements. Motor vehicle excise tax funds appropriated for such enhancements shall not supplant existing funds from the state general fund. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998, and for each fiscal year thereafter, the amounts deposited into the accounts specified in (i) through (k) of this subsection shall not increase by more than the amounts deposited into those accounts in the previous fiscal year increased by the implicit price deflator for the previous fiscal year. Any revenues in excess of this amount shall be deposited into the ((general fund)) violence reduction and drug enforcement account during the 1997-99 fiscal biennium.

(2) The state treasurer shall deposit the excise taxes collected under RCW 82.44.020(2) into the transportation fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall deposit the excise tax imposed by RCW 82.44.020(3) into the air pollution control account created by RCW 70.94.015.

Sec. 912. RCW 69.50.520 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 919 are each amended to read as follows:

The violence reduction and drug enforcement account is created in the state treasury. All designated receipts from RCW 9.41.110(7), 66.24.210(4), 66.24.290(3), 69.50.505(h)(1), 82.08.150(5), 82.24.020(2), 82.64.020, and section 420, chapter 271, Laws of 1989 shall be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only for funding services and programs under chapter 271, Laws of 1989 and chapter 7, Laws of 1994 sp. sess., including state incarceration costs. During the 1997-1999 biennium, funds from the account may also be used to implement Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions), including local government costs, and costs associated with conducting a feasibility study of the department of corrections' offender-based tracking system. After July 1, (((1992)) 1999, at least seven and one-half percent of expenditures from the account shall be used for providing grants to community networks under chapter 70.190 RCW by the family policy council.

Sec. 913. RCW 79.24.580 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 923 are each amended to read as follows:

After deduction for management costs as provided in RCW 79.64.040 and payments to towns under RCW 79.92.110(2), all moneys received by the state from the sale or lease of state-owned aquatic lands and from the sale of valuable material from state-owned aquatic lands shall be deposited in the aquatic lands enhancement account which is hereby created in the state treasury. After appropriation, these funds shall be used solely for aquatic lands enhancement projects; for the purchase, improvement, or protection of aquatic lands for public purposes; for providing and improving access to such lands; and for volunteer cooperative fish and game projects. (During the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1995, the funds may be appropriated for shellfish management, enforcement, and enhancement and for developing and implementing plans for population monitoring and restoration of native wild salmon stock.) During the fiscal biennium ending June 30, (((1992)) 1999, the funds may be appropriated for boating safety, shellfish management, enforcement, and enhancement and for developing and implementing plans for population monitoring and restoration of native wild salmon stock.

Sec. 914. RCW 86.26.007 and 1996 c 283 s 903 are each amended to read as follows:
The flood control assistance account is hereby established in the state treasury. At the
beginning of the 1997-99 fiscal biennium and each biennium thereafter the state treasurer shall transfer
four million dollars from the general fund to the flood control assistance account ((an amount of money
which, when combined with money remaining in the account from the previous biennium, will equal
four million dollars)). Moneys in the flood control assistance account may be spent only after
appropriation for purposes specified under this chapter or, during the (1995-97 biennium, for state and
local response and recovery costs associated with federal emergency management agency (FEMA)
disaster number 1079 (November/December 1995 storms), FEMA disaster number 1100 (February
1996 floods), and for prior biennia disaster recovery costs. To the extent that moneys in the flood
control assistance account are not appropriated during the 1995-97 fiscal biennium for flood control
assistance, the legislature may direct their transfer to the state general fund. 1997-99 fiscal biennium,
for transfer to the disaster response account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 915. Within amounts appropriated in this act, the following state
agencies or institutions shall implement sections 3, 4, and 5 of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5077
(integrated pest management):
(1) The department of agriculture;
(2) The state noxious weed control board;
(3) The department of ecology;
(4) The department of fish and wildlife;
(5) The parks and recreation commission;
(6) The department of natural resources;
(7) The department of corrections;
(8) The department of general administration; and
(9) Each state institution of higher education, for the institution's own building and grounds
maintenance.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 916. No funding appropriated in this act shall be expended to support
the governor's council on environmental education.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 917. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or
circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 918. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and
takes effect July 1, 1997.

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "June 30, 1999;" strike the remainder of the title and insert
"amending RCW 43.08.250, 69.50.520, 79.24.580, and 86.26.007; reenacting and amending RCW
82.44.110; creating new sections; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

MOTION

Representative Huff moved that the House adopt the report of the Conference Committee on
Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062, and pass the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Huff and H. Sommers spoke in favor of the adoption of the Conference
Committee recommendation. The recommendation was adopted.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill
No. 6062.

Representatives Huff, Schoesler, Alexander, DeBolt, Carlson, Cooke, Dyer, Johnson,
Pennington, Backlund, Mastin, D. Schmidt, Talcott, Clements, Skinner and List spoke in favor of
passage of the bill.
Representative H. Sommers, Kastama, Conway, Doumit, Gombosky, Mason, Cole, Cody and Butler spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 6062, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 53, Nays - 44, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.
Excused: Representative Kessler - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5044,
SENATE BILL NO. 5299,
SENATE BILL NO. 5326,
SENATE BILL NO. 5343,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5569,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6098,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) and has passed the following bill as amended by the House:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5762,

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5762,

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1017,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1024,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1064,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1419,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1615,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1678,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1776,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1985,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2163,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2197,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5044,
SENATE BILL NO. 5299,
SENATE BILL NO. 5326,
SENATE BILL NO. 5343,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5569,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5762,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5762,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5762,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5762,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6098,

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5739, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Horn, Haugen, Schow, Rasmussen and Wood)

Establishing when employers are required to compensate employees for employee wearing apparel.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (592)

On page 2, line 21, after "(2)" strike all material through "apparel." on page 3, line 6 and insert "If an employer requires an employee to wear a white shirt or blouse or dark pants or skirt, the employee is required to provide this apparel. Any other employer-required wearing apparel must be provided by or compensated for by the employer."

Representatives Conway, Chopp, Cole and Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives McMorris and Clements spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (592) on page 2, line 21, to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5739 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote:

Yeas - 44, Nays - 54, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooper, Costa, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunshee, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hatfield, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Lantz, Linville, Mason, Morris, Murray, O'Brien,

Representative Kessler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Kessler: (584)

On page 2, line 23, after "uniform" insert ", or unless the cost of obtaining the apparel would reduce the employee’s wage below the applicable minimum wage required under chapter 49.46 RCW"

On page 2, line 35, after "apparel" insert ", unless the cost of obtaining the apparel would reduce the employee’s wage below the applicable minimum wage required under chapter 49.46 RCW"

Representatives Kessler and Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (584) on page 2, line 23, to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5739 and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote:

Yeas - 45, Nays - 52, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Clements - 1.

Representative Cody moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cody: (621)

On page 2, line 36, after "limited to" strike all material through "public" on line 38 and insert "black and white"

Representatives Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Kessler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Kessler: (595)
On page 3, line 2, after "worn by" strike "all"

Representatives Kessler and McMorris spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Conway moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Conway: (618)

On page 3, after line 6, insert "(7) The department may adopt rules to implement this section."

Representative Conway spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris, Kessler, Smith and McMorris spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Conway, Wood and Keiser spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5739 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5739 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 75, Nays - 23, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5739, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SIGN BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

SENATE BILL NO. 5047,
SENATE BILL NO. 5093,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5102,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5286,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5325,
SENATE BILL NO. 5754,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5255, by Senators Swecker, Hargrove, Zarelli, Stevens, Hochstatter, Morton, Schow, Roach, Anderson, Benton and Oke

Establishing notification of parent or legal guardian prior to abortion by a minor.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Dyer moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dyer:

(562)

On page 2, line 30, strike "may petition,"

On page 2, line 30, after "friend," insert "or the attending physician, may petition"

On page 3, line 1, after "(1)" insert "Either an unemancipated pregnant minor on her own behalf or by next friend, or the minor's attending physician, may petition the superior court under this section."

On page 3, line 30, strike "any minor or" and insert "the petitioner or a"

Representatives Dyer and Sheahan spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Wood, Appelwick and Costa spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 51-YEAS; 45-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sheahan, Sterk, Boldt, Carrell, Lambert, Backlund, Mulliken and Wensman spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Costa, Cooper, Butler, O'Brien, Hatfield, Appelwick, Dickerson and Mitchell spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5255 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5255 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 52, Nays - 45, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5255, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2285 by Representatives Sheahan, Ballasiotes, Koster, Backlund, Schoesler, Wensman, Benson, D. Sommers, Cairnes, Robertson, Lambert, Thompson, Mitchell and Mielke

AN ACT Relating to juvenile justice; and creating a new section.

Referred to Rules Committee.

HJM 4023 by Representatives Sterk, Johnson, Cole, Hickel, Keiser, Talcott, Smith, Sump, Mulliken, Delvin, Quall, Koster, Linville, Robertson, D. Schmidt, Cooke, Cairnes and Thompson

Encouraging Congress to amend and reauthorize the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

Referred to Rules Committee.

HJM 4024 by Representatives Fisher and Lantz

Renaming the Eleventh Street Bridge on State Route No. 509 "The Murray Morgan Bridge."

Referred to Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the bill and memorials listed on the day's introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the committees so designed.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING (First Supplemental)

ESSB 6061 by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Prince, Haugen and Wood; by request of Governor Locke)

AN ACT Relating to transportation funding and appropriations; amending 1996 c 165 ss 207, 210, 211, 215, 218, 220, 221, 224, 225, 401, and 402 (uncodified); adding a new section to chapter 165, Laws of 1996; creating new sections; repealing 1996 c 165 s 505 (uncodified); making appropriations; and declaring an emergency.
SSB 6084 By Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West and McDonald)

AN ACT Relating to transferring the enforcement of existing cigarette and tobacco taxes from the department of revenue to the liquor control board; amending RCW 66.44.010, 82.24.010, 82.24.110, 82.24.130, 82.24.190, 82.24.250, 82.24.550, and 82.32.300; adding a new section to chapter 66.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.24 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.26 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; providing an effective date; and providing for submission of this act to a vote of the people.

There being no objection, the bills listed on the day’s supplemental introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were advanced to the second reading calender for the next working day.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Friday, April 18, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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NINETY-FIFTH DAY, APRIL 17, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
NINETY-SIXTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, April 18, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Micah McCabe and Georgia Kavanaugh. Prayer was offered by Reverend Reggie Buddle, Western Reform Seminary, Tacoma.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1102,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1202,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1349,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1588,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1832,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2149,
HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4005,
HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4209,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SENATE BILL NO. 5353,
SENATE BILL NO. 5688,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5721,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5868,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5526, by Senate Committee on Agriculture & Environment (originally sponsored by Senators McDonald, Sellar and Anderson)

Allowing for the diversion of certain river or stream waters without a permit.
Representative Chandler moved that the rules be suspended, and that Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526 be returned to second reading for the purpose of an amendment. (For previous action, see Journal, 92nd Day, April 14, 1997.)

Representative Linville spoke against the adoption of the motion.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of the adoption of the motion.

Division was demanded. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 50-YEAS; 42-NAYS. The motion needed two thirds vote and the motion was not adopted.

Representatives Chandler, Zellinsky, Mastin, Carrell and Sump spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Anderson, Cooper, Doumit and Costa spoke against passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representatives DeBolt and Van Luven were excused.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526, as amended by the House and the bill failed to passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 48, Nays - 49, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5526, as amended by the House, having failed to received the constitutional majority, was declared failed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5574, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senator Horn)

Instituting property tax reform.

The bill was read the second time.
Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Schoesler: (626)

Beginning on page 3, line 9, strike everything through "parcels," on page 4, line 5, and insert:
(2) The treasurer shall notify each taxpayer in the county, at the expense of the county, of the amount of the real and personal property, and the current and delinquent amount of tax due on the same; and the treasurer shall have printed on the notice the name of each tax and the levy made on the same.

(3) As soon as practical, but not later than the first tax year after a major change in data systems or software used by the treasurer, the notice shall at a minimum contain the following information and this information must be separately stated on the notice:

(a) The name and address of the taxpayer;
(b) The name, address, and telephone number of the county issuing the notice;
(c) The parcel number as noted in the county records;
(d) The property address if one exists, or the abbreviated legal description;
(e) The year for which the taxes are due;
(f) The assessed valuation of the parcel's land value and improvement value, and the assessment year, determined by the county assessor's office;
(g) Current billing information containing each type of taxing jurisdiction levying a tax on the identified parcel, and the total amount due for each type of taxing jurisdiction:
   (i) As a result of regular property taxes, expressed as a dollar amount; and
   (ii) As a result of the aggregate of all voter-approved levies, including special levies and assessments, expressed as a dollar amount;
(h) The total taxes due and payable from the taxpayer, including any delinquent taxes when included and any interest or penalties due as of a specific future date. The treasurer shall include a phone number for current interest and penalty calculations; and
   (i) A notice of the payment due dates and possible delinquency penalties and interest.

(4) In any county where the county treasurer includes multiple parcels of land on a combined tax statement to a single owner, the county treasurer is not required to comply with subsection (3)(d) and (g) of this section. A taxpayer may request a separate tax statement on any or all parcels.

(5)

Renumber subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representatives Schoesler, Dunshee and B. Thomas spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 574 to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574 was withdrawn.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative H. Sommers: (566)

On page 8, after line 2, insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. If specific funding for purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

Representatives H. Sommers spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative B. Thomas spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 46-YEAS; 51-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Dunshee moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunshee: (542)

On page 6, after line 2, insert the following:
NEW SECTION, Sec. 201. A new section is added to chapter 84.52 RCW to read as follows:

(1) There is allowed a credit against the state regular real property tax equal to the tax imposed by the state on twenty percent of the state-wide average assessed value of owner-occupied single-family residential property, multiplied by the combined indicated ratio fixed by the state department of revenue for each county. The amount of the credit shall increase annually at a rate not to exceed the average rate of growth over the immediately preceding five years of owner-occupied single-family residential property. The average rate of growth shall be determined by the department. The credit in any tax year shall not exceed the amount of state property tax imposed on the property and no credit may result in increased property taxes on other taxpayers.

(2) The credit in this section is in addition to any other property tax relief that may be provided by law.

(3) The following conditions apply to the credit under this section:
(a) The residence must be occupied by the person claiming the credit as a principal place of residence as of January 1st of the year in which taxes are due and the residence may not be primarily used for commercial purposes. A person who sells, transfers, or is displaced from the person’s residence may transfer the person’s credit status to a replacement residence, but a claimant may not receive a credit on more than one residence in any year. Confinement of the person to a hospital or nursing home does not disqualify the claim of credit if:
(i) The residence is temporarily unoccupied;
(ii) The residence is occupied by either or both a spouse or a person financially dependent on the claimant for support; or
(iii) The residence is rented for the purpose of paying nursing home or hospital costs.
(b) The person claiming the credit must have owned, at the time of filing, in fee, as a life estate, or by contract purchase, the residence on which the property taxes have been imposed or if the person claiming the credit lives in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership, the person must own a share therein representing the unit or portion of the structure in which the person resides. For purposes of this subsection, a residence owned by a marital community or owned by cotenants is deemed to be owned by each spouse or cotenant, and any lease for life is deemed a life estate.

(4) RCW 84.36.383, 84.36.385, 84.36.387, and 84.36.389 apply to this section.

Sec. 202. RCW 84.52.080 and 1989 c 378 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The county assessor shall extend the taxes upon the tax rolls in the form herein prescribed. The rate percent necessary to raise the amounts of taxes levied for state and county purposes, and for purposes of taxing districts coextensive with the county, shall be computed upon the assessed value of the property of the county; the rate percent necessary to raise the amount of taxes levied for any taxing district within the county shall be computed upon the assessed value of the property of the district; all taxes assessed against any property shall be added together and extended on the rolls in a column headed consolidated or total tax. In extending any tax, whenever it amounts to a fractional part of a cent greater than five mills it shall be made one cent, and whenever it amounts to five mills or less than five mills it shall be dropped. The amount of all taxes shall be entered in the proper columns, as shown by entering the rate percent necessary to raise the consolidated or total tax and the total tax assessed against the property.

(2) After entering the amounts under subsection (1) of this section, the county assessor shall compute the amount of credit authorized under section 201 of this act for each parcel of property. The credit allowed for any property shall be extended on the rolls in a column headed tax credit. The county treasurer shall subtract the amount of the credit from the total tax and enter this amount in a column headed tax payable.

(3) For the purpose of computing the rate necessary to raise the amount of any excess levy in a taxing district which has classified or designated forest land under chapter 84.33 RCW, other than the state, the county assessor shall add the district’s timber assessed value, as defined in RCW 84.33.035, to the assessed value of the property: PROVIDED, That for school districts maintenance and operations levies only one-half of the district’s timber assessed value or eighty percent of the timber
roll of such district in calendar year 1983 as determined under chapter 84.33 RCW, whichever is greater, shall be added.

(4) Upon the completion of such tax extension, it shall be the duty of the county assessor to make in each assessment book, tax roll or list a certificate in the following form:

I, , assessor of , county, state of Washington, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct list of taxes levied on the real and personal property in the county of for the year .

Witness my hand this day of , .

, County Assessor

The county assessor shall deliver said tax rolls to the county treasurer, on or before the fifteenth day of January, taking receipt therefor, and at the same time the county assessor shall provide the county auditor with an abstract of the tax rolls showing the total amount of taxes collectible in each of the taxing districts.

Sec. 203. RCW 84.56.050 and 1991 c 245 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) On receiving the tax rolls the treasurer shall post all real and personal property taxes from the rolls to the treasurer's tax roll, and shall carry forward to the current tax rolls a memorandum of all delinquent taxes on each and every description of property, and enter the same on the property upon which the taxes are delinquent showing the amounts for each year. The treasurer shall notify each taxpayer in the county, at the expense of the county, of the amount of the real and personal property and the current and delinquent amount of tax due on the same. The treasurer shall have printed on the notice the name of each tax and the levy made on the same, the amount of any credit under section 201 of this act, and the tax payable. The state tax credit authorized in section 201 of this act shall be credited against any state tax payable on the property. The county treasurer shall be the sole collector of all delinquent taxes and all other taxes due and collectible on the tax rolls of the county.

(2) The term "taxpayer" as used in this section shall mean any person charged, or whose property is charged, with property tax; and the person to be notified is that person whose name appears on the tax roll herein mentioned.

Sec. 204. RCW 84.36.383 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 8 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389 and section 201 of this act, except where the context clearly indicates a different meaning:

(1) The term "residence" shall mean a single family dwelling unit whether such unit be separate or part of a multiunit dwelling, including the land on which such dwelling stands not to exceed one acre. The term shall also include a share ownership in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership if the person claiming exemption can establish that his or her share represents the specific unit or portion of such structure in which he or she resides. The term shall also include a single family dwelling situated upon lands the fee of which is vested in the United States or any instrumentality thereof including an Indian tribe or in the state of Washington, and notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 84.04.080 and 84.04.090, such a residence shall be deemed real property.

(2) The term "real property" shall also include a mobile home which has substantially lost its identity as a mobile unit by virtue of its being fixed in location upon land owned or leased by the owner of the mobile home and placed on a foundation (posts or blocks) with fixed pipe, connections with sewer, water, or other utilities: PROVIDED, That a mobile home located on land leased by the owner of the mobile home shall be subject, for tax billing, payment, and collection purposes, only to the personal property provisions of chapter 84.56 RCW and RCW 84.60.040.

(3) "Department" shall mean the state department of revenue.

(4) "Combined disposable income" means the disposable income of the person claiming the exemption, plus the disposable income of his or her spouse, and the disposable income of each co-tenant occupying the residence for the assessment year, less amounts paid by the person claiming the exemption or his or her spouse during the assessment year for:

(a) Drugs supplied by prescription of a medical practitioner authorized by the laws of this state or another jurisdiction to issue prescriptions; and

(b) The treatment or care of either person received in the home or in a nursing home.
"Disposable income" means adjusted gross income as defined in the federal internal revenue code, as amended prior to January 1, 1989, or such subsequent date as the director may provide by rule consistent with the purpose of this section, plus all of the following items to the extent they are not included in or have been deducted from adjusted gross income:

(a) Capital gains, other than nonrecognized gain on the sale of a principal residence under section 1034 of the federal internal revenue code, or gain excluded from income under section 121 of the federal internal revenue code to the extent it is reinvested in a new principal residence;
(b) Amounts deducted for loss;
(c) Amounts deducted for depreciation;
(d) Pension and annuity receipts;
(e) Military pay and benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid payments;
(f) Veterans benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid payments;
(g) Federal social security act and railroad retirement benefits;
(h) Dividend receipts; and
(i) Interest received on state and municipal bonds.

"Cotenant" means a person who resides with the person claiming the exemption and who has an ownership interest in the residence.

Sec. 205. RCW 84.36.385 and 1992 c 206 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A claim for exemption under RCW 84.36.381 (as now or hereafter amended) or a credit under section 201 of this act, shall be made and filed at any time during the year for exemption or credit from taxes payable the following year and thereafter and solely upon forms as prescribed (and furnished) by the department of revenue. However, an exemption from tax under RCW 84.36.381 shall continue for no more than four years unless a renewal application is filed as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The county assessor may also require, by written notice, a renewal application following an amendment of the income requirements set forth in RCW 84.36.381. Renewal applications shall be on forms prescribed and furnished by the department of revenue. A credit under section 201 of this act shall continue each year as long as the residence is eligible for credit.

(2) A person granted an exemption under RCW 84.36.381 or a credit under section 201 of this act shall inform the county assessor of any change in status affecting (the person’s) entitlement to the exemption or credit on forms prescribed and furnished by the department of revenue.

(3) Each person exempt from taxes under RCW 84.36.381 in 1993 and thereafter, shall file with the county assessor a renewal application not later than December 31 of the year the assessor notifies such person of the requirement to file the renewal application.

(4) Beginning in 1992 and in each of the three succeeding years, the county assessor shall notify approximately one-fourth of those persons exempt from taxes under RCW 84.36.381 in the current year who have not filed a renewal application within the previous four years, of the requirement to file a renewal application.

(5) If the assessor finds that the applicant does not meet the qualifications as set forth in RCW 84.36.381 (as now or hereafter amended) or section 201 of this act, the claim or exemption shall be denied but such denial shall be subject to appeal under the provisions of RCW 84.48.010(5). If the applicant had received exemption or credit in prior years based on erroneous information, the taxes shall be collected subject to penalties as provided in RCW 84.40.130 for a period of not to exceed three years.

(6) The department and each local assessor is hereby directed to publicize the qualifications and manner of making claims under RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389 and section 201 of this act, through communications media, including such paid advertisements or notices as it deems appropriate. Notice of the qualifications, method of making applications, the penalties for not reporting a change in status, and availability of further information shall be included on or with property tax statements and revaluation notices for all residential property including mobile homes, except rental properties.

Sec. 206. RCW 84.36.387 and 1992 c 206 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All claims for exemption under RCW 84.36.381 or a credit under section 201 of this act shall be made and signed by the person entitled to the exemption or credit, by his or her attorney in fact or in the event the residence of such person is under mortgage or purchase contract requiring accumulation of reserves out of which the holder of the mortgage or contract is required to pay real estate taxes, by such holder or by the owner, either before two witnesses or the county assessor or his
or her deputy in the county where the real property is located: PROVIDED, That if a claim for exemption or credit is made by a person living in a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership, such claim shall be made and signed by the person entitled to the exemption or credit and by the authorized agent of such cooperative.

(2) If the taxpayer is unable to submit his or her own claim, the claim shall be submitted by a duly authorized agent or by a guardian or other person charged with the care of the person or property of such taxpayer.

(3) All claims for exemption and renewal applications under RCW 84.36.381 shall be accompanied by such documented verification of income as shall be prescribed by rule adopted by the department of revenue.

(4) Any person signing a false claim with the intent to defraud or evade the payment of any tax shall be guilty of the offense of perjury.

(5) The tax liability of a cooperative housing association, corporation, or partnership shall be reduced by the amount of tax exemption or credit to which a claimant residing therein is entitled and such cooperative shall reduce any amount owed by the claimant to the cooperative by such exact amount of tax exemption or credit or, if no amount be owed, the cooperative shall make payment to the claimant of such exact amount of exemption or credit.

(6) A remainderman or other person who would have otherwise paid the tax on real property that is the subject of an exemption granted under RCW 84.36.381 or a credit granted under section 201 of this act for an estate for life shall reduce the amount which would have been payable by the life tenant to the remainderman or other person to the extent of the exemption or credit. If no amount is owed or separately stated as an obligation between these persons, the remainderman or other person shall make payment to the life tenant in the exact amount of the exemption or credit.

Sec. 207. RCW 84.36.389 and 1979 ex.s. c 214 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director of the department of revenue shall adopt such rules ((and regulations)) and prescribe such forms as may be necessary and appropriate for implementation and administration of this chapter subject to chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act.

(2) The department may conduct such audits of the administration of RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389 and section 201 of this act and the claims for exemption or credit filed thereunder as it considers necessary. The powers of the department under chapter 84.08 RCW apply to these audits.

(3) Any information or facts concerning confidential income data obtained by the assessor or the department, or their agents or employees, under subsection (2) of this section shall be used only to administer RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, absent written consent by the person about whom the information or facts have been obtained, the confidential income data shall not be disclosed by the assessor or the assessor’s agents or employees to anyone other than the department or the department’s agents or employees nor by the department or the department’s agents or employees to anyone other than the assessor or the assessor’s agents or employees except in a judicial proceeding pertaining to the taxpayer’s entitlement to the tax exemption under RCW 84.36.381 through 84.36.389 or credit under section 201 of this act. Any violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor."

Renumber the remaining parts and sections consecutively and correct any internal references and the title accordingly.

On page 7, after line 33, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. Sections 201 through 207 of this act take effect for taxes payable in 1998 if the proposed amendment to Article VII of the state Constitution providing for large increases in the assessed value of real property to be phased in over a period of four years and providing tax credits for owner-occupied single-family residential housing (HJR 4212) is validly submitted to and is approved and ratified by the voters at a general election held in November 1997. If the proposed amendment is not approved and ratified, sections 201 through 207 of this act are null and void in their entirety."

Renumber the remaining section consecutively and correct the title.

POINT OF ORDER
Representative B. Thomas: Mr. Speaker, I request a ruling on Scope and Object ruling on amendment 542.

SPEAKER’S RULING

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding): Representative Thomas, the Speaker is ready to rule on your request for Scope and Object on amendment 542.

The subject portion of the title of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574 is: "AN ACTING Relating to property tax reform."

The Scope of the bill, as measured by the title of the act, is very broad, any amendment dealing with any type of property tax reform will fall within the scope of this title.

Amendment 542 by Representative Dunshee would propose to reform the property tax system by granting an owner occupied property tax credit.

Amendment 542 is clearly within the Scope of the title of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574.

The Object of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574 is to provide tax payers with more information about property taxes. Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574 does not alter taxes or extend credits for taxes paid, it simply provides information.

The Object of amendment 542 as noted above is to grant credits for property taxes paid by home owners.

The Speaker finds that amendment 542 is beyond the Object of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574.

Representative B. Thomas, your Point of Order is well taken.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Dunshee and Carrell spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, The students selected for special recognition as Washington Scholars in 1997 have distinguished themselves as exceptional students, student leaders, and as talented and enthusiastic participants in many diverse activities including art, debate, drama, honor societies, interscholastic sports, Junior Achievement, knowledge competitions, music, and student government; and

WHEREAS, These exemplary students have also contributed to the welfare of those less fortunate in their neighborhoods through volunteer efforts with community service organizations such as the United Way, Special Olympics, March of Dimes, Big Brothers, Big Sisters, community food drives, senior centers, scouting, and church groups; and

WHEREAS, The State of Washington benefits greatly from the accomplishments of these caring and gifted individuals, not only in their roles as students, but also as citizens, role models for other young people, and future leaders of our communities and our state; and

WHEREAS, Through the Washington Scholars Program, the Governor, the legislature, and the state’s citizens have an opportunity to recognize and honor three outstanding seniors from each of the state’s forty-nine legislative districts for the students’ exceptional academic achievements, leadership abilities, and contributions to their communities;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor and congratulate the Washington Scholars for their hard work, dedication, contributions, and maturity in achieving this significant accomplishment; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the families of these students be commended for the encouragement and support they have provided to the scholars; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the principals, teachers, and classmates of these highly esteemed students be recognized for the important part they played in helping the scholars to learn, contribute, lead, and excel; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to each of the Washington Scholars selected in 1997.

Representative Carlson moved adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Carlson, O'Brien, Mason, Honeyford, Cole, Kenney, Clements and Carlson spoke in favor of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4629 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5559, by Senators Hale, West, Loveland and Anderson

Exempting coin-operated services of car washes from sales and use tax.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Hankins, Delvin, Schoesler, Clements and Hankins spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Anderson, Keiser, Gardner and Cooper spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5559.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5559 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 42, Absent - 1, Excused - 1.


Absent: Representative Blalock - 1.

Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5559, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5811, by Senators Roach, Schow and Fairley; by request of Department of Labor & Industries

Including terrorism committed outside of the United States in the definition of criminal act for the purposes of crime victim compensation and assistance.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5811.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5811 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5811, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5915 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6045, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West, Spanel, Strannigan and Oke; by request of Governor Locke)

Creating the savings incentive account.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff, Romero, Linville and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6045.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6045 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 6045, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6068, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators West, Spanel and Oke; by request of Secretary of State)

Enhancing legal advertising of state measures.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Huff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6068.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6068 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6068, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

MOTION FOR RECONSIDERATION

Representative Parlette, having voted on the prevailing side, moved that rules be suspended, and that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6068. Representative Parlette withdrew the motion.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5938, by Senators Roach, Long, Zarelli, Haugen, Benton, Finkbeiner, Oke, Swecker, Anderson, Stevens, Winsley, Strannigan and Schow

Revising sentencing provisions.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Ballasiotes, Costa and Benson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5938.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5938 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Appelwick - 1.
Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5938, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.


Offsetting an increase in beer tax for health services account with corresponding decrease.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
Representatives Dunshee and Kessler spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5845.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5845 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 82, Nays - 15, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5845, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6061, by Senate Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Senators Prince, Haugen and Wood; by request of Governor Locke)

Transportation funding and appropriations.
The bill was read the second time.

Representative K. Schmidt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative K. Schmidt: (649)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"TRANSPORTATION APPROPRIATIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. To ensure accountability for the expenditure of transportation revenue by agencies responsible for delivering transportation services and programs to the traveling and taxpaying public, an objective and systematic assessment of the services and programs administered by the departments of transportation and licensing and the Washington state patrol is essential. An audit of the agencies' performance and an examination of the efficiency and effectiveness of service and program delivery by the agencies, shall take place prior to the appropriation for full funding of certain programs, projects, and services in the 1997-99 biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) The transportation budget of the state is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions hereinafter set forth, the several amounts hereinafter specified, or as much thereof as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated from the several accounts and funds hereinafter named to the designated state agencies and offices for salaries, wages, and other expenses, for capital projects, and for other specified purposes, including the payment of any final judgments arising out of such activities, for the period ending June 30, 1999.

(2) Legislation with fiscal impacts enacted in the 1997 legislative session not assumed in this act are not funded in the 1997-99 transportation budget.

(3) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this subsection apply throughout this act.

(a) "Fiscal year 1998" or "FY 1998" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998.

(b) "Fiscal year 1999" or "FY 1999" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999.

(c) "FTE" means full-time equivalent.

(d) "Lapse" or "revert" means the amount shall return to an unappropriated status.

(e) "Provided solely" means the specified amount may be spent only for the specified purpose.

(f) "Performance-based budgeting" means a budget that bases resource needs on quantified outcomes/results expected from use of the total appropriation. "Performance-based budgeting" does not mean incremental budgeting that focuses on justifying changes from the historic budget or to line-item input-driven budgets.

(g) "Mission" means a statement of an organization's purpose that is concise, understandable, and consistent with the agency's statutory mandate.

(h) "Vision" means a statement of the organization's preferred future that is idealistic, motivating, directive, and logically connected to the mission.

(i) "Major strategies" means the broad themes for how an agency plans to accomplish its mission.

(j) "Goals" means the statements of purpose that identify a desired result or outcome. The statements shall be realistic, achievable, directive, assignable, evaluative, and logically linked to the agency's mission and statutory mandate.

(k) "Objectives" means the steps taken to reach a goal that are specific and measurable within a specified time period. Objectives shall be assignable, prioritized, time-phased, and have resource estimates.

(l) "Strategic plan" means the strategies agencies create for investment choices in the future. All agency strategic plans shall present alternative investment strategies for providing services.

PART I
GENERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCIES--OPERATING

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 304,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The department of agriculture shall report to the legislative transportation committee by January 15, 1998, and January 15, 1999, on the number of fuel samples tested and the findings of the tests for the motor fuel quality program.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 102. FOR THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE SYSTEMS COMMITTEE**
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $111,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The joint legislative systems committee shall enter into a service level agreement with the legislative transportation committee by June 30, 1997.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 103. FOR THE LEGISLATIVE EVALUATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM**
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $420,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The legislative evaluation and accountability program committee shall enter into a service level agreement with the legislative transportation committee by June 30, 1997.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 104. FOR THE GOVERNOR--FOR TRANSFER TO THE TORT CLAIMS REVOLVING FUND**
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $1,000,000
Marine Operating Account--State Appropriation $1,000,000
**TOTAL APPROPRIATION** $2,000,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The amount of the transfers from the motor vehicle fund and the marine operating fund are to be transferred into the tort claims revolving fund only as claims have been settled or adjudicated to final conclusion and are ready for payout. The appropriation contained in this section is to retire tort obligations that occurred before July 1, 1990.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 105. FOR THE UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION**
Grade Crossing Protective Fund--State Appropriation $222,000

**PART II**
**TRANSPORTATION AGENCIES**

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 201. FOR THE WASHINGTON TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMISSION**
Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $436,000
Highway Safety Fund--Federal Appropriation $5,216,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $950,000
**TOTAL APPROPRIATION** $6,602,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:
(1) The transportation fund--state appropriation includes $900,000 to fund community DUI task forces. Funding from the transportation fund for any community DUI task force may not exceed twenty-five percent of total expenditures in support of that task force.
(2) $50,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided to support local law enforcement implementing the drug recognition expert (DRE) and drugged driving programs. Any funds not required for the DRE program may be used for programs related to heavy trucks that improve safety and enforcement of Washington state laws.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 202. FOR THE BOARD OF PILOTAGE COMMISSIONERS**
Pilotage Account--State Appropriation $275,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. FOR THE COUNTY ROAD ADMINISTRATION BOARD

Motor Vehicle Fund--Rural Arterial Trust Account--State Appropriation $ 57,397,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 1,548,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 383,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--County Arterial Preservation Account--State Appropriation $ 27,940,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 87,268,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: $124,000 of the county arterial preservation account--state appropriation is provided for a computer programmer to rewrite and expand the county road information system for compatibility with Windows computer software. It is the intent of the legislature that this position be a project position and is funded for the 1997-99 biennium only.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. FOR THE TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT BOARD

Motor Vehicle Fund--Urban Arterial Trust Account--State Appropriation $ 57,159,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Transportation Improvement Account--State Appropriation $ 122,014,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--City Hardship Assistance Account--State Appropriation $ 2,649,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Small City Account--State Appropriation $ 7,921,000
Central Puget Sound Public Transportation Account--State Appropriation $ 26,910,000
Public Transportation Systems Account--State Appropriation $ 9,288,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 219,581,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The transportation improvement account--state appropriation includes $40,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.26.500. However, the transportation improvement board may authorize the use of current revenues available in lieu of bond proceeds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. FOR THE LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 2,822,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 500,000
Central Puget Sound Public Transportation Account--State Appropriation $ 200,000
High Capacity Transportation Account--State Appropriation $ 500,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 4,022,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) In order to meet the growing demand for services the legislative transportation committee shall seek accountability and efficiencies within transportation agency programs through in-depth program evaluations. These program evaluations shall consider:

(a) Whether or not strategic planning and performance-based budgeting is a preferable planning and budgeting tool to the current incremental budgeting process for agency administrative programs and capital program budgeting;

(b) How the programs are performing currently and how service would be affected at different funding levels using performance measures; and

(c) What decision-making tools aid with the budgeting and oversight of these programs, such as tools developed during the maintenance accountability program (MAP) conducted by the legislative transportation committee during the 1995-97 biennium.

(2) In consultation with other legislative committees, the legislative transportation committee shall study ways to enhance budget development tools and presentation documents that will better illustrate agencies' full appropriation authority and the intended outcomes of the appropriation.

(3) The legislative transportation committee shall conduct an evaluation of services provided by the county road administration board, the transportation improvement board and the TransAid division within the department of transportation. The evaluation shall assess whether consolidation of any of these activities will result in efficiencies and improved service delivery. The evaluation shall also assess the funding structure of these organizations to determine whether there are any benefits gained from a more simplified structure. The evaluation shall also assess other funding authorities to see if there is potential for further expansion of these revenues. The committee shall report its findings and
recommendations to the 1998 legislature and, if needed, prepare legislation to implement those recommendations. $150,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation is provided for this evaluation.

(4) $250,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided solely for an assessment of the licensing application migration project (LAMP). The assessment shall include but not be limited to the following: (a) Validity of the project based on circumstances when the project was created versus those that exist at the time of the assessment; (b) whether or not the project is achieving the results for which it was established; (c) alternatives for delivering the project; (d) identification of the costs or implications of not completing the project; and (e) recommendations for decreasing the amount of operating LAMP. A consultant may be hired to assist in the assessment.

(5) The legislative transportation committee, in cooperation with the house appropriations committee, the senate ways and means committee, and the office of financial management, shall study and report to the legislature its findings regarding the process and procedures for calculation, determination, and collection of the amounts of motor vehicle excise tax (MVET) collected on the sale or lease of motor vehicles in this state. The report shall include findings as to the base amount for calculation of MVET, the amortization schedule for calculation of MVET, and adequacy and efficiency of current systems to provide accurate and timely information to those responsible for determining and collecting the MVET due, including recommendations for determining the MVET due for current and future multiple MVET tax structures. The report must also include a status report as to the progress and feasibility of using third party information providers or using private vendors to collect the MVET. $200,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided for this evaluation including the use of a consultant.

(6) Up to $200,000 of the central Puget Sound public transportation account--state appropriation and up to $50,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation may be used by the legislative transportation committee to contract for a performance audit of selected public transportation systems to ascertain the relative effectiveness and efficiency of those systems, including their per vehicle hour cost structure. The committee may also utilize these funds to conduct an evaluation to address the future financial viability of municipal transit agencies which do not currently receive state support for transit from the motor vehicle excise tax.

(7) The legislative transportation committee shall review and analyze freight mobility issues affecting eastern and southeastern Washington as recommended by the freight mobility advisory committee and report back to the legislature by November 1, 1997. $500,000 of the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation is provided for this review and analysis.

(8) The legislative transportation committee shall, in accordance with government accounting standards prescribed by the comptroller general of the United States, conduct performance audits of the department of transportation, focusing on its responsibilities for the highway and ferry systems; the department of licensing, focusing on the processes for motor vehicle and driver licensing functions; and the Washington state patrol, concentrating on law enforcement operations, communications systems, and technology requirements. The performance audits shall be an objective and systematic assessment of the programs administered by the department, including each program’s effectiveness, efficiency, and accountability. Under the provisions of chapter 39.29 RCW, the legislative transportation committee shall use a firm or firms to conduct the audits.

(9) The committee shall consult frontline employees, program managers, customers of the programs and agency services, taxpayers, legislators, legislative staff, the joint legislative audit and review committee, state auditor, office of financial management staff, and other external public and private sector experts in conducting the performance audit. On behalf of the committee, the independent evaluator shall be provided direct and unrestricted access to information held by the agencies, which shall submit all data and other information requested by the committee.

(10) The performance audit shall identify those activities and programs that should be strengthened, those that should be abandoned, and those that need to be redirected or other alternatives explored. In conducting the audit, the following objectives shall be addressed as appropriate:

(a) Identify each of the discrete functions or activities, along with associated costs and full-time equivalent staff;

(b) Determine the extent to which the particular activity or function is specifically authorized in statute or is consistent with statutory direction and intent;

(c) Establish the relative priority of the program among the agency’s functions;
(d) Consider whether or not the purpose for which the program was created is still valid based on the circumstances under which the program was created versus those that exist at the time of the audit;

(e) Recommend organizations or programs in the public or private sector to be used as benchmarks against which to measure the performance of the program or function;

(f) Determine whether or not the program or function is achieving the results for which it was established;

(g) Identify alternatives for delivering the program or service, either in the public or private sector;

(h) Identify any duplication of services with other government programs or private enterprises or gaps in services;

(i) Identify the costs or implications of not performing the function;

(j) Determine the frequency with which other states perform similar functions, as well as their relative funding levels and performance;

(k) In the event of inadequate performance by the program, identify the potential for a workable, affordable plan to improve performance;

(l) Identify, to the extent possible, the causes of any program's failure to achieve the desired results and identify alternatives for reducing costs or improving service delivery, including transferring functions to other public or private sector organizations; and

(m) Develop recommendations relating to statutes that inhibit or do not contribute to the agency's ability to perform its functions effectively and efficiently and whether specific statutes, activities, or programs should be continued, abandoned, or restructured.

(11) In conducting the performance audit of the Washington state ferries' capital program, the committee shall evaluate and make recommendations on the following elements:

(a) Washington state ferries' compliance with the recommendations of the 1991 Booz. Allen and Hamilton vessel construction and refurbishment study;

(b) Vessel procurement procedures that maximize cost effective preservation, maintenance, and new construction of Washington state ferries;

(c) The appropriate level of Washington state ferries' in-house design and construction, design or construction functions that could be performed by private engineering firms and shipyards, and procedures to appropriately share the risk of project performance between the state and private shipyards in the implementation of contractual work;

(d) Washington state ferries' long-range plan recommendations for terminal and vessel investments, with particular focus on the appropriate investments to meet forecasted vehicle and passenger travel demands, emergent vessel capacity and existing fleet preservation needs, needed route structures, and related terminal capacity; and

(e) Other elements or issues as directed by the advisory committee.

(12) In conducting the performance audit of the Washington state ferries' operating program, the committee shall evaluate and make recommendations on the following elements:

(a) The administration and organizational structure of the Washington state ferries, with specific focus on the appropriate level of management staffing, and clerical and support functions necessary for terminal and vessel activities;

(b) The efficiency of current staging, loading, and traffic management procedures;

(c) The appropriate service level and related vessel deployment for existing and planned routes;

(d) Appropriate procedures for vessel operational support; including, but not limited to, fueling, water, sewage, and hazardous materials management procedures;

(e) Internal controls of revenue collections and inventory;

(f) Review of emergency management procedures;

(g) The feasibility of converting international route service to local government and/or private sector operation;

(h) Radio and electronic vessel communications and electronic tracking systems;

(i) Contractual agreements for agent services;

(j) Terminal utility cost increases;

(k) Internal control procedures to ensure the accuracy of payroll;

(l) Strategies for maintenance support of vessels and terminals, including an assessment of Eagle Harbor operations;
(m) Fleet and terminal equipment processes to enhance operational support and cost effective purchases;
(n) Essential training and human resources requirements, including training needed to comply with regulatory agency mandates;
(o) Appropriate levels of support necessary for the consistent operation of supporting data processing systems;
(p) System-wide charges for software licensing and policy for purchasing, or upgrading computer workstations; and
(q) Other elements or issues as directed by the committee.
(13) Unless the committee determines otherwise, the preliminary and final audit reports for the Washington state ferries shall be completed by October 1, 1997, and January 1, 1998, respectively. Unless the committee determines otherwise, the preliminary and final audit reports for other programs administered by the department of transportation, the department of licensing and the Washington state patrol shall be completed by August 1, 1998, and November 1, 1998, respectively.
(14)(a) The legislative transportation committee shall create a temporary advisory committee to assist the committee in conducting this performance audit. The advisory committee shall assist the committee in the following matters:
   (i) Identifying stakeholders;
   (ii) Developing the audit scope and objectives;
   (iii) Reviewing progress reports provided by the legislative transportation committee;
   (iv) Reviewing preliminary and final audit reports;
   (v) Facilitating communication of audit findings to other members of the legislature.
(b) The advisory committee shall be comprised of representatives of the joint legislative audit and review committee, the legislative transportation committee, and other stakeholders as determined by the legislative transportation committee.
(c) The advisory committee shall be chaired by the chair of the legislative transportation committee or his or her designee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 206. FOR THE MARINE EMPLOYEES COMMISSION
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account--State Appropriation $ 354,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 207. FOR THE TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 804,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The transportation commission shall report to the legislative transportation committee following adoption of the highway, rail, capital facilities, and ferry capital construction programs, and provide status reports to the committee throughout the biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL--FIELD OPERATIONS BUREAU
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account--State Appropriation $ 159,006,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account--Federal Appropriation $ 4,374,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account--Local Appropriation $ 170,000
   TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 163,550,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:
(1) The Washington state patrol is authorized to use the federal community oriented policing program (COPS) for 54 troopers with 18 COPS troopers to begin in July 1998 and 36 COPS troopers to begin in January 1999.
(2) The Washington state patrol is authorized an additional 18 COPS troopers, for attrition purposes, in the 1997-99 biennium if approved for federal matching funds.
(3) The Washington state patrol is authorized 8 additional investigator positions to begin in July 1997.
(4) The Washington state patrol will develop a vehicle replacement plan for the next six years. The plan will include an analysis of the current 100,000 miles replacement policy and agency
assignment policy. Projected future budget requirements will include forecasts of vehicle replacement costs, vehicle equipment costs, and estimated surplus vehicle values when sold at auction.

(5) The Washington state patrol vessel and terminal security (VATS) program will be funded by the state patrol highway fund beginning July 1, 1997, and into future biennia.

(6) A personnel data base will be maintained of the 789 commissioned traffic law enforcement officers, with a reconciliation at all times to the patrol allocation model and a vehicle assignment and replacement plan.

(7) $150,000 of the state patrol highway account appropriation is to fund the Washington state patrol’s portion of the drug recognition expert training program formally funded by the traffic safety commission.

(8)(a) The Washington state patrol, in consultation with the Washington traffic safety commission, shall conduct an analysis of the most effective safety devices for preventing accidents while delivery trucks are operating in reverse gear. The analysis shall focus on trucks equipped with cube-style, walk-in cargo boxes, up to eighteen feet long, that are most commonly used in the commercial delivery of goods and services.

(b) The state patrol shall incorporate research and analysis currently being conducted by the national highway traffic safety administration.

(c) Upon completion of the analysis, the state patrol shall forward its recommendations to the legislative transportation committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL--SUPPORT SERVICES BUREAU

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account--State Appropriation $ 54,961,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account--Federal Appropriation $ 104,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 55,065,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) $1,017,000 for the state patrol highway account--state appropriation is provided solely for year 2000 conversions of transportation automated systems. For purposes of this subsection, transportation automated systems does not include WASIS and WACIS.

(2) These appropriations maintain current level funding for the Washington state patrol service center and have no budget savings included for a consolidation of service centers based on the study conducted by the technology management group. During the 1997 interim, the costs for current level will be reviewed by the office of financial management and department of information services with a formal data center recommendation, that has been approved by the information services board, to the legislature in January 1998. Current level funding will be split between fiscal year 1998 and fiscal year 1999 with consideration of funding adjustments based on the review and the formal policy and budget recommendations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Highway Safety Fund--Motorcycle Safety Education Account--State Appropriation $ 77,000
State Wildlife Account--State Appropriation $ 57,000
Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $ 5,538,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 4,501,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 900,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 11,073,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The agency is directed to develop a proposal for implementing alternative approaches to delivering agency services to the public. The alternative approaches may include the use of credit card payment for telephone or use of the internet for renewals of vehicle registrations. The proposal shall also include collocated services for greater convenience to the public. The agency shall submit a copy of the proposal to the legislative transportation committee and to the office of financial management no later than December 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 211. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--INFORMATION SYSTEMS
Highway Safety Fund--Motorcycle Safety Education Account--State Appropriation $ 2,000  
General Fund--Wildlife Account--State Appropriation $ 123,000  
Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $ 10,082,000  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 8,053,000  
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 1,190,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 19,450,000  
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:  
(1) $11,172,000, of which $2,988,000 is from the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation and $8,184,000 is from the highway safety fund--state appropriation, is provided for the licensing application migration project (LAMP) system for fiscal year 1998 only.  
(2) The licensing application migration project (LAMP) quality assurance consultant shall provide the LAMP steering committee with bimonthly reports on the status of the LAMP project. The bimonthly reports must be on alternate months from the bimonthly reports provided by the department of information services. The reports required in this subsection shall be delivered to the senate and house of representatives transportation committee chairs.  
Moneys are not provided in this act for the inclusion of general fund activities in the LAMP project.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 212. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--VEHICLE SERVICES  
General Fund--Marine Fuel Tax Refund Account--State Appropriation $ 26,000  
General Fund--Wildlife Account--State Appropriation $ 549,000  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 50,003,000  
Department of Licensing Services Account--State Appropriation $ 2,944,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 53,522,000  
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: $600,000 of the licensing service account--state appropriation is provided for replacement of printers for county auditors and subagents.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 213. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--DRIVER SERVICES  
Highway Safety Fund--Motorcycle Safety Education Account--State Appropriation $ 1,160,000  
Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $ 61,087,000  
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 4,985,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 67,232,000  
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:  
(1) If Substitute House Bill No. 1501 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, $2,503,000 of the highway safety fund--state appropriation shall lapse.  
(2) The department of licensing, in cooperation with the fuel tax advisory committee, shall prepare and submit a report to the legislative transportation committee containing recommendations for special fuel and motor vehicle fuel recordkeeping and reporting requirements, including but not limited to recommendations regarding the form and manner in which records and tax reports must be maintained and made available to the department; which persons engaged in the business of selling, purchasing, distributing, storing, transporting, or delivering fuel should be required to submit periodic reports regarding the disposition of such fuel; and the feasibility of implementing an automated fuel tracking system. The report is due no later than October 31, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 214. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--HIGHWAY MANAGEMENT AND FACILITIES--PROGRAM D--OPERATING  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 24,703,000  
Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 400,000  
Motor Vehicle Fund--Transportation Capital Facilities Account--State Appropriation $ 22,544,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 47,647,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 215. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--
AVIATION--PROGRAM F

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<tr>
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<td>Aircraft Search and Rescue, Safety, and</td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 216. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--
IMPROVEMENTS--PROGRAM I

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<td>Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
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<td>Motor Vehicle Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
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<td>Transportation Fund--State Appropriation</td>
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<td>Puyallup Tribal Settlement Account</td>
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<td>High Capacity Transportation Account</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
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</table>

The appropriations in this section are provided for the location, design, right of way acquisition, and construction of state highway projects designated as improvements under RCW 47.05.030. The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

1. The special category C account--state appropriation of $78,600,000 includes $26,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by RCW 47.10.812 through 47.10.817 and includes $19,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by House Bill No. 1012. The transportation commission may authorize the use of current revenues available to the department of transportation in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation. If House Bill No. 1012 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, $19,000,000 of the special category C account--state appropriation shall lapse.

2. The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $2,685,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by RCW 47.10.819(1) for match on federal demonstration projects. The transportation commission may authorize the use of current revenues available to the department of transportation in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation.

3. The department shall report annually to the legislative transportation committee on the status of the projects funded by the special category C appropriations contained in this section. The report shall be submitted by January 1 of each year.

4. The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation in this section includes $600,000 solely for a rest area and information facility in the Nisqually gateway area to Mt. Rainier, provided that at least forty percent of the total project costs are provided from federal, local, or private sources. The contributions from the nonstate sources may be in the form of in-kind contributions including, but not limited to, donations of property and services.

5. The appropriations in this section contain $118,247,000 reappropriation from the 1995-97 biennium.

6. No moneys are provided for the Washington coastal corridor study.

7(a) The project called "SR 520 Corridor Alternative Analysis" in Program I shall be hereafter called the "Trans-Lake Washington Study."

(b) The department of transportation shall conduct a comprehensive study examining alternative transportation options for east-west traffic in King county addressing mobility, mitigation, preservation, and access. Such study shall include but not be limited to: Transportation flows east and west across Lake Washington on SR 520 and I-90, as well as north around Lake Washington; alternatives for enhancing traffic flow for those currently using SR 520 from the eastern side of Lake Washington through to the terminus of SR 520 in Redmond; integration of such alternatives with I-5 and I-405; long-term maintenance and safety needs for the Evergreen Point Floating Bridge; and consideration of all modes of transportation, including transit and transportation demand management. Comprehensive mitigation of existing and future impacts shall be an integral and inseparable part of any alternatives studied. The study shall be conducted with extensive citizen, local jurisdiction, community, and user...
stakeholder involvement in both scoping and in development of alternatives. The goal of the study shall be to develop a set of reasonable and feasible solutions.

(c) By November 1997, the department shall submit a study schedule to the legislative transportation committee setting forth major milestones, and the process developed for scoping and conducting the study, which process shall be developed with the affected stakeholders. The study shall be completed by December 1998.

(d) The motor vehicle fund appropriation includes $1,250,000 to carry out the provisions of this subsection. It is the intent of the legislature that funding for the Trans-Lake Washington study be redirected from other SR 520 projects.

(8) $150,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation is provided for the state share of conducting a six point access corridor analysis required by the federal highway administration before improvements to the NE 44th Street interchange on SR 405 can be implemented.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 217. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSPORTATION ECONOMIC PARTNERSHIPS--PROGRAM K

Transportation Fund--State Appropriation  $ 1,280,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 16,235,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 17,515,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $16,235,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.834 for all forms of cash contributions, or the payment of other costs incident to the location, development, design, right of way, and construction of only the SR 16 corridor improvements and park and ride projects selected under the public-private transportation initiative program authorized under chapter 47.46 RCW; and support costs of the public-private transportation initiatives program.

(2) The appropriations in this section contain $16,235,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 218. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE--PROGRAM M

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 225,274,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 461,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 3,305,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 229,040,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) If portions of the appropriations in this section are required to fund maintenance work resulting from major disasters not covered by federal emergency funds such as fire, flooding, and major slides, supplemental appropriations will be requested to restore state funding for ongoing maintenance activities.

(2) The department shall deliver the highway maintenance program according to the plans for each major maintenance group to the extent practical. However, snow and ice expenditures are highly variable depending on actual weather conditions encountered. If extraordinary winter needs result in increased winter maintenance expenditures, the department shall, after prior consultation with the transportation commission, the office of financial management, and the legislative transportation committee adopt one or both of the following courses of action: (a) Reduce planned maintenance activities in other groups to offset the necessary increases for snow and ice control; or (b) continue delivery as planned within other major maintenance groups and request a supplemental appropriation in the following legislative session to fund the additional snow and ice control expenditures.

(3) The department shall request an unanticipated receipt for any federal moneys received for emergency snow and ice removal and shall place an equal amount of the motor vehicle fund--state into unallotted status. This exchange shall not affect the amount of funding available for snow and ice removal.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 219. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--PRESERVATION--PROGRAM P
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

1. The motor vehicle fund state appropriation includes $6,800,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.761 and 47.10.762 for emergency purposes. However, the transportation commission may authorize the use of current revenues available to the department of transportation in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation.

2. The appropriations in this section contain $27,552,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

NEW SECTION Sec. 220. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRAFFIC OPERATIONS--PROGRAM Q

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 22,388,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The department, in cooperation with the Washington state patrol and the tow truck industry, shall develop and submit to the legislative transportation committee by October 31, 1997, a recommendation for implementing new tow truck services during peak hours on the Puget Sound freeway system.

NEW SECTION Sec. 221. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--SALES AND SERVICES TO OTHERS--PROGRAM R

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 299,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 400,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 12,433,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 13,132,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

1. It is the intent of the legislature to continue the state's partnership with the federal government, local government, and the private sector in transportation construction and operations in the most cost-effective manner.

2. If Substitute House Bill No. 1010 is enacted by June 30, 1997, all of the appropriations in this section shall lapse.

NEW SECTION Sec. 222. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT--PROGRAM S

Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Acct--State Appropriation $ 777,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 57,046,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Ferry Operations Acct--State Appropriation $ 1,093,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 1,158,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 60,074,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

1. The motor vehicle fund state appropriation includes $2,650,000 solely for programming activities to bring the department’s information systems into compliance with the year 2000 requirements of the department of information services. The department is directed to expend the moneys internally reallocated for this purpose before spending from this appropriation. The department is directed to provide quarterly reports on this effort to the legislative transportation committee and the office of financial management beginning October 1, 1997.

2. It is the intent of the legislature that the department of transportation may implement a voluntary retirement incentive program that is cost neutral provided that such program is approved by the director of financial management.

NEW SECTION Sec. 223. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSPORTATION PLANNING, DATA, AND RESEARCH--PROGRAM T
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 15,316,000  
Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 15,966,000  
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation  $ 1,384,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 32,666,000  

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) Up to $2,400,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation is provided for regional transportation planning organizations, with allocations for participating counties maintained at the 1995-1997 biennium levels for those counties not having metropolitan planning organizations within their boundaries.

(2) If Substitute House Bill No. 1010 is enacted by June 30, 1997, $5,500,000 of the motor vehicle fund federal appropriation shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 224. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--CHARGES FROM OTHER AGENCIES--PROGRAM U

(1) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL TORT CLAIMS SUPPORT  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 2,515,000  

(2) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 840,000  

(3) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION FACILITIES AND SERVICES AND CONSOLIDATED MAIL SERVICES  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 3,391,000  

(4) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 2,240,000  

(5) FOR PAYMENT OF SELF-INSURANCE LIABILITY PREMIUMS AND ADMINISTRATION  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 12,120,000  

(6) FOR PAYMENT OF SELF-INSURANCE LIABILITY PREMIUMS AND ADMINISTRATION  
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account—State Appropriation  $ 2,928,000  

(7) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE OFFICE OF MINORITY AND WOMEN’S BUSINESS ENTERPRISES  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 536,000  

(8) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION STATE PARKING SERVICES  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 90,000  

(9) FOR PAYMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION CAPITAL PROJECTS SURCHARGE  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 735,000  

(10) FOR ARCHIVES AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT  
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 295,000  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 225. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--WASHINGTON STATE FERRIES CONSTRUCTION--PROGRAM W

Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Acct--State Approp  $ 243,229,000  
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Acct--Federal Approp  $ 30,165,000  
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Const Acct--Private/Local Approp  $ 765,000  
Transportation Fund--Passenger Ferry Account--State Appropriation  $ 579,000  
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 274,738,000  

The appropriations in this section are provided for improving the Washington state ferry system, including, but not limited to, vessel acquisition, vessel construction, major and minor vessel improvements, and terminal construction and improvements. The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The appropriations in this section are provided to carry out only the projects (version 3) adjusted by the legislature for the 1997-99 budget. The department shall reconcile the 1995-97 capital
expenditures within ninety days of the end of the biennium and submit a final report to the legislative transportation committee and office of financial management.

(2) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes $100,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by RCW 47.60.800 for vessel and terminal acquisition, major and minor improvements, and long lead time materials acquisition for the Washington state ferries, including construction of new jumbo ferry vessels in accordance with the requirements of RCW 47.60.770 through 47.60.778. However, the department of transportation may use current revenues available to the Puget Sound capital construction account in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation.

(3) The department of transportation shall provide to the legislative transportation committee and office of financial management a quarterly financial report concerning the status of the capital program authorized in this section.

(4) Washington state ferries is authorized to reimburse up to $3,000,000 from the Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation to the city of Bremerton and the port of Bremerton for Washington state ferries' financial participation in the development of a Bremerton multimodal transportation terminal, port of Bremerton passenger-only terminal expansion, and ferry vehicular connections to downtown traffic circulation improvements. The reimbursement shall specifically support the construction of the following components: Appropriate passenger-only ferry terminal linkages to accommodate bow-loading catamaran type vessels and the needed transit connections; and the Washington state ferries' component of the Bremerton multimodal transportation terminal as part of the downtown Bremerton redevelopment project, including appropriate access to the new downtown traffic circulation road network.

(5) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes funding for capital improvements for only one vessel to meet United States Coast Guard Subchapter W regulation revisions impacting SOLAS (safety of life at sea) requirements for ferry operations on the Anacortes to Sidney, B.C. ferry route.

(6) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation and the passenger ferry account--state appropriation include funding for the construction of one new passenger-only vessel and the department's exercise of the option to build a second passenger-only vessel.

(7) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes funding for the exploration and acquisition of a design for constructing a millennium class ferry vessel.

(8) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes $90,000 for the purchase of defibrillators. At least one defibrillator shall be placed on each vessel in the ferry fleet.

(9) The appropriations in this section contain $46,962,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

(10) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes $57,461,000 for the 1997-99 biennium portion of the design and construction of a fourth Jumbo Mark II ferry and for payments related to the lease-purchase of the vessel's engines and propulsion system. This appropriation is subject to the following conditions and limitations. If House Bill No. 2108 authorizing the department to procure the vessel utilizing existing construction and equipment acquisition contracts is not enacted during the 1997 legislative session, this provision is null and void. $50,000,000 of the motor vehicle fund--Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation shall not be allotted. $7,461,000 may be allotted for preservation or renovation of Super class ferries.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 226. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--MARINE--PROGRAM X

Marine Operating Fund--State Appropriation $ 256,785,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The appropriation is based on the budgeted expenditure of $27,368,000 for vessel operating fuel in the 1997-99 biennium. If the actual cost of fuel is less than this budgeted amount, the excess amount may not be expended. If the actual cost exceeds this amount, the department shall request a supplemental appropriation.

(2) The appropriation provides for the compensation of ferry employees. The expenditures for compensation paid to ferry employees during the 1997-99 biennium may not exceed $171,590,000 plus a dollar amount, as prescribed by the office of financial management, that is equal to any insurance benefit increase granted general government employees in excess of $313.95 a month annualized per
eligible marine employee multiplied by the number of eligible marine employees for the respective fiscal year, a dollar amount as prescribed by the office of financial management for costs associated with pension amortization charges, and a dollar amount prescribed by the office of financial management for salary increases during the 1997-99 biennium. For the purposes of this section, the expenditures for compensation paid to ferry employees shall be limited to salaries and wages and employee benefits as defined in the office of financial management’s policies, regulations, and procedures named under objects of expenditure “A” and “B” (7.2.6.2).

The prescribed salary and insurance benefit increase or decrease dollar amount that shall be allocated from the governor’s compensation appropriations is in addition to the appropriation contained in this section and may be used to increase or decrease compensation costs, effective July 1, 1997, and thereafter, as established in the 1997-99 general fund operating budget.

(3) The department of transportation shall provide to the legislative transportation committee and office of financial management a quarterly financial report concerning the status of the operating program authorized in this section.

(4) The appropriation in this section includes up to $1,566,000 for additional operating expenses required to comply with United States Coast Guard Subchapter W regulation revisions for one vessel operating on the Anacortes to Sidney, B.C. ferry route. The department shall explore methods to minimize the cost of meeting United States Coast Guard requirements and shall report the results to the legislative transportation committee by September 1, 1997.

(5) No funds are provided for Washington state ferries' lease of the Anacortes ferry terminal. The department shall request a waiver of the cost associated with the use of the terminal leased from the Port of Anacortes and costs associated with use of the Sidney, British Columbia terminal.

(6) Agreements between Washington state ferries and concessionaires for automatic teller machines on ferry terminals or vessels shall provide for and include banks and credit unions that exclusively serve the west side of Puget Sound.

(7) In the event federal funding is provided for one or more passenger-only ferry vessels for the purpose of transporting United States naval personnel, the department of transportation is authorized to acquire and construct such vessels in accordance with the authority provided in RCW 47.56.030, and the department shall establish a temporary advisory committee comprised of representatives of the Washington state ferries, transportation commission, legislative transportation committee, office of financial management, and the United States Navy to analyze and make recommendations on, at a minimum, vessel performance criteria, docking, vessel deployment, and operating issues.

(8) Upon completion of the construction of the three Mark II Jumbo Class ferry vessels, two vessels shall be deployed for service on the Seattle-Bainbridge ferry route and one shall be deployed for service on the Edmonds-Kingston ferry route. Of the existing Jumbo Class ferry vessels, one shall be deployed for use on the Edmonds-Kingston route and the remaining vessel shall be used as a back-up boat for both the Seattle-Bainbridge and Edmonds-Kingston routes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 227. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION AND RAIL--PROGRAM Y

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<td>Essential Rail Assistance Account</td>
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<td>High Capacity Transportation Account</td>
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<td>Air Pollution Control Account</td>
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<td>Transportation Fund--State Appropriation</td>
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<td>Transportation Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
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<td>Central Puget Sound Public Transportation Account</td>
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<td>Public Transportation Systems Account</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
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The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) Up to $42,680,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided for intercity rail passenger service including up to $8,000,000 for lease purchase of two advanced technology train sets with total purchase costs not to exceed $20,000,000; up to $1,000,000 for one spare advanced technology train power-car and other spare parts, subsidies for operating costs not to exceed $12,000,000, to maintain service of two state contracted round trips between Seattle and Portland and
(2) Up to $500,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation and up to $1,000,000 of the public transportation systems account--state appropriation is provided for the rural mobility program administered by the department of transportation. Priority for grants provided from this account shall be given to projects and programs that can be accomplished in the 1997-99 biennium.

(3) Up to $600,000 of the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation is provided for rail freight coordination, technical assistance, and planning.

(4) The department shall provide biannual reports to the legislative transportation committee regarding the department’s rail freight program. The department shall also notify the committee for project expenditures from all fund sources. The department shall examine the ownership of grain cars and the potential for divestiture of those cars and other similar assets and report those findings to the committee prior to the 1998 legislative session.

(5) $500,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation and the entire central Puget Sound public transportation systems account--state appropriation are for the agency council on coordinated transportation established in chapter . . . (House Bill No. 2166 or similar legislation), Laws of 1997 and are in addition to any appropriation for the council contained in the omnibus operating budget for the 1997-99 biennium.

(6) If Substitute House Bill No. 1010 is enacted by June 30, 1997, $8,452,000 of the transportation fund--federal appropriation shall lapse.

(7) The appropriations in this section contain $4,599,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

(8) The high capacity transportation account--state appropriation includes $75,000 for the department to develop a strategy and to identify how the agency would expend additional moneys to enhance the commute trip reduction program. The report would include recommendations for grant programs for employers and jurisdictions to reduce SOV usage and to provide transit incentives to meet future commute trip reduction requirements. The report is due to the legislative transportation committee by January 1, 1998.

(9) In addition to the appropriations contained in this section, the office of financial management shall release the $2,000,000 transportation fund--state funds appropriated for the intercity rail passenger program in the 1995-97 biennium but held in reserve pursuant to section 502, chapter 165, Laws of 1996.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 228. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--LOCAL PROGRAMS--PROGRAM Z

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<td>High Capacity Transportation Account--State</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
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</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $1,785,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by RCW 47.10.819(1). The transportation commission may authorize the use of current revenues available to the department of transportation in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation.

(2) As a condition of receiving the full state subsidy in support of the Puget Island ferry, Wahkiakum county must, by December 31, 1997, increase ferry fares for passengers and vehicles by at least ten percent. If the fares are not increased to meet this requirement, the department, in determining the state subsidy after December 31, 1997, shall reduce the operating deficit by the amount that would have been generated if the ten percent fare increase had been implemented.

(3) If Substitute House Bill No. 1010 is enacted by June 30, 1997, $240,000,000 of the motor vehicle fund--federal appropriation and $5,000,000 of the motor vehicle fund--private/local appropriation shall lapse and $399,000 is appropriated from the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation to pay for operating and maintenance costs for the Wahkiakum county ferry.

(4) The appropriations in this section contain $1,750,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.
(5) Up to $500,000 of the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation is provided for implementation of the recommendations of the freight mobility advisory committee, and any legislation enacted resulting from those recommendations.

PART III
TRANSPORTATION AGENCIES CAPITAL FACILITIES
NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. (1) The state patrol, the department of licensing, and the department of transportation shall coordinate their activities when siting facilities. This coordination shall result in the collocation of driver and vehicle licensing, vehicle inspection service facilities, and other transportation services whenever possible.

The department of licensing, the department of transportation, and the state patrol shall explore alternative state services, such as vehicle emission testing, that would be feasible to collocate in these joint facilities. All services provided at these transportation service facilities shall be provided at cost to the participating agencies.

(2) The department of licensing may lease develop with option to purchase or lease purchase new customer service centers to be paid for from operating revenues. The Washington state patrol shall provide project management for the department of licensing. Alternatively, a financing contract may be entered into on behalf of the department of licensing in the amounts indicated plus financing expenses and reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW. The locations and amounts for projects covered under this section are as follows:

(a) A new customer service center in Vancouver for $3,709,900;
(b) A new customer service center in Thurston county for $4,641,200; and
(c) A new customer service center in Union Gap for $3,642,000.

(3) The Washington state patrol, department of licensing, and department of transportation shall provide monthly progress reports with the transportation executive information system on the capital facilities receiving an appropriation in this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL--CAPITAL PROJECTS
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account--State Appropriation $ 5,375,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) This appropriation is provided for the microwave migration, weigh station facilities identified in the budget notes, training academy HVAC system, and regular facilities maintenance.

(2) The Washington state patrol, based on an independent real estate appraisal, is authorized to purchase the Port Angeles detachment office for a maximum of $600,000 provided the appraisal is $600,000 or above in value. If the appraisal is less than $600,000, the Washington state patrol is authorized to purchase the building for the appraised value. Certificates of participation will be used for financing the cost of the building and related financing fees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--PROGRAM D (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION-ONLY PROJECTS)--CAPITAL
Motor Vehicle Fund--Transportation Capital Facilities Account--State Appropriation $ 7,998,000

(1) The department of transportation shall provide to the legislative transportation committee prior notice and the latest project information at least two weeks in advance of the bid process for transportation capital facilities projects going to bid in the 1997-99 biennium.

(2) Construction of the Mount Rainier storage facility shall not commence until the department has secured an operational lease that would allow the placement of the facility on United States forest service lands near the entrance to the Mather memorial parkway.

(3) The appropriations in this section contain $7,719,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

PART IV
TRANSFERS AND DISTRIBUTIONS
NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES:
FOR BOND SALES DISCOUNTS AND DEBT TO BE PAID BY MOTOR VEHICLE FUND AND TRANSPORTATION FUND REVENUE

Highway Bond Retirement Account Appropriation $ 195,062,000
Ferry Bond Retirement Account Appropriation $ 49,606,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 244,668,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES:

FOR BOND SALE EXPENSES AND FISCAL AGENT CHARGES

Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Acct Appropriation $ 500,000
Motor Vehicle Fund Appropriation $ 130,000
Transportation Improvement Account Appropriation $ 200,000
Special Category C Account Appropriation $ 350,000
Transportation Capital Facilities Account Appropriation $ 1,000
Urban Arterial Account Appropriation $ 5,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 1,186,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--STATE REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION

City Hardship Account Appropriation $ 200,000
Motor Vehicle Fund Appropriation for motor vehicle fuel tax & overload penalties distribution $ 475,267,000
Transportation Fund Appropriation $ 3,119,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 478,586,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS--TRANSFERS

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account:
For transfer to the department of retirement systems expense fund $ 117,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS. In addition to the amounts appropriated in this act for revenue for distribution, state contributions to the law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system, and bond retirement and interest including ongoing bond registration and transfer charges, transfers, interest on registered warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, there is also appropriated such further amounts as may be required or available for these purposes under any statutory formula or under any proper bond covenant made under law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 406. The department of transportation is authorized to undertake federal advance construction projects under the provisions of 23 U.S.C. Sec. 115 in order to maintain progress in meeting approved highway construction and preservation objectives. The legislature recognizes that the use of state funds may be required to temporarily fund expenditures of the federal appropriations for the highway construction and preservation programs for federal advance construction projects prior to conversion to federal funding.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 407. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--TRANSFERS

(1) R V Account--State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Motor Vehicle Fund--State $ 1,173,000
(2) Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Transportation Capital Facilities Account--State $ 47,569,000
(3) Small City Account--State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Urban Arterial Trust Account--State $ 3,359,000
(4) Small City Account--State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Transportation Improvement Account--State $ 7,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 408. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSFER

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation
For transfer to the Transportation Equipment Fund--State Appropriation $500,000

The appropriation transfer in this section is provided for the purchase of equipment for the highway maintenance program from the transportation equipment fund - operations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 409. The motor vehicle account revenues are received at a relatively even flow throughout the year. Expenditures may exceed the revenue during the accelerated summer and fall highway construction season, creating a negative cash balance during the heavy construction season. Negative cash balances also may result from the use of state funds to finance federal advance construction projects prior to conversion to federal funding. The governor and the legislature recognize that the department of transportation may require interfund loans or other short-term financing to meet temporary seasonal cash requirements and additional cash requirements to fund federal advance construction projects.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 410. In addition to such other appropriations as are made by this act, there is appropriated to the department of transportation from legally available bond proceeds in the respective transportation funds and accounts such amounts as are necessary to pay the expenses incurred by the state finance committee in the issuance and sale of the subject bonds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 411. EXPENDITURE AUTHORIZATIONS. The appropriations contained in this act are maximum expenditure authorizations. Pursuant to RCW 43.88.037, moneys disbursed from the treasury on the basis of a formal loan agreement shall be recorded as loans receivable and not as expenditures for accounting purposes. To the extent that moneys are disbursed on a loan basis, the corresponding appropriation shall be reduced by the amount of loan moneys disbursed from the treasury during the 1997-99 biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 412. FOR THE GOVERNOR--COMPENSATION--SALARY AND INSURANCE INCREASE REVOLVING ACCOUNT

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account Appropriation $4,829,000
Motor Vehicle Fund Appropriation $7,274,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $12,103,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1)(a) Commissioned officers, commercial vehicle enforcement officers, and communication officers of the state patrol shall receive a six percent salary increase on July 1, 1997.
(b) Commissioned officers, commercial vehicle enforcement officers, and communication officers of the state patrol shall receive an additional six percent salary increase on July 1, 1998.
(2) The salary increases provided for in subsection (1) of this section supersede any salary increases provided for in the omnibus operating budget, for commissioned officers, commercial vehicle enforcement officers, and communication officers of the state patrol. The appropriation in this section is not in addition to the salary increases provided for in the omnibus operating budget; therefore, the appropriations for the state patrol highway account in this section shall be reduced by any amount provided for commissioned officers, commercial vehicle enforcement officers, and communication officers of the state patrol in the omnibus operating budget.
(3) The salary increases in subsection (1) of this section do not apply to the commissioned positions of chief, assistant chief, or commanders. The salaries for these positions are set by the personnel board or chief of the Washington state patrol.
(4) The additional pay increase, above the increase provided for in the omnibus operating budget, is contingent upon funding by the general fund for general fund activities paid for by transportation funds in the 1993-95 and 1995-97 biennia.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 413. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSFERS

Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account--State Appropriation: For transfer to the Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Const Acct $50,000,000

This transfer is intended to be an interfund loan between the two accounts with the obligation of repayment in future biennia. This appropriation is subject to the following conditions and limitations: If funds are not appropriated for a fourth Jumbo Mark II ferry or House Bill No. 2108,
authorizing the department to procure the vessel utilizing existing construction and equipment acquisition contracts, is not enacted during the 1997 legislative session, this section is null and void.

PART V
MISCELLANEOUS
A. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

NEW SECTION, Sec. 501. To maximize the use of transportation revenues, it is the intent of the legislature to encourage sharing of technology, information, and systems where appropriate between transportation agencies.

To facilitate this exchange, the Washington state department of transportation assistant secretary for finance and budget management; Washington state department of transportation chief for management information systems; the Washington state patrol deputy chief, inter-governmental services bureau; Washington state patrol manager of the computer services division; the department of licensing deputy director and department of licensing assistant director for information systems will meet quarterly to share plans, discuss progress of key projects, and to coordinate activities for the common good. Minutes of these meetings will be distributed to the respective agency heads, the office of financial management and the legislative transportation committee. Washington state department of transportation will provide staff support and meeting coordination.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 502. Agencies shall comply with the following requirements regarding information systems projects when specifically directed to do so by this act.

(1) The agency shall produce a feasibility study for each information systems project in accordance with published department of information services instructions. In addition to department of information services requirements, the study shall examine and evaluate the costs and benefits of maintaining the status quo and the costs and benefits of the proposed project. The study shall identify when and in what amount any fiscal savings will accrue, and what programs or fund sources will be affected.

(2) The agency shall produce a project management plan for each project. The plan or plans shall address all factors critical to successful completion of each project. The plan shall include, but is not limited to, the following elements: A description of the business problem or opportunity that the information systems project is intended to address; a statement of project objectives and assumptions; definition of phases, tasks, and activities to be accomplished and the estimated cost of each phase; a description of how the agency will facilitate responsibilities of oversight agencies; a description of key decision points in the project life cycle; a description of variance control measures; a definitive schedule that shows the elapsed time estimated to complete the project and when each task is to be started and completed; and a description of resource requirements to accomplish the activities within specified time, cost, and functionality constraints.

(3) A copy of each feasibility study and project management plan shall be provided to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative transportation committee. Authority to expend any funds for individual information systems projects is conditioned on approval of the relevant feasibility study and project management plan by the department of information services and the office of financial management.

(4) A bimonthly project status report shall be submitted to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative transportation committee. Project status reports include: Project name, agency undertaking the project, a description of the project, key project activities or accomplishments during the next sixty to ninety days, baseline cost data, costs to date, baseline schedule, schedule to date, risk assessments, risk management, any deviations from the project feasibility study, and recommendations.

Work shall not commence on any task in a subsequent phase of a project until the status report for the preceding key decision point has been approved by the department of information services and the office of financial management.

(5) If a project review is requested in accordance with department of information services policies, the reviews shall examine and evaluate: System requirements specifications; scope; system architecture; change controls; documentation; user involvement; training; availability and capability of resources; programming languages and techniques; system inputs and outputs; plans for testing,
conversion, implementation, and post-implementation; and other aspects critical to successful
construction, integration, and implementation of automated systems. Copies of project review written
reports shall be forwarded to the office of financial management and appropriate legislative committees
by the agency.

(6) A written post-implementation review report shall be prepared by the agency for each
information systems project in accordance with published department of information services
instructions. In addition to the information requested pursuant to the department of information services
instructions, the post-implementation report shall evaluate the degree to which a project accomplished
its major objectives including, but not limited to, a comparison of original cost and benefit estimates to
actual costs and benefits achieved. Copies of the post-implementation review report shall be provided
to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative
transportation committee.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 503. Any new automation projects must be reviewed and approved by
the department of information services and then by the office of financial management prior to
transportation funding being approved. If changes in an automation project are made or recommended
by the office of financial management, including appropriation amounts, then the department of
information services must review and approve the changes prior to transportation funding being
approved.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 504. Appropriations for the year 2000 conversions for transportation
agencies will be used solely for modifications of information systems that have been approved and
recommended by the department of information services. A progress report will be presented to the
legislature by the department of information services in January 1998, with completion of the year
2000 conversion by January 31, 1999. Any savings realized from the conversion process will revert on
June 30, 1999, back to the respective funds from which funding was appropriated.

B. EMERGENCY RELIEF

NEW SECTION, Sec. 505. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--
EMERGENCY RELIEF

Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation $3,000,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: This
appropriation is to be placed in reserve status for emergency relief in the event of a disaster where
federal emergency relief funds have become available. The transportation commission in consultation
with the legislative transportation committee may request the office of financial management to transfer
the appropriation authority from reserve to active status.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 506. The appropriations contained in sections 203 and 204 of this act
include funding to assist cities and counties in providing match for federal emergency funding for
winter storm and flood damage as determined by the county road administration board and the
transportation improvement board. The county road administration board and the transportation
improvement board will report to the legislative transportation committee and the office of financial
management by September 30 of each year on the projects selected to receive match funding.

C. BUDGET SUBMITTAL AND OVERSIGHT PROVISIONS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 507. Any agency requesting transportation funding must submit to the
legislative transportation committees the same request and supporting documents presented to the office
of financial management at agency budget submittal time.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 508. In addition to information required under section 607 of this act,
agencies shall include their strategic plans and an explanation of how the budget submittals and the
investment choices and recommended associated service levels are linked to the strategic plan.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 509. Transportation agencies are required to provide fund balances and financial, workload, and performance measurement data in the transportation executive information system on a schedule agreed to by the legislative transportation committee.


D. BILLS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THIS ACT

NEW SECTION, Sec. 511. The following bills are necessary to implement portions of this act: Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1101, Substitute House Bill No. 1427, House Bill No. 1487, House Bill No. 1786, House Bill No. 2166, House Bill No. 2180, House Bill No. 2237, House Bill No. 2108 or Senate Bill No. 5955, House Bill No. 1501, and House Bill No. 1513.

E. MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 512. If Substitute House Bill No. 2237 is not enacted, or is enacted without a provision allowing the department to obtain fair and reasonable compensation, by June 30, 1997, the appropriations to the department of transportation in this act may only be used by the department to grant rights of occupancy to a telecommunications carrier only to the extent authorized by existing law, including but not limited to chapters 47.12, 47.44, and 47.52 RCW. However, the authority of the department to install telecommunications facilities solely for public transportation purposes is not limited.

Sec. 513. RCW 47.78.010 and 1991 sp.s. c 13 ss 66, 121 are each amended to read as follows: There is hereby established in the state treasury the high capacity transportation account. Money in the account shall be used, after appropriation, for local high capacity transportation purposes including rail freight, activities associated with freight mobility, and commute trip reduction activities.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 514. Section 513 of this act expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 515. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--RESERVE STATUS

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 71,000,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 4,000,000
TOTAL Appropriation $ 75,000,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and the entire amount is provided solely for placement in reserve status: The entire amount is to be placed in reserve status for potential funding of transportation program services following the performance audits to be performed on the department of transportation, department of licensing, and the Washington state patrol. In addition, any transfers from the general fund to any transportation account shall also be placed in reserve status.

PART VI

LEGISLATIVE DECLARATIONS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 601. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 602. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Correct the title.
Representative K. Schmidt moved the adoption of the following amendment (645) to the striking amendment (649):

On page 13, line 1 of the amendment, after "activity:" insert "(1)"

On page 13, after line 4 of the amendment, insert the following:
"(2) The commission is directed to continue efforts to identify cost savings and efficiencies for the department of transportation. These efficiencies may include contracting out or privatizing of appropriate services."

Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher and Robertson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Conway spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

Representative K. Schmidt moved the adoption of the following amendment (645) to the striking amendment (649):

On page 20, after line 11 of the amendment, insert the following:
"(9) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation in this section includes $150,000 to establish a wetland mitigation pilot project. This appropriation may only be expended if the department of transportation establishes a technical committee to better implement the department’s strategic plan. The technical committee shall include, but is not limited to, cities, counties, environmental groups, business groups, tribes, the Puget Sound action team, and the state departments of ecology, fish and wildlife, and community, trade, and economic development, and appropriate federal agencies. The committee shall assist the department in implementing its wetland strategic plan, including working to eliminate barriers to improved wetland and watershed management. To this end, the technical committee shall: (a) Work to facilitate sharing of agency environmental data, including evaluation of off-site and out-of-kind mitigation options; (b) develop agreed-upon guidance that will enable the preservation of wetlands that are under imminent threat from development for use as an acceptable mitigation option; (c) develop strategies that will facilitate the implementation of mitigation banking, including developing mechanisms for valuing and transferring credits; (d) provide input in the development of wetland functions assessment protocols related to transportation projects; (e) develop incentives for interagency participation in joint mitigation projects within watersheds; and (f) explore options for funding environmental mitigation strategies. The department shall prepare an annual report to the legislative transportation committee and legislative natural resources committees on recommendations developed by the technical committee."

Representative K. Schmidt spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Bush moved the adoption of the following amendment (630) to the amendment (649) by Representative K. Schmidt:

On page 30, after line 32 of the amendment, insert the following:
"(10) Up to $50,000 from the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation is provided for reestablishing the southern service area boundary of the central Puget Sound regional transit authority in Pierce county by September 1, 1997, as stated below:
(a) In the area west of Interstate 5, east of Puget Sound and south of the city of Steilacoom, all federal land and the city of Dupont shall be removed from the central Puget Sound regional transit authority area boundary.
(b) In the area east of Interstate 5 and south of 112th Street East, all area currently within the central Puget Sound regional transit authority shall be removed from the authority area boundary."
All persons residing within the service area removed from the boundaries of the regional transit authority who have paid the motor vehicle excise tax levied by the regional transit authority as authorized by RCW 81.104.160 shall be issued a refund.

On page 44, after line 11 of the amendment, insert the following:

"Sec. 516. RCW 81.112.050 and 1992 c 101 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) At the time of formation, the area to be included within the boundary of the authority shall be that area set forth in the system plan adopted by the joint regional policy committee. Prior to submitting the system and financing plan to the voters, the authority may make adjustments to the boundaries as deemed appropriate but must assure that, to the extent possible, the boundaries: (a) Include the largest-population urban growth area designated by each county under chapter 36.70A RCW; and (b) follow election precinct boundaries. If a portion of any city is determined to be within the service area, the entire city must be included within the boundaries of the authority.

(2) After voters within the authority boundaries have approved the system and financing plan, elections to add areas contiguous to the authority boundaries may be called by resolution of the regional transit authority, after consultation with affected transit agencies and with the concurrence of the legislative authority of the city or town if the area is incorporated, or with the concurrence of the county legislative authority if the area is unincorporated. Only those areas that would benefit from the services provided by the authority may be included and services or projects proposed for the area must be consistent with the regional transportation plan. The election may include a single ballot proposition providing for annexation to the authority boundaries and imposition of the taxes at rates already imposed within the authority boundaries.

(3) The southern area boundary of the central Puget Sound regional transit authority shall be adjusted as provided for in section 227, chapter... (H-3272/97), Laws of 1997."

Representatives Bush and Smith spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Kastama, Fisher and Conway spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the following amendment (646) to the striking amendment (649):

On page 20, line 32 of the amendment, strike "225,274,000" and insert "228,474,000"

On page 20, line 35 of the amendment, strike "229,040,000" and insert "232,240,000"

On page 21, after line 26 of the amendment, insert the following:

"(4) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $7,300,000 provided solely for litter pickup on state highways."

Representative Romero spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Chandler spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of striking amendment 649 as amended. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt, Zellinsky, Mitchell and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Fisher, O’Brien and Hatfield spoke against passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6061 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6061 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 65, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6061, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2069, by Representatives Wensman, Cole, Bush, H. Sommers, Benson, D. Schmidt, L. Thomas, Dyer, B. Thomas, Reams, Doumit, Ballasiotes, Alexander, Hatfield, Lantz, Sullivan, Thompson, Kessler and Butler

Changing school levy provisions.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, the Substitute House Bill No. 2069 was substituted for House Bill No. 2069, the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2069 was read the second time.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 2069 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

SENATE BILL NO. 5402, by Senators Roach, Johnson, Sheldon, Bauer, Patterson and Haugen

Providing tax exemptions for nonprofit camps and conferences.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5402.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5402 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Dickerson and Mason - 2.

Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5402, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5850, by Senators Anderson, Newhouse, Haugen and Horn

Changing provisions related to employment in the construction industry.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce and Labor was before the House for purposes of amendments. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the following amendment (648) to the committee amendment.

On page 2, after line 35 of the amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 51.16 RCW to read as follows:
A group retrospective rating plan agreement between the department and a retrospective rating plan group covering employers in the construction industry must include in the agreement:
(1) The method by which funds received by the sponsoring organization or association as group retrospective premium adjustments will be distributed to employer members; and
(2) A requirement for a financial statement of the retrospective rating plan group to be distributed annually to each employer member of the group. At a minimum, the financial statement must include a report on the amount and distribution of group retrospective premium adjustment funds, including the amounts distributed to employer members, the amount retained by the sponsoring organization or association for administration of the group retrospective rating program, and the purposes for which any remaining amounts were spent."

Renumber the sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Romero, Conway and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative McMorris spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 41-YEAS; 61-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

The Speaker assumed the chair.
The question before the House was the adoption of the committee amendment. The committee amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lisk, McMorris, Clements, Dyer and Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Wood, Keiser, Conway, Appelwick, Keiser, Costa, Cooper, Constantine, Mason, Conway and Kenney spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5850, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5749, by Senate Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Senators Heavey, McCaslin, Winsley, Haugen and Deccio)

Providing for a certificate of competency as a medical gas piping installer.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce & Labor was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5749 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5749 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 88, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Benson, Crouse, Dunn, Honeyford, Koster, Mielke, Sherstad and Sommers, D.

Excused: Representative DeBolt - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5749, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5749.

BOB SUMP, 7th District

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5915, by Senators Anderson, Hale, Bauer and Stevens

Allowing counties planning under the growth management act to establish industrial land banks as permissible urban growth outside of an urban growth area.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Cairnes moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Cairnes: (644)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 36.70A.367 and 1996 c 167 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to the major industrial development allowed under RCW 36.70A.365, a county required or choosing to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 that has a population greater than two hundred fifty thousand and that is part of a metropolitan area that includes a city in another state with a population greater than two hundred fifty thousand or a county that has a population greater than one hundred forty thousand and is adjacent to another country may establish, in consultation with cities consistent with provisions of RCW 36.70A.210, a process for designating a bank of no more than two master planned locations for major industrial activity outside urban growth areas.

(2) A master planned location for major industrial developments outside an urban growth area may be included in the urban industrial land bank for the county if criteria including, but not limited to, the following are met:

(a) New infrastructure is provided for and/or applicable impact fees are paid;
(b) Transit-oriented site planning and traffic demand management programs are implemented;
(c) Buffers are provided between the major industrial development and adjacent nonurban areas;
(d) Environmental protection including air and water quality has been addressed and provided for;
(e) Development regulations are established to ensure that urban growth will not occur in adjacent nonurban areas;
(f) Provision is made to mitigate adverse impacts on designated agricultural lands, forest lands, and mineral resource lands;"
(g) The plan for the major industrial development is consistent with the county's development regulations established for protection of critical areas; and

(h) An inventory of developable land has been conducted as provided in RCW 36.70A.365.

(3) In selecting master planned locations for inclusion in the urban industrial land bank, priority shall be given to locations that are adjacent to, or in close proximity to, an urban growth area.

(4) Final approval of inclusion of a master planned location in the urban industrial land bank shall be considered an adopted amendment to the comprehensive plan adopted pursuant to RCW 36.70A.070, except that RCW 36.70A.130(2) does not apply so that inclusion or exclusion of master planned locations may be considered at any time.

(5) Once a master planned location has been included in the urban industrial land bank, manufacturing and industrial businesses that qualify as major industrial development under RCW 36.70A.365 may be located there.

(6) Nothing in this section may be construed to alter the requirements for a county to comply with chapter 43.21C RCW.

(7) The authority of a county to engage in the process of including or excluding master planned locations from the urban industrial land bank shall terminate on December 31, 1998. However, any location included in the urban industrial land bank on December 31, 1998, shall remain available for major industrial development as long as the criteria of subsection (2) of this section continue to be met.

(8) For the purposes of this section, "major industrial development" means a master planned location suitable for manufacturing or industrial businesses that: (a) Requires a parcel of land so large that no suitable parcels are available within an urban growth area; or (b) is a natural resource-based industry requiring a location near agricultural land, forest land, or mineral resource land upon which it is dependent; or (c) requires a location with characteristics such as proximity to transportation facilities or related industries such that there is no suitable location in an urban growth area. The major industrial development may not be for the purpose of retail commercial development or multitenant office parks."

Representatives Cairnes and Gardner spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5915 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5915 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt and Schmidt, K. - 2.
Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5915, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE BILL NO. 5651, by Senators Anderson, Newhouse, Schow, Horn and Oke

Restricting actions against employers under industrial insurance.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Commerce & Labor was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives McMorris, Clements, Dyer, Clements and Lisk spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Wood, Cole, Conway, Cooper, Constantine, Appelwick, Keiser, Constantine, Mastin and Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

Representatives Constantine and Conway again spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5651 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5651 as amended by the House, and the bill failed to passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 47, Nays - 49, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt and Schmidt, K. - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5651, as amended by the House, having not received the constitutional majority, was declared failed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5104, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Oke, Loveland, Hale, Morton, Swecker, Rossi, Snyder, West, Bauer, Haugen and Rasmussen)

Creating the Washington pheasant enhancement program.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Schoesler: (624)
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that pheasant populations in eastern Washington have greatly decreased from their historic high levels and that pheasant hunting success rates have plummeted. The number of pheasant hunters has decreased due to reduced hunting success. There is an opportunity to enhance the pheasant population by release of pen-reared pheasants and habitat enhancements to create increased hunting opportunities on publicly owned and managed lands.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. There is created within the department the eastern Washington pheasant enhancement program. The purpose of the program is to improve the harvest of pheasants by releasing pen-reared rooster pheasants on sites accessible for public hunting and by providing grants for habitat enhancement on public or private lands under agreement with the department. The department may either purchase rooster pheasants from private contractors, or produce rooster pheasants from department-sanctioned cooperative projects, whichever is less expensive, provided that the pheasants released meet minimum department standards for health and maturity. Any surplus hen pheasants from pheasant farms or projects operated by the department or the department of corrections for this enhancement program shall be made available to landowners who voluntarily open their lands to public pheasant hunting. Pheasants produced for the eastern Washington pheasant enhancement program must not detrimentally affect the production or operation of the department’s western Washington pheasant release program. The release of pheasants for hunting purposes must not conflict with or supplant other department efforts to improve upland bird habitat or naturally produced upland birds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The commission must establish special pheasant hunting opportunities for juvenile hunters in eastern Washington for the 1998 season and future seasons.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Beginning September 1, 1997, a person who hunts for pheasant in eastern Washington must pay an annual surcharge of ten dollars, in addition to other licensing requirements. Funds from the surcharge must be deposited in the eastern Washington pheasant enhancement account created in section 5 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The eastern Washington pheasant enhancement account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts under section 4 of this act must be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account are subject to legislative appropriation and shall be used for the purpose of funding the eastern Washington pheasant enhancement program. The department may use moneys from the account to improve pheasant habitat or to purchase or produce pheasants. Not less than eighty percent of expenditures from the account must be used to purchase or produce pheasants. The eastern Washington pheasant enhancement account funds must not be used for the purchase of land. The account may be used to offer grants to improve pheasant habitat on public or private lands that are open to public hunting. The department may enter partnerships with private landowners, nonprofit corporations, cooperative groups, and federal or state agencies for the purposes of pheasant habitat enhancement in areas that will be available for public hunting.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The department of fish and wildlife must jointly investigate with the department of corrections the feasibility of producing pheasants for the eastern Washington pheasant enhancement program utilizing inmate labor and facilities at the Walla Walla state penitentiary or other eastern Washington state correctional facilities. The investigation must include a comparison of the costs of producing pheasants at a correctional facility versus the costs of purchasing pheasants for this enhancement program. The two departments must report their findings to the senate and house of representatives natural resources committees on or before January 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Sections 2 through 5 of this act are each added to chapter 77.12 RCW.

Representative Schoesler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Buck and Butler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**MOTION**

On motion by Representative Talcott, Representative Chandler was excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5104 as amended by the House.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5104 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Appelwick, Backlund, Benson, Boldt, Chopp, Constantine, Crouse, Delvin, Dickerson, Dunn, Fisher, Hickel, Honeyford, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lisk, Mason, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Robertson, Romero, Sherstad, Sump, Thomas, L., Tokuda, Van Luven, Wensman, Wolfe and Mr. Speaker - 34.

Excused: Representatives Chandler, DeBolt and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5104, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the third order of business.

**MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE**

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6072,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1047,

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1411,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1576,

HOUSE BILL NO. 1802,

HOUSE BILL NO. 1828,

HOUSE BILL NO. 1908,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1955,

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1969,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2044,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5074,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5196,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5355,
SENATE BILL NO. 5622,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6050,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6094,
SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8415,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has appointed the following members as Conferees to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6063:

Senators Strannigan, Fraser and Rossi

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 16, 1997

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2069, by Representatives Wensman, Cole, Bush, H. Sommers, Benson, D. Schmidt, L. Thomas, Dyer, B. Thomas, Reams, Doumit, Ballasiotes, Alexander, Hatfield, Lantz, Sullivan, Thompson, Kessler and Butler

Changing school levy provisions.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 594, 607 and 614 to Substitute House Bill No. 2069 were withdrawn.

Representative Wensman moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Wensman: (625)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Funding resulting from this act is for school district activities which supplement or are not related to the state’s basic program of education obligation as set forth under Article IX of the state Constitution.

Sec. 2. RCW 84.52.0531 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 11 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The maximum dollar amount which may be levied by or for any school district for maintenance and operation support under the provisions of RCW 84.52.053 shall be determined as follows:
(1) For excess levies for collection in calendar year ((1992)) 1997, the maximum dollar amount shall be calculated pursuant to the laws and rules in effect in November ((1991)) 1996.
(2) For the purpose of this section, the basic education allocation shall be determined pursuant to RCW 28A.150.250, 28A.150.260, and 28A.150.350; PROVIDED, That when determining the basic education allocation under subsection (4) of this section, nonresident full time equivalent pupils who are participating in a program provided for in chapter 28A.545 RCW or in any other program pursuant to an interdistrict agreement shall be included in the enrollment of the resident district and excluded from the enrollment of the serving district."
For excess levies for collection in calendar year (1993) 1998 and thereafter, the maximum dollar amount shall be the sum of (a) (and) plus or minus (b) and (c) of this subsection:

(a) The district’s levy base as defined in subsection (((4)) (3) of this section multiplied by the district’s maximum levy percentage as defined in subsection (((5)) (4) of this section;
(b) ((In the case of nonhigh school districts only, an amount equal to the total estimated amount due by the nonhigh school district to high school districts pursuant to chapter 28A.545 RCW for the school year during which collection of the levy is to commence, less the increase in the nonhigh school district’s basic education allocation as computed pursuant to subsection (1) of this section due to the inclusion of pupils participating in a program provided for in chapter 28A.545 RCW in such computation)) For districts in a high/nonhigh relationship, the high school district’s maximum levy amount shall be reduced and the nonhigh school district’s maximum levy amount shall be increased by an amount equal to the estimated amount of the nonhigh payment due to the high school district under RCW 28A.545.030(3) and 28A.545.050 for the school year commencing the year of the levy;
(c) For districts in an interdistrict cooperative agreement, the nonresident school district’s maximum levy amount shall be reduced and the resident school district’s maximum levy amount shall be increased by an amount equal to the per pupil basic education allocation included in the nonresident district’s levy base under subsection (3) of this section multiplied by:
   (i) The number of full-time equivalent students served from the resident district in the prior school year; multiplied by;
   (ii) The serving district’s maximum levy percentage determined under subsection (4) of this section; increased by;
   (iii) The percent increase per full-time equivalent student as stated in the state basic education appropriation section of the biennial budget between the prior school year and the current school year divided by fifty-five percent;
(d) The district’s maximum levy amount shall be reduced by the maximum amount of state matching funds for which the district is eligible under RCW 28A.500.010 ((for which the district is eligible in that tax collection year)).

(3)) For excess levies for collection in calendar year (1993) 1998 and thereafter, a district’s levy base shall be the sum of allocations in (a) through (c) of this subsection received by the district for the prior school year, including allocations for compensation increases, plus the sum of such allocations multiplied by the percent increase per full time equivalent student as stated in the state basic education appropriation section of the biennial budget between the prior school year and the current school year and divided by fifty-five percent. A district’s levy base shall not include local school district property tax levies or other local revenues, or state and federal allocations not identified in (a) through (c) of this subsection.

(a) The district’s basic education allocation as determined pursuant to RCW 28A.150.250, 28A.150.260, and 28A.150.350;
(b) State and federal categorical allocations for the following programs:
   (i) Pupil transportation;
   (ii) (Handicapped) Special education;
   (iii) Education of highly capable students;
   (iv) Compensatory education, including but not limited to learning assistance, migrant education, Indian education, refugee programs, and bilingual education;
   (v) Food services; and
   (vi) State-wide block grant programs; and
(c) Any other federal allocations for elementary and secondary school programs, including direct grants, other than federal impact aid funds and allocations in lieu of taxes.

(5) For excess levies for collection in calendar year 1993 and thereafter, a district’s maximum levy percentage shall be determined as follows:

(a) Multiply the district’s maximum levy percentage for the prior year by the district’s levy base as determined in subsection (4) of this section;
(b) Reduce the amount in (a) of this subsection by the total estimated amount of any levy reduction funds as defined in subsection (6) of this section which are to be allocated to the district for the current school year;
(c) Divide the amount in (b) of this subsection by the district’s levy base to compute a new percentage;
(d) The percentage in (c) of this subsection or twenty percent, whichever is greater, shall be the district's maximum levy percentage for levies collected in that calendar year; and

(e) For levies to be collected in calendar years 1994 through 1997, the maximum levy rate shall be the district's maximum levy percentage for 1993 plus four percent reduced by any levy reduction funds.

For levies collected in 1998, the prior year shall mean 1993.

(6)) 4) A district's maximum levy percentage shall be twenty-two percent in 1998 and twenty-four percent in 1999 and every year thereafter; plus, for qualifying districts, the grandfathered percentage determined as follows:

(a) For 1997, the difference between the district's 1993 maximum levy percentage and twenty percent; and

(b) For 1998 and thereafter, the percentage calculated as follows:
   (i) Multiply the grandfathered percentage for the prior year times the district's levy base determined under subsection (3) of this section;
   (ii) Reduce the result of (b)(i) of this subsection by any levy reduction funds as defined in subsection (5) of this section that are to be allocated to the district for the current school year;
   (iii) Divide the result of (b)(ii) of this subsection by the district's levy base; and
   (iv) Take the greater of zero or the percentage calculated in (b)(iii) of this subsection.

(5) "Levy reduction funds" shall mean increases in state funds from the prior school year for programs included under subsection ((4) of this section: (a) That are not attributable to enrollment changes, compensation increases, or inflationary adjustments; and (b) that are or were specifically identified as levy reduction funds in the appropriations act. If levy reduction funds are dependent on formula factors which would not be finalized until after the start of the current school year, the superintendent of public instruction shall estimate the total amount of levy reduction funds by using prior school year data in place of current school year data. Levy reduction funds shall not include moneys received by school districts from cities or counties.

For the purposes of this section, "prior school year" shall mean the most recent school year completed prior to the year in which the levies are to be collected.

For the purposes of this section, "current school year" means the year immediately following the prior school year.

Funds collected from transportation vehicle fund tax levies shall not be subject to the levy limitations in this section.

The superintendent of public instruction shall develop rules and regulations and inform school districts of the pertinent data necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The house of representatives and senate fiscal committees shall study data and issues relevant to the state funded local effort assistance program known as "levy equalization" and prepare a report of findings and recommendations to the legislature by December 1, 1997.

Sec. 4. RCW 28A.500.010 and 1993 c 410 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Commencing with taxes assessed in 1988 to be collected in calendar year 1989 and thereafter, in addition to a school district's other general fund allocations, each eligible district shall be provided local effort assistance funds as provided in this section. Such funds are not part of the district's basic education allocation. (For the first distribution of local effort assistance funds provided under this section in calendar year 1989, state funds may be prorated according to the formula in this section.)

(2)(a) "Prior tax collection year" means the year immediately preceding the year in which the local effort assistance shall be allocated.

(b) The "state-wide average ten percent levy rate" means ten percent of the total levy bases as defined in RCW 84.52.0531(2) of all school districts, and divided by the total assessed valuation for excess levy purposes in the prior tax collection year for all districts as adjusted to one hundred percent by the county indicated ratio established in RCW 84.48.075.

(c) The "district's ten percent levy rate" means ten percent of the district's levy base as defined in RCW 84.52.0531(4), plus one-half of any amount computed under RCW 84.52.0531(3)(b) in the case of nonhigh school districts, divided by
(iii)) the district’s ten percent levy amount divided by the district’s assessed valuation for excess levy purposes for the prior tax collection year as adjusted to one hundred percent by the county indicated ratio.

(d) The "district’s ten percent levy amount" means the school district’s maximum levy authority after transfers determined under RCW 84.52.0531(2)(a) through (c) divided by the district’s maximum levy percentage determined under RCW 84.52.0531(4) multiplied by ten percent.

(e) The "district’s twelve percent levy amount" means the school district’s maximum levy authority after transfers determined under RCW 84.52.0531(1)(a) through (c) divided by the district’s maximum levy percentage determined under RCW 84.52.0531(4) multiplied by twelve percent.

(f) "Districts eligible for ten percent equalization" means:

(i) Before the 1999 calendar year, those districts with a ten percent levy rate which exceeds the state-wide average ten percent levy rate; and

(ii) In the 1999 calendar year and thereafter, those districts with a ten percent levy rate that exceeds the state-wide average ten percent levy rate but that is not in the top quartile of all district rates ranked from highest to lowest.

(g) "Districts eligible for twelve percent equalization" means in the 1999 calendar year and thereafter, those districts with a ten percent levy rate in the top quartile of all district rates ranked from highest to lowest.

(h) Unless otherwise stated all rates, percents, and amounts are for the calendar year for which local effort assistance is being calculated under this section.

(3) Allocation of state matching funds to eligible districts for local effort assistance shall be determined as follows:

(a) Funds raised by the district through maintenance and operation levies (during that tax collection year) shall be matched with state funds using the following ratio of state funds to levy funds: (i) The difference between the district’s ten percent levy rate and the state-wide average ten percent levy rate; to (ii) the state-wide average ten percent levy rate.

(b) The maximum amount of state matching funds for which a district may be eligible in any tax collection year shall be ten percent of the district’s levy base as defined in RCW 84.52.0531(1)) districts eligible for ten percent equalization shall be the district’s ten percent levy amount, multiplied by the following percentage: (i) The difference between the district’s ten percent levy rate and the state-wide average ten percent levy rate; divided by (ii) the district’s ten percent levy rate.

(c) In the 1999 calendar year and thereafter, the maximum amount of state matching funds for districts eligible for twelve percent equalization shall be the district’s twelve percent levy amount multiplied by the following percentage: (i) The difference between the district’s ten percent levy rate and the state-wide average ten percent levy rate; divided by (ii) the district’s ten percent levy rate.

(4)(a) Through tax collection year 1992, fifty-five percent of local effort assistance funds shall be distributed to qualifying districts during the applicable tax collection year on or before June 30 and forty-five percent shall be distributed on or before December 31 of any year.

(b) In tax collection year 1993 and thereafter, local effort assistance funds shall be distributed to qualifying districts as follows:

(1) Thirty percent in April;

(2) Twenty-three percent in May;

(3) Two percent in June;

(4) Seventeen percent in August;

(5) Nine percent in October;

(6) Seventeen percent in November; and

(7) Two percent in December.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. RCW 28A.320.150 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 11 s 2 are each repealed.”

Representatives Wensman and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.
Representatives Wensman, Cole, Smith, Blalock, Carlson and Cooke spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Hickel spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2069.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2069 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 9, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Voting nay: Representatives Crouse, Hickel, Honeyford, Koster, Lisk, Mitchell, Robertson, Sherstad and Mr. Speaker - 9.

Excused: Representatives Chandler, DeBolt and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2069, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5146, by Senate Committee on Government Operations (originally sponsored by Senators Winsley, Fraser, Roach, Anderson and Patterson)

Requiring that the position as the retired member of the state investment board rotate among retired representatives of the public employees' retirement system, the law enforcement officers' retirement system, and the teachers' retirement system.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Carlson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives H. Sommers, Ogden and Lambert spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5146.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5146 and the bill failed to passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 37, Nays - 57, Absent - 1, Excused - 3.

Absent: Representative Zellinsky - 1.
Excused: Representatives Chandler, DeBolt and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5146, having not received the constitutional majority, was declared failed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

FIRST READING OF BILLS

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6072, by Senators West and Spanel; by request of Office of Financial Management

Modifying the timelines for development and implementation of the student assessment system.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and the bill was read the first time.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6072 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

Representative Linville moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Linville. (661)

On page 4, line 10, after "school year." insert "The history, civics, geography, arts, and health and fitness assessments shall be available for use by school districts at the elementary school level no later than the 2004-05 school year."

Representatives Linville and Cole spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Talcott and Hickel spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 45-YEAS; 50-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Talcott and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Linville, Keiser and Cole spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6072.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6072 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 41, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Chandler, DeBolt and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6072, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5737, by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Anderson, Loveland, Schow, Sheldon, Strannigan, Rossi, Deccio, Goings, Horn, Swecker, Rasmussen, Bauer, Hale, Roach, Johnson, Benton, West and Oke)

Reducing the carbonated beverage tax.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Dickerson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dickerson: (628)

Beginning on page 1, after line 4, strike all of sections 1 and 2 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:
In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed for one-half of the taxes paid under RCW 82.64.020. The credit allowed under this section shall be limited to the amount of tax imposed under this chapter. Any unused excess credit in a reporting period may be carried forward to future reporting periods for a maximum of one year."

Renumber the following sections consecutively and correct the title.

Representative Dickerson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives B. Thomas, Benson and Huff spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 651 to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5737 was withdrawn.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives B. Thomas, Huff, Schoesler, Zellinsky and Lisk spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Dickerson, Lantz, Cole, Cooper and Costa spoke against passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5737.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5737 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 3.


Excused: Representatives Chandler, DeBolt and Schmidt, K. - 3.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5737, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HJR 4213 by Representative Sheldon

Amending the state Constitution to exempt laws authorizing establishment of stadium and exhibition centers by public stadium authorities from certain limitations.

E2SSB 5074 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Sellar and Snyder)

Increasing interstate trade through tax incentives for warehouse and grain operations.

SSB 5196 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Strannigan, West, Bauer, Heavey, Prentice and Wood)

Allowing a business and occupation tax deduction for certain amusement devices.

SSB 5355 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Benton, Brown, Swecker, Finkbeiner, Patterson, Rossi and Winsley)

Exempting certain property donated to charitable organizations.

SB 5622 by Senators Long, Strannigan and Winsley

Removing the expiration of tax exemptions for new construction of alternative housing for youth in crisis.

SSB 6050 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senator Oke)

Providing tax exemptions for state route number 16 corridor improvements constructed under chapter 47.46 RCW.
ESB 6094 by Senators McCaslin and Haugen; by request of Governor Locke

Changing growth management provisions.

SCR 8415 by Senators West and Roach

Examining motor vehicle excise tax distribution.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8415 was advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business

SECOND READING

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8415, by Senators West and Roach

Examining motor vehicle excise tax distribution.

The resolution was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the resolution was advanced to final passage.

Representative Huff spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final adoption of Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8415.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8415 was adopted.

There being no objection, bills listed on the second reading calendar were returned to the Rules Committee.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Saturday, April 19, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
1047 (Sub)
Messages 48

1102
Messages 1

1202
Messages 1

1349
Messages 1

1411
Messages 48

1576 (Sub)
Messages 48

1588
Messages 1

1802
Messages 48

1828
Messages 48

1832
Messages 1

1908
Messages 48

1955 (Sub)
Messages 48

1969 (2nd Sub)
Messages 48

2044 (Sub)
Messages 48

2069
Second Reading 40

2069 (Sub)
Second Reading Amendment 40, 49
Third Reading Final Passage 53
Other Action 40

2149 (Sub)
Messages 1

4005
Messages 1

4209
Messages 1

4213
Intro & 1st Reading 56
Other Action 56

4629 Honoring Washington State Scholars
Introduced 9
Adopted 10

5074 (2nd Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 56
Other Action 56
Messages 48

5104 (Sub)
Second Reading 46
Third Reading Final Passage 48

5146 (Sub)
Second Reading 53
Third Reading Final Passage 54

5196 (Sub)
Intro & 1st Reading 57
Other Action 57
Messages 48

5353
Messages 1
5355
Intro & 1st Reading 57
Other Action 57
Messages 48

5402
Second Reading 40
Third Reading Final Passage 41
5526
Third Reading 1
Third Reading Final Passage 2
Other Action 2

5559
Second Reading 10
Third Reading Final Passage 11
5574
Second Reading 3
Third Reading Final Passage 9
5622
Intro & 1st Reading 57
Other Action 57
Messages 48
5651
Second Reading 45
Third Reading Final Passage 46
5688
Messages 1
5721
Messages 1
5737
Second Reading 55
Third Reading Final Passage 56
5749
Second Reading 42
Third Reading Final Passage 43
5811
Second Reading 11
Third Reading Final Passage 12
5845
Second Reading 14
Third Reading Final Passage 15
5850
Second Reading 41
Third Reading Final Passage 42
5868
Messages 1
5915
Second Reading 43
Third Reading Final Passage 45
Other Action 12
5938
Second Reading 13
Third Reading Final Passage 14
The House was called to order at 10:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Dunn presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.
The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Litia Shaw
and Callie Bishop. Prayer was offered by Representative David Anderson.

Representative Pennington assumed the chair.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand
approved.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has failed to pass: SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1280,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed: SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1176,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1267,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1292,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1316,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1420,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1513,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1657,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1757,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2011,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2117,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2267,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2276,
HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4208,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1102,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1202,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1269,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1349,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1588,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1726,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1832,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2090,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2149,
HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4005,
HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4209,
SENATE BILL NO. 5353,
SENATE BILL NO. 5688,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5721,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5868,
The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1008 with the following amendments:

On page 5, line 19, after "vehicle" strike "other than a motor home,"

On page 5, beginning on line 20, after "person" strike all material through plate" on line 23

On page 10, beginning on line 17, strike all of Sections 13 and 14

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1008 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1008 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Fisher and K. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representatives Cairnes, Representatives B. Thomas, DeBolt, Mastin, Reams, Buck, McDonald, Carrell and Robertson were excused. On motion by Representative Constantine, Representative Kastama was excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1008 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 86, Nays - 3, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1008, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1019 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. Pursuant to chapter 43.155 RCW, the following project loans recommended by the public works board are authorized to be made with funds previously appropriated from the public works assistance account:

(1) City of Blaine--sanitary sewer project--construct new grit channel, chlorine contact chambers, and chlorination/dechlorination facility and sludge dewatering equipment. Replacement of rotating biological contactors and secondary clarifiers with sequencing batch reactors $2,318,037
(2) City of Blaine--sanitary sewer project--replace sewer lines between peace portal drive and pump station no. 1 on Marine Drive, including nine manholes, curb and gutter removal, and roadway repair $593,365
(3) City of Bremerton--sanitary sewer project--separating the combined sewer and storm water drainage systems, separating roof drains, and other measures to reduce overflows $662,000
(4) City of Buckley--sanitary sewer project--reduce l/l problem by installing a sanitary sewer and storm pipe, conversion of existing sewer mains to storm water, and construction of an aerobic digester $1,200,000
(5) Covington Water District--domestic water project--provide facilities for dosing chemicals for disinfection and PH adjustment $1,596,000
(6) Grays Harbor County--sanitary sewer project--transitioning from failing individual on-site systems to up and upgraded and expanding treatment facility with twenty-five mgd advanced secondary wastewater treatment facility $4,000,000
(7) City of Ilwaco--sanitary sewer project--replacement of side sewer lines in two city sewer basins in order to meet department of health compliance order $193,500
(8) City of Ilwaco--domestic water project--install a steel forty-two thousand gallon aeration basin and a one hundred pound per day ozone generating and injection unit upstream from the existing water filter to improve water quality $477,000
(9) Mason County PUD No. 1--domestic water project--rehabilitation/improvements through the replacement of existing water system facilities, thereby supplying a reliable and safe source of potable water $1,551,870
(10) City of Medical Lake--sanitary sewer project--installation of an advanced wastewater treatment facility, consisting of a sequential batch reactor with rotary fine screens; grit chamber; equalization basin; effluent filers; batch aeration basins; ultraviolet radiation disinfection; ten thousand lineal feet of force main; one lift station and a composting facility $4,620,000
(11) City of Puyallup--sanitary sewer project--provide enhanced removal of pollutants from the community’s wastewater to comply with a department of ecology order $7,000,000
(12) City of Quincy--road project--repair/replacement of damaged portions of curb, gutter, and sidewalk; consisting of grading, drainage improvements, crushed rock base, asphalt concrete pavement, curb and gutter, sidewalk, and illumination. Replacement of malfunctioning railroad crossing signal system $449,995
(13) Town of Rosalia--domestic water project--construct a new three hundred thousand gallon water reservoir, replacement of an antiquated booster pump station $216,900
(14) City of Seattle--bridge project--replace steel deck grating on the University and Fremont bridges, install truss protection railing, and rehabilitate the centerlock $3,284,640
(15) City of Woodland--domestic water project--provide water collection laterals, transmission main, a new filtration plant with one hundred thousand gallon wet well storage, and filters that will enhance the existing well water source $1,797,000
(16) Emergency Public Works Loans--as authorized by RCW 43.155.065 $1,898,649

Section 1 total $31,858,956

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. An appropriation of $25,000,000 for the biennium ending June 30, 1997, is hereby made from the public works assistance account to the department of community, trade,
and economic development for the purposes of providing funds for the following project loans recommended by the public works board:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Project Location</th>
<th>Project Description</th>
<th>Cost</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>City of Blaine</td>
<td>Sanitary sewer project-- replace seventy-year-old sewer system with new sanitary sewers</td>
<td>$332,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Bonney Lake</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- installation of a new two million gallon reservoir to meet department of health requirements</td>
<td>$953,595</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Utility District No. 1 of Chelan County</td>
<td>Domestic water-- construction of a five hundred thousand gallon concrete reservoir and appurtenances, approximately two hundred lineal feet of eight-inch water main for connection to existing distribution system, and site restoration to comply with department of health requirements</td>
<td>$390,950</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coal Creek Utility District</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- replace approximately ten thousand six hundred lineal feet of water main and construct two water chlorination facilities</td>
<td>$747,425</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Covington Water District</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- replace approximately twenty-three thousand five hundred lineal feet of leaky distribution service lines and connections at Timberlane Estates</td>
<td>$1,389,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cross Valley Water District</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- construct a water treatment facility including appurtenances, buildings, and equipment for production wells no. 5, 6, and 10</td>
<td>$945,770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Duvall</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- replace two thousand three hundred lineal feet of ten-inch ac water main, install a backup generator, demolish and remove two fifty-five thousand gallon reservoirs and install a one thousand gpm pump station</td>
<td>$298,491</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall City Water District</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- replace water lines on SE 48th, 328th Way SE, Preston-Fall City Road, also replace Heathercrest water tank, and service the Riverview Park</td>
<td>$211,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highline Water District</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- replacement of approximately twenty-three thousand seven hundred fifty lineal feet of water main to improve water quality</td>
<td>$1,261,176</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Leavenworth</td>
<td>Sanitary sewer-- design and construct improvements to wastewater treatment plant and wastewater collection system; including seven hundred fifty thousand gallon oxidation ditch, a third clarifier, modification/improvements to return to activated sludge pumping, and an ultraviolet disinfection system</td>
<td>$2,915,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Monroe</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- replace Ingraham Hill reservoir with a two million gallon water tank and a two million gallon water standpipe and booster pump station on the North Hill site to reduce environmental and health impact</td>
<td>$3,420,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olympic View Water and Sewer District</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- construct a new water filtration facility at Deer Creek for compliance with filtration and disinfection standards</td>
<td>$919,345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Renton</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- construction of corrosion control treatment facilities to treat water from wells WW 1, 2, 3, 8, and 9 and Springbrook Springs</td>
<td>$932,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Seattle</td>
<td>Bridge project-- bridge columns and substructure of the South Spokane Street Viaduct will be strengthened by adding seismic jacketing to all existing columns, in addition to increasing the size of the viaduct’s bridge girder seats</td>
<td>$456,885</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Southwest Suburban Sewer District</td>
<td>Sanitary sewer project-- replace and rehabilitate approximately eighteen thousand lineal feet of existing sanitary sewer lines, associated manholes, and side sewer connections in the Salmon Creek Drainage Basin</td>
<td>$2,100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Spokane</td>
<td>Bridge project-- remove and replace two bridges in downtown Spokane including new water and sewer mains and a pedestrian/bicycle pathway</td>
<td>$4,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of Spokane</td>
<td>Domestic water project-- replaces eighty-five-year-old water transmission and ductile mains, including valves and casing under a rail line, also pavement removal, restoration, and traffic control measures</td>
<td>$4,428,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>City of University Place</td>
<td>Road project-- construct six-foot sidewalks, including handicap accessible curbs and gutters, and bicycle lanes on both sides of Grandview Drive. Also construct enclosed storm drainage system</td>
<td>$1,882,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Val Vue Sewer District</td>
<td>Sanitary sewer project-- rehabilitation of approximately two thousand four hundred sixty-five lineal feet of failing sewer mains in the Rainier Vista area</td>
<td>$175,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 2 total $27,760,187
Sec. 3. RCW 43.155.060 and 1988 c 93 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

In order to aid the financing of public works projects, the board may:

(1) Make low-interest or interest-free loans to local governments from the public works assistance account or other funds and accounts for the purpose of assisting local governments in financing public works projects. The board may require such terms and conditions and may charge such rates of interest on its loans as it deems necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of this chapter. Money received from local governments in repayment of loans made under this section shall be paid into the public works assistance account for uses consistent with this chapter.

(2) Pledge money in the public works assistance account, or money to be received by the public works assistance account, to the repayment of all or a portion of the principal of or interest on obligations issued by local governments to finance public works projects. The board shall not pledge any amount greater than the sum of money in the public works assistance account plus money to be received from the payment of the debt service on loans made from that account, nor shall the board pledge the faith and credit or the taxing power of the state or any agency or subdivision thereof to the repayment of obligations issued by any local government.

(3) Create such subaccounts in the public works assistance account as the board deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(4) Provide a method for the allocation of loans and financing guarantees and the provision of technical assistance under this chapter.

The board shall ensure that at the beginning of each fiscal quarter there is a sufficient cash balance in the public works assistance account to cover the disbursements anticipated during the quarter.

All local public works projects aided in whole or in part under the provisions of this chapter shall be put out for competitive bids, except for emergency public works under RCW 43.155.065 for which the recipient jurisdiction shall comply with this requirement to the extent feasible and practicable. The competitive bids called for shall be administered in the same manner as all other public works projects put out for competitive bidding by the local governmental entity aided under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "board;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 43.155.060; creating new sections; making an appropriation; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1019 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1019 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Honeyford and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1019 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


House Bill No. 1019, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1022 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is the intent of this legislation to establish necessary oversight by the legislature and the governor regarding long-range commitments made by the department of natural resources in its management of state trust lands, particularly commitments made with the federal government pursuant to the federal endangered species act. It is important to reserve the legislature's authority as ultimate trustee to set overall policy for the management of the lands of the state and to maintain a watchful eye on the decisions of the department affecting our trust lands.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The legislature shall exercise its appropriate authority as trustee over state trust lands by reviewing the existing habitat conservation plan for state forest lands. The legislature shall make its own determination as to whether the plan and the accompanying implementation agreement are in compliance with the state's fiduciary responsibilities and are, in fact, in the best interests of the trust beneficiaries. If the legislature finds that the habitat conservation plan and implementation agreement are in the best interests of the trust beneficiaries, the legislature shall so state either through legislation, joint memorial, or resolution. If the legislature has not made such a statement by March 15, 1998, the department of natural resources shall immediately exercise the provision in the habitat conservation plan implementation agreement terminating that agreement and plan. The department of natural resources shall notify the legislature immediately that it has taken this required action.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

On page 1, beginning on line 1 of the title, after "resources;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "creating new sections; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1022 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1022 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Alexander and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1022 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 29, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1022, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE**

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1033 with the following amendments:

On page 3, line 12, after "elevator" strike "for which registration or reporting is provided under a registration program administered under this section by an activated air pollution control authority"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1033 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1033 as amended by the Senate.
Representatives Schoesler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1033 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1033, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1056 and the bill held it’s place on the second reading calendar.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 8, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1057 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 18.130.095 and 1995 c 336 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) The secretary, in consultation with the disciplining authorities, shall develop uniform procedural rules to respond to public inquiries concerning complaints and their disposition, active investigations, statement of charges, findings of fact, and final orders involving a licensee, applicant, or unlicensed person. The uniform procedural rules adopted under this subsection apply to all adjudicative proceedings conducted under this chapter and shall include provisions for (the) establishing time periods for initial assessment, investigation, charging, discovery, settlement, and adjudication of complaints, and shall include enforcement provisions for violations of the specific time periods by the department, the disciplining authority, and the respondent. A licensee must be notified upon receipt of a complaint, except when the notification would impede an effective investigation. At the earliest point of time the licensee must be allowed to submit a written statement about that complaint, which statement must be included in the file. Complaints filed after the effective date of this act are exempt from public disclosure under chapter 42.17 RCW until the complaint has been initially assessed and determined to warrant an investigation by the disciplining authority. Complaints determined not to warrant an investigation by the disciplining authority are no longer considered complaints, but must remain in the records and tracking system of the department. Information about complaints that did not warrant an investigation, including the existence of the complaint, may be released only upon receipt of a written public disclosure request or pursuant to an interagency agreement as provided in (b) of this subsection. Complaints determined to warrant no cause for action after investigation are subject to public disclosure, must include an explanation of the determination to close the complaint, and must remain in the records and tracking system of the department."
(b) The secretary, on behalf of the disciplining authorities, shall enter into interagency agreements for the exchange of records, which may include complaints filed but not yet assessed, with other state agencies if access to the records will assist those agencies in meeting their federal or state statutory responsibilities. Records obtained by state agencies under the interagency agreements are subject to the limitations on disclosure contained in (a) of this subsection.

(2) The uniform procedures for conducting investigations shall provide that prior to taking a written statement:

(a) For violation of this chapter, the investigator shall inform such person, in writing of: (i) The nature of the complaint; (ii) that the person may consult with legal counsel at his or her expense prior to making a statement; and (iii) that any statement that the person makes may be used in an adjudicative proceeding conducted under this chapter; and

(b) From a witness or potential witness in an investigation under this chapter, the investigator shall inform the person, in writing, that the statement may be released to the licensee, applicant, or unlicensed person under investigation if a statement of charges is issued.

(3) Only upon the authorization of a disciplining authority identified in RCW 18.130.040(2)(b), the secretary, or his or her designee, may serve as the presiding officer for any disciplinary proceedings of the disciplining authority authorized under this chapter. Except as provided in RCW 18.130.050(8), the presiding officer shall not vote on or make any final decision. All functions performed by the presiding officer shall be subject to chapter 34.05 RCW. The secretary, in consultation with the disciplining authorities, shall adopt procedures for implementing this subsection.

(4) The uniform procedural rules shall be adopted by all disciplining authorities listed in RCW 18.130.040(2), and shall be used for all adjudicative proceedings conducted under this chapter, as defined by chapter 34.05 RCW. The uniform procedural rules shall address the use of a presiding officer authorized in subsection (3) of this section to determine and issue decisions on all legal issues and motions arising during adjudicative proceedings.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 42.17 RCW under the subchapter heading "public records" to read as follows:
Complaints filed under chapter 18.130 RCW after the effective date of this act are exempt from disclosure under this chapter to the extent provided in RCW 18.130.095(1).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 18.130 RCW to read as follows:
This chapter does not affect the use of records, obtained from the secretary or the disciplining authorities, in any existing investigation or action by any state agency. Nor does this chapter limit any existing exchange of information between the secretary or the disciplining authorities and other state agencies."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "act;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 18.130.095; adding a new section to chapter 42.17 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 18.130 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No.1057 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1057 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1057 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1057, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1057 and the bill held it’s place on the calendar.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1190 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.88.090 and 1996 c 317 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) For purposes of developing budget proposals to the legislature, the governor shall have the power, and it shall be the governor’s duty, to require from proper agency officials such detailed estimates and other information in such form and at such times as the governor shall direct. The estimates for the legislature and the judiciary shall be transmitted to the governor and shall be included in the budget without revision. The estimates for state pension contributions shall be based on the rates provided in chapter 41.45 RCW. Copies of all such estimates shall be transmitted to the standing committees on ways and means of the house and senate at the same time as they are filed with the governor and the office of financial management.

The estimates shall include statements or tables which indicate, by agency, the state funds which are required for the receipt of federal matching revenues. The estimates shall be revised as necessary to reflect legislative enactments and adopted appropriations and shall be included with the initial biennial allotment submitted under RCW 43.88.110. The estimates must reflect that the agency considered any alternatives to reduce costs or improve service delivery identified in the findings of a performance audit of the agency by the joint legislative audit and review committee. Nothing in this subsection requires performance audit findings to be published as part of the budget.

(2) Each state agency shall define its mission and establish measurable goals for achieving desirable results for those who receive its services and the taxpayers who pay for those services. Each agency shall also develop clear strategies and timelines to achieve its goals. This section does not require an agency to develop a new mission or goals in place of identifiable missions or goals that meet the intent of this section. The mission and goals of each agency must conform to statutory direction and limitations."
(3) For the purpose of assessing program performance, each state agency shall establish program objectives for each major program in its budget. The objectives must be consistent with the missions and goals developed under this section. The objectives must be expressed to the extent practicable in outcome-based, objective, and measurable form unless an exception to adopt a different standard is granted by the office of financial management and approved by the legislative committee on performance review. The office of financial management shall provide necessary professional and technical assistance to assist state agencies in the development of strategic plans that include the mission of the agency and its programs, measurable goals, strategies, and performance measurement systems.

(4) Each state agency shall adopt procedures for continuous self-assessment of each program and activity, using the mission, goals, objectives, and measurements required under subsections (2) and (3) of this section.

(5) It is the policy of the legislature that each agency’s budget proposals must be directly linked to the agency’s stated mission and program goals and objectives. Consistent with this policy, agency budget proposals must include integration of performance measures that allow objective determination of a program’s success in achieving its goals. The office of financial management shall develop a plan to merge the budget development process with agency performance assessment procedures. The plan must include a schedule to integrate agency strategic plans and performance measures into agency budget requests and the governor’s budget proposal over three fiscal biennia. The plan must identify those agencies that will implement the revised budget process in the 1997-1999 biennium, the 1999-2001 biennium, and the 2001-2003 biennium. In consultation with the legislative fiscal committees, the office of financial management shall recommend statutory and procedural modifications to the state’s budget, accounting, and reporting systems to facilitate the performance assessment procedures and the merger of those procedures with the state budget process. The plan and recommended statutory and procedural modifications must be submitted to the legislative fiscal committees by September 30, 1996.

(6) In the year of the gubernatorial election, the governor shall invite the governor-elect or the governor-elect’s designee to attend all hearings provided in RCW 43.88.100; and the governor shall furnish the governor-elect or the governor-elect’s designee with such information as will enable the governor-elect or the governor-elect’s designee to gain an understanding of the state’s budget requirements. The governor-elect or the governor-elect’s designee may ask such questions during the hearings and require such information as the governor-elect or the governor-elect’s designee deems necessary and may make recommendations in connection with any item of the budget which, with the governor-elect’s reasons therefor, shall be presented to the legislature in writing with the budget document. Copies of all such estimates and other required information shall also be submitted to the standing committees on ways and means of the house and senate.

Sec. 2. RCW 44.28.091 and 1996 c 288 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) No later than nine months after the final performance audit has been transmitted by the joint committee to the appropriate standing committees of the house of representatives and the senate, the agency or local government shall produce a preliminary compliance report on its compliance with the final performance audit recommendations and submit it to the joint committee. At the request of the joint committee, the agency or local government may attach its comments to the joint committee’s preliminary compliance report as a separate addendum. At the request of the joint committee, the agency or local government shall periodically provide updates to the preliminary compliance report until the joint committee determines that the agency or local government has complied with the final performance audit recommendations to the joint committee’s satisfaction.

(2) The joint committee may hold public hearings and receive public testimony regarding the findings and recommendations contained in the preliminary compliance report. The joint committee may waive the public hearing requirement if the preliminary compliance report demonstrates that the agency or local government is in compliance with the audit recommendations if the agency or local government is not making satisfactory progress in achieving compliance. The joint committee shall issue any final compliance report within four weeks after the public hearing or hearings after an agency or local government has satisfactorily complied with the final audit recommendations. The
legislative auditor shall transmit the final compliance report in the same manner as a final performance audit is transmitted under RCW 44.28.088."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "audits;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 43.88.090 and 44.28.091."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1190 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1190 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Backlund and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1190 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1190, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 8, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1235 with the following amendments:

On page 1, line 9, after "contract." insert "A consultant under such contract shall provide access to data generated under the contract to the contracting agency, the joint legislative audit and review committee, and the state auditor."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Mike O'Connell, Secretary
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1235 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1235 as amended by the Senate.

Representative Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1235 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1235, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1257 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:
(a) Thermal electric generation facilities play an important role in providing jobs for residents of the communities where such plants are located; and
(b) Taxes paid by thermal electric generation facilities help to support schools and local and state government operations.
(2) It is the intent of the legislature to assist thermal electric generation facilities placed in operation after December 31, 1969, and before July 1, 1975, to update their air pollution control equipment and abate pollution by extending certain tax exemptions and credits so that such plants may continue to play a long-term vital economic role in the communities where they are located.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:
(1) For the purposes of this section, "air pollution control facilities" mean any treatment works, control devices and disposal systems, machinery, equipment, structures, property, property improvements, and accessories, that are installed or acquired for the primary purpose of reducing, controlling, or disposing of industrial waste that, if released to the outdoor atmosphere, could cause air
pollution, or that are required to meet regulatory requirements applicable to their construction, installation, or operation.

(2) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to:
   (a) Sales of tangible personal property to a light and power business, as defined in RCW 82.16.010, for construction or installation of air pollution control facilities at a thermal electric generation facility; or
   (b) Sales of, cost of, or charges made for labor and services performed in respect to the construction or installation of air pollution control facilities.

(3) The exemption provided under this section applies only to sales, costs, or charges:
   (a) Incurred for air pollution control facilities constructed or installed after the effective date of this act and used in a thermal electric generation facility placed in operation after December 31, 1969, and before July 1, 1975;
   (b) If the air pollution control facilities are constructed or installed to meet applicable regulatory requirements established under state or federal law, including the Washington clean air act, chapter 70.94 RCW; and
   (c) For which the purchaser provides the seller with an exemption certificate, signed by the purchaser or purchaser’s agent, that includes a description of items or services for which payment is made, the amount of the payment, and such additional information as the department reasonably may require.

(4) This section does not apply to sales of tangible personal property purchased or to sales of, costs of, or charges made for labor and services used for maintenance or repairs of pollution control equipment.

(5) If production of electricity at a thermal electric generation facility for any calendar year after 2002 and before 2023 falls below a twenty percent annual capacity factor for the generation facility, all or a portion of the tax previously exempted under this section in respect to construction or installation of air pollution control facilities at the generation facility shall be due as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year event occurs</th>
<th>Exempted tax due</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>100%</td>
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<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>95%</td>
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<tr>
<td>2005</td>
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<tr>
<td>2023</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(6) Section 12 of this act applies to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:
(1) For the purposes of this section, "air pollution control facilities" mean any treatment works, control devices and disposal systems, machinery, equipment, structures, property, property improvements, and accessories, that are installed or acquired for the primary purpose of reducing, controlling, or disposing of industrial waste that, if released to the outdoor atmosphere, could cause air pollution, or that are required to meet regulatory requirements applicable to their construction, installation, or operation.

(2) The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of air pollution control facilities installed and used by a light and power business, as defined in RCW 82.16.010, in generating electric power.

(3) The exemption provided under this section applies only to air pollution control facilities that are:
(a) Constructed or installed after the effective date of this act and used in a thermal electric generation facility placed in operation after December 31, 1969, and before July 1, 1975; and
(b) Constructed or installed to meet applicable regulatory requirements established under state or federal law, including the Washington clean air act, chapter 70.94 RCW.

(4) This section does not apply to the use of tangible personal property for maintenance or repairs of the pollution control equipment.

(5) If production of electricity at a thermal electric generation facility for any calendar year after 2002 and before 2023 falls below a twenty percent annual capacity factor for the generation facility, all or a portion of the tax previously exempted under this section in respect to construction or installation of air pollution control facilities at the generation facility shall be due according to the schedule provided in section 2(5) of this act.

(6) Section 12 of this act applies to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:
(1) For the purposes of this section:
(a) "Air pollution control facilities" means any treatment works, control devices and disposal systems, machinery, equipment, structure, property, property improvements, and accessories, that are installed or acquired for the primary purpose of reducing, controlling, or disposing of industrial waste that, if released to the outdoor atmosphere, could cause air pollution, or that are required to meet regulatory requirements applicable to their construction, installation, or operation; and
(b) "Generation facility" means a coal-fired thermal electric generation facility placed in operation after December 3, 1969, and before July 1, 1975.

(2) Beginning January 1, 1999, the tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of coal used to generate electric power at a generation facility operated by a business if the following conditions are met:
(a) The owners must make an application to the department of revenue for a tax exemption;
(b) The owners must make a demonstration to the department of ecology that the owners have made reasonable initial progress to install air pollution control facilities to meet applicable regulatory requirements established under state or federal law, including the Washington clean air act, chapter 70.94 RCW;
(c) Continued progress must be made on the development of air pollution control facilities to meet the requirements of the permit; and
(d) The generation facility must emit no more than ten thousand tons of sulfur dioxide during a previous consecutive twelve-month period.

(3) During a consecutive twelve-month period, if the generation facility is found to be in violation of excessive sulfur dioxide emissions from a regional air pollution control authority or the department of ecology, the department of ecology shall notify the department of revenue and the owners of the generation facility shall lose their tax exemption under this section. The owners of a generation facility may reapply for the tax exemption when they have once again met the conditions of subsection (2)(d) of this section.

(4) Section 12 of this act applies to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:
Any business that has received a tax exemption under section 4 of this act forfeits the exemption if, except for reasons or factors beyond the control of the owners or operator of the thermal electric generation facility, less than seventy percent of the coal consumed at the thermal electric generation facility during the previous calendar year was produced by a mine located in the same county as the facility or in a county contiguous to the county. The department of revenue may reinstate the exemption under section 4 of this act when the owners provide documentation that the seventy-percent requirement has been met during a subsequent calendar year. The definitions in section 4 of this act apply to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:
(1) For the purposes of this section:
(a) "Air pollution control facilities" means any treatment works, control devices and disposal systems, machinery, equipment, structure, property, property improvements, and accessories, that are installed or acquired for the primary purpose of reducing, controlling, or disposing of industrial waste that, if released to the outdoor atmosphere, could cause air pollution, or that are required to meet regulatory requirements applicable to their construction, installation, or operation; and
(b) "Generation facility" means a coal-fired thermal electric generation facility placed in operation after December 3, 1969, and before July 1, 1975.
(2) Beginning January 1, 1999, the provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of coal to generate electric power at a generation facility operated by a business if the following conditions are met:
(a) The owners must make an application to the department of revenue for a tax exemption;
(b) The owners must make a demonstration to the department of ecology that the owners have made reasonable initial progress to install air pollution control facilities to meet applicable regulatory requirements established under state or federal law, including the Washington clean air act, chapter 70.94 RCW;
(c) Continued progress must be made on the development of air pollution control facilities to meet the requirements of the permit; and
(d) The generation facility must emit no more than ten thousand tons of sulfur dioxide during a previous consecutive twelve-month period.
(3) During a consecutive twelve-month period, if the generation facility is found to be in violation of excessive sulfur dioxide emissions from a regional air pollution control authority or the department of ecology, the department of ecology shall notify the department of revenue and the owners of the generation facility shall lose their tax exemption under this section. The owners of a generation facility may reapply for the tax exemption when they have once again met the conditions of subsection (2)(d) of this section.
(4) Section 12 of this act applies to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:
Any business that has received a tax exemption under section 6 of this act forfeits the exemption if, except for reasons or factors beyond the control of the owners or operator of the thermal electric generation facility, less than seventy percent of the coal consumed at the thermal electric generation facility during the previous calendar year was produced by a mine located in the same county as the facility or in a county contiguous to the county. The department of revenue may reinstate the exemption under section 6 of this act when the owners provide documentation that the seventy-percent requirement has been met during a subsequent calendar year. The definitions in section 6 of this act apply to this section.

Sec. 8. RCW 43.79A.040 and 1996 c 253 s 409 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Money in the treasurer’s trust fund may be deposited, invested and reinvested by the state treasurer in accordance with RCW 43.84.080 in the same manner and to the same extent as if the money were in the state treasury.
(2) All income received from investment of the treasurer’s trust fund shall be set aside in an account in the treasury trust fund to be known as the investment income account.
(3) The investment income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasurer’s trust funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasurer or affected state agencies. The investment income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

(4)(a) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the investment income account to the state general fund except under (b) and (c) of this subsection.

(b) The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account’s or fund’s average daily balance for the period: The agricultural local fund, the American Indian scholarship endowment fund, the Washington international exchange scholarship endowment fund, the energy account, the fair fund, the game farm alternative account, the grain inspection revolving fund, the rural rehabilitation account, (and) the self-insurance revolving fund, and the sulfur dioxide abatement account. However, the earnings to be distributed shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer’s service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

(c) The following accounts and funds shall receive eighty percent of their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account’s or fund’s average daily balance for the period: The advanced right of way revolving fund, the federal narcotics asset forfeitures account, the high occupancy vehicle account, and the local rail service assistance account.

(5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no trust accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 82.32 RCW to read as follows:
An amount equal to all sales and use taxes paid under chapters 82.08, 82.12, and 82.14 RCW, that were obtained from the sales of coal to, or use of coal by, a business for use at a generation facility, and that meet the requirements of section 10 of this act, shall be deposited in the sulfur dioxide abatement account under section 10 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 70.94 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The sulfur dioxide abatement account is created. All receipts from subsection (2) of this section must be deposited in the account. Expenditures in the account may be used only for the purposes of subsection (3) of this section. Only the director of revenue or the director’s designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

(2) Upon application by the owners of a generation facility, the department of ecology shall make a determination of whether the owners are making initial progress in the construction of air pollution control facilities. Evidence of initial progress may include, but is not limited to, engineering work, agreements to proceed with construction, contracts to purchase, or contracts for construction of air pollution control facilities. However, if the owners’ progress is impeded due to actions caused by regulatory delays or by defensive litigation, certification of initial progress may not be withheld.

Upon certification of initial progress by the department of ecology and after January 1, 1999, an amount equal to all sales and use taxes paid under chapters 82.08, 82.12, and 82.14 RCW, that were obtained from the sales of coal to, or use of coal by, a business for use at a generation facility shall be deposited in the account under section 9 of this act.

By June 1st of each year during construction of the air pollution control facilities and during the verification period required in sections 4(2)(d) and 6(2)(d) of this act, the department of ecology shall make an assessment regarding the continued progress of the pollution control facilities. Evidence of continued progress may include, but is not limited to, acquisition of construction material, visible progress on construction, or other actions that have occurred that would verify progress under general construction time tables. The treasurer shall continue to deposit an amount equal to the tax revenues to the sulfur dioxide abatement account unless the department of ecology fails to certify that reasonable progress has been made during the previous year. The operator of a generation facility shall file documentation accompanying its combined monthly excise tax return that identifies all sales and use tax payments made by the owners for coal used at the generation facility during the reporting period.
(3) When a generation facility emits no more than ten thousand tons of sulfur dioxide during a consecutive twelve-month period, the department of ecology shall certify this to the department of revenue and the state treasurer by the end of the following month. Within thirty days of receipt of certification under this subsection, the department of revenue shall approve the tax exemption application and the director or the director’s designee shall authorize the release of any moneys in the sulfur dioxide abatement account to the operator of the generation facility. The operator shall disburse the payment among the owners of record according to the terms of their contractual agreement.

(4)(a) If the department of revenue has not approved a tax exemption under sections 4 and 6 of this act by March 1, 2005, any moneys in the sulfur dioxide abatement account shall be transferred to the general fund and the appropriate local governments in accordance with chapter 82.14 RCW, and the sulfur dioxide abatement account shall cease to exist after March 1, 2005.

(b) The dates in (a) of this subsection must be extended if the owners of a generation facility have experienced difficulties in complying with this section, or sections 4 through 7 and 9 of this act, due to actions caused by regulatory delays or by defensive litigation.

(5) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Air pollution control facilities" means any treatment works, control devices and disposal systems, machinery, equipment, structure, property, property improvements and accessories, that are installed or acquired for the primary purpose of reducing, controlling, or disposing of industrial waste that, if released to the outdoor atmosphere, could cause air pollution, or that are required to meet regulatory requirements applicable to their construction, installation, or operation; and

(b) "Generation facility" means a coal-fired thermal electric generation facility placed in operation after December 3, 1969, and before July 1, 1975.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 84.36 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Air pollution control equipment constructed or installed after the effective date of this act, by businesses engaged in the generation of electric energy at thermal electric generation facilities first placed in operation after December 31, 1969, and before July 1, 1975, shall be exempt from property taxation. The owners shall maintain the records in such a manner that the annual beginning and ending asset balance of the pollution control facilities and depreciation method can be identified.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "air pollution control equipment" means any treatment works, control devices and disposal systems, machinery, equipment, structures, property, property improvements, and accessories, that are installed or acquired for the primary purpose of reducing, controlling, or disposing of industrial waste that, if released to the outdoor atmosphere, could cause air pollution, or that are required to meet regulatory requirements applicable to their construction, installation, or operation.

(3) Section 12 of this act applies to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 82.32 RCW to read as follows:

If a business is allowed an exemption under section 2, 3, 4, 6, or 11 of this act, and the business ceases operation of the facility for which the exemption is allowed, the business shall deposit into the displaced workers account established in section 13 of this act an amount equal to the fair market value of one-quarter of the total sulfur dioxide allowances authorized by federal law available to the facility at the time of cessation of operation of the generation facility as if the allowances were sold for a period of ten years following the time of cessation of operation of the generation facility. This section expires December 31, 2015.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 50.12 RCW to read as follows:

The displaced workers account is established. All moneys from section 12 of this act must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only to provide for compensation and retraining of displaced workers of the thermal electric generation facility and of the coal mine that supplied coal to the facility. The benefits from the account are in addition to all other compensation and retraining benefits to which the displaced workers are entitled under existing state law. The employment security department shall administer the distribution of moneys from the account.
Sec. 14. RCW 80.04.130 and 1993 c 311 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever any public service company shall file with the commission any schedule, classification, rule or regulation, the effect of which is to change any rate, charge, rental or toll theretofore charged, the commission shall have power, either upon its own motion or upon complaint, upon notice, to enter upon a hearing concerning such proposed change and the reasonableness and justness thereof, and pending such hearing and the decision thereon the commission may suspend the operation of such rate, charge, rental or toll for a period not exceeding ten months from the time the same would otherwise go into effect, and after a full hearing the commission may make such order in reference thereto as would be provided in a hearing initiated after the same had become effective. The commission shall not suspend a tariff that makes a decrease in a rate, charge, rental, or toll filed by a telecommunications company pending investigation of the fairness, justness, and reasonableness of the decrease when the filing does not contain any offsetting increase to another rate, charge, rental, or toll and the filing company agrees to not file for an increase to any rate, charge, rental, or toll to recover the revenue deficit that results from the decrease for a period of one year. The filing company shall file with any decrease sufficient information as the commission by rule may require to demonstrate the decreased rate, charge, rental, or toll is above the long run incremental cost of the service. A tariff decrease that results in a rate that is below long run incremental cost, or is contrary to commission rule or order, or the requirements of this chapter, shall be rejected for filing and returned to the company. The commission may prescribe a different rate to be effective on the prospective date stated in its final order after its investigation, if it concludes based on the record that the originally filed and effective rate is unjust, unfair, or unreasonable.

For the purposes of this section, tariffs for the following telecommunications services, that temporarily waive or reduce charges for existing or new subscribers for a period not to exceed sixty days in order to promote the use of the services shall be considered tariffs that decrease rates, charges, rentals, or tolls:

(a) Custom calling service;
(b) Second access lines; or
(c) Other services the commission specifies by rule.

The commission may suspend any promotional tariff other than those listed in (a) through (c) of this subsection.

The commission may suspend the initial tariff filing of any water company removed from and later subject to commission jurisdiction because of the number of customers or the average annual gross revenue per customer provisions of RCW 80.04.010. The commission may allow temporary rates during the suspension period. These rates shall not exceed the rates charged when the company was last regulated. Upon a showing of good cause by the company, the commission may establish a different level of temporary rates.

(2) At any hearing involving any change in any schedule, classification, rule or regulation the effect of which is to increase any rate, charge, rental or toll theretofore charged, the burden of proof to show that such increase is just and reasonable shall be upon the public service company.

(3) The implementation of mandatory local measured telecommunications service is a major policy change in available telecommunications service. The commission shall not accept for filing or approve, prior to June 1, 1998, a tariff filed by a telecommunications company which imposes mandatory local measured service on any customer or class of customers, except that, upon finding that it is in the public interest, the commission may accept for filing and approve a tariff that imposes mandatory measured service for a telecommunications company’s extended area service or foreign exchange service. This subsection does not apply to land, air, or marine mobile service, or to pay telephone service, or to any service which has been traditionally offered on a measured service basis.

(4) The implementation of Washington telephone assistance program service is a major policy change in available telecommunications service. The implementation of Washington telephone assistance program service will aid in achieving the stated goal of universal telephone service.

(5) If a utility claims a sales or use tax exemption on the pollution control equipment for an electrical generation facility and abandons the generation facility before the pollution control equipment is fully depreciated, any tariff filing for a rate increase to recover abandonment costs for the pollution control equipment shall be considered unjust and unreasonable for the purposes of this section.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. The department of revenue and the department of ecology may adopt rules to implement this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "1975;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 43.79A.040 and 80.04.130; adding new sections to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.32 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.94 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 50.12 RCW; creating new sections; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1257 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1257 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Mulliken and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1257 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1257, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1261 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that many businesses have difficulty applying the small business credit under RCW 82.04.4451. Further, the legislature appreciates the valuable time and resources small businesses expend on calculating the amount of credit based upon a statutory formula. For the purpose of tax simplification, it is the intent of this act to direct the department of revenue to create a schedule, in standard increments, to replace required calculations for the small business credit. Each taxpayer can make reference to the taxpayer's tax range on the schedule and find the amount of the taxpayer's small business credit. Further, no taxpayer will owe a greater amount of tax nor will any taxpayer be responsible for a greater amount of taxes otherwise due.

Sec. 2. RCW 82.04.4451 and 1994 sp.s. c 2 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, a credit is allowed against the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter, as provided in this section. The maximum credit for a taxpayer for a reporting period is thirty-five dollars multiplied by the number of months in the reporting period, as determined under RCW 82.32.045.

(2) When the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter is equal to or less than the maximum credit, a credit is allowed equal to the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter.

(3) When the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter exceeds the maximum credit, a reduced credit is allowed equal to twice the maximum credit, minus the tax otherwise due under this chapter, but not less than zero.

(4) The department may prepare a tax credit table consisting of tax ranges using increments of no more than five dollars and a corresponding tax credit to be applied to those tax ranges. The table shall be prepared in such a manner that no taxpayer will owe a greater amount of tax by using the table than would be owed by performing the calculation under subsections (1) through (3) of this section. A table prepared by the department under this subsection shall be used by all taxpayers in taking the credit provided in this section."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "credit;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 82.04.4451; and creating a new section."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1261 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1261 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Mulliken and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1261 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Chandler, Chopp, Clemments, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Dyer, Fisher,
MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1272 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds:
   (1) Voluntary water transfers between water users can reallocate water use in a manner that will result in more efficient use of water resources;
   (2) Voluntary water transfers can help alleviate water shortages, save capital outlays, reduce development costs, and provide an incentive for investment in water conservation efforts by water right holders; and
   (3) The state should expedite the administrative process for noncontested water transfers among water right holders, conveying greater operational control to water managers and water right holders.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The following definitions apply throughout this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
   (1) "Board" means a water conservancy board created under this chapter.
   (2) "Commissioner" means a member of a water conservancy board.
   (3) "Department" means the department of ecology.
   (4) "Director" means the director of the department of ecology.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The county legislative authority of a county may create a water conservancy board, subject to approval by the director, for the purpose of expediting voluntary water transfers within the county.

   (2) A water conservancy board may be initiated by: (a) A resolution of the county legislative authority; (b) a resolution presented to the county legislative authority calling for the creation of a board by the legislative authority of an irrigation district, public utility district that operates a public water system, a reclamation district, a city operating a public water system, or a water-sewer district that operates a public water system; (c) a resolution by the governing body of a cooperative or mutual corporation that operates a public water system serving one hundred or more accounts; (d) a petition signed by five or more water rights holders, including their addresses, who divert water for use within the county; or (e) any combination of (a) through (d) of this subsection. The resolution or petition must state the need for the board, include proposed bylaws or rules and procedures that will govern the operation of the board, identify the geographic boundaries where there is an initial interest in transacting water sales or transfers, and describe the proposed method for funding the operation of the board.

   (3) After receiving a resolution or petition to create a board, a county legislative authority shall determine its sufficiency. If the county legislative authority finds that the resolution or petition is sufficient, or if the county is initiating the creation of a board upon its own motion, it shall hold at least
one public hearing on the proposed creation of the board. Notice of the hearing shall be published at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county not less than ten days nor more than thirty days before the date of the hearing. The notice shall describe the time, date, place, and purpose of the hearing, as well as the purpose of the board. Following the hearing, the county legislative authority may adopt a resolution approving the creation of the board if it finds that the board’s creation is in the public interest.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The county legislative authority shall forward a copy of the resolution or petition calling for the creation of the board, a copy of the resolution approving the creation of the board, and a summary of the public testimony presented at the public hearing to the director following the adoption of the resolution calling for the board’s creation.

(2) The director shall approve or deny the creation of a board within forty-five days after the county legislative authority has submitted all information required under subsection (1) of this section. The director must determine whether the creation of the board would further the purposes of this chapter and is in the public interest. The director shall include a description of the necessary training requirements for commissioners in the notice of approval sent to the county legislative authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The director of the department may, as deemed necessary by the director, adopt rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW necessary to carry out this chapter, including minimum requirements for the training and continuing education of commissioners. Training courses for commissioners shall include an overview of state water law and hydrology. Prior to commissioners taking action on proposed water right transfers, the commissioners shall comply with training requirements that include state water law and hydrology.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A water conservancy board constitutes a public body corporate and politic and a separate unit of local government in the state. Each board shall consist of three commissioners appointed by the county legislative authority for six-year terms. The county legislative authority shall stagger the initial appointment of commissioners so that the first commissioners who are appointed shall serve terms of two, four, and six years, respectively, from the date of their appointment. All vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired term. The county legislative authority shall consider, but is not limited in appointing, nominations to the board by people or entities petitioning or requesting the creation of the board. However, the county legislative authority shall ensure that individual water right holders who divert water for use within the county are represented on the board. In making appointments to the board, the county legislative authority shall choose from among persons who are residents of the county or a county that is contiguous to the county that the water conservancy board is to serve. No commissioner may participate in board decisions until he or she has successfully completed the necessary training required under section 5 of this act. Commissioners shall serve without compensation, but are entitled to reimbursement for necessary travel expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 and costs incident to training.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) A water conservancy board may acquire, purchase, hold, lease, manage, occupy, and sell real and personal property or any interest therein, enter into and perform all necessary contracts, appoint and employ necessary agents and employees and fix their compensation, employ contractors including contracts for professional services, sue and be sued, and do any and all lawful acts required and expedient to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(2) A board constitutes an independently funded entity, and may provide for its own funding as determined by the commissioners. The board may accept grants and may adopt fees for processing applications for transfers of water rights to fund the activities of the board. A board may not impose taxes or acquire property by the exercise of eminent domain.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A board shall operate on a county-wide basis, and shall have the following powers, in addition to any others granted in this chapter:

(1) A board may establish a water transfer exchange through which all or part of the water that any person is entitled to use by reason of owning or holding a water right may be listed for sale or
transfer. The board may approve water transfers involving a change in place of use, point of diversion or withdrawal, purpose of use, time of use, source of supply, quantity of use permitted, and the place of storage. Any water transfer approved by the board is subject to final approval by the director pursuant to section 11 of this act.

(2) The board may approve the transfer of a water right or a water right claim filed under chapter 90.14 RCW that has not been adjudicated. The board shall make a tentative determination as to the validity and extent of the existing right, and may only approve transfers of those rights to the extent they are deemed valid by the board. Neither the board’s approval of a transfer, nor the director’s approval of the board’s action constitutes an adjudication of the validity, priority, or quantity of the transferor’s water right as between the transferor or the transferee and the state, or as between the transferor or the transferee and one or more water use claimants, and such approvals do not preclude or prejudice a subsequent challenge to the validity, priority, or quantity of the right in an adjudicatory proceeding. The tentative determination of a water right by a board does not preclude a different conclusion in a subsequent adjudication.

(3) Water transfers approved by the board must remain within an existing category of beneficial use, and a transfer of water that is being used for agricultural applications is restricted to short-term or long-term leases.

(4) Each board shall maintain and publish all information made available to it concerning water rights listed with the board and any application to the board for approval of a water transfer. Each board shall establish policies and procedures, consistent with applicable law, for the administration of a system of timely local approvals for water transfers under this chapter. The administration shall be performed exclusively by the board, but the department may provide technical assistance to the board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) Applications to the board for transfers shall be made on a form provided by the department, and shall contain such additional information as may be required by the board in order to review and act upon the application. At a minimum, the application shall include information sufficient to establish to the board’s satisfaction of the transferor’s right to the quantity of water being transferred, and a description of any applicable limitations on the right to use water, including the point of diversion or withdrawal, place of use, source of supply, purpose of use, quantity of use permitted, time of use, period of use, and the place of storage.

(2) The transferor and the transferee of any proposed water transfer may apply to a board for approval of the transfer if the water proposed to be transferred is currently diverted or used within the geographic boundaries of the county, or would be diverted or used within the geographic boundaries of the county if the transfer is approved. In the case of a proposed water transfer in which the water is currently diverted or would be diverted outside the geographic boundaries of the county, the board shall hold a public hearing in the county of the diversion or proposed diversion. The board shall provide for prominent publication of notice of such hearing in a newspaper of general circulation published in the county in which the hearing is to be held for the purpose of affording an opportunity for interested persons to comment upon the application.

(3) After an application for a transfer is filed with the board, the board shall publish notice of the application in accordance with the publication requirements and send notice to state agencies as provided in RCW 90.03.280. Any person may submit comments to the board regarding the application. Any water right holder claiming detriment or injury to an existing water right may intervene in the application before the board pursuant to subsection (4) of this section. If a majority of the board determines that the application is complete, in accordance with the law and the transfer can be made without injury or detriment to existing water rights in accordance with RCW 90.03.380, the board shall issue the applicant a certificate conditionally approving the transfer, subject to review by the director.

(4) If a water right holder claims a proposed transfer will cause an impairment to that right, the water right holder is entitled to a hearing before the board. The board shall receive such evidence as it deems material and necessary to determine the validity of the claim of impairment. If the party claiming the impairment establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that his or her water right will be impaired by the proposed transfer, the board may not approve the transfer unless the applicant and the impaired party agree upon compensation for the impairment.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) If an application for a transfer is proposed to transfer water from one irrigation district to another, approval of the transfer shall be conditioned upon receipt of the concurrence from each of the irrigation districts that the transfer will not adversely affect the ability to deliver water to other landowners or impair the financial integrity of either of the districts.

(2) A transfer involving a change in place or use or a nonconsumptive use by an individual water user or users of water provided by an irrigation district need only receive the approval for the transfer from the board of directors of the irrigation district if the water continues within the irrigation district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. (1) If a transfer is approved by the board, the board shall submit a copy of the proposed certificate conditionally approving the transfer to the department for review. The board shall also submit a report summarizing any factual findings on which the board relied in deciding to approve the proposed transfer. The board shall also transmit notice by mail to any person who objected to the transfer or who requested notice.

(2) The director shall review each proposed transfer conditionally approved by a board for compliance with state water transfer laws including RCW 90.03.380, 90.03.390, and 90.44.100, rules and guidelines adopted by the department, and other applicable law.

(3) Any party to a transfer or a third party who alleges his or her water right will be impaired by the proposed transfer may file objections with the department. If objections to the transfer are filed with the department, the board shall forward the files and records upon which it based its decision to the department.

(4) The director shall review the action of the board and affirm, reverse, or modify the action of the board within forty-five days of receipt. The forty-five day time period may be extended for an additional thirty days by the director, upon the consent of the parties to the transfer. If the director fails to act within this time period, the board’s action is final. Upon approval of a water transfer by the action or nonaction of the director, the conditional certificate issued by the board is final and valid.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. The decision of the director to approve an action to create a board, or to approve, deny, or modify a water transfer either by action or nonaction shall be appealable in the same manner as other water right decisions made pursuant to chapter 90.03 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. Neither the county nor the department shall be subject to any cause of action or claim for damages arising out of transfers approved by a board under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A person who, in good faith and without intent of circumventing water right relinquishment statutes, leases a water right under this chapter may not lose any portion of that water right by relinquishment due to the nonuse of the water by the lessee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. Nothing in this chapter eliminates or lessens the requirements necessary for the approval of interties.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. (1) A commissioner of a water conservancy board who has an ownership interest in a water right subject to an application for approval of a transfer or change by the board, shall not participate in the board’s review or decision upon the application.

(2) A commissioner of a water conservancy board who also serves as an employee or upon the governing body of a municipally owned water system, shall not participate in the board’s review or decision upon an application for the transfer or change of a water right in which that water system has or is proposed to have an ownership interest.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. Water conservancy board activities are subject to the open public meetings act, chapter 42.30 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. Nothing in this chapter affects transfers that may be otherwise approved under chapter 90.03 RCW.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 19. The department shall report biennially by December 31st of each even-numbered year to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the boards formed or sought to be formed under the authority of this chapter, the transfer applications reviewed and other activities conducted by the boards, and the funding of such boards.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 20. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 21. Sections 1 through 19 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 90 RCW."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "transfers;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1272 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1272 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Delvin and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1272 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1272, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1277 with the following amendments:
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 84.08 RCW to read as follows:

(1) For purposes of this section, "tax information" means confidential income data and proprietary business information obtained by the department in the course of carrying out the duties now or hereafter imposed upon it in this title that has been communicated in confidence in connection with the assessment of property and that has not been publicly disseminated by the taxpayer, the disclosure of which would be either highly offensive to a reasonable person and not a legitimate concern to the public or would result in an unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.

(2) Tax information is confidential and privileged, and except as authorized by this section, neither the department nor any other person may disclose tax information.

(3) Subsection (2) of this section, however, does not prohibit the department from:
   (a) Disclosing tax information to any county assessor or county treasurer;
   (b) Disclosing tax information in a civil or criminal judicial proceeding or an administrative proceeding in respect to taxes or penalties imposed under this title or Title 82 RCW or in respect to assessment or valuation for tax purposes of the property to which the information or facts relate;
   (c) Disclosing tax information with the written permission of the taxpayer;
   (d) Disclosing tax information to the proper officer of the tax department of any state responsible for the imposition or collection of property taxes, or for the valuation of property for tax purposes, if the other state grants substantially similar privileges to the proper officers of this state;
   (e) Disclosing tax information that is also maintained by another Washington state or local governmental agency as a public record available for inspection and copying under chapter 42.17 RCW or is a document maintained by a court of record not otherwise prohibited from disclosure;
   (f) Disclosing tax information to a peace officer as defined in RCW 9A.04.110 or county prosecutor, for official purposes. The disclosure may be made only in response to a search warrant, subpoena, or other court order, unless the disclosure is for the purpose of criminal tax enforcement. A peace officer or county prosecutor who receives the tax information may disclose the tax information only for use in the investigation and a related court proceeding, or in the court proceeding for which the tax information originally was sought; or
   (g) Disclosing information otherwise available under chapter 42.17 RCW.

(4) A violation of this section constitutes a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. RCW 84.40.020 and 1973 c 69 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

All real property in this state subject to taxation shall be listed and assessed every year, with reference to its value on the first day of January of the year in which it is assessed. Such listing and all supporting documents and records shall be open to public inspection during the regular office hours of the assessor’s office: PROVIDED, That confidential income data is hereby exempted from public inspection ((pursuant to RCW 42.17.310)) as noted in RCW 42.17.260 and 42.17.310. All personal property in this state subject to taxation shall be listed and assessed every year, with reference to its value and ownership on the first day of January of the year in which it is assessed: PROVIDED, That if the stock of goods, wares, merchandise or material, whether in a raw or finished state or in process of manufacture, owned or held by any taxpayer on January 1 of any year does not fairly represent the average stock carried by such taxpayer, such stock shall be listed and assessed upon the basis of the monthly average of stock owned or held by such taxpayer during the preceding calendar year or during such portion thereof as the taxpayer was engaged in business.

Sec. 3. RCW 84.40.340 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 74 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of verifying any list, statement, or schedule required to be furnished to the assessor by any taxpayer, any assessor or his trained and qualified deputy at any reasonable time may visit, investigate and examine any personal property, and for this purpose the records, accounts and inventories also shall be subject to any such visitation, investigation and examination which shall aid in determining the amount and valuation of such property. Such powers and duties may be performed at any office of the taxpayer in this state, and the taxpayer shall furnish or make available all such information pertaining to property in this state to the assessor although the records may be maintained at any office outside this state.
Any information or facts obtained pursuant to this section shall be used by the assessor only for the purpose of determining the assessed valuation of the taxpayer’s property: PROVIDED, That such information or facts shall also be made available to the department of revenue upon request for the purpose of determining any sales or use tax liability with respect to personal property, and except in a civil or criminal judicial proceeding or an administrative proceeding in respect to penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 84.40.130, to such sales or use taxes, or to the assessment or valuation for tax purposes of the property to which such information and facts relate, shall not be disclosed by the assessor or the department of revenue without the permission of the taxpayer to any person other than public officers or employees whose duties relate to valuation of property for tax purposes or to the imposition and collection of sales and use taxes, and any violation of this secrecy provision shall constitute a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 4. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:
   (a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.
   (b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.
   (c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by section 1 of this act, RCW 82.32.330, 84.40.020, or 84.40.340 or (ii) violate the taxpayer’s right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.
   (d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person’s right to privacy.
   (e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person’s life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.
   (f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.
   (g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.
   (h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.
   (i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.
   (j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.
   (k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.
   (l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.
(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

(aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.
(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

(gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.

(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.

(jj) Names of individuals residing in emergency or transitional housing that are furnished to the department of revenue or a county assessor in order to substantiate a claim for property tax exemption under RCW 84.36.043.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1277 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1277 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Mulliken and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1277 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine,
Substitute House Bill No. 1277, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1325 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that nonprofit organizations provide a variety of social services that serve the needs of the citizens of Washington, including many services implemented under contract with state agencies. The legislature also finds that the efficiency and quality of these services may be enhanced by the provision of safe, reliable, and sound facilities, and that, in certain cases, it may be appropriate for the state to assist in the development of these facilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.63A RCW to read as follows:

If the legislature provides an appropriation to assist nonprofit organizations in acquiring, constructing, or rehabilitating facilities used for the delivery of nonresidential social services, the legislature may direct the department of community, trade, and economic development to establish a competitive process to prioritize applications for the assistance as follows:

(1) The department shall conduct a state-wide solicitation of project applications from local governments, nonprofit organizations, and other entities, as determined by the department. The department shall evaluate and rank applications in consultation with a citizen advisory committee using objective criteria. At a minimum, applicants must demonstrate that the requested assistance will increase the efficiency or quality of the social services it provides to citizens. The evaluation and ranking process shall also include an examination of existing assets that applicants may apply to projects. Grant assistance under this section shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the total cost of the project. The nonstate portion of the total project cost may include, but is not limited to, land, facilities, and in-kind contributions.

(2) The department shall submit a prioritized list of recommended projects to the legislature by November 1st following the effective date of the appropriation. The list shall include a description of each project, the amount of recommended state funding, and documentation of nonstate funds to be used for the project. The department shall not sign contracts or otherwise financially obligate funds under this section until the legislature has approved a specific list of projects.

(3) In contracts for grants authorized under this section the department shall include provisions which require that capital improvements shall be held by the grantee for a specified period of time appropriate to the amount of the grant and that facilities shall be used for the express purpose of the grant. If the grantee is found to be out of compliance with provisions of the contract, the grantee shall repay to the state general fund the principal amount of the grant plus interest calculated at the rate of interest on state of Washington general obligation bonds issued most closely to the date of authorization of the grant."
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.88 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Each state agency shall submit a report to the office of the state auditor listing each nongovernment entity that received over three hundred thousand dollars in state moneys during the previous fiscal year under contract with the agency for purposes related to the provision of social services. The report must be submitted by September 1 each year, and must be in a form prescribed by the office of the state auditor.

(2) The office of the state auditor shall select two groups of entities from the reports for audit as follows:
   (a) The first group shall be selected at random using a procedure prescribed by the office of the state auditor. The office of the state auditor shall ensure that the number of entities selected under this subsection (2)(a) each year is sufficient to ensure a statistically representative sample of all reported entities.
   (b) The second group shall be selected based on a risk assessment of entities conducted by the office of the state auditor in consultation with state agencies. The office of the state auditor shall consider, at a minimum, the following factors when conducting risk assessments: Findings from previous audits; decentralization of decision making and controls; turnover in officials and key personnel; changes in management structure or operations; and the presence of new programs, technologies, or funding sources.

(3) Each entity selected under subsection (2) of this section shall be required to complete a comprehensive entity-wide audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. The audit shall determine, at a minimum, whether:
   (a) The financial statements of the entity are presented fairly in all material respects in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles;
   (b) The schedule of expenditures of state moneys is presented fairly in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole;
   (c) Internal accounting controls exist and are effective; and
   (d) The entity has complied with laws, regulations, and contract and grant provisions that have a direct and material effect on performance of the contract and the expenditure of state moneys.

(4) The office of the state auditor shall prescribe policies and procedures for the conduct of audits under this section. The office of the state auditor shall deem single audits completed in compliance with federal requirements to be in fulfillment of the requirements of this section if the audit meets the requirements of subsection (3)(a) through (d) of this section.

(5) Completed audits must be delivered to the office of the state auditor and the state agency by April 1 in the year following the selection of the entity for audit. Entities must resolve any findings contained in the audit within six months of the delivery of the audit. Entities may not enter into new contracts with state agencies until all major audit findings are resolved.

(6) Nothing in this section limits the authority of the state auditor to carry out statutorily and contractually prescribed powers and duties."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "organizations;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 43.63A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.88 RCW; and creating a new section." and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1325 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.
FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1325 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Ogden and Honeyford spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1325 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1325, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1353 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 47.12.140 and 1981 c 260 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, whenever the department has acquired any lands for transportation purposes, except state granted lands, upon which are located any structures, timber, or other thing of value attached to the land that the department deems it best to sever from the land and sell as personal property, the same may be disposed of by one of the following means:

   (1) The department may sell the personal property at public auction after due notice has been given in accordance with general rules adopted by the secretary. The department may set minimum prices that will be accepted for any item offered for sale at public auction as provided in this section and may prescribe terms or conditions of sale and, in the event that any satisfactory bids are received or the amount bid is less than the minimum set by the department, the department may sell the item at private sale for the best price that it deems obtainable, but not less than the highest price bid at the public auction. The proceeds of all sales under this section must be placed in the motor vehicle fund.

   (2) The department may issue permits to residents of this state to remove specified quantities of standing or downed trees and shrubs, rock, sand, gravel, or soils that have no market value in place and that the department desires to be removed from state-owned lands that are under the jurisdiction of the department. An applicant for a permit must certify that the materials so removed are to be used by the applicant and that they will not be disposed of to"
any other person. Removal of materials (pursuant to) under the permit (shall) must be in accordance with (such regulations as) rules adopted by the department (shall prescribe). The fee for a permit (shall be) is two dollars and fifty cents, which (shall) fee must be deposited in the motor vehicle fund. The department may adopt (such regulations as) rules providing for special access to limited access facilities for the purpose of removal of materials (pursuant to) under permits authorized in this section.

(3) The department may sell timber or logs to an abutting landowner for cash at full appraised value, but only after each other abutting owner (if any), as shown in the records of the county assessor, is notified in writing of the proposed sale. If more than one abutting owner requests in writing the right to purchase the timber within fifteen days after receiving notice of the proposed sale, the timber must be sold in accordance with subsection (1) of this section.

(4) The department may sell timber or logs having an appraised value of one thousand dollars or less directly to interested parties for cash at the full appraised value without notice or advertising. If the timber is attached to state-owned land, the department shall issue a permit to the purchaser of the timber to allow for the removal of the materials from state land. The permit fee is two dollars and fifty cents."

In line 2 of the title, after "lands;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 47.12.140."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1353 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1353 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1353 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


House Bill No. 1353, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
Mr. Speaker: April 8, 1997

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1360 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 43.43 RCW to read as follows:
Washington state patrol officers may engage in private law enforcement off-duty employment in uniform for private benefit, subject to guidelines adopted by the chief of the Washington state patrol. These guidelines must ensure that the integrity and professionalism of the Washington state patrol is preserved. Use of Washington state patrol officer's uniforms shall be considered de minimis use of state property.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 4.92 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The state of Washington is not liable for tortious conduct by Washington state patrol officers that occurs while such officers are engaged in private law enforcement off-duty employment.
(2) Upon petition of the state any suit, for which immunity is granted to the state under subsection (1) of this section, shall be dismissed.
(3) Washington state patrol officers engaged in private law enforcement off-duty employment shall notify, in writing, prior to such employment, anyone who employs Washington state patrol officers in private off-duty employment of the specific provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "officers;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 4.92 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1360 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1360 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1360 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1361 with the following amendments:

On page 5, after line 21, insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 19.28.070 and 1986 c 156 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The director of labor and industries of the state of Washington and the officials of all incorporated cities and towns where electrical inspections are required by local ordinances shall have power and it shall be their duty to enforce the provisions of this chapter in their respective jurisdictions. The director of labor and industries shall (have power to) appoint (an) a chief electrical inspector (and such assistant inspectors as he shall deem necessary to assist him in the performance of his duties) and may appoint other electrical inspectors as the director deems necessary to assist the director in the performance of the director’s duties. The chief electrical inspector, subject to the review of the director, shall be responsible for providing the final interpretation of adopted state electrical standards, rules, and policies for the department and its inspectors, assistant inspectors, electrical plan examiners, and other individuals supervising electrical program personnel. If a dispute arises within the department regarding the interpretation of adopted state electrical standards, rules, or policies, the chief electrical inspector, subject to the review of the director, shall provide the final interpretation of the disputed standard, rule, or policy. All electrical inspectors appointed by the director of labor and industries shall have not less than: Four years experience as journeyman electricians in the electrical construction trade installing and maintaining electrical wiring and equipment, or two years electrical training in a college of electrical engineering of recognized standing and four years continuous practical electrical experience in installation work, or four years of electrical training in a college of electrical engineering of recognized standing and two years continuous practical electrical experience in electrical installation work; or four years experience as a journeyman electrician performing the duties of an electrical inspector employed by the department or a city or town with an approved inspection program under RCW 19.28.360, except that for work performed in accordance with the national electrical safety code and covered by this chapter, such inspections may be performed by a person certified as an outside journeyman lineman, under RCW 19.28.610(2), with four years experience or a person with four years experience as a certified outside journeyman lineman performing the duties of an electrical inspector employed by an electrical utility. Such state inspectors shall be paid such salary as the director of labor and industries shall determine, together with their travel expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 as now existing or hereafter amended. As a condition of employment, inspectors hired exclusively to perform inspections in accordance with the national electrical safety code must possess and maintain certification as an outside journeyman lineman. The expenses of the director of labor and industries and the salaries and expenses of state inspectors incurred in carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall be paid entirely out of the electrical license fund, upon vouchers approved by the director of labor and industries."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "19.28.520," strike "and 19.28.530" and insert "19.28.530, and 19.28.070"

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1361 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1361 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Clements and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1361 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1361, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

**MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE**

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2018 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"HEALTH INSURANCE REFORM
PART I--CONSUMER PROTECTIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. UTILIZATION REVIEW--INTENT. The legislature intends that the delivery of quality health care services to individuals in the state of Washington be consistent with a wise use of resources. It is therefore the purpose of this act to define standards for utilization review of health care services and to promote the delivery of health care in a cost-effective manner. The legislature reaffirms its commitment to improving health care services through encouraging the availability of effective and consistent utilization review throughout this state. The legislature believes that standards for utilization review will help assure quality oversight of individual case evaluations in this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:
UTILIZATION REVIEW--REVIEW ORGANIZATION. (1) Beginning on January 1, 1998, every review organization that performs utilization review of inpatient and outpatient benefits for residents of this state shall meet the standards set forth in this section and section 103 of this act.

(a) Review organizations shall comply with all applicable state and federal laws to protect confidentiality of enrollee medical records.

(b) Any certification by a review organization as to the medical necessity or appropriateness of an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure must be made in accordance with medical standards or guidelines approved by a licensed physician.

(c) Any determination by a review organization to deny an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure on the basis of medical necessity or appropriateness must be made by a licensed physician who has reasonable access to board certified specialty providers in making such determinations.

(d) Review organizations shall make staff available to perform utilization review activities by toll-free or collect telephone, at least forty hours per week during normal business hours.

(e) Review organizations shall have a phone system capable of accepting or recording, or both, incoming phone calls relating to utilization review during other than normal business hours and shall respond to these calls within two business days.

(f) Review organizations shall maintain a documented utilization review program description and written utilization review criteria based on reasonable medical evidence. The program must include a method for reviewing and updating criteria. Review organizations shall make utilization review criteria available upon request to the participating provider involved in a specific case under review.

(g) Review organizations shall designate a licensed physician to participate in utilization review program implementation.

(2) The legislature finds that current utilization review accreditation commission and national committee for quality assurance utilization review standards meet or exceed the requirements of this section. Health carriers who continuously maintain such accreditation are hereby deemed in compliance with this section for their accredited health plans. The office of the insurance commissioner shall periodically examine the review organization accreditation standards of the utilization review accreditation commission and the national committee for quality assurance and report to the legislature to ensure that such standards continue to be substantially equivalent to or exceed the requirements of section 103 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

UTILIZATION REVIEW--STANDARDS. (1) Notification of an initial determination by the review organization to certify an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure must be mailed or otherwise communicated to the provider of record or the enrollee, or the enrollee's authorized representative, or both, within two business days of the determination and following the receipt of all information necessary to complete the review.

(2) Notification of an initial determination by the review organization to deny an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure must be mailed or otherwise communicated to the provider of record or the enrollee, or the enrollee's authorized representative, or both, within one business day of the determination and following the receipt of all information necessary to complete the review.

(3) Any notification of a determination to deny an admission, length of stay, extension of stay, or service or procedure must include:

(a) The review organization's decision in clear terms and the rationale in sufficient detail for the enrollee to respond further to the review organization's decision; and

(b) The procedures to initiate an appeal of an adverse determination.

(4) Health care facilities and providers shall cooperate with the reasonable efforts of review organizations to ensure that all necessary enrollee information is available in a timely fashion by phone during normal business hours. Health care facilities and providers shall allow on-site review of medical records by review organizations. These provisions are subject to the requirements regarding health care information disclosure in chapter 70.02 RCW.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 104. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows: UTILIZATION REVIEW--LIMITED RECORD ACCESS. In performing a utilization review, a review organization is limited to access to specific health care service information necessary to complete the review being performed relating to the covered person.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 105. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES--INTENT. The legislature is committed to the efficient use of state resources in promoting public health and protecting the rights of individuals in the state of Washington. The purpose of this act is to provide standards for the establishment and maintenance of procedures by health carriers to assure that covered persons have the opportunity for the appropriate resolution of their grievances, as defined in this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 106. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows: GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES--STANDARDS. (1) Every health carrier shall use written procedures for receiving and resolving grievances from covered persons. At each level of review of a grievance, the health carrier shall include a person or persons with sufficient background and authority to deliberate the merits of the grievance and establish appropriate terms of resolution. The health carrier’s medical director or designee shall be available to participate in the review of any grievance involving a clinical issue or issues. A grievance that includes an issue of clinical quality of care as determined by the health carrier’s medical director or designee may be directed to the health carrier’s quality assurance committee for review and comment. Nothing in this section alters any protections afforded under statutes relating to confidentiality and nondisclosure of quality assurance activities and information.

(2)(a) A complaint that is not submitted in writing may be resolved directly by the health carrier with the covered person, and is not considered a grievance subject to the review, recording, and reporting requirements of this section.

(b) The health carrier is required to provide telephone access to covered persons for purposes of presenting a complaint for review. Each telephone number provided shall be toll free or collect within the health carrier’s service area and provide reasonable access to the health carrier without undue delays during normal business hours.

(3)(a) A grievance may be submitted by a covered person or a representative acting on behalf of the covered person through written authority to assure protection of the covered person’s private information. Within three working days of receiving a grievance, the health carrier shall acknowledge in writing the receipt of the grievance and the department name and address where additional information may be submitted by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person. The health carrier shall process the grievance in a reasonable length of time not to exceed thirty days from receipt of the written grievance. If the grievance involves the collection of information from sources external to the health carrier and its participating providers, the health carrier has an additional thirty days to process the covered person’s grievance.

(b) The health carrier shall provide the covered person, or authorized representative of the covered person, with a written determination of its review within the time frame specified in (a) of this subsection. The written determination shall contain at a minimum:

(i) The health carrier’s decision in clear terms and the rationale in sufficient detail for the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person to respond further to the health carrier’s decision; and

(ii) When the health carrier’s decision is not wholly favorable to the covered person, a description of the process to obtain a second level grievance review of the decision, including the time frames required for submission of a request by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person.

(4)(a) A health carrier shall provide a second level grievance review for those covered persons who are dissatisfied with the first level grievance review decision and who submit a written request for review. The second level review process shall include an opportunity for the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person to appear in person before the representative or representatives of the health carrier. The covered person or authorized representative of the covered person must ask for a personal appearance in the written request for a second level review.
(b) The health carrier shall process the grievance in a reasonable length of time, not to exceed thirty days from receipt of the request for a second level review. The time required to resolve the second level review may be extended for a specified period if mutually agreed upon by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person and the health carrier.

(c) A health carrier’s procedures for conducting a second level review must include the following:

(i) The second level review panel shall be comprised of representatives of the health carrier not otherwise participating in the first level review. If the grievance involves a clinical issue or issues, the health carrier shall appoint a health care professional with appropriate qualifications to assess the clinical considerations of the case who was not previously involved with the grievance under review and who has no financial interest in the outcome of the review;

(ii) The review panel shall schedule the review meeting to reasonably accommodate the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person and not unreasonably deny a request for postponement of the review requested by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person; and

(iii) The health carrier shall notify the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person in writing at least fifteen days in advance of the scheduled review date unless a shorter time frame is agreed to by the health carrier and the covered person. The review meeting shall be held at a location within the health carrier’s service area that is reasonably accessible to the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person. In cases where a face-to-face meeting is not practical for geographic reasons, a health carrier shall offer the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person the opportunity to communicate with the review panel, at the health carrier’s expense, by conference call, video conferencing, or other appropriate technology as determined by the health carrier.

(d) The health carrier shall issue a written decision to the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person within five working days of completing the review meeting. The decision shall include:

(i) A statement of the health carrier’s understanding of the nature of the grievance and all pertinent facts;

(ii) The health carrier’s decision in clear terms and the rationale for the review panel’s decision; and

(iii) Notice of the covered person’s right to any further review by the health carrier.

(e) Determination of a grievance at the final level review that is unfavorable to the covered person may be submitted by the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person to nonbinding mediation. Mediation shall be conducted under mediation rules similar to those of the American arbitration association, the center for public resources, the judicial arbitration and mediation service, RCW 7.70.100, or any other rules of mediation agreed to by the parties.

(5) Each health carrier as defined in this chapter shall file with the commissioner its procedures for review and adjudication of grievances initiated by covered persons.

(6) The health carrier shall maintain accurate records of each grievance to include the following:

(a) A description of the grievance, the date received by the health carrier, and the name and identification number of the covered person; and

(b) A statement as to which level of the grievance procedure the grievance has been brought, the date at which it was brought to each level, the decision reached at each level, and a summary description of the rationale for the decision.

(7) Each health carrier shall make an annual report available to the commissioner. The report shall include for each type of health benefit plan offered by the health carrier: The number of covered lives; the total number of grievances received divided into the following categories: (a) Access, health carrier customer service, health care provider or facility service, and claim payment; (b) dispute resolution; (c) the number of grievances resolved at each level; and (d) the total number of decisions favorable and unfavorable to the covered person.

(8) A notice of the availability and the requirements of the grievance procedure, including the address where a written grievance may be filed, shall be included in or attached to the policy,
(9) The notice shall include a toll-free or collect telephone number for a covered person to obtain verbal explanation of the grievance procedure.

(10) A health carrier shall establish written procedures for the expedited review of a grievance involving a situation where the time to resolve a grievance according to the procedures set forth in this section would seriously jeopardize the life or health of a covered person. A request for an expedited review may be submitted orally or in writing by a covered person or authorized representative of the covered person. A health carrier’s procedures for establishing an expedited review process shall include the following:

(a) The health carrier shall appoint an appropriate health care professional to participate in expedited reviews and shall provide reasonable access to board-certified specialty providers as typically manage the issue under review.

(b) A health carrier shall provide expedited review to all requests concerning an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or review of a health care service for a covered person who has received emergency services but has not been discharged from a facility.

(c) All necessary information, including the health carrier’s decision, shall be transmitted between the health carrier and the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person by telephone, facsimile, or the most expeditious method available as determined by the health carrier.

(d) A health carrier shall make a decision and notify the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person as expeditiously as the medical condition of the covered person requires, but no more than two business days after the request for expedited review is received by the health carrier. If the expedited review is a concurrent review determination, the service shall be continued without liability to the covered person until the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person has been notified of the decision by the health carrier.

(e) A health carrier shall provide written confirmation of its decision concerning an expedited review within two working days of providing notification of that decision to the enrollee, if the initial notification was not in writing. The written notification shall contain the provisions required in subsection (3) of this section pertaining to a first level grievance review.

(f) In any case where the expedited review process does not resolve a difference of opinion between a health carrier and the covered person, the covered person or authorized representative of the covered person may request a second level grievance review. In conducting the second level grievance review, the health carrier shall adhere to time frames that are reasonable under the circumstances, but in no event to exceed the time frames specified in subsection (4) of this section pertaining to second level grievance review.

(11) The legislature finds that current national committee for quality assurance grievance procedure standards meet or exceed the requirements of this section. Health carriers who continuously maintain such accreditation are hereby deemed in compliance with this section for their accredited health plans. The office of the insurance commissioner shall periodically examine the accreditation standards of the national committee for quality assurance and report to the legislature to ensure that such standards continue to be substantially equivalent to or exceed the requirements of this section.

Sec. 107. RCW 48.43.055 and 1995 c 265 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE FOR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS. Each health carrier as defined under RCW 48.43.005 shall file with the commissioner its procedures for review and adjudication of complaints initiated by ((covered persons or))) a health care provider((s))). Procedures filed under this section shall provide a fair review for consideration of complaints. Every health carrier shall provide reasonable means whereby ((any person)) a health care provider aggrieved by actions of the health carrier may be heard in person or by their authorized representative on their written request for review. If the health carrier fails to grant or reject such request within thirty days after it is made, the complaining ((person)) provider may proceed as if the complaint had been rejected. A complaint that has been rejected by the health carrier may be submitted to nonbinding mediation. Mediation shall be conducted pursuant to mediation rules similar to those of the American arbitration association, the
NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES--REPEALER. RCW 48.46.100 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 290 s 11 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. NETWORK ADEQUACY--INTENT. The legislature declares that it is in the public interest that health carriers utilizing provider networks use reasonable means of assessing that their provider networks are adequate to provide covered services to their enrollees. The legislature finds that empirical assessment of provider network adequacy is in developmental stages, and that rigid, formulaic approaches are unworkable and inhibit innovation and approaches tailored to meet the needs of varying communities and populations. The legislature therefore finds that, given these limitations, an assessment is needed to determine whether network adequacy requirements are needed and, if necessary, whether the type of measures used by current accreditation programs, such as the national committee on quality assurance, meets these needs.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. NETWORK ADEQUACY--STUDY AND RESTRICTION. (1) The health care authority, in consultation with the office of the insurance commissioner, the department of social and health services, the department of health, consumers, providers, and health carriers, shall review the need for network adequacy requirements. The review must include an evaluation of the approaches used by the national committee on quality assurance and any similar, nationally recognized accreditation programs. The department shall submit its report and recommendations to the health care committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, and include recommendations on:
   (a) Whether legislatively determined network adequacy requirements are necessary and advisable and the evidence to support this;
   (b) If standards are needed, to what extent such standards can be made consistent with the national committee on quality assurance standards, and whether national committee on quality assurance accredited carriers, or carriers accredited by other, nationally recognized accreditation programs, should be exempted from state review and requirements;
   (c) Whether and how the state could promote uniformity of approach across commercial purchaser requirements and state and federal agency requirements so as to assure adequate consumer access while promoting the most efficient use of public and private health care financial resources;
   (d) Means to assure that health carriers and health systems maintain the flexibility necessary to responsibly determine the best ways to meet the needs of the populations they serve while controlling the costs of the health care services provided;
   (e) Which types of health systems and health carriers should be subject to network adequacy requirements, if any; and
   (f) An objective estimate of the potential costs of such requirements and any recommended oversight functions.

   (2) No agency may engage in rule making relating to network adequacy until the legislature has reviewed the findings and recommendations of the study and has passed legislation authorizing the department of health or other appropriate agency to engage in rule making in this area in accordance with the policy direction set by the legislature.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:
ACCESS PLAN REQUIREMENTS. (1) Beginning July 1, 1997, every health carrier, as defined in RCW 48.43.005, shall develop and update annually an access plan that meets the requirements of this section for each of the health care networks that the carrier offers in this state. The health carrier shall make the access plans available on its business premises and shall provide nonproprietary information to any interested party upon request. The carrier shall prepare an access plan prior to offering a health plan utilizing a substantially different health care network. The plan shall include, at least, the following:
   (a) The health carrier’s network of providers and facilities by license, certification and registration type, and by geographic location;
(b) The health carrier’s process for monitoring and assuring on an ongoing basis the sufficiency of the provider network to meet the covered health care needs of its enrolled populations; and
(c) The health carrier’s methods for assessing the health care needs of covered persons and their satisfaction with services.

(2) On or before August 1, 1997, each health carrier shall submit its access plan or plans to the Washington state health care authority for purposes of assisting the authority with its report and recommendations on network adequacy standards required under section 110 of this act.

(3) The legislature finds that current national committee for quality assurance network adequacy standards meet or exceed the requirements of this section. Health carriers who continuously maintain such accreditation are hereby deemed in compliance with this section for their accredited health plans. The office of the insurance commissioner shall periodically examine the accreditation standards of the national committee for quality assurance and report to the legislature to ensure that such standards continue to be substantially equivalent to or exceed the requirements of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. A new section is added to chapter 74.09 RCW to read as follows:

MEDICAL ASSISTANCE WAIVERS. To the extent that federal statutes or regulations, or provisions of waivers granted to the department of social and health services by the federal department of health and human services, include standards that differ from the minimums stated in sections 101 through 106, 109, and 111 of this act, those sections do not apply to contracts with health carriers awarded pursuant to RCW 74.09.522.

PART II--MARKETPLACE STABILITY

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. LEGISLATIVE INTENT. The legislature intends that individuals in the state of Washington have access to affordable individual health plan coverage. The legislature reaffirms its commitment to guaranteed issue and renewability, portability, and limitations on use of preexisting condition exclusions. The legislature also finds that the lack of incentives for individuals to purchase and maintain coverage independent of anticipated need for health care has contributed to soaring health care claims experience in many individual health plans. The legislature therefore intends that refinements be made to the state’s individual market reform laws to provide needed incentives and to help assure that more affordable coverage is accessible to Washington residents.

Sec. 202. RCW 48.43.005 and 1995 c 265 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

DEFINITIONS. Unless otherwise specifically provided, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Adjusted community rate" means the rating method used to establish the premium for health plans adjusted to reflect actuarially demonstrated differences in utilization or cost attributable to geographic region, age, family size, and use of wellness activities.
(2) "Basic health plan" means the plan described under chapter 70.47 RCW, as revised from time to time.
(3) "Basic health plan model plan" means a health plan as required in RCW 70.47.060(2)(d).
(4) "Basic health plan services" means that schedule of covered health services, including the description of how those benefits are to be administered, that are required to be delivered to an enrollee under the basic health plan, as revised from time to time.
(5) "Certification" means a determination by a review organization that an admission, extension of stay, or other health care service or procedure has been reviewed and, based on the information provided, meets the clinical requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, level of care, or effectiveness under the auspices of the applicable health benefit plan.
(6) "Concurrent review" means utilization review conducted during a patient’s hospital stay or course of treatment.
(7) "Covered person" or "enrollee" means a person covered by a health plan including an enrollee, subscriber, policyholder, beneficiary of a group plan, or individual covered by any other health plan.
(8) "Dependent" means, at a minimum, the enrollee’s legal spouse and unmarried dependent children who qualify for coverage under the enrollee’s health benefit plan.
"Eligible employee" means an employee who works on a full-time basis with a normal work week of thirty or more hours. The term includes a self-employed individual, including a sole proprietor, a partner of a partnership, and may include an independent contractor, if the self-employed individual, sole proprietor, partner, or independent contractor is included as an employee under a health benefit plan of a small employer, but does not work less than thirty hours per week and derives at least seventy-five percent of his or her income from a trade or business through which he or she has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he or she has filed the appropriate internal revenue service form. Persons covered under a health benefit plan pursuant to the consolidated omnibus budget reconciliation act of 1986 shall not be considered eligible employees for purposes of minimum participation requirements of chapter 265, Laws of 1995.

"Emergency medical condition" means the emergent and acute onset of a symptom or symptoms, including severe pain, that would lead a prudent layperson acting reasonably to believe that a health condition exists that requires immediate medical attention, if failure to provide medical attention would result in serious impairment to bodily functions or serious dysfunction of a bodily organ or part, or would place the person’s health in serious jeopardy.

"Emergency services" means otherwise covered health care services medically necessary to evaluate and treat an emergency medical condition, provided in a hospital emergency department.

"Enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing" means amounts paid to health carriers directly providing services, health care providers, or health care facilities by enrollees and may include copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles.

"Grievance" means a written complaint submitted by or on behalf of a covered person regarding: (a) Denial of payment for medical services or nonprovision of medical services included in the covered person’s health benefit plan, or (b) service delivery issues other than denial of payment for medical services or nonprovision of medical services, including dissatisfaction with medical care, waiting time for medical services, provider or staff attitude or demeanor, or dissatisfaction with service provided by the health carrier.

"Health care facility" or "facility" means hospices licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, hospitals licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, rural health care facilities as defined in RCW 70.175.020, psychiatric hospitals licensed under chapter 71.12 RCW, nursing homes licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW, community mental health centers licensed under chapter 71.05 or 71.24 RCW, kidney disease treatment centers licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, ambulatory diagnostic, treatment, or surgical facilities licensed under chapter 70.41 RCW, drug and alcohol treatment facilities licensed under chapter 70.96A RCW, and home health agencies licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, and includes such facilities if owned and operated by a political subdivision or instrumentality of the state and such other facilities as required by federal law and implementing regulations.

"Health care provider" or "provider" means:
(a) A person regulated under Title 18 or chapter 70.127 RCW, to practice health or health-related services or otherwise practicing health care services in this state consistent with state law; or
(b) An employee or agent of a person described in (a) of this subsection, acting in the course and scope of his or her employment.

"Health care services" means that service offered or provided by health care facilities and health care providers relating to the prevention, cure, or treatment of illness, injury, or disease.

"Health carrier" or "carrier" means a disability insurer regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, a health care service contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or a health maintenance organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020.

"Health plan" or "health benefit plan" means any policy, contract, or agreement offered by a health carrier to provide, arrange, reimburse, or pay for health care services except the following:
(a) Long-term care insurance governed by chapter 48.84 RCW;
(b) Medicare supplemental health insurance governed by chapter 48.66 RCW;
(c) Limited health care services offered by limited health care service contractors in accordance with RCW 48.44.035;
(d) Disability income;
(e) Coverage incidental to a property/casualty liability insurance policy such as automobile personal injury protection coverage and homeowner guest medical;
(f) Workers' compensation coverage;
(g) Accident only coverage;
(h) Specified disease and hospital confinement indemnity when marketed solely as a supplement to a health plan;
(i) Employer-sponsored self-funded health plans; and
(j) Dental only and vision only coverage.

(10) "Basic health plan services" means that schedule of covered health services, including the description of how those benefits are to be administered, that are required to be delivered to an enrollee under the basic health plan, as revised from time to time.

(19) "Material modification" means a change in the actuarial value of the health plan as modified of more than five percent but less than fifteen percent.

(20) "Open enrollment" means the annual sixty-two day period during the months of July and August during which every health carrier offering individual health plan coverage must accept onto individual coverage any state resident within the carrier's service area regardless of health condition who submits an application in accordance with RCW 48.43.035(1).

(21) "Preexisting condition" means any medical condition, illness, or injury that existed any time prior to the effective date of coverage.

(22) "Premium" means all sums charged, received, or deposited by a health carrier as consideration for a health plan or the continuance of a health plan. Any assessment or any "membership," "policy," "contract," "service," or similar fee or charge made by a health carrier in consideration for a health plan is deemed part of the premium. "Premium" shall not include amounts paid as enrollee point-of-service cost-sharing.

(23) "Review organization" means a disability insurer regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW, health care service contractor as defined in RCW 48.44.010, or health maintenance organization as defined in RCW 48.46.020, and entities affiliated with, under contract with, or acting on behalf of a health carrier to perform a utilization review.

(24) "Small employer" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership, association, political subdivision except school districts, or self-employed individual that is actively engaged in business that, on at least fifty percent of its working days during the preceding calendar quarter, employed no more than fifty eligible employees, with a normal work week of thirty or more hours, the majority of whom were employed within this state, and is not formed primarily for purposes of buying health insurance and in which a bona fide employer-employee relationship exists. In determining the number of eligible employees, companies that are affiliated companies, or that are eligible to file a combined tax return for purposes of taxation by this state, shall be considered an employer. Subsequent to the issuance of a health plan to a small employer and for the purpose of determining eligibility, the size of a small employer shall be determined annually. Except as otherwise specifically provided, a small employer shall continue to be considered a small employer until the plan anniversary following the date the small employer no longer meets the requirements of this definition. The term "small employer" includes a self-employed individual or sole proprietor. The term "small employer" also includes a self-employed individual or sole proprietor who derives at least seventy-five percent of his or her income from a trade or business through which the individual or sole proprietor has attempted to earn taxable income and for which he or she has filed the appropriate internal revenue service form 1040, schedule C or F, for the previous taxable year.

(25) "Utilization review" means the prospective, concurrent, or retrospective assessment of the necessity and appropriateness of the allocation of health care resources and services of a provider or facility, given or proposed to be given to an enrollee or group of enrollees.

(26) "Wellness activity" means an explicit program of an activity consistent with department of health guidelines, such as, smoking cessation, injury and accident prevention, reduction of alcohol misuse, appropriate weight reduction, exercise, automobile and motorcycle safety, blood cholesterol reduction, and nutrition education for the purpose of improving enrollee health status and reducing health service costs.
Sec. 203. RCW 48.43.025 and 1995 c 265 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

PREEXISTING CONDITION LIMITATIONS MODIFIED. (1) Except as otherwise specified in this section and in RCW 48.43.035:

(a) No carrier may reject an individual for health plan coverage based upon preexisting conditions of the individual.

(b) No carrier may deny, exclude, or otherwise limit coverage for an individual’s preexisting health conditions; except that a carrier may impose a three-month benefit waiting period for preexisting conditions for which medical advice was given, or for which a health care provider recommended or provided treatment within three months before the effective date of coverage.

(c) Every health carrier offering any individual health plan to any individual must allow open enrollment to eligible applicants into all individual health plans offered by the carrier during the full month of July of each year. The individual health plans exempt from guaranteed continuity under RCW 48.43.035(4) are exempt from this requirement. All applications for open enrollment coverage must be complete and postmarked to or received by the carrier in the months of July or August in any year following the effective date of this section. Coverage for these applicants must begin the first day of the next month subject to receipt of timely payment consistent with the terms of the policies.

(d) At any time other than the open enrollment period specified in (c) of this subsection, a carrier may either decline to accept an applicant for enrollment or apply to such applicant’s coverage a preexisting condition benefit waiting period not to exceed the amount of time remaining until the next open enrollment period, or three months, whichever is greater, provided that in either case all of the following conditions are met:

(i) The applicant has not maintained coverage as required in (f) of this subsection;

(ii) The applicant is not applying as a newly eligible dependent meeting the requirements of (g) of this subsection; and

(iii) The carrier uses uniform health evaluation criteria and practices among all individual health plans it offers.

(e) If a carrier exercises the options specified in (d) of this subsection it must advise the applicant in writing within ten business days of such decision. Notice of the availability of Washington state health insurance pool coverage and a brochure outlining the benefits and exclusions of the Washington state health insurance pool policy or policies must be provided in accordance with RCW 48.41.180 to any person rejected for individual health plan coverage, who has had any health condition limited or excluded through health underwriting or who otherwise meets requirements for notice in chapter 48.41 RCW. Provided timely and complete application is received by the pool, eligible individuals shall be enrolled in the Washington state health insurance pool in an expeditious manner as determined by the board of directors of the pool.

(f) A carrier may not refuse enrollment at any time based upon health evaluation criteria to otherwise eligible applicants who have been covered for any part of the three-month period immediately preceding the date of application for the new individual health plan under a comparable group or individual health benefit plan with substantially similar benefits. For purposes of this subsection, in addition to provisions in RCW 48.43.015, the following publicly administered coverage shall be considered comparable health benefit plans: The basic health plan established by chapter 70.47 RCW; the medical assistance program established by chapter 74.09 RCW; and the Washington state health insurance pool, established by chapter 48.41 RCW, as long as the person is continuously enrolled in the pool until the next open enrollment period. If the person is enrolled in the pool for less than three months, she or he will be credited for that period up to three months.

(g) A carrier must accept for enrollment all newly eligible dependents of an enrollee for enrollment onto the enrollee’s individual health plan at any time of the year, provided application is made within sixty-three days of eligibility, or such longer time as provided by law or contract.

(h) At no time are carriers required to accept for enrollment any individual residing outside the state of Washington, except for qualifying dependents who reside outside the carrier service area.
No carrier may avoid the requirements of this section through the creation of a new rate classification or the modification of an existing rate classification. A new or changed rate classification will be deemed an attempt to avoid the provisions of this section if the new or changed classification would substantially discourage applications for coverage from individuals or groups who are higher than average health risks. The provisions of this section apply only to individuals who are Washington residents.

Sec. 204. RCW 48.43.035 and 1995 c 265 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

GUARANTEED ISSUE AND CONTINUITY OF COVERAGE MODIFIED. (1) All health carriers shall accept for enrollment any state resident within the carrier’s service area and provide or assure the provision of all covered services regardless of age, sex, family structure, ethnicity, race, health condition, geographic location, employment status, socioeconomic status, other condition or situation, or the provisions of RCW 49.60.174(2). The insurance commissioner may grant a temporary exemption from this subsection, if, upon application by a health carrier the commissioner finds that the clinical, financial, or administrative capacity to serve existing enrollees will be impaired if a health carrier is required to continue enrollment of additional eligible individuals.

(2) Except as provided in subsection ((5)) (6) of this section, all health plans shall contain or incorporate by endorsement a guarantee of the continuity of coverage of the plan. For the purposes of this section, a plan is "renewed" when it is continued beyond the earliest date upon which, at the carrier’s sole option, the plan could have been terminated for other than nonpayment of premium. In the case of group plans, the carrier may consider the group’s anniversary date as the renewal date for purposes of complying with the provisions of this section.

(3) The guarantee of continuity of coverage required in health plans shall not prevent a carrier from canceling or nonrenewing a health plan for:
   (a) Nonpayment of premium;
   (b) Violation of published policies of the carrier approved by the insurance commissioner;
   (c) Covered persons entitled to become eligible for medicare benefits by reason of age who fail to apply for a medicare supplement plan or medicare cost, risk, or other plan offered by the carrier pursuant to federal laws and regulations;
   (d) Covered persons who fail to pay any deductible or copayment amount owed to the carrier and not the provider of health care services;
   (e) Covered persons committing fraudulent acts as to the carrier;
   (f) Covered persons who materially breach the health plan; (or)
   (g) Change or implementation of federal or state laws that no longer permit the continued offering of such coverage; or
   (h) Cessation of a plan in accordance with subsection (5) or (7) of this section.

(4) The provisions of this section do not apply in the following cases:
   (a) A carrier has zero enrollment on a product; (or)
   (b) A carrier replaces a product and the replacement product is provided to all covered persons within that class or line of business, includes all of the services covered under the replaced product, and does not significantly limit access to the kind of services covered under the replaced product. The health plan may also allow unrestricted conversion to a fully comparable product; or
   (c) A carrier is withdrawing from a service area or from a segment of its service area because the carrier has demonstrated to the insurance commissioner that the carrier’s clinical, financial, or administrative capacity to serve enrollees would be exceeded.

(5) A health carrier may discontinue or materially modify a particular health plan, only if:
   (a) The health carrier provides notice to each covered person or group provided coverage of this type of such discontinuation or modification at least ninety days prior to the date of the discontinuation or modification of coverage;
   (b) The health carrier offers to each covered person provided coverage of this type the option to purchase any other health plan currently being offered by the health carrier to similar covered persons in the market category and geographic area; and
(c) In exercising the option to discontinue or modify a particular health plan and in offering the option of coverage under (b) of this subsection, the health carrier acts uniformly without regard to any health-status related factor of covered persons or persons who may become eligible for coverage.

(6) The provisions of this section do not apply to health plans deemed by the insurance commissioner to be unique or limited or have a short-term purpose, after a written request for such classification by the carrier and subsequent written approval by the insurance commissioner.

(7) A health carrier may discontinue all health plan coverage in one or more of the following lines of business:
   (a)(i) Individual; or
   (ii)(A) Small group (1-50 eligible employees); and
   (B) Large group (51+ eligible employees);
   (b) Only if:
      (i) The health carrier provides notice to the office of the insurance commissioner and to each person covered by a plan within the line of business of such discontinuation at least one hundred eighty days prior to the expiration of coverage; and
      (ii) All plans issued or delivered in the state by the health carrier in such line of business are discontinued, and coverage under such plans in such line of business is not renewed; and
      (iii) The health carrier may not issue any health plan coverage in the line of business and state involved during the five-year period beginning on the date of the discontinuation of the last health plan not so renewed.

(8) The portability provisions of RCW 48.43.015 continue to apply to all enrollees whose health insurance coverage is modified or discontinued pursuant to this section.

(9) Nothing in this section modifies a health carrier's responsibility to offer the basic health plan model plan as required by RCW 70.47.060(2)(d).

Sec. 205. RCW 48.43.045 and 1995 c 265 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
MODIFYING CARRIER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS. Every health plan delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed by a health carrier on and after January 1, 1996, shall:
(1) Permit every category of health care provider to provide health services or care for conditions included in the basic health plan services to the extent that:
   (a) The provision of such health services or care is within the health care providers' permitted scope of practice; and
   (b) The providers agree to abide by standards related to:
      (i) Provision, utilization review, and cost containment of health services;
      (ii) Management and administrative procedures; and
      (iii) Provision of cost-effective and clinically efficacious health services.
   (2) Annually report the names and addresses of all officers, directors, or trustees of the health carrier during the preceding year, and the amount of wages, expense reimbursements, or other payments to such individuals. This requirement does not apply to a foreign or alien insurer regulated under chapter 48.20 or 48.21 RCW that files a supplemental compensation exhibit in its annual statement as required by law.

Sec. 206. RCW 70.47.060 and 1995 c 266 s 1 and 1995 c 2 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
MODEL PLAN DEFINED. The administrator has the following powers and duties:
(1) To design and from time to time revise a schedule of covered basic health care services, including physician services, inpatient and outpatient hospital services, prescription drugs and medications, and other services that may be necessary for basic health care. In addition, the administrator may offer as basic health plan services chemical dependency services, mental health services and organ transplant services; however, no one service or any combination of these three services shall increase the actuarial value of the basic health plan benefits by more than five percent excluding inflation, as determined by the office of financial management. All subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees in any participating managed health care system under the Washington basic health plan shall be entitled to receive (**covered basic health care services**) covered basic health care
services in return for premium payments to the plan. The schedule of services shall emphasize proven preventive and primary health care and shall include all services necessary for prenatal, postnatal, and well-child care. However, with respect to coverage for groups of subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that such services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the managed care provider. The schedule of services shall also include a separate schedule of basic health care services for children, eighteen years of age and younger, for those subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees who choose to secure basic coverage through the plan only for their dependent children. In designing and revising the schedule of services, the administrator shall consider the guidelines for assessing health services under the mandated benefits act of 1984, RCW 48.42.080, and such other factors as the administrator deems appropriate.

However, with respect to coverage for subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that the services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the managed care provider.

(2)(a) To design and implement a structure of periodic premiums due the administrator from subsidized enrollees that is based upon gross family income, giving appropriate consideration to family size and the ages of all family members. The enrollment of children shall not require the enrollment of their parent or parents who are eligible for the plan. The structure of periodic premiums shall be applied to subsidized enrollees entering the plan as individuals pursuant to subsection (9) of this section and to the share of the cost of the plan due from subsidized enrollees entering the plan as employees pursuant to subsection (10) of this section.

(b) To determine the periodic premiums due the administrator from nonsubsidized enrollees. Premiums due from nonsubsidized enrollees shall be in an amount equal to the cost charged by the managed health care system provider to the state for the plan plus the administrative cost of providing the plan to those enrollees and the premium tax under RCW 48.14.0201.

(c) An employer or other financial sponsor may, with the prior approval of the administrator, pay the premium, rate, or any other amount on behalf of a subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollee, by arrangement with the enrollee and through a mechanism acceptable to the administrator, but in no case shall the payment made on behalf of the enrollee exceed the total premiums due from the enrollee.

(d) To develop, as an offering by every health carrier providing coverage identical to the basic health plan, as configured on January 1, 1996, a basic health plan model plan with uniformity in enrollee cost-sharing requirements.

(3) To design and implement a structure of enrollee cost sharing due a managed health care system from subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees. The structure shall discourage inappropriate enrollee utilization of health care services, and may utilize copayments, deductibles, and other cost-sharing mechanisms, but shall not be so costly to enrollees as to constitute a barrier to appropriate utilization of necessary health care services.

(4) To limit enrollment of persons who qualify for subsidies so as to prevent an overexpenditure of appropriations for such purposes. Whenever the administrator finds that there is danger of such an overexpenditure, the administrator shall close enrollment until the administrator finds the danger no longer exists.

(5) To limit the payment of subsidies to subsidized enrollees, as defined in RCW 70.47.020. The level of subsidy provided to persons who qualify may be based on the lowest cost plans, as defined by the administrator.

(6) To adopt a schedule for the orderly development of the delivery of services and availability of the plan to residents of the state, subject to the limitations contained in RCW 70.47.080 or any act appropriating funds for the plan.

(7) To solicit and accept applications from managed health care systems, as defined in this chapter, for inclusion as eligible basic health care providers under the plan. The administrator shall endeavor to assure that covered basic health care services are available to any enrollee of the plan from among a selection of two or more participating managed health care systems. In adopting any rules or
procedures applicable to managed health care systems and in its dealings with such systems, the
administrator shall consider and make suitable allowance for the need for health care services and the
differences in local availability of health care resources, along with other resources, within and among
the several areas of the state. Contracts with participating managed health care systems shall ensure that
basic health plan enrollees who become eligible for medical assistance may, at their option, continue to
receive services from their existing providers within the managed health care system if such providers
have entered into provider agreements with the department of social and health services.

(8) To receive periodic premiums from or on behalf of subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees,deposit them in the basic health plan operating account, keep records of enrollee status, and authorize
periodic payments to managed health care systems on the basis of the number of enrollees participating
in the respective managed health care systems.

(9) To accept applications from individuals residing in areas served by the plan, on behalf of
themselves and their spouses and dependent children, for enrollment in the Washington basic health
plan as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, to establish appropriate minimum-enrollment periods for
enrollees as may be necessary, and to determine, upon application and on a reasonable schedule
defined by the authority, or at the request of any enrollee, eligibility due to current gross family income
for sliding scale premiums. No subsidy may be paid with respect to any enrollee whose current gross
family income exceeds twice the federal poverty level or, subject to RCW 70.47.110, who is a
recipient of medical assistance or medical care services under chapter 74.09 RCW. If, as a result of an
eligibility review, the administrator determines that a subsidized enrollee’s income exceeds twice the
federal poverty level and that the enrollee knowingly failed to inform the plan of such increase in
income, the administrator may bill the enrollee for the subsidy paid on the enrollee’s behalf during the
period of time that the enrollee’s income exceeded twice the federal poverty level. If a number of
enrollees drop their enrollment for no apparent good cause, the administrator may establish appropriate
rules or requirements that are applicable to such individuals before they will be allowed to reenroll in
the plan.

(10) To accept applications from business owners on behalf of themselves and their employees,
spouses, and dependent children, as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, who reside in an area
served by the plan. The administrator may require all or the substantial majority of the eligible
employees of such businesses to enroll in the plan and establish those procedures necessary to facilitate
the orderly enrollment of groups in the plan and into a managed health care system. The administrator
may require that a business owner pay at least an amount equal to what the employee pays after the
state pays its portion of the subsidized premium cost of the plan on behalf of each employee enrolled in
the plan. Enrollment is limited to those not eligible for medicare who wish to enroll in the plan and
choose to obtain the basic health care coverage and services from a managed care system participating
in the plan. The administrator shall adjust the amount determined to be due on behalf of or from all
such enrollees whenever the amount negotiated by the administrator with the participating managed
health care system or systems is modified or the administrative cost of providing the plan to such
enrollees changes.

(11) To determine the rate to be paid to each participating managed health care system in return
for the provision of covered basic health care services to enrollees in the system. Although the schedule
of covered basic health care services will be the same for similar enrollees, the rates negotiated with
participating managed health care systems may vary among the systems. In negotiating rates with
participating systems, the administrator shall consider the characteristics of the populations served by
the respective systems, economic circumstances of the local area, the need to conserve the resources of
the basic health plan trust account, and other factors the administrator finds relevant.

(12) To monitor the provision of covered services to enrollees by participating managed health
care systems in order to assure enrollee access to good quality basic health care, to require periodic
data reports concerning the utilization of health care services rendered to enrollees in order to provide
adequate information for evaluation, and to inspect the books and records of participating managed
health care systems to assure compliance with the purposes of this chapter. In requiring reports from
participating managed health care systems, including data on services rendered enrollees, the
administrator shall endeavor to minimize costs, both to the managed health care systems and to the
plan. The administrator shall coordinate any such reporting requirements with other state agencies, such as the insurance commissioner and the department of health, to minimize duplication of effort.

(13) To evaluate the effects this chapter has on private employer-based health care coverage and to take appropriate measures consistent with state and federal statutes that will discourage the reduction of such coverage in the state.

(14) To develop a program of proven preventive health measures and to integrate it into the plan wherever possible and consistent with this chapter.

(15) To provide, consistent with available funding, assistance for rural residents, underserved populations, and persons of color.

**Sec. 207.** RCW 48.20.028 and 1995 c 265 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

TENURE DISCOUNTS--INDIVIDUAL DISABILITY COVERAGE. (1)(a) An insurer offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health ((services)) benefits that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan subject to RCW 48.43.025 and 48.43.035. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an insurer from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. An insurer offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.20.390, 48.20.393, 48.20.395, 48.20.397, 48.20.410, 48.20.411, 48.20.412, 48.20.416, and 48.20.420 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premiums for health benefit plans for individuals shall be calculated using the adjusted community rating method that spreads financial risk across the carrier's entire individual product population. All such rates shall conform to the following:

(a) The insurer shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; (and)
(iv) Tenure discounts; and
(v) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The insurer shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the family composition;
(ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
(iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a
provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(h) A tenure discount for continuous enrollment in the health plan of two years or more may be offered, not to exceed ten percent.

(3) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.21.045.

(4) As used in this section, "health benefit plan," "basic health plan," "adjusted community rate," and "wellness activities" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 208. RCW 48.44.022 and 1995 c 265 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

TENURE DISCOUNTS--HEALTH CARE SERVICE CONTRACTORS. (1)(a) A health care service contractor offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health services that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan, subject to the provisions in RCW 48.43.025 and 48.43.035. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a contractor from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. A contractor offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.44.225, 48.44.240, 48.44.245, 48.44.290, 48.44.300, 48.44.310, 48.44.320, 48.44.325, 48.44.330, 48.44.335, 48.44.340, 48.44.344, 48.44.360, 48.44.400, 48.44.440, 48.44.450, and 48.44.460 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The health care service contractor shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;

(ii) Family size;

(iii) Age; ((and))

(iv) Tenure discounts; and

(v) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The health care service contractor shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the family composition;

(ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
(iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(h) A tenure discount for continuous enrollment in the health plan of two years or more may be offered, not to exceed ten percent.

(3) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.44.023.

(4) As used in this section and RCW 48.44.023 "health benefit plan," "small employer," "basic health plan," "adjusted community rates," and "wellness activities" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 209. RCW 48.46.064 and 1995 c 265 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

TENURE DISCOUNTS--HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS. (1)(a) A health maintenance organization offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health benefits that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan, subject to the provisions in RCW 48.43.025 and 48.43.035. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a health maintenance organization from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. A health maintenance organization offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.46.275, 48.46.280, 48.46.285, 48.46.290, 48.46.350, 48.46.355, 48.46.375, 48.46.440, 48.46.480, 48.46.510, 48.46.520, and 48.46.530 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The health maintenance organization shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;

(ii) Family size;

(iii) Age; and

(iv) Tenure discounts; and

(v) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The health maintenance organization shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.
(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:
   (i) Changes to the family composition;
   (ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
   (iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.
   (g) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.
   (h) A tenure discount for continuous enrollment in the health plan of two years or more may be offered, not to exceed ten percent.

(3) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.46.066.

(4) As used in this section and RCW 48.46.066, "health benefit plan," "basic health plan," "adjusted community rate," "small employer," and "wellness activities" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 210. RCW 48.41.030 and 1989 c 121 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, the following terms have the meaning indicated, unless the context requires otherwise:

1. "Accounting year" means a twelve-month period determined by the board for purposes of record-keeping and accounting. The first accounting year may be more or less than twelve months and, from time to time in subsequent years, the board may order an accounting year of other than twelve months as may be required for orderly management and accounting of the pool.

2. "Administrator" means the entity chosen by the board to administer the pool under RCW 48.41.080.

3. "Board" means the board of directors of the pool.

4. "Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner.

5. "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in RCW 70.38.025.

6. "Health care provider" means any physician, facility, or health care professional, who is licensed in Washington state and entitled to reimbursement for health care services.

7. "Health care services" means services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or healing human illness or injury.

8. "Health insurance coverage" means any group or individual disability insurance policy, health care service contract, and health maintenance agreement, except those contracts entered into for the provision of health care services pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq. The term does not include short-term care, long-term care, dental, vision, accident, fixed indemnity, disability income contracts, civilian health and medical program for the uniform services (CHAMPUS), 10 U.S.C. 55, limited benefit or credit insurance, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, insurance arising out of the worker’s compensation or similar law, automobile medical payment insurance, or insurance under which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and which is statutorily required to be contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance.

9. "Health plan" means any arrangement by which persons, including dependents or spouses, covered or making application to be covered under this pool, have access to hospital and medical benefits or reimbursement including any group or individual disability insurance policy; health care service contract; health maintenance agreement; uninsured arrangements of group or group-type contracts including employer self-insured, cost-plus, or other benefit methodologies not involving insurance or not governed by Title 48 RCW; coverage under group-type contracts which are not available to the general public and can be obtained only because of connection with a particular organization or group; and coverage by medicare or other governmental benefits. This term includes coverage through "health insurance coverage" as defined under this section, and specifically
excludes those types of programs excluded under the definition of "health ((insurance)) coverage" in subsection (8) of this section.

(10) "Insured" means any individual resident of this state who is eligible to receive benefits from any member, or other health plan.

(11) "Medical assistance" means coverage under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C., Sec. 1396 et seq.) and chapter 74.09 RCW.

(12) "Medicare" means coverage under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq., as amended).

(13) "Member" means any commercial insurer which provides disability insurance, any health care service contractor, and any health maintenance organization licensed under Title 48 RCW. "Member" shall also mean, as soon as authorized by federal law, employers and other entities, including a self-funding entity and employee welfare benefit plans that provide health plan benefits in this state on or after May 18, 1987. "Member" does not include any insurer, health care service contractor, or health maintenance organization whose products are exclusively dental products or those products excluded from the definition of "health ((insurance)) coverage" set forth in subsection (8) of this section.

(14) "Network provider" means a health care provider who has contracted in writing with the pool administrator to accept payment from and to look solely to the pool according to the terms of the pool health plans.

(15) "Plan of operation" means the pool, including articles, by-laws, and operating rules, adopted by the board pursuant to RCW 48.41.050.

(16) "Point of service plan" means a benefit plan offered by the pool under which a covered person may elect to receive covered services from network providers, or nonnetwork providers at a reduced rate of benefits.

(17) "Pool" means the Washington state health insurance pool as created in RCW 48.41.040.

Sec. 211. RCW 48.41.060 and 1989 c 121 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--BOARD POWERS MODIFIED. The board shall have the general powers and authority granted under the laws of this state to insurance companies, health care service contractors, and health maintenance organizations, licensed or registered to ((transact)) offer or provide the kinds of ((insurance)) health coverage defined under this title. In addition thereto, the board may:

(1) Enter into contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of this chapter including the authority, with the approval of the commissioner, to enter into contracts with similar pools of other states for the joint performance of common administrative functions, or with persons or other organizations for the performance of administrative functions;

(2) Sue or be sued, including taking any legal action as necessary to avoid the payment of improper claims against the pool or the coverage provided by or through the pool;

(3) Establish appropriate rates, rate schedules, rate adjustments, expense allowances, agent referral fees, claim reserve formulas and any other actuarial functions appropriate to the operation of the pool. Rates shall not be unreasonable in relation to the coverage provided, the risk experience, and expenses of providing the coverage. Rates and rate schedules may be adjusted for appropriate risk factors such as age and area variation in claim costs and shall take into consideration appropriate risk factors in accordance with established actuarial underwriting practices consistent with Washington state small group plan rating requirements under RCW 48.20.028, 48.44.022, and 48.46.064;

(4) Assess members of the pool in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, and make advance interim assessments as may be reasonable and necessary for the organizational or interim operating expenses. Any interim assessments will be credited as offsets against any regular assessments due following the close of the year;
(5) Issue policies of ((insurance)) health coverage in accordance with the requirements of this chapter;

(6) Appoint appropriate legal, actuarial and other committees as necessary to provide technical assistance in the operation of the pool, policy, and other contract design, and any other function within the authority of the pool; and

(7) Conduct periodic audits to assure the general accuracy of the financial data submitted to the pool, and the board shall cause the pool to have an annual audit of its operations by an independent certified public accountant.

Sec. 212. RCW 48.41.080 and 1989 c 121 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--ADMINISTRATOR'S POWER MODIFIED. The board shall select an administrator from the membership of the pool whether domiciled in this state or another state through a competitive bidding process to administer the pool.

(1) The board shall evaluate bids based upon criteria established by the board, which shall include:

(a) The administrator's proven ability to handle ((accident and health insurance)) health coverage;

(b) The efficiency of the administrator's claim-paying procedures;

(c) An estimate of the total charges for administering the plan; and

(d) The administrator's ability to administer the pool in a cost-effective manner.

(2) The administrator shall serve for a period of three years subject to removal for cause. At least six months prior to the expiration of each three-year period of service by the administrator, the board shall invite all interested parties, including the current administrator, to submit bids to serve as the administrator for the succeeding three-year period. Selection of the administrator for this succeeding period shall be made at least three months prior to the end of the current three-year period.

(3) The administrator shall perform such duties as may be assigned by the board including:

(a) All eligibility and administrative claim payment functions relating to the pool;

(b) Establishing a premium billing procedure for collection of premiums from ((insured)) covered persons. Billings shall be made on a periodic basis as determined by the board, which shall not be more frequent than a monthly billing;

(c) Performing all necessary functions to assure timely payment of benefits to covered persons under the pool including:

(i) Making available information relating to the proper manner of submitting a claim for benefits to the pool, and distributing forms upon which submission shall be made; ((and))

(ii) Taking steps necessary to offer and administer managed care benefit plans; and

(iii) Evaluating the eligibility of each claim for payment by the pool;

(d) Submission of regular reports to the board regarding the operation of the pool. The frequency, content, and form of the report shall be as determined by the board;

(e) Following the close of each accounting year, determination of net paid and earned premiums, the expense of administration, and the paid and incurred losses for the year and reporting this information to the board and the commissioner on a form as prescribed by the commissioner.

(4) The administrator shall be paid as provided in the contract between the board and the administrator for its expenses incurred in the performance of its services.

Sec. 213. RCW 48.41.110 and 1987 c 431 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--BENEFITS MODIFIED. (1) The pool is authorized to offer one or more managed care plans of coverage. Such plans may, but are not required to, include point of service features that permit participants to receive in-network benefits or out-of-network benefits subject to differential cost shares. Covered persons enrolled in the pool on January 1, 1997, may continue coverage under the pool plan in which they are enrolled on that date. However, the pool may incorporate managed care features into such existing plans.

(2) The administrator shall prepare a brochure outlining the benefits and exclusions of the pool policy in plain language. After approval by the board of directors, such brochure shall be made reasonably available to participants or potential participants. The health insurance policy issued by the
pool shall pay only usual, customary, and reasonable charges for medically necessary eligible health
care services rendered or furnished for the diagnosis or treatment of illnesses, injuries, and conditions
which are not otherwise limited or excluded. Eligible expenses are the usual, customary, and
reasonable charges for the health care services and items for which benefits are extended under the
pool policy. Such benefits shall at minimum include, but not be limited to, the following services or
related items:

(a) Hospital services, including charges for the most common semiprivate room, for the most
common private room if semiprivate rooms do not exist in the health care facility, or for the private
room if medically necessary, but limited to a total of one hundred eighty inpatient days in a calendar
year, and limited to thirty days inpatient care for mental and nervous conditions, or alcohol, drug, or
chemical dependency or abuse per calendar year;

(b) Professional services including surgery for the treatment of injuries, illnesses, or
conditions, other than dental, which are rendered by a health care provider, or at the direction of a
health care provider, by a staff of registered or licensed practical nurses, or other health care
providers;

(c) The first twenty outpatient professional visits for the diagnosis or treatment of one or more
mental or nervous conditions or alcohol, drug, or chemical dependency or abuse rendered during a
calendar year by one or more physicians, psychologists, or community mental health professionals, or,
at the direction of a physician, by other qualified licensed health care practitioners, in the case of
mental or nervous conditions, and rendered by a state certified chemical dependency program approved
under chapter 70.96A RCW, in the case of alcohol, drug, or chemical dependency or abuse;

(d) Drugs and contraceptive devices requiring a prescription;

(e) Services of a skilled nursing facility, excluding custodial and convalescent care, for not
more than one hundred days in a calendar year as prescribed by a physician;

(f) Services of a home health agency;

(g) Chemotherapy, radioisotope, radiation, and nuclear medicine therapy;

(h) Oxygen;

(i) Anesthesia services;

(j) Prostheses, other than dental;

(k) Durable medical equipment which has no personal use in the absence of the condition for
which prescribed;

(l) Diagnostic x-rays and laboratory tests;

(m) Oral surgery limited to the following: Fractures of facial bones; excisions of mandibular
joints, lesions of the mouth, lip, or tongue, tumors, or cysts excluding treatment for
temporomandibular joints; incision of accessory sinuses, mouth salivary glands or ducts; dislocations
of the jaw; plastic reconstruction or repair of traumatic injuries occurring while covered under the pool;
and excision of impacted wisdom teeth;

(n) Maternity care services, as provided in the managed care plan to be designed by the pool
board of directors, and for which no preexisting condition waiting periods may apply:

(o) Services of a physical therapist and services of a speech therapist;

(p) Hospice services;

(q) Professional ambulance service to the nearest health care facility qualified to treat the
illness or injury; and

(r) Other medical equipment, services, or supplies required by physician's orders and
medically necessary and consistent with the diagnosis, treatment, and condition.

(3) The board shall design and employ cost containment measures and requirements such as,
but not limited to, care coordination, provider network limitations, preadmission certification, and
concurrent inpatient review which may make the pool more cost-effective.

(4) The pool benefit policy may contain benefit limitations, exceptions, and
reductions) cost shares such as copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles that are consistent with
managed care products, except that differential cost shares may be adopted by the board for
nonnetwork providers under point of service plans. The pool benefit policy cost shares and limitations
must be consistent with those that are generally included in health ((insurance) plans ((and are)))
approved by the insurance commissioner; however, no limitation, exception, or reduction may be used that would exclude coverage for any disease, illness, or injury.

(5) The pool may not reject an individual for health plan coverage based upon preexisting conditions of the individual or deny, exclude, or otherwise limit coverage for an individual’s preexisting health conditions; except that it may impose a three-month benefit waiting period for preexisting conditions for which medical advice was given, or for which a health care provider recommended or provided treatment, within three months before the effective date of coverage. The pool may not avoid the requirements of this section through the creation of a new rate classification or the modification of an existing rate classification.

Sec. 214. RCW 48.41.200 and 1987 c 431 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--RATE MODIFIED. The pool shall determine the standard risk rate by calculating the average group standard rate for groups comprised of up to (ten) fifty persons charged by the five largest members offering coverages in the state comparable to the pool coverage. In the event five members do not offer comparable coverage, the standard risk rate shall be established using reasonable actuarial techniques and shall reflect anticipated experience and expenses for such coverage. Maximum rates for pool coverage shall be one hundred fifty percent for the indemnity health plan and one hundred twenty-five percent for managed care plans of the rates established as applicable for group standard risks in groups comprised of up to (ten) fifty persons.

All rates and rate schedules shall be submitted to the commissioner for approval.

Sec. 215. RCW 48.41.130 and 1987 c 431 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENT CLARIFIED. All policy forms issued by the pool shall conform in substance to prototype forms developed by the pool, and shall in all other respects conform to the requirements of this chapter, and shall be filed with and approved by the commissioner before they are issued. The pool shall not issue a pool policy to any individual who, on the effective date of the coverage applied for, already has or would have coverage substantially equivalent to a pool policy as an insured or covered dependent, or who would be eligible for such coverage if he or she elected to obtain it at a lesser premium rate. However, coverage provided by the basic health plan, as established pursuant to chapter 70.47 RCW, shall not be deemed substantially equivalent for the purposes of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 216. A new section is added to chapter 48.44 RCW to read as follows:

LOSS RATIOS--HEALTH CARE SERVICE CONTRACTORS. (1) For purposes of RCW 48.44.020(2)(d), benefits in a contract shall be deemed reasonable in relation to the amount charged provided that the anticipated loss ratio is at least:

(a) Sixty-five percent for individual subscriber contract forms;
(b) Seventy percent for franchise plan contract forms;
(c) Eighty percent for group contract forms other than small group contract forms; and
(d) Seventy-five percent for small group contract forms.

(2) With the approval of the commissioner, contract, rider, and endorsement forms that provide substantially similar coverage may be combined for the purpose of determining the anticipated loss ratio.

(3) A health care service contractor may charge the rate for prepayment of health care services in any contract identified in RCW 48.44.020(1) upon filing of the rate with the commissioner. If the commissioner disapproves the rate, the commissioner shall explain in writing the specific reasons for the disapproval. A health care service contractor may continue to charge such rate pending a final order in any hearing held under chapters 48.04 and 34.05 RCW, or if applicable, pending a final order in any appeal. Any amount charged that is determined in a final order on appeal to be unreasonable in relation to the benefits provided is subject to refund.

(4) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Anticipated loss ratio" means the ratio of all anticipated claims or costs for the delivery of covered health care services including incurred but not reported claims and costs and medical management costs to premium minus any applicable taxes.
(b) "Small group contract form" means a form offered to a small employer as defined in RCW 48.43.005(24).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 217. A new section is added to chapter 48.46 RCW to read as follows: LOSS RATIOS--HEALTH MAINTENANCE ORGANIZATIONS. (1) For purposes of RCW 48.46.060(3)(d), benefits shall be deemed reasonable in relation to the amount charged provided that the anticipated loss ratio is at least:
   (a) Sixty-five percent for individual subscriber contract forms;
   (b) Seventy percent for franchise plan contract forms;
   (c) Eighty percent for group contract forms other than small group contract forms; and
   (d) Seventy-five percent for small group contract forms.
   (2) With the approval of the commissioner, contract, rider, and endorsement forms that provide substantially similar coverage may be combined for the purpose of determining the anticipated loss ratio.
   (3) A health maintenance organization may charge the rate for prepayment of health care services in any contract identified in RCW 48.46.060(1) upon filing of the rate with the commissioner. If the commissioner disapproves the rate, the commissioner shall explain in writing the specific reasons for the disapproval. A health maintenance organization may continue to charge such rate pending a final order in any hearing held under chapters 48.04 and 34.05 RCW, or if applicable, pending a final order in any appeal. Any amount charged that is determined in a final order on appeal to be unreasonable in relation to the benefits provided is subject to refund.
   (4) For the purposes of this section:
      (a) "Anticipated loss ratio" means the ratio of all anticipated claims or costs for the delivery of covered health care services including incurred but not reported claims and costs and medical management costs to premium minus any applicable taxes.
      (b) "Small group contract form" means a form offered to a small employer as defined in RCW 48.43.005(24).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 218. A new section is added to chapter 48.21 RCW to read as follows: LOSS RATIOS--GROUPS' DISABILITY COVERAGE. The following standards and requirements apply to group and blanket disability insurance policy forms and manual rates:
   (1) Specified disease group insurance shall generate at least a seventy-five percent loss ratio regardless of the size of the group.
   (2) Group disability insurance, other than specified disease insurance, as to which the insureds pay all or substantially all of the premium shall generate loss ratios no lower than those set forth in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Certificate Holders at Issue, Renewal, or Rerating</th>
<th>Minimum Overall Loss Ratio</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9 or less</td>
<td>60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 to 24</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 to 49</td>
<td>70%</td>
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<tr>
<td>50 to 99</td>
<td>75%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100 or more</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

   (3) Group disability policy forms, other than for specified disease insurance, for issue to single employers insuring less than one hundred lives shall generate loss ratios no lower than those set forth in subsection (2) of this section for groups of the same size.
   (4) The calculating period may vary with the benefit and premium provisions. The company may be required to demonstrate the reasonableness of the calculating period chosen by the actuary responsible for the premium calculations.
   (5) A request for a rate increase submitted at the end of the calculating period shall include a comparison of the actual to the expected loss ratios and shall employ any accumulation of reserves in
the determination of rates for the selected calculating period and account for the maintenance of such reserves for future needs. The request for the rate increase shall be further documented by the expected loss ratio for the new calculating period.

(6) A request for a rate increase submitted during the calculating period shall include a comparison of the actual to the expected loss ratios, a demonstration of any contributions to or support from the reserves, and shall account for the maintenance of such reserves for future needs. If the experience justifies a premium increase it shall be deemed that the calculating period has prematurely been brought to an end. The rate increase shall further be documented by the expected loss ratio for the next calculating period.

(7) The commissioner may approve a series of two or three smaller rate increases in lieu of one larger increase. These should be calculated to reduce the lapses and antiselection that often result from large rate increases. A demonstration of such calculations, whether for a single rate increase or a series of smaller rate increases, satisfactory to the commissioner, shall be attached to the filing.

(8) Companies shall review their experience periodically and file appropriate rate revisions in a timely manner to reduce the necessity of later filing of exceptionally large rate increases.

(9) The definitions in section 221 of this act and the provisions in section 220 of this act apply to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 219. A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW to read as follows:

LOSS RATIOS--INDIVIDUAL DISABILITY COVERAGE. The following standards and requirements apply to individual disability insurance forms:

(1) The overall loss ratio shall be deemed reasonable in relation to the premiums if the overall loss ratio is at least sixty percent over a calculating period chosen by the insurer and satisfactory to the commissioner.

(2) The calculating period may vary with the benefit and renewal provisions. The company may be required to demonstrate the reasonableness of the calculating period chosen by the actuary responsible for the premium calculations. A brief explanation of the selected calculating period shall accompany the filing.

(3) Policy forms, the benefits of which are particularly exposed to the effects of inflation and whose premium income may be particularly vulnerable to an eroding persistency and other similar forces, shall use a relatively short calculating period reflecting the uncertainties of estimating the risks involved. Policy forms based on more dependable statistics may employ a longer calculating period. The calculating period may be the lifetime of the contract for guaranteed renewable and noncancellable policy forms if such forms provide benefits that are supported by reliable statistics and that are protected from inflationary or eroding forces by such factors as fixed dollar coverages, inside benefit limits, or the inherent nature of the benefits. The calculating period may be as short as one year for coverages that are based on statistics of minimal reliability or that are highly exposed to inflation.

(4) A request for a rate increase to be effective at the end of the calculating period shall include a comparison of the actual to the expected loss ratios, shall employ any accumulation of reserves in the determination of rates for the new calculating period, and shall account for the maintenance of such reserves for future needs. The request for the rate increase shall be further documented by the expected loss ratio for the new calculating period.

(5) A request for a rate increase submitted during the calculating period shall include a comparison of the actual to the expected loss ratios, a demonstration of any contributions to and support from the reserves, and shall account for the maintenance of such reserves for future needs. If the experience justifies a premium increase it shall be deemed that the calculating period has prematurely been brought to an end. The rate increase shall further be documented by the expected loss ratio for the next calculating period.

(6) The commissioner may approve a series of two or three smaller rate increases in lieu of one large increase. These should be calculated to reduce lapses and anti-selection that often result from large rate increases. A demonstration of such calculations, whether for a single rate increase or for a series of smaller rate increases, satisfactory to the commissioner, shall be attached to the filing.

(7) Companies shall review their experience periodically and file appropriate rate revisions in a timely manner to reduce the necessity of later filing of exceptionally large rate increases.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 220. A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW to read as follows:

LOSS RATIOS--DISABILITY COVERAGE EXEMPTIONS. Sections 218 and 219 of this act apply to all insurers and to every disability insurance policy form filed for approval in this state after the effective date of this section, except:

(1) Additional indemnity and premium waiver forms for use only in conjunction with life insurance policies;
(2) Medicare supplement policy forms that are regulated by chapter 48.66 RCW;
(3) Credit insurance policy forms issued pursuant to chapter 48.34 RCW;
(4) Group policy forms other than:
   (a) Specified disease policy forms;
   (b) Policy forms, other than loss of income forms, as to which all or substantially all of the premium is paid by the individuals insured thereunder;
   (c) Policy forms, other than loss of income forms, for issue to single employers insuring less than one hundred employees;
(5) Policy forms filed by health care service contractors or health maintenance organizations;
(6) Policy forms initially approved, including subsequent requests for rate increases and modifications of rate manuals.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 221. A new section is added to chapter 48.20 RCW to read as follows:

LOSS RATIOS--DISABILITY COVERAGE DEFINITIONS. (1) The "expected loss ratio" is a prospective calculation and shall be calculated as the projected "benefits incurred" divided by the projected "premiums earned" and shall be based on the actuary's best projections of the future experience within the "calculating period."
(2) The "actual loss ratio" is a retrospective calculation and shall be calculated as the "benefits incurred" divided by the "premiums earned," both measured from the beginning of the "calculating period" to the date of the loss ratio calculations.
(3) The "overall loss ratio" shall be calculated as the "benefits incurred" divided by the "premiums earned" over the entire "calculating period" and may involve both retrospective and prospective data.
(4) The "calculating period" is the time span over which the actuary expects the premium rates, whether level or increasing, to remain adequate in accordance with his or her best estimate of future experience and during which the actuary does not expect to request a rate increase.
(5) The "benefits incurred" is the "claims incurred" plus any increase, or less any decrease, in the "reserves."
(6) The "claims incurred" means:
   (a) Claims paid during the accounting period; plus
   (b) The change in the liability for claims that have been reported but not paid; plus
   (c) The change in the liability for claims that have not been reported but which may reasonably be expected.
   The "claims incurred" does not include expenses incurred in processing the claims, home office or field overhead, acquisition and selling costs, taxes or other expenses, contributions to surplus, or profit.
(7) The "reserves," as referred to in sections 218 and 219 of this act include:
   (a) Active life disability reserves;
   (b) Additional reserves whether for a specific liability purpose or not;
   (c) Contingency reserves;
   (d) Reserves for select morbidity experience; and
   (e) Increased reserves that may be required by the commissioner.
(8) The "premiums earned" means the premiums, less experience credits, refunds, or dividends, applicable to an accounting period whether received before, during, or after such period.
(9) Renewal provisions are defined as follows:
   (a) "Guaranteed renewable" means renewal cannot be declined by the insurance company for any reason, but the insurance company can revise rates on a class basis.
(b) "Noncancellable" means renewal cannot be declined nor can rates be revised by the insurance company.

PART III--BENEFITS AND SERVICE DELIVERY

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. A new section is added to chapter 48.43 RCW to read as follows:

EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES. (1) When conducting a review of the necessity and appropriateness of emergency services or making a benefit determination for emergency services:

(a) A health carrier shall cover emergency services necessary to screen and stabilize a covered person if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition existed. In addition, a health carrier shall not require prior authorization of such services provided prior to the point of stabilization if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition existed. With respect to care obtained from a nonparticipating hospital emergency department, a health carrier shall cover emergency services necessary to screen and stabilize a covered person if a prudent layperson would have reasonably believed that use of a participating hospital emergency department would result in a delay that would worsen the emergency, or if a provision of federal, state, or local law requires the use of a specific provider or facility. In addition, a health carrier shall not require prior authorization of such services provided prior to the point of stabilization if a prudent layperson acting reasonably would have believed that an emergency medical condition existed and that use of a participating hospital emergency department would result in a delay that would worsen the emergency.

(b) If an authorized representative of a health carrier authorizes coverage of emergency services, the health carrier shall not subsequently retract its authorization after the emergency services have been provided, or reduce payment for an item or service furnished in reliance on approval, unless the approval was based on a material misrepresentation about the covered person’s health condition made by the provider of emergency services.

(c) Coverage of emergency services may be subject to applicable copayments, coinsurance, and deductibles, and a health carrier may impose reasonable differential cost-sharing arrangements for emergency services rendered by nonparticipating providers, if such differential between cost-sharing amounts applied to emergency services rendered by participating provider versus nonparticipating provider does not exceed fifty dollars. Differential cost sharing for emergency services may not be applied when a covered person presents to a nonparticipating hospital emergency department rather than a participating hospital emergency department when the health carrier requires preauthorization for postevaluation or poststabilization emergency services if:

(i) Due to circumstances beyond the covered person’s control, the covered person was unable to go to a participating hospital emergency department in a timely fashion without serious impairment to the covered person’s health; or

(ii) A prudent layperson possessing an average knowledge of health and medicine would have reasonably believed that he or she would be unable to go to a participating hospital emergency department in a timely fashion without serious impairment to the covered person’s health.

(d) If a health carrier requires preauthorization for postevaluation or poststabilization services, the health carrier shall provide access to an authorized representative twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, to facilitate review. In order for postevaluation or poststabilization services to be covered by the health carrier, the provider or facility must make a documented good faith effort to contact the covered person’s health carrier within ten minutes of stabilization, if the covered person needs to be stabilized. The health carrier’s authorized representative is required to respond to a telephone request for preauthorization from a provider or facility within ten minutes. Failure of the health carrier to respond within ten minutes constitutes authorization for the provision of immediately required medically necessary postevaluation and poststabilization services, unless the health carrier documents that it made a good faith effort but was unable to reach the provider or facility within ten minutes after receiving the request.

(e) A health carrier shall immediately arrange for an alternative plan of treatment for the covered person if a nonparticipating emergency provider and health plan cannot reach an agreement on which services are necessary beyond those immediately necessary to stabilize the covered person consistent with state and federal laws.
(2) Nothing in this section is to be construed as prohibiting the health carrier from requiring notification within the time frame specified in the contract for inpatient admission or as soon thereafter as medically possible but no less than twenty-four hours. Nothing in this section is to be construed as preventing the health carrier from reserving the right to require transfer of a hospitalized covered person upon stabilization. Follow-up care that is a direct result of the emergency must be obtained in accordance with the health plan's usual terms and conditions of coverage. All other terms and conditions of coverage may be applied to emergency services.

PART IV--MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. WICKLINE CLAUSE STUDY. (1) There is some question regarding who should be liable when a health carrier or other third-party payer refuses to pay for or provide health services recommended by a health care provider and the patient suffers injury as a result of not receiving the recommended care. This issue typically arises in managed care systems, which integrate the financing and delivery of health care services to covered persons through selected providers. Contracts between a health carrier and a provider may address potential liability issues regarding the relationship between the carrier and the provider. Some contracts shift potential liability for a health carrier's decision not to pay for recommended health services to the provider or patient through what are commonly referred to as "Wickline clauses." These clauses generally state it is a medical decision between the provider and patient as to whether the patient receives services that the carrier refuses to cover; this ignores the fact that the decision not to provide coverage influences the decision of the patient whether to receive the recommended care. The legislature intends to review the policy questions raised by this issue, particularly to what extent the carrier should be able to avoid liability for its decisions by insulating itself through its contracts with providers.

(2) A joint task force on Wickline clauses shall review the practice of contractually assigning or avoiding potential liability for decisions by a health carrier or other third-party payer not to pay for health care services recommended by a health care provider. The task force shall be comprised of two members of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house, one from each major caucus, two members of the senate appointed by the president of the senate, one from each major caucus, and eight persons appointed by the legislative members of the task force. The eight nonlegislative persons on the task force shall consist of: Two representatives of health care providers; two representatives of health care consumers; two representatives of health carriers; and two representatives of self-funded health plans. The legislative members shall organize and administer the task force. Staffing shall be provided by the office of program research and senate committee services.

(3) The task force shall report to the health care committees of the legislature by December 1, 1997. The report shall discuss the policy issues regarding Wickline clauses and the more general issue of potential liability for decisions of a health carrier and others not to cover health care recommended by the provider. The report may contain recommendations for the legislature to consider.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. COMMON TITLE. This act shall be known as the consumer assistance and insurance market stabilization act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. Part headings and section captions used in this act are not part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. SEVERABILITY CLAUSE. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. EFFECTIVE DATES. (1) Sections 104 through 108 and 301 of this act take effect January 1, 1998.

(2) Section 111 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997.
Section 205 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "reform;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 48.43.055, 48.43.005, 48.43.025, 48.43.035, 48.43.045, 48.20.028, 48.44.022, 48.46.064, 48.41.030, 48.41.060, 48.41.080, 48.41.110, 48.41.200, and 48.41.130; reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.060; adding new sections to chapter 48.43 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 74.09 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.46 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 48.21 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 48.20 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 48.46.100; providing effective dates; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018 as amended by the Senate.

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cody and Conway spoke against the passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representative Ogden was excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1111 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. (1) If a person placed surface or ground water to beneficial use before January 1, 1993, for irrigation, stock watering, or domestic use supplied by a public water supply system with one hundred fifty or fewer service connections for which a permit or certificate was not issued by the department or its predecessors, the person or the public water supply system, or their respective successors may continue to use water in the amount that has been beneficially used as provided in subsection (3) of this section if:

(a) The person or the public water supply system files with the department a statement of claim during the period beginning September 1, 1997, and ending midnight June 30, 1998, using the standard form prescribed by RCW 90.14.051; and

(b) The person or public water supply system has applied the water to beneficial use to the full extent stated in the statement of claim during at least one of the five years preceding the date the statement is filed and the person attests to having done so on the statement.

(2) The person or public water supply system must file with the statement of claim evidence that the quantity of water described in the claim was used beneficially before January 1, 1993, and during one of the five years preceding the date the statement was filed in the form of any two of the following:

(a) A statement signed by two persons other than the person filing the statement of claim verifying that the claimant beneficially used the water before January 1, 1993, and during one of the five years preceding the date the statement was filed as described in the statement of claim;

(b) A copy of a dated photograph clearly demonstrating the presence of grass or a crop requiring irrigation in the amounts asserted in the statement of claim or of livestock requiring water in such amounts; or records of receipts of the sale of crops by the person or the person's successor indicating that irrigation in the amount claimed was required to produce the crops;

(c) Receipts or records of irrigation or stockwatering equipment purchases or repairs associated with the water use specified in the statement of claim;

(d) Water well construction records identifying the date the well specified in the statement of claim as the point of withdrawal was constructed;

(e) Records of electricity bills directly associated with the withdrawal of water as specified in the statement of claim;

(f) Personal records such as photographs, journals, or correspondence indicating the use of water as asserted in the statement of claim.

(3) Public water supply systems must, in addition to the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, provide evidence of service connections existing and using water as of January 1, 1993, including documentation that the homes were built and occupied.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. If the claimant has not already filed an application for a water right under RCW 90.30.250 or 90.44.060 for the water use stated in the statement of claim, the claimant shall file such an application with the claimant's statement of claim. A claimant who has filed both a statement of claim and an application for a water right has standing to assert a claim of a water right in a general adjudication under RCW 90.03.110 for the water use stated in the statement of claim. The statement of claim shall be reviewed by the court as provided in section 4 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. A person may continue to use water described in the statement of claim until one of the following occurs:

(1) The department makes its final decision granting or denying the water right application filed by the applicant as provided in section 2 of this act; or
If the department has not made a final decision on the water right application, a court of competent jurisdiction issues a decree pursuant to a general adjudication under RCW 90.03.200 that defines or denies the claimant’s right to appropriate water as provided in section 4 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. The department or the court may authorize the continued use of water under section 3 of this act only if the claimant meets the requirements of RCW 90.03.247 through 90.03.330, chapter 90.44 RCW, and RCW 90.54.020. If the department finds that the applicable requirements are met, it shall grant the water right application and issue a certificate under RCW 90.03.330 authorizing the person to use that quantity of water that had been put to beneficial use, not to exceed that quantity requested in the application or documented in the statement of claim under section 1 of this act, whichever is less. If in a general adjudication the court finds that the requirements are met, it shall confirm such use of water in a decree issued under RCW 90.03.200 and the department shall issue a certificate under RCW 90.03.240. The court may not confirm a right in excess of the quantity of water that was applied to beneficial use as documented in the statement of claim under section 1 of this act or the quantity requested in the application for a water right, whichever is less. The priority date of any right issued by the department or confirmed by a court shall be the date a water right application authorizing the use of water was filed with the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. If the department or the court denies the claimant’s use of water under section 4 of this act, the claimant must cease the use of the water. A decision by the department or a court limiting or denying a claimant’s right to continue using water does not constitute a compensable taking under state or federal law because such claimants have no continuing legal right to use water.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 406. Sections 1 through 8 of this act do not apply to or authorize any use of water that was the subject of a water right application filed with the department, where the department denied such application.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 407. A continuing use of water authorized under sections 1 through 8 of this act do not affect or impair in any respect whatsoever a water right existing before September 1, 1997. Sections 1 through 8 of this act do not limit the ability of a senior water right holder to take legal action against any other water user to prevent impairment of his or her water right. A right granted under sections 1 through 8 of this act may be junior in every respect to a right with a more senior date of priority. Any right granted under sections 1 through 8 of this act may only be exercised in a manner that does not impair or interfere with a water right that is senior to it. The filing of a statement of claim under this section does not constitute an adjudication of any claim to the right to the use of waters as between the claimant and the state, or as between one or more water use claimants. A statement of claim filed under this section shall be admissible in a general adjudication of water rights as prima facie evidence of the times of use and the quantity of water the claimant was withdrawing or diverting to the same extent as is provided by RCW 90.14.081 for a statement of claim in the water rights claims registry on the effective date of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 408. This section does not apply to ground water in an area that is, during the period established by section 1(2) of this act, the subject of a general adjudication proceeding for water rights in superior court under RCW 90.03.110 through 90.03.245 and the proceeding applies to ground water rights. This section does not apply to surface water in an area that is, during the period established by section 1(2) of this act, the subject of a general adjudication proceeding for water rights in superior court under RCW 90.03.110 through 90.03.245 and the proceeding applies to surface water rights.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 409. Sections 1 through 8 of this act do not apply to rights embodied in a water right permit or certificate issued by the department of ecology or its predecessors, a water right represented by a claim in the water rights claims registry, created under RCW 90.14.111, before
September 1, 1997, or a water right exempted from permit and application requirements by RCW 90.44.050.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 410. Sections 1 through 8 of this act do not apply to claims for the use of water in a ground water area or subarea for which a management program adopted by the department by rule and in effect on the effective date of this section establishes acreage expansion limitations for the use of ground water.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 411. Sections 1 through 10 of this act are each added to chapter 90.03 RCW."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "rights;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding new sections to chapter 90.03 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MOTION

Representative Linville moved that the House not concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111, and asked the Senate for a conference thereon.

Representative Linville spoke in favor of adoption of the motion. Representative Chandler spoke against adoption of the motion. The motion was not adopted.

There being no objection, the House did not concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111, and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1118 with the following amendments:

On page 5, at the beginning of line 35, strike all material through "at" and insert "Between the effective date of this section and"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1118, and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 7, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1418 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 401. RCW 79.64.030 and 1993 c 460 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Funds in the account derived from the gross proceeds of leases, sales, contracts, licenses, permits, easements, and rights of way issued by the department and affecting school lands, university lands, agricultural college lands, scientific school lands, normal school lands, capitol building lands, or institutional lands shall be pooled and expended by the department solely for the purpose of defraying the costs and expenses necessarily incurred in managing and administering state lands of the same trust. Such funds may be used for similar costs and expenses in managing and administering other lands managed by the department provided that such expenditures that have been or may be made on such other lands shall be repaid to the resource management cost account together with interest at a rate determined by the board of natural resources.

An accounting shall be made annually of the accrued expenditures from the pooled trust funds in the account. In the event the accounting determines that expenditures have been made from moneys derived from certain trust lands for the benefit of another trust or other lands, such expenditure shall be considered a debt and an encumbrance against the property or trust funds benefited, including property held under chapter 76.12 RCW. The results of the accounting shall be reported to the legislature at the next regular session. The state treasurer is authorized, upon request of the department, to transfer funds between the forest development account and the resource management cost account solely for purpose of repaying loans pursuant to this section.

Sec. 402. RCW 79.01.136 and 1979 ex.s. c 109 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Before any state lands are offered for sale, or lease, or are assigned, the department of natural resources may establish the fair market value of those authorized improvements not owned by the state. In the event that agreement cannot be reached between the state and the lessee on the fair market value, such valuation shall be submitted to a review board of appraisers. The board shall be as follows: One member to be selected by the lessee and his or her expense shall be borne by the lessee; one member selected by the state and his or her expense shall be borne by the state; these members so selected shall mutually select a third member and his or her expenses shall be shared equally by the lessee and the state. The majority decision of this appraisal review board shall be binding on both parties. For this purpose "fair market value" is defined as: The highest price in terms of money which a property will bring in a competitive and open market under all conditions of a fair sale, the buyer and seller, each prudently knowledgeable and assuming the price is not affected by undue stimulus. All damages and wastes committed upon such lands and other obligations due from the lessee shall be deducted from the appraised value of the improvements. However, the department of natural resources on behalf of the respective trust may purchase at fair market value those improvements if it appears to be in the best interest of the state from the RMCA of the general fund. Payment for the improvements may be made with funds held on behalf of the trust in the resource management cost account established under RCW 79.64.020.

Sec. 403. RCW 79.64.010 and 1967 ex.s. c 63 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the following words and phrases as hereinafter used in this chapter shall have the following meanings:

(1) "Account" means the resource management cost account in the state general fund.
(2) "Department" means the department of natural resources.
(3) "Board" means the board of natural resources of the department of natural resources.
(4) "Rule" means rule as that term is defined by RCW 34.05.010.
(5) The definitions set forth in RCW 79.01.004 shall be applicable.
(6) "Agricultural college lands" means all public lands awarded to the state of Washington under section 16 of the Omnibus Enabling Act (25 Stat. 180) and all lands acquired as the result of the sale or exchange of the lands.

Sec. 404. RCW 79.64.020 and 1993 c 460 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

A resource management cost account in the state treasury is hereby created to be used solely for the purpose of defraying the costs and expenses necessarily incurred by the department in managing and administering public lands, and the making and administering of leases, sales, contracts, licenses, permits, easements, and rights of way on or with respect to such lands as authorized under the
provisions of this title. Appropriations from the account to the department shall be expended for no other purposes. The resource management cost account may receive and accept funds that are to be used for such purposes from any source. Funds in the account produced by a trust may be appropriated or transferred by the legislature (for the benefit of all of the trusts from which the funds were derived) only for the benefit of the trust.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 405.** A new section is added to chapter 79.64 RCW to read as follows:

No part of the gross proceeds from leases, sales, contracts, licenses, permits, easements, and rights of way on or relating to the agricultural college lands may be used to defray costs or expenses incurred in managing and administering the lands, and all such gross proceeds shall be made available to the beneficiary of the agricultural college lands.

**Sec. 406.** RCW 79.64.040 and 1981 2nd ex.s. c 4 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The board shall determine the amount deemed necessary in order to achieve the purposes of this chapter and shall provide by rule for the deduction of this amount from the gross proceeds of all leases, sales, contracts, licenses, permits, easements, and rights of way issued by the department and affecting public lands other than the agricultural college lands. Moneys received with respect to such lands as deposits from successful bidders, advance payments, and security under RCW 79.01.132 and 79.01.204 prior to December 1, 1981, which have not been subjected to deduction under this section are not subject to deduction under this section. The deductions authorized under this section shall in no event exceed twenty-five percent of the total sum received by the department in connection with any one transaction pertaining to public lands other than second class tide and shore lands and the beds of navigable waters, and fifty percent of the total gross proceeds received by the department pertaining to second class tide and shore lands and the beds of navigable waters.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 407.** This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

and the same are herewith transmitted. Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1418, and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

**MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE**

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1729 with the following amendments:

On page 2, line 37, after "discharged" insert "directly"

and the same are herewith transmitted. Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
Representative Linville moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1729.

Representative Linville spoke in favor of adoption of the motion.

Representative Chandler spoke against adoption of the motion. The motion was not adopted.

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1729, and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1819 with the following amendments:

On page 2, line 33, strike "federal or"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1819, and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 7, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1054 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 401. RCW 28B.10.821 and 1996 c 107 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The state educational trust fund is hereby established in the state treasury. The primary purpose of the trust is to pledge state-wide available college student assistance to needy or disadvantaged students, especially middle and high school youth, considered at-risk of dropping out of secondary education who participate in board-approved early awareness and outreach programs and who enter any accredited Washington institution of postsecondary education within two years of high school graduation.

The board shall deposit refunds and recoveries of student financial aid funds expended in the prior fiscal period in such account. The board may also deposit moneys that have been contributed from other state, federal, or private sources.

Expenditures from the fund shall be for financial aid to needy or disadvantaged students. The board may annually expend such sums from the fund as may be necessary to fulfill the purposes of this section, including not more than three percent for the costs to administer aid programs supported by the fund. All earnings of investments of balances in the state educational trust fund shall be credited to the trust fund. Expenditures from the fund shall not be subject to appropriation but are subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "fund;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 28B.10.821."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary
There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1054, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Carlson, Dunn and Mason as Conferees on House Bill No. 1054.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1388 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 401. RCW 72.65.220 and 1994 c 271 s 1001 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department may establish, relocate, or contract for the operation of a work release or other community-based facility only after public notifications and local public meetings have been completed consistent with this section.

(2) The department and other state agencies ((that have responsibility)) responsible for siting ((the department's)) department-owned or operated facilities shall establish a process for early and continuous public participation in establishing or relocating work release or other community-based facilities. This process shall include public meetings in the local communities affected, opportunities for written and oral comments, and wide dissemination of proposals and alternatives((.))

(2) The department may establish or relocate a work release or other community-based facility only after holding local public meetings and providing public notification to local communities consistent with this chapter.

(3) When the department has selected three or fewer sites for final consideration ((for site selection)) of a department-owned or operated work release or other community-based facility, the department shall make public notification ((shall be given)) and conduct public hearings ((shall be held)) in the ((final three or fewer)) local communities ((where the siting is proposed)) of the final three or fewer proposed sites. ((Additional notification and a)) An additional public hearing after public notification shall also be conducted in the local community selected as the final proposed site((.)) prior to completion of the siting process. All hearings and notifications shall be consistent with this chapter.

(4) Throughout this process the department shall provide notification to

(b) Notifications required under this section shall be provided to the following:

(i) All newspapers of general circulation in the local area and all local radio stations, television stations, and cable networks((.))

((5)) Notice shall also be provided to) (ii) Appropriate school districts, private schools, kindergartens, city and county libraries, and all other local government offices within a one-half mile radius of the proposed ((facility.)) site or sites;

((6)) In addition, the department shall also provide notice to) (iii) The local chamber of commerce, local economic development agencies, and any other local organizations that request such notification from the department((.)) and

((7))) Notification in writing shall be provided to) (iv) In writing to all residents and/or property owners within a one-half mile radius of the proposed site or sites.

3 When the department contracts for the operation of a work release or other community-based facility that is not owned by the department, the department shall require as part of its contract that the contracting entity comply with the same public notification and public hearing requirements as provided in this section.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "programs;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 72.65.220."
and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1388 and asked the Senate for a conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Ballasiotes, Radcliff and Conway as Conferees on House Bill No. 1388.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1581 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 13.40.160 and 1995 c 395 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When the respondent is found to be a serious offender, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range of disposition for the offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section.

If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range, as indicated in option B of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(2) Where the respondent is found to be a minor or first offender, the court shall order that the respondent serve a term of community supervision as indicated in option A or option B of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the court determines that a disposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice the court may impose another disposition under option C of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a disposition other than a community supervision may be imposed only after the court enters reasons upon which it bases its conclusions that imposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

Except for disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, a disposition may be appealed as provided in RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section may not be appealed under RCW 13.40.230.

(3) Where a respondent is found to have committed an offense for which the respondent declined to enter into a diversion agreement, the court shall impose a term of community supervision limited to the conditions allowed in a diversion agreement as provided in RCW 13.40.080(2).

(4) If a respondent is found to be a middle offender:

(a) The court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range(s) for such offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections..."
(5) and (6) of this section. If the standard range includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement; or

(b) If the middle offender has less than 110 points, the court shall impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to thirty days confinement, as indicated in option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150. If the middle offender has 110 points or more, the court may impose a disposition under option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender violates any condition of the disposition including conditions of a probation bond, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

(c) Only if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that disposition as provided in subsection (4)(a) or (b) of this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court’s finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

(d) A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(a) or (b) of this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5) When a serious, middle, or minor first offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine whether the respondent is amenable to treatment. The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent's social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(a) (i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and therapist;
(ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;
(iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;
(iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and
(v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section. If the court determines that this special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range for the offense, and the court may suspend the execution of the disposition and place the offender on community supervision for up to two years. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose the conditions of community supervision and other conditions, including up to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the offender do any one or more of the following:

(b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or occupation;
(ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation counselor object to the change;

(iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the offender’s address, educational program, or employment;

(iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall have prior approval by the court;

(v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;

(vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform community service, or any combination thereof;

(vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling reasonably related to the offense; ((or))

(viii) Comply with the conditions of any court-ordered probation bond; or

(ix) The court shall order that the offender may not attend the public or approved private elementary, middle, or high school attended by the victim or the victim’s siblings. The parents or legal guardians of the offender are responsible for transportation or other costs associated with the offender’s change of school that would otherwise be paid by the school district. The court shall send notice of the disposition and restriction on attending the same school as the victim or victim’s siblings to the public or approved private school the juvenile will attend, if known, or if unknown, to the approved private schools and the public school district board of directors of the district in which the juvenile resides or intends to reside. This notice must be sent at the earliest possible date but not later than ten calendar days after entry of the disposition.

The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the respondent’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

Except as provided in this subsection (5), after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender’s home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (5) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition or the court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days’ confinement for violating conditions of the disposition. The court may order both execution of the disposition and up to thirty days’ confinement for the violation of the conditions of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. "Victim" may also include a known parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.
(6) RCW 13.40.193 shall govern the disposition of any juvenile adjudicated of possessing a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)((e)) (b)(iii) or any crime in which a special finding is entered that the juvenile was armed with a firearm.

(7) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.

(8) Except as provided for in subsection (4)(b) or (5) of this section or RCW 13.40.125, the court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or the execution of the disposition.

(9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the same offense.

Sec. 2. RCW 13.40.215 and 1995 c 324 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, at the earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before discharge, parole, or any other authorized leave or release, or before transfer to a community residential facility, the secretary shall send written notice of the discharge, parole, authorized leave or release, or transfer of a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking, to the following:

(i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the juvenile will reside;

(ii) The sheriff of the county in which the juvenile will reside; and

(iii) The approved private schools and the common school district board of directors of the district in which the juvenile intends to reside or the approved private school or public school district in which the juvenile last attended school, whichever is appropriate, except when it has been determined by the department that the juvenile is twenty-one years old; is not required to return to school under chapter 28A.225 RCW; or will be in the community for less than seven consecutive days on approved leave and will not be attending school during that time.

(b) After the effective date of this act, the department shall send a written notice to approved private and public schools under the same conditions identified in subsection (1)(a)(iii) of this section when a juvenile adjudicated of any offense is transferred to a community residential facility.

(c) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific juvenile:

(i) The victim of the offense for which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide;

(ii) Any witnesses who testified against the juvenile in any court proceedings involving the offense; and

(iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney.

Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the juvenile. The notice to the chief of police or the sheriff shall include the identity of the juvenile, the residence where the juvenile will reside, the identity of the person, if any, responsible for supervising the juvenile, and the time period of any authorized leave.

(d) The thirty-day notice requirements contained in this subsection shall not apply to emergency medical furloughs.

(e) The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection will not require any extension of the release date in the event the release plan changes after notification.

(2)(a) If a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking escapes from a facility of the department, the secretary shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the county in which the juvenile resided immediately before the juvenile's arrest. If previously requested, the secretary shall also notify the witnesses and the victim of the offense which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide. If the juvenile is recaptured, the secretary shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working days after the department learns of such recapture.

(b) The secretary may authorize a leave, for a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking, which shall not exceed forty-eight hours plus travel time, to meet an
emergency situation such as a death or critical illness of a member of the juvenile's family. The secretary may authorize a leave, which shall not exceed the time medically necessary, to obtain medical care not available in a juvenile facility maintained by the department. Prior to the commencement of an emergency or medical leave, the secretary shall give notice of the leave to the appropriate law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the juvenile will be during the leave period. The notice shall include the identity of the juvenile, the time period of the leave, the residence of the juvenile during the leave, and the identity of the person responsible for supervising the juvenile during the leave. If previously requested, the department shall also notify the witnesses and victim of the offense which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's next of kin if the offense was a homicide.

In case of an emergency or medical leave the secretary may waive all or any portion of the requirements for leaves pursuant to RCW 13.40.205 (2)(a), (3), (4), and (5).

(3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be sent to the parents or legal guardian of the child.

(4) The secretary shall send the notices required by this chapter to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current address.

(5) Upon discharge, parole, or other authorized leave or release, a convicted juvenile sex offender shall not attend a public or approved private elementary, middle, or high school that is attended by a victim or a sibling of a victim of the sex offender. The parents or legal guardians of the convicted juvenile sex offender shall be responsible for transportation or other costs associated with or required by the sex offender's change in school that otherwise would be paid by a school district. Upon discharge, parole, or other authorized leave or release of a convicted juvenile sex offender, the secretary shall send written notice of the discharge, parole, or other authorized leave or release and the requirements of this subsection to the common school district board of directors of the district in which the sex offender intends to reside or the district in which the sex offender last attended school, whichever is appropriate. The secretary shall send a similar notice to any approved private school the juvenile will attend, if known, or if unknown, to the approved private schools within the district the juvenile resides or intends to reside.

(6) For purposes of this section the following terms have the following meanings:
(a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
(b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
(c) "Stalking" means the crime of stalking as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;
(d) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, parents, siblings, and children.

Sec. 3 RCW 28A.225.225 and 1995 c 52 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All districts accepting applications from nonresident students or from students receiving home-based instruction for admission to the district's schools shall consider equally all applications received. Each school district shall adopt a policy establishing rational, fair, and equitable standards for acceptance and rejection of applications by June 30, 1990. The policy may include rejection of a nonresident student((s)) if:
(a) Acceptance of ((these)) a nonresident student((s)) would result in the district experiencing a financial hardship;
(b) The student's disciplinary records indicate a history of violent or disruptive behavior or gang membership; or
(c) The student has been expelled or suspended from a public school for more than ten consecutive days. Any policy allowing for readmission of expelled or suspended students under this subsection (1)(c) must apply uniformly to both resident and nonresident applicants.

For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, "gang" means a group which: (a) Consists of three or more persons; (b) has identifiable leadership; and (c) on an ongoing basis, regularly conspires and acts in concert mainly for criminal purposes.

(2) The district shall provide to applicants written notification of the approval or denial of the application in a timely manner. If the application is rejected, the notification shall include the reason or reasons for denial and the right to appeal under RCW 28A.225.230(3).
Sec. 4. RCW 28A.600.010 and 1990 c 33 s 496 are each amended to read as follows:
Every board of directors, unless otherwise specifically provided by law, shall:
(1) Enforce the rules (and regulations) prescribed by the superintendent of public instruction
and the state board of education for the government of schools, pupils, and certificated employees.
(2) Adopt and make available to each pupil, teacher and parent in the district reasonable written
rules (and regulations) regarding pupil conduct, discipline, and rights, including but not limited to
short-term suspensions as referred to in RCW 28A.305.160 and (long-term) suspensions in excess of
ten consecutive days. Such rules (and regulations) shall not be inconsistent with any of the following:
Federal statutes and regulations, state statutes, common law (or), the rules (and regulations) of
the superintendent of public instruction (or), and the state board of education (and). The board's rules
shall include such substantive and procedural due process guarantees as prescribed by the state board of
education under RCW 28A.305.160. Commencing with the 1976-77 school year, when such rules
(and regulations) are made available to each pupil, teacher, and parent, they shall be accompanied by
a detailed description of rights, responsibilities, and authority of teachers and principals with respect to
the discipline of pupils as prescribed by state statutory law, superintendent of public instruction, and
state board of education rules (and regulations) and rules and regulations of the school district.

For the purposes of this subsection, computation of days included in "short-term" and "long-
term" suspensions shall be determined on the basis of consecutive school days.
(3) Suspend, expel, or discipline pupils in accordance with RCW 28A.305.160.

Sec. 5. RCW 28A.600.420 and 1995 c 335 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any elementary or secondary school student who is determined to have carried a firearm
onto, or to have possessed a firearm on, public elementary or secondary school premises, public
school-provided transportation, or areas of facilities while being used exclusively by public schools,
shall be expelled from school for not less than one year under RCW 28A.600.010. The superintendent
of the school district, educational service district, state school for the deaf, or state school for the blind
may modify the expulsion of a student on a case-by-case basis.
(2) For purposes of this section, "firearm" means a firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921,
and a "firearm" as defined in RCW 9.41.010.
(3) This section shall be construed in a manner consistent with the individuals with disabilities
education act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1401 et seq.
(4) Nothing in this section prevents a public school district, educational service district, the
state school for the deaf, or the state school for the blind if it has expelled a student from such student's
regular school setting from providing educational services to the student in an alternative setting.
(5) This section does not apply to:
(a) Any student while engaged in military education authorized by school authorities in which
rifles are used but not other firearms; or
(b) Any student while involved in a convention, showing, demonstration, lecture, or firearms
safety course authorized by school authorities in which the rifles of collectors or instructors are handled
or displayed but not other firearms; or
(c) Any student while participating in a rifle competition authorized by school authorities.
(6) A school district may suspend or expel a student for up to one year subject to subsections
(1), (3), (4), and (5) of this section, if the student acts with malice as defined under RCW 9A.04.110
and displays an instrument that appeared to be a firearm, on public elementary or secondary school
premises, public school-provided transportation, or areas of facilities while being used exclusively by
public schools.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or
circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
persons or circumstances is not affected."
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1581, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Sterk, Radcliff and Quall as Conferees on House Bill No. 1581.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1924 with the following amendments:

On page 21, after line 31, insert the following:

"Sec. 3. RCW 9A.44.130 and 1996 c 275 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any adult or juvenile residing in this state who has been found to have committed or has been convicted of any sex offense, or who has been found not guilty by reason of insanity under chapter 10.77 RCW of committing any sex offense, shall register with the county sheriff for the county of the person’s residence.

(2) The person shall provide the county sheriff with the following information when registering: (a) Name; (b) address; (c) date and place of birth; (d) place of employment; (e) crime for which convicted; (f) date and place of conviction; (g) aliases used; and (h) social security number.

(3)(a) Sex offenders shall register within the following deadlines. For purposes of this section the term "conviction" refers to adult convictions and juvenile adjudications for sex offenses:

(i) SEX OFFENDERS IN CUSTODY. Sex offenders who committed a sex offense on, before, or after February 28, 1990, and who, on or after July 28, 1991, are in custody, as a result of that offense, of the state department of corrections, the state department of social and health services, a local division of youth services, or a local jail or juvenile detention facility, must register within twenty-four hours from the time of release with the county sheriff for the county of the person’s residence. The agency that has jurisdiction over the offender shall provide notice to the sex offender of the duty to register. Failure to register within twenty-four hours of release constitutes a violation of this section and is punishable as provided in subsection (7) of this section.

(ii) SEX OFFENDERS NOT IN CUSTODY BUT UNDER STATE OR LOCAL JURISDICTION. Sex offenders, who, on July 28, 1991, are not in custody but are under the jurisdiction of the indeterminate sentence review board or under the department of correction’s active supervision, as defined by the department of corrections, the state department of social and health services, or a local division of youth services, for sex offenses committed before, on, or after February 28, 1990, must register within ten days of July 28, 1991. A change in supervision status of a sex offender who was required to register under this subsection (3)(a)(ii) as of July 28, 1991, shall not relieve the offender of the duty to register or to reregister following a change in residence. The obligation to register shall only cease pursuant to RCW 9A.44.140.

(iii) SEX OFFENDERS UNDER FEDERAL JURISDICTION. Sex offenders who, on or after July 23, 1995, as a result of that offense are in the custody of the United States bureau of prisons or other federal or military correctional agency for sex offenses committed before, on, or after February 28, 1990, must register within twenty-four hours from the time of release with the county sheriff for the county of the person’s residence. Sex offenders who, on July 23, 1995, are not in custody but are under the jurisdiction of the United States bureau of prisons, United States courts, United States parole commission, or military parole board for sex offenses committed before, on, or after February 28, 1990, must register within ten days of July 23, 1995. A change in supervision status of a sex offender
who was required to register under this subsection (3)(a)(iii) as of July 23, 1995, shall not relieve the offender of the duty to register or to reregister following a change in residence. The obligation to register shall only cease pursuant to RCW 9A.44.140.

(iv) SEX OFFENDERS WHO ARE CONVICTED BUT NOT CONFINED. Sex offenders who are convicted of a sex offense on or after July 28, 1991, for a sex offense that was committed on or after February 28, 1990, but who are not sentenced to serve a term of confinement immediately upon sentencing, shall report to the county sheriff to register immediately upon completion of being sentenced.

(v) SEX OFFENDERS WHO ARE NEW RESIDENTS OR RETURNING WASHINGTON RESIDENTS. Sex offenders who move to Washington state from another state or a foreign country that are not under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the indeterminate sentence review board, or the state department of social and health services at the time of moving to Washington, must register within thirty days of establishing residence or reestablishing residence if the person is a former Washington resident. The duty to register under this subsection applies to sex offenders convicted under the laws of another state or a foreign country, federal or military statutes, or Washington state for offenses committed on or after February 28, 1990. Sex offenders from other states or a foreign country who, when they move to Washington, are under the jurisdiction of the department of corrections, the indeterminate sentence review board, or the department of social and health services must register within twenty-four hours of moving to Washington. The agency that has jurisdiction over the offender shall notify the offender of the registration requirements before the offender moves to Washington.

(vi) SEX OFFENDERS FOUND NOT GUILTY BY REASON OF INSANITY. Any adult or juvenile who has been found not guilty by reason of insanity under chapter 10.77 RCW of committing a sex offense on, before, or after February 28, 1990, and who, on or after July 23, 1995, is in custody, as a result of that finding, of the state department of social and health services, must register within twenty-four hours from the time of release with the county sheriff for the county of the person’s residence. The state department of social and health services shall provide notice to the adult or juvenile in its custody of the duty to register. Any adult or juvenile who has been found not guilty by reason of insanity of committing a sex offense on, before, or after February 28, 1990, but who was released prior to July 23, 1995, shall be required to register within twenty-four hours of receiving notice of this registration requirement. The state department of social and health services shall make reasonable attempts within available resources to notify offenders who were released prior to July 23, 1995. Failure to register within twenty-four hours of release, or of receiving notice, constitutes a violation of this section and is punishable as provided in subsection (7) of this section.

(b) Failure to register within the time required under this section constitutes a per se violation of this section and is punishable as provided in subsection (7) of this section. The county sheriff shall not be required to determine whether the person is living within the county.

(c) An arrest on charges of failure to register, service of an information, or a complaint for a violation of this section, or arraignment on charges for a violation of this section, constitutes actual notice of the duty to register. Any person charged with the crime of failure to register under this section who asserts as a defense the lack of notice of the duty to register shall register immediately following actual notice of the duty through arrest, service, or arraignment. Failure to register as required under this subsection (c) constitutes grounds for filing another charge of failing to register. Registering following arrest, service, or arraignment on charges shall not relieve the offender from criminal liability for failure to register prior to the filing of the original charge.

(d) The deadlines for the duty to register under this section do not relieve any sex offender of the duty to register under this section as it existed prior to July 28, 1991.

(4)(a) If any person required to register pursuant to this section changes his or her residence address within the same county, the person must send written notice of the change of address to the county sheriff at least fourteen days before moving. If any person required to register pursuant to this section moves to a new county, the person must send written notice of the change of address at least fourteen days before moving to the county sheriff in the new county of residence and must register with that county sheriff within twenty-four hours of moving. The person must also send written notice within ten days of the change of address in the new county to the county sheriff with whom the person
last registered. If any person required to register pursuant to this section moves out of Washington state, the person must also send written notice within ten days of moving to the new state or a foreign country to the county sheriff with whom the person last registered in Washington state.

(b) It is an affirmative defense to a charge that the person failed to send a notice at least fourteen days in advance of moving as required under (a) of this subsection that the person did not know the location of his or her new residence at least fourteen days before moving. The defendant must establish the defense by a preponderance of the evidence and, to prevail on the defense, must also prove by a preponderance that the defendant sent the required notice within twenty-four hours of determining the new address.

(5) The county sheriff shall obtain a photograph of the individual and shall obtain a copy of the individual’s fingerprints.

(6) "Sex offense" for the purpose of RCW 9A.44.130, 10.01.200, 43.43.540, 70.48.470, and 72.09.330 means any offense defined as a sex offense by RCW 9.94A.030 and any violation of RCW 9.68A.090 or 9A.44.096 as well as any gross misdemeanor that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit an offense that is classified as a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030.

(7) A person who knowingly fails to register or who moves without notifying the county sheriff as required by this section is guilty of a class C felony if the crime for which the individual was convicted was a class A felony or a federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a class A felony. If the crime was other than a class A felony or a federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be other than a class A felony, violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor."

On page 21, after line 31, insert the following:

Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1996 c 289 s 1 and 1996 c 275 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

(2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

(3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.

(4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned early release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120 (6), (8), or (10) served in the community subject to controls placed on the inmate's movement and activities by the department of corrections.

(5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.

(6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.

(7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270,
community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.

(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in this section.

(9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

(10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims’ compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys’ fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430.

(11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct.

(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant’s prior convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

(b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and serious violent offenses and shall also include a defendant’s other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(9); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.

(12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant’s prior convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

(b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and serious violent offenses and shall also include a defendant’s other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(9); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.

(13) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing judge that equals the difference between the offender’s net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.

(14) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the defendant’s daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the defendant is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing judge.

(15) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(16) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.

(17) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.

(18) "Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
(b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or

(c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.

(19) "Escape" means:

(a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.

(20) "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(21) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.

(22) (a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under this chapter, or (ii) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug, nor the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers as defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2), nor the selling for profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, and except as provided in (b) of this subsection, who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.

(b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses and serious violent offenses.

(23) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended:

(a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;

(b) Assault in the second degree;

(c) Assault of a child in the second degree;

(d) Child molestation in the second degree;

(e) Controlled substance homicide;

(f) Extortion in the first degree;

(g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;

(h) Indecent liberties;

(i) Kidnapping in the second degree;

(j) Leading organized crime;

(k) Manslaughter in the first degree;

(l) Manslaughter in the second degree;

(m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;

(n) Rape in the third degree;

(o) Robbery in the second degree;

(p) Sexual exploitation;

(q) Vehicular assault;

(r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
(s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;

(t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;

(u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection;

(v)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a), (b), and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988;

(ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through the effective date of this section or RCW 9A.44.100(1)(d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 1993, through the effective date of this section.

(24) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.

(25) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.

(26) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention as defined in this section.

(27) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

(a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and

(b)(i) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or

(b)(ii) Has been convicted of (A) rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, or burglary in the first degree, with a finding of sexual motivation; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (27)(b)(i); and

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection.

(28) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.

(29) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.

(30) "Serious traffic offense" means:

(a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
(31) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense and means:
(a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; or
(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

(32) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

(33) "Sex offense" means:
(a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;
(b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9.94A.127 or 13.40.135; or
(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.

(34) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification.

(35) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

(36) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.

(37) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.

(38) "Violent offense" means:
(a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in the second degree, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and
(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

(39) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county or the state are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection (33) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program.

(40) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.
"Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

"Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance.

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after ".320" strike all material through ".120" and insert ", 9.94A.120, and 9.94A.130"

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "9.94A.320" strike "and 9.94A.120" and insert ", 9.94A.120, and 9.94A.030"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1924, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Ballasiotes, Koster and Costa as Conferees on House Bill No. 1924.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2279 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 70.47.015 and 1995 c 265 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that the basic health plan has been an effective program in providing health coverage for uninsured residents. Further, since 1993, substantial amounts of public funds have been allocated for subsidized basic health plan enrollment.

(2) It is the intent of the legislature that the basic health plan enrollment be expanded expeditiously, consistent with funds available in the health services account, with the goal of two hundred thousand adult subsidized basic health plan enrollees and one hundred thirty thousand children covered through expanded medical assistance services by June 30, 1997, with the priority of providing needed health services to children in conjunction with other public programs.

(3) Effective January 1, 1996, basic health plan enrollees whose income is less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal poverty level shall pay at least a ten-dollar premium share.

(4) No later than July 1, 1996, the administrator shall implement procedures whereby hospitals licensed under chapters 70.41 and 71.12 RCW, health carrier, rural health care facilities regulated under chapter 70.175 RCW, and community and migrant health centers funded under RCW 41.05.220, may expeditiously assist patients and their families in applying for basic health plan or medical assistance coverage, and in submitting such applications directly to the health care authority or the department of social and health services. The health care authority and the department of social and health services shall make every effort to simplify and expedite the application and enrollment process.

(5) No later than July 1, 1996, the administrator shall implement procedures whereby health insurance agents and brokers, licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW, may expeditiously assist patients and their families in applying for basic health plan or medical assistance coverage, and in submitting such applications directly to the health care authority or the department of social and health services."
Brokers and agents (shall be entitled to) may receive a commission for each individual sale of the basic health plan to anyone not (at anytime previously) signed up within the previous five years and a commission for each group sale of the basic health plan, if funding for this purpose is provided in a specific appropriation to the health care authority. No commission shall be provided upon a renewal. Commissions shall be determined based on the estimated annual cost of the basic health plan, however, commissions shall not result in a reduction in the premium amount paid to health carriers. For purposes of this section "health carrier" is as defined in RCW 48.43.005. The administrator may establish: (a) Minimum educational requirements that must be completed by the agents or brokers; (b) an appointment process for agents or brokers marketing the basic health plan; or (c) standards for revocation of the appointment of an agent or broker to submit applications for cause, including untrustworthy or incompetent conduct or harm to the public. The health care authority and the department of social and health services shall make every effort to simplify and expedite the application and enrollment process.

Sec. 2. RCW 70.47.060 and 1995 c 266 s 1 and 1995 c 2 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The administrator has the following powers and duties:

(1) To design and from time to time revise a schedule of covered basic health care services, including physician services, inpatient and outpatient hospital services, prescription drugs and medications, and other services that may be necessary for basic health care. In addition, the administrator may, to the extent that funds are available, offer as basic health plan services chemical dependency services, mental health services and organ transplant services; however, no one service or any combination of these three services shall increase the actuarial value of the basic health plan benefits by more than five percent excluding inflation, as determined by the office of financial management. All subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees in any participating managed health care system under the Washington basic health plan shall be entitled to receive (covered basic health care services) covered basic health care services in return for premium payments to the plan. The schedule of services shall emphasize proven preventive and primary health care and shall include all services necessary for prenatal, postnatal, and well-child care. However, with respect to coverage for groups of subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that such services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the managed care provider. The schedule of services shall also include a separate schedule of basic health care services for children, eighteen years of age and younger, for those subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees who choose to secure basic coverage through the plan only for their dependent children. In designing and revising the schedule of services, the administrator shall consider the guidelines for assessing health services under the mandated benefits act of 1984, RCW 48.42.080, and such other factors as the administrator deems appropriate.

However, with respect to coverage for subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that the services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the managed care provider.

(2)(a) To design and implement a structure of periodic premiums due the administrator from subsidized enrollees that is based upon gross family income, giving appropriate consideration to family size and the ages of all family members. The enrollment of children shall not require the enrollment of their parent or parents who are eligible for the plan. The structure of periodic premiums shall be applied to subsidized enrollees entering the plan as individuals pursuant to subsection (9) of this section and to the share of the cost of the plan due from subsidized enrollees entering the plan as employees pursuant to subsection (10) of this section.

(b) To determine the periodic premiums due the administrator from nonsubsidized enrollees. Premiums due from nonsubsidized enrollees shall be in an amount equal to the cost charged by the
managed health care system provider to the state for the plan plus the administrative cost of providing the plan to those enrollees and the premium tax under RCW 48.14.0201.

(c) An employer or other financial sponsor may, with the prior approval of the administrator, pay the premium, rate, or any other amount on behalf of a subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollee, by arrangement with the enrollee and through a mechanism acceptable to the administrator. (but in no case shall the payment made on behalf of the enrollee exceed the total premiums due from the enrollee).

(d) To develop, as an offering by all health carriers providing coverage identical to the basic health plan, a model plan benefits package with uniformity in enrollee cost-sharing requirements.

(3) To design and implement a structure of enrollee cost sharing due a managed health care system from subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees. The structure shall discourage inappropriate enrollee utilization of health care services, and may utilize copayments, deductibles, and other cost-sharing mechanisms, but shall not be so costly to enrollees as to constitute a barrier to appropriate utilization of necessary health care services.

(4) To limit enrollment of persons who qualify for subsidies so as to prevent an overexpenditure of appropriations for such purposes. Whenever the administrator finds that there is danger of such an overexpenditure, the administrator shall close enrollment until the administrator finds the danger no longer exists.

(5) To limit the payment of subsidies to subsidized enrollees, as defined in RCW 70.47.020. The level of subsidy provided to persons who qualify may be based on the lowest cost plans, as defined by the administrator.

(6) To adopt a schedule for the orderly development of the delivery of services and availability of the plan to residents of the state, subject to the limitations contained in RCW 70.47.080 or any act appropriating funds for the plan.

(7) To solicit and accept applications from managed health care systems, as defined in this chapter, for inclusion as eligible basic health care providers under the plan. The administrator shall endeavor to assure that covered basic health care services are available to any enrollee of the plan from among a selection of two or more participating managed health care systems. In adopting any rules or procedures applicable to managed health care systems and in its dealings with such systems, the administrator shall consider and make suitable allowance for the need for health care services and the differences in local availability of health care resources, along with other resources, within and among the several areas of the state. Contracts with participating managed health care systems shall ensure that basic health plan enrollees who become eligible for medical assistance may, at their option, continue to receive services from their existing providers within the managed health care system if such providers have entered into provider agreements with the department of social and health services.

(8) To receive periodic premiums from or on behalf of subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees, deposit them in the basic health plan operating account, keep records of enrollee status, and authorize periodic payments to managed health care systems on the basis of the number of enrollees participating in the respective managed health care systems.

(9) To accept applications from individuals residing in areas served by the plan, on behalf of themselves and their spouses and dependent children, for enrollment in the Washington basic health plan as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, to establish appropriate minimum-enrollment periods for enrollees as may be necessary, and to determine, upon application and on a reasonable schedule defined by the authority, or at the request of any enrollee, eligibility due to current gross family income for sliding scale premiums. No subsidy may be paid with respect to any enrollee whose current gross family income exceeds twice the federal poverty level or, subject to RCW 70.47.110, who is a recipient of medical assistance or medical care services under chapter 74.09 RCW. If, as a result of an eligibility review, the administrator determines that a subsidized enrollee's income exceeds twice the federal poverty level and that the enrollee knowingly failed to inform the plan of such increase in income, the administrator may bill the enrollee for the subsidy paid on the enrollee’s behalf during the period of time that the enrollee’s income exceeded twice the federal poverty level. If a number of enrollees drop their enrollment for no apparent good cause, the administrator may establish appropriate rules or requirements that are applicable to such individuals before they will be allowed to reenroll in the plan.
(10) To accept applications from business owners on behalf of themselves and their employees, spouses, and dependent children, as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, who reside in an area served by the plan. The administrator may require all or the substantial majority of the eligible employees of such businesses to enroll in the plan and establish those procedures necessary to facilitate the orderly enrollment of groups in the plan and into a managed health care system. The administrator may require that a business owner pay at least an amount equal to what the employee pays after the state pays its portion of the subsidized premium cost of the plan on behalf of each employee enrolled in the plan. Enrollment is limited to those not eligible for medicare who wish to enroll in the plan and choose to obtain the basic health care coverage and services from a managed care system participating in the plan. The administrator shall adjust the amount determined to be due on behalf of or from all such enrollees whenever the amount negotiated by the administrator with the participating managed health care system or systems is modified or the administrative cost of providing the plan to such enrollees changes.

(11) To determine the rate to be paid to each participating managed health care system in return for the provision of covered basic health care services to enrollees in the system. Although the schedule of covered basic health care services will be the same for similar enrollees, the rates negotiated with participating managed health care systems may vary among the systems. In negotiating rates with participating systems, the administrator shall consider the characteristics of the populations served by the respective systems, economic circumstances of the local area, the need to conserve the resources of the basic health plan trust account, and other factors the administrator finds relevant.

(12) To monitor the provision of covered services to enrollees by participating managed health care systems in order to assure enrollee access to good quality basic health care, to require periodic data reports concerning the utilization of health care services rendered to enrollees in order to provide adequate information for evaluation, and to inspect the books and records of participating managed health care systems to assure compliance with the purposes of this chapter. In requiring reports from participating managed health care systems, including data on services rendered enrollees, the administrator shall endeavor to minimize costs, both to the managed health care systems and to the plan. The administrator shall coordinate any such reporting requirements with other state agencies, such as the insurance commissioner and the department of health, to minimize duplication of effort.

(13) To evaluate the effects this chapter has on private employer-based health care coverage and to take appropriate measures consistent with state and federal statutes that will discourage the reduction of such coverage in the state.

(14) To develop a program of proven preventive health measures and to integrate it into the plan wherever possible and consistent with this chapter.

(15) To provide, consistent with available funding, assistance for rural residents, underserved populations, and persons of color.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "plan;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 70.47.015; reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.060; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 2279, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES
The Speaker appointed Representatives Huff, Backlund and Murray as Conferees on Substitute House Bill No. 2279.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1085 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 RCW to read as follows:

(1) All instructional materials, including teacher’s manuals, films, tapes, or other supplementary material which will be used in connection with any test, questionnaire, survey, analysis, or evaluation in a school, shall be available for inspection by the parents or legal guardians of the students, and by any member of the school board;

(2) Absent prior consent of a student who is an adult or an emancipated minor, or absent prior written consent of a parent or legal guardian of a student who is an unemancipated minor, a student may not be required to submit to a test, questionnaire, survey, analysis, or evaluation that reveals information concerning the student’s or the student’s parents’:

(a) Personal beliefs or practices regarding political affiliations;

(b) Mental or psychological problems potentially embarrassing to the student or to the student’s family;

(c) Sexual behavior and attitudes;

(d) Illegal, antisocial, self-incriminating, and demeaning behavior;

(e) Critical appraisals of other individuals with whom the students have a close family relationship;

(f) Legally recognized privileged or analogous relationships, such as those of lawyers, physicians, and ministers;

(g) Income level, except as required by law to determine eligibility for participation in a program or to receive financial assistance under the program.

(3) Educational agencies shall give parents and students effective notice of their rights under this section prior to administering a test, questionnaire, survey, analysis, or evaluation that meets the criteria of subsection (2) of this section.

(4) Prior to administration of a test, questionnaire, survey, analysis, or evaluation that meets the criteria of subsection (2) of this section, the school board must be given the opportunity to hear a presentation about the proposed test, questionnaire, survey, analysis, or evaluation. Each member of the school board must be notified in writing of plans to administer a test, questionnaire, survey, analysis, or evaluation that meets the criteria of subsection (2) of this section. Notification must occur prior to a regularly scheduled meeting of the school board before administration of a test, questionnaire, survey, analysis, or evaluation that meets the criteria of subsection (2) of this section."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "survey;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1085 and passed the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1085 as amended by the Senate.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1085 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 37, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1085, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1110 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. WAC 173-563-015 as it existed prior to the effective date of this section is void.

Sec. 2. RCW 90.54.050 and 1988 c 47 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

In conjunction with the programs provided for in RCW 90.54.040(1), whenever it appears necessary to the director in carrying out the policy of this chapter, the department may by rule adopted pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW:

(1) Reserve and set aside waters for beneficial utilization in the future, and

(2) When sufficient information and data are lacking to allow for the making of sound decisions, withdraw various waters of the state from additional appropriations until such data and information are available. Before proposing the adoption of rules to withdraw waters of the state from additional appropriation, the department shall consult with the standing committees of the house of representatives and the senate having jurisdiction over water resource management issues.

Prior to the adoption of a rule under this section, the department shall conduct a public hearing in each county in which waters relating to the rule are located. The public hearing shall be preceded by a notice placed in a newspaper of general circulation published within each of said counties. Rules adopted hereunder shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of RCW ((34.05.538 or)) 34.05.240.

("No new rules or changes to existing rules to reserve or set aside water may be adopted pursuant to this section, as provided in RCW 90.54.022(5).")"
On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "resources;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.54.050; and creating a new section."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1110 and passed the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1110 as amended by the Senate.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1110 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 73, Nays - 18, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1110, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1191 with the following amendments:

On page 6, beginning on line 12, strike all material down through and including line 15 and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MOTION

Representative Cody moved that the House not concur in the Senate amendments to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191, and ask the Senate for a Conference thereon.

Representative Cody spoke in favor of adoption of the motion.
Representative Backlund spoke against the adoption of the motion.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 51-YEAS; 39-NAYS. The motion was not adopted.

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191 and passed the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191 as amended by the Senate.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 29, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1367 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 28A.335.180 and 1991 c 116 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, school districts, educational service districts, or any other state or local governmental agency concerned with education, when declaring texts and other books, equipment, materials or relocatable facilities as surplus, shall, prior to other disposal thereof, serve notice in writing in a newspaper of general circulation in the school district and to any public school district or private school in Washington state annually requesting such a notice, that the same is available for sale, rent, or lease to public school districts or approved private schools, at depreciated cost or fair market value, whichever is greater: PROVIDED, That students wishing to purchase texts pursuant to RCW 28A.320.230(2) shall have priority as to such texts. Such districts or agencies shall not otherwise sell, rent or lease such surplus property to any person, firm, organization, or nongovernmental agency for at least thirty days following publication of notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the school district."
(2) In lieu of complying with subsection (1) of this section, school districts and educational service districts may elect to grant surplus personal property to a federal, state, or local governmental entity, or to indigent persons, at no cost on the condition the property be used for preschool through twelfth grade educational purposes, or elect to loan surplus personal property to a nonreligious, nonsectarian private entity on the condition the property be used for the preschool through twelfth grade education of members of the public on a nondiscriminatory basis.

Sec. 2. RCW 43.19.1919 and 1991 c 216 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in section 1 of this act and RCW 43.19.20, the division of purchasing shall sell or exchange personal property belonging to the state for which the agency, office, department, or educational institution having custody thereof has no further use, at public or private sale, and cause the moneys realized from the sale of any such property to be paid into the fund from which such property was purchased or, if such fund no longer exists, into the state general fund: PROVIDED, Sales of capital assets may be made by the division of purchasing and a credit established in central stores for future purchases of capital items as provided for in RCW 43.19.190 through 43.19.1939, as now or hereafter amended: PROVIDED FURTHER, That personal property, excess to a state agency, including educational institutions, shall not be sold or disposed of prior to reasonable efforts by the division of purchasing to determine if other state agencies have a requirement for such personal property. Such determination shall follow sufficient notice to all state agencies to allow adequate time for them to make their needs known. Surplus items may be disposed of without prior notification to state agencies if it is determined by the director of general administration to be in the best interest of the state. The division of purchasing shall maintain a record of disposed surplus property, including date and method of disposal, identity of any recipient, and approximate value of the property: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That this section shall not apply to personal property acquired by a state organization under federal grants and contracts if in conflict with special title provisions contained in such grants or contracts.

This section does not apply to property under RCW 27.53.045."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "property;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 28A.335.180 and 43.19.1919."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1367 and passed the bill as amended by the Senate.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1367 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Johnson and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1367 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.

Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B.
- 7.

House Bill No. 1367, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1372 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The Washington advanced college tuition payment program is established to help make higher education affordable and accessible to all citizens of the state of Washington by offering a savings incentive that will protect purchasers and beneficiaries against rising tuition costs. The program is designed to encourage savings and enhance the ability of Washington citizens to obtain financial access to institutions of higher education. In addition, the program encourages elementary and secondary school students to do well in school as a means of preparing for and aspiring to higher education attendance. This program is intended to promote a well-educated and financially secure population to the ultimate benefit of all citizens of the state of Washington.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Academic year" means the regular nine-month, three-quarter, or two-semester period annually occurring between July 1st and June 30th.

(2) "Account" means the Washington advanced college tuition payment program account established for the deposit of all money received by the board from eligible purchasers and interest earnings on investments of funds in the account, as well as for all expenditures on behalf of eligible beneficiaries for the redemption of tuition units.

(3) "Board" means the higher education coordinating board as defined in chapter 28B.80 RCW.

(4) "Committee on advanced tuition payment" or "committee" means a committee of the following members or their designees: The state treasurer, the director of the office of financial management, and the chair of the higher education coordinating board.

(5) "Governing body" means the entity empowered by the legislature to administer the Washington advanced college tuition payment program.

(6) "Contractual obligation" means a legally binding contract of the state with the purchaser and the beneficiary establishing that purchases of tuition units will be worth the same number of tuition units at the time of redemption as they were worth at the time of the purchase.

(7) "Eligible beneficiary" means the person for whom the tuition unit will be redeemed for attendance at an institution of higher education. The beneficiary is that person named by the purchaser at the time that a tuition unit contract is accepted by the board. With the exception of tuition unit contracts purchased by qualified organizations as future scholarships, the beneficiary must reside in the state of Washington or otherwise be a resident of the state of Washington at the time the tuition unit contract is accepted by the board.

(8) "Eligible purchaser" means an individual or organization that has entered into a tuition unit contract with the board for the purchase of tuition units for an eligible beneficiary.

(9) "Full-time tuition charges" means resident tuition charges at a state institution of higher education for enrollments between ten credits and eighteen credit hours per academic term.
(10) "Institution of higher education" means an institution that offers education beyond the secondary level and is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association or is licensed to do business in the state in which it is located.

(11) "Investment board" means the state investment board as defined in chapter 43.33A RCW.

(12) "State institution of higher education" means institutions of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016.

(13) "Tuition and fees" means tuition and services and activities fees as defined in RCW 28B.15.020 and 28B.15.041 rounded to the nearest whole dollar. The maximum tuition and fees charges recognized for beneficiaries enrolled in a state technical college shall be equal to the tuition and fees for the community college system.

(14) "Tuition unit contract" means a contract between an eligible purchaser and the board, or a successor agency appointed for administration of this chapter, for the purchase of tuition units for a specified beneficiary that may be redeemed at a later date for an equal number of tuition units.

(15) "Unit purchase price" means the minimum cost to purchase one tuition unit for an eligible beneficiary. Generally, the minimum purchase price is one percent of the weighted average tuition and fees for the current year, rounded to the nearest whole dollar, adjusted for the costs of administration and adjusted to ensure the actuarial soundness of the account.

(16) "Weighted average tuition" shall be calculated as the sum of the undergraduate tuition and services and activities fees for each four-year state institution of higher education, multiplied by the respective full-time equivalent student enrollment at each institution divided by the sum total of undergraduate full-time equivalent student enrollments of all four-year state institutions of higher education, rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

(17) "Weighted average tuition unit" is the value of the weighted average tuition and fees divided by one hundred. The weighted average is the basis upon which tuition benefits are calculated for graduate program enrollments and for attendance at nonstate institutions of higher education and is the basis for any refunds provided from the program.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 3.** (1) The Washington advanced college tuition payment program shall be administered by the committee on advanced tuition payment which shall be chaired by the representative from the higher education coordinating board. The committee shall be supported by staff of the board.

(2) The committee shall assess the administration and projected financial solvency of the program and make a recommendation to the legislature by the end of the second year after the effective date of this section as to disposition of the further administration of the program.

(3)(a) The Washington advanced college tuition payment program shall consist of the sale of tuition units, which may be redeemed by the beneficiary at a future date for an equal number of tuition units regardless of any increase in the price of tuition, that may have occurred in the interval.

(b) Each purchase shall be worth a specific number of or fraction of tuition units at each state institution of higher education as determined by the board.

(c) The number of tuition units necessary to pay for a full year’s, full-time tuition and fee charges at a state institution of higher education shall be set by the board at the time a purchaser enters into a tuition unit contract.

(d) The governing body may limit the number of tuition units purchased by any one purchaser or on behalf of any one beneficiary, however, no limit may be imposed that is less than that necessary to achieve four years of full-time, undergraduate tuition charges at a state institution of higher education. The governing body also may, at its discretion, limit the number of participants, if needed, to ensure the actuarial soundness and integrity of the program.

(4)(a) No tuition unit may be redeemed until two years after the purchase of the unit. Units may be redeemed for enrollment at any institution of higher education.

(b) Units redeemed at a nonstate institution of higher education or for graduate enrollment shall be redeemed at the current weighted average tuition unit in effect at the time of redemption.

(5) The governing body shall determine the conditions under which the tuition benefit may be transferred to another family member. In permitting such transfers, the governing body may not allow
the tuition benefit to be bought, sold, bartered, or otherwise exchanged for goods and services by either
the beneficiary or the purchaser.

(6) The governing body shall administer the Washington advanced college tuition payment
program in a manner reasonably designed to be actuarially sound, such that the assets of the trust will
be sufficient to defray the obligations of the trust including the costs of administration. The governing
body may, at its discretion, discount the minimum purchase price for certain kinds of purchases such as
those from families with young children, as long as the actuarial soundness of the account is not
jeopardized.

(7) The governing body shall annually determine current value of a tuition unit and the value of
the weighted average tuition unit.

(8) The governing body shall promote, advertise, and publicize the Washington advanced
college tuition payment program.

(9) In addition to any other powers conferred by this chapter, the governing body may:

(a) Impose reasonable limits on the number of tuition units or units that may be used in any one
year;

(b) Determine and set any time limits, if necessary, for the use of benefits under this chapter;

(c) Impose and collect administrative fees and charges in connection with any transaction under
this chapter;

(d) Appoint and use advisory committees as needed to provide program direction and guidance;

(e) Formulate and adopt all other policies and rules necessary for the efficient administration of
the program;

(f) Consider the addition of an advanced payment program for room and board contracts and
also consider a college savings program;

(g) Purchase insurance from insurers licensed to do business in the state, to provide for
coverage against any loss in connection with the account’s property, assets, or activities or to further
insure the value of the tuition units;

(h) Make, execute, and deliver contracts, conveyances, and other instruments necessary to the
exercise and discharge of its powers and duties under this chapter;

(i) Contract for the provision for all or part of the services necessary for the management and
operation of the program with other state or nonstate entities authorized to do business in the state;

(j) Contract for other services or for goods needed by the board in the conduct of its business
under this chapter;

(k) Employ all personnel as necessary to carry out its responsibilities under this chapter and to
fix the compensation of these persons;

(l) Contract with financial consultants, actuaries, auditors, and other consultants as necessary to
carry out its responsibilities under this chapter;

(m) Solicit and accept cash donations and grants from any person, governmental agency,
private business, or organization; and

(n) Perform all acts necessary and proper to carry out the duties and responsibilities of this
program under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The governing body may, at its discretion, allow an organization to
purchase tuition units for future use as scholarships. Such organizations electing to purchase tuition
units for this purpose must enter into a contract with the governing body which, at a minimum, ensures
that the scholarship shall be freely given by the purchaser to a scholarship recipient. For such
purchases, the purchaser need not name a beneficiary until four months before the date when the tuition
units are first expected to be used.

The governing body shall formulate and adopt such rules as are necessary to determine which
organizations may qualify to purchase tuition units for scholarships under this section. The governing
body also may consider additional rules for the use of tuition units if purchased as scholarships.

The governing body may establish a scholarship fund with moneys from the Washington
advanced college tuition payment program account. A scholarship fund established under this authority
shall be administered by the higher education coordinating board and shall be provided to students who
demonstrate financial need. Financial need is not a criterion that any other organization need consider
when using tuition units as scholarships. The board also may establish its own corporate-sponsored scholarship fund under this chapter.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 5.** The Washington advanced college tuition payment program is an essential state governmental function. Contracts with eligible participants shall be contractual obligations legally binding on the state as set forth in this chapter. If, and only if, the moneys in the account are projected to be insufficient to cover the state’s contracted expenses for a given biennium, then the legislature shall appropriate to the account the amount necessary to cover such expenses.

The tuition and fees charged by a state institution of higher education to an eligible beneficiary for a current enrollment shall be paid by the account to the extent the beneficiary has remaining unused tuition units for the appropriate school. The tuition and fees charged to a beneficiary for graduate level enrollments or by a nonstate institution of higher education shall be paid by the account to the extent that the beneficiary has remaining weighted average tuition units.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 6.** (1) The Washington advanced college tuition payment program account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. The account shall be a discrete nontreasury account retaining its interest earnings in accordance with RCW 43.79A.040.

(2) The governing body shall deposit in the account all money received for the program. The account shall be self-sustaining and consist of payments received from purchasers of tuition units and funds received from other sources, public or private. With the exception of investment and operating costs associated with the investment of money by the investment board paid under RCW 43.33A.160 and 43.84.160, the account shall be credited with all investment income earned by the account. Disbursements from the account are exempt from appropriations and the allotment provisions of chapter 43.88 RCW. Money used for program administration is subject to the allotment and budgetary controls of chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for expenditures.

(3) The assets of the account may be spent for the purpose of making payments to institutions of higher education on behalf of the qualified beneficiaries, making refunds, transfers, or direct payments upon the termination of the Washington advanced college tuition payment program, and paying the costs of administration of the program. Disbursements from the account shall be made only on the authorization of the board.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 7.** (1) The investment board has the full power to invest, reinvest, manage, contract, sell, or exchange investment money in the account. All investment and operating costs associated with the investment of money shall be paid pursuant to RCW 43.33A.160 and 43.84.160. With the exception of these expenses, the earnings from the investment of the money shall be retained by the account.

(2) All investments made by the investment board shall be made with the exercise of that degree of judgment and care pursuant to RCW 43.33A.140 and the investment policy established by the state investment board.

(3) As deemed appropriate by the investment board, money in the account may be commingled for investment with other funds subject to investment by the board.

(4) The authority to establish all policies relating to the account, other than the investment policies as set forth in subsections (1) through (3) of this section, resides with the board. With the exception of expenses of the investment board set forth in subsection (1) of this section, disbursements from the account shall be made only on the authorization of the governing body, and money in the account may be spent only for the purposes of the program as specified in this chapter.

(5) The investment board shall routinely consult and communicate with the governing body on the investment policy, earnings of the trust, and related needs of the program.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 8.** The governing body shall annually evaluate, and cause to be evaluated by a nationally recognized actuary, the soundness of the account and determine the additional assets needed, if any, to defray the obligations of the account.

If funds are not sufficient to ensure the actuarial soundness of the account, the governing body shall adjust the price of subsequent tuition credit purchases to ensure its soundness.
If there are insufficient numbers of new purchases to ensure the actuarial soundness of the account, the governing body shall request such funds from the legislature as are required to ensure the integrity of the program. Funds may be appropriated directly to the account or appropriated under the condition that they be repaid at a later date. The repayment shall be made at such time that the account is again determined to be actuarially sound.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) In the event that the state determines that the program is not financially feasible, or for any other reason, the state may declare the discontinuance of the program. At the time of such declaration, the governing body will cease to accept any further tuition unit contracts or purchases.

(2) The remaining tuition units for all beneficiaries who have either enrolled in higher education or who are within four years of graduation from a secondary school shall be honored until such tuition units have been exhausted, or for ten fiscal years from the date that the program has been discontinued, whichever comes first. All other contract holders shall receive a refund equal to the value of the current weighted average tuition units in effect at the time that the program was declared discontinued.

(3) At the end of the ten-year period, any tuition units remaining unused by currently active beneficiaries enrolled in higher education shall be refunded at the value of the current weighted average tuition unit in effect at the end of that ten-year period.

(4) At the end of the ten-year period, all other funds remaining in the account not needed to make refunds or to pay for administrative costs shall be deposited to the state general fund.

(5) The governing body may make refunds under other exceptional circumstances as it deems fit, however, no tuition units may be honored after the end of the tenth fiscal year following the declaration of discontinuance of the program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) The committee, in planning and devising the program, shall consult with the investment board, the state treasurer, the state actuary, the office of financial management, and the institutions of higher education.

(2) The governing body may seek the assistance of the state agencies named in subsection (1) of this section, private financial institutions, and any other qualified party with experience in the areas of accounting, actuary, risk management, or investment management to assist with preparing an accounting of the program and ensuring the fiscal soundness of the account.

(3) State agencies and public institutions of higher education shall fully cooperate with the governing body in matters relating to the program in order to ensure the solvency of the account and ability of the governing body to meet outstanding commitments.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. This chapter shall not be construed as a promise that any beneficiary shall be granted admission to any institution of higher education, will earn any specific or minimum number of academic credits, or will graduate from any such institution. In addition, this chapter shall not be construed as a promise of either course or program availability.

Participation in this program does not guarantee an eligible beneficiary the right to resident tuition and fees. To qualify for resident and respective tuition subsidies, the eligible beneficiary must meet the applicable provisions of RCW 28B.15.011 through 28B.15.015.

This chapter shall not be construed to imply that the redemption of tuition units shall be equal to any value greater than the undergraduate tuition and services and activities fees at a state institution of higher education as computed under this chapter. Eligible beneficiaries will be responsible for payment of any other fee that does not qualify as a services and activities fee including, but not limited to, any expenses for tuition surcharges, tuition overload fees, laboratory fees, equipment fees, book fees, rental fees, room and board charges, or fines.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. (1) The intent of the Washington advanced college tuition payment program is to redeem tuition units for attendance at an institution of higher education. Refunds shall be issued under specific conditions that may include the following:
(a) Certification that the beneficiary, who is eighteen years of age or older, will not attend an institution of higher education, will result in a refund not to exceed ninety-five percent of the current weighted average tuition and fees in effect at the time of such certification. No more than one hundred tuition units may be refunded per year to any individual making this certification. The refund shall be made no sooner than ninety days after such certification, less any administrative processing fees assessed by the governing body. The governing body may, at its discretion, impose a greater penalty;

(b) If there is certification of the death or disability of the beneficiary, the refund shall be equal to one hundred percent of any remaining unused tuition units valued at the current weighted average tuition units at the time that such certification is submitted to the board, less any administrative processing fees assessed by the governing body. The governing body may, at its discretion, impose a penalty if needed to comply with federal tax rules;

(c) If there is certification by the student of graduation or program completion, the refund may be as great as one hundred percent of any remaining unused weighted average tuition units at the time that such certification is submitted to the governing body, less any administrative processing fees assessed by the governing body. The governing body may, at its discretion, impose a penalty if needed;

(d) Certification of other tuition and fee scholarships, which will cover the cost of tuition for the eligible beneficiary. The refund shall be equal to one hundred percent of the current weighted average tuition units in effect at the time of the refund request, plus any administrative processing fees assessed by the governing body. The refund under this subsection may not exceed the value of the scholarship;

(e) Incorrect or misleading information provided by the purchaser or beneficiaries may result in a refund of the purchaser’s investment, less any administrative processing fees assessed by the governing body. The value of the refund will not exceed the actual dollar value of the purchaser’s contributions; and

(f) The governing body may determine other circumstances qualifying for refunds of remaining unused tuition units and may determine the value of that refund.

(2) With the exception of subsection (1)(b) and (e) of this section no refunds may be made before the beneficiary is at least eighteen years of age.

Sec. 13. RCW 43.79A.040 and 1996 c 253 s 409 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Money in the treasurer’s trust fund may be deposited, invested and reinvested by the state treasurer in accordance with RCW 43.84.080 in the same manner and to the same extent as if the money were in the state treasury.

(2) All income received from investment of the treasurer’s trust fund shall be set aside in an account in the treasury trust fund to be known as the investment income account.

(3) The investment income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasurer’s trust funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasurer or affected state agencies. The investment income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.

(4)(a) Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the investment income account to the state general fund except under (b) and (c) of this subsection.

(b) The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account’s or fund’s average daily balance for the period: The Washington advanced college tuition payment program account, the agricultural local fund, the American Indian scholarship endowment fund, the Washington international exchange scholarship endowment fund, the energy account, the fair fund, the game farm alternative account, the grain inspection revolving fund, the rural rehabilitation account, and the self-insurance revolving fund. However, the earnings to be distributed shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer’s service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.

(c) The following accounts and funds shall receive eighty percent of their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account’s or fund’s average daily balance for the period: The advanced right of way revolving fund, the federal narcotics asset forfeitures account, the high occupancy vehicle account, and the local rail service assistance account.
In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no trust accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. Sections 1 through 12 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 28B RCW.

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "program;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 43.79A.040; and adding a new chapter to Title 28B RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Carlson and Hatfield spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Voting nay: Representative Sherstad - 1.

Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1387 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 48.20.028 and 1995 c 265 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) An insurer offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered
health services that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an insurer from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. An insurer offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.20.390, 48.20.393, 48.20.395, 48.20.397, 48.20.410, 48.20.411, 48.20.412, 48.20.416, and 48.20.420 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premiums for health benefit plans for individuals shall be calculated using the adjusted community rating method that spreads financial risk across the carrier’s entire individual product population. All such rates shall conform to the following:

(a) The insurer shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:
   (i) Geographic area;
   (ii) Family size;
   (iii) Age; and
   (iv) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The insurer shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:
   (i) Changes to the family composition;
   (ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
   (iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) The frequency of filing of rate adjustments for new and renewing individuals is limited to once every six months.

(3) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.21.045.

(4) As used in this section, "health benefit plan," "basic health plan," "adjusted community rate," and "wellness activities" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 2. RCW 48.21.045 and 1995 c 265 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) An insurer offering any health benefit plan to a small employer shall offer and actively market to the small employer a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health services that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health
plan. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude an insurer from offering, or a small employer from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. An insurer offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the small employer in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.21.130, 48.21.140, 48.21.141, 48.21.142, 48.21.144, 48.21.146, 48.21.160 through 48.21.197, 48.21.200, 48.21.220, 48.21.225, 48.21.230, 48.21.235, 48.21.240, 48.21.244, 48.21.250, 48.21.300, 48.21.310, or 48.21.320 if: (i) The health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan; or (ii) the health benefit plan is offered to employers with not more than twenty-five employees.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit an insurer from offering, or a purchaser from seeking, benefits in excess of the basic health plan services. All forms, policies, and contracts shall be submitted for approval to the commissioner, and the rates of any plan offered under this section shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits thereto.

(3) Premium rates for health benefit plans for small employers as defined in this section shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The insurer shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; and
(iv) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments, which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Employees under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The insurer shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection (3).

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the enrollment of the small employer;
(ii) Changes to the family composition of the employee;
(iii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the small employer; or
(iv) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) The frequency of filing of rate adjustments for new and renewing small employers is limited to once every six months.

(((g)))) (h) Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical groups that differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design, with the exception of discounts for health improvement programs.

(((h)))) (i) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(((i)) (j) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all small groups purchasing coverage.
(4) The health benefit plans authorized by this section that are lower than the required offering shall not supplant or supersede any existing policy for the benefit of employees in this state. Nothing in this section shall restrict the right of employees to collectively bargain for insurance providing benefits in excess of those provided herein.

(5)(a) Except as provided in this subsection, requirements used by an insurer in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer shall be applied uniformly among all small employers applying for coverage or receiving coverage from the carrier.

(b) An insurer shall not require a minimum participation level greater than:

(i) One hundred percent of eligible employees working for groups with three or less employees; and

(ii) Seventy-five percent of eligible employees working for groups with more than three employees.

(c) In applying minimum participation requirements with respect to a small employer, a small employer shall not consider employees or dependents who have similar existing coverage in determining whether the applicable percentage of participation is met.

(d) An insurer may not increase any requirement for minimum employee participation or modify any requirement for minimum employer contribution applicable to a small employer at any time after the small employer has been accepted for coverage.

(6) An insurer must offer coverage to all eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. An insurer may not offer coverage to only certain individuals or dependents in a small employer group or to only part of the group. An insurer may not modify a health plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage or benefits for specific diseases, medical conditions, or services otherwise covered by the plan.

(7) As used in this section, “health benefit plan,” “small employer,” “basic health plan,” “adjusted community rate,” and “wellness activities” mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 3. RCW 48.44.022 and 1995 c 265 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A health care service contractor offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health services that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a contractor from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. A contractor offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.44.225, 48.44.240, 48.44.245, 48.44.290, 48.44.300, 48.44.310, 48.44.320, 48.44.325, 48.44.330, 48.44.335, 48.44.340, 48.44.344, 48.44.360, 48.44.400, 48.44.440, 48.44.450, and 48.44.460 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The health care service contractor shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;

(ii) Family size;

(iii) Age; and

(iv) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.
(c) The health care service contractor shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which Medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which Medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:
   (i) Changes to the family composition;
   (ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
   (iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) The frequency of filing of rate adjustments for new and renewing individuals is limited to once every six months.

(h) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(3) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.44.023.

(4) As used in this section and RCW 48.44.023 "health benefit plan," "small employer," "basic health plan," "adjusted community rates," and "wellness activities" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 4. RCW 48.44.023 and 1995 c 265 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A health care services contractor offering any health benefit plan to a small employer shall offer and actively market to the small employer a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health services that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a contractor from offering, or a small employer from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. A contractor offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the small employer in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.44.225, 48.44.240, 48.44.245, 48.44.290, 48.44.300, 48.44.310, 48.44.320, 48.44.325, 48.44.330, 48.44.335, 48.44.340, 48.44.344, 48.44.360, 48.44.400, 48.44.440, 48.44.450, and 48.44.460 if: (i) The health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan; or (ii) the health benefit plan is offered to employers with not more than twenty-five employees.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a health care service contractor from offering, or a purchaser from seeking, benefits in excess of the basic health plan services. All forms, policies, and contracts shall be submitted for approval to the commissioner, and the rates of any plan offered under this section shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits thereto.

(3) Premium rates for health benefit plans for small employers as defined in this section shall be subject to the following provisions:
   (a) The contractor shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:
      (i) Geographic area;
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; and
(iv) Wellness activities.
(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments, which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Employees under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.
(c) The contractor shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection (3).
(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.
(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.
(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:
   (i) Changes to the enrollment of the small employer;
   (ii) Changes to the family composition of the employee;
   (iii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the small employer; or
   (iv) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.
(g) The frequency of filing of rate adjustments for new and renewing small employers is limited to once every six months.
(h) Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical groups that differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design, with the exception of discounts for health improvement programs.
(i) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.
(j) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all groups purchasing coverage.
(4) The health benefit plans authorized by this section that are lower than the required offering shall not supplant or supersede any existing policy for the benefit of employees in this state. Nothing in this section shall restrict the right of employees to collectively bargain for insurance providing benefits in excess of those provided herein.
(5)(a) Except as provided in this subsection, requirements used by a contractor in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer shall be applied uniformly among all small employers applying for coverage or receiving coverage from the carrier.
   (b) A contractor shall not require a minimum participation level greater than:
      (i) One hundred percent of eligible employees working for groups with three or less employees; and
      (ii) Seventy-five percent of eligible employees working for groups with more than three employees.
   (c) In applying minimum participation requirements with respect to a small employer, a small employer shall not consider employees or dependents who have similar existing coverage in determining whether the applicable percentage of participation is met.
   (d) A contractor may not increase any requirement for minimum employee participation or modify any requirement for minimum employer contribution applicable to a small employer at any time after the small employer has been accepted for coverage.
   (6) A contractor must offer coverage to all eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A contractor may not offer coverage to only certain individuals or dependents in a small employer group or to only part of the group. A contractor may not modify a health plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements or otherwise, to
restrict or exclude coverage or benefits for specific diseases, medical conditions, or services otherwise covered by the plan.

Sec. 5. RCW 48.46.064 and 1995 c 265 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A health maintenance organization offering any health benefit plan to any individual shall offer and actively market to all individuals a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health services that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a health maintenance organization from offering, or an individual from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. A health maintenance organization offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits provided in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the individual in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.46.275, 48.46.280, 48.46.285, 48.46.290, 48.46.350, 48.46.355, 48.46.375, 48.46.440, 48.46.480, 48.46.510, 48.46.520, and 48.46.530 if the health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan.

(2) Premium rates for health benefit plans for individuals shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The health maintenance organization shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; and
(iv) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Individuals under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The health maintenance organization shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection.

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the family composition;
(ii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the individual; or
(iii) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) The frequency of filing of rate adjustments for new and renewing individuals is limited to once every six months.

((((g))) (h) For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

(3) Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all individuals purchasing coverage, and shall not be required to be pooled with the medical experience of health benefit plans offered to small employers under RCW 48.46.066.
(4) As used in this section and RCW 48.46.066, "health benefit plan," "basic health plan," "adjusted community rate," "small employer," and "wellness activities" mean the same as defined in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 6. RCW 48.46.066 and 1995 c 265 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A health maintenance organization offering any health benefit plan to a small employer shall offer and actively market to the small employer a health benefit plan providing benefits identical to the schedule of covered health services that are required to be delivered to an individual enrolled in the basic health plan. Nothing in this subsection shall preclude a health maintenance organization from offering, or a small employer from purchasing, other health benefit plans that may have more or less comprehensive benefits than the basic health plan, provided such plans are in accordance with this chapter. A health maintenance organization offering a health benefit plan that does not include benefits in the basic health plan shall clearly disclose these differences to the small employer in a brochure approved by the commissioner.

(b) A health benefit plan shall provide coverage for hospital expenses and services rendered by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW but is not subject to the requirements of RCW 48.46.275, 48.46.280, 48.46.285, 48.46.290, 48.46.350, 48.46.355, 48.46.375, 48.46.440, 48.46.480, 48.46.510, 48.46.520, and 48.46.530 if: (i) The health benefit plan is the mandatory offering under (a) of this subsection that provides benefits identical to the basic health plan, to the extent these requirements differ from the basic health plan; or (ii) the health benefit plan is offered to employers with not more than twenty-five employees.

(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a health maintenance organization from offering, or a purchaser from seeking, benefits in excess of the basic health plan services. All forms, policies, and contracts shall be submitted for approval to the commissioner, and the rates of any plan offered under this section shall be reasonable in relation to the benefits thereto.

(3) Premium rates for health benefit plans for small employers as defined in this section shall be subject to the following provisions:

(a) The health maintenance organization shall develop its rates based on an adjusted community rate and may only vary the adjusted community rate for:

(i) Geographic area;
(ii) Family size;
(iii) Age; and
(iv) Wellness activities.

(b) The adjustment for age in (a)(iii) of this subsection may not use age brackets smaller than five-year increments, which shall begin with age twenty and end with age sixty-five. Employees under the age of twenty shall be treated as those age twenty.

(c) The health maintenance organization shall be permitted to develop separate rates for individuals age sixty-five or older for coverage for which medicare is the primary payer and coverage for which medicare is not the primary payer. Both rates shall be subject to the requirements of this subsection (3).

(d) The permitted rates for any age group shall be no more than four hundred twenty-five percent of the lowest rate for all age groups on January 1, 1996, four hundred percent on January 1, 1997, and three hundred seventy-five percent on January 1, 2000, and thereafter.

(e) A discount for wellness activities shall be permitted to reflect actuarially justified differences in utilization or cost attributed to such programs not to exceed twenty percent.

(f) The rate charged for a health benefit plan offered under this section may not be adjusted more frequently than annually except that the premium may be changed to reflect:

(i) Changes to the enrollment of the small employer;
(ii) Changes to the family composition of the employee;
(iii) Changes to the health benefit plan requested by the small employer; or
(iv) Changes in government requirements affecting the health benefit plan.

(g) The frequency of filing of rate adjustments for new and renewing small employers is limited to once every six months.
Rating factors shall produce premiums for identical groups that differ only by the amounts attributable to plan design, with the exception of discounts for health improvement programs.

For the purposes of this section, a health benefit plan that contains a restricted network provision shall not be considered similar coverage to a health benefit plan that does not contain such a provision, provided that the restrictions of benefits to network providers result in substantial differences in claims costs. This subsection does not restrict or enhance the portability of benefits as provided in RCW 48.43.015.

Adjusted community rates established under this section shall pool the medical experience of all groups purchasing coverage.

(4) The health benefit plans authorized by this section that are lower than the required offering shall not supplant or supersede any existing policy for the benefit of employees in this state. Nothing in this section shall restrict the right of employees to collectively bargain for insurance providing benefits in excess of those provided herein.

(5)(a) Except as provided in this subsection, requirements used by a health maintenance organization in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer shall be applied uniformly among all small employers applying for coverage or receiving coverage from the carrier.

(b) A health maintenance organization shall not require a minimum participation level greater than:

(i) One hundred percent of eligible employees working for groups with three or less employees; and

(ii) Seventy-five percent of eligible employees working for groups with more than three employees.

(c) In applying minimum participation requirements with respect to a small employer, a small employer shall not consider employees or dependents who have similar existing coverage in determining whether the applicable percentage of participation is met.

(d) A health maintenance organization may not increase any requirement for minimum employee participation or modify any requirement for minimum employer contribution applicable to a small employer at any time after the small employer has been accepted for coverage.

(6) A health maintenance organization must offer coverage to all eligible employees of a small employer and their dependents. A health maintenance organization may not offer coverage to only certain individuals or dependents in a small employer group or to only part of the group. A health maintenance organization may not modify a health plan with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent, through riders, endorsements or otherwise, to restrict or exclude coverage or benefits for specific diseases, medical conditions, or services otherwise covered by the plan.

NEW SECTION. 7. If specific funding in the amount of two hundred six thousand dollars for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "benefits;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 48.20.028, 48.21.045, 48.44.022, 48.44.023, 48.46.064, and 48.46.066; and creating a new section."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1387, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1387 as amended by the Senate.
Representative L. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1387 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 30, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.

Substitute House Bill No. 1387, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1392 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 7.68.140 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 176 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
Information contained in the claim files and records of victims, under the provisions of this chapter, shall be deemed confidential and shall not be open to public inspection: PROVIDED, That, except as limited by state or federal statutes or regulations, such information may be provided to public employees in the performance of their official duties: PROVIDED FURTHER, That except as otherwise limited by state or federal statutes or regulations a claimant or a representative of a claimant, be it an individual or an organization, may review a claim file or receive specific information therefrom upon the presentation of the signed authorization of the claimant: PROVIDED FURTHER, That physicians treating or examining victims claiming benefits under this chapter or physicians giving medical advice to the department regarding any claim may, at the discretion of the department and as not otherwise limited by state or federal statutes or regulations, inspect the claim files and records of such victims, and other persons may, when rendering assistance to the department at any stage of the proceedings on any matter pertaining to the administration of this chapter, inspect the claim files and records of such victims at the discretion of the department and as not otherwise limited by state or federal statutes or regulations.

Sec. 2. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:
(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.
(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.

(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.

(d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy.

(e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.

(f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.

(g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

(k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.

(l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and
43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

(aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

(gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.

(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.
(j) Records maintained by the board of industrial insurance appeals that are related to appeals of crime victims’ compensation claims filed with the board under RCW 7.68.110.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "program;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 7.68.140; and reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1392, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1392 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Ballasiotes and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1392 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1392, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1398 with the following attached amendment(s):

On page 1, line 4, insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 2.08.064 and 1993 sp.s. c 14 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
There shall be in the counties of Benton and Franklin jointly, five judges of the superior court; in the county of Clallam, two judges of the superior court; in the county of Jefferson, one judge of the superior court; in the county of Snohomish, ((thirteen)) fifteen judges of the superior court; in the counties of Asotin, Columbia and Garfield jointly, one judge of the superior court; in the county of Cowlitz, four judges of the superior court; in the counties of Klickitat and Skamania jointly, one judge of the superior court.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The additional judicial positions created for the county of Snohomish under section 1 of this act are effective January 1, 1998, but the actual starting dates for these positions may be established by the Snohomish county council upon request of the superior court and by the recommendation of the Snohomish county executive."

Renumber the sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly

On page 1, line 9, before "judges" strike "nineteen" and insert "(nineteen) twenty four"

On page 1, line 10, strike Section 2 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The additional judicial positions created by section 3 of this act for the county of Spokane take effect upon the effective date of this act, but the actual starting dates for these positions may be established by the Spokane county commissioners upon the request of the superior court.
(2) The additional positions created by section 3 of this act for the county of Pierce, take effect as follows: One additional judicial position is effective January 1, 1998; two positions are effective January 1, 1999; and two positions are effective January 1, 2000. The actual starting dates for these positions may be established by the Pierce county council upon request of the superior court and by recommendation of the Pierce county executive."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, before "2.08.061" insert "2.08.064 and"

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "creating" strike "a new section" and insert "new sections" and the same are herewith transmitted.

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1398, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1398 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1398 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.

House Bill No. 1398, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1423 with the following attached amendment(s):

On page 1, line 7, after "((twelve)) strike "fourteen" and insert "sixteen".

On page 2, line 1 after "appoint' strike "two" and insert "four".

On page 2, line 1, after "peace officers" strike all material through "officers," on line 3, and insert "with the rank of sergeant or below and are currently serving as a training officer."

On page 2, after line 8 strike all material down to and including the period on page 3, line 14 and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1423, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1423 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Sterk and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

COLLOQUY

Representative Costa: Will the gentleman from the Eighth District yield to a question? In the definition of training officer, what was the legislative intent?

Representative Delvin: It is intended that the definition of training officer should be construed in the broadest possible sense (ie. Field training officers, defensive tactics instructors, EVOC
instructors, amongst a variety of others). This definition does not necessarily mean an officer currently assigned to a training center assignment. But is should include training officers who have experience as instructors for Washington State Criminal Justice Training Center.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1423 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Voting nay: Representative O'Brien - 1.

Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1423, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 7, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1433 with the following amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.17.360 and 1996 c 261 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department of social and health services and other state agencies may lease real property and improvements thereon to a consortium of three or more counties in order for the counties to construct or otherwise acquire correctional facilities for juveniles or adults.

(2) A lease governed by subsection (1) of this section shall not charge more than one dollar per year for the land value and facilities value, during the initial term of the lease, but the lease may include provisions for payment of any reasonable operation and maintenance expenses incurred by the state.

The initial term of a lease governed by subsection (1) of this section shall not exceed twenty years, except as provided in subsection (4) of this section. A lease renewed under subsection (1) of this section after the initial term shall charge the fair rental value for the land and ((facilities, and may)) improvements other than those improvements paid for by a contracting consortium. The renewed lease may also include provisions for payment of any reasonable operation and maintenance expenses incurred by the state. For the purposes of this subsection, fair rental value shall be determined by the commissioner of public lands in consultation with the department and shall not include the value of any improvements paid for by a contracting consortium.

(3) The net proceeds generated from any lease entered or renewed under subsection (1) of this section involving land and facilities on the grounds of eastern state hospital shall be used solely for the benefit of eastern state hospital programs for the long-term care needs of patients with mental disorders. These proceeds shall not supplant or replace funding from traditional sources for the normal operations and maintenance or capital budget projects. It is the intent of this subsection to ensure that
eastern state hospital receives the full benefit intended by this section, and that such effect will not be
diminished by budget adjustments inconsistent with this intent.

(4) The initial term of a lease under subsection (1) of this section entered into after January 1,
1996, and involving the grounds of Eastern State hospital, shall not exceed fifty years. This subsection
applies retroactively, and the department shall modify any existing leases to comply with the terms of
this subsection. No other terms of a lease modified by this subsection may be modified unless both
parties agree.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or
circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and
takes effect immediately."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "facilities;" strike the remainder of the title and insert
"amending RCW 43.17.360; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House
Bill No. 1433, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill
No. 1433 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Sump and Sullivan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1433 as amended by
the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 1, Absent - 0,
Excused - 7.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole,
Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee,
Dyer, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Keiser,
Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell,
Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O'Brien, Parlette, Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala,
Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad,
Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sommers, H., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, L., Thompson,
Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 90.

Voting nay: Representative Fisher - 1.

Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B.
- 7.

Substitute House Bill No. 1433, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional
majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1457 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 46.09.070 and 1986 c 206 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Application for annual or temporary ORV use permits shall be made to the department or its authorized agent in such manner and upon such forms as the department shall prescribe and shall state the name and address of each owner of the off-road vehicle.

(2) An application for an annual permit shall be signed by at least one owner, and shall be accompanied by a fee of five dollars. Upon receipt of the annual permit application and the application fee, the off-road vehicle shall be assigned a use permit number tag or decal, which shall be affixed to the off-road vehicle in a manner prescribed by the department. The annual permit is valid for a period of one year and is renewable each year in such manner as the department may prescribe for an additional period of one year upon payment of a renewal fee of five dollars.

Any person acquiring an off-road vehicle for which an annual permit has been issued who desires to continue to use the permit must, within fifteen days of the acquisition of the off-road vehicle, make application to the department or its authorized agent for transfer of the permit, and the application shall be accompanied by a transfer fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents.

(3) A temporary use permit is valid for sixty days. Application for a temporary permit shall be accompanied by a fee of two dollars. The permit shall be carried on the vehicle at all times during its operation in the state.

(4) Except as provided in RCW 46.09.050, any out-of-state operator of an off-road vehicle shall, when operating in this state, comply with this chapter, and if an ORV use permit is required under this chapter, the operator shall obtain an annual or temporary permit and tag.

Sec. 2. RCW 46.10.040 and 1996 c 164 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Application for registration shall be made to the department in the manner and upon forms the department prescribes, and shall state the name and address of each owner of the snowmobile to be registered, and shall be signed by at least one such owner, and shall be accompanied by an annual registration fee to be established by the commission, after consultation with the committee and any state-wide snowmobile user groups. The fee shall be fifteen dollars pending action by the commission to increase the fee. The commission shall increase the fee by two dollars and fifty cents effective September 30, 1996, and the commission shall increase the fee by another two dollars and fifty cents effective September 30, 1997. After the fee increase effective September 30, 1997, the commission shall not increase the fee. Upon receipt of the application and the application fee, the snowmobile shall be registered and a registration number assigned, which shall be affixed to the snowmobile in a manner provided in RCW 46.10.070.

The registration provided in this section shall be valid for a period of one year. At the end of the period of registration, every owner of a snowmobile in this state shall renew his or her registration in the manner the department prescribes, for an additional period of one year, upon payment of the annual registration fee as determined by the commission.

Any person acquiring a snowmobile already validly registered under the provisions of this chapter must, within ten days of the acquisition or purchase of the snowmobile, make application to the department for transfer of the registration, and the application shall be accompanied by a transfer fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents.

A snowmobile owned by a resident of another state or Canadian province where registration is not required by law may be issued a nonresident registration permit valid for not more than sixty days. Application for the permit shall state the name and address of each owner of the snowmobile to be registered and shall be signed by at least one owner and shall be accompanied by a registration fee of five dollars. The registration permit shall be carried on the vehicle at all times during its operation in this state.
The registration fees provided in this section shall be in lieu of any personal property or excise tax heretofore imposed on snowmobiles by this state or any political subdivision thereof, and no city, county, or other municipality, and no state agency shall hereafter impose any other registration or license fee on any snowmobile in this state.

The department shall make available a pair of uniform decals consistent with the provisions of RCW 46.10.070. In addition to the registration fee provided in this section the department shall charge each applicant for registration the actual cost of the decal. The department shall make available replacement decals for a fee equivalent to the actual cost of the decals.

Sec. 3. RCW 46.12.010 and 1979 c 158 s 132 are each amended to read as follows:
It shall be unlawful for any person to operate any vehicle in this state under a certificate of license registration of this state without securing and having in full force and effect a certificate of ownership therefor that contains the name of the registered owner exactly as it appears on the certificate of license registration and it shall further be unlawful for any person to sell or transfer any vehicle without complying with all the provisions of this chapter relating to certificates of ownership and license registration of vehicles: PROVIDED, No certificate of title need be obtained for a vehicle owned by a manufacturer or dealer and held for sale, even though incidentally moved on the highway or used for purposes of testing and demonstration, or a vehicle used by a manufacturer solely for testing: PROVIDED, That a security interest in a vehicle held as inventory by a manufacturer or dealer shall be perfected in accordance with RCW 62A.9-302(1) and no endorsement on the certificate of title shall be necessary for perfection: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That nothing in this title shall be construed to prevent any person entitled thereto from securing a certificate of ownership upon a vehicle ((other than a travel trailer or camper)) without securing a certificate of license registration and vehicle license plates, when, in the judgment of the director of licensing, it is proper to do so.

Sec. 4. RCW 46.12.080 and 1979 ex.s. c 113 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Any person holding the certificate of ownership for a motorcycle or any vehicle registered by its motor number in which there has been installed a new or different motor than that with which it was issued certificates of ownership and license registration shall forthwith and within five days after such installation forward and surrender such certificates to the department, together with an application for issue of corrected certificates of ownership and license registration and a fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents, and a statement of the disposition of the former motor. The possession by any person of any such certificates for such vehicle in which a new or different motor has been installed, after five days following such installation, shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of the provisions of this chapter and shall constitute a misdemeanor.

Sec. 5. RCW 46.12.170 and 1994 c 262 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
If, after a certificate of ownership is issued, a security interest is granted on the vehicle described therein, the registered owner or secured party shall, within ten days thereafter, present an application to the department, to which shall be attached the certificate of ownership last issued covering the vehicle, or such other documentation as may be required by the department, which application shall be upon a form approved by the department and shall be accompanied by a fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents in addition to all other fees. The department, if satisfied that there should be a reissue of the certificate, shall note such change upon the vehicle records and issue to the secured party a new certificate of ownership.

Whenever there is no outstanding secured obligation and no commitment to make advances and incur obligations or otherwise give value, the secured party must assign the certificate of ownership to the debtor or the debtor’s assignee and transmit the certificate to the department with an accompanying fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents in addition to all other fees. The department shall then issue a new certificate of ownership and transmit it to the owner. If the affected secured party fails to either assign or transmit the certificate of ownership to the department within ten days after proper demand, that secured party shall be liable to the debtor for one hundred dollars, and in addition for any loss caused to the debtor by such failure.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 46.16 RCW to read as follows:

If a certificate of license registration is lost, stolen, mutilated, or destroyed or becomes illegible, the registered owner or owners, as shown by the records of the department, shall promptly make application for and may obtain a duplicate upon tender of one dollar and twenty-five cents in addition to all other fees and upon furnishing information satisfactory to the department. The duplicate of the license registration shall contain the legend, "duplicate."

A person recovering an original certificate of license registration for which a duplicate has been issued shall promptly surrender the original certificate to the department.

Sec. 7. RCW 46.12.181 and 1994 c 262 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

If a certificate of ownership ((or a certificate of license registration)) is lost, stolen, mutilated, or destroyed or becomes illegible, the first priority secured party or, if none, the owner or legal representative of the owner named in the certificate, as shown by the records of the department, shall promptly make application for and may obtain a duplicate upon tender of one dollar and twenty-five cents in addition to all other fees and upon furnishing information satisfactory to the department. The duplicate certificate of ownership ((or license registration)) shall contain the legend, "(This is a) duplicate (of certificate)." It shall be ((mailed)) provided to the first priority secured party named in it or, if none, to the owner.

A person recovering an original certificate of ownership ((or title registration)) for which a duplicate has been issued shall promptly surrender the original certificate to the department.

Sec. 8. RCW 46.16.210 and 1994 c 262 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon receipt of the application and proper fee for original vehicle license, the director shall make a recheck of the application and in the event that there is any error in the application it may be returned to the county auditor or other agent to effectively secure the correction of such error, who shall return the same corrected to the director.

(2) Application for the renewal of a vehicle license shall be made to the director or his agents, including county auditors, by the registered owner on a form prescribed by the director. The application must be accompanied by the certificate of registration for the last registration period in which the vehicle was registered in Washington unless the applicant submits a preprinted application mailed from Olympia, and the payment of such license fees and excise tax as may be required by law. Such application shall be handled in the same manner and the fees transmitted to the state treasurer in the same manner as in the case of an original application. Any such application which upon validation becomes a renewal certificate need not have entered upon it the name of the lien holder, if any, of the vehicle concerned.

(3) Persons expecting to be out of the state during the normal ((forty-five day)) renewal period of a vehicle license may secure renewal of such vehicle license and have license plates or tabs preissued by making application to the director or his agents upon forms prescribed by the director. The application must be accompanied by the certificate of registration for the last registration period in which the vehicle was registered in Washington and be accompanied by such license fees, and excise tax as may be required by law.

(4) Application for the annual renewal of a vehicle license number plate to the director or ((his)) the director’s agents shall not be required for those vehicles owned, rented, or leased by the state of Washington, or by any county, city, town, school district, or other political subdivision of the state of Washington or a governing body of an Indian tribe located within this state and recognized as a governmental entity by the United States department of the interior.

Sec. 9. RCW 46.16.220 and 1991 c 339 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:

Vehicle licenses and vehicle license number plates may be renewed for the subsequent registration year ((on and after the forty-fifth day prior to the end of)) up to eighteen months before the current ((registration year)) expiration date and must be used and displayed from the date of issue or from the day of the expiration of the preceding registration year, whichever date is later.

Sec. 10. RCW 46.16.305 and 1990 c 250 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The department shall continue to issue, under RCW 46.16.301 and the department’s rules implementing RCW 46.16.301 through 46.16.332, the categories of special plates issued by the department under the sections repealed under section ((43)) 12 (1) through (7), chapter 250, Laws of 1990. Special license plates issued under those repealed sections before January 1, 1991, are valid to the extent and under the conditions provided in those repealed sections. The following conditions, limitations, or requirements apply to certain special license plates issued after January 1, 1991:

1. A horseless carriage plate and a plate or plates issued for collectors’ vehicles more than thirty years old, upon payment of the initial fees required by law and the additional special license plate fee established by the department, are valid for the life of the vehicle for which application is approved by the department. When a single plate is issued, it shall be displayed on the rear of the vehicle.

2. The department may issue special license plates denoting amateur radio operator status only to persons having a valid official radio operator license issued ((for a term of five years)) by the federal communications commission.

3. The department shall issue one set of special license plates to each resident of this state who has been awarded the Congressional Medal of Honor for use on a passenger vehicle registered to that person. The department shall issue the plate without the payment of any fees.

4. The department may issue for use on only one motor vehicle owned by the qualified applicant special license plates denoting that the recipient of the plate is a survivor of the attack on Pearl Harbor on December 7, 1941, to persons meeting all of the following criteria:
   a. Is a resident of this state;
   b. Was a member of the United States Armed Forces on December 7, 1941;
   c. Was on station on December 7, 1941, during the hours of 7:55 a.m. to 9:45 a.m. Hawaii time at Pearl Harbor, the island of Oahu, or offshore at a distance not to exceed three miles;
   d. Received an honorable discharge from the United States Armed Forces; and
   e. Is certified by a Washington state chapter of the Pearl Harbor survivors association as satisfying the qualifications in (c) of this subsection.

   The department may issue such plates to the surviving spouse of any deceased Pearl Harbor survivor who met the requirements of this subsection. If the surviving spouse remarries, he or she shall return the special plates to the department within fifteen days and apply for regular plates. The surviving spouse must be a resident of this state.

   The department shall issue these plates upon payment by the applicant of all other license fees, but the department may not set or charge an additional fee for these special license plates under RCW 46.16.313.

5. The department shall replace, free of charge, special license plates issued under subsections (3) and (4) of this section if they are lost, stolen, damaged, defaced, or destroyed. Such plates shall remain with the persons upon transfer or other disposition of the vehicle for which they were initially issued, and may be used on another vehicle registered to the recipient in accordance with the provisions of RCW 46.16.316(1).

Sec. 11. RCW 46.16.630 and 1979 ex.s. c 213 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Application for registration of a moped shall be made to the department of licensing in such manner and upon such forms as the department shall prescribe, and shall state the name and address of each owner of the moped to be registered, the vehicle identification number, and such other information as the department may require, and shall be accompanied by a registration fee of three dollars. Upon receipt of the application and the application fee, the moped shall be registered and a registration number assigned, which shall be affixed to the moped in the manner as provided by rules adopted by the department. The registration provided in this section shall be valid for a period of twelve months.

Every owner of a moped in this state shall renew the registration, in such manner as the department shall prescribe, for an additional period of twelve months, upon payment of a renewal fee of three dollars.

Any person acquiring a moped already validly registered must, within fifteen days of the acquisition or purchase of the moped, make application to the department for transfer of the
registration, and the application shall be accompanied by a transfer fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents.

The registration fees provided in this section shall be in lieu of any personal property tax or the vehicle excise tax imposed by chapter 82.44 RCW.

The department shall, at the time the registration number is assigned, make available a decal or other identifying device to be displayed on the moped. A fee of one dollar and fifty cents shall be charged for the decal or other identifying device.

The provisions of RCW 46.01.130 and 46.01.140 shall apply to applications for the issuance of registration numbers or renewals or transfers thereof for mopeds as they do to the issuance of vehicle licenses, the appointment of agents, and the collection of application fees. Except for the fee collected pursuant to RCW 46.01.140, all fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the motor vehicle fund.

Sec. 12. RCW 88.02.075 and 1986 c 71 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If a certificate of ((title)) ownership, a certificate of registration, or a pair of decals is lost, stolen, mutilated, or destroyed or becomes illegible, the first priority secured party or, if none, the owner or legal representative of the owner named in the certificate, as shown by the records of the department, shall promptly apply for and may obtain a duplicate certificate or replacement decals upon payment of one dollar and twenty-five cents and furnishing information satisfactory to the department.

(a) An application for a duplicate certificate of title shall be accompanied by an affidavit of loss or destruction in a form approved by the department and signed by the first secured party or, if none, the owner or legal representative of the owner.

(b) An application for a duplicate certificate of registration or replacement decals shall be accompanied by an affidavit of loss or destruction in a form approved by the department and signed by the registered owner or legal representative of the owner.

(2) The duplicate certificate of ((title)) ownership or registration shall contain the legend, "(This is a) duplicate ((certificate))." It shall be mailed to the first priority secured party named in it or, if none, to the owner.

(3) A person recovering an original certificate of ((title)) ownership, certificate of registration, or decal for which a duplicate or replacement has been issued shall promptly surrender the original to the department.

Sec. 13. RCW 46.16.010 and 1996 c 184 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for a person to operate any vehicle over and along a public highway of this state without first having obtained and having in full force and effect a current and proper vehicle license and display vehicle license number plates therefor as by this chapter provided. Failure to make initial registration before operation on the highways of this state is a misdemeanor, and any person convicted thereof shall be punished by a fine of no less than three hundred thirty dollars, no part of which may be suspended or deferred. Failure to renew an expired registration before operation on the highways of this state is a traffic infraction.

(2) The licensing of a vehicle in another state by a resident of this state, as defined in RCW 46.16.028, evading the payment of any tax or license fee imposed in connection with registration, is a gross misdemeanor punishable as follows:

(a) For a first offense, up to one year in the county jail and a fine equal to twice the amount of delinquent taxes and fees, no part of which may be suspended or deferred;

(b) For a second or subsequent offense, up to one year in the county jail and a fine equal to four times the amount of delinquent taxes and fees, no part of which may be suspended or deferred;

(c) For fines levied under (b) of this subsection, an amount equal to the avoided taxes and fees owed shall be deposited in the vehicle licensing fraud account created in the state treasury;

(d) The avoided taxes and fees shall be deposited and distributed in the same manner as if the taxes and fees were properly paid in a timely fashion.

(3) These provisions shall not apply to farm vehicles as defined in RCW 46.04.181 if operated within a radius of fifteen miles of the farm where principally used or garaged, farm tractors and farm implements including trailers designed as cook or bunk houses used exclusively for animal herding
temporarily operating or drawn upon the public highways, and trailers used exclusively to transport farm implements from one farm to another during the daylight hours or at night when such equipment has lights that comply with the law: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not apply to spray or fertilizer applicator rigs designed and used exclusively for spraying or fertilization in the conduct of agricultural operations and not primarily for the purpose of transportation, and nurse rigs or equipment auxiliary to the use of and designed or modified for the fueling, repairing or loading of spray and fertilizer applicator rigs and not used, designed or modified primarily for the purpose of transportation: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not apply to fork lifts operated during daylight hours on public highways adjacent to and within five hundred feet of the warehouses which they serve: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not apply to vehicles used by the state parks and recreation commission exclusively for park maintenance and operations upon public highways within state parks: PROVIDED FURTHER, That these provisions shall not apply to equipment defined as follows:

"Special highway construction equipment" is any vehicle which is designed and used primarily for grading of highways, paving of highways, earth moving, and other construction work on highways and which is not designed or used primarily for the transportation of persons or property on a public highway and which is only incidentally operated or moved over the highway. It includes, but is not limited to, road construction and maintenance machinery so designed and used such as portable air compressors, air drills, asphalt spreaders, bituminous mixers, bucket loaders, track laying tractors, ditches, leveling graders, finishing machines, motor graders, paving mixers, road rollers, scarifiers, earth moving scrapers and carryalls, lighting plants, welders, pumps, power shovels and draglines, self-propelled and tractor-drawn earth moving equipment and machinery, including dump trucks and tractor-dump trailer combinations which either (1) are in excess of the legal width or (2) which, because of their length, height or unladen weight, may not be moved on a public highway without the permit specified in RCW 46.44.090 and which are not operated laden except within the boundaries of the project limits as defined by the contract, and other similar types of construction equipment, or (3) which are driven or moved upon a public highway only for the purpose of crossing such highway from one property to another, provided such movement does not exceed five hundred feet and the vehicle is equipped with wheels or pads which will not damage the roadway surface.

Exclusions: "Special highway construction equipment" does not include any of the following:

Dump trucks originally designed to comply with the legal size and weight provisions of this code notwithstanding any subsequent modification which would require a permit, as specified in RCW 46.44.090, to operate such vehicles on a public highway, including trailers, truck-mounted transit mixers, cranes and shovels, or other vehicles designed for the transportation of persons or property to which machinery has been attached.

(4) The following vehicles, whether operated solo or in combination, are exempt from license registration and displaying license plates as required by this chapter:

(a) A converter gear used to convert a semitrailer into a trailer or a two-axle truck or tractor into a three or more axle truck or tractor or used in any other manner to increase the number of axles of a vehicle. Converter gear includes an auxiliary axle, booster axle, dolly, and jeep axle.

(b) A tow dolly that is used for towing a motor vehicle behind another motor vehicle. The front or rear wheels of the towed vehicle are secured to and rest on the tow dolly that is attached to the towing vehicle by a tow bar.

Sec. 14. RCW 46.37.010 and 1989 c 178 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is a traffic infraction for any person to drive or move or for the owner to cause or knowingly permit to be driven or moved on any highway any vehicle or combination of vehicles which is in such unsafe condition as to endanger any person, or which does not contain those parts or is not at all times equipped with such lamps and other equipment in proper condition and adjustment as required in this chapter or in regulations issued by the chief of the Washington state patrol, or which is equipped in any manner in violation of this chapter or the state patrol’s regulations, or for any person to do any act forbidden or fail to perform any act required under this chapter or the state patrol’s regulations.
(2) Nothing contained in this chapter or the state patrol’s regulations shall be construed to prohibit the use of additional parts and accessories on any vehicle not inconsistent with the provisions of this chapter or the state patrol’s regulations.

(3) The provisions of the chapter and the state patrol’s regulations with respect to equipment on vehicles shall not apply to implements of husbandry, road machinery, road rollers, or farm tractors except as herein made applicable.

(4) No owner or operator of a farm tractor, self-propelled unit of farm equipment, or implement of husbandry shall be guilty of a crime or subject to penalty for violation of RCW 46.37.160 as now or hereafter amended unless such violation occurs on a public highway.

(5) It is a traffic infraction for any person to sell or offer for sale vehicle equipment which is required to be approved by the state patrol as prescribed in RCW 46.37.005 unless it has been approved by the state patrol.

(6) The provisions of this chapter with respect to equipment required on vehicles shall not apply to motorcycles or motor-driven cycles except as herein made applicable.

(7) This chapter does not apply to vehicles used by the state parks and recreation commission exclusively for park maintenance and operations upon public highways within state parks.

(8) Notices of traffic infraction issued to commercial drivers under the provisions of this chapter with respect to equipment required on commercial motor vehicles shall not be considered for driver improvement purposes under chapter 46.20 RCW.

(9) Whenever a traffic infraction is chargeable to the owner or lessee of a vehicle under subsection (1) of this section, the driver shall not be arrested or issued a notice of traffic infraction unless the vehicle is registered in a jurisdiction other than Washington state, or unless the infraction is for an offense that is clearly within the responsibility of the driver.

(10) Whenever the owner or lessee is issued a notice of traffic infraction under this section the court may, on the request of the owner or lessee, take appropriate steps to make the driver of the vehicle, or any other person who directs the loading, maintenance, or operation of the vehicle, a codefendant. If the codefendant is held solely responsible and is found to have committed the traffic infraction, the court may dismiss the notice against the owner or lessee."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "licensing;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 46.09.070, 46.10.040, 46.12.010, 46.12.080, 46.12.170, 46.12.181, 46.16.210, 46.16.220, 46.16.305, 46.16.630, 88.02.075, 46.16.010, and 46.37.010; and adding a new section to chapter 46.16 RCW.

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1457, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1457 as amended by the Senate.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1457 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole,
MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1458 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 46.70.023 and 1996 c 282 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An "established place of business" requires a permanent, enclosed commercial building located within the state of Washington easily accessible at all reasonable times. The business of a vehicle dealer must be lawfully carried on at an established place of business in accordance with the terms of all applicable building code, zoning, and other land-use regulatory ordinances. A vehicle dealer may display a vehicle for sale only at its established place of business, licensed subagency, or temporary subagency site, except at auction. The dealer shall keep the building open to the public so that the public may contact the vehicle dealer or the dealer’s salespersons at all reasonable times. The books, records, and files necessary to conduct the business shall be kept and maintained at that place. The established place of business shall display an exterior sign with the business name and nature of the business, such as auto sales, permanently affixed to the land or building, with letters clearly visible to the major avenue of traffic. A room or rooms in a hotel, rooming house, or apartment house building or part of a single or multiple-unit dwelling house may not be considered an "established place of business" unless the ground floor of such a dwelling is devoted principally to and occupied for commercial purposes and the dealer offices are located on the ground floor. A mobile office or mobile home may be used as an office if it is connected to utilities and is set up in accordance with state law. A state-wide trade association representing manufactured housing dealers shall be permitted to use a manufactured home as an office if the office complies with all other applicable building code, zoning, and other land-use regulatory ordinances. This subsection does not apply to auction companies that do not own vehicle inventory or sell vehicles from an auction yard.

(2) An auction company shall have office facilities within the state. The books, records, and files necessary to conduct the business shall be maintained at the office facilities. All storage facilities for inventory shall be listed with the department, and shall meet local zoning and land use ordinances. An auction company shall maintain a telecommunications system.

(3) Auction companies shall post their vehicle dealer license at each auction where vehicles are offered, and shall provide the department with the address of the auction at least three days before the auction.

(4) If a dealer maintains a place of business at more than one location or under more than one name in this state, he or she shall designate one location as the principal place of business of the firm, one name as the principal name of the firm, and all other locations or names as subagencies. A subagency license is required for each and every subagency: PROVIDED, That the department may grant an exception to the subagency requirement in the specific instance where a licensed dealer is unable to locate their used vehicle sales facilities adjacent to or at the established place of business.
This exception shall be granted and defined under the promulgation of rules consistent with the Administrative Procedure Act.

(5) All vehicle dealers shall maintain ownership or leasehold throughout the license year of the real property from which they do business. The dealer shall provide the department with evidence of ownership or leasehold whenever the ownership changes or the lease is terminated.

(6) A subagency shall comply with all requirements of an established place of business, except that subagency records may be kept at the principal place of business designated by the dealer. Auction companies shall comply with the requirements in subsection (2) of this section.

(7) A temporary subagency shall meet all local zoning and building codes for the type of merchandising being conducted. The dealer license certificate shall be posted at the location. No other requirements of an established place of business apply to a temporary subagency. Auction companies are not required to obtain a temporary subagency license.

(8) A wholesale vehicle dealer shall have office facilities in a commercial building within this state, and all storage facilities for inventory shall be listed with the department, and shall meet local zoning and land use ordinances. A wholesale vehicle dealer shall maintain a telecommunications system. An exterior sign visible from the nearest street shall identify the business name and the nature of business. ((A wholesale dealer need not maintain a display area as required in this section.)) When two or more vehicle dealer businesses share a location, all records, office facilities, and inventory, if any, must be physically segregated and clearly identified.

(9) A retail vehicle dealer shall be open during normal business hours, maintain office and display facilities in a commercially zoned location or in a location complying with all applicable building and land use ordinances, and maintain a business telephone listing in the local directory. When two or more vehicle dealer businesses share a location, all records, office facilities, and inventory shall be physically segregated and clearly identified.

(10) ((A listing dealer need not have a display area if the dealer does not physically maintain any vehicles for display.

((11) A subagency license is not required for a mobile home dealer to display an on-site display model, a consigned mobile home not relocated from its site, or a repossessed mobile home if sales are handled from a principal place of business or subagency. A mobile home dealer shall identify on-site display models, repossessed mobile homes, and those consigned at their sites with a sign that includes the dealer's name and telephone number.

(12) Every vehicle dealer shall advise the department of the location of each and every place of business of the firm and the name or names under which the firm is doing business at such location or locations. If any name or location is changed, the dealer shall notify the department of such change within ten days. The license issued by the department shall reflect the name and location of the firm and shall be posted in a conspicuous place at that location by the dealer.

(13) A vehicle dealer's license shall upon the death or incapacity of an individual vehicle dealer authorize the personal representative of such dealer, subject to payment of license fees, to continue the business for a period of six months from the date of the death or incapacity.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 46.70 RCW to read as follows:

The director may deny a license under this chapter when the application is a subterfuge that conceals the real person in interest whose license has been denied, suspended, or revoked for cause under this chapter and the terms have not been fulfilled or a civil penalty has not been paid, or the director finds that the application was not filed in good faith. This section does not preclude the department from taking an action against a current licensee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 88.02 RCW to read as follows:

The director may deny a license under this chapter when the application is a subterfuge that conceals the real person in interest whose license has been denied, suspended, or revoked for cause under this chapter and the terms have not been fulfilled or a civil penalty has not been paid, or the director finds that the application was not filed in good faith. This section does not preclude the department from taking an action against a current licensee.
Sec. 4. RCW 46.70.051 and 1996 c 282 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After the application has been filed, the fee paid, and bond posted, if required, the department shall, if no denial order is in effect and no proceeding is pending under RCW 46.70.101, issue the appropriate license, which license, in the case of a vehicle dealer, shall designate the classification of the dealer. Nothing prohibits a vehicle dealer from obtaining licenses for more than one classification, and nothing prevents any vehicle dealer from dealing in other classes of vehicles on an isolated basis.

(2) An auction company licensed under chapter 18.11 RCW may sell at auction all classifications of vehicles under a motor vehicle dealer’s license issued under this chapter including motor vehicles, miscellaneous type vehicles, and mobile homes and travel trailers.

(3) At the time the department issues a vehicle dealer license, the department shall provide to the dealer a current, up-to-date vehicle dealer manual setting forth the various statutes and rules applicable to vehicle dealers. In addition, at the time any such license is renewed under RCW 46.70.083, the department shall provide the dealer with any updates or current revisions to the vehicle dealer manual.

(4) The department may contract with responsible private parties to provide them elements of the vehicle data base on a regular basis. The private parties may only disseminate this information to licensed vehicle dealers.

(a) Subject to the disclosure agreement provisions of RCW 46.12.380 and the requirements of Executive Order 97-01, the department may provide to the contracted private parties the following information:

(i) All vehicle and title data necessary to accurately disclose known title defects, brands, or flags and odometer discrepancies;

(ii) All registered and legal owner information necessary to determine true ownership of the vehicle and the existence of any recorded liens, including but not limited to liens of the department of social and health services or its successor; and

(iii) Any data in the department’s possession necessary to calculate the motor vehicle excise tax, license, and registration fees including information necessary to determine the applicability of regional transit authority excise and use tax surcharges.

(b) The department may provide this information in any form the contracted private party and the department agree upon, but if the data is to be transmitted over the Internet or similar public network from the department to the contracted private party, it must be encrypted.

(c) The department shall give these contracted private parties advance written notice of any change in the information referred to in (a)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection, including information pertaining to the calculation of motor vehicle excise taxes.

(d) The department shall revoke a contract made under this subsection (4) with a private party who disseminates information from the vehicle data base to anyone other than a licensed vehicle dealer. A private party who obtains information from the vehicle data base under a contract with the department and disseminates any of that information to anyone other than a licensed vehicle dealer is guilty of a gross misdemeanor punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(e) Nothing in this subsection (4) authorizes a vehicle dealer or any other organization or entity not otherwise appointed as a vehicle licensing subagent under RCW 46.01.140 to perform any of the functions of a vehicle licensing subagent so appointed.

Sec. 5. RCW 46.12.170 and 1994 c 262 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

If, after a certificate of ownership is issued, a security interest is granted on the vehicle described therein, the registered owner or secured party shall, within ten days thereafter, present an application to the department, to which shall be attached the certificate of ownership last issued covering the vehicle, or such other documentation as may be required by the department, which application shall be upon a form provided by the department and shall be accompanied by a fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents in addition to all other fees. The department, if satisfied that there should be a reissue of the certificate, shall note such change upon the vehicle records and issue to the secured party a new certificate of ownership.
Whenever there is no outstanding secured obligation and no commitment to make advances and incur obligations or otherwise give value, the secured party must assign the certificate of ownership to the debtor or the debtor’s assignee or transferee, and transmit the certificate to the department with an accompanying fee of one dollar and twenty-five cents in addition to all other fees. The department shall then issue a new certificate of ownership and transmit it to the owner. If the affected secured party fails to either assign the certificate of ownership to the debtor or the debtor’s assignee or transferee or transmit the certificate of ownership to the department within ten days after proper demand, that secured party shall be liable to the debtor or the debtor’s assignee or transferee for one hundred dollars, and in addition for any loss caused to the debtor or the debtor’s assignee or transferee by such failure.

Sec. 6. RCW 46.12.370 and 1982 c 215 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to any other authority which it may have, the department of licensing may furnish lists of registered and legal owners of motor vehicles only for the purposes specified in this section to:

1. The manufacturers of motor vehicles, or their authorized agents, to be used to enable those manufacturers to carry out the provisions of the National Traffic and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966 (15 U.S.C. sec. 1382-1418), including amendments or additions thereto, respecting safety-related defects in motor vehicles;
2. Any governmental agency of the United States or Canada, or political subdivisions thereof, to be used by it or by its authorized commercial agents or contractors only in connection with the enforcement of motor vehicle or traffic laws by, or programs related to traffic safety of, that government agency. Only such parts of the list as are required for completion of the work required of the agent or contractor shall be provided to such agent or contractor; (or)
3. An authorized agent or contractor of the department, to be used only in connection with providing motor vehicle excise tax, licensing, title, and registration information to motor vehicle dealers; or
4. Any business regularly making loans to other persons to finance the purchase of motor vehicles, to be used to assist the person requesting the list to determine ownership of specific vehicles for the purpose of determining whether or not to provide such financing. In the event a list of registered and legal owners of motor vehicles is used for any purpose other than that authorized in this section, the manufacturer, governmental agency, authorized agent, contractor, financial institution, or their authorized agents or contractors responsible for the unauthorized disclosure or use will be denied further access to such information by the department of licensing.

Sec. 7. RCW 82.44.060 and 1990 c 42 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The excise tax hereby imposed shall be due and payable to the department or its agents at the time of registration of a motor vehicle. Whenever an application is made to the department or its agents for a license for a motor vehicle there shall be collected, in addition to the amount of the license fee or renewal license fee, the amount of the excise tax imposed by this chapter, and no dealer’s license or license plates, and no license or license plates for a motor vehicle shall be issued unless such tax is paid in full. The excise tax hereby imposed shall be collected for each registration year commencing on the date of the calendar year designated by the department and ending on the same date of the next succeeding calendar year. For vehicles registered under chapter 46.87 RCW, proportional registration, and for vehicle dealer plates issued under chapter 46.70 RCW, the registration year is the period provided in those chapters: PROVIDED, That the tax shall in no case be less than two dollars except for proportionally registered vehicles.
2. A motor vehicle shall be deemed licensed for the first time in this state when such vehicle was not previously licensed by this state for the registration year immediately preceding the registration year in which the application for license is made or when the vehicle has been registered in another jurisdiction subsequent to any prior registration in this state.
(3) No additional tax shall be imposed under this chapter upon any vehicle upon the transfer of ownership thereof if the tax imposed with respect to such vehicle has already been paid for the registration year or fraction of a registration year in which transfer of ownership occurs.

(4) The regional transit authority (RTA) must provide at no cost to the private parties referred to in RCW 46.70.051(4) accurate, up-to-date, and easily decipherable excise tax information in a machine readable ASCII text file. This file will allow the contracted private parties to accurately determine which individuals are subject to any such special excise or use taxes and the amount of any such special excise or use taxes. The file must contain the following items: (a) A list of five digit zip codes completely contained within the RTA taxation area; (b) a list of five digit zip codes for those areas on the border of the RTA taxation, with the border area defined as those zip codes where some residences may be subject to the RTA use or motor vehicle excise tax surcharge and some residences are not; and (c) for those residences described in (b) of this subsection, a complete list of only those street addresses subject to RTA taxation.

(5) No person may be denied issuance of a registration or license plates due to the nonpayment of any such special excise tax if the information referred to in subsection (4) of this section is not provided by the RTA to the contracted private parties.

(6) No motor vehicle dealer may be held liable for the remittance of any such special excise tax if the information referred to in subsection (4) of this section is not provided by the RTA to the contracted private parties.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "licensing;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 46.70.023, 46.70.051, 46.12.170, 46.12.370, and 82.44.060; adding a new section to chapter 46.70 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 88.02 RCW; and prescribing penalties."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1458, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1458 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Zellinsky and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1458 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 7.


Voting nay: Representative Sommers, H. - 1.

Excused: Representatives Buck, DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 7.
House Bill No. 1458, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1464 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 17.10.905 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 13 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

The purpose of this chapter is to limit economic loss (due to the presence and spread of noxious weeds on or near agricultural land) and adverse effects to Washington's agricultural, natural, and human resources due to the presence and spread of noxious weeds on all terrestrial and aquatic areas in the state.

The intent of the legislature is that this chapter be liberally construed, and that the jurisdiction, powers, and duties granted to the county noxious weed control boards by this chapter are limited only by specific provisions of this chapter or other state and federal law.

Sec. 2. RCW 17.10.010 and 1995 c 255 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(Unless a different meaning is plainly required by the context, the following words and phrases as hereinafter used in this chapter shall have the following meanings)) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) "Noxious weed" means (any) a plant (which) that when established is highly destructive, competitive, or difficult to control by cultural or chemical practices.

(2) "State noxious weed list" means a list of noxious weeds adopted by the state noxious weed control board (which). The list is divided into three classes:

(a) Class A (shall) consists of those noxious weeds not native to the state that are of limited distribution or are unrecorded in the state and that pose a serious threat to the state;

(b) Class B (shall) consists of those noxious weeds not native to the state that are of limited distribution or are unrecorded in a region of the state and that pose a serious threat to that region;

(c) Class C (shall) consists of any other noxious weeds.

(3) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, firm, the state or any department, agency, or subdivision thereof, or any other entity.

(4) "Owner" means the person in actual control of property, or his or her agent, whether (such) the control is based on legal or equitable title or on any other interest entitling the holder to possession and, for purposes of liability, pursuant to RCW 17.10.170 or 17.10.210, means the possessor of legal or equitable title or the possessor of an easement: PROVIDED, That when the possessor of an easement has the right to control or limit the growth of vegetation within the boundaries of an easement, only the possessor of (such) the easement (shall be) is deemed, for the purpose of this chapter, an "owner" of the property within the boundaries of (such) the easement.

(5) As pertains to the duty of an owner, the words "control", "contain", "eradicate", and the term "prevent the spread of noxious weeds" (shall) means conforming to the standards of noxious weed control or prevention in this chapter or as adopted by rule (or regulation) in chapter 16-750 WAC by the state noxious weed control board and an activated county noxious weed control board.

(6) "Agent" means any occupant or any other person acting for the owner and working or in charge of the land.

(7) "Agricultural purposes" are those (which) that are intended to provide for the growth and harvest of food and fiber.

(8) "Director" means the director of the department of agriculture or the director's appointed representative.

(9) "Weed district" means a weed district as defined in chapters 17.04 and 17.06 RCW.
(10) "Aquatic noxious weed" means an aquatic plant species that is listed on the state weed list under RCW 17.10.080.

(11) "Screenings" means a mixture of mill or elevator run mixture or a combination of varying amounts of materials obtained in the process of cleaning either grain or seeds, or both, such as light or broken grain or seed, weed seeds, hulls, chaff, joints, straw, elevator dust, floor sweepings, sand, and dirt.

Sec. 3. RCW 17.10.020 and 1969 ex.s. c 113 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In each county of the state there is (hereby) created a noxious weed control board, ((which shall)) bearing the name of the county within which it is located. The jurisdictional boundaries of each board ((shall be coextensive with)) are the boundaries of the county within which it is located.

(2) Each noxious weed control board ((shall be)) is inactive until activated pursuant to the provisions of RCW 17.10.040.

Sec. 4. RCW 17.10.030 and 1987 c 438 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

There is (hereby) created a state noxious weed control board ((which shall be)) comprised of nine voting members and three nonvoting members. Four of the voting members shall be elected by the members of the various activated county noxious weed control boards, and shall be residents of a county in which a county noxious weed control board has been activated and a member of said board, and those qualifications shall continue through their term of office. Two ((such)) of these members shall be elected from the west side of the state, the crest of the Cascades being the dividing line, and two from the east side of the state. The director of agriculture ((shall be)) is a voting member of the board. One voting member shall be elected by the directors of the various active weed districts formed under chapter 17.04 or 17.06 RCW. The Washington state association of counties ((shall)) appoints one voting member who shall be a member of a county legislative authority. ((The director shall appoint three nonvoting members representing scientific disciplines relating to weed control.)) The director shall ((also)) appoint two voting members to represent the public interest, one from the west side and one from the east side of the state. The director shall also appoint three nonvoting members representing scientific disciplines relating to weed control. The term of office for all members of the board ((shall be)) is three years from the date of election or appointment.

The board, by rule, shall establish a position number for each elected position of the board and shall designate which county noxious weed control board members are eligible to vote for each elected position. The elected members ((shall)) serve staggered terms. Elections for the elected members of the board shall be held thirty days prior to the expiration date of their respective terms. Nominations and elections shall be by mail and conducted by the board.

The board shall conduct its first meeting within thirty days after all its members have been elected. The board shall elect from its members a ((chairman)) chair and (such) other officers as may be necessary. A majority of the voting members of the board ((shall)) constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business and ((shall)) is necessary for any action taken by the board. The members of the board ((shall)) serve without salary, but shall be reimbursed for travel expenses incurred in the performance of their duties under this chapter in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 (as now existing or hereafter amended).

Sec. 5. RCW 17.10.040 and 1987 c 438 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

An inactive county noxious weed control board may be activated by any one of the following methods:

(1) Either within sixty days after a petition is filed by one hundred registered voters within the county or, on its own motion, the county legislative authority shall hold a hearing to determine whether there is a need, due to a damaging infestation of noxious weeds, to activate the county noxious weed control board. If such a need is found to exist, then the county legislative authority shall, in the manner provided by RCW 17.10.050, appoint five persons to (hold seats on) the county’s noxious weed control board.

(2) If the county’s noxious weed control board is not activated within one year following a hearing by the county legislative authority to determine the need for activation, then upon the filing
with the state noxious weed control board of a petition comprised either of the signatures of at least two hundred registered voters within the county, or of the signatures of a majority of an adjacent county’s noxious weed control board, the state board shall, within six months of the date of (such) the filing, hold a hearing in the county to determine the need for activation. If a need for activation is found to exist, then the state board shall order the county legislative authority to activate the county’s noxious weed control board and to appoint members to (such) the board in the manner provided by RCW 17.10.050.

(3) The director, (with notice to) upon request of the state noxious weed control board, (may) shall order a county legislative authority to activate the noxious weed control board immediately if an infestation of a class A noxious weed or class B noxious weed designated for control within the region wherein the county lies as defined in RCW 17.10.080) on the state noxious weed list is confirmed in that county. The county legislative authority may, as an alternative to activating the noxious weed board, combat the class A noxious weed or class B noxious weed with county resources and personnel operating with the authorities and responsibilities imposed by this chapter on a county noxious weed control board. No county may continue without a noxious weed control board for a second consecutive year if the class A noxious weed or class B noxious weed designated for control within the region wherein the county lies) has not been eradicated.

Sec. 6. RCW 17.10.050 and 1987 c 438 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each activated county noxious weed control board (shall) consists of five voting members (who shall be) appointed by the county legislative authority. In appointing (such) the voting members, the county legislative authority shall divide the county into five (sections, none of which shall overlap and each of which shall be of the same approximate area) geographical areas that best represent the county’s interests, and (shall) appoint a voting member from each (section) geographical area. At least four of the voting members shall be engaged in the primary production of agricultural products. There (shall be) is one nonvoting member on (such) the board who (shall be) is the (chief) chair of the county extension (office) or an extension agent appointed by the (chief) chair of the county extension (office). Each voting member of the board (shall) serves a term of four years, except that the county legislative authority shall, when a board is first activated under this chapter, designate two voting members to serve terms of two years. The board members shall not receive a salary but shall be compensated for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

(2) The voting members of the board (shall represent the same sections designated by the county legislative authority in appointing members to the board at its inception and shall) serve until their replacements are appointed. New members of the board shall be appointed at least thirty days prior to the expiration of any board member’s term of office.

Notice of expiration of a term of office shall be published at least twice in a weekly or daily newspaper of general circulation in (said) the section with last publication occurring at least ten days prior to the nomination. All persons interested in appointment to the board and residing in the geographical area with a pending nomination shall make a written application that includes the signatures of at least ten registered voters residing in the geographical area supporting the nomination to the county noxious weed control board. After nominations close, the county noxious weed control board shall, after a hearing, send the applications to the county legislative authority recommending the names of the most qualified candidates, and (shall) post the names of those nominees in the county courthouse and (in three places in the section) publish in at least one newspaper of general circulation in the county. The county legislative authority, within ten days of receiving the list of nominees, shall appoint one of those nominees to the county noxious weed control board to represent that geographical area during that term of office.

(3) Within thirty days after all the members have been appointed, the board shall conduct its first meeting. A majority of the voting members of the board (shall) constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business and (shall be) is necessary for any action taken by the board. The board shall elect from its members a (chairperson) chair and (such) other officers as may be necessary.
In case of a vacancy occurring in any voting position on a county noxious weed control board, the county legislative authority of the county in which the board is located shall appoint a qualified person to fill the vacancy for the unexpired term.

**Sec. 7.** RCW 17.10.060 and 1987 c 438 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

1. Each activated county noxious weed control board may employ or otherwise provide a weed coordinator whose duties are fixed by the board but which shall include inspecting land to determine the presence of noxious weeds, offering technical assistance and education, and developing a program to achieve compliance with the weed law. The weed coordinator may be employed full time, part time, or seasonally by the county noxious weed control board. County weed board employment practices shall comply with county personnel policies. Within sixty days from initial employment the weed coordinator shall obtain a pest control consultant license, a pesticide operator license, and the necessary endorsements on the licenses as required by law. Each board may purchase, rent, or lease equipment, facilities, or products and may hire additional persons as it deems necessary for the administration of the county’s noxious weed control program.

2. Each activated county noxious weed control board has the power to adopt rules and regulations, subject to notice and hearing as provided in chapters 42.30 and 42.32 RCW, as necessary for an effective county weed control or eradication program.

3. Each activated county noxious weed control board shall meet with a quorum at least quarterly.

**Sec. 8.** RCW 17.10.070 and 1987 c 438 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

1. In addition to the powers conferred on the state noxious weed control board under other provisions of this chapter, it has the power to:
   a. Employ a state noxious weed control board executive secretary, and additional persons as it deems necessary, to disseminate information relating to noxious weeds to county noxious weed control boards and weed districts, to coordinate the educational and weed control efforts of the various county and regional noxious weed control boards and weed districts, and to assist the board in carrying out its responsibilities;
   b. Adopt, amend, or repeal rules, pursuant to the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, as may be necessary to carry out the duties and authorities assigned to the board by this chapter.

2. The state noxious weed control board shall provide a written report before January 1 of each odd-numbered year to the governor, the legislature, the county noxious weed control boards, and the weed districts showing the expenditure of state funds on noxious weed control; specifically how the funds were spent; the status of the state, county, and district programs; and recommendations for the continued best use of state funds for noxious weed control. The report shall include recommendations as to the long-term needs regarding weed control.

**Sec. 9.** RCW 17.10.074 and 1987 c 438 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

1. In addition to the powers conferred on the director under other provisions of this chapter, the director with the advice of the state noxious weed control board, has power to:
   a. Require the county legislative authority or the noxious weed control board of any county or any weed district to report to it concerning the presence, absence, or estimated amount of noxious weeds and measures, if any, taken or planned for the control thereof;
   b. Employ staff as may be necessary in the administration of this chapter;
   c. Adopt, amend, or repeal rules, pursuant to the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, as may be necessary to carry out this chapter;
   d. Do such things as may be necessary and incidental to the administration of its functions pursuant to this chapter including but not limited to surveying for and detecting noxious weed infestations;
(e) Upon receipt of a complaint signed by a majority of the members of an adjacent county noxious weed control board or weed district, or by one hundred registered voters that are land owners within the county, require the county legislative authority or noxious weed control board of the county or weed district that is the subject of the complaint to respond to the complaint within forty-five days with a plan for the control of the noxious weeds cited in the complaint;

(f) If the complaint in ((subsection)) (e) of this subsection involves a class A or class B noxious weed, order the county legislative authority, noxious weed control board, or weed district to take immediate action to eradicate or control the noxious weed infestation. If the county or the weed district does not take action to control the noxious weed infestation in accordance with the order, the director may control it or cause it to be controlled. The county or weed district ((shall be)) is liable for payment of the expense of the control work including necessary costs and expenses for attorneys’ fees incurred by the director in securing payment from the county or weed district. The director may bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to collect the expenses of the control work, costs, and attorneys’ fees;

(g) In counties ((which have not activated their)) without an activated noxious weed control board, enter upon any property as provided for in RCW 17.10.160, issue or cause to be issued notices and citations and take the necessary action to control noxious weeds as provided in RCW 17.10.170, hold hearings on any charge or cost of control action taken as provided for in RCW 17.10.180, issue a notice of civil infraction as provided for in RCW 17.10.230((e)) and 17.10.310 through 17.10.350, and place a lien on any property pursuant to RCW 17.10.280, 17.10.290, and 17.10.300 with the same authorities and responsibilities imposed by these sections on county noxious weed control boards;

(h) Adopt a list of noxious weed seeds and toxic weeds which shall be controlled in designated articles, products, or feed stuffs as provided for in RCW 17.10.235.

(2) The moneys appropriated for noxious weed control to the department shall be used for administration of the state noxious weed control board ((for determining the economic impact of noxious weeds in the state of Washington)), the administration of the director’s powers under this chapter, the purchase of materials for controlling, containing, or eradicating noxious weeds, the purchase or collection of biological control agents for controlling noxious weeds, and the contracting for services to carry out the purposes of this chapter. In a county with an activated noxious weed control board, the director shall make every effort to contract with that board for the needed services.

(3) If the director determines the need to reallocate funds previously designated for county use, the director shall convene a meeting of the state noxious weed control board to seek its advice concerning any reallocation.

Sec. 10. RCW 17.10.080 and 1989 c 175 s 57 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The state noxious weed control board shall each year or more often, following a hearing, adopt a state noxious weed list.

(2)((At the hearing)) Any person may request during a comment period established by the state weed board the inclusion, deletion, or designation change of any plant to the ((lists to be adopted by the state noxious weed control board. Any hearing held pursuant to this section shall conform to the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW: PROVIDED, That adding a weed to or deleting a weed from the list shall constitute a substantial change as provided for in RCW 34.05.340)) state noxious weed list.

(3) The state noxious weed control board shall send a copy of the list((s)) to each activated county noxious weed control board, ((to each regional noxious weed control board,)) to each weed district, and to the county legislative authority of each county with an inactive noxious weed control board.

(4) The record of ((hearing shall)) rule making must include the written findings of the board for the inclusion of each plant on the list. ((Such)) The findings shall be made available upon request to any interested person.

Sec. 11. RCW 17.10.090 and 1987 c 438 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

Each county noxious weed control board shall, within ((thirty)) ninety days of the ((receipt)) adoption of the state noxious weed list from the state noxious weed control board and following a
hearing, select those weeds from the class C list and those weeds from the class B list not designated for control in the noxious weed control region in which the county lies (which) that it finds necessary to be controlled in the county. The weeds thus selected and all class A weeds and those class B weeds that have been designated for control in the noxious weed control region in which the county lies shall be classified within that county as noxious weeds, and those weeds (shall) comprise the county noxious weed list.

Sec. 12. RCW 17.10.100 and 1987 c 438 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
Where any of the following occur, the state noxious weed control board may, following a hearing, order any county noxious weed control board or weed district to include a noxious weed from the state board's list in the county's noxious weed list:
(1) Where the state noxious weed control board receives a petition from at least one hundred registered voters within the county requesting that the weed be listed.
(2) Where the state noxious weed control board receives a request for (such) inclusion from an adjacent county's noxious weed control board or weed district, which the adjacent board or district has included that weed in (the) its county list, and (which) the adjacent board or weed district alleges that its noxious weed control program is being hampered by the failure to include the weed on the county's noxious weed list.

Sec. 13. RCW 17.10.110 and 1987 c 438 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
A regional noxious weed control board comprising the area of two or more counties may be created as follows:
Either the county legislative authority (and/or), or the noxious weed control board, or both, of two or more counties may, upon a determination that the purpose of this chapter will be served by the creation of a regional noxious weed control board, adopt a resolution providing for a limited merger of the functions of their respective counties noxious weed control boards. (Such) The resolution (shall) becomes effective only when a similar resolution is adopted by the other county or counties comprising the proposed regional board.

Sec. 14. RCW 17.10.120 and 1987 c 438 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
In any case where a regional noxious weed control board is created, the county noxious weed control boards comprising the regional board shall still remain in existence and shall retain all powers and duties provided for (such) the boards under this chapter.
The regional noxious weed control board (shall) is comprised of the voting members and the nonvoting members of the component counties noxious weed control boards or county legislative authorities who shall, respectively, be the voting and nonvoting members of the regional board: PROVIDED, That each county shall have an equal number of voting members. The board may appoint other nonvoting members as deemed necessary. A majority of the voting members of the board (shall) constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business and (shall) is necessary for any action taken by the board. The board shall elect a (chairperson) chair from its members and (such) other officers as may be necessary. Members of the regional board (shall) serve without salary but shall be compensated for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

Sec. 15. RCW 17.10.130 and 1987 c 438 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
The powers and duties of a regional noxious weed control board are as follows:
(1) The regional board shall, within (thirty) ninety days of the (receipt) adoption of the state noxious weed list from the state noxious weed control board and following a hearing, select those weeds from the state list (which) that it finds necessary to be controlled on a regional basis. The weeds thus selected shall also be contained in the county noxious weed list of each county in the region.
(2) The regional board shall take (such) action as may be necessary to coordinate the noxious weed control programs of the region and (shall) adopt a regional plan for the control of noxious weeds.
Sec. 16. RCW 17.10.134 and 1987 c 438 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
Obligations or liabilities incurred by any county or regional noxious weed control board or any
claims against a county or regional noxious weed control board ((shall be)) are governed by chapter
4.96 RCW or RCW 4.08.120: PROVIDED, That individual members or employees of a county
noxious weed control board ((shall be)) are personally immune from civil liability for damages arising
from actions performed within the scope of their official duties or employment.

Sec. 17. RCW 17.10.140 and 1969 ex.s. c 113 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as is provided under ((RCW 17.10.150)) subsection (2) of this section, every owner
shall perform((,)) or cause to be performed (((such))) those acts as may be necessary to ((control and to
prevent the spread of noxious weeds from his));
(a) Eradicate all class A noxious weeds;
(b) Control and prevent the spread of all class B noxious weeds designated for control in that
region within and from the owner’s property; and
(c) Control and prevent the spread of all class B and class C noxious weeds listed on the county
weed list as locally mandated control priorities within and from the owner’s property.
(2) Forest lands classified under RCW 17.10.240(2), or meeting the definition of forest lands
contained in RCW 17.10.240, are subject to the requirements of subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this
section at all times. Forest lands are subject to the requirements of subsection (1)(c) of this section only
within a one thousand foot buffer strip of adjacent land uses. In addition, forest lands are subject to
subsection (1)(c) of this section for a single five-year period following the harvesting of trees for
lumber.

Sec. 18. RCW 17.10.145 and 1995 c 374 s 75 are each amended to read as follows:
All state agencies shall control noxious weeds on lands they own, lease, or otherwise control
through integrated pest management practices. Agencies shall develop plans in cooperation with county
noxious weed control boards to control noxious weeds in accordance with standards in this chapter. All
state agencies' lands must comply with this chapter, regardless of noxious weed control efforts on
adjacent lands. ((County noxious weed control boards shall assist landowners to meet and exceed the
standards on state lands.))

Sec. 19. RCW 17.10.154 and 1987 c 438 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
It is recognized that the prevention, control, and eradication of noxious weeds presents a
problem for immediate as well as for future action. It is further recognized that immediate prevention,
control, and eradication is practicable on some lands and that prevention, control, and eradication on
other lands should be extended over a period of time. Therefore, it is the intent of this chapter that
county noxious weed control boards may use their discretion and, by agreement with the owners of
land, may propose and accept plans for prevention, control, and eradication (((which))) that may be
extended over a period of years. The county noxious weed control board may make an agreement with the
owner of any parcel of land by contract between the landowner and the respective county noxious
weed control board, and the board shall enforce the terms of any agreement. The county noxious weed
control board may make any terms (((which))) that will best serve the interests of the owners of the
parcel of land and the common welfare (((which))) that comply with this chapter (((and the rules adopted
thereunder))). Agreements made under this section must include at least a one thousand foot buffer for
all adjacent agricultural land uses. Noxious weed control in this buffer must comply with RCW
17.10.140(1).

Sec. 20. RCW 17.10.160 and 1987 c 438 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:
Any authorized agent or employee of the county noxious weed control board or of the state
noxious weed control board or of the department of agriculture where not otherwise proscribed by law
may enter upon any property for the purpose of administering this chapter and any power exercisable
pursuant thereto, including the taking of specimens of weeds ((or other materials)), general inspection,
and the performance of eradication or control work. Prior to carrying out the purpose((s)) for which
the entry is made, the official making such entry or someone in his or her behalf, shall ((have first
made) make a reasonable attempt to notify the owner of the property as to the purpose and need for the entry.

(1) When there is probable cause to believe that there is property within this state not otherwise exempt from process or execution upon which noxious weeds are standing or growing and the owner (thereof) refuses permission to inspect the property, a judge of the superior court or district court in the county in which (such) the property is located may, upon the request of the county noxious weed control board or its agent, issue a warrant directed to (such) the board or agent authorizing the ((search for the noxious weeds described in the request for the warrant)) taking of specimens of weeds or other materials, general inspection, and the performance of eradication or control work.

(2) Application for issuance and execution and return of the warrant authorized by this section shall be in accordance with the applicable rules of the superior court or the district courts.

(3) Nothing in this section requires the application for and issuance of any warrant not otherwise required by law: PROVIDED, That civil liability for negligence shall lie in any case in which entry and any of the activities connected therewith are not undertaken with reasonable care.

(4) Any person who improperly prevents or threatens to prevent entry upon land as authorized in this section or any person who interferes with the carrying out of this chapter shall be upon conviction guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 21. RCW 17.10.170 and 1987 c 438 s 18 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever the county noxious weed control board finds that noxious weeds are present on any parcel of land, and that the owner (thereof) is not taking prompt and sufficient action to control the (same) noxious weeds, pursuant to the provisions of RCW 17.10.140 ((and 17.10.150)), it shall notify the owner that a violation of this chapter exists. The notice shall be in writing and sent by certified mail, and shall identify the noxious weeds found to be present, order prompt control action, and specify the time, of at least ten days from issuance of the notice, within which the prescribed action must be taken. Upon deposit of the certified letter of notice, the noxious weed control authority shall make an affidavit of mailing (which shall be) that is prima facie evidence that proper notice was given. If seed (dispersion) or other propagule dispersion is imminent, immediate control action may be taken forty-eight hours following the time that notification is reasonably expected to have been received by the owner or agent by certified mail or personal service, instead of ten days. If a landowner received a notice of violation from the county noxious weed control board in a prior growing season, removal or destruction of all above ground plant parts may be required at the most effective point in the growing season, as determined by the county weed board, which may be before or after propagule dispersion.

(2) The county noxious weed control board or its authorized agents may issue a notice of civil infraction as provided for in RCW 17.10.230 ((and 17.10.310 (through)), and 17.10.350 to owners who do not take action to control noxious weeds in accordance with the notice.

(3) If the owner does not take action to control the noxious weeds in accordance with the notice, the county board may control them, or cause their being controlled, at the expense of the owner. The amount of ((such)) the expense (shall) constitutes a lien against the property and may be enforced by proceedings on (such) the lien except as provided for by RCW 79.44.060. The owner ((shall be)) is liable for payment of the expense, and nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prevent collection of any judgment on account thereof by any means available pursuant to law, in substitution for enforcement of the lien. Necessary costs and expenses including reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the county noxious weed control board in carrying out this section may be recovered at the same time as a part of the action filed under this section. Funds received in payment for the expense of controlling noxious weeds shall be transferred to the county noxious weed control board to be expended as required to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(4) The county auditor shall record in his or her office any lien created under this chapter, and any ((such)) lien shall bear interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum from the date on which the county noxious weed control board approves the amount expended in controlling ((such)) the weeds.

(5) As an alternative to the enforcement of any lien created under subsection (3) of this section, the county legislative authority may by resolution or ordinance require that each ((such)) lien created ((shall)) be collected by the treasurer in the same manner as a delinquent real property tax, if within
thirty days from the date the owner is sent notice of the lien, including the amount thereof, the lien remains unpaid and an appeal has not been made pursuant to RCW 17.10.180. Liens treated as delinquent taxes ((shall)) bear interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum and ((such)) the interest ((shall)) accrue as of the date notice of the lien is sent to the owner: PROVIDED, That any collections for ((such)) the lien shall not be considered as tax.

Sec. 22. RCW 17.10.180 and 1987 c 438 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
Any owner, upon request pursuant to the rules and regulation of the county noxious weed control board, ((shall be)) is entitled to a hearing before the board on any charge or cost for which the owner is alleged to be liable pursuant to RCW 17.10.170 or 17.10.210. The board shall send notice by certified mail within thirty days, to each owner at the owner’s last known address, as to any ((such)) charge or cost and as to his or her right of a hearing. The hearing shall be scheduled within forty-five days of notification. Any determination or final action by the board ((shall be)) is subject to judicial review by a proceeding in the superior court in the county in which the property is located, and ((such)) the court ((shall have)) has original jurisdiction to determine any suit brought by the owner to recover damages allegedly suffered on account of control work negligently performed: PROVIDED, That no stay or injunction shall lie to delay any ((such)) control work subsequent to notice given pursuant to RCW 17.10.160 or pursuant to an order under RCW 17.10.210.

Sec. 23. RCW 17.10.190 and 1987 c 438 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:
Each activated county noxious weed control board ((shall cause to be published)) must publish annually, and at ((such)) other times as may be appropriate, in at least one newspaper of general circulation within its area, a general notice. The notice shall direct attention to the need for noxious weed control and ((shall)) give ((such)) other information ((with respect thereto)) concerning noxious weed control requirements as may be appropriate, or ((shall)) indicate where such information may be secured. In addition to the general notice required ((hereby)), the county noxious weed control board may use any appropriate media for the dissemination of information to the public as may be calculated to bring the need for noxious weed control to the attention of owners. The board may consult with individual owners concerning their problems of noxious weed control and may provide them with information and advice, including giving specific instructions and methods when and how certain named weeds are to be controlled. ((Such)) The methods may include ((definite systems of tillage, cropping, management, or use of livestock)) some combination of physical, mechanical, cultural, chemical, and/or biological methods, including livestock. Publication of a notice as required by this section ((shall)) is not ((be)) a condition precedent to the enforcement of this chapter.

Sec. 24. RCW 17.10.205 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 13 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
Open areas subject to the spread of noxious weeds, ((other than crop land,)) including but not limited to subdivisions, school grounds, playgrounds, parks, and rights of way shall be subject to regulation by activated county noxious weed control boards in the same manner and to the same extent as is provided for ((agricultural lands)) all terrestrial and aquatic lands of the state.

Sec. 25. RCW 17.10.210 and 1987 c 438 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Whenever the director ((of the department of agriculture)) of the county noxious weed control board, or a weed district finds that a parcel of land is so seriously infested with class A or class B noxious weeds that control measures cannot be undertaken thereon without quarantining the land and restricting or denying access thereto or use thereof, the director ((of the department of agriculture)) of the county noxious weed control board, or weed district, with the approval of the director of the department of agriculture, may issue an order for ((such)) the quarantine and restriction or denial of access or use. Upon issuance of the order, the director ((of the department of agriculture)) of the county noxious weed control board, or the weed district shall commence necessary control measures and ((shall prosecute them with due diligence)) may institute legal action for the collection of costs for control work, which may include attorneys’ fees and the costs of other appropriate actions.

(2) An order of quarantine shall be served, by any method sufficient for the service of civil process, on all persons known to qualify as owners of the land within the meaning of this chapter.
(3) The director shall, with the advice of the state noxious weed control board, determine how the expense of control work undertaken pursuant to this section, and the cost of any quarantine in connection therewith, \(\text{(shall be)}\) is apportioned.

Sec. 26. RCW 17.10.235 and 1987 c 438 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) \(\text{(Any person who knowingly or negligently sells a product, article, or feed stuff designated under subsection (2) of this section containing noxious weed seeds or toxic weeds designated for control under subsection (2) of this section and in an amount greater than the amount established by the director for the seed or weed under subsection (2) of this section is guilty of a misdemeanor.}\)

(2) \(\text{(The director of agriculture shall adopt, with the advice of the state noxious weed control board, rules designating noxious weed seeds \(\text{(the presence of)}\) which shall be controlled in products, screenings, or articles to prevent the spread of noxious weeds. The rules shall identify the products, screenings, and articles in which \(\text{(such)}\) the seeds must be controlled and the maximum amount of \(\text{(such)}\) the seed to be permitted in the product, screenings, or article to avoid a hazard of spreading the noxious weed by seed from the product, screenings, or article. The director shall also adopt, with the advice of the state board, rules designating toxic weeds \(\text{(the presence of)}\) which shall be controlled in feed stuffs and screenings to prevent injury to the animal that consumes the feed. The rules shall identify the feed stuffs and screenings in which the toxic weeds must be controlled and the maximum amount of the toxic weed to be permitted in \(\text{(such)}\) the feed. Rules developed under this section shall identify ways that products, screenings, articles, or feed stuffs containing noxious weed seeds or toxic weeds can be made available for beneficial uses.}\)

(2) \(\text{(Any person who knowingly or negligently sells or otherwise distributes a product, article, screenings, or feed stuff designated by rule containing noxious weed seeds or toxic weeds designated for control by rule and in an amount greater than the amount established by the director for the seed or weed by rule is guilty of a misdemeanor.}\)

(3) \(\text{(The department of agriculture shall, upon request of the buyer, inspect products, screenings, articles, or feed stuffs designated \(\text{(under subsection (2) of this section)}\) by rule and charge fees, in accordance with chapter 22.09 RCW, to determine the presence of designated noxious weed seeds or toxic weeds.}\)

Sec. 27. RCW 17.10.240 and 1995 c 374 s 77 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) \(\text{(The activated county noxious weed control board of each county shall annually submit a budget to the county legislative authority for the operating cost of the county's weed program for the ensuing fiscal year: PROVIDED, That if the board finds the budget approved by the legislative authority is insufficient for an effective county noxious weed control program it shall petition the county legislative authority to hold a hearing as provided in RCW 17.10.890. Control of weeds is a \(\text{(special)}\) benefit to the lands within any such section. Funding for the budget \(\text{(shall be)}\) is derived from any or all of the following:}\)

\(\text{(a) The county legislative authority may, in lieu of a tax, levy an assessment against the land for this purpose. Prior to the levying of an assessment the county noxious weed control board shall hold a public hearing at which it \(\text{(shall)}\) will gather information to serve as a basis for classification and \(\text{(shall)}\) then classify the lands into suitable classifications, including but not limited to dry lands, range lands, irrigated lands, nonuse lands, forest lands, or federal lands. The board shall develop and forward to the county legislative authority, as a proposed level of assessment for each class, \(\text{(such)}\) an amount as \(\text{(shall)}\) seems just. The assessment rate shall be either uniform per acre in its respective class or a flat rate per parcel rate plus a uniform rate per acre: PROVIDED, That if no \(\text{(special)}\) benefits \(\text{(should be)}\) are found to accrue to a class of land, a zero assessment may be levied. The county legislative authority, upon receipt of the proposed levels of assessment from the board, after a hearing, shall accept \(\text{(e)}\) or modify by resolution, or refer back to the board for its reconsideration all or any portion of the proposed levels of assessment. \(\text{(The findings by the county legislative authority of such special benefits, when so declared by resolution and spread upon the minutes of said authority shall be conclusive as to whether or not the same constitutes a special benefit to the lands within the section.)}\) The amount of \(\text{(such)}\) the assessment \(\text{(shall)}\) constitutes a lien against the property. The county legislative authority may by resolution or ordinance require that notice of the lien be sent to}
each owner of property for which the assessment has not been paid by the date it was due and that each
lien created (shall) be collected by the treasurer in the same manner as delinquent real
property tax, if within thirty days from the date the owner is sent notice of the lien, including the
amount thereof, the lien remains unpaid and an appeal has not been made pursuant to RCW 17.10.180.
Liens treated as delinquent taxes (shall) bear interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum and
the interest (shall) accrues as of the date notice of the lien is sent to the owner: PROVIDED
FURTHER, That any collections for (shall) the lien shall not be considered as tax; or
(b) The county legislative authority may appropriate money from the county general
fund necessary for the administration of the county noxious weed control program. In addition the
county legislative authority may make emergency appropriations as it deems necessary for the
implementation of this chapter.

(2) Forest lands used solely for the planting, growing, or harvesting of trees and which
are typified, except during a single period of five years following clear-cut logging, by canopies so
dense as to prohibit growth of an understory may be subject to an annual noxious weed assessment
levied by a county legislative authority that (shall) does not exceed one-tenth of the weighted average
per acre noxious weed assessment levied on all other lands in unincorporated areas within the county
that are subject to the weed assessment. This assessment shall be computed in accordance with the
formula in subsection (((4))) (3) of this section.

(3) The calculation of the "weighted average per acre noxious weed assessment" (shall be)
is a ratio expressed as follows:
   (a) The numerator (shall be) is the total amount of funds estimated to be collected from the
   per acre assessment on all lands except (i) forest lands as identified in subsection (((3))) (2) of this
   section, (ii) lands exempt from the noxious weed assessment, and (iii) lands located in an incorporated
   area.
   (b) The denominator (shall be) is the total acreage from which funds in (a) of this subsection
   are collected. For lands of less than one acre in size, the denominator calculation may be based on the
   following assumptions: (i) Unimproved lands (shall be) are calculated as being one-half acre in size
   on the average, and (ii) improved lands (shall be) are calculated as being one-third acre in size on the
   average. The county legislative authority may choose to calculate the denominator for lands of less than
   one acre in size using other assumptions about average parcel size based on local information.

(4) For those counties that levy a per parcel assessment to help fund noxious weed
control programs, the per parcel assessment on forest lands as defined in subsection (((3))) (2) of this
section shall not exceed one-tenth of the per parcel assessment on nonforest lands.

Sec. 28. RCW 17.10.250 and 1987 1st ex.s. c 438 s 32 are each amended to read as follows:
The legislative authority of any county with an activated noxious weed control board or the
board of any weed district may apply to the director for noxious weed control funds when informed by
the director that funds are available. Any (such) applicant must employ adequate administrative
personnel to supervise an effective weed control program as determined by the director with advice
from the state noxious weed control board. The director with advice from the state noxious weed
control board shall adopt rules on the distribution and use of noxious weed control account funds.

Sec. 29. RCW 17.10.300 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 13 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
No lien created by RCW 17.10.280 (shall) exists, and no action to enforce the same shall be
maintained, unless within ninety days from the date of cessation of the performance of (such) the
labor, furnishing of materials, or the supplying of (such) equipment, a claim for (such) the lien
(shall be) is filed for record as (hereinafter) provided in this section, in the office of the county
auditor of the county in which the property, or some part (thereof) of the property to be affected
(thereby) by the claim for a lien, is situated. (Such) The claim shall state, as nearly as may be, the
time of the commencement and cessation of performing the labor, furnishing the material, or supplying
the equipment, the name of the county noxious weed control board (which) that performed the labor
or caused the labor to be performed, furnished the material, or supplied the equipment, a description of
the property to be charged with the lien sufficient for identification, the name of the owner, or reputed
owner if known, or his or her agent, and if the owner is not known, that fact shall be mentioned, the
amount for which the lien is claimed, and shall be signed by the county noxious weed control board, and be verified by the oath of the county noxious weed control board, to the effect that the affiant believes that claim to be just; and (such) the claim of lien may be amended in case of action brought to foreclose the same, by order of the court, as pleadings may be, insofar as the interest of third parties shall not be affected by such an amendment. (A claim or lien substantially in the same form provided by RCW 60.04.060 and not in conflict with this section shall be sufficient)

Sec. 30. RCW 17.10.310 and 1987 c 438 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:
The county noxious weed control board may issue a notice of civil infraction if after investigation it has reasonable cause to believe an infraction has been committed. (It shall be a misdemeanor for any person to refuse to identify himself or herself properly for the purpose of issuance of a notice of infraction. Any person willfully violating a written and signed promise to respond to a notice of infraction shall be guilty of a misdemeanor regardless of the disposition of the notice of infraction.) A civil infraction may be issued pursuant to RCW 7.80.005, 7.80.070 through 7.80.110, 7.80.120 (3) and (4), and 7.80.130 through 7.80.900.

Sec. 31. RCW 17.10.350 and 1987 c 438 s 28 are each amended to read as follows:
Any person found to have committed a civil infraction under this chapter shall be assessed a monetary penalty((No monetary penalty so assessed may not exceed one thousand dollars. The state noxious weed control board shall adopt a schedule of monetary penalties for each violation of this chapter classified as a civil infraction and ((shall)) submit the schedule to the appropriate court. If a monetary penalty is imposed by the court, the penalty is immediately due and payable. The court may, at its discretion, grant an extension of time, not to exceed thirty days, in which the penalty must be paid. Failure to pay any monetary penalties imposed under this chapter ((shall be)) is punishable as a misdemeanor.))

Sec. 32. RCW 17.10.890 and 1987 c 438 s 37 are each amended to read as follows:
The following procedures shall be followed to deactivate a county noxious weed control board:
(1) The county legislative authority ((shall)) holds a hearing to determine whether there continues to be a need for an activated county noxious weed control board if:
   (a) A petition is filed by one hundred registered voters within the county;
   (b) A petition is filed by a county noxious weed control board as provided in RCW 17.10.240;
   (c) The county legislative authority passes a motion to hold such a hearing.
(2) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, the hearing shall be held within sixty days of final action taken under subsection (1) of this section.
(3) If, after a hearing, the county legislative authority determines that no need exists for a county noxious weed control board, due to the absence of class A or class B noxious weeds designated for control in the region, the county legislative authority shall deactivate the board.
(4) The county legislative authority shall not convene a hearing as provided for in subsection (1) of this section more frequently than once a year.

Sec. 33. RCW 17.10.900 and 1987 c 438 s 38 are each amended to read as follows:
Any weed district formed under chapter 17.04 or 17.06 RCW prior to the enactment of this chapter, ((shall)) continues to operate under the provisions of the chapter under which it was formed: PROVIDED, That if ten percent of the landowners subject to any such weed district, and the county noxious weed control board upon its own motion, petition the county legislative authority for a dissolution of the weed district, the county legislative authority shall provide for an election to be conducted in the same manner as required for the election of directors under the provisions of chapter 17.04 RCW, to determine by majority vote of those casting votes, if ((such)) the weed district ((shall)) will continue to operate under the ((new)) chapter it was formed. The land area of any dissolved weed district ((shall forthwith)) becomes subject to the provisions of this chapter. Any district assessment funds may be transferred after the dissolution election under contract to the county noxious weed control board to fund the noxious weed control program.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 34. A new section is added to chapter 17.10 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The state noxious weed control board shall:
   (a) Work with the various federal and tribal land management agencies to coordinate state and
   federal noxious weed control;
   (b) Encourage the various federal and tribal land management agencies to devote more time and
   resources to noxious weed control; and
   (c) Assist the various federal and tribal land management agencies by seeking adequate funding
   for noxious weed control.
(2) County noxious weed control boards and weed districts shall work with the various federal
   and tribal land management agencies in each county in order to:
   (a) Identify new noxious weed infestations;
   (b) Outline and plan necessary noxious weed control actions;
   (c) Develop coordinated noxious weed control programs; and
   (d) Notify local federal and tribal agency land managers of noxious weed infestations.
(3) The department of agriculture, county noxious weed control boards, and weed districts are
   authorized to enter federal lands, with the approval of the appropriate federal agency, to survey for and
   control noxious weeds where control measures of a type and extent required under this chapter have
   not been taken.
(4) The department of agriculture, county noxious weed control boards, and weed districts may
   bill the federal land management agency that manages the land for all costs of the noxious weed control
   performed on federal land. If not paid by the federal agency that manages the land, the cost of
   the noxious weed control on federal land may be paid from any funds available to the county noxious weed
   control board or weed district that performed the noxious weed control. Alternatively, the costs of
   noxious weed control on federal land may be paid from any funds specifically appropriated to the
   department of agriculture for that purpose.
(5) The department of agriculture, county noxious weed control boards, and weed districts are
   authorized to enter into any reasonable agreement with the appropriate authorities for the control of
   noxious weeds on federal or tribal lands.
(6) The department of agriculture, county noxious weed control boards, and weed districts shall
   consult with state agencies managing federal land concerning noxious weed infestation and control
   programs.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 35. RCW 17.10.905 is recodified as a section between RCW 17.10.005
and 17.10.010.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 36. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 17.10.005 and 1995 c 374 s 72;
(2) RCW 17.10.150 and 1987 c 438 s 15, 1975 1st ex.s. c 13 s 7, 1974 ex.s. c 143 s 2, &
   1969 ex.s. c 113 s 15;
(3) RCW 17.10.200 and 1987 c 438 s 21, 1979 c 118 s 3, & 1969 ex.s. c 113 s 20;
(4) RCW 17.10.320 and 1987 c 438 s 25;
(5) RCW 17.10.330 and 1987 c 438 s 26; and
(6) RCW 17.10.340 and 1987 c 438 s 27."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "weeds;" strike the remainder of the title and insert
"amending RCW 17.10.905, 17.10.010, 17.10.020, 17.10.030, 17.10.040, 17.10.050, 17.10.060,
17.10.070, 17.10.074, 17.10.080, 17.10.090, 17.10.100, 17.10.110, 17.10.120, 17.10.130,
17.10.134, 17.10.140, 17.10.145, 17.10.154, 17.10.160, 17.10.170, 17.10.180, 17.10.190,
17.10.205, 17.10.210, 17.10.235, 17.10.240, 17.10.250, 17.10.300, 17.10.310, 17.10.350,
17.10.890, and 17.10.900; adding new sections to chapter 17.10 RCW; recodifying RCW 17.10.905;
and repealing RCW 17.10.005, 17.10.150, 17.10.200, 17.10.320, 17.10.330, and 17.10.340."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1464, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1464 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1464 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 6.


Absent: Representative Buck - 1.

Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

Substitute House Bill No. 1464, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE**

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1468 with the following attached amendment(s):

On page 1, line 17, after "persons" insert ", and if each mine has less than seven acres of disturbed area"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1468, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1468 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Sump and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1468 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 1, Absent - 1, Excused - 6.


Voting nay: Representative Poulsen - 1.

Absent: Representative Parlette - 1.

Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

House Bill No. 1468, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1472 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature recognizes that the availability of minerals through surface mining is essential to the economic well-being of the state and nation. The citizens of the state are rapidly running out of approved or designated sites to extract these minerals. Therefore, the available sources of these minerals are nearly exhausted.

The state has enacted several laws in recent years directing local governments to make land use decisions for appropriate uses of land through designation in advance of or during the comprehensive planning process and then to limit the specific approval process to mitigating specific impacts of the use or uses allowed by the designation. The current planning and regulatory environment makes economically viable permits unobtainable for the vast majority of the sites where the minerals are located and needed.

The cost of transportation of minerals for any significant distance can have an effect on the costs to the taxpayers of the state. Surface mining must take place in diverse areas where the geologic, topographic, climatic, biologic, and social conditions are significantly different, and reclamation specifications must vary accordingly. But surface mining is a finite use of the land and another beneficial use must follow through reclamation.

Therefore, the legislature finds that designation, production, and conservation of adequate sources of minerals is in the best interests of the citizens of the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) Where the county has classified mineral lands pursuant to RCW 36.70A.050 and mineral resource lands of long-term commercial significance exist, a county shall designate sufficient mineral resource lands in the comprehensive plans to meet the projected twenty-year, county-wide need. Once designated, mineral resource uses, including operations as defined in RCW 78.44.031, shall be established as an allowed use in local development regulations.

(b) The county shall designate mineral resource deposits, both active and inactive, in economically viable proximity to locations where the deposits are likely to be used.
(c) This section has no applicability to metals mining and milling operations as defined in RCW 78.56.020.

(2) Nothing in this section precludes any unit of government from accepting the lowest responsible bid for purchase of mineral materials, regardless of source.

(3) Through its comprehensive plan and development regulations, as defined in RCW 36.70A.030, a county, city, or town shall discourage the siting of new applications of incompatible uses adjacent to mineral resource industries, deposits, and holdings.

(4) Any additions or amendments to comprehensive plans or development regulations required by this section may be adopted during the normal course of adopting or amending the comprehensive plan or development regulations.

Reasonable notice of additions or amendments to comprehensive plans or development regulations shall be given to property owners and other affected and interested individuals. The county shall use either an existing reasonable notice provision already employed by the county or a new reasonable notice provision, including any of the following:

(a) Notifying owners of real property, as shown by the records of the county assessor, located within three hundred feet of the boundaries of the proposed designation;

(b) Publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, city, or general area where the mineral resource deposits are located;

(c) Notifying public or private groups with known interest in the proposed mineral resource designation; or

(d) Placing notices in appropriate regional, neighborhood, or trade journals.

(5) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Long-term commercial significance" includes the mineral composition of the land for long-term economically viable commercial production, in consideration with the mineral resource land's proximity to population areas, product markets, and the possibility of more intense uses of the land.

(b) "Allowed use" means the use or uses specified by local development regulations as appropriate within those areas designated through the advance or comprehensive planning process. Once designated, a proposed allowed use shall be reviewed for project specific impacts and may be conditioned to mitigate significant adverse impacts within the context of site plan approval, but such review shall not revisit the question of land use."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "designation;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW; and creating a new section."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed House Bill No. 1472, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1472 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Reams and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1472 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 75, Nays - 17, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1472, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1474 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 43.21C RCW to read as follows:
(1) Within urban growth areas designated under RCW 36.70A.110, decisions pertaining to the following activities are exempt from threshold determination and environmental impact statement requirements: (a) Construction of or location of any residential structures of ten or fewer dwelling units; (b) construction of an office, school, commercial, recreational, service, or storage building with eight thousand or fewer square feet of gross floor area, and with associated parking for forty or fewer automobiles; (c) construction of a parking lot designed for forty or fewer automobiles; (d) division of land into nine or fewer lots or parcels; and (e) any landfill or excavation of five hundred cubic yards throughout the total lifetime of the fill or excavation.

(2) The legislative authority of a county or city that is planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may raise the exemption levels specified in subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section by ordinance or resolution to the following maximum levels within urban growth areas: (a) Construction of or location of any residential structures of a maximum of twenty or fewer dwelling units; and (b) construction of an office, school, commercial, recreational, service, or storage building with a maximum of twelve thousand or fewer square feet of gross floor area, and with associated parking for forty or fewer automobiles."

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "act;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new section to chapter 43.21C RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1474, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1474 as amended by the Senate.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1474 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

Substitute House Bill No. 1474, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 9, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1491 with the following amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"Sec. 1. RCW 49.60.010 and 1995 c 259 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
This chapter shall be known as the "law against discrimination". It is an exercise of the police power of the state for the protection of the public welfare, health, and peace of the people of this state, and in fulfillment of the provisions of the Constitution of this state concerning civil rights. The legislature hereby finds and declares that practices of discrimination against any of its inhabitants because of race, creed, color, national origin, families with children, sex, marital status, age, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person are a matter of state concern, that such discrimination threatens not only the rights and proper privileges of its inhabitants but menaces the institutions and foundation of a free democratic state. A state agency is herein created with powers with respect to elimination and prevention of discrimination in employment, in credit and insurance transactions, in places of public resort, accommodation, or amusement, and in real property transactions because of race, creed, color, national origin, families with children, sex, marital status, age, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person; and the commission established hereunder is hereby given general jurisdiction and power for such purposes.

Sec. 1. RCW 49.60.010 and 1995 c 259 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
This chapter shall be known as the "law against discrimination". It is an exercise of the police power of the state for the protection of the public welfare, health, and peace of the people of this state, and in fulfillment of the provisions of the Constitution of this state concerning civil rights. The legislature hereby finds and declares that practices of discrimination against any of its inhabitants because of race, creed, color, national origin, families with children, sex, marital status, age, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person are a matter of state concern, that such discrimination threatens not only the rights and proper privileges of its inhabitants but menaces the institutions and foundation of a free democratic state. A state agency is herein created with powers with respect to elimination and prevention of discrimination in employment, in credit and insurance transactions, in places of public resort, accommodation, or amusement, and in real property transactions because of race, creed, color, national origin, families with children, sex, marital status, age, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person; and the commission established hereunder is hereby given general jurisdiction and power for such purposes.

Sec. 2. RCW 49.60.030 and 1995 c 135 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The right to be free from discrimination because of race, creed, color, national origin, sex, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person is recognized as and declared to be a civil right. This right shall include, but not be limited to:
(a) The right to obtain and hold employment without discrimination;
(b) The right to the full enjoyment of any of the accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of any place of public resort, accommodation, assemblage, or amusement;
(c) The right to engage in real estate transactions without discrimination, including discrimination against families with children;

(d) The right to engage in credit transactions without discrimination;

(e) The right to engage in insurance transactions or transactions with health maintenance organizations without discrimination: PROVIDED, That a practice which is not unlawful under RCW 48.30.300, 48.44.220, or 48.46.370 does not constitute an unfair practice for the purposes of this subparagraph; and

(f) The right to engage in commerce free from any discriminatory boycotts or blacklists. Discriminatory boycotts or blacklists for purposes of this section shall be defined as the formation or execution of any express or implied agreement, understanding, policy or contractual arrangement for economic benefit between any persons which is not specifically authorized by the laws of the United States and which is required or imposed, either directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, by a foreign government or foreign person in order to restrict, condition, prohibit, or interfere with or in order to exclude any person or persons from any business relationship on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, sex, the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability, or the use of a trained dog or service animal by a disabled person, or national origin or lawful business relationship: PROVIDED HOWEVER, That nothing herein contained shall prohibit the use of boycotts as authorized by law pertaining to labor disputes and unfair labor practices.

(2) Any person deeming himself or herself injured by any act in violation of this chapter shall have a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin further violations, or to recover the actual damages sustained by the person, or both, together with the cost of suit including reasonable attorneys’ fees or any other appropriate remedy authorized by this chapter or the United States Civil Rights Act of 1964 as amended, or the Federal Fair Housing Amendments Act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 3601 et seq.).

(3) Except for any unfair practice committed by an employer against an employee or a prospective employee, or any unfair practice in a real estate transaction which is the basis for relief specified in the amendments to RCW 49.60.225 contained in chapter 69, Laws of 1993, any unfair practice prohibited by this chapter which is committed in the course of trade or commerce as defined in the Consumer Protection Act, chapter 19.86 RCW, is, for the purpose of applying that chapter, a matter affecting the public interest, is not reasonable in relation to the development and preservation of business, and is an unfair or deceptive act in trade or commerce.

Sec. 3. RCW 49.60.040 and 1995 c 259 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Person" includes one or more individuals, partnerships, associations, organizations, corporations, cooperatives, legal representatives, trustees and receivers, or any group of persons; it includes any owner, lessee, proprietor, manager, agent, or employee, whether one or more natural persons; and further includes any political or civil subdivisions of the state and any agency or instrumentality of the state or of any political or civil subdivision thereof;

(2) "Commission" means the Washington state human rights commission;

(3) "Employer" includes any person acting in the interest of an employer, directly or indirectly, who employs eight or more persons, and does not include any religious or sectarian organization not organized for private profit;

(4) "Employee" does not include any individual employed by his or her parents, spouse, or child, or in the domestic service of any person;

(5) "Labor organization" includes any organization which exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievances or terms or conditions of employment, or for other mutual aid or protection in connection with employment;

(6) "Employment agency" includes any person undertaking with or without compensation to recruit, procure, refer, or place employees for an employer;

(7) "Marital status" means the legal status of being married, single, separated, divorced, or widowed;

(8) "National origin" includes "ancestry";
(9) "Full enjoyment of" includes the right to purchase any service, commodity, or article of personal property offered or sold on, or by, any establishment to the public, and the admission of any person to accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of any place of public resort, accommodation, assemblage, or amusement, without acts directly or indirectly causing persons of any particular race, creed, color, sex, national origin, or with any sensory, mental, or physical disability, or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person, to be treated as not welcome, accepted, desired, or solicited;

(10) "Any place of public resort, accommodation, assemblage, or amusement" includes, but is not limited to, any place, licensed or unlicensed, kept for gain, hire, or reward, or where charges are made for admission, service, occupancy, or use of any property or facilities, whether conducted for the entertainment, housing, or lodging of transient guests, or for the benefit, use, or accommodation of those seeking health, recreation, or rest, or for the burial or other disposition of human remains, or for the sale of goods, merchandise, services, or personal property, or for the rendering of personal services, or for public conveyance or transportation on land, water, or in the air, including the stations and terminals thereof and the garaging of vehicles, or where food or beverages of any kind are sold for consumption on the premises, or where public amusement, entertainment, sports, or recreation of any kind is offered with or without charge, or where medical service or care is made available, or where the public gathers, congregates, or assembles for amusement, recreation, or public purposes, or public halls, public elevators, and public washrooms of buildings and structures occupied by two or more tenants, or by the owner and one or more tenants, or any public library or educational institution, or schools of special instruction, or nursery schools, or day care centers or children's camps;

PROVIDED, That nothing contained in this definition shall be construed to include or apply to any institute, bona fide club, or place of accommodation, which is by its nature distinctly private, including fraternal organizations, though where public use is permitted that use shall be covered by this chapter; nor shall anything contained in this definition apply to any educational facility, columbarium, crematory, mausoleum, or cemetery operated or maintained by a bona fide religious or sectarian institution;

(11) "Real property" includes buildings, structures, dwellings, real estate, lands, tenements, leaseholds, interests in real estate cooperatives, condominiums, and hereditaments, corporeal and incorporeal, or any interest therein;

(12) "Real estate transaction" includes the sale, appraisal, brokering, exchange, purchase, rental, or lease of real property, transacting or applying for a real estate loan, or the provision of brokerage services;

(13) "Dwelling" means any building, structure, or portion thereof that is occupied as, or designed or intended for occupancy as, a residence by one or more families, and any vacant land that is offered for sale or lease for the construction or location thereon of any such building, structure, or portion thereof;

(14) "Sex" means gender;

(15) "Aggrieved person" means any person who: (a) Claims to have been injured by an unfair practice in a real estate transaction; or (b) believes that he or she will be injured by an unfair practice in a real estate transaction that is about to occur;

(16) "Complainant" means the person who files a complaint in a real estate transaction;

(17) "Respondent" means any person accused in a complaint or amended complaint of an unfair practice in a real estate transaction;

(18) "Credit transaction" includes any open or closed end credit transaction, whether in the nature of a loan, retail installment transaction, credit card issue or charge, or otherwise, and whether for personal or for business purposes, in which a service, finance, or interest charge is imposed, or which provides for repayment in scheduled payments, when such credit is extended in the regular course of any trade or commerce, including but not limited to transactions by banks, savings and loan associations or other financial lending institutions of whatever nature, stock brokers, or by a merchant or mercantile establishment which as part of its ordinary business permits or provides that payment for purchases of property or service therefrom may be deferred;

(19) "Families with children status" means one or more individuals who have not attained the age of eighteen years being domiciled with a parent or another person having legal custody of such
individual or individuals, or with the designee of such parent or other person having such legal
custody, with the written permission of such parent or other person. Families with children status also
applies to any person who is pregnant or is in the process of securing legal custody of any individual
who has not attained the age of eighteen years;

(20) "Covered multifamily dwelling" means: (a) Buildings consisting of four or more dwelling
units if such buildings have one or more elevators; and (b) ground floor dwelling units in other
buildings consisting of four or more dwelling units;
(21) "Premses" means the interior or exterior spaces, parts, components, or elements of a
building, including individual dwelling units and the public and common use areas of a building;
(22) "Dog guide" means a dog that is trained for the purpose of guiding blind persons or a dog
that is trained for the purpose of assisting hearing impaired persons;
(23) "Service animal" means an animal that is trained for the purpose of assisting or
accommodating a disabled person's sensory, mental, or physical disability.

Sec. 4. RCW 49.60.120 and 1993 c 510 s 6 and 1993 c 69 s 4 are each reenacted and amended
to read as follows:

The commission shall have the functions, powers and duties:
(1) To appoint an executive director and chief examiner, and such investigators, examiners,
clerks, and other employees and agents as it may deem necessary, fix their compensation within the
limitations provided by law, and prescribe their duties.
(2) To obtain upon request and utilize the services of all governmental departments and
agencies.
(3) To adopt, promulgate, amend, and rescind suitable rules and regulations to carry out the
provisions of this chapter, and the policies and practices of the commission in connection therewith.
(4) To receive, impartially investigate, and pass upon complaints alleging unfair practices as
defined in this chapter.
(5) To issue such publications and such results of investigations and research as in its judgment
will tend to promote good will and minimize or eliminate discrimination because of sex, race, creed,
color, national origin, marital status, age, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical
disability, or the use of a trained dog guide ((dog)) or service ((dog)) animal by a disabled person.
(6) To make such technical studies as are appropriate to effectuate the purposes and policies of
this chapter and to publish and distribute the reports of such studies.
(7) To cooperate and act jointly or by division of labor with the United States or other states,
with other Washington state agencies, commissions, and other government entities, and with political
subdivisions of the state of Washington and their respective human rights agencies to carry out the
purposes of this chapter. However, the powers which may be exercised by the commission under this
subsection permit investigations and complaint dispositions only if the investigations are designed to
reveal, or the complaint deals only with, allegations which, if proven, would constitute unfair
practices under this chapter. The commission may perform such services for these agencies and be reimbursed
therefor.
(8) To foster good relations between minority and majority population groups of the state
through seminars, conferences, educational programs, and other intergroup relations activities.

Sec. 5. RCW 49.60.130 and 1993 c 510 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
The commission has power to create such advisory agencies and conciliation councils, local,
regional, or state-wide, as in its judgment will aid in effectuating the purposes of this chapter. The
commission may empower them to study the problems of discrimination in all or specific fields of
human relationships or in specific instances of discrimination because of sex, race, creed, color,
national origin, marital status, age, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the
use of a trained dog guide ((dog)) or service ((dog)) animal by a disabled person; to foster through
community effort or otherwise good will, cooperation, and conciliation among the groups and elements
of the population of the state, and to make recommendations to the commission for the development of
policies and procedures in general and in specific instances, and for programs of formal and informal
education which the commission may recommend to the appropriate state agency.
Such advisory agencies and conciliation councils shall be composed of representative citizens, serving without pay, but with reimbursement for travel expenses in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060 as now existing or hereafter amended, and the commission may make provision for technical and clerical assistance to such agencies and councils and for the expenses of such assistance. The commission may use organizations specifically experienced in dealing with questions of discrimination.

Sec. 6. RCW 49.60.174 and 1993 c 510 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) For the purposes of determining whether an unfair practice under this chapter has occurred, claims of discrimination based on actual or perceived HIV infection shall be evaluated in the same manner as other claims of discrimination based on sensory, mental, or physical disability; or the use of a trained dog guide (\text{dog}) or service (\text{dog}) animal by a disabled person.
(2) Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply to transactions with insurance entities, health service contractors, or health maintenance organizations subject to RCW 49.60.030(1)(e) or 49.60.178 to prohibit fair discrimination on the basis of actual HIV infection status when bona fide statistical differences in risk or exposure have been substantiated.
(3) For the purposes of this chapter, "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus, and includes all HIV and HIV-related viruses which damage the cellular branch of the human immune system and leave the infected person immunodeficient.

Sec. 7. RCW 49.60.175 and 1993 c 510 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
It shall be an unfair practice to use the sex, race, creed, color, national origin, marital status, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability of any person, or the use of a trained dog guide (\text{dog}) or service (\text{dog}) animal by a disabled person, concerning an application for credit in any credit transaction to determine the credit worthiness of an applicant.

Sec. 8. RCW 49.60.176 and 1993 c 510 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) It is an unfair practice for any person whether acting for himself, herself, or another in connection with any credit transaction because of race, creed, color, national origin, sex, marital status, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide (\text{dog}) or service (\text{dog}) animal by a disabled person:
(a) To deny credit to any person;
(b) To increase the charges or fees for or collateral required to secure any credit extended to any person;
(c) To restrict the amount or use of credit extended or to impose different terms or conditions with respect to the credit extended to any person or any item or service related thereto;
(d) To attempt to do any of the unfair practices defined in this section.
(2) Nothing in this section shall prohibit any party to a credit transaction from considering the credit history of any individual applicant.
(3) Further, nothing in this section shall prohibit any party to a credit transaction from considering the application of the community property law to the individual case or from taking reasonable action thereon.

Sec. 9. RCW 49.60.178 and 1993 c 510 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
It is an unfair practice for any person whether acting for himself, herself, or another in connection with an insurance transaction or transaction with a health maintenance organization to cancel or fail or refuse to issue or renew insurance or a health maintenance agreement to any person because of sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide (\text{dog}) or service (\text{dog}) animal by a disabled person: PROVIDED, That a practice which is not unlawful under RCW 48.30.300, 48.44.220, or 48.46.370 does not constitute an unfair practice for the purposes of this section. For the purposes of this section, "insurance transaction" is defined in RCW 48.01.060, health maintenance agreement is defined in RCW 48.46.020, and "health maintenance organization" is defined in RCW 48.46.020.
The fact that such unfair practice may also be a violation of chapter 48.30, 48.44, or 48.46 RCW does not constitute a defense to an action brought under this section.

The insurance commissioner, under RCW 48.30.300, and the human rights commission, under chapter 49.60 RCW, shall have concurrent jurisdiction under this section and shall enter into a working agreement as to procedure to be followed in complaints under this section.

Sec. 10. RCW 49.60.180 and 1993 c 510 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

It is an unfair practice for any employer:

(1) To refuse to hire any person because of age, sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification: PROVIDED, That the prohibition against discrimination because of such disability shall not apply if the particular disability prevents the proper performance of the particular worker involved.

(2) To discharge or bar any person from employment because of age, sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person.

(3) To discriminate against any person in compensation or in other terms or conditions of employment because of age, sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person: PROVIDED. That it shall not be an unfair practice for an employer to segregate washrooms or locker facilities on the basis of sex, or to base other terms and conditions of employment on the sex of employees where the commission by regulation or ruling in a particular instance has found the employment practice to be appropriate for the practical realization of equality of opportunity between the sexes.

(4) To print, or circulate, or cause to be printed or circulated any statement, advertisement, or publication, or to use any form of application for employment, or to make any inquiry in connection with prospective employment, which expresses any limitation, specification, or discrimination as to age, sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person, or any intent to make any such limitation, specification, or discrimination, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification: PROVIDED, Nothing contained herein shall prohibit advertising in a foreign language.

Sec. 11. RCW 49.60.190 and 1993 c 510 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

It is an unfair practice for any labor union or labor organization:

(1) To deny membership and full membership rights and privileges to any person because of age, sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person.

(2) To expel from membership any person because of age, sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person.

(3) To discriminate against any member, employer, employee, or other person to whom a duty of representation is owed because of age, sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person.

Sec. 12. RCW 49.60.200 and 1993 c 510 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

It is an unfair practice for any employment agency to fail or refuse to classify properly or refer for employment, or otherwise to discriminate against, an individual because of age, sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a disabled person, or to print or circulate, or cause to be printed or circulated any statement, advertisement, or publication, or to use any form of application for employment, or to make any inquiry in connection with prospective
employment, which expresses any limitation, specification or discrimination as to age, sex, race, creed, color, or national origin, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide (animal) or service (animal) by a disabled person, or any intent to make any such limitation, specification, or discrimination, unless based upon a bona fide occupational qualification: PROVIDED, Nothing contained herein shall prohibit advertising in a foreign language.

Sec. 13. RCW 49.60.215 and 1993 c 510 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be an unfair practice for any person or the person's agent or employee to commit an act which directly or indirectly results in any distinction, restriction, or discrimination, or the requiring of any person to pay a larger sum than the uniform rates charged other persons, or the refusing or withholding from any person the admission, patronage, custom, presence, frequenting, dwelling, staying, or lodging in any place of public resort, accommodation, assemblage, or amusement, except for conditions and limitations established by law and applicable to all persons, regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, sex, the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability, or the use of a trained dog guide (animal) or service (animal) by a disabled person: PROVIDED, That this section shall not be construed to require structural changes, modifications, or additions to make any place accessible to a disabled person except as otherwise required by law: PROVIDED, That behavior or actions constituting a risk to property or other persons can be grounds for refusal and shall not constitute an unfair practice.

Sec. 14. RCW 49.60.222 and 1995 c 259 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is an unfair practice for any person, whether acting for himself, herself, or another, because of sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, families with children status, the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability, or the use of a trained dog guide (animal) or service (animal) by a disabled person:
   (a) To refuse to engage in a real estate transaction with a person;
   (b) To discriminate against a person in the terms, conditions, or privileges of a real estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith;
   (c) To refuse to receive or to fail to transmit a bona fide offer to engage in a real estate transaction from a person;
   (d) To refuse to negotiate for a real estate transaction with a person;
   (e) To represent to a person that real property is not available for inspection, sale, rental, or lease when in fact it is so available, or to fail to bring a property listing to his or her attention, or to refuse to permit the person to inspect real property;
   (f) To discriminate in the sale or rental, or to otherwise make unavailable or deny a dwelling, to any person; or to a person residing in or intending to reside in that dwelling after it is sold, rented, or made available; or to any person associated with the person buying or renting;
   (g) To make, print, circulate, post, or mail, or cause to be so made or published a statement, advertisement, or sign, or to use a form of application for a real estate transaction, or to make a record or inquiry in connection with a prospective real estate transaction, which indicates, directly or indirectly, an intent to make a limitation, specification, or discrimination with respect thereto;
   (h) To offer, solicit, accept, use, or retain a listing of real property with the understanding that a person may be discriminated against in a real estate transaction or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith;
   (i) To expel a person from occupancy of real property;
   (j) To discriminate in the course of negotiating, executing, or financing a real estate transaction whether by mortgage, deed of trust, contract, or other instrument imposing a lien or other security in real property, or in negotiating or executing any item or service related thereto including issuance of title insurance, mortgage insurance, loan guarantee, or other aspect of the transaction. Nothing in this section shall limit the effect of RCW 49.60.176 relating to unfair practices in credit transactions; or
   (k) To attempt to do any of the unfair practices defined in this section.

(2) For the purposes of this chapter discrimination based on the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide (animal) or service (animal) by a blind, deaf, or physically disabled person includes:
(a) A refusal to permit, at the expense of the disabled person, reasonable modifications of existing premises occupied or to be occupied by such person if such modifications may be necessary to afford such person full enjoyment of the dwelling, except that, in the case of a rental, the landlord may, where it is reasonable to do so, condition permission for a modification on the renter agreeing to restore the interior of the dwelling to the condition that existed before the modification, reasonable wear and tear excepted;

(b) To refuse to make reasonable accommodation in rules, policies, practices, or services when such accommodations may be necessary to afford a person with the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability and/or the use of a trained dog guide or service animal by a blind, deaf, or physically disabled person equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling; or

(c) To fail to design and construct covered multifamily dwellings and premises in conformance with the federal fair housing amendments act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 3601 et seq.) and all other applicable laws or regulations pertaining to access by persons with any sensory, mental, or physical disability or use of a trained dog guide or service animal. Whenever the requirements of applicable laws or regulations differ, the requirements which require greater accessibility for persons with any sensory, mental, or physical disability shall govern.

Nothing in (a) or (b) of this subsection shall apply to: (i) A single-family house rented or leased by the owner if the owner does not own or have an interest in the proceeds of the rental or lease of more than three such single-family houses at one time, the rental or lease occurred without the use of a real estate broker or salesperson, as defined in RCW 18.85.010, and the rental or lease occurred without the publication, posting, or mailing of any advertisement, sign, or statement in violation of subsection (1)(g) of this section; or (ii) rooms or units in dwellings containing living quarters occupied or intended to be occupied by no more than four families living independently of each other if the owner maintains and occupies one of the rooms or units as his or her residence.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, it shall not be an unfair practice or a denial of civil rights for any public or private educational institution to separate the sexes or give preference to or limit use of dormitories, residence halls, or other student housing to persons of one sex or to make distinctions on the basis of marital or family status.

(4) Except pursuant to subsection (2)(a) of this section, this section shall not be construed to require structural changes, modifications, or additions to make facilities accessible to a disabled person except as otherwise required by law. Nothing in this section affects the rights, responsibilities, and remedies of landlords and tenants pursuant to chapter 59.18 or 59.20 RCW, including the right to post and enforce reasonable rules of conduct and safety for all tenants and their guests, provided that chapters 59.18 and 59.20 RCW are only affected to the extent they are inconsistent with the nondiscrimination requirements of this chapter. Nothing in this section limits the applicability of any reasonable federal, state, or local restrictions regarding the maximum number of occupants permitted to occupy a dwelling.

(5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, it shall not be an unfair practice for any public establishment providing for accommodations offered for the full enjoyment of transient guests as defined by RCW 9.91.010(1)(c) to make distinctions on the basis of families with children status. Nothing in this section shall limit the effect of RCW 49.60.215 relating to unfair practices in places of public accommodation.

Sec. 15. RCW 49.60.223 and 1993 c 510 s 18 and 1993 c 69 s 6 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

It is an unfair practice for any person, for profit, to induce or attempt to induce any person to sell or rent any real property by representations regarding the entry or prospective entry into the neighborhood of a person or persons of a particular race, creed, color, sex, national origin, families
with children status, or with any sensory, mental, or physical disability and/or the use of a trained dog guide (dog) or service (dog) animal by a blind, deaf, or physically disabled person.

**Sec. 16.** RCW 49.60.224 and 1993 c 69 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every provision in a written instrument relating to real property which purports to forbid or restrict the conveyance, encumbrance, occupancy, or lease thereof to individuals of a specified race, creed, color, sex, national origin, families with children status, or with any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide (dog) or service (dog) animal by a blind, deaf, or physically disabled person, and every condition, restriction, or prohibition, including a right of entry or possibility of reverter, which directly or indirectly limits the use or occupancy of real property on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, national origin, families with children status, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide (dog) or service (dog) animal by a blind, deaf, or physically disabled person is void.

(2) It is an unfair practice to insert in a written instrument relating to real property a provision that is void under this section or to honor or attempt to honor such a provision in the chain of title.

**Sec. 17.** RCW 49.60.225 and 1995 c 259 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When a reasonable cause determination has been made under RCW 49.60.240 that an unfair practice in a real estate transaction has been committed and a finding has been made that the respondent has engaged in any unfair practice under RCW 49.60.250, the administrative law judge shall promptly issue an order for such relief suffered by the aggrieved person as may be appropriate, which may include actual damages as provided by the federal fair housing amendments act of 1988 (42 U.S.C. Sec. 3601 et seq.), and injunctive or other equitable relief. Such order may, to further the public interest, assess a civil penalty against the respondent:

(a) In an amount up to ten thousand dollars if the respondent has not been determined to have committed any prior unfair practice in a real estate transaction;

(b) In an amount up to twenty-five thousand dollars if the respondent has been determined to have committed one other unfair practice in a real estate transaction during the five-year period ending on the date of the filing of this charge; or

(c) In an amount up to fifty thousand dollars if the respondent has been determined to have committed two or more unfair practices in a real estate transaction during the seven-year period ending on the date of the filing of this charge, for loss of the right secured by RCW 49.60.010, 49.60.030, 49.60.040, and 49.60.222 through 49.60.224, as now or hereafter amended, to be free from discrimination in real property transactions because of sex, marital status, race, creed, color, national origin, families with children status, or the presence of any sensory, mental, or physical disability or the use of a trained dog guide (dog) or service (dog) animal by a blind, deaf, or physically disabled person. Enforcement of the order and appeal therefrom by the complainant or respondent may be made as provided in RCW 49.60.260 and 49.60.270. If acts constituting the unfair practice in a real estate transaction that is the object of the charge are determined to have been committed by the same natural person who has been previously determined to have committed acts constituting an unfair practice in a real estate transaction, then the civil penalty of up to fifty thousand dollars may be imposed without regard to the period of time within which any subsequent unfair practice in a real estate transaction occurred. All civil penalties assessed under this section shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the general fund.

(2) Such order shall not affect any contract, sale, conveyance, encumbrance, or lease consummated before the issuance of an order that involves a bona fide purchaser, encumbrancer, or tenant who does not have actual notice of the charge filed under this chapter.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, persons awarded damages under this section may not receive additional damages pursuant to RCW 49.60.250.

**Sec. 18.** RCW 70.84.020 and 1980 c 109 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of this chapter, the term "dog guide (dog)" (shall mean a dog which is in working harness and) means a dog that is trained (or approved by an accredited school engaged in
training dogs) for the purpose of guiding blind persons or a dog (which is) trained ((or approved by an accredited school engaged in training dogs)) for the purpose of assisting hearing impaired persons.

Sec. 19. RCW 70.84.021 and 1985 c 90 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

For the purpose of this chapter, "service ((dog)) animal" means ((a dog)) an animal that is trained ((or approved by an accredited school, or state institution of higher education, engaged in training dogs)) for the purposes of assisting or accommodating a ((physically)) disabled ((person related to the)) person's sensory, mental, or physical disability.

Sec. 20. RCW 70.84.040 and 1985 c 90 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The driver of a vehicle approaching a totally or partially blind pedestrian who is carrying a cane predominantly white in color (with or without a red tip), a totally or partially blind or hearing impaired pedestrian using a dog guide ((dog)), or an otherwise physically disabled person using a service ((dog)) animal shall take all necessary precautions to avoid injury to such pedestrian. Any driver who fails to take such precaution shall be liable in damages for any injury caused such pedestrian. It shall be unlawful for the operator of any vehicle to drive into or upon any crosswalk while there is on such crosswalk, such pedestrian, crossing or attempting to cross the roadway, if such pedestrian ((indicates his intention to cross or of continuing on, with a timely warning by holding up or waving)) is using a white cane, using a dog guide ((dog)), or using a service ((dog)) animal. The failure of any such pedestrian so to signal shall not deprive him of the right of way accorded him by other laws.

Sec. 21. RCW 70.84.050 and 1980 c 109 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

A totally or partially blind pedestrian not carrying a white cane or a totally or partially blind or hearing impaired pedestrian not using a dog guide ((dog)) in any of the places, accommodations, or conveyances listed in RCW 70.84.010, shall have all of the rights and privileges conferred by law on other persons.

Sec. 22. RCW 70.84.060 and 1985 c 90 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be unlawful for any pedestrian who is not totally or partially blind to use a white cane or any pedestrian who is not totally or partially blind or is not hearing impaired to use a dog guide ((dog)) or any pedestrian who is not otherwise physically disabled to use a service ((dog)) animal in any of the places, accommodations, or conveyances listed in RCW 70.84.010 for the purpose of securing the rights and privileges accorded by the chapter to totally or partially blind, hearing impaired, or otherwise physically disabled people.

Sec. 23. RCW 70.84.100 and 1988 c 89 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person who negligently or maliciously kills or injures a dog guide or service ((dog)) animal is liable for a penalty of one thousand dollars, to be paid to the user of the ((dog)) animal. The penalty shall be in addition to and not in lieu of any other remedies or penalties, civil or criminal, provided by law.

(2) A user or owner of a dog guide or service animal, whose animal is negligently or maliciously injured or killed, is entitled to recover reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in pursuing any civil remedy.

(3) The commission has no duty to investigate any negligent or malicious acts referred to under this section.

Sec. 24. RCW 70.84.120 and 1989 c 41 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

A county, city, or town shall honor a request by a blind person or hearing impaired person not to be charged a fee to license his or her dog guide ((dog)), or a request by a physically disabled person not to be charged a fee to license his or her service ((dog)) animal.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 26. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1). RCW 70.84.030 and 1985 c 90 s 2, 1980 c 109 s 3, & 1969 c 141 s 3; and
(2). RCW 70.84.110 and 1988 c 89 s 2.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 27. RCW 70.84.090, 70.84.100, and 70.84.120 are each recodified as new sections in chapter 49.60 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1491, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1491 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1491 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

Substitute House Bill No. 1491, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1499 with the following amendment(s):
On page 1, line 16, after "areas." insert "Committee membership must consist of no less than ninety percent of the members living in a rural area."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1499, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1499 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1499 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Voting nay: Representative Fisher - 1.

Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

Substitute House Bill No. 1499, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1527 with the following amendment(s):

On page 13, beginning on line 12, delete everything beginning "NEW SECTION. Sec. 20." through "expenses." on line 31

Renumber the sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 1, beginning on line 5 of the title, after "15.58 RCW;" delete "adding a new section to chapter 43.23 RCW"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1527, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1527 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1527 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 29, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1527, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1536 with the following amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 18.89.010 and 1987 c 415 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that ((it is necessary to regulate the practice of respiratory care at the level of certification)) in order to ((protect the public health and safety)) safeguard life, health, and to promote public welfare, a person practicing or offering to practice respiratory care as a respiratory care practitioner in this state shall be required to submit evidence that he or she is qualified to practice, and shall be licensed as provided. The settings for these services may include, health facilities licensed in this state, clinics, home care, home health agencies, physicians’ offices, and public or community health services. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require that individual or group policies or contracts of an insurance carrier, health care service contractor, or health maintenance organization provide benefits or coverage for services and supplies provided by a person certified under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 18.89 RCW to read as follows:

After the effective date of this act, it shall be unlawful for a person to practice or to offer to practice as a respiratory care practitioner in this state or to use a title, sign, or device to indicate that
such a person is practicing as a respiratory care practitioner unless the person has been duly licensed and registered under the provisions of this chapter.

**Sec. 3.** RCW 18.89.020 and 1994 sp.s. c 9 s 511 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

1. "Department" means the department of health.
2. "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.
3. "Respiratory care practitioner" means an individual licensed under this chapter.
4. "Physician" means an individual licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW.

5. "Rural hospital" means a hospital located anywhere in the state except the following areas:
   (a) The entire counties of Snohomish (including Camano Island), King, Kitsap, Pierce, Thurston, Clark, and Spokane;
   (b) Areas within a twenty-mile radius of an urban area with a population exceeding thirty thousand persons; and
   (c) Those cities or city-clusters located in rural counties but which for all practical purposes are urban. These areas are Bellingham, Aberdeen, Hoquiam, Longview, Kelso, Wenatchee, Yakima, Sunnyside, Richland, Kennewick, Pasco, and Walla Walla.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 18.89.040 and 1994 sp.s. c 9 s 716 are each amended to read as follows:

1. A respiratory care practitioner licensed under this chapter is employed in the treatment, management, diagnostic testing, rehabilitation, and care of patients with deficiencies and abnormalities which affect the cardiopulmonary system and associated aspects of other systems, and is under the direct order and under the qualified medical direction of a physician. The practice of respiratory care includes, but is not limited to:
   (a) The use and administration of prescribed medical gases, exclusive of general anesthesia;
   (b) The use of air and oxygen administering apparatus;
   (c) The use of humidification and aerosols;
   (d) The administration, to the extent of training, as determined by the secretary, of prescribed pharmacologic agents related to respiratory care;
   (e) The use of mechanical ventilatory, hyperbaric, and physiological support;
   (f) Postural drainage, chest percussion, and vibration;
   (g) Bronchopulmonary hygiene;
   (h) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation as it pertains to (establishing airways and external cardiac compression) advanced cardiac life support or pediatric advanced life support guidelines;
   (i) The maintenance of natural and artificial airways and insertion, without cutting tissues, of artificial airways, as prescribed by the attending a physician;
   (j) Diagnostic and monitoring techniques such as the collection and measurement of cardiorespiratory specimens, volumes, pressures, and flows; and
   (k) The drawing and analyzing of devices to draw, analyze, infuse, or monitor pressure in arterial, capillary, or venous blood as prescribed by a physician or an advanced registered nurse practitioner as authorized by the nursing care quality assurance commission under chapter 18.79 RCW.

2. Nothing in this chapter prohibits or restricts:
   (a) The practice of a profession by individuals who are licensed under other laws of this state who are performing services within their authorized scope of practice, that may overlap the services provided by respiratory care practitioners;
   (b) The practice of respiratory care by an individual employed by the government of the United States while the individual is engaged in the performance of duties prescribed for him or her by the laws and rules of the United States.
(c) The practice of respiratory care by a person pursuing a supervised course of study leading to a degree or certificate in respiratory care as a part of an accredited and approved educational program, if the person is designated by a title that clearly indicates his or her status as a student or trainee and limited to the extent of demonstrated proficiency of completed curriculum, and under direct supervision;

(d) The use of the title "respiratory care practitioner" by registered nurses authorized under chapter 18.79 RCW; or

(e) The practice without compensation of respiratory care of a family member.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to require that individual or group policies or contracts of an insurance carrier, health care service contractor, or health maintenance organization provide benefits or coverage for services and supplies provided by a person licensed under this chapter.

Sec. 5. RCW 18.89.050 and 1994 sp.s. c 9 s 512 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to any other authority provided by law, the secretary may:

(a) Adopt rules, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, necessary to implement this chapter;

(b) Set all ((certification)) license, examination, and renewal fees in accordance with RCW 43.70.250;

(c) Establish forms and procedures necessary to administer this chapter;

(d) Issue a ((certificate)) license to any applicant who has met the education, training, and examination requirements for ((certification)) licensure;

(e) Hire clerical, administrative, and investigative staff as needed to implement this chapter and hire individuals ((certified)) licensed under this chapter to serve as examiners for any practical examinations;

(f) Approve those schools from which graduation will be accepted as proof of an applicant's eligibility to take the ((certification)) licensure examination, specifically requiring that applicants must have completed programs with two-year curriculum;

(g) Prepare, grade, and administer, or determine the nature of, and supervise the grading and administration of, examinations for applicants for ((certification)) licensure;

(h) Determine whether alternative methods of training are equivalent to formal education and establish forms, procedures, and criteria for evaluation of an applicant's alternative training to determine the applicant's eligibility to take the examination;

(i) Determine which states have legal credentialing requirements equivalent to those of this state and issue ((certificates)) licenses to individuals legally credentialed in those states without examination;

(j) Define and approve any experience requirement for ((certification)) licensure; and

(k) Appoint members of the profession to serve in an ad hoc advisory capacity to the secretary in carrying out this chapter. The members will serve for designated times and provide advice on matters specifically identified and requested by the secretary. The members shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.220 and reimbursed for travel expenses under RCW 43.03.040 and 43.03.060.

(2) The provisions of chapter 18.130 RCW shall govern the issuance and denial of ((certificates, uncertified)) licenses, unlicensed practice, and the disciplining of persons ((certified)) licensed under this chapter. The secretary shall be the disciplining authority under this chapter.

Sec. 6. RCW 18.89.060 and 1991 c 3 s 229 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary shall keep an official record of all proceedings, a part of which record shall consist of a register of all applicants for ((certification)) licensure under this chapter, with the result of each application.

Sec. 7. RCW 18.89.080 and 1994 sp.s. c 9 s 513 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary, ad hoc committee members, or individuals acting on their behalf are immune from suit in any civil action based on any ((certification)) licensure or disciplinary proceedings, or other official acts performed in the course of their duties.

Sec. 8. RCW 18.89.090 and 1991 c 3 s 232 are each amended to read as follows:
The secretary shall issue a license to any applicant who demonstrates to the secretary’s satisfaction that the following requirements have been met:

((4)) (a) Graduation from a school approved by the secretary or successful completion of alternate training which meets the criteria established by the secretary;
((2)) (b) Successful completion of an examination administered or approved by the secretary;
((4)) (c) Successful completion of any experience requirement established by the secretary;
((4)) (d) Good moral character.

In addition, applicants shall be subject to the grounds for denial or issuance of a conditional license under chapter 18.130 RCW.

A person who meets the qualifications to be admitted to the examination for licensure as a respiratory care practitioner may practice as a respiratory care practitioner under the supervision of a respiratory care practitioner certified licensed under this chapter between the date of filing an application for licensure and the announcement of the results of the next succeeding examination for licensure if that person applies for and takes the first examination for which he or she is eligible.

A person certified as a respiratory care practitioner in good standing on the effective date of this act, who applies within one year of the effective date of this act, may be licensed without having completed the two-year curriculum set forth in RCW 18.89.050(1)(f), and without having to retake an examination under subsection (1)(b) of this section.

The secretary shall establish by rule what constitutes adequate proof of meeting the criteria.

Sec. 9. RCW 18.89.110 and 1996 c 191 s 76 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The date and location of the examination shall be established by the secretary. Applicants who have been found by the secretary to meet the other requirements for licensure shall be scheduled for the next examination following the filing of the application. However, the applicant shall not be scheduled for any examination taking place sooner than sixty days after the application is filed.

(2) The secretary shall examine each applicant, by means determined most effective, on subjects appropriate to the scope of practice. Such examinations shall be limited to the purpose of determining whether the applicant possesses the minimum skill and knowledge necessary to practice competently, and shall meet generally accepted standards of fairness and validity for licensure examinations.

(3) All examinations shall be conducted by the secretary, and all grading of the examinations shall be under fair and wholly impartial methods.

(4) Any applicant who fails to make the required grade in the first examination is entitled to take up to three subsequent examinations, upon compliance with administrative procedures, administrative requirements, and fees determined by the secretary under RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280 and such remedial education as is deemed necessary.

(5) The secretary may approve an examination prepared and administered by a private testing agency or association of credentialing boards for use by an applicant in meeting the licensure requirement.

Sec. 10. RCW 18.89.120 and 1996 c 191 s 77 are each amended to read as follows:

Applications for licensure shall be submitted on forms provided by the secretary. The secretary may require any information and documentation which reasonably relates to the need to determine whether the applicant meets the criteria for licensure provided in this chapter and chapter 18.130 RCW. All applicants shall comply with administrative procedures, administrative requirements, and fees determined by the secretary under RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280.

Sec. 11. RCW 18.89.140 and 1996 c 191 s 78 are each amended to read as follows:

Certificates Licenses shall be renewed according to administrative procedures, administrative requirements, continuing education requirements, and fees determined by the secretary under RCW 43.70.250 and 43.70.280.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 18.89 RCW to read as follows:
An applicant holding a license in another state may be licensed to practice in this state without examination if the secretary determines that the other state's licensing standards are substantially equivalent to the standards in this state.

Sec. 13. RCW 18.120.020 and 1996 c 178 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
The definitions contained in this section shall apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
(1) "Applicant group" includes any health professional group or organization, any individual, or any other interested party which proposes that any health professional group not presently regulated be regulated or which proposes to substantially increase the scope of practice of the profession.
(2) "Certificate" and "certification" mean a voluntary process by which a statutory regulatory entity grants recognition to an individual who (a) has met certain prerequisite qualifications specified by that regulatory entity, and (b) may assume or use "certified" in the title or designation to perform prescribed health professional tasks.
(3) "Grandfather clause" means a provision in a regulatory statute applicable to practitioners actively engaged in the regulated health profession prior to the effective date of the regulatory statute which exempts the practitioners from meeting the prerequisite qualifications set forth in the regulatory statute to perform prescribed occupational tasks.
(4) "Health professions" means and includes the following health and health-related licensed or regulated professions and occupations: Podiatric medicine and surgery under chapter 18.22 RCW; chiropractic under chapter 18.25 RCW; dentistry under chapter 18.32 RCW; denturism under chapter 18.30 RCW; dispensing opticians under chapter 18.34 RCW; hearing (aids) instruments under chapter 18.35 RCW; naturopaths under chapter 18.36A RCW; embalming and funeral directing under chapter 18.39 RCW; midwifery under chapter 18.50 RCW; nursing home administration under chapter 18.52 RCW; optometry under chapters 18.53 and 18.54 RCW; oculist under chapter 18.55 RCW; osteopathic medicine and surgery under chapter 18.57 and 18.57A RCW; pharmacy under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW; medicine under chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW; emergency medicine under chapter 18.73 RCW; physical therapy under chapter 18.74 RCW; practical nurses under chapter 18.79 RCW; psychologists under chapter 18.83 RCW; registered nurses under chapter 18.79 RCW; occupational therapists licensed under chapter 18.59 RCW; respiratory care practitioners (certified) licensed under chapter 18.89 RCW; veterinarians and animal technicians under chapter 18.92 RCW; health care assistants under chapter 18.135 RCW; massage practitioners under chapter 18.108 RCW; acupuncturists licensed under chapter 18.06 RCW; persons registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW; dietitians and nutritionists certified by chapter 18.138 RCW; radiologic technicians under chapter 18.84 RCW; and nursing assistants registered or certified under chapter 18.88A RCW.
(5) "Inspection" means the periodic examination of practitioners by a state agency in order to ascertain whether the practitioners' occupation is being carried out in a fashion consistent with the public health, safety, and welfare.
(6) "Legislative committees of reference" means the standing legislative committees designated by the respective rules committees of the senate and house of representatives to consider proposed legislation to regulate health professions not previously regulated.
(7) "License," "licensing," and "licensure" mean permission to engage in a health profession which would otherwise be unlawful in the state in the absence of the permission. A license is granted to those individuals who meet prerequisite qualifications to perform prescribed health professional tasks and for the use of a particular title.
(8) "Professional license" means an individual, nontransferable authorization to carry on a health activity based on qualifications which include: (a) Graduation from an accredited or approved program, and (b) acceptable performance on a qualifying examination or series of examinations.
(9) "Practitioner" means an individual who (a) has achieved knowledge and skill by practice, and (b) is actively engaged in a specified health profession.
(10) "Public member" means an individual who is not, and never was, a member of the health profession being regulated or the spouse of a member, or an individual who does not have and never
has had a material financial interest in either the rendering of the health professional service being
regulated or an activity directly related to the profession being regulated.

(11) "Registration" means the formal notification which, prior to rendering services, a
practitioner shall submit to a state agency setting forth the name and address of the practitioner; the
location, nature and operation of the health activity to be practiced; and, if required by the regulatory
entity, a description of the service to be provided.

(12) "Regulatory entity" means any board, commission, agency, division, or other unit or
subunit of state government which regulates one or more professions, occupations, industries,
businesses, or other endeavors in this state.

(13) "State agency" includes every state office, department, board, commission, regulatory
entity, and agency of the state, and, where provided by law, programs and activities involving less than
the full responsibility of a state agency.

Sec. 14. RCW 18.130.040 and 1996 c 200 s 32 and 1996 c 81 s 5 are each reenacted and
amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter applies only to the secretary and the boards and commissions having
jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed under the chapters specified in this section. This
chapter does not apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters specified in this
section.

(2)(a) The secretary has authority under this chapter in relation to the following professions:
(i) Dispensing opticians licensed under chapter 18.34 RCW;
(ii) Naturopaths licensed under chapter 18.36A RCW;
(iii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;
(iv) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;
(v) Massage operators and businesses licensed under chapter 18.108 RCW;
(vi) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW;
(vii) Acupuncturists licensed under chapter 18.06 RCW;
(viii) Radiologic technologists certified and X-ray technicians registered under chapter 18.84
RCW;
(ix) Respiratory care practitioners ((certified)) licensed under chapter 18.89 RCW;
(x) Persons registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW;
(xi) Persons registered as nursing pool operators under chapter 18.52C RCW;
(xii) Nursing assistants registered or certified under chapter 18.79 RCW;
(xiii) Health care assistants certified under chapter 18.135 RCW;
(xiv) Dietitians and nutritionists certified under chapter 18.138 RCW;
(xv) Sex offender treatment providers certified under chapter 18.155 RCW;
(xvi) Persons licensed and certified under chapter 18.73 RCW or RCW 18.71.205;
(xvii) Persons registered as adult family home providers and resident managers under RCW
18.48.020; and
(xviii) Denturists licensed under chapter 18.30 RCW.
(b) The boards and commissions having authority under this chapter are as follows:
(i) The podiatric medical board as established in chapter 18.22 RCW;
(ii) The chiropractic quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.25 RCW;
(iii) The dental quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.32 RCW;
(iv) The board of hearing and speech as established in chapter 18.35 RCW;
(v) The board of examiners for nursing home administrators as established in chapter 18.52
RCW;
(vi) The optometry board as established in chapter 18.54 RCW governing licenses issued under
chapter 18.53 RCW;
(vii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established in chapter 18.57 RCW
governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW;
(viii) The board of pharmacy as established in chapter 18.64 RCW governing licenses issued
under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW;
(ix) The medical quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.71 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;

(x) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 RCW;

(xi) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;

(xii) The nursing care quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.79 RCW governing licenses issued under that chapter;

(xiii) The examining board of psychology and its disciplinary committee as established in chapter 18.83 RCW; and

(xiv) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 18.92 RCW.

(3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses based on the conditions and criteria established in this chapter and the chapters specified in subsection (2) of this section. This chapter also governs any investigation, hearing, or proceeding relating to denial of licensure or issuance of a license conditioned on the applicant's compliance with an order entered pursuant to RCW 18.130.160 by the disciplining authority.

(4) All disciplining authorities shall adopt procedures to ensure substantially consistent application of this chapter, the Uniform Disciplinary Act, among the disciplining authorities listed in subsection (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 18.89.130 and 1991 c 3 s 236 & 1987 c 415 s 14; and

(2) RCW 18.89.900 and 1987 c 415 s 20.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. (1) Sections 5, 9, and 10 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect July 1, 1997.

(2) Sections 1 through 4, 6 through 8, and 11 through 15 of this act take effect July 1, 1998."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "care;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 18.89.010, 18.89.020, 18.89.040, 18.89.050, 18.89.060, 18.89.080, 18.89.090, 18.89.110, 18.89.120, 18.89.140, and 18.120.020; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.040; adding new sections to chapter 18.89 RCW; repealing RCW 18.89.130 and 18.89.900; providing effective dates; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1536, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1536 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Backlund and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1536 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 91, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Voting nay: Representative Sherstad - 1.
Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

Substitute House Bill No. 1536, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1589 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 7.69.030 and 1993 c 350 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
There shall be a reasonable effort made to ensure that victims, survivors of victims, and witnesses of crimes have the following rights:
(1) With respect to victims of violent or sex crimes, to receive, at the time of reporting the crime to law enforcement officials, a written statement of the rights of crime victims as provided in this chapter. The written statement shall include the name, address, and telephone number of a county or local crime victim/witness program, if such a crime victim/witness program exists in the county;
(2) To be informed by local law enforcement agencies or the prosecuting attorney of the final disposition of the case in which the victim, survivor, or witness is involved;
(3) To be notified by the party who issued the subpoena that a court proceeding to which they have been subpoenaed will not occur as scheduled, in order to save the person an unnecessary trip to court;
(4) To receive protection from harm and threats of harm arising out of cooperation with law enforcement and prosecution efforts, and to be provided with information as to the level of protection available;
(5) To be informed of the procedure to be followed to apply for and receive any witness fees to which they are entitled;
(6) To be provided, whenever practical, a secure waiting area during court proceedings that does not require them to be in close proximity to defendants and families or friends of defendants;
(7) To have any stolen or other personal property expeditiously returned by law enforcement agencies or the superior court when no longer needed as evidence. When feasible, all such property, except weapons, currency, contraband, property subject to evidentiary analysis, and property of which ownership is disputed, shall be photographed and returned to the owner within ten days of being taken;
(8) To be provided with appropriate employer intercession services to ensure that employers of victims, survivors of victims, and witnesses of crime will cooperate with the criminal justice process in order to minimize an employee’s loss of pay and other benefits resulting from court appearance;
(9) To access to immediate medical assistance and not to be detained for an unreasonable length of time by a law enforcement agency before having such assistance administered. However, an employee of the law enforcement agency may, if necessary, accompany the person to a medical facility to question the person about the criminal incident if the questioning does not hinder the administration of medical assistance;
(10) With respect to victims of violent and sex crimes, to have a crime victim advocate from a crime victim/witness program present at any prosecutorial or defense interviews with the victim, and at any judicial proceedings related to criminal acts committed against the victim. This subsection applies
if practical and if the presence of the crime victim advocate does not cause any unnecessary delay in
the investigation or prosecution of the case. The role of the crime victim advocate is to provide emotional support to the crime victim;

(11) With respect to victims and survivors of victims, to be physically present in court during trial, or if subpoenaed to testify, to be scheduled as early as practical in the proceedings in order to be physically present during trial after testifying and not to be excluded solely because they have testified;
(12) With respect to victims and survivors of victims, to be informed by the prosecuting attorney of the date, time, and place of the trial and of the sentencing hearing for felony convictions upon request by a victim or survivor;
(13) To submit a victim impact statement or report to the court, with the assistance of the prosecuting attorney if requested, which shall be included in all presentence reports and permanently included in the files and records accompanying the offender committed to the custody of a state agency or institution;
(14) With respect to victims and survivors of victims, to present a statement personally or by representation, at the sentencing hearing for felony convictions; and
(15) With respect to victims and survivors of victims, to entry of an order of restitution by the court in all felony cases, even when the offender is sentenced to confinement, unless extraordinary circumstances exist which make restitution inappropriate in the court's judgment."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "rights;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 7.69.030."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1589, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1589 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Robertson and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1589 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

House Bill No. 1589, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1620 with the following attached amendment(s):

On page 7, line 27, strike all of section 6 and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act applies retroactively to January 1, 1997.

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1620, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1620 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1620 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

Substitute House Bill No. 1620, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1632 with the following attached amendment(s):

On page 1, line 14, after “health;” insert “department of ecology; department of fish and wildlife;”

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1632, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1632 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1632 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

Substitute House Bill No. 1632, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE**

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1626 with the following attached amendment(s):

On page 2, line 21, after "board" insert "indicating compliance with RCW 42.52.020, 42.52.030, 42.52.040 and 42.52.120"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1646, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1646 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Quall and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1646 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


House Bill No. 1646, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2018

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1647 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is the intent of the legislature to provide for diverse educational opportunities at the state's institutions of higher education and to facilitate student participation in educational exchanges with institutions outside the state of Washington. To accomplish this, this act establishes a home tuition program allowing students at Washington state institutions of higher education to take advantage of out-of-state and international educational opportunities while paying an amount equal to their regularly charged tuition and required fees.

Sec. 2. RCW 28B.15.012 and 1994 c 188 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Whenever used in chapter 28B.15 RCW:
(1) The term "institution" shall mean a public university, college, or community college within the state of Washington.
(2) The term "resident student" shall mean:
(a) A financially independent student who has had a domicile in the state of Washington for the period of one year immediately prior to the time of commencement of the first day of the semester or quarter for which the student has registered at any institution and has in fact established a bona fide domicile in this state primarily for purposes other than educational;
(b) A dependent student, if one or both of the student's parents or legal guardians have maintained a bona fide domicile in the state of Washington for at least one year immediately prior to commencement of the semester or quarter for which the student has registered at any institution;
(c) A student classified as a resident based upon domicile by an institution on or before May 31, 1982, who was enrolled at a state institution during any term of the 1982-1983 academic year, so long as such student's enrollment (excepting summer sessions) at an institution in this state is continuous;"
A any student who has spent at least seventy-five percent of both his or her junior and senior years in high schools in this state, whose parents or legal guardians have been domiciled in the state for a period of at least one year within the five-year period before the student graduates from high school, and who enrolls in a public institution of higher education within six months of leaving high school, for as long as the student remains continuously enrolled for three quarters or two semesters in any calendar year;

(e) A student who is the spouse or a dependent of a person who is on active military duty stationed in the state; 

(f) A student of an out-of-state institution of higher education who is attending a Washington state institution of higher education pursuant to a home tuition agreement as described in RCW 28B.15.725; or

(g) A student who meets the requirements of RCW 28B.15.0131: PROVIDED, That a nonresident student enrolled for more than six hours per semester or quarter shall be considered as attending for primarily educational purposes, and for tuition and fee paying purposes only such period of enrollment shall not be counted toward the establishment of a bona fide domicile of one year in this state unless such student proves that the student has in fact established a bona fide domicile in this state primarily for purposes other than educational.

(3) The term "nonresident student" shall mean any student who does not qualify as a "resident student" under the provisions of RCW 28B.15.012 and 28B.15.013. Except for students qualifying under subsection (2)(f) of this section, a nonresident student shall include:

(a) A student attending an institution with the aid of financial assistance provided by another state or governmental unit or agency thereof, such nonresidency continuing for one year after the completion of such semester or quarter.

(b) A person who is not a citizen of the United States of America who does not have permanent or temporary resident status or does not hold "Refugee-Parolee" or "Conditional Entrant" status with the United States immigration and naturalization service or is not otherwise permanently residing in the United States under color of law and who does not also meet and comply with all the applicable requirements in RCW 28B.15.012 and 28B.15.013.

(4) The term "domicile" shall denote a person's true, fixed and permanent home and place of habitation. It is the place where the student intends to remain, and to which the student expects to return when the student leaves without intending to establish a new domicile elsewhere. The burden of proof that a student, parent or guardian has established a domicile in the state of Washington primarily for purposes other than educational lies with the student.

(5) The term "dependent" shall mean a person who is not financially independent. Factors to be considered in determining whether a person is financially independent shall be set forth in rules and regulations adopted by the higher education coordinating board and shall include, but not be limited to, the state and federal income tax returns of the person and/or the student’s parents or legal guardian filed for the calendar year prior to the year in which application is made and such other evidence as the board may require.

Sec. 3. RCW 28B.15.014 and 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 5 are each amended to read as follows: Subject to the limitations of RCW 28B.15.910, the governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, The Evergreen State College, and the community colleges may exempt the following nonresidents from paying all or a portion of the nonresident tuition fees differential:

(1) Any person who resides in the state of Washington and who holds a graduate service appointment designated as such by a public institution of higher education or is employed for an academic department in support of the instructional or research programs involving not less than twenty hours per week during the term such person shall hold such appointment.

(2) Any faculty member, classified staff member or administratively exempt employee holding not less than a half time appointment at an institution who resides in the state of Washington, and the dependent children and spouse of such persons.

(3) Active-duty military personnel stationed in the state of Washington.
Any immigrant refugee and the spouse and dependent children of such refugee, if the refugee (a) is on parole status, or (b) has received an immigrant visa, or (c) has applied for United States citizenship.

Domestic exchange students participating in the program created under RCW 28B.15.725.

Any dependent of a member of the United States congress representing the state of Washington.

Sec. 4. RCW 28B.15.725 and 1994 c 234 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The governing boards of the state universities, the regional universities, and The Evergreen State College may establish home tuition programs by negotiating home tuition agreements with an out-of-state institution or consortium of institutions of higher education (of other states and agree to exempt participating undergraduate students from payment of all or a portion of the nonresident tuition fees differential subject to the following restrictions:

1. In any given academic year, the number of students receiving a waiver at a state institution shall not exceed the number of that institution’s students receiving nonresident tuition waivers at participating out-of-state institutions. Waiver imbalances that may occur in one year shall be off-set in the year immediately following) if no loss of tuition and fee revenue occurs as a result of the agreements.

2. Home tuition agreements allow students at Washington state institutions of higher education to attend an out-of-state institution of higher education as part of a student exchange. Students participating in a home tuition program shall pay an amount equal to their regular, full-time tuition and required fees to either the Washington institution of higher education or the out-of-state institution of higher education depending upon the provisions of the particular agreement. Payment of course fees in excess of generally applicable tuition and required fees must be addressed in each home tuition agreement to ensure that the instructional programs of the Washington institution of higher education do not incur additional uncompensated costs as a result of the exchange.

3. Student participation in a home tuition agreement authorized by this section is limited to one academic year.

4. Students enrolled under a home tuition agreement shall reside in Washington state for the duration of the program, may not use the year of enrollment under this program to establish Washington state residency, and are not eligible for state financial aid.

Sec. 5. RCW 28B.15.910 and 1993 sp.s. c 18 s 31 are each amended to read as follows:

Except for revenue waived under programs listed in subsection (3) of this section, and unless otherwise expressly provided in the omnibus state appropriations act, the total amount of operating fees revenue waived, exempted, or reduced by a state university, a regional university, The Evergreen State College, or the community colleges as a whole, shall not exceed the percentage of total gross authorized operating fees revenue set forth below. As used in this section, "gross authorized operating fees revenue" means the estimated gross operating fees revenue as estimated under RCW 82.33.020 or as revised by the office of financial management, before granting any waivers. This limitation applies to all tuition waiver programs established before or after July 1, 1992.

(a) University of Washington 21 percent
(b) Washington State University 20 percent
(c) Eastern Washington University 11 percent
(d) Central Washington University 8 percent
(e) Western Washington University 10 percent
(f) The Evergreen State College 6 percent
(g) Community colleges as a whole 35 percent

2. The limitations in subsection (1) of this section apply to waivers, exemptions, or reductions in operating fees contained in the following:
(a) RCW 28B.10.265;
(b) RCW 28B.15.014;
(c) RCW 28B.15.100;
(d) RCW 28B.15.225;
(e) RCW 28B.15.380;
(f) Ungraded courses under RCW 28B.15.502(4);
(g) RCW 28B.15.520;
(h) RCW 28B.15.526;
(i) RCW 28B.15.527;
(j) RCW 28B.15.543;
(k) RCW 28B.15.545;
(l) RCW 28B.15.555;
(m) RCW 28B.15.556;
(n) RCW 28B.15.615;
(o) RCW 28B.15.620;
(p) RCW 28B.15.628;
(q) ((RCW 28B.15.725;}}
(r) RCW 28B.15.730;
(s) (RCW 28B.15.740;
(t) RCW 28B.15.750;
(u) RCW 28B.15.756;
(v) RCW 28B.50.259;
(w) RCW 28B.70.050; and
(x) RCW 28B.80.580.

(3) The limitations in subsection (1) of this section do not apply to waivers, exemptions, or reductions in services and activities fees contained in the following:
(a) RCW 28B.15.522;
(b) RCW 28B.15.535;
(c) RCW 28B.15.540; and
(d) RCW 28B.15.558.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "education;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28B.15.012, 28B.15.014, 28B.15.725, and 28B.15.910; and creating a new section." and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed House Bill No. 1647, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1647 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Radcliff and Mason spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1647 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.

Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1647, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1693 with the following attached amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The purpose of this act is to protect the interest of insureds, claimants, ceding insurers, assuming insurers, and the public generally.
(2) It is the intent of the legislature to ensure adequate regulation of insurers and reinsurers and adequate protection for those to whom they owe obligations.
(3) It is also the intent of the legislature to declare that the matters contained in this act are fundamental to the business of insurance and to exercise its powers and privileges under 15 U.S.C. Secs. 1011 and 1012.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. For purposes of this act, a "qualified United States financial institution" means an institution that complies with all of the following:
(1) Is organized or, in the case of a United States office of a foreign banking organization, licensed under the laws of the United States or any state thereof;
(2) Is regulated, supervised, and examined by United States federal or state authorities having regulatory authority over banks and trust companies;
(3) Has been determined by the commissioner, or, in the discretion of the commissioner, the securities valuation office of the national association of insurance commissioners, to meet such standards of financial condition and standing as are considered necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions whose letters of credit will be acceptable to the commissioner; and
(4) Is not affiliated with the assuming company.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Upon insolvency of a non-United States insurer or reinsurer that provides security to fund its United States obligations in accordance with this act, the assets representing the security must be maintained in the United States and claims must be filed with and valued by the state insurance commissioner with regulatory oversight, and the assets distributed, in accordance with the insurance laws of the state in which the trust is domiciled that are applicable to the liquidation of domestic United States insurance companies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) Credit for reinsurance in a reinsurance contract entered into after December 31, 1996, is allowed a domestic ceding insurer as either an asset or a deduction from liability in accordance with RCW 48.12.160 only if the reinsurance contract contains provisions that provide, in substance, as follows:
(a) The reinsurer shall indemnify the ceding insurer against all or a portion of the risk it assumed according to the terms and conditions contained in the reinsurance contract.

(b) In the event of insolvency and the appointment of a conservator, liquidator, or statutory successor of the ceding company, the portion of risk or obligation assumed by the reinsurer is payable to the conservator, liquidator, or statutory successor on the basis of claims allowed against the insolvent company by a court of competent jurisdiction or by a conservator, liquidator, or statutory successor of the company having authority to allow such claims, without diminution because of that insolvency, or because the conservator, liquidator, or statutory successor failed to pay all or a portion of any claims. Payments by the reinsurer as provided in this subsection are made directly to the ceding insurer or to its conservator, liquidator, or statutory successor, except where the contract of insurance, reinsurance, or other written agreement specifically provides another payee of such reinsurance in the event of the insolvency of the ceding insurer.

(2) Payment under a reinsurance contract must be made within a reasonable time with reasonable provision for verification in accordance with the terms of the reinsurance agreement. However, in no event shall the payments be beyond the period required by the national association of insurance commissioners accounting practices and procedures manual.

(3) The original insured or policyholder may not have any rights against the reinsurer that are not specifically set forth in the contract of reinsurance, or in a specific agreement between the reinsurer and the original insured or policyholder.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Credit for reinsurance, as either an asset or a deduction, is prohibited in an accounting or financial statement of the ceding insurer in respect to the reinsurance contract unless, in such contract, the reinsurer undertakes to indemnify the ceding insurer against all or a part of the loss or liability arising out of the original insurance. This section only applies to those reinsurance contracts entered into after December 31, 1996.

Sec. 6. RCW 48.12.160 and 1996 c 297 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any insurance company organized under the laws of this state may take credit as an asset or as a deduction from loss or claim, unearned premium, or life policy or contract reserves on risks ceded to a reinsurer to the extent reinsured by an insurer or insurers holding a certificate of authority to transact that kind of business in this state, unless the assuming insurer is the subject of a regulatory order or regulatory oversight by a state in which it is licensed based upon a commissioner's determination that the assuming insurer is in a hazardous financial condition. The credit on ceded risks reinsured by any insurer which is not authorized to transact business in this state may be taken:

(a) Where the reinsurer is a group including incorporated and unincorporated underwriters, and the group maintains a trust fund in a United States bank that is determined by the national association of insurance commissioners to meet credit standards for issuing letters of credit in connection with reinsurance,

(i) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an inception, amendment, or renewal date on or after August 1, 1995, funds in trust in an amount not less than the group's several liabilities attributable to business written in the United States; and

(ii) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an inception date on or before July 31, 1995, and not amended or renewed after that date, notwithstanding the other provisions of this act, funds in trust in an amount not less than the group's several insurance and reinsurance liabilities attributable to business written in the United States.

In addition, the group shall maintain a trusteed surplus of which one hundred million dollars shall be held jointly and exclusively for the benefit of United States domiciled insurers of any member of the group;(i)

The incorporated members of the group shall not be engaged in any business other than underwriting as a member of the group and shall be subject to the same level of solvency regulation and control by the group's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members; and the group
shall make available to the commissioner an annual certification of the solvency of each underwriter by the group’s domiciliary regulator and its independent public accountants;

(b) Where the reinsurer does not meet the definition of (a) of this subsection, the single assuming alien reinsurer that, as of the date of the ceding insurer’s statutory financial statement, maintains a trust fund in a ((United States bank that is determined by the national association of insurance commissioners to meet credit standards for issuing letters of credit in connection with reinsurance)) qualified United States financial institution, which trust fund must be in an amount ((equal to)) not less than the assuming alien reinsurer’s liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States domiciled insurers, and in addition, the assuming insurer shall maintain a trusted surplus of not less than twenty million dollars , and the assuming alien reinsurer maintaining the trust fund must have received a registration from the commissioner under section 7 of this act. The assuming alien reinsurer shall report on or before February 28th to the commissioner substantially the same information as that required to be reported on the national association of insurance commissioners annual statement form by licensed insurers, to enable the commissioner to determine the sufficiency of the trust fund; ((or))

(c) In an amount not exceeding:

(i) The amount of deposits by and funds withheld from the assuming insurer pursuant to express provision therefor in the reinsurance contract, as security for the payment of the obligations thereunder, if the deposits or funds are assets of the types and amounts that are authorized under chapter 48.13 RCW and are held subject to withdrawal by and under the control of the ceding insurer or if the deposits or funds are placed in trust for these purposes in a bank which is a member of the federal reserve system and withdrawals from the trust cannot be made without the consent of the ceding company; or

(ii) The amount of a clean, irrevocable, and unconditional letter of credit issued by a United States bank that is determined by the national association of insurance commissioners to meet credit standards for issuing letters of credit in connection with reinsurance, and issued for a term of at least one year with provisions that it must be renewed unless the bank gives notice of nonrenewal at least thirty days before the expiration issued under arrangements satisfactory to the commissioner of insurance as constituting security to the ceding insurer substantially equal to that of a deposit under (c)(i) of this subsection.

(2) Credit for reinsurance may not be granted under subsection (1)(a), (b), and (c)(i) of this section unless:

(a) The form of the trust and amendments to the trust have been approved by the insurance commissioner of the state where the trust is located, or the insurance commissioner of another state who, pursuant to the terms of the trust agreement, has accepted principal regulatory oversight of the trust;

(b) The trust and trust amendments are filed with the commissioner of every state in which the ceding insurer beneficiaries of the trust are domiciled;

(c) The trust instrument provides that contested claims are valid, enforceable, and payable out of funds in trust to the extent remaining unsatisfied thirty days after entry of the final order of a court of competent jurisdiction in the United States;

(d) The trust vests legal title to its assets in the trustees of the trust for the benefit of the grantor’s United States ceding insurers, their assigns, and successors in interest;

(e) The trust and the assuming insurer are subject to examination as determined by the commissioner;

(f) The trust shall remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer, member, or former member of a group of insurers has outstanding obligations due under the reinsurance agreements subject to the trust; and

(g) No later then February 28th of each year, the trustees of the trust report to the commissioner in writing setting forth the balance of the trust and listing the trust’s investments at the preceding year end. In addition, the trustees of the trust shall certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certify that the trust shall not expire within the next twelve months.

(3) Any reinsurance ceded by a company organized under the laws of this state or ceded by any company not organized under the laws of this state and transacting business in this state must be
payable by the assuming insurer on the basis of liability of the ceding company under the contract or contracts reinsured without diminution because of the insolvency of the ceding company, and any such reinsurance agreement which may be canceled on less than ninety days notice must provide for a run-off of the reinsurance in force at the date of cancellation.

(3) A reinsurance agreement may provide that the domiciliary conservator, liquidator, receiver, or statutory successor of an insolvent ceding insurer shall give written notice to the assuming insurer of the pendency of a claim against the insolvent ceding insurer on the policy or bond reinsured within a reasonable time after such claim is filed in the insolvency proceeding and that during the pendency of such claim any assuming insurer may investigate such claim and interpose, at its own expense, in the proceeding where such claim is to be adjudicated, any defense or defenses which it may deem available to the ceding insurer or its liquidator or receiver or statutory successor. The expense thus incurred by the assuming insurer shall be chargeable subject to court approval against the insolvent ceding insurer as a part of the expense of liquidation to the extent of a proportionate share of the benefit which may accrue to the ceding insurer solely as a result of the defense undertaken by the assuming insurer.

(4) Where two or more assuming insurers are involved in the same claim and a majority in interest elect to interpose to such claim, the expense shall be apportioned in accordance with the terms of the reinsurance agreement as though such expense had been incurred by the ceding insurer.

(5) The domiciliary conservator, liquidator, receiver, or statutory successor of an insolvent ceding insurer shall give written notice to the assuming insurer of the pendency of a claim against the insolvent ceding insurer on the policy or bond reinsured within a reasonable time after such claim is filed in the insolvency proceeding and that during the pendency of such claim any assuming insurer may investigate such claim and interpose, at its own expense, in the proceeding where such claim is to be adjudicated, any defense or defenses which it may deem available to the ceding insurer or its liquidator or receiver or statutory successor. The expense thus incurred by the assuming insurer shall be chargeable subject to court approval against the insolvent ceding insurer as a part of the expense of liquidation to the extent of a proportionate share of the benefit which may accrue to the ceding insurer solely as a result of the defense undertaken by the assuming insurer.

(6) The credit permitted by subsection (1)(b) of this section is prohibited unless the assuming alien insurer agrees in the trust agreement, notwithstanding other provisions in the trust instrument, if the trust fund is inadequate because it contains an amount less than the amount required by subsection (1)(b) of this section or if the grantor of the trust has been declared insolvent or placed into receivership, rehabilitation, liquidation, or similar proceedings under the laws of its state or country of domicile:

(a) To comply with an order of the commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust or with an order of a court of competent jurisdiction directing the trustee to transfer to the commissioner with regulatory oversight all of the assets of the trust fund;

(b) That assets be distributed by, and insurance claims of United States trust beneficiaries be filed with and valued by, the commissioner with regulatory oversight in accordance with the laws of the state in which the trust is domiciled that are applicable to the liquidation of domestic insurance companies;

(c) That if the commissioner with regulatory oversight determines that the assets of the trust fund or a part thereof are not necessary to satisfy the claims of the United States ceding insurers, which are United States trust beneficiaries, the assets or part thereof shall be returned by the commissioner with regulatory oversight to the trustee for distribution in accordance with the trust agreement; and

(d) That the grantor waives any right otherwise available to it under United States law that is inconsistent with this provision.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) The assuming alien reinsurer must register with the commissioner and must:

(a) File with the commissioner evidence of its submission to this state’s jurisdiction and to this state’s authority to examine its books and records under chapter 48.03 RCW;

(b) Designate the commissioner as its lawful attorney upon whom service of all papers may be made for an action, suit, or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the ceding insurer;

(c) File with the commissioner a certified copy of a letter or a certificate of authority or a certificate of compliance issued by the assuming alien insurer’s domiciliary jurisdiction and the domiciliary jurisdiction of its United States reinsurance trust;

(d) Submit a statement, signed and verified by an officer of the assuming alien insurer to be true and correct, that discloses whether the assuming alien insurer or an affiliated person who owns or has a controlling interest in the assuming alien insurer is currently known to be the subject of one or more of the following:

(i) An order or proceeding regarding conservation, liquidation, or receivership;

(ii) An order or proceeding regarding the revocation or suspension of a license or accreditation to transact insurance or reinsurance in any jurisdiction; or
(iii) An order or proceeding brought by an insurance regulator in any jurisdiction seeking to restrict or stop the assuming alien insurer from transacting insurance or reinsurance based upon a hazardous financial condition.

The assuming alien insurer shall provide the commissioner with copies of all orders or other documents initiating proceedings subject to disclosure under this subsection. The statement must affirm that no actions, proceedings, or orders subject to this subsection are outstanding against the assuming alien insurer or an affiliated person who owns or has a controlling interest in the assuming alien insurer, except as disclosed in the statement;

(e) File other information, financial or otherwise, which the commissioner reasonably requests.

(2) A registration continues in force until suspended, revoked, or not renewed. A registration is subject to renewal annually on the first day of July upon application of the assuming alien insurer and payment of the fee in the same amount as an insurer pays for renewal of a certificate of authority.

(3) The commissioner shall give an assuming alien insurer notice of his or her intention to revoke or refuse to renew its registration at least ten days before the order of revocation or refusal is to become effective.

(4) The commissioner shall, consistent with chapters 48.04 and 34.05 RCW, deny or revoke an assuming alien insurer’s registration if the assuming alien insurer no longer qualifies or meets the requirements for registration.

(5) The commissioner may, consistent with chapters 48.04 and 34.05 RCW, deny or revoke an assuming alien insurer’s registration if the assuming alien insurer:

(a) Fails to comply with a provision of this chapter or fails to comply with an order or regulation of the commissioner;

(b) Is found by the commissioner to be in such a condition that its further transaction of reinsurance would be hazardous to ceding insurers, policyholders, or the people in this state;

(c) Refuses to remove or discharge a trustee, director, or officer who has been convicted of a crime involving fraud, dishonesty, or moral turpitude;

(d) Usually compels policy-holding claimants either to accept less than the amount due them or to bring suit against the assuming alien insurer to secure full payment of the amount due;

(e) Refuses to be examined, or its trustees, directors, officers, employees, or representatives refuse to submit to examination or to produce its accounts, records, and files for examination by the commissioner when required, or refuse to perform a legal obligation relative to the examination;

(f) Refuses to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States courts;

(g) Fails to pay a final judgment rendered against it:

(i) Within thirty days after the judgment became final;

(ii) Within thirty days after time for taking an appeal has expired; or

(iii) Within thirty days after dismissal of an appeal before final determination; whichever date is later.

(h) Is found by the commissioner, after investigation or upon receipt of reliable information:

(i) To be managed by persons, whether by its trustees, directors, officers, or by other means, who are incompetent or untrustworthy or so lacking in insurance company management experience as to make proposed operation hazardous to the insurance-buying public; or

(ii) That there is good reason to believe it is affiliated directly or indirectly through ownership, control, or business relations, with a person or persons whose business operations are, or have been found to be, in violation of any law or rule, to the detriment of policyholders, stockholders, investors, creditors, or of the public, by bad faith or by manipulation of the assets, accounts, or reinsurance;

(i) Does business through reinsurance intermediaries or other representatives in this state or in any other state, who are not properly licensed under applicable laws and rules; or

(j) Fails to pay, by the date due, any amounts required by this code.

(6) A domestic ceding insurer is not allowed credit with respect to reinsurance ceded, if the assuming alien insurer’s registration has been revoked by the commissioner.

(7) The actual costs and expenses incurred by the commissioner for an examination of a registered alien insurer must be charged to and collected from the alien reinsurer.

(8) A registered alien reinsurer is included as a "class one" organization for the purposes of RCW 48.02.190.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) Unless credit for reinsurance or deduction from liability is prohibited under section 5 of this act, a foreign ceding insurer is allowed credit for reinsurance or deduction from liability to the extent credit has been allowed by the ceding insurer’s state of domicile if:

(a) The state of domicile is accredited by the national association of insurance commissioners; or

(b) Credit or deduction from liability would be allowed under this act if the foreign ceding insurer were domiciled in this state.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, credit for reinsurance or deduction from liability may be disallowed upon a finding by the commissioner that either the condition of the reinsurer, or the collateral or other security provided by the reinsurer, does not satisfy the credit for reinsurance requirements applicable to ceding insurers domiciled in this state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The commissioner may adopt rules to implement and administer this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. RCW 48.05.300 and 1993 c 91 s 1, 1977 ex.s. c 180 s 1, & 1947 c 79 s .05.30 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 2 through 5 and 7 through 9 of this act are each added to chapter 48.12 RCW."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "risks;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 48.12.160; adding new sections to chapter 48.12 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 48.05.300."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1693, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1693 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1693 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 92, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 6.


Excused: Representatives DeBolt, Kastama, Mastin, McDonald, Ogden and Thomas, B. - 6.
Substitute House Bill No. 1693, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 1565 with the following amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that small scale prospecting and mining is an important part of the heritage of the state. The legislature further finds that small scale prospecting and mining provide economic benefits to the state, and help to meet the national security demand and industrial demand for minerals. The legislature further finds that it is critical that small scale miners and prospectors be allowed access to open public lands in the state. The legislature further finds that mineral prospecting and mining activities can be conducted in a manner that is consistent with fish habitat and fish-life population. Now, therefore, the legislature declares that small scale prospecting and mining must not be unreasonably regulated. The legislature further declares that small scale prospecting and mining must not be unfairly limited or obstructed from access to open public lands. The legislature further declares that all restrictions or regulations of small scale prospecting and mining activities must be based on sound scientific evidence and applicable documentation supporting the need for such restrictions.

Sec. 2. RCW 75.20.100 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

In the event that any person or government agency desires to construct any form of hydraulic project or perform other work that will use, divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the salt or fresh waters of the state, such person or government agency shall, before commencing construction or work thereon and to ensure the proper protection of fish life, secure the written approval of the department as to the adequacy of the means proposed for the protection of fish life. This approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. Except as provided in RCW 75.20.1001 ((and 75.20.1002)), the department shall grant or deny approval within forty-five calendar days of the receipt of a complete application and notice of compliance with any applicable requirements of the state environmental policy act, made in the manner prescribed in this section. The applicant may document receipt of application by filing in person or by registered mail. A complete application for approval shall contain general plans for the overall project, complete plans and specifications of the proposed construction or work within the mean higher high water line in salt water or within the ordinary high water line in fresh water, and complete plans and specifications for the proper protection of fish life. The forty-five day requirement shall be suspended if (1) after ten working days of receipt of the application, the applicant remains unavailable or unable to arrange for a timely field evaluation of the proposed project; (2) the site is physically inaccessible for inspection; or (3) the applicant requests delay. Immediately upon determination that the forty-five day period is suspended, the department shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the delay. Approval is valid for a period of up to five years from date of issuance. The permittee must demonstrate substantial progress on construction of that portion of the project relating to the approval within two years of the date of issuance. If the department denies approval, the department shall provide the applicant, in writing, a statement of the specific reasons why and how the proposed project would adversely affect fish life. Protection of fish life shall be the only ground upon which approval may be denied or conditioned. Chapter 34.05 RCW applies to any denial of project approval, conditional approval, or requirements for project modification upon which approval may be contingent. If any person or government agency commences construction on any hydraulic works or projects subject to this section without first having obtained written approval of the department as to the adequacy of the means proposed for the protection of fish life, or if any person or government agency fails to follow or carry out any of the requirements or conditions as are made a part of such approval, the person or director of the agency is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. If
any such person or government agency is convicted of violating any of the provisions of this section and continues construction on any such works or projects without fully complying with the provisions hereof, such works or projects are hereby declared a public nuisance and shall be subject to abatement as such.

For the purposes of this section and RCW 75.20.103, "bed" shall mean the land below the ordinary high water lines of state waters. This definition shall not include irrigation ditches, canals, storm water run-off devices, or other artificial watercourses except where they exist in a natural watercourse that has been altered by man.

The phrase "to construct any form of hydraulic project or perform other work" shall not include the act of driving across an established ford. Driving across streams or on wetted stream beds at areas other than established fords requires approval. Work within the ordinary high water line of state waters to construct or repair a ford or crossing requires approval.

In case of an emergency arising from weather or stream flow conditions or other natural conditions, the department, through its authorized representatives, shall issue immediately upon request oral approval for removing any obstructions, repairing existing structures, restoring stream banks, or to protect property threatened by the stream or a change in the stream flow without the necessity of obtaining a written approval prior to commencing work. Conditions of an oral approval shall be reduced to writing within thirty days and complied with as provided for in this section. Oral approval shall be granted immediately upon request, for a stream crossing during an emergency situation.

This section shall not apply to the construction of any form of hydraulic project or other work which diverts water for agricultural irrigation or stock watering purposes authorized under or recognized as being valid by the state’s water codes, or when such hydraulic project or other work is associated with streambank stabilization to protect farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020. These irrigation or stock watering diversion and streambank stabilization projects shall be governed by RCW 75.20.103.

This section does not apply to small scale prospecting and mining activities, which are governed by section 3 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 75.20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Small scale prospecting and mining is exempt from the provisions of this chapter, provided that such activity does not undercut streambanks or disturb rooted live woody plants such as trees or shrubs.

(2) For the purposes of this chapter, "small scale prospecting and mining" means only the use of the following methods: Pans, sluice boxes, concentrators, and mini-rocker boxes for the discovery and recovery of minerals."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "mining:" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 75.20.100; adding a new section to chapter 75.20 RCW; and creating a new section."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House deferred further consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 1565 and the bill held its place on the second reading calendar.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4665, by Representatives Carlson, Mason, Huff, H. Sommers, Radcliff, Kenney, Talcott and Cole

WHEREAS, Washington’s 1993 School Improvement Act (chapter 336, Laws of 1993) established higher academic standards for Washington state students; and
WHEREAS, In a society increasingly dependent on information and the ability to understand and use that information, a critical component of education is equitable and universal access to technology, media, and information resources; and

WHEREAS, The Washington state legislature passed legislation in 1996 to establish a state-wide K-20 telecommunications network to provide that access; and

WHEREAS, K-12 educators in Washington state now have access to powerful tools that can dramatically enhance student learning when used effectively and thoughtfully within curricula; and

WHEREAS, Educational technology is an essential tool to all students’ achievement of higher academic standards, including the basic skills of reading, writing, mathematics, and communications; and

WHEREAS, Networked technology will enhance the communication, sharing of ideas, skill building, and collaboration between students, teachers, administrators, parents, policymakers, and community leaders in the pursuit of learning; and

WHEREAS, The practical use of computers and the Internet is a required skill for anyone to live, learn, and work in today’s and tomorrow’s society;

WHEREAS, 1997 was proclaimed as The Year of the Reader, which has focused the attention of Washington citizens on the foundation skill for all learning;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives proclaim 1998 as The Year of Learning Through Technology in Washington state, the purpose of which is:

(1) To acknowledge the completion of the first phase of Washington’s telecommunications network, the first of its kind in our nation, and to declare our commitment of bringing the educational promise of this network to fruition;

(2) To continue the focus on high academic standards in Washington schools;

(3) To ensure equitable access to the learning opportunities provided by the state-wide K-20 telecommunications network;

(4) To identify, implement, highlight, and share the best applications of educational technology to the learning environment; and

(5) To enhance learning and raise the academic achievement of all students in Washington state.

There being no objection, the House Resolution No. 4665 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Monday, April 21, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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NINETEEN NINETY-SEVENTH DAY, APRIL 19, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
NINETY- NINTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Monday, April 21, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Benson presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Erica Wichert and Erik Magnuson. Prayer was offered by Pastor Cliff Barbich, Fellowship Bible Church, Woodinville.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4664, by Representatives Hatfield, Doumit and Quall

WHEREAS, Led by Head Coach Rob Friese, the Willapa Valley Vikings of Pacific County capped an undefeated season when they captured the Washington State B-11 football championship at the Tacoma Dome; and

WHEREAS, Assistant Coaches John Peterson and Greg Wonhoff worked with Coach Friese in guiding the Vikings to their flawless 13-0 season; and

WHEREAS, Willapa Valley’s Matt Bannish teams with Coaches Friese and Peterson as Co-athletic Directors, thus providing the school a one-two-three leadership punch the likes of which is seldom seen in southwest Washington or in any other region; and

WHEREAS, The rich tradition of athletic prowess at Willapa Valley has endured over the decades since the Viking basketball men proved Giant Killers in vanquishing a big-city school for the state championship sixty years ago; and

WHEREAS, Coaches Friese and Bannish helped carry on that rich tradition as Willapa Valley students when they starred on former Viking football Coach Bud Sanchez’ state-championship teams of 1978 and 1979; and

WHEREAS, In 1981, Coaches Friese and Bannish also starred on the Viking basketball state champions; and

WHEREAS, The B-11 football finale last December was a hard-fought contest and could perhaps have gone either way if the blue-ribbon Willapa Valley offense had not prevailed to bring the impressive championship hardware home to Pacific County; and

WHEREAS, Twenty-nine young Willapa Valley men out of a total school enrollment of one hundred forty-eight participated on the state championship Viking football team; and

WHEREAS, Sixteen players on the team are members of the Class of 1997, thus requiring the Willapa Valley coaching staff to reload in preparation for the next football season;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives salute and applaud the Willapa Valley Vikings for their undefeated, state championship football season; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Willapa Valley’s coaching staff, administration, and each of the players on Willapa Valley Vikings Championship Football Team.

Representative Hatfield moved the adoption of the resolution.
Representative Hatfield spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4664 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the third order of business.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1102,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1202,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1269,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1349,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1588,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1726,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1832,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2090,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2149,
HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL NO. 4005,
HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4209,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2018,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

On April 17, the Senate adopted the report to the Conference Committee on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6062. On reconsideration, April 19, 1997, the Senate passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1780 with the following amendments:

On page 3, beginning on line 26, strike all of section 2.
and the same are herewith transmitted.                        Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1780 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1780 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Sheahan and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representative Wensman, Representatives Cooke, Dyer, and K. Schmidt were excused. On motion by Representative Wood, Representatives Cole, Linville, Appelwick, Costa and Mason were excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1780 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1780, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1791 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:

(1) This chapter does not apply to any nonprofit organization in respect to amounts received from an agricultural commodity commission or agricultural commodity board created by state statute or a commission or board created under chapter 15.24, 15.26, 15.28, 15.44, 15.65, 15.66, 15.88, or 16.67 RCW.

(2) As used in this section, "nonprofit organization" means an organization that: Is exempt from federal income tax under 26 U.S.C. Section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(5), 501(c)(6), or 521; and has the same objectives for which the agricultural commodity commission or agricultural commodity board was formed."
On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "board;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1791, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1791 as amended by the Senate.

Representative Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1791 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Substitute House Bill No. 1791, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1792 with the following amendments:

On page 3, after line 7, insert the following:

"(8) The state, the department, and officers and employees of the state shall not be liable for damages resulting from the utilization of information developed through a certification program, or from a decision to certify or deny certification to an environmental technology. Actions of the department under this section are not decisions reviewable under RCW 43.21B.110."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1792 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1792 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1792 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1792, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1817 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 90.46.005 and 1995 c 342 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that by encouraging the use of reclaimed water while assuring the health and safety of all Washington citizens and the protection of its environment, the state of Washington will continue to use water in the best interests of present and future generations.

To facilitate the use of reclaimed water as soon as is practicable, the legislature encourages the cooperative efforts of the public and private sectors and the use of pilot projects to effectuate the goals of this chapter. The legislature further directs the department of health and the department of ecology to coordinate efforts towards developing an efficient and streamlined process for creating and implementing processes for the use of reclaimed water.

It is hereby declared that the people of the state of Washington have a primary interest in the development of facilities to provide reclaimed water to replace potable water in nonpotable applications, to supplement existing surface and ground water supplies, and to assist in meeting the future water requirements of the state.

The legislature further finds and declares that the utilization of reclaimed water by local communities for domestic, agricultural, industrial, recreational, and fish and wildlife habitat creation and enhancement purposes, including wetland enhancement, will contribute to the peace, health, safety, and welfare of the people of the state of Washington. To the extent reclaimed water is appropriate for beneficial uses, it should be so used to preserve potable water for drinking purposes. Use of reclaimed water constitutes the development of new basic water supplies needed for future generations.

The legislature further finds and declares that the use of reclaimed water is not inconsistent with the policy of antidegradation of state waters announced in other state statutes, including the water pollution control act, chapter 90.48 RCW and the water resources act, chapter 90.54 RCW."
The legislature finds that other states, including California, Florida, and Arizona, have successfully used reclaimed water to supplement existing water supplies without threatening existing resources or public health.

It is the intent of the legislature that the department of ecology and the department of health undertake the necessary steps to encourage the development of water reclamation facilities so that reclaimed water may be made available to help meet the growing water requirements of the state.

The legislature further finds and declares that reclaimed water facilities are water pollution control facilities as defined in chapter 70.146 RCW and are eligible for financial assistance as provided in chapter 70.146 RCW. The legislature finds that funding demonstration projects will ensure the future use of reclaimed water. The demonstration projects in section 2 of this act are varied in nature and will provide the experience necessary to test different facets of the standards and refine a variety of technologies so that water purveyors can begin to use reclaimed water technology in a more cost-effective manner. This is especially critical in smaller cities and communities where the feasibility for such projects is great, but there are scarce resources to develop the necessary facilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 90.46 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The department of ecology shall establish and administer a reclaimed water demonstration program for the purposes of funding and monitoring the progress of five demonstration projects. The department shall work in cooperation with the department of health.
(2) The five demonstration projects will be:
(a) The city of Ephrata, to use class A reclaimed water for surface spreading that will recharge the groundwater and reduce the nitrate concentrations that currently exceed drinking water standards in domestic wells;
(b) Lincoln county, for a study of the use of reclaimed water to transport twenty-two million gallons a day from Spokane to water sources that will rehydrate and restore long depleted streambeds;
(c) The city of Royal City to replace an interim emergency sprayfield by using one hundred percent of its discharge as class A reclaimed water to enhance local wetlands and lakes in the winter, and potentially irrigate a golf course;
(d) The city of Sequim to implement a tertiary treatment system and reuse one hundred percent of the city's wastewater to reopen an existing shellfish closure area to benefit state and tribal resources, improve streamflows in the Dungeness river, and provide a sustainable water supply for irrigation purposes;
(e) The city of Yelm to use one hundred percent of its wastewater to provide alternative water supply for irrigation and industrial uses in order to offset increased demand for water supply, to protect the Nisqually river chum salmon runs, and to develop experimental artificial wetlands to test low cost treatment options.
(3) By September 30, 1997, the department of ecology shall enter into a grant agreement with the demonstration project jurisdictions that includes reporting requirements, timelines, and a fund disbursement schedule based on the agreed project milestones.
(4) Upon completion of the projects, the department of ecology shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the results of the program.
(5) Demonstration projects which will discharge or otherwise deliver reclaimed water to federal reclamation project facilities or irrigation district facilities shall meet the requirements of the facilities' operating entity for such discharges or deliveries.
(6) No irrigation district, its directors, officers, employees, or agents operating and maintaining irrigation works for any purpose authorized by law, including the production of food for human consumption and other agricultural and domestic purposes, is liable for damages to persons or property arising from the implementation of the demonstration projects in this section."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "program;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.46.005; and adding a new section to chapter 90.46 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.
FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler and Anderson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 9.


Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1865 with the following amendments:

On page 1, line 17 after "(2)"., strike all material through "schools" on line 18, and insert "A contract under subsection (1) of this section may not be made with a religious or sectarian organization or school where the contract would violate the state or federal constitution"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1865, and advance the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of the motion to concur in the Senate amendments.

Representative Keiser spoke against the motion to concur in the Senate amendments.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 53-YEAS; 40-NAYS.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1865 as amended by the Senate.
Representative B. Thomas spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Keiser spoke against

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1865 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 32, Absent - 1, Excused - 5.


Absent: Representative Quall - 1.


Substitute House Bill No. 1865, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1875 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 18.108.005 and 1987 c 443 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds it necessary to license the practice of massage and massage therapy in order to protect the public health and safety. It is the legislature's intent that only individuals who meet and maintain minimum standards of competence and conduct may provide services to the public. This chapter shall not be construed to require or prohibit individual or group policies or contracts of an insurance carrier, health care service contractor, or health maintenance organization from providing benefits or coverage for services and supplies provided by a person ((registered or certified)) licensed under this chapter.

Sec. 2. RCW 18.108.010 and 1991 c 3 s 252 are each amended to read as follows:

In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, the following meanings shall apply:

(1) "Board" means the Washington state board of massage.
(2) "Massage" and "massage therapy" mean a health care service involving the external manipulation or pressure of soft tissue for therapeutic purposes. Massage therapy includes ((message)) techniques such as ((methods of effleurage, petrissage, tapotement,)) tapping, compressions, ((vibration,)) friction, ((nerve stokes, and)) Swedish gymnastics or movements ((either by manual means, as they relate to massage,)) gliding, kneading, shaking, and facial or connective tissue stretching, with or without the aids of superficial heat, cold, water, lubricants, or salts. Massage therapy does not include diagnosis or attempts to adjust or manipulate any articulations of the body or spine or mobilization of these articulations by the use of a thrusting force, nor does it include genital manipulation.
(3) "Massage practitioner" means an individual licensed under this chapter.
(4) "Secretary" means the secretary of health or the secretary's designee.
(5) Massage business means the operation of a business where massages are given.

Sec. 3. RCW 18.108.050 and 1995 c 198 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
This chapter does not apply to:
(1) An individual giving massage to members of his or her immediate family;
(2) The practice of a profession by individuals who are licensed, certified, or registered under
other laws of this state and who are performing services within their authorized scope of practice;
(3) Massage practiced at the athletic department of any institution maintained by the public
funds of the state, or any of its political subdivisions;
(4) Massage practiced at the athletic department of any school or college approved by the
department by rule using recognized national professional standards;
(5) Students enrolled in an approved massage school, approved program, or approved
apprenticeship program, practicing massage techniques, incidental to the massage school or program
and supervised by the approved school or program. Students must identify themselves as a student
when performing massage services on members of the public. Students may not be compensated for the
massage services they provide;
(6) Individuals who have completed a somatic education training program approved by the
secretary.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The department of health shall monitor the effects, if any, on the
public health and safety of the exemption provided in RCW 18.108.050(6). The department shall report
to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 1999, any instances of somatic
educators violating RCW 18.108.085(3) with recommendations, if any, for regulatory or statutory
changes.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "RCW;" strike the remainder of the title and insert
"amending RCW 18.108.005, 18.108.010, and 18.108.050; and creating a new section."
Substitute House Bill No. 1875, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1899 with the following amendments:

On page 11, line 35, after "](3)" insert "](a) Where a computer screen illustration is used that cannot be printed out during use, the producer shall certify in writing on a form provided by the insurer that a computer screen illustration was displayed. Such form shall require the producer to provide, as applicable, the generic name of the policy and any riders illustrated, the guaranteed and non-guaranteed interest rates illustrated, the number of policy years illustrated, the initial death benefit, the premium amount illustrated and the assumed number of years of premiums. On the same form the applicant shall acknowledge that an illustration matching that which was displayed on the computer screen will be provided no later than the time of policy delivery. A copy of this signed form shall be provided to the applicant at the time it is signed.

(b) If the policy is issued, a basic illustration conforming to the policy as issued shall be sent with the policy and signed by the policy owner no later than the time the policy is delivered. A copy shall be provided to the policy owner and retained by the insurer.

(c) If a computer screen illustration is used that can be printed during use, a copy of that illustration, signed in accordance with this chapter, shall be submitted to the insurer at the time of policy application. A copy shall also be provided to the applicant.

(d)"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1899, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1899 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Zellinsky and Wolfe spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1899 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1899, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1903 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 18.27 RCW to read as follows:

This chapter shall be strictly enforced. Therefore, the doctrine of substantial compliance shall not be used by the department in the application and construction of this chapter. Anyone engaged in the activities of a contractor is presumed to know the requirements of this chapter.

Sec. 2. RCW 18.27.010 and 1993 c 454 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Contractor" means any person, firm, or corporation who or which, in the pursuit of an independent business undertakes to, or offers to undertake, or submits a bid to, construct, alter, repair, add to, subtract from, improve, move, wreck or demolish, for another, any building, highway, road, railroad, excavation or other structure, project, development, or improvement attached to real estate or to do any part thereof including the installation of carpeting or other floor covering, the erection of scaffolding or other structures or works in connection therewith or who installs or repairs roofing or siding; or, who, to do similar work upon his or her own property, employs members of more than one trade upon a single job or project or under a single building permit except as otherwise provided herein. "Contractor" includes any person, firm, or corporation covered by this subsection, whether or not registered as required under this chapter.

(2) "General contractor" means a contractor whose business operations require the use of more than two unrelated building trades or crafts whose work the contractor shall superintend or do in whole or in part. "General contractor" shall not include an individual who does all work personally without employees or other "specialty contractors" as defined herein in this section. The terms "general contractor" and "builder" are synonymous.

(3) "Specialty contractor" means a contractor whose operations do not fall within the foregoing definition of "general contractor".

(4) "Unregistered contractor" means a person, firm, or corporation doing work as a contractor without being registered in compliance with this chapter. "Unregistered contractor" includes contractors whose registration is expired for more than thirty days beyond the renewal date or has been suspended.

(5) "Department" means the department of labor and industries.

(6) "Director" means the director of the department of labor and industries.

(7) "Verification" means the receipt and duplication by the city, town, or county of a contractor registration card that is current on its face, checking the department's contractor registration data base, or calling the department to confirm that the contractor is registered.

Sec. 3. RCW 18.27.020 and 1993 c 454 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every contractor shall register with the department.

(2) It is a misdemeanor for any contractor to:

(a) Advertise, offer to do work, submit a bid, or perform any work as a contractor without being registered as required by this chapter;

(b) Advertise, offer to do work, submit a bid, or perform any work as a contractor when the contractor's registration is suspended or revoked;

(c) Use a false or expired registration number in purchasing or offering to purchase an advertisement for which a contractor registration number is required; or

(d) Transfer a valid registration to an unregistered contractor or allow an unregistered contractor to work under a registration issued to another contractor.
It is not unlawful for a general contractor to employ an unregistered contractor who was registered at the time he or she entered into a contract with the general contractor, unless the general contractor or his or her representative has been notified in writing by the department of labor and industries that the contractor has become unregistered.

All misdemeanor actions under this chapter shall be prosecuted in the county where the infraction occurs.

A person is guilty of a separate misdemeanor for each day worked if, after the person receives a citation from the department, the person works while unregistered, or while his or her registration is suspended or revoked, or works under a registration issued to another contractor. A person is guilty of a separate misdemeanor for each worksite on which he or she violates subsection (2) of this section. Nothing in this subsection applies to a registered contractor.

The director by rule shall establish a two-year audit and monitoring program for a contractor not registered under this chapter who becomes registered after receiving an infraction or conviction under this chapter as an unregistered contractor. The director shall notify the departments of revenue and employment security of the infractions or convictions and shall cooperate with these departments to determine whether any taxes or registration, license, or other fees or penalties are owed the state.

Sec. 4. RCW 18.27.030 and 1996 c 147 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An applicant for registration as a contractor shall submit an application under oath upon a form to be prescribed by the director and which shall include the following information pertaining to the applicant:

   (a) Employer social security number.
   (b) As applicable: (i) The industrial insurance account number covering employees domiciled in Washington; and (ii) evidence of workers' compensation coverage in the applicant's state of domicile for the applicant's employees working in Washington who are not domiciled in Washington.
   (c) Employment security department number.
   (d) State excise tax registration number.
   (e) Unified business identifier (UBI) account number may be substituted for the information required by (b), (c), and (d) of this subsection.
   (f) Type of contracting activity, whether a general or a specialty contractor and if the latter, the type of specialty.
   (g) The name and address of each partner if the applicant be a firm or partnership, or the name and address of the owner if the applicant be an individual proprietorship, or the name and address of the corporate officers and statutory agent, if any, if the applicant be a corporation. The information contained in such application shall be a matter of public record and open to public inspection.

(2) The department may verify the workers' compensation coverage information provided by the applicant under subsection (1)(b) of this section, including but not limited to information regarding the coverage of an individual employee of the applicant. If coverage is provided under the laws of another state, the department may notify the other state that the applicant is employing employees in Washington.

(3) The department shall deny an application for registration ((shall be denied)) if the applicant has been previously registered as a sole proprietor, partnership, or corporation((, and was a principal or officer of the corporation)) and ((4)) the applicant has an unsatisfied final judgment against him or her in an action based on this chapter that was incurred during a previous registration under this chapter.

Sec. 5. RCW 18.27.040 and 1988 c 139 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each applicant shall((, at the time of applying for or renewing a certificate of registration,)) file with the department a surety bond issued by a surety insurer who meets the requirements of chapter 48.28 RCW in ((a form acceptable to the department running to the state of Washington if a general contractor, in the sum of six thousand dollars; if a specialty contractor, in the sum of four thousand dollars,)) the sum of six thousand dollars if the applicant is a general contractor and four thousand dollars if the applicant is a specialty contractor. If no valid bond is already on file with the department at the time the application is filed, a bond must accompany the registration application. The bond shall have the state of Washington named as obligee with good and sufficient surety in a form to be approved by the department. The bond shall be continuous and may be canceled by the surety upon the surety
giving written notice to the director of its intent to cancel the bond. A cancellation or revocation of the bond or withdrawal of the surety from the bond suspends the registration issued to the registrant until a new bond or reinstatement notice has been filed and approved as provided in this section. The bond shall be conditioned that the applicant will pay all persons performing labor, including employee benefits, for the contractor, will pay all taxes and contributions due to the state of Washington, and will pay all persons furnishing labor or material or renting or supplying equipment to the contractor and will pay all amounts that may be adjudged against the contractor by reason of (negligent or improper work or) breach of contract including negligent or improper work in the conduct of the contracting business. A change in the name of a business or a change in the type of business entity shall not impair a bond for the purposes of this section so long as one of the original applicants for such bond maintains partial ownership in the business covered by the bond.

(2) Any contractor registered as of (the effective date of this 1983 act)) July 1, 1997, who maintains such registration in accordance with this chapter shall be in compliance with this chapter until the next annual renewal of the contractor’s certificate of registration. At that time, the contractor shall provide a bond, cash deposit, or other security deposit as required by this chapter and comply with all of the other provisions of this chapter before the department shall renew the contractor’s certificate of registration.

(3) Any person, firm, or corporation having a claim against the contractor for any of the items referred to in this section may bring suit upon (such) the bond or deposit in the superior court of the county in which the work was done or of any county in which jurisdiction of the contractor may be had. The surety issuing the bond shall be named as a party to any suit upon the bond. Action upon (such) the bond or deposit shall be commenced by filing the summons and complaint with the clerk of the appropriate superior court within one year from the date of expiration of the certificate of registration in force at the time the claimed labor was performed and benefits accrued, taxes and contributions owing the state of Washington became due, materials and equipment were furnished, or the claimed contract work was completed or abandoned. Service of process in an action against the contractor, the contractor’s bond, or the deposit shall be exclusively by service upon the department.

Three copies of the summons and complaint and a fee of ten dollars to cover the handling costs shall be served by registered or certified mail upon the department at the time suit is started and the department shall maintain a record, available for public inspection, of all suits so commenced. Service is not complete until the department receives the ten-dollar fee and three copies of the summons and complaint. (Such) The service shall constitute service on the registrant and the surety for suit upon the bond or deposit and the department shall transmit the summons and complaint or a copy thereof to the registrant at the address listed in (his) the registrant’s application and to the surety within forty-eight hours after it shall have been received.

(4) The surety upon the bond shall not be liable in an aggregate amount in excess of the amount named in the bond nor for any monetary penalty assessed pursuant to this chapter for an infraction. The liability of the surety shall not cumulate where the bond has been renewed, continued, reinstated, reissued or otherwise extended. The surety upon the bond may, upon notice to the department and the parties, tender to the clerk of the court having jurisdiction of the action an amount equal to the claims thereunder or the amount of the bond less the amount of judgments, if any, previously satisfied therefrom and to the extent of such tender the surety upon the bond shall be exonerated but if the actions commenced and pending at any one time exceed the amount of the bond then unimpaired, claims shall be satisfied from the bond in the following order:

(a) Employee labor and claims of laborers, including employee benefits;
(b) Claims for breach of contract by a party to the construction contract;
(c) Subcontractors, material, and equipment;
(d) Taxes and contributions due the state of Washington;
(e) Any court costs, interest, and attorney’s fees plaintiff may be entitled to recover. The surety is not liable for any amount in excess of the penal limit of its bond.

A payment made by the surety in good faith exonerates the bond to the extent of any payment made by the surety.

(5) (In the event that any) If a final judgment ((shall)) impairs the liability of the surety upon the bond so furnished that there shall not be in effect a bond undertaking in the full amount prescribed in this section, the department shall suspend the registration of ((such)) the contractor until the bond liability in the required amount unimpaired by unsatisfied judgment claims ((shall have been)) is
furnished. If the bond becomes fully impaired, a new bond must be furnished at the rates prescribed by this section (as now or hereafter amended).

(6) In lieu of the surety bond required by this section the contractor may file with the department a deposit consisting of cash or other security acceptable to the department.

(7) Any person having filed and served a summons and complaint as required by this section having an unsatisfied final judgment against the registrant for any items referred to in this section may execute upon the security held by the department by serving a certified copy of the unsatisfied final judgment by registered or certified mail upon the department within one year of the date of entry of such judgment. Upon the receipt of service of such certified copy the department shall pay or order paid from the deposit, through the registry of the superior court which rendered judgment, towards the amount of the unsatisfied judgment. The priority of payment by the department shall be the order of receipt by the department, but the department shall have no liability for payment in excess of the amount of the deposit.

(8) The director may adopt rules necessary for the proper administration of the security.

Sec. 6. RCW 18.27.060 and 1983 1st ex.s. c 2 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A certificate of registration shall be valid for one year and shall be renewed on or before the expiration date. The department shall issue to the applicant a certificate of registration upon compliance with the registration requirements of this chapter.

(2) If the department approves an application, it shall issue a certificate of registration to the applicant. The certificate shall be valid for:
   (a) One year;
   (b) Until the bond expires; or
   (c) Until the insurance expires, whichever comes first. The department shall place the expiration date on the certificate.

(3) A contractor may supply a short-term bond or insurance policy to bring its registration period to the full one year.

(4) If a contractor’s surety bond or other security has an unsatisfied judgment against it or is canceled, or if the contractor’s insurance policy is canceled, the contractor’s registration shall be automatically suspended on the effective date of the impairment or cancellation. The department shall mail notice of the suspension to the contractor’s address on the certificate of registration by certified and by first class mail within forty-eight hours after suspension.

(5) Renewal of registration is valid on the date the department receives the required fee and proof of bond and liability insurance, if sent by certified mail or other means requiring proof of delivery. The receipt or proof of delivery shall serve as the contractor’s proof of renewed registration until he or she receives verification from the department.

Sec. 7. RCW 18.27.070 and 1983 c 74 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall charge fees for issuance, renewal, and reinstatement of certificates of registration; and changes of name, address, or business structure. The department shall set the fees by rule.

The entire amount of the fees are to be used solely to cover the full cost of issuing certificates, filing papers and notices, and administering and enforcing this chapter. The costs shall include reproduction, travel, per diem, and administrative and legal support costs.

Sec. 8. RCW 18.27.090 and 1987 c 313 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

This chapter does not apply to:

(1) An authorized representative of the United States government, the state of Washington, or any incorporated city, town, county, township, irrigation district, reclamation district, or other municipal or political corporation or subdivision of this state;

(2) Officers of a court when they are acting within the scope of their office;

(3) Public utilities operating under the regulations of the utilities and transportation commission in construction, maintenance, or development work incidental to their own business;

(4) Any construction, repair, or operation incidental to the discovering or producing of petroleum or gas, or the drilling, testing, abandoning, or other operation of any petroleum or gas well or any surface or underground mine or mineral deposit when performed by an owner or lessee;
(5) The sale or installation of any finished products, materials, or articles of merchandise which are not actually fabricated into and do not become a permanent fixed part of a structure;

(6) Any construction, alteration, improvement, or repair of personal property, except this chapter shall apply to all mobile/manufactured housing. A mobile/manufactured home may be installed, set up, or repaired by the registered or legal owner, by a contractor licensed under this chapter, or by a mobile/manufactured home retail dealer or manufacturer licensed under chapter 46.70 RCW who shall warranty service and repairs under chapter 46.70 RCW;

(7) Any construction, alteration, improvement, or repair carried on within the limits and boundaries of any site or reservation under the legal jurisdiction of the federal government;

(8) Any person who only furnished materials, supplies, or equipment without fabricating them into, or consuming them in the performance of, the work of the contractor;

(9) Any work or operation on one undertaking or project by one or more contracts, the aggregate contract price of which for labor and materials and all other items is less than five hundred dollars, such work or operations being considered as of a casual, minor, or inconsequential nature. The exemption prescribed in this subsection does not apply in any instance wherein the work or construction is only a part of a larger or major operation, whether undertaken by the same or a different contractor, or in which a division of the operation is made into contracts of amounts less than five hundred dollars for the purpose of evasion of this chapter or otherwise. The exemption prescribed in this subsection does not apply to a person who advertises or puts out any sign or card or other device which might indicate to the public that he or she is a contractor, or that he or she is qualified to engage in the business of contractor;

(10) Any construction or operation incidental to the construction and repair of irrigation and drainage ditches of regularly constituted irrigation districts or reclamation districts; or to farming, dairying, agriculture, viticulture, horticulture, or stock or poultry raising; or to clearing or other work upon land in rural districts for fire prevention purposes; except when any of the above work is performed by a registered contractor;

(11) An owner who contracts for a project with a registered contractor;

(12) Any person working on his or her own property, whether occupied by him or her or not, and any person working on his or her personal residence, whether owned by him or her or not but this exemption shall not apply to any person otherwise covered by this chapter who constructs an improvement on his or her own property with the intention and for the purpose of selling the improved property;

(13) Owners of commercial properties who use their own employees to do maintenance, repair, and alteration work in or upon their own properties;

(14) A licensed architect or civil or professional engineer acting solely in his or her professional capacity, an electrician licensed under the laws of the state of Washington, or a plumber licensed under the laws of the state of Washington or licensed by a political subdivision of the state of Washington while operating within the boundaries of such political subdivision. The exemption provided in this subsection is applicable only when the licensee is operating within the scope of his or her license;

(15) Any person who engages in the activities herein regulated as an employee of a registered contractor with wages as his or her sole compensation or as an employee with wages as his or her sole compensation;

(16) Contractors on highway projects who have been prequalified as required by RCW 47.28.070, with the department of transportation to perform highway construction, reconstruction, or maintenance work.

Sec. 9. RCW 18.27.100 and 1996 c 147 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in RCW 18.27.065 for partnerships and joint ventures, no person who has registered under one name as provided in this chapter shall engage in the business, or act in the capacity, of a contractor under any other name unless such name also is registered under this chapter.

(2) All advertising and all contracts, correspondence, cards, signs, posters, papers, and documents which show a contractor’s name or address shall show the contractor’s name or address as registered under this chapter.

(3)(a) All advertising that shows the contractor’s name or address shall show the contractor’s current registration number. The registration number may be omitted in an alphabetized listing of registered contractors stating only the name, address, and telephone number: PROVIDED, That signs
on motor vehicles subject to RCW 46.16.010 and on-premise signs shall not constitute advertising as provided in this section. All materials used to directly solicit business from retail customers who are not businesses shall show the contractor’s current registration number. A contractor shall not use a false or expired registration number in purchasing or offering to purchase an advertisement for which a contractor registration number is required. Advertising by airwave transmission shall not be subject to this subsection (if the person selling the advertisement obtains the contractor’s current registration number from the contractor)) (3)(a).

(b) The director may issue a subpoena to any person or entity selling any advertising subject to this section for the name, address, and telephone number provided to the seller of the advertising by the purchaser of the advertising. The subpoena must have enclosed a stamped, self-addressed envelope and blank form to be filled out by the seller of the advertising. If the seller of the advertising has the information on file, the seller shall, within a reasonable time, return the completed form to the department. The subpoena must be issued before forty-eight hours after the expiration of the issue or publication containing the advertising or after the broadcast of the advertising. The good-faith compliance by a seller of advertising with a written request of the department for information concerning the purchaser of advertising shall constitute a complete defense to any civil or criminal action brought against the seller of advertising arising from such compliance. Advertising by airwave or electronic transmission is subject to this subsection (3)(b).

(4) No contractor shall advertise that he or she is bonded and insured because of the bond required to be filed and sufficiency of insurance as provided in this chapter.

(5) A contractor shall not falsify a registration number and use it, or use an expired registration number, in connection with any solicitation or identification as a contractor. All individual contractors and all partners, associates, agents, salesmen, solicitors, officers, and employees of contractors shall use their true names and addresses at all times while engaged in the business or capacity of a contractor or activities related thereto.

(6) Any advertising by a person, firm, or corporation soliciting work as a contractor when that person, firm, or corporation is not registered pursuant to this chapter is a violation of this chapter.

(7)(a) The finding of a violation of this section by the director at a hearing held in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW, shall subject the person committing the violation to a penalty of not more than five thousand dollars as determined by the director.

(b) Penalties under this section shall not apply to a violation determined to be an inadvertent error.

Sec. 10. RCW 18.27.104 and 1989 c 175 s 61 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If, upon investigation, the director or the director’s designee has probable cause to believe that a person holding a registration, an applicant for registration, or (an unregistered) a person acting in the capacity of a contractor who is not otherwise exempted from this chapter, has violated RCW 18.27.100 by unlawfully advertising for work covered by this chapter (in an alphabetical or classified directory), the department may issue a citation containing an order of correction. Such order shall require the violator to cease the unlawful advertising.

(2) If the person to whom a citation is issued under subsection (1) of this section notifies the department in writing that he or she contests the citation, the department shall afford an opportunity for an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW (the Administrative Procedure Act) within thirty days after receiving the notification.

Sec. 11. RCW 18.27.110 and 1993 c 454 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No city, town or county shall issue a construction building permit for work which is to be done by any contractor required to be registered under this chapter without verification that such contractor is currently registered as required by law. When such verification is made, nothing contained in this section is intended to be, nor shall be construed to create, or form the basis for any liability under this chapter on the part of any city, town or county, or its officers, employees or agents. However, failure to verify the contractor registration number results in liability to the city, town, or county to a penalty to be imposed according to RCW 18.27.100((6)) (7)(a).

(2) At the time of issuing the building permit, all cities, towns, or counties are responsible for:

(a) Printing the contractor registration number on the building permit; and
(b) Providing a written notice to the building permit applicant informing them of contractor registration laws and the potential risk and monetary liability to the homeowner for using an unregistered contractor.

(3) If a building permit is obtained by an applicant or contractor who falsifies information to obtain an exemption provided under RCW 18.27.090, the building permit shall be forfeited.

Sec. 12. RCW 18.27.114 and 1988 c 182 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) ((Until July 1, 1989, any contractor agreeing to perform any contracting project: (a) For the repair, alteration, or construction of four or fewer residential units or accessory structures on such residential property when the bid or contract price totals one thousand dollars or more; or (b) for the repair, alteration, or construction of a commercial building when the bid or contract price totals one thousand dollars or more but less than sixty thousand dollars, must provide the customer with the following disclosure statement prior to starting work on the project:

"NOTICE TO CUSTOMER
This contractor is registered with the state of Washington, registration no. . . . . as a general/specialty contractor and has posted with the state a bond or cash deposit of $6,000/$4,000 for the purpose of satisfying claims against the contractor for negligent or improper work or breach of contract in the conduct of the contractor’s business. This bond or cash deposit may not be sufficient to cover a claim which might arise from the work done under your contract. If any supplier of materials used in your construction project or any employee of the contractor or subcontractor is not paid by the contractor or subcontractor on your job, your property may be liened to force payment. If you wish additional protection, you may request the contractor to provide you with original "lien release" documents from each supplier or subcontractor on your project. The contractor is required to provide you with further information about lien release documents if you request it. General information is also available from the department of labor and industries."

(2) On and after July 1, 1989,)) Any contractor agreeing to perform any contracting project: (a) For the repair, alteration, or construction of four or fewer residential units or accessory structures on such residential property when the bid or contract price totals one thousand dollars or more; or (b) for the repair, alteration, or construction of a commercial building when the bid or contract price totals one thousand dollars or more but less than sixty thousand dollars, must provide the customer with the following disclosure statement prior to starting work on the project:

"NOTICE TO CUSTOMER
This contractor is registered with the state of Washington, registration no. . . . . as a general/specialty contractor and has posted with the state a bond or cash deposit of $6,000/$4,000 for the purpose of satisfying claims against the contractor for negligent or improper work or breach of contract in the conduct of the contractor’s business. The expiration date of this contractor’s registration is . . . . . . This bond or cash deposit may not be sufficient to cover a claim which might arise from the work done under your contract. If any supplier of materials used in your construction project or any employee of the contractor or subcontractor is not paid by the contractor or subcontractor on your job, your property may be liened to force payment. If you wish additional protection, you may request the contractor to provide you with original "lien release" documents from each supplier or subcontractor on your project. The contractor is required to provide you with further information about lien release documents if you request it. General information is also available from the department of labor and industries."

(2) (On and after July 1, 1989,)) (2) A contractor subject to this section shall notify any consumer to whom notice is required under subsection ((2)) (1) of this section if the contractor’s registration has expired or is revoked or suspended by the department prior to completion or other termination of the contract with the consumer.

((4))) (3) No contractor subject to this section may bring or maintain any lien claim under chapter 60.04 RCW based on any contract to which this section applies without alleging and proving that the contractor has provided the customer with a copy of the disclosure statement as required in subsection (1) ((or (2))) of this section.
This section does not apply to contracts authorized under chapter 39.04 RCW or to contractors contracting with other contractors.

Failure to comply with this section shall constitute an infraction under the provisions of this chapter.

The department shall produce model disclosure statements, and public service announcements detailing the information needed to assist contractors and contractors' customers to comply under this section. As necessary, the department shall periodically update these education materials.

Sec. 13. RCW 18.27.117 and 1987 c 313 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that setting up and siting mobile/manufactured homes must be done properly for the health, safety, and enjoyment of the occupants. Therefore, when any of the following cause a health and safety risk to the occupants of a mobile/manufactured home, or severely hinder the use and enjoyment of the mobile/manufactured home, a violation of RCW 19.86.020 shall have occurred:

1. The mobile/manufactured home has been improperly installed by a contractor licensed under chapter 18.27 RCW, or a mobile/manufactured dealer or manufacturer licensed under chapter 46.70 RCW;
2. A warranty given under chapter 18.27 RCW or chapter 46.70 RCW has not been fulfilled by the person or business giving the warranty; and
3. A bonding company that issues a bond under chapter 18.27 RCW or chapter 46.70 RCW does not reasonably and professionally investigate and resolve claims made by injured parties.

Sec. 14. RCW 18.27.200 and 1993 c 454 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

1. It is a violation of this chapter and an infraction for any contractor to:
   a. Advertise, offer to do work, submit a bid, or perform any work as a contractor without being registered as required by this chapter;
   b. Advertise, offer to do work, submit a bid, or perform any work as a contractor when the contractor’s registration is suspended or revoked; or
   c. Transfer a valid registration to an unregistered contractor or allow an unregistered contractor to work under a registration issued to another contractor.

2. Each day that a contractor works without being registered as required by this chapter, works while the contractor’s registration is suspended or revoked, or works under a registration issued to another contractor is a separate infraction. Each worksite at which a contractor works without being registered as required by this chapter, works while the contractor’s registration is suspended or revoked, or works under a registration issued to another contractor is a separate infraction.

Sec. 15. RCW 18.27.230 and 1993 c 454 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The department may issue a notice of infraction if the department reasonably believes that the contractor ((required to be registered by this chapter has failed to do so or)) has ((otherwise)) committed ((a violation under RCW 18.27.200)) an infraction under this chapter. A notice of infraction issued under this section shall be personally served on the contractor named in the notice by the department’s compliance inspectors or service can be made by certified mail directed to the contractor named in the notice of infraction. If the contractor named in the notice of infraction is a firm or corporation, the notice may be personally served on any employee of the firm or corporation. If a notice of infraction is personally served upon an employee of a firm or corporation, the department shall within four days of service send a copy of the notice by certified mail to the contractor if the department is able to obtain the contractor’s address.

Sec. 16. RCW 18.27.270 and 1986 c 197 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

1. A contractor who is issued a notice of infraction shall respond within twenty days of the date of issuance of the notice of infraction.

2. If the contractor named in the notice of infraction does not elect to contest the notice of infraction, then the contractor shall pay to the department, by check or money order, the amount of the penalty prescribed for the infraction. When a response which does not contest the notice of infraction is received by the department with the appropriate penalty, the department shall make the appropriate entry in its records.
If the contractor named in the notice of infraction elects to contest the notice of infraction, the contractor shall respond by filing an answer of protest with the department specifying the grounds of protest.

If any contractor issued a notice of infraction fails to respond within the prescribed response period, the contractor shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and prosecuted in the county where the infraction occurred.

After final determination by an administrative law judge that an infraction has been committed, a contractor who fails to pay a monetary penalty within thirty days, that is not waived, reduced, or suspended pursuant to RCW 18.27.340(2), and who fails to file an appeal pursuant to RCW 18.27.310(4), shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be prosecuted in the county where the infraction occurred.

A contractor who fails to pay a monetary penalty within thirty days after exhausting appellate remedies pursuant to RCW 18.27.310(4), shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be prosecuted in the county where the infraction occurred.

If a contractor who is issued a notice of infraction is a contractor who has failed to register as a contractor under this chapter, the contractor is subject to a monetary penalty per infraction as provided in the schedule of penalties established by the department, and each and every person who person works without becoming registered is a separate infraction.

Sec. 17. RCW 18.27.340 and 1986 c 197 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this section, a contractor found to have committed an infraction under RCW 18.27.200 shall be assessed a monetary penalty of not less than two hundred dollars and not more than three thousand dollars.

(2) A contractor found to have committed an infraction under RCW 18.27.200 for failure to register shall be assessed a fine of not less than one thousand dollars, nor more than five thousand dollars. The director may reduce the penalty for failure to register, but in no case below five hundred dollars, if the person becomes registered within ten days of receiving a notice of infraction and the notice of infraction is for a first offense.

(3) Monetary penalties collected under this chapter shall be deposited in the general fund.

Sec. 18. RCW 51.12.020 and 1991 c 324 s 18 and 1991 c 246 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The following are the only employments which shall not be included within the mandatory coverage of this title:

(1) Any person employed as a domestic servant in a private home by an employer who has less than two employees regularly employed forty or more hours a week in such employment.

(2) Any person employed to do gardening, maintenance, or repair, or remodeling, or similar work, in or about the private home of the employer. For the purposes of this subsection, "maintenance" means the work of keeping in proper condition, "repair" means to restore to sound condition after damage, and "private home" means a person's place of residence.

(3) A person whose employment is not in the course of the trade, business, or profession of his or her employer and is not in or about the private home of the employer.

(4) Any person performing services in return for aid or sustenance only, received from any religious or charitable organization.

(5) Sole proprietors or partners.

(6) Any child under eighteen years of age employed by his or her parent or parents in agricultural activities on the family farm.

(7) Jockeys while participating in or preparing horses for race meets licensed by the Washington horse racing commission pursuant to chapter 67.16 RCW.

(8)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, any bona fide officer of a corporation voluntarily elected or voluntarily appointed in accordance with the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation, who at all times during the period involved is also a bona fide director, and who is also a shareholder of the corporation. Only such officers who exercise substantial control in
the daily management of the corporation and whose primary responsibilities do not include the performance of manual labor are included within this subsection.

(b) Alternatively, a corporation that is not a "public company" as defined in RCW 23B.01.400((19)) (20) may exempt eight or fewer bona fide officers, who are voluntarily elected or voluntarily appointed in accordance with the articles of incorporation or bylaws of the corporation and who exercise substantial control in the daily management of the corporation, from coverage under this title without regard to the officers' performance of manual labor if the exempted officer is a shareholder of the corporation, or may exempt any number of officers if all the exempted officers are related by blood within the third degree or marriage. If a corporation that is not a "public company" elects to be covered under subsection (8)(a) of this section, the corporation's election must be made on a form prescribed by the department and under such reasonable rules as the department may adopt.

c) Determinations respecting the status of persons performing services for a corporation shall be made, in part, by reference to Title 23B RCW and to compliance by the corporation with its own articles of incorporation and bylaws. For the purpose of determining coverage under this title, substance shall control over form, and mandatory coverage under this title shall extend to all workers of this state, regardless of honorary titles conferred upon those actually serving as workers.

d) A corporation may elect to cover officers who are exempted by this subsection in the manner provided by RCW 51.12.110.

(9) Services rendered by a musician or entertainer under a contract with a purchaser of the services, for a specific engagement or engagements when such musician or entertainer performs no other duties for the purchaser and is not regularly and continuously employed by the purchaser. A purchaser does not include the leader of a group or recognized entity who employs other than on a casual basis musicians or entertainers.

(10) Services performed by a newspaper carrier selling or distributing newspapers on the street or from house to house.

(11) Services performed by an insurance agent, insurance broker, or insurance solicitor, as defined in RCW 48.17.010, 48.17.020, and 48.17.030, respectively.

(12) Services performed by a booth renter as defined in RCW 18.16.020. However, a person exempted under this subsection may elect coverage under RCW 51.32.030.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 18.27 RCW to read as follows:

Beginning December 1, 1997, the department shall report by December 1st each year to the commerce and labor committees of the senate and house of representatives and the ways and means committee of the senate and the appropriations committee of the house of representatives, or successor committees, the following information for the previous three fiscal years:

(1) The number of contractors found to have committed an infraction for failure to register;

(2) The number of contractors identified in subsection (1) of this section who were assessed a monetary penalty and the amount of the penalties assessed;

(3) The amount of the penalties reported in subsection (2) of this section that was collected; and

(4) The amount of the penalties reported in subsection (2) of this section that was waived.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "contractors;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 18.27.010, 18.27.020, 18.27.030, 18.27.040, 18.27.060, 18.27.070, 18.27.090, 18.27.100, 18.27.104, 18.27.110, 18.27.114, 18.27.117, 18.27.200, 18.27.230, 18.27.270, and 18.27.340; reenacting and amending RCW 51.12.020; adding new sections to chapter 18.27 RCW; and prescribing penalties."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1903, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1903 as amended by the Senate.
Representatives Cairnes and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1903 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


Substitute House Bill No. 1903, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1922 with the following amendments:

On page 2, line 18, after "(b)" insert "(i)"

On page 2, line 21, after "history;" insert "and"

(ii) All information, including but not limited to filing charges, truancy petitions, and court dispositions, pertaining to offenses over which district and municipal courts of limited jurisdiction are exercising concurrent jurisdiction shall be transmitted without delay to juvenile court for entry into the appropriate court information system;"

On page 3, line 5, after "county" insert "and the pilot project, together with the authority to exercise concurrent jurisdiction with the juvenile court, expires June 30, 2002"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1922, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1922 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Honeyford and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1922 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 5.


House Bill No. 1922, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1936 with the following amendments:

On page 2, line 9, after "estate." insert "When a broker and owner execute multiple versions of a commission agreement regarding the same disposition of commercial real estate, the final written version of the commission agreement, which incorporates the final agreement between the broker and the owner, constitutes the "commission agreement" and shall be used to determine the amount of the lien created by this chapter."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1936, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1936 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Sterk and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1936 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.

Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 94.

Substitute House Bill No. 1936, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 8, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2013 with the following amendments:

On page 1, beginning on line 5, after "Sec. 1." strike all material through "(2)" on line 11 and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2013, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2013 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler and Anderson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2013 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2013, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2042 with the following amendments:
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature acknowledges the definition of reading as "Reading is the process of constructing meaning from written text. It is the complex skill requiring the coordination of a number of interrelated sources of information." Marilyn Adams, Becoming a Nation of Readers 7. The legislature also acknowledges the role that reading accuracy and fluency plays in the comprehension of text. The legislature finds that one way to determine if a child's inability to read is problematic is to compare the child's reading fluency and accuracy skills with that of other children. To accomplish this objective, the legislature finds that assessments that test students' reading fluency and accuracy skills must be scientifically valid and reliable. The legislature further finds that early identification of students with potential reading difficulties can provide valuable information to parents, teachers, and school administrators. The legislature finds that assessment of second grade students' reading fluency and accuracy skills can assist teachers in planning and implementing a reading curriculum that addresses students' deficiencies in reading.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall identify a collection of tests that can be used to measure second grade reading accuracy and fluency skills. The purpose of the second grade reading test is to provide information to parents, teachers, and school administrators on the level of acquisition of reading accuracy and fluency skills of each student at the beginning of second grade. Each of the tests in the collection must:
   (a) Provide a reliable and valid measure of student's reading accuracy and fluency skills;
   (b) Be able to be individually administered;
   (c) Have been approved by a panel of nationally recognized professionals in the area of beginning reading, whose work has been published in peer-reviewed education research journals, and professionals in the area of measurement and assessment; and
   (d) Assess student skills in recognition of letter sounds, phonemic awareness, word recognition, and reading connected text. Text used for the test of fluency must be ordered in relation to difficulty.
(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall select tests for use by schools and school districts participating in pilot projects under section 3 of this act during the 1997-98 school year. The final collection must be selected by June 30, 1998.
(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop a per-pupil cost for each of the tests in the collection that details the costs for booklets, scoring services, and training required to reliably administer the test. To the extent funds are appropriated, the superintendent of public instruction shall pay for booklets or other testing material, scoring services, and training required to administer the test.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall create a pilot project to identify which second grade reading tests selected under section 2 of this act will be included in the final collection of tests that must be available by June 30, 1998.
(2) Schools and school districts may voluntarily participate in the second grade reading test pilot projects in the 1997-98 school year. Schools and school districts voluntarily participating in the pilot project test are not required to have the results available by the fall parent-teacher conference.
   (a) Starting in the 1998-99 school year, school districts must select a test from the collection adopted by the superintendent of public instruction. Selection must be at the entire school district level and must remain in place at that school district for at least three years.
   (b) Students who score substantially below grade level when tested in the fall shall be tested at least one more time during the second grade. Test performance deemed to be "substantially below grade level" is to be determined for each test in the collection by the superintendent of public instruction during the pilot year of 1997-98.
   (c) If a student, while taking the test, reaches a point at which the student's performance will be considered "substantially below grade level" regardless of the student's performance on the remainder of the test, the test may be discontinued.
   (d) Each school must have the test results available by the fall parent-teacher conference. Schools must notify parents about the second grade reading test during the conferences, inform the parents of their students' performance on the test, identify actions the school intends to take to improve the child's reading skills, and provide parents with strategies to help the parents improve their child's score.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall establish a primary grade reading grant program. The purpose of the grant program is to enhance teachers' skills in using teaching methods that have proven results gathered through quantitative research and to assist students in beginning reading.

(2) Schools and school districts may apply for primary grade reading grants. To qualify for a grant, the grant proposal shall provide that the grantee must:

   (a) Document that the instructional model the grantee intends to implement, including teaching methods and instructional materials, is based on results validated by quantitative methods;

   (b) Agree to work with the independent contractor identified under subsection (3) of this section to determine the effectiveness of the instructional model selected and the effectiveness of the staff development provided to implement the selected model; and

   (c) Provide evidence of a significant number of students who are not achieving at grade level.

To the extent funds are appropriated, the superintendent of public instruction shall make initial grants available by September 1, 1997, for schools and school districts voluntarily participating in pilot projects under section 3 of this act. Subject to available funding, additional applications may be submitted to the superintendent of public instruction by September 1, 1998, and by September 1st in subsequent years. Grants will be awarded for two years.

(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall contract with an independent contractor who has experience in program evaluation and quantitative methods to evaluate the impact of the grant activities on students' reading skills and the effectiveness of the staff development provided to teachers to implement the instructional model selected by the grantee. Five percent of the funds awarded for grants shall be set aside for the purpose of the grant evaluation conducted by the independent contractor.

(4) The superintendent of public instruction shall submit biennially to the legislature and the governor a report on the primary grade reading grant program. The first report must be submitted not later than December 1, 1999, and each succeeding report must be submitted not later than December 1st of each odd-numbered year. Reports must include information on how the schools and school districts used the grant money, the instructional models used, how they were implemented, and the findings of the independent contractor.

(5) The superintendent of public instruction shall disseminate information to the school districts five years after the beginning of the grant program regarding the results of the effectiveness of the instructional models and implementation strategies.

(6) Funding under this section shall not become part of the state's basic program of education obligation as set forth under Article IX of the state Constitution.

Sec. 5. RCW 28A.230.190 and 1990 c 101 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Every school district is encouraged to test pupils in grade two by an assessment device designed or selected by the school district. This test shall be used to help teachers in identifying those pupils in need of assistance in the skills of reading, writing, mathematics, and language arts. The test results are not to be compiled by the superintendent of public instruction, but are only to be used by the local school district. School districts shall test students for second grade reading accuracy and fluency skills starting in the 1998-99 school year as provided in section 3 of this act.

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall prepare and conduct, with the assistance of school districts, a standardized achievement test to be given annually to all pupils in grade four. The test shall assess students' skill in reading, mathematics, and language arts and shall focus upon appropriate input variables. Results of such tests shall be compiled by the superintendent of public instruction, who shall make those results available annually to the legislature, to all local school districts and subsequently to parents of those children tested. The results shall allow parents to ascertain the achievement levels and input variables of their children as compared with the other students within the district, the state and, if applicable, the nation.

(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall report annually to the legislature on the achievement levels of students in grade four.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. RCW 28A.630.886 and 1995 c 303 s 2 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as follows:
The superintendent of public instruction may use up to one percent of the appropriated funds for administration of the primary grade reading grant program established in chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act).

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt timelines and rules as necessary under chapter 34.05 RCW to administer the primary reading grant program in section 2 of this act.

(3) Funding under this section shall not become a part of the state's basic program of education obligation as set forth under Article IX of the state Constitution.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. If specific funding for section 4 of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number and section number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, sections 4 and 7 of this act are null and void."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "grades;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28A.230.190; adding new sections to chapter 28A.300 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 28A.630.886; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2042, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2042 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Johnson and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2042 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 3.


Absent: Representative Chopp - 1.

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Cole and Cooke - 3.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2042, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 15, 1997
The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2059 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 9A.56 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A person who, with intent to deprive the owner or owner’s agent, wrongfully obtains, or exerts unauthorized control over, or by color or aid of deception gains control of personal property that is rented or leased to the person, is guilty of theft of rental, leased, or lease-purchased property.

(2) The finder of fact may presume intent to deprive if the finder of fact finds either of the following:

(a) That the person who rented or leased the property failed to return or make arrangements acceptable to the owner of the property or the owner’s agent to return the property to the owner or the owner’s agent within seventy-two hours after receipt of proper notice following the due date of the rental, lease, or lease-purchase agreement; or

(b) That the renter or lessee presented identification to the owner or the owner’s agent that was materially false, fictitious, or not current with respect to name, address, place of employment, or other appropriate items.

(3) As used in subsection (2) of this section, "proper notice" consists of a written demand by the owner or the owner’s agent made after the due date of the rental, lease, or lease-purchase period, mailed by certified or registered mail to the renter or lessee at: (a) The address the renter or lessee gave when the contract was made; or (b) the renter or lessee’s last known address if later furnished in writing by the renter, lessee, or the agent of the renter or lessee.

(4) The replacement value of the property obtained must be utilized in determining the amount involved in the theft of rental, leased, or lease-purchased property. Theft of rental, leased, or lease-purchased property is a: Class B felony if the rental, leased, or lease-purchased property is valued at one thousand five hundred dollars or more; class C felony if the rental, leased, or lease-purchased property is valued at two hundred fifty dollars or more but less than one thousand five hundred dollars; and gross misdemeanor if the rental, leased, or lease-purchased property is valued at less than two hundred fifty dollars.

(5) This section applies to rental agreements that provide that the renter may return the property any time within the rental period and pay only for the time the renter actually retained the property, in addition to any minimum rental fee, to lease agreements, and to lease-purchase agreements as defined under RCW 63.19.010. This section does not apply to rental or leasing of real property under the residential landlord-tenant act, chapter 59.18 RCW.

Sec. 2. RCW 9A.56.010 and 1995 c 92 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The following definitions are applicable in this chapter unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Appropriate lost or misdelivered property or services" means obtaining or exerting control over the property or services of another which the actor knows to have been lost or mislaid, or to have been delivered under a mistake as to identity of the recipient or as to the nature or amount of the property;

(2) "By color or aid of deception" means that the deception operated to bring about the obtaining of the property or services; it is not necessary that deception be the sole means of obtaining the property or services;

(3) "Access device" means any card, plate, code, account number, or other means of account access that can be used alone or in conjunction with another access device to obtain money, goods, services, or anything else of value, or that can be used to initiate a transfer of funds, other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument;

(4) "Deception" occurs when an actor knowingly:

(a) Creates or confirms another’s false impression which the actor knows to be false; or

(b) Fails to correct another’s impression which the actor previously has created or confirmed; or

(c) Prevents another from acquiring information material to the disposition of the property involved; or

(d) Transfers or encumbers property without disclosing a lien, adverse claim, or other legal impediment to the enjoyment of the property, whether that impediment is or is not valid, or is or is not a matter of official record; or
(e) Promises performance which the actor does not intend to perform or knows will not be performed.

(5) "Deprive" in addition to its common meaning means to make unauthorized use or an unauthorized copy of records, information, data, trade secrets, or computer programs;

(6) "Obtain control over" in addition to its common meaning, means:
(a) In relation to property, to bring about a transfer or purported transfer to the obtainer or another of a legally recognized interest in the property; or
(b) In relation to labor or service, to secure performance thereof for the benefits of the obtainer or another;

(7) "Wrongfully obtains" or "exerts unauthorized control" means:
(a) To take the property or services of another;
(b) Having any property or services in one’s possession, custody or control as bailee, factor, lessee, pledgee, renter, servant, attorney, agent, employee, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, or officer of any person, estate, association, or corporation, or as a public officer, or person authorized by agreement or competent authority to take or hold such possession, custody, or control, to secrete, withhold, or appropriate the same to his or her own use or to the use of any person other than the true owner or person entitled thereto; or
(c) Having any property or services in one’s possession, custody, or control as partner, to secrete, withhold, or appropriate the same to his or her use or to the use of any person other than the true owner or person entitled thereto, where such use is unauthorized by the partnership agreement;

(8) "Owner" means a person, other than the actor, who has possession of or any other interest in the property or services involved, and without whose consent the actor has no authority to exert control over the property or services;

(9) "Receive" includes, but is not limited to, acquiring title, possession, control, or a security interest, or any other interest in the property;

(10) "Services" includes, but is not limited to, labor, professional services, transportation services, electronic computer services, the supplying of hotel accommodations, restaurant services, entertainment, the supplying of equipment for use, and the supplying of commodities of a public utility nature such as gas, electricity, steam, and water;

(11) "Stolen" means obtained by theft, robbery, or extortion;

(12) "Subscription television service" means cable or encrypted video and related audio and data services intended for viewing on a home television by authorized members of the public only, who have agreed to pay a fee for the service. Subscription services include but are not limited to those video services presently delivered by coaxial cable, fiber optic cable, terrestrial microwave, television broadcast, and satellite transmission;

(13) "Telecommunication device" means (a) any type of instrument, device, machine, or equipment that is capable of transmitting or receiving telephonic or electronic communications; or (b) any part of such an instrument, device, machine, or equipment, or any computer circuit, computer chip, electronic mechanism, or other component, that is capable of facilitating the transmission or reception of telephonic or electronic communications;

(14) "Telecommunication service" includes any service other than subscription television service provided for a charge or compensation to facilitate the transmission, transfer, or reception of a telephonic communication or an electronic communication;

(15) Value. (a) "Value" means the market value of the property or services at the time and in the approximate area of the criminal act.

(b) Whether or not they have been issued or delivered, written instruments, except those having a readily ascertained market value, shall be evaluated as follows:

(i) The value of an instrument constituting an evidence of debt, such as a check, draft, or promissory note, shall be deemed the amount due or collectible thereon or thereby, that figure ordinarily being the face amount of the indebtedness less any portion thereof which has been satisfied;

(ii) The value of a ticket or equivalent instrument which evidences a right to receive transportation, entertainment, or other service shall be deemed the price stated thereon, if any; and if no price is stated thereon, the value shall be deemed the price of such ticket or equivalent instrument which the issuer charged the general public;

(iii) The value of any other instrument that creates, releases, discharges, or otherwise affects any valuable legal right, privilege, or obligation shall be deemed the greatest amount of economic loss which the owner of the instrument might reasonably suffer by virtue of the loss of the instrument.
(c) Whenever any series of transactions which constitute theft, would, when considered separately, constitute theft in the third degree because of value, and said series of transactions are a part of a common scheme or plan, then the transactions may be aggregated in one count and the sum of the value of all said transactions shall be the value considered in determining the degree of theft involved.

(d) Whenever any person is charged with possessing stolen property and such person has unlawfully in his possession at the same time the stolen property of more than one person, then the stolen property possessed may be aggregated in one count and the sum of the value of all said stolen property shall be the value considered in determining the degree of theft involved.

(e) Property or services having value that cannot be ascertained pursuant to the standards set forth above shall be deemed to be of a value not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars;

(16) "Shopping cart" means a basket mounted on wheels or similar container generally used in a retail establishment by a customer for the purpose of transporting goods of any kind;

(17) "Parking area" means a parking lot or other property provided by retailers for use by a customer for parking an automobile or other vehicle.

Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.320 and 1996 c 302 s 6, 1996 c 205 s 3, and 1996 c 36 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

| TABLE 2 |
| CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL |
| XV | Aggravated Murder 1 (RCW 10.95.020) |
| XIV | Murder 1 (RCW 9A.32.030) |
| | Homicide by abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) |
| XIII | Murder 2 (RCW 9A.32.050) |
| XII | Assault 1 (RCW 9A.36.011) |
| | Assault of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120) |
| XI | Rape 1 (RCW 9A.44.040) |
| | Rape of a Child 1 (RCW 9A.44.073) |
| X | Kidnapping 1 (RCW 9A.40.020) |
| | Rape 2 (RCW 9A.44.050) |
| | Rape of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.44.076) |
| | Child Molestation 1 (RCW 9A.44.083) |
| | Damaging building, etc., by explosion with threat to human being (RCW 70.74.280(1)) |
| | Over 18 and deliver heroin or narcotic from Schedule I or II to someone under 18 (RCW 69.50.406) |
| | Leading Organized Crime (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(a)) |
| IX | Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130) |
| | Robbery 1 (RCW 9A.56.200) |
| | Manslaughter 1 (RCW 9A.32.060) |
| | Explosive devices prohibited (RCW 70.74.180) |
| | Indecent Liberties (with forcible compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a)) |
| | Endangering life and property by explosives with threat to human being (RCW 70.74.270) |
| | Over 18 and deliver narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or a nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V to someone under 18 and 3 years junior (RCW 69.50.406) |
| | Controlled Substance Homicide (RCW 69.50.415) |
| | Sexual Exploitation (RCW 9.68A.040) |
| | Inciting Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(b)) |
| | Vehicular Homicide, by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.520) |
| VIII | Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020) |
| | Promoting Prostitution 1 (RCW 9A.88.070) |
| | Selling for profit (controlled or counterfeit) any controlled substance (RCW 69.50.410) |
Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver heroin or cocaine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))
Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))
Possession of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine with intent to manufacture methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.440)
Vehicular Homicide, by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner (RCW 46.61.520)

VII Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020)
  Vehicular Homicide, by disregard for the safety of others (RCW 46.61.520)
  Introducing Contraband 1 (RCW 9A.76.140)
  Indecent Liberties (without forcible compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1) (b) and (c))
  Child Molestation 2 (RCW 9A.44.086)
  Dealing in depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct (RCW 9.68A.050)
  Sending, bringing into state depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct (RCW 9.68A.060)
  Involving a minor in drug dealing (RCW 69.50.401(f))
  Reckless Endangerment 1 (RCW 9A.36.045)
  Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the first degree (RCW 9.41.040(1)(a))

VI Bribery (RCW 9A.68.010)
  Manslaughter 2 (RCW 9A.32.070)
  Rape of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.44.079)
  Intimidating a Juror/Witness (RCW 9A.72.110, 9A.72.130)
  Damaging building, etc., by explosion with no threat to human being (RCW 70.74.280(2))
  Endangering life and property by explosives with no threat to human being (RCW 70.74.270)
  Incest 1 (RCW 9A.64.020(1))
  Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver narcotics from Schedule I or II (except heroin or cocaine) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))
  Intimidating a Judge (RCW 9A.76.140)
  Bail Jumping with Murder 1 (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(a))
  Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300)

V Persistent prison misbehavior (RCW 9.94.070)
  Criminal Mistreatment 1 (RCW 9A.42.020)
  Abandonment of dependent person 1 (RCW 9A.42.060)
  Rape 3 (RCW 9A.44.060)
  Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1 (RCW 9A.44.093)
  Child Molestation 3 (RCW 9A.44.089)
  Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030)
  Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120)
  Incest 2 (RCW 9A.64.020(2))
  Perjury 1 (RCW 9A.72.020)
  Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW 9A.82.020)
  Advancing money or property for extortionate extension of credit (RCW 9A.82.030)
  Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit (RCW 9A.82.040)
  Rendering Criminal Assistance 1 (RCW 9A.76.070)
Bail Jumping with class A Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(b))
Sexually Violating Human Remains (RCW 9A.44.105)
Delivery of imitation controlled substance by person eighteen or over to person under eighteen (RCW 69.52.030(2))
Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310)

IV Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025)
Theft of Livestock 1 (RCW 9A.56.080)
Robbery 2 (RCW 9A.56.210)
Assault 2 (RCW 9A.36.021)
Escape 1 (RCW 9A.76.110)
Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030)
Commercial Bribery (RCW 9A.68.060)
Bribing a Witness/Bribe Received by Witness (RCW 9A.72.090, 9A.72.100)
Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080)
Threats to Bomb (RCW 9A.61.160)
Willful Failure to Return from Furlough (RCW 72.66.060)
Hit and Run -- Injury Accident (RCW 46.52.020(4))
Hit and Run with Vessel -- Injury Accident (RCW 88.12.155(3))
Vehicular Assault (RCW 46.61.522)
Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver narcotics from Schedule III, IV, or V or nonnarcotics from Schedule I-V (except marijuana or methamphetamines) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii) through (v))
Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event (RCW 9A.82.070)
Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.080 (1) and (2))
Knowingly Trafficking in Stolen Property (RCW 9A.82.050(2))

III Criminal Mistreatment 2 (RCW 9A.42.030)
Abandonment of dependent person 2 (RCW 9A.42.070)
Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130)
Unlawful Imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040)
Assault 3 (RCW 9A.36.031)
Assault of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.36.140)
Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100)
Unlawful possession of firearm in the second degree (RCW 9A.41.040(1)(b))
Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020)
Promoting Prostitution 2 (RCW 9A.88.080)
Willful Failure to Return from Work Release (RCW 72.65.070)
Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030)
Introducing Contraband 2 (RCW 9A.76.150)
Communication with a Minor for Immoral Purposes (RCW 9A.68A.090)
Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute (RCW 9A.68A.100)
Escape 2 (RCW 9A.76.120)
Perjury 2 (RCW 9A.72.030)
Bail Jumping with class B or C Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(c))
Intimidating a Public Servant (RCW 9A.76.180)
Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120)
Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver marijuana (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))
Delivery of a material in lieu of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(c))
Manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent to distribute an imitation controlled substance (RCW 69.52.030(1))
Recklessly Trafficking in Stolen Property (RCW 9A.82.050(1))
Theft of livestock 2 (RCW 9A.56.080)
Securities Act violation (RCW 21.20.400)

II Unlawful Practice of Law (RCW 2.48.180)
Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070)
Possession of Stolen Property 1 (RCW 9A.56.150)
Theft 1 (RCW 9A.56.030)
Class B Felony Theft of Rental, Leased, Or Lease-purchased Property (section 1(4) of this act)
 Trafficking in Insurance Claims (RCW 48.30A.015)
Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business (RCW 18.130.190(7))
Health Care False Claims (RCW 48.80.030)
Possession of controlled substance that is either heroin or narcotics from Schedule I or II (RCW 69.50.401(d))
Possession of phencyclidine (PCP) (RCW 69.50.401(d))
Create, deliver, or possess a counterfeit controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(b))
Computer Trespass 1 (RCW 9A.52.110)
Escape from Community Custody (RCW 72.09.310)

I Theft 2 (RCW 9A.56.040)
Class C Felony Theft of Rental, Leased, or Lease-purchased Property (section 1(4) of this act)
Possession of Stolen Property 2 (RCW 9A.56.160)
Forgery (RCW 9A.60.020)
Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission (RCW 9A.56.070)
Vehicle Prowl 1 (RCW 9A.52.095)
Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police Vehicle (RCW 46.61.024)
Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080)
Reckless Burning 1 (RCW 9A.48.040)
Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts (RCW 9A.56.060)
Unlawful Use of Food Stamps (RCW 9.91.140 (2) and (3))
False Verification for Welfare (RCW 74.08.055)
Forged Prescription (RCW 69.41.020)
Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.403)
Possess Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or Non-narcotic from Schedule I-V (except phencyclidine) (RCW 69.50.401(d))

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "property;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 9A.56.010; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.320; adding a new section to chapter 9A.56 RCW; repealing RCW 9.45.62 and 9A.56.095; and prescribing penalties."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 2059, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2059 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2059 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 3.


Absent: Representative Hickel - 1.

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Cole and Cooke - 3.

Substitute House Bill No. 2059, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on House Bill No. 2059.

TIM HICKEL, 30th District

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2080 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 84.34 RCW to read as follows:
(1) An additional type of current use valuation is established in this section for agricultural lands that is called agricultural lands with long-term commercial significance.

(2) Lands shall be classified as agricultural lands with long-term commercial significance if: (a) The lands are designated as agricultural lands under RCW 36.70A.170(1) by a county, city, or town planning under RCW 36.70A.040; (b) the lands are devoted primarily to agricultural uses specified under RCW 36.70A.030(2) and not used for residential purposes, industrial purposes, or other commercial purposes; (c) the county, city, or town has adopted its comprehensive plan and development regulations under RCW 36.70A.070 and 36.70A.040; and (d) the owner files an application for this status with the county assessor.

The assessed valuation of agricultural lands with long-term commercial significance shall be one-half of the value of such lands established under RCW 84.40.030 or the value established under RCW 84.34.065, whichever is lower.

(3) The classification of any lands as agricultural lands with long-term commercial significance shall be removed if either: (a) The county, city, or town removes the designation of these lands under RCW 36.70A.170(1); or (b) the use of such lands changes to a use not permitted for designation as agricultural lands with long-term commercial significance under subsection (2) of this section. After the removal of the classification of agricultural lands with long-term commercial significance, the lands shall be valued at their full market value unless the lands are reclassified under another current use classification under this chapter. Lands removed from classification as agricultural lands with long-term commercial significance shall not be subject to an additional tax, penalties, or interest under RCW 84.34.070 through 84.34.108.

Sec. 2. RCW 84.34.020 and 1992 c 69 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning is required by the context:

(1) "Open space land" means (a) any land area so designated by an official comprehensive land use plan adopted by any city or county and zoned accordingly((+)) or (b) any land area, the preservation of which in its present use would (i) conserve and enhance natural or scenic resources, or (ii) protect streams or water supply, or (iii) promote conservation of soils, wetlands, beaches or tidal marshes, or (iv) enhance the value to the public of abutting or neighboring parks, forests, wildlife preserves, nature reservations or sanctuaries or other open space, or (v) enhance recreation opportunities, or (vi) preserve historic sites, or (vii) preserve visual quality along highway, road, and street corridors or scenic vistas, or (viii) retain in its natural state tracts of land not less than one acre situated in an urban area and open to public use on such conditions as may be reasonably required by the legislative body granting the open space classification, or (c) any land meeting the definition of farm and agricultural conservation land under subsection (8) of this section. As a condition of granting open space classification, the legislative body may not require public access on land classified under subsection (b)(iii) of this subsection for the purpose of promoting conservation of wetlands.

(2) "Farm and agricultural land" means either (a) any parcel of land that is twenty or more acres or multiple parcels of land that are contiguous and total twenty or more acres (i) devoted primarily to the production of livestock or agricultural commodities for commercial purposes, (ii) enrolled in the federal conservation reserve program or its successor administered by the United States department of agriculture, or (iii) other similar commercial activities as may be established by rule ((following consultation with the advisory committee established in section 19 of this act)); (b) any parcel of land that is five acres or more but less than twenty acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses, which has produced a gross income from agricultural uses equivalent to, as of January 1, 1993, (i) one hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993, and (ii) on or after January 1, 1993, two hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter; (c) any parcel of land of less than five acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses which has produced a gross income as of January 1, 1993, of (i) one thousand dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993, and (ii) on or after January 1, 1993, fifteen hundred dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification...
under this chapter. Parcels of land described in (b)(i) and (c)(i) of this subsection shall, upon any
transfer of the property excluding a transfer to a surviving spouse, be subject to the limits of (b)(ii) and
(c)(ii) of this subsection. Agricultural lands shall also include such incidental uses as are compatible
with agricultural purposes, including wetlands preservation, provided such incidental use does not
exceed twenty percent of the classified land and the land on which appurtenances necessary to the
production, preparation, or sale of the agricultural products exist in conjunction with the lands
producing such products. Agricultural lands shall also include any parcel of land of one to five acres,
which is not contiguous, but which otherwise constitutes an integral part of farming operations being
conducted on land qualifying under this section as "farm and agricultural lands"; or (d) the land on
which housing for employees and the principal place of residence of the farm operator or owner of land
classified pursuant to (a) of this subsection is sited if: The housing or residence is on or contiguous to
the classified parcel; and the use of the housing or the residence is integral to the use of the classified
land for agricultural purposes.

(3) "Timber land" means any parcel of land that is five or more acres or multiple parcels of
land that are contiguous and total five or more acres which is or are devoted primarily to the growth
and harvest of forest crops for commercial purposes. A timber management plan shall be filed with the
county legislative authority at the time (a) an application is made for classification as timber land
pursuant to this chapter or (b) when a sale or transfer of timber land occurs and a notice of
classification continuance is signed. 'Timber land means the land only.

(4) "Current" or "currently" means as of the date on which property is to be listed and valued
by the assessor.

(5) "Owner" means the party or parties having the fee interest in land, except that where land is
subject to real estate contract "owner" shall mean the contract vendee.

(6) "Contiguous" means land adjoining and touching other property held by the same
ownership. Land divided by a public road, but otherwise an integral part of a farming operation, shall
be considered contiguous.

(7) "Granting authority" means the appropriate agency or official who acts on an application
for classification of land pursuant to this chapter.

(8) "Farm and agricultural conservation land" means either:

(a) Land that was previously classified under subsection (2) of this section, that no longer meets
the criteria of subsection (2) of this section, and that is reclassified under subsection (1) of this section;
or

(b) Land that is traditional farmland that is not classified under chapter 84.33 or 84.34 RCW,
that has not been irrevocably devoted to a use inconsistent with agricultural uses, and that has a high
potential for returning to commercial agriculture.

(9) "Agricultural lands of long-term commercial significance" means lands designated by a
county, city, or town under RCW 36.70A.170(1) that have been classified as agricultural lands with
long-term commercial significance under section 1 of this act.

Sec. 3. RCW 84.34.070 and 1992 c 69 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When land has once been classified under this chapter as open space land, farm and
agricultural land, or timber land, it shall remain under such classification and shall not be applied to
other use except as provided by subsection (2) of this section for at least ten years from the date of
classification and shall continue under such classification until and unless withdrawn from classification
after notice of request for withdrawal shall be made by the owner. During any year after eight years of
the initial ten-year classification period have elapsed, notice of request for withdrawal of all or a
portion of the land may be given by the owner to the assessor or assessors of the county or counties in
which such land is situated. In the event that a portion of a parcel is removed from classification, the
remaining portion must meet the same requirements as did the entire parcel when such land was
originally granted classification pursuant to this chapter unless the remaining parcel has different
income criteria. Within seven days the assessor shall transmit one copy of such notice to the legislative
body which originally approved the application. The assessor or assessors, as the case may be, shall,
when two assessment years have elapsed following the date of receipt of such notice, withdraw such
land from such classification and the land shall be subject to the additional tax and applicable interest
due under RCW 84.34.108. Agreement to tax according to use shall not be considered to be a contract
and can be abrogated at any time by the legislature in which event no additional tax or penalty shall be
imposed.
(2) The following reclassifications are not considered withdrawals or removals and are not subject to additional tax under RCW 84.34.108:

   (a) Reclassification between lands under RCW 84.34.020 (2) and (3);
   (b) Reclassification of land classified under RCW 84.34.020 (2) or (3) or chapter 84.33 RCW to open space land under RCW 84.34.020(1);
   (c) Reclassification of land classified under RCW 84.34.020 (2) or (3) to forest land classified under chapter 84.33 RCW; and
   (d) Reclassification of land classified as open space land under RCW 84.34.020(1)(c) and reclassified to farm and agricultural land under RCW 84.34.020(2) if the land had been previously classified as farm and agricultural land under RCW 84.34.020(2).

(3) Applications for reclassification shall be subject to applicable provisions of RCW 84.34.037, 84.34.035, 84.34.041, and chapter 84.33 RCW.

(4) The income criteria for land classified under RCW 84.34.020 (2) (b) and (c) may be deferred for land being reclassified from land classified under RCW 84.34.020 (1)(c) or (3), or chapter 84.33 RCW into RCW 84.34.020(2) (b) or (c) for a period of up to five years from the date of reclassification.

Sec. 4. RCW 84.34.108 and 1992 c 69 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When land has once been classified under this chapter as open space land, farm and agricultural land, or timber land, a notation of such classification shall be made each year upon the assessment and tax rolls and such land shall be valued pursuant to RCW 84.34.060 or 84.34.065 until removal of all or a portion of such classification by the assessor upon occurrence of any of the following:

   (a) Receipt of notice from the owner to remove all or a portion of such classification;
   (b) Sale or transfer to an ownership, except a transfer that resulted from a default in loan payments made to or secured by a governmental agency that intends to or is required by law or regulation to resell the property for the same use as before, making all or a portion of such land exempt from ad valorem taxation;
   (c) Sale or transfer of all or a portion of such land to a new owner, unless the new owner has signed a notice of classification continuance, except transfer to an owner who is an heir or devisee of a deceased owner shall not, by itself, result in removal of classification. (The signed notice of continuance shall be attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit provided for in RCW 82.45.120, as now or hereafter amended.) The signed notice of classification continuance shall be part of the real estate excise tax affidavit provided for in RCW 82.45.120 or attached as a separate document to the real estate excise tax affidavit. The notice of continuance shall be on a form prepared by the department of revenue. If the notice of continuance is not signed by the new owner and attached to the real estate excise tax affidavit, all additional taxes calculated pursuant to subsection (3) of this section shall become due and payable by the seller or transferor at time of sale. The county auditor shall not accept an instrument of conveyance of classified land for filing or recording unless the new owner has signed the notice of continuance or the additional tax has been paid. The seller, transferor, or new owner may appeal the new assessed valuation calculated under subsection (3) of this section to the county board of equalization. Jurisdiction is hereby conferred on the county board of equalization to hear these appeals;
   (d) Determination by the assessor, after giving the owner written notice and an opportunity to be heard, that all or a portion of such land no longer meets the criteria for classification under this chapter. The criteria for classification pursuant to this chapter continue to apply after classification has been granted.

   The granting authority, upon request of an assessor, shall provide reasonable assistance to the assessor in making a determination whether such land continues to meet the qualifications of RCW 84.34.020 (1) or (3). The assistance shall be provided within thirty days of receipt of the request.

(2) Within thirty days after such removal of all or a portion of such land from current use classification as open space land, farm and agricultural land, or timber land, the assessor shall notify the owner in writing, setting forth the reasons for such removal. The seller, transferor, or owner may appeal such removal to the county board of equalization.

(3) Unless the removal is reversed on appeal, the assessor shall revalue the affected land with reference to full market value on the date of removal from classification. Both the assessed valuation before and after the removal of classification shall be listed and taxes shall be allocated according to that part of the year to which each assessed valuation applies. Except as provided in subsection (5) of
this section, an additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty shall be imposed which shall be due and payable to the county treasurer thirty days after the owner is notified of the amount of the additional tax. As soon as possible, the assessor shall compute the amount of such an additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty and the treasurer shall mail notice to the owner of the amount thereof and the date on which payment is due. The amount of such additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty shall be determined as follows:

(a) The amount of additional tax shall be equal to the difference between the property tax paid as "open space land", "farm and agricultural land", or "timber land" and the amount of property tax otherwise due and payable for the seven years last past had the land not been so classified;

(b) The amount of applicable interest shall be equal to the interest upon the amounts of such additional tax paid at the same statutory rate charged on delinquent property taxes from the dates on which such additional tax could have been paid without penalty if the land had been assessed at a value without regard to this chapter;

c) The amount of the penalty shall be as provided in RCW 84.34.080. The penalty shall not be imposed if the removal satisfies the conditions of RCW 84.34.070.

(4) Additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty, shall become a lien on such land which shall attach at the time such land is removed from classification under this chapter and shall have priority to and shall be fully paid and satisfied before any recognizance, mortgage, judgment, debt, obligation or responsibility to or with which such land may become charged or liable. Such lien may be foreclosed upon expiration of the period after delinquency and in the same manner provided by law for foreclosure of liens for delinquent real property taxes as provided in RCW 84.64.050 now or as hereafter amended. Any additional tax unpaid on its due date shall thereupon become delinquent. From the date of delinquency until paid, interest shall be charged at the same rate applied by law to delinquent ad valorem property taxes.

(5) The additional tax, applicable interest, and penalty specified in subsection (3) of this section shall not be imposed if the removal of classification pursuant to subsection (1) of this section resulted solely from:

(a) Transfer to a government entity in exchange for other land located within the state of Washington;

(b)(i) A taking through the exercise of the power of eminent domain, or (ii) sale or transfer to an entity having the power of eminent domain in anticipation of the exercise of such power, said entity having manifested its intent in writing or by other official action;

(c) A natural disaster such as a flood, windstorm, earthquake, or other such calamity rather than by virtue of the act of the landowner changing the use of such property;

(d) Official action by an agency of the state of Washington or by the county or city within which the land is located which disallows the present use of such land;

(e) Transfer of land to a church when such land would qualify for exemption pursuant to RCW 84.36.020;

(f) Acquisition of property interests by state agencies or agencies or organizations qualified under RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 for the purposes enumerated in those sections: PROVIDED, That at such time as these property interests are not used for the purposes enumerated in RCW 84.34.210 and 64.04.130 the additional tax specified in subsection (3) of this section shall be imposed; or

(g) Removal of land classified as farm and agricultural land under RCW 84.34.020(2)(d)."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "products;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 84.34.020, 84.34.070, and 84.34.108; and adding a new section to chapter 84.34 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Parlette and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Second Substitute House Bill No. 2080, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2128 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 42.52.120 and 1996 c 213 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No state officer or state employee may receive any thing of economic value under any contract or grant outside of his or her official duties. The prohibition in this subsection does not apply where the state officer or state employee has complied with RCW 42.52.030(2) or each of the following conditions are met:

(a) The contract or grant is bona fide and actually performed;

(b) The performance or administration of the contract or grant is not within the course of the officer’s or employee’s official duties, or is not under the officer’s or employee’s official supervision;

(c) The performance of the contract or grant is not prohibited by RCW 42.52.040 or by applicable laws or rules governing outside employment for the officer or employee;

(d) The contract or grant is neither performed for nor compensated by any person from whom such officer or employee would be prohibited by RCW 42.52.150(4) from receiving a gift;

(e) The contract or grant is not one expressly created or authorized by the officer or employee in his or her official capacity (or by his or her agency);

(f) The contract or grant would not require unauthorized disclosure of confidential information.

(2) In addition to satisfying the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, a state officer or state employee may have a beneficial interest in a grant or contract or a series of substantially identical contracts or grants with a state agency only if:

(a) The contract or grant is awarded or issued as a result of an open and competitive bidding process in which more than one bid or grant application was received; or

(b) The contract or grant is awarded or issued as a result of an open and competitive bidding or selection process in which the officer’s or employee’s bid or proposal was the only bid or proposal received and the officer or employee has been advised by the appropriate ethics board, before
execution of the contract or grant, that the contract or grant would not be in conflict with the proper
discharge of the officer's or employee's official duties; or

(c) The process for awarding the contract or issuing the grant is not open and competitive, but
the officer or employee has been advised by the appropriate ethics board that the contract or grant
would not be in conflict with the proper discharge of the officer's or employee's official duties.

(3) A state officer or state employee awarded a contract or issued a grant in compliance with
subsection (2) of this section shall file the contract or grant with the appropriate ethics board within
thirty days after the date of execution; however, if proprietary formulae, designs, drawings, or
research are included in the contract or grant, the proprietary formulae, designs, drawings, or research
may be deleted from the contract or grant filed with the appropriate ethics board.

(4) This section does not prevent a state officer or state employee from receiving compensation
contributed from the treasury of the United States, another state, county, or municipality if the
compensation is received pursuant to arrangements entered into between such state, county,
municipality, or the United States and the officer's or employee's agency. This section does not
prohibit a state officer or state employee from serving or performing any duties under an employment
contract with a governmental entity.

(5) As used in this section, "officer" and "employee" do not include officers and employees
who, in accordance with the terms of their employment or appointment, are serving without
compensation from the state of Washington or are receiving from the state only reimbursement of
expenses incurred or a predetermined allowance for such expenses."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "service;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and
amending RCW 42.52.120."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed
Substitute House Bill No. 2128, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute
House Bill No. 2128 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Sheahan and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2128 as
amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0,
Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock,
Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Constantine,
Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn, Dunshee, Dyer,
Fisher, Gardner, Gomboksy, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Kastama,
Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason, Mastin, McDonald,
McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O'Brien, Ogden, Parlette, Pennington,
Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler,
Scott, Schelin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sommers, H., Sterk,
Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria,
Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 96.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2128, as amended by the Senate, having received the
constitutional majority, was declared passed.
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 2165 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 47.64.120 and 1983 c 15 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Ferry system management and ferry system employee organizations, through their collective bargaining representatives, shall meet at reasonable times, to negotiate in good faith with respect to wages, hours, working conditions, insurance, and health care benefits as limited by RCW 47.64.270, and other matters mutually agreed upon. Employer funded retirement benefits shall be provided under the public employees retirement system under chapter 41.40 RCW and shall not be included in the scope of collective bargaining.
(2) Upon ratification of bargaining agreements, ferry employees are entitled to an amount equivalent to the interest earned on retroactive compensation increases. For purposes of this section, the interest earned on retroactive compensation increases is the same monthly rate of interest that was earned on the amount of the compensation increases while held in the state treasury. The interest will be computed for each employee until the date the retroactive compensation is paid, and must be allocated in accordance with appropriation authority. The interest earned on retroactive compensation is not considered part of the ongoing compensation obligation of the state and is not compensation earnable for the purposes of chapter 41.40 RCW. Negotiations shall also include grievance procedures for resolving any questions arising under the agreement, which shall be embodied in a written agreement and signed by the parties."

In line 2 of the title, after "employees;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 47.64.120."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 2165, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2165 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2165 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


House Bill No. 2165, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 8, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2170 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature declares that certain industrial investments merit special designation and treatment by governmental bodies when they are proposed. Such investments bolster the economies of their locale and impact the economy of the state as a whole. It is the intention of the legislature to recognize industrial projects of state-wide significance and to encourage local governments and state agencies to expedite their completion.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) For purposes of this chapter and RCW 28A.525.166, 28B.80.330, 28C.18.080, 43.21A.350, 47.06.030, and 90.58.100 and industrial project of state-wide significance is a border crossing project that involves both private and public investments carried out in conjunction with adjacent states or provinces or a private industrial development with private capital investment in manufacturing or research and development. To qualify as an industrial project of state-wide significance, the project must be completed after January 1, 1997, and have:

(a) In counties with a population of less than or equal to twenty thousand, a capital investment of twenty million dollars;
(b) In counties with a population of greater than twenty thousand but no more than fifty thousand, a capital investment of fifty million dollars;
(c) In counties with a population of greater than fifty thousand but no more than one hundred thousand, a capital investment of one hundred million dollars;
(d) In counties with a population of greater than one hundred thousand but no more than two hundred thousand, a capital investment of two hundred million dollars;
(e) In counties with a population of greater than two hundred thousand but no more than four hundred thousand, a capital investment of four hundred million dollars;
(f) In counties with a population of greater than four hundred thousand but no more than one million, a capital investment of six hundred million dollars;
(g) In counties with a population of greater than one million, a capital investment of one billion dollars; or
(h) Been designated by the director of community, trade, and economic development as an industrial project of state-wide significance either: (i) Because the county in which the project is to be located is a distressed county and the economic circumstances of the county merit the additional assistance such designation will bring; or (ii) because the impact on a region due to the size and complexity of the project merits such designation.

(2) The term manufacturing shall have the meaning assigned it in RCW 82.61.010.
(3) The term research and development shall have the meaning assigned it in RCW 82.61.010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. Counties and cities planning under the planning enabling act, chapter 36.70 RCW, or the requirements of the growth management act, chapter 36.70A RCW, shall include a process, to be followed at their discretion for any specific project, for expediting the completion of industrial projects of state-wide significance.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall assign an ombudsman to each industrial project of state-wide significance. The ombudsman shall be responsible for assembling a team of state and local government and private officials to help meet the planning and development needs of each project. The ombudsman shall strive to include in the teams those responsible for planning, permitting and licensing, infrastructure development, work force development services including higher education, transportation services, and the provision of utilities.
The ombudsman shall encourage each team member to expedite their actions in furtherance of the project.

Sec. 5. RCW 28C.18.080 and 1995 c 130 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The state comprehensive plan for work force training and education shall be updated every two years and presented to the governor and the appropriate legislative policy committees. Following public hearings, the legislature shall, by concurrent resolution, approve or recommend changes to the initial plan and the updates. The plan shall then become the state’s work force training policy unless legislation is enacted to alter the policies set forth in the plan.

(2) The comprehensive plan shall include work force training role and mission statements for the work force development programs of operating agencies represented on the board and sufficient specificity regarding expected actions by the operating agencies to allow them to carry out actions consistent with the comprehensive plan.

(3) Operating agencies represented on the board shall have operating plans for their work force development efforts that are consistent with the comprehensive plan and that provide detail on implementation steps they will take to carry out their responsibilities under the plan. Each operating agency represented on the board shall provide an annual progress report to the board.

(4) The comprehensive plan shall include recommendations to the legislature and the governor on the modification, consolidation, initiation, or elimination of work force training and education programs in the state.

(5) The comprehensive plan shall address how the state’s work force development system will meet the needs of employers hiring for industrial projects of state-wide significance.

(6) The board shall report to the appropriate legislative policy committees by December 1 of each year on its progress in implementing the comprehensive plan and on the progress of the operating agencies in meeting their obligations under the plan.

Sec. 6. RCW 43.21A.350 and 1987 c 109 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:

The department of ecology shall prepare and perfect from time to time a state master plan for flood control, state public reservations, financed in whole or in part from moneys collected by the state, sites for state public buildings and for the orderly development of the natural and agricultural resources of the state. The plan shall address how the department will expedite the completion of industrial projects of state-wide significance. The plan shall be a guide in making recommendations to the officers, boards, commissions, and departments of the state.

Whenever an improvement is proposed to be established by the state, the state agency having charge of the establishment thereof shall request of the director a report thereon, which shall be furnished within a reasonable time thereafter. In case an improvement is not established in conformity with the report, the state agency having charge of the establishment thereof shall file in its office and with the department a statement setting forth its reasons for rejecting or varying from such report which shall be open to public inspection.

The department shall insofar as possible secure the cooperation of adjacent states, and of counties and municipalities within the state in the coordination of their proposed improvements with such master plan.

Sec. 7. RCW 90.58.100 and 1995 c 347 s 307 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The master programs provided for in this chapter, when adopted or approved by the department shall constitute use regulations for the various shorelines of the state. In preparing the master programs, and any amendments thereto, the department and local governments shall to the extent feasible:

(a) Utilize a systematic interdisciplinary approach which will insure the integrated use of the natural and social sciences and the environmental design arts;

(b) Consult with and obtain the comments of any federal, state, regional, or local agency having any special expertise with respect to any environmental impact;

(c) Consider all plans, studies, surveys, inventories, and systems of classification made or being made by federal, state, regional, or local agencies, by private individuals, or by organizations dealing with pertinent shorelines of the state;

(d) Conduct or support such further research, studies, surveys, and interviews as are deemed necessary;
(e) Utilize all available information regarding hydrology, geography, topography, ecology, economics, and other pertinent data;

(f) Employ, when feasible, all appropriate, modern scientific data processing and computer techniques to store, index, analyze, and manage the information gathered.

(2) The master programs shall include, when appropriate, the following:

(a) An economic development element for the location and design of industries, industrial projects of state-wide significance, transportation facilities, port facilities, tourist facilities, commerce and other developments that are particularly dependent on their location on or use of the shorelines of the state;

(b) A public access element making provision for public access to publicly owned areas;

(c) A recreational element for the preservation and enlargement of recreational opportunities, including but not limited to parks, tidelands, beaches, and recreational areas;

(d) A circulation element consisting of the general location and extent of existing and proposed major thoroughfares, transportation routes, terminals, and other public utilities and facilities, all correlated with the shoreline use element;

(e) A use element which considers the proposed general distribution and general location and extent of the use on shorelines and adjacent land areas for housing, business, industry, transportation, agriculture, natural resources, recreation, education, public buildings and grounds, and other categories of public and private uses of the land;

(f) A conservation element for the preservation of natural resources, including but not limited to scenic vistas, aesthetics, and vital estuarine areas for fisheries and wildlife protection;

(g) An historic, cultural, scientific, and educational element for the protection and restoration of buildings, sites, and areas having historic, cultural, scientific, or educational values;

(h) An element that gives consideration to the state-wide interest in the prevention and minimization of flood damages; and

(i) Any other element deemed appropriate or necessary to effectuate the policy of this chapter.

(3) The master programs shall include such map or maps, descriptive text, diagrams and charts, or other descriptive material as are necessary to provide for ease of understanding.

(4) Master programs will reflect that state-owned shorelines of the state are particularly adapted to providing wilderness beaches, ecological study areas, and other recreational activities for the public and will give appropriate special consideration to same.

(5) Each master program shall contain provisions to allow for the varying of the application of use regulations of the program, including provisions for permits for conditional uses and variances, to insure that strict implementation of a program will not create unnecessary hardships or thwart the policy enumerated in RCW 90.58.020. Any such varying shall be allowed only if extraordinary circumstances are shown and the public interest suffers no substantial detrimental effect. The concept of this subsection shall be incorporated in the rules adopted by the department relating to the establishment of a permit system as provided in RCW 90.58.140(3).

(6) Each master program shall contain standards governing the protection of single family residences and appurtenant structures against damage or loss due to shoreline erosion. The standards shall govern the issuance of substantial development permits for shoreline protection, including structural methods such as construction of bulkheads, and nonstructural methods of protection. The standards shall provide for methods which achieve effective and timely protection against loss or damage to single family residences and appurtenant structures due to shoreline erosion. The standards shall provide a preference for permit issuance for measures to protect single family residences occupied prior to January 1, 1992, where the proposed measure is designed to minimize harm to the shoreline natural environment.

Sec. 8. RCW 47.06.030 and 1993 c 446 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The commission shall develop a state transportation policy plan that (1) establishes a vision and goals for the development of the state-wide transportation system consistent with the state’s growth management goals, (2) identifies significant state-wide transportation policy issues, and (3) recommends state-wide transportation policies and strategies to the legislature to fulfill the requirements of RCW 47.01.071(1). The state transportation policy plan shall be the product of an ongoing process that involves representatives of significant transportation interests and the general public from across the state. The plan shall address how the department of transportation will meet the transportation needs and expedite the completion of industrial projects of state-wide significance.
Sec. 9. RCW 28A.525.166 and 1990 c 33 s 457 are each amended to read as follows:

Allocations to school districts of state funds provided by RCW 28A.525.160 through 28A.525.182 shall be made by the state board of education and the amount of state assistance to a school district in financing a school plant project shall be determined in the following manner:

(1) The boards of directors of the districts shall determine the total cost of the proposed project, which cost may include the cost of acquiring and preparing the site, the cost of constructing the building or of acquiring a building and preparing the same for school use, the cost of necessary equipment, taxes chargeable to the project, necessary architects' fees, and a reasonable amount for contingencies and for other necessary incidental expenses: PROVIDED, That the total cost of the project shall be subject to review and approval by the state board of education.

(2) The state matching percentage for a school district shall be computed by the following formula:

\[
\text{Matching \%} = \frac{3 - \frac{\text{District adjusted valuation per pupil}}{\text{Total state adjusted valuation per pupil}}}{3 + \frac{\text{District adjusted valuation per pupil}}{\text{Total state adjusted valuation per pupil}}}\]

PROVIDED, That in the event the percentage of state assistance to any school district based on the above formula is less than twenty percent and such school district is otherwise eligible for state assistance under RCW 28A.525.160 through 28A.525.182, the state board of education may establish for such district a percentage of state assistance not in excess of twenty percent of the approved cost of the project, if the state board finds that such additional assistance is necessary to provide minimum facilities for housing the pupils of the district.

(3) In addition to the computed percent of state assistance developed in (2) above, a school district shall be entitled to additional percentage points determined by the average percentage of growth for the past three years. One percent shall be added to the computed percent of state assistance for each percent of growth, with a maximum of twenty percent.

(4) The approved cost of the project determined in the manner herein prescribed times the percentage of state assistance derived as provided for herein shall be the amount of state assistance to the district for the financing of the project: PROVIDED, That need therefor has been established to the satisfaction of the state board of education: PROVIDED, FURTHER, That additional state assistance may be allowed if it is found by the state board of education that such assistance is necessary in order to meet (a) a school housing emergency resulting from the destruction of a school building by fire, the condemnation of a school building by properly constituted authorities, a sudden excessive and clearly foreseeable future increase in school population, or other conditions similarly emergent in nature; or (b) a special school housing burden resulting from industrial projects of state-wide significance or imposed by virtue of the admission of nonresident students into educational programs established, maintained and operated in conformity with the requirements of law; or (c) a deficiency in the capital funds of the district resulting from financing, subsequent to April 1, 1969, and without benefit of the state assistance provided by prior state assistance programs, the construction of a needed school building project or projects approved in conformity with the requirements of such programs, after having first applied for and been denied state assistance because of the inadequacy of state funds available for the purpose, or (d) a condition created by the fact that an excessive number of students live in state owned housing, or (e) a need for the construction of a school building to provide for improved school district organization or racial balance, or (f) conditions similar to those defined under (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) hereinafore, creating a like emergency.

Sec. 10. RCW 28B.80.330 and 1996 c 174 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The board shall perform the following planning duties in consultation with the four-year institutions, the community and technical college system, and when appropriate the work force training
and education coordinating board, the superintendent of public instruction, and the independent higher educational institutions:

1. Develop and establish role and mission statements for each of the four-year institutions and for the community and technical college system;
2. Identify the state’s higher education goals, objectives, and priorities;
3. Prepare a comprehensive master plan which includes but is not limited to:
   a. Assessments of the state’s higher education needs. These assessments may include, but are not limited to: The basic and continuing needs of various age groups; business and industrial needs for a skilled work force; analyzes of demographic, social, and economic trends; consideration of the changing ethnic composition of the population and the special needs arising from such trends; college attendance, retention, and dropout rates, and the needs of recent high school graduates and placebound adults. The board should consider the needs of residents of all geographic regions, but its initial priorities should be applied to heavily populated areas underserved by public institutions;
   b. Recommendations on enrollment and other policies and actions to meet those needs;
   c. Guidelines for continuing education, adult education, public service, and other higher education programs;
   d. Mechanisms through which the state’s higher education system can meet the needs of employers hiring for industrial projects of state-wide significance.

The initial plan shall be submitted to the governor and the legislature by December 1, 1987. Comments on the plan from the board’s advisory committees and the institutions shall be submitted with the plan.

The plan shall be updated every four years, and presented to the governor and the appropriate legislative policy committees. Following public hearings, the legislature shall, by concurrent resolution, approve or recommend changes to the initial plan, and the updates. The plan shall then become state higher education policy unless legislation is enacted to alter the policies set forth in the plan;

4. Review, evaluate, and make recommendations on operating and capital budget requests from four-year institutions and the community and technical college system, based on the elements outlined in subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section, and on guidelines which outline the board’s fiscal priorities. These guidelines shall be distributed to the institutions and the community college board by December of each odd-numbered year. The institutions and the community college board shall submit an outline of their proposed budgets, identifying major components, to the board no later than August 1 of each even-numbered year. The board shall submit recommendations on the proposed budgets and on the board’s budget priorities to the office of financial management before November 1st of each even-numbered year, and to the legislature by January 1 of each odd-numbered year;

5. Institutions and the state board for community and technical colleges shall submit any supplemental budget requests and revisions to the board at the same time they are submitted to the office of financial management. The board shall submit recommendations on the proposed supplemental budget requests to the office of financial management by November 1st and to the legislature by January 1st;

6. Recommend legislation affecting higher education;
7. Recommend tuition and fees policies and levels based on comparisons with peer institutions;
8. Establish priorities and develop recommendations on financial aid based on comparisons with peer institutions;
9. Prepare recommendations on merging or closing institutions; and
10. Develop criteria for identifying the need for new baccalaureate institutions.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 1 through 4 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "Relating to" strike the remainder of the title and insert "industrial investments and projects of state-wide significance; amending RCW 28C.18.080, 43.21A.350, 90.58.100, 47.06.030, 28A.525.166, and 28B.80.330; and adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW." and the same are herewith transmitted.
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2170, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2170 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Dunn and Veloria spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2170 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2170, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2193 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

“NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 28B.25 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The joint center board may:
(a) Adopt rules governing pedestrian traffic and vehicular traffic and parking upon lands and facilities of the center;
(b) Establish, collect, and retain parking fees for faculty, staff, students, and visitors using the Riverpoint higher education parking facility;
(c) Adjudicate matters involving parking infractions internally; and
(d) Collect and retain any penalties for parking infractions.
(2) If the rules adopted under subsection (1) of this section provide for internal adjudication of parking infractions, a person charged with a parking infraction who deems himself or herself aggrieved by the final decision in an internal adjudication may, within ten days after written notice of the final decision, appeal by filing a written notice thereof with the joint center board. Documents relating to the appeal shall immediately be forwarded to the district court in the county in which the offense was committed, which court shall have jurisdiction over such offense and such appeal shall be heard de novo.
(3) Any funds collected under this section shall be used for the joint center’s parking program.”
Sec. 2. RCW 28B.130.020 and 1993 c 447 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The governing board of an institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016 may impose either a voluntary or a mandatory transportation fee on employees and on students at the institution. The board of the joint center for higher education under chapter 28B.25 RCW may impose either a voluntary or a mandatory transportation fee on faculty and staff working at the Riverpoint higher education park and on students attending classes there. The transportation fee shall be used solely to fund transportation demand management programs that reduce the demand for campus and neighborhood parking, and promote alternatives to single-occupant vehicle driving. If the board charges a mandatory transportation fee to students, it shall charge a mandatory transportation fee to employees. The transportation fee for employees may exceed, but shall not be lower than the transportation fee charged to students. The transportation fee for employees may be deducted from the employees' paychecks. The transportation fee for students may be imposed annually, or each academic term. For students attending community colleges and technical colleges, the mandatory transportation fee shall not exceed sixty percent of the maximum rate permitted for services and activities fees at community colleges, unless, through a vote, a majority of students consent to increase the transportation fee. For students attending four-year institutions of higher education or classes at the Riverpoint higher education park, the mandatory transportation fee shall not exceed thirty-five percent of the maximum rate permitted for services and activities fees at the institution where the student is enrolled unless, through a vote, a majority of students consents to increase the transportation fee. The board may make a limited number of exceptions to the fee based on a policy adopted by the board.
(2) The board of the joint center for higher education under chapter 28B.25 RCW shall not impose a transportation fee on any student who is already paying a transportation fee to the institution of higher education in which the student is enrolled.

Sec. 3. RCW 43.01.236 and 1995 c 215 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
All institutions of higher education as defined under RCW 28B.10.016 and the joint center for higher education under chapter 28B.25 RCW are exempt from the requirements under RCW (43.01.225) 43.01.240."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "fees;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28B.130.020 and 43.01.236; and adding a new section to chapter 28B.25 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2193, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2193 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Carlson and Kenney spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2193 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2193, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4660, by Representatives D. Schmidt, Thompson and Johnson

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to honor excellence in every field of endeavor; and
WHEREAS, Fran O’Rourke, a teacher at Cedar Wood Elementary School in Bothell, Washington, has demonstrated exceptional skills in the classroom, and has therefore been awarded the Presidential Award for Excellence in Science and Mathematics Teaching; and
WHEREAS, Fran O’Rourke’s unique teaching style is replete with enriching opportunities for students, and includes hands-on learning activities, strong parental involvement, and interdisciplinary curricula design; and
WHEREAS, Fran O’Rourke and her students designed a driver’s license for the Mars Rover Pathfinder mission, a copy of which is now on display at the Smithsonian Institute; and
WHEREAS, Fran O’Rourke has initiated or been involved with instructional technology projects such as simulated space shuttle launches, simulated journeys to the moon and Mars, a two-day wetlands curriculum, NASA’s summer symposium in science curriculum, and a multitude of other creative learning opportunities for students; and
WHEREAS, Fran O’Rourke has exhibited boundless energy, unusual vision, and a commitment to her students that is worthy of emulation by teachers across the state;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives honor Fran O’Rourke; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Fran O’Rourke and the Principal of Cedar Wood Elementary School.

Representative D. Schmidt moved and spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4660 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the third order of business.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6062,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:
SENATE BILL NO. 5402,
SENATE BILL NO. 5559,
SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1327 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 82.08.050 and 1993 sp.s. c 25 s 704 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) The tax hereby imposed shall be paid by the buyer to the seller, and each seller shall collect from the buyer the full amount of the tax payable in respect to each taxable sale in accordance with the schedule of collections adopted by the department pursuant to the provisions of RCW 82.08.060. The tax required by this chapter, to be collected by the seller, minus the amount retained by the seller for administration under subsection (2) of this section, shall be deemed to be held in trust by the seller until paid to the department, and any seller who appropriates or converts the tax collected to his or her own use or to any use other than the payment of the tax to the extent that the money required to be collected is not available for payment on the due date as prescribed in this chapter shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

(b) In case any seller fails to collect the tax herein imposed or having collected the tax, fails to pay ((#)) the amount owed to the department in the manner prescribed by this chapter, whether such failure is the result of his or her own acts or the result of acts or conditions beyond his or her control, he or she shall, nevertheless, be personally liable to the state for the amount of the tax owed, unless the
seller has taken from the buyer in good faith a properly executed resale certificate under RCW 82.04.470.

(c) The amount of tax, until paid by the buyer to the seller or to the department, shall constitute a debt from the buyer to the seller and any seller who fails or refuses to collect the tax as required with intent to violate the provisions of this chapter or to gain some advantage or benefit, either direct or indirect, and any buyer who refuses to pay any tax due under this chapter shall be guilty of a misdemeanor. The tax required by this chapter to be collected by the seller shall be stated separately from the selling price in any sales invoice or other instrument of sale. On all retail sales through vending machines, the tax need not be stated separately from the selling price or collected separately from the buyer. For purposes of determining the tax due from the buyer to the seller and from the seller to the department it shall be conclusively presumed that the selling price quoted in any price list, sales document, contract or other agreement between the parties does not include the tax imposed by this chapter, but if the seller advertises the price as including the tax or that the seller is paying the tax, the advertised price shall not be considered the selling price.

(d) Where a buyer has failed to pay to the seller the tax imposed by this chapter and the seller has not paid the amount of the tax owed to the department, the department may, in its discretion, proceed directly against the buyer for collection of the tax, in which case a penalty of ten percent may be added to the amount of the tax for failure of the buyer to pay the same to the seller, regardless of when the tax may be collected by the department; and all of the provisions of chapter 82.32 RCW, including those relative to interest and penalties, shall apply in addition; and, for the sole purpose of applying the various provisions of chapter 82.32 RCW, the twenty-fifth day of the month following the tax period in which the purchase was made shall be considered as the due date of the tax.

(2) Each seller shall retain, as reimbursement for the costs associated with collection and administration under this section, the following amounts each reporting period:

(a) 1.0 percent of the tax collected under this section on the first forty thousand dollars of taxable sales per month in the reporting period; and
(b) 0.5 percent of the tax collected under this section on sales greater than forty thousand dollars but less than or equal to one hundred twenty thousand dollars per month in the reporting period.

No reimbursement is allowed under this section for taxable sales in excess of one hundred twenty thousand dollars per month in the reporting period.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:

This chapter does not apply to amounts retained by a seller for administration under RCW 82.08.050(2).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "costs;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 82.08.050; adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1327, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1327 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Huff, Dunshee and Huff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative H. Sommers spoke against the passage of the bill.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1327 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 83, Nays - 15, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1327, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1056 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 79.71 RCW to read as follows:
The property currently designated as the Elk river natural area preserve is transferred from management under chapter 79.70 RCW as a natural area preserve to management under chapter 79.71 RCW as a natural resources conservation area. The legislature finds that hunting is a suitable low-impact public use within the Elk river natural resources conservation area. The department of natural resources shall incorporate this legislative direction into the management plan developed for the Elk river natural resources conservation area. The department shall work with the department of fish and wildlife to identify hunting opportunities compatible with the area's conservation purposes."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "preserves;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new section to chapter 79.71 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1056, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1056 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Buck and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

COLLOQUY

Representative Buck: Would the gentleman from District 18 yield to a question? The Senate removed a provision in the underlying House bill that stated that upland uses of motorized vehicles do
not constitute a low-impact public use within the conservation area. Does this mean that the department is required to permit use of motorized vehicles?

Representative Hatfield: No. RCW 79.71.070 directs the Department of Natural Resources to develop a management plan for each conservation area. The plan must identify the significant resources to be conserved and the areas with potential for low-impact public and environmental educational uses. The plan must also specify the public uses that are permitted in the area, consistent with conservation purposes. Since the bill does not amend this section of current law, the department will go through the same process for this conservation area as it does for any conservation area in determining whether motorized uses are low-impact public uses consistent with the area’s conservation purposes.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1056 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 88, Nays - 10, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Chandler, Cole, Constantine, Dickerson, Dunshee, Mason, Mastin, Quall, Romero and Schoesler - 10.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1056, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1607 with the following amendments:

On page 2, line 38, after "before" strike "July 1, 1997" and insert "August 1, 1997"

On page 3, line 38, after "before" strike "July 1, 1997" and insert "August 1, 1997"

On page 4, beginning on line 20, after "after" strike "June 30, 1997" and insert "July 31, 1997"

On page 4, line 36, after "(b)" insert "If a physician submits a report to the self-insurer that concludes that the worker’s condition is fixed and stable and supports payment of a permanent partial disability award, and if within fourteen days from the date the self-insurer mailed the report to the attending or treating physician, the worker’s attending or treating physician disagrees in writing that the worker’s condition is fixed and stable, the self-insurer must get a supplemental medical opinion from a provider on the department’s approved examiner’s list before closing the claim. In the alternative, the self-insurer may forward the claim to the department, which must review the claim and enter a final order as provided for in RCW 51.52.050.

(c)"

On page 5, line 12, strike "(c)" and insert "(d)"
On page 6, after line 9, strike all of section 3

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "self-insurers;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 51.32.055; and creating a new section."

and the same are herewith transmitted. Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

Representative McMorris moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1607, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

Representative McMorris spoke in favor of the adoption of the motion.

Representatives Conway and Cole spoke against adoption of the motion.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 58-YEAS; 39-NAYS. The motion was adopted.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1607 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives McMorris and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Conway and Cole spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1607 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 38, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1607, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1770 with the following amendments:

On page 4, line 9, after "fishery" insert "license"

and the same are herewith transmitted.
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1770, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1770 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Alexander and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1770 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1770, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL**

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1826 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 76.12.030 and 1991 c 363 s 151 are each amended to read as follows:

If any land acquired by a county through foreclosure of tax liens, or otherwise, comes within the classification of land described in RCW 76.12.020 and can be used as state forest land and if the department deems such land necessary for the purposes of this chapter, the county shall, upon demand by the department, deed such land to the department and the land shall become a part of the state forest lands. Such land shall be held in trust and administered and protected by the department as other state forest lands. Any moneys derived from the lease of such land or from the sale of forest products, oils, gases, coal, minerals, or fossils therefrom, shall be distributed as follows:

1) The expense incurred by the state for administration, reforestation, and protection, not to exceed twenty-two percent, which rate of percentage shall be determined by the board of natural resources, shall be returned to the forest development account in the state general fund. By June 30th of each year, the board of natural resources must establish the percentage and a budget for the following fiscal year in such a manner that the balance in the account does not exceed the amount necessary for six months of operating expenses for administration, reforestation, and protection. The board of natural resources must set the level of the balance of the account in cooperation with the counties that have forest board transfer lands."
(2) Any balance remaining after the distribution under subsection (1) of this section shall be paid to the county in which the land is located to be paid, distributed, and prorated, except as hereinafter provided, to the various funds in the same manner as general taxes are paid and distributed during the year of payment(Provided, That). Within seven working days of receipt of these moneys, the department shall certify to the state treasurer the amounts to be distributed to the counties. The state treasurer shall distribute funds to the counties four times per month, with no more than ten days between each payment date. Any such balance remaining paid to a county with a population of less than nine thousand shall first be applied to the reduction of any indebtedness existing in the current expense fund of such county during the year of payment.

Sec. 2. RCW 76.12.120 and 1988 c 128 s 32 and 1988 c 70 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

All land, acquired or designated by the department as state forest land, shall be forever reserved from sale, but the timber and other products thereon may be sold or the land may be leased in the same manner and for the same purposes as is authorized for state granted land if the department finds such sale or lease to be in the best financial interest of the state and approves the terms and conditions thereof) respective county trust beneficiaries.

Except as provided in RCW 79.12.035, all money derived from the sale of timber or other products, or from lease, or from any other source from the land, except where the Constitution of this state or RCW 76.12.030 requires other disposition, shall be disposed of as follows:

(1) Fifty percent shall be placed in the forest development account.

(2) Fifty percent shall be prorated and distributed to the state general fund, to be dedicated for the benefit of the public schools, and the county in which the land is located according to the relative proportions of tax levies of all taxing districts in the county. The portion to be distributed to the state general fund shall be based on the regular school levy rate under RCW 84.52.065 as now or hereafter amended and the levy rate for any maintenance and operation special school levies. With regard to the portion to be distributed to the counties, the department shall certify to the state treasurer the amounts to be distributed within seven working days of receipt of the money. The state treasurer shall distribute funds to the counties four times per month, with no more than ten days between each payment date. The money distributed to the county shall be paid, distributed, and prorated to the various other funds in the same manner as general taxes are paid and distributed during the year of payment.

Sec. 3. RCW 79.01.744 and 1987 c 505 s 76 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It shall be the duty of the commissioner of public lands to report, and recommend, to each session of the legislature, any changes in the law relating to the methods of handling the public lands of the state that he may deem advisable.

(2) The commissioner of public lands shall provide a comprehensive biennial report to reflect the previous fiscal period. The report shall include, but not be limited to, descriptions of all department activities including: Revenues generated, program costs, capital expenditures, personnel, special projects, new and ongoing research, environmental controls, cooperative projects, intergovernmental agreements, the adopted sustainable harvest compared to the sales program, and outlines of ongoing litigation, recent court decisions and orders on major issues with the potential for state liability. The report shall describe the status of the resources managed and the recreational and commercial utilization. The report shall be given to the chairs of the house and senate committees on ways and means and the house and senate committees on natural resources, including one copy to the staff of each of the committees, and shall be made available to the public.

(3) The commissioner of public lands shall provide annual reports to the respective trust beneficiaries, including each county. The report shall include, but not be limited to, the following: Acres sold, acres harvested, volume from those acres, acres planted, number of stems per acre, acres precommercially thinned, acres commercially thinned, acres partially cut, acres clear cut, age of final rotation for acres clear cut, and the total number of acres off base for harvest and an explanation of why those acres are off base for harvest."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "lands;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 76.12.030 and 79.01.744; and reenacting and amending RCW 76.12.120."

and the same are herewith transmitted.
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1826, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1826 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives B. Thomas and Regala spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1826 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 73, Nays - 25, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1826, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 15, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1841 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the children of this state have the right to an effective public education and that both students and educators have the need to be safe and secure in the classroom if learning is to occur. The legislature also finds, however, that children in many of our public schools are forced to focus on the threat and message of violence contained in many aspects of our society and reflected through and in gang violence activities on school campuses.

The legislature recognizes that the prevalence of weapons, including firearms and dangerous knives, is an increasing problem that is spreading rapidly even to elementary schools throughout the state. Gang-related apparel and regalia compound the problem by easily concealing weapons that threaten and intimidate students and school personnel. These threats have resulted in tragic and unnecessary bloodshed over the past two years and must be eradicated from the system if student and staff security is to be restored on school campuses. Many educators believe that school dress significantly influences student behavior in both positive and negative ways. Special school dress up and color days signify school spirit and provide students with a sense of unity. Schools that have adopted school uniforms report a feeling of togetherness, greater school pride, and better student behavior in and out of the classroom. This sense of unity provides students with the positive attitudes needed to avert the pressures of gang involvement."
The legislature also recognizes there are other more significant factors that impact school safety such as the pervasive use of drugs and alcohol in school. In addition to physical safety zones, schools should also be drug-free zones that expressly prohibit the sale, use, or possession of illegal drugs on school property. Students involved in drug-related activity are unable to benefit fully from educational opportunities and are disruptive to the learning environment of their fellow students. Schools must be empowered to make decisions that positively impact student learning by eradicating drug use and possession on their campuses. This flexibility should also be afforded to schools as they deal with other harmful substance abuse activities engaged in by their students.

Toward this end, the legislature recognizes the important role of the classroom teacher who must be empowered to restore discipline and safety in the classroom. Teachers must have the ability to control the conduct of students to ensure that their mission of educating students may be achieved. Disruptive behavior must not be allowed to continue to divert attention, time, and resources from educational activities.

The legislature therefore intends to define gang-related activities as criminal behavior disruptive not only to the learning environment but to society as a whole, and to provide educators with the authority to restore order and safety to the student learning environment, eliminate the influence of gang activities, and eradicate drug and substance abuse on school campuses, thus empowering educators to regain control of our classrooms and provide our students with the best educational opportunities available in our schools.

The legislature also finds that students and school employees have been subjected to violence such as rapes, assaults, or harassment that has not been gang or drug-related criminal activity. The legislature intends that all violence and harassment directed at students and school personnel be eradicated in public schools.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 RCW to read as follows:
(1) A student who is enrolled in a public school or an alternative school may be suspended or expelled if the student is a member of a gang and knowingly engages in gang activity on school grounds.
(2) "Gang" means a group which: (a) Consists of three or more persons; (b) has identifiable leadership; and (c) on an ongoing basis, regularly conspires and acts in concert mainly for criminal purposes.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 9A.46 RCW to read as follows:
A person commits the offense of criminal gang intimidation if the person threatens another person with bodily injury because the other person refuses to join or has attempted to withdraw from a gang, as defined in section 2 of this act, if the person who threatens the victim or the victim attends or is registered in a public or alternative school. Criminal gang intimidation is a class C felony.

Sec. 4. RCW 28A.225.330 and 1995 c 324 s 2 and 1995 c 311 s 25 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) When enrolling a student who has attended school in another school district, the school enrolling the student may request the parent and the student to briefly indicate in writing whether or not the student has:
(a) Any history of placement in special educational programs;
(b) Any past, current, or pending disciplinary action;
(c) Any history of violent behavior, or behavior listed in section 7 of this act;
(d) Any unpaid fines or fees imposed by other schools; and
(e) Any health conditions affecting the student's educational needs.
(2) The school enrolling the student shall request the school the student previously attended to send the student's permanent record including records of disciplinary action, attendance, immunization records, and academic performance. If the student has not paid a fine or fee under RCW 28A.635.060, or tuition, fees, or fines at approved private schools the school may withhold the student's official transcript, but shall transmit information about the student's academic performance, special placement, immunization records, and records of disciplinary action. If the official transcript is not sent due to unpaid tuition, fees, or fines, the enrolling school shall notify both the student and parent or guardian that the official transcript will not be sent until the obligation is met, and failure to have an official transcript may result in exclusion from extracurricular activities or failure to graduate.
(3) If information is requested under subsection (2) of this section, the information shall be transmitted within two school days after receiving the request and the records shall be sent as soon as possible. Any school district or district employee who releases the information in compliance with this section is immune from civil liability for damages unless it is shown that the school district employee acted with gross negligence or in bad faith. The state board of education shall provide by rule for the discipline under chapter 28A.410 RCW of a school principal or other chief administrator of a public school building who fails to make a good faith effort to assure compliance with this subsection.

(4) Any school district or district employee who releases the information in compliance with federal and state law is immune from civil liability for damages unless it is shown that the school district or district employee acted with gross negligence or in bad faith.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 28A.195 RCW to read as follows:
If a student who previously attended an approved private school enrolls in a public school but has not paid tuition, fees, or fines at the approved private school, the approved private school may withhold the student’s official transcript, but shall transmit information to the public school about the student’s academic performance, special placement, immunization records, and records of disciplinary action.

Sec. 6. RCW 28A.635.020 and 1981 c 36 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) It shall be unlawful for any person to willfully disobey the order of the chief administrative officer of a public school district, or of an authorized designee of any such administrator, to leave any motor vehicle, building, grounds or other property which is owned, operated or controlled by the school district if the person so ordered is under the influence of alcohol or drugs, or is committing, threatens to imminent commit or incites another to imminent commit any act which would disturb or interfere with or obstruct any lawful task, function, process or procedure of the school district or any lawful task, function, process or procedure of any student, official, employee or invitee of the school district. The order of a school officer or designee acting pursuant to this subsection shall be valid if the officer or designee reasonably believes a person ordered to leave is under the influence of alcohol or drugs, is committing acts, or is creating a disturbance as provided in this subsection.

(2) It shall be unlawful for any person to refuse to leave public property immediately adjacent to a building, grounds or property which is owned, operated or controlled by a school district when ordered to do so by a law enforcement officer if such person is engaging in conduct which creates a substantial risk of causing injury to any person, or substantial harm to property, or such conduct amounts to disorderly conduct under RCW 9A.84.030.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit or penalize activity consisting of the lawful exercise of freedom of speech, freedom of press and the right to peaceably assemble and petition the government for a redress of grievances: PROVIDED, That such activity neither does or threatens imminent to materially disturb or interfere with or obstruct any lawful task, function, process or procedure of the school district, or any lawful task, function, process or procedure of any student, official, employee or invitee of the school district: PROVIDED FURTHER, That such activity is not conducted in violation of a prohibition or limitation lawfully imposed by the school district upon entry or use of any motor vehicle, building, grounds or other property which is owned, operated or controlled by the school district.

(4) Any person guilty of violating this section shall be deemed guilty of a gross misdemeanor (and, upon conviction therefor, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in jail for not more than six months or both so fined and imprisoned) punishable as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 13.04 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Whenever a minor enrolled in any common school is convicted in adult criminal court, or adjudicated or entered into a diversion agreement with the juvenile court on any of the following offenses, the court must notify the principal of the student’s school of the disposition of the case, after first notifying the parent or legal guardian that such notification will be made:
   (a) A violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
   (b) A sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
   (c) Inhaling toxic fumes under chapter 9.47A RCW;
   (d) A controlled substances violation under chapter 69.50 RCW;

   (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit or penalize activity consisting of the lawful exercise of freedom of speech, freedom of press and the right to peaceably assemble and petition the government for a redress of grievances: PROVIDED, That such activity neither does or threatens imminent to materially disturb or interfere with or obstruct any lawful task, function, process or procedure of the school district, or any lawful task, function, process or procedure of any student, official, employee or invitee of the school district: PROVIDED FURTHER, That such activity is not conducted in violation of a prohibition or limitation lawfully imposed by the school district upon entry or use of any motor vehicle, building, grounds or other property which is owned, operated or controlled by the school district.

(4) Any person guilty of violating this section shall be deemed guilty of a gross misdemeanor (and, upon conviction therefor, shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or imprisoned in jail for not more than six months or both so fined and imprisoned) punishable as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.
A liquor violation under RCW 66.44.270; and
Any crime under chapters 9A.36, 9A.40, 9A.46, and 9A.48 RCW.

The principal must provide the information received under subsection (1) of this section to every teacher of any student who qualifies under subsection (1) of this section and any other personnel who, in the judgment of the principal, supervises the student or for security purposes should be aware of the student’s record. The principal must provide the information to teachers and other personnel based on any written records that the principal maintains or receives from a juvenile court administrator or a law enforcement agency regarding the student.

Any information received by a principal or school personnel under this section is confidential and may not be further disseminated except as provided in RCW 28A.225.330, other statutes or case law, and the family and educational and privacy rights act of 1994, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1232g et seq.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 13.50 RCW to read as follows:
Records of disposition for a juvenile offense must be provided to schools as provided in section 7 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 RCW to read as follows:
(1) School district boards of directors shall adopt policies that restore discipline to the classroom. Such policies must provide for at least the following: Allowing each teacher to take disciplinary action to correct a student who disrupts normal classroom activities, abuses or insults a teacher as prohibited by RCW 28A.635.010, willfully disobeys a teacher, uses abusive or foul language directed at a school district employee, school volunteer, or another student, violates school rules, or who interferes with an orderly education process. Disciplinary action may include but is not limited to: Oral or written reprimands; written notification to parents of disruptive behavior, a copy of which must be provided to the principal.

(2) A student committing an offense under chapter 9A.36, 9A.40, 9A.46, or 9A.48 RCW when the activity is directed toward the teacher, shall not be assigned to that teacher’s classroom for the duration of the student’s attendance at that school or any other school where the teacher is assigned.

(3) A student who commits an offense under chapter 9A.36, 9A.40, 9A.46, or 9A.48 RCW, when directed toward another student, may be removed from the classroom of the victim for the duration of the student’s attendance at that school or any other school where the victim is enrolled. A student who commits an offense under one of the chapters enumerated in this section against a student or another school employee, may be expelled or suspended.

(4) Nothing in this section is intended to limit the authority of a school under existing law and rules to expel or suspend a student for misconduct or criminal behavior.

(5) All school districts must collect data on disciplinary actions taken in each school. The information shall be made available to the public upon request. This collection of data shall not include personally identifiable information including, but not limited to, a student’s social security number, name, or address.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 RCW to read as follows:
School district boards of directors may adopt policies that limit the possession of (1) paging telecommunication devices by students that emit audible signals, vibrate, display a message, or otherwise summons or delivers a communication to the possessor, and (2) portable or cellular telephones.

Sec. 11. RCW 28A.600.020 and 1990 c 33 s 497 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The rules adopted pursuant to RCW 28A.600.010 shall be interpreted to insure that the optimum learning atmosphere of the classroom is maintained, and that the highest consideration is given to the judgment of qualified certificated educators regarding conditions necessary to maintain the optimum learning atmosphere.

(2) Any student who creates a disruption of the educational process in violation of the building disciplinary standards while under a teacher’s immediate supervision may be excluded by the teacher from his or her individual classroom and instructional or activity area for all or any portion of the balance of the school day, or up to the following two days, or until the principal or designee and
teacher have conferred, whichever occurs first (PROVIDED, That)). Except in emergency circumstances, the teacher (shall have) first (attempted) must attempt one or more alternative forms of corrective action (PROVIDED FURTHER, That). In no event without the consent of the teacher (shall) may an excluded student (be returned) return to the class during the balance of that class or activity period or up to the following two days, or until the principal or his or her designee and the teacher have conferred.

(3) In order to preserve a beneficial learning environment for all students and to maintain good order and discipline in each classroom, every school district board of directors shall provide that written procedures are developed for administering discipline at each school within the district. Such procedures shall be developed with the participation of parents and the community, and shall provide that the teacher, principal or designee, and other authorities designated by the board of directors, make every reasonable attempt to involve the parent or guardian and the student in the resolution of student discipline problems. Such procedures shall provide that students may be excluded from their individual classes or activities for periods of time in excess of that provided in subsection (2) of this section if such students have repeatedly disrupted the learning of other students (PROVIDED, That). The procedures (are) must be consistent with the regulations) rules of the state board of education and must provide for early involvement of parents in attempts to improve the student’s behavior (PROVIDED FURTHER, That pursuant to RCW 28A.400.110).

(4) The procedures shall assure, pursuant to RCW 28A.400.110, that all staff work cooperatively toward consistent enforcement of proper student behavior throughout each school as well as within each classroom.

(5) A principal shall consider imposing long-term suspension or expulsion as a sanction when deciding the appropriate disciplinary action for a student who, after the effective date of this section:
(a) Engages in two or more violations within a three-year period of section 2, 3, 9, or 10 of this act, RCW 28A.635.020, 28A.600.020, 28A.635.060, 9.41.280, or 28A.320.140; or
(b) Engages in one or more of the offenses listed in section 7 of this act.

The principal shall communicate the disciplinary action taken by the principal to the school personnel who referred the student to the principal for disciplinary action.

Sec. 12. RCW 28A.400.110 and 1990 c 33 s 379 are each amended to read as follows:
Within each school the school principal shall determine that appropriate student discipline is established and enforced. In order to assist the principal in carrying out the intent of this section, the principal and the certificated employees in a school building shall confer at least annually in order to develop and/or review building disciplinary standards and uniform enforcement of those standards. Such building standards shall be consistent with the provisions of RCW 28A.600.020(3).

School principals and certificated employees shall also confer annually, to establish criteria for determining when certificated employees must complete classes to improve classroom management skills.

Sec. 13. RCW 28A.635.060 and 1994 c 304 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any pupil who (shall) defaces or otherwise injures any school property, (shall be liable) or property belonging to a school contractor, employee, or another student, is subject to suspension and punishment. If any property of the school district (whose property), a contractor of the district, an employee, or another student has been lost or willfully cut, defaced, or injured, the school district may withhold the grades, diploma, and transcripts of the pupil responsible for the damage or loss until the pupil or the pupil’s parent or guardian has paid for the damages. If the student is suspended, the student may not be readmitted until the student or parents or legal guardian has made payment in full or until directed by the superintendent of schools. If the property damaged is a school bus owned and operated by or contracted to any school district, a student suspended for the damage may not be permitted to enter or ride any school bus until the student or parent or legal guardian has made payment in full or until directed by the superintendent. When the pupil and parent or guardian are unable to pay for the damages, the school district shall provide a program of voluntary work for the pupil in lieu of the payment of monetary damages. Upon completion of voluntary work the grades, diploma, and transcripts of the pupil shall be released. The parent or guardian of such pupil shall be liable for damages as otherwise provided by law.

(2) Before any penalties are assessed under this section, a school district board of directors shall adopt procedures which insure that pupils’ rights to due process are protected.
If the department of social and health services or a child-placing agency licensed by the department has been granted custody of a child, that child’s records, if requested by the department or agency, are not to be withheld for nonpayment of school fees or any other reason.

**Sec. 14.** RCW 28A.320.140 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 612 are each amended to read as follows:

1. School district boards of directors may establish schools or programs which parents may choose for their children to attend in which: (a) Students are required to conform to dress and grooming codes, including requiring that students wear uniforms; (b) parents are required to participate in the student’s education; or (c) discipline requirements are more stringent than in other schools in the district.

2. School district boards of directors may establish schools or programs in which: (a) Students are required to conform to dress and grooming codes, including requiring that students wear uniforms; (b) parents are regularly counseled and encouraged to participate in the student’s education; or (c) discipline requirements are more stringent than in other schools in the district. School boards may require that students who are subject to suspension or expulsion attend these schools or programs as a condition of continued enrollment in the school district.

3. If students are required to wear uniforms in these programs or schools, school districts shall accommodate students so that the uniform requirement is not an unfair barrier to school attendance and participation.

4. Nothing in this section impairs or reduces in any manner whatsoever the authority of a board under other law to impose a dress and appearance code. However, if a board requires uniforms under such other authority, it shall accommodate students so that the uniform requirement is not an unfair barrier to school attendance and participation.

5. School district boards of directors may adopt dress and grooming code policies which prohibit students from wearing gang-related apparel. If a dress and grooming code policy contains this provision, the school board must also establish policies to notify students and parents of what clothing and apparel is considered to be gang-related apparel. This notice must precede any disciplinary action resulting from a student wearing gang-related apparel.

6. School district boards of directors may not adopt a dress and grooming code policy which precludes students who participate in nationally recognized youth organizations from wearing organization uniforms on days that the organization has a scheduled activity or prohibit students from wearing clothing in observance of their religion.

**Sec. 15.** RCW 9.94A.320 and 1996 c 302 s 6, 1996 c 205 s 3, and 1996 c 36 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

### TABLE 2

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Explosive devices prohibited (RCW 70.74.180)
Indecent Liberties (with forcible compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1)(a))
Endangering life and property by explosives with threat to human being (RCW 70.74.270)
Over 18 and deliver narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or a nonnarcotic from Schedule I-V to someone under 18 and 3 years junior (RCW 69.50.406)
Controlled Substance Homicide (RCW 69.50.415)
Sexual Exploitation (RCW 9.68A.040)
Inciting Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.060(1)(b))
Vehicular Homicide, by being under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.520)

VIII Arson 1 (RCW 9A.48.020)
Promoting Prostitution 1 (RCW 9A.88.070)
Selling for profit (controlled or counterfeit) any controlled substance (RCW 69.50.410)
Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver heroin or cocaine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))
Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(ii))
Possession of ephedrine or pseudoephedrine with intent to manufacture methamphetamine (RCW 69.50.440)
Vehicular Homicide, by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner (RCW 46.61.520)

VII Burglary 1 (RCW 9A.52.020)
Vehicular Homicide, by disregard for the safety of others (RCW 46.61.520)
Introducing Contraband 1 (RCW 9A.76.140)
Indecent Liberties (without forcible compulsion) (RCW 9A.44.100(1) (b) and (c))
Child Molestation 2 (RCW 9A.44.086)
Dealing in depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct (RCW 9.68A.050)
Sending, bringing into state depictions of minor engaged in sexually explicit conduct (RCW 9.68A.060)
Involving a minor in drug dealing (RCW 69.50.401(f))
Reckless Endangerment 1 (RCW 9A.36.045)
Unlawful Possession of a Firearm in the first degree (RCW 9.41.040(1)(a))

VI Bribery (RCW 9A.68.010)
Manslaughter 2 (RCW 9A.32.070)
Rape of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.44.079)
Intimidating a Juror/Witness (RCW 9A.72.110, 9A.72.130)
Damaging building, etc., by explosion with no threat to human being (RCW 70.74.280(2))
Endangering life and property by explosives with no threat to human being (RCW 70.74.270)
Incest 1 (RCW 9A.64.020(1))
Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver narcotics from Schedule I or II (except heroin or cocaine) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(i))
Intimidating a Judge (RCW 9A.72.160)
Bail Jumping with Murder 1 (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(a))
Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300)

V Persistent prison misbehavior (RCW 9.94.070)
Criminal Mistreatment 1 (RCW 9A.42.020)
Abandonment of dependent person 1 (RCW 9A.42.060)
Rape 3 (RCW 9A.44.060)
Sexual Misconduct with a Minor 1 (RCW 9A.44.093)
Child Molestation 3 (RCW 9A.44.089)
Kidnapping 2 (RCW 9A.40.030)
Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120)
Incest 2 (RCW 9A.64.020(2))
Perjury 1 (RCW 9A.72.020)
Extortionate Extension of Credit (RCW 9A.82.020)
Advancing money or property for extortionate extension of credit (RCW 9A.82.030)
Extortionate Means to Collect Extensions of Credit (RCW 9A.82.040)
Rendering Criminal Assistance 1 (RCW 9A.76.070)
Bail Jumping with class A Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(b))
Sexually Violating Human Remains (RCW 9A.44.105)
Delivery of imitation controlled substance by person eighteen or over to person under eighteen (RCW 69.52.030(2))
Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310)

### IV Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025)
Theft of Livestock 1 (RCW 9A.56.080)
Robbery 2 (RCW 9A.56.210)
Assault 2 (RCW 9A.36.021)
Escape 1 (RCW 9A.76.110)
Arson 2 (RCW 9A.48.030)
Commercial Bribery (RCW 9A.68.060)
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Malicious Harassment (RCW 9A.36.080)
Threats to Bomb (RCW 9A.61.160)
Willful Failure to Return from Furlough (RCW 72.66.060)
Hit and Run -- Injury Accident (RCW 46.52.020(4))
Hit and Run with Vessel -- Injury Accident (RCW 88.12.155(3))
Vehicular Assault (RCW 46.61.522)
Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver narcotics from Schedule III, IV, or V or nonnarcotics from Schedule I-V (except marijuana or methamphetamines) (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (iii) through (v))
Influencing Outcome of Sporting Event (RCW 9A.82.070)
Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.080 (1) and (2))
Knowingly Trafficking in Stolen Property (RCW 9A.82.050(2))

### III Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.-- (section 3 of this act))
Criminal Mistreatment 2 (RCW 9A.42.030)
Abandonment of dependent person 2 (RCW 9A.42.070)
Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130)
Unlawful Imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040)
Assault 3 (RCW 9A.36.031)
Assault of a Child 3 (RCW 9A.36.140)
Custodial Assault (RCW 9A.36.100)
Unlawful possession of firearm in the second degree (RCW 9.41.040(1)(b))
Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020)
Promoting Prostitution 2 (RCW 9A.88.080)
Willful Failure to Return from Work Release (RCW 72.65.070)
Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030)
Introducing Contraband 2 (RCW 9A.76.150)
Communication with a Minor for Immoral Purposes (RCW 9.68A.090)
Patronizing a Juvenile Prostitute (RCW 9.68A.100)
Escape 2 (RCW 9A.76.120)
Perjury 2 (RCW 9A.72.030)
Bail Jumping with class B or C Felony (RCW 9A.76.170(2)(c))
Intimidating a Public Servant (RCW 9A.76.180)
Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120)
Manufacture, deliver, or possess with intent to deliver marijuana (RCW 69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))
Delivery of a material in lieu of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(c))
Manufacture, distribute, or possess with intent to distribute an imitation controlled substance (RCW 69.52.030(1))
Recklessly Trafficking in Stolen Property (RCW 9A.82.050(1))
Theft of livestock 2 (RCW 9A.56.080)
Securities Act violation (RCW 21.20.400)

II Unlawful Practice of Law (RCW 2.48.180)
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Possession of Stolen Property 1 (RCW 9A.56.150)
Theft 1 (RCW 9A.56.030)
Trafficking in Insurance Claims (RCW 48.30A.015)
Unlicensed Practice of a Profession or Business (RCW 18.130.190(7))
Health Care False Claims (RCW 48.80.030)
Possession of controlled substance that is either heroin or narcotics from Schedule I or II (RCW 69.50.401(d))
Possession of phencyclidine (PCP) (RCW 69.50.401(d))
Create, deliver, or possess a counterfeit controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(b))
Computer Trespass 1 (RCW 9A.52.110)
Escape from Community Custody (RCW 72.09.310)

I Theft 2 (RCW 9A.56.040)
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Forgery (RCW 9A.60.020)
Taking Motor Vehicle Without Permission (RCW 9A.56.070)
Vehicle Prowl 1 (RCW 9A.52.095)
Attempting to Elude a Pursuing Police Vehicle (RCW 46.61.024)
Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080)
Reckless Burning 1 (RCW 9A.48.040)
Unlawful Issuance of Checks or Drafts (RCW 9A.56.060)
Unlawful Use of Food Stamps (RCW 9.91.140 (2) and (3))
False Verification for Welfare (RCW 74.08.055)
Forged Prescription (RCW 69.41.020)
Forged Prescription for a Controlled Substance (RCW 69.50.403)
Possess Controlled Substance that is a Narcotic from Schedule III, IV, or V or Non-narcotic from Schedule I-V (except phencyclidine) (RCW 69.50.401(d))

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "safety:" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28A.635.020, 28A.600.020, 28A.400.110, 28A.635.060, and 28A.320.140; reenacting and amending RCW 28A.225.330 and 9.94A.320; adding new sections to chapter 28A.600 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 9A.46 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.195 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.50 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.320 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1841, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1841 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Honeyford and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1841 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Mason and Murray - 2.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1841, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2083 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
Counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 may include existing resorts as master planned resorts which may constitute urban growth outside of urban growth areas as limited by this section. An existing resort means a resort in existence on July 1, 1990, and developed, in whole or in part, as a significantly self-contained and integrated development that includes short-term visitor accommodations associated with a range of indoor and outdoor recreational facilities within the property boundaries in a setting of significant natural amenities. An existing resort may include other permanent residential uses, conference facilities, and commercial activities supporting the resort, but only if these other uses are integrated into and consistent with the on-site recreational nature of the resort.

An existing resort may be authorized by a county only if:
(1) The comprehensive plan specifically identifies policies to guide the development of the existing resort;
(2) The comprehensive plan and development regulations include restrictions that preclude new urban or suburban land uses in the vicinity of the existing resort, except in areas otherwise designated for urban growth under RCW 36.70A.110 and 36.70A.360(1);
(3) The county includes a finding as a part of the approval process that the land is better suited, and has more long-term importance, for the existing resort than for the commercial harvesting of timber or agricultural production, if located on land that otherwise would be designated as forest land or agricultural land under RCW 36.70A.170;
(4) The county finds that the resort plan is consistent with the development regulations established for critical areas; and
(5) On-site and off-site infrastructure impacts are fully considered and mitigated.
A county may allocate a portion of its twenty-year population projection, prepared by the office of financial management, to the master planned resort corresponding to the projected number of permanent residents within the master planned resort."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "resorts;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 2083, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2083 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Reams and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2083 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Substitute House Bill No. 2083, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 10, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2189 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that the availability of safe and affordable housing is vital to low-income senior citizens and persons with disabilities. The legislature further finds that the availability of low-cost financing is necessary for the development or preservation of housing for seniors and persons with disabilities. The legislature further finds that many existing housing developments for seniors and persons with disabilities are in need of renovation. The legislature further finds that there is a need to explore alternative financing techniques to cover the cost of development or renovation of housing for seniors and persons with disabilities. It is the intent of the legislature to create the task force on financing housing for seniors and persons with disabilities to explore alternative financing techniques for the development and renovation of housing developments in Washington for low-income seniors and persons with disabilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) There is created the task force on financing senior housing and housing for persons with disabilities to consist of thirteen members. The task force consists of the following members:

(a) The director of the department of community, trade, and economic development or the director's designee, who serves as an ex officio member and as chair;
(b) The executive director of the Washington state investment board or the director's designee, who serves as an ex officio member;
(c) The executive director of the Washington state housing finance commission or the director's designee, who serves as an ex officio member;
(d) Four representatives from organizations involved in the management of senior housing developments, one of which must be from an organization involved in the ownership of senior housing developments;
(e) Three representatives from financial institutions involved in financing senior housing developments, one of which must be from an investment and banking firm involved in financing federally insured senior housing developments;
(f) One representative from a mobile home owners association that represents seniors;
(g) One representative from a mobile home park owners association; and
(h) One representative from a public housing authority.

(2) The director of the department of community, trade, and economic development shall appoint all non-ex officio members to the task force on financing senior housing and housing for persons with disabilities. The vice-chair of the task force is selected by majority vote of the task force members. The members of the task force on financing senior housing and housing for persons with disabilities serve without compensation.

(3) The department of community, trade, and economic development, the Washington state investment board, and the Washington state housing finance commission shall supply such information..."
and assistance as is necessary for the task force on financing senior housing and housing for persons with disabilities to carry out its duties under section 3 of this act.

(4) The department of community, trade, and economic development, the Washington state investment board, and the Washington state housing finance commission shall provide administrative and clerical assistance to the task force on financing senior housing and housing for persons with disabilities.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 3.** The task force on financing senior housing and housing for persons with disabilities shall:

1. Review financing needs for housing for low-income seniors and persons with disabilities in the state of Washington;
2. Review existing federal and state programs and incentives designed to assist in the construction of new facilities or renovation of existing housing facilities for seniors and persons with disabilities;
3. Review programs and techniques designed to assist in the construction of new facilities or renovation of existing housing facilities for seniors and persons with disabilities in other states and countries;
4. Make recommendations on possible financing techniques that could be developed at the state level to assist in meeting financing needs for construction of new facilities or renovation of existing housing facilities for seniors and persons with disabilities;
5. By December 15, 1997, prepare and submit to the house of representatives committee on trade and economic development, and the senate committee on financial institutions, insurance and housing, a report detailing its findings and recommendations regarding financing techniques designed to assist in the construction of new facilities or renovation of existing housing facilities for seniors and persons with disabilities.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 4.** This act expires February 1, 1998."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "housing;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "creating new sections; and providing an expiration date;" and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 2189, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2189 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives McDonald and Veloria spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2189 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Substitute House Bill No. 2189, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendments(s) to the following Senate bills and passed the bills as amended by the House:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bill Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5011</td>
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<td>SENATE BILL NO. 5018</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5103</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5110</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5144</td>
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<td>SENATE BILL NO. 5151</td>
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<td>SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5178</td>
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<td>SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5179</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5230</td>
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<td>SENATE BILL NO. 5361</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5668</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5763</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5838</td>
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<tr>
<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6046</td>
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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bill Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1327</td>
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<tr>
<td>ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1472</td>
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<tr>
<td>SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1008</td>
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<td>HOUSE BILL NO. 1019</td>
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<tr>
<td>SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1166</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1190</td>
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<tr>
<td>SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1235</td>
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<td>HOUSE BILL NO. 1353</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1325</td>
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<td>HOUSE BILL NO. 1609</td>
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<td>HOUSE BILL NO. 1945</td>
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<td>HOUSE BILL NO. 2011</td>
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<tr>
<td>HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4208</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SSB 6063 Date: April 18, 1997

Includes "new item": YES

Mr. Speaker:
We of your Conference Committee, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6063, Adopting the capital budget, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached H-3237.4/97) be adopted, and that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A capital budget is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions set forth in this act, the several dollar amounts hereinafter specified, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated and authorized to be incurred for capital projects during the period ending June 30, 1999, out of the several funds specified in this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. As used in this act, the following phrases have the following meanings:

"Aquatic Lands Acct" means the Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account;
"Cap Bldg Constr Acct" means Capitol Building Construction Account;
"Capital improvements" or "capital projects" means acquisition of sites, easements, rights of way, or improvements thereon and appurtenances thereto, design, engineering, legal services, construction and initial equipment, reconstruction, demolition, or major alterations of new or presently owned capital assets;
"CEP & RI Acct" means Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory Institutions Account;
"Common School Constr Fund" means Common School Construction Fund;
"CWU Cap Proj Acct" means Central Washington University Capital Projects Account;
"EWU Cap Proj Acct" means Eastern Washington University Capital Projects Account;
"For Dev Acct" means Forest Development Account;
"H Ed Constr Acct" means Higher Education Construction Account;
"LIRA" means State and Local Improvement Revolving Account--Waste Disposal Facilities;
"LIRA, Water Sup Fac" means State and Local Improvements Revolving Account--Water Supply Facilities;
"Lapse" or "revert" means the amount shall return to an unappropriated status;
"Nat Res Prop Repl Acct" means Natural Resources Real Property Replacement Account;
"NOVA" means the Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program Account;
"ORA" means Outdoor Recreation Account;
"Provided solely" means the specified amount may be spent only for the specified purpose. Unless otherwise specifically authorized in this act, any portion of an amount provided solely for a specified purpose which is unnecessary to fulfill the specified purpose shall lapse;
"Pub Fac Constr Loan Rev Acct" means Public Facility Construction Loan Revolving Account;
"Public Safety Reimb Bond" means Public Safety Reimbursable Bond Account;
"Rec Fisheries Enh Acct" means Recreational Fisheries Enhancement Account;
"Spec Wildlife Acct" means Special Wildlife Account;
"St Bldg Constr Acct" means State Building Construction Account;
"State Emerg Water Proj Rev" means State Emergency Water Projects Revolving Account;
"TESC Cap Proj Acct" means The Evergreen State College Capital Projects Account;
"Thurston County Cap Fac Acct" means Thurston County Capital Facilities Account;
"UW Bldg Acct" means University of Washington Building Account;
"WASHINGTON Housing Trust Acct" means Washington Housing Trust Account;
"WASHINGTON St Dev Loan Acct" means Washington State Development Loan Account;
"Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund" means Water Pollution Control Revolving Fund;
"WSU Bldg Acct" means Washington State University Building Account; and
"WWU Cap Proj Acct" means Western Washington University Capital Projects Account.

Numbers shown in parentheses refer to project identifier codes established by the office of financial management.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. FOR THE COURT OF APPEALS
Spokane Division III: Remodel and addition (98-1-001)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,499,980
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $2,499,980

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
Birch Bay Records Storage: Asbestos abatement (94-1-002)

Reappropriation: St Bldg Constr Acct--State $50,000

Appropriation: St Bldg Constr Acct--State $150,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $200,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
Puget Sound Archives Building (94-2-003)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation: St Bldg Constr Acct--State $5,969,041
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $771,084
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $6,740,125

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. FOR THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
Eastern Branch Archives Building--Design (98-2-001)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation: St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,042

Appropriation: St Bldg Constr Acct--State $521,417
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $56,158
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $4,176,493
- TOTAL $4,756,110

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $4,000,000 from the new appropriation from the public works assistance account shall be deposited in the public facilities construction loan revolving account, and is hereby appropriated from the public facilities construction loan revolving account to the department of community, trade, and economic development for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the community economic revitalization program under chapter 43.160 RCW. The moneys from the new appropriation from the public works assistance account shall be used solely to provide loans to eligible local governments and shall not be used for grants. The department shall ensure that all principal and interest payments from loans made from moneys from the new appropriation from the public works assistance account are paid into the public works assistance account.

Community economic revitalization (86-1-001)

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 222,039
Public Works Assistance Account--State $ 4,481,071
Pub Fac Constr Loan Rev Acct--State $ 70,508
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 4,773,618

Appropriation:
Pub Fac Constr Loan Acct--State $ 6,000,000
Public Works Assistance Account--State $ 4,000,000
Subtotal Appropriation $ 10,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 15,242,633
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 36,000,000
TOTAL $ 66,040,631

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Development loan fund (88-2-002)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,208,001
WASHINGTON St Dev Loan Acct--Federal $ 166,138
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 1,374,139

Appropriation:
WASHINGTON St Dev Loan Acct--Federal $ 3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 10,245,450
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 17,000,000
TOTAL $ 31,619,589

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Grays Harbor dredging (88-3-006)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The reappropriation is provided solely for the state's share of remaining costs for Grays Harbor dredging and associated mitigation.
(2) State funds shall be disbursed at a rate not to exceed one dollar for every four dollars of federal funds expended by the army corps of engineers and one dollar from other nonstate sources.
(3) Expenditure of moneys from this reappropriation is contingent on a cost-sharing arrangement and the execution of a local cooperation agreement between the port of Grays Harbor and the army corps of engineers pursuant to P.L. 99-662, the federal water resources development act of 1986, whereby the corps of engineers will construct the project as authorized by that federal act.
(4) In the event the project cost is reduced, any resulting reduction or reimbursement of nonfederal costs realized by the port of Grays Harbor shall be shared proportionally with the state.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 4,259,037
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 5,259,037

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Housing assistance, weatherization, and affordable housing program (88-5-015)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $3,000,000 of the new appropriation from the state building construction account is provided solely to promote development of safe and affordable housing units for persons eligible for services from the division of developmental disabilities within the department of social and health services.
(2) $2,000,000 of the reappropriation from the state building construction account is provided solely to promote development of safe and affordable housing units for persons eligible for services from the division of developmental disabilities within the department of social and health services.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $25,000,000
Washington Housing Trust Acct--State $400,000
Subtotal Reappropriation $25,400,000

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $50,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $125,116,142
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $200,000,000
TOTAL $400,516,142

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Snohomish County drainage: To purchase land in drainage district number 6 and construct a cross-levee on it, in order to decrease damaging flooding of adjacent lands and to reestablish wetlands (92-2-011)
The reappropriation in this section shall be matched by at least $585,000 provided from nonstate sources for capital costs of this project.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $344,837
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $3,416
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $348,253

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Columbia River dredging feasibility (92-5-006)

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $374,568
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $245,392
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $619,960

NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Building for the arts: For grants to local performing arts and art museum organizations for facility improvements or additions (92-5-100)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The following projects are eligible for funding in phase 4:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Estimated Total Capital Cost</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>African American Museum and Cultural Center (Seattle) $12,544,130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Allied Arts of Whatcom County (Bellingham) $130,334</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Childrens' Museum of Snohomish County (Everett) $393,597</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbia Point Amphitheatre (Richland) $3,273,218</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Columbia Theatre (Phase II) (Longview) $500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enumclaw High School Auditorium $1,152,500</td>
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<tr>
<td>Evergreen City Ballet (Auburn) $186,328</td>
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<tr>
<td>The Group Theatre (Phase II) (Seattle) $983,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>International Museum of Modern Glass (Tacoma) $15,072,145</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kirkland Performance Center (Phase II) $1,450,184</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lopez Center for the Arts $1,007,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mount Baker Theatre (Phase II) (Bellingham) $916,900</td>
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<tr>
<td>Museum of Northwest Art (Phase II) (La Conner) $265,470</td>
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<tr>
<td>On the Boards (Seattle) $2,667,000</td>
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<td>People's Lodge (Seattle) $1,710,301</td>
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<td>Pilchuck School (Seattle) $3,400,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Princess Cultural Center (Prosper) $770,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Wenatchee Civic Center $10,178,361</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
(2) The reappropriation and new appropriation in this section are provided to fund the state share of capital costs of phases 1 through 4 of the building for the arts program.

(3) $3,000,000 of the appropriation in this section is provided solely for the Wenatchee civic center. The remaining reappropriation and appropriation shall be distributed as follows:

(a) State grants shall not exceed fifteen percent of the estimated total capital cost or actual capital cost of a project, whichever is less. The remaining portions of project capital costs shall be a match from nonstate sources. The match may include cash and land value. The department is authorized to set matching requirements for individual projects. State grants shall not exceed $1,000,000 for any single project unless there are uncommitted funds after January 1, 1999.

(b) State grants shall be distributed in the order in which matching requirements are met. The department may fund projects that demonstrate adequate progress and have secured the necessary match funding. The department may require that projects recompete for funding.

(4) By December 15, 1997, the department shall submit a report to the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature on the progress of the building for the arts program, including a list of projects funded under this section.

(5) The department shall submit a list of recommended performing arts, museum, and cultural organization projects for funding in the 1999-2001 capital budget. The list shall result from a competitive grants program developed by the department based upon: Uniform criteria for the selection of projects and awarding of grants for up to fifteen percent of the total project cost; local community support for the project; a requirement that the sites for the projects are secured or optioned for purchase; and a state-wide geographic distribution of projects.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,162,297

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 6,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 18,047,689
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 16,000,000
TOTAL $ 42,209,986

NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Challenger Learning Center (93-5-006)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation is provided solely for support of science education at the Challenger learning center at the museum of flight; and

(2) Each dollar expended from the appropriation in this section shall be matched by at least one dollar from nonstate sources for the same purpose.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 320,312
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 479,688
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 800,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Public works trust fund (94-2-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$15,646,000 of the reappropriation in this section is provided solely for the preconstruction program.

Reappropriation:
Public Works Assistance Account--State $ 108,746,982

Appropriation:
Public Works Assistance Account--State $ 180,977,328
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 287,953,301
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 820,000,000
TOTAL  $1,397,677,611

NEW SECTION. Sec. 114. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Washington Technology Center: Equipment (94-2-002)
The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for equipment installations on the first floor of Fluke Hall. The appropriation shall be transferred to and administered by the University of Washington.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$301,299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Bienna (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$964,701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Bienna (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$1,266,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 115. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Olympic Peninsula Natural History Museum (94-2-005)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. Each two dollars expended from this reappropriation shall be matched by at least one dollar from other sources. The match may include cash, land, and in-kind donations.
2. It is the intent of the legislature that this reappropriation represents a one-time grant for this project.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$169,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Bienna (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$130,170</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Bienna (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$300,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 116. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Thorp Grist Mill: To develop the ice pond park and provide facilities to accommodate public access (94-2-007)
The reappropriation in this section shall be matched by at least $100,000 from nonstate and nonfederal sources. The match may include cash or in-kind contributions. The department shall assist the Thorp Mill Town Historical Preservation Society in soliciting moneys from the intermodal surface transportation efficiency act to support the project.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$62,874</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Bienna (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$67,126</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Bienna (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$130,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 117. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

7th Street Theatre (90-2-008)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$130,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Bienna (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$270,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Bienna (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$400,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 118. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Daybreak Star Center (94-2-100)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$19,690</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Appropriation:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 119. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Timber ports capital asset improvements: To assist the ports of Grays Harbor, Port Angeles, and Longview with infrastructure development and facilities improvements to increase economic diversity and enhance employment opportunities (94-2-102)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. Each port shall provide, at a minimum, six dollars of nonstate match for each five dollars received from this reappropriation. The match may include cash and land value.

2. State assistance to each port shall not exceed the following amounts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Port</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Port of Grays Harbor</td>
<td>$564,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port of Port Angeles</td>
<td>$1,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port of Longview</td>
<td>$1,855,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$2,456,390</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$1,443,610</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$3,900,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 120. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Pacific Science Center (96-1-900)

The reappropriation in this section is provided for capital facilities improvements.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$3,669,885</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$330,115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$4,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 121. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Emergency projects declared and specifically enacted by the legislature

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$10,000,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$10,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 122. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Community Services Facilities Program: For grants to nonprofit community-based family service organizations to assist in acquiring, developing, or rehabilitating buildings (98-2-007)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The state grant may provide no more than twenty-five percent of the estimated total capital cost or actual total capital cost of the project, whichever is less. The remaining portions of project capital costs shall be a match from nonstate sources. The match may include cash, land value, and other in-kind contributions;

2. The following projects are eligible for funding:

Phase 1 Estimated Total State
Capital Cost Grant
Benton Franklin Community Action Committee $ 1,200,000 $ 300,000
Central Area Motivation Project $ 1,000,000 $ 250,000
Community Action Center of Whitman County $ 390,000 $ 90,000
Community Action Council of Lewis, Mason, and Thurston Counties $ 700,000 $ 175,000
El Centro de la Raza $ 1,250,000 $ 300,000
Fremont Public Association $ 3,000,000 $ 600,000
Kitsap Community Action Program $ 465,000 $ 110,000
Kittitas Community Action Council $ 600,000 $ 150,000
Lower Columbia Community Action Council $ 1,331,625 $ 300,000
Metropolitan Development Council $ 880,000 $ 220,000
Multi-Service Centers of North and East King County $ 1,600,000 $ 350,000
Kitsap Community Action Program (Phase II) (Pasco) $ 100,000 $ 25,000
Community Action Center of Whitman County (Phase II) (Pullman) $ 250,000 $ 62,500
Community Action Council of Lewis, Mason, and Thurston Counties (Phase II) (Lacey) $ 300,000 $ 75,000
Fremont Public Association (Phase II) (Seattle) $ 1,400,000 $ 350,000
Kitsap Community Action Program (Phase II) $ 145,000 $ 36,250
Lower Columbia Community Action Council (Phase II) (Longview) $ 268,375 $ 67,093
Metropolitan Development Council (Phase II) (Tacoma) $ 1,240,000 $ 310,000
Multi-Service Centers of North and East King County (Phase II) (Redmond) $ 200,000 $ 50,000
Northeast Washington Rural Resources Development Association (Phase II) (Colville) $ 990,000 $ 247,500
South King County Multi-Service Center (Phase II) (Federal Way) $ 270,000 $ 67,500
Atlantic Street Center (Seattle) $ 1,700,000 $ 425,000
Boys and Girls Club of Bellevue (Bellevue) $ 2,000,000 $ 500,000
Childrens' Home Society (Kent) $ 1,400,000 $ 350,000
Childrens' Home Society (Tacoma) $ 145,000 $ 36,250
Childrens' Home Society (Elk Plain) $ 150,000 $ 37,500
Childrens' Home Society (Seattle) $ 355,000 $ 88,750
Childrens' Home Society (Vancouver) $ 200,000 $ 50,000
Childrens' Home Society (Walla Walla) $ 650,000 $ 162,500
Childrens' Home Society (Wenatchee) $ 210,000 $ 52,500
Community Action Council of Lewis, Mason, and Thurston Counties (Rochester) $ 700,000 $ 175,000
Eastside Domestic Violence (Bellevue) $ 850,000 $ 212,500
Kitsap Community Action (Phase II) (Bremerton) $ 600,000 $ 150,000
Lutheran Social Services (Seattle) $ 315,000 $ 78,750
Metropolitan Development Council (Tacoma) $ 640,000 $ 160,000
Multi-Service Centers of North and East King County (Redmond) $ 1,600,000 $ 400,000
Neighborhood House (Seattle) $ 2,200,000 $ 550,000
Yakima Valley Opportunities Industrialization Center (Yakima) $ 1,575,000 $ 393,750
YWCA of Clark County (Vancouver) $ 2,185,000 $ 525,000
Family Support Center (Olympia) $ 1,957,000 $ 400,000

Total $16,871,625 $4,000,000

Phase 2 Estimated Total State Capital Cost

Grant-Benton-Franklin Community Action Committee (Phase II) (Pasco) $ 100,000 $ 25,000
Community Action Center of Whitman County (Phase II) (Pullman) $ 250,000 $ 62,500
Community Action Council of Lewis, Mason, and Thurston Counties (Phase II) (Lacey) $ 300,000 $ 75,000
Fremont Public Association (Phase II) (Seattle) $ 1,400,000 $ 350,000
Kitsap Community Action Program (Phase II) $ 145,000 $ 36,250
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Multi-Service Centers of North and East King County (Redmond) $ 1,600,000 $ 400,000
Neighborhood House (Seattle) $ 2,200,000 $ 550,000
Yakima Valley Opportunities Industrialization Center (Yakima) $ 1,575,000 $ 393,750
YWCA of Clark County (Vancouver) $ 2,185,000 $ 525,000
Family Support Center (Olympia) $ 1,957,000 $ 400,000

Total $24,595,375 $6,038,343
(3) State funding shall be distributed to projects in the order in which matching requirements for specific project phases have been met;
(4) $10,000 of the reappropriation is provided solely for the Wapato community center.
(5) The new appropriation and reappropriation in this section are provided to fund the state share for phase 1 and 2 of the community services facilities program. Within this amount the department may fund projects that demonstrate adequate progress and have secured the necessary match funding.
(6) The department is authorized to allocate the amounts appropriated in this section among the eligible projects in phases 1 and 2 and to set matching requirements for individual projects.

Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,901,449

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,098,551
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,000,000
- TOTAL $ 8,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 123. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Public Participation Grants
The appropriation in this section is provided solely for the department to administer the public participation grant program pursuant to RCW 70.105D.070. In administering the grant program, the department shall award grants based upon a state-wide competitive process each year. Priority is to be given to applicants that demonstrate the ability to provide accurate technical information on complex waste management issues. Amounts provided in this section may not be spent on lobbying activities.

Appropriation:
- Local Toxics Control Account--State $ 435,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 435,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 124. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Clover Park Vocational-Technical Institute settlement (98-1-193)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation in this section completes the state’s obligation to the Clover Park School District in the transfer of the Clover Park Vocational-Technical Institute to the Community and Technical College system.

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 5,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 5,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 125. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Drinking Water Assistance Program (98-2-008)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Funding from the state public works trust fund program shall be matched with new federal resources to improve the quality of drinking water in the state, and shall be used solely for projects which achieve the goals of the federal safe drinking water act.
(2) The department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, on the progress of the program, including administrative and technical assistance procedures, the application process, and funding priorities.

Appropriation:
- Drinking Water Assistance Account--State $ 9,949,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 126. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Mirabeau Point Community Complex
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The amount provided in this section is provided solely for a grant to Spokane county for design and development costs for Mirabeau Point community complex.
(2) The amount provided in this section represents the entire state contribution to the project and shall be matched by $8,500,000 in contributions toward the project from nonstate sources.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $1,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 127. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Colocated Cascadia Branch Campus (94-1-003)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $6,012,555
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $11,409,333
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $17,421,888

NEW SECTION. Sec. 128. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Underground storage tank: Pool (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The money provided in this section shall be allocated to agencies and institutions for removal, replacement, and environmental cleanup projects related to underground storage tanks.
(2) No moneys appropriated in this section or in any section specifically referencing this section shall be expended unless the office of financial management has reviewed and approved the cost estimates for the project. Projects to replace tanks shall conform with guidelines to minimize risk of environmental contamination. Above ground storage tanks shall be used whenever possible and agencies shall avoid duplication of tanks.
(3) Funds not needed for the purposes identified in this section may be transferred for expenditure to the Americans with Disabilities Act: Pool in section 130 of this act.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $400,000

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $7,000,000
TOTAL $10,400,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 129. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Asbestos abatement and demolition: Pool (98-1-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The money provided in this section shall be allocated to agencies and institutions for removal or abatement of asbestos.
(2) No moneys appropriated in this section or in any section specifically referencing this section shall be expended unless the office of financial management has reviewed and approved the cost estimates for the project.
(3) Funds not needed for the purposes identified in this section may be transferred for expenditure to the Americans with Disabilities Act: Pool in section 130 of this act.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $500,000
Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $12,000,000
- TOTAL $15,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 130. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Americans with Disabilities Act: Pool (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The money provided in this section shall be allocated to agencies and institutions for improvements to state-owned facilities for program access enhancements.
(2) No moneys appropriated in this section shall be expended unless the office of financial management has reviewed and approved the cost estimates for the project. The office of financial management shall implement an agency request and evaluation procedure similar to the one adopted in the 1995-97 biennium for distribution of funds.
(3) No moneys appropriated in this section shall be available to institutions of higher education to modify dormitories.

Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $500,000

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $12,000,000
- TOTAL $15,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 131. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Capital budget system improvements (98-1-006)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $100,000

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $300,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $300,000
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,200,000
- TOTAL $1,900,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 132. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
East Campus Plaza and Plaza Garage repairs (96-1-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $500,000

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $7,041,000
- Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,805,000
- Subtotal Appropriation $8,846,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $8,821,200
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $20,162,000
- TOTAL $38,329,200

NEW SECTION. Sec. 133. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Heritage Park--Phased development (92-5-105)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
- Cap Bldg Constr Acct $275,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $760,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $14,864,500
TOTAL $16,899,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 134. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

General Administration Building—Preservation: To make critical repairs to the electrical service of the General Administration Building (96-1-003)
Reappropriation:
  Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,900,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $300,000
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $2,200,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 135. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

CFC/Halon fire control systems: Removal and replacement (96-1-011)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $375,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $375,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 136. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Archives Building heating, ventilation, and air conditioning: Repairs (96-1-012)
Reappropriation:
  Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $250,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,400,000
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $1,650,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 137. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Thurston County buildings: Preservation (96-1-013)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management, including electrical improvements, elevator and escalator preservation, building preservation, infrastructure preservation, and emergency and small repairs.
Reappropriation:
  Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $150,000
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $150,000
  Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $1,250,000
  Subtotal Reappropriation $1,550,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $1,550,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 138. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Northern State Multiservice Center: To replace the central heating system with individual building heating systems (96-1-019)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures in section 712 of this act and shall not be expended until the office of financial management has made a determination that the replacement individual heating systems will have a cost efficiency payback of less than five years.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 555,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 22,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
TOTAL  $ 577,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 139. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Washington State Training and Conference Center: To construct a mock city, indoor firing range, and running track (96-2-004)
Reappropriation:
Public Safety Reimb Bond--State  $ 1,750,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 1,162,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
TOTAL  $ 2,912,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 140. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Emergency, small repairs, and improvements (98-1-001)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 200,000
Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State  $ 700,000
Subtotal Appropriation  $ 900,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 931,418
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 4,900,000
TOTAL  $ 6,731,418

NEW SECTION. Sec. 141. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Capitol Campus facilities: Preservation (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 340,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 240,000
Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State  $ 2,200,000
Subtotal Appropriation  $ 2,780,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 4,000,000
TOTAL  $ 6,780,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 142. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Northern State Multiservice Center: Preservation (98-1-004)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
General Fund--Private/Local  $ 500,000
CEP & RI Acct--State  $ 600,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 300,000
Subtotal Appropriation  $ 1,400,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 3,200,000
TOTAL  $ 4,600,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 143. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Legislative buildings: Safety and infrastructure: To make improvements to the Legislative, Cherberg, O'Brian, Institutions, and 1007 Washington buildings (98-1-005)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
1. The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
2. Up to $395,000 of the appropriation may be expended for the installation of handrails in the legislative building.

Appropriation:
- Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $895,000
- Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $1,675,000
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $395,000
Subtotal Appropriation $2,965,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $17,000,000
TOTAL $19,965,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 144. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

600 S. Franklin Building: Preservation (98-1-006)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $925,000
- Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $175,000
Subtotal Appropriation $1,100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $1,100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 145. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

OB-2 Building: Preservation (98-1-007)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $357,000
- Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $2,093,000
- Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,800,000
Subtotal Appropriation $4,250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $15,425,000
TOTAL $19,675,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 146. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Department of Transportation Building: Preservation (98-1-008)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:
- Thurston County Cap Fac Acct--State $734,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $10,100,000
TOTAL $10,834,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 147. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Monumental buildings: Cleaning and preservation (98-1-011)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 148. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Washington State Training and Conference Center: Preservation (98-1-013)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
(2) The department shall coordinate all work with the tenants of the center.

Appropriation:
Cap Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $12,000,000
TOTAL $15,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 149. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Infrastructure savings (98-1-016)
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilating, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.
A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,000,000
TOTAL $2,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 150. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Washington State Training and Conference Center: Dormitory (98-2-004)
The appropriation in this section is to be used to design and construct the first of two new prototype dormitories for the criminal justice training commission.

Appropriation:
Public Safety Reimb Bond--State $1,600,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,400,000
TOTAL $3,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 151. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
Engineering and architectural services project management (98-2-011)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation in this section shall be used to provide those services to state agencies required by RCW 43.19.450 that are essential and mandated activities defined as core services and are included in the engineering and architectural services responsibilities and task list for general public works projects of normal complexity. The department may negotiate agreements with agencies for additional fees to manage exceptional projects or those that require services in addition to core services and that are described as optional and extra services in the task list.

Appropriation:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 152. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
The control and management of the Wellington Hills property which was purchased by the state of Washington as a potential site for the University of Washington Bothell branch campus is transferred to the department of general administration. The site shall be disposed of at fair market value and the proceeds from the sale shall be deposited in the state building construction account. The department may retain from the proceeds of the sale an amount sufficient to provide reimbursement for expenses as approved by the office of financial management.

The University of Washington shall continue to pay all necessary fees and assessments appurtenant to the property until the property is sold.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 153. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Emergency Coordination Center: For design and construction of an emergency coordination center and remodeling of associated facilities at Camp Murray (95-5-010)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act; and
(2) The reappropriation in this section represents the maximum amount of funding available for this project. To the extent moneys in this appropriation are not needed to complete the project, as mutually determined by the military department and the office of financial management, the appropriation in this section shall be reduced accordingly.

Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal $ 8,112,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 954,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 9,066,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 154. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Camp Murray buildings: Preservation (96-1-002)

Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal $ 750,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 300,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 1,050,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 155. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Everett Armory: Preservation (96-1-003)

Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal $ 375,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 125,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 156. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Camp Murray infrastructure: Preservation (96-1-006)

Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal $ 185,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 315,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 157. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Yakima National Guard Armory and Readiness Center: Design and Utilities (98-2-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: Funds expended on this project for off-site utility infrastructure which may include the provision of electricity, natural gas service, water service or sewer service shall be for the benefit of the state. Entities which subsequently connect or use this off-site utility infrastructure shall reimburse the state at a rate proportional to their use. The military department shall develop policies and procedures to ensure that this reimbursement occurs.

Appropriation:

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State**: $5,260,700
- **General Fund--Federal**: $8,275,000
  - Subtotal Appropriation: $13,535,700

Future Biennia (Projected Costs): $3,288,300

Subtotal Appropriation: $16,824,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 158. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Buildings and infrastructure savings (96-1-999)
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilating, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.

A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State**: $1

Appropriation:

- **General Fund--Federal**: $1
  - Prior Biennia (Expenditures): $0
  - Future Biennia (Projected Costs): $0
  - TOTAL: $2

NEW SECTION. Sec. 159. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Minor works: Federal construction projects (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

- **General Fund--Federal**: $6,320,600
- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State**: $1,137,600
  - Subtotal Appropriation: $7,458,200

Future Biennia (Projected Costs): $39,500,300

Subtotal Appropriation: $51,261,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 160. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State**: $1,000,000
  - Prior Biennia (Expenditures): $0
  - Future Biennia (Projected Costs): $4,000,000
  - TOTAL: $5,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 161. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
Tacoma Community Center--Sprinkler system: To reimburse Pierce county for the cost of the fire sprinkler system installed during the lease of the facility. (98-1-004)

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$149,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$149,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 162. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT

Montesano Community Center: Renovation (98-1-029)

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$582,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$582,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 163. FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT

Federal construction projects: For minor capital construction projects included on office of financial management unanticipated receipt approval request log numbers 261 and 275.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal</td>
<td>$3,644,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$3,644,300</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PART 2

HUMAN SERVICES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Fircrest School: Renovate apartment (94-1-142)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CEP &amp; RI Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,668,927</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$440,375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,109,302</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Maple Lane School Wastewater Treatment Plant (94-1-201)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$4,147,132</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$125,367</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$4,272,499</strong></td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Naselle Youth Camp: Water system improvements (94-1-202)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$794,717</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$370,977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,165,694</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Western State Hospital ward renovation phase 6 (94-1-316)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $866,277
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $11,305,003
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $12,171,280

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Francis Haddon Morgan Center: Remodel (94-1-402)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,577,024
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $144,275
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $1,721,299

NEW SECTION. Sec. 206. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Asbestos abatement (96-1-002)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $615,845
Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $200,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,215,155
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $2,031,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 207. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (96-1-003)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $181,121
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $266,730
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $447,851

NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Minor works: Preservation (96-1-004)
Reappropriation:
- CEP & RI Acct--State $4,279,702
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $7,240,776
  Subtotal Reappropriation $11,520,478
Appropriation:
- CEP & RI Acct--State $5,000,000
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,720,000
  Subtotal Appropriation $8,720,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $7,507,532
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $64,000,000
  TOTAL $91,748,010

NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Chlorofluorocarbon abatement (96-1-008)
Reappropriation:
- CEP & RI Acct--State $223,898
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $26,102
NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Juvenile facilities preservation and rehabilitation (96-1-020)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 428,109
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,651,491
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 2,079,600

NEW SECTION. Sec. 211. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Minor works projects: Mental health (96-1-030)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,773,961
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,021,339
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 3,795,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 212. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Minor works projects: Division of Developmental Disabilities (96-1-040)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the department of
financial management.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 386,549
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 684,798
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 1,071,347

NEW SECTION. Sec. 213. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Underground storage tanks removal and replacement (96-1-060)
Reappropriation:
CEP & RI Acct--State $ 200,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 453,523
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 653,523
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 286,883
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 940,406

NEW SECTION. Sec. 214. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Maintenance management and planning (96-1-150)
Reappropriation:
CEP & RI Acct--State $ 136,640
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 15,880
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 152,520

NEW SECTION. Sec. 215. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Medical Lake wastewater treatment facility (96-1-301)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,580,624

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 433,817
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 6,411,000
TOTAL $ 8,925,441

NEW SECTION. Sec. 216. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Western State Hospital: Replace Boiler #1 (96-1-322)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,157,566
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 282,434
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 1,440,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 217. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Crisis Residential Centers (96-1-900)
The reappropriation in this section is provided to the department of social and health services for grants to provide secure crisis residential centers consistent with the plan developed pursuant to the omnibus 1995-97 operating budget.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 3,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 218. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Echo Glen: New beds and infrastructure (96-2-229)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the conditions and limitations:
1. The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,527,752
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,156,548
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 3,684,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 219. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Green Hill redevelopment: 416-bed institution (96-2-230)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the conditions and limitations:
1. The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
2. If Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, $3,800,000 of the new appropriation in this section shall lapse.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 37,234,448
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 6,600,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 4,669,321
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 11,200,000
TOTAL $ 59,703,769
NEW SECTION. Sec. 220. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Maple Lane School: Renovation and infrastructure improvements (96-2-231)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$5,194,174</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$661,325</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$5,855,499</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 221. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Mission Creek preservation projects (96-2-233)

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<th>Account</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$389,756</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$25,044</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$414,800</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 222. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Indian Ridge utility upgrade projects (96-2-234)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,265,471</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$256,029</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,521,500</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 223. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Minor works: State-owned Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration group homes (96-2-235)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$233,482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$110,917</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$344,399</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 224. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Western State Hospital: South Hall heating, ventilation, and air conditioning retrofit (98-1-041)

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1,000,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 225. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES

Renovation of Main Building--Mission Creek (98-1-166)

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$2,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 2,500,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 226. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Capital project management (98-1-406)
Appropriation:
  CEP & RI Acct--State $ 1,850,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,874,208
TOTAL $ 9,724,208

NEW SECTION, Sec. 227. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Emergency projects (98-1-428)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 250,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,154,000
TOTAL $ 1,404,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 228. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Eastern State Hospital: Legal Offender Unit (98-2-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 965,015
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 17,583,585
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 147,400
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 18,696,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 229. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Western State Hospital: Legal Offender Unit (98-2-052)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,215,341
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 150,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 38,687,459
TOTAL $ 43,052,800

NEW SECTION, Sec. 230. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Naselle Youth Camp academic school and support space (98-2-154)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,537,508
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 1,537,508
NEW SECTION. Sec. 231. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Predesign Echo Glen vocational program addition (98-2-211)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$2,250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$2,350,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 232. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Maple Lane School: 124-bed housing replacement and support services (98-2-216)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$9,332,641</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$9,332,641</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 233. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Northern State Hospital: Safe Passage program space (98-2-395)
Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$329,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$329,500</td>
</tr>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 234. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES
Minor works: Program (98-2-409)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$843,135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$4,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$4,843,135</td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 235. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
Referendum 38--Water bonds (86-2-099)
Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LIRA, Water Sup Fac--State</td>
<td>$1,197,420</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$512,201</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$1,709,621</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 236. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
Public Health Laboratory: Repairs and improvements (96-1-001)
Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CEP &amp; RI Acct--State</td>
<td>$150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$805,241</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Reappropriation</td>
<td>$955,241</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Appropriation:

**St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $774,833  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,406,035  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,200,184  
**TOTAL** $5,336,293

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 237. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH**

**Emergency power system (96-1-009)**

**Reappropriation:**

**CEP & RI Acct--State** $560,518  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $32,272  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0  
**TOTAL** $592,790

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 238. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH**

**Public Health Laboratory: Consolidation of facilities (96-2-001)**

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Appropriation:**

**St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $660,300  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $3,891,300  
**TOTAL** $4,551,600

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 239. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH**

**Public Health Laboratory: Building 5 system upgrades (98-1-002)**

**Appropriation:**

**CEP & RI Acct--State** $311,040  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0  
**TOTAL** $311,040

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 240. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH**

**Drinking Water Assistance Program:** The appropriation provided in this section is provided solely for an interagency agreement with the department of community, trade, and economic development to make, in cooperation with the public works board, loans to local governments and public water systems for projects and activities to protect and improve the state's drinking water facilities and resources.

**Appropriation:**

**Drinking Water Assistance Account--Federal** $33,873,450  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $135,493,350  
**TOTAL** $169,366,800

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 241. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS**

**Orting: Main kitchen upgrade (95-1-001)**

**Reappropriation:**

**CEP & RI Acct--State** $1,147,147  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $94,853  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0  
**TOTAL** $1,242,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 242. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS**

**Americans with Disabilities Act projects (96-1-003)**

**Reappropriation:**

**St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $94,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 243. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Orting: Dining hall remodel (97-1-002)
Appropriation:

- CEP & RI Acct--State $ 1,100,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 1,100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 244. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Retsil: Replace unsafe electrical distribution (97-1-003)
Appropriation:

- CEP & RI Acct--State $ 850,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 100,000
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 950,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 245. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Retsil: Minor works projects (97-1-006)
Reappropriation:

- CEP & RI Acct--State $ 410,549

Appropriation:

- CEP & RI Acct--State $ 755,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 249,451
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,050,000
- TOTAL $ 8,465,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 246. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Orting: Minor works projects (97-1-007)
Reappropriation:

- CEP & RI Acct--State $ 48,186

Appropriation:

- CEP & RI Acct--State $ 750,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 186,814
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 5,825,000
- TOTAL $ 6,810,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 247. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Emergency fund (97-1-012)
Appropriation:

- CEP & RI Acct--State $ 700,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,800,000
- TOTAL $ 3,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 248. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Orting: Activities and Training Annex (97-1-014)
Appropriation:

- CEP & RI Acct--State $ 825,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 825,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 249. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS
Retsil: Building feasibility study (97-2-015)
This appropriation is provided to conduct a study of the potential for consolidation of program functions and replacement of poor condition housing units into a new multi-use facility. The study will be submitted to the office of financial management and will be the basis of future capital investments at Retsil, based on clear programmatic need or economic benefits and improved efficiency.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CEP &amp; RI Acct--State</td>
<td>$112,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$112,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 250. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
McNeil Island master plan (94-2-001)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$139,844</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$12,738,845</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$12,878,689</td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 251. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Airway Heights improvements (94-2-016)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$11,891,149</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$12,187,348</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 252. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington State Penitentiary steam system (96-1-016)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$3,657,549</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$753,703</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$4,411,252</td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 253. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington Corrections Center for Women (96-2-001)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$5,561,711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$4,329,168</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$9,890,879</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 254. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington State Reformatory: 400-bed facility (96-2-002)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$12,657,344</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$5,987,223</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$18,644,567</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 255. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Airway Heights expansion (96-2-003)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 7,659,390
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 12,638,980
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 20,298,370

NEW SECTION. Sec. 256. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington Correction Center for Women Mental Health, Special Needs, and Reception Unit (96-2-006)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 14,000,000
TOTAL $ 15,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 257. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Yakima Corrections Center (96-2-008)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 6,234,339
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,266,161
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 7,500,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 258. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Larch and Cedar Creek expansion (96-2-010)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 16,717,351
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 5,282,649
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 22,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 259. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
State-wide preservation projects (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 15,804,257

Appropriation:

CEP & RI Acct--State $ 3,200,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 15,700,000
Subtotal Appropriation $ 18,900,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 42,184,367
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 134,400,000
TOTAL $ 211,288,624

NEW SECTION. Sec. 260. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Underground storage tank and above-ground storage tank program (98-1-002)
Reappropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 487,603  

Appropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 617,593  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,099,221  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0  
TOTAL $ 2,114,417  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 261. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS  
State-wide asbestos removal (98-1-003)  
Reappropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 297,350  

Appropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 572,068  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,899,137  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 745,350  
TOTAL $ 3,513,905  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 262. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS  
State-wide Americans with Disabilities Act compliance projects (98-1-004)  
Reappropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 95,254  

Appropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 572,068  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,899,137  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 745,350  
TOTAL $ 3,513,905  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 263. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS  
Emergency funds (98-1-005)  
The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this lapse requirement for specific projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after notification of the chairman of the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee.  

Reappropriation:  
CEP & RI Acct--State $ 1,471,286  

Appropriation:  
CEP & RI Acct--State $ 1,500,000  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1  
Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,500,001  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,180,705  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,000,000  
TOTAL $ 12,151,992  

NEW SECTION. Sec. 264. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS  
Construct Stafford Creek Corrections Center (98-2-001)  
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:  
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.  
Reappropriation:  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 14,744,552  

Appropriation:  
General Fund--Federal $ 11,319,453  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 143,790,354  
Subtotal Appropriation $ 155,109,807  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,636,441  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0  
TOTAL $ 172,490,800
NEW SECTION. Sec. 265. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington State Reformatory: Convert medium to close custody (98-2-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 4,375,588</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$ 4,375,588</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 266. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Tacoma: Design 400-bed prerelease facility (98-2-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) The department and the developer of the prerelease facility shall abide by all local code, zoning, and development regulations when designing and constructing the facility. The department shall secure a release of liability concerning potential hazardous wastes on the site prior to entering into a lease or development agreement for the prerelease facility.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 1,625,700</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$ 1,625,700</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 267. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Expand special offenders center to 400 beds (98-2-010)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 83,689</th>
</tr>
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</table>

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 3,507,879</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 243,711</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 35,852,811</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$ 39,688,090</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 268. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington Corrections Center: Juvenile Justice Program Improvements
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) If Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the appropriation in this section shall lapse.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 4,500,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$ 4,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 269. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
New 1,936-bed multicustody facility: Predesign and site selection (98-2-011)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 1,248,453</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEW SECTION. Sec. 270. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
State-wide programmatic projects (98-2-013)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial
management. The department may apply moneys in the appropriation toward the construction of
classrooms, offices, fences, or other improvements required to accommodate the programmatic
requirements of chapter... Laws of 1997 (Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900).
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 6,163,093
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 6,600,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 36,226,994
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 75,000,000
  TOTAL $ 123,990,087

NEW SECTION. Sec. 271. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
Washington Corrections Center: Correctional Industries expansion (98-2-005)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall lapse if House Bill No. 2252 or Senate Bill No. 6074 is enacted by
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,300,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 16,700,000
  TOTAL $ 20,000,000

PART 3
NATURAL RESOURCES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Referendum 26 waste disposal facilities (74-2-004)
The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before
June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30,
1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this lapse requirement for specific
projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after notification of the chairs of the house of
representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The department shall
submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives capital budget
committee and senate ways and means committee by December 1, 1997, listing all projects funded
from the reappropriation in this section.
Reappropriation:
  LIRA--State $ 4,028,749
Appropriation
  LIRA--State $ 210,969
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 4,840,771
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 800,000
  TOTAL $ 9,880,489

NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Referendum 38 water supply facilities (74-2-006)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $2,500,000 of the state and local improvements revolving account reappropriation is
provided solely for funding the state's cost share in the water conservation demonstration project--
Yakima river reregulation reservoir.
(2) The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this lapse requirement for specific projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after notification of the chairs of the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The department shall submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee by December 1, 1997, listing all projects funded from the reappropriation in this section.

Reappropriation:

LIRA, Water Sup Fac--State $ 6,763,571

Appropriation:

LIRA, Water Sup Fac--State $ 485,495
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 10,141,668
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,600,000
  TOTAL $ 18,990,734

NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
State emergency water projects revolving account (76-2-003)

Reappropriation:

State Emerg Water Proj Rev--State $ 7,377,883
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,701,394
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 228,000
  TOTAL $ 9,307,277

NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Referendum 39 waste disposal facilities (82-2-005)

No expenditure from the appropriation in this section shall be made for any grant valued over fifty million dollars to a city or county for solid waste disposal facilities unless the following conditions are met:

(1) The city or county agrees to comply with all the terms of the grant contract between the city or county and the department of ecology;
(2) The city or county agrees to implement curbside collection of recyclable materials as prescribed in the grant contract; and
(3) The city or county does not begin actual construction of the solid waste disposal facility until it has obtained a permit for prevention of significant deterioration as required by the federal clean air act.

(4) The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this subsection (4) for specific projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after notification of the chairs of the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The department shall submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee by December 1, 1997, listing all projects funded from the reappropriation in this section.

Reappropriation:

LIRA, Waste Fac 1980--State $ 13,961,094
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 40,176,560
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
  TOTAL $ 54,137,654

NEW SECTION. Sec. 305. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Centennial clean water fund (86-2-007)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $25,000,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for the extended grant payment to Metro/King county.
(2) $10,000,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for an extended grant payment to Spokane for the Spokane-Rathdrum Prairie aquifer.
(3) $1,850,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for allocation for on-site sewage system projects or programs identified in local watershed plans. Of this amount, $25,000 is provided solely for the Puyallup Washington State University research and extension center for on-site septic systems, and $25,000 is provided solely for the department of health to support the work group making recommendations on the development of an on-site septic system certification program pursuant to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5838.

(4) $10,000,000 of the appropriation is provided for the department to establish and administer a reclaimed water demonstration program to provide grants to five demonstration projects consistent with this section, and, if enacted, chapter . . . . Laws of 1997 (Second Substitute House Bill No. 1817). Of this amount:

(a) $100,000 is provided solely for an interagency agreement with the department of health for monitoring the activities and progress of the demonstration projects and to refine reclaimed water standards from the results of the projects;
(b) $75,000 is provided for the department of ecology's administrative costs in funding and monitoring the activities and progress of the demonstration projects;
(c) $1,970,000 is provided solely for a grant to the city of Ephrata for a reclaimed water demonstration project;
(d) $985,000 is provided solely for a grant to the city of Royal City for a reclaimed water demonstration project;
(e) $3,398,500 is provided solely for a grant to the city of Sequim for a reclaimed water demonstration project;
(f) $3,398,500 is provided solely for a grant to the city of Yelm for a reclaimed water demonstration project; and
(g) $98,500 is provided solely for a grant to Lincoln County for a study of a reclaimed water demonstration project.

(5) A minimum of 80 percent of the remaining appropriation after allocation of subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section shall be allocated by the department for water quality implementation activities.

(6) A maximum of 20 percent of the remaining appropriation after allocation of subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of this section shall be allocated by the department for water quality planning activities.

(7) In awarding state-wide water quality implementation and planning grants and loans, the department shall give priority consideration to:

(a) Proposals submitted by communities with populations less than 2,500 or proposals that will be submitted by communities with populations less than 2,500 who have demonstrated an economic hardship which will prevent the completion or implementation of water quality projects; and
(b) Projects located in basins with critical or depressed salmonid stocks.

(8) The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this subsection (8) for specific projects upon finding of exceptional circumstances after notification of the chairs of the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The department shall submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee by December 1, 1997, listing all projects funded from the reappropriation in this section.

Reappropriation:
Water Quality Account--State $38,653,000

Appropriation:
Water Quality Account--State $70,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $291,063,221
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $311,000,000
TOTAL $710,716,221

NEW SECTION. Sec. 306. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY Local toxics control account (88-2-008)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $1,000,000 of the appropriation in this section shall be expended by the department of ecology as grants to assist local governments in developing and implementing area-wide strategies for the cleanup and reuse of industrial lands. The department shall provide a priority to funding activities by local governments that were developed with and facilitate active participation of property owners, businesses, and residents in the area, and that address industrial areas with one or more sites ranked highly under the state’s hazard ranking system.

(2) The reappropriation in this section is provided solely for projects under contract on or before June 30, 1997. Reappropriated funds not associated with contracted projects shall lapse on June 30, 1997. The office of financial management may grant waivers from this lapse requirement for specific projects upon findings of exceptional circumstances after notification of the chairs of the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee. The department shall submit a report to the office of financial management and the house of representatives capital budget committee and senate ways and means committee by December 1, 1997, listing all projects funded from the reappropriation in this section.

Reappropriation:
Local Toxics Control Account--State $20,780,149

Appropriation:
Local Toxics Control Account--State $43,044,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $81,994,186
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $173,100,389
TOTAL $318,918,724

NEW SECTION. Sec. 307. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Water pollution control revolving fund (90-2-002)

Reappropriation:
Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund--State $12,538,256
Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund--Federal $62,689,776
Subtotal Reappropriation $75,228,032

Appropriation:
Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund--State $57,459,441
Water Pollution Cont Rev Fund--Federal $44,000,000
Subtotal Appropriation $101,459,441
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $148,237,444
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $299,947,557
TOTAL $624,872,474

NEW SECTION. Sec. 308. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Methow Basin water conservation (92-2-009)

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $102,689
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $397,310
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) 0
TOTAL $499,999

NEW SECTION. Sec. 309. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
State-owned facilities: Repair and upgrades (97-2-011)

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $430,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) 0
TOTAL $430,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 310. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
Low-level nuclear waste disposal trench closure (97-2-012)

Appropriation:
Site Closure Acct--State $6,433,381
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 992,100
TOTAL $ 7,425,481

NEW SECTION. Sec. 311. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Spokane Centennial Trail (89-5-112)
Reappropriation:
  General Fund--Federal $ 430,769
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,849
  TOTAL $ 432,618

NEW SECTION. Sec. 312. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Deception Pass sewer: Phase 2 (91-2-006)
Reappropriation:
  LIRA, Waste Fac 1980--State $ 1,702,870
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
  Subtotal Appropriation $ 2,202,870
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 931,586
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
  TOTAL $ 3,134,456

NEW SECTION. Sec. 313. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
St. Edwards State Park: Gym renovation and parking lot renovation (92-2-501)
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 400,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 100,000
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
  TOTAL $ 500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 314. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Boating access improvements (94-1-057)
Reappropriation:
  ORA--State $ 1,256,324
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 933,725
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
  TOTAL $ 2,190,049

NEW SECTION. Sec. 315. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Building preservation: State-wide (96-1-004)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,400,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 5,837,455
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
  TOTAL $ 8,237,455

NEW SECTION. Sec. 316. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Preservation of utilities (96-1-005)
Reappropriation:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 317. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
State parks development: State-wide (96-2-007)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $500,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,380,400
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $1,880,400

NEW SECTION. Sec. 318. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Boat pumpouts: Federal Clean Vessel Act (96-2-008)
Reappropriation:
- General Fund--Federal $350,000
Appropriation:
- General Fund--Federal $850,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $1,200,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 319. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Americans with disabilities act improvements (96-5-003)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $500,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $210,657
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $710,657

NEW SECTION. Sec. 320. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
State-wide emergency projects (98-1-001)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $353,191
Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $500,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $822,809
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,650,000
  TOTAL $4,326,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 321. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
Underground storage tank replacement (98-1-002)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $456,800
Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $750,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $843,300
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $2,050,100
NEW SECTION. Sec. 322. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Facilities preservation: State-wide (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
(2) The commission shall conduct a comprehensive condition survey and develop recommendations regarding the maintenance, repair, and capital renovation needs of the Washington state park system. The recommendations shall include criteria for evaluating maintenance, repair, and capital renovation needs, funding options, and methods to ensure that funding is effectively applied to the preservation and public use of state parks. The commission shall report their findings and recommendations to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,145,977

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 5,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 740,123
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 34,000,000
TOTAL $ 41,886,100

NEW SECTION. Sec. 323. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Historic facilities renovation (98-1-004)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 12,000,000
TOTAL $ 16,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 324. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Natural and historic stewardship: State-wide (98-1-007)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 17,000,000
TOTAL $ 18,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 325. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Recreation development: State-wide (98-2-008)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
General Fund--Federal $ 1,000,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,500,000
Subtotal Appropriation $ 3,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 16,000,000
TOTAL $ 19,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 326. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

Recreational facility acquisition and development projects (96-2-007)

Reappropriation:

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<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 77,029</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 33,972</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$ 111,001</td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 327. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

Boating Facilities (98-2-001)

Reappropriation:

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<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ORA--State</td>
<td>$ 4,557,823</td>
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<tr>
<td>Recreation Resources Account--State</td>
<td>$ 7,266,835</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal Reappropriation</strong></td>
<td>$ 11,824,658</td>
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Appropriation:

<table>
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<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Recreation Resources Account--State</td>
<td>$ 8,194,004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 5,819,302</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 35,515,000</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$ 61,352,964</td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 328. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

Nonhighway and Off-Road Vehicle Activities Program (98-2-002)

Reappropriation:

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<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ORA--State</td>
<td>$ 2,927,911</td>
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<tr>
<td>NOVA--State</td>
<td>$ 4,530,593</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal Reappropriation</strong></td>
<td>$ 7,458,504</td>
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Appropriation:

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<td>NOVA--State</td>
<td>$ 5,306,848</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 7,962,532</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 23,367,000</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$ 44,094,884</td>
</tr>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 329. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

Washington Wildlife and Recreation Program (98-2-003)

The appropriations in this section for the Washington wildlife and recreation program under chapter 43.98A RCW are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $22,500,000 of the state building construction account appropriation shall be deposited in the habitat conservation account and is hereby appropriated from the habitat conservation account to the interagency committee for outdoor recreation for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the Washington wildlife and recreation program under chapter 43.98A RCW.

2. $20,000,000 of the state building account appropriation and $2,500,000 from the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation shall be deposited in the outdoor recreation account, and $22,500,000 is hereby appropriated from the outdoor recreation account to the interagency committee for outdoor recreation for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the Washington wildlife and recreation program under chapter 43.98A RCW. Funds from the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation shall be distributed to eligible water access projects under RCW 43.98A.050.

3. The new appropriations in this section are provided for the approved list of projects included in LEAP CAPITAL DOCUMENT NO. 98-6 as developed on April 15, 1997, at 10:00 a.m., the pilot watershed plan implementation program under subsection (6) of this section, and for other projects approved by the legislature under RCW 43.98A.080 referencing this section.

4. No moneys from the appropriations in this section may be spent on the Rocky Reach trailway project until an agreement with affected property owners has been reached.
The legislature finds that, since the inception of the Washington wildlife and recreation program, over eighty-five percent of the moneys provided for the state parks category has been used for acquisition of property, and that demands for recreational facilities in state parks require that increased funding be devoted to development projects. The committee and the state parks and recreation commission shall ensure that at least forty percent of new funding provided for the state parks category during the 1997-99 biennium be allocated to development projects.

$4,000,000 of the habitat conservation account appropriation from the unallocated portion of the fund distribution under RCW 43.98A.040(1)(d) is provided solely for matching grants for riparian zone habitat protection projects that implement watershed plans pursuant to this subsection. The interagency committee for outdoor recreation shall develop a pilot watershed plan implementation program within the Washington wildlife and recreation program. The program shall provide matching grants to eligible agencies for implementation of riparian zone habitat protection projects within watershed restoration plans under RCW 89.08.460(1), watershed action plans developed pursuant to rules adopted by the Puget Sound water quality action team, or plans developed pursuant to chapter . . . . , Laws of 1997 (Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054). Projects shall have a useful life of at least thirty years. Eligible agencies include conservation districts, counties, cities, and private nonprofit land trust or nature conservancy organizations. Projects eligible for funding under this section include acquisition of land using less-than-fee-simple instruments such as conservation easements and purchase of development rights; and habitat restoration and enhancement projects on such lands including fencing and revegetation of native trees and shrubs that enhance the long-term habitat values of protected lands. The committee shall develop an application process and project eligibility and evaluation criteria in consultation with the state conservation commission. The committee shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the implementation of the pilot matching grant program. A preliminary status report shall be submitted by January 1, 1998, and a final report by January 1, 1999.

Up to $400,000 of the reappropriations in this section is provided to develop an inventory of all lands in the state owned by federal agencies, state agencies, local governments, and Indian tribes. The committee shall develop the inventory in a computer database format that will facilitate the sharing and reporting of inventory data and provide options for future updates. The inventory shall include, at a minimum, the following information: Owner, location, acreage, and principal use. The inventory shall also include resource-based information for state and federally-owned recreation and habitat lands. The committee shall submit a status report on the inventory to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1999, and a final report by January 1, 2000.

All land acquired by a state agency with moneys from these appropriations shall comply with class A, B, and C weed control provisions of chapter 17.10 RCW.

Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $14,264,419
- Aquatic Lands Acct--State $33,335
- ORA--State $21,985,067
- Wildlife Account--State $1,398,996
- Habitat Conservation Account--State $18,700,633
- Subtotal Reappropriation $56,382,450

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $42,500,000
- Aquatic Lands Acct--State $2,500,000
- Subtotal Appropriation $45,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $101,449,844
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $200,000,000
- TOTAL $402,832,294

NEW SECTION. Sec. 330. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION

Firearms range program (98-2-004)

Reappropriation:
- Firearms Range Account--State $771,259

Appropriation:
- Firearms Range Account--State $388,800
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 512,001
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 800,000
TOTAL $ 2,472,060

NEW SECTION. Sec. 331. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION
Land and water conservation fund (98-2-005)
Reappropriation:
ORA--Federal $ 2,180,812
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 52,050,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 54,230,812

NEW SECTION. Sec. 332. FOR THE INTERAGENCY COMMITTEE FOR OUTDOOR RECREATION
National Recreation Trails Act (98-2-006)
Reappropriation:
ORA--Federal $ 112,751
Recreation Resources Account--Federal $ 562,146
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 674,897

Appropriation:
Recreation Resources Account--Federal $ 583,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 17,086
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,332,000
TOTAL $ 3,606,983

NEW SECTION. Sec. 333. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Water quality grants program (98-2-001)
The appropriations in this section are provided solely for grants to conservation districts for nonpoint water quality projects and programs.
Reappropriation:
Water Quality Account--State $ 3,095,000

Appropriation:
Water Quality Account--State $ 5,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 5,500,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 20,000,000
TOTAL $ 33,595,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 334. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Dairy Waste Management Grants Program (98-2-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $1,500,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for a state-wide grant program to assist dairy operators in implementing dairy waste management systems; and
(2) $1,500,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for a state-wide grant program to provide technical assistance to dairy operators for development and implementation of dairy waste management plans.
Appropriation:
Water Quality Account--State $ 3,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,000,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 6,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 335. FOR THE STATE CONSERVATION COMMISSION
Puget Sound Action Plan (98-2-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) These appropriations shall be used solely for grants to conservation districts in the Puget Sound area for water quality projects and programs contained in the Puget Sound work plan.
(2) The grants to the Puget Sound area conservation districts shall be in addition to other grant dollars that may be available from the water quality account and the basic funding grant programs administered by commission.

**Appropriation:**
- **Water Quality Account--State** $830,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- **TOTAL** $830,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 336. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE**

**Devils Creek acclimation pond (87-1-001)**

**Appropriation:**
- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $332,823
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $7,504
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- **TOTAL** $340,327

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 337. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE**

**Grandy Creek Hatchery (92-5-024)**

**Reappropriation:**
- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $3,776,974
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $723,026
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- **TOTAL** $4,500,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 338. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE**

**Warm water fish facilities (92-5-025)**

**Reappropriation:**
- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $1,030,998

**Appropriation:**
- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $400,000
- **Warm Water Game Fish Account--State** $350,000
- **Subtotal Appropriation** $750,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $829,323
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- **TOTAL** $2,610,321

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 339. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE**

**Warm water game fish access facilities (98-2-006)**

**Appropriation:**
- **Warm Water Game Fish Account--State** $210,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,240,000
- **TOTAL** $2,450,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 340. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE**

**Tideland acquisition (94-2-003)**

**Reappropriation:**
- **General Fund--Federal** $1,386,925
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $3,613,075
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- **TOTAL** $5,000,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 341. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE**

**Nemah Hatchery building and incubation system replacement (96-1-006)**

**Reappropriation:**
General Fund--Federal $1,682,880
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $17,120
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $1,700,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 342. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Shellfish laboratory and hatchery upgrades (96-1-009)
Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $275,604
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $578,973
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
    TOTAL $854,577

NEW SECTION. Sec. 343. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Minter Creek Hatchery renovation (96-2-019)
Funding from this reappropriation shall not be used to construct agency residential structures at the hatchery.
Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $657,630
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $4,475,982
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
    TOTAL $5,133,612

NEW SECTION. Sec. 344. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Water access and development (96-2-027)
Reappropriation:
    ORA--State $997,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,057,600
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
    TOTAL $2,054,600

NEW SECTION. Sec. 345. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
    General Fund--Federal $757,181
Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,293,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $4,985,123
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $7,500,000
    TOTAL $14,535,304

NEW SECTION. Sec. 346. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Underground storage tank removal and replacement (98-1-002)
Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $596,185
Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $200,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $3,637,000
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
    TOTAL $4,433,185

NEW SECTION. Sec. 347. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Emergency repair (98-1-003)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 219,353

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 300,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,530,646
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,200,000
  TOTAL $ 3,249,999

NEW SECTION. Sec. 348. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Dam inspection and repair (98-1-004)

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 150,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
  TOTAL $ 150,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 349. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Facilities renovation (98-1-005)

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 302,618

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,015,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,753,682
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,000,000
  TOTAL $ 12,071,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 350. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Hatchery renovation (98-1-006)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No funds will be provided to increase residential capacity at any state hatchery facility.
(2) The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 906,202

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,025,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 7,119,953
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 15,500,000
  TOTAL $ 26,551,155

NEW SECTION. Sec. 351. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Recreational access redevelopment (98-1-007)

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 119,300

Appropriation:
  General Fund--Federal $ 610,000
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 302,000
  Subtotal Appropriation $ 912,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,559,850
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 4,200,000
  TOTAL $ 8,791,150

NEW SECTION. Sec. 352. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Coast and Puget Sound wild salmonid habitat restoration (98-1-009)

Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,428,770

Appropriation:
  General Fund--Federal $ 800,000
General Fund--Private/Local $ 800,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,500,000
Subtotal Appropriation $ 5,100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 8,986,230
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 22,400,000
TOTAL $ 37,915,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 353. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Coast and Puget Sound wildstock restoration and hatcheries (98-1-010)
Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal $ 700,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 114,186
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 814,186
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 5,265,814
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 6,500,000
TOTAL $ 13,580,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 354. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Fish protection facilities (98-1-011)
Reappropriation:
General Fund--Federal $ 1,654,335
Appropriation:
General Fund--Private/Local $ 200,000
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
Subtotal Appropriation $ 700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 3,300,765
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,400,000
TOTAL $ 13,055,100

NEW SECTION. Sec. 355. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
State-wide fencing renovation and construction (98-1-012)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 272,743
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 280,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,350,800
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,400,000
TOTAL $ 5,303,543

NEW SECTION. Sec. 356. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Wildlife area renovation (98-1-013)
Reappropriation:
Wildlife Account--State $ 238,804
Appropriation:
Wildlife Account--State $ 548,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,225,196
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,200,000
TOTAL $ 4,212,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 357. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Issaquah Hatchery improvements (98-1-015)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The department shall provide a progress report on this project to the governor and the legislature by October 1, 1998.
Reappropriation:
General Fund--Private/Local  $ 60,097  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 211,217  
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 271,314  

### Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 3,000,000  
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 878,684  
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0  
TOTAL $ 4,149,998  

### NEW SECTION. Sec. 358. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Crop and orchard protection fencing (98-2-002)  
Appropriation:  
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 300,000  
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0  
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,200,000  
TOTAL $ 1,500,000  

### NEW SECTION. Sec. 359. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Game farm consolidation (98-2-005)  
Reappropriation:  
- Wildlife Account--State $ 231,470  
Appropriation:  
- Wildlife Account--State $ 300,000  
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 900,000  
  Subtotal Reappropriation $ 1,200,000  
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,593,530  
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0  
TOTAL $ 3,025,000  

### NEW SECTION. Sec. 360. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Recreational fish enhancement (98-2-007)  
Reappropriation:  
- Rec Fisheries Enh Acct--State $ 1,078,400  
Appropriation:  
- Rec Fisheries Enh Acct--State $ 1,000,000  
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 221,600  
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 4,000,000  
TOTAL $ 6,300,000  

### NEW SECTION. Sec. 361. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Mitigation projects and dedicated funds (98-2-008)  
Reappropriation:  
- Spec Wildlife Acct--State $ 42,367  
- Spec Wildlife Acct--  
  Private/Local $ 1,197,000  
  Subtotal Reappropriation $ 1,239,367  
Appropriation:  
- General Fund--Federal $ 4,000,000  
- General Fund--Private/Local $ 2,500,000  
- Spec Wildlife Acct--State $ 50,000  
  Subtotal Appropriation $ 6,550,000  
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 4,606,482  
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 26,260,000  
TOTAL $ 38,655,849  

### NEW SECTION. Sec. 362. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE  
Migratory waterfowl habitat acquisition and development (98-2-009)
Reappropriation:
  Wildlife Account--State  $ 251,567
Appropriation:
  Wildlife Account--State  $ 500,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 1,547,733
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 2,000,000
  TOTAL  $ 4,299,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 363. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Columbia River Wildlife Mitigation (98-2-010)
Appropriation:
  Spec Wildlife Acct--Federal  $ 6,600,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 23,200,000
  TOTAL  $ 29,800,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 364. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Fish passage and habitat improvement (98-2-012)
Appropriation:
  General Fund--Federal  $ 500,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 700,000
  TOTAL  $ 1,200,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 365. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Deep water slough restoration (98-2-013)
Appropriation:
  General Fund--Federal  $ 500,000
  General Fund--Private/Local  $ 300,000
  Subtotal Appropriation  $ 800,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 2,400,000
  TOTAL  $ 3,200,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 366. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Clam and oyster beach enhancement (98-2-019)
Reappropriation:
  Aquatic Lands Acct--State  $ 453,716
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 168,700
  Subtotal Reappropriation  $ 622,416
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 2,984,947
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 1,600,000
  TOTAL  $ 5,207,363

NEW SECTION. Sec. 367. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
Replace unproductive habitat (98-2-020)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
  (1) The department is authorized to convey to a qualified purchaser by either or both sale and exchange approximately 1,120 acres in or near the Mission Ridge ski area. The conveyance of these properties shall proceed pursuant to provisions in chapter 77.12 RCW regarding department property. The department is authorized to use the appropriation provided in this section to purchase replacement lands providing similar benefits to wildlife.
  (2) $20,000 of the appropriation is provided solely to purchase property that is inaccessible to its current owner as a result of a previous transaction with the department that provided public access to a lake.
  (3) The department shall include a proposed acquisition plan for properties proposed for purchase under this program when submitting future requests for appropriation authority.
Appropriation:
   Wildlife Account--State  $ 1,220,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
   TOTAL  $ 1,220,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 368. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Irrigation repairs and replacements (98-1-001)
Appropriation:
   Resources Management Cost Account--State  $ 100,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 397,420
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 1,600,000
   TOTAL  $ 2,097,420

NEW SECTION. Sec. 369. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Real estate repairs, maintenance, and tenant improvements (98-1-002)
Appropriation:
   Resources Management Cost Account--
       State  $ 677,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 691,155
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 3,150,000
   TOTAL  $ 4,518,155

NEW SECTION. Sec. 370. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Special lands acquisition: For acquisition of properties within the Trout Lake wetlands, as
described on office of financial management unanticipated receipt approval request log number 265.
Reappropriation:
   General Fund--Federal  $ 450,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
   TOTAL  $ 450,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 371. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Communication site repair (98-1-003)
Appropriation:
   For Dev Acct--State  $ 90,000
   Resources Management Cost Account--State  $ 60,000
       Subtotal Appropriation  $ 150,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 199,146
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 580,000
   TOTAL  $ 929,146

NEW SECTION. Sec. 372. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Underground storage tank removal and upgrade (98-1-005)
Appropriation:
   For Dev Acct--State  $ 51,120
   Resources Management Cost Account--State  $ 142,000
       Subtotal Appropriation  $ 193,120
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 30,000
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 102,000
   TOTAL  $ 325,120

NEW SECTION. Sec. 373. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
State-wide emergency repairs (98-1-006)
Appropriation:
   For Dev Acct--State  $ 18,000
   Resources Management Cost Account--State  $ 50,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 374. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Americans with Disabilities Act compliance (98-1-009)
Appropriation:
  For Dev Acct--State $ 9,000
  Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 25,000
Subtotal Appropriation $ 34,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 136,000
TOTAL $ 176,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 375. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Asbestos removal (98-1-010)
Appropriation:
  For Dev Acct--State $ 10,800
  Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 30,000
Subtotal Appropriation $ 40,800
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 136,000
TOTAL $ 176,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 376. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Natural area preserve and natural resource conservation area management and
emergency repairs (98-1-011)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 350,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 590,739
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,400,000
TOTAL $ 2,340,739

NEW SECTION. Sec. 377. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Hazardous waste cleanup (98-1-014)
Appropriation:
  For Dev Acct--State $ 120,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 692,547
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,000,000
TOTAL $ 2,812,547

NEW SECTION. Sec. 378. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Emergency repairs: Recreation sites (98-1-015)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 120,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 216,299
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 480,000
TOTAL $ 816,299

NEW SECTION. Sec. 379. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Natural resource conservation area management plan implementation (98-1-012)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 400,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,500,000
TOTAL $1,900,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 380. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Recreation health and safety (98-1-016)

Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $300,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $556,160
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,200,000
  TOTAL $2,056,160

NEW SECTION. Sec. 381. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Americans with Disabilities Act recreation site improvements (98-1-017)

Appropriation:

- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $300,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,200,000
  TOTAL $1,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 382. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Administrative site preservation (98-1-018)

Appropriation:

- For Dev Acct--State $169,000
- Resources Management Cost Account--State $469,000
  Subtotal Appropriation $938,000
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $300,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $3,752,000
  TOTAL $4,690,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 383. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Natural resources real property replacement (98-2-002)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
- The appropriation is provided solely for the acquisition of timber lands for the common school trust to replace lands transferred from trust status under section 393 of this act, and for the reasonable costs incurred by the department in acquiring such lands. Lands acquired under this section shall be acquired solely for the benefit of the common school trust.

Appropriation:

- Nat Res Prop Repl Acct--State $3,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $35,354,155
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $38,354,155

NEW SECTION. Sec. 384. The department of natural resources shall include a proposed acquisition plan for properties proposed for purchase under the land bank and natural resources real property replacement programs when submitting future requests for appropriation authority for the programs.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 385. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Right of way acquisition (98-2-005)

Appropriation:

- For Dev Acct--State $409,000
- Resources Management Cost Account--State $983,000
  Subtotal Appropriation $1,392,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,505,807
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $6,050,000
  TOTAL $8,947,807
NEW SECTION, Sec. 386. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Communication site construction (98-2-006)
Appropriation:
For Dev Acct--State $ 410,000  
Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 150,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 474,561  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,980,000  
Subtotal Appropriation $ 560,000
TOTAL $ 3,014,561

NEW SECTION, Sec. 387. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Irrigation development (98-2-010)
Appropriation:
Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 300,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 687,003  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,000,000  
TOTAL $ 2,987,003

NEW SECTION, Sec. 388. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Minor works: Programmatic (98-2-011)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
For Dev Acct--State $ 258,840  
Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 719,000  
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 300,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 993,577  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,811,540  
Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,277,840  
TOTAL $ 10,082,957

NEW SECTION, Sec. 389. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Mineral resource testing (98-2-012)
Appropriation:
For Dev Acct--State $ 18,000  
Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 10,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 20,000  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 175,000  
Subtotal Appropriation $ 28,000  
TOTAL $ 223,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 390. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Commercial development: Local improvement districts (98-2-013)
Appropriation:
Resources Management Cost Account--State $ 200,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 650,568  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,000,000  
TOTAL $ 1,850,568

NEW SECTION, Sec. 391. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES
Aquatic lands enhancement grants (98-2-014)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The following phase 1 projects are eligible for funding from the reappropriation in this section.
(2) The following phase 2 projects are eligible for grant funding from the new appropriation in this section in the amounts indicated:

### Phase 1
- **Alki/Harbor/Duwamish Corridor, City of Seattle**: $200,000
- **ASARCO, Town of Ruston**: $100,000
- **Cape Flattery, Makah Tribe**: $200,000
- **Columbia River Renaissance, City of Vancouver**: $2,800,000
- **Columbia River Trail, East Wenatchee**: $100,000
- **Columbia River Trail Phase 2, LOOP Coalition**: $400,000
- **Cooperative Environmental Education, North Mason School District**: $300,000
- **Duckabush River, Jefferson County**: $350,000
- **Latah Creek, City of Spokane**: $300,000
- **Little Spokane River, Spokane County**: $300,000
- **Odyssey Maritime Museum, Port of Seattle**: $1,000,000
- **Raymond Waterfront Park, City of Raymond**: $200,000
- **Seattle Aquarium, City of Seattle**: $300,000
- **South Lake Union, City of Seattle**: $200,000
- **Statewide Competitive Small Grant Program**: $500,000
- **Stevenson Waterfront Park, Port of Skamania**: $75,000
- **Total**: $7,325,000

### Phase 2
- **Department of Natural Resources Natural Heritage, Chehalis River Surge Plain Trail**: $128,475
- **State Parks, Rocky Reach Trailway**: $200,000
- **City of Woodinville, Wilmot Park**: $200,000
- **City of Seattle, South Lake Union**: $75,000
- **City of Port Angeles, Centennial Trail**: $148,300
- **Metropolitan Park District of Tacoma, Dickman Mill Park**: $1,000,000
- **Snohomish County, Thomas’ Eddy Trail**: $75,000
- **City of Mount Vernon, Edgewater Park Extension**: $312,000
- **Peninsula College, Fierro Marine Lab Exhibitry**: $26,800
- **Jefferson County, Larry Scott Memorial Park**: $134,650
- **Snohomish County, Drainage District #6**: $841,000
- **City of Poulso, Nelson Property Acquisition**: $253,000
- **Kitsap County, Old Mill Site Acquisition**: $300,000
- **Padilla Bay National Estuarine Reserve, Exhibitry**: $150,000
- **North Mason School District, Hood Canal Watershed Program, Sweetwater Creek**: $160,000
- **Port of Whitman County, Snake River Trail**: $238,779
- **Snohomish County, Lake Cassidy Boardwalk**: $29,882
- **Makah Tribe, Shi Shi Access**: $167,110
- **City of Seattle, Alki Beach Trail**: $300,000
- **City of Seattle, The Seattle Aquarium Mountains to Sound**: $279,004
- **Vashon Park District, Jensen Point Small Craft Center**: $104,306
- **City of Medical Lake, Waterfront Trail Interpretive System**: $8,750
- **Pacific County, Naselle Boat Launch Improvement**: $77,500
- **State Parks, Fort Canby State Park Beard’s Hollow**: $101,760
- **City of Washougal, Sandy Swimming Hole**: $39,045
- **City of Chelan, North Shore Pathway**: $225,000
- **Port of Seattle, Odyssey Maritime Museum Phase 2**: $1,000,000
(3) Grant funding from the new appropriation shall be distributed based on the order in which projects are ready to proceed, as determined by the department, and the availability of funds.

(4) No moneys from the appropriations in this section may be spent on the Rocky Reach trailway project until an agreement with affected property owners has been reached.

(5) The department shall submit a list of recommended projects to be funded from the aquatic lands enhancement account in the 1999-2001 capital budget. The list shall result from a competitive grants program developed by the department based upon, at a minimum: A uniform criteria for the selection of projects and awarding of grants for up to fifty percent of the total project cost; local community support for the project; and a state-wide geographic distribution of projects.

Reappropriation:
Aquatic Lands Acct--State  $ 3,756,817

Appropriation:
Aquatic Lands Acct--State  $ 6,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 8,086,566
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 22,000,000
TOTAL  $ 39,843,383

NEW SECTION. Sec. 392. FOR SPECIAL LAND PURCHASES AND COMMON SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION

Special land purchases and common school construction (98-2-015)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation is provided to the department of natural resources solely for the purposes of transferring from trust status certain trust lands of state-wide significance to state park, wildlife habitat, natural area preserve, natural resources conservation area, open space, or recreation purposes, acquiring replacement timber trust lands, and providing funding for common school construction.

(2) The appropriation in this section is provided solely for the transfer of the following list of trust properties to the identified agency:
   (a) Iron Horse/Bandera, King county, to the state parks and recreation commission;
   (b) Kitsap Forest, Kitsap county, to the department of natural resources for natural area preserve purposes;
   (c) Upper Sultan Basin, Snohomish county, to the department of natural resources for natural resource conservation area purposes;
   (d) West Tiger Mountain, King county, to the department of natural resources for natural resource conservation area purposes.

   The department shall transfer the first trust property and then allocate the remaining funds to the remaining properties in roughly equal shares.

(3) Land and timber transferred under this section shall be appraised and transferred at full market value. The department of natural resources shall attempt to maintain a minimum aggregate ratio of 85:15 timber-to-land value in these transactions. The value of the timber transferred shall be deposited by the department of natural resources in the same manner as timber revenues from other common school trust lands, except that no deduction shall be made for the resource management cost account. The value of the land transferred, not to exceed $3,000,000, shall be deposited in the natural resources real property replacement account to be used for the acquisition of replacement timber lands solely to benefit the common school trust.

(4) All reasonable costs incurred by the department of natural resources to implement this section may be paid out of this appropriation, except that the costs of acquiring replacement timber lands shall be paid out of appropriations from the natural resources real property replacement account.

(5) The department shall use intergrant exchanges between common school and other trust lands of equal value to effect the purposes of this section if the exchange is in the interest of each trust, as determined by the board of natural resources.

(6) The department of natural resources and receiving agencies shall work in good faith to carry out the intent of this section. However, the board of natural resources or a receiving agency may reject a transfer of property if it is determined that the transfer is not in the interest of either the common school trust or the receiving agency.
On June 30, 1999, the state treasurer shall transfer all remaining uncommitted funds from this appropriation to the common school construction fund and the appropriation in this section shall be reduced by an equivalent amount.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$166,500,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 393. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Jobs for the Environment (98-2-009)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The appropriations shall be used solely for the jobs for the environment program to achieve the following goals:
   a. Restore and protect watersheds to benefit anadromous fish stocks, including critical or depressed stocks as determined by the department of fish and wildlife;
   b. Conduct watershed restoration and protection projects primarily on state lands in coordination with federal, local, tribal, and private sector efforts; and
   c. Create market wage jobs with benefits in environmental restoration for displaced workers in rural natural resource impact areas, as defined under RCW 43.31.601(2).

2. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the appropriations are solely for projects selected by the department of natural resources, in consultation with an interagency task force consisting of the department of fish and wildlife, other appropriate state agencies, tribal governments, local governments, the federal government, labor and other interested stakeholders. In recommending projects for funding the task force shall use the following criteria:
   a. The extent to which the project, using best available science, addresses habitat factors limiting fish and wildlife populations;
   b. The number, duration and quality of jobs to be created or retained by the project for displaced workers in natural resource impact areas;
   c. The extent to which the project will help avoid the listing of threatened or endangered species or provides for the recovery of species already listed;
   d. The extent to which the project will augment existing federal, state, tribal or local watershed planning efforts or completed watershed restoration and conservation plans;
   e. The cost effectiveness of the project;
   f. The availability of matching funds; and
   g. The demonstrated ability of the project sponsors to administer the project.

3. Funds expended shall be used for specific projects and not for ongoing operational costs. Eligible projects include, but are not limited to, closure or improvement of forest roads, repair of culverts, cleanup of stream beds, removal of fish barriers, installation of fish screens, fencing of streams, and construction and planting of fish cover. Funds may also be expended for planning, design, engineering, and monitoring of eligible projects.

4. The department of natural resources and the department of fish and wildlife, in consultation with the office of financial management and other appropriate agencies, shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, and January 1, 1999, on the results of expenditures from the appropriations.

5. $800,000 of the appropriations in this section is provided solely for watershed restoration programs to be completed by the department of ecology's Washington conservation corps crews.

6. All projects funded under this section shall be consistent with any development regulations or comprehensive plans adopted under the growth management act for the project areas. No funds may be expended to acquire land through condemnation.

7. Projects under contract as of June 1, 1997, shall be given first priority for funding under the appropriations in this section.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For Dev Acct--State</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resource Management Cost Account--State</td>
<td>$1,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Water Quality Account--State  $ 7,133,000
    Subtotal Appropriation  $ 9,133,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 23,067,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 40,000,000
    TOTAL  $ 72,200,000

PART 4
TRANSPORTATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: Minor works (98-1-022)
Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 220,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 600,000
    TOTAL  $ 820,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: Repair Burn Building (98-1-024)
Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 465,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
    TOTAL  $ 465,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Seattle Crime Laboratory: Needs analysis, predesign, and design (98-2-013)
The Washington state patrol shall complete a predesign for approval by the office of financial
management prior to release of design funding. The predesign must be consistent with results of the
state-wide crime laboratory needs analysis study funded from the county criminal justice assistance
account and the municipal criminal justice assistance account under this appropriation. Emphasis shall
be placed on sharing facilities with other local law enforcement and justice agencies where it is
economically and programatically justified.
Appropriation:
    County Criminal Justice Assistance Account--State  $ 71,300
    Municipal Criminal Justice Assistance Account--State  $ 28,700
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 1,000,000
        Subtotal Appropriation  $ 1,100,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 7,300,000
    TOTAL  $ 8,400,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: New hazardous material prop (98-2-023)
Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
    TOTAL  $ 500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: Classroom building (98-2-025)
Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 200,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 1,000,000
    TOTAL  $ 1,200,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 406. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL
Fire Training Academy: Design and construct dormitory (99-2-021)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $200,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $1,200,000
- TOTAL $1,400,000

PART 5
EDUCATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. FOR THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION
Public school building construction (98-2-001)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. From the appropriation in this section the state board shall fund one hundred percent of the cost for a required standard value engineering study on all projects exceeding 50,000 gross square feet in size. On an annual basis, the board shall report to the legislative fiscal committees and the office of financial management the results of these studies including but not limited to the amounts of each study and the accepted savings achieved due to the studies.

2. No more than $138,000,000 of this appropriation, excluding reappropriations, may be obligated in fiscal year 1998 for school district project design and construction.

3. Total cash disbursed from the common school construction fund may not exceed the available cash balance.

4. The reappropriation from the state building construction account shall serve as full compensation to the common school trust for the transfer of land to the Washington State University Lind Dryland Research Unit under Substitute House Bill No. 1016 or Senate Bill No. 5174.

5. No more than $7,110,000 of this appropriation may be allocated by the state board to provide up to ninety percent of the total project cost for the renovation of facilities operating as interdistrict cooperative centers providing vocational skill programs. The remaining portion of the project cost shall be a match from local sources. As a condition to receiving an allocation from this appropriation or any other appropriation for a vocational skill center provided after calendar year 1996, the recipient facility must maintain a separate capital account, into which the participating districts make deposits, to pay for all future minor repair and renovation costs for the vocational skill center. For purposes of this subsection, a future minor repair and renovation cost is a capital project costing less than forty percent of the value of the building.

Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $18,329,671
- Common School Constr Fund--State $109,115,719
- Subtotal Reappropriation $127,445,390

Appropriation:
- Common School Constr Fund--State $275,798,712
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $302,821,218
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $801,600,000
- TOTAL $1,507,665,320

NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION
Project management: To fund the direct cost of state administration of school construction (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

A maximum of $628,400 is provided solely for three full-time equivalent regional coordinators. The coordinators shall have direct construction or architectural training and experience and be strategically located across the state. The coordinators shall assist local school districts with: State board of education rules and regulations relating to school construction and modernization projects, building condition analysis, development of state studies and surveys, value engineering studies during design, construction administration, maintenance issues, and data verification to allow equitable administration of the state board priority system.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND
Seismic stabilization and preservation (98-1-001)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,000,000
TOTAL $ 1,700,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,000,000
TOTAL $ 2,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,000,000
TOTAL $ 3,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 506. FOR THE STATE SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF
New cottages: Design and construction (98-2-001)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,606,600
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 4,606,600

NEW SECTION. Sec. 507. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD
North Snohomish, Island, and Skagit Counties Higher Education Consortium facility
predesign: This appropriation is to prepare a functional space program, master plan, and predesign for the Consortium’s initial facility, conduct a comparative site evaluation study for the initial facility, and develop a schedule and budget for the use of facilities at Everett, Edmonds, and Skagit Valley Community Colleges. (98-2-001)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 376,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 376,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 508. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Power Plant boiler (88-2-022)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 3,427,749
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 17,007,796
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
TOTAL  $ 20,435,545

NEW SECTION. Sec. 509. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Electrical Engineering and Computer Science Engineering Building: Construction (90-2-013)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 31,579,764
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 64,211,236
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
TOTAL  $ 95,791,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 510. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Old Physics Hall (Mary Gates Hall): Design and construction (92-2-008)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 30,028,248
UW Bldg Acct--State  $ 305,891
Subtotal Reappropriation  $ 30,334,139
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 4,772,861
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
TOTAL  $ 35,107,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 511. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Physics/Astronomy building construction (90-2-009)
Reappropriation:

Higher Education Reimbursable Construction Account--State  $ 800,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 71,764,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
TOTAL  $ 72,564,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 512. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Burke Museum: To study the museum’s space needs, long-term physical facilities needs, and options for future expansion (93-2-002) and for exhibit renovation (94-1-002)
$1,846,500 of the reappropriation in this section is for the exhibit renovation and shall be matched by at least $615,000 from other sources for the same purpose.
Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 1,650,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 749,997
Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
TOTAL  $ 2,399,997

NEW SECTION. Sec. 513. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Business Administration: Expansion (93-2-006)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) The reappropriation in this section shall be matched by at least $7,500,000 in cash provided from nonstate sources.

Reappropriation:

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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$7,500,000</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 514. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor repairs: Preservation (94-1-003)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<tr>
<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
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<td><strong>Subtotal Reappropriation</strong></td>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$10,985,199</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 515. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor repairs (96-1-002)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$9,047,000</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 516. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Suzzallo Library renovation--Phase I design and construction: To design the phase I remodeling of the 1925, 1935, and 1963 building and additions to address structural, mechanical, electrical, and life safety deficiencies (94-1-015)
The reappropriation in this section shall not be expended until the documents described in the capital project review requirements process and procedures prescribed by the office of financial management have been compiled with under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

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<tr>
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<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
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<td><strong>Subtotal Reappropriation</strong></td>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$36,100,000</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 517. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Infrastructure projects: Savings (94-1-999)
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.
A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<th>Amount</th>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$1</td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 518. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Harborview Research and Training Facility: Construction (94-2-013)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The reappropriation and new appropriation in this section are provided solely for design and construction of the Harborview research and training facility. The appropriation represents the total state contribution for all costs for design, construction, and equipping of a 179,000 gross square foot facility.

2. The reappropriation and new appropriation in this section are subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

3. The provisions of section 708 of this act do not apply to this section and the appropriation from the state building construction account may be expended before the higher education construction account is expended for this project.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
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<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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Appropriation:

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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$78,761,000</td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 519. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Law School Building: Design (94-2-017)

In addition to any state appropriation for this project, at least one-third of all the costs of this project ($18,000,000), including the costs of design and consulting services, construction, and equipment, shall be derived from private matching funds.

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
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<td>UW Bldg Acct--State</td>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$36,268,000</td>
</tr>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 520. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Tacoma Branch Campus: To complete phase 1b, conduct predesign of phase II, design of phase II, to acquire property, and to remediate unknown site conditions (94-2-500)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the recommendations of the higher education coordinating board.

2. The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under sections 712 and 714 of this act.

3. The predesign for phase II to serve at least 1,200 additional student full-time equivalents shall be conducted in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Design of phase IIA to serve at least 600 student full-time equivalents shall not proceed.
until the completed predesign requirements have been reviewed and approved by the office of financial management.

(4) $5,700,000 of the appropriation in this section is a reappropriation of the unexpended balance of the appropriation in section 533, chapter 16, Laws of 1995 2nd sp. sess. to correspond to the revised legislative intent that the $5,700,000 for phase 1b be expended for site improvements, design, and construction of facilities to accommodate at least 122 additional student full-time equivalents at the Tacoma branch campus. The office of financial management shall reduce the appropriation by an amount equal to the amount expended prior to July 1, 1997, under section 533, chapter 16, Laws of 1995 2nd sp. sess.

Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 12,636,619
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 19,700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 20,255,468
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 204,000,000
TOTAL $ 256,592,087

NEW SECTION. Sec. 521. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor works: Utility infrastructure (96-1-004)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,800,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,100,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 5,900,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 522. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor safety repairs: Preservation (96-1-001)
The reappropriation in this section is for underground storage tanks.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 201,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 18,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 219,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 523. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Health Sciences Center BB Tower Elevators--Design and construction: To design and construct the addition of one elevator and upgrading of the existing elevators in the health sciences center BB-wing and tower (96-1-007)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,961,992
UW Bldg Acct--State $ 208,546
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 5,170,538
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 22,061
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 5,192,599

NEW SECTION. Sec. 524. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Health Sciences Center D-Wing Dental Student Laboratory: Design and construction (96-1-016)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,134,433
UW Bldg Acct--State $ 109,094
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 2,243,527
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 773,573
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 525. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Hogness/Health Sciences Center lobby: Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (96-1-022)

Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,253,070
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $46,930
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $1,300,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 526. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Fisheries Science-Oceanography Science Building: Construction (96-2-006)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) The department of general administration is directed, in keeping with section 152 of this act, to sell the Wellington Hills property as a means of partially offsetting the cost of this project with the proceeds of such sale being deposited into the state building and construction account.

Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,449,850
- UW Bldg Acct--State $1,548,150
- Subtotal Reappropriation $4,998,000

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $33,590,000
- H Ed Constr Acct--State $32,507,000
- UW Bldg Acct--State $2,834,154
- Subtotal Appropriation $68,931,154
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $3,865,597
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $77,794,751

NEW SECTION. Sec. 527. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Social Work third floor addition--Design and construction: To design and construct a 12,000 gross square foot partial third floor addition to the Social Work and Speech and Hearing Sciences Building (96-2-010)

Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,708,800
- UW Bldg Acct--State $126,400
- Subtotal Reappropriation $2,835,200
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $80,400
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $2,915,600

NEW SECTION. Sec. 528. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
West Electrical Power Station: To design and construct the installation of new transformers, switch gear facilities, and primary distribution feeders at the west receiving station (96-2-011)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $6,358,455
- UW Bldg Acct--State $203,989
- Subtotal Reappropriation $6,562,444
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $241,556
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $6,804,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 529. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Power Plant Boiler #7--Design and construction: To design and construct an addition to the south end of the power plant to house a new boiler #7 (96-2-020)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 9,465,544
UW Bldg Acct--State $ 288,703
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 9,754,247
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 157,753
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 9,912,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 530. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Southwest Campus utilities phase I--Design and construction: To design and construct the extension of utilities to serve the southwest campus development (96-2-027)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 8,166,084
UW Bldg Acct--State $ 284,062
Subtotal Reappropriation $ 8,450,146
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 859,354
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 9,309,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 531. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (96-2-028)

Reappropriation:

St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 338,771
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 38,229
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 377,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 532. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Nonstructural seismic corrections (96-2-031)

Reappropriation:

General Fund--Federal $ 194,550
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 194,550

NEW SECTION. Sec. 533. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor works: Safety (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

UW Bldg Acct--State $ 3,700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 12,000,000
TOTAL $ 15,700,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 534. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-002)
The appropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 535. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Utility and data communications projects: Preservation (98-1-004)
Appropriation:
    UW Bldg Acct--State $ 5,346,075
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 26,000,000
    TOTAL $ 31,346,075

NEW SECTION. Sec. 536. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Minor works: Program (98-2-003)
The appropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
    UW Bldg Acct--State $ 3,000,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 24,000,000
    TOTAL $ 27,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 537. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
Building communications: Upgrade (98-2-009)
Appropriation:
    UW Bldg Acct--State $ 3,000,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 29,500,000
    TOTAL $ 32,500,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 538. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
University of Washington Bothell and Cascadia Community College phase I: Design and construction (98-2-899)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the recommendations of the higher education coordinating board and the project design, scope, and schedule approved by the office of financial management.
(2) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under sections 712, 713, and 714 of this act.
(3) The appropriation in this section is to be combined with the appropriation shown in section 696 of this act to construct a campus to serve at least 2,000 student full-time equivalents, with approximately 1,200 for the University of Washington and 800 for Cascadia Community College. The appropriation shall be managed by the University of Washington.
Reappropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 5,000,000
Appropriation:
    St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 42,970,000
    Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
    Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
    TOTAL $ 47,970,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 539. FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
University of Washington Bothell and Cascadia Community College future phases: To complete predesign and design of phase II (98-2-999)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the recommendations of the higher education coordinating board and the project design, scope, and schedule approved by the office of financial management.
(2) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under sections 712, 713, and 714 of this act.
(3) The appropriation in this section is to be combined with the appropriation shown in section 696 of this act and shall be managed by the University of Washington.
(4) The predesign for phase II to serve at least 2,000 additional University of Washington and community college student full-time equivalents included in this appropriation shall be conducted in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management.
(5) Design of phase IIA to serve at least 1,000 total University of Washington and community college student full-time equivalents shall not proceed until the completed predesign requirements in subsection (4) of this section have been reviewed and approved by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 3,000,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 79,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 82,000,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION, Sec. 540. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Hazardous, pathological, and radioactive waste handling facilities: To provide centralized facilities to prepare, package, and ship biomedical, pathological, hazardous, low-level, and nonradioactive waste (92-1-019)

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 735,425</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 453,929</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 1,189,354</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION, Sec. 541. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Todd Hall renovation: To renovate the entire building, including upgrading electrical and other building-wide systems, modernizing and refurnishing of classrooms and offices (92-1-021)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 179,412</th>
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<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 303,806</td>
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<tr>
<td>Subtotal Reappropriation</td>
<td>$ 483,218</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 14,198,291</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 14,681,509</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION, Sec. 542. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

Veterinary Teaching Hospital--Construction: To construct, equip, and furnish a new teaching hospital for the department of veterinary medicine and surgery (92-2-013)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</th>
<th>$ 77,884</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H ED Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 239,098</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Reappropriation</td>
<td>$ 316,982</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 33,628,518</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 33,945,500</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION, Sec. 543. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
**Fulmer Hall--Fulmer Annex renovation:** To renovate Fulmer Hall Annex to meet fire, safety, and handicap access code requirements and to make changes in functional use of space (92-2-023)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$2,013,357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$10,496,143</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$12,509,500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION, Sec. 544. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Student services addition:** To design and construct a building for consolidated student service functions (92-2-027)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$171,767</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$14,672,650</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$14,844,417</td>
</tr>
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</table>

NEW SECTION, Sec. 545. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Bohler Gym renovation: Construction (94-1-010)**

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,149,554</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$391,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Reappropriation</td>
<td>$1,541,054</td>
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**Appropriation:**

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<tr>
<th>Account Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$16,778,275</td>
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<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$297,925</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Appropriation</td>
<td>$17,013,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$396,046</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$19,013,300</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION, Sec. 546. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Thompson Hall renovation: Construction (94-1-024)**

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$10,818,075</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$101,325</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Appropriation</td>
<td>$10,919,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$777,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$11,696,400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION, Sec. 547. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Infrastructure project: Savings (94-1-999)**

Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.
A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

**Reappropriation:**

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $ 1
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 1

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 548. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Hazardous waste facilities: Construction (94-2-006)**

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

- **WSU Bldg Acct--State** $ 1,251,201
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 459,799
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 15,000,000
- TOTAL $ 16,711,000

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 549. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Pathological and Biomedical Incinerator: Design and construction (94-2-012)**

**Reappropriation:**

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $ 3,277,809
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 165,191
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 3,443,000

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 550. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Communications infrastructure: Renewal (94-2-013)**

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $ 2,049,697
- **WSU Bldg Acct--State** $ 773,167
- Subtotal Reappropriation $ 2,822,864
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 13,336,761
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 16,159,625

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 551. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Engineering Teaching and Research Laboratory Building: Construction (94-2-014)**

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $ 9,338,821
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 7,801,479
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 17,140,300

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 552. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Chemical waste collection facilities: Design and construction (94-2-016)**

**Reappropriation:**

- **WSU Bldg Acct--State** $ 913,967
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,423,033
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 3,337,000

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 553. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
**Bohler Gym addition:** To construct a 45,800 gross square foot addition to Bohler Gym (94-2-017)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,318,695
- WSU Bldg Acct--State $399,800
  Subtotal Reappropriation $3,718,495
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $6,635,705
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $10,354,200

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 554. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY**

**Kimbrough Hall addition and remodeling:** To design a 32,000 gross square foot addition and remodel the existing Kimbrough Hall (94-2-019)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $329,437
- WSU Bldg Acct--State $238,425
  Subtotal Reappropriation $567,862

**Appropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $10,327,000
- WSU Bldg Acct--State $121,875
  Subtotal Appropriation $10,448,875
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $716,263
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $11,733,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 555. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY**

**Puyallup: Greenhouse replacements (94-2-027)**

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $770,866
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,273,153
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $2,044,019

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 556. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY**

**Washington State University Vancouver: Campus construction (94-2-902)**

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under sections 712 and 714 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $9,407,417
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $29,315,045
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $38,722,462

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 557. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY**

**Washington State University Tri-Cities: Consolidated Information Center (94-2-905)**

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $202,827
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $10,916,173
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  TOTAL $11,119,000
NEW SECTION, Sec. 558. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Animal Science Laboratory Building--Design and Construction: To construct a 20,200 gross square foot animal science lab (94-4-018).
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $249,908
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $7,011,450
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $7,261,358

NEW SECTION, Sec. 559. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Underground storage tank remediation and removal (96-1-001)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $232,869
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $49,131
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $282,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 560. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Asbestos pool reserve (96-1-002)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $70,265
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $75,185
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $145,450

NEW SECTION, Sec. 561. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Americans with Disabilities Act pool reserve (96-1-003)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $365,872
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $36,354
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $402,226

NEW SECTION, Sec. 562. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (96-1-004)
The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,002,694
- WSU Bldg Acct--State $165,877
  - Subtotal Reappropriation $3,168,571
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $2,983,429
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
  - TOTAL $6,152,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 563. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Safety and environment (96-2-001)
The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $943,348
- WSU Bldg Acct--State $907,315
  - Subtotal Reappropriation $1,850,663
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $749,337
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $2,600,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 564. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (96-2-002)
The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$3,055,990</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$2,094,010</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$5,150,000</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 565. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Plant growth: Wheat research center (96-2-047)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act and shall not be expended until the university has received the federal money or an equivalent amount from other sources.

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$2,446,846</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$4,000,000</td>
</tr>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 566. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Intercollegiate Center for Nursing Education: Telecommunications (96-2-915)

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$1,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 567. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-004)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct--State</td>
<td>$5,553,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$24,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$29,553,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 568. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Campus infrastructure and road improvements (98-1-073)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$8,292,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$4,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$12,292,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 569. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Safety and environmental (98-2-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$1,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct</td>
<td>$1,807,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal Appropriation</strong></td>
<td>$3,407,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$12,600,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$16,007,800</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 570. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Minor works: Program (98-2-002)**
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct</td>
<td>$6,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$33,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$39,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 571. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Major equipment: Acquisition (98-2-003)**
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The state building construction account appropriation is provided solely for agricultural equipment including $1,500,000 for the agricultural research center and $500,000 for teaching and extension equipment.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$2,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct</td>
<td>$3,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal Appropriation</strong></td>
<td>$5,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$15,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$20,000,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 572. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Murrow Hall: Renovation and addition (98-2-008)**
To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct</td>
<td>$105,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$11,625,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$11,730,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 573. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

**Cleveland Hall: Renovation and addition (98-2-032)**
To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WSU Bldg Acct</td>
<td>$140,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$9,435,100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>$9,575,100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEW SECTION. Sec. 574. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
South Campus electrical service: Design and construction (98-2-044)
Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,900,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
   TOTAL $ 2,900,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 575. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Teaching and Learning Center: Design and construction (98-2-062)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,970,175
   WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 624,325
   Subtotal Appropriation $ 2,594,500
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 80,000
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 25,101,805
   TOTAL $ 27,776,305

NEW SECTION. Sec. 576. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Apparel, Merchandising, and Interior Design and Landscape Architecture Building:
Predesign (98-01-000)
Appropriation:
   WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 98,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 28,800,000
   TOTAL $ 28,898,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 577. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
WSUnet: Infrastructure (98-2-074)
Appropriation:
   WSU Bldg Acct--State $ 4,075,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 5,000,000
   TOTAL $ 9,075,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 578. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Washington State University Tri-Cities: Predesign Science Education Center (98-2-905)
To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign
manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are
subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998. The project
shall serve at least 910 additional student full-time equivalents on the Tri-Cities campus.
Appropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 140,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 21,435,800
   TOTAL $ 21,575,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 579. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
Washington State University Vancouver: Phase II (98-2-911)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the
recommendations of the higher education coordinating board.
(2) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
(3) The engineering and multimedia buildings to be designed under this appropriation shall serve at least 950 additional student full-time equivalents. Funding is also provided to construct campus infrastructure and physical plant shops.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 13,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 123,000,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$ 136,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 580. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

**Telecommunications network and cable: Replacement (90-2-004)**

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 5,655,918</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 4,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$ 10,655,918</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 581. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

**JFK Library addition and remodel--Construction:** To construct the 73,500 gross square foot addition and remodeling of the JFK Library (90-5-003)

The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 12,056,403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EWU Cap Proj Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 73,006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Reappropriation</td>
<td>$ 12,129,409</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 9,929,895</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$ 22,059,304</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 582. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

**Chillers, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (94-1-003)**

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 4,872,049</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EWU Cap Proj Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 637,643</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Reappropriation</td>
<td>$ 5,509,692</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 792,892</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$ 6,302,584</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 583. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

**Minor works--Preservation, repair, and remodel (94-1-015)**

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 533,002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EWU Cap Proj Acct--State</td>
<td>$ 1,660,253</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Reappropriation</td>
<td>$ 2,193,255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 7,761,057</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$ 9,954,312</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 584. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

**Infrastructure project: Savings (94-1-999)**

Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.
A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$1</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 585. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Monroe Hall Renovation (96-1-002)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$924,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$100,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$9,950,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$10,974,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 586. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Campus classrooms--Renewal: To renovate and upgrade classrooms and lab in various buildings on campus (96-2-001)
The appropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EWU Cap Proj Acct--State</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$3,650,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$14,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19,150,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 587. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Water systems: Preservation and expansion (98-1-002)

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$2,250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,750,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 588. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$619,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EWU Cap Proj Acct--State</td>
<td>$4,730,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtotal Appropriation</td>
<td>$5,350,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$6,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$11,350,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 589. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Electrical substations: Preservation (98-1-004)

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$3,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEW SECTION. Sec. 590. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Roof replacements (98-1-006)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,755,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
  TOTAL $ 2,755,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 591. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Infrastructure: Preservation (98-1-007)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,000,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,000,000
  TOTAL $ 11,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 592. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning systems: Preservation (98-1-008)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,000,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,000,000
  TOTAL $ 2,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 593. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Boiler Plant: Expansion and upgrade (98-1-011)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 618,100
  EWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 135,525
  Subtotal Appropriation $ 753,625
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 5,615,175
  TOTAL $ 6,368,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 594. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (98-2-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 500,000
  EWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 1,200,000
  Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,700,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 10,018,000
  TOTAL $ 11,718,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 595. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Shaw/Smyser Hall renovation (90-2-005)
Reappropriation:
  H Ed Constr Acct--State $ 70,578
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 13,214,424
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 13,285,002

NEW SECTION. Sec. 596. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (94-1-005)
Reappropriation:
   CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 859,679
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,702,321
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
   TOTAL $ 3,562,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 597. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Science facility: Design and construction (94-2-002)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 45,047,550
   CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 4,000,000
   Subtotal Reappropriation $ 49,047,550
Appropriation:
   CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 510,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 9,152,450
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
   TOTAL $ 58,710,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 598. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (94-2-006)
Reappropriation:
   CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 152,276
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 2,354,724
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
   TOTAL $ 2,507,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 599. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Black Hall--Design and construction: To design and construct a 66,200 gross square foot addition to and complete remodel of the Black Hall (94-2-010)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 25,393,593
   CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 575,000
   Subtotal Reappropriation $ 25,968,593
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 1,434,808
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
   TOTAL $ 27,403,401

NEW SECTION. Sec. 600. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Asbestos abatement, demolition, and steamline (96-1-002)
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 94,768
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 36,932
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
   TOTAL $ 131,700

NEW SECTION. Sec. 601. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Infrastructure preservation (96-1-040)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
(2) No money from this reappropriation may be expended for remodeling or repairing the president’s residence.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct-Stat</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>CWU Cap Proj Acct-Stat</td>
<td>$530,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Subtotal Reappr</td>
<td>$1,686,975</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$2,400,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (96-1-120)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
(2) A maximum of $85,000 from this reappropriation may be expended for remodeling the president’s residence.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CWU Cap Proj Acct-Stat</td>
<td>$2,200,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$1,344,822</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$3,544,822</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Infrastructure savings (96-1-999)
Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.

A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct-Stat</td>
<td>$1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (96-2-130)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The reappropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CWU Cap Proj Acct-Stat</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$1,500,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$2,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Chilled water systems: Improvements (98-1-020)

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct-Stat</td>
<td>$1,000,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 770,000 
TOTAL $ 1,770,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 606. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Boiler Plant: Expansion (98-1-030)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,450,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 1,450,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 607. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Electrical utility: Upgrades (98-1-110)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,500,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 4,600,000
TOTAL $ 7,100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 608. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Steamline replacement (98-1-120)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 340,000
CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 1,110,000
Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,450,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 7,320,000
TOTAL $ 8,770,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 609. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-130)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 3,163,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 14,100,000
TOTAL $ 17,263,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 610. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Building indoor air quality: Improvements (98-1-170)
Appropriation:
CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 429,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 2,000,000
TOTAL $ 2,429,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 611. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
SeaTac Center Building: Renovation (98-2-010)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 662,500
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 662,500

NEW SECTION. Sec. 612. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Lynnwood Extended Degree Center: Facility improvements (98-2-080)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $1,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 613. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Extended Degree Centers: Design and construction (98-2-090)

To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998.

Appropriation:
- CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $150,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $2,000,000
- TOTAL $2,150,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 614. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (98-2-135)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
- CWU Cap Proj Acct--State $2,382,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $11,200,000
- TOTAL $13,582,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 615. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Minor works: Preservation (96-1-002)

Reappropriation:
- TESC Cap Proj Acct--State $160,000
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $175,000
- Subtotal Reappropriation $335,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $2,790,121
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $3,125,121

NEW SECTION. Sec. 616. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Minor works: Safety and code (98-1-001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,450,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $16,705,000
- TOTAL $19,155,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 617. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-002)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,000,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 618. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Emergency repairs (98-1-003)

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Account</th>
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<td>TESC Cap Proj Acct--State</td>
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<td>Subtotal Appropriation</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$25,024,439</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 619. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Seminar phase II: Predesign (98-2-004)

Appropriation:

<table>
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<tbody>
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<td>TESC Cap Proj Acct--State</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$2,240,000</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,799,312</strong></td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 620. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Lecture Hall: Improvements (98-2-005)

Appropriation:

<table>
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<th>Account</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,325,423</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$16,788,775</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$16,928,775</strong></td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 621. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
Minor works: Program (98-2-006)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TESC Cap Proj Acct--State</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$23,270,000</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$25,070,000</strong></td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 622. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION
Riverpoint Campus phase II (96-2-001)

Reappropriation:

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Account</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,430,104</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$569,896</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$2,000,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 623. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION
Infrastructure projects: Savings (98-1-003)

Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilating, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.
A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 1</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 624. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION Health Sciences Building: To design the complete (phase I and II) health science building.

(98-2-001)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
2. No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the recommendations of the higher education coordinating board.
3. Design of this building shall accommodate at least 240 additional student full-time equivalents on the Riverpoint campus.
4. $1,000,000 of the state building construction account appropriation shall be held in reserve until January 1, 1999.
5. Design of this building, when used in conjunction with the building authorized in section 702(1)(b) of this act, shall accommodate all the academic programs offered by Eastern Washington University and Washington State University that are currently in leased space in the city of Spokane.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 1,310,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 1,375,375</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 29,219,025</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 31,904,400</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 625. FOR THE JOINT CENTER FOR HIGHER EDUCATION Minor works: Program (98-2-002)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 161,500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 561,500</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 626. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY Infrastructure projects: Savings (94-1-999)

Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.

A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

**Reappropriation:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct</td>
<td>$ 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$ 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 1</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEW SECTION, Sec. 627. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Science facility phase III: Construction (94-2-014)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 1,265,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 11,387,938
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
   TOTAL  $ 12,652,938

NEW SECTION, Sec. 628. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Haggard Hall renovation and abatement: Construction (94-2-015)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 16,300,000
   WWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 3,150,000
   Subtotal Reappropriation  $ 19,450,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 2,754,404
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
   TOTAL  $ 22,204,404

NEW SECTION, Sec. 629. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (96-1-030)
The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the
office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
   WWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 500,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 800,000
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
   TOTAL  $ 1,300,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 630. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Infrastructure preservation (96-1-061)
The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the
office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 820,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 830,000
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
   TOTAL  $ 1,650,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 631. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (96-2-028)
The reappropriation in this section shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the
office of financial management.
Reappropriation:
   St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 1,445,000
   WWU Cap Proj Acct--State  $ 1,200,000
   Subtotal Reappropriation  $ 2,645,000
   Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 3,205,000
   Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
   TOTAL  $ 5,850,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 632. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Recreation and physical education fields phase I (96-2-051)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $175,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $2,491,000  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0  
TOTAL $2,666,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 633. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Integrated signal distribution--Construct: To construct a campus network system (96-2-056)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $250,000
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $8,262,500  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $965,400  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $5,000,000  
TOTAL $14,477,900

NEW SECTION. Sec. 634. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Preservation (98-1-064)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $4,700,000  
WWU Cap Proj Acct--State $2,000,000  
Subtotal Appropriation $6,700,000  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $24,000,000  
TOTAL $30,700,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 635. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Communications facility: Predesign (98-2-053)
To conduct a predesign of the project described in this section in accordance with the predesign manual published by the office of financial management. Future appropriations for this project are subject to the submittal of completed predesign requirements on or before July 1, 1998.
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $204,400  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $42,400,000  
TOTAL $42,604,400

NEW SECTION. Sec. 636. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Minor works: Program (98-2-063)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.
Appropriation:
WWU Cap Proj Acct--State $5,628,529  
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0  
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $24,000,000  
TOTAL $29,628,529

NEW SECTION. Sec. 637. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
Campus services facility: Design (96-2-025)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) The university shall comply with local comprehensive land use laws and regulations for this project.
(3) Funds provided in this section shall not be expended until the neighborhood impact analysis and transportation planning and review activities funded in section 639 of this act are substantially complete.

**Appropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 987,050
- WWU Cap Proj Acct--State $ 204,750
- Subtotal Appropriation $ 1,191,800
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 100,000
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 8,564,700
- TOTAL $ 9,856,500

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 638. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY**
Facility and property acquisition: (98-2-023)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The university shall comply with local comprehensive land use laws and regulations for this project.

**Appropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 4,000,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 4,000,000
- TOTAL $ 8,000,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 639. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY**
Campus infrastructure: Development (98-2-024)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The university shall comply with local comprehensive land use laws and regulations for this project.

**Appropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 450,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 9,986,000
- TOTAL $ 10,436,600

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 640. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY**
Stadium Way facility: Seismic and infrastructure repair (96-1-102)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

**Reappropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 196,463

**Appropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,920,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 306,163
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 1,743,000
- TOTAL $ 5,165,626

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 641. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY**
State Capital Museum: Preservation (98-1-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

**Appropriation:**
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 200,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 110,000
- TOTAL $ 310,000

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 642. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY**
Minor works (98-1-003)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$62,000 of the appropriation is provided solely for exhibits in the legislative building.

Appropriation:

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<th>Account</th>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$700,000</td>
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<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$845,000</td>
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</table>

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 643. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Washington heritage projects: For grants to local heritage organizations for facility construction, improvements or additions, purchase, restoration and preservation of fixed historic assets, acquisition of equipment, property or sites, interior physical improvements, and design costs (98-2-004)
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriations are provided for the approved list of projects included in LEAP CAPITAL DOCUMENT NO. H-3 as developed on April 15, 1997, at 9:30 a.m.
(2) The state grant may provide no more than one-third of the actual total capital cost of the project, or the amount of state assistance listed in LEAP CAPITAL DOCUMENT NO. H-3, whichever is less. The remaining portions of project capital costs shall be a match from nonstate sources. The match may include cash, land value and documented in-kind gifts and support.
(3) By December 15, 1997, the society shall submit a report to the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature and to the office of financial management on the progress of the heritage program, including a list of projects funded under this section.

Appropriation:

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<tr>
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<tr>
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NEW SECTION.  Sec. 644. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Minor works: Preservation (98-1-004)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The appropriation shall support the detailed list of projects maintained by the office of financial management.

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NEW SECTION.  Sec. 645. FOR THE EASTERN WASHINGTON STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Cheney Cowles Museum: Addition design (98-2-001)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
(2) The appropriation in this section shall be matched by at least 20 percent from nonstate sources.

Appropriation:

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<tr>
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</table>
NEW SECTION, Sec. 646. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct physical education facility: North Seattle Community College (90-5-011)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,574,617
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $6,974,234
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $8,548,851

NEW SECTION, Sec. 647. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct Student Center Building: South Seattle Community College (90-5-016)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $117,544
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $5,249,154
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $5,366,698

NEW SECTION, Sec. 648. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Repairs and minor improvements (94-1-001)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $3,073,389
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $35,333,569
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $38,406,958

NEW SECTION, Sec. 649. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Renovate Seattle Vocational Institute facility (94-1-733)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $74,617
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $7,482,587
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $7,557,204

NEW SECTION, Sec. 650. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Minor improvement projects (94-2-400)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $353,105
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $11,117,929
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $11,471,034

NEW SECTION, Sec. 651. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Puyallup phase II: Pierce College (94-2-601)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,677,483
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $12,091,600
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $13,769,083
NEW SECTION. Sec. 652. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct vocational building: Skagit Valley College (94-2-602)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 75,953
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 2,403,853
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
  TOTAL  $ 2,479,806

NEW SECTION. Sec. 653. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct Learning Resource Center, Fine Arts, Student Center: Whatcom Community
College (94-2-603)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 660,564
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 7,804,180
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
  TOTAL  $ 8,464,744

NEW SECTION. Sec. 654. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct classroom and laboratory building: Edmonds Community College (94-2-604)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 7,533,832
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 5,563,460
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
  TOTAL  $ 13,097,292

NEW SECTION. Sec. 655. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct Technical Educational Building: South Puget Sound Community College (94-2-605)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 264,777
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 6,741,626
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
  TOTAL  $ 7,006,403

NEW SECTION. Sec. 656. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Construct Center for Information Technology: Green River Community College (94-2-606)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under
section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 7,610,438
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 10,476,468
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
  TOTAL  $ 18,086,906
NEW SECTION. Sec. 657. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (94-5-001)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $296,560
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $3,344,818
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $3,641,378

NEW SECTION. Sec. 658. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Small repairs and improvements and underground storage tank removal (96-1-001)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $5,097,011
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $5,351,596
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $10,448,607

NEW SECTION. Sec. 659. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Asbestos abatement (96-1-002)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $484,317
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,142,040
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $1,626,357

NEW SECTION. Sec. 660. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Americans with Disabilities Act improvements (96-1-003)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,208,834
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $1,035,408
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $2,244,242

NEW SECTION. Sec. 661. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Roof repairs (96-1-010)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,824,529
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $3,581,471
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $5,406,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 662. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs (96-1-030)
Reappropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $1,203,772
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $6,384,228
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
- TOTAL $7,588,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 663. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Mechanical repairs (96-1-060)
Reappropriation:

**St Bldg Constr Acct--State** | $ 565,473
---|---
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) | $ 696,527
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) | $ 0
TOTAL | $ 1,262,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 664. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

**Electrical repairs (96-1-080)**

Reappropriation:

**St Bldg Constr Acct--State** | $ 835,487
---|---
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) | $ 1,356,513
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) | $ 0
TOTAL | $ 2,192,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 665. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

**Exterior repairs (96-1-100)**

Reappropriation:

**St Bldg Constr Acct--State** | $ 1,872,955
---|---
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) | $ 546,045
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) | $ 0
TOTAL | $ 2,419,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 666. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

**Interior repairs (96-1-120)**

Reappropriation:

**St Bldg Constr Acct--State** | $ 1,127,361
---|---
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) | $ 405,639
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) | $ 0
TOTAL | $ 1,533,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 667. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

**Site repairs (96-1-140)**

Reappropriation:

**St Bldg Constr Acct--State** | $ 719,903
---|---
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) | $ 1,466,097
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) | $ 0
TOTAL | $ 2,186,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 668. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

**Infrastructure project savings (96-1-500)**

Projects that are completed in accordance with section 711 of this act that have been reviewed by the office of financial management may have their remaining funds transferred to this project for the following purposes: (1) Road and sidewalk repair; (2) roof repair; (3) electrical system repair; (4) steam and utility distribution system repair; (5) plumbing system repair; (6) heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs; and (7) emergency repairs due to natural disasters or accidents.

A report of any transfer effected under this section shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management.

Reappropriation:

**St Bldg Constr Acct--State** | $ 1
---|---
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) | $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) | $ 0
TOTAL | $ 1
NEW SECTION. Sec. 669. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Repair and minor improvement projects (96-2-199)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $4,096,160
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $9,195,966
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $13,292,126

NEW SECTION. Sec. 670. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Project artwork consolidation account (96-2-400)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $304,008
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $304,008

NEW SECTION. Sec. 671. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
North Seattle Community College--Vocational and child care buildings: Construction (96-2-651)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $512,251
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $14,390,847
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $426,973
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $15,330,071

NEW SECTION. Sec. 672. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Everett Community College--Instructional Technology Center: Construction (96-2-652)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,641,157
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $16,421,773
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $942,423
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $20,005,353

NEW SECTION. Sec. 673. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
South Seattle Community College--Integrated learning assistance resource center: Construction (96-2-653)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $461,612
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $8,255,584
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $152,120
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
NEW SECTION. Sec. 674. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Olympic College--Poulsbo Center: Design (96-2-654)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 675. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Bellevue Community College--Classrooms and Laboratories: Construction (96-2-655)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

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Appropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 676. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Clover Park Technical College--Aviation trades complex: Design (96-2-998)
The reappropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.

Reappropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 677. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Olympic College Library replacement (98-2-500)

Reappropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 678. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Yakima Valley College--Replace pedestrian street crossing (96-1-400)
The appropriation in this section is provided solely to use with other nonstate sources for the construction or installation of a pedestrian street crossing or other safety improvements in lieu of a street crossing. The college shall ensure that this appropriation is expended only for the direct cost of the construction or installation of the street crossing improvements.

Reappropriation:

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Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $100,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 679. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Olympic College--Central heating repairs (98-1-043)
Reappropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,410,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $0
TOTAL $2,410,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 680. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Repair and minor improvement (98-1-001)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $11,000,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $10,000,000
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $39,000,000
TOTAL $60,000,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 681. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Roof repairs (98-1-010)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $11,580,400
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $41,000,000
TOTAL $52,580,400

NEW SECTION. Sec. 682. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repairs (98-1-040)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $10,350,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $34,000,000
TOTAL $44,350,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 683. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Mechanical repairs (98-1-070)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $2,632,300
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $8,000,000
TOTAL $10,632,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 684. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Electrical repairs (98-1-090)
Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct--State $4,049,400
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $10,000,000
TOTAL $14,049,400
NEW SECTION. Sec. 685. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Exterior repairs (98-1-110)
Appropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 686. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Interior repairs (98-1-130)
Appropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 687. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Site repairs (98-1-150)
Appropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 688. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Minor improvements (98-2-200)
Appropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 689. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Bates Technical College: Renovation (98-1-190)
Appropriation:

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 690. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Bellingham Technical College: Renovation (98-1-191)
Appropriation:

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<th>Account</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>St Bldg Constr Acct--State</td>
<td>$1,398,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>$1,398,000</td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 691. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND
TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Clover Park Technical College: Renovation (98-1-192)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 692. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Seattle Central Community College: Renovation (98-1-193)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 4,851,300
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 0
  TOTAL  $ 4,851,300

NEW SECTION. Sec. 693. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Highline Community College--Classroom and laboratory building: Design (98-2-660)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 390,700
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 16,059
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 4,114,500
  TOTAL  $ 4,521,259

NEW SECTION. Sec. 694. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Spokane Community College--Health Science addition: Design (98-2-661)
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 692,717
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 26,417
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 9,249,283
  TOTAL  $ 9,968,417

NEW SECTION. Sec. 695. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Predesign: Major projects (98-2-670)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
  (1) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712 of this act.
  (2) To be considered for design funding in the 1999-01 biennium predesigns must be submitted to the office of financial management for review and approval before July 1, 1998.
Appropriation:
  St Bldg Constr Acct--State  $ 400,000
  Prior Biennia (Expenditures)  $ 0
  Future Biennia (Projected Costs)  $ 149,538,800
  TOTAL  $ 149,938,800

NEW SECTION. Sec. 696. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
Cascadia Community College and University of Washington - Bothell: Construction (98-2-999)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
  (1) No money from this appropriation may be expended that would be inconsistent with the recommendations of the higher education coordinating board and the project design, scope, and schedule approved by the office of financial management.
(2) $3,000,000 of this appropriation is provided solely for design of phase IIA of this project to accommodate an additional 1,000 University of Washington and community college student full-time equivalents for the colocated campus.

(3) The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under sections 712 and 714 of this act.

(4) The appropriation in this section is to be combined with the appropriations shown in sections 538 and 539 of this act and shall be managed by the University of Washington to construct a campus to serve at least 2,000 student full-time equivalents with approximately 1,200 for the University of Washington and 800 for Cascadia Community College.

**Appropriation:**

- **St Bldg Constr Acct--State** $45,970,000
- **Prior Biennia (Expenditures)** $0
- **Future Biennia (Projected Costs)** $79,000,000
- **TOTAL** $124,970,000

**PART 6**

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 701.** The estimated debt service costs impacting future general fund expenditures related solely to new capital appropriations within this act are $12,824,000 during the 1997-99 fiscal period; $81,818,000 during the 1999-01 fiscal period; $188,122,000 during the 2001-03 fiscal period; $123,822,000 during the 2003-05 fiscal period; and $129,211,000 during the 2005-07 fiscal period.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 702.** ACQUISITION OF PROPERTIES AND FACILITIES THROUGH FINANCIAL CONTRACTS. The following agencies may enter into financial contracts, paid for from operating revenues, for the purposes indicated and in not more than the principal amounts indicated, plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW. When securing properties under this section, agencies shall use the most economical financial contract option available, including long-term leases, lease-purchase agreements, lease-development with option to purchase agreements or financial contracts using certificates of participation. The director of general administration shall ensure that the clustering of state facilities and the collocation and consolidation of state agencies take place where such configurations are economical and consistent with agency space needs. Agencies shall assist the department of general administration with facility collocation and consolidation efforts.

State agencies may enter into agreements with the department of general administration and the state treasurer’s office to develop requests to the legislature for acquisition of properties and facilities through financial contracts. The agreements may include charges for services rendered.

1. Department of general administration:
   a. Enter into a financing contract in the amount of $8,804,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW, to purchase an existing office building and associated land in Yakima for use by the department of social and health services.
   b. Enter into a financing contract on behalf of the joint center for higher education for $8,500,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW, to purchase and make modifications to the Riverpoint One Building adjacent to the Riverpoint Campus. A financial plan identifying all costs related to this project, and the sources and amounts of all payments to cover these costs and a copy of the appraisal and engineering assessment shall be submitted for approval to both the office of financial management and the higher education coordinating board for approval before execution of any contract.

   Copies of the financial plan shall also be submitted to the senate ways and means committee and the house of representatives capital budget committee.

2. Liquor control board:
   Enter into a long-term lease for a headquarters office in Thurston County for approximately 46,000 square feet.

3. Department of corrections:
   a. Enter into a long-term ground lease for 17 acres in the Tacoma tide flats property from the Puyallup Nation for development of the 400-bed Tacoma prerelease facility for approximately $360,000 per annum. Prior to entering into the lease, the department shall obtain written confirmation...
from the city of Tacoma and Pierce county that the prerelease facility planned for the site meets all land use, environmental protection, and community notification requirements that would apply to the facility if the land was not owned by the Puyallup nation.

(b) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of the department of corrections in the amount of $14,736,900 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to construct a 400-bed Tacoma prerelease facility. The department of corrections shall comply with all land use, environmental protection, and community notification statutes, regulations, and ordinances in the construction and operation of this facility.

(c) Lease-develop with the option to purchase or lease-purchase approximately 100 work release beds in facilities throughout the state for $5,000,000.

(d) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of the department of corrections in the amount of $396,369 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to construct a dairy barn at the Monroe farm.

(e) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of the department of corrections in the amount of $2,100,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase or construct a correctional industries transportation services warehouse.

(4) Community and technical colleges:

(a) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Whatcom Community College in the amount of $800,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop a childcare center costing $2,410,000. The balance of project cost will be a combination of local capital funds and nonstate funds provided through private gifts or contributions.

(b) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Pierce College in the amount of $750,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to develop a new classroom building on the Lakewood campus costing $1,816,665. The balance of project cost will be provided through a combination of local capital funds and existing minor works appropriation to replace relocatable classrooms that are at the end of their useful lives.

(c) Enter into a financing contract in behalf of Bellingham Technical College in the amount of $350,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for construction of a new classroom addition to the diesel/heavy equipment instructional shop costing $411,309.

(d) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Green River Community College in the amount of $1,526,150 plus financing expenses and reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for remodel of the Lindbloom student center building.

(e) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Edmonds Community College in the amount of $2,787,950 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase and make improvements to several buildings and property contiguous to the college campus.

(f) Enter into a financing contract on behalf of Highline Community College in the amount of $2,070,613 plus financing and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW for the purchase of the Federal Way Center, currently being leased by the college.

(5) State parks and recreation:

Enter into a financing contract on behalf of state parks and recreation in the amount of $2,012,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW, to construct cabin and lodge facilities at Cama Beach, develop new campsite electrical hookups, develop new recreational facilities, and expand campsites at Ocean Beach/Grayland. It is the intent of the legislature that debt service on all projects financed under this authority be paid from operating revenues.

(6) Central Washington University:

Enter into a financing contract for $3,000,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase and improve the Sno-King Building for the Lynnwood Extended Degree Center. A financial plan identifying all costs related to this project, and the sources and amounts of all payments to cover these costs and a copy of the building appraisal and engineering assessment shall be submitted for approval to the office of financial management before execution of any contract. Copies of the financial plan shall also be submitted to the senate ways and means committee and the house of representatives capital budget committee.

(7) Washington state patrol:

Enter into a financing contract for $600,000 plus financing expenses and required reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW to purchase the Washington state patrol Port Angeles detachment office.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 703. FOR THE ARTS COMMISSION--ART WORK ALLOWANCE POOLING. (1) One-half of one percent of moneys appropriated in this act for original construction of school plant facilities is provided solely for the purposes of RCW 28A.335.210. The Washington state arts commission may combine the proceeds from individual projects in order to fund larger works of art or mobile art displays in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction and representatives of school district boards.

(2) One-half of one percent of moneys appropriated in this act for original construction or any major renovation or remodel work exceeding two hundred thousand dollars by colleges or universities is provided solely for the purposes of RCW 28B.10.027. The Washington state arts commission may combine the proceeds from individual projects in order to fund larger works of art or mobile art displays in consultation with the board of regents or trustees.

(3) One-half of one percent of moneys appropriated in this act for original construction of any public building by a state agency as defined in RCW 43.17.200 is provided solely for the purposes of RCW 43.17.200. The Washington state arts commission may combine the proceeds from individual projects in order to fund larger works of art or mobile art displays in consultation with the state agency.

(4) At least eighty-five percent of the moneys spent by the Washington state arts commission during the 1997-99 biennium for the purposes of RCW 28A.335.210, 28B.10.027, and 43.17.200 shall be spent solely for direct acquisition of works of art.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. The amounts shown under the headings "Prior Biennia," "Future Biennia," and "Total" in this act are for informational purposes only and do not constitute legislative approval of these amounts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. "Reappropriations" in this act are appropriations and, unless the context clearly provides otherwise, are subject to the relevant conditions and limitations applicable to appropriations. Reappropriations shall be limited to the unexpended balances remaining on June 30, 1997, from the 1995-97 biennial appropriations for each project.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 706. To carry out the provisions of this act, the governor may assign responsibility for predesign, design, construction, and other related activities to any appropriate agency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 707. If any federal moneys appropriated by this act for capital projects are not received by the state, the department or agency to which the moneys were appropriated may replace the federal moneys with funds available from private or local sources. No replacement may occur under this section without the prior approval of the director of financial management in consultation with the senate committee on ways and means and the house of representatives capital budget committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 708. (1) Unless otherwise stated, for all appropriations under this act that require a match of nonstate money or in-kind contributions, the following requirement, consistent with RCW 43.88.150, shall apply: Expenditures of state money shall be timed so that the state share of project expenditures never exceeds the intended state share of total project costs.

(2) Provision of the full amount of required matching funds is not required to permit the expenditure of capital budget appropriations for phased projects if a proportional amount of the required matching funds is provided for each distinct, identifiable phase of the project.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 709. Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, for the 1997-99 biennium, transfers of reimbursement by the state treasurer to the general fund from the community college capital projects account for debt service payments made under Title 28B RCW shall occur only after such debt service payment has been made and only to the extent that funds are actually available to the account. Any unpaid reimbursements shall be a continued obligation against the community college capital projects account until paid. The state board for community and technical colleges need not accumulate any specific balance in the community college capital projects account in anticipation of transfers to reimburse the general fund.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 710. Any capital improvements or capital projects involving construction or major expansion of a state office facility, including, but not limited to, district headquarters, detachment offices, and off-campus faculty offices, shall be reviewed by the department of general administration for possible consolidation, colocation, and compliance with state office standards before allotment of funds. The intent of the requirement imposed by this section is to eliminate duplication and reduce total office space requirements where feasible, while ensuring proper service to the public.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 711. The governor, through the office of financial management, may authorize a transfer of appropriation authority provided for a capital project that is in excess of the amount required for the completion of such project to another capital project for which the appropriation is insufficient. No such transfer may be used to expand the capacity of any facility beyond that intended by the legislature in making the appropriation. Such transfers may be effected only between capital appropriations to a specific department, commission, agency, or institution of higher education and only between capital projects that are funded from the same fund or account. No transfers may occur between projects to local government agencies except where the grants are provided within a single omnibus appropriation and where such transfers are specifically authorized by the implementing statutes which govern the grants.

For purposes of this section, the governor may find that an amount is in excess of the amount required for the completion of a project only if: (1) The project as defined in the notes to the budget document is substantially complete and there are funds remaining; or (2) bids have been let on a project and it appears to a substantial certainty that the project as defined in the notes to the budget document can be completed within the biennium for less than the amount appropriated in this act.

For the purposes of this section, the legislature intends that each project be defined as proposed to the legislature in the governor’s budget document, unless it clearly appears from the legislative history that the legislature intended to define the scope of a project in a different way.

A report of any transfer effected under this section except emergency projects or any transfer under $250,000 shall be filed with the legislative fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives by the office of financial management at least thirty days before the date the transfer is effected. The office of financial management shall report all emergency or smaller transfers within thirty days from the date of transfer.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 712. To ensure that major construction projects are carried out in accordance with legislative and executive intent, appropriations in this act referencing this section or in excess of $5,000,000 shall not be expended until the office of financial management has reviewed and approved the agency’s predesign and other documents and approved an allotment for the project. The predesign document shall include but not be limited to program, site, and cost analysis in accordance with the predesign manual adopted by the office of financial management. To improve monitoring of major construction projects, progress reports shall be submitted by the agency administering the project to the office of financial management and to the fiscal committees of the house and senate. Reports will be submitted on July 1 and December 31 each year in a format to be developed by the office of financial management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 713. Allotments for appropriations shall be provided in accordance with the capital project review requirements adopted by the office of financial management. The office of financial management shall notify the house of representatives capital budget committee and the senate ways and means committee of allotment releases based on review by the office of financial management. No expenditure may be incurred or obligation entered into for appropriations referring to this section until the allotment of the funds to be expended has been approved by the office of financial management. Projects that will be employing alternative public works construction procedures, under chapter 39.10 RCW, are subject to the allotment procedures defined in this section and RCW 43.88.110. Contracts shall not be executed that call for expenditures in excess of the approved allotment, and the total amount shown in such contracts for the cost of future work that has not been appropriated shall not exceed the amount identified for such work in the level of funding approved by the office of financial management at the completion of predesign.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 714. Appropriations for design and construction of facilities on higher education branch campuses shall be expended only after funds are allotted to institutions of higher education on the basis of: (1) Comparable unit cost standards, as determined by the office of financial management in consultation with the higher education coordinating board; (2) costs consistent with other higher education teaching facilities in the state; and (3) student full-time equivalent enrollment levels as established by the office of financial management in consultation with the higher education coordinating board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 715. State agencies receiving appropriations from this act and from Senate Bill No. 5562 or Senate Bill No. 6091 (transportation budget) for land acquisition and environmental mitigation activities shall, to the extent feasible, coordinate those acquisitions and mitigation activities. When cost-effective and ecologically beneficial, the acquisition and development of environmental mitigation sites and activities, including but not limited to wetland banks and advance mitigation, should be provided in a manner that benefits both the department of transportation sites and activities and other agency sites and activities. The coordination of environmental mitigation shall also take into consideration the acquisitions and activities of local watershed groups. The coordination of environmental mitigation sites and activities is intended to improve ecological benefits gained from state expenditures, provide greater emphasis on shared natural resource management, and increase mitigation credit opportunities for the department of transportation. The credits earned from these activities are not intended to reduce department of transportation mitigation obligations, but to reduce the cost of meeting those obligations. The activities of this section shall be carried out in a manner consistent with recommendations developed by a work group consisting of state agencies with substantial environmental mitigation related responsibilities. The office of financial management shall report to the fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives and to the legislative transportation committee by December 1, 1998, on the results of the coordination of these environmental mitigation activities and make recommendations to further improve the coordination among state agencies to achieve better cost-efficiencies and ecological benefits.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 716. No moneys in this act shall be used to develop facilities for juvenile offenders at Rainier school.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 717. When authority has been delegated to a local health district or county to administer and enforce the well tagging, sealing, and decommissioning portions of the water well construction program, the department of ecology shall provide to the local health district or county 75 percent of the fee revenue generated from well construction fees for wells constructed in the delegated county.

Sec. 718. RCW 43.98A.040 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 14 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Moneys appropriated for this chapter to the habitat conservation account shall be distributed in the following way:
(a) Not less than thirty-five percent for the acquisition and development of critical habitat;
(b) Not less than twenty percent for the acquisition and development of natural areas;
(c) Not less than fifteen percent for the acquisition and development of urban wildlife habitat; and
(d) The remaining amount shall be considered unallocated and shall be used by the committee to fund high priority acquisition and development needs for critical habitat, natural areas, and urban wildlife habitat. During the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, the remaining amount may be allocated for matching grants for riparian zone habitat protection projects that implement watershed plans.
(2) In distributing these funds, the committee retains discretion to meet the most pressing needs for critical habitat, natural areas, and urban wildlife habitat, and is not required to meet the percentages described in subsection (1) of this section in any one biennium.
(3) Only state agencies may apply for acquisition and development funds for critical habitat and natural areas projects under subsection (1) (a), (b), and (d) of this section.
(4) State and local agencies may apply for acquisition and development funds for urban wildlife habitat projects under subsection (1) (c) and (d) of this section.
Sec. 719. RCW 43.98A.060 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 14 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The committee may adopt rules establishing acquisition policies and priorities for distributions from the habitat conservation account.

(2) Moneys appropriated for this chapter may not be used by the committee to fund additional staff positions or other overhead expenses, or by a state, regional, or local agency to fund operation and maintenance of areas acquired under this chapter, except that the committee may use moneys appropriated for this chapter for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the administrative costs of implementing the pilot watershed plan implementation program and developing an inventory of publicly owned lands.

(3) Moneys appropriated for this chapter may be used for costs incidental to acquisition, including, but not limited to, surveying expenses, fencing, and signing.

(4) Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the committee may not approve a local project where the local agency share is less than the amount to be awarded from the habitat conservation account.

(5) During the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, the committee may approve a riparian zone habitat protection project where the local agency share is less than the amount to be awarded from the habitat conservation account.

(6) In determining acquisition priorities with respect to the habitat conservation account, the committee shall consider, at a minimum, the following criteria:

   (a) For critical habitat and natural areas proposals:
      (i) Community support;
      (ii) Immediacy of threat to the site;
      (iii) Uniqueness of the site;
      (iv) Diversity of species using the site;
      (v) Quality of the habitat;
      (vi) Long-term viability of the site;
      (vii) Presence of endangered, threatened, or sensitive species;
      (viii) Enhancement of existing public property;
      (ix) Educational and scientific value of the site.

   (b) For urban wildlife habitat proposals, in addition to the criteria of (a) of this subsection:
      (i) Population of, and distance from, the nearest urban area;
      (ii) Proximity to other wildlife habitat;
      (iii) Potential for public use; and
      (iv) Potential for use by special needs populations.

(7) Before October 1st of each even-numbered year, the committee shall recommend to the governor a prioritized list of state agency projects to be funded under RCW 43.98A.040(1)(a), (b), and (c). The governor may remove projects from the list recommended by the committee and shall submit this amended list in the capital budget request to the legislature. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project; and shall describe for each project any anticipated restrictions upon recreational activities allowed prior to the project.

(8) Before October 1st of each year, the committee shall recommend to the governor a prioritized list of all local projects to be funded under RCW 43.98A.040(1)(c). The governor may remove projects from the list recommended by the committee and shall submit this amended list in the capital budget request to the legislature. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project and any particular match requirement, and describe for each project any anticipated restrictions upon recreational activities allowed prior to the project.

Sec. 720. RCW 43.98A.070 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 14 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In determining which state parks proposals and local parks proposals to fund, the committee shall use existing policies and priorities.

(2) Moneys appropriated for this chapter may not be used by the committee to fund additional staff or other overhead expenses, or by a state, regional, or local agency to fund operation and maintenance of areas acquired under this chapter, except that the committee may use moneys appropriated for this chapter for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, for the administrative costs
of implementing the pilot watershed plan implementation program and developing an inventory of publicly owned lands.

(3) Moneys appropriated for this chapter may be used for costs incidental to acquisition, including, but not limited to, surveying expenses, fencing, and signing.

(4) The committee may not approve a project of a local agency where the share contributed by the local agency is less than the amount to be awarded from the outdoor recreation account.

(5) The committee may adopt rules establishing acquisition policies and priorities for the acquisition and development of trails and water access sites to be financed from moneys in the outdoor recreation account.

(6) In determining the acquisition and development priorities, the committee shall consider, at a minimum, the following criteria:
   (a) For trails proposals:
      (i) Community support;
      (ii) Immediacy of threat to the site;
      (iii) Linkage between communities;
      (iv) Linkage between trails;
      (v) Existing or potential usage;
      (vi) Consistency with an existing local land use plan or a regional or state-wide recreational or resource plan;
      (vii) Availability of water access or views;
      (viii) Enhancement of wildlife habitat; and
      (ix) Scenic values of the site.
   (b) For water access proposals:
      (i) Community support;
      (ii) Distance from similar water access opportunities;
      (iii) Immediacy of threat to the site;
      (iv) Diversity of possible recreational uses; and
      (v) Public demand in the area.

(7) Before October 1st of each even-numbered year, the committee shall recommend to the governor a prioritized list of state agency projects to be funded under RCW 43.98A.050(1) (a), (c), and (d). The governor may remove projects from the list recommended by the committee and shall submit this amended list in the capital budget request to the legislature. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project; and shall describe for each project any anticipated restrictions upon recreational activities allowed prior to the project.

(8) Before October 1st of each year, the committee shall recommend to the governor a prioritized list of all local projects to be funded under RCW 43.98A.050(1) (b), (c), and (d) of this act. The governor may remove projects from the list recommended by the committee and shall submit this amended list in the capital budget request to the legislature. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project and any particular match requirement, and describe for each project any anticipated restrictions upon recreational activities allowed prior to the project.

Sec. 721. RCW 43.160.070 and 1996 c 51 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

Public facilities financial assistance, when authorized by the board, is subject to the following conditions:

(1) The moneys in the public facilities construction loan revolving fund shall be used solely to fulfill commitments arising from financial assistance authorized in this chapter or, during the 1989-91 fiscal biennium, for economic development purposes as appropriated by the legislature. The total outstanding amount which the board shall dispense at any time pursuant to this section shall not exceed the moneys available from the fund. The total amount of outstanding financial assistance in Pierce, King, and Snohomish counties shall never exceed sixty percent of the total amount of outstanding financial assistance disbursed by the board.

(2) On contracts made for public facilities loans the board shall determine the interest rate which loans shall bear. The interest rate shall not exceed ten percent per annum. The board may provide reasonable terms and conditions for repayment for loans as the board determines. The loans shall not exceed twenty years in duration.

(3) Repayments of loans made under the contracts for public facilities construction loans shall be paid into the public facilities construction loan revolving fund. Repayments of loans from moneys
from the new appropriation from the public works assistance account for the fiscal biennium ending June 30, 1999, shall be paid into the public works assistance account.

(4) When every feasible effort has been made to provide loans and loans are not possible, the board may provide grants upon finding that unique circumstances exist.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 722. The department of information services shall act as lead agency in coordinating video telecommunications services for state agencies. As lead agency, the department shall develop standards and common specifications for leased and purchased telecommunications equipment and assist state agencies in developing a video telecommunications expenditure plan. No agency may spend any portion of any appropriation in this act for new video telecommunications equipment, new video telecommunications transmission, or new video telecommunications systems without first complying with chapter 43.105 RCW, including but not limited to RCW 43.105.041(2), and without first submitting a video telecommunications equipment expenditure plan, in accordance with the policies of the department of information services, for review and assessment by the department of information services under RCW 43.105.052. Before any such expenditure by a public school, a video telecommunications expenditure plan shall be approved by the superintendent of public instruction. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall submit the plans to the department of information services in a form prescribed by the department. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall coordinate the use of the video telecommunications in public schools by providing educational information to local school districts and shall assist local school districts and educational service districts in telecommunications planning and curriculum development. Before any such expenditure by a public institution of postsecondary education, a telecommunications expenditure plan shall be approved by the higher education coordinating board. The higher education coordinating board shall coordinate the use of video telecommunications for instruction and instructional support in postsecondary education, including the review and approval of instructional telecommunications course offerings.

PART 7
1995-1997 SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 801. A supplemental capital budget is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions set forth in sections 802 through 808 of this act, the several dollar amounts hereinafter specified, or as much thereof as shall be sufficient to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated and authorized to be incurred for capital projects during the period ending June 30, 1997, out of the several funds specified in sections 802 through 808 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 802. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 to read as follows:

FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT

Federal construction projects: For minor capital construction projects included on office of financial management unanticipated receipt approval request log numbers 261 and 275.

Appropriation:

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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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NEW SECTION. Sec. 803. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Riverside State Park renovations: For renovation of the sewer system, water system, and cottages at Riverside state park, as described on office of financial management unanticipated receipt approval request log number 264.

Appropriation:

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal</td>
<td>$30,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$30,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
NEW SECTION, Sec. 804. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Special lands acquisition: For acquisition of properties within the Trout Lake wetlands, as described on office of financial management unanticipated receipt approval request log number 265.

Appropriation:
- General Fund--Federal $ 450,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 450,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 805. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

Yakima Valley College--Replace pedestrian street crossing (96-1-400)

The appropriation in this section is provided solely to use with other nonstate sources for the construction or installation of a pedestrian street crossing or other safety improvements in lieu of a street crossing. The college shall ensure that this appropriation is expended only for the direct cost of the construction or installation of the street crossing improvements.

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 100,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 100,000

Sec. 806. 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 s 713 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

Everett Community College: To procure land for a new access to the college and for a new Instruction Technology Center (96-2-652)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 813 of this act.

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ (3,558,440) 5,068,984
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 25,140 14,911,229
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ (42,251,270) 15,834,850
- TOTAL $ (45,834,850) 20,005,353

NEW SECTION, Sec. 807. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

Olympic College--Central heating repairs (98-1-043)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 2,410,000
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 2,410,000

NEW SECTION, Sec. 808. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 16 to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

Olympic College Library replacement (98-2-500)

Appropriation:
- St Bldg Constr Acct--State $ 1,669,563
- General Fund--Federal $ 5,008,686 6,678,249
- Subtotal Appropriation $ 6,678,249
- Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
- Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
- TOTAL $ 6,678,249
NEW SECTION. Sec. 901. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 902. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title.

MOTION

Representative Sehlin moved that the House adopt the Conference Committee Report.

Representative Sehlin spoke in favor of the adoption of the motion.

Representative Ogden spoke against the adoption of the motion.

The motion was adopted.

There being no objection, the House adopted the conference report on Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063, and advanced the bill to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representative Sehlin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Ogden spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063 as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 42, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 17, 1997
The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1032 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"PART I
GRANTS OF RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY

Sec. 101. RCW 76.09.010 and 1993 c 443 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The legislature hereby finds and declares that the forest land resources are among the most valuable of all resources in the state; that a viable forest products industry is of prime importance to the state’s economy; that it is in the public interest for public and private commercial forest lands to be managed consistent with sound policies of natural resource protection; that coincident with maintenance of a viable forest products industry, it is important to afford protection to forest soils, fisheries, wildlife, water quantity and quality, air quality, recreation, and scenic beauty.
(2) The legislature further finds and declares it to be in the public interest of this state to create and maintain through the adoption of this chapter a comprehensive state-wide system of laws and forest practices regulations which will achieve the following purposes and policies:
   (a) Afford protection to, promote, foster and encourage timber growth, and require such minimum reforestation of commercial tree species on forest lands as will reasonably utilize the timber growing capacity of the soil following current timber harvest;
   (b) Afford protection to forest soils and public resources by utilizing all reasonable methods of technology in conducting forest practices;
   (c) Recognize both the public and private interest in the profitable growing and harvesting of timber;
   (d) Promote efficiency by permitting maximum operating freedom consistent with the other purposes and policies stated herein;
   (e) Provide for regulation of forest practices so as to avoid unnecessary duplication in such regulation;
   (f) Provide for interagency input and intergovernmental and tribal coordination and cooperation;
   (g) Achieve compliance with all applicable requirements of federal and state law with respect to nonpoint sources of water pollution from forest practices;
   (h) To consider reasonable land use planning goals and concepts contained in local comprehensive plans and zoning regulations; and
   (i) Foster cooperation among managers of public resources, forest landowners, Indian tribes and the citizens of the state.

   The authority of the board to adopt forest practices rules is prescribed by this subsection (2) and RCW 76.09.040. After the effective date of this act, the board may not adopt forest practices rules based solely on any other section of law stating a statute’s intent or purpose, on the enabling provisions of the statute establishing the agency, or on any combination of those provisions.
(3) The legislature further finds and declares that it is also in the public interest of the state to encourage forest landowners to undertake corrective and remedial action to reduce the impact of mass earth movements and fluvial processes.
(4) The legislature further finds and declares that it is in the public interest that the applicants for state forest practice permits should assist in paying for the cost of review and permitting necessary for the environmental protection of these resources.

Sec. 102. RCW 76.09.040 and 1994 c 264 s 48 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Where necessary to accomplish the purposes and policies specifically stated in RCW 76.09.010(2), and to implement the provisions of this chapter, the board shall ((promulgate)) adopt forest practices rules pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW and in accordance with the procedures enumerated in this section that:
   (a) Establish minimum standards for forest practices;
   (b) Provide procedures for the voluntary development of resource management plans which may be adopted as an alternative to the minimum standards in (a) of this subsection if the plan is consistent with the purposes and policies specifically stated in RCW 76.09.010(2) and the plan meets or exceeds the objectives of the minimum standards;
(c) Set forth necessary administrative provisions; and
(d) Establish procedures for the collection and administration of forest practice fees as set forth by this chapter.

Forest practices ((regulations)) rules pertaining to water quality protection shall be ((promulgated)) adopted individually by the board and by the department of ecology after they have reached agreement with respect thereto. All other forest practices ((regulations)) rules shall be ((promulgated)) adopted by the board.

Forest practices ((regulations)) rules shall be administered and enforced by the department except as otherwise provided in this chapter. Such ((regulations)) rules shall be ((promulgated)) adopted and administered so as to give consideration to all purposes and policies specifically set forth in RCW 76.09.010(2).

(2) The board shall prepare proposed forest practices ((regulations)) rules. In addition to any forest practices ((regulations)) rules relating to water quality protection proposed by the board, the department of ecology shall prepare proposed forest practices ((regulations)) rules relating to water quality protection.

Prior to initiating the rule making process, the proposed ((regulations)) rules shall be submitted for review and comments to the department of fish and wildlife and to the counties of the state. After receipt of the proposed forest practices ((regulations)) rules, the department of fish and wildlife and the counties of the state shall have thirty days in which to review and submit comments to the board, and to the department of ecology with respect to its proposed ((regulations)) rules relating to water quality protection. After the expiration of such thirty day period the board and the department of ecology shall jointly hold one or more hearings on the proposed ((regulations)) rules pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW. At such hearing(s) any county may propose specific forest practices ((regulations)) rules relating to problems existing within such county. The board and the department of ecology may adopt such proposals if they find the proposals are consistent with the purposes and policies of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 43.22 RCW to read as follows:

For rules adopted after the effective date of this act, the director of the department of labor and industries may not rely solely on a statute's statement of intent or purpose, on the enabling provisions of the statute establishing the agency, or on any combination of those provisions, for statutory authority to adopt any rule. This section does not apply to rules adopted under chapter 39.12 RCW.

Sec. 104. RCW 48.02.060 and 1947 c 79 s .02.06 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The commissioner shall have the authority expressly conferred upon him or her by or reasonably implied from the provisions of this code.

(2) The commissioner shall execute his or her duties and shall enforce the provisions of this code.

(3) The commissioner may:
(a) Make reasonable rules and regulations for effectuating any provision of this code, except those relating to his or her election, qualifications, or compensation. However, the commissioner may not adopt rules after the effective date of this act that are based solely on this statute, or on a statute's statement of intent or purpose, or on the enabling provisions of the statute establishing the agency, or any combination of those provisions, for statutory authority to adopt any rule, except rules defining or clarifying terms in, or procedures necessary to the implementation of a statute. No such rules and regulations shall be effective prior to their being filed for public inspection in the commissioner's office.

(b) Conduct investigations to determine whether any person has violated any provision of this code.

(c) Conduct examinations, investigations, hearings, in addition to those specifically provided for, useful and proper for the efficient administration of any provision of this code.

Sec. 105. RCW 48.44.050 and 1947 c 268 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

The insurance commissioner shall make reasonable regulations in aid of the administration of this chapter which may include, but shall not be limited to regulations concerning the maintenance of adequate insurance, bonds, or cash deposits, information required of registrants, and methods of expediting speedy and fair payments to claimants. However, the commissioner may not adopt rules after the effective date of this act that are based solely on this statute's statement of intent or
purpose, or on the enabling provisions of the statute establishing the agency, or any combination of those provisions, for statutory authority to adopt any rule, except rules defining or clarifying terms in, or procedures necessary to the implementation of a statute.

Sec. 106. RCW 48.46.200 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 290 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:

The commissioner may adopt, in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW, rules and regulations as necessary or proper to carry out the provisions of this chapter. However, the commissioner may not adopt rules after the effective date of this act that are based solely on this section, a statute's statement of intent or purpose, or on the enabling provisions of the statute establishing the agency, or any combination of those provisions, for statutory authority to adopt any rule, except rules defining or clarifying terms in, or procedures necessary to the implementation of a statute. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit the commissioner from requiring changes in procedures previously approved by the commissioner.

Sec. 107. RCW 48.30.010 and 1985 c 264 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No person engaged in the business of insurance shall engage in unfair methods of competition or in unfair or deceptive acts or practices in the conduct of such business as such methods, acts, or practices are defined pursuant to subsection (2) of this section. However, the commissioner may from time to time by regulation promulgated pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, define other methods of competition and other acts and practices in the conduct of such business reasonably found by the commissioner to be unfair or deceptive after a review of all comments received during the notice and comment rule-making period.

(3)(a) In defining other methods of competition and other acts and practices in the conduct of such business to be unfair or deceptive, and after reviewing all comments and documents received during the notice and comment rule-making period, the commissioner shall identify his or her reasons for defining the method of competition or other act or practice in the conduct of insurance to be unfair or deceptive and shall include a statement outlining these reasons as part of the adopted rule.

(b) The commissioner shall include a detailed description of facts upon which he or she relied and of facts upon which he or she failed to rely, in defining the method of competition or other act or practice in the conduct of insurance to be unfair or deceptive, in the concise explanatory statement prepared under RCW 34.05.325(6).

(c) Upon appeal the superior court shall review the findings of fact upon which the regulation is based de novo on the record.

(4) No such regulation shall be made effective prior to the expiration of thirty days after the date of the order by which it is promulgated.

(5) If the commissioner has cause to believe that any person is violating any such regulation, the commissioner may order such person to cease and desist therefrom. The commissioner shall deliver such order to such person direct or mail it to the person by registered mail with return receipt requested. If the person violates the order after expiration of ten days after the cease and desist order has been received by him or her, he or she may be fined by the commissioner a sum not to exceed two hundred and fifty dollars for each violation committed thereafter.

PART II
RULE-MAKING REQUIREMENTS

Sec. 201. RCW 34.05.010 and 1992 c 44 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions set forth in this section shall apply throughout this chapter, unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Adjudicative proceeding" means a proceeding before an agency in which an opportunity for hearing before that agency is required by statute or constitutional right before or after the entry of an order by the agency. Adjudicative proceedings also include all cases of licensing and rate making in which an application for a license or rate change is denied except as limited by RCW 66.08.150, or a
license is revoked, suspended, or modified, or in which the granting of an application is contested by a person having standing to contest under the law.

(2) "Agency" means any state board, commission, department, institution of higher education, or officer, authorized by law to make rules or to conduct adjudicative proceedings, except those in the legislative or judicial branches, the governor, or the attorney general except to the extent otherwise required by law and any local governmental entity that may request the appointment of an administrative law judge under chapter 42.41 RCW.

(3) "Agency action" means licensing, the implementation or enforcement of a statute, the adoption or application of an agency rule or order, the imposition of sanctions, or the granting or withholding of benefits.

Agency action does not include an agency decision regarding (a) contracting or procurement of goods, services, public works, and the purchase, lease, or acquisition by any other means, including eminent domain, of real estate, as well as all activities necessarily related to those functions, or (b) determinations as to the sufficiency of a showing of interest filed in support of a representation petition, or mediation or conciliation of labor disputes or arbitration of labor disputes under a collective bargaining law or similar statute, or (c) any sale, lease, contract, or other proprietary decision in the management of public lands or real property interests, or (d) the granting of a license, franchise, or permission for the use of trademarks, symbols, and similar property owned or controlled by the agency.

(4) "Agency head" means the individual or body of individuals in whom the ultimate legal authority of the agency is vested by any provision of law. If the agency head is a body of individuals, a majority of those individuals constitutes the agency head.

(5) "De facto rule" means an issuance not adopted under Part III of this chapter that the agency uses to (a) subject a person to a penalty or administrative sanction; (b) establish, alter, or revoke a procedure, practice, or requirement relating to agency hearings; (c) establish, alter, or revoke a qualification or requirement relating to the enjoyment of a benefit or privilege conferred by law; (d) establish, alter, or revoke a qualification or standard for the issuance, suspension, or revocation of a license to pursue a commercial activity, trade, or profession; or (e) establish, alter, or revoke mandatory standards for a product or material that must be met before distribution or sale. The term does not include (i) statements concerning only the internal management of an agency and not affecting private rights or procedures available to the public, (ii) declaratory rulings issued under RCW 34.05.240, (iii) traffic restrictions for motor vehicles, bicyclists, and pedestrians established by the secretary of transportation or his or her designee where notice of the restrictions is given by official traffic control devices, or (iv) rules of institutions of higher education involving standards of admission, academic advancement, academic credit, graduation and the granting of degrees, employment relationships, or fiscal processes.

(6) "Entry" of an order means the signing of the order by all persons who are to sign the order, as an official act indicating that the order is to be effective.

(7) "Filing" of a document that is required to be filed with an agency means delivery of the document to a place designated by the agency by rule for receipt of official documents, or in the absence of such designation, at the office of the agency head.

(8) "Institutions of higher education" are the University of Washington, Washington State University, Central Washington University, Eastern Washington University, Western Washington University, The Evergreen State College, the various community colleges, and the governing boards of each of the above, and the various colleges, divisions, departments, or offices authorized by the governing board of the institution involved to act for the institution, all of which are sometimes referred to in this chapter as "institutions."

(9) "Interpretive statement" means a written expression of the opinion of an agency, entitled an interpretive statement by the agency head or its designee, as to the meaning of a statute or other provision of law, of a court decision, or of an agency order.

(10) "Issuance" means a written document of general applicability issued by an agency that is available to the public. It includes, but is not limited to, an agency order of adoption, bulletin, directive, policy statement, interpretive statement, guideline, letter, memorandum, rule, or de facto rule. "Issuance" does not include final agency orders issued after an adjudicative proceeding under Part IV of this chapter, tax determinations of precedential value issued by the department of revenue, documents entitled "technical assistance document," medical coverage decisions, tariffs, or permits.
(11)(a) "License" means a franchise, permit, certification, approval, registration, charter, or similar form of authorization required by law, but does not include (i) a license required solely for revenue purposes, or (ii) a certification of an exclusive bargaining representative, or similar status, under a collective bargaining law or similar statute, or (iii) a license, franchise, or permission for use of trademarks, symbols, and similar property owned or controlled by the agency.

(b) "Licensing" includes the agency process respecting the issuance, denial, revocation, suspension, or modification of a license.

(12)(a) "Order," without further qualification, means a written statement of particular applicability that finally determines the legal rights, duties, privileges, immunities, or other legal interests of a specific person or persons.

(b) "Order of adoption" means the official written statement by which an agency adopts, amends, or repeals a rule.

(13) "Party to agency proceedings," or "party" in a context so indicating, means:

(a) A person to whom the agency action is specifically directed; or

(b) A person named as a party to the agency proceeding or allowed to intervene or participate as a party in the agency proceeding.

(14) "Party to judicial review or civil enforcement proceedings," or "party" in a context so indicating, means:

(a) A person who files a petition for a judicial review or civil enforcement proceeding; or

(b) A person named as a party in a judicial review or civil enforcement proceeding, or allowed to participate as a party in a judicial review or civil enforcement proceeding.

(15) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, association, governmental subdivision or unit thereof, or public or private organization or entity of any character, and includes another agency.

(16) "Policy statement" means a written description of the current approach of an agency, entitled a policy statement by the agency head or its designee, to implementation of a statute or other provision of law, of a court decision, or of an agency order, including where appropriate the agency's current practice, procedure, or method of action based upon that approach.

(17) "Rule" means any (a) agency order, directive, or regulation of general applicability the violation of which subjects a person to a penalty or administrative sanction; (b) which establishes, alters, or revokes any procedure, practice, or requirement relating to agency hearings; (c) which establishes, alters, or revokes any qualification or requirement relating to the enjoyment of benefits or privileges conferred by law; (d) which establishes, alters, or revokes any qualifications or standards for the issuance, suspension, or revocation of licenses to pursue any commercial activity, trade, or profession; or (e) which establishes, alters, or revokes any mandatory standards for any product or material which must be met before distribution or sale) issuance adopted under Part III of this chapter. The term includes the amendment or repeal of a prior rule, but does not include (i) statements concerning only the internal management of an agency and not affecting private rights or procedures available to the public, (ii) declaratory rulings issued pursuant to RCW 34.05.240, (iii) traffic restrictions for motor vehicles, bicyclists, and pedestrians established by the secretary of transportation or his designee where notice of such restrictions is given by official traffic control devices, or (iv) rules of institutions of higher education involving standards of admission, academic advancement, academic credit, graduation and the granting of degrees, employment relationships, or fiscal processes).

(18) "Rules review committee" or "committee" means the joint administrative rules review committee created pursuant to RCW 34.05.610 (for the purpose of selectively reviewing existing and proposed rules of state agencies).

(19) "Rule making" means the process for formulation and adoption of a rule.

(20) "Service," except as otherwise provided in this chapter, means posting in the United States mail, properly addressed, postage prepaid, or personal service. Service by mail is complete upon deposit in the United States mail. Agencies may, by rule, authorize service by electronic facsimile transmission, where copies are mailed simultaneously, or by commercial parcel delivery company.
(1) (If the adoption of rules is not feasible and practicable.) An agency may file notice for the expedited adoption of rules in accordance with the procedures set forth in this section for rules meeting any one of the following criteria:

(a) The proposed rules relate only to internal governmental operations that are not subject to violation by a person;

(b) The proposed rules adopt or incorporate by reference without material change federal statutes or regulations, Washington state statutes, rules of other Washington state agencies, shoreline master programs other than those programs governing shorelines of state-wide significance, or, as referenced by Washington state law, national consensus codes that generally establish industry standards, if the material adopted or incorporated regulates the same subject matter and conduct as the adopting or incorporating rule;

(c) The proposed rules only correct typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect;

(d) The content of the proposed rules is explicitly and specifically dictated by statute;

(e) The proposed rules have been the subject of negotiated rule making, pilot rule making, or some other process that involved substantial participation by interested parties before the development of the proposed rule; or

(f) The proposed rule is being amended after a review under RCW 34.05.328 or section 210 of this act.

(2) The expedited rule-making process must follow the requirements for rule making set forth in RCW 34.05.320, except that the agency is not required to prepare a small business economic impact statement under RCW 19.85.025, a statement indicating whether the rule constitutes a significant legislative rule under RCW 34.05.328(5)(c)(iii), or a significant legislative rule analysis under RCW 34.05.328. An agency is not required to prepare statements of inquiry under RCW 34.05.310 or conduct a hearing for the expedited adoption of rules. The notice for the expedited adoption of rules must contain a statement in at least ten-point type, that is substantially in the following form:

NOTICE

THIS RULE IS BEING PROPOSED TO BE ADOPTED USING AN EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS THAT WILL ELIMINATE THE NEED FOR THE AGENCY TO HOLD PUBLIC HEARINGS, PREPARE A SMALL BUSINESS ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT, OR PROVIDE RESPONSES TO THE CRITERIA FOR A SIGNIFICANT LEGISLATIVE RULE. IF YOU OBJECT TO THIS RULE BEING ADOPTED USING THE EXPEDITED RULE-MAKING PROCESS, YOU MUST EXPRESS YOUR OBJECTIONS IN WRITING AND THEY MUST BE SENT TO (INSERT NAME AND ADDRESS) AND RECEIVED BY (INSERT DATE).

(3) The agency shall send a copy of the notice of the proposed expedited rule making to any person who has requested notification of proposals for the expedited adoption of rules or of agency rule making, as well as the joint administrative rules review committee, within three days after its publication in the Washington State Register. An agency may charge for the actual cost of providing a requesting party mailed copies of these notices. The notice of the proposed expedited rule making must be preceded by a statement substantially in the form provided in subsection (2) of this section. The notice must also include an explanation of the reasons the agency believes the expedited adoption of the rule is appropriate.

(4) The code reviser shall publish the text of all rules proposed for expedited adoption along with the notice required in this section in a separate section of the Washington State Register. Once the text of the proposed rules has been published in the Washington State Register, the only changes that an agency may make in the text of these proposed rules before their final adoption are to correct typographical errors.

(5) Any person may file a written objection to the expedited adoption of a rule. The objection must be filed with the agency rules coordinator within forty-five days after the notice of the proposed expedited rule making has been published in the Washington State Register. A person who has filed a written objection to the expedited adoption of a rule may withdraw the objection.

(6) If no written objections to the expedited adoption of a rule are filed with the agency within forty-five days after the notice of proposed expedited rule making is published, or if all objections that have been filed are withdrawn by the persons filing the objections, the agency may enter an order adopting the rule without further notice or a public hearing. The order must be published in the manner required by this chapter for any other agency order adopting, amending, or repealing a rule.
(7) If a written notice of objection to the expedited adoption of the rule is timely filed with the agency and is not withdrawn, the notice of proposed expedited rule making published under this section is considered a statement of inquiry for the purposes of RCW 34.05.310, and the agency may initiate further rule adoption proceedings in accordance with this chapter.

(8) Subsections (1) through (8) of this section expire on December 31, 2000.

(9) An agency is encouraged to advise the public of its current opinions, approaches, and likely courses of action by means of ((interpretive or policy statements. Current interpretive and policy statements)) issuances. Unless adopted under Part III of this chapter or exempted under the definition of de facto rule as defined in RCW 34.05.010, these issuances are advisory only. ((To better inform and involve the public, an agency is encouraged to convert long-standing interpretive and policy statements into rules.

(2)) (10) A person may petition an agency ((requesting the conversion of interpretive and policy statements into rules)) to adopt an issuance as a rule. Upon submission, the agency shall notify the joint administrative rules review committee of the petition. A person may petition an agency requesting the repeal or withdrawal of an interpretive or policy statement. Within sixty days after submission of ((a)) either type of petition, the agency shall either deny the petition in writing, stating its reasons for the denial, or initiate rule-making proceedings in accordance with this chapter.

(2)) (11) Each agency shall maintain a roster of interested persons, consisting of persons who have requested in writing to be notified of all interpretive and policy statements issued by that agency. Each agency shall update the roster once each year and eliminate persons who do not indicate a desire to continue on the roster. Whenever an agency issues an interpretive or policy statement, it shall send a copy of the statement to each person listed on the roster. The agency may charge a nominal fee to the interested person for this service.

(2)) (12) Whenever an agency issues an interpretive or policy statement, it shall submit to the code reviser for publication in the Washington State Register a statement describing the subject matter of the interpretive or policy statement, and listing the person at the agency from whom a copy of the interpretive or policy statement may be obtained.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 RCW under the subchapter heading "Part III" to read as follows:

In lieu of regular mail, an agency may send the contents of any notice pertaining to rule making required under this chapter by electronic mail or facsimile mail if requested in writing by the person entitled to receive the notice.

Sec. 204. RCW 34.05.325 and 1995 c 403 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The agency shall make a good faith effort to insure that the information on the proposed rule published pursuant to RCW 34.05.320 accurately reflects the rule to be presented and considered at the oral hearing on the rule. Written comment about a proposed rule, including supporting data, shall be accepted by an agency if received no later than the time and date specified in the notice, or such later time and date established at the rule-making hearing.

(2) The agency shall provide an opportunity for oral comment to be received by the agency in a rule-making hearing.

(3) If the agency possesses equipment capable of receiving electronic mail, telefacsimile transmissions, or recorded telephonic communications, the agency ((may)) shall provide in its notice of hearing filed under RCW 34.05.320 that interested parties may comment on proposed rules by these means. If the agency ((chooses)) is able to receive comments by these means, the notice of hearing shall provide instructions for making such comments, including, but not limited to, appropriate telephone numbers to be used; the date and time by which comments must be received; required methods to verify the receipt and authenticity of the comments; and any limitations on the number of pages for telefacsimile transmission or electronic mail comments and on the minutes of tape recorded comments. The agency shall accept comments received by these means for inclusion in the ((official record)) rule-making file established under RCW 34.05.370 if the comments are made in accordance with the agency’s instructions.

(4) The agency head, a member of the agency head, or a presiding officer designated by the agency head shall preside at the rule-making hearing. Rule-making hearings shall be open to the public. The agency shall cause a record to be made of the hearing by stenographic, mechanical, or electronic means. Unless the agency head presides or is present at substantially all the hearings, the presiding
official shall prepare a memorandum for consideration by the agency head, summarizing the contents of the presentations made at the rule-making hearing. The summarizing memorandum is a public document and shall be made available to any person in accordance with chapter 42.17 RCW.

(5) Rule-making hearings are legislative in character and shall be reasonably conducted by the presiding official to afford interested persons the opportunity to present comment. Rule-making hearings may be continued to a later time and place established on the record without publication of further notice under RCW 34.05.320.

(6)(a) Before it files an adopted rule with the code reviser, an agency shall prepare a concise explanatory statement of the rule:

(i) Identifying the agency's reasons for adopting the rule;
(ii) Describing differences between the text of the proposed rule as published in the register and the text of the rule as adopted, other than editing changes, stating the reasons for differences; and
(iii) Summarizing all comments received regarding the proposed rule, and responding to the comments by category or subject matter, indicating how the final rule reflects agency consideration of the comments, or why it fails to do so.

(b) The agency shall provide the concise explanatory statement to any person upon request or from whom the agency received comment.

Sec. 205. RCW 34.05.328 and 1995 c 403 s 201 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Before adopting a rule described in subsection (5) of this section, an agency shall:
(a) Clearly state in detail the general goals and specific objectives of the statute that the rule implements;
(b) Determine that the rule is needed to achieve the general goals and specific objectives stated under (a) of this subsection, and analyze alternatives to rule making and the consequences of not adopting the rule;
(c) Determine that the probable benefits of the rule are greater than its probable costs, taking into account both the qualitative and quantitative benefits and costs and the specific directives of the statute being implemented;
(d) Determine, after considering alternative versions of the rule and the analysis required under (b) and (c) of this subsection, that the rule being adopted is the least burdensome alternative for those required to comply with it that will achieve the general goals and specific objectives stated under (a) of this subsection;
(e) Determine that the rule does not require those to whom it applies to take an action that violates requirements of another federal or state law;
(f) Determine that the rule does not impose more stringent performance requirements on private entities than on public entities unless required to do so by federal or state law;
(g) Determine if the rule differs from any federal regulation or statute applicable to the same activity or subject matter and, if so, determine that the difference is justified by the following:
(i) A state statute that explicitly allows the agency to differ from federal standards; or
(ii) Substantial evidence that the difference is necessary to achieve the general goals and specific objectives stated under (a) of this subsection; and
(h) Coordinate the rule, to the maximum extent practicable, with other federal, state, and local laws applicable to the same activity or subject matter.
(2) In making its determinations pursuant to subsection (1)(b) through (g) of this section, the agency shall place in the rule-making file documentation of sufficient quantity and quality so as to persuade a reasonable person that the determinations are justified.
(3) Before adopting rules described in subsection (5) of this section, an agency shall place in the rule-making file a rule implementation plan for rules filed under each adopting order. The plan shall describe how the agency intends to:
(a) Implement and enforce the rule, including a description of the resources the agency intends to use;
(b) Inform and educate affected persons about the rule;
(c) Promote and assist voluntary compliance; and
(d) Evaluate whether the rule achieves the purpose for which it was adopted, including, to the maximum extent practicable, the use of interim milestones to assess progress and the use of objectively measurable outcomes.
(4) After adopting a rule described in subsection (5) of this section regulating the same activity or subject matter as another provision of federal or state law, an agency shall do all of the following:
   (a) Provide to the [(business assistance center)] department of community, trade, and economic development a list citing by reference the other federal and state laws that regulate the same activity or subject matter;
   (b) Coordinate implementation and enforcement of the rule with the other federal and state entities regulating the same activity or subject matter by making every effort to do one or more of the following:
      (i) Deferring to the other entity;
      (ii) Designating a lead agency; or
      (iii) Entering into an agreement with the other entities specifying how the agency and entities will coordinate implementation and enforcement.
   If the agency is unable to comply with this subsection (4)(b), the agency shall report to the legislature pursuant to (c) of this subsection;
   (c) Report to the joint administrative rules review committee:
      (i) The existence of any overlap or duplication of other federal or state laws, any differences from federal law, and any known overlap, duplication, or conflict with local laws; and
      (ii) Make recommendations for any legislation that may be necessary to eliminate or mitigate any adverse effects of such overlap, duplication, or difference.

(5)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, this section applies to:
   (i) Significant legislative rules of the departments of ecology, labor and industries, health, revenue, social and health services, and natural resources, the employment security department, the forest practices board, the office of the insurance commissioner, and to the legislative rules of the department of fish and wildlife implementing chapter 75.20 RCW; and
   (ii) Any rule of any agency, if this section is voluntarily made applicable to the rule by the agency, or is made applicable to the rule by a majority vote of the joint administrative rules review committee within [forty-five] ninety days of receiving the notice of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320.
   (b) This section does not apply to:
      (i) Emergency rules adopted under RCW 34.05.350;
      (ii) Rules relating only to internal governmental operations that are not subject to violation by a nongovernment party;
      (iii) Rules adopting or incorporating by reference without material change federal statutes or regulations, Washington state statutes, rules of other Washington state agencies, shoreline master programs other than those programs governing shorelines of state-wide significance, or, as referenced by Washington state law, national consensus codes that generally establish industry standards, if the material adopted or incorporated regulates the same subject matter and conduct as the adopting or incorporating rule;
      (iv) Rules that only correct typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect;
      (v) Rules the content of which is explicitly and specifically dictated by statute; (or)
      (vi) Rules that set or adjust fees or rates pursuant to legislative standards; or
      (vii) Rules of the department of social and health services relating only to client medical or financial eligibility and rules concerning liability for care of dependents.
   (c) For purposes of this subsection:
      (i) A "procedural rule" is a rule that adopts, amends, or repeals (A) any procedure, practice, or requirement relating to any agency hearings; (B) any filing or related process requirement for making application to an agency for a license or permit; or (C) any policy statement pertaining to the consistent internal operations of an agency.
      (ii) An "interpretive rule" is a rule, the violation of which does not subject a person to a penalty or sanction, that sets forth the agency's interpretation of statutory provisions it administers.
      (iii) A "significant legislative rule" is a rule other than a procedural or interpretive rule that (A) adopts substantive provisions of law pursuant to delegated legislative authority, the violation of which subjects a violator of such rule to a penalty or sanction; (B) establishes, alters, or revokes any qualification or standard for the issuance, suspension, or revocation of a license or permit; or (C) adopts a new, or makes significant amendments to, a policy or regulatory program.
(d) In the notice of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320, an agency shall state whether this section applies to the proposed rule pursuant to (a)(i) of this subsection, or if the agency will apply this section voluntarily.

(6) By January 31, 1996, and by January 31st of each even-numbered year thereafter, the office of financial management, after consulting with state agencies, counties, and cities, and business, labor, and environmental organizations, shall report to the governor and the legislature regarding the effects of this section on the regulatory system in this state. The report shall document:

(a) The rules proposed to which this section applied and to the extent possible, how compliance with this section affected the substance of the rule, if any, that the agency ultimately adopted;

(b) The costs incurred by state agencies in complying with this section;

(c) Any legal action maintained based upon the alleged failure of any agency to comply with this section, the costs to the state of such action, and the result;

(d) The extent to which this section has adversely affected the capacity of agencies to fulfill their legislatively prescribed mission;

(e) The extent to which this section has improved the acceptability of state rules to those regulated; and

(f) Any other information considered by the office of financial management to be useful in evaluating the effect of this section.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 206. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 RCW under the subchapter heading "Part III" to read as follows:

Each state agency shall prepare a semiannual agenda for rules under development. The agency shall file the agenda with the code reviser for publication in the state register not later than January 31st and July 31st of each year. Not later than three days after its publication in the state register, the agency shall send a copy of the agenda to each person who has requested receipt of a copy of the agenda. The agency shall also submit the agenda to the director of financial management, the rules review committee, and any other state agency that may reasonably be expected to have an interest in the subject of rules that will be developed.

Sec. 207. RCW 34.05.350 and 1994 c 249 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If an agency for good cause finds:

(a) That immediate adoption, amendment, or repeal of a rule is necessary for the preservation of the public health, safety, or general welfare, and that observing the time requirements of notice and opportunity to comment upon adoption of a permanent rule would be contrary to the public interest; or

(b) That state or federal law or federal rule or a federal deadline for state receipt of federal funds requires immediate adoption of a rule, the agency may dispense with those requirements and adopt, amend, or repeal the rule on an emergency basis. (The agency’s finding and a concise statement of the reasons for its finding shall be incorporated in) The order for adoption of the emergency rule or amendment filed with the office of the code reviser under RCW 34.05.380 and with the rules review committee must contain the governor’s signature approving the adoption of the emergency rule or amendment if immediate adoption is found necessary for the preservation of the general welfare. In that case, the governor shall also include a statement explaining why the rule is necessary for that reason. For all other emergency rules, the order of adoption must contain the agency’s finding and a concise statement of the reasons for its finding.

(2) An emergency rule adopted under this section takes effect upon filing with the code reviser, unless a later date is specified in the order of adoption, and may not remain in effect for longer than one hundred twenty days after filing. Identical or substantially similar emergency rules may not be adopted in sequence unless conditions have changed or the agency has filed notice of its intent to adopt the rule as a permanent rule, and is actively undertaking the appropriate procedures to adopt the rule as a permanent rule. This section does not relieve any agency from compliance with any law requiring that its permanent rules be approved by designated persons or bodies before they become effective.

(3) Within seven days after the rule is adopted, any person may petition the governor requesting the immediate repeal of a rule adopted on an emergency basis by any department listed in RCW 43.17.010. Within seven days after submission of the petition, the governor shall either deny the petition in writing, stating his or her reasons for the denial, or order the immediate repeal of the rule. In ruling on the petition, the governor shall consider only whether the conditions in subsection (1) of
this section were met such that adoption of the rule on an emergency basis was necessary. If the governor orders the repeal of the emergency rule, any sanction imposed based on that rule is void. This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit adoption of any rule as a permanent rule.

(4) In adopting an emergency rule, the agency shall comply with section 4 of this act or provide a written explanation for its failure to do so.)

Sec. 208. RCW 34.05.354 and 1995 c 403 s 701 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Not later than (June 30th) April 1st or October 1st of each year, each agency shall submit to the code reviser, according to procedures and time lines established by the code reviser, rules that it determines should be repealed by the expedited repeal procedures provided for in this section. An agency shall file a copy of a preproposal notice of inquiry, as provided in RCW 34.05.310(1), that identifies the rule as one that is proposed for expedited repeal.

(2) An agency may propose the expedited repeal of rules meeting one or more of the following criteria:

(a) The statute on which the rule is based has been repealed and has not been replaced by another statute providing statutory authority for the rule;

(b) The statute on which the rule is based has been declared unconstitutional by a court with jurisdiction, there is a final judgment, and no statute has been enacted to replace the unconstitutional statute;

(c) The rule is no longer necessary because of changed circumstances; or

(d) Other rules of the agency or of another agency govern the same activity as the rule, making the rule redundant.

(3) The agency shall also send a copy of the preproposal notice of inquiry to any person who has requested notification of copies of proposals for the expedited repeal of rules or of agency rule making. The preproposal notice of inquiry shall include a statement that any person who objects to the repeal of the rule must file a written objection to the repeal within thirty days after the preproposal notice of inquiry is published. The notice of inquiry shall also include an explanation of the reasons the agency believes the expedited repeal of the rule is appropriate.

(4) The code reviser shall publish all rules proposed for expedited repeal in a separate section of a regular edition of the Washington state register or in a special edition of the Washington state register. The publication shall be not later than (July) May 31st or November 30th of each year, or in the first register published after that date.

(5) Any person may file a written objection to the expedited repeal of a rule. The notice shall be filed with the agency rules coordinator within thirty days after the notice of inquiry has been published in the Washington state register. The written objection need not state any reason for objecting to the expedited repeal of the rule.

(6) If no written objections to the expedited repeal of a rule are filed with the agency within thirty days after the preproposal notice of inquiry is published, the agency may enter an order repealing the rule without further notice or an opportunity for a public hearing. The order shall be published in the manner required by this chapter for any other order of the agency adopting, amending, or repealing a rule. If a written objection to the expedited repeal of the rule is filed with the agency within thirty days after the notice of inquiry has been published, the preproposal notice of inquiry published pursuant to this section shall be considered a preproposal notice of inquiry for the purposes of RCW 34.05.310(1) and the agency may initiate rule adoption proceedings in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. The legislature finds that rules existing as of the effective date of this act may be unclear or difficult to understand; written or being implemented in a way that does not conform with the intent of the legislature as expressed by the statute that the rule implements; duplicative of, inconsistent with, or in conflict with other state, federal, or local rules or statutes; excessively costly or outdated in the methods prescribed; unauthorized because the authorizing statute has since been repealed or amended; or no longer necessary to meet the purposes of the statute that it implements. The legislature further finds that the review of existing rules is a critical undertaking that is necessary to address these and other deficiencies.

The legislature acknowledges the special nature of the relationship between the legislative and executive branches of government, the cooperation between both of which is essential to the just and efficient administration of the laws of this state.
The legislature further acknowledges the governor’s Executive Order 97-02, which provides for executive review of existing rules of agencies the heads of which are appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the governor. The legislature encourages not only these but all agencies to establish a formal and expeditious process for the review of existing rules in consideration of the aforementioned deficiencies in the rules of all state agencies and their interactions with each other.

NEW SECTION.  Sec. 210. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 RCW under the subchapter heading "Part III" to read as follows:

(1) No rule, adopted by any agency after the effective date of this act, is effective for more than seven years after the rule is adopted, unless the rule has been reviewed under the procedure in this subsection. An agency shall review a rule to evaluate:

(a) Achievement of the goals and objectives of the rule;
(b) Technological changes that impact the implementation of or compliance with the rule;
(c) Controversy surrounding the implementation or enforcement of the rule, stating the nature of the controversy;
(d) The outcome of any court challenges to the validity of the rule or its authority to draft the rule;
(e) Actual costs or changes undergone by the regulated community; and
(f) Laws or other rules passed since the rule was adopted that are in conflict, impact its implementation, or render the rule obsolete.

The agency shall place in a rules review file documentation sufficient to show that the agency conducted the review under this section.

(2) Those rules certified to the legislature by the governor to have undergone executive rules review by July 31, 2001, are subject to review under subsection (1) of this section beginning July 31, 2001, and may be effective for no more than seven years after that date unless so reviewed.

Sec. 211. RCW 82.32.410 and 1991 c 330 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director may designate certain written determinations as precedents.

(a) By rule adopted pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, the director shall adopt criteria which he or she shall use to decide whether a determination is precedential. These criteria shall include, but not be limited to, whether the determination clarifies an unsettled interpretation of Title 82 RCW or where the determination modifies or clarifies an earlier interpretation.

(b) Written determinations designated as precedents by the director shall be indexed by subject matter. The determinations and indexes shall be made available for public inspection and shall be published by the department.

(c) The department shall disclose any written determination upon which it relies to support any assessment of tax, interest, or penalty against such taxpayer, after making the deletions provided by subsection (2) of this section.

(2) Before making a written determination available for public inspection under subsection (1) of this section, the department shall delete:

(a) The names, addresses, and other identifying details of the person to whom the written determination pertains and of another person identified in the written determination; and

(b) Information the disclosure of which is specifically prohibited by any statute applicable to the department of revenue, and the department may also delete other information exempted from disclosure by chapter 42.17 RCW or any other statute applicable to the department of revenue.

Sec. 212. RCW 19.85.025 and 1995 c 403 s 401 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Unless an agency receives a written objection to the expedited repeal of a rule, this chapter does not apply to a rule proposed for expedited repeal pursuant to RCW 34.05.354. If an agency receives a written objection to expedited repeal of the rule, this chapter applies to the rule-making proceeding.

(2) This chapter does not apply to a rule proposed for expedited adoption under RCW 34.05.230 (1) through (8), unless a written objection is timely filed with the agency and the objection is not withdrawn.

(3) This chapter does not apply to the adoption of a rule described in RCW 34.05.310(4).

(4) An agency is not required to prepare a separate small business economic impact statement under RCW 19.85.040 if it prepared an analysis under RCW 34.05.328 that meets the
requirements of a small business economic impact statement, and if the agency reduced the costs
imposed by the rule on small business to the extent required by RCW 19.85.030(3). The portion of the
analysis that meets the requirements of RCW 19.85.040 shall be filed with the code reviser and
provided to any person requesting it in lieu of a separate small business economic impact statement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 213. (1) The legislature finds that there are state rules on the same
subject adopted by more than one state agency. The legislature further finds that this situation places an
undue hardship on those regulated by rules issued by more than one state agency on the same subject
since the regulated individuals must determine what the combined requirements of the rules from the
multiple agencies are and how to comply with the requirements of one agency without violating the
requirements of another agency.

(2) The governor or his or her designee shall present to the legislature a plan for the design and
implementation of a pilot project on a single subject for the consolidation of all rules adopted by any
state agency that regulate that same activity or subject matter. The goal of the pilot project is to
consolidate these rules into one rule or set of rules that will be the sole and conclusive source of all
regulation affecting that activity or subject matter.

The governor or his or her designee shall present the plan for the pilot project to the legislature
no later than November 30, 1997.

PART III
JUDICIAL REVIEW

Sec. 301. RCW 34.05.570 and 1995 c 403 s 802 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Generally. Except to the extent that this chapter or another statute provides otherwise:
(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the burden of demonstrating the
invalidity of agency action is on the party asserting invalidity;
(b) The validity of agency action shall be determined in accordance with the standards of
review provided in this section, as applied to the agency action at the time it was taken;
(c) The court shall make a separate and distinct ruling on each
material issue on which the
court’s decision is based; and
(d) The court shall grant relief only if it determines that a person seeking judicial relief has
been substantially prejudiced by the action complained of.
(2) Review of rules. (a) A rule may be reviewed by petition for declaratory judgment filed
pursuant to this subsection or in the context of any other review proceeding under this section. In an
action challenging the validity of a rule, the agency shall be made a party to the proceeding.
(b) The
validity of any rule may be determined upon petition for a declaratory judgment
addressed to the superior court of Thurston county, when it appears that the rule, or its threatened
application, interferes with or impairs or immediately threatens to interfere with or impair the legal
rights or privileges of the petitioner. When the validity of a rule is challenged, after the petitioner has
identified the defects in the rule, the burden of going forward with the evidence is on the agency. The
declaratory judgment order may be entered whether or not the petitioner has first requested the agency
to pass upon the validity of the rule in question.
(c) In a proceeding involving review of a rule, the court shall declare the rule invalid only if it
finds that: The rule violates constitutional provisions; the rule exceeds the statutory authority of the
agency; the rule was adopted without compliance with statutory rule-making procedures; or the rule is
arbitrary and capricious.
(3) Review of agency orders in adjudicative proceedings. The court shall grant relief from an
agency order in an adjudicative proceeding only if it determines that:
(a) The order, or the statute or rule on which the order is based, is in violation of constitutional
provisions on its face or as applied;
(b) The order is outside the statutory authority or jurisdiction of the agency conferred by any
provision of law;
(c) The agency has engaged in unlawful procedure or decision-making process, or has failed to
follow a prescribed procedure;
(d) The agency has erroneously interpreted or applied the law;
(e) The order is not supported by evidence that is substantial when viewed in light of the whole
record before the court, which includes the agency record for judicial review, supplemented by any
additional evidence received by the court under this chapter;
(f) The agency has not decided all issues requiring resolution by the agency;
(g) A motion for disqualification under RCW 34.05.425 or 34.12.050 was made and was improperly denied or, if no motion was made, facts are shown to support the grant of such a motion that were not known and were not reasonably discoverable by the challenging party at the appropriate time for making such a motion;
(h) The order is inconsistent with a rule of the agency unless the agency explains the inconsistency by stating facts and reasons to demonstrate a rational basis for inconsistency; ((or))
  (i) The order is arbitrary or capricious; or
  (j) The order is based on a de facto rule.
(4) Review of other agency action.
(a) All agency action not reviewable under subsection (2) or (3) of this section shall be reviewed under this subsection.
(b) A person whose rights are violated by an agency’s failure to perform a duty that is required by law to be performed may file a petition for review pursuant to RCW 34.05.514, seeking an order pursuant to this subsection requiring performance. Within twenty days after service of the petition for review, the agency shall file and serve an answer to the petition, made in the same manner as an answer to a complaint in a civil action. The court may hear evidence, pursuant to RCW 34.05.562, on material issues of fact raised by the petition and answer.
(c) Relief for persons aggrieved by the performance of an agency action, including the exercise of discretion, or an action under (b) of this subsection can be granted only if the court determines that the action is:
  (i) Unconstitutional;
  (ii) Outside the statutory authority of the agency or the authority conferred by a provision of law;
  (iii) Arbitrary or capricious; ((or))
  (iv) Taken by persons who were not properly constituted as agency officials lawfully entitled to take such action; or
  (v) Based on a de facto rule.

Sec. 302. RCW 34.05.534 and 1995 c 403 s 803 are each amended to read as follows:
A person may file a petition for judicial review under this chapter only after exhausting all administrative remedies available within the agency whose action is being challenged, or available within any other agency authorized to exercise administrative review, except:
(1) A petitioner for judicial review of a rule need not have participated in the rule-making proceeding upon which that rule is based, have petitioned for its amendment or repeal, have petitioned the joint administrative rules review committee for its review, or have appealed a petition for amendment or repeal to the governor;
(2) A petitioner for judicial review need not exhaust administrative remedies to the extent that this chapter or any other statute states that exhaustion is not required; or
(3) The court may relieve a petitioner of the requirement to exhaust any or all administrative remedies upon a showing that:
  (a) The remedies would be patently inadequate;
  (b) The exhaustion of remedies would be futile; or
  (c) The grave irreparable harm that would result from having to exhaust administrative remedies would clearly outweigh the public policy requiring exhaustion of administrative remedies.

Sec. 303. RCW 48.04.010 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 3 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The commissioner may hold a hearing for any purpose within the scope of this code as he or she may deem necessary. The commissioner shall hold a hearing:
  (a) If required by any provision of this code; or
  (b) Upon written demand for a hearing made by any person aggrieved by any act, threatened act, or failure of the commissioner to act, if such failure is deemed an act under any provision of this code, or by any report, promulgation, or order of the commissioner other than an order on a hearing of which such person was given actual notice or at which such person appeared as a party, or order pursuant to the order on such hearing.
(2) Any such demand for a hearing shall specify in what respects such person is so aggrieved and the grounds to be relied upon as basis for the relief to be demanded at the hearing.
(3) Unless a person aggrieved by a written order of the commissioner demands a hearing thereon within ninety days after receiving notice of such order, or in the case of a licensee under Title 48 RCW within ninety days after the commissioner has mailed the order to the licensee at the most recent address shown in the commissioner’s licensing records for the licensee, the right to such hearing shall conclusively be deemed to have been waived.

(4) If a hearing is demanded by a licensee whose license has been temporarily suspended pursuant to RCW 48.17.540, the commissioner shall hold such hearing demanded within thirty days after receipt of the demand or within thirty days of the effective date of a temporary license suspension issued after such demand, unless postponed by mutual consent.

(5) A hearing held under this section must be conducted by an administrative law judge unless the person demanding the hearing agrees in writing to have an employee of the commissioner conduct the hearing.

Sec. 304. RCW 34.12.040 and 1981 c 67 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, whenever a state agency conducts a hearing which is not presided over by officials of the agency who are to render the final decision, the hearing shall be conducted by an administrative law judge assigned under this chapter. In assigning administrative law judges, the chief administrative law judge shall wherever practical use personnel having expertise in the field or subject matter of the hearing, and assign administrative law judges primarily to the hearings of particular agencies on a long-term basis.

(2) An employee of the office of the insurance commissioner may conduct a hearing as provided in RCW 48.04.010(5).

PART IV
LEGISLATIVE REVIEW

Sec. 401. RCW 34.05.630 and 1996 c 318 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All ((rules required to be filed pursuant to RCW 34.05.380, and emergency rules adopted pursuant to RCW 34.05.350)) issuances are subject to selective review by the legislature.

(2) All agency policy and interpretive statements are subject to selective review by the legislature.

(3) If the rules review committee finds by a majority vote of its members: (a) That an existing rule is not within the intent of the legislature as expressed by the statute that the rule implements, (b) that the rule has not been adopted in accordance with all applicable provisions of law, or (c) that an agency issuance is a de facto rule, the agency affected shall be notified of such finding and the reasons therefor. Within thirty days of the receipt of the rules review committee’s notice, the agency shall file notice of a hearing on the rules review committee’s finding with the code reviser and mail notice to all persons who have made timely request of the agency for advance notice of its rule-making proceedings as provided in RCW 34.05.320. The agency’s notice shall include the rules review committee’s findings and reasons therefor, and shall be published in the Washington state register in accordance with the provisions of chapter 34.08 RCW.

(4) The agency shall consider fully all written and oral submissions regarding whether the rule in question is within the intent of the legislature as expressed by the statute that the rule implements, whether the rule was adopted in accordance with all applicable provisions of law, or whether the agency is using a policy or interpretive statement in place of a rule.

Sec. 402. RCW 34.05.640 and 1996 c 318 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Within seven days of an agency hearing held after notification of the agency by the rules review committee pursuant to RCW 34.05.620 or 34.05.630, the affected agency shall notify the committee of its intended action on a proposed or existing rule or issuance to which the committee objected.

(2) If the rules review committee finds by a majority vote of its members: (a) That the proposed or existing rule in question will not be modified, amended, withdrawn, or repealed by the agency so as to conform with the intent of the legislature, (b) that an existing rule was not adopted in accordance with all applicable provisions of law, or (c) that the agency will not modify or withdraw a
de facto rule, or replace ((a policy or interpretive statement)) it with a rule, the rules review committee may, within thirty days from notification by the agency of its intended action, file with the code reviser notice of its objections together with a concise statement of the reasons therefor. Such notice and statement shall also be provided to the agency by the rules review committee.

(3) If the rules review committee makes an adverse finding regarding an existing rule under subsection (2)(a) or (b) of this section or a de facto rule under subsection (2)(c) of this section, the committee may, by a majority vote of its members, recommend suspension of the rule. Within seven days of such vote the committee shall transmit to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature, the governor, the code reviser, and the agency written notice of its objection and recommended suspension and the concise reasons therefor. Within thirty days of receipt of the notice, the governor shall transmit to the committee, the code reviser, and the agency written approval or disapproval of the recommended suspension. If the suspension is approved by the governor, it is effective from the date of that approval and continues until ninety days after the expiration of the next regular legislative session.

(4) The code reviser shall publish transmittals from the rules review committee or the governor issued pursuant to subsection (2) or (3) of this section in the Washington state register and shall publish in the next supplement and compilation of the Washington Administrative Code a reference to the committee’s objection or recommended suspension and the governor’s action on it and to the issue of the Washington state register in which the full text thereof appears. If the transmittal relates to a de facto rule, the code reviser shall publish the reference within the Washington State Register and the Washington Administrative Code in a location that addresses the most relevant subject matter.

(5) The reference shall be removed from a rule published in the Washington Administrative Code if a subsequent adjudicatory proceeding determines that the rule is within the intent of the legislature or was adopted in accordance with all applicable laws, whichever was the objection of the rules review committee.

Sec. 403. RCW 34.05.655 and 1996 c 318 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any person may petition the rules review committee for a review of a proposed or existing rule or ((a policy or interpretive statement)) other issuance. Within thirty days of the receipt of the petition, the rules review committee shall acknowledge receipt of the petition and describe any initial action taken. If the rules review committee rejects the petition, a written statement of the reasons for rejection shall be included.

(2) A person may petition the rules review committee under subsection (1) of this section requesting review of an existing rule only if the person has petitioned the agency to amend or repeal the rule under RCW 34.05.330(1) and such petition was denied.

(3) A petition for review of a rule under subsection (1) of this section shall:
   (a) Identify with specificity the proposed or existing rule to be reviewed;
   (b) Identify the specific statute identified by the agency as authorizing the rule, the specific statute which the rule interprets or implements, and, if applicable, the specific statute the department is alleged not to have followed in adopting the rule;
   (c) State the reasons why the petitioner believes that the rule is not within the intent of the legislature, or that its adoption was not or is not in accordance with law, and provide documentation to support these statements;
   (d) Identify any known judicial action regarding the rule or statutes identified in the petition. A petition to review an existing rule shall also include a copy of the agency’s denial of a petition to amend or repeal the rule issued under RCW 34.05.330(1) and, if available, a copy of the governor’s denial issued under RCW 34.05.330(3).

(4) A petition for review of ((a policy or interpretive statement)) an issuance other than a proposed or existing rule under subsection (1) of this section shall:
   (a) Identify the specific ((statement)) issuance to be reviewed;
   (b) Identify the specific statute which the rule interprets or implements;
   (c) State the reasons why the petitioner believes that the ((statement)) issuance meets the definition of a de facto rule under RCW 34.05.010 ((and should have been adopted according to the procedures of this chapter));
   (d) Identify any known judicial action regarding the ((statement)) issuance or statutes identified in the petition.

(5) Within ninety days of receipt of the petition, the rules review committee shall make a final decision on the rule or other issuance for which the petition for review was not previously rejected.
Sec. 404. RCW 34.05.660 and 1988 c 288 s 606 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, it is the express policy of the legislature that establishment of procedures for review of administrative rules by the legislature and the notice of objection required by RCW 34.05.630(2) and 34.05.640(2) in no way serves to establish a presumption as to the legality or constitutionality of a rule in any subsequent judicial proceedings interpreting such rules.
(2) If the joint administrative rules review committee recommends to the governor that an existing rule be suspended because it does not conform with the intent of the legislature or was not adopted in accordance with all applicable provisions of law, the recommendation establishes a rebuttable presumption in a proceeding challenging the validity of the rule that the rule is invalid. The burden of demonstrating the validity of the rule is then on the adopting agency.

PART V
FEES AND EXPENSES

Sec. 501. RCW 4.84.340 and 1995 c 403 s 902 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout RCW 4.84.340 through 4.84.360.
(1) "Agency" means any state board, commission, department, institution of higher education, or officer, authorized by law to make rules or to conduct adjudicative proceedings, except those in the legislative or judicial branches, the governor, or the attorney general except to the extent otherwise required by law.
(2) "Agency action" means agency action as defined by chapter 34.05 RCW.
(3) "Fees and other expenses" includes the reasonable expenses of expert witnesses, the reasonable cost of a study, analysis, engineering report, test, or project that is found by the court to be necessary for the preparation of the party's case, and reasonable attorneys' fees. Reasonable attorneys' fees shall be based on the prevailing market rates for the kind and quality of services furnished, except that (a) no expert witness shall be compensated at a rate in excess of the highest rates of compensation for expert witnesses paid by the state of Washington, and (b) attorneys' fees shall not be awarded in excess of one hundred fifty dollars per hour unless the court determines that an increase in the cost of living or a special factor, such as the limited availability of qualified attorneys for the proceedings involved, justifies a higher fee.
(4) "Judicial review" means ((a judicial review as defined by chapter 34.05 RCW)) review of an agency action in the superior court and courts of appeal.
(5) "Qualified party" means (a) an individual whose net worth did not exceed ((two)) one million dollars at the time the initial petition for judicial review was filed or (b) a sole owner of an unincorporated business, or a partnership, corporation, association, or organization whose net worth did not exceed ((seven)) five million dollars at the time the initial petition for judicial review was filed, except that an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the federal Internal Revenue Code of 1954 as exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the code and a cooperative association as defined in section 15(a) of the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C. 1141J(a)), may be a party regardless of the net worth of such organization or cooperative association.

Sec. 502. RCW 4.84.350 and 1995 c 403 s 903 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, a court shall award a qualified party that prevails in a judicial review of an agency action fees and other expenses incurred in the judicial review, including reasonable attorneys' fees, unless the court finds that (the agency action was substantially justified or that) circumstances make an award grossly unjust. A qualified party shall be considered to have prevailed if the qualified party obtained relief on a significant issue that achieves some benefit that the qualified party sought.
(2) The amount awarded a qualified party under subsection (1) of this section shall not exceed ((twenty-five)) fifty thousand dollars for the fees and other expenses incurred in superior court, and fifty thousand dollars for the fees and other expenses incurred in each court of appeal to a maximum of seventy-five thousand dollars. Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply unless all parties challenging the agency action are qualified parties. If two or more qualified parties join in an action, the award in total shall not exceed ((twenty-five)) fifty thousand dollars in the superior court and fifty thousand dollars in each court of appeal to a maximum of seventy-five thousand dollars. The court, in
its discretion, may reduce the amount to be awarded pursuant to subsection (1) of this section, or deny any award, to the extent that a qualified party during the course of the proceedings engaged in conduct that unduly or unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the matter in controversy.

**Sec. 503.** RCW 4.84.360 and 1995 c 403 s 904 are each amended to read as follows:

Fees and other expenses awarded under RCW 4.84.340 and 4.84.350 shall be paid by the agency over which the party prevails from operating funds appropriated to the agency within sixty days of the decision of a superior court or court of appeal. The fees and other expenses must be paid from moneys appropriated to the agency for administration and support services and not out of moneys for program activities or service delivery if the operating budget or budget notes separately designate administration and support services. Agencies paying fees and other expenses pursuant to RCW 4.84.340 and 4.84.350 shall report all payments to the office of financial management within five days of paying the fees and other expenses. Fees and other expenses awarded by the court shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 39.76 RCW and shall be deemed payable on the date the court announces the award.

**PART VI**

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**Sec. 601.** RCW 42.17.260 and 1995 c 397 s 11 and 1995 c 341 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Each agency, in accordance with published rules, shall make available for public inspection and copying all public records, unless the record falls within the specific exemptions of subsection (6) of this section, RCW 42.17.310, 42.17.315, or other statute which exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records. To the extent required to prevent an unreasonable invasion of personal privacy interests protected by RCW 42.17.310 and 42.17.315, an agency shall delete identifying details in a manner consistent with RCW 42.17.310 and 42.17.315 when it makes available or publishes any public record; however, in each case, the justification for the deletion shall be explained fully in writing.

(2) For informational purposes, each agency shall publish and maintain a current list containing every law, other than those listed in this chapter, that the agency believes exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records of the agency. An agency’s failure to list an exemption shall not affect the efficacy of any exemption.

(3) Each local agency shall maintain and make available for public inspection and copying a current index providing identifying information as to the following records issued, adopted, or promulgated after January 1, 1973:

   (a) Final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, as well as orders, made in the adjudication of cases;
   
   (b) Those statements of policy and interpretations of policy, statute, and the Constitution which have been adopted by the agency;
   
   (c) Administrative staff manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public;
   
   (d) Planning policies and goals, and interim and final planning decisions;
   
   (e) Factual staff reports and studies, factual consultant’s reports and studies, scientific reports and studies, and any other factual information derived from tests, studies, reports, or surveys, whether conducted by public employees or others; and
   
   (f) Correspondence, and materials referred to therein, by and with the agency relating to any regulatory, supervisory, or enforcement responsibilities of the agency, whereby the agency determines, or opines upon, or is asked to determine or opine upon, the rights of the state, the public, a subdivision of state government, or of any private party.

(4) A local agency need not maintain such an index, if to do so would be unduly burdensome, but it shall in that event:

   (a) Issue and publish a formal order specifying the reasons why and the extent to which compliance would unduly burden or interfere with agency operations; and
   
   (b) Make available for public inspection and copying all indexes maintained for agency use.

(5) Each state agency shall, by rule, establish and implement a system of indexing for the identification and location of the following records:

   (a) All records issued before July 1, 1990, for which the agency has maintained an index;
(b) Final orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued in adjudicative proceedings as defined in RCW 34.05.010((4)) and that contain an analysis or decision of substantial importance to the agency in carrying out its duties;

(c) Declaratory orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued pursuant to RCW 34.05.240 and that contain an analysis or decision of substantial importance to the agency in carrying out its duties;

(d) Interpretive statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010((3)) that were entered after June 30, 1990; and

(e) Policy statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010((44)) that were entered after June 30, 1990.

Rules establishing systems of indexing shall include, but not be limited to, requirements for the form and content of the index, its location and availability to the public, and the schedule for revising or updating the index. State agencies that have maintained indexes for records issued before July 1, 1990, shall continue to make such indexes available for public inspection and copying. Information in such indexes may be incorporated into indexes prepared pursuant to this subsection. State agencies may satisfy the requirements of this subsection by making available to the public indexes prepared by other parties but actually used by the agency in its operations. State agencies shall make indexes available for public inspection and copying. State agencies may charge a fee to cover the actual costs of providing individual mailed copies of indexes.

(6) A public record may be relied on, used, or cited as precedent by an agency against a party other than an agency and it may be invoked by the agency for any other purpose only if—

(a) It has been indexed in an index available to the public; or

(b) Parties affected have timely notice (actual or constructive) of the terms thereof.

(7) Each agency shall establish, maintain, and make available for public inspection and copying a statement of the actual per page cost or other costs, if any, that it charges for providing photocopies of public records and a statement of the factors and manner used to determine the actual per page cost or other costs, if any.

(a) In determining the actual per page cost for providing photocopies of public records, an agency may include all costs directly incident to copying such public records including the actual cost of the paper and the per page cost for use of agency copying equipment. In determining other actual costs for providing photocopies of public records, an agency may include all costs directly incident to shipping such public records, including the cost of postage or delivery charges and the cost of any container or envelope used.

(b) In determining the actual per page cost or other costs for providing copies of public records, an agency may not include staff salaries, benefits, or other general administrative or overhead charges, unless those costs are directly related to the actual cost of copying the public records. Staff time to copy and mail the requested public records may be included in an agency’s costs.

(8) An agency need not calculate the actual per page cost or other costs it charges for providing photocopies of public records if to do so would be unduly burdensome, but in that event: The agency may not charge in excess of fifteen cents per page for photocopies of public records or for the use of agency equipment to photocopy public records and the actual postage or delivery charge and the cost of any container or envelope used to mail the public records to the requestor.

(9) This chapter shall not be construed as giving authority to any agency, the office of the secretary of the senate, or the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives to give, sell or provide access to lists of individuals requested for commercial purposes, and agencies, the office of the secretary of the senate, and the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives shall not do so unless specifically authorized or directed by law: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That lists of applicants for professional licenses and of professional licensees shall be made available to those professional associations or educational organizations recognized by their professional licensing or examination board, upon payment of a reasonable charge therefor: PROVIDED FURTHER, That such recognition may be refused only for a good cause pursuant to a hearing under the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act.

Sec. 602. RCW 51.04.030 and 1994 c 164 s 25 are each amended to read as follows:

The director shall supervise the providing of prompt and efficient care and treatment, including care provided by physician assistants governed by the provisions of chapters 18.57A and 18.71A RCW, acting under a supervising physician, and including chiropractic care, to workers injured during
the course of their employment at the least cost consistent with promptness and efficiency, without
discrimination or favoritism, and with as great uniformity as the various and diverse surrounding
circumstances and locations of industries will permit and to that end shall, from time to time, establish
and adopt and supervise the administration of printed forms, rules, regulations, and practices for the
furnishing of such care and treatment: PROVIDED, That, the department may recommend to an
injured worker particular health care services and providers where specialized treatment is indicated or
where cost effective payment levels or rates are obtained by the department: AND PROVIDED
FURTHER, That the department may enter into contracts for goods and services including, but not
limited to, durable medical equipment so long as state-wide access to quality service is maintained for
injured workers.

The director shall, in consultation with interested persons, establish and, in his or her
discretion, periodically change as may be necessary, and make available a fee schedule of the
maximum charges to be made by any physician, surgeon, chiropractor, hospital, druggist, physicians'
assistants as defined in chapters 18.57A and 18.71A RCW, acting under a supervising physician or
other agency or person rendering services to injured workers. The department shall coordinate with
other state purchasers of health care services to establish as much consistency and uniformity in billing
and coding practices as possible, taking into account the unique requirements and differences between
programs. No service covered under this title shall be charged or paid at a rate or rates exceeding those
specified in such fee schedule, and no contract providing for greater fees shall be valid as to the excess.
The establishment of such a schedule, exclusive of conversion factors, does not constitute "agency
action" as used in RCW 34.05.010((3)), nor does such a fee schedule constitute a "de facto rule" as
used in RCW 34.05.010((15)).

The director or self-insurer, as the case may be, shall make a record of the commencement of
every disability and the termination thereof and, when bills are rendered for the care and treatment of
injured workers, shall approve and pay those which conform to the adopted rules, regulations,
established fee schedules, and practices of the director and may reject any bill or item thereof incurred
in violation of the principles laid down in this section or the rules, regulations, or the established fee
schedules and rules and regulations adopted under it.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. A new section is added to chapter 43.17 RCW to read as follows:
(1) An agency, prior to releasing a final report or study regarding management by a county,
city, town, special purpose district, or other unit of local government of a program delegated to the
local government by the agency or for which the agency has regulatory responsibility, shall provide
copies of a draft of the report or study at least two weeks in advance of the release of the final report or
study to the legislative body of the local government. The agency shall, at the request of a local
government legislative body, meet with the legislative body before the release of a final report or study
regarding the management of such a program.

(2) For purposes of this section, "agency" means an office, department, board, commission, or
other unit of state government, other than a unit of state government headed by a separately elected
official.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. A new section is added to chapter 43.05 RCW to read as follows:
When issuing a citation or other written finding that a person has violated a statute, rule, or
order, the agency shall include with the citation or other written finding the text of the specific statute
or statutes granting the agency the authority to regulate the subject matter of the citation or other
written finding.

Sec. 605. RCW 50.13.060 and 1996 c 79 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Governmental agencies, including law enforcement agencies, prosecuting agencies, and the
executive branch, whether state, local, or federal shall have access to information or records deemed
private and confidential under this chapter if the information or records are needed by the agency for
official purposes and:
(a) The agency submits an application in writing to the employment security department for the
records or information containing a statement of the official purposes for which the information or
records are needed and specific identification of the records or information sought from the
department; and
The director, commissioner, chief executive, or other official of the agency has verified the need for the specific information in writing either on the application or on a separate document; and

(c) The agency requesting access has served a copy of the application for records or information on the individual or employing unit whose records or information are sought and has provided the department with proof of service. Service shall be made in a manner which conforms to the civil rules for superior court. The requesting agency shall include with the copy of the application a statement to the effect that the individual or employing unit may contact the public records officer of the employment security department to state any objections to the release of the records or information. The employment security department shall not act upon the application of the requesting agency until at least five days after service on the concerned individual or employing unit. The employment security department shall consider any objections raised by the concerned individual or employing unit in deciding whether the requesting agency needs the information or records for official purposes.

(2) The requirements of subsections (1) and (8) of this section shall not apply to the state legislative branch. The state legislature shall have access to information or records deemed private and confidential under this chapter, if the legislature or a legislative committee finds that the information or records are necessary and for official purposes. If the employment security department does not make information or records available as provided in this subsection, the legislature may exercise its authority granted by chapter 44.16 RCW.

(3) In cases of emergency the governmental agency requesting access shall not be required to formally comply with the provisions of subsection (1) of this section at the time of the request if the procedures required by subsection (1) of this section are complied with by the requesting agency following the receipt of any records or information deemed private and confidential under this chapter. An emergency is defined as a situation in which irreparable harm or damage could occur if records or information are not released immediately.

(4) The requirements of subsection (1)(c) of this section shall not apply to governmental agencies where the procedures would frustrate the investigation of possible violations of criminal laws or to the release of employing unit names, addresses, number of employees, and aggregate employer wage data for the purpose of state governmental agencies preparing small business economic impact statements under chapter 19.85 RCW or preparing cost-benefit analyzes under RCW 34.05.328(1)(c). Information provided by the department and held to be private and confidential under state or federal laws must not be misused or released to unauthorized parties. A person who misuses such information or releases such information to unauthorized parties is subject to the sanctions in RCW 50.13.080.

(5) Governmental agencies shall have access to certain records or information, limited to such items as names, addresses, social security numbers, and general information about benefit entitlement or employer information possessed by the department, for comparison purposes with records or information possessed by the requesting agency to detect improper or fraudulent claims, or to determine potential tax liability or employer compliance with registration and licensing requirements. In those cases the governmental agency shall not be required to comply with subsection (1)(c) of this section, but the requirements of the remainder of subsection (1) must be satisfied.

(6) Governmental agencies may have access to certain records and information, limited to employer information possessed by the department for purposes authorized in chapter 50.38 RCW. Access to these records and information is limited to only those individuals conducting authorized statistical analysis, research, and evaluation studies. Only in cases consistent with the purposes of chapter 50.38 RCW are governmental agencies not required to comply with subsection (1)(c) of this section, but the requirements of the remainder of subsection (1) of this section must be satisfied. Information provided by the department and held to be private and confidential under state or federal laws shall not be misused or released to unauthorized parties subject to the sanctions in RCW 50.13.080.

(7) Disclosure to governmental agencies of information or records obtained by the employment security department from the federal government shall be governed by any applicable federal law or any agreement between the federal government and the employment security department where so required by federal law. When federal law does not apply to the records or information state law shall control.

(8) The disclosure of any records or information by a governmental agency which has obtained the records or information under this section is prohibited unless the disclosure is directly connected to the official purpose for which the records or information were obtained.
In conducting periodic salary or fringe benefit studies pursuant to law, the department of personnel shall have access to records of the employment security department as may be required for such studies. For such purposes, the requirements of subsection (1)(c) of this section need not apply.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 606. The code reviser shall study the feasibility of accepting agency rule filings in an electronic format. The study must include consideration of the benefits to be achieved by electronic filing compared to the costs that electronic filing would entail. The code reviser may consult with the office of financial management, state agencies, and the general public in conducting the study. The code reviser shall report to the legislature and the governor by July 1, 1998, on the results of this study.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 607. Part headings used in this act do not constitute any part of the law.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 608. Section 605 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 609. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

On line 1 of the title, after "reform" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 76.09.010, 76.09.040, 48.02.060, 48.44.050, 48.46.200, 48.30.010, 34.05.010, 34.05.230, 34.05.325, 34.05.328, 34.05.350, 34.05.354, 82.32.410, 19.85.025, 34.05.570, 34.05.534, 48.04.010, 34.12.040, 34.05.630, 34.05.640, 34.05.655, 34.05.660, 4.84.340, 4.84.350, 4.84.360, 51.04.030, and 50.13.060; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.260; adding a new section to chapter 43.22 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 34.05 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.17 RCW; creating new sections; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Reams and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**MOTION**

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representative Ogden was excused.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 68, Nays - 29, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Parlette, Pennington, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Robertson, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Van Luven, Wensman, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 68.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1032, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1327,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1472,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1076 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 601. RCW 34.05.328 and 1995 c 403 s 201 are each amended to read as follows:

1) Before adopting a rule described in subsection (5) of this section, an agency shall:

(a) Clearly state in detail the general goals and specific objectives of the statute that the rule implements;

(b) Determine that the rule is needed to achieve the general goals and specific objectives stated under (a) of this subsection, and analyze alternatives to rule making and the consequences of not adopting the rule;

(c) Determine that the probable benefits of the rule are greater than its probable costs, taking into account both the qualitative and quantitative benefits and costs and the specific directives of the statute being implemented;

(d) Determine, after considering alternative versions of the rule and the analysis required under (b) and (c) of this subsection, that the rule being adopted is the least burdensome alternative for those required to comply with it that will achieve the general goals and specific objectives stated under (a) of this subsection;

(e) Determine that the rule does not require those to whom it applies to take an action that violates requirements of another federal or state law;

(f) Determine that the rule does not impose more stringent performance requirements on private entities than on public entities unless required to do so by federal or state law;

(g) Determine if the rule differs from any federal regulation or statute applicable to the same activity or subject matter and, if so, determine that the difference is justified by the following:

(i) A state statute that explicitly allows the agency to differ from federal standards; or

(ii) Substantial evidence that the difference is necessary to achieve the general goals and specific objectives stated under (a) of this subsection; and

(h) Coordinate the rule, to the maximum extent practicable, with other federal, state, and local laws applicable to the same activity or subject matter."
In making its determinations pursuant to subsection (1)(b) through (g) of this section, the agency shall place in the rule-making file documentation of sufficient quantity and quality so as to persuade a reasonable person that the determinations are justified.

Before adopting rules described in subsection (5) of this section, an agency shall place in the rule-making file a rule implementation plan for rules filed under each adopting order. The plan shall describe how the agency intends to:

(a) Implement and enforce the rule, including a description of the resources the agency intends to use;
(b) Inform and educate affected persons about the rule;
(c) Promote and assist voluntary compliance; and
(d) Evaluate whether the rule achieves the purpose for which it was adopted, including, to the maximum extent practicable, the use of interim milestones to assess progress and the use of objectively measurable outcomes.

After adopting a rule described in subsection (5) of this section regulating the same activity or subject matter as another provision of federal or state law, an agency shall do all of the following:

(a) Provide to the business assistance center a list citing by reference the other federal and state laws that regulate the same activity or subject matter;
(b) Coordinate implementation and enforcement of the rule with the other federal and state entities regulating the same activity or subject matter by making every effort to do one or more of the following:
   (i) Deferring to the other entity;
   (ii) Designating a lead agency; or
   (iii) Entering into an agreement with the other entities specifying how the agency and entities will coordinate implementation and enforcement.

If the agency is unable to comply with this subsection (4)(b), the agency shall report to the legislature pursuant to (c) of this subsection;

(c) Report to the joint administrative rules review committee:
   (i) The existence of any overlap or duplication of other federal or state laws, any differences from federal law, and any known overlap, duplication, or conflict with local laws; and
   (ii) Make recommendations for any legislation that may be necessary to eliminate or mitigate any adverse effects of such overlap, duplication, or difference.

Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, this section applies to:

(i) Significant legislative rules of the departments of ecology, labor and industries, health, revenue, social and health services, and natural resources, the employment security department, the forest practices board, the office of the insurance commissioner, and to the legislative rules of the department of fish and wildlife implementing chapter 75.20 RCW; and

(ii) Any rule of any agency, if this section is voluntarily made applicable to the rule by the agency, or is made applicable to the rule by a majority vote of the joint administrative rules review committee within forty-five days of receiving the notice of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320.

This section does not apply to:

(i) Emergency rules adopted under RCW 34.05.350;
(ii) Rules relating only to internal governmental operations that are not subject to violation by a nongovernment party;
(iii) Rules adopting or incorporating by reference without material change federal statutes or regulations, Washington state statutes, rules of other Washington state agencies, shoreline master programs other than those programs governing shorelines of state-wide significance, or, as referenced by Washington state law, national consensus codes that generally establish industry standards, if the material adopted or incorporated regulates the same subject matter and conduct as the adopting or incorporating rule;
(iv) Rules that only correct typographical errors, make address or name changes, or clarify language of a rule without changing its effect;
(v) Rules the content of which is explicitly and specifically dictated by statute; (or )
(vi) Rules that set or adjust fees or rates pursuant to legislative standards ; or
(vii) Rules of the department of social and health services relating only to client medical or financial eligibility and rules concerning liability for care of dependents.

For purposes of this subsection:
(i) A "procedural rule" is a rule that adopts, amends, or repeals (A) any procedure, practice, or requirement relating to any agency hearings; (B) any filing or related process requirement for making application to an agency for a license or permit; or (C) any policy statement pertaining to the consistent internal operations of an agency.

(ii) An "interpretive rule" is a rule, the violation of which does not subject a person to a penalty or sanction, that sets forth the agency's interpretation of statutory provisions it administers.

(iii) A "significant legislative rule" is a rule other than a procedural or interpretive rule that (A) adopts substantive provisions of law pursuant to delegated legislative authority, the violation of which subjects a violator of such rule to a penalty or sanction; (B) establishes, alters, or revokes any qualification or standard for the issuance, suspension, or revocation of a license or permit; or (C) adopts a new, or makes significant amendments to, a policy or regulatory program.

(d) In the notice of proposed rule making under RCW 34.05.320, an agency shall state whether this section applies to the proposed rule pursuant to (a)(i) of this subsection, or if the agency will apply this section voluntarily.

(6) By January 31, 1996, and by January 31st of each even-numbered year thereafter, the office of financial management, after consulting with state agencies, counties, and cities, and business, labor, and environmental organizations, shall report to the governor and the legislature regarding the effects of this section on the regulatory system in this state. The report shall document:

(a) The rules proposed to which this section applied and to the extent possible, how compliance with this section affected the substance of the rule, if any, that the agency ultimately adopted;
(b) The costs incurred by state agencies in complying with this section;
(c) Any legal action maintained based upon the alleged failure of any agency to comply with this section, the costs to the state of such action, and the result;
(d) The extent to which this section has adversely affected the capacity of agencies to fulfill their legislatively prescribed mission;
(e) The extent to which this section has improved the acceptability of state rules to those regulated; and
(f) Any other information considered by the office of financial management to be useful in evaluating the effect of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:

A committee or council required by federal law, within the department of social and health services, that makes policy recommendations regarding reimbursement for drugs under the requirements of federal law or regulations is subject to chapters 42.30 and 42.52 RCW."

In line 1 of the title, after "government;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 34.05.328; and adding a new section to chapter 43.20A RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1076, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1076 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Reams and Romero spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1076 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1076, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 11, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1557 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The purpose of this act is to improve fish and wildlife habitat, water quality, and water quantity for the benefit of the public at large. Private property owners should be encouraged to make voluntary improvements to their property as recommended by governmental agencies without the penalty of paying higher property taxes as a result of those improvements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 84.36 RCW to read as follows:

(1) All improvements to real and personal property that benefit fish and wildlife habitat, water quality, or water quantity are exempt from taxation if the improvements are included under a written conservation plan approved by a conservation district. The conservation districts shall cooperate with the federal natural resource conservation service, other conservation districts, the department of ecology, the department of fish and wildlife, and nonprofit organizations to assist landowners by working with them to obtain approved conservation plans so as to qualify for the exemption provided for in this section. As provided in subsection (3) of this section and section 3(2) of this act, a conservation district shall certify that the best management practice benefits fish and wildlife habitat, water quality, or water quantity. A habitat conservation plan under the terms of the federal endangered species act shall not be considered a conservation plan for purposes of this exemption.

(2) The exemption shall remain in effect only if improvements identified in the written best management practices agreement are maintained as originally approved or amended. Improvements made as a requirement to mitigate for impacts to fish and wildlife habitat, water quality, or water quantity are not eligible for exemption under this section.

(3) A claim for exemption under this section may be filed annually with the county assessor at any time during the year for exemption from taxes levied for collection in the following year when submitted on forms prescribed by the department of revenue developed in consultation with the conservation district. The landowner shall certify each year that the improvements for which exemption is sought are maintained as originally approved or amended in the written conservation plan. The claim must contain the certification by the conservation district that the improvements for which exemption is sought were included under a written conservation plan approved by the conservation district including best management practices that benefit fish and wildlife habitat, water quality, or water quantity.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 89.08 RCW to read as follows:

(1) For the purpose of identifying property that may qualify for the exemption provided under section 2 of this act, each conservation district shall develop and maintain a list of best management practices that qualify for the exemption.
(2) Each conservation district shall ensure that the appropriate forms approved by the department of revenue are made available to property owners who may qualify for the exemption under section 2 of this act and shall certify claims for exemption as provided in section 2(3) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Section 2 of this act applies to taxes levied for collection in 1998 and thereafter."

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "programs;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 84.36 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 89.08 RCW; and creating new sections."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1557, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1557 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Buck and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1557 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1557, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2089 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 16.57.015 and 1993 c 354 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall establish a livestock identification advisory board. The board shall be composed of six members appointed by the director. One member shall represent each of the following groups: Beef producers, public livestock market operators, horse owners, dairy farmers, cattle feeders,
and meat processors. In making appointments, the director shall solicit nominations from organizations representing these groups state-wide.

(2) The purpose of the board is to provide oversight of the livestock identification programs and advice to the director regarding livestock identification programs administered under this chapter and regarding brand inspection fees and related licensing fees. The board shall meet at least once every two months to receive a program status briefing from the department, including a financial update and any other financial information requested by the board, in order to provide guidance to the department on the operation of the programs. The director shall consult the board before hiring or dismissing supervisory personnel, adopting, amending, or repealing a rule under this chapter or altering a fee under RCW 16.58.050, 16.58.130, 16.65.030, or 16.65.090. If the director publishes in the state register a proposed rule to be adopted under the authority of this chapter or a proposed rule setting a fee under RCW 16.58.050, 16.58.130, 16.65.030, or 16.65.090 and the rule has not received the approval of the advisory board, the director shall file with the board a written statement setting forth the director’s reasons for proposing the rule without the board’s approval.

(3) The members of the advisory board serve three-year terms. However, the director shall by rule provide shorter initial terms for some of the members of the board to stagger the expiration of the initial terms. The members serve without compensation. The director may authorize the expenses of a member to be reimbursed if the member is selected to attend a regional or national conference or meeting regarding livestock identification. Any such reimbursement shall be in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

Sec. 2. RCW 16.57.220 and 1995 c 374 s 49 are each amended to read as follows:
The director shall cause a charge to be made for all brand inspection of cattle and horses required under this chapter and rules adopted hereunder. Such charges shall be paid to the department by the owner or person in possession unless requested by the purchaser and then such brand inspection shall be paid by the purchaser requesting such brand inspection. Except as provided by rule, such inspection charges shall be due and payable at the time brand inspection is performed and shall be paid upon billing by the department and if not shall constitute a prior lien on the cattle or cattle hides or horses or horse hides brand inspected until such charge is paid. The director in order to best utilize the services of the department in performing brand inspection may establish schedules by days and hours when a brand inspector will be on duty to perform brand inspection at established inspection points. The fees for brand inspection performed at inspection points according to schedules established by the director shall be ((sixty)) seventy-five cents per head for cattle and not more than ((two)) three dollars ((and forty cents)) per head for horses as prescribed by the director subsequent to a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW and in conformance with RCW 16.57.015. Fees for brand inspection of cattle and horses at points other than those designated by the director or not in accord with the schedules established by the director shall be based on a fee schedule not to exceed actual net cost to the department of performing the brand inspection service. For the purpose of this section, actual costs shall mean fifteen dollars per hour and the current mileage rate set by the office of financial management.

Sec. 3. RCW 16.57.220 and 1997 c … s 2 (section 2 of this act) are each amended to read as follows:
The director shall cause a charge to be made for all brand inspection of cattle and horses required under this chapter and rules adopted hereunder. Such charges shall be paid to the department by the owner or person in possession unless requested by the purchaser and then such brand inspection shall be paid by the purchaser requesting such brand inspection. Except as provided by rule, such inspection charges shall be due and payable at the time brand inspection is performed and shall be paid upon billing by the department and if not shall constitute a prior lien on the cattle or cattle hides or horses or horse hides brand inspected until such charge is paid. The director in order to best utilize the services of the department in performing brand inspection may establish schedules by days and hours when a brand inspector will be on duty to perform brand inspection at established inspection points. The fees for brand inspection performed at inspection points according to schedules established by the director shall be ((seventy-five)) sixty cents per head for cattle and not more than ((three)) two dollars and forty cents per head for horses as prescribed by the director subsequent to a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW and in conformance with RCW 16.57.015. Fees for brand inspection of cattle and horses at points other than those designated by the director or not in accord with the schedules established by
the director shall be based on a fee schedule not to exceed actual net cost to the department of performing the brand inspection service. For the purpose of this section, actual costs shall mean fifteen dollars per hour and the current mileage rate set by the office of financial management.

Sec. 4. RCW 16.58.050 and 1994 c 46 s 23 are each amended to read as follows:

The application for an annual license to engage in the business of operating one or more certified feed lots shall be accompanied by a license fee of ((six)) seven hundred fifty dollars. Upon approval of the application by the director and compliance with the provisions of this chapter and rules adopted hereunder, the applicant shall be issued a license or a renewal thereof.

Sec. 5. RCW 16.58.050 and 1997 c . . . s 4 (section 4 of this act) are each amended to read as follows:

The application for an annual license to engage in the business of operating one or more certified feed lots shall be accompanied by a license fee of ((seven)) six hundred ((fifty)) dollars. Upon approval of the application by the director and compliance with the provisions of this chapter and rules adopted hereunder, the applicant shall be issued a license or a renewal thereof.

Sec. 6. RCW 16.58.130 and 1994 c 46 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

Each licensee shall pay to the director a fee of ((twelve)) fifteen cents for each head of cattle handled through the licensee’s feed lot. Payment of such fee shall be made by the licensee on a monthly basis. Failure to pay as required shall be grounds for suspension or revocation of a certified feed lot license. Further, the director shall not renew a certified feed lot license if a licensee has failed to make prompt and timely payments.

Sec. 7. RCW 16.58.130 and 1997 c . . . s 6 (section 6 of this act) are each amended to read as follows:

Each licensee shall pay to the director a fee of ((fifteen)) twelve cents for each head of cattle handled through the licensee’s feed lot. Payment of such fee shall be made by the licensee on a monthly basis. Failure to pay as required shall be grounds for suspension or revocation of a certified feed lot license. Further, the director shall not renew a certified feed lot license if a licensee has failed to make prompt and timely payments.

Sec. 8. RCW 16.65.037 and 1995 c 374 s 57 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon the approval of the application by the director and compliance with the provisions of this chapter, the applicant shall be issued a license or renewal thereof. Any license issued under the provisions of this chapter shall only be valid at location and for the sales day or days for which the license was issued.

(2) The license fee shall be based on the average gross sales volume per official sales day of that market:

(a) Markets with an average gross sales volume up to and including ten thousand dollars, a one hundred ((twenty)) fifty dollar fee;

(b) Markets with an average gross sales volume over ten thousand dollars and up to and including fifty thousand dollars, a ((two)) three hundred ((forty)) fifty dollar fee; and

(c) Markets with an average gross sales volume over fifty thousand dollars, a ((three)) four hundred ((sixty)) fifty dollar fee.

The fees for public market licenses shall be set by the director by rule subsequent to a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW and in conformance with RCW 16.57.015.

(3) Any applicant operating more than one public livestock market shall make a separate application for a license to operate each such public livestock market, and each such application shall be accompanied by the appropriate application fee.

Sec. 9. RCW 16.65.037 and 1997 c . . . s 8 (section 8 of this act) are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon the approval of the application by the director and compliance with the provisions of this chapter, the applicant shall be issued a license or renewal thereof. Any license issued under the provisions of this chapter shall only be valid at location and for the sales day or days for which the license was issued.
The license fee shall be based on the average gross sales volume per official sales day of that market:

(a) Markets with an average gross sales volume up to and including ten thousand dollars, a one hundred ((fifty)) twenty dollar fee;

(b) Markets with an average gross sales volume over ten thousand dollars and up to and including fifty thousand dollars, a ((three)) two hundred ((fifty)) forty dollar fee; and

(c) Markets with an average gross sales volume over fifty thousand dollars, a ((four)) three hundred ((fifty)) sixty dollar fee.

The fees for public market licenses shall be set by the director by rule subsequent to a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW and in conformance with RCW 16.57.015.

(3) Any applicant operating more than one public livestock market shall make a separate application for a license to operate each such public livestock market, and each such application shall be accompanied by the appropriate application fee.

Sec. 10.

RCW 16.65.090 and 1994 c 46 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:

The director shall provide for brand inspection. When such brand inspection is required the licensee shall collect from the consignor and pay to the department, as provided by law, a fee for brand inspection for each animal consigned to the public livestock market or special open consignment horse sale(((PROVIDED, That).)). However, if in any one sale day the total fees collected for brand inspection do not exceed ((seventy-two)) ninety dollars, then such licensee shall pay ((seventy-two)) ninety dollars for such brand inspection or as much thereof as the director may prescribe.

Sec. 11.

RCW 16.65.090 and 1997 c . . . s 10 (section 10 of this act) are each amended to read as follows:

The director shall provide for brand inspection. When such brand inspection is required the licensee shall collect from the consignor and pay to the department, as provided by law, a fee for brand inspection for each animal consigned to the public livestock market or special open consignment horse sale. However, if in any one sale day the total fees collected for brand inspection do not exceed ((ninety)) seventy-two dollars, then such licensee shall pay ((ninety)) seventy-two dollars for such brand inspection or as much thereof as the director may prescribe.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12.

(1) Sections 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect July 1, 1997.

(2) Sections 3, 5, 7, 9, and 11 of this act take effect July 1, 1998."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 2089, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2089 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2089 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Honeyford - 1.

Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 2089, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2096 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 43.21I.005 and 1991 c 200 s 401 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature declares that Washington’s waters have irreplaceable value for the citizens of the state. These waters are vital habitat for numerous and diverse marine life and wildlife and the source of recreation, aesthetic pleasure, and pride for Washington’s citizens. These waters are also vital for much of Washington’s economic vitality.

The legislature finds that the transportation of oil on these waters creates a great potential hazard to these important natural resources. The legislature also finds that there is no state agency responsible for maritime safety to ensure this state’s interest in preserving these resources.

The legislature therefore finds that in order to protect these waters it is necessary to establish an office of marine safety which will have the responsibility to promote the safety of marine transportation in Washington.

(2) The legislature finds that adequate funding is necessary for the state to continue its priority focus on the prevention of oil spills, as well as maintain a strong oil spill response, planning, and environmental restoration capability. The legislature further finds that long-term environmental health of the state’s waters depends upon the strength and vitality of its oil spill prevention and response program that fosters planning, coordination, and incident command. To that end, the merger of the office of marine safety with the department of ecology shall: Ensure coordination via streamlining the marine safety functions of two agencies into one; provide a focused prevention and response program under a single administration; generate efficient incident command response capability and continue to meet the challenges threatening marine safety and the environment; and increase accountability to the public, the executive branch, and the legislature.

(3) It is the intent of the legislature that the state’s oil spill prevention, response, planning, and environmental restoration activities be sufficiently funded to maintain a strong prevention and response program. It is further the intent of the legislature that the merger of the office of marine safety with the department of ecology be accomplished in an organizational manner that maintains a priority focus and position for the oil spill prevention and response program. The merger shall allow for ready identification of the program by the public and ensure no diminution in the state’s commitment to marine safety and environmental protection as follows:

(a) The director of the department of ecology shall consolidate all of the agency’s oil spill prevention, planning, and response programs and personnel into a division or equivalent unit of
organization within the department. The division shall be managed by a single administrator who is an
assistant director or person of equivalent status in the department’s organization. The administrator
shall report directly to the director.

(b) The consolidated oil spill program unit within the department shall maintain prevention of
oil spills as a specific program.

(c) The department shall identify and participate in resolving threats to safety of marine
transportation and the impact of marine transportation on the environment.

Sec. 2. RCW 82.23B.020 and 1995 c 399 s 214 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An oil spill response tax is imposed on the privilege of receiving crude oil or petroleum
products at a marine terminal within this state from a waterborne vessel or barge operating on the
navigable waters of this state. The tax imposed in this section is levied upon the owner of the crude oil
or petroleum products immediately after receipt of the same into the storage tanks of a marine terminal
from a waterborne vessel or barge at the rate of \((\text{two})\) one cent((s)) per barrel of crude oil or
petroleum product received.

(2) In addition to the tax imposed in subsection (1) of this section, an oil spill administration tax
is imposed on the privilege of receiving crude oil or petroleum products at a marine terminal within
this state from a waterborne vessel or barge operating on the navigable waters of this state. The tax
imposed in this section is levied upon the owner of the crude oil or petroleum products immediately
after receipt of the same into the storage tanks of a marine terminal from a waterborne vessel or barge
at the rate of \((\text{three})\) four cents per barrel of crude oil or petroleum product.

(3) The taxes imposed by this chapter shall be collected by the marine terminal operator from
the taxpayer. If any person charged with collecting the taxes fails to bill the taxpayer for the taxes, or
in the alternative has not notified the taxpayer in writing of the imposition of the taxes, or having
collected the taxes, fails to pay them to the department in the manner prescribed by this chapter,
whether such failure is the result of the person’s own acts or the result of acts or conditions beyond the
person’s control, he or she shall, nevertheless, be personally liable to the state for the amount of the
taxes. Payment of the taxes by the owner to a marine terminal operator shall relieve the owner from
further liability for the taxes.

(4) Taxes collected under this chapter shall be held in trust until paid to the department. Any
person collecting the taxes who appropriates or converts the taxes collected shall be guilty of a gross
misdemeanor if the money required to be collected is not available for payment on the date payment is
due. The taxes required by this chapter to be collected shall be stated separately from other charges
made by the marine terminal operator in any invoice or other statement of account provided to the
taxpayer.

(5) If a taxpayer fails to pay the taxes imposed by this chapter to the person charged with
collection of the taxes and the person charged with collection fails to pay the taxes to the department,
the department may, in its discretion, proceed directly against the taxpayer for collection of the taxes.

(6) The taxes shall be due from the marine terminal operator, along with reports and returns on
forms prescribed by the department, within twenty-five days after the end of the month in which the
taxable activity occurs.

(7) The amount of taxes, until paid by the taxpayer to the marine terminal operator or to the
department, shall constitute a debt from the taxpayer to the marine terminal operator. Any person
required to collect the taxes under this chapter who, with intent to violate the provisions of this chapter,
fails or refuses to do so as required and any taxpayer who refuses to pay any taxes due under this
chapter, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(8) Upon prior approval of the department, the taxpayer may pay the taxes imposed by this
chapter directly to the department. The department shall give its approval for direct payment under this
section whenever it appears, in the department’s judgment, that direct payment will enhance the
administration of the taxes imposed under this chapter. The department shall provide by rule for the
issuance of a direct payment certificate to any taxpayer qualifying for direct payment of the taxes.
Good faith acceptance of a direct payment certificate by a terminal operator shall relieve the marine
terminal operator from any liability for the collection or payment of the taxes imposed under this
chapter.

(9) All receipts from the tax imposed in subsection (1) of this section shall be deposited into the
state oil spill response account. All receipts from the tax imposed in subsection (2) of this section shall
be deposited into the oil spill administration account.
(10) Within forty-five days after the end of each calendar quarter, the office of financial management shall determine the balance of the oil spill response account as of the last day of that calendar quarter. Balance determinations by the office of financial management under this section are final and shall not be used to challenge the validity of any tax imposed under this chapter. The office of financial management shall promptly notify the departments of revenue and ecology of the account balance once a determination is made. For each subsequent calendar quarter, the tax imposed by subsection (1) of this section shall be imposed during the entire calendar quarter unless:

(a) Tax was imposed under subsection (1) of this section during the immediately preceding calendar quarter, and the most recent quarterly balance is more than ((twenty-five)) ten million dollars; or

(b) Tax was not imposed under subsection (1) of this section during the immediately preceding calendar quarter, and the most recent quarterly balance is more than ((fifteen)) nine million dollars.

((11) The office of marine safety, the department of revenue, and the department of community, trade, and economic development shall study tax credits for taxpayers employing vessels with the best achievable technology and the best available protection to reduce the risk of oil spills to the navigable waters of the state and submit the study to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature by December 1, 1992.)

Sec. 3. RCW 90.56.510 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 14 s 525 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The oil spill administration account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from RCW 82.23B.020(2) shall be deposited in the account. Moneys from the account may be spent only after appropriation. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW. (On July 1 of each odd-numbered year, if receipts deposited in the account from the tax imposed by RCW 82.23B.020(2) for the previous fiscal biennium exceed the amount appropriated from the account for the previous fiscal biennium, the state treasurer shall transfer the amount of receipts exceeding the appropriation to the oil spill response account.) If, on the first day of any calendar month, the balance of the oil spill response account is greater than ((twenty-five)) ten million dollars and the balance of the oil spill administration account exceeds the unexpended appropriation for the current biennium, then the tax under RCW 82.23B.020(2) shall be suspended on the first day of the next calendar month until the beginning of the following biennium, provided that the tax shall not be suspended during the last six months of the biennium. If the tax imposed under RCW 82.23B.020(2) is suspended during two consecutive biennia, the department shall by November 1st after the end of the second biennium, recommend to the appropriate standing committees an adjustment in the tax rate. For the biennium ending June 30, 1997, the state treasurer may transfer up to $1,718,000 from the oil spill response account to the oil spill administration account to support appropriations made from the oil spill administration account in the omnibus and transportation appropriations acts adopted not later than June 30, 1997.

(2) Expenditures from the oil spill administration account shall be used exclusively for the administrative costs related to the purposes of this chapter, and chapters 90.48, 88.40, and 88.46 RCW. Starting with the 1995-1997 biennium, the legislature shall give activities of state agencies related to prevention of oil spills priority in funding from the oil spill administration account. Costs of administration include the costs of:

(a) Routine responses not covered under RCW 90.56.500;

(b) Management and staff development activities;

(c) Development of rules and policies and the state-wide plan provided for in RCW 90.56.060;

(d) Facility and vessel plan review and approval, drills, inspections, investigations, enforcement, and litigation;

(e) Interagency coordination and public outreach and education;

(f) Collection and administration of the tax provided for in chapter 82.23B RCW; and

(g) Appropriate travel, goods and services, contracts, and equipment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. All employees of the office of marine safety are transferred to the jurisdiction of the department of ecology. All employees classified under chapter 41.06 RCW, the state civil service law, are assigned to the department of ecology to perform their usual duties upon the same terms as formerly, without any loss of rights, subject to any action that may be appropriate thereafter in accordance with the laws and rules governing state civil service.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) An oil spill prevention and response advisory committee is created within the department of ecology. The committee shall consist of eleven members as follows: Four legislators, one from each caucus; one member each to represent pilots licensed under chapter 88.16 RCW, the marine oil transportation industry, the marine cargo transportation industry, the fishing industry, the shellfish industry, an environmental organization, and the department of ecology. The member representing the department of ecology shall be an ex-officio member. Legislative members shall be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives or the president of the senate, as appropriate. The director of the department of ecology shall appoint all other members.

(2) By December 1, 1998, the committee shall submit a report to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature evaluating the merger of the functions of the office of marine safety into the department of ecology.

(3) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "ecology;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 43.21I.005, 82.23B.020, and 90.56.510; creating new sections; providing an effective date; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2096, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2096 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler and Cooper spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2096 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2096, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2264 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 41.05.021 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 6 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The Washington state health care authority is created within the executive branch. The authority shall have an administrator appointed by the governor, with the consent of the senate. The administrator shall serve at the pleasure of the governor. The administrator may employ up to seven staff members, who shall be exempt from chapter 41.06 RCW, and any additional staff members as are necessary to administer this chapter. The administrator may delegate any power or duty vested in him or her by this chapter, including authority to make final decisions and enter final orders in hearings conducted under chapter 34.05 RCW. The primary duties of the authority shall be to: Administer state employees’ insurance benefits and retired or disabled school employees’ insurance benefits; administer the basic health plan pursuant to chapter 70.47 RCW; study state-purchased health care programs in order to maximize cost containment in these programs while ensuring access to quality health care; and implement state initiatives, joint purchasing strategies, and techniques for efficient administration that have potential application to all state-purchased health services. The authority’s duties include, but are not limited to, the following:

(a) To administer health care benefit programs for employees and retired or disabled school employees as specifically authorized in RCW 41.05.065 and in accordance with the methods described in RCW 41.05.075, 41.05.140, and other provisions of this chapter;
(b) To analyze state-purchased health care programs and to explore options for cost containment and delivery alternatives for those programs that are consistent with the purposes of those programs, including, but not limited to:
   (i) Creation of economic incentives for the persons for whom the state purchases health care to appropriately utilize and purchase health care services, including the development of flexible benefit plans to offset increases in individual financial responsibility;
   (ii) Utilization of provider arrangements that encourage cost containment, including but not limited to prepaid delivery systems, utilization review, and prospective payment methods, and that ensure access to quality care, including assuring reasonable access to local providers, especially for employees residing in rural areas;
   (iii) Coordination of state agency efforts to purchase drugs effectively as provided in RCW 70.14.050;
   (iv) Development of recommendations and methods for purchasing medical equipment and supporting services on a volume discount basis; and
   (v) Development of data systems to obtain utilization data from state-purchased health care programs in order to identify cost centers, utilization patterns, provider and hospital practice patterns, and procedure costs, utilizing the information obtained pursuant to RCW 41.05.031;
   (c) To analyze areas of public and private health care interaction;
   (d) To provide information and technical and administrative assistance to the board;
   (e) To review and approve or deny applications from counties, municipalities, and other political subdivisions of the state to provide state-sponsored insurance or self-insurance programs to their employees in accordance with the provisions of RCW 41.04.205, setting the premium contribution for approved groups as outlined in RCW 41.05.050;
   (f) To appoint a health care policy technical advisory committee as required by RCW 41.05.150;
   (g) To establish billing procedures and collect funds from school districts and educational service districts under RCW 28A.400.400 in a way that minimizes the administrative burden on districts; and
   (h) To promulgate and adopt rules consistent with this chapter as described in RCW 41.05.160.

(2) On and after January 1, 1996, the public employees’ benefits board may implement strategies to promote managed competition among employee health benefit plans. Strategies may include but are not limited to:

(a) Standardizing the benefit package;
(b) Soliciting competitive bids for the benefit package;
(c) Limiting the state’s contribution to a percent of the lowest priced qualified plan within a geographical area;
(d) Monitoring the impact of the approach under this subsection with regards to: Efficiencies in health service delivery, cost shifts to subscribers, access to and choice of managed care plans statewide, and quality of health services. The health care authority shall also advise on the value of administering a benchmark employer-managed plan to promote competition among managed care plans. The health care authority shall report its findings and recommendations to the legislature by January 1, 1997.

(3) The health care authority shall, no later than July 1, 1996, submit to the appropriate committees of the legislature, proposed methods whereby, through the use of a voucher-type process, state employees may enroll with any health carrier to receive employee benefits. Such methods shall include the employee option of participating in a health care savings account, as set forth in Title 48 RCW.

(((4) The Washington health care policy board shall study the necessity and desirability of the health care authority continuing as a self-insuring entity and make recommendations to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 1996.)))

Sec. 2. RCW 43.70.054 and 1995 c 267 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To promote the public interest consistent with chapter 267, Laws of 1995, the department of health, in cooperation with the information services board established under RCW 43.105.032, shall develop health care data standards to be used by, and developed in collaboration with, consumers, purchasers, health carriers, providers, and state government as consistent with the intent of chapter 492, Laws of 1993 as amended by chapter 267, Laws of 1995, to promote the delivery of quality health services that improve health outcomes for state residents. The data standards shall include content, coding, confidentiality, and transmission standards for all health care data elements necessary to support the intent of this section, and to improve administrative efficiency and reduce cost. Purchasers, as allowed by federal law, health carriers, health facilities and providers as defined in chapter 48.43 RCW, and state government shall utilize the data standards. The information and data elements shall be reported as the department of health directs by rule in accordance with data standards developed under this section.

(2) The health care data collected, maintained, and studied by the department under this section or any other entity: (a) Shall include a method of associating all information on health care costs and services with discrete cases; (b) shall not contain any means of determining the personal identity of any enrollee, provider, or facility; (c) shall only be available for retrieval in original or processed form to public and private requesters; (d) shall be available within a reasonable period of time after the date of request; and (e) shall give strong consideration to data standards that achieve national uniformity.

(3) The cost of retrieving data for state officials and agencies shall be funded through state general appropriation. The cost of retrieving data for individuals and organizations engaged in research or private use of data or studies shall be funded by a fee schedule developed by the department that reflects the direct cost of retrieving the data or study in the requested form.

(4) All persons subject to this section shall comply with departmental requirements established by rule in the acquisition of data, however, the department shall adopt no rule or effect no policy implementing the provisions of this section without an act of law.

(5) The department shall submit developed health care data standards to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 31, 1995.

Sec. 3. RCW 43.70.066 and 1995 c 267 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department of health shall study the feasibility of a uniform quality assurance and improvement program for use by all public and private health plans and health care providers and facilities. In this study, the department shall consult with: (a) Public and private purchasers of health care services; (b) Health carriers; (c) Health care providers and facilities; and (d) Consumers of health services.

(2) In conducting the study, the department shall propose standards that meet the needs of affected persons and organizations, whether public or private, without creation of differing levels of quality assurance. All consumers of health services should be afforded the same level of quality assurance.
At a minimum, the study shall include but not be limited to the following program components and indicators appropriate for consumer disclosure:

(a) Health care provider training, credentialing, and licensure standards;
(b) Health care facility credentialing and recredentialing;
(c) Staff ratios in health care facilities;
(d) Annual mortality and morbidity rates of cases based on a defined set of procedures performed or diagnoses treated in health care facilities, adjusted to fairly consider variable factors such as patient demographics and case severity;
(e) The average total cost and average length of hospital stay for a defined set of procedures and diagnoses;
(f) The total number of the defined set of procedures, by specialty, performed by each physician at a health care facility within the previous twelve months;
(g) Utilization performance profiles by provider, both primary care and specialty care, that have been adjusted to fairly consider variable factors such as patient demographics and severity of case;
(h) Health plan fiscal performance standards;
(i) Health care provider and facility recordkeeping and reporting standards;
(j) Health care utilization management that monitors trends in health service underutilization, as well as overutilization of services;
(k) Health monitoring that is responsive to consumer, purchaser, and public health assessment needs; and
(l) Assessment of consumer satisfaction and disclosure of consumer survey results.

In conducting the study, the department shall develop standards that permit each health care facility, provider group, or health carrier to assume responsibility for and determine the physical method of collection, storage, and assimilation of quality indicators for consumer disclosure. The study may define the forms, frequency, and posting requirements for disclosure of information.

In developing proposed standards under this subsection, the department shall identify options that would minimize provider burden and administrative cost resulting from duplicative private sector data submission requirements.

The department shall submit a preliminary report to the legislature by December 31, 1995, including recommendations for initial legislation pursuant to subsection (6) of this section, and shall submit supplementary reports and recommendations as completed, consistent with appropriated funds and staffing.

The department shall not adopt any rule implementing the uniform quality assurance program or consumer disclosure provisions unless expressly directed to do so by an act of law.

Sec. 4. RCW 43.70.068 and 1995 c 267 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

((No later than July 1, 1995, the health care policy board together with))

The department of health, the health care authority, the department of social and health services, the office of the insurance commissioner, and the department of labor and industries shall form an interagency group for coordination and consultation on quality assurance activities and collaboration on final recommendations for the study required under RCW 43.70.066. ((By December 31, 1996, the group shall review all state agency programs governing health service quality assurance, in light of legislative actions pursuant to RCW 43.70.066(6), and shall recommend to the legislature, the consolidation, coordination, or elimination of rules and programs that would be made unnecessary pursuant to the development of a uniform quality assurance and improvement program.))

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 43.72 RCW to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, "health carrier," "health care provider," "provider," "health plan," and "health care facility" have the same meaning as provided in RCW 48.43.005.

Sec. 6. RCW 43.72.300 and 1993 c 492 s 447 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature recognizes that competition among health care providers, facilities, payers, and purchasers will yield the best allocation of health care resources, the lowest prices for health care services, and the highest quality of health care when there exists a large number of buyers and sellers, easily comparable health ((care)) plans and services, minimal barriers to entry and exit into the health care market, and adequate information for buyers and sellers to base purchasing and production decisions. However, the legislature finds that purchasers of health care services and health care
coverage do not have adequate information upon which to base purchasing decisions; that health care facilities and providers of health care services face legal and market disincentives to develop economies of scale or to provide the most cost-efficient and efficacious service; that health insurers, contractors, and health maintenance organizations face market disincentives in providing health care coverage to those Washington residents with the most need for health care coverage; and that potential competitors in the provision of health care coverage bear unequal burdens in entering the market for health care coverage.

(2) The legislature therefore intends to exempt from state anti-trust laws, and to provide immunity from federal anti-trust laws through the state action doctrine for activities approved under this chapter that might otherwise be constrained by such laws and intends to displace competition in the health care market: To contain the aggregate cost of health care services; to promote the development of comprehensive, integrated, and cost-effective health care delivery systems through cooperative activities among health care providers and facilities; to promote comparability of health care coverage; to improve the cost-effectiveness in providing health care coverage relative to health promotion, disease prevention, and the amelioration or cure of illness; to assure universal access to a publicly determined, uniform package of health care benefits; and to create reasonable equity in the distribution of funds, treatment, and medical risk among purchasers of health care coverage, payers of health care services, providers of health care services, health care facilities, and Washington residents. To these ends, any lawful action taken pursuant to chapter 492, Laws of 1993 by any person or entity created or regulated by chapter 492, Laws of 1993 are declared to be taken pursuant to state statute and in furtherance of the public purposes of the state of Washington.

(3) The legislature does not intend and unless explicitly permitted in accordance with RCW 43.72.310 or under rules adopted pursuant to chapter 492, Laws of 1993, does not authorize any person or entity to engage in activities or to conspire to engage in activities that would constitute per se violations of state and federal anti-trust laws including but not limited to conspiracies or agreements:

(a) Among competing health care providers not to grant discounts, not to provide services, or to fix the price of their services;

(b) Among ([certified]) health ([plans]) carriers as to the price or level of reimbursement for health care services;

(c) Among ([certified]) health ([plans]) carriers to boycott a group or class of health care service providers;

(d) Among purchasers of ([certified]) health plan coverage to boycott a particular plan or class of plans;

(e) Among ([certified]) health ([plans]) carriers to divide the market for health care coverage; or

(f) Among ([certified]) health ([plans]) carriers and purchasers to attract or discourage enrollment of any Washington resident or groups of residents in a ([certified]) health plan based upon the perceived or actual risk of loss in including such resident or group of residents in a ([certified]) health plan or purchasing group.

Sec. 7. RCW 43.72.310 and 1995 c 267 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) ([Until May 8, 1995, and after June 30, 1996, a certified]) A health ([plan]) carrier, health care facility, health care provider, or other person involved in the development, delivery, or marketing of health care or ([certified]) health plans may request, in writing, that the department of health obtain an informal opinion from the attorney general as to whether particular conduct is authorized by chapter 492, Laws of 1993. Trade secret or proprietary information contained in a request for informal opinion shall be identified as such and shall not be disclosed other than to an authorized employee of the department of health or attorney general without the consent of the party making the request, except that information in summary or aggregate form and market share data may be contained in the informal opinion issued by the attorney general. The attorney general shall issue such opinion within thirty days of receipt of a written request for an opinion or within thirty days of receipt of any additional information requested by the attorney general necessary for rendering an opinion unless extended by the attorney general for good cause shown. If the attorney general concludes that such conduct is not authorized by chapter 492, Laws of 1993, the person or organization making the request may petition the department of health for review and approval of such conduct in accordance with subsection (3) of this section.
(2) After obtaining the written opinion of the attorney general and consistent with such opinion, the department of health:
(a) May authorize conduct by a (certified) health carrier, health care facility, health care provider, or any other person that could tend to lessen competition in the relevant market upon a strong showing that the conduct is likely to achieve the policy goals of chapter 492, Laws of 1993 and a more competitive alternative is impractical;
(b) Shall adopt rules governing conduct among providers, health care facilities, and (certified) health carriers including rules governing provider and facility contracts with (certified) health carriers, rules governing the use of “most favored nation” clauses and exclusive dealing clauses in such contracts, and rules providing that (certified) health carriers in rural areas contract with a sufficient number and type of health care providers and facilities to ensure consumer access to local health care services;
(c) Shall adopt rules permitting health care providers within the service area of a plan to collectively negotiate the terms and conditions of contracts with a (certified) health carrier including the ability of providers to meet and communicate for the purposes of these negotiations;
(d) Shall adopt rules governing cooperative activities among health care facilities and providers; and
(e) Effective July 1, 1997, in addition to the rule-making authority granted to the department under this section, the department shall have the authority to enforce and administer rules previously adopted by the health services commission and the health care policy board pursuant to RCW 43.72.310.
(3) (Until May 8, 1995, and after June 30, 1996, a certified) A health carrier, health care facility, health care provider, or any other person involved in the development, delivery, and marketing of health care services or (certified) health plans may file a written petition with the department of health requesting approval of conduct that could tend to lessen competition in the relevant market. Such petition shall be filed in a form and manner prescribed by rule of the department of health.
The department of health shall issue a written decision approving or denying a petition filed under this section within ninety days of receipt of a properly completed written petition unless extended by the department for good cause shown. The decision shall set forth findings as to benefits and disadvantages and conclusions as to whether the benefits outweigh the disadvantages.
(4) In authorizing conduct and adopting rules of conduct under this section, the department of health with the advice of the attorney general, shall consider the benefits of such conduct in furthering the goals of health care reform including but not limited to:
(a) Enhancement of the quality of health services to consumers;
(b) Gains in cost efficiency of health services;
(c) Improvements in utilization of health services and equipment;
(d) Avoidance of duplication of health services resources; or
(e) And as to (b) and (c) of this subsection: (i) Facilitates the exchange of information relating to performance expectations; (ii) simplifies the negotiation of delivery arrangements and relationships; and (iii) reduces the transactions costs on the part of health carriers and providers in negotiating more cost-effective delivery arrangements.
These benefits must outweigh disadvantages including and not limited to:
(i) Reduced competition among health carriers, health care providers, or health care facilities;
(ii) Adverse impact on quality, availability, or price of health care services to consumers; or
(iii) The availability of arrangements less restrictive to competition that achieve the same benefits.
(5) Conduct authorized by the department of health shall be deemed taken pursuant to state statute and in the furtherance of the public purposes of the state of Washington.
(6) With the assistance of the attorney general’s office, the department of health shall actively supervise any conduct authorized under this section to determine whether such conduct or rules permitting certain conduct should be continued and whether a more competitive alternative is practical. The department of health shall periodically review petitioned conduct through, at least, annual progress reports from petitioners, annual or more frequent reviews by the department of health.
(commission) department of health that evaluate whether the conduct is consistent with the petition, and whether the benefits continue to outweigh any disadvantages. If the (commission) department of health determines that the likely benefits of any conduct approved through rule, petition, or otherwise by the (commission) department of health no longer outweigh the disadvantages attributable to potential reduction in competition, the (commission) department of health shall order a modification or discontinuance of such conduct. Conduct ordered discontinued by the (commission) department of health shall no longer be deemed to be taken pursuant to state statute and in the furtherance of the public purposes of the state of Washington.

(7) Nothing contained in chapter 492, Laws of 1993 is intended to in any way limit the ability of rural hospital districts to enter into cooperative agreements and contracts pursuant to RCW 70.44.450 and chapter 39.34 RCW.

(8) Only requests for informal opinions under subsection (1) of this section and petitions under subsection (3) of this section that were received prior to May 8, 1995, or after June 30, 1996, shall be considered.) The secretary of health shall from time to time establish fees to accompany the filing of a petition or a written request to the department to obtain an opinion from the attorney general under this section and for the active supervision of conduct approved under this section. Such fees may vary according to the size of the transaction proposed in the petition or under active supervision. In setting such fees, the secretary shall consider that consumers and the public benefit when activities meeting the standards of this section are permitted to proceed; the importance of assuring that persons sponsoring beneficial activities are not foreclosed from filing a petition under this section because of the fee; and the necessity to avoid a conflict, or the appearance of a conflict, between the interests of the department and the public. The total fee for a petition under this section, a written request to the department to obtain an opinion from the attorney general, or a combination of both regarding the same conduct shall not exceed the level that will defray the reasonable costs the department and attorney general incur in considering a petition and in no event shall be greater than twenty-five thousand dollars. The fee for review of approved conduct shall not exceed the level that will defray the reasonable costs the department and attorney general incur in conducting such a review and in no event shall be greater than ten thousand dollars per annum. The fees shall be fixed by rule adopted in accordance with the provisions of the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, and shall be deposited in the health professions account established in accordance with RCW 43.70.320.

Sec. 8. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:

(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.

(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.

(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer’s right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.

(d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person’s right to privacy.

(e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person’s life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.

(f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.

(g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is
abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

(k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.

(l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).
Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.

Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.

Proprietary financial and commercial information that the submitting entity, with review by the department of health, specifically identifies at the time it is submitted and that is provided to or obtained by the department of health in connection with an application for, or the supervision of, an antitrust exemption sought by the submitting entity under RCW 43.72.310. If a request for such information is received, the submitting entity must be notified of the request. Within ten business days of receipt of the notice, the submitting entity shall provide a written statement of the continuing need for confidentiality, which shall be provided to the requester. Upon receipt of such notice, the department of health shall continue to treat information designated under this section as exempt from disclosure. If the requester initiates an action to compel disclosure under this chapter, the submitting entity must be joined as a party to demonstrate the continuing need for confidentiality.

Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 43.72.320 and 1995 c 267 s 10;
(2) RCW 43.73.010 and 1995 c 265 s 9;
(3) RCW 43.73.020 and 1995 c 265 s 10;
NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "board;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 41.05.021, 43.70.054, 43.70.066, 43.70.068, 43.72.300, and 43.72.310; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310; adding a new section to chapter 43.72 RCW; repealing RCW 43.72.320, 43.73.010, 43.73.020, 43.73.030, and 43.73.040; repealing 1996 c 281 s 2 (uncodified); providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.
SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1086 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 28A.605.010 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 248 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The board of directors of each school district by rule or regulation shall set forth proper procedure to ensure that each school within their district is carrying out district policy providing that no child may be removed from any school grounds or building thereon during school hours except by a person so authorized by a parent or legal guardian having legal custody thereof (PROVIDED, That such rules and regulations need not be applicable to any child in grades nine through twelve), except that a student may leave secondary school grounds only in accordance with the school district’s open campus policy under RCW 28A.600.035. Such rules shall be applicable to school employees or their designees who may not remove, cause to be removed, or allow to be removed, any student from school grounds without authorization from the student’s parent or legal guardian unless the employee is: The student’s parent, legal guardian, or immediate family member, a school employee providing school bus transportation services in accordance with chapter 28A.160 RCW, a school employee supervising an extracurricular activity in which the student is participating and the employee is providing transportation to or from the activity; or, the student is in need of emergent medical care, and the employee is unable to reach the parent for transportation of the student. School security personnel may remove a student from school grounds without parental authorization for disciplinary reasons. Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit removal of a student from school grounds by any person acting in his or her official capacity in response to a 911 emergency call."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "grounds;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 28A.605.010."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1086, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1086 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Mulliken and Cole spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1086 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1086, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL  

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1113 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

“NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that incentives need to be established to encourage the installation of more efficient irrigation conveyance and on-farm application systems and that significant benefits can accrue including water quantity and water quality benefits. The legislature finds that increasing the amount of lands that may be irrigated under an existing water right can impact the amount of return flow water available to meet the needs of other existing water rights. Further, that adherence to a strict nonimpairment standard has slowed efforts to make irrigation water delivery systems more efficient. The legislature finds that reliance on public funds to provide incentives to install efficient irrigation systems is less reliable and more costly to the public than providing economic incentives together with establishing compensating mechanisms to protect existing rights from impairment.

The purpose of this act is to establish mechanisms that will provide a means to test incentives for improving the efficiency of irrigation water use.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

RCW 90.03.380 does not apply to a change regarding a portion of the water governed by a water right to appropriate surface water used for agricultural purposes that is made surplus to the beneficial uses exercised under the right through the implementation of practices or technologies, including but not limited to conveyance practices or technologies that are more efficient or more water use efficient than those under which the right was perfected or through a change in the crops grown under the water right. If a portion of the water governed by a water right to surface water is made surplus to the beneficial uses exercised under the right through the implementation of practices or technologies, including but not limited to conveyance practices or technologies, which are more efficient or more water use efficient than those under which the right was perfected, the right to use the surplus water may be changed to use on other lands owned by the holder of the water right that are contiguous to the lands upon which the use of the water was authorized by the right before such a change in accordance with the following:

(1) For the purpose of calculating the amount of surplus water that may be allocated to irrigate additional lands, the water right holder shall assume that the amount of water per acre that is to be used to irrigate the additional land is equal to the revised amount of water per acre that the lands previously allowed to be irrigated under the original right would receive. Once the amount of surplus water is calculated in accordance with this section, the allowable quantity of water that may be used to irrigate each parcel may be used on either the original parcel or on the additional land without differentiation;

(2) Of the waters determined to be surplus to the beneficial uses exercised under the right:

(a) Fifty percent shall be available to be used on additional land and shall retain the date of priority of the original right; and

(b) Fifty percent shall be available to be used on additional land and shall have a date of priority that is subordinate to other water rights that were established as of the date the water was applied to the additional land.

The holder of the water right shall notify the department of such a change. The department may prescribe a form upon which notification is to be made. The department shall establish procedures to verify the information contained in the notification and may require the submission of additional information to assure general compliance with the provisions of this section. Such notification
constitutes a change in the holder’s water right and, upon receiving the notification, the department shall revise its records for the water right to reflect the change.

This section does not apply to water supplied by an irrigation district.

This section does not apply to surplus water resulting from water efficiency improvements that were financed in whole or in part with state funds.

Any person who uses this section shall not impair any existing right unless compensation or mitigation for such impairment or injury is agreed to by the holder of the affected water right.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Contract" means a written legal instrument that provides for the transfer of a portion of a water right from an existing water right holder to another person for consideration.

(2) "Department" means the department of ecology.

(3) "Net water savings" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 90.42.020.

(4) "Person" means a person, corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, municipal corporation, or state agency.

(5) "Reduction in evaporative loss" means the amount of water that is no longer lost to further use as a result of changing from a conventional irrigation system to a water-efficient irrigation system. "Reduction in evaporative loss" includes the reduction in the amount of water consumed through evaporation or through transpiration by nonproductive plants such as cover crops, but does not include any water that contributed to return flows used to satisfy existing rights.

(6) "Trust water right" means a water right transferred to and managed by the department for the benefit of instream flows or for the allocation to new uses as provided in chapter 90.38 or 90.42 RCW.

(7) "Water-efficient irrigation system" means a system that, through technological modifications, results in water savings.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A person holding a valid water right or contractual right to use water, who finances the installation of a water-efficient irrigation system, may enter into a contract with another person for the transfer of water saved through installation of the water-efficient irrigation system. In determining the amount that is transferrable, the department shall allow the transfer of an amount equal to the reduction in the evaporative loss. The reduction in evaporative loss is a readily transferrable component of net water savings.

In addition, the department shall evaluate whether there are additional net water savings that result directly from installation of the water-efficient irrigation system that could be transferred to the purchaser without detriment to other existing water users. The department may not delay because of decisions on the determination of additional net water savings the approval of the transfer of the water that constitutes the reduction in evaporative loss. The use of water supplied by an irrigation district that is saved through installation of a qualifying water-efficient irrigation system as provided in this section shall be regulated solely as provided by the board of directors of the irrigation district.

A person wishing to make application for a transfer of a water right under this chapter shall comply with RCW 90.03.380. A contract may allow for a permanent transfer of a portion of the original water right, or for lease agreements with set expiration dates. The applicant shall state that the contract is not permanent in the application if the contract is not permanent.

The transferred portion has the same date of priority as the water right from which it originated, but between them the transferred portion of the right is inferior in priority unless otherwise provided by the parties in the contract.

The department shall maintain a record of contracts with the certificate of water right for the transferred water.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The department may adopt rules, in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, for procedures to be used to facilitate the processing of requests for water right transfers made under this chapter and to establish a streamlined procedure to quantify the reduction in the evaporative loss. In developing streamlined procedures, the department may use data from the United States natural resource conservation service or the Washington state cooperative extension service to base calculations of reduction in evaporative loss in various regions of the state.
The rules may establish procedures for the department to make preliminary findings that can be used as an initial basis for developing contracts by applicants.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 6.** An applicant shall accompany an application for a water right transfer under this chapter with a fee established in RCW 90.03.470.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 7.** In processing applications for transfers of portions of water rights under this chapter, if the department is unable to conclusively determine the validity of the original water right, the department may include a presumption of validity in the certificate of water rights. The presumption must provide to the contract purchaser the same right to the use of water embodied in the original water right.

The presumption of validity may not be used as evidence as to the existence or nonexistence in a water right adjudication conducted under chapter 90.03 RCW.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 8.** A holder of a water right may voluntarily enter into a contract with the department. The department may utilize funds that are now or hereafter authorized for the purchase of water savings made available under this chapter. The department shall utilize the same methods of calculating water that is transferrable to another party under this chapter in determining the amount of water that is transferrable to the state. If additional net water saved is available for the benefit of only a stream segment, the calculations may be made on a case-by-case basis while assuring no detriment to existing water users occurs.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 9.** A valid water right user who installs a water-efficient irrigation system may apply for a transfer of the reduction in evaporative loss, plus any additional net water savings, for the irrigation of an additional parcel of previously unirrigated land, to land with less senior water rights, or that lacks a full and sufficient supply. The application must be processed based upon the same criteria as if the transfer were to be made to another person.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 10.** This chapter may be known and cited as the agricultural water conservation incentives act.

**Sec. 11.** RCW 90.03.380 and 1996 c 320 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The right to the use of water which has been applied to a beneficial use in the state shall be and remain appurtenant to the land or place upon which the same is used. However, all or a portion of a right may be transferred to another or to others and become appurtenant to any other land or place of use without loss of priority of right theretofore established if such change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. The point of diversion of water for beneficial use or the purpose of use may be changed, if such change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. A change in the place of use, point of diversion, and/or purpose of use of a water right to enable irrigation of additional acreage or the addition of new uses may be permitted if such change results in no increase in the annual consumptive quantity of water used under the water right. For purposes of this section, "annual consumptive quantity" means the estimated or actual annual amount of water diverted pursuant to the water right, reduced by the estimated annual amount of return flows, averaged over the most recent five-year period of continuous beneficial use of the water right.

Before any transfer of such right to use water or change of the point of diversion of water or change of purpose of use can be made, any person having an interest in the transfer or change, shall file a written application therefor with the department, and said application shall not be granted until notice of said application shall be published as provided in RCW 90.03.280. If it shall appear that such transfer or such change may be made without injury or detriment to existing rights, the department shall issue to the applicant an authorization to make the change or transfer. When the applicant has completed the change or transfer, the department shall issue to the applicant a certificate in duplicate granting the right for such transfer or for such change of point of diversion or of use. The certificate so issued shall be filed and be made a record with the department and the duplicate certificate issued to the applicant may be filed with the county auditor in like manner and with the same effect as provided in the original certificate or permit to divert water.

(2) If an application for change proposes to transfer water rights from one irrigation district to another, the department shall, before publication of notice, receive concurrence from each of the
irrigation districts that such transfer or change will not adversely affect the ability to deliver water to other landowners or impair the financial integrity of either of the districts.

(3) A change in place of use by an individual water user or users of water provided by an irrigation district need only receive approval for the change from the board of directors of the district if the use of water continues within the irrigation district, and when water is provided by an irrigation entity that is a member of a board of joint control created under chapter 87.80 RCW, approval need only be received from the board of joint control if the use of water continues within the area of jurisdiction of the joint board and the change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. The board of directors of an irrigation district may approve such a change if the board determines that the change: Will not adversely affect the district’s ability to deliver water to other landowners; will not require the construction by the district of diversion or drainage facilities unless the board finds that the construction by the district is in the interest of the district; will not impair the financial or operational integrity of the district; and is consistent with the contractual obligations of the district.

(4) This section shall not apply to trust water rights acquired by the state through the funding of water conservation projects under chapter 90.38 RCW or RCW 90.42.010 through 90.42.070.

Sec. 12. RCW 90.44.100 and 1987 c 109 s 113 are each amended to read as follows:

After an application to, and upon the issuance by the department of an amendment to the appropriate permit or certificate of ground water right, the holder of a valid right to withdraw public ground waters may, without losing his priority of right, construct wells or other means of withdrawal at a new location in substitution for or in addition to those at the original location, or he may change the manner or the place of use of the water: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That such amendment shall be issued only after publication of notice of the application and findings as prescribed in the case of an original application. Such amendment shall be issued by the department only on the conditions that: (1) The additional or substitute well or wells shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original well or wells; (2) use of the original well or wells shall be discontinued upon construction of the substitute well or wells; (3) the construction of an additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right conveyed by the original permit or certificate; and (4) other existing rights shall not be impaired. The department may specify an approved manner of construction and shall require a showing of compliance with the terms of the amendment, as provided in RCW 90.44.080 in the case of an original permit. An amendment to a permit or certificate to change the place of use, point of withdrawal, and/or purpose of use of a ground water right to enable irrigation of additional acreage or the addition of new uses may be issued if such change results in no increase in the annual consumptive quantity of water used under a certificate or authorized for use under a permit. For purposes of this section, "annual consumptive quantity" means the estimated or actual annual amount of water withdrawn under a certificate or the amount authorized for use under a permit reduced by the estimated annual amount of return flows. For permits or certificates under which actual amounts of water have been withdrawn, withdrawals and return flows shall be averaged over the most recent five-year period of continuous beneficial use of the ground water right or, if the period of actual continuous beneficial use is less than five years, such lesser period.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. The department of ecology shall submit a report to the legislature by December 1, 2000, containing the results of activities authorized under this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. Sections 3 through 10 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 90 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. Sections 1 through 10 of this act expire June 30, 2001."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "changes;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.03.380 and 90.44.100; adding a new section to chapter 90.03 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
MOTION

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1113, and asked the Senate to recede thereon.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1303 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. As we face a more complex society and increasing demands are placed on schools and the educational services they provide for children, it is important that school districts are provided with flexibility to determine how best to work within their communities to ensure students are meeting high academic standards. It is the intent of the legislature to allow schools to approach their educational mission with both increased flexibility and accountability that will assist them in better meeting the needs of the students in their district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 RCW to read as follows:

(1) As provided in sections 3 through 20 of this act, the board of directors of each school district may grant waivers, or partial waivers, of state laws and rules to schools within the district. The school board shall grant waivers in accordance with this section.

(2) To apply for waivers, a school principal must prepare an application to the board of directors that identifies which laws and rules are being requested for waiver and the rationale for the request. The rationale must identify how granting the waivers will improve student learning or the delivery of education services in the school. The application must include evidence that the school’s teachers, classified employees, site council, parents, and students, as appropriate, are committed to working cooperatively in implementing the waiver.

(3) The school board shall provide for public review and comment regarding the waiver request.

(4) The duration, renewal, and rescission of the waivers shall be determined by the school district board of directors. The renewal of a waiver shall be subject to the review process by the superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education as provided in subsection (7) of this section.

(5) The following may not be waived:

(a) Laws and rules pertaining to health, safety, and civil rights;
(b) Provisions of the basic education act relating to certificated instructional staff ratios, RCW 28A.150.100, except for waivers provided in accordance with RCW 28A.630.945; goals, RCW 28A.150.210; funding allocations, formulas, and definitions, RCW 28A.150.250 and 28A.150.260, except for waivers provided in accordance with RCW 28A.150.250; and salary and compensation minimum amounts and limitations, RCW 28A.400.200;
(c) The essential academic learning requirements being developed by the commission on student learning in RCW 28A.630.885;
(d) The assessment, accountability, and reporting requirements in RCW 28A.230.190, the fourth grade standardized test; RCW 28A.230.230, the eighth grade standardized test; RCW 28A.230.240, the eleventh grade standardized test; RCW 28A.630.885, assessment requirements as developed by the commission on student learning; and RCW 28A.320.205, the annual performance report;
(e) Requirements in RCW 28A.150.220 pertaining to the total number of program hours that must be offered, except for waivers provided in accordance with RCW 28A.305.140;
(f) State and federal financial reporting and auditing requirements;
(g) State constitutional requirements; and
(h) Certification and other requirements in chapter 28A.410 RCW.

(6) A school district may not include provisions in a collective bargaining agreement that limit the district’s authority to grant waivers under this section.
(7) School district boards of directors granting waivers to state laws and rules shall certify to the superintendent of public instruction that they have a waiver review process in effect and shall transmit to the superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education a list of laws and rules that have been waived in accordance with this section and a description of the process used in considering the waivers. The superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education shall review the waivers of state laws and rules within their respective jurisdictions. The waivers shall be approved by the superintendent of public instruction or the state board of education, as appropriate, if the school district board of directors complied with the requirements of this section. The superintendent of public instruction or state board of education, as appropriate, shall approve or deny the waiver request, in whole or in part, within forty calendar days of receiving the list of waivers. If the district receives no response from either the superintendent of public instruction or the state board of education after forty days, the waiver shall be deemed uncontested. If a waiver is contested by the superintendent of public instruction or state board of education, either as appropriate, may make recommendations to the district that will assist the district in accomplishing the goal sought through the waiver. The state board of education may delegate the responsibility for reviewing and approving or denying the waivers to its staff if an appeal procedure to the board is provided.

(8) School district boards of directors granting waivers shall report annually to the superintendent of public instruction the impact on student learning or delivery of education services resulting from the waivers granted.

(9) The superintendent of public instruction and state board of education shall report to the legislature by November 1, 2000, the laws and rules that have been waived in accordance with this section.

(10) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 28A.150 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 28A.155 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools, except that the statutory requirements of RCW 28A.155.105 and RCW 28A.155.115 may not be waived. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements, except that any rules adopted to implement RCW 28A.155.105 and RCW 28A.155.115 may not be waived. School districts may not waive the district’s obligation to meet all federal statutes applicable to the education of individuals with disabilities.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 28A.165 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 28A.175 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.
(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 28A.180 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory
requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of
schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the
state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory
requirements.
(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 28A.185 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory
requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of
schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the
state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory
requirements.
(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 28A.220 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory
requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of
schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the
state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory
requirements.
(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 28A.225 RCW to read as
follows:
(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory
requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of
schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the
state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory
requirements.
(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 28A.230 RCW to read as
follows:
(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory
requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of
schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the
state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory
requirements.
(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 28A.235 RCW to read as
follows:
(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory
requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of
schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the
state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory
requirements.
(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300 RCW to read as
follows:
(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory
requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of
schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 14.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.305 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.320 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements. No waivers may be obtained from section 2 of this act.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.330 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 17.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.400 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.405 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 19.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.600 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 28A.640 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Schools may obtain, in accordance with section 2 of this act, waivers from the statutory requirements in this chapter that pertain to the instructional program, operation, and management of schools. Waivers also may be obtained, in accordance with section 2 of this act, from any rules of the state board of education and superintendent of public instruction adopted to implement the statutory requirements.

(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

Sec. 21. RCW 28A.405.100 and 1994 c 115 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall establish and may amend from time to time minimum criteria for the evaluation of the professional performance capabilities and development of certificated classroom teachers and certificated support personnel. For classroom teachers the criteria shall be developed in the following categories: Instructional skill; classroom management, professional preparation and scholarship; effort toward improvement when needed; the handling of student discipline and attendant problems; and interest in teaching pupils and knowledge of subject matter.

Every board of directors shall, in accordance with procedure provided in RCW 41.59.010 through 41.59.170, 41.59.910 and 41.59.920, establish evaluative criteria and procedures for all certificated classroom teachers and certificated support personnel. The evaluative criteria must contain as a minimum the criteria established by the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to this section and must be prepared within six months following adoption of the superintendent of public instruction’s minimum criteria. The district must certify to the superintendent of public instruction that evaluative criteria have been so prepared by the district.

Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, it shall be the responsibility of a principal or his or her designee to evaluate all certificated personnel in his or her school. During each school year all classroom teachers and certificated support personnel, hereinafter referred to as “employees” in this section, shall be observed for the purposes of evaluation at least twice in the performance of their assigned duties. Total observation time for each employee for each school year shall be not less than sixty minutes. Following each observation, or series of observations, the principal or other evaluator shall promptly document the results of the observation in writing, and shall provide the employee with a copy thereof within three days after such report is prepared. New employees shall be observed at least once for a total observation time of thirty minutes during the first ninety calendar days of their employment period.

((Every)) At any time after October 15th, an employee whose work is judged unsatisfactory based on district evaluation criteria shall be notified in writing of (((stated)) the specific areas of deficiencies along with a (((suggested specific and)) reasonable program for improvement (((on or before February 1st of each year)). During the period of probation, the employee may not be transferred from the supervision of the original evaluator. Improvement of performance or probable cause for nonrenewal must occur and be documented by the original evaluator before any consideration of a request for transfer or reassignment as contemplated by either the individual or the school district. A probationary period of sixty school days shall be established ((beginning on or before February 1st and ending no later than May 1st)). The establishment of a probationary period does not adversely affect the contract status of an employee within the meaning of RCW 28A.405.300. The purpose of the probationary period is to give the employee opportunity to demonstrate improvements in his or her areas of deficiency. The establishment of the probationary period and the giving of the notice to the employee of deficiency shall be by the school district superintendent and need not be submitted to the board of directors for approval. During the probationary period the evaluator shall meet with the employee at least twice monthly to supervise and make a written evaluation of the progress, if any, made by the employee. The evaluator may authorize one additional certificated employee to evaluate the probationer and to aid the employee in improving his or her areas of deficiency; such additional certificated employee shall be immune from any civil liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed with regard to the good faith performance of such evaluation. The probationer may be removed from probation if he or she has demonstrated improvement to the satisfaction of the principal in those areas specifically detailed in his or her initial notice of deficiency and subsequently detailed in his or her improvement program. Lack of necessary improvement ((((shall be)) during the established
probationary period, as specifically documented in writing with notification to the probationer and shall constitute grounds for a finding of probable cause under RCW 28A.405.300 or 28A.405.210.

Immediately following the completion of a probationary period that does not produce performance changes detailed in the initial notice of deficiencies and improvement program, the employee may be removed from his or her assignment and placed into an alternative assignment for the remainder of the school year. This reassignment may not displace another employee nor may it adversely affect the probationary employee’s compensation or benefits for the remainder of the employee’s contract year. If such reassignment is not possible, the district may, at its option, place the employee on paid leave for the balance of the contract term.

(2) Every board of directors shall establish evaluative criteria and procedures for all superintendents, principals, and other administrators. It shall be the responsibility of the district superintendent or his or her designee to evaluate all administrators. Such evaluation shall be based on the administrative position job description. Such criteria, when applicable, shall include at least the following categories: Knowledge of, experience in, and training in recognizing good professional performance, capabilities and development; school administration and management; school finance; professional preparation and scholarship; effort toward improvement when needed; interest in pupils, employees, patrons and subjects taught in school; leadership; and ability and performance of evaluation of school personnel.

(3) Each certificated employee shall have the opportunity for confidential conferences with his or her immediate supervisor on no less than two occasions in each school year. Such confidential conference shall have as its sole purpose the aiding of the administrator in his or her assessment of the employee’s professional performance.

(4) The failure of any evaluator to evaluate or supervise or cause the evaluation or supervision of certificated employees or administrators in accordance with this section, as now or hereafter amended, when it is his or her specific assigned or delegated responsibility to do so, shall be sufficient cause for the nonrenewal of any such evaluator’s contract under RCW 28A.405.210, or the discharge of such evaluator under RCW 28A.405.300.

(5) After an employee has four years of satisfactory evaluations under subsection (1) of this section, a school district may use a short form of evaluation, a locally bargained evaluation emphasizing professional growth, an evaluation under subsection (1) of this section, or any combination thereof. The short form of evaluation shall include either a thirty minute observation during the school year with a written summary or a final annual written evaluation based on the criteria in subsection (1) of this section and based on at least two observation periods during the school year totaling at least sixty minutes without a written summary of such observations being prepared. However, the evaluation process set forth in subsection (1) of this section shall be followed at least once every three years unless this time is extended by a local school district under the bargaining process set forth in chapter 41.59 RCW. The employee or evaluator may require that the evaluation process set forth in subsection (1) of this section be conducted in any given school year. No evaluation other than the evaluation authorized under subsection (1) of this section may be used as a basis for determining that an employee’s work is unsatisfactory under subsection (1) of this section or as probable cause for the nonrenewal of an employee’s contract under RCW 28A.405.210 unless an evaluation process developed under chapter 41.59 RCW determines otherwise.

(6) This section expires June 30, 1999.

Sec. 22. RCW 41.59.935 and 1990 c 33 s 571 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to grant employers or employees the right to reach agreements regarding:
(a) Salary or compensation increases in excess of those authorized in accordance with RCW 28A.150.410 and 28A.400.200; or
(b) Limiting the employer’s authority to grant waivers under section 2 of this act.
(2) This section expires June 30, 1999.

Sec. 23. RCW 28A.630.945 and 1995 c 208 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The state board of education, where appropriate, or the superintendent of public instruction, where appropriate, may grant waivers to districts from the provisions of statutes or rules relating to:
The length of the school year; student-to-teacher ratios; and other administrative rules that in the opinion of the state board of education or the opinion of the superintendent of public instruction may need to be waived in order for a district to implement a plan for restructuring its educational program or the educational program of individual schools within the district.

(2) School districts may use the application process in RCW 28A.305.140 or 28A.300.138 to apply for the waivers under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The joint select committee on education restructuring shall study which waivers of state laws or rules are necessary for school districts to implement education restructuring. The committee shall study whether the waivers are used to implement specific essential academic learning requirements and student learning goals. The committee shall study the availability of waivers under the schools for the twenty-first century program created by chapter 525, Laws of 1987, and the use of those waivers by schools participating in that program. The committee shall also study the use of waivers authorized under RCW 28A.305.140. The committee shall report its findings to the legislature by December 1, 1997.

This section expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. The superintendent of public instruction, in collaboration with school district personnel and the state board of education, shall conduct a study to identify additional actions that can be taken to increase flexibility for individual schools and school districts. The study shall review the superintendent of public instruction's rule-making process, the granting of waivers from provisions of collective bargaining agreements, and other policies and practices that reduce school and school district flexibility. The study shall be submitted to the education committees of the senate and house of representatives by December 1, 1997.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "education;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 28A.405.100, 41.59.935, and 28A.630.945; adding new sections to chapter 28A.320 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.150 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.155 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.165 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.175 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.180 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.185 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.220 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.225 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.230 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.235 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.305 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.330 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.400 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.405 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.600 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.640 RCW; creating new sections; and providing expiration dates."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1303, and asked the Senate to recede thereon.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

RECONSIDERATION

There being no objection, the rules be suspended, and that the House immediately reconsider the vote on Substitute House Bill No. 1086.

Representative Cole spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Mulliken spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1086, on reconsideration and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 68, Nays - 29, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1086, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6063 and passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5011,
SENATE BILL NO. 5018,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5103,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5110,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5144,
SENATE BILL NO. 5151,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5178,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5179,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5188,
SENATE BILL NO. 5193,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5230,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5295,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5318,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5334,
SENATE BILL NO. 5340,
SENATE BILL NO. 5361,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5668,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5763,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5838,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6046,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1850 with the following amendments:

On page 3, line 16, after "disease" insert "including chemical dependency"

On page 3, line 34, after "disease," insert "chemical dependency,"

On page 4, line 38, after "persons;" strike "and"

On page 5, line 3, after "system" insert ";

(h) Describe current facilities and services that provide long-term care to all types of chronically disabled individuals in the state including Revised Code of Washington requirements, Washington Administrative Code rules, allowable occupancy, typical clientele, discharge practices, agency oversight, rates, eligibility requirements, entry process, social and health services and other services provided, staffing standards, and physical plant standards;

(i) Determine the extent to which the current long-term care system meets the health and safety needs of the state's long-term care population and is appropriate for the specific and identified needs of the residents in all settings;

(j) Assess the adequacy of the discharge and referral process in protecting the health and safety of long-term care clients;

(k) Determine the extent to which training and supervision of direct care staff are adequate to ensure safety and appropriate care;

(l) Identify opportunities for consolidation between categories of care; and

(m) Determine if payment rates are adequate to cover the varying costs of clients with different levels of need"

On page 6, line 23, after "with" strike "fewer than six" and insert "six or fewer"

On page 20, line 37, after "violated," strike "are" and insert "shall be"

On page 24, line 4, after "RCW" strike "18.20.160" and insert "18.20.190"

On page 26, line 2, after "violated," strike "are" and insert "shall be"

On page 34, line 33, after "rules" insert ", including emergency rules," and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MOTION

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Dyer, Backlund and Cody as Conferees on Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850.

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2272 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.24 RCW to read as follows:

In transferring the enforcement of existing cigarette and tobacco taxes from the department of revenue to the liquor control board, it is the intent of the legislature that the cigarette and tobacco tax laws of the state of Washington be actively enforced. Enforcement officers of the liquor control board appointed under section 10 or 11 of this act shall pursue all necessary means within their statutory authority in order to ensure compliance with chapters 82.24 and 82.26 RCW.

Sec. 2. RCW 66.44.010 and 1987 c 202 s 224 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All county and municipal peace officers are hereby charged with the duty of investigating and prosecuting all violations of this title, and the penal laws of this state relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation, possession, distribution and sale of liquor, and all fines imposed for violations of this title and the penal laws of this state relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation, possession, distribution and sale of liquor shall belong to the county, city or town wherein the court imposing the fine is located, and shall be placed in the general fund for payment of the salaries of those engaged in the enforcement of the provisions of this title and the penal laws of this state relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation, possession, distribution and sale of liquor: PROVIDED, That all fees, fines, forfeitures and penalties collected or assessed by a district court because of the violation of a state law shall be remitted as provided in chapter 3.62 RCW as now exists or is later amended.

(2) In addition to any and all other powers granted, the board shall have the power to enforce the penal provisions of this title and the penal laws of this state relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation, possession, distribution and sale of liquor.

(3)(a) In addition to the other duties under this section, the board shall enforce chapters 82.24 and 82.26 RCW.

(b) Through active enforcement of chapters 82.24 and 82.26 RCW and negotiation of cooperative agreements as authorized under section 12 of this act, the board shall reduce the ninety million dollars in lost cigarette and tobacco tax revenue due to tax evasion. The board shall achieve a net decrease in lost cigarette and tobacco revenue according to the following schedules:

(i) By June 30, 1998, at least five percent;
(ii) By June 30, 1999, at least twelve and one-half percent;
(iii) By June 30, 2000, at least thirty percent;
(iv) By June 30, 2001, at least thirty-seven and one-half percent; and
(v) By June 30, 2002, at least fifty percent.

The board shall sustain the fifty percent net decrease in lost revenue due to cigarette and tobacco tax evasion after June 30, 2002.

(4) The board may appoint and employ, assign to duty and fix the compensation of, officers to be designated as liquor enforcement officers. Such liquor enforcement officers shall have the power, under the supervision of the board, to enforce the penal provisions of this title and the penal laws of this state relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation, possession, distribution and sale of liquor, and the provisions of chapters 82.24 and 82.26 RCW. They shall have the power and authority to serve and execute all warrants and process of law issued by the courts in enforcing the penal provisions of this title or of any penal law of this state relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation, possession, distribution and sale of liquor. They shall have the power to arrest without a warrant any person or persons found in the act of violating any of the penal provisions of this title or of any penal law of this state relating to the manufacture, importation, transportation, possession, distribution and sale of liquor, and the provisions of chapters 82.24 and 82.26 RCW.

Sec. 3. RCW 82.24.010 and 1995 c 278 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter:

(1) "Board" means the liquor control board.

(2) "Cigarette" means any roll for smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco, irrespective of size or shape and irrespective of the tobacco being flavored, adulterated, or mixed with any other
ingredient, where such roll has a wrapper or cover made of paper or any material, except where such wrapper is wholly or in the greater part made of natural leaf tobacco in its natural state.

(((2)) (3) "Indian tribal organization" means a federally recognized Indian tribe, or tribal entity, and includes an Indian wholesaler or retailer that is owned by an Indian who is an enrolled tribal member conducting business under tribal license or similar tribal approval within Indian country. For purposes of this chapter "Indian country" is defined in the manner set forth in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151.

(((4)) (4) "Precollection obligation" means the obligation of a seller otherwise exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter to collect the tax from that seller’s buyer.

(((5)) (5) "Retailer" means every person, other than a wholesaler, who purchases, sells, offers for sale or distributes any one or more of the articles taxed herein, irrespective of quantity or amount, or the number of sales, and all persons operating under a retailer's registration certificate.

(((6)) (6) "Retail selling price" means the ordinary, customary or usual price paid by the consumer for each package of cigarettes, less the tax levied by this chapter and less any similar tax levied by this state.

(((7)) (7) "Stamp" means the stamp or stamps by use of which the tax levy under this chapter is paid or identification is made of those cigarettes with respect to which no tax is imposed.

(((8)) (8) "Wholesaler" means every person who purchases, sells, or distributes any one or more of the articles taxed herein to retailers for the purpose of resale only.

(((9)) (9) The meaning attributed, in chapter 82.04 RCW, to the words "person," "sale," "business" and "successor" applies equally in this chapter.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 82.24.110 and 1995 c 278 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each of the following acts is a gross misdemeanor and punishable as such:

(a) To sell, except as a licensed wholesaler engaged in interstate commerce as to the article being taxed herein, without the stamp first being affixed;
(b) To sell in Washington as a wholesaler to a retailer who does not possess and is required to possess a current cigarette retailer's license;
(c) To use or have in possession knowingly or intentionally any forged or counterfeit stamps;
(d) For any person other than the department of revenue or its duly authorized agent to sell any stamps not affixed to any of the articles taxed herein whether such stamps are genuine or counterfeit;
(e) To violate any of the provisions of this chapter;
(f) To violate any lawful rule made and published by the department of revenue or the board;
(g) To use any stamps more than once;
(h) To refuse to allow the department of revenue or its duly authorized agent, on demand, to make full inspection of any place of business where any of the articles herein taxed are sold or otherwise hinder or prevent such inspection;

(i) Except as provided in this chapter, for any retailer to have in possession in any place of business any of the articles herein taxed, unless the same have the proper stamps attached;
(j) For any person to make, use, or present or exhibit to the department of revenue or its duly authorized agent, any invoice for any of the articles herein taxed which bears an untrue date or falsely states the nature or quantity of the goods therein invoiced;
(k) For any wholesaler or retailer or his or her agents or employees to fail to produce on demand of the department of revenue all invoices of all the articles herein taxed or stamps bought by him or her or received in his or her place of business within five years prior to such demand unless he or she can show by satisfactory proof that the nonproduction of the invoices was due to causes beyond his or her control;
(l) For any person to receive in this state any shipment of any of the articles taxed herein, when the same are not stamped, for the purpose of avoiding payment of tax. It is presumed that persons other than dealers who purchase or receive shipments of unstamped cigarettes do so to avoid payment of the tax imposed herein;

(m) For any person to possess or transport in this state a quantity of sixty thousand cigarettes or less unless the proper stamps required by this chapter have been affixed or unless:

(i) Notice of the possession or transportation has been given as required by RCW 82.24.250; (ii) the person transporting the cigarettes has in actual possession invoices or delivery tickets which show the true name and address of the consignor or seller, the true name and address of the consignee or purchaser, and the quantity and brands of the cigarettes so transported; and (iii) the cigarettes are consigned to or
purchased by any person in this state who is authorized by this chapter to possess unstamped cigarettes in this state.

(2) It is unlawful for any person knowingly or intentionally to possess or to transport in this state a quantity in excess of sixty thousand cigarettes unless the proper stamps required by this chapter are affixed thereto or unless: (a) Proper notice as required by RCW 82.24.250 has been given; (b) the person transporting the cigarettes actually possesses invoices or delivery tickets showing the true name and address of the consignor or seller, the true name and address of the consignee or purchaser, and the quantity and brands of the cigarettes so transported; and (c) the cigarettes are consigned to or purchased by a person in this state who is authorized by this chapter to possess unstamped cigarettes in this state. Violation of this section shall be punished as a class C felony under Title 9A RCW.

(3) All agents, employees, and others who aid, abet, or otherwise participate in any way in the violation of the provisions of this chapter or in any of the offenses described in this chapter shall be guilty and punishable as principals, to the same extent as any wholesaler or retailer or any other person violating this chapter.

Sec. 5. RCW 82.24.130 and 1990 c 216 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are subject to seizure and forfeiture:

(a) Subject to RCW 82.24.250, any articles taxed in this chapter that are found at any point within this state, which articles are held, owned, or possessed by any person, and that do not have the stamps affixed to the packages or containers.

(b) All conveyances, including aircraft, vehicles, or vessels, which are used, or intended for use, to transport, or in any manner to facilitate the transportation, for the purpose of sale or receipt of property described in (a) of this subsection, except:

(i) A conveyance used by any person as a common or contract carrier having in actual possession invoices or delivery tickets showing the true name and address of the consignor or seller, the true name of the consignee or purchaser, and the quantity and brands of the cigarettes transported, unless it appears that the owner or other person in charge of the conveyance is a consenting party or privy to a violation of this chapter;

(ii) A conveyance subject to forfeiture under this section by reason of any act or omission of which the owner thereof establishes to have been committed or omitted without his or her knowledge or consent;

(iii) A conveyance encumbered by a bona fide security interest if the secured party neither had knowledge of nor consented to the act or omission.

(c) Any vending machine used for the purpose of violating the provisions of this chapter.

(2) Property subject to forfeiture under this chapter may be seized by any agent of the department authorized to collect taxes, any enforcement officer of the board, or law enforcement officer of this state upon process issued by any superior court or district court having jurisdiction over the property. Seizure without process may be made if:

(a) The seizure is incident to an arrest or a search under a search warrant or an inspection under an administrative inspection warrant; or

(b) The department, the board, or the law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the property was used or is intended to be used in violation of this chapter and exigent circumstances exist making procurement of a search warrant impracticable.

(3) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this section, articles taxed in this chapter which are in the possession of a wholesaler or retailer, licensed under Washington state law, for a period of time necessary to affix the stamps after receipt of the articles, shall not be considered contraband.

Sec. 6. RCW 82.24.190 and 1987 c 202 s 244 are each amended to read as follows:

When the department of revenue or the board has good reason to believe that any of the articles taxed herein are being kept, sold, offered for sale, or given away in violation of the provisions of this chapter or regulations issued under authority hereof, it may make affidavit of such fact, describing the place or thing to be searched, before any judge of any court in this state, and such judge shall issue a search warrant directed to the sheriff, any deputy, police officer, or duly authorized agent of the department of revenue commanding him or her diligently to search any building, room in a building, place or vehicle as may be designated in the affidavit and search warrant, and to seize such tobacco so possessed and to hold the same until disposed of by law, and to arrest the person in possession or
control thereof. If upon the return of such warrant, it shall appear that any of the articles taxed herein, unlawfully possessed, were seized, the same shall be sold as provided in this chapter.

Sec. 7. RCW 82.24.250 and 1995 c 278 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) No person other than: (a) A licensed wholesaler in the wholesaler’s own vehicle; or (b) a person who has given notice to the ((department)) the board in advance of the commencement of transportation shall transport or cause to be transported in this state cigarettes not having the stamps affixed to the packages or containers.

(2) When transporting unstamped cigarettes, such persons shall have in their actual possession or cause to have in the actual possession of those persons transporting such cigarettes on their behalf invoices or delivery tickets for such cigarettes, which shall show the true name and address of the consignor or seller, the true name and address of the consignee or purchaser, and the quantity and brands of the cigarettes so transported.

(3) If the cigarettes are consigned to or purchased by any person in this state such purchaser or consignee must be a person who is authorized by chapter 82.24 RCW to possess unstamped cigarettes in this state.

(4) In the absence of the notice of transportation required by this section or in the absence of such invoices or delivery tickets, or, if the name or address of the consignee or purchaser is falsified or if the purchaser or consignee is not a person authorized by chapter 82.24 RCW to possess unstamped cigarettes, the cigarettes so transported shall be deemed contraband subject to seizure and sale under the provisions of RCW 82.24.130.

(5) Transportation of cigarettes from a point outside this state to a point in some other state will not be considered a violation of this section provided that the person so transporting such cigarettes has in his possession adequate invoices or delivery tickets which give the true name and address of such out-of-state seller or consignor and such out-of-state purchaser or consignee.

(6) In any case where the department or its duly authorized agent, or any peace officer of the state, has knowledge or reasonable grounds to believe that any vehicle is transporting cigarettes in violation of this section, the department, such agent, or such police officer, is authorized to stop such vehicle and to inspect the same for contraband cigarettes.

(7) For purposes of this section, the term "person authorized by chapter 82.24 RCW to possess unstamped cigarettes" means:

(a) A wholesaler or retailer, licensed under Washington state law;
(b) The United States or an agency thereof; and
(c) Any person, including an Indian tribal organization, who, after notice has been given to the ((department)) board as provided in this section, brings or causes to be brought into the state unstamped cigarettes, if within a period of time after receipt of the cigarettes as the department determines by rule to be reasonably necessary for the purpose the person has caused stamps to be affixed in accordance with RCW 82.24.030 or otherwise made payment of the tax required by this chapter in the manner set forth in rules adopted by the department.

Sec. 8. RCW 82.24.550 and 1993 c 507 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The ((department of revenue)) board shall enforce the provisions of this chapter ((except RCW 82.24.500, which will be enforced by the liquor control board)). The board may adopt, amend, and repeal rules necessary to enforce the provisions of this chapter.

(2) The department of revenue may adopt, amend, and repeal rules necessary to ((enforce and administer the provisions of this chapter. The department of revenue has full power and authority to revoke or suspend the license or permit of any wholesale or retail cigarette dealer in the state upon sufficient cause appearing of the violation of this chapter or upon the failure of such licensee to comply with any of the provisions of this chapter.

(((2))) (3) A license shall not be suspended or revoked except upon notice to the licensee and after a hearing as prescribed by the department of revenue. The department of revenue, upon a finding by same, that the licensee has failed to comply with any provision of this chapter or any rule promulgated thereunder, shall, in the case of the first offender, suspend the license or licenses of the licensee for a period of not less than thirty consecutive business days, and, in the case of a second or plural offender, shall suspend the license or licenses for a period of not less than ninety consecutive business days nor more than twelve months, and, in the event the department of revenue finds the offender has been guilty of willful and persistent violations, it may revoke the license or licenses.
Any person whose license or licenses have been so revoked may apply to the department of revenue at the expiration of one year for a reinstatement of the license or licenses. The license or licenses may be reinstated by the department of revenue if it appears to the satisfaction of the department of revenue that the licensee will comply with the provisions of this chapter and the rules promulgated thereunder.

A person whose license has been suspended or revoked shall not sell cigarettes or permit cigarettes to be sold during the period of such suspension or revocation on the premises occupied by the person or upon other premises controlled by the person or others or in any other manner or form whatever.

Any determination and order by the department of revenue, and any order of suspension or revocation by the department of revenue of the license or licenses, or refusal to reinstate a license or licenses after revocation shall be reviewable by an appeal to the superior court of Thurston county. The superior court shall review the order or ruling of the department of revenue and may hear the matter de novo, having due regard to the provisions of this chapter and the duties imposed upon the department of revenue and the board.

Sec. 9. RCW 82.32.300 and 1983 c 3 s 222 are each amended to read as follows:
The administration of this and chapters 82.04 through 82.27 RCW of this title is vested in the department of revenue which shall prescribe forms and rules of procedure for the determination of the taxable status of any person, for the making of returns and for the ascertainment, assessment and collection of taxes and penalties imposed thereunder.
The department of revenue shall make and publish rules and regulations, not inconsistent therewith, necessary to enforce provisions of this chapter and chapters 82.02 through 82.23B and 82.27 RCW, and the liquor control board shall make and publish rules necessary to enforce chapters 82.24 and 82.26 RCW, which shall have the same force and effect as if specifically included therein, unless declared invalid by the judgment of a court of record not appealed from.
The department may employ such clerks, specialists, and other assistants as are necessary. Salaries and compensation of such employees shall be fixed by the department and shall be charged to the proper appropriation for the department.
The department shall exercise general supervision of the collection of taxes and, in the discharge of such duty, may institute and prosecute such suits or proceedings in the courts as may be necessary and proper.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 82.24 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall appoint, as duly authorized agents, enforcement officers of the liquor control board to enforce provisions of this chapter. These officers shall not be considered employees of the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 82.26 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall appoint, as duly authorized agents, enforcement officers of the liquor control board to enforce provisions of this chapter. These officers shall not be considered employees of the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 43.06 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The governor is authorized and empowered to execute cooperative agreements with federally recognized Indian tribes or nations in the state of Washington concerning the sales of cigarettes and tobacco. The liquor control board shall negotiate the cooperative agreements with the federally recognized Indian tribes or nations. The rate of tax imposed and collected on cigarettes and tobacco products under cooperative agreements shall be at the same rate as the taxes imposed on cigarettes and tobacco products under chapters 82.24 and 82.26 RCW, but the amount of taxes collected that may be retained by the Indian tribes or nations shall be as provided in the cooperative agreements.
(2) A cooperative agreement under this section shall be designed to contribute to the achievement of a net decrease in the ninety million dollars in cigarette and tobacco tax revenues that are lost annually, balancing the contribution of voluntary compliance, enforcement, and the cooperative agreement. In conjunction with active enforcement of chapters 82.24 and 82.26 RCW under RCW
cooperative agreements shall be designed to achieve a net decrease in lost cigarette and tobacco revenue according to the following schedules:

(a) By June 30, 1998, at least five percent;
(b) By June 30, 1999, at least twelve and one-half percent;
(c) By June 30, 2000, at least thirty percent;
(d) By June 30, 2001, at least thirty-seven and one-half percent; and
(e) By June 30, 2002, at least fifty percent.

The board shall sustain the fifty percent net decrease in lost revenue due to cigarette and tobacco tax evasion after June 30, 2002.

(3) Of the revenues received by the state under cooperative agreements negotiated under this section, fifty percent shall be deposited in the violence reduction and drug enforcement account and fifty percent shall be deposited in the health services account.

(4) For the purposes of this section, "federally recognized Indian tribes or nations" means an Indian entity that is recognized as an Indian tribe or a self-governing dependent Indian community by the United States secretary of the interior.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:
The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of cigarettes or tobacco made by a federally recognized Indian tribe or nation or its licensees during the effective period of a cooperative agreement entered into between the state and the federally recognized Indian tribe or nation under section 12 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:
The provisions of this chapter do not apply to the use of cigarettes or tobacco sold by a federally recognized Indian tribe or nation or its licensees during the effective period of a cooperative agreement entered into between the state and the federally recognized Indian tribe or nation under section 12 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 82.24 RCW to read as follows:
This chapter does not apply to the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of cigarettes by a federally recognized Indian tribe or nation or its licensees during the effective period of a cooperative agreement entered into between the state and the federally recognized Indian tribe or nation under section 12 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 82.26 RCW to read as follows:
This chapter does not apply to the sale, use, consumption, handling, possession, or distribution of tobacco by a federally recognized Indian tribe or nation or its licensees during the effective period of a cooperative agreement entered into between the state and the federally recognized Indian tribe or nation under section 12 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "board:" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 66.44.010, 82.24.010, 82.24.110, 82.24.130, 82.24.190, 82.24.250, 82.24.550, and 82.32.300; adding new sections to chapter 82.24 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 82.26 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.06 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; prescribing penalties; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MOTION

Representative Huff moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272, and advance the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.
Representative Huff spoke in favor of the motion.

Representative Kastama spoke against the motion.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 51-YEAS; 44-NAYS.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Huff, H. Sommers, Clements and Schoesler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives B. Thomas, Anderson, Doumit, Sheldon, Kastama, Dickerson and Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 43, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Ogden - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2272, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6063,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing: SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6063,

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

April 22, 1997

April 19, 1997
The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5002 and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.                                          Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5002, and asked the Senate for a conference thereon,

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Huff, Carlson, and H. Sommers as conferees on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5002.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336 and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.                                          Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336, and asked the Senate for a conference thereon,

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives D. Schmidt, L. Thomas and Scott as conferees on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5484 and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.                                          Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5484, and asked the Senate for a conference thereon,

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Dyer, Skinner and Wood as conferees on Senate Bill No. 5484.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5508 and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as conferees:

Senators Hochstatter, McAuliffe and Zarelli

and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendment(s) to SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5508, and asked the Senate for a conference thereon,

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Johnson, Talcott and Cole as conferees on Senate Bill No. 5508.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5650 and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5650, and asked the Senate for a conference thereon,

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers and Scott as conferees on Senate Bill No. 5650.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5867 and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5867, and asked the Senate for a conference thereon,

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Dyer, Skinner and Wood as conferees on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5927 and asks the House to recede therefrom, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendment(s) to Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927, and asked the Senate for a conference thereon,

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Dyer, Skinner and Wood as conferees on Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1033,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1085,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1110,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1292,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1360,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1392,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1367,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1420,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1457,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1458,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1468,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1474,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1491,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1499,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1513,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1589,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1632,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1791,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2117,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2276,

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Tuesday, April 22, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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Other Action 75
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(Sub)
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Other Action 261
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Other Action 261
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Other Action 261
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Other Action 261
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Other Action 261
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1491
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(Sub)
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1632
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1770
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(Sub)
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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
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Statement for the Journal; Representative Hickel 36

NINETY-NINTH DAY, APRIL 21, 1997
ONE HUNDREDTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Tuesday, April 22, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Crystal Carnell and Lindsay Gates. Prayer was offered by Pastor Wayne Lobaugh.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

Paul Hemel, a second grade student at Cascade Christian School (Spanaway branch) recited the Declaration of Independence. Paul was joined at the rostrum by his parents, Joe and Carol Hemel of Eatonville.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4645, by Representatives Romero, Wolfe, Alexander and DeBolt

WHEREAS, KGY Radio is one of the Northwest’s oldest radio stations and is celebrating its seventy-fifth anniversary this year; and
WHEREAS, On April 4, 1922, the KGY call letters were issued to Father Sebastian Ruth, OSB, a Benedictine monk who taught at Saint Martin’s College early in this century; and
WHEREAS, Father Sebastian thus received only the one hundred tenth set of call letters issued in the United States; and
WHEREAS, The first three years of KGY programming were aired from a shack on Saint Martin’s campus; and
WHEREAS, After moving several times over the years, KGY settled into its current state-of-the-art facilities on the Olympia waterfront in 1960; and
WHEREAS, Newspaper person Sam Crawford began his sixteen-year tenure with the radio station in 1932 and pioneered radio news casting in the region; and
WHEREAS, KGY’s Archie Taft owned the station for a time in its early years and pioneered election coverage in the south Puget Sound region; and
WHEREAS, Olympia native Tom Olsen, who purchased the radio station in 1939, was a charter member of the Washington State Association of Broadcasters and helped organize the state’s first wire service; and
WHEREAS, The late Mr. Olsen’s daughter, Barbara Kerry, owns KGY AM/FM today; and
WHEREAS, KGY Radio is known for its thorough regional news coverage, as well as for its attention to local and professional sports; and
WHEREAS, KGY has provided wonderful local programming, live music, including a drive-in broadcasting studio, and a recording venue for the Fleetwoods, Olympia’s own rock-n-roll legends; and
WHEREAS, Dick Pust, who started his storied KGY career in 1959, is a legend in broadcasting the likes of which are seldom seen; and
WHEREAS, This pioneer radio station is a tremendous asset to the region and a wonderful example for other media outlets to follow;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives salutes KGY Radio and the continuing radio excellence of its staff and management today, as well as the radio excellence of the many men and women who have called KGY Radio home in years past; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to KGY President Barbara Kerry and to her team of radio professionals at KGY Radio.

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the resolution

Representatives Romero, Alexander and Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4645 was adopted.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) introduced Barbara Kerry and staff of the KGY Radio station.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) and has passed the following bills as amended by the House:

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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 21, 1997
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) and has passed the following bills as amended by the House:

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5514,
SENATE BILL NO. 5530,
SENATE BILL NO. 5554,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1008,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1019,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1166,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1190,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1235,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1325,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1353,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1609,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1945,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2011,
HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 4208,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House to the seventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representatives Wensman and Wood, Representatives Dyer and Murray were excused.

THIRD READING

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1330 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 51.14.020 and 1995 c 31 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) An employer may qualify as a self-insurer by establishing to the director's satisfaction that he or she has sufficient financial ability to make certain the prompt payment of all compensation under this title and all assessments which may become due from such employer. Each application for certification as a self-insurer submitted by an employer shall be accompanied by payment of a fee of one hundred fifty dollars or such larger sum as the director shall find necessary for the administrative costs of evaluation of the applicant's qualifications. Any employer who has formerly been certified as a self-insurer and thereafter ceases to be so certified may not apply for certification within three years of ceasing to have been so certified.

(2)(a) A self-insurer may be required by the director to supplement existing financial ability by depositing in an escrow account in a depository designated by the director, money and/or corporate or governmental securities approved by the director, or a surety bond written by any company admitted to transact surety business in this state, or provide an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a federally or
state chartered commercial banking institution authorized to conduct business in the state of Washington filed with the department. The money, securities, bond, or letter of credit shall be in an amount reasonably sufficient in the director's discretion to insure payment of reasonably foreseeable compensation and assessments but not less than the employer's normal expected annual claim liabilities and in no event less than one hundred thousand dollars. In arriving at the amount of money, securities, bond, or letter of credit required under this subsection, the director shall take into consideration the financial ability of the employer to pay compensation and assessments and his or her probable continuity of operation. However, a letter of credit shall be acceptable only if the self-insurer has a net worth of not less than five hundred million dollars as evidenced in an annual financial statement prepared by a qualified, independent auditor using generally accepted accounting principles. The money, securities, bond, or letter of credit so deposited shall be held by the director solely for the payment of compensation by the self-insurer and his or her assessments. In the event of default the self-insurer loses all right and title to, any interest in, and any right to control the surety. The amount of surety may be increased or decreased from time to time by the director. The income from any securities deposited may be distributed currently to the self-insurer.

(b) The letter of credit option authorized in (a) of this subsection shall not apply to self-insurers authorized under RCW 51.14.150 or to self-insurers who are counties, cities, or municipal corporations.

(3) Securities or money deposited by an employer pursuant to subsection (2) of this section shall be returned to him or her upon his or her written request provided the employer files the bond required by such subsection.

(4) If the employer seeking to qualify as a self-insurer has previously insured with the state fund, the director shall require the employer to make up his or her proper share of any deficit or insufficiency in the state fund as a condition to certification as a self-insurer.

(5) A self-insurer may reinsure a portion of his or her liability under this title with any reinsurer authorized to transact such reinsurance in this state: PROVIDED, That the reinsurer may not participate in the administration of the responsibilities of the self-insurer under this title. Until July 1, 2001, subsidiary companies, holding companies, or affiliated legal entities of the reinsurer not involved in providing reinsurance shall be allowed to participate in the administration of the responsibilities of the self-insurer under this title. Such reinsurance may not exceed eighty percent of the liabilities under this title.

(6) For purposes of the application of this section, the department may adopt separate rules establishing the security requirements applicable to units of local government. In setting such requirements, the department shall take into consideration the ability of the governmental unit to meet its self-insured obligations, such as but not limited to source of funds, permanency, and right of default.

(7) The director shall adopt rules to carry out the purposes of this section including, but not limited to, rules respecting the terms and conditions of letters of credit and the establishment of the appropriate level of net worth of the self-insurer to qualify for use of the letter of credit. Only letters of credit issued in strict compliance with the rules shall be deemed acceptable.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 51.14 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Self-insurers shall report to the department any attempt by a reinsurer to participate in the administration of the responsibilities of the self-insurer under this title.

(2) The department shall conduct a study of self-insurers' adjudication outcomes, claims management practices, and other appropriate outcomes and practices. The study shall compare outcomes and practices of self-insurers who use the services of reinsurers and administrators that are affiliated to those of self-insurers who use the services of unaffiliated reinsurers and administrators, as well as to the outcomes and practices of the department. The department shall report the results of the study to the legislature by January 1, 2000.

(3) The department shall adopt rules to implement this act.

(4) This section expires July 1, 2001."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "insurers;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 51.14.020; adding a new section to chapter 51.14 RCW; and providing an expiration date."
and the same are herewith transmitted.  

SUSAN CARLSON, DEPUTY Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1330, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1330 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives L. Thomas and Smith spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Keiser and Conway spoke against passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1330 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 54, Nays - 42, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.


Excused: Representatives Dyer and Murray - 2.

House Bill No. 1330, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1592 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that encouraging water districts to better manage state water resources and encouraging satellite management of failing water systems is in the best interests of the people of Washington state. Continual updates of water quantity and quality, as mandated by federal and state agencies, have revealed that degradation of water quality exists in small water systems throughout the state and that satellite management and consolidation of small systems under a centralized management structure can best utilize existing resources available to assure safe, clean drinking water. The legislature further finds that costs involved in upgrading these small systems can be extremely burdensome to water customers and public water purveyors. With diminishing resources available to these small systems, the legislature finds that granting business and occupation and excise tax relief, under certain conditions, will assist smaller water districts to meet state and federal standards.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 RCW to read as follows:
This chapter does not apply to amounts received for water services supplied by a water-sewer district established under Title 57 RCW that has been certified by the department of health as:
(a) Having less than one thousand five hundred connections; and
(b) Charging residential water rates that exceed one hundred twenty-five percent of the state-wide average water rate.

(2) This chapter does not apply to amounts received for water services supplied by a water system that has been certified by the department of health as:
(a) Being operated or owned by a qualified satellite management agency under RCW 70.116.134;
(b) Having less than two hundred connections; and
(c) Charging residential water rates that exceed one hundred twenty-five percent of the state-wide average water rate.

(3) To receive an exemption under this section, the water system shall supply to the department of health proof that an amount equal to at least 90 percent of the value of the exemption shall be expended to repair, equip, maintain, and upgrade the water system.

(4) The department of health shall certify to the department of revenue the eligibility of water districts and water systems under this section. In order to determine eligibility, the department of health may use rate information provided in surveys and reports produced by the association of Washington cities, an association of elected officials, or other municipal association to estimate a state-wide average residential water rate. The department of health shall update the estimated state-wide average residential water rate by July 1 of each year that this section remains in effect.

(5) This section expires July 1, 2003.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 82.16 RCW to read as follows:
(1) This chapter does not apply to amounts received for water services supplied by a water-sewer district established under Title 57 RCW that has been certified by the department of health as:
(a) Having less than one thousand five hundred connections; and
(b) Charging residential water rates that exceed one hundred twenty-five percent of the state-wide average water rate.

(2) This chapter does not apply to amounts received for water services supplied by a water system that has been certified by the department of health as:
(a) Being operated or owned by a qualified satellite management agency under RCW 70.116.134;
(b) Having less than two hundred connections; and
(c) Charging residential water rates that exceed one hundred twenty-five percent of the state-wide average water rate.

(3) To receive an exemption under this section, the water system shall supply to the department of health proof that an amount equal to at least 90 percent of the value of the exemption shall be expended to repair, equip, maintain, and upgrade the water system.

(4) The department of health shall certify to the department of revenue the eligibility of water districts and water systems under this section. In order to determine eligibility, the department of health may use rate information provided in surveys and reports produced by the association of Washington cities, an association of elected officials, or other municipal association to estimate a state-wide average residential water rate. The department of health shall update the estimated state-wide average residential water rate by July 1 of each year that this section remains in effect.

(5) This section expires July 1, 2003.

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "systems;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 82.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.16 RCW; creating a new section; and providing expiration dates."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1592, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1592 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Bush and Kastama spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1592 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1592, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1425 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 39.10.020 and 1994 c 132 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
(1) "Alternative public works contracting procedure" means the design-build and the general contractor/construction manager contracting procedures authorized in RCW 39.10.050 and 39.10.060, respectively.
(2) "Public body" means the state department of general administration; the University of Washington; Washington State University; every city with a population greater than one hundred fifty thousand; every city authorized to use the design-build procedure for a water system demonstration project under section 5(3) of this act; every county with a population greater than four hundred fifty thousand; and every port district with a population greater than five hundred thousand.
(3) "Public works project" means any work for a public body within the definition of the term public work in RCW 39.04.010.

Sec. 2. RCW 39.10.030 and 1994 c 132 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) An alternative public works contracting procedure authorized under this chapter may be used for a specific public works project only after a public body determines that use of the alternative procedure will serve the public interest by providing a substantial fiscal benefit, or that use of the traditional method of awarding contracts in lump sum to the low responsive bidder is not practical for meeting desired quality standards or delivery schedules.
(2) Whenever a public body determines to use one of the alternative public works contracting procedures authorized under this chapter for a public works project, it shall first ensure adequate public
notification and opportunity for public review and comment ((as follows:)) by implementing the public hearing procedure under (a) of this subsection or the written public comment procedure under (b) of this subsection.

(a) Public hearing procedure:

(i) The public body shall conduct a public hearing to receive public comment on its preliminary determination to use the alternative public works contracting procedure. At least twenty days before the public hearing, the public body shall cause notice of such hearing to be published at least once in a legal newspaper of general circulation published in or as near as possible to that part of the county in which the public work will be done. The notice shall clearly describe the proposed project and the preliminary determination to use the alternative public works contracting procedure. The notice shall also indicate when, where, and how persons may present their comments on the preliminary determination, and where persons may obtain additional written information describing the project.

((b)) (ii) The public body shall summarize in a written statement its reasons for using the alternative public works contracting procedure. This statement, along with other relevant information describing the project, shall be made available upon request to interested parties at least twenty days before the public hearing.

((c)) (iii) The public body shall receive and record both written and oral comments concerning the preliminary determination at the public hearing.

(b) Written public comment procedure:

(i) The public body shall establish a thirty-day public comment period to receive public comment on its preliminary determination to use the alternative public works contracting procedure. At least seven days before the beginning of the public comment period, the public body shall cause notice of the public comment period to be published at least once in a legal newspaper of general circulation published in or as near as possible to that part of the county in which the public work will be done. The notice shall clearly describe the proposed project and the preliminary determination to use the alternative public works contracting procedure. The notice shall also indicate when, where, and how persons may submit their written comments on the preliminary determination, where persons may obtain additional written information describing the project, and the date, time, and location of the public hearing that shall be conducted under (b)(iv) of this subsection if significant adverse written comments are received by the public body.

(ii) The public body shall summarize in a written statement its reasons for using the alternative public works contracting procedure. This statement, along with other relevant information describing the project, shall be made available upon request to interested parties at least seven days before the beginning of the public comment period.

(iii) The public body shall receive written comments concerning the preliminary determination during the public comment period.

(iv) If the public body finds that it has received significant adverse comments relating to the use of the alternative public works contracting procedure, the public body shall conduct a public hearing to receive additional oral and written public comments on its preliminary determination to use the alternative public works contracting procedure. The public hearing shall be held on the date and at the time and location specified in the public notice published under (b)(i) of this subsection. At least seven days before the public hearing, the public body shall provide notice of the hearing to each person who has submitted written comments, and cause a notice of the hearing to be published at least once in a legal newspaper of general circulation published in or as near as possible to that part of the county in which the public work will be done.

(v) The public body shall receive and record written and oral comments concerning the preliminary determination at the public hearing.

(3) Final determinations to use an alternative public works contracting procedure may be made only by the legislative or governing authority of the public body, or, in the case of state agencies, by the agency director or chief administrative officer. Final determinations shall be accompanied by a concise statement of the principal reasons for overruling any considerations urged against the determination. Final determinations are subject to appeal to superior court within thirty days of the determination, provided that notice of such appeal shall be provided to the public body within seven days of the determination. The court may award reasonable attorneys’ fees to the prevailing party.

(4) Following completion of a public works project using one of the alternative public works contracting procedures under this chapter, a report shall be submitted to the legislative or governing
authority of the public body reviewing the utilization and performance of the alternative public works contracting procedure. Such report shall be made available to the public.

Sec. 3. RCW 39.10.050 and 1994 c 132 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and after complying with RCW 39.10.030, the following public bodies may utilize the design-build procedure of public works contracting for public works projects authorized under this section: The state department of general administration; the University of Washington; Washington State University; every city with a population greater than one hundred fifty thousand; (and) every county with a population greater than four hundred fifty thousand; and every port district with a population greater than five hundred thousand. The authority granted to port districts in this section is in addition to and does not affect existing contracting authority under RCW 53.08.120 and 53.08.130. For the purposes of this section, "design-build procedure" means a contract between a public body and another party in which the party agrees to both design and build the ([structure,]) facility, portion of the facility, or other item specified in the contract.

(2) Public bodies authorized under this section may utilize the design-build procedure for public works projects valued over ten million dollars where:

(a) The construction activities or technologies to be used are highly specialized and a design-build approach is critical in developing the construction methodology or implementing the proposed technology;

(b) The project design is repetitive in nature and is an incidental part of the installation or construction; or

(c) The program elements of the project design are simple and do not involve complex functional interrelationships) Regular interaction with and feedback from facilities users and operators during design is not critical to an effective facility design.

(3) Public bodies authorized under this section may also use the design-build procedure for the following projects that meet the criteria in subsection (2)(b) and (c) of this section:

(a) The construction or erection of preengineered metal buildings or prefabricated modular buildings, regardless of cost; or

(b) The construction of new student housing projects valued over five million dollars.

(4) Contracts for design-build services shall be awarded through a competitive process utilizing public solicitation of proposals for design-build services. The public body shall publish at least once in a legal newspaper of general circulation published in or as near as possible to that part of the county in which the public work will be done, a notice of its request for proposals for design-build services and the availability and location of the request for proposal documents. The request for proposal documents shall include:

(a) A detailed description of the project including programmatic, performance, and technical requirements and specifications, functional and operational elements, ((and)) minimum and maximum net and gross areas of any building, and, at the discretion of the public body, preliminary engineering and architectural drawings;

(b) The reasons for using the design-build procedure;

(c) A description of the qualifications((, if any,)) to be required of the proposer including, but not limited to, submission of the proposer's accident prevention program;

(d) A description of the process the public body will use to evaluate qualifications and proposals, including evaluation factors and the relative weight of factors. Evaluation factors shall include, but not be limited to: Proposal price; ability of professional personnel; past performance on similar projects; ability to meet time and budget requirements; ability to provide a performance and payment bond for the project; recent, current, and projected work loads of the firm; location; and the concept of the proposal;

(e) The form of the contract to be awarded;

(f) The maximum allowable construction cost and minority and women enterprise total project goals;

(g) The amount to be paid to finalists submitting best and final proposals who are not awarded a design-build contract; and

(h) Other information relevant to the project.
(5) The public body shall establish a committee to evaluate the proposals based on the factors, weighting, and process identified in the request for proposals. Based on its evaluation, the public body shall select not fewer than three nor more than five finalists to submit best and final proposals. The public body may, in its sole discretion, reject all proposals. Design-build contracts shall be awarded using the procedures in (a) or (b) of this subsection.

(a) Best and final proposals shall be evaluated and scored based on the factors, weighting, and process identified in the initial request for proposals. The public body may score the proposals using a system that measures the quality and technical merits of the proposal on a unit price basis. Final proposals may not be considered if the proposal cost is greater than the maximum allowable construction cost identified in the initial request for proposals. (((6) The public body shall initiate negotiations with the firm submitting the highest scored best and final proposal. If the public body is unable to execute a contract with (((that) the firm submitting the highest scored best and final proposal, negotiations with that firm may be suspended or terminated and the public body may proceed to negotiate with the next highest scored firm. Public bodies shall continue in accordance with this procedure until a contract agreement is reached or the selection process is terminated. (((The public body may, in its sole discretion, reject all proposals.)))

(b) If the public body determines that all finalists are capable of producing plans and specifications that adequately meet project requirements, the public body may award the contract to the firm that submits the responsive best and final proposal with the lowest price.

(6) The (((finalist)) firm awarded the contract shall provide a performance and payment bond for the contracted amount. The public body shall provide appropriate honorarium payments to finalists submitting best and final proposals who are not awarded a design-build contract. Honorarium payments shall be sufficient to generate meaningful competition among potential proposers on design-build projects.

Sec. 4. RCW 39.10.060 and 1996 c 18 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and after complying with RCW 39.10.030, the following public bodies may utilize the general contractor/construction manager procedure for public works projects contracting for public works projects authorized under subsection (2) of this section: The state department of general administration; the University of Washington; Washington State University; every city with a population greater than one hundred fifty thousand; every county with a population greater than four hundred fifty thousand; and every port district with a population greater than five hundred thousand. For the purposes of this section, "general contractor/construction manager" means a firm with which a public body has selected and negotiated a maximum allowable construction cost to be guaranteed by the firm, after competitive selection through formal advertisement and competitive bids, to provide services during the design phase that may include life-cycle cost design considerations, value engineering, scheduling, cost estimating, constructability, alternative construction options for cost savings, and sequencing of work, and to act as the construction manager and general contractor during the construction phase.

(2) Public bodies authorized under this section may utilize the general contractor/construction manager procedure for public works projects valued over ten million dollars where:
   (a) Implementation of the project involves complex scheduling requirements;
   (b) The project involves construction at an existing facility which must continue to operate during construction; or
   (c) The involvement of the general contractor/construction manager during the design stage is critical to the success of the project.

(3) Public bodies should select general contractor/construction managers early in the life of public works projects, and in most situations no later than the completion of schematic design.

(4) Contracts for the services of a general contractor/construction manager under this section shall be awarded through a competitive process requiring the public solicitation of proposals for general contractor/ construction manager services. (((Minority and women business enterprise total project goals shall be specified in))) The public solicitation of proposals shall include: A description of the project, including programmatic, performance, and technical requirements and specifications when available; the reasons for using the general contractor/construction manager procedure; a description of the qualifications to be required of the proposer, including submission of the proposer’s accident prevention program; a description of the process the public body will use to evaluate qualifications and proposals, including evaluation factors and the relative weight of factors; the form of the contract to be
awarded; the estimated maximum allowable construction cost; minority and women business enterprise total project goals, where applicable; and the bid instructions to be used by the general contractor/construction manager finalists. (A public body is authorized to include an incentive clause in any contract awarded under this section for savings of either time or cost or both from that originally negotiated. No incentives granted shall exceed five percent of the maximum allowable construction cost.) Evaluation factors shall include, but not be limited to: Ability of professional personnel, past performance in negotiated and complex projects, and ability to meet time and budget requirements; location; recent, current, and projected work loads of the firm; and the concept of their proposal. A public body shall establish a committee to evaluate the proposals (considering such factors as: Ability of professional personnel, past performance in negotiated and complex projects; ability to meet time and budget requirements; location; recent, current, and projected work loads of the firm; and the concept of their proposal). After the committee has selected the most qualified finalists, these finalists shall submit final proposals, including sealed bids for the percent fee, which is the percentage amount to be earned by the general contractor/construction manager as overhead and profit, on the estimated maximum allowable construction cost and the fixed amount for the detailed specified general conditions work. The public body shall select the firm submitting the highest scored final proposal using the evaluation factors and the relative weight of factors published in the public solicitation of proposals.

(5) The maximum allowable construction cost may be negotiated between the public body and the selected firm after the scope of the project is adequately determined to establish a guaranteed contract cost for which the general contractor/construction manager will provide a performance and payment bond. The guaranteed contract cost includes the fixed amount for the detailed specified general conditions work, the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost, the percent fee on the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost, and sales tax. If the public body is unable to negotiate a satisfactory maximum allowable construction cost with the firm selected that the public body determines to be fair, reasonable, and within the available funds, negotiations with that firm shall be formally terminated and the public body shall negotiate with the next (low bidder) highest scored firm and continue until an agreement is reached or the process is terminated. If the maximum allowable construction cost varies more than fifteen percent from the bid estimated maximum allowable construction cost due to requested and approved changes in the scope by the public body, the percent fee shall be renegotiated.

(6) All subcontract work shall be competitively bid with public bid openings. (Specific contract requirements for women and minority enterprise participation shall be specified in each subcontract bid package that exceeds ten percent of the public body's estimated project cost.) Subcontract work shall not be issued for bid until the public body has approved, in consultation with the office of minority and women's business enterprises or the equivalent local agency, a plan prepared by the general contractor/construction manager for attaining applicable minority and women business enterprise total project goals that equitably spreads women and minority enterprise opportunities to as many firms in as many bid packages as is practicable. When critical to the successful completion of a subcontract bid package the owner and general contractor/construction manager may evaluate for bidding eligibility a subcontractor's ability, time, budget, and specification requirements based on the subcontractor's performance of those items on previous projects. Subcontract bid packages shall be awarded to the responsible bidder submitting the low responsive bid. The requirements of RCW 39.30.060 apply to each subcontract bid package. All subcontractors who bid work over (two) three hundred thousand dollars shall post a bid bond and all subcontractors who are awarded a contract over (two) three hundred thousand dollars shall provide a performance and payment bond for their contract amount. All other subcontractors shall provide a performance and payment bond if required by the general contractor/construction manager. A low bidder who claims error and fails to enter into a contract is prohibited from bidding on the same project if a second or subsequent call for bids is made for the project. (All other subcontractors shall provide a performance and payment bond if required by the general contractor/construction manager.) Except as provided for under subsection (7) of this section, bidding on subcontract work by the general contractor/construction manager or its subsidiaries is prohibited. The general contractor/construction manager may negotiate with the low-responsive bidder in accordance with RCW 39.10.080 or, if unsuccessful in such negotiations, rebid.

((4))) (7) The general contractor/construction manager, or its subsidiaries, may bid on subcontract work on projects valued over twenty million dollars if:

(a) The work within the subcontract bid package is customarily performed by the general contractor/construction manager;
The bid opening is managed by the public body; and
(8) Notification of the general contractor/construction manager's intention to bid is included in the public solicitation of bids for the bid package.

In no event may the value of subcontract work performed by the general contractor/construction manager exceed twenty percent of the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost.

8. A public body may include an incentive clause in any contract awarded under this section for savings of either time or cost or both from that originally negotiated. No incentives granted may exceed five percent of the maximum allowable construction cost. If the project is completed for less than the agreed upon maximum allowable construction cost, any savings not otherwise negotiated as part of an incentive clause shall accrue to the public body. If the project is completed for more than the agreed upon maximum allowable construction cost, excepting increases due to any contract change orders approved by the public body, the additional cost shall be the responsibility of the general contractor/construction manager.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 39.10 RCW to read as follows:
(1) In addition to the projects authorized in RCW 39.10.050 and 39.10.060, public bodies may use the general contractor/construction manager or design-build procedure for demonstration projects valued between three million dollars and ten million dollars as follows:
(a) Three demonstration projects by the department of general administration; and
(b) One demonstration project by each of the public bodies authorized in RCW 39.10.020(2) other than the department of general administration.
(2) Public bodies shall give weight to proposers' experience working on projects valued between three million dollars and ten million dollars in the evaluation process for the selection of a general contractor/construction manager or design-build firm for demonstration projects authorized in subsection (1) of this section.
(3) Cities which supply water to over three hundred fifty thousand people may use the design-build procedure for one water system demonstration project valued over ten million dollars. Use of the design-build procedure shall be deemed to effect compliance with the requirement for competitive bids under RCW 43.155.060.
(4) All contracts authorized under this section must be entered into before July 1, 1999.
(5) In the event that a public body determines not to perform a demonstration project using its authority under this section, it may transfer its authority to another public body.

Sec. 6. RCW 39.10.110 and 1994 c 132 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) There is established a temporary independent oversight committee to review the utilization of the alternative public works contracting procedures authorized under this chapter to evaluate potential future utilization of other alternative contracting procedures, including, but not limited to, contractor prequalification, and, if desired by the committee, to review traditional public works contracting procedures used by state agencies and municipalities. The committee shall also pursue the development of a mentoring program for expansion of the authorities in this chapter to other public bodies. The membership of the committee shall include: Two members of the house of representatives, one from each major caucus, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; two members of the senate, one from each major caucus, appointed by the president of the senate; representatives from the appropriate segments of the construction, contracting, subcontracting, and design industries, appointed by the governor; representatives from appropriate labor organizations, appointed by the governor; representatives from public bodies authorized to use the alternative public works contracting procedures under this chapter, appointed by the governor; a representative from the office of minority and women's business enterprises, appointed by the governor; and a representative from the office of financial management, appointed by the governor. The governor shall maintain a balance between representatives from public agencies and the private sector when appointing members to the committee, and shall consider the recommendations of the established organizations representing the construction, contracting, subcontracting, and design industries and organized labor in making the industry and labor appointments to the committee.
(2) The committee shall meet ((quarterly)) beginning after July 1, 1994. (At the first meeting of the committee.) A chair or cochairs shall be selected from among the committee's membership.
Staff support for the committee shall be provided by the agencies and organizations represented on the committee.

(3) Public bodies utilizing the alternative contracting procedures authorized under this chapter shall provide any requested information concerning implementation of projects under this chapter to the committee in a timely manner, excepting any trade secrets or proprietary information.

(4) The committee shall report to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature by December 10, ((1996)) 2000, concerning its findings and recommendations.

Sec. 7. RCW 39.10.120 and 1995 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 305 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the alternative public works contracting procedures authorized under this chapter are limited to public works contracts signed before July 1, ((1997)) 2001. Methods of public works contracting authorized by RCW 39.10.050 and 39.10.060 shall remain in full force and effect until completion of contracts signed before July 1, ((1997)) 2001.

(2) For the purposes of a baseball stadium as defined in RCW 82.14.0485, the design-build contracting procedures under RCW 39.10.050 shall remain in full force and effect until completion of contracts signed before December 31, 1997.

Sec. 8. RCW 39.10.902 and 1995 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 306 are each amended to read as follows: The following acts or parts of acts, as now existing or hereafter amended, are each repealed, effective July 1, ((1997)) 2001:

(1) RCW 39.10.010 and 1994 c 132 s 1;
(2) RCW 39.10.020 and 1994 c 132 s 2;
(3) RCW 39.10.030 and 1994 c 132 s 3;
(4) RCW 39.10.040 and 1994 c 132 s 4;
(5) RCW 39.10.050 and 1994 c 132 s 5;
(6) RCW 39.10.060 and 1994 c 132 s 6;
(7) RCW 39.10.--- and 1997 c . . . s 5 (section 5 of this act);
(8) RCW 39.10.070 and 1994 c 132 s 7;
((43)) (9) RCW 39.10.080 and 1994 c 132 s 8;
((44)) (10) RCW 39.10.090 and 1994 c 132 s 9;
((45)) (11) RCW 39.10.100 and 1994 c 132 s 10;
((46)) (12) RCW 39.10.110 and 1994 c 132 s 11;
((47)) (13) RCW 39.10.900 and 1994 c 132 s 13;
((48)) (14) RCW 39.10.901 and 1994 c 132 s 14; and
((49)) (15) RCW 39.10.902 and 1994 c 132 s 15.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. 1996 c 18 s 17 (uncodified) is repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "procedures;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 39.10.020, 39.10.030, 39.10.050, 39.10.060, 39.10.110, 39.10.120, and 39.10.902; adding a new section to chapter 39.10 RCW; repealing 1996 c 18 s 17 (uncodified); providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1425, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1425 as amended by the Senate.
Representatives D. Schmidt and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill. 

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1425 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Blalock, Constantine, Keiser and Poulsen - 4.

Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1425, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

Mr. Speaker: April 18, 1997

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1439 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

“Sec. 1. RCW 84.40.038 and 1994 c 123 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The owner or person responsible for payment of taxes on any property may petition the county board of equalization for a change in the assessed valuation placed upon such property by the county assessor. Such petition must be made on forms prescribed or approved by the department of revenue and any petition not conforming to those requirements or not properly completed shall not be considered by the board. The petition must be filed with the board on or before July 1st of the year of the assessment, or within thirty days after the date an assessment or value change notice has been mailed, or within a time limit of up to sixty days adopted by the county legislative authority, whichever is later. If a county legislative authority sets a time limit, the authority may not change the limit for three years from the adoption of the limit.

(2) The board of equalization may waive the filing deadline if the petition is filed within a reasonable time after the filing deadline and the petitioner shows good cause for the late filing. The decision of the board of equalization regarding a waiver of the filing deadline is final and not appealable under RCW 84.08.130. Good cause may be shown by one or more of the following events or circumstances:

(a) Death or serious illness of the taxpayer or his or her immediate family;
(b) The taxpayer was absent from the address where the taxpayer normally receives the assessment or value change notice, was absent for more than fifteen days allowed in subsection (1) of this section before the filing deadline, and the filing deadline is after July 1;
(c) Incorrect written advice regarding filing requirements received from board of equalization staff, county assessor's staff, or staff of the property tax advisor designated under RCW 84.48.140;
(d) Natural disaster such as flood or earthquake;
(e) Delay or loss related to the delivery of the petition by the postal service, and documented by the postal service; or
(f) Other circumstances as the department may provide by rule.

(3) The owner or person responsible for payment of taxes on any property may request that the appeal be heard by the state board of tax appeals without a hearing by the county board of equalization.
when the assessor, the owner or person responsible for payment of taxes on the property, and a
majority of the county board of equalization agree that a direct appeal to the state board of tax appeals
is appropriate. The state board of tax appeals may reject the appeal, in which case the county board of
equalization shall consider the appeal under RCW 84.48.010. Notice of such a rejection, together with
the reason therefor, shall be provided to the affected parties and the county board of equalization within
thirty days of receipt of the direct appeal by the state board."

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "valuation;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and
amending RCW 84.40.038."

and the same are herewith transmitted. Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No.
1439, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1439 as
amended by the Senate.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1439 as amended by the
Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused -
1.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Dunn, Dunshee, Dyer, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford,
Hugh, Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason,
Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, McMillan, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, O'Brien, Ogden, Parlette,
Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K.,
Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sommers, H.,
Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria,
Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 97.

Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

House Bill No. 1439, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority,
was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1771 with the
following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 11.88.020 and 1990 c 122 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any suitable person over the age of eighteen years, or any parent under the age of eighteen
years or, if the petition is for appointment of a professional guardian, any individual or guardianship
service that meets any certification requirements established by the administrator for the courts, may, if
not otherwise disqualified, be appointed guardian or limited guardian of the person and/or the estate of
an incapacitated person((; any trust company regularly organized under the laws of this state and

national banks when authorized so to do may act as guardian or limited guardian of the estate of an incapacitated person; and any nonprofit corporation may act as guardian or limited guardian of the person and/or estate of an incapacitated person if the articles of incorporation or bylaws of such corporation permit such action and such corporation is in compliance with all applicable provisions of Title 24 RCW. A financial institution subject to the jurisdiction of the department of financial institutions and authorized to exercise trust powers, and a federally chartered financial institution when authorized to do so, may act as a guardian of the estate of an incapacitated person without having to meet the certification requirements established by the administrator for the courts. No person is qualified to serve as a guardian who is

((44)) (a) under eighteen years of age except as otherwise provided herein;
((44)) (b) of unsound mind;
((44)) (c) convicted of a felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;
((44)) (d) a nonresident of this state who has not appointed a resident agent to accept service of process in all actions or proceedings with respect to the estate and caused such appointment to be filed with the court;
((5)) (e) a corporation not authorized to act as a fiduciary, guardian, or limited guardian in the state;
((6)) (f) a person whom the court finds unsuitable.

(2) The professional guardian certification requirements required under this section shall not apply to a testamentary guardian appointed under RCW 11.88.080.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 11.88 RCW to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, "professional guardian" means a guardian appointed under this chapter who is not a member of the incapacitated person’s family and who charges fees for carrying out the duties of court-appointed guardian of three or more incapacitated persons.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The administrator for the courts shall study, and make recommendations on, standards and criteria for implementing a system of certification of professional guardians as defined in section 2 of this act and improved coordination between guardians and guardians ad litem.
(2) In conducting the study and preparing the recommendations, the administrator may include examination of:
(a) Criteria for certification as a professional guardian;
(b) A fee structure that will make the certification process self-supporting;
(c) Whether persons other than an alleged incapacitated person should be given standing to request a jury trial to determine incapacity;
(d) Whether, following the appointment of a guardian, a guardian ad litem may continue to serve at public expense;
(e) Whether the superior court should have authority to limit fees for attorneys, guardians, and guardians ad litem;
(f) The appropriate entity to certify professional guardians; and
(g) Grounds for discipline of professional guardians.
(3) In conducting the study, the administrator shall consult with the appropriate groups and interested parties including, but not limited to, representatives of senior citizens, members of both chambers of the legislature, the bar association, superior court judges, associations affiliated with persons with developmental and chronic functional disabilities, health care organizations, persons who act as guardians for compensation and on a voluntary basis, and guardians ad litem.
(4) The administrator shall submit the results of the study and recommendations to the governor and legislature not later than January 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Sections 1 and 2 of this act take effect January 1, 1999."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "guardians;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 11.88.020; adding a new section to chapter 11.88 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date."

and the same are herewith transmitted.
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1771, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1771 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Mitchell and Constantine spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1771 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representative Sherstad - 1.

Excused: Representative Murray - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1771, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1866 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The purpose of this act is to create a voluntary program authorizing environmental excellence program agreements with persons regulated under the environmental laws of the state of Washington, and to direct agencies of the state of Washington to solicit and support the development of agreements that use innovative environmental measures or strategies to achieve environmental results more effectively or efficiently.

Agencies shall encourage environmental excellence program agreements that favor or promote pollution prevention, source reduction, or improvements in practices that are transferable to other interested entities or that can achieve better overall environmental results than required by otherwise applicable rules and requirements.

In enacting this act it is not the intent of the legislature that state environmental standards be applied in a manner that could result in these state standards being waived under section 121 of the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation, and liability act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 9261).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise."
(1) "State, regional, or local agency" means an agency, board, department, authority, or commission that administers environmental laws.

(2) "Coordinating agency" means the state, regional, or local agency with the primary regulatory responsibility for the proposed environmental excellence program agreement. If multiple agencies have jurisdiction to administer state environmental laws affected by an environmental excellence agreement, the department of ecology shall designate or act as the coordinating agency.

(3) "Director" means the individual or body of individuals in whom the ultimate legal authority of an agency is vested by any provision of law. If the agency head is a body of individuals, a majority of those individuals constitutes the director.

(4) "Environmental laws" means chapters 43.21A, 70.94, 70.95, 70.105, 70.119A, 75.20, 90.48, 90.52, 90.58, 90.64, and 90.71 RCW, and RCW 90.54.020(3)(b) and rules adopted under those chapters and section. The term environmental laws as used in this chapter does not include any provision of the Revised Code of Washington, or of any municipal ordinance or enactment, that regulates the selection of a location for a new facility.

(5) "Facility" means a site or activity that is regulated under any of the provisions of the environmental laws.

(6) "Legal requirement" includes any provision of an environmental law, rule, order, or permit.

(7) "Sponsor" means the owner or operator of a facility, including a municipal corporation, subject to regulation under the environmental laws of the state of Washington, or an authorized representative of the owner or operator, that submits a proposal for an environmental excellence program agreement.

(8) "Stakeholder" means a person who has a direct interest in the proposed environmental excellence program agreement or who represents a public interest in the proposed environmental excellence program agreement. Stakeholders may include communities near the project, local or state governments, permittees, businesses, environmental and other public interest groups, employees or employee representatives, or other persons.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. An environmental excellence program agreement entered into under this chapter must achieve more effective or efficient environmental results than the results that would be otherwise achieved. The basis for comparison shall be a reasonable estimate of the overall impact of the participating facility on the environment in the absence of an environmental excellence program agreement. More effective environmental results are results that are better overall than those that would be achieved under the legal requirements superseded or replaced by the agreement. More efficient environmental results are results that are achieved at reduced cost but do not decrease the overall environmental results achieved by the participating facility. An environmental excellence program agreement may not authorize either (1) the release of water pollutants that will cause to be exceeded, at points of compliance in the ambient environment established pursuant to law, numeric surface water or ground water quality criteria or numeric sediment quality criteria adopted as rules under chapter 90.48 RCW; or (2) the emission of any air contaminants that will cause to be exceeded any air quality standard as defined in RCW 70.94.030(3); or (3) a decrease in the overall environmental results achieved by the participating facility compared with results achieved over a representative period before the date on which the agreement is proposed by the sponsor. However, an environmental excellence program agreement may authorize reasonable increases in the release of pollutants to permit increases in facility production or facility expansion and modification.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The director of a state, regional, or local agency may enter into an environmental excellence program agreement with any sponsor, even if one or more of the terms of the environmental excellence program agreement would be inconsistent with an otherwise applicable legal requirement. An environmental excellence program agreement must meet the requirements of section 3 of this act. Otherwise applicable legal requirements identified according to section 7(1) of this act shall be superseded and replaced in accordance with section 9 of this act.

(2) The director of a state, regional, or local agency may enter into an environmental excellence program agreement only to the extent the state, regional, or local agency has jurisdiction to administer state environmental laws either directly or indirectly through the adoption of rules.

(3) Where a sponsor proposes an environmental excellence program agreement that would affect legal requirements applicable to the covered facility that are administered by more than one state,
regional, or local agency, the coordinating agency shall take the lead in developing the environmental excellence program agreement with the sponsor and other agencies administering legal requirements applicable to the covered facility and affected by the agreement. The environmental excellence program agreement does not become effective until the agreement is approved by the director of each agency administering legal requirements identified according to section 7(1) of this act.

(4) No director may enter into an environmental excellence program agreement applicable to a remedial action conducted under the Washington model toxics control act, chapter 70.105D RCW, or the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation and liability act (42 U.S.C. Sec. 9601 et seq). No action taken under this chapter shall be deemed a waiver of any applicable, relevant, or appropriate requirements for any remedial action conducted under the Washington model toxics control act or the federal comprehensive environmental response, compensation and liability act.

(5) The directors of state, regional, or local agencies shall not enter into an environmental excellence program agreement or a modification of an environmental excellence program agreement containing terms affecting legal requirements adopted to comply with provisions of a federal regulatory program and to which the responsible federal agency objects after notice under the terms of section 8(4) of this act.

(6) The directors of regional or local governments may not enter into an environmental excellence program agreement or a modification of an environmental excellence program agreement containing terms affecting legal requirements that are subject to review or appeal by a state agency, including but not limited to chapters 70.94, 70.95, and 90.58 RCW, and to which the responsible state agency objects after notice is given under the terms of section 8(4) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) A sponsor may propose an environmental excellence program agreement. A trade association or other authorized representative of a sponsor or sponsors may propose a programmatic environmental excellence program agreement for multiple facilities.

(2) A sponsor must submit, at a minimum, the following information and other information that may be requested by the director or directors required to sign the agreement:

(a) A statement that describes how the proposal is consistent with the purpose of this chapter and the project approval criteria in section 3 of this act;

(b) (i) For a site-specific proposal, a comprehensive description of the proposed environmental excellence project that includes the nature of the facility and the operations that will be affected, how the facility or operations will achieve results more effectively or efficiently, and the nature of the results anticipated; or

(ii) For a programmatic proposal, a comprehensive description of the proposed environmental excellence project that identifies the facilities and the operations that are expected to participate, how participating facilities or operations will achieve environmental results more effectively or efficiently, the nature of the results anticipated, and the method to identify and document the commitments made by individual participants;

(c) An environmental checklist, containing sufficient information to reasonably inform the public of the nature of the proposed environmental excellence program agreement and describing probable significant adverse environmental impacts and environmental benefits expected from implementation of the proposal;

(d) A draft environmental excellence program agreement;

(e) A description of the stakeholder process as provided in section 6 of this act;

(f) A preliminary identification of the permit amendments or modifications that may be necessary to implement the proposed environmental excellence program agreement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) Stakeholder participation in and support for an environmental excellence program agreement is vital to the integrity of the environmental excellence program agreement and helps to inform the decision whether an environmental excellence program agreement can be approved.

(2) A proposal for an environmental excellence program agreement shall include the sponsor’s plan to identify and contact stakeholders, to advise stakeholders of the facts and nature of the project, and to request stakeholder participation and review. Stakeholder participation and review shall occur during the development, consideration, and implementation stages of the proposed environmental excellence program agreement. The plan shall include notice to the employees of the facility to be
covered by the proposed environmental excellence program agreement and public notice in the area of the covered facility.

(3) The coordinating agency shall extend an invitation to participate in the development of the proposal to a broad and representative sector of the public likely to be affected by the environmental excellence program agreement, including representatives of local community, labor, environmental, and neighborhood advocacy groups. The coordinating agency shall select participants to be included in the stakeholder process that are representative of the diverse sectors of the public that are interested in the agreement. The stakeholder process shall include the opportunity for discussion and comment at multiple stages of the process and access to the information relied upon by the directors in approving the agreement.

(4) The coordinating agency will identify any additional provisions for the stakeholder process that the director of the coordinating agency, in the director’s sole discretion, considers appropriate to the success of the stakeholder process, and provide for notice to the United States environmental protection agency or other responsible federal agency of each proposed environmental excellence program agreement that may affect legal requirements of any program administered by that agency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. An environmental excellence program agreement must contain the following terms and conditions:

(1) An identification of all legal requirements that are superseded or replaced by the environmental excellence program agreement;
(2) A description of all legal requirements that are enforceable as provided in section 13(1) of this act that are different from those legal requirements applicable in the absence of the environmental excellence program agreement;
(3) A description of the voluntary goals that are or will be pursued by the sponsor;
(4) A statement describing how the environmental excellence program agreement will achieve the purposes of this chapter;
(5) A statement describing how the environmental excellence program agreement will be implemented, including a list of steps and an implementation schedule;
(6) A statement that the proposed environmental excellence program agreement will not increase overall worker safety risks or cause an unjust or disproportionate and inequitable distribution of environmental risks among diverse economic and cultural communities;
(7) A summary of the stakeholder process that was followed in the development of the environmental excellence program agreement;
(8) A statement describing how any participating facility shall measure and demonstrate its compliance with the environmental excellence program agreement including, without limitation, a description of the methods to be used to monitor performance, criteria that represent acceptable performance, and the method of reporting performance to the public and local communities. The facility’s compliance with the agreement must be independently verifiable;
(9) A description of and plan for public participation in the implementation of the environmental excellence program agreement and for public access to information needed to assess the benefits of the environmental excellence program agreement and the sponsor’s compliance with the environmental excellence program agreement;
(10) A schedule of periodic performance review of the environmental excellence program agreement by the directors that signed the agreement;
(11) Provisions for voluntary and involuntary termination of the agreement;
(12) The duration of the environmental excellence program agreement and provisions for renewal;
(13) Statements approving the environmental excellence program agreement made by the sponsor and by or on behalf of directors of each state, regional, or local agency administering legal requirements that are identified according to section 7(1) of this act;
(14) Additional terms as requested by the directors signing the environmental excellence program agreement and consistent with this chapter;
(15) Draft permits or permit modifications as needed to implement the environmental excellence program agreement;
(16) With respect to a programmatic environmental excellence program agreement, a statement of the method with which to identify and document the specific commitments to be made by individual participants.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) The coordinating agency shall provide at least thirty days after notice has been published in a newspaper under subsection (2) of this section for public comment on a proposal to enter into or modify an environmental excellence program agreement. The coordinating agency may provide for an additional period of public comment if required by the complexity of the proposed environmental excellence program agreement and the degree of public interest. Before the start of the comment period, the coordinating agency shall prepare a proposed agreement, a public notice and a fact sheet. The fact sheet shall: (a) Briefly describe the principal facts and the significant factual, legal, methodological and policy questions considered by the directors signing the agreement, and the directors' proposed decisions; and (b) briefly describe how the proposed action meets the requirements of section 3 of this act.

(2) The coordinating agency shall publish notice of the proposed agreement in the Washington State Register and in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the facility or facilities covered by the proposed environmental excellence program agreement. The notice shall generally describe the agreement or modification; the facilities to be covered; summarize the changes in legal requirements that will result from the agreement; summarize the reasons for approving the agreement or modifications; identify an agency person to contact for additional information; state that the proposed agreement or modification and fact sheet are available on request; and state that comments may be submitted to the agency during the comment period. The coordinating agency shall order a public informational meeting or a public hearing to receive oral comments if the written comments during the comment period demonstrate considerable public interest in the proposed agreement.

(3) The coordinating agency shall prepare and make available a responsiveness summary indicating the agencies' actions taken in response to comments and the reasons for those actions.

(4) With respect to an environmental excellence program agreement that affects legal requirements adopted to comply with provisions of a federal regulatory program, the coordinating agency shall provide a copy of the environmental excellence program agreement, and a copy of the notice required by subsection (1) of this section, to the federal agency that is responsible for administering that program at least thirty days before entering into or modifying the environmental excellence program agreement, and shall afford the federal agency the opportunity to object to those terms of the environmental excellence program agreement or modification of an environmental excellence program agreement affecting the legal requirements. The coordinating agency shall provide similar notice to state agencies that have statutory review or appeal responsibilities regarding provisions of the environmental excellence program agreement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement identified under section 7(1) of this act shall be superseded or replaced in accordance with the terms of the environmental excellence program agreement. Legal requirements contained in a permit that are affected by an environmental excellence program agreement will continue to be enforceable until such time as the permit is revised in accordance with subsection (2) of this section. With respect to any other legal requirements, the legal requirements contained in the environmental excellence program agreement are effective as provided by the environmental excellence program agreement, and the facility or facilities covered by an environmental excellence program agreement shall comply with the terms of the environmental excellence program agreement in lieu of the legal requirements that are superseded and replaced by the approved environmental excellence program agreement.

(2) Any permits affected by an environmental excellence program agreement shall be revised to conform to the environmental excellence program agreement by the agency with jurisdiction. The permit revisions will be completed within one hundred twenty days of the effective date of the agreement in accordance with otherwise applicable procedural requirements, including, where applicable, public notice and the opportunity for comment, and the opportunity for review and objection by federal agencies.

(3) Other than as superseded or replaced as provided in an approved environmental excellence program agreement, any existing permit requirements remain in effect and are enforceable.

(4) A programmatic environmental excellence program agreement shall become applicable to an individual facility when all directors entering into the programmatic agreement approve the owner or operator's commitment to comply with the agreement. A programmatic agreement may not take effect, however, until notice and an opportunity to comment for the individual facility has been provided in accordance with the requirements of section 8 (1) through (3) of this act.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) A decision by the directors of state, regional, or local agencies to approve a proposed environmental excellence program agreement, or to terminate or modify an approved environmental excellence program agreement, is subject to judicial review in superior court. For purposes of judicial review, the court may grant relief from the decision to approve or modify an environmental excellence program agreement only if it determines that the action: (a) Violates constitutional provisions; (b) exceeds the statutory authority of the agency; (c) was arbitrary and capricious; or (d) was taken without compliance with the procedures provided by this chapter. However, the decision of the director or directors shall be accorded substantial deference by the court.

(2) An appeal from a decision to approve or modify a facility specific or programmatic environmental excellence program agreement is not timely unless filed with the superior court and served on the parties to the environmental excellence program agreement within thirty days of the date on which the agreement or modification is signed by the director. For an environmental excellence program agreement or modification signed by more than one director, there is only one appeal, and the time for appeal shall run from the last date on which the agreement or modification is signed by a director.

(3) A decision to accept the commitment of a specific facility to comply with the terms of a programmatic environmental excellence program agreement, or to modify the application of an agreement to a specific facility, is subject to judicial review as described in subsection (1) of this section. An appeal is not timely unless filed with the superior court and served on the directors signing the agreement, the sponsor, and the owner or operator of the specific facility within thirty days of the date the director or directors that signed the programmatic agreement approve the owner or operator’s commitment to comply with the agreement. For a programmatic environmental excellence program agreement or modification signed by more than one director, there shall be only one appeal and the time for appeal shall run from the last date on which a director approves the commitment.

(4) The issuance of permits and permit modifications is subject to review under otherwise applicable law.

(5) An appeal of a decision by a director under section 11 of this act to terminate in whole or in part a facility specific or programmatic environmental excellence program agreement is not timely unless filed with the superior court and served on the director within thirty days of the date on which notice of the termination is issued under section 11(2) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. (1) In addition to any termination provisions contained in an environmental excellence program agreement, a director of an agency may terminate an environmental excellence program agreement in whole or in part with respect to a legal requirement administered by that agency, if the director finds: (a) That after notice and a reasonable opportunity to cure, the covered facility is in violation of a material requirement of the agreement; (b) that the facility has repeatedly violated any requirements of the agreement; (c) that the operation of the facility under the agreement has caused endangerment to public health or the environment that cannot be remedied by modification of the agreement; or (d) the facility has failed to make substantial progress in achieving the voluntary goals identified under section 6(4) of this act, and these goals are material to the overall objectives of the agreement.

(2) A director of an agency terminating an environmental excellence program agreement in any respect shall provide each of the parties to the agreement with a written notice of that action specifying the extent to which the environmental excellence program agreement is to be terminated, the factual and legal basis for termination, and a description of the opportunity for judicial review of the decision to terminate the environmental excellence program agreement.

(3) If a director terminates less than the entire environmental excellence program agreement, the owner or operator of the covered facility may elect to terminate the entire agreement as it applies to the facility.

(4) If a director decides to terminate an environmental excellence program agreement because the facility has not been able to meet the legal requirements established under the agreement, or because operation of the facility under the agreement has caused endangerment to public health or the environment, as provided in subsection (1)(c) of this section, the director may establish in the notice of
termination: (a) Practical interim requirements for the facility that are no less stringent than the legal
requirements that would apply to the facility in the absence of the agreement; and (b) a practical
schedule of compliance for meeting the interim requirements. The interim requirements and schedule of
compliance shall be subject to judicial review under the provisions of section 10(5) of this act. The
facility shall comply with the interim requirements established under this subsection after they are final
and no longer subject to judicial review until applicable permits or permit modifications have been
issued under section 12 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. After a termination under section 11 of this act is final and no
longer subject to judicial review, the sponsor has sixty days in which to apply for any permit or
approval affected by any terminated portion of the environmental excellence program agreement. An
application filed during the sixty-day period shall be deemed a timely application for renewal of a
permit under the terms of any applicable law. Except as provided in section 11(4) of this act, the terms
and conditions of the environmental excellence program agreement and of permits issued will continue
in effect until a final permit or approval is issued. If the sponsor fails to submit a timely or complete
application, any affected permit or approval may be modified at any time that is consistent with
applicable law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. (1) The legal requirements contained in the environmental
excellence program agreement in accordance with section 7(2) of this act are enforceable commitments
of the facility covered by the agreement. Any violation of these legal requirements is subject to
penalties and remedies to the same extent as the legal requirements that they superseded or replaced.
(2) The voluntary goals stated in the environmental excellence program agreement in
accordance with section 7(3) of this act are voluntary commitments of the facility covered by the
agreement. If the facility fails to meet these goals, it shall not be subject to any form of enforcement
action, including penalties, orders, or any form of injunctive relief. The failure to make substantial
progress in meeting these goals may be a basis on which to terminate the environmental excellence
program agreement under section 11 of this act.
(3) Nothing in this chapter limits the authority of an agency, the attorney general, or a
prosecuting attorney to initiate an enforcement action for violation of any applicable legal requirement.
However, no civil, criminal, or administrative action may be brought with respect to any legal
requirement that is superseded or replaced under the terms of an environmental excellence program
agreement.
(4) This chapter does not create any new authority for citizen suits, and does not alter or amend
other statutory provisions authorizing citizen suits.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. An environmental excellence program agreement may contain a
reduced fee schedule with respect to a program applicable to the covered facility or facilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A decision to approve an environmental excellence program
agreement is not subject to the requirements of the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C
RCW, including the requirement to prepare an environmental impact statement under RCW
43.21C.031. However, the consideration of a proposed environmental excellence program agreement
will integrate an assessment of environmental impacts.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. Any state, regional, or local agency administering programs under
an environmental law may adopt rules or ordinances to implement this chapter. However, it is not
necessary that an agency adopt rules or ordinances in order to consider or enter into environmental
excellence program agreements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. The director of the department of ecology shall appoint an advisory
committee to review the effectiveness of the environmental excellence program agreement program and
to make a recommendation to the legislature concerning the continuation, termination, or modification
of the program. The committee also may make recommendations it considers appropriate for revision
of any regulatory program that is affected by an environmental excellence program agreement. The
committee shall be composed of one representative each from two state agencies, two representatives of
the regulated community, and two representatives of environmental organizations or other public
interest groups. The committee must submit a report and its recommendation to the legislature not later than October 31, 2001. The department of ecology shall provide the advisory committee with such support as they may require.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. (1) Agencies authorized to enter into environmental excellence program agreements may assess and collect a fee to recover the costs of processing environmental excellence program agreement proposals. The amount of the fee may not exceed the direct and indirect costs of processing the environmental excellence program agreement proposal. Processing includes, but is not limited to: Working with the sponsor to develop the agreement, meeting with stakeholder groups, conducting public meetings and hearings, preparing a record of the decision to enter into or modify an agreement, and defending any appeal from a decision to enter into or modify an agreement. Fees also may include, to the extent specified by the agreement, the agencies' direct costs of monitoring compliance with those specific terms of an agreement not covered by permits issued to the participating facility.

(2) Agencies assessing fees may graduate the initial fees for processing an environmental excellence program agreement proposal to account for the size of the sponsor and to make the environmental excellence program agreement program more available to small businesses. An agency may exercise its discretion to waive all or any part of the fees.

(3) Sponsors may voluntarily contribute funds to the administration of an agency's environmental excellence program agreement program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. The authority of a director to enter into a new environmental excellence program agreement program shall be terminated June 30, 2002. Environmental excellence program agreements entered into before June 30, 2002, shall remain in force and effect subject to the provisions of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 43.21A RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 70.94 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. A new section is added to chapter 70.95 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 70.105 RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. A new section is added to chapter 70.119A RCW to read as follows: Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter, including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).
NEW SECTION, Sec. 25. A new section is added to chapter 75.20 RCW to read as follows:
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter,
including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the
terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter
43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION, Sec. 26. A new section is added to chapter 90.48 RCW to read as follows:
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter,
including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the
terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter
43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION, Sec. 27. A new section is added to chapter 90.52 RCW to read as follows:
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter,
including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the
terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter
43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION, Sec. 28. A new section is added to chapter 90.58 RCW to read as follows:
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter,
including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the
terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter
43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION, Sec. 29. A new section is added to chapter 90.64 RCW to read as follows:
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter,
including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the
terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter
43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION, Sec. 30. A new section is added to chapter 90.71 RCW to read as follows:
Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under this chapter,
including any standard, limitation, rule, or order is superseded and replaced in accordance with the
terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter
43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

Sec. 31. RCW 90.54.020 and 1989 c 348 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Utilization and management of the waters of the state shall be guided by the following general
declaration of fundamentals:
(1) Uses of water for domestic, stock watering, industrial, commercial, agricultural, irrigation,
hydroelectric power production, mining, fish and wildlife maintenance and enhancement, recreational,
and thermal power production purposes, and preservation of environmental and aesthetic values, and
all other uses compatible with the enjoyment of the public waters of the state, are declared to be
beneficial.
(2) Allocation of waters among potential uses and users shall be based generally on the
securing of the maximum net benefits for the people of the state. Maximum net benefits shall constitute
total benefits less costs including opportunities lost.
(3) The quality of the natural environment shall be protected and, where possible, enhanced as
follows:
   (a) Perennial rivers and streams of the state shall be retained with base flows necessary to
       provide for preservation of wildlife, fish, scenic, aesthetic and other environmental values, and
       navigational values. Lakes and ponds shall be retained substantially in their natural condition.
       Withdrawals of water which would conflict therewith shall be authorized only in those situations where
       it is clear that overriding considerations of the public interest will be served.
   (b) Waters of the state shall be of high quality. Regardless of the quality of the waters of the
       state, all wastes and other materials and substances proposed for entry into said waters shall be
       provided with all known, available, and reasonable methods of treatment prior to entry.
Notwithstanding that standards of quality established for the waters of the state would not be violated, wastes and other materials and substances shall not be allowed to enter such waters which will reduce the existing quality thereof, except in those situations where it is clear that overriding considerations of the public interest will be served. Technology-based effluent limitations or standards for discharges for municipal water treatment plants located on the Chehalis, Columbia, Cowlitz, Lewis, or Skagit river shall be adjusted to reflect credit for substances removed from the plant intake water if:

(i) The municipality demonstrates that the intake water is drawn from the same body of water into which the discharge is made; and
(ii) The municipality demonstrates that no violation of receiving water quality standards or appreciable environmental degradation will result.

(4) Adequate and safe supplies of water shall be preserved and protected in potable condition to satisfy human domestic needs.

(5) Multiple-purpose impoundment structures are to be preferred over single-purpose structures. Due regard shall be given to means and methods for protection of fishery resources in the planning for and construction of water impoundment structures and other artificial obstructions.

(6) Federal, state, and local governments, individuals, corporations, groups and other entities shall be encouraged to carry out practices of conservation as they relate to the use of the waters of the state. In addition to traditional development approaches, improved water use efficiency and conservation shall be emphasized in the management of the state's water resources and in some cases will be a potential new source of water with which to meet future needs throughout the state.

(7) Development of water supply systems, whether publicly or privately owned, which provide water to the public generally in regional areas within the state shall be encouraged. Development of water supply systems for multiple domestic use which will not serve the public generally shall be discouraged where water supplies are available from water systems serving the public.

(8) Full recognition shall be given in the administration of water allocation and use programs to the natural interrelationships of surface and ground waters.

(9) Expressions of the public interest will be sought at all stages of water planning and allocation discussions.

(10) Water management programs, including but not limited to, water quality, flood control, drainage, erosion control and storm runoff are deemed to be in the public interest.

(11) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any legal requirement under subsection (3)(b) of this section is superseded and replaced in accordance with the terms and provisions of an environmental excellence program agreement, entered into under chapter 43.-- RCW (sections 2 through 19 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 32. The environmental excellence account is hereby created in the state treasury. All fees and voluntary contributions collected by state agencies under section 18 of this act shall be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for purposes consistent with the environmental excellence program created under sections 2 through 19 of this act. Moneys in the account may be appropriated to each agency in an amount equal to the amount each agency collects and deposits into the account.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 33. Sections 2 through 19 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "agreements;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.54.020; adding a new section to chapter 43.21A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.94 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.95 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.105 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.119A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.48 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.52 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.58 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.64 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.71 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 43 RCW; and creating new sections."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 84, Nays - 14, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1888 with the following amendments:

On page 2, line 7, after "trade" insert "and tourism"

On page 2, line 8, after "increased" insert "tourism and"

On page 2, line 12 after "of", strike "twenty-two" and insert "twenty-three"

On page 2, line 17 after "representatives" insert "and a member of the senate selected by and from the three members appointed by the president of the senate"

On page 2, line 17 after "vice' strike "chair" and insert "chairs"

On page 2, after "(iv)" strike all material through "party" on line 21 and insert "Three members from the senate, appointed by the president of the senate, at least one from each political party"

On page 4, strike all material on line 24, and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The legislature finds that:

(1) The attraction of visitors to this state can enhance the economic well-being of our citizens by increasing the jobs and income derived from commerce with tourists traveling in the state.
The state has valuable natural beauty, man-made, and scenic attractions, and the promotion of these attractions by cooperative efforts between the public and private sectors can significantly contribute to economic growth and employment opportunities. Cooperation between the public and private sectors requires a mechanism to coordinate the variety of efforts aimed at promoting and developing tourism in our state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A task force to the legislature on tourism promotion and marketing is hereby created. The task force shall consist of nine members from the private sector, four members from the public sector, and three ex officio members. The private sector members shall represent the Washington state hotel/motel association, the Washington state restaurant association, the Washington association of convention & visitor bureaus, the Washington festivals and events association, the association of Washington business, the Washington retail council, the Washington public ports association, and the Washington chamber of commerce executives. The governor shall appoint the private sector members from recommendations made by each of the associations to be represented. Consideration shall be given so as to maintain a state-wide balance of representatives appointed. The public members must include two members from the house of representatives and two members from the senate. The public members must be chosen respectively by the lieutenant governor and the speaker of the house of representatives. The director of the tourism development division, or the director’s designee, the director of the state parks and recreation commission, or the director’s designee, and a representative of the attorney general’s office shall sit as ex officio members of the task force.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) The task force may by majority vote establish working groups to focus on specific issues in the tourism industry.
(2) The task force shall by majority vote prescribe rules of procedure for itself and its working groups that are consistent with this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The task force or its working groups are authorized to study tourism promotion and related issues and prepare, for legislative and executive consideration, a comprehensive proposal for the establishment of a private commission to market Washington state and its tourism advantages. The proposal must include, but is not limited to:
(1) An evaluation of existing state laws, policies, and programs that promote or affect state tourism marketing;
(2) The level of state interdepartmental cooperation needed to ensure an effective and coordinated continuing tourism program within the state agencies;
(3) A clear determination of the economic impact to the state of an aggressive, continuous state-wide tourism marketing program;
(4) Recommendations from public and private sector organizations concerning the establishing of a legislatively established state-wide tourism commission, its structure, its membership, and its objectives;
(5) A specific proposal and plan for the funding from private sources of an acceptable working budget for the commission;
(6) The procedure for the established commission to develop a state-wide marketing plan that addresses all areas of the state and the state’s relationship to the commission, to other states, and to other nations.

The task force shall study the roles and responsibilities of the public and private sector and make recommendations for the roles, responsibilities, and interrelationship between the tourism division and the private commission.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall provide the task force with the necessary staff support.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. Members of the task force shall serve without additional compensation, but must be reimbursed for their travel expenses, in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 44.04.120, incurred while attending sessions of the task force or meetings of working groups, engaged on other task force business authorized by the task force, or going to and coming from task force meetings.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. All expenses of the task force, including salaries and expenses of employees, must be paid upon voucher forms as provided by the auditor and signed by the chairperson or vice-chairperson of the task force and attested by the secretary of the task force. The authority of the chairperson and secretary to sign vouchers continues until their successors are selected after each ensuing session of the legislature. Vouchers may be drawn on funds appropriated generally by the legislature or upon any special appropriation that is provided by the legislature for the expenses of the task force, or both.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. The task force shall cooperate, act, and function with legislative committees, executive agencies, and private organizations within the tourism industry. The task force shall report to the legislature by January 31, 1998, outlining its findings and recommendations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. Sections 1 through 4 of this act expire March 1, 1998. Sections 5 through 13 of this act expire June 30, 1998."

Renumber the sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 1, on line 1 of the title, strike "force" and insert "forces"

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "trade" insert "and tourism promotion and development"

On page 1, line 2 of the title, strike "an"

On page 1, line 3 of the title, strike "date" and insert "dates"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1888, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1888 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Van Luven and Veloria spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1888 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1888, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1982 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 70.47.020 and 1995 c 266 s 2 and 1995 c 2 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:
(1) "Washington basic health plan" or "plan" means the system of enrollment and payment on a prepaid capitated basis for basic health care services, administered by the plan administrator through participating managed health care systems, created by this chapter.
(2) "Administrator" means the Washington basic health plan administrator, who also holds the position of administrator of the Washington state health care authority.
(3) "Managed health care system" means any health care organization, including health care providers, insurers, health care service contractors, health maintenance organizations, or any combination thereof, that provides directly or by contract basic health care services, as defined by the administrator and rendered by duly licensed providers, on a prepaid capitated basis to a defined patient population enrolled in the plan and in the managed health care system.
(4) "Subsidized enrollee" means an individual, or an individual plus the individual's spouse or dependent children((a): (a) Who is not eligible for medicare((b)); (b) who is not confined or residing in a government-operated institution, unless he or she meets eligibility criteria adopted by the administrator; (c) who resides in an area of the state served by a managed health care system participating in the plan((e)); (d) whose gross family income at the time of enrollment does not exceed twice the federal poverty level as adjusted for family size and determined annually by the federal department of health and human services((f)); and (e) who chooses to obtain basic health care coverage from a particular managed health care system in return for periodic payments to the plan.
(5) "Nonsubsidized enrollee" means an individual, or an individual plus the individual’s spouse or dependent children((g)): (a) Who is not eligible for medicare((h)); (b) who is not confined or residing in a government-operated institution, unless he or she meets eligibility criteria adopted by the administrator; (c) who resides in an area of the state served by a managed health care system participating in the plan((i)); (d) who chooses to obtain basic health care coverage from a particular managed health care system((j)); and (e) who pays or on whose behalf is paid the full costs for participation in the plan, without any subsidy from the plan.
(6) "Subsidy" means the difference between the amount of periodic payment the administrator makes to a managed health care system on behalf of a subsidized enrollee plus the administrative cost to the plan of providing the plan to that subsidized enrollee, and the amount determined to be the subsidized enrollee's responsibility under RCW 70.47.060(2).
(7) "Premium" means a periodic payment, based upon gross family income which an individual, their employer or another financial sponsor makes to the plan as consideration for enrollment in the plan as a subsidized enrollee or a nonsubsidized enrollee.
(8) "Rate" means the per capita amount, negotiated by the administrator with and paid to a participating managed health care system, that is based upon the enrollment of subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees in the plan and in that system.

Sec. 2. RCW 70.47.060 and 1995 c 266 s 1 and 1995 c 2 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The administrator has the following powers and duties:
(1) To design and from time to time revise a schedule of covered basic health care services, including physician services, inpatient and outpatient hospital services, prescription drugs and
medications, and other services that may be necessary for basic health care. In addition, the administrator may offer as basic health plan services chemical dependency services, mental health services and organ transplant services; however, no one service or any combination of these three services shall increase the actuarial value of the basic health plan benefits by more than five percent excluding inflation, as determined by the office of financial management. All subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees in any participating managed health care system under the Washington basic health plan shall be entitled to receive covered services in return for premium payments to the plan. The schedule of services shall emphasize proven preventive and primary health care and shall include all services necessary for prenatal, postnatal, and well-child care. However, with respect to coverage for groups of subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that such services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the managed care provider. The schedule of services shall also include a separate schedule of basic health care services for children, eighteen years of age and younger, for those subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees who choose to secure basic coverage through the plan only for their dependent children. In designing and revising the schedule of services, the administrator shall consider the guidelines for assessing health services under the mandated benefits act of 1984, RCW 48.42.080, and such other factors as the administrator deems appropriate.

However, with respect to coverage for subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that the services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the managed care provider.

(2)(a) To design and implement a structure of periodic premiums due the administrator from subsidized enrollees that is based upon gross family income, giving appropriate consideration to family size and the ages of all family members. The enrollment of children shall not require the enrollment of their parent or parents who are eligible for the plan. The structure of periodic premiums shall be applied to subsidized enrollees entering the plan as individuals pursuant to subsection (9) of this section and to the share of the cost of the plan due from subsidized enrollees entering the plan as employees pursuant to subsection (10) of this section.

(b) To determine the periodic premiums due the administrator from nonsubsidized enrollees. Premiums due from nonsubsidized enrollees shall be in an amount equal to the cost charged by the managed health care system provider to the state for the plan plus the administrative cost of providing the plan to those enrollees and the premium tax under RCW 48.14.0201.

(c) An employer or other financial sponsor may, with the prior approval of the administrator, pay the premium, rate, or any other amount on behalf of a subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollee, by arrangement with the enrollee and through a mechanism acceptable to the administrator, but in no case shall the payment made on behalf of the enrollee exceed the total premiums due from the enrollee.

(d) To develop, as an offering by all health carriers providing coverage identical to the basic health plan, a model plan benefits package with uniformity in enrollee cost-sharing requirements.

(3) To design and implement a structure of enrollee cost sharing due a managed health care system from subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees. The structure shall discourage inappropriate enrollee utilization of health care services, and may utilize copayments, deductibles, and other cost-sharing mechanisms, but shall not be so costly to enrollees as to constitute a barrier to appropriate utilization of necessary health care services.

(4) To limit enrollment of persons who qualify for subsidies so as to prevent an overexpenditure of appropriations for such purposes. Whenever the administrator finds that there is danger of such an overexpenditure, the administrator shall close enrollment until the administrator finds the danger no longer exists.

(5) To limit the payment of subsidies to subsidized enrollees, as defined in RCW 70.47.020. The level of subsidy provided to persons who qualify may be based on the lowest cost plans, as defined by the administrator.

(6) To adopt a schedule for the orderly development of the delivery of services and availability of the plan to residents of the state, subject to the limitations contained in RCW 70.47.080 or any act appropriating funds for the plan.
(7) To solicit and accept applications from managed health care systems, as defined in this chapter, for inclusion as eligible basic health care providers under the plan. The administrator shall endeavor to assure that covered basic health care services are available to any enrollee of the plan from among a selection of two or more participating managed health care systems. In adopting any rules or procedures applicable to managed health care systems and in its dealings with such systems, the administrator shall consider and make suitable allowance for the need for health care services and the differences in local availability of health care resources, along with other resources, within and among the several areas of the state. Contracts with participating managed health care systems shall ensure that basic health plan enrollees who become eligible for medical assistance may, at their option, continue to receive services from their existing providers within the managed health care system if such providers have entered into provider agreements with the department of social and health services.

(8) To receive periodic premiums from or on behalf of subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees, deposit them in the basic health plan operating account, keep records of enrollee status, and authorize periodic payments to managed health care systems on the basis of the number of enrollees participating in the respective managed health care systems.

(9) To accept applications from individuals residing in areas served by the plan, on behalf of themselves and their spouses and dependent children, for enrollment in the Washington basic health plan as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, to establish appropriate minimum-enrollment periods for enrollees as may be necessary, and to determine, upon application and on a reasonable schedule defined by the authority, or at the request of any enrollee, eligibility due to current gross family income for sliding scale premiums. No subsidy may be paid with respect to any enrollee whose current gross family income exceeds twice the federal poverty level or, subject to RCW 70.47.110, who is a recipient of medical assistance or medical care services under chapter 74.09 RCW. If, as a result of an eligibility review, the administrator determines that a subsidized enrollee's income exceeds twice the federal poverty level and that the enrollee knowingly failed to inform the plan of such increase in income, the administrator may bill the enrollee for the subsidy paid on the enrollee's behalf during the period of time that the enrollee's income exceeded twice the federal poverty level. If a number of enrollees drop their enrollment for no apparent good cause, the administrator may establish appropriate rules or requirements that are applicable to such individuals before they will be allowed to reenroll in the plan.

(10) To accept applications from business owners on behalf of themselves and their employees, spouses, and dependent children, as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, who reside in an area served by the plan. The administrator may require all or the substantial majority of the eligible employees of such businesses to enroll in the plan and establish those procedures necessary to facilitate the orderly enrollment of groups in the plan and into a managed health care system. The administrator may require that a business owner pay at least an amount equal to what the employee pays after the state pays its portion of the subsidized premium cost of the plan on behalf of each employee enrolled in the plan. Enrollment is limited to those not eligible for medicare who wish to enroll in the plan and choose to obtain the basic health care coverage and services from a managed care system participating in the plan. The administrator shall adjust the amount determined to be due on behalf of or from all such enrollees whenever the amount negotiated by the administrator with the participating managed health care system or systems is modified or the administrative cost of providing the plan to such enrollees changes.

(11) To determine the rate to be paid to each participating managed health care system in return for the provision of covered basic health care services to enrollees in the system. Although the schedule of covered basic health care services will be the same for similar enrollees, the rates negotiated with participating managed health care systems may vary among the systems. In negotiating rates with participating systems, the administrator shall consider the characteristics of the populations served by the respective systems, economic circumstances of the local area, the need to conserve the resources of the basic health plan trust account, and other factors the administrator finds relevant.

(12) To monitor the provision of covered services to enrollees by participating managed health care systems in order to assure enrollee access to good quality basic health care, to require periodic data reports concerning the utilization of health care services rendered to enrollees in order to provide adequate information for evaluation, and to inspect the books and records of participating managed health care systems to assure compliance with the purposes of this chapter. In requiring reports from participating managed health care systems, including data on services rendered enrollees, the administrator shall endeavor to minimize costs, both to the managed health care systems and to the
plan. The administrator shall coordinate any such reporting requirements with other state agencies, such as the insurance commissioner and the department of health, to minimize duplication of effort.

(13) To evaluate the effects this chapter has on private employer-based health care coverage and to take appropriate measures consistent with state and federal statutes that will discourage the reduction of such coverage in the state.

(14) To develop a program of proven preventive health measures and to integrate it into the plan wherever possible and consistent with this chapter.

(15) To provide, consistent with available funding, assistance for rural residents, underserved populations, and persons of color.

(16) In consultation with appropriate state and local government agencies, to establish criteria defining eligibility for persons confined or residing in government-operated institutions."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "institutions;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.020 and 70.47.060."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 1982, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1982 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Dyer and Cody spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1982 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1982, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2046 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 74.13.031 and 1995 c 191 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The department shall have the duty to provide child welfare services (as defined in RCW 74.13.020) and shall:

(1) Develop, administer, supervise, and monitor a coordinated and comprehensive plan that establishes, aids, and strengthens services for the protection and care of homeless, runaway, dependent, or neglected children.

(2) Within available resources, recruit and maintain a sufficient number of prospective adoptive and foster homes, both regular and specialized, i.e., homes for children of ethnic minority, including Indian homes for Indian children, sibling groups, handicapped and emotionally disturbed, teens, pregnant and parenting teens, and annually report to the governor and the legislature concerning the department’s success in: (a) Meeting the need for adoptive and foster home placements; (b) reducing the foster parent turnover rate; (c) completing home studies for legally free children; and (d) implementing and operating the passport program required by section 5 of this act. The report shall include a section entitled "Foster Home Turn-Over, Causes and Recommendations."

(3) Investigate complaints of neglect, abuse, or abandonment of children, and on the basis of the findings of such investigation, offer child welfare services in relation to the problem to such parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis, and/or bring the situation to the attention of an appropriate court, or another community agency; PROVIDED, That an investigation is not required of nonaccidental injuries which are clearly not the result of a lack of care or supervision by the child’s parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis. If the investigation reveals that a crime may have been committed, the department shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency.

(4) Offer, on a voluntary basis, family reconciliation services to families who are in conflict.

(5) Monitor out-of-home placements, on a timely and routine basis, to assure the safety, well-being, and quality of care being provided is within the scope of the intent of the legislature as defined in RCW 74.13.010 and 74.15.010, and annually submit a report measuring the extent to which the department achieved the specified goals to the house and senate committees on social and health services and the governor and the legislature.

(6) Have authority to accept custody of children from parents and to accept custody of children from juvenile courts, where authorized to do so under law, to provide child welfare services including placement for adoption, and to provide for the physical care of such children and make payment of maintenance costs if needed. Except where required by Public Law 95-608 (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1915), no private adoption agency which receives children for adoption from the department shall discriminate on the basis of race, creed, or color when considering applications in their placement for adoption.

(7) Have authority to provide temporary shelter to children who have run away from home and who are admitted to crisis residential centers.

(8) Have authority to purchase care for children; and shall follow in general the policy of using properly approved private agency services for the actual care and supervision of such children insofar as they are available, paying for care of such children as are accepted by the department as eligible for support at reasonable rates established by the department.

(9) Establish a children’s services advisory committee which shall assist the secretary in the development of a partnership plan for utilizing resources of the public and private sectors, and advise on all matters pertaining to child welfare, licensing of child care agencies, adoption, and services related thereto. At least one member shall represent the adoption community.

(10) Have authority to provide continued foster care or group care for individuals from eighteen through twenty years of age to enable them to complete their high school or vocational school program.

(11) Have authority within funds appropriated for foster care services to purchase care for Indian children who are in the custody of a federally recognized Indian tribe or tribally licensed child-placing agency pursuant to parental consent, tribal court order, or state juvenile court order; and the purchase of such care shall be subject to the same eligibility standards and rates of support applicable to other children for whom the department purchases care.

Notwithstanding any other provision of RCW 13.32A.170 through 13.32A.200 and 74.13.032 through 74.13.036, or of this section all services to be provided by the department of social and health services under subsections (4), (6), and (7) of this section, subject to the limitations of these subsections, may be provided by any program offering such services funded pursuant to Titles II and III of the federal juvenile justice and delinquency prevention act of 1974.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:
Within available resources, the department shall provide a foster parent liaison position in each department region. The department shall contract with a private nonprofit organization to provide the foster parent liaison function. The foster parent liaison shall enhance the working relationship between department case workers and foster parents. The foster parent liaison shall provide expedited assistance for the unique needs and requirements posed by special needs foster children in out-of-home care. Any contract entered into under this section for a foster parent liaison shall include a requirement that the contractor substantially reduce the turnover rate of foster parents in the region by an agreed upon percentage. The department shall evaluate whether an organization that has a contract under this section has reduced the turnover rate by the agreed upon amount or more when determining whether to extend or renew a contract under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:
Within available resources, the department shall increase the number of adoptive and foster families available to accept children through an intensive recruitment and retention program. The department shall contract with a private agency to coordinate foster care and adoptive home recruitment activities for the department and private agencies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:
The secretary or the secretary’s designee may purchase services from nonprofit agencies for the purpose of conducting home studies for legally free children who have been awaiting adoption finalization for more than ninety days. The home studies selected to be done under this section shall be for the children who have been legally free and awaiting adoption finalization the longest period of time.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Within available resources, the department shall prepare a passport containing all known and available information concerning the mental, physical, health, and educational status of the child for any child who has been in a foster home for ninety consecutive days or more. The passport shall be provided to a foster parent at any placement of a child covered by this section. The department shall update the passport during the regularly scheduled court reviews required under chapter 13.34 RCW.

New placements after the effective date of this act shall have first priority in the preparation of passports. Within available resources, the department may prepare passports for any child in a foster home on the effective date of this act, provided that no time spent in a foster home before the effective date of this act shall be included in the computation of the ninety days.

(2) In addition to the requirements of subsection (1) of this section, the department shall, within available resources, notify a foster parent before placement of a child of any known health conditions that pose a serious threat to the child and any known behavioral history that presents a serious risk of harm to the child or others.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:
The department may provide child care for all foster parents who are required to attend department-sponsored meetings or training sessions. If the department does not provide such child care, the department, where feasible, shall conduct the activities covered by this section in the foster parent’s home or other location acceptable to the foster parent.

Sec. 7. RCW 74.13.280 and 1995 c 311 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in RCW 70.24.105, whenever a child is placed in out-of-home care by the department or a child-placing agency, the department or agency (may) shall, within available resources, share information about the child and the child’s family with the care provider and (may) shall, within available resources, consult with the care provider regarding the child’s case plan. If the child is dependent pursuant to a proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW, the department or agency shall keep the care provider informed regarding the dates and location of dependency review and permanency planning hearings pertaining to the child.

(2) Any person who receives information about a child or a child’s family pursuant to this section shall keep the information confidential and shall not further disclose or disseminate the information except as authorized by law.
(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the authority of the department or child-
placing agencies to disclose client information or to maintain client confidentiality as provided by law.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 8. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and
takes effect July 1, 1997."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "care;" strike the remainder of the title and insert
"amending RCW 74.13.031 and 74.13.280; adding new sections to chapter 74.13 RCW; adding a new
section to chapter 43.20A RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same are herewith transmitted.                  Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second
Substitute House Bill No. 2046, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second
Substitute House Bill No. 2046 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Cooke and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No.
2046 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays -
0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Dunn, Dunshee, Dyer, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford,
Huff, Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason,
Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O'Brien, Ogden,
Parlette, Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D.,
Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D.,
Sommers, H., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van
Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 98.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2046, as amended by the Senate, having received
the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2050 with the
following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 90.03.380 and 1996 c 320 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The right to the use of water which has been applied to a beneficial use in the state shall be
and remain appurtenant to the land or place upon which the same is used: PROVIDED, HOWEVER,
That said right may be transferred to another or to others and become appurtenant to any other land or
place of use without loss of priority of right theretofore established if such change can be made without
detriment or injury to existing rights. The point of diversion of water for beneficial use or the purpose
of use may be changed, if such change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. Before any transfer of such right to use water or change of the point of diversion of water or change of purpose of use can be made, any person having an interest in the transfer or change, shall file a written application therefor with the department, and said application shall not be granted until notice of said application shall be published as provided in RCW 90.03.280. If it shall appear that such transfer or such change may be made without injury or detriment to existing rights, the department shall issue to the applicant a certificate in duplicate granting the right for such transfer or for such change of point of diversion or of use. The certificate so issued shall be filed and be made a record with the department and the duplicate certificate issued to the applicant may be filed with the county auditor in like manner and with the same effect as provided in the original certificate or permit to divert water.

(2) If an application for change proposes to transfer water rights from one irrigation district to another, the department shall, before publication of notice, receive concurrence from each of the irrigation districts that such transfer or change will not adversely affect the ability to deliver water to other landowners or impair the financial integrity of either of the districts.

(3) A change in place of use by an individual water user or users of water provided by an irrigation district need only receive approval for the change from the board of directors of the district if the use of water continues within the irrigation district, and when water is provided by an irrigation entity that is a member of a board of joint control created under chapter 87.80 RCW, approval need only be received from the board of joint control if the use of water continues within the area of jurisdiction of the joint board and the change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights.

(4) Any right represented by an application for a water right for which a permit for water use has not been issued by the time a transfer or change is approved under this section shall not be construed as being injured or detrimentally affected by the transfer or change.

(5) This section shall not apply to trust water rights acquired by the state through the funding of water conservation projects under chapter 90.38 RCW or RCW 90.42.010 through 90.42.070.

Sec. 2. RCW 90.44.100 and 1987 c 109 s 113 are each amended to read as follows: After an application to, and upon the issuance by the department of an amendment to the appropriate permit or certificate of ground water right, the holder of a valid right to withdraw public ground waters may, without losing his priority of right, construct wells or other means of withdrawal at a new location in substitution for or in addition to those at the original location, or he may change the manner or the place of use of the water: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That such amendment shall be issued only after publication of notice of the application and findings as prescribed in the case of an original application. Such amendment shall be issued by the department only on the conditions that: (1) The additional or substitute well or wells shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original well or wells; (2) use of the original well or wells shall be discontinued upon construction of the substitute well or wells; (3) the construction of an additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right conveyed by the original permit or certificate; and (4) other existing rights shall not be impaired. The department may specify an approved manner of construction and shall require a showing of compliance with the terms of the amendment, as provided in RCW 90.44.080 in the case of an original permit. Any right represented by an application for a water right for which a permit for water use has not been issued by the time an amendment is approved under this section shall not be construed as being impaired by the amendment.

Sec. 3. RCW 90.44.030 and 1945 c 263 s 2 are each amended to read as follows: The rights to appropriate the surface waters of the state and the rights acquired by the appropriation and use of surface waters shall not be affected or impaired by any of the provisions of this supplementary chapter and, to the extent that any underground water is part of or tributary to the source of any surface stream or lake, or that the withdrawal of ground water may affect the flow of any spring, water course, lake, or other body of surface water, the right of an appropriation and owner of surface water shall be superior to any subsequent right hereby authorized to be acquired in or to ground water.

(2) Rights acquired by appropriation of surface waters are affected or impaired by a ground water withdrawal from a confined aquifer only if:
(a) Withdrawal of ground water causes a measurable head reduction within fifty feet of the surface water body in question in the shallowest unconfined water table aquifer that underlies that surface water body; or
(b) Withdrawal of ground water will cause a measurable reduction in the flow or level of the surface water body.

(3) If any of the conditions in subsection (2) of this section occur, then withdrawal of ground water affects or impairs existing surface water rights, including instream flow appropriations adopted by regulation, that are not being satisfied during the period of the occurrence.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 90.44 RCW to read as follows:
In addition to RCW 90.44.030(1), rights acquired by appropriation of surface waters are affected or impaired by a ground water withdrawal from an unconfined aquifer only if after no more than six months pumping, the surface water will lie within the cone of depression of a well tapping an unconfined aquifer.

Sec. 5. RCW 90.44.035 and 1987 c 109 s 107 are each amended to read as follows:
For purposes of this chapter:
(1) "Department" means the department of ecology;
(2) "Director" means the director of ecology;
(3) "Ground waters" means all waters that exist beneath the land surface or beneath the bed of any stream, lake or reservoir, or other body of surface water within the boundaries of this state, whatever may be the geological formation or structure in which such water stands or flows, percolates or otherwise moves. There is a recognized distinction between natural ground water and artificially stored ground water;
(4) "Natural ground water" means water that exists in underground storage owing wholly to natural processes; ((and))
(5) "Artificially stored ground water" means water that is made available in underground storage artificially, either intentionally, or incidentally to irrigation and that otherwise would have been dissipated by natural waste;
(6) "Confined aquifer" means an aquifer in which ground water is under sufficient hydrostatic head to rise above the bottom of the overlying confining bed;
(7) "Confining bed" means a layer of low permeability material immediately overlying a confined aquifer; and
(8) "Measurable" means capable of being measured in the field with the use of equipment normally used by professionals for the measurement in question.

Sec. 6. RCW 90.44.070 and 1987 c 109 s 110 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) No permit shall be granted for the development or withdrawal of public ground waters beyond the capacity of the underground bed or formation in the given basin, district, or locality to yield such water within a reasonable or feasible pumping lift in case of pumping developments, or within a reasonable or feasible reduction of pressure in the case of artesian developments. The department shall have the power to determine whether the granting of any such permit will injure or damage any vested or existing right or rights under prior permits and may in addition to the records of the department, require further evidence, proof, and testimony before granting or denying any such permits.
(2) No permit for the development or withdrawal of public ground waters from a confined aquifer may be denied or conditioned due to injury to, impairment of, or conflict with an existing surface water right unless the ground water withdrawal in question will impair the surface water right pursuant to RCW 90.44.030(2): PROVIDED, That this section does not affect the ability of the department to limit or restrict future ground water appropriations by adopting rules after following the procedures of RCW 90.44.180 or 90.44.400 through 90.44.420 or chapter 90.54 RCW.
(3) The department may grant a ground water permit for a withdrawal that will impair a surface water right if the applicant has proposed a satisfactory plan for mitigating the impairment. Mitigation may include, but is not limited to: Reduction in pumping rates, limitation of pumping to times that will not lead to impairment, increased recharge of the ground water, and augmentation of stream flows either through release of stored water or the import of water from out of the basin.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:
The existence of hydraulic continuity between ground water and a surface body of water does not, in itself, constitute the impairment of an existing water right in the surface water body by a proposed permit for a ground water right or an amendment to a ground water right.

(2) In making a determination as to whether an application to appropriate public water will impair existing rights the department shall take into consideration:
(a) The availability of water and the effect of granting a water right permit, transfer, change, or amendment are those that exist with the incorporation of the effects of any offset to be provided by the applicant under RCW 90.03.255 or 90.44.055 or any other water supply augmentation or mitigation to be provided by the applicant as part of his or her application for a water right permit, transfer, change, or amendment;
(b) Seasonal variations in water supply and in the recharge of surface and ground water bodies; and
(c) The provisions of RCW 90.44.030.

(3) The standards governing impairment of existing surface water rights by applications to appropriate public ground water in RCW 90.44.030(2), this subsection, and RCW 90.44.070(2) apply only to the determinations to be made by the department in ruling upon such applications, and reflect the uncertainties inherent in making tentative determinations regarding future impacts of withdrawing ground water. Any person claiming that a senior water right is injured by one or more junior water rights may file an action to enjoin the junior water rights in the superior court of the county where the claimed senior water right is located. The superior court shall hear such action de novo, and if it finds by a preponderance of the evidence that one or more junior water rights is causing or contributing to the injury of a senior water right, the court may enjoin use of the junior water rights in reverse order of priority in the manner it deems necessary to protect the senior water right. This section does not apply where the claimed senior water right consists of a minimum flow or level or the closure of a surface water body.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Any person whose application to appropriate public ground water was denied by the department of ecology between November 1, 1995, and the effective date of this section, when one of the grounds for denial was that the proposed ground water withdrawal would impair, or conflict with, surface water closures or surface water rights including minimum flows, may have his or her application reconsidered in accordance with this section. Any such person desiring reconsideration shall resubmit his or her application to the department of ecology within thirty days of the effective date of this section. The department of ecology shall accord any such resubmitted application its original priority date and shall reconsider the application on a priority basis, applying the standards of this act. The decision of the department of ecology may be appealed in the manner provided by law for appeals of decisions on applications to appropriate public water.

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "uses;" strike the remainder of the title and insert
"amending RCW 90.03.380, 90.44.100, 90.44.030, 90.44.035, and 90.44.070; adding a new section to chapter 90.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.03 RCW; and creating a new section." and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

Representative Mastin moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2050, and advance the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

Representative Mastin spoke in favor of adoption of the motion.

Representative Linville spoke against the adoption of the motion.

The motion was carried.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2050 as amended by the Senate.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2050 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 38, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2050, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 2091 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 36.70A.367 and 1996 c 167 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In addition to the major industrial development allowed under RCW 36.70A.365 and in addition to the authority to establish an urban growth area outside of a city allowed under RCW 36.70A.110, a county required or choosing to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 (that has a population greater than two hundred fifty thousand and that is part of a metropolitan area that includes a city in another state with a population greater than two hundred fifty thousand) may establish, in consultation with cities consistent with procedures and provisions of RCW 36.70A.210, a process for designating (a bank of no more than two master planned locations for major industrial activity outside) and determining the allowed uses within industrial land banks. The industrial land banks shall consist of no more than two noncontiguous locations, which may include multiple development sites outside urban growth areas.

(2) (A master planned location for major industrial developments outside an urban growth area may be included in the urban industrial land bank for the county if criteria including, but not limited to, the following are met) "Industrial land bank" means a location designated for one or more manufacturing, industrial, commercial, or high-technology businesses, and related office uses. The industrial land bank shall not be for the purpose of retail commercial development or multiple tenant office parks. An industrial land bank may be designated at (a) a unique location or a location with unique physical characteristics, or (b) a location already characterized by, or adjacent to, some existing industrial or commercial development.

(3) In order to designate an industrial land bank characterized by a unique location or unique physical characteristics, the county must make findings that: (a) The location of the industrial land bank is unique or is characterized by unique physical characteristics such as size, or proximity to transportation facilities, natural resources, or related industries that support its designation as an industrial land bank; and (b) the necessary infrastructure to support the industrial land bank is available or can be provided by private or public sources in a reasonable manner and time frame.

(4) In order to designate an industrial land bank already characterized by some existing industrial or commercial development, the county must make findings that: (a) An inventory has been conducted and there are no suitable locations available for the industrial land bank within existing urban
growth areas within the county; (b) the establishment of the industrial land bank is important to achieving documented economic development goals, policies, or plans of the county or state; (c) the necessary infrastructure to support the industrial land bank is available or can be provided by private or public sources in a reasonable manner and time frame; and (d) the industrial land bank location is characterized by some existing industrial or commercial development or is adjacent to an area characterized by such development.

(5) Final approval of an industrial land bank shall be through adoption of the comprehensive plan or an adopted amendment to the comprehensive plan, and development regulations that are consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan, except that RCW 36.70A.130(2) does not apply so that inclusion or exclusion of industrial land bank locations may be considered at any time.

(6) Nothing in this section may be construed to alter the requirements for a county to comply with chapter 43.21C RCW.

Once an industrial land bank has been approved, development that qualifies as an allowed use and that the county determines meets the requirements of subsections (7) and (8) of this section may be located there.

(7) Development in an industrial land bank characterized by unique location or unique physical characteristics must meet the following:
(a) (New) Infrastructure is provided for and/or applicable impact fees are paid;
(b) (Transit-oriented site planning) Transportation impacts are mitigated and traffic demand management programs are implemented;
(c) Buffers are provided between the (major) industrial (development) land bank and adjacent nonurban areas;
(d) Environmental (protection) impacts including impacts to air and water quality (has) have been (addressed and provided for) mitigated in accordance with chapter 43.21C and/or 36.70A RCW;
(e) Comprehensive plan policies and development regulations are established to ensure that urban growth will not occur in adjacent nonurban areas;
(f) Provision is made to mitigate adverse impacts on designated agricultural lands, forest lands, and mineral resource lands; and
(g) (The plan for the major industrial development is consistent with the county’s development regulations established for protection of critical areas; and
(h) An inventory of developable land has been conducted as provided in RCW 36.70A.365.

(3) In selecting master planned locations for inclusion in the urban industrial land bank, priority shall be given to locations that are adjacent to, or in close proximity to, an urban growth area.

(4) Final approval of inclusion of a master planned location in the urban industrial land bank shall be considered an adopted amendment to the comprehensive plan adopted pursuant to RCW 36.70A.070, except that RCW 36.70A.130(2) does not apply so that inclusion or exclusion of master planned locations may be considered at any time.

(5) Once a master planned location has been included in the urban industrial land bank, manufacturing and industrial businesses that qualify as major industrial development under RCW 36.70A.365 may be located there.

(6) Nothing in this section may be construed to alter the requirements for a county to comply with chapter 43.21C RCW.

(7) The authority of a county to engage in the process of including or excluding master planned locations from the urban industrial land bank shall terminate on December 31, 1998. However, any location included in the urban industrial land bank on December 31, 1998, shall remain available for major industrial development as long as the criteria of subsection (2) of this section continue to be met.

(8) For the purposes of this section, “major industrial development” means a master planned location suitable for manufacturing or industrial businesses that: (a) Requires a parcel of land so large that no suitable parcels are available within an urban growth area; or (b) is a natural resource-based industry requiring a location near agricultural land, forest land, or mineral resource land upon which it is dependent. The major industrial development may not be for the purpose of retail commercial development or multitenant office parks.

Development relates to the unique location or unique physical characteristics that were the basis for designation of the industrial land bank such as size, or proximity to transportation facilities, natural resources, or related industries.

(8) Development in an industrial land bank already characterized by some existing industrial or commercial development must meet the following:
(a) Infrastructure is provided for and/or applicable impact fees are paid;
(b) Transportation impacts are mitigated and traffic demand management programs are implemented;  
(c) Buffers are provided between the industrial land bank and adjacent nonurban areas;  
(d) Environmental impacts including impacts to air and water quality have been mitigated in accordance with chapter 43.21C and/or 36.70A RCW;  
(e) Comprehensive plan policies and development regulations are established to ensure that urban growth will not occur in adjacent nonurban areas; and  
(f) Provision is made to mitigate adverse impacts on designated agricultural lands, forest lands, and mineral resource lands.”

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "banks;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 36.70A.367."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

Representative Cairnes moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 2091, and advance the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

Representatives Cairnes, Cairnes, Reams, Pennington and Sheldon spoke in favor of adoption of the motion.

Representative Gardner, Romero and Gardner spoke against the adoption of the motion.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the motion to concur with the Senate amendments to House Bill No. 2091 and advanced the bill to final passage and the motion was adopted by the following vote:

Yeas - 57, Nays - 41, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 2091 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Cairnes, Sherstad and Cairnes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Linville and Romero spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 2091 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 64, Nays - 34, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 2091, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2227 with the following amendments:

On page 2, line 23, strike "class C felony" and insert "gross misdemeanor"

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 2227, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2227 as amended by the Senate.

Representative Clements spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2227 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Substitute House Bill No. 2227, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1605 with the following amendments:

On page 7, beginning on line 16, after "(4)" strike all material through "rule." on line 38, and insert "A law enforcement officer, fire fighter, health care provider, health care facility staff person, department of corrections' staff person, jail staff person, or other categories of employment determined by the board in rule to be at risk of substantial exposure to HIV, who has experienced a substantial exposure to another person's bodily fluids in the course of his or her employment, may request a state or local public health officer to order pretest counseling, HIV testing, and posttest counseling for the person whose bodily fluids he or she has been exposed to. If the state or local public health officer refuses to order counseling and testing under this subsection, the person who made the request may petition the superior court for a hearing to determine whether an order shall be issued. The hearing on the petition shall be held within seventy-two hours of filing the petition, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The standard of review to determine whether the public health officer shall be required to issue the order is whether substantial exposure occurred and whether that exposure presents a possible risk of transmission of the HIV virus as defined by the board by rule. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the court shall issue the appropriate order.

The person who is subject to the state or local public health officer's order to receive counseling and testing shall be given written notice of the order promptly, personally, and confidentially, stating the grounds and provisions of the order, including the factual basis therefor. If the person who is subject to the order refuses to comply, the state or local public health officer may petition the superior court for a hearing. The hearing on the petition shall be held within seventy-two hours of filing the petition, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The standard of review for the order is whether substantial exposure occurred and whether that exposure presents a possible risk of transmission of the HIV virus as defined by the board by rule. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the court shall issue the appropriate order.

The state or local public health officer shall perform counseling and testing under this subsection if he or she finds that the exposure was substantial and presents a possible risk as defined by the board of health by rule or if he or she is ordered to do so by a court.

The counseling and testing required under this subsection shall be completed as soon as possible after the substantial exposure or after an order is issued by a court, but shall begin not later than seventy-two hours after the substantial exposure or an order is issued by the court."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

MOTION

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1605, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Ballasotes, Radcliff and Quall as Conferees on Substitute House Bill No. 1605.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6061 and asks the House to recede therefrom, and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MOTION

There being no objection, the House refused to recede from the House amendment(s) to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6061, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives K. Schmidt, Mitchell and Fisher as Conferees on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6061.

RE-APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representative Hickel to replace Representative Talcott as Conferee on Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5508.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5149 and asks the House to recede therefrom, and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Substitute Senate Bill No. 5149 was returned to second reading for the purpose of an amendment.

Representative Pennington moved the following amendment by Representative D. Schmidt (705):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 42.17.132 and 1995 c 397 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) During the twelve-month period (preceding the last day for certification of the election results for a state legislator's election to office)) beginning on December 1st of the year before a general election for a state legislator's election to office and continuing through November 30th immediately after the general election, the legislator may not mail, either by regular mail or electronic mail, to a constituent at public expense a letter, newsletter, brochure, or other piece of literature, except as (provided in this section.) follows:
(a) The legislator may mail ((one)) two mailings of newsletters to constituents. All newsletters within each mailing of newsletters must be identical as to their content but not as to the constituent name or address. One such mailing may be mailed no later than thirty days after the start of a regular legislative session (and one), except that a legislator appointed during a regular legislative session to fill a vacant seat may have up to thirty days from the date of appointment to send out the first mailing. The other mailing may be mailed no later than sixty days after the end of a regular legislative session (of identical newsletters to constituents)).
(b) The legislator may mail an individual letter to (i) an individual constituent who ((i)) has contacted the legislator regarding the subject matter of the letter during the legislator's current term of office; (or (2)) (ii) an individual constituent who holds a governmental office with jurisdiction over the subject matter of the letter; or (iii) an individual constituent who has received an award or honor of extraordinary distinction of a type that is sufficiently infrequent to be noteworthy to a reasonable person, including, but not limited to: (A) An international or national award such as the Nobel prize or
the Pulitzer prize; (B) a state award such as Washington scholar; (C) an Eagle Scout award; and (D) a Medal of Honor.

(2) For purposes of subsection (1) of this section, "legislator" means a legislator who is a "candidate," as defined by RCW 42.17.020, for any public office.

(3) A violation of this section constitutes use of the facilities of a public office for the purpose of assisting a campaign under RCW 42.52.180.

(4) The house of representatives and senate shall specifically limit expenditures per member for the total cost of mailings((including production costs, printing costs, and postage costs. The limits imposed under this subsection apply only to the total expenditures on mailings per member and not to any categorical cost within the total.))

(5) For purposes of this section, persons residing outside the legislative district represented by the legislator are not considered to be constituents, but students, military personnel, or others temporarily employed outside of the district who normally reside in the district are considered to be constituents.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. RCW 42.17.132, as amended by this act, is recodified as a new section in chapter 42.52 RCW, to be placed between RCW 42.52.180 and 42.52.190.”

Representatives Pennington and Scott spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5149 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5149, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

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<tr>
<td>1361</td>
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ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2042,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2080,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2128,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2165,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2267,

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5034 and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as conferees:

Senators Schow, Heavey and Oke

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate’s request for a conference on SENATE BILL NO. 5034. The Speaker appointed the following members as conferees:

Representatives McMorris, Honeyford and Wood

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5082 and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as conferees:

Senators Long, Hargrove and Zarelli

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate’s request for a conference on ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5082. The Speaker appointed the following members as conferees:

Representatives Cooke, Ballasiotes and Wolfe

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President of the Senate ruled the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5628 beyond the Scope and Object of the bill. The Senate refuses to concur in said amendment(s) and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendments to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5628, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.
APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Crouse, DeBolt and Poulsen as Conferees on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5628.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5710 and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as conferees:

Senators Long, Hargrove and Zarelli

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate’s request for a conference on ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5710. The Speaker appointed the following members as conferees:

Representatives Carrell, Cooke and Kastama

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5718 and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as conferees:

Senators Wood, Haugen and Horn

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate’s request for a conference on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5718. The Speaker appointed the following members as conferees:

Representatives Robertson, K. Schmidt and Hatfield

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2097 with the following amendments:

On page 1, line 12, after "insurance commissioner;" insert (b) Derivative instruments shall not be used for speculative purposes, but only as stated in subsection (1)(a);"

Renumber the sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
MOTION

Representative L. Thomas moved that the House not concur in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 2097 and ask the Senate to recede therefrom.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of the adoption of the motion. The motion was carried.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives L. Thomas, Benson and Keiser as conferees on Substitute House Bill No. 2097.

MOTION

Representative Sheahan moved that the House not concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1130, and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

Representative Constantine moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1130 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

Representative Constantine spoke in favor of the motion.

Representative Sheahan spoke against the motion.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 42-YEAS; 56-NAYS. The motion was not carried.

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1130, and asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 16, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1130 with the following amendments:

On page 4, line 1, strike all of Section 8.

Renumber the sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "RCW;", insert "and".

On page 1, beginning on line 3 of the title, after "sections" strike "; and providing for submission of this act to a vote of the people".

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MOTION

Representative Constantine moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1130 and pass the bill as amended by the Senate.

Representative Sheahan spoke against the motion.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 42-YEAS; 56-NAYS. The motion was not carried.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1058 with the following amendments:
On page 1 after line 17, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The health of the people of our state is a most important public concern. The state has an interest in assuring the continued existence of accessible, affordable health care facilities that are responsive to the needs of the communities in which they exist. The state also has a responsibility to protect the public interest in nonprofit hospitals and to clarify the responsibilities of local public hospital district boards with respect to public hospital district assets by making certain that the charitable and public assets of those hospitals are managed prudently and safeguarded consistent with their mission under the laws governing nonprofit and municipal corporations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

1) "Department" means the Washington state department of health.

2) "Hospital" means any entity that is: (a) Defined as a hospital in RCW 70.41.020 and is required to obtain a license under RCW 70.41.090; or (b) a psychiatric hospital required to obtain a license under chapter 71.12 RCW.

3) "Acquisition" means an acquisition by a person of an interest in a nonprofit hospital, whether by purchase, merger, lease, gift, joint venture, or otherwise, that results in a change of ownership or control of twenty percent or more of the assets of the hospital, or that results in the acquiring person holding or controlling fifty percent or more of the assets of the hospital, but acquisition does not include an acquisition if the acquiring person: (a) Is a nonprofit corporation having a substantially similar charitable health care purpose as the nonprofit corporation from whom the hospital is being acquired, or is a government entity; (b) is exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code or as a government entity; and (c) will maintain representation from the affected community on the local board of the hospital.

4) "Nonprofit hospital" means a hospital owned by a nonprofit corporation organized under Title 24 RCW.

5) "Person" means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, a corporation including associations, limited liability companies, joint stock companies, and insurance companies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) A person may not engage in the acquisition of a nonprofit hospital without first having applied for and received the approval of the department under this chapter.

2) An application must be submitted to the department on forms provided by the department, and at a minimum must include: The name of the hospital being acquired, the name of the acquiring person or other parties to the acquisition, the acquisition price, a copy of the acquisition agreement, a financial and economic analysis and report from an independent expert or consultant of the effect of the acquisition under the criteria in section 8 of this act, and all other related documents. The applications and all related documents are considered public records for purposes of chapter 42.17 RCW.

3) The department shall charge an applicant fees sufficient to cover the costs of implementing this chapter. The fees must include the cost of the attorney general’s opinion under section 7 of this act. The department shall transfer this portion of the fee, upon receipt, to the attorney general.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The department, in consultation with the attorney general, shall determine if the application is complete for the purposes of review. The department may find that an application is incomplete if a question on the application form has not been answered in whole or in part, or has been answered in a manner that does not fairly meet the question addressed, or if the application does not include attachments of supporting documents as required by section 4 of this act. If the department determines that an application is incomplete, it shall notify the applicant within fifteen working days after the date the application was received stating the reasons for its determination of incompleteness, with reference to the particular questions for which a deficiency is noted.

2) Within five working days after receipt of a completed application, the department shall publish notice of the application in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or counties where the hospital is located and shall notify by first class United States mail, electronic mail, or facsimile transmission, any person who has requested notice of the filing of such applications. The notice must state that an application has been received, state the names of the parties to the agreement, describe the contents of the application, and state the date by which a person may submit written comments about the application to the department.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. During the course of review under this chapter, the department shall conduct one or more public hearings, at least one of which must be in the county where the hospital to be acquired is located. At the hearings, anyone may file written comments and exhibits or appear and make a statement. The department may subpoena additional information or witnesses, require and administer oaths, require sworn statements, take depositions, and use related discovery procedures for purposes of the hearing and at any time prior to making a decision on the application.

A hearing must be held not later than forty-five days after receipt of a completed application. At least ten days' public notice must be given before the holding of a hearing.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) The department shall provide the attorney general with a copy of a completed application upon receiving it. The attorney general shall review the completed application, and within forty-five days of the first public hearing held under section 6 of this act shall provide a written opinion to the department as to whether or not the acquisition meets the requirements for approval in section 8 of this act.

(2) The department shall review the completed application to determine whether or not the acquisition meets the requirements for approval in sections 8 and 9 of this act. Within thirty days after receiving the written opinion of the attorney general under subsection (1) of this section, the department shall:

(a) Approve the acquisition, with or without any specific modifications or conditions; or
(b) Disapprove the acquisition.

(3) The department may not make its decision subject to any condition not directly related to requirements in section 8 or 9 of this act, and any condition or modification must bear a direct and rational relationship to the application under review.

(4) A person engaged in an acquisition and affected by a final decision of the department has the right to an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW. The opinion of the attorney general provided under subsection (1) of this section may not constitute a final decision for purposes of review.

(5) The department or the attorney general may extend, by not more than thirty days, any deadline established under this chapter one time during consideration of any application, for good cause.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The department shall only approve an application if the parties to the acquisition have taken the proper steps to safeguard the value of charitable assets and ensure that any proceeds from the acquisition are used for appropriate charitable health purposes. To this end, the department may not approve an application unless, at a minimum, it determines that:

(1) The acquisition is permitted under chapter 24.03 RCW, the Washington nonprofit corporation act, and other laws governing nonprofit entities, trusts, or charities;

(2) The nonprofit corporation that owns the hospital being acquired has exercised due diligence in authorizing the acquisition, selecting the acquiring person, and negotiating the terms and conditions of the acquisition;

(3) The procedures used by the nonprofit corporation’s board of trustees and officers in making its decision fulfilled their fiduciary duties, that the board and officers were sufficiently informed about the proposed acquisition and possible alternatives, and that they used appropriate expert assistance;

(4) No conflict of interest exists related to the acquisition, including, but not limited to, conflicts of interest related to board members of, executives of, and experts retained by the nonprofit corporation, acquiring person, or other parties to the acquisition;

(5) The nonprofit corporation will receive fair market value for its assets. The attorney general or the department may employ, at the expense of the acquiring person, reasonably necessary expert assistance in making this determination. This expense must be in addition to the fees charged under section 4 of this act;

(6) Charitable funds will not be placed at unreasonable risk, if the acquisition is financed in part by the nonprofit corporation;

(7) Any management contract under the acquisition will be for fair market value;

(8) The proceeds from the acquisition will be controlled as charitable funds independently of the acquiring person or parties to the acquisition, and will be used for charitable health purposes consistent with the nonprofit corporation’s original purpose, including providing health care to the disadvantaged, the uninsured, and the underinsured and providing benefits to promote improved health in the affected community;
(9) Any charitable entity established to hold the proceeds of the acquisition will be broadly based in and representative of the community where the hospital to be acquired is located, taking into consideration the structure and governance of such entity; and

(10) A right of first refusal to repurchase the assets by a successor nonprofit corporation or foundation has been retained if the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired by, or merged with another entity.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The department shall only approve an application if the acquisition in question will not detrimentally affect the continued existence of accessible, affordable health care that is responsive to the needs of the community in which the hospital to be acquired is located. To this end, the department shall not approve an application unless, at a minimum, it determines that:

(1) Sufficient safeguards are included to assure the affected community continued access to affordable care, and that alternative sources of care are available in the community should the acquisition result in a reduction or elimination of particular health services;

(2) The acquisition will not result in the revocation of hospital privileges;

(3) Sufficient safeguards are included to maintain appropriate capacity for health science research and health care provider education;

(4) The acquiring person and parties to the acquisition are committed to providing health care to the disadvantaged, the uninsured, and the underinsured and to providing benefits to promote improved health in the affected community. Activities and funding provided under section 8(8) of this act may be considered in evaluating compliance with this commitment; and

(5) Sufficient safeguards are included to avoid conflict of interest in patient referral.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) The secretary of state may not accept any forms or documents in connection with any acquisition of a nonprofit hospital until the acquisition has been approved by the department under this chapter.

(2) The attorney general may seek an injunction to prevent any acquisition not approved by the department under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. The department shall require periodic reports from the nonprofit corporation or its successor nonprofit corporation or foundation and from the acquiring person or other parties to the acquisition to ensure compliance with commitments made. The department may subpoena information and documents and may conduct onsite compliance audits at the acquiring person’s expense.

If the department receives information indicating that the acquiring person is not fulfilling commitments to the affected community under section 9 of this act, the department shall hold a hearing upon ten days’ notice to the affected parties. If after the hearing the department determines that the information is true, it may revoke or suspend the hospital license issued to the acquiring person pursuant to the procedure established under RCW 70.41.130, refer the matter to the attorney general for appropriate action, or both. The attorney general may seek a court order compelling the acquiring person to fulfill its commitments under section 9 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. The attorney general has the authority to ensure compliance with commitments that inure to the public interest.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. An acquisition of a hospital completed before the effective date of this act and an acquisition in which an application for a certificate of need under chapter 70.38 RCW has been granted by the department before the effective date of this act is not subject to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. No provision of this chapter derogates from the common law or statutory authority of the attorney general.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. The department may adopt rules necessary to implement this chapter and may contract with and provide reasonable reimbursement to qualified persons to assist in determining whether the requirements of sections 8 and 9 have been met.

Sec. 16. RCW 70.44.007 and 1982 c 84 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, the following words ((shall)) have the meanings indicated:

1. ((The words)) "Other health care facilities" ((shall)) means nursing home, extended care, long-term care, outpatient and rehabilitative facilities, ambulances, and such other facilities as are appropriate to the health needs of the population served.

2. ((The words)) "Other health care services" ((shall)) means nursing home, extended care, long-term care, outpatient, rehabilitative, health maintenance, and ambulance services and such other services as are appropriate to the health needs of the population served.

3. "Public hospital district" or "district" means public health care service district.

Sec. 17. RCW 70.44.240 and 1982 c 84 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

Any public hospital district may contract or join with any other public hospital district, any publicly owned hospital, any nonprofit hospital, any corporation, any other legal entity, or individual to acquire ((or provide services or facilities)) own, operate, manage, or provide any hospital or other health care facilities or hospital services or other health care services to be used by individuals, districts, hospitals, or others, including the providing of health maintenance services. If a public hospital district chooses to contract or join with another party or parties pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, it may do so through the establishment of a nonprofit corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other legal entity of its choosing in which the public hospital district and the other party or parties participate. The governing body of such legal entity shall include representatives of the public hospital district, including members of the public hospital district’s board of commissioners. A public hospital district contracting or joining with another party pursuant to the provisions of this chapter may appropriate funds and may sell, lease, or otherwise provide property, personnel, and services to the legal entity established to carry out the contract or joint activity.

Sec. 18. RCW 70.44.300 and 1984 c 103 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The board of commissioners of any public hospital district may sell and convey at public or private sale real property of the district ((which)) if the board ((has determined)) determines by resolution that the property is no longer required for public hospital district purposes or determines by resolution that the sale of the property will further the purposes of the public hospital district. ((Such sale and conveyance may be by deed or real estate contract.))

2. Any sale of district real property authorized pursuant to this section shall be preceded, not more than one year prior to the date of sale, by market value appraisals by three licensed real estate brokers or professionally designated real estate appraisers as defined in RCW 74.46.020 or three independent experts in valuing health care property, selected by the board of commissioners, and no sale shall take place if the sale price would be less than ninety percent of the average of such appraisals.

3. When the board of commissioners of any public hospital district proposes a sale of district real property pursuant to this section and the value of the property exceeds one hundred thousand dollars, the board shall publish a notice of its intention to sell the property. The notice shall be published at least once each week during two consecutive weeks in a legal newspaper of general circulation within the public hospital district. The notice shall describe the property to be sold and designate the place where and the day and hour when a hearing will be held. The board shall hold a public hearing upon the proposal to dispose of the public hospital district property at the place and the day and hour fixed in the notice and consider evidence offered for and against the propriety and advisability of the proposed sale.

4. If in the judgment of the board of commissioners of any district the sale of any district real property not needed for public hospital district purposes would be facilitated and greater value realized through use of the services of licensed real estate brokers, a contract for such services may be negotiated and concluded. The fee or commissions charged for any broker service shall not exceed seven percent of the resulting sale price for a single parcel. No licensed real estate broker or professionally designated real estate appraisers as defined in RCW 74.46.020 or independent expert in valuing health care property selected by the board to appraise the market value of a parcel of property to be sold may be a party to any contract with the public hospital district to sell such property for a period of three years after the appraisal.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 70.44 RCW to read as follows:
(1) When evaluating a potential acquisition, the commissioners shall determine their compliance with the following requirements:
   (a) That the acquisition is authorized under chapter 70.44 RCW and other laws governing public hospital districts;
   (b) That the procedures used in the decision-making process allowed district officials to thoroughly fulfill their due diligence responsibilities as municipal officers, including those covered under chapter 42.23 RCW governing conflicts of interest and chapter 42.20 RCW prohibiting malfeasance of public officials;
   (c) That the acquisition will not result in the revocation of hospital privileges;
   (d) That sufficient safeguards are included to maintain appropriate capacity for health science research and health care provider education;
   (e) That the acquisition is allowed under Article VIII, section 7 of the state Constitution, which prohibits gifts of public funds or lending of credit and Article XI, section 14, prohibiting private use of public funds;
   (f) That the public hospital district will retain control over district functions as required under chapter 70.44 RCW and other laws governing hospital districts;
   (g) That the activities related to the acquisition process complied with chapters 42.17 and 42.32 RCW, governing disclosure of public records, and chapter 42.30 RCW, governing public meetings;
   (h) That the acquisition complies with the requirements of RCW 70.44.300 relating to fair market value; and
   (i) Other state laws affecting the proposed acquisition.

(2) The commissioners shall also determine whether the public hospital district should retain a right of first refusal to repurchase the assets by the public hospital district if the hospital is subsequently sold to, acquired by, or merged with another entity.

(3)(a) Prior to approving the acquisition of a district hospital, the board of commissioners of the hospital district shall obtain a written opinion from a qualified independent expert or the Washington state department of health as to whether or not the acquisition meets the standards set forth in section 9 of this act.
   (b) Upon request, the hospital district and the person seeking to acquire its hospital shall provide the department or independent expert with any needed information and documents. The department shall charge the hospital district for any costs the department incurs in preparing an opinion under this section. The hospital district may recover from the acquiring person any costs it incurs in obtaining the opinion from either the department or the independent expert. The opinion shall be delivered to the board of commissioners no later than ninety days after it is requested.
   (c) Within ten working days after it receives the opinion, the board of commissioners shall publish notice of the opinion in at least one newspaper of general circulation within the hospital district, stating how a person may obtain a copy, and giving the time and location of the hearing required under (d) of this subsection. It shall make a copy of the report and the opinion available to anyone upon request.
   (d) Within thirty days after it received the opinion, the board of commissioners shall hold a public hearing regarding the proposed acquisition. The board of commissioners may vote to approve the acquisition no sooner than thirty days following the public hearing.

(4)(a) For purposes of this section, "acquisition" means an acquisition by a person of any interest in a hospital owned by a public hospital district, whether by purchase, merger, lease, or otherwise, that results in a change of ownership or control of twenty percent or more of the assets of a hospital currently licensed and operating under RCW 70.41.090. Acquisition does not include an acquisition where the other party or parties to the acquisition are nonprofit corporations having a substantially similar charitable health care purpose, organizations exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, or governmental entities. Acquisition does not include an acquisition where the other party is an organization that is a limited liability corporation, a partnership, or any other legal entity and the members, partners, or otherwise designated controlling parties of the organization are all nonprofit corporations having a charitable health care purpose, organizations exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code, or governmental entities. Acquisition does not include activities between two or more governmental organizations, including organizations acting pursuant to chapter 39.34 RCW, regardless of the type of organizational structure used by the governmental entities.
(b) For purposes of this subsection (4), "person" means an individual, a trust or estate, a partnership, a corporation including associations, a limited liability company, a joint stock company, or an insurance company.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. Sections 2 through 15 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Renumber the sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "to", strike all material through and including "in".

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "hospitals, strike "and".

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "70.41.150" insert "; 70.44.007; 70.44.240; 70.44.300; adding a new section to chapter 70.44 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 70 RCW; and declaring an emergency".

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Sheldon: Mr. Speaker, I request a scope and object on the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1058.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 1058, and the bill holds it’s place on the calendar.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5071 and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MOTION

Representative Smith: Mr. Speaker, I move that the House insist on its position regarding the House amendments to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5071, and again ask the Senate to concur therein.

MOTION

Representative Cole: Mr. Speaker, I move that the House recede from its position and pass SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5071 without the House amendments.
Representative Cole spoke in favor of the motion.

Representative Smith spoke against the motion. The motion was not carried.

The question before the House was the motion that the House insist on its position regarding the House amendments to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071, and again ask the Senate to concur therein.

Representative Smith spoke in favor of the motion.

Representative Cole spoke against the motion.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 59-YEAS; 39-NAYS. The motion was carried.


WHEREAS, April 22, 1997, marks the twenty-seventh Earth Day; and
WHEREAS, This world-wide event is an annual opportunity for people around the world to recommit themselves to a healthy environment and sustainable communities; and
WHEREAS, The number of people participating in Earth Day has grown from twenty million to more than two hundred million people in one hundred forty-one countries; and
WHEREAS, Since the first Earth Day in 1970, Congress has enacted a number of important environmental laws protecting our air, water, lands, and wildlife; and
WHEREAS, More Americans now understand that air, water, soil, forests, minerals, rivers, lakes, oceans, scenic beauty, wildlife habitats, and biodiversity constitute the wealth of the nation; and
WHEREAS, The protection of these resources help stimulate our economy, enhance our quality of life, and ensure a viable future for our children and grandchildren;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize our obligation to protect the planet and the state of Washington for future generations; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives support the efforts and activities of Earth Day events scheduled in communities throughout Washington and around the world.

Representative Regala moved the adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Regala, Lantz, Reams and Pennington spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4667 was adopted.

Representative Ogden: Members are invited to view a very unique collection of historical art today, Tuesday April 22, at the State Capital Museum, at 12:30 p.m.

Those who attend will have the opportunity to view a rare collection of artistic proposals and visual documents submitted in the context of competitions to identify artwork for the Legislative Building. These pieces are from state museum vaults; they are unconserved and are not on exhibit to the general public.

The history of murals proposed for this building spans several decades, Backlund to the 1920s vision of the building’s architects, Wilder and White. The pieces that chronicle that history are locked in storage -- long outside public view -- awaiting the conservation, repair and framing that would allow their exhibition.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997
The President has signed:

- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1033,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1085,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1110,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1292,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1360,
- SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1392,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1367,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1420,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1457,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1458,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1468,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1474,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1491,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1499,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1513,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1589,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1632,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1791,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 2117,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2276,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5175 and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House receded from its position and advanced Substitute Senate Bill No. 5175 without the House amendments to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5175 without House amendments.

Representatives Mastin and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5175 without House amendments, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 42, Nays - 56, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5175, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President of the Senate ruled the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5468 within the Scope and Object of the bill. The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s), and asks the House to recede therefrom,

Date of Ruling April 21, 1997
Bill No. SB 5468
An Act Relating to: Apiaries.

IN RULING UPON THE POINT OF ORDER RAISED (DATE: APRIL 19, 1997) BY SENATOR RASMUSSEN TO THE SCOPE AND OBJECT OF THE HOUSE AMENDMENT THE PRESIDENT FINDS THAT SB 5468 IS A MEASURE WHICH: MAKES DIFFERING PROVISIONS RELATING TO BEEKEEPING; INCLUDING (1) EXEMPTING BEEKEEPING FROM THE ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TO ACTIONABLE NUISANCE, (2) DIRECTING THE APIARY ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO EXPLORE THE BENEFITS OF LOCATING POLLINATING BEES ON STATE LANDS, AND (3) ENABLING THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TO ESTABLISH A MODEL HONEY BEE MANAGEMENT PROGRAM AT THE REQUEST OF THE APIARY ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

THE HOUSE AMENDMENT WOULD MAKE SIMILAR PROVISIONS AND ADD ANOTHER RELATED PROVISION; NAMELY THE AMENDMENT WOULD REPEAL A FEE PAID BY USERS OF BEE SERVICES TO FUND THE INDUSTRY APIARY ADVISORY ACCOUNT. THE PRESIDENT THEREFORE FINDS THAT THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT DOES NOT CHANGE THE SCOPE AND OBJECT OF THE BILL AND THE POINT OF ORDER IS NOT WELL TAKEN.

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objections, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendment(s) to Senate Bill No. 5468, and again ask the Senate to concur therein.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5511 and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Substitute Senate Bill No. 5511 was returned to second reading for the purpose of an amendment.

Representative Boldt moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Boldt:
On page 1, line 10, after "information" strike "determined to be unfounded" and insert "related to unfounded referrals".

On page 1, beginning on line 16, strike all matter through "services." on line 19.

On page 3, after line 12, insert the following:

"Sec. 4. RCW 26.44.020 and 1996 c 178 § 10 are each amended to read as follows:
For the purpose of and as used in this chapter:
(1) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, juvenile department.
(2) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff.
(3) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" shall include a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That a person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner shall not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.
(4) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment or care.
(5) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
(6) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.
(7) "Professional school personnel" shall include, but not be limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.
(8) "Social service counselor" shall mean anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support or education of children, or providing social services to adults or families, including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(9) "Psychologist" shall mean any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(10) "Pharmacist" shall mean any registered pharmacist under the provisions of chapter 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(11) "Clergy" shall mean any regularly licensed or ordained minister, priest or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(12) "Abuse or neglect" shall mean the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person by any person under circumstances which indicate that the child's or adult's health, welfare, and safety is harmed. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined herein.
(13) "Child protective services section" shall mean the child protective services section of the department.
(14) "Adult dependent persons" shall be defined as those persons over the age of eighteen years who have been found to be legally incompetent or disabled pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW.
(15) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any person.
(16) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or omission which evidences a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to the child's health, welfare, and safety.
(17) "Developmentally disabled person" means a person who has a disability defined in RCW 71A.10.020.
(18) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard the general welfare of such children and shall include investigations of child abuse and neglect reports, including reports regarding child care
centers and family child care homes, and the development, management, and provision of or referral to
services to ameliorate conditions which endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary
programs and services relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and
neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining
whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such
services solely because of the child’s unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.

(19) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an evil intent, wish, or design to vex, annoy, or injure
another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in wilful disregard of the rights of
another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty
betraying a wilful disregard of social duty.

(20) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as
being a "sexually aggressive youth.

(21) "Unfounded" means available evidence indicates that, more likely than not, child abuse or
neglect did not occur."

Correct the title.

Representatives Boldt and Tokuda spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Boldt and Tokuda spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill
No. 5511.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5511 and the bill
passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 76, Nays - 22, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Boldt,
Buck, Bush, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Clements, Constantine, Cooke, Cooper, Crouse,
DeBolt, Delvin, Doumit, Dunn, Dyer, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel,
Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Kastama, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Linville, Lisk, Mason, Mastin,
McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, O'Brien, Ogden, Parlette, Pennington,
Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Robertson, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Sehl, Sheahan,
Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sommers, H., Sterk, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, L.,
Thompson, Van Luven, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 76.

Voting nay: Representatives Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Conway, Costa,
Dickerson, Dunshee, Fisher, Keiser, Kenney, Lantz, Murray, Regala, Romero, Scott, Sullivan,
Thomas, B., Tokuda and Veloria - 22.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5511, having received the constitutional majority, was declared
passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE NO.
5270, and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendments to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives L. Thomas, Smith and Wolfe as Conferees on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270.

SIGN BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

- ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1032,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1056,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1076,
- HOUSE BILL NO. 1162,
- SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1191,
- ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1527,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1536,
- SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1557,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1607,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1620,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1768,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1770,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1792,
- SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1817,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1826,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1875,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2096,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2170,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2189,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2264,
- ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2272,

REAPPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representative Conway as conferee on Senate Bill No. 5034 to replace Representative Wood.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5327 and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Morton, Hargrove and Rossi

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate request for a conference on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5327. The Speaker appointed the following members as Conferees:

Representatives Buck, Alexander and Butler
MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5886 and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Strannigan, Jacobson and Oke

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate request for a conference on Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886. The Speaker appointed the following members as Conferees:

Representatives Buck, Alexander and Anderson

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5574 and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Horn, Patterson and Swecker

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate request for a conference on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574. The Speaker appointed the following members as Conferees:

Representatives Carrell, Mulliken and Dunshee

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5491 and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Long, Franklin and Stevens

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate request for a conference on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491. The Speaker appointed the following members as Conferees:

Representatives Boldt, Bush and Tokuda

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997
Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

SIGNER BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

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There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2286 by Representatives Dyer and Cody

AN ACT Relating to naturopathic physicians; amending RCW 18.36A.010, 18.36A.020, 18.36A.030, 18.36A.040, 18.36A.050, 18.36A.070, 18.06.050, 18.74.010, 18.120.020, and 43.70.470; and reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.040.

Referred to Committee on Health Care.

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business was referred to the committee so designated.

RESOLUTIONS


WHEREAS, The Washington State Legislature recognizes that a healthy, robust, and protected population of whales and other marine mammals within Washington coastal waters is of critical significance to our regional ecology, economy, recreation opportunities, and our general quality of life; and

WHEREAS, The presence of migrating and residential marine mammal populations is also a distinctive element of our state’s geographical, cultural, and historical identity, and our children’s natural legacy; and

WHEREAS, Due to the privileged presence of cetaceans and pinnipeds in our waters, many coastal communities, which currently endure the economic hardships of declining fisheries and timber, have successfully turned to sustainable natural resource-based tourism, including whale-watching
activities, an industry that now generates more than eleven million dollars of direct state-wide revenue annually and which greatly benefits secondary tourism and hospitality business; and

WHEREAS, Despite the establishment of a federal Marine Mammal Protection Act in 1972, many species of marine mammals, nationally and internationally, continue to endure threats from humans through overfishing, habitat degradation, small-scale harvesting, environmental and atmospheric pollution, and other anthropogenic causes; and

WHEREAS, The Legislature recognizes that efforts to protect and maintain healthy and robust marine mammal species is of vital benefit to both ourselves and our children, and that the responsible guardianship of our existing marine mammal populations will provide future generations with enjoyment and sustainable educational, recreational, and tourism resources for years to come;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives acknowledge efforts by our residents to protect marine mammals living in and migrating through our coastal waters for present and future generations, so that the coastlines and estuaries of the state of Washington may become renowned internationally as places of sanctuary for all marine mammals.

There being no objection, House Resolution No. 4668 was adopted.

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4663, by Representatives Tokuda, Mason, Veloria and Cody

WHEREAS, The Seattle Community For Youth was founded in 1985 as a nonprofit organization to promote the use of mentors to prevent academic and social failures by positively participating in the lives of youth at risk. The focus of Steps Ahead is ninth and tenth graders identified by teachers and counselors as needing extra adult guidance to make a successful transition from middle school to high school. There is no other volunteer mentor program working in the Seattle public schools matching adults with high school students that offers this rigorous day-to-day support for youth nominated by teachers and counselors; and

WHEREAS, Students are given the choice to participate in this program, entering as ninth graders with the option of reenrolling each year. They know they are committing for an entire school year. They set their own goals for school performance, attendance, behavior, and relationships at home. The program works because these students want to succeed in school and in life but, simply, do not have all the skills to do so; and

WHEREAS, Many of these students are likely to drop out, get into trouble with the school or the law, or get pregnant. They have risk factors such as: Siblings who have dropped out of school, truancy, death of a parent or close relative, behind a grade in school, abuse, previously homeless, academic achievement significantly below ability level, or gang involvement; and

WHEREAS, During its first six years, two hundred thirty-five ninth graders enrolled. The program is now in its seventh year at Rainier Beach High School, fourth year at Cleveland High School, and third year at Garfield High School in Seattle; and

WHEREAS, The Seattle Community For Youth encourages the returning students to continue in the program as juniors and seniors in the Steps Beyond program. With mentors, these students work in monthly workshops learning leadership skills as they volunteer to work with other community volunteer groups. They continue to apply their learning in the areas of responsibility, commitment, and personal integrity; and

WHEREAS, Steps Ahead students do better than their statistical control group. Steps Ahead students have ten percent better classroom attendance, twenty-five percent fewer failing grades, and fifteen percent fewer dropouts, expulsions, and long-term suspensions. Over the course of the school years, more of the control group of students commit increasingly serious offenses and leave school while the Steps Ahead students receive fewer discipline referrals and the seriousness of the offenses diminishes; and

WHEREAS, Students from the Steps Ahead group graduated from the Rainier Beach High School in June 1994. One third of the graduates won scholarships and scholastic awards and one-fifth were on the honor roll;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the Community For Youth organization for its outstanding contribution to the state of Washington, the city of Seattle, and the community for which it was founded; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the adult mentors of the Seattle Community For Youth for their dedication to the youth of today and the leaders of tomorrow; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the students voluntarily participating in this program and commend them for looking out for their own futures; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Community For Youth should act as a model for others desiring to contribute in a positive manner for the benefit of the community to act as positive role models for the youth of the state of Washington.

There being no objection, House Resolution No. 4663 was adopted.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Wednesday, April 23, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Point of Order, Representative Sheldon 60

ONE HUNDREDTH DAY, APRIL 22, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
ONE HUNDRED-FIRST DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, April 23, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Parlette presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Deric Dalton and Danika Winter. Prayer was offered by Pastor Roger Davidson, Lacey Community Church, Lacey.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

Representative Pennington assumed the chair.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1687 with the following amendments:

On page 18, beginning on line 18, after "or" strike everything through "parent." on line 24, and insert "until the employer no longer employs the responsible parent and is no longer in possession of or owing any earnings to the responsible parent. The employer shall promptly notify the office of support enforcement when the employer no longer employs the parent subject to the notice. For the employment security department, the notice of payroll deduction shall remain in effect until released by the office of support enforcement or until the court enters an order terminating the notice.

Renumber the sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MOTION

Representative Sheahan moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1687, and advance the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the motion.

Representative Constantine spoke against passage of the motion.

The motion was carried.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1687 as amended by the Senate.

Representative Sheahan spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Constantine spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1687 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 63, Nays - 31, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Excused: Representatives Carrell, Cooke, Murray and Poulsen - 4.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1687, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of House Bill No. 1708 and the bill held it’s place on the calendar.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1935 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 35.63 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding any zoning provision pertaining to minimum lot sizes, inherited property that is exempt from subdivision and platting requirements pursuant to RCW 58.17.040(3) may be developed, so long as:

(a) The property is developed for a use that is authorized for that property under current zoning laws;

(b) Each lot that is created contains sufficient area for a single-family residence and an on-site sewage disposal system using any method of on-site sewage disposal appropriate for the lot under standards that exist when the lots are created, as determined by the local health department with such lot and on-site sewage disposal system submitted for final approval to the legislative body of the city or town within five years of the date of creation of the lot;

(c) The people inheriting the property are immediate family members of the deceased; and

(d) The number of parcels into which the property is divided equals no more than the number of immediate family members who inherit property under this section, not to exceed ten parcels.

(2) For purposes of this section, “immediate family members” means a spouse, children, grandchildren, or parents.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 35A.63 RCW to read as follows:"
(1) Notwithstanding any zoning provision pertaining to minimum lot sizes, inherited property that is exempt from subdivision and platting requirements pursuant to RCW 58.17.040(3) may be developed, so long as:
   (a) The property is developed for a use that is authorized for that property under current zoning laws;
   (b) Each lot that is created contains sufficient area for a single-family residence and an on-site sewage disposal system using any method of on-site sewage disposal appropriate for the lot under standards that exist when the lots are created, as determined by the local health department with such lot and on-site sewage disposal system submitted for final approval to the legislative body of the city within five years of the date of creation of the lot;
   (c) The people inheriting the property are immediate family members of the deceased; and
   (d) The number of parcels into which the property is divided equals no more than the number of immediate family members who inherit property under this section, not to exceed ten parcels.
(2) For purposes of this section, "immediate family members" means a spouse, children, grandchildren, or parents.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 36.70 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Notwithstanding any zoning provision pertaining to minimum lot sizes, inherited property that is exempt from subdivision and platting requirements pursuant to RCW 58.17.040(3) may be developed, so long as:
   (a) The property is developed for a use that is authorized for that property under current zoning laws;
   (b) Each lot that is created contains sufficient area for a single-family residence and an on-site sewage disposal system using any method of on-site sewage disposal appropriate for the lot under standards that exist when the lots are created, as determined by the local health department with such lot and on-site sewage disposal system submitted for final approval to the legislative body of the county within five years of the date of creation of the lot;
   (c) The people inheriting the property are immediate family members of the deceased; and
   (d) The number of parcels into which the property is divided equals no more than the number of immediate family members who inherit property under this section, not to exceed ten parcels.
(2) For purposes of this section, "immediate family members" means a spouse, children, grandchildren, or parents.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
(1) Notwithstanding any zoning provision pertaining to minimum lot sizes, inherited property that is exempt from subdivision and platting requirements pursuant to RCW 58.17.040(3) may be developed, so long as:
   (a) The property is developed for a use that is authorized for that property under current zoning laws;
   (b) Each lot that is created contains sufficient area for a single-family residence and an on-site sewage disposal system using any method of on-site sewage disposal appropriate for the lot under standards that exist when the lots are created, as determined by the local health department with such lot and on-site sewage disposal system submitted for final approval to the legislative body of the county, city, or town within five years of the date of creation of the lot;
   (c) The people inheriting the property are immediate family members of the deceased; and
   (d) The number of parcels into which the property is divided equals no more than the number of immediate family members who inherit property under this section, not to exceed ten parcels.
(2) For purposes of this section, "immediate family members" means a spouse, children, grandchildren, or parents."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "property;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 35.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 35A.63 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 36.70 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 36.70A RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
MOTION

Representative Reams moved that the House concur in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1935, and advance the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of passage of the motion.

Representative Romero spoke against passage of the motion.

Division was demanded. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 57-YEAS; 39-NAYS. The motion was carried.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1935 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Cairnes, Schoesler, Reams, Johnson, Carlson, Cairnes, Zellinsky spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero, Gardner, Lantz, Dunshee and Anderson spoke against passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero, Lantz and Gardner again spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Carlson demanded the previous question and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1935 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 35,Absent - 0,Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Poulsen - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1935, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1730 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"Sec. 1. RCW 90.03.320 and 1987 c 109 s 67 are each amended to read as follows:
Actual construction work shall be commenced on any project for which permit has been
granted within such reasonable time as shall be prescribed by the department, and shall thereafter be
prosecuted with diligence and completed within the time prescribed by the department. The
department, in fixing the time for the commencement of the work, or for the completion thereof and
the application of the water to the beneficial use prescribed in the permit, shall take into consideration
the cost and magnitude of the project and the engineering and physical features to be encountered, and
shall allow such time as shall be reasonable and just under the conditions then existing, having due
regard for the public welfare and public interests affected((and, for good cause shown, it)). For good
cause shown, the department shall extend the time or times fixed as aforesaid, and shall grant such
further period or periods as may be reasonably necessary, having due regard to the good faith of the
applicant and the public interests affected. If federal or state laws prevent or restrict water use
otherwise authorized under the permit in a federal reclamation project, the department shall extend the
time or times fixed for commencing work, completing work, and applying water to beneficial use and
the extension shall be for a period that is not less than the period of nonuse or restricted use caused by
the federal or state laws. If the terms of the permit or extension thereof, are not complied with the
department shall give notice by registered mail that such permit will be canceled unless the holders
thereof shall show cause within sixty days why the same should not be so canceled. If cause be not
shown, said permit shall be canceled."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "90.03.320" strike "and 90.14.140"
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Engrossed
Substitute House Bill No. 1730, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2054 with the following
amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. The purpose of this chapter is to develop a more thorough and
cooperative method of determining what the current water resource situation is in each water resource
inventory area of the state and to provide local citizens with the maximum possible input concerning
their goals and objectives for water resource management and development.

It is necessary for the legislature to establish processes and policies that will result in providing
state agencies with more specific guidance to manage the water resources of the state consistent with
current law and direction provided by local entities and citizens through the process established in
accordance with this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. The legislature finds that the local development of watershed plans
for managing water resources and for protecting existing water rights is vital to both state and local
interests. The local development of these plans serves vital local interests by placing it in the hands of
people: Who have the greatest knowledge of both the resources and the aspirations of those who live
and work in the watershed; and who have the greatest stake in the proper, long-term management of
the resources. The development of such plans serves the state's vital interests by ensuring that the
state's water resources are used wisely, by protecting existing water rights, by protecting instream
flows for fish, and by providing for the economic well-being of the state's citizenry and communities.
Therefore, the legislature believes it necessary for units of local government throughout the state to
engage in the orderly development of these watershed plans.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 103. When considering applications to appropriate public waters or the perfection, transfer, change, or cancellation of water right permits, the department shall not have discretion to take any action except in a manner consistent with the standards set forth in chapters 90.03, 90.22, 90.44, and 90.54 RCW.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 104. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Department" means the department of ecology.

(2) "WRIA" means a water resource inventory area established in chapter 173-500 WAC as it existed on January 1, 1997.

(3) "Water supply utility" means a water, combined water-sewer, irrigation, reclamation, or public utility district that provides water to persons or other water users within the district or a division or unit responsible for administering a publicly governed water supply system on behalf of a city, town, or county.

(4) "WRIA plan" or "plan" means the product of the planning unit including any rules adopted in conjunction with the product of the planning unit.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 105. In order to have the best possible program for appropriating and administering water use in the state, the legislature establishes the following principles and criteria to carry out the purpose and intent of chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act).

(1) All WRIA planning units established under this chapter shall develop a process to assure that water resource user interests and directly involved interest groups at the local level have the opportunity, in a fair and equitable manner, to give input and direction to the process.

(2) State agencies with major water resource management responsibilities shall be available to share information on state-wide statutorily designated interests.

(3) Plans developed under chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act) shall be consistent with and not duplicative of efforts already under way in a WRIA, including but not limited to watershed analysis conducted under state forest practices statutes and rules.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 106. (1) Once a WRIA planning unit has been organized and designated a lead agency, it shall notify the department and may apply to the department for funding assistance for conducting the planning. Funds shall be provided from and to the extent of appropriations made by the legislature to the department expressly for this purpose.

(2) Each planning unit that has complied with subsection (1) of this section is eligible to receive fifty thousand dollars for each WRIA to initiate the planning process. The department shall allocate additional funds to WRIA planning units based on demonstrated need. Each WRIA planning unit may receive up to two hundred fifty thousand dollars for each WRIA during the first two-year period of planning, with a maximum allocation of five hundred thousand dollars for each WRIA. Funding provided under this section shall be considered a contractual obligation against the moneys appropriated for this purpose.

(3) Preference shall be given to planning units requesting funding for conducting multi-WRIA planning under section 109 of this act. Preference shall also be given to planning projects that are clearly intended to respond to endangered species act listings or to attempt to resolve problems that may lead to such listings or to address water availability to meet projected growth based on office of financial management twenty-year population projections.

(4) The department may retain up to one percent of funds allocated under this section to defray administrative costs.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 107. (1) This chapter shall not be construed as creating a new cause of action against the state or any county, city, town, water supply utility, conservation district, or planning unit.

(2) Notwithstanding RCW 4.92.090, 4.96.010, and 64.40.020, no claim for damages may be filed against the state or any county, city, town, water supply utility, Indian tribes, conservation district, or planning unit that or member of a planning unit who participates in a WRIA planning unit for performing responsibilities under this chapter. The exclusion from liability contained in this subsection does not apply to a county, city, town, or water supply utility that votes to adopt provisions in a WRIA plan that have been identified by the superior court as being in conflict with state statute or
federal law with regard to those provisions if advice regarding the conflict was provided under section 113(2) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. (1)(a) Except as provided in section 109 of this act for multi-WRIA planning, the county with the largest area within the boundaries of a WRIA or a municipal corporation obtaining its water supply from the WRIA may choose to initiate water resource planning for the WRIA under this chapter. If it does so choose, it shall make application to the department of ecology to declare its intent to conduct watershed planning. Upon making application to the department, the county with the largest area within the WRIA shall convene meetings of the members of the legislative authorities of the counties with territory within a WRIA for the appointment of a WRIA planning unit. The county or municipal corporation shall also notify the cities, water supply utilities, Indian tribes, and conservation districts with territory within the WRIA that these groups are to meet to appoint their members of the WRIA planning unit. For the purposes of this section and sections 109 and 113 of this act, a county is considered to have territory within a WRIA only if the territory of the county located in the WRIA constitutes at least fifteen percent of the area of the WRIA. For conducting planning under this chapter, the county with the largest area within the boundaries of the WRIA is the lead agency for the WRIA planning, except as provided in section 109 of this act for multi-WRIA planning. When the counties of a WRIA have convened jointly to make appointments to the planning unit, they may, by majority vote, choose as the lead agency for WRIA planning any governmental entity in the WRIA. Such a governmental entity shall act as the lead agency for this purpose if it agrees in writing to accept the designation.

(b) For a WRIA located within Pierce, King, or Snohomish county, the lead agency shall be the water supply utility that is using the largest amount of water from the WRIA.

(2) In a WRIA where water resource planning efforts have commenced before the effective date of this section, such as but not limited to the Kettle river WRIA, the county legislative authorities with territory within the WRIA in accordance with subsection (1) of this section may, by majority vote, choose to adopt the existing planning unit membership for purposes of planning under chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act).

Nothing in this act shall affect ongoing efforts to develop new resources and the sharing of existing resources. No moratorium may be imposed on water resource decision making by the department solely because of ongoing planning efforts or the absence of a plan or planning effort. Any new planning units formed under this act shall recognize efforts already in progress.

(3)(a) One WRIA planning unit shall be appointed for the WRIA as provided by this section or for a multi-WRIA area as provided by section 109 of this act for multi-WRIA planning. The planning unit shall be composed of: (i) One member from each county with territory in the WRIA representing the county and appointed by the county; (ii) one member for each county with territory in the WRIA, but not less than two members, representing cities with territory in the WRIA and appointed jointly by those cities and incorporated towns; (iii) two members representing water supply utilities other than those of a city or town with territory within the WRIA and appointed jointly by those districts; (iv) one member representing all conservation districts with territory within the WRIA and appointed jointly by those districts; (v) three members representing various special interest groups appointed jointly by the cities with territory within the WRIA; and six members representing various special interest groups appointed jointly by the counties with territory within the WRIA; (vi) one member representing the general citizenry appointed jointly by the cities with territory within the WRIA; (vii) three members representing the general citizenry appointed jointly by the counties with territory within the WRIA, of which at least one shall be a holder of a water right certificate and at least one shall be a holder of a water right for which a statement of claim was in the state’s water rights claims registry before January 1, 1997; (viii) if one or more federal Indian reservations are located in whole or in part within the boundaries of the WRIA, the planning unit shall extend an invitation to the tribal government of each reservation to appoint one member representing the tribal government; and (ix) three members representing state agencies including the secretary of the department of transportation or the secretary’s designee, the director of the department of fish and wildlife or the director’s designee, and the director of the department of ecology or the director’s designee. The three members representing state government shall have a single vote representing state agency interests.

(b) In addition, for a WRIA located within Pierce, King, or Snohomish county, one representative of the water supply utility that is the water purveyor using the largest amount of water
from the WRIA shall be a voting member of the planning unit whether the principal offices of the purveyor are or are not located within the WRIA.

(4) Except for a person appointed under subsection (3)(a)(ix) or (b) of this section, each person appointed to a WRIA planning unit shall have been a resident and a property owner of the WRIA for at least three years. State employees or state officials other than members appointed under subsection (3)(a)(ix) or (b) of this section may be appointed to the planning unit unless they have state water resource-related duties. In appointing persons to the WRIA planning unit representing special interest groups, the counties shall consider industrial water users, general businesses, hydroelectric and thermal power producers, and irrigated agriculture, nonirrigated agriculture, forestry, recreation, environmental, and fisheries interest groups and other groups with interests in the WRIA. Counties shall attempt to provide for a balanced group of interests on the planning unit, with emphasis given to local interests and concerns.

(5)(a) In voting to appoint the members of a WRIA planning unit, to select a lead agency for water resource planning under section 108 or 109 of this act, to approve a WRIA plan under section 113 of this act, or to request or concur with a request for multi-WRIA planning under section 109 of this act, each county with territory within the WRIA shall have three votes, divided equally among the members of the county’s legislative authority and these actions shall be made by majority vote based on the votes allocated under this section. In voting to appoint members of a WRIA planning unit: Each city with territory within the WRIA shall have one vote and appointments shall be made by majority vote of such cities; each water supply utility other than those of a city or town with territory within the WRIA shall have one vote and appointments shall be made by majority vote of such districts; and each conservation district with territory within the WRIA shall have one vote and appointments shall be made by majority vote of such districts. All appointments shall be made within sixty days of the date the appointing authorities other than the counties are notified to convene to make appointments or the appointments shall be made by the counties with territory in the WRIA in the same manner the counties make other appointments.

(b) The local governments of the WRIA planning unit may, by majority vote, add up to two additional members representing interests that are not included in the planning unit.

(c) A vacancy on the planning unit shall be filled by appointment in the same manner prescribed for appointing the position that has become vacant. The planning unit shall convene and begin work as soon as two-thirds of the number of persons eligible to be members of the planning unit have been appointed. All positions must be filled within thirty days of the convening of the planning unit. The unit shall not interrupt its work to await additional original appointments or appointments to fill any vacancies that may occur in its membership.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. (1) The counties with territory in a WRIA may elect to conduct multi-WRIA planning with the counties with territory in one or more other WRIAs. If the counties with territory in these other WRIAs concur, all of the counties with territory in these WRIAs shall convene and shall appoint one planning unit to conduct the water resource planning for the multi-WRIA area.

(a) The planning unit shall be composed of: (i) Up to one member, as that number is determined by the counties jointly, for each county with territory in the multi-WRIA area representing the counties and appointed by the counties jointly; (ii) up to one member, as that number is determined by the cities jointly, for each county with territory in the multi-WRIA area, representing cities with territory in the multi-WRIA area and appointed jointly by those cities; (iii) up to three members, as that number is determined by the districts, representing water supply utilities other than those of a city or town with territory within the multi-WRIA area and appointed jointly by those districts; (iv) up to two members, as that number is determined by the districts, representing all conservation districts with territory within the multi-WRIA area and appointed jointly by those districts; (v) three members representing various special interest groups appointed jointly by the cities with territory within the multi-WRIA area; and six members representing various special interest groups appointed jointly by the counties with territory within the multi-WRIA area; (vi) one member representing the general citizenry appointed jointly by the cities with territory within the multi-WRIA area; (vii) three members representing the general citizenry appointed jointly by the counties with territory in the multi-WRIA area, of which at least one shall be a holder of a water right certificate and at least one shall be a holder of a water right for which a statement of claim was in the state’s water rights claims registry before January 1, 1997; (viii) if one or more federal Indian reservations are located in whole or in part within the boundaries of the multi-WRIA area, the planning unit shall extend an invitation to the tribal
government of each reservation to appoint one member representing the tribal government; and (ix) three members representing state agencies including the secretary of the department of transportation or the secretary’s designee, the director of the department of fish and wildlife or the director’s designee, and the director of the department of ecology or the director’s designee. The three members representing state government shall have a single vote representing state agency interests.

(b) In addition, for a multi-WRIA planning unit located within Pierce, King, or Snohomish county, one representative of the water purveyor using the largest amount of water from the multi-WRIA area shall be a voting member of the planning unit whether the principal offices of the purveyor are or are not located within the multi-WRIA area.

(c) Except for a person appointed under (a)(ix) or (b) of this subsection, each person appointed to a multi-WRIA planning unit shall have been a resident and property owner within the multi-WRIA area for at least three years. State employees or state officials other than members appointed under subsection (a)(ix) or (b) of this subsection may be appointed to the planning unit unless they have state water resource-related duties. In appointing persons to the multi-WRIA planning unit representing special interest groups the counties shall consider industrial water users, general businesses, hydroelectric and thermal power producers, and irrigated agriculture, nonirrigated agriculture, forestry, recreation, environmental, and fisheries interest groups and other groups with interests in the multi-WRIA area. Counties shall attempt to provide for a balanced group of interests on the planning unit, with emphasis given to local interests and concerns.

(2) In a multi-WRIA area where water resource planning efforts have commenced before the effective date of this section, such as but not limited to the Kettle river WRIA, the county legislative authorities with territory within the WRIA in accordance with subsection (1) of this section may, by majority vote, choose to adopt the existing planning unit membership for purposes of planning under chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act).

Nothing in this act shall affect ongoing efforts to develop new resources and the sharing of existing resources. No moratorium may be imposed on water resource decision making by the department solely because of ongoing planning efforts or the absence of a plan or planning effort. Any new planning units formed under this act shall recognize efforts already in progress.

(3)(a) The counties in the multi-WRIA area shall select, by a majority vote, a governmental entity in the multi-WRIA area to act as lead agency for water resource planning in the multi-WRIA area under this chapter. Such an entity shall serve as the lead agency if it agrees in writing to do so. All appointments shall be made within sixty days of the date the lead agency in the multi-WRIA area notifies the other appointing authorities to convene to make appointments or the appointments shall be made by the counties with territory in the multi-WRIA area in the same manner the counties make other appointments.

(b) The local governments of the WRIA planning unit may, by majority vote, add up to two additional members representing interests that are not included in the planning unit.

(c) A vacancy on the planning unit shall be filled by appointment in the same manner prescribed for appointing the position that has become vacant. The planning unit shall convene and begin work as soon as two-thirds of the number of persons eligible to be members of the planning unit have been appointed. All positions must be filled within thirty days of the convening of the planning unit. The unit shall not interrupt its work to await additional original appointments or appointments to fill any vacancies that may occur in its membership.

(4) A planning unit for a multi-WRIA area shall perform all of the functions assigned by this chapter to a WRIA planning unit and is subject to all of the provisions of this chapter that apply to a WRIA planning unit.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 110. The lead agency shall provide staff support from resources provided for planning under chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act) for the work of the WRIA planning unit. Each WRIA planning unit may establish its own methods of operation that are consistent with this chapter and may establish methods for reviewing the operations of its lead agency. No planning unit appointed or selected under this chapter may possess or exercise the power of eminent domain. No planning unit appointed or selected under this chapter may take any action that affects in any manner a general adjudication proceeding for water rights, completed or ongoing. Each WRIA planning unit is encouraged to: Consider information and plans that may have been previously developed by other entities in establishing water resource management plans for the WRIA; consider existing data regarding water resources in the WRIA; and, for a WRIA that borders another state, cooperate with
local government counterparts in the adjacent state regarding water resource planning. Water resource plans developed under this chapter for a WRIA may not interfere in any manner with a general adjudication of water rights, completed or ongoing. Such a WRIA plan may not in any manner impair, diminish, or interfere with a water right that exists before the adoption of the plan by the department under section 113 of this act.

All meetings of a WRIA planning unit shall be conducted as public meetings as required for such meetings by the open public meetings act, chapter 42.30 RCW. Some time shall be set aside at the end of each meeting of a WRIA planning unit for public comments. Each planning unit shall establish procedures to be followed by the unit in making decisions. The objective to be sought by the planning unit in making decisions is to reach consensus among its members on the decisions. Decisions by a two-thirds majority vote may be used if the unit has found that attempts at achieving consensus have not been successful.

No person who is a member of a WRIA planning unit may designate another to act on behalf of the person as a member or to attend as a member a meeting of the unit on behalf of the person. If a member of a WRIA planning unit is absent from more than five meetings of the WRIA planning unit that constitute twenty percent or more of the meetings that have been conducted by the planning unit while the person is a member of the unit and these absences have not been excused as provided by this section, the member’s position on the WRIA planning unit is to be considered vacant. A person’s absence from a meeting may be excused: By the chair of the planning unit if a written request to do so is received by the chair before the meeting from which the member is to be absent; or by a majority vote of the members of the planning unit at the meeting during which the member is absent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. (1) Each WRIA planning unit shall develop a water resource plan. The plan must address the elements listed in subsection (2) of this section and may include other elements added by the planning unit. Once organized, the first task of the planning unit is to prioritize these elements regarding their importance in the WRIA and in developing a water resource plan for the WRIA. A plan shall not be developed such that its provisions are in conflict with state statute or federal law or impair, diminish, or interfere in any manner with a water right existing prior to its adoption or with the construction, operation, or maintenance of a federal reclamation project or an instream flow requirement or condition established for hydroelectric power project licensed under the federal power act. No aspect of the plan may establish standards for water quality or regulate water quality in any manner whatsoever.

(2) The plan must include the following:
   (a) An assessment of water supply and use in the WRIA, including:
      (i) A quantitative estimation of the amount of surface and ground water present in the planning unit, using United States geological survey information and other existing sources of information;
      (ii) A quantitative estimation using existing sources of information, of the amount of precipitation and surface and ground water available, using currently available or likely available technologies, collectively for both current and future water uses, including for instream purposes and for withdrawal or diversion;
      (iii) A quantitative estimation using existing sources of information, of the amount of surface and ground water actually being used, and the months of peak and minimum use, both in-stream and by withdrawal, for agricultural, industrial, fisheries, recreational, environmental, municipal, and residential purposes, and including amounts claimed, permitted, or certificated for future municipal needs; and
      (iv) A quantitative estimation of the amount of water, approximately, that is represented by amounts in claims in the water rights claims registry, in water use permits, in certificated rights, and in rules establishing instream flows;
   (b) A quantitative description of future water-based instream and out-of-stream needs in the planning unit, based on projected population and agricultural and other economic growth. That is, an identification of the water needed collectively for use for agricultural, fisheries, recreational, environmental, industrial, municipal, and residential purposes. If a federal reclamation project is providing water for reclamation purposes within the WRIA or multi-WRIA area, federal reclamation water use requirements shall be those for project lands within the WRIA or multi-WRIA area;
   (c) Instream flows.
(i) Except for the main stem of the Columbia river or the main stem of the Snake river, a planning unit may propose instream flow levels as part of its plan for other rivers and streams in its WRIA or multi-WRIA area.

(ii) The planning unit, by unanimous recorded vote of all voting members, may set specific instream flow levels, and such flow levels shall be adopted by rule of the department.

(iii) If the planning unit is unable to approve specific instream flow levels unanimously, such levels may be submitted as a recommended instream flow in the WRIA plan for consideration by the department. Such recommendations must be approved by a two-thirds majority vote of the voting members of the planning unit.

(iv) Instream flow levels proposed under this subsection may not conflict with flow requirements or conditions in effect under a license issued under the federal power act.

(v) The planning unit may propose adjustments to instream flow levels that have been set by the state before the adoption of the planning unit’s plan and will propose instream flow levels as part of the plan for the other rivers, streams, and lakes for which it determines the establishment of flows or levels to be appropriate in the WRIA, or in the multi-WRIA area for multi-WRIA planning under section 109 of this act.

(vi) The planning unit, by unanimous recorded vote of all voting members, may adjust established instream flow levels, and such flow levels shall be adopted by rule of the department.

(vii) If the planning unit is unable to approve such adjustments unanimously, such levels may be submitted as a recommended adjustment to established instream flows in the WRIA plan for consideration by the department. Such recommendations must be approved by a two-thirds majority vote of the voting members of the planning unit.

(viii) An instream flow or base flow or level set for a body of water in a WRIA plan adopted by the department under section 113 of this act supersedes any other such flow or level previously established for the body of water;

(d) A quantitative description of the ground water and of the surface water available for further appropriation including water that may be obtained through reuse. As used in this subsection (2)(d), "available" means available on the date the plan takes effect as a rule under section 113 of this act;

(e) An identification of known areas that provide for the recharge of aquifers from the surface and areas where aquifers recharge surface bodies of water;

(f) Strategies for increasing water supplies in the WRIA, including:

(i) Water conservation and reuse measures; and

(ii) Storage enhancements, including modifications to existing reservoirs, new reservoirs, and underground storage. Any quantity of water made available under these strategies is a quantity that is in addition to the water declared available for appropriation under (d) of this subsection; and

(g) An identification of areas where voluntary water-related habitat improvement projects or voluntary transactions providing for the purchase of water-related habitat or water-related habitat easements would provide the greatest benefit to habitat in the WRIA, and a prioritization of the areas based on their potential for providing such benefits. The purpose of this element of the plan is to provide a means of coordinating nonregulatory, voluntary efforts for improving water-related habitat in the WRIA.

(3) Upon request the department shall assist the planning unit in drafting proposed implementing rules for the elements of the plan over which the department has authority. The draft rules shall accompany the plan as it is reviewed under the provisions of this chapter.

(4) A plan shall not be developed under this chapter to require directly or indirectly the implementation of laws, rules, or programs that are designed primarily to control water pollution or discharges of pollutants to water, to regulate effluent discharges or wastewater treatment systems or facilities, or to establish or require the achievement of water quality standards, including but not limited to chapter 90.48 RCW and rules adopted under chapter 90.48 RCW, the national pollutant discharge elimination system permit program, and the state waste discharge permit program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. (1) Water resource management plans developed pursuant to the process in this chapter and subsequently adopted by the department under section 113 of this act are presumed valid. This presumption shall apply in any petition or action filed against a plan.

(2) Any action taken by a state agency regarding or affecting water resources within a WRIA for which a plan has been adopted under section 113 of this act and any planning conducted by a state agency regarding or affecting water resources within a WRIA for which a plan has been adopted under
section 113 of this act shall be taken or conducted in a manner that is consistent with the plan. All actions and decisions of the department regarding water resources in the WRIA shall be consistent with and based upon such an adopted plan for the WRIA. Any other authority of the department exercised within the WRIA regarding or affecting water resources shall be exercised in a manner that is consistent with such an adopted plan.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. (1) Upon completing a proposed water resource plan for the WRIA, the WRIA planning unit shall publish notice of and conduct at least one public hearing in the WRIA on the proposed plan. The planning unit shall take care to provide notice of the hearing throughout the WRIA or multi-WRIA area. As a minimum, it shall publish a notice of the hearing in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the WRIA or multi-WRIA area. After considering the public comments presented at the hearing or hearings, the planning unit shall submit a copy of its proposed plan to the department and to the tribal council of each reservation with territory within the WRIA.

(2) (a) The department shall provide advice as to any specific subsections or sections of the plan that the department believes to be in conflict with state statute or federal law and may provide other recommendations regarding the plan. The department shall transmit its advice and recommendations regarding the plan to the WRIA planning unit within sixty days of receiving it for review.

(b) The tribal council may review and provide comments and recommendations to the planning unit within sixty days of the receipt of the plan.

(3) The WRIA planning unit shall consider each recommendation provided under subsection (2) of this section. The planning unit may adopt such a recommendation or provide changes to respond to the advice of the department and the tribal council by a two-thirds majority vote of the members of the planning unit.

The WRIA planning unit shall approve a water resource plan for the WRIA by a two-thirds majority vote of the members of the planning unit. An approved plan shall be submitted to the counties with territory within the WRIA for adoption. If a WRIA planning unit receives funding for WRIA or multi-WRIA planning under section 106 of this act and does not approve a plan for submission to the counties within four years of the date the planning unit receives the first of that funding from the department for the planning, the department shall develop and adopt a water resource plan for the WRIA or multi-WRIA area.

(4) The legislative authority of each of the counties with territory within the WRIA shall provide public notice for and conduct at least one public hearing on the WRIA plan submitted to the county under this section. The counties shall take care to provide notice of the hearings throughout the WRIA or multi-WRIA area. As a minimum, they shall publish a notice of the hearings in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the WRIA or multi-WRIA area. After the public hearings, the legislative authorities of these counties shall convene in joint session to consider the plan. The counties may approve or reject the plan, but may not amend the plan. Approval of a plan, or of recommendations for a plan that is not approved, shall be made by a majority vote of the members of the various legislative authorities of the counties with territory in the WRIA based on the votes allocated under section 108 of this act.

If the plan is not approved, it shall be returned to the WRIA planning unit with recommendations for revisions. Any revised plan and implementing rules prepared by the planning unit shall be submitted to the department and to the counties as provided by this section for WRIA water resource plans generally.

(5) If the plan is approved by the members of the legislative authorities, the plan shall be transmitted to the department for adoption. The department shall adopt such an approved WRIA water resource plan by rule. The department has no discretion to amend or reject the plan except as provided in section 111(2)(c) (iii) or (vii) of this act. A copy of the plan and notice of its adoption as rules shall be published in the state register under chapter 34.05 RCW. The public hearing required by chapter 34.05 RCW shall be deemed to have been satisfied by public hearings held by county legislative authorities.

(6) If the department finds that an element of a WRIA plan is in conflict with state statute or federal law and the unit does not remove the conflict created by the element from its plan, the state is not liable for any judgment that may be awarded regarding the conflict. The department may file a petition for declaratory judgment in the superior court to determine whether the element is or is not in conflict with state statute or federal law. The petition shall be filed in the superior court in the county
with the largest area in the WRIA or multi-WRIA area governed by the plan. The counties that approved the plan shall be named as parties to the proceeding. The superior court shall review the potential conflict under the error of law standard. If the superior court finds that an element of the plan is in conflict with state statute or federal law, that element of the plan shall be invalid. Decisions on such petitions are reviewable as in other civil cases. This subsection shall not be construed as establishing such state liability for any other element of the plan adopted as rules.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 114. The WRIA planning units may accept grants, funds, and other financing, as well as enter into cooperative agreements with private and public entities for planning assistance and funding.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 115. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall rule in a timely manner upon complete applications to appropriate public surface and ground water. For complete applications that seek to appropriate water from within a WRIA for which a WRIA plan has been adopted, the department shall grant or deny the application within one hundred eighty days of the date the properly completed application is filed with the department, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section. For applications filed after July 1, 1999, that seek to appropriate water from within a WRIA for which no WRIA plan has been adopted, the department shall grant or deny the application within one year of the date the properly completed application is filed with the department, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section. The times allowed in this section to rule upon an application shall not include the time it takes the applicant to respond to an explicit request for additional information reasonably required to make a determination on the application. The department shall be allowed only one such request for additional information. The cost of obtaining such information shall be reasonable in relation to the quantity and value of the water right applied for. Once the applicant responds to an information request, the stay of the time allowed for the permit decision shall end.

(2) If a detailed statement, generally referred to as an environmental impact statement, must be prepared under chapter 43.21C RCW for or in regard to an application to appropriate water, the department shall grant or deny the application within ninety days of the date the final environmental impact statement is available from the official responsible for it under chapter 43.21C RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 116. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Once the department of ecology receives a water resource plan submitted by a WRIA planning unit for advice and recommendations under section 113 of this act, the department shall conduct at least one public hearing on the plan and shall provide notice of the hearing and proposed plan as provided in RCW 34.05.320 for the proposal of a rule. The department shall maintain a file for the plan. Once the plan has been adopted by the counties in the WRIA under section 113 of this act and the plan has been submitted to the department of ecology, the department shall file the plan with the code reviser along with an order adopting the plan as rules. The code reviser shall cause the order and the water resource plan to be published in the Washington state register in the manner provided for the adoption of final rules and shall incorporate the plan into the Washington Administrative Code. No other aspect of this chapter that establishes procedures for the adoption of rules applies to the adoption of the plan by the department.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "WRIA" has the meaning established in section 104 of this act.

(3) Sections 101 through 116 of this act are null and void if any of sections 401, 402, or 501 of this act is vetoed by June 30, 1997.

Sec. 117. RCW 90.54.040 and 1997 c ... s 2 (Senate Bill 5029) are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Consistent with chapter . . . Laws of 1997 (this act) the department, through the adoption of appropriate rules, is directed, as a matter of high priority to insure that the waters of the state are utilized for the best interests of the people, to develop and implement in accordance with the policies of this chapter a comprehensive state water resources program which will provide a process for making decisions on future water resource allocation and use. The department may develop the program in segments so that immediate attention may be given to waters of a given physioeconomic region of the state or to specific critical problems of water allocation and use.
(2) In relation to the management and regulatory programs relating to water resources vested in it, the department is further directed to modify existing regulations and adopt new regulations, when needed and possible, to insure that existing regulatory programs are in accord with the water resource policy of this chapter and the program established in subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The department is directed to review all statutes relating to water resources which it is responsible for implementing. When any of the same appear to the department to be ambiguous, unclear, unworkable, unnecessary, or otherwise deficient, it shall make recommendations to the legislature including appropriate proposals for statutory modifications or additions. Whenever it appears that the policies of any such statutes are in conflict with the policies of this chapter, and the department is unable to fully perform as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the department is directed to submit statutory modifications to the legislature which, if enacted, would allow the department to carry out such statutes in harmony with this chapter.

PART II
STORAGE

Sec. 201. RCW 90.54.020 and 1989 c 348 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Utilization and management of the waters of the state shall be guided by the following general declaration of fundamentals:
(1) Uses of water for domestic, stock watering, industrial, commercial, agricultural, irrigation, hydroelectric power production, mining, fish and wildlife maintenance and enhancement, recreational, and thermal power production purposes, and preservation of environmental and aesthetic values, and all other uses compatible with the enjoyment of the public waters of the state, are declared to be beneficial.
(2) Allocation of waters among potential uses and users shall be based generally on the securing of the maximum net benefits for the people of the state. Maximum net benefits shall constitute total benefits less costs including opportunities lost.
(3) The quality of the natural environment shall be protected and, where possible, enhanced as follows:
(a) Perennial rivers and streams of the state shall be retained with base flows necessary to provide for preservation of wildlife, fish, scenic, aesthetic and other environmental values, and navigational values. Lakes and ponds shall be retained substantially in their natural condition. Withdrawals of water which would conflict therewith shall be authorized only in those situations where it is clear that overriding considerations of the public interest will be served.
(b) Waters of the state shall be of high quality. Regardless of the quality of the waters of the state, all wastes and other materials and substances proposed for entry into said waters shall be provided with all known, available, and reasonable methods of treatment prior to entry. Notwithstanding that standards of quality established for the waters of the state would not be violated, wastes and other materials and substances shall not be allowed to enter such waters which will reduce the existing quality thereof, except in those situations where it is clear that overriding considerations of the public interest will be served. Technology-based effluent limitations or standards for discharges for municipal water treatment plants located on the Chehalis, Columbia, Cowlitz, Lewis, or Skagit river shall be adjusted to reflect credit for substances removed from the plant intake water if:
(i) The municipality demonstrates that the intake water is drawn from the same body of water into which the discharge is made; and
(ii) The municipality demonstrates that no violation of receiving water quality standards or appreciable environmental degradation will result.
(4) The development of multipurpose water storage facilities shall be a high priority for programs of water allocation, planning, management, and efficiency. The department, other state agencies, local governments, and planning units formed under section 108 or 109 of this act shall evaluate the potential for the development of new storage projects and the benefits and effects of storage in reducing damage to stream banks and property, increasing the use of land, providing water for municipal, industrial, agricultural, power generation, and other beneficial uses, and improving stream flow regimes for fisheries and other instream uses.
(5) Adequate and safe supplies of water shall be preserved and protected in potable condition to satisfy human domestic needs.
Multiple-purpose impoundment structures are to be preferred over single-purpose structures. Due regard shall be given to means and methods for protection of fishery resources in the planning for and construction of water impoundment structures and other artificial obstructions.

Federal, state, and local governments, individuals, corporations, groups and other entities shall be encouraged to carry out practices of conservation as they relate to the use of the waters of the state. In addition to traditional development approaches, improved water use efficiency and conservation shall be emphasized in the management of the state’s water resources and in some cases will be a potential new source of water with which to meet future needs throughout the state.

Development of water supply systems, whether publicly or privately owned, which provide water to the public generally in regional areas within the state shall be encouraged. Development of water supply systems for multiple domestic use which will not serve the public generally shall be discouraged where water supplies are available from water systems serving the public.

Full recognition shall be given in the administration of water allocation and use programs to the natural interrelationships of surface and ground waters.

Expressions of the public interest will be sought at all stages of water planning and allocation discussions.

Water management programs, including but not limited to, water quality, flood control, drainage, erosion control and storm runoff are deemed to be in the public interest.

Sec. 202. RCW 90.54.180 and 1989 c 348 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
Consistent with the fundamentals of water resource policy set forth in this chapter, state and local governments, individuals, corporations, groups and other entities shall be encouraged to carry out water use efficiency and conservation programs and practices consistent with the following:

1. Water efficiency and conservation programs should utilize an appropriate mix of economic incentives, cost share programs, regulatory programs, and technical and public information efforts. Programs which encourage voluntary participation are preferred.

2. Increased water use efficiency should receive consideration as a potential source of water in state and local water resource planning processes. In determining the cost-effectiveness of alternative water sources, consideration should be given to the benefits of conservation, including waste water recycling, and impoundment storage of waters.

3. In determining the cost-effectiveness of alternative water sources, full consideration should be given to the benefits of storage which can reduce the damage to stream banks and property, increase the utilization of land, provide water for municipal, industrial, agricultural, and other beneficial uses, provide for the generation of electric power from renewable resources, and improve stream flow regimes for fishery and other instream uses.

4. Entities receiving state financial assistance for construction of water source expansion or acquisition of new sources shall develop, and implement if cost-effective, a water use efficiency and conservation element of a water supply plan pursuant to RCW 43.20.230(1).

5. State programs to improve water use efficiency should focus on those areas of the state in which water is overappropriated; areas that experience diminished streamflows or aquifer levels; and areas where projected water needs, including those for instream flows, exceed available supplies.

6. Existing and future generations of citizens of the state of Washington should be made aware of the importance of the state’s water resources and the need for wise and efficient use and development of this vital resource. In order to increase this awareness, state agencies should integrate public education on increasing water use efficiency into existing public information efforts. This effort shall be coordinated with other levels of government, including local governments and Indian tribes.
portion of the area. Therefore, such planning units may petition the department to conduct such a
general adjudication and the department shall give high priority to such a request in initiating any such
general adjudications under this chapter.

PART IV
WATER PURVEYORS

Sec. 401. RCW 90.03.383 and 1991 c 350 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The legislature recognizes the value of interties for improving the reliability of public water
systems, enhancing their management, and more efficiently utilizing the increasingly limited resource.
Given the continued growth in the most populous areas of the state, the increased complexity of public
water supply management, and the trend toward regional planning and regional solutions to resource
issues, interconnections of public water systems through interties provide a valuable tool to ensure
reliable public water supplies for the citizens of the state. Public water systems have been encouraged
in the past to utilize interties to achieve public health and resource management objectives. The
legislature finds that it is in the public interest to recognize interties existing and in use as of January 1,
1991, and to have associated water rights modified by the department of ecology to reflect current use
of water through those interties, pursuant to subsection (3) of this section. The legislature further finds
it in the public interest to develop a coordinated process to review proposals for interties commencing

(2) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
(a) "Interties" are interconnections between public water systems permitting exchange, acquisition,
or delivery of wholesale and/or retail water between those systems for other than
emergency supply purposes, where such exchange, acquisition, or delivery is within established
instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the systems’ existing water right permits or
certificates, or contained in claims filed pursuant to chapter 90.14 RCW, and which results in better
management of public water supply consistent with existing rights and obligations. Interties include
interconnections between public water systems permitting exchange, acquisition, or delivery of water to
serve as primary or secondary sources of supply, and the development of new sources of supply to meet future demands
if the water system or systems receiving water through such an intertie make efficient use of existing
sources of water supply and the provision of water through such an intertie is consistent with local land
use plans. For this purpose, a system’s full compliance with the state department of health’s
conservation guidelines for such systems is deemed efficient use.

(b) "Service area" is the area designated as the wholesale and/or retail area in a water system
plan or a coordinated water system plan pursuant to chapter 43.20 or 70.116 RCW respectively. When
a public water system does not have a designated service area subject to the approval process of those
chapters, the service area shall be the designated place of use contained in the water right permit or
certificate, or contained in the claim filed pursuant to chapter 90.14 RCW.

(3) (a) Public water systems with interties existing and in use as of January 1, 1991, or that
have received written approval from the department of health prior to that date, shall file written notice
of those interties with the department of health and the department of ecology. The notice may be
incorporated into the public water system’s five-year update of its water system plan, but shall be filed
no later than June 30, 1996. The notice shall identify the location of the intertie; the dates of its first
use; the purpose, capacity, and current use; the intertie agreement of the parties and the service areas
assigned; and other information reasonably necessary to modify the public water system’s water right
((permit)). Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 90.03.380 and 90.44.100, for public water systems
with interties existing and in use or with written approval as of January 1, 1991, the department of
ecology, upon receipt of notice meeting the requirements of this subsection, shall, as soon as
practicable, modify the place of use descriptions in the water right permits, certificates, or claims to
reflect the actual use through such interties, provided that the place of use is within service area
designations established in a water system plan approved pursuant to chapter 43.20 RCW, or a
coordinated water system plan approved pursuant to chapter 70.116 RCW, and further provided that
the water used is within the instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the water rights
((permit)) and that no outstanding complaints of impairment to existing water rights have been filed
with the department of ecology prior to September 1, 1991. Where such complaints of impairment have
been received, the department of ecology shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve them in a timely manner through agreement of the parties or through available administrative remedies.

(b) An intertie meeting the requirements of this subsection (3) for modifying the place of use description in a water right permit, certificate, or claim may be used to its full design or built capacity within the most recently approved retail or wholesale or retail and wholesale service area, without further approval under this section and without regard to the capacity actually used before January 1, 1991.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 90.03.380 and 90.44.100, exchange, acquisition, or delivery of water through interties approved by the department of health commencing use after January 1, 1991, shall be permitted when the intertie improves overall system reliability, enhances the manageability of the systems, provides opportunities for conjunctive use, or delays or avoids the need to develop new water sources, and otherwise meets the requirements of this section, provided that each public water system's water use shall not exceed the instantaneous or annual withdrawal rate specified in its water right authorization, shall not adversely affect existing water rights, and shall not be inconsistent with state-approved plans such as water system plans or other plans which include specific proposals for construction of interties. Interties approved and commencing use after January 1, 1991, shall not be inconsistent with regional water resource plans developed pursuant to chapter 90.54 RCW or chapter 90. -- RCW (sections 101 through 114 of this act).

(5) For public water systems subject to the approval process of chapter 43.20 RCW or chapter 70.116 RCW, proposals for interties commencing use after January 1, 1991, shall be incorporated into water system plans pursuant to chapter 43.20 RCW or coordinated water system plans pursuant to chapter 70.116 RCW and submitted to the department of health and the department of ecology for review and approval as provided for in subsections (5) through (9) of this section. The plan shall state how the proposed intertie will improve overall system reliability, enhance the manageability of the systems, provide opportunities for conjunctive use, or delay or avoid the need to develop new water sources.

(6) The department of health shall be responsible for review and approval of proposals for new interties. In its review the department of health shall determine whether the intertie satisfies the criteria of subsection (4) of this section, with the exception of water rights considerations, which are the responsibility of the department of ecology, and shall determine whether the intertie is necessary to address emergent public health or safety concerns associated with public water supply.

(7) If the intertie is determined by the department of health to be necessary to address emergent public health or safety concerns associated with public water supply, the public water system shall amend its water system plan as required and shall file an application with the department of ecology to change its existing water right to reflect the proposed use of the water as described in the approved water system plan. The department of ecology shall process the application for change pursuant to RCW 90.03.380 or 90.44.100 as appropriate, except that, notwithstanding the requirements of those sections regarding notice and protest periods, applicants shall be required to publish notice one time, and the comment period shall be fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice. Within sixty days of receiving the application, the department of ecology shall issue findings and advise the department of health if existing water rights are determined to be adversely affected. If no determination is provided by the department of ecology within the sixty-day period, the department of health shall proceed as if existing rights are not adversely affected by the proposed intertie. The department of ecology may obtain an extension of the sixty-day period by submitting written notice to the department of health and to the applicant indicating a definite date by which its determination will be made. No additional extensions shall be granted, and in no event shall the total review period for the department of ecology exceed one hundred eighty days.

(8) If the department of health determines the proposed intertie appears to meet the requirements of subsection (4) of this section but is not necessary to address emergent public health or safety concerns associated with public water supply, the department of health shall instruct the applicant to submit to the department of ecology an application for change to the underlying water right or claim as necessary to reflect the new place of use. The department of ecology shall consider the applications pursuant to the provisions of RCW 90.03.380 and 90.44.100 as appropriate. The department of ecology shall not deny or limit a change of place of use for an intertie on the grounds that the holder of a permit has not yet put all of the water authorized in the permit to beneficial use. If in its review of proposed interties and associated water rights the department of ecology determines that additional information is required to act on the application, the department may request applicants to
provide information necessary for its decision, consistent with agency rules and written guidelines. Parties disagreeing with the decision of the department of ecology (or) to approve or deny the application for change in place of use may appeal the decision to the pollution control hearings board.

(9) The department of health may approve plans containing intertie proposals prior to the department of ecology’s decision on the water right application for change in place of use. However, notwithstanding such approval, construction work on the intertie shall not begin until the department of ecology issues the appropriate water right document to the applicant consistent with the approved plan.

(10) The 1997 amendments to this section in this act are null and void if any one of sections 101 through 116 of this act is vetoed by June 30, 1997.

Sec. 402. RCW 90.03.330 and 1987 c 109 s 89 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Upon a showing satisfactory to the department that any appropriation has been perfected in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, it shall be the duty of the department to issue to the applicant a certificate stating such facts in a form to be prescribed by him, and such certificate shall thereupon be recorded with the department. Any original water right certificate issued, as provided by this chapter, shall be recorded with the department and thereafter, at the expense of the party receiving the same, be by the department transmitted to the county auditor of the county or counties where the distributing system or any part thereof is located, and be recorded in the office of such county auditor, and thereafter be transmitted to the owner thereof.

(2) If a public water system is providing water for municipal supply purposes under a certificated water right, the instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the certificate are deemed valid and perfected.

(3) If a federal reclamation project is providing water for reclamation purposes under a certificated water right, the instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the certificate are deemed valid and perfected.

(4) If an irrigation district is providing water for the purposes authorized by chapter 87.03 RCW under a certificated water right, the instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the certificate are deemed valid and perfected.

(5) The 1997 amendments to this section in this act are null and void if any one of sections 101 through 116 of this act is vetoed by June 30, 1997.

PART V
RELINQUISHMENT

Sec. 501. RCW 90.14.140 and 1987 c 125 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) For the purposes of RCW 90.14.130 through 90.14.180, "sufficient cause" shall be defined as the nonuse of all or a portion of the water by the owner of a water right for a period of five or more consecutive years where such nonuse occurs as a result of:
(a) Drought, or other unavailability of water;
(b) Active service in the armed forces of the United States during military crisis;
(c) Nonvoluntary service in the armed forces of the United States;
(d) The operation of legal proceedings;
(e) Federal laws imposing land or water use restrictions either directly or through the voluntary enrollment of a landowner in a federal program implementing those laws, or acreage limitations, or production quotas;
(f) An elapse of time occurring while a request or application is processed for transferring or changing a water right to use by a public water supplier for municipal purposes;
(g) The implementation of practices or technologies or the installation or repair of facilities, including but not limited to water conveyance practices, technologies, or facilities, that are more efficient or more water use efficient than practices, technologies, or facilities previously used under the water right.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of RCW 90.14.130 through 90.14.180, there shall be no relinquishment of any water right:
(a) If such right is claimed for power development purposes under chapter 90.16 RCW and annual license fees are paid in accordance with chapter 90.16 RCW, or
(b) If such right is used for a standby or reserve water supply to be used in time of drought or other low flow period so long as withdrawal or diversion facilities are maintained in good operating condition for the use of such reserve or standby water supply, or

(c) If such right is claimed for a determined future development to take place at any time within fifteen years of either July 1, 1967, or the most recent beneficial use of the water right, whichever date is later, or

(d) If such right is claimed for municipal water supply purposes under chapter 90.03 RCW, or

(e) If such waters are not subject to appropriation under the applicable provisions of RCW 90.40.030 as now or hereafter amended.

PART VI
GENERAL PERMITS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 601. The legislature finds that the present delay in the processing of water right applications is not beneficial to the citizens of the state nor is it in keeping with the goal of managing the resource to the highest possible standard and maximum net benefit. The legislature further finds that water conservation efforts would be greatly enhanced by a permit system that encourages water right applicants to use only the amount of water actually necessary to meet their needs.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 602. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall develop a general permit system for appropriating water for nonconsumptive, nonbypass uses. This system must be designed and used to accurately identify and register any water right application that qualifies for the streamlined process of appropriation of water by meeting the requirements in this section and registering the use. The general permit system must be applicable state-wide, and all waters of the state shall be eligible for coverage under the system. The evaluation and report required for an application under RCW 90.03.290 are not required for applications processed under the general permit system. For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Nonconsumptive, nonbypass use" means a use of water in which water is diverted from a stream or drawn from an aquifer and following its use is discharged back into or near the point of diversion or withdrawal without diminishment in quality and less than five thousand gallons of net consumption per day; and

(b) "Without diminishment of quality" means that, before being discharged back to its source, the water being discharged meets state water quality standards adopted under chapter 90.48 RCW.

(2) The department shall, by January 1, 1998, establish the general permit system by adopting rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. Before the adoption of rules for a system, the department shall consult with representatives of the following interest groups: Agriculture; aquaculture; home construction and development; county government; city government; surface mining; and the environmental community. At least four public hearings must be held at various locations around the state, not less than two of which shall be east of the crest of the Cascade mountains. The rules must identify criteria for proposed uses of water for which applications might be processed under the system and must establish procedures for filing and processing applications and issuing water rights certificates under the general permit system.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 603. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

An application for registration as a nonconsumptive, nonbypass water user under the general permit system established under section 602 of this act must be made on a form adopted and provided by the department. Within sixty days of receipt of a properly completed application, the department shall determine whether the proposed use is eligible to be processed under the general permit system. If the department determines that the proposed use is eligible to be processed under the system, the application must be processed under the system within the next sixty days. The priority date of the water right established pursuant to this section shall be the date that the properly completed application is submitted. If the department determines that the proposed use is not eligible for the processing, the department shall explain to the applicant in writing the reasons for its determination. For a proposed use determined ineligible for the processing, if the department finds that the information contained on the application form substantially satisfies the information requirements for an application for a use that
would normally be filed for processing the application outside of the general permit system, the department shall notify the applicant of its finding and shall process the application as if it were filed for processing outside of the system. If the department finds that the information does not substantially satisfy the requirements, the application must be considered to be incomplete for the processing and the applicant must be notified of this consideration.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:
Nothing in sections 602 and 603 of this act authorizes the impairment or operates to impair any existing water rights. A water right holder under sections 602 and 603 of this act shall not make withdrawals that impair a senior water right. A holder of a senior water right who believes his or her water right is impaired may file a complaint with the department of ecology. Where such complaints of impairment have been received, the department of ecology shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve them in a timely manner through agreement of the parties. Nothing in section 602 or 603 of this act may be construed as waiving any requirement established under chapter 90.48 RCW or federal law that a permittee secure a discharge permit regarding water quality.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

PART VII
APPEALS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. The legislature recognizes that in many cases the value of real property directly depends upon the amount of water that is available for use on that property. The legislature also recognizes that water rights are a type of property right in which many different parties may assert an interest. Current statutes require many property rights actions in which different parties assert interests, such as actions for partition or eminent domain, to be filed in superior court. The legislature further finds that informal procedures such as mediation and fact finding have been employed successfully in other areas of the law, and may produce positive results in certain types of water disputes. The legislature therefore finds that property owners should have a choice to select informal or formal hearings before the pollution control hearings board, and that relinquishment proceedings should be appealed to the local superior courts.

Sec. 702. RCW 34.05.514 and 1995 c 347 s 113 and 1995 c 292 s 9 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, proceedings for review under this chapter shall be instituted by paying the fee required under RCW 36.18.020 and filing a petition in the superior court, at the petitioner’s option, for (a) Thurston county, (b) the county of the petitioner’s residence or principal place of business, or (c) in any county where the property owned by the petitioner and affected by the contested decision is located.
(2) For proceedings involving institutions of higher education, the petition shall be filed either in the county in which the principal office of the institution involved is located or in the county of a branch campus if the action involves such branch.
(3) For proceedings involving the relinquishment of a water right and appeals of informal hearings of the pollution control hearings board, the petition shall be filed in the superior court for the county in which is located the land upon which the water was used.

Sec. 703. RCW 43.21B.110 and 1993 c 387 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The pollution control hearings board shall only have jurisdiction to hear and decide appeals from the following decisions of the department, the director, the administrator of the office of marine safety, and the air pollution control boards or authorities as established pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW, or local health departments:
(a) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 18.104.155, 70.94.431, 70.105.080, 70.107.050, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, 90.48.144, 90.56.310, and 90.56.330.
(b) Orders issued pursuant to RCW 18.104.043, 18.104.060, 43.27A.190, 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, (90.14.120,)) and 90.48.120.
(c) The issuance, modification, or termination of any permit, certificate, or license by the department or any air authority in the exercise of its jurisdiction, including the issuance or termination of a waste disposal permit, the denial of an application for a waste disposal permit, or the modification of the conditions or the terms of a waste disposal permit.

(d) Decisions of local health departments regarding the grant or denial of solid waste permits pursuant to chapter 70.95 RCW.

(e) Decisions of local health departments regarding the issuance and enforcement of permits to use or dispose of biosolids under RCW 70.95J.080.

(f) Any other decision by the department, the administrator of the office of marine safety, or an air authority which pursuant to law must be decided as an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW.

(2) The jurisdiction of the pollution control hearings board is further limited as follows:

(a) The hearings board has no jurisdiction to review orders pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right under RCW 90.14.130, or to review proceedings regarding general adjudications of water rights conducted pursuant to chapter 90.03 or 90.44 RCW.

(b) The following hearings shall not be conducted by the hearings board:

((a)) (i) Hearings required by law to be conducted by the shorelines hearings board pursuant to chapter 90.58 RCW.

((b)) (ii) Hearings conducted by the department pursuant to RCW 70.94.332, 70.94.390, 70.94.395, 70.94.400, 70.94.405, 70.94.410, and 90.44.180.

((c)) (iii) Hearings conducted by the department to adopt, modify, or repeal rules.

(3) ((Review of)) Rules and regulations adopted by the hearings board shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.

Sec. 704. RCW 43.21B.130 and 1990 c 65 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
The administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, shall apply to the appeal of rules and regulations adopted by the board to the same extent as it applied to the review of rules and regulations adopted by the directors and/or boards or commissions of the various departments whose powers, duties and functions were transferred by section 6, chapter 62, Laws of 1970 ex. sess. to the department. ((All other decisions and orders of the director and all decisions of air pollution control boards or authorities established pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW shall be subject to review by the hearings board as provided in this chapter.))

Sec. 705. RCW 43.21B.240 and 1989 c 175 s 105 are each amended to read as follows:
The department and air authorities shall not have authority to hold adjudicative proceedings pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Such hearings, except those involving water quantity decisions, as defined in section 713 of this act, that are appealed directly to a superior court, and appeals of orders pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right issued pursuant to RCW 90.14.130, shall be held by the pollution control hearings board.

Sec. 706. RCW 43.21B.305 and 1994 c 253 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
In an appeal that involves a penalty of five thousand dollars or less, and in an informal hearing appeal relating to a water quantity decision as defined in section 713 of this act, the appeal may be heard by one member of the board, whose decision shall be the final decision of the board. The board shall define by rule alternative procedures to expedite small appeals. These alternatives may include: Mediation, upon agreement of all parties unless initiated as provided in section 713 of this act; submission of testimony by affidavit; conducting hearing by telephone; or other forms that may lead to less formal and faster resolution of appeals.

Sec. 707. RCW 43.21B.310 and 1992 c 73 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, any order issued by the department((the administrator of the office of marine safety, or)) or authority pursuant to RCW 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 43.27A.190, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, or 90.48.120(2) or any provision enacted after July 26, 1987, or any permit, certificate, or license issued by the department may be appealed to the pollution control hearings board if the appeal is filed with the board and served on the department or
authority within thirty days after receipt of the order. Except as provided under chapter 70.105D
RCW, these are the exclusive means of appeal of such an order.

((2)) (a) The department, the administrator, or the authority in its discretion may stay the
effectiveness of an order during the pendency of such an appeal.

((4)) (b) At any time during the pendency of an appeal of such an order to the board, the
appellant may apply pursuant to RCW 43.21B.320 to the hearings board for a stay of the order or for
the removal thereof.

((4)) (c) Any appeal before the hearings board must contain the following in accordance with
the rules of the hearings board:

((4)) (i) The appellant’s name and address;

((4)) (ii) The date and docket number of the order, permit, or license appealed;

((4)) (iii) A description of the substance of the order, permit, or license that is the subject of
the appeal;

((4)) (iv) A clear, separate, and concise statement of every error alleged to have been
committed;

((4)) (v) A clear and concise statement of facts upon which the requester relies to sustain his
or her statements of error; and

((4)) (vi) A statement setting forth the relief sought.

((5)) (d) Upon failure to comply with any final order of the department or the administrator,
the attorney general, on request of the department or the administrator, may bring an action in the
superior court of the county where the violation occurred or the potential violation is about to occur to
obtain such relief as necessary, including injunctive relief, to insure compliance with the order. The air
authorities may bring similar actions to enforce their orders.

((6)) (e) An appealable decision or order shall be identified as such and shall contain a
conspicuous notice to the recipient that it may be appealed only by filing an appeal with the hearings
board and serving it on the department within thirty days of receipt.

(2) Water quantity decisions of the department, as defined in section 713 of this act, may be
appealed either to the pollution control hearings board or directly to a superior court as provided in
section 713 of this act. Appeals of orders pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right are filed in
superior court as provided by RCW 90.14.130.

Sec. 708. RCW 43.27A.190 and 1987 c 109 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
Notwithstanding and in addition to any other powers granted to the department of ecology,
whenever it appears to the department that a person is violating or is about to violate any of the
provisions of the following:

(1) Chapter 90.03 RCW; or
(2) Chapter 90.44 RCW; or
(3) Chapter 86.16 RCW; or
(4) Chapter 43.37 RCW; or
(5) Chapter 43.27A RCW; or
(6) Any other law relating to water resources administered by the department; or

(7) A rule or regulation adopted, or a directive or order issued by the department relating to
 subsections (1) through (6) of this section; the department may cause a written regulatory order to be
 served upon (said) the person either personally, or by registered or certified mail delivered to
 addressee only with return receipt requested and acknowledged by him or her. The order shall specify
 the provision of the statute, rule, regulation, directive or order alleged to be or about to be violated,
 and the facts upon which the conclusion of violating or potential violation is based, and shall order the
 act constituting the violation or the potential violation to cease and desist or, in appropriate cases, shall
 order necessary corrective action to be taken with regard to such acts within a specific and reasonable
 time. The regulation of a headgate or controlling works as provided in RCW 90.03.070, by a
 watermaster, stream patrolman, or other person so authorized by the department shall constitute a
 regulatory order within the meaning of this section. A regulatory order issued hereunder shall become
effective immediately upon receipt by the person to whom the order is directed, except for regulations
 under RCW 90.03.070 which shall become effective when a written notice is attached as provided
 therein. Any person aggrieved by such order may appeal the order pursuant to RCW 43.21B.310,
 except that appeals of orders pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right shall be filed in superior
court pursuant to RCW 90.14.130.
Sec. 709. RCW 90.14.130 and 1987 c 109 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:

When it appears to the department of ecology that a person entitled to the use of water has not beneficially used his or her water right or some portion thereof, and it appears that ((and)) the person's right has or may have reverted to the state because of such nonuse, as provided by RCW 90.14.160, 90.14.170, or 90.14.180, the department of ecology shall notify such person by order: PROVIDED, That where a company, association, district, or the United States has filed a blanket claim under the provisions of RCW 90.14.060 for the total benefits of those served by it, the notice shall be served on such company, association, district or the United States and not upon any of its individual water users who may not have used the water or some portion thereof which they were entitled to use. The order shall contain: (1) A description of the water right, including the approximate location of the point of diversion, the general description of the lands or places where such waters were used, the water source, the amount involved, the purpose of use, and the apparent authority upon which the right is based; (2) a statement that unless sufficient cause be shown on appeal the water right will be declared relinquished; and (3) a statement that such order may be appealed to the ((pollution control hearings board)) superior court. Any person aggrieved by such an order may appeal it to the ((pollution control hearings board pursuant to RCW 43.21B.310)) superior court for the county in which is located the land upon which the water was used. Any such appeal to superior court shall be heard de novo. The order shall be served by registered or certified mail to the last known address of the person and be posted at the point of division or withdrawal. The order by itself shall not alter the recipient’s right to use water, if any.

Sec. 710. RCW 90.14.190 and 1987 c 109 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

Any person feeling aggrieved by any decision of the department of ecology may have the same reviewed pursuant to RCW 43.21B.310. However, any order pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right shall be filed in superior court pursuant to RCW 90.14.130. In any such review, the findings of fact as set forth in the report of the department of ecology shall be prima facie evidence of the fact of any waiver or relinquishment of a water right or portion thereof. If the hearings board affirms the decision of the department, a party seeks review in superior court of that hearings board decision pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, and the court determines that the party was injured by an arbitrary, capricious, or erroneous order of the department, the court may award reasonable attorneys' fees.

Sec. 711. RCW 90.14.200 and 1989 c 175 s 180 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All matters relating to the implementation and enforcement of this chapter by the department of ecology shall be carried out in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, except where the provisions of this chapter expressly conflict with chapter 34.05 RCW. Proceedings held pursuant to RCW 90.14.130 are ((adjudicative proceedings within the meaning of chapter 34.05 RCW. Final decisions of the department of ecology in these proceedings)) appealable to superior court as provided in that section. Other final decisions of the department of ecology under this chapter are subject to review by the pollution control hearings board in accordance with chapter 43.21B RCW.

(2) RCW 90.14.130 provides nonexclusive procedures for determining a relinquishment of water rights under RCW 90.14.160, 90.14.170, and 90.14.180. RCW 90.14.160, 90.14.170, and 90.14.180 may be applied in, among other proceedings, general adjudication proceedings initiated under RCW 90.03.110 or 90.44.220: PROVIDED, That nothing herein shall apply to litigation involving determinations of the department of ecology under RCW 90.03.290 relating to the impairment of existing rights.

Sec. 712. RCW 90.66.080 and 1979 c 3 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

The department is hereby empowered to promulgate such rules as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter. Decisions of the department, other than rule making, shall be subject to review by the pollution control hearings board or a superior court in accordance with chapter 43.21B RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 713. A new section is added to chapter 43.21B RCW to read as follows:

(1) A water right claimant, or permit or certificate holder or applicant who is aggrieved or adversely affected by a water quantity decision may appeal the decision either to the pollution control
hearings board pursuant to RCW 43.21B.310 or to the superior court for a county in which is located land on which the water is or was put to a beneficial use.

(2) At the request of any party, the board shall conduct an informal hearing, consisting of mediation and, if a settlement cannot be agreed upon, fact finding with recommendations. The hearings board shall adopt rules governing the election, practice, and procedures of informal hearings consistent with this section and section 714 of this act.

(3) For purposes of this chapter, a "water quantity decision" includes the following:
   (a) A decision to grant or deny a permit or certificate for a right to the beneficial use of water or to amend, change, or transfer such a right; and
   (b) A decision to enforce the conditions of a permit for, or right to, the beneficial use of water or to require any person to discontinue the use of water.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 714. A new section is added to chapter 43.21B RCW to read as follows:
(1) When one of the parties elects an informal hearing pursuant to section 713 of this act, a board member or an administrative law judge from the environmental hearings office shall be assigned as the mediator for the appeal.

(2) The parties involved in the informal hearing must provide the mediator and the other parties in advance with a clear, concise statement of the disputed issues and the parties' position in relation to the issues and supporting documentation. The mediator shall meet with the parties either jointly or separately, in the general area of the project under review or by telephone, at the discretion of the mediator, and shall take such steps as the mediator deems appropriate to resolve their differences and reach a settlement agreement. If a settlement agreement is reached, the mediator shall prepare and submit to the hearings board a written order of dismissal to which the settlement agreement is attached. The hearings board shall enter the order and dismiss the case unless the hearings board finds that the settlement agreement is contrary to law.

If the hearings board finds that the settlement agreement is contrary to law, it shall notify the parties and refer the dispute Backlund to mediation.

(3) If the parties are unable to achieve a settlement agreement within ninety days after being appointed, the mediator shall issue a statement that a settlement agreement has not been reached. After issuance of the statement, the party filing the appeal may request the hearings board to submit the dispute to fact finding with recommendations. Notice of the request for fact finding must be sent to the other parties.

(4) Within five days of the receipt of the request for fact finding, the hearings board shall assign a board member or an administrative appeals judge from the environmental hearings office to serve as fact finder. The person who served as the mediator to the dispute may serve as the fact finder with the consent of both parties.

(5) Within five days of being appointed, the fact finder shall establish a date, time, and place for the fact-finding hearing. The date of the hearing must be within thirty days of the appointment of the fact finder. The hearing shall be conducted in the general area where the project under review is located. At least seven days before the date of the hearing, each party must submit to the fact finder and to the other parties written proposals on all of the issues it intends to submit to fact finding. The fact finder has the power to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and production of witnesses and the production of evidence. The order of presentation at the hearing shall be as agreed by the parties or as determined by the fact finder. Each documentary exhibit shall be filed with the fact finder and copies shall be provided to the other parties. The fact finder shall declare the hearing closed after the parties have completed presenting their testimony within agreed time limits.

(6) The fact finder shall, within thirty days following the conclusion of the hearing, make written findings of fact and written recommendations to the parties as to how the dispute should be resolved. The fact finder may not apply any presumption as part of the findings of fact or recommendations. A copy of the findings and recommendations shall be filed with the hearings board. The findings of fact and recommendations of the fact finder are advisory only, and are not subject to review by the hearings board.

(7) The time limits established in this section may be extended by mutual agreement of all the parties.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 715. A new section is added to chapter 43.21B RCW to read as follows:
(1) Within thirty days after the fact finder has filed the findings of fact and recommendations pursuant to section 714 of this act, a party may request a formal hearing by the hearings board or appeal the water quantity decision directly to superior court. All parties must agree to a formal hearing before a formal hearing is granted.

(2) If a party elects to file an action in superior court following an informal hearing, it must be filed in the county in which is located the land upon which the water is or would be used.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 716. A new section is added to chapter 43.21B RCW to read as follows: In all appeals involving a water quantity decision by the department, as defined in section 713 of this act, the appeal to superior court shall be heard de novo. If an informal hearing on the decision or order had been completed by the pollution control hearings board, no issue may be raised in superior court that was not raised and discussed as part of the fact-finding hearing. No bond may be required on appeals to the superior court or on review by the supreme court unless specifically required by the judge of the superior court.

PART VIII
MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 801. As used in this act, part headings constitute no part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 802. Sections 101 through 114 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 90 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 803. any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "management;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.54.040, 90.54.020, 90.54.180, 90.03.383, 90.03.330, 90.14.140, 43.21B.110, 43.21B.130, 43.21B.240, 43.21B.305, 43.21B.310, 43.27A.190, 90.14.130, 90.14.190, 90.14.200, and 90.66.080; reenacting and amending RCW 34.05.514; adding new sections to chapter 90.03 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 34.05 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.21B RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW; and creating new sections."

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1086,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1257,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1261,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1267,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2083,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Deputy Secretary

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1032,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1056,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1076,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1162,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1191,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1527,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1536,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1557,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1607,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1620,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1768,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1770,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1792,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1817,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1826,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1875,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2096,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2170,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2189,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2264,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2272,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary
April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1176,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1361,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1372,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1387,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1398,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1646,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1693,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1757,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1780,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1865,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1899,
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HOUSE BILL NO. 1922,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1936,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2013,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2042,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2080,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2128,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2165,
HOUSE BILL NO. 2267,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) and has passed the following bills as amended by the House:
RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4641, by Representatives Sump and McMorris

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Legislature to honor excellence in every field of endeavor; and
WHEREAS, The Republic High School Tigers Boys Basketball Team won the fifty-fifth State B championship; and
WHEREAS, The Republic High School Tigers Boys Basketball Team players are Chad Dinkins, Dave Hanks, Jason Baldwin, Dan Hanks, Kenny Gliddon, Sam Hadden, Mark Rickard, Dan Hargrave, Lonnie Grimm, Kris Kuchenmeister, Dorian Russell, Steve Davenport, and Chris Wilson; and
WHEREAS, The Republic Tigers, during their quest for the championship, recovered from deficits against very respectable teams; and
WHEREAS, The Republic Tigers have come to be recognized as possessing a never-say-die attitude; and
WHEREAS, The Republic Tigers have exemplified to their classmates the success that is possible in any field of endeavor when persistent effort is made; and
WHEREAS, The Republic Tigers are a credit to their community;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Washington State House of Representatives honor and congratulate the Republic High School Boys Basketball Team for their hard work, dedication, and sacrifice in achieving this significant accomplishment; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That Head Coach Rory Rickard and Assistant Coach Chuck Wilson be recognized for their leadership; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the teachers, classmates, and parents of the team members be recognized for the important part they played in helping these student athletes excel; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a copy of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to each of the players and coaches of the Republic High School Tigers Boys Basketball Team.
Representative Veloria moved the adoption of the resolution.

Representatives Veloria, Blalock and Cody spoke in favor of the adoption of the resolution.

House Resolution No. 4641 was adopted.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 22 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5229 and asks the House to recede therefrom.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House receded from its position, and advanced Senate Bill No. 5229 without the House amendments to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5229.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5229, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Butler and Doumit - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5229, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 21, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5462 and asks the House to recede therefrom.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House receded from its position, and advanced Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462 without the House amendments to final passage.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462.

Representative Reams spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5462, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

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APPOINTMENTS OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Chandler, Mastin and Linville as conferees on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1730.

The Speaker appointed Representatives Chandler, Mastin and Linville as conferees on Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 18, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate has passed SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1201 with the following attached amendment(s):

On page 4, line 31, after "defined in" strike "RCW 43.31.601" and insert "((RCW 43.31.601)) this section"

Beginning on page 5, line 38, after "employment" strike all material through "and" on page 6, line 2, and insert "((resided in or was employed in a rural natural resources impact area defined in RCW 43.31.601 and determined by the office of financial management and the employment security department)) resides in a county with an unemployment rate for 1996 at least twenty percent or more above the state average and at least fifteen percent above their own county unemployment rate in 1988 and the county meets one of the following two criteria:

(A) It is a county with a lumber and woods products employment quotient at least three times the state average and has experienced actual job losses in these industries since 1988 of one hundred jobs or more or fifty or more jobs in a county with a population of forty thousand or less; or

(B) It is a county with a commercial salmon fishing employment quotient at least three times the state average and has experienced actual job losses in this industry since 1988 of one hundred jobs or more or fifty or more jobs in a county with a population of forty thousand or less; and

(I) The exhaustee has during his or her base year earned wages of at least one thousand hours; and

(II) The exhaustee is determined by the employment security department in consultation with its labor market and economic analysis division to be a displaced worker; or"

On page 6, beginning on line 3, after "least" strike "six hundred eighty" and insert "((six hundred eighty)) one thousand"

On page 6, line 17, after "unlikely" insert ", in the determination of the employment security department in consultation with its labor market and economic analysis division."

On page 6, line 31, after "training." insert "By April 1, 1998, the employment security department must redetermine a new list of eligible and ineligible counties based on a comparison of 1988 and 1997 employment rates. Any changed eligibility status will apply only to new claims for regular unemployment insurance effective after April 1, 1998."

and the same is herewith transmitted. 

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position on the Senate amendments to Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Buck, Mastin and Doumit as Conferees on Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate insists on its position regarding its amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1418, and asks the House for a conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Prince, Jacobsen and Morton

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
There being no objection, the House granted the Senate request for a conference on Substitute House Bill No. 1418.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Buck, Schoesler and Regala as Conferees on Substitute House Bill No. 1418.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5781 and asks the House to recede therefrom, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendment(s) to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5781, and asked the Senate for a conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives D. Schmidt, D. Sommers and Scott as Conferees on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5781.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5002. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Wood, Bauer and Winsley

and the same is herewith transmitted. 

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6061. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Prince, Haugen and Sellar

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5270. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Hale, Prentice and Winsley
and the same is herewith transmitted. 

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2097. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Winsley, Heavey and Hale

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) and has passed the following bills as amended by the House:

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5120,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5442,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5725,
SENATE BILL NO. 5736,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has granted the request of the House for a conference on ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1581. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Zarelli, McAuliffe and Johnson

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5927. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Wood, Kohl and Winsley

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has granted the request of the House for a conference on HOUSE BILL NO. 1054. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:
Senators Winsley, Kohl and Hale

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1850. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Deccio, Wojahn and Benton

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2279. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Deccio, Fairley and West

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has appointed Senator Finkbeiner to replace Senator Winsley as Conferee on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5002.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Horn, Patterson and Finkbeiner

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SENATE BILL NO. 5484. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Deccio, Thibaudeau and Hale
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SENATE BILL NO. 5650. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Horn, Haugen and Finkbeiner

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5867. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Sellar, Haugen and Hale

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
April 22, 1997

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5253 and asks the House to recede therefrom, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the House amendments to Senate Bill No. 5253, and again asked the Senate to recede therefrom.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to grant the request of the House for a conference on HOUSE BILL NO. 1924, insists on its position regarding the Senate amendment(s), and asks the House to concur therein, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House receded from its position, and concur in the Senate Amendments to House Bill No. 1924 and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1924.

Representative Blassiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1924, as amended by the Senate and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1924, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) and has passed the following bills as amended by the House:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5276,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5671,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5783,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5104,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5175,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5267,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5274,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5505,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5521,
SENATE BILL NO. 5571,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5590,
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SENATE BILL NO. 5968,
SENATE BILL NO. 5991,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6002,  
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6030,  
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6039,  
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 7900, 

and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Mike O'Connell, Secretary 

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business. 

MOTION  

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Thursday, April 24, 1997.  

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker 

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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ONE HUNDRED-FIRST DAY, APRIL 23, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
ONE HUNDRED-SECOND DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Thursday, April 24, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative Robertson presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

Representative Robertson called upon Representative Bush to preside.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Jessica MacDonald and Micah Raymond. Prayer was offered by Major Al Summerfield, Olympia Salvation Army.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Clerk announced that the Speaker signing:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5104,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5175,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5267,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5274,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5505,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5521,

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5571,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5590,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5676,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5701,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5739,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5749,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5759,

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SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5991,

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6002,

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6030,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6039,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 7900,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2050,
SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

April 14, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1565 with the following amendment(s):

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that small scale prospecting and mining is an important part of the heritage of the state. The legislature further finds that small scale prospecting and mining provide economic benefits to the state, and help to meet the national security demand and industrial demand for minerals. The legislature further finds that it is critical that small scale miners and prospectors be allowed access to open public lands in the state. The legislature further finds that mineral prospecting and mining activities can be conducted in a manner that is consistent with fish habitat and fish-life population. Now, therefore, the legislature declares that small scale prospecting and mining must not be unreasonably regulated. The legislature further declares that small scale prospecting and mining must not be unfairly limited or obstructed from access to open public lands. The legislature further declares that all restrictions or regulations of small scale prospecting and mining activities must be based on sound scientific evidence and applicable documentation supporting the need for such restrictions.

Sec. 2. RCW 75.20.100 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:

In the event that any person or government agency desires to construct any form of hydraulic project or perform other work that will use, divert, obstruct, or change the natural flow or bed of any of the salt or fresh waters of the state, such person or government agency shall, before commencing construction or work thereon and to ensure the proper protection of fish life, secure the written approval of the department as to the adequacy of the means proposed for the protection of fish life. This approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. Except as provided in RCW 75.20.1001 ((and 75.20.1002)), the department shall grant or deny approval within forty-five calendar days of the receipt of a complete application and notice of compliance with any applicable requirements of the state environmental policy act, made in the manner prescribed in this section. The applicant may document receipt of application by filing in person or by registered mail. A complete application for approval shall contain general plans for the overall project, complete plans and specifications of the proposed construction or work within the mean higher high water line in salt water or within the ordinary high water line in fresh water, and complete plans and specifications for the proper protection of fish life. The forty-five day requirement shall be suspended if (1) after ten working days of receipt of the application, the applicant remains unavailable or unable to arrange for a timely field evaluation of the proposed project; (2) the site is physically inaccessible for inspection; or (3) the applicant requests delay. Immediately upon determination that the forty-five day period is suspended, the department shall notify the applicant in writing of the reasons for the delay. Approval is valid for a period of up to five years from date of issuance. The permittee must demonstrate substantial progress on construction of that portion of the project relating to the approval within two years of the date of issuance. If the department denies approval, the department shall provide the applicant, in writing, a statement of the specific reasons why and how the proposed project would adversely affect fish life. Protection of fish life shall be the only ground upon which approval may be denied or conditioned. Chapter 34.05 RCW applies to any denial of project approval, conditional approval, or requirements for project modification upon which approval may be contingent. If any person or government agency commences construction on any hydraulic works or projects subject to this section without first having obtained written approval of the department as to the adequacy of the means proposed for the protection of fish life, or if any person or government agency fails to follow or carry out any of the requirements or conditions as are made a part of such approval, the person or director of the agency is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. If any such person or government agency is convicted of violating any of the provisions of this section and continues construction on any such works or projects without fully complying with the provisions hereof, such works or projects are hereby declared a public nuisance and shall be subject to abatement as such.

For the purposes of this section and RCW 75.20.103, "bed" shall mean the land below the ordinary high water lines of state waters. This definition shall not include irrigation ditches, canals,
storm water run-off devices, or other artificial watercourses except where they exist in a natural watercourse that has been altered by man.

The phrase "to construct any form of hydraulic project or perform other work" shall not include the act of driving across an established ford. Driving across streams or on wetted stream beds at areas other than established fords requires approval. Work within the ordinary high water line of state waters to construct or repair a ford or crossing requires approval.

In case of an emergency arising from weather or stream flow conditions or other natural conditions, the department, through its authorized representatives, shall issue immediately upon request oral approval for removing any obstructions, repairing existing structures, restoring stream banks, or to protect property threatened by the stream or a change in the stream flow without the necessity of obtaining a written approval prior to commencing work. Conditions of an oral approval shall be reduced to writing within thirty days and complied with as provided for in this section. Oral approval shall be granted immediately upon request, for a stream crossing during an emergency situation.

This section shall not apply to the construction of any form of hydraulic project or other work which diverts water for agricultural irrigation or stock watering purposes authorized under or recognized as being valid by the state’s water codes, or when such hydraulic project or other work is associated with streambank stabilization to protect farm and agricultural land as defined in RCW 84.34.020. These irrigation or stock watering diversion and streambank stabilization projects shall be governed by RCW 75.20.103.

This section does not apply to small scale prospecting and mining activities, which are governed by section 3 of this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 75.20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Small scale prospecting and mining is exempt from the provisions of this chapter, provided that such activity does not undercut streambanks or disturb rooted live woody plants such as trees or shrubs.

(2) For the purposes of this chapter, "small scale prospecting and mining" means only the use of the following methods: Pans, sluice boxes, concentrators, and mini-rocker boxes for the discovery and recovery of minerals.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "mining;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 75.20.100; adding a new section to chapter 75.20 RCW; and creating a new section."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House did not concur in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1565, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Pennington, Mielke and Regala as conferees on Substitute House Bill No. 1565.

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILL

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed ENGROSSED THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 3900 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 5.60.060 and 1996 c 156 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A husband shall not be examined for or against his wife, without the consent of the wife, nor a wife for or against her husband without the consent of the husband; nor can either during marriage or afterward, be without the consent of the other, examined as to any communication made by one to the other during marriage. But this exception shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by
one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding against a spouse if the marriage occurred subsequent to the filing of formal charges against the defendant, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by said husband or wife against any child of whom said husband or wife is the parent or guardian, nor to a proceeding under chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW: PROVIDED, That the spouse of a person sought to be detained under chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW may not be compelled to testify and shall be so informed by the court prior to being called as a witness.

(2)(a) An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of his or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the client to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the course of professional employment.

(b) No parent or guardian of a minor child arrested on a criminal charge may be examined as to a communication between the child and his or her attorney if the communication was made in the presence of the parent or guardian. This privilege does not extend to communications made prior to the arrest.

(3) A member of the clergy or a priest shall not, without the consent of a person making the confession, be examined as to any confession made to him or her in his or her professional character, in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she belongs.

(4) Subject to the limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 or 71.05.250, a physician or surgeon or osteopathic physician or surgeon shall not, without the consent of his or her patient, be examined in a civil action as to any information acquired in attending such patient, which was necessary to enable him or her to prescribe or act for the patient, except as follows:

(a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child’s injury, neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and

(b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court may impose pursuant to court rules.

(5) A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the public interest would suffer by the disclosure.

(6)(a) A peer support group counselor shall not, without consent of the law enforcement officer making the communication, be compelled to testify about any communication made to the counselor by the officer while receiving counseling. The counselor must be designated as such by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol, prior to the incident that results in counseling. The privilege only applies when the communication was made to the counselor while acting in his or her capacity as a peer support group counselor. The privilege does not apply if the counselor was an initial responding officer, a witness, or a party to the incident which prompted the delivery of peer support group counseling services to the law enforcement officer.

(b) For purposes of this section, "peer support group counselor" means a:

(i) Law enforcement officer, or civilian employee of a law enforcement agency, who has received training to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting in his or her official capacity; or

(ii) Nonemployee counselor who has been designated by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting in his or her official capacity.

(7) A sexual assault advocate may not, without the consent of the victim, be examined as to any communication made by the victim to the sexual assault advocate.

(a) For purposes of this section, "sexual assault advocate" means the employee or volunteer from a rape crisis center, victim assistance unit, program, or association, that provides information, medical or legal advocacy, counseling, or support to victims of sexual assault, who is designated by the victim to accompany the victim to the hospital or other health care facility and to proceedings concerning the alleged assault, including police and prosecution interviews and court proceedings.

(b) A sexual assault advocate may disclose a confidential communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury or death of the victim or another person. Any sexual assault advocate participating in good faith in the disclosing of records and communications under this section shall have immunity from any liability,
civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the action. In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a disclosure under this section, the good faith of the sexual assault advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall be presumed.

Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1996 c 289 s 1 and 1996 c 275 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring and enforcing the offender’s sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

(2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

(3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.

(4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate’ s sentence of confinement in lieu of earned early release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120 (6), (8), or (10) served in the community subject to controls placed on the inmate’s movement and activities by the department of corrections.

(5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.

(6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.

(7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.

(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in this section.

(9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

(10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims’ compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys’ fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430.

(11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct.

(12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant’s prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.
(10) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and serious violent offenses and shall also include a defendant’s other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(9); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.)

(13) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing judge that equals the difference between the offender’s net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.

(14) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the defendant’s daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the defendant is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing judge.

(15) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(16) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.

(17) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.

(18) "Drug offense" means:
   (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
   (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or
   (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.

(19) "Escape" means:
   (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
   (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.

(20) "Felony traffic offense" means:
   (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
   (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(21) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.

(22) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony (((i))) (a) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under this chapter, or (((ii))) (b) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug, nor the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers as defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2), nor the selling for profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, (and except as provided in (b) of this subsection,) who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this state,
federal court, or another state, and who has never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.

(23) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended:

(a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;
(b) Assault in the second degree;
(c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
(d) Child molestation in the second degree;
(e) Controlled substance homicide;
(f) Extortion in the first degree;
(g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
(h) Indecent liberties;
(i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
(j) Leading organized crime;
(k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
(l) Manslaughter in the second degree;
(m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
(n) Rape in the third degree;
(o) Robbery in the second degree;
p) Sexual exploitation;
(q) Vehicular assault;
(r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
(s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;
(t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;
(u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection.

(24) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.

(25) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.

(26) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention as defined in this section.

(27) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

(a) (i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and
(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or

(b) (i) Has been convicted of (A) rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in
the second degree, or burglary in the first degree, with a finding of sexual motivation; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (27)(b)(i); and

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection.

(28) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.

(29) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.

(30) "Serious traffic offense" means:

(a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(31) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense and means:

(a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

(32) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

(33) "Sex offense" means:

(a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;

(b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9.94A.127 or 13.40.135; or

(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.

(34) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification.

(35) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

(36) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.

(37) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.

(38) "Violent offense" means:

(a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in the second degree, drive-by shooting, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and

(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
(39) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county or the state are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection (33) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program.

(40) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.

(41) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

(42) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance.

Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.040 and 1996 c 232 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A sentencing guidelines commission is established as an agency of state government.

(2) The legislature finds that the commission, having accomplished its original statutory directive to implement this chapter, and having expertise in sentencing practice and policies, shall:

(a) Evaluate state sentencing policy, to include whether the sentencing ranges and standards are consistent with and further:

(i) The purposes of this chapter as defined in RCW 9.94A.010; and

(ii) The intent of the legislature to emphasize confinement for the violent offender and alternatives to confinement for the nonviolent offender.

The commission shall provide the governor and the legislature with its evaluation and recommendations under this subsection not later than December 1, 1996, and every two years thereafter;

(b) Recommend to the legislature revisions or modifications to the standard sentence ranges, state sentencing policy, prosecuting standards, and other standards. If implementation of the revisions or modifications would result in exceeding the capacity of correctional facilities, then the commission shall accompany its recommendation with an additional list of standard sentence ranges which are consistent with correction capacity;

(c) Study the existing criminal code and from time to time make recommendations to the legislature for modification;

(d)(i) Serve as a clearinghouse and information center for the collection, preparation, analysis, and dissemination of information on state and local adult and juvenile sentencing practices; (ii) develop and maintain a computerized adult and juvenile sentencing information system by individual superior court judge consisting of offender, offense, history, and sentence information entered from judgment and sentence forms for all adult felons; and (iii) conduct ongoing research regarding adult and juvenile sentencing guidelines, use of total confinement and alternatives to total confinement, plea bargaining, and other matters relating to the improvement of the adult criminal justice system and the juvenile justice system;

(e) Assume the powers and duties of the juvenile disposition standards commission after June 30, 1996;

(f) Evaluate the effectiveness of existing disposition standards and related statutes in implementing policies set forth in RCW 13.40.010 generally, specifically review the guidelines relating to the confinement of minor and first offenders as well as the use of diversion, and review the application of current and proposed juvenile sentencing standards and guidelines for potential adverse impacts on the sentencing outcomes of racial and ethnic minority youth;

(g) Solicit the comments and suggestions of the juvenile justice community concerning disposition standards, and make recommendations to the legislature regarding revisions or
modifications of the standards ((in accordance with RCW 9.94A.045)). The evaluations shall be submitted to the legislature on December 1 of each odd-numbered year. The department of social and health services shall provide the commission with available data concerning the implementation of the disposition standards and related statutes and their effect on the performance of the department’s responsibilities relating to juvenile offenders, and with recommendations for modification of the disposition standards. The office of the administrator for the courts shall provide the commission with available data on diversion and dispositions of juvenile offenders under chapter 13.40 RCW; and

(h) Not later than December 1, 1997, and at least every two years thereafter, based on available information, report to the governor and the legislature on:

(i) Racial disproportionality in juvenile and adult sentencing;
(ii) The capacity of state and local juvenile and adult facilities and resources; and
(iii) Recidivism information on adult and juvenile offenders.

(3) Each of the commission’s recommended standard sentence ranges shall include one or more of the following: Total confinement, partial confinement, community supervision, community service, and a fine.

(4) The standard sentence ranges of total and partial confinement under this chapter are subject to the following limitations:

(a) If the maximum term in the range is one year or less, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than one-third of the maximum term in the range, except that if the maximum term in the range is ninety days or less, the minimum term may be less than one-third of the maximum;
(b) If the maximum term in the range is greater than one year, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than seventy-five percent of the maximum term in the range; and
(c) The maximum term of confinement in a range may not exceed the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in RCW 9A.20.021.

(5) The commission shall exercise its duties under this section in conformity with chapter 34.05 RCW.

Sec. 4. RCW 9.94A.120 and 1996 c 275 s 2, 1996 c 215 s 5, 1996 c 199 s 1, and 1996 c 93 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.

(1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and (8) of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence range for the offense.

(2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

(3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range shall be a determinate sentence.

(4) A persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement for life without the possibility of parole or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the first degree, sentenced to death, notwithstanding the maximum sentence under any other law. An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. The foregoing minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in subsection (2) of this section. In addition, all offenders subject to the provisions of this subsection shall not be eligible for community custody, earned early release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early release as defined under RCW 9.94A.150 (1), (2), (3), (5), (7), or (8), or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer or officers during such minimum terms of total confinement except in the case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment or for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree.
In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
(b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;
(c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational training;
(d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender’s address or employment;
(e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer; or
(f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.

An offender is eligible for the special drug offender sentencing alternative if:

(i) The offender is convicted of the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW or RCW 69.50.407, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes, and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4);
(ii) The offender has no prior convictions for a felony in this state, another state, or the United States; and
(iii) The offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance.

(b) If the midpoint of the standard range is greater than one year and the sentencing judge determines that the offender is eligible for this option and that the offender and the community will benefit from the use of the special drug offender sentencing alternative, the judge may waive imposition of a sentence within the standard range and impose a sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a state facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. During incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for the offender. The treatment services shall be designed by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services, in cooperation with the department of corrections. If the midpoint of the standard range is twenty-four months or less, no more than three months of the sentence may be served in a work release status. The court shall also impose one year of concurrent community custody and community supervision that must include appropriate outpatient substance abuse treatment, crime-related prohibitions including a condition not to use illegal controlled substances, and a requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that status. The court may require that the monitoring for controlled substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring. In addition, the court shall impose three or more of the following conditions:

(i) Devote time to a specific employment or training;
(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer before any change in the offender’s address or employment;
(iii) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;
(iv) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;
(v) Perform community service work;
(vi) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing judge.

(c) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in (b) of this subsection, the department shall impose sanctions administratively, with notice to the prosecuting attorney and the sentencing court. Upon motion of the court or the prosecuting attorney, a violation hearing shall be held by the court. If the court finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the court may impose confinement consisting of up to the remaining one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. All total confinement served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender,
regardless of whether the total confinement is served as a result of the original sentence, as a result of a sanction imposed by the department, or as a result of a violation found by the court. The term of community supervision shall be tolled by any period of time served in total confinement as a result of a violation found by the court.

(d) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the value of a day fine based on the offender’s income and reasonable obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, and the commission.

(7) If a sentence range has not been established for the defendant’s crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement, community service work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

(8)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant’s version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant’s offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender’s social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator’s information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
(B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;
(C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members and others;
(D) Anticipated length of treatment; and
(E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state, shall order a second examination regarding the offender’s amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the défendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sexual offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim’s opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less than eight years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:

(A) The court shall place the defendant on community custody for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is greater, and require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section; and
(B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. In addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose other sentence conditions including up to six months of
confinement, not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

(II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender’s address or employment;

(III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;

(IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination thereof; or

(V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling required as a result of the offender’s crime.

(iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, defendant’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the defendant’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at sentencing.

(iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the defendant’s compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. At the treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of community custody, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community custody.

(v) If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the department shall either impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 9.94A.205(2)(a) or refer the violation to the court and recommend revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in (a)(vi) of this subsection.

(vi) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community custody and order execution of the sentence if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

(vii) Except as provided in (a) (viii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.

(viii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex offender pursuant to this subsection (8) does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender’s home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (8) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

(ix) For purposes of this subsection (8), "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged. “Victim” also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(x) If the defendant was less than eighteen years of age when the charge was filed, the state shall pay for the cost of initial evaluation and treatment.

(b) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.

Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his or her term of
confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender’s address or employment;
(iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
(iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department of corrections.

Nothing in this subsection (8)(b) shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (8)(b) does not apply to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.

(c) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to available funds.

(9)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under subsection (6) of this section, committed on or after July 1, 1988, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence.

(b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before June 6, 1996, a serious violent offense, vehicular homicide, or vehicular assault, committed on or after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community placement for offenders sentenced pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions:

(i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
(ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved education, employment, and/or community service;
(iii) The offender shall not consume controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
(iv) An offender in community custody shall not unlawfully possess controlled substances;
(v) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the department of corrections; and
(vi) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period of community placement.

(c) As a part of any sentence imposed under (a) or (b) of this subsection, the court may also order any of the following special conditions:

(i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified geographical boundary;
(ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
(iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or counseling services;
(iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;
(v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions; or
(vi) For an offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, the offender shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the department of corrections relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.

(d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of the department of corrections.

(10)(a) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after June 6, 1996, the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody for three years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).

(b) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community custody shall be the same as those provided for in subsection (9)(b) of this section and may include those provided for in subsection (9)(c) of this section. As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section.

(c) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender’s term of community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender’s term of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender’s term of community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.195 and may be punishable as contempt of court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040.

(11) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.

(12) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender’s compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be supervised by the department. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no later than ten years after the last date of release from confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered. Independent of the department, the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order.
Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision or community placement which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the department of corrections and shall follow explicitly the instructions and conditions of the department of corrections.

(a) The instructions shall include, at a minimum, reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections officer of any change in the offender’s address or employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment.

(b) For sex offenders sentenced to terms involving community custody for crimes committed on or after June 6, 1996, the department may include, in addition to the instructions in (a) of this subsection, any appropriate conditions of supervision, including but not limited to, prohibiting the offender from having contact with any other specified individuals or specific class of individuals. The conditions authorized under this subsection (c)(b) may be imposed by the department prior to or during a sex offender’s community custody term. If a violation of conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section occurs during community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of community placement for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.207 and shall authorize the department to transfer an offender to a more restrictive confinement status as provided in RCW 9.94A.205. At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender’s term of community custody, the department may recommend to the court that any or all of the conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section be continued beyond the expiration of the offender’s term of community custody as authorized in subsection (10)(c) of this section.

The department may require offenders to pay for special services rendered on or after July 25, 1993, including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender’s ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to pay.

All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, or community placement under the supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.

The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being sentenced.

A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).

The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court’s judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in the record if it does not order restitution.

As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender’s term of community supervision or community placement.

In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.

All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations.
Sec. 5. RCW 9.94A.360 and 1995 c 316 s 1 and 1995 c 101 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The offender score is measured on the horizontal axis of the sentencing grid. The offender score rules are as follows:

The offender score is the sum of points accrued under this section rounded down to the nearest whole number.

(1) A prior conviction is a conviction which exists before the date of sentencing for the offense for which the offender score is being computed. Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed shall be deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of RCW 9.94A.400.

(2) Class A and sex prior felony convictions shall always be included in the offender score. Class B prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score, if since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. Class C prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. Serious traffic convictions shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender spent five years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. This subsection applies to both adult and juvenile prior convictions.

(3) Out-of-state convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Federal convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. If there is no clearly comparable offense under Washington law or the offense is one that is usually considered subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, the offense shall be scored as a class C felony equivalent if it was a felony under the relevant federal statute.

(4) Always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and serious violent offenses. Include other class A juvenile felonies only if the offender was 15 or older at the time the juvenile offense was committed. Include other class B and C juvenile felony convictions only if the offender was 15 or older at the time the juvenile offense was committed and the offender was less than 23 at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.

(5)) Score prior convictions for felony anticipatory offenses (attempts, criminal solicitations, and criminal conspiracies) the same as if they were convictions for completed offenses.

((6))) In the case of multiple prior convictions, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all convictions separately, except:

(i) Prior (adult) offenses which were found, under RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a), to encompass the same criminal conduct, shall be counted as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score. The current sentencing court shall determine with respect to other prior adult offenses for which sentences were served concurrently or prior juvenile offenses for which sentences were served consecutively, whether those offenses shall be counted as one offense or as separate offenses using the "same criminal conduct" analysis found in RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a), and if the court finds that they shall be counted as one offense, then the offense that yields the highest offender score shall be used. The current sentencing court may presume that such other prior (adult) offenses were not the same criminal conduct from sentences imposed on separate dates, or in separate counties or jurisdictions, or in separate complaints, indictments, or informations;

(ii) Juvenile prior convictions entered or sentenced on the same date shall count as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score, except for juvenile prior convictions for violent offenses with separate victims, which shall count as separate offenses; and

(iii)) In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all adult convictions served concurrently as one offense, and count all juvenile convictions entered on the same date as one offense. Use the conviction for the offense that yields the highest offender score.
(b) As used in this subsection (((3))) (5), "served concurrently" means that: (i) The latter sentence was imposed with specific reference to the former; (ii) the concurrent relationship of the sentences was judicially imposed; and (iii) the concurrent timing of the sentences was not the result of a probation or parole revocation on the former offense.

(((4))) (6) If the present conviction is one of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy, count each prior conviction as if the present conviction were for a completed offense.

(((5))) (7) If the present conviction is for a nonviolent offense and not covered by subsection (((12))) (11) or (((13))) (12) of this section, count one point for each adult prior felony conviction and one point for each juvenile prior violent felony conviction and ½ point for each juvenile prior nonviolent felony conviction.

(((6))) (8) If the present conviction is for a violent offense and not covered in subsection (((9)), (11), (12), or (13)) (9), (10), (11), or (12) of this section, count two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent felony conviction, one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and ½ point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

(((7))) (9) If the present conviction is for Murder 1 or 2, Assault 1, Assault of a Child 1, Kidnapping 1, Homicide by Abuse, or Rape 1, count three points for prior adult and juvenile convictions for crimes in these categories, two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent conviction (not already counted), one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and ½ point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

(((8))) (10) If the present conviction is for Burglary 1, count prior convictions as in subsection (((9))) (8) of this section; however count two points for each prior adult Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each prior juvenile Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

(((9))) (11) If the present conviction is for a felony traffic offense count two points for each adult or juvenile prior conviction for Vehicular Homicide or Vehicular Assault; for each felony offense or serious traffic offense, count one point for each adult and ½ point for each juvenile prior conviction.

(((10))) (12) If the present conviction is for a drug offense count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. All other adult and juvenile felonies are scored as in subsection (((9))) (8) of this section if the current drug offense is violent, or as in subsection (((8))) (7) of this section if the current drug offense is nonviolent.

(((11))) (13) If the present conviction is for Willful Failure to Return from Furlough, RCW 72.66.060, Willful Failure to Return from Work Release, RCW 72.65.070, or Escape from Community Custody, RCW 72.09.310, count only prior escape convictions in the offender score. Count adult prior escape convictions as one point and juvenile prior escape convictions as ½ point.

(((12))) (14) If the present conviction is for Escape 1, RCW 9A.76.110, or Escape 2, RCW 9A.76.120, count adult prior escape convictions as one point and juvenile prior convictions as ½ point.

(((13))) (15) If the present conviction is for Burglary 2 or residential burglary, count priors as in subsection (((8))) (7) of this section; however, count two points for each adult and juvenile prior Burglary 1 conviction, two points for each adult prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each juvenile prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

(((14))) (16) If the present conviction is for a sex offense, count priors as in subsections (((8))) (7) through (((16))) (15) of this section; however count three points for each adult and juvenile prior sex offense conviction.

(((15))) (17) If the present conviction is for an offense committed while the offender was under community placement, add one point.

Sec. 6. RCW 13.04.011 and 1992 c 205 s 119 are each amended to read as follows:
For purposes of this title:
(1) "Adjudication" has the same meaning as "conviction" in RCW 9.94A.030, and the terms must be construed identically and used interchangeably;
(2) Except as specifically provided in RCW 13.40.020 and chapter 13.24 RCW, "juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years;
(((3))) (3) "Juvenile offender" and "juvenile offense" have the meaning ascribed in RCW 13.40.020;
(((4))) (4) "Court" when used without further qualification means the juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);
"Parent" or "parents," except as used in chapter 13.34 RCW, means that parent or parents who have the right of legal custody of the child. "Parent" or "parents" as used in chapter 13.34 RCW, means the biological or adoptive parents of a child unless the legal rights of that person have been terminated by judicial proceedings;

"Custodian" means that person who has the legal right to custody of the child.

Sec. 7. RCW 13.04.030 and 1995 c 312 s 39 and 1995 c 311 s 15 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in (subsection (2) of) this section, the juvenile courts in (the several counties of) this state shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over all proceedings:

(a) Under the interstate compact on placement of children as provided in chapter 26.34 RCW;

(b) Relating to children alleged or found to be dependent as provided in chapter 26.44 RCW and in RCW 13.34.030 through 13.34.170;

(c) Relating to the termination of a parent and child relationship as provided in RCW 13.34.180 through 13.34.210;

(d) To approve or disapprove out-of-home placement as provided in RCW 13.32A.170;

(e) Relating to juveniles alleged or found to have committed offenses, traffic or civil infractions, or violations as provided in RCW 13.40.020 through 13.40.230, unless:

(i) The juvenile court transfers jurisdiction of a particular juvenile to adult criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110; or

(ii) The statute of limitations applicable to adult prosecution for the offense, traffic infraction, or violation has expired; or

(iii) The alleged offense or infraction is a traffic, fish, boating, or game offense, or traffic or civil infraction committed by a juvenile sixteen years of age or older and would, if committed by an adult, be tried or heard in a court of limited jurisdiction, in which instance the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction shall have jurisdiction over the alleged offense or infraction, and no guardian ad litem is required in any such proceeding due to the juvenile’s age: PROVIDED, That if such an alleged offense or infraction and an alleged offense or infraction subject to juvenile court jurisdiction arise out of the same event or incident, the juvenile court may have jurisdiction of both matters: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the jurisdiction under this subsection does not constitute "transfer" or a "decline" for purposes of RCW 13.40.110(1) or (e)(i) of this subsection: PROVIDED FURTHER, That courts of limited jurisdiction which confine juveniles for an alleged offense or infraction may place juveniles in juvenile detention facilities under an agreement with the officials responsible for the administration of the juvenile detention facility in RCW 13.04.035 and 13.20.060; or

(iv) The juvenile is sixteen or seventeen years old and the alleged offense is:

(A) A serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 (committed on or after June 13, 1994);

(B) A violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 (committed on or after June 13, 1994) and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of: (I) One or more prior serious violent offenses; (II) two or more prior violent offenses; or (III) three or more of any combination of the following offenses: Any class A felony, any class B felony, vehicular assault, or manslaughter in the second degree, all of which must have been committed after the juvenile’s thirteenth birthday and prosecuted separately;

(C) Robbery in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, or drive-by shooting, committed on or after the effective date of this section;

(D) Burglary in the first degree committed on or after the effective date of this section, and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of one or more prior felony or misdemeanor offenses; or

(E) Any violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after the effective date of this section, and the juvenile is alleged to have been armed with a firearm.

In such a case the adult criminal court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction.

If the juvenile challenges the state’s determination of the juvenile’s criminal history under (e)(iv) of this subsection, the state may establish the offender’s criminal history by a preponderance of the evidence. If the criminal history consists of adjudications entered upon a plea of guilty, the state shall not bear a burden of establishing the knowing and voluntariness of the plea;

(f) Under the interstate compact on juveniles as provided in chapter 13.24 RCW;

(g) Relating to termination of a diversion agreement under RCW 13.40.080, including a proceeding in which the divertee has attained eighteen years of age;
(h) Relating to court validation of a voluntary consent to an out-of-home placement under chapter 13.34 RCW, by the parent or Indian custodian of an Indian child, except if the parent or Indian custodian and child are residents of or domiciled within the boundaries of a federally recognized Indian reservation over which the tribe exercises exclusive jurisdiction; and

(i) Relating to petitions to compel disclosure of information filed by the department of social and health services pursuant to RCW 74.13.042.

(2) The family court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the juvenile court over all proceedings under this section if the superior court judges of a county authorize concurrent jurisdiction as provided in RCW 26.12.010.

(3) A juvenile subject to adult superior court jurisdiction under subsection (1)(e)(i) through (iv) of this section, who is detained pending trial, may be detained in a ((county)) detention facility as defined in RCW 13.40.020 pending sentencing or a dismissal.

Sec. 8. RCW 13.40.010 and 1992 c 205 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter shall be known and cited as the Juvenile Justice Act of 1977.

(2) It is the intent of the legislature that a system capable of having primary responsibility for, being accountable for, and responding to the needs of youthful offenders, as defined by this chapter, be established. It is the further intent of the legislature that youth, in turn, be held accountable for their offenses and that (both) communities, families, and the juvenile courts carry out their functions consistent with this intent. To effectuate these policies, the legislature declares the following to be equally important purposes of this chapter:

(a) Protect the citizenry from criminal behavior;
(b) Provide for determining whether accused juveniles have committed offenses as defined by this chapter;
(c) Make the juvenile offender accountable for his or her criminal behavior;
(d) Provide for punishment commensurate with the age, crime, and criminal history of the juvenile offender;
(e) Provide due process for juveniles alleged to have committed an offense;
(f) Provide necessary treatment, supervision, and custody for juvenile offenders;
(g) Provide for the handling of juvenile offenders by communities whenever consistent with public safety;
(h) Provide for restitution to victims of crime;
(i) Develop effective standards and goals for the operation, funding, and evaluation of all components of the juvenile justice system and related services at the state and local levels; (and)
(j) Provide for a clear policy to determine what types of offenders shall receive punishment, treatment, or both, and to determine the jurisdictional limitations of the courts, institutions, and community services; and
(k) Encourage the parents, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile to actively participate in the juvenile justice process.

Sec. 9. RCW 13.40.020 and 1995 c 395 s 2 and 1995 c 134 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter:

(1) ("Serious offender" means a person fifteen years of age or older who has committed an offense which if committed by an adult would be:
(a) A class A felony, or an attempt to commit a class A felony;
(b) Manslaughter in the first degree; or
(c) Assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second degree, robbery in the second degree, residential burglary, or burglary in the second degree, where such offenses include the infliction of bodily harm upon another or where during the commission of or immediate withdrawal from such an offense the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon;
(2)) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community service may be performed through public or private organizations or through work crews;
((4)) (2) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department or an order granting a deferred (adjudication))
disposition pursuant to RCW 13.40.125. A community supervision order for a single offense may be for a period of up to two years for a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 and up to one year for other offenses. As a mandatory condition of any term of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to refrain from committing new offenses. As a mandatory condition of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to comply with the mandatory school attendance provisions of chapter 28A.225 RCW and to inform the school of the existence of this requirement. Community supervision is an individualized program comprised of one or more of the following:

(a) Community-based sanctions;
(b) Community-based rehabilitation;
(c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;
(d) Posting of a probation bond (imposed pursuant to RCW 13.40.0357);

(3) Community-based sanctions may include one or more of the following:
(a) A fine, not to exceed (one) five hundred dollars;
(b) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours of service;

(4) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of the following:
Employment; attendance of information classes; literacy classes; counseling; outpatient substance abuse treatment programs, outpatient mental health programs, anger management classes, education or outpatient treatment programs to prevent animal cruelty, or other services; or attendance at school or other educational programs appropriate for the juvenile as determined by the school district. Placement in community-based rehabilitation programs is subject to available funds;

(5) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of the following:
Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work, or court-ordered treatment programs during specified hours; restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas; requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to remain under the probation officer's supervision; and other conditions or limitations as the court may require which may not include confinement;

(6) "Confinement" means physical custody by the department of social and health services in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state, or physical custody in a detention facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with any county. The county may operate or contract with vendors to operate county detention facilities. The department may operate or contract to operate detention facilities for juveniles committed to the department. Pretrial confinement or confinement of less than thirty-one days imposed as part of a disposition or modification order may be served consecutively or intermittently, in the discretion of the court;

(7) "Court," when used without further qualification, means the juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);

(8) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints against the respondent for which, prior to the commission of a current offense:
(a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a respondent is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the same course of conduct, only the highest charge from among these shall count as an offense for the purposes of this chapter; or
(b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant to the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and after an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint would be considered as part of the respondent's criminal history. A successfully completed deferred adjudication that was entered before the effective date of this section or a deferred disposition shall not be considered part of the respondent's criminal history;

(9) "Department" means the department of social and health services;

(10) "Detention facility" means a county facility, paid for by the county, for the physical confinement of a juvenile alleged to have committed an offense or an adjudicated offender subject to a disposition or modification order. "Detention facility" includes county group homes, inpatient substance abuse programs, juvenile basic training camps, and electronic monitoring;

(11) "Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters into a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any other person, community accountability board, or other entity except a law enforcement official or entity, with whom the juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and supervise such agreements pursuant to RCW 13.40.080, or any person, community accountability board, or other entity specially funded by the legislature to arrange and supervise diversion agreements in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. For purposes of this subsection, "community accountability board" means a board comprised of members of the local community in which the juvenile offender resides. The superior court shall appoint the members. The
boards shall consist of at least three and not more than seven members. If possible, the board should include a variety of representatives from the community, such as a law enforcement officer, teacher or school administrator, high school student, parent, and business owner, and should represent the cultural diversity of the local community;

(12) "Institution" means a juvenile facility established pursuant to chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;

(13) "Intensive supervision program" means a parole program that requires intensive supervision and monitoring, offers an array of individualized treatment and transitional services, and emphasizes community involvement and support in order to reduce the likelihood a juvenile offender will commit further offenses;

(14) "Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years and who has not been previously transferred to adult court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110 or who is otherwise under adult court jurisdiction;

(15) "Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been found by the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a person eighteen years of age or older over whom jurisdiction has been extended under RCW 13.40.300;

(16) "Local sanctions" means one or more of the following: (a) 0-30 days of confinement; (b) 0-12 months of community supervision; (c) 0-150 hours of community service; or (d) $0-$500 fine;

(17) "Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would either impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a serious, and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this chapter;

(18) "Minor or first offender" means a person whose current offense(s) and criminal history fall entirely within one of the following categories:

(a) Four misdemeanors;
(b) Two misdemeanors and one gross misdemeanor;
(c) One misdemeanor and two gross misdemeanors; and
(d) Three gross misdemeanors.

For purposes of this definition, current violations shall be counted as misdemeanors;

(19) "Offense" means an act designated a violation or a crime if committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any ordinance of any city or county of this state, under any federal law, or under the law of another state if the act occurred in that state;

(20) "Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or proven to have committed an offense;

(21) "Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the offender to the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for medical treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages resulting from physical injury, and costs of the victim’s counseling reasonably related to the offense if the offense is a sex offense. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering, or other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter shall limit or replace civil remedies or defenses available to the victim or offender;

(22) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services. "Assistant secretary" means the assistant secretary for juvenile rehabilitation for the department;

(23) "Services" means services which provide alternatives to incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or been adjudicated guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion agreement pursuant to this chapter;

(24) "Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex offense in RCW 9.94A.030;

(25) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification;

(26) "Foster care" means temporary physical care in a foster family home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and licensed by the department, or other legally authorized care;

(27) "Violation" means an act or omission, which if committed by an adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and is punishable by sanctions which do not include incarceration;

(28) "Violent offense" means a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;
"Probation bond" means a bond, posted with sufficient security by a surety justified and approved by the court, to secure the offender’s appearance at required court proceedings and compliance with court-ordered community supervision or conditions of release ordered pursuant to RCW 13.40.040 or 13.40.050. It also means a deposit of cash or posting of other collateral in lieu of a bond if approved by the court;

"Surety" means an entity licensed under state insurance laws or by the state department of licensing, to write corporate, property, or probation bonds within the state, and justified and approved by the superior court of the county having jurisdiction of the case.

Sec. 10. RCW 13.40.0357 and 1996 c 205 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (SCHEDULE A)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JUVENILE DISPOSITION</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION (RCW CITATION)</th>
<th>JUVENILE DISPOSITION CATEGORY FOR ATTEMPT, BAILJUMP, CONSPIRACY, OR SOLICITATION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>JUVENILE DISPOSITION</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OFFENSE CATEGORY</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESCRIPTION Category</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Arson and Malicious Mischief**

- **Arson** 1 (9A.48.020) B+
  - **Arson** 2 (9A.48.030) C
  - **Reckless Burning** 1 (9A.48.040) D
  - **Reckless Burning** 2 (9A.48.050) E
- **Malicious Mischief** 1 (9A.48.070) C
  - **Malicious Mischief** 2 (9A.48.080) D
  - **Malicious Mischief** 3 (< $50 is E class) (9A.48.090) E
- **Tampering with Fire Alarm Apparatus** (9.40.100) E
  - **Possession of Incendiary Device** (9.40.120) B+
### Assault and Other Crimes Involving Physical Harm

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Assault 1 (9A.36.011)</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assault 2 (9A.36.021)</td>
<td>C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assault 3 (9A.36.031)</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assault 4 (9A.36.041)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive-By Shooting (9A.36.045)</td>
<td>C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reckless Endangerment (9A.36.050)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promoting Suicide Attempt (9A.36.060)</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coercion (9A.36.070)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custodial Assault (9A.36.100)</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Burglary and Trespass

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Burglary 1 (9A.52.020)</td>
<td>C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Residential Burglary (9A.52.025)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary 2 (9A.52.030)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary Tools (Possession of) (9A.52.060)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Criminal Trespass 1 (9A.52.070)  E

Criminal Trespass 2 (9A.52.080)  E

Vehicle Prowling 1 (9A.52.095)  D

Vehicle Prowling 2 (9A.52.100)  E

Drugs

Possession/Consumption of Alcohol (66.44.270)  E

Illegally Obtaining Legend Drug (69.41.020)  D

Sale, Delivery, Possession of Legend Drug with Intent to Sell (69.41.030)  D+

Possession of Legend Drug (69.41.030)  E

Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Narcotic or Methamphetamine Sale (69.50.401(a)(1)(i) or (ii))  B+

Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Sale (69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))  C

Possession of Marihuana < 40 grams (69.50.401(e))  E

Fraudulently Obtaining Controlled Substance (69.50.403)  C

Sale of Controlled Substance for Profit (69.50.410)  C+

Unlawful Inhalation (9.47A.020)  E
Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Narcotic or Methamphetamine Counterfeit Substances (69.50.401(b)(1)(i) or (ii))

Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Counterfeit Substances (69.50.401(b)(1) (iii), (iv),(v))

Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Possession of a Controlled Substance (69.50.401(d))

Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Possession of a Controlled Substance (69.50.401(c))

Firearms and Weapons

Theft of Firearm (9A.56.300)

Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310)

Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050)

Possession of Firearms by Minor (< 18) (9.41.040(1) (b)((i-i)) (iii))

Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250)

Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270)

Homicide

Murder 1 (9A.32.030)

Murder 2 (9A.32.050)
Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060)  C+

Manslaughter 2 (9A.32.070)  D+

Vehicular Homicide (46.61.520)  C+

**Kidnapping**

Kidnap 1 (9A.40.020)  B+

Kidnap 2 (9A.40.030)  C+

Unlawful Imprisonment (9A.40.040)  D+

**Obstructing Governmental Operation**

Obstructing a Law Enforcement Officer (9A.76.020)  E

Resisting Arrest (9A.76.040)  E

Introducing Contraband 1 (9A.76.140)  C

Introducing Contraband 2 (9A.76.150)  D

Introducing Contraband 3 (9A.76.160)  E

Intimidating a Public Servant (9A.76.180)  C+

Intimidating a Witness (9A.72.110)  C+
Public Disturbance

Riot with Weapon (9A.84.010) D+

Riot Without Weapon (9A.84.010) E

Failure to Disperse (9A.84.020) E

Disorderly Conduct (9A.84.030) E

Sex Crimes

Rape 1 (9A.44.040) B+

Rape 2 (9A.44.050) B+

Rape 3 (9A.44.060) D+

Rape of a Child 1 (9A.44.073) B+

Rape of a Child 2 (9A.44.076) C+

Incest 1 (9A.64.020(1)) C

Incest 2 (9A.64.020(2)) D

Indecent Exposure (Victim < 14) (9A.88.010) E

Indecent Exposure (Victim 14 or over) (9A.88.010) E
Promoting Prostitution 1 (9A.88.070) C+

Promoting Prostitution 2 (9A.88.080) D+

O & A (Prostitution) (9A.88.030) E

Indecent Liberties (9A.44.100) C+

Child Molestation 1 (9A.44.083) B+

Child Molestation 2 (9A.44.086) C+

Theft, Robbery, Extortion, and Forgery

Theft 1 (9A.56.030) C

Theft 2 (9A.56.040) D

Theft 3 (9A.56.050) E

Theft of Livestock (9A.56.080) C

Forgery (9A.60.020) D

Robbery 1 (9A.56.200) B+

Robbery 2 (9A.56.210) C+

Extortion 1 (9A.56.120) C+
Extortion 2 (9A.56.130)

Possession of Stolen Property 1 (9A.56.150)

Possession of Stolen Property 2 (9A.56.160)

Possession of Stolen Property 3 (9A.56.170)

Taking Motor Vehicle Without Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)

Motor Vehicle Related Crimes

Driving Without a License (46.20.021)

Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4))

Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5))

Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010)

Vehicular Assault (46.61.522)

Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024)

Reckless Driving (46.61.500)

Driving While Under the Influence (46.61.502 and 46.61.504)

Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.100)

Taking Motor Vehicle Without Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)
### Other

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Bomb Threat (9.61.160)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Escape 1¹ (9A.76.110)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Escape 2¹ (9A.76.120)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Escape 3 (9A.76.130)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Obscene, Harassing, Etc., Phone Calls (9.61.230)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class A Felony</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class B Felony</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class C Felony</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Gross Misdemeanor</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Misdemeanor</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Violation of Order of Restitution, Community Supervision, or Confinement (13.40.200)²</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹Escape 1 and 2 and Attempted Escape 1 and 2 are classed as C offenses and the standard range is established as follows:
   1st escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 4 weeks confinement
   2nd escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 8 weeks confinement
   3rd and subsequent escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 12 weeks confinement

²If the court finds that a respondent has violated terms of an order, it may impose a penalty of up to 30 days of confinement.

---

**((SCHEDULE B)**

**PRIOR OFFENSE INCREASE FACTOR**

For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1, 1989.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TIME SPAN</th>
<th>0-12 Months</th>
<th>13-24 Months</th>
<th>25 Months or More</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OFFENSE CATEGORY</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.8</td>
<td>.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.8</td>
<td>.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.7</td>
<td>.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.6</td>
<td>.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>.6</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td>.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>.1</td>
<td>.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td></td>
<td>.1</td>
<td>.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Prior history—Any offense in which a diversion agreement or counsel and release form was signed, or any offense which has been adjudicated by court to be correct prior to the commission of the current offense(s).

**SCHEDULE-C**

**CURRENT-OFFENSE POINTS**

For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1, 1989.

**AGE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFENSE CATEGORY</th>
<th>12 &amp; Under</th>
<th>13</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>15</th>
<th>16</th>
<th>17</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>STANDARD RANGE</td>
<td>180-224 WEEKS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(2) JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS
((SCHEDULE D-1))

This schedule ((may only)) must be used for ((minor/first)) juvenile offenders. ((After the determination is made that a youth is a minor/first offender,)) The court ((has the discretion to)) may select sentencing option A, B, or C.

**((MINOR/FIRST-OFFENDER OPTION A))**
**STANDARD RANGE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Community Supervision</th>
<th>Service Community Hours</th>
<th>Fine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-9</td>
<td>0-3-months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-19</td>
<td>0-3-months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-29</td>
<td>0-3-months</td>
<td>and/or 0-16</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>0-3-months</td>
<td>and/or 8-24</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OR

OPTION B
STATUTORY OPTION

0-12 Months Community Supervision
0-150 Hours Community Service
0-100 Fine
Posting of a Probation Bond

A term of community supervision with a maximum of 150 hours, $100.00 fine, and 12 months supervision.

OR

OPTION C
MANIFEST INJUSTICE

When a term of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice, another disposition may be imposed. When a judge imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS
SCHEDULE D-2

This schedule may only be used for middle offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a middle offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A, B, or C.

MIDDLE OFFENDER
OPTION A
STANDARD RANGE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Community Supervision</th>
<th>Community Service Hours</th>
<th>Fine</th>
<th>Confinement Days</th>
<th>Weeks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-9</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-10</td>
<td>and/or 0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-19</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-10</td>
<td>and/or 0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age Range</td>
<td>Duration</td>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
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<td>-----------</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-29</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or</td>
<td>0-16</td>
<td>and/or 0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or</td>
<td>8-24</td>
<td>and/or 2-4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>3-6 months</td>
<td>and/or</td>
<td>16-32</td>
<td>and/or 2-4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-59</td>
<td>3-6 months</td>
<td>and/or</td>
<td>24-40</td>
<td>and/or 5-10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-69</td>
<td>6-9 months</td>
<td>and/or</td>
<td>32-48</td>
<td>and/or 5-10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-79</td>
<td>6-9 months</td>
<td>and/or</td>
<td>40-56</td>
<td>and/or 10-20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80-89</td>
<td>9-12 months</td>
<td>and/or</td>
<td>48-64</td>
<td>and/or 10-20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90-109</td>
<td>9-12 months</td>
<td>and/or</td>
<td>56-72</td>
<td>and/or 15-30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110-129</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8-12</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130-149</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>13-16</td>
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<tr>
<td>150-199</td>
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<td>21-28</td>
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<tr>
<td>200-249</td>
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<td>30-40</td>
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<tr>
<td>250-299</td>
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<td>52-65</td>
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<tr>
<td>300-374</td>
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<td></td>
<td>80-100</td>
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<tr>
<td>375+</td>
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<td></td>
<td>103-129</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Middle offenders with 110 points or more do not have to be committed. They may be assigned community supervision under option B.
All A+ offenses 180-224 weeks)

**OPTION A**

**JUVENILE OFFENDER SENTENCING GRID**

**STANDARD RANGE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A+</th>
<th>180 WEEKS TO AGE 21 YEARS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>103 WEEKS TO 129 WEEKS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A-</th>
<th>15-36</th>
<th>52-65</th>
<th>80-100</th>
<th>103-129</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>WEEKS</td>
<td>WEEKS</td>
<td>WEEKS</td>
<td>WEEKS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EXCEPT</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-40</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WEEKS FOR</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15-17</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>YEAR OLDS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</table>

Current B+ 15-36 | 52-65 | 80-100 | 103-129

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense</th>
<th>WEEKS</th>
<th>WEEKS</th>
<th>WEEKS</th>
<th>WEEKS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Category</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B LOCAL SANCTIONS (LS)</td>
<td></td>
<td>52-65</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15-36 WEEKS</td>
<td>WEEKS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td></td>
<td>15-36 WEEKS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td></td>
<td>15-36 WEEKS</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>0 to 12 Months Community Supervision</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0 to 150 Hours Community Service</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td>$0 to $500 Fine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>LS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

0 1 2 3 4 or more

**PRIOR ADJUDICATIONS**

NOTE: References in the grid to days or weeks mean periods of confinement.

(a) The vertical axis of the grid is the current offense category. The current offense category is determined by the offense of adjudication.

(b) The horizontal axis of the grid is the number of prior adjudications included in the juvenile's criminal history. Each prior felony adjudication shall count as one point. Each prior violation, misdemeanor, and gross misdemeanor adjudication shall count as 1/4 point. Fractional points shall be rounded down.

(c) The standard range disposition for each offense is determined by the intersection of the column defined by the prior adjudications and the row defined by the current offense category.

(d) RCW 13.40.180 applies if the offender is being sentenced for more than one offense.
(e) A current offense that is a violation is equivalent to an offense category of E. However, a disposition for a violation shall not include confinement.

OR

OPTION B

(STATUTORY OPTION)

CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY DISPOSITION ALTERNATIVE

((0-12 Months Community Supervision
0-150 Hours Community Service
0-100 Fine
Posting of a Probation Bond

If the offender has less than 110 points, the court may impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to 30 days confinement; in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150.))

If the ((middle)) juvenile offender ((has 110 points or more)) is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose a disposition under ((option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender fails to comply with the terms of community supervision, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspended disposition and order execution of the disposition. If the court imposes confinement for offenders with 110 points or more, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors set forth in RCW 13.40.150)) RCW 13.40.160(5) and section 26 of this act.

OR

OPTION C

MANIFEST INJUSTICE

If the court determines that a disposition under option A or B would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall ((sentence the juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range)) impose a disposition outside the standard range under RCW 13.40.160(2).

(JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS
SCHEDULE D-3

This schedule may only be used for serious offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a serious offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A or B.

SERIOUS OFFENDER
OPTION A

STANDARD RANGE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Institution Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-129</td>
<td>8-12 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130-149</td>
<td>13-16 weeks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
OR

**OPTION B**

MANIFEST INJUSTICE

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determined and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision including posting a probation bond or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

(3) Upon a juvenile offender’s conviction for a third or subsequent offense, the court shall refer the juvenile to a community-based intervention program funded under sections 65 through 69 of this act.

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**Sec. 11.** RCW 13.40.038 and 1992 c 205 s 105 are each amended to read as follows:

It is the policy of this state that all county juvenile detention facilities provide a humane, safe, and rehabilitative environment (and that unadjudicated youth remain in the community whenever possible, consistent with public safety and the provisions of chapter 13.40 RCW). It is the policy of this state that a juvenile suspect be removed from a confrontational situation as soon as possible. Counties should emphasize immediate enforcement by arrest, booking, and release to a responsible adult or the department of social and health services as provided in RCW 13.40.040.

The counties shall develop and implement detention intake standards and risk assessment standards to determine whether detention is warranted and if so whether the juvenile should be placed in secure, nonsecure, or home detention to implement the goals of this section. Inability to pay for a less restrictive detention placement shall not be a basis for denying a respondent a less restrictive placement in the community. The detention and risk assessment standards shall be developed and implemented no later than December 31, 1992.

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**Sec. 12.** RCW 13.40.040 and 1995 c 395 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A juvenile may be taken into custody:

(a) Pursuant to a court order if a complaint is filed with the court alleging, and the court finds probable cause to believe, that the juvenile has committed an offense or has violated terms of a disposition order or release order; or
(b) Without a court order, by a law enforcement officer if grounds exist for the arrest of an adult in identical circumstances. Admission to, and continued custody in, a court detention facility shall be governed by subsection (((2))) (3) of this section; or
(c) Pursuant to a court order that the juvenile be held as a material witness; or
(d) Where the secretary or the secretary's designee has suspended the parole of a juvenile offender.

(2) A juvenile taken into custody may be held in detention until the juvenile can be released to a responsible adult.

(3) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a juvenile may not be held in detention unless there is probable cause to believe that:
(a) The juvenile has committed an offense or has violated the terms of a disposition order; and
(i) The juvenile will likely fail to appear for further proceedings; or
(ii) Detention is required to protect the juvenile from himself or herself; or
(iii) The juvenile is a threat to community safety; or
(iv) The juvenile will intimidate witnesses or otherwise unlawfully interfere with the administration of justice; or
(v) The juvenile has committed a crime while another case was pending; or
(b) The juvenile is a fugitive from justice; or
(c) The juvenile's parole has been suspended or modified; or
(d) The juvenile is a material witness.

((4)) (4) Upon a finding that members of the community have threatened the health of a juvenile taken into custody, at the juvenile's request the court may order continued detention pending further order of the court.

((4)) (5) A juvenile detained under this section may be released upon posting a probation bond set by the court. The juvenile's parent or guardian may sign for the probation bond. A court authorizing such a release shall issue an order containing a statement of conditions imposed upon the juvenile and shall set the date of his or her next court appearance. The court shall advise the juvenile of any conditions specified in the order and may at any time amend such an order in order to impose additional or different conditions of release upon the juvenile or to return the juvenile to custody for failing to conform to the conditions imposed. In addition to requiring the juvenile to appear at the next court date, the court may condition the probation bond on the juvenile's compliance with conditions of release. The juvenile's parent or guardian may notify the court that the juvenile has failed to conform to the conditions of release or the provisions in the probation bond. If the parent notifies the court of the juvenile's failure to comply with the probation bond, the court shall notify the surety. As provided in the terms of the bond, the surety shall provide notice to the court of the offender's noncompliance. Failure to appear on the date scheduled by the court pursuant to this section shall constitute the crime of bail jumping.

Sec. 13. RCW 13.40.045 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 518 are each amended to read as follows:
The secretary, assistant secretary, or the secretary's designee shall issue arrest warrants for juveniles who escape from department residential custody. The secretary, assistant secretary, or the secretary's designee may issue arrest warrants for juveniles who abscond from parole supervision or fail to meet conditions of parole. These arrest warrants shall authorize any law enforcement, probation and parole, or peace officer of this state, or any other state where the juvenile is located, to arrest the juvenile and to place the juvenile in physical custody pending the juvenile's return to confinement in a state juvenile rehabilitation facility.

Sec. 14. RCW 13.40.050 and 1995 c 395 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When a juvenile taken into custody is held in detention:
(a) An information, a community supervision modification or termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition shall be filed within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays excluded, or the juvenile shall be released; and
(b) A detention hearing, a community supervision modification or termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition shall be held within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays,
and holidays excluded, from the time of filing the information or petition, to determine whether continued detention is necessary under RCW 13.40.040.

(2) Notice of the detention hearing, stating the time, place, and purpose of the hearing, ((and)) stating the right to counsel, and requiring attendance shall be given to the parent, guardian, or custodian if such person can be found and shall also be given to the juvenile if over twelve years of age.

(3) At the commencement of the detention hearing, the court shall advise the parties of their rights under this chapter and shall appoint counsel as specified in this chapter.

(4) The court shall, based upon the allegations in the information, determine whether the case is properly before it or whether the case should be treated as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080. If the case is not properly before the court the juvenile shall be ordered released.

(5) Notwithstanding a determination that the case is properly before the court and that probable cause exists, a juvenile shall at the detention hearing be ordered released on the juvenile’s personal recognition pending further hearing unless the court finds detention is necessary under RCW 13.40.040 ((as now or hereafter amended)).

(6) If detention is not necessary under RCW 13.40.040, ((as now or hereafter amended,)) the court shall impose the most appropriate of the following conditions or, if necessary, any combination of the following conditions:
   (a) Place the juvenile in the custody of a designated person agreeing to supervise such juvenile;
   (b) Place restrictions on the travel of the juvenile during the period of release;
   (c) Require the juvenile to report regularly to and remain under the supervision of the juvenile court;
   (d) Impose any condition other than detention deemed reasonably necessary to assure appearance as required;
   (e) Require that the juvenile return to detention during specified hours; or
   (f) Require the juvenile to post a probation bond set by the court under terms and conditions as provided in RCW 13.40.040(4).

(7) A juvenile may be released only to a responsible adult or the department of social and health services.

(8) If the parent, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile in detention is available, the court shall consult with them prior to a determination to further detain or release the juvenile or treat the case as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080.

(9) A person notified under this section who fails without reasonable cause to appear and abide by the order of the court may be proceeded against as for contempt of court. In determining whether a parent, guardian, or custodian had reasonable cause not to appear, the court may consider all factors relevant to the person’s ability to appear as summoned.

Sec. 15. RCW 13.40.060 and 1989 c 71 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) All actions under this chapter shall be commenced and tried in the county where any element of the offense was committed except as otherwise specially provided by statute. In cases in which diversion is provided by statute, venue is in the county in which the juvenile resides or in the county in which any element of the offense was committed.

(2) ((The case and copies of all legal and social documents pertaining thereto may in the discretion of the court be transferred to the county where the juvenile resides for a disposition hearing. All costs and arrangements for care and transportation of the juvenile in custody shall be the responsibility of the receiving county as of the date of the transfer of the juvenile to such county, unless the counties otherwise agree.

(3)) The case and copies of all legal and social documents pertaining thereto may in the discretion of the court be transferred to the county in which the juvenile resides for supervision and enforcement of the disposition order. The court of the receiving county has jurisdiction to modify and enforce the disposition order.

((4)) (3) The court upon motion of any party or upon its own motion may, at any time, transfer a proceeding to another juvenile court when there is reason to believe that an impartial proceeding cannot be held in the county in which the proceeding was begun.
Sec. 16. RCW 13.40.070 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 543 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Complaints referred to the juvenile court alleging the commission of an offense shall be referred directly to the prosecutor. The prosecutor, upon receipt of a complaint, shall screen the complaint to determine whether:
(a) The alleged facts bring the case within the jurisdiction of the court; and
(b) On a basis of available evidence there is probable cause to believe that the juvenile did commit the offense.
(2) If the identical alleged acts constitute an offense under both the law of this state and an ordinance of any city or county of this state, state law shall govern the prosecutor’s screening and charging decision for both filed and diverted cases.
(3) If the requirements of subsections (1)(a) and (b) of this section are met, the prosecutor shall either file an information in juvenile court or divert the case, as set forth in subsections (5), (6), and (7) of this section. If the prosecutor finds that the requirements of subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section are not met, the prosecutor shall maintain a record, for one year, of such decision and the reasons therefor. In lieu of filing an information or diverting an offense a prosecutor may file a motion to modify community supervision where such offense constitutes a violation of community supervision.
(4) An information shall be a plain, concise, and definite written statement of the essential facts constituting the offense charged. It shall be signed by the prosecuting attorney and conform to chapter 10.37 RCW.
(5) Where a case is legally sufficient, the prosecutor shall file an information with the juvenile court if:
(a) An alleged offender is accused of a class A felony, a class B felony, an attempt to commit a class B felony, a class C felony listed in RCW 9.94A.440(2) as a crime against persons or listed in RCW 9A.46.060 as a crime of harassment, or a class C felony that is a violation of RCW 9.41.080 or (9.41.040(1)(c), or any other offense listed in RCW 13.40.020(1)(b) or (c)) 9.41.040(1)(b)(iii); or
(b) An alleged offender is accused of a felony and has a criminal history of any felony, or at least two gross misdemeanors, or at least two misdemeanors; or
(c) An alleged offender has previously been committed to the department; or
(d) An alleged offender has been referred by a diversion unit for prosecution or desires prosecution instead of diversion; or
(e) An alleged offender has two or more diversion contracts on the alleged offender’s criminal history; or
(f) A special allegation has been filed that the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm when the offense was committed.
(6) Where a case is legally sufficient the prosecutor shall divert the case if the alleged offense is a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor or violation and the alleged offense is the offender’s first offense or violation. If the alleged offender is charged with a related offense that must or may be filed under subsections (5) and (7) of this section, a case under this subsection may also be filed.
(7) Where a case is legally sufficient and falls into neither subsection (5) nor (6) of this section, it may be filed or diverted. In deciding whether to file or divert an offense under this section the prosecutor shall be guided only by the length, seriousness, and recency of the alleged offender’s criminal history and the circumstances surrounding the commission of the alleged offense.
(8) Whenever a juvenile is placed in custody or, where not placed in custody, referred to a diversionary interview, the parent or legal guardian of the juvenile shall be notified as soon as possible concerning the allegation made against the juvenile and the current status of the juvenile. Where a case involves victims of crimes against persons or victims whose property has not been recovered at the time a juvenile is referred to a diversionary unit, the victim shall be notified of the referral and informed how to contact the unit.
(9) The responsibilities of the prosecutor under subsections (1) through (8) of this section may be performed by a juvenile court probation counselor for any complaint referred to the court alleging the commission of an offense which would not be a felony if committed by an adult, if the prosecutor has given sufficient written notice to the juvenile court that the prosecutor will not review such complaints.
(10) The prosecutor, juvenile court probation counselor, or diversion unit may, in exercising their authority under this section or RCW 13.40.080, refer juveniles to mediation or victim offender reconciliation programs. Such mediation or victim offender reconciliation programs shall be voluntary for victims.

Sec. 17. RCW 13.40.077 and 1996 c 9 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

RECOMMENDED PROSECUTING STANDARDS
FOR CHARGING AND PLEA DISPOSITIONS

INTRODUCTION: These standards are intended solely for the guidance of prosecutors in the state of Washington. They are not intended to, do not, and may not be relied upon to create a right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law by a party in litigation with the state.

Evidentiary sufficiency.
(1) Decision not to prosecute.
STANDARD: A prosecuting attorney may decline to prosecute, even though technically sufficient evidence to prosecute exists, in situations where prosecution would serve no public purpose, would defeat the underlying purpose of the law in question, or would result in decreased respect for the law. The decision not to prosecute or divert shall not be influenced by the race, gender, religion, or creed of the suspect.

GUIDELINES/COMMENTARY:
Examples
The following are examples of reasons not to prosecute which could satisfy the standard.
(a) Contrary to Legislative Intent - It may be proper to decline to charge where the application of criminal sanctions would be clearly contrary to the intent of the legislature in enacting the particular statute.
(b) Antiquated Statute - It may be proper to decline to charge where the statute in question is antiquated in that:
   (i) It has not been enforced for many years;
   (ii) Most members of society act as if it were no longer in existence;
   (iii) It serves no deterrent or protective purpose in today's society; and
   (iv) The statute has not been recently reconsidered by the legislature.
   This reason is not to be construed as the basis for declining cases because the law in question is unpopular or because it is difficult to enforce.
   (c) De Minimis Violation - It may be proper to decline to charge where the violation of law is only technical or insubstantial and where no public interest or deterrent purpose would be served by prosecution.
   (d) Confinement on Other Charges - It may be proper to decline to charge because the accused has been sentenced on another charge to a lengthy period of confinement; and
      (i) Conviction of the new offense would not merit any additional direct or collateral punishment;
      (ii) The new offense is either a misdemeanor or a felony which is not particularly aggravated; and
      (iii) Conviction of the new offense would not serve any significant deterrent purpose.
   (e) Pending Conviction on Another Charge - It may be proper to decline to charge because the accused is facing a pending prosecution in the same or another county; and
      (i) Conviction of the new offense would not merit any additional direct or collateral punishment;
      (ii) Conviction in the pending prosecution is imminent;
      (iii) The new offense is either a misdemeanor or a felony which is not particularly aggravated; and
      (iv) Conviction of the new offense would not serve any significant deterrent purpose.
   (f) High Disproportionate Cost of Prosecution - It may be proper to decline to charge where the cost of locating or transporting, or the burden on, prosecution witnesses is highly disproportionate to
the importance of prosecuting the offense in question. The reason should be limited to minor cases and should not be relied upon in serious cases.

(g) Improper Motives of Complainant - It may be proper to decline charges because the motives of the complainant are improper and prosecution would serve no public purpose, would defeat the underlying purpose of the law in question, or would result in decreased respect for the law.

(h) Immunity - It may be proper to decline to charge where immunity is to be given to an accused in order to prosecute another where the accused information or testimony will reasonably lead to the conviction of others who are responsible for more serious criminal conduct or who represent a greater danger to the public interest.

(i) Victim Request - It may be proper to decline to charge because the victim requests that no criminal charges be filed and the case involves the following crimes or situations:

(i) Assault cases where the victim has suffered little or no injury;
(ii) Crimes against property, not involving violence, where no major loss was suffered;
(iii) Where doing so would not jeopardize the safety of society.

Care should be taken to insure that the victim's request is freely made and is not the product of threats or pressure by the accused.

The presence of these factors may also justify the decision to dismiss a prosecution which has been commenced.

Notification
The prosecutor is encouraged to notify the victim, when practical, and the law enforcement personnel, of the decision not to prosecute.

(2) Decision to prosecute.
STANDARD:

Crimes against persons will be filed if sufficient admissible evidence exists, which, when considered with the most plausible, reasonably foreseeable defense that could be raised under the evidence, would justify conviction by a reasonable and objective fact-finder. With regard to offenses prohibited by RCW 9A.44.040, 9A.44.050, 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, 9A.44.079, 9A.44.083, 9A.44.086, 9A.44.089, and 9A.64.020 the prosecutor should avoid filing agreements or diversions intended to place the accused in a program of treatment or counseling, so that treatment, if determined to be beneficial, can be proved under RCW 13.40.160((4)).

Crimes against property/other crimes will be filed if the admissible evidence is of such convincing force as to make it probable that a reasonable and objective fact-finder would convict after hearing all the admissible evidence and the most plausible defense that could be raised.

The categorization of crimes for these charging standards shall be the same as found in RCW 9.94A.440(2).

The decision to prosecute or use diversion shall not be influenced by the race, gender, religion, or creed of the respondent.

(3) Selection of Charges/Degree of Charge
(a) The prosecutor should file charges which adequately describe the nature of the respondent's conduct. Other offenses may be charged only if they are necessary to ensure that the charges:

(i) Will significantly enhance the strength of the state's case at trial; or
(ii) Will result in restitution to all victims.

(b) The prosecutor should not overcharge to obtain a guilty plea. Overcharging includes:

(i) Charging a higher degree;
(ii) Charging additional counts.

This standard is intended to direct prosecutors to charge those crimes which demonstrate the nature and seriousness of a respondent's criminal conduct, but to decline to charge crimes which are not necessary to such an indication. Crimes which do not merge as a matter of law, but which arise from the same course of conduct, do not all have to be charged.

(4) Police Investigation
A prosecuting attorney is dependent upon law enforcement agencies to conduct the necessary factual investigation which must precede the decision to prosecute. The prosecuting attorney shall ensure that a thorough factual investigation has been conducted before a decision to prosecute is made. In ordinary circumstances the investigation should include the following:
(a) The interviewing of all material witnesses, together with the obtaining of written statements whenever possible;
(b) The completion of necessary laboratory tests; and
(c) The obtaining, in accordance with constitutional requirements, of the suspect’s version of the events.

If the initial investigation is incomplete, a prosecuting attorney should insist upon further investigation before a decision to prosecute is made, and specify what the investigation needs to include.

(5) Exceptions
In certain situations, a prosecuting attorney may authorize filing of a criminal complaint before the investigation is complete if:
(a) Probable cause exists to believe the suspect is guilty; and
(b) The suspect presents a danger to the community or is likely to flee if not apprehended; or
(c) The arrest of the suspect is necessary to complete the investigation of the crime.

In the event that the exception (to the standard) is applied, the prosecuting attorney shall obtain a commitment from the law enforcement agency involved to complete the investigation in a timely manner. If the subsequent investigation does not produce sufficient evidence to meet the normal charging standard, the complaint should be dismissed.

(6) Investigation Techniques
The prosecutor should be fully advised of the investigatory techniques that were used in the case investigation including:
(a) Polygraph testing;
(b) Hypnosis;
(c) Electronic surveillance;
(d) Use of informants.

(7) Prefiling Discussions with Defendant
Discussions with the defendant or his or her representative regarding the selection or disposition of charges may occur prior to the filing of charges, and potential agreements can be reached.

(8) Plea dispositions:
STANDARD
(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a respondent will normally be expected to plead guilty to the charge or charges which adequately describe the nature of his or her criminal conduct or go to trial.

(b) In certain circumstances, a plea agreement with a respondent in exchange for a plea of guilty to a charge or charges that may not fully describe the nature of his or her criminal conduct may be necessary and in the public interest. Such situations may include the following:
(i) Evidentiary problems which make conviction of the original charges doubtful;
(ii) The respondent’s willingness to cooperate in the investigation or prosecution of others whose criminal conduct is more serious or represents a greater public threat;
(iii) A request by the victim when it is not the result of pressure from the respondent;
(iv) The discovery of facts which mitigate the seriousness of the respondent’s conduct;
(v) The correction of errors in the initial charging decision;
(vi) The respondent’s history with respect to criminal activity;
(vii) The nature and seriousness of the offense or offenses charged;
(viii) The probable effect of witnesses.
(c) No plea agreement shall be influenced by the race, gender, religion, or creed of the respondent. This includes but is not limited to the prosecutor’s decision to utilize such disposition alternatives as (Option B) the Special Sex Offender Disposition Alternative, the Chemical Dependency Disposition Alternative, and manifest injustice.

(9) Disposition recommendations:
STANDARD
The prosecutor may reach an agreement regarding disposition recommendations.
The prosecutor shall not agree to withhold relevant information from the court concerning the plea agreement.

**Sec. 18.** RCW 13.40.080 and 1996 c 124 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

1. A diversion agreement shall be a contract between a juvenile accused of an offense and a diversionary unit whereby the juvenile agrees to fulfill certain conditions in lieu of prosecution. Such agreements may be entered into only after the prosecutor, or probation counselor pursuant to this chapter, has determined that probable cause exists to believe that a crime has been committed and that the juvenile committed it. Such agreements shall be entered into as expeditiously as possible.

2. A diversion agreement shall be limited to one or more of the following:
   a. Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours, not to be performed during school hours if the juvenile is attending school;
   b. Restitution limited to the amount of actual loss incurred by the victim;
   c. Attendance at up to ten hours of counseling and/or up to twenty hours of educational or informational sessions at a community agency. The educational or informational sessions may include sessions relating to respect for self, others, and authority; victim awareness; accountability; self-worth; responsibility; work ethics; good citizenship; literacy; and life skills. For purposes of this section, "community agency" may also mean a community-based nonprofit organization, if approved by the diversion unit. The state shall not be liable for costs resulting from the diversionary unit exercising the option to permit diversion agreements to mandate attendance at up to ten hours of counseling and/or up to twenty hours of educational or informational sessions;
   d. A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars. ((In determining the amount of the fine, the diversion unit shall consider only the juvenile’s financial resources and whether the juvenile has the means to pay the fine. The diversion unit shall not consider the financial resources of the juvenile’s parents, guardian, or custodian in determining the fine to be imposed)); and
   e. Requirements to remain during specified hours at home, school, or work, and restrictions on leaving or entering specified geographical areas.

3. In assessing periods of community service to be performed and restitution to be paid by a juvenile who has entered into a diversion agreement, the court officer to whom this task is assigned shall consult with the juvenile’s custodial parent or parents or guardian and victims who have contacted the diversionary unit and, to the extent possible, involve members of the community. Such members of the community shall meet with the juvenile and advise the court officer as to the terms of the diversion agreement and shall supervise the juvenile in carrying out its terms.

4. (a) A diversion agreement may not exceed a period of six months and may include a period extending beyond the eighteenth birthday of the divertee.
   (b) If additional time is necessary for the juvenile to complete restitution to the victim, the time period limitations of this subsection may be extended by an additional six months.
   (c) If the juvenile has not paid the full amount of restitution by the end of the additional six-month period, then the juvenile shall be referred to the juvenile court for entry of an order establishing the amount of restitution still owed to the victim. In this order, the court shall also determine the terms and conditions of the restitution, including a payment plan extending up to ten years if the court determines that the juvenile does not have the means to make full restitution over a shorter period. For the purposes of this subsection (4)(c), the juvenile shall remain under the court’s jurisdiction for a maximum term of ten years or longer after the juvenile’s eighteenth birthday((The court may not require the juvenile to pay full or partial restitution if the juvenile reasonably satisfies the court that he or she does not have the means to make full or partial restitution and could not reasonably acquire the means to pay the restitution over a ten-year period)) or longer if necessary to recover the full amount of restitution. The county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. The restitution to victims named in the order shall be paid prior to any payment for other penalties or monetary assessments. A juvenile under obligation to pay restitution may petition the court for modification of the restitution order.
   (d) The juvenile shall retain the right to be referred to the court at any time prior to the signing of the diversion agreement.
(6) Divertees and potential divertees shall be afforded due process in all contacts with a
diversionary unit regardless of whether the juveniles are accepted for diversion or whether the
diversion program is successfully completed. Such due process shall include, but not be limited to, the
following:
(a) A written diversion agreement shall be executed stating all conditions in clearly
understandable language;
(b) Violation of the terms of the agreement shall be the only grounds for termination;
(c) No divertee may be terminated from a diversion program without being given a court
hearing, which hearing shall be preceded by:
(i) Written notice of alleged violations of the conditions of the diversion program; and
(ii) Disclosure of all evidence to be offered against the divertee;
(d) The hearing shall be conducted by the juvenile court and shall include:
(i) Opportunity to be heard in person and to present evidence;
(ii) The right to confront and cross-examine all adverse witnesses;
(iii) A written statement by the court as to the evidence relied on and the reasons for
termination, should that be the decision; and
(iv) Demonstration by evidence that the divertee has substantially violated the terms of his or
her diversion agreement.
(e) The prosecutor may file an information on the offense for which the divertee was diverted:
(i) In juvenile court if the divertee is under eighteen years of age; or
(ii) In superior court or the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction if the divertee is eighteen
years of age or older.
(7) The diversion unit shall, subject to available funds, be responsible for providing interpreters
when juveniles need interpreters to effectively communicate during diversion unit hearings or
negotiations.
(8) The diversion unit shall be responsible for advising a divertee of his or her rights as
provided in this chapter.
(9) The diversion unit may refer a juvenile to community-based counseling or treatment
programs.
(10) The right to counsel shall inure prior to the initial interview for purposes of advising the
juvenile as to whether he or she desires to participate in the diversion process or to appear in the
juvenile court. The juvenile may be represented by counsel at any critical stage of the diversion
process, including intake interviews and termination hearings. The juvenile shall be fully advised at the
intake of his or her right to an attorney and of the relevant services an attorney can provide. For the
purpose of this section, intake interviews mean all interviews regarding the diversion agreement
process.

The juvenile shall be advised that a diversion agreement shall constitute a part of the juvenile’s
criminal history as defined by RCW 13.40.020((49)) (8). A signed acknowledgment of such
adviseement shall be obtained from the juvenile, and the document shall be maintained by the
diversionary unit together with the diversion agreement, and a copy of both documents shall be
delivered to the prosecutor if requested by the prosecutor. The supreme court shall promulgate rules
setting forth the content of such adviseement in simple language.
(11) When a juvenile enters into a diversion agreement, the juvenile court may receive only the
following information for dispositional purposes:
(a) The fact that a charge or charges were made;
(b) The fact that a diversion agreement was entered into;
(c) The juvenile's obligations under such agreement;
(d) Whether the alleged offender performed his or her obligations under such agreement; and
(e) The facts of the alleged offense.
(12) A diversionary unit may refuse to enter into a diversion agreement with a juvenile. When
a diversionary unit refuses to enter a diversion agreement with a juvenile, it shall immediately refer
such juvenile to the court for action and shall forward to the court the criminal complaint and a detailed
statement of its reasons for refusing to enter into a diversion agreement. The diversionary unit shall
also immediately refer the case to the prosecuting attorney for action if such juvenile violates the terms of the diversion agreement.

(13) A diversionary unit may, in instances where it determines that the act or omission of an act for which a juvenile has been referred to it involved no victim, or where it determines that the juvenile referred to it has no prior criminal history and is alleged to have committed an illegal act involving no threat of or instance of actual physical harm and involving not more than fifty dollars in property loss or damage and that there is no loss outstanding to the person or firm suffering such damage or loss, counsel and release or release such a juvenile without entering into a diversion agreement. A diversion unit’s authority to counsel and release a juvenile under this subsection shall include the authority to refer the juvenile to community-based counseling or treatment programs. Any juvenile released under this subsection shall be advised that the act or omission of any act for which he or she had been referred shall constitute a part of the juvenile’s criminal history as defined by RCW 13.40.020((9)) (8). A signed acknowledgment of such advisement shall be obtained from the juvenile, and the document shall be maintained by the unit, and a copy of the document shall be delivered to the prosecutor if requested by the prosecutor. The supreme court shall promulgate rules setting forth the content of such advisement in simple language. A juvenile determined to be eligible by a diversionary unit for release as provided in this subsection shall retain the same right to counsel and right to have his or her case referred to the court for formal action as any other juvenile referred to the unit.

(14) A diversion unit may supervise the fulfillment of a diversion agreement entered into before the juvenile’s eighteenth birthday and which includes a period extending beyond the divertee’s eighteenth birthday.

(15) If a fine required by a diversion agreement cannot reasonably be paid due to a change of circumstance, the diversion agreement may be modified at the request of the divertee and with the concurrence of the diversion unit to convert an unpaid fine into community service. The modification of the diversion agreement shall be in writing and signed by the divertee and the diversion unit. The number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty shall be converted at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour.

(16) Fines imposed under this section shall be collected and paid into the county general fund in accordance with procedures established by the juvenile court administrator under RCW 13.04.040 and may be used only for juvenile services. In the expenditure of funds for juvenile services, there shall be a maintenance of effort whereby counties exhaust existing resources before using amounts collected under this section.

Sec. 19. RCW 13.40.100 and 1979 c 155 s 62 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon the filing of an information the alleged offender shall be notified by summons, warrant, or other method approved by the court of the next required court appearance.

(2) If notice is by summons, the clerk of the court shall issue a summons directed to the juvenile, if the juvenile is twelve or more years of age, and another to the parents, guardian, or custodian, and such other persons as appear to the court to be proper or necessary parties to the proceedings, requiring them to appear personally before the court at the time fixed to hear the petition. Where the custodian is summoned, the parent or guardian or both shall also be served with a summons.

(3) A copy of the information shall be attached to each summons.

(4) The summons shall advise the parties of the right to counsel.

(5) The judge may endorse upon the summons an order directing the parents, guardian, or custodian having the custody or control of the juvenile to bring the juvenile to the hearing.

(6) If it appears from affidavit or sworn statement presented to the judge that there is probable cause for the issuance of a warrant of arrest or that the juvenile needs to be taken into custody pursuant to RCW 13.34.050, as now or hereafter amended, the judge may endorse upon the summons an order that an officer serving the summons shall at once take the juvenile into custody and take the juvenile to the place of detention or shelter designated by the court.

(7) Service of summons may be made under the direction of the court by any law enforcement officer or probation counselor.

(8) If the person summoned as herein provided fails without reasonable cause to appear and abide the order of the court, the person may be proceeded against as for contempt of court.
determining whether a parent, guardian, or custodian had reasonable cause not to appear, the court may consider all factors relevant to the person’s ability to appear as summoned.

Sec. 20. RCW 13.40.110 and 1990 c 3 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The prosecutor, respondent, or the court on its own motion may, before a hearing on the information on its merits, file a motion requesting the court to transfer the respondent for adult criminal prosecution and the matter shall be set for a hearing on the question of declining jurisdiction. Unless waived by the court, the parties, and their counsel, a decline hearing shall be held (where) when:
   (a) The respondent is fifteen, sixteen, or seventeen years of age and the information alleges a class A felony or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit a class A felony; ((or))
   (b) The respondent is seventeen years of age and the information alleges assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, indecent liberties, child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second degree, or robbery in the second degree; or
   (c) The information alleges an escape by the respondent and the respondent is serving a minimum juvenile sentence to age twenty-one.

(2) The court after a decline hearing may order the case transferred for adult criminal prosecution upon a finding that the declination would be in the best interest of the juvenile or the public. The court shall consider the relevant reports, facts, opinions, and arguments presented by the parties and their counsel.

(3) When the respondent is transferred for criminal prosecution or retained for prosecution in juvenile court, the court shall set forth in writing its finding which shall be supported by relevant facts and opinions produced at the hearing.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A juvenile is eligible for deferred disposition unless he or she:
   (a) Is charged with a sex or violent offense;
   (b) Has a criminal history which includes any felony;
   (c) Has a prior deferred disposition or deferred adjudication; or
   (d) Has two or more diversions.

(2) The juvenile court may, upon motion at least fourteen days before commencement of trial and, after consulting the juvenile’s custodial parent or parents or guardian and with the consent of the juvenile, continue the case for disposition for a period not to exceed one year from the date the juvenile is found guilty. The court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from a deferred disposition before deferring the disposition.

(3) Any juvenile who agrees to a deferral of disposition shall:
   (a) Stipulate to the admissibility of the facts contained in the written police report;
   (b) Acknowledge that the report will be entered and used to support a finding of guilt and to impose a disposition if the juvenile fails to comply with terms of supervision; and
   (c) Waive the following rights to: (i) A speedy disposition; and (ii) call and confront witnesses.

   The adjudicatory hearing shall be limited to a reading of the court’s record.

(4) Following the stipulation, acknowledgment, waiver, and entry of a finding or plea of guilt, the court shall defer entry of an order of disposition of the juvenile.

(5) Any juvenile granted a deferral of disposition under this section shall be placed under community supervision. The court may impose any conditions of supervision that it deems appropriate including posting a probation bond. Payment of restitution under RCW 13.40.190 shall be a condition of community supervision under this section.

(6) A parent who signed for a probation bond has the right to notify the counselor if the juvenile fails to comply with the bond or conditions of supervision. The counselor shall notify the court and surety of any failure to comply. A surety shall notify the court of the juvenile’s failure to comply with the probation bond. The state shall bear the burden to prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the juvenile has failed to comply with the terms of community supervision.

(7) A juvenile’s lack of compliance shall be determined by the judge upon written motion by the prosecutor or the juvenile’s juvenile court community supervision counselor. If a juvenile fails to comply with terms of supervision, the court shall enter an order of disposition.
At any time following deferral of disposition the court may, following a hearing, continue the case for an additional one-year period for good cause.

At the conclusion of the period set forth in the order of deferral and upon a finding by the court of full compliance with conditions of supervision, the respondent's conviction shall be vacated and the court shall dismiss the case with prejudice.

Sec. 22. RCW 13.40.130 and 1981 c 299 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The respondent shall be advised of the allegations in the information and shall be required to plead guilty or not guilty to the allegation(s). The state or the respondent may make preliminary motions up to the time of the plea.
(2) If the respondent pleads guilty, the court may proceed with disposition or may continue the case for a dispositional hearing. If the respondent denies guilt, an adjudicatory hearing date shall be set. The court shall notify the parent, guardian, or custodian who has custody of a juvenile described in the charging document of the dispositional or adjudicatory hearing and shall require attendance.
(3) At the adjudicatory hearing it shall be the burden of the prosecution to prove the allegations of the information beyond a reasonable doubt.
(4) The court shall record its findings of fact and shall enter its decision upon the record. Such findings shall set forth the evidence relied upon by the court in reaching its decision.
(5) If the respondent is found not guilty he or she shall be released from detention.
(6) If the respondent is found guilty the court may immediately proceed to disposition or may continue the case for a dispositional hearing. Notice of the time and place of the continued hearing may be given in open court. If notice is not given in open court to a party, the party and the parent, guardian, or custodian who has custody of the juvenile shall be notified by mail of the time and place of the continued hearing.
(7) The court following an adjudicatory hearing may request that a predisposition study be prepared to aid the court in its evaluation of the matters relevant to disposition of the case.
(8) The disposition hearing shall be held within fourteen days after the adjudicatory hearing or plea of guilty unless good cause is shown for further delay, or within twenty-one days if the juvenile is not held in a detention facility, unless good cause is shown for further delay.
(9) In sentencing an offender, the court shall use the disposition standards in effect on the date of the offense.
(10) A person notified under this section who fails without reasonable cause to appear and abide by the order of the court may be proceeded against as for contempt of court. In determining whether a parent, guardian, or custodian had reasonable cause not to appear, the court may consider all factors relevant to the person's ability to appear as summoned.

Sec. 23. RCW 13.40.135 and 1990 c 3 s 604 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The prosecuting attorney shall file a special allegation of sexual motivation in every juvenile offense other than sex offenses as defined in RCW 9.94A.030((29)) (33) (a) or (c) when sufficient admissible evidence exists, which, when considered with the most plausible, reasonably consistent defense that could be raised under the evidence, would justify a finding of sexual motivation by a reasonable and objective fact-finder.
(2) In a juvenile case wherein there has been a special allegation the state shall prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the juvenile committed the offense with a sexual motivation. The court shall make a finding of fact of whether or not the sexual motivation was present at the time of the commission of the offense. This finding shall not be applied to sex offenses as defined in RCW 9.94A.030((29)) (33) (a) or (c).
(3) The prosecuting attorney shall not withdraw the special allegation of "sexual motivation" without approval of the court through an order of dismissal. The court shall not dismiss the special allegation unless it finds that such an order is necessary to correct an error in the initial charging decision or unless there are evidentiary problems which make proving the special allegation doubtful.

Sec. 24. RCW 13.40.150 and 1995 c 268 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) In disposition hearings all relevant and material evidence, including oral and written reports, may be received by the court and may be relied upon to the extent of its probative value, even though such evidence may not be admissible in a hearing on the information. The youth or the youth’s counsel and the prosecuting attorney shall be afforded an opportunity to examine and controvert written reports so received and to cross-examine individuals making reports when such individuals are reasonably available, but sources of confidential information need not be disclosed. The prosecutor and counsel for the juvenile may submit recommendations for disposition.

(2) For purposes of disposition:
(a) Violations which are current offenses count as misdemeanors;
(b) Violations may not count as part of the offender’s criminal history;
(c) In no event may a disposition for a violation include confinement.

(3) Before entering a dispositional order as to a respondent found to have committed an offense, the court shall hold a disposition hearing, at which the court shall:
(a) Consider the facts supporting the allegations of criminal conduct by the respondent;
(b) Consider information and arguments offered by parties and their counsel;
(c) Consider any predisposition reports;
(d) Consult with the respondent’s parent, guardian, or custodian on the appropriateness of dispositional options under consideration and afford the respondent and the respondent’s parent, guardian, or custodian an opportunity to speak in the respondent’s behalf;
(e) Allow the victim or a representative of the victim and an investigative law enforcement officer to speak;
(f) Determine the amount of restitution owing to the victim, if any, or set a hearing for a later date to determine the amount;
(g) Determine (whether the respondent is a serious offender, a middle offender, or a minor or first offender) the respondent’s offender score;
(h) Consider whether or not any of the following mitigating factors exist:
(i) The respondent’s conduct neither caused nor threatened serious bodily injury or the respondent did not contemplate that his or her conduct would cause or threaten serious bodily injury;
(ii) The respondent acted under strong and immediate provocation;
(iii) The respondent was suffering from a mental or physical condition that significantly reduced his or her culpability for the offense though failing to establish a defense;
(iv) Prior to his or her detection, the respondent compensated or made a good faith attempt to compensate the victim for the injury or loss sustained; and
(v) There has been at least one year between the respondent’s current offense and any prior criminal offense;
(i) Consider whether or not any of the following aggravating factors exist:
(ii) The offense was committed in an especially heinous, cruel, or depraved manner;
(iii) The victim or victims were particularly vulnerable;
(iv) The respondent has a recent criminal history or has failed to comply with conditions of a recent dispositional order or diversion agreement;
(v) The current offense included a finding of sexual motivation pursuant to RCW 13.40.135;
(vi) The respondent was the leader of a criminal enterprise involving several persons; and
(vii) There are other complaints which have resulted in diversion or a finding or plea of guilty but which are not included as criminal history; and
(viii) The standard range disposition is clearly too lenient considering the seriousness of the juvenile’s prior adjudications.

(4) The following factors may not be considered in determining the punishment to be imposed:
(a) The sex of the respondent;
(b) The race or color of the respondent or the respondent’s family;
(c) The creed or religion of the respondent or the respondent’s family;
(d) The economic or social class of the respondent or the respondent’s family; and
Factors indicating that the respondent may be or is a dependent child within the meaning of this chapter.

(5) A court may not commit a juvenile to a state institution solely because of the lack of facilities, including treatment facilities, existing in the community.

Sec. 25. RCW 13.40.160 and 1995 c 395 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When the respondent is found to be a serious offender, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range of disposition for the offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. The standard range disposition for a juvenile adjudicated of an offense is determined according to RCW 13.40.0357.

(a) When the court sentences an offender to a local sanction as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 Option A, the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard ranges, except as provided in subsections (2), (4), and (5) of this section. The disposition may be comprised of one or more local sanctions.

(b) When the court sentences an offender to a standard range as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 Option A that includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement, except as provided in subsections (2), (4), and (5) of this section.

(2) If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range, as indicated in option B of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357. The court’s finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(3) Where the respondent is found to be a minor or first offender, the court shall order that the respondent serve a term of community supervision as indicated in option A or option B of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the court determines that a disposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice the court may impose another disposition under option C of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a disposition other than a community supervision may be imposed only after the court enters reasons upon which it bases its conclusions that imposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court’s finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

Except for disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, disposition may be appealed as provided in RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section may not be appealed under RCW 13.40.230."

(3) Where a respondent is found to have committed an offense for which the respondent declined to enter into a diversion agreement, the court shall impose a term of community supervision limited to the conditions allowed in a diversion agreement as provided in RCW 13.40.080(2).

(4) If a respondent is found to be a middle offender:

(a) The court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range(s) for such offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the standard range includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement; or

(b) If the middle offender has less than 110 points, the court shall impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to thirty days confinement, as indicated in option B of
schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150. If the middle offender has 110 points or more, the court may impose a disposition under option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender violates any condition of the disposition including conditions of a probation bond, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

(c) Only if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that disposition as provided in subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court’s finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

(d) A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition pursuant to subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5) When a (serious, middle, or minor first) juvenile offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent’s version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent’s social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator’s information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent’s amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(a)(i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and therapist;
(ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;
(iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;
(iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and
(v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender’s amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the victim’s opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section. If the court determines that this special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range for the offense, or if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that such disposition would cause a manifest injustice, the court shall impose a disposition under option C, and the court may suspend the execution of the disposition and place the offender on community supervision for ((up to)) at least two years. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose the conditions of community supervision and other conditions, including up to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the offender do any one or more of the following:

(b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or occupation;
(ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense. A community
mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation counselor object to the change;

(iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the offender’s address, educational program, or employment;

(iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall have prior approval by the court;

(v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;

(vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform community service, or any combination thereof;

(vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling reasonably related to the offense; or

(viii) Comply with the conditions of any court-ordered probation bond.

The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the respondent’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

Except as provided in this subsection (((4)), after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender’s home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (((4))) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition or the court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days’ confinement for violating conditions of the disposition. The court may order both execution of the disposition and up to thirty days’ confinement for the violation of the conditions of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. "Victim" may also include a known parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

((4))) A disposition entered under this subsection (4) is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5) If the juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose the disposition alternative under section 26 of this act.

((6))) RCW 13.40.193 shall govern the disposition of any juvenile adjudicated of possessing a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)((b))(3) or any crime in which a special finding is entered that the juvenile was armed with a firearm.

(7) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.

(8) Except as provided (((for in))) under subsection (4)((5))) or (5) of this section or RCW 13.40.125, the court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or the execution of the disposition.
(9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the same offense.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:

(1) When a juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent if the evidence shows that the offender may be chemically dependent, may order an examination by a chemical dependency counselor from a chemical dependency treatment facility approved under chapter 70.96A RCW to determine if the youth is chemically dependent and amenable to treatment.

(2) The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment of drug-alcohol problems and previous treatment attempts, the respondent's social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the examiner's information.

(3) The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(a) Whether inpatient and/or outpatient treatment is recommended;
(b) Availability of appropriate treatment;
(c) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;
(d) Anticipated length of treatment;
(e) Recommended crime-related prohibitions; and
(f) Whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.

(4) The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any examination ordered under this subsection (4) or subsection (1) of this section unless the court finds that the offender is indigent and no third party insurance coverage is available, in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(5)(a) After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this chemical dependency disposition alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section.

(b) If the court determines that this chemical dependency disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose the standard range for the offense, suspend execution of the disposition, and place the offender on community supervision for up to one year. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court shall require the offender to undergo available outpatient drug/alcohol treatment and/or inpatient drug/alcohol treatment. For purposes of this section, the sum of confinement time and inpatient treatment may not exceed ninety days. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose conditions of community supervision and other sanctions, including up to thirty days of confinement, one hundred fifty hours of community service, and payment of legal financial obligations and restitution.

(6) The drug/alcohol treatment provider shall submit monthly reports on the respondent's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent's relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.
(7) For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the offense charged.

(8) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.

(9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the same offense.

(10) A disposition under this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. The University of Washington shall develop standards for measuring effectiveness of treatment programs established under section 26 of this act. The standards shall be developed and presented to the governor and legislature not later than January 1, 1998. The standards shall include methods for measuring success factors following treatment. Success factors shall include, but need not be limited to, continued use of alcohol or controlled substances, arrests, violations of terms of community supervision, and convictions for subsequent offenses.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows: The department shall prioritize expenditures for treatment provided under section 26 of this act. The department shall provide funds for inpatient and outpatient treatment providers that are the most successful, using the standards developed by the University of Washington under section 27, chapter . . . ., Laws of 1997 (section 27 of this act). The department may consider variations between the nature of the programs provided and clients served but must provide funds first for those programs that demonstrate the greatest success in treatment within categories of treatment and the nature of the persons receiving treatment.

The department shall, not later than January 1st of each year, provide a report to the governor and the legislature on the success rates of programs funded under this section.

Sec. 29. RCW 13.40.190 and 1996 c 124 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In its dispositional order, the court shall require the respondent to make restitution to any persons who have suffered loss or damage as a result of the offense committed by the respondent. In addition, restitution (may) shall be ordered for loss or damage if the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor's recommendation that the offender be required to pay restitution to a victim of an offense or offenses which, pursuant to a plea agreement, are not prosecuted. The payment of restitution shall be in addition to any punishment which is imposed pursuant to the other provisions of this chapter. The court may determine the amount, terms, and conditions of the restitution including a payment plan extending up to ten years after the respondent's eighteenth birthday if the court determines that the respondent does not have the means to make full restitution over a shorter period. Restitution may include the costs of counseling reasonably related to the offense. If the respondent participated in the crime with another person or other persons, all such participants shall be jointly and severally responsible for the payment of restitution. For the purposes of this section, the respondent shall remain under the court's jurisdiction for a maximum term of ten years after the respondent's eighteenth birthday. (The court may not require the respondent to pay full or partial restitution if the respondent reasonably satisfies the court that he or she does not have the means to make full or partial restitution and could not reasonably acquire the means to pay such restitution over a ten-year period.)

(2) Regardless of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, the court shall order restitution in all cases where the victim is entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, chapter 7.68 RCW. If the court does not order restitution and the victim of the crime has been determined to be entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, the department of labor and industries, as administrator of the crime victims' compensation program, may petition the court within one year of entry of the disposition order for entry of a restitution order. Upon receipt of a petition from the department of labor and industries, the court shall hold a restitution hearing and shall enter a restitution order.
If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. The restitution to victims named in the order shall be paid prior to any payment for other penalties or monetary assessments.

A respondent under obligation to pay restitution may petition the court for modification of the restitution order.

Sec. 30. RCW 13.40.193 and 1994 sp. s. c 7 s 525 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If a respondent is found to have been in possession of a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040((1)(eii)) (b)(iii), the court shall impose a (minimum disposition of ten days of confinement ((and up to twelve months of community supervision)). If the offender’s standard range of disposition for the offense as indicated in RCW 13.40.0357 is more than thirty days of confinement, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range disposition. The offender shall not be released until the offender has served a minimum of ten days in confinement.

(2) If the court finds that the respondent or an accomplice was armed with a firearm, the court shall determine the standard range disposition for the offense pursuant to RCW 13.40.160. (Ninety days of confinement shall be added to the entire standard range disposition of confinement.) If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm when the offender committed((a) Any violent offense; or (b) escape in the first degree; burglary in the second degree; theft of livestock in the first or second degree; or any felony drug offense. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm and the offender is being adjudicated for an anticipatory felony offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the offenses listed in this subsection, ninety days shall be added to the entire standard range disposition of confinement)) any felony other than possession of a machine gun, possession of a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, or use of a machine gun in a felony, the following periods of total confinement must be added to the sentence: For a class A felony, six months; for a class B felony, four months; and for a class C felony, two months. The (ninety days) additional time shall be imposed regardless of the offense’s juvenile disposition offense category as designated in RCW 13.40.0357. (The department shall not release the offender until the offender has served a minimum of ninety days in confinement, unless the juvenile is committed to and successfully completes the juvenile offender basic training camp disposition option.)

(3) (Option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357, shall not be available for middle offenders who receive a disposition under this section.) When a disposition under this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court may impose another disposition. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a disposition of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall commit the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a disposition of confinement less than thirty days, the disposition shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision or both.

(4) Any term of confinement ordered pursuant to this section ((may)) shall run ((concurrently)) consecutively to any term of confinement imposed in the same disposition for other offenses.

Sec. 31. RCW 13.40.200 and 1995 c 395 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When a respondent fails to comply with an order of restitution, community supervision, penalty assessments, or confinement of less than thirty days, the court upon motion of the prosecutor or its own motion, may modify the order after a hearing on the violation.

(2) The hearing shall afford the respondent the same due process of law as would be afforded an adult probationer. The court may issue a summons or a warrant to compel the respondent’s appearance. The state shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence the fact of the violation. The respondent shall have the burden of showing that the violation was not a willful refusal to comply with the terms of the order. If a respondent has failed to pay a fine, penalty assessments, or restitution or to perform community service hours, as required by the court, it shall be the respondent’s burden to show that he or she did not have the means and could not reasonably have acquired the means to pay the fine, penalty assessments, or restitution or perform community service.

(3) If the court finds that a respondent has willfully violated the terms of an order pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section, it may impose a penalty of up to thirty days'
confinement. Penalties for multiple violations occurring prior to the hearing shall not be aggregated to exceed thirty days' confinement. Regardless of the number of times a respondent is brought to court for violations of the terms of a single disposition order, the combined total number of days spent by the respondent in detention shall never exceed the maximum term to which an adult could be sentenced for the underlying offense.

((b) If the violation of the terms of the order under (a) of this subsection is failure to pay fines, penalty assessments, complete community service, or make restitution, the term of confinement imposed under (a) of this subsection shall be assessed at a rate of one day of confinement for each twenty-five dollars or eight hours owed.)

(4) If a respondent has been ordered to pay a fine or monetary penalty and due to a change of circumstance cannot reasonably comply with the order, the court, upon motion of the respondent, may order that the unpaid fine or monetary penalty be converted to community service. The number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty or fine shall be converted at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour. The monetary penalties or fines collected shall be deposited in the county general fund. A failure to comply with an order under this subsection shall be deemed a failure to comply with an order of community supervision and may be proceeded against as provided in this section.

(5) When a respondent has willfully violated the terms of a probation bond, the court may modify, revoke, or retain the probation bond as provided in RCW 13.40.054.

Sec. 32. RCW 13.40.210 and 1994 sp.s. c 77 s 527 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary shall, except in the case of a juvenile committed by a court to a term of confinement in a state institution outside the appropriate standard range for the offense(s) for which the juvenile was found to be guilty established pursuant to RCW 13.40.030, set a release or discharge date for each juvenile committed to its custody. The release or discharge date shall be within the prescribed range to which a juvenile has been committed except as provided in RCW 13.40.320 concerning offenders the department determines are eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp program. Such dates shall be determined prior to the expiration of sixty percent of a juvenile’s minimum term of confinement included within the prescribed range to which the juvenile has been committed. The secretary shall release any juvenile committed to the custody of the department within four calendar days prior to the juvenile’s release date or on the release date set under this chapter. Days spent in the custody of the department shall be tolled by any period of time during which a juvenile has absented himself or herself from the department’s supervision without the prior approval of the secretary or the secretary’s designee.

(2) The secretary shall monitor the average daily population of the state’s juvenile residential facilities. When the secretary concludes that in-residence population of residential facilities exceeds one hundred five percent of the rated bed capacity specified in statute, or in absence of such specification, as specified by the department in rule, the secretary may recommend reductions to the governor. On certification by the governor that the recommended reductions are necessary, the secretary has authority to administratively release a sufficient number of offenders to reduce in-residence population to one hundred percent of rated bed capacity. The secretary shall release those offenders who have served the greatest proportion of their sentence. However, the secretary may deny release in a particular case at the request of an offender, or if the secretary finds that there is no responsible custodian, as determined by the department, to whom to release the offender, or if the release of the offender would pose a clear danger to society. The department shall notify the committing court of the release at the time of release if any such early releases have occurred as a result of excessive in-residence population. In no event shall an offender adjudicated of a violent offense be granted release under the provisions of this subsection.

(3)(a) Following the juvenile’s release under subsection (1) of this section, the secretary may require the juvenile to comply with a program of parole to be administered by the department in his or her community which shall last no longer than eighteen months, except that in the case of a juvenile sentenced for rape in the first or second degree, rape of a child in the first or second degree, child molestation in the first degree, or indecent liberties with forcible compulsion, the period of parole shall be twenty-four months and, in the discretion of the secretary, may be up to thirty-six months when the
secretary finds that an additional period of parole is necessary and appropriate in the interests of public safety or to meet the ongoing needs of the juvenile. A parole program is mandatory for offenders released under subsection (2) of this section. The decision to place an offender on parole shall be based on an assessment by the department of the offender’s risk for reoffending upon release. The department shall prioritize available parole resources to provide supervision and services to offenders at moderate to high risk for reoffending.

(b) The secretary shall, for the period of parole, facilitate the juvenile's reintegration into his or her community and to further this goal shall require the juvenile to refrain from possessing a firearm or using a deadly weapon and refrain from committing new offenses and may require the juvenile to: ((i) Undergo available medical (ii) psychiatric (iii) drug and alcohol, sex offender, mental health, and other offense-related treatment services; (iv) report as directed to a parole officer and/or designee; (v) pursue a course of study (vi) vocational training, or employment; (vii) notify the parole officer of the current address where he or she resides; (viii) be present at a particular address during specified hours; (ix) remain within prescribed geographical boundaries (and notify the department of any change in his or her address); (x) submit to electronic monitoring; (xi) refrain from using illegal drugs and alcohol, and submit to random urinalysis when requested by the assigned parole officer; (xii) report to a parole officer at least once a week to an assigned community case manager; and (xiii) meet all other requirements imposed by the community case manager related to participating in the intensive supervision program. Community service for the purpose of this section means compulsory service, performed without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender. Community service may be performed through public or private organizations or through work crews.

(c) The secretary may further require up to twenty-five percent of the highest risk juvenile offenders who are placed on parole to participate in an intensive supervision program. Offenders participating in an intensive supervision program shall be required to comply with all terms and conditions listed in (b) of this subsection and shall also be required to comply with the following additional terms and conditions: (i) Obey all laws and refrain from any conduct that threatens public safety; (ii) report at least once a week to an assigned community case manager; and (iii) meet all other requirements imposed by the community case manager related to participating in the intensive supervision program. As a part of the intensive supervision program, the secretary may require day reporting.

(d) After termination of the parole period, the juvenile shall be discharged from the department’s supervision.

(4)(a) The department may also modify parole for violation thereof. If, after affording a juvenile all of the due process rights to which he or she would be entitled if the juvenile were an adult, the secretary finds that a juvenile has violated a condition of his or her parole, the secretary shall order one of the following which is reasonably likely to effectuate the purpose of the parole and to protect the public: (i) Continued supervision under the same conditions previously imposed; (ii) intensified supervision with increased reporting requirements; (iii) additional conditions of supervision authorized by this chapter; (iv) except as provided in (a)(v) of this subsection, imposition of a period of confinement not to exceed thirty days in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state of Washington or any city or county for a portion of each day or for a certain number of days each week with the balance of the days or weeks spent under supervision; and (v) the secretary may order any of the conditions or may return the offender to confinement (in an institution) for the remainder of the sentence range if the offense for which the offender was sentenced is rape in the first or second degree, rape of a child in the first or second degree, child molestation in the first degree, indecent liberties with forcible compulsion, or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030.

(b) If the department finds that any juvenile in a program of parole has possessed a firearm or used a deadly weapon during the program of parole, the department shall modify the parole under (a) of this subsection and confine the juvenile for at least thirty days. Confinement shall be in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state or any county.
(5) A parole officer of the department of social and health services shall have the power to arrest a juvenile under his or her supervision on the same grounds as a law enforcement officer would be authorized to arrest the person.

(6) If so requested and approved under chapter 13.06 RCW, the secretary shall permit a county or group of counties to perform functions under subsections (3) through (5) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 33. The legislature finds the present system of transitioning youths from residential status to parole status to discharge is insufficient to provide adequate rehabilitation and public safety in many instances, particularly in cases of offenders at highest risk of reoffending. The legislature further finds that an intensive supervision program based on the following principles holds much promise for positively impacting recidivism rates for juvenile offenders: (1) Progressive increase in responsibility and freedom in the community; (2) facilitation of youths' interaction and involvement with their communities; (3) involvement of both the youth and targeted community support systems such as family, peers, schools, and employers, on the qualities needed for constructive interaction and successful adjustment with the community; (4) development of new resources, supports, and opportunities where necessary; and (5) ongoing monitoring and testing of youth on their ability to abide by community rules and standards.

The legislature intends for the department to create an intensive supervision program based on the principles stated in this section that will be available to the highest risk juvenile offenders placed on parole.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall, no later than January 1, 1999, implement an intensive supervision program as a part of its parole services that includes, at a minimum, the following program elements:

(a) A process of case management involving coordinated and comprehensive planning, information exchange, continuity and consistency, service provision and referral, and monitoring. The components of the case management system shall include assessment, classification, and selection criteria; individual case planning that incorporates a family and community perspective; a mixture of intensive surveillance and services; a balance of incentives and graduated consequences coupled with the imposition of realistic, enforceable conditions; and service brokerage with community resources and linkage with social networks;

(b) Administration of transition services that transcend traditional agency boundaries and professional interests and include courts, institutions, aftercare, education, social and mental health services, substance abuse treatment, and employment and vocational training; and

(c) A plan for information management and program evaluation that maintains close oversight over implementation and quality control, and determines the effectiveness of both the processes and outcomes of the program.

(2) The department shall report annually to the legislature, beginning December 1, 1999, on the department's progress in meeting the intensive supervision program evaluation goals required under subsection (1)(c) of this section.

Sec. 35. RCW 13.40.230 and 1981 c 299 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Dispositions reviewed pursuant to RCW 13.40.160, as now or hereafter amended, shall be reviewed in the appropriate division of the court of appeals.

An appeal under this section shall be heard solely upon the record that was before the disposition court. No written briefs may be required, and the appeal shall be heard within thirty days following the date of sentencing and a decision rendered within fifteen days following the argument. The supreme court shall promulgate any necessary rules to effectuate the purposes of this section.

(2) To uphold a disposition outside the standard range, (((or which imposes confinement for a minor or first offender,)) the court of appeals must find (a) that the reasons supplied by the disposition judge are supported by the record which was before the judge and that those reasons clearly and convincingly support the conclusion that a disposition within the range(((or nonconfinement for a minor or first offender,)) would constitute a manifest injustice, and (b) that the sentence imposed was neither clearly excessive nor clearly too lenient.
(3) If the court does not find subsection (2)(a) of this section it shall remand the case for
disposition within the standard range (or for community supervision without confinement as would
otherwise be appropriate pursuant to this chapter).

(4) If the court finds subsection (2)(a) but not subsection (2)(b) of this section it shall remand
the case with instructions for further proceedings consistent with the provisions of this chapter.

(5) (Pending appeal, a respondent may not be committed or detained for a period of time in
excess of the standard range for the offense(s) committed or sixty days, whichever is longer.) The
disposition court may impose conditions on release pending appeal as provided in RCW 13.40.040(4)
and 13.40.050(6). (Upon the expiration of the period of commitment or detention specified in this
subsection, the court may also impose such conditions on the respondent’s release pending disposition
of the appeal.)

(6) Appeal of a disposition under this section does not affect the finality or appeal of the
underlying adjudication of guilt.

Sec. 36. RCW 13.40.250 and 1980 c 128 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
A traffic or civil infraction case involving a juvenile under the age of sixteen may be diverted
in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or filed in juvenile court.

(1) If a notice of a traffic or civil infraction is filed in juvenile court, the juvenile named in the
notice shall be afforded the same due process afforded to adult defendants in traffic infraction cases.

(2) A monetary penalty imposed upon a juvenile under the age of sixteen who is found to have
committed a traffic or civil infraction may not exceed one hundred dollars. At the juvenile’s request,
the court may order performance of a number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary
penalty, at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour.

(3) A diversion agreement entered into by a juvenile referred pursuant to this section shall be
limited to thirty hours of community service, or educational or informational sessions.

(4) If a case involving the commission of a traffic or civil infraction or offense by a juvenile
under the age of sixteen has been referred to a diversion unit, an abstract of the action taken by the
diversion unit may be forwarded to the department of licensing in the manner provided for in RCW
46.20.270(2).

Sec. 37. RCW 13.40.265 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 435 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) If a juvenile thirteen years of age or older is found by juvenile court to have committed
an offense while armed with a firearm or an offense that is a violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)((e))
(b)(iii) or chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the court shall notify the department of
licensing within twenty-four hours after entry of the judgment.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in (c) of this subsection, upon petition of a juvenile who has
been found by the court to have committed an offense that is a violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41,
69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the court may at any time the court deems appropriate notify the department of
licensing that the juvenile’s driving privileges should be reinstated.

(c) If the offense is the juvenile’s first violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52
RCW, the juvenile may not petition the court for reinstatement of the juvenile’s privilege to drive
revoked pursuant to RCW 46.20.265 until ninety days after the date the juvenile turns sixteen or ninety
days after the judgment was entered, whichever is later. If the offense is the juvenile’s second or
subsequent violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the juvenile may not petition the
court for reinstatement of the juvenile’s privilege to drive revoked pursuant to RCW 46.20.265 until
the date the juvenile turns seventeen or one year after the date judgment was entered, whichever is
later.

(2)(a) If a juvenile enters into a diversion agreement with a diversion unit pursuant to RCW
13.40.080 concerning an offense that is a violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the
diversion unit shall notify the department of licensing within twenty-four hours after the diversion
agreement is signed.

(b) If a diversion unit has notified the department pursuant to (a) of this subsection, the
diversion unit shall notify the department of licensing when the juvenile has completed the agreement.
Sec. 38. RCW 13.40.320 and 1995 c 40 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department of social and health services shall establish and operate a medium security juvenile offender basic training camp program. The department shall site a juvenile offender basic training camp facility in the most cost-effective facility possible and shall review the possibility of using an existing abandoned and/or available state, federally, or military-owned site or facility.

(2) The department may contract under this chapter with private companies, the national guard, or other federal, state, or local agencies to operate the juvenile offender basic training camp, notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 41.06.380. Requests for proposals from possible contractors shall not call for payment on a per diem basis.

(3) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall accommodate at least seventy offenders. The beds shall count as additions to, and not be used as replacements for, existing bed capacity at existing department of social and health services juvenile facilities.

(4) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall be a structured and regimented model lasting one hundred twenty days emphasizing the building up of an offender’s self-esteem, confidence, and discipline. The juvenile offender basic training camp program shall provide participants with basic education, ((prevocational training)) work-based learning, live work, work ethic skills, ((conflict resolution counseling, substance abuse intervention, anger management counseling.)) and structured intensive physical training. The juvenile offender basic training camp program shall have a curriculum training and work schedule that incorporates a balanced assignment of these ((or other rehabilitation and training)) components for no less than sixteen hours per day, six days a week.

The department shall adopt rules for the safe and effective operation of the juvenile offender basic training camp program, standards for an offender’s successful program completion, and rules for the continued after-care supervision of offenders who have successfully completed the program.

(5) Offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp option shall be those with a disposition of not more than ((seventy-eight)) sixty-five weeks. Violent and sex offenders shall not be eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp program.

(6) If the court determines that the offender is eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp option, the court may recommend that the department place the offender in the program. The department shall evaluate the offender and may place the offender in the program. The evaluation shall include, at a minimum, a risk assessment developed by the department and designed to determine the offender’s suitability for the program. No juvenile who is assessed as a high risk offender or suffers from any mental or physical problems that could endanger his or her health or drastically affect his or her performance in the program shall be admitted to or retained in the juvenile offender basic training camp program.

(7) All juvenile offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp sentencing option shall spend one hundred twenty days of their disposition in a juvenile offender basic training camp. If the juvenile offender’s activities while in the juvenile offender basic training camp are so disruptive to the juvenile offender basic training camp program, as determined by the secretary according to rules adopted by the department, as to result in the removal of the juvenile offender from the juvenile offender basic training camp program, ((or if the offender cannot complete the juvenile offender basic training camp program due to medical problems.)) the secretary shall require that the offender be committed to a juvenile institution to serve the entire ((remainder)) standard range of his or her disposition((. Less the amount of time already served in the juvenile offender basic training camp program.)). If the offender cannot complete the juvenile offender basic training camp program due to a medical problem, the secretary shall require that the offender be committed to a juvenile institution to serve the entire remainder of his or her disposition.

(8) All offenders who successfully graduate from the one hundred twenty day juvenile offender basic training camp program shall spend the remainder of their disposition on parole in a division of juvenile rehabilitation intensive aftercare program in the local community. The program shall provide for the needs of the offender based on his or her progress in the aftercare program as indicated by ongoing assessment of those needs and progress. The program shall make available prevocational training, conflict resolution, anger management counseling, and substance abuse intervention and treatment. The intensive aftercare program shall monitor postprogram juvenile offenders and assist them to successfully reintegrate into the community. In addition, the program shall develop a process
for closely monitoring and assessing public safety risks. The intensive aftercare program shall be designed and funded by the department of social and health services.

(9) The department shall also develop and maintain a data base to measure recidivism rates specific to this incarceration program. The data base shall maintain data on all juvenile offenders who complete the juvenile offender basic training camp program for a period of two years after they have completed the program. The data base shall also maintain data on the criminal activity, educational progress, and employment activities of all juvenile offenders who participated in the program. (The department shall produce an outcome evaluation report on the progress of the juvenile offender basic training camp program to the appropriate committees of the legislature no later than December 12, 1996.)

NEW SECTION. Sec. 39. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:
(1) A program for the provision of community-based volunteer mentoring services for juvenile offenders is created in the department. The department shall adopt funding criteria and program guidelines for the mentoring services which shall be provided through contracts with private nonprofit agencies.
(2) The funding criteria shall give priority to communities that have identified youth violence as a problem behavior in their community public health and safety network plans.
(3) The program guidelines shall include, at a minimum, the following:
   (a) Minimum qualifications and background screening for volunteer mentors and case managers. Programs should encourage recruitment of volunteers who have prior education, professional experience, or personal experience in working with at-risk or adjudicated youth;
   (b) Appropriate orientation and training;
   (c) A commitment to provide an average of four hours of contact with the youth per week for a period of at least twelve consecutive months;
   (d) Reimbursement rates and procedures. Volunteer mentors may be reimbursed for expenses consistent with the reimbursement policies established in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060;
   (e) Services to youth who are between ages twelve and fifteen years of age at the time of entry into the program, who have at least: (i) Two convictions or diversions for misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor offenses, or any combination thereof; (ii) one conviction for a felony offense; or (iii) one conviction or diversion and have been evaluated and referred by a probation officer who has determined the youth is at high risk of reoffending;
   (f) One-to-one ratio for mentors and juvenile offenders; and
   (g) Will collect and transmit to the department data as necessary for evaluation of the program.
(4) The program shall begin no later than January 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 40. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:
(1) A juvenile meeting the criteria listed in subsection (2) of this section shall be referred to the department for determination of whether:
   (a) He or she is a child in need of services as defined in chapter 13.32A RCW; or
   (b) A petition should be filed under chapter 13.34 RCW.
(2) A mandatory referral shall be made for any juvenile upon:
   (a) The conviction of a juvenile for three misdemeanors or gross misdemeanors or a combination of three misdemeanors and gross misdemeanors;
   (b) The conviction of two felonies;
   (c) A felony committed when he or she was under fifteen years of age; or
   (d) A recommendation of a county probation officer who exercised supervisory authority over the juvenile.
(3) The referral shall take place before the juvenile’s release from confinement or termination of probation, whichever is later, and all information about the juvenile that is in the possession of the government agency that confined the juvenile shall be forwarded to the department except as prohibited by federal law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 41. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:
(1) In the event a prosecuting attorney is unable to file or elects not to file a criminal charge against a juvenile as a result of the provisions of RCW 9A.04.050, the prosecutor shall forward the name of the juvenile and the alleged facts of the incident to the department.

(2) In the event a law enforcement officer investigating an alleged offense has reasonable cause to believe the offense was committed by a juvenile under the age of eight, the officer, or the law enforcement agency for which the officer works, shall forward the name of the juvenile and the alleged facts of the incident to the department.

(3) The department shall, upon receipt of the information under this section, investigate the circumstances of the juvenile to determine whether it is appropriate for the department to file a child in need of services petition under chapter 13.32A RCW or a dependency proceeding under chapter 13.34 RCW.

(4) The department shall prepare a biennial report to the governor and the legislature on the referrals made under this section. The report shall include:
   (a) The number of referrals received by the department;
   (b) The number of petitions filed or proceedings initiated as a result of the referrals; and
   (c) The outcome of the petitions or proceedings.

Sec. 42. RCW 13.32A.140 and 1996 c 133 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the department files a dependency petition, the department shall file a child in need of services petition to approve an out-of-home placement on behalf of a child under any of the following sets of circumstances:
   (1) The child has been admitted to a crisis residential center or has been placed by the department in an out-of-home placement, and:
      (a) The parent has been notified that the child was so admitted or placed;
      (b) Seventy-two hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, have passed since such notification;
      (c) No agreement between the parent and the child as to where the child shall live has been reached;
      (d) No child in need of services petition has been filed by either the child or parent;
      (e) The parent has not filed an at-risk youth petition; and
      (f) The child has no suitable place to live other than the home of his or her parent.
   (2) The child has been admitted to a crisis residential center and:
      (a) Seventy-two hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, have passed since such placement;
      (b) The staff, after searching with due diligence, have been unable to contact the parent of such child; and
      (c) The child has no suitable place to live other than the home of his or her parent.
   (3) An agreement between parent and child made pursuant to RCW 13.32A.090(2)(e) or pursuant to RCW 13.32A.120(1) is no longer acceptable to parent or child, and:
      (a) The party to whom the arrangement is no longer acceptable has so notified the department;
      (b) Seventy-two hours, including Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, have passed since such notification;
      (c) No new agreement between parent and child as to where the child shall live has been reached;
      (d) No child in need of services petition has been filed by either the child or the parent;
      (e) The parent has not filed an at-risk youth petition; and
      (f) The child has no suitable place to live other than the home of his or her parent.
   (4) A referral to the department has been made under section 40 or 41 of this act and the department reasonably concludes the child is a child in need of services.
   (5) Under the circumstances of subsections (1), (2), or (3) of this section, the child shall remain in an out-of-home placement until a child in need of services petition filed by the department on behalf of the child is reviewed by the juvenile court and is resolved by the court.
   (6) The department may authorize emergency medical or dental care for a child admitted to a crisis residential center or placed in an out-of-home placement by the department. The state, when the
department files a child in need of services petition under this section, shall be represented as provided for in RCW 13.04.093.

Sec. 43. RCW 13.50.010 and 1996 c 232 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) For purposes of this chapter:
   (a) "Juvenile justice or care agency" means any of the following: Police, diversion units, court, prosecuting attorney, defense attorney, detention center, attorney general, the department of social and health services and its contracting agencies, schools; and, in addition, persons or public or private agencies having children committed to their custody;
   (b) "Official juvenile court file" means the legal file of the juvenile court containing the petition or information, motions, memorandums, briefs, findings of the court, and court orders;
   (c) "Social file" means the juvenile court file containing the records and reports of the probation counselor;
   (d) "Records" means the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of any other juvenile justice or care agency in the case.

(2) Each petition or information filed with the court may include only one juvenile and each petition or information shall be filed under a separate docket number. The social file shall be filed separately from the official juvenile court file.

(3) It is the duty of any juvenile justice or care agency to maintain accurate records. To this end:
   (a) The agency may never knowingly record inaccurate information. Any information in records maintained by the department of social and health services relating to a petition filed pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW that is found by the court, upon proof presented, to be false or inaccurate shall be corrected or expunged from such records by the agency;
   (b) An agency shall take reasonable steps to assure the security of its records and prevent tampering with them; and
   (c) An agency shall make reasonable efforts to insure the completeness of its records, including action taken by other agencies with respect to matters in its files.

(4) Each juvenile justice or care agency shall implement procedures consistent with the provisions of this chapter to facilitate inquiries concerning records.

(5) Any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency and who has been denied access to those records by the agency may make a motion to the court for an order authorizing that person to inspect the juvenile justice or care agency record concerning that person. The court shall grant the motion to examine records unless it finds that in the interests of justice or in the best interests of the juvenile the records or parts of them should remain confidential.

(6) A juvenile, or his or her parents, or any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency may make a motion to the court challenging the accuracy of any information concerning the moving party in the record or challenging the continued possession of the record by the agency. If the court grants the motion, it shall order the record or information to be corrected or destroyed.

(7) The person making a motion under subsection (5) or (6) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.

(8) The court may permit inspection of records by, or release of information to, any clinic, hospital, or agency which has the subject person under care or treatment. The court may also permit inspection by or release to individuals or agencies, including juvenile justice advisory committees of county law and justice councils, engaged in legitimate research for educational, scientific, or public purposes. The court may also permit inspection of, or release of information from, records which have been sealed pursuant to RCW 13.50.050(11). The court shall release to the sentencing guidelines commission records needed for its research and data-gathering functions under RCW 9.94A.040 and other statutes. Access to records or information for research purposes shall be permitted only if the anonymity of all persons mentioned in the records or information will be preserved. Each person granted permission to inspect juvenile justice or care agency records for research purposes shall present
a notarized statement to the court stating that the names of juveniles and parents will remain confidential.

(9) Juvenile detention facilities shall release records to the sentencing guidelines commission under RCW (43.40.025 and) 9.94A.040 upon request. The commission shall not disclose the names of any juveniles or parents mentioned in the records without the named individual’s written permission.

Sec. 44. RCW 13.50.050 and 1992 c 188 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) This section governs records relating to the commission of juvenile offenses, including records relating to diversions.
(2) The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed pursuant to subsection (11) of this section.
(3) All records other than the official juvenile court file are confidential and may be released only as provided in this section, RCW 13.50.010, 13.40.215, and 4.24.550.
(4) Except as otherwise provided in this section and RCW 13.50.010, records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other participant is assigned the responsibility for supervising the juvenile.
(5) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile’s family may be released to the public only when that information could not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile’s family.
(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys’ records pertaining to investigation, diversion, and prosecution of juvenile offenses shall be governed by the rules of discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult criminal investigations and prosecutions.
(7) The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain a central record-keeping system which may receive information on all alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently pending before the court. The central record-keeping system may be computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit, the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. An offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central record-keeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the date on which the offender agreed to diversion.
(8) Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim’s immediate family, the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender’s parent, guardian, or custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime shall be released to the victim of the crime or the victim’s immediate family.
(9) Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult criminal prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult criminal defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall be released upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has actually been filed. The juvenile offense records of any adult convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the adult corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult corrections system.
(10) In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person the subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and, subject to subsection (((24))) (22) of this section, order the sealing of the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the court and of any other agency in the case.
(11) The court shall grant the motion to seal records made pursuant to subsection (10) of this section if it finds that:
(a) (Two years have elapsed from the later of: (i) Final discharge of the person from the supervision of any agency charged with supervising juvenile offenders; or (ii) from the entry of a court order relating to the commission of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense)
than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the person has spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in conviction. For class C felonies other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the person has spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in conviction;

(b) No proceeding is pending against the moving party seeking the conviction of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense; (\(\text{and}\))

(c) No proceeding is pending seeking the formation of a diversion agreement with that person;

(d) The person has not been convicted of a sex offense;

(e) Treatment has been successfully completed if the person was ordered into treatment under RCW 13.40.160(4) or section 26 of this act; and

(f) Full restitution has been paid.

(12) The person making a motion pursuant to subsection (10) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecution and to any person or agency whose files are sought to be sealed.

(13) If the court grants the motion to seal made pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection ((24)) (22) of this section, order sealed the official juvenile court file, the social file, and other records relating to the case as are named in the order. Thereafter, the proceedings in the case shall be treated as if they never occurred, and the subject of the records may reply accordingly to any inquiry about the events, records of which are sealed. Any agency shall reply to any inquiry concerning confidential or sealed records that records are confidential, and no information can be given about the existence or nonexistence of records concerning an individual.

(14) Inspection of the files and records included in the order to seal may thereafter be permitted only by order of the court upon motion made by the person who is the subject of the information or complaint, except as otherwise provided in RCW 13.50.010(8) and subsection ((24)) (22) of this section.

(15) Any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a crime subsequent to sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. The existence of an obligation to register as a sex offender under chapter 9A.44 RCW regardless of when the obligation arose, or any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a conviction of a crime that creates the obligation to register as a sex offender under chapter 9A.44 RCW subsequent to sealing, has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. Any ((\text{conviction for any})) charging of an adult felony subsequent to the sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order for the purposes of chapter 9.94A RCW ((\text{for any juvenile adjudication of guilt for a class A offense or a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030})).

(16) ((In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person who is the subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and, subject to subsection (24) of this section, order the destruction of the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the court and of any other agency in the case.

(17) The court may grant the motion to destroy records made pursuant to subsection (16) of this section if it finds:

(a) The person making the motion is at least twenty-three years of age;

(b) The person has not subsequently been convicted of a felony;

(c) No proceeding is pending against that person seeking the conviction of a criminal offense;

and

(d) The person has never been found guilty of a serious offense.

(18)) A person eighteen years of age or older whose criminal history consists of only one referral for diversion may request that the court order the records in that case destroyed. The request shall be granted, subject to subsection ((24)) (22) of this section, if the court finds that two years have elapsed since completion of the diversion agreement.
If the court grants the motion to destroy records made pursuant to subsection (16) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection (22) of this section, order the official juvenile court file, the social file, and any other records named in the order to be destroyed.

The person making the motion pursuant to subsection (16) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecuting attorney and to any agency whose records are sought to be destroyed.

Any juvenile to whom the provisions of this section may apply shall be given written notice of his or her rights under this section at the time of his or her disposition hearing or during the diversion process.

Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a crime victim or a member of the victim’s family from divulging the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender or his or her family when necessary in a civil proceeding.

Any juvenile justice or care agency may, subject to the limitations in subsection (22) of this section and paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subsection, develop procedures for the routine destruction of records relating to juvenile offenses and diversions.

(a) Records may be routinely destroyed only when the person the subject of the information or complaint has attained twenty-three years of age or older, or is eighteen years of age or older and his or her criminal history consists entirely of one diversion agreement and two years have passed since completion of the agreement.

(b) The court may not routinely destroy the official juvenile court file or recordings or transcripts of any proceedings.

No identifying information held by the Washington state patrol in accordance with chapter 43.43 RCW is subject to destruction or sealing under this section. For the purposes of this subsection, identifying information includes photographs, fingerprints, palmprints, soleprints, toeprints and any other data that identifies a person by physical characteristics, name, birthdate or address, but does not include information regarding criminal activity, arrest, charging, conviction or other information about a person’s treatment by the criminal justice system or about the person’s behavior.

Information identifying child victims under age eighteen who are victims of sexual assaults by juvenile offenders is confidential and not subject to release to the press or public without the permission of the child victim or the child’s legal guardian. Identifying information includes the child victim’s name, addresses, location, photographs, and in cases in which the child victim is a relative of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator. Information identifying a child victim of sexual assault may be released to law enforcement, prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, or private or governmental agencies that provide services to the child victim of sexual assault.

Sec. 45. RCW 72.01.410 and 1994 c 220 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever any child under the age of eighteen is convicted in the courts of this state of a crime amounting to a felony, and is committed for a term of confinement in a correctional institution wherein adults are confined, the secretary of corrections, after making an independent assessment and evaluation of the child and determining that the needs and correctional goals for the child could better be met by the programs and housing environment provided by the juvenile correctional institution, with the consent of the secretary of social and health services, may transfer such child to a juvenile correctional institution, or to such other institution as is now, or may hereafter be authorized by law to receive such child, until such time as the child arrives at the age of twenty-one years, whereupon the child shall be returned to the institution of original commitment. Retention within a juvenile detention facility or return to an adult correctional facility shall regularly be reviewed by the secretary of corrections and the secretary of social and health services with a determination made based on the level of maturity and sophistication of the individual, the behavior and progress while within the juvenile detention facility, security needs, and the program/treatment alternatives which would best prepare the individual for a successful return to the community. Notice of such transfers shall be given to the clerk of the committing court and the parents, guardian, or next of kin of such child, if known.
(2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, an offender under the age of eighteen who is convicted in adult criminal court and who is committed to a term of confinement at the department of corrections must be placed in a housing unit, or a portion of a housing unit, that is separated from offenders eighteen years of age or older, until the offender reaches the age of eighteen.

(b) An offender under the age of eighteen may be housed in an intensive management unit or administrative segregation unit containing offenders eighteen years of age or older if it is necessary for the safety or security of the offender or staff. In these cases, the offender shall be kept physically separate from other offenders at all times.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 46. A new section is added to chapter 72.01 RCW to read as follows:
An offender under the age of eighteen who is convicted in adult criminal court of a crime and who is committed for a term of confinement in a jail as defined in RCW 70.48.020, must be housed in a jail cell that does not contain adult offenders, until the offender reaches the age of eighteen.

Sec. 47. RCW 72.09.460 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 19 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The legislature intends that all inmates be required to participate in department-approved education programs, work programs, or both, unless exempted under subsection (((4))) (4) of this section. Eligible inmates who refuse to participate in available education or work programs available at no charge to the inmates shall lose privileges according to the system established under RCW 72.09.130. Eligible inmates who are required to contribute financially to an education or work program and refuse to contribute shall be placed in another work program. Refusal to contribute shall not result in a loss of privileges. The legislature recognizes more inmates may agree to participate in education and work programs than are available. The department must make every effort to achieve maximum public benefit by placing inmates in available and appropriate education and work programs.

(2) The department shall provide a program of education to all inmates who are under the age of eighteen and who have not met high school graduation requirements as established by the state board of education. The program of education established by the department for inmates under the age of eighteen must consist of curriculum that will enable the inmate to achieve a high school diploma. The department shall extend the program of education required under this subsection to an inmate who is over the age of eighteen but less than twenty-one if the inmate was incarcerated prior to his or her eighteenth birthday and failed to obtain a high school diploma before reaching the age of eighteen.

(3) The department shall, to the extent possible and considering all available funds, prioritize its resources to meet the following goals for inmates in the order listed:
(a) Achievement of basic academic skills through obtaining a high school diploma or its equivalent and achievement of vocational skills necessary for purposes of work programs and for an inmate to qualify for work upon release;
(b) Additional work and education programs based on assessments and placements under subsection (((4))) (5) of this section; and
(c) Other work and education programs as appropriate.

(((4))) (4) The department shall establish, by rule, objective medical standards to determine when an inmate is physically or mentally unable to participate in available education or work programs. When the department determines an inmate is permanently unable to participate in any available education or work program due to a medical condition, the inmate is exempt from the requirement under subsection (1) of this section. When the department determines an inmate is temporarily unable to participate in an education or work program due to a medical condition, the inmate is exempt from the requirement of subsection (1) of this section for the period of time he or she is temporarily disabled. The department shall periodically review the medical condition of all temporarily disabled inmates to ensure the earliest possible entry or reentry by inmates into available programming.

(((4))) (5) The department shall establish, by rule, standards for participation in department-approved education and work programs. The standards shall address the following areas:
(a) Assessment. The department shall assess all inmates for their basic academic skill levels using a professionally accepted method of scoring reading, math, and language skills as grade level equivalents. The department shall determine an inmate’s education history, work history, and vocational or work skills. The initial assessment shall be conducted, whenever possible, within the first
thirty days of an inmate’s entry into the correctional system, except that initial assessments are not required for inmates who are sentenced to life without the possibility of release, assigned to an intensive management unit within the first thirty days after entry into the correctional system, are returning to the correctional system within one year of a prior release, or whose physical or mental condition renders them unable to complete the assessment process. The department shall track and record changes in the basic academic skill levels of all inmates reflected in any testing or assessment performed as part of their education programming;

(b) Placement. The department shall follow the policies set forth in subsection (1) of this section in establishing criteria for placing inmates in education and work programs. The department shall, to the extent possible, place all inmates whose composite grade level score for basic academic skills is below the eighth grade level in a combined education and work program. The placement criteria shall include at least the following factors:

(i) An inmate’s release date and custody level, except an inmate shall not be precluded from participating in an education or work program solely on the basis of his or her release date;
(ii) An inmate’s education history and basic academic skills;
(iii) An inmate’s work history and vocational or work skills;
(iv) An inmate’s economic circumstances, including but not limited to an inmate’s family support obligations; and
(v) Where applicable, an inmate’s prior performance in department-approved education or work programs;

(c) Performance and goals. The department shall establish, and periodically review, inmate behavior standards and program goals for all education and work programs. Inmates shall be notified of applicable behavior standards and program goals prior to placement in an education or work program and shall be removed from the education or work program if they consistently fail to meet the standards or goals;

(d) Financial responsibility. (i) The department shall establish a formula by which inmates, based on their ability to pay, shall pay all or a portion of the costs or tuition of certain programs. Inmates shall, based on the formula, pay a portion of the costs or tuition of participation in:

(A) Second and subsequent vocational programs associated with an inmate’s work programs; and
(B) An associate of arts or baccalaureate degree program when placement in a degree program is the result of a placement made under this subsection;

(ii) Inmates shall pay all costs and tuition for participation in:

(A) Any postsecondary academic degree program which is entered independently of a placement decision made under this subsection; and
(B) Second and subsequent vocational programs not associated with an inmate’s work program. Enrollment in any program specified in (d)(ii) of this subsection shall only be allowed by correspondence or if there is an opening in an education or work program at the institution where an inmate is incarcerated and no other inmate who is placed in a program under this subsection will be displaced; and

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an inmate sentenced to life without the possibility of release:

(i) Shall not be required to participate in education programming; and
(ii) May receive not more than one postsecondary academic degree in a program offered by the department or its contracted providers.

If an inmate sentenced to life without the possibility of release requires prevocational or vocational training for a work program, he or she may participate in the training subject to this section.

((5)) (6) The department shall coordinate education and work programs among its institutions, to the greatest extent possible, to facilitate continuity of programming among inmates transferred between institutions. Before transferring an inmate enrolled in a program, the department shall consider the effect the transfer will have on the inmate’s ability to continue or complete a program. This subsection shall not be used to delay or prohibit a transfer necessary for legitimate safety or security concerns.
Before construction of a new correctional institution or expansion of an existing correctional institution, the department shall adopt a plan demonstrating how cable, closed-circuit, and satellite television will be used for education and training purposes in the institution. The plan shall specify how the use of television in the education and training programs will improve inmates' preparedness for available work programs and job opportunities for which inmates may qualify upon release.

The department shall adopt a plan to reduce the per-pupil cost of instruction by, among other methods, increasing the use of volunteer instructors and implementing technological efficiencies. The plan shall be adopted by December 1996 and shall be transmitted to the legislature upon adoption. The department shall, in adoption of the plan, consider distance learning, satellite instruction, video tape usage, computer-aided instruction, and flexible scheduling of offender instruction.

Following completion of the review required by section 27(3), chapter 19, Laws of 1995 1st sp. sess. the department shall take all necessary steps to assure the vocation and education programs are relevant to work programs and skills necessary to enhance the employability of inmates upon release.

Sec. 48. RCW 9A.36.045 and 1995 c 129 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person is guilty of drive-by shooting when he or she recklessly discharges a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 in a manner which creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person and the discharge is either from a motor vehicle or from the immediate area of a motor vehicle that was used to transport the shooter or the firearm, or both, to the scene of the discharge.

(2) A person who unlawfully discharges a firearm from a moving motor vehicle may be inferred to have engaged in reckless conduct, unless the discharge is shown by evidence satisfactory to the trier of fact to have been made without such recklessness.

(3) Drive-by shooting is a class B felony.

Sec. 49. RCW 9A.36.050 and 1989 c 271 s 110 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person is guilty of reckless endangerment when he or she recklessly engages in conduct not amounting to drive-by shooting but that creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person.

(2) Reckless endangerment is a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 50. RCW 9.41.010 and 1996 c 295 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Firearm" means a weapon or device from which a projectile or projectiles may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.

(2) "Pistol" means any firearm with a barrel less than sixteen inches in length, or is designed to be held and fired by the use of a single hand.

(3) "Rifle" means a weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.

(4) "Short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having one or more barrels less than sixteen inches in length and any weapon made from a rifle by any means of modification if such modified weapon has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches.

(5) "Shotgun" means a weapon with one or more barrels, designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.
(6) "Short-barreled shotgun" means a shotgun having one or more barrels less than eighteen inches in length and any weapon made from a shotgun by any means of modification if such modified weapon has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches.

(7) "Machine gun" means any firearm known as a machine gun, mechanical rifle, submachine gun, or any other mechanism or instrument not requiring that the trigger be pressed for each shot and having a reservoir clip, disc, drum, belt, or other separable mechanical device for storing, carrying, or supplying ammunition which can be loaded into the firearm, mechanism, or instrument, and fired therefrom at the rate of five or more shots per second.

(8) "Antique firearm" means a firearm or replica of a firearm not designed or redesigned for using rim fire or conventional center fire ignition with fixed ammunition and manufactured in or before 1898, including any matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system and also any firearm using fixed ammunition manufactured in or before 1898, for which ammunition is no longer manufactured in the United States and is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.

(9) "Loaded" means:
(a) There is a cartridge in the chamber of the firearm;
(b) Cartridges are in a clip that is locked in place in the firearm;
(c) There is a cartridge in the cylinder of the firearm, if the firearm is a revolver;
(d) There is a cartridge in the tube or magazine that is inserted in the action; or
(e) There is a ball in the barrel and the firearm is capped or primed if the firearm is a muzzle loader.

(10) "Dealer" means a person engaged in the business of selling firearms at wholesale or retail who has, or is required to have, a federal firearms license under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 923(a). A person who does not have, and is not required to have, a federal firearms license under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 923(a), is not a dealer if that person makes only occasional sales, exchanges, or purchases of firearms for the enhancement of a personal collection or for a hobby, or sells all or part of his or her personal collection of firearms.

(11) "Crime of violence" means:
(a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, burglary in the second degree, residential burglary, and robbery in the second degree;
(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to June 6, 1996, which is comparable to a felony classified as a crime of violence in (a) of this subsection; and
(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense comparable to a felony classified as a crime of violence under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

(12) "Serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended:
(a) Any crime of violence;
(b) Any felony violation of the uniform controlled substances act, chapter 69.50 RCW, that is classified as a class B felony or that has a maximum term of imprisonment of at least ten years;
(c) Child molestation in the second degree;
(d) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
(e) Indecent liberties;
(f) Leading organized crime;
(g) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
(h) Rape in the third degree;
(i) [Reckless endangerment in the first degree]) Drive-by shooting;
(j) Sexual exploitation;
(k) Vehicular assault;
(l) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

(m) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under RCW 9.94A.030;

(n) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.125; or

(o) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to June 6, 1996, that is comparable to a serious offense, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious offense.

(13) "Law enforcement officer" includes a general authority Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020, or a specially commissioned Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020. "Law enforcement officer" also includes a limited authority Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020 if such officer is duly authorized by his or her employer to carry a concealed pistol.

(14) "Felony" means any felony offense under the laws of this state or any federal or out-of-state offense comparable to a felony offense under the laws of this state.

(15) "Sell" refers to the actual approval of the delivery of a firearm in consideration of payment or promise of payment of a certain price in money.

(16) "Barrel length" means the distance from the bolt face of a closed action down the length of the axis of the bore to the crown of the muzzle, or in the case of a barrel with attachments to the end of any legal device permanently attached to the end of the muzzle.

(17) "Family or household member" means "family" or "household member" as used in RCW 10.99.020.

Sec. 51. RCW 9.41.040 and 1996 c 295 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A person, whether an adult or juvenile, is guilty of the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree, if the person owns, has in his or her possession, or has in his or her control any firearm after having previously been convicted in this state or elsewhere of any serious offense as defined in this chapter.

(b) A person, whether an adult or juvenile, is guilty of the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm in the second degree, if the person does not qualify under (a) of this subsection for the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree and the person owns, has in his or her possession, or has in his or her control any firearm:

(i) After having previously been convicted in this state or elsewhere of any felony not specifically listed as prohibiting firearm possession under (a) of this subsection, or any of the following crimes when committed by one family or household member against another, committed on or after July 1, 1993: Assault in the fourth degree, coercion, stalking, reckless endangerment ((in the second degree)), criminal trespass in the first degree, or violation of the provisions of a protection order or no-contact order restraining the person or excluding the person from a residence (RCW 26.50.060, 26.50.070, 26.50.130, or 10.99.040);

(ii) After having previously been involuntarily committed for mental health treatment under RCW 71.05.320, 71.34.090, chapter 10.77 RCW, or equivalent statutes of another jurisdiction, unless his or her right to possess a firearm has been restored as provided in RCW 9.41.047;

(iii) If the person is under eighteen years of age, except as provided in RCW 9.41.042; and/or

(iv) If the person is free on bond or personal recognizance pending trial, appeal, or sentencing for a serious offense as defined in RCW 9.41.010.

(2)(a) Unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree is a class B felony, punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(b) Unlawful possession of a firearm in the second degree is a class C felony, punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(3) Notwithstanding RCW 9.41.047 or any other provisions of law, as used in this chapter, a person has been "convicted", whether in an adult court or adjudicated in a juvenile court, at such time as a plea of guilty has been accepted, or a verdict of guilty has been filed, notwithstanding the pendency of any future proceedings including but not limited to sentencing or disposition, post-trial or
post-factfinding motions, and appeals. Conviction includes a dismissal entered after a period of probation, suspension or deferral of sentence, and also includes equivalent dispositions by courts in jurisdictions other than Washington state. A person shall not be precluded from possession of a firearm if the conviction has been the subject of a pardon, annulment, certificate of rehabilitation, or other equivalent procedure based on a finding of the rehabilitation of the person convicted or the conviction or disposition has been the subject of a pardon, annulment, or other equivalent procedure based on a finding of innocence. Where no record of the court’s disposition of the charges can be found, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the person was not convicted of the charge.

(4) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a person convicted of an offense prohibiting the possession of a firearm under this section other than murder, manslaughter, robbery, rape, indecent liberties, arson, assault, kidnapping, extortion, burglary, or violations with respect to controlled substances under RCW 69.50.401(a) and 69.50.410, who received a probationary sentence under RCW 9.95.200, and who received a dismissal of the charge under RCW 9.95.240, shall not be precluded from possession of a firearm as a result of the conviction. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, if a person is prohibited from possession of a firearm under subsection (1) of this section and has not previously been convicted of a sex offense prohibiting firearm ownership under subsection (1) of this section and/or any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, the individual may petition a court of record to have his or her right to possess a firearm restored:

(a) Under RCW 9.41.047; and/or
(b)(i) If the conviction was for a felony offense, after five or more consecutive years in the community without being convicted or currently charged with any felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor crimes, if the individual has no prior felony convictions that prohibit the possession of a firearm counted as part of the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; or
(ii) If the conviction was for a nonfelony offense, after three or more consecutive years in the community without being convicted or currently charged with any felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor crimes, if the individual has no prior felony convictions that prohibit the possession of a firearm counted as part of the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360 and the individual has completed all conditions of the sentence.

(5) In addition to any other penalty provided for by law, if a person under the age of eighteen years is found by a court to have possessed a firearm in a vehicle in violation of subsection (1) of this section or to have committed an offense while armed with a firearm during which offense a motor vehicle served an integral function, the court shall notify the department of licensing within twenty-four hours and the person’s privilege to drive shall be revoked under RCW 46.20.265.

(6) Nothing in chapter 129, Laws of 1995 shall ever be construed or interpreted as preventing an offender from being charged and subsequently convicted for the separate felony crimes of theft of a firearm or possession of a stolen firearm, or both, in addition to being charged and subsequently convicted under this section for unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree. Notwithstanding any other law, if the offender is convicted under this section for unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree and for the felony crimes of theft of a firearm or possession of a stolen firearm, or both, then the offender shall serve consecutive sentences for each of the felony crimes of conviction listed in this subsection.

(7) Each firearm unlawfully possessed under this section shall be a separate offense.

Sec. 52. RCW 9.94A.103 and 1995 c 129 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
Any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes shall be made and retained as public records if the felony crime involves:
(1) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;
(2) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;
(3) Any felony with a deadly weapon special verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;
(4) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4), or both; and/or
The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, ((reckless endangerment in the first degree)) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony.

Sec. 53. RCW 9.94A.105 and 1995 c 129 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A current, newly created or reworked judgment and sentence document for each felony sentencing shall record any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes kept as public records under RCW 9.94A.103 shall contain the clearly printed name and legal signature of the sentencing judge. The judgment and sentence document as defined in this section shall also provide additional space for the sentencing judge’s reasons for going either above or below the presumptive sentence range for any and all felony crimes covered as public records under RCW 9.94A.103. Both the sentencing judge and the prosecuting attorney’s office shall each retain or receive a completed copy of each sentencing document as defined in this section for their own records.
(2) The sentencing guidelines commission shall be sent a completed copy of the judgment and sentence document upon conviction for each felony sentencing under subsection (1) of this section and shall compile a yearly and cumulative judicial record of each sentencing judge in regards to his or her sentencing practices for any and all felony crimes involving:
   (a) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;
   (b) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;
   (c) Any felony with any deadly weapon special verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;
   (d) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4), or both; and/or
   (e) The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, ((reckless endangerment in the first degree)) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony.
(3) The sentencing guidelines commission shall compare each individual judge’s sentencing practices to the standard or presumptive sentence range for any and all felony crimes listed in subsection (2) of this section for the appropriate offense level as defined in RCW 9.94A.320, offender score as defined in RCW 9.94A.360, and any applicable deadly weapon enhancements as defined in RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4), or both. These comparative records shall be retained and made available to the public for review in a current, newly created or reworked official published document by the sentencing guidelines commission.
(4) Any and all felony sentences which are either above or below the standard or presumptive sentence range in subsection (3) of this section shall also mark whether the prosecuting attorney in the case also recommended a similar sentence, if any, which was either above or below the presumptive sentence range and shall also indicate if the sentence was in conjunction with an approved alternative sentencing option including a first-time offender waiver, sex offender sentencing alternative, or other prescribed sentencing option.
(5) If any completed judgment and sentence document as defined in subsection (1) of this section is not sent to the sentencing guidelines commission as required in subsection (2) of this section, the sentencing guidelines commission shall have the authority and shall undertake reasonable and necessary steps to assure that all past, current, and future sentencing documents as defined in subsection (1) of this section are received by the sentencing guidelines commission.

Sec. 54. RCW 9.94A.310 and 1996 c 205 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) TABLE 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SERIOUSNESS SCORE</th>
<th>OFFENDER SCORE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 more

XV Life Sentence without Parole/Death Penalty

XIV 23y4m 24y4m 25y4m 26y4m 27y4m 28y4m 30y4m 32y10m 36y 40y
240- 250- 261- 271- 281- 291- 312- 338- 370- 411-
320 333 347 361 374 388 416 450 493 548

XIII 12y 13y 14y 15y 16y 17y 19y 21y 25y 29y
123- 134- 144- 154- 165- 175- 195- 216- 257- 298-
164 178 192 205 219 233 260 288 342 397

XII 9y 9y11m 10y9m 11y8m 12y6m 13y5m 15y9m 17y3m 20y3m 23y3m
93- 102- 111- 120- 129- 138- 162- 178- 209- 240-
123 136 147 160 171 184 216 236 277 318

XI 7y6m 8y4m 9y2m 9y11m 10y9m 11y7m 14y2m 15y5m 17y11m 20y5m
78- 86- 95- 102- 111- 120- 146- 159- 185- 210-
102 114 125 136 147 158 194 211 245 280

X 5y 5y6m 6y 6y6m 7y 7y6m 9y6m 10y6m 12y6m 14y6m
51- 57- 62- 67- 72- 77- 98- 108- 129- 149-
68 75 82 89 96 102 130 144 171 198

IX 3y 3y6m 4y 4y6m 5y 5y6m 7y6m 8y6m 10y6m 12y6m
31- 36- 41- 46- 51- 57- 77- 87- 108- 129-
41 48 54 61 68 75 102 116 144 171

VIII 2y 2y6m 3y 3y6m 4y 4y6m 6y6m 7y6m 8y6m 10y6m
21- 26- 31- 36- 41- 46- 67- 77- 87- 108-
27 34 41 48 54 61 89 102 116 144

VII 18m 2y 2y6m 3y 3y6m 4y 5y6m 6y6m 7y6m 8y6m
15- 21- 26- 31- 36- 41- 57- 67- 77- 87-
20 27 34 41 48 54 75 89 102 116

VI 13m 18m 2y 2y6m 3y 3y6m 4y6m 5y6m 6y6m 7y6m
12+ - 15- 21- 26- 31- 36- 46- 57- 67- 77-
14 20 27 34 41 48 61 75 89 102

V 9m 13m 15m 18m 2y2m 3y2m 4y 5y 6y 7y
6- 12+ - 13- 15- 22- 33- 41- 51- 62- 72-
12 14 17 20 29 43 54 68 82 96

IV 6m 9m 13m 15m 18m 2y2m 3y2m 4y2m 5y2m 6y2m
3- 6- 12+ - 13- 15- 22- 33- 43- 53- 63-
9 12 14 17 20 29 43 57 70 84

III 2m 5m 8m 11m 14m 20m 2y2m 3y2m 4y2m 5y
1- 3- 4- 9- 12+ - 17- 22- 33- 43- 51-
3 8 12 12 16 22 29 43 57 68

II 4m 6m 8m 13m 16m 20m 2y2m 3y2m 4y2m
NOTE: Numbers in the first horizontal row of each seriousness category represent sentencing midpoints in years(y) and months(m). Numbers in the second and third rows represent presumptive sentencing ranges in months, or in days if so designated. 12+ equals one year and one day.

(2) For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent.

(3) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Five years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(b) Three years for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(c) Eighteen months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(d) If the offender is being sentenced for any firearm enhancements under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection and the offender has previously been sentenced for any firearm enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (4)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, any and all firearm enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.
(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all firearm enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other sentencing provisions.
(f) The firearm enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, ((reckless endangerment in the first degree)) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.
(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(4) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon as defined in this chapter other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements, the following
additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Two years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(b) One year for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(c) Six months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(d) If the offender is being sentenced under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection for any deadly weapon enhancements and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (3)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, any and all deadly weapon enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all deadly weapon enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other sentencing provisions.

(f) The deadly weapon enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, ((reckless endangerment in the first degree)) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(5) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence if the offender or an accomplice committed the offense while in a county jail or state correctional facility as that term is defined in this chapter and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection. If the offender or an accomplice committed one of the crimes listed in this subsection while in a county jail or state correctional facility as that term is defined in this chapter, and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section:

(a) Eighteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (i) or (ii) or 69.50.410;

(b) Fifteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (iii), (iv), and (v);

(c) Twelve months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(d).
For the purposes of this subsection, all of the real property of a state correctional facility or county jail shall be deemed to be part of that facility or county jail.

(6) An additional twenty-four months shall be added to the presumptive sentence for any ranked offense involving a violation of chapter 69.50 RCW if the offense was also a violation of RCW 69.50.435.

Sec. 55. RCW 9.94A.320 and 1996 c 302 s 6, 1996 c 205 s 3, and 1996 c 36 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

TABLE 2
CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL

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Rape 1 (RCW 9A.44.44)
Consider the following scenario:

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(RCW 9A.44.073)

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Assault of a Child

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Possession of a Firearm in the first degree (RCW 9.41.410)
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of Livestock
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(RCW 9A.56.080)

Robbery
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(RCW 9A.56.21)
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Use of Proceeds of Criminal Profiteering (RCW 9A.82.080)
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In this paper, we present a novel approach to solving the problem of image recognition. Our method, named BulbServ (RCW 9A.76.180), leverages the unique properties of bulb-shaped data structures to efficiently process and analyze images. Preliminary results indicate significant improvements in accuracy compared to existing methods. Further investigations are ongoing to better understand the underlying mechanisms and to explore potential applications in various domains.
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(RCW 69.50.)
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on controlled substance (RCW 69.51.030 (1))

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Sec. 56. RCW 9A.46.060 and 1994 c 271 s 802 and 1994 c 121 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, "harassment" may include but is not limited to any of the following crimes:

(1) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020);
(2) Malicious harassment (RCW 9A.36.080);
(3) Telephone harassment (RCW 9A.36.230);
(4) Assault in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.011);
(5) Assault of a child in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.120);
(6) Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021);
(7) Assault of a child in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.130);
(8) Assault in the fourth degree (RCW 9A.36.041);
(9) Reckless endangerment (in the second degree) (RCW 9A.36.050);
(10) Extortion in the first degree (RCW 9A.56.120);
(11) Extortion in the second degree (RCW 9A.56.130);
(12) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
(13) Burglary in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.020);
(14) Burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030);
(15) Criminal trespass in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.070);
(16) Criminal trespass in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.080);
(17) Malicious mischief in the first degree (RCW 9A.48.070);
(18) Malicious mischief in the second degree (RCW 9A.48.080);
(19) Malicious mischief in the third degree (RCW 9A.48.090);
(20) Kidnapping in the first degree (RCW 9A.40.020);
(21) Kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030);
(22) Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040);
(23) Rape in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.040);
(24) Rape in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.050);
(25) Rape in the third degree (RCW 9A.44.060);
(26) Indecent liberties (RCW 9A.44.100);
(27) Rape of a child in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.073);
(28) Rape of a child in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.076);
(29) Rape of a child in the third degree (RCW 9A.44.079);
(30) Child molestation in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.083);
(31) Child molestation in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.086);
(32) Child molestation in the third degree (RCW 9A.44.089);
(33) Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110);
(34) Residential burglary (RCW 9A.52.025); and
(35) Violation of a temporary or permanent protective order issued pursuant to chapter 9A.46, 10.14, 10.99, 26.09, or 26.50 RCW.
Sec. 57. RCW 10.99.020 and 1996 c 248 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Family or household members" means spouses, former spouses, persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time, adult persons related by blood or marriage, adult persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past, persons sixteen years of age or older who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past and who have or have had a dating relationship, persons sixteen years of age or older with whom a person sixteen years of age or older has or has had a dating relationship, and persons who have a biological or legal parent-child relationship, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren.

(2) "Dating relationship" has the same meaning as in RCW 26.50.010.

(3) "Domestic violence" includes but is not limited to any of the following crimes when committed by one family or household member against another:

(a) Assault in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.011);
(b) Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021);
(c) Assault in the third degree (RCW 9A.36.031);
(d) Assault in the fourth degree (RCW 9A.36.041);
(e) Reckless endangerment (in the first degree) Drive-by shooting (RCW 9A.36.045);
(f) Reckless endangerment (in the second degree) (RCW 9A.36.050);
(g) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
(h) Burglary in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.020);
(i) Burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030);
(j) Criminal trespass in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.070);
(k) Criminal trespass in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.080);
(l) Malicious mischief in the first degree (RCW 9A.48.070);
(m) Malicious mischief in the second degree (RCW 9A.48.080);
(n) Malicious mischief in the third degree (RCW 9A.48.090);
(o) Kidnapping in the first degree (RCW 9A.40.020);
(p) Kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030);
(q) Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040);
(r) Violation of the provisions of a restraining order restraining the person or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering a residence, workplace, school, or day care (RCW 26.09.300, 26.10.220, or 26.26.138);
(s) Violation of the provisions of a protection order or no-contact order restraining the person or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering a residence, workplace, school, or day care (RCW 26.50.060, 26.50.070, 26.50.130, 10.99.040, or 10.99.050);
(t) Rape in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.040);
(u) Rape in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.050);
(v) Residential burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);
(w) Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110); and
(x) Interference with the reporting of domestic violence (RCW 9A.36.150).

(4) "Victim" means a family or household member who has been subjected to domestic violence.

Sec. 58. RCW 10.99.040 and 1996 c 248 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Because of the serious nature of domestic violence, the court in domestic violence actions:
(a) Shall not dismiss any charge or delay disposition because of concurrent dissolution or other civil proceedings;
(b) Shall not require proof that either party is seeking a dissolution of marriage prior to instigation of criminal proceedings;
(c) Shall waive any requirement that the victim’s location be disclosed to any person, other than the attorney of a criminal defendant, upon a showing that there is a possibility of further violence:
 PROVIDED, That the court may order a criminal defense attorney not to disclose to his or her client the victim's location; and

(d) Shall identify by any reasonable means on docket sheets those criminal actions arising from acts of domestic violence.

(2) Because of the likelihood of repeated violence directed at those who have been victims of domestic violence in the past, when any person charged with or arrested for a crime involving domestic violence is released from custody before arraignment or trial on bail or personal recognizance, the court authorizing the release may prohibit that person from having any contact with the victim. The jurisdiction authorizing the release shall determine whether that person should be prohibited from having any contact with the victim. If there is no outstanding restraining or protective order prohibiting that person from having contact with the victim, the court authorizing release may issue, by telephone, a no-contact order prohibiting the person charged or arrested from having contact with the victim. In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800. The no-contact order shall also be issued in writing as soon as possible.

(3) At the time of arraignment the court shall determine whether a no-contact order shall be issued or extended. If a no-contact order is issued or extended, the court may also include in the conditions of release a requirement that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring. If electronic monitoring is ordered, the court shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services, and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed. Upon conviction, the court may require as a condition of the sentence that the defendant reimburse the providing agency for the costs of the electronic monitoring.

(4)(a) Willful violation of a court order issued under subsection (2) or (3) of this section is a gross misdemeanor except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection (4). Upon conviction and in addition to other penalties provided by law, the court may require that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring. The court shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring must be performed. The court also may include a requirement that the defendant pay the costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the convicted person to pay for electronic monitoring.

(b) Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this section and that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW, and any conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this section that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(c) A willful violation of a court order issued under this section is a class C felony if the offender has at least two previous convictions for violating the provisions of a no-contact order issued under this chapter, a domestic violence protection order issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW, or any federal or out-of-state order that is comparable to a no-contact order or protection order issued under Washington law. The previous convictions may involve the same victim or other victims specifically protected by the no-contact orders or protection orders the offender violated.

(d) The written order releasing the person charged or arrested shall contain the court's directives and shall bear the legend: "Violation of this order is a criminal offense under chapter 10.99 RCW and will subject a violator to arrest; any assault, drive-by shooting, or reckless endangerment that is a violation of this order is a felony. You can be arrested even if any person protected by the order invites or allows you to violate the order's prohibitions. You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating the order's provisions. Only the court can change the order." A certified copy of the order shall be provided to the victim. If a no-contact order has been issued prior to charging, that order shall expire at arraignment or within seventy-two hours if charges are not filed. Such orders need not be entered into the computer-based criminal intelligence information system in this state which is used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants.

(5) Whenever an order prohibiting contact is issued, modified, or terminated under subsection (2) or (3) of this section, the clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the order on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order for one year or until the expiration date specified on the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system.
available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any jurisdiction in the state.

Sec. 59. RCW 10.99.050 and 1996 c 248 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When a defendant is found guilty of a crime and a condition of the sentence restricts the defendant's ability to have contact with the victim, such condition shall be recorded and a written certified copy of that order shall be provided to the victim.

(2) Willful violation of a court order issued under this section is a gross misdemeanor. Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this section and that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony, and any conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this section that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony. A willful violation of a court order issued under this section is also a class C felony if the offender has at least two previous convictions for violating the provisions of a no-contact order issued under this chapter, or a domestic violence protection order issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW, or any federal or out-of-state order that is comparable to a no-contact order or protection order that is issued under Washington law. The previous convictions may involve the same victim or other victims specifically protected by the no-contact orders or protection orders the offender violated.

The written order shall contain the court's directives and shall bear the legend: Violation of this order is a criminal offense under chapter 10.99 RCW and will subject a violator to arrest; any assault, drive-by shooting, or reckless endangerment that is a violation of this order is a felony.

(3) Whenever an order prohibiting contact is issued pursuant to this section, the clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the order on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order for one year into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any jurisdiction in the state.

Sec. 60. RCW 43.43.735 and 1991 c 3 s 297 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It shall be the duty of the sheriff or director of public safety of every county, and the chief of police of every city or town, and of every chief officer of other law enforcement agencies duly operating within this state, to cause the photographing and fingerprinting of all adults and juveniles lawfully arrested for the commission of any criminal offense constituting a felony or gross misdemeanor. ((a) When such juveniles are brought directly to a juvenile detention facility, the juvenile court administrator is also authorized, but not required, to cause the photographing, fingerprinting, and record transmittal to the appropriate law enforcement agency; and (b) a further)) An exception may be made when the arrest is for a violation punishable as a gross misdemeanor and the arrested person is not taken into custody.

(2) It shall be the right, but not the duty, of the sheriff or director of public safety of every county, and the chief of police of every city or town, and every chief officer of other law enforcement agencies operating within this state to photograph and record the fingerprints of all adults lawfully arrested, all persons who are the subject of dependency record information, or all persons who are the subject of protection proceeding record information.

Such sheriffs, directors of public safety, chiefs of police, and other law enforcement officers, may record, in addition to photographs and fingerprints, the palmprints, soleprints, toeprints, or any other identification data of all persons whose photograph and fingerprints are required or allowed to be taken under this section, all persons who are the subject of dependency record information, or all persons who are the subject of protection proceeding record information, when in the discretion of such law enforcement officers it is necessary for proper identification of the arrested person or the investigation of the crime with which he is charged.

(4) It shall be the duty of the department of health or the court having jurisdiction over the dependency action and protection proceedings under chapter 74.34 RCW to cause the fingerprinting of
all persons who are the subject of a disciplinary board final decision, dependency record information, protection proceeding record information, or to obtain other necessary identifying information, as specified by the section in rules adopted under chapter 34.05 RCW to carry out the provisions of this subsection.

(5) The court having jurisdiction over the dependency or protection proceeding action may obtain and record, in addition to fingerprints, the photographs, palmprints, soleprints, toeprints, or any other identification data of all persons who are the subject of dependency record information or protection proceeding record information, when in the discretion of the court it is necessary for proper identification of the person.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 61. A new section is added to chapter 43.121 RCW to read as follows:
The legislature of the state of Washington finds that community deterioration and family disintegration are increasing problems in our state. One clear indicator of this damage is juvenile crime and violence. The legislature further finds that prevention is one of the best methods of fighting juvenile crime. Building more facilities to house juvenile offenders can be at best only one part of any solution. Any increased spending on confining juvenile offenders must be closely linked to existing efforts to prevent juvenile crime.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 62. The sentencing guidelines commission shall review conviction data for the past ten years. The commission shall submit a proposed bill to the legislature for introduction in the 1998 legislative session that appropriately ranks all unranked felony offenses for which there have been convictions for the period studied.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 63. The legislature finds that it is necessary to improve the analysis, evaluation, and forecasting ofsentencing and treatment alternatives for adult and juvenile offenders. In order to establish a universally accepted measuring tool for use in making informed corrections and public safety policy decisions in the adult and juvenile corrections systems, the Washington state institute for public policy shall develop a proposed definition of recidivism. The institute’s definition shall provide the legislature and the governor with an objective, outcome-based standard for measuring the success of programs in increasing public safety and reducing subsequent offenses by convicted persons.

The definition shall be reported to the governor and the legislature by December 31, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 64. The legislature finds it critical to evaluate the effectiveness of the revisions made in this act to juvenile sentencing for purposes of measuring improvements in public safety and reduction of recidivism.

To accomplish this evaluation, the Washington state institute for public policy shall conduct a study of the sentencing revisions. The study shall: (1) Be conducted starting January 1, 2001; (2) examine whether the revisions have affected the rate of initial offense commission and recidivism; (3) determine the impacts of the revisions by age, race, and gender impacts of the revisions; (4) compare the utilization and effectiveness of sentencing alternatives and manifest injustice determinations before and after the revisions; and (5) examine the impact and effectiveness of changes made in the exclusive original jurisdiction of juvenile court over juvenile offenders.

The institute shall report the results of the study to the governor and legislature not later than July 1, 2002.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 65. The legislature finds that meaningful community involvement is vital to the juvenile justice system's ability to respond to the serious problem of juvenile crime. Citizens and crime victims need to be active partners in responding to crime, in the management of resources, and in the disposition decisions regarding juvenile offenders in their community. Involvement of citizens and crime victims increase offender accountability and build healthier communities, which will reduce recidivism and crime rates in Washington state.

The legislature also finds that local governments are in the best position to develop, coordinate, and manage local community prevention, intervention, and corrections programs for juvenile offenders,
and to determine local resource priorities. Local community management will build upon local values and increase local control of resources, encourage the use of a comprehensive range of community-based intervention strategies.

The primary purpose of sections 65 through 69 of this act, the community juvenile accountability act, is to provide a continuum of community-based programs that emphasize the juvenile offender’s accountability for his or her actions while assisting him or her in the development of skills necessary to function effectively and positively in the community in a manner consistent with public safety.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 66. (1) In order to receive funds under sections 65 through 69 of this act, local governments may, through their respective agencies that administer funding for consolidated juvenile services, submit proposals that establish community juvenile accountability programs within their communities. These proposals must be submitted to the juvenile rehabilitation administration of the department of social and health services for certification.

(2) The proposals must:
(a) Demonstrate that the proposals were developed with the input of the community public health and safety networks established under RCW 70.190.060, and the local law and justice councils established under RCW 72.09.300;
(b) Describe how local community groups or members are involved in the implementation of the programs funded under sections 65 through 69 of this act;
(c) Include a description of how the grant funds will contribute to the expected outcomes of the program and the reduction of youth violence and juvenile crime in their community. Data approaches are not required to be replicated if the networks have information that addresses risks in the community for juvenile offenders.

(3) A local government receiving a grant under this section shall agree that any funds received must be used efficiently to encourage the use of community-based programs that reduce the reliance on secure confinement as the sole means of holding juvenile offenders accountable for their crimes. The local government shall also agree to account for the expenditure of all funds received under the grant and to submit to audits for compliance with the grant criteria developed under section 67 of this act.

(4) The juvenile rehabilitation administration, in consultation with the Washington association of juvenile court administrators, the state law and justice advisory council, and the family policy council, shall establish guidelines for programs that may be funded under sections 65 through 69 of this act. The guidelines must:
(a) Target diverted and adjudicated juvenile offenders;
(b) Include assessment methods to determine services, programs, and intervention strategies most likely to change behaviors and norms of juvenile offenders;
(c) Provide maximum structured supervision in the community. Programs should use natural surveillance and community guardians such as employers, relatives, teachers, clergy, and community mentors to the greatest extent possible;
(d) Promote good work ethic values and educational skills and competencies necessary for the juvenile offender to function effectively and positively in the community;
(e) Maximize the efficient delivery of treatment services aimed at reducing risk factors associated with the commission of juvenile offenses;
(f) Maximize the reintegration of the juvenile offender into the community upon release from confinement;
(g) Maximize the juvenile offender’s opportunities to make full restitution to the victims and amends to the community;
(h) Support and encourage increased court discretion in imposing community-based intervention strategies;
(i) Be compatible with research that shows which prevention and early intervention strategies work with juvenile offenders;
(j) Be outcome-based in that it describes what outcomes will be achieved or what outcomes have already been achieved;
(k) Include an evaluation component; and
Recognize the diversity of local needs.

The state law and justice advisory council, with the assistance of the family policy council and the governor’s juvenile justice advisory committee, may provide support and technical assistance to local governments for training and education regarding community-based prevention and intervention strategies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 67. (1) The state may make grants to local governments for the provision of community-based programs for juvenile offenders. The grants must be made under a grant formula developed by the juvenile rehabilitation administration, in consultation with the Washington association of juvenile court administrators.

(2) Upon certification by the juvenile rehabilitation administration that a proposal satisfies the application and selection criteria, grant funds will be distributed to the local government agency that administers funding for consolidated juvenile services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 68. The legislature recognizes the importance of evaluation and outcome measurements of programs serving juvenile offenders in order to ensure cost-effective use of public funds.

The Washington state institute for public policy shall develop standards for measuring the effectiveness of juvenile accountability programs established and approved under section 66 of this act. The standards must be developed and presented to the governor and legislature not later than January 1, 1998. The standards must include methods for measuring success factors following intervention. Success factors include, but are not limited to, continued use of alcohol or controlled substances, arrests, violations of terms of community supervision, convictions for subsequent offenses, and restitution to victims.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 69. (1) Each community juvenile accountability program approved and funded under sections 65 through 69 of this act shall comply with the information collection requirements in subsection (2) of this section and the reporting requirements in subsection (3) of this section.

(2) The information collected by each community juvenile accountability program must include, at a minimum for each juvenile participant: (a) The name, date of birth, gender, social security number, and, when available, the juvenile information system (JUVIS) control number; (b) an initial intake assessment of each juvenile participating in the program; (c) a list of all juveniles who completed the program; and (d) an assessment upon completion or termination of each juvenile, including outcomes and, where applicable, reasons for termination.

(3) The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall annually compile the data and report to the legislature on: (a) The programs funded under sections 65 through 69 of this act; (b) the total cost for each funded program and cost per juvenile; and (c) the essential elements of the program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 70. The Washington state institute for public policy shall evaluate the costs and benefits of the programs funded in sections 65 through 69 of this act. The evaluation must measure whether the programs cost-effectively reduce recidivism and crime rates in Washington state. The institute shall submit reports to the governor and the legislature by December 1, 1998, and December 1, 2000.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 71. Sections 65 through 69 of this act may be known as the community juvenile accountability act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 72. Sections 65 through 69 and 71 of this act are added to chapter 13.40 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 73. The code reviser shall alphabetize the definitions in RCW 13.40.020 and correct any references.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 74. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 9.94A.045 and 1996 c 232 s 2;
(2) RCW 13.40.025 and 1996 c 232 s 4, 1995 c 269 s 302, 1986 c 288 s 8, 1984 c 287 s 11, &
1981 c 299 s 3;
(3) RCW 13.40.0354 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 521 & 1989 c 407 s 6;
(4) RCW 13.40.075 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 546; and
(5) RCW 13.40.125 and 1995 c 395 s 6 & 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 545.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 75. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or
circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 76. Sections 10, 25, 26, and 30 of this act take effect July 1, 1998."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "offenders;" strike the remainder of the title and insert
"amending RCW 5.60.060, 9.94A.040, 13.04.011, 13.40.010, 13.40.0357, 13.40.038, 13.40.040,
13.40.230, 13.40.250, 13.40.265, 13.40.320, 13.32A.140, 13.50.010, 13.50.050, 72.01.410,
72.09.460, 9A.36.045, 9A.36.050, 9A.36.050, 9A.41.010, 9A.41.010, 9.94A.103, 9.94A.105, 9.94A.310,
10.99.020, 10.99.040, 10.99.050, and 43.43.735; reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.030,
9.94A.120, 9.94A.360, 13.04.030, 13.40.020, 9.94A.320, and 9A.46.060; adding new sections to
chapter 13.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.96A RCW; adding a new section to chapter
72.01 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.121 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW
9.94A.045, 13.40.025, 13.40.0354, 13.40.075, and 13.40.125; prescribing penalties; and providing an
effective date."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position regarding the Senate amendments
to Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Sheahan, Ballasiotes and Dickerson as conferees on
Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 19, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE
BILL NO. 5127 and asks the House to recede therefrom, and the same is/are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House insisted on its position on Second Substitute Senate Bill
No. 5127, and asked the Senate for a Conference thereon.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Carrell, Mulliken and Conway as conferees on Second
Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127.
MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5157 and asks the House for a Conference thereon. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators West, Kohl and Zarelli

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House granted the Senate a conference on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157.

APPOINTMENT OF CONFEREES

The Speaker appointed Representatives Pennington, Boldt and Dunshee as conferees on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5120, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5276, SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5442, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5671, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5725, SENATE BILL NO. 5736, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5783,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1234, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1272, HOUSE BILL NO. 1316, HOUSE BILL NO. 1330, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1425, HOUSE BILL NO. 1439, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1464, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1771, ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1841, ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1866, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1888, HOUSE BILL NO. 1982, ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2046, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2059,
The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1485 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 75.08 RCW to read as follows:
Beginning September 1, 1998, and each September 1st thereafter, the department shall submit a report to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature identifying the total salmon and steelhead harvest of the preceding season. This report shall include the final commercial harvests and recreational harvests. At a minimum, the report shall clearly identify:
(1) The total treaty tribal and nontribal harvests by species and by management unit;
(2) Where and why the nontribal harvest does not meet the full allocation allowed under United States v. Washington, 384 F. Supp. 312 (1974) (Boldt I) including a summary of the key policies within the management plan that result in a less than full nontribal allocation; and
(3) The location and quantity of salmon and steelhead harvested under the wastage provisions of United States v. Washington, 384 F. Supp. 312 (1974)."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "reporting;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new section to chapter 75.08 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House Bill No. 1485, and advanced the bill as amended by the Senate to Final Passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS SENATE AMENDED

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1485 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Linville and Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1485 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Huff - 1.

Substitute House Bill No. 1485, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Substitute House Bill No. 1485.

TOM HUFF, 26th District

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

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MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

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<td>SENATE BILL NO. 5229,</td>
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<td>SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5462,</td>
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and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5511 as amended by the House (amendment(s) #708),

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5149 as amended by the House (amendment(s) #705),

and the same is herewith transmitted.
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed HOUSE BILL NO. 1708 with the following amendments:

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 49.46.130 and 1995 c 5 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section and section 2 of this act, no employer shall employ any of his employees for a work week longer than forty hours unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in excess of the hours above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he is employed.

(2) This section does not apply to:

(a) Any person exempted pursuant to RCW 49.46.010(5). The payment of compensation or provision of compensatory time off in addition to a salary shall not be a factor in determining whether a person is exempted under RCW 49.46.010(5)(c);

(b) Employees who request compensating time off in lieu of overtime pay;

(c) Any individual employed as a seaman whether or not the seaman is employed on a vessel other than an American vessel;

(d) Seasonal employees who are employed at concessions and recreational establishments at agricultural fairs, including those seasonal employees employed by agricultural fairs, within the state provided that the period of employment for any seasonal employee at any or all agricultural fairs does not exceed fourteen working days a year;

(e) Any individual employed as a motion picture projectionist if that employee is covered by a contract or collective bargaining agreement which regulates hours of work and overtime pay;

(f) An individual employed as a truck or bus driver who is subject to the provisions of the Federal Motor Carrier Act (49 U.S.C. Sec. 3101 et seq. and 49 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.), if the compensation system under which the truck or bus driver is paid includes overtime pay, reasonably equivalent to that required by this subsection, for working longer than forty hours per week;

(g) Any individual employed (i) on a farm, in the employ of any person, in connection with the cultivation of the soil, or in connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural commodity, including raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and furbearing animals and wildlife, or in the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of a farm in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment; or (ii) in packing, packaging, grading, storing or delivering to storage, or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; or (iii) commercial canning, commercial freezing, or any other commercial processing, or with respect to services performed in connection with the cultivation, raising, harvesting, and processing of oysters or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a terminal market for distribution for consumption;

(h) Any industry in which federal law provides for an overtime payment based on a work week other than forty hours. However, the provisions of the federal law regarding overtime payment based on a work week other than forty hours shall nevertheless apply to employees covered by this section without regard to the existence of actual federal jurisdiction over the industrial activity of the particular employer within this state. For the purposes of this subsection, "industry" means a trade, business, industry, or other activity, or branch, or group thereof, in which individuals are gainfully employed (section 3(h) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (Public Law 93-259).

(3) No employer of commissioned salespeople primarily engaged in the business of selling automobiles, trucks, recreational vessels, recreational vessel trailers, recreational vehicle trailers, recreational campers, ((0)) manufactured housing, or farm implements to ultimate purchasers shall violate subsection (1) of this section with respect to such commissioned salespeople if the commissioned salespeople are paid the greater of:
(a) Compensation at the hourly rate, which may not be less than the rate required under RCW 49.46.020, for each hour worked up to forty hours per week, and compensation of one and one-half times that hourly rate for all hours worked over forty hours in one week; or

(b) A straight commission, a salary plus commission, or a salary plus bonus applied to gross salary.

(4) No public agency shall be deemed to have violated subsection (1) of this section with respect to the employment of any employee in fire protection activities or any employee in law enforcement activities (including security personnel in correctional institutions) if: (a) In a work period of twenty-eight consecutive days the employee receives for tours of duty which in the aggregate exceed two hundred forty hours; or (b) in the case of such an employee to whom a work period of at least seven but less than twenty-eight days applies, in his or her work period the employee receives for tours of duty which in the aggregate exceed a number of hours which bears the same ratio to the number of consecutive days in his or her work period as two hundred forty hours bears to twenty-eight days; compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he or she is employed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 49.46 RCW to read as follows:

RCW 49.46.130(1) does not apply to any individual employed as a computer systems analyst, computer programmer, software engineer, or other similarly skilled worker in the computer software field who, if compensated on an hourly basis, is compensated at a rate of not less than twenty-seven dollars and sixty-three cents an hour, and whose primary duty is:

(1) The application of systems analysis techniques and procedures, including consulting with users, to determine hardware, software, or system functional specifications;

(2) The design, development, documentation, analysis, creation, testing, or modification of computer systems or programs, including prototypes, based on and related to user or system design specifications;

(3) The design, documentation, testing, creation, or modification of computer programs related to machine operating systems; or

(4) A combination of duties described in subsections (1), (2), and (3) of this section, the performance of which requires the same level of skills."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "week;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 49.46.130; and adding a new section to chapter 49.46 RCW."

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

POINT OF ORDER

Representative Quall: I request a ruling to Scope and Object on the Senate amendment(s) to House Bill No. 1708.

SPEAKER’S RULING

Mr. Speaker: Representative Quall, I am prepared to rule on your Scope and Object request.

The subject portion of the title of House Bill No. 1708 is: "AN ACT Relating to the minimum rate of compensation for employment in excess of a forty-hour work week"

The Scope of the bill, as measured by the title of the act, is broad, any amendment which deals with compensation for employment in excess of a forty-hour work week falls within the scope of this title.

The Senate amendment to House Bill No. 1708 proposes to exempt computer professionals that are paid at least $27.60 per hour from overtime pay requirements.

The Senate amendment is clearly within the scope of House Bill No. 1708 as measured by the title of the act.
The Object of House Bill No. 1708 is to treat, with respect to overtime laws, commissioned salespersons who sell farm implements in the same manner as the law now treats commissioned salespersons who sell cars, trucks, recreational vehicles and manufactured homes.

The Senate amendment deals with exempting computer professionals that are paid at least $27.60 per hour from the overtime law. The Senate amendment does not perfect the underlying bill and the manner in which it deals with salespersons who sell farm implements.

The Speaker finds that the Senate amendment to House Bill No. 1708 is beyond the Object of House Bill No. 1708.

Representative Quall, your Point of Order is well taken.

MOTION

Representative McMorris moved that the House not concur in the Senate amendment(s) to House Bill No. 1708, and ask the Senate to recede therefrom.

The motion was carried.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2287 by Representative Dyer

Regulating the sales of nonprofit hospitals.

Referred to Committee on Health Care

There being no objection, the bill listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business was referred to the committee so designated.

RESOLUTIONS

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4662, by Representatives Kessler and Buck

WHEREAS, It is the policy of the Washington State Legislature to recognize commitment to public service; and

WHEREAS, Clallam Transit, the public bus system serving the north Olympic Peninsula, is currently facing a budgetary shortfall necessitating higher fares and painful cutbacks in service; and

WHEREAS, Public bus service is an essential community resource which provides the only means of transportation to many citizens and is vital to community efforts to alleviate traffic congestion; and

WHEREAS, The forty-eight bus drivers and maintenance personnel of Clallam Transit, represented by the Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 587, volunteered to forego their contracted three and one-half percent cost-of-living adjustment for the current year in order to reduce transit system expenses; and

WHEREAS, Curtis Stacey, the Executive Board Officer for Local 587 and a Clallam Transit driver for thirteen years, convinced his fellow drivers and maintenance workers of the need and value in foregoing the scheduled pay raise; and

WHEREAS, Mr. Stacey and his colleagues were following the lead of Clallam Transit executive personnel who had earlier agreed to forego any possible pay raise;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives commend Curtis Stacey, the members of Local 587, and the nonrepresented personnel of Clallam Transit for their willingness to sacrifice their own financial gain for the greater good of their community; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 587, and to Daniel DiGuilio, General Manager, Clallam Transit.

House Resolution No. 4662 was adopted.

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4669, by Representatives Keiser, Constantine, Van Luven, Reams, Blalock and Poulsen

WHEREAS, The State of Washington applauds those educators who promote and encourage an interest in science by providing quality science experiences for students and teachers; and
WHEREAS, Jane Morton and Judi Backman have been named to the 1997 Honor Roll of Teachers by the Association of Science-Technology Centers and Pacific Science Center for their exemplary use of community resources to enhance and expand the science enrichment opportunities available to students and teachers; and
WHEREAS, Jane Morton, a teacher of kindergarten and first grade at Ardmore Elementary in Bellevue, Washington, and the Elementary Level Science Specialist for the Bellevue School District, has done a great deal to enhance science education at Ardmore Elementary and other schools in the Bellevue School District by promoting involvement in interactive science programs; organizing scholarships for Bellevue students to attend field study programs at the Mercer Slough Environmental Education Center; organizing teams of children and teachers to participate in Pacific Science Center’s Science Champions program; and helping to establish the WasteBusters environmental education program in the Bellevue School District; and
WHEREAS, Judi Backman, Science Curriculum Coordinator for the thirty-one schools and over eighteen thousand students in the Highline School District, has expanded the science enrichment opportunities available to Highline students and for science teachers across the state by providing venues for Pacific Science Center’s Science Education Associates to teach their yearly interactive science workshops; by bringing teams of children and adults to the Science Champions program; by assisting the STAFF Leadership program in providing district-wide training to rural school districts; and through her leadership role in the WISE-STEP program, contributing to the state-wide improvement of science teachers’ professional development; and
WHEREAS, Jane Morton and Judi Backman, along with approximately forty other educators being named to the 1997 Honor Roll of Teachers, will be honored in Washington, D.C., on May 1 and 2, 1997, before members of Congress; and
WHEREAS, The National Science Foundation has declared April 20 through April 26, 1997, National Science and Technology Week to convey the importance of science to the nation;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives commend Jane Morton and Judi Backman for their outstanding efforts as science educators; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives commend Pacific Science Center for its dedication to providing interactive science, mathematics, and technology education to students and teachers throughout the State of Washington; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to Jane Morton, Judi Backman, and the Directors of the Association of Science-Technology Centers and Pacific Science Center.

House Resolution No. 4669 was adopted.

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4670, by Representatives Veloria, Cooke, Tokuda, Murray, Crouse, Wolfe, Cody, K. Schmidt, Alexander, Reams, Kastama, Cooper, Dickerson and Butler

WHEREAS, The Pulitzer Prize was created by Joseph Pulitzer in 1883 for "the encouragement of public service, public morale, American literature and the advancement of education"; and
WHEREAS, The Pulitzer Prize is journalism's most prestigious prize; and
WHEREAS, The Seattle Times recently won two 1997 Pulitzer Prizes in journalism, which is a rare honor; and
WHEREAS, One Pulitzer Prize was awarded for a series about fraud and mismanagement in federally funded tribal housing programs, which resulted in a subsequent investigation by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development and by Congress; and
WHEREAS, Another Pulitzer Prize was awarded for coverage on commercial airline safety, a topic which could have wide implications; and
WHEREAS, The tribal housing story involved the reporting team of Deborah Nelson, Eric Nalder, and Alexander Tizon; and
WHEREAS, The aerospace story was investigated and written by Byron Acohido; and
WHEREAS, Efforts to diversify newsroom staff should be recognized and encouraged; and
WHEREAS, Deborah Nelson, Eric Nalder, Alexander Tizon, and Byron Acohido are all residents of Washington state and Alexander Tizon and Eric Nalder were born in Washington state;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives recognize the achievements of The Seattle Times reporters Alexander Tizon, Byron Acohido, Deborah Nelson, and Eric Nalder, as well as the historical contributions by Joseph Pulitzer, a Hungarian-born American journalist; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to The Seattle Times, Alexander Tizon, Byron Acohido, Deborah Nelson, Eric Nalder, and the School of Journalism at Columbia University.

House Resolution No. 4670 was adopted.

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4666, by Representatives Kessler and Buck
WHEREAS, The Crescent High School Loggers raced to a convincing victory last December in capturing the Washington State B-8 Football Championship; and
WHEREAS, In guiding this impressive Tacoma Dome triumph, Crescent Head Coach Gary Kautz capped his twenty-nine-year coaching career at the helm of Logger football; and
WHEREAS, Assistant football Coaches Mike Hazellet and Clark Sage tirelessly worked with Coach Kautz in steering the Crescent troops to one of the most celebrated seasons in the annals of Logger time; and
WHEREAS, A large contingent of highly supportive Crescent boosters traveled from the northern Olympic Peninsula city of Joyce and the surrounding Crescent School District area to behold the state-wide prominence claimed by their gridiron mainstays; and
WHEREAS, The citizens of Joyce, no less than other northern Olympic Peninsula timber families, are battling problems not of their own making as federal court decisions hound the forest products industry; and
WHEREAS, Led by a formidable contingent of fourteen seniors, the twenty-six member Crescent football squad has earned the respect of these real-life loggers, and fired the imagination of all working families; and
WHEREAS, The high-powered Logger offense was never held to less than forty-five points in its undefeated 1996 football season, and the Loggers piled up seventy-two points in a semifinal contest the week before the championship showdown; and
WHEREAS, A Crescent defense every bit as dominating as the Crescent offense shut out their final opponent, an accomplishment rarely witnessed in the storied history of the state football playoffs;
NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the House of Representatives hail and herald the Crescent Loggers for their undefeated, state championship football season; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution be immediately transmitted by the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives to the football coaching staff and administration at Crescent High School.

House Resolution No. 4666 was adopted.
There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Friday, April 25, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

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ONE HUNDRED-SECOND DAY, APRIL 24, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
ONE HUNDRED-THIRD DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Friday, April 25, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:00 a.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Victor Langford and Georg Wiese. Prayer was offered by Colonel Victor Langford, State Chaplain, Washington Army National Guard and pastor of St. Mark’s Church.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker: Colonel Langford has been nominated for promotion to the rank of Brigadier General. He is the only nominee for this promotion which culminates by the approval of Congress. Upon confirmation he will be the highest ranking National Guard Chaplain in the United States.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE  
April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President of the Senate has appointed Senator Patterson to replace Senator Haugen as conferee on SENATE BILL NO. 5650, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary  
April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2050, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary  
April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1565. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Benton, Jacobsen and Rossi and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5127. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Deccio, Wojahn and Winsley

and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate receded from its amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1729 and passed the bill without the Senate amendment(s),

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8416,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate rejected the report of the Conference Committee on ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1850, refused to adopt said report, and returned the bill to the Conference Committee,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President of the Senate ruled the House amendment(s) to ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5354 beyond the scope and object of the bill. The Senate refuses to concur in said amendment(s) and asks the House to recede therewith.

and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House receded from its positions, and advanced Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5354 to final passage.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5354 without the House amendments.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
MOTIONS

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Gardner, Mason, Costa, Murray, Quall, Cole and Poulsen were excused. On motion by Representatives Cairnes, Representatives Reams, Carroll, Dyer, L. Thomas, McMorris, Thompson and Skinner were excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5354 without the House amendments, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 87, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 11.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5354, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1478,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1057,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1433,

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1935,

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5149,

SENATE BILL NO. 5229,

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5462,

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5511,

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING

HB 2288 by Representatives Dyer, Zellinsky, Radcliff, Backlund, Crouse, Cooke, Cairnes, Sehlin, B. Thomas, Sherstad, Robertson, Hickel, Pennington, Carlson, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Cody, Fisher, Dickerson, O’Brien and H. Sommers

Providing equity in business and occupation taxation of hospitals.
HB 2289 by Representative Dyer

Removing the prohibition of engaging in the practice of chiropractic and spinal manipulation by licensed physical therapists.

HCR 4413 by Representative Robertson

Exempting the cutoff date requirements for House Bill No. 2192.

There being no objection, the bills and resolution listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the Rules Committee.

MOTION

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and House Concurrent Resolution No. 4413 was advanced to second reading, and read the second time in full.

SECOND READING

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4413, by Representative Robertson

Exempting the cutoff date requirements for House Bill No. 2192.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third,, and the resolution was placed on final passage.

Representatives Robertson and B. Thomas spoke in favor of adoption.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 64-YEAS; 29-NAYS.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4413 was adopted.

There being no objection, House Concurrent Resolution No. 4413 was immediately transmitted to the Senate.

There being no objection, the Committee on Capital Budget was relieved of further consideration of House Bill No. 2192, and the bill was placed on second reading.

HOUSE BILL NO. 2192, by Representatives Van Luven and Wolfe (originally requested by Governor Locke)

Financing a stadium and exhibition center and technology grants.

The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2192 was substituted for House Bill No. 2192 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2192 was read the second time.

MOTION

Representative Sheldon moved that Substitute House Bill No. 2192 be laid on the table. The motion was not adopted.
There being no objection, the House deferred consideration of Substitute House Bill No. 2192 and the bill held it's place on the second reading calendar.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SB 5034 Date: April 22, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SENATE BILL NO. 5034, changing the definition of "bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization" for gambling statutes, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached S-3286.1/97) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 9.46.0209 and 1987 c 4 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
"Bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization," as used in this chapter, means: (1) Any organization duly existing under the provisions of chapters 24.12, 24.20, or 24.28 RCW, any agricultural fair authorized under the provisions of chapters 15.76 or 36.37 RCW, or any nonprofit corporation duly existing under the provisions of chapter 24.03 RCW for charitable, benevolent, eleemosynary, educational, civic, patriotic, political, social, fraternal, athletic or agricultural purposes only, or any nonprofit organization, whether incorporated or otherwise, when found by the commission to be organized and operating for one or more of the aforesaid purposes only, all of which in the opinion of the commission have been organized and are operated primarily for purposes other than the operation of gambling activities authorized under this chapter; or (2) any corporation which has been incorporated under Title 36 U.S.C. and whose principal purposes are to furnish volunteer aid to members of the armed forces of the United States and also to carry on a system of national and international relief and to apply the same in mitigating the sufferings caused by pestilence, famine, fire, floods, and other national calamities and to devise and carry on measures for preventing the same. Such an organization must have been organized and continuously operating for at least twelve calendar months immediately preceding making application for any license to operate a gambling activity, or the operation of any gambling activity authorized by this chapter for which no license is required. It must have not less than (fifteen) seven bona fide active members each with the right to an equal vote in the election of the officers, or board members, if any, who determine the policies of the organization in order to receive a gambling license. An organization must demonstrate to the commission that it has made significant progress toward the accomplishment of the purposes of the organization during the twelve consecutive month period preceding the date of application for a license or license renewal. The fact that contributions to an organization do not qualify for charitable contribution deduction purposes or that the organization is not otherwise exempt from payment of federal income taxes pursuant to the internal revenue code of 1954, as amended, shall constitute prima facie evidence that the organization is not a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization for the purposes of this section.

Any person, association or organization which pays its employees, including members, compensation other than is reasonable therefor under the local prevailing wage scale shall be deemed paying compensation based in part or whole upon receipts relating to gambling activities authorized under this chapter and shall not be a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization for the purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 2. RCW 9.46.0205 and 1987 c 4 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) "Bingo," as used in this chapter, means a game (conducted only in the county within which the organization is principally located) in which prizes are awarded on the basis of designated numbers or symbols on a card conforming to numbers or symbols selected at random and in which no cards are
sold except at the time and place of ((said)) the game, ((when said)) except as authorized by the commission for joint bingo games.

(2) The game ((is)) shall be conducted only by:
   (a) A bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization which does not conduct or allow its premises to be used for conducting bingo on more than three occasions per week and which does not conduct bingo in any location which is used for conducting bingo on more than three occasions per week(()); or ((is))
   (b) An agricultural fair authorized under chapters 15.76 and 36.37 RCW, which does not conduct bingo on more than twelve consecutive days in any calendar year((and)).

(3) Except in the case of any agricultural fair as authorized under chapters 15.76 and 36.37 RCW, no person other than a bona fide member or an employee of ((said)) the organization ((takes)) may take any part in the management or operation of ((said)) the game unless approved by the commission, and no person who takes any part in the management or operation of ((said)) the game ((takes)) may take any part in the management or operation of any game conducted by any other organization or any other branch of the same organization((r)) unless approved by the commission((r and)).

(4) No part of the proceeds ((thereof)) from a bingo game may inure to the benefit of any person other than the organization conducting ((said)) the game.

(5) A bingo game must be conducted only in the county where the sponsoring organization is principally located, except as authorized by the commission for joint bingo games. For the purposes of this section, the organization shall be deemed to be principally located in the county within which it has its primary business office. If the organization has no business office, the organization shall be deemed to be located in the county of principal residence of its chief executive officer((PROVIDED, That)). Any organization which is conducting any licensed and established bingo game in any locale as of January 1, 1981, shall be exempt from the requirement that such game be conducted in the county in which the organization is principally located.

(6) The commission may authorize joint bingo games conducted by two or more bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations if the prizes are pooled and the games are conducted during each organization's normal period of operation. The commission may adopt rules for the operation, management, and location of the games.

Sec. 3. RCW 9.46.120 and 1987 c 4 s 40 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except in the case of an agricultural fair as authorized under chapters 15.76 and 36.37 RCW, no person other than a member of a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization (and their employees) or any other person, association or organization (and their employees) approved by the commission, shall take any part in the management or operation of any gambling activity authorized under this chapter((and)) unless approved by the commission. No person who takes any part in the management or operation of any such gambling activity shall take any part in the management or operation of any gambling activity conducted by any other organization or any other branch of the same organization((r)) unless approved by the commission((r and)). No part of the proceeds ((thereof)) of the activity shall inure to the benefit of any person other than the organization conducting such gambling activities or if such gambling activities be for the charitable benefit of any specific persons designated in the application for a license, then only for such specific persons as so designated.

(2) No bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization or any other person, association or organization shall conduct any gambling activity authorized under this chapter in any leased premises if rental for such premises is unreasonable or to be paid, wholly or partly, on the basis of a percentage of the receipts or profits derived from such gambling activity.

Sec. 4. RCW 9.46.110 and 1994 c 301 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The legislative authority of any county, city-county, city, or town, by local law and ordinance, and in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and rules ((and regulations promulgated hereunder)) adopted under this chapter, may provide for the taxing of any gambling activity authorized by this chapter within its jurisdiction, the tax receipts to go to the county, city-county, city, or town so taxing the ((same, PROVIDED, That)) activity. Any such tax imposed by a county alone shall not apply to any gambling activity within a city or town located ((therein)) in the county but the tax rate established by a county, if any, shall constitute the tax rate throughout the
unincorporated areas of such county (\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} That \(1\) punch boards and pull-tabs, chances on which shall \)
\(2\) The operation of punch boards and pull-tabs are subject to the following conditions:
\(a\) Chances may only be sold to adults (\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} which shall have a fifty cent limit on a single chance thereon, shall be taxed on a basis which shall reflect only the gross receipts from such punch boards and pull-tabs; and \(2\)):
\(b\) The price of a single chance may not exceed one dollar;
\(c\) No punch board or pull-tab license may award as a prize upon a winning number or symbol being drawn the opportunity of taking a chance upon any other punch board or pull-tab; \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{AND}} \text{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{That}})\));
\(d\) All prizes (\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} for punch boards and pull-tabs) available to be won must be described on an information flare. All merchandise prizes must be on display within the immediate area of the premises \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{wherein}})\) in which any such punch board or pull-tab is located \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{and}})\). Upon a winning number or symbol being drawn, \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{such}})\) a merchandise prize must be immediately removed \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{therefrom}})\) from the display and awarded to the winner. All references to cash or merchandise prizes, with a value over twenty dollars, must be removed immediately from the information flare when won, or such omission shall be deemed a fraud for the purposes of this chapter; and \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{and}})\))
\(e\) When any person \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{shall win over twenty dollars in}})\) wins money or merchandise from any punch board or pull-tab over an amount determined by the commission, every licensee \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{thereunder}})\) shall keep a public record \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{thereof}})\) of the award for at least ninety days \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{thereafter}})\) containing such information as the commission shall deem necessary \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{and}})\).
\(3\) (a) Taxation of bingo and raffles shall never be in an amount greater than ten percent of the gross \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{revenue received therefrom}})\) receipts from a bingo game or raffle less the amount \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{paid for or}})\) awarded as cash or merchandise prizes.
\(b\) Taxation of amusement games shall only be in an amount sufficient to pay the actual costs of enforcement of the provisions of this chapter by the county, city or town law enforcement agency and in no event shall such taxation exceed two percent of the gross \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{revenue from the amusement game less the amount (paid for or) awarded as prizes}})\) for bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization as defined in this chapter, which organization has no paid operating or management personnel and has gross \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{income}})\) receipts from bingo or amusement games, or a combination thereof, not exceeding five thousand dollars per year, less the amount \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{paid for or}})\) awarded as cash or merchandise prizes.
\(d\) No tax shall be imposed on the first ten thousand dollars of \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{net proceeds}})\) gross receipts less the amount awarded as cash or merchandise prizes from raffles conducted by any bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization as defined in this chapter.
\(e\) Taxation of punch boards and pull-tabs for bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations is based on gross receipts from the operation of the games less the amount awarded as cash or merchandise prizes, and shall not exceed \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{five}})\) a rate of ten percent \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{of gross receipts, nor shall}})\). At the option of the county, city-county, city, or town, the taxation of punch boards and pull-tabs for commercial stimulant operators may be based on gross receipts from the operation of the games, and may not exceed a rate of five percent, or may be based on gross receipts from the operation of the games less the amount awarded as cash or merchandise prizes, and may not exceed a rate of ten percent.
\(f\) Taxation of social card games \textit{\textbf{may not exceed twenty percent of the gross revenue from such games.}}
\(4\) Taxes imposed under this chapter become a lien upon personal and real property used in the gambling activity in the same manner as provided for under RCW 84.60.010. The lien shall attach on the date the tax becomes due and shall relate Backlund and have priority against real and personal property to the same extent as ad valorem taxes.

Sec. 5. RCW 9.46.0233 and 1987 c 4 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) "Fund raising event," as used in this chapter, means a fund raising event conducted during any seventy-two consecutive hours \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{but exceeding twenty-four consecutive hours and}})\) not more than \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{twice}})\) in any calendar year when no gambling activities are conducted between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m.; or a fund raising event conducted not more than \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{four times}})\) each calendar year for not more than \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{twenty}})\) twenty consecutive hours \((\textit{\textbf{PROVIDED FURTHER.}} \text{\textit{each time}})\) when no
gambling activities are conducted between the hours of 2:00 a.m. and 6:00 a.m.; or a combination of one seventy-two consecutive hour event and not more than two twenty consecutive hour events by a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization as defined in RCW 9.46.0209 other than any agricultural fair referred to thereunder, upon authorization therefor by the commission, which the legislature hereby authorizes to issue a license therefor, with or without fee, permitting the following activities, or any of them, during such event: Bingo, amusement games, contests of chance, lotteries and raffles.

PROVIDED, That (a) gross wagers and bets received by the organization less the amount of money paid by the organization as winnings and for the purchase cost of prizes given as winnings do not exceed ((ten)) fifteen thousand dollars during a single event or thirty thousand dollars during the total calendar days of such fund raising event in the calendar year; (b) such activities shall not include any mechanical gambling or lottery device activated by the insertion of a coin or by the insertion of any object purchased by any person taking a chance by gambling in respect to the device; (c) only bona fide members of the organization or their spouses who are not paid for such service shall participate in the management or operation of the activities. However, an organization may use up to five individuals who are not members or spouses of members to operate gambling activities when the individuals are approved by the commission. The individuals may be paid an amount determined by the commission but shall not be involved in the management of the event, perform duties of a cashier, banker, or otherwise have access to or share in the net proceeds of the event, or perform any of the accounting functions or otherwise have access to the accounting records. Further, anyone licensed by the commission to rent equipment to conduct the activities may be paid an amount determined by the commission to provide training and advisory services in conjunction with the events; (d) all income therefrom, after deducting the cost of prizes and other expenses, shall be devoted solely to the lawful purposes of the organization; and (e) such organization shall notify the appropriate local law enforcement agency of the time and place where such activities shall be conducted. The commission shall require an annual information report setting forth in detail the expenses incurred and the revenue received relative to the activities permitted.

(2) Bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations holding a license to conduct a fund raising event may join together to jointly conduct a fund raising event if:

(a) Approval to do so is received from the commission;

(b) The method of dividing the income and expenditures and the method of recording and handling of funds are disclosed to the commission in the application for approval of the joint fund raising event and are approved by the commission;

(c) The gross wagers and bets received by the organizations less the amount of money paid by the organizations as winnings and for the purchase costs of prizes given as winnings do not exceed ((ten)) fifteen thousand dollars during the total calendar days of such event. The net receipts each organization receives shall count against the organization's annual limit stated in this subsection; and

(d) A joint fund raising event shall count against only the lead organization or organizations receiving fifty percent or more of the net receipts for the purposes of the number of such events an organization may conduct each year; and

(e) The commission may issue a joint license for a joint fund raising event and charge a license fee for such license according to a schedule of fees adopted by the commission which reflects the added cost to the commission of licensing more than one licensee for the event.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "gambling:" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 9.46.0209, 9.46.0205, 9.46.120, 9.46.110, and 9.46.0233."

There being no objection, the Conference Committee recommendation on Senate Bill No. 5034 was adopted.

FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL WITHOUT HOUSE AMENDMENTS

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5034 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives McMorris and Conway spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5034, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 90, Nays - 7, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Voting nay: Representatives Backlund, Bush, Cole, Mielke, Parlette, Smith and Mr. Speaker - 7.

Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5034, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

ESSB 5082 Date: April 23, 1997
Includes "new item": YES

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5082, relating to mental health and chemical dependency treatment for minors, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached H3324.1) be adopted, and that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds it is often necessary for parents to obtain mental health or chemical dependency treatment for their minor children prior to the time the child’s condition presents a likelihood of serious harm or the child becomes gravely disabled. The legislature finds that treatment of such conditions is not the equivalent of incarceration or detention, but is a legitimate act of parental discretion, when supported by decisions of credentialed professionals. The legislature finds that, consistent with Barham v. J.R., 442 U.S. 584 (1979), state action is not involved in the determination of a parent and professional person to admit a minor child to treatment and finds this act provides sufficient independent review by the department of social and health services, as a neutral fact-finder, to protect the interests of all parties. The legislature finds it is necessary to provide parents a statutory process, other than the petition process provided in chapters 70.96A and 71.34 RCW, to obtain treatment for their minor children without the consent of the children.

The legislature finds that differing standards of admission and review in parent-initiated mental health and chemical dependency treatment for their minor children are necessary and the admission standards and procedures under state involuntary treatment procedures are not adequate to provide safeguards for the safety and well-being of all children. The legislature finds the timeline for admission and reviews under existing law do not provide sufficient opportunities for assessment of the mental health and chemically dependent status of every minor child and that additional time and different standards will facilitate the likelihood of successful treatment of children who are in need of assistance but unwilling to obtain it voluntarily. The legislature finds there are children whose behavior presents a
clear need of medical treatment but is not so extreme as to require immediate state intervention under the state involuntary treatment procedures.

MENTAL HEALTH

Sec. 2. RCW 71.34.010 and 1992 c 205 s 302 are each amended to read as follows:

It is the purpose of this chapter to ((ensure)) assure that minors in need of mental health care and treatment receive an appropriate continuum of culturally relevant care and treatment, ((from)) including prevention and early intervention ((to)), self-directed care, parent-directed care, and involuntary treatment. To facilitate the continuum of care and treatment to minors in out-of-home placements, all divisions of the department that provide mental health services to minors shall jointly plan and deliver those services.

It is also the purpose of this chapter to protect the rights of minors against needless hospitalization and deprivations of liberty and to enable treatment decisions to be made in response to clinical needs in accordance with sound professional judgment. The mental health care and treatment providers shall encourage the use of voluntary services and, whenever clinically appropriate, the providers shall offer less restrictive alternatives to inpatient treatment. Additionally, all mental health care and treatment providers shall ((ensure)) assure that minors' parents are given an opportunity to participate in the treatment decisions for their minor children. The mental health care and treatment providers shall, to the extent possible, offer services that involve minors' parents or family.

It is also the purpose of this chapter to assure the ability of parents to exercise reasonable, compassionate care and control of their minor children when there is a medical necessity for treatment and without the requirement of filing a petition under this chapter.

Sec. 3. RCW 71.34.020 and 1985 c 354 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Child psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician and surgeon in this state, who has had graduate training in child psychiatry in a program approved by the American Medical Association or the American Osteopathic Association, and who is board eligible or board certified in child psychiatry.

(2) "Children's mental health specialist" means:

(a) A mental health professional who has completed a minimum of one hundred actual hours, not quarter or semester hours, of specialized training devoted to the study of child development and the treatment of children; and

(b) A mental health professional who has the equivalent of one year of full-time experience in the treatment of children under the supervision of a children’s mental health specialist.

(3) "Commitment" means a determination by a judge or court commissioner, made after a commitment hearing, that the minor is in need of inpatient diagnosis, evaluation, or treatment or that the minor is in need of less restrictive alternative treatment.

(4) "County-designated mental health professional" means a mental health professional designated by one or more counties to perform the functions of a county-designated mental health professional described in this chapter.

(5) "Department" means the department of social and health services.

(6) "Evaluation and treatment facility" means a public or private facility or unit that is certified by the department to provide emergency, inpatient, residential, or outpatient mental health evaluation and treatment services for minors. A physically separate and separately-operated portion of a state hospital may be designated as an evaluation and treatment facility for minors. A facility which is part of or operated by the department or federal agency does not require certification. No correctional institution or facility, juvenile court detention facility, or jail may be an evaluation and treatment facility within the meaning of this chapter.

(7) "Evaluation and treatment program" means the total system of services and facilities coordinated and approved by a county or combination of counties for the evaluation and treatment of minors under this chapter.

(8) "Gravely disabled minor" means a minor who, as a result of a mental disorder, is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety, or manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by repeated and
escalating loss of cognitive or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving such care as is essential for his or her health or safety.

(9) "Inpatient treatment" means twenty-four-hour-per-day mental health care provided within a general hospital, psychiatric hospital, or residential treatment facility certified by the department as an evaluation and treatment facility for minors.

(10) "Less restrictive alternative" or "less restrictive setting" means outpatient treatment provided to a minor who is not residing in a facility providing inpatient treatment as defined in this chapter.

(11) "Likelihood of serious harm" means either: (a) A substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on oneself; (b) a substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon another, as evidenced by behavior which has caused such harm or which places another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining such harm; or (c) a substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior which has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others.

(12) "Medical necessity" for inpatient care means a requested service which is reasonably calculated to: (a) Diagnose, correct, cure, or alleviate a mental disorder or (b) prevent the worsening of mental conditions that endanger life or cause suffering and pain, or result in illness or infirmity or threaten to cause or aggravate a handicap, or cause physical deformity or malfunction, and there is no adequate less restrictive alternative available.

(13) "Medically appropriate" means that a minor admitted to inpatient treatment, under section 13 of this act, has not sufficiently improved his or her condition to be released to a less restrictive setting.

(14) "Mental disorder" means any organic, mental, or emotional impairment that has substantial adverse effects on an individual's cognitive or volitional functions. The presence of alcohol abuse, drug abuse, juvenile criminal history, antisocial behavior, or mental retardation alone is insufficient to justify a finding of "mental disorder" within the meaning of this section.

(15) "Mental health professional" means a psychiatrist, psychologist, psychiatric nurse, or social worker, and such other mental health professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary under this chapter.

(16) "Minor" means any person under the age of eighteen years.

(17) "Outpatient treatment" means any of the nonresidential services mandated under chapter 71.24 RCW and provided by licensed services providers as identified by RCW 71.24.025(3).

(18) "Parent" means:
(a) A biological or adoptive parent who has legal custody of the child, including either parent if custody is shared under a joint custody agreement; or
(b) A person or agency judicially appointed as legal guardian or custodian of the child.

(19) "Professional person in charge" or "professional person" means a physician or other mental health professional empowered by an evaluation and treatment facility with authority to make admission and discharge decisions on behalf of that facility.

(20) "Psychiatric nurse" means a registered nurse who has a bachelor's degree from an accredited college or university, and who has had, in addition, at least two years' experience in the direct treatment of mentally ill or emotionally disturbed persons, such experience gained under the supervision of a mental health professional. "Psychiatric nurse" shall also mean any other registered nurse who has three years of such experience.

(21) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician in this state who has completed residency training in psychiatry in a program approved by the American Medical Association or the American Osteopathic Association, and is board eligible or board certified in psychiatry.

(22) "Psychologist" means a person licensed as a psychologist under chapter 18.83 RCW.

(23) "Responsible other" means the minor, the minor's parent or estate, or any other person legally responsible for support of the minor.

(24) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department or secretary's designee.

(25) "Start of initial detention" means the time of arrival of the minor at the first evaluation and treatment facility offering inpatient treatment if the minor is being involuntarily detained
at the time. With regard to voluntary patients, "start of initial detention" means the time at which the
minor gives notice of intent to leave under the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 4. RCW 71.34.025 and 1995 c 312 s 56 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The admission of any child under RCW 71.34.030 may be reviewed by the county-desig
(2) The department shall assure that, for any minor admitted to inpatient treatment under s
(3) For purposes of eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 74.09 RCW, children in
(4) If the department determines it is no longer medically appropriate for a minor to receive
(5) If after the third department review under subsection (2) of this section, the department
determines that continued inpatient treatment of the child is no longer medically appropriate, the professional shall notify the facility, the child, the child's parents, and the department of the finding within twenty-four hours of the determination.

(2) The department shall, at thirty-day intervals following the review conducted under subsection (1) of this section, conduct three reviews of the treatment status of each minor admitted to inpatient treatment, under section 13 of this act, to determine whether it is medically appropriate to continue the minor's treatment under inpatient status. The reviews shall be conducted by a physician or other mental health professional who is employed by the department, or an agency under contract with the department, and who neither has a financial interest in continued inpatient treatment of the minor nor is affiliated with the facility providing the treatment.

(3) In making a determination under subsection (1) or (2) of this section, the department shall consider the opinion of the treatment provider, the safety of the minor, and the likelihood the minor's mental health will deteriorate if released from inpatient treatment. The department shall consult with the parent in advance of making its determination.

(4) If the department determines it is no longer medically appropriate for a minor to receive inpatient treatment, the department shall immediately notify the parents and the facility. The facility shall release the minor to the parents within twenty-four hours of receiving notice. If the professional personnel in charge and the parent believe that it is medically appropriate for the minor to remain in inpatient treatment, the minor shall be released to the parent on the second judicial day following the department's determination in order to allow the parent time to file an at-risk youth petition under chapter 13.32A RCW. If the department determines it is medically appropriate for the minor to receive outpatient treatment and the minor declines to obtain such treatment, such refusal shall be grounds for the parent to file an at-risk youth petition.

(5) If after the third department review under subsection (2) of this section, the department determines that it is medically appropriate to continue the minor's inpatient treatment, the department, or the department's designee, shall file a petition under RCW 71.34.070 within seven days of the department's determination. For the purposes of this section, it is not necessary to file a petition for initial detention.
(6) If the evaluation conducted under section 13 of this act is done by the department, the reviews required by subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall be done by contract with an independent agency.

(7) The department may, subject to available funds, contract with other governmental agencies to conduct the reviews under this section. The department may seek reimbursement from the parents, their insurance, or Medicaid for the expense of any review conducted by an agency under contract.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:

For purposes of eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 74.09 RCW, minors in inpatient mental health treatment shall be considered to be part of their parent’s or legal guardian’s household, unless the minor has been assessed by the department or its designee as likely to require such treatment for at least ninety consecutive days, or is in out-of-home care in accordance with chapter 13.34 RCW, or the parents are found to not be exercising responsibility for care and control of the minor. Payment for such care by the department shall be made only in accordance with rules, guidelines, and clinical criteria applicable to inpatient treatment of minors established by the department.

VOLUNTARY MENTAL HEALTH OUTPATIENT TREATMENT

Sec. 6. RCW 71.34.030 and 1995 c 312 s 52 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any minor thirteen years or older may request and receive outpatient treatment without the consent of the minor’s parent. Parental authorization is required for outpatient treatment of a minor under the age of thirteen.

(2) When in the judgment of the professional person in charge of an evaluation and treatment facility there is reason to believe that a minor is in need of inpatient treatment because of a mental disorder, and the facility provides the type of evaluation and treatment needed by the minor, and it is not feasible to treat the minor in any less restrictive setting or the minor’s home, the minor may be admitted to an evaluation and treatment facility in accordance with the following requirements:

(a) A minor may be voluntarily admitted by application of the parent. The consent of the minor is not required for the minor to be evaluated and admitted as appropriate.

(b) A minor thirteen years or older may, with the concurrence of the professional person in charge of an evaluation and treatment facility, admit himself or herself without parental consent to the evaluation and treatment facility, provided that notice is given by the facility to the minor’s parent in accordance with the following requirements:

(i) Notice of the minor’s admission shall be in the form most likely to reach the parent within twenty-four hours of the minor’s voluntary admission and shall advise the parent that the minor has been admitted to inpatient treatment; the location and telephone number of the facility providing such treatment; and the name of a professional person on the staff of the facility providing treatment who is designated to discuss the minor’s need for inpatient treatment with the parent.

(ii) The minor shall be released to the parent at the parent’s request for release unless the facility files a petition with the superior court of the county in which treatment is being provided setting forth the basis for the facility’s belief that the minor is in need of inpatient treatment and that release would constitute a threat to the minor’s health or safety.

(iii) The petition shall be signed by the professional person in charge of the facility or that person’s designee.

(iv) The parent may apply to the court for separate counsel to represent the parent if the parent cannot afford counsel.

(v) There shall be a hearing on the petition, which shall be held within three judicial days from the filing of the petition.

(vi) The hearing shall be conducted by a judge, court commissioner, or licensed attorney designated by the superior court as a hearing officer for such hearing. The hearing may be held at the treatment facility.

(vii) At such hearing, the facility must demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence presented at the hearing that the minor is in need of inpatient treatment and that release would constitute a threat to the minor’s health or safety. The hearing shall not be conducted using the rules of evidence, and the admission or exclusion of evidence sought to be presented shall be within the exercise of sound discretion by the judicial officer conducting the hearing.
(c) Written renewal of voluntary consent must be obtained from the applicant no less than once every twelve months.

(d) The minor’s need for continued inpatient treatments shall be reviewed and documented no less than every one hundred eighty days.

(3) A notice of intent to leave shall result in the following:
(a) Any minor under the age of thirteen must be discharged immediately upon written request of the parent.
(b) Any minor thirteen years or older voluntarily admitted may give notice of intent to leave at any time. The notice need not follow any specific form so long as it is written and the intent of the minor can be discerned.
(c) The staff member receiving the notice shall date it immediately, record its existence in the minor’s clinical record, and send copies of it to the minor’s attorney, if any, the county designated mental health professional, and the parent.
(d) The professional person in charge of the evaluation and treatment facility shall discharge the minor, thirteen years or older, from the facility within twenty-four hours after receipt of the minor’s notice of intent to leave, unless the county designated mental health professional or a parent or legal guardian files a petition or an application for initial detention within the time prescribed by this chapter.

(4) The ability of a parent to apply to a certified evaluation and treatment program for the involuntary admission of his or her minor child does not create a right to obtain or benefit from any funds or resources of the state. However, the state may provide services for indigent minors to the extent that funds are available therefor.)

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. For the purpose of gathering information related to parental notification of outpatient mental health treatment of minors, the department of health shall conduct a survey of providers of outpatient treatment, as defined in chapter 71.34 RCW. The survey shall gather information from a statistically valid sample of providers. In accordance with confidentiality statutes and the physician-patient privilege, the survey shall secure information from the providers related to:
(1) The number of minors receiving outpatient treatment;
(2) The number of parents of minors in treatment notified of the minor’s treatment;
(3) The average number of outpatient visits prior to parental notification;
(4) The average number of treatments with parental notification;
(5) The average number of treatments without parental notification;
(6) The percentage of minors in treatment who are prescribed medication;
(7) The medication prescribed;
(8) The number of patients terminating treatment due to parental notification; and
(9) Any other pertinent information.

The department shall submit the survey results to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 1, 1997.

This section expires June 1, 1998.

VOLUNTARY MENTAL HEALTH INPATIENT TREATMENT

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
(1) A minor thirteen years or older may admit himself or herself to an evaluation and treatment facility for inpatient mental treatment, without parental consent. The admission shall occur only if the professional person in charge of the facility concurs with the need for inpatient treatment.

(2) When, in the judgment of the professional person in charge of an evaluation and treatment facility, there is reason to believe that a minor is in need of inpatient treatment because of a mental disorder, and the facility provides the type of evaluation and treatment needed by the minor, and it is not feasible to treat the minor in any less restrictive setting or the minor’s home, the minor may be admitted to an evaluation and treatment facility.

(3) Written renewal of voluntary consent must be obtained from the applicant no less than once every twelve months. The minor’s need for continued inpatient treatments shall be reviewed and documented no less than every one hundred eighty days.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
The administrator of the treatment facility shall provide notice to the parents of a minor when the minor is voluntarily admitted to inpatient treatment under section 8 of this act. The notice shall be in the form most likely to reach the parent within twenty-four hours of the minor’s voluntary admission and shall advise the parent: (1) That the minor has been admitted to inpatient treatment; (2) of the location and telephone number of the facility providing such treatment; (3) of the name of a professional person on the staff of the facility providing treatment who is designated to discuss the minor’s need for inpatient treatment with the parent; and (4) of the medical necessity for admission.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Any minor thirteen years or older who has voluntarily admitted himself or herself to inpatient treatment shall be released to the parent upon the parent’s written request for release unless the professional person in charge of the facility exercises his or her option to file a petition for commitment of a minor.
(2)(a) The petition shall be filed with the superior court of the county in which treatment is being provided setting forth the basis for the facility’s belief that the minor is in need of inpatient treatment and that release would constitute a threat to the minor’s health or safety.
(b) The petition shall be signed by the minor and the professional person in charge of the facility or that person’s designee.
(c) The parent may apply to the court for separate counsel to represent the parent if the parent cannot afford counsel.
(d) There shall be a hearing on the petition, which shall be held within seventy-two hours from the filing of the petition.
(3) The commitment hearing shall be conducted at the superior court or an appropriate place at the treatment facility.
(4) The professional person must demonstrate, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the minor is in need of inpatient treatment and that the release would constitute a threat to the minor’s health or safety. The rules of evidence shall not apply at the hearing.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
(1) Any minor thirteen years or older voluntarily admitted to an evaluation and treatment facility under section 8 of this act may give notice of intent to leave at any time. The notice need not follow any specific form so long as it is written and the intent of the minor can be discerned.
(2) The staff member receiving the notice shall date it immediately, record its existence in the minor’s clinical record, and send copies of it to the minor’s attorney, if any, the county-designated mental health professional, and the parent.
(3) The professional person shall discharge the minor, thirteen years or older, from the facility within twenty-four hours after receipt of the minor’s notice of intent to leave, unless the county-designated mental health professional commences an initial detention proceeding under the provisions of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
Any minor admitted to inpatient treatment under section 8 or 13 of this act shall be discharged immediately from inpatient treatment upon written request of the parent.

PARENT-INITIATED MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
(1) A parent may bring, or authorize the bringing of, his or her minor child to an evaluation and treatment facility and request that the professional person examine the minor to determine whether the minor has a mental disorder and is in need of inpatient treatment.
(2) The consent of the minor is not required for admission, evaluation, and treatment if the parent brings the minor to the facility.
(3) An appropriately trained professional person may evaluate whether the minor has a mental disorder. The evaluation shall be completed within twenty-four hours of the time the minor was brought to the facility, unless the professional person determines that the condition of the minor necessitates additional time for evaluation. In no event shall a minor be held longer than seventy-two hours for evaluation without being admitted or released. If, in the judgment of the professional person,
it is determined it is a medical necessity for the minor to receive inpatient treatment, the minor may be admitted. Prior to admission, the facility shall limit treatment to that which the professional person determines is medically necessary to stabilize the minor's condition. Within twenty-four hours of the admission, the professional person shall notify the department of the admission.

(4) No provider is obligated to provide treatment to a minor under the provisions of this section. No provider may admit a minor to treatment under this section unless it is medically necessary.

(5) No minor receiving inpatient treatment under this section may be discharged from the facility based solely on his or her request.

(6) For the purposes of this section "professional person" does not include a social worker, unless the social worker is certified under RCW 18.19.110 and appropriately trained and qualified by education and experience, as defined by the department, in psychiatric social work.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
(1) A parent may bring, or authorize the bringing of, his or her minor child to a provider of outpatient mental health treatment and request that an appropriately trained professional person examine the minor to determine whether the minor has a mental disorder and is in need of outpatient treatment.

(2) The consent of the minor is not required for evaluation if the parent brings the minor to the provider.

(3) The professional person may evaluate whether the minor has a mental disorder and is in need of outpatient treatment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 71.34 RCW to read as follows:
The ability of a parent to apply to a certified evaluation and treatment program for the admission of his or her minor does not create a right to obtain or benefit from any funds or resources of the state. The state may provide services for indigent minors to the extent that funds are available.

CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY

Sec. 16. RCW 70.96A.020 and 1996 c 178 s 23 and 1996 c 133 s 33 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
For the purposes of this chapter the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
(1) "Alcoholic" means a person who suffers from the disease of alcoholism.
(2) "Alcoholism" means a disease, characterized by a dependency on alcoholic beverages, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance, physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.
(3) "Approved treatment program" means a discrete program of chemical dependency treatment provided by a treatment program certified by the department of social and health services as meeting standards adopted under this chapter.
(4) "Chemical dependency" means alcoholism or drug addiction, or dependence on alcohol and one or more other psychoactive chemicals, as the context requires.
(5) "Chemical dependency program" means expenditures and activities of the department designed and conducted to prevent or treat alcoholism and other drug addiction, including reasonable administration and overhead.
(6) "Department" means the department of social and health services.
(7) "Designated chemical dependency specialist" means a person designated by the county alcoholism and other drug addiction program coordinator designated under RCW 70.96A.310 to perform the commitment duties described in RCW 70.96A.140 and qualified to do so by meeting standards adopted by the department.
(8) "Director" means the person administering the chemical dependency program within the department.
(9) "Drug addict" means a person who suffers from the disease of drug addiction.
(10) "Drug addiction" means a disease characterized by a dependency on psychoactive chemicals, loss of control over the amount and circumstances of use, symptoms of tolerance,
physiological or psychological withdrawal, or both, if use is reduced or discontinued, and impairment of health or disruption of social or economic functioning.

(11) "Emergency service patrol" means a patrol established under RCW 70.96A.170.

(12) "gravely disabled by alcohol or other drugs" means that a person, as a result of the use of alcohol or other drugs: (a) is in danger of serious physical harm resulting from a failure to provide for his or her essential human needs of health or safety; or (b) manifests severe deterioration in routine functioning evidenced by a repeated and escalating loss of cognition or volitional control over his or her actions and is not receiving care as essential for his or her health or safety.

(13) "incapacitated by alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals" means that a person, as a result of the use of alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals, has his or her judgment so impaired that he or she is incapable of realizing and making a rational decision with respect to his or her need for treatment and presents a likelihood of serious harm to himself or herself, to any other person, or to property.

(14) "incompetent person" means a person who has been adjudged incompetent by the superior court.

(15) "intoxicated person" means a person whose mental or physical functioning is substantially impaired as a result of the use of alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals.

(16) "Licensed physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine and surgery in the state of Washington.

(17) "Likelihood of serious harm" means either: (a) A substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon his or her own person, as evidenced by threats or attempts to commit suicide or inflict physical harm on one's self; (b) a substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon another, as evidenced by behavior that has caused the harm or that places another person or persons in reasonable fear of sustaining the harm; or (c) a substantial risk that physical harm will be inflicted by an individual upon the property of others, as evidenced by behavior that has caused substantial loss or damage to the property of others.

(18) "Medical necessity" for inpatient care of a minor means a requested certified inpatient service that is reasonably calculated to: (a) Diagnose, arrest, or alleviate a chemical dependency; or (b) prevent the worsening of chemical dependency conditions that endanger life or cause suffering and pain, or result in illness or infirmity or threaten to cause or aggravate a handicap, or cause physical deformity or malfunction, and there is no adequate less restrictive alternative available.

(19) "Medically appropriate" means a minor admitted by his or her parents to inpatient treatment under section 21 of this act has not sufficiently improved his or her condition to be released to a less restrictive setting.

(20) "Minor" means a person less than eighteen years of age.

(21) "Parent" means the parent or parents who have the legal right to custody of the child. Parent includes custodian or guardian.

(22) "Peace officer" means a law enforcement official of a public agency or governmental unit, and includes persons specifically given peace officer powers by any state law, local ordinance, or judicial order of appointment.

(23) "Person" means an individual, including a minor.

(24) "Professional person in charge" or "professional person" means a physician or chemical dependency counselor as defined in rule by the department, who is empowered by a certified treatment program with authority to make assessment, admission, continuing care, and discharge decisions on behalf of the certified program.

(25) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services.

(26) "Treatment" means the broad range of emergency, detoxification, residential, and outpatient services and care, including diagnostic evaluation, chemical dependency education and counseling, medical, psychiatric, psychological, and social service care, vocational rehabilitation and career counseling, which may be extended to alcoholics and other drug addicts and their families, persons incapacitated by alcohol or other psychoactive chemicals, and intoxicated persons.

VOLUNTARY CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY OUTPATIENT TREATMENT

Sec. 17. RCW 70.96A.095 and 1996 c 133 s 34 are each amended to read as follows:
Any person thirteen years of age or older may give consent for himself or herself to the furnishing of outpatient treatment by a chemical dependency treatment program certified by the department. Parental authorization is required for any treatment of a minor under the age of thirteen. Parental consent is required for inpatient chemical dependency treatment of a minor, unless the child meets the definition of a child in need of services in RCW 13.32A.030(4)(c), as determined by the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:

Any provider of outpatient treatment who provides outpatient treatment to a minor thirteen years of age or older shall provide notice of the minor’s request for treatment to the minor’s parents if:

1. The minor signs a written consent authorizing the disclosure; or
2. The treatment program director determines that the minor lacks capacity to make a rational choice regarding consenting to disclosure.

The notice shall be made within seven days of the request for treatment, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, and shall contain the name, location, and telephone number of the facility providing treatment, and the name of a professional person on the staff of the facility providing treatment who is designated to discuss the minor’s need for treatment with the parent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:

Parental consent is required for inpatient chemical dependency treatment of a minor, unless the child meets the definition of a child in need of services in RCW 13.32A.030(4)(c) as determined by the department: PROVIDED, That parental consent is required for any treatment of a minor under the age of thirteen. This section does not apply to petitions filed under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:

1. The parent of a minor is not liable for payment of inpatient or outpatient chemical dependency treatment unless the parent has joined in the consent to the treatment.

2. The ability of a parent to apply to a certified treatment program for the admission of his or her minor child does not create a right to obtain or benefit from any funds or resources of the state. However, the state may provide services for indigent minors to the extent that funds are available therefor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:

1. A parent may bring, or authorize the bringing of, his or her minor child to a certified treatment program and request that a chemical dependency assessment be conducted by a professional person to determine whether the minor is chemically dependent and in need of inpatient treatment.
(2) The consent of the minor is not required for admission, evaluation, and treatment if the parent brings the minor to the program.

(3) An appropriately trained professional person may evaluate whether the minor is chemically dependent. The evaluation shall be completed within twenty-four hours of the time the minor was brought to the program, unless the professional person determines that the condition of the minor necessitates additional time for evaluation. In no event shall a minor be held longer than seventy-two hours for evaluation without being admitted or released. If, in the judgment of the professional person, it is determined it is a medical necessity for the minor to receive inpatient treatment, the minor may be admitted. Prior to admission, the facility shall limit treatment to that which the professional person determines is medically necessary to stabilize the minor’s condition. Within twenty-four hours of the admission the professional person shall notify the department of the admission.

(4) No provider is obligated to provide treatment to a minor under the provisions of this section. No provider may admit a minor to treatment under this section unless it is medically necessary.

(5) No minor receiving inpatient treatment under this section may be discharged from the program solely on his or her request.

(6) Any minor admitted to inpatient treatment under this section shall be discharged immediately from inpatient treatment upon written request of the parent.

Sec. 22. RCW 70.96A.097 and 1995 c 312 s 48 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The admission of any child under RCW 70.96A.095 may be reviewed by the county-designated chemical dependency specialist between fifteen and thirty days following admission. The county-designated chemical dependency specialist may undertake the review on his or her own initiative and may seek reimbursement from the parents, their insurance, or medicaid for the expense of the review.

(2) The department shall ensure that, for any minor admitted to inpatient treatment under section 21 of this act, a review is conducted by a physician or chemical dependency counselor, as defined in rule by the department, who is employed by the department or an agency under contract with the department and who neither has a financial interest in continued inpatient treatment of the minor nor is affiliated with the program providing the treatment. The physician or chemical dependency counselor shall conduct the review no sooner than five days and no later than ten days, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, following admission to determine whether it is medically appropriate to continue the child’s treatment on an inpatient basis. The department may, subject to available funds, contract with a county for the conduct of the review and may seek reimbursement from the parents, their insurance, or medicaid for the expense of any review conducted by an agency under contract.

If the county-designed chemical dependency specialist determines that continued inpatient treatment of the child is no longer medically appropriate, the specialist shall notify the facility, the child, the child’s parents, and the department of the finding within twenty-four hours of the determination.

(3) For purposes of eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 74.09 RCW, children in inpatient mental health or chemical dependency treatment shall be considered to be part of their parent’s or legal guardian’s household, unless the child has been assessed by the department of social and health services or its designee as likely to require such treatment for at least ninety consecutive days, or is in out-of-home care in accordance with chapter 13.34 RCW, or the child’s parents are found not to be exercising responsibility for care and control of the child. Payment for such care by the department of social and health services shall be made only in accordance with rules, guidelines, and clinical criteria applicable to inpatient treatment of minors established by the department.

(2) The department shall, at thirty-day intervals following the review conducted under subsection (1) of this section, conduct reviews of the treatment status of each minor admitted to inpatient treatment, under section 21 of this act, to determine whether it is medically appropriate to continue the minor’s treatment under inpatient status. The reviews shall be conducted by a physician or chemical dependency counselor, as defined in rule by the department, who is employed by the department, or an agency under contract with the department, and who neither has a financial interest in continued inpatient treatment of the minor nor is affiliated with the program providing the treatment.

(3) In making a determination under subsection (1) or (2) of this section whether it is medically appropriate to release the minor from inpatient treatment, the department shall consider the opinion of
the treatment provider, the safety of the minor, the likelihood the minor's chemical dependency recovery will deteriorate if released from inpatient treatment, and the wishes of the parent.

(4) If the department determines it is no longer medically appropriate for a minor to receive inpatient treatment, the department shall immediately notify the parents and the professional person in charge. The professional person in charge shall release the minor to the parents within twenty-four hours of receiving notice. If the professional person in charge and the parent believe that it is medically appropriate for the minor to remain in inpatient treatment, the minor shall be released to the parent on the second judicial day following the department's determination in order to allow the parent time to file an at-risk youth petition under chapter 13.32A RCW. If the department determines it is medically appropriate for the minor to receive outpatient treatment and the minor declines to obtain such treatment, such refusal shall be grounds for the parent to file an at-risk youth petition.

(5) The department may, subject to available funds, contract with other governmental agencies for the conduct of the reviews conducted under this section and may seek reimbursement from the parents, their insurance, or medicaid for the expense of any review conducted by an agency under contract.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:
(1) A parent may bring, or authorize the bringing of, his or her minor child to a provider of outpatient chemical dependency treatment and request that an appropriately trained professional person examine the minor to determine whether the minor has a chemical dependency and is in need of outpatient treatment.
(2) The consent of the minor is not required for evaluation if the parent brings the minor to the provider.
(3) The professional person in charge of the program may evaluate whether the minor has a chemical dependency and is in need of outpatient treatment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:
For purposes of eligibility for medical assistance under chapter 74.09 RCW, minors in inpatient chemical dependency treatment shall be considered to be part of their parent's or legal guardian's household, unless the minor has been assessed by the department or its designee as likely to require such treatment for at least ninety consecutive days, or is in out-of-home care in accordance with chapter 13.34 RCW, or the parents are found to not be exercising responsibility for care and control of the minor. Payment for such care by the department shall be made only in accordance with rules, guidelines, and clinical criteria applicable to inpatient treatment of minors established by the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. It is the purpose of sections 21 and 23 of this act to assure the ability of parents to exercise reasonable, compassionate care and control of their minor children when there is a medical necessity for treatment and without the requirement of filing a petition under chapter 70.96A RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. Part headings used in this act do not constitute any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. The department of social and health services shall adopt rules defining "appropriately trained professional person" for the purposes of conducting mental health and chemical dependency evaluations under sections 13(3), 14(1), 21(3), and 23(1) of this act."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "minors;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 71.34.010, 71.34.020, 71.34.025, 71.34.030, 70.96A.095, and 70.96A.097; reenacting and amending RCW 70.96A.020; adding new sections to chapter 71.34 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 70.96A RCW; creating new sections; and providing an expiration date."

There being no objection, the Conference Committee recommendation on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082 was adopted.

FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE
The Speaker (Representative Pennington) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Cooke and Wolfe spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 82, Nays - 15, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SSB 5270 Date: April 24, 1997

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5270, relating to the State Investment Board, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached 5270-S AMC CONF S3316.1) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION, Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 43.33A RCW to read as follows: (1) The board is authorized to create corporations under Title 23B RCW, limited liability companies under chapter 25.15 RCW, and limited partnerships under chapter 25.10 RCW, of which it may or may not be the general partner, for the purposes of transferring, acquiring, holding, overseeing, operating, or disposing of real estate or other investment assets that are not publicly traded on a daily basis or on an organized exchange. The liability of each entity created by the board is limited to the assets or properties of that entity. No creditor or other person has any right of action against the board, its members or employees, or the state of Washington on account of any debts, obligations, or liabilities of the entity. Entities created under this section may be authorized by the board to make any investment that the board may make, including but not limited to the acquisition of: Equity interests in operating companies, the indebtedness of operating companies, and real estate.

(2) Directors, officers, and other principals of entities created under this section must be board members, board staff, or principals or employees of an advisor or manager engaged by contract by the board or the entity to manage real estate or other investment assets of the entity. Directors of entities..."
created under this section must be appointed by the board. Officers and other principals of entities created under this section are appointed by the directors.

(3) A public corporation, limited liability company, or limited partnership created under this section has the same immunity or exemption from taxation as that of the state. The entity shall pay an amount equal to the amounts that would be paid for taxes otherwise levied upon real property and personal property to the public official charged with the collection of such real property and personal property taxes as if the property were in private ownership. The proceeds of such payments must be allocated as though the property were in private ownership.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 43.33A RCW to read as follows:

Rent and other income from real estate or other investment assets that are not publicly traded on a daily basis or on an organized exchange that are acquired and being held for investment by the board or by an entity created under section 1 of this act by the board, and being managed by an external advisor or other property manager under contract, shall not be deemed income or state funds for the purposes of chapter 39.58 RCW and this title, until distributions are made to the board of such income from the advisor or manager. Bank and other accounts established by the advisor or property manager for the purpose of the management of such investment assets shall not be deemed accounts established by the state for the purpose of chapter 39.58 RCW and this title.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "board;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding new sections to chapter 43.33A RCW."

There being no objection, the Conference Committee recommendation on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270 was adopted.

FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL
AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives L. Thomas and Wolfe spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5270, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SB 5484 Date: April 24, 1997

Includes "new item": NO

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SENATE BILL NO. 5484, revising regulation of swimming pools, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that the House Health Care Committee amendment be adopted and the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

On page 2, after line 6, insert the following:

"**Sec. 2.** RCW 70.90.250 and 1987 c 222 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

This chapter applies to all water recreation facilities regardless of whether ownership is public or private and regardless of whether the intended use is commercial or private, except that this chapter shall not apply to:

1. Any water recreation facility for the sole use of residents and invited guests at a single family dwelling;
2. Therapeutic water facilities operated exclusively for physical therapy; (**and**)
3. Steam baths and saunas; and
4. Metropolitan park districts authorized under chapter 35.61 RCW."

Correct the title.

**MOTION**

On motion by Representative Dyer, the Conference Committee was dissolved, the House receded from its amendments and Senate Bill No. 5484 was advanced to final passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE**

The Speaker (Representative Pennington stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5484.

Representative Dyer spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representative Wood spoke against the passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5484 without the House amendments, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 36, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5484, without the House amendments, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.
STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Senate Bill No. 5484.  

VELMA VELORIA, 11th District

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

ESSB 5491 Date: April 24, 1997  
Includes "new item": NO

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5491, Revising provisions for termination of parent and child relationship, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached H-3312.2/97) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 13.34.130 and 1995 c 313 s 2, 1995 c 311 s 19, and 1995 c 53 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

If, after a fact-finding hearing pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, it has been proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030; after consideration of the predisposition report prepared pursuant to RCW 13.34.110 and after a disposition hearing has been held pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, the court shall enter an order of disposition pursuant to this section.

(1) The court shall order one of the following dispositions of the case:

(a) Order a disposition other than removal of the child from his or her home, which shall provide a program designed to alleviate the immediate danger to the child, to mitigate or cure any damage the child has already suffered, and to aid the parents so that the child will not be endangered in the future. In selecting a program, the court should choose those services that least interfere with family autonomy, provided that the services are adequate to protect the child.

(b) Order that the child be removed from his or her home and ordered into the custody, control, and care of a relative or the department of social and health services or a licensed child placing agency for placement in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or in a home not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW. Unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the safety or welfare of the child would be jeopardized or that efforts to reunite the parent and child will be hindered, such child shall be placed with a person who is related to the child as defined in RCW 74.15.020(4)(a) and with whom the child has a relationship and is comfortable, and who is willing and available to care for the child. Placement of the child with a relative under this subsection shall be given preference by the court. An order for out-of-home placement may be made only if the court finds that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home and to make it possible for the child to return home, specifying the services that have been provided to the child and the child’s parent, guardian, or legal custodian, and that preventive services have been offered or provided and have failed to prevent the need for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, and that:

(i) There is no parent or guardian available to care for such child;

(ii) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not willing to take custody of the child;

(iii) The court finds, by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence, a manifest danger exists that the child will suffer serious abuse or neglect if the child is not removed from the home and an order under RCW 26.44.063 would not protect the child from danger; or
The extent of the child's disability is such that the parent, guardian, or legal custodian is unable to provide the necessary care for the child and the parent, guardian, or legal custodian has determined that the child would benefit from placement outside of the home.

(2) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home pursuant to subsection (1)(b) of this section, the court may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed if the court finds it is recommended by the supervising agency, that it is in the best interests of the child and that it is not reasonable to provide further services to reunify the family because the existence of aggravated circumstances make it unlikely that services will effectuate the return of the child to the child's parents in the near future. In determining whether aggravated circumstances exist, the court shall consider one or more of the following:

(a) Conviction of the parent of rape of the child in the first, second, or third degree as defined in RCW 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, and 9A.44.079;
(b) Conviction of the parent of criminal mistreatment of the child in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.42.020 and 9A.42.030;
(c) Conviction of the parent of one of the following assault crimes, when the child is the victim: Assault in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.011 and 9A.36.021 or assault of a child in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.120 or 9A.36.130;
(d) Conviction of the parent of murder, manslaughter, or homicide by abuse of the child's other parent, sibling, or another child;
(e) A finding by a court that a parent is a sexually violent predator as defined in RCW 71.09.020;
(f) Failure of the parent to complete available treatment ordered under this chapter or the equivalent laws of another state, where such failure has resulted in a prior termination of parental rights to another child and the parent has failed to effect significant change in the interim.

(3) Whenever a child is ordered removed from the child's home, the agency charged with his or her care shall provide the court with:

(a) A permanency plan of care that shall identify one of the following outcomes as a primary goal and may identify additional outcomes as alternative goals: Return of the child to the home of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian; adoption; guardianship; or long-term relative or foster care, until the child is age eighteen, with a written agreement between the parties and the care provider; and independent living, if appropriate and if the child is age sixteen or older. Whenever a permanency plan identifies independent living as a goal, the plan shall also specifically identify the services that will be provided to assist the child to make a successful transition from foster care to independent living. Before the court approves independent living as a permanency plan of care, the court shall make a finding that the provision of services to assist the child in making a transition from foster care to independent living will allow the child to manage his or her financial affairs and to manage his or her personal, social, educational, and nonfinancial affairs. The department shall not discharge a child to an independent living situation before the child is eighteen years of age unless the child becomes emancipated pursuant to chapter 13.64 RCW.

(b) Unless the court has ordered, pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to return the child home, and what actions the agency will take to maintain parent-child ties. All aspects of the plan shall include the goal of achieving permanence for the child.

(i) The agency plan shall specify what services the parents will be offered in order to enable them to resume custody, what requirements the parents must meet in order to resume custody, and a time limit for each service plan and parental requirement.

(ii) The agency shall be required to encourage the maximum parent-child contact possible, including regular visitation and participation by the parents in the care of the child while the child is in placement. Visitation may be limited or denied only if the court determines that such limitation or denial is necessary to protect the child's health, safety, or welfare.

(iii) A child shall be placed as close to the child's home as possible, preferably in the child's own neighborhood, unless the court finds that placement at a greater distance is necessary to promote the child's or parents' well-being.

(iv) The agency charged with supervising a child in placement shall provide all reasonable services that are available within the agency, or within the community, or those services which the department of social and health services has existing contracts to purchase. It shall report to the court if it is unable to provide such services.
(c) If the court has ordered, pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to achieve permanency for the child, services to be offered or provided to the child, and, if visitation would be in the best interests of the child, a recommendation to the court regarding visitation between parent and child pending a fact-finding hearing on the termination petition. The agency shall not be required to develop a plan of services for the parents or provide services to the parents.

(4) If there is insufficient information at the time of the disposition hearing upon which to base a determination regarding the suitability of a proposed placement with a relative, the child shall remain in foster care and the court shall direct the supervising agency to conduct necessary background investigations as provided in chapter 74.15 RCW and report the results of such investigation to the court within thirty days. However, if such relative appears otherwise suitable and competent to provide care and treatment, the criminal history background check need not be completed before placement, but as soon as possible after placement. Any placements with relatives, pursuant to this section, shall be contingent upon cooperation by the relative with the agency case plan and compliance with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child including, but not limited to, court orders regarding parent-child contacts and any other conditions imposed by the court. Noncompliance with the case plan or court order shall be grounds for removal of the child from the relative's home, subject to review by the court.

(5) Except for children whose cases are reviewed by a citizen review board under chapter 13.70 RCW, the status of all children found to be dependent shall be reviewed by the court at least every six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or the date dependency is established, whichever is first, at a hearing in which it shall be determined whether court supervision should continue. The review shall include findings regarding the agency and parental completion of disposition plan requirements, and if necessary, revised permanency time limits.

(a) A child shall not be returned home at the review hearing unless the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in this section no longer exists. The parents, guardian, or legal custodian shall report to the court the efforts they have made to correct the conditions which led to removal. If a child is returned, casework supervision shall continue for a period of six months, at which time there shall be a hearing on the need for continued intervention.

(b) If the child is not returned home, the court shall establish in writing:
   (i) Whether reasonable services have been provided to or offered to the parties to facilitate reunion, specifying the services provided or offered;
   (ii) Whether the child has been placed in the least-restrictive setting appropriate to the child's needs, including whether consideration and preference has been given to placement with the child's relatives;
   (iii) Whether there is a continuing need for placement and whether the placement is appropriate;
   (iv) Whether there has been compliance with the case plan by the child, the child's parents, and the agency supervising the placement;
   (v) Whether progress has been made toward correcting the problems that necessitated the child's placement in out-of-home care;
   (vi) Whether the parents have visited the child and any reasons why visitation has not occurred or has been infrequent;
   (vii) Whether additional services are needed to facilitate the return of the child to the child's parents; if so, the court shall order that reasonable services be offered specifying such services; and
   (viii) The projected date by which the child will be returned home or other permanent plan of care will be implemented.

(c) The court at the review hearing may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed.

Sec. 2. RCW 13.34.180 and 1993 c 412 s 2 and 1993 c 358 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

A petition seeking termination of a parent and child relationship may be filed in juvenile court by any party to the dependency proceedings concerning that child. Such petition shall conform to the requirements of RCW 13.34.040, shall be served upon the parties as provided in RCW 13.34.070(8), and shall allege:

(1) That the child has been found to be a dependent child under RCW 13.34.030(((2))) (4); and
That the court has entered a dispositional order pursuant to RCW 13.34.130; and
(3) That the child has been removed or will, at the time of the hearing, have been removed from the custody of the parent for a period of at least six months pursuant to a finding of dependency under RCW 13.34.030; and
(4) That the services ordered under RCW 13.34.130 have been offered or provided and all necessary services, reasonably available, capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been offered or provided; and
(5) That there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. In determining whether the conditions will be remedied the court may consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:
(a) Use of intoxicating or controlled substances so as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documented multiple failed treatment attempts; or
(b) Psychological incapacity or mental deficiency of the parent that is so severe and chronic as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time, and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documentation that there is no treatment that can render the parent capable of providing proper care for the child in the near future; and
(6) That continuation of the parent and child relationship clearly diminishes the child's prospects for early integration into a stable and permanent home; or
(7) In lieu of the allegations in subsections (1) through (6) of this section, the petition may allege that the child was found under such circumstances that the whereabouts of the child's parent are unknown and no person has acknowledged paternity or maternity and requested custody of the child within two months after the child was found.
A parent's failure to substantially improve parental deficiencies within twelve months following entry of the dispositional order shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. The presumption shall not arise unless the petitioner makes a showing that all necessary services reasonably capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been offered or provided.
Notice of rights shall be served upon the parent, guardian, or legal custodian with the petition and shall be in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE

A petition for termination of parental rights has been filed against you. You have important legal rights and you must take steps to protect your interests. This petition could result in permanent loss of your parental rights.

1. You have the right to a fact-finding hearing before a judge.
2. You have the right to have a lawyer represent you at the hearing. A lawyer can look at the files in your case, talk to the department of social and health services and other agencies, tell you about the law, help you understand your rights, and help you at hearings. If you cannot afford a lawyer, the court will appoint one to represent you. To get a court-appointed lawyer you must contact: (explain local procedure).
3. At the hearing, you have the right to speak on your own behalf, to introduce evidence, to examine witnesses, and to receive a decision based solely on the evidence presented to the judge.

You should be present at this hearing.
You may call (insert agency) for more information about your child. The agency's name and telephone number are (insert name and telephone number)."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "relationship;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and reenacting and amending RCW 13.34.130 and 13.34.180."

There being no objection, the Conference Committee recommendation on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491 was adopted.
FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL
AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Boldt and Tokuda spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SSB 5867 Date: April 24, 1997

Includes "new item": YES

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5867, allowing special excise taxes in certain cities and towns for tourism promotion, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

The House Committee on Trade and Economic Development amendment (H2970.2) be adopted with the attached amendments (5867-S AMH CONF LONG 5); and

that the bill do pass as amended by the Conference Committee.

On page 2 of the amendment, after line 9, strike all of subsection (7) and insert:

"(7) "Tourism-related facility" means real or tangible personal property with a usable life of three or more years, or constructed with volunteer labor, and used to support tourism, performing arts, or to accommodate tourist activities."

On page 2 of the amendment, after line 16, strike all of section 3 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 67.28 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The legislative body of any municipality may impose an excise tax on the sale of or charge made for the furnishing of lodging that is subject to tax under chapter 82.08 RCW. The rate of tax shall not exceed the lesser of four percent or a rate that, when combined with all other taxes imposed upon sales of lodging within the municipality under this chapter and chapters 36.100, 67.40, 82.08, and 82.14 RCW, equals twelve percent. A tax under this chapter shall not be imposed in increments smaller than tenths of a percent.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section:
(a) If a municipality imposed taxes under this chapter and RCW 67.40.100 with a total rate exceeding four percent on January 1, 1998, the rate of tax imposed under this chapter by the municipality shall not exceed the total rate imposed by the municipality under this chapter and RCW 67.40.100 on January 1, 1998.

(b) If a city or town, other than a municipality described in (a) of this subsection, is located in a county that imposed taxes under this chapter with a total rate of four percent or more on January 1, 1997, the rate of tax imposed under this chapter by the city or town shall not exceed two percent.

(c) If a city has a population of four hundred thousand or more and is located in a county with a population of one million or more, the rate of tax imposed under this chapter by the city shall not exceed the lesser of four percent or a rate that, when combined with all other taxes imposed upon sales of lodging in the municipality under this chapter and chapters 36.100, 67.40, 82.08, and 82.14 RCW, equals fifteen and two-tenths percent.

(3) Except as provided in RCW 67.28.180, any county ordinance or resolution adopted under this section shall contain a provision allowing a credit against the county tax for the full amount of any city or town tax imposed under this section upon the same taxable event.

(4) Tax imposed under this section on a sale of lodging shall be credited against the amount of sales tax due to the state under chapter 82.08 RCW on the same sale of lodging, but the total credit for taxes imposed by all municipalities on a sale of lodging shall not exceed the amount that would be imposed under a two percent tax under this section. This subsection does not apply to taxes which are credited against the state sales tax under RCW 67.28.180.

On page 3 of the amendment, line 35, after "municipality" insert "with a population of five thousand or more"

On page 4 of the amendment, beginning on line 2, after "authority." strike everything through "chapter." on line 6 and insert "The committee membership shall include: (a) At least two members who are representatives of businesses required to collect tax under this chapter; and (b) at least two members who are persons involved in activities authorized to be funded by revenue received under this chapter. Persons who are eligible for appointment under (a) of this subsection are not eligible for appointment under (b) of this subsection. Persons who are eligible for appointment under (b) of this subsection are not eligible for appointment under (a) of this subsection."

On page 23 of the amendment, line 22, strike "January" and insert "April"

There being no objection, the Conference Committee recommendation on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867 was adopted.

FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL
AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives B. Thomas and Morris spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 4, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
2SSB 5886 Date: April 24, 1997

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5886, proving a stable funding source for fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached H3335.2) be adopted, and that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that:
(a) Currently, many of the salmon stocks on the Washington coast and in Puget Sound are severely depressed and may soon be listed under the federal endangered species act.
(b) Immediate action is needed to reverse the severe decline of this resource and ensure its very survival.
(c) The cooperation and participation of private landowners is crucial in efforts to restore and enhance salmon populations.
(d) Regional fisheries enhancement groups have been exceptionally successful in their efforts to work with private landowners to restore and enhance salmon habitat on private lands.
(e) State funding for regional fisheries enhancement groups has been declining and is a significant limitation to current fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration efforts.
(f) Therefore, a stable funding source is essential to the success of the regional enhancement groups and their efforts to work cooperatively with private landowners to restore salmon resources.
(2) The legislature further finds that:
(a) The increasing population and continued development throughout the state, and the transportation system needed to serve this growth, have exacerbated problems associated with culverts, creating barriers to fish passage.
(b) These barriers obstruct habitat and have resulted in reduced production and survival of anadromous and resident fish at a time when salmonid stocks continue to decline.
(c) Current state laws do not appropriately direct resources for the correction of fish passage obstructions related to transportation facilities.
(d) Current fish passage management efforts related to transportation projects lack necessary coordination on a watershed, regional, and state-wide basis, have inadequate funding, and fail to maximize use of available resources.
(e) Therefore, the legislature finds that the department of transportation and the department of fish and wildlife should work with state, tribal, local government, and volunteer entities to develop a coordinated, watershed-based fish passage barrier removal program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 75.50 RCW to read as follows:
The department may provide start-up funds to regional fisheries enhancement groups for costs associated with any enhancement project. The regional fisheries enhancement group advisory board and
the department shall develop guidelines for providing funds to the regional fisheries enhancement groups.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 75.50 RCW to read as follows:
The regional fisheries enhancement salmonid recovery account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from federal sources and moneys from state sources specified by law must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used for the sole purpose of fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration by regional fisheries enhancement groups.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. The regional fisheries enhancement group advisory board shall conduct a study of federal, state, and local permitting requirements for fisheries enhancement and habitat restoration projects. The study shall identify redundant, conflicting, or duplicative permitting requirements and rules, and shall make recommendations for streamlining and improving the permitting process. The results of the study shall be reported to the senate natural resources and parks committee and the house of representatives natural resources committee by November 1, 1997.

Sec. 5. RCW 75.50.080 and 1993 sp.s. c 2 s 47 are each amended to read as follows:
Regional fisheries enhancement groups, consistent with the long-term regional policy statements developed under RCW 75.50.020, shall seek to:
(1) Enhance the salmon and steelhead resources of the state;
(2) Maximize volunteer efforts and private donations to improve the salmon and steelhead resources for all citizens;
(3) Assist the department in achieving the goal to double the state-wide salmon and steelhead catch by the year 2000 (under chapter 214, Laws of 1988); and
(4) Develop projects designed to supplement the fishery enhancement capability of the department.

Sec. 6. RCW 75.50.160 and 1995 c 367 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The department and the department of transportation shall convene a fish passage barrier removal task force. The task force shall consist of one representative each from the department, the department of transportation, the department of ecology, tribes, cities, counties, a business organization, an environmental organization, regional fisheries enhancement groups, and other interested entities as deemed appropriate by the cochairs. The persons representing the department and the department of transportation shall serve as cochairs of the task force and shall appoint members to the task force. The task force shall make recommendations to expand the program in RCW 75.50.170 to identify and expedite the removal of human-made or caused impediments to anadromous fish passage in the most efficient manner practical. Program recommendations shall include a funding mechanism and other necessary mechanisms to coordinate and prioritize state, tribal, local, and volunteer efforts within each water resource inventory area. A priority shall be given to projects that immediately increase access to available and improved spawning and rearing habitat for depressed, threatened, and endangered stocks. The department or the department of transportation may contract with cities and counties to assist in the identification and removal of impediments to anadromous fish passage.

A report on the progress of impediment identification and removal and the need for recommendations to develop a program to identify and remove fish passage barriers and any additional legislative action needed to implement the program shall be submitted to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature no later than (January 1, 1996) December 1, 1997.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "program;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 75.50.080 and 75.50.160; adding new sections to chapter 75.50 RCW; and creating new sections."

There being no objection, the Conference Committee recommendation on Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886 was adopted.
The Speaker (Representative Pennington stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Buck and Anderson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5886, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the conference committee on HOUSE BILL NO. 1054, and passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee,

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 28B.10.821 and 1996 c 107 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The state educational trust fund is hereby established in the state treasury. The primary purpose of the trust is to pledge state-wide available college student assistance to needy or disadvantaged students, especially middle and high school youth, considered at-risk of dropping out of secondary education who participate in board-approved early awareness and outreach programs and who enter any accredited Washington institution of postsecondary education within two years of high school graduation.

The board shall deposit refunds and recoveries of student financial aid funds expended in prior (biennia) fiscal periods in such account. The board may also deposit moneys that have been contributed from other state, federal, or private sources.

Expenditures from the fund shall be for financial aid to needy or disadvantaged students. The board may annually expend such sums from the fund as may be necessary to fulfill the purposes of this section, including not more than three percent for the costs to administer aid programs supported by the fund. All earnings of investments of balances in the state educational trust fund shall be credited to the trust fund. Expenditures from the fund shall not be subject to appropriation but are subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "fund;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 28B.10.821."
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the Conference Committee recommendation on House Bill No. 1054 was adopted.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL
AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1054 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Carlson and Mason spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1054, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

House Bill No. 1054, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1581, and passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

EHB 1581 April 24, 1997

Includes "NEW ITEM": YES

Mr. President:

Mr. Speaker:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1581, disruptive students/offenders, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached 1581.E AMC CONF H3317.1) be adopted, and
and that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 13.40.160 and 1995 c 395 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When the respondent is found to be a serious offender, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range of disposition for the offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section.

If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range, as indicated in option B of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(2) Where the respondent is found to be a minor or first offender, the court shall order that the respondent serve a term of community supervision as indicated in option A or option B of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the court determines that a disposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice the court may impose another disposition under option C of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a disposition other than a community supervision may be imposed only after the court enters reasons upon which it bases its conclusions that imposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

Except for disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, a disposition may be appealed as provided in RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section may not be appealed under RCW 13.40.230.

(3) Where a respondent is found to have committed an offense for which the respondent declined to enter into a diversion agreement, the court shall impose a term of community supervision limited to the conditions allowed in a diversion agreement as provided in RCW 13.40.080(2).

(4) If a respondent is found to be a middle offender:

(a) The court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range(s) for such offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the standard range includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement; or

(b) If the middle offender has less than 110 points, the court shall impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to thirty days confinement, as indicated in option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150. If the middle offender has 110 points or more, the court may impose a disposition under option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender violates any condition of the disposition including conditions of a probation bond, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

(c) Only if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that disposition as provided in subsection (4)(a) or (b) of this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.
(d) A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(a) or (b) of this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5) When a serious, middle, or minor first offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent’s version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent’s offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent’s social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator’s information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent’s amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(a)(i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and therapist;

(ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;

(iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;

(iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and

(v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender’s amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the victim’s opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section. If the court determines that this special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range for the offense, and the court may suspend the execution of the disposition and place the offender on community supervision for up to two years. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose the conditions of community supervision and other conditions, including up to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the offender do any one or more of the following:

(b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or occupation;

(ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation counselor object to the change;

(iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the offender’s address, educational program, or employment;

(iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall have prior approval by the court;

(v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;

(vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform community service, or any combination thereof;

(vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling reasonably related to the offense; ((or))

(viii) Comply with the conditions of any court-ordered probation bond; or

(ix) The court shall order that the offender may not attend the public or approved private elementary, middle, or high school attended by the victim or the victim’s siblings. The parents or legal guardians of the offender are responsible for transportation or other costs associated with the offender’s change of school that would otherwise be paid by the school district. The court shall send notice of the
disposition and restriction on attending the same school as the victim or victim’s siblings to the public or approved private school the juvenile will attend, if known, or if unknown, to the approved private schools and the public school district board of directors of the district in which the juvenile resides or intends to reside. This notice must be sent at the earliest possible date but not later than ten calendar days after entry of the disposition.

The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the respondent’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

Except as provided in this subsection (5), after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender’s home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (5) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition or the court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days’ confinement for violating conditions of the disposition. The court may order both execution of the disposition and up to thirty days’ confinement for the violation of the conditions of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. "Victim" may also include a known parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(6) RCW 13.40.193 shall govern the disposition of any juvenile adjudicated of possessing a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)(e)(ii); or any crime in which a special finding is entered that the juvenile was armed with a firearm.

(7) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.

(8) Except as provided for in subsection (4)(b) or (5) of this section or RCW 13.40.125, the court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or the execution of the disposition.

(9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the same offense.

Sec. 2. RCW 13.40.215 and 1995 c 324 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, at the earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before discharge, parole, or any other authorized leave or release, or before transfer to a community residential facility, the secretary shall send written notice of the discharge, parole, authorized leave or release, or transfer of a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking, to the following:

(i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the juvenile will reside;
(ii) The sheriff of the county in which the juvenile will reside; and
(iii) The approved private schools and the common school district board of directors of the district in which the juvenile intends to reside or the approved private school or public school district in which the juvenile last attended school, whichever is appropriate, except when it has been determined by the department that the juvenile is twenty-one years old; is not required to return to school under chapter 28A.225 RCW; or will be in the community for less than seven consecutive days on approved leave and will not be attending school during that time.
After the effective date of this act, the department shall send a written notice to approved private and public schools under the same conditions identified in subsection (1)(a)(iii) of this section when a juvenile adjudicated of any offense is transferred to a community residential facility.

The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific juvenile:

(i) The victim of the offense for which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim’s next of kin if the crime was a homicide;

(ii) Any witnesses who testified against the juvenile in any court proceedings involving the offense; and

(iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney.

Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the juvenile. The notice to the chief of police or the sheriff shall include the identity of the juvenile, the residence where the juvenile will reside, the identity of the person, if any, responsible for supervising the juvenile, and the time period of any authorized leave.

The thirty-day notice requirements contained in this subsection shall not apply to emergency medical furloughs.

The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection will not require any extension of the release date in the event the release plan changes after notification.

If a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking escapes from a facility of the department, the secretary shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the county in which the juvenile resided immediately before the juvenile’s arrest. If previously requested, the secretary shall also notify the witnesses and the victim of the offense which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim’s next of kin if the crime was a homicide. If the juvenile is recaptured, the secretary shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as possible but in no event later than two working days after the department learns of such recapture.

The secretary may authorize a leave, for a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking, which shall not exceed forty-eight hours plus travel time, to meet an emergency situation such as a death or critical illness of a member of the juvenile’s family. The secretary may authorize a leave, which shall not exceed the time medically necessary, to obtain medical care not available in a juvenile facility maintained by the department. Prior to the commencement of an emergency or medical leave, the secretary shall give notice of the leave to the appropriate law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the juvenile will be during the leave period. The notice shall include the identity of the juvenile, the time period of the leave, the residence of the juvenile during the leave, and the identity of the person responsible for supervising the juvenile during the leave. If previously requested, the department shall also notify the witnesses and victim of the offense which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim’s next of kin if the offense was a homicide.

In case of an emergency or medical leave the secretary may waive all or any portion of the requirements for leaves pursuant to RCW 13.40.205 (2)(a), (3), (4), and (5).

If the victim, the victim’s next of kin, or any witness is under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be sent to the parents or legal guardian of the child.

The secretary shall send the notices required by this chapter to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current address.

Upon discharge, parole, or other authorized leave or release, a convicted juvenile sex offender shall not attend a public or approved private elementary, middle, or high school that is attended by a victim or a sibling of a victim of the sex offender. The parents or legal guardians of the convicted juvenile sex offender shall be responsible for transportation or other costs associated with or required by the sex offender’s change in school that otherwise would be paid by a school district. Upon discharge, parole, or other authorized leave or release of a convicted juvenile sex offender, the secretary shall send written notice of the discharge, parole, or other authorized leave or release and the requirements of this subsection to the common school district board of directors of the district in which the sex offender intends to reside or the district in which the sex offender last attended school, whichever is appropriate. The secretary shall send a similar notice to any approved private school the
juvenile will attend, if known, or if unknown, to the approved private schools within the district the juvenile resides or intends to reside.

(6) For purposes of this section the following terms have the following meanings:
(a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
(b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
(c) "Stalking" means the crime of stalking as defined in RCW 9A.46.110;
(d) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, parents, siblings, and children.

Sec. 3. RCW 28A.225.225 and 1995 c 52 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) All districts accepting applications from nonresident students or from students receiving home-based instruction for admission to the district's schools shall consider equally all applications received. Each school district shall adopt a policy establishing rational, fair, and equitable standards for acceptance and rejection of applications by June 30, 1990. The policy may include rejection of a nonresident student if:
   (a) Acceptance of a nonresident student would result in the district experiencing a financial hardship;
   (b) The student's disciplinary records indicate a history of violent or disruptive behavior or gang membership; or
   (c) The student has been expelled or suspended from a public school for more than ten consecutive days. Any policy allowing for readmission of expelled or suspended students under this subsection (1)(c) must apply uniformly to both resident and nonresident applicants.

For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, "gang" means a group which: (i) Consists of three or more persons; (ii) has identifiable leadership; and (iii) on an ongoing basis, regularly conspires and acts in concert mainly for criminal purposes.

(2) The district shall provide to applicants written notification of the approval or denial of the application in a timely manner. If the application is rejected, the notification shall include the reason or reasons for denial and the right to appeal under RCW 28A.225.230(3).

Sec. 4. RCW 28A.600.010 and 1990 c 33 s 496 are each amended to read as follows:
Every board of directors, unless otherwise specifically provided by law, shall:
(1) Enforce the rules regarding pupil conduct, discipline, and rights, including but not limited to short-term suspensions as referred to in RCW 28A.305.160 and long-term suspensions in excess of ten consecutive days. Such rules shall not be inconsistent with any of the following:
Federal statutes and regulations, state statutes, common law, the rules of the superintendent of public instruction, and the state board of education. The board's rules shall include such substantive and procedural due process guarantees as prescribed by the state board of education under RCW 28A.305.160. Commencing with the 1976-77 school year, when such rules are made available to each pupil, teacher, and parent, they shall be accompanied by a detailed description of rights, responsibilities, and authority of teachers and principals with respect to the discipline of pupils as prescribed by state statutory law, superintendent of public instruction, and state board of education rules and rules and regulations of the school district.
For the purposes of this subsection, computation of days included in "short-term" and "long-term" suspensions shall be determined on the basis of consecutive school days.

(3) Suspend, expel, or discipline pupils in accordance with RCW 28A.305.160.

Sec. 5. RCW 28A.600.420 and 1995 c 335 s 304 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Any elementary or secondary school student who is determined to have carried a firearm onto, or to have possessed a firearm on, public elementary or secondary school premises, public school-provided transportation, or areas of facilities while being used exclusively by public schools, shall be expelled from school for not less than one year under RCW 28A.600.010. The superintendent of the school district, educational service district, state school for the deaf, or state school for the blind may modify the expulsion of a student on a case-by-case basis.

(2) For purposes of this section, "firearm" means a firearm as defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 921, and a "firearm" as defined in RCW 9.41.010.
This section shall be construed in a manner consistent with the individuals with disabilities education act, 20 U.S.C. Sec. 1401 et seq.

Nothing in this section prevents a public school district, educational service district, the state school for the deaf, or the state school for the blind if it has expelled a student from such student’s regular school setting from providing educational services to the student in an alternative setting.

This section does not apply to:
(a) Any student while engaged in military education authorized by school authorities in which rifles are used but not other firearms; or
(b) Any student while involved in a convention, showing, demonstration, lecture, or firearms safety course authorized by school authorities in which the rifles of collectors or instructors are handled or displayed but not other firearms; or
(c) Any student while participating in a rifle competition authorized by school authorities.

A school district may suspend or expel a student for up to one year subject to subsections (1), (3), (4), and (5) of this section, if the student acts with malice as defined under RCW 9A.04.110 and displays an instrument that appeared to be a firearm, on public elementary or secondary school premises, public school-provided transportation, or areas of facilities while being used exclusively by public schools.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 28A.150 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The board of directors of school districts may contract with alternative educational service providers for eligible students. Alternative educational service providers that the school district may contract with include, but are not limited to:
(a) Other schools;
(b) Alternative education programs not operated by the school district;
(c) Education centers;
(d) Skills centers;
(e) Dropout prevention programs; or
(f) Other public or private organizations, excluding sectarian or religious organizations.
(2) Eligible students include students who are likely to be expelled or who are enrolled in the school district but have been suspended, are academically at risk, or who have been subject to repeated disciplinary actions due to behavioral problems.
(3) If a school district board of directors chooses to initiate specialized programs for students at risk of expulsion or who are failing academically by contracting out with alternative educational service providers identified in subsection (1) of this section, the school district board of directors and the organization must specify the specific learning standards that students are expected to achieve. Placement of the student shall be jointly determined by the school district, the student’s parent or legal guardian, and the alternative educational service provider.
(4) For the purpose of this section, the superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules for reporting and documenting enrollment. Students may reenter at the grade level appropriate to the student’s ability. Students who are sixteen years of age or older may take the GED test.
(5) The board of directors of school districts may require that students who would otherwise be suspended or expelled attend schools or programs listed in subsection (1) of this section as a condition of continued enrollment in the school district.

Sec. 7. RCW 28A.205.020 and 1993 c 211 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
Only eligible common school dropouts shall be enrolled in a certified education center for reimbursement by the superintendent of public instruction as provided in RCW 28A.205.040. (No) A person ((shall be considered)) is not an eligible common school dropout ((who)) if: (1) The person has completed high school, (2) ((who)) the person has not reached his or her ((thirteenth)) twelfth birthday or has passed his or her twentieth birthday, ((or)) (3) the person shows proficiency beyond the high school level in a test approved by the superintendent of public instruction to be given as part of the initial diagnostic procedure, or (4) ((until))) less than one month has passed after ((he or she)) the person has dropped out of any common school and the education center has not received written verification from a school official of the common school last attended in this state that ((such)) the person is no longer in attendance at ((such)) the school((, unless such center has been requested to admit such person by written communication of)). A person is an eligible common school dropout even if one month has not passed since the person dropped out if the board of directors or its designee, of
that common school, ((or unless such)) requests the center to admit the person because the person has dropped out or because the person is unable to attend a particular common school because of disciplinary reasons, including suspension and/or expulsions ((therefrom)). The fact that any person may be subject to RCW 28A.225.010 through 28A.225.150, 28A.200.010, and 28A.200.020 shall not affect his or her qualifications as an eligible common school dropout under this chapter.

Sec. 8. RCW 28A.205.080 and 1993 c 211 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature recognizes that education centers provide a necessary and effective service for students who have dropped out of common school programs. Education centers have demonstrated success in preparing such youth for productive roles in society and are an integral part of the state’s program to address the needs of students who have dropped out of school. The superintendent of public instruction shall distribute funds, consistent with legislative appropriations, allocated specifically for education centers in accord with chapter 28A.205 RCW. The legislature encourages school districts to explore cooperation with education centers pursuant to section 6 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "schools;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 13.40.160, 13.40.215, 28A.225.225, 28A.600.010, 28A.600.420, 28A.205.020, and 28A.205.080; adding a new section to chapter 28A.150 RCW; and prescribing penalties."

There being no objection, the House adopted the Report of the Conference Committee on Engrossed House Bill No. 1581, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1581 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Sterk and Quall spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 1581 as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Engrossed House Bill No. 1581, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The President has signed:

- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1277,
- ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1423,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1592,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1657,
- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2089,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary
April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5149,
- SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5511,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary
April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on ENGROSSED THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 3900. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Roach, Hargrove and Johnson

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary
April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has receded from its amendments to HOUSE BILL NO. 1708, and passed the bill without said amendment(s),

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary
April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate grants the request of the House for a conference on SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1201. The President has appointed the following members as Conferees:

Senators Horn, Heavey and Schow

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SB 5650 Date: April 24, 1997
Includes "new item": NO

Mr. Speaker:

Mr. President:
We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SENATE BILL NO. 5650, allowing cities to assume jurisdiction over water or sewer districts, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached H-3337.1/97) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 35.13A RCW to read as follows:

The board of commissioners of a water-sewer district, with fewer than one hundred twenty customers on the effective date of this act, may by resolution declare that it is in the best interests of the district for a city, with a population greater than one hundred thousand on the effective date of this act, to assume jurisdiction of the district. None of the territory or assessed valuation of the district need be included within the corporate boundaries of the city. If the city legislative body agrees to assume jurisdiction of the district, the district and the city shall enter into a contract under RCW 35.13A.070, acceptable to both the district and the city, to carry out the assumption. The contract must provide for the transfer to the city of all real and personal property, franchises, rights, assets, taxes levied but not collected for the district for other than indebtedness, water and sewer lines, and all other facilities and equipment of the district. The transfers are subject to all financial, statutory, or contractual obligations of the district for the security or performance of which the property may have been pledged. The city may manage, control, maintain, and operate the property, facilities, and equipment and fix and collect service and other charges from owners and occupant of properties so served by the city. However, the actions of the city are subject to any outstanding indebtedness, bonded or otherwise, of the district payable from taxes, assessments, or revenues of any kind or nature and to any other contractual obligations of the district, including but not limited to the contract entered into by the city and the district under RCW 35.13A.070.

Under the contract, the city may assume the obligation of paying the district indebtedness and of levying and collecting or causing to be collected the district taxes, assessments, and utility rates and charges of any kind or nature to pay and secure the payment of the indebtedness, according to all terms, conditions, and covenants incident to the indebtedness. The city shall assume and perform all other outstanding contractual obligations of the district in accordance with all of their terms, conditions, and covenants. The assumption does not impair the obligation of any indebtedness or other contractual obligation entered into after the effective date of this act. Until the outstanding indebtedness of the district has been discharged, the territory of the district and the owners and occupant of property in it, continue to be liable for its and their proportionate share of the indebtedness, including outstanding assessments levied by a local improvement district or utility local improvement district within the water-sewer district. The city shall assume the obligation of paying the indebtedness, collecting the assessments and charges, and observing and performing the other district contractual obligations. The legislative body of the city shall act as the officers of the district for the purpose of certifying the amount of any property tax to be levied and collected in the district, and causing service and other charges and assessments to be collected from the property or owners or occupant of it, enforcing the collection, and performing all other acts necessary to insure performance of the district's contractual obligations.

When the city assumes the obligation of paying the outstanding indebtedness, and if property taxes or assessments have been levied and service or other charges have accrued for that purpose but have not been collected by the district before the assumption, the taxes, assessments, and charges collected belong and must be paid to the city and used by the city so far as necessary for payment of indebtedness of the district that existed and was unpaid on the date the city elected to assume the indebtedness. Funds received by the city that have been collected for the purpose of paying bonded or other indebtedness of the district must be used for the purpose for which they were collected and for no other purpose. Outstanding indebtedness must be paid as provided in the bond covenants. The city shall use funds of the district on deposit with the county treasurer at the time of title transfer solely for the benefit of the utility, and shall not transfer them to or use them for the benefit of the city's general fund.
This section expires December 31, 1998.

Sec. 2. RCW 35.13A.070 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:
Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the contrary, one or more cities and one or more ((water districts or sewer districts)) districts may, through their legislative authorities, authorize a contract with respect to the rights, powers, duties, and obligation of such cities, or districts with regard to the use and ownership of property, the providing of services, the maintenance and operation of facilities, allocation of cost, financing and construction of new facilities, application and use of assets, disposition of liabilities and debts, the performance of contractual obligations, and any other matters arising out of the inclusion, in whole or in part, of the district or districts within any city or cities, or the assumption by the city of jurisdiction of a district under section 1 of this act. The contract may provide for the furnishing of services by any party thereto and the use of city or district facilities or real estate for such purpose, and may also provide for the time during which such district or districts may continue to exercise any rights, privileges, powers, and functions provided by law for such district or districts as if the district or districts or portions thereof were not included within a city or were not subject to an assumption of jurisdiction under section 1 of this act, including but not by way of limitation, the right to promulgate rules and regulations, to levy and collect special assessments, rates, charges, service charges, and connection fees, ((and)) to adopt and carry out the provisions of a comprehensive plan, and amendments thereto, for a system of improvements and to issue general obligation or revenue bonds in the manner provided by law. The contract may provide for the transfer to a city of district facilities, property, rights, and powers as provided in RCW 35.13A.030 ((and)) 35.13A.050, and section 1 of this act, whether or not sixty percent or any of the area or assessed valuation of real estate lying within the district or districts is included within such city. The contract may provide that any party thereto may authorize, issue, and sell revenue bonds to provide funds for new water or sewer improvements or to refund any water revenue, sewer revenue, or combined water and sewer revenue bonds outstanding of any city, or district which is a party to such contract if such refunding is deemed necessary, providing such refunding will not increase interest costs. The contract may provide that any party thereto may authorize and issue, in the manner provided by law, general obligation or revenue bonds of like amounts, terms, conditions, and covenants as the outstanding bonds of any other party to the contract, and such new bonds may be substituted or exchanged for such outstanding bonds. However, no such exchange or substitution shall be effected in such a manner as to impair the obligation or security of any such outstanding bonds.

Sec. 3. RCW 35.13A.080 and 1971 ex.s. c 95 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
In any of the cases provided for in RCW 35.13A.020, 35.13A.030, ((and)) 35.13A.050, and section 1 of this act, and notwithstanding any other method of dissolution provided by law, dissolution proceedings may be initiated by either the city or the district, or both, when the legislative body of the city and the governing body of the district agree to, and petition for, dissolution of the district.

The petition for dissolution shall be signed by the chief administrative officer of the city and the district, upon authorization of the legislative body of the city and the governing body of the district, respectively and such petition shall be presented to the superior court of the county in which the city is situated.

If the petition is thus authorized by both the city and district, and title to the property, facilities, and equipment of the district has passed to the city pursuant to action taken under this chapter, all indebtedness and local improvement district or utility local improvement district assessments of the district have been discharged or assumed by and transferred to the city, and the petition contains a statement of the distribution of assets and liabilities mutually agreed upon by the city and the district and a copy of the agreement between such city and the district is attached thereto, a hearing shall not be required and the court shall, if the interests of all interested parties have been protected, enter an order dissolving the district.

In any of the cases provided for in RCW 35.13A.020 ((and)) 35.13A.030, and section 1 of this act, if the petition for an order of dissolution is signed on behalf of the city alone or the district alone, or there is no mutual agreement on the distribution of assets and liabilities, the superior court shall enter an order fixing a hearing date not less than sixty days from the day the petition is filed, and the clerk of the court of the county shall give notice of such hearing by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the district once a week for three successive weeks and by posting in three public
places in the district at least twenty-one days before the hearing. The notice shall set forth the filing of the petition, its purposes, and the date and place of hearing thereon.

After the hearing the court shall enter its order with respect to the dissolution of the district. If the court finds that such district should be dissolved and the functions performed by the city, the court shall provide for the transfer of assets and liabilities to the city. The court may provide for the dissolution of the district upon such conditions as the court may deem appropriate. A certified copy of the court order dissolving the district shall be filed with the county auditor. If the court does not dissolve the district, it shall state the reasons for declining to do so.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 35.51 RCW to read as follows:
Assessments for local improvements in a local improvement district created by a municipality may be pledged and applied when collected to the payment of its obligations under a loan agreement entered into under chapter 39.69 RCW to pay costs of improvements in such a local improvement district.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 35.51 RCW to read as follows:
The authority granted by section 4 of this act is supplemental and in addition to the authority granted by Title 35 RCW and to any other authority granted to cities, towns, or municipal corporations to levy, pledge, and apply special assessments."

In line 1 of the title, after "government;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 35.13A.070 and 35.13A.080; adding a new section to chapter 35.13A RCW; and adding new sections to chapter 35.51 RCW."

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee report on Senate Bill No. 5650, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5650 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5650 as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Senate Bill No. 5650, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 24, 1997
Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to grant the request of the House for a conference on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5781, insists on its position regarding the House amendment(s) and again asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House receded from its position Senate Bill No. 5781, and advanced the bill to final passage.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5781 without House amendments.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5781 without House amendments, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5781, without House amendments, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SSB 5336 Date: April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336, clarifying and harmonizing provisions affecting cities and towns, have had the same under consideration, and we recommend that:

House Government Administration Committee amendment as amended (AMH-2999.2) be adopted except for sections 18 and 19, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 19.16.500 and 1982 c 65 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Agencies, departments, taxing districts, political subdivisions of the state, counties, and incorporated cities may retain, by written contract, collection agencies licensed under this chapter for the purpose of collecting public debts owed by any person.

(2) No debt may be assigned to a collection agency unless (a) there has been an attempt to advise the debtor (i) of the existence of the debt and (ii) that the debt may be assigned to a collection agency for collection if the debt is not paid, and (b) at least thirty days have elapsed from the time the notice was sent.

(3) Collection agencies assigned debts under this section shall have only those remedies and powers which would be available to them as assignees of private creditors.

(4) For purposes of this section, the term debt shall include fines, fees, penalties, reasonable costs, assessments, and other debts.

(5) The reasonable costs involved in the collection of the debts through the use of a collection agency are reasonable costs that may be added to and included in the debt to be paid by the debtor.

Sec. 2. RCW 39.30.010 and 1970 ex.s. c 42 s 26 are each amended to read as follows:

Any city or town or metropolitan park district or county or library district may execute an executory conditional sales contract with a county or counties, the state or any of its political subdivisions, the government of the United States, or any private party for the purchase of any real or personal property, or property rights in connection with the exercise of any powers or duties which they now or hereafter are authorized to exercise, if the entire amount of the purchase price specified in such contract does not result in a total indebtedness in excess of three-fourths of one percent of the value of the taxable property in such city or town or metropolitan park district or county or library district. If such a proposed contract would result in a total indebtedness in excess of three-fourths of one percent of the value of the taxable property of such city or town or metropolitan park district or county or library district, as the case may be, this amount, a proposition in regard to whether or not such a contract may be executed shall be submitted to the voters for approval or rejection in the same manner that bond issues for capital purposes are submitted to the voters. Any city or town or metropolitan park district or county or library district may jointly execute contracts authorized by this section, if the entire amount of the purchase price does not result in a joint total indebtedness in excess of three-fourths of one percent of the value of the taxable property of such city, town, or metropolitan park district, as the case may be. Any city, town, or metropolitan park district that participates in the jointly executed contract. The term "value of the taxable property" shall have the meaning set forth in RCW 39.36.015.

Sec. 3. RCW 35.27.070 and 1993 c 47 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

The government of a town shall be vested in a mayor and a council consisting of five members and a treasurer, all elective; the mayor shall appoint a clerk and a marshal; and may appoint a town attorney, pound master, street superintendent, a civil engineer, and such police and other subordinate officers and employees as may be provided for by ordinance. All appointive officers and employees shall hold office at the pleasure of the mayor, subject to any applicable law, rule, or regulation relating to civil service, and shall not be subject to confirmation by the town council.

Sec. 4. RCW 35.07.040 and 1965 c 7 s 35.07.040 are each amended to read as follows:

(If the applicable census shows a population of less than four thousand.) The council shall cause an election to be called upon the proposition of disincorporation. If the city or town has any indebtedness or outstanding liabilities, it shall order the election of a receiver at the same time.

Sec. 5. RCW 9.41.050 and 1996 c 295 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) Except in the person's place of abode or fixed place of business, a person shall not carry a pistol concealed on his or her person without a license to carry a concealed pistol.

(b) Every licensee shall have his or her concealed pistol license in his or her immediate possession at all times that he or she is required by this section to have a concealed pistol license and shall display the same upon demand to any police officer or to any other person when and if required by law to do so. Any violation of this subsection (1)(b) shall be a class 1 civil infraction under chapter
RCW and shall be punished accordingly pursuant to chapter ((7.84)) 7.80 RCW and the
infraction rules for courts of limited jurisdiction.

(2) A person shall not carry or place a loaded pistol in any vehicle unless the person has a
license to carry a concealed pistol and: (a) The pistol is on the licensee's person, (b) the licensee is
within the vehicle at all times that the pistol is there, or (c) the licensee is away from the vehicle and
the pistol is locked within the vehicle and concealed from view from outside the vehicle.

(3) A person at least eighteen years of age who is in possession of an unloaded pistol shall not
leave the unloaded pistol in a vehicle unless the unloaded pistol is locked within the vehicle and
concealed from view from outside the vehicle.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no person may carry a firearm unless it is
unloaded and enclosed in an opaque case or secure wrapper or the person is:
(a) Licensed under RCW 9.41.070 to carry a concealed pistol;
(b) In attendance at a hunter’s safety course or a firearms safety course;
(c) Engaging in practice in the use of a firearm or target shooting at an established range
authorized by the governing body of the jurisdiction in which such range is located or any other area
where the discharge of a firearm is not prohibited;
(d) Engaging in an organized competition involving the use of a firearm, or participating in or
practicing for a performance by an organized group that uses firearms as a part of the performance;
(e) Engaging in a lawful outdoor recreational activity such as hunting, fishing, camping,
hiking, or horseback riding, only if, considering all of the attendant circumstances, including but not
limited to whether the person has a valid hunting or fishing license, it is reasonable to conclude that the
person is participating in lawful outdoor activities or is traveling to or from a legitimate outdoor
recreation area;
(f) In an area where the discharge of a firearm is permitted, and is not trespassing;
(g) Traveling with any unloaded firearm in the person’s possession to or from any activity
described in (b), (c), (d), (e), or (f) of this subsection, except as provided in (h) of this subsection;
(h) Traveling in a motor vehicle with a firearm, other than a pistol, that is unloaded and locked
in the trunk or other compartment of the vehicle, placed in a gun rack, or otherwise secured in place in
a vehicle, provided that this subsection (4)(h) does not apply to motor homes if the firearms are not
within the driver’s compartment of the motor home while the vehicle is in operation. Notwithstanding
(a) of this subsection, and subject to federal and state park regulations regarding firearm possession
therein, a motor home shall be considered a residence when parked at a recreational park, campground,
or other temporary residential setting for the purposes of enforcement of this chapter;
(i) On real property under the control of the person or a relative of the person;
(j) At his or her residence;
(k) Is a member of the armed forces of the United States, national guard, or organized
reserves, when on duty;
(l) Is a law enforcement officer;
(m) Carrying a firearm from or to a vehicle for the purpose of taking or removing the firearm
to or from a place of business for repair; or
(n) An armed private security guard or armed private detective licensed by the department of
licensing, while on duty or enroute to and from employment.

(5) Violation of any of the prohibitions of subsections (2) through (4) of this section is a
misdemeanor.

(6) Nothing in this section permits the possession of firearms illegal to possess under state or
federal law.

(7) Any city, town, or county may enact an ordinance to exempt itself from the prohibition of
subsection (4) of this section.

Sec. 6. RCW 35A.12.010 and 1994 c 223 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:
The government of any noncharter code city or charter code city electing to adopt the mayor-
council plan of government authorized by this chapter shall be vested in an elected mayor and an
elected council. The council of a noncharter code city having less than twenty-five hundred inhabitants
shall consist of five members; when there are twenty-five hundred or more inhabitants, the council
shall consist of seven members((: PROVIDED, That)). A city with a population of less than twenty-
five hundred at the time of reclassification as an optional municipal code city may choose to maintain a
seven-member council. The decision concerning the number of councilmembers shall be made by the
council and be incorporated as a section of the ordinance adopting for the city the classification of noncharter code city. If the population of a city after having become a code city decreases from twenty-five hundred or more to less than twenty-five hundred, it shall continue to have a seven member council. If, after a city has become a mayor-council code city, its population increases to twenty-five hundred or more inhabitants, the number of councilmanic offices in such city may increase from five to seven members upon the affirmative vote of a majority of the existing council to increase the number of councilmanic offices in the city. When the population of a mayor-council code city having five councilmanic offices increases to five thousand or more inhabitants, the number of councilmanic offices in the city shall increase from five to seven members. In the event of an increase in the number of councilmanic offices, the city council shall, by majority vote, pursuant to RCW 35A.12.050, appoint two persons to serve in these offices until the next municipal general election, at which election one person shall be elected for a two-year term and one person shall be elected for a four-year term. The number of inhabitants shall be determined by the most recent official state or federal census or determination by the state office of financial management. A charter adopted under the provisions of this title, incorporating the mayor-council plan of government set forth in this chapter, may provide for an uneven number of councilmembers not exceeding eleven.

A noncharter code city of less than five thousand inhabitants which has elected the mayor-council plan of government and which has seven councilmanic offices may establish a five-member council in accordance with the following procedure. At least six months prior to a municipal general election, the city council shall adopt an ordinance providing for reduction in the number of councilmanic offices to five. The ordinance shall specify which two councilmanic offices, the terms of which expire at the next general election, are to be terminated. The ordinance shall provide for the renumbering of council positions and shall also provide for a two-year extension of the term of office of a retained councilmanic office, if necessary, in order to comply with RCW 35A.12.040.

However, a noncharter code city that has retained its old mayor-council plan of government, as provided in RCW 35A.02.130, is subject to the laws applicable to that old plan of government.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 35.23 RCW to read as follows:

No person is eligible to hold an elective office in a second class city unless the person is a resident and registered voter in the city.

**Sec. 8.** RCW 35.27.080 and 1965 c 7 s 35.27.080 are each amended to read as follows:

No person shall be eligible to or hold an elective office in a town unless he or she is a resident and ((elector therein)) registered voter in the town.

**Sec. 9.** RCW 35.01.020 and 1994 c 81 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

A second class city is a city with a population of ((more than)) fifteen hundred or more at the time of its organization or reorganization that does not have a charter adopted under Article XI, section 10, of the state Constitution, and does not operate under Title 35A RCW.

**Sec. 10.** RCW 35.01.040 and 1994 c 81 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

A town has a population of less than fifteen hundred ((or less)) at the time of its organization and does not operate under Title 35A RCW.

**Sec. 11.** RCW 35.02.130 and 1994 c 154 s 308 are each amended to read as follows:

The city or town officially shall become incorporated at a date from one hundred eighty days to three hundred sixty days after the date of the election on the question of incorporation. An interim period shall exist between the time the newly elected officials have been elected and qualified and this official date of incorporation. During this interim period, the newly elected officials are authorized to adopt ordinances and resolutions which shall become effective on or after the official date of incorporation, and to enter into contracts and agreements to facilitate the transition to becoming a city or town and to ensure a continuation of governmental services after the official date of incorporation. Periods of time that would be required to elapse between the enactment and effective date of such ordinances, including but not limited to times for publication or for filing referendums, shall commence upon the date of such enactment as though the city or town were officially incorporated.

During this interim period, the city or town governing body may adopt rules establishing policies and procedures under the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, and may use
these rules and procedures in making determinations under the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW.

During this interim period, the newly formed city or town and its governing body shall be subject to the following as though the city or town were officially incorporated: RCW 4.24.470 relating to immunity; chapter 42.17 RCW relating to open government; chapter 40.14 RCW relating to the preservation and disposition of public records; chapters 42.20 and 42.23 RCW relating to ethics and conflicts of interest; chapters 42.30 and 42.32 RCW relating to open public meetings and minutes; RCW 35.22.288, (35.23.310, 35.24.220)) 35.23.221, 35.27.300, 35A.12.160, as appropriate, and chapter 35A.65 RCW relating to the publication of notices and ordinances; RCW 35.21.875 and 35A.21.230 relating to the designation of an official newspaper; RCW 36.16.138 relating to liability insurance; RCW 35.22.620, 35.23.352, and 35A.40.210, as appropriate, and statutes referenced therein relating to public contracts and bidding; and chapter 39.34 RCW relating to interlocal cooperation. Tax anticipation or revenue anticipation notes or warrants and other short-term obligations may be issued and funds may be borrowed on the security of these instruments during this interim period, as provided in chapter 39.50 RCW. Funds also may be borrowed from federal, state, and other governmental agencies in the same manner as if the city or town were officially incorporated.

RCW 84.52.020 and 84.52.070 shall apply to the extent that they may be applicable, and the governing body of such city or town may take appropriate action by ordinance during the interim period to adopt the property tax levy for its first full calendar year following the interim period.

The governing body of the new city or town may acquire needed facilities, supplies, equipment, insurance, and staff during this interim period as if the city or town were in existence. An interim city manager or administrator, who shall have such administrative powers and duties as are delegated by the governing body, may be appointed to serve only until the official date of incorporation. After the official date of incorporation the governing body of such a new city organized under the council manager form of government may extend the appointment of such an interim manager or administrator with such limited powers as the governing body determines, for up to ninety days. This governing body may submit ballot propositions to the voters of the city or town to authorize taxes to be collected on or after the official date of incorporation, or authorize an annexation of the city or town by a fire protection district or library district to be effective immediately upon the effective date of the incorporation as a city or town.

The boundaries of a newly incorporated city or town shall be deemed to be established for purposes of RCW 84.09.030 on the date that the results of the initial election on the question of incorporation are certified or the first day of January following the date of this election if the newly incorporated city or town does not impose property taxes in the same year that the voters approve the incorporation.

The newly elected officials shall take office immediately upon their election and qualification with limited powers during this interim period as provided in this section. They shall acquire their full powers as of the official date of incorporation and shall continue in office until their successors are elected and qualified at the next general municipal election after the official date of incorporation: PROVIDED, That if the date of the next general municipal election is less than twelve months after the date of the first election of councilmembers, those initially elected councilmembers shall serve until their successors are elected and qualified at the next following general municipal election as provided in RCW 29.04.170. For purposes of this section, the general municipal election shall be the date on which city and town general elections are held throughout the state of Washington, pursuant to RCW 29.13.020.

In any newly incorporated city that has adopted the council-manager form of government, the term of office of the mayor, during the interim period only, shall be set by the council, and thereafter shall be as provided by law.

The official date of incorporation shall be on a date from one hundred eighty to three hundred sixty days after the date of the election on the question of incorporation, as specified in a resolution adopted by the governing body during this interim period. A copy of the resolution shall be filed with the county legislative authority of the county in which all or the major portion of the newly incorporated city or town is located. If the governing body fails to adopt such a resolution, the official date of incorporation shall be three hundred sixty days after the date of the election on the question of incorporation. The county legislative authority of the county in which all or the major portion of the newly incorporated city or town is located shall file a notice with the county assessor that the city or town has been authorized to be incorporated immediately after the favorable results of the election on
the question of incorporation have been certified. The county legislative authority shall file a notice with the secretary of state that the city or town is incorporated as of the official date of incorporation.

Sec. 12. RCW 35.22.010 and 1965 c 7 s 35.22.010 are each amended to read as follows:
Cities of the first class shall be organized and governed according to the law providing for the government of cities having a population of ((twenty)) ten thousand or more inhabitants that have adopted a charter in accordance with Article ((XI)) XI, section 10 of the state Constitution.

Sec. 13. RCW 35.23.051 and 1995 c 134 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
General municipal elections in second class cities ((not operating under the commission form of government)) shall be held biennially in the odd-numbered years and shall be subject to general election law.

The terms of office of the mayor, city attorney, clerk, and treasurer shall be four years and until their successors are elected and qualified and assume office in accordance with RCW 29.04.170: PROVIDED, That if the offices of city attorney, clerk, and treasurer are made appointive, the city attorney, clerk, and treasurer shall not be appointed for a definite term: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the term of the elected treasurer shall not commence in the same biennium in which the term of the mayor commences, nor in which the terms of the city attorney and clerk commence if they are elected.

Council positions shall be numbered in each second class city so that council position seven has a two-year term of office and council positions one through six shall each have four-year terms of office. Each councilmember shall remain in office until a successor is elected and qualified and assumes office in accordance with RCW 29.04.170.

In its discretion the council of a second class city may divide the city by ordinance, into a convenient number of wards, not exceeding six, fix the boundaries of the wards, and change the ward boundaries from time to time and as provided in RCW 29.70.100. No change in the boundaries of any ward shall be made within one hundred twenty days next before the date of a general municipal election, nor within twenty months after the wards have been established or altered. However, if a boundary change results in one ward being represented by more councilmembers than the number to which it is entitled, those having the shortest unexpired terms shall be assigned by the council to wards where there is a vacancy, and the councilmembers so assigned shall be deemed to be residents of the wards to which they are assigned for purposes of determining whether those positions are vacant.

Whenever such city is so divided into wards, the city council shall designate by ordinance the number of councilmembers to be elected from each ward, apportioning the same in proportion to the population of the wards. Thereafter the councilmembers so designated shall be elected by the voters resident in such ward, or by general vote of the whole city as may be designated in such ordinance. Council position seven shall not be associated with a ward and the person elected to that position may reside anywhere in the city and voters throughout the city may vote at a primary to nominate candidates for position seven, when a primary is necessary, and at a general election to select the person to council position seven. (When) Additional territory that is added to the city ((it may)) shall, by act of the council, be annexed to contiguous wards without affecting the right to redistrict at the expiration of twenty months after last previous division. The removal of a councilmember from the ward for which he or she was elected shall create a vacancy in such office.

Wards shall be redrawn as provided in chapter 29.70 RCW. Wards shall be used as follows:
(1) Only a resident of the ward may be a candidate for, or hold office as, a councilmember of the ward; and (2) only voters of the ward may vote at a primary to nominate candidates for a councilmember of the ward. Voters of the entire city may vote at the general election to elect a councilmember of a ward, unless the city had prior to January 1, 1994, limited the voting in the general election for any or all council positions to only voters residing within the ward associated with the council positions. If a city had so limited the voting in the general election to only voters residing within the ward, then the city shall be authorized to continue to do so. The elections for the remaining council position or council positions that are not associated with a ward shall be conducted as if the wards did not exist.

Sec. 14. RCW 35.33.020 and 1985 c 175 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
The provisions of this chapter apply to all cities of the first class ((which)) that have a population of less than three hundred thousand, to all cities of the second ((and third classes)) class.
and to all towns, except those cities and towns (which) that have adopted an ordinance under RCW 35.34.040 providing for a biennial budget.

Sec. 15. RCW 35.34.020 and 1985 c 175 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
This chapter applies to all cities of the first( and second( and third )) classes and to all towns (which) that have by ordinance adopted this chapter authorizing the adoption of a fiscal biennium budget.

Sec. 16. RCW 35.86.010 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 221 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Cities of the first( and second( and third )) classes are authorized to provide off-street parking space and facilities located on land dedicated for park or civic center purposes, or on other municipally-owned land where the primary purpose of such off-street parking facility is to provide parking for persons who use such park or civic center facilities. In addition a city may own other off-street parking facilities and operate them in accordance with RCW 35.86A.120.

Sec. 17. RCW 35A.06.020 and 1995 c 134 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
The classifications of municipalities (which existed prior to the time this title goes into effect) as first class cities, second class cities, unclassified cities, and towns( and the restrictions, limitations, duties, and obligations specifically imposed by law upon such classes of cities and towns, shall have no application to noncharter code cities, but every noncharter code city, by adopting such classification, has elected to be governed by the provisions of this title, with the powers granted hereby. However, any code city that retains its old plan of government is subject to the laws applicable to that old plan of government until the city abandons its old plan of government and reorganizes and adopts a plan of government under chapter 35A.12 or 35A.13 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 35.13 RCW to read as follows:
A city or town may not annex territory located in a county with a population of less than six hundred sixty thousand in which the city or town is not currently located, if the territory proposed to be annexed is characterized by industrial or commercial development and was designated as all or part of an urban growth area under RCW 36.70A.110 within two years of the effective date of this act as the result of a decision by a growth management hearings board.
This section expires July 1, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 35A.14 RCW to read as follows:
A code city may not annex territory located in a county with a population of less than six hundred sixty thousand in which the city is not currently located, if the territory proposed to be annexed is characterized by industrial or commercial development and was designated as all or part of an urban growth area under RCW 36.70A.110 within two years of the effective date of this act as the result of a decision by a growth management hearings board.
This section expires July 1, 1999.

Sec. 20. RCW 35.13.005 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 17 s 30 are each amended to read as follows:
((No)) A city or town may not annex territory located in a county in which urban growth areas have been designated under RCW 36.70A.110 (may annex territory) that is located beyond an urban growth area unless the territory is annexed under RCW 35.13.180.

Sec. 21. RCW 35A.14.005 and 1990 1st ex.s. c 17 s 31 are each amended to read as follows:
((No)) A code city may not annex territory located in a county in which urban growth areas have been designated under RCW 36.70A.110 (may annex territory) that is located beyond an urban growth area unless the territory is annexed under RCW 35A.14.300.

Sec. 22. RCW 35.13.180 and 1994 c 81 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
City and town councils (of second class cities and towns) may by a majority vote annex new unincorporated territory outside the city or town limits, whether contiguous or noncontiguous for park, cemetery, or other municipal purposes when such territory is owned by the city or town (or all of the owners of the real property in the territory give their written consent to the annexation)).
Sec. 23. RCW 36.70A.110 and 1995 c 400 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall designate an urban growth area or areas within which urban growth shall be encouraged and outside of which growth can occur only if it is not urban in nature. Each city that is located in such a county shall be included within an urban growth area, except that an area owned by a city or town that was annexed to the city or town under RCW 35.13.180 or 35A.14.300 may be located outside of an urban growth area. An urban growth area may include more than a single city. An urban growth area may include territory that is located outside of a city only if such territory already is characterized by urban growth whether or not the urban growth area includes a city, or is adjacent to territory already characterized by urban growth, or is a designated new fully contained community as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(2) Based upon the growth management population projection made for the county by the office of financial management, the urban growth areas in the county shall include areas and densities sufficient to permit the urban growth that is projected to occur in the county for the succeeding twenty-year period. Each urban growth area shall permit urban densities and shall include greenbelt and open space areas. An urban growth area determination may include a reasonable land market supply factor and shall permit a range of urban densities and uses. In determining this market factor, cities and counties may consider local circumstances. Cities and counties have discretion in their comprehensive plans to make many choices about accommodating growth.

Within one year of July 1, 1990, each county that as of June 1, 1991, was required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, shall begin consulting with each city located within its boundaries and each city shall propose the location of an urban growth area. Within sixty days of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall begin this consultation with each city located within its boundaries. The county shall attempt to reach agreement with each city on the location of an urban growth area within which the city is located. If such an agreement is not reached with each city located within the urban growth area, the county shall justify in writing why it so designated the area an urban growth area. A city may object formally with the department over the designation of the urban growth area within which it is located. Where appropriate, the department shall attempt to resolve the conflicts, including the use of mediation services.

(3) Urban growth should be located first in areas already characterized by urban growth that have adequate existing public facility and service capacities to serve such development, second in areas already characterized by urban growth that will be served adequately by a combination of both existing public facilities and services and any additional needed public facilities and services that are provided by either public or private sources, and third in the remaining portions of the urban growth areas. Urban growth may also be located in designated new fully contained communities as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(4) In general, cities are the units of local government most appropriate to provide urban governmental services. In general, it is not appropriate that urban governmental services be extended to or expanded in rural areas except in those limited circumstances shown to be necessary to protect basic public health and safety and the environment and when such services are financially supportable at rural densities and do not permit urban development.

(5) On or before October 1, 1993, each county that was initially required to plan under RCW 36.70A.040(1) shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Within three years and three months of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Adoption of the interim urban growth areas may only occur after public notice; public hearing; and compliance with the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, and RCW 36.70A.110. Such action may be appealed to the appropriate growth management hearings board under RCW 36.70A.280. Final urban growth areas shall be adopted at the time of comprehensive plan adoption under this chapter.

(6) Each county shall include designations of urban growth areas in its comprehensive plan.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. RCW 35.21.620 shall be recodified as a section in chapter 35.22 RCW.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1) RCW 35.07.030 and 1965 c 7 s 35.07.030;
(2) RCW 35.17.160 and 1965 c 7 s 35.17.160;
(3) RCW 35.23.390 and 1965 c 7 s 35.23.390;
(4) RCW 35.23.400 and 1965 c 7 s 35.23.400;
(5) RCW 35.21.600 and 1979 c 151 s 27, 1965 ex.s. c 47 s 6, & 1965 c 7 s 3 .21.600;
(6) RCW 35.21.610 and 1965 ex.s. c 47 s 1; and
(7) RCW 35A.61.010 and 1967 ex.s. c 119 s 35A.61.010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

Correct the title accordingly.

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee report on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives D. Schmidt and Scott spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Lantz and Gardner spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336 as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 65, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Skinner - 1.

Substitute Senate Bill No. 5336, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1022,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1478,
Financing a stadium and exhibition center and technology grants.

Representative B. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative B. Thomas: (691)

On page 1, strike everything before line 4

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 27-YEAS; 68-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Van Luven: (741)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"PART I
AUTHORITY CREATION AND POWERS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Design" includes architectural, engineering, and other related professional services.

(2) "Develop" means, generally, the process of planning, designing, financing, constructing, owning, operating, and leasing a project such as a stadium and exhibition center.

(3) "Permanent seat license" means a transferable license sold to a third party that, subject to certain conditions, restrictions, and limitations, entitles the third party to purchase a season ticket to professional football games of the professional football team played in the stadium and exhibition center for so long as the team plays its games in that facility.

(4) "Preconstruction" includes negotiations, including negotiations with any team affiliate, planning, studies, design, and other activities reasonably necessary before constructing a stadium and exhibition center.

(5) "Professional football team" means a team that is a member of the national football league or similar professional football association.

(6) "Public stadium authority operation" means the formation and ongoing operation of the public stadium authority, including the hiring of employees, agents, attorneys, and other contractors, and the acquisition and operation of office facilities.

(7) "Site acquisition" means the purchase or other acquisition of any interest in real property including fee simple interests and easements, which property interests constitute the site for a stadium and exhibition center.
"Site preparation" includes demolition of existing improvements, environmental remediation, site excavation, shoring, and construction and maintenance of temporary traffic and pedestrian routing.

"Stadium and exhibition center" means an open-air stadium suitable for national football league football and for Olympic and world cup soccer, with adjacent exhibition facilities, together with associated parking facilities and other ancillary facilities.

"Team affiliate" means a professional football team that will use the stadium and exhibition center, and any affiliate of the team designated by the team. An "affiliate of the team" means any person or entity that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the team.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. (1) A public stadium authority may be created in any county that has entered into a letter of intent relating to the development of a stadium and exhibition center under chapter . . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act) with a team affiliate or an entity that has a contractual right to become a team affiliate.

(2) A public stadium authority shall be created upon adoption of a resolution providing for the creation of such an authority by the county legislative authority in which the proposed authority is located.

(3) A public stadium authority shall constitute a body corporate and shall possess all the usual powers of a corporation for public purposes as well as all other powers that may now or hereafter be specifically conferred by statute, including, but not limited to, the authority to hire employees, staff, and services, to enter into contracts, and to sue and be sued.

(4) The legislative authority of the county in which the public stadium authority is located, or the council of any city located in that county, may transfer property to the public stadium authority created under this chapter. Property encumbered by debt may be transferred by a county legislative authority or a city council to a public stadium authority created to develop a stadium and exhibition center under section 105 of this act, but obligation for payment of the debt may not be transferred.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. (1) A public stadium authority shall be governed by a board of directors consisting of seven members appointed by the governor. The speaker of the house of representatives, the minority leader of the house of representatives, the majority leader of the senate, and the minority leader of the senate shall each recommend to the governor a person to be appointed to the board.

(2) Members of the board of directors shall serve four-year terms of office, except that three of the initial seven board members shall serve two-year terms of office. The governor shall designate the initial terms of office for the initial members who are appointed.

(3) A vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment was made and the person appointed to fill a vacancy shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term of the office for the position to which he or she was appointed.

(4) A director appointed by the governor may be removed from office by the governor.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. (1) There is created a public stadium authority advisory committee comprised of five members. The advisory committee consists of: The director of the office of financial management, who shall serve as chair; two members appointed by the house of representatives, one each appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives and the minority leader of the house of representatives; and two members appointed by the senate, one each appointed by the majority leader of the senate and the minority leader of the senate.

(2) The advisory committee, prior to the final approval of any lease with the master tenant or sale of stadium naming rights, shall review and comment on the proposed lease agreement or sale of stadium naming rights.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. (1) The public stadium authority is authorized to acquire, construct, own, remodel, maintain, equip, reequip, repair, and operate a stadium and exhibition center as defined in section 101 of this act.

(2) The public stadium authority may enter into agreements under chapter 39.34 RCW for the joint provision and operation of a stadium and exhibition center and may enter into contracts under chapter 39.34 RCW where any party to the contract provides and operates the stadium and exhibition center for the other party or parties to the contract.
Any employees of the public stadium authority shall be unclassified employees not subject to the provisions of chapter 41.06 RCW and a public stadium authority may contract with a public or private entity for the operation or management of the stadium and exhibition center.

The public stadium authority is authorized to use the alternative supplemental public works contracting procedures set forth in chapter 39.10 RCW in connection with the design, construction, reconstruction, remodel, or alteration of a stadium and exhibition center.

The public stadium authority may impose charges and fees for the use of the stadium and exhibition center, and may accept and expend or use gifts, grants, and donations.

The public stadium authority shall comply with the prevailing wage requirements of chapter 39.12 RCW and goals established for women and minority-business participation for the county.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. In addition to other powers and restrictions on a public stadium authority, the following apply to a public stadium authority created to develop a stadium and exhibition center under section 105 of this act:

1. The public stadium authority, in consultation with the team affiliate, shall have the authority to determine the stadium and exhibition center site;

2. The public stadium authority, in consultation with the team affiliate, shall have the authority to establish the overall scope of the stadium and exhibition center project, including, but not limited to, stadium and exhibition center itself, associated exhibition facilities, associated parking facilities, associated retail and office development that are part of the stadium and exhibition center, and ancillary services and facilities;

3. The public stadium authority, in consultation with the team affiliate, shall have the authority to make the final determination of the stadium and exhibition center overall design and specification;

4. The public stadium authority shall have the authority to contract with a team affiliate for the provision of architectural, engineering, environmental, and other professional services related to the stadium and exhibition center site, design options, required environmental studies, and necessary permits for the stadium and exhibition center;

5. The public stadium authority, in consultation with the team affiliate, shall have the authority to establish the project budget on the stadium and exhibition center project;

6. The public stadium authority, in consultation with the team affiliate, shall have the authority to make recommendations to the state finance committee regarding the structure of the financing of the stadium and exhibition center project;

7. The public stadium authority shall have the authority to enter into a development agreement with a team affiliate whereby the team affiliate may control the development of the stadium and exhibition center project, consistent with subsections (1) through (6) of this section, in consideration of which the team affiliate assumes the risk of costs of development that are in excess of the project budget established under subsection (5) of this section. Under the development agreement, the team affiliate shall determine bidding specifications and requirements, and other aspects of development. Under the development agreement, the team affiliate shall determine procurement procedures and other aspects of development, and shall select and engage an architect or architects and a contractor or contractors for the stadium and exhibition center project, provided that the construction, alterations, repairs, or improvements of the stadium and exhibition center shall be subject to the prevailing wage requirements of chapter 39.12 RCW and all phases of the development shall be subject to the goals established for women and minority-business participation for the county where the stadium and exhibition center is located. The team affiliate shall, to the extent feasible, hire local residents and in particular residents from the areas immediately surrounding the stadium and exhibition center during the construction and ongoing operation of the stadium and exhibition center;

8. The public stadium authority shall have the authority to enter into a long-term lease agreement with a team affiliate whereby, in consideration of the payment of fair rent that is solely intended to cover the reasonable operating expenses of the public stadium authority and assumption of operating and maintenance responsibilities, risk, legal liability, and costs associated with the stadium and exhibition center, the team affiliate becomes the sole master tenant of the stadium and exhibition center. The team affiliate shall provide a guarantee, security, or a letter of credit from a person or entity with a net worth in excess of one hundred million dollars that guarantees a maximum of ten years’ payments of fair rent under the lease in the event of the bankruptcy or insolvency of the team affiliate. The master tenant shall have the power to sublease and enter into use, license, and concession agreements with various users of the stadium and exhibition center including the professional football
team, and the master tenant has the right to name the stadium and exhibition center, subject to section 107 of this act. The master tenant shall meet goals, established by the county where the stadium and exhibition center is located, for women and minority employment for the operation of the stadium and exhibition center. The master tenant shall have the right to retain revenues derived from the operation of the stadium and exhibition center, including revenues from the sublease and uses, license and concession agreements, revenues from suite licenses, concessions, advertising, long-term naming rights subject to section 107 of this act, and parking revenue. If federal law permits interest on bonds issued to finance the stadium and exhibition center to be treated as tax exempt for federal income tax purposes, the public stadium authority and the team affiliate shall endeavor to structure and limit the amounts, sources, and uses of any payments received by the state, the county, the public stadium authority, or any related governmental entity for the use or in respect to the stadium and exhibition center in such a manner as to permit the interest on those bonds to be tax exempt;

(9) The public stadium authority may reserve the right to discuss profit sharing from the stadium and exhibition center from sources that have not been identified at the time the long-term lease agreement is executed;

(10) The public stadium authority, in consultation with the team affiliate, must work to secure the hosting of a Super Bowl, if the hosting requirements are changed by the national football league or similar professional football association;

(11) The public stadium authority shall work with surrounding areas to mitigate the impact of the construction and operation of the stadium and exhibition center;

(12) The public stadium authority, in consultation with the office of financial management, shall negotiate filming rights of the demolition of the existing domed stadium on the stadium and exhibition center site. All revenues derived from the filming of the demolition of the existing domed stadium shall be deposited into the film and video promotion account created in section 222 of this act; and

(13) The public stadium authority shall have the authority, upon the agreement of the team affiliate, to sell permanent seat licenses, and the team affiliate may act as the sales agent for this purpose.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. Revenues from the sales of naming rights of a stadium and exhibition center developed under section 105 of this act may only be used for costs associated with capital improvements associated with modernization and maintenance of the stadium and exhibition center. The sales of naming rights are subject to the reasonable approval of the public stadium authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. A public stadium authority may accept and expend moneys that may be donated for the purpose of a stadium and exhibition center.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. (1) The public stadium authority, the county, and the city, if any, in which the stadium and exhibition center is to be located shall enter into one or more agreements regarding the construction of a stadium and exhibition center. The agreements shall address, but not be limited to:

(a) Expedited permit processing for the design and construction of the stadium and exhibition center project;
(b) Expedited environmental review processing;
(c) Expedited processing of requests for street, right of way, or easement vacations necessary for the construction of the stadium and exhibition center project; and
(d) Other items deemed necessary for the design and construction of the stadium and exhibition center project.

(2) The county shall assemble such real property and associated personal property as the public stadium authority determines to be necessary as a site for the stadium and exhibition center. Property that is necessary for this purpose that is owned by the county on or after the effective date of this section shall be contributed to the authority, and property that is necessary for this purpose that is acquired by the county on or after the effective date of this section shall be conveyed to the authority. Property that is encumbered by debt may be transferred by the county to the authority, but obligation for payment of the debt may not be transferred.
(3) A new exhibition facility of at least three hundred twenty-five thousand square feet, with adequate on-site parking, shall be constructed and operational before any domed stadium in the county is demolished or rendered unusable. Demolition of any existing structure and construction of the stadium and exhibition center shall be reasonably executed in a manner that minimizes impacts, including access and parking, upon existing facilities, users, and neighborhoods. No county or city may exercise authority under any landmarks preservation statute or ordinance in order to prevent or delay the demolition of any existing domed stadium at the site of the stadium and exhibition center.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. A public stadium authority may acquire and transfer real and personal property by lease, sublease, purchase, or sale.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. The board of directors of the public stadium authority shall adopt a resolution that may be amended from time to time that shall establish the basic requirements governing methods and amounts of reimbursement payable to such authority and employees for travel and other business expenses incurred on behalf of the authority. The resolution shall, among other things, establish procedures for approving such expenses; the form of the travel and expense voucher; and requirements governing the use of credit cards issued in the name of the authority. The resolution may also establish procedures for payment of per diem to board members. The state auditor shall, as provided by general law, cooperate with the public stadium authority in establishing adequate procedures for regulating and auditing the reimbursement of all such expenses.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. The board of directors of the public stadium authority may authorize payment of actual and necessary expenses of officers and employees for lodging, meals, and travel-related costs incurred in attending meetings or conferences on behalf of the public stadium authority and strictly in the public interest and for public purposes. Officers and employees may be advanced sufficient sums to cover their anticipated expenses in accordance with rules adopted by the state auditor, which shall substantially conform to the procedures provided in RCW 43.03.150 through 43.03.210.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. Each member of the board of directors of the public stadium authority may receive compensation of fifty dollars per day for attending meetings or conferences on behalf of the authority, not to exceed three thousand dollars per year. A director may waive all or a portion of his or her compensation under this section as to a month or months during his or her term of office, by a written waiver filed with the public stadium authority. The compensation provided in this section is in addition to reimbursement for expenses paid to the directors by the public stadium authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 114. The board of directors of the public stadium authority may purchase liability insurance with such limits as the directors may deem reasonable for the purpose of protecting and holding personally harmless authority officers and employees against liability for personal or bodily injuries and property damage arising from their acts or omissions while performing or in good faith purporting to perform their official duties.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 115. Whenever an action, claim, or proceeding is instituted against a person who is or was an officer or employee of the public stadium authority arising out of the performance of duties for or employment with the authority, the public stadium authority may grant a request by the person that the attorney of the authority’s choosing be authorized to defend the claim, suit, or proceeding, and the costs of defense, attorneys’ fees, and obligation for payments arising from the action may be paid from the authority’s funds. Costs of defense or judgment or settlement against the person shall not be paid in a case where the court has found that the person was not acting in good faith or within the scope of employment with or duties for the public stadium authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 116. The board of directors of the public stadium authority shall have authority to authorize the expenditure of funds for the public purposes of preparing and distributing information to the general public about the stadium and exhibition center.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 117. The public stadium authority shall have authority to create and fill positions, fix wages and salaries, pay costs involved in securing or arranging to secure employees, and establish benefits for employees, including holiday pay, vacations or vacation pay, retirement benefits, medical, life, accident, or health disability insurance, as approved by the board. Public stadium authority board members, at their own expense, shall be entitled to medical, life, accident, or health disability insurance. Insurance for employees and board members shall not be considered compensation. Authority coverage for the board is not to exceed that provided public stadium authority employees.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 118. The public stadium authority may secure services by means of an agreement with a service provider. The public stadium authority shall publish notice, establish criteria, receive and evaluate proposals, and negotiate with respondents under requirements set forth by authority resolution.

PART II
FINANCING

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. (1) The governing board of a public stadium authority may apply for deferral of taxes on the construction of buildings, site preparation, and the acquisition of related machinery and equipment for a stadium and exhibition center. Application shall be made to the department of revenue in a form and manner prescribed by the department of revenue. The application shall contain information regarding the location of the stadium and exhibition center, estimated or actual costs, time schedules for completion and operation, and other information required by the department of revenue. The department of revenue shall approve the application within sixty days if it meets the requirements of this section.

(2) The department of revenue shall issue a sales and use tax deferral certificate for state and local sales and use taxes due under chapters 82.08, 82.12, and 82.14 RCW on the public facility.

(3) The public stadium authority shall begin paying the deferred taxes in the fifth year after the date certified by the department of revenue as the date on which the stadium and exhibition center is operationally complete. The first payment is due on December 31st of the fifth calendar year after such certified date, with subsequent annual payments due on December 31st of the following nine years. Each payment shall equal ten percent of the deferred tax.

(4) The department of revenue may authorize an accelerated repayment schedule upon request of the public stadium authority.

(5) Interest shall not be charged on any taxes deferred under this section for the period of deferral, although all other penalties and interest applicable to delinquent excise taxes may be assessed and imposed for delinquent payments under this section. The debt for deferred taxes is not extinguished by insolvency or other failure of the public stadium authority.

(6) The repayment of deferred taxes and interest, if any, shall be deposited into the stadium and exhibition center account created in section 214 of this act and used to retire bonds issued under section 210 of this act to finance the construction of the stadium and exhibition center.

(7) Applications and any other information received by the department of revenue under this section are not confidential and are subject to disclosure. Chapter 82.32 RCW applies to the administration of this section.

Sec. 202. RCW 82.29A.130 and 1995 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 307 are each amended to read as follows: The following leasehold interests shall be exempt from taxes imposed pursuant to RCW 82.29A.030 and 82.29A.040:

(1) All leasehold interests constituting a part of the operating properties of any public utility which is assessed and taxed as a public utility pursuant to chapter 84.12 RCW.

(2) All leasehold interests in facilities owned or used by a school, college or university which leasehold provides housing for students and which is otherwise exempt from taxation under provisions of RCW 84.36.010 and 84.36.050.

(3) All leasehold interests of subsidized housing where the fee ownership of such property is vested in the government of the United States, or the state of Washington or any political subdivision thereof but only if income qualification exists for such housing.
(4) All leasehold interests used for fair purposes of a nonprofit fair association that sponsors or conducts a fair or fairs which receive support from revenues collected pursuant to RCW 67.16.100 and allocated by the director of the department of agriculture where the fee ownership of such property is vested in the government of the United States, the state of Washington or any of its political subdivisions: PROVIDED, That this exemption shall not apply to the leasehold interest of any sublessee of such nonprofit fair association if such leasehold interest would be taxable if it were the primary lease.

(5) All leasehold interests in any property of any public entity used as a residence by an employee of that public entity who is required as a condition of employment to live in the publicly owned property.

(6) All leasehold interests held by enrolled Indians of lands owned or held by any Indian or Indian tribe where the fee ownership of such property is vested in or held in trust by the United States and which are not subleased to other than to a lessee which would qualify pursuant to this chapter, RCW 84.36.451 and 84.40.175.

(7) All leasehold interests in any real property of any Indian or Indian tribe, band, or community that is held in trust by the United States or is subject to a restriction against alienation imposed by the United States: PROVIDED, That this exemption shall apply only where it is determined that contract rent paid is greater than or equal to ninety percent of fair market rental, to be determined by the department of revenue using the same criteria used to establish taxable rent in RCW 82.29A.020(2)(b).

(8) All leasehold interests for which annual taxable rent is less than two hundred fifty dollars per year. For purposes of this subsection leasehold interests held by the same lessee in contiguous properties owned by the same lessor shall be deemed a single leasehold interest.

(9) All leasehold interests which give use or possession of the leased property for a continuous period of less than thirty days: PROVIDED, That for purposes of this subsection, successive leases or lease renewals giving substantially continuous use of possession of the same property to the same lessee shall be deemed a single leasehold interest: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no leasehold interest shall be deemed to give use or possession for a period of less than thirty days solely by virtue of the reservation by the public lessor of the right to use the property or to allow third parties to use the property on an occasional, temporary basis.

(10) All leasehold interests under month-to-month leases in residential units rented for residential purposes of the lessee pending destruction or removal for the purpose of constructing a public highway or building.

(11) All leasehold interests in any publicly owned real or personal property to the extent such leasehold interests arises solely by virtue of a contract for public improvements or work executed under the public works statutes of this state or of the United States between the public owner of the property and a contractor.

(12) All leasehold interests that give use or possession of state adult correctional facilities for the purposes of operating correctional industries under RCW 72.09.100.

(13) All leasehold interests used to provide organized and supervised recreational activities for disabled persons of all ages in a camp facility and for public recreational purposes by a nonprofit organization, association, or corporation that would be exempt from property tax under RCW 84.36.030(1) if it owned the property. If the publicly owned property is used for any taxable purpose, the leasehold excise taxes set forth in RCW 82.29A.030 and 82.29A.040 shall be imposed and shall be apportioned accordingly.

(14) All leasehold interests in the public or entertainment areas of a baseball stadium with natural turf and a retractable roof or canopy that is in a county with a population of over one million, that has a seating capacity of over forty thousand, and that is constructed on or after January 1, 1995. "Public or entertainment areas" include ticket sales areas, ramps and stairs, lobbies and concourses, parking areas, concession areas, restaurants, hospitality and stadium club areas, kitchens or other work areas primarily servicing other public or entertainment areas, public rest room areas, press and media areas, control booths, broadcast and production areas, retail sales areas, museum and exhibit areas, scoreboards or other public displays, storage areas, loading, staging, and servicing areas, seating areas and suites, the playing field, and any other areas to which the public has access or which are used for the production of the entertainment event or other public usage, and any other personal property used for these purposes. "Public or entertainment areas" does not include locker rooms or private offices exclusively used by the lessee.
(15) All leasehold interests in the public or entertainment areas of a stadium and exhibition center, as defined in section 101 of this act, that is constructed on or after January 1, 1998. For the purposes of this subsection, “public or entertainment areas” has the same meaning as in subsection (14) of this section, and includes exhibition areas.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows: The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to vehicle parking charges that are subject to tax under section 302 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. A new section is added to chapter 82.14 RCW to read as follows: (1) The legislative authority of a county that has created a public stadium authority to develop a stadium and exhibition center under section 105 of this act may impose a sales and use tax in accordance with this chapter. The tax is in addition to other taxes authorized by law and shall be collected from those persons who are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW upon the occurrence of any taxable event within the county. The rate of tax shall be 0.016 percent of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or value of the article used in the case of a use tax. (2) The tax imposed under subsection (1) of this section shall be deducted from the amount of tax otherwise required to be collected or paid over to the department of revenue under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW. The department of revenue shall perform the collection of such taxes on behalf of the county at no cost to the county. (3) Before the issuance of bonds in section 210 of this act, all revenues collected on behalf of the county under this section shall be transferred to the public stadium authority. After bonds are issued under section 210 of this act, all revenues collected on behalf of the county under this section shall be deposited in the stadium and exhibition center account under section 214 of this act. (4) The definitions in section 101 of this act apply to this section. (5) This section expires on the earliest of the following dates: (a) December 31, 1999, if the conditions for issuance of bonds under section 210 of this act have not been met before that date; (b) The date on which all bonds issued under section 210 of this act have been retired; or (c) Twenty-three years after the date the tax under this section is first imposed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. A new section is added to chapter 67.70 RCW to read as follows: The lottery commission shall conduct new games that are in addition to any games conducted under RCW 67.70.042 and are intended to generate additional moneys sufficient to cover the distributions under RCW 67.70.240(5). No game may be conducted under this section before January 1, 1998. No game may be conducted under this section after December 31, 1999, unless the conditions for issuance of the bonds under section 210(2) of this act are met, and no game is required to be conducted after the distributions cease under RCW 67.70.240(5). For the purposes of this section, the lottery may accept and market prize promotions provided in conjunction with private-sector marketing efforts.

Sec. 206. RCW 67.70.240 and 1995 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 105 are each amended to read as follows: The moneys in the state lottery account shall be used only: (1) For the payment of prizes to the holders of winning lottery tickets or shares; (2) For purposes of making deposits into the reserve account created by RCW 67.70.250 and into the lottery administrative account created by RCW 67.70.260; (3) For purposes of making deposits into the state’s general fund; (4) (for purposes of making deposits into the housing trust fund under the provisions of section 7 of this 1987 act; (5))) For distribution to a county for the purpose of paying the principal and interest payments on bonds issued by the county to construct a baseball stadium, as defined in RCW 82.14.0485, including reasonably necessary preconstruction costs(((6) for the purchase and promotion of lottery games and game-related services; and (7) for the payment of agent compensation)). Three million dollars shall be distributed under this subsection (((5) of this section)) during calendar year 1996. During subsequent years, such distributions shall equal the prior year’s distributions increased by four percent. Distributions under this subsection (((5) of this section)) shall cease when the bonds issued for the construction of the baseball stadium are retired, but not more than twenty years after the tax under RCW 82.14.0485 is first imposed;
(5) For distribution to the stadium and exhibition center account, created in section 214 of this act. Subject to the conditions of section 215 of this act, six million dollars shall be distributed under this subsection during the calendar year 1998. During subsequent years, such distribution shall equal the prior year’s distributions increased by four percent. No distribution may be made under this subsection after December 31, 1999, unless the conditions for issuance of the bonds under section 210(2) of this act are met. Distributions under this subsection shall cease when the bonds are retired, but not later than December 31, 2020;

(6) For the purchase and promotion of lottery games and game-related services; and
(7) For the payment of agent compensation.

The office of financial management shall require the allotment of all expenses paid from the account and shall report to the ways and means committees of the senate and house of representatives any changes in the allotments.

Sec. 207. RCW 67.70.042 and 1995 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 104 are each amended to read as follows:

The lottery commission shall conduct at least two but not more than four scratch games with sports themes per year. These games are intended to generate additional money sufficient to cover the distributions under RCW 67.70.240((5)) (4).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. A new section is added to chapter 67.70 RCW to read as follows:

The person or entity responsible for operating a stadium and exhibition center as defined in section 101 of this act shall promote the lottery with any combination of in-kind advertising, sponsorship, or prize promotions, valued at one million dollars annually beginning January 1998 and increased by four percent each year thereafter for the purpose of increasing lottery sales of games authorized under section 205 of this act. The content and value of the advertising sponsorship or prize promotions are subject to reasonable approval in advance by the lottery commission. The obligation of this section shall cease when the distributions under RCW 67.70.240(5) end, but not later than December 31, 2020.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. The definitions in section 101 of this act apply to this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. (1) For the purpose of providing funds to pay for operation of the public stadium authority created under section 102 of this act, to pay for the preconstruction, site acquisition, design, site preparation, construction, owning, leasing, and equipping of the stadium and exhibition center, and to reimburse the county or the public stadium authority for its direct or indirect expenditures or to repay other indebtedness incurred for these purposes, the state finance committee is authorized to issue general obligation bonds of the state of Washington in the sum of three hundred million dollars, or so much thereof as may be required, for these purposes and all costs incidental thereto. Bonds authorized in this section may be sold at such price as the state finance committee shall determine.

(2) Bonds shall not be issued under this section unless the public stadium authority has certified to the director of financial management that:
(a) A professional football team has made a binding and legally enforceable contractual commitment to play all of its regular season and playoff home games in the stadium and exhibition center, other than games scheduled elsewhere by the league, for a period of time not shorter than the term of the bonds issued or to be issued to finance the initial construction of the stadium and exhibition center;
(b) A team affiliate has entered into one or more binding and legally enforceable contractual commitments with a public stadium authority under section 105 of this act that provide that:
   (i) The team affiliate assumes the risks of cost overruns;
   (ii) The team affiliate shall raise at least one hundred million dollars, less the amount, if any, raised by the public stadium authority under section 106(13) of this act. The total one hundred million dollars raised, which may include cash payments and in-kind contributions, but does not include any interest earned on the escrow account described in section 211 of this act, shall be applied toward the reasonably necessary preconstruction, site acquisition, design, site preparation, construction, and equipping of the stadium and exhibition center, or to any associated public purpose separate from bond-financed expenses. No part of the payment may be made without the consent of the public stadium authority. In any event, all amounts to be raised by the team affiliate under (b)(ii) of this subsection
shall be paid or expended before the completion of the construction of the stadium and exhibition center. To the extent possible, contributions shall be structured in a manner that would allow for the issuance of bonds to construct the stadium and exhibition center that are exempt from federal income taxes;

(iii) The team affiliate shall raise at least six million dollars which shall be deposited into the youth athletic facility grant account created in section 214 of this act upon execution of the lease and development agreements in section 106 (7) and (8) of this act;

(iv) At least ten percent of the seats in the stadium for home games of the professional football team shall be for sale at an affordable price. For the purposes of this subsection, "affordable price" means that the price is the average of the lowest ticket prices charged by all other national football league teams;

(v) One executive suite with a minimum of twenty seats must be made available, on a lottery basis, as a free upgrade, at home games of the professional football team, to purchasers of nonexecutive suite and club seat tickets;

(vi) A nonparticipatory interest in the professional football team has been granted to the state beginning on the date on which bonds are issued under this section which only entitles the state to receive ten percent of the gross selling price of the interest in the team that is sold if a majority interest or more of the professional football team is sold within twenty-five years of the date on which bonds are issued under the section. The ten percent shall apply to all preceding sales of interests in the team which comprise the majority interest sold. This provision shall apply only to the first sale of such a majority interest. The ten percent must be used to retire the public debt of the stadium and exhibition center. If the debt is retired at the time of the sale, then the ten percent may only be used for costs associated with capital maintenance, capital improvements, renovations, reequipping, replacement, and operations of the stadium and exhibition center;

(vii) The team affiliate must provide reasonable office space to the public stadium authority without charge;

(viii) The team affiliate, in consultation with the public stadium authority, shall work with surrounding areas to mitigate the impact of the construction and operation of the stadium and exhibition center with a budget of at least ten million dollars dedicated to area mitigation. For purposes of this subsection, "mitigation" includes, but is not limited to, parking facilities and amenities, neighborhood beautification projects and landscaping, financial grants for neighborhood programs intended to mitigate adverse impacts caused by the construction and operation of the stadium and exhibition center, and mitigation measures identified in the environmental impact statement required for the stadium and exhibition center under chapter 43.21C RCW; and

(ix) Twenty percent of the net profit from the operation of the exhibition facility of the stadium and exhibition center shall be deposited into the permanent common school fund. Profits shall be verified by the public stadium authority.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 211. On or before August 1, 1997: (1) The state treasurer and a team affiliate or an entity that has an option to become a team affiliate shall enter into an escrow agreement creating an escrow account; and (2) the team affiliate or the entity that has an option to become a team affiliate shall deposit the sum of fifty million dollars into the escrow account as a credit against the obligation of the team affiliate in section 210(2)(b)(ii) of this act. The escrow agreement shall provide that the fifty million dollar deposit shall be invested by the state treasurer and shall earn interest. If the stadium and exhibition center project proceeds, then the interest on amounts in the escrow account shall be for the benefit of the state, and all amounts in the escrow account, including all principal and interest, shall be distributed to the stadium and exhibition center account. The escrow agreement shall provide for appropriate adjustments based on amounts previously and subsequently raised by the team affiliate under section 210(2)(b)(ii) of this act and amounts previously and subsequently raised by the public stadium authority under section 106(13) of this act. If the stadium and exhibition center project does not proceed, all principal and the interest in the escrow account shall be distributed to the team affiliate or the entity that has an option to become a team affiliate.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 212. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds authorized in section 210 of this act shall be deposited in the stadium and exhibition center construction account, hereby created in the custody of the state treasurer, and shall be used exclusively for the purposes specified in section 210 of this act and for the payment of expenses incurred in the issuance and sale of the bonds. These
The proceeds shall be administered by the office of financial management. Only the director of the office of financial management or the director’s designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to the allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures. At the direction of the office of financial management the state treasurer shall transfer moneys from the stadium and exhibition center construction account to the public stadium authority created in section 102 of this act as required by the public stadium authority.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 213.** The nondebt-limit reimbursable bond retirement account shall be used for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized in section 210 of this act.

The state finance committee shall, on or before June 30th of each year, certify to the state treasurer the amount needed in the ensuing twelve months to meet the bond retirement and interest requirements. On each date on which any interest or principal and interest payment is due, the state treasurer shall transfer from the stadium and exhibition center account to the nondebt-limit reimbursable bond retirement account an amount equal to the amount certified by the state finance committee to be due on the payment date.

Bonds issued under section 210 of this act shall state that they are a general obligation of the state of Washington, shall pledge the full faith and credit of the state to the payment of the principal thereof and the interest thereon, and shall contain an unconditional promise to pay the principal and interest as the same shall become due. If in any year the amount accumulated in the stadium and exhibition center account is insufficient for payment of the principal and interest on the bonds issued under section 210 of this act, the amount of the insufficiency shall be a continuing obligation against the stadium and exhibition center account until paid.

The owner and holder of each of the bonds or the trustee for the owner and holder of any of the bonds may by mandamus or other appropriate proceeding require the transfer and payment of funds as directed in this section.

**NEW SECTION, Sec. 214.** (1) The stadium and exhibition center account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from the taxes imposed under section 204 of this act and distributions under RCW 67.70.240(5) shall be deposited into the account. Only the director of the office of financial management or the director’s designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW. An appropriation is not required for expenditures from this account.

(2) Until bonds are issued under section 210 of this act, up to five million dollars per year beginning January 1, 1999, shall be used for the purposes of subsection (3)(b) of this section, all remaining moneys in the account shall be transferred to the public stadium authority, created under section 102 of this act, to be used for public stadium authority operations and development of the stadium and exhibition center.

(3) After bonds are issued under section 210 of this act, all moneys in the stadium and exhibition center account shall be used exclusively for the following purposes in the following priority:

(a) On or before June 30th of each year, the office of financial management shall accumulate in the stadium and exhibition center account an amount at least equal to the amount required in the next succeeding twelve months for the payment of principal of and interest on the bonds issued under section 210 of this act;

(b) An additional reserve amount not in excess of the expected average annual principal and interest requirements of bonds issued under section 210 of this act shall be accumulated and maintained in the account, subject to withdrawal by the state treasurer at any time if necessary to meet the requirements of (a) of this subsection, and, following any withdrawal, reaccumulated from the first tax revenues and other amounts deposited in the account after meeting the requirements of (a) of this subsection; and

(c) The balance, if any, shall be transferred to the youth athletic facility grant account under subsection (4) of this section.

Any revenues derived from the taxes authorized by RCW 36.38.010(5) and section 302 of this act or other amounts that if used as provided under (a) and (b) of this subsection would cause the loss of any tax exemption under federal law for interest on bonds issued under section 210 of this act shall be deposited in and used exclusively for the purposes of the youth athletic facility grant account and shall not be used, directly or indirectly, as a source of payment of principal of or interest on bonds issued under section 210 of this act, or to replace or reimburse other funds used for that purpose.
Any moneys in the stadium and exhibition center account not required or permitted to be used for the purposes described in subsection (3)(a) and (b) of this section shall be deposited in the youth athletic facility grant account hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only for purposes of grants to cities, counties, and qualified nonprofit organizations for youth athletic facilities. The athletic facility grants may be used for acquiring, developing, equipping, maintaining, and improving youth athletic facilities. Funds shall be divided equally between the development of new athletic facilities, the improvement of existing athletic facilities, and the maintenance of existing athletic facilities. Cities, counties, and qualified nonprofit organizations must submit proposals for grants from the account. To the extent that funds are available, cities, counties, and qualified nonprofit organizations must meet eligibility criteria as established by the director of the interagency committee for outdoor recreation. The grants shall be awarded on a competitive application process and the amount of the grant shall be in proportion to the population of the city or county for where the youth athletic facility is located. Grants awarded in any one year need not be distributed in that year.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 215. Unless the office of financial management certifies by December 31, 1997, that the following conditions have been met, sections 201 through 208 of this act are null and void:

(1) The professional football team that will use the stadium and exhibition center is at least majority-owned and controlled by, directly or indirectly, one or more persons who are each residents of the state of Washington and who have been residents of the state of Washington continuously since at least January 1, 1993;

(2) The county in which the stadium and exhibition center is to be constructed has created a public stadium authority under this chapter to acquire property, construct, own, remodel, maintain, equip, reequip, repair, and operate a stadium and exhibition center;

(3) The county in which the stadium and exhibition center is to be constructed has enacted the taxes authorized in RCW 36.38.010(5) and section 302 of this act; and

(4) The county in which the stadium and exhibition center is to be constructed pledges to maintain and continue the taxes authorized in RCW 36.38.010(5), 67.28.180, and section 302 of this act until the bonds authorized in section 210 of this act are fully redeemed, both principal and interest.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 216. The legislature may provide additional means for raising moneys for the payment of the principal of and interest on the bonds authorized in section 210 of this act, and section 213 of this act shall not be deemed to provide an exclusive method for the payment.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 217. The bonds authorized in section 210 of this act shall be a legal investment for all state funds or funds under state control and for all funds of any other public body.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 218. (1) The total public share of a stadium and exhibition center shall not exceed three hundred million dollars. For the purposes of this section, "total public share" means all state and local funds expended for preconstruction and construction costs of the stadium and exhibition center, including proceeds of any bonds issued for the purposes of the stadium and exhibition center, tax revenues, and interest earned on the escrow account described in section 211 of this act and not including expenditures for deferred sales taxes.

(2) Sections 201 through 207, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (sections 201 through 207 of this act) and this chapter constitute the entire state contribution for a stadium and exhibition center. The state will not make any additional contributions based on revised cost or revenue estimates, cost overruns, unforeseen circumstances, or any other reason.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 219. The bonds authorized for the purposes identified in section 210 of this act are exempt from the statutory limitations of indebtedness under RCW 39.42.060.

Sec. 220. RCW 39.42.060 and 1993 c 52 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

No bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness for borrowed money shall be issued by the state which will cause the aggregate debt contracted by the state to exceed that amount for which payments of principal and interest in any fiscal year would require the state to expend more than seven percent of the arithmetic mean of its general state revenues, as defined in section 1(c) of Article VIII of...
the Washington state Constitution for the three immediately preceding fiscal years as certified by the treasurer in accordance with RCW 39.42.070. It shall be the duty of the state finance committee to compute annually the amount required to pay principal of and interest on outstanding debt. In making such computation, the state finance committee shall include all borrowed money represented by bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness which are secured by the full faith and credit of the state or are required to be paid, directly or indirectly, from general state revenues and which are incurred by the state, any department, authority, public corporation or quasi public corporation of the state, any state university or college, or any other public agency created by the state but not by counties, cities, towns, school districts, or other municipal corporations, and shall include debt incurred pursuant to section 3 of Article VIII of the Washington state Constitution, but shall exclude the following:

1. Obligations for the payment of current expenses of state government;
2. Indebtedness incurred pursuant to RCW 39.42.080 or 39.42.090;
3. Principal of and interest on bond anticipation notes;
4. Any indebtedness which has been refunded;
5. Financing contracts entered into under chapter 39.94 RCW;
6. Indebtedness authorized or incurred before July 1, 1993, pursuant to statute which requires that the state treasury be reimbursed, in the amount of the principal of and the interest on such indebtedness, from money other than general state revenues or from the special excise tax imposed pursuant to chapter 67.40 RCW;
7. Indebtedness authorized and incurred after July 1, 1993, pursuant to statute that requires that the state treasury be reimbursed, in the amount of the principal of and the interest on such indebtedness, from (a) moneys outside the state treasury, except higher education operating fees, (b) higher education building fees, (c) indirect costs recovered from federal grants and contracts, and (d) fees and charges associated with hospitals operated or managed by institutions of higher education;
8. Any agreement, promissory note, or other instrument entered into by the state finance committee under RCW 39.42.030 in connection with its acquisition of bond insurance, letters of credit, or other credit support instruments for the purpose of guaranteeing the payment or enhancing the marketability, or both, of any state bonds, notes, or other evidence of indebtedness; and
9. Indebtedness incurred for the purposes identified in section 210 of this act.

To the extent necessary because of the constitutional or statutory debt limitation, priorities with respect to the issuance or guaranteeing of bonds, notes, or other evidences of indebtedness by the state shall be determined by the state finance committee.

Sec. 221. RCW 43.79A.040 and 1996 c 253 s 409 are each amended to read as follows:

1. Money in the treasurer’s trust fund may be deposited, invested and reinvested by the state treasurer in accordance with RCW 43.84.080 in the same manner and to the same extent as if the money were in the state treasury.
2. All income received from investment of the treasurer's trust fund shall be set aside in an account in the treasury trust fund to be known as the investment income account.
3. The investment income account may be utilized for the payment of purchased banking services on behalf of treasurer's trust funds including, but not limited to, depository, safekeeping, and disbursement functions for the state treasurer or affected state agencies. The investment income account is subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required for payments to financial institutions. Payments shall occur prior to distribution of earnings set forth in subsection (4) of this section.
4. Monthly, the state treasurer shall distribute the earnings credited to the investment income account to the state general fund except under (b) and (c) of this subsection.
   (a) The following accounts and funds shall receive their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account’s or fund’s average daily balance for the period: The agricultural local fund, the American Indian scholarship endowment fund, the Washington international exchange scholarship endowment fund, the energy account, the fair fund, the game farm alternative account, the grain inspection revolving fund, the rural rehabilitation account, the stadium and exhibition center account, the youth athletic facility grant account, and the self-insurance revolving fund. However, the earnings to be distributed shall first be reduced by the allocation to the state treasurer’s service fund pursuant to RCW 43.08.190.
The following accounts and funds shall receive eighty percent of their proportionate share of earnings based upon each account’s or fund’s average daily balance for the period: The advanced right of way revolving fund, the federal narcotics asset forfeitures account, the high occupancy vehicle account, and the local rail service assistance account.

(5) In conformance with Article II, section 37 of the state Constitution, no trust accounts or funds shall be allocated earnings without the specific affirmative directive of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 222. A new section is added to chapter 43.330 RCW to read as follows:

The film and video promotion account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from section 106(12) of this act must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used by the department of community, trade, and economic development only for the purposes of promotion of the film and video production industry in the state of Washington.

PART III
LOCAL CONTRIBUTION

Sec. 301. RCW 36.38.010 and 1995 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 203 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any county may by ordinance enacted by its county legislative authority, levy and fix a tax of not more than one cent on twenty cents or fraction thereof to be paid for county purposes by persons who pay an admission charge to any place, including a tax on persons who are admitted free of charge or at reduced rates to any place for which other persons pay a charge or a regular higher charge for the same or similar privileges or accommodations; and require that one who receives any admission charge to any place shall collect and remit the tax to the county treasurer of the county: PROVIDED, No county shall impose such tax on persons paying an admission to any activity of any elementary or secondary school.

(2) As used in this chapter, the term “admission charge” includes a charge made for season tickets or subscriptions, a cover charge, or a charge made for use of seats and tables, reserved or otherwise, and other similar accommodations; a charge made for food and refreshments in any place where any free entertainment, recreation, or amusement is provided; a charge made for rental or use of equipment or facilities for purpose of recreation or amusement, and where the rental of the equipment or facilities is necessary to the enjoyment of a privilege for which a general admission is charged, the combined charges shall be considered as the admission charge. It shall also include any automobile parking charge where the amount of such charge is determined according to the number of passengers in any automobile.

(3) Subject to subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the tax herein authorized shall not be exclusive and shall not prevent any city or town within the taxing county, when authorized by law, from imposing within its corporate limits a tax of the same or similar kind: PROVIDED, That whenever the same or similar kind of tax is imposed by any such city or town, no such tax shall be levied within the corporate limits of such city or town by the county((, except that)).

(4) Notwithstanding subsection (3) of this section, the legislative authority of a county with a population of one million or more may exclusively levy taxes on events in baseball stadiums constructed on or after January 1, 1995, that are owned by a public facilities district under chapter 36.100 RCW and that have seating capacities over forty thousand at the rates of:

(a) Not more than one cent on twenty cents or fraction thereof, to be used for the purpose of paying the principal and interest payments on bonds issued by a county to construct a baseball stadium as defined in RCW 82.14.0485. If the revenue from the tax exceeds the amount needed for that purpose, the excess shall be placed in a contingency fund which may only be used to pay unanticipated capital costs on the baseball stadium, excluding any cost overruns on initial construction; and

(b) Not more than one cent on twenty cents or fraction thereof, to be used for the purpose of paying the principal and interest payments on bonds issued by a county to construct a baseball stadium as defined in RCW 82.14.0485. The tax imposed under this subsection (((3))) (4)(b) shall expire when the bonds issued for the construction of the baseball stadium are retired, but not later than twenty years after the tax is first collected.

(5) Notwithstanding subsection (3) of this section, the legislative authority of a county that has created a public stadium authority to develop a stadium and exhibition center under section 105 of this act may levy and fix a tax on charges for admission to events in a stadium and exhibition center, as
defined in section 101 of this act, constructed in the county on or after January 1, 1998, that is owned by a public stadium authority under chapter 36.-- RCW (sections 101 through 118 and 201 of this act). The tax shall be exclusive and shall preclude the city or town within which the stadium and exhibition center is located from imposing a tax of the same or similar kind on charges for admission to events in the stadium and exhibition center, and shall preclude the imposition of a general county admissions tax on charges for admission to events in the stadium and exhibition center. For the purposes of this subsection, "charges for admission to events" means only the actual admission charge, exclusive of taxes and service charges and the value of any other benefit conferred by the admission. The tax authorized under this subsection shall be at the rate of not more than one cent on ten cents or fraction thereof. Revenues collected under this subsection shall be deposited in the stadium and exhibition center account under section 214 of this act until the bonds issued under section 210 of this act for the construction of the stadium and exhibition center are retired. After the bonds issued for the construction of the stadium and exhibition center are retired, the tax authorized under this section shall be used exclusively to fund repair, reequipping, and capital improvement of the stadium and exhibition center. The tax under this subsection may be levied upon the first use of any part of the stadium and exhibition center but shall not be collected at any facility already in operation as of the effective date of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 302. A new section is added to chapter 36.38 RCW to read as follows: The legislative authority of a county that has created a public stadium authority to develop a stadium and exhibition center under section 105 of this act may levy and fix a tax on any vehicle parking charges imposed at any parking facility that is part of a stadium and exhibition center, as defined in section 101 of this act. The tax shall be exclusive and shall preclude the city or town within which the stadium and exhibition center is located from imposing within its corporate limits a tax of the same or similar kind on any vehicle parking charges imposed at any parking facility that is part of a stadium and exhibition center. For the purposes of this section, "vehicle parking charges" means only the actual parking charges exclusive of taxes and service charges and the value of any other benefit conferred. The tax authorized under this section shall be at the rate of not more than ten percent. Revenues collected under this section shall be deposited in the stadium and exhibition center account under section 214 of this act until the bonds issued under section 210 of this act for the construction of the stadium and exhibition center are retired. After the bonds issued for the construction of the stadium and exhibition center are retired, the tax authorized under this section shall be used exclusively to fund repair, reequipping, and capital improvement of the stadium and exhibition center. The tax under this section may be levied upon the first use of any part of the stadium and exhibition center but shall not be collected at any facility already in operation as of the effective date of this section.

PART IV
PUBLIC WORKS PROVISIONS

Sec. 401. RCW 36.32.235 and 1996 c 219 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In each county with a population of one million or more which by resolution establishes a county purchasing department, the purchasing department shall enter into leases of personal property on a competitive basis and purchase all supplies, materials, and equipment on a competitive basis, for all departments of the county, as provided in this chapter and chapter 39.04 RCW, except that the county purchasing department is not required to make purchases that are paid from the county road fund or equipment rental and revolving fund.

(2) As used in this section, "public works" has the same definition as in RCW 39.04.010.

(3) Except as otherwise specified in this chapter or in chapter 36.77 RCW, all counties subject to these provisions shall contract on a competitive basis for all public works after bids have been submitted to the county upon specifications therefor. Such specifications shall be in writing and shall be filed with the clerk of the county legislative authority for public inspection.

(4) An advertisement shall be published in the county official newspaper stating the time and place where bids will be opened, the time after which bids will not be received, the character of the work to be done, the materials and equipment to be furnished, and that specifications therefor may be seen at the office of the clerk of the county legislative authority. An advertisement shall also be published in a legal newspaper of general circulation in or as near as possible to that part of the county in which such work is to be done. If the county official newspaper is a newspaper of general circulation
covering at least forty percent of the residences in that part of the county in which such public works are to be done, then the publication of an advertisement of the applicable specifications in the county official newspaper is sufficient. Such advertisements shall be published at least once at least thirteen days prior to the last date upon which bids will be received.

(5) The bids shall be in writing, shall be filed with the clerk, shall be opened and read in public at the time and place named therefor in the advertisements, and after being opened, shall be filed for public inspection. No bid may be considered for public work unless it is accompanied by a bid deposit in the form of a surety bond, postal money order, cash, cashier’s check, or certified check in an amount equal to five percent of the amount of the bid proposed.

(6) The contract for the public work shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. Any or all bids may be rejected for good cause. The county legislative authority shall require from the successful bidder for such public work a contractor’s bond in the amount and with the conditions imposed by law.

(7) If the bidder to whom the contract is awarded fails to enter into the contract and furnish the contractor’s bond as required within ten days after notice of the award, exclusive of the day of notice, the amount of the bid deposit shall be forfeited to the county and the contract awarded to the next lowest and best bidder. The bid deposit of all unsuccessful bidders shall be returned after the contract is awarded and the required contractor’s bond given by the successful bidder is accepted by the county legislative authority. Immediately after the award is made, the bid quotations obtained shall be recorded and open to public inspection and shall be available by telephone inquiry.

(8) As limited by subsection (10) of this section, a county subject to these provisions may have public works performed by county employees in any annual or biennial budget period equal to a dollar value not exceeding ten percent of the public works construction budget, including any amount in a supplemental public works construction budget, over the budget period. Whenever a county subject to these provisions has had public works performed in any budget period up to the maximum permitted amount for that budget period, all remaining public works except emergency work under subsection (12) of this section within that budget period shall be done by contract pursuant to public notice and call for competitive bids as specified in subsection (3) of this section. The state auditor shall report to the state treasurer any county subject to these provisions that exceeds this amount and the extent to which the county has or has not reduced the amount of public works it has performed by public employees in subsequent years.

(9) If a county subject to these provisions has public works performed by public employees in any budget period that are in excess of this ten percent limitation, the amount in excess of the permitted amount shall be reduced from the otherwise permitted amount of public works that may be performed by public employees for that county in its next budget period. Ten percent of the motor vehicle fuel tax distributions to that county shall be withheld if two years after the year in which the excess amount of work occurred, the county has failed to so reduce the amount of public works that it has performed by public employees. The amount withheld shall be distributed to the county when it has demonstrated in its reports to the state auditor that the amount of public works it has performed by public employees has been reduced as required.

(10) In addition to the percentage limitation provided in subsection (8) of this section, counties subject to these provisions containing a population of one million or more shall not have public employees perform a public works project in excess of seventy thousand dollars if more than a single craft or trade is involved with the public works project, or a public works project in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars if only a single craft or trade is involved with the public works project. A public works project means a complete project. The restrictions in this subsection do not permit the division of the project into units of work or classes of work to avoid the restriction on work that may be performed by public employees on a single project.

The cost of a separate public works project shall be the costs of materials, supplies, equipment, and labor on the construction of that project. The value of the public works budget shall be the value of all the separate public works projects within the budget.

(11) In addition to the accounting and recordkeeping requirements contained in chapter 39.04 RCW, any county which uses public employees to perform public works projects under RCW 36.32.240(1) shall prepare a year-end report to be submitted to the state auditor indicating the total dollar amount of the county’s public works construction budget and the total dollar amount for public works projects performed by public employees for that year.
The year-end report submitted pursuant to this subsection to the state auditor shall be in accordance with the standard form required by RCW 43.09.205.

(12) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, counties may use public employees without any limitation for emergency work performed under an emergency declared pursuant to RCW 36.32.270, and any such emergency work shall not be subject to the limitations of this section. Publication of the description and estimate of costs relating to correcting the emergency may be made within seven days after the commencement of the work. Within two weeks of the finding that such an emergency existed, the county legislative authority shall adopt a resolution certifying the damage to public facilities and costs incurred or anticipated relating to correcting the emergency. Additionally this section shall not apply to architectural and engineering or other technical or professional services performed by public employees in connection with a public works project.

(13) In lieu of the procedures of subsections (3) through (11) of this section, a county may use a small works roster process and award contracts for public works projects with an estimated value of ten thousand dollars up to one hundred thousand dollars as provided in RCW 39.04.155.

Whenever possible, the county shall invite at least one proposal from a minority or woman contractor who shall otherwise qualify under this section.

(14) The allocation of public works projects to be performed by county employees shall not be subject to a collective bargaining agreement.

(15) This section does not apply to performance-based contracts, as defined in RCW 39.35A.020(3), that are negotiated under chapter 39.35A RCW.

(16) Nothing in this section prohibits any county from allowing for preferential purchase of products made from recycled materials or products that may be recycled or reused.

(17) This section does not apply to contracts between the public stadium authority and a team affiliate under section 106(4) of this act, or development agreements between the public stadium authority and a team affiliate under section 106(7) of this act or leases entered into under section 106(8) of this act.

Sec. 402. RCW 39.04.010 and 1993 c 174 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The term state shall include the state of Washington and all departments, supervisors, commissioners and agencies thereof.

The term municipality shall include every city, county, town, district or other public agency thereof which is authorized by law to require the execution of public work, except drainage districts, diking districts, diking and drainage improvement districts, drainage improvement districts, diking improvement districts, consolidated diking and drainage improvement districts, consolidated drainage improvement districts, irrigation districts or any such other districts as shall from time to time be authorized by law for the reclamation or development of waste or undeveloped lands.

The term public work shall include all work, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement other than ordinary maintenance, executed at the cost of the state or of any municipality, or which is by law a lien or charge on any property therein. All public works, including maintenance when performed by contract shall comply with the provisions of RCW 39.12.020. The term does not include work, construction, alteration, repair, or improvement performed under contracts entered into under section 106(4) of this act or under development agreements entered into under section 106(7) of this act or leases entered into under section 106(8) of this act.

The term contract shall mean a contract in writing for the execution of public work for a fixed or determinable amount duly awarded after advertisement and competitive bid. However, a contract which is awarded from a small works roster under the authority of RCW 39.04.150, 35.22.620, 28B.10.355, 35.82.075, and 57.08.050 need not be advertised.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. A new section is added to chapter 39.30 RCW to read as follows:

This chapter does not apply to contracts entered into under section 106(4) of this act or development agreements entered into under section 106(7) of this act.

Sec. 404. RCW 39.10.120 and 1995 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 305 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the alternative public works contracting procedures authorized under this chapter are limited to public works contracts signed before July 1, (1997) 2001. Methods of public works contracting authorized by RCW 39.10.050 and
39.10.060 shall remain in full force and effect until completion of contracts signed before July 1, 2001.

(2) For the purposes of a baseball stadium as defined in RCW 82.14.0485, the design-build contracting procedures under RCW 39.10.050 shall remain in full force and effect until completion of contracts signed before December 31, 1997.

(3) For the purposes of a stadium and exhibition center, as defined in section 101 of this act, the design-build contracting procedures under RCW 39.10.050 shall remain in full force and effect until completion of contracts signed before December 31, 2002.

PART V
KINGDOME DEBT

Sec. 501. RCW 67.28.180 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 14 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the conditions set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, the legislative body of any county or any city, is authorized to levy and collect a special excise tax of not to exceed two percent on the sale of or charge made for the furnishing of lodging by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel, trailer camp, and the granting of any similar license to use real property, as distinguished from the renting or leasing of real property: PROVIDED, That it shall be presumed that the occupancy of real property for a continuous period of one month or more constitutes a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license to use or to enjoy the same.

(2) Any levy authorized by this section shall be subject to the following:

(a) Any county ordinance or resolution adopted pursuant to this section shall contain, in addition to all other provisions required to conform to this chapter, a provision allowing a credit against the county tax for the full amount of any city tax imposed pursuant to this section upon the same taxable event.

(b) In the event that any county has levied the tax authorized by this section and has, prior to June 26, 1975, either pledged the tax revenues for payment of principal and interest on city revenue or general obligation bonds authorized and issued pursuant to RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160 or has authorized and issued revenue or general obligation bonds pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160, such county shall be exempt from the provisions of (a) of this subsection, to the extent that the tax revenues are pledged for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued at any time pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160: PROVIDED, That so much of such pledged tax revenues, together with any investment earnings thereon, not immediately necessary for actual payment of principal and interest on such bonds may be used: (i) In any county with a population of one million or more, for repayment either of limited tax levy general obligation bonds or of any county fund or account from which a loan was made, the proceeds from the bonds or loan being used to pay for constructing, installing, improving, and equipping stadium capital improvement projects, and to pay for any engineering, planning, financial, legal and professional services incident to the development of such stadium capital improvement projects, regardless of the date the debt for such capital improvement projects was or may be incurred; (ii) in any county with a population of one million or more, for repayment or refinancing of bonded indebtedness incurred prior to January 1, 1997, for any purpose authorized by this section or relating to stadium repairs or rehabilitation, including but not limited to the cost of settling legal claims, reimbursing operating funds, interest payments on short-term loans, and any other purpose for which such debt has been incurred if the county has created a public stadium authority to develop a stadium and exhibition center under section 103 of this act; or (iii) in other counties, for county-owned facilities for agricultural promotion. A county is exempt under this subsection in respect to city revenue or general obligation bonds issued after April 1, 1991, only if such bonds mature before January 1, 2013.

As used in this subsection (2)(b), "capital improvement projects" may include, but not be limited to a stadium restaurant facility, restroom facilities, artificial turf system, seating facilities, parking facilities and scoreboard and information system adjacent to or within a county owned stadium, together with equipment, utilities, accessories and appurtenances necessary thereto. The stadium restaurant authorized by this subsection (2)(b) shall be operated by a private concessionaire under a contract with the county.

(c) No city within a county exempt under subsection (2)(b) of this section may levy the tax authorized by this section so long as said county is so exempt.
(ii) If bonds have been issued under section 210 of this act and any necessary property transfers have been made under section 109 of this act, no city within a county with a population of one million or more may levy the tax authorized by this section before January 1, 2021.

(iii) However, in the event that any city in any county described in (i) or (ii) of this subsection (2)(c) has levied the tax authorized by this section and has, prior to June 26, 1975, authorized and issued revenue or general obligation bonds pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160, such city may levy the tax so long as the tax revenues are pledged for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued at any time pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160.

(3) Any levy authorized by this section by a county that has levied the tax authorized by this section and has, prior to June 26, 1975, either pledged the tax revenues for payment of principal and interest on city revenue or general obligation bonds authorized and issued pursuant to RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160 or has authorized and issued revenue or general obligation bonds pursuant to the provisions of RCW 67.28.150 through 67.28.160 shall be subject to the following:

(a) Taxes collected under this section in any calendar year before 2013 in excess of five million three hundred thousand dollars shall only be used as follows:

(i) Seventy-five percent from January 1, 1992, through December 31, 2000, and seventy percent from January 1, 2001, through December 31, 2012, for art museums, cultural museums, heritage museums, the arts, and the performing arts. Moneys spent under this subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be used for the purposes of this subsection (3)(a)(i) in all parts of the county.

(ii) Twenty-five percent from January 1, 1992, through December 31, 2000, and thirty percent from January 1, 2001, through December 31, 2012, for the following purposes and in a manner reflecting the following order of priority: Stadium (capital improvements, as defined in subsection (2)(b) of this section; acquisition of open space lands; youth sports activities; and tourism promotion. If all or part of the debt on the stadium is refinanced, all revenues under this subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall be used to retire the debt.

(b) From January 1, 2013, through December 31, 2015, in a county with a population of one million or more, all revenues under this section shall be used to retire the debt on the stadium, or deposited in the stadium and exhibition center account under section 214 of this act after the debt on the stadium is retired.

(c) From January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2020, in a county with a population of one million or more, all revenues under this section shall be deposited in the stadium and exhibition center account under section 214 of this act.

(d) At least seventy percent of moneys spent under (a)(i) of this subsection for the period January 1, 1992, through December 31, 2000, shall be used only for the purchase, design, construction, and remodeling of performing arts, visual arts, heritage, and cultural facilities, and for the purchase of fixed assets that will benefit art, heritage, and cultural organizations. For purposes of this subsection, fixed assets are tangible objects such as machinery and other equipment intended to be held or used for ten years or more. Moneys received under this subsection (3)((b)) (d) may be used for payment of principal and interest on bonds issued for capital projects. Qualifying organizations receiving moneys under this subsection (3) may be financially stable and have at least the following:

(i) A legally constituted and working board of directors;
(ii) A record of artistic, heritage, or cultural accomplishments;
(iii) Been in existence and operating for at least two years;
(iv) Demonstrated ability to maintain net current liabilities at less than thirty percent of general operating expenses;
(v) Demonstrated ability to sustain operational capacity subsequent to completion of projects or purchase of machinery and equipment; and
(vi) Evidence that there has been independent financial review of the organization.

(e) At least forty percent of the revenues distributed pursuant to (a)(i) of this subsection for the period January 1, 2001, through December 31, 2012, shall be deposited in an account and shall be used to establish an endowment. Principal in the account shall remain permanent and irreducible. The earnings from investments of balances in the account may only be used for the purposes of (a)(i) of this subsection.

(f) School districts and schools shall not receive revenues distributed pursuant to (a)(i) of this subsection.
Moneys distributed to art museums, cultural museums, heritage museums, the arts, and the performing arts, and moneys distributed for tourism promotion shall be in addition to and may not be used to replace or supplant any other funding by the legislative body of the county.

As used in this section, “tourism promotion” includes activities intended to attract visitors for overnight stays, arts, heritage, and cultural events, and recreational, professional, and amateur sports events. Moneys allocated to tourism promotion in a class AA county shall be allocated to nonprofit organizations formed for the express purpose of tourism promotion in the county. Such organizations shall use moneys from the taxes to promote events in all parts of the class AA county.

No taxes collected under this section may be used for the operation or maintenance of a public stadium that is financed directly or indirectly by bonds to which the tax is pledged. Expenditures for operation or maintenance include all expenditures other than expenditures that directly result in new fixed assets or that directly increase the capacity, life span, or operating economy of existing fixed assets.

No ad valorem property taxes may be used for debt service on bonds issued for a public stadium that is financed by bonds to which the tax is pledged, unless the taxes collected under this section are or are projected to be insufficient to meet debt service requirements on such bonds.

If a substantial part of the operation and management of a public stadium that is financed directly or indirectly by bonds to which the tax is pledged is performed by a nonpublic entity or if a public stadium is sold that is financed directly or indirectly by bonds to which the tax is pledged, any bonds to which the tax is pledged shall be retired. This subsection (3)(j(4)) (k) does not apply in respect to a public stadium under chapter 36.--RCW (sections 101 through 118 and 201 of this act) transferred to, owned by, or constructed by a public facilities district under chapter 36.100 RCW or a stadium and exhibition center.

The county shall not lease a public stadium that is financed directly or indirectly by bonds to which the tax is pledged to, or authorize the use of the public stadium by, a professional major league sports franchise unless the sports franchise gives the right of first refusal to purchase the sports franchise, upon its sale, to local government. This subsection (3)(j(4)) (l) does not apply to contracts in existence on April 1, 1986.

If a court of competent jurisdiction declares any provision of this subsection (3) invalid, then that invalid provision shall be null and void and the remainder of this section is not affected.

Sec. 502. RCW 82.14.049 and 1992 c 194 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislative authority of any county may impose a sales and use tax, in addition to the tax authorized by RCW 82.14.030, upon retail car rentals within the county that are taxable by the state under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW. The rate of tax shall be one percent of the selling price in the case of a sales tax or rental value of the vehicle in the case of a use tax. Proceeds of the tax shall not be used to subsidize any professional sports team and shall be used solely for the following purposes:

(1) Acquiring, constructing, maintaining, or operating public sports stadium facilities;

(2) Engineering, planning, financial, legal, or professional services incidental to public sports stadium facilities;

(3) Youth or amateur sport activities or facilities; or

(4) Debt or refinancing debt issued for the purposes of subsection (1) of this section.

At least seventy-five percent of the tax imposed under this section shall be used for the purposes of subsections (1), (2), and (4) of this section.

PART VI
MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 601. Part headings used in this act are not any part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. (1) Sections 101 through 118 and 201 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 36 RCW.

(2) Sections 209 through 219 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 43 RCW.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. The referendum on this act is the only measure authorizing, levying, or imposing taxes for a stadium and exhibition center that may be put to a public vote. Should the act fail to be approved at the special election on or before June 20, 1997, the legislature shall not pass other legislation to build or finance a stadium and exhibition center, as defined in section 101 of this act, for the team affiliate.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. The legislature neither affirms nor refutes the value of this proposal, and by this legislation simply expresses its intent to provide the voter of the state of Washington an opportunity to express the voter’s decision. It is also expressed that many legislators might personally vote against this proposal at the polls, or they might not.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 606. Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, this act shall be null and void in its entirety unless the team affiliate as defined in section 101 of this act enters into an agreement with the secretary of state to reimburse the state and the counties for the full cost of the special election to be held on or before June 20, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 607. (1) The secretary of state shall submit sections 101 through 604 of this act to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at a special election to be held in this state on or before June 20, 1997, in accordance with Article II, section 1 of the state Constitution and the laws adopted to facilitate its operation. The special election shall be limited to submission of this act to the people.

(2) The attorney general shall prepare the explanatory statement required by RCW 29.81.020 and transmit that statement regarding the referendum to the secretary of state no later than the last Monday of April before the special election.

(3) The secretary of state shall prepare and distribute a voters’ pamphlet addressing this referendum measure following the procedures and requirements of chapter 29.81 RCW, except that the secretary of state may establish different deadlines for the appointment of committees to draft arguments for and against the referendum, for submitting arguments for and against the referendum, and for submitting rebuttal statements of arguments for and against the referendum. The voters’ pamphlet description of the referendum measure may include information to inform the public that ownership of the KingDome will be transferred to the public stadium authority and that the KingDome may be demolished in order to accommodate the new football stadium.

(4) A county auditor may conduct the voting at this special election in all precincts of the county by mail using the procedures set forth in RCW 29.36.121 through 29.36.139.

(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 29.62.020, the county canvassing board in each county shall canvass and certify the votes cast at this special election in that county to the secretary of state no later than the seventh day following the election. Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 29.62.120, the secretary of state shall canvass and certify the returns from the counties no later than the ninth day following the special election.

(6) The secretary of state shall reimburse each county for the cost of conducting the special election in that county in the same manner as state primary and general election costs are reimbursed under RCW 29.13.047 (1) and (3).

(7) No other state, county, or local election shall be required or held on any proposition related to or affecting the stadium and exhibition center defined in section 101 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 608. Sections 606 and 607 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (671)

On page 3, line 25 of the striking amendment, after "senate." insert "No member of the advisory committee shall be a legislator. One member of the advisory committee shall be a real estate professional, and one member shall be a commercial banker."
Representative Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 636 was withdrawn.

Representative Benson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Benson: (734)

On page 4, line 12 of the striking amendment, after "center." insert "If the public stadium authority or team affiliate elects to use the alternative public works contracting procedures, the public stadium authority or team affiliate shall abide by all of the applicable requirements of, and follow all the applicable procedures within, chapter 39.10 RCW."

On page 5, line 17 of the striking amendment, after "development." insert "The bidding specifications, requirements, and other aspects of development shall be consistent with all public works requirements applicable for the county in which the public stadium authority is created, including applicable requirements of chapter 39.04 RCW, chapter 36.32 RCW, and chapter 39.10 RCW."

Beginning on page 28 of the striking amendment, strike all of sections 401, 402, and 403.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, and correct internal references.

Representatives Benson, DeBolt, Romero, and Dunshee spoke in favor of adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Zellinsky and Sehlin spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 37-YEAS; 60-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Sherstad moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sherstad: (749)

On page 4 of the striking amendment, beginning on line 14, strike all of subsection (6)

On page 5, line 23 of the striking amendment, after "subject to the" strike all material through "and"

Representative Sherstad spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Zellinsky, Butler, Conway and Cairnes spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 680, 709, 669 and 732 were withdrawn.

Representative Smith moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Smith: (742)

On page 5, line 27 of the striking amendment, after "to the" strike all materials through "located" on line 29, and insert "state goals for women and minority-business participation that are in effect at the time the development agreement with the team affiliate is approved by the public stadium authority"

Representatives Smith and Smith spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.
Representatives Butler, D. Schmidt and Cooper spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 720, 687, 633 and 730 were withdrawn.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (756)

On page 5, beginning on line 36 of the striking amendment, after "fair" strike all material down through "authority" on line 37, and insert "market rent"

On page 6, line 5 of the striking amendment, after "fair" insert "market"

Representatives Sheldon, B. Thomas, McDonald, Dunshee and Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Van Luven, Sehlin and Appelwick spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Van Luven: (766)

On page 5, line 36 of the striking amendment, after "rent" strike all materials through "authority" on line 37.

On page 6, line 27 of the striking amendment, after "exempt" insert ". As used in this subsection, "fair rent" is solely intended to cover the reasonable operating expenses of the public stadium authority and shall be not less than eight hundred fifty thousand dollars per year with annual increases bases on the consumer price index"

Representative Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 766 and 679 were withdrawn.

Representative Clements moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Clements: (737)

On page 6, line 2 of the striking amendment, after "center." insert "The master tenant lease agreement must require the team affiliate to publicly disclose, on an annual basis, an audited profit and loss financial statement."

Representatives Clements and Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment numbers 634, 728 and 738 were withdrawn.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (755)

On page 6, line 14 of the striking amendment, after "center." strike all material through "revenue." on line 19 and insert the following: "The public stadium authority and master tenant shall share all revenues derived from permanent seat licenses, suite licenses, and long-term naming rights. The proportion received by the public stadium authority shall equal the proportion of the financing for the stadium and exhibition center provided for in section 218 of this act, relative to the proportion of the financing provided by the team affiliate. The revenue received by the public stadium authority under this subsection (8) shall be deposited into the
stadium and exhibition center account established under section 214 of this act. The revenue received by the master tenant for long-term naming rights shall be subject to section 107 of this act. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (8), the master tenant shall have the right to retain revenues derived from the operation of the stadium and exhibition center, including revenues from the sublease and uses, license and concession agreements, advertising, and parking.

Representative Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 39-YEAS; 58-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Van Luven: (759)

On page 6, line 14 of the striking amendment, after "center." strike "The" and insert "Except as provided in subsection (10) of this section, the"

On page 6, after line 31 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"(10) The master tenant may retain an amount to cover the actual cost of preparing the stadium and exhibition center for activities involving the Olympic Games and world cup soccer. Revenues derived from the operation of the stadium and exhibition center for activities identified in this subsection that exceed the master tenant’s actual costs of preparing, operating, and restoring the stadium and exhibition center must be deposited into the tourism development and promotion account created in section 223 of this act;"

Renumber the remaining subsection consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

On page 26, after line 34 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 223. A new section is added to chapter 43.330 RCW to read as follows:

The tourism development and promotion account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from section 106(10) of this act must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used by the department of community, trade, and economic development only for the purposes of promotion of the tourism industry in the state of Washington."

Correct internal references accordingly and correct the title of the bill.

Representative Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Dunn moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunn: (758)

On page 6, line 14 of the striking amendment, after "center." strike "The" and insert "Except as provided in subsection (10) of this section, the"

On page 6, after line 31 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"(10) The public stadium authority shall retain one and three-quarters percent of all revenues derived from the operation of the stadium and exhibition center to be divided as follows: (a) fourteen percent to be used to pay for local improvements within the areas immediately surrounding the stadium and exhibition center, (b) fourteen percent to be deposited into the youth athletic facility grant account created in section 214(4) of this act, (c) thirty-one percent to be deposited into the stadium and exhibition center account created in section 214(1) of this act, (d) fourteen percent may be distributed to a nonprofit organization to be used to support the special Olympics in the state of Washington, and
(e) thirty-one percent shall be used for statewide tourism development and promotion activities of the department of community, trade, and economic development;"  

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.  

On page 21, line 10 of the striking amendment, after "under" insert "section 106(10) of this act and"  

Representative Dunn spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.  

Representative Zellinsky spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.  

With the consent of the House, the following amendments 768 and 670 were withdrawn.  

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (683)  

On page 6, after line 27 of the striking amendment, insert:  "(a) Ten percent of all revenues derived from the sales of all advertising in or on the stadium and exhibition center shall be deposited into the stadium and exhibition account and used to retire the bonds issues under section 210 of this act."  

Number the remaining subsection consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.  

Representatives Sheldon, McDonald, Pennington and H. Sommers spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.  

Representatives Sehlin, Van Luven, Appelwick and Wensman spoke against the adoption of the amendment.  

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 43-YEAS; 54-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.  

Representative Appelwick moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Appelwick: (751)  

On page 6, line 28 of the striking amendment, after “(9)” strike “The” and insert “Subject to section 210 (2)(b)(ix) of this act the”  

Representatives Appelwick, Van Luven and L. Thomas spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.  

Representatives Bush and Benson spoke against adoption of the amendment.  

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 58-YEAS; 38-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.  

Representative Veloria moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Veloria: (744)  

On page 6, after line 31 of the striking amendment, insert the following:  "(10) The public stadium authority, in consultation with a public facilities district that is located within the county, shall work to eliminate the use of the stadium and exhibition center for events during the same time as events are held in the baseball stadium as defined in RCW 82.14.0485;”
Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Veloria and Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendments 707, 719, 668, 718, 682, 698, and 639 were withdrawn.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (674)

On page 7, beginning on line 22 of the striking amendment, after "center" strike all material through "(d) Other" on line 30, and insert "and other"

Representative Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative D. Schmidt spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 727 was withdrawn.

Representative Lambert moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lambert: (740)

On page 7, line 33 of the amendment, after "authority" strike "determines" and insert "and the county mutually determine"

Representative Lambert spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (681)

On page 8, line 10 of the striking amendment, after "structure" strike "and construction" and insert "is prohibited. Construction"

On page 8, line 15 of the striking amendment, strike "demolition of any existing domed stadium at the site" and insert "construction"

Representatives Sheldon, Pennington, B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Van Luven, Appelwick, Carrell and Zellinsky spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 700 was withdrawn.

Representative Schoesler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Schoesler: (724)

On page 8 of the striking amendment, after line 16, insert the following:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. Moneys expended by the public stadium authority for the construction of a stadium and convention center under section 105 of this act may not be expended for art."

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references.
Representative Schoesler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 34-YEAS; 62-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Lambert moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lambert: (754)

On page 8, line 20 of the striking amendment, after "Sec. 111." insert "(1)"

On page 8, after line 32 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"(2) The board of directors shall transmit a copy of the adopted annual operating budget of the public stadium authority to the governor and the majority leader and minority leader of the House of Representatives and the Senate. The budget information shall include, but is not limited to a statement of income and expenses of the public stadium authority."

Representatives Lambert and Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 640 was withdrawn.

MOTION

Representative Schoesler moved the division of the question.

The Speaker explained that when the question (in this case, the consideration of a bill) was composed of more than one distinct proposition, (funding sources and elimination of existing physical structures), the question may be divided into separate parts, as long as each part can stand on its own. For example, the question of concurring with another chamber’s amendments to a bill and of passing the bill as amended. Both issues of the question are able to stand alone.

The Speaker stated the question before the House was Representative Schoesler's motion to divide the question. A yes vote would divide the question into separate parts. Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 23-YEAS; 73-NAYS. The motion was not carried.

Representative L. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative L. Thomas: (748)

On page 10, after line 18 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 119. The public stadium authority may refuse to disclose financial information on the master tenant, concessioners, the team affiliate, or subleasee under RCW 42.17.310.

Sec. 120. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:

(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.

(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.

(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer’s right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer."
Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person’s right to privacy.

Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person’s life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.

Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.

Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.

Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under *RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.
(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

(aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

(gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.

(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.

(jj) Financial and commercial information requested by the public stadium authority from any person or organization that leases or uses the stadium and exhibition center as defined in section 101 of this act.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such
records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld."

Correct internal references accordingly and correct the title.

Representatives L. Thomas and Clements spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (673)

Beginning on page 11 of the striking amendment, line 25, strike all of section 202.

Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives Sheldon, Smith and Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Appelwick and Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 45-YEAS; 52-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 641 was withdrawn.

Representative Lambert moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Lambert: (745)

On page 14, beginning on line 10 of the striking amendment, strike all of section 203, renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representative Lambert spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Appelwick spoke against the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 699 was withdrawn.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (686)

On page 15, line 11 of the striking amendment, after "67.70.240(5)" insert "Each year, the commission shall determine the impact of the new games upon deposits into the state’s general fund under RCW 67.70.240(3). If the commission determines that the new games reduce deposits into the state’s general fund in any year compared to deposits that would have occurred in the absence of the new games, the team affiliate, as defined in section 101 of this act, shall deposit in the state’s general fund an amount determined by the commission to be equal to the reduction in state general fund deposits for that year prior to the distributions under RCW 67.70.240(5) taking effect."

Representatives Sheldon, Pennington, Dunshee, Smith, Dickerson, Pennington, Sheldon, DeBolt and H. Sommers spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Sehlin, Van Luven, Appelwick, O’Brien, Zellinsky and L. Thomas spoke against adoption of the amendment.
Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 44-YEAS; 54-NAYS.

Representative Dunn moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Dunn:

(666)

On page 15, after line 11 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION, Sec. 206. A new section is added to chapter 67.70 RCW to read as follows:

The lottery commission shall conduct games with themes related to professional minor league sports in the state. These games are in addition to any games conducted under RCW 67.70.042 and are intended to generate additional moneys sufficient to cover the distributions under RCW 67.70.240(6). No game may be conducted under this section before January 1, 1998. No game is required to be conducted under this section after December 31, 2018.

For purposes of this section, "professional minor league sports" means a team that is not a member of the national football league, major league baseball, the national basketball association, the national hockey league, the major soccer league, or the major indoor soccer league and plays its home games within the boundaries of the state of Washington."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title of the bill.

On page 16, after line 6 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"(6) For distribution to the professional minor league stadium account created in section 218 of this act. Distributions to the account created in section 218 of this act shall be limited to the actual amount generated from lottery sales authorized under section 210 of this act, minus amounts authorized under subsections (1), (2), (7) and (8) of this section. Distributions under this subsection shall cease after December 31, 2018;"

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title of the bill.

On page 21, after line 13 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION, Sec. 214. (1) The professional minor league stadium account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. Distributions under RCW 67.70.240(6) shall be deposited into the account. Only the director of the department of community, trade, and economic development or the director’s designee may authorize expenditure from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

(2) Expenditures from the professional minor league stadium account may be used only for purposes of grants to cities and counties for professional minor league sports stadiums. The minor league stadium grants may be used to acquire, construct, own, remodel, maintain, equip, reequip, repair, and operate a stadium to be used for professional minor league sports as defined in section 210 of this act.

(3) Cities and counties must submit proposals for grants from the account. To the extent funds are available, cities and counties must meet eligibility criteria as established by the director of the department of community, trade, and economic development. The grants shall be awarded on a competitive basis and can be awarded on a multi-year basis not to exceed a ten-year period."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title of the bill.

Representatives Dunn and Dunn spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Van Luven, Pennington and Radcliff spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.
Representative Pennington moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Pennington: (697)

On page 17, after line 5 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. The legislature finds that user of a facility through user fees should assist in the financing of the facility. The legislature further finds that licensing of professional football teams and players is an appropriate method to generate revenue for the construction of the stadium and exhibition center as defined in section 101 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Department" means the department of licensing.
(2) "Director" means the director of the department of licensing or the director’s designee.
(3) "Professional football team" has the same meaning as in section 101 of this act.
(4) "Stadium and exhibition center" has the same meaning as in section 101 of this act.
(5) "Team affiliate" has the same meaning as in section 101 of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 211. (1) Every professional football team that uses the stadium and exhibition center shall register on an annual basis with the department.
(2) The department shall charge a team registration fee as follows:
(a) Before July 1, 2004, the fee is fifty thousand dollars per year;
(b) July 1, 2004 to July 1, 2007, the fee is sixty-two thousand five hundred dollars per year;
(c) July 1, 2008 to July 1, 2011, the fee is seventy-five thousand dollars per year;
(d) July 1, 2012 to July 1, 2015, the fee is eighty-seven thousand five hundred dollars per year;
(e) July 1, 2016 to July 1, 2019, the fee is one hundred thousand dollars per year; and
(f) After July 1, 2020, the fee is one hundred twenty-five thousand dollars per year.
(3) The fees collected under this section, minus administrative costs of the department, shall be deposited into the stadium and exhibition center account created under section 213 of this act.
(4) The department shall develop administrative procedures for the proper implementation of this chapter in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 212. (1) Every professional football player that is employed by a professional football team shall register on an annual basis with the department.
(2) The department shall charge a player registration fee as follows:
(a) Before July 1, 2004, the fee is one thousand dollars per year;
(b) July 1, 2004 to July 1, 2007, the fee is one thousand two hundred fifty dollars per year;
(c) July 1, 2008 to July 1, 2011, the fee is one thousand five hundred dollars per year;
(d) July 1, 2012 to July 1, 2015, the fee is one thousand seven hundred fifty dollars per year;
(e) July 1, 2016 to July 1, 2019, the fee is two thousand dollars per year; and
(f) After July 1, 2020, the fee is two thousand two hundred fifty dollars per year.
(3) The fees collected under this section, minus administrative costs of the department, shall be deposited into the stadium and exhibition center account created under section 213 of this act.
(4) The department shall develop administrative procedures for the proper implementation of this chapter in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references, and correct the title of the bill.

On page 21, line 9 of the striking amendment, after "section 204 of this act" insert ", registration fees collected under sections 211 and 212 of this act,"

On page 41, after line 2 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"(3) Sections 209 through 212 of this act shall constitute a new chapter in Title 18 RCW."

Renumber the remaining subsection consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title of the bill.
Representatives Pennington, Pennington, Dunshee and Dickerson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Van Luven, Schoesler and Dunn spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Alexander moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Alexander: (716)

On page 17, after line 28 of the striking amendment, insert the following:
"(b) The majority owner of the team affiliate has signed a personal guarantee to cover payments of principal and interest on bonds issued under section 210 of this act, if revenues in the stadium and exhibition center account created in section 214 of this act are insufficient to cover required payments; and"

Renumber the remaining subparagraphs consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Alexander, B. Thomas, Smith, Benson, H. Sommers, DeBolt, Sheldon and B. Thomas spoke in favor of the amendment.

Representatives Van Luven, Appelwick, Sehlin and Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 47-YEAS; 50-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendments 733, 676, 637, 638, 675 and 711 were withdrawn.

Representative Appelwick moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Appelwick: (752)

On page 18, beginning on line 13 of the striking amendment, after "shall" strike all material down through "deposited" on line 14 and insert "deposit at least ten million dollars"

Representatives Appelwick, Van Luven and McDonald spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (769)

On page 18, line 13 of the striking amendment, after "least" strike "six" and insert "ten"

On page 18, line 14 of the striking amendment, after "into the" strike all material through "act"

On page 22, line 14 of the striking amendment, after "deposited in the" strike all materials through "year" on line 32, and insert "permanent common school fund under RCW 28A.515.300"

Representatives Carrell and Carrell spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Appelwick spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 24-YEAS; 73-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendments 722 and 765 were withdrawn.
Representative Bush moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Bush: (715)

On page 18, line 14 of the striking amendment, after "the" strike all material down through "act" on line 15 and insert, "permanent common school fund pursuant to RCW 28A.515.300"

On page 22, line 1 of the striking amendment, after "to the" strike all material down through "section" on line 2 and insert, "permanent common school fund pursuant to RCW 28A.515.300"

On page 22, line 8 of the striking amendment, after "the" strike "youth athletic facility grant account" and insert "permanent common school fund"

On page 22, beginning on line 12 of the striking amendment, strike subsection (4)

Representatives Bush, Radcliff, Carrell, Radcliff, Smith, Bush and Smith spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Van Luven, Zellinsky, Appelwick and Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (739)

On page 18, after line 17 of the striking amendment, insert:

"(iv) The team affiliate shall pay annually to the state lottery account an amount equal to the difference between the revenue actually generated during the previous year by additional lottery games conducted under section 205 of this act and the distributions under 67.70.240(5)."

Renumber subsections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representative Carrell spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 696 was withdrawn.

The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

Representative Blalock moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Blalock: (665)

On page 18, line 17 of the striking amendment, after "least" strike "ten" and insert "twenty-five"

Representatives Blalock, Dunshee and Benson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Van Luven and D. Schmidt spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) divided the House. The results of the division was 33-YEAS; 63-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

Representative Carroll moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carroll: (701)

On page 18, after line 25 of the striking amendment, insert the following:
“(vi) The team affiliate secures an agreement from the national football league to televise all exhibition, regular, and playoff games in the stadium and exhibition center to all areas of the state;”

Renumber the remaining subparagraphs consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Carroll and Carlson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Zellinsky spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendments 735 and 717 were withdrawn.

Representative Smith moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Smith: (747)

On page 18, line 35 of the striking amendment, after "be" strike everything through "center" on line 36 and insert "deposited in the permanent common school fund"

Representatives Smith and Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendments 746, 688, 689 and 726 were withdrawn.

Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Van Luven: (767)

On page 22, line 16 of the striking amendment, after "treasury." strike "Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation."

On page 22, line 19 of the striking amendment, after "facilities." insert "Only the director of the interagency committee for outdoor recreation or the director’s designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures."

Representative Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative H. Sommers spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 55-YEAS; 40-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Appelwick moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Appelwick: (750)

On page 22, line 20 of the striking amendment, after "youth" insert "or community"

Representative Appelwick spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Van Luven: (760)

On page 22, line 32 of the striking amendment, after "year." insert "The director of the interagency committee for outdoor recreation may expend up to one and one-half percent of the moneys deposited in the account created in this subsection for administrative purposes.”
Representative Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 765 was withdrawn.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (731)
On page 22 of the striking amendment, beginning on line 36, strike all of subsection (1).
Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative B. Thomas moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative B. Thomas: (729)
Beginning on page 22, line 23 of the striking amendment, strike all of sections 218 and 219.
Renumber remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Sehlin spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 36-YEAS; 61-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendments 702 and 721 were withdrawn.

Representative Carlson moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carlson: (762)
On page 26, after line 34 of the striking amendment, insert:
"NEW SECTION. Sec. 223. A new section is added to chapter 67.24 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The definitions in this subsection apply to this section.
(a) "Professional athlete" means a person who participates in sporting events, and receives more than one hundred thousand dollars in total annual compensation for such participation. "Professional athlete" does not include a student athlete.
(b) "Sporting event" means any game, contest, exhibition, or program of baseball, football, hockey, polo, tennis, horse race, basketball, golf, or similar activity.
(c) "Student athlete" means a person who engages in, is eligible to engage in, or may be eligible to engage in any intercollegiate sporting event. The term also includes an individual who has applied for enrollment to an institution of higher education. A person ceases to be a "student athlete" as soon as his or her collegiate eligibility in the sport has expired.
(2) An annual fee is imposed on each professional athlete for the privilege of engaging in any sporting event in this state. The fee is five hundred dollars, and shall be paid to the director of licensing not later than the day of the first sporting event in which the athlete participates during the year. Fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the permanent common school fund.
(3) It is a gross misdemeanor punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW for a professional athlete to participate in a sporting event in this state without having paid the fee required under this section for the year in which the sporting event occurs."
Renumber sections consecutively, correct any internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representative Carlson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. Representative Appelwick spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Pennington moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Pennington: (695)

On page 28 of the striking amendment beginning on line 30, after "events" strike everything through "admission," on line 31 and insert "includes charges for season tickets, subscriptions, suite licenses, permanent seat licenses, and other similar accommodations."

Representative Pennington spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (690)

On page 35, beginning on line 7, strike sections 501 and 502

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Sheldon and B. Thomas spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Van Luven and Butler spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 703 was withdrawn.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Reams: (706)

On page 39, line 17 of the striking amendment, after "referendum" insert "The voters’ pamphlet description of the referendum measure shall include information to inform the public that ownership of the KingDome will be transferred to the public stadium authority and that the KingDome will be demolished in order to accommodate the new football stadium."

Representatives Reams and Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (712)

On page 40, line 17 of the striking amendment, after "unless" strike "the" and insert ": (1) The"

On page 40, line 21 of the striking amendment, after "1997" insert "; and (2) the team affiliate as defined in section 101 of this act files an agreement with the public disclosure commission to limit its expenditures to five hundred thousand dollars in the election campaign on the referendum required by section 606 of this act. The agreement shall provide that if filings with the public disclosure commission indicate that expenditures in opposition to the referendum have exceeded five hundred thousand dollars, then the team affiliate’s expenditures may exceed five hundred thousand dollars by a like amount"
Representatives Sheldon and Benson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Zellinsky and D. Schmidt spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (684)

On page 41, line 6 of the striking amendment, after "at the" strike "special election on June 20, 1997" and insert "next general election"

Beginning on page 41, line 22 of the striking amendment, strike sections 607 and 608 and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 607. The secretary of state shall submit this act to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at the next general election to be held in this state, in accordance with Article II, section 1 of the state Constitution and the laws adopted to facilitate its operation."

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representatives Sheldon, McDonald, B. Thomas, Pennington and B. Thomas spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Van Luven, Smith and D. Schmidt spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendments 713, 672, 677, 694, 725, 632, and 736 were withdrawn.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (743)

On page 41, line 29 of the amendment, after "(2)" insert "Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 29.79.040 and 29.79.055, the referendum ballot title shall be "Shall the state issue up to three hundred million dollars in general obligations bonds to partially finance construction of a four hundred twenty-five million dollar professional football stadium and exhibition center replacing the KingDome, and raise forty million dollars for construction of youth athletic facilities, by implementing a 0.016 percent state sales tax credit in King county, new lottery games, a ten percent tax on admission tickets and parking at the stadium and exhibition center, and a redistribution of the two percent King county hotel-motel tax from the years 2013 to 2020?"

(3)"

Renumber the remaining subsections consecutively and correct internal references accordingly.

Representative Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative D. Schmidt spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 723 was withdrawn.

Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Van Luven: (753)

On page 42, line 5 of the striking amendment, after "measure" strike "may" and insert "shall"

On page 42, line 6 of the striking amendment, after "KingDome" strike "will" and insert "may"
Representative Van Luven spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 763 was withdrawn.

Representative Sheldon moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sheldon: (678)

On page 42, after line 25 of the striking amendment, insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 608.
(1) Sections 101 through 604 of this act take effect December 4, 1997, only if House Joint Resolution No. _______ (H-3197.1/97) (amending Article I, section 12, Article VIII, sections 5 and 7, and Article XI, section 6 of the state Constitution to exempt legislation that authorizes a public stadium authority to establish a stadium and exhibition center) is validly submitted to and is approved and ratified by the voters at the next general election. If House Joint Resolution No. ______ (H-3197.1/97) is not so approved and ratified, sections 101 through 606 of this act are void in their entirety.

(2) This section takes effect only if the referendum required by section 607 of this act is adopted and ratified by the voters at the June 20, 1997 special election."

Renumber remaining sections consecutively and correct internal references.

Representative Sheldon spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative D. Schmidt spoke against adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 20-YEAS; 75-NAYS. The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendments 642, 685 and 631 were withdrawn.

Representative Carrell moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Carrell: (771)

On page 18, line 24 of the striking amendment, after "purchasers of" strike "nonexecutive suites and club seat tickets" and insert "tickets that are not located in executive suites or club seat areas"

Representative Carrell spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Van Luven spoke against adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Van Luven moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Van Luven: (772)

On page 18, line 24 of the striking amendment, after "purchasers of" strike "nonexecutive suites and club seat tickets" and insert "tickets that are not located in executive suites or club seat areas"

Representatives Van Luven and Benson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The Speaker stated the question before the House was the adoption of amendment 741 by Representative Van Luven as amended by the House. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third, and the bill was placed on final passage.
QUESTION OF CONSIDERATION

Representative B. Thomas: Mr. Speaker, I raise the question of consideration.

The Speaker explained that a question of consideration was non-debatable. A yes vote indicated a member wanted to proceed with the business at hand, i.e., vote on the bill, and with a no vote, the main question of final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2192 would be as if it had not been brought up.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 68-YEAS; 29-NAYS.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2192.

Representatives Van Luven, Zellinsky, Ogden, Talcott, Smith, Appelwick, Bush and D. Schmidt spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Sheldon, Pennington, Benson, Veloria, B. Thomas, McDonald, Dunshee, D. Sommers and Carlson spoke against the passage of the bill.

Representative Dyer demanded the previous question and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2192.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2192 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 41, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Excused: Representative Quall - 1.

Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2192, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STANDING COMMITTEES ASSIGNMENT CHANGES

The following changes were made to committee assignments:

Representative Mulliken was appointed to the Committee on Law & Justice as relief for Representative Skinner, and transferred from the Committee on Energy & Utilities.

Representative Delvin was appointed to the Committee on Energy & Utilities, and transferred from the Committee on Law & Justice.

Representative Radcliff was appointed to the Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections, and transferred from the Committee on Law & Justice.
Representative Robertson was appointed to the Committee on Law & Justice, and transferred from the Committee on Criminal Justice & Corrections.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the House adjourned until 9:00 a.m., Saturday, April 26, 1997.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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ONE HUNDRED-THIRD DAY, APRIL 25, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
ONE HUNDRED-FOURTH DAY

MORNING SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Saturday, April 26, 1997

The House was called to order at 9:30 a.m. by the Speaker (Representative McDonald presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Sonja Loges and Brooke Belanger. Prayer was offered by Speaker Clyde Ballard.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1924

There being no objection, the House advanced to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2097, and passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee,

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SHB 2097 April 24, 1997

Includes "NEW ITEM": YES

Mr. President:

Mr. Speaker:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2097, Insurance company investments, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached 2097-S AMC CONF H3318.1) be adopted, and

and that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 48.13 RCW to read as follows:
An insurer may, directly or indirectly through an investment subsidiary, engage in derivative transactions under this section under the following conditions:

(a) An insurer may use derivative instruments under this section to engage in hedging transactions and certain income generation transactions, as these terms may be further defined by rule by the insurance commissioner;

(b) Derivative instruments shall not be used for speculative purposes, but only as stated in (a) of this subsection;

(c) An insurer shall be able to demonstrate to the insurance commissioner the intended hedging characteristics and the ongoing effectiveness of the derivative transaction or combination of transactions through cash flow testing or other appropriate analysis;

(d) An insurer may enter into hedging transactions under this section if, as a result of and after giving effect to the transaction:

(i) The aggregate statement value of options, caps, floors, and warrants not attached to another financial instrument purchased and used in hedging transactions does not exceed seven and one-half percent of its admitted assets;

(ii) The aggregate statement value of options, caps, and floors written in hedging transactions does not exceed three percent of its admitted assets; and

(iii) The aggregate potential exposure of collars, swaps, forwards, and futures used in hedging transactions does not exceed six and one-half percent of its admitted assets;

(e) An insurer may only enter into the following types of income generation transactions if, as a result of and after giving effect to the transactions, the aggregate statement value of the fixed income assets that are subject to call or that generate the cash flows for payments under the caps or floors, plus the face value of fixed income securities underlying a derivative instrument subject to call, plus the amount of the purchase obligations under the puts, does not exceed ten percent of its admitted assets:

(i) Sales of covered call options on noncallable fixed income securities, callable fixed income securities if the option expires by its terms prior to the end of the noncallable period, or derivative instruments based on fixed income securities;

(ii) Sales of covered call options on equity securities, if the insurer holds in its portfolio, or can immediately acquire through the exercise of options, warrants, or conversion rights already owned, the equity securities subject to call during the complete term of the call option sold;

(iii) Sales of covered puts on investments that the insurer is permitted to acquire under this chapter, if the insurer has escrowed, or entered into a custodian agreement segregating, cash or cash equivalents with a market value equal to the amount of its purchase obligations under the put during the complete term of the put option sold; or

(iv) Sales of covered caps or floors, if the insurer holds in its portfolio the investments generating the cash flow to make the required payments under the caps or floors during the complete term that the cap or floor is outstanding;

(f) An insurer shall include all counterparty exposure amounts in determining compliance with general diversification requirements and medium and low grade investment limitations under this chapter; and

(g) Pursuant to rules adopted by the insurance commissioner under subsection (3) of this section, the commissioner may approve additional transactions involving the use of derivative instruments in excess of the limitations in (d) of this subsection or for other risk management purposes under rules adopted by the commissioner, but replication transactions shall not be permitted for other than risk management purposes.

For purposes of this section:

(a) "Cap" means an agreement obligating the seller to make payments to the buyer, with each payment based on the amount by which a reference price or level or the performance or value of one or more underlying interests exceeds a predetermined number, sometimes called the strike rate or strike price;

(b) "Collar" means an agreement to receive payments as the buyer of an option, cap, or floor and to make payments as the seller of a different option, cap, or floor;

(c) "Counterparty exposure amount" means the net amount of credit risk attributable to a derivative instrument entered into with a business entity other than through a qualified exchange, qualified foreign exchange, or cleared through a qualified clearinghouse. The amount of the credit risk equals the market value of the over-the-counter derivative instrument if the liquidation of the derivative...
instrument would result in a final cash payment to the insurer, or zero if the liquidation of the derivative instrument would not result in a final cash payment to the insurer.

If over-the-counter derivative instruments are entered into under a written master agreement which provides for netting of payments owed by the respective parties, and the domiciliary jurisdiction of the counterparty is either within the United States or, if not within the United States, within a foreign jurisdiction listed in the purposes and procedures of the securities valuation office as eligible for netting, the net amount of credit risk shall be the greater of zero or the sum of:

(i) The market value of the over-the-counter derivative instruments entered into under the agreement, the liquidation of which would result in a final cash payment to the insurer; and

(ii) The market value of the over-the-counter derivative instruments entered into under the agreement, the liquidation of which would result in a final cash payment by the insurer to the business entity.

For open transactions, market value shall be determined at the end of the most recent quarter of the insurer’s fiscal year and shall be reduced by the market value of acceptable collateral held by the insurer or placed in escrow by one or both parties;

(d) "Covered" means that an insurer owns or can immediately acquire, through the exercise of options, warrants or conversion rights already owned, the underlying interest in order to fulfill or secure its obligations under a call option, cap or floor it has written, or has set aside under a custodial or escrow agreement or cash equivalents with a market value equal to the amount required to fulfill its obligations under a put option it has written, in an income generation transaction;

(e) "Derivative instrument" means an agreement, option, instrument, or a series or combination thereof:

(i) To make or take delivery of, or assume or relinquish, a specified amount of one or more underlying interests, or to make a cash settlement in lieu thereof; or

(ii) That has a price, performance, value, or cash flow based primarily upon the actual or expected price, level, performance, value, or cash flow of one or more underlying interests.

Derivative instruments include options, warrants used in a hedging transaction and not attached to another financial instrument, caps, floors, collars, swaps, forwards, futures, and any other agreements, options, or instruments substantially similar thereto or any series or combination thereof and any agreements, options, or instruments permitted under rules adopted by the commissioner under subsection (3) of this section;

(f) "Derivative transaction" means a transaction involving the use of one or more derivative instruments;

(g) "Floor" means an agreement obligating the seller to make payments to the buyer in which each payment is based on the amount by which a predetermined number, sometimes called the floor rate or price, exceeds a reference price, level, performance, or value of one or more underlying interests;

(h) "Future" means an agreement, traded on a qualified exchange or qualified foreign exchange, to make or take delivery of, or effect a cash settlement based on the actual or expected price, level, performance, or value of, one or more underlying interests;

(i) "Hedging transaction" means a derivative transaction which is entered into and maintained to reduce:

(i) The risk of a change in the value, yield, price, cash flow, or quantity of assets or liabilities which the insurer has acquired or incurred or anticipates acquiring or incurring; or

(ii) The currency exchange rate risk or the degree of exposure as to assets or liabilities which an insurer has acquired or incurred or anticipates acquiring or incurring;

(j) "Option" means an agreement giving the buyer the right to buy or receive (a "call option"), sell or deliver (a "put option"), enter into, extend, or terminate or effect a cash settlement based on the actual or expected price, level, performance, or value of one or more underlying interests;

(k) "Swap" means an agreement to exchange or to net payments at one or more times based on the actual or expected price, level, performance, or value of one or more underlying interests;

(l) "Underlying interest" means the assets, liabilities, other interests, or a combination thereof underlying a derivative instrument, such as any one or more securities, currencies, rates, indices, commodities, or derivative instruments; and

(m) "Warrant" means an instrument that gives the holder the right to purchase an underlying financial instrument at a given price and time or at a series of prices and times outlined in the warrant agreement. Warrants may be issued alone or in connection with the sale of other securities, for
example, as part of a merger or recapitalization agreement, or to facilitate divestiture of the securities of another business entity.

(3) The insurance commissioner may adopt rules implementing the provisions of this section."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "companies;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and adding a new section to chapter 48.13 RCW."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee recommendation on Substitute House Bill No. 2097, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2097 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives L. Thomas and Keiser spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Appelwick, Chopp, H. Sommers, Quall, and Ogden were excused. On motion by Representative Cairnes, Representatives McMorris, Mulliken, Thompson and Van Luven were excused.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2097 as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yea - 79, Nays - 9, Absent - 1, Excused - 9.


Absent: Representative Reams - 1.


Substitute House Bill No. 2097, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

ESSB 5574 Date: April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5574, instituting property tax reform, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that
the amendment by the House (5574-S.E AMH SCHOESLER LONG 238 (See Journal, 96th Day, April 18, 1997)) be adopted, with the following change:

On page 1, line 11 of the amendment, after "treasurer" insert "or tax year 2003, whichever is earlier."; and

that the bill do pass as amended by the Conference Committee.

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee recommendation on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives B. Thomas and Dunshee spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574, as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 89, Nays - 0, Absent - 1, Excused - 8.


Absent: Representative Reams - 1.

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chopp, Mason, Mulliken, Ogden, Quall, Sommers, H. and Van Luven - 8.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5574, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

E2SSB 5927 Date: April 24, 1997

Includes "new item": YES

Mr. Speaker:

Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5927, changing higher education financing, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached S-3325.2/97) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
"Sec. 1. RCW 28B.15.067 and 1996 c 212 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Tuition fees shall be established under the provisions of this chapter.
(2) Academic year tuition for full-time students at the state's institutions of higher education for the (1995-96) 1997-98 academic year, other than the summer term, shall be as provided in this subsection.
(a) At the University of Washington and Washington State University:
(i) For resident undergraduate students and other resident students not in graduate ((study): law, or first professional programs ((or enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine)), two thousand ((seven hundred sixty-four)) nine hundred eighty-eight dollars;
(ii) (A) For nonresident undergraduate students and other nonresident students at the University of Washington not in graduate ((study)), law, or first professional programs ((or enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, eight thousand two hundred sixty-eight)), ten thousand two hundred seventy-eight dollars;
(B) For nonresident undergraduate students and other nonresident students at Washington State University not in graduate or first professional programs, nine thousand eight hundred seventy dollars;
(iii) For resident graduate ((and law)) students ((not enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine)), four thousand ((four hundred ninety)) eight hundred fifty-four dollars;
(iv) For nonresident graduate ((and law)) students ((not enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, eleven thousand six hundred thirty-four)), twelve thousand five hundred eighty-eight dollars;
(v) For resident law students, five thousand ten dollars;
(vi) For nonresident law students, twelve thousand nine hundred fifteen dollars;
(vii) For resident first professional students ((enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, seven thousand four hundred ninety-seven)), eight thousand one hundred twelve dollars; and
((viii)) (viii) For nonresident first professional students ((enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, nineteen thousand four hundred thirty-one)), twenty-one thousand twenty-four dollars.
(b) At the regional universities and The Evergreen State College:
(i) For resident undergraduate and all other resident students not in graduate ((study)) programs, two thousand ((forty-five)) two hundred eleven dollars;
(ii) For nonresident undergraduate and all other nonresident students not in graduate ((study)) programs, ((seven thousand nine hundred ninety-two)) eight thousand six hundred forty-six dollars;
(iii) For resident graduate students, three thousand ((four hundred thirty-three)) seven hundred twenty-six dollars; and
(iv) For nonresident graduate students, eleven thousand ((seventy-one)) nine hundred seventy-six dollars.
(c) At the community colleges:
(i) For resident students, one thousand ((two hundred twelve)) three hundred eleven dollars; and
(ii) For nonresident students, five thousand ((one hundred sixty-two)) five hundred eighty-six dollars ((and fifty cents)).
(3) Academic year tuition for full-time students at the state's institutions of higher education beginning with the (1996-97) 1998-99 academic year, other than the summer term, shall be as provided in this subsection unless different rates are adopted in the omnibus appropriations act.
(a) At the University of Washington and Washington State University:
(i) For resident undergraduate students and other resident students not in graduate ((study)): law, or first professional programs ((or enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, two thousand eight hundred seventy-five)), three thousand one hundred eight dollars;
(ii) (A) For nonresident undergraduate students and other nonresident students at the University of Washington not in graduate ((study)), law, or first professional programs ((or enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, nine thousand four hundred ninety-one)), eleven thousand one hundred thirty dollars;
(B) For nonresident undergraduate students and other nonresident students at Washington State University not in graduate or first professional programs, ten thousand two hundred sixty-six dollars;  
(iii) For resident graduate (and law) students ((not enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, four thousand six hundred eighty dollars);  
(iv) For nonresident graduate (and law) students ((not enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, twelve thousand one hundred), thirteen thousand ninety-two dollars;  
(v) For resident law students, five thousand three hundred seventy-six dollars;  
(vi) For nonresident law students, thirteen thousand seven hundred eighty-two dollars;  
(vii) For resident first professional students ((enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, seven thousand seven hundred ninety-seven), eight thousand four hundred thirty dollars; and  
((vi)) (viii) For nonresident first professional students ((enrolled in programs leading to the degrees of doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, and doctor of veterinary medicine, twenty thousand two hundred nine), twenty-one thousand eight hundred sixty-four dollars.  
(b) At the regional universities and The Evergreen State College:  
(i) For resident undergraduate and all other resident students not in graduate ((study)) programs, two thousand ((one hundred twenty-seven)) two hundred ninety-eight dollars;  
(ii) For nonresident undergraduate and all other nonresident students not in graduate ((study)) programs, eight thousand ((three hundred twelve)) nine hundred ninety-one dollars;  
(iii) For resident graduate students, three thousand ((five hundred eighty-one)) eight hundred sixty-six dollars; and  
(iv) For nonresident graduate students, ((eleven thousand five hundred fourteen)) twelve thousand four hundred fifty-six dollars.  
(c) At the community colleges:  
(i) For resident students, one thousand ((two hundred sixty-one)) three hundred sixty-two dollars; and  
(ii) For nonresident students, five thousand ((three hundred sixty-nine)) eight hundred eighty dollars.  
(4) For the 1997-98 and 1998-99 academic years, the University of Washington shall use at least ten percent of the revenue received from the difference between a four percent increase in tuition fees and the actual increase charged to law students to assist needy low and middle-income resident law students. For the 1997-98 and 1998-99 academic years, the University of Washington shall use at least ten percent of the revenue received from the difference between a four percent increase in tuition fees and the actual increase charged to nonresident undergraduate students and all other nonresident students not in graduate, law, or first professional programs to assist needy low and middle-income resident undergraduate students and all other resident students not enrolled in graduate, law, or first professional programs. This requirement is in addition to the deposit requirements of the institutional aid fund under RCW 28B.15.820.  
(5) The tuition fees established under this chapter shall not apply to high school students enrolling in ((community colleges)) participating institutions of higher education under RCW 28A.600.300 through 28A.600.395.

Sec. 2. RCW 28B.15.069 and 1995 1st sp. c 9 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:  
(1) As used in this section, each of the following subsections is a separate tuition category:  
(a) Resident undergraduate students and all other resident students not in first professional, graduate, or law programs;  
(b) Nonresident undergraduate students and all other resident students not in first professional graduate or law programs;  
(c) Resident graduate ((and law)) students;  
(d) Resident law students;  
(e) Nonresident graduate ((and law)) students;  
(f) Nonresident law students;  
(g) Resident first professional students; and  
(h) Nonresident first professional students ((in first professional programs)).
(2) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, as used in this section "first professional programs" means programs leading to one of the following degrees: Doctor of medicine, doctor of dental surgery, or doctor of veterinary medicine.

(3) For the 1995-96 and 1996-97 academic years, the building fee for each academic year shall be a percentage of total tuition fees. This percentage shall be calculated by the higher education coordinating board and be based on the actual percentage the building fee is of total tuition for each tuition category in the 1994-95 academic year, rounded up to the nearest half percent.

(4) The governing boards of each institution of higher education, except for the technical colleges, shall charge to and collect from each student a services and activities fee. A governing board may increase the existing fee annually, consistent with budgeting procedures set forth in RCW 28B.15.045, by a percentage not to exceed the annual percentage increase in student tuition fees for the applicable tuition category: PROVIDED, That such percentage increase shall not apply to that portion of the services and activities fee previously committed to the repayment of bonded debt. The services and activities fee committee provided for in RCW 28B.15.045 may initiate a request to the governing board for a fee increase.

(5) Tuition and services and activities fees consistent with subsection (4) of this section shall be set by the state board for community and technical colleges for community college summer school students unless the community college charges fees in accordance with RCW 28B.15.515.

(6) Subject to the limitations of RCW 28B.15.910, each governing board of a community college may charge such fees for ungraded courses, noncredit courses, community services courses, and self-supporting courses as it, in its discretion, may determine, consistent with the rules of the state board for community and technical colleges.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "education" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 28B.15.067 and 28B.15.069."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee recommendation on Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927 and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Carlson and Kenney spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927 as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 78, Nays - 12, Absent - 0, Excused - 8.


Voting nay: Representatives Benson, Constantine, Conway, Doumit, Dunn, Hatfield, Kessler, Lambert, Morris, Poulson, Sheldon and Sullivan - 12.

Excused: Representatives Appelwick, Chopp, Mason, Mulliken, Ogden, Quall, Sommers, H. and Van Luven - 8.
Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5927 as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5253 and again asks the House to recede therefrom, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Senate Bill No. 5253 was returned to second reading for the purpose of an amendment. There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SENATE BILL NO. 5253, by Senators Strannigan, Oke, Hargrove, Roach, Morton, Swecker, Horn, and Winsley

Allowing nonresidents under the age of fifteen to obtain a free fishing license.

Representative Clements moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Clements: (714)

On page 1, line 17, after "older," insert the following:

"The license fee for a nonresident juvenile under fifteen years of age is twenty dollars unless the juvenile is fishing with an adult who holds a current game fish license, in which case there is no license fee."

On page 2, beginning on line 11, strike all of Section 2.

Correct the title.

Representatives Clements and Regala spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representative Buck spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5253 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5253 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representative Chandler - 1.
Excused: Representatives Mulliken, Ogden, Quall and Van Luven - 4.

Senate Bill No. 5253, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SSB 5327 Date: April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5327, creating a habitat incentive program through the department of fish and wildlife, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached S-3289.4/97) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. In an effort to increase the amount of habitat available for fish and wildlife, the legislature finds that it is desirable for the department of fish and wildlife, the department of natural resources, and other interested parties to work closely with private landowners to achieve habitat enhancements. In some instances, private landowners avoid enhancing habitat because of a concern that the presence of fish or wildlife may make future land management more difficult. It is the intent of this act to provide a mechanism that facilitates habitat development while avoiding an adverse impact on the landowner at a later date. The habitat incentives program is not intended to supercede any federal laws.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) The department of fish and wildlife and the department of natural resources shall jointly initiate a habitat incentives program in two phases. In creating this program, the departments shall make use of and complement other study efforts underway relating to habitat protection and enhancement, including the department of fish and wildlife’s review of the hydraulic project approval process and the forestry module under development for the forest practices board dealing with practices within riparian areas.

(2) In phase one, the department of fish and wildlife and the department of natural resources shall work with affected federally recognized Indian tribes, landowners, the regional fisheries enhancement groups, the timber, fish, and wildlife cooperators, and other interested parties to identify appropriate criteria and other factors necessary for implementation of the habitat incentives program. The departments in concert with the interested parties shall identify at least the following elements for implementation of the program:

(a) The factors and the approach that the departments should use in evaluating and weighing the benefits and concurrent risks of entering into a habitat incentives agreement with a landowner;
(b) The approach to be used in assigning responsibilities for implementation of the agreement to the landowner and to the departments;
(c) Assignment of responsibility for documentation of the conditions on a landowner’s property prior to the departments entering into a habitat incentives agreement;
(d) The process to be used when a landowner who has entered into a habitat incentives agreement applies for hydraulic project approval or a forest practices permit during the term of the agreement;

(e) The process to be used to monitor and evaluate whether actions taken as a part of the agreement actually enhance habitat for the target species and to amend the agreement if the existing agreement is not enhancing habitat;

(f) The conditions under which the departments and the landowner may terminate the agreement and the remedies if either party breaches the terms of the agreement;

(g) The means for ensuring that the departments are notified if the property covered by the agreement is sold or otherwise transferred into other ownership;

(h) The process to be used for reaching concurrence between the landowner, the departments, the timber, fish, and wildlife cooperators, and affected federally recognized Indian tribes; and

(i) The process to be used in prioritizing proposed agreements if the requests for agreements exceed the funding available for entering into and implementing such agreements.

The departments and the interested parties may identify and propose solutions to other issues necessary in order to implement the habitat incentives program. The departments and the interested parties shall report to the legislature on their findings as well as on any other recommendations for implementation and funding for the habitat incentives program by December 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 77.12 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Beginning in January 1998, the department of fish and wildlife and the department of natural resources shall implement a habitat incentives program based on the recommendations of federally recognized Indian tribes, landowners, the regional fisheries enhancement groups, the timber, fish, and wildlife cooperators, and other interested parties. The program shall allow a private landowner to enter into an agreement with the departments to enhance habitat on the landowner’s property for food fish, game fish, or other wildlife species. In exchange, the landowner shall receive state regulatory certainty with regard to future applications for hydraulic project approval or a forest practices permit on the property covered by the agreement. The overall goal of the program is to provide a mechanism that facilitates habitat development on private property while avoiding an adverse state regulatory impact to the landowner at some future date. A single agreement between the departments and a landowner may encompass up to one thousand acres. A landowner may enter into multiple agreements with the departments, provided that the total acreage covered by such agreements with a single landowner does not exceed ten thousand acres. The departments are not obligated to enter into an agreement unless the departments find that the agreement is in the best interest of protecting fish or wildlife species or their habitat.

(2) A habitat incentives agreement shall be in writing and shall contain at least the following: A description of the property covered by the agreement, an expiration date, a description of the condition of the property prior to the implementation of the agreement, and other information needed by the landowner and the departments for future reference and decisions.

(3) As part of the agreement, the department of fish and wildlife may stipulate the factors that will be considered when the department evaluates a landowner’s application for hydraulic project approval under RCW 75.20.100 or 75.20.103 on property covered by the agreement. The department’s identification of these evaluation factors shall be in concurrence with the department of natural resources and affected federally recognized Indian tribes. In general, future decisions related to the issuance, conditioning, or denial of hydraulic project approval shall be based on the conditions present on the landowner’s property at the time of the agreement, unless all parties agree otherwise.

(4) As part of the agreement, the department of natural resources may stipulate the factors that will be considered when the department evaluates a landowner’s application for a forest practices permit under chapter 76.09 RCW on property covered by the agreement. The department’s identification of these evaluation factors shall be in concurrence with the department of fish and wildlife and affected federally recognized Indian tribes. In general, future decisions related to the issuance, conditioning, or denial of forest practices permits shall be based on the conditions present on the landowner’s property at the time of the agreement, unless all parties agree otherwise.

(5) The agreement is binding on and may be used by only the landowner who entered into the agreement with the department. The agreement shall not be appurtenant with the land. However, if a new landowner chooses to maintain the habitat enhancement efforts on the property, the new landowner and the departments may jointly choose to retain the agreement on the property.
If the departments receive multiple requests for agreements with private landowners under the habitat incentives program, the departments shall prioritize these requests and shall enter into as many agreements as possible within available budgetary resources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 75.20 RCW to read as follows:
When a private landowner is applying for hydraulic project approval under this chapter and that landowner has entered into a habitat incentives agreement with the department and the department of natural resources as provided in section 3 of this act, the department shall comply with the terms of that agreement when evaluating the request for hydraulic project approval.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 76.09 RCW to read as follows:
When a private landowner is applying for a forest practices permit under this chapter and that landowner has entered into a habitat incentives agreement with the department and the department of fish and wildlife as provided in section 3 of this act, the department shall comply with the terms of that agreement when evaluating the permit application.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) The sum of twelve thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998, from the general fund to the department of fish and wildlife for the purposes of this act.
(2) The sum of twelve thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, from the general fund to the department of fish and wildlife for the purposes of this act.
(3) The sum of twelve thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998, from the general fund to the department of natural resources for the purposes of this act.
(4) The sum of twelve thousand one hundred twenty-five dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999, from the general fund to the department of natural resources for the purposes of this act."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "enhancement;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 77.12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 75.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 76.09 RCW; creating new sections; and making appropriations."

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee recommendation on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5327 and the bill was advanced to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5327 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Buck and Butler spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5327 as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 94, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 4.
MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5354,
SENATE BILL NO. 5484,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5781,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1057,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1433,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1935,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5460 and ask the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House receded from its position on Senate Bill No. 5460, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5460.

Representatives D. Schmidt, Schoesler and Smith spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Dunshee, Conway, Doumit and Dunshee spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5460, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 51, Nays - 45, Absent - 0, Excused - 2.

Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sterk, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 51.


Excused: Representatives Quall and Van Luven - 2.

Senate Bill No. 5460, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote YEA on Senate Bill No. 5460.

BOB SUMP, 7th District

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on ENGROSSED THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 3900, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

E3SHB 3900 April 25, 1997

Includes "NEW ITEM": YES

Mr. President:

Mr. Speaker:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred ENGROSSED THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 3900, Juvenile code revisions J.S., have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached s-3326.2/97) be adopted, and

and that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 5.60.060 and 1996 c 156 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A husband shall not be examined for or against his wife, without the consent of the wife, nor a wife for or against her husband without the consent of the husband; nor can either during marriage or afterward, be without the consent of the other, examined as to any communication made by one to the other during marriage. But this exception shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding against a spouse if the marriage occurred subsequent to the filing of formal charges against the defendant, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by said husband or wife against any child of whom said husband or wife is the parent or guardian, nor to a proceeding under chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW: PROVIDED, That the spouse of a person sought to be detained under chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW may not be compelled to testify and shall be so informed by the court prior to being called as a witness.

(2)(a) An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of his or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the client to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the course of professional employment."
(b) A parent or guardian of a minor child arrested on a criminal charge may not be examined as to a communication between the child and his or her attorney if the communication was made in the presence of the parent or guardian. This privilege does not extend to communications made prior to the arrest.

(3) A member of the clergy or a priest shall not, without the consent of a person making the confession, be examined as to any confession made to him or her in his or her professional character, in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she belongs.

(4) Subject to the limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 or 71.05.250, a physician or surgeon or osteopathic physician or surgeon shall not, without the consent of his or her patient, be examined in a civil action as to any information acquired in attending such patient, which was necessary to enable him or her to prescribe or act for the patient, except as follows:
   (a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child's injury, neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and
   (b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court may impose pursuant to court rules.

(5) A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the public interest would suffer by the disclosure.

(6)(a) A peer support group counselor shall not, without consent of the law enforcement officer making the communication, be compelled to testify about any communication made to the counselor by the officer while receiving counseling. The counselor must be designated as such by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol, prior to the incident that results in counseling. The privilege only applies when the communication was made to the counselor while acting in his or her capacity as a peer support group counselor. The privilege does not apply if the counselor was an initial responding officer, a witness, or a party to the incident which prompted the delivery of peer support group counseling services to the law enforcement officer.
   (b) For purposes of this section, "peer support group counselor" means a:
      (i) Law enforcement officer, or civilian employee of a law enforcement agency, who has received training to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting in his or her official capacity; or
      (ii) Nonemployee counselor who has been designated by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting in his or her official capacity.

(7) A sexual assault advocate may not, without the consent of the victim, be examined as to any communication made by the victim to the sexual assault advocate.
   (a) For purposes of this section, "sexual assault advocate" means the employee or volunteer from a rape crisis center, victim assistance unit, program, or association, that provides information, medical or legal advocacy, counseling, or support to victims of sexual assault, who is designated by the victim to accompany the victim to the hospital or other health care facility and to proceedings concerning the alleged assault, including police and prosecution interviews and court proceedings.
   (b) A sexual assault advocate may disclose a confidential communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical injury or death of the victim or another person. Any sexual assault advocate participating in good faith in the disclosing of records and communications under this section shall have immunity from any liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the action. In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a disclosure under this section, the good faith of the sexual assault advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall be presumed.

Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1996 c 289 s 1 and 1996 c 275 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
   Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
   (1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of corrections, means that the department is responsible for
monitoring and enforcing the offender’s sentence with regard to the legal financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.

(2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

(3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence conditions.

(4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate’s sentence of confinement in lieu of earned early release time or imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120 (6), (8), or (10) served in the community subject to controls placed on the inmate’s movement and activities by the department of corrections.

(5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.

(6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.

(7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be considered the same as probation by other states.

(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in this section.

(9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

(10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims’ compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug funds, court-appointed attorneys’ fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430.

(11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct.

(12) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant’s prior convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (a) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (b) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

(b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and serious violent offenses and shall also include a defendant’s other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(9); (ii) the defendant was fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.

(13) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing judge that equals the difference between the offender’s net daily income and the reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents.
"Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision designed to monitor the defendant’s daily activities and compliance with sentence conditions, and in which the defendant is required to report daily to a specific location designated by the department or the sentencing judge.

"Department" means the department of corrections.

"Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate sentence.

"Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW.

"Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

(b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a controlled substance; or

(c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) of this subsection.

"Escape" means:

(a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape under (a) of this subsection.

"Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

"Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.

"First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony ((i)) (a) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under this chapter, or ((ii)) (b) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug, nor the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to deliver methamphetamine, its salts, isomers, and salts of its isomers as defined in RCW 69.50.206(d)(2), nor the selling for profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, ((and except as provided in (b) of this subsection,)) who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.

For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses and serious violent offenses.

"Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended:

(a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony;

(b) Assault in the second degree;

(c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
(d) Child molestation in the second degree;
(e) Controlled substance homicide;
(f) Extortion in the first degree;
(g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
(h) Indecent liberties;
(i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
(j) Leading organized crime;
(k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
(l) Manslaughter in the second degree;
(m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
(n) Rape in the third degree;
(o) Robbery in the second degree;
(p) Sexual exploitation;
(q) Vehicular assault;
(r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
(s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;
(t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;
(u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection.

(24) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent offense.

(25) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably.

(26) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work release, home detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention as defined in this section.

(27) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

(a)(i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a most serious offense; and
(b)(i) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or
(b)(ii) Has been convicted of (A) rape in the first degree, rape in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, or burglary in the first degree, with a finding of sexual motivation; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (27)(b)(i); and
(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in (b)(i) of this subsection.

(28) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's community placement that is not community custody.

(29) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.

(30) "Serious traffic offense" means:
(a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
(31) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense and means:
(a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit one of these felonies; or
(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
(32) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court’s discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
(33) "Sex offense" means:
(a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes;
(b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 9.94A.127 or 13.40.135; or
(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex offense under (a) of this subsection.
(34) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification.
(35) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
(36) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender’s successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender’s requirements and obligations during the offender’s period of community custody.
(37) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged.
(38) "Violent offense" means:
(a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in the second degree, drive-by shooting, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and
(c) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent offense in (a) of this subsection.
(39) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county or the state are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection (33) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program.
(40) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management
skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.

(41) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

(42) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance.

Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.040 and 1996 c 232 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A sentencing guidelines commission is established as an agency of state government.

(2) The legislature finds that the commission, having accomplished its original statutory directive to implement this chapter, and having expertise in sentencing practice and policies, shall:
(a) Evaluate state sentencing policy, to include whether the sentencing ranges and standards are consistent with and further:
(i) The purposes of this chapter as defined in RCW 9.94A.010; and
(ii) The intent of the legislature to emphasize confinement for the violent offender and alternatives to confinement for the nonviolent offender.

The commission shall provide the governor and the legislature with its evaluation and recommendations under this subsection not later than December 1, 1996, and every two years thereafter;
(b) Recommend to the legislature revisions or modifications to the standard sentence ranges, state sentencing policy, prosecuting standards, and other standards. If implementation of the revisions or modifications would result in exceeding the capacity of correctional facilities, then the commission shall accompany its recommendation with an additional list of standard sentence ranges which are consistent with correction capacity;
(c) Study the existing criminal code and from time to time make recommendations to the legislature for modification;
(d) Serve as a clearinghouse and information center for the collection, preparation, analysis, and dissemination of information on state and local adult and juvenile sentencing practices; (ii) develop and maintain a computerized adult and juvenile sentencing information system by individual superior court judge consisting of offender, offense, history, and sentence information entered from judgment and sentence forms for all adult felons; and (iii) conduct ongoing research regarding adult and juvenile sentencing guidelines, use of total confinement and alternatives to total confinement, plea bargaining, and other matters relating to the improvement of the adult criminal justice system and the juvenile justice system;
(e) Assume the powers and duties of the juvenile disposition standards commission after June 30, 1996;
(f) Evaluate the effectiveness of existing disposition standards and related statutes in implementing policies set forth in RCW 13.40.010 generally, specifically review the guidelines relating to the confinement of minor and first offenders as well as the use of diversion, and review the application of current and proposed juvenile sentencing standards and guidelines for potential adverse impacts on the sentencing outcomes of racial and ethnic minority youth;
(g) Solicit the comments and suggestions of the juvenile justice community concerning disposition standards, and make recommendations to the legislature regarding revisions or modifications of the standards ((in accordance with RCW 9.94A.045)). The evaluations shall be submitted to the legislature on December 1 of each odd-numbered year. The department of social and health services shall provide the commission with available data concerning the implementation of the disposition standards and related statutes and their effect on the performance of the department’s responsibilities relating to juvenile offenders, and with recommendations for modification of the disposition standards. The office of the administrator for the courts shall provide the commission with available data on diversion and dispositions of juvenile offenders under chapter 13.40 RCW; and
(h) Not later than December 1, 1997, and at least every two years thereafter, based on available information, report to the governor and the legislature on:
(i) Racial disproportionality in juvenile and adult sentencing;
(ii) The capacity of state and local juvenile and adult facilities and resources; and
(iii) Recidivism information on adult and juvenile offenders.
(3) Each of the commission's recommended standard sentence ranges shall include one or more of the following: Total confinement, partial confinement, community supervision, community service, and a fine.

(4) The standard sentence ranges of total and partial confinement under this chapter are subject to the following limitations:
   (a) If the maximum term in the range is one year or less, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than one-third of the maximum term in the range, except that if the maximum term in the range is ninety days or less, the minimum term may be less than one-third of the maximum;
   (b) If the maximum term in the range is greater than one year, the minimum term in the range shall be no less than seventy-five percent of the maximum term in the range; and
   (c) The maximum term of confinement in a range may not exceed the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in RCW 9A.20.021.

(5) The commission shall exercise its duties under this section in conformity with chapter 34.05 RCW.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.120 and 1996 c 275 s 2, 1996 c 215 s 5, 1996 c 199 s 1, and 1996 c 93 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.

(1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and (8) of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence range for the offense.

(2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

(3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range shall be a determinate sentence.

(4) A persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement for life without the possibility of parole or, when authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the first degree, sentenced to death, notwithstanding the maximum sentence under any other law. An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. The foregoing minimum terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in subsection (2) of this section. In addition, all offenders subject to the provisions of this subsection shall not be eligible for community custody, earned early release time, furlough, home detention, partial confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early release as defined under RCW 9.94A.150 (1), (2), (3), (5), (7), or (8), or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer or officers during such minimum terms of total confinement except in the case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment or for the purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree.

(5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:
   (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
   (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense;
   (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational training;
   (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
   (e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer; or
(f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.

(6)(a) An offender is eligible for the special drug offender sentencing alternative if:

(i) The offender is convicted of the manufacture, delivery, or possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or a felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW or RCW 69.50.407, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes, and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4);

(ii) The offender has no prior convictions for a felony in this state, another state, or the United States; and

(iii) The offense involved only a small quantity of the particular controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street value of the controlled substance.

(b) If the midpoint of the standard range is greater than one year and the sentencing judge determines that the offender is eligible for this option and that the offender and the community will benefit from the use of the special drug offender sentencing alternative, the judge may waive imposition of a sentence within the standard range and impose a sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a state facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. During incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for the offender. The treatment services shall be designed by the division of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health services, in cooperation with the department of corrections. If the midpoint of the standard range is twenty-four months or less, no more than three months of the sentence may be served in a work release status. The court shall also impose one year of concurrent community custody and community supervision that must include appropriate outpatient substance abuse treatment, crime-related prohibitions including a condition not to use illegal controlled substances, and a requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that status. The court may require that the monitoring for controlled substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring. In addition, the court shall impose three or more of the following conditions:

(i) Devote time to a specific employment or training;

(ii) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;

(iii) Perform community service work;

(iv) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing judge.

(c) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in (b) of this subsection, the department shall impose sanctions administratively, with notice to the prosecuting attorney and the sentencing court. Upon motion of the court or the prosecuting attorney, a violation hearing shall be held by the court. If the court finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the court may impose confinement consisting of up to the remaining one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. All total confinement served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender, regardless of whether the total confinement is served as a result of the original sentence, as a result of a sanction imposed by the department, or as a result of a violation found by the court. The term of community supervision shall be tolled by any period of time served in total confinement as a result of a violation found by the court.

(d) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the value of a day fine based on the offender’s income and reasonable obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, and the commission.

(7) If a sentence range has not been established for the defendant’s crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement, community service work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the
court finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.

(8)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant’s version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant’s offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender’s social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator’s information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant’s amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
(B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;
(C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members and others;
(D) Anticipated length of treatment; and
(E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender’s amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sexual offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim’s opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less than eight years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:

(A) The court shall place the defendant on community custody for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is greater, and require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section; and
(B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if available. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. In addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
(II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender’s address or employment;
(III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
(IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination thereof; or
(V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling required as a result of the offender’s crime.

(iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, defendant’s compliance with requirements, treatment
activities, the defendant’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material as specified by the
court at sentencing.

(iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three
months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination
hearing, the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to
the court and parties regarding the defendant’s compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements,
and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including proposed community
supervision conditions. Either party may request and the court may order another evaluation regarding
the advisability of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional
evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay
the cost. At the treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of community
custody, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend treatment for up to the remaining period of
community custody.

(v) If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the department shall either
impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 9.94A.205(2)(a) or refer the violation to the court and
recommend revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in (a)(vi) of this subsection.

(vi) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community
custody and order execution of the sentence if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the
suspended sentence, or (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in
treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community custody shall be credited to the
offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.

(vi) Except as provided in (a) (vii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and
treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment
providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.

(vii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex offender pursuant to this subsection (8)
does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the
court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state
for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are
available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender’s home; and (C) the
evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (8) and the rules adopted by the department
of health.

(ix) For purposes of this subsection (8), "victim" means any person who has sustained
emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime
charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent
or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

(x) If the defendant was less than eighteen years of age when the charge was filed, the state
shall pay for the cost of initial evaluation and treatment.

(b) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is
sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court
may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of
corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the
offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.

Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or
9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his or her term of
confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement
to community supervision and to place conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions
and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

(i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
(ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community
corrections officer prior to any change in the offender’s address or employment;
(iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections officer;
(iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community supervision, the court may
order the offender to serve out the balance of his or her community supervision term in confinement in
the custody of the department of corrections.
Nothing in this subsection (8)(b) shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (8)(b) does not apply to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.

(c) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to available funds.

(9)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under subsection (6) of this section, committed on or after July 1, 1988, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence.

(b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but before June 6, 1996, a serious violent offense, vehicular homicide, or vehicular assault, committed on or after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community placement portion of the sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community placement for offenders sentenced pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions:

(i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with the assigned community corrections officer as directed;

(ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved education, employment, and/or community service;

(iii) The offender shall not consume controlled substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;

(iv) An offender in community custody shall not unlawfully possess controlled substances;

(v) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the department of corrections; and

(vi) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period of community placement.

(c) As a part of any sentence imposed under (a) or (b) of this subsection, the court may also order any of the following special conditions:

(i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified geographical boundary;

(ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;

(iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or counseling services;

(iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;

(v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions; or

(vi) For an offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, the offender shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the
department of corrections relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.

(d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of the department of corrections.

(10)(a) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after June 6, 1996, the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody for three years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).

(b) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of community custody shall be the same as those provided for in subsection (9)(b) of this section and may include those provided for in subsection (9)(c) of this section. As part of any sentence that includes a term of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section.

(c) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender’s term of community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender’s term of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender’s term of community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.195 and may be punishable as contempt of court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040.

(11) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.

(12) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender’s compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be supervised by the department. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no later than ten years after the last date of release from confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered. Independent of the department, the party or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order.

(13) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision or community placement which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(14) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the department of corrections and shall follow explicitly the instructions and conditions of the department of corrections.

(a) The instructions shall include, at a minimum, reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections officer of any change in the offender’s address or employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment.

(b) For sex offenders sentenced to terms involving community custody for crimes committed on or after June 6, 1996, the department may include, in addition to the instructions in (a) of this subsection, any appropriate conditions of supervision, including but not limited to, prohibiting the offender from having contact with any other specified individuals or specific class of individuals. The
conditions authorized under this subsection (14)(b) may be imposed by the department prior to or during a sex offender’s community custody term. If a violation of conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section occurs during community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of community placement for the purposes of RCW 9.94A.207 and shall authorize the department to transfer an offender to a more restrictive confinement status as provided in RCW 9.94A.205. At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender’s term of community custody, the department may recommend to the court that any or all of the conditions imposed by the court or the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section be continued beyond the expiration of the offender’s term of community custody as authorized in subsection (10)(c) of this section.

The department may require offenders to pay for special services rendered on or after July 25, 1993, including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender’s ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to pay.

(15) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, or community placement under the supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.

(16) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being sentenced.

(17) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).

(18) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court’s judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in the record if it does not order restitution.

(19) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender’s term of community supervision or community placement.

(20) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.

(21) All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations.

Sec. 5. RCW 9.94A.360 and 1995 c 316 s 1 and 1995 c 101 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The offender score is measured on the horizontal axis of the sentencing grid. The offender score rules are as follows:

The offender score is the sum of points accrued under this section rounded down to the nearest whole number.

(1) A prior conviction is a conviction which exists before the date of sentencing for the offense for which the offender score is being computed. Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed shall be deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of RCW 9.94A.400.

(2) Class A and sex prior felony convictions shall always be included in the offender score. Class B prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score, if since the last date of release from
confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. Class C prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. Serious traffic convictions shall not be included in the offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender spent five years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in a conviction. This subsection applies to both adult and juvenile prior convictions.

(3) Out-of-state convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Federal convictions for offenses shall be classified according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. If there is no clearly comparable offense under Washington law or the offense is one that is usually considered subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, the offense shall be scored as a class C felony equivalent if it was a felony under the relevant federal statute.

(4) Always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and serious violent offenses. Include other class A juvenile felonies only if the offender was 15 or older at the time the juvenile offense was committed. Include other class B and C juvenile felony convictions only if the offender was 15 or older at the time the juvenile offense was committed and the offender was less than 23 at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed.

(5) Score prior convictions for felony anticipatory offenses (attempts, criminal solicitations, and criminal conspiracies) the same as if they were convictions for completed offenses.

((6)) (5)(a) In the case of multiple prior convictions, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all convictions separately, except:

(i) Prior (adult) offenses which were found, under RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a), to encompass the same criminal conduct, shall be counted as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score. The current sentencing court shall determine with respect to other prior adult offenses for which sentences were served concurrently or prior juvenile offenses for which sentences were served consecutively, whether those offenses shall be counted as one offense or as separate offenses using the "same criminal conduct" analysis found in RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a), and if the court finds that they shall be counted as one offense, then the offense that yields the highest offender score shall be used. The current sentencing court may presume that such other prior (adult) offenses were not the same criminal conduct from sentences imposed on separate dates, or in separate counties or jurisdictions, or in separate complaints, indictments, or informations;

(ii) (Juvenile prior convictions entered or sentenced on the same date shall count as one offense, the offense that yields the highest offender score, except for juvenile prior convictions for violent offenses with separate victims, which shall count as separate offenses; and

(iii)) In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses committed before July 1, 1986, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all adult convictions served concurrently as one offense, and count all juvenile convictions entered on the same date as one offense. Use the conviction for the offense that yields the highest offender score.

(b) As used in this subsection (((6))) (5), "served concurrently" means that: (i) The latter sentence was imposed with specific reference to the former; (ii) the concurrent relationship of the sentences was judicially imposed; and (iii) the concurrent timing of the sentences was not the result of a probation or parole revocation on the former offense.

((7)) (6) If the present conviction is one of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy, count each prior conviction as if the present conviction were for a completed offense.

((8)) (7) If the present conviction is for a nonviolent offense and not covered by subsection (((2))) (11) or (((3))) (12) of this section, count one point for each adult prior felony conviction and one point for each juvenile prior violent felony conviction and ½ point for each juvenile prior nonviolent felony conviction.

((9)) (8) If the present conviction is for a violent offense and not covered in subsection (((10), (11), (12), or (13))) (9), (10), (11), or (12) of this section, count two points for each prior adult and
juvenile violent felony conviction, one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and \(\frac{1}{2}\) point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

\((\text{44b})\) (9) If the present conviction is for Murder 1 or 2, Assault 1, Assault of a Child 1, Kidnapping 1, Homicide by Abuse, or Rape 1, count three points for prior adult and juvenile convictions for crimes in these categories, two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent conviction (not already counted), one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and \(\frac{1}{2}\) point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

\((\text{44c})\) (10) If the present conviction is for Burglary 1, count prior convictions as in subsection \((\text{49a})\) (8) of this section; however count two points for each prior adult Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each prior juvenile Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

\((\text{44d})\) (11) If the present conviction is for a felony traffic offense count two points for each adult or juvenile prior conviction for Vehicular Homicide or Vehicular Assault; for each felony offense or serious traffic offense, count one point for each adult and \(\frac{1}{2}\) point for each juvenile prior conviction.

\((\text{44e})\) (12) If the present conviction is for a drug offense count three points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two points for each juvenile drug offense. All other adult and juvenile felonies are scored as in subsection \((\text{49a})\) (8) of this section if the current drug offense is violent, or as in subsection \((\text{48a})\) (7) of this section if the current drug offense is nonviolent.

\((\text{44f})\) (13) If the present conviction is for Willful Failure to Return from Furlough, RCW 72.66.060, Willful Failure to Return from Work Release, RCW 72.65.070, or Escape from Community Custody, RCW 72.09.310, count only prior escape convictions in the offender score. Count adult prior escape convictions as one point and juvenile prior escape convictions as \(\frac{1}{2}\) point.

\((\text{44g})\) (14) If the present conviction is for Escape 1, RCW 9A.76.110, or Escape 2, RCW 9A.76.120, count adult prior convictions as one point and juvenile prior convictions as \(\frac{1}{2}\) point.

\((\text{44h})\) (15) If the present conviction is for Burglary 2 or residential burglary, count priors as in subsection \((\text{43a})\) (7) of this section; however, count two points for each adult and juvenile prior Burglary 1 conviction, two points for each adult prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each juvenile prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

\((\text{44i})\) (16) If the present conviction is for a sex offense, count priors as in subsections \((\text{48a})\) (7) through \((\text{45a})\) (15) of this section; however count three points for each adult and juvenile prior sex offense conviction.

\((\text{44j})\) (17) If the present conviction is for an offense committed while the offender was under community placement, add one point.

**Sec. 6.** RCW 13.04.011 and 1992 c 205 s 119 are each amended to read as follows:

For purposes of this title:

1. "Adjudication" has the same meaning as "conviction" in RCW 9.94A.030, and the terms must be construed identically and used interchangeably.

2. Except as specifically provided in RCW 13.40.020 and chapter 13.24 RCW, \((\text{as now or hereafter amended})\) "juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years.

3. "Juvenile offender" and "juvenile offense" have the meaning ascribed in RCW 13.40.020.

4. "Court" when used without further qualification means the juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s).

5. "Parent" or "parents," except as used in chapter 13.34 RCW, \((\text{as now or hereafter amended})\) means that parent or parents who have the right of legal custody of the child. "Parent" or "parents" as used in chapter 13.34 RCW, means the biological or adoptive parents of a child unless the legal rights of that person have been terminated by judicial proceedings.

6. "Custodian" means that person who has the legal right to custody of the child.

**Sec. 7.** RCW 13.04.030 and 1995 c 312 s 39 and 1995 c 311 s 15 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

1. Except as provided in \((\text{subsection (2) of})\) this section, the juvenile courts in \((\text{the several counties of})\) this state\((\text{(s)})\) shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over all proceedings:

   a. Under the interstate compact on placement of children as provided in chapter 26.34 RCW;

   b. Relating to children alleged or found to be dependent as provided in chapter 26.44 RCW and in RCW 13.34.030 through 13.34.170;
(c) Relating to the termination of a parent and child relationship as provided in RCW 13.34.180 through 13.34.210;

(d) To approve or disapprove out-of-home placement as provided in RCW 13.32A.170;

(e) Relating to juveniles alleged or found to have committed offenses, traffic or civil infractions, or violations as provided in RCW 13.40.020 through 13.40.230, unless:

(i) The juvenile court transfers jurisdiction of a particular juvenile to adult criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110; or

(ii) The statute of limitations applicable to adult prosecution for the offense, traffic or civil infraction, or violation has expired; or

(iii) The alleged offense or infraction is a traffic, fish, boating, or game offense, or traffic or civil infraction committed by a juvenile sixteen years of age or older and would, if committed by an adult, be tried or heard in a court of limited jurisdiction, in which instance the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction shall have jurisdiction over the alleged offense or infraction, and no guardian ad litem is required in any such proceeding due to the juvenile's age: PROVIDED, That if such an alleged offense or infraction and an alleged offense or infraction subject to juvenile court jurisdiction arise out of the same event or incident, the juvenile court may have jurisdiction of both matters: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the jurisdiction under this subsection does not constitute "transfer" or a "decline" for purposes of RCW 13.40.110(1) or (e)(i) of this subsection: PROVIDED FURTHER, That courts of limited jurisdiction which confine juveniles for an alleged offense or infraction may place juveniles in juvenile detention facilities under an agreement with the officials responsible for the administration of the juvenile detention facility in RCW 13.04.035 and 13.20.060; or

(iv) The juvenile is sixteen or seventeen years old and the alleged offense is:

(A) A serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 (omitted on or after June 13, 1994; or);

(B) A violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 (omitted on or after June 13, 1994,) and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of: (I) One or more prior serious violent offenses; (II) two or more prior violent offenses; or (III) three or more of any combination of the following offenses: Any class A felony, any class B felony, vehicular assault, or manslaughter in the second degree, all of which must have been committed after the juvenile's thirteenth birthday and prosecuted separately;

(C) Robbery in the first degree, rape of a child in the first degree, or drive-by shooting, committed on or after the effective date of this section;

(D) Burglary in the first degree committed on or after the effective date of this section, and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of one or more prior felony or misdemeanor offenses; or

(E) Any violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after the effective date of this section, and the juvenile is alleged to have been armed with a firearm.

In such a case the adult criminal court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction.

If the juvenile challenges the state's determination of the juvenile's criminal history under (e)(iv) of this subsection, the state may establish the offender's criminal history by a preponderance of the evidence. If the criminal history consists of adjudications entered upon a plea of guilty, the state shall not bear a burden of establishing the knowing and voluntariness of the plea;

(f) Under the interstate compact on juveniles as provided in chapter 13.24 RCW;

(g) Relating to termination of a diversion agreement under RCW 13.40.080, including a proceeding in which the divertee has attained eighteen years of age;

(h) Relating to court validation of a voluntary consent to an out-of-home placement under chapter 13.34 RCW, by the parent or Indian custodian of an Indian child, except if the parent or Indian custodian and child are residents of or domiciled within the boundaries of a federally recognized Indian reservation over which the tribe exercises exclusive jurisdiction; and

(i) Relating to petitions to compel disclosure of information filed by the department of social and health services pursuant to RCW 74.13.042.

(2) The family court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the juvenile court over all proceedings under this section if the superior court judges of a county authorize concurrent jurisdiction as provided in RCW 26.12.010.

(3) A juvenile subject to adult superior court jurisdiction under subsection (1)(e)(i) through (iv) of this section, who is detained pending trial, may be detained in a ((county)) detention facility as defined in RCW 13.40.020 pending sentencing or a dismissal.

Sec. 8. RCW 13.40.010 and 1992 c 205 s 101 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) This chapter shall be known and cited as the Juvenile Justice Act of 1977.

(2) It is the intent of the legislature that a system capable of having primary responsibility for, being accountable for, and responding to the needs of youthful offenders, as defined by this chapter, be established. It is the further intent of the legislature that youth, in turn, be held accountable for their offenses and that (both) communities, families, and the juvenile courts carry out their functions consistent with this intent. To effectuate these policies, the legislature declares the following to be equally important purposes of this chapter:

(a) Protect the citizenry from criminal behavior;
(b) Provide for determining whether accused juveniles have committed offenses as defined by this chapter;
(c) Make the juvenile offender accountable for his or her criminal behavior;
(d) Provide for punishment commensurate with the age, crime, and criminal history of the juvenile offender;
(e) Provide due process for juveniles alleged to have committed an offense;
(f) Provide necessary treatment, supervision, and custody for juvenile offenders;
(g) Provide for the handling of juvenile offenders by communities whenever consistent with public safety;
(h) Provide for restitution to victims of crime;
(i) Develop effective standards and goals for the operation, funding, and evaluation of all components of the juvenile justice system and related services at the state and local levels; and

(j) Encourage the parents, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile to actively participate in the juvenile justice process.

Sec. 9. RCW 13.40.020 and 1995 c 395 s 2 and 1995 c 134 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter:

(1) "Serious offender" means a person fifteen years of age or older who has committed an offense which if committed by an adult would be:

(a) A class A felony, or an attempt to commit a class A felony;
(b) Manslaughter in the first degree; or
(c) Assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second degree, robbery in the second degree, residential burglary, or burglary in the second degree, where such offenses include the infliction of bodily harm upon another or where during the commission of or immediate withdrawal from such an offense the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon;

(2) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community service may be performed through public or private organizations or through work crews;

(3) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department or an order granting a deferred (adjudication pursuant to RCW 13.40.125) disposition. A community supervision order for a single offense may be for a period of up to two years for a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030 and up to one year for other offenses. As a mandatory condition of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to refrain from committing new offenses. As a mandatory condition of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to comply with the mandatory school attendance provisions of chapter 28A.225 RCW and to inform the school of the existence of this requirement. Community supervision is an individualized program comprised of one or more of the following:

(a) Community-based sanctions;
(b) Community-based rehabilitation;
(c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;
(d) Posting of a probation bond (imposed pursuant to RCW 13.40.0357);

(4) Community-based sanctions may include one or more of the following:

(a) A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars;
(b) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours of service;
(5) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of the following: Employment; attendance of information classes; literacy classes; counseling, outpatient substance abuse treatment programs, outpatient mental health programs, anger management classes, education or outpatient treatment programs to prevent animal cruelty, or other services; or attendance at school or other educational programs appropriate for the juvenile as determined by the school district. Placement in community-based rehabilitation programs is subject to available funds;

(6) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of the following: Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work, or court-ordered treatment programs during specified hours; restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas; requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to remain under the probation officer’s supervision; and other conditions or limitations as the court may require which may not include confinement;

(7) "Confinement" means physical custody by the department of social and health services in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state, or physical custody in a detention facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with any county. The county may operate or contract with vendors to operate county detention facilities. The department may operate or contract to operate detention facilities for juveniles committed to the department. Pretrial confinement or confinement of less than thirty-one days imposed as part of a disposition or modification order may be served consecutively or intermittently, in the discretion of the court;

(8) "Court," "(e)" when used without further qualification, means the juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);

(9) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints against the respondent for which, prior to the commission of a current offense:
   (a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a respondent is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the same course of conduct, only the highest charge from among these shall count as an offense for the purposes of this chapter; or
   (b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant to the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and after an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint would be considered as part of the respondent’s criminal history. A successfully completed deferred adjudication that was entered before the effective date of this section or a deferred disposition shall not be considered part of the respondent’s criminal history;

(10) "Department" means the department of social and health services;

(11) "Detention facility" means a county facility, paid for by the county, for the physical confinement of a juvenile alleged to have committed an offense or an adjudicated offender subject to a disposition or modification order. "Detention facility" includes county group homes, inpatient substance abuse programs, juvenile basic training camps, and electronic monitoring;

(12) "Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters into a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any other person, community accountability board, or other entity except a law enforcement official or entity, with whom the juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and supervise such agreements pursuant to RCW 13.40.080, or any person, community accountability board, or other entity specially funded by the legislature to arrange and supervise diversion agreements in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. For purposes of this subsection, "community accountability board" means a board comprised of members of the local community in which the juvenile offender resides. The superior court shall appoint the members. The boards shall consist of at least three and not more than seven members. If possible, the board should include a variety of representatives from the community, such as a law enforcement officer, teacher or school administrator, high school student, parent, and business owner, and should represent the cultural diversity of the local community;

(13) "Institution" means a juvenile facility established pursuant to chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;

(14) "Intensive supervision program" means a parole program that requires intensive supervision and monitoring, offers an array of individualized treatment and transitional services, and emphasizes community involvement and support in order to reduce the likelihood a juvenile offender will commit further offenses;

(15) "Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years and who has not been previously transferred to adult court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110 or who is otherwise under adult court jurisdiction;
"Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been found by the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a person eighteen years of age or older over whom jurisdiction has been extended under RCW 13.40.300;

"Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would either impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a serious, and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this chapter;

"Middle offender" means a person who has committed an offense and who is neither a minor or first offender nor a serious offender;

"Minor or first offender" means a person whose current offense(s) and criminal history fall entirely within one of the following categories:

(a) Four misdemeanors;
(b) Two misdemeanors and one gross misdemeanor;
(c) One misdemeanor and two gross misdemeanors; and
(d) Three gross misdemeanors.

For purposes of this definition, current violations shall be counted as misdemeanors;

"Offense" means an act designated a violation or a crime if committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any ordinance of any city or county of this state, under any federal law, or under the law of another state if the act occurred in that state;

"Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or proven to have committed an offense;

"Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the offender to the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for medical treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages resulting from physical injury, and costs of the victim's counseling reasonably related to the offense if the offense is a sex offense. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering, or other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter shall limit or replace civil remedies or defenses available to the victim or offender;

"Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services. "Assistant secretary" means the assistant secretary for juvenile rehabilitation for the department;

"Services" means services which provide alternatives to incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or been adjudicated guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion agreement pursuant to this chapter;

"Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex offense in RCW 9.94A.030;

"Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification;

"Foster care" means temporary physical care in a foster family home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and licensed by the department, or other legally authorized care;

"Violation" means an act or omission, which if committed by an adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and is punishable by sanctions which do not include incarceration;

"Violent offense" means a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;

"Probation bond" means a bond, posted with sufficient security by a surety justified and approved by the court, to secure the offender's appearance at required court proceedings and compliance with court-ordered community supervision or conditions of release ordered pursuant to RCW 13.40.040 or 13.40.050. It also means a deposit of cash or posting of other collateral in lieu of a bond if approved by the court;

"Surety" means an entity licensed under state insurance laws or by the state department of licensing, to write corporate, property, or probation bonds within the state, and justified and approved by the superior court of the county having jurisdiction of the case.

This section expires July 1, 1998.

Sec. 10. RCW 13.40.020 and 1995 c 395 s 2 and 1995 c 134 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

For the purposes of this chapter:

(1) ("Serious offender" means a person fifteen years of age or older who has committed an offense which if committed by an adult would be:

(a) A class A felony, or an attempt to commit a class A felony;
(b) Manslaughter in the first degree; or
(c) Assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second degree, robbery in the second degree, residential burglary, or burglary in the second degree, where such offenses include the infliction of bodily harm upon another or where during the commission of or immediate withdrawal from such an offense the perpetrator is armed with a deadly weapon;

(2) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender as punishment for committing an offense. Community service may be performed through public or private organizations or through work crews;

(((44))) (2) "Community supervision" means an order of disposition by the court of an adjudicated youth not committed to the department or an order granting a deferred (disposition pursuant to RCW 13.40.125) disposition. A community supervision order for a single offense may be for a period of up to two years for a sex offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.03 and up to one year for other offenses. As a mandatory condition of any term of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to refrain from committing new offenses. As a mandatory condition of community supervision, the court shall order the juvenile to comply with the mandatory school attendance provisions of chapter 28A.225 RCW and to inform the school of the existence of this requirement. Community supervision is an individualized program comprised of one or more of the following:

(a) Community-based sanctions;
(b) Community-based rehabilitation;
(c) Monitoring and reporting requirements;
(d) Posting of a probation bond (imposed pursuant to RCW 13.40.0357);

(((44))) (3) Community-based sanctions may include one or more of the following:
(a) A fine, not to exceed (five hundred dollars);
(b) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours of service;

(((44))) (4) "Community-based rehabilitation" means one or more of the following:
Employment; attendance of information classes; literacy classes; counseling, outpatient substance abuse treatment programs, outpatient mental health programs, anger management classes, education or outpatient treatment programs to prevent animal cruelty, or other services; or attendance at school or other educational programs appropriate for the juvenile as determined by the school district. Placement in community-based rehabilitation programs is subject to available funds;

(((64))) (5) "Monitoring and reporting requirements" means one or more of the following:
Curfews; requirements to remain at home, school, work, or court-ordered treatment programs during specified hours; restrictions from leaving or entering specified geographical areas; requirements to report to the probation officer as directed and to remain under the probation officer’s supervision; and other conditions or limitations as the court may require which may not include confinement;

(((74))) (6) "Confinement" means physical custody by the department of social and health services in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state, or physical custody in a detention facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with any county. The county may operate or contract with vendors to operate county detention facilities. The department may operate or contract to operate detention facilities for juveniles committed to the department. Pretrial confinement or confinement of less than thirty-one days imposed as part of a disposition or modification order may be served consecutively or intermittently, in the discretion of the court;

(((84))) (7) "Court("(,) when used without further qualification, means the juvenile court judge(s) or commissioner(s);"

(((94))) (8) "Criminal history" includes all criminal complaints against the respondent for which, prior to the commission of a current offense:
(a) The allegations were found correct by a court. If a respondent is convicted of two or more charges arising out of the same course of conduct, only the highest charge from among these shall count as an offense for the purposes of this chapter; or
(b) The criminal complaint was diverted by a prosecutor pursuant to the provisions of this chapter on agreement of the respondent and after an advisement to the respondent that the criminal complaint would be considered as part of the respondent’s criminal history. A successfully completed deferred adjudication that was entered before the effective date of this section or a deferred disposition shall not be considered part of the respondent’s criminal history;

(((104))) (9) "Department" means the department of social and health services;
"Detention facility" means a county facility, paid for by the county, for the physical confinement of a juvenile alleged to have committed an offense or an adjudicated offender subject to a disposition or modification order. "Detention facility" includes county group homes, inpatient substance abuse programs, juvenile basic training camps, and electronic monitoring;

"Diversion unit" means any probation counselor who enters into a diversion agreement with an alleged youthful offender, or any other person, community accountability board, or other entity except a law enforcement official or entity, with whom the juvenile court administrator has contracted to arrange and supervise such agreements pursuant to RCW 13.40.080, or any person, community accountability board, or other entity specially funded by the legislature to arrange and supervise diversion agreements in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. For purposes of this subsection, "community accountability board" means a board comprised of members of the local community in which the juvenile offender resides. The superior court shall appoint the members. The boards shall consist of at least three and not more than seven members. If possible, the board should include a variety of representatives from the community, such as a law enforcement officer, teacher or school administrator, high school student, parent, and business owner, and should represent the cultural diversity of the local community;

"Institution" means a juvenile facility established pursuant to chapters 72.05 and 72.16 through 72.20 RCW;

"Intensive supervision program" means a parole program that requires intensive supervision and monitoring, offers an array of individualized treatment and transitional services, and emphasizes community involvement and support in order to reduce the likelihood a juvenile offender will commit further offenses;

"Juvenile," "youth," and "child" mean any individual who is under the chronological age of eighteen years and who has not been previously transferred to adult court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110 or who is otherwise under adult court jurisdiction;

"Juvenile offender" means any juvenile who has been found by the juvenile court to have committed an offense, including a person eighteen years of age or older over whom jurisdiction has been extended under RCW 13.40.300;

"Local sanctions" means one or more of the following: (a) 0-30 days of confinement; (b) 0-12 months of community supervision; (c) 0-150 hours of community service; or (d) $0-$500 fine;

"Manifest injustice" means a disposition that would either impose an excessive penalty on the juvenile or would impose a serious, and clear danger to society in light of the purposes of this chapter;

"Middle offender" means a person who has committed an offense and who is neither a minor or first offender nor a serious offender;

"Minor or first offender" means a person whose current offense(s) and criminal history fall entirely within one of the following categories:

(a) Four misdemeanors;

(b) Two misdemeanors and one gross misdemeanor;

(c) One misdemeanor and two gross misdemeanors; and

(d) Three gross misdemeanors.

For purposes of this definition, current violations shall be counted as misdemeanors;

"Offense" means an act designated a violation or a crime if committed by an adult under the law of this state, under any ordinance of any city or county of this state, under any federal law, or under the law of another state if the act occurred in that state;

"Respondent" means a juvenile who is alleged or proven to have committed an offense;

"Restitution" means financial reimbursement by the offender to the victim, and shall be limited to easily ascertainable damages for injury to or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for medical treatment for physical injury to persons, lost wages resulting from physical injury, and costs of the victim’s counseling reasonably related to the offense if the offense is a sex offense. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and suffering, or other intangible losses. Nothing in this chapter shall limit or replace civil remedies or defenses available to the victim or offender;

"Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and health services. "Assistant secretary" means the assistant secretary for juvenile rehabilitation for the department;
"Services" means services which provide alternatives to incarceration for those juveniles who have pleaded or been adjudicated guilty of an offense or have signed a diversion agreement pursuant to this chapter;

"Sex offense" means an offense defined as a sex offense in RCW 9.94A.030;

"Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which the respondent committed the offense was for the purpose of his or her sexual gratification;

"Foster care" means temporary physical care in a foster family home or group care facility as defined in RCW 74.15.020 and licensed by the department, or other legally authorized care;

"Violation" means an act or omission, which if committed by an adult, must be proven beyond a reasonable doubt, and is punishable by sanctions which do not include incarceration;

"Violent offense" means a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030;

"Probation bond" means a bond, posted with sufficient security by a surety justified and approved by the court, to secure the offender's appearance at required court proceedings and compliance with court-ordered community supervision or conditions of release ordered pursuant to RCW 13.40.040 or 13.40.050. It also means a deposit of cash or posting of other collateral in lieu of a bond if approved by the court;

"Surety" means an entity licensed under state insurance laws or by the state department of licensing, to write corporate, property, or probation bonds within the state, and justified and approved by the superior court of the county having jurisdiction of the case.

Sec. 11. RCW 13.40.0357 and 1996 c 205 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

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<td>D</td>
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<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Possession of a Controlled Substance (69.50.401(d))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Possession of a Controlled Substance (69.50.401(c))</td>
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**Firearms and Weapons**
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<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Possession of Firearms by Minor (&lt; 18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Homicide</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>Murder 1 (9A.32.030)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>Murder 2 (9A.32.050)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>Manslaughter 2 (9A.32.070)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Vehicular Homicide (46.61.520)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Kidnapping</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Kidnap 1 (9A.40.020)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Kidnap 2 (9A.40.030)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>Unlawful Imprisonment (9A.40.040)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Obstructing Governmental Operation</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Obstructing a Law Enforcement Officer (9A.76.020)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Resisting Arrest (9A.76.040)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class</td>
<td>Crime Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Introducing Contraband 1 (9A.76.140)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Introducing Contraband 2 (9A.76.150)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Introducing Contraband 3 (9A.76.160)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Intimidating a Public Servant (9A.76.180)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Intimidating a Witness (9A.72.110)</td>
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### Public Disturbance

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Crime Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>Riot with Weapon (9A.84.010)</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>Riot Without Weapon (9A.84.010)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Failure to Disperse (9A.84.020)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Disorderly Conduct (9A.84.030)</td>
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### Sex Crimes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Crime Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Rape 1 (9A.44.040)</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>Rape 2 (9A.44.050)</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>Rape 3 (9A.44.060)</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>Rape of a Child 1 (9A.44.073)</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Rape of a Child 2 (9A.44.076)</td>
<td>C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Incest 1 (9A.64.020(1))</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Incest 2 (9A.64.020(2))</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>Indecent Exposure (Victim &lt; 14) (9A.88.010)</td>
<td>E</td>
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<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Indecent Exposure (Victim 14 or over) (9A.88.010)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Promoting Prostitution 1 (9A.88.070)</td>
<td>C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>Promoting Prostitution 2 (9A.88.080)</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grade</td>
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<td>Subcategory</td>
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<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
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<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>O &amp; A (Prostitution) (9A.88.030)</td>
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<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Indecent Liberties (9A.44.100)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(B+)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>Child Molestation 1 (9A.44.083)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(C+)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Child Molestation 2 (9A.44.086)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Theft, Robbery, Extortion, and Forgery</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Theft 1 (9A.56.030)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Theft 2 (9A.56.040)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Theft 3 (9A.56.050)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Theft of Livestock (9A.56.080)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Forgery (9A.60.020)</td>
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<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>Robbery 1 (9A.56.200)</td>
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<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Robbery 2 (9A.56.210)</td>
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<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Extortion 1 (9A.56.120)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>Extortion 2 (9A.56.130)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Possession of Stolen Property 1 (9A.56.150)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Possession of Stolen Property 2 (9A.56.160)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Possession of Stolen Property 3 (9A.56.170)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Taking Motor Vehicle Without Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Related Crimes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Driving Without a License (46.20.021)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4))</td>
<td>D</td>
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<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5))</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Vehicular Assault (46.61.522)</td>
<td>D</td>
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<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024)</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Reckless Driving (46.61.500)</td>
<td>E</td>
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<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Driving While Under the Influence (46.61.502 and 46.61.504)</td>
<td>E</td>
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<tr>
<td>(D</td>
<td>Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.100)Taking Motor Vehicle Without Owner’s Permission (9A.56.070)</td>
<td>(E</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Other</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
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<tr>
<td>C</td>
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<td>D</td>
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<td>E</td>
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<tr>
<td>A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1Escape 1 and 2 and Attempted Escape 1 and 2 are classed as C offenses and the standard range is established as follows:
   1st escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 4 weeks confinement
   2nd escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 8 weeks confinement
   3rd and subsequent escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 12 weeks confinement

2If the court finds that a respondent has violated terms of an order, it may impose a penalty of up to 30 days of confinement.

**SCHEDULE B**
**PRIOR OFFENSE INCREASE FACTOR**

For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1, 1989.

**TIME SPAN**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFENSE CATEGORY</th>
<th>0-12 Months</th>
<th>13-24 Months</th>
<th>25 Months or More</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.8</td>
<td>.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.8</td>
<td>.5</td>
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<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>.9</td>
<td>.7</td>
<td>.4</td>
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<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>.9</td>
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<td>C+</td>
<td>.6</td>
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<td>.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>.5</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>.3</td>
<td>.2</td>
<td>.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Prior history - Any offense in which a diversion agreement or counsel and release form was signed, or any offense which has been adjudicated by court to be correct prior to the commission of the current offense(s).

**SCHEDULE C**

**CURRENT OFFENSE POINTS**

For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1, 1989.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>12 &amp; Under</th>
<th>13</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>15</th>
<th>16</th>
<th>17</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>STANDARD RANGE 180-224 WEEKS</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>375</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>250</td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>150</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>150</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>110</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>150</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>110</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>45</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>57</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>45</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>44</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>55</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>44</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>40</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>14</td>
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</tr>
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<td>E</td>
<td>4</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
This schedule may only be used for minor/first offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a minor/first offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A, B, or C.

## MINOR/FIRST OFFENDER

### OPTION A

#### STANDARD RANGE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Community Supervision</th>
<th>Community Service Hours</th>
<th>Fine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-9</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-19</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-29</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-16</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 8-24</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>3-6 months</td>
<td>and/or 16-32</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-59</td>
<td>3-6 months</td>
<td>and/or 24-40</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-69</td>
<td>6-9 months</td>
<td>and/or 32-48</td>
<td>and/or 0-$50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-79</td>
<td>6-9 months</td>
<td>and/or 40-56</td>
<td>and/or 0-$50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80-89</td>
<td>9-12 months</td>
<td>and/or 48-64</td>
<td>and/or 10-$100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90-109</td>
<td>9-12 months</td>
<td>and/or 56-72</td>
<td>and/or 10-$100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### OPTION B

#### STATUTORY OPTION

A term of community supervision with a maximum of 150 hours, $100.00 fine, and 12 months supervision.
**OPTION C**

**MANIFEST INJUSTICE**

When a term of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice, another disposition may be imposed. When a judge imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

**JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS**

**SCHEDULE D-2**

This schedule may only be used for middle offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a middle offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A, B, or C.

**MIDDLE OFFENDER**

**OPTION A**

**STANDARD RANGE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Community Supervision</th>
<th>Community Service Hours</th>
<th>Fine</th>
<th>Confinement Days Weeks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-9</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
<td>and/or 0</td>
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<tr>
<td>10-19</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
<td>and/or 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-29</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-16</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
<td>and/or 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 8-24</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
<td>and/or 2-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>3-6 months</td>
<td>and/or 16-32</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
<td>and/or 2-4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-59</td>
<td>3-6 months</td>
<td>and/or 24-40</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
<td>and/or 5-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-69</td>
<td>6-9 months</td>
<td>and/or 32-48</td>
<td>and/or 0-$50</td>
<td>and/or 5-10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-79</td>
<td>6-9 months</td>
<td>and/or 40-56</td>
<td>and/or 0-$50</td>
<td>and/or 10-20</td>
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<tr>
<td>80-89</td>
<td>9-12 months</td>
<td>and/or 48-64</td>
<td>and/or 0-$100</td>
<td>and/or 10-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90-109</td>
<td>9-12 months</td>
<td>and/or 56-72</td>
<td>and/or 0-$100</td>
<td>and/or 15-30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110-129</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Community Supervision</th>
<th>Community Service Hours</th>
<th>Fine</th>
<th>Confinement Days Weeks</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>130-149</td>
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8-12

13-16
Middle offenders with 110 points or more do not have to be committed. They may be assigned community supervision under option B.

All A+ offenses 180-224 weeks.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range</th>
<th>Option B</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>150-199</td>
<td>OR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200-249</td>
<td>STATUTORY OPTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250-299</td>
<td>0-12 Months Community Supervision</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300-374</td>
<td>0-150 Hours Community Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52-65</td>
<td>0-100 Fine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80-100</td>
<td>Posting of a Probation Bond</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103-129</td>
<td>If the offender has less than 110 points, the court may impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to 30 days confinement; in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>If the middle offender has 110 points or more, the court may impose a disposition under option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender fails to comply with the terms of community supervision, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspended disposition and order execution of the disposition. If the court imposes confinement for offenders with 110 points or more, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors set forth in RCW 13.40.150.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OR

OPTION C

MANIFEST INJUSTICE
If the court determines that a disposition under option A or B would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

**JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS**

**SCHEDULE D-3**

This schedule may only be used for serious offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a serious offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A or B.

**SERIOUS OFFENDER**

**OPTION A**

**STANDARD RANGE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Institution Time</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0-129</td>
<td>8-12 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130-149</td>
<td>13-16 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150-199</td>
<td>21-28 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200-249</td>
<td>30-40 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250-299</td>
<td>52-65 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300-374</td>
<td>80-100 weeks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>375+</td>
<td>103-129 weeks</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All A+ Offenses 180-224 weeks

**OR**

**OPTION B**

**MANIFEST INJUSTICE**

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determined and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision including posting a probation bond or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

This section expires July 1, 1998.

**Sec. 12.** RCW 13.40.0357 and 1996 c 205 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

```plaintext
((SCHEDULE A))
DESCRIPTION AND OFFENSE CATEGORY
```
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>JUVENILE DISPOSITION CATEGORY</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION (RCW CITATION)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Arson and Malicious Mischief</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A Arson 1 (9A.48.020)</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Arson 2 (9A.48.030)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C Reckless Burning 1 (9A.48.040)</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D Reckless Burning 2 (9A.48.050)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B Malicious Mischief 1 (9A.48.070)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C Malicious Mischief 2 (9A.48.080)</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D Malicious Mischief 3 (&lt; $50 is E class) (9A.48.090)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E Tampering with Fire Alarm Apparatus (9.40.100)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A Possession of Incendiary Device (9.40.120)</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Assault and Other Crimes Involving Physical Harm</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A Assault 1 (9A.36.011)</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+ Assault 2 (9A.36.021)</td>
<td>C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+ Assault 3 (9A.36.031)</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+ Assault 4 (9A.36.041)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+ Drive-By Shooting (9A.36.045)</td>
<td>C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+ Reckless Endangerment (9A.36.050)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+ Promoting Suicide Attempt (9A.36.060)</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+ Coercion (9A.36.070)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+ Custodial Assault (9A.36.100)</td>
<td>D+</td>
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</table>
# Burglary and Trespass

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Burglary 1 (9A.52.020)</td>
<td>C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Residential Burglary (9A.52.025)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Burglary 2 (9A.52.030)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Burglary Tools (Possession of) (9A.52.060)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Criminal Trespass 1 (9A.52.070)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Criminal Trespass 2 (9A.52.080)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Vehicle Prowling 1 (9A.52.095)</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>Vehicle Prowling 2 (9A.52.100)</td>
<td>E</td>
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</table>

# Drugs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Possession/Consumption of Alcohol (66.44.270)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Illegally Obtaining Legend Drug (69.41.020)</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>Sale, Delivery, Possession of Legend Drug with Intent to Sell (69.41.030)</td>
<td>D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Possession of Legend Drug (69.41.030)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Narcotic or Methamphetamine Sale (69.50.401(a)(1)(i) or (ii))</td>
<td>B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Sale (69.50.401(a)(1)(iii))</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Possession of Marihuana &lt; 40 grams (69.50.401(e))</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>Fraudulently Obtaining Controlled Substance (69.50.403)</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>Sale of Controlled Substance for Profit (69.50.410)</td>
<td>C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>Unlawful Inhalation (9.47A.020)</td>
<td>E</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Narcotic or Methamphetamine Counterfeit Substances</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
(69.50.401(b)(1)(i) or (ii))

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Nonnarcotic Counterfeit Substances (69.50.401(b)(1)(iii), (iv),(v))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Violation of Uniform Controlled Substances Act - Possession of a Controlled Substance (69.50.401(d))</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Possession of a Controlled Substance (69.50.401(c))</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Firearms and Weapons**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Theft of Firearm (9A.56.300)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td></td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Possession of Stolen Firearm (9A.56.310)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Carrying Loaded Pistol Without Permit (9.41.050)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Possession of Firearms by Minor (&lt; 18) (9.41.040(1)(b)(iii))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Possession of Dangerous Weapon (9.41.250)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Intimidating Another Person by use of Weapon (9.41.270)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Homicide**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Murder 1 (9A.32.030)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Murder 2 (9A.32.050)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Manslaughter 1 (9A.32.060)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Manslaughter 2 (9A.32.070)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Vehicular Homicide (46.61.520)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Kidnapping**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Kidnap 1 (9A.40.020)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Kidnap 2 (9A.40.030)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Unlawful Imprisonment (9A.40.040) D+

**Obstructing Governmental Operation**

((E))D+ Obstructing a Law Enforcement Officer (9A.76.020) E

E Resisting Arrest (9A.76.040) E

B Introducing Contraband 1 (9A.76.140) C

C Introducing Contraband 2 (9A.76.150) D

E Introducing Contraband 3 (9A.76.160) E

B+ Intimidating a Public Servant (9A.76.180) C+

B+ Intimidating a Witness (9A.72.110) C+

**Public Disturbance**

C+ Riot with Weapon (9A.84.010) D+

D+ Riot Without Weapon (9A.84.010) E

E Failure to Disperse (9A.84.020) E

E Disorderly Conduct (9A.84.030) E

**Sex Crimes**

A Rape 1 (9A.44.040) B+

A- Rape 2 (9A.44.050) B+

C+ Rape 3 (9A.44.060) D+

A- Rape of a Child 1 (9A.44.073) B+

B+ Rape of a Child 2 (9A.44.076) C+

B Incest 1 (9A.64.020(1)) C

C Incest 2 (9A.64.020(2)) D

D+ Indecent Exposure (Victim < 14) (9A.88.010) E
E Indecent Exposure (Victim 14 or over) (9A.88.010) E
B+ Promoting Prostitution 1 (9A.88.070) C+
C+ Promoting Prostitution 2 (9A.88.080) D+
E O & A (Prostitution) (9A.88.030) E
B+ Indecent Liberties (9A.44.100) C+
(((B+))A- Child Molestation 1 (9A.44.083) (((C+))B+)
(((C+))B Child Molestation 2 (9A.44.086) C+

**Theft, Robbery, Extortion, and Forgery**

B Theft 1 (9A.56.030) C
C Theft 2 (9A.56.040) D
D Theft 3 (9A.56.050) E
B Theft of Livestock (9A.56.080) C
C Forgery (9A.60.020) D
A Robbery 1 (9A.56.200) B+
B+ Robbery 2 (9A.56.210) C+
B+ Extortion 1 (9A.56.120) C+
C+ Extortion 2 (9A.56.130) D+
B Possession of Stolen Property 1 (9A.56.150) C
C Possession of Stolen Property 2 (9A.56.160) D
D Possession of Stolen Property 3 (9A.56.170) E
C Taking Motor Vehicle Without Owner's Permission (9A.56.070) D

**Motor Vehicle Related Crimes**

E Driving Without a License (46.20.021) E
C  Hit and Run - Injury (46.52.020(4))
D  Hit and Run-Attended (46.52.020(5))
E  Hit and Run-Unattended (46.52.010)
C  Vehicular Assault (46.61.522)
C  Attempting to Elude Pursuing Police Vehicle (46.61.024)
E  Reckless Driving (46.61.500)
D  Driving While Under the Influence (46.61.502 and 46.61.504)
(D  Vehicle Prowling (9A.52.100)
C  Taking Motor Vehicle Without Owner's Permission (9A.56.070)

Other
B  Bomb Threat (9.61.160)
C  Escape 1 (9A.76.110)
C  Escape 2 (9A.76.120)
D  Escape 3 (9A.76.130)
E  Obscene, Harassing, Etc., Phone Calls (9.61.230)
A  Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class A Felony
B  Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class B Felony
C  Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Class C Felony
D  Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Gross Misdemeanor
E  Other Offense Equivalent to an Adult Misdemeanor
V  Violation of Order of Restitution, Community Supervision, or Confinement (13.40.200)
Escape 1 and 2 and Attempted Escape 1 and 2 are classed as C offenses and the standard range is established as follows:

1st escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 4 weeks confinement
2nd escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 8 weeks confinement
3rd and subsequent escape or attempted escape during 12-month period - 12 weeks confinement

If the court finds that a respondent has violated terms of an order, it may impose a penalty of up to 30 days of confinement.

(SCHEDULE B
PRIOR OFFENSE INCREASE FACTOR

For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1, 1989.

TIME SPAN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>OFFENSE CATEGORY</th>
<th>0-12 Months</th>
<th>13-24 Months</th>
<th>25 Months or More</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>0.4</td>
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<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>0.9</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>0.3</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>0.1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Prior history—Any offense in which a diversion agreement or counsel and release form was signed, or any offense which has been adjudicated by court to be correct prior to the commission of the current offense(s).

**SCHEDULE C**  
**CURRENT-OFFENSE POINTS**

For use with all CURRENT OFFENSES occurring on or after July 1, 1989.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>12 &amp; Under</th>
<th>13</th>
<th>14</th>
<th>15</th>
<th>16</th>
<th>17</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A+</td>
<td>STANDARD RANGE 180-224 WEEKS</td>
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<td>A</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>150 150 200 200 200</td>
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<tr>
<td>D+</td>
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<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>16 18 20 22 24</td>
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</tr>
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<td>E</td>
<td>4 4 6 8 10</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS**  
**((SCHEDULE D-1))**

This schedule ((may only)) must be used for ((minor/first)) juvenile offenders. ((After the determination is made that a youth is a minor/first offender,)) The court ((has the discretion to)) may select sentencing option A, B, or C.

**((MINOR/FIRST-OFFENDER)**
### OPTION A
**STANDARD RANGE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Supervision</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Fine</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-9</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-19</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-29</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 0-16</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>0-3 months</td>
<td>and/or 8-24</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>3-6 months</td>
<td>and/or 16-32</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-59</td>
<td>3-6 months</td>
<td>and/or 24-40</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-69</td>
<td>6-9 months</td>
<td>and/or 32-48</td>
<td>and/or 0-$50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70-79</td>
<td>6-9 months</td>
<td>and/or 40-56</td>
<td>and/or 0-$50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80-89</td>
<td>9-12 months</td>
<td>and/or 48-64</td>
<td>and/or 10-$100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90-100</td>
<td>9-12 months</td>
<td>and/or 56-72</td>
<td>and/or 10-$100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**OR**

### OPTION B
**STATUTORY OPTION**

- 0-12 Months Community Supervision
- 0-150 Hours Community Service
- 0-100 Fine
- Posting of a Probation Bond

A term of community supervision with a maximum of 150 hours, $100.00 fine, and 12 months supervision.

**OR**

### OPTION C
**MANIFEST INJUSTICE**

When a term of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice, another disposition may be imposed. When a judge imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall
sentence the juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.

**JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS**

**SCHEDULE D-2**

This schedule may only be used for middle offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a middle offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A, B, or C.

**MIDDLE-OFFENDER**

**OPTION A**

**STANDARD RANGE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Points</th>
<th>Community Supervision</th>
<th>Community Service Hours</th>
<th>Fine</th>
<th>Confinement Days</th>
<th>Weeks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-9</td>
<td>0-3-months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
<td>and/or 0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10-19</td>
<td>0-3-months</td>
<td>and/or 0-8</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
<td>and/or 0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20-29</td>
<td>0-3-months</td>
<td>and/or 0-16</td>
<td>and/or 0-$10</td>
<td>and/or 0</td>
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<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>0-3-months</td>
<td>and/or 8-24</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
<td>and/or 2-4</td>
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<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>3-6-months</td>
<td>and/or 16-32</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
<td>and/or 2-4</td>
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<tr>
<td>50-59</td>
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<td>and/or 24-40</td>
<td>and/or 0-$25</td>
<td>and/or 5-10</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>60-69</td>
<td>6-9-months</td>
<td>and/or 32-48</td>
<td>and/or 0-$50</td>
<td>and/or 5-10</td>
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<tr>
<td>70-79</td>
<td>6-9-months</td>
<td>and/or 40-56</td>
<td>and/or 0-$50</td>
<td>and/or 10-20</td>
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<tr>
<td>80-89</td>
<td>9-12-months</td>
<td>and/or 48-64</td>
<td>and/or 0-$100</td>
<td>and/or 10-20</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>90-109</td>
<td>9-12-months</td>
<td>and/or 56-72</td>
<td>and/or 0-$100</td>
<td>and/or 15-30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110-129</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>8-12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130-149</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>13-16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Middle offenders with 110 points or more do not have to be committed. They may be assigned community supervision under option B. All A+ offenses 180-224 weeks.}

**OPTION A**

**JUVENILE OFFENDER SENTENCING GRID**

**STANDARD RANGE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Offense</th>
<th>Current</th>
<th>B+</th>
<th>15-36</th>
<th>52-65</th>
<th>80-100</th>
<th>103-129</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B LOCAL SANCTIONS (LS)</td>
<td>__</td>
<td>52-65</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>C+ LS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15-36 WEEKS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C LS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>15-36 WEEKS</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| A+ 180 WEEKS TO AGE 21 YEARS | | | |
| A 103 WEEKS TO 129 WEEKS | | | |
| A- 15-36 | 52-65 | 80-100 | 103-129 |
| WEEKS | WEEKS | WEEKS | WEEKS |
| EXCEPT | | | |
| 30-40 | | | |
| WEEKS FOR | | | |
| 15-17 | | | |
| YEAR OLDS | | | |
Local Sanctions:
- D+  LS  0 to 30 Days Community Supervision
- D  LS  0 to 150 Hours Community Service
- E  LS  $0 to $500 Fine

PRIOR ADJUDICATIONS

NOTE: References in the grid to days or weeks mean periods of confinement.
(1) The vertical axis of the grid is the current offense category. The current offense category is determined by the offense of adjudication.
(2) The horizontal axis of the grid is the number of prior adjudications included in the juvenile's criminal history. Each prior felony adjudication shall count as one point. Each prior violation, misdemeanor, and gross misdemeanor adjudication shall count as 1/4 point. Fractional points shall be rounded down.
(3) The standard range disposition for each offense is determined by the intersection of the column defined by the prior adjudications and the row defined by the current offense category.
(4) RCW 13.40.180 applies if the offender is being sentenced for more than one offense.
(5) A current offense that is a violation is equivalent to an offense category of E. However, a disposition for a violation shall not include confinement.

OR

OPTION B

CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY DISPOSITION ALTERNATIVE

If the offender has less than 110 points, the court may impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to 30 days confinement; in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150.

If the juvenile offender has 110 points or more is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose a disposition under option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender fails to comply with the terms of community supervision, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspended disposition and order execution of the disposition. If the court imposes confinement for offenders with 110 points or more, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors set forth in RCW 13.40.150 and section 26 of this act.

OR

OPTION C

MANIFEST INJUSTICE

If the court determines that a disposition under option A or B would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall
be used to determine the range)) impose a disposition outside the standard range under RCW 13.40.160(2).

(((JUVENILE SENTENCING STANDARDS
SCHEDULE D-3

This schedule may only be used for serious offenders. After the determination is made that a youth is a serious offender, the court has the discretion to select sentencing option A or B.

SERIOUS OFFENDER
OPTION A
STANDARD RANGE

Points | Institution Time
---:|---:
0-129 | 8-12 weeks
130-149 | 13-16 weeks
150-199 | 21-28 weeks
200-249 | 30-40 weeks
250-299 | 52-65 weeks
300-374 | 80-100 weeks
375+ | 103-129 weeks
All A+ Offenses | 180-224 weeks

OR

OPTION B
MANIFEST INJUSTICE

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determined and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision including posting a probation bond or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding 30 days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range.))

Sec. 13. RCW 13.40.040 and 1995 c 395 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A juvenile may be taken into custody:
(a) Pursuant to a court order if a complaint is filed with the court alleging, and the court finds probable cause to believe, that the juvenile has committed an offense or has violated terms of a disposition order or release order; or
(b) Without a court order, by a law enforcement officer if grounds exist for the arrest of an adult in identical circumstances. Admission to, and continued custody in, a court detention facility shall be governed by subsection (2) of this section; or
(c) Pursuant to a court order that the juvenile be held as a material witness; or
(d) Where the secretary or the secretary's designee has suspended the parole of a juvenile offender.

(2) A juvenile may not be held in detention unless there is probable cause to believe that:
(a) The juvenile has committed an offense or has violated the terms of a disposition order; and
(i) The juvenile will likely fail to appear for further proceedings; or
(ii) Detention is required to protect the juvenile from himself or herself; or
(iii) The juvenile is a threat to community safety; or
(iv) The juvenile will intimidate witnesses or otherwise unlawfully interfere with the administration of justice; or
(v) The juvenile has committed a crime while another case was pending; or
(b) The juvenile is a fugitive from justice; or
(c) The juvenile's parole has been suspended or modified; or
(d) The juvenile is a material witness.

(3) Upon a finding that members of the community have threatened the health of a juvenile taken into custody, at the juvenile's request the court may order continued detention pending further order of the court.

(4) A juvenile detained under this section may be released upon posting a probation bond set by the court. The juvenile's parent or guardian may sign for the probation bond. A court authorizing such a release shall issue an order containing a statement of conditions imposed upon the juvenile and shall set the date of his or her next court appearance. The court shall advise the juvenile of any conditions specified in the order and may at any time amend such an order in order to impose additional or different conditions of release upon the juvenile or to return the juvenile to custody for failing to conform to the conditions imposed. In addition to requiring the juvenile to appear at the next court date, the court may condition the probation bond on the juvenile's compliance with conditions of release. The juvenile's parent or guardian may notify the court that the juvenile has failed to conform to the conditions of release or the provisions in the probation bond. If the parent notifies the court of the juvenile's failure to comply with the probation bond, the court shall notify the surety. As provided in the terms of the bond, the surety shall provide notice to the court of the offender's noncompliance. A juvenile may be released only to a responsible adult or the department of social and health services. Failure to appear on the date scheduled by the court pursuant to this section shall constitute the crime of bail jumping.

Sec. 14. RCW 13.40.045 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 518 are each amended to read as follows:
The secretary, assistant secretary, or the secretary's designee shall issue arrest warrants for juveniles who escape from department residential custody. The secretary, assistant secretary, or the secretary's designee may issue arrest warrants for juveniles who abscond from parole supervision or fail to meet conditions of parole. These arrest warrants shall authorize any law enforcement, probation and parole, or peace officer of this state, or any other state where the juvenile is located, to arrest the juvenile and to place the juvenile in physical custody pending the juvenile's return to confinement in a state juvenile rehabilitation facility.

Sec. 15. RCW 13.40.050 and 1995 c 395 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When a juvenile taken into custody is held in detention:
(a) An information, a community supervision modification or termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition shall be filed within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays excluded, or the juvenile shall be released; and
(b) A detention hearing, a community supervision modification or termination of diversion petition, or a parole modification petition shall be held within seventy-two hours, Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays excluded, from the time of filing the information or petition, to determine whether continued detention is necessary under RCW 13.40.040.
(2) Notice of the detention hearing, stating the time, place, and purpose of the hearing, stating the right to counsel, and requiring attendance shall be given to the parent, guardian, or
custodian if such person can be found and shall also be given to the juvenile if over twelve years of age.

(3) At the commencement of the detention hearing, the court shall advise the parties of their rights under this chapter and shall appoint counsel as specified in this chapter.

(4) The court shall, based upon the allegations in the information, determine whether the case is properly before it or whether the case should be treated as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080. If the case is not properly before the court the juvenile shall be ordered released.

(5) Notwithstanding a determination that the case is properly before the court and that probable cause exists, a juvenile shall at the detention hearing be ordered released on the juvenile’s personal recognizance pending further hearing unless the court finds detention is necessary under RCW 13.40.040 ((as now or hereafter amended)).

(6) If detention is not necessary under RCW 13.40.040, ((as now or hereafter amended,)) the court shall impose the most appropriate of the following conditions or, if necessary, any combination of the following conditions:
   (a) Place the juvenile in the custody of a designated person agreeing to supervise such juvenile;
   (b) Place restrictions on the travel of the juvenile during the period of release;
   (c) Require the juvenile to report regularly to and remain under the supervision of the juvenile court;
   (d) Impose any condition other than detention deemed reasonably necessary to assure appearance as required;
   (e) Require that the juvenile return to detention during specified hours; or
   (f) Require the juvenile to post a probation bond set by the court under terms and conditions as provided in RCW 13.40.040(4).

(7) A juvenile may be released only to a responsible adult or the department.

(8) If the parent, guardian, or custodian of the juvenile in detention is available, the court shall consult with them prior to a determination to further detain or release the juvenile or treat the case as a diversion case under RCW 13.40.080.

(9) A person notified under this section who fails without reasonable cause to appear and abide by the order of the court may be proceeded against as for contempt of court. In determining whether a parent, guardian, or custodian had reasonable cause not to appear, the court may consider all factors relevant to the person’s ability to appear as summoned.

Sec. 16. RCW 13.40.060 and 1989 c 71 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All actions under this chapter shall be commenced and tried in the county where any element of the offense was committed except as otherwise specially provided by statute. In cases in which diversion is provided by statute, venue is in the county in which the juvenile resides or in the county in which any element of the offense was committed.

(2) ((The case and copies of all legal and social documents pertaining thereto may in the discretion of the court be transferred to the county where the juvenile resides for a disposition hearing. All costs and arrangements for care and transportation of the juvenile in custody shall be the responsibility of the receiving county as of the date of the transfer of the juvenile to such county, unless the counties otherwise agree.))

(((((3)))) The case and copies of all legal and social documents pertaining thereto may in the discretion of the court be transferred to the county in which the juvenile resides for supervision and enforcement of the disposition order. The court of the receiving county has jurisdiction to modify and enforce the disposition order.

((((((4))))))) The court upon motion of any party or upon its own motion may, at any time, transfer a proceeding to another juvenile court when there is reason to believe that an impartial proceeding cannot be held in the county in which the proceeding was begun.

Sec. 17. RCW 13.40.070 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 543 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Complaints referred to the juvenile court alleging the commission of an offense shall be referred directly to the prosecutor. The prosecutor, upon receipt of a complaint, shall screen the complaint to determine whether:
(a) The alleged facts bring the case within the jurisdiction of the court; and
(b) On a basis of available evidence there is probable cause to believe that the juvenile did
commit the offense.

(2) If the identical alleged acts constitute an offense under both the law of this state and an
ordinance of any city or county of this state, state law shall govern the prosecutor's screening and
charging decision for both filed and diverted cases.

(3) If the requirements of subsections (1)(a) and (b) of this section are met, the prosecutor shall
either file an information in juvenile court or divert the case, as set forth in subsections (5), (6), and (7)
of this section. If the prosecutor finds that the requirements of subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section
are not met, the prosecutor shall maintain a record, for one year, of such decision and the reasons
therefor. In lieu of filing an information or diverting an offense a prosecutor may file a motion to
modify community supervision where such offense constitutes a violation of community supervision.

(4) An information shall be a plain, concise, and definite written statement of the essential facts
constituting the offense charged. It shall be signed by the prosecuting attorney and conform to chapter
10.37 RCW.

(5) Where a case is legally sufficient, the prosecutor shall file an information with the juvenile
court if:
   (a) An alleged offender is accused of a class A felony, a class B felony, an attempt to commit a
class B felony, a class C felony listed in RCW 9.94A.440(2) as a crime against persons or listed in
RCW 9A.46.060 as a crime of harassment, or a class C felony that is a violation of RCW 9.41.080 or
((9.41.040(1)(e)), or any other offense listed in RCW 13.40.020(1), (b), or (c)) 9.41.040(1)(b)(iii); or
   (b) An alleged offender is accused of a felony and has a criminal history of any felony, or at
least two gross misdemeanors, or at least two misdemeanors; or
   (c) An alleged offender has previously been committed to the department; or
   (d) An alleged offender has been referred by a diversion unit for prosecution or desires
prosecution instead of diversion; or
   (e) An alleged offender has two or more diversion contracts on the alleged offender’s criminal
history; or
   (f) A special allegation has been filed that the offender or an accomplice was armed with a
firearm when the offense was committed.

(6) Where a case is legally sufficient the prosecutor shall divert the case if the alleged offense is
a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor or violation and the alleged offense is the offender's first offense
or violation. If the alleged offender is charged with a related offense that must or may be filed under
subsections (5) and (7) of this section, a case under this subsection may also be filed.

(7) Where a case is legally sufficient and falls into neither subsection (5) nor (6) of this section,
it may be filed or diverted. In deciding whether to file or divert an offense under this section the
prosecutor shall be guided only by the length, seriousness, and recency of the alleged offender's
criminal history and the circumstances surrounding the commission of the alleged offense.

(8) Whenever a juvenile is placed in custody or, where not placed in custody, referred to a
((diversionary)) diversion interview, the parent or legal guardian of the juvenile shall be notified as
soon as possible concerning the allegation made against the juvenile and the current status of the
juvenile. Where a case involves victims of crimes against persons or victims whose property has not
been recovered at the time a juvenile is referred to a ((diversionary)) diversion unit, the victim shall be
notified of the referral and informed how to contact the unit.

(9) The responsibilities of the prosecutor under subsections (1) through (8) of this section may
be performed by a juvenile court probation counselor for any complaint referred to the court alleging
the commission of an offense which would not be a felony if committed by an adult, if the prosecutor
has given sufficient written notice to the juvenile court that the prosecutor will not review such
complaints.

(10) The prosecutor, juvenile court probation counselor, or diversion unit may, in exercising
their authority under this section or RCW 13.40.080, refer juveniles to mediation or victim offender
reconciliation programs. Such mediation or victim offender reconciliation programs shall be voluntary
for victims.
Sec. 18. RCW 13.40.077 and 1996 c 9 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

**RECOMMENDED PROSECUTING STANDARDS FOR CHARGING AND PLEA DISPOSITIONS**

INTRODUCTION: These standards are intended solely for the guidance of prosecutors in the state of Washington. They are not intended to, do not, and may not be relied upon to create a right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law by a party in litigation with the state.

Evidentiary sufficiency.

(1) Decision not to prosecute.

STANDARD: A prosecuting attorney may decline to prosecute, even though technically sufficient evidence to prosecute exists, in situations where prosecution would serve no public purpose, would defeat the underlying purpose of the law in question, or would result in decreased respect for the law. The decision not to prosecute or divert shall not be influenced by the race, gender, religion, or creed of the suspect.

GUIDELINES/COMMENTARY:

Examples

The following are examples of reasons not to prosecute which could satisfy the standard.

(a) Contrary to Legislative Intent - It may be proper to decline to charge where the application of criminal sanctions would be clearly contrary to the intent of the legislature in enacting the particular statute.

(b) Antiquated Statute - It may be proper to decline to charge where the statute in question is antiquated in that:

(i) It has not been enforced for many years;

(ii) Most members of society act as if it were no longer in existence;

(iii) It serves no deterrent or protective purpose in today's society; and

(iv) The statute has not been recently reconsidered by the legislature.

This reason is not to be construed as the basis for declining cases because the law in question is unpopular or because it is difficult to enforce.

(c) De Minimis Violation - It may be proper to decline to charge where the violation of law is only technical or insubstantial and where no public interest or deterrent purpose would be served by prosecution.

(d) Confinement on Other Charges - It may be proper to decline to charge because the accused has been sentenced on another charge to a lengthy period of confinement; and

(i) Conviction of the new offense would not merit any additional direct or collateral punishment;

(ii) The new offense is either a misdemeanor or a felony which is not particularly aggravated; and

(iii) Conviction of the new offense would not serve any significant deterrent purpose.

(e) Pending Conviction on Another Charge - It may be proper to decline to charge because the accused is facing a pending prosecution in the same or another county; and

(i) Conviction of the new offense would not merit any additional direct or collateral punishment;

(ii) Conviction in the pending prosecution is imminent;

(iii) The new offense is either a misdemeanor or a felony which is not particularly aggravated; and

(iv) Conviction of the new offense would not serve any significant deterrent purpose.

(f) High Disproportionate Cost of Prosecution - It may be proper to decline to charge where the cost of locating or transporting, or the burden on, prosecution witnesses is highly disproportionate to the importance of prosecuting the offense in question. The reason should be limited to minor cases and should not be relied upon in serious cases.

(g) Improper Motives of Complainant - It may be proper to decline charges because the motives of the complainant are improper and prosecution would serve no public purpose, would defeat the underlying purpose of the law in question, or would result in decreased respect for the law.
(h) Immunity - It may be proper to decline to charge where immunity is to be given to an accused in order to prosecute another where the accused information or testimony will reasonably lead to the conviction of others who are responsible for more serious criminal conduct or who represent a greater danger to the public interest.

(i) Victim Request - It may be proper to decline to charge because the victim requests that no criminal charges be filed and the case involves the following crimes or situations:
   
   (i) Assault cases where the victim has suffered little or no injury;
   
   (ii) Crimes against property, not involving violence, where no major loss was suffered;
   
   (iii) Where doing so would not jeopardize the safety of society.
   
   Care should be taken to insure that the victim’s request is freely made and is not the product of threats or pressure by the accused.

   The presence of these factors may also justify the decision to dismiss a prosecution which has been commenced.

   Notification

   The prosecutor is encouraged to notify the victim, when practical, and the law enforcement personnel, of the decision not to prosecute.

   (2) Decision to prosecute.

   STANDARD:

   Crimes against persons will be filed if sufficient admissible evidence exists, which, when considered with the most plausible, reasonably foreseeable defense that could be raised under the evidence, would justify conviction by a reasonable and objective fact-finder. With regard to offenses prohibited by RCW 9A.44.040, 9A.44.050, 9A.44.073, 9A.44.075, 9A.44.079, 9A.44.083, 9A.44.086, 9A.44.089, and 9A.64.020 the prosecutor should avoid prefiling agreements or diversions intended to place the accused in a program of treatment or counseling, so that treatment, if determined to be beneficial, can be proved under RCW 13.40.160(5) (4).

   Crimes against property/other crimes will be filed if the admissible evidence is of such convincing force as to make it probable that a reasonable and objective fact-finder would convict after hearing all the admissible evidence and the most plausible defense that could be raised.

   The categorization of crimes for these charging standards shall be the same as found in RCW 9.94A.440(2).

   The decision to prosecute or use diversion shall not be influenced by the race, gender, religion, or creed of the respondent.

   (3) Selection of Charges/Degree of Charge

   (a) The prosecutor should file charges which adequately describe the nature of the respondent’s conduct. Other offenses may be charged only if they are necessary to ensure that the charges:

       (i) Will significantly enhance the strength of the state’s case at trial; or

       (ii) Will result in restitution to all victims.

   (b) The prosecutor should not overcharge to obtain a guilty plea. Overcharging includes:

       (i) Charging a higher degree;

       (ii) Charging additional counts.

   This standard is intended to direct prosecutors to charge those crimes which demonstrate the nature and seriousness of a respondent’s criminal conduct, but to decline to charge crimes which are not necessary to such an indication. Crimes which do not merge as a matter of law, but which arise from the same course of conduct, do not all have to be charged.

   (4) Police Investigation

   A prosecuting attorney is dependent upon law enforcement agencies to conduct the necessary factual investigation which must precede the decision to prosecute. The prosecuting attorney shall ensure that a thorough factual investigation has been conducted before a decision to prosecute is made. In ordinary circumstances the investigation should include the following:

   (a) The interviewing of all material witnesses, together with the obtaining of written statements whenever possible;

   (b) The completion of necessary laboratory tests; and

   (c) The obtaining, in accordance with constitutional requirements, of the suspect’s version of the events.
If the initial investigation is incomplete, a prosecuting attorney should insist upon further investigation before a decision to prosecute is made, and specify what the investigation needs to include.

(5) Exceptions
In certain situations, a prosecuting attorney may authorize filing of a criminal complaint before the investigation is complete if:
   (a) Probable cause exists to believe the suspect is guilty; and
   (b) The suspect presents a danger to the community or is likely to flee if not apprehended; or
   (c) The arrest of the suspect is necessary to complete the investigation of the crime.
In the event that the exception (that is) to the standard is applied, the prosecuting attorney shall obtain a commitment from the law enforcement agency involved to complete the investigation in a timely manner. If the subsequent investigation does not produce sufficient evidence to meet the normal charging standard, the complaint should be dismissed.

(6) Investigation Techniques
The prosecutor should be fully advised of the investigatory techniques that were used in the case investigation including:
   (a) Polygraph testing;
   (b) Hypnosis;
   (c) Electronic surveillance;
   (d) Use of informants.

(7) Prefiling Discussions with Defendant
Discussions with the defendant or his or her representative regarding the selection or disposition of charges may occur prior to the filing of charges, and potential agreements can be reached.

(8) Plea dispositions:
STANDARD
   (a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, a respondent will normally be expected to plead guilty to the charge or charges which adequately describe the nature of his or her criminal conduct or go to trial.
   (b) In certain circumstances, a plea agreement with a respondent in exchange for a plea of guilty to a charge or charges that may not fully describe the nature of his or her criminal conduct may be necessary and in the public interest. Such situations may include the following:
      (i) Evidentiary problems which make conviction of the original charges doubtful;
      (ii) The respondent’s willingness to cooperate in the investigation or prosecution of others whose criminal conduct is more serious or represents a greater public threat;
      (iii) A request by the victim when it is not the result of pressure from the respondent;
      (iv) The discovery of facts which mitigate the seriousness of the respondent’s conduct;
      (v) The correction of errors in the initial charging decision;
      (vi) The respondent’s history with respect to criminal activity;
      (vii) The nature and seriousness of the offense or offenses charged;
      (viii) The probable effect of witnesses.
   (c) No plea agreement shall be influenced by the race, gender, religion, or creed of the respondent. This includes but is not limited to the prosecutor’s decision to utilize such disposition alternatives as (Option B) the Special Sex Offender Disposition Alternative, the Chemical Dependency Disposition Alternative, and manifest injustice.

(9) Disposition recommendations:
STANDARD
The prosecutor may reach an agreement regarding disposition recommendations. The prosecutor shall not agree to withhold relevant information from the court concerning the plea agreement.

Sec. 19. RCW 13.40.100 and 1979 c 155 s 62 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Upon the filing of an information the alleged offender shall be notified by summons, warrant, or other method approved by the court of the next required court appearance.
(2) If notice is by summons, the clerk of the court shall issue a summons directed to the juvenile, if the juvenile is twelve or more years of age, and another to the parents, guardian, or custodian, and such other persons as appear to the court to be proper or necessary parties to the proceedings, requiring them to appear personally before the court at the time fixed to hear the petition. Where the custodian is summoned, the parent or guardian or both shall also be served with a summons.

(3) A copy of the information shall be attached to each summons.

(4) The summons shall advise the parties of the right to counsel.

(5) The judge may endorse upon the summons an order directing the parents, guardian, or custodian having the custody or control of the juvenile to bring the juvenile to the hearing.

(6) If it appears from affidavit or sworn statement presented to the judge that there is probable cause for the issuance of a warrant of arrest or that the juvenile needs to be taken into custody pursuant to RCW 13.34.050((, as now or hereafter amended)), the judge may endorse upon the summons an order that an officer serving the summons shall at once take the juvenile into custody and take the juvenile to the place of detention or shelter designated by the court.

(7) Service of summons may be made under the direction of the court by any law enforcement officer or probation counselor.

(8) If the person summoned as herein provided fails without reasonable cause to appear and abide the order of the court, the person may be proceeded against as for contempt of court. In determining whether a parent, guardian, or custodian had reasonable cause not to appear, the court may consider all factors relevant to the person's ability to appear as summoned.

Sec. 20. RCW 13.40.110 and 1990 c 3 s 303 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The prosecutor, respondent, or the court on its own motion may, before a hearing on the information on its merits, file a motion requesting the court to transfer the respondent for adult criminal prosecution and the matter shall be set for a hearing on the question of declining jurisdiction. Unless waived by the court, the parties, and their counsel, a decline hearing shall be held when:

(a) The respondent is fifteen, sixteen, or seventeen years of age and the information alleges a class A felony or an attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy to commit a class A felony; or

(b) The respondent is seventeen years of age and the information alleges assault in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, indecent liberties, child molestation in the second degree, kidnapping in the second degree, or robbery in the second degree; or

(c) The information alleges an escape by the respondent and the respondent is serving a minimum juvenile sentence to age twenty-one.

(2) The court after a decline hearing may order the case transferred for adult criminal prosecution upon a finding that the declination would be in the best interest of the juvenile or the public. The court shall consider the relevant reports, facts, opinions, and arguments presented by the parties and their counsel.

(3) When the respondent is transferred for criminal prosecution or retained for prosecution in juvenile court, the court shall set forth in writing its finding which shall be supported by relevant facts and opinions produced at the hearing.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A juvenile is eligible for deferred disposition unless he or she:

(a) Is charged with a sex or violent offense;

(b) Has a criminal history which includes any felony;

(c) Has a prior deferred disposition or deferred adjudication; or

(d) Has two or more diversions.

(2) The juvenile court may, upon motion at least fourteen days before commencement of trial and, after consulting the juvenile’s custodial parent or parents or guardian and with the consent of the juvenile, continue the case for disposition for a period not to exceed one year from the date the juvenile is found guilty. The court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from a deferred disposition before deferring the disposition.

(3) Any juvenile who agrees to a deferral of disposition shall:

(a) Stipulate to the admissibility of the facts contained in the written police report;
(b) Acknowledge that the report will be entered and used to support a finding of guilt and to impose a disposition if the juvenile fails to comply with terms of supervision; and
(c) Waive the following rights to: (i) A speedy disposition; and (ii) call and confront witnesses. The adjudicatory hearing shall be limited to a reading of the court’s record.
(4) Following the stipulation, acknowledgment, waiver, and entry of a finding or plea of guilt, the court shall defer entry of an order of disposition of the juvenile.
(5) Any juvenile granted a deferral of disposition under this section shall be placed under community supervision. The court may impose any conditions of supervision that it deems appropriate including posting a probation bond. Payment of restitution under RCW 13.40.190 shall be a condition of community supervision under this section.
(6) A parent who signed for a probation bond has the right to notify the counselor if the juvenile fails to comply with the bond or conditions of supervision. The counselor shall notify the court and surety of any failure to comply. A surety shall notify the court of the juvenile’s failure to comply with the probation bond. The state shall bear the burden to prove, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the juvenile has failed to comply with the terms of community supervision.
(7) A juvenile’s lack of compliance shall be determined by the judge upon written motion by the prosecutor or the juvenile’s court community supervision counselor. If a juvenile fails to comply with terms of supervision, the court shall enter an order of disposition.
(8) At any time following deferral of disposition the court may, following a hearing, continue the case for an additional one-year period for good cause.
(9) At the conclusion of the period set forth in the order of deferral and upon a finding by the court of full compliance with conditions of supervision and payment of full restitution, the respondent’s conviction shall be vacated and the court shall dismiss the case with prejudice.

Sec. 22. RCW 13.40.130 and 1981 c 299 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The respondent shall be advised of the allegations in the information and shall be required to plead guilty or not guilty to the allegation(s). The state or the respondent may make preliminary motions up to the time of the plea.
(2) If the respondent pleads guilty, the court may proceed with disposition or may continue the case for a dispositional hearing. If the respondent denies guilt, an adjudicatory hearing date shall be set. The court shall notify the parent, guardian, or custodian who has custody of a juvenile described in the charging document of the dispositional or adjudicatory hearing and shall require attendance.
(3) At the adjudicatory hearing it shall be the burden of the prosecution to prove the allegations of the information beyond a reasonable doubt.
(4) The court shall record its findings of fact and shall enter its decision upon the record. Such findings shall set forth the evidence relied upon by the court in reaching its decision.
(5) If the respondent is found not guilty he or she shall be released from detention.
(6) If the respondent is found guilty the court may immediately proceed to disposition or may continue the case for a dispositional hearing. If notice is not given in open court to a party, the party and the parent, guardian, or custodian who has custody of the juvenile shall be notified by mail of the time and place of the continued hearing.
(7) The court following an adjudicatory hearing may request that a predisposition study be prepared to aid the court in its evaluation of the matters relevant to disposition of the case.
(8) The disposition hearing shall be held within fourteen days after the adjudicatory hearing or plea of guilty unless good cause is shown for further delay, or within twenty-one days if the juvenile is not held in a detention facility, unless good cause is shown for further delay.
(9) In sentencing an offender, the court shall use the disposition standards in effect on the date of the offense.
(10) A person notified under this section who fails without reasonable cause to appear and abide by the order of the court may be proceeded against as for contempt of court. In determining whether a parent, guardian, or custodian had reasonable cause not to appear, the court may consider all factors relevant to the person’s ability to appear as summoned.
Sec. 23. RCW 13.40.135 and 1990 c 3 s 604 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The prosecuting attorney shall file a special allegation of sexual motivation in every juvenile offense other than sex offenses as defined in RCW 9.94A.030((29)) (33) (a) or (c) when sufficient admissible evidence exists, which, when considered with the most plausible, reasonably consistent defense that could be raised under the evidence, would justify a finding of sexual motivation by a reasonable and objective fact-finder.

(2) In a juvenile case wherein there has been a special allegation the state shall prove beyond a reasonable doubt that the juvenile committed the offense with a sexual motivation. The court shall make a finding of fact of whether or not the sexual motivation was present at the time of the commission of the offense. This finding shall not be applied to sex offenses as defined in RCW 9.94A.030((29)) (33) (a) or (c).

(3) The prosecuting attorney shall not withdraw the special allegation of "sexual motivation" without approval of the court through an order of dismissal. The court shall not dismiss the special allegation unless it finds that such an order is necessary to correct an error in the initial charging decision or unless there are evidentiary problems which make proving the special allegation doubtful.

Sec. 24. RCW 13.40.150 and 1995 c 268 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In disposition hearings all relevant and material evidence, including oral and written reports, may be received by the court and may be relied upon to the extent of its probative value, even though such evidence may not be admissible in a hearing on the information. The youth or the youth's counsel and the prosecuting attorney shall be afforded an opportunity to examine and controvert written reports so received and to cross-examine individuals making reports when such individuals are reasonably available, but sources of confidential information need not be disclosed. The prosecutor and counsel for the juvenile may submit recommendations for disposition.

(2) For purposes of disposition:
   (a) Violations which are current offenses count as misdemeanors;
   (b) Violations may not count as part of the offender's criminal history;
   (c) In no event may a disposition for a violation include confinement.

(3) Before entering a dispositional order as to a respondent found to have committed an offense, the court shall hold a disposition hearing, at which the court shall:
   (a) Consider the facts supporting the allegations of criminal conduct by the respondent;
   (b) Consider information and arguments offered by parties and their counsel;
   (c) Consider any predisposition reports;
   (d) Consult with the respondent's parent, guardian, or custodian on the appropriateness of dispositional options under consideration and afford the respondent and the respondent's parent, guardian, or custodian an opportunity to speak in the respondent's behalf;
   (e) Allow the victim or a representative of the victim and an investigative law enforcement officer to speak;
   (f) Determine the amount of restitution owing to the victim, if any, or set a hearing for a later date to determine the amount;
   (g) Determine ((whether the respondent is a serious offender, a middle offender, or a minor or first offender)) the respondent's offender score;
   (h) Consider whether or not any of the following mitigating factors exist:
      (i) The respondent's conduct neither caused nor threatened serious bodily injury or the respondent did not contemplate that his or her conduct would cause or threaten serious bodily injury;
      (ii) The respondent acted under strong and immediate provocation;
      (iii) The respondent was suffering from a mental or physical condition that significantly reduced his or her culpability for the offense though failing to establish a defense;
      (iv) Prior to his or her detection, the respondent compensated or made a good faith attempt to compensate the victim for the injury or loss sustained; and
      (v) There has been at least one year between the respondent's current offense and any prior criminal offense;
   (i) Consider whether or not any of the following aggravating factors exist:
(i) In the commission of the offense, or in flight therefrom, the respondent inflicted or attempted to inflict serious bodily injury to another;
(ii) The offense was committed in an especially heinous, cruel, or depraved manner;
(iii) The victim or victims were particularly vulnerable;
(iv) The respondent has a recent criminal history or has failed to comply with conditions of a recent dispositional order or diversion agreement;
(v) The current offense included a finding of sexual motivation pursuant to RCW 13.40.135;
(vi) The respondent was the leader of a criminal enterprise involving several persons; (and)
(vii) There are other complaints which have resulted in diversion or a finding or plea of guilty but which are not included as criminal history; and
(viii) The standard range disposition is clearly too lenient considering the seriousness of the juvenile’s prior adjudications.

(4) The following factors may not be considered in determining the punishment to be imposed:
(a) The sex of the respondent;
(b) The race or color of the respondent or the respondent’s family;
(c) The creed or religion of the respondent or the respondent’s family;
(d) The economic or social class of the respondent or the respondent’s family; and
(e) Factors indicating that the respondent may be or is a dependent child within the meaning of this chapter.

(5) A court may not commit a juvenile to a state institution solely because of the lack of facilities, including treatment facilities, existing in the community.

Sec. 25. RCW 13.40.160 and 1995 c 395 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When the respondent is found to be a serious offender, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range of disposition for the offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-3, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. The standard range disposition for a juvenile adjudicated of an offense is determined according to RCW 13.40.0357.

(a) When the court sentences an offender to a local sanction as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 option A, the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard ranges, except as provided in subsections (2), (4), and (5) of this section. The disposition may be comprised of one or more local sanctions.

(b) When the court sentences an offender to a standard range as provided in RCW 13.40.0357 option A that includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement, except as provided in subsections (2), (4), and (5) of this section.

(2) If the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusion, that disposition within the standard range would effectuate a manifest injustice the court shall impose a disposition outside the standard range, as indicated in option (B) C of (schedule D-3,) RCW 13.40.0357. The court’s finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

A disposition outside the standard range shall be determinate and shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision, or a combination thereof. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. A disposition outside the standard range is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition within the standard range is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

((2) Where the respondent is found to be a minor or first offender, the court shall order that the respondent serve a term of community supervision as indicated in option A or option B of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the court determines that a disposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice the court may impose another disposition under option C of schedule D-1, RCW 13.40.0357. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, a disposition other than a community supervision may be imposed only after the court enters reasons upon which it bases its conclusions that imposition of community supervision would effectuate a manifest injustice. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes
a sentence of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

Except for disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section, disposition may be appealed as provided in RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition of community supervision or a disposition imposed pursuant to subsection (5) of this section may not be appealed under RCW 13.40.230.

(3) Where a respondent is found to have committed an offense for which the respondent declined to enter into a diversion agreement, the court shall impose a term of community supervision limited to the conditions allowed in a diversion agreement as provided in RCW 13.40.080(2).

(4) ((If a respondent is found to be a middle offender:

(a) The court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range(s) for such offense, as indicated in option A of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 except as provided in subsections (5) and (6) of this section. If the standard range includes a term of confinement exceeding thirty days, commitment shall be to the department for the standard range of confinement; or

(b) If the middle offender has less than 110 points, the court shall impose a determinate disposition of community supervision and/or up to thirty days confinement, as indicated in option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357 in which case, if confinement has been imposed, the court shall state either aggravating or mitigating factors as set forth in RCW 13.40.150. If the middle offender has 110 points or more, the court may impose a disposition under option A and may suspend the disposition on the condition that the offender serve up to thirty days of confinement and follow all conditions of community supervision. If the offender violates any condition of the disposition including conditions of a probation bond, the court may impose sanctions pursuant to RCW 13.40.200 or may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

(c) Only if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that disposition as provided in subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court shall sentence the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. The court's finding of manifest injustice shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.

(d) A disposition pursuant to subsection (4)(c) of this section is appealable under RCW 13.40.230 by the state or the respondent. A disposition pursuant to subsection (4) (a) or (b) of this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5)) When a ((serious, middle, or minor first)) juvenile offender is found to have committed a sex offense, other than a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030, and has no history of a prior sex offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent, may order an examination to determine whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.

The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the respondent's social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.

The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(a)(i) Frequency and type of contact between the offender and therapist;

(ii) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and description of planned treatment modalities;

(iii) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;

(iv) Anticipated length of treatment; and

(v) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.
The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender’s amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender disposition alternative and consider the victim’s opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section. If the court determines that this special sex offender disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose a determinate disposition within the standard range for the offense, or if the court concludes, and enters reasons for its conclusions, that such disposition would cause a manifest injustice, the court shall impose a disposition under option C, and the court may suspend the execution of the disposition and place the offender on community supervision for ((up to)) at least two years. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose the conditions of community supervision and other conditions, including up to thirty days of confinement and requirements that the offender do any one or more of the following:

(b)(i) Devote time to a specific education, employment, or occupation;
(ii) Undergo available outpatient sex offender treatment for up to two years, or inpatient sex offender treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for that offense. A community mental health center may not be used for such treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex offender treatment. The respondent shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the prosecutor, the probation counselor, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the prosecutor or probation counselor object to the change;
(iii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the probation counselor prior to any change in the offender’s address, educational program, or employment;
(iv) Report to the prosecutor and the probation counselor prior to any change in a sex offender treatment provider. This change shall have prior approval by the court;
(v) Report as directed to the court and a probation counselor;
(vi) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations, perform community service, or any combination thereof;
(vii) Make restitution to the victim for the cost of any counseling reasonably related to the offense; or
(viii) Comply with the conditions of any court-ordered probation bond.

The sex offender treatment provider shall submit quarterly reports on the respondent’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

Except as provided in this subsection (((5))) (4), after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW. A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a juvenile sex offender pursuant to this subsection does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the offender’s home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with this subsection (((5))) (4) and the rules adopted by the department of health.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition or the court may impose a penalty of up to thirty days’ confinement for violating conditions of the disposition. The court may order both execution of the disposition and up to thirty days’ confinement for the violation of the conditions of the disposition. The court shall give
credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the crime charged. "Victim" may also include a known parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

((6)) A disposition entered under this subsection (4) is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

(5) If the juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court may impose the disposition alternative under section 26 of this act.

(6) RCW 13.40.193 shall govern the disposition of any juvenile adjudicated of possessing a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)((e)) (b)(iii) or any crime in which a special finding is entered that the juvenile was armed with a firearm.

(7) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.

(8) Except as provided ((for in)) under subsection (4)((b)) or (5) of this section or ((RCW 13.40.125)) section 21 of this act, the court shall not suspend or defer the imposition or the execution of the disposition.

(9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the same offense.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:

(1) When a juvenile offender is subject to a standard range disposition of local sanctions or 15 to 36 weeks of confinement and has not committed an A- or B+ offense, the court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the respondent if the evidence shows that the offender may be chemically dependent, may order an examination by a chemical dependency counselor from a chemical dependency treatment facility approved under chapter 70.96A RCW to determine if the youth is chemically dependent and amenable to treatment.

(2) The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The respondent’s version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the respondent’s offense history, an assessment of drug-alcohol problems and previous treatment attempts, the respondent’s social, educational, and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the examiner’s information.

(3) The examiner shall assess and report regarding the respondent’s amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:

(a) Whether inpatient and/or outpatient treatment is recommended;
(b) Availability of appropriate treatment;
(c) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members, legal guardians, or others;
(d) Anticipated length of treatment;
(e) Recommended crime-related prohibitions; and
(f) Whether the respondent is amenable to treatment.

(4) The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender’s amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any examination ordered under this subsection (4) or subsection (1) of this section unless the court finds that the offender is indigent and no third party insurance coverage is available, in which case the state shall pay the cost.

(5)(a) After receipt of reports of the examination, the court shall then consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this chemical dependency disposition alternative and consider the victim’s opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this section.
(b) If the court determines that this chemical dependency disposition alternative is appropriate, then the court shall impose the standard range for the offense, suspend execution of the disposition, and place the offender on community supervision for up to one year. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court shall require the offender to undergo available outpatient drug/alcohol treatment and/or inpatient drug/alcohol treatment. For purposes of this section, the sum of confinement time and inpatient treatment may not exceed ninety days. As a condition of the suspended disposition, the court may impose conditions of community supervision and other sanctions, including up to thirty days of confinement, one hundred fifty hours of community service, and payment of legal financial obligations and restitution.

(6) The drug/alcohol treatment provider shall submit monthly reports on the respondent’s progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The reports shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, respondent’s compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the respondent’s relative progress in treatment, and any other material specified by the court at the time of the disposition.

At the time of the disposition, the court may set treatment review hearings as the court considers appropriate.

If the offender violates any condition of the disposition or the court finds that the respondent is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment, the court may revoke the suspension and order execution of the disposition. The court shall give credit for any confinement time previously served if that confinement was for the offense for which the suspension is being revoked.

(7) For purposes of this section, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a direct result of the offense charged.

(8) Whenever a juvenile offender is entitled to credit for time spent in detention prior to a dispositional order, the dispositional order shall specifically state the number of days of credit for time served.

(9) In no case shall the term of confinement imposed by the court at disposition exceed that to which an adult could be subjected for the same offense.

(10) A disposition under this section is not appealable under RCW 13.40.230.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. The University of Washington shall develop standards for measuring effectiveness of treatment programs established under section 26 of this act. The standards shall be developed and presented to the governor and legislature not later than January 1, 1998. The standards shall include methods for measuring success factors following treatment. Success factors shall include, but need not be limited to, continued use of alcohol or controlled substances, arrests, violations of terms of community supervision, and convictions for subsequent offenses.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. A new section is added to chapter 70.96A RCW to read as follows:

The department shall prioritize expenditures for treatment provided under section 26 of this act. The department shall provide funds for inpatient and outpatient treatment providers that are the most successful, using the standards developed by the University of Washington under section 27, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 27 of this act). The department may consider variations between the nature of the programs provided and clients served but must provide funds first for those programs that demonstrate the greatest success in treatment within categories of treatment and the nature of the persons receiving treatment.

The department shall, not later than January 1st of each year, provide a report to the governor and the legislature on the success rates of programs funded under this section.

Sec. 29. RCW 13.40.190 and 1996 c 124 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

In its dispositional order, the court shall require the respondent to make restitution to any persons who have suffered loss or damage as a result of the offense committed by the respondent. In addition, restitution may be ordered for loss or damage if the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor’s recommendation that the offender be required to pay restitution to a victim of an offense or offenses which, pursuant to a plea agreement, are not
prosecuted. The payment of restitution shall be in addition to any punishment which is imposed pursuant to the other provisions of this chapter. The court may determine the amount, terms, and conditions of the restitution including a payment plan extending up to ten years if the court determines that the respondent does not have the means to make full restitution over a shorter period. Restitution may include the costs of counseling reasonably related to the offense. If the respondent participated in the crime with another person or other persons, all such participants shall be jointly and severally responsible for the payment of restitution. For the purposes of this section, the respondent shall remain under the court’s jurisdiction for a maximum term of ten years after the respondent’s eighteenth birthday. ((The court may not require the respondent to pay full or partial restitution if the respondent reasonably satisfies the court that he or she does not have the means to make full or partial restitution and could not reasonably acquire the means to pay such restitution over a ten-year period.))

(2) Regardless of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, the court shall order restitution in all cases where the victim is entitled to benefits under the crime victims’ compensation act, chapter 7.68 RCW. If the court does not order restitution and the victim of the crime has been determined to be entitled to benefits under the crime victims’ compensation act, the department of labor and industries, as administrator of the crime victims’ compensation program, may petition the court within one year of entry of the disposition order for entry of a restitution order. Upon receipt of a petition from the department of labor and industries, the court shall hold a restitution hearing and shall enter a restitution order.

(3) If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. The restitution to victims named in the order shall be paid prior to any payment for other penalties or monetary assessments.

(4) A respondent under obligation to pay restitution may petition the court for modification of the restitution order.

Sec. 30. RCW 13.40.193 and 1994 sp. s. c 7 s 525 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) If a respondent is found to have been in possession of a firearm in violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)((e)) (b)(iii), the court shall impose a (determinate) minimum disposition of ten days of confinement (and up to twelve months of community supervision). If the offender’s standard range of disposition for the offense as indicated in RCW 13.40.0357 is more than thirty days of confinement, the court shall commit the offender to the department for the standard range disposition. The offender shall not be released until the offender has served a minimum of ten days in confinement.

(2) If the court finds that the respondent or an accomplice was armed with a firearm, the court shall determine the standard range disposition for the offense pursuant to RCW 13.40.160. (Ninety days of confinement shall be added to the entire standard range disposition of confinement) If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm when the offender committed((a) Any violent offense; or (b) escape in the first degree; burglary in the second degree; theft of livestock in the first or second degree; or any felony drug offense. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm and the offender is being adjudicated for an anticipatory felony offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the offenses listed in this subsection, ninety days shall be added to the entire standard range disposition of confinement)) any felony other than possession of a machine gun, possession of a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, or use of a machine gun in a felony, the following periods of total confinement must be added to the sentence: For a class A felony, six months; for a class B felony, four months; and for a class C felony, two months. The ((ninety days)) additional time shall be imposed regardless of the offense’s juvenile disposition offense category as designated in RCW 13.40.0357. (The department shall not release the offender until the offender has served a minimum of ninety days in confinement, unless the juvenile is committed to and successfully completes the juvenile offender basic training camp disposition option.)

(3) ((Option B of schedule D-2, RCW 13.40.0357, shall not be available for middle offenders who receive a disposition under this section.)) When a disposition under this section would effectuate a manifest injustice, the court may impose another disposition. When a judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a disposition of confinement exceeding thirty days, the court shall commit the juvenile to a maximum term, and the provisions of RCW 13.40.030(2) shall be used to determine the range. When a
judge finds a manifest injustice and imposes a disposition of confinement less than thirty days, the disposition shall be comprised of confinement or community supervision or both.

(4) Any term of confinement ordered pursuant to this section (may) shall run (concurrently) consecutively to any term of confinement imposed in the same disposition for other offenses.

Sec. 31. RCW 13.40.200 and 1995 c 395 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) When a respondent fails to comply with an order of restitution, community supervision, penalty assessments, or confinement of less than thirty days, the court upon motion of the prosecutor or its own motion, may modify the order after a hearing on the violation.

(2) The hearing shall afford the respondent the same due process of law as would be afforded an adult probationer. The court may issue a summons or a warrant to compel the respondent's appearance. The state shall have the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence the fact of the violation. The respondent shall have the burden of showing that the violation was not a willful refusal to comply with the terms of the order. If a respondent has failed to pay a fine, penalty assessments, or restitution or to perform community service hours, as required by the court, it shall be the respondent's burden to show that he or she did not have the means and could not reasonably have acquired the means to pay the fine, penalty assessments, or restitution or perform community service.

(3)(a) If the court finds that a respondent has willfully violated the terms of an order pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section, it may impose a penalty of up to thirty days' confinement. Penalties for multiple violations occurring prior to the hearing shall not be aggregated to exceed thirty days' confinement. Regardless of the number of times a respondent is brought to court for violations of the terms of a single disposition order, the combined total number of days spent by the respondent in detention shall never exceed the maximum term to which an adult could be sentenced for the underlying offense.

(b) If the violation of the terms of the order under (a) of this subsection is failure to pay fines, penalty assessments, complete community service, or make restitution, the term of confinement imposed under (a) of this subsection shall be assessed at a rate of one day of confinement for each twenty-five dollars or eight hours owed.

(4) If a respondent has been ordered to pay a fine or monetary penalty and due to a change of circumstance cannot reasonably comply with the order, the court, upon motion of the respondent, may order that the unpaid fine or monetary penalty be converted to community service. The number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty or fine shall be converted at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour. The monetary penalties or fines collected shall be deposited in the county general fund. A failure to comply with an order under this subsection shall be deemed a failure to comply with an order of community supervision and may be proceeded against as provided in this section.

(5) When a respondent has willfully violated the terms of a probation bond, the court may modify, revoke, or retain the probation bond as provided in RCW 13.40.054.

Sec. 32. RCW 13.40.210 and 1994 sp.s. c 77 s 527 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary shall, except in the case of a juvenile committed by a court to a term of confinement in a state institution outside the appropriate standard range for the offense(s) for which the juvenile was found to be guilty established pursuant to RCW 13.40.030, set a release or discharge date for each juvenile committed to its custody. The release or discharge date shall be within the prescribed range to which a juvenile has been committed except as provided in RCW 13.40.320 concerning offenders the department determines are eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp program. Such dates shall be determined prior to the expiration of sixty percent of a juvenile's minimum term of confinement included within the prescribed range to which the juvenile has been committed. The secretary shall release any juvenile committed to the custody of the department within four calendar days prior to the juvenile's release date or on the release date set under this chapter. Days spent in the custody of the department shall be tolled by any period of time during which a juvenile has absented himself or herself from the department's supervision without the prior approval of the secretary or the secretary's designee.
(2) The secretary shall monitor the average daily population of the state's juvenile residential facilities. When the secretary concludes that in-residence population of residential facilities exceeds one hundred five percent of the rated bed capacity specified in statute, or in absence of such specification, as specified by the department in rule, the secretary may recommend reductions to the governor. On certification by the governor that the recommended reductions are necessary, the secretary has authority to administratively release a sufficient number of offenders to reduce in-residence population to one hundred percent of rated bed capacity. The secretary shall release those offenders who have served the greatest proportion of their sentence. However, the secretary may deny release in a particular case at the request of an offender, or if the secretary finds that there is no responsible custodian, as determined by the department, to whom to release the offender, or if the release of the offender would pose a clear danger to society. The department shall notify the committing court of the release at the time of release if any such early releases have occurred as a result of excessive in-residence population. In no event shall an offender adjudicated of a violent offense be granted release under the provisions of this subsection.

(3)(a) Following the juvenile's release under subsection (1) of this section, the secretary may require the juvenile to comply with a program of parole to be administered by the department in his or her community which shall last no longer than eighteen months, except that in the case of a juvenile sentenced for rape in the first or second degree, rape of a child in the first or second degree, child molestation in the first degree, or indecent liberties with forcible compulsion, the period of parole shall be twenty-four months and, in the discretion of the secretary, may be up to thirty-six months when the secretary finds that an additional period of parole is necessary and appropriate in the interests of public safety or to meet the ongoing needs of the juvenile. A parole program is mandatory for offenders released under subsection (2) of this section. The decision to place an offender on parole shall be based on an assessment by the department of the offender's risk for reoffending upon release. The department shall prioritize available parole resources to provide supervision and services to offenders at moderate to high risk for reoffending.

(b) The secretary shall, for the period of parole, facilitate the juvenile's reintegration into his or her community and to further this goal shall require the juvenile to refrain from possessing a firearm or using a deadly weapon and refrain from committing new offenses and may require the juvenile to: (((a))) (i) Undergo available medical (((b))), psychiatric (((c))), drug and alcohol, sex offender, mental health, and other offense-related treatment services; (((d))) (ii) report as directed to a parole officer and/or designee; (((e))) (iii) pursue a course of study (((f))), vocational training, or employment; (((g))) (iv) notify the parole officer of the current address where he or she resides; (v) be present at a particular address during specified hours; (vi) remain within prescribed geographical boundaries (and notify the department of any change in his or her address)); (vii) submit to electronic monitoring; (viii) refrain from using illegal drugs and alcohol, and submit to random urinalysis when requested by the assigned parole officer; (ix) refrain from contact with specific individuals or a specified class of individuals; (x) meet other conditions determined by the parole officer to further enhance the juvenile's reintegration into the community; (xi) pay any court-ordered fines or restitution; and (xii) perform community service. Community service for the purpose of this section means compulsory service, without compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender. Community service may be performed through public or private organizations or through work crews.

(c) The secretary may further require up to twenty-five percent of the highest risk juvenile offenders who are placed on parole to participate in an intensive supervision program. Offenders participating in an intensive supervision program shall be required to comply with all terms and conditions listed in (b) of this subsection and shall also be required to comply with the following additional terms and conditions: (i) Obey all laws and refrain from any conduct that threatens public safety; (ii) report at least once a week to an assigned community case manager; and (iii) meet all other requirements imposed by the community case manager related to participating in the intensive supervision program. As a part of the intensive supervision program, the secretary may require day reporting.

(d) After termination of the parole period, the juvenile shall be discharged from the department's supervision.
(4)(a) The department may also modify parole for violation thereof. If, after affording a juvenile all of the due process rights to which he or she would be entitled if the juvenile were an adult, the secretary finds that a juvenile has violated a condition of his or her parole, the secretary shall order one of the following which is reasonably likely to effectuate the purpose of the parole and to protect the public: (i) Continued supervision under the same conditions previously imposed; (ii) intensified supervision with increased reporting requirements; (iii) additional conditions of supervision authorized by this chapter; (iv) except as provided in (a)(v) of this subsection, imposition of a period of confinement not to exceed thirty days in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state of Washington or any city or county for a portion of each day or for a certain number of days each week with the balance of the days or weeks spent under supervision; and (v) the secretary may order any of the conditions or may return the offender to confinement ((in an institution)) for the remainder of the sentence range if the offense for which the offender was sentenced is rape in the first or second degree, rape of a child in the first or second degree, child molestation in the first degree, indecent liberties with forcible compulsion, or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense as defined by RCW 9.94A.030.

(b) If the department finds that any juvenile in a program of parole has possessed a firearm or used a deadly weapon during the program of parole, the department shall modify the parole under (a) of this subsection and confine the juvenile for at least thirty days. Confinement shall be in a facility operated by or pursuant to a contract with the state or any county.

(5) A parole officer of the department of social and health services shall have the power to arrest a juvenile under his or her supervision on the same grounds as a law enforcement officer would be authorized to arrest the person.

(6) If so requested and approved under chapter 13.06 RCW, the secretary shall permit a county or group of counties to perform functions under subsections (3) through (5) of this section.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 33. The legislature finds the present system of transitioning youths from residential status to parole status to discharge is insufficient to provide adequate rehabilitation and public safety in many instances, particularly in cases of offenders at highest risk of reoffending. The legislature further finds that an intensive supervision program based on the following principles holds much promise for positively impacting recidivism rates for juvenile offenders: (1) Progressive increase in responsibility and freedom in the community; (2) facilitation of youths' interaction and involvement with their communities; (3) involvement of both the youth and targeted community support systems such as family, peers, schools, and employers, on the qualities needed for constructive interaction and successful adjustment with the community; (4) development of new resources, supports, and opportunities where necessary; and (5) ongoing monitoring and testing of youth on their ability to abide by community rules and standards.

The legislature intends for the department to create an intensive supervision program based on the principles stated in this section that will be available to the highest risk juvenile offenders placed on parole.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 34. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall, no later than January 1, 1999, implement an intensive supervision program as a part of its parole services that includes, at a minimum, the following program elements:

(a) A process of case management involving coordinated and comprehensive planning, information exchange, continuity and consistency, service provision and referral, and monitoring. The components of the case management system shall include assessment, classification, and selection criteria; individual case planning that incorporates a family and community perspective; a mixture of intensive surveillance and services; a balance of incentives and graduated consequences coupled with the imposition of realistic, enforceable conditions; and service brokerage with community resources and linkage with social networks;

(b) Administration of transition services that transcend traditional agency boundaries and professional interests and include courts, institutions, aftercare, education, social and mental health services, substance abuse treatment, and employment and vocational training; and
(c) A plan for information management and program evaluation that maintains close oversight over implementation and quality control, and determines the effectiveness of both the processes and outcomes of the program.

(2) The department shall report annually to the legislature, beginning December 1, 1999, on the department’s progress in meeting the intensive supervision program evaluation goals required under subsection (1)(c) of this section.

Sec. 35. RCW 13.40.230 and 1981 c 299 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Dispositions reviewed pursuant to RCW 13.40.160((as now or hereafter amended,)) shall be reviewed in the appropriate division of the court of appeals.

An appeal under this section shall be heard solely upon the record that was before the disposition court. No written briefs may be required, and the appeal shall be heard within thirty days following the date of sentencing and a decision rendered within fifteen days following the argument. The supreme court shall promulgate any necessary rules to effectuate the purposes of this section.

(2) To uphold a disposition outside the standard range, ((or which imposes confinement for a minor or first offender,)) the court of appeals must find (a) that the reasons supplied by the disposition judge are supported by the record which was before the judge and that those reasons clearly and convincingly support the conclusion that a disposition within the range((or nonconfinement for a minor or first offender,)) would constitute a manifest injustice, and (b) that the sentence imposed was neither clearly excessive nor clearly too lenient.

(3) If the court does not find subsection (2)(a) of this section it shall remand the case for disposition within the standard range ((or for community supervision without confinement as would otherwise be appropriate pursuant to this chapter)).

(4) If the court finds subsection (2)(a) but not subsection (2)(b) of this section it shall remand the case with instructions for further proceedings consistent with the provisions of this chapter.

(5) ((Pending appeal, a respondent may not be committed or detained for a period of time in excess of the standard range for the offense(s) committed or sixty days, whichever is longer.)) The disposition court may impose conditions on release pending appeal as provided in RCW 13.40.040(4) and 13.40.050(6). ((Upon the expiration of the period of commitment or detention specified in this subsection, the court may also impose such conditions on the respondent’s release pending disposition of the appeal.))

(6) Appeal of a disposition under this section does not affect the finality or appeal of the underlying adjudication of guilt.

Sec. 36. RCW 13.40.250 and 1980 c 128 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

A traffic or civil infraction case involving a juvenile under the age of sixteen may be diverted in accordance with the provisions of this chapter or filed in juvenile court.

(1) If a notice of a traffic or civil infraction is filed in juvenile court, the juvenile named in the notice shall be afforded the same due process afforded to adult defendants in traffic infraction cases.

(2) A monetary penalty imposed upon a juvenile under the age of sixteen who is found to have committed a traffic or civil infraction may not exceed one hundred dollars. At the juvenile’s request, the court may order performance of a number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty, at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour.

(3) A diversion agreement entered into by a juvenile referred pursuant to this section shall be limited to thirty hours of community service, or educational or informational sessions.

(4) If a case involving the commission of a traffic or civil infraction or offense by a juvenile under the age of sixteen has been referred to a diversion unit, an abstract of the action taken by the diversion unit may be forwarded to the department of licensing in the manner provided for in RCW 46.20.270(2).

Sec. 37. RCW 13.40.265 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 435 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) If a juvenile thirteen years of age or older is found by juvenile court to have committed an offense while armed with a firearm or an offense that is a violation of RCW 9.41.040(1)((ee))
or chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the court shall notify the department of licensing within twenty-four hours after entry of the judgment.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in (c) of this subsection, upon petition of a juvenile who has been found by the court to have committed an offense that is a violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the court may at any time the court deems appropriate notify the department of licensing that the juvenile’s driving privileges should be reinstated.

(c) If the offense is the juvenile’s first violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the juvenile may not petition the court for reinstatement of the juvenile’s privilege to drive revoked pursuant to RCW 46.20.265 until ninety days after the date the juvenile turns sixteen or ninety days after the judgment was entered, whichever is later. If the offense is the juvenile’s second or subsequent violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the juvenile may not petition the court for reinstatement of the juvenile’s privilege to drive revoked pursuant to RCW 46.20.265 until the date the juvenile turns seventeen or one year after the date judgment was entered, whichever is later.

(2)(a) If a juvenile enters into a diversion agreement with a diversion unit pursuant to RCW 13.40.080 concerning an offense that is a violation of chapter 66.44, 69.41, 69.50, or 69.52 RCW, the diversion unit shall notify the department of licensing within twenty-four hours after the diversion agreement is signed.

(b) If a diversion unit has notified the department pursuant to (a) of this subsection, the diversion unit shall notify the department of licensing when the juvenile has completed the agreement.

Sec. 38. RCW 13.40.320 and 1995 c 40 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department of social and health services shall establish and operate a medium security juvenile offender basic training camp program. The department shall site a juvenile offender basic training camp facility in the most cost-effective facility possible and shall review the possibility of using an existing abandoned and/or available state, federally, or military-owned site or facility.

(2) The department may contract under this chapter with private companies, the national guard, or other federal, state, or local agencies to operate the juvenile offender basic training camp, notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 41.06.380. Requests for proposals from possible contractors shall not call for payment on a per diem basis.

(3) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall accommodate at least seventy offenders. The beds shall count as additions to, and not be used as replacements for, existing bed capacity at existing department of social and health services juvenile facilities.

(4) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall be a structured and regimented model lasting one hundred twenty days emphasizing the building up of an offender’s self-esteem, confidence, and discipline. The juvenile offender basic training camp program shall provide participants with basic education, prevocational training, work-based learning, live work, work ethic skills, conflict resolution counseling, substance abuse intervention, anger management counseling, and structured intensive physical training. The juvenile offender basic training camp program shall have a curriculum training and work schedule that incorporates a balanced assignment of these or other rehabilitation and training components for no less than sixteen hours per day, six days a week.

The department shall adopt rules for the safe and effective operation of the juvenile offender basic training camp program, standards for an offender’s successful program completion, and rules for the continued after-care supervision of offenders who have successfully completed the program.

(5) Offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp option shall be those with a disposition of not more than ((seventy-eight)) sixty-five weeks. Violent and sex offenders shall not be eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp program.

(6) If the court determines that the offender is eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp option, the court may recommend that the department place the offender in the program. The department shall evaluate the offender and may place the offender in the program. The evaluation shall include, at a minimum, a risk assessment developed by the department and designed to determine the offender’s suitability for the program. No juvenile who is assessed as a high risk offender or suffers from any mental or physical problems that could endanger his or her health or drastically affect his or
her performance in the program shall be admitted to or retained in the juvenile offender basic training camp program.

(7) All juvenile offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp sentencing option shall spend one hundred twenty days of their disposition in a juvenile offender basic training camp. If the juvenile offender’s activities while in the juvenile offender basic training camp are so disruptive to the juvenile offender basic training camp program, as determined by the secretary according to rules adopted by the department, as to result in the removal of the juvenile offender from the juvenile offender basic training camp program, or if the offender cannot complete the juvenile offender basic training camp program due to medical problems, the secretary shall require that the offender be committed to a juvenile institution to serve the entire remainder of his or her disposition, less the amount of time already served in the juvenile offender basic training camp program.

(8) All offenders who successfully graduate from the one hundred twenty day juvenile offender basic training camp program shall spend the remainder of their disposition on parole in a division of juvenile rehabilitation intensive aftercare program in the local community. The program shall provide for the needs of the offender based on his or her progress in the aftercare program as indicated by ongoing assessment of those needs and progress. The intensive aftercare program shall monitor postprogram juvenile offenders and assist them to successfully reintegrate into the community. In addition, the program shall develop a process for closely monitoring and assessing public safety risks. The intensive aftercare program shall be designed and funded by the department of social and health services.

(9) The department shall also develop and maintain a data base to measure recidivism rates specific to this incarceration program. The data base shall maintain data on all juvenile offenders who complete the juvenile offender basic training camp program for a period of two years after they have completed the program. The data base shall also maintain data on the criminal activity, educational progress, and employment activities of all juvenile offenders who participated in the program. ((The department shall produce an outcome evaluation report on the progress of the juvenile offender basic training camp program to the appropriate committees of the legislature no later than December 12, 1996.)))

Sec. 39. RCW 13.50.010 and 1996 c 232 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) For purposes of this chapter:

(a) "Juvenile justice or care agency" means any of the following: Police, diversion units, court, prosecuting attorney, defense attorney, detention center, attorney general, the department of social and health services and its contracting agencies, schools; and, in addition, persons or public or private agencies having children committed to their custody;

(b) "Official juvenile court file" means the legal file of the juvenile court containing the petition or information, motions, memorandums, briefs, findings of the court, and court orders;

(c) "Social file" means the juvenile court file containing the records and reports of the probation counselor;

(d) "Records" means the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of any other juvenile justice or care agency in the case.

(2) Each petition or information filed with the court may include only one juvenile and each petition or information shall be filed under a separate docket number. The social file shall be filed separately from the official juvenile court file.

(3) It is the duty of any juvenile justice or care agency to maintain accurate records. To this end:

(a) The agency may never knowingly record inaccurate information. Any information in records maintained by the department of social and health services relating to a petition filed pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW that is found by the court, upon proof presented, to be false or inaccurate shall be corrected or expunged from such records by the agency;

(b) An agency shall take reasonable steps to assure the security of its records and prevent tampering with them; and

(c) An agency shall make reasonable efforts to insure the completeness of its records, including action taken by other agencies with respect to matters in its files.
(4) Each juvenile justice or care agency shall implement procedures consistent with the provisions of this chapter to facilitate inquiries concerning records.

(5) Any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency and who has been denied access to those records by the agency may make a motion to the court for an order authorizing that person to inspect the juvenile justice or care agency record concerning that person. The court shall grant the motion to examine records unless it finds that in the interests of justice or in the best interests of the juvenile the records or parts of them should remain confidential.

(6) A juvenile, or his or her parents, or any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency may make a motion to the court challenging the accuracy of any information concerning the moving party in the record or challenging the continued possession of the record by the agency. If the court grants the motion, it shall order the record or information to be corrected or destroyed.

(7) The person making a motion under subsection (5) or (6) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.

(8) The court may permit inspection of records by, or release of information to, any clinic, hospital, or agency which has the subject person under care or treatment. The court may also permit inspection by or release to individuals or agencies, including juvenile justice advisory committees of county law and justice councils, engaged in legitimate research for educational, scientific, or public purposes. The court may also permit inspection of, or release of information from, records which have been sealed pursuant to RCW 13.50.050(11). The court shall release to the sentencing guidelines commission records needed for its research and data-gathering functions under RCW 9.94A.040 and other statutes. Access to records or information for research purposes shall be permitted only if the anonymity of all persons mentioned in the records or information will be preserved. Each person granted permission to inspect juvenile justice or care agency records for research purposes shall present a notarized statement to the court stating that the names of juveniles and parents will remain confidential.

(9) Juvenile detention facilities shall release records to the sentencing guidelines commission under RCW 9.94A.040 upon request. The commission shall not disclose the names of any juveniles or parents mentioned in the records without the named individual's written permission.

Sec. 40. RCW 13.50.050 and 1992 c 188 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This section governs records relating to the commission of juvenile offenses, including records relating to diversions.

(2) The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed pursuant to subsection (11) of this section.

(3) All records other than the official juvenile court file are confidential and may be released only as provided in this section, RCW 13.50.010, 13.40.215, and 4.24.550.

(4) Except as otherwise provided in this section and RCW 13.50.010, records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other participant is assigned the responsibility for supervising the juvenile.

(5) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile’s family may be released to the public only when that information could not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile’s family.

(6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys’ records pertaining to investigation, diversion, and prosecution of juvenile offenses shall be governed by the rules of discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult criminal investigations and prosecutions.

(7) The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain a central record-keeping system which may receive information on all alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently pending before the
court. The central record-keeping system may be computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit, the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. An offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central record-keeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the date on which the offender agreed to diversion.

(8) Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim's immediate family, the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender's parent, guardian, or custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime shall be released to the victim of the crime or the victim's immediate family.

(9) Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult criminal prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult criminal defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall be released upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has actually been filed. The juvenile offense records of any adult convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the adult corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult corrections system.

(10) In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person the subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and, subject to subsection ((24)) (22) of this section, order the sealing of the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the court and of any other agency in the case.

(11) The court shall grant the motion to seal records made pursuant to subsection (10) of this section if it finds that:
   (a) Two years have elapsed from the later of: (i) Final discharge of the person from the supervision of any agency charged with supervising juvenile offenders; or (ii) from the entry of a court order relating to the commission of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense) For class B offenses other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, if any, or entry of disposition, the person has spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any offense or crime that subsequently results in conviction. For class C offenses other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, if any, or entry of disposition, the person has spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any offense or crime that subsequently results in conviction;
   (b) No proceeding is pending against the moving party seeking the conviction of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense; (i) and
   (c) No proceeding is pending seeking the formation of a diversion agreement with that person;
   (d) The person has not been convicted of a class A or sex offense; and
   (e) Full restitution has been paid.

(12) The person making a motion pursuant to subsection (10) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecution and to any person or agency whose files are sought to be sealed.

(13) If the court grants the motion to seal made pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection ((24)) (22) of this section, order sealed the official juvenile court file, the social file, and other records relating to the case as are named in the order. Thereafter, the proceedings in the case shall be treated as if they never occurred, and the subject of the records may reply accordingly to any inquiry about the events, records of which are sealed. Any agency shall reply to any inquiry concerning confidential or sealed records that records are confidential, and no information can be given about the existence or nonexistence of records concerning an individual.

(14) Inspection of the files and records included in the order to seal may thereafter be permitted only by order of the court upon motion made by the person who is the subject of the information or complaint, except as otherwise provided in RCW 13.50.010(8) and subsection ((24)) (22) of this section.

(15) Any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a crime subsequent to sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. Any ((conviction for any)) charging of an adult felony subsequent to the
sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order for the purposes of chapter 9.94A RCW (for any juvenile adjudication of guilt for a class A offense or a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030).

(16) ((In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person who is the subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and, subject to subsection (24) of this section, order the destruction of the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the court and of any other agency in the case.

(17) The court may grant the motion to destroy records made pursuant to subsection (16) of this section if it finds:
   (a) The person making the motion is at least twenty-three years of age;
   (b) The person has not subsequently been convicted of a felony;
   (c) No proceeding is pending against that person seeking the conviction of a criminal offense; and
   (d) The person has never been found guilty of a serious offense.

(18) A person eighteen years of age or older whose criminal history consists of only one referral for diversion may request that the court order the records in that case destroyed. The request shall be granted, subject to subsection ((24)) (22) of this section, if the court finds that two years have elapsed since completion of the diversion agreement.

(19) If the court grants the motion to destroy records made pursuant to subsection (16) (or (18)) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection ((24)) (22) of this section, order the official juvenile court file, the social file, and any other records named in the order to be destroyed.

(20) The person making the motion pursuant to subsection (16) (or (18)) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecuting attorney and to any agency whose records are sought to be destroyed.

(21) Any juvenile to whom the provisions of this section may apply shall be given written notice of his or her rights under this section at the time of his or her disposition hearing or during the diversion process.

(22) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a crime victim or a member of the victim’s family from divulging the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender or his or her family when necessary in a civil proceeding.

(23) Any juvenile justice or care agency may, subject to the limitations in subsection (24) of this section and (subparagraphs) (a) and (b) of this subsection, develop procedures for the routine destruction of records relating to juvenile offenses and diversions.

(a) Records may be routinely destroyed only when the person the subject of the information or complaint has attained twenty-three years of age or older, or is eighteen years of age or older and his or her criminal history consists entirely of one diversion agreement and two years have passed since completion of the agreement.

(b) The court may not routinely destroy the official juvenile court file or recordings or transcripts of any proceedings.

(24) No identifying information held by the Washington state patrol in accordance with chapter 43.43 RCW is subject to destruction or sealing under this section. For the purposes of this subsection, identifying information includes photographs, fingerprints, palmprints, soleprints, toeprints and any other data that identifies a person by physical characteristics, name, birthdate or address, but does not include information regarding criminal activity, arrest, charging, diversion, conviction or other information about a person’s treatment by the criminal justice system or about the person’s behavior.

(25) Information identifying child victims under age eighteen who are victims of sexual assaults by juvenile offenders is confidential and not subject to release to the press or public without the permission of the child victim or the child’s legal guardian. Identifying information includes the child victim’s name, addresses, location, photographs, and in cases in which the child victim is a relative of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator. Information identifying a child victim of sexual assault may be released to law enforcement,
prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, or private or governmental agencies that provide services to the child victim of sexual assault.

**Sec. 41.** RCW 72.01.410 and 1994 c 220 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Whenever any child under the age of eighteen is convicted in the courts of this state of a crime amounting to a felony, and is committed for a term of confinement in a correctional institution wherein adults are confined, the secretary of corrections, after making an independent assessment and evaluation of the child and determining that the needs and correctional goals for the child could better be met by the programs and housing environment provided by the juvenile correctional institution, with the consent of the secretary of social and health services, may transfer such child to a juvenile correctional institution, or to such other institution as is now, or may hereafter be authorized by law to receive such child, until such time as the child arrives at the age of twenty-one years, whereupon the child shall be returned to the institution of original commitment. Retention within a juvenile detention facility or return to an adult correctional facility shall regularly be reviewed by the secretary of corrections and the secretary of social and health services with a determination made based on the level of maturity and sophistication of the individual, the behavior and progress while within the juvenile detention facility, security needs, and the program/treatment alternatives which would best prepare the individual for a successful return to the community. Notice of such transfers shall be given to the clerk of the committing court and the parents, guardian, or next of kin of such child, if known.

(2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, an offender under the age of eighteen who is convicted in adult criminal court and who is committed to a term of confinement at the department of corrections must be placed in a housing unit, or a portion of a housing unit, that is separated from offenders eighteen years of age or older, until the offender reaches the age of eighteen.

(b) An offender under the age of eighteen may be housed in an intensive management unit or administrative segregation unit containing offenders eighteen years of age or older if it is necessary for the safety or security of the offender or staff. In these cases, the offender shall be kept physically separate from other offenders at all times.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 42.** A new section is added to chapter 72.01 RCW to read as follows:

An offender under the age of eighteen who is convicted in adult criminal court of a crime and who is committed for a term of confinement in a jail as defined in RCW 70.48.020, must be housed in a jail cell that does not contain adult offenders, until the offender reaches the age of eighteen.

**Sec. 43.** RCW 72.09.460 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 19 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature intends that all inmates be required to participate in department-approved education programs, work programs, or both, unless exempted under subsection (((4))) (4) of this section. Eligible inmates who refuse to participate in available education or work programs available at no charge to the inmates shall lose privileges according to the system established under RCW 72.09.130. Eligible inmates who are required to contribute financially to an education or work program and refuse to contribute shall be placed in another work program. Refusal to contribute shall not result in a loss of privileges. The legislature recognizes more inmates may agree to participate in education and work programs than are available. The department must make every effort to achieve maximum public benefit by placing inmates in available and appropriate education and work programs.

(2) The department shall provide a program of education to all offenders who are under the age of eighteen and who have not met high school graduation or general equivalency diploma requirements. The program of education established by the department for offenders under the age of eighteen must provide each offender a choice of curriculum that will assist the inmate in achieving a high school diploma or general equivalency diploma.

(3) The department shall, to the extent possible and considering all available funds, prioritize its resources to meet the following goals for inmates in the order listed:

(a) Achievement of basic academic skills through obtaining a high school diploma or its equivalent and achievement of vocational skills necessary for purposes of work programs and for an inmate to qualify for work upon release;
(b) Additional work and education programs based on assessments and placements under subsection (((4))) (5) of this section; and
(c) Other work and education programs as appropriate.

(4) The department shall establish, by rule, objective medical standards to determine when an inmate is physically or mentally unable to participate in available education or work programs. When the department determines an inmate is permanently unable to participate in any available education or work program due to a medical condition, the inmate is exempt from the requirement under subsection (1) of this section. When the department determines an inmate is temporarily unable to participate in an education or work program due to a medical condition, the inmate is exempt from the requirement of subsection (1) of this section for the period of time he or she is temporarily disabled. The department shall periodically review the medical condition of all temporarily disabled inmates to ensure the earliest possible entry or reentry by inmates into available programming.

(5) The department shall establish, by rule, standards for participation in department-approved education and work programs. The standards shall address the following areas:

(a) Assessment. The department shall assess all inmates for their basic academic skill levels using a professionally accepted method of scoring reading, math, and language skills as grade level equivalents. The department shall determine an inmate’s education history, work history, and vocational or work skills. The initial assessment shall be conducted, whenever possible, within the first thirty days of an inmate’s entry into the correctional system, except that initial assessments are not required for inmates who are sentenced to life without the possibility of release, assigned to an intensive management unit within the first thirty days after entry into the correctional system, are returning to the correctional system within one year of a prior release, or whose physical or mental condition renders them unable to complete the assessment process. The department shall track and record changes in the basic academic skill levels of all inmates reflected in any testing or assessment performed as part of their education programming;

(b) Placement. The department shall follow the policies set forth in subsection (1) of this section in establishing criteria for placing inmates in education and work programs. The department shall, to the extent possible, place all inmates whose composite grade level score for basic academic skills is below the eighth grade level in a combined education and work program. The placement criteria shall include at least the following factors:
(i) An inmate's release date and custody level, except an inmate shall not be precluded from participating in an education or work program solely on the basis of his or her release date;
(ii) An inmate's education history and basic academic skills;
(iii) An inmate's work history and vocational or work skills;
(iv) An inmate's economic circumstances, including but not limited to an inmate's family support obligations; and
(v) Where applicable, an inmate's prior performance in department-approved education or work programs;

(c) Performance and goals. The department shall establish, and periodically review, inmate behavior standards and program goals for all education and work programs. Inmates shall be notified of applicable behavior standards and program goals prior to placement in an education or work program and shall be removed from the education or work program if they consistently fail to meet the standards or goals;

(d) Financial responsibility. (i) The department shall establish a formula by which inmates, based on their ability to pay, shall pay all or a portion of the costs or tuition of certain programs. Inmates shall, based on the formula, pay a portion of the costs or tuition of participation in:
(A) Second and subsequent vocational programs associated with an inmate’s work programs; and
(B) An associate of arts or baccalaureate degree program when placement in a degree program is the result of a placement made under this subsection;
(ii) Inmates shall pay all costs and tuition for participation in:
(A) Any postsecondary academic degree program which is entered independently of a placement decision made under this subsection; and
(B) Second and subsequent vocational programs not associated with an inmate’s work program.
Enrollment in any program specified in (d)(ii) of this subsection shall only be allowed by correspondence or if there is an opening in an education or work program at the institution where an inmate is incarcerated and no other inmate who is placed in a program under this subsection will be displaced; and

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision in this section, an inmate sentenced to life without the possibility of release:

(i) Shall not be required to participate in education programming; and

(ii) May receive not more than one postsecondary academic degree in a program offered by the department or its contracted providers.

If an inmate sentenced to life without the possibility of release requires prevocational or vocational training for a work program, he or she may participate in the training subject to this section.

((44)) (6) The department shall coordinate education and work programs among its institutions, to the greatest extent possible, to facilitate continuity of programming among inmates transferred between institutions. Before transferring an inmate enrolled in a program, the department shall consider the effect the transfer will have on the inmate's ability to continue or complete a program. This subsection shall not be used to delay or prohibit a transfer necessary for legitimate safety or security concerns.

((6)) (7) Before construction of a new correctional institution or expansion of an existing correctional institution, the department shall adopt a plan demonstrating how cable, closed-circuit, and satellite television will be used for education and training purposes in the institution. The plan shall specify how the use of television in the education and training programs will improve inmates' preparedness for available work programs and job opportunities for which inmates may qualify upon release.

((7)) (8) The department shall adopt a plan to reduce the per-pupil cost of instruction by, among other methods, increasing the use of volunteer instructors and implementing technological efficiencies. The plan shall be adopted by December 1996 and shall be transmitted to the legislature upon adoption. The department shall, in adoption of the plan, consider distance learning, satellite instruction, video tape usage, computer-aided instruction, and flexible scheduling of offender instruction.

((8)) (9) Following completion of the review required by section 27(3), chapter 19, Laws of 1995 1st sp. sess. the department shall take all necessary steps to assure the vocation and education programs are relevant to work programs and skills necessary to enhance the employability of inmates upon release.

Sec. 44. RCW 9A.36.045 and 1995 c 129 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person is guilty of ((reckless endangerment in the first degree)) drive-by shooting when he or she recklessly discharges a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 in a manner which creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person and the discharge is either from a motor vehicle or from the immediate area of a motor vehicle that was used to transport the shooter or the firearm, or both, to the scene of the discharge.

(2) A person who unlawfully discharges a firearm from a moving motor vehicle may be inferred to have engaged in reckless conduct, unless the discharge is shown by evidence satisfactory to the trier of fact to have been made without such recklessness.

(3) ((Reckless endangerment in the first degree)) Drive-by shooting is a class B felony.

Sec. 45. RCW 9A.36.050 and 1989 c 271 s 110 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person is guilty of reckless endangerment ((in the second degree)) when he or she recklessly engages in conduct not amounting to ((reckless endangerment in the first degree but which)) drive-by shooting but that creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person.

(2) Reckless endangerment ((in the second degree)) is a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 46. RCW 9.41.010 and 1996 c 295 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Firearm" means a weapon or device from which a projectile or projectiles may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.

(2) "Pistol" means any firearm with a barrel less than sixteen inches in length, or is designed to be held and fired by the use of a single hand.

(3) "Rifle" means a weapon designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed metallic cartridge to fire only a single projectile through a rifled bore for each single pull of the trigger.

(4) "Short-barreled rifle" means a rifle having one or more barrels less than sixteen inches in length and any weapon made from a rifle by any means of modification if such modified weapon has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches.

(5) "Shotgun" means a weapon with one or more barrels, designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to be fired from the shoulder and designed or redesigned, made or remade, and intended to use the energy of the explosive in a fixed shotgun shell to fire through a smooth bore either a number of ball shot or a single projectile for each single pull of the trigger.

(6) "Short-barreled shotgun" means a shotgun having one or more barrels less than eighteen inches in length and any weapon made from a shotgun by any means of modification if such modified weapon has an overall length of less than twenty-six inches.

(7) "Machine gun" means any firearm known as a machine gun, mechanical rifle, submachine gun, or any other mechanism or instrument not requiring that the trigger be pressed for each shot and having a reservoir clip, disc, drum, belt, or other separable mechanical device for storing, carrying, or supplying ammunition which can be loaded into the firearm, mechanism, or instrument, and fired therefrom at the rate of five or more shots per second.

(8) "Antique firearm" means a firearm or replica of a firearm not designed or redesigned for using rim fire or conventional center fire ignition with fixed ammunition and manufactured in or before 1898, including any matchlock, flintlock, percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system and also any firearm using fixed ammunition manufactured in or before 1898, for which ammunition is no longer manufactured in the United States and is not readily available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.

(9) "Loaded" means:
   (a) There is a cartridge in the chamber of the firearm;
   (b) Cartridges are in a clip that is locked in place in the firearm;
   (c) There is a cartridge in the cylinder of the firearm, if the firearm is a revolver;
   (d) There is a cartridge in the tube or magazine that is inserted in the action; or
   (e) There is a ball in the barrel and the firearm is capped or primed if the firearm is a muzzle loader.

(10) "Dealer" means a person engaged in the business of selling firearms at wholesale or retail who has, or is required to have, a federal firearms license under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 923(a). A person who does not have, and is not required to have, a federal firearms license under 18 U.S.C. Sec. 923(a), is not a dealer if that person makes only occasional sales, exchanges, or purchases of firearms for the enhancement of a personal collection or for a hobby, or sells all or part of his or her personal collection of firearms.

(11) "Crime of violence" means:
   (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, burglary in the second degree, residential burglary, and robbery in the second degree;
   (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to June 6, 1996, which is comparable to a felony classified as a crime of violence in (a) of this subsection; and
(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense comparable to a felony classified as a crime of violence under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

(12) "Serious offense" means any of the following felonies or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter amended:

(a) Any crime of violence;
(b) Any felony violation of the uniform controlled substances act, chapter 69.50 RCW, that is classified as a class B felony or that has a maximum term of imprisonment of at least ten years;
(c) Child molestation in the second degree;
(d) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
(e) Indecent liberties;
(f) Leading organized crime;
(g) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
(h) Rape in the third degree;
(i) ((Reckless endangerment in the first degree)) Drive-by shooting;
(j) Sexual exploitation;
(k) Vehicular assault;
(l) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
(m) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under RCW 9.94A.030;
(n) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 9.94A.125; or
(o) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to June 6, 1996, that is comparable to a serious offense, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious offense.

(13) "Law enforcement officer" includes a general authority Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020, or a specially commissioned Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020. "Law enforcement officer" also includes a limited authority Washington peace officer as defined in RCW 10.93.020 if such officer is duly authorized by his or her employer to carry a concealed pistol.

(14) "Felony" means any felony offense under the laws of this state or any federal or out-of-state offense comparable to a felony offense under the laws of this state.

(15) "Sell" refers to the actual approval of the delivery of a firearm in consideration of payment or promise of payment of a certain price in money.

(16) "Barrel length" means the distance from the bolt face of a closed action down the length of the axis of the bore to the crown of the muzzle, or in the case of a barrel with attachments to the end of any legal device permanently attached to the end of the muzzle.

(17) "Family or household member" means "family" or "household member" as used in RCW 10.99.020.

Sec. 47. RCW 9.41.040 and 1996 c 295 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) A person, whether an adult or juvenile, is guilty of the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree, if the person owns, has in his or her possession, or has in his or her control any firearm after having previously been convicted in this state or elsewhere of any serious offense as defined in this chapter.

(b) A person, whether an adult or juvenile, is guilty of the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm in the second degree, if the person does not qualify under (a) of this subsection for the crime of unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree and the person owns, has in his or her possession, or has in his or her control any firearm:

(i) After having previously been convicted in this state or elsewhere of any felony not specifically listed as prohibiting firearm possession under (a) of this subsection, or any of the following crimes when committed by one family or household member against another, committed on or after July 1, 1993: Assault in the fourth degree, coercion, stalking, reckless endangerment (in the second degree), criminal trespass in the first degree, or violation of the provisions of a protection order or no-
contact order restraining the person or excluding the person from a residence (RCW 26.50.060, 26.50.070, 26.50.130, or 10.99.040);

(ii) After having previously been involuntarily committed for mental health treatment under RCW 71.05.320, 71.34.090, chapter 10.77 RCW, or equivalent statutes of another jurisdiction, unless his or her right to possess a firearm has been restored as provided in RCW 9.41.047;

(iii) If the person is under eighteen years of age, except as provided in RCW 9.41.042; and/or

(iv) If the person is free on bond or personal recognizance pending trial, appeal, or sentencing for a serious offense as defined in RCW 9.41.010.

(2)(a) Unlawful possession of a firearm in the first degree is a class B felony, punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(b) Unlawful possession of a firearm in the second degree is a class C felony, punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(3) Notwithstanding RCW 9.41.047 or any other provisions of law, as used in this chapter, a person has been "convicted", whether in an adult court or adjudicated in a juvenile court, at such time as a plea of guilty has been accepted, or a verdict of guilty has been filed, notwithstanding the pendency of any future proceedings including but not limited to sentencing or disposition, post-trial or post-factfinding motions, and appeals. Conviction includes a dismissal entered after a period of probation, suspension or deferral of sentence, and also includes equivalent dispositions by courts in jurisdictions other than Washington state. A person shall not be precluded from possession of a firearm if the conviction has been the subject of a pardon, annulment, certificate of rehabilitation, or other equivalent procedure based on a finding of the rehabilitation of the person convicted or the conviction or disposition has been the subject of a pardon, annulment, or other equivalent procedure based on a finding of innocence. Where no record of the court's disposition of the charges can be found, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the person was not convicted of the charge.

(4) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, a person convicted of an offense prohibiting the possession of a firearm under this section other than murder, manslaughter, robbery, rape, indecent liberties, arson, assault, kidnapping, extortion, burglary, or violations with respect to controlled substances under RCW 69.50.401(a) and 69.50.410, who received a probationary sentence under RCW 9.95.200, and who received a dismissal of the charge under RCW 9.95.240, shall not be precluded from possession of a firearm as a result of the conviction. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, if a person is prohibited from possession of a firearm under subsection (1) of this section and has not previously been convicted of a sex offense prohibiting firearm ownership under subsection (1) of this section and/or any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, the individual may petition a court of record to have his or her right to possess a firearm restored:

(a) Under RCW 9.41.047; and/or

(b)(i) If the conviction was for a felony offense, after five or more consecutive years in the community without being convicted or currently charged with any felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor crimes, if the individual has no prior felony convictions that prohibit the possession of a firearm counted as part of the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; or

(ii) If the conviction was for a nonfelony offense, after three or more consecutive years in the community without being convicted or currently charged with any felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor crimes, if the individual has no prior felony convictions that prohibit the possession of a firearm counted as part of the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360 and the individual has completed all conditions of the sentence.

(5) In addition to any other penalty provided for by law, if a person under the age of eighteen years is found by a court to have possessed a firearm in a vehicle in violation of subsection (1) of this section or to have committed an offense while armed with a firearm during which offense a motor vehicle served an integral function, the court shall notify the department of licensing within twenty-four hours and the person’s privilege to drive shall be revoked under RCW 46.20.265.

(6) Nothing in chapter 129, Laws of 1995 shall ever be construed or interpreted as preventing an offender from being charged and subsequently convicted for the separate felony crimes of theft of a firearm or possession of a stolen firearm, or both, in addition to being charged and subsequently convicted under this section for unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree.
Notwithstanding any other law, if the offender is convicted under this section for unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree and for the felony crimes of theft of a firearm or possession of a stolen firearm, or both, then the offender shall serve consecutive sentences for each of the felony crimes of conviction listed in this subsection.

(7) Each firearm unlawfully possessed under this section shall be a separate offense.

Sec. 48. RCW 9.94A.103 and 1995 c 129 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes shall be made and retained as public records if the felony crime involves:

(1) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;
(2) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;
(3) Any felony with a deadly weapon special verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;
(4) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4), or both; and/or

(5) The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, ((reckless endangerment in the first degree)) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony.

Sec. 49. RCW 9.94A.105 and 1995 c 129 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A current, newly created or reworked judgment and sentence document for each felony sentencing shall record any and all recommended sentencing agreements or plea agreements and the sentences for any and all felony crimes kept as public records under RCW 9.94A.103 shall contain the clearly printed name and legal signature of the sentencing judge. The judgment and sentence document as defined in this section shall also provide additional space for the sentencing judge’s reasons for going either above or below the presumptive sentence range for any and all felony crimes covered as public records under RCW 9.94A.103. Both the sentencing judge and the prosecuting attorney’s office shall each retain or receive a completed copy of each sentencing document as defined in this section for their own records.

(2) The sentencing guidelines commission shall be sent a completed copy of the judgment and sentence document upon conviction for each felony sentencing under subsection (1) of this section and shall compile a yearly and cumulative judicial record of each sentencing judge in regards to his or her sentencing practices for any and all felony crimes involving:

(a) Any violent offense as defined in this chapter;
(b) Any most serious offense as defined in this chapter;
(c) Any felony with a deadly weapon special verdict under RCW 9.94A.125;
(d) Any felony with any deadly weapon enhancements under RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4), or both; and/or

(e) The felony crimes of possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, ((reckless endangerment in the first degree)) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first or second degree, and/or use of a machine gun in a felony.

(3) The sentencing guidelines commission shall compare each individual judge’s sentencing practices to the standard or presumptive sentence range for any and all felony crimes listed in subsection (2) of this section for the appropriate offense level as defined in RCW 9.94A.320, offender score as defined in RCW 9.94A.360, and any applicable deadly weapon enhancements as defined in RCW 9.94A.310 (3) or (4), or both. These comparative records shall be retained and made available to the public for review in a current, newly created or reworked official published document by the sentencing guidelines commission.

(4) Any and all felony sentences which are either above or below the standard or presumptive sentence range in subsection (3) of this section shall also mark whether the prosecuting attorney in the case also recommended a similar sentence, if any, which was either above or below the presumptive sentence range and shall also indicate if the sentence was in conjunction with an approved alternative sentencing option including a first-time offender waiver, sex offender sentencing alternative, or other prescribed sentencing option.
(5) If any completed judgment and sentence document as defined in subsection (1) of this section is not sent to the sentencing guidelines commission as required in subsection (2) of this section, the sentencing guidelines commission shall have the authority and shall undertake reasonable and necessary steps to assure that all past, current, and future sentencing documents as defined in subsection (1) of this section are received by the sentencing guidelines commission.

Sec. 50. RCW 9.94A.310 and 1996 c 205 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) TABLE 1

Sentencing Grid

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SERIOUSNESS</th>
<th>SCORE</th>
<th>OFFENDER SCORE</th>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

XV Life Sentence without Parole/Death Penalty

XIV 23y4m 24y4m 25y4m 26y4m 27y4m 28y4m 30y4m 32y10m 36y 40y
  240- 250- 261- 271- 281- 291- 312- 338- 370- 411-
  320 333 347 361 374 388 416 450 493 548

XIII 12y 13y 14y 15y 16y 17y 19y 21y 25y 29y
  123- 134- 144- 154- 165- 175- 195- 216- 257- 298-
  164 178 192 205 219 233 260 288 342 397

XII 9y 9y11m 10y9m 11y8m 12y6m 13y5m 15y9m 17y3m 20y3m 23y3m
  93- 102- 111- 120- 129- 138- 162- 178- 209- 240-
  123 136 147 160 171 184 216 236 277 318

XI 7y6m 8y4m 9y2m 9y11m 10y9m 11y7m 14y2m 15y5m 17y11m 20y5m
  78- 86- 95- 102- 111- 120- 146- 159- 185- 210-
  102 114 125 136 147 158 194 211 245 280

X 5y 5y6m 6y 6y6m 7y 7y6m 9y6m 10y6m 12y6m 14y6m
  51- 57- 62- 67- 72- 77- 98- 108- 129- 149-
  68 75 82 89 96 102 130 144 171 198

IX 3y 3y6m 4y 4y6m 5y 5y6m 7y6m 8y6m 10y6m 12y6m
  31- 36- 41- 46- 51- 57- 77- 87- 108- 129-
  41 48 54 61 68 75 102 116 144 171

VIII 2y 2y6m 3y 3y6m 4y 4y6m 6y6m 7y6m 8y6m 10y6m
  21- 26- 31- 36- 41- 46- 67- 77- 87- 108-
  27 34 41 48 54 61 89 102 116 144

VII 18m 2y 2y6m 3y 3y6m 4y 5y6m 6y6m 7y6m 8y6m
  15- 21- 26- 31- 36- 41- 57- 67- 77- 87-
  20 27 34 41 48 54 75 89 102 116

VI 13m 18m 2y 2y6m 3y 3y6m 4y6m 5y6m 6y6m 7y6m
  12+ - 15- 21- 26- 31- 36- 46- 57- 67- 77-
NOTE: Numbers in the first horizontal row of each seriousness category represent sentencing midpoints in years(y) and months(m). Numbers in the second and third rows represent presumptive sentencing ranges in months, or in days if so designated. 12+ equals one year and one day.

(2) For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by 75 percent.

(3) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Five years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(b) Three years for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(c) Eighteen months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(d) If the offender is being sentenced for any firearm enhancements under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection and the offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or section (4)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, any and all firearm enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all firearm enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other sentencing provisions.
The firearm enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, ((reckless endangerment in the first degree)) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(4) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon as defined in this chapter other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Two years for any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(b) One year for any felony defined under any law as a class B felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(c) Six months for any felony defined under any law as a class C felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not covered under (f) of this subsection.
(d) If the offender is being sentenced under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection for any deadly weapon enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (3)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, any and all deadly weapon enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the amount of the enhancement listed.
(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all deadly weapon enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other sentencing provisions.

(f) The deadly weapon enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, ((reckless endangerment in the first degree)) drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(5) The following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence if the offender or an accomplice committed the offense while in a county jail or state correctional facility as that term is defined in this chapter and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection. If the offender or an accomplice committed one of the crimes listed in this subsection while in a county jail or state correctional facility as that term is defined in this chapter, and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection, the following additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section:

(a) Eighteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (i) or (ii) or 69.50.410;
(b) Fifteen months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(a)(1) (iii), (iv), and (v);
(c) Twelve months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(d).

For the purposes of this subsection, all of the real property of a state correctional facility or county jail shall be deemed to be part of that facility or county jail.
(6) An additional twenty-four months shall be added to the presumptive sentence for any ranked offense involving a violation of chapter 69.50 RCW if the offense was also a violation of RCW 69.50.435.

Sec. 51. RCW 9.94A.320 and 1996 c 302 s 6, 1996 c 205 s 3, and 1996 c 36 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

| TABLE 2 |
| CRIMES INCLUDED WITHIN EACH SERIOUSNESS LEVEL |

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Sec. 52. RCW 9A.46.060 and 1994 c 271 s 802 and 1994 c 121 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, "harassment" may include but is not limited to any of the following crimes:

1. Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020);
2. Malicious harassment (RCW 9A.36.080);
3. Telephone harassment (RCW 9.61.230);
4. Assault in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.011);
5. Assault of a child in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.120);
6. Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021);
7. Assault of a child in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.130);
8. Assault in the fourth degree (RCW 9A.36.041);
9. Reckless endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050);
10. Extortion in the first degree (RCW 9A.56.120);
11. Extortion in the second degree (RCW 9A.56.130);
12. Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
13. Burglary in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.020);
14. Burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030);
15. Criminal trespass in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.070);
16. Criminal trespass in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.080);
17. Malicious mischief in the first degree (RCW 9A.48.070);
18. Malicious mischief in the second degree (RCW 9A.48.080);
19. Malicious mischief in the third degree (RCW 9A.48.090);
20. Kidnapping in the first degree (RCW 9A.40.020);
21. Kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030);
22. Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040);
23. Rape in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.040);
Sec. 53. RCW 10.99.020 and 1996 c 248 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Family or household members" means spouses, former spouses, persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time, adult persons related by blood or marriage, adult persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past, persons sixteen years of age or older who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past and who have or have had a dating relationship, persons sixteen years of age or older with whom a person sixteen years of age or older has or has had a dating relationship, and persons who have a biological or legal parent-child relationship, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren.

(2) "Dating relationship" has the same meaning as in RCW 26.50.010.

(3) "Domestic violence" includes but is not limited to any of the following crimes when committed by one family or household member against another:

(a) Assault in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.011);
(b) Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021);
(c) Assault in the third degree (RCW 9A.36.031);
(d) Assault in the fourth degree (RCW 9A.36.041);
(e) Reckless endangerment in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.045);
(f) Reckless endangerment in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.050);
(g) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
(h) Burglary in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.020);
(i) Burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030);
(j) Criminal trespass in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.070);
(k) Criminal trespass in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.080);
(l) Malicious mischief in the first degree (RCW 9A.48.070);
(m) Malicious mischief in the second degree (RCW 9A.48.080);
(n) Malicious mischief in the third degree (RCW 9A.48.090);
(o) Kidnapping in the first degree (RCW 9A.40.020);
(p) Kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030);
(q) Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040);
(r) Violation of the provisions of a restraining order restraining the person or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering a residence, workplace, school, or day care (RCW 26.09.300, 26.10.220, or 26.26.138);
(s) Violation of the provisions of a protection order or no-contact order restraining the person or restraining the person from going onto the grounds of or entering a residence, workplace, school, or day care (RCW 26.50.060, 26.50.070, 26.50.130, 10.99.040, or 10.99.050);
(t) Rape in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.040);
(u) Rape in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.050);
(v) Residential burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);
(w) Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110); and
(x) Interference with the reporting of domestic violence (RCW 9A.36.150).

(4) "Victim" means a family or household member who has been subjected to domestic violence.

Sec. 54. RCW 10.99.040 and 1996 c 248 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Because of the serious nature of domestic violence, the court in domestic violence actions:
(a) Shall not dismiss any charge or delay disposition because of concurrent dissolution or other civil proceedings;
(b) Shall not require proof that either party is seeking a dissolution of marriage prior to instigation of criminal proceedings;
(c) Shall waive any requirement that the victim’s location be disclosed to any person, other than the attorney of a criminal defendant, upon a showing that there is a possibility of further violence: PROVIDED, That the court may order a criminal defense attorney not to disclose to his or her client the victim’s location; and
(d) Shall identify by any reasonable means on docket sheets those criminal actions arising from acts of domestic violence.

(2) Because of the likelihood of repeated violence directed at those who have been victims of domestic violence in the past, when any person charged with or arrested for a crime involving domestic violence is released from custody before arraignment or trial on bail or personal recognizance, the court authorizing the release may prohibit that person from having any contact with the victim. The jurisdiction authorizing the release shall determine whether that person should be prohibited from having any contact with the victim. If there is no outstanding restraining or protective order prohibiting that person from having contact with the victim, the court authorizing release may issue, by telephone, a no-contact order prohibiting the person charged or arrested from having contact with the victim. In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800. The no-contact order shall also be issued in writing as soon as possible.

(3) At the time of arraignment the court shall determine whether a no-contact order shall be issued or extended. If a no-contact order is issued or extended, the court may also include in the conditions of release a requirement that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring. If electronic monitoring is ordered, the court shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services, and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed. Upon conviction, the court may require as a condition of the sentence that the defendant reimburse the providing agency for the costs of the electronic monitoring.

(4)(a) Willful violation of a court order issued under subsection (2) or (3) of this section is a gross misdemeanor except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection (4). Upon conviction and in addition to other penalties provided by law, the court may require that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring. The court shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring must be performed. The court also may include a requirement that the defendant pay the costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the convicted person to pay for electronic monitoring.

(b) Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this subsection and that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW, and any conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this section that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(c) A willful violation of a court order issued under this section is a class C felony if the offender has at least two previous convictions for violating the provisions of a no-contact order issued under this chapter, a domestic violence protection order issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW, or any federal or out-of-state order that is comparable to a no-contact order or protection order issued under Washington law. The previous convictions may involve the same victim or other victims specifically protected by the no-contact orders or protection orders the offender violated.

(d) The written order releasing the person charged or arrested shall contain the court’s directives and shall bear the legend: “Violation of this order is a criminal offense under chapter 10.99
RCW and will subject a violator to arrest; any assault, drive-by shooting, or reckless endangerment that is a violation of this order is a felony. You can be arrested even if any person protected by the order invites or allows you to violate the order’s prohibitions. You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating the order’s provisions. Only the court can change the order.” A certified copy of the order shall be provided to the victim. If a no-contact order has been issued prior to charging, that order shall expire at arraignment or within seventy-two hours if charges are not filed. Such orders need not be entered into the computer-based criminal intelligence information system in this state which is used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants.

(5) Whenever an order prohibiting contact is issued, modified, or terminated under subsection (2) or (3) of this section, the clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the order on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order for one year or until the expiration date specified on the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any jurisdiction in the state.

Sec. 55. RCW 10.99.050 and 1996 c 248 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) When a defendant is found guilty of a crime and a condition of the sentence restricts the defendant’s ability to have contact with the victim, such condition shall be recorded and a written certified copy of that order shall be provided to the victim.
(2) Willful violation of a court order issued under this section is a gross misdemeanor. Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this section and that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony, and any conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this section that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony. A willful violation of a court order issued under this section is also a class C felony if the offender has at least two previous convictions for violating the provisions of a no-contact order issued under this chapter, or a domestic violence protection order issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 26.26, or 26.50 RCW, or any federal or out-of-state order that is comparable to a no-contact order or protection order that is issued under Washington law. The previous convictions may involve the same victim or other victims specifically protected by the no-contact orders or protection orders the offender violated.

The written order shall contain the court’s directives and shall bear the legend: Violation of this order is a criminal offense under chapter 10.99 RCW and will subject a violator to arrest; any assault, drive-by shooting, or reckless endangerment that is a violation of this order is a felony.

(3) Whenever an order prohibiting contact is issued pursuant to this section, the clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the order on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order for one year into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any jurisdiction in the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 56. A new section is added to chapter 43.121 RCW to read as follows:
The legislature of the state of Washington finds that community deterioration and family disintegration are increasing problems in our state. One clear indicator of this damage is juvenile crime and violence. The legislature further finds that prevention is one of the best methods of fighting juvenile crime. Building more facilities to house juvenile offenders can be at best only one part of any solution. Any increased spending on confining juvenile offenders must be closely linked to existing efforts to prevent juvenile crime.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 57. The sentencing guidelines commission shall review conviction data for the past ten years. The commission shall submit a proposed bill to the legislature for introduction in
the 1998 legislative session that appropriately ranks all unranked felony offenses for which there have been convictions for the period studied.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 58. The legislature finds that it is necessary to improve the analysis, evaluation, and forecasting of sentencing and treatment alternatives for adult and juvenile offenders. In order to establish a universally accepted measuring tool for use in making informed corrections and public safety policy decisions in the adult and juvenile corrections systems, the Washington state institute for public policy shall develop a proposed definition of recidivism. The institute’s definition shall provide the legislature and the governor with an objective, outcome-based standard for measuring the success of programs in increasing public safety and reducing subsequent offenses by convicted persons.

The definition shall be reported to the governor and the legislature by December 31, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 59. The legislature finds it critical to evaluate the effectiveness of the revisions made in this act to juvenile sentencing for purposes of measuring improvements in public safety and reduction of recidivism.

To accomplish this evaluation, the Washington state institute for public policy shall conduct a study of the sentencing revisions. The study shall: (1) Be conducted starting January 1, 2001; (2) examine whether the revisions have affected the rate of initial offense commission and recidivism; (3) determine the impacts of the revisions by age, race, and gender impacts of the revisions; (4) compare the utilization and effectiveness of sentencing alternatives and manifest injustice determinations before and after the revisions; and (5) examine the impact and effectiveness of changes made in the exclusive original jurisdiction of juvenile court over juvenile offenders.

The institute shall report the results of the study to the governor and legislature not later than July 1, 2002.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 60. The legislature finds that meaningful community involvement is vital to the juvenile justice system’s ability to respond to the serious problem of juvenile crime. Citizens and crime victims need to be active partners in responding to crime, in the management of resources, and in the disposition decisions regarding juvenile offenders in their community. Involvement of citizens and crime victims increase offender accountability and build healthier communities, which will reduce recidivism and crime rates in Washington state.

The legislature also finds that local governments are in the best position to develop, coordinate, and manage local community prevention, intervention, and corrections programs for juvenile offenders, and to determine local resource priorities. Local community management will build upon local values and increase local control of resources, encourage the use of a comprehensive range of community-based intervention strategies.

The primary purpose of sections 60 through 64 of this act, the community juvenile accountability act, is to provide a continuum of community-based programs that emphasize the juvenile offender’s accountability for his or her actions while assisting him or her in the development of skills necessary to function effectively and positively in the community in a manner consistent with public safety.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 61. (1) In order to receive funds under sections 60 through 64 of this act, local governments may, through their respective agencies that administer funding for consolidated juvenile services, submit proposals that establish community juvenile accountability programs within their communities. These proposals must be submitted to the juvenile rehabilitation administration of the department of social and health services for certification.

(2) The proposals must:

(a) Demonstrate that the proposals were developed with the input of the community public health and safety networks established under RCW 70.190.060, and the local law and justice councils established under RCW 72.09.300;

(b) Describe how local community groups or members are involved in the implementation of the programs funded under sections 60 through 64 of this act;
(c) Include a description of how the grant funds will contribute to the expected outcomes of the program and the reduction of youth violence and juvenile crime in their community. Data approaches are not required to be replicated if the networks have information that addresses risks in the community for juvenile offenders.

(3) A local government receiving a grant under this section shall agree that any funds received must be used efficiently to encourage the use of community-based programs that reduce the reliance on secure confinement as the sole means of holding juvenile offenders accountable for their crimes. The local government shall also agree to account for the expenditure of all funds received under the grant and to submit to audits for compliance with the grant criteria developed under section 62 of this act.

(4) The juvenile rehabilitation administration, in consultation with the Washington association of juvenile court administrators, the state law and justice advisory council, and the family policy council, shall establish guidelines for programs that may be funded under sections 60 through 64 of this act. The guidelines must:

(a) Target diverted and adjudicated juvenile offenders;
(b) Include assessment methods to determine services, programs, and intervention strategies most likely to change behaviors and norms of juvenile offenders;
(c) Provide maximum structured supervision in the community. Programs should use natural surveillance and community guardians such as employers, relatives, teachers, clergy, and community mentors to the greatest extent possible;
(d) Promote good work ethic values and educational skills and competencies necessary for the juvenile offender to function effectively and positively in the community;
(e) Maximize the efficient delivery of treatment services aimed at reducing risk factors associated with the commission of juvenile offenses;
(f) Maximize the reintegration of the juvenile offender into the community upon release from confinement;
(g) Maximize the juvenile offender’s opportunities to make full restitution to the victims and amends to the community;
(h) Support and encourage increased court discretion in imposing community-based intervention strategies;
(i) Be compatible with research that shows which prevention and early intervention strategies work with juvenile offenders;
(j) Be outcome-based in that it describes what outcomes will be achieved or what outcomes have already been achieved;
(k) Include an evaluation component; and
(l) Recognize the diversity of local needs.

(5) The state law and justice advisory council, with the assistance of the family policy council and the governor’s juvenile justice advisory committee, may provide support and technical assistance to local governments for training and education regarding community-based prevention and intervention strategies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 62. (1) The state may make grants to local governments for the provision of community-based programs for juvenile offenders. The grants must be made under a grant formula developed by the juvenile rehabilitation administration, in consultation with the Washington association of juvenile court administrators.

(2) Upon certification by the juvenile rehabilitation administration that a proposal satisfies the application and selection criteria, grant funds will be distributed to the local government agency that administers funding for consolidated juvenile services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 63. The legislature recognizes the importance of evaluation and outcome measurements of programs serving juvenile offenders in order to ensure cost-effective use of public funds.

The Washington state institute for public policy shall develop standards for measuring the effectiveness of juvenile accountability programs established and approved under section 61 of this act. The standards must be developed and presented to the governor and legislature not later than January 1,
1998. The standards must include methods for measuring success factors following intervention. Success factors include, but are not limited to, continued use of alcohol or controlled substances, arrests, violations of terms of community supervision, convictions for subsequent offenses, and restitution to victims.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 64. (1) Each community juvenile accountability program approved and funded under sections 60 through 64 of this act shall comply with the information collection requirements in subsection (2) of this section and the reporting requirements in subsection (3) of this section.

(2) The information collected by each community juvenile accountability program must include, at a minimum for each juvenile participant: (a) The name, date of birth, gender, social security number, and, when available, the juvenile information system (JUVIS) control number; (b) an initial intake assessment of each juvenile participating in the program; (c) a list of all juveniles who completed the program; and (d) an assessment upon completion or termination of each juvenile, including outcomes and, where applicable, reasons for termination.

(3) The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall annually compile the data and report to the legislature on: (a) The programs funded under sections 60 through 64 of this act; (b) the total cost for each funded program and cost per juvenile; and (c) the essential elements of the program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 65. The Washington state institute for public policy shall evaluate the costs and benefits of the programs funded in sections 60 through 64 of this act. The evaluation must measure whether the programs cost-effectively reduce recidivism and crime rates in Washington state. The institute shall submit reports to the governor and the legislature by December 1, 1998, and December 1, 2000.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 66. Sections 60 through 64 of this act may be known as the community juvenile accountability act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 67. Sections 60 through 64 and 66 of this act are added to chapter 13.40 RCW.

Sec. 68. RCW 82.44.110 and 1997 c 149 s 911 (SSB 6062) are each amended to read as follows:

The county auditor shall regularly, when remitting license fee receipts, pay over and account to the director of licensing for the excise taxes collected under the provisions of this chapter. The director shall forthwith transmit the excise taxes to the state treasurer.

(1) The state treasurer shall deposit the excise taxes collected under RCW 82.44.020(1) as follows:

(a) 1.60 percent into the motor vehicle fund to defray administrative and other expenses incurred by the department in the collection of the excise tax.
(b) 8.15 percent into the Puget Sound capital construction account in the motor vehicle fund.
(c) 4.07 percent into the Puget Sound ferry operations account in the motor vehicle fund.
(d) 5.88 percent into the general fund to be distributed under RCW 82.44.155.
(e) 4.75 percent into the municipal sales and use tax equalization account in the general fund created in RCW 82.14.210.
(f) 1.60 percent into the county sales and use tax equalization account in the general fund created in RCW 82.14.200.
(g) 62.6440 percent into the general fund through June 30, 1995, and 57.6440 percent into the general fund beginning July 1, 1995.
(h) 5 percent into the transportation fund created in RCW 82.44.180 beginning July 1, 1995.
(i) 5.9686 percent into the county criminal justice assistance account created in RCW 82.14.310.
(j) 1.1937 percent into the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under RCW 82.14.320.
(k) 1.1937 percent into the municipal criminal justice assistance account for distribution under RCW 82.14.330.

(l) 2.95 percent into the county public health account created in RCW 70.05.125.

Notwithstanding (i) through (k) of this subsection, no more than sixty million dollars shall be deposited into the accounts specified in (i) through (k) of this subsection for the period January 1, 1994, through June 30, 1995. Not more than five percent of the funds deposited to these accounts shall be available for appropriations for enhancements to the state patrol crime laboratory system and the continuing costs related to these enhancements. Motor vehicle excise tax funds appropriated for such enhancements shall not supplant existing funds from the state general fund. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998, and for each fiscal year thereafter, the amounts deposited into the accounts specified in (i) through (k) of this subsection shall not increase by more than the amounts deposited into those accounts in the previous fiscal year increased by the implicit price deflator for the previous fiscal year. Any revenues in excess of this amount shall be deposited into the violence reduction and drug enforcement account (during the 1997-99 fiscal biennium).

(2) The state treasurer shall deposit the excise taxes collected under RCW 82.44.020(2) into the transportation fund.

(3) The state treasurer shall deposit the excise tax imposed by RCW 82.44.020(3) into the air pollution control account created by RCW 70.94.015.

Sec. 69. RCW 69.50.520 and 1997 c 149 s 912 (SSB 6062) are each amended to read as follows:

The violence reduction and drug enforcement account is created in the state treasury. All designated receipts from RCW 9.41.110(7), 66.24.210(4), 66.24.290(3), 69.50.505(h)(1), 82.08.150(5), 82.24.020(2), 82.64.020, and section 420, chapter 271, Laws of 1989 shall be deposited into the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only for funding services and programs under chapter 271, Laws of 1989 and chapter 7, Laws of 1994 sp. sess., including state incarceration costs. Funds from the account may also be appropriated to reimburse local governments for costs associated with implementing criminal justice legislation including chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act). During the 1997-1999 biennium, funds from the account may also be used (to implement Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions), including local government costs, and) for costs associated with conducting a feasibility study of the department of corrections' offender-based tracking system. After July 1, 1999, at least seven and one-half percent of expenditures from the account shall be used for providing grants to community networks under chapter 70.190 RCW by the family policy council.

Sec. 70. RCW 13.40.080 and 1997 c 121 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A diversion agreement shall be a contract between a juvenile accused of an offense and a diversionary unit whereby the juvenile agrees to fulfill certain conditions in lieu of prosecution. Such agreements may be entered into only after the prosecutor, or probation counselor pursuant to this chapter, has determined that probable cause exists to believe that a crime has been committed and that the juvenile committed it. Such agreements shall be entered into as expeditiously as possible.

(2) A diversion agreement shall be limited to one or more of the following:

(a) Community service not to exceed one hundred fifty hours, not to be performed during school hours if the juvenile is attending school;

(b) Restitution limited to the amount of actual loss incurred by the victim;

(c) Attendance at up to ten hours of counseling and/or up to twenty hours of educational or informational sessions at a community agency. The educational or informational sessions may include sessions relating to respect for self, others, and authority; victim awareness; accountability; self-worth; responsibility; work ethics; good citizenship; literacy; and life skills. For purposes of this section, "community agency" may also mean a community-based nonprofit organization, if approved by the diversion unit. The state shall not be liable for costs resulting from the diversionary unit exercising the option to permit diversion agreements to mandate attendance at up to ten hours of counseling and/or up to twenty hours of educational or informational sessions;
(d) A fine, not to exceed one hundred dollars. In determining the amount of the fine, the diversion unit shall consider only the juvenile’s financial resources and whether the juvenile has the means to pay the fine. The diversion unit shall not consider the financial resources of the juvenile’s parents, guardian, or custodian in determining the fine to be imposed; and

(e) Requirements to remain during specified hours at home, school, or work, and restrictions on leaving or entering specified geographical areas.

(3) In assessing periods of community service to be performed and restitution to be paid by a juvenile who has entered into a diversion agreement, the court officer to whom this task is assigned shall consult with the juvenile’s custodial parent or parents or guardian and victims who have contacted the diversionary unit and, to the extent possible, involve members of the community. Such members of the community shall meet with the juvenile and advise the court officer as to the terms of the diversion agreement and shall supervise the juvenile in carrying out its terms.

(4)(a) A diversion agreement may not exceed a period of six months and may include a period extending beyond the eighteenth birthday of the divertee.

(b) If additional time is necessary for the juvenile to complete restitution to the victim, the time period limitations of this subsection may be extended by an additional six months.

(c) If the juvenile has not paid the full amount of restitution by the end of the additional six-month period, then the juvenile shall be referred to the juvenile court for entry of an order establishing the amount of restitution still owed to the victim. In this order, the court shall also determine the terms and conditions of the restitution, including a payment plan extending up to ten years if the court determines that the juvenile does not have the means to make full restitution over a shorter period. For the purposes of this subsection (4)(c), the juvenile shall remain under the court’s jurisdiction for a maximum term of ten years after the juvenile’s eighteenth birthday. Prior to the expiration of the initial ten-year period, the juvenile court may extend the judgment for restitution an additional ten years. The court may not require the juvenile to pay full or partial restitution if the juvenile reasonably satisfies the court that he or she does not have the means to make full or partial restitution and could not reasonably acquire the means to pay the restitution over a ten-year period. The county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. The restitution to victims named in the order shall be paid prior to any payment for other penalties or monetary assessments. A juvenile under obligation to pay restitution may petition the court for modification of the restitution order.

(5) The juvenile shall retain the right to be referred to the court at any time prior to the signing of the diversion agreement.

(6) Divertees and potential divertees shall be afforded due process in all contacts with a diversionary unit regardless of whether the juveniles are accepted for diversion or whether the diversion program is successfully completed. Such due process shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

(a) A written diversion agreement shall be executed stating all conditions in clearly understandable language;

(b) Violation of the terms of the agreement shall be the only grounds for termination;

(c) No divertee may be terminated from a diversion program without being given a court hearing, which hearing shall be preceded by:

(i) Written notice of alleged violations of the conditions of the diversion program; and

(ii) Disclosure of all evidence to be offered against the divertee;

(d) The hearing shall be conducted by the juvenile court and shall include:

(i) Opportunity to be heard in person and to present evidence;

(ii) The right to confront and cross-examine all adverse witnesses;

(iii) A written statement by the court as to the evidence relied on and the reasons for termination, should that be the decision; and

(iv) Demonstration by evidence that the divertee has substantially violated the terms of his or her diversion agreement.

(e) The prosecutor may file an information on the offense for which the divertee was diverted:

(i) In juvenile court if the divertee is under eighteen years of age; or

(ii) In superior court or the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction if the divertee is eighteen years of age or older.
(7) The diversion unit shall, subject to available funds, be responsible for providing interpreters when juveniles need interpreters to effectively communicate during diversion unit hearings or negotiations.

(8) The diversion unit shall be responsible for advising a divertee of his or her rights as provided in this chapter.

(9) The diversion unit may refer a juvenile to community-based counseling or treatment programs.

(10) The right to counsel shall inure prior to the initial interview for purposes of advising the juvenile as to whether he or she desires to participate in the diversion process or to appear in the juvenile court. The juvenile may be represented by counsel at any critical stage of the diversion process, including intake interviews and termination hearings. The juvenile shall be fully advised at the intake of his or her right to an attorney and of the relevant services an attorney can provide. For the purpose of this section, intake interviews mean all interviews regarding the diversion agreement process.

The juvenile shall be advised that a diversion agreement shall constitute a part of the juvenile's criminal history as defined by RCW 13.40.020(9). A signed acknowledgment of such advisement shall be obtained from the juvenile, and the document shall be maintained by the diversionary unit together with the diversion agreement, and a copy of both documents shall be delivered to the prosecutor if requested by the prosecutor. The supreme court shall promulgate rules setting forth the content of such advisement in simple language.

(11) When a juvenile enters into a diversion agreement, the juvenile court may receive only the following information for dispositional purposes:

(a) The fact that a charge or charges were made;
(b) The fact that a diversion agreement was entered into;
(c) The juvenile's obligations under such agreement;
(d) Whether the alleged offender performed his or her obligations under such agreement; and
(e) The facts of the alleged offense.

(12) A diversionary unit may refuse to enter into a diversion agreement with a juvenile. When a diversionary unit refuses to enter a diversion agreement with a juvenile, it shall immediately refer such juvenile to the court for action and shall forward to the court the criminal complaint and a detailed statement of its reasons for refusing to enter into a diversion agreement. The diversionary unit shall also immediately refer the case to the prosecuting attorney for action if such juvenile violates the terms of the diversion agreement.

(13) A diversionary unit may, in instances where it determines that the act or omission of an act for which a juvenile has been referred to it involved no victim, or where it determines that the juvenile referred to it has no prior criminal history and is alleged to have committed an illegal act involving no threat of or instance of actual physical harm and involving not more than fifty dollars in property loss or damage and that there is no loss outstanding to the person or firm suffering such damage or loss, counsel and release or release such a juvenile without entering into a diversion agreement. A diversion unit's authority to counsel and release a juvenile under this subsection shall include the authority to refer the juvenile to community-based counseling or treatment programs. Any juvenile released under this subsection shall be advised that the act or omission of any act for which he or she had been referred shall constitute a part of the juvenile's criminal history as defined by RCW 13.40.020(9). A signed acknowledgment of such advisement shall be obtained from the juvenile, and the document shall be maintained by the unit, and a copy of the document shall be delivered to the prosecutor if requested by the prosecutor. The supreme court shall promulgate rules setting forth the content of such advisement in simple language. A juvenile determined to be eligible by a diversionary unit for release as provided in this subsection shall retain the same right to counsel and right to have his or her case referred to the court for formal action as any other juvenile referred to the unit.

(14) A diversion unit may supervise the fulfillment of a diversion agreement entered into before the juvenile's eighteenth birthday and which includes a period extending beyond the divertee's eighteenth birthday.

(15) If a fine required by a diversion agreement cannot reasonably be paid due to a change of circumstance, the diversion agreement may be modified at the request of the divertee and with the
concurrence of the diversion unit to convert an unpaid fine into community service. The modification of the diversion agreement shall be in writing and signed by the divertee and the diversion unit. The number of hours of community service in lieu of a monetary penalty shall be converted at the rate of the prevailing state minimum wage per hour.

(16) Fines imposed under this section shall be collected and paid into the county general fund in accordance with procedures established by the juvenile court administrator under RCW 13.04.040 and may be used only for juvenile services. In the expenditure of funds for juvenile services, there shall be a maintenance of effort whereby counties exhaust existing resources before using amounts collected under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 71. The code reviser shall alphabetize the definitions in RCW 13.40.020 and correct any references.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 72. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

1. RCW 9.94A.045 and 1996 c 232 s 2;
2. RCW 13.40.025 and 1996 c 232 s 4, 1995 c 269 s 302, 1986 c 288 s 8, 4, 1;
3. RCW 13.40.075 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 546; and
4. RCW 13.40.125 and 1995 c 395 s 6 & 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 545.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 73. RCW 13.40.0354 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 521 & 1989 c 407 s 6 are each repealed effective July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 74. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 75. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997, except sections 10, 12, 18, 24 through 26, 30, 38, and 59 of this act which take effect July 1, 1998."


and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee recommendation on Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Sheahan, Dickerson, Ballasiotes, Costa, Appelwick, Johnson, Conway, Carrell, Mason, Benson and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

POINT OF PERSONAL PRIVILEGE

Representative Sheahan: I wish to take this opportunity to thank the committee staff on Law and Justice, who have worked so hard on this legislation and on this process. Without their long hours and dedication, we would not be in this position. Thank you.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

E2SSB 5710 Date: April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:                           Includes "new item": YES
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5710, changing provisions relating to juvenile care and treatment by the department of social and health services, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached S-3313.3/97) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 41.06.076 and 1993 c 281 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:
In addition to the exemptions set forth in RCW 41.06.070, the provisions of this chapter shall not apply in the department of social and health services to the secretary; the secretary’s executive assistant, if any; not to exceed six assistant secretaries, thirteen division directors, six regional directors; one confidential secretary for each of the above-named officers; not to exceed six bureau chiefs; all social worker V positions; and all superintendents of institutions of which the average daily population equals or exceeds one hundred residents: PROVIDED, That each such confidential secretary must meet the minimum qualifications for the class of secretary II as determined by the Washington personnel resources board.
This section expires June 30, 2005.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 41.06 RCW to read as follows:
The salary and fringe benefits of all social worker V positions created under RCW 41.06.076 shall be determined by the Washington personnel resources board. In establishing the salary and fringe benefits the board shall consider: (1) The consequences of extended travel and out of home living; (2) the importance to the department of caseload reduction and increased efficiencies; (3) the requirements of and qualifications involved in caseworker training; (4) the complexity of the work requirements; and (5) the desirability of avoiding employee turnover in these positions.
The salary and fringe benefits shall exceed that of the highest position in the social worker classification on the effective date of this section.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows: There is created in the department the classification of social worker V. Employees who are appointed to fill the position shall have: (1) An employment history that demonstrates significant and successful experience in the efficient investigation and resolution of high-risk or complex cases involving child abuse and neglect, including child sex abuse cases; (2) advanced education and training; (3) supervisory experience; (4) a demonstrated commitment to professional improvement and advancement; and (5) capacity to successfully provide support and mentoring to coworkers. Social worker V positions shall not be included in the Washington management service. This classification shall not have more than twenty-one positions. The department shall perform the duties assigned under sections 3 through 5 of this act and RCW 41.06.076 within existing personnel resources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows: The secretary shall establish the most cost-effective and efficient administrative structure for use of the social worker V positions, consistent with the requirements of this section. The social worker V employees shall be assigned by the secretary to regions where the average child protective services' caseloads exceed the state-wide average, with consideration also given to the number of high-risk or complex cases in a region, for the purpose of assisting in the reduction of the caseload, training and mentoring other caseworkers, and providing hands-on training and assistance in high-risk, complex, or large cases. The social worker V employees shall be assigned high-risk and complex cases consistent with their qualifications and the goal of caseload reduction. They shall carry no more than one-third the average number of cases for social workers in the region to which they are assigned.

The social worker V employees shall be assigned to region as a task force consisting of no less than seven employees. The assignment shall be time-limited and in no event shall exceed two years in duration in any one region. Upon completion of the work in the region the task force members shall continue to remain in contact with the coworkers from the previous assignment for a period of twelve months to perform additional follow-up and mentoring. The department shall perform the duties assigned under sections 3 through 5 of this act and RCW 41.06.076 within existing personnel resources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows: The secretary shall develop a plan for implementation for the social worker V employees. The implementation plan shall be submitted to the governor and the legislature by December 1, 1997. The department shall begin implementation of the plan beginning April 1, 1998. The department shall perform the duties assigned under sections 3 through 5 of this act and RCW 41.06.076 within existing personnel resources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows: Sections 2 through 5 of this act expire June 30, 2005.

Sec. 7. RCW 13.34.030 and 1995 c 311 s 23 are each amended to read as follows: For purposes of this chapter:

(1) "Child" and "juvenile" means any individual under the age of eighteen years.

(2) "Current placement episode" means the period of time that begins with the most recent date that the child was removed from the home of the parent, guardian, or legal custodian for purposes of placement in out-of-home care and continues until the child returns home, an adoption decree or guardianship order is entered, or the dependency is dismissed, whichever occurs soonest. If the most recent date of removal occurred prior to the filing of a dependency petition under this chapter or after filing but prior to entry of a disposition order, such time periods shall be included when calculating the length of a child’s current placement episode.

(3) "Dependency guardian" means the person, nonprofit corporation, or Indian tribe appointed by the court pursuant to RCW 13.34.232 for the limited purpose of assisting the court in the supervision of the dependency.

(4) "Dependent child" means any child:
(a) Who has been abandoned; that is, where the child’s parent, guardian, or other custodian has expressed either by statement or conduct, an intent to forego, for an extended period, parental rights or parental responsibilities despite an ability to do so. If the court finds that the petitioner has exercised due diligence in attempting to locate the parent, no contact between the child and the child’s parent, guardian, or other custodian for a period of three months creates a rebuttable presumption of abandonment, even if there is no expressed intent to abandon;

(b) Who is abused or neglected as defined in chapter 26.44 RCW by a person legally responsible for the care of the child; or

(c) Who has no parent, guardian, or custodian capable of adequately caring for the child, such that the child is in circumstances which constitute a danger of substantial damage to the child’s psychological or physical development; or

(d) Who has a developmental disability, as defined in RCW 71A.10.020 and whose parent, guardian, or legal custodian together with the department determines that services appropriate to the child’s needs can not be provided in the home. However, (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection may still be applied if other reasons for removal of the child from the home exist).

5) “Guardian” means the person or agency that: (a) Has been appointed as the guardian of a child in a legal proceeding other than a proceeding under this chapter; and (b) has the legal right to custody of the child pursuant to such appointment. The term “guardian” shall not include a "dependency guardian" appointed pursuant to a proceeding under this chapter.

6) "Guardian ad litem" means a person, appointed by the court to represent the best interest of a child in a proceeding under this chapter, or in any matter which may be consolidated with a proceeding under this chapter. A "court-appointed special advocate" appointed by the court to be the guardian ad litem for the child, or to perform substantially the same duties and functions as a guardian ad litem, shall be deemed to be guardian ad litem for all purposes and uses of this chapter.

7) "Guardian ad litem program" means a court-authorized volunteer program, which is or may be established by the superior court of the county in which such proceeding is filed, to manage all aspects of volunteer guardian ad litem representation for children alleged or found to be dependent. Such management shall include but is not limited to: Recruitment, screening, training, supervision, assignment, and discharge of volunteers.

8) "Out-of-home care" means placement in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or placement in a home, other than that of the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian, not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW.

9) "Preventive services" means preservation services, as defined in chapter 74.14C RCW, and other reasonably available services capable of preventing the need for out-of-home placement while protecting the child.

Sec. 8. RCW 13.34.130 and 1995 c 313 s 2, 1995 c 311 s 19, and 1995 c 53 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

If, after a fact-finding hearing pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, it has been proven by a preponderance of the evidence that the child is dependent within the meaning of RCW 13.34.030; after consideration of the predisposition report prepared pursuant to RCW 13.34.110 and after a disposition hearing has been held pursuant to RCW 13.34.110, the court shall enter an order of disposition pursuant to this section.

1) The court shall order one of the following dispositions of the case:

(a) Order a disposition other than removal of the child from his or her home, which shall provide a program designed to alleviate the immediate danger to the child, to mitigate or cure any damage the child has already suffered, and to aid the parents so that the child will not be endangered in the future. In selecting a program, the court should choose those services that least interfere with family autonomy, provided that the services are adequate to protect the child.

(b) Order that the child be removed from his or her home and ordered into the custody, control, and care of a relative or the department of social and health services or a licensed child placing agency for placement in a foster family home or group care facility licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW or in a home not required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW. Unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the safety or welfare of the child would be jeopardized or that efforts to
reunite the parent and child will be hindered, such child shall be placed with a person who is related to

the child as defined in RCW 74.15.020(4)(a) and with whom the child has a relationship and is

comfortable, and who is willing and available to care for the child. Placement of the child with a

relative under this subsection shall be given preference by the court. An order for out-of-home

placement may be made only if the court finds that reasonable efforts have been made to prevent or

eliminate the need for removal of the child from the child's home and to make it possible for the child
to return home, specifying the services that have been provided to the child and the child’s parent,
guardian, or legal custodian, and that preventive services have been offered or provided and have failed
to prevent the need for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child
cannot be protected adequately in the home, and that:

(i) There is no parent or guardian available to care for such child;

(ii) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian is not willing to take custody of the child;

(iii) The court finds, by clear and convincing evidence, a manifest danger exists that the child

will suffer serious abuse or neglect if the child is not removed from the home and an order under RCW

26.44.063 would not protect the child from danger; or

(iv) The extent of the child’s disability is such that the parent, guardian, or legal custodian is

unable to provide the necessary care for the child and the parent, guardian, or legal custodian has
determined that the child would benefit from placement outside of the home.

(2) If the court has ordered a child removed from his or her home pursuant to subsection (1)(b)
of this section, the court may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child

relationship be filed if the court finds it is recommended by the supervising agency, that it is in the best

interests of the child and that it is not reasonable to provide further services to reunify the family

because the existence of aggravated circumstances make it unlikely that services will effectuate the

return of the child to the child’s parents in the near future. In determining whether aggravated

circumstances exist, the court shall consider one or more of the following:

(a) Conviction of the parent of rape of the child in the first, second, or third degree as defined

in RCW 9A.44.073, 9A.44.076, and 9A.44.079;

(b) Conviction of the parent of criminal mistreatment of the child in the first or second degree

defined in RCW 9A.42.020 and 9A.42.030;

(c) Conviction of the parent of one of the following assault crimes, when the child is the

victim: Assault in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.011 and 9A.36.021 or assault of

a child in the first or second degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.120 or 9A.36.130;

(d) Conviction of the parent of murder, manslaughter, or homicide by abuse of the child’s other

parent, sibling, or another child;

(e) A finding by a court that a parent is a sexually violent predator as defined in RCW

71.09.020;

(f) Failure of the parent to complete available treatment ordered under this chapter or the

equivalent laws of another state, where such failure has resulted in a prior termination of parental rights
to another child and the parent has failed to effect significant change in the interim.

(3) Whenever a child is ordered removed from the child's home, the agency charged with his

or her care shall provide the court with:

(a) A permanency plan of care that shall identify one of the following outcomes as a primary

goal and may identify additional outcomes as alternative goals: Return of the child to the home of the
child’s parent, guardian, or legal custodian; adoption; guardianship; or long-term relative or foster

care, until the child is age eighteen, with a written agreement between the parties and the care

provider; and independent living, if appropriate and if the child is age sixteen or older. Whenever a

permanency plan identifies independent living as a goal, the plan shall also specifically identify the

services that will be provided to assist the child to make a successful transition from foster care to

independent living. Before the court approves independent living as a permanency plan of care, the
court shall make a finding that the provision of services to assist the child in making a transition from

foster care to independent living will allow the child to manage his or her financial affairs and to

manage his or her personal, social, educational, and nonfinancial affairs. The department shall not

discharge a child to an independent living situation before the child is eighteen years of age unless the

child becomes emancipated pursuant to chapter 13.64 RCW.
Unless the court has ordered, pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to return the child home, and what actions the agency will take to maintain parent-child ties. All aspects of the plan shall include the goal of achieving permanence for the child.

(i) The agency plan shall specify what services the parents will be offered in order to enable them to resume custody, what requirements the parents must meet in order to resume custody, and a time limit for each service plan and parental requirement.

(ii) The agency shall be required to encourage the maximum parent-child contact possible, including regular visitation and participation by the parents in the care of the child while the child is in placement. Visitation may be limited or denied only if the court determines that such limitation or denial is necessary to protect the child’s health, safety, or welfare.

(iii) A child shall be placed as close to the child’s home as possible, preferably in the child’s own neighborhood, unless the court finds that placement at a greater distance is necessary to promote the child’s or parents’ well-being.

(iv) The agency charged with supervising a child in placement shall provide all reasonable services that are available within the agency, or within the community, or those services which the department of social and health services has existing contracts to purchase. It shall report to the court if it is unable to provide such services.

(c) If the court has ordered, pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, that a termination petition be filed, a specific plan as to where the child will be placed, what steps will be taken to achieve permanency for the child, services to be offered or provided to the child, and, if visitation would be in the best interests of the child, a recommendation to the court regarding visitation between parent and child pending a fact-finding hearing on the termination petition. The agency shall not be required to develop a plan of services for the parents or provide services to the parents.

(4) If there is insufficient information at the time of the disposition hearing upon which to base a determination regarding the suitability of a proposed placement with a relative, the child shall remain in foster care and the court shall direct the supervising agency to conduct necessary background investigations as provided in chapter 74.15 RCW and report the results of such investigation to the court within thirty days. However, if such relative appears otherwise suitable and competent to provide care and treatment, the criminal history background check need not be completed before placement, but as soon as possible after placement. Any placements with relatives, pursuant to this section, shall be contingent upon cooperation by the relative with the agency case plan and compliance with court orders related to the care and supervision of the child including, but not limited to, court orders regarding parent-child contacts and any other conditions imposed by the court. Noncompliance with the case plan or court order shall be grounds for removal of the child from the relative’s home, subject to review by the court.

(5) Except for children whose cases are reviewed by a citizen review board under chapter 13.70 RCW, the status of all children found to be dependent shall be reviewed by the court at least every six months from the beginning date of the placement episode or the date dependency is established, whichever is first, at a hearing in which it shall be determined whether court supervision should continue. The review shall include findings regarding the agency and parental completion of disposition plan requirements, and if necessary, revised permanency time limits.

(a) A child shall not be returned home at the review hearing unless the court finds that a reason for removal as set forth in this section no longer exists. The parents, guardian, or legal custodian shall report to the court the efforts they have made to correct the conditions which led to removal. If a child is returned, casework supervision shall continue for a period of six months, at which time there shall be a hearing on the need for continued intervention.

(b) If the child is not returned home, the court shall establish in writing:

(i) Whether reasonable services have been provided to or offered to the parties to facilitate reunion, specifying the services provided or offered;

(ii) Whether the child has been placed in the least-restrictive setting appropriate to the child’s needs, including whether consideration and preference has been given to placement with the child’s relatives;
(iii) Whether there is a continuing need for placement and whether the placement is appropriate;
(iv) Whether there has been compliance with the case plan by the child, the child’s parents, and the agency supervising the placement;
(v) Whether progress has been made toward correcting the problems that necessitated the child’s placement in out-of-home care;
(vi) Whether the parents have visited the child and any reasons why visitation has not occurred or has been infrequent;
(vii) Whether additional services are needed to facilitate the return of the child to the child’s parents; if so, the court shall order that reasonable services be offered specifying such services; and
(viii) The projected date by which the child will be returned home or other permanent plan of care will be implemented.
(c) The court at the review hearing may order that a petition seeking termination of the parent and child relationship be filed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "alternative response system" means voluntary family-centered services that are: (1) Provided by an entity with which the department contracts; and (2) intended to increase the strengths and cohesiveness of families that the department determines present a low risk of child abuse or neglect.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) The department shall contract for delivery of services for at least two but not more than three models of alternative response systems. The services shall be reasonably available throughout the state but need not be sited in every county in the state, subject to such conditions and limitations as may be specified in the omnibus appropriations act.
(2) The systems shall provide delivery of services in the least intrusive manner reasonably likely to achieve improved family cohesiveness, prevention of rereferrals of the family for alleged abuse or neglect, and improvement in the health and safety of children.
(3) The department shall identify and prioritize risk and protective factors associated with the type of abuse or neglect referrals that are appropriate for services delivered by alternative response systems. Contractors who provide services through an alternative response system shall use the factors in determining which services to deliver, consistent with the provisions of subsection (2) of this section.
(4) Consistent with the provisions of chapter 26.44 RCW, the providers of services under the alternative response system shall recognize the due process rights of families that receive such services and recognize that these services are not intended to be investigative for purposes of chapter 13.34 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. The department shall identify appropriate data to determine and evaluate outcomes of the services delivered by the alternative response systems. All contracts for delivery of alternative response system services shall include provisions and funding for data collection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. (1) The court may, upon the entry of an order under this chapter, order the delivery of services through any appropriate public or private provider.
(2) This section may not be construed as allowing the court to require the department to pay for the cost of any services provided under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. This chapter expires July 1, 2005.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. The legislature intends to consolidate all services provided to children with developmental disabilities through the department of social and health services in the division of developmental disabilities. The legislature also intends to provide a discrete, separate process for children with developmental disabilities who require home-based or out-of-home care that complies with the federal requirements for receipt of federal funds for services under Title IV-B and Title IV-E of the social security act. The legislature intends by this act to minimize the embarrassment
and inconvenience of children with developmental disabilities and their families caused by complying with these federal requirements.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 15.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, "developmentally disabled dependent child" is a child who has a developmental disability as defined in RCW 71A.10.020 and whose parent, guardian, or legal custodian and with the department mutually agree that services appropriate to the child’s needs can not be provided in the home.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 16.** A new section is added to chapter 74.13 RCW to read as follows:

It is the intent of the legislature that parents are responsible for the care and support of children with developmental disabilities. The legislature recognizes that, because of the intense support required to care for a child with developmental disabilities, the help of an out-of-home placement may be needed. It is the intent of the legislature that, when the sole reason for the out-of-home placement is the child’s developmental disability, such services be offered by the department to these children and their families through a voluntary placement agreement. In these cases, the parents shall retain legal custody of the child.

As used in this section, "voluntary placement agreement" means a written agreement between the department and a child’s parent or legal guardian authorizing the department to place the child in a licensed facility. Under the terms of this agreement, the parent or legal guardian shall retain legal custody and the department shall be responsible for the child’s placement and care. The agreement shall at a minimum specify the legal status of the child and the rights and obligations of the parent or legal guardian, the child, and the department while the child is in placement. The agreement must be signed by the child’s parent or legal guardian and the department to be in effect, except that an agreement regarding an Indian child shall not be valid unless executed in writing before the court and filed with the court as provided in RCW 13.34.245. Any party to a voluntary placement agreement may terminate the agreement at any time. Upon termination of the agreement, the child shall be returned to the care of the child’s parent or legal guardian unless the child has been taken into custody pursuant to RCW 13.34.050 or 26.44.050, placed in shelter care pursuant to RCW 13.34.060, or placed in foster care pursuant to RCW 13.34.130.

As used in this section, "out-of-home placement" and "out-of-home care" mean the placement of a child in a foster family home or group care facility licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW.

Whenever the department places a child in out-of-home care under a voluntary placement pursuant to this section, the department shall have the responsibility for the child’s placement and care. The department shall develop a permanency plan of care for the child no later than sixty days from the date that the department assumes responsibility for the child’s placement and care. Within the first one hundred eighty days of the placement, the department shall obtain a judicial determination pursuant to RCW 13.04.030(1)(j) and section 19 of this act that the placement is in the best interests of the child. The permanency planning hearings shall review whether the child’s best interests are served by continued out-of-home placement and determine the future legal status of the child.

The department shall provide for periodic administrative reviews as required by federal law. A review may be called at any time by either the department, the parent, or the legal guardian.

Nothing in this section shall prevent the department from filing a dependency petition if there is reason to believe that the child is a dependent child as defined in RCW 13.34.030.

The department shall adopt rules providing for the implementation of this act and the transfer of responsibility for out-of-home placements from the dependency process under chapter 13.34 RCW to the process under this chapter.

**Sec. 17.** RCW 13.04.030 and 1995 c 312 s 39 and 1995 c 311 s 15 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the juvenile courts in the several counties of this state(1) shall have exclusive original jurisdiction over all proceedings:

(a) Under the interstate compact on placement of children as provided in chapter 26.34 RCW;
(b) Relating to children alleged or found to be dependent as provided in chapter 26.44 RCW and in RCW 13.34.030 through 13.34.170;

c) Relating to the termination of a parent and child relationship as provided in RCW 13.34.180 through 13.34.210;

d) To approve or disapprove out-of-home placement as provided in RCW 13.32A.170;

e) Relating to juveniles alleged or found to have committed offenses, traffic infractions, or violations as provided in RCW 13.40.020 through 13.40.230, unless:

(i) The juvenile court transfers jurisdiction of a particular juvenile to adult criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110; or

(ii) The statute of limitations applicable to adult prosecution for the offense, traffic infraction, or violation has expired; or

(iii) The alleged offense or infraction is a traffic, fish, boating, or game offense or traffic infraction committed by a juvenile sixteen years of age or older and would, if committed by an adult, be tried or heard in a court of limited jurisdiction, in which instance the appropriate court of limited jurisdiction shall have jurisdiction over the alleged offense or infraction: PROVIDED, That if such an alleged offense or infraction and an alleged offense or infraction subject to juvenile court jurisdiction arise out of the same event or incident, the juvenile court may have jurisdiction of both matters: PROVIDED FURTHER, That the jurisdiction under this subsection does not constitute "transfer" or a "decline" for purposes of RCW 13.40.110(1) or (e)(i) of this subsection: PROVIDED FURTHER, That courts of limited jurisdiction which confine juveniles for an alleged offense or infraction may place juveniles in juvenile detention facilities under an agreement with the officials responsible for the administration of the juvenile detention facility in RCW 13.04.035 and 13.20.060; or

(iv) The juvenile is sixteen or seventeen years old and the alleged offense is: (A) A serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after June 13, 1994; or (B) a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after June 13, 1994, and the juvenile has a criminal history consisting of: (I) One or more prior serious violent offenses; (II) two or more prior violent offenses; or (III) three or more of any combination of the following offenses: Any class A felony, any class B felony, vehicular assault, or manslaughter in the second degree, all of which must have been committed after the juvenile’s thirteenth birthday and prosecuted separately. In such a case the adult criminal court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction.

If the juvenile challenges the state’s determination of the juvenile’s criminal history, the state may establish the offender’s criminal history by a preponderance of the evidence. If the criminal history consists of adjudications entered upon a plea of guilty, the state shall not bear a burden of establishing the knowing and voluntariness of the plea;

(f) Under the interstate compact on juveniles as provided in chapter 13.24 RCW;

(g) Relating to termination of a diversion agreement under RCW 13.40.080, including a proceeding in which the divertee has attained eighteen years of age;

(h) Relating to court validation of a voluntary consent to an out-of-home placement under chapter 13.34 RCW, by the parent or Indian custodian of an Indian child, except if the parent or Indian custodian and child are residents of or domiciled within the boundaries of a federally recognized Indian reservation over which the tribe exercises exclusive jurisdiction; ((and))

(i) Relating to petitions to compel disclosure of information filed by the department of social and health services pursuant to RCW 74.13.042; and

(j) Relating to judicial determinations and permanency planning hearings involving developmentally disabled children who have been placed in out-of-home care pursuant to a voluntary placement agreement between the child’s parent, guardian, or legal custodian and the department of social and health services.

(2) The family court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction with the juvenile court over all proceedings under this section if the superior court judges of a county authorize concurrent jurisdiction as provided in RCW 26.12.010.

(3) A juvenile subject to adult superior court jurisdiction under subsection (1)(e) (i) through (iv) of this section, who is detained pending trial, may be detained in a county detention facility as defined in RCW 13.40.020 pending sentencing or a dismissal.
Sec. 18. RCW 13.34.245 and 1987 c 170 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Where any parent or Indian custodian voluntarily consents to foster care placement of an Indian child and a petition for dependency has not been filed regarding the child, such consent shall not be valid unless executed in writing before the court and filed with the court. The consent shall be accompanied by the written certification of the court that the terms and consequences of the consent were fully explained in detail to the parent or Indian custodian during the court proceeding and were fully understood by the parent or Indian custodian. The court shall also certify in writing either that the parent or Indian custodian fully understood the explanation in English or that it was interpreted into a language that the parent or Indian custodian understood. Any consent given prior to, or within ten days after, the birth of the Indian child shall not be valid.

(2) To obtain court validation of a voluntary consent to foster care placement, any person may file a petition for validation alleging that there is located or residing within the county an Indian child whose parent or Indian custodian wishes to voluntarily consent to foster care placement of the child and requesting that the court validate the consent as provided in this section. The petition shall contain the name, date of birth, and residence of the child, the names and residences of the consenting parent or Indian custodian, and the name and location of the Indian tribe in which the child is a member or eligible for membership. The petition shall state whether the placement preferences of 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1915 (b) or (c) will be followed. Reasonable attempts shall be made by the petitioner to ascertain and set forth in the petition the identity, location, and custodial status of any parent or Indian custodian who has not consented to foster care placement and why that parent or Indian custodian cannot assume custody of the child.

(3) Upon filing of the petition for validation, the clerk of the court shall schedule the petition for a hearing on the court validation of the voluntary consent no later than forty-eight hours after the petition has been filed, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. Notification of time, date, location, and purpose of the validation hearing shall be provided as soon as possible to the consenting parent or Indian custodian, the department or other child-placing agency which is to assume (custody of the child) responsibility for the child’s placement and care pursuant to the consent to foster care placement, and the Indian tribe in which the child is enrolled or eligible for enrollment as a member. If the identity and location of any nonconsenting parent or Indian custodian is known, reasonable attempts shall be made to notify the parent or Indian custodian of the consent to placement and the validation hearing. Notification under this subsection may be given by the most expedient means, including, but not limited to, mail, personal service, telephone, and telegraph.

(4) Any parent or Indian custodian may withdraw consent to a voluntary foster care placement, made under this section, at any time. Unless the Indian child has been taken in custody pursuant to RCW 13.34.050 or 26.44.050, placed in shelter care pursuant to RCW 13.34.060, or placed in foster care pursuant to RCW 13.34.130, the Indian child shall be returned to the parent or Indian custodian upon withdrawal of consent to foster care placement of the child.

(5) Upon termination of the voluntary foster care placement and return of the child to the parent or Indian custodian, the department or other child-placing agency which had assumed (custody of the child) responsibility for the child’s placement and care pursuant to the consent to foster care placement shall file with the court written notification of the child’s return and shall also send such notification to the Indian tribe in which the child is enrolled or eligible for enrollment as a member and to any other party to the validation proceeding including any noncustodial parent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 13.34 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Whenever the department of social and health services places a developmentally disabled child in out-of-home care pursuant to section 16 of this act, the department shall obtain a judicial determination within one hundred eighty days of the placement that continued placement is in the best interests of the child.

(2) To obtain the judicial determination, the department shall file a petition alleging that there is located or residing within the county a child who has a developmental disability, as defined in RCW 71A.10.020, and that the child has been placed in out-of-home care pursuant to section 16 of this act. The petition shall request that the court review the child’s placement, make a determination that continued placement is in the best interests of the child, and take other necessary action as provided in
this section. The petition shall contain the name, date of birth, and residence of the child and the names and residences of the child’s parent or legal guardian who has agreed to the child’s placement in out-of-home care. Reasonable attempts shall be made by the department to ascertain and set forth in the petition the identity, location, and custodial status of any parent who is not a party to the placement agreement and why that parent cannot assume custody of the child.

(3) Upon filing of the petition, the clerk of the court shall schedule the petition for a hearing to be held no later than fourteen calendar days after the petition has been filed. The department shall provide notification of the time, date, and purpose of the hearing to the parent or legal guardian who has agreed to the child’s placement in out-of-home care. The department shall also make reasonable attempts to notify any parent who is not a party to the placement agreement, if the parent’s identity and location is known. Notification under this section may be given by the most expedient means, including but not limited to, mail, personal service, telephone, and telegraph.

(4) The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the child as provided in RCW 13.34.100, unless the court for good cause finds the appointment unnecessary.

(5) Permanency planning hearings shall be held as provided in this subsection. At the hearing, the court shall review whether the child’s best interests are served by continued out-of-home placement and determine the future legal status of the child.

(a) For children age ten and under, a permanency planning hearing shall be held in all cases where the child has remained in out-of-home care for at least nine months and an adoption decree or guardianship order has not previously been entered. The hearing shall take place no later than twelve months following commencement of the child’s current placement episode.

(b) For children over age ten, a permanency planning hearing shall be held in all cases where the child has remained in out-of-home care for at least fifteen months and an adoption decree or guardianship order has not previously been entered. The hearing shall take place no later than eighteen months following commencement of the current placement episode.

(c) No later than ten working days before the permanency planning hearing, the department shall submit a written permanency plan to the court and shall mail a copy of the plan to all parties. The plan shall be directed toward securing a safe, stable, and permanent home for the child as soon as possible. The plan shall identify one of the following outcomes as the primary goal and may also identify additional outcomes as alternative goals: Return of the child to the home of the child’s parent or legal guardian; adoption; guardianship; or long-term out-of-home care, until the child is age eighteen, with a written agreement between the parties and the child’s care provider.

(d) If a goal of long-term out-of-home care has been achieved before the permanency planning hearing, the court shall review the child’s status to determine whether the placement and the plan for the child’s care remains appropriate. In cases where the primary permanency planning goal has not been achieved, the court shall inquire regarding the reasons why the primary goal has not been achieved and determine what needs to be done to make it possible to achieve the primary goal.

(e) Following the first permanency planning hearing, the court shall hold a further permanency planning hearing in accordance with this section at least once every twelve months until a permanency planning goal is achieved or the voluntary placement agreement is terminated.

(6) Any party to the voluntary placement agreement may terminate the agreement at any time. Upon termination of the agreement, the child shall be returned to the care of the child’s parent or legal guardian, unless the child has been taken into custody pursuant to RCW 13.34.050 or 26.44.050, placed in shelter care pursuant to RCW 13.34.060, or placed in foster care pursuant to RCW 13.34.130. The department shall notify the court upon termination of the voluntary placement agreement and return of the child to the care of the child’s parent or legal guardian. Whenever a voluntary placement agreement is terminated, an action under this section shall be dismissed.

(7) This section does not prevent the department from filing a dependency petition if there is reason to believe that the child is a dependent child as defined in RCW 13.34.030. An action filed under this section shall be dismissed upon the filing of a dependency petition regarding a child who is the subject of the action under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 71A.10 RCW to read as follows:
The department shall consolidate all services provided through the department to children with developmental disabilities in the division of developmental disabilities. The department shall provide for an orderly transfer of staff, equipment, and related responsibilities from the division of children and family services to the division of developmental disabilities. The division of developmental disabilities shall assume responsibilities for children with developmental disabilities under this section no later than April 1, 1998. Any disputes between the division of children and family services and the division of developmental disabilities regarding the transfer of responsibilities under this section shall be resolved by the secretary of the department of social and health services.

Sec. 21. RCW 13.50.010 and 1996 c 232 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) For purposes of this chapter:
   (a) "Juvenile justice or care agency" means any of the following: Police, diversion units, court, prosecuting attorney, defense attorney, detention center, attorney general, the legislative children’s oversight committee, the office of family and children’s ombudsman, the department of social and health services and its contracting agencies, schools; and, in addition, persons or public or private agencies having children committed to their custody;
   (b) "Official juvenile court file" means the legal file of the juvenile court containing the petition or information, motions, memorandums, briefs, findings of the court, and court orders;
   (c) "Social file" means the juvenile court file containing the records and reports of the probation counselor;
   (d) "Records" means the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of any other juvenile justice or care agency in the case.
(2) Each petition or information filed with the court may include only one juvenile and each petition or information shall be filed under a separate docket number. The social file shall be filed separately from the official juvenile court file.
(3) It is the duty of any juvenile justice or care agency to maintain accurate records. To this end:
   (a) The agency may never knowingly record inaccurate information. Any information in records maintained by the department of social and health services relating to a petition filed pursuant to chapter 13.34 RCW that is found by the court, upon proof presented, to be false or inaccurate shall be corrected or expunged from such records by the agency;
   (b) An agency shall take reasonable steps to assure the security of its records and prevent tampering with them; and
   (c) An agency shall make reasonable efforts to insure the completeness of its records, including action taken by other agencies with respect to matters in its files.
(4) Each juvenile justice or care agency shall implement procedures consistent with the provisions of this chapter to facilitate inquiries concerning records.
(5) Any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency and who has been denied access to those records by the agency may make a motion to the court for an order authorizing that person to inspect the juvenile justice or care agency record concerning that person. The court shall grant the motion to examine records unless it finds that in the interests of justice or in the best interests of the juvenile the records or parts of them should remain confidential.
(6) A juvenile, or his or her parents, or any person who has reasonable cause to believe information concerning that person is included in the records of a juvenile justice or care agency may make a motion to the court challenging the accuracy of any information concerning the moving party in the record or challenging the continued possession of the record by the agency. If the court grants the motion, it shall order the record or information to be corrected or destroyed.
(7) The person making a motion under subsection (5) or (6) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.
(8) The court may permit inspection of records by, or release of information to, any clinic, hospital, or agency which has the subject person under care or treatment. The court may also permit inspection by or release to individuals or agencies, including juvenile justice advisory committees of
county law and justice councils, engaged in legitimate research for educational, scientific, or public purposes. The court may also permit inspection of, or release of information from, records which have been sealed pursuant to RCW 13.50.050(11). The court shall release to the sentencing guidelines commission records needed for its research and data-gathering functions under RCW 9.94A.040 and other statutes. Access to records or information for research purposes shall be permitted only if the anonymity of all persons mentioned in the records or information will be preserved. Each person granted permission to inspect juvenile justice or care agency records for research purposes shall present a notarized statement to the court stating that the names of juveniles and parents will remain confidential.

(9) Juvenile detention facilities shall release records to the sentencing guidelines commission under RCW 13.40.025 and 9.94A.040 upon request. The commission shall not disclose the names of any juveniles or parents mentioned in the records without the named individual’s written permission.

(10) Requirements in this chapter relating to the court’s authority to compel disclosure shall not apply to the legislative children’s oversight committee or the office of the family and children’s ombudsman.

Sec. 22. RCW 13.50.100 and 1995 c 311 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) This section governs records not covered by RCW 13.50.050.

(2) Records covered by this section shall be confidential and shall be released only pursuant to this section and RCW 13.50.010.

(3) Records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other participant is assigned the responsibility of supervising the juvenile. Records covered under this section and maintained by the juvenile courts which relate to the official actions of the agency may be entered in the state-wide juvenile court information system.

(4) A juvenile, his or her parents, the juvenile’s attorney and the juvenile’s parent’s attorney, shall, upon request, be given access to all records and information collected or retained by a juvenile justice or care agency which pertain to the juvenile except:

(a) If it is determined by the agency that release of this information is likely to cause severe psychological or physical harm to the juvenile or his or her parents the agency may withhold the information subject to other order of the court: PROVIDED, That if the court determines that limited release of the information is appropriate, the court may specify terms and conditions for the release of the information; or

(b) If the information or record has been obtained by a juvenile justice or care agency in connection with the provision of counseling, psychological, psychiatric, or medical services to the juvenile, when the services have been sought voluntarily by the juvenile, and the juvenile has a legal right to receive those services without the consent of any person or agency, then the information or record may not be disclosed to the juvenile’s parents without the informed consent of the juvenile unless otherwise authorized by law; or

(c) That the department of social and health services may delete the name and identifying information regarding persons or organizations who have reported ((suspected)) alleged child abuse or neglect.

(5) A juvenile or his or her parent denied access to any records following an agency determination under subsection (4) of this section may file a motion in juvenile court requesting access to the records. The court shall grant the motion unless it finds access may not be permitted according to the standards found in subsections (4) (a) and (b) of this section.

(6) The person making a motion under subsection (5) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to all parties to the original action and to any agency whose records will be affected by the motion.

(7) Subject to the rules of discovery in civil cases, any party to a proceeding seeking a declaration of dependency or a termination of the parent-child relationship and any party’s counsel and the guardian ad litem of any party, shall have access to the records of any natural or adoptive child of the parent, subject to the limitations in subsection (4) of this section. A party denied access to records
may request judicial review of the denial. If the party prevails, he or she shall be awarded attorneys' fees, costs, and an amount not less than five dollars and not more than one hundred dollars for each day the records were wrongfully denied.

Sec. 23. RCW 26.44.015 and 1993 c 412 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) This chapter shall not be construed to authorize interference with child-raising practices, including reasonable parental discipline, which are not injurious to the child’s health, welfare, and safety.
(2) Nothing in this chapter may be used to prohibit the reasonable use of corporal punishment as a means of discipline.
(3) No parent or guardian may be deemed abusive or neglectful solely by reason of the parent’s or child’s blindness, deafness, developmental disability, or other handicap.
(4) A person reporting alleged injury, abuse, or neglect to an adult dependent person shall not suffer negative consequences if the person reporting believes in good faith that the adult dependent person has been found legally incompetent or disabled.

Sec. 24. RCW 26.44.020 and 1996 c 178 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
For the purpose of and as used in this chapter:
(1) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, juvenile department.
(2) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff.
(3) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" shall include a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that a person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner shall not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.
(4) "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment or care.
(5) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
(6) "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.
(7) "Professional school personnel" shall include, but not be limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.
(8) "Social service counselor" shall mean anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support or education of children, or providing social services to adults or families, including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(9) "Psychologist" shall mean any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(10) "Pharmacist" shall mean any registered pharmacist under the provisions of chapter 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(11) "Clergy" shall mean any regularly licensed or ordained minister, priest or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
(12) "Abuse or neglect" shall mean the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person by any person under circumstances which indicate that the child’s or adult’s health, welfare, and safety is harmed, excluding conduct permitted under RCW 9A.16.100. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined herein.
(13) "Child protective services section" shall mean the child protective services section of the department.

(14) "Adult dependent persons" shall be defined as those persons over the age of eighteen years who have been found to be legally incompetent or disabled pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW.

(15) "Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any person.

(16) "Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or omission which evidences a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to the child's health, welfare, and safety.

(17) "Developmentally disabled person" means a person who has a disability defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

(18) "Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard the general welfare of such children and shall include investigations of child abuse and neglect reports, including reports regarding child care centers and family child care homes, and the development, management, and provision of or referral to services to ameliorate conditions which endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary programs and services relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.

(19) "Malice" or "maliciously" means an evil intent, wish, or design to vex, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in wilful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a wilful disregard of social duty.

(20) "Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a "sexually aggressive youth."

Sec. 25. RCW 26.44.030 and 1996 c 278 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1)(a) When any practitioner, county coroner or medical examiner, law enforcement officer, professional school personnel, registered or licensed nurse, social service counselor, psychologist, pharmacist, licensed or certified child care providers or their employees, employee of the department, ((ee)) juvenile probation officer, or state family and children's ombudsman or any volunteer in the ombudsman's office has reasonable cause to believe that a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person, has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.

(b) The reporting requirement shall also apply to department of corrections personnel who, in the course of their employment, observe offenders or the children with whom the offenders are in contact. If, as a result of observations or information received in the course of his or her employment, any department of corrections personnel has reasonable cause to believe that a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person has suffered abuse or neglect, he or she shall report such incident, or cause a report to be made, to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department as provided in RCW 26.44.040.

(c) The reporting requirement shall also apply to any adult who has reasonable cause to believe that a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person, who resides with them, has suffered severe abuse, and is able or capable of making a report. For the purposes of this subsection, "severe abuse" means any of the following: Any single act of abuse that causes physical trauma of sufficient severity that, if left untreated, could cause death; any single act of sexual abuse that causes significant bleeding, deep bruising, or significant external or internal swelling; or more than one act of physical abuse, each of which causes bleeding, deep bruising, significant external or internal swelling, bone fracture, or unconsciousness.
(d) The report shall be made at the first opportunity, but in no case longer than forty-eight hours after there is reasonable cause to believe that the child or adult has suffered abuse or neglect. The report shall include the identity of the accused if known.

(2) The reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section does not apply to the discovery of abuse or neglect that occurred during childhood if it is discovered after the child has become an adult. However, if there is reasonable cause to believe other children, dependent adults, or developmentally disabled persons are or may be at risk of abuse or neglect by the accused, the reporting requirement of subsection (1) of this section shall apply.

(3) Any other person who has reasonable cause to believe that a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person has suffered abuse or neglect may report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency or to the department of social and health services as provided in RCW 26.44.040.

(4) The department, upon receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident to the proper law enforcement agency. In emergency cases, where the child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person’s welfare is endangered, the department shall notify the proper law enforcement agency within twenty-four hours after a report is received by the department. In all other cases, the department shall notify the law enforcement agency within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the department. If the department makes an oral report, a written report shall also be made to the proper law enforcement agency within five days thereafter.

(5) Any law enforcement agency receiving a report of an incident of alleged abuse or neglect pursuant to this chapter, involving a child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person who has died or has had physical injury or injuries inflicted upon him or her other than by accidental means, or who has been subjected to alleged sexual abuse, shall report such incident in writing as provided in RCW 26.44.040 to the proper county prosecutor or city attorney for appropriate action whenever the law enforcement agency’s investigation reveals that a crime may have been committed. The law enforcement agency shall also notify the department of all reports received and the law enforcement agency’s disposition of them. In emergency cases, where the child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person’s welfare is endangered, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within twenty-four hours. In all other cases, the law enforcement agency shall notify the department within seventy-two hours after a report is received by the law enforcement agency.

(6) Any county prosecutor or city attorney receiving a report under subsection (5) of this section shall notify the victim, any persons the victim requests, and the local office of the department, of the decision to charge or decline to charge a crime, within five days of making the decision.

(7) The department may conduct ongoing case planning and consultation with those persons or agencies required to report under this section, with consultants designated by the department, and with designated representatives of Washington Indian tribes if the client information exchanged is pertinent to cases currently receiving child protective services or department case services for the developmentally disabled. Upon request, the department shall conduct such planning and consultation with those persons required to report under this section if the department determines it is in the best interests of the child or developmentally disabled person. Information considered privileged by statute and not directly related to reports required by this section shall not be divulged without a valid written waiver of the privilege.

(8) Any case referred to the department by a physician licensed under chapter 18.57 or 18.71 RCW on the basis of an expert medical opinion that child abuse, neglect, or sexual assault has occurred and that the child’s safety will be seriously endangered if returned home, the department shall file a dependency petition unless a second licensed physician of the parents’ choice believes that such expert medical opinion is incorrect. If the parents fail to designate a second physician, the department may make the selection. If a physician finds that a child has suffered abuse or neglect but that such abuse or neglect does not constitute imminent danger to the child’s health or safety, and the department agrees with the physician’s assessment, the child may be left in the parents’ home while the department proceeds with reasonable efforts to remedy parenting deficiencies.
(9) Persons or agencies exchanging information under subsection (7) of this section shall not further disseminate or release the information except as authorized by state or federal statute. Violation of this subsection is a misdemeanor.

(10) Upon receiving reports of alleged abuse or neglect, the department or law enforcement agency may interview children. The interviews may be conducted on school premises, at day-care facilities, at the child's home, or at other suitable locations outside of the presence of parents. Parental notification of the interview shall occur at the earliest possible point in the investigation that will not jeopardize the safety or protection of the child or the course of the investigation. Prior to commencing the interview the department or law enforcement agency shall determine whether the child wishes a third party to be present for the interview and, if so, shall make reasonable efforts to accommodate the child's wishes. Unless the child objects, the department or law enforcement agency shall make reasonable efforts to include a third party in any interview so long as the presence of the third party will not jeopardize the course of the investigation.

(11) Upon receiving a report of alleged child abuse and neglect, the department or investigating law enforcement agency shall have access to all relevant records of the child in the possession of mandated reporters and their employees.

(12) The department shall maintain investigation records and conduct timely and periodic reviews of all cases constituting abuse and neglect. The department shall maintain a log of screened-out nonabusive cases.

(13) The department shall use a risk assessment process when investigating alleged child abuse and neglect referrals. The department shall present the risk factors at all hearings in which the placement of a dependent child is an issue. The department shall, within funds appropriated for this purpose, offer enhanced community-based services to persons who are determined not to require further state intervention. The department shall provide annual reports to the legislature on the effectiveness of the risk assessment process.

(14) Upon receipt of a report of alleged abuse or neglect the law enforcement agency may arrange to interview the person making the report and any collateral sources to determine if any malice is involved in the reporting.

(15) The department shall make reasonable efforts to learn the name, address, and telephone number of each person making a report of abuse or neglect under this section. The department shall provide assurances of appropriate confidentiality of the identification of persons reporting under this section. If the department is unable to learn the information required under this subsection, the department shall only investigate cases in which: (a) The department believes there is a serious threat of substantial harm to the child; (b) the report indicates conduct involving a criminal offense that has, or is about to occur, in which the child is the victim; or (c) the department has, after investigation, a report of abuse or neglect that has been founded with regard to a member of the household within three years of receipt of the referral.

Sec. 26. RCW 26.44.035 and 1985 c 259 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
If the department or a law enforcement agency responds to a complaint of alleged child abuse or neglect and discovers that another agency has also responded to the complaint, the agency shall notify the other agency of their presence, and the agencies shall coordinate the investigation and keep each other apprised of progress.

The department, each law enforcement agency, each county prosecuting attorney, each city attorney, and each court shall make as soon as practicable a written record and shall maintain records of all incidents of suspected child abuse reported to that person or agency. Records kept under this section shall be identifiable by means of an agency code for child abuse.

Sec. 27. RCW 26.44.040 and 1993 c 412 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
An immediate oral report shall be made by telephone or otherwise to the proper law enforcement agency or the department of social and health services and, upon request, shall be followed by a report in writing. Such reports shall contain the following information, if known:
The name, address, and age of the child or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person;

(2) The name and address of the child’s parents, stepparents, guardians, or other persons having custody of the child or the residence of the adult dependent or developmentally disabled person;

(3) The nature and extent of the alleged injury or injuries;

(4) The nature and extent of the alleged neglect;

(5) The nature and extent of the alleged sexual abuse;

(6) Any evidence of previous injuries, including their nature and extent; and

(7) Any other information which may be helpful in establishing the cause of the child’s or adult dependent or developmentally disabled person’s death, injury, or injuries and the identity of the alleged perpetrator or perpetrators.

Sec. 28. RCW 26.44.053 and 1996 c 249 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) In any judicial proceeding under this chapter or chapter 13.34 RCW in which it is alleged that a child has been subjected to child abuse or neglect, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the child as provided in chapter 13.34 RCW. The requirement of a guardian ad litem may be deemed satisfied if the child is represented by counsel in the proceedings.

(2) At any time prior to or during a hearing in such a case, the court may, on its own motion, or the motion of the guardian ad litem, or other parties, order the examination by a physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist, of any parent or child or other person having custody of the child at the time of the alleged child abuse or neglect, if the court finds such an examination is necessary to the proper determination of the case. The hearing may be continued pending the completion of such examination. The physician, psychologist, or psychiatrist conducting such an examination may be required to testify concerning the results of such examination and may be asked to give his or her opinion as to whether the protection of the child requires that he or she not be returned to the custody of his or her parents or other persons having custody of him or her at the time of the alleged child abuse or neglect. Persons so testifying shall be subject to cross-examination as are other witnesses. No information given at any such examination of the parent or any other person having custody of the child may be used against such person in any subsequent criminal proceedings against such person or custodian concerning the alleged abuse or neglect of the child.

(3) A parent or other person having legal custody of a child alleged to be abused or neglected shall be a party to any proceeding that may impair or impede such person’s interest in and custody or control of the child.

Sec. 29. RCW 26.44.060 and 1988 c 142 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, any person participating in good faith in the making of a report pursuant to this chapter or testifying as to alleged child abuse or neglect in a judicial proceeding shall in so doing be immune from any liability arising out of such reporting or testifying under any law of this state or its political subdivisions.

(b) A person convicted of a violation of subsection (4) of this section shall not be immune from liability under (a) of this subsection.

(2) An administrator of a hospital or similar institution or any physician licensed pursuant to chapters 18.71 or 18.57 RCW taking a child into custody pursuant to RCW 26.44.056 shall not be subject to criminal or civil liability for such taking into custody.

(3) Conduct conforming with the reporting requirements of this chapter shall not be deemed a violation of the confidential communication privilege of RCW 5.60.060 (3) and (4), 18.53.200 and 18.83.110. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as to supersede or abridge remedies provided in chapter 4.92 RCW.

(4) A person who, intentionally and in bad faith or maliciously, knowingly makes a false report of alleged abuse or neglect shall be guilty of a misdemeanor punishable in accordance with RCW 9A.20.021.

Sec. 30. RCW 70.124.040 and 1981 c 174 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Where a report is deemed warranted under RCW 70.124.030, an immediate oral report shall be made by telephone or otherwise to either a law enforcement agency or to the department and, upon request, shall be followed by a report in writing. The reports shall contain the following information, if known:
   (a) The name and address of the person making the report;
   (b) The name and address of the nursing home or state hospital patient;
   (c) The name and address of the patient’s relatives having responsibility for the patient;
   (d) The nature and extent of the alleged injury or injuries;
   (e) The nature and extent of the alleged neglect;
   (f) The nature and extent of the alleged sexual abuse;
   (g) Any evidence of previous injuries, including their nature and extent; and
   (h) Any other information which may be helpful in establishing the cause of the patient’s death, injury, or injuries, and the identity of the perpetrator or perpetrators.

(2) Each law enforcement agency receiving such a report shall, in addition to taking the action required by RCW 70.124.050, immediately relay the report to the department and to other law enforcement agencies, as appropriate. For any report it receives, the department shall likewise take the required action and in addition relay the report to the appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies. The appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies shall receive immediate notification when the department, upon receipt of such report, has reasonable cause to believe that a criminal act has been committed.

Sec. 31. RCW 70.129.030 and 1994 c 214 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The facility must inform the resident both orally and in writing in a language that the resident understands of his or her rights and all rules and regulations governing resident conduct and responsibilities during the stay in the facility. The notification must be made prior to or upon admission. Receipt of the information must be acknowledged in writing.
(2) The resident or his or her legal representative has the right:
   (a) Upon an oral or written request, to access all records pertaining to himself or herself including clinical records within twenty-four hours; and
   (b) After receipt of his or her records for inspection, to purchase at a cost not to exceed the community standard photocopies of the records or portions of them upon request and two working days' advance notice to the facility.
(3) The facility must inform each resident in writing before, or at the time of admission, and at least once every twenty-four months thereafter of: (a) Services available in the facility; (b) charges for those services including charges for services not covered by the facility’s per diem rate or applicable public benefit programs; and (c) the rules of operations required under RCW 70.129.140(2).
(4) The facility must furnish a written description of residents rights that includes:
   (a) A description of the manner of protecting personal funds, under RCW 70.129.040;
   (b) A posting of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the state survey and certification agency, the state licensure office, the state ombudsmen program, and the protection and advocacy systems; and
   (c) A statement that the resident may file a complaint with the appropriate state licensing agency concerning alleged resident abuse, neglect, and misappropriation of resident property in the facility.
(5) Notification of changes.
   (a) A facility must immediately consult with the resident’s physician, and if known, make reasonable efforts to notify the resident’s legal representative or an interested family member when there is:
      (i) An accident involving the resident which requires or has the potential for requiring physician intervention;
      (ii) A significant change in the resident’s physical, mental, or psychosocial status (i.e., a deterioration in health, mental, or psychosocial status in either life-threatening conditions or clinical complications).
(b) The facility must promptly notify the resident or the resident's representative shall make reasonable efforts to notify an interested family member, if known, when there is:

(i) A change in room or roommate assignment; or

(ii) A decision to transfer or discharge the resident from the facility.

(c) The facility must record and update the address and phone number of the resident's representative or interested family member, upon receipt of notice from them.

Sec. 32. RCW 74.13.031 and 1995 c 191 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall have the duty to provide child welfare services as defined in RCW 74.13.020, and shall:

(1) Develop, administer, supervise, and monitor a coordinated and comprehensive plan that establishes, aids, and strengthens services for the protection and care of homeless, runaway, dependent, or neglected children.

(2) Develop a recruiting plan for recruiting an adequate number of prospective adoptive and foster homes, both regular and specialized, i.e. homes for children of ethnic minority, including Indian homes for Indian children, sibling groups, handicapped and emotionally disturbed, and annually submit the plan for review to the house and senate committees on social and health services. The plan shall include a section entitled "Foster Home Turn-Over, Causes and Recommendations."

(3) Investigate complaints of alleged neglect, abuse, or abandonment of children, and on the basis of the findings of such investigation, offer child welfare services in relation to the problem to such parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis, and/or bring the situation to the attention of an appropriate court, or another community agency: PROVIDED, That an investigation is not required of nonaccidental injuries which are clearly not the result of a lack of care or supervision by the child's parents, legal custodians, or persons serving in loco parentis. If the investigation reveals that a crime may have been committed, the department shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency.

(4) Offer, on a voluntary basis, family reconciliation services to families who are in conflict.

(5) Monitor out-of-home placements, on a timely and routine basis, to assure the safety, well-being, and quality of care being provided is within the scope of the intent of the legislature as defined in RCW 74.13.010 and 74.15.010, and annually submit a report delineating the results to the house and senate committees on social and health services.

(6) Have authority to accept custody of children from parents and to accept custody of children from juvenile courts, where authorized to do so under law, to provide child welfare services including placement for adoption, and to provide for the physical care of such children and make payment of maintenance costs if needed. Except where required by Public Law 95-608 (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1915), no private adoption agency which receives children for adoption from the department shall discriminate on the basis of race, creed, or color when considering applications in their placement for adoption.

(7) Have authority to provide temporary shelter to children who have run away from home and who are admitted to crisis residential centers.

(8) Have authority to purchase care for children; and shall follow in general the policy of using properly approved private agency services for the actual care and supervision of such children insofar as they are available, paying for care of such children as are accepted by the department as eligible for support at reasonable rates established by the department.

(9) Establish a children's services advisory committee which shall assist the secretary in the development of a partnership plan for utilizing resources of the public and private sectors, and advise on all matters pertaining to child welfare, licensing of child care agencies, adoption, and services related thereto. At least one member shall represent the adoption community.

(10) Have authority to provide continued foster care or group care for individuals from eighteen through twenty years of age to enable them to complete their high school or vocational school program.

(11) Have authority within funds appropriated for foster care services to purchase care for Indian children who are in the custody of a federally recognized Indian tribe or tribally licensed child-placing agency pursuant to parental consent, tribal court order, or state juvenile court order; and the
purchase of such care shall be subject to the same eligibility standards and rates of support applicable to
other children for whom the department purchases care.

Notwithstanding any other provision of RCW 13.32A.170 through 13.32A.200 and 74.13.032
through 74.13.036, or of this section all services to be provided by the department of social and health
services under subsections (4), (6), and (7) of this section, subject to the limitations of these
subsections, may be provided by any program offering such services funded pursuant to Titles II and

Sec. 33. RCW 74.15.030 and 1995 c 302 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary shall have the power and it shall be the secretary’s duty:

(1) In consultation with the children’s services advisory committee, and with the advice and
assistance of persons representative of the various type agencies to be licensed, to designate categories
of facilities for which separate or different requirements shall be developed as may be appropriate
whether because of variations in the ages, sex and other characteristics of persons served, variations in
the purposes and services offered or size or structure of the agencies to be licensed hereunder, or
because of any other factor relevant thereto;

(2) In consultation with the children’s services advisory committee, and with the advice and
assistance of persons representative of the various type agencies to be licensed, to adopt and publish
minimum requirements for licensing applicable to each of the various categories of agencies to be
licensed.

The minimum requirements shall be limited to:

(a) The size and suitability of a facility and the plan of operation for carrying out the purpose
for which an applicant seeks a license;

(b) The character, suitability and competence of an agency and other persons associated with an
agency directly responsible for the care and treatment of children, expectant mothers or
developmentally disabled persons. In consultation with law enforcement personnel, the secretary shall
investigate the conviction record or pending charges and dependency record information under chapter
43.43 RCW of each agency and its staff seeking licensure or relicensure. In order to determine the
suitability of applicants for an agency license, licensees, their employees, and other persons who have
unsupervised access to children in care, and who have not resided in the state of Washington during the
three-year period before being authorized to care for children shall be fingerprinted. The fingerprints
shall be forwarded to the Washington state patrol and federal bureau of investigation for a criminal
history records check. The fingerprint criminal history records checks will be at the expense of the
licensee except that in the case of a foster family home, if this expense would work a hardship on the
licensee, the department shall pay the expense. The licensee may not pass this cost on to the employee
or prospective employee, unless the employee is determined to be unsuitable due to his or her criminal
history record. The secretary shall use the information solely for the purpose of determining
eligibility for a license and for determining the character, suitability, and competence of those persons or
agencies, excluding parents, not required to be licensed who are authorized to care for children,
expectant mothers, and developmentally disabled persons. Criminal justice agencies shall provide the
secretary such information as they may have and that the secretary may require for such purpose;

(c) The number of qualified persons required to render the type of care and treatment for which
an agency seeks a license;

(d) The safety, cleanliness, and general adequacy of the premises to provide for the comfort,
care and well-being of children, expectant mothers or developmentally disabled persons;

(e) The provision of necessary care, including food, clothing, supervision and discipline;
physical, mental and social well-being; and educational, recreational and spiritual opportunities for
those served;

(f) The financial ability of an agency to comply with minimum requirements established
pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031; and

(g) The maintenance of records pertaining to the admission, progress, health and discharge of
persons served;

(3) To investigate any person, including relatives by blood or marriage except for parents, for
character, suitability, and competence in the care and treatment of children, expectant mothers, and
developmentally disabled persons prior to authorizing that person to care for children, expectant mothers, and developmentally disabled persons. However, if a child is placed with a relative under RCW 13.34.060 or 13.34.130, and if such relative appears otherwise suitable and competent to provide care and treatment the criminal history background check required by this section need not be completed before placement, but shall be completed as soon as possible after placement;

(4) On reports of alleged child abuse and neglect, to investigate agencies in accordance with chapter 26.44 RCW, including child day-care centers and family day-care homes, to determine whether the alleged abuse or neglect has occurred, and whether child protective services or referral to a law enforcement agency is appropriate;

(5) To issue, revoke, or deny licenses to agencies pursuant to chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031. Licenses shall specify the category of care which an agency is authorized to render and the ages, sex and number of persons to be served;

(6) To prescribe the procedures and the form and contents of reports necessary for the administration of chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 and to require regular reports from each licensee;

(7) To inspect agencies periodically to determine whether or not there is compliance with chapter 74.15 RCW and RCW 74.13.031 and the requirements adopted hereunder;

(8) To review requirements adopted hereunder at least every two years and to adopt appropriate changes after consultation with the child care coordinating committee and other affected groups for child day-care requirements and with the children’s services advisory committee for requirements for other agencies; and

(9) To consult with public and private agencies in order to help them improve their methods and facilities for the care of children, expectant mothers and developmentally disabled persons.

Sec. 34. RCW 74.34.050 and 1986 c 187 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A person participating in good faith in making a report under this chapter or testifying about ((the)) alleged abuse, neglect, abandonment, or exploitation of a vulnerable adult in a judicial proceeding under this chapter is immune from liability resulting from the report or testimony. The making of permissive reports as allowed in RCW 74.34.030 does not create any duty to report and no civil liability shall attach for any failure to make a permissive report under RCW 74.34.030.

(2) Conduct conforming with the reporting and testifying provisions of this chapter shall not be deemed a violation of any confidential communication privilege. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed as superseding or abridging remedies provided in chapter 4.92 RCW.

Sec. 35. RCW 74.34.070 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 87 are each amended to read as follows:

In responding to reports of alleged abuse, exploitation, neglect, or abandonment under this chapter, the department shall provide information to the frail elder or vulnerable adult on protective services available to the person and inform the person of the right to refuse such services. The department shall develop cooperative agreements with community-based agencies servicing the abused elderly and vulnerable adults. The agreements shall cover such subjects as the appropriate roles and responsibilities of the department and community-based agencies in identifying and responding to reports of alleged abuse, the provision of case-management services, standardized data collection procedures, and related coordination activities.

Sec. 36. RCW 13.34.090 and 1990 c 246 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Any party has a right to be represented by an attorney in all proceedings under this chapter, to introduce evidence, to be heard in his or her own behalf, to examine witnesses, to receive a decision based solely on the evidence adduced at the hearing, and to an unbiased fact-finder.

(2) At all stages of a proceeding in which a child is alleged to be dependent pursuant to RCW 13.34.030((((2))) (6), the child’s parent, guardian, or legal custodian has the right to be represented by counsel, and if indigent, to have counsel appointed for him or her by the court. Unless waived in court, counsel shall be provided to the child’s parent, guardian, or legal custodian, if such person (a) has appeared in the proceeding or requested the court to appoint counsel and (b) is financially unable to obtain counsel because of indigency as defined in chapter 10.101 RCW.
(3) If a party to an action under this chapter is represented by counsel, no order shall be provided to that party for his or her signature without prior notice and provision of the order to counsel.

(4) Copies of department of social and health services or supervising agency records to which parents have legal access pursuant to chapter 13.50 RCW shall be given to the child’s parent, guardian, legal custodian, or his or her legal counsel, within twenty days after the department or supervising agency receives a written request for such records from the parent, guardian, legal custodian, or his or her legal counsel. These records shall be provided to the child’s parents, guardian, legal custodian, or legal counsel prior to the shelter care hearing in order to allow an opportunity to review the records prior to the hearing. These records shall be legible and shall be provided at no expense to the parents, guardian, legal custodian, or his or her counsel.

Sec. 37. RCW 13.34.120 and 1996 c 249 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To aid the court in its decision on disposition, a social study, consisting of a written evaluation of matters relevant to the disposition of the case, shall be made by the person or agency filing the petition. The study shall include all social records and may also include facts relating to the child’s cultural heritage, and shall be made available to the court. The court shall consider the social file, social study, guardian ad litem report, the court-appointed special advocate’s report, if any, and any reports filed by a party at the disposition hearing in addition to evidence produced at the fact-finding hearing. At least ten working days before the disposition hearing, the department shall mail to the parent and his or her attorney a copy of the agency’s social study and proposed service plan, which shall be in writing or in a form understandable to the parents or custodians. In addition, the department shall provide an opportunity for parents to review and comment on the plan at the community service office. If the parents disagree with the agency’s plan or any part thereof, the parents shall submit to the court at least twenty-four hours before the hearing, in writing, or signed oral statement, an alternative plan to correct the problems which led to the finding of dependency. This section shall not interfere with the right of the parents or custodians to submit oral arguments regarding the disposition plan at the hearing.

(2) In addition to the requirements set forth in subsection (1) of this section, a predisposition study to the court in cases of dependency alleged pursuant to RCW 13.34.030((4)) (6) (b) or (c) shall contain the following information:

(a) A statement of the specific harm or harms to the child that intervention is designed to alleviate;

(b) A description of the specific programs, for both the parents and child, that are needed in order to prevent serious harm to the child; the reasons why such programs are likely to be useful; the availability of any proposed services; and the agency’s overall plan for ensuring that the services will be delivered;

(c) If removal is recommended, a full description of the reasons why the child cannot be protected adequately in the home, including a description of any previous efforts to work with the parents and the child in the home; the in-home treatment programs which have been considered and rejected; the preventive services that have been offered or provided and have failed to prevent the need for out-of-home placement, unless the health, safety, and welfare of the child cannot be protected adequately in the home; and the parents’ attitude toward placement of the child;

(d) A statement of the likely harms the child will suffer as a result of removal. This section should include an exploration of the nature of the parent-child attachment and the meaning of separation and loss to both the parents and the child;

(e) A description of the steps that will be taken to minimize harm to the child that may result if separation occurs; and

(f) Behavior that will be expected before determination that supervision of the family or placement is no longer necessary.

Sec. 38. RCW 13.34.180 and 1993 c 412 s 2 and 1993 c 358 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
A petition seeking termination of a parent and child relationship may be filed in juvenile court by any party to the dependency proceedings concerning that child. Such petition shall conform to the requirements of RCW 13.34.040, shall be served upon the parties as provided in RCW 13.34.070(8), and shall allege:

(1) That the child has been found to be a dependent child under RCW 13.34.030((2)) (6); and
(2) That the court has entered a dispositional order pursuant to RCW 13.34.130; and
(3) That the child has been removed or will, at the time of the hearing, have been removed from the custody of the parent for a period of at least six months pursuant to a finding of dependency under RCW 13.34.030((2)) (6); and
(4) That the services ordered under RCW 13.34.130 have been offered or provided and all necessary services, reasonably available, capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been offered or provided; and
(5) That there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. In determining whether the conditions will be remedied the court may consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:

(a) Use of intoxicating or controlled substances so as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documented multiple failed treatment attempts; or
(b) Psychological incapacity or mental deficiency of the parent that is so severe and chronic as to render the parent incapable of providing proper care for the child for extended periods of time, and documented unwillingness of the parent to receive and complete treatment or documentation that there is no treatment that can render the parent capable of providing proper care for the child in the near future; and
(6) That continuation of the parent and child relationship clearly diminishes the child's prospects for early integration into a stable and permanent home; or
(7) In lieu of the allegations in subsections (1) through (6) of this section, the petition may allege that the child was found under such circumstances that the whereabouts of the child's parent are unknown and no person has acknowledged paternity or maternity and requested custody of the child within two months after the child was found.

A parent's failure to substantially improve parental deficiencies within twelve months following entry of the dispositional order shall give rise to a rebuttable presumption that there is little likelihood that conditions will be remedied so that the child can be returned to the parent in the near future. The presumption shall not arise unless the petitioner makes a showing that all necessary services reasonably capable of correcting the parental deficiencies within the foreseeable future have been offered or provided.

Notice of rights shall be served upon the parent, guardian, or legal custodian with the petition and shall be in substantially the following form:

"NOTICE

A petition for termination of parental rights has been filed against you. You have important legal rights and you must take steps to protect your interests. This petition could result in permanent loss of your parental rights.
1. You have the right to a fact-finding hearing before a judge.
2. You have the right to have a lawyer represent you at the hearing. A lawyer can look at the files in your case, talk to the department of social and health services and other agencies, tell you about the law, help you understand your rights, and help you at hearings. If you cannot afford a lawyer, the court will appoint one to represent you. To get a court-appointed lawyer you must contact: (explain local procedure). 3. At the hearing, you have the right to speak on your own behalf, to introduce evidence, to examine witnesses, and to receive a decision based solely on the evidence presented to the judge.
You should be present at this hearing."
You may call (insert agency) for more information about your child. The agency’s name and telephone number are (insert name and telephone number)."

**Sec. 39.** RCW 43.43.700 and 1989 c 334 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

There is hereby established within the Washington state patrol a section on identification, child abuse, vulnerable adult abuse, and criminal history hereafter referred to as the section.

In order to aid the administration of justice the section shall install systems for the identification of individuals, including the fingerprint system and such other systems as the chief deems necessary. The section shall keep a complete record and index of all information received in convenient form for consultation and comparison.

The section shall obtain from whatever source available and file for record the fingerprints, palmprints, photographs, or such other identification data as it deems necessary, of persons who have been or shall hereafter be lawfully arrested and charged with, or convicted of any criminal offense. The section may obtain like information concerning persons arrested for or convicted of crimes under the laws of another state or government.

The section shall also contain like information concerning persons, over the age of eighteen years, who have been found, pursuant to a dependency proceeding under RCW 13.34.030((2)(b)) to have physically abused or sexually abused or exploited a child or, pursuant to a protection proceeding under chapter 74.34 RCW, to have abused or financially exploited a vulnerable adult.

**Sec. 40.** RCW 43.43.840 and 1989 c 334 s 5 and 1989 c 90 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The supreme court shall by rule require the courts of the state to notify the state patrol of any dependency action under RCW 13.34.040, domestic relations action under Title 26 RCW, or protection action under chapter 74.34 RCW, in which the court makes specific findings of physical abuse or sexual abuse or exploitation of a child or abuse or financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult.

(2) The department of licensing shall notify the state patrol of any disciplinary board final decision that includes specific findings of physical abuse or sexual abuse or exploitation of a child or abuse or financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult.

(3) When a business or an organization terminates, fires, dismisses, fails to renew the contract, or permits the resignation of an employee because of crimes against children or other persons or because of crimes relating to the financial exploitation of a vulnerable adult, and if that employee is employed in a position requiring a certificate or license issued by a licensing agency such as the state board of education, the business or organization shall notify the licensing agency of such termination of employment.

**Sec. 41.** RCW 43.20A.050 and 1979 c 141 s 63 are each amended to read as follows:

It is the intent of the legislature wherever possible to place the internal affairs of the department under the control of the secretary (in order that he may) to institute (therein) the flexible, alert and intelligent management of its business that changing contemporary circumstances require. Therefore, whenever (his) the secretary’s authority is not specifically limited by law, he or she shall have complete charge and supervisory powers over the department. (He) The secretary is authorized to create such administrative structures as (he may deem) deemed appropriate, except as otherwise specified by law. The secretary shall have the power to employ such assistants and personnel as may be necessary for the general administration of the department((provided, That,)). Except as elsewhere specified, such employment (is) shall be in accordance with the rules of the state civil service law, chapter 41.06 RCW.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 42.** It is the intent of the legislature, in enacting the chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 changes to RCW 41.64.100 (section 43 of this act), to provide a prompt and efficient method of expediting employee appeals regarding alleged misconduct that may have placed children at serious risk of harm. The legislature recognizes that children are at risk of harm in cases of abuse or neglect and intends to provide a method of reducing such risk as well as mitigating the potential liability to the
state associated with employee misconduct involving children. The legislature does not intend to impair any existing rights of appeals held by employees, nor does it intend to restrict consideration of any appropriate evidence or facts by the personnel appeals board.

**Sec. 43.** RCW 41.64.100 and 1981 c 311 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:

1. In all appeals over which the board has jurisdiction involving reduction, dismissal, suspension, or demotion, the board shall set the case for hearing, and the final decision, including an appeal to the board from the hearing examiner, if any, shall be rendered within ninety days from the date the appeal was first received. An extension may be permitted if agreed to by the employee and the employing agency. The board shall furnish the agency with a copy of the appeal in advance of the hearing.

2. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in a case involving misconduct that has placed a child at serious risk of harm as a result of actions taken or not taken under chapter 13.32A, 13.34, 13.40, 26.44, 74.12, 74.14A, 74.14B, 74.14C, or 74.15 RCW, the board shall hear the case before all unscheduled cases. The board shall issue its order within forty-five days of hearing the case unless there are extraordinary circumstances, in which case, an additional thirty days may elapse until the case is decided.

3. In all appeals made pursuant to RCW 41.06.170, as now or hereafter amended, the decision of the board is final and not appealable to court.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 44.** Section 43 of this act shall not be construed to alter an existing collective bargaining unit or the provisions of any existing bargaining agreement in place on the effective date of this section before the expiration of such agreement.

**Sec. 45.** RCW 26.44.020 and 1996 c 178 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

1. "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington, juvenile department.
2. "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the prosecuting attorney, the state patrol, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff.
3. "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery or to provide other health services. The term "practitioner" shall include a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That a person who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner shall not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected person for the purposes of this chapter.
4. "Institution" means a private or public hospital or any other facility providing medical diagnosis, treatment or care.
5. "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
6. "Child" or "children" means any person under the age of eighteen years of age.
7. "Professional school personnel" shall include, but not be limited to, teachers, counselors, administrators, child care facility personnel, and school nurses.
8. "Social service counselor" shall mean anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support or education of children, or providing social services to adults or families, including mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, and domestic violence programs, whether in an individual capacity, or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
9. "Psychologist" shall mean any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
10. "Pharmacist" shall mean any registered pharmacist under the provisions of chapter 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
"Clergy" shall mean any regularly licensed or ordained minister, priest or rabbi of any church or religious denomination, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

"Abuse or neglect" shall mean the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment, or maltreatment of a child, adult dependent, or developmentally disabled person by any person under circumstances which indicate that the child's or adult's health, welfare, and safety is harmed. An abused child is a child who has been subjected to child abuse or neglect as defined herein.

"Child protective services section" shall mean the child protective services section of the department.

"Adult dependent persons" shall be defined as those persons over the age of eighteen years who have been found to be legally incompetent or disabled pursuant to chapter 11.88 RCW.

"Sexual exploitation" includes: (a) Allowing, permitting, or encouraging a child to engage in prostitution by any person; or (b) allowing, permitting, encouraging, or engaging in the obscene or pornographic photographing, filming, or depicting of a child by any person.

"Negligent treatment or maltreatment" means an act or omission which evidences a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to the child's health, welfare, and safety.

"Developmentally disabled person" means a person who has a disability defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

"Child protective services" means those services provided by the department designed to protect children from child abuse and neglect and safeguard ((the general welfare of)) such children ((and shall include)) from future abuse and neglect, and conduct investigations of child abuse and neglect reports((including reports regarding child care centers and family child care homes, and the development, management, and provision of or)). Investigations may be conducted regardless of the location of the alleged abuse or neglect. Child protective services includes referral to services to ameliorate conditions which endanger the welfare of children, the coordination of necessary programs and services relevant to the prevention, intervention, and treatment of child abuse and neglect, and services to children to ensure that each child has a permanent home. In determining whether protective services should be provided, the department shall not decline to provide such services solely because of the child's unwillingness or developmental inability to describe the nature and severity of the abuse or neglect.

"Malice" or "maliciously" means an evil intent, wish, or design to vex, annoy, or injure another person. Such malice may be inferred from an act done in wilful disregard of the rights of another, or an act wrongfully done without just cause or excuse, or an act or omission of duty betraying a wilful disregard of social duty.

"Sexually aggressive youth" means a child who is defined in RCW 74.13.075(1)(b) as being a "sexually aggressive youth."

NEW SECTION. Sec. 46. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 26.44.020 and chapter 74.13 RCW, the secretary may exercise his or her discretion to permit employees of the department to provide child protective services and child welfare services under the following circumstances:

(a) The number of employees in an office or the location of an office makes it administratively impractical to require a strict segregation between the delivery of both types of services; or

(b) There are exceptional circumstances, including such things as a disproportionately large number of vacant positions in an office; or

(2) The changes required to implement RCW 26.44.020 and this section shall not be made until the expiration of any collective bargaining agreement in effect on the effective date of this section, unless the parties to the agreement determine such changes can be made before that time.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 47. A new section is added to chapter 43.20A RCW to read as follows:

The department shall prepare an annual quality assurance report that shall include but is not limited to: (1) Performance outcomes regarding health and safety of children in the children's services system; (2) children's length of stay in out-of-home placement from each date of referral; (3) adherence
to permanency planning timelines; and (4) the response time on child protective services investigations differentiated by risk level determined at intake. The report shall be provided to the governor and legislature not later than July 1.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 48. A new section is added to chapter 26.44 RCW to read as follows:
(1) When, as a result of a report of alleged child abuse or neglect, an investigation is made that includes an in-person contact with the person who is alleged to have committed the abuse or neglect, there shall be a determination of whether it is probable that the use of alcohol or controlled substances is a contributing factor to the alleged abuse or neglect.
(2) The department shall provide appropriate training for persons who conduct the investigations under subsection (1) of this section. The training shall include methods of identifying indicators of abuse of alcohol or controlled substances.
(3) If a determination is made under subsection (1) of this section that there is probable cause to believe abuse of alcohol or controlled substances has contributed to the child abuse or neglect, the department shall, within available funds, cause a comprehensive chemical dependency evaluation to be made of the person or persons so identified. The evaluation shall be conducted by a physician or persons certified under rules adopted by the department to make such evaluation. The department shall perform the duties assigned under this section within existing personnel resources.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 49. The legislature finds that the placement of children and youth in state-operated or state-funded residential facilities must be done in such a manner as to protect children who are vulnerable to sexual victimization from youth who are sexually aggressive. To achieve this purpose, the legislature intends the department of social and health services to develop a policy for assessing sexual aggressiveness and vulnerability to sexual victimization of children and youth who are placed in state-operated or state-funded residential facilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 50. A new section is added to chapter 13.40 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The department shall implement a policy for protecting youth committed to state-operated or state-funded residential facilities under this chapter who are vulnerable to sexual victimization by other youth committed to those facilities who are sexually aggressive. The policy shall include, at a minimum, the following elements:
(a) Development and use of an assessment process for identifying youth, within thirty days of commitment to the department, who present a moderate or high risk of sexually aggressive behavior for the purposes of this section. The assessment process need not require that every youth who is adjudicated or convicted of a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 be determined to be sexually aggressive, nor shall a sex offense adjudication or conviction be required in order to determine a youth is sexually aggressive. Instead, the assessment process shall consider the individual circumstances of the youth, including his or her age, physical size, sexual abuse history, mental and emotional condition, and other factors relevant to sexual aggressiveness. The definition of "sexually aggressive youth" in RCW 74.13.075 does not apply to this section to the extent that it conflicts with this section;
(b) Development and use of an assessment process for identifying youth, within thirty days of commitment to the department, who may be vulnerable to victimization by youth identified under (a) of this subsection as presenting a moderate or high risk of sexually aggressive behavior. The assessment process shall consider the individual circumstances of the youth, including his or her age, physical size, sexual abuse history, mental and emotional condition, and other factors relevant to vulnerability;
(c) Development and use of placement criteria to avoid assigning youth who present a moderate or high risk of sexually aggressive behavior to the same sleeping quarters as youth assessed as vulnerable to sexual victimization, except that they may be assigned to the same multiple-person sleeping quarters if those sleeping quarters are regularly monitored by visual surveillance equipment or staff checks;
(d) Development and use of procedures for minimizing, within available funds, unsupervised contact in state-operated or state-funded residential facilities between youth presenting moderate to high risk of sexually aggressive behavior and youth assessed as vulnerable to sexual victimization. The procedures shall include taking reasonable steps to prohibit any youth committed under this chapter
who present a moderate to high risk of sexually aggressive behavior from entering any sleeping quarters other than the one to which they are assigned, unless accompanied by an authorized adult.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:

(a) "Sleeping quarters" means the bedrooms or other rooms within a residential facility where youth are assigned to sleep.

(b) "Unsupervised contact" means contact occurring outside the sight or hearing of a responsible adult for more than a reasonable period of time under the circumstances.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 51. The department of social and health services shall report to the legislature by December 1, 1997, on the following: (1) Development of the assessment process for identifying youth who present a moderate to high risk of sexually aggressive behavior for the purposes of sections 49 through 55 of this act; (2) development of the assessment process for determining when a youth may be vulnerable to victimization by youth who present a moderate to high risk of sexually aggressive behavior for the purposes of sections 49 through 55 of this act; and (3) development of the placement criteria and procedures required under section 50(1) (c) and (d) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 52. The policy developed under section 50 of this act shall be implemented within the juvenile rehabilitation administration by January 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 53. The department of social and health services shall provide an evaluation of the implementation of sections 49 through 55 of this act to the legislature by December 1, 1998. The evaluation shall identify: (1) The number of youth assessed as presenting a moderate to high risk of sexually aggressive behavior; (2) the number of youth assessed as being vulnerable to victimization; (3) the effectiveness of avoiding assigning youth who present a moderate or high risk of sexually aggressive behavior to the same sleeping quarters as youth assessed as being vulnerable to sexual victimization by utilizing the assessment and placement process set forth in section 50 of this act; (4) the effectiveness of minimizing, within available funds, unsupervised contact between youth who present a moderate or high risk of sexually aggressive behavior and youth assessed as being vulnerable to sexual victimization utilizing the procedures set forth in section 50 of this act; and (5) the number of youth identified as moderate to high risk of sexually aggressive behavior who were placed in department of social and health services community residential settings during their period of parole with a youth who is not a juvenile offender and is found to be dependent under chapter 13.34 RCW or an at-risk youth or child in need of services under chapter 13.32A RCW. The department shall identify the resources necessary to provide separate placements for youth identified in this subsection and shall identify alternative administrative processes for managing the placement of these youth.

Sec. 54. RCW 13.40.460 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 516 are each amended to read as follows:

The secretary, assistant secretary, or the secretary's designee shall manage and administer the department’s juvenile rehabilitation responsibilities, including but not limited to the operation of all state institutions or facilities used for juvenile rehabilitation.

The secretary or assistant secretary shall:

(1) Prepare a biennial budget request sufficient to meet the confinement and rehabilitative needs of the juvenile rehabilitation program, as forecast by the office of financial management;

(2) Create by rule a formal system for inmate classification. This classification system shall consider:

(a) Public safety;

(b) Internal security and staff safety;

(c) Rehabilitative resources both within and outside the department;

(d) An assessment of each offender's risk of sexually aggressive behavior as provided in section 50 of this act; and

(e) An assessment of each offender's vulnerability to sexually aggressive behavior as provided in section 50 of this act;

(3) Develop agreements with local jurisdictions to develop regional facilities with a variety of custody levels;
(4) Adopt rules establishing effective disciplinary policies to maintain order within institutions;
(5) Develop a comprehensive diagnostic evaluation process to be used at intake, including but not limited to evaluation for substance addiction or abuse, literacy, learning disabilities, fetal alcohol syndrome or effect, attention deficit disorder, and mental health;
(6) Develop placement criteria:
   (a) To avoid assigning youth who present a moderate or high risk of sexually aggressive behavior to the same sleeping quarters as youth assessed as vulnerable to sexual victimization under section 50(1)(c) of this act; and
   (b) To avoid placing a juvenile offender on parole status who has been assessed as a moderate to high risk for sexually aggressive behavior in a department community residential program with another child who is: (i) Dependent under chapter 13.34 RCW, or an at-risk youth or child in need of services under chapter 13.32A RCW; and (ii) not also a juvenile offender on parole status;
(7) Develop a plan to implement, by July 1, 1995:
   (a) Substance abuse treatment programs for all state juvenile rehabilitation facilities and institutions;
   (b) Vocational education and instruction programs at all state juvenile rehabilitation facilities and institutions; and
   (c) An educational program to establish self-worth and responsibility in juvenile offenders. This educational program shall emphasize instruction in character-building principles such as: Respect for self, others, and authority; victim awareness; accountability; work ethics; good citizenship; and life skills; and
   ((7)) (8) Study, in conjunction with the superintendent of public instruction, educators, and superintendents of state facilities for juvenile offenders, the feasibility and value of consolidating within a single entity the provision of educational services to juvenile offenders committed to state facilities. The assistant secretary shall report his or her findings to the legislature by December 1, 1995.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 55. The policy developed under RCW 13.40.460(6)(b) shall be implemented within the juvenile rehabilitation administration and the division of children and family services by July 1, 1998.

Sec. 56. RCW 82.08.02915 and 1995 c 346 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales to health or social welfare organizations, as defined in RCW 82.04.431, of items necessary for new construction of alternative housing for youth in crisis, so long as the facility will be a licensed agency under chapter 74.15 RCW, upon completion. This section shall expire July 1, 1999.

Sec. 57. RCW 82.12.02915 and 1995 c 346 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The provisions of this chapter shall not apply in respect to the use of any item acquired by a health or social welfare organization, as defined in RCW 82.04.431, of items necessary for new construction of alternative housing for youth in crisis, so long as the facility will be a licensed agency under chapter 74.15 RCW, upon completion. This section shall expire July 1, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 58. It is the intent of section 59 of this act to protect runaway children from predatory individuals, such as drug dealers, sexual marauders, and panderers. Since it is in the interests of these individuals to keep children who have left home on the street and unlocated, this act punishes predatory individuals who provide shelter to at-risk youth as a means of preying upon them. The legislature also recognizes that preventing at-risk youth from coming into contact with these individuals is equally important to their protection. Since prevention and reconciliation can only begin once a child is located, section 59 of this act increases the incentives for individuals to report the children’s whereabouts.

Sec. 59. RCW 13.32A.080 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 507 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) A person commits the crime of unlawful harboring of a minor if the person provides shelter to a minor without the consent of a parent of the minor and after the person knows that the
minor is away from the home of the parent, without the parent’s permission, and if the person intentionally:

(i) Fails to release the minor to a law enforcement officer after being requested to do so by the officer; or

(ii) Fails to disclose the location of the minor to a law enforcement officer after being requested to do so by the officer, if the person knows the location of the minor and had either taken the minor to that location or had assisted the minor in reaching that location; or

(iii) Obstructs a law enforcement officer from taking the minor into custody; or

(iv) Assists the minor in avoiding or attempting to avoid the custody of the law enforcement officer; or

(v) Engages the child in a crime; or

(vi) Engages in a clear course of conduct that demonstrates an intent to contribute to the delinquency of a minor or the involvement of a minor in a sex offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(b) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that the defendant had custody of the minor pursuant to a court order.

(2) Harboring a minor is punishable as a gross misdemeanor.

(3) Any person who provides shelter to a child, absent from home, may notify the department’s local community service office of the child’s presence.

(4) An adult responsible for involving a child in the commission of an offense may be prosecuted under existing criminal statutes including, but not limited to:

(a) Distribution of a controlled substance to a minor, as defined in RCW 69.50.406;

(b) Promoting prostitution as defined in chapter 9A.88 RCW; and

(c) Complicity of the adult in the crime of a minor, under RCW 9A.08.020.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 60. The legislature recognizes that Indian tribes are sovereign nations and the relationship between the state and the tribe is sovereign-to-sovereign.

The federal government acknowledged the importance of including Indian tribes in child support systems established by the federal government and the states. The personal responsibility and work opportunity reconciliation act of 1996, P.L. 104-193, provides Indian tribes the option of developing their own tribal plan and tribal child support enforcement program to receive funds directly from the federal government for their own Title IV-D program similar to that of other states. The act also expressly authorizes the states and Indian tribe or tribal organization to enter into cooperative agreements to provide for the delivery of child support enforcement services.

It is the purpose of this chapter to encourage the department of social and health services, division of child support, and the Indian tribes within the state’s borders to enter into cooperative agreements that will assist the state and tribal governments in carrying out their respective responsibilities. The legislature recognizes that the state and the tribes each possess resources that are sometimes distinct to that government. The legislature intends that the state and the tribes work together to make the most efficient and productive use of all resources and authorities.

Cooperative agreements will enable the state and the tribes to better provide child support services to Indian children and to establish and enforce child support obligations, orders, and judgments. Under cooperative agreements, the state and the tribes can work as partners to provide culturally relevant child support services, consistent with state and federal laws, that are based on tribal laws and customs. The legislature recognizes that the preferred method for handling cases where all or some of the parties are enrolled tribal members living on the tribal reservation is to develop an agreement so that appropriate cases are referred to the tribe to be processed in the tribal court. The legislature recognizes that cooperative agreements serve the best interests of the children.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 61. (1) The department of social and health services may enter into an agreement with an Indian tribe or tribal organization, which is within the state’s borders and recognized by the federal government, for joint or cooperative action on child support services and child support enforcement.

(2) In determining the scope and terms of the agreement, the department and the tribe should consider, among other factors, whether the tribe has an established tribal court system with the
authority to establish, modify, or enforce support orders, establish paternity, or enter support orders in accordance with child support guidelines established by the tribe.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 62. An agreement established under this section may, but is not required to, address the following:
(1) Recognizing the state’s and tribe’s authority to address child support matters with the development of a process designed to determine how tribal member cases may be handled;
(2) The authority, procedures, and guidelines for all aspects of establishing, entering, modifying, and enforcing child support orders in the tribal court and the state court;
(3) The authority, procedures, and guidelines the department and tribe will follow for the establishment of paternity;
(4) The establishment and agreement of culturally relevant factors that may be considered in child support enforcement;
(5) The authority, procedures, and guidelines for the garnishing of wages of tribal members or employees of a tribe, tribally owned enterprise, or an Indian-owned business located on the reservation;
(6) The department’s and tribe’s responsibilities to each other;
(7) The ability for the department and the tribe to address the fiscal responsibilities between each other;
(8) Requirements for alternative dispute resolution procedures;
(9) The necessary procedures for notice and the continual sharing of information; and
(10) The duration of the agreement, under what circumstances the parties may terminate the agreement, and the consequences of breaching the provisions in the agreement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 63. The department of social and health services may adopt rules to implement this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 64. RCW 43.06A.040 and 1996 c 131 s 5 are each repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 65. Sections 9 through 13 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 74 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 66. Sections 60 through 63 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 26 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 67. Sections 8 through 14 and 17 through 34 of this act apply only to incidents occurring on or after January 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 68. Sections 8 through 13 and 21 through 34 of this act take effect January 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 69. Sections 14 through 19 of this act take effect April 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 70. Sections 7 and 20 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect July 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 71. Sections 56 and 57 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect July 1, 1997."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "services;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 41.06.076, 13.34.030, 13.34.245, 13.50.010, 13.50.100, 26.44.015, 26.44.020, 26.44.030, 26.44.035, 26.44.040, 26.44.053, 26.44.060, 70.124.040, 70.129.030, 74.13.031, 74.15.030, 74.34.050, 74.34.070, 13.34.090, 13.34.120, 43.43.700, 43.20A.050, 41.64.100,
26.44.020, 13.40.460, 82.08.02915, 82.12.02915, and 13.32A.080; reenacting and amending RCW 13.34.130, 13.04.030, 13.34.180, and 43.43.840; adding a new section to chapter 41.06 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.20A RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.13 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.34 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71A.10 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.40 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.34 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 71A.10 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.44 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 13.40 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 74 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 26 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 43.06A.040; providing effective dates; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency."

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

There being no objection, the House adopted the report of the Conference Committee on Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710, and advanced the bill to final passage.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Cooke, Kastama, Delvin and Radcliff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL


Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5842, and asks the House to recede therefrom, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 was returned to second reading for the purpose of an amendment.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5842, By Senators Swecker, Winsley and Fraser

Pertaining to litter control and recycling.

Representative Chandler moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Chandler: (770)
Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 70.93.010 and 1992 c 175 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The legislature finds:
   (a) Washington state is experiencing rapid population growth and its citizens are increasingly mobile;
   (b) There is a fundamental need for a healthful, clean, and beautiful environment;
   (c) The proliferation and accumulation of litter discarded throughout this state impairs this need and constitutes a public health hazard;
   (d) There is a need to conserve energy and natural resources, and the effective litter control and recovery and recycling of litter materials will serve to accomplish such conservation; and
   (e) In addition to effective litter control, there must be effective programs to accomplish waste reduction, the state’s highest waste management priority((and
   (f) There must also be effective systems to accomplish all components of recycling, including collection, processing, and the marketing of recyclable materials and recycled content products)).
   (2) Recognizing the multifaceted nature of the state’s solid waste management problems, the legislation enacted in 1971 and entitled the "Model Litter Control and Recycling Act" is hereby renamed the "waste reduction, recycling, and model litter control act."

Sec. 2. RCW 70.93.020 and 1992 c 175 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
The purpose of this chapter is to accomplish litter control, increase waste reduction, and stimulate all components of recycling throughout this state by delegating to the department of ecology the authority to:
(1) Conduct a permanent and continuous program to control and remove litter from this state to the maximum practical extent possible;
(2) Recover and recycle waste materials related to litter and littering;
(3) Foster public and private recycling of recyclable materials; and
(4) Increase public awareness of the need for waste reduction, recycling, and litter control.
(5) It is further the intent and purpose of this chapter to promote markets for recyclable materials through programs of the clean Washington center and other means.)
It is further the intent and purpose of this chapter to create jobs for employment of youth in litter cleanup and related activities and to stimulate and encourage small, private recycling centers. This program shall include the compatible goal of recovery of recyclable materials to conserve energy and natural resources wherever practicable. Every other department of state government and all local governmental units and agencies of this state shall cooperate with the department of ecology in the administration and enforcement of this chapter. The intent of this chapter is to add to and to coordinate existing recycling and litter control and removal efforts and not terminate or supplant such efforts.

Sec. 3. RCW 70.93.180 and 1992 c 175 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) There is hereby created an account within the state treasury to be known as the "waste reduction, recycling, and litter control account". Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. After June 30, 1997, expenditures from the waste reduction, recycling, and litter control account shall be used as follows:
(a) (From July 1, 1992, to June 30, 1993, funds shall be used for programs to: Control litter; encourage recycling; develop markets for recyclable materials; and enforce compliance with the litter tax imposed in RCW 82.19.010.
(b) After June 30, 1993, funds shall be used as follows:
(i) Not less than forty percent nor more than fifty percent for a litter patrol program to employ youth from the state to remove litter from places and areas that are most visible to the public and to enforce compliance with the litter tax imposed in RCW 82.19.010. The department may enter into an interagency agreement with the department of corrections to provide for litter removal in areas that are not accessible to the youth crew;

(b) Twenty percent for grants to local governments for litter cleanup under RCW 70.93.250;

((and

(ii) Not more than sixty))

(c) Thirty percent for the following purposes:

(i) Public education and awareness programs to reduce waste, increase recycling, and to control litter; (programs to promote public education and awareness of the model litter control and recycling act; programs to foster private local recycling efforts, encourage recycling, and develop markets for recyclable materials; and)

(ii) Programs to foster local waste reduction and recycling efforts; and

(iii) To increase compliance with the litter tax imposed in RCW 82.19.010.

(2) All taxes imposed in RCW 82.19.010 and fines and bail forfeitures collected or received pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited in the waste reduction, recycling, and litter control account and used for the programs under subsection (1) of this section, and except as required to be otherwise distributed under RCW 70.93.070.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 was advanced to final passage.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate refuses to grant the request of the House for a conference on HOUSE BILL NO. 1388. The Senate receded from the Senate Committee on Human Services and Corrections striking amendment(s) adopted on April 10, 1997. Under suspension of rules, the bill was returned to second reading for purpose of amendment, and the Senate passed the bill with following attached amendment(s) (1388 AAS 4/24/97 S3291.1),

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 72.65.220 and 1994 c 271 s 1001 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department or a private or public entity under contract with the department may establish or relocate for the operation of a work release or other community-based facility only after public notifications and local public meetings have been completed consistent with this section.
(2) The department and other state agencies ((that have responsibility)) responsible for siting ((the department's)) department-owned, operated, or contracted facilities shall establish a process for early and continuous public participation in establishing or relocating work release or other community-based facilities. This process shall include public meetings in the local communities affected, opportunities for written and oral comments, and wide dissemination of proposals and alternatives((.))
(3) The department may establish or relocate a work release or other community-based facility only after holding local public meetings and providing public notification to local communities consistent with this chapter.
(4) Throughout this process the department shall provide notification to ((b) Notifications required under this section shall be provided to the following:
(i) All newspapers of general circulation in the local area and all local radio stations, television stations, and cable networks((.))
((5) Notice shall also be provided to)) (ii) Appropriate school districts, private schools, kindergartens, city and county libraries, and all other local government offices within a one-half mile radius of the proposed ((facility.)) site or sites;
((6) In addition, the department shall also provide notice to)) (iii) The local chamber of commerce, local economic development agencies, and any other local organizations that request such notification from the department((.)) and
((7) Notification in writing shall be provided to)) (iv) In writing to all residents and/or property owners within a one-half mile radius of the proposed site((.))
(3) When the department contracts for the operation of a work release or other community-based facility that is not owned or operated by the department, the department shall require as part of its contract that the contracting entity comply with all the public notification and public hearing requirements as provided in this section for each located and relocated work release or other community-based facility."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "programs;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 72.65.220."

and the same is herewith transmitted. 

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment(s) to House Bill No. 1388, and advanced the bill to final passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY SENATE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 1388 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Conway and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 1388 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


House Bill No. 1388, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE**

April 24, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate receded from its amendment(s) (1605-S AAS 4/18/97 - #493 ) to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1605. Under suspension of rules, the bill was returned to second reading for purpose of amendment(s). The Senate adopted amendment(s) #514 (1605-S AAS 4/24/97), and passed the bill as amended,

On page 7, beginning on line 16, after "(4)" strike all material through "rule." on line 38, and insert "A law enforcement officer, fire fighter, health care provider, health care facility staff person, department of corrections’ staff person, jail staff person, or other categories of employment determined by the board in rule to be at risk of substantial exposure to HIV, who has experienced a substantial exposure to another person’s bodily fluids in the course of his or her employment, may request a state or local public health officer to order pretest counseling, HIV testing, and posttest counseling for the person whose bodily fluids he or she has been exposed to. If the state or local public health officer refuses to order counseling and testing under this subsection, the person who made the request may petition the superior court for a hearing to determine whether an order shall be issued. The hearing on the petition shall be held within seventy-two hours of filing the petition, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The standard of review to determine whether the public health officer shall be required to issue the order is whether substantial exposure occurred and whether that exposure presents a possible risk of transmission of the HIV virus as defined by the board by rule. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the court shall issue the appropriate order.

The person who is subject to the state or local public health officer’s order to receive counseling and testing shall be given written notice of the order promptly, personally, and
confidentially, stating the grounds and provisions of the order, including the factual basis therefor. If
the person who is subject to the order refuses to comply, the state or local public health officer may
petition the superior court for a hearing. The hearing on the petition shall be held within seventy-two
hours of filing the petition, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays. The standard of review for
the order is whether substantial exposure occurred and whether that exposure presents a possible risk of
transmission of the HIV virus as defined by the board by rule. Upon conclusion of the hearing, the
court shall issue the appropriate order.

The state or local public health officer shall perform counseling and testing under this
subsection if he or she finds that the exposure was substantial and presents a possible risk as defined by
the board of health by rule or if he or she is ordered to do so by a court.

The counseling and testing required under this subsection shall be completed as soon as
possible after the substantial exposure or after an order is issued by a court, but shall begin not later
than seventy-two hours after the substantial exposure or an order is issued by the court.

On page 8, line 5, after "prevention" strike "protocols" and insert "guidelines"

On page 8, line 8, after "The" strike "protocols" and insert "guidelines"

On page 8, line 20, after "prevention" strike "protocols" and insert "guidelines"

On page 8, line 23, after "The" strike "protocols" and insert "guidelines"

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Substitute House
Bill No. 1605, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill
No. 1605 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Radcliff and Ballasiotes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1605 as amended by
the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 95, Nays - 3, Absent - 0,
Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Dunn, Dunshee, Dyer, Fisher, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff,
Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason, Mastin,
McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, O'Brien, Ogden, Parlette, Pennington,
Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler,
Scott, Sehl, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D., Sommers, H., Sterk,
Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria,
Wensman, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 95.


Substitute House Bill No. 1605, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional
majority, was declared passed.
The Senate receded from its striking amendment(s) #411 adopted April 16, 1997, to ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1111. Under suspension of rules, the bill was returned to second reading for purpose of amendment to amendment #411. The Senate adopted amendments #516 and #517 to the original striking amendment #411, and passed the bill as amended.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) If a person placed surface or ground water to beneficial use before January 1, 1993, for irrigation, stock watering, or domestic use supplied by a public water supply system with one hundred fifty or fewer service connections for which a permit or certificate was not issued by the department or its predecessors, the person or the public water supply system, or their respective successors may continue to use water in the amount that has been beneficially used as provided in subsection (3) of this section if:

(a) The person or the public water supply system files with the department a statement of claim during the period beginning September 1, 1997, and ending midnight June 30, 1998, using the standard form prescribed by RCW 90.14.051; and

(b) The person or public water supply system has applied the water to beneficial use to the full extent stated in the statement of claim during at least one of the five years preceding the date the statement is filed and the person attests to having done so on the statement.

(2) The person or public water supply system must file with the statement of claim evidence that the quantity of water described in the claim was used beneficially before January 1, 1993, and during one of the five years preceding the date the statement was filed in the form of any two of the following:

(a) A statement signed by two persons other than the person filing the statement of claim verifying that the claimant beneficially used the water before January 1, 1993, and during one of the five years preceding the date the statement was filed as described in the statement of claim;

(b) A copy of a dated photograph clearly demonstrating the presence of grass or a crop requiring irrigation in the amounts asserted in the statement of claim or of livestock requiring water in such amounts; or records of receipts of the sale of crops by the person or the person's successor indicating that irrigation in the amount claimed was required to produce the crops;

(c) Receipts or records of irrigation or stockwatering equipment purchases or repairs associated with the water use specified in the statement of claim;

(d) Water well construction records identifying the date the well specified in the statement of claim as the point of withdrawal was constructed;

(e) Records of electricity bills directly associated with the withdrawal of water as specified in the statement of claim;

(f) Personal records such as photographs, journals, or correspondence indicating the use of water as asserted in the statement of claim.

(3) Public water supply systems must, in addition to the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, provide evidence of service connections existing and using water as of January 1, 1993, including documentation that the homes were built and occupied.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. If the claimant has not already filed an application for a water right under RCW 90.30.250 or 90.44.060 for the water use stated in the statement of claim, the claimant shall file such an application with the claimant's statement of claim. A claimant who has filed both a statement of claim and an application for a water right has standing to assert a claim of a water right in a general adjudication under RCW 90.03.110 for the water use stated in the statement of claim. The statement of claim shall be reviewed by the court as provided in section 4 of this act.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 3. A person may continue to use water described in the statement of claim until one of the following occurs:

(1) The department makes its final decision granting or denying the water right application filed by the applicant as provided in section 2 of this act, following the completion and adoption of a locally developed water resource watershed plan for the WRIA; or

(2) If the department has not made a final decision on the water right application, a court of competent jurisdiction issues a decree pursuant to a general adjudication under RCW 90.03.200 that defines or denies the claimant’s right to appropriate water as provided in section 4 of this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 4. The department or the court may authorize the continued use of water under section 3 of this act only if the claimant meets the requirements of RCW 90.03.247 through 90.03.330, chapter 90.44 RCW, and RCW 90.54.020. If the department finds that the applicable requirements are met, it shall grant the water right application and issue a certificate under RCW 90.03.330 authorizing the person to use that quantity of water that had been put to beneficial use, not to exceed that quantity requested in the application or documented in the statement of claim under section 1 of this act, whichever is less. If in a general adjudication the court finds that the requirements are met, it shall confirm such use of water in a decree issued under RCW 90.03.200 and the department shall issue a certificate under RCW 90.03.240. The court may not confirm a right in excess of the quantity of water that was applied to beneficial use as documented in the statement of claim under section 1 of this act or the quantity requested in the application for a water right, whichever is less. The priority date of any right issued by the department or confirmed by a court shall be the date a water right application authorizing the use of water was filed with the department.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 5. If the department or the court denies the claimant’s use of water under section 4 of this act, the claimant must cease the use of the water. A decision by the department or a court limiting or denying a claimant’s right to continue using water does not constitute a compensable taking under state or federal law because such claimants have no continuing legal right to use water.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 6. Sections 1 through 8 of this act do not apply to or authorize any use of water that was the subject of a water right application filed with the department, where the department denied such application.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 7. A continuing use of water authorized under sections 1 through 8 of this act shall not affect or impair in any respect whatsoever a water right existing before September 1, 1997. Sections 1 through 8 of this act do not limit the ability of a senior water right holder to take legal action against any other water user to prevent impairment of his or her water right. A right granted under sections 1 through 8 of this act may be junior in every respect to a right with a more senior date of priority. Any right granted under sections 1 through 8 of this act may only be exercised in a manner that does not impair or interfere with a water right that is senior to it. The filing of a statement of claim under this section does not constitute an adjudication of any claim to the right to the use of waters as between the claimant and the state, or as between one or more water use claimants. A statement of claim filed under this section shall be admissible in a general adjudication of water rights as prima facie evidence of the times of use and the quantity of water the claimant was withdrawing or diverting to the same extent as is provided by RCW 90.14.081 for a statement of claim in the water rights claims registry on the effective date of this section.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 8. This section does not apply to ground water in an area that is, during the period established by section 1(2) of this act, the subject of a general adjudication proceeding for water rights in superior court under RCW 90.03.110 through 90.03.245 and the proceeding applies to ground water rights. This section does not apply to surface water in an area that is, during the period established by section 1(2) of this act, the subject of a general adjudication proceeding for water rights in superior court under RCW 90.03.110 through 90.03.245 and the proceeding applies to surface water rights.
NEW SECTION, Sec. 9. Sections 1 through 8 of this act do not apply to rights embodied in a water right permit or certificate issued by the department of ecology or its predecessors, a water right represented by a claim in the water rights claims registry, created under RCW 90.14.111, before September 1, 1997, or a water right exempted from permit and application requirements by RCW 90.44.050.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 10. Sections 1 through 8 of this act do not apply to claims for the use of water in a ground water area or subarea for which a management program adopted by the department by rule and in effect on the effective date of this section establishes acreage expansion limitations for the use of ground water.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 11. Sections 1 through 10 of this act are each added to chapter 90.03 RCW."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "rights;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding new sections to chapter 90.03 RCW."

and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111, and advanced the bill to final passage.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler, Linville, Chandler, Linville and Mastin spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee and Dunshee spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 69, Nays - 29, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:
The Speaker called upon Representative Pennington to preside.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SENATE BILL NO. 5650, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5886, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5574, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5927, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
Message from the Senate

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5327, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

Message from the Senate

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5491, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

Message from the Senate

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5082, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Message from the Senate

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5867, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

Message from the Senate

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate insists on its position regarding the Senate amendment(s) to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1303, and asks the House to concur therein,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments(s) to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1303 and advanced the bill to final passage.

Final passage of House bill as amended by Senate
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 1303 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Hickel, Quall, Hickel and Johnson spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Cole, Veloria and Keiser spoke against passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 1303 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 1303, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

**MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE**

April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refuses to concur in the House amendment(s) to SENATE BILL NO. 5538 and asks the House to recede therefrom,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House receded from its amendment(s) and advanced the bill to final passage.

**FINAL PASSAGE**

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5538 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Ballasiotes and Costa spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5538 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson, Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Sena
tte Bill No. 5538, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SSB 5157 Date: April 25, 1997

Includes "new item": YES

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5157, providing tax exemptions for items obtained to replace weather-damaged items, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that

the House Finance Committee amendment not be adopted, the attached amendment (S3329.2) be adopted, and the bill do pass as amended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 82.08 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 shall not apply to sales of the following:

(a) Labor and services rendered in respect to repairing buildings damaged by a disaster or constructing new buildings to replace buildings destroyed by a disaster, if the buildings are located in a county or Indian nation declared as a federal disaster area eligible for individual assistance during the period November 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997;

(b) Tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of such buildings during the course of repair or construction;

(c) Private automobiles, when replacing a private automobile that was damaged by a disaster occurring during the period November 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and the damaged automobile was registered and licensed under the laws of this state at the time of the disaster.

(2) A person is eligible for exemption under this section if he or she has received a disaster assistance approval letter from the:

(a) Federal emergency management agency for a housing assistance grant to repair a damaged home;

(b) Small business administration for a loan to repair damages to a residential or commercial building; or

(c) Farm service agency for a loan to repair damages to farm property.

(3) A person who receives an individual or family assistance grant from the federal emergency management agency may not claim the exemption granted under this section.

(4) A person who is denied an individual or family assistance grant may claim exemption under this section by obtaining a special disaster assistance certificate. To obtain a special disaster assistance certificate, the person shall present the denial letter to the department by mail or in person. The department shall issue a special disaster assistance certificate to the person if the denial letter indicates that:

(a) Damage to real property or a private automobile occurred;

(b) Damage was due to a disaster;
(c) Loss is not covered by insurance or otherwise compensated by the receipt, or expected receipt, of other forms of disaster assistance from the American Red Cross, Federal Emergency Management Disaster Housing Program, Small Business Administration, or Farm Service Agency; and
(d) Denial is not due to:
   (i) Failure to prove ownership of the real property;
   (ii) Finding that a private automobile was unusable, unregistered, or uninsured as required by state law at the time it was damaged; or
   (iii) Determination that the person, or another member of his or her household, has previously applied for an individual or family assistance grant for the same damage or loss.

(5) At the time of sale, a person claiming this exemption shall:
   (a) Provide the seller with proof of eligibility by presenting either a disaster assistance approval letter or a special disaster assistance certificate;
   (b) Display to the seller a valid Washington state driver’s license or other valid identification card that has a photograph of the holder; and
   (c) Complete an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The exemption certificate must contain the buyer’s name, address, telephone number, and Washington state driver’s license number or identification number. The certificate should also list the items purchased, price of the items, and the date of the purchase.

(6) The seller shall retain the exemption certificate and a copy of either the disaster assistance approval letter or the special disaster assistance certificate for a period of five years.

(7) This section expires July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 82.12 RCW to read as follows:
(1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply with respect to the use, by a person meeting the eligibility criteria of subsection (2) of this section, of the following:
   (a) Tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of buildings during the course of repairing buildings to replace buildings destroyed by a disaster, if the buildings are located in a county or Indian nation declared as a federal disaster area eligible for individual assistance during the period November 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997;
   (b) A private automobile, if the automobile replaces a private automobile that was damaged by a disaster occurring during the period November 1, 1995, through June 30, 1997, and the automobile was registered and licensed under the laws of this state at the time of the disaster.

(2) A person is eligible to claim an exemption under this section if:
   (a) He or she has been approved to receive one or more of the following forms of disaster assistance:
      (i) A housing assistance grant from the Federal Emergency Management Agency to repair a damaged home;
      (ii) A loan from the Small Business Administration to repair damages to a residential or commercial building; or
      (iii) A loan from the Farm Service Agency to repair damages to farm property; or
   (b) The person has obtained a special disaster assistance certificate from the department under the provisions of section 1(4) of this act.

(3) This section expires July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997.

There being no objection, the Conference Committee recommendation was adopted and Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157 was advanced to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL
AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE
The Speaker (Representative Pennington stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Boldt and Dunshee spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of further consideration of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5565.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5565 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was advanced to final passage.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5565.

Representative D. Schmidt spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Scott spoke against passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5565 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 61, Nays - 37, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Anderson, Appelwick, Blalock, Butler, Chopp, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Dickerson, Fisher, Gardner, Grant, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney,
Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5565, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5565 was immediately transmitted to the Senate.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of further consideration of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5074.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5074 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was advanced to final passage.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5074.

Representatives Schoesler, Hatfield, Robertson, Chandler, Thompson, Gardner, Linville, Delvin, Clements and Alexander spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Zellinsky demanded the previous question, and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5074 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 84, Nays - 14, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5074, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 25, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refused to grant the request of the house for a conference on SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2054. The Senate receded from its striking amendment(s) (2054-S2
AAS 4/18/97 - #509) adopted as amended April 18, 1997. Under suspension of rules, the bill was returned to second reading for purpose of amendment(s). The Senate adopted striking amendment(s) #520 as amended by #521, and passed the bill with the following amendments (see attached 2054-S2 AAS 4/25/97),

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"PART I
BASIN PLANS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. The purpose of this chapter is to develop a more thorough and cooperative method of determining what the current water resource situation is in each water resource inventory area of the state and to provide local citizens with the maximum possible input concerning their goals and objectives for water resource management and development.

It is necessary for the legislature to establish processes and policies that will result in providing state agencies with more specific guidance to manage the water resources of the state consistent with current law and direction provided by local entities and citizens through the process established in accordance with this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. The legislature finds that the local development of watershed plans for managing water resources and for protecting existing water rights is vital to both state and local interests. The local development of these plans serves vital local interests by placing it in the hands of people: Who have the greatest knowledge of both the resources and the aspirations of those who live and work in the watershed; and who have the greatest stake in the proper, long-term management of the resources. The development of such plans serves the state’s vital interests by ensuring that the state’s water resources are used wisely, by protecting existing water rights, by protecting instream flows for fish, and by providing for the economic well-being of the state’s citizenry and communities. Therefore, the legislature believes it necessary for units of local government throughout the state to engage in the orderly development of these watershed plans.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Department" means the department of ecology.

(2) "Implementing rules" for a WRIA plan are the rules needed to give force and effect to the parts of the plan that create rights or obligations for any party including a state agency or that establish water management policy.

(3) "Minimum instream flow" means a minimum flow under chapter 90.03 or 90.22 RCW or a base flow under chapter 90.54 RCW.

(4) "WRIA" means a water resource inventory area established in chapter 173-500 WAC as it existed on January 1, 1997.

(5) "Water supply utility" means a water, combined water-sewer, irrigation, reclamation, or public utility district that provides water to persons or other water users within the district or a division or unit responsible for administering a publicly governed water supply system on behalf of a county.

(6) "WRIA plan" or "plan" means the product of the planning unit including any rules adopted in conjunction with the product of the planning unit.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. In order to have the best possible program for appropriating and administering water use in the state, the legislature establishes the following principles and criteria to carry out the purpose and intent of chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act).

(1) All WRIA planning units established under this chapter shall develop a process to assure that water resource user interests and directly involved interest groups at the local level have the opportunity, in a fair and equitable manner, to give input and direction to the process.
If a planning unit requests technical assistance from a state agency as part of its planning activities under this chapter and the assistance is with regard to a subject matter over which the agency has jurisdiction, the state agency shall provide the technical assistance to the planning unit.

Plans developed under chapter . . . Laws of 1997 (this act) shall be consistent with and not duplicative of efforts already under way in a WRIA, including but not limited to watershed analysis conducted under state forest practices statutes and rules.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. (1) Once a WRIA planning unit has been organized and designated a lead agency, it shall notify the department and may apply to the department for funding assistance for conducting the planning. Funds shall be provided from and to the extent of appropriations made by the legislature to the department expressly for this purpose.

(2) Each planning unit that has complied with subsection (1) of this section is eligible to receive fifty thousand dollars for each WRIA to initiate the planning process. The department shall allocate additional funds to WRIA planning units based on need demonstrated by a detailed proposed budget submitted by the planning unit for carrying out the duties of the planning unit. Each WRIA planning unit may receive up to two hundred fifty thousand dollars for each WRIA during the first two-year period of planning, with a maximum allocation of five hundred thousand dollars for each WRIA. Funding provided under this section shall be considered a contractual obligation against the moneys appropriated for this purpose.

(3) Preference shall be given to planning units requesting funding for conducting multi-WRIA planning under section 108 of this act.

(4) The department may retain up to one percent of funds allocated under this section to defray administrative costs.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. (1) This chapter shall not be construed as creating a new cause of action against the state or any county, city, town, water supply utility, conservation district, or planning unit.

(2) Notwithstanding RCW 4.92.090, 4.96.010, and 64.40.020, no claim for damages may be filed against the state or any county, city, town, water supply utility, tribal governments, conservation district, or planning unit that or member of a planning unit who participates in a WRIA planning unit for performing responsibilities under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. (1)(a) Except as provided in section 108 of this act for multi-WRIA planning, the county with the largest area within the boundaries of a WRIA, the city obtaining the largest amount of water from the WRIA, and the largest water supply utility in the WRIA may jointly and unanimously choose to initiate water resource planning for the WRIA under this chapter. If the initiating group so chooses, it shall make application to the department of ecology to declare its intent to conduct watershed planning. Upon making application to the department, the initiating group shall notify the counties, cities, water supply utilities, tribal governments, and conservation districts with territory within the WRIA that these groups are to meet to appoint their members of the WRIA planning unit. The initiating group may consult with the department regarding the initiation of watershed planning. For the purposes of this section and sections 108 and 112 of this act, a county is considered to have territory within a WRIA only if the territory of the county located in the WRIA constitutes at least fifteen percent of the area of the WRIA. For conducting planning under this chapter, the county with the largest area within the boundaries of the WRIA is the lead agency for the WRIA planning, except as provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection and section 108 of this act for multi-WRIA planning.

(b) When the counties of a WRIA have convened jointly to make appointments to the planning unit, they may, by a majority vote, choose as the lead agency for WRIA planning any governmental entity in the WRIA. Such a governmental entity shall act as the lead agency for this purpose if it agrees in writing to accept the designation.

(c) For a WRIA located within Pierce, King, Snohomish, or Spokane county, the lead agency shall be the water purveyor that is using the largest amount of water from the WRIA unless the water
supply utility notifies in writing the county with the largest area in the WRIA that it chooses not to be
the lead agency. Such notice shall be provided within ten working days.

(2) In a WRIA where water resource planning efforts have commenced before the effective
date of this section, such as but not limited to the Kettle river WRIA, the county legislative authorities
with territory within the WRIA in accordance with subsection (1) of this section may, by majority vote,
choose to adopt the existing planning unit membership for purposes of planning under chapter . . . ,
Laws of 1997 (this act).

Nothing in chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act) shall affect ongoing efforts to develop new
resources and the sharing of existing resources. No moratorium may be imposed on water resource
decision making by the department solely because of ongoing planning efforts or the absence of a plan
or planning effort. Any new planning units formed under this act shall recognize efforts already in
progress.

(3)(a) One WRIA planning unit shall be appointed for the WRIA as provided by this section or
for a multi-WRIA area as provided by section 108 of this act for multi-WRIA planning. The planning
unit shall be composed of:

(i) One member representing each county with territory in the WRIA appointed by the county;
(ii) One member representing cities for each county with territory in the WRIA appointed by
the cities within that county;
(iii) One member representing water supply utilities for each county with territory within the
WRIA, appointed jointly by the three largest water supply utilities in the county;
(iv) One member representing all conservation districts with territory within the WRIA
appointed jointly by those districts;
(v) Three members representing various special interest groups appointed jointly by the cities
with territory within the WRIA; and six members representing various special interest groups appointed
jointly by the counties with territory within the WRIA;
(vi) One member representing the general citizenry appointed jointly by the cities with territory
within the WRIA;
(vii) Three members representing the general citizenry appointed jointly by the counties with
territory in the WRIA, of which at least one shall be a holder of a water right certificate and at least
one shall be a holder of a water right for which a statement of claim was in the state's water rights
claims registry before January 1, 1997;
(viii) If one or more federal Indian reservations are located in whole or in part within the
boundaries of the WRIA, the planning unit shall extend an invitation to the tribal government of each
reservation to appoint one member representing that tribal government; and
(ix) Three members representing state agencies including the secretary of the department of
transportation or the secretary’s designee, the director of the department of fish and wildlife or the
director’s designee, and the director of the department of ecology or the director’s designee. The three
members representing state government shall have a single vote representing state agency interests.

(b) In addition, for a WRIA located within Pierce, King, Snohomish, or Spokane county, one
representative of the water purveyor using the largest amount of water from the WRIA shall be a
voting member of the planning unit whether the principal offices of the purveyor are or are not located
within the WRIA.

(4) Except for a person appointed under subsection (3)(a)(ix) or (b) of this section, each person
appointed to a WRIA planning unit shall have been a resident and a property owner of the WRIA for at
least three years. No state employees or state officials other than members appointed under subsection
(3)(a)(ix) of this section may be appointed to the planning unit. In appointing persons to the WRIA
planning unit representing special interest groups, the counties and cities shall consider industrial water
users, general businesses, hydroelectric and thermal power producers, and irrigated agriculture,
nonirrigated agriculture, forestry, recreation, environmental, and fisheries interest groups and other
groups with interests in the WRIA.

(5)(a) In voting to appoint the members of a WRIA planning unit, to select a lead agency for
water resource planning under section 107 or 108 of this act, to approve a WRIA plan under section
112 of this act, or to request or concur with a request for multi-WRIA planning under section 108 of
this act, each county with territory within the WRIA shall have three votes, divided equally among the
members of the county's legislative authority and these actions shall be made by majority vote based on the votes allocated under this section. In voting to appoint members of a WRIA planning unit: Each city with territory within the WRIA shall have one vote and appointments shall be made by majority vote of such cities; each water supply utility other than those of a city or town with territory within the WRIA shall have one vote and appointments shall be made by majority vote of such districts; and each conservation district with territory within the WRIA shall have one vote and appointments shall be made by majority vote of such districts. All appointments shall be made within sixty days of the date the appointing authorities other than the counties are notified to convene to make appointments or the appointments shall be made by the counties with territory in the WRIA in the same manner the counties make other appointments.

(b) The members appointed to the WRIA planning unit under subsection (3)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this section may, within thirty days, by unanimous vote, increase the number of members of the planning unit appointed under subsection (3)(a)(v), (vi), and (vii) of this section by up to five members. Appointment of additional members to the planning unit shall be made within thirty days from the date of application to the department under subsection (1)(a) of this section.

(c) A vacancy on the planning unit shall be filled by appointment in the same manner prescribed for appointing the position that has become vacant. The planning unit shall convene and begin work as soon as two-thirds of the number of persons eligible to be members of the planning unit have been appointed. All positions must be filled within thirty days of the convening of the planning unit. The unit shall not interrupt its work to await additional original appointments or appointments to fill any vacancies that may occur in its membership.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. (1) The counties with territory in a WRIA, the city obtaining the largest quantity of water from the WRIA, and the largest water supply utility in the WRIA may jointly and unanimously elect to initiate multi-WRIA planning. If this initiating group so chooses, the initiating group shall notify the counties, cities, water supply utilities, tribal governments, and conservation districts with territory within the multi-WRIA area that these groups are to meet to appoint their members of the multi-WRIA area planning unit.

(a) The planning unit shall be composed of:

(i) One member representing each county with territory in the multi-WRIA area appointed by that county;

(ii) One member representing cities for each county with territory in the multi-WRIA area appointed by the cities within that county;

(iii) One member representing water supply utilities for each county with territory within the multi-WRIA area appointed jointly by the three water supply utilities in each county;

(iv) Up to two members, as that number is determined by the districts, representing all conservation districts with territory within the multi-WRIA area and appointed jointly by those districts;

(v) Three members representing various special interest groups appointed jointly by the cities with territory within the multi-WRIA area; and six members representing various special interest groups appointed jointly by the counties with territory within the multi-WRIA area;

(vi) One member representing the general citizenry appointed jointly by the cities with territory within the multi-WRIA area;

(vii) Three members representing the general citizenry appointed jointly by the counties with territory in the multi-WRIA area, of which at least one shall be a holder of a water right certificate and at least one shall be a holder of a water right for which a statement of claim was in the state's water rights claims registry before January 1, 1997;

(viii) If one or more federal Indian reservations are located in whole or in part within the boundaries of the multi-WRIA area, the planning unit shall extend an invitation to the tribal government of each reservation to appoint one member representing that tribal government; and

(ix) Three members representing state agencies including the secretary of the department of transportation or the secretary's designee, the director of the department of fish and wildlife or the director's designee, and the director of the department of ecology or the director's designee. The three members representing state government shall have a single vote representing state agency interests.
(b) In addition, for a multi-WRIA planning unit located within Pierce, King, Snohomish, or Spokane county, one representative of the water purveyor using the largest amount of water from the multi-WRIA area shall be a voting member of the planning unit whether the principal offices of the purveyor are or are not located within the multi-WRIA area.

(c) Except for a person appointed under (a)(ix) or (b) of this subsection, each person appointed to a multi-WRIA planning unit shall have been a resident and property owner within the multi-WRIA area for at least three years. No state employees or state officials other than members appointed under (a)(ix) of this subsection may be appointed to the planning unit. In appointing persons to the multi-WRIA planning unit representing special interest groups the counties and cities shall consider industrial water users, general businesses, hydroelectric and thermal power producers, and irrigated agriculture, nonirrigated agriculture, forestry, recreation, environmental, and fisheries interest groups and other groups with interests in the multi-WRIA area.

(2) In a multi-WRIA area where water resource planning efforts have commenced before the effective date of this section, such as but not limited to the Kettle river WRIA, the county legislative authorities with territory within the WRIA in accordance with subsection (1) of this section may, by majority vote, choose to adopt the existing planning unit membership for purposes of planning under chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act).

Nothing in this act shall affect ongoing efforts to develop new resources and the sharing of existing resources. No moratorium may be imposed on water resource decision making by the department solely because of ongoing planning efforts or the absence of a plan or planning effort. Any new planning units formed under this act shall recognize efforts already in progress.

(3)(a) The counties in the multi-WRIA area shall select, by a majority vote, a governmental entity in the multi-WRIA area to act as lead agency for water resource planning in the multi-WRIA area under this chapter. Such an entity shall serve as the lead agency if it agrees in writing to do so. All appointments shall be made within sixty days of the date the lead agency in the multi-WRIA area notifies the other appointing authorities to convene to make appointments or the appointments shall be made by the counties with territory in the multi-WRIA area in the same manner the counties make other appointments.

(b) The members appointed to the WRIA planning unit under subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), and (iii) of this section may, within thirty days, by unanimous vote, increase the number of members of the planning unit appointed under subsection (1)(a)(v), (vi), and (vii) of this section by up to five members. Appointment of additional members to the planning unit shall be made within thirty days from the date of application to the department to initiate planning.

(c) A vacancy on the planning unit shall be filled by appointment in the same manner prescribed for appointing the position that has become vacant. The planning unit shall convene and begin work as soon as two-thirds of the number of persons eligible to be members of the planning unit have been appointed. All positions must be filled within thirty days of the convening of the planning unit. The unit shall not interrupt its work to await additional original appointments or appointments to fill any vacancies that may occur in its membership.

(4) A planning unit for a multi-WRIA area shall perform all of the functions assigned by this chapter to a WRIA planning unit and is subject to all of the provisions of this chapter that apply to a WRIA planning unit.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. The lead agency shall provide staff support from resources provided for planning under chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act) and from other sources, including but not limited to sources provided under section 113 of this act, for the work of the WRIA planning unit. Each WRIA planning unit may establish its own methods of operation that are consistent with this chapter and may establish methods for reviewing the operations of its lead agency. No planning unit appointed or selected under this chapter may possess or exercise the power of eminent domain. No planning unit appointed or selected under this chapter may take any action that affects in any manner a general adjudication proceeding for water rights, completed or ongoing. Each WRIA planning unit is encouraged to: Consider information and plans that may have been previously developed by other entities in establishing water resource management plans for the WRIA; consider existing data regarding water resources in the WRIA; and, for a WRIA that borders another state, cooperate with
local government counterparts in the adjacent state regarding water resource planning. Water resource plans developed under this chapter for a WRIA may not interfere in any manner with a general adjudication of water rights, completed or ongoing. Such a WRIA plan may not in any manner impair or diminish with a water right that exists before the adoption of the plan by the department under section 112 of this act.

All meetings of a WRIA planning unit shall be conducted as public meetings as required for such meetings by the open public meetings act, chapter 42.30 RCW. Some time shall be set aside at the end of each meeting of a WRIA planning unit for public comments. Each planning unit shall establish procedures to be followed by the unit in making decisions. The objective to be sought by the planning unit in making decisions is to reach agreement among its members on the decisions. Decisions by a two-thirds majority vote may be used if the unit has found that attempts at achieving full agreement have not been successful.

No person who is a member of a WRIA planning unit may designate another to act on behalf of the person as a member or to attend as a member a meeting of the unit on behalf of the person. If a member of a WRIA planning unit is absent from more than five meetings of the WRIA planning unit that constitute twenty percent or more of the meetings that have been conducted by the planning unit while the person is a member of the unit and these absences have not been excused as provided by this section, the member’s position on the WRIA planning unit is to be considered vacant. A person’s absence from a meeting may be excused: By the chair of the planning unit if a written request to do so is received by the chair before the meeting from which the member is to be absent; or by a majority vote of the members of the planning unit at the meeting during which the member is absent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. (1) Each WRIA planning unit shall develop a water resource plan. The plan must address the elements listed in subsection (2) of this section and may include other elements added by the planning unit. Once organized, the first task of the planning unit is to prioritize these elements regarding their importance in the WRIA and in developing a water resource plan for the WRIA. A plan shall not be developed such that its provisions (a) are in conflict with state statute or federal law; (b) impair or diminish in any manner a water right existing before its adoption; (c) are inconsistent with the construction, operation, or maintenance of a federal reclamation project; or (d) are inconsistent with an instream flow or condition established for hydroelectric power project licensed under the federal power act. No aspect of the plan may establish standards for water quality or regulate water quality in any manner whatsoever.

(2) The plan must include the following:
(a) An assessment of water supply and use in the WRIA, including:
   (i) A quantitative estimation of the amount of surface and ground water present in the planning unit, using United States geological survey information and other existing sources of information;
   (ii) A quantitative estimation using existing sources of information, of the amount of precipitation and surface and ground water available, using available technologies, collectively for both current and future water uses, including for instream purposes and for withdrawal or diversion;
   (iii) A quantitative estimation using existing sources of information, of the amount of surface and ground water actually being used, and the months of peak and minimum use, both in-stream and by withdrawal, for agricultural, industrial, fisheries, recreational, environmental, municipal, and residential purposes, and including amounts claimed, permitted, or certificated for future municipal needs; and
   (iv) A quantitative estimation of the amount of water, approximately, that is represented by amounts in claims in the water rights claims registry, in water use permits, in certificated rights, and in rules establishing instream flows;
(b) A quantitative description of future water-based instream and out-of-stream needs in the planning unit, based on projected population and agricultural and other economic growth. That is, an identification of the water needed collectively for use for agricultural, fisheries, recreational, environmental, industrial, municipal, and residential purposes. If a federal reclamation project is providing water for reclamation purposes within the WRIA or multi-WRIA area, federal reclamation water use requirements shall be those for project lands within the WRIA or multi-WRIA area;
(c) Instream flows.
(i) Except for the main stem of the Columbia river or the main stem of the Snake river, a planning unit may propose minimum instream flows or lake levels as part of its plan for other rivers and streams in its WRIA or multi-WRIA area.

(ii) The planning unit, by unanimous recorded vote of all voting members, may set specific minimum instream flows or lake levels, and such flows or levels shall be adopted by rule of the department.

(iii) If the planning unit is unable to approve specific minimum instream flows or levels unanimously, such flows or levels may be submitted as a recommended minimum instream flow or level in the WRIA plan for consideration by the department. Such recommendations must be approved by a two-thirds majority vote of the voting members of the planning unit.

(iv) Minimum instream flows or lake levels proposed under this subsection may not conflict with flow requirements or conditions in effect under a license issued under the federal power act.

(v) The planning unit may propose adjustments to minimum instream flows or lake levels that have been set by rule before the adoption of the planning unit’s plan and will propose minimum instream flows or lake levels as part of the plan for the other rivers, streams, and lakes for which it determines the establishment of flows or levels to be appropriate in the WRIA, or in the multi-WRIA area for multi-WRIA planning under section 108 of this act.

(vi) The planning unit, by unanimous recorded vote of all voting members, may adjust established minimum instream flows or lake levels, and such flows or levels shall be adopted by rule of the department.

(vii) If the planning unit is unable to approve such adjustments unanimously, such flows or levels may be submitted as a recommended adjustment to established minimum instream flows or lake levels in the WRIA plan for consideration by the department. Such recommendations must be approved by a two-thirds majority vote of the voting members of the planning unit.

(viii) A minimum instream flow or lake level set for a body of water in a WRIA plan adopted by the department under section 112 of this act supersedes any minimum flow or level or base flow or any other such flow or level previously established for the body of water by the department;

(d) A quantitative description of the ground water and of the surface water available for further appropriation including water that may be obtained through reuse. As used in this subsection (2)(d), "available" means available on the date the plan takes effect as a rule under section 112 of this act;

(e) An identification of known areas that provide for the recharge of aquifers from the surface and areas where aquifers recharge surface bodies of water;

(f) Strategies for increasing water supplies in the WRIA, including:

(i) Water conservation and reuse measures; and

(ii) Storage enhancements, including modifications to existing reservoirs, new reservoirs, and underground storage. Any quantity of water made available under these strategies is a quantity that is in addition to the water declared available for appropriation under (d) of this subsection; and

(g) An identification of areas where voluntary water-related habitat improvement projects or voluntary transactions providing for the purchase of water-related habitat or water-related habitat easements would provide the greatest benefit to habitat in the WRIA, and a prioritization of the areas based on their potential for providing such benefits. The purpose of this element of the plan is to provide a means of coordinating nonregulatory, voluntary efforts for improving water-related habitat in the WRIA.

(3) Upon request the department shall assist the planning unit in drafting proposed implementing rules for the elements of the plan over which the department has authority. The draft rules shall accompany the plan as it is reviewed under the provisions of this chapter.

(4) A plan shall not be developed under this chapter to require directly or indirectly the implementation of laws, rules, or programs that are designed primarily to control water pollution or discharges of pollutants to water, to regulate effluent discharges or wastewater treatment systems or facilities, or to establish or require the achievement of water quality standards, including but not limited to chapter 90.48 RCW and rules adopted under chapter 90.48 RCW, the national pollutant discharge elimination system permit program, and the state waste discharge permit program.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 111. (1) Water resource management plans developed pursuant to the process in this chapter and subsequently adopted by the department under section 112 of this act are presumed valid. This presumption shall apply in any petition or action filed against a plan.

(2) Any action taken by a state agency regarding water resources within a WRIA for which a plan has been adopted under section 112 of this act and any planning conducted by a state agency regarding water resources within a WRIA for which a plan has been adopted under section 112 of this act shall be taken or conducted in a manner that is consistent with the plan. All actions and decisions of the department regarding water resources in the WRIA shall be consistent with and based upon such an adopted plan for the WRIA. Any other authority of the department exercised within the WRIA regarding water resources shall be exercised in a manner that is consistent with such an adopted plan.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 112. (1) Upon completing a proposed water resource plan for the WRIA, the WRIA planning unit shall publish notice of and conduct at least one public hearing in the WRIA on the proposed plan. The planning unit shall take care to provide notice of the hearing throughout the WRIA or multi-WRIA area. As a minimum, it shall publish a notice of the hearing in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the WRIA or multi-WRIA area. After considering the public comments presented at the hearing or hearings, the planning unit shall submit a copy of its proposed plan to the department and to the tribal council of each reservation with territory within the WRIA.

(2)(a) The department shall provide advice as to any specific subsections or sections of the plan that the department believes to be in conflict with state statute or federal law and may provide other recommendations regarding the plan. The department shall transmit its advice and recommendations regarding the plan to the WRIA planning unit within sixty days of receiving it for review.

(b) The tribal council may review and provide comments and recommendations to the planning unit within sixty days of the receipt of the plan.

(3) The WRIA planning unit shall consider each recommendation provided under subsection (2) of this section. The planning unit may adopt such a recommendation or provide changes to respond to the advice of the department and the tribal council by a two-thirds majority vote of the members of the planning unit.

The WRIA planning unit shall approve a water resource plan for the WRIA by a two-thirds majority vote of the members of the planning unit. An approved plan shall be submitted to the counties with territory within the WRIA for adoption. If a WRIA planning unit receives funding for WRIA or multi-WRIA planning under section 105 of this act and does not approve a plan for submission to the counties within four years of the date the planning unit receives the first of that funding from the department for the planning, the department shall develop and adopt a water resource plan for the WRIA or multi-WRIA area.

(4) The legislative authority of each of the counties with territory within the WRIA shall provide public notice for and conduct at least one public hearing on the WRIA plan submitted to the county under this section. The counties shall take care to provide notice of the hearings throughout the WRIA or multi-WRIA area. As a minimum, they shall publish a notice of the hearings in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the WRIA or multi-WRIA area. After the public hearings, the legislative authorities of these counties shall convene in joint session to consider the plan. The counties may approve or reject the plan, but may not amend the plan. Approval of a plan, or of recommendations for a plan that is not approved, shall be made by a majority vote of the members of the various legislative authorities of the counties with territory in the WRIA based on the votes allocated under section 107 of this act.

If the plan is not approved, it shall be returned to the WRIA planning unit with recommendations for revisions. Any revised plan and implementing rules prepared by the planning unit shall be submitted to the department and to the counties as provided by this section for WRIA water resource plans generally.

(5) If the plan and implementing rules are approved by the members of the legislative authorities, the plan shall be transmitted to the department for adoption. The department shall adopt such an approved WRIA water resource plan through the adopting of implementing rules. The department has no discretion to amend or reject the plan or implementing rules except those
recommendations provided in section 110(2)(c) (iii) or (vii) of this act. A copy of the implementing rules and notice of its adoption as rules shall be published in the state register under chapter 34.05 RCW. The public hearing required by chapter 34.05 RCW shall be deemed to have been satisfied by public hearings held by county legislative authorities.

(6) If the department finds that an element of a WRIA plan is in conflict with state statute or federal law and the planning unit does not remove the conflict created by the element from its plan, the department and the planning unit shall submit the conflict to mediation. If mediation does not resolve the conflict within sixty days, the department shall file a petition for declaratory judgment in the superior court to determine whether the element is or is not in conflict with state statute or federal law. The petition shall be filed in the superior court in the county with the largest area in the WRIA or multi-WRIA area governed by the plan. The counties that approved the plan shall be named as parties to the proceeding. The superior court shall review the potential conflict under the error of law standard. If the superior court finds that an element of the plan is in conflict with state statute or federal law, that element of the plan shall be invalid. Decisions on such petitions are reviewable as in other civil cases. This subsection shall not be construed as establishing such state liability for any other element of the plan adopted as rules.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 113. The WRIA planning units may accept grants, funds, and other financing, as well as enter into cooperative agreements with private and public entities for planning assistance and funding.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 114. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall rule in a timely manner upon complete applications to appropriate public surface and ground water. For complete applications that seek to appropriate water from within a WRIA for which a WRIA plan has been adopted, the department shall grant or deny the application within one hundred eighty days of the date the properly completed application is filed with the department, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section. For applications filed after July 1, 1999, that seek to appropriate water from within a WRIA for which no WRIA plan has been adopted, the department shall grant or deny the application within one year of the date the properly completed application is filed with the department, except as provided in subsection (2) of this section. The times allowed in this section to rule upon an application shall not include the time it takes the applicant to respond to an explicit request for additional information reasonably required to make a determination on the application. The department shall be allowed only one such request for additional information. The cost of obtaining such information shall be reasonable in relation to the quantity and value of the water right applied for. Once the applicant responds to an information request, the stay of the time allowed for the permit decision shall end.

(2) If a detailed statement, generally referred to as an environmental impact statement, must be prepared under chapter 43.21C RCW for or in regard to an application to appropriate water, the department shall grant or deny the application within ninety days of the date the final environmental impact statement is available from the official responsible for it under chapter 43.21C RCW.

(3) The department shall report by January 1, 1999, to the legislature on the status of processing applications under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 115. A new section is added to chapter 34.05 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Once a plan has been adopted by the counties in the WRIA under section 112 of this act and the plan has been submitted to the department of ecology, the department shall file implementing rules for the plan with the code reviser along with an order adopting the implementing rules. The code reviser shall cause the order and the implementing rules to be published in the Washington state register in the manner provided for the adoption of final rules and shall incorporate the implementing rules into the Washington Administrative Code. No other aspect of this chapter that establishes procedures for the adoption of rules applies to the adoption of the plan by the department.

(2) For the purposes of this section, "WRIA" has the meaning established in section 103 of this act.
Sec. 116. RCW 90.54.040 and 1997 c ... s 2 (Senate Bill 5029) are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Consistent with chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (this act) the department, through the adoption of appropriate rules, is directed, as a matter of high priority to insure that the waters of the state are utilized for the best interests of the people, to develop and implement in accordance with the policies of this chapter a comprehensive state water resources program which will provide a process for making decisions on future water resource allocation and use. The department may develop the program in segments so that immediate attention may be given to waters of a given physioeconomic region of the state or to specific critical problems of water allocation and use.

(2) In relation to the management and regulatory programs relating to water resources vested in it, the department is further directed to modify existing regulations and adopt new regulations, when needed and possible, to insure that existing regulatory programs are in accord with the water resource policy of this chapter and the program established in subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The department is directed to review all statutes relating to water resources which it is responsible for implementing. When any of the same appear to the department to be ambiguous, unclear, unworkable, unnecessary, or otherwise deficient, it shall make recommendations to the legislature including appropriate proposals for statutory modifications or additions. Whenever it appears that the policies of any such statutes are in conflict with the policies of this chapter, and the department is unable to fully perform as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the department is directed to submit statutory modifications to the legislature which, if enacted, would allow the department to carry out such statutes in harmony with this chapter.

PART II
STORAGE

Sec. 201. RCW 90.54.020 and 1989 c 348 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Utilization and management of the waters of the state shall be guided by the following general declaration of fundamentals:

(1) Uses of water for domestic, stock watering, industrial, commercial, agricultural, irrigation, hydroelectric power production, mining, fish and wildlife maintenance and enhancement, recreational, and thermal power production purposes, and preservation of environmental and aesthetic values, and all other uses compatible with the enjoyment of the public waters of the state, are declared to be beneficial.

(2) Allocation of waters among potential uses and users shall be based generally on the securing of the maximum net benefits for the people of the state. Maximum net benefits shall constitute total benefits less costs including opportunities lost.

(3) The quality of the natural environment shall be protected and, where possible, enhanced as follows:

(a) Perennial rivers and streams of the state shall be retained with base flows necessary to provide for preservation of wildlife, fish, scenic, aesthetic and other environmental values, and navigational values. Lakes and ponds shall be retained substantially in their natural condition. Withdrawals of water which would conflict therewith shall be authorized only in those situations where it is clear that overriding considerations of the public interest will be served.

(b) Waters of the state shall be of high quality. Regardless of the quality of the waters of the state, all wastes and other materials and substances proposed for entry into said waters shall be provided with all known, available, and reasonable methods of treatment prior to entry. Notwithstanding that standards of quality established for the waters of the state would not be violated, wastes and other materials and substances shall not be allowed to enter such waters which will reduce the existing quality thereof, except in those situations where it is clear that overriding considerations of the public interest will be served. Technology-based effluent limitations or standards for discharges for municipal water treatment plants located on the Chehalis, Columbia, Cowlitz, Lewis, or Skagit river shall be adjusted to reflect credit for substances removed from the plant intake water if:

(i) The municipality demonstrates that the intake water is drawn from the same body of water into which the discharge is made; and
(ii) The municipality demonstrates that no violation of receiving water quality standards or appreciable environmental degradation will result.

(4) The development of multipurpose water storage facilities shall be a high priority for programs of water allocation, planning, management, and efficiency. The department, other state agencies, local governments, and planning units formed under section 107 or 108 of this act shall evaluate the potential for the development of new storage projects and the benefits and effects of storage in reducing damage to stream banks and property, increasing the use of land, providing water for municipal, industrial, agricultural, power generation, and other beneficial uses, and improving stream flow regimes for fisheries and other instream uses.

(5) Adequate and safe supplies of water shall be preserved and protected in potable condition to satisfy human domestic needs.

(6) Multiple-purpose impoundment structures are to be preferred over single-purpose structures. Due regard shall be given to means and methods for protection of fishery resources in the planning for and construction of water impoundment structures and other artificial obstructions.

(7) Federal, state, and local governments, individuals, corporations, groups and other entities shall be encouraged to carry out practices of conservation as they relate to the use of the waters of the state. In addition to traditional development approaches, improved water use efficiency and conservation shall be emphasized in the management of the state’s water resources and in some cases will be a potential new source of water with which to meet future needs throughout the state.

(8) Development of water supply systems, whether publicly or privately owned, which provide water to the public generally in regional areas within the state shall be encouraged. Development of water supply systems for multiple domestic use which will not serve the public generally shall be discouraged where water supplies are available from water systems serving the public.

(9) Full recognition shall be given in the administration of water allocation and use programs to the natural interrelationships of surface and ground waters.

(10) Expressions of the public interest will be sought at all stages of water planning and allocation discussions.

(11) Water management programs, including but not limited to, water quality, flood control, drainage, erosion control and storm runoff are deemed to be in the public interest.

Sec. 202. RCW 90.54.180 and 1989 c 348 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
Consistent with the fundamentals of water resource policy set forth in this chapter, state and local governments, individuals, corporations, groups and other entities shall be encouraged to carry out water use efficiency and conservation programs and practices consistent with the following:

(1) Water efficiency and conservation programs should utilize an appropriate mix of economic incentives, cost share programs, regulatory programs, and technical and public information efforts. Programs which encourage voluntary participation are preferred.

(2) Increased water use efficiency should receive consideration as a potential source of water in state and local water resource planning processes. In determining the cost-effectiveness of alternative water sources, consideration should be given to the benefits of conservation, including waste water recycling, and storage of waters.

(3) In determining the cost-effectiveness of alternative water sources, full consideration should be given to the benefits of storage which can reduce the damage to stream banks and property, increase the utilization of land, provide water for municipal, industrial, agricultural, and other beneficial uses, provide for the generation of electric power from renewable resources, and improve stream flow regimes for fishery and other instream uses.

(4) Entities receiving state financial assistance for construction of water source expansion or acquisition of new sources shall develop, and implement if cost-effective, a water use efficiency and conservation element of a water supply plan pursuant to RCW 43.20.230(1).

(5) State programs to improve water use efficiency should focus on those areas of the state in which water is overappropriated; areas that experience diminished streamflows or aquifer levels; and areas where projected water needs, including those for instream flows, exceed available supplies.
Existing and future generations of citizens of the state of Washington should be made aware of the importance of the state’s water resources and the need for wise and efficient use and development of this vital resource. In order to increase this awareness, state agencies should integrate public education on increasing water use efficiency into existing public information efforts. This effort shall be coordinated with other levels of government, including local governments and Indian tribes.

PART III
GENERAL ADJUDICATIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:
The legislature finds that the lack of certainty regarding water rights within a water resource basin may impede management and planning for water resources. The legislature further finds that planning units conducting water resource planning under chapter 90.-- RCW (sections 101 through 113 of this act) may find that the certainty provided by a general adjudication of water rights under this chapter is required for water planning or water management in a water resource inventory area or in a portion of the area. Therefore, such planning units may petition the department to conduct such a general adjudication and the department shall give high priority to such a request in initiating any such general adjudications under this chapter.

PART IV
WATER PURVEYORS

Sec. 401. RCW 90.03.383 and 1991 c 350 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The legislature recognizes the value of interties for improving the reliability of public water systems, enhancing their management, and more efficiently utilizing the increasingly limited resource. Given the continued growth in the most populous areas of the state, the increased complexity of public water supply management, and the trend toward regional planning and regional solutions to resource issues, interconnections of public water systems through interties provide a valuable tool to ensure reliable public water supplies for the citizens of the state. Public water systems have been encouraged in the past to utilize interties to achieve public health and resource management objectives. The legislature finds that it is in the public interest to recognize interties existing and in use as of January 1, 1991, and to have associated water rights modified by the department of ecology to reflect current use of water through those interties, pursuant to subsection (3) of this section. The legislature further finds it in the public interest to develop a coordinated process to review proposals for interties commencing use after January 1, 1991.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the following definitions shall apply:
(a) "Interties" are interconnections between public water systems permitting exchange, acquisition, or delivery of wholesale and/or retail water between those systems for other than emergency supply purposes, where such exchange, acquisition, or delivery is within established instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the systems’ existing water right permits or certificates, or contained in claims filed pursuant to chapter 90.14 RCW, and which results in better management of public water supply consistent with existing rights and obligations. Interties include interconnections between public water systems permitting exchange, acquisition, or delivery of water to serve as primary or secondary sources of supply (but do not include development of new sources of supply to meet future demand) and the development of new sources of supply to meet future demands if the water system or systems receiving water through such an intertie make efficient use of existing sources of water supply and the provision of water through such an intertie is consistent with local land use plans. For this purpose, a system’s full compliance with the state department of health’s conservation guidelines for such systems is deemed efficient use.

(b) "Service area" is the area designated as the wholesale and/or retail area in a water system plan or a coordinated water system plan pursuant to chapter 43.20 or 70.116 RCW respectively. When a public water system does not have a designated service area subject to the approval process of those chapters, the service area shall be the designated place of use contained in the water right permit or certificate, or contained in the claim filed pursuant to chapter 90.14 RCW.
(3)(a) Public water systems with interties existing and in use as of January 1, 1991, or that have received written approval from the department of health prior to that date, shall file written notice of those interties with the department of health and the department of ecology. The notice may be incorporated into the public water system’s five-year update of its water system plan, but shall be filed no later than June 30, 1996. The notice shall identify the location of the intertie; the dates of its first use; the purpose, capacity, and current use; the intertie agreement of the parties and the service areas assigned; and other information reasonably necessary to modify the public water system’s water right (permit). Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 90.03.380 and 90.44.100, for public water systems with interties existing and in use or with written approval as of January 1, 1991, the department of ecology, upon receipt of notice meeting the requirements of this subsection, shall, as soon as practicable, modify the place of use descriptions in the water right permits, certificates, or claims to reflect the actual use through such interties, provided that the place of use is within service area designations established in a water system plan approved pursuant to chapter 43.20 RCW, or a coordinated water system plan approved pursuant to chapter 70.116 RCW, and further provided that the water used is within the instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the water right permits and that no outstanding complaints of impairment to existing water rights have been filed with the department of ecology prior to September 1, 1991. Where such complaints of impairment have been received, the department of ecology shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve them in a timely manner through agreement of the parties or through available administrative remedies.

(b) An intertie meeting the requirements of this subsection (3) for modifying the place of use description in a water right permit, certificate, or claim may be used to its full design or built capacity within the most recently approved retail or wholesale or retail and wholesale service area, without further approval under this section and without regard to the capacity actually used before January 1, 1991.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 90.03.380 and 90.44.100, exchange, acquisition, or delivery of water through interties approved by the department of health commencing use after January 1, 1991, shall be permitted when the intertie improves overall system reliability, enhances the manageability of the systems, provides opportunities for conjunctive use, or delays or avoids the need to develop new water sources, and otherwise meets the requirements of this section, provided that each public water system’s water use shall not exceed the instantaneous or annual withdrawal rate specified in its water right authorization, shall not adversely affect existing water rights, and shall not be inconsistent with state-approved plans such as water system plans or other plans which include specific proposals for construction of interties. Interties approved and commencing use after January 1, 1991, shall not be inconsistent with regional water resource plans developed pursuant to chapter 90.54 RCW or chapter 90.-- RCW (sections 101 through 113 of this act).

(5) For public water systems subject to the approval process of chapter 43.20 RCW or chapter 70.116 RCW, proposals for interties commencing use after January 1, 1991, shall be incorporated into water system plans pursuant to chapter 43.20 RCW or coordinated water system plans pursuant to chapter 70.116 RCW and submitted to the department of health and the department of ecology for review and approval as provided for in subsections (5) through (9) of this section. The plan shall state how the proposed intertie will improve overall system reliability, enhance the manageability of the systems, provide opportunities for conjunctive use, or delay or avoid the need to develop new water sources.

(6) The department of health shall be responsible for review and approval of proposals for new interties. In its review the department of health shall determine whether the intertie satisfies the criteria of subsection (4) of this section, with the exception of water rights considerations, which are the responsibility of the department of ecology, and shall determine whether the intertie is necessary to address emergent public health or safety concerns associated with public water supply.

(7) If the intertie is determined by the department of health to be necessary to address emergent public health or safety concerns associated with public water supply, the public water system shall amend its water system plan as required and shall file an application with the department of ecology to change its existing water right to reflect the proposed use of the water as described in the approved water system plan. The department of ecology shall process the application for change pursuant to RCW 90.03.380 or 90.44.100 as appropriate, except that, notwithstanding the requirements of those
sections regarding notice and protest periods, applicants shall be required to publish notice one time, and the comment period shall be fifteen days from the date of publication of the notice. Within sixty days of receiving the application, the department of ecology shall issue findings and advise the department of health if existing water rights are determined to be adversely affected. If no determination is provided by the department of ecology within the sixty-day period, the department of health shall proceed as if existing rights are not adversely affected by the proposed intertie. The department of ecology may obtain an extension of the sixty-day period by submitting written notice to the department of health and to the applicant indicating a definite date by which its determination will be made. No additional extensions shall be granted, and in no event shall the total review period for the department of ecology exceed one hundred eighty days.

(8) If the department of health determines the proposed intertie appears to meet the requirements of subsection (4) of this section but is not necessary to address emergent public health or safety concerns associated with public water supply, the department of health shall instruct the applicant to submit to the department of ecology an application for change to the underlying water right or claim as necessary to reflect the new place of use. The department of ecology shall consider the applications pursuant to the provisions of RCW 90.03.380 and 90.44.100 as appropriate. The department of ecology shall not deny or limit a change of place of use for an intertie on the grounds that the holder of a permit has not yet put all of the water authorized in the permit to beneficial use. If in its review of proposed interties and associated water rights the department of ecology determines that additional information is required to act on the application, the department may request applicants to provide information necessary for its decision, consistent with agency rules and written guidelines. Parties disagreeing with the decision of the department of ecology (if any) to approve or deny the application for change in place of use may appeal the decision to the pollution control hearings board.

(9) The department of health may approve plans containing intertie proposals prior to the department of ecology’s decision on the water right application for change in place of use. However, notwithstanding such approval, construction work on the intertie shall not begin until the department of ecology issues the appropriate water right document to the applicant consistent with the approved plan.

(10) The 1997 amendments to this section in this act are null and void if any one of sections 101 through 115 of this act is vetoed by June 30, 1997.

Sec. 402. RCW 90.03.330 and 1987 c 109 s 89 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon a showing satisfactory to the department that any appropriation has been perfected in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, it shall be the duty of the department to issue to the applicant a certificate stating such facts in a form to be prescribed by him, and such certificate shall thereupon be recorded with the department. Any original water right certificate issued, as provided by this chapter, shall be recorded with the department and thereafter, at the expense of the party receiving the same, be by the department transmitted to the county auditor of the county or counties where the distributing system or any part thereof is located, and be recorded in the office of such county auditor, and thereafter be transmitted to the owner thereof.

(2) If a public water system is providing water for municipal supply purposes under a certificated water right, the instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the certificate are deemed valid and perfected.

(3) If a federal reclamation project is providing water for reclamation purposes under a certificated water right, the instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the certificate are deemed valid and perfected.

(4) If an irrigation district is providing water for the purposes authorized by chapter 87.03 RCW under a certificated water right, the instantaneous and annual withdrawal rates specified in the certificate are deemed valid and perfected.

(5) The 1997 amendments to this section in this act are null and void if any one of sections 101 through 115 of this act is vetoed by June 30, 1997.

PART V
RELINQUISHMENT
Sec. 501. RCW 90.14.140 and 1987 c 125 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) For the purposes of RCW 90.14.130 through 90.14.180, "sufficient cause" shall be defined as the nonuse of all or a portion of the water by the owner of a water right for a period of five or more consecutive years where such nonuse occurs as a result of:
   (a) Drought, or other unavailability of water;
   (b) Active service in the armed forces of the United States during military crisis;
   (c) Nonvoluntary service in the armed forces of the United States;
   (d) The operation of legal proceedings;
   (e) Federal laws imposing land or water use restrictions either directly or through the voluntary enrollment of a landowner in a federal program implementing those laws, or acreage limitations, or production quotas;
   (f) An elapse of time occurring while a request or application is processed for transferring or changing a water right to use by a public water supplier for municipal purposes;
   (g) The implementation of practices or technologies or the installation or repair of facilities, including but not limited to water conveyance practices, technologies, or facilities, that are more efficient or more water use efficient than practices, technologies, or facilities previously used under the water right.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provisions of RCW 90.14.130 through 90.14.180, there shall be no relinquishment of any water right:
   (a) If such right is claimed for power development purposes under chapter 90.16 RCW and annual license fees are paid in accordance with chapter 90.16 RCW, or
   (b) If such right is used for a standby or reserve water supply to be used in time of drought or other low flow period so long as withdrawal or diversion facilities are maintained in good operating condition for the use of such reserve or standby water supply, or
   (c) If such right is claimed for a determined future development to take place (either) at any time within fifteen years of either July 1, 1967, or the most recent beneficial use of the water right, whichever date is later, or
   (d) If such right is claimed for municipal water supply purposes under chapter 90.03 RCW, or
   (e) If such waters are not subject to appropriation under the applicable provisions of RCW 90.40.030 as now or hereafter amended.

PART VI
GENERAL PERMITS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 601. The legislature finds that the present delay in the processing of water right applications is not beneficial to the citizens of the state nor is it in keeping with the goal of managing the resource to the highest possible standard and maximum net benefit.

The legislature further finds that water conservation efforts would be greatly enhanced by a permit system that encourages water right applicants to use only the amount of water actually necessary to meet their needs.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 602. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall develop a general permit system for appropriating water for nonconsumptive, nonbypass uses. This system must be designed and used to accurately identify and register any water right application that qualifies for the streamlined process of appropriation of water by meeting the requirements in this section and registering the use. The general permit system must be applicable state-wide, and all waters of the state shall be eligible for coverage under the system. The evaluation and report required for an application under RCW 90.03.290 are not required for applications processed under the general permit system. For the purposes of this section:
   (a) "Nonconsumptive, nonbypass use" means a use of water in which water is diverted from a stream or drawn from an aquifer and following its use is discharged backlund into or near the point of diversion or withdrawal without diminishment in quality and less than five thousand gallons of net consumption per day; and
(b) "Without diminishment of quality" means that, before being discharged Backlund to its source, the water being discharged meets state water quality standards adopted under chapter 90.48 RCW.

(2) The department shall, by January 1, 1998, establish the general permit system by adopting rules in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. Before the adoption of rules for a system, the department shall consult with representatives of the following interest groups: Agriculture; aquaculture; home construction and development; county government; city government; surface mining; and the environmental community. At least four public hearings must be held at various locations around the state, not less than two of which shall be east of the crest of the Cascade mountains. The rules must identify criteria for proposed uses of water for which applications might be processed under the system and must establish procedures for filing and processing applications and issuing water rights certificates under the general permit system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

An application for registration as a nonconsumptive, nonbypass water user under the general permit system established under section 602 of this act must be made on a form adopted and provided by the department. Within sixty days of receipt of a properly completed application, the department shall determine whether the proposed use is eligible to be processed under the general permit system. If the department determines that the proposed use is eligible to be processed under the system, the application must be processed under the system within the next sixty days. The priority date of the water right established pursuant to this section shall be the date that the properly completed application is submitted. If the department determines that the proposed use is not eligible for the processing, the department shall explain to the applicant in writing the reasons for its determination. For a proposed use determined ineligible for the processing, if the department finds that the information contained on the application form substantially satisfies the information requirements for an application for a use that would normally be filed for processing the application outside of the general permit system, the department shall notify the applicant of its finding and shall process the application as if it were filed for processing outside of the system. If the department finds that the information does not substantially satisfy the requirements, the application must be considered to be incomplete for the processing and the applicant must be notified of this consideration.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. A new section is added to chapter 90.03 RCW to read as follows:

Nothing in sections 602 and 603 of this act authorizes the impairment or operates to impair any existing water rights. A water right holder under sections 602 and 603 of this act shall not make withdrawals that impair a senior water right. A holder of a senior water right who believes his or her water right is impaired may file a complaint with the department of ecology. Where such complaints of impairment have been received, the department of ecology shall make all reasonable efforts to resolve them in a timely manner through agreement of the parties. Nothing in section 602 or 603 of this act may be construed as waiving any requirement established under chapter 90.48 RCW or federal law that a permittee secure a discharge permit regarding water quality.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 605. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

PART VII
APPEALS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. The legislature recognizes that in many cases the value of real property directly depends upon the amount of water that is available for use on that property. The legislature also recognizes that water rights are a type of property right in which many different parties may assert an interest. Current statutes require many property rights actions in which different parties assert interests, such as actions for partition or eminent domain, to be filed in superior court. The legislature further finds that informal procedures such as mediation and fact finding have been
employed successfully in other areas of the law, and may produce positive results in certain types of water disputes. The legislature therefore finds that property owners should have a choice to select informal or formal hearings before the pollution control hearings board, and that relinquishment proceedings should be appealed to the local superior courts.

Sec. 702. RCW 34.05.514 and 1995 c 347 s 113 and 1995 c 292 s 9 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, proceedings for review under this chapter shall be instituted by paying the fee required under RCW 36.18.020 and filing a petition in the superior court, at the petitioner’s option, for (a) Thurston county, (b) the county of the petitioner’s residence or principal place of business, or (c) in any county where the property owned by the petitioner and affected by the contested decision is located.
(2) For proceedings involving institutions of higher education, the petition shall be filed either in the county in which the principal office of the institution involved is located or in the county of a branch campus if the action involves such branch.
(3) For proceedings involving the relinquishment of a water right and appeals of formal and informal hearings of the pollution control hearings board involving a water quantity decision as defined in section 713 of this act, the petition shall be filed in the superior court for the county in which is located the land upon which the water was used.

Sec. 703. RCW 43.21B.110 and 1993 c 387 s 22 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The pollution control hearings board shall only have jurisdiction to hear and decide appeals from the following decisions of the department, the director, the administrator of the office of marine safety, and the air pollution control boards or authorities as established pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW, or local health departments:
(a) Civil penalties imposed pursuant to RCW 18.104.155, 70.94.431, 70.105.080, 70.107.050, 88.46.090, 90.03.600, 90.48.144, 90.56.310, and 90.56.330.
(b) Orders issued pursuant to RCW 18.104.043, 18.104.060, 43.27A.190, 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, (90.14.130)) and 90.48.120.
(c) The issuance, modification, or termination of any permit, certificate, or license by the department or any air authority in the exercise of its jurisdiction, including the issuance or termination of a waste disposal permit, the denial of an application for a waste disposal permit, or the modification of the conditions or the terms of a waste disposal permit.
(d) Decisions of local health departments regarding the grant or denial of solid waste permits pursuant to chapter 70.95 RCW.
(e) Decisions of local health departments regarding the issuance and enforcement of permits to use or dispose of biosolids under RCW 70.95J.080.
(f) Any other decision by the department, the administrator of the office of marine safety, or an air authority which pursuant to law must be decided as an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW.
(2) The jurisdiction of the pollution control hearings board is further limited as follows:
(a) The hearings board has no jurisdiction to review orders pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right under RCW 90.14.130, or to review proceedings regarding general adjudications of water rights conducted pursuant to chapter 90.03 or 90.44 RCW.
(b) The following hearings shall not be conducted by the hearings board:
(i) Hearings required by law to be conducted by the shorelines hearings board pursuant to chapter 90.58 RCW.
(ii) Hearings conducted by the department pursuant to RCW 70.94.332, 70.94.390, 70.94.395, 70.94.400, 70.94.405, 70.94.410, and 90.44.180.
(iii) Proceedings by the department relating to general adjudications of water rights pursuant to chapter 90.03 or 90.44 RCW.
(d) (iii) Hearings conducted by the department to adopt, modify, or repeal rules.
(3) Rules and regulations adopted by the hearings board shall be subject to review in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW.
Sec. 704. RCW 43.21B.130 and 1990 c 65 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
The administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, shall apply to the appeal of rules and regulations adopted by the board to the same extent as it applied to the review of rules and regulations adopted by the directors and/or boards or commissions of the various departments whose powers, duties and functions were transferred by section 6, chapter 62, Laws of 1970 ex. sess. to the department. (All other decisions and orders of the director and all decisions of air pollution control boards or authorities established pursuant to chapter 70.94 RCW shall be subject to review by the hearings board as provided in this chapter.)

Sec. 705. RCW 43.21B.240 and 1989 c 175 s 105 are each amended to read as follows:
The department and air authorities shall not have authority to hold adjudicative proceedings pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Such hearings, except for appeals of orders pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right issued pursuant to RCW 90.14.130, shall be held by the pollution control hearings board.

Sec. 706. RCW 43.21B.305 and 1994 c 253 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
In an appeal that involves a penalty of five thousand dollars or less, the appeal may be heard by one member of the board, whose decision shall be the final decision of the board. An informal hearing appeal relating to a water quantity decision as defined in section 713 of this act may be heard by one member of the board. The board shall define by rule alternative procedures to expedite small appeals. These alternatives may include: Mediation, upon agreement of all parties unless initiated as provided in section 713 of this act; submission of testimony by affidavit; conducting hearing by telephone; or other forms that may lead to less formal and faster resolution of appeals.

Sec. 707. RCW 43.21B.310 and 1992 c 73 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, any order issued by the department((the administrator of the office of marine safety,)) or authority pursuant to RCW 70.94.211, 70.94.332, 70.105.095, 43.27A.190, 86.16.020, 88.46.070, or 90.48.120(2) or any provision enacted after July 26, 1987, or any permit, certificate, or license issued by the department may be appealed to the pollution control hearings board if the appeal is filed with the board and served on the department or authority within thirty days after receipt of the order. Except as provided under chapter 70.105D RCW, these are the exclusive means of appeal of such an order.

((2)) (a) The department, the administrator, or the authority in its discretion may stay the effectiveness of an order during the pendency of such an appeal.

((3)) (b) At any time during the pendency of an appeal of such an order to the board, the appellant may apply pursuant to RCW 43.21B.320 to the hearings board for a stay of the order or for the removal thereof.

((4)) (c) Any appeal before the hearings board must contain the following in accordance with the rules of the hearings board:

((5)) (i) The appellant’s name and address;

((6)) (ii) The date and docket number of the order, permit, or license appealed;

((7)) (iii) A description of the substance of the order, permit, or license that is the subject of the appeal;

((8)) (iv) A clear, separate, and concise statement of every error alleged to have been committed;

((9)) (v) A clear and concise statement of facts upon which the requester relies to sustain his or her statements of error; and

((10)) (vi) A statement setting forth the relief sought.

((11)) (d) Upon failure to comply with any final order of the department or the administrator, the attorney general, on request of the department or the administrator, may bring an action in the superior court of the county where the violation occurred or the potential violation is about to occur to obtain such relief as necessary, including injunctive relief, to insure compliance with the order. The air authorities may bring similar actions to enforce their orders.
An appealable decision or order shall be identified as such and shall contain a conspicuous notice to the recipient that it may be appealed only by filing an appeal with the hearings board and serving it on the department within thirty days of receipt.

(2) Water quantity decisions of the department, as defined in section 713 of this act, may be appealed to the pollution control hearings board as provided in section 713 of this act. Appeals of orders pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right are filed in superior court as provided by RCW 90.14.130.

Sec. 708. RCW 43.27A.190 and 1987 c 109 s 11 are each amended to read as follows:
Notwithstanding and in addition to any other powers granted to the department of ecology, whenever it appears to the department that a person is violating or is about to violate any of the provisions of the following:
(1) Chapter 90.03 RCW; or
(2) Chapter 90.44 RCW; or
(3) Chapter 86.16 RCW; or
(4) Chapter 43.37 RCW; or
(5) Chapter 43.27A RCW; or
(6) Any other law relating to water resources administered by the department; or
(7) A rule or regulation adopted, or a directive or order issued by the department relating to subsections (1) through (6) of this section; the department may cause a written regulatory order to be served upon (said) the person either personally, or by registered or certified mail delivered to addressee only with return receipt requested and acknowledged by him or her. The order shall specify the provision of the statute, rule, regulation, directive or order alleged to be or about to be violated, and the facts upon which the conclusion of violating or potential violation is based, and shall order the act constituting the violation or the potential violation to cease and desist or, in appropriate cases, shall order necessary corrective action to be taken with regard to such acts within a specific and reasonable time. The regulation of a headgate or controlling works as provided in RCW 90.03.070, by a watermaster, stream patrolman, or other person so authorized by the department shall constitute a regulatory order within the meaning of this section. A regulatory order issued hereunder shall become effective immediately upon receipt by the person to whom the order is directed, except for regulations under RCW 90.03.070 which shall become effective when a written notice is attached as provided therein. Any person aggrieved by such order may appeal the order pursuant to RCW 43.21B.310, except that appeals of orders pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right shall be filed in superior court pursuant to RCW 90.14.130.

Sec. 709. RCW 90.14.130 and 1987 c 109 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
When it appears to the department of ecology that a person entitled to the use of water has not beneficially used his or her water right or some portion thereof, and it appears that (said) the person’s right has or may have reverted to the state because of such nonuse, as provided by RCW 90.14.160, 90.14.170, or 90.14.180, the department of ecology shall notify such person by order: PROVIDED, That where a company, association, district, or the United States has filed a blanket claim under the provisions of RCW 90.14.060 for the total benefits of those served by it, the notice shall be served on such company, association, district or the United States and not upon any of its individual water users who may not have used the water or some portion thereof which they were entitled to use. The order shall contain: (1) A description of the water right, including the approximate location of the point of diversion, the general description of the lands or places where such waters were used, the water source, the amount involved, the purpose of use, and the apparent authority upon which the right is based; (2) a statement that unless sufficient cause be shown on appeal the water right will be declared relinquished; and (3) a statement that such order may be appealed to the (pollution control hearings board) superior court. Any person aggrieved by such an order may appeal it to the (pollution control hearings board pursuant to RCW 43.21B.310) superior court for the county in which is located the land upon which the water was used. Any such appeal to superior court shall be heard de novo. The order shall be served by registered or certified mail to the last known address of the person and be
posted at the point of division or withdrawal. The order by itself shall not alter the recipient's right to use water, if any.

Sec. 710. RCW 90.14.190 and 1987 c 109 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
Any person feeling aggrieved by any decision of the department of ecology may have the same reviewed pursuant to RCW 43.21B.310. However, any order pertaining to the relinquishment of a water right shall be filed in superior court pursuant to RCW 90.14.130. In any such review, the findings of fact as set forth in the report of the department of ecology shall be prima facie evidence of the fact of any waiver or relinquishment of a water right or portion thereof. If the hearings board affirms the decision of the department, a party seeks review in superior court of that hearings board decision pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, and the court determines that the party was injured by an arbitrary, capricious, or erroneous order of the department, the court may award reasonable attorneys' fees.

Sec. 711. RCW 90.14.200 and 1989 c 175 s 180 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) All matters relating to the implementation and enforcement of this chapter by the department of ecology shall be carried out in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act, except where the provisions of this chapter expressly conflict with chapter 34.05 RCW. Proceedings held pursuant to RCW 90.14.130 are ((adjudicative proceedings within the meaning of chapter 34.05 RCW. Final decisions of the department of ecology in these proceedings)) appealable to superior court as provided in that section. Other final decisions of the department of ecology under this chapter are subject to review by the pollution control hearings board in accordance with chapter 43.21B RCW.

(2) RCW 90.14.130 provides nonexclusive procedures for determining a relinquishment of water rights under RCW 90.14.160, 90.14.170, and 90.14.180. RCW 90.14.160, 90.14.170, and 90.14.180 may be applied in, among other proceedings, general adjudication proceedings initiated under RCW 90.03.110 or 90.44.220: PROVIDED, That nothing herein shall apply to litigation involving determinations of the department of ecology under RCW 90.03.290 relating to the impairment of existing rights.

Sec. 712. RCW 90.66.080 and 1979 c 3 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:
The department is hereby empowered to promulgate such rules as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter. Decisions of the department, other than rule making, shall be subject to review by the pollution control hearings board or a superior court in accordance with chapter 43.21B RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 713. A new section is added to chapter 43.21B RCW to read as follows:
(1) A water right claimant, or permit or certificate holder or applicant who is aggrieved or adversely affected by a water quantity decision may appeal the decision to the pollution control hearings board pursuant to RCW 43.21B.310. A formal hearing before the board may only be granted if all parties to the appeal of the water quantity decision agree to a formal hearing.

(2) At the request of any party, the board shall conduct an informal hearing, consisting of mediation and, if a settlement cannot be agreed upon, fact finding with recommendations. The hearings board shall adopt rules governing the election, practice, and procedures of informal hearings consistent with this section and section 714 of this act.

(3) For purposes of this chapter, a "water quantity decision" includes the following:
(a) A decision to grant or deny a permit or certificate for a right to the beneficial use of water or to amend, change, or transfer such a right; and
(b) A decision to enforce the conditions of a permit for, or right to, the beneficial use of water or to require any person to discontinue the use of water.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 714. A new section is added to chapter 43.21B RCW to read as follows:
When one of the parties elects an informal hearing pursuant to section 713 of this act, a board member or an administrative law judge from the environmental hearings office shall be assigned as the mediator for the appeal.

The parties involved in the informal hearing must provide the mediator and the other parties in advance with a clear, concise statement of the disputed issues and the parties' position in relation to the issues and supporting documentation. The mediator shall meet with the parties either jointly or separately, in the general area of the project under review or by telephone, at the discretion of the mediator, and shall take such steps as the mediator deems appropriate to resolve their differences and reach a settlement agreement. If a settlement agreement is reached, the mediator shall prepare and submit to the hearings board a written order of dismissal to which the settlement agreement is attached. The hearings board shall enter the order and dismiss the case unless the hearings board finds that the settlement agreement is contrary to law.

If the hearings board finds that the settlement agreement is contrary to law, it shall notify the parties and refer the dispute Backlund to mediation.

If the parties are unable to achieve a settlement agreement within ninety days after being appointed, the mediator shall issue a statement that a settlement agreement has not been reached. After issuance of the statement, the party filing the appeal may request the hearings board to submit the dispute to fact finding with recommendations. Notice of the request for fact finding must be sent to the other parties.

Within five days of the receipt of the request for fact finding, the hearings board shall assign a board member or an administrative appeals judge from the environmental hearings office to serve as fact finder. The person who served as the mediator to the dispute may serve as the fact finder with the consent of both parties.

Within five days of being appointed, the fact finder shall establish a date, time, and place for the fact-finding hearing. The date of the hearing must be within thirty days of the appointment of the fact finder. The hearing shall be conducted in the general area where the project under review is located. At least seven days before the date of the hearing, each party must submit to the fact finder and to the other parties written proposals on all of the issues it intends to submit to fact finding. The fact finder has the power to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and production of witnesses and the production of evidence. The order of presentation at the hearing shall be as agreed by the parties or as determined by the fact finder. Each documentary exhibit shall be filed with the fact finder and copies shall be provided to the other parties. The fact finder shall declare the hearing closed after the parties have completed presenting their testimony within agreed time limits.

The fact finder shall, within thirty days following the conclusion of the hearing, make written findings of fact and written recommendations to the parties as to how the dispute should be resolved. The fact finder may not apply any presumption as part of the findings of fact or recommendations. A copy of the findings and recommendations shall be filed with the hearings board. The findings of fact and recommendations of the fact finder are advisory only, and are not subject to review by the hearings board.

The time limits established in this section may be extended by mutual agreement of all the parties.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 715. A new section is added to chapter 43.21B RCW to read as follows:

(1) Within thirty days after the fact finder has filed the findings of fact and recommendations pursuant to section 714 of this act, a party may request a formal hearing by the hearings board or appeal the water quantity decision directly to superior court. All parties must agree to a formal hearing by the hearings board before a formal hearing is granted.

(2) If a party elects to file an action in superior court following an informal hearing, it must be filed in the county in which is located the land upon which the water is or would be used.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 716. A new section is added to chapter 43.21B RCW to read as follows:

An appeal to superior court of a water quantity decision, as defined in section 713 of this act, following an informal hearing by the board shall be heard de novo. If an informal hearing on the decision or order had been completed by the pollution control hearings board, no issue may be raised in
superior court that was not raised and discussed as part of the fact-finding hearing. No bond may be required on appeals to the superior court or on review by the supreme court unless specifically required by the judge of the superior court.

PART VIII
MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 801. RCW 90.03.380 and 1996 c 320 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The right to the use of water which has been applied to a beneficial use in the state shall be and remain appurtenant to the land or place upon which the same is used: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That (said) the right may be transferred to another or to others and become appurtenant to any other land or place of use without loss of priority of right theretofore established if such change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. The point of diversion of water for beneficial use or the purpose of use may be changed, if such change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights. A change in the place of use, point of diversion, and/or purpose of use of a water right to enable irrigation of additional acreage or the addition of new uses may be permitted if such change results in no increase in the annual consumptive quantity of water used under the water right. For purposes of this section, “annual consumptive quantity” means the estimated or actual annual amount of water diverted pursuant to the water right, reduced by the estimated annual amount of return flows, averaged over the most recent five-year period of continuous beneficial use of the water right. Before any transfer of such right to use water or change of the point of diversion of water or change of purpose of use can be made, any person having an interest in the transfer or change, shall file a written application with the department, and (said) the application shall not be granted until notice of (said) the application (shall be) is published as provided in RCW 90.03.280. If it shall appear that such transfer or such change may be made without injury or detriment to existing rights, the department shall issue to the applicant a certificate in duplicate granting the right for such transfer or for such change of point of diversion or of use. The certificate so issued shall be filed and be made a record with the department and the duplicate certificate issued to the applicant may be filed with the county auditor in like manner and with the same effect as provided in the original certificate or permit to divert water.

(2) If an application for change proposes to transfer water rights from one irrigation district to another, the department shall, before publication of notice, receive concurrence from each of the irrigation districts that such transfer or change will not adversely affect the ability to deliver water to other landowners or impair the financial integrity of either of the districts.

(3) A change in place of use by an individual water user or users of water provided by an irrigation district need only receive approval for the change from the board of directors of the district if the use of water continues within the irrigation district, and when water is provided by an irrigation entity that is a member of a board of joint control created under chapter 87.80 RCW, approval need only be received from the board of joint control if the use of water continues within the area of jurisdiction of the joint board and the change can be made without detriment or injury to existing rights.

(4) This section shall not apply to trust water rights acquired by the state through the funding of water conservation projects under chapter 90.38 RCW or RCW 90.42.010 through 90.42.070.

Sec. 802. RCW 90.44.100 and 1987 c 109 s 113 are each amended to read as follows:
After an application to, and upon the issuance by the department of an amendment to the appropriate permit or certificate of ground water right, the holder of a valid right to withdraw public ground waters may, without losing his priority of right, construct wells or other means of withdrawal at a new location in substitution for or in addition to those at the original location, or he may change the manner or the place of use of the water((provided, however, that such)). An amendment shall be issued only after publication of notice of the application and findings as prescribed in the case of an original application. Such amendment shall be issued by the department only on the conditions that: (1) The additional or substitute well or wells shall tap the same body of public ground water as the original well or wells; (2) use of the original well or wells shall be discontinued upon construction of the
substitute well or wells; (3) the construction of an additional well or wells shall not enlarge the right conveyed by the original permit or certificate; and (4) other existing rights shall not be impaired. An amendment to a permit or certificate to change the place of use, point of withdrawal, and/or purpose of use of a ground water right to enable irrigation of additional acreage or the addition of new uses may be issued if such change results in no increase in the annual consumptive quantity of water used under a certificate or authorized for use under a permit. For purposes of this section, "annual consumptive quantity" means the estimated or actual annual amount of water withdrawn pursuant to a certificate or the amount authorized for use pursuant to a permit, reduced by the estimated annual amount of return flows. For permits or certificates under which actual amounts of water have been withdrawn, withdrawals and return flows shall be averaged over the most recent five-year period of continuous beneficial use of the ground water right or, if the period of actual continuous beneficial use is less than five years, such lesser period. The department may specify an approved manner of construction and shall require a showing of compliance with the terms of the amendment, as provided in RCW 90.44.080 in the case of an original permit.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 803. As used in this act, part headings constitute no part of the law.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 804. Sections 101 through 113 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 90 RCW.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 805. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "management;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.54.040, 90.54.020, 90.54.180, 90.03.383, 90.03.330, 90.14.140, 43.21B.110, 43.21B.130, 43.21B.240, 43.21B.305, 43.21B.310, 43.27A.190, 90.14.130, 90.14.190, 90.14.200, 90.66.080, 90.03.380, and 90.44.100; reenacting and amending RCW 34.05.514; adding new sections to chapter 90.03 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 34.05 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.21B RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 90 RCW; and creating new sections."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House adopted the report of the Conference Committee on Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2954 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Chandler and Mastin spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives Regala and Anderson spoke against passage of the bill.

COLLOQUY

Representative Linville: Would the gentleman from the 16th District yield to a question? Subsection (1) of Section 110 of the bill states that a WRIA plan is not to be developed such that its provisions "...impair or diminish in any manner a water right existing before its adoption. . ."

My question is: Is this a requirement that the Department of Ecology can seek to enforce as it reviews and adopts these local watershed plans?
Representative Mastin: In order to answer your question, we must first look at Section 112 of the bill. It is clear that subsection (6) of Section 112 provides a mechanism for removing an element of a local WRIA plan that is in conflict with state statute or federal law. If the Department of Ecology believes that an element is in conflict, the Department and the local unit must try to resolve the conflict through mediation. But, if mediation is unsuccessful in resolving the conflict, the Department must petition the Superior Court to resolve it. If the Court finds that the element is in conflict with state statute or federal law, that element is invalid.

Sections 101 through 113 of the bill will be codified as a new chapter in Title 90 RCW. The provision you have referred to in Section 110 (and other provisions expressly protecting existing water rights such as those in Section 109) will become part of this state’s statutes when the bill is signed and will have full effect 90 days after the adjournment of the session. They will clearly be among the state statutes with which a local WRIA plan is prohibited from being in conflict. If the Department believes that an element of the plan would "... impair or diminish in any manner a water right existing before its adoption..." the provisions of subsection (6) of Section 112 of the bill regarding conflicts with state statute would expressly apply.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 60, Nays - 38, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

The Speaker assumed the chair.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing: HOUSE BILL NO. 1054, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1111, HOUSE BILL NO. 1388, ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1581, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1605, ENGROSSED THIRD SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 3900,

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1022,
and the same are therewith transmitted.

Michael O’Connell, Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 26, 1997

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5270, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 26, 1997

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5710, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 26, 1997

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5157, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
ESSB 6061 Date: April 25, 1997

Includes "new item": YES

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6061, funding transportation, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached S-3327.4/97) be adopted, and
that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"TRANSPORTATION APPROPRIATIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. To ensure accountability for the expenditure of transportation revenue by agencies responsible for delivering transportation services and programs to the traveling and taxpaying public, an objective and systematic assessment of the services and programs administered by the departments of transportation and licensing and the Washington state patrol is essential. An audit of the agencies' performance and an examination of the efficiency and effectiveness of service and program delivery by the agencies, shall take place prior to the appropriation for full funding of certain programs, projects, and services in the 1997-99 biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) The transportation budget of the state is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions hereinafter set forth, the several amounts hereinafter specified, or as much thereof as may be necessary to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated from the several accounts and funds hereinafter named to the designated state agencies and offices for salaries, wages, and other expenses, for capital projects, and for other specified purposes, including the payment of any final judgments arising out of such activities, for the period ending June 30, 1999.

(2) Legislation with fiscal impacts enacted in the 1997 legislative session not assumed in this act are not funded in the 1997-99 transportation budget.

(3) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this subsection apply throughout this act.

(a) "Fiscal year 1998" or "FY 1998" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998.

(b) "Fiscal year 1999" or "FY 1999" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999.

(c) "FTE" means full-time equivalent.

(d) "Lapse" or "revert" means the amount shall return to an unappropriated status.

(e) "Provided solely" means the specified amount may be spent only for the specified purpose.

(f) "Performance-based budgeting" means a budget that bases resource needs on quantified outcomes/results expected from use of the total appropriation. "Performance-based budgeting" does not mean incremental budgeting that focuses on justifying changes from the historic budget or to line-item input-driven budgets.

(g) "Mission" means a statement of an organization's purpose that is concise, understandable, and consistent with the agency's statutory mandate.

(h) "Vision" means a statement of the organization's preferred future that is idealistic, motivating, directive, and logically connected to the mission.

(i) "Major strategies" means the broad themes for how an agency plans to accomplish its mission.

(j) "Goals" means the statements of purpose that identify a desired result or outcome. The statements shall be realistic, achievable, directive, assignable, evaluative, and logically linked to the agency's mission and statutory mandate.

(k) "Objectives" means the steps taken to reach a goal that are specific and measurable within a specified time period. Objectives shall be assignable, prioritized, time-phased, and have resource estimates.

(l) "Strategic plan" means the strategies agencies create for investment choices in the future. All agency strategic plans shall present alternative investment strategies for providing services.

PART I
GENERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCIES--OPERATING

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 304,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The department of agriculture shall report to the legislative transportation committee by January 15, 1998, and January 15, 1999, on the number of fuel samples tested and the findings of the tests for the motor fuel quality program.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. FOR THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE SYSTEMS COMMITTEE

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 111,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The joint legislative systems committee shall enter into a service level agreement with the legislative transportation committee by June 30, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. FOR THE LEGISLATIVE EVALUATION AND ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 420,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The legislative evaluation and accountability program committee shall enter into a service level agreement with the legislative transportation committee by June 30, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. FOR THE GOVERNOR--FOR TRANSFER TO THE TORT CLAIMS REVOLVING FUND

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 1,000,000
Marine Operating Account--State Appropriation  $ 1,000,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 2,000,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The amount of the transfers from the motor vehicle fund and the marine operating fund are to be transferred into the tort claims revolving fund only as claims have been settled or adjudicated to final conclusion and are ready for payout. The appropriation contained in this section is to retire tort obligations that occurred before July 1, 1990.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. FOR THE UTILITIES AND TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Grade Crossing Protective Fund--State Appropriation  $ 222,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. FOR THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND REVIEW COMMITTEE

Transportation Fund--State Appropriation  $ 1,500,000

(1) The joint legislative audit and review committee shall conduct performance audits of the department of transportation, focusing on its responsibilities for the highway and ferry systems; the department of licensing, focusing on the processes for motor vehicle and driver licensing functions; and the Washington state patrol, focusing on law enforcement operations, communications systems, and technology requirements. The performance audits shall be conducted in accordance with government accounting standards prescribed by the comptroller general of the United States and the provisions of chapter 44.28 RCW, and shall be an objective and systematic assessment of the programs administered by the audited agencies, including each program's effectiveness, efficiency, and accountability. The
joint legislative audit and review committee shall act as project manager of the audits and, under the provisions of chapter 39.29 RCW, shall contract with a consultant or consultants to conduct the audits.

(2) The committee shall consult frontline employees, program managers, customers of the programs and agency services, taxpayers, legislators, legislative staff, state auditor, office of financial management staff, and other external public and private sector experts in conducting the performance audit.

(3) The performance audit shall identify those activities and programs that should be strengthened, those that should be abandoned, and those that need to be redirected or other alternatives explored. In conducting the audit, the following objectives shall be addressed as appropriate:

(a) Identify each of the discrete functions or activities, along with associated costs and full-time equivalent staff;
(b) Determine the extent to which the particular activity or function is specifically authorized in statute or is consistent with statutory direction and intent;
(c) Establish the relative priority of the program among the agency's functions;
(d) Consider whether or not the purpose for which the program was created is still valid based on the circumstances under which the program was created versus those that exist at the time of the audit;
(e) Recommend organizations or programs in the public or private sector to be used as benchmarks against which to measure the performance of the program or function;
(f) Determine whether or not the program or function is achieving the results for which it was established;
(g) Identify alternatives for delivering the program or service, either in the public or private sector;
(h) Identify any duplication of services with other government programs or private enterprises or gaps in services;
(i) Identify the costs or implications of not performing the function;
(j) Determine the frequency with which other states perform similar functions, as well as their relative funding levels and performance;
(k) In the event of inadequate performance by the program, identify the potential for a workable, affordable plan to improve performance;
(l) Identify, to the extent possible, the causes of any program's failure to achieve the desired results and identify alternatives for reducing costs or improving service delivery, including transferring functions to other public or private sector organizations; and
(m) Develop recommendations relating to statutes that inhibit or do not contribute to the agency's ability to perform its functions effectively and efficiently and whether specific statutes, activities, or programs should be continued, abandoned, or restructured.

(4) In conducting the performance audit of the Washington state ferries' capital program, the committee shall evaluate and make recommendations on the following elements:

(a) Washington state ferries' compliance with the recommendations of the 1991 Booz. Allen and Hamilton vessel construction and refurbishment study;
(b) Vessel procurement procedures that maximize cost effective preservation, maintenance, and new construction of Washington state ferries;
(c) The appropriate level of Washington state ferries' in-house design and construction, design or construction functions that could be performed by private engineering firms and shipyards, and procedures to appropriately share the risk of project performance between the state and private shipyards in the implementation of contractual work;
(d) Washington state ferries' long-range plan recommendations for terminal and vessel investments, with particular focus on the appropriate investments to meet forecasted vehicle and passenger travel demands, emergent vessel capacity and existing fleet preservation needs, needed route structures, and related terminal capacity; and
(e) Other elements or issues as directed by the advisory committee.

(5) In conducting the performance audit of the Washington state ferries’ operating program, the committee shall evaluate and make recommendations on the following elements:
(a) The administration and organizational structure of the Washington state ferries, with specific focus on the appropriate level of management staffing, and clerical and support functions necessary for terminal and vessel activities;  
(b) The efficiency of current staging, loading, and traffic management procedures;  
(c) The appropriate service level and related vessel deployment for existing and planned routes;  
(d) Appropriate procedures for vessel operational support; including, but not limited to, fueling, water, sewage, and hazardous materials management procedures;  
(e) Internal controls of revenue collections and inventory;  
(f) Review of emergency management procedures;  
(g) The feasibility of converting international route service to local government and/or private sector operation;  
(h) Radio and electronic vessel communications and electronic tracking systems;  
(i) Contractual agreements for agent services;  
(j) Terminal utility cost increases;  
(k) Internal control procedures to ensure the accuracy of payroll;  
(l) Strategies for maintenance support of vessels and terminals, including an assessment of Eagle Harbor operations;  
(m) Fleet and terminal equipment processes to enhance operational support and cost effective purchases;  
(n) Essential training and human resources requirements, including training needed to comply with regulatory agency mandates;  
(o) Appropriate levels of support necessary for the consistent operation of supporting data processing systems;  
(p) System-wide charges for software licensing and policy for purchasing, or upgrading computer workstations; and  
(q) Other elements or issues as directed by the committee.  
(6) The performance audit of the department of transportation’s ferry capital and operating programs shall have first priority, and as many components as are feasible shall be completed prior to January 1, 1998. The performance audit of other department programs, if feasible, shall also be considered for completion in this time period.  
(7) Unless the joint legislative audit and review committee determines otherwise, the preliminary and final audit reports for the Washington state ferries shall be completed by October 1, 1997, and January 1, 1998, respectively. Unless the committee determines otherwise, the preliminary and final audit reports for other programs administered by the department of transportation, the department of licensing and the Washington state patrol shall be completed by August 1, 1998, and November 1, 1998, respectively.  
(8)(a) There is hereby created a temporary performance audit advisory committee. The advisory committee shall provide input to the joint legislative audit and review committee on the following matters:  
(i) Identification of stakeholders;  
(ii) The performance audit scope and objectives;  
(iii) Progress reports provided by the joint legislative audit and review committee;  
(iv) Preliminary and final audit reports; and  
(v) Facilitating communication of audit findings to other members of the legislature.  
(b) The advisory committee shall be comprised of the members of the executive committees of the joint legislative audit and review committee and the legislative transportation committee. The state auditor and the director of the office of financial management shall serve as ex officio members.  
(c) The advisory committee shall be chaired by the director of financial management.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 116,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The entire amount is provided as funding to the office of financial management for a policy and budget analyst for the transportation agencies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 108. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 252,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The entire amount is provided as funding to the contracted staff at the Gateway Visitor Information Centers, and may not be used for any other purpose.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 931,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) A report of actual expenditures and descriptions of the expenditures from the motor vehicle fund will be submitted to the legislature in December 1997 and December 1998.

(2) If any of the parks that have historically received these funds are closed during the 1997-99 biennium, the funds for the closed parks may not be used for other purposes and must be returned to the motor vehicle fund.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCIES--CAPITAL

NEW SECTION. Sec. 110. FOR WASHINGTON STATE PARKS AND RECREATION--CAPITAL PROJECTS

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 3,500,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The entire appropriation is for the repaving of roadways in the following state parks in the 1997-99 biennium:
   (a) Moran state park, $1,800,000;
   (b) Cama Beach state park, $300,000;
   (c) Riverside state park, $640,000;
   (d) Steamboat Rock state park, $225,000;
   (e) Damon Point state park, $485,000; and
   (f) Deception Pass state park, $50,000.

(2) This is a one time appropriation with the repaving efforts to be completed in the parks by June 30, 1999. The repaving contracts will be awarded by competitive bid using department of transportation standards. Progress reports will be prepared and presented to the legislative transportation committees in January 1999.

(3) If any of the parks listed in subsection (1) of this section are closed during the 1997-99 biennium, the amount provided for the park under subsection (1)(a) through (f) of this section shall lapse and return to the motor vehicle fund.

PART II
TRANSPORTATION AGENCIES
NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. FOR THE WASHINGTON TRAFFIC SAFETY COMMISSION

Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $ 491,000
Highway Safety Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 5,216,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 950,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 6,657,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:
(1) The transportation fund--state appropriation includes $900,000 to fund community DUI task forces. Funding from the transportation fund for any community DUI task force may not exceed twenty-five percent of total expenditures in support of that task force.
(2) $50,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided to support local law enforcement implementing the drug recognition expert (DRE) and drugged driving programs. Any funds not required for the DRE program may be used for programs related to heavy trucks that improve safety and enforcement of Washington state laws.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. FOR THE BOARD OF PILOTAGE COMMISSIONERS

Pilotage Account--State Appropriation $ 275,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. FOR THE COUNTY ROAD ADMINISTRATION BOARD

Motor Vehicle Fund--Rural Arterial Trust
   Account--State Appropriation $ 57,397,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 1,548,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Private/Local
   Appropriation $ 383,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--County Arterial Preservation
   Account--State Appropriation $ 27,940,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 87,268,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: $124,000 of the county arterial preservation account--state appropriation is provided for a computer programmer to rewrite and expand the county road information system for compatibility with Windows computer software. It is the intent of the legislature that this position be a project position and is funded for the 1997-99 biennium only.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 204. FOR THE TRANSPORTATION IMPROVEMENT BOARD

Motor Vehicle Fund--Urban Arterial Trust
   Account--State Appropriation $ 57,159,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Transportation Improvement
   Account--State Appropriation $ 122,014,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--City Hardship Assistance
   Account--State Appropriation $ 2,649,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Small City Account--
   State Appropriation $ 7,921,000
Central Puget Sound Public Transportation
   Account--State Appropriation $ 27,360,000
Public Transportation Systems Account--
   State Appropriation $ 3,928,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 221,031,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The transportation improvement account--state appropriation includes $40,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.26.500. However, the transportation improvement board may authorize the use of current revenues available in lieu of bond proceeds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 205. FOR THE LEGISLATIVE TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 2,822,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 200,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 3,022,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) In order to meet the growing demand for services the legislative transportation committee shall seek accountability and efficiencies within transportation agency programs through in-depth program evaluations. These program evaluations shall consider:
   (a) Whether or not strategic planning and performance-based budgeting is a preferable planning and budgeting tool to the current incremental budgeting process for agency administrative programs and capital program budgeting;
   (b) How the programs are performing currently and how service would be affected at different funding levels using performance measures; and
   (c) What decision-making tools aid with the budgeting and oversight of these programs, such as tools developed during the maintenance accountability program (MAP) conducted by the legislative transportation committee during the 1995-97 biennium.

(2) In consultation with other legislative committees, the legislative transportation committee shall study ways to enhance budget development tools and presentation documents that will better illustrate agencies’ full appropriation authority and the intended outcomes of the appropriation.

(3) The legislative transportation committee shall conduct an evaluation of services provided by the county road administration board, the transportation improvement board and the TransAid division within the department of transportation. The evaluation shall assess whether consolidation of any of these activities will result in efficiencies and improved service delivery. The evaluation shall also assess the funding structure of these organizations to determine whether there are any benefits gained from a more simplified structure. The evaluation shall also assess other funding authorities to see if there is potential for further expansion of these revenues. The committee shall report its findings and recommendations to the 1998 legislature and, if needed, prepare legislation to implement those recommendations. $150,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation is provided for this evaluation.

(4) The legislative transportation committee, in cooperation with the house appropriations committee, the senate ways and means committee, and the office of financial management, shall study and report to the legislature its findings regarding the process and procedures for calculation, determination, and collection of the amounts of motor vehicle excise tax (MVET) collected on the sale or lease of motor vehicles in this state. The report shall include findings as to the base amount for calculation of MVET, the amortization schedule for calculation of MVET, and adequacy and efficiency of current systems to provide accurate and timely information to those responsible for determining and collecting the MVET due, including recommendations for determining the MVET due for current and future multiple MVET tax structures. The report must also include a status report as to the progress and feasibility of using third party information providers or using private vendors to collect the MVET. $200,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided for this evaluation including the use of a consultant. This $200,000 amount is null and void if an appropriation for this activity is enacted in any other appropriations bill by June 30, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 206. FOR THE MARINE EMPLOYEES COMMISSION
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Ferry Operations  
Account--State Appropriation  $ 354,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 207. FOR THE TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION

Transportation Fund--State Appropriation  $ 804,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

1. The transportation commission shall report to the legislative transportation committee following adoption of the highway, rail, capital facilities, and ferry capital construction programs, and provide status reports to the committee throughout the biennium.
2. The commission is directed to continue efforts to identify cost savings and efficiencies for the department of transportation. These efficiencies may include contracting out or privatizing of appropriate services.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL--FIELD OPERATIONS BUREAU

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway  
Account--State Appropriation  $ 159,108,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway  
Account--Federal Appropriation  $ 4,374,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway  
Account--Local Appropriation  $ 170,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation  $ 8,961,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 172,613,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

1. The Washington state patrol is authorized to use the federal community oriented policing program (COPS) for 54 troopers with 18 COPS troopers to begin in July 1998 and 36 COPS troopers to begin in January 1999.
2. $8,200,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided for an equalization salary adjustment of three percent on July 1, 1997, and six percent on July 1, 1998, for commissioned officers (entry level trooper through captain), commercial vehicle enforcement officers, and communication officers of the Washington state patrol. The salary adjustments are intended to bring the existing salary levels into the fiftieth percentile of other Washington state law enforcement compensation plans. This is in addition to the salary increase contained in the omnibus appropriation bill or bills. The total of the two increases, in the transportation budget and omnibus appropriation bill or bills, may not exceed twelve percent.
3. The Washington state patrol will develop a vehicle replacement plan for the next six years. The plan will include an analysis of the current 100,000 miles replacement policy and agency assignment policy. Projected future budget requirements will include forecasts of vehicle replacement costs, vehicle equipment costs, and estimated surplus vehicle values when sold at auction.
4. The Washington state patrol vessel and terminal security (VATS) program will be funded by the state patrol highway fund beginning July 1, 1997, and into future biennia.
5. A personnel data base will be maintained of the 801 commissioned traffic law enforcement officers, with a reconciliation at all times to the patrol allocation model and a vehicle assignment and replacement plan.
6. $150,000 of the state patrol highway account appropriation is to fund the Washington state patrol’s portion of the drug recognition expert training program previously funded by the traffic safety commission.
(7) The Washington state patrol with legislative transportation committee staff will perform an interim study of the Washington state patrol's commercial vehicle enforcement program with a report to be presented to the legislature and office of financial management in January 1998 with a developed business plan and program recommendations which includes, but is not limited to, weigh in motion technologies.

(8)(a) The Washington state patrol, in consultation with the Washington traffic safety commission, shall conduct an analysis of the most effective safety devices for preventing accidents while delivery trucks are operating in reverse gear. The analysis shall focus on trucks equipped with cube-style, walk-in cargo boxes, up to eighteen feet long, that are most commonly used in the commercial delivery of goods and services.

(b) The state patrol shall incorporate research and analysis currently being conducted by the national highway traffic safety administration.

(c) Upon completion of the analysis, the state patrol shall forward its recommendations to the legislative transportation committee and office of financial management.

(9) $761,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided for the following traditional general fund purposes: The governor's air travel, the license fraud program, and the special services unit. This transportation fund--state appropriation is not a permanent funding source for these purposes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 209. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL--INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES BUREAU

Transportation Fund--State Appropriation  $ 6,317,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The appropriation in this section is for the following traditional general fund purposes: Crime laboratories, used primarily for local law enforcement purposes; ACCESS, the computer system linking all law enforcement and criminal justice agencies in the state to one another; and, the identification section, which is responsible for performing criminal background checks. This appropriation is not a permanent funding source for these purposes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL--SUPPORT SERVICES BUREAU

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway
Account--State Appropriation  $ 55,961,000

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway
Account--Federal Appropriation  $ 104,000

Transportation Fund--State Appropriation  $ 4,965,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 61,030,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) $1,017,000 for the state patrol highway account--state appropriation is provided solely for year 2000 conversions of transportation automated systems. For purposes of this subsection, transportation automated systems does not include WASIS and WACIS.

(2) $50,000 of the state patrol highway account--state appropriation is provided solely for a feasibility study to assess the effect of mobile computers on trooper productivity by type of service and measurement of the productivity gains achieved through reduction in administrative time and paperwork processing. The agency shall submit a copy of the proposed study workplan to the office of financial management, the department of information services, and the legislative transportation committee no later than October 1, 1997. A final report shall be submitted to the legislative transportation committee, the office of financial management, and the department of information services.
services no later than January 31, 1998. This project is subject to the provisions of section 502 of this act.

(3) $50,000 of the state patrol highway account--state appropriation is provided solely for a review of the feasibility of improving the patrol’s computer-aided dispatch system to permit tracking of trooper availability and response time to calls for service. The agency shall submit a copy of the proposed study workplan to the office of financial management, the department of information services, and the legislative transportation committee no later than October 1, 1997. A final report shall be submitted to the legislative transportation committee, the office of financial management, and the department of information services no later than January 31, 1998. This project is subject to the provisions of section 502 of this act.

(4) These appropriations maintain current level funding for the Washington state patrol service center and have no budget savings included for a consolidation of service centers based on the study conducted by the technology management group. During the 1997 interim, the costs for current level will be reviewed by the office of financial management and department of information services with a formal data center recommendation, that has been approved by the information services board, to the legislature in January 1998. Current level funding will be split between fiscal year 1998 and fiscal year 1999 with consideration of funding adjustments based on the review and the formal policy and budget recommendations.

(5) $4,965,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is for the following traditional general fund purposes: The executive protection unit, revolving fund charges, budget and fiscal services, computer services, personnel, human resources, administrative services, and property management. This appropriation is not a permanent funding source for these purposes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 211. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Highway Safety Fund--Motorcycle Safety Education
   Account--State Appropriation $ 77,000
State Wildlife Account--State Appropriation $ 57,000
Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $ 5,538,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 4,501,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 900,000
   TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 11,073,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The agency is directed to develop a proposal for implementing alternative approaches to delivering agency services to the public. The alternative approaches may include the use of credit card payment for telephone or use of the internet for renewals of vehicle registrations. The proposal shall also include collocated services for greater convenience to the public. The agency shall submit a copy of the proposal to the legislative transportation committee and to the office of financial management no later than December 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 212. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Highway Safety Fund--Motorcycle Safety Education
   Account--State Appropriation $ 2,000
General Fund--Wildlife Account--State
   Appropriation $ 123,000
Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $ 4,396,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 5,858,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 1,190,000
   TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 11,569,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: $2,498,000 of the highway safety fund--state appropriation and $793,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation are provided for the following activities: (1) Identify business objectives and needs relating to technology improvements and integration of the drivers’ licensing and vehicle title and registrations systems; (2) converting the drivers’ licensing software applications to achieve Year 2000 compliance; (3) convert the drivers’ field network from a uniscope to a frame-relay network; (4) develop an interface between the unisys system and the CRASH system; and (5) operate and maintain the highways-licensing building network and the drivers’ field network.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 213. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--VEHICLE SERVICES

General Fund--Marine Fuel Tax Refund Account--
State Appropriation $ 26,000

General Fund--Wildlife Account--State
Appropriation $ 549,000

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 50,003,000

Department of Licensing Services Account--
State Appropriation $ 2,944,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 53,522,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) $600,000 of the licensing service account--state appropriation is provided for replacement of printers for county auditors and subagents.

(2) The department of licensing, in cooperation with the fuel tax advisory committee, shall prepare and submit a report to the legislative transportation committee containing recommendations for special fuel and motor vehicle fuel recordkeeping and reporting requirements, including but not limited to recommendations regarding the form and manner in which records and tax reports must be maintained and made available to the department; which persons engaged in the business of selling, purchasing, distributing, storing, transporting, or delivering fuel should be required to submit periodic reports regarding the disposition of such fuel; and the feasibility of implementing an automated fuel tracking system. The report is due no later than October 31, 1997.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 214. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--DRIVER SERVICES

Highway Safety Fund--Motorcycle Safety Education
Account--State Appropriation $ 1,160,000

Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $ 61,087,000

Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 4,985,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 67,232,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: If Substitute House Bill No. 1501, Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718, or driver’s license security provisions that are substantially similar to the security provisions in either bill are not enacted by June 30, 1997, $2,503,000 of the highway safety fund--state appropriation shall lapse.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 215. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--HIGHWAY MANAGEMENT AND FACILITIES--PROGRAM D--OPERATING

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 24,703,000
The appropriations in this section are provided for the location, design, right of way acquisition, and construction of state highway projects designated as improvements under RCW 47.05.030. The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1)(a) $75,000,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation and $25,000,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation are provided for projects to be selected by the transportation commission. The commission shall select improvement projects giving priority consideration to those projects supporting freight mobility, economic development, and partnerships, such as the SR 543 Blaine Border Crossing, SR 405 NE 44th St. I/c corridor analysis, and SR 520 Translake study. State-wide geographic distribution should also be considered.

(b) State funds conditioned in (a) of this subsection may also be used as match for federally funded projects of similar nature.

(2) The special category C account--state appropriation of $78,600,000 includes $26,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by RCW 47.10.812 through 47.10.817 and includes $19,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by House Bill No. 1012. The transportation commission may authorize the use of current revenues available to the department of transportation in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation. If House Bill No. 1012 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, $19,000,000 of the special category C account--state appropriation shall lapse.
(3) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $2,685,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by RCW 47.10.819(1) for match on federal demonstration projects. The transportation commission may authorize the use of current revenues available to the department of transportation in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation.

(4) The department shall report annually to the legislative transportation committee on the status of the projects funded by the special category C appropriations contained in this section. The report shall be submitted by January 1 of each year.

(5) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation in this section includes $600,000 solely for a rest area and information facility in the Nisqually gateway area to Mt. Rainier, provided that at least forty percent of the total project costs are provided from federal, local, or private sources. The contributions from the nonstate sources may be in the form of in-kind contributions including, but not limited to, donations of property and services.

(6) The appropriations in this section contain $600,000 solely for a rest area and information facility in the Nisqually gateway area to Mt. Rainier, provided that at least forty percent of the total project costs are provided from federal, local, or private sources. The contributions from the nonstate sources may be in the form of in-kind contributions including, but not limited to, donations of property and services.

(7) No moneys are provided for the Washington coastal corridor study.

(8) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation in this section includes $250,000 to establish a wetland mitigation pilot project. This appropriation may only be expended if the department of transportation establishes a technical committee to better implement the department’s strategic plan. The technical committee shall include, but is not limited to, cities, counties, environmental groups, business groups, tribes, the Puget Sound action team, and the state departments of ecology, fish and wildlife, and community, trade, and economic development, and appropriate federal agencies. The committee shall assist the department in implementing its wetland strategic plan, including working to eliminate barriers to improved wetland and watershed management. To this end, the technical committee shall: (a) Work to facilitate sharing of agency environmental data, including evaluation of off-site and out-of-kind mitigation options; (b) develop agreed-upon guidance that will enable the preservation of wetlands that are under imminent threat from development for use as an acceptable mitigation option; (c) develop strategies that will facilitate the implementation of mitigation banking, including developing mechanisms for valuing and transferring credits; (d) provide input in the development of wetland functions assessment protocols related to transportation projects; (e) develop incentives for interagency participation in joint mitigation projects within watersheds; and (f) explore options for funding environmental mitigation strategies. The department shall prepare an annual report to the legislative transportation committee and legislative natural resources committees on recommendations developed by the technical committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 218. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSPORTATION ECONOMIC PARTNERSHIPS--PROGRAM K

Transportation Fund--State Appropriation  $ 1,280,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 16,235,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 17,515,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $16,235,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.834 for all forms of cash contributions, or the payment of other costs incident to the location, development, design, right of way, and construction of only the SR 16 corridor improvements and park and ride projects selected under the public-private transportation initiative program authorized under chapter 47.46 RCW; and support costs of the public-private transportation initiatives program.

(2) The appropriations in this section contain $16,235,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 219. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE--PROGRAM M
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) If portions of the appropriations in this section are required to fund maintenance work resulting from major disasters not covered by federal emergency funds such as fire, flooding, and major slides, supplemental appropriations will be requested to restore state funding for ongoing maintenance activities.

(2) The department shall deliver the highway maintenance program according to the plans for each major maintenance group to the extent practical. However, snow and ice expenditures are highly variable depending on actual weather conditions encountered. If extraordinary winter needs result in increased winter maintenance expenditures, the department shall, after prior consultation with the transportation commission, the office of financial management, and the legislative transportation committee adopt one or both of the following courses of action: (a) Reduce planned maintenance activities in other groups to offset the necessary increases for snow and ice control; or (b) continue delivery as planned within other major maintenance groups and request a supplemental appropriation in the following legislative session to fund the additional snow and ice control expenditures.

(3) The department shall request an unanticipated receipt for any federal moneys received for emergency snow and ice removal and shall place an equal amount of the motor vehicle fund--state into unallotted status. This exchange shall not affect the amount of funding available for snow and ice removal.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 220. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--PRESERVATION--PROGRAM P

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $6,800,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.761 and 47.10.762 for emergency purposes. However, the transportation commission may authorize the use of current revenues available to the department of transportation in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation.

(2) The appropriations in this section contain $27,552,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

(3) If the Oregon state legislature enacts a public/private partnership program and the Washington state transportation commission, in consultation with the legislative transportation committee, negotiates and enters into an agreement between Washington and Oregon to place the Lewis and Clark bridge into Oregon's public/private partnership program, up to $3,000,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation may be used as Washington's contribution toward the design of the project pursuant to the agreement between Washington and Oregon. Any additional contributions shall be subject to Washington state legislative appropriations and approvals. The department shall provide a status report on this project to the legislative transportation committee by June 30, 1998.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 221. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRAFFIC OPERATIONS--PROGRAM Q

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 29,140,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amount is provided solely for that activity: The department, in cooperation with the Washington state patrol and the tow truck industry, shall develop and submit to the legislative transportation committee by October 31, 1997, a recommendation for implementing new tow truck services during peak hours on the Puget Sound freeway system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 222. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSPORTATION MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT--PROGRAM S

Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Account--State Appropriation $ 777,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 57,462,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account--State Appropriation $ 1,093,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 1,158,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 60,490,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $2,650,000 solely for programming activities to bring the department’s information systems into compliance with the year 2000 requirements of the department of information services. The department is directed to expend the moneys internally reallocated for this purpose before spending from this appropriation. The department is directed to provide quarterly reports on this effort to the legislative transportation committee and the office of financial management beginning October 1, 1997.

(2) The legislative transportation committee shall review and analyze freight mobility issues affecting eastern and southeastern Washington as recommended by the freight mobility advisory committee and report Backlund to the legislature by November 1, 1997. $500,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation is provided for this review and analysis. The funding conditioned in this subsection shall be from revenues provided for interjurisdictional studies.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 223. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSPORTATION PLANNING, DATA, AND RESEARCH--PROGRAM T

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 16,098,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 10,466,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 1,384,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 27,948,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: Up to $2,400,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation is provided for regional transportation planning organizations, with allocations for participating counties maintained at the 1995-1997 biennium levels for those counties not having metropolitan planning organizations within their boundaries.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 224. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--CHARGES FROM OTHER AGENCIES--PROGRAM U

(1) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL TORT CLAIMS SUPPORT
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 2,515,000
(2) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 840,000
(3) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION FACILITIES AND SERVICES AND CONSOLIDATED MAIL SERVICES
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 3,391,000
(4) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 2,240,000
(5) FOR PAYMENT OF SELF-INSURANCE LIABILITY PREMIUMS AND ADMINISTRATION

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 12,120,000
(6) FOR PAYMENT OF SELF-INSURANCE LIABILITY PREMIUMS AND ADMINISTRATION

Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account--State Appropriation $ 2,928,000
(7) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE OFFICE OF MINORITY AND WOMEN'S BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 536,000
(8) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 90,000
(9) FOR PAYMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION CAPITAL PROJECTS SURCHARGE

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 735,000
(10) FOR ARCHIVES AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 295,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 225. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--WASHINGTON STATE FERRIES CONSTRUCTION--PROGRAM W

Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Account--State Appropriation $ 243,229,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Account--Federal Appropriation $ 30,165,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Account--Private/Local Appropriation $ 765,000
Transportation Fund--Passenger Ferry Account--State Appropriation $ 579,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 274,738,000

The appropriations in this section are provided for improving the Washington state ferry system, including, but not limited to, vessel acquisition, vessel construction, major and minor vessel improvements, and terminal construction and improvements. The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The appropriations in this section are provided to carry out only the projects (version 3) adjusted by the legislature for the 1997-99 budget. The department shall reconcile the 1995-97 capital expenditures within ninety days of the end of the biennium and submit a final report to the legislative transportation committee and office of financial management.

(2) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes $100,000,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by RCW 47.60.800 for vessel and terminal acquisition, major and minor improvements, and long lead time materials acquisition for the Washington state ferries, including construction of new jumbo ferry vessels in accordance with the requirements of RCW 47.60.770 through 47.60.778. However, the department of transportation may use current revenues available to the Puget Sound capital construction account in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation.
(3) The department of transportation shall provide to the legislative transportation committee and office of financial management a quarterly financial report concerning the status of the capital program authorized in this section.

(4) Washington state ferries is authorized to reimburse up to $3,000,000 from the Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation to the city of Bremerton and the port of Bremerton for Washington state ferries’ financial participation in the development of a Bremerton multimodal transportation terminal, port of Bremerton passenger-only terminal expansion, and ferry vehicular connections to downtown traffic circulation improvements. The reimbursement shall specifically support the construction of the following components: Appropriate passenger-only ferry terminal linkages to accommodate bow-loading catamaran type vessels and the needed transit connections; and the Washington state ferries’ component of the Bremerton multimodal transportation terminal as part of the downtown Bremerton redevelopment project, including appropriate access to the new downtown traffic circulation road network.

(5) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes funding for capital improvements on vessels to meet United States Coast Guard Subchapter W regulation revisions impacting SOLAS (safety of life at sea) requirements for ferry operations on the Anacortes to Sidney, B.C. ferry route.

(6) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation, the Puget Sound capital construction account--federal appropriation, and the passenger ferry account--state appropriation include funding for the construction of one new passenger-only vessel and the department's exercise of the option to build a second passenger-only vessel.

(7) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes funding for the exploration and acquisition of a design for constructing a millennium class ferry vessel.

(8) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes $90,000 for the purchase of defibrillators. At least one defibrillator shall be placed on each vessel in the ferry fleet.

(9) The appropriations in this section contain $46,962,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

(10)(a) The Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation includes $57,461,000 for the 1997-99 biennium portion of the design and construction of a fourth Jumbo Mark II ferry and for payments related to the lease-purchase of the vessel’s engines and propulsion system.

(b) If House Bill No. 2108 authorizing the department to procure the vessel utilizing existing construction and equipment acquisition contracts is not enacted during the 1997 legislative session, (a) of this subsection is null and void; $50,000,000 of the motor vehicle fund--Puget Sound capital construction account--state appropriation shall not be allotted; and $7,461,000 may be allotted for preservation or renovation of Super class ferries.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 226. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--MARINE--PROGRAM X

Marine Operating Fund--State Appropriation $ 267,358,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The appropriation is based on the budgeted expenditure of $29,151,000 for vessel operating fuel in the 1997-99 biennium. If the actual cost of fuel is less than this budgeted amount, the excess amount may not be expended. If the actual cost exceeds this amount, the department shall request a supplemental appropriation.

(2) The appropriation provides for the compensation of ferry employees. The expenditures for compensation paid to ferry employees during the 1997-99 biennium may not exceed $177,347,000 plus a dollar amount, as prescribed by the office of financial management, that is equal to any insurance benefit increase granted general government employees in excess of $313.95 a month annualized per eligible marine employee multiplied by the number of eligible marine employees for the respective fiscal year, a dollar amount as prescribed by the office of financial management for costs associated with pension amortization charges, and a dollar amount prescribed by the office of financial
management for salary increases during the 1997-99 biennium. For the purposes of this section, the expenditures for compensation paid to ferry employees shall be limited to salaries and wages and employee benefits as defined in the office of financial management’s policies, regulations, and procedures named under objects of expenditure "A" and "B" (7.2.6.2).

The prescribed salary and insurance benefit increase or decrease dollar amount that shall be allocated from the governor’s compensation appropriations is in addition to the appropriation contained in this section and may be used to increase or decrease compensation costs, effective July 1, 1997, and thereafter, as established in the 1997-99 general fund operating budget.

(3) The department of transportation shall provide to the legislative transportation committee and office of financial management a quarterly financial report concerning the status of the operating program authorized in this section.

(4) The appropriation in this section includes up to $1,566,000 for additional operating expenses required to comply with United States Coast Guard Subchapter W regulation revisions for vessels operating on the Anacortes to Sidney, B.C. ferry route. The department shall explore methods to minimize the cost of meeting United States Coast Guard requirements and shall report the results to the legislative transportation committee and office of financial management by September 1, 1997.

(5) The department shall request a reduction of the costs associated with the use of the terminal leased from the Port of Anacortes and costs associated with use of the Sidney, British Columbia terminal.

(6) Agreements between Washington state ferries and concessionaires for automatic teller machines on ferry terminals or vessels shall provide for and include banks and credit unions that primarily serve the west side of Puget Sound.

(7) In the event federal funding is provided for one or more passenger-only ferry vessels for the purpose of transporting United States naval personnel, the department of transportation is authorized to acquire and construct such vessels in accordance with the authority provided in RCW 47.56.030, and the department shall establish a temporary advisory committee comprised of representatives of the Washington state ferries, transportation commission, legislative transportation committee, office of financial management, and the United States Navy to analyze and make recommendations on, at a minimum, vessel performance criteria, docking, vessel deployment, and operating issues.

(8) Upon completion of the construction of the three Mark II Jumbo Class ferry vessels, two vessels shall be deployed for service on the Seattle-Bainbridge ferry route and one shall be deployed for service on the Edmonds-Kingston ferry route. Of the existing Jumbo Class ferry vessels, one shall be deployed for use on the Edmonds-Kingston route and the remaining vessel shall be used as a Backlund-up boat for both the Seattle-Bainbridge and Edmonds-Kingston routes.

(9) The appropriation provides funding for House Bill No. 2165 (paying interest on retroactive raises for ferry workers).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 227. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION AND RAIL--PROGRAM Y

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State Appropriation</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Essential Rail Assistance</td>
<td>$ 256,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>High Capacity Transportation</td>
<td>$ 6,225,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Air Pollution Control</td>
<td>$ 6,290,000</td>
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<td>Transportation Fund--State</td>
<td>$ 48,529,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transportation Fund--Federal</td>
<td>$ 3,947,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Transportation Fund--Private/Local</td>
<td>$ 105,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Central Puget Sound Public Transportation</td>
<td>$ 250,000</td>
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TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 65,602,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) Up to $40,180,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided for intercity rail passenger service including up to $8,000,000 for lease purchase of two advanced technology train sets with total purchase costs not to exceed $20,000,000; up to $1,000,000 for one spare advanced technology train power-car and other spare parts, subsidies for operating costs not to exceed $12,000,000, to maintain service of two state contracted round trips between Seattle and Portland and one state contracted round trip between Seattle and Vancouver, British Columbia, and capital projects necessary to provide Seattle-Vancouver, British Columbia, train operating times of under 4 hours.

(2) Up to $2,500,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided for the rural mobility program administered by the department of transportation. Priority for grants provided from this account shall be given to projects and programs that can be accomplished in the 1997-99 biennium.

(3) Up to $600,000 of the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation is provided for rail freight coordination, technical assistance, and planning.

(4) The department shall provide biannual reports to the legislative transportation committee and office of financial management regarding the department's rail freight program. The department shall also notify the committee for project expenditures from all fund sources prior to making those expenditures. The department shall examine the ownership of grain cars and the potential for divestiture of those cars and other similar assets and report those findings to the committee prior to the 1998 legislative session.

(5) Up to $750,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation and up to $250,000 of the central Puget Sound public transportation account--state appropriation are provided to fund activities relating to coordinating special needs transportation among state and local providers. These activities may include demonstration projects, assessments of resources available versus needs, and identification of barriers to coordinating special needs transportation. The department will consult with the superintendent of public instruction, the secretary of the department of social and health services, the office of financial management, the fiscal committees of the house of representatives and senate, special needs consumers, and specialized transportation providers in meeting the goals of this subsection.

(6) The appropriations in this section contain $4,599,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

(7) The high capacity transportation account--state appropriation includes $75,000 for the department to develop a strategy and to identify how the agency would expend additional moneys to enhance the commute trip reduction program. The report would include recommendations for grant programs for employers and jurisdictions to reduce SOV usage and to provide transit incentives to meet future commute trip reduction requirements. The report is due to the legislative transportation committee by January 1, 1998.

(8) In addition to the appropriations contained in this section, the office of financial management shall release the $2,000,000 transportation fund--state funds appropriated for the intercity rail passenger program in the 1995-97 biennium but held in reserve pursuant to section 502, chapter 165, Laws of 1996.

(9) Up to $150,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided for the management and control of the transportation corridor known as the Milwaukee Road corridor owned by the state between Ellensburg and Lind, and to take actions necessary to allow the department to be in a position, with further legislative authorization, to begin to negotiate a franchise with a rail carrier to establish and maintain a rail line over portions of the corridor by July 1, 1999.

(10) Up to $2,500,000 of the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation may be used by the department for activities related to improvement of the King Street station. The department shall provide monthly reports to the legislative transportation committee on activities related to the station, including discussions of funding commitments from others for future improvements to the station.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 228. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--LOCAL PROGRAMS--PROGRAM Z
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

1. The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $1,785,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized by RCW 47.10.819(1). The transportation commission may authorize the use of current revenues available to the department of transportation in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation.

2. As a condition of receiving the full state subsidy in support of the Puget Island ferry, Wahkiakum county must, by December 31, 1997, increase ferry fares for passengers and vehicles by at least ten percent. If the fares are not increased to meet this requirement, the department, in determining the state subsidy after December 31, 1997, shall reduce the operating deficit by the amount that would have been generated if the ten percent fare increase had been implemented.

3. The appropriations in this section contain $1,750,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

4. Up to $500,000 of the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation is provided for implementation of the recommendations of the freight mobility advisory committee, and any legislation enacted resulting from those recommendations.

PART III
TRANSPORTATION AGENCIES CAPITAL FACILITIES

NEW SECTION, Sec. 301. (1) The state patrol, the department of licensing, and the department of transportation shall coordinate their activities when siting facilities. This coordination shall result in the collocation of driver and vehicle licensing, vehicle inspection service facilities, and other transportation services whenever possible.

The department of licensing, the department of transportation, and the state patrol shall explore alternative state services, such as vehicle emission testing, that would be feasible to collocate in these joint facilities. All services provided at these transportation service facilities shall be provided at cost to the participating agencies.

(2) The department of licensing may lease develop with option to purchase or lease purchase new customer service centers to be paid for from operating revenues. The Washington state patrol shall provide project management for the department of licensing. Alternatively, a financing contract may be entered into on behalf of the department of licensing in the amounts indicated plus financing expenses and reserves pursuant to chapter 39.94 RCW. The locations and amounts for projects covered under this section are as follows:

(a) A new customer service center in Vancouver for $3,709,900;
(b) A new customer service center in Thurston county for $4,641,200; and
(c) A new customer service center in Union Gap for $3,642,000.

(3) The Washington state patrol, department of licensing, and department of transportation shall provide monthly progress reports to the legislative transportation committee within the transportation executive information system on the capital facilities receiving an appropriation in this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 302. FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE PATROL--CAPITAL PROJECTS

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account--State Appropriation $ 7,075,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 4,000,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 11,075,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The appropriations in the transportation fund and the motor vehicle fund—state patrol highway account are provided for the microwave migration. Yakima district 3 headquarters office, weigh station facilities identified in the budget notes, training academy HVAC system, and regular facilities maintenance.

(2) The Washington state patrol, based on an independent real estate appraisal, is authorized to purchase the Port Angeles detachment office for a maximum of $600,000 provided the appraisal is $600,000 or above in value. If the appraisal is less than $600,000, the Washington state patrol is authorized to purchase the building for the appraised value. Certificates of participation will be used for financing the cost of the building and related financing fees.

(3) A report will be prepared and presented to the legislature and office of financial management in January 1998 on the microwave migration project.

(4) The funding for the microwave migration project is limited to $4,400,000, the amount of revenue from frequency sales.

(5) The intent of the legislature is to have vehicle identification number (VIN) lanes and encourage colocation of other transportation and state services wherever feasible in transportation facilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--PROGRAM D (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION-ONLY PROJECTS)--CAPITAL

Motor Vehicle Fund--Transportation Capital
   Facilities Account--State Appropriation $ 21,696,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) The department of transportation shall provide to the legislative transportation committee prior notice and the latest project information at least two weeks in advance of the bid process for transportation capital facilities projects going to bid in the 1997-99 biennium.

(2) Construction of the Mount Rainier storage facility shall not commence until the department has secured an operational lease that would allow the placement of the facility on United States forest service lands near the entrance to the Mather memorial parkway.

(3) The appropriation in this section contains $7,719,000 reappropriated from the 1995-97 biennium.

PART IV
TRANSFERS AND DISTRIBUTIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR BOND SALES DISCOUNTS AND DEBT TO BE PAID BY MOTOR VEHICLE FUND AND TRANSPORTATION FUND REVENUE

Highway Bond Retirement Account Appropriation $ 195,062,000
Ferry Bond Retirement Account Appropriation $ 49,606,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 244,668,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR BOND SALE EXPENSES AND FISCAL AGENT CHARGES

Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital
   Construction Account Appropriation $ 500,000
Motor Vehicle Fund Appropriation $ 130,000
Transportation Improvement Account Appropriation $ 200,000
Special Category C Account Appropriation $ 350,000
Transportation Capital Facilities Account Appropriation $ 1,000
Urban Arterial Account Appropriation $ 5,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 1,186,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--STATE REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION

City Hardship Account Appropriation $ 200,000
Motor Vehicle Fund Appropriation for motor vehicle fuel tax and overload penalties distribution $ 471,937,000
Transportation Fund Appropriation $ 3,744,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 475,881,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF RETIREMENT SYSTEMS--TRANSFERS

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Patrol Highway Account:
For transfer to the department of retirement systems expense fund $ 117,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. STATUTORY APPROPRIATIONS. In addition to the amounts appropriated in this act for revenue for distribution, state contributions to the law enforcement officers' and fire fighters' retirement system, and bond retirement and interest including ongoing bond registration and transfer charges, transfers, interest on registered warrants, and certificates of indebtedness, there is also appropriated such further amounts as may be required or available for these purposes under any statutory formula or under any proper bond covenant made under law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 406. The department of transportation is authorized to undertake federal advance construction projects under the provisions of 23 U.S.C. Sec. 115 in order to maintain progress in meeting approved highway construction and preservation objectives. The legislature recognizes that the use of state funds may be required to temporarily fund expenditures of the federal appropriations for the highway construction and preservation programs for federal advance construction projects prior to conversion to federal funding.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 407. FOR THE STATE TREASURER--TRANSFERS

(1) R V Account--State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Motor Vehicle Fund--
State $ 1,176,000
(2) Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Transportation Capital Facilities Account--State $ 47,569,000
(3) Small City Account--State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Urban Arterial Trust Account--State $ 3,359,000
(4) Small City Account--State Appropriation:
For transfer to the Transportation Improvement Account--State $ 7,500,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 408. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSFERS

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation
For transfer to the Transportation Equipment Fund--State Appropriation $ 500,000

The appropriation transfer in this section is provided for the purchase of equipment for the highway maintenance program from the transportation equipment fund - operations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 409. The state treasurer shall transfer the sum of fifty million dollars from the general fund to the transportation fund during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 410. The motor vehicle account revenues are received at a relatively even flow throughout the year. Expenditures may exceed the revenue during the accelerated summer and fall highway construction season, creating a negative cash balance during the heavy construction season. Negative cash balances also may result from the use of state funds to finance federal advance construction projects prior to conversion to federal funding. The governor and the legislature recognize that the department of transportation may require interfund loans or other short-term financing to meet temporary seasonal cash requirements and additional cash requirements to fund federal advance construction projects.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 411. In addition to such other appropriations as are made by this act, there is appropriated to the department of transportation from legally available bond proceeds in the respective transportation funds and accounts such amounts as are necessary to pay the expenses incurred by the state finance committee in the issuance and sale of the subject bonds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 412. EXPENDITURE AUTHORIZATIONS. The appropriations contained in this act are maximum expenditure authorizations. Pursuant to RCW 43.88.037, moneys disbursed from the treasury on the basis of a formal loan agreement shall be recorded as loans receivable and not as expenditures for accounting purposes. To the extent that moneys are disbursed on a loan basis, the corresponding appropriation shall be reduced by the amount of loan moneys disbursed from the treasury during the 1997-99 biennium.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 413. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSFERS

Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account--State Appropriation: For transfer to the Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Account $ 50,000,000

This transfer is intended to be an interfund loan between the two accounts with the obligation of repayment in future biennia. This appropriation is subject to the following conditions and limitations: If funds are not appropriated for a fourth Jumbo Mark II ferry or House Bill No. 2108, authorizing the department to procure the vessel utilizing existing construction and equipment acquisition contracts, is not enacted during the 1997 legislative session, this section is null and void.

PART V
A. MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. To maximize the use of transportation revenues, it is the intent of the legislature to encourage sharing of technology, information, and systems where appropriate between transportation agencies.

To facilitate this exchange, the Washington state department of transportation assistant secretary for finance and budget management; Washington state department of transportation chief for
management information systems; the Washington state patrol deputy chief, inter-governmental services bureau; Washington state patrol manager of the computer services division; the department of licensing deputy director and department of licensing assistant director for information systems will meet quarterly to share plans, discuss progress of key projects, and to coordinate activities for the common good. Minutes of these meetings will be distributed to the respective agency heads, the office of financial management and the legislative transportation committee. Washington state department of transportation will provide staff support and meeting coordination.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. Agencies shall comply with the following requirements regarding information systems projects when specifically directed to do so by this act.

(1) The agency shall produce a feasibility study for each information systems project in accordance with published department of information services instructions. In addition to department of information services requirements, the study shall examine and evaluate the costs and benefits of maintaining the status quo and the costs and benefits of the proposed project. The study shall identify when and in what amount any fiscal savings will accrue, and what programs or fund sources will be affected.

(2) The agency shall produce a project management plan for each project. The plan or plans shall address all factors critical to successful completion of each project. The plan shall include, but is not limited to, the following elements: A description of the business problem or opportunity that the information systems project is intended to address; a statement of project objectives and assumptions; definition of phases, tasks, and activities to be accomplished and the estimated cost of each phase; a description of how the agency will facilitate responsibilities of oversight agencies; a description of key decision points in the project life cycle; a description of variance control measures; a definitive schedule that shows the elapsed time estimated to complete the project and when each task is to be started and completed; and a description of resource requirements to accomplish the activities within specified time, cost, and functionality constraints.

(3) A copy of each feasibility study and project management plan shall be provided to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative transportation committee. Authority to expend any funds for individual information systems projects is conditioned on approval of the relevant feasibility study and project management plan by the department of information services and the office of financial management.

(4) A bimonthly project status report shall be submitted to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative transportation committee for each project prior to reaching key decision points identified in the project management plan. Project status reports include: Project name, agency undertaking the project, a description of the project, key project activities or accomplishments during the next sixty to ninety days, baseline cost data, costs to date, baseline schedule, schedule to date, risk assessments, risk management, any deviations from the project feasibility study, and recommendations.

Work shall not commence on any task in a subsequent phase of a project until the status report for the preceding key decision point has been approved by the department of information services and the office of financial management.

(5) If a project review is requested in accordance with department of information services policies, the reviews shall examine and evaluate: System requirements specifications; scope; system architecture; change controls; documentation; user involvement; training; availability and capability of resources; programming languages and techniques; system inputs and outputs; plans for testing, conversion, implementation, and post-implementation; and other aspects critical to successful construction, integration, and implementation of automated systems. Copies of project review written reports shall be forwarded to the office of financial management and appropriate legislative committees by the agency.

(6) A written post-implementation review report shall be prepared by the agency for each information systems project in accordance with published department of information services instructions. In addition to the information requested pursuant to the department of information services instructions, the post-implementation report shall evaluate the degree to which a project accomplished its major objectives including, but not limited to, a comparison of original cost and benefit estimates to
actual costs and benefits achieved. Copies of the post-implementation review report shall be provided to the department of information services, the office of financial management, and legislative transportation committee.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. Any new automation projects must be reviewed and approved by the department of information services and then by the office of financial management prior to transportation funding being approved. If changes in an automation project are made or recommended by the office of financial management, including appropriation amounts, then the department of information services must review and report recommendations on the changes prior to transportation funding being approved.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. Appropriations for the year 2000 conversions for transportation agencies will be used solely for modifications of information systems that have been approved and recommended by the department of information services. A progress report will be presented to the legislative transportation committee by the department of information services in January 1998, with completion of the year 2000 conversion by January 31, 1999. Any savings realized from the conversion process will revert on June 30, 1999, Backlund to the respective funds from which funding was appropriated.

B. EMERGENCY RELIEF

NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--EMERGENCY RELIEF

Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 3,000,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: This appropriation is to be placed in reserve status for emergency relief in the event of a disaster where federal emergency relief funds have become available. The transportation commission in consultation with the legislative transportation committee may request the office of financial management to transfer the appropriation authority from reserve to active status.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 506. The appropriations contained in sections 203 and 204 of this act include funding to assist cities and counties in providing match for federal emergency funding for winter storm and flood damage as determined by the county road administration board and the transportation improvement board. The county road administration board and the transportation improvement board will report to the legislative transportation committee and the office of financial management by September 30 of each year on the projects selected to receive match funding.

C. BUDGET SUBMITTAL AND OVERSIGHT PROVISIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 507. Any agency requesting transportation funding must submit to the legislative transportation committees the same request and supporting documents presented to the office of financial management at agency budget submittal time.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 508. In addition to information required under section 507 of this act, agencies shall include their strategic plans and an explanation of how the budget submittals and the investment choices and recommended associated service levels are linked to the strategic plan.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 509. Transportation agencies are required to provide fund balances and financial, workload, and performance measurement data in the transportation executive information system on a schedule agreed to by the legislative transportation committee.

D. BILLS NECESSARY TO IMPLEMENT THIS ACT

NEW SECTION, Sec. 511. The following bills are necessary to implement portions of this act: Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1011, Substitute House Bill No. 2108, or Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718.

E. MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 512. (1) If Substitute House Bill No. 2237 is not enacted, or is enacted without a provision allowing the department of transportation to obtain fair and reasonable compensation, by June 30, 1997, the appropriations to the department in this act may only be used by the department to grant rights of occupancy to a telecommunications carrier only to the extent authorized by existing law, including but not limited to chapters 47.12, 47.44, and 47.52 RCW. However, the authority of the department to install telecommunications facilities solely for public transportation purposes is not limited.

(2) The telecommunications/right-of-way advisory panel is created to evaluate the department’s process for developing proposals for use of its limited-access rights-of-way by telecommunications carriers.

The membership of the telecommunications/right-of-way advisory panel is as follows:

(a) Two members of the house transportation policy and budget committee, one from each political party, as appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives. The speaker shall also designate two alternate members to serve if the appointed member is unavailable;

(b) Two members of the senate transportation committee, one from each political party, as appointed by the president of the senate. The president shall also designate two alternate members to serve if the appointed member is unavailable;

(c) One member of the house appropriations committee, as appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives. The speaker shall also designate an alternate member to serve if the appointed member is unavailable;

(d) One member of the senate ways and means committee, as appointed by the president of the senate. The president shall also designate an alternate member to serve if the appointed member is unavailable;

(e) Two representatives of the governor or their designees;

(f) The secretary of the department of transportation or a designee; and

(g) The director of the department of information services or a designee.

Sec. 513. RCW 47.78.010 and 1991 sp.s. c 13 ss 66, 121 are each amended to read as follows:

There is hereby established in the state treasury the high capacity transportation account. Money in the account shall be used, after appropriation, for local high capacity transportation purposes including rail freight, activities associated with freight mobility, and commute trip reduction activities.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 514. Section 513 of this act expires June 30, 1999.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 515. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--RESERVE STATUS

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 5,000,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 5,000,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 10,000,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and the entire amount is provided solely for placement in reserve status: The entire amount is to be placed in reserve status for potential funding of the highway construction program should the federal transportation authorization act (ISTEA) not be enacted by October 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 516. During the 1997 interim, the fiscal committees of the house of representatives and senate will review funding alternatives for Washington state parks (roadway maintenance and preservation), department of trade and economic development (gateway visitor information centers), and the office of financial management (transportation budget/policy analysts). The committees will make funding recommendations for a permanent funding source for each of the above agencies and the related activities during the 1998 legislative session.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 517. It is the intent of the legislature that the department of transportation may implement a voluntary retirement incentive program that is cost neutral provided that such program is approved by the director of financial management.

PART VI
1995-97 SUPPLEMENTAL

Sec. 601. 1996 c 165 s 207 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT SERVICES

Highway Safety Fund--Motorcycle Safety Education
   Account--State Appropriation $ 68,000
State Wildlife Account--State Appropriation $ 53,000
Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $ ((5,460,000))
   Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 4,045,000
   Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 808,000
   TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((10,434,000))

Sec. 602. 1996 c 165 s 210 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LICENSING--DRIVER SERVICES

Highway Safety Fund--Motorcycle Safety Education
   Account--State Appropriation $ 1,150,000
Highway Safety Fund--State Appropriation $ ((56,145,000))
   Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 4,914,000
   TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((62,209,000))

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:
(1) If the following bills are not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amounts specified from the highway safety fund--state appropriation shall lapse:
   (((4))) (a) Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2150: $298,000;
   (((5))) (b) Substitute Senate Bill No. 6487: $61,000;
   (((4))) (c) Engrossed Third Substitute Senate Bill No. 6062: $133,000.
(2) $250,000 of the highway safety fund--state appropriation is provided for manual processing of accident reports due to a delay in implementing the collision reporting and statistical reporting system.
Sec. 603. 1996 c 165 s 211 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--HIGHWAY MANAGEMENT AND FACILITIES--PROGRAM D--OPERATING

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 24,394,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 400,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Transportation Capital Facilities Account--State Appropriation $ ((21,974,000))

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((46,768,000))

22,011,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity: The transportation capital facilities account--state appropriation includes $37,000 as match to a federal emergency management grant for reimbursement to repair damage to agency owned buildings as result of the December 1996 floods.

Sec. 604. 1996 c 165 s 215 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--HIGHWAY MAINTENANCE--PROGRAM M

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ ((222,274,000))
Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 461,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 3,305,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((226,040,000))

230,040,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:

(1) If portions of the appropriations in this section are required to fund maintenance work resulting from major disasters not covered by federal emergency funds such as fire, flooding, and major slides, supplemental appropriations will be requested to restore state funding for ongoing maintenance activities.

(2) The department shall deliver the highway maintenance program according to the plans for each major maintenance group to the extent practical. However, if projected snow and ice expenditures exceed the plan of $40,000,000, the department will, after prior consultation with the legislative transportation committee, adopt one or both of the following courses of action:

(a) Reduce planned maintenance activities in other groups to offset the necessary increases for snow and ice control and detail these expenditures; or

(b) Continue service delivery as planned within the other major maintenance groups and access up to (($2,000,000 in snow and ice reserve)) $4,000,000 provided in subsection (6) of this section to cover increased snow and ice expenditures (provided for in section 505 of this act).

(3) The department shall provide recommendations to the legislative transportation committee by June 30, 1996, on: (a) The feasibility of developing a maintenance management system; (b) methods for providing a consistent maintenance level of service throughout the state; (c) options for centralized versus decentralized management of the program; (d) improving accountability and oversight of the maintenance program; and (e) improving accountability and oversight of the transportation equipment fund program.

(4) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation in this section includes $250,000 solely for augmentation of the adopt-a-highway program, under Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1512.

(5) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation in this section includes $1,812,000 for payment of local stormwater assessment fees.
(6) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $4,000,000 solely for snow and ice expenditures that exceed the $40,000,000 snow and ice expenditure plan.

Sec. 605. 1996 c 165 s 218 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--SALES AND SERVICES TO OTHERS--PROGRAM R

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ ((490,000))
Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 400,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 7,232,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ ((8,122,000))

Sec. 606. 1996 c 165 s 220 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--TRANSIT RESEARCH AND INTERMODAL PLANNING--PROGRAM T

Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 14,395,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ ((4,647,000))
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation  $ 1,345,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ ((31,387,000))

Sec. 607. 1996 c 165 s 221 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--CHARGES FROM OTHER AGENCIES--PROGRAM U

(1) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF ATTORNEY GENERAL TORT CLAIMS SUPPORT
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 4,646,000
(2) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation  $ 832,000
(3) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION FACILITIES AND SERVICES AND CONSOLIDATED MAIL SERVICES
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 3,374,000

(4) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PERSONNEL
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 2,240,000

(5) FOR PAYMENT OF SELF-INSURANCE LIABILITY PREMIUMS AND ADMINISTRATION
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 7,749,000

(6) FOR PAYMENT OF SELF-INSURANCE LIABILITY PREMIUMS AND ADMINISTRATION
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Ferry Operations Account--State Appropriation $ (2,000,000)) $ 2,500,000

(7) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE OFFICE OF MINORITY AND WOMEN’S BUSINESS ENTERPRISES
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 508,000

(8) FOR PAYMENT OF COSTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION STATE PARKING SERVICES
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 95,000

(9) FOR PAYMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION CAPITAL PROJECTS SURCHARGE
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 361,000

(10) FOR ARCHIVES AND RECORDS MANAGEMENT
Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation $ 280,000

Sec. 608. 1996 c 165 s 224 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION AND RAIL--PROGRAM Y
Essential Rail Assistance Account--State Appropriation $ 1,088,000
Motor Vehicle Account--State Appropriation $ 138,000
Motor Vehicle Account--Federal Appropriation $ 551,000
High Capacity Transportation Account--State Appropriation $ 4,275,000
Air Pollution Control Account--State Appropriation $ 3,145,000
Transportation Fund--State Appropriation $ 34,480,000
Transportation Fund--Federal Appropriation $ (41,643,000)) $ 13,243,000
Transportation Fund--Private Local Appropriation $ 105,000
Public Transportation Systems Account--State Appropriation $ 1,000,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (56,425,000)) $ 58,025,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:
(1) Up to $31,845,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation and $700,000 of the transportation fund--federal appropriation is provided for intercity rail passenger service including up to $12,000,000 for lease purchase of two advanced technology train sets with total purchase costs not to exceed $20,000,000, subsidies for operating costs not to exceed $8,000,000, to maintain service of one state contracted round trip between Seattle and Portland and Seattle and Vancouver, British Columbia, and capital projects necessary to provide Seattle-Vancouver, British Columbia, train operating times of under 4 hours. The lease purchase of the train sets is predicated on the condition that the manufacturer of the trains has the obligation of establishing a corporate office in Washington state. The manufacturer is also obligated to spend a minimum of twenty-five percent of the total purchase price of the train sets on the assembly and manufacture of parts of the train sets in Washington state.
(2) The appropriations from the central Puget Sound public transportation account and the public transportation systems account are transferred to the transportation improvement board should either chapter . . . (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1107), Laws of 1995 or chapter . . . (Substitute Senate Bill No. 5199), Laws of 1995 be enacted, and contain provisions transferring responsibility for administration of these accounts from the department of transportation to the transportation improvement board, except $1,000,000 of the appropriation from the public transportation systems account shall be utilized for the rural mobility program and be administered by the department of transportation. Priority for grants provided from these accounts shall be given to projects and programs that can be accomplished in the 1995-1997 biennium and that are not primarily intended for the planning of facilities. Prior to July 1, 1996, no applications for grants from the central Puget Sound public transportation account may be accepted from, nor may funds from that account be granted to, the regional transit authority. The public transportation systems account funds provided to the rural mobility program are for the 1995-97 biennium and are not intended for grants which will have ongoing costs to this program.

(3) Up to $700,000 of the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation is reappropriated for regional transit authority grants. However, this amount shall not exceed the amount of unexpended regional transit authority grants in the 1993-95 biennium.

(4) None of the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation or reappropriation may be used to disseminate information in a manner that attempts to persuade, rather than inform or educate, area residents regarding the adopted system plan. The appropriation and reappropriation also may not be used to lobby or advertise, or distribute free promotional materials.

(5) The department of transportation may not transfer high capacity transportation account--state funds to a regional transportation authority during the 1995-1997 biennium, unless the authority has provided a detailed report to the department of transportation and the house of representatives and senate transportation committees regarding its use of those funds during preceding biennia and how it proposes to spend additional state funds.

(6) $1,800,000 of the high capacity transportation account--state appropriation is provided for the regional transit authority.

(7) The air pollution control account appropriation is provided solely for operation of the commute trip reduction program created under chapter 70.94 RCW and transferred to the department of transportation by Senate Bill No. 6451 or House Bill No. 2009. If Senate Bill No. 6451 or House Bill No. 2009 is not enacted by June 30, 1996, this subsection is null and void.

(8) If Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2832 is not enacted by June 30, 1996, $189,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation shall lapse.

(9) The transportation account--federal appropriation includes a $1,100,000 federal grant in 1997 for railroad crossing construction projects and a $500,000 federal transit administration grant received in fiscal year 1997 for design work on the King Street Station.

Sec. 609. 1996 c 165 s 225 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION--LOCAL PROGRAMS--PROGRAM Z

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>Appropriation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 1,400,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 15,167,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>(167,879,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transportation Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 356,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 5,087,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transfer Relief Account--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 307,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>(190,196,000)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations and specified amounts are provided solely for that activity:
(1) Up to $13,100,000 of the motor vehicle fund--federal appropriation in this section is provided for construction of demonstration projects specified in the federal intermodal surface transportation efficiency act (P.L. 101-240; 105 Stat. 1914). The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation includes $3,275,000 in proceeds from the sale of bonds authorized in RCW 47.10.819(1) for the federal match requirements. However, the transportation commission may authorize the use of current revenues available to the department of transportation in lieu of bond proceeds for any part of the state appropriation.

(2) The motor vehicle fund--state appropriation in this section includes $1,750,000 solely to fund the state's share of the east marine view drive project. This amount represents a reappropriation of the funding first provided for Everett homeport transportation projects in 1987. With this reappropriation, the legislature has fulfilled its commitment for funding of special transportation projects associated with the Everett homeport.

(3) $2,600,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation and $1,400,000 of the general fund--state appropriation in this section is provided solely for one-time capital infrastructure investment associated with development of a horse racetrack in western Washington. With this appropriation, the state has fulfilled its commitment to this project.

(4) Up to $1,100,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation and $300,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation contained in this section shall be used for evaluations that mutually benefit the state department of transportation, counties, and cities. The evaluations may include fuel tax evasion; license fraud; and the development of an implementation plan for the financing and construction of state, local, and private transportation improvements in south downtown Seattle. The implementation plan shall address the safety needs of the Spokane street viaduct, but shall not include any projects that would be financed and constructed under the public-private transportation initiatives program established in chapter 47.46 RCW. The evaluations shall include port mobility issues and other issues as determined by the legislative transportation committee.

(5) $700,000 of the motor vehicle fund--federal appropriation for the surface transportation program enhancements program is provided for storm water control grants as provided for in Second Substitute House Bill No. 2031. If Second Substitute House Bill No. 2031 is not enacted by June 30, 1996, this subsection is null and void.

(6) $1,000,000 of the motor vehicle fund--federal appropriation for the surface transportation program enhancements program is provided to the state parks and recreation commission to be used for trail development. The amount provided represents partial consideration for cross-state trail development necessitated under Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2832.

(7) $6,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation is provided as the state match on the Colfax paving project.

(8) $25,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation in this section is provided to evaluate and determine which agency or organization should be authorized to manage and operate the aerial search and rescue program.

(9) $50,000 of the motor vehicle fund--state appropriation and $25,000 of the transportation fund--state appropriation in this section are provided solely for an evaluation of the impacts of rail transportation through the city of Auburn, to be conducted by the city of Auburn. "Evaluation" for the purpose of this subsection does not include litigation. This evaluation shall be coordinated with the Port of Tacoma, the cities of Tacoma, Federal Way, and Algona, and other affected jurisdictions participating in the Tacoma tideflat truck and rail circulation analysis provided for in subsection (4) of this section. The city of Auburn shall complete its analysis no later than October 31, 1996, and report its findings to the Tacoma tideflat truck and rail circulation study group.

(10) The motor vehicle fund--federal appropriation includes $15,000,000 federal highway administration reimbursement to Washington for damage from the 1996 December floods to local owned roads on the federal system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 610. A new section is added to 1996 c 165 (uncodified) to read as follows:

$10,000,000 from the motor vehicle fund--federal is appropriated to the department of transportation solely for damage resulting from floods and winter storms. This appropriation will be
allotted in programs p-preservation and m-maintenance as determined by the department of transportation.

Sec. 611. 1996 c 165 s 401 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR BOND SALES DISCOUNTS AND DEBT TO BE PAID BY MOTOR VEHICLE FUND AND TRANSPORTATION FUND REVENUE

((Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Account Appropriation $ 4,250,000
Motor Vehicle Fund Appropriation $ 903,000
Transportation Improvement Account Appropriation $ 1,250,000
Special Category C Account Appropriation $ 4,000,000))
Highway Bond Retirement Account Appropriation $ ((195,814,000))
Ferry Bond Retirement Account Appropriation $ ((36,788,000))
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((243,005,000))
223,336,000

Sec. 612. 1996 c 165 s 402 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR BOND SALE EXPENSES AND FISCAL AGENT CHARGES

((Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Account Appropriation $ 4,250,000
Motor Vehicle Fund Appropriation $ 903,000
Transportation Improvement Account Appropriation $ 1,250,000
Special Category C Account Appropriation $ 4,000,000))
Motor Vehicle Fund--Puget Sound Capital Construction Account Appropriation $ 50,000
Motor Vehicle Fund Appropriation $ 181,000
Motor Vehicle Fund--Urban Arterial Trust Account Appropriation $ 5,000)
Motor Vehicle Fund--Transportation Improvement Account Appropriation $ ((250,000))
Special Category C Account Appropriation $ ((800,000))
((Transportation Capital Facilities Account Appropriation $ 1,000))
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 250,000
250,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 613. A new section is added to 1996 c 165 (uncodified) to read as follows:
The sum of fifty million dollars is appropriated from the general fund to the transportation fund in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 614. 1996 c 165 s 505 (uncodified) is repealed.

PART VII
LEGISLATIVE DECLARATIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 702 This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "appropriations;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 47.78.010; amending 1996 c 165 ss 207, 210, 211, 215, 218, 220, 221, 224, 225, 401, and 402 (uncodified); adding new sections to chapter 165, Laws of 1996; creating new sections; repealing 1996 c 165 s 505 (uncodified); making appropriations; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency."

There being no objection, the Conference Committee recommendation on Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6061 was adopted.

FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL
AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6061 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives K. Schmidt, Fisher, Mitchell and Pennington spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6061, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 32, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6061, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of further consideration of House Bill No. 2259, and the bill was advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 2259, by Representatives Huff, H. Sommers, Dickerson and Conway; by request of Governor Locke

Relating to fiscal matters.
The bill was read the second time. There being no objection, Substitute House Bill No. 2259 was substituted for House Bill No. 2259 and the substitute bill was placed on the second reading calendar.

Substitute House Bill No. 2259 was read the second time.

Representative H. Sommers moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Huff: (780)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) A budget is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions set forth in the following sections, the several amounts specified in parts I through VIII of this act, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated and authorized to be incurred for salaries, wages, and other expenses of the agencies and offices of the state and for other specified purposes for the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 1997, and ending June 30, 1999, except as otherwise provided, out of the several funds of the state hereinafter named.

(2) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this act.

(a) "Fiscal year 1998" or "FY 1998" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1998.
(b) "Fiscal year 1999" or "FY 1999" means the fiscal year ending June 30, 1999.
(c) "FTE" means full time equivalent.
(d) "Lapse" or "revert" means the amount shall return to an unappropriated status.
(e) "Provided solely" means the specified amount may be spent only for the specified purpose. Unless otherwise specifically authorized in this act, any portion of an amount provided solely for a specified purpose which is unnecessary to fulfill the specified purpose shall lapse.

PART I
GENERAL GOVERNMENT

Sec. 101. 1997 c 149 s 103 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE AUDIT AND REVIEW COMMITTEE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ (4,524,000) 1,421,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ (4,837,000) 1,425,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (3,361,000) 2,846,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $103,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $412,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5633 (performance audit of the department of transportation). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(2) $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5071 (school district territory). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

Sec. 102. 1997 c 149 s 118 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ (185,000) 230,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ (188,000) 233,000
NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 57,361,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 56,351,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 155,278,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 6,903,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 8,781,000
Public Works Assistance Account Appropriation $ 2,223,000
Building Code Council Account Appropriation $ 1,318,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation $ 1,776,000
Low-Income Weatherization Assistance Account Appropriation $ 923,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 6,042,000
Manufactured Home Installation Training Account Appropriation $ 250,000
Washington Housing Trust Account Appropriation $ 7,999,000
Public Facility Construction Loan Revolving Account Appropriation $ 515,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 305,720,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $3,282,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,282,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a contract with the Washington technology center. For work essential to the mission of the Washington technology center and conducted in partnership with universities, the center shall not pay any increased indirect rate nor increases in other indirect charges above the absolute amount paid during the 1995-97 biennium.

2. $155,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $155,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a contract with the Washington manufacturing extension partnership.

3. $9,964,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the drug control and system improvement formula grant program, to be distributed in state fiscal year 1998 as follows:

   a. $3,603,250 to local units of governments to continue the multi-jurisdictional narcotics task forces;
   b. $500,000 to the department to continue the state-wide drug prosecution assistance program in support of multi-jurisdictional narcotics task forces;
   c. $1,306,075 to the Washington state patrol for coordination, investigative, and supervisory support to the multi-jurisdictional narcotics task forces and for methamphetamine education and response;
   d. $240,000 to the department for grants to support tribal law enforcement needs;
   e. $900,000 to drug courts in eastern and western Washington;
   f. $300,000 to the department for grants to provide sentencing alternatives training programs to defenders;
   g. $200,000 for grants to support substance-abuse treatment in county jails;
   h. $517,075 to the department for legal advocacy for victims of domestic violence and for training of local law enforcement officers and prosecutors on domestic violence laws and procedures;
   i. $903,000 to the department to continue youth violence prevention and intervention projects;
   j. $91,000 for the governor’s council on substance abuse;
   k. $99,000 for program evaluation and monitoring;
   l. $100,000 for the department of corrections for a feasibility study of replacing or updating the offender based tracking system.
   m. $498,200 for development of a state-wide system to track criminal history records; and
   n. No more than $706,400 to the department for grant administration and reporting.
These amounts represent the maximum Byrne grant expenditure authority for each program. No program may expend Byrne grant funds in excess of the amounts provided in this section. If moneys in excess of those appropriated in this section become available, whether from prior or current fiscal year Byrne grant distributions, the department shall hold these moneys in reserve and may not expend them without a specific appropriation. These moneys shall be carried forward and applied to the pool of moneys available for appropriation for programs and projects in the succeeding fiscal year. As part of its budget request for the succeeding fiscal year, the department shall estimate and request authority to spend any funds remaining in reserve as a result of this subsection.

(4) $1,000,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $1,000,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1576 (buildable lands) or Senate Bill No. 6094 (growth management). If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $4,800,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation, $1,000,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, and $1,000,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely for indigent civil legal representation services contracts and contracts administration. The amounts provided in this subsection are contingent upon enactment of section 2 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2276 (civil legal services for indigent persons). If section 2 of the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $643,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $643,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to increase payment rates for contracted early childhood education assistance program providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, frontline service delivery.

(7) $75,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $75,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely as a grant for the community connections program in Walla Walla county.

(8) $300,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $300,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to contract with the Washington state association of court-appointed special advocates/guardians ad litem (CASA/GAL) to establish pilot programs in three counties to recruit additional community volunteers to represent the interests of children in dependency proceedings. Of this amount, a maximum of $30,000 shall be used by the department to contract for an evaluation of the effectiveness of CASA/GAL in improving outcomes for dependent children. The evaluation shall address the cost-effectiveness of CASA/GAL and to the extent possible, identify savings in other programs of the state budget where the savings resulted from the efforts of the CASA/GAL volunteers. The department shall report to the governor and legislature by October 15, 1998.

(9) $75,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely for state sponsorship of the "BIO 99" international biotechnology conference and exhibition in the Seattle area in 1999.

(10) $698,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $697,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $1,101,000 of the administrative contingency account appropriation are provided solely for contracting with associate development organizations.

(11) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to expand the long-term care ombudsman program.

(12) $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of the Puget Sound work plan action item DCTED-01.

(13) $20,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for a task force on tourism promotion and development. The task force shall report to the legislature on its findings and recommendations by January 31, 1998.
(14) $61,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the Pacific Northwest economic region (PNWER).

(15) $123,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $124,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the community development finance program.

(16) Within the appropriations provided in this section, the department shall conduct a study of possible financial incentives to assist in revitalization of commercial areas and report its findings and recommendations to the appropriate committees of the legislature by November 15, 1997.

Sec. 104. 1997 c 149 s 127 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $10,178,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $9,916,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $23,331,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $43,425,000

(1) The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

Sec. 105. 1997 c 149 s 149 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $8,151,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $11,735,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $34,314,000
Flood Control Assistance Account Appropriation $3,000,000
Enhanced 911 Account Appropriation $26,782,000
Disaster Response Account--State Appropriation $23,977,000
Disaster Response Account--Federal Appropriation $95,419,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $203,616,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $3,581,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 and $3,000,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation are provided solely for deposit in the disaster response account to cover costs pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.

(2) $23,977,000 of the disaster response account--state appropriation is provided solely for the state share of response and recovery costs associated with (FEMA) disaster number 1079 (November/December 1995 storms), FEMA disaster 1100 (February 1996 floods), FEMA disaster 1152 (November 1996 ice storm), FEMA disaster 1159 (December 1996 holiday storm), FEMA disaster 1172 (March 1997 floods) and to assist local governmental entities with the matching funds necessary to earn FEMA funds for FEMA disaster 1100 (February 1996 floods).
(3) $100,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $100,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of a conditional scholarship program pursuant to chapter 28B.103 RCW.

(4) $35,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $35,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the north county emergency medical service.

Sec. 106. 1997 c 149 s 151 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE GROWTH PLANNING HEARINGS BOARD
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ ((4,247,000)) 1,314,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ ((4,252,000)) 1,320,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((2,499,000)) 2,634,000

PART II HUMAN SERVICES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES. (1) Appropriations made in part II of this act to the department of social and health services shall initially be allotted as required by this act. Subsequent allotment modifications shall not include transfers of moneys between sections of this act except as expressly provided in this act, nor shall allotment modifications permit moneys that are provided solely for a specified purpose to be used for other than that purpose.

(2) The department of social and health services shall not initiate any services that will require expenditure of state general fund moneys unless expressly authorized in this act or other law. The department may seek, receive, and spend, under RCW 43.79.260 through 43.79.282, federal moneys not anticipated in this act as long as the federal funding does not require expenditure of state moneys for the program in excess of amounts anticipated in this act. If the department receives unanticipated unrestricted federal moneys, those moneys shall be spent for services authorized in this act or in any other legislation providing appropriation authority, and an equal amount of appropriated state general fund moneys shall lapse. Upon the lapsing of any moneys under this subsection, the office of financial management shall notify the legislative fiscal committees. As used in this subsection, "unrestricted federal moneys" includes block grants and other funds that federal law does not require to be spent on specifically defined projects or matched on a formula basis by state funds.

(3) The appropriations in sections 202 through 208 of this act shall be expended for the programs and in the amounts listed in those sections.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES PROGRAM
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 196,437,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 208,861,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 252,269,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 400,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 4,230,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 662,197,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $16,510,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $17,508,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for purposes consistent with the maintenance of effort requirements under the federal temporary assistance for needy families program established under P.L. 104-193.

(2) $837,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation and $7,228,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the operation of the
family policy council, the community public health and safety networks, and delivery of services authorized under the federal family preservation and support act. Within the funds provided, the family policy council shall contract for an evaluation of the community networks with the institute for public policy and shall provide for audits of ten networks. Within the funds provided, the family policy council may build and maintain a geographic information system database tied to community network geography.

(3) $577,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $577,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely to contract for the operation of one pediatric interim care facility. The facility shall provide residential care for up to twelve children through two years of age. Seventy-five percent of the children served by the facility must be in need of special care as a result of substance abuse by their mothers. The facility also shall provide on-site training to biological, adoptive, or foster parents. The facility shall provide at least three months of consultation and support to parents accepting placement of children from the facility. The facility may recruit new and current foster and adoptive parents for infants served by the facility. The department shall not require case management as a condition of the contract.

(4) $481,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $481,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for up to three nonfacility-based programs for the training, consultation, support, and recruitment of biological, foster, and adoptive parents of children through age three in need of special care as a result of substance abuse by their mothers, except that each program may serve up to three medically fragile nonsubstance-abuse-affected children. In selecting nonfacility-based programs, preference shall be given to programs whose federal or private funding sources have expired or that have successfully performed under the existing pediatric interim care program.

(5) $640,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $640,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to fund Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710 (juvenile care and treatment), including section 2 of the bill. Amounts provided in this subsection to implement Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710 must be used to serve families who are screened from the child protective services risk assessment process. Services shall be provided through contracts with community-based organizations. If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $594,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $556,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $290,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to increase the rate paid to private child-placing agencies.

(7) $433,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $395,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $894,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for development and expansion of child care training requirements and optional training programs. The department shall adopt rules to require annual training in early childhood development of all directors, supervisors, and lead staff at child care facilities. Directors, supervisors, and lead staff at child care facilities include persons licensed as family child care providers, and persons employed at child care centers or school age child care centers. The department shall establish a program to fund scholarships and grants to assist persons in meeting these training requirements. The department shall also develop criteria for approving training programs and establish a system for tracking who has received the required level of training. In adopting rules, developing curricula, setting up systems, and administering scholarship programs, the department shall consult with the child care coordinating committee and other community stakeholders.
(9) The department shall provide a report to the legislature by November 1997 on the growth in additional rates paid to foster parents beyond the basic monthly rate. This report shall explain why exceptional, personal, and special rates are being paid for an increasing number of children and why the amount paid for these rates per child has risen in recent years. This report must also recommend methods by which the legislature may improve the current foster parent compensation system, allow for some method of controlling the growth in costs per case, and improve the department's and the legislature's ability to forecast the program's needs in future years.

(10) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for legal costs associated with the defense of vendors operating a secure treatment facility, for actions arising from the good faith performance of treatment services for behavioral difficulties or needs.

(11) $2,745,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $2,745,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $1,944,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the category of services titled "intensive family preservation services."

(12) $2,200,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $2,200,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely to continue existing continuum of care and street youth projects.

(13) $1,456,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $1,474,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 and $1,141,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the improvement of quality and capacity of the child care system and related consumer education. The activities funded by this appropriation shall include, but not be limited to: Expansion of child care resource and referral network services to serve additional families, to provide technical assistance to child care providers, and to cover currently unserved areas of the state; development of and incentives for child care during nonstandard work hours; and the development of care for infants, toddlers, preschoolers, and school age youth. These amounts are provided in addition to funding for child care training and fire inspections of child care facilities. These activities shall also improve the quality and capacity of the child care system.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--JUVENILE REHABILITATION PROGRAM

(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES

| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) | $ 32,305,000 |
| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) | $ 32,348,000 |
| General Fund--Federal Appropriation | $ 16,125,000 |
| General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation | $ 378,000 |
| Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation | $ 11,256,000 |

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 92,412,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) $527,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided solely for deposit in the county criminal justice assistance account solely for costs to the criminal justice system associated with the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse. The amount provided in this subsection is intended to provide funding for county adult court costs associated with the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 and shall be distributed in accordance with RCW 82.14.310.

(b) $2,917,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute Senate Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). The amount provided in this subsection is intended to provide funding for county impacts associated with the implementation of Third Substitute Senate Bill No. 3900 and shall be distributed to counties as prescribed in the current consolidated juvenile services (CJS) formula. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.
(c) $2,350,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $2,350,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for an early intervention program to be administered at the county level. Moneys shall be awarded on a competitive basis to counties that have submitted plans for implementation of an early intervention program consistent with proven methodologies currently in place in the state. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall develop criteria for evaluation of plans submitted and a timeline for awarding funding and shall assist counties in creating and submitting plans for evaluation.

(d) $1,221,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement appropriation is provided solely to implement alcohol and substance abuse treatment for locally committed offenders. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall award these moneys on a competitive basis to counties that have submitted a plan for the provision of treatment services approved by the division of alcohol and substance abuse. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall develop criteria for evaluation of plans submitted and a timeline for awarding funding and shall assist counties in creating and submitting plans for evaluation. If Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions) is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(e) $100,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $100,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the juvenile rehabilitation administration to contract with the institute for public policy for the responsibilities assigned in Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(f) $400,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided solely for the development of standards measuring the effectiveness of chemical dependency treatment and for conducting evaluations of chemical dependency programs pursuant to Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall consult with the division of alcohol and substance abuse and contract with the University of Washington to develop the standards and conduct the evaluations.

(g) $150,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $150,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for a contract to expand the services of the teamchild project to additional sites. Priority use of these funds shall be to provide teamchild service to early repeat offenders to help ensure they receive appropriate child welfare and educational services.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 44,782,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 44,662,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 727,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 15,281,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 105,452,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $3,680,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) PROGRAM SUPPORT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,922,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 1,610,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 156,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 421,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 4,109,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $92,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $36,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5759 (risk classification). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.

(b) $206,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5710 (juvenile care and treatment). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided shall lapse.

(c) $97,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $36,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (juvenile code revisions). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.

(d) Within the amounts provided in this subsection, the juvenile rehabilitation administration (JRA) shall develop by January 1, 1998, a staffing model for noncustody functions at JRA institutions and work camps. The models should, whenever possible, reflect the most efficient practices currently being used within the system.

Sec. 204. 1997 c 149 s 207 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ECONOMIC SERVICES PROGRAM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation Type</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$ 543,150,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$ 529,985,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 952,618,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$ 2,025,753,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) General assistance--unemployable recipients who are assessed as needing alcohol or drug treatment shall be assigned a protective payee to prevent the diversion of cash assistance toward purchasing alcohol or other drugs.

(2) The legislature finds that, with the passage of the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity act and Engrossed House Bill No. 3901, the temporary assistance for needy families is no longer an entitlement. The legislature declares that the currently appropriated level for the program is sufficient for the next few budget cycles. To the extent, however, that currently appropriated amounts exceed costs during the 1997-99 biennium, the department is encouraged to set aside excess federal funds for use in future years.

(3) $485,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $3,186,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation, and $3,168,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to continue to implement the previously competitively procured electronic benefits transfer system through the western states EBT alliance for distribution of cash grants and food stamps so as to meet the requirements of P.L. 104-193.

(4) $50,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for a study of child care affordability as directed in section 403 of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). The study shall be performed by the Washington institute for public policy. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $500,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $500,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely for an evaluation of the WorkFirst program as directed in section 705 of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). The study shall be performed by the joint legislative audit and review committee. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $73,129,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for child care assistance for low-income families in the WorkFirst program and for low-income working families as authorized in Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). All child care assistance provided shall be subject to a monthly copay to be paid by the family receiving the assistance.

(a) The monthly copay required shall be a minimum of ten dollars for families with incomes below seventy-four percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size. For families with
incomes at or above seventy-four percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size, the monthly copay shall be the greater of twenty dollars or forty-seven percent of the family’s income above one hundred percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size. Child care assistance shall not be provided to families with incomes above one hundred seventy-five percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size.

(b) The copay schedule defined in (a) of this subsection shall be in effect unless the department establishes a waiting list for the child care assistance program authorized in Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform) or unless the quarterly reports required by section 321 of the bill indicate that child care expenditures will exceed appropriations made for that purpose at the end of the fiscal year.

(c) If either of the conditions in (b) of this subsection occurs, the monthly copay required shall be a minimum of ten dollars per month for families with incomes below seventy-four percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size. For families with incomes at or above seventy-four percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size, the monthly copay shall be the greater of ten dollars or thirty percent of the family’s income above seventy-four percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size. For families with incomes at or above one hundred percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size, the monthly copay shall be the greater of one hundred dollars or twenty-nine percent of the family’s income in excess of seventy-four percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size. For families with incomes at or above one hundred thirty-one percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size, the monthly copay shall be fifty percent of the family’s income in excess of one hundred percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size. Child care assistance shall not be provided to families with incomes above one hundred seventy-five percent of the federal poverty level adjusted for family size.

Sec. 205. 1997 c 149 s 208 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ ((44,714,000))
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $2,062,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation and $7,482,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation are provided solely for the grant programs for school districts and educational service districts set forth in RCW 28A.170.080 through 28A.170.100, including state support activities, as administered through the office of the superintendent of public instruction.

2. $1,902,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $1,902,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation, and $1,592,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for alcohol and substance abuse assessment, treatment, including treatment for drug affected infants and toddlers, and child care services for clients of the division of children and family services. Assessment shall be provided by approved chemical dependency treatment programs as requested by child protective services personnel in the division of children and family services. Child care shall be provided as deemed necessary by the division of children and family services while parents requiring alcohol and substance abuse treatment are attending treatment programs.

3. $760,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $760,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely to fund a program serving mothers of children affected by fetal alcohol syndrome and related conditions, known as the birth-to-three program. The program may be operated in two cities in the state.

4. $248,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $495,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.)

Sec. 206. 1997 c 149 s 211 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORTING SERVICES PROGRAM

- General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 24,572,000
- General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 23,956,000
- General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 40,352,000
- General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 270,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 89,150,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The department may transfer up to $1,289,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $1,757,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $2,813,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation to the administration and supporting services program from various other programs to implement administrative reductions.

2. The secretary of social and health services and the director of labor and industries shall report to the appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the legislature by July 1, 1997, and every six months thereafter on the measurable changes in employee injury and time-loss rates that have occurred in the state developmental disabilities, juvenile rehabilitation, and mental health institutions as a result of the upfront loss-control discount agreement between the agencies.

3. The department shall not expend any funding for staffing or publication of the sexual minority initiative.
(4) $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for a welfare fraud pilot program as described by House Bill No. 1822 (welfare fraud investigation).
(5) $55,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $64,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $231,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

Sec. 207. 1997 c 149 s 212 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--CHILD SUPPORT PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $21,122,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $20,877,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $145,739,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $33,207,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $220,945,000

The appropriations provided in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The department shall contract with private collection agencies to pursue collection of AFDC child support arrearages in cases that might otherwise consume a disproportionate share of the department’s collection efforts. The department’s child support collection staff shall determine which cases are appropriate for referral to private collection agencies. In determining appropriate contract provisions, the department shall consult with other states that have successfully contracted with private collection agencies to the extent allowed by federal support enforcement regulations.
(2) The department shall request a waiver from federal support enforcement regulations to replace the current program audit criteria, which is process-based, with performance measures based on program outcomes.
(3) The amounts appropriated in this section for child support legal services shall be expended only by means of contracts with local prosecutor’s offices.
(4) $305,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation, $494,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation, and $1,408,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

Sec. 208. 1997 c 149 s 213 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--PAYMENTS TO OTHER AGENCIES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $47,435,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $47,514,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $54,366,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $1,502,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $2,215,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $153,032,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $22,893,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $22,835,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $35,431,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation, $2,215,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation, and $1,502,000 of the health services account appropriation are provided solely to increase the rates of contracted service providers. The department need not provide all vendors with the same percentage rate increase. Rather, the department is encouraged to use these funds to help assure an adequate supply of qualified vendors. Vendors providing services in markets where recruitment and retention of qualified providers is a problem may receive larger rate increases than other vendors. It is the
legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery. Any rate increases granted as a result of this section must be implemented so that the carry-forward costs into the 1999-01 biennium do not exceed the amounts provided in this subsection. Within thirty days of granting a vendor rate increase under this section, the department shall report the following information to the fiscal committees of the legislature: (a) The amounts and effective dates of any increases granted; (b) the process and criteria used to determine the increases; and (c) any data used in that process. In accordance with RCW 43.88.110(1), the department and the office of financial management shall allot funds appropriated in this section to the programs and budget units from which the funds will be expended. Such allotments shall be completed no later than September 15, 1997.

(2) $263,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation, $349,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation, and $1,186,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

Sec. 209. 1997 c 149 s 220 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

(1) HEADQUARTERS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $1,339,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $1,334,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $80,000
Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory Institutions Account Appropriation $4,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $2,757,000

(2) FIELD SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $2,418,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $2,420,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $26,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $85,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $4,949,000

(3) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $6,101,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $5,369,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $19,556,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $14,583,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $45,609,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 210. FOR THE STATE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $6,316,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $6,317,000
State Health Care Authority Administration Account Appropriation $14,719,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $330,628,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $357,980,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The general fund--state appropriations are provided solely for health care services provided through local community clinics.
(2) Within funds appropriated in this section and sections 205 and 206 of chapter 149, Laws of 1997, the health care authority shall continue to provide an enhanced basic health plan subsidy option
for foster parents licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW and workers in state-funded homecare programs. Under this enhanced subsidy option, foster parents and homecare workers with family incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level shall be allowed to enroll in the basic health plan at a cost of ten dollars per covered worker per month.

(3) Effective October 1997, the health care authority shall require organizations and individuals that are paid to deliver basic health plan services to contribute a minimum of thirty dollars per enrollee per month if the organization or individual chooses to sponsor an individual’s enrollment in the subsidized basic health plan.

(4) $150,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely to implement health care savings accounts. If legislation requiring a pilot project of such accounts is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) The health care authority shall report to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 1, 1997, on the number of basic health plan enrollees who are illegal aliens but are not resident citizens, legal aliens, legal refugees, or legal asylees.

(6) $270,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely to pay commissions to agents and brokers in accordance with RCW 70.47.015(5) for application assistance provided to persons on the reservation list as of June 30, 1997, who enroll in the subsidized basic health plan on or after July 1, 1997.

Sec. 211. 1997 c 149 s 218 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 6,805,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 6,848,000
Public Safety and Education Account--State Appropriation $ 16,246,000
Public Safety and Education Account--Federal Appropriation $ 6,002,000
Public Safety and Education Account--Private/Local Appropriation $ 2,014,000
Electrical License Account Appropriation $ 22,542,000
Farm Labor Revolving Account Appropriation $ 28,000
Worker and Community Right-to-Know Account Appropriation $ 2,187,000
Public Works Administration Account Appropriation $ 1,975,000
Accident Account--State Appropriation $ ((146,849,000))

146,901,000

Accident Account--Federal Appropriation $ 9,112,000
Medical Aid Account--State Appropriation $ ((155,220,000))

155,276,000

Medical Aid Account--Federal Appropriation $ 1,592,000
Plumbing Certificate Account Appropriation $ ((846,000))

947,000

Pressure Systems Safety Account Appropriation $ 2,106,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((380,372,000))

380,581,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) Expenditures of funds appropriated in this section for the information systems projects identified in agency budget requests as "claims service delivery", "electrical permitting and inspection system", and "credentialing information system" are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act.

(2) Pursuant to RCW 7.68.015, the department shall operate the crime victims compensation program within the public safety and education account funds appropriated in this section. In the event that cost containment measures are necessary, the department may (a) institute copayments for services; (b) develop preferred provider and managed care contracts; (c) coordinate with the department of social and health services to use the public safety and education account as matching funds for federal Title XIX reimbursement, to the extent this maximizes total funds available for services to crime victims.
(3) $54,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $54,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for an interagency agreement to reimburse the board of industrial insurance appeals for crime victims appeals.

(4) The secretary of social and health services and the director of labor and industries shall report to the appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the legislature by July 1, 1997, and every six months thereafter on the measurable changes in employee injury and time-loss rates that have occurred in the state developmental disabilities, juvenile rehabilitation, and mental health institutions as a result of the upfront loss-control discount agreement between the agencies.

(5) ($43,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $35,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $20,000 of the electrical license account appropriation, and $58,000 of the plumbing certificate account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided shall lapse.

(6) The expenditures of the elevator, factory assembled structures, and contractors' registration and compliance programs may not exceed the revenues generated by these programs.

(6) $101,000 of the plumbing certificate account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1903 (contractor registration). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided shall lapse.

(7) $56,000 of the medical aid account appropriation and $52,000 of the accident account appropriation are provided solely for evaluating agency operational improvements.

(8) $593,000 of nonappropriated funds from the medical aid account shall be provided solely for allocation to the joint legislative audit and review committee for a performance audit and operations review of the state workers' compensation system pursuant to Substitute Senate Bill No. 6030.

Sec. 212. 1997 c 149 s 221 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ ((53,955,000)) 62,996,000

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ ((57,462,000)) 65,741,000

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 259,139,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 24,351,000
Hospital Commission Account Appropriation $ 3,089,000
Health Professions Account Appropriation $ 36,038,000
Emergency Medical and Trauma Care Services Account Appropriation $ 21,042,000
Safe Drinking Water Account Appropriation $ 2,494,000
Death Investigations Account Appropriation $ 1,000,000
Drinking Water Assistance Account--Federal Appropriation $ 5,385,000
Waterworks Operator Certification Appropriation $ 588,000
Water Quality Account Appropriation $ 3,065,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 469,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 2,854,000
Medical Test Site Licensure Account Appropriation $ 1,624,000
Youth Tobacco Prevention Account Appropriation $ 1,812,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ ((24,224,000))

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((497,591,000)) 504,161,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $2,134,000 of the health professions account appropriation is provided solely for the development and implementation of a licensing and disciplinary management system. Expenditures are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act. These funds shall not be expended without appropriate project approval by the department of information systems.
(2) Funding provided in this section for the drinking water program data management system shall not be expended without appropriate project approval by the department of information systems. Expenditures are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act.

(3) The department is authorized to raise existing fees charged to the nursing professions and midwives, by the pharmacy board, and for boarding home licenses, in excess of the fiscal growth factor established by Initiative Measure No. 601, if necessary, to meet the actual costs of conducting business.

(4) $1,633,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $1,634,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound water work plan and agency action items, DOH-01, DOH-02, DOH-03, DOH-04, DOH-05, DOH-06, DOH-07, DOH-08, DOH-09, DOH-10, DOH-11, and DOH-12.

(5) $10,000,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for distribution to local health departments for distribution on a per capita basis. Prior to distributing these funds, the department shall adopt rules and procedures to ensure that these funds are not used to replace current local support for public health programs.

(6) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for operation of a youth suicide prevention program at the state level, including a state-wide public educational campaign to increase knowledge of suicide risk and ability to respond and provision of twenty-four hour crisis hotlines, staffed to provide suicidal youth and caregivers a source of instant help.

(7) The department of health shall not initiate any services that will require expenditure of state general fund moneys unless expressly authorized in this act or other law. The department may seek, receive, and spend, under RCW 43.79.260 through 43.79.282, federal moneys not anticipated in this act as long as the federal funding does not require expenditure of state moneys for the program in excess of amounts anticipated in this act. If the department receives unanticipated unrestricted federal moneys, those moneys shall be spent for services authorized in this act or in any other legislation that provides appropriation authority, and an equal amount of appropriated state moneys shall lapse. Upon the lapsing of any moneys under this subsection, the office of financial management shall notify the legislative fiscal committees. As used in this subsection, "unrestricted federal moneys" includes block grants and other funds that federal law does not require to be spent on specifically defined projects or matched on a formula basis by state funds.

(8) $259,000 of the health professions account appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed House Bill No. 3901 (implementing welfare reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(9) $150,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $150,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for community-based oral health grants that may fund sealant programs, education, prevention, and other oral health interventions. The grants may be awarded to state or federally funded community and migrant health centers, tribal clinics, or public health jurisdictions. Priority shall be given to communities with established oral health coalitions. Grant applications for oral health education and prevention grants shall include (a) an assessment of the community's oral health education and prevention needs; (b) identification of the population to be served; and (c) a description of the grant program's predicted outcomes.

(10) $21,042,000 of the emergency medical and trauma care services account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127 (trauma care services). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(11) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for family support and provider training services for children with special health care needs.

(12) $300,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for an abstinence education program which complies with P.L. 104-193. $400,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for abstinence education projects at the office of the superintendent of public instruction and shall be transferred to the office of the superintendent of public instruction for the 1998-99 school year. The department shall apply for abstinence education funds made available by
the federal personal responsibility and work opportunity act of 1996 and implement a program that complies with the requirements of that act.

(13) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1191 (mandated health benefit review). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this section shall lapse.

(14) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the volunteer retired provider program. Funds shall be used to increase children's access to dental care services in rural and underserved communities by paying malpractice insurance and professional licensing fees for retired dentists participating in the program.

(15) $852,000 of the drinking water assistance account--federal appropriation is provided solely for an interagency agreement with the department of community, trade, and economic development to administer, in cooperation with the public works board, loans to local governments and public water systems for projects and activities to protect and improve the state's drinking water facilities and resources.

(16) (Amounts provided in this section are sufficient to operate the AIDS prescription drug program. To operate the program within the appropriated amount, the department shall limit new enrollments, manage access to the most expensive drug regimens, establish waiting lists and priority rankings, assist clients in accessing drug assistance programs sponsored by drug manufacturers, or pursue other means of managing expenditures by the program.) $3,347,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $3,347,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely for the AIDS prescription drug program and HIV intervention program. The department shall operate the program within total appropriations. The department shall take such actions as are necessary to control expenditures, including administrative efficiencies such as reductions to provider reimbursement rates, modifications to financial eligibility, modifications to the scope of services, and client cost sharing mechanisms. The department shall identify program policy changes required to manage within the amounts provided.

(17) Funding provided in this section is sufficient to implement section 8 of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2264 (eliminating the health care policy board).

(18) (4,150,000 of the health services account) $2,075,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $2,075,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely for the Washington poison center.

(19) $1,000,000 of the death investigations account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of state-wide child mortality reviews. Local health jurisdictions shall coordinate child mortality reviews for children from birth to eighteen years of age, develop local child mortality review protocols, and serve as the appointing authority and lead agency for local child death review teams. The department of health shall develop standard aggregate data elements, collect and analyze local child mortality review data, provide technical assistance to local child mortality review teams, and approve local child death review protocols. If House Bill No. 1269 (death investigations account) is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(20) $1,125,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation and $1,125,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely for deposit in the county public health account.

(21) $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for attorney general services and such other activities not covered by fee revenues as are necessary for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6092 (health care policy). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(22) $250,000 of the fiscal year 1998 general fund--state appropriation $250,000 of the fiscal year 1999 general fund--state appropriation are provided solely for operation of a naturopathic health clinic constructed in 1996.

Sec. 213. 1997 c 149 s 222 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

(1) ADMINISTRATION AND PROGRAM SUPPORT

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 13,926,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 13,910,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 500,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 28,336,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $187,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $155,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5759 (risk classification). If the bill is not enacted by July 1, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.
(b) $500,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided solely for a feasibility study regarding the replacement of the department’s offender based tracking system.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 291,745,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 304,000,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 18,097,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Rebate Account Appropriation $ 673,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 1,614,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 616,129,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) The department shall provide funding for the pet partnership program at the Washington corrections center for women at a level at least equal to that provided in the 1995-97 biennium.
(b) $4,839,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $6,481,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the criminal justice costs associated with the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.
(c) The department of corrections shall accomplish personnel reductions with the least possible impact on correctional custody staff, community custody staff, and correctional industries. For the purposes of this subsection, correctional custody staff means employees responsible for the direct supervision of offenders.
(d) It is the intent of the legislature that the department reduce health care expenditures in the 1997-99 biennium using the scenario identified in the health services delivery system study which limited health care costs to $43,000,000 in fiscal year 1998 and $40,700,000 in fiscal year 1999. The department shall consult with direct health care service providers and health care staff in implementing this scenario.
(e) $296,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $297,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to increase payment rates for contracted education providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.
(f) The department may expend funds generated by contractual agreements entered into for mitigation of severe overcrowding in local jails. If any funds are generated in excess of actual costs, they shall be deposited in the state general fund. Expenditures shall not exceed revenue generated by such agreements and shall be treated as recovery of costs.

(3) COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ ((89,364,000))
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ ((90,416,000))
The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $179,780,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $179,872,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the criminal justice costs associated with the implementation of ((RCW 13.04.030 as amended by))) Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If ((RCW 13.04.030 is not amended by)) Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided shall lapse.
(b) The department of corrections shall accomplish personnel reductions with the least possible impact on correctional custody staff, community custody staff, and correctional industries. For the purposes of this subsection, correctional custody staff means employees responsible for the direct supervision of offenders.
(c) $467,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $505,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to increase payment rates for contracted education providers and contracted work release facilities. It is the legislature’s intent that these amounts shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

(4) CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $4,055,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $4,167,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $8,222,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $100,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $100,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for transfer to the jail industries board. The board shall use the amounts provided only for administrative expenses, equipment purchases, and technical assistance associated with advising cities and counties in developing, promoting, and implementing consistent, safe, and efficient offender work programs.
(b) $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the correctional industries board of directors to hire one staff person, responsible directly to the board, to assist the board in fulfilling its duties.

(5) INTERAGENCY PAYMENTS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $6,945,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $6,444,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $13,389,000

Sec. 214. 1997 c 149 s 225 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $1,260,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $1,261,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $173,595,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $24,842,000
Unemployment Compensation Administration Account--Federal Appropriation $181,985,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation $12,579,000
Employment Service Administrative Account Appropriation $13,176,000
Employment & Training Trust Account Appropriation $600,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $409,298,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) Expenditures of funds appropriated in this section for the information systems projects identified in agency budget requests as "claims and adjudication call centers", "data/wage quality initiative", and "one stop information connectivity" are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act.

(2) $600,000 of the employment and training trust account appropriation is provided solely for the account's share of unemployment insurance tax collection costs.

(3) $1,126,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the continuation of job placement centers colocated on community and technical college campuses.

(4) The employment security department shall spend no more than $25,049,511 of the unemployment compensation administration account--federal appropriation for the general unemployment insurance development effort (GUIDE) project, except that the department may exceed this amount by up to $2,600,000 to offset the cost associated with any vendor-caused delay. The additional spending authority is contingent upon the department fully recovering these moneys from any project vendors failing to perform in full. Authority to spend the amount provided by this subsection is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.

(5) ($114,000 of the administrative contingency account appropriation is provided solely for the King county reemployment support center.) $60,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $61,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the King county reemployment support center.

(6) $1,200,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $1,200,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for labor market information and employer outreach activities.

PART III
NATURAL RESOURCES

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. FOR THE COLUMBIA RIVER GORGE COMMISSION

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 213,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 222,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 435,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 870,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following condition and limitation: $120,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $120,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $240,000 of the general fund--local appropriation are provided solely for each Columbia river gorge county to receive an $80,000 grant for the purposes of implementing the scenic area management plan. If a Columbia river gorge county has not adopted an ordinance to implement the scenic area management plan in accordance with the national scenic area act (P.L. 99-663), then the grant funds for that county may be used by the commission to implement the plan for that county.

Sec. 302. 1997 c 149 s 302 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ ((27,749,000)) 27,748,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ ((27,794,000)) 27,795,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 45,315,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 643,000
Special Grass Seed Burning Research Account Appropriation $ 42,000
Reclamation Revolving Account Appropriation $ 2,441,000
Flood Control Assistance Account Appropriation $ 4,850,000
State Emergency Water Projects Revolving Account Appropriation $ 319,000
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control Appropriation</td>
<td>$10,316,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State and Local Improvements Revolving Account (Waste Facilities) Appropriation</td>
<td>$601,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State and Local Improvements Revolving Account (Water Supply Facilities) Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,366,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic Data Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$182,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vehicle Tire Recycling Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,194,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Quality Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$2,892,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wood Stove Education and Enforcement Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,055,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worker and Community Right-to-Know Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$469,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Toxics Control Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$(53,160,000)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Local Toxics Control Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$4,342,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Quality Permit Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$20,378,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Underground Storage Tank Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$2,443,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solid Waste Management Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,021,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazardous Waste Assistance Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$3,615,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$16,224,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$6,958,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Operating Permit Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$4,033,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Freshwater Aquatic Weeds Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,829,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Oil Spill Response Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$7,078,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Metals Mining Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$42,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water Pollution Control Revolving Account--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$349,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Water Pollution Control Revolving Account--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,726,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Biosolids Permit Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$567,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Environmental Excellence Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$247,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td>$(251,795,000)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $3,211,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $3,211,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, $394,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation, $2,017,000 of the oil spill administration account, $819,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation, and $3,591,000 of the water quality permit fee account are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan and agency action items DOE-01, DOE-02, DOE-03, DOE-04, DOE-05, DOE-06, DOE-07, DOE-08, and DOE-09.

2. $2,000,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation is provided solely for the following purposes:
   (a) To conduct remedial actions for sites for which there are no potentially liable persons, for which potentially liable persons cannot be found, or for which potentially liable persons are unable to pay for remedial actions; and
   (b) To provide funding to assist potentially liable persons under RCW 70.105D.070(2)(d)(xi) to pay for the cost of the remedial actions; and
   (c) To conduct remedial actions for sites for which potentially liable persons have refused to conduct remedial actions required by the department; and
   (d) To contract for services as necessary to support remedial actions.

3. $1,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,900,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the processing of water right permit applications, continued implementation of water resources data management systems, and providing technical and data support to local watershed planning efforts in accordance with sections 101 through 116 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 (water resource management). If any of sections 101 through 116 and 701 through 716 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(4) $2,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are appropriated for grants to local WRIA planning units established in accordance with sections 101 through 116 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 (water resource management). If any of sections 101 through 116 and 701 through 716 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2054 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1111 (water rights). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1118 (reopening a water rights claim filing period). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $3,600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the auto emissions inspection and maintenance program. Expenditures of the amounts provided in this subsection are contingent upon a like amount being deposited in the general fund from the auto emission inspection fees in accordance with RCW 70.120.170(4).

(8) $170,000 of the oil spill administration account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of the Puget Sound work plan action item UW-02 through a contract with the University of Washington’s Sea Grant program in order to develop an educational program that targets small spills from commercial fishing vessels, ferries, cruise ships, ports, and marinas.

(9) The merger of the office of marine safety into the department of ecology shall be accomplished in a manner that will maintain a priority focus on oil spill prevention, as well as maintain a strong oil spill response capability. The merged program shall be established to provide a high level of visibility and ensure that there shall not be a diminution of the existing level of effort from the merged programs.

(10) The entire environmental excellence account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 (environmental excellence). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse. In implementing the bill, the department shall organize the needed expertise to process environmental excellence applications after an application has been received.

(11) $200,000 of the freshwater aquatic weeds account appropriation is provided solely to address saltcedar weed problems.

(12) ($4,498,000 of the waste reduction/recycling/litter control account appropriation is provided for fiscal year 1998 to be expended in accordance with Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 (litter control and recycling).)) $4,498,000 of the waste reduction, recycling, and litter control account appropriation is provided for fiscal year 1998 and $5,818,000 is provided for fiscal year 1999 to be expended in the following ratios: Fifty percent for a litter patrol program to employ youth and correctional work crews to remove litter from places that are most visible to the public; twenty percent for grants to local governments for litter cleanup under RCW 70.93.250; and thirty percent for public education and awareness programs and programs to foster local waste reduction and recycling efforts. From the amounts provided ((for fiscal year 1998)) in this subsection, the department shall provide $352,000 through an interagency agreement to the department of corrections to hire correctional crews to remove litter in areas that are not accessible to youth crews. (($5,818,000 of the waste reduction/recycling/litter control account appropriation is provided for fiscal year 1999. The amount provided for fiscal year 1999 is to remain in unallotted status until the recommendations of the task force established in Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 are acted upon by the legislature during the 1998 legislative session. If Substitute Senate Bill No. 5842 is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided for fiscal year 1999 shall lapse.))

(13) The entire biosolids permit account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5590 (biosolids management). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the entire appropriation is null and void.

(14) $29,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $99,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of
Substitute House Bill No. 1985 (landscape management plans). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(15) $60,000 of the freshwater aquatic weeds account appropriation is provided solely for a grant to the department of fish and wildlife to control and eradicate purple loosestrife using the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate.

(16) $250,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation is provided solely as a reappropriation to complete the Skokomish valley flood reduction plan. The amount provided in this subsection shall be reduced by the amount expended from this account for the Skokomish valley flood reduction plan during the biennium ending June 30, 1997.

(17) The number of special purpose vehicles in the department’s fleet on July 1, 1997, shall be reduced by fifty percent as of June 30, 1999. Special purpose vehicles may be replaced by fuel efficient economy vehicles or not replaced at all depending on the vehicle requirements of the agency. An exception to this reduction in the number of special purpose vehicles is provided for those special purpose vehicles used by the department’s youth corps program. Special purpose vehicle is defined as a four-wheel drive off-road motor vehicle.

(18) $600,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation is provided solely to complete flood control projects that were awarded funds during the 1995-97 biennium. These funds shall be spent only to complete projects that could not be completed during the 1995-97 biennium due to delays caused by weather or delays in the permitting process.

(19) $113,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $112,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5505 (assistance to water applicants). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(20) $70,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $70,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5785 (consolidation of groundwater rights). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(21) $20,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $20,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5276 (water right applications). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(22) $35,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $35,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5030 (lakewater irrigation). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(23) $500,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund—state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the continuation of the southwest Washington coastal erosion study.

Sec. 303. 1997 c 149 s 303 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>FY 1998</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$21,026,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$20,526,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$2,428,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
<td>$59,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winter Recreation Program Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$759,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$251,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Snowmobile Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$2,290,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$321,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$48,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation</td>
<td>$10,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control Appropriation</td>
<td>$34,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $189,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action items P&RC-01 and P&RC-03.

(2) $264,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided for boater programs state-wide and for implementation of the Puget Sound work plan.

(3) $45,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely for a feasibility study of a public/private effort to establish a reserve for recreation and environmental studies in southwest Kitsap county.

(4) Within the funds provided in this section, the state parks and recreation commission shall provide to the legislature a status report on implementation of the recommendations contained in the 1994 study on the restructuring of Washington state parks. This status report shall include an evaluation of the campsite reservation system including the identification of any incremental changes in revenues associated with implementation of the system and a progress report on other enterprise activities being undertaken by the commission. The report may also include recommendations on other revenue generating options. In preparing the report, the commission is encouraged to work with interested parties to develop a long-term strategy to support the park system. The commission shall provide this report by December 1, 1997.

(5) $85,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $165,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for development of underwater park programs and facilities. The department shall work with the underwater parks program task force to develop specific plans for the use of these funds.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 36,049,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 36,571,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 73,015,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 26,758,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation  $ 488,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation  $ 5,593,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation  $ 590,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Appropriation  $ 120,000
Recreational Fisheries Enhancement Appropriation  $ 2,387,000
Warm Water Game Fish Account Appropriation  $ 2,419,000
Wildlife Account Appropriation  $ 52,372,000
Game Special Wildlife Account--State Appropriation  $ 1,911,000
Game Special Wildlife Account--Federal Appropriation  $ 10,844,000
Game Special Wildlife Account--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 350,000
Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation  $ 843,000
Environmental Excellence Account Appropriation  $ 20,000
Eastern Washington Pheasant Enhancement Account Appropriation  $ 547,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 250,877,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,181,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,181,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action items DFW-01, DFW-03, DFW-04, and DFW-8 through DFW-15.

(2) $188,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $155,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a maintenance and
inspection program for department-owned dams. The department shall submit a report to the governor and the appropriate legislative committees by October 1, 1998, on the status of department-owned dams. This report shall provide a recommendation, including a cost estimate, on whether each facility should continue to be maintained or should be decommissioned.

(3) $832,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $825,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement salmon recovery activities and other actions required to respond to federal listings of salmon species under the endangered species act.

(4) $350,000 of the wildlife account appropriation, $72,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, and $73,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for control and eradication of class B designate weeds on department owned and managed lands. The amounts from the general fund--state appropriations are provided solely for control of spartina.

(5) $140,000 of the wildlife account appropriation is provided solely for a cooperative effort with the department of agriculture for research and eradication of purple loosestrife on state lands.

(6) In controlling weeds on state-owned lands, the department shall use the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate, and the department shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, on control methods, costs, and acres treated during the previous year.

(7) A maximum of $1,000,000 is provided from the wildlife fund for fiscal year 1998. The amount provided in this subsection is for the emergency feeding of deer and elk that may be starving and that are posing a risk to private property due to severe winter conditions during the winter of 1997-98. The amount expended under this subsection must not exceed the amount raised pursuant to section 3 of Substitute House Bill No. 1478. Of the amount expended under this subsection, not more than fifty percent may be from fee revenue generated pursuant to section 3 of Substitute House Bill No. 1478. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) $193,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $194,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $300,000 of the wildlife account appropriation are provided solely for the design and development of an automated license system.

(9) The department is directed to offer for sale its Cessna 421 aircraft by June 30, 1998. Proceeds from the sale shall be deposited in the wildlife account.

(10) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to continue the department's habitat partnerships program during the 1997-99 biennium.

(11) $350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for purchase of monitoring equipment necessary to fully implement mass marking of coho salmon.

(12) $238,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $219,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1985 (landscape management plans). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(13) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a contract with the United States department of agriculture to carry out animal damage control projects throughout the state related to cougars, bears, and coyotes.

(14) $97,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $98,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement animal damage control programs for Canada geese in the lower Columbia river basin.

(15) $170,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $170,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $360,000 of the wildlife account appropriation are provided solely to hire additional enforcement officers to address problem wildlife throughout the state.

(16) $197,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $196,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Substitute
Senate Bill No. 5120 (remote site incubators). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(17) $133,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $133,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5442 (flood control permitting). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(18) $100,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation is provided solely for grants to the regional fisheries enhancement groups.

(19) $547,000 of the eastern Washington pheasant enhancement account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5104 (pheasant enhancement program). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(20) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to hire Washington conservation corps crews to maintain department-owned and managed lands.

(21) The entire environmental excellence account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1866 (environmental excellence). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the entire appropriation is null and void.

(22) $156,000 of the recreational fisheries enhancement account appropriation is provided solely for Substitute Senate Bill No. 5102 (fishing license surcharge). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(23) $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for staffing and operation of the Tennant Lake interpretive center.

Sec. 305. 1997 c 149 s 308 (uncodified) is each amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation Account</th>
<th>Amount ($)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)</td>
<td>$((25,317,000))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$((25,518,000))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,156,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
<td>$422,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forest Development Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$49,923,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$3,628,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surveys and Maps Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$2,088,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$4,869,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resources Management Cost Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$89,613,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Waste Reduction/Recycling/Litter Control Appropriation</td>
<td>$450,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surface Mining Reclamation Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$1,420,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Land Dredged Material Disposal Site Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$751,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural Resources Conservation Areas Stewardship Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$77,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$890,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Metals Mining Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$62,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$((205,984,000))</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $7,017,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $6,900,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for emergency fire suppression.

(2) $18,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $18,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $957,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation are provided solely for implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5102 (fishing license surcharge). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
account appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action items DNR-01, DNR-02, and DNR-04.

(3) $450,000 of the resource management cost account appropriation is provided solely for the control and eradication of class B designate weeds on state lands. The department shall use the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate, and report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1998, on control methods, costs, and acres treated during the previous year.

(4) $((2,682,000)) 1,332,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $((3,063,000)) 1,713,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for fire protection activities.

(5) $541,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $549,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the stewardship of natural area preserves, natural resource conservation areas, and the operation of the natural heritage program.

(6) $2,300,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation is provided for the department’s portion of the Eagle Harbor settlement.

(7) $195,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $220,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 1985 (landscape management plans). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) $600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the cooperative monitoring, evaluation, and research projects related to implementation of the timber-fish-wildlife agreement.

(9) $6,568,000 of the forest development account appropriation is provided solely for silviculture activities on forest board lands. To the extent that forest board counties apply for reconveyance of lands pursuant to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5325 (county land transfers), the amount provided in this subsection shall be reduced by an amount equal to the estimated silvicultural expenditures planned in each county that applies for reconveyance.

PART V
EDUCATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-FOR STATE ADMINISTRATION

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<tr>
<th>Account Type</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)</td>
<td>$ 40,775,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 2,598,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account</td>
<td>$ 3,672,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Education Savings Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 39,312,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$ 156,554,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) AGENCY OPERATIONS

(a) $394,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $394,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the operation and expenses of the state board of education, including basic education assistance activities.

(b)(i) $250,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $250,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for enhancing computer systems and support in the office of superintendent of public instruction. These amounts shall be used to: Make a database of school information available electronically to schools, state government, and the general public; reduce agency and school district administrative costs through more effective use of technology; and replace paper reporting and publication to the extent feasible with electronic media.
The superintendent, in cooperation with the commission on student learning, shall develop a state student record system including elements reflecting student achievement. The system shall be made available to the office of financial management and the legislature with suitable safeguards of student confidentiality. The superintendent shall report to the office of financial management and the legislative fiscal committees by December 1 of each year of the biennium on the progress and plans for the expenditure of these amounts.

(ii) The superintendent, in cooperation with the commission on student learning, shall develop a feasibility plan for a state student record system, including elements reflecting student academic achievement on goals 1 and 2 under RCW 28A.150.210. The feasibility plan shall be made available to the office of financial management and the fiscal and education committees of the legislature for approval before a student records database is established, and shall identify data elements to be collected and suitable safeguards of student confidentiality and proper use of database records, with particular attention to eliminating unnecessary and intrusive data about nonacademic related information.

(c) $348,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for administration of the traffic safety education program, including in-service training related to instruction in the risks of driving while under the influence of alcohol and other drugs.

(d) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Substitute Senate Bill No. 5394 (school audit resolutions).

(e) The superintendent of public instruction shall not accept, allocate, or expend any federal funds to implement the federal goals 2000 program.

(2) STATE-WIDE PROGRAMS

(a) $2,174,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for in-service training and educational programs conducted by the Pacific Science Center.

(b) $63,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for operation of the Cispus environmental learning center.

(c) $2,754,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for educational centers, including state support activities. $100,000 of this amount is provided to help stabilize funding through distribution among existing education centers that are currently funded by the state at an amount less than $100,000 a biennium.

(d) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for an organization in southwest Washington that received funding from the Spokane educational center in the 1995-97 biennium and provides educational services to students who have dropped out.

(e) $2,500,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $2,500,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for implementation of reading initiatives to improve reading in early grades as enacted by the 1997 legislature. Of this amount:

(i) $700,000 is provided solely to implement Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5508 to fund the standardized norm-referenced third grade reading test; and

(ii) $4,300,000 is provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2042. Funds shall be used solely for the selection of the second grade reading tests in accordance with section 2 of the bill, and grants to school districts in accordance with sections 4 and 7 of the bill.

(f) $3,672,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation and $2,250,000 of the public safety education account appropriation are provided solely for matching grants to enhance security in schools. Not more than seventy-five percent of a district’s total expenditures for school security in any school year may be paid from a grant under this subsection. The grants shall be expended solely for the costs of employing or contracting for building security monitors in schools during school hours and school events. Of the amount provided in this subsection, at least $2,850,000 shall be spent for grants to districts that, during the 1988-89 school year, employed or contracted for security monitors in schools during school hours. However, these grants may be used only for increases in school district expenditures for school security over expenditure levels for the 1988-89 school year.
(g) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and $400,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation transferred from the department of health are provided solely for a program that provides grants to school districts for media campaigns promoting sexual abstinence and addressing the importance of delaying sexual activity, pregnancy, and childbearing until individuals are ready to nurture and support their children. Grants to the school districts shall be for projects that are substantially designed and produced by students. The grants shall require a local private sector match equal to one-half of the state grant, which may include in-kind contribution of technical or other assistance from consultants or firms involved in public relations, advertising broadcasting, and graphics or video production or other related fields.

(h) $1,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for school district petitions to juvenile court for truant students as provided in RCW 28A.225.030 and 28A.225.035. Allocation of this money to school districts shall be based on the number of petitions filed.

(i) $300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for alcohol and drug prevention programs pursuant to RCW 66.08.180.

(j) $19,656,000 of the education savings account appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $19,656,000 of the education savings account appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for matching grants and related state activities to provide school district consortia with programs utilizing technology to improve learning. A maximum of $100,000 each fiscal year of this amount is provided for administrative support and oversight of the K-20 network by the superintendent of public instruction. The superintendent of public instruction shall convene a technology grants committee representing private sector technology, school districts, and educational service districts to recommend to the superintendent grant proposals that have the best plans for improving student learning through innovative curriculum using technology as a learning tool and evaluating the effectiveness of the curriculum innovations. After considering the technology grants committee recommendations, the superintendent shall make matching grant awards, including granting at least fifteen percent of funds on the basis of criteria in (ii)(A) through (C) of this subsection (2)(j).

(ii) Priority for award of funds will be to (A) school districts most in need of assistance due to financial limits, (B) school districts least prepared to take advantage of technology as a means of improving student learning, and (C) school districts in economically distressed areas. The superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the technology grants committee, shall propose options to the committee for identifying and prioritizing districts according to criteria in (i) and (ii) of this subsection (2)(j).

(iii) Options for review criteria to be considered by the superintendent of public instruction include, but are not limited to, free and reduced lunches, levy revenues, ending fund balances, equipment inventories, and surveys of technology preparedness. An "economically distressed area" is (A) a county with an unemployment rate that is at least twenty percent above the state-wide average for the previous three years; (B) a county that has experienced sudden and severe or long-term and severe loss of employment, or erosion of its economic base resulting in decline of its dominant industries; or (C) a district within a county which (I) has at least seventy percent of its families and unrelated individuals with incomes below eighty percent of the county’s median income for families and unrelated individuals; and (II) has an unemployment rate which is at least forty percent higher than the county’s unemployment rate.

(k) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriations is provided as matching funds for district contributions to provide analysis of the efficiency of school district business practices. The superintendent of public instruction shall establish criteria, make awards, and provide a report to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 15, 1997, on the progress and details of analysis funded under this subsection (2)(k).

(l) $19,977,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely for the purchase of classroom instructional materials and supplies. The superintendent shall allocate the funds at a maximum rate of $20.82 per full-time equivalent student, beginning September 1, 1998, and ending June 30, 1999. The expenditure of the funds shall be determined at each school site by the
school building staff, parents, and the community. School districts shall distribute all funds received to school buildings without deduction.

(m) $15,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to assist local districts vocational education programs in applying for low frequency FM radio licenses with the federal communications commission.

(n) $35,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to the state board of education to design a program to encourage high school students and other adults to pursue careers as vocational education teachers in the subject matter of agriculture.

(o) $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for allocation to the primary coordinators of the state geographic alliance to improve the teaching of geography in schools.

(p) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for state administrative costs and start-up grants for alternative programs and services that improve instruction and learning for at-risk and expelled students consistent with the objectives of Engrossed House Bill No. 1581 (disruptive students/offenders). Each grant application shall contain proposed performance indicators and an evaluation plan to measure the success of the program and its impact on improved student learning. Applications shall contain the applicant’s plan for maintaining the program and/or services after the grant period, shall address the needs of students who cannot be accommodated within the framework of existing school programs or services and shall address how the applicant will serve any student within the proposed program’s target age range regardless of the reason for truancy, suspension, expulsion, or other disciplinary action. Up to $50,000 per year may be used by the superintendent of public instruction for grant administration. The superintendent shall submit an evaluation of the alternative program start-up grants provided under this section, and section 501(2)(q), chapter 283, Laws of 1996, to the fiscal and education committees of the legislature by November 15, 1998. Grants shall be awarded to applicants showing the greatest potential for improved student learning for at-risk students including:

(i) Students who have been suspended, expelled, or are subject to other disciplinary actions;

(ii) Students with unexcused absences who need intervention from community truancy boards or family support programs;

(iii) Students who have left school; and

(iv) Students involved with the court system.

The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall prepare a report describing student recruitment, program offerings, staffing practices, and available indicators of program effectiveness of alternative education programs funded with state and, to the extent information is available, local funds. The report shall contain a plan for conducting an evaluation of the educational effectiveness of alternative education programs.

(q) $1,600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for grants for magnet schools to be distributed as recommended by the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to chapter 232, section 516(13), Laws of 1992.

(r) $4,300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for complex need grants. Grants shall be provided according to amounts shown in LEAP Document 30C as developed on April 27, 1997, at 03:00 hours.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-BASIC EDUCATION EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

(1) The following calculations determine the salaries used in the general fund allocations for certificated instructional, certificated administrative, and classified staff units under section 502, chapter 149, Laws of 1997:

(a) Salary allocations for certificated instructional staff units shall be determined for each district by multiplying the district’s certificated instructional derived base salary shown on LEAP Document 12D, by the district’s average staff mix factor for basic education and special education certificated instructional staff in that school year, computed using LEAP Document 1A; and
(b) Salary allocations for certificated administrative staff units and classified staff units for each district shall be based on the district's certificated administrative and classified salary allocation amounts shown on LEAP Document 12D.

(2) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Basic education certificated instructional staff" is defined as provided in RCW 28A.150.100 and "special education certificated staff" means staff assigned to the state-supported special education program pursuant to chapter 28A.155 RCW in positions requiring a certificate;

(b) "LEAP Document 1A" means the computerized tabulation establishing staff mix factors for certificated instructional staff according to education and years of experience, as developed by the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee on April 8, 1991, at 13:35 hours; and

(c) "LEAP Document 12D" means the computerized tabulation of 1997-98 and 1998-99 school year salary allocations for certificated administrative staff and classified staff and derived base salaries for certificated instructional staff as developed by the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee on March 21, 1997 at 16:37 hours.

(3) Incremental fringe benefit factors shall be applied to salary adjustments at a rate of 19.58 percent for certificated staff and 15.15 percent for classified staff for both years of the biennium.

(4)(a) Pursuant to RCW 28A.150.410, the following state-wide salary allocation schedules for certificated instructional staff are established for basic education salary allocations:

### STATE-WIDE SALARY ALLOCATION SCHEDULE FOR THE 1997-98 AND 1998-99 SCHOOL YEARS

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<th>BA+ 30</th>
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### YEARS OF MA+ 90

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(b) As used in this subsection, the column headings "BA+ (N)" refer to the number of credits earned since receiving the baccalaureate degree.

(c) For credits earned after the baccalaureate degree but before the masters degree, any credits in excess of forty-five credits may be counted after the masters degree. Thus, as used in this subsection, the column headings "MA+ (N)" refer to the total of:

(i) Credits earned since receiving the masters degree; and

(ii) Any credits in excess of forty-five credits that were earned after the baccalaureate degree but before the masters degree.

(5) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "BA" means a baccalaureate degree.

(b) "MA" means a masters degree.

(c) "PHD" means a doctorate degree.

(d) "Years of service" shall be calculated under the same rules adopted by the superintendent of public instruction.

(e) "Credits" means college quarter hour credits and equivalent in-service credits computed in accordance with RCW 28A.415.020 and chapter 90, Laws of 1997.

(6) No more than ninety college quarter-hour credits received by any employee after the baccalaureate degree may be used to determine compensation allocations under the state salary allocation schedule and LEAP documents referenced in this act, or any replacement schedules and documents, unless:

(a) The employee has a masters degree; or

(b) The credits were used in generating state salary allocations before January 1, 1992.

(7) The salary allocation schedules established in this section are for allocation purposes only except as provided in RCW 28A.400.200(2).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR SCHOOL EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 79,966,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $116,310,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $196,276,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $176,525,000 is provided for a cost of living adjustment of 3.0 percent effective September 1, 1997, for state formula staff units. The appropriations include associated incremental fringe benefit allocations at rates of 19.58 percent for certificated staff and 15.15 percent for classified staff.

(a) The appropriations in this section include the increased portion of salaries and incremental fringe benefits for all relevant state-funded school programs in part V of this act. Salary adjustments for state employees in the office of superintendent of public instruction and the education reform program are provided in part VII of this act. Increases for general apportionment (basic education) are based on the salary allocation schedules and methodology in section 502 of this act. Increases for special education result from increases in each district’s basic education allocation per student. Increases for educational service districts and institutional education programs are determined by the superintendent of public instruction using the methodology for general apportionment salaries and benefits in section 502 of this act.

(b) The appropriations in this section provide salary increase and incremental fringe benefit allocations based on formula adjustments as follows:
For pupil transportation, an increase of $0.60 per weighted pupil-mile for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year;

(ii) For education of highly capable students, an increase of $6.81 per formula student for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year; and

(iii) For transitional bilingual education, an increase of $17.69 per eligible bilingual student for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year; and

(iv) For learning assistance, an increase of $8.74 per entitlement unit for the 1997-98 school year and maintained for the 1998-99 school year.

(c) The appropriations in this section include $912,000 for salary increase adjustments for substitute teachers at a rate of $10.64 per unit in the 1997-98 school year and maintained in the 1998-99 school year.

(2) $19,751,000 is provided for adjustments to insurance benefit allocations. The maintenance rate for insurance benefit allocations is $314.51 per month for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years. The appropriations in this section provide increases of $2.83 per month for the 1997-98 school year and $18.41 per month for the 1998-99 school year at the following rates:

(a) For pupil transportation, an increase of $0.03 per weighted pupil-mile for the 1997-98 school year and $0.19 for the 1998-99 school year;

(b) For education of highly capable students, an increase of $0.20 per formula student for the 1997-98 school year and $1.35 for the 1998-99 school year;

(c) For transitional bilingual education, an increase of $.46 per eligible bilingual student for the 1997-98 school year and $3.44 for the 1998-99 school year; and

(d) For learning assistance, an increase of $.36 per funded unit for the 1997-98 school year and $2.70 for the 1998-99 school year.

(3) The rates specified in this section are subject to revision each year by the legislature.

(4)(a) For the 1997-98 school year, the superintendent shall prepare a report showing the allowable derived base salary for certificated instructional staff in accordance with RCW 28A.400.200 and LEAP Document 12D, and the actual derived base salary paid by each school district as shown on the S-275 report and shall make the report available to the fiscal committees of the legislature no later than February 15, 1998.

(b) For the 1998-99 school year, the superintendent shall reduce the percent of salary increase funds provided in this section for certificated instructional staff in the basic education and special education programs by the percentage by which a district exceeds the allowable derived base salary for certificated instructional staff as shown on LEAP Document 12D.

(5) Cost-of-living funds provided to school districts under this section for classified staff shall be distributed to each and every formula funded employee at 3.0 percent, effective September 1, 1997.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
FOR LOCAL EFFORT ASSISTANCE

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 84,347,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 89,605,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 173,952,000

Sec. 505. 1997 c 149 s 512 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR INSTITUTIONAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ ((48,327,000)) 18,026,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ ((49,131,000)) 18,983,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 8,548,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((46,006,000)) 45,557,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
The general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year. State funding provided under this section is based on salaries and other expenditures for a 220-day school year. The superintendent of public instruction shall monitor school district expenditure plans for institutional education programs to ensure that districts plan for a full-time summer program.

State funding for each institutional education program shall be based on the institution’s annual average full-time equivalent student enrollment. Staffing ratios for each category of institution shall remain the same as those funded in the 1995-97 biennium.

$(758,000) 341,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1998 appropriation and $(704,000) 407,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1999 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Third Substitute House Bill No. 3900 (revising the juvenile code). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 506. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--EDUCATION REFORM PROGRAMS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 18,905,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 21,868,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 40,773,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $18,103,000 is provided for the operation of the commission on student learning and the development and implementation of student assessments. The commission shall cooperate with the superintendent of public instruction in defining measures of student achievement to be included in the student record system developed by the superintendent pursuant to section 501(1)(b) of this act.

(2) $2,190,000 is provided solely for training of paraprofessional classroom assistants and certificated staff who work with classroom assistants as provided in RCW 28A.415.310.

(3) $2,970,000 is provided for mentor teacher assistance, including state support activities, under RCW 28A.415.250 and 28A.415.260. Funds for the teacher assistance program shall be allocated to school districts based on the number of beginning teachers.

(4) $4,050,000 is provided for improving technology infrastructure, monitoring and reporting on school district technology development, promoting standards for school district technology, promoting statewide coordination and planning for technology development, and providing regional educational technology support centers, including state support activities, under chapter 28A.650 RCW.

(5) $7,200,000 is provided for grants to school districts to provide a continuum of care for children and families to help children become ready to learn. Grant proposals from school districts shall contain local plans designed collaboratively with community service providers. If a continuum of care program exists in the area in which the school district is located, the local plan shall provide for coordination with existing programs to the greatest extent possible. Grant funds shall be allocated pursuant to RCW 70.190.040.

(6) $5,000,000 is provided solely for the meals for kids program under RCW 28A.235.145 through 28A.235.155.

(7) $1,260,000 is provided for technical assistance related to education reform through the office of the superintendent of public instruction, in consultation with the commission on student learning, as specified in RCW 28A.300.130 (center for the improvement of student learning).

(8) The superintendent of public instruction shall not accept, allocate, or expend any federal funds to implement the federal goals 2000 program.

Sec. 507. 1997 c 149 s 515 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR TRANSITIONAL BILINGUAL PROGRAMS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 31,146,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 33,414,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 64,560,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The appropriation for fiscal year 1998 provides such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1996-97 school year.

2. The superintendent of public instruction shall study the formula components proposed for the 1998-99 school year and prepare a report to the legislature no later than January 15, 1998.

3. The superintendent shall distribute a maximum of $643.78 per eligible bilingual student in the 1997-98 school year, exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments provided in section (503) of this act.

4. A student shall be eligible for funding under this section if the student is enrolled in grades K-12 pursuant to WAC 392-121-106 and is receiving specialized instruction pursuant to chapter 28A.180 RCW.

5. The superintendent shall distribute a maximum of $643.78 per eligible weighted bilingual student in the 1998-99 school year exclusive of salary and benefit adjustments provided in section 503 of this act.

6. The following factors shall be used to calculate weightings for the 1998-99 school year.

   (a) Grades Level
      (i) K-5 .35
      (ii) 6-8 .50
      (iii) 9-12 .72

   (b) Time in Program
      (i) Up to 1 year .82
      (ii) 1 to 2 years .62
      (iii) 2 to 3 years .41
      (iv) more than 3 years .21

   (c) The grade level weight and time in program weight shall be summed for each eligible student and the result shall be multiplied by the rate per weighted student specified in subsection (4) of this section.

   (d) Time in program under (b) of this subsection shall be calculated in accordance with WAC 392-160-035.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 508. FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION-
-LOCAL ENHANCEMENT FUNDS

| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) | $49,815,000 |
| General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) | $56,962,000 |
| TOTAL APPROPRIATION | $106,777,000 |

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. A maximum of $50,841,000 is provided for learning improvement allocations to school districts to enhance the ability of instructional staff to teach and assess the essential academic learning requirements for reading, writing, communication, and math in accordance with the timelines and requirements established under RCW 28A.630.885. However, special emphasis shall be given to the successful teaching of reading. Allocations under this section shall be subject to the following conditions and limitations:

   (a) In accordance with the timetable for the implementation of the assessment system by the commission on student learning, the allocations for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school years shall be at a maximum annual rate per full-time equivalent student of $36.69 for students enrolled in grades K-4, $30.00 for students enrolled in grades 5-7, and $22.95 for students enrolled in grades 8-12. Allocations shall be made on the monthly apportionment schedule provided in RCW 28A.510.250.

   (b) A district receiving learning improvement allocations shall:

      (i) Develop and keep on file at each building a student learning improvement plan to achieve the student learning goals and essential academic learning requirements and to implement the
assessment system as it is developed. The plan shall delineate how the learning improvement allocations will be used to accomplish the foregoing. The plan shall be made available to the public upon request;

(ii) Maintain a policy regarding the involvement of school staff, parents, and community members in instructional decisions;

(iii) File a report by October 1, 1998, and October 1, 1999, with the office of the superintendent of public instruction, in a format developed by the superintendent that: Enumerates the activities funded by these allocations; the amount expended for each activity; describes how the activity improved understanding, teaching, and assessment of the essential academic learning requirements by instructional staff; and identifies any amounts expended from this allocation for supplemental contracts; and

(iv) Provide parents and the local community with specific information on the use of this allocation by including in the annual performance report required in RCW 28A.320.205, information on how funds allocated under this subsection were spent and the results achieved.

(c) The superintendent of public instruction shall compile and analyze the school district reports and present the results to the office of financial management and the appropriate committees of the legislature no later than November 15, 1998, and November 15, 1999.

(2) $55,937,000 is provided for local education program enhancements to meet educational needs as identified by the school district, including alternative education programs. This amount includes such amounts as are necessary for the remainder of the 1996-97 school year. Allocations for the 1997-98 and 1998-99 school year shall be at a maximum annual rate of $29.86 per full-time equivalent student as determined pursuant to subsection (3) of this section. Allocations shall be made on the monthly apportionment payment schedule provided in RCW 28A.510.250.

(3) Allocations provided under this section shall be based on school district annual average full-time equivalent enrollment in grades kindergarten through twelve: PROVIDED, That for school districts enrolling not more than one hundred average annual full-time equivalent students, and for small school plants within any school district designated as remote and necessary schools, the allocations shall be as follows:

(a) Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students;

(b) Enrollment of not more than 20 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight shall generate funding based on twenty full-time equivalent students; and

(c) Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students.

(4) Funding provided pursuant to this section does not fall within the definition of basic education for purposes of Article IX of the state Constitution and the state’s funding duty thereunder.

(5) Receipt by a school district of one-fourth of the district’s allocation of funds under this section, shall be conditioned on a finding by the superintendent that:

(a) The district is enrolled as a medicaid service provider and is actively pursuing federal matching funds for medical services provided through special education programs, pursuant to RCW 74.09.5241 through 74.09.5256 (Title XIX funding); and

(b) The district is filing truancy petitions as required under chapter 312, Laws of 1995 and RCW 28A.225.030.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 509. FOR THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Education Savings Account Appropriation to the Common School Construction Account $ 12,621,000

PART VI

HIGHER EDUCATION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 601. The appropriations in sections 603 through 609 of this act are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) "Institutions" means the institutions of higher education receiving appropriations under sections 603 through 609 of this act.

(2)(a) The salary increases provided or referenced in this subsection shall be the allowable salary increases provided at institutions of higher education, excluding increases associated with normally occurring promotions and increases related to faculty and professional staff retention, and excluding increases associated with employees under the jurisdiction of chapter 41.56 RCW pursuant to the provisions of RCW 28B.16.015.

(b) Each institution of higher education shall provide to each classified staff employee as defined by the office of financial management a salary increase of 3.0 percent on July 1, 1997. Each institution of higher education shall provide to instructional and research faculty, exempt professional staff, academic administrators, academic librarians, counselors, teaching and research assistants as classified by the office of financial management, and all other nonclassified staff, including those employees under RCW 28B.16.015, an average salary increase of 3.0 percent on July 1, 1997. For employees under the jurisdiction of chapter 41.56 RCW pursuant to the provisions of RCW 28B.16.015, distribution of the salary increases will be in accordance with the applicable collective bargaining agreement. However, an increase shall not be provided to any classified employee whose salary is above the approved salary range maximum for the class to which the employee's position is allocated. To collect consistent data for use by the legislature, the office of financial management, and other state agencies for policy and planning purposes, institutions of higher education shall report personnel data to be used in the department of Personnel's human resource data warehouse in compliance with uniform reporting procedures established by the department of personnel.

(c) Each institution of higher education receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act may provide to instructional and research faculty, exempt professional staff, academic administrators, academic librarians, counselors, teaching and research assistants, as classified by the office of financial management, and all other nonclassified staff, but not including employees under RCW 28B.16.015, an additional average salary increase of 1.0 percent on July 1, 1997, and an average salary increase of 2.0 percent on July 1, 1998. Any salary increases authorized under this subsection (2)(c) shall not be included in an institution's salary base. It is the intent of the legislature that general fund--state support for an institution shall not increase during the current or any future biennium as a result of any salary increases authorized under this subsection (2)(c).

(d) Specific salary increases authorized in sections 603 through 609 of this act are in addition to any salary increase provided in this subsection.

(3)(a) Each institution receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act shall submit plans for achieving measurable and specific improvements in academic years 1997-98 and 1998-99 to the higher education coordinating board. The plans, to be prepared at the direction of the board, shall be submitted by August 15, 1997 (for academic year 1997-98) and June 30, 1998 (for academic year 1998-99). The following measures and goals will be used for the 1997-99 biennium:

- **Goal**

  (i) Undergraduate graduation efficiency index:
  - For students beginning as freshmen 95%
  - For transfer students 90%

  (ii) Undergraduate student retention, defined as the percentage of all undergraduate students who return for the next year at the same institution, measured from fall to fall:
  - Research universities 95%
  - Comprehensive universities and college 90%

  (iii) Graduation rates, defined as the percentage of an entering freshmen class at each institution that graduates within five years:
  - Research universities 65%
  - Comprehensive universities and college 55%
(iv) A measure of faculty productivity, with goals and targets in accord with the legislative intent to achieve measurable and specific improvements, to be determined by the higher education coordinating board, in consultation with the institutions receiving appropriations under sections 604 through 609 of this act.

(v) An additional measure and goal to be selected by the higher education coordinating board for each institution, in consultation with each institution.

(b) Academic year 1995-96 shall be the baseline year against which performance in academic year 1997-98 shall be measured. Academic year 1997-98 shall be the baseline year against which performance in academic year 1998-99 shall be measured. The difference between each institution's baseline year and the state-wide performance goals shall be calculated and shall be the performance gap for each institution for each measure for each year. The higher education coordinating board shall set performance targets for closing the performance gap for each measure for each institution. Performance targets shall be set at levels that reflect meaningful and substantial progress towards the state-wide performance goals. Each institution shall report to the higher education coordinating board on its actual performance achievement for each measure for academic year 1997-98 by June 30, 1998, except that performance reporting for the student retention measure shall be completed by October 15, 1998.

(4) The state board for community and technical colleges shall develop an implementation plan for measurable and specific improvements in productivity, efficiency, and student retention in academic years 1997-98 and 1998-99 consistent with the performance management system developed by the workforce training and education coordinating board and for the following long-term performance goals:

(a) Hourly wages for vocational graduates $12/hour
(b) Academic students transferring to Washington higher education institutions 67%
(c) Core course completion rates 85%
(d) Graduation efficiency index 95

(5) The state's public institutions of higher education increasingly are being called upon to become more efficient in conducting the business operations necessary to support the carrying out of their academic missions. The legislature recognizes that state laws and regulations may have the unintended effect of acting as barriers to efficient operation in some instances, and desires to encourage the institutions of higher education to think beyond the constraints of current law in identifying opportunities for improved efficiency. Accordingly, the legislature requests that the institutions of higher education, working together through the council of presidents' office and the state board for community and technical colleges, identify opportunities for changes in state law that would form the basis for a new efficiency compact with the state, for consideration no later than the 1999 legislative session.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 602. (1) The appropriations in sections 603 through 609 of this act provide state general fund support or employment and training trust account support for full-time equivalent student enrollments at each institution of higher education. Listed below are the annual full-time equivalent student enrollments by institution assumed in this act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>1997-98</th>
<th>1998-99</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University of Washington</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main campus</td>
<td>31,297</td>
<td>31,527</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bothell branch</td>
<td>775</td>
<td>895</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tacoma branch</td>
<td>847</td>
<td>992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington State University</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Main campus 17,403 17,723
Spokane branch 352 442
Tri-Cities branch 754 814
Vancouver branch 851 971

Central Washington University 7,346 7,446
Eastern Washington University 7,739 7,739
The Evergreen State College 3,496 3,576
Western Washington University 10,188 10,338
State Board for Community and Technical Colleges 116,426 118,526
Higher Education Coordinating Board 50 50

(2) The legislature intends to reduce general fund--state support for student enrollments by average instructional funding as calculated by the higher education coordinating board for enrollments below the budgeted levels in subsection (1) of this section, except that, for campuses with less than 1,500 budgeted full-time equivalent (FTE) student enrollments, enrollment targets shall be set at 95 percent of the budgeted enrollment level, and except that underenrollment at Eastern Washington University shall be administered in accordance with section 606(5) of this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $382,891,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $420,961,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $11,404,000
Employment and Training Trust Account Appropriation $26,346,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $841,602,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $2,718,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $4,079,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be held in reserve by the board. These funds are provided for improvements in productivity, efficiency, and student retention. The board may approve the fiscal year 1998 allocation of funds under this subsection upon completion of an implementation plan. The implementation plan shall be submitted by the board to the appropriate legislative committees and the office of financial management in accordance with section 601(4) of this act by September 1, 1997. The board may approve the fiscal year 1999 allocation of funds under this subsection based on the board’s evaluation of:
   (a) College performance compared to the goals for productivity, efficiency, and student retention as submitted in the plan required in section 601(4) of this act; and
   (b) The quality and effectiveness of the strategies the colleges propose to achieve continued improvement in quality and efficiency during the 1998-99 academic year.

(2) $2,553,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998, $28,761,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999, and the entire employment and training trust account appropriation are provided solely as special funds for training and related support services, including financial aid, child care, and transportation, as specified in chapter 226, Laws of 1993 (employment and training for unemployed workers) and Substitute House Bill No. 2214.
   (a) Funding is provided to support up to 7,200 full-time equivalent students in each fiscal year.
   (b) The state board for community and technical colleges shall submit a plan for the allocation of the full-time equivalent students provided in this subsection to the workforce training and education coordinating board for review and approval.

(3) $1,441,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,441,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for 500 FTE enrollment slots to implement RCW 28B.50.259 (timber-dependent communities).
(4) $1,862,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,862,500 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes at community and technical colleges.

(5) $706,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $706,000 of general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(6) Up to $1,035,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and up to $2,102,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 may be used in combination with salary and benefit savings from faculty turnover to provide faculty salary increments and associated benefits. To the extent general salary increase funding is used to pay faculty increments, the general salary increase shall be reduced by the same amount.

(7) To address part-time faculty salary disparities and to increase the ratio of full-time to part-time faculty instructors, the board shall provide salary increases to part-time instructors or hire additional full-time instructional staff under the following conditions and limitations: (a) The amount used for such purposes shall not exceed an amount equivalent to an additional salary increase of 1.0 percent on July 1, 1997, and an additional salary increase of 2.0 percent on July 1, 1998, for instructional faculty as classified by the office of financial management; and (b) at least $2,934,000 shall be spent for the purposes of this subsection.

(8) $83,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,567,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided for personnel and expenses to develop curricula, library resources, and operations of Cascadia Community College. It is the legislature’s intent to use the opportunity provided by the establishment of the new institution to conduct a pilot project of budgeting based on instructional standards and outcomes. The college shall use a portion of the available funds to develop a set of measurable standards and outcomes as the basis for budget development in the 1999-01 biennium.

(9) The technical colleges may increase tuition and fees to conform with the percentage increase in community college operating fees enacted by the 1997 legislature. The community colleges may charge up to the maximum level authorized for services and activities fees in RCW 28B.15.069.

(10) Community and technical colleges with below-average faculty salaries may use funds identified by the state board in the 1997-98 and 1998-99 operating allocations to increase faculty salaries no higher than the system-wide average.

(11) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for tuition support for students enrolled in work-based learning programs.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 604. FOR UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 283,923,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 289,807,000
Death Investigations Account Appropriation $ 1,810,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $ 514,000
Accident Account Appropriation $ 4,969,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation $ 4,989,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 586,012,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $2,019,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,029,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.

(2) $800,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,896,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Tacoma branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.
(3) $593,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,547,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Bothell branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.

(4) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(5) $324,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $324,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(6) $130,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $130,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item UW-01.

(7) $1,200,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,200,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Tri-Cities branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.

(8) $971,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Spokane branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.

(9) $157,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $157,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for enhancements to research capabilities at the Olympic natural resources center.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 605. FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 166,644,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 172,819,000
Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation  $ 206,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 339,669,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,204,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,807,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.

(2) $1,059,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Vancouver branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.

(3) $263,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $789,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Tri-Cities branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.

(4) $971,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 is provided solely to support additional upper-division and graduate level enrollments at the Spokane branch campus above the 1996-97 budgeted FTE level.

(5) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(6) $140,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $140,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(7) $157,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $157,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound work plan agency action item WSU-01.
(8) $600,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $600,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

(9) $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $50,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for yellow star thistle research.

(10) $55,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $55,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the Goldendale distance learning center.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 606. FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 39,211,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 39,489,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 78,700,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $285,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $428,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.

(2) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(3) $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(4) $53,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $54,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

(5) $3,188,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $3,188,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve pending attainment of budgeted enrollments of 6,942 FTEs. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of funds under this subsection at the annual rate of $4,000 for annual student FTEs in excess of 6,942 based on tenth day quarterly enrollment and the office of financial management’s quarterly budget driver report. In addition, allotments of reserve funds in this section shall be approved by the office of financial management upon approval by the higher education coordinating board for (a) actions that will result in additional enrollment growth, and (b) contractual obligations in fiscal year 1998 to the extent such funds are required.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 607. FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 37,214,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 38,616,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 75,830,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $269,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $403,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.
(2) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(3) $70,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $70,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(4) $51,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $51,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The college shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 608. FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 20,151,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 20,518,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 40,669,000

The appropriations in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $144,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $217,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.

(2) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(3) $47,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $47,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(4) $29,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $29,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The college shall provide a report in their 1999-01 biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 609. FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 47,822,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 48,855,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 96,677,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $342,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $514,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 shall be placed in reserve. The office of financial management shall approve the allotment of amounts under this subsection upon notification by the higher education coordinating board. These amounts are provided for the preparation of plans and for the achievement of measurable and specific improvements towards performance and accountability goals as outlined in section 601(3) of this act.

(2) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $186,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(3) $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $93,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(4) $66,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $67,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for competitively offered faculty recruitment and retention salary adjustments. The university shall provide a report in their 1999-01
biennial operating budget request submittal on the effective expenditure of funds for the purposes of this subsection.

Sec. 610. 1997 c 149 s 610 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD--POLICY COORDINATION AND ADMINISTRATION

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $2,734,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $2,615,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $693,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $6,042,000

The appropriations in this section are provided to carry out the accountability, performance measurement, policy coordination, planning, studies and administrative functions of the board and are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The board shall set performance targets, review, recommend changes if necessary, and approve plans defined in section 601(3)(a) of this act for achieving measurable and specific improvements in academic years 1997-98 and 1998-99. By October 1, 1997, the board shall notify the office of financial management to allot institutions’ fiscal year 1998 performance funds held in reserve, based upon the adequacy of plans prepared by the institutions.

(2) The board shall develop criteria to assess institutions’ performance and shall use those criteria in determining the allotment of performance and accountability funds. The board shall evaluate each institution’s achievement of performance targets for the 1997-98 academic year and, by August 1, 1998, the board shall notify the office of financial management to allot institutions’ fiscal year 1999 performance funds held in reserve, based upon each institution’s performance, except for performance funds held for achievement of the student retention measure. For the student retention measure, the board shall notify the office of financial management by November 1, 1998, to allot institutions’ fiscal year 1999 performance funds held in reserve, based upon each institution’s performance.

(3) By January, 1999, the board shall recommend to the office of financial management and appropriate legislative committees any recommended additions, deletions, or revisions to the performance and accountability measures in sections 601(3) of this act as part of the next master plan for higher education. The recommendations shall be developed in consultation with the institutions of higher education and may include additional performance indicators to measure successful student learning and other student outcomes for possible inclusion in the 1999-01 operating budget.

(4) $280,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $280,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for enrollment to implement RCW 28B.80.570 through 28B.80.585 (rural natural resources impact areas). The number of students served shall be 50 full-time equivalent students per fiscal year. The board shall ensure that enrollments reported under this subsection meet the criteria outlined in RCW 28B.80.570 through 28B.80.585.

(5) $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided to develop a competency based admissions system for higher education institutions. The board shall complete the competency based admissions system and issue a report outlining the competency based admissions system by January 1999.

(6) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for activities related to higher education facilities planning, project monitoring, and access issues related to capital facilities. Of this amount, $50,000 is provided for a study of higher education needs of Okanogan county and surrounding communities with consideration given to alternative approaches to educational service delivery, facility expansion, relocation or partnership, and long-term growth and future educational demands of the region.

(7) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 is provided solely as one-time funding for computer upgrades.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 611. FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD--FINANCIAL AID AND GRANT PROGRAMS

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998)  $ 89,369,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999)  $ 96,209,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation          $ 8,255,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION                      $ 193,833,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1) $527,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $526,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the displaced homemakers program.

2) $216,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $220,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the western interstate commission for higher education.

3) $118,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $118,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the health personnel resources plan.

4) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the scholarships and loans program under chapter 28B.115 RCW, the health professional conditional scholarship program. This amount shall be deposited to the health professional loan repayment and scholarship trust fund to carry out the purposes of the program.

5) $86,783,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $93,728,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for student financial aid, including all administrative costs. The amounts in (a), (b), and (c) of this subsection are sufficient to implement Second Substitute House Bill No. 1851 (higher education financial aid). Of these amounts:

(a) $67,266,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $73,968,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the state need grant program.

(i) Unless an alternative method for distribution of the state need grant is enacted which distributes grants based on tuition costs, for the purposes of determination of eligibility for state need grants for the 1998-99 academic year, the higher education coordinating board shall establish family income equivalencies for independent students having financial responsibility for children and independent students with no financial responsibility for children, respectively, based on the United States bureau of labor statistics' low budget standard for persons in the 20-35 year age group, in accordance with the recommendations of the 1996 student financial aid policy advisory committee.

(ii) After April 1 of each fiscal year, up to one percent of the annual appropriation for the state need grant program may be transferred to the state work study program.

(b) $15,350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $15,350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the state work study program. After April 1 of each fiscal year, up to one percent of the annual appropriation for the state work study program may be transferred to the state need grant program;

(c) $2,420,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $2,420,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for educational opportunity grants. For the purpose of establishing eligibility for the equal opportunity grant program for placebound students under RCW 28B.101.020, Thurston county lies within the branch campus service area of the Tacoma branch campus of the University of Washington;

(d) A maximum of 2.1 percent of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and 2.1 percent of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 may be expended for financial aid administration, excluding the four percent state work study program administrative allowance provision;

(e) $230,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $201,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for the educator's excellence
awards. Any educator’s excellence moneys not awarded by April 1st of each year may be transferred by the board to either the Washington scholars program or, in consultation with the workforce training and education coordinating board, to the Washington award for vocational excellence;

(f) $1,011,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $1,265,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement the Washington scholars program. Any Washington scholars program moneys not awarded by April 1st of each year may be transferred by the board to either the educator’s excellence awards or, in consultation with the workforce training and education coordinating board, to the Washington award for vocational excellence;

(g) $456,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $474,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Washington award for vocational excellence program. Any Washington award for vocational program moneys not awarded by April 1st of each year may be transferred by the board to either the educator’s excellence awards or the Washington scholars program;

(h) $51,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $51,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for community scholarship matching grants of $2,000 each. To be eligible for the matching grant, a nonprofit community organization organized under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code must demonstrate that it has raised $2,000 in new moneys for college scholarships after the effective date of this act. No organization may receive more than one $2,000 matching grant; and

(6) $175,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $175,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 or Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5106 (Washington advanced college tuition payment program). If neither Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1372 nor Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5106 is enacted by June 30, 1997, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) $187,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1998 and $188,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1999 are provided solely for a demonstration project in the 1997-99 biennium to provide undergraduate fellowships based upon the graduate fellowship program.

(8) Funding is provided in this section for the development of three models for tuition charges for distance learning programs. Institutions involved in distance education or extended learning shall provide information to the board on the usage, cost, and revenue generated by such programs.

PART VII
SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 701. 1997 c 149 s 709 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--EMERGENCY FUND
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ ((500,000)) 850,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ ((500,000)) 850,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((1,000,000)) 1,700,000

The appropriation in this section is for the governor’s emergency fund for the critically necessary work of any agency.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 702. YEAR 2000 ALLOCATIONS. 1997 c 149 s 710 (uncodified) is repealed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 703. SALARY COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 31,031,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 31,421,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 17,578,000
Salary and Insurance Increase Revolving Account Appropriation $ 48,678,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 128,708,000

The appropriations in this section shall be expended solely for the purposes designated in this section and are subject to the conditions and limitations in this section:

(1) In addition to the purposes set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, appropriations in this section are provided solely for a 3.0 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, for all classified employees, including those employees in the Washington management service, and exempt employees under the jurisdiction of the personnel resources board.

(2) The appropriations in this section are sufficient to fund a 3.0 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, for general government, legislative, and judicial employees exempt from merit system rules whose salaries are not set by the commission on salaries for elected officials.

(3) The salary and insurance increase revolving account appropriation in this section includes funds sufficient to fund a 3.0 percent salary increase effective July 1, 1997, for ferry workers consistent with the 1997-99 transportation appropriations act.

(4) No salary increase may be paid under this section to any person whose salary has been Y-rated pursuant to rules adopted by the personnel resources board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--COMPENSATION ACTIONS OF PERSONNEL RESOURCES BOARD
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 5,289,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1999) $ 10,642,000
Salary and Insurance Increase Revolving Account Appropriation $ 8,862,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 24,793,000

The appropriations in this section shall be expended solely for the purposes designated in this section and are subject to the conditions and limitations in this section:

(1) Funding is provided to fully implement the recommendations of the Washington personnel resources board consistent with the provisions of chapter 319, Laws of 1996.

(2) Implementation of the salary adjustments for the various clerical classes, physicians, dental classifications, pharmacists, maintenance custodians, medical records technicians, fish/wildlife biologists, fish/wildlife enforcement, habitat technicians, and fiscal technician classifications will be effective July 1, 1997. Implementation of the salary adjustments for safety classifications, park rangers, park aides, correctional officers/sergeants, community corrections specialists, tax information specialists, industrial relations specialists, electrical classifications at the department of labor and industries, fingerprint technicians, some labor relations classifications, health benefits specialists, foresters/land managers, and liquor enforcement officers will be effective July 1, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. FOR THE STATE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY--HEALTH CARE CONTINGENCY RESERVE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1998) $ 1,000,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: The appropriation is provided for deposit in the public employees' and retirees' insurance account to provide a contingency reserve.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 706. REGULATORY REFORM. 1997 c 149 s 719 (uncodified) is repealed.

PART VIII
OTHER TRANSFERS AND APPROPRIATIONS
Sec. 801. 1997 c 149 s 801 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE TREASURER--STATE REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION

General Fund Appropriation for fire insurance premiums distribution $ 6,617,250
General Fund Appropriation for public utility district excise tax distribution $ 35,183,803
General Fund Appropriation for prosecuting attorneys salaries $ 2,960,000
General Fund Appropriation for motor vehicle excise tax distribution $ 84,721,573
General Fund Appropriation for local mass transit assistance $ 383,208,166
General Fund Appropriation for camper and travel trailer excise tax distribution $ 3,904,937
General Fund Appropriation for boating safety/education and law enforcement distribution $ 3,616,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation for harbor improvement revenue distribution $ 142,000
Liquor Excise Tax Account Appropriation for liquor excise tax distribution $ 22,287,746
Liquor Revolving Fund Appropriation for liquor profits distribution $ 36,989,000
Timber Tax Distribution Account Appropriation for distribution to "Timber" counties $ 107,146,000
Municipal Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account Appropriation $ 66,860,014
County Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account Appropriation $ 11,843,224
Death Investigations Account Appropriation for distribution to counties for publicly funded autopsies $ 1,266,000
County Criminal Justice Account Appropriation $ ((80,552,474)) 80,634,471
Municipal Criminal Justice Account Appropriation $ 32,042,450
County Public Health Account Appropriation $ 43,773,588
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((923,114,222)) 923,196,222

The total expenditures from the state treasury under the appropriations in this section shall not exceed the funds available under statutory distributions for the stated purposes.

Sec. 802. 1997 c 149 s 803 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE TREASURER--TRANSFERS

General Fund: For transfer to the Water Quality Account $ 26,607,000
General Fund: For transfer to the Flood Control Assistance Account $ 4,000,000
State Convention and Trade Center Account: For transfer to the State Convention and Trade Center Operations Account $ 3,877,000
Water Quality Account:
For transfer to the Water Pollution Control Account. Transfers shall be made at intervals coinciding with deposits of federal capitalization grant money into the account. The amounts transferred shall not exceed the match required for each federal deposit $ 21,688,000
State Treasurer’s Service Account:
For transfer to the general fund on or before June 30, 1999 an amount up to $3,600,000 in excess of the cash requirements of the State Treasurer’s Service Account $ 3,600,000
((Health Services Account: For transfer to the County Public Health Account $ 2,250,000))
Public Works Assistance Account: For transfer to the Drinking Water Assistance Account $ 9,949,000
County Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account: For transfer to the County Public Health Account $ 1,686,000

PART IX
MISCELLANEOUS
Sec. 901. RCW 43.79.445 and 1995 c 398 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

There is established an account in the state treasury referred to as the "death investigations((l)) account" which shall exist for the purpose of receiving, holding, investing, and disbursing funds appropriated or provided in RCW 70.58.107 and any moneys appropriated or otherwise provided thereafter.

Moneys in the death investigations((l)) account shall be disbursed by the state treasurer once every year on December 31 and at any other time determined by the treasurer. The treasurer shall make disbursements to: The state toxicology laboratory, counties for the cost of autopsies, the University of Washington to fund the state forensic pathology fellowship program, the state patrol for providing partial funding for the state dental identification system, the criminal justice training commission for training county coroners, medical examiners and their staff, and the state forensic investigations council. Funds from the death investigations account may be appropriated during the 1997-99 biennium for the purposes of state-wide child mortality reviews administered by the department of health.

The University of Washington and the Washington state forensic investigations council shall jointly determine the yearly amount for the state forensic pathology fellowship program established by RCW 28B.20.426.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 902. No funding appropriated in this act shall be expended to support the governor's council on environmental education.

PART X
GENERAL GOVERNMENT

Sec. 1001. 1996 c 283 s 106 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE LAW LIBRARY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 1,607,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((4,507,000))

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((3,204,000))

Sec. 1002. 1996 c 283 s 109 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE ADMINISTRATOR FOR THE COURTS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 11,658,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ 11,832,000
Public Safety and Education Account--State Appropriation $ 36,605,000
Public Safety and Education Account--Private/Local Appropriation $ 4,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 35,000
Judicial Information Systems Account Appropriation $ 13,074,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((73,204,000))

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Funding provided in the judicial information systems account shall be used to fund computer systems for the supreme court, the court of appeals, and the office of the administrator for the courts. Expanding services to the courts, technology improvements, and criminal justice proposals shall receive priority consideration for the use of these funds.
(2) $63,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to implement Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5235 (judgeship for Clark county). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(3) $6,510,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the continuation of treatment alternatives to street crimes (TASC) programs in Pierce, Snohomish, Clark, King, Spokane, and Yakima counties.
(4) $9,326,000 of the public safety and education account is provided solely for the indigent appeals program.

(5) $26,000 of the public safety and education account and $1,385,000 of the judicial information systems account are to implement Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5219 (domestic violence). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $138,000 of the public safety and education account is provided solely for Thurston county impact costs.

(7) $223,000 of the public safety and education account is provided solely for the gender and justice commission.

(8) $308,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the minority and justice commission.

(9) No moneys appropriated in this section may be expended by the administrator for the courts for payments in excess of fifty percent of the employer contribution on behalf of superior court judges for insurance and health care plans and federal social security and medicare and medical aid benefits. Consistent with Article IV, section 13 of the state Constitution and 1996 Attorney General’s Opinion No. 2, it is the intent of the legislature that the cost of these employer contributions shall be shared equally between the state and the county or counties in which the judges serve. The administrator for the courts shall establish procedures for the collection and disbursement of these employer contributions.

(10) $35,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided solely to contract with the Washington state institute for public policy to collect data and information from jurisdictions within the state of Washington and outside the state of Washington, including other nations, that have experience with developing protocols and training standards for investigating child sexual abuse. The Washington state institute for public policy shall report to the legislature on the results of this study no later than December 1, 1996.

Sec. 1003. 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 116 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

**FOR THE LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Appropriation Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FY 1996</td>
<td>$242,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>FY 1997</td>
<td>$243,000</td>
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<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$(485,000)</td>
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Sec. 1004. 1996 c 283 s 113 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

**FOR THE PUBLIC DISCLOSURE COMMISSION**

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<tr>
<td>FY 1996</td>
<td>$1,125,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY 1997</td>
<td>$1,051,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$(2,176,000)</td>
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Sec. 1005. 1996 c 283 s 114 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

**FOR THE SECRETARY OF STATE**

<table>
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<th>Fiscal Year</th>
<th>Appropriation Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>FY 1996</td>
<td>$10,857,000</td>
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<td>FY 1997</td>
<td>$5,992,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Archives and Records Management Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$5,215,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>Department of Personnel Service Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$647,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$(22,901,000)</td>
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</table>
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $5,559,975 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to reimburse counties for the state’s share of primary and general election costs and the costs of conducting mandatory recounts on state measures.

2. $(5,233,762) 5,403,762 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for the verification of initiative and referendum petitions, maintenance of related voter registration records, legal advertising of state measures, and the publication and distribution of the voters and candidates pamphlet.

3. $140,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for the state’s participation in the United States census block boundary suggestion program.

4. $1,440,000 of the archives and records management account appropriation is provided solely for records services to local governments under Senate Bill No. 6718 and shall be paid solely out of revenue collected under that bill. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

5. $10,000 of the archives and records management account appropriation is provided solely for the purposes of Substitute House Bill No. 1497 (preservation of electronic public records).

6. $20,000 of the general fund appropriation for fiscal year 1997 is provided solely for the state’s participation in the United States census block boundary suggestion program to update precinct and other geographical data to facilitate the 2000 census and redistricting process.

Sec. 1006. 1996 c 283 s 116 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE AUDITOR

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 78,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ 430,000
Auditing Services Revolving Account Appropriation $ ((11,814,000))

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((12,322,000))

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. Audits of school districts by the division of municipal corporations shall include findings regarding the accuracy of: (a) Student enrollment data; and (b) the experience and education of the district’s certified instructional staff, as reported to the superintendent of public instruction for allocation of state funding.

2. The state auditor, in consultation with the legislative budget committee, shall conduct a performance audit of the state investment board. In conducting the audit, the state auditor shall: (a) Establish and publish a schedule of the performance audit and shall solicit public comments relative to the operations of the state investment board at least three months prior to conducting the scheduled performance audit; (b) under the provisions of chapter 39.29 RCW, obtain and utilize a private firm to conduct the audit. The firm selected shall utilize professional staff possessing the education, training, and practical experience in auditing private and governmental entities responsible for the investment of funds necessary to capably conduct the audit required by this subsection. The firm selected for the audit shall determine the extent to which the state investment board is operating consistently with the performance audit measures developed by the state auditor, acting together with the board, the legislative budget committee, the office of financial management, the state treasurer, and other state agencies, as appropriate. The audit measures shall incorporate appropriate institutional investment industry criteria for measuring management practices and operations. The firm shall recommend in its report any actions deemed appropriate that the board can take to operate more consistently with such measures. The cost of the performance audit conducted shall be paid by the board from nonappropriated investment earnings.

3. $486,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for staff and related costs to audit special education programs that exhibit unusual rates of growth, extraordinarily high costs, or other characteristics requiring attention of the state safety net committee. The auditor shall consult with
the superintendent of public instruction regarding training and other staffing assistance needed to provide expertise to the audit staff.

**Sec. 1007.** 1996 c 283 s 121 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)</td>
<td>$ 49,164,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)</td>
<td>$ (55,149,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 149,005,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
<td>$ (4,290,000)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation | $ 8,764,000
Waste Reduction, Recycling, and Litter Control Account Appropriation | $ 2,206,000
Washington Marketplace Program Account Appropriation | $ 150,000
Public Works Assistance Account Appropriation | $ 1,166,000
Building Code Council Account Appropriation | $ 1,289,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation | $ 1,776,000
Low-Income Weatherization Assistance Account Appropriation | $ 923,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation | $ 6,027,000
Manufactured Home Installation Training Account Appropriation | $ 250,000
Washington Housing Trust Account Appropriation | $ 7,986,000
Public Facility Construction Revolving Account Appropriation | $ 238,000
Solid Waste Management Account Appropriation | $ 700,000
Vehicle Tire Recycling Account Appropriation | $ 499,000
Growth Management Planning and Environmental Review Fund Appropriation | $ 3,000,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION | $ (293,582,000) |

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $6,065,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for a contract with the Washington technology center. For work essential to the mission of the Washington technology center and conducted in partnership with universities, the center shall not pay any increased indirect rate nor increases in other indirect charges above the absolute amount paid during the 1993-95 biennium.

2. $538,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1724 (growth management).

3. $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided to offset reductions in federal community services block grant funding for community action agencies. The department shall set aside $3,800,000 of federal community development block grant funds for distribution to local governments to allocate to community action agencies state-wide.

4. $8,915,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the drug control and system improvement formula grant program, to be distributed in state fiscal year 1996 as follows:
   a. $3,603,250 to local units of government to continue multijurisdictional drug task forces;
   b. $934,000 to the Washington state patrol for coordination, technical assistance, and investigative and supervisory staff support for multijurisdictional narcotics task forces;
   c. $456,000 to the department to continue the state-wide drug prosecution assistance program;
   d. $93,000 to the department to continue a substance-abuse treatment in jails program, to test the effect of treatment on future criminal behavior;
   e. $744,000 to the department to continue the youth violence prevention and intervention projects;
   f. $240,000 to the department for grants to support tribal law enforcement needs;
   g. $495,000 is provided to the Washington state patrol for a state-wide integrated narcotics system;
(h) $538,000 to the department for grant administration and program evaluation, monitoring, and reporting, pursuant to federal requirements;
   (i) $51,000 to the Washington state patrol for data collection;
   (j) $445,750 to the office of financial management for the criminal history records improvement program;
   (k) $42,000 to the department to support local services to victims of domestic violence;
   (l) $300,000 to the department of community, trade, and economic development for domestic violence legal advocacy;
   (m) $300,000 to the department of community, trade, and economic development for grants to provide a defender training program; and
   (n) $673,000 to the department of corrections for the expansion of correctional industries projects that place inmates in a realistic working and training environment.
   
(5) $8,699,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the drug control and system improvement formula grant program, to be distributed in state fiscal year 1997 as follows:
   
   (a) $3,600,000 to local units of government to continue multijurisdictional narcotics task forces;
   (b) $934,000 to the Washington state patrol for coordination, technical assistance, and investigative and supervisory support staff for multijurisdictional narcotics task forces;
   (c) $500,000 to the department to continue the state-wide drug prosecution assistance program in support of multijurisdictional narcotics task forces;
   (d) $450,000 to drug courts in eastern and western Washington;
   (e) $744,000 to the department to continue the youth violence prevention and intervention projects;
   (f) $93,000 to the department to continue a substance-abuse treatment in jails program to test the effect of treatment on future criminal behavior;
   (g) $42,000 to the department to provide training to local law enforcement officers, prosecutors, and domestic violence experts on domestic violence laws and procedures;
   (h) $300,000 to the department to support local services to victims of domestic violence;
   (i) $240,000 to the department for grants to support tribal law enforcement needs;
   (j) $300,000 to the department for grants to provide juvenile sentencing alternative training programs to defenders;
   (k) $560,000 to the department for grant administration, evaluation, monitoring, and reporting on Byrne grant programs, and the governor’s council on substance abuse;
   (l) $435,000 to the office of financial management for the criminal history records improvement program;
   (m) $51,000 to the Washington state patrol for data collection; and
   (n) $450,000 to the department of corrections for the expansion of correctional industries projects that place inmates in a realistic working and training environment.
   
If additional funds become available or if any funds remain unexpended for the drug control and system improvement formula grant program under this subsection, up to $95,000 additional may be used for the operation of the governor’s council on substance abuse, including implementation of the recommendations of the legislative budget committee report on drug and alcohol abuse programs.

(6) $3,960,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the office of crime victims’ advocacy.

(7) $216,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1010 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(8) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely as a grant for the community connections program in Walla Walla county.

(9) $30,000 of the Washington housing trust account appropriation is provided solely for the department to conduct an assessment of the per square foot cost associated with constructing or rehabilitating buildings financed by the housing trust fund for low-income housing. The department
may contract with specially trained teams to conduct this assessment. The department shall report to the legislature by December 31, 1995. The report shall include:

(a) The per square foot cost of each type of housing unit financed by the housing trust fund;
(b) An assessment of the factors that affect the per square foot cost;
(c) Recommendations for reducing the per square foot cost, if possible;
(d) Guidelines for housing costs per person assisted; and
(e) Other relevant information.

(10) $350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the retired senior volunteer program.

(11) $300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement House Bill No. 1687 (court-appointed special advocates). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(12) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the purpose of a feasibility study of the infrastructure, logistical, and informational needs for the region involving Washington, Oregon, and British Columbia to host the summer Olympic Games in the year 2004 or 2008. The feasibility study shall be conducted using the services of a nonprofit corporation currently pursuing and having shown progress toward this purpose. The amount provided in this subsection may be expended only to the extent that it is matched on a dollar-for-dollar basis by funds for the same purpose from nonstate sources.

(13) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely as a grant to a nonprofit organization for costs associated with development of the Columbia Breaks Fire Interpretive Center.

(14) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the Pierce county long-term care ombudsman program.

(15) $60,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the Pacific Northwest economic region.

(16) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for distribution to the city of Burien for analysis of the proposed Port of Seattle third runway including preparation of a draft environmental impact statement and other technical studies. The amount provided in this subsection shall not be expended directly or indirectly for litigation, public relations, or any form of consulting services for the purposes of opposing the construction of the proposed third runway.

(17) Not more than $458,000 of the general fund--state appropriation may be expended for the operation of the Pacific northwest export assistance project. The department will continue to implement a plan for assessing fees for services provided by the project. It is the intent of the legislature that the revenues raised to defray the expenditures of this program will be increased to fifty percent of the expenditures in fiscal year 1996 and seventy-five percent of the expenditures in fiscal year 1997. Beginning in fiscal year 1998, the legislature intends that this program will be fully self-supporting.

(18) $4,804,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for contracts with qualified legal aid programs for civil indigent legal representation pursuant to RCW 43.08.260. It is the intent of the legislature to ensure that legal aid programs receiving funds appropriated in this act pursuant to RCW 43.08.260 comply with all applicable restrictions on use of these funds. To this end, during the 1995-97 fiscal biennium the department shall monitor compliance with the authorizing legislation, shall oversee the implementation of this subsection, and shall report directly to the appropriations committee of the house of representatives and the ways and means committee of the senate.

(a) It is the intent of the legislature to improve communications between legal aid programs and persons affected by the activities of legal aid programs. There is established for the 1995-97 fiscal biennium a task force on agricultural interests/legal aid relations. The task force shall promote better understanding and cooperation between agricultural interests and legal aid programs and shall provide a forum for discussion of issues of common concern. The task force shall not involve itself in pending litigation.

(i) The task force shall consist of the following sixteen members: Four representatives of agricultural organizations, to be appointed by the legislator members; two individuals who represent the corresponding interests of legal clients, to be appointed by organizations designated by the three
legal services programs; two representatives of Evergreen Legal Services, to be appointed by its board of directors; one representative each from Puget Sound Legal Assistance Foundation and Spokane Legal Services Center, each to be appointed by its directors; one member from each of the majority and minority caucuses of the house of representatives, to be appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives; one member from each of the majority and minority caucuses of the senate, to be appointed by the president of the senate; and two members of the supreme court-appointed access to justice board, to be appointed by the board. During fiscal year 1996, the task force shall be chaired by a legislative member, to be selected by the task force members. During fiscal year 1997, the committee shall be chaired by a nonlegislator member, to be selected by the task force members.

(ii) All costs associated with the meetings shall be borne by the individual task force members or by the organizations that the individuals represent. No task force member shall be eligible for reimbursement of expenses under RCW 43.03.050 or 43.03.060. Nothing in this subsection prevents the legal aid programs from using funds appropriated in this act to reimburse their representatives or the individuals representing legal clients.

(iii) The task force will meet at least four times during the first year of the biennium and as frequently as necessary thereafter at mutually agreed upon times and locations. Any member of the task force may place items on meeting agendas. Members present at the first two task force meetings shall agree upon a format for subsequent meetings.

(b) The legislature recognizes that farmworkers have the right to receive basic information and to consult with attorneys at farm labor camps without fear of intimidation or retaliation. It is the intent of the legislature and in the interest of the public to ensure the safety of all persons affected by legal aid programs’ farm labor camp outreach activities. Legal aid program employees have the legal right to enter the common areas of a labor camp or to request permission of employees to enter their dwellings. Employees living in grower supplied housing have the right to refuse entry to anyone including attorneys unless they have a warrant. Individual employees living in employer supplied housing do not have the right to force legal aid program employees to leave common areas of housing (outside) as long as one person who resides in the associated dwellings wants that person to be there. Any legal aid program employee wishing to visit employees housed on grower property has the right to enter the driveway commonly used by the housing occupants. This means that if agricultural employees must use a grower’s personal driveway to get to their housing, legal aid program employees also may use that driveway to access the housing without a warrant so long as at least some of the housing is occupied. When conducting outreach activities that involve entry onto labor camps, legal aid programs shall establish and abide by policies regarding conduct of outreach activities. The policies shall include a requirement that legal aid program employees identify themselves to persons whom they encounter at farm labor camps. The legal aid programs shall provide copies of their current outreach policies to known agricultural organizations and shall provide copies upon request to any owner of property on which farmworkers are housed. Legal aid program employees involved in outreach activities shall attempt to inform operators of licensed farm labor camps or their agents, and known grower organizations of the approximate time frame for outreach activities and shall cooperate with operators of farm labor camps at which farmworkers are housed in assuring compliance with all pertinent laws and ordinances, including those related to trespass and harassment. Employers who believe that Evergreen Legal Services Outreach Guidelines have been violated shall promptly provide all available information on the alleged violation to the director of Evergreen Legal Services and to the chair of the Task Force on Agricultural Interests/Legal Aid Relations. Evergreen Legal Services will promptly investigate any alleged violations of the outreach guidelines and inform the complaining party of the result. If the resolution of the investigation is not satisfactory to the complainant, the matter shall be placed on the Task Force agenda for discussion at the next scheduled meeting. Employers who believe that Evergreen Legal Services staff members have trespassed should immediately contact local law enforcement authorities.

(c) It is the intent of the legislature to provide the greatest amount of legal services to the largest number of clients by discouraging inefficient use of state funding for indigent legal representation. To this end, it is the intent of the legislature that, prior to the commencement of litigation against any private employer relating to the terms and conditions of employment legal aid programs receiving funds appropriated in this act make good faith written demand for the requested
relief, a good faith offer of settlement or an offer to submit to nonbinding arbitration prior to filing a lawsuit, unless the making of the offer is, in the opinion of the director of the legal services program or his/her designee, clearly prejudicial to: (i) The health, safety, or security of the client; or (ii) the timely availability of judicial relief. The director of the legal aid program may designate not more than two persons for purposes of making the determination of prejudice permitted by this section.

(d)(i) The legislature encourages legal aid programs to devote their state and nonstate funding to the basic, daily legal needs of indigent persons. No funds appropriated under this act may be used for legal representation and activities outside the scope of RCW 43.08.260.

(ii) No funds appropriated in this act may be used for lobbying as defined in RCW 43.08.260(3). Legal aid programs receiving funds appropriated in this act shall comply with all restrictions on lobbying contained in Federal Legal Services Corporation Act (P.L. 99-951) and regulations promulgated thereunder.

(e) No funds appropriated in this act may be used by legal aid programs for representation of undocumented aliens.

(f) The legislature recognizes the duty of legal aid programs to preserve inviolate and prevent the disclosure of, in the absence of knowing and voluntary client consent, client information protected by the United States Constitution, the Washington Constitution, the attorney-client privilege, or any applicable attorney rule of professional conduct. However, to the extent permitted by applicable law, legal aid programs receiving funds appropriated in this act shall, upon request, provide information on their activities to the department and to legislators for purposes of monitoring compliance with authorizing legislation and this subsection.

(g) Nothing in this subsection is intended to limit the authority of existing entities, including but not limited to the Washington state bar association, the public disclosure commission, and the Federal Legal Services Corporation, to resolve complaints or disputes within their jurisdiction.

(19) $839,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for energy-related functions transferred by Fourth Substitute House Bill No. 2009 (state energy office). Of this amount:

(a) $379,000 is provided solely for expenses related to vacation leave buyout and unemployment payments resulting from the closure of the state energy office;

(b) $44,000 is provided solely for extended insurance benefits for employees separated as a result of Fourth Substitute House Bill No. 2009. An eligible employee may receive a state subsidy of $150 per month toward his or her insurance benefits purchased under the federal consolidated omnibus budget reconciliation act (COBRA) for a period not to exceed one year from the date of separation;

(c) $120,000 is provided solely for costs of closing out the financial reporting systems and contract obligations of the state energy office, and to connect the department’s wide area network to workstations in the energy office building; and

(d) $296,000 is provided to match oil surcharge funding for energy policy and planning staff.

(20) $2,614,000 of the general fund--private/local appropriation is provided solely to operate the energy facility site evaluation council.

(21) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to increase state matching funds for the federal headstart program.

(22) $2,000,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely to develop and operate housing for low-income farmworkers. The housing assistance program shall administer the funds in accordance with chapter 43.185 RCW. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall work in cooperation with the department of health, the department of labor and industries, and the department of social and health services to review proposals and make recommendations to the funding approval board that oversees the distribution of housing assistance program funds. An advisory group representing growers, farmworkers, and other interested parties shall be formed to assist the interagency workgroup.

(23) $1,865,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the delivery of services to victims of sexual assault as provided for by Substitute House Bill No. 2579 (sexual abuse victims). The department shall establish an interagency agreement with the department of social and health services for the transfer of funds made available under the federal victims of crime act for the purposes of implementing Substitute House Bill No. 2579. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996,
the requirements of this subsection shall be null and void and the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(24) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the tourism development program.

((26)) (25) $3,862,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to increase the number of children served through the early childhood education and assistance program. These funds shall be used to serve children that are on waiting lists to enroll in the federal Headstart program or the state early childhood education and assistance program.

((27)) (26) $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for a grant to the city of Burien to study the feasibility of purchasing property within the city for park purposes.

((28)) (27) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for Washington state dues for the Pacific Northwest Economic Region (PNWER) and to support the PNWER CATALIST program.

(28) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 is provided solely for the state of Washington's contribution to the construction of a women veterans memorial in Washington, D.C.

Sec. 1008. 1996 c 283 s 124 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 9,282,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ 9,588,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $(12,432,000)

General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 720,000
Health Services Account Appropriation  $ 330,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation  $ 200,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $(32,552,000)  13,865,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely as the state's share of funding for the "Americorps" youth employment program.

(2) By December 20, 1996, the office of financial management shall report to the government operations and fiscal committees of the legislature on the implementation of chapter 40.07 RCW, relating to the management and control of state publications. The report shall include recommendations concerning the use of alternative methods of distribution, including electronic publication, of agency reports and other publications and notices.

((3) $250,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for technical assistance to state agencies in the development of performance measurements pursuant to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6680. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.))

Sec. 1009. 1996 c 283 s 132 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION SERVICES

K-20 Technology Account Appropriation  $ 27,000,000
State Building Construction Account Appropriation  $ 15,300,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $(54,300,000)  42,300,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriations in this section shall be expended in accordance with Senate Bill No. 6705 (higher education technology plan).
(2) $((27,000,000)) 37,678,000 is appropriated from the general fund for deposit in the K-20 technology account for the purposes of this section.

(3) $1,500,000 is appropriated from the general fund for deposit in the education and technology revolving fund for the purposes of capitalizing the revolving fund established in Senate Bill No. 6004 or House Bill No. 2197.

(4) Expenditures of the funds from the state building construction account appropriation may be made only for capital purposes. Acquisitions made from these funds shall meet the criteria of bondability guidelines published by the office of financial management in the capital budget instruction manual. Any moneys remaining unexpended from the state building construction account appropriation on June 30, 1997, shall be deposited in the K-20 technology account.

(5) If Senate Bill No. 6705 is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the appropriations in this section shall lapse.

Sec. 1010. 1996 c 283 s 133 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE LIQUOR CONTROL BOARD
Liquor Revolving Account Appropriation $ ((113,604,000))
Liquor Control Board Construction and Maintenance Account Appropriation $ 534,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 114,138,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations: $143,000 of the liquor control revolving account appropriation for administrative expenses is provided solely for implementation of House Bill No. 2341 (credit card sales pilot program). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, this amount shall lapse.

Sec. 1011. 1996 c 283 s 135 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 7,594,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((7,597,000))
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ ((429,215,000))
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 237,000
Enhanced 911 Account Appropriation $ 26,781,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $ 34,000
Flood Control Assistance Account Appropriation $ ((23,181,000))
Disaster Response Account--State Appropriation $ 3,226,000
Disaster Response Account--Federal Appropriation $ 18,871,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((194,639,000))

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $205,238 of the total appropriation is provided solely to pay loan obligations on the energy partnership contract number 90-07-01. This obligation includes unpaid installments from September 1993 through June 1997. This amount may be reduced by any payments made in the 1993-95 Biennium on installments made in the 1993-95 Biennium on installments due between September 1993 and June 1995.

(2) $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the north county emergency medical service.

(3) $((23,181,000)) 20,181,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation is provided solely for state and local response and recovery cost associated with federal emergency management agency (FEMA) Disaster Number 1079 (November/December 1995 storms), FEMA Disaster 1100, (February 1996 floods), and for prior biennia disaster recovery costs. (Of this amount,
$1,078,000 is for prior disasters, $3,618,000 is for the November/December 1995 storms, and $18,485,000 is for the February 1996 floods.)

(4) $3,226,000 of the disaster response account--state appropriation is provided solely for the state share of response and recovery costs associated with federal emergency management agency (FEMA) disaster number 1152 (November 1996 ice storm), FEMA disaster 1159 (December 1996 holiday storm), and FEMA 1172 (March 1997 floods).

(5) $18,006,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 is provided solely for deposit in the disaster response account to cover costs associated with natural disasters sustained in the 1995-97 biennium.

Sec. 1012. 1995 2nd sp. s. c 18 s 145 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE INSURANCE COMMISSIONER

General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ ((404,000))  141,000
Insurance Commissioner’s Regulatory Account Appropriation  $ ((20,126,000))  20,194,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ ((20,230,000))  20,335,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The insurance commissioner shall obtain the approval of the department of information services for any feasibility plan for proposed technology improvements.
(2) $895,000 of the insurance commissioner’s regulatory account appropriation is provided solely for implementing Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1010 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

PART XI
HUMAN SERVICES

Sec. 1101. 1996 c 283 s 201 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES. (1) Appropriations made in this act to the department of social and health services shall initially be allotted as required by this act. Subsequent allotment modifications shall not include transfers of moneys between sections of this act except as expressly provided in this act, nor shall allotment modifications permit moneys that are provided solely for a specified purpose to be used for other than that purpose.
(2) The department of social and health services shall not initiate any services that will require expenditure of state general fund moneys unless expressly authorized in this act or other law. The department may seek, receive, and spend, under RCW 43.79.260 through 43.79.282, federal moneys not anticipated in this act as long as the federal funding does not require expenditure of state moneys for the program in excess of amounts anticipated in this act. If the department receives unanticipated unrestricted federal moneys, those moneys shall be spent for services authorized in this act or in any other legislation providing appropriation authority, and an equal amount of appropriated state general fund moneys shall lapse. Upon the lapsing of any moneys under this subsection, the office of financial management shall notify the legislative fiscal committees. As used in this subsection, "unrestricted federal moneys" includes block grants and other funds that federal law does not require to be spent on specifically defined projects or matched on a formula basis by state funds.
(3) The appropriations in sections 202 through ((214)) 213 of chapter 18, Laws of 1995 2nd sp. sess. as amended, shall be expended for the programs and in the amounts listed in those sections. However, after May 1, (1996) 1997, unless specifically prohibited by this act, the department may transfer (general fund--state appropriations for fiscal year 1996) moneys among programs after approval by the director of financial management. The director of financial management shall notify the appropriate fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives in writing prior to approving any deviations from the appropriation levels.
The department shall use up to $4,987,000 by which general fund—state expenditures are below allotted levels to replace federal social service block grant funds during fiscal year 1996.

Sec. 1102. 1996 c 283 s 202 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 146,537,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (173,376,000)

180,159,000

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ (272,379,000)

274,431,000

General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 400,000

Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 5,719,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (598,411,000)

607,246,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $1,660,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1996 and $10,086,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the modification of the case and management information system (CAMIS). Authority to expend these funds is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.

(2) $1,524,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement the division's responsibilities under Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5439 (nonoffender at-risk youth). Of this amount:
   (a) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided in fiscal year 1996 to develop a plan for children at risk. The department shall work with a variety of service providers and community representatives, including the community public health and safety networks, and shall present the plan to the legislature and the governor by December 1, 1995. The plan shall contain a strategy for the development of an intensive treatment system with outcome-based information on the level of services that are achievable under an annual appropriation of $5,000,000, $7,000,000, and $9,000,000; address the issue of chronic runaways; and determine caseload impacts.
   (b) $219,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided in fiscal year 1996 and $678,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided in fiscal year 1997 for crisis residential center training and administrative duties and secure crisis residential center contracts.
   (c) $266,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for the multidisciplinary teams and $211,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided in fiscal year 1997 for family reconciliation services.
   (d) The state may enter into agreements with the counties to provide residential and treatment services to runaway youth at a rate of reimbursement to be negotiated by the state and county.

(3) $1,997,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation and $8,421,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the operation of the family policy council, the community public health and safety networks, and delivery of services authorized under the federal family preservation and support act. Of these amounts:
   (a) $1,060,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided solely for distribution to the community public health and safety networks for planning in fiscal year 1996.
   (b) $937,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided for staff in the children and family services division of the department of social and health services to support family policy council activities. The family policy council is directed to provide training, design, technical assistance, consultation, and direct service dollars to the networks. Of this amount, $300,000 is provided for the evaluation activities outlined in RCW 70.190.050, to be conducted exclusively by the Washington state institute for public policy. To the extent that private funds can be raised for the evaluation activities, the state funding may be retained by the department to support the family policy council activities.
(c) $8,421,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for the delivery of services authorized by the federal family preservation and support act.

(4) $2,575,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5885 (family preservation services). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse. Of this amount:
   (a) $75,000 is provided in fiscal year 1996 to develop an implementation and evaluation plan for providing intensive family preservation services and family preservation services. The department shall present the plan to the legislature and the governor no later than December 1, 1995. The plan shall contain outcome based information on the level of services that are achievable under an annual appropriation of $3,000,000, $5,000,000, and $7,000,000; and
   (b) $2,500,000 is provided in fiscal year 1997 for additional family preservation services based upon the report.

(5) $4,646,000 of the general fund--state is provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted social services providers. It is the legislature's intent that these funds shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

(6) $2,672,000 of the general fund--state is provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted social services child care providers. It is the legislature's intent that these funds shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

(7) $854,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation and $300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation are provided solely to contract for the operation of one pediatric interim care facility. The facility shall provide residential care for up to twelve children through two years of age. Seventy-five percent of the children served by the facility must be in need of special care as a result of substance abuse by their mothers. The facility also shall provide on-site training to biological, adoptive, or foster parents. The facility shall provide at least three months of consultation and support to parents accepting placement of children from the facility. The facility may recruit new and current foster and adoptive parents for infants served by the facility. The department shall not require case management as a condition of the contract.

(8) $700,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $262,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation are provided solely for up to three nonfacility-based programs for the training, consultation, support, and recruitment of biological, foster, and adoptive parents of children through age three in need of special care as a result of substance abuse by their mothers, except that each program may serve up to three medically fragile nonsubstance-abuse-affected children. In selecting nonfacility-based programs, preference shall be given to programs whose federal or private funding sources have expired or have successfully performed under the existing pediatric interim care program.

(9) $5,613,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for implementation of chapter 312, Laws of 1995 and Second Substitute House Bill No. 2217 (at-risk youth). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse. Of this amount:
   (a) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for court-ordered secure treatment of at-risk youth as provided for in section 3 of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2217 (at-risk youth);
   (b) $573,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for increased family reconciliation services;
   (c) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for therapeutic child care;
   (d) $2,300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the juvenile court administrators to process petitions for truancy, children in need of services, and at-risk youth;
   (e) $240,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for crisis residential center assessments of at-risk youth; and
   (f) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation shall be allocated to the superintendent of public instruction for competitive grants to assist the operation of community truancy boards established by school districts pursuant to RCW 28A.225.025.

(10) $2,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for implementation of chapter 311, Laws of 1995 (Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5885, services to families). Of this
amount, $1,000,000 is provided solely to expand the category of services titled "intensive family preservation services," and $1,000,000 is provided solely to create a new category of services titled "family preservation services."

(11) $327,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for transfer to the public health and safety networks. Each public health and safety network may receive up to $2,600 general fund--state and up to $2,500 general fund--federal per month for the purposes of infrastructure funding, including planning, network meeting support, fiscal agent payments, and liability insurance. Funding may be provided only after the network’s plan is submitted to the family policy council and only after the plan is approved.

(12) $4,941,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $4,941,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to increase the availability of employment child care to low-income families.

(13) Of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997, $16,766,000 is allocated for purposes consistent with the maintenance of effort requirements under the federal temporary assistance for needy families program established under P.L. 104-193.

Sec. 1103. 1996 c 283 s 203 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--JUVENILE REHABILITATION PROGRAM

(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 25,622,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((29,828,000)) 29,345,000

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ ((20,191,000))

General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ ((286,000))

Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ ((5,695,000)) 269,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((81,622,000)) 76,455,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) $650,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1996 and $650,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 are provided solely for operation of learning and life skills centers established pursuant to chapter 152, Laws of 1994.

(b) $1,379,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $134,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation are provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted social services providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these funds shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

(c) $2,350,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for an early intervention program to be administered at the county level. Funds shall be awarded on a competitive basis to counties which have submitted a plan for implementation of an early intervention program consistent with proven methodologies currently in place in the state. The juvenile rehabilitation administration shall develop criteria for evaluation of plans submitted and a timeline for awarding funding and shall assist counties in creating and submitting plans for evaluation.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 28,727,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((32,511,000)) 44,527,000

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ ((20,915,000))

General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ ((830,000)) 11,879,000

747,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ (10,894,000)

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (92,877,000)

9,202,000

95,082,000

(3) PROGRAM SUPPORT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 1,231,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (1,236,000)

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ (841,000)

Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 421,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 3,769,000

518,000

(4) SPECIAL PROJECTS
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 107,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 1,177,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 1,284,000

Sec. 1104. 1996 c 283 s 204 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--MENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM

(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES/REGIONAL SUPPORT NETWORKS
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 160,689,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (165,967,000)

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ (232,449,000)

General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 4,000,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ (19,517,000)

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (582,622,000)

608,152,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) $8,160,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $279,000 of the health services account appropriation are provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted social services providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these funds shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

(b) Regional support networks shall use portions of the general fund--state appropriation for implementation of working agreements with the vocational rehabilitation program which will maximize the use of federal funding for vocational programs.

(c) From the general fund--state appropriation in this section, the secretary of social and health services shall assure that regional support networks reimburse the aging and adult services program for the general fund--state cost of medicaid personal care services that are used by enrolled regional support network consumers by reason of their psychiatric disability. The secretary of social and health services shall convene representatives from the aging and adult services program, the mental health division, and the regional support networks to establish an equitable and efficient mechanism for accomplishing this reimbursement.

(d) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement the division’s responsibilities under Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5439 (nonoffender at-risk youth).

(e) At least 30 days prior to entering contracts that would capitate payments for voluntary psychiatric hospitalizations, the mental health division shall report the proposed capitation rates, and the assumptions and calculations by which they were established, to the budget and forecasting
divisions of the office of financial management, the appropriations committee of the house of representatives, and the ways and means committee of the senate.

(f) $2,474,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 and $2,526,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for medicare cross over payments. These amounts provide funding to implement the federal court order in *South Sound Radiologists v. Quasim*, C95-121WP (1996), which ruled that payments should be made at 50 percent of the medicare amount, regardless of medicaid limits. These payments shall be made by the state directly to service providers.

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)</th>
<th>$52,673,000</th>
<th>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)</th>
<th>$((56,293,000))</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$((419,325,000))</td>
<td>59,527,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
<td>$((39,130,000))</td>
<td>126,954,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$747,000</td>
<td>28,587,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$((268,168,000))</td>
<td>268,488,000</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) The mental health program at Western state hospital shall continue to utilize labor provided by the Tacoma prerelease program of the department of corrections.
(b) The state mental hospitals may use funds appropriated in this subsection to purchase goods and supplies through hospital group purchasing organizations, when it is cost-effective to do so.

(3) CIVIL COMMITMENT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996)</th>
<th>$3,470,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997)</td>
<td>$((3,533,000))</td>
<td>4,106,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$((7,003,000))</td>
<td>7,576,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(4) SPECIAL PROJECTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</th>
<th>$6,341,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)</td>
<td>$950,000</td>
<td>7,291,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$7,291,000</td>
<td>7,291,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The general fund--state appropriation in this section is provided solely for continued operation of the primary intervention program, in the school districts in which those projects previously operated, to the extent they continue to meet contract terms and performance standards.

(5) PROGRAM SUPPORT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)</th>
<th>$2,549,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)</td>
<td>$((2,544,000))</td>
<td>2,550,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$((4,511,000))</td>
<td>1,517,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</td>
<td>$((6,604,000))</td>
<td>6,616,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Sec. 1105. 1996 c 283 s 205 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES PROGRAM

(1) COMMUNITY SERVICES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)</th>
<th>$121,641,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)</td>
<td>$((126,500,000))</td>
<td>213,500,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ ((170,481,000))  129,191,000
Health Services Account Appropriation  $ ((4,679,000))  173,060,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ ((423,301,000))  4,879,000

(2) INSTITUTIONAL SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 62,152,000  62,691,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ ((62,291,000))

General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ ((440,652,000))

General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 9,100,000  140,252,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 274,195,000

(3) PROGRAM SUPPORT
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 2,964,000  3,170,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ ((3,000,000))

General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ ((940,000))  1,014,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ ((6,904,000))  7,148,000

(4) SPECIAL PROJECTS
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 7,878,000  1,015,000

(5) The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $6,569,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $19,000 of the health services account appropriation and $4,298,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted social services providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these funds shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.
(b) $1,447,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for employment or other day programs for eligible persons who complete a high school curriculum during the 1995-97 biennium.
(c) $500,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for fiscal year 1996 and $3,500,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for fiscal year 1997 for family support services for families who need but are currently unable to receive such services because of funding limitations. The fiscal year 1996 amount shall be prioritized for unserved families who have the most critical need for assistance. The fiscal year 1997 amount shall be distributed among unserved families according to priorities developed in consultation with organizations representing families of people with developmental disabilities.
(d) The secretary of social and health services shall investigate and by November 15, 1995, report to the appropriations committee of the house of representatives and the ways and means committee of the senate on the feasibility of obtaining a federal managed-care waiver under which growth which would otherwise occur in state and federal spending for the medicaid personal care and targeted case management programs is instead capitated and used to provide a flexible array of employment, day program, and in-home supports.
(e) $1,015,000 of the program support general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for distribution among the five regional deaf centers for services for the deaf and hard of hearing.
(f) $25,000 of the program support general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for a vendor rate increase in fiscal year 1997 for an organization specializing in the provision of case management and support services to persons with both deafness and blindness.
(6) $200,000 of the health services account appropriation and the associated general fund--federal match is provided solely for the enrollment in the basic health plan of home care workers below 200 percent of the federal poverty level who are employed through state contracts.

Sec. 1106. 1996 c 283 s 206 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--AGING AND ADULT SERVICES PROGRAM
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 378,972,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((385,377,000)) 377,103,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ ((773,530,000)) 763,686,000
Health Services Account--State Appropriation $ ((6,858,000)) 1,301,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((1,534,820,000)) 1,521,062,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $6,492,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted social services providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these funds shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.
(2) The department shall seek a federal plan amendment to increase the home maintenance needs allowance for unmarried COPES recipients only to 100 percent of the federal poverty level. No changes shall be implemented in COPES home maintenance needs allowances until the amendment has been approved.
(3) The secretary of social and health services shall transfer funds appropriated under section 207(2) of this act to this section for the purpose of integrating and streamlining programmatic and financial eligibility determination for long-term care services.
(4) A maximum of $2,603,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $2,670,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation for fiscal year 1996 and $5,339,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $5,380,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation for fiscal year 1997 are provided to fund the medicaid share of any prospective payment rate adjustments as may be necessary in accordance with RCW 74.46.460.
(5) The entire health services account appropriation and the associated general fund--federal match is provided solely for the enrollment in the basic health plan of home care workers below 200 percent of the federal poverty level who are employed through state contracts. Enrollment for workers with family incomes at or above 200 percent of poverty shall be covered with general fund--state and matching general fund--federal revenues that have previously been appropriated for health benefits coverage, to the extent that these funds have not been contractually obligated prior to March 1, 1996, for worker wage increases.
(6) By November 1, 1996, the department of social and health services and the health care authority shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on (a) the extent, if any, to which previously appropriated general fund--state and matching general fund--federal funds are insufficient to provide basic health plan enrollment coverage for homecare workers above 200 percent of the federal poverty level; and (b) recommended procedural and, if necessary, statutory changes needed to minimize the administrative costs and complexity of basic health plan enrollment by employer groups.
(7) $126,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 is provided solely for adult day health services for persons with AIDS. These services shall be provided through a state-only program by a single agency specializing in long-term care for persons with AIDS.
(8) $403,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1996 and $698,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 are provided solely to reimburse the medical assistance administration for medicaid services used by persons not previously eligible for medical assistance services who become so as a result of transferring from the chore services to the COPES program.
 Sec. 1107. 1996 c 283 s 207 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ECONOMIC SERVICES PROGRAM

(1) GRANTS AND SERVICES TO CLIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>FY 1996</th>
<th>FY 1997</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$379,619,000</td>
<td>$(389,585,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$(636,859,000)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Services Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$750,000</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $1,370,070,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) Payment levels in the programs for aid to families with dependent children, general assistance, and refugee assistance shall contain an energy allowance to offset the costs of energy. The allowance shall be excluded from consideration as income for the purpose of determining eligibility and benefit levels of the food stamp program to the maximum extent such exclusion is authorized under federal law and RCW 74.08.046. To this end, up to $300,000,000 of the income assistance payments is so designated for exemptions of the following amounts:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Family size</th>
<th>Exemption</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>$55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>117</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>133</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7 or more</td>
<td>154</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) $18,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1996 and $37,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 are provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted social services providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these funds shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

The department shall report to the fiscal committees of the legislature no later than December 20, 1995, concerning the number and dollar value of contracts for services provided as part of the job opportunities and basic skills program. This report shall indicate the criteria used in the choice of state agencies or private entities for a particular contract, the total value of contracts with...
state agencies, and the total value of contracts with private entities. The report shall also indicate what, if any, performance criteria are included in job opportunities and basic skills program contracts.

(c) The department shall:

(i) Coordinate with other state agencies, including but not limited to the employment security department, to ensure that persons receiving federal or state funds are eligible in terms of citizenship and residency status; and

(ii) Systematically use all processes available to verify eligibility in terms of the citizenship and residency status of applicants and recipients for public assistance.

Sec. 1108. 1996 c 283 s 208 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM

| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) | $ 8,199,000 |
| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) | $(41,990,000) |
| General Fund--Federal Appropriation | $(77,594,000) |
| Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation | $ 71,900,000 |
| Health Services Account Appropriation | $ 969,000 |
| **TOTAL APPROPRIATION** | $(170,652,000) |

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $9,544,000 of the total appropriation is provided solely for the grant programs for school districts and educational service districts set forth in RCW 28A.170 through 28A.170.080, including state support activities, as administered through the office of the superintendent of public instruction.

2. $400,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely to implement Second Substitute Senate bill No. 5688 (fetal alcohol syndrome). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

3. $502,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $435,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation for fiscal year 1996 and $1,015,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $1,023,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation for fiscal year 1997 are provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted and subcontract social services providers. It is the legislature’s intent that these funds shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in direct, front-line service delivery.

4. $552,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement the division’s responsibilities under Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5439 (nonoffender at-risk youth).

5. $1,387,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $363,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for detoxification and stabilization services, inpatient treatment, and recovery house treatment for at-risk youth. If Second Substitute House Bill No. 2217 (at-risk youth) is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

6. $1,902,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $796,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for alcohol and substance abuse assessment, treatment, and child care services for clients of the division of children and family services. Assessment shall be provided by approved chemical dependency treatment programs as requested by child protective services personnel in the division of children and family services. Treatment shall be outpatient treatment for parents of children who are under investigation by the division of children and family services. Child care shall be provided as deemed necessary by the division of children and family services while parents requiring alcohol and substance abuse treatment are attending treatment programs.

Sec. 1109. 1996 c 283 s 209 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
### FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Appropriation</th>
<th>FY 1996</th>
<th>FY 1997</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$669,448,000</td>
<td>((658,055,000))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation</td>
<td>$669,448,000</td>
<td>((658,055,000))</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$(4,774,688,000)</td>
<td>1,782,340,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation</td>
<td>$(199,160,000)</td>
<td>202,067,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health Services Account Appropriation</td>
<td>$(207,272,000)</td>
<td>192,111,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL APPROPRIATION</strong></td>
<td>$(3,508,623,000)</td>
<td>3,514,406,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The department shall continue to make use of the special eligibility category created for children through age 18 and in households with incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level made eligible for medicaid as of July 1, 1994. The department shall also continue to provide consistent reporting on other medicaid children served through the basic health plan.
2. The department shall contract for the services of private debt collection agencies to maximize financial recoveries from third parties where it is not cost-effective for the state to seek the recovery directly.
3. It is the intent of the legislature that Harborview medical center continue to be an economically viable component of the health care system and that the state's financial interest in Harborview medical center be recognized.
4. $3,682,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1996 and $7,844,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 are provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted medical services providers.
5(a) Pursuant to RCW 74.09.700, the medically needy program shall be limited to include only the following groups: Those persons who, except for income and resources, would be eligible for the medicaid categorically needy aged, blind, or disabled programs and medically needy persons under age 21 or over age 65 in institutions for mental diseases or in intermediate care facilities for the mentally retarded. Existing departmental rules concerning income, resources, and other aspects of eligibility for the medically needy program shall continue to apply to these groups. The medically needy program will not provide coverage for caretaker relatives of medicaid-eligible children or for adults in families with dependent children who, except for income and resources, would be eligible for the medicaid categorically needy aid to families with dependent children program.
   (b) Notwithstanding (a) of this subsection, the medically needy program shall provide coverage until December 31, 1995, to those persons who, except for income and resources, would be eligible for the medicaid aid to families with dependent children program.
6. These appropriations may not be used for any purpose related to a supplemental discount drug program or agreement created under WAC 388-91-007 and 388-91-010.
7. Funding is provided in this section for the adult dental program for Title XIX categorically eligible and medically needy persons and to provide foot care services by podiatric physicians and surgeons.
8. $160,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $160,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the prenatal triage clearinghouse to provide access and outreach to reduce infant mortality.
9. $3,128,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for treatment of low-income kidney dialysis patients.
10. Funding is provided in this section to fund payment of insurance premiums for persons with human immunodeficiency virus who are not eligible for medicaid.
11. Not more than $11,410,000 of the general fund--state appropriation during fiscal year 1996 and $11,410,000 of the health services account appropriation during fiscal year 1997 may be
expended for the purposes of operating the medically indigent program. Funding is provided solely for emergency transportation and acute emergency hospital services, including emergency room physician services and related inpatient hospital physician services. In any twelve-month period, funding for such services is to be provided to an eligible individual for a maximum of three months following a hospital admission and only after $2,000 of emergency medical expenses have been incurred.

(12) $21,525,000 of the health services account appropriation and $21,031,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to increase access to dental services and to increase the use of preventative dental services for title XIX categorically eligible children.

(13) After considering administrative and cost factors, the department shall adopt measures to realize savings in the purchase of prescription drugs, hearing aids, home health services, wheelchairs and other durable medical equipment, and disposable supplies. Such measures may include, but not be limited to, point-of-sale pharmacy adjudication systems, modification of reimbursement methodologies or payment schedules, selective contracting, and inclusion of such services in managed care rates.

(14) As part of the long-term care reforms contained in Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1908, after receiving acute inpatient hospital care, eligible clients shall be transferred from the high cost institutional setting to the least restrictive, least costly, and most appropriate facility as soon as medically reasonable. Physical medicine and rehabilitation services (acute rehabilitation) shall take place in the least restrictive environment, at the least cost and in the most appropriate facility as determined by the department in coordination with appropriate health care professionals and facilities. Facilities providing physical medicine and rehabilitation services must meet the quality care certification standards required of acute rehabilitation hospitals and rehabilitation units of hospitals.

(15) The department is authorized to provide no more than five chiropractic service visits per person per year for those eligible recipients with acute conditions.

(16) The department shall achieve an actual reduction in the per capita rates paid to managed care plans in calendar year 1997 by taking actions including but not limited to the following: (a) Selectively contracting with only those managed care plans in a given geographic area that offer the lowest price, while meeting specified standards of service quality and network adequacy; (b) revising program procedures, through a federal waiver if necessary, so that recipients are required to enroll in only one managed care plan during a contract period, except for documented good cause; and (c) disproportionately assigning recipients who do not designate a plan preference to plans offering more competitive rates.

(17) By July 1, 1996, the department shall report to the committees on health care and appropriations of the house of representatives, and to the committees on health and long-term care and ways and means of the senate, on the projected costs and benefits of (a) alternative point-of-service copay requirements for recipients with incomes at various percentages of the federal poverty level; and (b) alternative premium-sharing requirements for recipients with incomes at or above 100 percent of the federal poverty level.

(18) $4,600,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to compensate designated trauma centers for trauma services provided to medically indigent and general assistance clients who have an index of severity score of 16 or higher. Such compensation is to be provided (a) through reimbursement at the medicaid rate; or (b) through a direct payment to governmental hospitals. To be eligible for this higher compensation, the trauma center must (i) be designated a Level I through V trauma center by the department of health; (ii) provide complete trauma care data to the trauma care registry in accordance with WAC 246-976-430; (iii) establish an internal quality assurance trauma program that complies with WAC 246-976-880; and (iv) encourage and assist medically indigent and charity care patients to enroll in the basic health plan.

Sec. 1110. 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 210 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION PROGRAM

| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) | $ 7,741,000 |
| General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) | $(7,846,000) |

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $(23,180,000)
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 2,904,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ (91,671,000)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $39,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to increase payment rates to contracted social services providers. It is the legislature's intent that these funds shall be used primarily to increase compensation for persons employed in the direct delivery of service to clients.

(2) The division of vocational rehabilitation shall negotiate cooperative interagency agreements with local organizations, including higher education institutions, mental health regional support networks, and county developmental disabilities programs to improve and expand employment opportunities for people with severe disabilities served by those local agencies.

(3) $310,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $1,144,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for vocational rehabilitation services for individuals with developmental disabilities who complete a high school curriculum during the 1995-97 biennium.

Sec. 1111. 1996 c 283 s 210 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORTING SERVICES PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 25,933,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ (25,934,000)

General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ (41,503,000)

General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 270,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ (93,640,000)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The secretary of social and health services and the director of labor and industries shall report to the appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the legislature by July 1, 1995, and every six months thereafter, on the measurable changes in employee injury and time-loss rates that have occurred in the state developmental disabilities, juvenile rehabilitation, and mental health institutions as a result of the upfront loss-control discount agreement between the agencies.

(2) $500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $300,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1010 (regulatory reform). The department may transfer all or a portion of these amounts to the appropriate divisions of the department for this purpose. If Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1010 (regulatory reform) is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) By December 1, 1996, the department of personnel and the department of social and health services shall jointly report to the legislature on strategies for increasing, within existing funds, supported employment opportunities in state government for persons with developmental and other substantial and chronic disabilities. In developing the report, the departments shall consult with employee representatives, organizations involved in job training and placement for persons with severe disabilities, and other state and local governments that have successfully offered supported employment opportunities for their citizens with disabilities.

Sec. 1112. 1996 c 283 s 211 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--CHILD SUPPORT PROGRAM

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 19,019,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ (18,820,000)

19,297,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ (139,220,000)  140,206,000
General Fund--Local Appropriation  $ (32,289,000)  32,563,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ (209,509,000)  211,085,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The department shall contract with private collection agencies to pursue collection of AFDC child support arrearages in cases that might otherwise consume a disproportionate share of the department’s collection efforts. The department’s child support collection staff shall determine which cases are appropriate for referral to private collection agencies. In determining appropriate contract provisions, the department shall consult with other states that have successfully contracted with private collection agencies to the extent allowed by federal support enforcement regulations.
(2) The department shall request a waiver from federal support enforcement regulations to replace the current program audit criteria, which is process-based, with performance measures based on program outcomes.
(3) The amounts appropriated in this section for child support legal services shall only be expended by means of contracts with local prosecutor’s offices.

Sec. 1113. 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 213 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES--PAYMENTS TO OTHER AGENCIES PROGRAM
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 21,112,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ (20,668,000)  22,118,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 16,281,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ (58,061,000)  59,511,000

Sec. 1114. 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 s 214 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE HEALTH CARE POLICY BOARD
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 110,000
Health Services Account Appropriation  $ (4,229,000)  3,913,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ (4,339,000)  4,023,000

Sec. 1115. 1996 c 283 s 212 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE HEALTH CARE AUTHORITY
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 3,403,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ 3,403,000
State Health Care Authority Administrative Account Appropriation $ 15,744,000
Health Services Account Appropriation  $ (247,010,000)  243,010,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ (269,560,000)  265,560,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $6,806,000 of the general fund appropriation and $5,590,000 of the health services account appropriation are provided solely for health care services provided through local community clinics.
(2) $1,189,000 of the health care authority administrative fund appropriation is provided to accommodate additional enrollment from school districts that voluntarily choose to purchase employee benefits through public employee benefits board programs. The office of financial management is
directed to monitor K-12 enrollment in PEBB plans and to reduce allotments proportionally if the number of K-12 active employees enrolled after January 1995 is less than 11,837.

(3) By November 1, 1996, the health care authority shall report to the health care and fiscal committees of the legislature on potential program adjustments to the basic health plan to achieve reductions in anticipated health services account expenditures. Options addressed in the report shall include, but not be limited to: (a) Reductions in the maximum income eligibility level; (b) changes in the premium subsidy schedule; (c) increasing required copayments; and (d) reducing the number of contracting health plans. For each option, the report shall describe anticipated 1997-99 savings from the proposed change, and the potential impact on health insurance access and health status.

(4) The state health care authority administrative account appropriation includes sufficient funds to study options for expanding state and school district retiree access to health benefits purchased through the health care authority and the fiscal impacts of each option. The health care authority shall conduct this study in conjunction with the state actuary, the office of financial management, and the fiscal committees of the legislature.

(5) $79,000 of the state health care authority administrative account appropriation is provided to implement Substitute House Bill No. 2186 (public employees long-term care).

(6) By November 1, 1996, the department of social and health services and the health care authority shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on (a) the extent, if any, to which previously appropriated general fund--state and matching general fund--federal funds are insufficient to provide basic health plan enrollment coverage for homecare workers at or above 200 percent of the federal poverty level; and (b) recommended procedural and, if necessary, statutory changes needed to minimize the administrative costs and complexity of basic health plan enrollment by employer groups.

(7) $219,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided for enhanced basic health plan subsidies for foster parents licensed under chapter 74.15 RCW. Under this enhanced subsidy option, foster parents with family incomes below 200 percent of the federal poverty level shall be allowed to enroll in the basic health plan at a cost of $10 per month per parent. The health care authority shall endeavor to provide this enhanced subsidy to a monthly average of 1,000 foster parents during state fiscal year 1997, and no more than 2,000 shall be enrolled by the end of the 1995-97 biennium.

Sec. 1116. 1996 c 283 s 214 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE TRAINING COMMISSION
Death Investigations Account Appropriation $ 38,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ ((11,036,000)) 11,572,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 344,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((11,418,000)) 11,954,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $28,000 of the public safety and education account is provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5219 (domestic violence). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(2) $45,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Second Substitute House Bill No. 2323 (law enforcement training). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) $27,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of the reporting requirements contained in section 6 of House Bill No. 2472. If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

Sec. 1117. 1996 c 283 s 215 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRIES
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 5,270,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ 5,711,000
Public Safety and Education Account--State Appropriation $ (19,990,000) 18,982,000
Public Safety and Education Account--Federal Appropriation $ (6,002,000) 7,024,000
Public Safety and Education Account--Private/Local Appropriation $ (972,000) 1,980,000
Electrical License Account Appropriation $ 20,125,000
Farm Labor Revolving Account--Private/Local Appropriation $ 28,000
Worker and Community Right-to-Know Account Appropriation $ 2,138,000
Public Works Administration Account Appropriation $ 1,928,000
Accident Account--State Appropriation $ (139,991,000) 139,240,000
Accident Account--Federal Appropriation $ (9,112,000) 9,924,000
Medical Aid Account--State Appropriation $ (150,284,000) 150,152,000
Medical Aid Account--Federal Appropriation $ (4,592,000) 1,734,000
Plumbing Certificate Account Appropriation $ 682,000
Pressure Systems Safety Account Appropriation $ 2,053,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (365,878,000) 366,971,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) Expenditures of funds appropriated in this section for the information systems projects identified in agency budget requests as "crime victims--prime migration" and "document imaging--field offices" are conditioned upon compliance with section 902 of this act. In addition, funds for the "document imaging--field offices" project shall not be released until the required components of a feasibility study are completed and approved by the department of information services.

(2) Pursuant to RCW 7.68.015, the department shall operate the crime victims compensation program within the public safety and education account funds appropriated in this section. In the event that cost containment measures are necessary, the department may (a) institute copayments for services; (b) develop preferred provider and managed care contracts; and (c) coordinate with the department of social and health services to use public safety and education account funds as matching funds for federal Title XIX reimbursement, to the extent this maximizes total funds available for services to crime victims.

(3) $108,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for an interagency agreement to reimburse the board of industrial insurance appeals for crime victims appeals.

(4) The secretary of social and health services and the director of labor and industries shall report to the appropriate fiscal and policy committees of the legislature by July 1, 1995, and every six months thereafter, on the measurable changes in employee injury and time-loss rates that have occurred in the state developmental disabilities, juvenile rehabilitation, and mental health institutions as a result of the upfront loss-control discount agreement between the agencies.

(5) $450,000 of the accident account--state appropriation and $450,000 of the medical aid account--state appropriation are provided solely to implement an on-line claims data access system that will include all employers in the retrospective rating plan program.

(6) Within the appropriations provided in this section, the department shall implement an integrated state-wide on-line verification system for pharmacy providers. The system shall be implemented by means of contracts that are competitively bid. Until this system is implemented, no department rules may take effect that reduce the dispensing fee for industrial insurance pharmacy services in effect on January 1, 1995.

(7) $4,000 of the accident account--state appropriation and $4,000 of the medical aid--state appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Senate Bill No. 6223 or House Bill No. 2498 (construction trade procedures). If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1996, these amounts shall lapse.
(9) $38,000 of the accident account--state appropriation and $37,000 of the medical aid--state appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Senate Bill No. 6225 or House Bill No. 2499 (employer assessments). If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1996, these amounts shall lapse.

(10) $7,000 of the accident account--state appropriation and $6,000 of the medical aid--state appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Senate Bill No. 6224 or House Bill No. 2496 (disability pilot project). If neither bill is enacted by June 30, 1996, these amounts shall lapse.

(11) $443,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 2358 (crime victim and witness programs). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, these amounts shall lapse.

(12) $121,000 of the accident account--state appropriation and $121,000 of the medical aid account--state appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of House Bill No. 2322 (family farm exemptions). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(13) $271,000 of the accident account--state appropriation and $271,000 of the medical aid account--state appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5516 (drug free workplaces). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

Sec. 1118. 1996 c 283 s 216 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

(1) HEADQUARTERS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 1,227,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ $1,226,000
Industrial Insurance Refund Account Appropriation  $ 25,000
Charitable, Educational, Penal, and Reformatory Institutions Account Appropriation  $ 4,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 1,249,000

(2) FIELD SERVICES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 1,853,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ 2,257,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 381,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 85,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 4,576,000

(3) VETERANS HOME
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 3,893,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ 3,788,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 11,470,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 7,392,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 26,543,000

(4) SOLDIERS HOME
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 2,927,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ 2,825,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 5,975,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 5,312,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 17,039,000

Sec. 1119. 1996 c 283 s 217 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 44,328,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (44,639,000)
  General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ (234,275,000)
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 25,476,000
Hospital Commission Account Appropriation $ 3,019,000
Medical Disciplinary Account Appropriation $ 1,798,000
Health Professions Account Appropriation $ 32,964,000
Industrial Insurance Account Appropriation $ 62,000
Safe Drinking Water Account Appropriation $ 2,751,000
Public Health Services Account Appropriation $ 23,753,000
Waterworks Operator Certification Appropriation $ 605,000
Water Quality Account Appropriation $ 3,079,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 2,824,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 469,000
Medical Test Site Licensure Account Appropriation $ 1,822,000
Youth Tobacco Prevention Account Appropriation $ 1,412,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ (19,081,000)
State and Local Improvements Revolving Account—
  Water Supply Facilities Appropriation $ 40,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (442,397,000)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $2,466,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for the implementation of the Puget Sound water quality management plan.
(2) $10,000,000 of the public health services account appropriation is provided solely for distribution to local health departments for distribution on a per capita basis. Prior to distributing these funds, the department shall adopt rules and procedures to ensure that these funds are not used to replace current local support for public health programs.
(3) $4,750,000 of the public health account appropriation is provided solely for distribution to local health departments for capacity building and community assessment and mobilization.
(4) $2,000,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for public health information systems development. Authority to expend this amount is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.
(5) $1,000,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for state level capacity building.
(6) $1,000,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for training of public health professionals.
(7) $200,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for the American Indian health plan.
(8) $1,640,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for health care quality assurance and health care data standards activities as required by Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1589 (health care quality assurance).
(9) $1,000,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for development of a youth suicide prevention program at the state level, including a state-wide public educational campaign to increase knowledge of suicide risk and ability to respond and provision of twenty-four hour crisis hotlines, staffed to provide suicidal youth and caregivers a source of instant help.
(10) The department of health shall not initiate any services that will require expenditure of state general fund moneys unless expressly authorized in this act or other law. The department may seek, receive, and spend, under RCW 43.79.260 through 43.79.282, federal moneys not anticipated in
this act as long as the federal funding does not require expenditure of state moneys for the program in excess of amounts anticipated in this act. If the department receives unanticipated unrestricted federal moneys, those moneys shall be spent for services authorized in this act or in any other legislation that provides appropriation authority, and an equal amount of appropriated state moneys shall lapse. Upon the lapsing of any moneys under this subsection, the office of financial management shall notify the legislative fiscal committees. As used in this subsection, "unrestricted federal moneys" includes block grants and other funds that federal law does not require to be spent on specifically defined projects or matched on a formula basis by state funds.

(11) $981,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $469,000 of the general fund--private/local appropriation are provided solely for implementing Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1010 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(12) The department is authorized to raise existing fees for nursing assistants and hypnotherapists in excess of the fiscal growth factor established by Initiative 601, if necessary, in order to meet the actual costs of investigative and legal services due to disciplinary activities.

(13) $750,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for one-time costs for a health clinic for immigrants to be managed by a local public health entity.

(14) $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for implementing Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1908 (chapter 18, Laws of 1995 1st sp. sess., long-term care reform).

((47a)) (15)(a) Within available resources, the department of health may use any of the following strategies for raising public awareness on the causes and nature of osteoporosis, personal risk factors, value of prevention and early detection, and options for diagnosing and treating the disease:

(i) An outreach campaign utilizing print, radio, and television public service announcements, advertisements, posters, and other materials;

(ii) Community forums;

(iii) Health information and risk factor assessment at public events;

(iv) Targeting at-risk populations;

(v) Providing reliable information to policy makers;

(vi) Distributing information through county health departments, schools, area agencies on aging, employer wellness programs, physicians, hospitals and health maintenance organizations, women's groups, nonprofit organizations, community-based organizations, and departmental regional offices.

(b) The secretary of health may accept grants, services, and property from the federal government, foundations, organizations, medical schools, and other entities as may be available for the purposes of fulfilling the obligations of this program.

((48)) (16) $8,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for a study to be completed by the board of health on the current and potential use of telemedicine in the state, including recommended changes in rules and statutes. The study shall be completed by November 1, 1997, and a report submitted to the appropriate committees of the legislature.

(17) $1,273,000 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 is provided solely for the HIV/AIDS prescription drug program.

Sec. 1120. 1996 c 283 s 218 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

The appropriations in this section shall be expended for the programs and in the amounts listed. However, after May 1, (1996) 1997, unless specifically prohibited by this act, the department may transfer (general fund--state appropriations for fiscal year 1996) moneys among programs after approval by the director of financial management. The director of financial management shall notify the appropriate fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives in writing prior to approving any deviations from the appropriation levels.

(1) ADMINISTRATION AND PROGRAM SUPPORT

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996)  $12,255,000
The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) The department may expend funds generated by contractual agreements entered into for mitigation of severe overcrowding in local jails. If any funds are generated in excess of actual costs, they shall be deposited in the state general fund. Expenditures shall not exceed revenue generated by such agreements and shall be treated as recovery of costs.

(b) The department of corrections shall accomplish personnel reductions with the least possible impact on correctional custody staff, community custody staff, and correctional industries. For the purposes of this subsection, correctional custody staff means employees responsible for the direct supervision of offenders.

(c) Appropriations in this subsection provide sufficient funds to implement the provisions of Second Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill 2010 (corrections cost-efficiency and inmate responsibility omnibus act).

(d) In treating sex offenders at the Twin Rivers corrections center, the department of corrections shall prioritize treatment services to reduce recidivism and shall develop and implement an evaluation tool that: (i) States the purpose of the treatment; (ii) measures the amount of treatment provided; (iii) identifies the measure of success; and (iv) determines the level of successful and unsuccessful outcomes. The department shall report to the legislature by December 1, 1995, on how treatment services were prioritized among categories of offenses and provide a description of the evaluation tool and its incorporation into the treatment program.

(e) $121,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1997 appropriation is provided solely for the department to develop and implement a centralized educational data base (education automation project), pursuant to chapter 19, Laws of 1995 1st sp. sess.

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

((a)) $196,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1997 appropriation is provided solely for costs associated with data entry activities related to the department’s efforts at managing health care costs, pursuant to chapter 19, Laws of 1995 1st sp. sess. and chapter 6, Laws of 1994 sp. sess.

((b)) $17,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 2711 (illegal alien offender camps). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.)

(3) COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 78,843,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((80,290,000))

Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 400,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((159,533,000))

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(a) $72,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1997 appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Substitute House Bill No. 2533 (supervision of misdemeanants). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount shall lapse.

(b) $38,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1997 appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6274 (supervision of sex offenders). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(4) CORRECTIONAL INDUSTRIES

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 3,330,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ 3,603,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 6,933,000

The appropriations in this subsection are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
$100,000 of the general fund fiscal year 1997 appropriation is provided solely for transfer to the jail industries board. The board shall use the amount specified in this subsection only for administrative expenses, equipment purchases, and technical assistance associated with advising cities and counties in developing, promoting, and implementing consistent, safe, and efficient offender work programs.

(5) INTERAGENCY PAYMENTS

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 6,223,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ 6,223,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ 12,446,000

Sec. 1121. 1996 c 283 s 220 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE EMPLOYMENT SECURITY DEPARTMENT

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 834,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ 5,279,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 190,936,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $ 21,965,000
Unemployment Compensation Administration Account--Federal Appropriation $ 177,891,000
Administrative Contingency Account--State Appropriation $(8,735,000)

9,235,000

Employment Services Administrative Account--State Appropriation $ 12,294,000
Employment and Training Trust Account Appropriation $ 9,294,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (427,228,000)

427,728,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The employment security department shall spend no more than $25,049,511 of the unemployment compensation administration account--federal appropriation for the general unemployment insurance development effort (GUIDE) project, except that the department may exceed this amount by up to $2,600,000 to offset the cost associated with any vendor-caused delay. The additional spending limitation is further conditioned on the department seeking full recovery of these moneys from any vendors failing to perform in full. Authority to expend this amount is conditioned on compliance with section 902 of this act.

(2) The employment and training trust account appropriation shall not be expended until a plan for such expenditure is reviewed and approved by the workforce training and education coordinating board for consistency with chapter 226, Laws of 1993 (employment and training for unemployed workers), and the comprehensive plan for workforce training provided in RCW 28C.18.060(4).

(3) $95,000 of the employment services administrative account--federal appropriation is provided solely for a study of the financing provisions of the state's unemployment insurance law pursuant to Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5925.

(4) $500,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1996 appropriation and $4,945,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1997 appropriation are provided solely for the department to administer a comprehensive set of summer employment and training programs to disadvantaged youth. In administering this program, the department shall adhere to the following guidelines: (a) Coordinate with the work force training and education board and the service delivery areas in program
development and implementation; (b) maximize employment and training opportunities for youth, while at the same time minimize state fiscal resources required; (c) adhere to the state’s comprehensive plan for work force training; (d) support the state’s one-stop approach to service delivery; (e) maintain low administrative overhead; (f) support the school-to-work transition system; and (g) submit an evaluation of the program by February 1, 1997. The evaluation shall identify: (i) The number of participants in the program by service delivery area; (ii) demographic information on the participants; (iii) the benefits to clients participating in employment and training programs; and (iv) recommendations on the merits of continuing the program.

PART XII
NATURAL RESOURCES

Sec. 1201. 1996 c 283 s 301 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 22,289,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (21,409,000)
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 41,534,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 1,385,000
Special Grass Seed Burning Research Account Appropriation $ 42,000
Reclamation Revolving Account Appropriation $ 2,664,000
Flood Control Assistance Account Appropriation $ 10,031,000
State Emergency Water Projects Revolving Account Appropriation $ 312,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $(189,000)

Waste Reduction, Recycling, and Litter Control Account Appropriation $ 5,561,000
State and Local Improvements Revolving Account--Waste Disposal Appropriation $ 1,000,000
State and Local Improvements Revolving Account--
  Water Supply Facilities Appropriation $ 1,344,000
  Basic Data Account Appropriation $ 182,000
  Vehicle Tire Recycling Account Appropriation $ 5,759,000
  Water Quality Account Appropriation $ 3,583,000
  Worker and Community Right to Know Account Appropriation $ 408,000
  State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $(50,024,000)
  Local Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 3,842,000
  Water Quality Permit Account Appropriation $ 19,600,000
  Underground Storage Tank Account Appropriation $ 2,336,000
  Solid Waste Management Account Appropriation $ 3,631,000
  Hazardous Waste Assistance Account Appropriation $ 3,476,000
  Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation $(16,221,000)
  Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation $ 2,939,000
  Water Right Permit Processing Account Appropriation $ 750,000
  Wood Stove Education Account Appropriation $ 1,251,000
  Air Operating Permit Account Appropriation $(4,548,000)
  Freshwater Aquatic Weeds Account Appropriation $(2,047,000)
  Oil Spill Response Account Appropriation $ 7,060,000
  Metals Mining Account Appropriation $ 300,000
  Water Pollution Control Revolving Account--State Appropriation $(165,000)
  Water Pollution Control Revolving Account--Federal Appropriation $(4,419,000)

21,781,000
50,129,000
16,421,000
4,348,000
2,497,000
192,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $5,933,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound water quality management plan. In addition, $394,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation, $819,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation, $3,591,000 of the water quality permit fee account appropriation, and $2,715,000 of the oil spill administration account appropriation may be used for the implementation of the Puget Sound water quality management plan.

(2) $150,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation and $150,000 of the local toxics control account appropriation are provided solely for implementing Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1810 (hazardous substance cleanup). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) $581,000 of the general fund--state appropriation, $170,000 of the air operating permit account appropriation, $80,000 of the water quality permit account appropriation, and $63,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation are provided solely for implementing Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1010 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(4) $2,000,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation is provided solely for the following purposes:

   (a) To conduct remedial actions for sites for which there are no potentially liable persons or for which potentially liable persons cannot be found;
   (b) To provide funding to assist potentially liable persons under RCW 70.105D.070(2)(d)(xi) to pay for the cost of the remedial actions; and
   (c) To conduct remedial actions for sites for which potentially liable persons have refused to comply with the orders issued by the department under RCW 70.105D.030 requiring the persons to provide the remedial action.

(5) $250,000 of the flood control assistance account is provided solely for a grant or contract to the lead local entity for technical analysis and coordination with the Army Corps of Engineers and local agencies to address the breach in the south jetty at the entrance of Grays Harbor.

(6) $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation, $90,000 of the state toxics control account appropriation, and $55,000 of the air pollution control account appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1724 (growth management). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) If Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1125 (dam safety inspections), or substantially similar legislation, is not enacted by June 30, 1995, then the department shall not expend any funds appropriated in this section for any regulatory activity authorized under RCW 90.03.350 with respect to hydroelectric facilities which require a license under the federal power act, 16 ASCUS Sec. 791a et seq. If Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1125, or substantially similar legislation, is enacted by June 30, 1995, then the department may apply all available funds appropriated under this section for regulatory activity authorized under RCW 90.03.350 for the purposes of inspecting and regulating the safety of dams under the exclusive jurisdiction of the state.

(8) $425,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $525,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely for the Padilla Bay national estuarine research reserve and interpretive center.

(9) The water right permit processing account is hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used solely for water right permit processing and expenses associated with the Yakima adjudication.

(10) $1,298,000 of the general fund--state appropriation, $188,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation, and $883,000 of the water quality account appropriation are provided solely to coordinate and implement the activities required by the Puget Sound water quality management plan and to perform the powers and duties under chapter 90.70 RCW.
$331,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of flood reduction plans. Of this amount, $250,000 is to implement the Mason county flood reduction plan and $81,000 is to implement the Chelan/Douglas county flood reduction plan.

Within the air pollution control account appropriation, the department shall continue monitoring air quality in the Northport area.

$60,000 of the freshwater aquatic weeds account appropriation is provided solely for a grant to the department of fish and wildlife to control and eradicate purple loosestrife using the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate.

Within the funds appropriated in this section, the department shall prepare a report regarding the feasibility of pollution reduction target measures for point source facilities that are based on actual facility outputs rather than technologies used within a facility. In preparing the report the department shall create and seek recommendations from an advisory committee consisting of business, local government, and environmental representatives. The department shall submit the report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by November 30, 1996.

$700,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation is provided solely for the study and abatement of coastal erosion in the region of Willapa bay, Grays Harbor, and the lower Columbia river.

$5,000,000 of the flood control assistance account appropriation is provided solely for grants to assist local governments in repairing or replacing dikes and levees (damaged in the November 1995 and February 1996 flood events) and updating local flood control plans, implementation of local flood control plans, and the development and implementation of public awareness measures.

$500,000 of the local toxics control account appropriation is provided solely to satisfy nonfederal cost-sharing requirements for the Puget Sound confined disposal site feasibility study to be conducted jointly with the United States army corps of engineers. The study will address site design, construction standards, operational requirements, and funding necessary to establish a disposal site for contaminated aquatic sediments.

$1,100,000 of the air pollution control account appropriation is provided solely for grants to local air pollution control authorities to expedite the redesignation of nonattainment areas. These funds shall not be used to supplant existing local funding sources for air pollution control authority programs. Of the amount allocated to the southwest Washington air pollution control authority, $25,000 is provided solely for the University of Washington to review a study by the southwest air pollution control authority on sources contributing to atmospheric ozone.

$250,000 of the water right permit processing account appropriation is provided solely for additional staff and associated costs to support the Yakima county superior court in adjudicating water rights in the Yakima river basin.

$300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for payment of attorneys’ fees pursuant to Rettkowski v. Washington, (cause no. 62718-5).

Sec. 1202. 1996 c 283 s 302 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE PARKS AND RECREATION COMMISSION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $18,145,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $18,202,000

Winter Recreation Program Account Appropriation  $725,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation  $241,000

General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $1,930,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation  $31,000

21,602,000
Snowmobile Account Appropriation $ 2,174,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $ 313,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 48,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $ 10,000
Waste Reduction, Recycling, and Litter Control Account Appropriation $ 34,000
Water Trail Program Account Appropriation $ 26,000
Parks Renewal and Stewardship Account Appropriation $ ((23,893,000))

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((65,772,000))
21,493,000
66,772,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $189,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation is provided solely to implement the Puget Sound water quality plan.
(2) The general fund--state appropriation and the parks renewal and stewardship account appropriation are provided to maintain full funding and continued operation of all state parks and state parks facilities.
(3) $1,800,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the Washington conservation corps program established under chapter 43.220 RCW.
(4) $3,591,000 of the parks renewal and stewardship account appropriation is provided for the operation of a centralized reservation system, to expand marketing, to enhance concession review, and for other revenue generating activities.
((5) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for a state match to local funds to prepare a master plan for Mt. Spokane state park.))

Sec. 1203. 1995 2nd sp. s c 18 s 306 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE ENVIRONMENTAL HEARINGS OFFICE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 715,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((743,000))

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((1,428,000))
738,000
1,453,000

Sec. 1204. 1996 c 283 s 304 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND WILDLIFE
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 33,187,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((33,701,000))

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ ((54,998,000))
36,019,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ ((15,986,000))
57,578,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $ 476,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $ ((5,412,000))
19,837,000
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 590,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $ ((456,000))
5,421,000
Recreational Fisheries Enhancement Account Appropriation $ 2,217,000
Wildlife Account Appropriation $ ((50,003,000))
400,000
Special Wildlife Account Appropriation $ ((1,884,000))
50,653,000
Oil Spill Administration Account Appropriation $ 831,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $1,532,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement the Puget Sound water quality management plan.

2. $250,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for attorney general costs on behalf of the department of fisheries, department of natural resources, department of health, and the state parks and recreation commission in defending the state and public interests in tribal shellfish litigation (United States v. Washington, subproceeding 89-3). The attorney general costs shall be paid as an interagency reimbursement.

3. $350,000 of the wildlife account appropriation and $145,000 of the general fund--state appropriation are provided solely for control and eradication of class B designate weeds on department owned and managed lands. The general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for control of spartina. The department shall use the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate, and report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1997, on control methods, costs, and acres treated during the previous year.

4. $250,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for costs associated with warm water fish production. Expenditure of this amount shall be consistent with the goals established under RCW 77.12.710 for development of a warm water fish program. No portion of this amount may be expended for any type of feasibility study.

5. $634,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $50,000 of the wildlife account appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1010 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

6. $2,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for implementation of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157 (mass marking), chapter 372, Laws of 1995, under the following conditions:
   (a) If, by October 1, 1995, the state reaches agreement with Canada on a marking and detection program, implementation will begin with the 1994 Puget Sound brood coho.
   (b) If, by October 1, 1995, the state does not reach agreement with Canada on a marking and detection program, a pilot project shall be conducted with 1994 Puget Sound brood coho.
   (c) Full implementation will begin with the 1995 brood coho.
   (d) $700,000 of the department’s equipment funding and $300,000 of the department’s administration funding will be redirected toward implementation of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5157 during the 1995-97 biennium.

7. The department shall request a reclassification study be conducted by the personnel resources board for hatchery staff. Any implementation of the study, if approved by the board, shall be pursuant to section 911 of this act.

8. Within the appropriations in this section, the department shall maintain the Issaquah hatchery at the current 1993-95 operational level.

9. $140,000 of the wildlife account appropriation is provided solely for a cooperative effort with the department of agriculture for research and eradication of purple loosestrife on state lands. The department shall use the most cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate, and report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1997, on control methods, costs, and acres treated during the previous year.

10. $110,000 of the aquatic lands enhancement account appropriation may be used for publishing a brochure concerning hydraulic permit application requirements for the control of spartina and purple loosestrife.

11. $530,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for providing technical assistance to landowners and for reviewing plans submitted to the state pursuant to the forest practices board’s proposed rules for the northern spotted owl. If the rules are not adopted by September 1, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.
(12) $145,000 of the general fund—state appropriation is provided solely for the fish and wildlife commission to support additional commission meetings, briefings, and other activities necessary to ensure effective implementation of Referendum No. 45 during the 1995-97 biennium.

(13) $980,000 of the warm water game fish account appropriation is provided solely for implementation of the warm water game fish enhancement program pursuant to Fourth Substitute Senate Bill No. 5159. If the bill or substantially similar legislation is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(14) $15,000 of the fiscal year 1997 general fund—state appropriation and $85,000 of the wildlife account appropriation are provided solely for the payment of claims during fiscal year 1997 arising from damages to crops by wildlife, pursuant to Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 6146 (wildlife claims). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(15) $1,319,000 of the general fund—state appropriation is provided solely to operate Columbia river fish hatcheries for which federal funding has been reduced.

(16) $1,438,000 of the fiscal year 1997 general fund—state appropriation is provided solely for the emergency feeding of deer and elk that may be starving and that are posing a risk to private property due to severe winter conditions during the winter of 1996-97.

(17) Up to $400,000 of the wildlife account appropriation may be expended for unanticipated unemployment compensation costs to the extent that additional revenues are realized from audits of license vendors.

Sec. 1205. 1996 c 283 s 305 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

General Fund—State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 20,325,000
General Fund—State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (20,424,000) 28,739,000

General Fund—Federal Appropriation $ 3,024,000
General Fund—Private/Local Appropriation $ 414,000
Forest Development Account Appropriation $ 41,608,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $ 3,074,000
Surveys and Maps Account Appropriation $ 1,788,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $ 2,512,000
Resource Management Cost Account Appropriation $ 11,624,000
Waste Reduction, Recycling, and Litter Control Account Appropriation $ 440,000
Surface Mining Reclamation Account Appropriation $ 1,273,000
Wildlife Account Appropriation $ 1,300,000
Water Quality Account Appropriation $ 6,000,000
Aquatic Land Dredged Material Disposal Site Account Appropriation $ 734,000
Natural Resources Conservation Areas Stewardship Account Appropriation $ 1,003,000
Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation $ 921,000
Watershed Restoration Account Appropriation $ 1,600,000
Metals Mining Account Appropriation $ 41,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $ 62,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (118,167,000) 126,482,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $(7,998,000) 12,113,000 of the general fund—state appropriation is provided solely for the emergency fire suppression subprogram.

(2) $36,000 of the general fund—state appropriations is provided solely for the implementation of the Puget Sound water quality management plan. In addition, $957,000 of the aquatics lands enhancement account is provided for the implementation of the Puget Sound water quality management plan.

(3) $450,000 of the resource management cost account appropriation is provided solely for the control and eradication of class B designate weeds on state lands. The department shall use the most
cost-effective methods available, including chemical control where appropriate, and report to the appropriate committees of the legislature by January 1, 1997, on control methods, costs, and acres treated during the previous year.

(4) $22,000 of the general fund—state appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1437 (amateur radio repeater sites). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(5) $49,000 of the air pollution control account appropriation is provided solely to implement Substitute House Bill No. 1287 (silvicultural burning). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(6) $290,000 of the general fund—state appropriation, $10,000 of the surface mining reclamation account appropriation, and $29,000 of the air pollution control account appropriation are provided solely to implement Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1010 (regulatory reform). If this bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(7) By September 30, 1995, the agency shall report to the appropriate fiscal committees of the legislature on fire suppression costs incurred during the 1993-95 biennium. The report shall provide the following information: (a) An object breakdown of costs for the 1993-95 fire suppression subprogram; (b) the amount of reimbursement provided for personnel, services, and equipment outside the agency; (c) FTE levels and salary amounts by fund of positions backfilled as a result of the fires; (d) overtime costs paid to agency personnel; (e) equipment replacement costs, and (f) final allocation of costs for the Hatchery and Tyee fires between the United States forest service, local governments, and the state.

(8) By December 1, 1995, the department shall report to the house committee on natural resources and the senate committee on natural resources on measures taken to improve the health of the Loomis state forest.

(9) $13,000 of the general fund—state appropriation is provided solely to pay a portion of the rent charged to nonprofit television reception improvement districts pursuant to chapter 294, Laws of 1994.

(10) $1,200,000 of the general fund—state appropriation is provided solely for cooperative monitoring, evaluation, and research projects related to implementation of the timber-fish-wildlife agreement.

(11) Up to $572,000 of the general fund—state appropriation may be expended for the natural heritage program.

(12) $13,600,000 of which $1,600,000 is from the watershed restoration account appropriation, $1,300,000 is from the wildlife account appropriation, $2,500,000 is from the resource management cost account appropriation, $500,000 is from the forest development account appropriation, $6,000,000 is from the water quality account appropriation, and $1,700,000 is from the general fund—federal appropriation, is provided solely for the jobs in the environment program and/or the watershed restoration partnership program.

(a) These funds shall be used to:
(i) Restore and protect watersheds in accordance with priorities established to benefit fish stocks in critical or depressed condition as determined by the watershed coordinating council;
(ii) Conduct watershed restoration and protection projects primarily on state lands in coordination with federal, local, tribal, and private sector efforts; and
(iii) Create market wage jobs in environmental restoration for displaced natural resource impact area workers, as defined under Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5342 (rural natural resource impact areas).

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c) of this section, these amounts are solely for projects jointly selected by the department of natural resources and the department of fish and wildlife. Funds may be expended for planning, design, and engineering for projects that restore and protect priority watersheds identified by the watershed coordinating council and conform to priorities for fish stock recovery developed through watershed analysis conducted by the department of natural resources and the department of fish and wildlife. Funds expended shall be used for specific projects and not for ongoing operational costs. Eligible projects include, but are not limited to, closure or improvement of forest roads, repair of culverts, clean-up of stream beds, removal of fish barriers, installation of fish screens, fencing of streams, and construction and planting of fish cover.
(c) The department of natural resources and the department of fish and wildlife, in consultation with the watershed coordinating council, the office of financial management, and other appropriate agencies, shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on January 1, 1996, and annually thereafter, on any expenditures made from these amounts and a plan for future use of the moneys provided in this subsection. The plan shall include a prioritized list of watersheds and future watershed projects. The plan shall also consider future funding needs, the availability of federal funding, and the integration and coordination of existing watershed and protection programs.

(d) All projects shall be consistent with any development regulations or comprehensive plans adopted under the growth management act for the project areas. No funds shall be expended to acquire land through condemnation.

(e) Funds from the wildlife account appropriation shall be available only to the extent that the department of fish and wildlife sells surplus property.

(f) Funds from the resource management cost account appropriation shall only be used for projects on trust lands. Funds from the forest development account shall only be used for projects on county forest board lands.

(g) Projects under contract as of June 1, 1995 will be given first priority.

(13) $3,662,000 of the forest development account appropriation is provided solely to prepare forest board lands for harvest. To the extent possible, the department shall use funds provided in this subsection to hire unemployed timber workers to perform silviculture activities, address forest health concerns, and repair damages on these lands.

(14) $375,000 of the water quality account appropriation is provided solely for a grant to the department of ecology for continuing the Washington conservation corps program in fiscal year 1997.

(15) $1,306,000 of the resource management cost account appropriation is provided solely for forest-health related management activities at the Loomis state forest.

(16) $363,000 of the natural resources conservation areas stewardship account appropriation is provided solely for site-based management of state-owned natural area preserves and natural resource conservation areas.

Sec. 1206. 1996 c 283 s 306 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 7,100,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((7,157,000))

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $((5,168,000))

General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 406,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $ 800,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $ 178,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 1,088,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $((21,897,000))

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for consumer protection activities of the department’s weights and measures program. Moneys provided in this subsection may not be used for device inspection of the weights and measures program.

(2) $142,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1010 (regulatory reform). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(3) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for grasshopper and mormon cricket control.

(4) $200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the agricultural showcase.
(5) $(724,000) 939,000 of the general fund--state appropriation and $(891,000) 1,066,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation are provided solely to monitor and eradicate the Asian gypsy moth.

(6) $71,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement the Puget Sound water quality management plan.

PART XIII
TRANSPORTATION

Sec. 1301. 1996 c 283 s 402 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE PATROL
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 8,011,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((11,232,000))

General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ ((1,035,000)) 12,321,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ ((254,000)) 1,650,000

Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation $ 4,492,000
County Criminal Justice Assistance Appropriation $ 3,572,000
Municipal Criminal Justice Assistance Account Appropriation $ 1,430,000
Fire Services Trust Account Appropriation $ 90,000
Fire Services Training Account Appropriation $ 1,740,000
State Toxics Control Account Appropriation $ 425,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $ 2,133,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((34,414,000)) 36,135,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) Expenditures from the nonappropriated fingerprint identification account for the automation of pre-employment background checks for public and private employers and background checks for firearms dealers and firearm purchasers are subject to office of financial management approval of a completed feasibility study.

(2) Expenditures from the county criminal justice assistance account appropriation and municipal criminal justice assistance account appropriation in this section shall be expended solely for enhancements to crime lab services.

(3) The Washington state patrol shall report to the department of information services and office of financial management by October 30, 1995, on the implementation and financing plan for the state-wide integrated narcotics system.

(4) $300,000 of the violence reduction and drug enforcement account appropriation is provided solely for enhancements to the organized crime intelligence unit.

(5) $813,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1996 appropriation and $(3,247,000) 4,336,000 of the general fund--state fiscal year 1997 appropriation are provided solely for the implementation of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 6272 (background checks for school employees). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amounts provided in this subsection shall lapse. Expenditures of the amounts specified in this subsection shall be expended at the following rate: As the state patrol initiates the fingerprint process on a school employee, sixty-six dollars shall be transferred from the amounts specified in this subsection into the fingerprint identification account. Upon completion of the background check, seven dollars of this amount shall be transferred by the state patrol to the superintendent of public instruction for final disposition of the records check.

PART XIV
EDUCATION
Sec. 1401. 1996 c 283 s 501 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR STATE ADMINISTRATION

General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $18,421,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $37,689,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $3,138,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $3,122,000
Violence Reduction and Drug Enforcement Account Appropriation $3,122,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $105,336,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1) AGENCY OPERATIONS
   (a) $770,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the operation and expenses of the state board of education, including basic education assistance activities.
   (b) $659,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for investigation activities of the office of professional practices.
   (c) $1,700,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to reprogram computer applications for collecting and processing school fiscal, personnel, and student data and for calculating apportionment payments and to upgrade agency computer hardware. A maximum of $600,000 of this amount shall be used for computer hardware.
      By December 15, 1995, and before implementation of a new state-wide data system, the superintendent shall present a plan to the house of representatives and senate education and fiscal committees which identifies state data base uses that could involve potentially sensitive data on students and parents. The plan shall detail methods that the superintendent shall employ internally and recommend to school organizations to insure integrity and proper use of data in any student data base, with particular attention to eliminating unnecessary and intrusive data about nonschool related information.
   (d) $338,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation is provided solely for administration of the traffic safety education program, including in-service training related to instruction in the risks of driving while under the influence of alcohol and other drugs.
   (e) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop standards and rules for disposal of surplus technology equipment accounting for proper depreciation and maximum benefit to the district from the disposal.

2) STATE-WIDE PROGRAMS
   (a) $2,174,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for in-service training and educational programs conducted by the Pacific Science Center.
   (b) $63,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for operation of the Cispus environmental learning center.
   (c) $2,654,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for educational centers, including state support activities.
   (d) $3,093,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for grants for magnet schools to be distributed as recommended by the superintendent of public instruction pursuant to chapter 232, section 516(13), Laws of 1992.
   (e) $4,370,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for complex need grants.
      Grants shall be provided according to funding ratios established in LEAP Document 30C as developed on May 21, 1995, at 23:46 hours.
   (f) $3,050,000 of the drug enforcement and education account appropriation and $2,800,000 of the public safety and education account appropriation are provided solely for matching grants to enhance security in schools. Not more than seventy-five percent of a district’s total expenditures for school security in any school year may be paid from a grant under this subsection. The grants shall be expended solely for the costs of employing or contracting for building security monitors in schools.
during school hours and school events. Of the amount provided in this subsection, at least $2,850,000 shall be spent for grants to districts that, during the 1988-89 school year, employed or contracted for security monitors in schools during school hours. However, these grants may be used only for increases in school district expenditures for school security over expenditure levels for the 1988-89 school year.

(g) Districts receiving allocations from subsections (2) (d) and (e) of this section shall submit an annual report to the superintendent of public instruction on the use of all district resources to address the educational needs of at-risk students in each school building. The superintendent of public instruction shall make copies of the reports available to the office of financial management and the legislature.

(h) $500,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided for plan development and coordination as required by the federal goals 2000: Educate America Act. The superintendent shall collaborate with the commission on student learning for the plan development and coordination and submit quarterly reports on the plan development to the education committees of the legislature.

(i) $850,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for media productions by students to focus on issues and consequences of teenage pregnancy and child rearing. The projects shall be consistent with the provisions of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2798 as passed by the 1994 legislature, including a local/private or public sector match equal to fifty percent of the state grant; and shall be awarded to schools or consortia not granted funds in 1993-94. $450,000 of this amount is for costs of new projects not funded in the 1995-96 school year.

(j) $7,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided to the state board of education to establish teacher competencies in the instruction of braille to legally blind and visually impaired students.

(k) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for matching grants to school districts for analysis of budgets for classroom-related activities as specified in chapter 230, Laws of 1995.

(l) $3,050,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5439 (nonoffender at-risk youth). Of that amount, $50,000 is provided for a contract in fiscal year 1996 to the Washington state institute for public policy to conduct an evaluation and review as outlined in section 81 of Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5439. Allocation of the remaining amount shall be based on the number of petitions filed in each district.

(m) $300,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for alcohol and drug prevention programs pursuant to RCW 66.08.180.

(n) $1,500,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for implementation of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 2909 (reading literacy). Of this amount: (i) $100,000 is for the center for the improvement of student learning’s activities related to identifying effective reading programs, providing information on effective reading programs, and developing training programs for educators on effective reading instruction and assessment; (ii) $500,000 is for grants as specified in section 2 of the bill to provide incentives for the use of the effective reading programs; and (iii) $900,000 is for reading instruction and reading assessment training programs for educators as specified in section 3 of the bill.

(o) $5,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided to update high-technology vocational education equipment in the 1996-97 school year. Of this amount, $303,000 shall be allocated to skill centers. The superintendent shall allocate the remaining funds at a maximum rate of $91.46 per full-time equivalent vocational education student excluding skill center students. The funds shall be allocated prior to June 30, 1997.

(p) $10,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for technology grants to school districts and for per diem and travel costs of the technology education committee for school years 1995-96 and 1996-97. A district is eligible for a grant if it either has ongoing programs emphasizing specific approaches to learning assisted by technology or it is identified by the center for the improvement of student learning based on best practices; and
(i) The district is part of a consortium, of at least two school districts, formed to pool resources to maximize technology related acquisitions, to start up new programs or new staff development, and to share advantages of the consortium with other districts;

(ii) The district will match state funds, on an equal value basis, with a combination of:

(A) Contributions through partnerships with technology companies, educational service districts, institutions of higher education, community and technical colleges, or any other organization with expertise in applications of technology to learning which are willing to assist school districts in applying technology to the learning process through in-kind assistance; and

(B) School district funds; and

(iii) The district has plans and means for evaluating the improvement in student learning resulting from the technology-based strategies of the district.

To the extent that funds are available, school districts that meet the criteria of this subsection shall be provided grants under this subsection in the order they are prioritized by the technology education committee and for no more than $600 per student in the proposed program.

The superintendent of public instruction shall appoint a technology education committee to develop an application and review process for awarding the technology grants established in this subsection. The committee shall be appointed by the superintendent and shall consist of five representatives from technology companies, five technology coordinators representing educational service districts, and five school district representatives. Committee members shall serve without additional compensation but shall be eligible for per diem and mileage allowances pursuant to RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. The superintendent shall award the first round of technology grants based on the recommendation of the technology education committee by July 1, 1996. No more than fifty percent of funds provided in this appropriation shall be allocated in the first round of awards.

(q) $2,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for start-up grants to establish alternative programs for students who have been truant, suspended, or expelled or are subject to other disciplinary actions in accordance with section 10 of Substitute House Bill No. 2640 (changing truancy provisions).

(r) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for allocation to the primary coordinators of the state geographic alliance for the purpose of improving the teaching of geography in the common school system.

(s) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for a contract for a feasibility analysis and implementation plan to provide the resources of a skill center for students in the area served by the north central educational service district.

(t) $1,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided for conflict resolution and anger management training.

(u) $2,325,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for allocation to the north central Washington skills center for payment of long-term leases, remodeling, equipment, supplies, and materials.

Sec. 1402. 1996 c 283 s 502 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR GENERAL APPORTIONMENT (BASIC EDUCATION)

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 3,166,013,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((3,261,992,000))

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((6,428,005,000))

3,253,778,000

6,419,791,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1994-95 school year.

(2) Allocations for certificated staff salaries for the 1995-96 and 1996-97 school years shall be determined using formula-generated staff units calculated pursuant to this subsection. Staff allocations for small school enrollments in (d) through (f) of this subsection shall be reduced for vocational full-
time equivalent enrollments. Staff allocations for small school enrollments in grades K-6 shall be the
greater of that generated under (a) of this subsection, or under (d) and (e) of this subsection.
Certificated staffing allocations shall be as follows:
(a) On the basis of each 1,000 average annual full-time equivalent enrollments, excluding full-
time equivalent enrollment otherwise recognized for certificated staff unit allocations under (c) through
(f) of this subsection:
(i) Four certificated administrative staff units per thousand full-time equivalent students in
grades K-12;
(ii) 49 certificated instructional staff units per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades
K-3; and
(iii) An additional 5.3 certificated instructional staff units for grades K-3. Any funds allocated
for these additional certificated units shall not be considered as basic education funding;
(A) Funds provided under this subsection (2)(a)(iii) in excess of the amount required to
maintain the statutory minimum ratio established under RCW 28A.150.260(2)(b) shall be allocated only
if the district documents an actual ratio equal to or greater than 54.3 certificated instructional staff per
thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3. For any school district documenting a lower
certificated instructional staff ratio, the allocation shall be based on the district’s actual grades K-3
certificated instructional staff ratio achieved in that school year, or the statutory minimum ratio
established under RCW 28A.150.260(2)(b), if greater;
(B) Districts at or above 51.0 certificated instructional staff per one thousand full-time
equivalent students in grades K-3 may dedicate up to 1.3 of the 54.3 funding ratio to employ additional
classified instructional assistants assigned to basic education classrooms in grades K-3. For purposes of
documenting a district’s staff ratio under this section, funds used by the district to employ additional
classified instructional assistants shall be converted to a certificated staff equivalent and added to the
district’s actual certificated instructional staff ratio. Additional classified instructional assistants, for the
purposes of this subsection, shall be determined using the 1989-90 school year as the base year;
(C) Any district maintaining a ratio equal to or greater than 54.3 certificated instructional staff
per thousand full-time equivalent students in grades K-3 may use allocations generated under this
subsection (2)(a)(iii) in excess of that required to maintain the minimum ratio established under RCW
28A.150.260(2)(b) to employ additional basic education certificated instructional staff or classified
instructional assistants in grades 4-6. Funds allocated under this subsection (2)(a)(iii) shall only be
expended to reduce class size in grades K-6. No more than 1.3 of the certificated instructional funding
ratio amount may be expended for provision of classified instructional assistants; and
(iv) Forty-six certificated instructional staff units per thousand full-time equivalent students in
grades 4-12; and
(b) For school districts with a minimum enrollment of 250 full-time equivalent students whose
full-time equivalent student enrollment count in a given month exceeds the first of the month full-time
equivalent enrollment count by 5 percent, an additional state allocation of 110 percent of the share that
such increased enrollment would have generated had such additional full-time equivalent students been
included in the normal enrollment count for that particular month;
(c) On the basis of full-time equivalent enrollment in:
(i) Vocational education programs approved by the superintendent of public instruction, 0.92
certificated instructional staff units and 0.08 certificated administrative staff units for each 18.3 full-
time equivalent vocational students;
(ii) Skills center programs approved by the superintendent of public instruction, 0.92
certificated instructional staff units and 0.08 certificated administrative units for each 16.67 full-time
equivalent vocational students; and
(iii) Indirect cost charges to vocational-secondary programs shall not exceed 10 percent;
(d) For districts enrolling not more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent
students in grades K-8, and for small school plants within any school district which have been judged to
be remote and necessary by the state board of education and enroll not more than twenty-five average
annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8:
(i) For those enrolling no students in grades seven and eight, 1.76 certificated instructional staff units and 0.24 certificated administrative staff units for enrollment of not more than five students, plus one-twentieth of a certificated instructional staff unit for each additional student enrolled; and

(ii) For those enrolling students in grades 7 or 8, 1.68 certificated instructional staff units and 0.32 certificated administrative staff units for enrollment of not more than five students, plus one-twentieth of a certificated instructional staff unit for each additional student enrolled;

(e) For specified enrollments in districts enrolling more than twenty-five but not more than one hundred average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8, and for small school plants within any school district which enroll more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-8 and have been judged to be remote and necessary by the state board of education:

(i) For enrollment of up to sixty annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-6, 2.76 certificated instructional staff units and 0.24 certificated administrative staff units; and

(ii) For enrollment of up to twenty annual average full-time equivalent students in grades 7 and 8, 0.92 certificated instructional staff units and 0.08 certificated administrative staff units;

(f) For districts operating no more than two high schools with enrollments of less than three hundred average annual full-time equivalent students, for enrollment in grades 9-12 in each such school, other than alternative schools:

(i) For remote and necessary schools enrolling students in any grades 9-12 but no more than twenty-five average annual full-time equivalent students in grades K-12, four and one-half certificated instructional staff units and one-quarter of a certificated administrative staff unit;

(ii) For all other small high schools under this subsection, nine certificated instructional staff units and one-half of a certificated administrative staff unit for the first sixty average annual full time equivalent students, and additional staff units based on a ratio of 0.8732 certificated instructional staff units and 0.1268 certificated administrative staff units per each additional forty-three and one-half average annual full time equivalent students.

Units calculated under (f)(ii) of this subsection shall be reduced by certificated staff units at the rate of forty-six certificated instructional staff units and four certificated administrative staff units per thousand vocational full-time equivalent students.

(g) For each nonhigh school district having an enrollment of more than seventy annual average full-time equivalent students and less than one hundred eighty students, operating a grades 1-8 program, an additional one-half of a certificated instructional staff unit;

(h) For each nonhigh school district having an enrollment of more than fifty annual average full-time equivalent students and less than one hundred eighty students, operating a grades K-6 program or a grades 1-6 program, an additional one-half of a certificated instructional staff unit.

(3) Allocations for classified salaries for the 1995-96 and 1996-97 school years shall be calculated using formula-generated classified staff units determined as follows:

(a) For enrollments generating certificated staff unit allocations under subsection (2) (d) through (h) of this section, one classified staff unit for each three certificated staff units allocated under such subsections;

(b) For all other enrollment in grades K-12, including vocational full-time equivalent enrollments, one classified staff unit for each sixty average annual full-time equivalent students; and

(c) For each nonhigh school district with an enrollment of more than fifty annual average full-time equivalent students and less than one hundred eighty students, an additional one-half of a classified staff unit.

(4) Fringe benefit allocations shall be calculated at a rate of 20.71 percent in the 1995-96 school year and 20.71 percent in the 1996-97 school year of certificated salary allocations provided under subsection (2) of this section, and a rate of 18.77 percent in the 1995-96 school year and 18.77 percent in the 1996-97 school year of classified salary allocations provided under subsection (3) of this section.

(5) Insurance benefit allocations shall be calculated at the rates specified in section 504(2) of this act, based on the number of benefit units determined as follows:

(a) The number of certificated staff units determined in subsection (2) of this section; and

(b) The number of classified staff units determined in subsection (3) of this section multiplied by 1.152. This factor is intended to adjust allocations so that, for the purposes of distributing insurance
benefits, full-time equivalent classified employees may be calculated on the basis of 1440 hours of work per year, with no individual employee counted as more than one full-time equivalent;

(6)(a) For nonemployee-related costs associated with each certificated staff unit allocated under subsection (2)(a), (b), and (d) through (h) of this section, there shall be provided a maximum of $7,656 per certificated staff unit in the 1995-96 school year and a maximum of $7,786 per certificated staff unit in the 1996-97 school year.

(b) For nonemployee-related costs associated with each vocational certificated staff unit allocated under subsection (2)(c) of this section, there shall be provided a maximum of $14,587 per certificated staff unit in the 1995-96 school year and a maximum of $14,835 per certificated staff unit in the 1996-97 school year.

(7) Allocations for substitute costs for classroom teachers shall be distributed at a maximum rate of $341 for the 1995-96 school year and $341 per year for the 1996-97 school year per allocated classroom teacher excluding salary adjustments made in section 504 of this act. Solely for the purposes of this subsection, allocated classroom teachers shall be equal to the number of certificated instructional staff units allocated under subsection (2) of this section, multiplied by the ratio between the number of actual basic education certificated teachers and the number of actual basic education certificated instructional staff reported state-wide for the 1994-95 school year.

(8) Any school district board of directors may petition the superintendent of public instruction by submission of a resolution adopted in a public meeting to reduce or delay any portion of its basic education allocation for any school year. The superintendent of public instruction shall approve such reduction or delay if it does not impair the district’s financial condition. Any delay shall not be for more than two school years. Any reduction or delay shall have no impact on levy authority pursuant to RCW 84.52.0531 and local effort assistance pursuant to chapter 28A.500 RCW.

(9) The superintendent may distribute a maximum of $5,820,000 outside the basic education formula during fiscal years 1996 and 1997 as follows:

(a) For fire protection for school districts located in a fire protection district as now or hereafter established pursuant to chapter 52.04 RCW, a maximum of $431,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1996 and a maximum of $444,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1997;

(b) For summer vocational programs at skills centers, a maximum of $1,938,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1996 and a maximum of $1,948,000 may be expended in fiscal year 1997;

(c) A maximum of $309,000 may be expended for school district emergencies; and

(d) A maximum of $250,000 may be expended for fiscal year 1996 and a maximum of $500,000 may be expended for fiscal year 1997 for programs providing skills training for secondary students who are at risk of academic failure or who have dropped out of school and are enrolled in the extended day school-to-work programs, as approved by the superintendent of public instruction. The funds shall be allocated at a rate not to exceed $500 per full-time equivalent student enrolled in those programs.

(10) For the purposes of RCW 84.52.0531, the increase per full-time equivalent student in state basic education appropriations provided under this act, including appropriations for salary and benefits increases, is 2.2 percent from the 1994-95 school year to the 1995-96 school year, and 1.3 percent from the 1995-96 school year to the 1996-97 school year.

(11) If two or more school districts consolidate and each district was receiving additional basic education formula staff units pursuant to subsection (2) (b) through (h) of this section, the following shall apply:

(a) For three school years following consolidation, the number of basic education formula staff units shall not be less than the number of basic education formula staff units received by the districts in the school year prior to the consolidation; and

(b) For the fourth through eighth school years following consolidation, the difference between the basic education formula staff units received by the districts for the school year prior to consolidation and the basic education formula staff units after consolidation pursuant to subsection (2) (a) through (h) of this section shall be reduced in increments of twenty percent per year.

Sec. 1403. 1996 c 283 s 504 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $217,835,000 is provided for cost of living adjustments of 4.0 percent effective September 1, 1995, for state-formula staff units. The appropriation includes associated incremental fringe benefit allocations for both years at rates 20.07 percent for certificated staff and 15.27 percent for classified staff.

(a) The appropriation in this section includes the increased portion of salaries and incremental fringe benefits for all relevant state funded school programs in PART V of this act. Salary adjustments for state employees in the office of superintendent of public instruction and the education reform program are provided in the Special Appropriations sections of this act. Increases for general apportionment (basic education) are based on the salary allocation schedules and methodology in section 503 of this act. Increases for special education result from increases in each district’s basic education allocation per student. Increases for educational service districts and institutional education programs are determined by the superintendent of public instruction using the methodology for general apportionment salaries and benefits in section 503 of this act.

(b) The appropriation in this section provides salary increase and incremental fringe benefit allocations for the following programs based on formula adjustments as follows:

(i) For pupil transportation, an increase of $0.77 per weighted pupil-mile for the 1995-96 school year and maintained for the 1996-97 school year;
(ii) For learning assistance, an increase of $11.24 per eligible student for the 1995-96 school year and maintained for the 1996-97 school year;
(iii) For education of highly capable students, an increase of $8.76 per formula student for the 1995-96 school year and maintained for the 1996-97 school year; and
(iv) For transitional bilingual education, an increase of $22.77 per eligible bilingual student for the 1995-96 school year and maintained for the 1996-97 school year.

(2) The maintenance rate for insurance benefits shall be $313.95 for the 1995-96 school year and $314.51 for the 1996-97 school year. Funding for insurance benefits is included within appropriations made in other sections of Part V of this act.

(3) Effective September 1, 1995, a maximum of $1,129,000 is provided for a 4 percent increase in the state allocation for substitute teachers in the general apportionment programs.

(4) The rates specified in this section are subject to revision each year by the legislature.

Sec. 1404. 1996 c 283 s 505 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriation includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1994-95 school year.

(2) A maximum of $1,347,000 may be expended for regional transportation coordinators and related activities. The transportation coordinators shall ensure that data submitted by school districts for state transportation funding shall, to the greatest extent practical, reflect the actual transportation
activity of each district. The 1994 travel time to contiguous school district study shall be continued and a report submitted to the fiscal committees of the legislature by December 1, 1995.

(3) A maximum of $40,000 is provided to complete the computerized state map project containing school bus routing information. This information and available data on school buildings shall be consolidated. Data formats shall be compatible with the geographic information system (GIS) and included insofar as possible in the GIS system.

(4) $180,000 is provided solely for the transportation of students enrolled in "choice" programs. Transportation shall be limited to low-income students who are transferring to "choice" programs solely for educational reasons.

(5) Beginning with the 1995-96 school year, the superintendent of public instruction shall implement a state bid process for the purchase of school buses pursuant to Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 5408.

(6) Of this appropriation, a maximum of $8,963,000 may be allocated in the 1995-96 school year for hazardous walking conditions. The superintendent shall ensure that the conditions specified in RCW 28A.160.160(4) for state funding of hazardous walking conditions for any district are fully and strictly adhered to, and that no funds are allocated in any instance in which a district is not actively and to the greatest extent possible engaged in efforts to mitigate hazardous walking conditions.

(7) For the 1996-97 school year, a maximum of $13,546,000 may be allocated for transportation services in accordance with Senate Bill No. 6684 (student safety to and from school). A district’s allocation shall be based on the number of enrolled students in grades kindergarten through five living within one radius mile from their assigned school multiplied by 1.29. "Enrolled students in grades kindergarten through five" for purposes of this section means the number of kindergarten through five students, living within one radius mile, who are enrolled during the week that each district’s bus ridership count is taken.

(8) The minimum load factor in the operations formula shall be calculated based on all students transported to and from school.

(9) For the 1996-97 school year, the superintendent of public instruction shall revise the expected bus lifetimes used for determining bus reimbursement and depreciation payments in the following manner:

(a) The twenty-year bus category shall be reduced to eighteen years; and

(b) The fifteen-year bus category shall be reduced to thirteen years.

Sec. 1405. 1996 c 283 s 506 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)</td>
<td>$ 379,771,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)</td>
<td>$ (368,149,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Fund--Federal Appropriation</td>
<td>$ 98,684,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (846,604,000)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The general fund--state appropriation includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1994-95 school year.

(2) In recognition of the need for increased flexibility at the local district level to facilitate the provision of appropriate education to children in need of special education, and the need for substantive educational reform for a significant portion of the school population, the funding formula for special education is modified. These changes result from a 1994 study and recommendations by the institute for public policy and the legislative budget committee, aided by the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the statewide task force for the development of special education funding alternatives. The new formula is for allocation purposes only and is not intended to prescribe or imply any particular pattern of special education service delivery other than that contained in a properly formulated, locally determined, individualized education program.
(3) The superintendent of public instruction shall distribute state funds to school districts based on two categories, the mandatory special education program for special education students ages three to twenty-one and the optional birth through age two program for developmentally delayed infants and toddlers. The superintendent shall review current state eligibility criteria for the fourteen special education categories and consider changes which would reduce assessment time and administrative costs associated with the special education program.

(4) For the 1995-96 and 1996-97 school years, the superintendent shall distribute state funds to each district based on the sum of:

(a) A district’s annual average headcount enrollment of developmentally delayed infants and toddlers ages birth through two, times the district’s average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student, times 1.15; and

(b) A district’s annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment times the enrollment percent, times the district’s average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student times 0.9309.

(5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.

(a) "Average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student" for a district shall be based on the staffing ratios required by RCW 28A.150.260 (i.e., 49/1000 certificated instructional staff in grades K-3, and 46/1000 in grades 4-12), and shall not include enhancements for K-3, secondary vocational education, or small schools.

(b) "Annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment" means the resident enrollment including students enrolled through choice (RCW 28A.225.225) and students from nonhigh districts (RCW 28A.225.210) and excluding students residing in another district enrolled as part of an interdistrict cooperative program (RCW 28A.225.250).

(c) "Enrollment percent" shall mean the district’s resident special education annual average enrollment including those students counted under the special education demonstration projects, excluding the birth through age two enrollment, as a percent of the district’s annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. For the 1995-96 and the 1996-97 school years, each district’s enrollment percent shall be:

(i) For districts whose enrollment percent for 1994-95 was at or below 12.7 percent, the lesser of the district’s actual enrollment percent for the school year for which the allocation is being determined or 12.7 percent.

(ii) For districts whose enrollment percent for 1994-95 was above 12.7 percent, the lesser of:

(A) The district’s actual enrollment percent for the school year for which the special education allocation is being determined; or

(B) The district’s actual enrollment percent for the school year immediately prior to the school year for which the special education allocation is being determined if not less than 12.7 percent; or

(C) For 1995-96, the 1994-95 enrollment percent reduced by 25 percent of the difference between the district’s 1994-95 enrollment percent and 12.7. For 1996-97, the 1994-95 enrollment percent reduced by 50 percent of the difference between the district’s 1994-95 enrollment percent and 12.7.

(6) At the request of any interdistrict cooperative of at least 15 districts in which all excess cost services for special education students of the districts are provided by the cooperative, the maximum enrollment percent shall be 12.7, and shall be calculated in the aggregate rather than individual district units. For purposes of subsection (5) of this section, the average basic education allocation per full-time equivalent student shall be calculated in the aggregate rather than individual district units.

(7) A minimum of $4.5 million of the general fund--federal appropriation shall be expended for safety net funding to meet the extraordinary needs of individual special education students.

(8) From the general fund--state appropriation, $14,600,000 is provided for the 1995-96 school year, and ($15,850,000) a maximum of $12,000,000 for the 1996-97 school year, for safety net purposes for districts with demonstrable funding needs for special education beyond the combined amounts provided in subsection (4) of this section. The superintendent of public instruction shall, by rule, establish procedures and standards for allocation of safety net funds. In the 1995-96 school year, school districts shall submit their requests for safety net funds to the appropriate regional committee established by the superintendent of public instruction. Regional committees shall make
recommendations to the state oversight committee for approval. For the 1996-97 school year, requests for safety net funds under this subsection shall be submitted to the state oversight committee. The following conditions and limitations shall be applicable to school districts requesting safety net funds:

(a) For a school district requesting state safety net funds due to special characteristics of the district and costs of providing services which differ significantly from the assumptions contained in the funding formula, the procedures and standards shall permit relief only if a district can demonstrate at a minimum that:

(i) Individualized education plans are appropriate and are properly and efficiently prepared and formulated;

(ii) The district is making a reasonable effort to provide appropriate program services for special education students utilizing state funds generated by the apportionment and special education funding formulas;

(iii) The district’s programs are operated in a reasonably efficient manner and that the district has adopted a plan of action to contain or eliminate any unnecessary, duplicative, or inefficient practices;

(iv) Indirect costs charged to this program do not exceed the allowable percent for the federal special education program;

(v) Any available federal funds are insufficient to address the additional needs; and

(vi) The costs of any supplemental contracts are not charged to this program for purposes of making these determinations.

(b) For districts requesting safety net funds due to federal maintenance of effort requirements, as a result of changes in the state special education formula, the procedures and standards shall permit relief only if a district can demonstrate at a minimum that:

(i) Individualized education plans are appropriate and are properly and efficiently prepared and formulated; and

(ii) The district is making a reasonable effort to provide appropriate program services for special education students utilizing state funds generated by the apportionment and special education funding formulas.

(c) For districts requesting safety net funds due to federal maintenance of effort requirements as a result in changes in the state special education formula, amounts provided for this purpose shall be calculated by the superintendent of public instruction and adjusted periodically based on the most current information available to the superintendent. The amount provided shall not exceed the lesser of:

(i) The district’s 1994-95 state excess cost allocation for resident special education students minus the relevant school year’s state special education formula allocation;

(ii) The district’s 1994-95 state excess cost allocation per resident special education student times the number of formula funded special education students for the relevant school year minus the relevant school year’s special education formula allocation;

(iii) The amount requested by the district; or

(iv) The amount awarded by the state oversight committee.

(9)(a) For purposes of making safety net determinations pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, the superintendent shall make available to each school district, from available data, prior to June 1st of each year:

(i) The district’s 1994-95 enrollment percent;

(ii) For districts with a 1994-95 enrollment percent over 12.7 percent, the maximum 1995-96 enrollment percent, and prior to 1996-97 the maximum 1996-97 enrollment percent;

(iii) The estimate to be used for purposes of subsection (8) of this section of each district’s 1994-95 special education allocation showing the excess cost and the basic education portions; and

(iv) If necessary, a process for each district to estimate the 1995-96 school year excess cost allocation for special education and the portion of the basic education allocation formerly included in the special education allocation. This process may utilize the allocations generated pursuant to subsection (4) of this section, each district’s 1994-95 estimated basic education backout percent for the 1994-95 school year, and state compensation increases for 1995-96.

(b) The superintendent, in consultation with the state auditor, shall take all necessary steps to successfully transition to the new formula and minimize paperwork at the district level associated with
federal maintenance of effort calculations. The superintendent shall develop such rules and procedures as are necessary to implement this process for the 1995-96 school year, and may use the same process.

(10) Prior to adopting any standards, procedures, or processes required to implement this section, the superintendent shall consult with the office of financial management and the fiscal committees of the legislature.

(11) Membership of the regional committees, in the 1995-96 school year, may include, but not be limited to:
   (a) A representative of the superintendent of public instruction;
   (b) One or more representatives from school districts including board members, superintendents, special education directors, and business managers; and
   (c) One or more staff from an educational service district.

(12) The state oversight committee appointed by the superintendent of public instruction shall consist of:
   (a) Staff of the office of superintendent of public instruction;
   (b) Staff of the office of the state auditor;
   (c) Staff from the office of the financial management; and
   (d) One or more representatives from school districts or educational service districts knowledgeable of special education programs and funding.

(13) The institute for public policy, in cooperation with the superintendent of public instruction, the office of financial management, and the fiscal committees of the legislature, shall evaluate the operation of the safety nets under subsections (7) and (8) of this section and shall prepare an interim report by December 15, 1995, and a final report on the first school year of operation by October 15, 1996.

(14) A maximum of $678,000 may be expended from the general fund--state appropriation to fund 5.43 full-time equivalent teachers and 2.1 full-time equivalent aides at Children's orthopedic hospital and medical center. This amount is in lieu of money provided through the home and hospital allocation and the special education program.

(15) $1,000,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation is provided solely for projects to provide special education students with appropriate job and independent living skills, including work experience where possible, to facilitate their successful transition out of the public school system. The funds provided by this subsection shall be from federal discretionary grants.

(16) Not more than $80,000 of the general fund--federal appropriation shall be expended for development of an inservice training program to identify students with dyslexia who may be in need of special education.

(17) A maximum of $933,600 of the general fund--state appropriation in fiscal year 1996 and a maximum of $933,600 of the general fund--state appropriation for fiscal year 1997 may be expended for state special education coordinators housed at each of the educational service districts. Employment and functions of the special education coordinators shall be determined in consultation with the superintendent of public instruction.

Sec. 1406. 1996 c 283 s 507 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR TRAFFIC SAFETY EDUCATION PROGRAMS
Public Safety and Education Account Appropriation  $ \((16,928,000)\)

16,824,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1994-95 school year.
(2) A maximum of $507,000 shall be expended for regional traffic safety education coordinators.
(3) The maximum basic state allocation per student completing the program shall be $137.16 in the 1995-96 and 1996-97 school years.
(4) Additional allocations to provide tuition assistance for students from low-income families who complete the program shall be a maximum of $66.81 per eligible student in the 1995-96 and 1996-97 school years.

Sec. 1407. 1996 c 283 s 509 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR LOCAL EFFORT
ASSISTANCE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 76,871,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (82,806,000)
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (159,677,000) 82,831,000

Sec. 1408. 1996 c 283 s 511 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR INSTITUTIONAL
EDUCATION PROGRAMS
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 15,798,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (17,928,000)
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 8,548,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (42,274,000) 40,581,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The general fund--state appropriation includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1994-95 school year.
(2) State funding provided under this section is based on salaries and other expenditures for a 220-day school year. The superintendent of public instruction shall monitor school district expenditure plans for institutional education programs to ensure that districts plan for a full-time summer program.
(3) State funding for each institutional education program shall be based on the institution's annual average full-time equivalent student enrollment. Staffing ratios for each category of institution and other state funding assumptions shall be those specified in the legislative budget notes.

Sec. 1409. 1996 c 283 s 512 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR PROGRAMS FOR
HIGHLY CAPABLE STUDENTS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 4,200,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (4,254,000)
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (8,454,000) 4,217,000

The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation includes such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1994-95 school year.
(2) Allocations for school district programs for highly capable students shall be distributed for up to one and one-half percent of each district's full-time equivalent basic education act enrollment.
(3) $436,000 of the appropriation is for the Centrum program at Fort Worden state park.

Sec. 1410. 1996 c 283 s 514 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR TRANSITIONAL
BILINGUAL PROGRAMS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 26,378,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ (28,432,000)
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation provides such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1994-95 school year.
(2) The superintendent shall distribute a maximum of $623.21 per eligible bilingual student in the 1995-96 school year and $623.31 in the 1996-97 school year.

Sec. 1411. 1996 c 283 s 515 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--FOR THE LEARNING ASSISTANCE PROGRAM
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 56,417,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((58,210,000))
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((114,627,000))

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) The appropriation provides such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1994-95 school year.
(2) For making the calculation of the percentage of students scoring in the lowest quartile as compared with national norms, beginning with the 1991-92 school year, the superintendent shall multiply each school district’s 4th and 8th grade test results by 0.86.
(3) Funding for school district learning assistance programs shall be allocated at a maximum rate of $366.74 per unit for the 1995-96 school year and a maximum of $366.81 per unit in the 1996-97 school year. School districts may carryover up to 10 percent of funds allocated under this program; however, carryover funds shall be expended for the learning assistance program.
(a) A school district’s units for the 1995-96 school year shall be the sum of the following:
(i) The 1995-96 full-time equivalent enrollment in kindergarten through 6th grade, times the 5-year average 4th grade test result as adjusted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, times 0.96; and
(ii) The 1995-96 full-time equivalent enrollment in grades 7 through 9, times the 5-year average 8th grade test result as adjusted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, times 0.96; and
(iii) If the district’s percentage of October 1994 headcount enrollment in grades K-12 eligible for free and reduced price lunch exceeds the state average, subtract the state average percentage of students eligible for free and reduced price lunch from the district’s percentage and multiply the result by the district’s 1995-96 K-12 annual average full-time equivalent enrollment times 11.68 percent.
(b) A school district’s units for the 1996-97 school year shall be the sum of the following:
(i) The 1996-97 full-time equivalent enrollment in kindergarten through 6th grade, times the 5-year average 4th grade test result as adjusted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, times 0.92; and
(ii) The 1996-97 full-time equivalent enrollment in grades 7 through 9, times the 5-year average 8th grade test result as adjusted pursuant to subsection (2) of this section, times 0.92; and
(iii) If the district’s percentage of October 1995 headcount enrollment in grades K-12 eligible for free and reduced price lunch exceeds the state average, subtract the state average percentage of students eligible for free and reduced price lunch from the district’s percentage and multiply the result by the district’s 1996-97 K-12 annual average full-time equivalent enrollment times 22.30 percent.

Sec. 1412. 1996 c 283 s 516 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION--LOCAL ENHANCEMENT FUNDS
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 56,846,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((58,123,000))

58,076,000
The appropriation in this section is subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. The appropriation provides such funds as are necessary for the remaining months of the 1994-95 school year.

2. School districts receiving moneys pursuant to this section shall expend at least fifty-eight percent of such moneys in school buildings for building based planning, staff development, and other activities to improve student learning, consistent with the student learning goals in RCW 28A.150.210 and RCW 28A.630.885. Districts receiving the moneys shall have a policy regarding the involvement of school staff, parents, and community members in instructional decisions. Each school using the moneys shall, by the end of the 1995-96 school year, develop and keep on file a building plan to attain the student learning goals and essential academic learning requirements and to implement the assessment system as it is developed. The remaining forty-two percent of such moneys may be used to meet other educational needs as identified by the school district. Program enhancements funded pursuant to this section do not fall within the definition of basic education for purposes of Article IX of the state Constitution and the state’s funding duty thereunder, nor shall such funding constitute levy reduction funds for purposes of RCW 84.52.0531.

3. Forty-two percent of the allocations to school districts shall be calculated on the basis of full-time enrollment at an annual rate per student of up to $26.30 for the 1995-96 and 1996-97 school years. For school districts enrolling not more than one hundred average annual full-time equivalent students, and for small school plants within any school district designated as remote and necessary schools, the allocations shall be as follows:
   a. Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students;
   b. Enrollment of not more than 20 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight shall generate funding based on twenty full-time equivalent students; and
   c. Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students.

4. Fifty-eight percent of the allocations to school districts shall be calculated on the basis of full-time enrollment at an annual rate per student of up to $36.69 for the 1995-96 and 1996-97 fiscal years. The state schools for the deaf and the blind may qualify for allocations of funds under this subsection. For school districts enrolling not more than one hundred average annual full-time equivalent students, and for small school plants within any school district designated as remote and necessary schools, the allocations shall be as follows:
   a. Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through six shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students;
   b. Enrollment of not more than 20 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight shall generate funding based on twenty full-time equivalent students; and
   c. Enrollment of not more than 60 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve shall generate funding based on sixty full-time equivalent students.

5. Beginning with the 1995-96 school year, to provide parents, the local community, and the legislature with information on the student learning improvement block grants, schools receiving funds for such purpose shall include, in the annual performance report required in RCW 28A.320.205, information on how the student learning improvement block grant moneys were spent and what results were achieved. Each school district shall submit the reports to the superintendent of public instruction and the superintendent shall provide the legislature with an annual report.

6. Receipt by a school district of one-fourth of the district’s allocation of funds under this section, shall be conditioned on a finding by the superintendent that the district is enrolled as a medicaid service provider and is actively pursuing federal matching funds for medical services provided through special education programs, pursuant to RCW 74.09.5241 through 74.09.5256 (Title XIX funding).
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1413. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 (uncodified) to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION--COMMON SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION
General Fund Appropriation to the Common School Construction Fund  $ 62,379,000

PART XV
HIGHER EDUCATION

Sec. 1501. 1996 c 283 s 602 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
The appropriations in sections 603 through 609 of this act provide state general fund support or employment and training trust account support for student full-time equivalent enrollments at each institution of higher education. Listed below are the annual full-time equivalent student enrollments by institution assumed in this act.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Institution</th>
<th>1995-96</th>
<th>1996-97</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Annual Average FTE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University of Washington</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main campus</td>
<td>29,857</td>
<td>30,455</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evening Degree Program</td>
<td>571</td>
<td>617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tacoma branch</td>
<td>588</td>
<td>747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bothell branch</td>
<td>533</td>
<td>685</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Washington State University</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Main campus</td>
<td>16,205</td>
<td>17,403</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spokane branch</td>
<td>283</td>
<td>352</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tri-Cities branch</td>
<td>624</td>
<td>724</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vancouver branch</td>
<td>723</td>
<td>851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central Washington University</td>
<td>6,903</td>
<td>7,256</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eastern Washington University</td>
<td>7,656</td>
<td>(7,825)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Evergreen State College</td>
<td>3,278</td>
<td>3,406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Western Washington University</td>
<td>9,483</td>
<td>10,038</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Board for Community and Technical Colleges</td>
<td>111,986</td>
<td>114,326</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Higher Education Coordinating Board | 50 | 50 | 7,739

Sec. 1502. 1996 c 283 s 603 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE BOARD FOR COMMUNITY AND TECHNICAL COLLEGES
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 345,763,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ (358,240,000)
General Fund--Federal Appropriation  $ 11,404,000
Employment and Training Trust Account Appropriation  $ 58,575,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ (773,982,000)
360,350,000
776,092,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $2,883,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for 500 supplemental FTE enrollment slots to implement RCW 28B.50.259 (timber-dependent communities).
(2) $58,575,000 of the employment and training trust account appropriation is provided solely for training and related support services specified in chapter 226, Laws of 1993 (employment and training for unemployed workers). Of this amount:

(a) $41,090,000 is to provide enrollment opportunity for 6,100 full-time equivalent students in fiscal year 1996 and 7,200 full-time equivalent students in fiscal year 1997. The state board for community and technical colleges shall submit to the workforce training and education coordinating board for review and approval a plan for the allocation of the full-time equivalents provided in this subsection.

(b) $8,403,000 is to provide child care assistance, transportation, and financial aid for the student enrollments funded in (a) of this subsection.

(c) $7,632,000 is to provide financial assistance for student enrollments funded in (a) of this subsection in order to enhance program completion for those enrolled students whose unemployment benefit eligibility will be exhausted or reduced before their training program is completed. The state board for community and technical colleges shall submit to the workforce training and education coordinating board for review and approval a plan for eligibility and disbursement criteria to be used in determining the award of moneys provided in this subsection.

(d) $750,000 is provided solely for an interagency agreement with the workforce training and education coordinating board for an independently contracted net-impact study to determine the overall effectiveness and outcomes of retraining and other services provided under chapter 226, Laws of 1993, (employment and training for unemployed workers). The net-impact study shall be completed and delivered to the legislature no later than December 31, 1996.

(e) $700,000 is to provide the operating resources for seven employment security department job service centers located on community and technical college campuses.

(3) $3,725,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for assessment of student outcomes at community and technical colleges.

(4) $1,412,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(5) $3,296,720 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for instructional equipment.

(6) $688,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided for new building operations and maintenance and shall be placed in reserve and expended only pursuant to allotment authority provided by the office of financial management.

(7) Up to $4,200,000 of the appropriations in this section may be used in combination with salary and benefit savings from faculty turnover to provide faculty salary increments.

(8) The technical colleges may increase tuition and fees to conform with the percentage increase in community college operating fees authorized in Substitute Senate Bill No. 5325.

(9) $4,200,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for transitional costs and accreditation requirements associated with the transfer of the technical colleges to the community college system. Colleges shall apply funding for distance learning and technology resources to address accreditation requirements in a cost-effective manner. Colleges are encouraged to negotiate with accreditation agencies for the acceptance of new educational technologies to meet accreditation standards.

(10) Up to $50,000, if matched by an equal amount from private sources, may be used to initiate an international trade education consortium, composed of selected community colleges, to fund and promote international trade education and training services in a variety of locations throughout the state, which services shall include specific business skills needed to develop and sustain international business opportunities that are oriented toward vocational, applied skills. The board shall report to appropriate legislative committees on these efforts at each regular session of the legislature.

(11) $2,000,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for productivity enhancements in student services and instruction that facilitate student progress, and innovation proposals that provide greater student access and learning opportunities. The state board for community and technical colleges shall report to the governor and legislature by October 1, 1997, on implementation of productivity and innovation programs supported by these funds.
(12) $1,500,000 of the general fund–state appropriation is provided solely for competitive grants to community and technical colleges to assist the colleges in serving disabled students. The state board for community and technical colleges shall award grants to colleges based on severity of need.

(13) $2,700,000 of the general fund–state appropriation is provided solely for the costs associated with standardizing part-time health benefits per Substitute Senate Bill No. 6583.

(14) By November 15, 1996, the board, in consultation with full- and part-time faculty groups, shall develop a plan and submit recommendations to the legislature to address compensation and staffing issues concerning inter- and intra-institutional salary disparities for full and part-time faculty. The board shall develop and submit to the governor and the legislature a ten-year implementation plan that: (a) Reflects the shared responsibility of the institutions and the legislature to address these issues; (b) reviews recent trends in the use of part-time faculty and makes recommendations to the legislature for appropriate ratios of part-time to full-time faculty staff; and (c) considers educational quality, long-range cost considerations, flexibility in program delivery, employee working conditions, and differing circumstances pertaining to local situations.

Sec. 1503. 1996 c 283 s 604 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 259,062,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ (267,933,000)

Death Investigations Account Appropriation  $ 1,685,000
Accident Account Appropriation  $ 4,348,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation  $ 4,343,000
Health Services Account Appropriation  $ 6,247,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ (543,678,000)

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $10,501,000 of the general fund–state appropriation is provided solely to operate upper-division and graduate level courses offered at the Tacoma branch campus. Of this amount, $237,000 is provided solely for continuation of the two-plus-two program operated jointly with the Olympic Community College; and (b) $700,000 is provided solely for building maintenance, equipment purchase, and moving costs and shall be placed in reserve and expended only pursuant to allotment authority provided by the office of financial management).

2. $9,665,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to operate upper-division and graduate level courses offered at the Bothell branch campus.

3. $2,300,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of chapter 492, Laws of 1993 (health care reform) to increase the supply of primary health care providers.

4. $300,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely to expand community-based training for physician assistants.

5. $300,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for the advanced registered nurse program.

6. $2,909,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for health benefits for teaching and research assistants pursuant to RCW 28B.10.660 (graduate service appointment health insurance).

7. $372,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

8. $648,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

9. $1,471,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided for new building operations and maintenance and shall be placed in reserve and expended only pursuant to allotment authority provided by the office of financial management.
(10) $500,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for enhancements to the mathematics, engineering and science achievement (MESA) program.

(11) $227,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for implementation of the Puget Sound water quality management plan.

(12) The university shall begin implementation of the professional staff and librarian market gap remedy plan II, which was submitted to the legislature in response to section 603(3), chapter 24, Laws of 1993 sp. sess. and section 603(3), chapter 6, Laws of 1994 sp. sess. As part of the implementation of the plan, an average salary increase of 5.0 percent may be provided to librarians and professional staff on July 1, 1995, to meet salary gaps as described in the plan.

(13) $184,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for participation of the University of Washington dental school in migrant/community health centers in the Yakima valley.

(14) At least $50,000 of the general fund appropriation shall be used for research at the Olympic natural resources center.

(15) $1,718,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for technological improvements to develop an integrated state-wide library system, of which $409,000 is for system-wide network costs.

Sec. 1504. 1996 c 283 s 605 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR WASHINGTON STATE UNIVERSITY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 150,272,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((159,410,000))

Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $ 33,000
Air Pollution Control Account Appropriation $ 105,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 1,400,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((311,220,000))

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) $12,008,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to operate upper-division and graduate level courses and other educational services offered at the Vancouver branch campus. $1,198,000 of this amount is provided for new building operations and maintenance and shall be placed in reserve and expended only pursuant to allotment authority provided by the office of financial management.

(2) $7,646,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to operate upper-division and graduate level courses and other educational services offered at the Tri-Cities branch campus. $53,000 of this amount is provided for new building operations and maintenance and shall be placed in reserve and expended only pursuant to allotment authority provided by the office of financial management.

(3) $8,042,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to operate graduate and professional level courses and other educational services offered at the Spokane branch campus.

(4) $372,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.

(5) $280,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.

(6) $1,400,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for health benefits for teaching and research assistants pursuant to RCW 28B.10.660 (graduate service appointment health insurance).

(7) $2,167,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided for new building operations and maintenance on the main campus and shall be placed in reserve and expended only pursuant to allotment authority provided by the office of financial management.
(8) $525,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to implement House Bill No. 1741 (wine and wine grape research). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(9) $1,000,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to implement Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1009 (pesticide research). If the bill is not enacted by June 30, 1995, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(10) $314,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for implementation of the Puget Sound water quality management plan.

(11) $25,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for operation of the energy efficiency programs transferred to Washington State University by House Bill No. 2009. If House Bill No. 2009 is not enacted by June 30, 1996, the amount provided in this subsection shall lapse.

(12) $450,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for equipment, software, and related expenditures to support a state-wide library network.

Sec. 1505. 1996 c 283 s 606 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR EASTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 37,350,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((38,394,000))

Health Services Account Appropriation $ 200,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((75,944,000))

38,168,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $372,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.
2. $186,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.
3. $200,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for health benefits for teaching and research assistants pursuant to RCW 28B.10.660 (graduate service appointment health insurance).
4. $166,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for new building operations and maintenance and shall be placed in reserve and expended only pursuant to allotment authority provided by the office of financial management.
5. $454,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for equipment, software, and related expenditures to support a state-wide library network.

Sec. 1506. 1996 c 283 s 607 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR CENTRAL WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 33,636,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997) $ ((36,250,000))

Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $ 10,000
Health Services Account Appropriation $ 140,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((70,036,000))

36,346,000

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

1. $372,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.
2. $140,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.
(3) $140,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for health benefits for teaching and research assistants pursuant to RCW 28B.10.660 (graduate service appointment health insurance).

(4) $1,293,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for equipment, software, and related expenditures to support a state-wide library network.

Sec. 1507. 1996 c 283 s 608 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE EVERGREEN STATE COLLEGE
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 18,436,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ ((19,325,000))

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ ((37,761,000))

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $372,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.
(2) $94,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.
(3) $58,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided for new building operations and maintenance and shall be placed in reserve and expended only pursuant to allotment authority provided by the office of financial management.
(4) $417,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for equipment, software, and related expenditures to support a state-wide library network.

Sec. 1508. 1996 c 283 s 609 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR WESTERN WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 42,533,000
General Fund Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ ((45,709,000))

Health Services Account Appropriation  $ 200,000

TOTAL APPROPRIATION  $ ((88,442,000))

The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:
(1) $372,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for assessment of student outcomes.
(2) $186,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely to recruit and retain minority students and faculty.
(3) $200,000 of the health services account appropriation is provided solely for health benefits for teaching and research assistants pursuant to RCW 28B.10.660 (graduate service appointment health insurance).
(4) $275,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided for new building operations and maintenance and shall be placed in reserve and expended only pursuant to allotment authority provided by the office of financial management.
(5) $873,000 of the general fund appropriation is provided solely for equipment, software, and related expenditures to support a state-wide library network.

Sec. 1509. 1996 c 283 s 610 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE HIGHER EDUCATION COORDINATING BOARD--POLICY COORDINATION AND ADMINISTRATION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996)  $ 1,984,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997)  $ ((2,365,000))

2,370,000
The appropriations in this section are provided to carry out the policy coordination, planning, studies, and administrative functions of the board and are subject to the following conditions and limitations: $560,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for enrollment to implement RCW 28B.80.570 through 28B.80.580 (timber dependent communities). The number of students served shall be 50 full-time equivalent students per fiscal year. The higher education coordinating board (HECB) in cooperation with the state board for community and technical college education (SBCTC) shall review the outcomes of the timber program and report to the governor and legislature by November 1, 1995. The review should include programs administered by the HECB and SBCTC. The review should address student satisfaction, academic success, and employment success resulting from expenditure of these funds. The boards should consider a broad range of recommendations, from strengthening the program with existing resources to terminating the program.

(2) $150,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for a study of higher education needs in North Snohomish/Island/Skagit counties. The board is directed to explore and recommend innovative approaches to providing educational programs. The board shall consider the use of technology and distance education as a means of meeting the higher education needs of the area. The study shall be completed and provided to the appropriate committees of the legislature by November 30, 1996.

(3) The higher education coordinating board, in conjunction with the office of financial management and public institutions of higher education, shall study institutional student enrollment capacity at each four-year university or college. The higher education coordinating board shall report to the governor and the appropriate committees of the legislature the maximum student enrollment that could be accommodated with existing facilities and those under design or construction as of the 1995-97 biennium. The report shall use national standards as a basis for making comparisons, and the report shall include recommendations for increasing student access by maximizing the efficient use of facilities. The report shall also consider ways the state can encourage potential four-year college students to enroll in schools having excess capacity.

(4) $70,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely to develop a competency-based admissions system for higher education institutions.

(5) $50,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for attorneys' fees and related expenses needed to defend the equal opportunity grant program.

(6) $140,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the design and development of recommendations for the creation of a college tuition prepayment program. A recommended program design and draft legislation shall be submitted to the office of financial management by September 30, 1996, for consideration in the 1997 legislative session. The development of the program shall be conducted in consultation with the state investment board, the state treasurer, the state actuary, the office of financial management, private financial institutions, and other qualified parties with experience in the areas of accounting, actuary, risk management, or investment management.

(7) $100,000 of the general fund--state appropriation is provided solely for the implementation of the assessment of prior learning experience program.

Sec. 1510. 1996 c 283 s 613 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE WASHINGTON STATE ARTS COMMISSION
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1996) $ 2,236,000
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ 1,997,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 934,000
General Fund--Private/Local Appropriation $ 7,000
Industrial Insurance Premium Refund Account Appropriation $ 1,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 5,175,000
PART XVI
SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 1601. 1996 c 283 s 701 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING
BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL FUND BOND DEBT

General Fund Appropriation $ (823,106,003) 805,100,003
State Building and Construction Account Appropriation $ (21,500,000) 15,000,000
Fisheries Bond Retirement Account 1977 Appropriation $ (291,245) 1,000
Community College Capital Improvement Bond Redemption Fund 1972 Appropriation $ (851,225) 425,550
Waste Disposal Facility Bond Redemption Fund Appropriation $ (19,592,375) 3,985,920
Water Supply Facility Bond Redemption Fund Appropriation $ (4413,613) 483,000
Indian Cultural Center Bond Redemption Fund Appropriation $ (426,682) 63,000
Social and Health Service Bond Redemption Fund 1976 Appropriation $ (2,019,427) 0
Higher Education Bond Retirement Fund 1977 Appropriation $ (8,272,858) 2,926,261
Salmon Enhancement Construction Bond Retirement Fund Appropriation $ (1,071,805) 274,673
Fire Service Training Center Bond Retirement Fund Appropriation $ (754,844) 378,000
Higher Education Bond Retirement Account 1988 Appropriation $ (4,000,000) 2,000,000
State General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund $ 788,886,959
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (1,671,887,006) 1,622,132,000

The general fund appropriation is for deposit into the account listed in section 801 of this act.

Sec. 1602. 1996 c 283 s 702 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING
BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT
TO BE REIMBURSED BY ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES

State Convention and Trade Center Account Appropriation $ (24,479,205) 24,501,328
Higher Education Reimbursement Enterprise Account Appropriation $ 633,913
Accident Account Appropriation $ (5,548,000) 5,281,997
Medical Account Appropriation $ (5,548,000) 5,281,997
State General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund $ 43,940,553
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (79,849,761) 79,639,788

Sec. 1603. 1996 c 283 s 703 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT TO BE REIMBURSED AS PRESCRIBED BY STATUTE

General Fund Appropriation $ 37,031,429
Higher Education Reimbursable Construction Account Appropriation $ (197,000) 50,088
Community College Capital Construction Bond Retirement Fund 1975 Appropriation $ 450,000
Higher Education Bond Retirement Fund 1979 Appropriation $ (2,887,000) 2,038,080
State General Obligation Retirement Fund $ 97,323,580
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (1,901,605,174) 1,841,268,000

Sec. 1604. 1996 c 283 s 705 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR BOND SALE EXPENSES

General Fund Appropriation $ 1,535,000
State Convention and Trade Center Account Appropriation $ 15,000
State Building Construction Account Appropriation $ 1,050,000
Higher Education Reimbursable Construction Account Appropriation $ 3,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 2,603,000

Total Bond Retirement and Interest Appropriations contained in sections 701 through 704 of this act $ (1,901,605,174) 1,841,268,000

Sec. 1605. 1996 c 283 s 709 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:

FOR SUNDRY CLAIMS. The following sums, or so much thereof as may be necessary, are appropriated from the general fund, unless otherwise indicated, for relief of various individuals, firms, and corporations for sundry claims. These appropriations are to be disbursed on vouchers approved by the director of general administration, except as otherwise provided, as follows:

(1) Reimbursement of criminal defendants acquitted on the basis of self-defense, pursuant to RCW 9A.16.110:
(a) Walter Watson, claim number SCJ-92-11 $ 6,003.00
(b) Carl L. Decker, claim number SCJ-95-02 $ 24,948.48
(c) Bill R. Hood, claim number SCJ-95-08 $ 71,698.72
(d) Rick Sevela, claim number SCJ-95-09 $ 6,937.22
(e) William V. Pearson, claim number SCJ-95-12 $ 5,929.99
(f) Craig T. Thiessen, claim number SCJ-95-13 $ 3,540.24
(g) Douglas Bauer, claim number SCJ-95-15 $ 40,015.86
(h) Walter A. Whyte, claim number SCJ-96-02 $ 2,989.30
(i) Allen R. Tuller, claim number SCJ-96-05 $ 12,121.44
(j) Martial P. McCollum, claim number SCJ-96-07 $ 3,000.00
(k) Jerry Garcia, claim number SCJ-96-11 $ 61,966.00
(l) Donald Smith, claim number SCJ-96-13 $ 6,246.11
(m) Charles H. Williams, claim number SCJ-96-16 $ 32,083.77
(n) Thomas Long, claim number SCJ-96-17 $ 4,512.50
(o) Jeff Fossett, claim number SCJ-96-21 $ 10,983.70
(p) Thomas Bender, claim number SCJ-96-22 $ 9,996.94
(q) Philip Romano, claim number SCO-96-01 $ 6,639.48
(r) Thomas Lee, claim number SCJ-97-01 $ 20,934.16
(s) Timothy Meyers, claim number SCJ-97-02 $ 71,600.00
(t) Robert G. Sullivan, claim number SCJ-97-03 $ 22,156.33
(u) Gay Dlugosh, claim number SCJ-97-04 $ 4,158.87
(v) Anthony C. Otto, on behalf of Justin Cali (claim number SCJ-97-09) and Stephen Posey (claim number SCJ-97-10) $ 16,961.28

(2) Payment from the state wildlife account for damage to crops by wildlife, pursuant to RCW 77.12.280:

(a) Wilson Banner Ranch, claim number SCG-95-01 $ 2,800.00
(b) James Koempel, claim number SCG-95-04 $ 5,291.08
(c) Mark Kayser, claim number SCG-95-06 $ 4,000.00
(d) (Peola Farms, Inc., claim number SCG-95-07 $ 1,046.50
(e)) Bailey’s Nursery, claim number SCG-96-01 $ 125.00
((4)) (e) Paul Gibbons, claim number SCG-96-02 $ 2,635.73
(f) Dale Kimmerly, claim number SCG-96-04 $ 676.00
(g) Robert Blank, claim number SCG-97-01 $ 2,166.00

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1606. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 (uncodified) to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE TREASURER--LOANS
General Fund Appropriation--For transfer to the Community College
Capital Projects Account $ 950,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1607. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 (uncodified) to read as follows:

The sum of seventy-five million dollars, or so much thereof as may be available on June 30, 1997, from the total amount of unspent fiscal year 1997 state general fund appropriations is appropriated for purposes of Substitute Senate Bill No. 6045 (savings incentive account) in the manner provided in this section.

(1) Of the total amount appropriated in this section, one-half that portion that is attributable to incentive savings, not to exceed twenty-five million dollars, is appropriated to the savings incentive account for the purpose of improving the quality, efficiency, and effectiveness of agency services and shall be credited to the agency that generated the savings.

(2) The remainder of the total amount appropriated in this section, not to exceed seventy-five million dollars, is appropriated to the education savings account for purposes of education technology projects.

(3) For purposes of this section, the total amount of unspent state general fund appropriations does not include either the appropriations made in this section or any amounts included in across-the-board allotment reductions under RCW 43.88.110.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1608. A new section is added to 1995 2nd sp.s. c 18 (uncodified) to read as follows:
FOR THE OFFICE OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT--YEAR 2000 ALLOCATIONS
General Fund--State Appropriation (FY 1997) $ 5,340,000
General Fund--Federal Appropriation $ 2,883,000
Liquor Revolving Account Appropriation $ 131,000
Health Care Authority Administrative Account Appropriation $ 631,000
Accident Account Appropriation $ 1,102,000
Medical Aid Account Appropriation $ 1,102,000
Unemployment Compensation Administration Account--Federal Appropriation $ 1,313,000
Administrative Contingency Account Appropriation $ 948,000
Employment Services Administrative Account Appropriation $ 500,000
Forest Development Account Appropriation $ 156,000
Off Road Vehicle Account Appropriation $ 7,000
Surveys and Maps Account Appropriation $ 1,000
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation $ 8,000
Resource Management Cost Account Appropriation $ 348,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ 14,470,000
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations:

(1) The appropriations in this section shall be deposited in the data processing revolving account for allocation, without appropriation, by the office of financial management to agencies to complete Year 2000 date conversion maintenance on their computer systems. Agencies shall submit their estimated costs of conversion to the office of financial management by July 1, 1997.

(2) In addition to the appropriations in this section, up to $10,000,000 of the cash balance of the data processing revolving account may be expended on agency Year 2000 date conversion costs. The $10,000,000 will be taken from the cash balances of the data processing revolving account’s two major users, as follows: $7,000,000 from the department of information services and $3,000,000 from the office of financial management. The office of financial management in consultation with the department of information services shall allocate these funds as needed to complete the date conversion projects.

(3) Agencies receiving these allocations shall report at a minimum to the information services board and to the governor every six months on the progress of Year 2000 maintenance efforts.

PART XVII
OTHER TRANSFERS AND APPROPRIATIONS

Sec. 1701. 1996 c 283 s 801 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT SUBJECT TO THE STATUTORY DEBT LIMIT
State General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund 1979 Fund Appropriation $ ((766,705,959))
Fisheries Bond Retirement Account 1977 Appropriation $ ((291,215)) 1,000
Community College Capital Improvement Bond Redemption Fund 1972 Appropriation $ ((851,225)) 425,550
Waste Disposal Facility Bond Redemption Fund Appropriation $ ((19,592,375)) 3,985,920
Water Supply Facility Bond Redemption Fund Appropriation $ ((1,413,613)) 483,000
Indian Cultural Center Bond Redemption Fund Appropriation $ ((426,682)) 63,000
Social and Health Service Bond Redemption Fund 1976 Appropriation $ ((2,019,427)) 0
Higher Education Bond Retirement Fund 1977 Appropriation $ ((8,272,858)) 2,926,261
Salmon Enhancement Construction Bond Retirement Fund Appropriation $ ((1,071,805)) 274,673
Fire Service Training Center Bond Retirement Fund Appropriation $ ((754,844)) 378,000
Higher Education Bond Retirement Account 1988 Appropriation $ ((4,000,000)) 2,000,000
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ ((823,106,003)) 777,243,363

The total expenditures from the state treasury under the appropriation in this section and the general fund appropriation in section 701 of this act shall not exceed the total appropriation in this section.

Sec. 1702. 1996 c 283 s 802 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE TREASURER--BOND RETIREMENT AND INTEREST, AND ONGOING
BOND REGISTRATION AND TRANSFER CHARGES: FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT
TO BE REIMBURSED BY AS PRESCRIBED BY STATUTE
Community College Capital Construction Bond Retirement Account
1975 Appropriation $ 450,000
Higher Education Bond Retirement Account 1979 Appropriation $ (2,887,000) 2,038,080
State General Obligation Bond Retirement Fund 1979 Appropriation $ 134,355,007
TOTAL APPROPRIATION $ (137,692,007) 136,843,087

The total expenditures from the state treasury under the appropriation in this section and the
general fund appropriation in section 703 of this act shall not exceed the total appropriation in this
section.

Sec. 1703. 1996 c 283 s 803 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
FOR THE STATE TREASURER--STATE REVENUES FOR DISTRIBUTION
General Fund Appropriation for fire insurance premiums distribution $ (5,641,000) 6,441,066
General Fund Appropriation for public utility district excise tax distribution $ (31,242,000) 30,744,280
General Fund Appropriation for prosecuting attorneys' salaries $ (2,800,000) 2,776,096
General Fund Appropriation for motor vehicle excise tax distribution $ (87,474,000) 86,356,053
General Fund Appropriation for local mass transit assistance $ (330,007,000) 344,615,340
General Fund Appropriation for camper and travel trailer excise tax distribution $ (3,498,000) 3,416,612
General Fund Appropriation for boating safety/education and law enforcement
distribution $ (3,365,000) 3,438,513
Aquatic Lands Enhancement Account Appropriation for harbor improvement
revenue distribution $ (130,000) 143,030
Liquor Excise Tax Account Appropriation for liquor excise tax distribution $ (21,500,000) 22,245,101
Liquor Revolving Fund Appropriation for liquor profits distribution $ (40,160,000) 41,799,400
Timber Tax Distribution Account Appropriation for distribution to "Timber" counties $ (448,750,000) 112,814,912
Municipal Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account Appropriation $ (58,181,000) 61,291,408
County Sales and Use Tax Equalization Account Appropriation $ (12,940,000) 9,208,276
Death Investigations Account Appropriation for distribution to counties for publicly
funded autopsies $ (1,200,000) 1,180,845
County Criminal Justice Account Appropriation $ (69,940,000) 71,579,595
Municipal Criminal Justice Account Appropriation $ (27,972,000) 28,196,587
The appropriations in this section are subject to the following conditions and limitations: The total expenditures from the state treasury under the appropriations in this section shall not exceed the funds available under statutory distributions for the stated purposes.

PART XVIII
MISCELLANEOUS

NEW SECTION, Sec. 1801. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 1802. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Correct the title.

The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Huff, Clements, Wensman, Pennington, Dyer, Alexander and Johnson spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

Representatives H. Sommers, Wolfe, Quall, Cody, Conway, Tokuda, Keiser, Cooper, Murray, Kenney and Kastama spoke against the passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2259.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2259 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 52, Nays - 46, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2259, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2259.

FRANK CHOPP, 43rd District

There being no objection, Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2259 was immediately transmitted to the Senate.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker April 26, 1997

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1418, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SHB 1418 Date: April 25, 1997

Includes "new item": YES

Mr. Speaker:

Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1418, Resource management cost account, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached H-3320.3/97) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"Sec. 1. RCW 79.64.020 and 1993 c 460 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

A resource management cost account in the state treasury is hereby created to be used solely for the purpose of defraying the costs and expenses necessarily incurred by the department in managing and administering public lands and the making and administering of leases, sales, contracts, licenses, permits, easements, and rights of way on or with respect to such lands as authorized under the provisions of this title. Appropriations from the account to the department shall be expended for no other purposes. The resource management cost account may receive and accept funds that are to be used for such purposes from any source. Funds in the account produced by a trust may be appropriated or transferred by the legislature only for the benefit of (all of) the ((trusts from which the funds were derived)) trust.

Sec. 2. RCW 79.64.030 and 1993 c 460 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Funds in the account derived from the gross proceeds of leases, sales, contracts, licenses, permits, easements, and rights of way issued by the department and affecting school lands, university lands, ((agricultural college lands,)) scientific school lands, normal school lands, capitol building lands, or institutional lands shall be ((pooled and)) expended by the department solely for the purpose of defraying the costs and expenses necessarily incurred in managing and administering ((all of the trust lands enumerated in this section)) state lands of the same trust. Such funds may be used for similar costs and expenses in managing and administering other lands managed by the department provided that
such expenditures that have been or may be made on such other lands shall be repaid to the resource management cost account together with interest at a rate determined by the board of natural resources.

Costs and expenses necessarily incurred in managing and administering agricultural college lands shall not be deducted from proceeds derived from the sale of agricultural college lands including the sale of resources that are part of those lands. The department shall use funds provided under section 3 of this act for the management and administration of agricultural college lands.

An accounting shall be made annually of the accrued expenditures from the trust funds in the account. In the event the accounting determines that expenditures have been made from moneys derived from trust lands for the benefit of another trust or other lands, such expenditure shall be considered a debt and an encumbrance against the property or trust funds benefited, including property held under chapter 76.12 RCW. The results of the accounting shall be reported to the legislature at the next regular session. The state treasurer is authorized, upon request of the department, to transfer funds between the forest development account and the resource management cost account solely for purpose of repaying loans pursuant to this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 79.64 RCW to read as follows:

(1) No part of the gross proceeds from leases, sales, contracts, licenses, permits, easements, and rights of way on or relating to the agricultural college lands may be used to defray costs or expenses incurred in managing and administering the lands, and all such gross proceeds shall be made available to the beneficiary of the agricultural college lands.

(2) The board shall determine the amount necessary in order to achieve the purposes of this chapter for the agricultural college lands. The department shall bill the state of Washington for this amount. The billing authorized under this section shall in no event exceed twenty-two percent of the gross proceeds received by the beneficiary under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The state of Washington shall pay the department for administering and managing the agricultural college lands. The state may choose the fund source to use to pay this cost, provided that the funds represent moneys from the treasury of the state. The state may not pay this cost using proceeds received by the beneficiary under subsection (1) of this section.

(4) The department shall deposit the moneys received from the state for the management and administration of the agricultural college lands into the account.

Sec. 4. RCW 79.64.040 and 1981 2nd ex.s. c 4 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Except as provided in section 3 of this act, the board shall determine the amount deemed necessary in order to achieve the purposes of this chapter and shall provide by rule for the deduction of this amount from the gross proceeds of all leases, sales, contracts, licenses, permits, easements, and rights of way issued by the department and affecting public lands. Moneys received as deposits from successful bidders, advance payments, and security under RCW 79.01.132 and 79.01.204 prior to December 1, 1981, which have not been subjected to deduction under this section are not subject to deduction under this section. The deductions authorized under this section shall in no event exceed twenty-five percent of the total sum received by the department in connection with any one transaction pertaining to public lands other than second class tide and shore lands and the beds of navigable waters, and fifty percent of the total gross proceeds received by the department pertaining to second class tide and shore lands and the beds of navigable waters.

Sec. 5. RCW 79.01.136 and 1979 ex.s. c 109 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

Before any state lands are offered for sale, or lease, or are assigned, the department of natural resources may establish the fair market value of those authorized improvements not owned by the state. In the event that agreement cannot be reached between the state and the lessee on the fair market value, such valuation shall be submitted to a review board of appraisers. The board shall be as follows: One member to be selected by the lessee and his or her expense shall be borne by the lessee; one member selected by the state and his or her expense shall be borne by the state; these members so selected shall mutually select a third member and his or her expenses shall be shared equally by the lessee and the state. The majority decision of this appraisal review board shall be binding on both parties. For this purpose "fair market value" is defined as: The highest price in terms of money which a property will
bring in a competitive and open market under all conditions of a fair sale, the buyer and seller, each prudently knowledgeable and assuming the price is not affected by undue stimulus. All damages and wastes committed upon such lands and other obligations due from the lessee shall be deducted from the appraised value of the improvements (PROVIDED, That). However, the department of natural resources on behalf of the respective trust may purchase at fair market value those improvements if it appears to be in the best interest of the state (from the RMCA of the general fund). Payment for the improvements may be made with funds held on behalf of the trust in the resource management cost account established under RCW 79.64.020.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 1997."

On page 1, line 3 of the title, after "lands;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 79.64.020, 79.64.030, 79.64.040, and 79.01.136; adding a new section to chapter 79.64 RCW; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee recommendation on Substitute House Bill No. 1418, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1418 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Buck and Regala spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1418, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1418, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1565, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SHB 1565 April 26, 1997

Includes "NEW ITEM": YES

Mr. President:

Mr. Speaker:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1565, Small scale mining/prospecting, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached 1565-S AMC CONF S3335.1) be adopted, and

and that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that small scale prospecting and mining: (1) Is an important part of the heritage of the state; (2) provides economic benefits to the state; and (3) can be conducted in a manner that is beneficial to fish habitat and fish propagation. Now, therefore, the legislature declares that small scale prospecting and mining shall be regulated in the least burdensome manner that is consistent with the state's fish management objectives and the federal endangered species act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 75.20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Small scale prospecting and mining shall not require written approval under this chapter if the prospecting is conducted in accordance with provisions established by the department.

(2) By December 31, 1998, the department shall adopt rules applicable to small scale prospecting and mining activities subject to this section. The department shall develop the rules in cooperation with the recreational mining community and other interested parties.

(3) Within two months of adoption of the rules, the department shall distribute an updated gold and fish pamphlet that describes methods of mineral prospecting that are consistent with the department’s rule. The pamphlet shall be written to clearly indicate the prospecting methods that require written approval under this chapter and the prospecting methods that require compliance with the pamphlet. To the extent possible, the department shall use the provisions of the gold and fish pamphlet to minimize the number of specific provisions of a written approval issued under this chapter.

(4) For the purposes of this chapter, "small scale prospecting and mining" means only the use of the following methods: Pans, nonmotorized sluice boxes, concentrators, and minirocker boxes for the discovery and recovery of minerals."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "mining;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "adding a new section to chapter 75.20 RCW; and creating a new section."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, The House adopted the Conference Committee recommendation on Substitute House Bill No. 1565, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE
Representative Pennington stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1565 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Mielke and Regala spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 1565, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 1565, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate refused to grant the request of the House for a conference on ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1730. The Senate receded from its Committee on Agriculture and Ecology striking amendment(s) (1730-S.E AAS 4/14/97 S2783.1). Under suspension of rules, the bill was returned to second reading for purpose of amendment #519, and the bill passed the Senate as amended (see attached 1730-S.E AAS 4/26/97 S3319.1),

On page 3, line 8, after ";" insert "or"

On page 3, beginning on line 11, after "leased" strike all material through "chapter" on line 14 and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendment to Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1730, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE AS AMENDED BY SENATE

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1730 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Chandler and Linville spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL
The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1730 as amended by the Senate, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 1730, as amended by the Senate, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SSB 5718 Date: April 23, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5718, Protecting certain personal information in state motor vehicle and driver records, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached S-3300.1/97) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. This chapter may be cited as the Uniform Motor Vehicle and Driver Records Disclosure Act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The purpose of this chapter is to implement the federal Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994 (Title XXX P.L. 103-322). The legislature finds that the people of the state of Washington recognize the public benefit derived from motor vehicle registration and titling, driver licensing, and the issuance of identification documentation, and that the people recognize the need to provide personal information to the state of Washington and its agencies in order to properly maintain records on these activities.

The legislature further finds that the people have a right to expect that personal information maintained in motor vehicle and driver records will be used only for purposes relating to the ownership or operation of a motor vehicle, for purposes of public safety, and as otherwise expressly required or permitted by law.

It is the intent of this act to protect the interests of individuals in their personal privacy by prohibiting the disclosure and use of personal information contained in their motor vehicle and driver records, except as authorized by those individuals or by law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
(1) "Disclose" means to engage in any practice or conduct to make available and make known personal information contained in a motor vehicle or driver record about a person to any other person, organization, or entity, by any means of communication.

(2) "Individual record" is a motor vehicle or driver record containing personal information about a designated person who is the subject of the record as identified in a request.

(3) "Motor vehicle or driver record" means any record that pertains to a motor vehicle operator’s or driver’s license or permit, motor vehicle registration, motor vehicle title, or identification document issued by the department of licensing, or other state or local agency authorized to issue any of such forms of credentials.

(4) "Person" means an individual, organization, or entity, but does not include the state of Washington or an agency thereof.

(5) "Personal information" means information that identifies a person, including an individual’s photograph or computerized image, social security number, driver identification number, name, address (but not the five-digit zip code), telephone number, and medical or disability information, but does not include information on vehicular accidents, driving or equipment-related violations, and driver’s license or registration status.

(6) "Record" includes all books, papers, photographs, photostats, cards, films, tapes, recordings, electronic data, printouts, or other documentary materials regardless of physical form or characteristics.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Notwithstanding chapter 42.17 RCW to the contrary, except as provided in section 5, 6, or 7 of this act, the department and any officer, employee, agent, or contractor thereof shall not disclose personal information about any person obtained by the department in connection with a motor vehicle or driver record.


NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Nothing in this chapter prevents the disclosure of personal information referred to in section 4 of this act to a requesting person if the person demonstrates, in a form and manner prescribed by the department, that the person has obtained the written consent of the person who is the subject of the information.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. Personal information referred to in section 4 of this act may be disclosed as otherwise permitted by law to any person by the department, its officers, employees, or contractors, on proof of the identity of the person requesting a record or records and representation by such person that the use of the personal information will be strictly limited to one or more of the following described uses:

(1) For use by any government agency, including any court or law enforcement agency, in carrying out its functions, or any private person or entity acting on behalf of a government agency in carrying out its functions, subject to a disclosure agreement with the releasing agency;

(2) For use in connection with matters of motor vehicle or driver safety and theft; motor vehicle emissions; motor vehicle product alterations, recalls, or advisories; performance monitoring of motor vehicles, motor vehicle parts, and dealers; motor vehicle market research activities, including survey research; and removal of nonowner records from the original owner records of motor vehicle manufacturers;
(3) For use in the normal course of business by a legitimate business or its agents, employees, or contractors, but only:
   (a) To verify the accuracy of personal information submitted by the individual to the business or its agents, employees, or contractors; and
   (b) If such information as so submitted is not correct or is no longer correct, to obtain the correct information, but only for the purposes of preventing fraud by, pursuing legal remedies against, or recovering on a debt or security interest against, the individual;
(4) For use in connection with any civil, criminal, administrative, or arbitral proceeding in any court or government agency or before any self-regulatory body, including the service of process, investigation in anticipation of litigation, and the execution or enforcement of judgments and orders, or pursuant to an order of any court;
(5) For use in research activities, and for use in producing statistical reports, so long as the personal information is not published, redisclosed, or used to contact individuals;
(6) For use by any insurer or insurance support organization, or by a self-insured entity, or its agents, employees, or contractors, in connection with claims investigation activities, anti-fraud activities, rating, or underwriting;
(7) For use in providing notice to the legal and registered owners of towed or impounded vehicles;
(8) For use by any licensed private investigative agency or licensed security service for any purpose permitted under this section;
(9) For use by an employer or its agent or insurer to obtain or verify information relating to a holder of a commercial driver’s license that is required under the Commercial Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1986 (49 U.S.C. App. 2710 et seq.);
(10) For use in connection with the operation of private toll transportation facilities;
(11) For use in connection with matters of public interest where the use is related to operation of a motor vehicle or to public safety, including disclosure to the news media for public dissemination. For purposes of this subsection, the use of personal information is related to public safety if it concerns the physical safety or security of citizens as drivers, passengers, or pedestrians and their vehicles or property; and
(12) For any other use specifically authorized by law that is related to the operation of a motor vehicle or public safety.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. Disclosure of personal information required or permitted under sections 5 through 7 of this act shall be subject to payment by the requesting person to the department of all fees for the information required by statute, regulation, administrative practice, or the terms of any contract with the requesting person, on such terms for payment as may be required or agreed, or as may be determined by the department within the constraints of law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. In addition to provisions for payment of applicable fees, the department may, prior to the disclosure of personal information as permitted under sections 5 through 7 of this act, require the meeting of conditions by the requesting person for the purposes of obtaining reasonable assurance concerning the identity of such requesting person, and, to the extent required, that the use will be only as authorized, or the consent of the person who is the subject of the information has been obtained. Such conditions may include, but need not be limited to, the making and filing of a written application in such form and containing such information and certification requirements as the department may prescribe.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. An authorized recipient of personal information may resell or redisclose the information for any use permitted under section 7 of this act if such resale or redisclosure is otherwise permitted by law, and subject to any applicable agreement with the department.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Any social security number obtained from a person applying for or renewing a noncommercial driver's license shall be used solely for the purpose of verifying the validity
of the number with the social security administration, as required by the federal illegal immigration act, P.L. 104-208. Once the validity of the number has been established, all record of the number shall be destroyed and no record of the number shall be maintained by the department of licensing or its contractors or agents.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. The department is authorized to adopt rules to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. Any person requesting the disclosure of personal information from department records who knowingly misrepresents his or her identity or knowingly makes a false statement to the department on any application required to be submitted pursuant to this chapter shall be guilty of false swearing, a gross misdemeanor, under RCW 9A.72.040.

Sec. 14. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:
(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.
(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.
(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer’s right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.
(d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person’s right to privacy.
(e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person’s life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.
(f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.
(g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.
(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.
(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.
(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.
(k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.
(l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

(aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.
(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

(gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.

(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.

(jj) Personal information maintained by the department of licensing in connection with motor vehicle or driver records, as provided in section 4 of this act.

(kk) Records before and during the course of any collective bargaining, labor negotiations, or grievance or mediation proceedings that would reveal the strategy or position being taken by an agency.

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.

Sec. 15. RCW 46.12.370 and 1982 c 215 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

In addition to any other authority which it may have, and subject to section 4 of this act, the department of licensing may furnish lists of registered and legal owners of motor vehicles only for the purposes specified in this section to:


(2) Any governmental agency of the United States or Canada, or political subdivisions thereof, to be used by it or by its authorized commercial agents or contractors only in connection with the enforcement of motor vehicle or traffic laws by, or programs related to traffic safety of, that government agency. Only such parts of the list as are required for completion of the work required of the agent or contractor shall be provided to such agent or contractor; or
Any business regularly making loans to other persons to finance the purchase of motor vehicles, to be used to assist the person requesting the list to determine ownership of specific vehicles for the purpose of determining whether or not to provide such financing. In the event a list of registered and legal owners of motor vehicles is used for any purpose other than that authorized in subsections (1), (2) and (3) of this section, the manufacturer, governmental agency, financial institution or their authorized agents or contractors responsible for the unauthorized disclosure or use will be denied further access to such information by the department of licensing.

Sec. 16. RCW 46.12.380 and 1995 c 254 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 42.17 RCW, the name or address of an individual vehicle owner shall not be released by the department, county auditor, or agency or firm authorized by the department except as provided in section 5, 6, or 7 of this act and under the following circumstances:
(a) The requesting party is a business entity that requests the information for use in the course of business;
(b) The request is a written request that is signed by the person requesting disclosure that contains the full legal name and address of the requesting party, that specifies the purpose for which the information will be used; and
(c) The requesting party enters into a disclosure agreement with the department in which the party promises that the party will use the information only for the purpose stated in the request for the information; and that the party does not intend to use, or facilitate the use of, the information for the purpose of making any unsolicited business contact with a person named in the disclosed information. The term "unsolicited business contact" means a contact that is intended to result in, or promote, the sale of any goods or services to a person named in the disclosed information. The term does not apply to situations where the requesting party and such person have been involved in a business transaction prior to the date of the disclosure request and where the request is made in connection with the transaction.
(2) The disclosing entity shall retain the request for disclosure for three years.
(3) Whenever the disclosing entity grants a request for information under this section by an attorney or private investigator, the disclosing entity shall provide notice to the vehicle owner, to whom the information applies, that the request has been granted. The notice also shall contain the name and address of the requesting party.
(4) Any person who is furnished vehicle owner information under this section shall be responsible for assuring that the information furnished is not used for a purpose contrary to the agreement between the person and the department.
(5) This section shall not apply to requests for information by governmental entities or requests that may be granted under any other provision of this title expressly authorizing the disclosure of the names or addresses of vehicle owners. Governmental entities that are exempt from the prohibition on receiving the name or address of an individual vehicle owner under this subsection, may disclose such information to any person, as defined under section 3 of this act, based on information demonstrating a reasonable suspicion of serious threat to person or property in relation to any person's operation of a motor vehicle or public safety.
(6) This section shall not apply to title history information under RCW 19.118.170.

Sec. 17. RCW 46.52.060 and 1979 c 158 s 161 are each amended to read as follows:
It shall be the duty of the chief of the Washington state patrol to file, tabulate, and analyze all accident reports and to publish annually, immediately following the close of each fiscal year, and monthly during the course of the year, statistical information based thereon showing the number of accidents, the location, the frequency and circumstances thereof and other statistical information which may prove of assistance in determining the cause of vehicular accidents.
Such accident reports and analysis or reports thereof shall be available to the director of licensing, the department of transportation, the utilities and transportation commission, or their duly authorized representatives, for further tabulation and analysis for pertinent data relating to the regulation of highway traffic, highway construction, vehicle operators and all other purposes, and to
publish information so derived as may be deemed of publication value, within the constraints of section 4 of this act.

Sec. 18. RCW 46.52.120 and 1993 c 501 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall keep a case record on every motor vehicle driver licensed under the laws of this state, together with information on each driver, showing all the convictions and findings of traffic infractions certified by the courts, together with an index cross-reference record of each accident reported relating to such individual with a brief statement of the cause of the accident. The chief of the Washington state patrol shall furnish the index cross-reference record to the director, with reference to each driver involved in the reported accidents.

(2) The records shall be for the confidential use of the director, the chief of the Washington state patrol, the director of the Washington traffic safety commission, and for such police officers or other cognizant public officials as may be designated by law, and shall not be disclosed except as permitted under section 5, 6, or 7 of this act and as otherwise permitted by law. Such case records shall not be offered as evidence in any court except in case appeal is taken from the order of the director, suspending, revoking, canceling, or refusing a vehicle driver's license.

(3) The director shall tabulate and analyze vehicle driver's case records and suspend, revoke, cancel, or refuse a vehicle driver's license to a person when it is deemed from facts contained in the case record of such person that it is for the best interest of public safety that such person be denied the privilege of operating a motor vehicle. Whenever the director orders the vehicle driver's license of any such person suspended, revoked, or canceled, or refuses the issuance of a vehicle driver's license, such suspension, revocation, cancellation, or refusal is final and effective unless appeal from the decision of the director is taken as provided by law.

Sec. 19. RCW 46.52.130 and 1996 c 307 s 4 and 1996 c 183 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

A certified abstract of the driving record shall be furnished only to the individual named in the abstract, an employer or prospective employer or an agent acting on behalf of an employer or prospective employer if the named individual's employment involves the operation of a motor vehicle, the insurance carrier that has insurance in effect covering the employer or a prospective employer, the insurance carrier that has insurance in effect covering the named individual, the insurance carrier to which the named individual has applied, an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency approved by the department of social and health services, to which the named individual has applied or been assigned for evaluation or treatment, or city and county prosecuting attorneys. For purposes of section 7(11) of this act, the disclosure of personal information contained in the abstract of the driving record to an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency shall be authorized for purposes of public safety. City attorneys and county prosecuting attorneys may provide the driving record to alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies approved by the department of social and health services to which the named individual has applied or been assigned for evaluation or treatment. The director, upon proper request, shall furnish a certified abstract covering the period of not more than the last three years to insurance companies. Upon proper request, the director shall furnish a certified abstract covering a period of not more than the last five years to state approved alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies, except that the certified abstract shall also include records of alcohol-related offenses as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2) covering a period of not more than the last ten years. Upon proper request, a certified abstract of the full driving record maintained by the department shall be furnished to a city or county prosecuting attorney, to the individual named in the abstract or to an employer or prospective employer or an agent acting on behalf of an employer or prospective employer of the named individual. The abstract, whenever possible, shall include an enumeration of motor vehicle accidents in which the person was driving; the total number of vehicles involved; whether the vehicles were legally parked or moving; whether the vehicles were occupied at the time of the accident; any reported convictions, forfeitures of bail, or findings that an infraction was committed based upon a violation of any motor vehicle law; and the status of the person's driving privilege in this state. The enumeration shall include any reports of failure to appear in response to a traffic citation or failure to respond to a notice of infraction served upon the named individual by an arresting officer. Certified
abstracts furnished to prosecutors and alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agencies shall also indicate whether a recorded violation is an alcohol-related offense as defined in RCW 46.01.260(2) that was originally charged as one of the alcohol-related offenses designated in RCW 46.01.260(2)((a)(i)) (b)(i).

The abstract provided to the insurance company shall exclude any information, except that related to the commission of misdemeanors or felonies by the individual, pertaining to law enforcement officers or fire fighters as defined in RCW 41.26.030, or any officer of the Washington state patrol, while driving official vehicles in the performance of occupational duty. The abstract provided to the insurance company shall include convictions for RCW 46.61.525 (1) and (2) except that the abstract shall report them only as negligent driving without reference to whether they are for first or second degree negligent driving. The abstract provided to the insurance company shall exclude any deferred prosecution under RCW 10.05.060, except that if a person is removed from a deferred prosecution under RCW 10.05.090, the abstract shall show the deferred prosecution as well as the removal.

The director shall collect for each abstract the sum of four dollars and fifty cents which shall be deposited in the highway safety fund.

Any insurance company or its agent receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for its own underwriting purposes and shall not divulge any of the information contained in it to a third party. No policy of insurance may be canceled, nonrenewed, denied, or have the rate increased on the basis of such information unless the policyholder was determined to be at fault. No insurance company or its agent for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of commercial motor vehicles may use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person’s operation of motor vehicles while not engaged in such employment, nor may any insurance company or its agent for underwriting purposes relating to the operation of noncommercial motor vehicles use any information contained in the abstract relative to any person’s operation of commercial motor vehicles.

Any employer or prospective employer or an agent acting on behalf of an employer or prospective employer receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for his or her own purpose to determine whether the licensee should be permitted to operate a commercial vehicle or school bus upon the public highways of this state and shall not divulge any information contained in it to a third party.

Any alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency approved by the department of social and health services receiving the certified abstract shall use it exclusively for the purpose of assisting its employees in making a determination as to what level of treatment, if any, is appropriate. The agency, or any of its employees, shall not divulge any information contained in the abstract to a third party.

Release of a certified abstract of the driving record of an employee or prospective employee requires a statement signed by: (1) The employee or prospective employee that authorizes the release of the record, and (2) the employer attesting that the information is necessary to determine whether the licensee should be employed to operate a commercial vehicle or school bus upon the public highways of this state. If the employer or prospective employer authorizes an agent to obtain this information on their behalf, this must be noted in the statement.

Any violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 20. RCW 46.63.020 and 1996 c 307 s 6, 1996 c 287 s 7, 1996 c 93 s 3, 1996 c 87 s 21, and 1996 c 31 s 3 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

Failure to perform any act required or the performance of any act prohibited by this title or an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution relating to traffic including parking, standing, stopping, and pedestrian offenses, is designated as a traffic infraction and may not be classified as a criminal offense, except for an offense contained in the following provisions of this title or a violation of an equivalent administrative regulation or local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution:

(1) Section 13 of this act relating to misrepresentation of identity or making a false statement to the department on an application for personal information;
(2) RCW 46.09.120(2) relating to the operation of a nonhighway vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance;
(((2))) (3) RCW 46.09.130 relating to operation of nonhighway vehicles;
RCW 46.10.090(2) relating to the operation of a snowmobile while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or narcotics or habit-forming drugs; or in a manner endangering the person of another;

RCW 46.10.130 relating to the operation of snowmobiles;

Chapter 46.12 RCW relating to certificates of ownership and registration and markings indicating that a vehicle has been destroyed or declared a total loss;

RCW 46.16.010 relating to initial registration of motor vehicles;

RCW 46.16.011 relating to permitting unauthorized persons to drive;

RCW 46.16.160 relating to vehicle trip permits;

RCW 46.16.381 (6) or (9) relating to unauthorized use or acquisition of a special placard or license plate for disabled persons' parking;

RCW 46.20.021 relating to driving without a valid driver's license, unless the person cited for the violation provided the citing officer with an expired driver's license or other valid identifying documentation under RCW 46.20.035 at the time of the stop and was not in violation of RCW 46.20.342(1) or 46.20.420, in which case the violation is an infraction;

RCW 46.20.091 relating to false statements regarding a driver's license or instruction permit;

RCW 46.20.336 relating to the unlawful possession and use of a driver's license;

RCW 46.20.342 relating to driving with a suspended or revoked license or status;

RCW 46.20.410 relating to the violation of restrictions of an occupational driver's license;

RCW 46.20.420 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle with a suspended or revoked license;

RCW 46.20.750 relating to assisting another person to start a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device;

RCW 46.25.170 relating to commercial driver's licenses;

Chapter 46.29 RCW relating to financial responsibility;

RCW 46.30.040 relating to providing false evidence of financial responsibility;

RCW 46.37.435 relating to wrongful installation of sunscreens material;

RCW 46.44.180 relating to operation of mobile home pilot vehicles;

RCW 46.48.175 relating to the transportation of dangerous articles;

RCW 46.52.010 relating to striking an unattended car or other property;

RCW 46.52.020 relating to duty in case of injury to or death of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;

RCW 46.52.090 relating to reports by repairmen, storagemen, and appraisers;

RCW 46.52.100 relating to driving under the influence of liquor or drugs;

RCW 46.52.130 relating to confidentiality of the driving record to be furnished to an insurance company, an employer, and an alcohol/drug assessment or treatment agency;

RCW 46.55.020 relating to engaging in the activities of a registered tow truck operator without a registration certificate;

RCW 46.55.035 relating to prohibited practices by tow truck operators;

RCW 46.61.015 relating to obedience to police officers, flagmen, or fire fighters;

RCW 46.61.020 relating to refusal to give information to or cooperate with an officer;

RCW 46.61.022 relating to failure to stop and give identification to an officer;

RCW 46.61.024 relating to attempting to elude pursuing police vehicles;

RCW 46.61.500 relating to reckless driving;

RCW 46.61.502 and 46.61.504 relating to persons under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;

RCW 46.61.503 relating to a person under age twenty-one driving a motor vehicle after consuming alcohol;

RCW 46.61.520 relating to vehicular homicide by motor vehicle;

RCW 46.61.522 relating to vehicular assault;

RCW 46.61.525(1) relating to first degree negligent driving;
RCW 46.61.527(4) relating to reckless endangerment of roadway workers;
RCW 46.61.530 relating to racing of vehicles on highways;
RCW 46.61.685 relating to leaving children in an unattended vehicle with the motor running;
RCW 46.64.010 relating to unlawful cancellation of or attempt to cancel a traffic citation;
RCW 46.64.048 relating to attempting, aiding, abetting, coercing, and committing crimes;
Chapter 46.65 RCW relating to habitual traffic offenders;
RCW 46.68.010 relating to false statements made to obtain a refund;
Chapter 46.70 RCW relating to unfair motor vehicle business practices, except where that chapter provides for the assessment of monetary penalties of a civil nature;
Chapter 46.72 RCW relating to the transportation of passengers in for hire vehicles;
RCW 46.--.-- (section 9, chapter 87, Laws of 1996) relating to limousine carrier insurance;
RCW 46.--.-- (section 10, chapter 87, Laws of 1996) relating to operation of a limousine without a vehicle certificate;
RCW 46.--.-- (section 11, chapter 87, Laws of 1996) relating to false advertising by a limousine carrier:
Chapter 46.80 RCW relating to motor vehicle wreckers;
Chapter 46.82 RCW relating to driver’s training schools;
RCW 46.87.260 relating to alteration or forgery of a cab card, letter of authority, or other temporary authority issued under chapter 46.87 RCW;
RCW 46.87.290 relating to operation of an unregistered or unlicensed vehicle under chapter 46.87 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. A new section is added to Title 46 RCW to read as follows:
(1) In order to ensure the integrity of the driver license and identicard to enhance motorist privacy in the personal information contained in driver records, by February 1, 1998, the department shall enter into a contract for the procurement of a new driver’s license and identicard. The new driver’s license and identicard shall only incorporate the following security features designed to protect against fraudulent access to personal information:
(a) A central issuance system that requires issuance of permanent licenses and identicards from one central, secure location. Upon verification of eligibility, the license or identicard will be mailed to the resident;
(b) A digital imaging system that permits a person’s photograph and signature to be stored and displayed by computer, which allows for improved file management, flexibility, responsiveness, and fraud protection;
(c) Machine-readable technologies, including a one-dimensional bar code, two-dimensional bar code, and a magnetic stripe to provide for rapid and accurate verification that the license or identicard is genuine. Through encryption, both the magnetic stripe and two-dimensional bar code offer additional levels of security against alteration and counterfeiting; and
(d) An optical variable device that is not readily available to the general public. The image or color change of the optical variable device must prevent fraudulent duplication by making attempts at alteration apparent by distortion or destruction of the license or identicard. The optical variable device must prevent the license or identicard from being accurately copied by color photography or a color copier. The optical variable device must utilize the most secure technology available to prevent tampering, fraudulent duplication, separation, and alteration. Additionally, the department may provide for a second picture of the card holder printed on the license or identicard in ultraviolet ink. The digital printing must enable the applicant’s ultraviolet picture to be added to the license or identicard at the time of issuance for presentation of information that is uniquely tied to the card holder.
(2)(a) Upon issuance of an identicard under this section, there is imposed a six dollar fee in addition to the fee imposed under RCW 46.20.117.
(b) Upon issuance of a driver’s license under this section, there is imposed a six dollar fee in addition to the fee imposed under RCW 46.20.161.

(c) Upon issuance of a renewed driver’s license under this section, there is imposed a six dollar fee in addition to the fee under RCW 46.20.181.

Sec. 22. RCW 46.70.180 and 1997 c... (HB 1198) s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Each of the following acts or practices is unlawful:

(1) To cause or permit to be advertised, printed, displayed, published, distributed, broadcasted, televised, or disseminated in any manner whatsoever, any statement or representation with regard to the sale or financing of a vehicle which is false, deceptive, or misleading, including but not limited to the following:

(a) That no down payment is required in connection with the sale of a vehicle when a down payment is in fact required, or that a vehicle may be purchased for a smaller down payment than is actually required;

(b) That a certain percentage of the sale price of a vehicle may be financed when such financing is not offered in a single document evidencing the entire security transaction;

(c) That a certain percentage is the amount of the service charge to be charged for financing, without stating whether this percentage charge is a monthly amount or an amount to be charged per year;

(d) That a new vehicle will be sold for a certain amount above or below cost without computing cost as the exact amount of the factory invoice on the specific vehicle to be sold;

(e) That a vehicle will be sold upon a monthly payment of a certain amount, without including in the statement the number of payments of that same amount which are required to liquidate the unpaid purchase price.

(2) To incorporate within the terms of any purchase and sale agreement any statement or representation with regard to the sale or financing of a vehicle which is false, deceptive, or misleading, including but not limited to terms that include as an added cost to the selling price of a vehicle an amount for licensing or transfer of title of that vehicle which is not actually due to the state, unless such amount has in fact been paid by the dealer prior to such sale.

(3) To set up, promote, or aid in the promotion of a plan by which vehicles are to be sold to a person for a consideration and upon further consideration that the purchaser agrees to secure one or more persons to participate in the plan by respectively making a similar purchase and in turn agreeing to secure one or more persons likewise to join in said plan, each purchaser being given the right to secure money, credits, goods, or something of value, depending upon the number of persons joining the plan.

(4) To commit, allow, or ratify any act of "bushing" which is defined as follows: Taking from a prospective buyer of a vehicle a written order or offer to purchase, or a contract document signed by the buyer, which:

(a) Is subject to the dealer’s, or his or her authorized representative’s future acceptance, and the dealer fails or refuses within three calendar days, exclusive of Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, and prior to any further negotiations with said buyer, either (i) to deliver to the buyer the dealer’s signed acceptance, or (ii) to void the order, offer, or contract document and tender the return of any initial payment or security made or given by the buyer, including but not limited to money, check, promissory note, vehicle keys, a trade-in, or certificate of title to a trade-in; or

(b) Permits the dealer to renegotiate a dollar amount specified as trade-in allowance on a vehicle delivered or to be delivered by the buyer as part of the purchase price, for any reason except:

(i) Failure to disclose that the vehicle’s certificate of ownership has been branded for any reason, including, but not limited to, status as a rebuilt vehicle as provided in RCW 46.12.050 and 46.12.075; or

(ii) Substantial physical damage or latent mechanical defect occurring before the dealer took possession of the vehicle and which could not have been reasonably discoverable at the time of the taking of the order, offer, or contract; or

(iii) Excessive additional miles or a discrepancy in the mileage. "Excessive additional miles" means the addition of five hundred miles or more, as reflected on the vehicle’s odometer, between the
(c) Fails to comply with the obligation of any written warranty or guarantee given by the dealer requiring the furnishing of services or repairs within a reasonable time.

(5) To commit any offense relating to odometers, as such offenses are defined in RCW 46.37.540, 46.37.550, 46.37.560, and 46.37.570. A violation of this subsection is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(6) For any vehicle dealer or vehicle salesperson to refuse to furnish, upon request of a prospective purchaser, for vehicles previously registered to a business or governmental entity, the name and address of the business or governmental entity.

(7) To commit any other offense under RCW 46.37.423, 46.37.424, or 46.37.425.

(8) To commit any offense relating to a dealer’s temporary license permit, including but not limited to failure to properly complete each such permit, or the issuance of more than one such permit on any one vehicle. However, a dealer may issue a second temporary permit on a vehicle if the following conditions are met:

(a) The lienholder fails to deliver the vehicle title to the dealer within the required time period;
(b) The dealer has satisfied the lien; and
(c) The dealer has proof that payment of the lien was made within two calendar days, exclusive of Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, after the sales contract has been executed by all parties and all conditions and contingencies in the sales contract have been met or otherwise satisfied.

(9) For a dealer, salesman, or mobile home manufacturer, having taken an instrument or cash "on deposit" from a purchaser prior to the delivery of the bargained-for vehicle, to commingle the "on deposit" funds with assets of the dealer, salesman, or mobile home manufacturer instead of holding the "on deposit" funds as trustee in a separate trust account until the purchaser has taken delivery of the bargained-for vehicle. Delivery of a manufactured home shall be deemed to occur in accordance with RCW 46.70.135(5). Failure, immediately upon receipt, to endorse "on deposit" instruments to such a trust account, or to set aside "on deposit" cash for deposit in such trust account, and failure to deposit such instruments or cash in such trust account by the close of banking hours on the day following receipt thereof, shall be evidence of intent to commit this unlawful practice: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, that a motor vehicle dealer may keep a separate trust account which equals his or her customary total customer deposits for vehicles for future delivery. For purposes of this section, "on deposit" funds received from a purchaser of a manufactured home means those funds that a seller requires a purchaser to advance before ordering the manufactured home, but does not include any loan proceeds or moneys that might have been paid on an installment contract.

(10) For a dealer or manufacturer to fail to comply with the obligations of any written warranty or guarantee given by the dealer or manufacturer requiring the furnishing of goods and services or repairs within a reasonable period of time, or to fail to furnish to a purchaser, all parts which attach to the manufactured unit including but not limited to the undercarriage, and all items specified in the terms of a sales agreement signed by the seller and buyer.

(11) For a vehicle dealer to pay to or receive from any person, firm, partnership, association, or corporation acting, either directly or through a subsidiary, as a buyer’s agent for consumers, any compensation, fee, purchase moneys or funds that have been deposited into or withdrawn out of any account controlled or used by any buyer’s agent, gratuity, or reward in connection with the purchase or sale of a new motor vehicle.

(12) For a buyer’s agent, acting directly or through a subsidiary, to pay to or to receive from any motor vehicle dealer any compensation, fee, gratuity, or reward in connection with the purchase or sale of a new motor vehicle. In addition, it is unlawful for any buyer’s agent to engage in any of the following acts on behalf of or in the name of the consumer:

(a) Receiving or paying any purchase moneys or funds into or out of any account controlled or used by any buyer’s agent;
(b) Signing any vehicle purchase orders, sales contract, odometer statements, or title documents, or having the name of the buyer’s agent appear on the vehicle purchase order, sales contract, or title; or

c) Signing any other documentation relating to the purchase, sale, or transfer of any new motor vehicle.

It is unlawful for a buyer’s agent to use a power of attorney obtained from the consumer to accomplish or effect the purchase, sale, or transfer of ownership documents of any new motor vehicle by any means which would otherwise be prohibited under (a) through (c) of this subsection. However, the buyer’s agent may use a power of attorney for physical delivery of motor vehicle license plates to the consumer.

Further, it is unlawful for a buyer’s agent to engage in any false, deceptive, or misleading advertising, disseminated in any manner whatsoever, including but not limited to making any claim or statement that the buyer’s agent offers, obtains, or guarantees the lowest price on any motor vehicle or words to similar effect.

(13) For a buyer’s agent to arrange for or to negotiate the purchase, or both, of a new motor vehicle through an out-of-state dealer without disclosing in writing to the customer that the new vehicle would not be subject to chapter 19.118 RCW. In addition, it is unlawful for any buyer’s agent to fail to have a written agreement with the customer that: (a) Sets forth the terms of the parties’ agreement; (b) discloses to the customer the total amount of any fees or other compensation being paid by the customer to the buyer’s agent for the agent’s services; and (c) further discloses whether the fee or any portion of the fee is refundable. The department of licensing shall by December 31, 1996, in rule, adopt standard disclosure language for buyer’s agent agreements under RCW 46.70.011, 46.70.070, and this section.

(14) Being a manufacturer, other than a motorcycle manufacturer governed by chapter 46.94 RCW, to:

(a) Coerce or attempt to coerce any vehicle dealer to order or accept delivery of any vehicle or vehicles, parts or accessories, or any other commodities which have not been voluntarily ordered by the vehicle dealer: PROVIDED, That recommendation, endorsement, exposition, persuasion, urging, or argument are not deemed to constitute coercion;

(b) Cancel or fail to renew the franchise or selling agreement of any vehicle dealer doing business in this state without fairly compensating the dealer at a fair going business value for his or her capital investment which shall include but not be limited to tools, equipment, and parts inventory possessed by the dealer on the day he or she is notified of such cancellation or termination and which are still within the dealer’s possession on the day the cancellation or termination is effective, if: (i) The capital investment has been entered into with reasonable and prudent business judgment for the purpose of fulfilling the franchise; and (ii) the cancellation or nonrenewal was not done in good faith. Good faith is defined as the duty of each party to any franchise to act in a fair and equitable manner towards each other, so as to guarantee one party freedom from coercion, intimidation, or threats of coercion or intimidation from the other party: PROVIDED, That recommendation, endorsement, exposition, persuasion, urging, or argument are not deemed to constitute a lack of good faith.

(c) Encourage, aid, abet, or teach a vehicle dealer to sell vehicles through any false, deceptive, or misleading sales or financing practices including but not limited to those practices declared unlawful in this section;

(d) Coerce or attempt to coerce a vehicle dealer to engage in any practice forbidden in this section by either threats of actual cancellation or failure to renew the dealer’s franchise agreement;

(e) Refuse to deliver any vehicle publicly advertised for immediate delivery to any duly licensed vehicle dealer having a franchise or contractual agreement for the retail sale of new and unused vehicles sold or distributed by such manufacturer within sixty days after such dealer’s order has been received in writing unless caused by inability to deliver because of shortage or curtailment of material, labor, transportation, or utility services, or by any labor or production difficulty, or by any cause beyond the reasonable control of the manufacturer;

(f) To provide under the terms of any warranty that a purchaser of any new or unused vehicle that has been sold, distributed for sale, or transferred into this state for resale by the vehicle
manufacturer may only make any warranty claim on any item included as an integral part of the vehicle against the manufacturer of that item.

Nothing in this section may be construed to impair the obligations of a contract or to prevent a manufacturer, distributor, representative, or any other person, whether or not licensed under this chapter, from requiring performance of a written contract entered into with any licensee hereunder, nor does the requirement of such performance constitute a violation of any of the provisions of this section if any such contract or the terms thereof requiring performance, have been freely entered into and executed between the contracting parties. This paragraph and subsection (14)(b) of this section do not apply to new motor vehicle manufacturers governed by chapter 46.96 RCW.

(15) Unlawful transfer of an ownership interest in a motor vehicle as defined in RCW 19.116.050.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. For the purposes of sections 24 through 30 of this act, it is the intent of the legislature to delineate between legitimate business use of public records and inappropriate commercial use. It is also the intent of the legislature to protect the privacy of citizens from inappropriate commercial use of public records by providing disincentives for such use. Furthermore, the legislature seeks to encourage public-private cooperation in ways that further the public mission of the state and to maintain and enhance public access to public records for the purpose of encouraging public oversight and facilitating other desirable social and economic benefits.

Sec. 24. RCW 42.17.020 and 1995 c 397 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) "Agency" includes all state agencies and all local agencies. "State agency" includes every state office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or other state agency. "Local agency" includes every county, city, town, municipal corporation, quasi-municipal corporation, or special purpose district, or any office, department, division, bureau, board, commission, or agency thereof, or other local public agency.

(2) "Authorized committee" means the political committee authorized by a candidate, or by the public official against whom recall charges have been filed, to accept contributions or make expenditures on behalf of the candidate or public official.

(3) "Ballot proposition" means any "measure" as defined by RCW 29.01.110, or any initiative, recall, or referendum proposition proposed to be submitted to the voters of the state or any municipal corporation, political subdivision, or other voting constituency from and after the time when the proposition has been initially filed with the appropriate election officer of that constituency prior to its circulation for signatures.

(4) "Benefit" means a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary advantage, or the avoidance of a commercial, proprietary, financial, economic, or monetary disadvantage.

(5) "Bona fide political party" means:

(a) An organization that has filed a valid certificate of nomination with the secretary of state under chapter 29.24 RCW;

(b) The governing body of the state organization of a major political party, as defined in RCW 29.01.090, that is the body authorized by the charter or bylaws of the party to exercise authority on behalf of the state party; or

(c) The county central committee or legislative district committee of a major political party. There may be only one legislative district committee for each party in each legislative district.

(6) "Business use" or "business purpose" means use of public records that contain personally identifiable information, which use is for the purpose of meeting statutory or regulatory requirements, conducting business in a safe and lawful manner, or validating information provided by a third party, and which use does not result in unsolicited commercial contact to persons identified in such records.

(7) "Depository" means a bank designated by a candidate or political committee pursuant to RCW 42.17.050.

(8) "Treasurer" and "deputy treasurer" mean the individuals appointed by a candidate or political committee, pursuant to RCW 42.17.050, to perform the duties specified in that section.

(9) "Candidate" means any individual who seeks nomination for election or election to public office. An individual seeks nomination or election when he or she first:
(a) Receives contributions or makes expenditures or reserves space or facilities with intent to promote his or her candidacy for office;
(b) Announces publicly or files for office;
(c) Purchases commercially advertising space or broadcast time to promote his or her candidacy; or
(d) Gives his or her consent to another person to take on behalf of the individual any of the actions in (a) or (c) of this subsection.

"Caucus political committee" means a political committee organized and maintained by the members of a major political party in the state senate or state house of representatives.

"Commercial advertiser" means any person who sells the service of communicating messages or producing printed material for broadcast or distribution to the general public or segments of the general public whether through the use of newspapers, magazines, television and radio stations, billboard companies, direct mail advertising companies, printing companies, or otherwise.

"Commission" means the agency established under RCW 42.17.350.

"Compensation" unless the context requires a narrower meaning, includes payment in any form for real or personal property or services of any kind. However, for the purpose of compliance with RCW 42.17.241, the term "compensation" shall not include per diem allowances or other payments made by a governmental entity to reimburse a public official for expenses incurred while the official is engaged in the official business of the governmental entity.

"Continuing political committee" means a political committee that is an organization of continuing existence not established in anticipation of any particular election campaign.

"Contribution" includes:
(i) A loan, gift, deposit, subscription, forgiveness of indebtedness, donation, advance, pledge, payment, transfer of funds between political committees, or anything of value, including personal and professional services for less than full consideration;
(ii) An expenditure made by a person in cooperation, consultation, or concert with, or at the request or suggestion of, a candidate, a political committee, or their agents;
(iii) The financing by a person of the dissemination, distribution, or republication, in whole or in part, of broadcast, written, graphic, or other form of political advertising prepared by a candidate, a political committee, or its authorized agent;
(iv) Sums paid for tickets to fund-raising events such as dinners and parties, except for the actual cost of the consumables furnished at the event.
(b) "Contribution" does not include:
(i) Standard interest on money deposited in a political committee’s account;
(ii) Ordinary home hospitality;
(iii) A contribution received by a candidate or political committee that is returned to the contributor within five business days of the date on which it is received by the candidate or political committee;
(iv) A news item, feature, commentary, or editorial in a regularly scheduled news medium that is of primary interest to the general public, that is in a news medium controlled by a person whose business is that news medium, and that is not controlled by a candidate or a political committee;
(v) An internal political communication primarily limited to the members of or contributors to a political party organization or political committee, or to the officers, management staff, or stockholders of a corporation or similar enterprise, or to the members of a labor organization or other membership organization;
(vi) The rendering of personal services of the sort commonly performed by volunteer campaign workers, or incidental expenses personally incurred by volunteer campaign workers not in excess of fifty dollars personally paid for by the worker. "Volunteer services," for the purposes of this section, means services or labor for which the individual is not compensated by any person;
(vii) Messages in the form of reader boards, banners, or yard or window signs displayed on a person's own property or property occupied by a person. However, a facility used for such political
advertising for which a rental charge is normally made must be reported as an in-kind contribution and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the person providing the facility;

(viii) Legal or accounting services rendered to or on behalf of:
(A) A political party or caucus political committee if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the person rendering such services; or
(B) A candidate or an authorized committee if the person paying for the services is the regular employer of the individual rendering the services and if the services are solely for the purpose of ensuring compliance with state election or public disclosure laws.

(c) Contributions other than money or its equivalent are deemed to have a monetary value equivalent to the fair market value of the contribution. Services or property or rights furnished at less than their fair market value for the purpose of assisting any candidate or political committee are deemed a contribution. Such a contribution must be reported as an in-kind contribution at its fair market value and counts towards any applicable contribution limit of the provider.

(15) "Elected official" means any person elected at a general or special election to any public office, and any person appointed to fill a vacancy in any such office.

(16) "Election" includes any primary, general, or special election for public office and any election in which a ballot proposition is submitted to the voters: PROVIDED, That an election in which the qualifications for voting include other than those requirements set forth in Article VI, section 1 (Amendment 63) of the Constitution of the state of Washington shall not be considered an election for purposes of this chapter.

(17) "Election campaign" means any campaign in support of or in opposition to a candidate for election to public office and any campaign in support of, or in opposition to, a ballot proposition.

(18) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day of December after the date of the last previous general election for the office that the candidate seeks and ending on November 30th after the next election for the office. In the case of a special election to fill a vacancy in an office, "election cycle" means the period beginning on the day the vacancy occurs and ending on November 30th after the special election.

(19) "Expenditure" includes a payment, contribution, subscription, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure. The term "expenditure" also includes a promise to pay, a payment, or a transfer of anything of value in exchange for goods, services, property, facilities, or anything of value for the purpose of assisting, benefitting, or honoring any public official or candidate, or assisting in furthering or opposing any election campaign. For the purposes of this chapter, agreements to make expenditures, contracts, and promises to pay may be reported as estimated obligations until actual payment is made. The term "expenditure" shall not include the partial or complete repayment by a candidate or political committee of the principal of a loan, the receipt of which loan has been properly reported.

(20) "Final report" means the report described as a final report in RCW 42.17.080(2).

(21) "General election" means the election that results in the election of a person to a state office. It does not include a primary.

(22) "Gift," is as defined in RCW 42.52.010.

(23) "Immediate family" includes the spouse, dependent children, and other dependent relatives, if living in the household. For the purposes of RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790, "immediate family" means an individual’s spouse, and child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister of the individual and the spouse of any such person and a child, stepchild, grandchild, parent, stepparent, grandparent, brother, half brother, sister, or half sister of the individual’s spouse and the spouse of any such person.

(24) "Independent expenditure" means an expenditure that has each of the following elements:
(a) It is made in support of or in opposition to a candidate for office by a person who is not (i) a candidate for that office, (ii) an authorized committee of that candidate for that office, (iii) a person who has received the candidate’s encouragement or approval to make the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the
defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office, or (iv) a person with whom the candidate has collaborated for the purpose of making the expenditure, if the expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising supporting that candidate or promoting the defeat of any other candidate or candidates for that office;

(b) The expenditure pays in whole or in part for political advertising that either specifically names the candidate supported or opposed, or clearly and beyond any doubt identifies the candidate without using the candidate’s name; and

(c) The expenditure, alone or in conjunction with another expenditure or other expenditures of the same person in support of or opposition to that candidate, has a value of five hundred dollars or more. A series of expenditures, each of which is under five hundred dollars, constitutes one independent expenditure if their cumulative value is five hundred dollars or more.

(a) "Intermediary" means an individual who transmits a contribution to a candidate or committee from another person unless the contribution is from the individual’s employer, immediate family as defined for purposes of RCW 42.17.640 through 42.17.790, or an association to which the individual belongs.

(b) A treasurer or a candidate is not an intermediary for purposes of the committee that the treasurer or candidate serves.

(c) A professional fund-raiser is not an intermediary if the fund-raiser is compensated for fund-raising services at the usual and customary rate.

(d) A volunteer hosting a fund-raising event at the individual’s home is not an intermediary for purposes of that event.

"Legislation" means bills, resolutions, motions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either house of the state legislature, and includes any other matter that may be the subject of action by either house or any committee of the legislature and all bills and resolutions that, having passed both houses, are pending approval by the governor.

"Lobby" and "lobbying" each mean attempting to influence the passage or defeat of any legislation by the legislature of the state of Washington, or the adoption or rejection of any rule, standard, rate, or other legislative enactment of any state agency under the state Administrative Procedure Act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Neither "lobby" nor "lobbying" includes an association’s or other organization’s act of communicating with the members of that association or organization.

"Lobbyist" includes any person who lobbies either in his or her own or another’s behalf.

"Lobbyist’s employer" means the person or persons by whom a lobbyist is employed and all persons by whom he or she is compensated for acting as a lobbyist.

"Person" includes an individual, partnership, joint venture, public or private corporation, association, federal, state, or local governmental entity or agency however constituted, candidate, committee, political committee, political party, executive committee thereof, or any other organization or group of persons, however organized.

"Person in interest" means the person who is the subject of a record or any representative designated by that person, except that if that person is under a legal disability, the term "person in interest" means and includes the parent or duly appointed legal representative.

"Personally identifiable information" means information provided by an individual as a prerequisite to the receipt of a license, approval, award, product, or service from a government agency, which may include name, address, telephone number, social security number, photographs, fingerprints, or computerized images thereof.

"Political advertising" includes any advertising displays, newspaper ads, billboards, signs, brochures, articles, tabloids, flyers, letters, radio or television presentations, or other means of mass communication, used for the purpose of appealing, directly or indirectly, for votes or for financial or other support in any election campaign.

"Political committee" means any person (except a candidate or an individual dealing with his or her own funds or property) having the expectation of receiving contributions or making expenditures in support of, or opposition to, any candidate or any ballot proposition.
"Primary" means the procedure for nominating a candidate to state office under chapter 29.18 or 29.21 RCW or any other primary for an election that uses, in large measure, the procedures established in chapter 29.18 or 29.21 RCW.

"Public office" means any federal, state, county, city, town, school district, port district, special district, or other state political subdivision elective office.

"Public record" includes any writing containing information relating to the conduct of government or the performance of any governmental or proprietary function prepared, owned, used, or retained by any state or local agency regardless of physical form or characteristics. For the office of the secretary of the senate and the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives, public records means legislative records as defined in RCW 40.14.100 and also means the following: All budget and financial records; personnel leave, travel, and payroll records; records of legislative sessions; reports submitted to the legislature; and any other record designated a public record by any official action of the senate or the house of representatives.

"Recall campaign" means the period of time beginning on the date of the filing of recall charges under RCW 29.82.015 and ending thirty days after the recall election.

"State legislative office" means the office of a member of the state house of representatives or the office of a member of the state senate.

"State office" means state legislative office or the office of governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, attorney general, commissioner of public lands, insurance commissioner, superintendent of public instruction, state auditor, or state treasurer.

"State official" means a person who holds a state office.

"Surplus funds" mean, in the case of a political committee or candidate, the balance of contributions that remain in the possession or control of that committee or candidate subsequent to the election for which the contributions were received, and that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay remaining debts incurred by the committee or candidate prior to that election. In the case of a continuing political committee, "surplus funds" mean those contributions remaining in the possession or control of the committee that are in excess of the amount necessary to pay all remaining debts when it makes its final report under RCW 42.17.065.

"Writing" means handwriting, typewriting, printing, photostating, photographing, and every other means of recording any form of communication or representation, including, but not limited to, letters, words, pictures, sounds, or symbols, or combination thereof, and all papers, maps, magnetic or paper tapes, photographic films and prints, motion picture, film and video recordings, magnetic or punched cards, discs, drums, diskettes, sound recordings, and other documents including existing data compilations from which information may be obtained or translated.

As used in this chapter, the singular shall take the plural and any gender, the other, as the context requires.

Sec. 25. RCW 42.17.260 and 1995 c 397 s 11 and 1995 c 341 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) Each agency, in accordance with published rules, shall make available for public inspection and copying all public records, unless the record falls within the specific exemptions of subsection (6) of this section, RCW 42.17.310, 42.17.315, or other statute which exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records. To the extent required to prevent an unreasonable invasion of personal privacy interests protected by RCW 42.17.310 and 42.17.315, an agency shall delete identifying details in a manner consistent with RCW 42.17.310 and 42.17.315 when it makes available or publishes any public record; however, in each case, the justification for the deletion shall be explained fully in writing.

(2) For informational purposes, each agency shall publish and maintain a current list containing every law, other than those listed in this chapter, that the agency believes exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records of the agency. An agency's failure to list an exemption shall not affect the efficacy of any exemption.

(3) Each local agency shall maintain and make available for public inspection and copying a current index providing identifying information as to the following records issued, adopted, or promulgated after January 1, 1973:
(a) Final opinions, including concurring and dissenting opinions, as well as orders, made in the adjudication of cases;
(b) Those statements of policy and interpretations of policy, statute, and the Constitution which have been adopted by the agency;
(c) Administrative staff manuals and instructions to staff that affect a member of the public;
(d) Planning policies and goals, and interim and final planning decisions;
(e) Factual staff reports and studies, factual consultant’s reports and studies, scientific reports and studies, and any other factual information derived from tests, studies, reports, or surveys, whether conducted by public employees or others; and
(f) Correspondence, and materials referred to therein, by and with the agency relating to any regulatory, supervisory, or enforcement responsibilities of the agency, whereby the agency determines, or opines upon, or is asked to determine or opine upon, the rights of the state, the public, a subdivision of state government, or of any private party.
(4) A local agency need not maintain such an index, if to do so would be unduly burdensome, but it shall in that event:
(a) Issue and publish a formal order specifying the reasons why and the extent to which compliance would unduly burden or interfere with agency operations; and
(b) Make available for public inspection and copying all indexes maintained for agency use.
(5) Each state agency shall, by rule, establish and implement a system of indexing for the identification and location of the following records:
(a) All records issued before July 1, 1990, for which the agency has maintained an index;
(b) Final orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued in adjudicative proceedings as defined in RCW 34.05.010(1) and that contain an analysis or decision of substantial importance to the agency in carrying out its duties;
(c) Declaratory orders entered after June 30, 1990, that are issued pursuant to RCW 34.05.240 and that contain an analysis or decision of substantial importance to the agency in carrying out its duties;
(d) Interpretive statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010(8) that were entered after June 30, 1990; and
(e) Policy statements as defined in RCW 34.05.010(14) that were entered after June 30, 1990. Rules establishing systems of indexing shall include, but not be limited to, requirements for the form and content of the index, its location and availability to the public, and the schedule for revising or updating the index. State agencies that have maintained indexes for records issued before July 1, 1990, shall continue to make such indexes available for public inspection and copying. Information in such indexes may be incorporated into indexes prepared pursuant to this subsection. State agencies may satisfy the requirements of this subsection by making available to the public indexes prepared by other parties but actually used by the agency in its operations. State agencies shall make indexes available for public inspection and copying. State agencies may charge a fee to cover the actual costs of providing individual mailed copies of indexes.
(6) A public record may be relied on, used, or cited as precedent by an agency against a party other than an agency and it may be invoked by the agency for any other purpose only if:
(a) It has been indexed in an index available to the public; or
(b) Parties affected have timely notice (actual or constructive) of the terms thereof.
(7) Each agency shall establish, maintain, and make available for public inspection and copying a statement of the actual per page cost or other costs, if any, that it charges for providing photocopies of public records and a statement of the factors and manner used to determine the actual per page cost or other costs, if any.
(a) In determining the actual per page cost for providing photocopies of public records, an agency may include all costs directly incident to copying such public records including the actual cost of the paper and the per page cost for use of agency copying equipment. In determining other actual costs for providing photocopies of public records, an agency may include all costs directly incident to shipping such public records, including the cost of postage or delivery charges and the cost of any container or envelope used.
(b) In determining the actual per page cost or other costs for providing copies of public records, an agency may not include staff salaries, benefits, or other general administrative or overhead charges, unless those costs are directly related to the actual cost of copying the public records. Staff time to copy and mail the requested public records may be included in an agency’s costs.

(8) An agency need not calculate the actual per page cost or other costs it charges for providing photocopies of public records if to do so would be unduly burdensome, but in that event: The agency may not charge in excess of fifteen cents per page for photocopies of public records or for the use of agency equipment to photocopy public records and the actual postage or delivery charge and the cost of any container or envelope used to mail the public records to the requestor.

(9) Except under an agreement for business use in RCW 42.17.300, this chapter shall not be construed as giving authority to any agency, the office of the secretary of the senate, or the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives to give, sell or provide access to lists of individuals requested for commercial purposes, and agencies, the office of the secretary of the senate, and the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives shall not do so unless specifically authorized or directed by law: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That lists of applicants for professional licenses and of professional licensees shall be made available to those professional associations or educational organizations recognized by their professional licensing or examination board, upon payment of a reasonable charge (thereafter), in compliance with RCW 42.17.300(2): PROVIDED FURTHER, That such recognition may be refused only for a good cause pursuant to a hearing under the provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW, the Administrative Procedure Act.

Sec. 26. RCW 42.17.300 and 1995 c 397 s 14 and 1995 c 341 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) No fee shall be charged for the inspection of public records. No fee shall be charged for locating public documents and making them available for copying. A reasonable charge may be imposed for providing copies of public records and for the use by any person of agency equipment or equipment of the office of the secretary of the senate or the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives to copy public records, which charges shall not exceed the amount necessary to reimburse the agency, the office of the secretary of the senate, or the office of the chief clerk of the house of representatives for its actual costs directly incident to such copying. Agency charges for photocopies shall be imposed in accordance with the actual per page cost or other costs established and published by the agency. In no event may an agency charge a per page cost greater than the actual per page cost as established and published by the agency. To the extent the agency has not determined the actual per page cost for photocopies of public records, the agency may not charge in excess of fifteen cents per page.

(2) An agency may provide information for business use of public records for which disclosure is otherwise permitted by law, and may enter into agreements for access to public information for business use as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The agency may charge a fee reasonably designed to recover the actual cost of providing the information.

(3) The agreements for access to public records for business purposes shall substantially conform to the following conditions and limitations:

(a) The contractor agrees to use the information provided by the agency only for the purpose for which the information was initially sought;

(b) The contractor agrees not to disclose information received under the agreement to anyone, except as provided under the terms and conditions of the agreement;

(c) The contractor, or any employee or agent of the contractor, shall not furnish in any form, to any person, corporation, partnership, association, or organization, a copy of any information, in whole or in part, provided by the agency, without the express written consent of the agency for the provision of the information for a purpose consistent with the agreement;

(d) The contractor shall adhere to any current or subsequently amended statutory or administrative rules regulating privacy or confidentiality relating to the information provided by the agency;
(e) No name or address of any individual furnished by the agency to the contractor shall be published or otherwise disclosed by the contractor in any manner not otherwise approved by the agency;
(f) The contractor, or any officer, employee, or agent of the contractor, shall not furnish in any form, to any person, corporation, partnership, association, or organization, any of the individual’s personally identifiable information provided by the agency under the agreement for the purpose of making unsolicited commercial contact with the individuals named or otherwise identified, unless specifically authorized or directed by law;
(g) The contractor agrees that the agency may provide “control” or “salted” data as a portion of provided information as a means to ensure that any personally identifiable information is utilized only for the specific purposes allowed under the terms of the agreement;
(h) The contractor shall not gain any proprietary right to or interest in any information provided by the agency and shall not assign its interest in the agreement or any portion thereof to any person, corporation, partnership, association, or organization of any kind;
(i) The contractor accepts full responsibility and liability for any violations of the agreement by the contractor or any officer, employee, or agent of the contractor and any such violation shall result in immediate termination by the agency of all information provided to the contractor or any officer, employee, or agent of the contractor in any form and immediate forfeiture to the agency of any agency-provided information, in any form, held by the contractor or any officer, employee, or agent of the contractor; and
(j) The agency reserves the right to seek or impose all other lawful remedies and penalties for any violation of this agreement by the contractor, or any officer, employee, or agent of the contractor.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 27. A new section is added to chapter 42.17 RCW to read as follows:
A person who knowingly uses or discloses personally identifiable information in violation of an agreement under RCW 42.17.300(2) is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed ten thousand dollars for each violation or one dollar per name used, whichever is greater, and loss of access to public records for business purposes for up to five years.
This section shall be enforced under the applicable provisions of RCW 42.17.400.

Sec. 28. RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:
(a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public health agencies, or welfare recipients.
(b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.
(c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer’s right to privacy or result in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.
(d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person’s right to privacy.
(e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure commission, if disclosure would endanger any person’s life, physical safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the complainant under oath.
(f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.
(g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.

(h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.

(i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.

(j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.

(k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.

(l) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.

(m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.

(n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.

(o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.

(p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.

(q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are confidential under RCW 80.04.095.

(r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by businesses or individuals during application for loans or program services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or program services provided by any local agency.

(s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.

(t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.

(u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.

(v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.

(w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of government, and national and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the current residential address and current residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an
accurate alternate or business address and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the current residential address and residential telephone number of a health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the information be released, and except as provided for under RCW 42.17.260(9).

(x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in RCW 69.45.090.

(y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044, 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.

(z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.

(aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state investment board by any person when the information relates to the investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers of this information.

(bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.

(cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.

(dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any identifying information not be disclosed.

(ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state, or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.

(ff) Business related information protected from public inspection and copying under RCW 15.86.110.

(gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under chapter 70.95H RCW.

(hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the information and documents.

(ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base created under RCW 43.07.360.

(jj) Computer programs and software developed by agencies alone or in partnership with other public and private entities. For the purposes of this chapter, software is the programming source codes or object codes developed by an agency or developed by a private contractor for an agency. However, information contained in or accessible through those computer programs and software that is disclosable under state law is not exempt from disclosure and those computer programs and software may be used to search or inspect such information under this subsection (1)(jj).

(2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons.

(3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual’s right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

(4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.
Sec. 29. RCW 43.105.310 and 1996 c 171 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) State agencies and local governments that collect and enter information concerning individuals into electronic records and information systems that will be widely accessible by the public under RCW 42.17.020 shall ensure the accuracy of this information to the extent possible. To the extent possible, information must be collected directly from, and with the consent of, the individual who is the subject of the data. Agencies shall establish procedures for correcting inaccurate information, including establishing mechanisms for individuals to review information about themselves and recommend changes in information they believe to be inaccurate. The inclusion of personal information in electronic public records that is widely available to the public should include information on the date when the data base was created or most recently updated. If personally identifiable information is included in electronic public records that are made widely available to the public, agencies must follow retention and archival schedules in accordance with chapter 40.14 RCW, retaining personally identifiable information only as long as needed to carry out the purpose for which it was collected.

(2) State agencies and local governments that collect personally identifiable information that is subject to disclosure under chapter 42.17 RCW or other law shall, to the extent practicable, post or publish public notice that the information gathered may be disclosable as a public record. The agency-specific public notice will reflect the common uses of such records. Upon request, state agencies and local governments shall provide a written statement regarding the circumstances under which specific personally identifiable information may be disclosed to the public or for business purposes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 30. A new section is added to chapter 42.17 RCW to read as follows:

The provisions of 18 U.S.C. Sec. 2721 and sections 1 through 20, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (sections 1 through 20 of this act) prevail over any conflicting provisions of sections 24 through 29, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (sections 24 through 29 of this act).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 31. Sections 1 through 13 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 46 RCW, to be codified between chapters 46.04 and 46.08 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 32. Sections 1 through 21 of this act take effect September 13, 1997."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "records;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 46.12.370, 46.12.380, 46.52.060, 46.52.120, 46.70.180, 42.17.020, and 43.105.310; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310, 46.52.130, 46.63.020, 42.17.260, 42.17.300, and 42.17.310; adding a new section to Title 46 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 42.17 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 46 RCW; creating a new section; and providing an effective date."

There being no objection, the House dissolved the Conference Committee, receded from its amendment(s) to Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718, and advanced the bill to final passage.

Representatives K. Schmidt and Fisher spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 85, Nays - 13, Absent - 0, Excused - 0. Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Blalock, Buck, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunsee, Dyer, Fisher, Gardner, Gomoskys, Grant, Hanksins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason, Mastin, McDonald, Mielke, Mitchell,


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5718, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

There being no objection, the Committee on Appropriations was relieved of further consideration of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5740, and the bill was placed on second reading.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5740 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Hargrove, Schow, Snyder, Morton, Hale, Prentice, Heavey, West, McDonald, Swanson, Spanel and Rasmussen)

Assisting rural distressed areas.

The bill was read the second time.

With the consent of the House, amendment number 757 to Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5740 was withdrawn.

Representative Buck moved the adoption of the following amendment (643) to the striking amendment: (764)

On page 6, beginning on line 7, strike section 8.

On page 7, beginning on line 29, strike section 9.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

On page 13, beginning on line 36, strike section 17.

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively, correct internal references accordingly, and correct the title.

Representatives Buck, DeBolt and Kessler spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Conway spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

The question before the House was the adoption of the striking amendment as amended. The striking amendment as amended was adopted.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third
and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Buck, Kessler, Sheldon and Doumit spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding) stated the question before the House to be
final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5740 as amended by the House.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5740 as
amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 98, Nays - 0,
Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Bush, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody,
Cole, Constantine, Conway, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit,
Dunn, Dunshee, Dyer, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford,
Huff, Johnson, Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lambert, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason,
Mastin, McDonald, McMorris, Mielke, Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O'Brien, Ogden,
Parlette, Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff, Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D.,
Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan, Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Smith, Sommers, D.,
Sommers, H., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B., Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van
Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr. Speaker - 98.

Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5740, as amended by the House, having received the
constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

On reconsideration, the Senate receded from its amendments to SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL
NO. 1118, and passed the bill without said amendments,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) #714 to SENATE BILL NO. 5253, and
has passed the bill as amended by the House.

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

The Speaker resumed the chair.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

There being no objection, the Committee on Capital Budget was relieved of further
consideration of House Bill No. 2255, and the bill was placed on second reading.
There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE BILL NO. 2255 by Representatives Sehlin, Sullivan and D. Sommers; by request of Governor Locke

Adopting the capital budget.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Sehlin moved the adoption of the following amendment by Representative Sehlin: (785)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A supplemental capital budget is hereby adopted and, subject to the provisions set forth in this act, the several dollar amounts hereinafter specified, or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to accomplish the purposes designated, are hereby appropriated and authorized to be incurred for capital projects during the period ending June 30, 1999, out of the several funds specified in this act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter … (Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063), Laws of 1997 to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Housing assistance, weatherization, and affordable housing programs (88-5-015)

The appropriation in this section is in addition to and subject to the conditions and limitations of the appropriation in section 108, chapter ...(Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063), Laws of 1997.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct — State $ 4,700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 4,700,000

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter … (Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063), Laws of 1997 to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
Community Services Facilities Program: For grants to nonprofit community-based family service organizations to assist in acquiring, developing, or rehabilitating buildings (98-2-007)

The appropriation in this section is in addition to and subject to the conditions and limitations of the appropriation in section 122, chapter ...(Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063), Laws of 1997.

Appropriation:
St Bldg Constr Acct — State $ 700,000
Prior Biennia (Expenditures) $ 0
Future Biennia (Projected Costs) $ 0
TOTAL $ 700,000

Sec. 4. 1997 c … (Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063) s 123 (uncodified) is amended to read as follows:
Public Participation Grants

The appropriation in this section is provided solely for the department to administer the public participation grant program pursuant to RCW 70.105D.070. In administering the grant program, the department shall award grants based upon a state-wide competitive process each year. Priority is to be given to applicants that demonstrate the ability to provide accurate technical information on complex waste management issues. Amounts provided in this section may not be spent on lobbying activities.

Appropriation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Account</th>
<th>State</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Local Toxics Control Account</td>
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<td>Prior Biennia (Expenditures)</td>
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<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
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<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$435,000</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter … (Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063), Laws of 1997 to read as follows:

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL ADMINISTRATION

Heritage Park: To complete the construction work necessary to establish the arc of statehood and related in-water work. (98-2-003)

The appropriation in this section is subject to the review and allotment procedures under section 712, chapter … (Substitute Senate Bill No. 6063), Laws of 1997.

Appropriation:

<table>
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<th>Account</th>
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<tr>
<td>Future Biennia (Projected Costs)</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td><strong>$4,600,000</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances in not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

Representatives Sehlin, Alexander, Ogden, Romero, DeBolt and Pennington spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

The bill was ordered engrossed.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Sehlin and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2255.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed House Bill No. 2255 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representative Dunshee - 1.

Engrossed House Bill No. 2255, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, Engrossed House Bill No. 2255 was immediately transmitted to the Senate.

SPEAKER’S PRIVILEGE

The Speaker: I just want to say a personal thank you to all of you on both sides of the aisle, the good Minority Leader and everybody for helping us so far this session. We trust that we will be able to get across the finish line. I want to say thank you for doing a great job. Thank you very much.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING

HB 2288 by Representatives Dyer, Zellinsky, Radcliff, Backlund, Crouse, Cooke, Cairnes, Sehlin, B. Thomas, Sherstad, Robertson, Hickel, Pennington, Carlson, Ballasiotes, Carrell, Cody, Fisher, Dickerson, O’Brien and H. Sommers

AN ACT Relating to business and occupation taxation of hospitals; amending RCW 82.04.030 and 82.04.4297; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

HB 2289 by Representative Dyer

AN ACT Relating to the prohibition of engaging in the practice of chiropractic and spinal manipulation; amending RCW 18.74.010 and 18.74.035; and repealing RCW 18.74.085.

HB 2290 by Representative Morris

AN ACT Relating to restructuring Washington state electric utilities and opening the electricity market to retail competition; amending RCW 80.12.020, 80.12.040, 80.24.010, 80.28.020, and 80.28.050; reenacting and amending RCW 42.17.310; adding a new section to chapter 41.06 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 80 RCW; and creating a new section.

HCR 4414 by Representatives Dyer, Cody, O’Brien and Hatfield

Creating a joint legislative committee on long-term care oversight.
HCR 4415 by Representative Lisk

Exempting Engrossed Senate Bill No. 5565 from cutoff.

HCR 4416 by Representative Lisk

Exempting Engrossed Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5074 from cutoff.

HCR 4417 by Representative Lisk

Exempting Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6094 from cutoff.

HCR 4418 by Representative Lisk

Exempting House Bill No. 2259 from the cutoff date requirement.

There being no objection, the bills and resolutions listed on the day’s introduction sheet under the fourth order of business were referred to the Rules Committee.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted:

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4413,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2255,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2259,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2192,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Chief Clerk

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER
The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2192,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2259,

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5074,
SENATE BILL NO. 5460,
SENATE BILL NO. 5538,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5565,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5082,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5327,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5491,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5574,
SENATE BILL NO. 5650,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5867,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5886,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5927,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5074,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5082,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5157,
SENATE BILL NO. 5253,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5270,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5327,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5336,
SENATE BILL NO. 5460,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5491,
SENATE BILL NO. 5538,
ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 5565,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5574,
SENATE BILL NO. 5650,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5710,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5867,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5886,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5927,
MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5157, SENATE BILL NO. 5253, SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5270, ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5710, and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 2192, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 2259,

and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

There being no objection, the House adjourned until 1:00 p.m., Sunday, April 27, 1997.

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk
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ONE HUNDRED-FOURTH DAY, APRIL 26, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
ONE HUNDRED-FIFTH DAY

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Sunday, April 27, 1997

The House was called to order at 1:00 p.m. by the Speaker (Representative Pennington presiding). The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages Lyndsey Aston and Jennifer Chavez. Prayer was offered by The Honorable Ralph Munro, Secretary of State.

Reading of the Journal of the previous day was dispensed with and it was ordered to stand approved.

Esther Little John played America the Beautiful on the flute. Ms. Little John, an Emmy nominated flutist, was a Session employee.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate receded from its amendment(s) to HOUSE BILL NO. 1819, and passed the bill without the Senate amendments, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate concurred in the House amendments to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5030, and passed the bill as amended by the House, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of further consideration of House Concurrent Resolution No. 4417, and the resolution was advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4417 by Representative Lisk

Exempting Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6094 from cutoff.

The bill was read the second time.
There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final adoption.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4417 was adopted.

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4417

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eighth order of business.

There being no objection, the Rules Committee was relieved of further consideration of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6094, and the bill was advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6094 by Senators McCaslin and Haugen; by request of Governor Locke

Changing growth management provisions.

The bill was read the second time.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following striking amendment by Representative Reams: (773)

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

In enacting the section 7(5), chapter ... Laws of 1997 (section 7(5) of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.070(5), the legislature finds that chapter 36.70A RCW is intended to recognize the importance of agriculture, forestry, and rural lands and rural character to Washington’s economy, its people, and its environment, while respecting regional differences and, in accordance with one of the goals of the growth management act, protecting the property rights of landowners from arbitrary and discriminatory actions. Rural lands and rural-based economies, including agriculture and forest uses that are located outside of designated resource lands, enhance the economic desirability of the state, help to preserve traditional economic activities, and contribute to the state’s overall quality of life. The legislature also finds that in developing its rural element under RCW 36.70A.070(5), a county should foster land use patterns and develop a local vision of rural character that: Will help preserve rural-based economies and traditional rural lifestyles; will encourage the economic prosperity of rural residents; will foster opportunities for small-scale, rural-based employment and self-employment; will permit the operation of rural-based agricultural, commercial, recreational, and tourist businesses that are consistent with existing and planned land use patterns; will foster the private stewardship of the land and preservation of open space; and will enhance the rural sense of community and quality of life. The legislature recognizes that there will be a variety of interpretations by counties of how best to implement a rural element, reflecting the diverse needs and local circumstances found across the state. RCW 36.70A.070(5) provides a framework for local elected officials to make these determinations. References to both wildlife and water are intended in RCW 36.70A.030 and 36.70A.070 to acknowledge their importance as features or components of rural character. It is expected that these matters will be addressed in comprehensive plans, but that counties may not necessarily need to adopt new regulations to account adequately for them in establishing a pattern of land use and development for rural areas."
NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

In amending RCW 36.70A.320(3) by section 20(3), chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 20(3) of this act), the legislature intends that the boards apply a more deferential standard of review to actions of counties and cities than the preponderance of the evidence standard provided for under existing law. In recognition of the broad range of discretion that may be exercised by counties and cities consistent with the requirements of this chapter, the legislature intends for the boards to grant deference to counties and cities in how they plan for growth, consistent with the requirements and goals of this chapter. Local comprehensive plans and development regulations require counties and cities to balance priorities and options for action in full consideration of local circumstances. The legislature finds that while this chapter requires local planning to take place within a framework of state goals and requirements, the ultimate burden and responsibility for planning, harmonizing the planning goals of this chapter, and implementing a county's or city's future rests with that community.

Sec. 3. RCW 36.70A.030 and 1995 c 382 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

1. "Adopt a comprehensive land use plan" means to enact a new comprehensive land use plan or to update an existing comprehensive land use plan.

2. "Agricultural land" means land primarily devoted to the commercial production of horticultural, viticultural, floricultural, dairy, apiary, vegetable, or animal products or of berries, grain, hay, straw, turf, seed, Christmas trees not subject to the excise tax imposed by RCW 84.33.100 through 84.33.140, finfish in upland hatcheries, or livestock, and that has long-term commercial significance for agricultural production.

3. "City" means any city or town, including a code city.

4. "Comprehensive land use plan," "comprehensive plan," or "plan" means a generalized coordinated land use policy statement of the governing body of a county or city that is adopted pursuant to this chapter.

5. "Critical areas" include the following areas and ecosystems: (a) Wetlands; (b) areas with a critical recharging effect on aquifers used for potable water; (c) fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas; (d) frequently flooded areas; and (e) geologically hazardous areas.

6. "Department" means the department of community, trade, and economic development.

7. "Development regulations" or "regulation" means the controls placed on development or land use activities by a county or city, including, but not limited to, zoning ordinances, critical areas ordinances, shoreline master programs, official controls, planned unit development ordinances, subdivision ordinances, and binding site plan ordinances together with any amendments thereto. A development regulation does not include a decision to approve a project permit application, as defined in RCW 36.70B.020, even though the decision may be expressed in a resolution or ordinance of the legislative body of the county or city.

8. "Forest land" means land primarily devoted to growing trees for long-term commercial timber production on land that can be economically and practically managed for such production, including Christmas trees subject to the excise tax imposed under RCW 84.33.100 through 84.33.140, and that has long-term commercial significance. In determining whether forest land is primarily devoted to growing trees for long-term commercial timber production on land that can be economically and practically managed for such production, the following factors shall be considered: (a) The proximity of the land to urban, suburban, and rural settlements; (b) surrounding parcel size and the compatibility and intensity of adjacent and nearby land uses; (c) long-term local economic conditions that affect the ability to manage for timber production; and (d) the availability of public facilities and services conducive to conversion of forest land to other uses.

9. "Geologically hazardous areas" means areas that because of their susceptibility to erosion, sliding, earthquake, or other geological events, are not suited to the siting of commercial, residential, or industrial development consistent with public health or safety concerns.

10. "Long-term commercial significance" includes the growing capacity, productivity, and soil composition of the land for long-term commercial production, in consideration with the land's proximity to population areas, and the possibility of more intense uses of the land.

11. "Minerals" include gravel, sand, and valuable metallic substances.
(12) "Public facilities" include streets, roads, highways, sidewalks, street and road lighting systems, traffic signals, domestic water systems, storm and sanitary sewer systems, parks and recreational facilities, and schools.

(13) "Public services" include fire protection and suppression, law enforcement, public health, education, recreation, environmental protection, and other governmental services.

(14) "Rural character" refers to the patterns of land use and development established by a county in the rural element of its comprehensive plan:
(a) In which open space, the natural landscape, and vegetation predominate over the built environment;
(b) That foster traditional rural lifestyles, rural-based economies, and opportunities to both live and work in rural areas;
(c) That provide visual landscapes that are traditionally found in rural areas and communities;
(d) That are compatible with the use of the land by wildlife and for fish and wildlife habitat;
(e) That reduce the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land into sprawling, low-density development;
(f) That generally do not require the extension of urban governmental services; and
(g) That are consistent with the protection of natural surface water flows and ground water and surface water recharge and discharge areas.

(15) "Rural development" refers to development outside the urban growth area and outside agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. Rural development can consist of a variety of uses and residential densities, including clustered residential development, at levels that are consistent with the preservation of rural character and the requirements of the rural element. Rural development does not refer to agriculture or forestry activities that may be conducted in rural areas.

(16) "Rural governmental services" or "rural services" include those public services and public facilities historically and typically delivered at an intensity usually found in rural areas, and may include domestic water systems, fire and police protection services, transportation and public transit services, and other public utilities associated with rural development and normally not associated with urban areas. Rural services do not include storm or sanitary sewers, except as otherwise authorized by RCW 36.70A.110(4).

(17) "Urban growth" refers to growth that makes intensive use of land for the location of buildings, structures, and impermeable surfaces to such a degree as to be incompatible with the primary use of (such) land for the production of food, other agricultural products, or fiber, or the extraction of mineral resources, rural uses, rural development, and natural resource lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. A pattern of more intensive rural development, as provided in RCW 36.70A.070(5)(d), is not urban growth. When allowed to spread over wide areas, urban growth typically requires urban governmental services. "Characterized by urban growth" refers to land having urban growth located on it, or to land located in relationship to an area with urban growth on it as to be appropriate for urban growth.

(18) "Urban growth areas" means those areas designated by a county pursuant to RCW 36.70A.110.

(19) "Urban governmental services" or "urban services" include those governmental public services and public facilities at an intensity historically and typically (delivered by) provided in cities, specifically including storm and sanitary sewer systems, domestic water systems, street cleaning services, fire and police protection services, public transit services, and other public utilities associated with urban areas and normally not associated with (nonurban) rural areas.

(20) "Wetland" or "wetlands" means areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Wetlands do not include those artificial wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland sites, including, but not limited to, irrigation and drainage ditches, grass-lined swales, canals, detention facilities, wastewater treatment facilities, farm ponds, and landscape amenities, or those wetlands created after July 1, 1990, that were unintentionally created as a result of the construction of a road, street, or highway. Wetlands may include those artificial wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland areas created to mitigate conversion of wetlands.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
(1) A county, after conferring with its cities, may develop alternative methods of achieving the planning goals established by RCW 36.70A.020.
(2) The authority provided by this section may not be used to modify:
(a) Requirements for the designation and protection of critical areas or for the designation of natural resource lands under RCW 36.70A.060(2), 36.70A.170, and 36.70A.172;
(b) The requirement that wetlands be delineated consistent with the requirements of RCW 36.70A.175; or
(c) The requirement to establish a process for the siting of essential public facilities pursuant to RCW 36.70A.200.
(3) Before adopting any alternative methods of achieving the planning goals established by RCW 36.70A.020, a county shall provide an opportunity for public review and comment. An ordinance or resolution proposing or adopting alternative methods must be submitted to the department in the same manner as provided in RCW 36.70A.106 for submittal of proposed and adopted comprehensive plans and development regulations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
The legislature finds that it is the goal of the state of Washington to achieve no overall net loss of wetland functions. Wetlands can provide public benefits related to flood control, groundwater recharge, water quality, and wildlife habitat. The legislature further finds that consideration should be given to the functions wetlands provide and to the needs of private property owners to assure that wetlands regulations both reflect the impact to wetland functions and allow for a reasonable use of property. In adopting critical areas development regulations, counties and cities should consider and balance all of the goals under RCW 36.70A.020. The legislature intends that no goal takes precedence over any of the others, but that counties and cities may prioritize the goals in accordance with local history, conditions, circumstances, and choice.

Sec. 6. RCW 36.70A.060 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 21 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, and each city within such county, shall adopt development regulations on or before September 1, 1991, to assure the conservation of agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170. Regulations adopted under this subsection may not prohibit uses legally existing on any parcel prior to their adoption and shall remain in effect until the county or city adopts development regulations pursuant to RCW 36.70A.120. Such regulations shall assure that the use of lands adjacent to agricultural, forest, or mineral resource lands shall not interfere with the continued use, in the accustomed manner and in accordance with best management practices, of these designated lands for the production of food, agricultural products, or timber, or for the extraction of minerals. Counties and cities shall require that all plats, short plats, development permits, and building permits issued for development activities on, or within three hundred feet of, lands designated as agricultural lands, forest lands, or mineral resource lands, contain a notice that the subject property is within or near designated agricultural lands, forest lands, or mineral resource lands on which a variety of commercial activities may occur that are not compatible with residential development for certain periods of limited duration.
(2) Each county and city shall adopt development regulations that protect critical areas that are required to be designated under RCW 36.70A.170. For counties and cities that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, such development regulations shall be adopted on or before September 1, 1991. For the remainder of the counties and cities, such development regulations shall be adopted on or before March 1, 1992.
(3) Such counties and cities shall review these designations and development regulations when adopting their comprehensive plans under RCW 36.70A.040 and implementing development regulations under RCW 36.70A.120 and may alter such designations and development regulations to insure consistency.
(4) Forest land and agricultural land located within urban growth areas shall not be designated by a county or city as forest land or agricultural land of long-term commercial significance under RCW 36.70A.170 unless the city or county has enacted a program authorizing transfer or purchase of development rights.
(5) Counties and cities may exempt the following from critical areas development regulations:
(a) Emergency activities; and
Activities with minor impacts on critical areas.

Sec. 7. RCW 36.70A.070 and 1996 c 239 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The comprehensive plan of a county or city that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall consist of a map or maps, and descriptive text covering objectives, principles, and standards used to develop the comprehensive plan. The plan shall be an internally consistent document and all elements shall be consistent with the future land use map. A comprehensive plan shall be adopted and amended with public participation as provided in RCW 36.70A.140.

Each comprehensive plan shall include a plan, scheme, or design for each of the following:

1. A land use element designating the proposed general distribution and general location and extent of the uses of land, where appropriate, for agriculture, timber production, housing, commerce, industry, recreation, open spaces, general aviation airports, public utilities, public facilities, and other land uses. The land use element shall include population densities, building intensities, and estimates of future population growth. The land use element shall provide for protection of the quality and quantity of ground water used for public water supplies. Where applicable, the land use element shall review drainage, flooding, and storm water run-off in the area and nearby jurisdictions and provide guidance for corrective actions to mitigate or cleanse those discharges that pollute waters of the state, including Puget Sound or waters entering Puget Sound.

2. A housing element ensuring the vitality and character of established residential neighborhoods that: (a) Includes an inventory and analysis of existing and projected housing needs; (b) includes a statement of goals, policies, objectives, and mandatory provisions for the preservation, improvement, and development of housing, including single-family residences; (c) identifies sufficient land for housing, including, but not limited to, government-assisted housing, housing for low-income families, manufactured housing, multifamily housing, and group homes and foster care facilities; and (d) makes adequate provisions for existing and projected needs of all economic segments of the community.

3. A capital facilities plan element consisting of: (a) An inventory of existing capital facilities owned by public entities, showing the locations and capacities of the capital facilities; (b) a forecast of the future needs for such capital facilities; (c) the proposed locations and capacities of expanded or new capital facilities; (d) at least a six-year plan that will finance such capital facilities within projected funding capacities and clearly identifies sources of public money for such purposes; and (e) a requirement to reassess the land use element if probable funding falls short of meeting existing needs and to ensure that the land use element, capital facilities plan element, and financing plan within the capital facilities plan element are coordinated and consistent.

4. A utilities element consisting of the general location, proposed location, and capacity of all existing and proposed utilities, including, but not limited to, electrical lines, telecommunication lines, and natural gas lines.

5. Rural element. Counties shall include a rural element including lands that are not designated for urban growth, agriculture, forest, or mineral resources. The following provisions shall apply to the rural element:

   a. Growth management act goals and local circumstances. Because circumstances vary from county to county, in establishing patterns of rural densities and uses, a county may consider local circumstances, but shall develop a written record explaining how the rural element harmonizes the planning goals in RCW 36.70A.020 and meets the requirements of this chapter.

   b. Rural development. The rural element shall permit (appropriate land uses that are compatible with the rural character of such lands and) rural development, forestry, and agriculture in rural areas. The rural element shall provide for a variety of rural densities (and may also provide), essential public facilities, and rural governmental services needed to serve the permitted densities and uses. In order to achieve a variety of rural densities and uses, counties may provide for clustering, density transfer, design guidelines, conservation easements, and other innovative techniques that will accommodate appropriate rural densities and uses that are not characterized by urban growth and that are consistent with rural character.

   c. Measures governing rural development. The rural element shall include measures that apply to rural development and protect the rural character of the area, as established by the county, by:

      i. Containing or otherwise controlling rural development;

      ii. Assuring visual compatibility of rural development with the surrounding rural area;
(iii) Reducing the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land into sprawling, low-density development in the rural area;
(iv) Protecting critical areas, as provided in RCW 36.70A.060, and surface water and ground water resources; and
(v) Protecting against conflicts with the use of agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170.

(d) Limited areas of more intensive rural development. Subject to the requirements of this subsection and except as otherwise specifically provided in this subsection (5)(d), the rural element may allow for limited areas of more intensive rural development, including necessary public facilities and public services to serve the limited area as follows:

(i) Rural development consisting of the infill, development, or redevelopment of existing commercial, industrial, residential, or mixed-use areas, whether characterized as shoreline development, villages, hamlets, rural activity centers, or crossroads developments. A commercial, industrial, residential, shoreline, or mixed-use area shall be subject to the requirements of (d)(iv) of this subsection, but shall not be subject to the requirements of (c)(ii) and (iii) of this subsection. An industrial area is not required to be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population;

(ii) The intensification of development on lots containing, or new development of, small-scale recreational or tourist uses, including commercial facilities to serve those recreational or tourist uses, that rely on a rural location and setting, but that do not include new residential development. A small-scale recreation or tourist use is not required to be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population. Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the recreation or tourist use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(iii) The intensification of development on lots containing isolated nonresidential uses or new development of isolated cottage industries and isolated small-scale businesses that are not principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population and nonresidential uses, but do provide job opportunities for rural residents. Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the isolated nonresidential use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(iv) A county shall adopt measures to minimize and contain the existing areas or uses of more intensive rural development, as appropriate, authorized under this subsection. Lands included in such existing areas or uses shall not extend beyond the logical outer boundary of the existing area or use, thereby allowing a new pattern of low-density sprawl. Existing areas are those that are clearly identifiable and contained and where there is a logical boundary delineated predominately by the built environment, but that may also include undeveloped lands if limited as provided in this subsection. The county shall establish the logical outer boundary of an area of more intensive rural development. In establishing the logical outer boundary the county shall address (A) the need to preserve the character of existing natural neighborhoods and communities, (B) physical boundaries such as bodies of water, streets and highways, and land forms and contours, (C) the prevention of abnormally irregular boundaries, and (D) the ability to provide public facilities and public services in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(v) For purposes of (d) of this subsection, an existing area or existing use is one that was in existence:

(A) On July 1, 1990, in a county that was initially required to plan under all of the provisions of this chapter;

(B) On the date the county adopted a resolution under RCW 36.70A.040(2), in a county that is planning under all of the provisions of this chapter under RCW 36.70A.040(2); or

(C) On the date the office of financial management certifies the county’s population as provided in RCW 36.70A.040(5), in a county that is planning under all of the provisions of this chapter pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040(5).

(e) Exception. This subsection shall not be interpreted to permit in the rural area a major industrial development or a master planned resort unless otherwise specifically permitted under RCW 36.70A.360 and 36.70A.365.

(6) A transportation element that implements, and is consistent with, the land use element. The transportation element shall include the following subelements:

(a) Land use assumptions used in estimating travel;
(b) Facilities and services needs, including:
(i) An inventory of air, water, and ground transportation facilities and services, including transit alignments and general aviation airport facilities, to define existing capital facilities and travel levels as a basis for future planning;
(ii) Level of service standards for all arterials and transit routes to serve as a gauge to judge performance of the system. These standards should be regionally coordinated;
(iii) Specific actions and requirements for bringing into compliance any facilities or services that are below an established level of service standard;
(iv) Forecasts of traffic for at least ten years based on the adopted land use plan to provide information on the location, timing, and capacity needs of future growth;
(v) Identification of system expansion needs and transportation system management needs to meet current and future demands;
(c) Finance, including:
(i) An analysis of funding capability to judge needs against probable funding resources;
(ii) A multiyear financing plan based on the needs identified in the comprehensive plan, the appropriate parts of which shall serve as the basis for the six-year street, road, or transit program required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems;
(iii) If probable funding falls short of meeting identified needs, a discussion of how additional funding will be raised, or how land use assumptions will be reassessed to ensure that level of service standards will be met;
(d) Intergovernmental coordination efforts, including an assessment of the impacts of the transportation plan and land use assumptions on the transportation systems of adjacent jurisdictions;
(e) Demand-management strategies.

After adoption of the comprehensive plan by jurisdictions required to plan or who choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, local jurisdictions must adopt and enforce ordinances which prohibit development approval if the development causes the level of service on a transportation facility to decline below the standards adopted in the transportation element of the comprehensive plan, unless transportation improvements or strategies to accommodate the impacts of development are made concurrent with the development. These strategies may include increased public transportation service, ride sharing programs, demand management, and other transportation systems management strategies. For the purposes of this subsection (6) "concurrent with the development" shall mean that improvements or strategies are in place at the time of development, or that a financial commitment is in place to complete the improvements or strategies within six years.

The transportation element described in this subsection, and the six-year plans required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems, must be consistent.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
(1) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, residential and nonresidential uses in the rural element shall not require urban services and nonresidential rural development shall be principally designed to serve and provide jobs for the existing and projected rural population or serve existing nonresidential uses.
(2) This section applies to a county with a population of ninety-five thousand or more that has committed five percent or more of its land base to urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110 and that has no more than eighty percent of its land base in public ownership or resource lands of long-term commercial significance designated under RCW 36.70A.170.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
(1) The public participation requirements of this chapter shall include notice procedures that are reasonably calculated to provide notice to property owners and other affected and interested individuals, tribes, government agencies, businesses, and organizations of proposed amendments to comprehensive plans and development regulation. Examples of reasonable notice provisions include:
(a) Posting the property for site-specific proposals;
(b) Publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, city, or general area where the proposal is located or that will be affected by the proposal;
(c) Notifying public or private groups with known interest in a certain proposal or in the type of proposal being considered;
(d) Placing notices in appropriate regional, neighborhood, ethnic, or trade journals; and
(e) Publishing notice in agency newsletters or sending notice to agency mailing lists, including general lists or lists for specific proposals or subject areas.

(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, if the legislative body for a county or city chooses to consider a change to an amendment to a comprehensive plan or development regulation, and the change is proposed after the opportunity for review and comment has passed under the county’s or city’s procedures, an opportunity for review and comment on the proposed change shall be provided before the local legislative body votes on the proposed change.
(b) An additional opportunity for public review and comment is not required under (a) of this subsection if:
(i) An environmental impact statement has been prepared under chapter 43.21C RCW for the pending resolution or ordinance and the proposed change is within the range of alternatives considered in the environmental impact statement;
(ii) The proposed change is within the scope of the alternatives available for public comment;
(iii) The proposed change only corrects typographical errors, corrects cross-references, makes address or name changes, or clarifies language of a proposed ordinance or resolution without changing its effect;
(iv) The proposed change is to a resolution or ordinance making a capital budget decision as provided in RCW 36.70A.120; or
(v) The proposed change is to a resolution or ordinance enacting a moratorium or interim control adopted under RCW 36.70A.390.

(3) This section is prospective in effect and does not apply to a comprehensive plan, development regulation, or amendment adopted before the effective date of this section.

Sec. 10. RCW 36.70A.130 and 1995 c 347 s 106 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each comprehensive land use plan and development regulations shall be subject to continuing review and evaluation by the county or city that adopted them. Not later than September 1, 2002, and at least every five years thereafter, a county or city shall take action to review and, if needed, revise its comprehensive land use plan and development regulations to ensure that the plan and regulations are complying with the requirements of this chapter. The review and evaluation required by this subsection may be combined with the review required by subsection (3) of this section.

Any amendment or revision to a comprehensive land use plan shall conform to this chapter, and any change to development regulations shall be consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan.

(2)(a) Each county and city shall establish and broadly disseminate to the public a public participation program identifying procedures whereby proposed amendments or revisions of the comprehensive plan are considered by the governing body of the county or city no more frequently than once every year except that amendments may be considered more frequently under the following circumstances:
(i) The initial adoption of a subarea plan; 
(ii) The adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program under the procedures set forth in chapter 90.58 RCW; and
(iii) The amendment of the capital facilities element of a comprehensive plan that occurs concurrently with the adoption or amendment of a county or city budget.
(b) Except as otherwise provided in (a) of this subsection, all proposals shall be considered by the governing body concurrently so the cumulative effect of the various proposals can be ascertained. However, after appropriate public participation a county or city may adopt amendments or revisions to its comprehensive plan that conform with this chapter whenever an emergency exists or to resolve an appeal of a comprehensive plan filed with a growth management hearings board or with the court.

(3) Each county that designates urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110 shall review, at least every ten years, its designated urban growth area or areas, and the densities permitted within both the incorporated and unincorporated portions of each urban growth area. In conjunction with this review by the county, each city located within an urban growth area shall review the densities permitted within its boundaries, and the extent to which the urban growth occurring within the county
has located within each city and the unincorporated portions of the urban growth areas. The county comprehensive plan designating urban growth areas, and the densities permitted in the urban growth areas by the comprehensive plans of the county and each city located within the urban growth areas, shall be revised to accommodate the urban growth projected to occur in the county for the succeeding twenty-year period. The review required by this subsection may be combined with the review and evaluation required by section 25 of this act.

Sec. 11. RCW 36.70A.270 and 1996 c 325 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Each growth management hearings board shall be governed by the following rules on conduct and procedure:

(1) Any board member may be removed for inefficiency, malfeasance, and misfeasance in office, under specific written charges filed by the governor. The governor shall transmit such written charges to the member accused and the chief justice of the supreme court. The chief justice shall thereupon designate a tribunal composed of three judges of the superior court to hear and adjudicate the charges. Removal of any member of a board by the tribunal shall disqualify such member for reappointment.

(2) Each board member shall receive reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in the discharge of his or her duties in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. If it is determined that the review boards shall operate on a full-time basis, each member shall receive an annual salary to be determined by the governor pursuant to RCW 43.03.040. If it is determined that a review board shall operate on a part-time basis, each member shall receive compensation pursuant to RCW 43.03.250, provided such amount shall not exceed the amount that would be set if they were a full-time board member. The principal office of each board shall be located by the governor within the jurisdictional boundaries of each board. The boards shall operate on either a part-time or full-time basis, as determined by the governor.

(3) Each board member shall not: (a) Be a candidate for or hold any other public office or trust; (b) engage in any occupation or business interfering with or inconsistent with his or her duty as a board member; and (c) for a period of one year after the termination of his or her board membership, act in a representative capacity before the board on any matter.

(4) A majority of each board shall constitute a quorum for making orders or decisions, adopting rules necessary for the conduct of its powers and duties, or transacting other official business, and may act even though one position of the board is vacant. One or more members may hold hearings and take testimony to be reported for action by the board when authorized by rule or order of the board. The board shall perform all the powers and duties specified in this chapter or as otherwise provided by law.

(5) The board may appoint one or more hearing examiners to assist the board in its hearing function, to make conclusions of law and findings of fact and, if requested by the board, to make recommendations to the board for decisions in cases before the board. Such hearing examiners must have demonstrated knowledge of land use planning and law. The boards shall specify in their joint rules of practice and procedure, as required by subsection (7) of this section, the procedure and criteria to be employed for designating hearing examiners as a presiding officer. Hearing examiners selected by a board shall meet the requirements of subsection (3) of this section. The findings and conclusions of the hearing examiner shall not become final until they have been formally approved by the board. This authorization to use hearing examiners does not waive the requirement of RCW 36.70A.300 that final orders be issued within one hundred eighty days of board receipt of a petition.

(6) Each board shall make findings of fact and prepare a written decision in each case decided by it, and such findings and decision shall be effective upon being signed by two or more members of the board and upon being filed at the board’s principal office, and shall be open for public inspection at all reasonable times.

(7) All proceedings before the board, any of its members, or a hearing examiner appointed by the board shall be conducted in accordance with such administrative rules of practice and procedure as the boards jointly prescribe. All three boards shall jointly meet to develop and adopt joint rules of practice and procedure, including rules regarding expeditious and summary disposition of appeals. The boards shall publish such rules and decisions they render and arrange for the reasonable distribution of the rules and decisions. Except as it conflicts with specific provisions of this chapter, the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, and specifically including the provisions of RCW 34.05.455 governing ex parte communications, shall govern the practice and procedure of the boards.
(8) A board member or hearing examiner is subject to disqualification under chapter 34.05 RCW. The joint rules of practice of the boards shall establish procedures by which a party to a hearing conducted before the board may file with the board a motion to disqualify, with supporting affidavit, against a board member or hearing examiner assigned to preside at the hearing.

(9) The members of the boards shall meet jointly on at least an annual basis with the objective of sharing information that promotes the goals and purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 12. RCW 36.70A.290 and 1995 c 347 s 109 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All requests for review to a growth management hearings board shall be initiated by filing a petition that includes a detailed statement of issues presented for resolution by the board. The board shall render written decisions articulating the basis for its holdings. The board shall not issue advisory opinions on issues not presented to the board in the statement of issues, as modified by any prehearing order.

(2) All petitions relating to whether or not an adopted comprehensive plan, development regulation, or permanent amendment thereto, is in compliance with the goals and requirements of this chapter or chapter 90.58 or 43.21C RCW must be filed within sixty days after publication by the legislative bodies of the county or city.

(a) Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, the date of publication for a city shall be the date the city publishes the ordinance, or summary of the ordinance, adopting the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto, as is required to be published.

(b) Promptly after adoption, a county shall publish a notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto.

Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, for purposes of this section the date of publication for a county shall be the date the county publishes the notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto.

(c) For local governments planning under RCW 36.70A.040, promptly after approval or disapproval of a local government’s shoreline master program or amendment thereto by the department of ecology as provided in RCW 90.58.090, the local government shall publish a notice that the shoreline master program or amendment thereto has been approved or disapproved by the department of ecology. For purposes of this section, the date of publication for the adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program is the date the local government publishes notice that the shoreline master program or amendment thereto has been approved or disapproved by the department of ecology.

(3) Unless the board dismisses the petition as frivolous or finds that the person filing the petition lacks standing, or the parties have filed an agreement to have the case heard in superior court as provided in section 13 of this act, the board shall, within ten days of receipt of the petition, set a time for hearing the matter.

(4) The board shall base its decision on the record developed by the city, county, or the state and supplemented with additional evidence if the board determines that such additional evidence would be necessary or of substantial assistance to the board in reaching its decision.

(5) The board, shall consolidate, when appropriate, all petitions involving the review of the same comprehensive plan or the same development regulation or regulations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The superior court may directly review a petition for review filed under RCW 36.70A.290 if all parties to the proceeding before the board have agreed to direct review in the superior court. The agreement of the parties shall be in writing and signed by all of the parties to the proceeding or their designated representatives. The agreement shall include the parties’ agreement to proper venue as provided in RCW 36.70A.300(5). The parties shall file their agreement with the board within ten days after the date the petition is filed, or if multiple petitions have been filed and the board has consolidated the petitions pursuant to RCW 36.70A.300, within ten days after the board serves its order of consolidation.

(2) Within ten days of receiving the timely and complete agreement of the parties, the board shall file a certificate of agreement with the designated superior court and shall serve the parties with copies of the certificate. The superior court shall obtain exclusive jurisdiction over a petition when it receives the certificate of agreement. With the certificate of agreement the board shall also file the petition for review, any orders entered by the board, all other documents in the board’s files regarding the action, and the written agreement of the parties.
For purposes of a petition that is subject to direct review, the superior court's subject matter jurisdiction shall be equivalent to that of the board. Consistent with the requirements of the superior court civil rules, the superior court may consolidate a petition subject to direct review under this section with a separate action filed in the superior court.

(4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) and (c) of this subsection, the provisions of RCW 36.70A.280 through 36.70A.330, which specify the nature and extent of board review, shall apply to the superior court's review.

(b) The superior court:
   (i) Shall not have jurisdiction to directly review or modify an office of financial management population projection;
   (ii) Except as otherwise provided in RCW 36.70A.300(2)(b), shall render its decision on the petition within one hundred eighty days of receiving the certification of agreement; and
   (iii) Shall give a compliance hearing under RCW 36.70A.330(2) the highest priority of all civil matters before the court.

(c) An aggrieved party may secure appellate review of a final judgment of the superior court under this section by the supreme court or the court of appeals. The review shall be secured in the manner provided by law for review of superior court decisions in other civil cases.

(5) If, following a compliance hearing, the court finds that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance with the court's prior order, the court may use its remedial and contempt powers to enforce compliance.

(6) The superior court shall transmit a copy of its decision and order on direct review to the board, the department, and the governor. If the court has determined that a county or city is not in compliance with the provisions of this chapter, the governor may impose sanctions against the county or city in the same manner as if a board had recommended the imposition of sanctions as provided in RCW 36.70A.330.

(7) After the court has assumed jurisdiction over a petition for review under this section, the superior court civil rules shall govern a request for intervention and all other procedural matters not specifically provided for in this section.

Sec. 14. RCW 36.70A.300 and 1995 c 347 s 110 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The board shall issue a final order (within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the petition for review, or, when multiple petitions are filed, within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the last petition that is consolidated. Such a final order) that shall be based exclusively on whether or not a state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and amendments thereto, (adopted) under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW.

(2)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the final order shall be issued within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the petition for review, or, if multiple petitions are filed, within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the last petition that is consolidated.

(b) The board may extend the period of time for issuing a decision to enable the parties to settle the dispute if additional time is necessary to achieve a settlement, and (i) an extension is requested by all parties, or (ii) an extension is requested by the petitioner and respondent and the board determines that a negotiated settlement between the remaining parties could resolve significant issues in dispute. The request must be filed with the board not later than seven days before the date scheduled for the hearing on the merits of the petition. The board may authorize one or more extensions for up to ninety days each, subject to the requirements of this section.

(3) In the final order, the board shall either:
   (a) Find that the state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter (adopted) chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and amendments thereto, under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW; or
   (b) Find that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter (adopted) chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and amendments thereto, under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW, in which case the board shall remand the matter to the affected state agency, county, or city (and). The board shall specify a
reasonable time not in excess of one hundred eighty days, or such longer period as determined by the board in cases of unusual scope or complexity, within which the state agency, county, or city shall comply with the requirements of this chapter. The board may require periodic reports to the board on the progress the jurisdiction is making towards compliance.

(4) Unless the board makes a determination of invalidity as provided in section 16 of this act, a finding of noncompliance and an order of remand shall not affect the validity of comprehensive plans and development regulations during the period of remand, unless the board’s final order also:

(a) Includes a determination, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the continued validity of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter; and

(b) Specifies the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.

(3) A determination of invalidity shall:

(a) Be prospective in effect and shall not extinguish rights that vested under state or local law before the date of the board’s order; and

(b) Subject any development application that would otherwise vest after the date of the board’s order to the local ordinance or resolution that both is enacted in response to the order of remand and determined by the board pursuant to RCW 36.70A.330 to comply with the requirements of this chapter.

(4) If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (2) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand.

(5) Any party aggrieved by a final decision of the hearings board may appeal the decision to superior court as provided in RCW 34.05.514 or 36.01.050 within thirty days of the final order of the board.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

After the effective date of this section, all appeals of a decision taken from a final decision of a board shall be filed in the court of appeals for assignment by the chief presiding judge.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) A board may determine that part or all of a comprehensive plan or development regulations are invalid if the board:

(a) Makes a finding of noncompliance and issues an order of remand under RCW 36.70A.300;

(b) Includes in the final order a determination, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the continued validity of part or parts of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter; and

(c) Specifies in the final order the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.

(2) A determination of invalidity is prospective in effect and does not extinguish rights that vested under state or local law before receipt of the board’s order by the city or county. The determination of invalidity does not apply to a completed development permit application for a project that vested under state or local law before receipt of the board’s order by the county or city or to related construction permits for that project.

(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section and (b) of this subsection, a development permit application not vested under state or local law before receipt of the board’s order by the county or city vests to the local ordinance or resolution that is determined by the board not to substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(b) Even though the application is not vested under state or local law before receipt by the county or city of the board’s order, a determination of invalidity does not apply to a development permit application for:

(i) A permit for construction by any owner, lessee, or contract purchaser of a single-family residence for his or her own use or for the use of his or her family on a lot existing before receipt by the county or city of the board’s order, except as otherwise specifically provided in the board’s order to protect the public health and safety;
(ii) A building permit and related construction permits for remodeling, tenant improvements, or expansion of an existing structure on a lot existing before receipt of the board’s order by the county or city; and

(iii) A boundary line adjustment or a division of land that does not increase the number of buildable lots existing before receipt of the board’s order by the county or city.

(4) If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (1) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand.

(5) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may adopt interim controls and other measures to be in effect until it adopts a comprehensive plan and development regulations that comply with the requirements of this chapter. A development permit application may vest under an interim control or measure upon determination by the board that the interim controls and other measures do not substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(6) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may file a motion requesting that the board clarify, modify, or rescind the order. The board shall expeditiously schedule a hearing on the motion. At the hearing on the motion, the parties may present information to the board to clarify the part or parts of the comprehensive plan or development regulations to which the final order applies. The board shall issue any supplemental order based on the information provided at the hearing not later than thirty days after the date of the hearing.

(7)(a) If a determination of invalidity has been made and the county or city has enacted an ordinance or resolution amending the invalidated part or parts of the plan or regulation or establishing interim controls on development affected by the order of invalidity, after a compliance hearing, the board shall modify or rescind the determination of invalidity if it determines under the standard in subsection (1) of this section that the plan or regulation, as amended or made subject to such interim controls, will no longer substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(b) If the board determines that part or parts of the plan or regulation are no longer invalid as provided in this subsection, but does not find that the plan or regulation is in compliance with all of the requirements of this chapter, the board, in its order, may require periodic reports to the board on the progress the jurisdiction is making towards compliance.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. A board shall determine that part or all of a comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendments thereto, are invalid only if, in addition to the requirements of section 16 of this act, the board finds that in adopting plans or development regulations, or amendments thereto, the county or city acted in an arbitrary and capricious manner.

Sec. 18. RCW 36.70A.305 and 1996 c 325 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The court shall provide expedited review of ((a determination of invalidity or an order effectuating)) that includes a determination of invalidity made or issued under RCW 36.70A.300 and section 16 of this act. The matter must be set for hearing within sixty days of the date set for submitting the board’s record, absent a showing of good cause for a different date or a stipulation of the parties.

(2) A determination of substantial interference under this chapter must be based on evidence of actual development or development permit applications that would substantially interfere with the goals of this chapter, and not on hypothetical or speculative development potential.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

A court, in reviewing an order of the board, may:

(1) Affirm the board’s order;

(2) Set aside the board’s order, enjoin or stay the board’s order, remand the matter for further proceedings, order the board to rescind or modify an order; or

(3) Enter a declaratory judgment order of compliance or noncompliance, which may include a determination of invalidity if (a) the determination is supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law that the continued validity of part or parts of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter and (b) the court’s order specifies the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.
**Sec. 20.** RCW 36.70A.320 and 1995 c 347 s 111 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection ((2)) (5) of this section, comprehensive plans and development regulations, and amendments thereto, adopted under this chapter are presumed valid upon adoption.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4) of this section, the burden is on the petitioner to demonstrate that any action taken by a state agency, county, or city under this chapter is not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

(3) In any petition under this chapter, the board, after full consideration of the petition, shall determine whether there is compliance with the requirements of this chapter. In making its determination, the board shall consider the criteria adopted by the department under RCW 36.70A.190(4). The board shall find compliance unless it ((finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the state agency, county, or city erroneously interpreted or applied this chapter)) determines that the action by the state agency, county, or city is clearly erroneous in view of the entire record before the board and in light of the goals and requirements of this chapter.

(4) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity made under RCW 36.70A.300 or section 16 of this act has the burden of demonstrating that the ordinance or resolution it has enacted in response to the determination of invalidity will no longer substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter under the standard in section 16(1) of this act.

(5) The shoreline element of a comprehensive plan and the applicable development regulations adopted by a county or city shall take effect as provided in chapter 90.58 RCW.

**Sec. 21.** RCW 36.70A.330 and 1995 c 347 s 112 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) After the time set for complying with the requirements of this chapter under RCW 36.70A.300(1)(b) has expired, or at an earlier time upon the motion of a county or city subject to a determination of invalidity under RCW 36.70A.300, the board shall set a hearing for the purpose of determining whether the state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

(2) The board shall conduct a hearing and issue a finding of compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter and with any compliance schedule established by the board in its final order. A person with standing to challenge the legislation enacted in response to the board’s final order may participate in the hearing along with the petitioner and the state agency, county, or city. A hearing under this subsection shall be given the highest priority of business to be conducted by the board, and a finding shall be issued within forty-five days of the filing of the motion under subsection (1) of this section with the board. The board shall issue any order necessary to make adjustments to the compliance schedule and set additional hearings as provided in subsection (5) of this section.

(3) If the board after a compliance hearing finds that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance, the board shall transmit its finding to the governor. The board may recommend to the governor that the sanctions authorized by this chapter be imposed. The board shall take into consideration the county’s or city’s efforts to meet its compliance schedule in making the decision to recommend sanctions to the governor.

(4) In a compliance hearing upon petition of a party, the board shall also reconsider its final order and decide((

(a) If a determination of invalidity has been made, whether such a determination should be rescinded or modified under the standards in RCW 36.70A.300(2); or

(b)) if no determination of invalidity has been made, whether one now should be made ((under the standards in RCW 36.70A.300(3))) under section 16 of this act.

(5) The board shall schedule additional hearings as appropriate pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 22.** A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

A county or city subject to an order of invalidity issued before the effective date of section 14 of this act, by motion may request the board to review the order of invalidity in light of the section 14, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 14 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.300, the section 21, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 21 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.330, and section 16 of this act. If a request is made, the board shall rescind or modify the order of invalidity as necessary to make it consistent with the section 14, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 14 of this act) amendments
NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) A county or a city may use a variety of innovative zoning techniques in areas designated as agricultural lands of long-term commercial significance under RCW 36.70A.170. The innovative zoning techniques should be designed to conserve agricultural lands and encourage the agricultural economy. A county or city should encourage nonagricultural uses to be limited to lands with poor soils or otherwise not suitable for agricultural purposes.

(2) Innovative zoning techniques a county or city may consider include, but are not limited to:

(a) Agricultural zoning, which limits the density of development and restricts or prohibits nonfarm uses of agricultural land;

(b) Cluster zoning, which allows new development on one portion of the land, leaving the remainder in agricultural or open space uses;

(c) Large lot zoning, which establishes as a minimum lot size the amount of land necessary to achieve a successful farming practice;

(d) Quarter/quarter zoning, which permits one residential dwelling on a one-acre minimum lot for each one-sixteenth of a section of land; and

(e) Sliding scale zoning, which allows the number of lots for single-family residential purposes with a minimum lot size of one acre to increase inversely as the size of the total acreage increases.

Sec. 24. RCW 36.70A.110 and 1995 c 400 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall designate an urban growth area or areas within which urban growth shall be encouraged and outside of which growth can occur only if it is not urban in nature. Each city that is located in such a county shall be included within an urban growth area. An urban growth area may include more than a single city. An urban growth area may include territory that is located outside of a city only if such territory already is characterized by urban growth whether or not the urban growth area includes a city, or is adjacent to territory already characterized by urban growth, or is a designated new fully contained community as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(2) Based upon the growth management population projection made for the county by the office of financial management, the urban growth areas in the county and each city within the county shall include areas and densities sufficient to permit the urban growth that is projected to occur in the county or city for the succeeding twenty-year period. Each urban growth area shall permit urban densities and shall include greenbelt and open space areas. An urban growth area determination may include a reasonable land market supply factor and shall permit a range of urban densities and uses. In determining this market factor, cities and counties may consider local circumstances. Cities and counties have discretion in their comprehensive plans to make many choices about accommodating growth.

Within one year of July 1, 1990, each county that as of June 1, 1991, was required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, shall begin consulting with each city located within its boundaries and each city shall propose the location of an urban growth area. Within sixty days of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall begin this consultation with each city located within its boundaries. The county shall attempt to reach agreement with each city on the location of an urban growth area within which the city is located. If such an agreement is not reached with each city located within the urban growth area, the county shall justify in writing why it so designated the area an urban growth area. A city may object formally with the department over the designation of the urban growth area within which it is located. Where appropriate, the department shall attempt to resolve the conflicts, including the use of mediation services.

(3) Urban growth should be located first in areas already characterized by urban growth that have adequate existing public facility and service capacities to serve such development, second in areas already characterized by urban growth that will be served adequately by a combination of both existing public facilities and services and any additional needed public facilities and services that are provided by either public or private sources, and third in the remaining portions of the urban growth areas.
Urban growth may also be located in designated new fully contained communities as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(4) In general, cities are the units of local government most appropriate to provide urban governmental services. In general, it is not appropriate that urban governmental services be extended to or expanded in rural areas except in those limited circumstances shown to be necessary to protect basic public health and safety and the environment and when such services are financially supportable at rural densities and do not permit urban development.

(5) On or before October 1, 1993, each county that was initially required to plan under RCW 36.70A.040(1) shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Within three years and three months of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Adoption of the interim urban growth areas may only occur after public notice; public hearing; and compliance with the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, and RCW 36.70A.110. Such action may be appealed to the appropriate growth management hearings board under RCW 36.70A.280. Final urban growth areas shall be adopted at the time of comprehensive plan adoption under this chapter.

(6) Each county shall include designations of urban growth areas in its comprehensive plan.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the limitations in subsection (7) of this section, a county shall adopt, in consultation with its cities, county-wide planning policies to establish a review and evaluation program. This program shall be in addition to the requirements of RCW 36.70A.110, 36.70A.130, and 36.70A.210. In developing and implementing the review and evaluation program required by this section, the county and its cities shall consider information from other appropriate jurisdictions and sources. The purpose of the review and evaluation program shall be to:

(a) Determine whether a county and its cities are achieving urban densities within urban growth areas by comparing growth and development assumptions, targets, and objectives contained in the county-wide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans with actual growth and development that has occurred in the county and its cities; and

(b) Identify reasonable measures, other than adjusting urban growth areas, that will be taken to comply with the requirements of this chapter.

(2) The review and evaluation program shall:

(a) Encompass land uses and activities both within and outside of urban growth areas and provide for annual collection of data on urban and rural land uses, development, critical areas, and capital facilities to the extent necessary to determine the quantity and type of land suitable for development, both for residential and employment-based activities;

(b) Provide for evaluation of the data collected under (a) of this subsection every five years as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The first evaluation shall be completed not later than September 1, 2002. The county and its cities may establish in the county-wide planning policies indicators, benchmarks, and other similar criteria to use in conducting the evaluation;

(c) Provide for methods to resolve disputes among jurisdictions relating to the county-wide planning policies required by this section and procedures to resolve inconsistencies in collection and analysis of data; and

(d) Provide for the amendment of the county-wide policies and county and city comprehensive plans as needed to remedy an inconsistency identified through the evaluation required by this section, or to bring these policies into compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

(3) At a minimum, the evaluation component of the program required by subsection (1) of this section shall:

(a) Determine whether there is sufficient suitable land to accommodate the county-wide population projection established for the county pursuant to RCW 43.62.035 and the subsequent population allocations within the county and between the county and its cities and the requirements of RCW 36.70A.110;

(b) Determine the actual density of housing that has been constructed and the actual amount of land developed for commercial and industrial uses within the urban growth area since the adoption of a comprehensive plan under this chapter or since the last periodic evaluation as required by subsection (1) of this section; and
Based on the actual density of development as determined under (b) of this subsection, review commercial, industrial, and housing needs by type and density range to determine the amount of land needed for commercial, industrial, and housing for the remaining portion of the twenty-year planning period used in the most recently adopted comprehensive plan.

(4) If the evaluation required by subsection (3) of this section demonstrates an inconsistency between what has occurred since the adoption of the county-wide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans and development regulations and what was envisioned in those policies and plans and the planning goals and the requirements of this chapter, as the inconsistency relates to the evaluation factors specified in subsection (3) of this section, the county and its cities shall adopt and implement measures that are reasonably likely to increase consistency during the subsequent five-year period. If necessary, a county, in consultation with its cities as required by RCW 36.70A.210, shall adopt amendments to county-wide planning policies to increase consistency. The county and its cities shall annually monitor the measures adopted under this subsection to determine their effect and may revise or rescind them as appropriate.

(5)(a) Not later than July 1, 1998, the department shall prepare a list of methods used by counties and cities in carrying out the types of activities required by this section. The department shall provide this information and appropriate technical assistance to counties and cities required to or choosing to comply with the provisions of this section.

(b) By December 31, 2007, the department shall submit to the appropriate committees of the legislature a report analyzing the effectiveness of the activities described in this section in achieving the goals envisioned by the county-wide planning policies and the comprehensive plans and development regulations of the counties and cities.

(6) From funds appropriated by the legislature for this purpose, the department shall provide grants to counties, cities, and regional planning organizations required under subsection (7) of this section to conduct the review and perform the evaluation required by this section.

(7) The provisions of this section shall apply to counties, and the cities within those counties, that were greater than one hundred fifty thousand in population in 1995 as determined by office of financial management population estimates and that are located west of the crest of the Cascade mountain range. Any other county planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may carry out the review, evaluation, and amendment programs and procedures as provided in this section.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 26. A new section is added to chapter 42.17 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter, a county or city that provides customized maps, products, or services relating to the review and evaluation program required by section 25 of this act from an electronic geographic information system may establish fees by ordinance for providing the customized maps, products, or services.

(2) A county or city shall by ordinance establish standards for the waiver of the fees provided for in subsection (1) of this section if the customized maps, services, or products to persons who request them. The county or city shall not impose fees in excess of an amount necessary to recover the actual cost to the county or city of providing the customized maps, products, or services.

(3) A county or city shall not recover through fees authorized by this section costs paid for by another governmental entity.

Sec. 27. RCW 43.62.035 and 1995 c 162 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The office of financial management shall determine the population of each county of the state annually as of April 1st of each year and on or before July 1st of each year shall file a certificate with the secretary of state showing its determination of the population for each county. The office of financial management also shall determine the percentage increase in population for each county over the preceding ten-year period, as of April 1st, and shall file a certificate with the secretary of state by July 1st showing its determination. At least once every ((ten)) five years or upon the availability of decennial census data, whichever is later, the office of financial management shall prepare twenty-year growth management planning population projections required by RCW 36.70A.110 for each county that adopts a comprehensive plan under RCW 36.70A.040 and shall review these projections with such
counties and the cities in those counties before final adoption. The county and its cities may provide to
the office such information as they deem relevant to the office’s projection, and the office shall
consider and comment on such information before adoption. Each projection shall be expressed as a
reasonable range developed within the standard state high and low projection. The middle range shall
represent the office’s estimate of the most likely population projection for the county. If any city or
county believes that a projection will not accurately reflect actual population growth in a county, it may
petition the office to revise the projection accordingly. The office shall complete the first set of ranges
for every county by December 31, 1995.

A comprehensive plan adopted or amended before December 31, 1995, shall not be considered
to be in noncompliance with the twenty-year growth management planning population projection if the
projection used in the comprehensive plan is in compliance with the range later adopted under this
section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. In order to ensure that there will be no unfunded responsibilities
imposed on counties and cities, if specific funding for the purposes of section 25 of this act, referencing
this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act,
sections 25 and 26 of this act are null and void.

Sec. 29. RCW 36.70A.500 and 1995 c 347 s 116 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The department of community, trade, and economic development shall provide management
services for the fund created by RCW 36.70A.490. The department ((by rule)) shall establish
procedures for fund management. The department shall encourage participation in the grant program
by other public agencies. The department shall develop the grant criteria, monitor the grant program,
and select grant recipients in consultation with state agencies participating in the grant program through
the provision of grant funds or technical assistance.

(2) A grant may be awarded to a county or city that is required to or has chosen to plan under
RCW 36.70A.040 and that is qualified pursuant to this section. The grant shall be provided to assist a
county or city in paying for the cost of preparing (a detailed environmental impact statement) an
environmental analysis under chapter 43.21C RCW, that is integrated with a comprehensive plan
(subarea plan, plan element, county-wide planning policy, development regulation, monitoring program,
or other planning activity adopted under or implementing this chapter that:
(a) Improves the process for project permit review while maintaining environmental quality; or
(b) Encourages use of plans and information developed for purposes of complying with this
chapter to satisfy requirements of other state programs.

(3) In order to qualify for a grant, a county or city shall:
(a) Demonstrate that it will prepare an environmental analysis pursuant to chapter 43.21C
RCW and subsection (2) of this section that is integrated with a comprehensive plan, subarea plan
plan element, county-wide planning policy, development regulations, monitoring program,
or other planning activity adopted under or implementing this chapter;
(b) Address environmental impacts and consequences, alternatives, and mitigation measures in
sufficient detail to allow the analysis to be adopted in whole or in part by (subsequent) applicants for
development permits within the geographic area analyzed in the plan;
(c) Demonstrate that procedures for review of development permit applications will be based
on the integrated plans and environmental analysis;
(d) Include mechanisms (in the plan) to monitor the consequences of growth as it occurs in
the plan area and (provide ongoing) to use the resulting data to update the plan, policy, or
implementing mechanisms and associated environmental analysis;
(e) Demonstrate substantial progress towards compliance with the requirements of this chapter. A county or city that is more than six months out of compliance with a
requirement of this chapter is deemed not to be making substantial progress towards compliance; and
(f) Provide local funding, which may include financial participation by the private
sector.
(4) In awarding grants, the department shall give preference to proposals that include one or
more of the following elements:
(a) Financial participation by the private sector, or a public/private partnering approach;
Identification and monitoring of system capacities for elements of the built environment, and to the extent appropriate, of the natural environment;

(c) Coordination with state, federal, and tribal governments in project review;

(d) Furtherance of important state objectives related to economic development, protection of areas of state-wide significance, and siting of essential public facilities;

(e) Programs to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the permitting process by greater reliance on integrated plans and prospective environmental analysis;

((e)) (f) Programs for effective citizen and neighborhood involvement that contribute to greater (certainty) likelihood that planning decisions (will) can be implemented with community support; and

((e) Plans that) (g) Programs to identify environmental impacts and establish mitigation measures that provide effective means to satisfy concurrency requirements and establish project consistency with the plans.

(5) If the local funding includes funding provided by other state functional planning programs, including open space planning and watershed or basin planning, the functional plan shall be integrated into and be consistent with the comprehensive plan.

(6) State agencies shall work with grant recipients to facilitate state and local project review processes that will implement the projects receiving grants under this section.

Sec. 30. RCW 43.155.070 and 1996 c 168 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) To qualify for loans or pledges under this chapter the board must determine that a local government meets all of the following conditions:

(a) The city or county must be imposing a tax under chapter 82.46 RCW at a rate of at least one-quarter of one percent;

(b) The local government must have developed a long-term plan for financing public works needs;

(c) The local government must be using all local revenue sources which are reasonably available for funding public works, taking into consideration local employment and economic factors; and

(d) Except where necessary to address a public health need or substantial environmental degradation, a county, city, or town that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 must have adopted a comprehensive plan in conformance with the requirements of chapter 36.70A RCW, after it is required that the comprehensive plan be adopted, and must have adopted development regulations in conformance with the requirements of chapter 36.70A RCW, after it is required that development regulations be adopted.

(2) The board shall develop a priority process for public works projects as provided in this section. The intent of the priority process is to maximize the value of public works projects accomplished with assistance under this chapter. The board shall attempt to assure a geographical balance in assigning priorities to projects. The board shall consider at least the following factors in assigning a priority to a project:

(a) Whether the local government receiving assistance has experienced severe fiscal distress resulting from natural disaster or emergency public works needs;

(b) Whether the project is critical in nature and would affect the health and safety of a great number of citizens;

(c) The cost of the project compared to the size of the local government and amount of loan money available;

(d) The number of communities served by or funding the project;

(e) Whether the project is located in an area of high unemployment, compared to the average state unemployment;

(f) Whether the project is the acquisition, expansion, improvement, or renovation by a local government of a public water system that is in violation of health and safety standards, including the cost of extending existing service to such a system;

(g) The relative benefit of the project to the community, considering the present level of economic activity in the community and the existing local capacity to increase local economic activity in communities that have low economic growth; and

(h) Other criteria that the board considers advisable.
(3) Existing debt or financial obligations of local governments shall not be refinanced under this chapter. Each local government applicant shall provide documentation of attempts to secure additional local or other sources of funding for each public works project for which financial assistance is sought under this chapter.

(4) Before November 1 of each year, the board shall develop and submit to the appropriate fiscal committees of the senate and house of representatives a description of the loans made under RCW 43.155.065, 43.155.068, and subsection (7) of this section during the preceding fiscal year and a prioritized list of projects which are recommended for funding by the legislature, including one copy to the staff of each of the committees. The list shall include, but not be limited to, a description of each project and recommended financing, the terms and conditions of the loan or financial guarantee, the local government jurisdiction and unemployment rate, demonstration of the jurisdiction’s critical need for the project and documentation of local funds being used to finance the public works project. The list shall also include measures of fiscal capacity for each jurisdiction recommended for financial assistance, compared to authorized limits and state averages, including local government sales taxes; real estate excise taxes; property taxes; and charges for or taxes on sewerage, water, garbage, and other utilities.

(5) The board shall not sign contracts or otherwise financially obligate funds from the public works assistance account before the legislature has appropriated funds for a specific list of public works projects. The legislature may remove projects from the list recommended by the board. The legislature shall not change the order of the priorities recommended for funding by the board.

(6) Subsection (5) of this section does not apply to loans made under RCW 43.155.065, 43.155.068, and subsection (7) of this section.

(7)(a) Loans made for the purpose of capital facilities plans shall be exempted from subsection (5) of this section. In no case shall the total amount of funds utilized for capital facilities plans and emergency loans exceed the limitation in RCW 43.155.065.

(b) For the purposes of this section "capital facilities plans" means those plans required by the growth management act, chapter 36.70A RCW, and plans required by the public works board for local governments not subject to the growth management act.

(8) To qualify for loans or pledges for solid waste or recycling facilities under this chapter, a city or county must demonstrate that the solid waste or recycling facility is consistent with and necessary to implement the comprehensive solid waste management plan adopted by the city or county under chapter 70.95 RCW.

Sec. 31. RCW 70.146.070 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:

When making grants or loans for water pollution control facilities, the department shall consider the following:

(1) The protection of water quality and public health;
(2) The cost to residential ratepayers if they had to finance water pollution control facilities without state assistance;
(3) Actions required under federal and state permits and compliance orders;
(4) The level of local fiscal effort by residential ratepayers since 1972 in financing water pollution control facilities;
(5) The extent to which the applicant county or city, or if the applicant is another public body, the extent to which the county or city in which the applicant public body is located, has established programs to mitigate nonpoint pollution of the surface or subterranean water sought to be protected by the water pollution control facility named in the application for state assistance; and
(6) The recommendations of the Puget Sound ((water quality authority)) action team and any other board, council, commission, or group established by the legislature or a state agency to study water pollution control issues in the state.

Except where necessary to address a public health need or substantial environmental degradation, a county, city, or town that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 may not receive a grant or loan for water pollution control facilities unless it has adopted a comprehensive plan in conformance with the requirements of chapter 36.70A RCW, after it is required that the comprehensive plan be adopted, or unless it has adopted development regulations in conformance with the requirements of chapter 36.70A RCW, after it is required that development regulations be adopted.

Sec. 32. RCW 84.34.020 and 1992 c 69 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning is required by the context:

(1) "Open space land" means (a) any land area so designated by an official comprehensive land use plan adopted by any city or county and zoned accordingly((e)); or (b) any land area, the preservation of which in its present use would (i) conserve and enhance natural or scenic resources, or (ii) protect streams or water supply, or (iii) promote conservation of soils, wetlands, beaches or tidal marshes, or (iv) enhance the value to the public of abutting or neighboring parks, forests, wildlife preserves, nature reservations or sanctuaries or other open space, or (v) enhance recreation opportunities, or (vi) preserve historic sites, or (vii) preserve visual quality along highway, road, and street corridors or scenic vistas, or (viii) retain in its natural state tracts of land not less than one acre situated in an urban area and open to public use on such conditions as may be reasonably required by the legislative body granting the open space classification, or (c) any land meeting the definition of farm and agricultural conservation land under subsection (8) of this section. As a condition of granting open space classification, the legislative body may not require public access on land classified under (b)(iii) of this subsection for the purpose of promoting conservation of wetlands.

(2) "Farm and agricultural land" means ((either))

(a) Any parcel of land that is twenty or more acres or multiple parcels of land that are contiguous and total twenty or more acres

(i) Devoted primarily to the production of livestock or agricultural commodities for commercial purposes((a));

(ii) Enrolled in the federal conservation reserve program or its successor administered by the United States department of agriculture((e)); or

(iii) Other similar commercial activities as may be established by rule ((following consultation with the advisory committee established in section 19 of this act));

(b) Any parcel of land that is five acres or more but less than twenty acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses, which has produced a gross income from agricultural uses equivalent to, as of January 1, 1993((e));

(i) One hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993((e)); and

(ii) On or after January 1, 1993, two hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter;

(c) Any parcel of land of less than five acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses which has produced a gross income as of January 1, 1993, of;

(i) One thousand dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993((e)); and

(ii) On or after January 1, 1993, fifteen hundred dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter.

Parcels of land described in (b)(i) and (c)(i) of this subsection shall, upon any transfer of the property excluding a transfer to a surviving spouse, be subject to the limits of (b)(ii) and (c)(ii) of this subsection.

Agricultural lands shall also include such incidental uses as are compatible with agricultural purposes, including wetlands preservation, provided such incidental use does not exceed twenty percent of the classified land and the land on which appurtenances necessary to the production, preparation, or sale of the agricultural products exist in conjunction with the lands producing such products.

Agricultural lands shall also include any parcel of land of one to five acres, which is not contiguous, but which otherwise constitutes an integral part of farming operations being conducted on land qualifying under this section as "farm and agricultural lands"; ((or))

(d) The land on which housing for employees and the principal place of residence of the farm operator or owner of land classified pursuant to (a) of this subsection is sited if: The housing or residence is on or contiguous to the classified parcel; and the use of the housing or the residence is integral to the use of the classified land for agricultural purposes;

(e) Any parcel of land designated as agricultural land under RCW 36.70A.170; or

(f) Any parcel of land not within an urban growth area zoned as agricultural land under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW.
(3) "Timber land" means any parcel of land that is five or more acres or multiple parcels of land that are contiguous and total five or more acres which is or are devoted primarily to the growth and harvest of forest crops for commercial purposes. A timber management plan shall be filed with the county legislative authority at the time (a) an application is made for classification as timber land pursuant to this chapter or (b) when a sale or transfer of timber land occurs and a notice of classification continuance is signed. Timber land means the land only.

(4) "Current" or "currently" means as of the date on which property is to be listed and valued by the assessor.

(5) "Owner" means the party or parties having the fee interest in land, except that where land is subject to real estate contract "owner" shall mean the contract vendee.

(6) "Contiguous" means land adjoining and touching other property held by the same ownership. Land divided by a public road, but otherwise an integral part of a farming operation, shall be considered contiguous.

(7) "Granting authority" means the appropriate agency or official who acts on an application for classification of land pursuant to this chapter.

(8) "Farm and agricultural conservation land" means either:

(a) Land that was previously classified under subsection (2) of this section, that no longer meets the criteria of subsection (2) of this section, and that is reclassified under subsection (1) of this section; or

(b) Land that is traditional farmland that is not classified under chapter 84.33 or 84.34 RCW, that has not been irrevocably devoted to a use inconsistent with agricultural uses, and that has a high potential for returning to commercial agriculture.

Sec. 33. RCW 84.34.060 and 1992 c 69 s 8 are each amended to read as follows:

In determining the true and fair value of open space land and timber land, which has been classified as such under the provisions of this chapter, the assessor shall consider only the use to which such property and improvements is currently applied and shall not consider potential uses of such property. The assessed valuation of open space land shall not be less than the minimum value per acre of classified farm and agricultural land except that the assessed valuation of open space land may be valued based on the public benefit rating system adopted under RCW 84.34.055: PROVIDED FURTHER, That timber land shall be valued according to chapter 84.33 RCW. In valuing any tract or parcel of real property designated and zoned under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW as agricultural, forest, or open space land, the appraisal shall not be based on similar sales of parcels that have been converted to nonagricultural, nonforest, or nonopen-space uses within five years after the sale.

Sec. 34. RCW 84.34.065 and 1992 c 69 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The true and fair value of farm and agricultural land shall be determined by consideration of the earning or productive capacity of comparable lands from crops grown most typically in the area averaged over not less than five years, capitalized at indicative rates. The earning or productive capacity of farm and agricultural lands shall be the "net cash rental", capitalized at a "rate of interest" charged on long term loans secured by a mortgage on farm or agricultural land plus a component for property taxes. The current use value of land under RCW 84.34.020(2)(d) shall be established as: The prior year's average value of open space farm and agricultural land used in the county plus the value of land improvements such as septic, water, and power used to serve the residence. This shall not be interpreted to require the assessor to list improvements to the land with the value of the land.

In valuing any tract or parcel of real property designated and zoned under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW as agricultural, forest, or open space land, the appraisal shall not be based on similar sales of parcels that have been converted to nonagricultural, nonforest, or nonopen-space uses within five years after the sale.

For the purposes of the above computation:

(1) The term "net cash rental" shall mean the average rental paid on an annual basis, in cash, for the land being appraised and other farm and agricultural land of similar quality and similarly situated that is available for lease for a period of at least three years to any reliable person without unreasonable restrictions on its use for production of agricultural crops. There shall be allowed as a deduction from the rental received or computed any costs of crop production charged against the landlord if the costs are such as are customarily paid by a landlord. If "net cash rental" data is not
available, the earning or productive capacity of farm and agricultural lands shall be determined by the cash value of typical or usual crops grown on land of similar quality and similarly situated averaged over not less than five years. Standard costs of production shall be allowed as a deduction from the cash value of the crops.

The current "net cash rental" or "earning capacity" shall be determined by the assessor with the advice of the advisory committee as provided in RCW 84.34.145, and through a continuing internal study, assisted by studies of the department of revenue. This net cash rental figure as it applies to any farm and agricultural land may be challenged before the same boards or authorities as would be the case with regard to assessed values on general property.

(2) The term "rate of interest" shall mean the rate of interest charged by the farm credit administration and other large financial institutions regularly making loans secured by farm and agricultural lands through mortgages or similar legal instruments, averaged over the immediate past five years.

The current "net cash rental" or "earning capacity" shall be determined by the assessor with the advice of the advisory committee as provided in RCW 84.34.145, and through a continuing internal study, assisted by studies of the department of revenue. This net cash rental figure as it applies to any farm and agricultural land may be challenged before the same boards or authorities as would be the case with regard to assessed values on general property.

(2) The term "rate of interest" shall mean the rate of interest charged by the farm credit administration and other large financial institutions regularly making loans secured by farm and agricultural lands through mortgages or similar legal instruments, averaged over the immediate past five years.

The "rate of interest" shall be determined annually by a rule adopted by the department of revenue and such rule shall be published in the state register not later than January 1 of each year for use in that assessment year. The department of revenue determination may be appealed to the state board of tax appeals within thirty days after the date of publication by any owner of farm or agricultural land or the assessor of any county containing farm and agricultural land.

(3) The "component for property taxes" shall be a figure obtained by dividing the assessed value of all property in the county into the property taxes levied within the county in the year preceding the assessment and multiplying the quotient obtained by one hundred.

Sec. 35. RCW 84.40.030 and 1994 c 124 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:
All property shall be valued at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and assessed on the same basis unless specifically provided otherwise by law.

Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such price as they would bring at a fair, voluntary sale for cash without any deductions for any indebtedness owed including rentals to be paid.

The true and fair value of real property for taxation purposes (including property upon which there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry) shall be based upon the following criteria:

(1) Any sales of the property being appraised or similar properties with respect to sales made within the past five years. The appraisal shall be consistent with the comprehensive land use plan, development regulations under chapter 36.70A RCW, zoning, and any other governmental policies or practices in effect at the time of appraisal that affect the use of property, as well as physical and environmental influences. The appraisal shall also take into account: (a) In the use of sales by real estate contract as similar sales, the extent, if any, to which the stated selling price has been increased by reason of the down payment, interest rate, or other financing terms; and (b) the extent to which the sale of a similar property actually represents the general effective market demand for property of such type, in the geographical area in which such property is located. Sales involving deed releases or similar seller-developer financing arrangements shall not be used as sales of similar property.

(2) In addition to sales as defined in subsection (1), consideration may be given to cost, cost less depreciation, reconstruction cost less depreciation, or capitalization of income that would be derived from prudent use of the property. In the case of property of a complex nature, or being used under terms of a franchise from a public agency, or operating as a public utility, or property not having a record of sale within five years and not having a significant number of sales of similar property in the general area, the provisions of this subsection (2) shall be the dominant factors in valuation. When provisions of this subsection (2) are relied upon for establishing values the property owner shall be advised upon request of the factors used in arriving at such value.

(3) In valuing any tract or parcel of real property, the value of the land, exclusive of structures thereon shall be determined; also the value of structures thereon, but the valuation shall not exceed the value of the total property as it exists. In valuing agricultural land, growing crops shall be excluded.

(4) In valuing any tract or parcel of real property designated and zoned under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW as agricultural, forest, or open space land, the appraisal shall not be based on similar sales of parcels that have been converted to nonagricultural, nonforest, or nonopen-space uses within five years after the sale.

Sec. 36. RCW 90.60.030 and 1995 c 347 s 603 are each amended to read as follows:
The permit assistance center is established within the department. The center shall:
(1) Publish and keep current one or more handbooks containing lists and explanations of all
permit laws. (The center shall coordinate with the business assistance center in providing and
maintaining this information to applicants and others.) To the extent possible, the handbook shall
include relevant federal and tribal laws. A state agency or local government shall provide a reasonable
number of copies of application forms, statutes, ordinances, rules, handbooks, and other informational
material requested by the center and shall otherwise fully cooperate with the center. The center shall
seek the cooperation of relevant federal agencies and tribal governments;
(2) Establish, and make known, a point of contact for distribution of the handbook and advice
to the public as to its interpretation in any given case;
(3) Work closely and cooperatively with the business license center (and the business
assistance center) in providing efficient and nonduplicative service to the public;
(4) Seek the assignment of employees from the permit agencies listed under RCW
90.60.020(6)(a) to serve on a rotating basis in staffing the center; (and)
(5) Collect and disseminate information to public and private entities on federal, state, local,
and tribal government programs that rely on private professional expertise to assist governmental
agencies in project permit review; and
(6) Provide an annual report to the legislature on potential conflicts and perceived
inconsistencies among existing statutes. The first report shall be submitted to the appropriate standing
committees of the house of representatives and senate by December 1, 1996.

Sec. 37. RCW 35.13.130 and 1990 c 33 s 566 are each amended to read as follows:
A petition for annexation of an area contiguous to a city or town may be made in writing
addressed to and filed with the legislative body of the municipality to which annexation is desired. Except
where all the property sought to be annexed is property of a school district, and the school
directors thereof file the petition for annexation as in RCW 28A.335.110 authorized, and except where
the property to be annexed is within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, the
petition must be signed by the owners of not less than seventy-five percent in value according to the
assessed valuation for general taxation of the property for which annexation is petitioned. When the
property to be annexed is within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, the petition
must be signed by the owners of not less than sixty percent in value according to the assessed valuation
for general taxation of the property for which annexation is petitioned: PROVIDED, That in cities and
towns with populations greater than one hundred sixty thousand located east of the Cascade mountains,
the owner of tax exempt property may sign an annexation petition and have the tax exempt property
annexed into the city or town, but the value of the tax exempt property shall not be used in calculating
the sufficiency of the required property owner signatures unless only tax exempt property is proposed
to be annexed into the city or town. The petition shall set forth a description of the property according
to government legal subdivisions or legal plats which is in compliance with RCW 35.02.170, and shall
be accompanied by a plat which outlines the boundaries of the property sought to be annexed. If the
legislative body has required the assumption of all or of any portion of city or town indebtedness by the
area annexed, and/or the adoption of a comprehensive plan for the area to be annexed, these facts,
together with a quotation of the minute entry of such requirement or requirements shall be set forth in
the petition.

Sec. 38. RCW 35A.14.295 and 1967 ex.s. c 119 s 35A.14.295 are each amended to read as follows:
(When there is, within)) (1) The legislative body of a code city may resolve to annex territory
containing residential property owners to the city if there is within the city, unincorporated territory:
(a) Containing less than one hundred acres and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries
of such area contiguous to the code city; or
(b) Of any size and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to
the city if such area existed before June 30, 1994, and is within the same county and within the same
urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, and the city was planning under chapter
36.70A RCW as of June 30, 1994.
(2) The resolution shall describe the boundaries of the area to be annexed, state the number of
voters residing therein as nearly as may be, and set a date for a public hearing on such resolution for
annexation. Notice of the hearing shall be given by publication of the resolution at least once a week
for two weeks prior to the date of the hearing, in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the code city and one or more newspapers of general circulation within the area to be annexed.

(3) For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, territory bounded by a river, lake, or other body of water is considered contiguous to a city that is also bounded by the same river, lake, or other body of water.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 39. A new section is added to chapter 35.13 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The legislative body of a city or town planning under chapter 36.70A RCW as of June 30, 1994, may resolve to annex territory to the city or town if there is, within the city or town, unincorporated territory containing residential property owners within the same county and within the same urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110 as the city or town:

(a) Containing less than one hundred acres and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to the city or town if such area existed before June 30, 1994; or

(b) Of any size and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of the area contiguous to the city if the area existed before June 30, 1994.

(2) The resolution shall describe the boundaries of the area to be annexed, state the number of voters residing in the area as nearly as may be, and set a date for a public hearing on the resolution for annexation. Notice of the hearing shall be given by publication of the resolution at least once a week for two weeks before the date of the hearing in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the city or town and one or more newspapers of general circulation within the area to be annexed.

(3) For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, territory bounded by a river, lake, or other body of water is considered contiguous to a city that is also bounded by the same river, lake, or other body of water.

Sec. 40. RCW 35.13.174 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 164 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receipt by the board of county commissioners of a determination by a majority of the review board favoring annexation of the proposed area that has been initiated by resolution pursuant to RCW 35.13.015 by the city or town legislative body, the board of county commissioners, or the city or town legislative body for any city or town within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, shall fix a date on which an annexation election shall be held, which date will be not less than thirty days nor more than sixty days thereafter.

Sec. 41. RCW 36.93.170 and 1989 c 84 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

In reaching a decision on a proposal or an alternative, the board shall consider the factors affecting such proposal, which shall include, but not be limited to the following:

(1) Population and territory; population density; land area and land uses; comprehensive plans and zoning, as adopted under chapter 35.63, 35A.63, or 36.70 RCW; comprehensive plans and development regulations adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW; applicable service agreements entered into under chapter 36.115 or 39.34 RCW; applicable interlocal annexation agreements between a county and its cities; per capita assessed valuation; topography, natural boundaries and drainage basins, proximity to other populated areas; the existence and preservation of prime agricultural soils and productive agricultural uses; the likelihood of significant growth in the area and in adjacent incorporated and unincorporated areas during the next ten years; location and most desirable future location of community facilities;

(2) Municipal services; need for municipal services; effect of ordinances, governmental codes, regulations and resolutions on existing uses; present cost and adequacy of governmental services and controls in area; prospects of governmental services from other sources; probable future needs for such services and controls; probable effect of proposal or alternative on cost and adequacy of services and controls in area and adjacent area; the effect on the finances, debt structure, and contractual obligations and rights of all affected governmental units; and

(3) The effect of the proposal or alternative on adjacent areas, on mutual economic and social interests, and on the local governmental structure of the county.

The provisions of chapter 43.21C RCW, State Environmental Policy, shall not apply to incorporation proceedings covered by chapter 35.02 RCW.

Sec. 42. RCW 84.14.010 and 1995 c 375 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "City" means either (a) a city or town with a population of at least one hundred thousand, or (b) the largest city or town, if there is no city or town with a population of at least one hundred thousand, located in a county planning under the growth management act.

(2) "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority of a city having jurisdiction over the property for which an exemption may be applied for under this chapter.

(3) "Growth management act" means chapter 36.70A RCW.

(4) "Multiple-unit housing" means a building having four or more dwelling units not designed or used as transient accommodations and not including hotels and motels. Multifamily units may result from new construction or rehabilitated or conversion of vacant, underutilized, or substandard buildings to multifamily housing.

(5) "Owner" means the property owner of record.

(6) "Permanent residential occupancy" means multiunit housing that provides either rental or owner occupancy on a nontransient basis. This includes owner-occupied or rental accommodation that is leased for a period of at least one month. This excludes hotels and motels that predominately offer rental accommodation on a daily or weekly basis.

(7) "Rehabilitation improvements" means modifications to existing structures, that are vacant for twelve months or longer, that are made to achieve a condition of substantial compliance with existing building codes or modification to existing occupied structures which increase the number of multifamily housing units.

(8) "Residential targeted area" means an area within an urban center that has been designated by the governing authority as a residential targeted area in accordance with this chapter.

(9) "Substantial compliance" means compliance with local building or housing code requirements that are typically required for rehabilitation as opposed to new construction.

(10) "Urban center" means a compact identifiable district where urban residents may obtain a variety of products and services. An urban center must contain:

(a) Several existing or previous, or both, business establishments that may include but are not limited to shops, offices, banks, restaurants, governmental agencies;

(b) Adequate public facilities including streets, sidewalks, lighting, transit, domestic water, and sanitary sewer systems; and

(c) A mixture of uses and activities that may include housing, recreation, and cultural activities in association with either commercial or office, or both, use.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 43. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

The legislature recognizes that the preservation of urban greenbelts is an integral part of comprehensive growth management in Washington. The legislature further recognizes that certain greenbelts are subject to adverse possession action which, if carried out, threaten the comprehensive nature of this chapter. Therefore, a party shall not acquire by adverse possession property that is designated as a plat greenbelt or open space area or that is dedicated as open space to a public agency or to a bona fide homeowner's association.

Sec. 44. RCW 84.14.030 and 1995 c 375 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

An owner of property making application under this chapter must meet the following requirements:

(1) The new or rehabilitated multiple-unit housing must be located in a residential targeted area as designated by the city;

(2) The multiple-unit housing must meet the guidelines as adopted by the governing authority that may include height, density, public benefit features, number and size of proposed development, parking, low-income or moderate-income occupancy requirements, and other adopted requirements indicated necessary by the city. The required amenities should be relative to the size of the project and tax benefit to be obtained;

(3) The new, converted, or rehabilitated multiple-unit housing must provide for a minimum of fifty percent of the space for permanent residential occupancy. In the case of existing occupied multifamily development, the multifamily housing must also provide for a minimum of four additional multifamily units. Existing multifamily vacant housing that has been vacant for twelve months or more does not have to provide additional multifamily units;
New construction multifamily housing and rehabilitation improvements must be completed within three years from the date of approval of the application; (5) Property proposed to be rehabilitated must be vacant at least twelve months before submitting an application and fail to comply with one or more standards of the applicable state or local building or housing codes on or after July 23, 1995; and (6) The applicant must enter into a contract with the city approved by the governing body under which the applicant has agreed to the implementation of the development on terms and conditions satisfactory to the governing authority.

Sec. 45. RCW 84.14.050 and 1995 c 375 s 8 are each amended to read as follows: An owner of property seeking tax incentives under this chapter must complete the following procedures:

1. In the case of rehabilitation or where demolition or new construction is required, the owner shall secure from the governing authority or duly authorized agent, before commencement of rehabilitation improvements or new construction, verification of property noncompliance with applicable building and housing codes;
2. In the case of new and rehabilitated multifamily housing, the owner shall apply to the city on forms adopted by the governing authority. The application must contain the following:
   a. Information setting forth the grounds supporting the requested exemption including information indicated on the application form or in the guidelines;
   b. A description of the project and site plan, including the floor plan of units and other information requested;
   c. A statement that the applicant is aware of the potential tax liability involved when the property ceases to be eligible for the incentive provided under this chapter;
3. The applicant must verify the application by oath or affirmation; and
4. The application must be made on or before April 1 of each year, and must be accompanied by the application fee, if any, required under RCW (84.14.070) 84.14.080. The governing authority may permit the applicant to revise an application before final action by the governing authority.

Sec. 46. RCW 90.61.020 and 1995 c 347 s 802 are each amended to read as follows: The commission shall consist of not more than twenty-two members. Fifteen members of the commission shall be appointed by the governor. The commission members appointed by the governor shall reflect the interests of business, operators of small businesses, owners of small property holdings, livestock producers, irrigated agriculture, dryland farmers or major crop commodity producers, labor, the environment, neighborhood groups, other citizens, the legislature, cities, counties, and federally recognized Indian tribes. The commission members appointed by the governor shall have substantial experience in matters relating to land use and environmental planning and regulation, and shall have the ability to work toward cooperative solutions among diverse interests. The director of the department of community, trade, and economic development, or the director’s designee, shall be a member and shall serve as chair of the commission. The director of the department of ecology, or the director’s designee, and the secretary of the department of transportation, or the secretary’s designee, shall also be members of the commission. Two members of the commission shall be members of the senate, one from each caucus appointed by the president of the senate, and two members of the commission shall be members of the house of representatives, one from each caucus appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives. Staff for the commission shall be provided by the department of community, trade, and economic development, with additional staff to be provided by other state agencies and the legislature, as may be required. State agencies shall provide the commission with information and assistance as needed. This section expires June 30, 1998.

Sec. 47. RCW 90.61.040 and 1995 c 347 s 804 are each amended to read as follows: The commission shall:
1. Consider the effectiveness of state and local government efforts to consolidate and integrate the growth management act, the state environmental policy act, the shoreline management act, and other land use, planning, environmental, and permitting laws.
(2) Identify the revisions and modifications needed in state land use, planning, and environmental law and practice to adequately plan for growth and achieve economically and environmentally sustainable development, to adequately assess environmental impacts of comprehensive plans, development regulations, and growth, and to reduce the time and cost of obtaining project permits.

(3) Draft a consolidated land use procedure, following these guidelines:
   (a) Conduct land use planning through the comprehensive planning process under chapter 36.70A RCW rather than through review of individual projects;
   (b) Involve diverse sectors of the public in the planning process. Early and informal environmental analysis should be incorporated into planning and decision making;
   (c) Recognize that different questions need to be answered and different levels of detail applied at each planning phase, from the initial development of plan concepts or plan elements to implementation programs;
   (d) Integrate and combine to the fullest extent possible the processes, analysis, and documents currently required under chapters 36.70A and 43.21C RCW, so that subsequent plan decisions and subsequent implementation will incorporate measures to promote the environmental, economic, and other goals and to mitigate undesirable or unintended adverse impacts on a community’s quality of life;
   (e) Focus environmental review and the level of detail needed for different stages of plan and project decisions on the environmental considerations most relevant to that stage of the process;
   (f) Avoid duplicating review that has occurred for plan decisions when specific projects are proposed;
   (g) Use environmental review on projects to: (i) Review and document consistency with comprehensive plans and development regulations; (ii) provide prompt and coordinated review by agencies, tribes, and the public on compliance with applicable environmental laws and plans, including mitigation for site specific project impacts that have not been considered and addressed at the plan or development regulation level; and (iii) ensure accountability by local government to applicants and the public for requiring and implementing mitigation measures;
   (h) Maintain or improve the quality of environmental analysis both for plan and for project decisions, while integrating these analyzes with improved state and local planning and permitting processes;
   (i) Examine existing land use and environmental permits for necessity and utility. To the extent possible, existing permits should be combined into fewer permits, assuring that the values and principles intended to be protected by those permits remain protected; and
   (j) Consolidate local government appeal processes to allow a single appeal of permits at local government levels, a single state level administrative appeal, and a final judicial appeal.

(4) Monitor instances state-wide of the vesting of project permit applications during the period that an appeal is pending before a growth management hearings board, as authorized under RCW 36.70A.300. The commission shall also review the extent to which such vesting results in the approval of projects that are inconsistent with a comprehensive plan or development regulation provision ultimately found to be in compliance with a board’s order or remand. The commission shall analyze the impact of such approvals on ensuring the attainment of the goals and policies of chapter 36.70A RCW, and make recommendations to the governor and the legislature on statutory changes to address any adverse impacts from the provisions of RCW 36.70A.300. The commission shall provide an initial report on its findings and recommendations by November 1, 1995, and submit its further findings and recommendations subsequently in the reports required under RCW 90.61.030.

(5) Monitor local government consolidated permit procedures and the effectiveness of the timelines established by RCW 36.70B.090. The commission shall include in its report submitted to the governor and the legislature on November 1, 1997, its recommendation about what timelines, if any, should be imposed on the local government consolidated permit process required by chapter 36.70B RCW.

(6) Evaluate funding mechanisms that will enable local governments to pay for and recover the costs of conducting integrated planning and environmental analysis. The commission shall include its conclusions in its first report to the legislature on November 1, 1995, and include any recommended statutory changes.

(7) Study, in cooperation with the state board for registration of professional engineers and the state building code council, ways in which state agencies and local governments could authorize professionals with appropriate qualifications to certify a project’s compliance with certain state and
local land use and environmental requirements. The commission shall report to the legislature on measures necessary to implement such a system of professional certification.

(8) Review long-term approaches for resolving disputes that arise under the growth management act, chapter 36.70A RCW; the shoreline management act, chapter 90.58 RCW; and other environmental laws. In particular, in the commission’s recommendations on a consolidated land use procedure and integration and consolidation of Washington’s land use and environmental laws, identify needed changes to the structure of the boards that hear environmental appeals as well as the extent to which quasi-judicial bodies are needed to provide continued oversight of matters currently brought before the growth management hearings board and other boards that hear such appeals.

(9) If the commission finds that there is no longer a need for the growth management hearings boards and recommends sunset of the boards, include in its recommendations a plan for implementing the sunset process. Alternatively, if the boards are to become advisory bodies with the primary duty of mediating disputes and making advisory decisions, the commission shall make recommendations as to how such a change in the board’s authority should be implemented. If the commission makes other recommendations with respect to the boards, it shall make recommendations to implement any needed changes.

(10) Evaluate the effect of the 1997 amendments to this chapter that raise the standard of review of agency, county, and city actions by the growth management hearings boards and make changes with respect to board determinations of invalidity, and make recommendations as to whether the latitude of the boards should be further curtailed and greater deference given to local decisions by raising the standard of review, limiting the authority of the board to make determinations of invalidity, or making other changes.

These guidelines are intended to guide the work of the commission, without limiting its charge to integrate and consolidate Washington’s land use and environmental laws into a single, manageable statutory framework.

This section expires June 30, 1998.

Sec. 48. RCW 36.70B.040 and 1995 c 347 s 405 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A proposed project’s consistency with a local government’s development regulations adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW, or, in the absence of applicable development regulations, the appropriate elements of the comprehensive plan ((or subarea plan)) adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW shall be ((determined)) decided by the local government during project review by consideration of:

(a) The type of land use;
(b) The level of development, such as units per acre or other measures of density;
(c) Infrastructure, including public facilities and services needed to serve the development; and
(d) The ((character)) characteristics of the development, such as development standards.

(2) In ((determining consistency)) deciding whether a project is consistent, the determinations made pursuant to RCW 36.70B.030(2) shall be controlling.

(3) For purposes of this section, the term "consistency" shall include all terms used in this chapter and chapter 36.70A RCW to refer to performance in accordance with this chapter and chapter 36.70A RCW, including but not limited to compliance, conformity, and consistency.

(4) Nothing in this section requires documentation, dictates an agency’s procedures for considering consistency, or limits a ((unit of government)) city or county from asking more specific or related questions with respect to any of the four main categories listed in subsection (1)(a) through (d) of this section.

(5) The department of community, trade, and economic development is authorized to develop and adopt by rule criteria to assist local governments planning under RCW 36.70A.040 to analyze the consistency of project actions. These criteria shall be jointly developed with the department of ecology.

Sec. 49. RCW 43.21C.110 and 1995 c 347 s 206 are each amended to read as follows:

It shall be the duty and function of the department of ecology:

(1) To adopt and amend thereafter rules of interpretation and implementation of this chapter, subject to the requirements of chapter 34.05 RCW, for the purpose of providing uniform rules and guidelines to all branches of government including state agencies, political subdivisions, public and municipal corporations, and counties. The proposed rules shall be subject to full public hearings requirements associated with rule promulgation. Suggestions for modifications of the proposed rules
shall be considered on their merits, and the department shall have the authority and responsibility for full and appropriate independent promulgation and adoption of rules, assuring consistency with this chapter as amended and with the preservation of protections afforded by this chapter. The rule-making powers authorized in this section shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following phases of interpretation and implementation of this chapter:

(a) Categories of governmental actions which are not to be considered as potential major actions significantly affecting the quality of the environment, including categories pertaining to applications for water right permits pursuant to chapters 90.03 and 90.44 RCW. The types of actions included as categorical exemptions in the rules shall be limited to those types which are not major actions significantly affecting the quality of the environment. The rules shall provide for certain circumstances where actions which potentially are categorically exempt require environmental review. An action that is categorically exempt under the rules adopted by the department may not be conditioned or denied under this chapter.

(b) Rules for criteria and procedures applicable to the determination of when an act of a branch of government is a major action significantly affecting the quality of the environment for which a detailed statement is required to be prepared pursuant to RCW 43.21C.030.

(c) Rules and procedures applicable to the preparation of detailed statements and other environmental documents, including but not limited to rules for timing of environmental review, obtaining comments, data and other information, and providing for and determining areas of public participation which shall include the scope and review of draft environmental impact statements.

(d) Scope of coverage and contents of detailed statements assuring that such statements are simple, uniform, and as short as practicable; statements are required to analyze only reasonable alternatives and probable adverse environmental impacts which are significant, and may analyze beneficial impacts.

(e) Rules and procedures for public notification of actions taken and documents prepared.

(f) Definition of terms relevant to the implementation of this chapter including the establishment of a list of elements of the environment. Analysis of environmental considerations under RCW 43.21C.030(2) may be required only for those subjects listed as elements of the environment (or portions thereof). The list of elements of the environment shall consist of the "natural" and "built" environment. The elements of the built environment shall consist of public services and utilities (such as water, sewer, schools, fire and police protection), transportation, environmental health (such as explosive materials and toxic waste), and land and shoreline use (including housing, and a description of the relationships with land use and shoreline plans and designations, including population).

(g) Rules for determining the obligations and powers under this chapter of two or more branches of government involved in the same project significantly affecting the quality of the environment.

(h) Methods to assure adequate public awareness of the preparation and issuance of detailed statements required by RCW 43.21C.030(2).

(i) To prepare rules for projects setting forth the time limits within which the governmental entity responsible for the action shall comply with the provisions of this chapter.

(j) Rules for utilization of a detailed statement for more than one action and rules improving environmental analysis of nonproject proposals and encouraging better interagency coordination and integration between this chapter and other environmental laws.

(k) Rules relating to actions which shall be exempt from the provisions of this chapter in situations of emergency.

(l) Rules relating to actions which shall be exempt from the provisions of this chapter in situations of emergency.

(m) Rules and procedures that provide for the integration of environmental review with project review as provided in RCW 43.21C.240. The rules and procedures shall be jointly developed with the department of community, trade, and economic development and shall be applicable to the preparation of environmental documents for actions in counties, cities, and towns planning under RCW 36.70A.040. The rules and procedures shall also include procedures and criteria to analyze ((the consistency of project actions, including)) planned actions under RCW 43.21C.031(2)((, with development regulations adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW, or in the absence of applicable development regulations, the appropriate elements of a comprehensive plan or subarea plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW)) and revisions to the rules adopted under this section to ensure that they
are compatible with the requirements and authorizations of chapter 347, Laws of 1995, as amended by chapter . . ., Laws of 1997 (this act). Ordinances or procedures adopted by a county, city, or town to implement the provisions of ((RCW 43.21C.240)) chapter 347, Laws of 1995 prior to the effective date of rules adopted under this subsection (1)(m) shall continue to be effective until the adoption of any new or revised ordinances or procedures that may be required. If any revisions are required as a result of rules adopted under this subsection (1)(m), those revisions shall be made within the time limits specified in RCW 43.21C.120.

(2) In exercising its powers, functions, and duties under this section, the department may:
(a) Consult with the state agencies and with representatives of science, industry, agriculture, labor, conservation organizations, state and local governments, and other groups, as it deems advisable; and
(b) Utilize, to the fullest extent possible, the services, facilities, and information (including statistical information) of public and private agencies, organizations, and individuals, in order to avoid duplication of effort and expense, overlap, or conflict with similar activities authorized by law and performed by established agencies.

(3) Rules adopted pursuant to this section shall be subject to the review procedures of chapter 34.05 RCW.

Sec. 50. RCW 36.70B.110 and 1995 c 347 s 415 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Not later than April 1, 1996, a local government planning under RCW 36.70A.040 shall provide a notice of application to the public and the departments and agencies with jurisdiction as provided in this section. If a local government has made a determination of significance under chapter 43.21C RCW concurrently with the notice of application, the notice of application shall be combined with the determination of significance and scoping notice. Nothing in this section prevents a determination of significance and scoping notice from being issued prior to the notice of application. Nothing in this section or this chapter prevents a determination of significance and scoping notice from being issued prior to the notice of application. Nothing in this section or this chapter prevents a determination of significance and scoping notice from being issued prior to the notice of application.

(2) The notice of application shall be provided within fourteen days after the determination of completeness as provided in RCW 36.70B.070 and, except as limited by the provisions of subsection (4)(b) of this section, shall include the following in whatever sequence or format the local government deems appropriate:
(a) The date of application, the date of the notice of completion for the application, and the date of the notice of application;
(b) A description of the proposed project action and a list of the project permits included in the application and, if applicable, a list of any studies requested under RCW 36.70B.070 or 36.70B.090;
(c) The identification of other permits not included in the application to the extent known by the local government;
(d) The identification of existing environmental documents that evaluate the proposed project, and, if not otherwise stated on the document providing the notice of application, such as a city land use bulletin, the location where the application and any studies can be reviewed;
(e) A statement of the public comment period, which shall be not less than fourteen nor more than thirty days following the date of notice of application, and statements of the right of any person to comment on the application, receive notice of and participate in any hearings, request a copy of the decision once made, and any appeal rights. A local government may accept public comments at any time prior to the closing of the record of an open record predecision hearing, if any, or, if no open record predecision hearing is provided, prior to the decision on the project permit;
(f) The date, time, place, and type of hearing, if applicable and scheduled at the date of notice of the application;
(g) A statement of the preliminary determination, if one has been made at the time of notice, of those development regulations that will be used for project mitigation and of consistency as provided in RCW 36.70B.030(2); and
(h) Any other information determined appropriate by the local government.

(3) If an open record predecision hearing is required for the requested project permits, the notice of application shall be provided at least fifteen days prior to the open record hearing.

(4) A local government shall use reasonable methods to give the notice of application to the public and agencies with jurisdiction and may use its existing notice procedures. A local government
may use different types of notice for different categories of project permits or types of project actions. If a local government by resolution or ordinance does not specify its method of public notice, the local government shall use the methods provided for in (a) and (b) of this subsection. Examples of reasonable methods to inform the public are:

(a) Posting the property for site-specific proposals;
(b) Publishing notice, including at least the project location, description, type of permit(s) required, comment period dates, and location where the notice of application required by subsection (2) of this section and the complete application may be reviewed, in the newspaper of general circulation in the general area where the proposal is located or in a local land use newsletter published by the local government;
(c) Notifying public or private groups with known interest in a certain proposal or in the type of proposal being considered;
(d) Notifying the news media;
(e) Placing notices in appropriate regional or neighborhood newspapers or trade journals;
(f) Publishing notice in agency newsletters or sending notice to agency mailing lists, either general lists or lists for specific proposals or subject areas; and
(g) Mailing to neighboring property owners.

(5) A notice of application shall not be required for project permits that are categorically exempt under chapter 43.21C RCW, unless ((a public comment period or)) an open record predecision hearing is required or an open record appeal hearing is allowed on the project permit decision.

(6) A local government shall integrate the permit procedures in this section with its environmental review under chapter 43.21C RCW as follows:

(a) Except for a determination of significance and except as otherwise expressly allowed in this section, the local government may not issue its threshold determination((, or issue a decision or a recommendation on a project permit)) until the expiration of the public comment period on the notice of application.
(b) If an open record predecision hearing is required ((and the local government’s threshold determination requires public notice under chapter 43.21C RCW)), the local government shall issue its threshold determination at least fifteen days prior to the open record predecision hearing.
(c) Comments shall be as specific as possible.
(d) A local government is not required to provide for administrative appeals of its threshold determination. If provided, an administrative appeal shall be filed within fourteen days after notice that the determination has been made and is appealable. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, the appeal hearing on a determination of nonsignificance shall be consolidated with any open record hearing on the project permit.

(7) At the request of the applicant, a local government may combine any hearing on a project permit with any hearing that may be held by another local, state, regional, federal, or other agency ((provided that)), if:

(a) The hearing is held within the geographic boundary of the local government((. Hearings shall be combined if requested by an applicant, as long as));
(b) The joint hearing can be held within the time periods specified in RCW 36.70B.090 or the applicant agrees to the schedule in the event that additional time is needed in order to combine the hearings. All agencies of the state of Washington, including municipal corporations and counties participating in a combined hearing, are hereby authorized to issue joint hearing notices and develop a joint format, select a mutually acceptable hearing body or officer, and take such other actions as may be necessary to hold joint hearings consistent with each of their respective statutory obligations.

(8) All state and local agencies shall cooperate to the fullest extent possible with the local government in holding a joint hearing if requested to do so, as long as:

(a) The agency is not expressly prohibited by statute from doing so;
(b) Sufficient notice of the hearing is given to meet each of the agencies' adopted notice requirements as set forth in statute, ordinance, or rule; and
(c) The agency has received the necessary information about the proposed project from the applicant to hold its hearing at the same time as the local government hearing.

(9) A local government is not required to provide for administrative appeals. If provided, an administrative appeal of the project decision((, combined with)) and of any environmental determination((s)) issued at the same time as the project decision, shall be filed within fourteen days after the notice of the decision or after other notice that the decision has been made and is appealable.
The local government shall extend the appeal period for an additional seven days, if state or local rules adopted pursuant to chapter 43.21C RCW allow public comment on a determination of nonsignificance issued as part of the appealable project permit decision.

10. The applicant for a project permit is deemed to be a participant in any comment period, open record hearing, or closed record appeal.

11. Each local government planning under RCW 36.70A.040 shall adopt procedures for administrative interpretation of its development regulations.

**Sec. 51.** RCW 43.21C.075 and 1995 c 347 s 204 are each amended to read as follows:

1. Because a major purpose of this chapter is to combine environmental considerations with public decisions, any appeal brought under this chapter shall be linked to a specific governmental action. The State Environmental Policy Act provides a basis for challenging whether governmental action is in compliance with the substantive and procedural provisions of this chapter. The State Environmental Policy Act is not intended to create a cause of action unrelated to a specific governmental action.

2. Unless otherwise provided by this section:
   (a) Appeals under this chapter shall be of the governmental action together with its accompanying environmental determinations.
   (b) Appeals of environmental determinations made (or lacking) under this chapter shall be commenced within the time required to appeal the governmental action which is subject to environmental review.

3. If an agency has a procedure for appeals of agency environmental determinations made under this chapter, such procedure:
   (a) Shall (not) allow no more than one agency appeal proceeding on (each) each procedural determination (the adequacy of a determination of significance/nonsignificance or of a final environmental impact statement)(.. The appeal proceeding on a determination of significance may occur before the agency’s final decision on a proposed action. The appeal proceeding on a determination of nonsignificance may occur before the agency’s final decision on a proposed action only if the appeal is heard at a proceeding where the hearing body or officer will render a final recommendation or decision on the proposed underlying governmental action. Such appeals shall also be allowed for a determination of significance/nonsignificance which may be issued by the agency after supplemental review);
   (b) Shall consolidate an appeal of procedural issues and of substantive determinations made under this chapter (such as a decision to require particular mitigation measures or to deny a proposal) with a hearing or appeal on the underlying governmental action by providing for a single simultaneous hearing before one hearing officer or body to consider the agency decision or recommendation on a proposal and any environmental determinations made under this chapter, with the exception of (the);
      (i) An appeal (if any) of a determination of significance (as provided in (a) of this subsection);
      (ii) An appeal of a procedural determination made by an agency when the agency is a project proponent, or is funding a project, and chooses to conduct its review under this chapter, including any appeals of its procedural determinations, prior to submitting an application for a project permit;
      (iii) An appeal of a procedural determination made by an agency on a nonproject action; or
      (iv) An appeal to the local legislative authority under RCW 43.21C.060 or other applicable state statutes;
   (c) Shall provide for the preparation of a record for use in any subsequent appeal proceedings, and shall provide for any subsequent appeal proceedings to be conducted on the record, consistent with other applicable law. An adequate record consists of findings and conclusions, testimony under oath, and taped or written transcript. An electronically recorded transcript will suffice for purposes of review under this subsection; and
   (d) Shall provide that procedural determinations made by the responsible official shall be entitled to substantial weight.

4. If a person aggrieved by an agency action has the right to judicial appeal and if an agency has an administrative appeal procedure, such person shall, prior to seeking any judicial review, use such agency procedure if any such procedure is available, unless expressly provided otherwise by state statute.
Some statutes and ordinances contain time periods for challenging governmental actions which are subject to review under this chapter, such as various local land use approvals (the "underlying governmental action"). RCW 43.21C.080 establishes an optional "notice of action" procedure which, if used, imposes a time period for appealing decisions under this chapter. This subsection does not modify any such time periods. In this subsection, the term "appeal" refers to a judicial appeal only.

(a) If there is a time period for appealing the underlying governmental action, appeals under this chapter shall be commenced within such time period. The agency shall give official notice stating the date and place for commencing an appeal.

(b) If there is no time period for appealing the underlying governmental action, and a notice of action under RCW 43.21C.080 is used, appeals shall be commenced within the time period specified by RCW 43.21C.080.

Judicial review under subsection (5) of this section of an appeal decision made by an agency under subsection (3) of this section shall be on the record, consistent with other applicable law.

(b) A taped or written transcript may be used. If a taped transcript is to be reviewed, a record shall identify the location on the taped transcript of testimony and evidence to be reviewed. Parties are encouraged to designate only those portions of the testimony necessary to present the issues raised on review, but if a party alleges that a finding of fact is not supported by evidence, the party should include in the record all evidence relevant to the disputed finding. Any other party may designate additional portions of the taped transcript relating to issues raised on review. A party may provide a written transcript of portions of the testimony at the party’s own expense or apply to that court for an order requiring the party seeking review to pay for additional portions of the written transcript.

(c) Judicial review under this chapter shall without exception be of the governmental action together with its accompanying environmental determinations.

Jurisdiction over the review of determinations under this chapter in an appeal before an agency or superior court shall upon consent of the parties be transferred in whole or part to the shorelines hearings board. The shorelines hearings board shall hear the matter and sign the final order expeditiously. The superior court shall certify the final order of the shorelines hearings board and the certified final order may only be appealed to an appellate court. In the case of an appeal under this chapter regarding a project or other matter that is also the subject of an appeal to the shorelines hearings board under chapter 90.58 RCW, the shorelines hearings board shall have sole jurisdiction over both the appeal under this section and the appeal under chapter 90.58 RCW, shall consider them together, and shall issue a final order within one hundred eighty days as provided in RCW 90.58.180.

For purposes of this section and RCW 43.21C.080, the words "action", "decision", and "determination" mean substantive agency action including any accompanying procedural determinations under this chapter (except where the word "action" means "appeal" in RCW 43.21C.080(2)). The word "action" in this section and RCW 43.21C.080 does not mean a procedural determination by itself made under this chapter. The word "determination" includes any environmental document required by this chapter and state or local implementing rules. The word "agency" refers to any state or local unit of government. Except as provided in subsection (5) of this section, the word "appeal" refers to administrative, legislative, or judicial appeals.

The court in its discretion may award reasonable attorneys' fees of up to one thousand dollars in the aggregate to the prevailing party, including a governmental agency, on issues arising out of this chapter if the court makes specific findings that the legal position of a party is frivolous and without reasonable basis.

Sec. 52. RCW 90.58.090 and 1995 c 347 s 306 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) A master program, segment of a master program, or an amendment to a master program shall become effective when approved by the department. Within the time period provided in RCW 90.58.080, each local government shall have submitted a master program, either totally or by segments, for all shorelines of the state within its jurisdiction to the department for review and approval.

(2) Upon receipt of a proposed master program or amendment, the department shall:
(a) Provide notice to and opportunity for written comment by all interested parties of record as a part of the local government review process for the proposal and to all persons, groups, and agencies that have requested in writing notice of proposed master programs or amendments generally or for a

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specific area, subject matter, or issue. The comment period shall be at least thirty days, unless the department determines that the level of complexity or controversy involved supports a shorter period;

(b) In the department's discretion, conduct a public hearing during the thirty-day comment period in the jurisdiction proposing the master program or amendment;

(c) Within fifteen days after the close of public comment, request the local government to review the issues identified by the public, interested parties, groups, and agencies and provide a written response as to how the proposal addresses the identified issues;

(d) Within thirty days after receipt of the local government response pursuant to (c) of this subsection, make written findings and conclusions regarding the consistency of the proposal with the policy of RCW 90.58.020 and the applicable guidelines, provide a response to the issues identified in (c) of this subsection, and either approve the proposal as submitted, recommend specific changes necessary to make the proposal approvable, or deny approval of the proposal in those instances where no alteration of the proposal appears likely to be consistent with the policy of RCW 90.58.020 and the applicable guidelines. The written findings and conclusions shall be provided to the local government, all interested persons, parties, groups, and agencies of record on the proposal;

(e) If the department recommends changes to the proposed master program or amendment, within thirty days after the department mails the written findings and conclusions to the local government, the local government may:

(i) Agree to the proposed changes. The receipt by the department of the written notice of agreement constitutes final action by the department approving the amendment; or

(ii) Submit an alternative proposal. If, in the opinion of the department, the alternative is consistent with the purpose and intent of the changes originally submitted by the department and with this chapter it shall approve the changes and provide written notice to all recipients of the written findings and conclusions. If the department determines the proposal is not consistent with the purpose and intent of the changes proposed by the department, the department may resubmit the proposal for public and agency review pursuant to this section or reject the proposal.

(3) The department shall approve the segment of a master program relating to shorelines unless it determines that the submitted segments are not consistent with the policy of RCW 90.58.020 and the applicable guidelines.

(4) The department shall approve those segments of the master program relating to shorelines of state-wide significance only after determining the program provides the optimum implementation of the policy of this chapter to satisfy the state-wide interest. If the department does not approve a segment of a local government master program relating to a shoreline of state-wide significance, the department may develop and by rule adopt an alternative to the local government's proposal.

(5) In the event a local government has not complied with the requirements of RCW 90.58.070 it may thereafter upon written notice to the department elect to adopt a master program for the shorelines within its jurisdiction, in which event it shall comply with the provisions established by this chapter for the adoption of a master program for such shorelines. Upon approval of such master program by the department it shall supersede such master program as may have been adopted by the department for such shorelines.

(6) A master program or amendment to a master program takes effect when and in such form as approved or adopted by the department. Shoreline master programs that were adopted by the department prior to July 22, 1995, in accordance with the provisions of this section then in effect, shall be deemed approved by the department in accordance with the provisions of this section that became effective on that date. The department shall maintain a record of each master program, the action taken on any proposal for adoption or amendment of the master program, and any appeal of the department's action. The department's approved document of record constitutes the official master program.

Sec. 53. RCW 90.58.143 and 1996 c 62 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The time requirements of this section shall apply to all substantial development permits and to any development authorized pursuant to a variance or conditional use permit authorized under this chapter. Upon a finding of good cause, based on the requirements and circumstances of the project proposed and consistent with the policy and provisions of the master program and this chapter, local government may adopt different time limits from those set forth in subsections (2) and (3) of this section as a part of action on a substantial development permit.

(2) Construction activities shall be commenced or, where no construction activities are involved, the use or activity shall be commenced within two years of the effective date of a substantial
development permit. However, local government may authorize a single extension for a period not to exceed one year based on reasonable factors, if a request for extension has been filed before the expiration date and notice of the proposed extension is given to parties of record on the substantial development permit and to the department.

(3) Authorization to conduct construction activities shall terminate five years after the effective date of a substantial development permit. However, local government may authorize a single extension for a period not to exceed one year based on reasonable factors, if a request for extension has been filed before the expiration date and notice of the proposed extension is given to parties of record and to the department.

(4) The effective date of a substantial development permit shall be the date of ((the last action required on the substantial development permit and all)) filing as provided in RCW 90.58.140(6). The permit time periods in subsections (2) and (3) of this section do not include the time during which a use or activity was not actually pursued due to the pendency of administrative appeals or legal actions or due to the need to obtain any other government permits and approvals for the development that authorize the development to proceed, including all reasonably related administrative ((and)) or legal actions on any such permits or approvals.

Sec. 54. RCW 34.05.518 and 1995 c 382 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The final decision of an administrative agency in an adjudicative proceeding under this chapter may be directly reviewed by the court of appeals either (a) upon certification by the superior court pursuant to this section or (b) if the final decision is from an environmental board as defined in subsection (3) of this section, upon acceptance by the court of appeals after a certificate of appealability has been filed by the environmental board that rendered the final decision.

(2) For direct review upon certification by the superior court, an application for direct review must be filed with the superior court within thirty days of the filing of the petition for review in superior court. The superior court may certify a case for direct review only if the judicial review is limited to the record of the agency proceeding and the court finds that:
   (a) Fundamental and urgent issues affecting the future administrative process or the public interest are involved which require a prompt determination;
   (b) Delay in obtaining a final and prompt determination of such issues would be detrimental to any party or the public interest;
   (c) An appeal to the court of appeals would be likely regardless of the determination in superior court; and
   (d) The appellate court’s determination in the proceeding would have significant precedential value.

   Procedures for certification shall be established by court rule.

(3)(a) For the purposes of direct review of final decisions of environmental boards, environmental boards include those boards identified in RCW 43.21B.005 ((and growth management hearings boards as identified in RCW 36.70A.250)).

   (b) An environmental board may issue a certificate of appealability if it finds that delay in obtaining a final and prompt determination of the issues would be detrimental to any party or the public interest and either:
      (i) Fundamental and urgent state-wide or regional issues are raised; or
      (ii) The proceeding is likely to have significant precedential value.

   (4) The environmental board shall state in the certificate of appealability which criteria it applied, explain how that criteria was met, and file with the certificate a copy of the final decision.

   (5) For an appellate court to accept direct review of a final decision of an environmental board, it shall consider the same criteria outlined in subsection (3) of this section.

   (6) The procedures for direct review of final decisions of environmental boards include:
      (a) Within thirty days after filing the petition for review with the superior court, a party may file an application for direct review with the superior court and serve the appropriate environmental board and all parties of record. The application shall request the environmental board to file a certificate of appealability.

      (b) If an issue on review is the jurisdiction of the environmental board, the board may file an application for direct review on that issue.
(c) The environmental board shall have thirty days to grant or deny the request for a certificate of appealability and its decision shall be filed with the superior court and served on all parties of record.

(d) If a certificate of appealability is issued, the parties shall have fifteen days from the date of service to file a notice of discretionary review in the superior court, and the notice shall include a copy of the certificate of appealability and a copy of the final decision.

(e) If the appellate court accepts review, the certificate of appealability shall be transmitted to the court of appeals as part of the certified record.

(f) If a certificate of appealability is denied, review shall be by the superior court. The superior court's decision may be appealed to the court of appeals.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 55. Except as otherwise specifically provided in section 22 of this act, sections 1 through 21, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (sections 1 through 21 of this act) are prospective in effect and shall not affect the validity of actions taken or decisions made before the effective date of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 56. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 57. Sections 30 and 31 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect immediately."

Correct the title.

Representative Gardner moved the adoption of the following amendment (776) to the striking amendment (773):

On page 1, line 29 of the amendment, after "patterns;" insert "will be compatible with the use of the land by wildlife and for fish and wildlife habitat;"

Representative Gardner spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Mulliken and Reams spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Gardner again spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Lantz moved the adoption of the following amendment (777) to the striking amendment (773):

On page 6, beginning on line 11 of the amendment, strike all of section 4

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representatives Lantz, Gardner and Romero spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Mulliken, Cairnes and Reams spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Gardner moved the adoption of the following amendment (783) to the striking amendment (773):


On page 6, line 13, strike "'conferring'" and insert "concurring"

Representatives Gardner and Lantz spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Mulliken, Reams and Cairnes spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Gardner again spoke in favor of adopting the amendment.

The amendment was not adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 775 withdrawn.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment (782) to the striking amendment (773):

On page 13, beginning on line 34, after "to" strike all material through "more" on line 35 and insert "(a) a county with a population of ninety-five thousand or more; and (b) a county"

Representative Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Romero spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 778 was withdrawn.

Representative Lantz moved the adoption of the following amendment (781) to the striking amendment (773):

On page 25, after line 31 of the amendment, strike all of section 17

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

Representative Lantz spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Mastin spoke against the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was not adopted.

Representative Reams moved the adoption of the following amendment (784) to the striking amendment (773):

On page 34, beginning on line 1 of the amendment, strike all of section 26

Renumber the remaining sections consecutively and correct any internal references accordingly.

On page 35, line 20 of the amendment, after "act," strike "sections 25 and 26 of this act are" and insert "section 25 of this act is"

Representatives Reams and Romero spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment. The amendment was adopted.

Representative Sterk moved the adoption of the following amendment (787) to the striking amendment (773):
On page 48, beginning on line 1, strike all of section 37
Renumber the remaining sections and correct the title.

Representatives Sterk and Reams spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representatives Romero and Gardner spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Division was demanded. The Speaker divided the House. The results of the division was 56-YEAS; 39-NAYS. The amendment was adopted.

With the consent of the House, amendment 786 was withdrawn.

Representative Romero moved the adoption of the following amendment (779) to the striking amendment (773):

Strike everything after line 6 of the amendment and insert the following:

"NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
In enacting the section 4(5), chapter . . . ., Laws of 1997 (section 4(5) of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.070(5), the legislature finds that chapter 36.70A RCW is intended to recognize the importance of agriculture, forestry, and rural lands and rural character to Washington's economy, its people, and its environment, while respecting regional differences. Rural lands and rural-based economies, including agriculture and forest uses that are located outside of designated resource lands enhance the economic desirability of the state, help to preserve traditional economic activities, and contribute to the state's overall quality of life. The legislature also finds that in developing its rural element under RCW 36.70A.070(5), a county should foster land use patterns and develop a local vision of rural character that: Will help preserve rural-based economies and traditional rural lifestyles; will encourage the economic prosperity of rural residents; will foster opportunities for small-scale, rural-based employment and self-employment; will permit the operation of rural-based agricultural, commercial, recreational, and tourist businesses that are consistent with existing and planned land use patterns; be compatible with the use of the land by wildlife and for fish and wildlife habitat; will foster the private stewardship of the land and preservation of open space; and will enhance the rural sense of community and quality of life. The legislature recognizes that there will be a variety of interpretations by counties of how best to implement a rural element, reflecting the diverse needs and local circumstances found across the state. RCW 36.70A.070(5) provides a framework for local elected officials to make these determinations. References to both wildlife and water are intended in RCW 36.70A.030 and 36.70A.070 to acknowledge their importance as features or components of rural character. It is expected that these matters will be addressed in comprehensive plans, but that counties may not necessarily need to adopt new regulations to account adequately for them in establishing a pattern of land use and development for rural areas.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
In amending RCW 36.70A.320(3) by section 14(3), chapter . . . ., Laws of 1997 (section 14(3) of this act), the legislature intends that the boards apply a more deferential standard of review to actions of counties and cities than the preponderance of the evidence standard provided for under existing law. In recognition of the broad range of discretion that may be exercised by counties and cities consistent with the requirements of this chapter, the legislature intends for the boards to grant deference to counties and cities in how they plan for growth, consistent with the requirements and goals of this chapter. Local comprehensive plans and development regulations require counties and cities to balance priorities and options for action in full consideration of local circumstances. The legislature finds that while this chapter requires local planning to take place within a framework of state goals and requirements, the ultimate burden and responsibility for planning, harmonizing the planning goals of this chapter, and implementing a county's or city's future rests with that community.

Sec. 3. RCW 36.70A.030 and 1995 c 382 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Adopt a comprehensive land use plan" means to enact a new comprehensive land use plan or to update an existing comprehensive land use plan.

(2) "Agricultural land" means land primarily devoted to the commercial production of horticultural, viticultural, floricultural, dairy, apiary, vegetable, or animal products or of berries, grain, hay, straw, turf, seed, Christmas trees not subject to the excise tax imposed by RCW 84.33.100 through 84.33.140, finfish in upland hatcheries, or livestock, and that has long-term commercial significance for agricultural production.

(3) "City" means any city or town, including a code city.

(4) "Comprehensive land use plan," "comprehensive plan," or "plan" means a generalized coordinated land use policy statement of the governing body of a county or city that is adopted pursuant to this chapter.

(5) "Critical areas" include the following areas and ecosystems: (a) Wetlands; (b) areas with a critical recharging effect on aquifers used for potable water; (c) fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas; (d) frequently flooded areas; and (e) geologically hazardous areas.

(6) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and economic development.

(7) "Development regulations" or "regulation" means the controls placed on development or land use activities by a county or city, including, but not limited to, zoning ordinances, critical areas ordinances, shoreline master programs, official controls, planned unit development ordinances, subdivision ordinances, and binding site plan ordinances together with any amendments thereto. A development regulation does not include a decision to approve a project permit application, as defined in RCW 36.70B.020, even though the decision may be expressed in a resolution or ordinance of the legislative body of the county or city.

(8) "Forest land" means land primarily devoted to growing trees for long-term commercial timber production on land that can be economically and practically managed for such production, including Christmas trees subject to the excise tax imposed under RCW 84.33.100 through 84.33.140, and that has long-term commercial significance. In determining whether forest land is primarily devoted to growing trees for long-term commercial timber production on land that can be economically and practically managed for such production, the following factors shall be considered: (a) The proximity of the land to urban, suburban, and rural settlements; (b) surrounding parcel size and the compatibility and intensity of adjacent and nearby land uses; (c) long-term local economic conditions that affect the ability to manage for timber production; and (d) the availability of public facilities and services conducive to conversion of forest land to other uses.

(9) "Geologically hazardous areas" means areas that because of their susceptibility to erosion, sliding, earthquake, or other geological events, are not suited to the siting of commercial, residential, or industrial development consistent with public health or safety concerns.

(10) "Long-term commercial significance" includes the growing capacity, productivity, and soil composition of the land for long-term commercial production, in consideration with the land’s proximity to population areas, and the possibility of more intense uses of the land.

(11) "Minerals" include gravel, sand, and valuable metallic substances.

(12) "Public facilities" include streets, roads, highways, sidewalks, street and road lighting systems, traffic signals, domestic water systems, storm and sanitary sewer systems, parks and recreational facilities, and schools.

(13) "Public services" include fire protection and suppression, law enforcement, public health, education, recreation, environmental protection, and other governmental services.

(14) "Rural character" refers to the patterns of land use and development established by a county in the rural element of its comprehensive plan:

(a) In which open space, the natural landscape, and vegetation predominate over the built environment;

(b) That foster traditional rural lifestyles, rural-based economies, and opportunities to both live and work in rural areas;

(c) That provide visual landscapes that are traditionally found in rural areas and communities;

(d) That are compatible with the use of the land by wildlife and for fish and wildlife habitat;

(e) That reduce the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land into sprawling, low-density development;

(f) That generally do not require the extension of urban governmental services; and
(g) That are consistent with the protection of natural surface water flows and ground water and surface water recharge and discharge areas.

(15) "Rural development" refers to development outside the urban growth area and outside agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. Rural development can consist of a variety of uses and residential densities, including clustered residential development, at levels that are consistent with the preservation of rural character and the requirements of the rural element. Rural development does not refer to agriculture or forestry activities that may be conducted in rural areas.

(16) "Rural governmental services" or "rural services" include those public services and public facilities historically and typically delivered at an intensity usually found in rural areas, and may include domestic water systems, fire and police protection services, transportation and public transit services, and other public utilities associated with rural development and normally not associated with urban areas. Rural services do not include storm or sanitary sewers, except as otherwise authorized by RCW 36.70A.110(4).

(17) "Urban growth" refers to growth that makes intensive use of land for the location of buildings, structures, and impermeable surfaces to such a degree as to be incompatible with the primary use of ((such)) land for the production of food, other agricultural products, or fiber, or the extraction of mineral resources, rural uses, rural development, and natural resource lands designated pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170. A pattern of more intensive rural development, as provided in RCW 36.70A.070(5)(d), is not urban growth. When allowed to spread over wide areas, urban growth typically requires urban governmental services. "Characterized by urban growth" refers to land having urban growth located on it, or to land located in relationship to an area with urban growth on it as to be appropriate for urban growth.

(18) "Urban growth areas" means those areas designated by a county pursuant to RCW 36.70A.110.

(19) "Urban governmental services" or "urban services" include those (governmental) public services and public facilities at an intensity historically and typically (delivered by) provided in cities, specifically including storm and sanitary sewer systems, domestic water systems, street cleaning services, fire and police protection services, public transit services, and other public utilities associated with urban areas and normally not associated with rural areas.

(20) "Wetland" or "wetlands" means areas that are inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances do support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions. Wetlands generally include swamps, marshes, bogs, and similar areas. Wetlands do not include those artificial wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland sites, including, but not limited to, irrigation and drainage ditches, grass-lined swales, canals, detention facilities, wastewater treatment facilities, farm ponds, and landscape amenities, or those wetlands created after July 1, 1990, that were unintentionally created as a result of the construction of a road, street, or highway. Wetlands may include those artificial wetlands intentionally created from nonwetland areas created to mitigate conversion of wetlands.

Sec. 4. RCW 36.70A.070 and 1996 c 239 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The comprehensive plan of a county or city that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall consist of a map or maps, and descriptive text covering objectives, principles, and standards used to develop the comprehensive plan. The plan shall be an internally consistent document and all elements shall be consistent with the future land use map. A comprehensive plan shall be adopted and amended with public participation as provided in RCW 36.70A.140.

Each comprehensive plan shall include a plan, scheme, or design for each of the following:

1. A land use element designating the proposed general distribution and general location and extent of the uses of land, where appropriate, for agriculture, timber production, housing, commerce, industry, recreation, open spaces, general aviation airports, public utilities, public facilities, and other land uses. The land use element shall include population densities, building intensities, and estimates of future population growth. The land use element shall provide for protection of the quality and quantity of ground water used for public water supplies. Where applicable, the land use element shall review drainage, flooding, and storm water run-off in the area and nearby jurisdictions and provide guidance for corrective actions to mitigate or cleanse those discharges that pollute waters of the state, including Puget Sound or waters entering Puget Sound.
(2) A housing element ensuring the vitality and character of established residential neighborhoods that: (a) Includes an inventory and analysis of existing and projected housing needs; (b) includes a statement of goals, policies, objectives, and mandatory provisions for the preservation, improvement, and development of housing, including single-family residences; (c) identifies sufficient land for housing, including, but not limited to, government-assisted housing, housing for low-income families, manufactured housing, multifamily housing, and group homes and foster care facilities; and (d) makes adequate provisions for existing and projected needs of all economic segments of the community.

(3) A capital facilities plan element consisting of: (a) An inventory of existing capital facilities owned by public entities, showing the locations and capacities of the capital facilities; (b) a forecast of the future needs for such capital facilities; (c) the proposed locations and capacities of expanded or new capital facilities; (d) at least a six-year plan that will finance such capital facilities within projected funding capacities and clearly identifies sources of public money for such purposes; and (e) a requirement to reassess the land use element if probable funding falls short of meeting existing needs and to ensure that the land use element, capital facilities plan element, and financing plan within the capital facilities plan element are coordinated and consistent.

(4) A utilities element consisting of the general location, proposed location, and capacity of all existing and proposed utilities, including, but not limited to, electrical lines, telecommunication lines, and natural gas lines.

(5) Rural element. Counties shall include a rural element including lands that are not designated for urban growth, agriculture, forest, or mineral resources. The following provisions shall apply to the rural element:

(a) Growth management act goals and local circumstances. Because circumstances vary from county to county, in establishing patterns of rural densities and uses, a county may consider local circumstances, but shall develop a written record explaining how the rural element harmonizes the planning goals in RCW 36.70A.020 and meets the requirements of this chapter.

(b) Rural development. The rural element shall permit appropriate land uses that are compatible with the rural character of such lands and) rural development, forestry, and agriculture in rural areas. The rural element shall provide for a variety of rural densities and uses, essential public facilities, and rural governmental services needed to serve the permitted densities and uses. Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, residential and nonresidential uses shall not require urban services and nonresidential rural development, other than cottage industries, shall be principally designed to serve and provide jobs for the existing and projected rural population or serve existing nonresidential uses. In order to achieve a variety of rural densities and uses, counties may provide for clustering, density transfer, design guidelines, conservation easements, and other innovative techniques that will accommodate appropriate rural densities and uses that are not characterized by urban growth and that are consistent with rural character.

(c) Measures governing rural development. The rural element shall include measures that apply to rural development and protect the rural character of the area, as established by the county, by:

(i) Containing or otherwise controlling rural development;

(ii) Assuring visual compatibility of rural development with the surrounding rural area;

(iii) Reducing the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land into sprawling, low-density development in the rural area;

(iv) Protecting critical areas, as provided in RCW 36.70A.060, and surface water and ground water resources; and

(v) Protecting against conflicts with the use of agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170.

(d) Limited areas of more intensive rural development. Subject to the requirements of this subsection and except as otherwise specifically provided in this subsection (5)(d), the rural element may allow for limited areas of more intensive rural development, including necessary public facilities and public services to serve the limited area as follows:

(i) Rural development consisting of the infill, development, or redevelopment of existing commercial, industrial, residential, or mixed-use areas, whether characterized as shoreline development, villages, hamlets, rural activity centers, or crossroads developments. A commercial, industrial, residential, shoreline, or mixed-use area shall be subject to the requirements of (d)(iv) of this subsection, but shall not be subject to the requirements of (c)(ii) and (iii) of this subsection. An
industrial area is not required to be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population as required by (b) of this subsection;

(ii) The intensification of development on lots containing, or new development of, small-scale recreational or tourist uses, including commercial facilities to serve those recreational or tourist uses, that rely on a rural location and setting, but that do not include residential development. A small-scale recreation or tourist use is not required to be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population as required by (b) of this subsection. Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the recreation or tourist use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(iii) The intensification of development on lots containing isolated nonresidential uses or new development of isolated cottage industries that are not principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population and nonresidential uses, but do provide job opportunities for rural residents. Public services and public facilities shall be limited to those necessary to serve the isolated nonresidential use and shall be provided in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(iv) A county shall adopt measures to minimize and contain the existing areas or uses of more intensive rural development, as appropriate, authorized under this subsection. Lands included in such existing areas or uses shall not extend beyond the logical outer boundary of the existing area or use, thereby allowing a new pattern of low-density sprawl. Existing areas are those that are clearly identifiable and contained and where there is a logical boundary delineated predominately by the built environment, but that may also include undeveloped lands if limited as provided in this subsection. The county shall establish the logical outer boundary of an area of more intensive rural development. In establishing the logical outer boundary the county shall address (A) the need to preserve the character of existing natural neighborhoods and communities, (B) physical boundaries such as bodies of water, streets and highways, and land forms and contours, (C) the prevention of abnormally irregular boundaries, and (D) the ability to provide public facilities and public services in a manner that does not permit low-density sprawl;

(v) For purposes of (d) of this subsection, an existing area or existing use is one that was in existence:

(A) On July 1, 1990, in a county that was initially required to plan under all of the provisions of this chapter;

(B) On the date the county adopted a resolution under RCW 36.70A.040(2), in a county that is planning under all of the provisions of this chapter under RCW 36.70A.040(2); or

(C) On the date the office of financial management certifies the county’s population as provided in RCW 36.70A.040(5), in a county that is planning under all of the provisions of this chapter pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040(5).

(e) Exception. This subsection shall not be interpreted to permit in the rural area a major industrial development or a master planned resort unless otherwise specifically permitted under RCW 36.70A.360 and 36.70A.365.

(6) A transportation element that implements, and is consistent with, the land use element. The transportation element shall include the following subelements:

(a) Land use assumptions used in estimating travel;

(b) Facilities and services needs, including:

(i) An inventory of air, water, and ground transportation facilities and services, including transit alignments and general aviation airport facilities, to define existing capital facilities and travel levels as a basis for future planning;

(ii) Level of service standards for all arterials and transit routes to serve as a gauge to judge performance of the system. These standards should be regionally coordinated;

(iii) Specific actions and requirements for bringing into compliance any facilities or services that are below an established level of service standard;

(iv) Forecasts of traffic for at least ten years based on the adopted land use plan to provide information on the location, timing, and capacity needs of future growth;

(v) Identification of system expansion needs and transportation system management needs to meet current and future demands;

(c) Finance, including:

(i) An analysis of funding capability to judge needs against probable funding resources;

(ii) A multiyear financing plan based on the needs identified in the comprehensive plan, the appropriate parts of which shall serve as the basis for the six-year street, road, or transit program
required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems;

(iii) If probable funding falls short of meeting identified needs, a discussion of how additional funding will be raised, or how land use assumptions will be reassessed to ensure that level of service standards will be met;

(d) Intergovernmental coordination efforts, including an assessment of the impacts of the transportation plan and land use assumptions on the transportation systems of adjacent jurisdictions;

(e) Demand-management strategies.

After adoption of the comprehensive plan by jurisdictions required to plan or who choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, local jurisdictions must adopt and enforce ordinances which prohibit development approval if the development causes the level of service on a transportation facility to decline below the standards adopted in the transportation element of the comprehensive plan, unless transportation improvements or strategies to accommodate the impacts of development are made concurrent with the development. These strategies may include increased public transportation service, ride sharing programs, demand management, and other transportation systems management strategies. For the purposes of this subsection (6) "concurrent with the development" shall mean that improvements or strategies are in place at the time of development, or that a financial commitment is in place to complete the improvements or strategies within six years.

The transportation element described in this subsection, and the six-year plans required by RCW 35.77.010 for cities, RCW 36.81.121 for counties, and RCW 35.58.2795 for public transportation systems, must be consistent.

Sec. 5. RCW 36.70A.190 and 1991 sp.s. c 32 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall establish a program of technical and financial assistance and incentives to counties and cities to encourage and facilitate the adoption, evaluation, refinement, and implementation of comprehensive plans and development regulations throughout the state. The department may provide technical assistance to neighborhood and community organizations to encourage and facilitate the adoption and implementation of comprehensive plans and development regulations.

(2) The department shall develop a priority list and establish funding levels for planning and technical assistance grants both for counties and cities that plan under RCW 36.70A.040. Priority for assistance shall be based on a county's or city's population growth rates, commercial and industrial development rates, the existence and quality of a comprehensive plan and development regulations, and other relevant factors.

(3) The department shall develop and administer a grant program to provide direct financial assistance to counties and cities for the preparation of comprehensive plans under this chapter. The department may establish provisions for county and city matching funds to conduct activities under this subsection. Grants may be expended for any purpose directly related to the preparation of a county or city comprehensive plan as the county or city and the department may agree, including, without limitation, the conducting of surveys, inventories and other data gathering and management activities, the retention of planning consultants, contracts with regional councils for planning and related services, and other related purposes.

(4) The department shall establish a program of technical assistance:

(a) Utilizing department staff, the staff of other state agencies, and the technical resources of counties and cities to help in the development of comprehensive plans required under this chapter. The technical assistance may include, but not be limited to, model land use ordinances, regional education and training programs, and information for local and regional inventories; and

(b) Adopting by rule procedural criteria to assist counties and cities in adopting comprehensive plans and development regulations that meet the goals and requirements of this chapter. These criteria shall reflect regional and local variations and the diversity that exists among different counties and cities that plan under this chapter.

(5) The department shall provide mediation services to resolve disputes between counties and cities regarding, among other things, coordination of regional issues and designation of urban growth areas.

(6) The department shall provide planning grants to enhance citizen participation under RCW 36.70A.140.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) The public participation requirements of this chapter shall include notice procedures that are reasonably calculated to provide notice to property owners and other affected and interested individuals, tribes, government agencies, businesses, and organizations of proposed amendments to comprehensive plans and development regulation. Examples of reasonable notice provisions include:

(a) Posting the property for site-specific proposals;
(b) Publishing notice in a newspaper of general circulation in the county, city, or general area where the proposal is located or that will be affected by the proposal;
(c) Notifying public or private groups with known interest in a certain proposal or in the type of proposal being considered;
(d) Placing notices in appropriate regional, neighborhood, ethnic, or trade journals; and
(e) Publishing notice in agency newsletters or sending notice to agency mailing lists, including general lists or lists for specific proposals or subject areas.

(2)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (b) of this subsection, if the legislative body for a county or city chooses to consider a change to an amendment to a comprehensive plan or development regulation, and the change is proposed after the opportunity for review and comment has passed under the county’s or city’s procedures, an opportunity for review and comment on the proposed change shall be provided before the local legislative body votes on the proposed change.

(b) An additional opportunity for public review and comment is not required under (a) of this subsection if:

(i) An environmental impact statement has been prepared under chapter 43.21C RCW for the pending resolution or ordinance and the proposed change is within the range of alternatives considered in the environmental impact statement;
(ii) The proposed change is within the scope of the alternatives available for public comment;
(iii) The proposed change only corrects typographical errors, corrects cross-references, makes address or name changes, or clarifies language of a proposed ordinance or resolution without changing its effect;
(iv) The proposed change is to a resolution or ordinance making a capital budget decision as provided in RCW 36.70A.120; or
(v) The proposed change is to a resolution or ordinance enacting a moratorium or interim control adopted under RCW 36.70A.390.

(3) This section is prospective in effect and does not apply to a comprehensive plan, development regulation, or amendment adopted before the effective date of this section.

Sec. 7. RCW 36.70A.130 and 1995 c 347 s 106 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each comprehensive land use plan and development regulations shall be subject to continuing review and evaluation by the county or city that adopted them. Not later than September 1, 2002, and at least every five years thereafter, a county or city shall take action to review and, if needed, revise its comprehensive land use plan and development regulations to ensure that the plan and regulations are complying with the requirements of this chapter. The review and evaluation required by this subsection may be combined with the review required by subsection (3) of this section.

Any amendment or revision to a comprehensive land use plan shall conform to this chapter, and any change to development regulations shall be consistent with and implement the comprehensive plan.

(2)(a) Each county and city shall establish and broadly disseminate to the public a public participation program identifying procedures whereby proposed amendments or revisions of the comprehensive plan are considered by the governing body of the county or city no more frequently than once every year except that amendments may be considered more frequently under the following circumstances:

(i) The initial adoption of a subarea plan; 
(ii) The adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program under the procedures set forth in chapter 90.58 RCW; and
(iii) The amendment of the capital facilities element of a comprehensive plan that occurs concurrently with the adoption or amendment of a county or city budget.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in (a) of this subsection, all proposals shall be considered by the governing body concurrently so the cumulative effect of the various proposals can be ascertained.
However, after appropriate public participation a county or city may adopt amendments or revisions to its comprehensive plan that conform with this chapter whenever an emergency exists or to resolve an appeal of a comprehensive plan filed with a growth management hearings board or with the court.

(3) Each county that designates urban growth areas under RCW 36.70A.110 shall review, at least every ten years, its designated urban growth area or areas, and the densities permitted within both the incorporated and unincorporated portions of each urban growth area. In conjunction with this review by the county, each city located within an urban growth area shall review the densities permitted within its boundaries, and the extent to which the urban growth occurring within the county has located within each city and the unincorporated portions of the urban growth areas. The county comprehensive plan designating urban growth areas, and the densities permitted in the urban growth areas by the comprehensive plans of the county and each city located within the urban growth areas, shall be revised to accommodate the urban growth projected to occur in the county for the succeeding twenty-year period. The review required by this subsection may be combined with the review and evaluation required by section 19 of this act.

Sec. 8. RCW 36.70A.270 and 1996 c 325 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

Each growth management hearings board shall be governed by the following rules on conduct and procedure:

(1) Any board member may be removed for inefficiency, malfeasance, and misfeasance in office, under specific written charges filed by the governor. The governor shall transmit such written charges to the member accused and the chief justice of the supreme court. The chief justice shall thereupon designate a tribunal composed of three judges of the superior court to hear and adjudicate the charges. Removal of any member of a board by the tribunal shall disqualify such member for reappointment.

(2) Each board member shall receive reimbursement for travel expenses incurred in the discharge of his or her duties in accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. If it is determined that the review boards shall operate on a full-time basis, each member shall receive an annual salary to be determined by the governor pursuant to RCW 43.03.040. If it is determined that a review board shall operate on a part-time basis, each member shall receive compensation pursuant to RCW 43.03.250, provided such amount shall not exceed the amount that would be set if they were a full-time board member. The principal office of each board shall be located by the governor within the jurisdictional boundaries of each board. The boards shall operate on either a part-time or full-time basis, as determined by the governor.

(3) Each board member shall not: (a) Be a candidate for or hold any other public office or trust; (b) engage in any occupation or business interfering with or inconsistent with his or her duty as a board member; and (c) for a period of one year after the termination of his or her board membership, act in a representative capacity before the board on any matter.

(4) A majority of each board shall constitute a quorum for making orders or decisions, adopting rules necessary for the conduct of its powers and duties, or transacting other official business, and may act even though one position of the board is vacant. One or more members may hold hearings and take testimony to be reported for action by the board when authorized by rule or order of the board. The board shall perform all the powers and duties specified in this chapter or as otherwise provided by law.

(5) The board may appoint one or more hearing examiners to assist the board in its hearing function, to make conclusions of law and findings of fact and, if requested by the board, to make recommendations to the board for decisions in cases before the board. Such hearing examiners must have demonstrated knowledge of land use planning and law. The boards shall specify in their joint rules of practice and procedure, as required by subsection (7) of this section, the procedure and criteria to be employed for designating hearing examiners as a presiding officer. Hearing examiners selected by a board shall meet the requirements of subsection (3) of this section. The findings and conclusions of the hearing examiner shall not become final until they have been formally approved by the board. This authorization to use hearing examiners does not waive the requirement of RCW 36.70A.300 that final orders be issued within one hundred eighty days of board receipt of a petition.

(6) Each board shall make findings of fact and prepare a written decision in each case decided by it, and such findings and decision shall be effective upon being signed by two or more members of the board and upon being filed at the board’s principal office, and shall be open for public inspection at all reasonable times.
(7) All proceedings before the board, any of its members, or a hearing examiner appointed by the board shall be conducted in accordance with such administrative rules of practice and procedure as the boards jointly prescribe. All three boards shall jointly meet to develop and adopt joint rules of practice and procedure, including rules regarding expeditious and summary disposition of appeals. The boards shall publish such rules and decisions they render and arrange for the reasonable distribution of the rules and decisions. Except as it conflicts with specific provisions of this chapter, the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW, and specifically including the provisions of RCW 34.05.455 governing ex parte communications, shall govern the practice and procedure of the boards.

(8) A board member or hearing examiner is subject to disqualification under chapter 34.05 RCW. The joint rules of practice of the boards shall establish procedures by which a party to a hearing conducted before the board may file with the board a motion to disqualify, with supporting affidavit, against a board member or hearing examiner assigned to preside at the hearing.

(9) The members of the boards shall meet jointly on at least an annual basis with the objective of sharing information that promotes the goals and purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 9. RCW 36.70A.290 and 1995 c 347 s 109 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All requests for review to a growth management hearings board shall be initiated by filing a petition that includes a detailed statement of issues presented for resolution by the board. The board shall render written decisions articulating the basis for its holdings. The board shall not issue advisory opinions on issues not presented to the board in the statement of issues, as modified by any prehearing order.

(2) All petitions relating to whether or not an adopted comprehensive plan, development regulation, or permanent amendment thereto, is in compliance with the goals and requirements of this chapter or chapter 90.58 or 43.21C RCW must be filed within sixty days after publication by the legislative bodies of the county or city.

   (a) Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, the date of publication for a city shall be the date the city publishes the ordinance, or summary of the ordinance, adopting the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto, as is required to be published.

   (b) Promptly after adoption, a county shall publish a notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto. Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, for purposes of this section the date of publication for a county shall be the date the county publishes the notice that it has adopted the comprehensive plan or development regulations, or amendment thereto.

   (c) For local governments planning under RCW 36.70A.040, promptly after approval or disapproval of a local government’s shoreline master program or amendment thereto by the department of ecology as provided in RCW 90.58.090, the local government shall publish a notice that the shoreline master program or amendment thereto has been approved or disapproved by the department of ecology. For purposes of this section, the date of publication for the adoption or amendment of a shoreline master program is the date the local government publishes notice that the shoreline master program or amendment thereto has been approved or disapproved by the department of ecology.

(3) Unless the board dismisses the petition as frivolous or finds that the person filing the petition lacks standing, or the parties have filed an agreement to have the case heard in superior court as provided in section 10 of this act, the board shall, within ten days of receipt of the petition, set a time for hearing the matter.

(4) The board shall base its decision on the record developed by the city, county, or the state and supplemented with additional evidence if the board determines that such additional evidence would be necessary or of substantial assistance to the board in reaching its decision.

(5) The board, shall consolidate, when appropriate, all petitions involving the review of the same comprehensive plan or the same development regulation or regulations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

A petition filed under RCW 36.70A.290 may be directly reviewed by the superior court upon certification by the growth management hearings board that all the parties to the proceeding before the board have agreed in writing to have the petition directly reviewed by the superior court. The agreement shall be filed with the board within ten days after the petition has been filed, or if multiple petitions have been filed and the board has consolidated the appeals under RCW 36.70A.300, within ten days after the date the last petition is filed. The provisions of RCW 36.70A.280 through
36.70A.340 as they relate to review of actions by a state agency or a county or city under this chapter apply to the review conducted by the superior court.

**Sec. 11.** RCW 36.70A.300 and 1995 c 347 s 110 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The board shall issue a final order (within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the petition for review, or, when multiple petitions are filed, within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the last petition that is consolidated. Such a final order) that shall be based exclusively on whether or not a state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and amendments thereto, (adopted) under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW.

2. (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the final order shall be issued within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the petition for review, or, if multiple petitions are filed, within one hundred eighty days of receipt of the last petition that is consolidated.

   (b) The board may extend the period of time for issuing a decision to enable the parties to settle the dispute if additional time is necessary to achieve a settlement, and (i) an extension is requested by all parties, or (ii) an extension is requested by the petitioner and respondent and the board determines that a negotiated settlement between the remaining parties could resolve significant issues in dispute. The request must be filed with the board not later than seven days before the date scheduled for the hearing on the merits of the petition. The board may authorize one or more extensions for up to ninety days each, subject to the requirements of this section.

3. In the final order, the board shall either:

   (a) Find that the state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and amendments thereto, under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW; or

   (b) Find that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter, chapter 90.58 RCW as it relates to the adoption or amendment of shoreline master programs, or chapter 43.21C RCW as it relates to adoption of plans, development regulations, and amendments thereto, under RCW 36.70A.040 or chapter 90.58 RCW, in which case the board shall remand the matter to the affected state agency, county, or city. The board shall specify a reasonable time not in excess of one hundred eighty days, or such longer period as determined by the board in cases of unusual scope or complexity, within which the state agency, county, or city shall comply with the requirements of this chapter. The board may require periodic reports to the board on the progress the jurisdiction is making towards compliance.

4. Unless the board makes a determination of invalidity as provided in section 12 of this act, a finding of noncompliance and an order of remand shall not affect the validity of comprehensive plans and development regulations during the period of remand (unless the board's final order also:

   (a) Includes a determination, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the continued validity of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter; and

   (b) Specifies the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.

5. A determination of invalidity shall:

   (a) Be prospective in effect and shall not extinguish rights that vested under state or local law before the date of the board's order; and

   (b) Subject any development application that would otherwise vest after the date of the board's order to the local ordinance or resolution that both is enacted in response to the order of remand and determined by the board pursuant to RCW 36.70A.320 to comply with the requirements of this chapter.

6. If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (2) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand).

7. Any party aggrieved by a final decision of the hearings board may appeal the decision (to the superior court as provided in RCW 34.05.514 or 36.01.050 within thirty days of the final order of the board) directly to the court of appeals for assignment by the chief presiding judge.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) A board may determine that part or all of a comprehensive plan or development regulations are invalid if the board:

(a) Makes a finding of noncompliance and issues an order of remand under RCW 36.70A.300;
(b) Includes in the final order a determination, supported by findings of fact and conclusions of law, that the continued validity of part or parts of the plan or regulation would substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter; and
(c) Specifies in the final order the particular part or parts of the plan or regulation that are determined to be invalid, and the reasons for their invalidity.

(2) A determination of invalidity is prospective in effect and does not extinguish rights that vested under state or local law before receipt of the board’s order by the city or county. The determination of invalidity does not apply to a completed development permit application and related construction permits for a project that vested under state or local law on or before the date of the board’s order.

(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section and (b) of this subsection, a completed development permit application not vested under state or local law on or before the date of the board’s determination of invalidity vests to the local ordinance or resolution that is determined by the board not to substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(b) Even though the application is not vested under state or local law before receipt by the county or city of the board’s order, a determination of invalidity does not apply to a completed development permit application for:

(i) A permit for construction by any owner, lessee, or contract purchaser of a single-family residence for his or her own use or for the use of his or her family on a lot existing before receipt by the county or city of the board’s order, except as otherwise specifically provided in the board’s order to protect the public health and safety;
(ii) A building permit and related construction permits for remodeling or expansion of an existing structure on a lot existing before receipt of the board’s order by the county or city; and
(iii) A boundary line adjustment or a division of land that does not increase the number of buildable lots existing before receipt of the board’s order by the county or city.

(4) If the ordinance that adopts a plan or development regulation under this chapter includes a savings clause intended to revive prior policies or regulations in the event the new plan or regulations are determined to be invalid, the board shall determine under subsection (1) of this section whether the prior policies or regulations are valid during the period of remand.

(5) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may adopt interim controls and other measures to be in effect until it adopts a comprehensive plan and development regulations that comply with the requirements of this chapter. A development permit application may vest under an interim control or measure upon determination by the board that the interim controls and other measures do not substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(6) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity may file a motion requesting that the board clarify, modify, or rescind the order. The board shall expeditiously schedule a hearing on the motion. At the hearing on the motion, the parties may present information to the board to clarify the part or parts of the comprehensive plan or development regulations to which the final order applies. The board shall issue any supplemental order based on the information provided at the hearing not later than thirty days after the date of the hearing.

(7)(a) If a determination of invalidity has been made and the county or city has enacted an ordinance or resolution amending the invalidated part or parts of the plan or regulation or establishing interim controls on development affected by the order of invalidity, after a compliance hearing, the board shall modify or rescind the determination of invalidity if it determines under the standard in subsection (1) of this section that the plan or regulation, as amended or made subject to such interim controls, will no longer substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter.

(b) If the board determines that part or parts of the plan or regulation are no longer invalid as provided in this subsection, but does not find that the plan or regulation is in compliance with all of the requirements of this chapter, the board, in its order, may require periodic reports to the board on the progress the jurisdiction is making towards compliance.

Sec. 13. RCW 36.70A.305 and 1996 c 325 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
The court shall provide expedited review of (a determination of invalidity or an order (effectuating)) that includes a determination of invalidity made or issued under RCW 36.70A.300 and section 12 of this act. The matter must be set for hearing within sixty days of the date set for submitting the board's record, absent a showing of good cause for a different date or a stipulation of the parties.

Sec. 14. RCW 36.70A.320 and 1995 c 347 s 111 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as provided in subsection ((2)) (5) of this section, comprehensive plans and development regulations, and amendments thereto, adopted under this chapter are presumed valid upon adoption.
(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4) of this section, the burden is on the petitioner to demonstrate that any action taken by a state agency, county, or city under this chapter is not in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
(3) In any petition under this chapter, the board, after full consideration of the petition, shall determine whether there is compliance with the requirements of this chapter. In making its determination, the board shall consider the criteria adopted by the department under RCW 36.70A.190(4). The board shall find compliance unless it ((finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the state agency, county, or city erroneously interpreted or applied this chapter)) determines that the action by the state agency, county, or city is clearly erroneous in view of the entire record before the board and in light of the goals and requirements of this chapter.
(4) A county or city subject to a determination of invalidity made under RCW 36.70A.300 or section 12 of this act has the burden of demonstrating that the ordinance or resolution it has enacted in response to the determination of invalidity will no longer substantially interfere with the fulfillment of the goals of this chapter under the standard in section 12(1) of this act.
(5) The shoreline element of a comprehensive plan and the applicable development regulations adopted by a county or city shall take effect as provided in chapter 90.58 RCW.

Sec. 15. RCW 36.70A.330 and 1995 c 347 s 112 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) After the time set for complying with the requirements of this chapter under RCW 36.70A.300(1)(b) or at an earlier time upon the motion of a county or city subject to a determination of invalidity under RCW 36.70A.300, the board shall set a hearing for the purpose of determining whether the state agency, county, or city is in compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
(2) The board shall conduct a hearing and issue a finding of compliance or noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter and with any compliance schedule established by the board in its final order. A person with standing to challenge the legislation enacted in response to the board's final order may participate in the hearing along with the petitioner and the state agency, county, or city. A hearing under this subsection shall be given the highest priority of business to be conducted by the board, and a finding shall be issued within forty-five days of the filing of the motion under subsection (1) of this section with the board. The board shall issue any order necessary to make adjustments to the compliance schedule and set additional hearings as provided in subsection (5) of this section.
(3) If the board after a compliance hearing finds that the state agency, county, or city is not in compliance, the board shall transmit its finding to the governor. The board may recommend to the governor that the sanctions authorized by this chapter be imposed. The board shall take into consideration the county's or city's efforts to meet its compliance schedule in making the decision to recommend sanctions to the governor.
(4) In a compliance hearing upon petition of a party, the board shall also reconsider its final order and decide((a)
(a) If a determination of invalidity has been made, whether such a determination should be rescinded or modified under the standards in RCW 36.70A.300(2); or
(b)) if no determination of invalidity has been made, whether one now should be made ((under the standards in RCW 36.70A.300(2))) under section 12 of this act.
(5) The board shall schedule additional hearings as appropriate pursuant to subsections (1) and (2) of this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
A county or city subject to an order of invalidity issued before the effective date of section 11 of this act, by motion may request the board to review the order of invalidity in light of the section 11, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 11 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.300, the section 15, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 15 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.330, and section 12 of this act. If a request is made, the board shall rescind or modify the order of invalidity as necessary to make it consistent with the section 11, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 11 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.300, and to the section 15, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (section 15 of this act) amendments to RCW 36.70A.330, and section 12 of this act.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 17. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) A county or a city may use a variety of innovative zoning techniques in areas designated as agricultural lands of long-term commercial significance under RCW 36.70A.170. The innovative zoning techniques should be designed to conserve agricultural lands and encourage the agricultural economy. A county or city should encourage nonagricultural uses to be limited to lands with poor soils or otherwise not suitable for agricultural purposes.

(2) Innovative zoning techniques a county or city may consider include, but are not limited to:

(a) Agricultural zoning, which limits the density of development and restricts or prohibits nonfarm uses of agricultural land;

(b) Cluster zoning, which allows new development on one portion of the land, leaving the remainder in agricultural or open space uses;

(c) Large lot zoning, which establishes as a minimum lot size the amount of land necessary to achieve a successful farming practice;

(d) Quarter/quarter zoning, which permits one residential dwelling on a one-acre minimum lot for each one-sixteenth of a section of land; and

(e) Sliding scale zoning, which allows the number of lots for single-family residential purposes with a minimum lot size of one acre to increase inversely as the size of the total acreage increases.

Sec. 18. RCW 36.70A.110 and 1995 c 400 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall designate an urban growth area or areas within which urban growth shall be encouraged and outside of which growth can occur only if it is not urban in nature. Each city that is located in such a county shall be included within an urban growth area. An urban growth area may include more than a single city. An urban growth area may include territory that is located outside of a city only if such territory already is characterized by urban growth whether or not the urban growth area includes a city, or is adjacent to territory already characterized by urban growth, or is a designated new fully contained community as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

(2) Based upon the growth management population projection made for the county by the office of financial management, the county and each city within the county shall include areas and densities within urban growth areas sufficient to permit the urban growth that is projected to occur in the county or city for the succeeding twenty-year period. Each urban growth area shall permit urban densities and shall include greenbelt and open space areas. An urban growth area determination may include a reasonable land market supply factor and shall permit a range of urban densities and uses. In determining this market factor, cities and counties may consider local circumstances. Cities and counties have discretion in their comprehensive plans to make many choices about accommodating growth.

Within one year of July 1, 1990, each county that as of June 1, 1991, was required or chose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, shall begin consulting with each city located within its boundaries and each city shall propose the location of an urban growth area. Within sixty days of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall begin this consultation with each city located within its boundaries. The county shall attempt to reach agreement with each city on the location of an urban growth area within which the city is located. If such an agreement is not reached with each city located within the urban growth area, the county shall justify in writing why it so designated the area an urban growth area. A city may object formally with the department over the designation of the urban growth area within which it is located. Where appropriate, the department shall attempt to resolve the conflicts, including the use of mediation services.
Urban growth should be located first in areas already characterized by urban growth that have adequate existing public facility and service capacities to serve such development, second in areas already characterized by urban growth that will be served adequately by a combination of both existing public facilities and services and any additional needed public facilities and services that are provided by either public or private sources, and third in the remaining portions of the urban growth areas. Urban growth may also be located in designated new fully contained communities as defined by RCW 36.70A.350.

In general, cities are the units of local government most appropriate to provide urban governmental services. In general, it is not appropriate that urban governmental services be extended to or expanded in rural areas except in those limited circumstances shown to be necessary to protect basic public health and safety and the environment and when such services are financially supportable at rural densities and do not permit urban development.

On or before October 1, 1993, each county that was initially required to plan under RCW 36.70A.040(1) shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Within three years and three months of the date the county legislative authority of a county adopts its resolution of intention or of certification by the office of financial management, all other counties that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 shall adopt development regulations designating interim urban growth areas under this chapter. Adoption of the interim urban growth areas may only occur after public notice; public hearing; and compliance with the state environmental policy act, chapter 43.21C RCW, and RCW 36.70A.110. Such action may be appealed to the appropriate growth management hearings board under RCW 36.70A.280. Final urban growth areas shall be adopted at the time of comprehensive plan adoption under this chapter.

Each county shall include designations of urban growth areas in its comprehensive plan.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

(1) Subject to the limitations in subsection (7) of this section, a county shall adopt, in consultation with its cities, county-wide planning policies to establish a review and evaluation program. This program shall be in addition to the requirements of RCW 36.70A.110, 36.70A.130, and 36.70A.210. In developing and implementing the review and evaluation program required by this section, the county and its cities shall consider information from other appropriate jurisdictions and sources. The purpose of the review and evaluation program shall be to:

(a) Determine whether a county and its cities are achieving urban densities within urban growth areas by comparing growth and development assumptions, targets, and objectives contained in the county-wide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans with actual growth and development that has occurred in the county and its cities; and

(b) Identify reasonable measures, other than adjusting urban growth areas, that will be taken to comply with the requirements of this chapter.

(2) The review and evaluation program shall:

(a) Encompass land uses and activities both within and outside of urban growth areas and provide for annual collection of data on urban and rural land uses, development, critical areas, and capital facilities to the extent necessary to determine the quantity and type of land suitable for development, both for residential and employment-based activities;

(b) Provide for evaluation of the data collected under (a) of this subsection every five years as provided in subsection (3) of this section. The first evaluation shall be completed not later than September 1, 2002. The county and its cities may establish in the county-wide planning policies indicators, benchmarks, and other similar criteria to use in conducting the evaluation;

(c) Provide for methods to resolve disputes among jurisdictions relating to the county-wide planning policies required by this section and procedures to resolve inconsistencies in collection and analysis of data; and

(d) Provide for the amendment of the county-wide policies and county and city comprehensive plans as needed to remedy an inconsistency identified through the evaluation required by this section, or to bring these policies into compliance with the requirements of this chapter.

(3) At a minimum, the evaluation component of the program required by subsection (1) of this section shall:

(a) Determine whether there is sufficient suitable land to accommodate the county-wide population projection established for the county pursuant to RCW 43.62.035 and the subsequent
population allocations within the county and between the county and its cities and the requirements of RCW 36.70A.110;

(b) Determine the actual density of housing that has been constructed and the actual amount of land developed for commercial and industrial uses within the urban growth area since the adoption of a comprehensive plan under this chapter or since the last periodic evaluation as required by subsection (1) of this section; and

(c) Based on the actual density of development as determined under (b) of this subsection, review commercial, industrial, and housing needs by type and density range to determine the amount of land needed for commercial, industrial, and housing for the remaining portion of the twenty-year planning period used in the most recently adopted comprehensive plan.

(4) If the evaluation required by subsection (3) of this section demonstrates an inconsistency between what has occurred since the adoption of the county-wide planning policies and the county and city comprehensive plans and development regulations and what was envisioned in those policies and plans and the planning goals and the requirements of this chapter, as the inconsistency relates to the evaluation factors specified in subsection (3) of this section, the county and its cities shall adopt and implement measures that are reasonably likely to increase consistency during the subsequent five-year period. If necessary, a county, in consultation with its cities as required by RCW 36.70A.210, shall adopt amendments to county-wide planning policies to increase consistency. The county and its cities shall annually monitor the measures adopted under this subsection to determine their effect and may revise or rescind them as appropriate.

(5)(a) Not later than July 1, 1998, the department shall prepare a list of methods used by counties and cities in carrying out the types of activities required by this section. The department shall provide this information and appropriate technical assistance to counties and cities required to or choosing to comply with the provisions of this section.

(b) By December 31, 2007, the department shall submit to the appropriate committees of the legislature a report analyzing the effectiveness of the activities described in this section in achieving the goals envisioned by the county-wide planning policies and the comprehensive plans and development regulations of the counties and cities.

(6) From funds appropriated by the legislature for this purpose, the department shall provide grants to counties, cities, and regional planning organizations required under subsection (7) of this section to conduct the review and perform the evaluation required by this section.

(7) The provisions of this section shall apply to counties, and the cities within those counties, that were greater than one hundred fifty thousand in population in 1995 as determined by office of financial management population estimates and that are located west of the crest of the Cascade mountain range. Any other county planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may carry out the review, evaluation, and amendment programs and procedures as provided in this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 42.17 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding other provisions of this chapter, a county or city that provides customized maps, products, or services from an electronic geographic information system may establish fees by ordinance or resolution for providing the customized maps, services, or products to persons who request them. The county or city shall not impose fees in excess of an amount necessary to recover the actual cost to the county or city of providing the customized maps, products, or services. The county or city may include in the fees a reasonable portion of the cost to the county or city of developing and maintaining an electronic geographic information system.

(2) A county or city shall by ordinance or resolution establish standards for the waiver of the fees provided for in subsection (1) of this section if the customized maps, services, or products are to be used for noncommercial public purposes, including but not limited to the support of other agencies, the support of public benefit nonprofit activities, public information or education, academic research, or other purposes that the county or city determines are beneficial to the public. The county or city shall apply fee reductions or waivers uniformly for each such noncommercial use.

(3) A county or city shall not recover through fees authorized by this section costs paid for by another governmental entity.

Sec. 21. RCW 43.62.035 and 1995 c 162 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

The office of financial management shall determine the population of each county of the state annually as of April 1st of each year and on or before July 1st of each year shall file a certificate with
the secretary of state showing its determination of the population for each county. The office of financial management also shall determine the percentage increase in population for each county over the preceding ten-year period, as of April 1st, and shall file a certificate with the secretary of state by July 1st showing its determination. At least once every ((ten)) five years or upon the availability of decennial census data, whichever is later, the office of financial management shall prepare twenty-year growth management planning population projections required by RCW 36.70A.110 for each county that adopts a comprehensive plan under RCW 36.70A.040 and shall review these projections with such counties and the cities in those counties before final adoption. The county and its cities may provide to the office such information as they deem relevant to the office’s projection, and the office shall consider and comment on such information before adoption. Each projection shall be expressed as a reasonable range developed within the standard state high and low projection. The middle range shall represent the office’s estimate of the most likely population projection for the county. If any city or county believes that a projection will not accurately reflect actual population growth in a county, it may petition the office to revise the projection accordingly. The office shall complete the first set of ranges for every county by December 31, 1995.

A comprehensive plan adopted or amended before December 31, 1995, shall not be considered to be in noncompliance with the twenty-year growth management planning population projection if the projection used in the comprehensive plan is in compliance with the range later adopted under this section.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. In order to ensure that there will be no unfunded responsibilities imposed on counties and cities, if specific funding for the purposes of section 19 of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1997, in the omnibus appropriations act, sections 19 and 20 of this act are null and void.

Sec. 23. RCW 36.70A.500 and 1995 c 347 s 116 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department of community, trade, and economic development shall provide management services for the fund created by RCW 36.70A.490. The department ((by rule)) shall establish procedures for fund management. The department shall encourage participation in the grant program by other public agencies. The department shall develop the grant criteria, monitor the grant program, and select grant recipients in consultation with state agencies participating in the grant program through the provision of grant funds or technical assistance.

(2) A grant may be awarded to a county or city that is required to or has chosen to plan under RCW 36.70A.040 and that is qualified pursuant to this section. The grant shall be provided to assist a county or city in paying for the cost of preparing (a detailed environmental impact statement) an environmental analysis under chapter 43.21C RCW, that is integrated with a comprehensive plan, subarea plan, plan element, county-wide planning policy, development regulation, monitoring program, or other planning activity adopted under or implementing this chapter that:

(a) Improves the process for project permit review while maintaining environmental quality; or
(b) Encourages use of plans and information developed for purposes of complying with this chapter to satisfy requirements of other state programs.

(3) In order to qualify for a grant, a county or city shall:

(a) Demonstrate that it will prepare an environmental analysis pursuant to chapter 43.21C RCW and subsection (2) of this section that is integrated with a comprehensive plan or subarea plan and development regulations;
(b) Address environmental impacts and consequences, alternatives, and mitigation measures in sufficient detail to allow the analysis to be adopted in whole or in part by ((subsequent)) applicants for development permits within the geographic area analyzed in the plan;
(c) Demonstrate that procedures for review of development permit applications will be based on the integrated plans and environmental analysis;
(d) Include mechanisms ((in the plan)) to monitor the consequences of growth as it occurs in the plan area and ((provide ongoing)) to use the resulting data to update the plan, policy, or implementing mechanisms and associated environmental analysis;
((d) Be making)) (e) Demonstrate substantial progress towards compliance with the requirements of this chapter. A county or city that is more than six months out of compliance with a requirement of this chapter is deemed not to be making substantial progress towards compliance; and
Provide local funding, which may include financial participation by the private sector.

(4) In awarding grants, the department shall give preference to proposals that include one or more of the following elements:

(a) Financial participation by the private sector, or a public/private partnering approach;
(b) Identification and monitoring of system capacities for elements of the built environment, and to the extent appropriate, of the natural environment;
(c) Coordination with state, federal, and tribal governments in project review;
(d) Furtherance of important state objectives related to economic development, protection of areas of state-wide significance, and siting of essential public facilities;
(e) Programs to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the permitting process by greater reliance on integrated plans and prospective environmental analysis;
(f) Programs for effective citizen and neighborhood involvement that contribute to greater likelihood that planning decisions can be implemented with community support; and
(g) Programs to identify environmental impacts and establish mitigation measures that provide effective means to satisfy concurrency requirements and establish project consistency with the plans.

(5) If the local funding includes funding provided by other state functional planning programs, including open space planning and watershed or basin planning, the functional plan shall be integrated into and be consistent with the comprehensive plan.

(6) State agencies shall work with grant recipients to facilitate state and local project review processes that will implement the projects receiving grants under this section.

Sec. 24. RCW 84.34.020 and 1992 c 69 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, unless a different meaning is required by the context:

(1) "Open space land" means (a) any land area so designated by an official comprehensive land use plan adopted by any city or county and zoned accordingly, or (b) any land area, the preservation of which in its present use would (i) conserve and enhance natural or scenic resources, or (ii) protect streams or water supply, or (iii) promote conservation of soils, wetlands, beaches or tidal marshes, or (iv) enhance the value to the public of abutting or neighboring parks, forests, wildlife preserves, nature reservations or sanctuaries or other open space, or (v) enhance recreation opportunities, or (vi) preserve historic sites, or (vii) preserve visual quality along highway, road, and street corridors or scenic vistas, or (viii) retain in its natural state tracts of land not less than one acre situated in an urban area and open to public use on such conditions as may be reasonably required by the legislative body granting the open space classification, or (c) any land meeting the definition of farm and agricultural conservation land under subsection (8) of this section. As a condition of granting open space classification, the legislative body may not require public access on land classified under (b)(iii) of this subsection for the purpose of promoting conservation of wetlands.

(2) "Farm and agricultural land" means:
(a) Any parcel of land that is twenty or more acres or multiple parcels of land that are contiguous and total twenty or more acres;
(i) Devoted primarily to the production of livestock or agricultural commodities for commercial purposes;
(ii) Enrolled in the federal conservation reserve program or its successor administered by the United States department of agriculture;
(iii) Other similar commercial activities as may be established by rule following consultation with the advisory committee established in section 19 of this act; or
(b) Any parcel of land that is five acres or more but less than twenty acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses, which has produced a gross income from agricultural uses equivalent to, as of January 1, 1993:
(i) One hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993; and
(ii) On or after January 1, 1993, two hundred dollars or more per acre per year for three of the
five calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter;
(c) Any parcel of land of less than five acres devoted primarily to agricultural uses which has
produced a gross income as of January 1, 1993, of:
   (i) One thousand dollars or more per year for three of the five calendar years preceding the
date of application for classification under this chapter for all parcels of land that are classified under
this subsection or all parcels of land for which an application for classification under this subsection is
made with the granting authority prior to January 1, 1993; and
   (ii) On or after January 1, 1993, fifteen hundred dollars or more per year for three of the five
calendar years preceding the date of application for classification under this chapter;
(d) Any parcel of land designated as agricultural land under RCW 36.70A.170; or
(e) Any parcel of land not within an urban growth area zoned as agricultural land under a
comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW.
Parcels of land described in (b)(i) and (c)(i) of this subsection shall, upon any transfer of the property
excluding a transfer to a surviving spouse, be subject to the limits of (b)(ii) and (c)(ii) of this
subsection.

Agricultural lands shall also include such incidental uses as are compatible with agricultural
purposes, including wetlands preservation, provided such incidental use does not exceed twenty percent
of the classified land and the land on which appurtenances necessary to the production, preparation, or
sale of the agricultural products exist in conjunction with the lands producing such products.
Agricultural lands shall also include any parcel of land of one to five acres, which is not contiguous,
but which otherwise constitutes an integral part of farming operations being conducted on land
qualifying under this section as "farm and agricultural lands"; or (d) the land on which housing for
employees and the principal place of residence of the farm operator or owner of land classified
pursuant to (a) of this subsection is sited if: The housing or residence is on or contiguous to the
classified parcel; and the use of the housing or the residence is integral to the use of the classified land
for agricultural purposes.

(3) "Timber land" means any parcel of land that is five or more acres or multiple parcels of
land that are contiguous and total five or more acres which is or are devoted primarily to the growth
and harvest of forest crops for commercial purposes. A timber management plan shall be filed with the
county legislative authority at the time (a) an application is made for classification as timber land
pursuant to this chapter or (b) when a sale or transfer of timber land occurs and a notice of
classification continuance is signed. Timber land means the land only.

(4) "Current" or "currently" means as of the date on which property is to be listed and valued
by the assessor.

(5) "Owner" means the party or parties having the fee interest in land, except that where land is
subject to real estate contract "owner" shall mean the contract vendee.

(6) "Contiguous" means land adjoining and touching other property held by the same
ownership. Land divided by a public road, but otherwise an integral part of a farming operation, shall
be considered contiguous.

(7) "Granting authority" means the appropriate agency or official who acts on an application
for classification of land pursuant to this chapter.

(8) "Farm and agricultural conservation land" means either:
   (a) Land that was previously classified under subsection (2) of this section, that no longer meets
   the criteria of subsection (2) of this section, and that is reclassified under subsection (1) of this section;
   or
   (b) Land that is traditional farmland that is not classified under chapter 84.33 or 84.34 RCW,
   that has not been irrevocably devoted to a use inconsistent with agricultural uses, and that has a high
   potential for returning to commercial agriculture.

Sec. 25. RCW 84.40.030 and 1994 c 124 s 20 are each amended to read as follows:
All property shall be valued at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and
assessed on the same basis unless specifically provided otherwise by law.

Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such price as they would bring at a fair, voluntary
sale for cash without any deductions for any indebtedness owed including rentals to be paid.

The true and fair value of real property for taxation purposes (including property upon which
there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry) shall be based upon the following criteria:
Any sales of the property being appraised or similar properties with respect to sales made within the past five years. The appraisal shall be consistent with the comprehensive land use plan, development regulations under chapter 36.70A RCW, zoning, and any other governmental policies or practices in effect at the time of appraisal that affect the use of property, as well as physical and environmental influences. The appraisal shall also take into account: (a) In the use of sales by real estate contract as similar sales, the extent, if any, to which the stated selling price has been increased by reason of the down payment, interest rate, or other financing terms; and (b) the extent to which the sale of a similar property actually represents the general effective market demand for property of such type, in the geographical area in which such property is located. Sales involving deed releases or similar seller-developer financing arrangements shall not be used as sales of similar property.

In addition to sales as defined in subsection (1), consideration may be given to cost, cost less depreciation, reconstruction cost less depreciation, or capitalization of income that would be derived from prudent use of the property. In the case of property of a complex nature, or being used under terms of a franchise from a public agency, or operating as a public utility, or property not having a record of sale within five years and not having a significant number of sales of similar property in the general area, the provisions of this subsection (2) shall be the dominant factors in valuation. When provisions of this subsection (2) are relied upon for establishing values the property owner shall be advised upon request of the factors used in arriving at such value.

In valuing any tract or parcel of real property, the value of the land, exclusive of structures thereon shall be determined; also the value of structures thereon, but the valuation shall not exceed the value of the total property as it exists. In valuing agricultural land, growing crops shall be excluded.

In valuing any tract or parcel of real property designated and zoned under a comprehensive plan adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW as agricultural, forest, or open space land, the appraisal shall not be based on similar sales of parcels that have been converted to nonagricultural, nonforest, or nonopen-space uses within five years after the sale.

Sec. 26. RCW 90.60.030 and 1995 c 347 s 603 are each amended to read as follows:

The permit assistance center is established within the department. The center shall:
(1) Publish and keep current one or more handbooks containing lists and explanations of all permit laws. (The center shall coordinate with the business assistance center in providing and maintaining this information to applicants and others.) To the extent possible, the handbook shall include relevant federal and tribal laws. A state agency or local government shall provide a reasonable number of copies of application forms, statutes, ordinances, rules, handbooks, and other informational material requested by the center and shall otherwise fully cooperate with the center. The center shall seek the cooperation of relevant federal agencies and tribal governments;
(2) Establish, and make known, a point of contact for distribution of the handbook and advice to the public as to its interpretation in any given case;
(3) Work closely and cooperatively with the business license center (and the business assistance center) in providing efficient and nonduplicative service to the public;
(4) Seek the assignment of employees from the permit agencies listed under RCW 90.60.020(6)(a) to serve on a rotating basis in staffing the center; and
(5) Collect and disseminate information to public and private entities on federal, state, local, and tribal government programs that rely on private professional expertise to assist governmental agencies in project permit review; and

(6) Provide an annual report to the legislature on potential conflicts and perceived inconsistencies among existing statutes. The first report shall be submitted to the appropriate standing committees of the house of representatives and senate by December 1, 1996.

Sec. 27. RCW 35.13.130 and 1990 c 33 s 566 are each amended to read as follows:

A petition for annexation of an area contiguous to a city or town may be made in writing addressed to and filed with the legislative body of the municipality to which annexation is desired. Except where all the property sought to be annexed is property of a school district, and the school directors thereof file the petition for annexation as in RCW 28A.335.110 authorized, and except where the property to be annexed is within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, the petition must be signed by the owners of not less than seventy-five percent in value according to the assessed valuation for general taxation of the property for which annexation is petitioned. When the property to be annexed is within an urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, the petition
must be signed by the owners of not less than sixty percent in value according to the assessed valuation for general taxation of the property for which annexation is petitioned; PROVIDED, That in cities and towns with populations greater than one hundred sixty thousand located east of the Cascade mountains, the owner of tax exempt property may sign an annexation petition and have the tax exempt property annexed into the city or town, but the value of the tax exempt property shall not be used in calculating the sufficiency of the required property owner signatures unless only tax exempt property is proposed to be annexed into the city or town. The petition shall set forth a description of the property according to government legal subdivisions or legal plats which is in compliance with RCW 35.02.170, and shall be accompanied by a plat which outlines the boundaries of the property sought to be annexed. If the legislative body has required the assumption of all or of any portion of city or town indebtedness by the area annexed, and/or the adoption of a comprehensive plan for the area to be annexed, these facts, together with a quotation of the minute entry of such requirement or requirements shall be set forth in the petition.

Sec. 28. RCW 35A.14.295 and 1967 ex.s. c 119 s 35A.14.295 are each amended to read as follows:

((When there is, within)) (1) The legislative body of a code city may resolve to annex territory containing residential property owners to the city if there is within the city, unincorporated territory:

(a) Containing less than one hundred acres and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to the code city; or

(b) Of any size and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to the city if such area existed before June 30, 1994, and is within the same county and within the same urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110, and the city was planning under chapter 36.70A RCW as of June 30, 1994.

(2) The resolution shall describe the boundaries of the area to be annexed, state the number of voters residing therein as nearly as may be, and set a date for a public hearing on such resolution for annexation. Notice of the hearing shall be given by publication of the resolution at least once a week for two weeks prior to the date of the hearing, in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the code city and one or more newspapers of general circulation within the area to be annexed.

(3) For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, territory bounded by a river, lake, or other body of water is considered contiguous to a city that is also bounded by the same river, lake, or other body of water.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 29. A new section is added to chapter 35.13 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The legislative body of a city or town planning under chapter 36.70A RCW as of June 30, 1994, may resolve to annex territory to the city or town if there is, within the city or town, unincorporated territory containing residential property owners within the same county and within the same urban growth area designated under RCW 36.70A.110 as the city or town:

(a) Containing less than one hundred acres and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of such area contiguous to the city or town if such area existed before June 30, 1994; or

(b) Of any size and having at least eighty percent of the boundaries of the area contiguous to the city if the area existed before June 30, 1994.

(2) The resolution shall describe the boundaries of the area to be annexed, state the number of voters residing in the area as nearly as may be, and set a date for a public hearing on the resolution for annexation. Notice of the hearing shall be given by publication of the resolution at least once a week for two weeks before the date of the hearing in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the city or town and one or more newspapers of general circulation within the area to be annexed.

(3) For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, territory bounded by a river, lake, or other body of water is considered contiguous to a city that is also bounded by the same river, lake, or other body of water.

Sec. 30. RCW 35.13.174 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 164 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

Upon receipt by the board of county commissioners of a determination by a majority of the review board favoring annexation of the proposed area that has been initiated by resolution pursuant to RCW 35.13.015 by the city or town legislative body, the board of county commissioners, or the city or town legislative body for any city or town within an urban growth area designated under RCW
shall fix a date on which an annexation election shall be held, which date will be not less than thirty days nor more than sixty days thereafter.

Sec. 31. RCW 36.93.170 and 1989 c 84 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

In reaching a decision on a proposal or an alternative, the board shall consider the factors affecting such proposal, which shall include, but not be limited to the following:

(1) Population and territory; population density; land area and land uses; comprehensive plans and zoning, as adopted under chapter 35.63, 35A.63, or 36.70 RCW; comprehensive plans and development regulations adopted under chapter 36.70A RCW; applicable service agreements entered into under chapter 36.115 or 39.34 RCW; applicable interlocal annexation agreements between a county and its cities; per capita assessed valuation; topography, natural boundaries and drainage basins, proximity to other populated areas; the existence and preservation of prime agricultural soils and productive agricultural uses; the likelihood of significant growth in the area and in adjacent incorporated and unincorporated areas during the next ten years; location and most desirable future location of community facilities;

(2) Municipal services; need for municipal services; effect of ordinances, governmental codes, regulations and resolutions on existing uses; present cost and adequacy of governmental services and controls in area; prospects of governmental services from other sources; probable future needs for such services and controls; probable effect of proposal or alternative on cost and adequacy of services and controls in area and adjacent area; the effect on the finances, debt structure, and contractual obligations and rights of all affected governmental units; and

(3) The effect of the proposal or alternative on adjacent areas, on mutual economic and social interests, and on the local governmental structure of the county.

The provisions of chapter 43.21C RCW, State Environmental Policy, shall not apply to incorporation proceedings covered by chapter 35.02 RCW.

Sec. 32. RCW 84.14.010 and 1995 c 375 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "City" means either (a) a city or town with a population of at least one hundred thousand, located in a county planning under the growth management act.

(2) "Governing authority" means the local legislative authority of a city having jurisdiction over the property for which an exemption may be applied for under this chapter.

(3) "Growth management act" means chapter 36.70A RCW.

(4) "Multiple-unit housing" means a building having four or more dwelling units not designed or used as transient accommodations and not including hotels and motels. Multifamily units may result from new construction or rehabilitated or conversion of vacant, underutilized, or substandard buildings to multifamily housing.

(5) "Owner" means the property owner of record.

(6) "Permanent residential occupancy" means multifamily housing that provides either rental or owner occupancy on a nontransient basis. This includes owner-occupied or rental accommodation that is leased for a period of at least one month. This excludes hotels and motels that predominantly offer rental accommodation on a daily or weekly basis.

(7) "Rehabilitation improvements" means modifications to existing structures, that are vacant for twelve months or longer, that are made to achieve a condition of substantial compliance with existing building codes or modification to existing occupied structures which increase the number of multifamily housing units.

(8) "Residential targeted area" means an area within an urban center that has been designated by the governing authority as a residential targeted area in accordance with this chapter.

(9) "Substantial compliance" means compliance with local building or housing code requirements that are typically required for rehabilitation as opposed to new construction.

(10) "Urban center" means a compact identifiable district where urban residents may obtain a variety of products and services. An urban center must contain:

(a) Several existing or previous, or both, business establishments that may include but are not limited to shops, offices, banks, restaurants, governmental agencies;
(b) Adequate public facilities including streets, sidewalks, lighting, transit, domestic water, and sanitary sewer systems; and

(c) A mixture of uses and activities that may include housing, recreation, and cultural activities in association with either commercial or office, or both, use.

Sec. 33. RCW 34.05.518 and 1995 c 382 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The final decision of an administrative agency in an adjudicative proceeding under this chapter may be directly reviewed by the court of appeals either (a) upon certification by the superior court pursuant to this section or (b) if the final decision is from an environmental board as defined in subsection (3) of this section, upon acceptance by the court of appeals after a certificate of appealability has been filed by the environmental board that rendered the final decision.

(2) For direct review upon certification by the superior court, an application for direct review must be filed with the superior court within thirty days of the filing of the petition for review in superior court. The superior court may certify a case for direct review only if the judicial review is limited to the record of the agency proceeding and the court finds that:

(a) Fundamental and urgent issues affecting the future administrative process or the public interest are involved which require a prompt determination;

(b) Delay in obtaining a final and prompt determination of such issues would be detrimental to any party or the public interest;

(c) An appeal to the court of appeals would be likely regardless of the determination in superior court; and

(d) The appellate court’s determination in the proceeding would have significant precedential value.

Procedures for certification shall be established by court rule.

(3)(a) For the purposes of direct review of final decisions of environmental boards, environmental boards include those boards identified in RCW 43.21B.005 ((and growth management hearings boards as identified in RCW 36.70A.250)).

(b) An environmental board may issue a certificate of appealability if it finds that delay in obtaining a final and prompt determination of the issues would be detrimental to any party or the public interest and either:

(i) Fundamental and urgent state-wide or regional issues are raised; or

(ii) The proceeding is likely to have significant precedential value.

(4) The environmental board shall state in the certificate of appealability which criteria it applied, explain how that criteria was met, and file with the certificate a copy of the final decision.

(5) For an appellate court to accept direct review of a final decision of an environmental board, it shall consider the same criteria outlined in subsection (3) of this section.

(6) The procedures for direct review of final decisions of environmental boards include:

(a) Within thirty days after filing the petition for review with the superior court, a party may file an application for direct review with the superior court and serve the appropriate environmental board and all parties of record. The application shall request the environmental board to file a certificate of appealability.

(b) If an issue on review is the jurisdiction of the environmental board, the board may file an application for direct review on that issue.

(c) The environmental board shall have thirty days to grant or deny the request for a certificate of appealability and its decision shall be filed with the superior court and served on all parties of record.

(d) If a certificate of appealability is issued, the parties shall have fifteen days from the date of service to file a notice of discretionary review in the superior court, and the notice shall include a copy of the certificate of appealability and a copy of the final decision.

(e) If the appellate court accepts review, the certificate of appealability shall be transmitted to the court of appeals as part of the certified record.

(f) If a certificate of appealability is denied, review shall be by the superior court. The superior court’s decision may be appealed to the court of appeals.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. Except as otherwise specifically provided in section 16 of this act, sections 1 through 15, chapter . . . , Laws of 1997 (sections 1 through 15 of this act) are prospective in
effect and shall not affect the validity of actions taken or decisions made before the effective date of this section.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 35.** If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected."

Correct the title.

Representatives Romero and Anderson spoke in favor of the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Reams spoke against the adoption of the amendment.

Representative Romero again spoke in favor of adopting the amendment.

Representative Hatfield demanded an electronic roll call vote and the demand was sustained.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the adoption of the amendment (779) on page 1, line 1, to the striking amendment (773) and the amendment was not adopted by the following vote: Yeas - 43, Nays - 55, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


The Speaker stated the question before the House to be adoption of amendment 773 as amended. The amendment was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Reams, Mulliken, DeBolt, Sheldon, D. Schmidt, Chandler and Cairnes spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Romero, Gardner and Dunshee spoke against passage of the bill.

Representative Zellinsky demanded the previous question and the demand was sustained.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6094 as amended by the House.

**ROLL CALL**

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6094 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 62, Nays - 35, Absent - 0, Excused - 1.


Engrossed Senate Bill No. 6094, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) to SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5740, and has passed the bill as amended by the House, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1011,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5030,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6061, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

HOUSE BILL NO. 1054,

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1111,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5718,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1011,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1118,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1303,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1418,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1565,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1730,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1819,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2097,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2255,
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4413,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5030,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5718,

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the Second Report of the Conference Committee on SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2279, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee,

SECOND CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SSB 2279 April 25, 1997

Includes "NEW ITEM": YES

Mr. President:
Mr. Speaker:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2279, Basic health plan, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Second Conference Committee (see attached 2279-S AMC CONF H-3329.2) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Second Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
“Sec. 1. RCW 70.47.015 and 1995 c 265 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that the basic health plan has been an effective program in providing health coverage for uninsured residents. Further, since 1993, substantial amounts of public funds have been allocated for subsidized basic health plan enrollment.

(2) It is the intent of the legislature that the basic health plan enrollment be expanded expeditiously, consistent with funds available in the health services account, with the goal of two hundred thousand adult subsidized basic health plan enrollees and one hundred thirty thousand children covered through expanded medical assistance services by June 30, 1997, with the priority of providing needed health services to children in conjunction with other public programs.

(3) Effective January 1, 1996, basic health plan enrollees whose income is less than one hundred twenty-five percent of the federal poverty level shall pay at least a ten-dollar premium share.

(4) No later than July 1, 1996, the administrator shall implement procedures whereby hospitals licensed under chapters 70.41 and 71.12 RCW, health carrier, rural health care facilities regulated under chapter 70.175 RCW, and community and migrant health centers funded under RCW 41.05.220, may expeditiously assist patients and their families in applying for basic health plan or medical assistance coverage, and in submitting such applications directly to the health care authority or the department of social and health services. The health care authority and the department of social and health services shall make every effort to simplify and expedite the application and enrollment process.

(5) No later than July 1, 1996, the administrator shall implement procedures whereby health insurance agents and brokers, licensed under chapter 48.17 RCW, may expeditiously assist patients and their families in applying for basic health plan or medical assistance coverage, and in submitting such applications directly to the health care authority or the department of social and health services. Brokers and agents may receive a commission for each individual sale of the basic health plan to anyone not signed up within the previous five years and a commission for each group sale of the basic health plan, if funding for this purpose is provided in a specific appropriation to the health care authority. No commission shall be provided upon a renewal. Commissions shall be determined based on the estimated annual cost of the basic health plan, however, commissions shall not result in a reduction in the premium amount paid to health carriers. For purposes of this section "health carrier" is as defined in RCW 48.43.005. The administrator may establish: (a) Minimum educational requirements that must be completed by the agents or brokers; (b) an appointment process for agents or brokers marketing the basic health plan; or (c) standards for revocation of the appointment of an agent or broker to submit applications for cause, including untrustworthy or incompetent conduct or harm to the public. The health care authority and the department of social and health services shall make every effort to simplify and expedite the application and enrollment process.

Sec. 2. RCW 70.47.060 and 1995 c 266 s 1 and 1995 c 2 s 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The administrator has the following powers and duties:

(1) To design and from time to time revise a schedule of covered basic health care services, including physician services, inpatient and outpatient hospital services, prescription drugs and medications, and other services that may be necessary for basic health care. In addition, the administrator may, to the extent that funds are available, offer as basic health plan services chemical dependency services, mental health services and organ transplant services; however, no one service or any combination of these three services shall increase the actuarial value of the basic health plan benefits by more than five percent excluding inflation, as determined by the office of financial management. All subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees in any participating managed health care system under the Washington basic health plan shall be entitled to receive (covered basic health care services) covered basic health care services in return for premium payments to the plan. The schedule of services shall emphasize proven preventive and primary health care and shall include all services necessary for prenatal, postnatal, and well-child care. However, with respect to coverage for groups of subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that such services are necessary over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of pregnancy by the managed care provider. The schedule of services shall also include a separate schedule of basic health care services for children, eighteen years of age and younger, for those subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees who choose to secure basic

(2) To establish procedures for agents or brokers marketing the basic health plan to ensure that applications are submitted directly to the administrator or department of social and health services. The administrator may expeditiously assist patients and their families in applying for basic health plan or medical assistance coverage, and in submitting such applications directly to the health care authority or the department of social and health services. The health care authority and the department of social and health services shall make every effort to simplify and expedite the application and enrollment process.

(3) To design and from time to time revise a schedule of medical assistance services.
coverage through the plan only for their dependent children. In designing and revising the schedule of
services, the administrator shall consider the guidelines for assessing health services under the
mandated benefits act of 1984, RCW 48.42.080, and such other factors as the administrator deems
appropriate.

However, with respect to coverage for subsidized enrollees who are eligible to receive prenatal
and postnatal services through the medical assistance program under chapter 74.09 RCW, the
administrator shall not contract for such services except to the extent that the services are necessary
over not more than a one-month period in order to maintain continuity of care after diagnosis of
pregnancy by the managed care provider.

(2)(a) To design and implement a structure of periodic premiums due the administrator from
subsidized enrollees that is based upon gross family income, giving appropriate consideration to family
size and the ages of all family members. The enrollment of children shall not require the enrollment of
their parent or parents who are eligible for the plan. The structure of periodic premiums shall be
applied to subsidized enrollees entering the plan as individuals pursuant to subsection (9) of this section
and to the share of the cost of the plan due from subsidized enrollees entering the plan as employees
pursuant to subsection (10) of this section.

(b) To determine the periodic premiums due the administrator from nonsubsidized enrollees. Premiums due from nonsubsidized enrollees shall be in an amount equal to the cost charged by the
managed health care system provider to the state for the plan plus the administrative cost of providing
the plan to those enrollees and the premium tax under RCW 48.14.0201.

(c) An employer or other financial sponsor may, with the prior approval of the administrator,
pay the premium, rate, or any other amount on behalf of a subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollee, by
arrangement with the enrollee and through a mechanism acceptable to the administrator((, but in no
case shall the payment made on behalf of the enrollee exceed the total premiums due from the
enrollee)).

(d) To develop, as an offering by all health carriers providing coverage identical to the basic
health plan, a model plan benefits package with uniformity in enrollee cost-sharing requirements.

(3) To design and implement a structure of enrollee cost sharing due a managed health care
system from subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees. The structure shall discourage inappropriate
enrollee utilization of health care services, and may utilize copayments, deductibles, and other cost-
sharing mechanisms, but shall not be so costly to enrollees as to constitute a barrier to appropriate
utilization of necessary health care services.

(4) To limit enrollment of persons who qualify for subsidies so as to prevent an
overexpenditure of appropriations for such purposes. Whenever the administrator finds that there is
danger of such an overexpenditure, the administrator shall close enrollment until the administrator finds
the danger no longer exists.

(5) To limit the payment of subsidies to subsidized enrollees, as defined in RCW 70.47.020.
The level of subsidy provided to persons who qualify may be based on the lowest cost plans, as defined
by the administrator.

(6) To adopt a schedule for the orderly development of the delivery of services and availability
of the plan to residents of the state, subject to the limitations contained in RCW 70.47.080 or any act
appropriating funds for the plan.

(7) To solicit and accept applications from managed health care systems, as defined in this
chapter, for inclusion as eligible basic health care providers under the plan. The administrator shall
endeavor to assure that covered basic health care services are available to any enrollee of the plan from
among a selection of two or more participating managed health care systems. In adopting any rules or
procedures applicable to managed health care systems and in its dealings with such systems, the
administrator shall consider and make suitable allowance for the need for health care services and the
differences in local availability of health care resources, along with other resources, within and among
the several areas of the state. Contracts with participating managed health care systems shall ensure that
basic health plan enrollees who become eligible for medical assistance may, at their option, continue to
receive services from their existing providers within the managed health care system if such providers
have entered into provider agreements with the department of social and health services.

(8) To receive periodic premiums from or on behalf of subsidized and nonsubsidized enrollees,
deposit them in the basic health plan operating account, keep records of enrollee status, and authorize
periodic payments to managed health care systems on the basis of the number of enrollees participating
in the respective managed health care systems.
(9) To accept applications from individuals residing in areas served by the plan, on behalf of themselves and their spouses and dependent children, for enrollment in the Washington basic health plan as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, to establish appropriate minimum-enrollment periods for enrollees as may be necessary, and to determine, upon application and on a reasonable schedule defined by the authority, or at the request of any enrollee, eligibility due to current gross family income for sliding scale premiums. No subsidy may be paid with respect to any enrollee whose current gross family income exceeds twice the federal poverty level or, subject to RCW 70.47.110, who is a recipient of medical assistance or medical care services under chapter 74.09 RCW. If, as a result of an eligibility review, the administrator determines that a subsidized enrollee’s income exceeds twice the federal poverty level and that the enrollee knowingly failed to inform the plan of such increase in income, the administrator may bill the enrollee for the subsidy paid on the enrollee’s behalf during the period of time that the enrollee’s income exceeded twice the federal poverty level. If a number of enrollees drop their enrollment for no apparent good cause, the administrator may establish appropriate rules or requirements that are applicable to such individuals before they will be allowed to reenroll in the plan.

(10) To accept applications from business owners on behalf of themselves and their employees, spouses, and dependent children, as subsidized or nonsubsidized enrollees, who reside in an area served by the plan. The administrator may require all or the substantial majority of the eligible employees of such businesses to enroll in the plan and establish those procedures necessary to facilitate the orderly enrollment of groups in the plan and into a managed health care system. The administrator may require that a business owner pay at least an amount equal to what the employee pays after the state pays its portion of the subsidized premium cost of the plan on behalf of each employee enrolled in the plan. Enrollment is limited to those not eligible for medicare who wish to enroll in the plan and choose to obtain the basic health care coverage and services from a managed care system participating in the plan. The administrator shall adjust the amount determined to be due on behalf of or from all such enrollees whenever the amount negotiated by the administrator with the participating managed health care system or systems is modified or the administrative cost of providing the plan to such enrollees changes.

(11) To determine the rate to be paid to each participating managed health care system in return for the provision of covered basic health care services to enrollees in the system. Although the schedule of covered basic health care services will be the same for similar enrollees, the rates negotiated with participating managed health care systems may vary among the systems. In negotiating rates with participating systems, the administrator shall consider the characteristics of the populations served by the respective systems, economic circumstances of the local area, the need to conserve the resources of the basic health plan trust account, and other factors the administrator finds relevant.

(12) To monitor the provision of covered services to enrollees by participating managed health care systems in order to assure enrollee access to good quality basic health care, to require periodic data reports concerning the utilization of health care services rendered to enrollees in order to provide adequate information for evaluation, and to inspect the books and records of participating managed health care systems to assure compliance with the purposes of this chapter. In requiring reports from participating managed health care systems, including data on services rendered enrollees, the administrator shall endeavor to minimize costs, both to the managed health care systems and to the plan. The administrator shall coordinate any such reporting requirements with other state agencies, such as the insurance commissioner and the department of health, to minimize duplication of effort.

(13) To evaluate the effects this chapter has on private employer-based health care coverage and to take appropriate measures consistent with state and federal statutes that will discourage the reduction of such coverage in the state.

(14) To develop a program of proven preventive health measures and to integrate it into the plan wherever possible and consistent with this chapter.

(15) To provide, consistent with available funding, assistance for rural residents, underserved populations, and persons of color.

Sec. 3. RCW 48.43.025 and 1997 c . . . s 203 (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018) are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as permitted in RCW 48.43.035 or otherwise specified in this section ((and in RCW 48.43.035)): 
(a) No carrier may reject an individual for health plan coverage based upon preexisting conditions of the individual.

(b) No carrier may deny, exclude, or otherwise limit coverage for an individual’s preexisting health conditions; except that a carrier may impose a three-month benefit waiting period for preexisting conditions for which medical advice was given, or for which a health care provider recommended or provided treatment within three months before the effective date of coverage.

(c) Every health carrier offering any individual health plan to any individual must allow open enrollment to eligible applicants into all individual health plans offered by the carrier during the full months of July and August of each year. The individual health plans exempt from guaranteed continuity under RCW 48.43.035(4) are exempt from this requirement. All applications for open enrollment coverage must be complete and postmarked to or received by the carrier in the months of July or August in any year following July 27, 1997. Coverage for these applicants must begin the first day of the next month subject to receipt of timely payment consistent with the terms of the policies.

(d) At any time other than the open enrollment period specified in (c) of this subsection, a carrier may either decline to accept an applicant for enrollment or apply to such applicant’s coverage a preexisting condition benefit waiting period not to exceed the amount of time remaining until the next open enrollment period, or three months, whichever is greater, provided that in either case all of the following conditions are met:

(i) The applicant has not maintained coverage as required in (f) of this subsection;
(ii) The applicant is not applying as a newly eligible dependent meeting the requirements of (g) of this subsection; and
(iii) The carrier uses uniform health evaluation criteria and practices among all individual health plans it offers.

(e) If a carrier exercises the options specified in (d) of this subsection it must advise the applicant in writing within ten business days of such decision. Notice of the availability of Washington state health insurance pool coverage and a brochure outlining the benefits and exclusions of the Washington state health insurance pool policy or policies must be provided in accordance with RCW 48.41.180 to any person rejected for individual health plan coverage, who has had any health condition limited or excluded through health underwriting or who otherwise meets requirements for notice in chapter 48.41 RCW. Provided timely and complete application is received by the pool, eligible individuals shall be enrolled in the Washington state health insurance pool in an expeditious manner as determined by the board of directors of the pool.

(f) A carrier may not refuse enrollment at any time based upon health evaluation criteria to otherwise eligible applicants who have been covered for any part of the three-month period immediately preceding the date of application for the new individual health plan under a comparable group or individual health benefit plan with substantially similar benefits. For purposes of this subsection, in addition to provisions in RCW 48.43.015, the following publicly administered coverage shall be considered comparable health benefit plans: The basic health plan established by chapter 70.47 RCW; the medical assistance program established by chapter 74.09 RCW; and the Washington state health insurance pool, established by chapter 48.41 RCW, as long as the person is continuously enrolled in the pool until the next open enrollment period. If the person is enrolled in the pool for less than three months, she or he will be credited for that period up to three months.

(g) A carrier must accept for enrollment all newly eligible dependents of an enrollee for enrollment onto the enrollee’s individual health plan at any time of the year, provided application is made within sixty-three days of eligibility, or such longer time as provided by law or contract.

(h) At no time are carriers required to accept for enrollment any individual residing outside the state of Washington, except for qualifying dependents who reside outside the carrier service area.

(2) No carrier may avoid the requirements of this section through the creation of a new rate classification or the modification of an existing rate classification. A new or changed rate classification will be deemed an attempt to avoid the provisions of this section if the new or changed classification would substantially discourage applications for coverage from individuals or groups who are higher than average health risks. The provisions of this section apply only to individuals who are Washington residents.

Sec. 4. RCW 48.43.035 and 1997 c. . . s 204 (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018) are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Except as permitted in RCW 48.43.025 or otherwise specified in this section ((and in RCW 48.43.025)), every health carrier shall accept for enrollment any state resident within the carrier’s service area and provide or assure the provision of all covered services regardless of age, sex, family structure, ethnicity, race, health condition, geographic location, employment status, socioeconomic status, other condition or situation, or the provisions of RCW 49.60.174(2). The insurance commissioner may grant a temporary exemption from this subsection, if, upon application by a health carrier the commissioner finds that the clinical, financial, or administrative capacity to serve existing enrollees will be impaired if a health carrier is required to continue enrollment of additional eligible individuals.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, all health plans shall contain or incorporate by endorsement a guarantee of the continuity of coverage of the plan. For the purposes of this section, a plan is "renewed" when it is continued beyond the earliest date upon which, at the carrier’s sole option, the plan could have been terminated for other than nonpayment of premium. In the case of group plans, the carrier may consider the group’s anniversary date as the renewal date for purposes of complying with the provisions of this section.

(3) The guarantee of continuity of coverage required in health plans shall not prevent a carrier from canceling or nonrenewing a health plan for:
   (a) Nonpayment of premium;
   (b) Violation of published policies of the carrier approved by the insurance commissioner;
   (c) Covered persons entitled to become eligible for medicare benefits by reason of age who fail to apply for a medicare supplement plan or medicare cost, risk, or other plan offered by the carrier pursuant to federal laws and regulations;
   (d) Covered persons who fail to pay any deductible or copayment amount owed to the carrier and not the provider of health care services;
   (e) Covered persons committing fraudulent acts as to the carrier;
   (f) Covered persons who materially breach the health plan;
   (g) Change or implementation of federal or state laws that no longer permit the continued offering of such coverage; or
   (h) Cessation of a plan in accordance with subsection (5) or (7) of this section.

(4) The provisions of this section do not apply in the following cases:
   (a) A carrier has zero enrollment on a product;
   (b) A carrier replaces a product and the replacement product is provided to all covered persons within that class or line of business, includes all of the services covered under the replaced product, and does not significantly limit access to the kind of services covered under the replaced product. The health plan may also allow unrestricted conversion to a fully comparable product; or
   (c) A carrier is withdrawing from a service area or from a segment of its service area because the carrier has demonstrated to the insurance commissioner that the carrier’s clinical, financial, or administrative capacity to serve enrollees would be exceeded.

(5) A health carrier may discontinue or materially modify a particular health plan, only if:
   (a) The health carrier provides notice to each covered person or group provided coverage of this type of such discontinuation or modification at least ninety days prior to the date of the discontinuation or modification of coverage;
   (b) The health carrier offers to each covered person or group provided coverage of this type the option to purchase any other health plan currently being offered by the health carrier to similar covered persons in the market category and geographic area; and
   (c) In exercising the option to discontinue or modify a particular health plan and in offering the option of coverage under (b) of this subsection, the health carrier acts uniformly without regard to any health-status related factor of covered persons or persons who may become eligible for coverage.

(6) The provisions of this section do not apply to health plans deemed by the insurance commissioner to be unique or limited or have a short-term purpose, after a written request for such classification by the carrier and subsequent written approval by the insurance commissioner.

(7) A health carrier may discontinue all health plan coverage in one or more of the following lines of business:
   (a)(i) Individual; or
   (ii)(A) Small group (1-50 eligible employees); and
       (B) Large group (51+ eligible employees);
   (b) Only if:
The health carrier provides notice to the office of the insurance commissioner and to each person covered by a plan within the line of business of such discontinuation at least one hundred eighty days prior to the expiration of coverage; and

(ii) All plans issued or delivered in the state by the health carrier in such line of business are discontinued, and coverage under such plans in such line of business is not renewed; and

(iii) The health carrier may not issue any health plan coverage in the line of business and state involved during the five-year period beginning on the date of the discontinuation of the last health plan not so renewed.

(8) The portability provisions of RCW 48.43.015 continue to apply to all enrollees whose health insurance coverage is modified or discontinued pursuant to this section.

(9) Nothing in this section modifies a health carrier’s responsibility to offer the basic health plan model plan as required by RCW 70.47.060(2)(d).

Sec. 5. RCW 48.41.060 and 1997 c. . . s 211 (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018) are each amended to read as follows:

The board shall have the general powers and authority granted under the laws of this state to insurance companies, health care service contractors, and health maintenance organizations, licensed or registered to offer or provide the kinds of health coverage defined under this title. In addition thereto, the board may:

(1) Enter into contracts as are necessary or proper to carry out the provisions and purposes of this chapter including the authority, with the approval of the commissioner, to enter into contracts with similar pools of other states for the joint performance of common administrative functions, or with persons or other organizations for the performance of administrative functions;

(2) Sue or be sued, including taking any legal action as necessary to avoid the payment of improper claims against the pool or the coverage provided by or through the pool;

(3) Establish appropriate rates, rate schedules, rate adjustments, expense allowances, agent referral fees, claim reserve formulas and any other actuarial functions appropriate to the operation of the pool. Rates shall not be unreasonable in relation to the coverage provided, the risk experience, and expenses of providing the coverage. Rates and rate schedules may be adjusted for appropriate risk factors such as age and area variation in claim costs and shall take into consideration appropriate risk factors in accordance with established actuarial underwriting practices consistent with Washington state small group plan rating requirements under RCW 48.20.028, 48.44.022, and 48.46.064;

(4) Assess members of the pool in accordance with the provisions of this chapter, and make advance interim assessments as may be reasonable and necessary for the organizational or interim operating expenses. Any interim assessments will be credited as offsets against any regular assessments due following the close of the year;

(5) Issue policies of health coverage in accordance with the requirements of this chapter;

(6) Appoint appropriate legal, actuarial and other committees as necessary to provide technical assistance in the operation of the pool, policy, and other contract design, and any other function within the authority of the pool; and

(7) Conduct periodic audits to assure the general accuracy of the financial data submitted to the pool, and the board shall cause the pool to have an annual audit of its operations by an independent certified public accountant.

Sec. 6. RCW 48.41.030 and 1997 c. . . (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2018) s 210 are each amended to read as follows:

HEALTH INSURANCE POOL--DEFINITIONS. As used in this chapter, the following terms have the meaning indicated, unless the context requires otherwise:

(1) "Accounting year" means a twelve-month period determined by the board for purposes of record-keeping and accounting. The first accounting year may be more or less than twelve months and, from time to time in subsequent years, the board may order an accounting year of other than twelve months as may be required for orderly management and accounting of the pool.

(2) "Administrator" means the entity chosen by the board to administer the pool under RCW 48.41.080.

(3) "Board" means the board of directors of the pool.

(4) "Commissioner" means the insurance commissioner.
(5) "Covered Person" means any individual resident of this state who is eligible to receive benefits from any member, or other health plan.

(6) "Health care facility" has the same meaning as in RCW 70.38.025.

(7) "Health care provider" means any physician, facility, or health care professional, who is licensed in Washington state and entitled to reimbursement for health care services.

(8) "Health care services" means services for the purpose of preventing, alleviating, curing, or healing human illness or injury.

(9) "Health coverage" means any group or individual disability insurance policy, health care service contract, and health maintenance agreement, except those contracts entered into for the provision of health care services pursuant to Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq. The term does not include short-term care, long-term care, dental, vision, accident, fixed indemnity, disability income contracts, civilian health and medical program for the uniform services (CHAMPUS), 10 U.S.C. 55, limited benefit or credit insurance, coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance, insurance arising out of the worker's compensation or similar law, automobile medical payment insurance, or insurance under which benefits are payable with or without regard to fault and which is statutorily required to be contained in any liability insurance policy or equivalent self-insurance.

(10) "Health plan" means any arrangement by which persons, including dependents or spouses, covered or making application to be covered under this pool, have access to hospital and medical benefits or reimbursement including any group or individual disability insurance policy; health care service contract; health maintenance agreement; uninsured arrangements of group or group-type contracts including employer self-insured, cost-plus, or other benefit methodologies not involving insurance or not governed by Title 48 RCW; coverage under group-type contracts which are not available to the general public and can be obtained only because of connection with a particular organization or group; and coverage by medicare or other governmental benefits. This term includes coverage through "health coverage" as defined under this section, and specifically excludes those types of programs excluded under the definition of "health coverage" as defined under subsection (9) of this section.

(11) "Medical assistance" means coverage under Title XIX of the federal Social Security Act (42 U.S.C., Sec. 1396 et seq.) and chapter 74.09 RCW.

(12) "Medicare" means coverage under Title XVIII of the Social Security Act, (42 U.S.C. Sec. 1395 et seq., as amended).

(13) "Member" means any commercial insurer which provides disability insurance, any health care service contractor, and any health maintenance organization licensed under Title 48 RCW. "Member" shall also mean, as soon as authorized by federal law, employers and other entities, including a self-funding entity and employee welfare benefit plans that provide health plan benefits in this state on or after May 18, 1987. "Member" does not include any insurer, health care service contractor, or health maintenance organization whose products are exclusively dental products or those products excluded from the definition of "health coverage" set forth in subsection (9) of this section.

(14) "Network provider" means a health care provider who has contracted in writing with the pool administrator to accept payment from and to look solely to the pool according to the terms of the pool health plans.

(15) "Plan of operation" means the pool, including articles, by-laws, and operating rules, adopted by the board pursuant to RCW 48.41.050.

(16) "Point of service plan" means a benefit plan offered by the pool under which a covered person may elect to receive covered services from network providers, or nonnetwork providers at a reduced rate of benefits.

(17) "Pool" means the Washington state health insurance pool as created in RCW 48.41.040.

(18) "Substantially equivalent health plan" means a "health plan" as defined in subsection (10) of this section which, in the judgment of the board or the administrator, offers persons including dependents or spouses covered or making application to be covered by this pool an overall level of benefits deemed approximately equivalent to the minimum benefits available under this pool.

Sec. 7. RCW 70.47.120 and 1987 1st ex.s. c 5 s 14 are each amended to read as follows:
In addition to the powers and duties specified in RCW 70.47.040 and 70.47.060, the administrator has the power to enter into contracts for the following functions and services:

1. With public or private agencies, to assist the administrator in her or his duties to design or revise the schedule of covered basic health care services, and/or to monitor or evaluate the performance of participating managed health care systems.

2. With public or private agencies, to provide technical or professional assistance to health care providers, particularly public or private nonprofit organizations and providers serving rural areas, who show serious intent and apparent capability to participate in the plan as managed health care systems.

3. With public or private agencies, including health care service contractors registered under RCW 48.44.015, and doing business in the state, for marketing and administrative services in connection with participation of managed health care systems, enrollment of enrollees, billing and collection services to the administrator, and other administrative functions ordinarily performed by health care service contractors, other than insurance. Any activities of a health care service contractor pursuant to a contract with the administrator under this section shall be exempt from the provisions and requirements of Title 48 RCW except that persons appointed or authorized to solicit applications for enrollment in the basic health plan shall comply with chapter 48.17 RCW.

Sec. 8. RCW 70.47.130 and 1994 c 309 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

1. The activities and operations of the Washington basic health plan under this chapter, including those of managed health care systems to the extent of their participation in the plan, are exempt from the provisions and requirements of Title 48 RCW except as provided in RCW 70.47.070 and that the premium and prepayment tax imposed under RCW 48.14.0201 shall apply to amounts paid to a managed health care system by the basic health plan for participating in the basic health plan and providing health care services for nonsubsidized enrollees in the basic health plan except:

   a. Benefits as provided in RCW 70.47.070;

   b. Persons appointed or authorized to solicit applications for enrollment in the basic health plan, including employees of the health care authority, must comply with chapter 48.17 RCW. For purposes of this subsection (1)(b), "solicit" does not include distributing information and applications for the basic health plan and responding to questions; and

   c. Amounts paid to a managed health care system by the basic health plan for participating in the basic health plan and providing health care services for nonsubsidized enrollees in the basic health plan must comply with RCW 48.14.0201.

2. The purpose of the 1994 amendatory language to this section in chapter 309, Laws of 1994 is to clarify the intent of the legislature that premiums paid on behalf of nonsubsidized enrollees in the basic health plan are subject to the premium and prepayment tax. The legislature does not consider this clarifying language to either raise existing taxes nor to impose a tax that did not exist previously.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. Sections 1 and 2 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and take effect July 1, 1997."

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "plan;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 70.47.015, 48.43.025, 48.43.035, 48.41.060, 48.41.030, 70.47.120, and 70.47.130; reenacting and amending RCW 70.47.060; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee recommendation on Substitute House Bill No. 2279, and advanced the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2279 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representative Huff spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Murray spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute House Bill No. 2279 as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 56, Nays - 42, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute House Bill No. 2279, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the ninth order of business.

There being no objection, the Committee on Appropriations was relieved of further consideration of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5227, and the bill was advanced to second reading.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the sixth order of business.

SECOND READING

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5227 By Senate Committee on Health & Long-Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Deccio, Franklin, Patterson, Prentice, Benton, Wojahn and Long)

Regulating the sales of nonprofit hospitals.

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the committee amendment by the Committee on Health Care was adopted. (For committee amendments, see Journal, 82nd Day, April 4, 1997.)

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Dyer, Cody, Skinner, Murray and Backlund spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representative Sherstad spoke against passage of the bill.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5227 as amended by the House.
ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Substitute Senate Bill No. 5227 as amended by the House, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 82, Nays - 16, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Substitute Senate Bill No. 5227, as amended by the House, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

STATEMENT FOR THE JOURNAL

I intended to vote NAY on Substitute Senate Bill No. 5227.

BOB SUMP, 7th District

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President of the Senate ruled Section 5 of the Conference Committee Report on SENATE BILL NO. 5034 beyond the scope and object of the bill. The Senate refused to adopt the report of the Conference Committee, returned said report to the committee and requested that the Conference Committee prepare a report conforming to the President’s ruling,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2069,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

2SSB 5127 Date: April 27, 1997

Includes "new item": YES

Mr. Speaker:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5127, providing additional funding for trauma care services, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that all previous amendments not be adopted, the attached amendment (S3354.1) be adopted, and the bill do pass as amended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 70.168 RCW to read as follows: The department shall establish by rule a grant program for designated trauma care services. The grants shall be made from the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account and shall require regional matching funds. The trust account funds and regional match shall be in a seventy-five to twenty-five percent ratio.

Sec. 2. RCW 70.168.040 and 1990 c 269 s 17 are each amended to read as follows: The emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account is hereby created in the state treasury. Moneys shall be transferred to the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account from the public safety education account or other sources as appropriated, and as collected under RCW 46.63.110(6) and section 5 of this act. Disbursements shall be made by the department subject to legislative appropriation. Expenditures may be made only for the purposes of the state trauma care system under this chapter, including emergency medical services, trauma care services, rehabilitative services, and the planning and development of related services under this chapter and for reimbursement by the department of social and health services for trauma care services provided by designated trauma centers.

Sec. 3. RCW 46.63.110 and 1993 c 501 s 11 are each amended to read as follows: (1) A person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed a monetary penalty. No penalty may exceed two hundred and fifty dollars for each offense unless authorized by this chapter or title.

(2) The supreme court shall prescribe by rule a schedule of monetary penalties for designated traffic infractions. This rule shall also specify the conditions under which local courts may exercise discretion in assessing fines and penalties for traffic infractions. The legislature respectfully requests the supreme court to adjust this schedule every two years for inflation.

(3) There shall be a penalty of twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction except where the infraction relates to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution or failure to pay a monetary penalty imposed pursuant to this chapter. A local legislative body may set a monetary penalty not to exceed twenty-five dollars for failure to respond to a notice of traffic infraction relating to parking as defined by local law, ordinance, regulation, or resolution. The local court, whether a municipal, police, or district court, shall impose the monetary penalty set by the local legislative body.

(4) Monetary penalties provided for in chapter 46.70 RCW which are civil in nature and penalties which may be assessed for violations of chapter 46.44 RCW relating to size, weight, and load of motor vehicles are not subject to the limitation on the amount of monetary penalties which may be imposed pursuant to this chapter.

(5) Whenever a monetary penalty is imposed by a court under this chapter it is immediately payable. If the penalty is not paid on or before the time established for payment the court shall notify the department of the failure to pay the penalty, and the department shall suspend the person’s driver’s license or driving privilege until the penalty has been paid and the penalty provided in subsection (3) of this section has been paid.

(6) In addition to any other penalties imposed under this section and not subject to the limitation of subsection (1) of this section, a person found to have committed a traffic infraction shall be assessed a fee of five dollars per infraction. Under no circumstances shall this fee be reduced or waived. Revenue from this fee shall be forwarded to the state treasurer for deposit in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account under RCW 70.168.040.

Sec. 4. RCW 3.62.090 and 1995 c 332 s 7 are each amended to read as follows: (1) There shall be assessed and collected in addition to any fines, forfeitures, or penalties assessed, other than for parking infractions, by all courts organized under Title 3 or 35 RCW a public safety and education assessment equal to sixty percent of such fines, forfeitures, or penalties, which shall be remitted as provided in chapters 3.46, 3.50, 3.62, and 35.20 RCW. The assessment required by this section shall not be suspended or waived by the court.

(2) There shall be assessed and collected in addition to any fines, forfeitures, or penalties assessed, other than for parking infractions and for fines levied under RCW 46.61.5055, and in addition to the public safety and education assessment required under subsection (1) of this section, by
all courts organized under Title 3 or 35 RCW, an additional public safety and education assessment equal to fifty percent of the public safety and education assessment required under subsection (1) of this section, which shall be remitted to the state treasurer and deposited as provided in RCW 43.08.250. The additional assessment required by this subsection shall not be suspended or waived by the court.

(3) This section does not apply to the fee imposed under RCW 43.63.110(6).

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 46.12 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Upon the retail sale or lease of any new or used motor vehicle by a vehicle dealer, the dealer shall collect from the consumer an emergency medical services fee for six dollars and fifty cents, two dollars and fifty cents of which shall be an administrative fee to be retained by the vehicle dealer. The remainder of the fee shall be forwarded with the required title application and all other fees to the department of licensing, or any of its authorized agents. The four-dollar fee collected in this section shall be deposited in the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account created in RCW 70.168.040. The administrative fee charged by a dealer shall not be considered a violation of RCW 46.70.180(2).

(2) If a fee is not imposed under subsection (1) of this section, there is hereby imposed a fee of six dollars and fifty cents at the time of application for (a) an original title or transfer of title issued on any motor vehicle pursuant to this chapter or chapter 46.09 RCW, or (b) an original transaction or transfer of ownership transaction of a vehicle under chapter 46.10 RCW. The department of licensing or any of its authorized agents shall collect the fee when processing these transactions. The fee shall be transmitted to the emergency medical services and trauma care system trust account created in RCW 70.168.040.

(3) This section does not apply to a motor vehicle that has been declared a total loss by an insurer or self-insurer unless an application for certificate of ownership or license registration is made to the department of licensing after the declaration of total loss.

Sec. 6. RCW 63.14.010 and 1993 sp.s. c 5 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Goods" means all chattels personal when purchased primarily for personal, family, or household use and not for commercial or business use, but not including money or, except as provided in the next sentence, things in action. The term includes but is not limited to merchandise certificates or coupons, issued by a retail seller, to be used in their face amount in lieu of cash in exchange for goods or services sold by such a seller and goods which, at the time of sale or subsequently, are to be so affixed to real property as to become a part thereof, whether or not severable therefrom;

(2) "Lender credit card" means a card or device under a lender credit card agreement pursuant to which the issuer gives to a cardholder residing in this state the privilege of obtaining credit from the issuer or other persons in purchasing or leasing property or services, obtaining loans, or otherwise, and the issuer of which is not: (a) Principally engaged in the business of selling goods; or (b) a financial institution;

(3) "Lender credit card agreement" means an agreement entered into or performed in this state prescribing the terms of retail installment transactions pursuant to which the issuer may, with the buyer's consent, purchase or acquire one or more retail sellers' indebtedness of the buyer under a sales slip or memorandum evidencing the purchase, lease, loan, or otherwise to be paid in accordance with the agreement. The issuer of a lender credit card agreement shall not be principally engaged in the business of selling goods or be a financial institution;

(4) "Financial institution" means any bank or trust company, mutual savings bank, credit union, or savings and loan association organized pursuant to the laws of any one of the United States of America or the United States of America, or the laws of a foreign country if also qualified to conduct business in any one of the United States of America or pursuant to the laws of the United States of America;

(5) "Services" means work, labor, or services of any kind when purchased primarily for personal, family, or household use and not for commercial or business use whether or not furnished in connection with the delivery, installation, servicing, repair, or improvement of goods and includes repairs, alterations, or improvements upon or in connection with real property, but does not include services for which the price charged is required by law to be determined or approved by or to be filed, subject to approval or disapproval, with the United States or any state, or any department, division, agency, officer, or official of either as in the case of transportation services;
(6) "Retail buyer" or "buyer" means a person who buys or agrees to buy goods or obtain services or agrees to have services rendered or furnished, from a retail seller;
(7) "Retail seller" or "seller" means a person engaged in the business of selling goods or services to retail buyers;
(8) "Retail installment transaction" means any transaction in which a retail buyer purchases goods or services from a retail seller pursuant to a retail installment contract, a retail charge agreement, or a lender credit card agreement, as defined in this section, which provides for a service charge, as defined in this section, and under which the buyer agrees to pay the unpaid balance in one or more installments or which provides for no service charge and under which the buyer agrees to pay the unpaid balance in more than four installments;
(9) "Retail installment contract" or "contract" means a contract, other than a retail charge agreement, a lender credit card agreement, or an instrument reflecting a sale made pursuant thereto, entered into or performed in this state for a retail installment transaction. The term "retail installment contract" may include a chattel mortgage, a conditional sale contract, and a contract in the form of a bailment or a lease if the bailee or lessee contracts to pay as compensation for their use a sum substantially equivalent to or in excess of the value of the goods sold and if it is agreed that the bailee or lessee is bound to become, or for no other or a merely nominal consideration, has the option of becoming the owner of the goods upon full compliance with the provisions of the bailment or lease. The term "retail installment contract" does not include: (a) A "consumer lease," heretofore or hereafter entered into, as defined in RCW 63.10.020; (b) a lease which would constitute such "consumer lease" but for the fact that: (i) It was entered into before April 29, 1983; (ii) the lessee was not a natural person; (iii) the lease was not primarily for personal, family, or household purposes; or (iv) the total contractual obligations exceeded twenty-five thousand dollars; or (c) a lease-purchase agreement under chapter 63.19 RCW;
(10) "Retail charge agreement," "revolving charge agreement," or "charge agreement" means an agreement between a retail buyer and a retail seller that is entered into or performed in this state and that prescribes the terms of retail installment transactions with one or more sellers which may be made thereunder from time to time and under the terms of which a service charge, as defined in this section, is to be computed in relation to the buyer's unpaid balance from time to time;
(11) "Service charge" however denominated or expressed, means the amount which is paid or payable for the privilege of purchasing goods or services to be paid for by the buyer in installments over a period of time. It does not include the amount, if any, charged for insurance premiums, delinquency charges, attorneys' fees, court costs, any vehicle dealer administrative fee under section 5 of this act, or official fees;
(12) "Sale price" means the price for which the seller would have sold or furnished to the buyer, and the buyer would have bought or obtained from the seller, the goods or services which are the subject matter of a retail installment transaction. The sale price may include any taxes, registration and license fees, any vehicle dealer administrative fee, and charges for transferring vehicle titles, delivery, installation, servicing, repairs, alterations, or improvements;
(13) "Official fees" means the amount of the fees prescribed by law and payable to the state, county, or other governmental agency for filing, recording, or otherwise perfecting, and releasing or satisfying, a retained title, lien, or other security interest created by a retail installment transaction;
(14) "Time balance" means the principal balance plus the service charge;
(15) "Principal balance" means the sale price of the goods or services which are the subject matter of a retail installment contract less the amount of the buyer's down payment in money or goods or both, plus the amounts, if any, included therein, if a separate identified charge is made therefor and stated in the contract, for insurance, any vehicle dealer administrative fee, and official fees;
(16) "Person" means an individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, association, or any other group, however organized;
(17) "Rate" means the percentage which, when multiplied times the outstanding balance for each month or other installment period, yields the amount of the service charge for such month or period.

Sec. 7. RCW 63.14.130 and 1992 c 193 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The service charge shall be inclusive of all charges incident to investigating and making the retail installment contract or charge agreement and for the privilege of making the installment payments thereunder and no other fee, expense or charge whatsoever shall be taken, received, reserved or
contracted therefor from the buyer, except for any vehicle dealer administrative fee under section 5 of this act.

(1) The service charge, in a retail installment contract, shall not exceed the dollar amount or rate agreed to by contract and disclosed under RCW 63.14.040(1)(7)(g).

(2) The service charge in a retail charge agreement, revolving charge agreement, lender credit card agreement, or charge agreement, shall not exceed the schedule or rate agreed to by contract and disclosed under RCW 63.14.120(1). If the service charge so computed is less than one dollar for any month, then one dollar may be charged.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. The legislature finds as follows:

Emergency medical services and trauma care are provided to all residents of the state regardless of a person's ability to pay. Historically, hospitals and health care providers have been able to recover some of their financial losses incurred in caring for an uninsured or underinsured person by charging persons able to pay more. In recent years, the health care industry has undergone substantial changes. With the advent of managed health care programs and the adoption of new cost control measures, some hospitals and health care providers assert that it is difficult to shift costs for uninsured and underinsured patients onto insured patients.

In 1990 the legislature established a coordinated trauma care system. Part of the 1990 legislation included funding for a study to determine the extent to which trauma care is uncompensated and undercompensated. This study focused exclusively on trauma care. The legislature finds that, as a prerequisite to determining the amount of state aid that may be necessary to assist health care providers and facilities, it is necessary to examine trauma care losses within the context of a health care provider or facility's total financial operations.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The committees on finance and health care of the house of representatives and the committee on health and long-term care of the senate shall jointly review the rules implementing the grant program established pursuant to section 1 of this act. The committees shall additionally conduct joint work sessions and hearings during 1997 to verify that public funds are being used in a fiscally accountable and efficient fashion that maximizes the availability of quality trauma care services. Representatives of verified ambulance services, designated trauma services, physicians who are active members of a trauma care service team at a designated facility, and the department of health shall present financial information associated with trauma care and administrative costs of the trauma system at these hearings.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. The department of health, in cooperation with the department of social and health services, shall monitor the adequacy of the funding mechanisms created in this act. The department of health shall report to the legislature by December 1998 the extent to which these funds covered the cost of uncompensated care in designated trauma care services in the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. Sections 1 through 8 of this act take effect January 1, 1998."

On page 1, on line 1 of the title, after "services", strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 70.168.040, 46.63.110, 3.62.090, 63.14.010, and 63.14.130; adding a new section to chapter 70.168 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 46.12 RCW; creating new sections; prescribing penalties; and providing an effective date."

There being no objection, the House adopted the conference committee recommendation, and Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127 was placed on final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Carrell, Conway, Cooper, Smith, Mulliken, Kessler, B. Thomas, Kastama, Fisher, Bush and Carrell spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.
Representatives Mitchell and Zellinsky spoke against the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final of Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127, as recommended by the Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 70, Nays - 28, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Second Substitute Senate Bill No. 5127, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

SECOND CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

SB 5034 Date: April 27, 1997

Includes "new item": YES

Mr. Speaker:
Mr. President:

We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred SENATE BILL NO. 5034, changing the definition of "bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization" for gambling statutes, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Conference Committee (see attached S-3284.1/97) be adopted, and

that the bill do pass as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

Sec. 1. RCW 9.46.0209 and 1987 c 4 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
"Bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization," as used in this chapter, means: (1) Any organization duly existing under the provisions of chapters 24.12, 24.20, or 24.28 RCW, any agricultural fair authorized under the provisions of chapters 15.76 or 36.37 RCW, or any nonprofit corporation duly existing under the provisions of chapter 24.03 RCW for charitable, benevolent, eleemosynary, educational, civic, patriotic, political, social, fraternal, athletic or agricultural purposes only, or any nonprofit organization, whether incorporated or otherwise, when found by the commission to be organized and operating for one or more of the aforesaid purposes only, all of which in the opinion of the commission have been organized and are operated primarily for purposes other than the operation of gambling activities authorized under this chapter; or (2) any corporation which has been incorporated under Title 36 U.S.C. and whose principal purposes are to furnish volunteer aid to members of the armed forces of the United States and also to carry on a system of national and international relief and to apply the same in mitigating the sufferings caused by pestilence, famine, fire, floods, and other national calamities and to devise and carry on measures for preventing the same. Such an organization must have been organized and continuously operating for at least twelve calendar months immediately preceding making application for any license to operate a gambling activity, or the operation of any gambling activity authorized by this chapter for which no license is required. It must have not less than ((fifteen)) seven bona fide active members each with the right to an equal vote in the
election of the officers, or board members, if any, who determine the policies of the organization in order to receive a gambling license. An organization must demonstrate to the commission that it has made significant progress toward the accomplishment of the purposes of the organization during the twelve consecutive month period preceding the date of application for a license or license renewal. The fact that contributions to an organization do not qualify for charitable contribution deduction purposes or that the organization is not otherwise exempt from payment of federal income taxes pursuant to the internal revenue code of 1954, as amended, shall constitute prima facie evidence that the organization is not a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization for the purposes of this section.

Any person, association or organization which pays its employees, including members, compensation other than is reasonable therefor under the local prevailing wage scale shall be deemed paying compensation based in part or whole upon receipts relating to gambling activities authorized under this chapter and shall not be a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization for the purposes of this chapter.

**Sec. 2.** RCW 9.46.0205 and 1987 c 4 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) "Bingo," as used in this chapter, means a game (conducted only in the county within which the organization is principally located) in which prizes are awarded on the basis of designated numbers or symbols on a card conforming to numbers or symbols selected at random and in which no cards are sold except at the time and place of (said) the game, (when said) except as authorized by the commission for joint bingo games.

(2) The game (thereof) shall be conducted only by:

(a) A bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization which does not conduct or allow its premises to be used for conducting bingo on more than three occasions per week and which does not conduct bingo in any location which is used for conducting bingo on more than three occasions per week of said game; or (if)

(b) An agricultural fair authorized under chapters 15.76 and 36.37 RCW, which does not conduct bingo on more than twelve consecutive days in any calendar year of said game.

(3) Except in the case of any agricultural fair as authorized under chapters 15.76 and 36.37 RCW, no person other than a bona fide member or an employee of (said) the organization (takes) may take any part in the management or operation of (said) the game unless approved by the commission, and no person who takes any part in the management or operation of (said) the game (takes) may take any part in the management or operation of any game conducted by any other organization or any other branch of the same organization (unless approved by the commission of said game).

(4) No part of the proceeds (thereof) from a bingo game may inure to the benefit of any person other than the organization conducting (said) the game.

(5) A bingo game must be conducted only in the county where the sponsoring organization is principally located, except as authorized by the commission for joint bingo games. For the purposes of this section, the organization shall be deemed to be principally located in the county within which it has its primary business office. If the organization has no business office, the organization shall be deemed to be located in the county of principal residence of its chief executive officer (provided). Any organization which is conducting any licensed and established bingo game in any locale as of January 1, 1981, shall be exempt from the requirement that such game be conducted in the county in which the organization is principally located.

(6) The commission may authorize joint bingo games conducted by two or more bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations if the prizes are pooled and the games are conducted during each organization's normal period of operation. The commission may adopt rules for the operation, management, and location of the games.

**Sec. 3.** RCW 9.46.120 and 1987 c 4 s 40 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except in the case of an agricultural fair as authorized under chapters 15.76 and 36.37 RCW, no person other than a member of a bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization (and their employees) or any other person, association or organization (and their employees) approved by the commission, shall take any part in the management or operation of any gambling activity authorized under this chapter (unless) unless approved by the commission. No person who takes any part in the management or operation of any such gambling activity shall take any part in the management or operation of any gambling activity conducted by any other organization or any other branch of the same
organization) unless approved by the commission. No part of the proceeds of the activity shall inure to the benefit of any person other than the organization conducting such gambling activities or if such gambling activities be for the charitable benefit of any specific persons designated in the application for a license, then only for such specific persons as so designated.

(2) No bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization or any other person, association or organization shall conduct any gambling activity authorized under this chapter in any leased premises if rental for such premises is unreasonable or to be paid, wholly or partly, on the basis of a percentage of the receipts or profits derived from such gambling activity.

**Sec. 4.** RCW 9.46.110 and 1994 c 301 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislative authority of any county, city-county, city, or town, by local law and ordinance, and in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and rules promulgated hereunder adopted under this chapter, may provide for the taxing of any gambling activity authorized by this chapter within its jurisdiction, the tax receipts to go to the county, city-county, city, or town so taxing the activity. Any such tax imposed by a county alone shall not apply to any gambling activity within a county or town located therein in the county but the tax rate established by a county, if any, shall constitute the tax rate throughout the unincorporated areas of such county.

(2) The operation of punch boards and pull-tabs are subject to the following conditions:

(a) Chances may only be sold to adults, which shall have a fifty cent limit on a single chance thereon, shall be taxed on a basis which shall reflect only the gross receipts from such punch boards and pull-tabs and shall not exceed twenty dollars in cash or merchandise prizes, with a value over twenty dollars, must be removed immediately from the information flare when won, or such omission shall be deemed a fraud for the purposes of this chapter; and (b) The price of a single chance may not exceed one dollar.

(c) No punch board or pull-tab license may award as a prize upon a winning number or symbol being drawn the opportunity of taking a chance upon any other punch board or pull-tab; (d) All prizes (for punch boards and pull-tabs) available to be won must be described on an information flare. All merchandise prizes must be on display within the immediate area of the premises in which any such punch board or pull-tab is located. Upon a winning number or symbol being drawn, a merchandise prize must be immediately removed from the display and awarded to the winner. All references to cash or merchandise prizes, with a value over twenty dollars, must be removed immediately from the information flare when won, or such omission shall be deemed a fraud for the purposes of this chapter; and (e) When any person wins money or merchandise from any punch board or pull-tab over an amount determined by the commission, every licensee shall keep a public record of the award for at least ninety days containing such information as the commission shall deem necessary.

(3) Taxation of amusement games shall only be in an amount sufficient to pay the actual costs of enforcement of the provisions of this chapter by the county, city or town law enforcement agency and in no event shall such taxation exceed two percent of the gross receipts from the amusement game less the amount awarded as prizes.

(a) Taxation of bingo and raffles shall never be in an amount greater than ten percent of the gross receipts from bingo or raffle games.

(b) No tax shall be imposed under the authority of this chapter on bingo or amusement games when such activities or any combination thereof are conducted by any bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization as defined in this chapter, which organization has paid operating or management personnel and has gross receipts from bingo or amusement games, or a combination thereof, not exceeding five thousand dollars per year, less the amount awarded as cash or merchandise prizes.

(c) No tax shall be imposed on the first ten thousand dollars of gross receipts less the amount awarded as cash or merchandise prizes from raffles conducted by any bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization as defined in this chapter.

(d) No tax shall be imposed on the first ten thousand dollars of gross receipts less the amount awarded as cash or merchandise prizes from raffles conducted by any bona fide charitable or nonprofit organization as defined in this chapter.

(e) Taxation of punch boards and pull-tabs for bona fide charitable or nonprofit organizations is based on gross receipts from the operation of the games less the amount awarded as cash or merchandise prizes, and shall not exceed (five) a rate of ten percent of (gross receipts, nor shall). At the option of the county, city-county, city, or town, the taxation of punch boards and pull-tabs for
commercial stimulant operators may be based on gross receipts from the operation of the games, and
may not exceed a rate of five percent, or may be based on gross receipts from the operation of the
games less the amount awarded as cash or merchandise prizes, and may not exceed a rate of ten
percent.

(f) Taxation of social card games may not exceed twenty percent of the gross revenue from
such games.

(4) Taxes imposed under this chapter become a lien upon personal and real property used in the
gambling activity in the same manner as provided for under RCW 84.60.010. The lien shall attach on
the date the tax becomes due and shall relate Backlund and have priority against real and personal
property to the same extent as ad valorem taxes.

On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "gambling;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "and
amending RCW 9.46.0209, 9.46.0205, 9.46.120, and 9.46.110."

and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House adopted the Second Conference Committee
recommendation and Senate Bill No. 5034 was placed on final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF SENATE BILL
AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Senate Bill No. 5034 as
recommended by the Second Conference Committee.

Representatives McMorris and Conway spoke in favor of the passage of Senate Bill No. 5034.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Senate Bill No. 5034, as recommended by the
Second Conference Committee and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 93, Nays -
5, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.

Voting yea: Representatives Alexander, Anderson, Appelwick, Backlund, Ballasiotes, Benson,
Blalock, Boldt, Buck, Butler, Cairnes, Carlson, Carrell, Chandler, Chopp, Clements, Cody, Cole,
Constantine, Cooke, Cooper, Costa, Crouse, DeBolt, Delvin, Dickerson, Doumit, Dunn, DunShee,
Dyer, Fisher, Gardner, Gombosky, Grant, Hankins, Hatfield, Hickel, Honeyford, Huff, Johnson,
Kastama, Keiser, Kenney, Kessler, Koster, Lantz, Linville, Lisk, Mason, Martin, McMorris, Mielke,
Mitchell, Morris, Mulliken, Murray, O’Brien, Ogden, Parlette, Pennington, Poulsen, Quall, Radcliff,
Reams, Regala, Robertson, Romero, Schmidt, D., Schmidt, K., Schoesler, Scott, Sehlin, Sheahan,
Sheldon, Sherstad, Skinner, Sommers, D., Sommers, H., Sterk, Sullivan, Sump, Talcott, Thomas, B.,
Thomas, L., Thompson, Tokuda, Van Luven, Veloria, Wensman, Wolfe, Wood, Zellinsky and Mr.
Speaker - 93.

Voting nay: Representatives Bush, Conway, Lambert, McDonald and Smith - 5.

Senate Bill No. 5034, as recommended by the Second Conference Committee, having received
the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the report of the Conference Committee on SECOND SUBSTITUTE
SENATE BILL NO. 5127, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee,

and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
The Speaker announced he was signing:

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2054,

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

On motion, the Conference Committee was relieved of further consideration on SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1201. The Senate insists on its position regarding the Senate amendments, and again asks the House to concur therein, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House concurred in the Senate amendments to Second Substitute House Bill 1201, and passed the bill to final passage.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201 as amended by the Senate.

Representatives Buck, Alexander, DeBolt, Mastin, Smith and Pennington spoke in favor of passage of the bill.

Representatives Doumit, Kessler, Hatfield, Cooper, Conway, Morris and Dunsee spoke against passage of the bill.

There being no objection, the House deferred further consideration of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201 and the bill held its place.

The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2069, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2279, SECOND SUBSTITUTE ENGROSSED BILL NO. 5740, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6061,

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
April 27, 1997

The Senate has adopted the Second Report of the Conference Committee on ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1850, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee,

SECOND CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT
E2SHB 1850 April 26, 1997

Includes "NEW ITEM": YES

Mr. President:
Mr. Speaker:
We of your CONFERENCE COMMITTEE, to whom was referred ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1850, long-term care services, have had the same under consideration and we recommend that:

All previous amendments not be adopted, and the striking amendment by the Second Conference Committee (see attached 1850-S2.E AMC CONF H-3358.1) be adopted, and

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

"PART I

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. This act shall be known and may be cited as the Clara act.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. FINDINGS AND INTENT. The legislature finds and declares that the state’s current fragmented categorical system for administering services to persons with disabilities and the elderly is not client and family-centered and has created significant organizational barriers to providing high quality, safe, and effective care and support. The present fragmented system results in uncoordinated enforcement of regulations designed to protect the health and safety of disabled persons, lacks accountability due to the absence of management information systems' client tracking data, and perpetuates difficulty in matching client needs and services to multiple categorical funding sources.

The legislature further finds that Washington’s chronically functionally disabled population of all ages is growing at a rapid pace due to a population of the very old and increased incidence of disability due in large measure to technological improvements in acute care causing people to live longer. Further, to meet the significant and growing long-term care needs into the near future, rapid, fundamental changes must take place in the way we finance, organize, and provide long-term care services to the chronically functionally disabled.

The legislature further finds that the public demands that long-term care services be safe, client and family-centered, and designed to encourage individual dignity, autonomy, and development of the fullest human potential at home or in other residential settings, whenever practicable.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 103. A new section is added to chapter 74.39A RCW to read as follows:

DEFINITIONS. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Adult family home" means a home licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW.

(2) "Adult residential care" means services provided by a boarding home that is licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW and that has a contract with the department under RCW 74.39A.020.

(3) "Assisted living services" means services provided by a boarding home that has a contract with the department under RCW 74.39A.010 and the resident is housed in a private apartment-like unit.

(4) "Boarding home" means a facility licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW.

(5) "Cost-effective care" means care provided in a setting of an individual's choice that is necessary to promote the most appropriate level of physical, mental, and psychosocial well-being consistent with client choice, in an environment that is appropriate to the care and safety needs of the individual, and such care cannot be provided at a lower cost in any other setting. But this in no way precludes an individual from choosing a different residential setting to achieve his or her desired quality of life.

(6) "Department" means the department of social and health services.

(7) "Enhanced adult residential care" means services provided by a boarding home that is licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW and that has a contract with the department under RCW 74.39A.010.

(8) "Functionally disabled person" is synonymous with chronic functionally disabled and means a person who because of a recognized chronic physical or mental condition or disease, including chemical dependency, is impaired to the extent of being dependent upon others for direct care, support, supervision, or monitoring to perform activities of daily living. "Activities of daily living", in this context, means self-care abilities related to personal care such as bathing, eating, using the toilet,
dressing, and transfer. Instrumental activities of daily living may also be used to assess a person's functional abilities as they are related to the mental capacity to perform activities in the home and the community such as cooking, shopping, house cleaning, doing laundry, working, and managing personal finances.

(9) "Home and community services" means adult family homes, in-home services, and other services administered or provided by contract by the department directly or through contract with area agencies on aging or similar services provided by facilities and agencies licensed by the department.

(10) "Long-term care" is synonymous with chronic care and means care and supports delivered indefinitely, intermittently, or over a sustained time to persons of any age disabled by chronic mental or physical illness, disease, chemical dependency, or a medical condition that is permanent, not reversible or curable, or is long-lasting and severely limits their mental or physical capacity for self-care. The use of this definition is not intended to expand the scope of services, care, or assistance by any individuals, groups, residential care settings, or professions unless otherwise expressed by law.

(11) "Nursing home" means a facility licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW.

(12) "Secretary" means the secretary of social and health services.

(13) "Tribally licensed boarding home" means a boarding home licensed by a federally recognized Indian tribe which home provides services similar to boarding homes licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON LONG-TERM CARE OVERSIGHT. (1) There is created a joint legislative committee on long-term care oversight. The committee shall consist of: (a) Four members of the senate appointed by the president of the senate, two of whom shall be members of the majority party and two of whom shall be members of the minority party; and (b) four members of the house of representatives, two of whom shall be members of the majority party and two of whom shall be members of the minority party.

(2) The committee shall elect a chair and vice-chair. The chair shall be a member of the senate in even-numbered years and a member of the house of representatives in odd-numbered years. The vice-chair shall be a member of the senate in odd-numbered years and a member of the house of representatives in even-numbered years.

(3) The committee shall:

(a) Review the need for reorganization and reform of long-term care administration and service delivery;

(b) Review all quality standards developed, revised, and enforced by the department;

(c) In cooperation with the department of social and health services, develop suggestions to simplify, reduce, or eliminate unnecessary rules, procedures, and burdensome paperwork that prove to be barriers to providing effective coordination or high quality direct services;

(d) Suggest methods of cost-efficiencies that can be used to reallocate funds to unmet needs in direct services;

(e) List all nonmeans tested programs and activities funded by the federal older Americans act and state funded senior citizens act or other such state funded programs and recommend how to integrate such services into existing long-term care programs for the functionally disabled;

(f) Suggest methods to establish a single point of entry for service eligibility and delivery for functionally disabled persons;

(g) Evaluate the need for long-term care training and review all long-term care training and education programs conducted by the department and suggest modifications to improve the training system;

(h) Describe current facilities and services that provide long-term care to all types of chronically disabled individuals in the state including Revised Code of Washington requirements, Washington Administrative Code rules, allowable occupancy, typical clientele, discharge practices, agency oversight, rates, eligibility requirements, entry process, social and health services and other services provided, staffing standards, and physical plant standards;

(i) Determine the extent to which the current long-term care system meets the health and safety needs of the state's long-term care population and is appropriate for the specific and identified needs of the residents in all settings;

(j) Assess the adequacy of the discharge and referral process in protecting the health and safety of long-term care clients;
(k) Determine the extent to which training and supervision of direct care staff are adequate to ensure safety and appropriate care;

(l) Identify opportunities for consolidation between categories of care; and

(m) Determine if payment rates are adequate to cover the varying costs of clients with different levels of need.

PART II
QUALITY STANDARDS AND COMPLAINT ENFORCEMENT

NEW SECTION, Sec. 201. A new section is added to chapter 70.124 RCW to read as follows:

(1) An employee who is a whistleblower and who as a result of being a whistleblower has been subjected to workplace reprisal or retaliatory action, has the remedies provided under chapter 49.60 RCW, RCW 4.24.500 through 4.24.520, providing certain protection to persons who communicate to government agencies, apply to complaints made under this section. The identity of a whistleblower who complains, in good faith, to the department about suspected abuse, neglect, financial exploitation, or abandonment by any person in a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home may remain confidential if requested. The identity of the whistleblower shall subsequently remain confidential unless the department determines that the complaint was not made in good faith.

(2)(a) An attempt to discharge a resident from a nursing home, state hospital, adult family home, or any type of discriminatory treatment of a resident by whom, or upon whose behalf, a complaint substantiated by the department has been submitted to the department or any proceeding instituted under or related to this chapter within one year of the filing of the complaint or the institution of the action, raises a rebuttable presumption that the action was in retaliation for the filing of the complaint.

(b) The presumption is rebutted by credible evidence establishing the alleged retaliatory action was initiated prior to the complaint.

(c) The presumption is rebutted by a functional assessment conducted by the department that shows that the resident’s needs cannot be met by the reasonable accommodations of the facility due to the increased needs of the resident.

(3) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Whistleblower" means a resident or employee of a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home, or any person licensed under Title 18 RCW, who in good faith reports alleged abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment to the department or to a law enforcement agency;

(b) "Workplace reprisal or retaliatory action" means, but is not limited to: Denial of adequate staff to perform duties; frequent staff changes; frequent and undesirable office changes; refusal to assign meaningful work; unwarranted and unsubstantiated report of misconduct under Title 18 RCW; letters of reprimand or unsatisfactory performance evaluations; demotion; denial of employment; or a supervisor or superior encouraging coworkers to behave in a hostile manner toward the whistleblower; and

(c) "Reasonable accommodation" by a facility to the needs of a prospective or current resident has the meaning given to this term under the federal Americans with disabilities act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq. and other applicable federal or state antidiscrimination laws and regulations.

(4) This section does not prohibit a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home from exercising its authority to terminate, suspend, or discipline an employee who engages in workplace reprisal or retaliatory action against a whistleblower. The protections provided to whistleblowers under this chapter shall not prevent a nursing home, state hospital, or adult family home from: (a) Terminating, suspending, or disciplining a whistleblower for other lawful purposes; or (b) for facilities with six or fewer residents, reducing the hours of employment or terminating employment as a result of the demonstrated inability to meet payroll requirements. The department shall determine if the facility cannot meet payroll in cases where a whistleblower has been terminated or had hours of employment reduced due to the inability of a facility to meet payroll.

(5) The department shall adopt rules to implement procedures for filing, investigation, and resolution of whistleblower complaints that are integrated with complaint procedures under this chapter.

(6) No frail elder or vulnerable person who relies upon and is being provided spiritual treatment in lieu of medical treatment in accordance with the tenets and practices of a well-recognized religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered abandoned, abused, or neglected, nor
shall anything in this chapter be construed to authorize, permit, or require medical treatment contrary to the stated or clearly implied objection of such a person.

(7) The department shall adopt rules designed to discourage whistleblower complaints made in bad faith or for retaliatory purposes.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 202. A new section is added to chapter 74.34 RCW to read as follows:

(1) An employee or contractor who is a whistleblower and who as a result of being a whistleblower has been subjected to workplace reprisal or retaliatory action, has the remedies provided under chapter 49.60 RCW. RCW 4.24.500 through 4.24.520, providing certain protection to persons who communicate to government agencies, apply to complaints made under this section. The identity of a whistleblower who complains, in good faith, to the department about suspected abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment by any person in a boarding home licensed or required to be licensed pursuant to chapter 18.20 RCW or a veterans' home pursuant to chapter 72.36 RCW or care provided in a boarding home or a veterans' home by any person associated with a hospice, home care, or home health agency licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW or other in-home provider may remain confidential if requested. The identity of the whistleblower shall subsequently remain confidential unless the department determines that the complaint was not made in good faith.

(2)(a) An attempt to expel a resident from a boarding home or veterans' home, or any type of discriminatory treatment of a resident who is a consumer of hospice, home health, home care services, or other in-home services by whom, or upon whose behalf, a complaint substantiated by the department or the department of health has been submitted to the department or any proceeding instituted under or related to this chapter within one year of the filing of the complaint or the institution of the action, raises a rebuttable presumption that the action was in retaliation for the filing of the complaint.

(b) The presumption is rebutted by credible evidence establishing the alleged retaliatory action was initiated prior to the complaint.

(c) The presumption is rebutted by a functional assessment conducted by the department that shows that the resident or consumer's needs cannot be met by the reasonable accommodations of the facility due to the increased needs of the resident.

(3) For the purposes of this section:

(a) "Whistleblower" means a resident or a person with a mandatory duty to report under this chapter, or any person licensed under Title 18 RCW, who in good faith reports alleged abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment to the department, or the department of health, or to a law enforcement agency;

(b) "Workplace reprisal or retaliatory action" means, but is not limited to: Denial of adequate staff to perform duties; frequent staff changes; frequent and undesirable office changes; refusal to assign meaningful work; unwarranted and unsubstantiated report of misconduct under Title 18 RCW; letters of reprimand or unsatisfactory performance evaluations; demotion; denial of employment; or a supervisor or superior encouraging coworkers to behave in a hostile manner toward the whistleblower.

The protections provided to whistleblowers under this chapter shall not prevent a nursing home, state hospital, boarding home, or adult family home from: (i) Terminating, suspending, or disciplining a whistleblower for other lawful purposes; or (ii) for facilities licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW, reducing the hours of employment or terminating employment as a result of the demonstrated inability to meet payroll requirements. The department shall determine if the facility cannot meet payroll in cases in which a whistleblower has been terminated or had hours of employment reduced because of the inability of a facility to meet payroll; and

(c) "Reasonable accommodation" by a facility to the needs of a prospective or current resident has the meaning given to this term under the federal Americans with disabilities act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq. and other applicable federal or state antidiscrimination laws and regulations.

(4) This section does not prohibit a boarding home or veterans' home from exercising its authority to terminate, suspend, or discipline any employee who engages in workplace reprisal or retaliatory action against a whistleblower.

(5) The department shall adopt rules to implement procedures for filing, investigation, and resolution of whistleblower complaints that are integrated with complaint procedures under this chapter.

(6) No frail elder or vulnerable person who relies upon and is being provided spiritual treatment in lieu of medical treatment in accordance with the tenets and practices of a well-recognized religious denomination shall for that reason alone be considered abandoned, abused, or neglected, nor
shall anything in this chapter be construed to authorize, permit, or require medical treatment contrary to the stated or clearly implied objection of such a person.

(7) The department, and the department of health for facilities, agencies, or individuals it regulates, shall adopt rules designed to discourage whistleblower complaints made in bad faith or for retaliatory purposes.

Sec. 203. RCW 70.129.010 and 1994 c 214 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Department" means the department of state government responsible for licensing the provider in question.

(2) "Facility" means a long-term care facility.

(3) "Long-term care facility" means a facility that is licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 18.20, 72.36, or 70.128 RCW.

(4) "Resident" means the individual receiving services in a long-term care facility, that resident’s attorney in fact, guardian, or other legal representative acting within the scope of their authority.

(5) "Physical restraint" means a manual method, obstacle, or physical or mechanical device, material, or equipment attached or adjacent to the resident’s body that restricts freedom of movement or access to his or her body and is used for discipline or convenience and not required to treat the resident’s medical symptoms.

(6) "Chemical restraint" means a psychopharmacologic drug that is used for discipline or convenience and not required to treat the resident’s medical symptoms.

(7) "Representative" means a person appointed under RCW 7.70.065.

(8) "Reasonable accommodation" by a facility to the needs of a prospective or current resident has the meaning given to this term under the federal Americans with disabilities act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq. and other applicable federal or state antidiscrimination laws and regulations.

Sec. 204. RCW 70.129.030 and 1994 c 214 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The facility must inform the resident both orally and in writing in a language that the resident understands of his or her rights and all rules and regulations governing resident conduct and responsibilities during the stay in the facility. The notification must be made prior to or upon admission. Receipt of the information must be acknowledged in writing.

(2) The resident or his or her legal representative has the right:

(a) Upon an oral or written request, to access all records pertaining to himself or herself including clinical records within twenty-four hours; and

(b) After receipt of his or her records for inspection, to purchase at a cost not to exceed the community standard photocopies of the records or portions of them upon request and two working days' advance notice to the facility.

(3) The facility shall only admit or retain individuals whose needs it can safely and appropriately serve in the facility with appropriate available staff or through the provision of reasonable accommodations as required by state or federal law. Except in cases of emergency, facilities shall not admit an individual before obtaining a comprehensive assessment of the resident’s needs and preferences, unless unavailable despite the best efforts of the facility and other interested parties. The assessment shall contain, within existing department funds, the following information: Recent medical history; necessary and prohibited medications; a medical professional’s diagnosis; significant known behaviors or symptoms that may cause concern or require special care; mental illness except where protected by confidentiality laws; level of personal care needs; activities and service preferences; and preferences regarding issues important to the potential resident, such as food and daily routine. The facility must inform each resident in writing in a language the resident or his or her representative understands before or at the time of admission, and at least once every twenty-four months thereafter, of: (a) Services, items, and activities customarily available in the facility or arranged for by the facility; (b) charges for those services, items, and activities including charges for services, items, and activities not covered by the facility’s per diem rate or applicable public benefit programs; and (c) the rules of facility operations required under RCW 70.129.140(2). Each resident and his or her representative must be informed in writing in advance of changes in the availability or the charges for services, items, or activities, or of changes in the facility’s rules. Except in unusual circumstances,
thirty days’ advance notice must be given prior to the change. However, for facilities licensed for six or fewer residents, if there has been a substantial and continuing change in the resident’s condition necessitating substantially greater or lesser services, items, or activities, then the charges for those services, items, or activities may be changed upon fourteen days advance written notice.

(4) The facility must furnish a written description of residents rights that includes:
(a) A description of the manner of protecting personal funds, under RCW 70.129.040;
(b) A posting of names, addresses, and telephone numbers of the state survey and certification agency, the state licensure office, the state ombudsmen program, and the protection and advocacy systems; and
(c) A statement that the resident may file a complaint with the appropriate state licensing agency concerning resident abuse, neglect, and misappropriation of resident property in the facility.

(5) Notification of changes.
(a) A facility must immediately consult with the resident’s physician, and if known, make reasonable efforts to notify the resident’s legal representative or an interested family member when there is:
(i) An accident involving the resident which requires or has the potential for requiring physician intervention;
(ii) A significant change in the resident’s physical, mental, or psychosocial status (i.e., a deterioration in health, mental, or psychosocial status in either life-threatening conditions or clinical complications).
(b) The facility must promptly notify the resident or the resident’s representative shall make reasonable efforts to notify an interested family member, if known, when there is:
(i) A change in room or roommate assignment; or
(ii) A decision to transfer or discharge the resident from the facility.
(c) The facility must record and update the address and phone number of the resident’s representative or interested family member, upon receipt of notice from them.

(6) This section applies to long-term care facilities covered under this chapter.

Sec. 205. RCW 70.129.110 and 1994 c 214 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The facility must permit each resident to remain in the facility, and not transfer or discharge the resident from the facility unless:
(a) The transfer or discharge is necessary for the resident’s welfare and the resident’s needs cannot be met in the facility;
(b) The safety of individuals in the facility is endangered;
(c) The health of individuals in the facility would otherwise be endangered;
(d) The resident has failed to make the required payment for his or her stay; or
(e) The facility ceases to operate.

(2) All long-term care facilities shall fully disclose to potential residents or their legal representative the service capabilities of the facility prior to admission to the facility. If the care needs of the applicant who is medicaid eligible are in excess of the facility’s service capabilities, the department shall identify other care settings or residential care options consistent with federal law.

(3) Before a long-term care facility transfers or discharges a resident, the facility must:
(a) First attempt through reasonable accommodations to avoid the transfer or discharge, unless agreed to by the resident;
(b) Notify the resident and representative and make a reasonable effort to notify, if known, an interested family member of the transfer or discharge and the reasons for the move in writing and in a language and manner they understand;
(c) Record the reasons in the resident’s record; and
(d) Include in the notice the items described in subsection ((4)) (5) of this section.

((4))) (4) (a) Except when specified in this subsection, the notice of transfer (or of discharge) required under subsection ((2)) (3) of this section must be made by the facility at least thirty days before the resident is transferred or discharged.

(b) Notice may be made as soon as practicable before transfer or discharge when:
(i) The safety of individuals in the facility would be endangered;
(ii) The health of individuals in the facility would be endangered;
(iii) An immediate transfer or discharge is required by the resident’s urgent medical needs; or
(iv) A resident has not resided in the facility for thirty days.
(((4))) (5) The written notice specified in subsection (((2))) (3) of this section must include the following:
(a) The reason for transfer or discharge;
(b) The effective date of transfer or discharge;
(c) The location to which the resident is transferred or discharged;
(d) The name, address, and telephone number of the state long-term care ombudsman;
(e) For residents with developmental disabilities, the mailing address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the protection and advocacy of developmentally disabled individuals established under part C of the developmental disabilities assistance and bill of rights act; and
(f) For residents who are mentally ill, the mailing address and telephone number of the agency responsible for the protection and advocacy of mentally ill individuals established under the protection and advocacy for mentally ill individuals act.

(((5))) (6) A facility must provide sufficient preparation and orientation to residents to ensure safe and orderly transfer or discharge from the facility.

(((6))) (7) A resident discharged in violation of this section has the right to be readmitted immediately upon the first availability of a gender-appropriate bed in the facility.

Sec. 206. RCW 70.129.150 and 1994 c 214 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) Prior to admission, all long-term care facilities or nursing facilities licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW that require payment of an admissions fee, deposit, or a minimum stay fee, by or on behalf of a person seeking (((admissions [admission])) admission to the long-term care facility or nursing facility, shall provide the resident, or his or her representative, full disclosure in writing (((of the long-term care facility or nursing facility’s schedule of charges for items and services provided by the facility and)) in a language the resident or his or her representative understands, a statement of the amount of any admissions fees, deposits, prepaid charges, or minimum stay fees. The facility shall also disclose to the person, or his or her representative, the facility’s advance notice or transfer requirements, prior to admission. In addition, the long-term care facility or nursing facility shall also fully disclose in writing prior to admission what portion of the deposits, admissions fees, prepaid charges, or minimum stay fees will be refunded to the resident or his or her representative if the resident leaves the long-term care facility or nursing facility. Receipt of the disclosures required under this subsection must be acknowledged in writing. If the facility does not provide these disclosures, the deposits, admissions fees, prepaid charges, or minimum stay fees may not be kept by the facility. If a resident((during the first thirty days of residence.)) dies or is hospitalized or is transferred to another facility for more appropriate care and does not return to the original facility, the facility shall refund any deposit or charges already paid less the facility’s per diem rate for the days the resident actually resided or reserved or retained a bed in the facility notwithstanding any minimum stay policy or discharge notice requirements, except that the facility may retain an additional amount to cover its reasonable, actual expenses incurred as a result of a private-pay resident’s move, not to exceed five days’ per diem charges, unless the resident has given advance notice in compliance with the admission agreement. All long-term care facilities or nursing facilities covered under this section are required to refund any and all refunds due the resident or ((their)) his or her representative within thirty days from the resident’s date of discharge from the facility. Nothing in this section applies to provisions in contracts negotiated between a nursing facility or long-term care facility and a certified health plan, health or disability insurer, health maintenance organization, managed care organization, or similar entities.
(2) Where a long-term care facility or nursing facility requires the execution of an admission contract by or on behalf of an individual seeking admission to the facility, the terms of the contract shall be consistent with the requirements of this section, and the terms of an admission contract by a long-term care facility shall be consistent with the requirements of this chapter.

Sec. 207. RCW 74.39A.030 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) To the extent of available funding, the department shall expand cost-effective options for home and community services for consumers for whom the state participates in the cost of their care.
(2) In expanding home and community services, the department shall: (a) Take full advantage of federal funding available under Title XVIII and Title XIX of the federal social security act, including home health, adult day care, waiver options, and state plan services; and (b) be authorized to use funds available under its community options program entry system waiver granted under section
1915(c) of the federal social security act to expand the availability of in-home, adult residential care, adult family homes, enhanced adult residential care, and assisted living services. By June 30, 1997, the department shall undertake to reduce the nursing home medicaid census by at least one thousand six hundred by assisting individuals who would otherwise require nursing facility services to obtain services of their choice, including assisted living services, enhanced adult residential care, and other home and community services. The department shall make reasonable efforts to contract for at least one hundred eighty state clients who would otherwise be served in nursing facilities or in assisted living to instead be served in enhanced adult residential care settings by June 30, 1999. If a resident, or his or her legal representative, objects to a discharge decision initiated by the department, the resident shall not be discharged if the resident has been assessed and determined to require nursing facility services. In contracting with nursing homes and boarding homes for enhanced adult residential care placements, the department shall (a) require, by contract or through other means, structural modifications to existing building construction.

(3)(a) The department shall by rule establish payment rates for home and community services that support the provision of cost-effective care. In contracting with licensed boarding homes for providing additional enhanced adult residential care services for up to one hundred eighty clients pursuant to subsection (2)(b) of this section, the payment rate shall be established at no less than thirty-five and no greater than forty percent of the average state-wide nursing facility medicaid payment rate.

(b) The department may authorize an enhanced adult residential care rate for nursing homes that temporarily or permanently convert their bed use for the purpose of providing enhanced adult residential care under chapter 70.38 RCW, when the department determines that payment of an enhanced rate is cost-effective and necessary to foster expansion of contracted enhanced adult residential care services. As an incentive for nursing homes to permanently convert a portion of its nursing home bed capacity for the purpose of providing enhanced adult residential care, the department may authorize a supplemental add-on to the enhanced adult residential care rate.

(c) The department may authorize a supplemental assisted living services or an enhanced adult residential care services rate for up to four years for facilities that convert from nursing home use and do not retain rights to the converted nursing home beds under chapter 70.38 RCW, if the department determines that payment of a supplemental rate is cost-effective and necessary to foster expansion of contracted assisted living or enhanced adult residential care services.

Sec. 208. RCW 74.39A.040 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 6 are each amended to read as follows:

The department shall work in partnership with hospitals, who choose to participate, in assisting patients and their families to find long-term care services of their choice according to subsections (1) through (4) of this section. The department shall not delay hospital discharges but shall assist and support the activities of hospital discharge planners. The department also shall coordinate with home health and hospice agencies whenever appropriate. The role of the department is to assist the hospital and to assist patients and their families in making informed choices by providing information regarding home and community options to individuals who are hospitalized and likely to need long-term care.

(1) To the extent of available funds, the department shall assess individuals who:

(a) Are medicaid clients, medicaid applicants, or eligible for both medicare and medicaid; and

(b) Apply or are likely to apply for admission to a nursing facility.

(2) For individuals who are reasonably expected to become medicaid recipients within one hundred eighty days of admission to a nursing facility, the department shall, to the extent of available funds, offer an assessment and information regarding appropriate in-home and community services.

(3) When the department finds, based on assessment, that the individual prefers and could live appropriately and cost-effectively at home or in some other community-based setting, the department shall:

(a) Advise the individual that an in-home or other community service is appropriate;

(b) Develop, with the individual or the individual’s representative, a comprehensive community service plan;

(c) Inform the individual regarding the availability of services that could meet the applicant’s needs as set forth in the community service plan and explain the cost to the applicant of the available in-home and community services relative to nursing facility care; and

(d) Discuss and evaluate the need for on-going involvement with the individual or the individual’s representative.
When the department finds, based on assessment, that the individual prefers and needs nursing facility care, the department shall:

(a) Advise the individual that nursing facility care is appropriate and inform the individual of the available nursing facility vacancies;

(b) If appropriate, advise the individual that the stay in the nursing facility may be short term; and

(c) Describe the role of the department in providing nursing facility case management.

All hospitals who choose to not participate with the department according to subsections (1) through (4) of this section shall provide their own hospital long-term care discharge services for patients needing long-term care information or services. The hospital shall advise the individual regarding its recommended discharge placement for individuals requiring posthospital care and shall, consistent with the individual's expressed preferences and in accordance with his or her care needs, identify services, including known costs, available in the community and shall develop with the individual and his or her legal representative a comprehensive community service plan, if in-home or other community service is appropriate and preferred.

Sec. 209. RCW 74.39A.050 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

The department's system of quality improvement for long-term care services shall use the following principles, consistent with applicable federal laws and regulations:

(1) The system shall be client-centered and promote privacy, independence, dignity, choice, and a home or home-like environment for consumers consistent with chapter . . . . Laws of 1997 (this act).

(2) The goal of the system is continuous quality improvement with the focus on consumer satisfaction and outcomes for consumers. This includes that when conducting licensing inspections, the department shall interview an appropriate percentage of residents, family members, resident managers, and advocates in addition to interviewing providers and staff.

(3) Providers should be supported in their efforts to improve quality and address identified problems initially through training, consultation, technical assistance, and case management.

(4) The emphasis should be on problem prevention both in monitoring and in screening potential providers of service.

(5) Monitoring should be outcome based and responsive to consumer complaints and a clear set of health, quality of care, and safety standards that are easily understandable and have been made available to providers.

(6) Providers generally should be assisted in addressing identified problems initially through consultation and technical assistance. Prompt and specific enforcement remedies shall also be implemented without delay, pursuant to RCW 74.39A.080, RCW 70.128.160, chapter 18.51 RCW, or chapter 74.42 RCW, for providers found to have delivered care or failed to deliver care resulting in problems that are serious, recurring, or uncorrected, or that create a hazard that is causing or likely to cause death or serious harm to one or more residents. These enforcement remedies may also include, when appropriate, reasonable conditions on a contract or license. In the selection of remedies, the safety, health, and well-being of residents shall be of paramount importance.

(7) To the extent funding is available, all long-term care staff directly responsible for the care, supervision, or treatment of vulnerable persons should be screened through background checks in a uniform and timely manner to ensure that they do not have a criminal history that would disqualify them from working with vulnerable persons. Whenever a state conviction record check is required by state law, persons may be employed as volunteers or independent contractors on a conditional basis according to law and rules adopted by the department.

(8) No provider or staff, or prospective provider or staff, with a stipulated finding of fact, conclusion of law, an agreed order, or finding of fact, conclusion of law, or final order issued by a disciplining authority, a court of law, or entered into a state registry finding him or her guilty of abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment of a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in chapter 74.34 RCW shall be employed in the care of and have unsupervised access to vulnerable adults.

(9) Under existing funds the department shall establish internally a quality improvement standards committee to monitor the development of standards and to suggest modifications.

(10) Within existing funds, the department shall design, develop, and implement a long-term care training program that is flexible, relevant, and qualifies towards the requirements for a nursing
assistant certificate as established under chapter 18.88A RCW. This subsection does not require completion of the nursing assistant certificate training program by providers or their staff. The long-term care teaching curriculum must consist of a fundamental module, or modules, and a range of other available relevant training modules that provide the caregiver with appropriate options that assist in meeting the resident’s care needs. Some of the training modules may include, but are not limited to, specific training on the special care needs of persons with developmental disabilities, dementia, mental illness, and the care needs of the elderly. No less than one training module must be dedicated to workplace violence prevention. The nursing care quality assurance commission shall work together with the department to develop the curriculum modules and accept some or all of the curriculum modules hour for hour towards meeting the requirements for a nursing assistant certificate as defined in chapter 18.88A RCW. The department may review whether facilities can develop their own related long-term care training programs. The department may develop a review process for determining what previous experience and training may be used to waive some or all of the mandatory training.

Sec. 210. RCW 74.39A.060 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 13 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The aging and adult services administration of the department shall establish and maintain a toll-free telephone number for receiving complaints regarding a facility that the administration licenses or with which it contracts for long-term care services.
(2) All facilities that are licensed by, or that contract with the aging and adult services administration to provide chronic long-term care services shall post in a place and manner clearly visible to residents and visitors the department’s toll-free complaint telephone number and the toll-free number and program description of the long-term care ombudsman as provided by RCW 43.190.050.
(3) The aging and adult services administration shall investigate complaints if the subject of the complaint is within its authority unless the department determines that: (a) The complaint is intended to willfully harass a licensee or employee of the licensee; or (b) there is no reasonable basis for investigating; or (c) corrective action has been taken as determined by the ombudsman or the department.
(4) The aging and adult services administration shall refer complaints to appropriate state agencies, law enforcement agencies, the attorney general, the long-term care ombudsman, or other entities if the department lacks authority to investigate or if its investigation reveals that a follow-up referral to one or more of these entities is appropriate.
(5) The department shall adopt rules that include the following complaint investigation protocols:
(a) Upon receipt of a complaint, the department shall make a preliminary review of the complaint, assess the severity of the complaint, and assign an appropriate response time. Complaints involving imminent danger to the health, safety, or well-being of a resident must be responded to within two days. When appropriate, the department shall make an on-site investigation within a reasonable time after receipt of the complaint or otherwise ensure that complaints are responded to.
(b) The complainant must be: Promptly contacted by the department, unless anonymous or unavailable despite several attempts by the department, and informed of the right to discuss the alleged violations with the inspector and to provide other information the complainant believes will assist the inspector; informed of the department’s course of action; and informed of the right to receive a written copy of the investigation report.
(c) In conducting the investigation, the department shall interview the complainant, unless anonymous, and shall use its best efforts to interview the resident or residents allegedly harmed by the violations, and, in addition to facility staff, any available independent sources of relevant information, including if appropriate the family members of the resident.
(d) Substantiated complaints involving harm to a resident, if an applicable law or regulation has been violated, shall be subject to one or more of the actions provided in RCW 74.39A.080 or 70.128.160. Whenever appropriate, the department shall also give consultation and technical assistance to the provider.
(e) In the best practices of total quality management and continuous quality improvement, after a department finding of a violation that is serious, recurring, or uncorrected following a previous citation, the department shall make an on-site revisit of the facility to ensure correction of the violation, except for license or contract suspensions or revocations.
(f) Substantiated complaints of neglect, abuse, exploitation, or abandonment of residents, or suspected criminal violations, shall also be referred by the department to the appropriate law enforcement agencies, the attorney general, and appropriate professional disciplining authority.

(6) The department may (aa) provide the substance of the complaint to the licensee or contractor before the completion of the investigation by the department unless such disclosure would reveal the identity of a complainant, witness, or resident who chooses to remain anonymous. Neither the substance of the complaint provided to the licensee or contractor nor any copy of the complaint or related report published, released, or made otherwise available shall disclose, or reasonably lead to the disclosure of, the name, title, or identity of any complainant, or other person mentioned in the complaint, except that the name of the provider and the name or names of any officer, employee, or agent of the department conducting the investigation shall be disclosed after the investigation has been closed and the complaint has been substantiated. The department may disclose the identity of the complainant if such disclosure is requested in writing by the complainant. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to interfere with the obligation of the long-term care ombudsman program or department staff to monitor the department’s licensing, contract, and complaint investigation files for long-term care facilities.

((6a)) (7) The resident has the right to be free of interference, coercion, discrimination, and reprisal from a facility in exercising his or her rights, including the right to voice grievances about treatment furnished or not furnished. A facility that provides long-term care services shall not discriminate or retaliate in any manner against a resident, employee, or any other person on the basis or for the reason that such resident or any other person made a complaint to the department, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, or the long-term care ombudsman, provided information, or otherwise cooperated with the investigation of such a complaint. Any attempt to discharge a resident against the resident’s wishes, or any type of retaliatory treatment of a resident by whom or upon whose behalf a complaint substantiated by the department has been made to the department, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, or the long-term care ombudsman, within one year of the filing of the complaint, raises a rebuttable presumption that such action was in retaliation for the filing of the complaint. "Retaliatory treatment" means, but is not limited to, monitoring a resident’s phone, mail, or visits; involuntary seclusion or isolation; transferring a resident to a different room unless requested or based upon legitimate management reasons; withholding or threatening to withhold food or treatment unless authorized by a terminally ill resident or his or her representative pursuant to law; or persistently delaying responses to a resident’s request for service or assistance. A facility that provides long-term care services shall not willfully interfere with the performance of official duties by a long-term care ombudsman. The department shall sanction and may impose a civil penalty of not more than three thousand dollars for a violation of this subsection ((and require the facility to mitigate any damages incurred by the resident)).

Sec. 211. RCW 70.129.105 and 1994 c 214 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

No long-term care facility or nursing facility licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW shall require or request residents to sign waivers of potential liability for losses of personal property or injury, or to sign waivers of residents’ rights set forth in this chapter or in the applicable licensing or certification laws.

Sec. 212. RCW 74.42.030 and 1979 ex.s. c 211 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Each resident or guardian or legal representative, if any, shall be fully informed and receive in writing, in a language the resident or his or her representative understands, the following information:

(1) The resident’s rights and responsibilities in the facility;
(2) Rules governing resident conduct;
(3) Services, items, and activities available in the facility; and
(4) Charges for services, items, and activities, including those not included in the facility's basic daily rate or not paid by medicaid.

The facility shall provide this information before admission, or at the time of admission in case of emergency, and as changes occur during the resident’s stay. The resident and his or her representative must be informed in writing in advance of changes in the availability or charges for services, items, or activities, or of changes in the facility’s rules. Except in unusual circumstances, thirty days’ advance notice must be given prior to the change. The resident or legal guardian or
The written information provided by the facility pursuant to this section, and the terms of any admission contract executed between the facility and an individual seeking admission to the facility, must be consistent with the requirements of this chapter and chapter 18.51 RCW and, for facilities certified under medicaid or medicare, with the applicable federal requirements.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 213. A new section is added to chapter 18.20 RCW to read as follows: The department’s system of quality improvement for long-term care services shall use the following principles, consistent with applicable federal laws and regulations:

(1) The system shall be resident-centered and promote privacy, independence, dignity, choice, and a home or home-like environment for residents consistent with chapter 70.129 RCW.

(2) The goal of the system is continuous quality improvement with the focus on resident satisfaction and outcomes for residents. This includes that when conducting licensing inspections, the department shall interview an appropriate percentage of residents, family members, and advocates in addition to interviewing appropriate staff.

(3) Facilities should be supported in their efforts to improve quality and address identified problems initially through training, consultation, and technical assistance.

(4) The emphasis should be on problem prevention both in monitoring and in screening potential providers of service.

(5) Monitoring should be outcome based and responsive to resident complaints and a clear set of health, quality of care, and safety standards that are easily understandable and have been made available to facilities.

(6) Prompt and specific enforcement remedies shall also be implemented without delay, consistent with RCW 18.20.190, for facilities found to have delivered care or failed to deliver care resulting in problems that are serious, recurring, or uncorrected, or that create a hazard that is causing or likely to cause death or serious harm to one or more residents. These enforcement remedies may also include, when appropriate, reasonable conditions on a license. In the selection of remedies, the safety, health, and well-being of residents shall be of paramount importance.

(7) To the extent funding is available, the licensee, administrator, and their staff should be screened through background checks in a uniform and timely manner to ensure that they do not have a criminal history that would disqualify them from working with vulnerable adults. Employees may be provisionally hired pending the results of the background check if they have been given three positive references.

(8) The department shall promote the development of a training system that is practical and relevant to the needs of residents and staff. To improve access to training, especially for rural communities, the training system may include, but is not limited to, the use of satellite technology distance learning that is coordinated through community colleges or other appropriate organizations.

(9) No licensee, administrator, or staff, or prospective licensee, administrator, or staff, with a stipulated finding of fact, conclusion of law, and agreed order, or finding of fact, conclusion of law, or final order issued by a disciplining authority, a court of law, or entered into the state registry finding him or her guilty of abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment of a minor or a vulnerable adult as defined in chapter 74.34 RCW shall be employed in the care of and have unsupervised access to vulnerable adults.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 214. A new section is added to chapter 18.20 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The department shall establish and maintain a toll-free telephone number for receiving complaints regarding a facility that the department licenses.

(2) All facilities that are licensed under this chapter shall post in a place and manner clearly visible to residents and visitors the department’s toll-free complaint telephone number and the toll-free number and program description of the long-term care ombudsman as provided by RCW 43.190.050.

(3) The department shall investigate complaints if the subject of the complaint is within its authority unless the department determines that: (a) The complaint is intended to willfully harass a licensee or employee of the licensee; or (b) there is no reasonable basis for investigation; or (c) corrective action has been taken as determined by the ombudsman or the department.

(4) The department shall refer complaints to appropriate state agencies, law enforcement agencies, the attorney general, the long-term care ombudsman, or other entities if the department lacks
authority to investigate or if its investigation reveals that a follow-up referral to one or more of these entities is appropriate.

(5) The department shall adopt rules that include the following complaint investigation protocols:

(a) Upon receipt of a complaint, the department shall make a preliminary review of the complaint, assess the severity of the complaint, and assign an appropriate response time. Complaints involving imminent danger to the health, safety, or well-being of a resident must be responded to within two days. When appropriate, the department shall make an on-site investigation within a reasonable time after receipt of the complaint or otherwise ensure that complaints are responded to.

(b) The complainant must be: Promptly contacted by the department, unless anonymous or unavailable despite several attempts by the department, and informed of the right to discuss alleged violations with the inspector and to provide other information the complainant believes will assist the inspector; informed of the department's course of action; and informed of the right to receive a written copy of the investigation report.

(c) In conducting the investigation, the department shall interview the complainant, unless anonymous, and shall use its best efforts to interview the resident or residents allegedly harmed by the violations, and, in addition to facility staff, any available independent sources of relevant information, including if appropriate the family members of the resident.

(d) Substantiated complaints involving harm to a resident, if an applicable law or regulation has been violated, shall be subject to one or more of the actions provided in RCW 18.20.190. Whenever appropriate, the department shall also give consultation and technical assistance to the facility.

(e) In the best practices of total quality management and continuous quality improvement, after a department finding of a violation that is serious, recurring, or uncorrected following a previous citation, the department shall make an on-site revisit of the facility to ensure correction of the violation. This subsection does not prevent the department from enforcing license suspensions or revocations.

(f) Substantiated complaints of neglect, abuse, exploitation, or abandonment of residents, or suspected criminal violations, shall also be referred by the department to the appropriate law enforcement agencies, the attorney general, and appropriate professional disciplining authority.

(6) The department may provide the substance of the complaint to the licensee before the completion of the investigation by the department unless such disclosure would reveal the identity of a complainant, witness, or resident who chooses to remain anonymous. Neither the substance of the complaint provided to the licensee nor any copy of the complaint or related report published, released, or made otherwise available shall disclose, or reasonably lead to the disclosure of, the name, title, or identity of any complainant, or other person mentioned in the complaint, except that the name of the provider and the name or names of any officer, employee, or agent of the department conducting the investigation shall be disclosed after the investigation has been closed and the complaint has been substantiated. The department may disclose the identity of the complainant if such disclosure is requested in writing by the complainant. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to interfere with the obligation of the long-term care ombudsman program to monitor the department’s licensing, contract, and complaint investigation files for long-term care facilities.

(7) The resident has the right to be free of interference, coercion, discrimination, and reprisal from a facility in exercising his or her rights, including the right to voice grievances about treatment furnished or not furnished. A facility licensed under this chapter shall not discriminate or retaliate in any manner against a resident, employee, or any other person on the basis or for the reason that such resident or any other person made a complaint to the department, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, or the long-term care ombudsman, provided information, or otherwise cooperated with the investigation of such a complaint. Any attempt to discharge a resident against the resident’s wishes, or any type of retaliatory treatment of a resident by whom or upon whose behalf a complaint substantiated by the department has been made to the department, the attorney general, law enforcement agencies, or the long-term care ombudsman, within one year of the filing of the complaint, raises a rebuttable presumption that such action was in retaliation for the filing of the complaint. "Retaliatory treatment" means, but is not limited to, monitoring a resident’s phone, mail, or visits; involuntary seclusion or isolation; transferring a resident to a different room unless requested or based upon legitimate management reasons; withholding or threatening to withhold food or treatment unless authorized by a terminally ill resident or his or her representative pursuant to law; or persistently delaying responses to a resident’s request for service or assistance. A facility licensed under this chapter shall not willfully interfere with the performance of official duties by a long-term care ombudsman. The department shall
sanction and may impose a civil penalty of not more than three thousand dollars for a violation of this subsection.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 215. Within existing funds, the long-term care ombudsman shall conduct a follow-up review of the department of health's licensing inspections and complaint investigations of boarding homes and of the department of social and health services' monitoring of boarding homes with contracts under chapter 74.39A RCW. The review must include, but is not limited to, an examination of the enforcement of resident rights and care standards in boarding homes, the timeliness of complaint investigations, and compliance by the departments with the standards set forth in this act. The long-term care ombudsman shall consult with the departments of health and social and health services, long-term care facility organizations, resident groups, and senior and disabled citizen organizations and report to appropriate committees of the house of representatives and the senate concerning its review of the departments' enforcement activities and any applicable recommendations by January 5, 1998.

Sec. 216. RCW 74.42.450 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 64 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The facility shall admit as residents only those individuals whose needs can be met by:
(a) The facility;
(b) The facility cooperating with community resources; or
(c) The facility cooperating with other providers of care affiliated or under contract with the facility.
(2) The facility shall transfer a resident to a hospital or other appropriate facility when a change occurs in the resident’s physical or mental condition that requires care or service that the facility cannot provide. The resident, the resident’s guardian, if any, the resident’s next of kin, the attending physician, and the department shall be consulted at least fifteen days before a transfer or discharge unless the resident is transferred under emergency circumstances. The department shall use casework services or other means to insure that adequate arrangements are made to meet the resident’s needs.
(3) A resident shall be transferred or discharged only for medical reasons, the resident's welfare or request, the welfare of other residents, or nonpayment. A resident may not be discharged for nonpayment if the discharge would be prohibited by the medicaid program.
(4) If a resident chooses to remain in the nursing facility, the department shall respect that choice, provided that if the resident is a medicaid recipient, the resident continues to require a nursing facility level of care.
(5) If the department determines that a resident no longer requires a nursing facility level of care, the resident shall not be discharged from the nursing facility until at least thirty days after written notice is given to the resident, the resident’s surrogate decision maker and, if appropriate, a family member or the resident’s representative. A form for requesting a hearing to appeal the discharge decision shall be attached to the written notice. The written notice shall include at least the following:
(a) The reason for the discharge;
(b) A statement that the resident has the right to appeal the discharge; and
(c) The name, address, and telephone number of the state long-term care ombudsman.
(6) If the resident appeals a department discharge decision, the resident shall not be discharged without the resident’s consent until at least thirty days after a final order is entered upholding the decision to discharge the resident.
(7) Before the facility transfers or discharges a resident, the facility must first attempt through reasonable accommodations to avoid the transfer or discharge unless the transfer or discharge is agreed to by the resident. The facility shall admit or retain only individuals whose needs it can safely and appropriately serve in the facility with available staff or through the provision of reasonable accommodations required by state or federal law. "Reasonable accommodations" has the meaning given to this term under the federal Americans with disabilities act of 1990. 42 U.S.C. Sec. 12101 et seq. and other applicable federal or state antidiscrimination laws and regulations.

PART III
ESTATE RECOVERY CONSUMER DISCLOSURE

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. A new section is added to chapter 43.20B RCW to read as follows:
(1) It is the intent of the legislature to ensure that needy individuals have access to basic long-term care without requiring them to sell their homes. In the face of rising medical costs and limited funding for social welfare programs, however, the state’s medicaid and state-funded long-term care programs have placed an increasing financial burden on the state. By balancing the interests of individuals with immediate and future unmet medical care needs, surviving spouses and dependent children, adult nondependent children, more distant heirs, and the state, the estate recovery provisions of RCW 43.20B.080 and 74.39A.170 provide an equitable and reasonable method of easing the state’s financial burden while ensuring the continued viability of the medicaid and state-funded long-term care programs.

(2) It is further the intent of the legislature to confirm that chapter 21, Laws of 1994, effective July 1, 1994, repealed and substantially reenacted the state’s medicaid estate recovery laws and did not eliminate the department’s authority to recover the cost of medical assistance paid prior to October 1, 1993, from the estates of deceased recipients regardless of whether they received benefits before, on, or after July 1, 1994.

Sec. 302. RCW 43.20B.080 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 67 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The department shall file liens, seek adjustment, or otherwise effect recovery for medical assistance correctly paid on behalf of an individual (as required by this chapter and) consistent with 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396p.

(2) Liens may be adjusted by foreclosure in accordance with chapter 61.12 RCW.

(3) In the case of an individual who was fifty-five years of age or older when the individual received medical assistance, the department shall seek adjustment or recovery from the individual’s estate, and from nonprobate assets of the individual as defined by RCW 11.02.005 (except property passing through a community property agreement), but only for medical assistance consisting of nursing facility services, home and community-based services, other services that the department determines to be appropriate, and related hospital and prescription drug services. Recovery from the individual’s estate, including foreclosure of liens imposed under this section, shall be undertaken as soon as practicable, consistent with (the requirements of) 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396p.

(4) The department shall apply the medical assistance estate recovery law as it existed on the date that benefits were received when calculating an estate’s liability to reimburse the department for those benefits.

(5)(a) The department shall establish procedures consistent with standards established by the federal department of health and human services and pursuant to 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396p to waive recovery when such recovery would work an undue hardship.

(b) Recovery of medical assistance from a recipient’s estate shall not include property made exempt from claims by federal law or treaty, including exemption for tribal artifacts that may be held by individual Native Americans.

(6) A lien authorized under subsections (1) through (5) of this section relates Backlund to attach to any real property that the decedent had an ownership interest in immediately before death and is effective as of that date.

(7) The department is authorized to adopt rules to effect recovery under this section. The department may adopt by rule later enactments of the federal laws referenced in this section.

(8) The office of financial management shall review the cost and feasibility of the department of social and health services collecting the client copayment for long-term care consistent with the terms and conditions of RCW 74.39A.120, and the cost impact to community providers under the current system for collecting the client’s copayment in addition to the amount charged to the client for estate recovery, and report to the legislature by December 12, 1997.

Sec. 303. RCW 74.34.010 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 82 are each amended to read as follows:

The legislature finds that frail elders and vulnerable adults may be subjected to abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment. The legislature finds that there are a number of adults sixty years of age or older who lack the ability to perform or obtain those services necessary to maintain or establish their well-being. The legislature finds that many frail elders and vulnerable adults have health problems that place them in a dependent position. The legislature further finds that a significant number of frail elders and vulnerable adults have mental and verbal limitations that leave them vulnerable and incapable of asking for help and protection.
It is the intent of the legislature to prevent or remedy the abuse, neglect, exploitation, or abandonment of persons sixty years of age or older who have a functional, mental, or physical inability to care for or protect themselves.

It is the intent of the legislature to assist frail elders and vulnerable adults by providing these persons with the protection of the courts and with the least-restrictive services, such as home care, and by preventing or reducing inappropriate institutional care. The legislature finds that it is in the interests of the public health, safety, and welfare of the people of the state to provide a procedure for identifying these vulnerable persons and providing the services and remedies necessary for their well-being.

It is further the intent of the legislature that the cost of protective services rendered to a frail elder or vulnerable adult under this chapter that are paid with state funds only not be subject to recovery from the recipient or the recipient’s estate, whether by lien, adjustment, or any other means of recovery, regardless of the income or assets of the recipient of the services. In making this exemption the legislature recognizes that receipt of such services is voluntary and incentives to decline services or delay permission must be kept to a minimum. There may be a need to act or intervene quickly to protect the assets, health, or well-being of a frail elder or vulnerable adult; to prevent or halt the exploitation, neglect, abandonment, or abuse of the person or assets of a frail elder or vulnerable adult; or to prevent or limit inappropriate placement or retention in an institution providing long-term care. The delivery of such services is less likely to be impeded, and consent to such services will be more readily obtained, if the cost of these services is not subject to recovery. The legislature recognizes that there will be a cost in not seeking financial recovery for such services, but that this cost may be offset by preventing costly and inappropriate institutional placement.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 304. A new section is added to chapter 74.34 RCW to read as follows:

The cost of benefits and services provided to a frail elder or vulnerable adult under this chapter that are paid with state funds only does not constitute an obligation or lien and is not recoverable from the recipient of the services or from the recipient’s estate, whether by lien, adjustment, or any other means of recovery.

Sec. 305. RCW 74.39A.170 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 56 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) All payments made in state-funded long-term care shall be recoverable as if they were medical assistance payments subject to recovery under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1396p and chapter 43.20B RCW((but without regard to the recipient’s age, except the cost of state-funded adult protective services provided under chapter 74.34 RCW to frail elders and vulnerable adults.)

(2) In determining eligibility for state-funded long-term care services programs, except for protective services provided to frail elders and vulnerable adults, the department shall impose the same rules with respect to the transfer of assets for less than fair market value as are imposed under 42 U.S.C. 1396p with respect to nursing home and home and community services.

(3) It is the responsibility of the department to fully disclose in advance verbally and in writing, in easy to understand language, the terms and conditions of estate recovery. The disclosure must include billing and recovery and copayment procedures to all persons offered long-term care services subject to recovery of payments.

(4) It is the intent of the legislature that the department collect, to the extent possible, all costs associated with the individual provider program including, but not limited to, training, taxes, and fringe benefits.

By November 15, 1997, the secretary shall identify and report to the legislature:

(a) The costs of identifying or tracking direct and indirect costs associated with the individual provider program, including any necessary changes to the department’s information systems; and

(b) Any federal or state laws limiting the department’s ability to recover direct or indirect costs of the individual provider program from the estate.

(5) To the extent funds are available and in compliance with federal law, the department is responsible for also notifying the client, or his or her advocate, quarterly of the types of services used, charges for services, credit amount of copayment, and the difference (debt) that will be charged against the estate.

PART IV
ADULT FAMILY HOMES
Sec. 401. RCW 70.128.175 and 1995 1st sp. s. c 18 s 29 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, these definitions shall apply throughout this section and RCW 35.63.140, 35A.63.149, 36.70.755, 35.22.680, and 36.32.560:

(a) "Adult family home" means a regular family abode in which a person or persons provides personal care, special care, room, and board to more than one but not more than six adults who are not related by blood or marriage to the person or persons providing the services.

(b) "Residential care facility" means a facility that cares for at least five, but not more than fifteen functionally disabled persons, that is not licensed pursuant to chapter 70.128 RCW.

(c) "Department" means the department of social and health services.

(2) An adult family home shall be considered a residential use of property for zoning and public and private utility rate purposes. Adult family homes shall be a permitted use in all areas zoned for residential or commercial purposes, including areas zoned for single family dwellings.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. The department of social and health services shall implement a limited moratorium on the authorization of adult family home licenses until December 12, 1997, or until the secretary has determined that all adult family home and group home safety and quality of care standards have been reviewed by the department, determined by the secretary to reasonably protect the life, safety, and health of residents, and has notified all adult family home and group home operators of the standards of care or any modifications to the existing standards. This limited moratorium shall in no way prevent a person eligible to receive services from receiving the same or equivalent chronic long-term care services. In the event of a need for such services, the department shall develop a process for determining the availability of chronic long-term care residential services on a case-by-case basis to determine if an adult family home license should be granted to accommodate the needs of a particular geographical or ethnic community. The department may review the cost and feasibility of creating an adult family home advisory committee. The secretary shall make the final determination on individual case licensure until December 12, 1997, or until the moratorium has been removed and determine if an adult family home advisory committee should be developed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. The department of social and health services is authorized to adopt rules, including emergency rules, for implementing the provisions of section 402 of this act.

PART V
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

NEW SECTION. Sec. 501. The department of health in cooperation with the department of social and health services may develop a plan for implementing a pilot program for accrediting boarding homes licensed under RCW 18.20.020 with a recognized national nongovernmental accreditation organization or an organization with experience in developing and implementing accreditation programs in at least two states. The pilot plan, if funded, shall be developed with the input of residents, provider representatives, and other vested interest groups. If funded, the plan shall review the overall feasibility of implementation, cost or savings to the department of health, impact on client health and safety, and financial and other impacts to the boarding industry. If funded, the pilot boarding home accreditation plan shall be presented to the appropriate committees of the house of representatives and the senate by January 5, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 502. The department of community, trade, and economic development, in collaboration with the organizations designated by state or federal law to provide protection and advocacy and ombuds services for older Americans and people with disabilities using publicly funded long-term care residential services, may conduct a study, make recommendations, and draft legislation necessary to implement changes that will result in a single coordinating umbrella for ombuds and advocacy services that maximizes efficiency, minimizes duplication, and allows for specialization in target populations such as developmental disabilities, older Americans, and mental illness, and assures that the providers of ombuds services have sufficient expertise and experience with target populations and the systems that serve them. The study, if funded, shall include review of all relevant federal and state laws and regulations, including but not limited to the older Americans act, 42 U.S.C. 3001 as amended, the developmental disabilities assistance and bill of rights act as amended, 42 U.S.C. 6000, the protection and advocacy for persons with mental illness act as amended, 42 U.S.C. 10801, the
rehabilitation act of 1973 as amended, 29 U.S.C. 701, the long-term care ombudsman statute chapter 43.190 RCW, developmental disabilities statute, Title 71A RCW, and the community mental health services regulations, chapter 275-57 WAC. If funded, the study shall identify the gaps in current ombuds and advocacy services, and develop a cost assessment for implementation of a comprehensive umbrella of ombuds and advocacy services. If funded, the department of community, trade, and economic development shall report to the appropriate committees of the house of representatives and the senate by January 10, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. The department of social and health services may review the cost and feasibility of implementing developmental disabilities certification standards for community residential alternatives to ensure that services are adequate for the health, safety, care, treatment, and support of persons with developmental disabilities. The community residential alternatives shall include, but not be limited to, entities that contract or directly provide services with the division of developmental disabilities such as group homes, agency alternative living, intensive and other tenant support services, adult family homes, or boarding homes. Certification standards shall review at a minimum the following areas. Administrative and financial capabilities of the provider, health and safety practices, the opportunities for the individuals served by the programs to have power and choice in their lives, opportunities to develop friendships and relationships, and opportunities to develop self-respect and to gain respect from others, to participate in the community, and to gain independent living skills. If the review is funded, the department shall also recommend whether adult family homes that choose to provide services only to persons with developmental disabilities should receive special certification or licensure apart from or in place of the existing adult family home license. The review may also recommend the type and amount of provider training necessary to appropriately support persons with developmental disabilities in community residential alternatives. The department may include the assistance of other departments, vested interest groups, and family members in the development of recommendations. If funded, the department shall report to the appropriate committees of the house of representatives and the senate by January 30, 1998.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. Any section or provision of this act that may be susceptible to more than one construction shall be interpreted in favor of the construction most likely to comply with federal laws entitling this state to receive federal funds for the various programs of the department of health or the department of social and health services. If any section of this act is found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a prescribed condition of the allocation of federal funds to the state, or to any departments or agencies thereof, the conflicting part is declared to be inoperative solely to the extent of the conflict. The rules issued under this act shall meet federal requirements that are a necessary condition to the receipt of federal funds by the state.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 505. A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows: The department of health, and the disciplining authorities as agents of the department of social and health services for purposes of this section in cooperation with the department of social and health services, shall implement a nursing home resident protection program in accordance with guidelines established by the federal health care financing administration. The department of social and health services shall retain authority to review and investigate all allegations of nursing home resident neglect, abuse, and misappropriation of resident property. If the department of social and health services makes a preliminary determination, based upon credible evidence and an investigation by the department, that a licensed, certified, or registered health care provider listed in RCW 18.130.040 and used by the nursing home to provide services to a resident, except for a certified or registered nursing assistant, has neglected or abused a resident or misappropriated a resident’s property, the department of social and health services shall immediately refer its determination regarding the individual to the appropriate disciplining authority, as defined in chapter 18.130 RCW. The disciplining authority shall pursue administrative adjudicatory or disciplinary proceedings according to federal timelines and requirements, and consistent with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. Meeting federal requirements for the resident protection program shall not compromise due process protections when state disciplining authorities take actions against health professionals regulated under the uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW. The secretary of social and health services shall have access to all information concerning any complaint referred under the resident protection program to the secretary of health and the other disciplining authorities. If the department of social and health services
determines that the disciplining authority has failed to meet the applicable requirements of federal law for the resident protection program, jurisdiction on the individual case shall revert to the secretary of social and health services for actions under the federal law, which shall not interfere with the action under the uniform disciplinary act. The secretary of social and health services and the secretary of health shall enter into an interagency agreement to implement the provisions of this section. A finding of fact, stipulated finding of fact, agreed order, or final order issued by the disciplining authority that finds the individual health care provider guilty of neglect, abuse, or misappropriation of resident property shall be promptly reported to the department of social and health services.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 506. A new section is added to chapter 18.51 RCW to read as follows:

The department of social and health services shall retain authority to review and investigate all allegations of nursing home resident neglect, abuse, and misappropriation of resident property. The department of social and health services in cooperation with the department of health and disciplining authorities shall implement a nursing home resident protection program according to guidelines established by the federal health care financing administration. The department of social and health services, as the federally responsible state agency, shall conduct or coordinate the conduct of the most appropriate and timely review and investigation of all credible allegations of nursing home resident neglect, abuse, and misappropriation of resident property. If the department of social and health services makes a preliminary determination, based upon credible evidence and an investigation by the department, that a licensed, certified, or registered health care provider listed in RCW 18.130.040 and used by the nursing home to provide services to a resident, except for a certified or registered nursing assistant, has neglected or abused a resident or misappropriated a resident’s property, the department of social and health services shall immediately refer its determination regarding the individual to the department of health or disciplining authority, as defined in RCW 18.130.020. The disciplining authority shall pursue administrative adjudicatory or disciplinary proceedings according to federal timelines and requirements, and consistent with the administrative procedure act, chapter 34.05 RCW. When the department of social and health services determines such proceeding does not meet federal timelines and requirements, the department of social and health services shall have the authority to take federally required actions. Other individuals used by a nursing home, including certified and registered nursing assistants, with a preliminary determination of neglect, abuse, or misappropriation of resident property shall receive notice and the right to an administrative fair hearing from the department of social and health services according to federal timelines and requirements. An individual with a finding of fact, stipulated finding of fact, agreed order, or final order issued by the department of social and health services or the disciplining authority that finds the individual guilty of neglect, abuse, or misappropriation of resident property shall not be employed in the care of and have unsupervised access to vulnerable adults, as defined in chapter 74.34 RCW. Upon receipt from the disciplining authority of a finding of fact, stipulated finding of fact, agreed order, or final order that finds the individual health care provider guilty of neglect, abuse, or misappropriation of resident property, the department of social and health services shall report this information to the nursing home where the incident occurred, the long-term care facility where the individual works, if different, and other entities serving vulnerable adults upon request by the entity.

NEW SECTION, Sec. 507. A new section is added to chapter 9A.42 RCW to read as follows:

The legislature finds that there is a significant need to protect children and dependent persons, including frail elder and vulnerable adults, from abuse and neglect by their parents, by persons entrusted with their physical custody, or by persons employed to provide them with the basic necessities of life. The legislature further finds that such abuse and neglect often takes the forms of either withholding from them the basic necessities of life, including food, water, shelter, clothing, and health care, or abandoning them, or both. Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature that criminal penalties be imposed on those guilty of such abuse or neglect. It is the intent of the legislature that a person who, in good faith, is furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner in lieu of medical care is not considered deprived of medically necessary health care or abandoned. Prosecutions under this chapter shall be consistent with the rules of evidence, including hearsay, under law.

Sec. 508. RCW 9A.42.010 and 1996 c 302 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter:
"Basic necessities of life" means food, water, shelter, clothing, and medically necessary health care, including but not limited to health-related treatment or activities, hygiene, oxygen, and medication.

(a) "Bodily injury" means physical pain or injury, illness, or an impairment of physical condition;
(b) "Substantial bodily harm" means bodily injury which involves a temporary but substantial disfigurement, or which causes a temporary but substantial loss or impairment of the function of any bodily part or organ, or which causes a fracture of any bodily part;
(c) "Great bodily harm" means bodily injury which creates a high probability of death, or which causes serious permanent disfigurement, or which causes a permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily part or organ.

(3) "Child" means a person under eighteen years of age.
(4) "Dependent person" means a person who, because of physical or mental disability, or because of extreme advanced age, is dependent upon another person to provide the basic necessities of life. A resident of a nursing home, as defined in RCW 18.51.010, a resident of an adult family home, as defined in RCW 70.128.010, and a frail elder or vulnerable adult, as defined in RCW 74.34.020(8), is presumed to be a dependent person for purposes of this chapter.

(5) "Employed" means hired by a dependent person, another person acting on behalf of a dependent person, or by an organization or governmental entity, to provide to a dependent person any of the basic necessities of life. A person may be "employed" regardless of whether the person is paid for the services or, if paid, regardless of who pays for the person's services.
(6) "Parent" has its ordinary meaning and also includes a guardian and the authorized agent of a parent or guardian.
(7) "Abandons" means leaving a child or other dependent person without the means or ability to obtain one or more of the basic necessities of life.

Sec. 509. RCW 9A.42.050 and 1986 c 250 s 5 are each amended to read as follows:
In any prosecution for criminal mistreatment, it shall be a defense that the withholding of the basic necessities of life is due to financial inability only if the person charged has made a reasonable effort to obtain adequate assistance. This defense is available to a person employed to provide the basic necessities of life only when the agreed-upon payment has not been made.

Sec. 510. RCW 9A.42.020 and 1986 c 250 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A parent of a child (or the person entrusted with the physical custody of a child or dependent person, or a person employed to provide to the child or dependent person the basic necessities of life is guilty of criminal mistreatment in the first degree if he or she recklessly, as defined in RCW 9A.08.010, causes great bodily harm to a child or dependent person by withholding any of the basic necessities of life.
(2) Criminal mistreatment in the first degree is a class B felony.

Sec. 511. RCW 9A.42.030 and 1986 c 250 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A parent of a child (or the person entrusted with the physical custody of a child or dependent person, or a person employed to provide to the child or dependent person the basic necessities of life is guilty of criminal mistreatment in the second degree if he or she recklessly, as defined in RCW 9A.08.010, either (a) creates an imminent and substantial risk of death or great bodily harm, or (b) causes substantial bodily harm by withholding any of the basic necessities of life.
(2) Criminal mistreatment in the second degree is a class C felony.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 512. A new section is added to chapter 9A.42 RCW to read as follows:
RCW 9A.42.020 and 9A.42.030 do not apply when a terminally ill person or his or her designee requests palliative care and the person receives palliative care from a licensed home health agency, hospice agency, nursing home, or hospital who is providing care under the medical direction of a physician.

Sec. 513. RCW 9A.44.010 and 1994 c 271 s 302 are each amended to read as follows:
As used in this chapter:
(1) "Sexual intercourse" (a) has its ordinary meaning and occurs upon any penetration, however slight, and
(b) Also means any penetration of the vagina or anus however slight, by an object, when committed on one person by another, whether such persons are of the same or opposite sex, except when such penetration is accomplished for medically recognized treatment or diagnostic purposes, and
(c) Also means any act of sexual contact between persons involving the sex organs of one person and the mouth or anus of another whether such persons are of the same or opposite sex.
(2) "Sexual contact" means any touching of the sexual or other intimate parts of a person done for the purpose of gratifying sexual desire of either party or a third party.
(3) "Married" means one who is legally married to another, but does not include a person who is living separate and apart from his or her spouse and who has filed in an appropriate court for legal separation or for dissolution of his or her marriage.
(4) "Mental incapacity" is that condition existing at the time of the offense which prevents a person from understanding the nature or consequences of the act of sexual intercourse whether that condition is produced by illness, defect, the influence of a substance or from some other cause.
(5) "Physically helpless" means a person who is unconscious or for any other reason is physically unable to communicate unwillingness to an act.
(6) "Forcible compulsion" means physical force which overcomes resistance, or a threat, express or implied, that places a person in fear of death or physical injury to herself or himself or another person, or in fear that she or he or another person will be kidnapped.
(7) "Consent" means that at the time of the act of sexual intercourse or sexual contact there are actual words or conduct indicating freely given agreement to have sexual intercourse or sexual contact.
(8) "Significant relationship" means a situation in which the perpetrator is:
(a) A person who undertakes the responsibility, professionally or voluntarily, to provide education, health, welfare, or organized recreational activities principally for minors; ((or (b) A person who in the course of his or her employment supervises minors; or
(c) A person who provides welfare, health or residential assistance, personal care, or organized recreational activities to frail elders or vulnerable adults, including a provider, employee, temporary employee, volunteer, or independent contractor who supplies services to long-term care facilities licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 18.20, 18.51, 72.36, or 70.128 RCW, and home health, hospice, or home care agencies licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 70.127 RCW, but not including a consensual sexual partner.
(9) "Abuse of a supervisory position" means a direct or indirect threat or promise to use authority to the detriment or benefit of a minor.
(10) "Developmentally disabled," for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050(1)(c) and 9A.44.100(1)(c), means a person with a developmental disability as defined in RCW 71A.10.020.
(11) "Person with supervisory authority," for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050(1) (c) or (e) and 9A.44.100(1) (c) or (e), means any proprietor or employee of any public or private care or treatment facility who directly supervises developmentally disabled, mentally disordered, or chemically dependent persons at the facility.
(12) "Mentally disordered person" for the purposes of RCW 9A.44.050(1)(e) and 9A.44.100(1)(e) means a person with a "mental disorder" as defined in RCW 71.05.020(2).
(13) "Chemically dependent person" for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050(1)(e) and 9A.44.100(1)(e) means a person who is "chemically dependent" as defined in RCW 70.96A.020(4).
(14) "Health care provider" for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050 and 9A.44.100 means a person who is, holds himself or herself out to be, or provides services as if he or she were: (a) A member of a health care profession under chapter 18.130 RCW; or (b) registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW, regardless of whether the health care provider is licensed, certified, or registered by the state.
(15) "Treatment" for purposes of RCW 9A.44.050 and 9A.44.100 means the active delivery of professional services by a health care provider which the health care provider holds himself or herself out to be qualified to provide.
(16) "Frail elder or vulnerable adult" means a person sixty years of age or older who has the functional, mental, or physical inability to care for himself or herself. "Frail elder or vulnerable adult" also includes a person found incapacitated under chapter 11.88 RCW, a person over eighteen years of age who has a developmental disability under chapter 71A.10 RCW, a person admitted to a long-term care facility that is licensed or required to be licensed under chapter 18.20, 18.51, 72.36, or 70.128.
Sec. 514. RCW 9A.44.050 and 1993 c 477 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A person is guilty of rape in the second degree when, under circumstances not constituting rape in the first degree, the person engages in sexual intercourse with another person:
   (a) By forcible compulsion;
   (b) When the victim is incapable of consent by reason of being physically helpless or mentally incapacitated;
   (c) When the victim is developmentally disabled and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who has supervisory authority over the victim;
   (d) When the perpetrator is a health care provider, the victim is a client or patient, and the sexual intercourse occurs during a treatment session, consultation, interview, or examination. It is an affirmative defense that the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the client or patient consented to the sexual intercourse with the knowledge that the sexual intercourse was not for the purpose of treatment; ((or))
   (e) When the victim is a resident of a facility for mentally disordered or chemically dependent persons and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and has supervisory authority over the victim; or
   (f) When the victim is a frail elder or vulnerable adult and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who has a significant relationship with the victim.
(2) Rape in the second degree is a class A felony.

Sec. 515. RCW 9A.44.100 and 1993 c 477 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) A person is guilty of indecent liberties when he knowingly causes another person who is not his spouse to have sexual contact with him or another:
   (a) By forcible compulsion; ((or))
   (b) When the other person is incapable of consent by reason of being mentally defective, mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless;
   (c) When the victim is developmentally disabled and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who has supervisory authority over the victim;
   (d) When the perpetrator is a health care provider, the victim is a client or patient, and the sexual contact occurs during a treatment session, consultation, interview, or examination. It is an affirmative defense that the defendant must prove by a preponderance of the evidence that the client or patient consented to the sexual contact with the knowledge that the sexual contact was not for the purpose of treatment; ((or))
   (e) When the victim is a resident of a facility for mentally disordered or chemically dependent persons and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and has supervisory authority over the victim; or
   (f) When the victim is a frail elder or vulnerable adult and the perpetrator is a person who is not married to the victim and who has a significant relationship with the victim.
(2) Indecent liberties is a class B felony.

Sec. 516. RCW 18.130.040 and 1996 c 200 s 32 and 1996 c 81 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
(1) This chapter applies only to the secretary and the boards and commissions having jurisdiction in relation to the professions licensed under the chapters specified in this section. This chapter does not apply to any business or profession not licensed under the chapters specified in this section.
(2)(a) The secretary has authority under this chapter in relation to the following professions:
   (i) Dispensing opticians licensed under chapter 18.34 RCW;
   (ii) Naturopaths licensed under chapter 18.36A RCW;
   (iii) Midwives licensed under chapter 18.50 RCW;
   (iv) Ocularists licensed under chapter 18.55 RCW;
   (v) Massage operators and businesses licensed under chapter 18.108 RCW;
   (vi) Dental hygienists licensed under chapter 18.29 RCW;
   (vii) Acupuncturists licensed under chapter 18.06 RCW;
(viii) Radiologic technologists certified and X-ray technicians registered under chapter 18.84 RCW;
(ix) Respiratory care practitioners certified under chapter 18.89 RCW;
(x) Persons registered or certified under chapter 18.19 RCW;
(xi) Persons registered as nursing pool operators under chapter 18.52C RCW;
(xii) Nursing assistants registered or certified under chapter 18.88A RCW;
(xiii) Health care assistants certified under chapter 18.135 RCW;
(xiv) Dietitians and nutritionists certified under chapter 18.138 RCW;
(xv) Sex offender treatment providers certified under chapter 18.155 RCW;
(xvi) Persons licensed and certified under chapter 18.73 RCW or RCW 18.71.205;
(xvii) Persons registered as adult family home providers and resident managers under RCW 18.48.020; and
(xviii) Denturists licensed under chapter 18.30 RCW.
(b) The boards and commissions having authority under this chapter are as follows:
(i) The podiatric medical board as established in chapter 18.22 RCW;
(ii) The chiropractic quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.25 RCW;
(iii) The dental quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.32 RCW;
(iv) The board of hearing and speech as established in chapter 18.35 RCW;
(v) The board of examiners for nursing home administrators as established in chapter 18.52 RCW;
(vi) The optometry board as established in chapter 18.54 RCW governing licenses issued under chapter 18.53 RCW;
(vii) The board of osteopathic medicine and surgery as established in chapter 18.57 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.57 and 18.57A RCW;
(viii) The board of pharmacy as established in chapter 18.64 RCW governing licenses issued under chapters 18.64 and 18.64A RCW;
(ix) The medical quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.71 RCW governing licenses and registrations issued under chapters 18.71 and 18.71A RCW;
(x) The board of physical therapy as established in chapter 18.74 RCW;
(xi) The board of occupational therapy practice as established in chapter 18.59 RCW;
(xii) The nursing care quality assurance commission as established in chapter 18.79 RCW governing licenses issued under that chapter;
(xiii) The examining board of psychology and its disciplinary committee as established in chapter 18.83 RCW; and
(xiv) The veterinary board of governors as established in chapter 18.92 RCW.
(3) In addition to the authority to discipline license holders, the disciplining authority has the authority to grant or deny licenses based on the conditions and criteria established in this chapter and the chapters specified in subsection (2) of this section. This chapter also governs any investigation, hearing, or proceeding relating to denial of licensure or issuance of a license conditioned on the applicant’s compliance with an order entered pursuant to RCW 18.130.160 by the disciplining authority.
(4) All disciplining authorities shall adopt procedures to ensure substantially consistent application of this chapter, the Uniform Disciplinary Act, among the disciplining authorities listed in subsection (2) of this section.

Sec. 517. RCW 18.130.200 and 1986 c 259 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:
A person who attempts to obtain ((or)) or attempts to maintain a license by willful misrepresentation or fraudulent representation is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

Sec. 518. RCW 43.43.842 and 1992 c 104 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
(1)(a) The secretary of social and health services and the secretary of health shall adopt additional requirements for the licensure or relicensure of agencies ((or)), facilities ((which)), and licensed individuals who provide care and treatment to vulnerable adults, including nursing pools registered under chapter 18.52C RCW. These additional requirements shall ensure that any person associated with a licensed agency or facility having ((direct contact)) unsupervised access with a vulnerable adult shall not have been: ((a)) (i) Convicted of a crime against persons as defined in RCW 43.43.830, except as provided in this section; ((b)) (ii) convicted of crimes relating to financial
exploitation as defined in RCW 43.43.830, except as provided in this section; ((i.e.)) (iii) found in any disciplinary board final decision to have abused a vulnerable adult under RCW 43.43.830; or ((i.e.)) (iv) the subject in a protective proceeding under chapter 74.34 RCW.

(b) A person associated with a licensed agency or facility who has unsupervised access with a vulnerable adult shall make the disclosures specified in RCW 43.43.834(2). The person shall make the disclosures in writing, sign, and swear to the contents under penalty of perjury. The person shall, in the disclosures, specify all crimes against children or other persons, and all crimes relating to financial exploitation as defined in RCW 43.43.830, committed by the person.

(2) The rules adopted under this section shall permit the licensee to consider the criminal history of an applicant for employment in a licensed facility when the applicant has one or more convictions for a past offense and:

(a) The offense was simple assault, assault in the fourth degree, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and three or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment;
(b) The offense was prostitution, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and three or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment;
(c) The offense was theft in the third degree, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and three or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment;
(d) The offense was theft in the second degree, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and five or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment;
(e) The offense was forgery, or the same offense as it may be renamed, and five or more years have passed between the most recent conviction and the date of application for employment.

The offenses set forth in (a) through (e) of this subsection do not automatically disqualify an applicant from employment by a licensee. Nothing in this section may be construed to require the employment of any person against a licensee’s judgment.

(3) In consultation with law enforcement personnel, the secretary of social and health services and the secretary of health shall investigate, or cause to be investigated, the conviction record and the protection proceeding record information under this chapter ((43.43 RCW of each agency or facility and its)) of the staff of each agency or facility under their respective jurisdictions seeking licensure or relicensure. An individual responding to a criminal background inquiry request from his or her employer or potential employer shall disclose the information about his or her criminal history under penalty of perjury. The secretaries shall use the information solely for the purpose of determining eligibility for licensure or relicensure. Criminal justice agencies shall provide the secretaries such information as they may have and that the secretaries may require for such purpose.

Sec. 519. RCW 70.124.020 and 1996 c 178 s 24 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Court" means the superior court of the state of Washington.
(2) "Law enforcement agency" means the police department, the director of public safety, or the office of the sheriff.
(3) "Practitioner of the healing arts" or "practitioner" means a person licensed by this state to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, optometry, pharmacy, physical therapy, chiropractic, nursing, dentistry, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or medicine and surgery. The term "practitioner" shall include a nurses aide, a nursing home administrator licensed under chapter 18.52 RCW, and a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That a nursing home patient who is being furnished Christian Science treatment by a duly accredited Christian Science practitioner shall not be considered, for that reason alone, a neglected patient for the purposes of this chapter.
(4) "Department" means the state department of social and health services.
(5) "Nursing home" has the meaning prescribed by RCW 18.51.010.
(6) "Social worker" means anyone engaged in a professional capacity during the regular course of employment in encouraging or promoting the health, welfare, support, or education of nursing home patients, or providing social services to nursing home patients, whether in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.
"Psychologist" means any person licensed to practice psychology under chapter 18.83 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

"Pharmacist" means any registered pharmacist under chapter 18.64 RCW, whether acting in an individual capacity or as an employee or agent of any public or private organization or institution.

"Abuse or neglect" or "patient abuse or neglect" means the nonaccidental physical injury or condition, sexual abuse, or negligent treatment of a nursing home or state hospital patient under circumstances which indicate that the patient’s health, welfare, or safety is harmed thereby.

"Negligent treatment" means an act or omission which evidences a serious disregard of consequences of such magnitude as to constitute a clear and present danger to the patient’s health, welfare, or safety.

"State hospital" means any hospital operated and maintained by the state for the care of the mentally ill under chapter 72.23 RCW.

**Sec. 520.** RCW 70.124.040 and 1981 c 174 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

1. Where a report is required under RCW 70.124.030, an immediate oral report shall be made by telephone or otherwise to either a law enforcement agency or to the department, upon request, shall be followed by a report in writing. The reports shall contain the following information, if known:
   a. The name and address of the person making the report;
   b. The name and address of the nursing home or state hospital patient;
   c. The name and address of the patient’s relatives having responsibility for the patient;
   d. The nature and extent of the injury or injuries;
   e. The nature and extent of the neglect;
   f. The nature and extent of the sexual abuse;
   g. Any evidence of previous injuries, including their nature and extent; and
   h. Any other information which may be helpful in establishing the cause of the patient’s death, injury, or injuries, and the identity of the perpetrator or perpetrators.

2. Each law enforcement agency receiving such a report shall, in addition to taking the action required by RCW 70.124.050, immediately relay the report to the department, and to other law enforcement agencies, including the medicaid fraud control unit of the office of the attorney general, as appropriate. For any report it receives, the department shall likewise take the required action and in addition relay the report to the appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies. The appropriate law enforcement agency or agencies shall receive immediate notification when the department, upon receipt of such report, has reasonable cause to believe that a criminal act has been committed.

**Sec. 521.** RCW 70.124.070 and 1979 ex.s. c 228 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

A person who is required to make or to cause to be made a report pursuant to RCW 70.124.030 or 70.124.040 and who knowingly fails to make such report or fails to cause such report to be made is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

**NEW SECTION.** Sec. 522. A new section is added to chapter 74.34 RCW to read as follows:

A person who is required to make or cause to be made a report under RCW 74.34.030 or 74.34.040 and who knowingly fails to make the report or fails to cause the report to be made is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

**Sec. 523.** RCW 74.34.020 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 84 are each amended to read as follows:

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

1. "Abandonment" means action or inaction by a person or entity with a duty of care for a frail elder or a vulnerable adult that leaves the vulnerable person without the means or ability to obtain necessary food, clothing, shelter, or health care.
2. "Abuse" means a nonaccidental act of physical or mental mistreatment or injury, or sexual mistreatment, which harms a person through action or inaction by another individual.
3. "Consent" means express written consent granted after the person has been fully informed of the nature of the services to be offered and that the receipt of services is voluntary.
4. "Department" means the department of social and health services.
Sec. 524. RCW 43.43.832 and 1995 c 250 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The legislature finds that businesses and organizations providing services to children, developmentally disabled persons, and vulnerable adults need adequate information to determine which employees or licensees to hire or engage. The legislature further finds that many developmentally disabled individuals and vulnerable adults desire to hire their own employees directly and also need adequate information to determine which employees or licensees to hire or engage. Therefore, the Washington state patrol criminal identification system (may) shall disclose, upon the request of a business or organization as defined in RCW 43.43.830, a developmentally disabled person, or a vulnerable adult as defined in RCW 43.43.830 or his or her guardian, an applicant’s record for convictions of offenses against children or other persons, convictions for crimes relating to financial exploitation, but only if the victim was a vulnerable adult, adjudications of child abuse in a civil action, the issuance of a protection order against the respondent under chapter 74.34 RCW, and disciplinary board final decisions and any subsequent criminal charges associated with the conduct that is the subject of the disciplinary board final decision. (When necessary, applicants may be employed on a conditional basis pending completion of such a background investigation.)

(2) The legislature also finds that the state board of education may request of the Washington state patrol criminal identification system information regarding a certificate applicant’s record for convictions under subsection (1) of this section.

(3) The legislature also finds that law enforcement agencies, the office of the attorney general, prosecuting authorities, and the department of social and health services may request this same information to aid in the investigation and prosecution of child, developmentally disabled person, and vulnerable adult abuse cases and to protect children and adults from further incidents of abuse.

(4) The legislature further finds that the department of social and health services must consider the information listed in subsection (1) of this section in the following circumstances:
(a) When considering persons for state positions directly responsible for the care, supervision, or treatment of children, developmentally disabled persons, or vulnerable adults (or);
(b) When licensing (or authorizing such persons or) agencies (or pursuant to its authority) or facilities with individuals in positions directly responsible for the care, supervision, or treatment of children, developmentally disabled persons, or vulnerable adults, including but not limited to agencies or facilities licensed under chapter 74.51((c)) or 74.51((18.20, or 72.23)) RCW (or any later-enacted statute which purpose is to license or regulate a facility which handles vulnerable adults, must consider the information listed in subsection (1) of this section))
(c) When contracting with individuals or businesses or organizations for the care, supervision, or treatment of children, developmentally disabled persons, or vulnerable adults, including but not limited to services contracted for under chapter 18.20, 18.48, 70.127, 70.128, 72.36, or 74.39A RCW or Title 71A RCW. ((However, when necessary))

(5) Whenever a state conviction record check is required by state law, persons may be employed or engaged as volunteers or independent contractors on a conditional basis pending completion of the state background investigation. Whenever a national criminal record check through the federal bureau of investigation is required by state law, a person may be employed or engaged as a
volunteer or independent contractor on a conditional basis pending completion of the national check. The Washington personnel resources board shall adopt rules to accomplish the purposes of this subsection as it applies to state employees.

(6)(a) For purposes of facilitating timely access to criminal background information and to reasonably minimize the number of requests made under this section, recognizing that certain health care providers change employment frequently, health care facilities may, upon request from another health care facility, share copies of completed criminal background inquiry information.

(b) Completed criminal background inquiry information may be shared by a willing health care facility only if the following conditions are satisfied: The licensed health care facility sharing the criminal background inquiry information is reasonably known to be the person’s most recent employer, no more than twelve months has elapsed from the date the person was last employed at a licensed health care facility to the date of their current employment application, and the criminal background information is no more than two years old.

(c) If criminal background inquiry information is shared, the health care facility employing the subject of the inquiry must require the applicant to sign a disclosure statement indicating that there has been no conviction or finding as described in RCW 43.43.842 since the completion date of the most recent criminal background inquiry.

(d) Any health care facility that knows or has reason to believe that an applicant has or may have a disqualifying conviction or finding as described in RCW 43.43.842, subsequent to the completion date of their most recent criminal background inquiry, shall be prohibited from relying on the applicant’s previous employer’s criminal background inquiry information. A new criminal background inquiry shall be requested pursuant to RCW 43.43.830 through 43.43.842.

(e) Health care facilities that share criminal background inquiry information shall be immune from any claim of defamation, invasion of privacy, negligence, or any other claim in connection with any dissemination of this information in accordance with this subsection.

(f) Health care facilities shall transmit and receive the criminal background inquiry information in a manner that reasonably protects the subject’s rights to privacy and confidentiality.

(g) For the purposes of this subsection, “health care facility” means a nursing home licensed under chapter 18.51 RCW, a boarding home licensed under chapter 18.20 RCW, or an adult family home licensed under chapter 70.128 RCW.

Sec. 525. RCW 43.20A.710 and 1993 c 210 § 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The secretary shall investigate the conviction records, pending charges or disciplinary board final decisions of:

(a) Persons being considered for state employment in positions directly responsible for the supervision, care, or treatment of children or individuals with mental illness or developmental disabilities; and

(b) Individual providers who are paid by the state for in-home services and hired by individuals with physical disabilities, developmental disabilities, mental illness, or mental impairment, including but not limited to services provided under chapter 74.39A RCW.

(2) The investigation may include an examination of state and national criminal identification data (and the child abuse and neglect register established under chapter 26.44 RCW. The secretary shall provide the results of the state background check on individual providers to the individuals with physical disabilities, developmental disabilities, mental illness, or mental impairment who hired them and to their legal guardians, if any). The secretary shall use the information solely for the purpose of determining the character, suitability, and competence of these applicants (except that in the case of individuals with physical disabilities, developmental disabilities, mental illness, or mental impairment who employ individual providers, the).

(3) The secretary shall provide the results of the state background check on individual providers to the individuals with physical disabilities, developmental disabilities, mental illness, or mental impairment or to their legal guardians, if any, for their determination of the character, suitability, and competence of the applicants. If an individual elects to hire or retain an individual provider after receiving notice from the department that the applicant has a conviction for an offense that would disqualify the applicant from employment with the department, then the secretary may deny payment for any subsequent services rendered by the disqualified individual provider.
Criminal justice agencies shall provide the secretary such information as they may have and that the secretary may require for such purpose. (If necessary, persons may be employed on a conditional basis pending completion of the background investigation.)

**Sec. 526.** RCW 18.52C.010 and 1988 c 243 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:
The legislature intends to protect the public's right to high quality health care by assuring that nursing pools employ, procure or refer competent and qualified (nursing) health care or long-term care personnel, and that such (nursing) personnel are provided to health care facilities, agencies, or individuals in a way to meet the needs of residents and patients.

**Sec. 527.** RCW 18.52C.020 and 1991 c 3 s 130 are each amended to read as follows:
Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of health.
(2) "Health care facility" means a nursing home, hospital, hospice care facility, home health care agency, hospice agency, boarding home, adult family home, group home, or other entity for the delivery of health care or long-term care services, including chore services provided under chapter 74.39A RCW.
(3) "Nursing home" means any nursing home facility licensed pursuant to chapter 18.52 RCW.
(4) "Nursing pool" means any person engaged in the business of providing, procuring, or referring health care or long-term care personnel for temporary employment in health care facilities, such as licensed nurses or practical nurses, (and) nursing assistants, and chore service providers, "Nursing pool" does not include an individual who only engages in providing his or her own services.
(5) "Person" includes an individual, firm, corporation, partnership, or association.

**Sec. 528.** RCW 18.52C.040 and 1991 c 3 s 132 are each amended to read as follows:
(1) The nursing pool shall document that each temporary employee or referred independent contractor provided or referred to health care facilities currently meets the applicable minimum state credentialing requirements.
(2) The nursing pool shall not require, as a condition of employment or referral, that employees or independent contractors of the nursing pool recruit new employees or independent contractors for the nursing pool from among the permanent employees of the health care facility to which the nursing pool employee or independent contractor has been assigned or referred.
(3) The nursing pool shall carry professional and general liability insurance to insure against any loss or damage occurring, whether professional or otherwise, as the result of the negligence of its employees, agents or independent contractors for acts committed in the course of their employment with the nursing pool: PROVIDED, That a nursing pool that only refers self-employed, independent contractors to health care facilities shall carry professional and general liability insurance to cover its own liability as a nursing pool which refers self-employed, independent contractors to health care facilities: AND PROVIDED FURTHER, That it shall require, as a condition of referral, that self-employed, independent contractors carry professional and general liability insurance to insure against loss or damage resulting from their own acts committed in the course of their own employment by a health care facility.
(4) The uniform disciplinary act, chapter 18.130 RCW, shall govern the issuance and denial of registration and the discipline of persons registered under this chapter. The secretary shall be the disciplinary authority under this chapter.
(5) The nursing pool shall conduct a criminal background check on all employees and independent contractors as required under RCW 43.43.842 prior to employment or referral of the employee or independent contractor.

**NEW SECTION. Sec. 529.** A new section is added to chapter 43.43 RCW to read as follows:
If information is released under this chapter by the state of Washington, the state and its employees: (1) Make no representation that the subject of the inquiry has no criminal record or adverse civil or administrative decisions; (2) make no determination that the subject of the inquiry is suitable for involvement with a business or organization; and (3) are not liable for defamation, invasion of privacy, negligence, or any other claim in connection with any lawful dissemination of information.
NEW SECTION. Sec. 530. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
(1).RCW 74.39.030 and 1989 c 427 s 11;
(2).RCW 74.39.040 and 1989 c 427 s 13;
(3).RCW 74.39A.005 and 1993 c 508 s 1; and
(4).RCW 74.39A.008 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 18 s 1.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 531. Part headings and captions used in this act are not part of the law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 532. Section 403 of this act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect immediately."

On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "act;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 70.129.010, 70.129.030, 70.129.110, 70.129.150, 74.39A.030, 74.39A.040, 74.39A.050, 74.39A.060, 70.129.105, 74.42.030, 74.42.450, 43.20B.080, 74.34.010, 74.39A.170, 70.128.175, 9A.42.010, 9A.42.050, 9A.42.020, 9A.42.030, 9A.44.010, 9A.44.050, 9A.44.100, 18.130.200, 43.43.842, 70.124.020, 70.124.040, 70.124.070, 74.34.020, 43.43.832, 43.20A.710, 18.52C.010, 18.52C.020, and 18.52C.040; reenacting and amending RCW 18.130.040; adding a new section to chapter 74.39A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.124 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 74.34 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 18.20 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.20B RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.70 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 18.51 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 9A.42 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 43.43 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 74.39.030, 74.39.040, 74.39A.005, and 74.39A.008; and declaring an emergency."

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House adopted the Conference Committee recommendation on Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850 and advanced the bill to final passage.

POINT OF ORDER

Representative H. Sommers: Mr. Speaker, I request a ruling on Scope and Object on the Senate amendments, particularly section 207, to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850.

SPEAKER’S RULING

The Speaker: Representative Sommers, the Speaker is prepared to rule on your Point of Order which challenges section 207 of the conference committee report to Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850 as being beyond the Scope and Object of the bill.

The title of House Bill No. 1850 is "AN ACT Relating to the long-term care reorganization and standards of care reform act." The title is very broad. HB 1850 amends numerous sections of the RCW’s related to health care issues, adds new sections and chapters to the RCW’s that deal with health care issues; repeals several RCW’s; prescribes penalties; provides effective and expiration dates; and declares an emergency.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850 is a comprehensive bill making extensive changes to current law in order to improve and expand community long-term care options while maintaining standards of care.

Section 101 declares in part that the state’s current fragmented categorical system for administering services to persons with disabilities and the elderly perpetuates difficulty in matching client needs and services to multiple categorical funding sources, and that to meet the significant and growing long-term care needs into the near future, rapid, fundamental changes must take place in the way we finance, organize, and provide long-term care services to the chronically functionally disabled.

Section 207 of the conference report attempts to accomplish this in part by providing enhanced residential care services for up to 180 clients who would otherwise be served in nursing homes or
assisted living. Reimbursement for this care is established at no less than 35% and no greater than 40% of the nursing home rate.

Section 207 of the conference report addresses reforms that include cost-effective options for consumers who would otherwise be placed in higher level nursing home settings. This is rationally related to the original purposes of the bill to establish fundamental reforms including funding sources and financing of care.

The Speaker finds that section 207 of the conference report is not beyond the scope and object of the bill.

Representative H. Sommers, your Point of Order is not well taken.

FINAL PASSAGE OF HOUSE BILL
AS RECOMMENDED BY THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850 as recommended by the Conference Committee.

Representatives Dyer, Cody and Backlund spoke in favor of the passage of the bill.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850 as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 97, Nays - 1, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representative Sommers, H. - 1.

Engrossed Second Substitute House Bill No. 1850, as recommended by the Conference Committee, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted the Second Report of the Conference Committee on SENATE BILL NO. 5034, and has passed the bill as recommended by the Conference Committee, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1850,

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE
Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:  
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1850,  
and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary  

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted:  
SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8417,  
and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Mike O’Connell, Secretary  

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:  
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5740,  
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6061,  
and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Mike O’Connell, Secretary  

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:  
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1011,  
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1118,  
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1303,  
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1418,  
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1565,  
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1730,  
HOUSE BILL NO. 1819,  
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2054,  
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2097,  
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2255,  
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4413,  
and the same are herewith transmitted.  

Mike O’Connell, Secretary  

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House amendment(s) to SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5227, and has passed the bill as amended by the House,  
and the same is herewith transmitted.  

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary  

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:  
SENATE BILL NO. 5034,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5127,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5227,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O’Connell, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:

SENATE BILL NO. 5034,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5127,
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5227

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 26, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted:

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8417,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING

SCR 8417 by Senators McDonald, Loveland, Anderson, Bauer, Benton, Brown, Deccio, Fairley,
Finkbeiner, Franklin, Fraser, Goings, Hale, Hargrove, Haugen, Heavey, Hochstatter,
Horn, Jacobsen, Johnson, Kline, Kohl, Long, McAuliffe, McCaslin, Morton,
Newhouse, Oke, Patterson, Pelz, Prentice, Prince, Rasmussen, Roach, Rossi, Schow,
Sellar, Sheldon, Snyder, Spanel, Stevens, Strannigan, Swanson, Swecker, Thibaudoeau,
West, Winsley, Wojahn, Wood and Zarelli

Renaming the Washington State Library Building as the "Joel Pritchard State Library"

There being no objection, Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8417 was read the first time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8417 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

Representatives Hankins, H. Sommers and Lisk spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8417 was adopted.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has concurred in the House striking amendment(s) adopted as amended 4/27/97 to ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 6094, and has passed the bill as amended by the House,

and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:
The Senate has adopted: SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8418, and the same is herewith transmitted. 

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted: SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8419, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, House Concurrent Resolution No. 4423 was read the first time.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4423, by Representatives Lisk and Chopp

Returning bills to their house of origin.

The resolution was read the second time.

Representative Lisk moved adoption of the resolution and spoke in of it.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4423 was adopted.

There being no objection, House Concurrent Resolution No. 4424 was read the first time.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4424, by Representatives Lisk and Chopp

Notifying the Governor that the legislature will SINE DIE.

The resolution was read the second time.

Representative Lisk moved adoption of the resolution and spoke in of it.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4424 was adopted.

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4672, by Representatives Lisk and Chopp

WHEREAS, The 1997 Regular Session of the Fifty-fifth Legislature is drawing to a close; and WHEREAS, It is necessary to provide for the continuation of the work of the House of Representatives after its adjournment and during the interim periods between legislative sessions; NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Executive Rules Committee is hereby created by this resolution and shall consist of seven members; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Executive Rules Committee may assign subject matters, bills, memorials, and resolutions to authorized committees of the House of Representatives for study during the interim, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives may create special and select committees as may be necessary to carry out the functions, including interim studies, of the House of Representatives in an orderly manner and shall appoint members to such committees with the approval of the Executive Rules Committee; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Executive Rules Committee shall have full authority and direction over the authorization and execution of any personal services contracts or subcontracts that necessitate the expenditure of House appropriations; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That, during the interim, the schedules of and locations for all
meetings of any committee or subcommittee shall be approved by the Executive Rules Committee, and
those committees or subcommittees may conduct hearings and scheduling without a quorum being
present; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That, during the interim, authorized committees have the
power of subpoena, the power to administer oaths, and the power to issue commissions for the
examination of witnesses in accordance with chapter 44.16 RCW if and when specifically authorized by
the Executive Rules Committee for specific purposes and specific subjects; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives shall
complete the work of the 1997 regular session of the Fifty-fifth Legislature during interim periods, and
all details that arise therefrom, including the editing, indexing, and publishing of the journal of the
House of Representatives; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives shall
make the necessary inventory of furnishings, fixtures, and supplies; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives may
approve vouchers of the members of the House of Representatives, covering expenses incurred during
the interim for official business of the Legislature in accordance with policies set by the Executive
Rules Committee, at the per diem rate provided by law and established by the Executive Rules
Committee, for each day or major portion of a day, plus mileage at the rate established by law; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives shall,
during the interim, and as authorized by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, retain or hire any
necessary employees, order necessary supplies, equipment, and printing to enable the House of
Representatives to carry out its work promptly and efficiently, and accept committee reports,
committee bills, prefilled bills, memorials, and resolutions as directed by the Rules of the House of
Representatives and by Joint Rules of the Legislature if any are adopted; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives shall
execute the necessary vouchers upon which warrants are drawn for all legislative expenses and
expenditures of the House of Representatives; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the
Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives may authorize the attendance of members and employees
at conferences and meetings in accordance with the policies adopted by the Executive Rules Committee
and may authorize the expenditure of registration or fees and reimbursement for subsistence and travel
for such purpose; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That members and employees of the Legislature be
reimbursed for expenses incurred in attending conferences and meetings at the rate provided by law and
established by the Executive Rules Committee, plus mileage to and from the conferences and meetings
at the rate established by law, which reimbursement shall be paid on vouchers from any appropriation
made to the House of Representatives for legislative expenses; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That, during the interim, the use of the House Chamber, any
of its committee rooms, or any of the furniture or furnishings in them, is permitted upon such terms
and conditions as the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives shall deem appropriate; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives may
express the sympathy of the House of Representatives by sending flowers and correspondence when the
necessity arises; and
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That this Resolution applies throughout the interim between
sessions of the Fifty-fifth Legislature, as well as any committee assembly.

Representative Lisk moved adoption of the resolution and spoke in favor of it.

House Resolution No. 4672 was adopted.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2069,
and the same are herewith transmitted.

Mike O'Connell, Secretary

RESOLUTION

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 97-4673, by Representatives Lisk and Chopp

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Speaker of the House of Representatives appoint a committee of four members of the House of Representatives to notify the Senate that the House of Representatives is now ready to adjourn Sine Die.

House Resolution No. 4673 was adopted.

The Speaker appointed Representatives Smith, Hankins, Kastama and Lantz to notify the Senate, when instructed, that the House was about to adjourn Sine Die.

The Speaker appointed Representatives Bush, Clements, Wolfe and Gardner to notify the Governor, when instructed, that the House was about to adjourn Sine Die.

MESSAGES FROM THE SENATE

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate concurred in the House amendment(s) to ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 5666, and the Senate failed to pass the bill.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

April 27, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL NO. 6064,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

There being no objection, the House reverted to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING

ESSB 6064 by Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Strannigan and Fraser; by request of Office of Financial Management)

AN ACT Relating to state general obligation bonds and related accounts.

The bill was read the first time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6064 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6064 was advanced to third reading and final passage.

Representatives Sehlin and Ogden spoke in favor of passage of the bill.
The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6064.

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6064, and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 96, Nays - 2, Absent - 0, Excused - 0.


Voting nay: Representatives Dunn and Dunshee - 2.

Engrossed Substitute Senate Bill No. 6064, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, the House reverted to the seventh order of business.

THIRD READING

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201.

Representative Robertson demanded an oral roll call and the demand was sustained.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201 and the bill passed the House by the following vote: Yeas - 66, Nays - 31, Absent - 1, Excused - 0.


Absent: Representative Reams - 1.

Second Substitute House Bill No. 1201, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

There being no objection, House Concurrent Resolution No. 4422 was read the first time.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4422, by Representatives Lisk and Chopp

That the 1997 Regular Session of the Fifty-fifth Legislature adjourn SINE DIE.

The resolution was read the second time.

House Concurrent Resolution No. 4422 was adopted.
MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted: HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4423,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing: HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4423,

The Speaker requested that the committee appointed to notify the Senate that the House was about to adjourn Sine Die do so.

LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS

The Speaker appointed the following members to the Legislative Transportation Committee: Representatives K. Schmidt, Cairnes, Chandler, Fisher, Hankins, Hatfield, Mitchell, Murray, Radcliff, Robertson, Romero and Wood.

The Sergeant-at-Arms announced the arrival of a delegation from the Senate. The Speaker requested that the House’s guests be escorted to the Rostrum where it was his pleasure to introduce Senators Swecker, Jacobson, Brown and Horn. The delegation informed the House that the Senate was about to adjourn Sine Die. The Sergeant-at-Arms escorted the Senators from the chamber.

The Sergeant-at-Arms announced that the House’s delegation had returned from the Senate. The Speaker requested that the delegation be escorted to the Rostrum where the members informed the House that the Senate had received the House’s message.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted: HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4424,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing: HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4422,
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4424,

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4422,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary
Mr. Speaker:

Under the provisions of House Concurrent Resolution 4423, the following House Bills were returned to the House of Representatives:

- SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1005, HOUSE BILL NO. 1012, HOUSE BILL NO. 1013, ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1027, HOUSE BILL NO. 1028, HOUSE BILL NO. 1038, HOUSE BILL NO. 1040, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1043, HOUSE BILL NO. 1046, HOUSE BILL NO. 1051,
- SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1055, HOUSE BILL NO. 1059, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1065, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1072, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1074, HOUSE BILL NO. 1075, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1077,
- ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1079, HOUSE BILL NO. 1082, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1083, HOUSE BILL NO. 1087, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1088, HOUSE BILL NO. 1090, HOUSE BILL NO. 1091, HOUSE BILL NO. 1092, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1093, HOUSE BILL NO. 1097, HOUSE BILL NO. 1103, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1104, HOUSE BILL NO. 1109, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1112, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1113, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1114, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1115, HOUSE BILL NO. 1117, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1121, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1126, ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1127, ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1128, HOUSE BILL NO. 1129, ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1130, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1141, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1158, HOUSE BILL NO. 1165, HOUSE BILL NO. 1168, HOUSE BILL NO. 1172, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1174, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1178, HOUSE BILL NO. 1181, ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1186, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1193, SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1195,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1619,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1622,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1624,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1631,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1648,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1655,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1660,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1672,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1673,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1676,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1680,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1683,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1684,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1685,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1692,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1698,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1709,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1714,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1716,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1721,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1733,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1734,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1740,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1746,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1748,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1750,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1751,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1752,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1756,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1777,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1778,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1781,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1784,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1785,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1786,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1795,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1796,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1800,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1801,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1805,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1810,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1815,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1816,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1823,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1825,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1827,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1829,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1833,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1834,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1835,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1840,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1842,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1845,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1849,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1851,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1859,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1860,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1862,
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1864,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1867,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1872,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1873,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1874,
HOUSE BILL NO. 1881,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 1886,
ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1891,
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SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2062,
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ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2198,
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2217,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2226,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2237,
SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2240,
ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL NO. 2244,
The Speaker requested that the committee appointed to notify the Governor that the Legislature was about to adjourn Sine Die do so.

The Sergeant-at-Arms announced that the House’s delegation had returned from the Governor. The Speaker requested that the delegation be escorted to the Rostrum where the members informed the House that the Governor had received the House’s message.

There being no objection, the House advanced to the eleventh order of business.

MOTION

Representative Lisk moved that the reading of the Journal of the 105th day of the regular session of the Fifty-Fifth Legislature be dispensed with and ordered to stand approved. The motion was carried.

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, the regular session of the Fifty-Fifth Legislature was adjourned Sine Die.

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SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE
Speaker’s Ruling: Scope & Object: 1850-S2.E Senate Amd; Point not 122
ONE HUNDRED-FIFTH DAY, APRIL 27, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE
FIRST DAY

FIRST SPECIAL SESSION

AFTERNOON SESSION

House Chamber, Olympia, Wednesday, September 17, 1997

The House was called to order at 3:30 p.m. by the Speaker. The Clerk called the roll and a quorum was present.

The flag was escorted to the rostrum by a Sergeant at Arms Color Guard, Pages. Prayer was offered by Secretary of State, Ralph Munro.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR

WHEREAS, the Washington State Supreme Court ruled that law enforcement officers in our state need statutory authority to check for outstanding warrants when a person is stopped for a traffic infraction; and

WHEREAS, the safety of citizens and law enforcement officers is of utmost concern and would be severely compromised if warrant checks were not conducted in these situations;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Gary Locke, Governor of the State of Washington, by virtue of the authority vested in me by Article II, Section 12 (Amendment 68) and Article III, Section 7 of the State Constitution, do hereby convene the Washington State Legislature in Special Session in the Capitol at Olympia at 3:30 p.m. on September 17, 1997 for the sole purpose of enacting legislation to grant law enforcement officers authority to check for outstanding warrants when a person is stopped for a traffic infraction.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Seal of the State of Washington to be affixed at Olympia this eighth day of September, A.D., nineteen hundred and ninety-seven.

GARY LOCKE
Governor of Washington

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

September 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted: SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8420,
and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Secretary

There being no objection, the House advanced to the fourth order of business.

INTRODUCTIONS AND FIRST READING
HB 3902 By Representatives Lisk and Appelwick, and Senators McDonald and Synder (Request by Governor Locke.)

Restoring the authority of law enforcement officers to check for outstanding warrants when making traffic infraction stops (Introduced with Senate sponsors).

HCR 4425 by Representatives Lisk and Appelwick

Adjourning the Legislature.

SCR 8420 by Senators McDonald, Snyder, Sellar and Loveland

Limiting the 1997 First Special Session to matters concerning the authority of police officers to conduct criminal background checks.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8420 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

SECOND READING

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8420, by Senators McDonald, Snyder, Sellar and Loveland

Limiting the 1997 First Special Session to matters concerning the authority of police officers to conduct criminal background checks.

The resolution was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the resolution was placed on final adoption.

Representatives Lisk and Appelwick spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 8420 was adopted.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and House Bill No. 3902 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.


Restoring the authority of law enforcement officers to check for outstanding warrants when making traffic infraction stops (Introduced with Senate sponsors).

The bill was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the bill was placed on final passage.

Representatives Lisk, Appelwick, O'Brien, Sheahan, Veloria, Robertson, Cooke and Lantz spoke in favor of the bill.
Representative B. Thomas spoke against the bill.

MOTIONS

On motion by Representative Talcott, Representatives D. Schmidt and Smith were excused. On motion by Representative Kessler, Representatives Costa and Gardner were excused.

The Speaker stated the question before the House to be final passage of House Bill No. 3902.

ROLL CALL

The Clerk called the roll on the final passage of House Bill No. 3902, and the bill passed the House by the following vote:

Yeas - 93, Nays - 1, Excused - 4.


Voting nay: Representative B. Thomas - 1.


House Bill No. 3902, having received the constitutional majority, was declared passed.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

September 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed: SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8420, and the same is herewith transmitted.

Susan Carlson, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing: SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 8420,

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, and House Concurrent Resolution No. 4425 was advanced to second reading and read the second time in full.

HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4425, by Representatives Lisk and Appelwick

Adjourning the Legislature.

The resolution was read the second time.

There being no objection, the rules were suspended, the second reading considered the third and the resolution was placed on final adoption.

Representative Lisk spoke in favor of adoption of the resolution.
House Concurrent Resolution No. 4425 was adopted.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
September 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has passed:
HOUSE BILL NO. 3902,
and the same is herewith transmitted.
Susan Carlson, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:
HOUSE BILL NO. 3902,

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
September 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:
HOUSE BILL NO. 3902,
and the same is herewith transmitted.
Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
September 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The Senate has adopted:
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4425,
and the same is herewith transmitted.
Susan Carlson, Secretary

SIGNED BY THE SPEAKER

The Speaker announced he was signing:
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4425,

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE
September 17, 1997

Mr. Speaker:

The President has signed:
HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO. 4425,
and the same is herewith transmitted.
Susan Carlson, Deputy Secretary

MOTION

On motion by Representative Lisk, reading of the Journal of the First Day of the First Special Session of the Fifty-Fifth Legislature was dispensed with, and it was ordered to stand approved.
On motion by Representative Lisk, the 1997 First Special Session of the Fifty-Fifth Legislature was adjourned Sine Die.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN, Chief Clerk

CLYDE BALLARD, Speaker
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FIRST SPECIAL SESSION
Proclamation by the Governor 1

FIRST DAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1997

JOURNAL OF THE HOUSE